



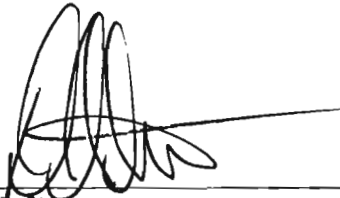
Third Quarter 2001
Groundwater Monitoring Report

Operable Unit 2
Northrop Grumman Corporation,
Bethpage, New York

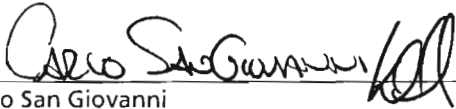
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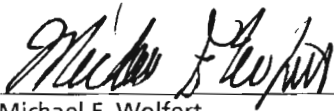
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Third Quarter 2001
Groundwater Monitoring
Report

Operable Unit 2
Northrop Grumman
Corporation,
Bethpage, New York

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1. Introduction

This groundwater monitoring report was prepared as part of the operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) activities for the Operable Unit 2 (OU2) groundwater remedy at the Northrop Grumman Corporation (Northrop Grumman) Bethpage, New York facility. Both the hydraulic (i.e., groundwater elevation measurements) and groundwater quality monitoring activities described in this report are currently being conducted by Northrop Grumman on a voluntary basis in accordance with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC)-approved groundwater monitoring plan (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc., 2001a). The purpose of the monitoring is to evaluate the effectiveness of the OU2 remedy at achieving the remedial goal of preventing the off-site migration of volatile organic compound (VOC)-impacted groundwater. A groundwater Record of Decision (ROD) for the Northrop Grumman and Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant (NWIRP) sites was signed and issued by the NYSDEC on March 29, 2001. In addition to other items, the ROD incorporated the former groundwater Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) into the final ROD remedy for the sites. Upon execution of a Remedial Design/Remedial Action (RD/RA) Consent Order, an OM&M plan will be prepared and submitted to the NYSDEC for review. Following NYSDEC approval of the plan, the specified groundwater monitoring and reporting will be implemented as a required component of the groundwater remedy.

As described in the First Quarter 2001 Groundwater Monitoring Report (ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2001b), this report has a slightly different emphasis from past quarterly reports. The same information will continue to be collected and provided as in past quarterly reports (with the exception of precipitation data). However, the evaluation of the groundwater monitoring data will focus on evaluating short-term changes (i.e., between quarters) rather than providing a detailed analysis and evaluation of data for the entire period of record. The latter will continue to be performed for the annual (i.e., fourth quarter) report.

This report discusses short-term changes in groundwater flow, if any, OU2 system operation, groundwater quality observed during the Third Quarter of 2001 (July to September 2001) and presents a comparison of the Third Quarter data to the results from the previous quarter. As in previous groundwater monitoring reports, this report also includes findings, conclusions, and recommendations for modifications to the current groundwater monitoring program. The conclusions and recommendations made in this report will continue to be re-evaluated in future reports as additional

hydraulic and groundwater quality data become available and recommendations will be incorporated, as appropriate, into the final OM&M Plan.

2. Monitoring Program

Except as described in Section 2.3 (Modifications to the Field Program) of this report, the Third Quarter 2001 groundwater monitoring network (hydraulic and groundwater quality) is consistent with the network listed in the OU2 Groundwater Monitoring Plan (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc. 2001a), which was approved by the NYSDEC. The Northrop Grumman site, the location of the OU2 systems, neighboring properties (i.e., the NWIRP and Occidental Chemical Corporation/RUCO Polymer Corporation sites), and well locations are shown on Figure 1.

The hydrogeologic zones monitored include the shallow zone, the intermediate zone, the deep zone, and the deep2 (D2) zone. These zones were defined and discussed in detail in the groundwater flow modeling report, provided as Appendix B of the Groundwater Feasibility Study (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc. 2000).

Hydraulic and groundwater quality monitoring for the Third Quarter 2001 was conducted from September 18 to October 12, 2001. Appendix A contains water-level measurement logs, Appendix B contains groundwater sampling logs, Appendix C contains chain-of-custody records, and Appendix D contains data validation memoranda for the Third Quarter 2001 monitoring round.

2.1 Hydraulic Monitoring

Field conditions encountered during this monitoring round prevented the measurement of a water level in one well in the hydraulic monitoring network; for additional detail, see Section 2.3 – Modifications to Field Program, of this report.

Water levels were measured to determine the hydraulic effects, both horizontally and vertically, of pumping the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3. The results of the Third Quarter 2001 hydraulic monitoring round are described in Section 4 (Groundwater Flow) of this report.

2.2 Groundwater Quality Monitoring

Field conditions encountered during this monitoring round prevented sampling of two wells in the groundwater quality monitoring network, and additional analytes were

added to the list of analytical parameters for two monitoring wells; for additional detail, see Section 2.3 – Modifications to Field Program, of this report. Section 5 (Groundwater Quality) of this report summarizes the analytical results of groundwater samples collected during the Third Quarter of 2001.

2.3 Modifications to Field Program

The number of wells where water levels were measured and groundwater samples were collected was modified this round, as follows:

- Water-level measurements and groundwater samples cannot currently be obtained from Monitoring Well N-10624 due to silt in the well screen.
- As requested during the August 2001 Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meeting, total cadmium (Cd) and chromium (Cr) were added to the list of analytes for Monitoring Wells GM-37D and GM-37D2 this round to determine the concentration of these constituents south of the Northrop Grumman property.
- Light, non-aqueous-phase liquid (LNAPL) was detected by others in Monitoring Well GM-14 (Figure 1). Therefore, the proposed groundwater samples (for VOCs and semivolatile organic compounds [SVOCs] analyses) were not collected this round.

3. OU2 Operational Monitoring

Northrop Grumman collected water samples from the OU2 remedial wells (GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3), Industrial Supply Well GP-3 and GP-10 and the influent and effluent streams from the two OU2 groundwater treatment systems (i.e., Plants 5 [GP-1] and 5E [ONCT] systems) on a weekly basis during the Third Quarter of 2001. These samples were analyzed by Northrop Grumman's internal laboratory for trichloroethene (TCE) or TCE and vinyl chloride monomer (VCM). TCE or TCE/VCM concentrations for the OU2 remedial wells/industrial supply wells and the OU2 treatment systems during this quarter are provided in Tables 1 and 2, respectively. Section 3.1 (Pumpage) discusses and evaluates the pumpage recorded for the OU2 wells and Industrial Supply Well GP-3. Section 3.2 (Treatment System Operational Data) discusses the results of the weekly operational monitoring by Northrop Grumman for the ONCT and GP-1/3 treatment systems. Section 5 (Groundwater Quality) discusses the results of the weekly operational monitoring collected by Northrop Grumman of the OU2 remedial wells.

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In addition to the samples collected by Northrop Grumman, ARCADIS collected water samples as part of the quarterly monitoring activities from OU2 Remedial Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3, Industrial Well GP-3, and the influent/effluent water streams of Plants 5 and 5E. These samples were analyzed for the full Target Compound List (TCL) for VOCs. Section 5 (Water Quality) of this report discusses the results of the quarterly sampling of the OU2 wells. Section 3.2 (Treatment System Operational Data) discusses the data for the treatment systems. ARCADIS also collected hydraulic (pumping depth to water) measurements and instantaneous pumping rates from OU2 Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3 during each quarterly monitoring round (an instantaneous flow rate cannot currently be measured in Well GP-3; for additional details, see Section 3.1 – Pumpage, of this report).

Collectively, the above data are utilized as follows:

- To determine the volume of impacted groundwater that is pumped and treated by the Plant 5 and Plant 5E treatment systems; these data are also compared to design pumpage.
- To monitor and document the specific capacities of the OU2 remedial wells.
- To calculate the VOC mass removed (in combination with the water quality data) by the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3.
- To monitor and document VOC concentrations in the OU2 systems and wells, and document the performance (efficiency) of the systems in treating the impacted groundwater.

Table 3 summarizes the pumpage from the OU2 wells and Well GP-3, as well as the VOC mass removed this quarter. Details on the rationale and sampling/measurement procedures for OU2 operational monitoring and quarterly monitoring are provided in the 2000 Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc. 2001c).

3.1 Pumpage

The design pumping rates (i.e., remedial well pumping rates, determined by groundwater modeling, that would prevent the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater) of OU2 Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3 are 1,075 gallons per minute (gpm), 1,000 gpm, 600 gpm, and 700 gpm, respectively (Geraghty &

Miller, Inc. 1996), for a total rate of 3,375 gpm. If the wells were pumped continuously at the design rates, this would result in a total of 413.1 million gallons (MG) being pumped over a period of 85 days this quarter (July 3 through September 25, 2001).

The total pumpage and average pumping rate for each OU2 remedial well this quarter were calculated using methods described in previous quarterly reports. Pumpage from Industrial Supply Well GP-3 supplemented the total gallons pumped during this quarter. The number of days each OU2 remedial well was operational out of a possible 85 days (i.e., July 3 to September 25, 2001) during this quarter (pumping records were unavailable for the period from September 25 to September 30, 2001) and their average pumping rates when operational is provided in Table 3. These periods of operation and average pumping rates equate to approximately 517.3 MG pumped by the OU2 remedial wells for the period of record this quarter, or approximately 125 percent of the total design pumpage given above. Industrial Supply Well GP-3 was operational for all of the period of record this quarter and pumped at an average rate of 561 gpm; this equates to 68.7 MG pumped in addition to the quantity pumped by the OU2 remedial wells. Overall, the remedial well design pumping rates described above were exceeded this quarter. It is assumed that the OU2 wells were also operating above the design rates during the five days from which records are currently unavailable (pumping data through July 3, 2001 were provided in the second quarter 2001 report). If the records are found, they will be discussed in a subsequent report.

Table 4 summarizes the performance data collected from the OU2 remedial wells for the Second and Third Quarters of 2001. Based on instantaneous pumping rates and drawdowns measured during the Third Quarter 2001, the specific capacities for the OU2 remedial wells are as follows: GP-1 (27.9 gallons per minute per foot [gpm/ft]); ONCT-1 (38.7 gpm/ft); ONCT-2 (32.9 gpm/ft); and ONCT-3 (34 gpm/ft). For Wells ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3, the specific capacities calculated for this quarter exceed the minimum required for the remedial well pumps to operate in their optimum performance range (Geraghty & Miller, Inc. 1996).

3.2 Treatment System Operational Data

Based on the average influent and effluent TCE concentrations for the ONCT and GP-1 systems (Table 2), treatment system TCE removal efficiencies are 99.9 percent for both systems. Based on the influent and effluent TVOC sample results (Table 10), the removal efficiencies of the ONCT and GP-1 treatment systems are 99.8 percent and 99.5 percent, respectively. Therefore, based on the near-weekly Northrop Grumman

sampling and analysis for TCE and the quarterly sampling by ARCADIS for TVOCs, treatment system removal efficiencies are essentially identical and very high.

Based on the VOC concentrations and pumping totals for the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3, a total of 2,219 pounds (lbs) of VOCs were removed from groundwater and treated by the OU2 treatment systems this quarter (Table 3).

4. Groundwater Flow

This report section presents the results of the groundwater-level measurements collected during the Third Quarter 2001 and evaluates the effectiveness of the OU2 remedial system at achieving the overall goal of preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater. The evaluation of the hydraulic (i.e., groundwater-level measurement) data is performed using methods described in previous quarterly monitoring reports.

The Third Quarter 2001 hydraulic measurement round was conducted on October 12, 2001 while the OU2 remedial system was operating; the wells measured and water-level data obtained are summarized in Table 5. During the measurement round, the instantaneous flow rates at the ONCT wells (currently the only wells where an instantaneous flow rate can be measured) were as follows: 1,135 gpm (ONCT-1); 906 gpm (ONCT-2); and 1,278 gpm (ONCT-3). The average pumping rates for Wells GP-1 and GP-3 on October 12, 2001 were 1,180 gpm and 520 gpm, respectively. Using the water-level data collected, maps showing the water-table configuration and directions of groundwater flow (i.e., the shallow zone) and the potentiometric surface configuration and groundwater flow directions in the intermediate and D2 zones were prepared. These maps illustrate the effect (i.e., hydraulic containment) of the operation of the OU2 groundwater remedy on horizontal groundwater flow patterns. To evaluate the effect of the OU2 groundwater remedy on vertical groundwater flow patterns, vertical hydraulic gradients were calculated using water-level data from shallow/intermediate, intermediate/deep, and deep/D2 monitoring well clusters; vertical hydraulic gradients are presented in Table 6.

4.1 Shallow Zone

The configuration of the water table and horizontal directions of groundwater flow in the shallow zone during the Third Quarter of 2001 are shown on Figure 2. The effects of the OU2 groundwater treatment systems discharges and stormwater runoff (as recharge to the South Recharge Basins and the Plant 5 Recharge Basins) on shallow

groundwater flow during this quarter are described below. In addition, this report section also describes vertical hydraulic gradients measured during this quarter and compares these gradients to the simulated steady-state vertical gradients predicted by the groundwater flow model (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc. 2000) under the scenario where the OU2 remedial wells are preventing the off-site movement of VOC-impacted groundwater (i.e., containment).

As shown on Figure 2, the configuration of the water table on October 12, 2001 shows two areas of groundwater mounding situated on the Northrop Grumman site; one mound is centered on the South Recharge Basins and the other is centered on the Plant 5 Recharge Basins. In the south-central portion of the Northrop Grumman site (i.e., the area between the Plant 5 and South Recharge Basins), the horizontal direction of shallow groundwater flow is generally to the south-southeast.

The maximum elevation of the mounding beneath and around the Plant 5 Basins is greater than 66 feet relative to mean sea level (ft msl). As a result of the mounding the regional south-southeast shallow groundwater flow direction is modified with the horizontal direction of shallow groundwater flow in the vicinity of the Plant 5 Basins being radially to the north, south, west, and east away from the basins. This radial horizontal groundwater flow creates a hydraulic barrier that prevents on-site, VOC-impacted groundwater in this area of the shallow zone from migrating off-site. In addition, the groundwater mounding also increases the vertical hydraulic gradient in the vicinity of the Plant 5 Basins, resulting in a downward vertical component of groundwater flow from the shallow zone to the intermediate zone. Using water-level data from this round, vertical gradients were calculated for the shallow-intermediate monitoring well clusters in the area of the Plant 5 Recharge Basins (GM-16SR/16I and GM-17SR/GM-17I). The vertical gradient at Wells GM-16SR/GM-16I was oriented downward, while the vertical gradient at Wells GM-17SR/GM-17I was slightly upward; the latter is likely an anomalous result, given the historical trend in water levels and vertical gradients during pumping of nearby Wells GP-1 and GP-3 and treated effluent discharge to the Plant 5 Basins, located adjacent to Wells GM-17SR/GM-17I.

As shown on Figure 2, the maximum elevation of the mound beneath and around the South Recharge Basins is greater than 70 ft msl, and the mound extends across most of the width of the southern boundary of the site. Similar to the situation described above for the Plant 5 Basins, the regional shallow groundwater flow direction is modified by the mounding with the result that the horizontal direction of shallow groundwater flow in the vicinity of the South Recharge Basins is radially to the north, south, west, and

east away from the basins, thereby creating a hydraulic barrier that prevents on-site, VOC-impacted groundwater in this area from migrating off-site in the shallow zone. Similar to the Plant 5 Basins, the mounding around the South Recharge Basins also increases the vertical gradient in the vicinity of the basins, resulting in a downward vertical groundwater flow component from the shallow zone to the intermediate zone. Also, similar to the Plant 5 Basins area, water-level data for this round from the shallow-intermediate monitoring well clusters in the area of the South Recharge Basins (GM-15S/GM-15I; GM-18S/GM-18I; GM-19S/GM-19I; GM-21S/GM-21I; and GM-78S/GM-78I [Figure 2 and Table 6]) show that the vertical gradients are oriented downward with the steepest gradient at the well cluster nearest the basins (i.e., GM-21S/GM-21I).

Vertical gradients calculated from groundwater elevation data from clustered monitoring wells that are close to groundwater flow model predictions are a key indication that the OU2 groundwater remedial system, through pumpage from the D2 zone and recharge to the shallow zone, has created an effective hydraulic barrier to off-site groundwater flow. As shown on Table 6, vertical gradients this quarter at the monitoring well clusters located nearest the Plant 5 and South Recharge Basins (i.e., GM-16SR/GM-16I, GM-18S/GM-18I; GM-19S/GM-19I; and GM-21S/GM-21I) are oriented downward and are greater than the gradients predicted by the groundwater flow model. The vertical gradients at Well Clusters GM-15S/GM-15I and GM-78S/GM-78I are also oriented downward and are close to model predictions. These data indicate that there is a strong downward vertical component of groundwater flow in the vicinity of the basins from the shallow zone toward the intermediate zone.

In conclusion, the downward vertical gradients coupled with the radial horizontal flow components near the recharge basins collectively create a hydraulic barrier that prevents on-site, VOC-impacted groundwater from migrating off-site in the shallow zone.

4.2 Intermediate Zone

The analysis and interpretation of groundwater flow (horizontal and vertical) in the intermediate zone during the Third Quarter of 2001 was conducted using the same methods as described in Section 4.1 (Shallow Zone) above. The configuration of the potentiometric surface and horizontal groundwater flow directions in the intermediate zone during this quarter are shown on Figure 3. Table 6 summarizes vertical gradient calculations for intermediate/deep wells.

As shown on Figure 3, the configuration of the potentiometric surface in the intermediate zone is similar to the water-level configuration observed in the shallow zone, with mounding centered beneath the Plant 5 and South Recharge Basins (maximum water-level elevations at the Plant 5 Basins and the South Recharge Basins are both greater than 66 ft msl). This indicates that the OU2 groundwater treatment systems discharges and stormwater runoff (as recharge to these basins) are substantially affecting groundwater flow in the intermediate zone, with the horizontal component of flow nearest the basins oriented radially away from the basins. The resultant vertical gradients in monitoring well clusters near the basins (i.e., GM-15I/GM-15D, GM-17I/GM-17D, GM-20I/GM-20D, and GM-74I/GM-74D) are oriented downward and are greater than model predictions.

Collectively, these data indicate that the hydraulic barrier to groundwater flow extends vertically downward to the intermediate zone and is similar in extent to that observed in the shallow zone, thereby preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the intermediate zone.

4.3 Deep Zone

As stated in previous reports, since groundwater in the deep zone is expected to be flowing in a predominantly vertical (downward) direction in the general vicinity of the OU2 remedial wells/Plant 5 and South Recharge Basins, the analysis of the effectiveness of the OU2 remedial wells at achieving the goals in this zone is conducted using vertical gradient calculations for deep/D2 monitoring well clusters. Table 6 summarizes the vertical hydraulic gradients calculated from data collected from well clusters in the deep/D2 zones during the Third Quarter 2001 round and compares them to model-predicted gradients.

As expected, the vertical gradients in on-site Well Clusters GM-15D/GM-15D2 (east of the South Basins) and GM-74D/GM-74D2 (at the South Basins) are oriented downward and are greater than model predictions. For deep/D2 well clusters located generally south (off-site) of the Northrop Grumman site property boundary, vertical gradients were also calculated based on this round of data and are oriented downward and are greater than the model-predicted gradients.

In conclusion, vertical hydraulic gradients calculated for the Third Quarter 2001 from deep/D2 monitoring well clusters are oriented downward and are greater than steady-state gradients predicted by the groundwater flow model. Furthermore, vertical gradients in well clusters near the Northrop Grumman site boundary indicate that the

mounding of the water table coupled with pumping wells in the D2 zone is forcing on-site groundwater downward toward the pumpage in the D2 zone, and prevents groundwater from flowing off-site in the deep zone.

4.4 D2 Zone

On October 12, 2001, water levels were measured in on- and off-site D2 monitoring wells and OU2 Remedial Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3, which are screened in the D2 zone. Figure 4 depicts the potentiometric surface configuration and horizontal groundwater flow directions in the D2 zone under pumping conditions.

The result of pumping the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3 is the formation of cones of depression (areas of depressed water levels) in the D2 zone centered on each well that coalesce into one large zone of capture that extends along the entire southern property boundary and also extends northwest along the western boundary of the Northrop Grumman site (see Figure 4). Although a water level cannot currently be measured in Well GP-3, it is reasonable to assume that the cone of depression around this well causes the cumulative zone of capture shown on Figure 4 to extend further to the northwest than is currently shown on Figure 4. At its farthest downgradient extent (south of Well ONCT-1) the zone of capture extends approximately 800 ft south of the Northrop Grumman site boundary. Within the zone of capture (upgradient and as far as 800 ft downgradient of the OU2 remedial wells), groundwater flow directions are oriented toward the centers of pumping, indicating that groundwater in this area is fully contained and captured by the OU2 groundwater remedial system. Beyond the downgradient extent of the zone of capture, groundwater continues to flow downgradient until it is influenced by the pumping of nearby public supply wells or continues to flow south-southeast in the direction of regional groundwater flow.

Collectively, the data from the D2 zone indicate that the pumpage of the OU2 remedial wells has created a hydraulic barrier in this zone, thereby preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater across the entire southern boundary of the Northrop Grumman site.

4.5 Summary of Groundwater Flow Conditions

In conclusion, the hydraulic data presented in this quarterly report is similar to data in previous reports and indicate that operation of the OU2 groundwater remedial system has maintained an effective hydraulic barrier throughout the shallow, intermediate,

deep, and D2 zones, which prevents the off-site migration of on-site, VOC-impacted groundwater.

5. Groundwater Quality

The Third Quarter 2001 groundwater sampling round was conducted from September 18 to October 11, 2001. The following subsections of this report describe the distribution of VOCs in the shallow, intermediate, deep, and D2 zones and compare the VOC concentrations to New York State Standards, Criteria, and Guidance Values (SCGs). This round's water quality results are also compared to the results of the previous groundwater monitoring round. The occurrence and distribution of VCM in groundwater is discussed in Section 5.2 (Vinyl Chloride Monomer) of this report.

5.1 Volatile Organic Compounds

The goal of the on-site OU2 groundwater remedy is to capture, remove, and treat groundwater from the on-site portion of the VOC plume and, thereby prevent VOC-impacted groundwater from moving off-site. The operation of the OU2 groundwater remedy will cause the plume to bifurcate into an on-site portion and an off-site portion. As treated groundwater and precipitation continue to recharge the aquifer, a clean zone will develop between the on- and off-site portions of the bifurcated plume, within which VOC impacts will not occur or will be minimal. This clean zone will increase in size as VOC-impacted groundwater downgradient (south) and beyond the capture zone of the OU2 wells continues to migrate through the aquifer in the regional direction of groundwater flow to the south-southeast. The continued growth of this clean zone will be dependant upon maintaining the hydraulic barrier created by the on-site OU2 groundwater remedy, and the rate of growth will largely depend on the regional groundwater velocity, which is generally less than one foot per day in the Magothy aquifer.

Based on the above considerations, groundwater samples collected from wells immediately south (off-site) of the OU2 remedial wells will be the first to show water quality improvement (i.e., a decreasing trend in contaminant concentrations over time) although the improvement, due to the natural slow groundwater velocity, will be slow to occur. Monitoring wells located further downgradient will take a longer time to show an improvement in groundwater quality, as compared to wells immediately south of the OU2 remedial wells, due to the relatively slow groundwater velocity.

VOC-impacted groundwater that migrated off-site prior to the implementation of the OU2 groundwater remedy would have to migrate past off-site monitoring wells before the wells would show groundwater quality improvement related to operation of the OU2 remedial system. Depending on the contaminant concentrations and heterogeneity of the off-site groundwater, monitored water quality in off-site wells may show several trend changes before long-term trends associated with the operation of the OU2 remedial system are revealed.

Depending on the exact location of the well, water quality in on-site wells may increase, decrease, or stay the same over the short to mid-term, but over the long term a general decrease in VOC concentrations will be observed.

The following subsections of this report focus on the on- and off-site detections of VOCs in groundwater samples collected.

5.1.1 VOCs in the Shallow and Intermediate Zones

Groundwater quality data from the shallow and intermediate monitoring wells are summarized in Tables 7 and 8, respectively. The data from the shallow and intermediate wells sampled this quarter confirm that the operation of the OU2 groundwater remedial system has formed an effective hydraulic barrier that prevents the off-site movement of VOC-impacted groundwater in the shallow and intermediate zones. A detailed discussion of the water quality data for the shallow and intermediate zones follows.

Of the 13 shallow wells sampled this quarter, five wells exhibited no VOCs detections, six wells exhibited TVOC concentrations ranging from 0.3 µg/L to 6.2 µg/L with no exceedences of SCGs, and two wells (GM-15S and FW-03) exhibited TVOC concentrations of 8 µg/L and 50.7 µg/L, respectively, and had concentrations exceeding SCGs (Table 7). TCE was the main constituent detected in each well with detectable VOC concentrations. The SCG for TCE (5 µg/L) was exceeded in Wells GM-15S and FW-03; the SCG for tetrachloroethene (PCE) (5 µg/L) was exceeded in Well FW-03. Well FW-03, located over 4,000 ft north and upgradient of the OU2 remedial wells (Figure 1) exhibited the highest TVOC result, as was the case for the previous sampling round. In general, results for other shallow wells sampled this round are essentially the same as last round. Wells N-10631, N-10634, GM-17SR, GM-18S, GM-21S, and MW-3R, which exhibited non-detectable or only trace (i.e., less than 3 µg/L) VOC concentrations this quarter, are located at or downgradient of the South Recharge Basins/Plant 5 Recharge Basins and attest to the effectiveness of

the hydraulic barrier in preventing VOC-impacted groundwater from migrating off-site in the shallow zone.

Fourteen of the fifteen intermediate wells sampled this round exhibited essentially the same or lower TVOC concentrations and VOC compounds detected (i.e., PCE; TCE; 1,1,1-TCA; 1,2-DCE; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-DCA; and Freon 113) as last quarter. Of the fifteen intermediate wells sampled, ten exhibited non-detectable or trace concentrations of VOCs, (i.e., less than 5 µg/L) with no exceedences of SCGs. Wells in which SCGs were exceeded include the following: Well GM-15I, which exhibited a TVOC concentration of 21.6 µg/L; Well GM-16I, which exhibited a TVOC concentration of 26 µg/L; Well GM-23I, which exhibited a TVOC concentration of 20.7 µg/L; Well MW-52S, which exhibited a TVOC concentration of 331 µg/L (VCM is discussed in Section 5.2 [Vinyl Chloride Monomer]); and Well HN-24I, which exhibited a TVOC concentration of 239 µg/L. The TVOC results for four of the five latter wells were similar to or less than the previous round. The TVOC concentration in Well GM-15I was greater than last round. TCE was detected in Wells GM-15I, GM-16I, GM-23I, and HN-24I exceeding the SCG of 5 µg/L. Other VOCs detected in Well HN-24I exceeding their respective SCGs of 5 µg/L included PCE; 1,1,1-TCA; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-DCA; 1,2-DCE (cis/trans); and Freon 113. At the Northrop Grumman southern boundary, Wells GM-17I, GM-18I, GM-20I, GM-21I, GM-74I, and GM-79I exhibited no exceedences of SCGs this quarter. Similar to the shallow zone, intermediate wells with exceedences of SCGs and the highest TVOC concentrations (i.e., Wells GM-15I, GM-16I, MW-52S, and HN-24I) were located upgradient of the OU2 groundwater remedial system and wells with no or few VOC detections were located at or immediately south of the Northrop Grumman southern property boundary, attesting to the effectiveness of the hydraulic barrier in preventing VOC-impacted groundwater from migrating off-site in the intermediate zone.

5.1.2 VOCs in the Deep Zone

Groundwater quality data from deep monitoring wells are summarized in Table 9. In general, the data from the deep wells sampled this quarter supports the conclusion developed for the shallow and intermediate zones and confirms that the OU2 groundwater remedial system forms an effective hydraulic barrier and prevents the off-site movement of VOC-impacted groundwater in the deep zone. A detailed discussion of the water quality data for the deep zone follows.

Of the fifteen deep wells sampled this quarter, five wells exhibited non-detectable or trace (i.e., less than 4 µg/L) concentrations of VOCs with no exceedences of SCGs,

with the other ten wells each exhibiting at least one constituent that exceeded SCGs. Of the ten wells where SCGs were exceeded, seven wells exhibited TVOC concentrations ranging from 14.5 µg/L to 185.2 µg/L. In these seven wells, TCE was the compound that most frequently exceeded the SCG; other VOCs detected less frequently above the SCG include PCE; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-DCA; 1,2-DCE (cis/trans); and Freon 113. The majority of these seven wells are located south of the Northrop Grumman site. In comparison, three monitoring wells had substantially higher TVOC concentrations, as follows: Well GM-13D exhibited a TVOC concentration of 1,689 µg/L (PCE; TCE; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-DCA; 1,2-DCE [total]; and 1,1,1-TCA exceeded SCGs); Well MW-52I exhibited a TVOC concentration of 1,783 µg/L (VCM; 1,2-DCE [cis/trans]; TCE; and PCE exceeded SCGs) (VCM is discussed in Section 5.2 [Vinyl Chloride Monomer]); and Well GM-38D exhibited a TVOC concentration of 827 µg/L (TCE and 1,1-DCE exceeded SCGs).

Nine deep wells sampled this round exhibited essentially the same VOC results and compounds detected exceeding SCGs as last round, while Wells GM-13D, GM-34D, GM-38D, and GM-79D exhibited an increase in VOC concentration and Wells GM-74D and MW-52I exhibited a decrease in VOC concentrations in comparison to last round.

Wells GM-13D and MW-52I are located on the Northrop Grumman site, upgradient of the OU2 system, and Well GM-38D is located in the off-site GM-38 area; these wells have historically exhibited persistent elevated VOC concentrations in the deep zone (see Figure 1). Three of the five wells that exhibited trace or non-detectable VOC concentrations with no SCG exceedences (GM-17D, GM-18D, GM-20D) are located along the Northrop Grumman site boundary, the fourth well (N-10627) is located near (south) of the site, and the fifth well (HN-29D) is located on the NWIRP site. Wells N-10627 and GM-74D, located along or near the Northrop Grumman southern boundary, and Wells GM-36D and GM-37D, located more than 2,000 ft downgradient of the southern boundary of the Northrop Grumman site, exhibited VOC concentrations similar to or less than the previous round.

Collectively, the data indicate stable or decreasing VOC concentrations in the deep zone on and near the site and confirms that the OU2 remedial system has formed an effective hydraulic barrier and prevents the off-site movement of VOC-impacted groundwater in the deep zone. As stated above, continued monitoring of water quality in off-site wells may show several trend changes before a long-term trend associated with OU2 operation is revealed.

Overall, the quarterly monitoring data indicate higher TCE concentrations in comparison to the weekly operational data this round.

Based on the quarterly monitoring data collected by ARCADIS for the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3, the TVOC concentrations in OU2 Remedial Well GP-1 (586 µg/L) has remained essentially the same, while the TVOC concentration in Industrial Well GP-3 (2,304 µg/L) has increased in comparison to the previous round. The TVOC concentration in OU2 Remedial Well ONCT-1 (1,613 µg/L) has slightly increased in comparison to the previous round, while the TVOC concentrations in Wells ONCT-2 and ONCT-3 (211.9 µg/L and 33.5 µg/L, respectively) have remained essentially the same.

Section 3.2 (Treatment System Operational Data) includes an evaluation of OU2 treatment systems efficiencies.

5.1.3.2 Monitoring Wells

Well GM-33D2 (467 µg/L) (TCE and PCE exceeded SCGs), located near Well ONCT-1 exhibited lower VOC concentrations in comparison to the previous round, which appears to indicate that the OU2 groundwater remedial system continues to be effective in reducing VOC concentrations in the D2 zone in the area. Near the site southern boundary, TVOC concentrations in Wells GM-15D2 (31 µg/L) (TCE and PCE exceeded SCGs) and GM-74D2 (3.8 µg/L) (no exceedences) have remained essentially the same as the previous round, while Well GM-73D2 (1,108 µg/L) (TCE and 1,2-DCE [cis/trans] exceeded SCGs) exhibited an increase in TVOC concentrations in comparison to the last round.

Off-site VOC concentrations in the D2 zone ranged from 0.3 µg/L in Well GM-36D2 to 1,515 µg/L in Well GM-38D2 with four of the eight wells exhibiting VOC concentrations essentially the same in comparison to the previous round. The remaining wells, Wells GM-34D2, GM-35D2, GM38D2 and GM-75D2 exhibited an increase in VOC concentrations this round. Similar to last round, TCE was the compound most frequently detected off-site in the D2 zone exceeding the SCG; other VOCs detected less frequently at concentrations exceeding SCGs included PCE; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-DCA; 1,2-DCE (cis/trans); 1,1,1-TCE, and Freon 113.

As stated above, continued monitoring of water quality in off-site wells may show several trend changes before a long-term trend associated with OU2 operation is revealed.

5.2 Vinyl Chloride Monomer

In accordance with the NYSDEC-approved groundwater monitoring plan, groundwater monitoring of the VCM subplume emanating from the RUCO Polymer site (near the NWIRP area – see Figure 1) is performed by sampling Monitoring Wells GM-23S, GM-23I, MW-52S, MW-52I, and MW-52D on a semi-annual basis (twice yearly); other monitoring wells used, in part, as outpost wells to monitor the position of the VCM subplume, are monitored on a quarterly basis and include Wells GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-18S, GM-18I, and GM-18D (these six wells are also sampled to monitor the effectiveness of the OU2 groundwater remedial system). However, VCM is a parameter that is monitored in all wells sampled for VOCs and Section 5.1 (Volatile Organic Compounds) of this report provides a complete discussion of other VOCs detected in the VCM monitoring well network. This section discusses the results of the Third Quarter 2001 monitoring round and compares these results to those of the previous round. Tables 7 through 10 provide the results for VCM concentrations in groundwater for this quarter and the previous round.

VCM was not detected in the shallow zone (Table 7) during this round. VCM was detected in the intermediate zone in Well MW-52S (320 µg/L) above the SCG of 2 µg/L, and was lower than the previous round. In the deep zone, VCM was detected in a single monitoring well (1,700 µg/L in MW-52I) at a concentration exceeding the SCG of 2 µg/L. This result is lower than the previous round. Well cluster MW-52 is located on Northrop Grumman's Plant 12 property, more than 4,000 ft north of OU2 Well GP-1, and has historically exhibited VCM concentrations exceeding the SCG. In the D2 zone, based on the sampling conducted by Northrop Grumman, VCM was detected in Industrial Well GP-3 above the SCG at an average concentration of 7.7 µg/L (10 µg/L in the sample collected by ARCADIS) with concentrations ranging from 4 µg/L to 11.6 µg/L (Table 1). Since Well GP-3 is located substantially further south (downgradient) than monitoring wells that historically exhibited detections of VCM above SCGs, and is deeper than any monitoring well in the network, it is reasonable to conclude that the extent of the VCM subplume is greater than previously defined by RUCO. VCM was not detected in any other D2 zone well (Table 10).

5.3 Tentatively Identified Compounds

For all groundwater samples collected during this round, in addition to the TCL VOCs, the laboratory was asked to perform an analysis and library search to identify and evaluate whether volatile Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) exist in the groundwater samples. TICs detected in groundwater samples collected during the

Third Quarter 2001 round are summarized in Table 11. Overall, two TICs (MTBE and hexane) were identified in Wells GM-23S and HN-42S, respectively, at estimated concentrations of 52 µg/L to 5 µg/L, respectively. Since the laboratory instruments cannot be calibrated to determine exact TIC concentrations (i.e., they are not included in the TCL VOC list), the concentrations should be used for qualitative purposes only.

5.4 Quality Control Samples - VOCs

Based on the analytical results (Table 12) for the Third Quarter 2001 round, low levels of VOCs (e.g., acetone and methylene chloride) were detected. These results were used to validate groundwater sample results for this round. The data validation memoranda are provided in Appendix D.

5.5 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

As stated in Section 2.3 (Modifications to the Field Program), LNAPL was detected by others in Well GM-14, therefore groundwater sampling for SVOC analysis was not conducted this round in this well.

5.6 Cadmium and Chromium

Groundwater monitoring data from shallow and intermediate monitoring wells for the Third Quarter 2001 and the previous round for total cadmium (Cd) and total chromium (Cr) are provided in Table 13. The data were compared to SCGs. The cadmium concentration detected in Monitoring Well MW-3R (25 µg/L) exceeded the SCG of 5 µg/L and has remained essentially the same in comparison to the previous round. Cadmium was detected below the SCG in Monitoring Wells N-10631 (4.4 µg/L) and GM-78S (1.3 µg/L) and was not detected in Wells GM-16SR and GM-78I; concentrations are essentially the same in comparison to the previous round. The chromium concentration in Monitoring Well MW-3R (53.4 µg/L) exceeded the SCG of 50 µg/L and has decreased slightly in comparison to the previous round. Chromium was detected below the SCG in Wells N-10631 (46.4 µg/L) and GM-78S (7.4 µg/L) and was not detected in Wells GM-16SR and GM-78I this round. Chromium concentrations in Wells N-10631 and GM-78I have remained essentially the same in comparison to the results from the previous round. The chromium concentration in Well GM-16SR has slightly decreased, while the concentration in Well GM-78S has increased in comparison to the previous round.

Wells GM-37D and GM-37D2 were sampled for Cd/Cr for the first time this round; Cd/Cr were not detected.

5.7 Quality Control Samples - Cadmium/Chromium

Cadmium/chromium were not detected at significant concentrations in the equipment blank samples collected this quarter (Table 13).

5.8 Data Validation

ARCADIS performed validation of the groundwater quality data (including TICs) collected from monitoring wells by following the contract laboratory program national functional guidelines for organic and inorganic data review (USEPA 1994). The quality of the data is considered acceptable with the appropriate qualifications indicated on Tables 7 through 13. Data validation memoranda are provided in Appendix D.

6. Findings and Conclusions

6.1 OU2 Treatment System

1. Overall a total of 517.3 MG were pumped and treated by the OU2 treatment system during the 85 days of the Third Quarter 2001 for which records were available, which is approximately 125 percent of the total design pumpage. Pumpage of Well GP-3 supplemented the total gallons pumped by an additional 68.7 MG.
2. OU2 remedial wells specific capacities remain above the minimum values required for optimum pump performance.
3. During the Third Quarter 2001, a total of 2,219 lbs of VOCs were removed from the aquifer and treated by the OU2 treatment systems and Industrial Well GP-3. Based on the weekly water quality data collected by Northrop Grumman, the average TVOC concentration in the OU2 wells has decreased this round, with the exception of Well GP-1, where TVOC concentrations increased in comparison to the previous round. Based comparison of the near-weekly sampling by Northrop Grumman for TCE and the quarterly sampling by ARCADIS for TVOCs from the OU2 treatment system influent/effluent, treatment system efficiencies were nearly identical and very high.

6.2 Groundwater Flow

1. Water-level data for the shallow and intermediate zones for this quarter indicate that operation of the OU2 treatment system has maintained the groundwater mounding in the Plant 5 Recharge Basins and the South Recharge Basins areas and overall conditions are consistent with the prior round. Consequently, the hydraulic barrier in the shallow zone has been maintained, and extends to the intermediate zone and prevents VOC-impacted groundwater from migrating off-site in these zones.
2. Downward vertical hydraulic gradients near the Plant 5 Recharge Basins and South Recharge Basins areas remain close to or greater in magnitude than those predicted by the groundwater flow model and result in downward groundwater movement. This indicates that the mounding of the water table coupled with pumpage from the D2 zone is continuing to force on-site groundwater to move downward toward the OU2 remedial wells in the D2 zone, which prevents VOC-impacted groundwater from flowing off-site in the deep zone.
4. The configuration of the potentiometric surface in the D2 zone indicates that the zone of capture, due to pumpage of the OU2 remedial wells, extends across the entire Northrop Grumman southern property boundary and to the northwest toward Well GP-3 and continues to fully control and contain groundwater on-site and more than 800 ft south of the site.

6.3 Groundwater Quality

1. As expected, the analytical results from shallow and intermediate monitoring wells in areas within the VOC plume on the Northrop Grumman and NWIRP sites upgradient of the OU2 treatment system exhibited the highest concentrations of VOCs in these zones. At the southern property boundary and immediately south of it, shallow and intermediate monitoring wells exhibited low or non-detectable concentrations of VOCs. These results confirm the effectiveness of the OU2 treatment system in preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the shallow and intermediate zones.
2. Deep wells along the Northrop Grumman site perimeter exhibit low to non-detectable VOC concentrations. Recharge of water to the Plant 5 Basins and South Recharge Basins, combined with the pumpage of the OU2 remedial wells, forces groundwater downward through the deep zone, which prevents the off-site

migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the deep zone and thereby results in the low to non-detectable VOC concentrations.

3. In the D2 zone, Well GM-33D2, which is the closest well to OU2 Remedial Well ONCT-1, exhibited a continued decrease in TVOC concentration, indicating that the OU2 treatment system continues to be effective in reducing VOC concentrations in the D2 zone in this area. Off-site, VOC concentrations have remained essentially the same or have increased in comparison to the previous round. Continued monitoring of water quality in off-site wells may show several trend changes before a long-term trend associated with the OU2 treatment system operation is revealed.
5. VCM was not detected in the shallow or intermediate zones. Monitoring Wells MW-52S and MW-52I were the only wells in the intermediate and deep zone where VCM was detected; these wells historically have exhibited persistent concentrations of VCM exceeding the SCG and are located more than 4,000 ft north of the northernmost OU2 remedial well (GP-1). Industrial Well GP-3 exhibited the only detection of VCM in the D2 zone; this detection exceeded the SCG, and indicates that the extent of the VCM subplume (horizontal and vertical) is greater than previously defined by RUCO.
6. Groundwater monitoring for VOCs and SVOCs near the Plant 1 Fuel Depot was not conducted this round due to the presence of LNAPL in Well GM-14.
7. Total cadmium (Cd) and chromium (Cr) were detected above SCGs in Well MW-3R. The Cd/Cr concentrations in Wells N-10631 and GM-78S were below SCGs. Total Cd/Cr were not detected in Wells GM-16SR, GM-78I, Well GM-78I, GM-37D, and GM-37D2.

7. Recommendation

Based on the results of the Third Quarter of 2001 groundwater monitoring round, ARCADIS recommends the following:

- Based on the results described in Section 6.3 (Water Quality), further monitoring of Wells GM-37D and GM-37D2 for Cd/Cr is not warranted and therefore should be discontinued.

8. References

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Table 1. Select VOC Concentrations in Water Samples Collected from OU2 Remedial Wells and Industrial Supply Wells, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York. ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Sample Collection Date	Well ID:	OU2 REMEDIAL WELLS					INDUSTRIAL WELLS					
		GP-1		ONCT-1	ONCT-2	ONCT-3	GP-3		GP-10		GP-11	
		Units:	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)
Constituent:	VCM	TCE	TCE	TCE	TCE	VCM	TCE	VCM	TCE	VCM	TCE	
7/11/2001		<0.5	357	1,018	124	13	8.4	1,162	NA	70	NS	NS
7/31/2001		<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	9.1	NA	NA	NA	NS	NS
8/1/2001		<0.5	276	995	103	10	7.7	1,015	NA	64	NS	NS
8/8/2001		<0.5	294	975	100	10	6.0	985	NA	68	NS	NS
8/22/2001		<0.5	NA	672	130	10	6.2	NA	NA	NA	NS	NS
8/29/2001		<0.5	252	877	120	10	7.6	715	NA	77	NS	NS
9/5/2001		<0.5	260	767	70	11	4.0	1,372	NA	79	NS	NS
9/12/2001		<0.5	383	800	106	12	11.6	1,217	NA	67	NS	NS
9/19/2001		<0.5	416	735	95	11	8.5	1,266	NA	73	NS	NS
9/27/2001		<0.5	393	974	128	13	7.6	642	NA	78	NS	NS
Average Concentration:		<0.5	329	868	108	11	7.7	1,047	NA	72	NS	NS

Notes:

- (1) Water samples were collected and analyzed for TCE and VCM by Northrop Grumman; results were not validated.
 (2) Industrial Supply Wells GP-10 and GP-11 are intermittently active on-site.

VOC Volatile Organic Compound
 OU2 Operable Unit 2
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 TCE Trichloroethene
 VCM Vinyl Chloride Monomer
 NS Not sampled; well not operating.
 NA Not Analyzed

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Table 3. Operational Summary of the OU2 Remedial Wells and Industrial Supply Well GP-3, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Identification	Average Pumping Rate ^(a) (gpm)	Total Pumpage (a) (MG)	Design Pumpage (MG)	Percent of Design Pumpage	Average Influent TCE Concentration (ug/L)	Average Influent TVOC Concentration ^(b) (ug/L)	TVOC Mass Removed ^(b) (lbs)
OU2 Wells							
GP-1	1,146	140.2	131.6	107%	329	392	457
ONCT-1	1,031	126.1	122.4	103%	868	877	921
ONCT-2	891	109.0	73.4	148%	108	213	193
ONCT-3	1,159	141.9	85.7	166%	11	21	24
Industrial Supply Well							
GP-3	561	68.7	--	--	1,047	1,090	623
OU2 Well TOTALS:	--	517.3	413.1	125%	--	--	2,219

Notes:

- (a)
- Average pumping rate and total pumpage based on Northrop Grumman records of operation from July 3 to September 25, 2001.
 - All OU2 wells were 100 percent operational from July 3 to September 25 (85 days).
 - Pumping rates accurate to +/-15% due to limitations in flow metering.
- (b)
- TVOC concentration and TVOC mass in each well were estimated from third quarter 2001 groundwater monitoring data which indicated that TCE concentrations were a percentage of the TVOC concentration, as follows: GP-1 (84 percent); ONCT-1 (99 percent); ONCT-2 (51 percent); ONCT-3 (54 percent); and GP-3 (96 percent).
 - TVOC mass total given above includes all OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3.
 - TVOC mass removed during the third quarter 2001 was based on the TCE/TVOC ratios given above and the following formula:

$$\frac{((\text{TCE concentration}) \times (\text{gallons pumped}) \times (3.785 \text{ L/gal}) \times (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ g/ug}) \times (2.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ lb/g}))}{(\text{TCE concentration} / \text{TVOC concentration})}$$

OU2	Operable Unit 2
gpm	gallons per minute
MG	Million Gallons
ug/L	micrograms per liter
lbs	pounds
--	Not Available or Not Applicable
TCE	Trichloroethene
TVOC	Total Volatile Organic Compound
L/gal	Liters per gallon
g/ug	grams per microgram
lb/g	pounds per gram

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Table 4. OU2 Remedial Well Performance Data, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

OU2 Well Identification	Baseline Round Static Depth to Water 5/9/1997 ⁽¹⁾ (ft bmp)	Last Two Water-Level Measurement Dates	Pumping Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Pumping Rate (gpm)	Drawdown (ft)	Specific Capacity ⁽²⁾ (gpm/ft)
ONCT-1	44.12	May 24, 2001	66.33	826	22.21	37.2
		October 12, 2001	73.46	1135	29.34	38.7
ONCT-2	50.15	May 24, 2001	77.05	1045	26.90	38.8
		October 12, 2001	77.66	906	27.51	32.9
ONCT-3	49.13	May 24, 2001	75.54	1024	26.41	38.8
		October 12, 2001	86.77	1278	37.64	34.0
GP-1	55.75	May 24, 2001	96	1150	40.25	28.6
		October 12, 2001	96.5	1135	40.75	27.9

⁽¹⁾ Static depth to groundwater in Well GP-1 was measured on February 27, 2001 while the vertical turbine pump was not in operation.

⁽²⁾ Specific capacity is calculated by dividing the pumping rate by the drawdown.

OU2 Operable Unit 2
 gpm gallons per minute
 ft bmp feet below measuring point
 ft feet
 gpm/ft gallons per minute per foot of drawdown

Table 5. Water-Level Measurement Data, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Designation	Measuring Point Elevation (ft msl)	Depth to Water October 12, 2001 (ft bmp)	Water-Level Elevation October 12, 2001 (ft msl)
Shallow Wells			
N-9921	94.23	35.49	58.74
N-10597	109.85	44.10	65.75
N-10600	102.41	42.41	60.00
N-10631	103.47	41.40	62.07
N-10633	103.80	40.30	63.50
N-10634	101.20	42.61	58.59
N-10821	91.58	38.26	53.32
GM-15S	109.35	47.87	61.48
GM-16SR	115.86	51.02	64.84
GM-17SR	115.79	48.18	67.61
GM-18S	107.60	44.01	63.59
GM-19S	109.86	44.80	65.06
GM-21S	105.81	35.45	70.36
GM-78S	104.94	44.20	60.74
GM-79S (N-10628)	100.88	43.14	57.74
Intermediate Wells			
N-10624*	93.61		--
GM-15I	109.13	47.67	61.46
GM-16I	115.81	51.16	64.65
GM-17I	115.83	48.19	67.64
GM-18I	109.03	45.53	63.50
GM-19I	109.86	45.46	64.40
GM-20I	103.88	38.14	65.74
GM-21I	105.72	38.35	67.37
GM-74I	107.42	39.64	67.78
GM-78I	105.06	44.51	60.55
GM-79I	101.09	43.35	57.74

See notes on last page

Table 5. Water-Level Measurement Data, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Designation	Measuring Point Elevation (ft msl)	Depth to Water October 12, 2001 (ft bmp)	Water-Level Elevation October 12, 2001 (ft msl)
Deep Wells			
N-10627	93.70	35.56	58.14
GM-13D	113.97	50.18	63.79
GM-15D	109.66	50.94	58.72
GM-17D	115.68	52.64	63.04
GM-18D	108.88	48.74	60.14
GM-20D	103.92	40.62	63.30
GM-34D	71.19	17.92	53.27
GM-36D	91.63	38.60	53.03
GM-37D	97.26	42.78	54.48
GM-38D	91.75	41.79	49.96
GM-74D	107.43	48.01	59.42
GM-79D	101.25	44.98	56.27
Deep2 Wells			
GM-15D2	109.59	55.11	54.48
GM-33D2	106.85	53.97	52.88
GM-34D2	71.19	19.82	51.37
GM-35D2	96.28	43.41	52.87
GM-36D2	91.60	41.10	50.50
GM-37D2	97.17	43.54	53.63
GM-38D2	91.56	43.81	47.75
GM-70D2	99.58	44.38	55.20
GM-71D2	98.45	45.42	53.03
GM-73D2	104.62	49.90	54.72
GM-74D2	107.36	57.83	49.53
GM-75D2	93.63	39.09	54.54
OU2 Remedial Wells			
GP-1**	116.78	96.50	20.28
ONCT-1	104.10	73.46	30.64
ONCT-2	110.00	77.66	32.34
ONCT-3	108.70	86.77	21.93

* Water-level measurements collected from Well N-10624 is considered anomalous due to silt in the well screen.

** Water-levels measured by using an airline.

ft msl feet relative to mean sea level

ft bmp below measuring point

OU2 Operable Unit 2

ARCADIS

Table 6. Comparison of Observed Vertical Hydraulic Gradients from the Third Quarter 2001 Groundwater Monitoring Round to Model-Predicted Gradients, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Pairing ID	Measuring Point Elevation (ft msl)	Well Screen Midpoint Elevation (ft msl)	10/12/01 Water-Level Elevation (ft msl)	10/12/01 Vertical Gradient (ft/ft) * 10 ⁻³	Model-Predicted, OU2 Steady-State Vertical Gradient (ft/ft) * 10 ⁻³	Increase Compared to Model-Predicted, Steady-State Vertical Gradient
<i>Shallow-Intermediate Wells</i>						
GM-15S	109.35	34.53	61.48			
GM-15I	109.13	9.29	61.46	0.79	4.20	-3.40
GM-16SR	115.77	66.77	64.84			
GM-16I	115.81	-24.19	64.65	2.09	1.11	0.98
GM-17SR	115.79	50.79	67.61			
GM-17I	115.83	5.83	67.64	-0.67	8.02	-8.69
GM-18S	107.60	42.60	63.59			
GM-18I	109.03	9.03	63.50	2.68	1.78	0.90
GM-19S	109.86	64.36	65.06			
GM-19I	109.86	-25.14	64.40	7.37	2.44	4.93
GM-21S	105.81	40.81	70.36			
GM-21I	105.72	-29.28	67.37	42.66	18.44	24.21
GM-78S	104.94	39.94	60.74			
GM-78I	105.06	5.56	60.55	5.53	8.73	-3.20
GM-79S	100.88	35.88	57.74			
GM-79I	101.09	-73.91	57.74	0.00	0.91	-0.91
<i>Intermediate-Deep Wells</i>						
GM-15I	109.29	9.29	61.46			
GM-15D	109.66	-227.34	58.72	11.58	6.52	5.06
GM-17I	115.83	5.83	67.64			
GM-17D	115.68	-172.32	63.04	25.82	7.86	17.96
GM-20I	103.88	3.88	65.74			
GM-20D	103.92	-117.08	63.30	20.17	18.22	1.95
GM-74I	107.42	8.42	67.78			
GM-74D	107.43	-192.57	59.42	41.59	20.17	21.42
GM-79I	101.09	-73.91	57.74			
GM-79D	101.25	-183.75	56.27	13.38	15.48	-2.09
<i>Deep-Deep 2 Wells</i>						
GM-15D	109.66	-227.34	58.72			
GM-15D2	109.59	-436.41	54.48	20.28	14.19	6.09
GM-34D	71.19	-242.81	53.27			
GM-34D2	71.19	-443.81	51.37	9.45	2.33	7.12
GM-36D	91.63	-117.37	53.03			
GM-36D2	91.60	-443.40	50.50	7.76	2.75	5.01
GM-37D	97.26	-154.74	54.48			
GM-37D2	97.17	-282.83	53.63	6.64	3.88	2.76
GM-38D	91.75	-238.25	49.96			
GM-38D2	91.56	-393.44	47.75	14.24	6.08	8.16
GM-74D	107.43	-192.57	59.42			
GM-74D2	107.36	-444.64	49.53	39.24	28.26	10.98
N-10627	93.70	-198.80	58.14			
GM-75D2	93.63	-421.37	54.54	16.17	2.25	13.93

Vertical hydraulic gradients are calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(\text{Water-Level Elevation}_1 - \text{Water-Level Elevation}_2)}{(\text{Screen Midpoint Elevation}_1 - \text{Screen Midpoint Elevation}_2)}$$

A positive "+" gradient value indicates a downward hydraulic gradient.

A negative "-" gradient value indicates an upward hydraulic gradient.

ft msl feet relative to mean sea level
ft feet

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	10631	10631	10634	10634	FW-03	FW-03
		SAMPLE ID:	N-10631	N-10631	N-10634	N-10634	FW-03	FW-03
		DATE:	05/08/01	09/27/01	05/07/01	10/04/01	05/31/01	10/04/01
Chloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2 J	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	0.6 J	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10	<10	0.5 J	0.7 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	2 J	2 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		0.4 J	0.9 J	<10	<10	28	27
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	22	21
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	3 J	<10
Total VOCs			0.4	0.9	0	0	56.1	50.7

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-15S	GM-15S	GM-16SR	GM-16SR	GM-17SR	GM-17SR
		SAMPLE ID:	15S	GM-15S	GM-16SR	GM-16SR	17SR	GM-17SR
		DATE:	05/02/01	10/08/01	05/08/01	10/03/01	05/02/01	10/02/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		2 J	0.8 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		13	8 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs			15	8.8	0	0	0	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-18S	GM-18S	GM-21S	GM-21S	GM-23S	GM-23S
		SAMPLE ID:	18S	GM-18S	21S	GM-21S	GM-23S	GM-23S
		DATE:	05/30/01	09/28/01	05/30/01	09/27/01	2/15/2001	10/02/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		2 J	3 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	0.3 J	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		0.3 J	<10	<10	<10	< 10	<10
Total VOCs			2.3	3	0	0.3	0	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-78S	GM-78S	HN-40S	HN-40S	HN-42S
		SAMPLE ID:	78S	GM-78S	HN-40S	HN-40S	HN-42S
		DATE:	06/04/01	09/27/01	05/04/01	10/05/01	05/04/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2 J	<0.2	<0.2 J
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	0.5 J	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		1 J	2 J	<10	3 J	<10
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	0.5 J	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		0.4 J	<10	<10	1 J	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	0.9 J	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	0.8 J	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs			1.4	2	0.5	6.2	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	HN-42S	MW-03R	MW-03R
		SAMPLE ID:	HN-42S	MW-3R	MW-3R
		DATE:	10/05/01	05/08/01	09/27/01
Chloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	1 J	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		<10	5 J	1 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	0.4 J	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs			0	6.4	1

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-15I	GM-15I	GM-16I	GM-16I	GM-17I	GM-17I
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	15I 05/01/01	GM-15I 10/08/01	16I 05/01/01	GM-16I 10/03/01	17I 05/02/01	GM-17I 10/02/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	1 J	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		1 J	3 J	2 J	2 J	<10	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	0.6 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		4 J	18	21	18	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	<10	3 J	3 J	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	4 J	3 J	<10	<10
Total VOCs			5	21.6	31	26	0	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

+ Based on Field Logs and Historical Data, it appears that the bottleware for REP3 and GM-20I were switched; the corrected Ids are shown on their respective Site Ids.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-18I	GM-18I	GM-20I+	GM-20I	GM-21I	GM-21I
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	18I 06/04/01	GM-18I 09/28/01	REP3 6/5/2001	GM-20I 10/01/01	21I 05/30/01	GM-21I 10/01/01
Chloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		0.4 J	0.7 J	1 J	0.8 J	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	< 10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs			0.4	0.7	1	0.8	0	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

+ Based on Field Logs and Historical Data, it appears that the bottlenecks for REP3 and GM-20I were switched; the corrected Ids are shown on their respective Site Ids.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-23I	GM-23I	GM-74I	GM-74I	GM-78I	GM-78I
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GM-23I 2/15/2001	GM-23I 10/02/01	74I 06/05/01	GM-74I 10/09/01	78I 06/04/01	GM-78I 09/27/01
Chloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10 J	11 J	3 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	0.6 J	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		0.9 J	0.7 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		6 J	6 J	<10	<10	0.8 J	3 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		3 J	3 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs			9.9	20.7	3	0.6	0.8	3

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

+ Based on Field Logs and Historical Data, it appears that the bottleware for REP3 and GM-20I were switched; the corrected Ids are shown on their respective Site Ids.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-79I	GM-79I	HN-24I	HN-24I	HN-24I**	HN-29I
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	79I 05/07/01	GM-79I 10/11/01	HN-24I 05/31/01	HN-24I 10/04/01	REP2 10/04/01	HN-29I 05/31/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10	<20 J	<10	<10	<10 J
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2 J	<0.2	<0.4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10 J	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<20 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	11 J	10	9 J	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		2 J	2 J	7 J	8 J	7 J	0.9 J
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	<10	11 J	12	12	<10
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	0.6 J	1 J	0.6 J	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<20 J	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	8 J	9 J	8 J	0.7 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10 J	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		3 J	2 J	180	160	150	<10
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	<10	8 J	8 J	7 J	0.9 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	18 J	31	29	0.4 J
Total VOCs			5	4	243.6	239	222.6	2.9

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

+ Based on Field Logs and Historical Data, it appears that the bottleware for REP3 and GM-20I were switched; the corrected Ids are shown on their respective Site Ids.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	HN-29I	HN-40I	HN-40I	HN-42I	HN-42I	MW-52S
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	HN-29I 10/04/01	HN-40I 05/04/01	HN-40I 10/05/01	HN-42I 05/04/01	HN-42I 10/05/01	52S 2/12/2001
Chloromethane	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<50
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2 J	<0.2	<0.2 J	<0.2	470
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<50
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Acetone	50		<10 J	<10	<14	<10	<10	<50 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		0.7 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		0.6 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<50
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Trichloroethene	5		1 J	4 J	4 J	0.9 J	0.9 J	<50
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	0.6 J	1 J	<10	<10	6 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Toluene	5		<10	--	<10	<10	<10	<50
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<50
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	2 J
Total VOCs			2.3	4.6	5	0.9	0.9	478

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

+ Based on Field Logs and Historical Data, it appears that the bottleware for REP3 and GM-20I were switched; the corrected Ids are shown on their respective Site Ids.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL: MW-52S SAMPLE ID: MW-52S DATE: 10/03/01
Chloromethane	5	<40
Bromomethane	5	<40
Vinyl Chloride	2	320
Chloroethane	5	<40
Methylene chloride	5	<40
Acetone	50	<63 J
Carbon disulfide	50	<40
1,1-Dichloroethene	5	<40
1,1-Dichloroethane	5	<40
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5	<40
Chloroform	7	<40
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	<40
2-Butanone	50	<40 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5	<40
Carbon tetrachloride	5	<40
Bromodichloromethane	50	<40
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	<40
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	<40
Trichloroethene	5	<40
Dibromochloromethane	5	<40 J
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	<40 J
Benzene	0.7	<40
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	<40
Bromoform	50	<40
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50	<40 J
2-Hexanone	50	<40 J
Tetrachloroethene	5	8 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5	<40 J
Toluene	5	<40
Chlorobenzene	5	<40
Ethylbenzene	5	<40
Styrene	5	<40
Xylene (total)	5	<40
Freon-113 *	5	3 J
Total VOCs		331

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

+ Based on Field Logs and Historical Data, it appears that the bottleware for REP3 and GM-20I were switched; the corrected Ids are shown on their respective Site Ids.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	10627	10627	GM-13D	GM-13D	GM-15D	GM-15D
		SAMPLE ID:	N-10627	N-10627	13D	GM-13D	15D	GM-15D
		DATE:	06/06/01	10/10/01	06/06/01	10/11/01	04/30/01	10/08/01
Chloromethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<1	<1	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10 J	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Acetone	50		3 J	<10	<50	<50 J	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	83	97	4 J	6 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	64	65	7 J	11
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	<10	200	200	2 J	1 J
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<50	<50	0.7 J	0.6 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10 J	<10	<50 J	<50 J	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	100	130	3 J	4 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		7 J	4 J	330	320	12	10
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10 J	<50	<50	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10 J	<10	<50 J	<50	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<10	<10	650	860	5 J	7 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	0.3 J
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<50	<50	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	14 J	17 J	0.4 J	<10
Total VOCs			10	4	1,441	1,689	34.1	39.9

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-34D	GM-34D	GM-36D	GM-36D	GM-37D	GM-37D
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	34D 05/03/01	GM-34D 10/10/01	36D 06/07/01	GM-36D 09/19/01	37D 06/01/01	GM-37D 09/26/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		5 J	4 J	<10	<10	3 J	3 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		4 J	3 J	<10	<10	7 J	6 J
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		4 J	4 J	<10	0.3 J	<10	<10
Chloroform	7		0.7 J	0.6 J	<10	<10	1 J	1 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	0.6 J	<10	<10	4 J	3 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		110	140	22	16	0.8 J	0.5 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		4 J	5 J	1 J	2 J	2 J	1 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		0.8 J	<10	<10	1 J	0.5 J	<10
Freon-113 *	5		22	28	<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs			150.5	185.2	23	19.3	18.3	14.5

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-38D	GM-38D	GM-74D	GM-74D	GM-79D	GM-79D
		SAMPLE ID:	38D	GM-38D	74D	GM-74D	79D	GM-79D
		DATE:	05/11/01	09/18/01	06/05/01	10/09/01	05/03/01	10/11/01
Chloromethane	5		<50	<50	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10
Bromomethane	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<1	<1	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<50 J	<50	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<50	<50 J	7 J	<10	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		6 J	6 J	0.8 J	<10	1 J	2 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<50	2 J	<10	<10	0.9 J	1 J
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		3 J	<50	1 J	<10	1 J	1 J
Chloroform	7		1 J	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<50	<50	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		4 J	<50	<10	<10	1 J	1 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		660	810	63	35	49	63
Dibromochloromethane	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	0.7		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		1 J	2 J	4 J	2 J	0.4 J	2 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Toluene	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<50	7 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<50	<50	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<50	<50	2 J	0.9 J	0.5 J	0.8 J
Total VOCs			675	827	77.8	37.9	53.8	70.8

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	HN-29D	HN-29D	MW-52I	MW-52I	MW-52D	MW-52D
		SAMPLE ID:	HN-29D	HN-29D	52I	MW-52I	52D	MW-52D
		DATE:	05/31/01	10/04/01	2/12/2001	10/03/01	2/12/2001	10/03/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	1900	1700	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<200	<260	<10	<10
Acetone	50		<10 J	<10 J	<200 J	<1800J	10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<200	<200	10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	0.9 J	0.6 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	2 J	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		<10	<10	36 J	30 J	4 J	5 J
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
2-Butanone	50		<10 J	<10	<200	<200 J	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	5		<10	2 J	45 J	21 J	30	33
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200 J	<10	<10 J
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200 J	<10	<10 J
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<200	<200 J	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<200	<200 J	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		0.2 J	1 J	42 J	32 J	15	20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<200	<200 J	<10	<10 J
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	1 J	<10
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<200	<200	<10	<10
Freon-113 *	5		<10	<10	< 200	<200	< 10	<10
Total VOCs			0.2	3	2,023	1783	52.9	58.6

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in D2 Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-15D2	GM-15D2	GM-33D2	GM-33D2
		SAMPLE ID:	15D2	GM-15DZ	33D2	GM-33D2
		DATE:	04/30/01	10/08/01	06/06/01	09/28/01
Chloromethane	5		<10 J	<10	<50	<40
Bromomethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Vinyl Chloride	2		<0.2	<0.2	<1	<0.8
Chloroethane	5		<10 J	<10	<50	<40
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Acetone	50		<10	<10	36 J	<40 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<10	<50	<40
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		1 J	2 J	<50	<40
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		0.8 J	1 J	<50	2 J
Chloroform	7		<10	<10	<50	<40
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<50 J	<40
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<10	<50	<40
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Trichloroethene	5		13	16	500	450
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Benzene	0.7		<10	<10	<50	<40
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Bromoform	50		<10	<10	<50	<40
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<50	<40
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<50 J	<40
Tetrachloroethene	5		7 J	12	12 J	13 J
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Toluene	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Styrene	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<10	<50	<40
Freon-113 *	5		0.8 J	<10	4 J	2 J
Total VOCs			22.6	31	552	467

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in D2 Wells, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-75D2	GM-75D2**	GP-1	GP-1
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-75D2	REP3	GP-1	GP-1
		DATE:	10/10/01	10/10/01	06/21/01	10/12/01
Chloromethane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Bromomethane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<1	<1
Chloroethane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Methylene chloride	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Acetone	50		<100 J	<100 J	<50	<50
Carbon disulfide	50		<100	<100	<50	<50
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		57 J	55 J	5 J	8 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		6 J	5 J	<50	<50
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		6 J	<100	10 J	10 J
Chloroform	7		<100	<100	<50	<50
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
2-Butanone	50		<100 J	<100 J	<50	<50
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		13 J	12 J	<50	<50
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Bromodichloromethane	50		<100	<100	<50	<50
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Trichloroethene	5		1400	1400	500	490
Dibromochloromethane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Benzene	0.7		<100	<100	<50	<50
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Bromoform	50		<100	<100	<50	<50
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<100	<100	<50	<50
2-Hexanone	50		<100	<100	<50	<50
Tetrachloroethene	5		12 J	8 J	71	71
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Toluene	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Chlorobenzene	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Ethylbenzene	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Styrene	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Xylene (total)	5		<100	<100	<50	<50
Freon-113 *	5		10 J	10 J	9 J	7 J
Total VOCs			1,504	1,490	595	586

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

** Replicate Sample.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

(1) Standards Criteria and Guidance values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000).

Value exceeds associated Standard Criteria and Guidance value.

ARCADIS

Table 11. Concentrations of Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) Detected in Groundwater Samples, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	WELL: SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GM+23S 23S 10/2/2001	HN42S HN42S 10/5/2001
Propane, 2-methoxy-2-methyl- (MTBE)	52JN	--	--
Hexane	--	5JN	

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

J Estimated value.

-- Not Detected.

N TICs are identified based on review of mass spectrometry results via a comprehensive library search of all organic compounds. However calibrations were not run for these constituents, therefore the results should be used for qualitative purposes only.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	SITE:	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK
	SAMPLE ID:	TB091801	TB091901	TB092001	TB092401	TB092601	TB092701
	DATE:	09/18/01	09/19/01	09/20/01	09/24/01	09/26/01	09/27/01
Chloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromomethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride		1 JB	2 JB	0.9 J	1 J	0.8 JB	1 J
Acetone		<10 J	<10 J	4 JB	12 B	3 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone		<10	<10	2 JB	5 JB	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
2-Hexanone		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Toluene		<10	0.1 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Acetate		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
2-Chloroethylvinylether		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Freon 113 *		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs		1	2.1	6.9	18	3.8	1

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.
 ug/L Micrograms per liter.
 J Estimated value.
 EQ Equipment
 B Constituent detected in associated method blank sample.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	SITE: SAMPLE ID: DATE:	TRIP BLANK TB092801 09/28/01	TRIP BLANK TB100101 10/01/01	TRIP BLANK TB100201 10/02/01	TRIP BLANK TB100301 10/03/01	TRIP BLANK TB100401 10/04/01	TRIP BLANK TB100501 10/05/01
Chloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromomethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride		0.8 JB	1 J	4 J	12	1 J	1 J
Acetone		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	22 JB	5 JB	5 JB
Carbon disulfide		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
Benzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10
2-Hexanone		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10
Toluene		<10	<10	<10	0.3 J	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Acetate		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinylether		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Freon 113 *		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs		0.8	1	4	34.3	6	6

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.
 ug/L Micrograms per liter.
 J Estimated value.
 EQ Equipment
 B Constituent detected in associated method blank sample.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	SITE:	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK
	SAMPLE ID:	TB100801	TB100901	TB101001	TB101101	TB101201
	DATE:	10/08/01	10/09/01	10/10/01	10/11/01	10/12/01
Chloromethane		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
Bromomethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride		2 J	0.9 JB	1 J	0.8 J	1 JB
Acetone		10 B	5 JB	8 JB	8 JB	6 JB
Carbon disulfide		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone		2 J	<10	<10	2 J	3 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10	<10	<10	<10	2 J
2-Hexanone		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10	0.7 J
Toluene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Acetate		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinylether		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon 113 *		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs		14	5.9	9	10.8	12.7

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.
 ug/L Micrograms per liter.
 J Estimated value.
 EQ Equipment
 B Constituent detected in associated method blank sample.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	SITE: WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK				
	SAMPLE ID: DATE:	FB092701 09/27/01	FB092801 09/28/01	FB100201 10/02/01	FB100301 10/03/01
Chloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromomethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride		2 J	1 JB	5 J	1 J
Acetone		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride		<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane		<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Benzene		<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform		<10	<10 J	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
2-Hexanone		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Toluene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Acetate		<10	<10 J	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinylether		<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10
Freon 113 *		<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs		2	1	5	1

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.
 ug/L Micrograms per liter.
 J Estimated value.
 EQ Equipment
 B Constituent detected in associated method blank sample.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	SITE: WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK				
	SAMPLE ID: DATE:	FB100401 10/04/01	FB100501 10/05/01	FB100801 10/08/01	FB100901 10/09/01
Chloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Bromomethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Methylene chloride		1 J	1 J	1 J	1 JB
Acetone		6 JB	7 JB	6 JB	6 JB
Carbon disulfide		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Butanone		<10	<10	2 J	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride		<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane		<10	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene		<10	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Bromoform		<10	<10	<10	<10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone		<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene		<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<10	<10	<10	<10
Toluene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene		<10	<10	<10	<10
Xylene (total)		<10	<10	<10	<10
Vinyl Acetate		<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinylether		<10	<10	<10	<10
Freon 113 *		<10	<10	<10	<10
Total VOCs		7	8	9	7

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.
 ug/L Micrograms per liter.
 J Estimated value.
 EQ Equipment
 B Constituent detected in associated method blank sample.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Third Quarter 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	SITE: WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK	
	SAMPLE ID: FB101001	FB101101
	DATE: 10/10/01	10/11/01
Chloromethane	<10	<10
Bromomethane	<10	<10
Vinyl Chloride	<0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	1 J	1 J
Acetone	4 JB	6 JB
Carbon disulfide	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	<10	<10
Chloroform	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	<10	<10
2-Butanone	<10	2 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<10	<10
Carbon tetrachloride	<10	<10
Bromodichloromethane	<10	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	<10	<10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	<10	<10
Dibromochloromethane	<10	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<10	<10
Benzene	<10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<10	<10
Bromoform	<10 J	<10 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<10	<10
Toluene	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	<10	<10
Ethylbenzene	<10	<10
Styrene	<10	<10
Xylene (total)	<10	<10
Vinyl Acetate	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinylether	<10	<10
Freon 113 *	<10	<10
Total VOCs	5	9

VOCs Volatile organic compounds.
 ug/L Micrograms per liter.
 J Estimated value.
 EQ Equipment
 B Constituent detected in associated method blank sample.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Table 13. Total Cadmium and Chromium Detected in Groundwater Samples, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC SCGs (1)	10631 N-10631	10631 N-10631	GM-16SR GM-16SR	GM-16SR GM-16SR	GM-37D GM-37D	GM-37D2 GM-37D2	GM-78S GM-78S	GM-78I GM-78I	GM-78I GM-78I	MW-03R MW-3R	MW-03R MW-3R
DATE:	05/08/01	09/27/01	05/08/01	10/03/01	09/26/01	09/26/01	09/26/01	09/27/01	06/04/01	09/27/01	05/08/01	09/27/01
Cadmium	5	2.5 B	4.4	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	1.3	<0.90	<0.80	27.6	25.0
Chromium	50	50.0	46.4	<1.6	<2.5	<1.1	<1.1	7.4	2.6 B	<3.4	69.7	53.4

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance Values.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

B Detected between the IDL and CRDL.

IDL Instrument detection limit.

CRDL Contract required detection limit.

J Estimated value.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

EQ Equipment.

* Value exceeds associated SCG value.

Replicate sample.

Constituent Detected above CRDL

Table 13. Total Cadmium and Chromium Detected in Groundwater Samples, Second and Third Quarters 2001, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC SCGs ⁽¹⁾	SITE: WATER EQ.BLANK	SAMPLE ID: FB092701	WATER EQ.BLANK FB100301
		DATE: 09/27/01		10/03/01
Cadmium	5	<0.80		<0.80
Chromium	50	1.1		1.8

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance Values.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

B Detected between the IDL and CRDL.

IDL Instrument detection limit.

CRDL Contract required detection limit.

J Estimated value.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

EQ Equipment.

* Value exceeds associated SCG value.

Replicate sample.

Bold Constituent Detected above CRDL



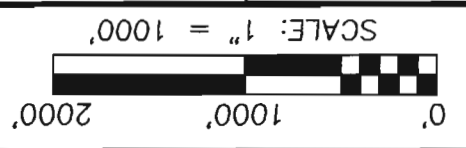
ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER

NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORPORATION
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

SITE PLAN AND OU2 TREATMENT SYSTEMS AND WELL LOCATIONS

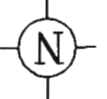
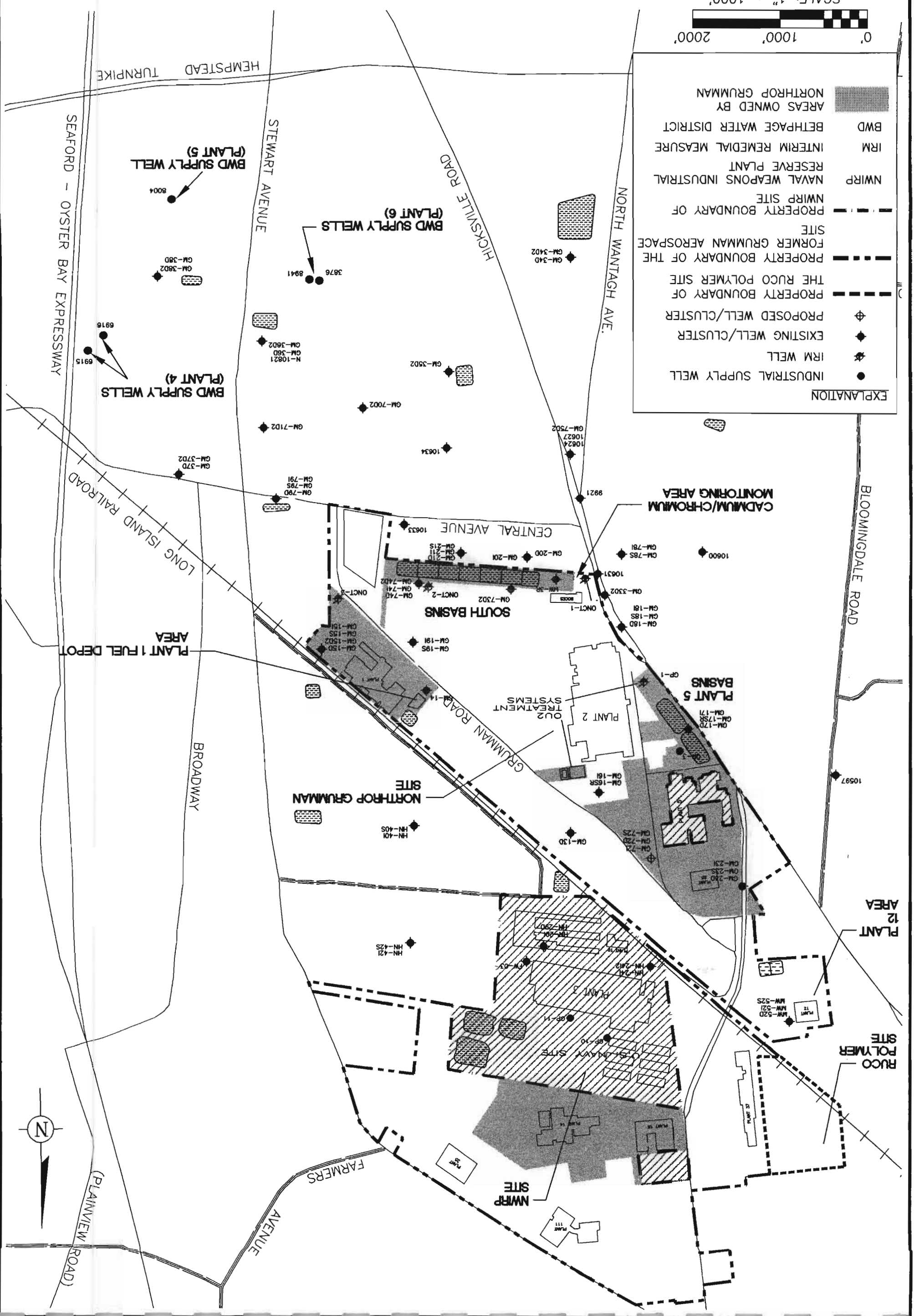
PROJECT NUMBER NY008.0210
LEAD DESIGN PROF. CSB
PROJECT MANAGER CSB
DATE 2/27/01

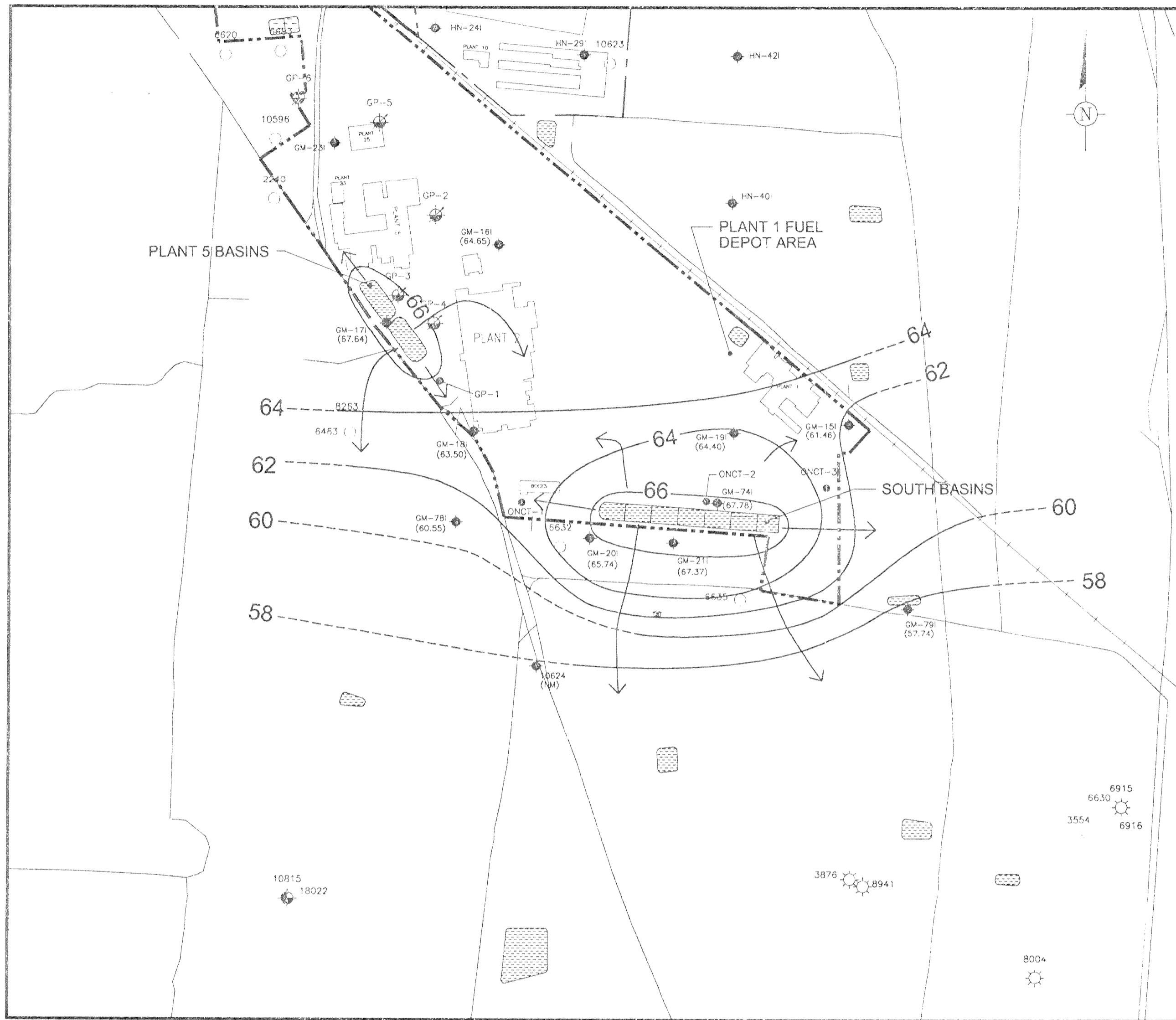
DRAWN A.G.
CHECKED D.S.
DRAWING NUMBER 1



EXPLANATION

●	INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY WELL
◆	IRM WELL
◆	EXISTING WELL/CLUSTER
◆	PROPOSED WELL/CLUSTER
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF THE RUCO POLYMER SITE
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF THE NAVAL WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF NWIRP SITE
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF FORMER GRUMMAN AEROSPACE SITE
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF NWIRP INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT
---	INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE
---	BWD BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT
---	AREAS OWNED BY NORTHROP GRUMMAN





- ### EXPLANATION
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF FORMER GRUMMAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION
 - PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF THE U.S. NAVY SITE
 - RECHARGE BASIN
 - GM-151 (61.46) LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF INTERMEDIATE MONITORING WELL AND WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL
 - 3876 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT PUBLIC SUPPLY WELL (SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY)
 - 9667 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ADDITIONAL WELL
 - GP-15 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF GRUMMAN INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY WELL (SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY)
 - ONCT-1 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ON-SITE OU2 REMEDIAL WELL (SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY)
 - HORIZONTAL COMPONENT OF GROUNDWATER FLOW
 - 62 LINE OF EQUAL WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL (DASHED WHERE APPROXIMATE)
 - OU2 OPERABLE UNIT 2
 - NM NOT MEASURED

- ### NOTES:
1. WELL INVENTORY REVISED BETWEEN AUGUST 4 AND AUGUST 23, 1995. WELL DATA OBTAINED FROM UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, NASSAU COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, NASSAU COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, AND THE NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION.
 2. OU2 WELLS ONCT-1, ONCT-2, ONCT-3, AND GP-1 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE.
 3. BWD WELL 3876 IS SCREENED IN THE DEEP ZONE.
 4. BWD WELLS 6915, 6916, 8004, AND 8941 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE.

0 800 FT

ARCADIS G&M

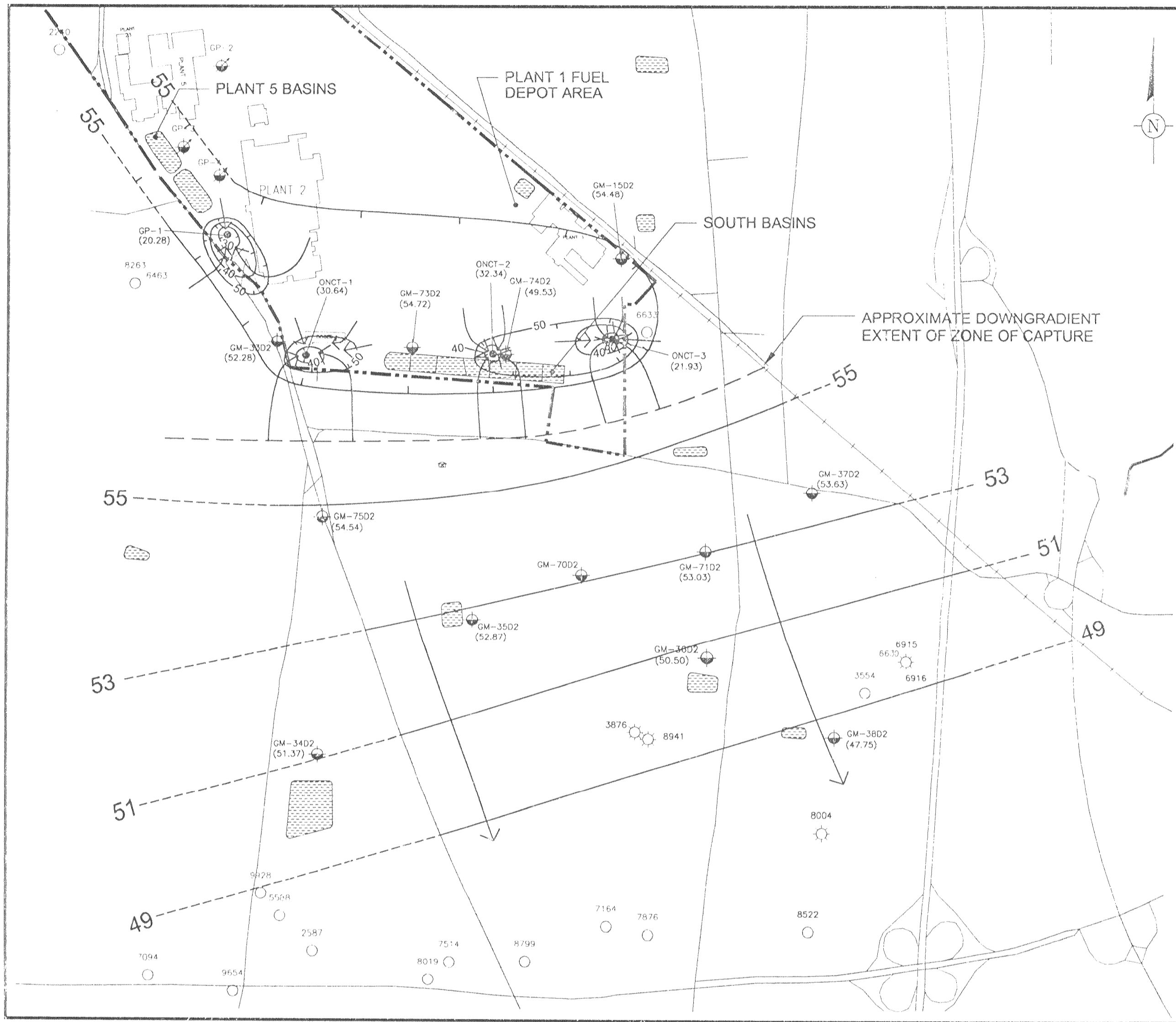
88 Duryea Road
Melville, New York 11747
Tel: 516/249-7600 Fax: 516/249-7610



NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORPORATION
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

DRAWN AG	DATE 1/17/02	PROJECT MANAGER CSG	DEPARTMENT MANAGER MW
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE CONFIGURATION AND HORIZONTAL GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTIONS IN THE INTERMEDIATE ZONE OCTOBER 12, 2001		LEAD DESIGN PROF.	CHECKED DES
		PROJECT NUMBER NY001321.002	DRAWING NUMBER 3

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EXPLANATION

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF FORMER GRUMMAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION
- RECHARGE BASIN
- GM-3602 (50.50) LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF D2 (VERY DEEP) MONITORING WELL AND WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL.
- 3676 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT PUBLIC SUPPLY WELL
- 9667 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ADDITIONAL WELL
- GP-16 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF GRUMMAN PRODUCTION WELL
- ONCT-3 (21.93) LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ON-SITE OU2 REMEDIAL WELL AND WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL
- HORIZONTAL COMPONENT OF GROUNDWATER FLOW
- 52 LINE OF EQUAL WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL (FT. MSL.) (DASHED WHERE APPROXIMATE)
- LINE OF EQUAL WATER LEVEL ELEVATION DENOTING A DECREASE IN POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE ELEVATION IN FT. MSL.
- OU2 OPERABLE UNIT 2
- GPM GALLONS PER MINUTE

NOTES:

1. WELL INVENTORY REVISED BETWEEN AUGUST 4 AND AUGUST 23, 1995; WELL DATA OBTAINED FROM UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, NASSAU COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, NASSAU COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, AND THE NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION.
2. OU2 REMEDIAL WELLS GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, AND ONCT-3 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE AND WERE PUMPING AT 1,180 GPM, 1,135 GPM, 906 GPM, AND 1,278 GPM, RESPECTIVELY AT THE TIME OF MEASUREMENT.
3. BWD WELL 3876 IS SCREENED IN THE DEEP ZONE.
4. BWD WELLS 6915, 6916, 8004, AND 8941 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE.
5. INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY WELL GP-3 IS SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE AND WAS PUMPING AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 577 GPM DURING THE THIRD QUARTER OF 2001.

0 800 FT

ARCADIS G&M



88 Duryea Road
Melville, New York 11747
Tel: 516/249-7600 Fax: 516/249-7610

NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORPORATION
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

DRAWN
AG

DATE
1/17/02

PROJECT MANAGER
CGS

DEPARTMENT MANAGER
MW

POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE CONFIGURATION
AND HORIZONTAL GROUNDWATER
FLOW DIRECTIONS IN THE D2 ZONE
OCTOBER 12, 2001

LEAD DESIGN PROF.

CHECKED
DES

PROJECT NUMBER

DRAWING NUMBER

NY001321.002

4

FILE: G:\PROJECT\GRUMMAN\CAD\GRUMMAN\DEEP_TO_ZOUI.DWG, DATE: 02/17/2002 09:35:00am

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Appendix A

Water-Level Measurement Logs

Water Level/Pumping Test Record

Project NY001321.0001.00002 Well _____ Site GRUMMAN

Screen Setting _____ Measuring Point Description T.O.C. Height Above Ground Surface _____

Static Water Level _____ Measured With M SCOPE Date/Time 10/2/01

Drawdown Start of Test _____ Pumping Well _____

Recovery End of Test _____

Distance From Well Measured To Pumping Well _____ Discharge Rate _____ Orifice _____

Date & Time	Well Or (brins)	Head (ft)	Wet (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Spec. Cond. (1)	Dew. 1) Corr. (ft)	Art. 2) s' (ft)	Q (gpm)	Mano- meter (ft)	Remarks 3)
	GM-74E			39.64						
	GM-74D			48.01						
	GM-74TE			57.83						
	ONCT-2			77.66				906		
	GM-73D2			49.90						
	MW-3R			37.10						
	ONCT-1			73.46				1135		
	GM-18D			48.74						
	GM-18E			45.53						
	GP-1			96.50				1180		
	GM-17D			52.64						
	GM-17I			48.19	?					
	GM-17SR			48.18	?					
	GP-3			—				520		
	GM-13D			50.18						
	ONCT-3			86.77				1278		
	GM-15D			50.94						
	GM-15D2			56.11						
	GM-15S			47.87						
	GM-15I			47.67						
	GM-19S			44.80						
	GM-19I			45.46						
	GM-16R			51.02						
	GM-16I			51.16						
	GM-34D2			19.82						
	GM-34D			17.92						

1) Dewatering Correction

2) Equivalent Artesian Drawdown

3) pH, Spec. Cond., Temp., Weather, Sand, Turbidity, etc.

Water Level/Pumping Test Record

Project N001321.0001.00002 Well _____ Site GRUNMAN

Screen Setting _____ Measuring Point Description T.O.C. Height Above Ground Surface _____

Static Water Level _____ Measured With M SCOPE Date/Time 12 OCT 20

Drawdown Start of Test _____ Pumping Well _____

Recovery End of Test _____

Distance From Well Measured To Pumping Well Discharge Rate _____ Orifice _____

Date & Time	Well ID (ft/min)	Head (ft)	Wet (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Static (ft)	Dew. 1) Corr. (ft)	Art. 2) s' (ft)	Q (gpm)	Mano- meter (in)	Remarks 3)
	N-10121			35.56						
	GM-75D2			39.09						
	GM-35D2			43.41						
	N-10134			42.6						
	GM-71D2			45.42						
	GM-37D			42.78						
	GM-37D2			43.54						
	GM-38D			41.79						
	GM-38D2			43.81						
	GM-36D2			41.10						
	GM-36D			38.60						
	N-10821			38.26						
	GM-70D2			44.38						
	GM-71I			43.35						
	GM-71D			44.98						
	GM-71S			43.14						
	N-10133			40.30 40.30 (NS)						
	GM-21S			35.45						
	GM-21I			38.35						
	GM-20I			38.14						
	GM-20D			40.62						
	N-10131			41.40						
	GM-33D2			53.97						
	GM-18S			44.01						
	N-10597			44.10						
	N-9921			35.49						

1) Dewatering Correction

2) Equivalent Artesian Drawdown

3) pH, Spec. Cond., Temp., Weather, Sand, Turbidity, etc.

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Appendix B

Groundwater Sampling Logs

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. N4001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 18 SEP 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-38D2 Replicate No. Code No.
 Weather 70° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 0950 End 1155

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) ~~475~~ 495.00'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) PACER 45.21 / 472.00'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 23.00'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 14.95
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45.00
 Sample Pump Intake Pressure Setting (ft bmp) 220 PSI
 Purge Time begin 0950 end 1200
 Pumping Rate (gpm) 450 mL/min
 Evacuation Method DED BLADDER PUMP

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2U	3V
Color				colorless
Odor				odorless
Appearance				clear
pH (s.u.)	5.93	5.51	5.71	5.71
Conductivity (mS/cm)	126.8	758	746	760
(µmhos/cm)				
Turbidity (NTU)				<50
Temperature (°C)	68°F	64.7°F	64.2°F	62.7°F
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>5 GAL PAILS: IIII IIII</u>			

SPLIT W/ H2M

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

SEE COC

BILL WEST FROM BND STOPPED BY

Sampling Personnel MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-3/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	µmhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.000002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 18 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-38D Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 75° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1230 End 1425

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 340'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 317'
 Packer _____
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 23'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 15
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
 Sample Pump Intake Pressure Setting (ft bmp) 145 PSI
 Purge Time begin 1230 end 1430
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method DED. BLADDER

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				colorless
Odor				odorless
Appearance				clear
pH (s.u.)	6.74	6.50	6.78	6.60
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(umhos/cm)	966	964	973	983
Turbidity (NTU)				17.7
Temperature (°C)	66.5°F	69.5°F	70.8°F	71.3°F
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks				

5 GAL. PAILS: III IIII
SPLIT w/ HZM

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

SEE COC

NTU 41.90

Sampling Personnel

MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	umhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. N4001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 19 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-36D Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 75° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1140 End 1340

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 214'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 202'
PACKER
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 12'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 7.8 (~8)
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 24
 Sample Pump Intake PACKER
 Setting (ft bmp) PRESSURE 110 PSI
 Purge Time begin 1140 end 1340
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method DED BLADDER PUMP

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				
Odor				
Appearance				
pH (s.u.)	<u>7.55</u>	<u>7.20</u>	<u>7.19</u>	<u>7.26</u>
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	<u>914</u>	<u>922</u>	<u>893</u>	<u>922</u>
Turbidity (NTU)				<u>16.3</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>70.2°F</u>	<u>69.2°F</u>	<u>70.1°F</u>	<u>71.7°F</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>5 GAL PAILS: NI</u>			
	<u>SPLIT W/ HZM</u>			

Constituents Sampled

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>			
<u>DTW: 38.34'</u>			

Sampling Personnel

MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp below measuring point ml milliliter NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
 °C Degrees Celsius mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter PVC Polyvinyl chloride
 ft feet msl mean sea-level s.u. Standard units
 gpm Gallons per minute NA Not Applicable µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
 mg/L Milligrams per liter NR Not Recorded VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. N4001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 20 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-71D2 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 70° CLOUDY Sampling Time: Begin 0900 End 10:40

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point _____	Color _____				colorless
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor _____				odorless
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance _____				clear
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>464'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>7.44</u>	<u>6.49</u>	<u>6.64</u>	<u>6.44</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>464'</u> <u>442'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)	<u>931</u>	<u>908</u>	<u>962</u>	<u>946</u>
PACKER	(µmhos/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) <u>442'</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>6.2</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>22'</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>68.3°F</u>	<u>67.5°F</u>	<u>69.7°F</u>	<u>68.7°F</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4"</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons in Well <u>15</u>	Salinity (%) _____				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>45</u>	Sampling Method _____				
Sample Pump Intake <u>PACKER</u>	Remarks _____				
Setting (ft bmp) <u>PRESSURE 230 PSI</u>	<u>5 GAL PAILS: III IIII</u>				
Purge Time begin <u>0900</u> end <u>1040</u>	<u>SPLIT w/ H2M</u>				
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____					
Evacuation Method <u>DED BLADDER PUMP</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>DTW 45.61'</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS

Well Casing Volumes					
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65	
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47	

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. N1001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location DETHPAGE, NY Date 24 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-70D2 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 75° CLOUDY Sampling Time: Begin 1130 End 1315

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 330'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 308'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 22'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 14.3
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft-bmp) 150 PSI
 PURGE PRESSURE _____
 Purge Time begin 1130 end 1315
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method DED BLADDER PUMP

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				colorless
Odor				colorless
Appearance				clear
pH (s.u.)	6.57	6.28	6.45	6.36
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	891	957	907	944
Turbidity (NTU)				17.2
Temperature (°C)	79.3°F	75.8°F	75.3°F	75.4°F
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>5 GAL PAILS: III, IIII</u>			

SPLIT W/ H2M

Constituents Sampled

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>DTW 44.40'</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel

MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUNMAN Project No. N4001521.0001.0000⁴ Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 24 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-35D2 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 70° CLOUDY Sampling Time: Begin 0900 End 1055

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 530'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 507'
 PACKER
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 23'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 15
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) 225 PSI
 PACKER PRESSURE
 Purge Time begin 0900 end 1055
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method DED BLADDER PUMP

Field Parameters

Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Color			colorless	
Odor			odorless	
Appearance			clear	
pH (s.u.)	6.60	6.47	6.14	6.32
Conductivity (mS/cm)	1006	987	1033	1055
(umhos/cm)				
Turbidity (NTU)				12.7
Temperature (°C)	81.7°F	79.4°F	76.2°F	76.3°F
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	5 GAL PAILS: III III			

SPLIT w/ HZM

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
SEE C.O.C.			
DTW 44.07'			

Sampler Personnel

MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321-0001-00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 26 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-3712 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 70° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1200 End 1540

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) 390'
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 367'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) _____
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 23'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 15
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) 180 PSI
 PACKER PRESSURE Purge Time begin 1200 end 1540
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method DED. BLADDER PUMP

Field Parameters

Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				colorless
Odor				odorless
Appearance				clear
pH (s.u.)	6.30	6.46	6.40	6.43
Conductivity (mS/cm)	215	197	195	195
(µmhos/cm)				
Turbidity (NTU)	44.6	7.8	4.4	4.4
Temperature (°C)	13.6°C	17.2°C	17.6	17.2
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				

Remarks

5 GAL PAILS: ~~III~~ IIII
SPLIT W/ HZM

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

SEE C.O.C.

DTW: 43.82'

Sampling Personnel

MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft. 1-1/4" = 0.06 2" = 0.16 3" = 0.37 4" = 0.65
 1-1/2" = 0.09 2-1/2" = 0.26 3-1/2" = 0.50 6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	µmhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 26 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-37D Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 65° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 0915 End 1200

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V
Measuring Point _____	Color _____			colorless
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor _____			odorless
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance _____			clear
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>212'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>8.52</u>	<u>6.91</u>	<u>6.64</u> <u>6.24</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>240'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)			
PACKER	(µmhos/cm)	<u>196</u>	<u>212</u>	<u>208</u> <u>207</u>
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	Turbidity (NTU)		<u>28</u>	<u>2.4</u> <u>2.7</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>22'</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>14.6°C</u>	<u>14.9°C</u>	<u>15.6°C</u> <u>15.8°C</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4"</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) _____			
Gallons in Well <u>15</u>	Salinity (%) _____			
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>45</u>	Sampling Method _____			
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Remarks _____			
PACKER PRESSURE <u>110 PSI</u>	<u>5 GAL PAILS: N/A</u>			
Purge Time begin <u>0915</u> end <u>1200</u>	<u>SPLIT W/ HZM</u>			
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____				
Evacuation Method <u>DED BLANDER PUMP</u>				

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.L.</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>STW: 42.76'</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY1001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 27 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. N-10631 Replicate No. ~~_____~~ Code No. _____
 Weather 70P P. CLOUDY Sampling Time: Begin 1335 End 1420

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point T.O.C.
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 67'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 110.96
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 26
 Casing Diameter/Type 2"
 Gallons in Well 5
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 15 20
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 1400 end 1420
 Pumping Rate (gpm) 1.5 gpm
 Evacuation Method red. flow sub.

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V	4V
Color				brown	
Odor				slight	
Appearance				clear	
pH (s.u.)	7.06	7.18	7.06	7.04	6.97
Conductivity (mS/cm)					
(µmhos/cm)	254	195.4	174.3	169.9	169
Turbidity (NTU)	—	—	90	70	21
Temperature (°C)	16.7	16.2	16.4	16.3	16.2
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)					
Salinity (%)	1400	1403	1407	1410	1413
TIME					
Sampling Method					
Remarks					

Constituents Sampled

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE COC.</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS, GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.00008 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 27 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. MW-3R Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 70° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1140 End 1205

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2v	3v	4v
Measuring Point _____	Color _____				colorless	
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor _____				colorless	
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance _____				clear	
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>55'</u>	pH (s.u.) <u>7.47</u>	<u>7.21</u>	<u>7.05</u>	<u>7.01</u>	<u>12.93</u>	
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>37.00'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm) _____					
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm) <u>122</u>	<u>119.8</u>	<u>118.2</u>	<u>118.8</u>	<u>118.9</u>	
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>18'</u>	Turbidity (NTU) _____		<u>110</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>10</u>	
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2"</u>	Temperature (°C) <u>14.9</u>	<u>14.2</u>	<u>14.4</u>	<u>14.4</u>	<u>14.4</u>	
Gallons in Well <u>3 gal</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) _____					
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>15.8 gal</u>	Salinity (‰) _____	<u>11.47</u>	<u>11.50</u>	<u>11.53</u>	<u>11.56</u>	<u>11.59</u>
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	TIME _____					
Purge Time begin <u>1147</u> end <u>1205</u>	Sampling Method <u>3 well vol</u>					
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>1 GPM</u>	Remarks _____					
Evacuation Method <u>multi-flow sub.</u>						

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	<u>5V 1202</u>		
	<u>pH 6.96</u>		
	<u>(unboxed) COND 118.5</u>		
	<u>TURB 7.5</u>		
	<u>TEMP 14.4</u>		
Sampling Personnel <u>MS, GW</u>			

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location _____ Date 27 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-215 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 70° P. CLOUDY Sampling Time: Begin 1230 End 1300

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point _____	Color			colorless	
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor			odorless	
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance			clear	
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>67'</u>	pH (s.u.)	7.33	7.01	7.16	7.17
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>34.90'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	111.4	110.6	110.1	109.7
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>32.1</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2" (.16)</u>	Temperature (°C)	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9
Gallons in Well <u>5.1</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>16</u>	Salinity (%)	1247	1250	1254	1257
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	TIME				
Purge Time begin <u>1247</u> end <u>1300</u>	Sampling Method				
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>1.5 GPM</u>	Remarks				
Evacuation Method <u>ndi -flo sub.</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE LOC.</u>			

Sampling Personnel MS GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-¼" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-½" = 0.09	2-½" = 0.26	3-½" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 28 SEPT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-18S Replicate No. NS/MSD Code No. _____
 Weather 60° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1240 End 1305

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point	Color				
MP Elevation (ft)	Odor				
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	Appearance				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)	pH (s.u.)	6.75	7.43	7.18	7.02
Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft)	(µmhos/cm)	209	173.8	165.6	164.7
Water Column in Well (ft)	Turbidity (NTU)				11
Casing Diameter/Type	Temperature (°C)	17.5	17.5	17.7	17.6
Gallons in Well	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling	TIME Salinity (%)	1250	1263	1267	1301
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)	Sampling Method				
Purge Time	Remarks				
Pumping Rate (gpm)					
Evacuation Method					

begin 1250 end 1305
 $Q = 1 \text{ gpm}; T = 3.5 \text{ min}$

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>			

Sampling Personnel MS, GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.0000 page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 28 SEPT 01
 Site/Well No. GM-181 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 65° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1410 End 1510

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point _____	Color _____				
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor _____				
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance _____				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>105'</u>	pH (s.u.) <u>7.14</u>	<u>6.97</u>	<u>6.88</u>	<u>6.91</u>	
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>94'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm) _____				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm) <u>114.7</u>	<u>110.4</u>	<u>114.5</u>	<u>113.1</u>	
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>11'</u>	Turbidity (NTU) _____				<u>5.8</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4"</u>	Temperature (°C) <u>18.6</u>	<u>17.5</u>	<u>16.6</u>	<u>17.2</u>	
Gallons in Well <u>7.2</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) _____				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>22</u>	Salinity (%) _____				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Sampling Method _____				
<u>PACKER PRESSURE</u> <u>90 PSI</u>	Remarks _____				
Purge Time begin <u>1410</u> end <u>1510</u>	<u>5 GAL PAILS: 1111 1/2</u>				
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____	<u>DTW: 49.31'</u>				
Evacuation Method <u>ded. bladder pump</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS, GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001-00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 1 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-21I Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 50° RAINY Sampling Time: Begin 0915 End 1040

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point <u>TOC</u>	Color			<u>colorless</u>	
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor			<u>odorless</u>	
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance			<u>clear</u>	
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>140'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>8.00</u>	<u>9.59</u>	<u>9.85</u>	<u>10.07</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>129'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	<u>134.7</u>	<u>237</u>	<u>154.2</u>	<u>148.4</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>11'</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>9.7</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4"</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>15.8</u>	<u>15.5</u>	<u>14.8</u>	<u>15.3</u>
Gallons in Well <u>7.2</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>22</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake <u>PACKER</u>	Sampling Method <u>PUMP DISCHARGE</u>				
Setting (ft bmp) <u>PRESSURE</u>	Remarks				
Purge Time begin <u>0930</u> end <u>1040</u>					
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____					
Evacuation Method <u>DED. BLADDER PUMP</u>					
					<u>5 GAL PAILS: 111 1/2</u>

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>			
<u>DTW: 37.96'</u>			
Sampling Personnel <u>M.S.</u>			

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. N4001321.0001.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 1 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-20 I Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 60° RAINY Sampling Time: Begin 1155 End 1310

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point <u>TOC</u>	Color				<u>colorless</u>
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor				<u>odorless</u>
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance				<u>clear</u>
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>105'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>10.81</u>	<u>10.96</u>	<u>11.41</u>	<u>11.54</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>94'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(umhos/cm)	<u>221</u>	<u>348</u>	<u>389</u>	<u>414</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>11'</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>13</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4"</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>16.5</u>	<u>15.2</u>	<u>15.2</u>	<u>15.2</u>
Gallons in Well <u>7.2</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>22</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake <u>PACKER</u>	Sampling Method				
Setting (ft bmp) <u>PRESSURE 70 70 PSI</u>	Remarks				<u>5 GAL PAILS: IIII 1/2</u>
Purge Time begin <u>1200</u> end <u>1310</u>					
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____					
Evacuation Method <u>DED BLADDER PUMP</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>DTW 37.66</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4"	2"	3"	4"
	0.06	0.16	0.37	0.65
	0.09	0.26	0.50	1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project STUMMAN Project No. N400321.D001.00007 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location _____ Date 1 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-20D Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 60P RAINY Sampling Time: Begin 1320 End 1445

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 226'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 215'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 11
 Casing Diameter/Type 7.2
 Gallons in Well 7.2
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling ~~11.5~~ 22
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) 105 PSI
 Purge Time begin 1325 end 1440
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method DOD BLADDER PUMP

Field Parameters

Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Color			colorless	
Odor			odorless	
Appearance			clear	
pH (s.u.)	10.36	10.01	9.92	9.87
Conductivity (mS/cm)	120.6			
(µmhos/cm)	120	1147	1039	1023
Turbidity (NTU)				1.1
Temperature (°C)	16.2	13.8	13.2	13.1
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>5 GAL PAILS: III 1/2</u>			

Constituents Sampled

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>DTW 40.25</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel

MS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 2 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-23 I Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 70° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1400 End 1530

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point <u>TOC</u>	Color			<u>colorless</u>	
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor			<u>odorless</u>	
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance			<u>clear</u>	
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>120'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>5.58</u>	<u>5.16</u>	<u>5.06</u>	<u>5.10</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>109'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) <u>█</u>	(µmhos/cm)	<u>273</u>	<u>273</u>	<u>278</u>	<u>261</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>11</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>0.95</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4"</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>21.5</u>	<u>22</u>
Gallons in Well <u>7.2</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>22</u>	Salinity (%)				<u>1</u>
Sample Pump Intake <u>PACKER</u>	Sampling Method	_____			
Setting (ft bmp) <u>PRESSURE 70 PSI</u>	Remarks	_____			
Purge Time begin <u>1430</u> end <u>1530</u>	<u>5 GAL PAILS: 1111 1/2</u>	_____			
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____	<u>DTW: 53.03'</u>	_____			
Evacuation Method <u>DEDICATED GLADDER</u>	<u>CRA TOOK BIO/GEO SAMPLES</u>	_____			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE COC</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 2 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-17SR Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 60° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 0900 End 1020

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 70'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 47.70
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) 22.3'
 Water Column in Well (ft) 41"
 Casing Diameter/Type 15
 Gallons in Well _____
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 0925 end 1015
 Pumping Rate (gpm) Q = 1 gpm; T = 15 min
 Evacuation Method Redi flo sub.

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V
Color			colorless	
Odor			odorless	
Appearance			clear	
pH (s.u.)	6.98	6.61	6.74	6.37
Conductivity (mS/cm)	222	227	229	230
(µmhos/cm)				
Turbidity (NTU)				1.1
Temperature (°C)		19	20.5	20.5
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (‰)	0.25	0.39	0.55	1.010
TIME				
Sampling Method				

Remarks

~~CR~~ CRA TOOK BIO/GEO SAMPLES AFTER AGM SAMPLING

Constituents Sampled

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SPE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER
Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NY001321.0001 Task: 0000Z Well ID: MW-52D
 Date: 3 OCT 2001 Sampled By: MS GN
 Sampling Time: 1420 Recorded By: MS
 Weather: 70° SUNNY Coded Replicate No.: _____

WELL INFORMATION

Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: low flow bladder
 Casing Diameter: 2" Purge Rate: 500 ml/min
 Total Depth: _____ Total Volume Purged: 7 gal
 Depth to Water: 59.91 Pump Intake Depth _____
 Water Column: _____ Pump on: 1315 Off: 1430
 Gallons/Foot: _____ Parameters Sampled: _____
 Gallons in Well: _____

FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

Time	Rate ml./min)	Gallons Purged	Turbidity (NTUs)	REDOX (mV)	pH (SI Units)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	Temp (°C)	Depth to Water	Diss. Oxygen	Comments
13:15	520		65.3	+263	5.82	245.1	19.08	59.91	3.80	
13:20			74.9	+264	5.75	244.3	18.55		2.03	
13:25			29.2	+265	5.40	236.0	17.01	59.91	0.71	
13:30			56.4	+244	5.65	228.2	17.15		0.75	
13:35			7000	+225	5.77	231.7	17.18		1.35	
13:40			7000	+260	5.16	255.5	16.86		2.74	
13:45			+1000	+263	5.12	253.6	17.11		2.78	
13:50			+1000	+274	5.14	251.9	17.04		3.14	
13:55			+1000	+276	5.12	251.2	16.85		2.87	
14:00			+1000	+274	5.08	251.8	16.68		3.07	
14:05			+1000	+283	5.06	250.1	16.73		3.31	
14:10			+1000	+285	5.06	247.9	16.77		3.72	
14:15			+1000	+287	5.03	244.4	16.71		3.21	
14:20		7	+1000	+289	5.06	243.1	16.52	59.90	3.48	

Well Secure: _____ Purge Water Disposal: → DPW sewer
 Color: colorless Turbidity(qualitative): turbid
odorless

Water Sampling Log

Project NORTH GRAMMA Project No. NJ001321.0001.0002 Page 1 of
 Site Location BETHPAGE NY Date 10-3-01
 Site/Well No. 6M-16SR Replicate No. Code No.
 Weather CLEAR 75° Sampling Time: Begin 9:45 End

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point
 MP Elevation (ft)
 Land Surface Elevation (ft)
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 70.00
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 50.92
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) 9
 Water Column in Well (ft) 19.08
 Casing Diameter/Type 4 (0.65)
 Gallons in Well 12.50
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 38
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)
 Purge Time begin 9:58 end
 Pumping Rate (gpm)
 Evacuation Method

Field Parameters

Field Parameters	I	10	20	31
Color				<u>Colorless</u>
Odor				<u>None</u>
Appearance				<u>Clear</u>
pH (s.u.)	<u>6.93</u>	<u>6.70</u>	<u>6.70</u>	<u>6.75</u>
Conductivity (µmhos/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	<u>124.1</u>	<u>126.8</u>	<u>132</u>	<u>134.0</u>
Turbidity (NTU)			<u>5.9</u>	<u>3.0</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>19.3</u>	<u>20.2</u>	<u>18.2</u>	<u>18.2</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	<u>9.58</u>	<u>10.10</u>	<u>10.22</u>	<u>10.86</u>
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>Q=1 T=38 V=12</u>			

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project NORTHERN GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321-0001-0000 Page 2 of 1
 Site Location BISHOPVILLE NY Date 9-10-3-01
 Site/Well No. GM-16E Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather CLEAR 75° Sampling Time: Begin 8:15 End 9:30

Evacuation Data

Field Parameters	1	2	3
Color			COLORED
Odor			NONE
Appearance			CLEAR
pH (s.u.)	7.83	7.60	7.50
Conductivity (mS/cm)			
(µmhos/cm)	283	307	314
Turbidity (NTU)			26
Temperature (°C)	17.0	16.9	17.2
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
Salinity (%)			
Sampling Method	DEDICATED BLADDER PUMP		
Remarks	5 GAL PAILS 111 1/2		

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 145.00
 Depth to ^{PACKER}water (ft bmp) 134.00
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) 1
 Water Column in Well (ft) 11.00
 Casing Diameter/Type 4 (0.45)
 Gallons in Well 7.15
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 22
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) 90
 Purge Time begin 8:30 end 9:25
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method _____

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE COL</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel G. WILKINS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.0000 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 4 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. N-10634 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 75° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1500 End 1540

Evacuation Data		Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point	<u>TOC</u>	Color			<u>colorless</u>	
MP Elevation (ft)	_____	Odor			<u>odorless</u>	
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	_____	Appearance			<u>slightly turb</u>	
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)	<u>67</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>6.45</u>	<u>5.77</u>	<u>5.61</u>	<u>5.56</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp)	<u>42.44</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft)	_____	(µmhos/cm)	<u>115</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>120</u>
Water Column in Well (ft)	_____	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>26</u>
Casing Diameter/Type	<u>2" (0.16)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>17.5</u>	<u>17.5</u>	<u>18.0</u>	<u>17.5</u>
Gallons in Well	<u>4</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling	<u>12</u>	Salinity (‰) TIME	<u>1522</u>	<u>1526</u>	<u>1530</u>	<u>1534</u>
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)	<u>62'</u>	Sampling Method	_____			
Purge Time	begin <u>1522</u> end <u>1536</u>	Remarks	_____			
Pumping Rate (gpm)	<u>Q = 1 gpm T = 12</u>	_____	_____			
Evacuation Method	<u>Redi flow</u>	_____	_____			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	<u>→ DPW sewer</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-¼" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-½" = 0.09	2-½" = 0.26	3-½" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 4 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. FW-03 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 65° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 0845 End 0910

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V	4V	5V
Measuring Point _____	Color _____				colorless		
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor _____				odorless		
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance _____				clear		
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>64'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>7.86</u>	<u>7.75</u>	<u>7.64</u>	<u>7.62</u>	<u>7.60</u>	<u>7.61</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>60.28</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)						
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	<u>240</u>	<u>230</u>	<u>246</u>	<u>239</u>	<u>249</u>	<u>244</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>3.72</u>	Turbidity (NTU)						<u>150</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2" (.16)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>17.8</u>	<u>17.8</u>	<u>17.4</u>	<u>17.4</u>	<u>17.4</u>	<u>17.6</u>
Gallons in Well <u>.6</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)						
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>3</u>	Salinity (‰) TIME	<u>9:01</u>	<u>9:02</u>	<u>9:03</u>	<u>0904</u>	<u>0905</u>	<u>0907</u>
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Sampling Method _____						
Purge Time begin <u>0900</u> end <u>0910</u>	Remarks _____						
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>Q=0.6 gpm T=1</u>							
Evacuation Method _____							

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS, GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. N4001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 5 Oct 2001
 Site/Well No. HN-~~425~~ 425 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 65° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1115 End 1146

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point <u>TOC</u>	Color			colorless	
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor			odorless	
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance			clear	
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>60'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>7.41</u>	<u>6.75</u>	<u>6.50</u>	<u>6.40</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>55.38'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	<u>175</u>	<u>185</u>	<u>185</u>	<u>185</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>4.6</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>8.5</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" (0.65)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>18.0</u>	<u>18.0</u>	<u>17.5</u>	<u>18.0</u>
Gallons in Well <u>3</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>9</u>	Salinity (%)	<u>1123</u>	<u>1129</u>	<u>1135</u>	<u>1141</u>
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>59'</u>	TIME				
Purge Time begin <u>1123</u> end <u>1143</u>	Sampling Method				
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>Q = 1/2 gpm T = 6 min</u>	Remarks				
Evacuation Method <u>rod's flow</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.D.C</u>	<u>→ DPW Sewer</u>		
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel MS, GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 5 OCT 2001
 Site/Well No. HN-405 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 70° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1200 End 1250

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 59
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 52.62
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 6.5
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (0.65)
 Gallons in Well 4 gal
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 12
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) Q = 1/2 gpm ; T = 8
 Purge Time begin 1214 end 1240
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method ndi flow

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				
Odor				
Appearance				
pH (s.u.)	<u>6.36</u>	<u>5.90</u>	<u>5.81</u>	<u>5.75</u>
Conductivity (mS/cm)	<u>90</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>95</u>
(µmhos/cm)				
Turbidity (NTU)				<u>4.4</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>18.5</u>	<u>19.0</u>	<u>18.5</u>	<u>19.0</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%) TIME	<u>1214</u>	<u>1222</u>	<u>1230</u>	<u>1238</u>
Sampling Method	_____			
Remarks	_____			

Constituents Sampled

SEE C.O.C.

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Sampling Personnel

MS, GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp** below measuring point ml milliliter NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C** Degrees Celsius mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft** feet msl mean sea-level s.u. Standard units
- gpm** Gallons per minute N/A Not Applicable µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L** Milligrams per liter NR Not Recorded VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. NY001321.0001.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 8 Oct 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-325 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 50° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 09:20 End _____

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point T.O.C.
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 50.71
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 44.66
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) ~~6.05~~
 Water Column in Well (ft) 6.05
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (0.65)
 Gallons in Well 4 gal
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 12
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) Q=1 gpm T=4 min
 Purge Time begin 0953 end 1010
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method _____

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V
Color			colorless	
Odor			odorless	
Appearance			clear	
pH (s.u.)	6.73	6.41	6.35	6.35
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	260	270	255	260
Turbidity (NTU)				
Temperature (°C)	14.5	14.5	14.0	15.5
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)	0.953	0.958	1.002	1.006
TIME				
Sampling Method				
Remarks				

Constituents Sampled

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>SVE INF/REF AIR SAMPLES TAKEN</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel

MS GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	µmhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project N001321.0001.00002 | GRUMMAN Project No. _____ Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 8 Oct 2001
 Site/Well No. GM-15S Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 50° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1600 End 1640

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point <u>T.O.C.</u>	Color				<u>colorless</u>
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor				<u>odorless</u>
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance				<u>clear</u>
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>80'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>4.97</u>	<u>5.15</u>	<u>5.11</u>	<u>5.05</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>47.79</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) <u>33</u>	(µmhos/cm)	<u>290</u>	<u>305</u>	<u>305</u>	<u>305</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>33</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>4.8</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" (0.65)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>16.0</u>	<u>16.5</u>	<u>16.0</u>	<u>16.0</u>
Gallons in Well <u>22</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>66</u>	Salinity (‰)	<u>1600</u>	<u>1611</u>	<u>1622</u>	<u>1633</u>
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>2 75'</u>	TIME				
Purge Time begin <u>1600</u> end <u>1635</u>	Sampling Method				
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>Q=2 gpm; T=11</u>	Remarks				
Evacuation Method <u>2" Redi'flo</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>SEE C.O.C.</u>			

Sampling Personnel MS GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-¼" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-½" = 0.09	2-½" = 0.26	3-½" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER
Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NY001321.0001 Task: 0000Z Well ID: GM-73 DZ
 Date: 9 OCT 2001 Sampled By: MS GW
 Sampling Time: 1515 Recorded By: MS
 Weather: 60° SUNNY Coded Replicate No.: _____

WELL INFORMATION

Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: low flow bladder
 Casing Diameter: 4" Purge Rate: 450 ml/min
 Total Depth: 552 Total Volume Purged: 12 gal
 Depth to Water: 50.75 Pump Intake Depth: 542
 Water Column: _____ Pump on: 1400 Off: 1520
 Gallons/Foot: _____ Parameters Sampled: SEE C.O.C.
 Gallons in Well: _____

FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

Time	Rate ml./min)	Gallons Purged	Turbidity (NTUs)	REDOX (mV)	pH (SI Units)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	Temp (°C)	Depth to Water	Diss. Oxygen	Comments
1400	450			233	5.78	105	17.5	50.75	4.7	
1405				223	5.79	100	17.5	—	1.2	
1410				229	5.63	95	17.5	50.84	0.6	
1415				229	5.63	95	17.5	50.84	0.4	DTW 50.79
1420				226	5.61	95	17.5	—	0.4	
1425				216	5.65	95	17.5	50.76	0.5	
1430				195	5.45	100	17.5	—	1.9	
1435				194	5.37	110	17.5	50.75	2.8	
1440				203	5.21	105	17.5	—	3.2	
1445				214	5.14	106	17.5	50.75	3.6	
1450				222	5.08	110	17.5	—	3.6	
1455				226	5.16	105	17.5	—	3.9	
1500			150	227	5.09	105	17.5	50.75	3.9	
1505			130	227	5.11	105	17.0	—	3.9	
1510			120	224	5.11	105	17.5	—	3.8	
1515		12	130	227	5.15	105	17.5	50.75	4.1	

Well Secure: _____ Purge Water Disposal: → DPW Sewer
 Color: colorless; odorless Turbidity(qualitative): turbid

ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER
Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NY001321.0001 Task: 00002 Well ID: GM-13D
 Date: 11 OCT 2001 Sampled By: MS KS
 Sampling Time: 0935 Recorded By: MS
 Weather: 60° SUNNY Coded Replicate No.: _____

WELL INFORMATION

Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: low flow ded bladder
 Casing Diameter: 4" Purge Rate: 450
 Total Depth: 210 Total Volume Purged: 7 gal
 Depth to Water: 50.78 Pump Intake Depth: _____
 Water Column: _____ Pump on: 0830 Off: 0940
 Gallons/Foot: _____ Parameters Sampled: SEE C.O.C.
 Gallons in Well: _____

FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

Time	Rate ml/min	Gallons Purged	Turbidity (NTUs)	REDOX (mV)	pH (SI Units)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	Temp (°C)	Depth to Water	Diss. Oxygen	Comments
0835	450			154	6.51	80	16.5	50.78	4.9	
0840				207	5.92	85	16.5	—	3.4	
0845				216	5.74	90	16.5	50.77	2.2	
0850				223	5.67	90	16.0	—	0.8	
0855				227	5.63	90	16.5	50.79	0.7	
0900				232	5.59	90	16.0	—	0.6	→ 0.6
0905				234	5.58	90	16.0	50.83	0.6	
0910				236	5.57	90	16.0	—	0.5	
0915				237	5.57	90	16.0	50.78	0.4	
0920				240	5.57	90	16.0	—	0.4	
0925				241	5.58	90	16.0	50.79	0.4	
0930				241	5.57	90	16.0	—	0.4	
0935	↙	7 gal	2.3	242	5.56	90	16.0	50.81	0.4	

Well Secure: _____
 Color: colorless colorless
 PID 15.9

Purge Water Disposal: → DPW sewer
 Turbidity(qualitative): clear

ARCADIS

Appendix C

Chain Of Custody Records



ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

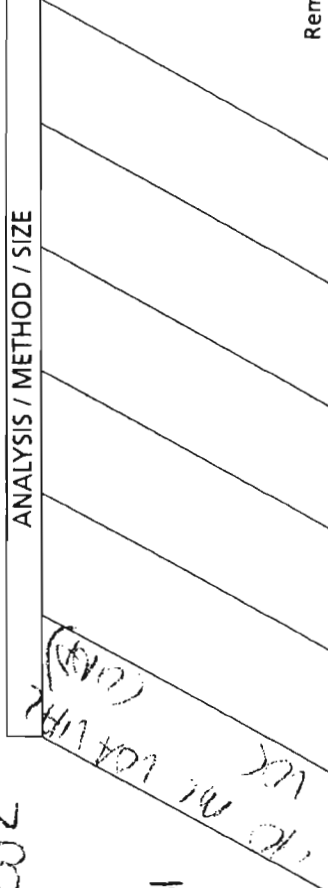
Project Number/Name NY1001321.0001.0000Z

Project Location BETHPAGE, NY

Laboratory NY1001321

Project Manager CARLO SAN GIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation MS, GW



Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE	Remarks	Total
TR101201	L	10/12/01	Z			2
GP1/5 INF			6*			6*
CNT OFF			Z			Z
SP1/3 OFF			Z			Z
CNT 3			Z			Z
GP-3			Z			Z
CNT INF			Z			Z
GP-1			Z			Z
CNT 2			Z			Z
REP 4 (= GP1/3 INF)			Z			Z
CNT 1			Z			Z
Total No. of Bottles/Containers						26

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: M. J. Sullivan Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 10/12/01 Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: FILE USB GP1/3 INF AS MS/MSD GAFAC
REPORT TO DAVE STERN

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other _____

SPECIFY _____ SPECIFY _____



ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page _____ of _____

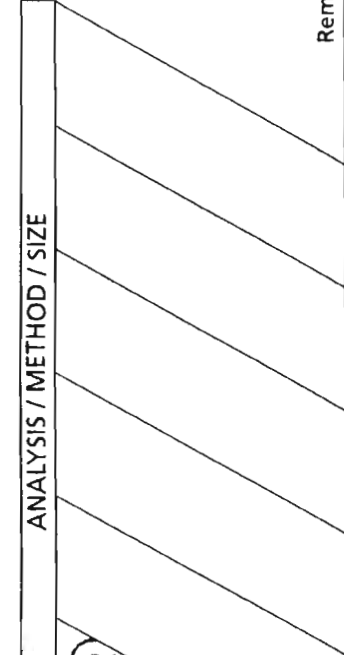
Project Number/Name N1001321.0001.00002 GUMLIFAN

Project Location DEERIDGE, NY

Laboratory ELICIT

Project Manager DAVID SAN GIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation MS, GW



Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
FB100901	L	10/09/01			2
TS100901	L				2
GM-74I	L				2
GM 74D	L				2
GM 74D2	L				2
GM-73D2	L				2
Total No. of Bottles/Containers					12

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: Michael J. ... Organization: ARCADIS G+M Date: 10/09/01 Time: 1700

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Special Instructions/Remarks: REPORT TO DAVID SILBA

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier FED EX Lab Courier Other



CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

Project Number/Name NY1001321.0001.0000Z

Project Location BETHPAGE, NY

Laboratory STLCT

Project Manager CARLO SANGIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation ES, GW

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE		Remarks	Total
				VOC	10 mL VOR VAPL (VMP)		
B100401	L	10/04/01		2			2
TR100401	L			2			2
REPZ	L			2			2
N-10634	L			2			2
FIN-24IX	L			6*			6
FW-03	L			2			2
FIN-29I	L			2			2
FIN-29D	L			2			2

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: Matthew S. Swabawa Organization: ARCADIS GIM Date: 10/04/01 Time: 1700 Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Special Instructions/Remarks: * PLEASE USE FIN-24I AS MS/MSD QA/QC SAMPLE

REPORT TO DAVID STERN

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier FED EX Lab Courier Other _____



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name NY001321.0001.00002

Project Location FRITZVILLE, NY

Laboratory NY 10457

Project Manager NEIL ANTONOVICH

Sampler(s)/Affiliation NY 10457

ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE

LOC (LAMP)
500ml Filter
GLC / HPLC
METHYL VOA WHLS

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
MW-0501	L	10/13/01	1		13
MW-0501	L				13
MW-115R	L				13
MW-161I	L				13
MW-162D	L				13
MW-162I	L				13
MW-52S	L				13

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: Methoda J. Swanton Organization: APPADIS GIM Date: 10/13/01 Time: 1500

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Special Instructions/Remarks: SEND TO DAVID STERN

Total No. of Bottles/Containers 13

AD

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier FID EX Lab Courier Other _____

SPECIFY _____ SPECIFY _____



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name N1001521.0001.00002

Project Location BETHPAGE NY

Laboratory STRICT

Project Manager ALEO VAN GIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation MS, GW

ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
FB100201	L	10/02/01			2
TB100201	L				2
GM-17SR	L				2
GM-17I	L				2
GM-17D	L				2
GM-23I	L				2
GM-23S	L				2

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: ARCADIS Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 10/02/01 Time: 10:00

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Special Instructions/Remarks: SEE TO DAVID STERN

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

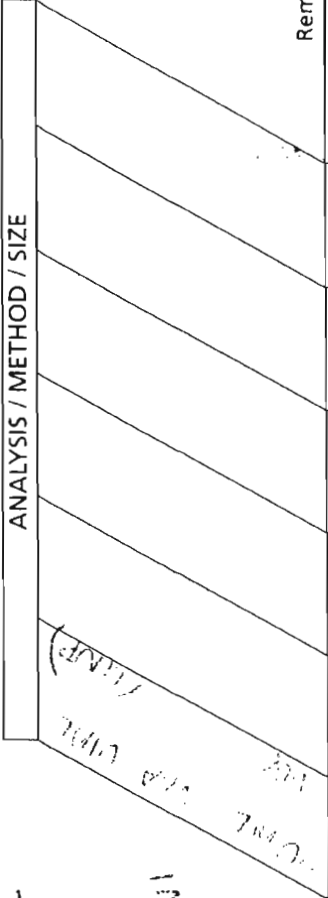
Project Number/Name NYCOP321.0001.000002

Project Location BETHPAGE NY

Laboratory DTL CT

Project Manager PAOLO PIN GUANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation N2, GN



Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
1B092801	L	04/28/01			1800
1B092801	L				1800
GM-33D2	L				1800
GM-18S	L				1800
GM-18I	L				1800
GM-18D	L				1800
REP1	L				1800

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air
 Total No. of Bottles/Containers: _____

Relinquished by: William Sullivan Organization: DTL Date: 04/28/01 Time: 1800
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
 Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: _____

* PLEASE USE THIS AMPLE AS A MS/MSD SAMPLE
REPORT TO DAVID STERN

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other



CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name: N\1001321.0001.00003
 Project Location: BETHPAGE, NY
 Laboratory: ST, I, C, T
 Project Manager: CARLO SAN GIOVANNI
 Sampler(s)/Affiliation: MS, GW

ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE

40ML VOA VIRAL
 500ML (UWP)
 500ML PLASTIC
 500ML (HMO3)

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
TC092701	L	09/07/09			0
FB092701	L				0
N-100631	L				0
MW-5R	L				0
CM-715	L				0
CM-782	L				0
CM-781	L				3

Total No. of Bottles/ Containers: 19

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: Melissa J. Sullivan Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 9/27/09 Time: 1:00
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Special Instructions/Remarks: REPORT TO DAVID STERN

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other

SPECIFY

AG 05-0597



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name GEUMMAN BOND

Project Location FETHURAGE, NY

Laboratory HQM

Project Manager FILIP AN GUVANNA

Sampler(s)/Affiliation MSHIBBEN (AGM)

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE		Remarks	Total
<u>GM-37D</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>09/20/01</u>		<u>2</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>1100</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>GM-37DB</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>09/20/01</u>		<u>2</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>1100</u>	<u>3</u>
Total No. of Bottles/ Containers							<u>4</u>

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: MSHIBBEN Organization: AGM Date: 09/20/01 Time: 1100 Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: MSHIBBEN Organization: AGM Date: 09/20/01 Time: 1100 Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ___/___/___ Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ___/___/___ Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Special Instructions/Remarks: _____



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No.

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name N1001391.0001.00002

Project Location BETHPAGE, NY

Laboratory SLCT

Project Manager CARLO SAN GIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation M AURBORN (AGM)

ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE	
40 ML W/VIAL	(AMP)
70 ML W/VIAL	(AMP)
30 ML W/VIAL	(AMP)

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
TBO12601	L	09/20/01			3
GM-37D	L	↓			3
GM-37D2	L				3
Total No. of Bottles/Containers					9

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: M. J. Santoro Organization: ARCHDIS G&M Date: 09/20/01 Time: 15:00 Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: / /

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: / / Seal Intact? _____

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: / / Seal Intact? _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: REPORT TO DAVID STEIN

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier FED EX Lab Courier Other _____



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name 6044000 BND

Project Location LEITHRIDGE, NY

Laboratory MDM

Project Manager CHRISTOPHER GIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation MS. HILFORD (AGM)

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE		Remarks	Total
				Method	Size		
GM-55DA	L	12/24/11	02				2
GM-70DD	L	12/24/11	02				2

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: J. Hillford Organization: SULLIVAN Date: 12/24/11 Time: 1:00 PM

Received by: [Signature] Organization: [Signature] Date: 12/24/11 Time: [Signature]

Relinquished by: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Received by: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: _____



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name: NICOIS210001.00002

Project Location: BETHPAGE, NY

Laboratory: WIL, CT

Project Manager: GIOIO SAN GIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation: M SAULKFCEN

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE	Remarks	Total
<u>TR020401</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>6/12/11</u>		<u>110ML VOA VIRAL</u>		<u>1</u>
<u>GM 50DA</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>6/12/11</u>		<u>VOC</u>		<u>1</u>
<u>GM 70DA</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>6/12/11</u>		<u>VOC</u>		<u>1</u>

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: Matthew Soutalows Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 6/12/11 Time: 17:00

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ____ Time: ____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ____ Time: ____

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ____ Time: ____

Special Instructions/Remarks: REPORT TO DAVID STERN

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other Other

ARCADIS G&M logo and SPECIFY

Project Number/Name STEINMAN/BWD
 Project Location KATHPAGE, NY
 Laboratory EDM
 Project Manager ALLO SAN GIOVANNI
 Sampler(s)/Affiliation NL3/ALM

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE	Remarks	Total
GM-71D8	L	09/20/01				2

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: [Signature] Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 09/20/01 Time: 12:00 Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: [Signature] Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 09/20/01 Time: 12:00 Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ____/____/____ Time: ____:____:____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ____/____/____ Time: ____:____:____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Special Instructions/Remarks: _____



ARCADIS G&M

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name NIND (EA) 0001.00002

Project Location LETHBRIDGE, NY

Laboratory STL - CT

Project Manager CARLO SAN GIOVANNI

Sampler(s)/Affiliation LIS

ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE
(UMP)
VOC
DIC

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
<u>TR-28001</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>10/20/01</u>			<u>2</u>
<u>GM-71D2</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>"</u>			<u>2</u>
Total No. of Bottles/ Containers					<u>4</u>

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: David J. Beck Organization: ADIS GIM Date: 11/26/01 Time: 1100

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ___/___/___ Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ___/___/___ Time: _____

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: ___/___/___ Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks:

REPORT TO DAVID BECK

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier FEDEX Lab Courier Other _____



Project Number/Name GEUNIMAN 1110321001.0000
 Project Location LETHPAGE, NY (FWD)
 Laboratory HDM
 Project Manager FELICIANO GIOVANNI
 Sampler(s)/Affiliation M. SAUREN (AGM)

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE				Remarks	Total
GM-36D	L	04/19/01	0						2
GM-36DD	L	04/19/01	0						2
Total No. of Bottles/ Containers								4	

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: M. SAUREN Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 04/19/01 Time: 11:00 Seal Intact? YES
 Received by: [Signature] Organization: _____ Date: 04/19/01 Time: _____ Seal Intact? YES
 Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____ Seal Intact? _____
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: / / Time: _____ Seal Intact? _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: _____

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other _____

Project Number/Name 1010521-6000-0002
 Project Location FETHVILLE, NY
 Laboratory CDM
 Project Manager PIETRO VAN GIOVANNI
 Sampler(s)/Affiliation LUCIEN(A 214)

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE			Remarks	Total
CM-38D	L	09/18/01						2
CM-38DQ	L	09/18/01						2
Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air							Total No. of Bottles/ Containers	4

Relinquished by: PIETRO VAN GIOVANNI Organization: ARCADIS G&M Date: 9/18/01 Time: 10:30 Seal Intact? Yes No N/A
 Received by: LUCIEN(A 214) Organization: CDM Date: 9/18/01 Time: 10:30
 Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____ Seal Intact? Yes No N/A
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: _____

ARCADIS

Appendix D

Data Validation Memoranda

MEMO

To:
David Stern

Copies:

ARCADIS G & M, Inc.
88 Duryea Road
Melville
New York 11747
Tel 631 249-7600
Fax 631 249-7610

ENVIRONMENTAL

From:
Danielle Petkus and John Burke

Date:
October 31, 2001

Subject
Data Validation of Volatile Organic Compound Groundwater Samples Collected for the Third Quarter 2001 Monitoring Program, Northrop Grumman, Bethpage, New York (Project No. NY001321.00001.00004).

DATA VALIDATION

Water samples, field replicates, field blanks, and trip blanks were collected from September 18 through October 12, 2001 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York. The samples were sent to Severn Trent Laboratories (STL) in Shelton, Connecticut for the analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) following purge and trap GC/MS using New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) 10/95 Method NYDEC 95-1.

Validation of the data was performed following the quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) criteria set forth in the method, and the document "USEPA Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review" dated October 1999. Sample identification, collection dates, and laboratory-received dates are listed in Table 1. The quality of the data was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described in this memorandum. Metals data and semi-volatile data were discussed in a separate memo.

The laboratory provided seven data packages. The analytical data for samples were provided by the laboratory in sample delivery groups SDG 7001-2459A, 7001-2459B, 7001-2459C, 7001-2459D, 7001-2459E, and 7001-2459F. The data validation results for these SDGs are discussed separately below.

SDG 7001-2459A

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on September 11, 2001. The form VI photocopy was of poor quality and a faxed copy was inserted into the sample package. All compound relative response factors (RRFs) found to be >0.05 and all compound percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) values were found to be <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Two continuing calibrations were performed on September 24 and 26, 2001. The compounds had RRFs >0.05 and percent differences (%Ds) <25% except acetone and 2-chloroethylvinylether. Acetone was qualified as estimated (J) if detected and estimated (UJ) if not detected in samples TB091801, TB091901, GM-36D, GM-36D2, GM-38D, and GM-38D2. 2-Chloroethylvinylether was qualified as estimated (J) if detected and estimated (UJ) if not detected in samples TB092001, TB092401, GM-71D2, GM-70D2, and GM-35D2.

V. BLANKS

TWO method blanks (VBLKN5 and VBLKN7) were analyzed with this SDG. The following compounds were detected in the method blanks:

Method Blank VBLKN5	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in micrograms per liter (ug/L)</u>
Methylene chloride	0.7 J
Acetone	4 J
2-Butanone	2 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.5 J
2-Hexanone	0.7 J

Associated samples: GM-36D, GM-36D2, GM-38D, and GM-38D2.

Method Blank VBLKN7

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	5 J
Chloromethane	0.1 J
2-Butanone	2 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1 J
2-Hexanone	0.8 J

Associated samples: GM-71D2, GM-35D2, and GM-70D2.

Four trip blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compounds were detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank TB091801

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 JB

Associated samples: GM-38D and GM-38D2.

Trip Blank TB091901

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	2 JB
Toluene	0.1 J

Associated sample: GM-36D and GM-36D2.

Trip Blank TB092001

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.9 J
2-Butanone	5 JB
Acetone	4 JB

Associated sample: GM-71D2.

Trip Blank TB092401

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J
2-Butanone	5 JB
Acetone	12 B

Associated samples: GM-35D2 and GM-70D2.

Based on the blank results, the following sample results were qualified as non-detect (U) at the method detection limits or non-detect (U), if above the detection limits:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Samples</u>
Methylene chloride	GM-36D, GM-36D2, GM-38D, GM-38D2, GM-71D2, and GM-35D2
Acetone	GM-36D, GM-38D, GM-38D2, GM-35D2, and GM-70D2
2-Butanone	GM-38D2, GM-71D2, and GM-35D2

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

A batch specific spike was used for the matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) analyses and matrix spike blank (MSB). Three spike recoveries and one relative percent difference (RPD) value were outside control limits for the MS/MSD and MSB. No qualification of the data was necessary.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds detected in the samples were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

No tentatively identified compounds (TICs) were detected in this sample set.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

The quality of the data presented in this SDG package is acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

SDG 7001-2459B

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on September 13, 2001. All compound relative response factors (RRFs) were found to be >0.05. The compound relative standard deviations (%RSDs) were found to be <30% except acetone. Acetone was qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the samples.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Three continuing calibrations were performed on October 1, 2 and 4, 2001. The compounds had RRFs >0.05. The following percent differences (%Ds) were >25%:

Calibration date: 10/01/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%RSD</u>
Acetone	88.5
2-Butanone	49.9
Bromoform	32.6
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	47.5
2-Hexanone	57.7
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	39.1
2-Chloroethylvinylether	68.0
Vinyl acetate	35.0

Associated samples: TB092601, TB092801, FB092801, GM-18S, and GM-18I.

Calibration date: 10/02/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%RSD</u>
2-Butanone	26.6
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	45.6
2-Hexanone	48.6
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	35.0
2-Chloroethylvinylether	64.1

Associated samples: TB092701, FB092701, MW-3R, GM-37D, GM-21S, GM-78S, GM-78I, REP-1, GM-18D, N-10631, and GM-37D2.

Calibration date:10/04/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%RSD</u>
2-Chloroethylvinylether	35.0

Associated samples: TB100101, GM-33D2, GM-20I, and GM-20D.

The above compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples

V. BLANKS

Three method blanks (VBLKMM, VBLKMN, and VBLKMP) were analyzed with the samples in this SDG. The following compounds and TICs were detected in the method blanks:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	2 J
Toluene	0.3 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>RT</u>
Butylated hydroxytoluene	22.70

Associated samples: GM-18S and GM-18I.

<u>TIC</u>	<u>RT</u>
Butylated hydroxytoluene	22.68

Associated samples: N-10631, MW-3R, GM-21S, GM-78S, GM-78I, GM-37D, GM-37D2, GM-18D, and REP-1.

<u>TIC</u>	<u>RT</u>
Butylated hydroxytoluene	22.68

Associated samples: GM-33D2, GM-20I, and GM-20D.

Four trip blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compounds were detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank TB092601	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.8 JB
Acetone	3 J

Associated samples: GM-37D and GM-37D2.

Trip Blank TB092701	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J

Associated samples: N-10631, MW-3R, GM-21S, GM-78S, and GM-78I.

Trip Blank TB092801	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 JB

Associated samples: GM-33D2, GM-18S, GM-18I, GM-18D, and REP-1.

Trip Blank TB100101	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J

Associated samples: GM-20I and GM-20D.

Three field blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compounds were detected in the field blanks:

Field Blank FB092701	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	2 J

Associated samples: N-10631, MW-3R, GM-21S, GM-78S, and GM-78I.

Field Blank FB092801	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 JB

Associated samples: GM-33D2, GM-18S, GM-18I, GM-18D, and REP-1.

Based on the blank results, the following sample results were qualified as non-detect (U) at the method detection limits or non-detect (U), if above the detection limits:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Samples</u>
Methylene chloride	MW-3R, GM-37D, GM-21S, GM-78S, GM-78I, REP-1, GM-18D, N-10631, GM-37D2, GM-18I, GM-33D2, GM-20I, and GM-20D.

No TICs were detected in the samples; therefore, no qualification of the TIC data was necessary.

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Sample GM-18S was used for the MS/MSD analyses and MSB. Spike recoveries and RPD values were within control limits for the MS/MSD and MSB.

The laboratory also provided a QCS spike summary. The percent recoveries (%R) were within QC limits.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds detected in the samples were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

Tentatively identified compounds (TICs) were detected in the method blanks and were reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Sample GM-33D2 was replicated and labeled REP-1. The duplicate results were acceptable. The quality of the data presented in this SDG package is acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

SDG 7001-2459C

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

Two initial calibrations were performed on September 13 and October 10, 2001. All compound RRFs were found to be >0.05 . The %RSD value for acetone was $>30\%$ in the September 13 calibration. Acetone was qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the following samples: GM-21I, FB100201, TB100201, GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-23I, GM-23S, FB100301, GM-16I, GM-16SR, MW-52D, MW-52S, TB100301, and MW-52I.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

One continuing calibration was performed on October 5, 2001 and three continuing calibrations were performed on October 10, 2001. The compounds had RRFs >0.05 . The following %Ds were $>25\%$:

Calibration Date: 10/5/01	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
2-Butanone	26.0
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	46.1
2-Hexanone	36.6
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	28.0
2-Chloroethylvinylether	52.4

Associated samples: GM-21I, FB100201, TB100201, GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-23I, and GM-23S.

Calibration Date: 10/10/01

Time: 0736

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
2-Butanone	29.7
Dibromochloromethane	25.1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	27.4
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	62.3
2-Hexanone	53.5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	38.9

Associated samples: FB100301, GM-16I, GM-16SR, MW-52D, MW-52S, TB100301, and MW-52I.

Calibration Date: 10/10/01

Time: 2035

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	32.5

Associated samples: FB100401, TB100401 and REP2.

The above compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Four method blanks (VBLKNU, VBLKNV, VBLKMQ, and VBLKMOV) were analyzed with the samples in this SDG. The following compounds and TIC were detected in the method blanks:

Method Blank VBLKNU	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	2 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>RT</u>
Butylated hydroxytoluene	22.31

Associated samples: N-10634 and HN-24I.

Method Blank VBLKNV	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	5 J

Associated sample: REP2.

Method Blank VBLKMQ

<u>TIC</u>	<u>RT</u>
Butylated hydroxytoluene	22.75

Associated samples: GM-21I, GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-23I, and GM-23S.

Method Blank VBLKMV

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	8 J

Associated samples: GM-16SR, GM-16I, MW-52D, MW-52I, and MW-52S.

Three trip blanks were analyzed with the samples. The following target compounds were detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank TB100201

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	4 J

Associated samples: GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-23I, and GM-23S.

Trip Blank TB100301

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	12
Acetone	22 B
Toluene	0.3 J

Associated samples: GM-16SR, GM-16I, MW-52D, MW-52I, and MW-52S.

Trip Blank TB100401

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J
Acetone	5 JB

Associated samples: REP2, N-10634, and HN-24I.

One trip blank associated with a sample in this SDG was analyzed in another SDG and is summarized below:

Trip Blank TB100101

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J

Associated sample: GM-21I.

Three field blanks were collected and analyzed with the samples. The following compounds were detected in the field blanks:

Field Blank FB100201

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	5 J

Associated samples: GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-23I, and GM-23S.

Field Blank FB100301

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J

Associated samples: GM-16SR, GM-16I, MW-52D, MW-52I, and MW-52S.

Field Blank FB100401

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J
Acetone	6 JB

Associated samples: REP2, N-10634, and HN-24I.

Based on the blank results, the following compounds were qualified as non-detect (U):

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Sample ID</u>
Methylene chloride	GM-21I, GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-23I, GM-23S, GM-16SR, GM-16I, MW-52I, MW-52S
Acetone	MW-52S and MW-52I
Toluene	MW-52I

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Samples HN-24I and MW-52I were used for the MS/MSD and MSB analyses. Two spike recoveries were outside control limits for the MS/MSD and MSB. No qualification of the data was necessary.

The laboratory also provided four QCS spike summaries. The percent recoveries (%R) for eleven compounds were outside QC limits. No qualifications were necessary.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds detected in the samples were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

TICs were detected in this sample set and were reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Sample HN-24I was replicated and labeled REP2. The duplicate results were acceptable. The quality of the data presented in this SDG package is acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

SDG 7001-2459D

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on October 10, 2001. All compound RRFs found to be >0.05 and all compound %RSDs were found to be <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Five continuing calibrations were performed on October 10, 11, 12, and 13, 2001. The compounds had RRFs >0.05 and %Ds <25% except for the following:

Calibration Date: 10/10/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	32.5

Associated Samples: HN-29D, HN-29I, and FW-03.

Calibration Date: 10/12/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Chloromethane	25.6

Associated Samples: GM-15I, GM-32S, FB100901, TB100901, GM-74I, and GM-74D.

The above compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Four method blanks (VBLKNV, VBLKNW, VBLKNX, and VBLKNZ) were analyzed with this SDG. The following compounds were detected in the method blanks:

One field blank associated with samples in this SDG was analyzed in another SDG and is summarized here. The following compounds were detected in the field blank:

Field Blank: FB100401	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	1 J
Acetone	6 JB

Associated Samples: FW-03, HN-29I, and HN-29D.

The following compounds were qualified as non-detect (U) based on the blank results:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Sample ID</u>
Methylene Chloride	HN-40I, HN-40S, HN-42I, HN-42S, GM-15S, GM-15D, GM-15D2, GM-32S, GM-74I, GM-74D
Acetone	HN-40I, HN-40S, HN-42I, HN-42S, GM-15S, GM-15D, GM-15D2, GM-74D

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Sample GM-74D was used for the MS/MSD analyses and MSB. Spike recoveries and RPD values were within control limits for the MS/MSD and MSB.

A QCS spike summary was also provided with this SDG. Three compounds were not within QC limits. No qualification of the data was necessary based on the spike results.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

All target compounds detected were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

The TICs detected in the samples were reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Sample GM-15D2 was mistakenly identified by the laboratory as GM-15DZ. All forms incorrectly identified the sample. The laboratory was contacted and corrected forms were inserted into the data package.

The data is acceptable with the qualifications listed above.

SDG 7001-2459E

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on October 10, 2001. The compound relative response factors (RRFs) found to be >0.05 and the compound relative standard deviations (%RSDs) were found to be $<30\%$.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Five continuing calibrations were performed on October 12, 13, 15, 16, and 17, 2001. The compounds had RRFs >0.05 and percent differences (%Ds) $<25\%$ except for the following:

Calibration Date: 10/12/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Chloromethane	25.6

Associated Samples: GM-74D2, GM-34D, and GM-34D2.

Calibration Date: 10/13/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Bromoform	-29.0

Associated Samples: GM-73D2, TB101001, FB101001, TB101101, FB101101, N-10627, and GM-79D.

Calibration Date: 10/15/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	35.4
2-Butanone	28.7

Associated Samples: GM-79I, GM-13D, GM-75D2, REP3, and ONCT 2.

Calibration Date: 10/16/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	28.7
2-Butanone	31.5

Associated Samples: ONCT INF, REP4, and ONCT1.

The above compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Five method blanks (VBLKNZ, VBLKN1, VBLKN2, VBLKN3, and VBLKN4) were analyzed with this SDG. The following compounds were detected in the method blanks:

Method Blank: VBLKNZ

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J
Acetone	6 J

Associated Samples: GM-74D2, GM-34D, and GM-34D2.

Method Blank: VBLKN1

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	8 J

Associated Samples: N-10627, GM-73D2 and GM-79D.

Method Blank: VBLKN2

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	6 J
2-Hexanone	3 J

Associated Samples: GM-75D2, REP3, GM-79I, GM-13D, and ONCT 2.

Method Blank: VBLKN3

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.8 J
Acetone	8 J

Associated Samples: ONCT INF, REP4, and ONCT1.

Method Blank: VBLKN4

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	6 J
2-Butanone	3 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	2 J

Associated Samples: GP-3 and GP-1.

Two trip blanks (TB101001 and TB101101) were collected along with this sample set. The following compound was detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank: TB101001

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J
Acetone	8 JB

Associated Samples: GM-34D, GM-34D2, N-10627, GM-75D2, and REP3.

Trip Blank: TB101101

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	0.8 J
Acetone	8 JB
2-Butanone	2 J

Associated Samples: GM-79I, GM-79D, and GM-13D.

Two trip blanks associated with samples in this SDG were analyzed other SDGs and are summarized here. The following compounds were detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank: TB100901

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	0.9 JB
Acetone	5 JB

Associated Samples: GM-74D2 and GM-73D2.

Trip Blank: TB101201

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	1 JB
Acetone	6 JB
2-Butanone	3 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	2 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.7 J

ONCT 1. Associated Samples: GP-3, ONCT INF, GP-1, ONCT 2, REP4, and

Two field blanks (FB101001 and FB101101) were also collected with this sample set. The following compound was detected in the field blanks:

Field Blank: FB101001

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J
Acetone	4 JB

Associated Samples: GM-34D, GM-34D2, N-10627, GM-75D2, and REP3.

Field Blank: FB101101

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J
Acetone	6 JB
2-Butanone	2 J

Associated Samples: GM-79I, GM-79D, and GM-13D.

One field blank associated with samples in this SDG was analyzed in another SDG, and is summarized here. The following compounds were detected in the field blank:

Field Blank: FB100901

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	1 JB
Acetone	6 JB

Associated Samples: GM-74D2 and GM-73D2.

The following compounds were qualified as non-detect (U) based on the blank results:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Sample ID</u>
Methylene Chloride	GM-74D2, GM-34D, GM-34D2, GM-73D2, GM-79D, GM-75D2, REP3, GM-13D, ONCT 2, ONCT INF, REP4, ONCT 1, GP-3, GP-1
Acetone	GM-34D2, GM-73D2, N-10627, GM-79D, REP3, GM-79I, GM-13D, ONCT 2, ONCT INF, REP4, ONCT1, GP-3

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Sample GM-34D2 was used for the MS/MSD analyses and MSB. Spike recoveries were within control limits and one %RPD value was outside control limits for the MS/MSD and MSB.

One QCS spike summary was also provided with this SDG. Three compounds were not within QC limits. No qualification of the data was necessary based on the spike results.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

All compounds were identified correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

No TICs were detected in the samples or blanks.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Sample GM-75D2 was replicated and labeled REP3. The results were acceptable.

Sample GP1/3 INF was analyzed in another SDG and was replicated and labeled REP4. REP 4 was analyzed in this SDG. The duplicate results are acceptable.

The data is acceptable with the qualifications listed above.

SDG 7001-2459F

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on October 10, 2001. All compound RRFs found to be >0.05 and all %RSD values were found to be <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Two continuing calibrations were performed on October 15 and 16, 2001. The compounds had RRFs > 0.05 and percent differences (%Ds) <25% except for the following:

Calibration Date: 10/15/01	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	35.4
2-Butanone	28.7

Associated sample: ONCT 3.

Calibration Date: 10/16/01

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	28.7
2-Butanone	31.5

Associated samples: TB101201, GP1/3 INF, GP1/3 EFF, and ONCT EFF.

The above compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Two method blanks (VBLKN2 and VBLKN3) were analyzed with this SDG. The following compounds were detected in the method blanks:

Method Blank: VBLKN2

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	6 J
2-Hexanone	3 J

Associated sample: ONCT 3.

Method Blank: VBLKN3

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.8 J
Acetone	6 J

Associated samples: GP1/3 INF, ONCT EFF, and GP1/3 EFF.

One trip blank (TB101201) was collected with the samples and analyzed in this SDG. The following compound was detected in the trip blank:

Trip Blank: TB101201

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	1 JB
Acetone	6 JB
2-Butanone	3 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	2 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.7 J

Associated samples: All.

Methylene chloride was qualified as non-detect (U) based on the blank results in samples ONCT 3, GP1/3 INF, and GP1/3 EFF. Acetone was qualified as non-detect (U) in sample GP1/3 EFF based on the blank results.

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Sample GP1/3 INF was used for the MS/MSD analyses and MSB. Spike recoveries and RPD values were within control limits for the MS/MSD and MSB.

A spike summary was also provided. The spike %R values were within QC limits.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

All compounds were identified correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

No TICs were detected in the samples or blanks.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Sample GP1/3 INF was replicated and labeled REP4. REP4 was analyzed in SDG 7001-2459E. The duplicate results were acceptable.

The data is acceptable with the qualifications listed above.

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed Under STL Sample Delivery Group Numbers 7001-2459A, 7001-2459B, 7001-2459C, 7001-2459D, 7001-2459E, and 7001-2459F.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 7001-2459A</u>			
TB091901	012459A-01	09/19/01	09/20/01
GM-36D	012459A-02	09/19/01	09/20/01
GM-36D2	012459A-03	09/19/01	09/20/01
TB091801	012459A-04	09/18/01	09/19/01
GM-38D	012459A-05	09/18/01	09/19/01
GM-38D2	012459A-06	09/18/01	09/19/01
TB092001	012459A-07	09/20/01	09/21/01
GM-71D2	012459A-08	09/20/01	09/21/01
TB092401	012459A-09	09/24/01	09/25/01
GM-35D2	012459A-10	09/24/01	09/25/01
GM-70D2	012459A-11	09/24/01	09/25/01

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed Under STL Sample Delivery Group Numbers 7001-2459A, 7001-2459B, 7001-2459C, 7001-2459D, 7001-2459E, and 7001-2459F.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 7001-2459B</u>			
TB092701	012459B-01	09/27/01	09/28/01
FB092701	012459B-02	09/27/01	09/28/01
N-10631	012459B-03	09/27/01	09/28/01
MW-3R	012459B-04	09/27/01	09/28/01
GM-21S	012459B-05	09/27/01	09/28/01
GM-78S	012459B-06	09/27/01	09/28/01
GM-78I	012459B-07	09/27/01	09/28/01
TB092601	012459B-08	09/26/01	09/27/01
GM-37D	012459B-09	09/26/01	09/27/01
GM-37D2	012459B-10	09/26/01	09/27/01
TB092801	012459B-11	09/26/01	09/27/01
FB092801	012459B-12	09/28/01	09/29/01
GM-33D2	012459B-13	09/28/01	09/29/01
GM-18S	012459B-14	09/28/01	09/29/01
GM-18I	012459B-15	09/28/01	09/29/01
GM-18D	012459B-16	09/28/01	09/29/01
REP1	012459B-17	09/28/01	09/29/01
TB100101	012459B-18	10/01/01	10/02/01
GM-20I	012459B-19	10/01/01	10/02/01
GM-20D	012459B-20	10/01/01	10/02/01

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed Under STL Sample Delivery Group Numbers 7001-2459A, 7001-2459B, 7001-2459C, 7001-2459D, 7001-2459E, and 7001-2459F.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 7001-2495C</u>			
GM-21I	012459C-01	10/01/01	10/02/01
FB100201	012459C-02	10/02/01	10/03/01
TB100201	012459C-03	10/02/01	10/03/01
GM-17SR	012459C-04	10/02/01	10/03/01
GM-17I	012459C-05	10/02/01	10/03/01
GM-17D	012459C-06	10/02/01	10/03/01
GM-23I	012459C-07	10/02/01	10/03/01
GM-23S	012459C-08	10/02/01	10/03/01
TB100301	012459C-09	10/03/01	10/04/01
FB100301	012459C-10	10/03/01	10/04/01
GM-16SR	012459C-11	10/03/01	10/04/01
GM-16I	012459C-12	10/03/01	10/04/01
MW-52D	012459C-13	10/03/01	10/04/01
MW-52I	012459C-14	10/03/01	10/04/01
MW-52S	012459C-15	10/03/01	10/04/01
FB100401	012459C-16	10/04/01	10/05/01
TB100401	012459C-17	10/04/01	10/05/01
REP2	012459C-18	10/04/01	10/05/01
N-10634	012459C-19	10/04/01	10/05/01
HN-24I	012459C-20	10/04/01	10/05/01

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed Under STL Sample Delivery Group Numbers 7001-2459A, 7001-2459B, 7001-2459C, 7001-2459D, 7001-2459E, and 7001-2459F.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 7001-2459D</u>			
FW-03	012459D-01	10/04/01	10/05/01
HN-29I	012459D-02	10/04/01	10/05/01
HN-29D	012459D-03	10/04/01	10/05/01
TB100501	012459D-04	10/05/01	10/06/01
FB100501	012459D-05	10/05/01	10/06/01
HN-40I	012459D-06	10/05/01	10/06/01
HN-40S	012459D-07	10/05/01	10/06/01
HN-42I	012459D-08	10/05/01	10/06/01
HN-42S	012459D-09	10/05/01	10/06/01
TB100801	012459D-10	10/08/01	10/09/01
FB100801	012459D-11	10/08/01	10/09/01
GM-15S	012459D-12	10/08/01	10/09/01
GM-15I	012459D-13	10/08/01	10/09/01
GM-15D	012459D-14	10/08/01	10/09/01
GM-15D2	012459D-15	10/08/01	10/09/01
GM-32S	012459D-16	10/08/01	10/09/01
FB100901	012459D-17	10/09/01	10/10/01
TB100901	012459D-18	10/09/01	10/10/01
GM-74I	012459D-19	10/09/01	10/10/01
GM-74D	012459D-20	10/09/01	10/10/01

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed Under STL Sample Delivery Group Numbers 7001-2459A, 7001-2459B, 7001-2459C, 7001-2459D, 7001-2459E, and 7001-2459F.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 7001-2459E</u>			
GM-74D2	012459E-01	10/09/01	10/10/01
GM-73D2	012459E-02	10/09/01	10/10/01
GM-34D	012459E-03	10/10/01	10/11/01
GM-34D2	012459E-04	10/10/01	10/11/01
TB101001	012459E-05	10/10/01	10/11/01
FB101001	012459E-06	10/10/01	10/11/01
N-10627	012459E-07	10/10/01	10/11/01
GM-75D2	012459E-08	10/10/01	10/11/01
REP3	012459E-09	10/10/01	10/11/01
GM-79I	012459E-10	10/11/01	10/12/01
GM-79D	012459E-11	10/11/01	10/12/01
GM-13D	012459E-12	10/11/01	10/12/01
FB101101	012459E-13	10/11/01	10/12/01
TB101101	012459E-14	10/11/01	10/12/01
GP-3	012459E-15	10/12/01	10/13/01
ONCT INF	012459E-16	10/12/01	10/13/01
GP-1	012459E-17	10/12/01	10/13/01
ONCT 2	012459E-18	10/12/01	10/13/01
REP 4	012459E-19	10/12/01	10/13/01
ONCT 1	012459E-20	10/12/01	10/13/01

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed Under STL Sample Delivery Group Numbers 7001-2459A, 7001-2459B, 7001-2459C, 7001-2459D, 7001-2459E, and 7001-2459F.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 7001-2459F</u>			
TB101201	012459F-01	10/12/01	10/13/01
GP1/3 INF	012459F-02	10/12/01	10/13/01
ONCT EFF	012459F-03	10/12/01	10/13/01
GP1/3 EFF	012459F-04	10/12/01	10/13/01
ONCT 3	012459F-05	10/12/01	10/13/01

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MEMO

To:
David Stern

Copies:

ENVIRONMENTAL

From:
Danielle Petkus and John Burke

Date:
22 October 2001

Subject:
Data Validation of Cadmium, and Chromium for Groundwater Samples Collected from the Third Quarter 2001, Off-Site Monitoring Program, Northrop Grumman, Bethpage, New York (Project No. NY1321.1 Task 0004).

Seven groundwater samples and two field blanks were collected on September 27 and October 3, 2001 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York. The samples were sent to Severn Trent Laboratories (STL) in Shelton, Connecticut for the analysis of cadmium and chromium using SW846 methods ICAP 3010A/6010B.

The laboratory provided the sample data in sample delivery group (SDG) 7001-2459B and 7001-2459C. The VOC results in were fully validated and are discussed in a separate memorandum. The metal results were reviewed for the following:

- Chain-of-custody form,
- holding times,
- blanks (initial calibration, continuing calibration, preparation, and field),
- and spike sample recovery.

The data were complete and acceptable. All qualifiers added to the results are discussed below.

7001-2459B

One field blank was analyzed with this set. Chromium was detected in the field blank at a concentration of

1.1 ug/L. Chromium was qualified as non-detect (U) in samples GM-78I, GM-37D, and GM-37D2.

7001-2459C

One field blank was analyzed with this set. Chromium was detected in the field blank at a concentration of

1.8 ug/L. Chromium was qualified as non-detect (U) in sample GM-16SR.