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2002 Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report

Operable Unit 2
Northrop Grumman Corporation,
Bethpage, New York
NYSDEC Site #1-30-0003A

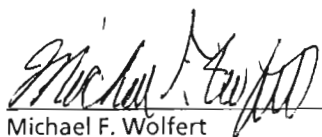
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Monitoring Report

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1. Introduction

This groundwater monitoring report was prepared to document the operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) activities for the Operable Unit 2 (OU2) groundwater remedy at the Northrop Grumman Corporation (NGC) Bethpage, New York facility. The OU2 groundwater remedy consists of two, separate groundwater extraction and treatment systems, which are referred to as the ONCT system and the GP-1 system. The monitoring activities described in this report include three programs, as follows: (1) the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy operational performance monitoring program, (2) the hydraulic monitoring program (i.e., groundwater elevation measurements) and (3) the groundwater quality monitoring program. These activities are currently being conducted by NGC on a voluntary basis in accordance with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC)-approved OU2 Groundwater Monitoring Plan (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc., 2001a). The purpose of the monitoring is to (1) evaluate the effectiveness of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy at achieving the remedial goal of preventing the off-site migration of volatile organic compound (VOC)-impacted groundwater, (2) determine changes and trends in on- and off-site groundwater quality, and (3) document the operational performance of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy.

This report describes the operation of the OU2 groundwater remedy and the resulting effect on local groundwater flow conditions and groundwater quality for the Fourth Quarter of 2002. Furthermore, this report compares the current data to the previous round and, as applicable, to longer-term system operation and groundwater quality trends. This report also includes findings and conclusions, which will continue to be re-evaluated in future reports as additional hydraulic and groundwater quality data become available. Recommendations will be incorporated, as appropriate, into the final OM&M Plan.

2. Monitoring Programs

Monitoring activities conducted as part of the Fourth Quarter 2002 monitoring round and the results obtained include the following: OU2 Groundwater Remedy Operational Performance Program (see Section 3 for results), Hydraulic Monitoring Program (see Section 4 for results), and Groundwater Quality Monitoring Program (see Section 5 for results).

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Except as described below, the procedures, methodologies, and monitoring network utilized for the Fourth Quarter 2002 monitoring round are consistent with procedures/methodologies described in previous reports (i.e., 2000 and 2001 Annual Groundwater Monitoring Reports [ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, 2001c and ARCADIS G&M 2002, respectively] and the monitoring network described in the NYSDEC-approved OU2 Groundwater Monitoring Plan ARCADIS G&M, 2001a). The hydrogeologic zones monitored as part of these programs include the shallow zone, the intermediate zone, the deep zone, and the deep2 (D2) zone. These zones were defined and discussed in detail in the Groundwater Flow Modeling Report, which is provided in Appendix B of the Groundwater Feasibility Study (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc. 2000).

The locations of the NGC site, the OU2 groundwater remedy, the neighboring properties (i.e., the NWIRP and Occidental Chemical Corporation [OCC]/RUCO Polymer Corporation sites), and existing wells utilized in the monitoring programs are shown on Figure 1. This report also includes the following appendices: Appendix A (water-level measurement logs); Appendix B (groundwater sampling logs); Appendix C (chain-of-custody records); and Appendix D (data validation memoranda).

Modifications to the Fourth Quarter 2002 monitoring round are described below.

The number of wells where water levels were measured and groundwater samples were collected was modified this round, as follows:

- Well FW-03 was dry this round, therefore a water-level measurement and groundwater sample could not be collected this round.
- Due to silt in the well screen, a water-level measurement and groundwater sample cannot currently be obtained from Well N-10624.
- A water-level measurement cannot currently be made in Industrial Well GP-3 because the depth of the airline (used to determine the depth to water) below land surface was not recorded at the time of installation.
- Wells MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6 were added to the quarterly monitoring program. These wells were installed at Plant 1 and were sampled for total chromium. Additionally, total chromium was added to the list of compounds monitored quarterly for Well GM-15S.

- The water-level measurement made in Wells GM-19I and GM-39D2 were inconsistent with historical trend and with hydraulic data collected from nearby wells; therefore the measurements were considered anomalous and were not used in mapping groundwater flow directions in the intermediate and D2 Zones, respectively, this round.

3. OU2 Operational Performance

During the Fourth Quarter 2002, the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy operational performance monitoring activities conducted included: (1) hydraulic measurements (depth to groundwater in remedial wells and treatment system pumpage), (2) remedial well sampling/analysis, and (3) remedial system influent/effluent water sampling/analysis.

During the Fourth Quarter 2002, NGC monitored total pumpage for the OU2 remedial wells (i.e., Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3) and Industrial Well GP-3 on a weekly basis. Additionally, NGC collected water samples from the OU2 remedial wells, Industrial Well GP-3, and from the influent and effluent streams from the OU2 treatment systems (i.e., the GP-1 and ONCT systems) on a weekly basis. Water samples collected by NGC personnel were analyzed by NGC's internal laboratory for trichloroethene (TCE) or TCE and vinyl chloride monomer (VCM). Analytical results of samples collected by NGC for the OU2 remedial wells and Industrial Well GP-3 and the OU2 treatment systems are provided in Tables 1 and 2, respectively, and are discussed in Section 5 and Section 3.2, respectively of this report. Well pumpage data for the OU2 remedial wells and Industrial Well GP-3 are provided in Table 3 and are discussed in Section 3.1 of this report.

As part of the Fourth Quarter 2002 performance monitoring activities, ARCADIS collected water samples from Industrial Well GP-3, Remedial Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3, and the influent/effluent streams of the GP-1 and ONCT systems. These samples were analyzed for the Target Compound List (TCL) for VOCs (see Section 5 [Groundwater Quality] of this report). ARCADIS collected instantaneous pumping rates (Table 4) from the OU2 remedial wells and hydraulic measurements (Table 5). These data are discussed in Section 3.1 of this report.

3.1 Pumpage

Table 3 summarizes the percent of the reporting period that the remedial wells were operating, as well as the total pumpage and average pumping rates for the OU2

remedial wells, during the Fourth Quarter 2002. In addition, Table 3 summarizes the design pumping rates (i.e., the remedial well pumping rates determined by groundwater modeling that would prevent the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater) for the OU2 remedial wells. If the OU2 remedial wells were pumped continuously at the design rates over the full 85-day Fourth Quarter 2002 period (i.e., September 24 to December 17, 2002) the result would be a total of 413.1 million gallons (MG) pumped, versus an actual total of approximately 363.2 MG pumped by the OU2 remedial wells, or approximately 88 percent of the total design pumpage. Reasons why the total reported pumpage is less than the design total pumpage for the Fourth Quarter 2002 include the low (87%) operational time for Well ONCT-3 (see Table 3) as well as ongoing problems with the flow meters used to monitor system performance. During the Fourth Quarter 2002, NGC had to repair Well ONCT-3 due to a faulty pressure switch and is in the process of calibrating/repairing the system flow meters. However, although the total Fourth Quarter 2002 reported pumpage was below design rates, this did not adversely affect the ability of the system to achieve the remedial goal of preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater (see Section 4 of this report for additional details).

As described in previous reports, pumpage from Well GP-3 supplements the total gallons pumped by the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy. Well GP-3 was operational for all of the Fourth Quarter 2002 and pumped at an average rate of 424 gpm. This equates to approximately 51.9 MG pumped in addition to the quantity pumped by the OU2 remedial wells. Table 4 summarizes the performance data collected from the OU2 remedial wells for the Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002. Based on instantaneous pumping rates and drawdown measurements made during the Fourth Quarter 2002, the specific capacities of the OU2 Wells GP-1 and ONCT-1 are similar to results from the Third Quarter 2002, while the specific capacities for Wells ONCT-2 and ONCT-3 were slightly lower than the previous round. Based on comparison of specific capacity values obtained in First Quarter of 1999 to the current data, specific capacities have decreased in Wells ONCT-1, ONCT-2 and ONCT-3, but have remained essentially the same in Well GP-1. A depth to groundwater cannot be obtained for Industrial Well GP-3 because the depth of the airline in Well GP-3 is not known; therefore, the specific capacity could not be calculated. Specific capacities calculated for Remedial Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2 and ONCT-3, for the Fourth Quarter 2002, were more than sufficient to allow the wells to yield enough water to contain the VOC-impacted groundwater on site.

3.2 Remedial System Performance Data

The following subsections of this report discuss the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy treatment system performance data, which includes the ONCT and GP-1 systems air stripper performance data and the VOC mass removed by the OU2 remedial system.

3.2.1 Air Stripper Efficiency

Based on the average-influent and effluent water TCE concentration data collected by NGC for the ONCT and GP-1 systems (Table 2), the TCE removal efficiencies for both of the OU2 groundwater treatment systems are greater than 99.9 percent. Based on the results of the influent and effluent water TVOC samples (Table 10) collected by ARCADIS, TVOC removal efficiencies for the ONCT and GP-1 systems are both greater than 99.8 percent. Based on both data sets, the two treatment systems removal efficiencies are essentially identical and remain high, and are consistent with the percentages calculated for the first three quarters of 2002.

3.2.2 Contaminant Mass Removal

As summarized in Table 3, based on the VOC concentrations and pumping totals for the OU2 remedial wells and Industrial Well GP-3, approximately 1,917 pounds (lbs) of VOCs were removed from groundwater and treated by the OU2 groundwater remedy treatment systems in the Fourth Quarter 2002. For Year 2002, approximately 8,908 lbs of VOCs were removed from groundwater and treated by the OU2 remedial systems. Since full-time system startup in November 1998, approximately 57,905 lbs of VOCs have been removed from the subsurface and treated.

4. Groundwater Flow

This report section describes the results of the Fourth Quarter 2002 Hydraulic Monitoring program (i.e., the depth to groundwater measurements, groundwater level and contour mapping), and evaluates the effectiveness of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy at achieving the goal of preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater. The evaluation of the hydraulic data is performed using methods described in previous quarterly reports.

The Fourth Quarter 2002 depth to groundwater measurement round was conducted on January 29, 2003 while the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy was

operating close to its design total pumping rate (3,077 gpm actual vs. 3,375 gpm design); Table 5 summarizes the wells measured and groundwater-level data obtained. Figures 2 through 4 depict the shallow zone water-table configuration/groundwater flow directions and the potentiometric surface configuration/groundwater flow directions in the intermediate and D2 zones, respectively. These figures collectively illustrate the effect (i.e., hydraulic containment) that operation of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy has on horizontal groundwater flow patterns. To evaluate the effect the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy has on vertical groundwater flow, vertical hydraulic gradients were calculated for select well pairs, and these data are summarized in Table 6. The following subsections of this report describe the groundwater flow conditions (horizontal and vertical) in each of the aquifer horizons.

4.1 Shallow Zone

Figure 2 shows the water-table configuration and horizontal groundwater flow directions in the shallow zone during the Fourth Quarter 2002. As shown on Figure 2, the most prevalent effect of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy treatment system discharges and stormwater runoff (as recharge to the South Recharge Basins and the Plant 5 Recharge Basins) on shallow, horizontal groundwater flow during this quarter is on the groundwater beneath and around the South Recharge Basins. The maximum elevation of the mound beneath and around the South Recharge Basins is greater than 64 ft msl, and the mound extends across the width of the southern boundary of the site. The treated water discharge to the Plant 5 Recharge Basins results in a water-table elevation beneath and around the Plant 5 Basins of greater than 60 feet relative to mean sea level (ft msl). Upgradient of the South Recharge Basins, which includes areas on the NGC and NWIRP sites, the horizontal direction of shallow groundwater flow is generally consistent with the regional groundwater flow and is to the southeast. However, the regional southeast shallow groundwater flow direction is locally modified by the mounding at the South Recharge Basins, with the result that the horizontal direction of shallow groundwater flow in the vicinity of the South Recharge Basins is radially to the north, south, west, and east away from the basins, thereby creating a hydraulic barrier that prevents on-site, VOC-impacted groundwater in this area from moving off-site in the shallow zone.

The mounding around the South Recharge Basins also increases the vertical hydraulic gradient in the vicinity of the basins, resulting in a downward vertical groundwater flow component from the shallow zone to the intermediate zone. Water-level data for this round from the shallow-intermediate monitoring well clusters in the area of the

South Recharge Basins (i.e., Wells GM-21S/GM-21I; GM-78S/GM-78I, and GM-79S/GM-79I [Figure 2 and Table 6]) show that the vertical hydraulic gradients are oriented downward with the steepest gradient at the well cluster (i.e., GM-21S/GM-21I) nearest the basins. A similar effect on vertical gradients is seen for well pairs located in the vicinity of the Plant 5 Recharge Basins, where Monitoring Wells GM-16SR/GM-16I and GM-17SR/GM-17I exhibited a downward vertical gradient.

Vertical gradients, calculated from groundwater elevation data from clustered monitoring wells, that are close to or greater than groundwater flow model predictions are a key indication that the OU2 groundwater remedy has created an effective hydraulic barrier to off-site groundwater flow. As shown on Table 6, vertical gradients this quarter at the monitoring well clusters located in the immediate vicinity and also further from the basins (i.e., Wells GM-16SR/GM-16I; GM17SR/GM17I; GM-21S/GM-21I; and GM-79S/GM-79I; and GM-78S/GM-78I) are oriented downward and are close to or greater than gradients predicted by the groundwater flow model. These data indicate that in the vicinity of the Plant 5 and South Recharge Basins, there is a strong downward vertical component of groundwater flow from the shallow zone toward the intermediate zone.

In conclusion, the radial, horizontal groundwater flow components near the South Recharge Basins coupled with the downward vertical gradients near the Plant 5 and South Basins collectively create a hydraulic barrier that achieves the remedial goal of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy in that it prevents on-site, VOC-impacted groundwater from migrating off-site in the shallow zone.

4.2 Intermediate Zone

As shown on Figure 3, the configuration of the potentiometric surface in the intermediate zone, during the Fourth Quarter 2002, is similar to the water-level configuration observed in the shallow zone, with mounding centered beneath the South Recharge Basins (maximum water-level elevation at the South Recharge Basins is greater than 62 ft msl). This indicates that the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy treatment system discharge and stormwater runoff are substantially affecting groundwater flow in the intermediate zone, with the horizontal component of flow near the South Recharge Basins oriented radially away from the basins. Additionally, the resultant vertical gradients in monitoring well clusters located near the basins (i.e., Wells GM-15I/GM-15D, GM-17I/GM-17D, GM-18I/GM-18D, GM-20I/GM-20D, GM-21I/GM-21D; GM-74I/GM-74D, and GM-79I/GM-79D) are oriented downward and are greater than or close to model predictions (see Table 6).

Collectively, the above data indicate that the hydraulic barrier to groundwater flow described above for the shallow zone extends vertically downward to the intermediate zone, is similar in extent, to that observed in the shallow zone, and achieves the remedial goal of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy in that it prevents the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the intermediate zone.

4.3 Deep Zone

As stated in previous reports, since groundwater in the deep zone is expected to be flowing in a predominantly vertical (downward) direction in the general vicinity of the OU2 remedial wells and the Plant 5 and South Recharge Basins, the analysis of the effectiveness of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy at achieving the on-site plume containment goal in this zone is conducted using vertical gradient calculations for deep and D2 monitoring well pairs. Table 6 summarizes the vertical hydraulic gradients calculated from data collected from well clusters in the deep/D2 zones during the Fourth Quarter 2002 round and compares them to model-predicted gradients.

The vertical gradients in on-site/near site Well Clusters GM-15D/GM-15D2 (northeast of the South Basins), GM-39D/GM-39D2, GM-73D/GM-73D2 and GM-74D/GM-74D2 (at the South Basins), and GM-18D/GM-33D2 (west of the South Basins) are oriented downward as expected, and are close to or greater than model predictions (Table 6). For deep/D2 well clusters located generally south (off-site) of the NGC site property boundary, vertical gradients were also calculated based on this round of data and are oriented downward and are greater than the model-predicted gradients.

In conclusion, vertical hydraulic gradients calculated for the Fourth Quarter 2002 from deep/D2 monitoring well clusters are oriented downward and are close to or greater than steady-state gradients predicted by the groundwater flow model. Furthermore, vertical gradients in well clusters near the NGC site boundary indicate that the mounding of the water table coupled with pumpage from the OU2 remedial wells in the D2 zone is forcing on-site groundwater downward through the deep zone, toward the pumpage in the D2 zone, and achieves the remedial goal of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater in that it prevents the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the deep zone.

4.4 D2 Zone

On January 29, 2003, water levels were measured in on- and off-site D2 monitoring wells and OU2 Remedial Wells GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3, which are screened in the D2 zone. Figure 4 depicts the potentiometric surface configuration and horizontal groundwater flow directions in the D2 zone under pumping conditions.

The result of pumping the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3 is the formation of cones of depression (areas of depressed water levels) in the D2 zone centered on each well that coalesce into one large zone of capture that extends along the entire southern property boundary and also extends northwest along the western boundary of the NGC site (see Figure 4). Although a water level cannot currently be measured in Well GP-3, it is reasonable to assume that the cone of depression around this pumping well causes the cumulative capture zone to extend farther to the northwest than is currently shown on Figure 4. At its farthest downgradient extent the capture zone is approximately 700 ft south of the NGC site boundary. Within the capture zone (upgradient and as far as 700 ft downgradient of the OU2 remedial wells), groundwater flow directions are oriented toward the centers of pumping; indicating that groundwater in this area is fully contained and captured by the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy. Beyond the downgradient extent of the capture zone, groundwater continues to flow downgradient until it is influenced by the pumping of nearby public supply wells or continues to flow south-southeast in the direction of regional groundwater flow.

In summary, the data from the D2 zone indicate that the pumpage of the OU2 remedial wells has created a hydraulic barrier in this zone and achieves the remedial goals of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy in that it prevents the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the D2 zone.

4.5 Summary of Groundwater Flow Conditions Observed in Year 2002

Treated water discharge and discharge of stormwater (collectively as recharge to the water table) have maintained the hydraulic barrier in the shallow and intermediate zones and the resultant downward component of groundwater flow near the South Recharge Basins. Deep/deep2 monitoring well pairs near the areas of pumping and recharging produced by the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy continue to exhibit vertical hydraulic gradients generally greater than model predictions. The area of capture in the D2 zone produced by the pumpage of the on-site portion of the OU2 remedial wells has not substantially changed in Year 2002 and extends across the entire southern boundary and downgradient of the NGC site. Overall, the hydraulic

data presented in Year 2002 indicate that operation of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy has achieved the remedial goal of creating and maintaining an effective hydraulic barrier throughout the shallow, intermediate, deep, and D2 zones, that prevents the off-site migration of on-site, VOC-impacted groundwater.

5. Groundwater Quality

This report section describes the analytical results of the various groundwater quality monitoring activities specified in and required under the NYSDEC-approved Groundwater Quality Monitoring Plan (ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2001a). The main emphasis of this report section is the description of the distribution of the VOC plume in the various aquifer horizons monitored and how the operation of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy has affected the plume distribution in the Fourth Quarter 2002 and since startup (full time) of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy in November 1998. In addition, the analytical results and distribution of VCM, SVOCs and Cd/Cr are also discussed in this report.

The Fourth Quarter 2002 groundwater quality sampling round was conducted between December 10, 2002 and February 4, 2003. Analytical results for the Fourth Quarter 2002 round are summarized in Tables 7 through 14 and are discussed in the subsequent subsections of this report.

5.1 Volatile Organic Compounds

In general, the goal of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy is to capture, remove, and treat groundwater from the on-site portion of the VOC plume and, thereby prevent VOC-impacted groundwater from moving off-site. Operation of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy is expected to and has caused the VOC plume to bifurcate into an on-site portion and an off-site portion. As treated groundwater and precipitation continue to recharge the aquifer, a "clean zone" will develop between the on- and off-site portions of the bifurcated plume, within which VOC impacts will not occur or will be minimal. This clean zone will increase in size as VOC-impacted groundwater downgradient (south) and beyond the capture zone of the OU2 remedial wells continues to migrate through the aquifer in the regional direction of groundwater flow to the south-southeast. The continued growth of this clean zone depends on maintaining the hydraulic barrier created by the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy.

Furthermore, based on the above considerations, the following groundwater quality trends are expected to (and as described below have) occur: (1) groundwater samples collected from wells immediately south (off-site) of the OU2 remedial wells will be the first to show water quality improvement (i.e., a long-term decreasing trend in VOC concentrations over time); (2) monitoring wells located further downgradient will also show improved groundwater quality over time, but will take a longer time to show an improvement, as compared to wells immediately south of the OU2 remedial wells, due to the relatively slow groundwater velocity and greater distance from the remedial well. Depending on VOC concentrations and heterogeneity of the off-site groundwater, monitored water quality in these further off-site wells may show several trend changes before long-term trends associated with the operation of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy are revealed, and; (4) depending on the location of the well, water quality in on-site wells may increase, decrease, or stay the same over the short to mid-term, but over the long term a general decrease in VOC concentrations will be observed.

Based on the discussions above, the analysis of TVOC concentrations and trends over time is presented herein in consideration of the following factors: (1) proximity to the hydraulic barrier formed by the OU2 groundwater remedy (i.e., along the NGC site southern boundary), (2) hydrogeologic zone (i.e., shallow, intermediate, deep, and D2 zones); and (3) long-term versus short-term trends. This approach results in the most representative interpretation of current trends within the TVOC plume while also correlating changes in trends in key wells with the long-term effectiveness of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy. The following subsections of this report describe the distribution of VOCs in groundwater during the Fourth Quarter 2002 and where applicable, compare the current data to the previous round, describe the trends observed since December 2001, and for the complete period of record. Figures 5 through 11 depict VOC concentrations in key wells for the period of record.

5.1.1 Shallow and Intermediate Zones

Groundwater quality data from the shallow and intermediate monitoring wells are summarized in Tables 7 and 8, respectively. The complete period of record of TVOC concentrations in selected intermediate wells is shown on Figure 5. The water quality data from the shallow and intermediate wells sampled this quarter and for Year 2002 support the interpretation of the hydraulic data and confirm that the operation of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy has formed an effective hydraulic barrier that prevents the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the shallow and intermediate zones. A detailed discussion of the water quality data for the shallow and intermediate zones follows.

Of the 13 shallow wells sampled this quarter, only two (Wells GM-32S and GM-78S) had an SCG exceedance (both for TCE) (Table 7). Well GM-32S, which exhibited the highest TVOC concentration this round, is located approximately 1,900 ft north and upgradient of the OU2 remedial wells (Figure 1), and had a TVOC concentration lower than last round. Well GM-78S had a TCE level of 6 ug/L, only slightly above the SCG of 5 ug/L with TVOCs essentially the same as compared to last round. TVOC concentrations for other shallow wells have remained essentially the same in comparison to last round. Furthermore, Wells N-10631, N-10634, GM-17SR, GM-18S, GM-21S, and MW-3R, which exhibited no detections or trace concentrations of VOCs (below SCGs), are located at or downgradient of the Plant 5 Recharge Basins/South Recharge Basins/southern NGC property boundary and attest to the effectiveness of the hydraulic barrier in preventing VOC-impacted groundwater from migrating off-site in the shallow zone.

Of the 13 intermediate wells sampled this quarter, four wells (Wells GM-15I, GM-16I, HN-24I, and HN-40I) exhibited exceedences of the SCGs, (with TCE exceeding the SCG in all four wells, see Table 8). Of these four wells, Well HN-24I had the highest TVOC concentration. Well HN-24I is located approximately 4,400 feet, north and upgradient of the ONCT remedial wells. For the nine wells with no SCG exceedences, TVOC concentrations ranged from non-detect to 4 ug/L with wells in the South Recharge Basins/southern NGC property boundary area (i.e., Wells GM-20I, GM-21I, GM-74I, GM-78I, and GM-79I) exhibiting TVOC concentrations of 4 ug/L or less, which attests to the effectiveness of the hydraulic barrier in preventing VOC-impacted groundwater from migrating off-site in the intermediate zone.

A total of 11 of the 13 intermediate wells sampled this quarter exhibited similar TVOC concentrations in comparison to the last round. Wells GM-18I, and HN-24I showed decreased TVOC concentrations in comparison to last round.

The complete period of record for key on-site intermediate wells is shown in Figure 5. Overall, the data shows a stable to decreasing trend in TVOC concentrations, with Well MW-52S showing the steepest decrease in TVOC concentrations over time.

5.1.2 Deep Zone

Of the 16 deep monitoring wells sampled this round, six wells exhibited no exceedences of SCGs while all the other ten wells each exhibited at least one constituent that exceeded SCGs (Table 9). Well GM-13D exhibited the highest TVOC concentration (1,505 ug/L) and the most SCG exceedences and is located approximately 2,850 feet upgradient of the ONCT remedial wells. Wells GM-15D,

GM-39D, GM-73D, and GM-74D, exhibited TVOC concentrations ranging from 11.5 ug/L to 682 ug/L, and are located slightly upgradient and near the ONCT remedial wells (Figure 1). Wells GM-17D, GM-18D, GM-20D, and GM-21D, located along the southwestern and southern boundary of the NGC site, exhibited TVOC concentrations ranging from non-detect to 10.7 ug/L (Well GM-18D exhibited a TCE concentration [8 ug/L] above the SCG this round) and attest to the effectiveness of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy in preventing the off-site migration of TVOC-impacted groundwater in the deep zone.

All wells exhibited TVOC concentrations that essentially were the same as last round, except for Well GM-38D, which showed an increase in TVOC concentrations. Overall, TCE was the predominant compound detected in the deep zone wells except for Well GM-13D, where PCE was the predominant compound detected.

The complete record of TVOC concentrations in selected deep wells is shown on Figures 5, 6, 8, 10, and 11. On-site Well GM-13D exhibits a long-term increasing TVOC trend however, the trend appears flat since December 2000 (Figure 5). Along the NGC site southern/southeastern boundary, Wells GM-15D and GM-74D exhibit low TVOC concentrations and flat and decreasing trends, respectively, for the period of record (Figure 6). Southeast of the NGC site southern boundary, Well GM-36D has exhibited a decreasing trend for the period of record with the trend since December 2000 being flat. The trend in Well GM-37D appears flat for the period of record while Well GM-79D exhibits an increasing trend (Figure 8). Well GM-38D exhibits a decreasing trend for the period of record although an increasing trend is apparent since December 2000 (Figure 11). Southwest of the NGC site southern boundary, Well GM-34D shows an increasing trend for the period of record (Figure 10).

5.1.3 Deep2 Zone

Groundwater monitoring data from the D2 zone are summarized in Table 10 and include groundwater samples collected from the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3, the influent/effluent water samples from the GP-1 and ONCT treatment systems, and samples from the network of D2 monitoring wells listed in the NYSDEC-approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan. These data, as well as the long term terms are described in the following report subsections.

5.1.3.1 OU2 Remedial Wells and Well GP-3

Table 1 summarizes weekly TCE concentrations for the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3 and the average of those results. Compared with the previous round, average TCE concentrations have remained essentially the same.

A review of long-term trends for the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3 shows Well ONCT-2 to have an increasing TCE trend while Well ONCT-3 continues to exhibit no discernable trend in TCE concentrations for the period of record (Figure 6). Well ONCT-1 exhibits a decreasing trend, while Well GP-3 exhibits an increasing trend in TCE concentrations for the period of record (Figure 7). Well GP-1 exhibits a decreasing trend over the period of record, however the trend appears flat since December 2000 (Figure 7). Review of the data in Table 10 shows that TCE continues to be the predominant compound detected in all OU2 remedial wells and in Well GP-3; therefore, the TCE concentration trends in the OU2 remedial wells and Well GP-3 is likely indicative of the trends in TVOC concentrations over the same period.

5.1.3.2 Deep2 Monitoring Wells

TVOC concentrations beneath the southeastern portion of the NGC site (at and east of Well ONCT-2) were comparatively lower than beneath the southwestern portion of the NGC site with current values ranging from 13 ug/L (in Well GM-74D2) to 190 ug/L (in Well ONCT-2) (Table 10). On the southwestern portion of the NGC site, TVOC concentrations ranged from 111 ug/L (in Well GM-39D2) to 3,996 ug/L (in Well GP-3). All monitoring wells in these areas exhibited one or more exceedences of SCGs, although TCE continues to be the predominate compound detected in all D2 monitoring wells.

The decline in TVOC concentrations over time in well GM-33D2 from approximately 7,900 ug/L in March 1999 to 188 ug/L in the Fourth Quarter 2002 round (Figure 7) confirms the hydraulic information discussed in Section 4.4 of this report, which indicates that operation of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy is preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the D2 zone. This represents more than a 98 percent decrease in TVOC concentration in this well, which is attributable primarily to the pumping of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy (which has been in operation [full time] since November 1998), and specifically Well ONCT-1. This data is strong evidence that remedial well pumping is causing groundwater to flow from the area around Well GM-33D2 toward the remedial wells. Near the NGC site southeast boundary, Wells GM-15D2 and GM-74D2 exhibit

low VOC concentrations with no discernable trends for the period of record (Figure 6). Well GM-73D2 exhibits an increasing trend for the period of record (Figure 7). Well GM-39D2 (installed in October 2002) exhibits an average TVOC concentration of 110.5 ug/L but currently has insufficient data to determine a long-term trend. Collectively, these data indicate stable to decreasing TVOC concentrations along the NGC site southern boundary, within the capture zone of the OU2 remedial wells and supports the conclusion that the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy is effective in preventing the off-site migration of VOCs in the D2 zone.

TVOC concentrations in the eight off-site wells ranged from 1 ug/L (in Well GM-36D2) to 1,416 ug/L (in Well GM-38D2), with six of the eight wells having one or more exceedences of SCGs. TVOC concentrations in wells exhibiting SCG exceedences are generally lower or the same this round in comparison to the previous round. Southeast of the NGC site, Wells GM-36D2 and GM-71D2 exhibit no discernable trends with low TVOC concentrations for the period of record (Figure 9). Well GM-37D2 exhibits an increasing trend for the period of record, however the trend appears flat since December 2000 (Figure 9). Well GM-70D2 exhibits a decreasing trend for the period of record. Southwest of the NGC site, Wells GM-34D2 and GM-35D2 have exhibited increasing trends since December 2000, which represents a significant deviation from the flat trends that were evident prior to December 2000 (Figure 10). Well GM-75D2, which is likely located beyond the remedial well capture zone and is upgradient of Wells GM-34D2 and GM-35D2, exhibits an average TVOC concentration of 1,320 µg/L with no discernable trend since December 2000. As stated above, continued monitoring of water quality in off-site wells may show several trend changes before a long-term trend associated with the OU2 groundwater remedy operation is revealed.

5.2 Vinyl Chloride Monomer

In accordance with the NYSDEC-approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, groundwater monitoring of the VCM sublume emanating from the RUCO Polymer site (see Figure 1) is performed by sampling Monitoring Wells GM-23S, GM-23I, MW-52S, MW-52I, and MW-52D on a semi-annual basis (i.e., twice yearly during the First and Third Quarter rounds) and Wells GM-17SR, GM-17I, GM-17D, GM-18S, GM-18I, and GM-18D on a quarterly basis. Additionally, VCM is analyzed for in all wells sampled for VOCs. This section discusses the results of the Fourth Quarter 2002 monitoring round and compares these results to those of the previous round. Tables 7 through 10 include VCM concentrations in groundwater for this quarter and the previous round.

VCM was not detected in the shallow zone, intermediate zone, or deep zone (Tables 7, 8, and 9, respectively) this round. In the D2 zone, VCM was detected in Well GP-3 above the SCG at an average concentration of 24.7 µg/L (concentrations ranged from 21.2 µg/L to 31.1 µg/L) based on the weekly sampling performed by NGC and at 60 µg/L in the quarterly sample collected by ARCADIS. Since Well GP-3 is located substantially further south (downgradient) than monitoring wells that historically have exhibited detections of VCM above the SCGs and is deeper than any monitoring well in the network, it is reasonable to conclude that the extent of the VCM subplume is greater than previously defined by RUCO. VCM was not detected in any other D2 zone well (Table 10).

Based on the current and previous round of data from the outpost monitoring wells (i.e., Well Clusters GM-17, GM-18, and GM-23) no substantial changes in the position of the VCM plume were evident in Year 2002. However, ARCADIS is aware that OCC is planning near-term groundwater data collection efforts south of the RUCO site to better define the horizontal and vertical extent of VCM in groundwater. VCM historically has accounted for greater than 95 percent of the VOC mass in Wells MW-52S and MW-52I; Well MW-52D historically has exhibited trace to non-detectable concentrations of VCM. TVOC concentrations in Wells MW-52S and MW-52I have decreased over the period of record (Figures 5). The substantial decrease in MW-52I is attributable to the use of this well for injection of high volumes of air and other gases into the formation in a pilot-scale demonstration of in-situ biosparging technology. This was performed by RUCO in the period between the First and Third Quarters of 2002.

5.3 Tentatively Identified Compounds

For all groundwater samples collected during this round, in addition to the TCL VOCs, the laboratory was asked to perform an analysis and library search to identify and evaluate whether volatile TICs exist in the groundwater samples. TICs detected in groundwater samples collected during the Fourth Quarter 2002 round are summarized in Table 11. Since the laboratory instruments cannot be calibrated to determine exact TIC concentrations (i.e., they are not included in the TCL VOC list), the concentrations in Table 11 should be used for qualitative purposes only.

5.4 Quality Control Samples - VOCs

Based on the analytical results (Table 12) for the Fourth Quarter 2002 round, low levels of VOCs (e.g., TCE, Freon 113, acetone, bromomethane, 4-methyl-2-pentanone,

carbon disulfide, and methylene chloride) were detected. These results were used to validate groundwater sample results for this round. The data validation memorandum for VOCs is provided in Appendix D.

5.5 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (Plant 1 Fuel Depot)

Well GM-14, located downgradient of the NGC Plant 1 Fuel Depot, is monitored on a quarterly basis for SVOCs. As shown on Table 13, SVOCs were not detected in Well GM-14 or the associated blank sample this round.

5.6 Cadmium and Chromium

Groundwater monitoring data from shallow and intermediate monitoring wells for the Fourth Quarter 2002 and the previous round for cadmium (Cd) and chromium (Cr) are provided in Table 14. The complete record of Cd and Cr concentrations in select wells are shown on Figures 12 and 13. Beginning with the Fourth Quarter 2002, Wells MW-4, MW-5, MW-6 and GM-15S were added to the list of wells monitored for Cr (total). Based on the current round of data, Well MW-3R exhibited Cd and Cr (total and dissolved) concentrations exceeding SCGs and Well GM-32S exhibited Cr (total and dissolved) concentrations exceeding the SCG. In addition Wells GM-15S, MW-5, and Well MW-6 exhibited Cr (total) concentrations exceeding the SCG. The remaining wells exhibited no exceedences of SCGs. For the period of record, the wells on Figure 12 exhibit stable to decreasing trends with no off-site wells exhibiting Cd exceedences since December 1998. Wells monitored for Cr shown on Figure 13 also exhibit stable to decreasing concentration trends for the period of record with only a single off-site exceedence of the SCG since late 1999 (50.5 ug/L in Well 10631). The results this round generally show little difference overall between the filtered and unfiltered samples results, indicating that the metals analyzed for exist predominantly in the dissolved phase. The complete record indicates an overall improving trend in groundwater Cd/Cr concentrations, with only a single off-site SCG exceedence detected since late 1999.

5.7 Quality Control Samples - Cadmium/Chromium

Cadmium/chromium were not detected in the equipment blank samples collected this quarter (Table 14).

2. For the Fourth Quarter and all of 2002, downward vertical hydraulic gradients near the NGC southern boundary area remain close to or greater than those predicted by the groundwater flow model. This indicates that the mounding of the water table coupled with pumpage from the D2 zone is continuing to force on-site groundwater to move downward toward the OU2 remedial wells in the D2 zone, which prevents VOC-impacted groundwater from flowing off-site in the deep zone.
3. The configuration of the potentiometric surface in the D2 zone in the Fourth Quarter and all of 2002 indicates that the capture zone, due to pumpage of the OU2 remedial wells, extends across the entire NGC southern property boundary and to the northwest toward Well GP-3 and continues to fully control and contain groundwater on-site and more than 700 ft south of the site in the D2 zone.

6.3 Groundwater Quality

1. Shallow and intermediate wells in areas within the VOC plume on the NGC and NWIRP sites upgradient of the OU2 groundwater remedy exhibited the highest VOC concentrations. At the NGC southern boundary and immediately south of it, shallow and intermediate wells exhibited low or non-detectable VOC concentrations. These results confirm the effectiveness of the OU2 groundwater remedy in preventing the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the shallow and intermediate zones.
2. Deep wells along the NGC southern boundary exhibit low to non-detectable VOC concentrations. Recharge of water to the South Recharge Basins, combined with the pumpage of the OU2 remedial wells, forces groundwater downward through the deep zone, which prevents the off-site migration of VOC-impacted groundwater in the deep zone and thereby results in these low to non-detectable VOC concentrations.
3. In the D2 zone, Well GM-33D2, which is the closest monitoring well to Remedial Well ONCT-1, exhibited a continued decrease in TVOC concentration, providing strong evidence that the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy continues to be effective in preventing on-site VOC-impacted groundwater from moving off-site in the D2 zone in this area and in reducing VOC concentrations in the D2 zone in this area. Off-site and in areas upgradient of the on-site portion of the OU2 groundwater remedy, VOC concentrations have exhibited varying trends. Continued monitoring of water quality in off-site wells may show several trend

changes before a long-term trend associated with the OU2 groundwater remedy operation, is revealed.

4. For the Fourth Quarter and in Year 2002, VCM was detected only in Wells MW-52S, (intermediate zone) MW-52I (deep zone) (VCM monitoring well cluster located nearest to the RUCO property), and Well GP-3. The MW-52 wells historically have exhibited persistent concentrations of VCM exceeding the SCG and are located more than 4,000 ft north of Remedial Well GP-1. Well GP-3 (north of Well GP-1) exhibited VCM concentrations exceeding the SCG in the D2 zone in the Fourth Quarter and in Year 2002; these data indicate that the extent of the VCM subplume (horizontal and vertical) is greater than previously defined by RUCO.
5. The collective network of wells monitored for Cd/Cr exhibits stable to declining trends for the period of record. Wells monitored for Cd exhibited no off-site exceedences of the SCG since December 1998. Wells monitored for Cr exhibited only a single off-site exceedence of the SCG since late 1999. The results this round generally show little difference overall between the filtered and unfiltered sample results, indicating that the metals analyzed for exist predominantly in the dissolved phase.

7. Recommendation

ARCADIS makes no recommendation for modification to the groundwater monitoring program at this time.

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Northrop Grumman
Corporation,
Bethpage, New York

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Table 1. Select VOC Concentrations in Water Samples Collected from OU2 Remedial Wells and Industrial Well GP-3, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York. ⁽¹⁾

Sample Collection Date	Well ID:	<u>OU2 REMEDIAL WELLS</u>				<u>INDUSTRIAL WELL</u>		
		GP-1		ONCT-1	ONCT-2	ONCT-3	GP-3	
		Units:	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	
Constituent:	VCM	TCE	TCE	TCE	TCE	VCM	TCE	
10/21/2002		<0.5	312	610	102	16	22.2	1,898
10/28/2002		<0.5	362	660	120	16	23.2	1,790
11/4/2002		<0.5	398	632	123	15	21.2	1,710
11/11/2002		<0.5	355	650	113	15	24.2	1,746
11/18/2002		<0.5	387	616	134	14	23.8	1,709
11/25/2002		<0.5	410	590	135	12	26.8	1,767
12/2/2002		<0.5	461	588	125	12	26.3	1,709
12/9/2002		<0.5	412	576	117	13	22.6	1,755
12/16/2002		<0.5	299	560	137	17	31.1	1,726
12/23/2002		<0.5	314	645	123	14	25.6	1,754
Average Concentration: ⁽²⁾		<0.5	371	613	123	14	24.7	1,756

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Water samples were collected and analyzed for TCE and VCM by Northrop Grumman; results were not validated.

⁽²⁾ For calculations which include non-detected results, a value of zero was used in computing the average VOC concentration for the period of record.

VOC Volatile Organic Compound
 OU2 Operable Unit 2
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 TCE Trichloroethene
 VCM Vinyl Chloride Monomer

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Table 2. Select VOC Concentrations in Water Samples Collected from the OU2 Treatment Systems Influent and Effluent, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York. ⁽¹⁾

Sample Collection Date	Sample ID:	ONCT System	ONCT System	GP-1 System	GP-1 System		
		(WWRP-5E) Influent	(WWRP-5E) Effluent	(WWRP-5) Influent	(WWRP-5) Effluent		
	Units:	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)		
Constituent:	TCE	TCE	VCM	TCE	VCM	TCE	
10/21/2002		280	<0.5	2.0	554	NA	<0.5
10/28/2002		301	<0.5	2.4	502	NA	<0.5
11/4/2002		287	<0.5	1.9	456	NA	<0.5
11/11/2002		301	<0.5	11.7	422	NA	<0.5
11/18/2002		256	<0.5	14.7	454	NA	<0.5
11/25/2002		206	<0.5	23.8	422	NA	<0.5
12/2/2002		201	<0.5	21.8	398	NA	<0.5
12/9/2002		199	<0.5	17.9	413	NA	<0.5
12/16/2002		485	0.8	26.2	844	NA	1.5
12/23/2002		412	0.5	18.4	723	NA	1.1
Average Concentration:⁽²⁾		293	0.1	14.1	519	NA	0.3
GP-1 system average TCE removal efficiency:			>99.9%				
ONCT system average TCE removal efficiency:			>99.9%				

Notes:

- (1) Water samples were collected and analyzed by Northrop Grumman; results were not validated.
 (2) For calculations which include non-detected results, a value of zero was used in computing the average VOC concentration for the period of record.

VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
OU2	Operable Unit 2
TCE	Trichloroethene
VCM	Vinyl Chloride Monomer
ug/L	Micrograms per liter
WWRP	Wastewater Recovery Plant
WWRP-5E	WWRP 5E system influent and effluent consists of water from OU2 Remedial Wells ONCT-1 (Well 17), ONCT-2 (Well 18), and ONCT-3 (Well 19).
WWRP5	WWRP 5 system influent and effluent consists of water from OU2 Remedial Well GP-1 and Industrial Well GP-3.
NA	Not Analyzed

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Table 3. Operational Summary of the OU2 Remedial Wells and Industrial Well GP-3, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Identification	Design Pumping Rate (gpm)	Actual Average Pumping Rate ^(a) (gpm)	Design Total Pumpage (MG)	Actual Total Pumpage ^(a) (MG)	Percent of Design Pumpage	Average TCE Concentration (ug/L)	Average TVOC Concentration ^(b) (ug/L)	Estimated TVOC Mass Removed ^(c) (lbs)
OU2 Wells								
GP-1	1,075	1,058	131.6	129.5	98%	371	458	494
ONCT-1	1,000	835	122.4	100.2	82%	613	632	527
ONCT-2	600	608	73.4	72.2	98%	123	138	83
ONCT-3	700	576	85.7	61.3	72%	14	28	14
Industrial Well								
GP-3	--	424	--	51.9	--	1,756	1,848	799
OU2 WELLS ROUNDED TOTALS: (d)	3,375	3,077	413.1	363.2	88%	--	--	1,917

(a) - Average pumping rates were calculated based on Northrop Grumman records of total pumpage and hours of operation from September 24, 2002 to December 17, 2002.
 - OU2 wells ONCT-1 (98%), ONCT-2 (97%), ONCT-3 (87%), and GP-1 (100%) were operational at the percentage noted during the 85 day operation period from September 24, 2002 to December 17, 2002. GP-3 was 100 percent operational.
 - Pumping rates are accurate to +/-15% due to limitations in flow metering.

(b) - TVOC concentration in each well and TVOC mass removed by each well were calculated based on Fourth Quarter 2002 average TCE concentration per well and Fourth Quarter 2002 groundwater monitoring data per well which indicated that TCE concentrations were a percentage of the TVOC concentration, as follows: GP-1 (81 percent), ONCT-1 (97 percent), ONCT-2 (89 percent), ONCT-3 (52 percent), and GP-3 (95 percent).

(c) - TVOC mass removed during the Fourth Quarter 2002 was based on the TCE/TVOC ratios given above and the following formula:

$$\frac{((\text{TCE concentration in ug/L}) \times (\text{gallons pumped}) \times (3.785 \text{ L/gal}) \times (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ g/ug}) \times (2.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ lb/g}))}{(\text{TCE concentration in ug/L} / \text{TVOC concentration in ug/L})}$$

(d) Total TVOC mass removed includes the OU2 wells and Well GP-3.

gpm gallons per minute
 MG Million Gallons
 ug/L micrograms per liter
 lbs pounds
 -- Not Available or Not Applicable
 TCE Trichloroethene
 TVOC Total Volatile Organic Compounds
 L/gal Liters per gallon
 g/ug grams per microgram
 lb/g pounds per gram

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Table 4. OU2 Remedial Well Performance Data, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation
Bethpage, New York.

Well Identification	Static Depth to Water ⁽¹⁾ (ft bmp)	Specific Capacity ⁽³⁾ (gpm/ft)	Last Two Water-Level Measurement Dates	Pumping Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Pumping Rate (gpm)	Drawdown (ft)	Specific Capacity ⁽²⁾ (gpm/ft)
ONCT-1	44.12	44.9	November 22, 2002	75.35	870	31.23	27.9
			January 29, 2003	72.30	900	28.18	31.9
ONCT-2	50.15	38.3	November 22, 2002	69.36	725	19.21	37.7
			January 29, 2003	71.11	650	20.96	31.0
ONCT-3	49.13	41.2	November 22, 2002	71.12	569	21.99	25.9
			January 29, 2003	71.20	450	22.07	20.4
GP-1	55.75	28.6	November 22, 2002	97.00	1100	41.25	26.7
			January 29, 2003	96.00	1100	40.25	27.3

⁽¹⁾ Static depth to groundwater in Wells ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3 was measured on May 9, 1997. Static Depth to groundwater in Well GP-1 was measured on February 27, 2001 while the well pump was not in operation.

⁽²⁾ Specific capacity is calculated by dividing the pumping rate by the drawdown.

⁽³⁾ Specific capacity for ONCT-1, ONCT-2, and ONCT-3 was calculated from the First Quarter 1999 Hydraulic Monitoring Round. Specific capacity for GP-1 was calculated from the Second Quarter 2001 Hydraulic Monitoring Round.

OU2 Operable Unit 2
gpm gallons per minute
ft bmp feet below measuring point
ft feet
gpm/ft gallons per minute per foot of drawdown

Table 5. Water-Level Measurement Data, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Identification	Measuring Point Elevation (ft msl)	Depth to Water January 29, 2003 (ft bmp)	Water-Level Elevation January 29, 2003 (ft msl)
Shallow Wells			
FW-03	124.30	NM ⁽¹⁾	NM ⁽¹⁾
N-9921	94.23	37.94	56.29
N-10597	109.85	45.59	64.26
N-10600	102.41	45.20	57.21
N-10631	103.47	44.53	58.94
N-10633	103.80	43.70	60.10
N-10634	101.20	44.94	56.26
N-10821	91.58	39.60	51.98
GM-15S	109.44	50.74	58.70
GM-16SR	115.86	54.90	60.96
GM-17SR	115.79	55.19	60.60
GM-18S	107.60	47.58	60.02
GM-19S	109.86	48.38	61.48
GM-21S	105.81	40.11	65.70
GM-78S	104.94	47.05	57.89
GM-79S (N-10628)	100.88	45.12	55.76
HN-40S	116.35	55.54	60.81
HN-42S	120.32	58.27	62.05
MW-3R	101.45	40.36	61.09
Intermediate Wells			
N-10624	93.61	NM ⁽²⁾	NM ⁽²⁾
GM-15I	109.25	50.29	58.96
GM-16I	115.81	55.02	60.79
GM-17I	115.83	55.36	60.47
GM-18I	109.03	48.97	60.06
GM-19I	109.86	AM	-
GM-20I	103.88	41.34	62.54
GM-21I	105.72	42.55	63.17
GM-74I	107.42	44.22	63.20
GM-78I	105.06	47.33	57.73
GM-79I	100.88	45.49	55.39
HN-24I	125.80	62.98	62.82
HN-29I	116.42	53.88	62.54
HN-40I	115.91	55.33	60.58
HN-42I	119.61	57.56	62.05

See notes on last page

Table 5. Water-Level Measurement Data, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Identification	Measuring Point Elevation (ft msl)	Depth to Water January 29, 2003 (ft bmp)	Water-Level Elevation January 29, 2003 (ft msl)
Deep Wells			
N-10627	93.70	37.87	55.83
GM-13D	113.97	53.17	60.80
GM-15D	109.84	52.84	57.00
GM-17D	115.68	56.84	58.84
GM-18D	108.88	51.77	57.11
GM-20D	103.92	43.50	60.42
GM-21D	105.66	48.33	57.33
GM-34D	71.19	19.58	51.61
GM-36D	91.63	39.85	51.78
GM-37D	97.26	44.25	53.01
GM-38D	91.75	42.60	49.15
GM-39D	102.23	44.69	57.54
GM-73D	104.87	49.90	54.97
GM-74D	107.43	50.58	56.85
GM-79D	101.25	46.83	54.42
Deep2 Wells			
GM-15D2	109.78	55.50	54.28
GM-33D2	106.85	55.78	51.07
GM-34D2	71.19	21.05	50.14
GM-35D2	96.28	44.50	51.78
GM-36D2	91.60	41.80	49.80
GM-37D2	97.17	44.84	52.33
GM-38D2	91.56	44.84	46.72
GM-39D2	102.08	47.80	54.28
GM-70D2	99.58	45.98	53.60
GM-71D2	98.45	46.36	52.09
GM-73D2	104.62	52.13	52.49
GM-74D2	107.36	57.28	50.08
GM-75D2	93.63	40.95	52.68
GP-1 ⁽³⁾	116.78	96.00	20.78
ONCT-1	104.10	72.30	31.80
ONCT-2	110.00	71.11	38.89
ONCT-3	108.70	71.20	37.50

(1) Well FW-03 was dry this round.

(2) Water-level measurements collected from Well N-10624 are considered anomalous due to silt in the well screen.

(3) Water-levels were measured by inflating airline set at 120 ft bmp (gauge at wellhead) and subtracting the reading on the gauge from 120 to obtain the depth to water in feet.

ft msl feet relative to mean sea level

ft bmp feet below measuring point

NM Not Measured

AM Anomalous Measurement.

Table 6. Comparison of Fourth Quarter 2002 Vertical Hydraulic Gradients to Model Predicted Gradients, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Pairing ID	Measuring Point Elevation (ft msl)	Well Screen Midpoint Elevation (ft msl)	1/29/2003 Water-Level Elevation (ft msl)	1/29/2003 Vertical Gradient (ft/ft) * 10 ⁻³	Model-Predicted, OU2 Steady-State Vertical Gradient (ft/ft) * 10 ⁻³	Increase Compared to Model-Predicted, Steady-State Vertical Gradient
Shallow-Intermediate Wells						
GM-15S	109.35	34.53	58.61			
GM-15I	109.13	9.29	58.84	-9.11	4.20	-13.31
GM-16SR	115.77	66.77	60.96			
GM-16I	115.81	-24.19	60.79	1.87	1.11	0.76
GM-17SR	115.79	50.79	60.60			
GM-17I	115.83	5.83	60.47	2.89	4.50	-1.61
GM-18S	107.60	42.60	60.02			
GM-18I	109.03	9.03	60.06	-1.19	1.78	-2.97
GM-21S	105.81	40.81	65.70			
GM-21I	105.72	-29.28	63.17	36.10	18.44	17.65
GM-78S	104.94	39.94	57.89			
GM-78I	105.06	5.56	57.73	4.65	8.73	-4.07
GM-79S	100.88	35.88	55.76			
GM-79I	101.09	-73.91	55.60	1.46	0.91	0.55
Intermediate-Deep Wells						
GM-15I	109.29	9.29	58.84			
GM-15D	109.66	-227.34	56.82	8.54	6.52	2.01
GM-17I	115.83	5.83	60.47			
GM-17D	115.68	-172.32	58.84	9.15	7.86	1.29
GM-18I	109.03	9.03	60.06			
GM-18D	108.88	-186.12	57.11	15.12	7.74	7.38
GM-20I	103.88	3.88	62.54			
GM-20D	103.92	-117.08	60.42	17.53	18.22	-0.70
GM-21I	105.72	-29.28	63.17			
GM-21D	105.66	-177.34	57.33	39.44	43.97	-4.53
GM-74I	107.42	8.42	63.20			
GM-74D	107.43	-192.57	56.85	31.59	20.17	11.42
GM-79I	101.09	-73.91	55.60			
GM-79D	101.25	-183.75	54.42	10.74	15.48	-4.73

See last page for footnotes

Table 6. Comparison of Fourth Quarter 2002 Vertical Hydraulic Gradients to Model Predicted Gradients, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

Well Pairing ID	Measuring Point Elevation (ft msl)	Well Screen Midpoint Elevation (ft msl)	1/29/2003 Water-Level Elevation (ft msl)	1/29/2003 Vertical Gradient (ft/ft) * 10 ⁻³	Model-Predicted, OU2 Steady-State Vertical Gradient (ft/ft) * 10 ⁻³	Increase Compared to Model-Predicted, Steady-State Vertical Gradient
Deep-Deep 2 Wells						
GM-15D	109.66	-227.34	56.82			
GM-15D2	109.59	-436.41	54.09	13.06	14.19	-1.13
GM-18D	108.88	-186.12	57.11			
GM-33D2	106.85	-403.15	51.07	27.83	12.30	15.53
GM-34D	71.19	-242.81	51.61			
GM-34D2	71.19	-443.81	50.14	7.31	2.33	4.98
GM-36D	91.63	-117.37	51.78			
GM-36D2	91.60	-443.40	49.80	6.07	2.75	3.32
GM-37D	97.26	-154.74	53.01			
GM-37D2	97.17	-282.83	52.33	5.31	3.88	1.43
GM-38D	91.75	-238.25	49.15			
GM-38D2	91.56	-393.44	46.72	15.66	6.08	9.57
GM-39D	102.23	-169.77	57.54			
GM-39D2 ⁽³⁾	102.08	-312.92	54.28	22.77	13.46	9.31
GM-73D	104.87	-301.13	54.97			
GM-73D2	104.62	-437.38	52.49	18.20	18.78	-0.58
GM-74D	107.43	-192.57	56.85			
GM-74D2	107.36	-444.64	50.08	26.86	28.26	-1.40
N-10627	93.70	-198.80	55.83			
GM-75D2	93.63	-421.37	52.68	14.15	2.25	11.91

Vertical hydraulic gradients are calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(\text{Water-Level Elevation}_1 - \text{Water-Level Elevation}_2)}{(\text{Screen Midpoint Elevation}_1 - \text{Screen Midpoint Elevation}_2)}$$

- 1 - Shallower well of pairing
- 2 - Deeper well of pairing

A positive "+" gradient value indicates a downward hydraulic gradient.
 A negative "-" gradient value indicates an upward hydraulic gradient.

⁽³⁾ Water level appears anomalously high and therefore, 1/29/2003 actual gradient maybe greater than calculated gradient.

ft msl feet relative to mean sea level
 ft feet

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	10631	10631	10634	10634	GM-14	GM-14
		SAMPLE ID:	N-10631	N-10631	N-10634	N-10634	GM-14	GM-14
		DATE:	10/17/02	12/17/02	10/09/02	12/18/02	10/18/02	01/16/03
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<10	<10
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<10	<10 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<2	<10	<10
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<10	<10
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	2 J	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<10	<10
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		2 J	5 J	<5	2 J	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	2	<5	<5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	2 J	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	2 J	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<10	<10 J
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	-	-
Total VOCs			2	5	0	10	0	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-15S	GM-15S	GM-16SR	GM-16SR	GM-17SR	GM-17SR
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-15S	GM-15S	GM-16SR	GM-16SR	GM-17SR	GM-17SR
		DATE:	10/02/02	01/10/03	10/11/02	12/17/02	10/07/02	12/17/02
Chloromethane	5		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2 J	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	0.6 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		3 J	3 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	0.7 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs			3	4.3	0	0	0	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-18S	GM-18S	GM-21S	GM-21S	GM-32S	GM-32S
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-18S	GM-18S	GM-21S	GM-21S	GM-32S	GM-32S
		DATE:	10/07/02	12/17/02	10/10/02	12/18/02	10/17/02	12/19/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromomethane	5		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	1 J	1 J
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		0.5 J	1 J	<5	<5	110	94
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	1 J	1 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs			0.5	1	0	0	112	96

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-78S	GM-78S	HN-40S	HN-40S	HN-42S	HN-42S
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-78S	GM-78S	HN-40S	HN-40S	HN-42S	HN-42S
		DATE:	10/10/02	12/19/02	10/14/02	12/18/02	10/14/02	12/18/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	49
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	0.3 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	5 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		6	5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	0.6 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	0.3 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs			6	6.2	0	0	0	54

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

6 Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 7. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Shallow Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	MW-03R	MW-03R
		SAMPLE ID:	MW-3R	MW-3R
		DATE:	10/11/02	12/17/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		1 J	5 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	0.7 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5
Total VOCs			1	5.7

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-15I	GM-15I	GM-16I	GM-16I	GM-17I	GM-17I
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-15I	GM-15I	GM-16I	GM-16I	GM-17I	GM-17I
		DATE:	10/08/02	01/10/03	10/08/02	01/09/03	10/07/02	12/27/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2 J
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	2 J
Acetone	50		<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	0.5 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	1 J	1 J	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		8	7	13	10	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	2 J	2 J	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	1 J	0.6 J	<5	<5 J
Total VOCs			8	7	17	14.1	0	2

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-18I	GM-18I	GM-20I	GM-20I	GM-21I	GM-21I
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GM-18I 10/07/02	GM-18I 01/07/03	GM-20I 10/01/02	GM-20I 01/03/03	GM-21I 10/03/02	GM-21I 01/08/03
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	0.8 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2 J	<2	<2 J	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		1 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		2 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		3 J	1 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		7	<5	0.7 J	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs			13	1	0.7	0	0	0.8

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

7 Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-74I	GM-74I	GM-78I	GM-78I	GM-79I	GM-79I
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-74I	GM-74I	GM-78I	GM-78I	GM-79I	GM 79I
		DATE:	10/09/02	01/13/03	10/10/02	12/19/02	10/04/02	01/14/03
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5 J	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		<5	<5	5 J	4 J	1 J	3 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs			0	0	5	4	1	3

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	HN-24I	HN-24I	HN-24I	HN-29I	HN-29I	HN-40I
		SAMPLE ID:	HN-24I	HN-24I	REP122002	HN-29I	HN-29I	HN-40I
		DATE:	10/15/02	12/20/02	12/20/02	10/15/02	12/20/02	10/14/02
Chloromethane	5		<10	<5 J	<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5
Bromomethane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<4	<2	<2	<2	<2 J	<2
Chloroethane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<20	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		15	8	9	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<10	0.6 J	0.8 J	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<20	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		13	7	8	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		290	190	200	<5	<5	7
Dibromochloromethane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<1	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<20	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<20	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		5 J	4 J	4 J	<5	0.6 J	2 J
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<10	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<10 J	<5	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		51	29	30	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs			374	238.6	251.8	0	0.6	9

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

ARCADIS

Table 8. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Intermediate Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	HN-40I	HN-42I	HN-42I
		SAMPLE ID:	HN-40I	HN-42I	HN-42I
		DATE:	12/18/02	10/14/02	12/18/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		1 J	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		8	<5	0.4 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		2 J	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs			11	0	0.4

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	10627	10627	GM-13D	GM-13D	GM-15D
		SAMPLE ID:	N-10627	N-10627	GM-13D	GM-13D	GM-15D
		DATE:	10/10/02	01/09/03	10/09/02	01/16/03	10/08/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50 J	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<10	<20	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<50	<100 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	31 J	<50	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	100	99	4 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	54	56	8
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	170	200	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<25	<50	0.5 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5 J
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<50	<100 J	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	98	100	3 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Trichloroethene	5		2 J	0.7 J	250	290	9
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<4	<7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<50	<100	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<50	<100 J	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	720	760	8
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<25	<50	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	18 J	<50	<5
Total VOCs			2	0.7	1,441	1,505	32.5

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-15D	GM-17D	GM-17D	GM-18D	GM-18D	GM-20D
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-15D	GM-17D	GM-17D	GM-18D	GM-18D	GM-20D
		DATE:	01/06/03	10/07/02	12/27/02	10/03/02	12/27/02	10/01/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2 J	<2 J	<2 J	<2 J
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	2 J	<5	2 J	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	1 J	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		4 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		7	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		0.7 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		0.5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		3 J	<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		8	<5	<5	6	8	<5
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		8	<5	<5	<5	0.7 J	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	1 J	<5	<5 J	<5
Total VOCs			31.2	0	4	6	10.7	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

7 Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-20D	GM-21D	GM-21D	GM-34D	GM-34D	GM-36D
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-20D	GM-21D	GM-21D	GM-34D	GM-34D	GM-36D
		DATE:	01/03/03	10/08/02	01/08/03	06/20/02	01/16/03	10/02/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5 J
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5	1 J	<10	<10	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<4	<4	<2 J
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<20 J	<20	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	3 J	<10	<10	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	5 J	4 J	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	3 J	2 J	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	4 J	5 J	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<10	<10	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<20	<20	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<10	<10	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Trichloroethene	5		<5	3 J	2 J	210	230	24
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<1	<1	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<20	<20	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<20	<20	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	8 J	8 J	1 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<5	<10	<10	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	40	22	<5
Total VOCs			0	3	6	270	271	25

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-36D	GM-37D	GM-37D	GM-38D	GM-38D	GM-38D
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GM-36D 12/16/02	GM-37D 10/07/02	GM-37D 02/04/03	GM-38D 10/04/02	GM 38D 01/21/03	GM 38REP 01/21/03
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<25 J	<50	<50
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5 J	<25 J	<50	<50
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<10	<20	<20
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10	<50 J	<100	<100
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	3 J	2 J	<25	6 J	5 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	4 J	4 J	<25	<50	<50
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	1 J	<25	<50	<50
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<50 J	<100	<100
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	3 J	<25	4 J	<50
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	0.3 J	<25	<50	<50
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Trichloroethene	5		19	0.5 J	<5	830	1100	980
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<4	<7	<7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10 J	<50	<100	<100
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10	<50 J	<100	<100
Tetrachloroethene	5		1 J	<5	1 J	<25	<50	<50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5	<25	<50	<50
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<5 J	<25 J	<50	<50
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<5	<25	<50	<50
Total VOCs			20	7.5	11.3	830	1,110	985

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-39D	GM-39D	GM-73D	GM-73D	GM-73D
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-39D	GM-39D	GM-73D	GM-73D	GM-73D
		DATE:	11/26/02	01/07/03	10/18/02	11/25/02	01/15/03
Chloromethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Bromomethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2 J	<2	<10	<10 J	<10
Chloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Methylene chloride	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Acetone	50		<10 J	<10	<50	<50 J	<50 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Chloroform	7		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
2-Butanone	50		<10 J	<10	<50	<50 J	<50 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Trichloroethene	5		23 J	21	780	510 J	680
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Benzene	0.7		<0.7 J	<0.7	<4	<4 J	<4
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Bromoform	50		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10 J	<10	<50	<50 J	<50
2-Hexanone	50		<10 J	<10	<50	<50 J	<50 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	2 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Toluene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Chlorobenzene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Ethylbenzene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Styrene	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Xylene (total)	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5 J	<5	<25 J	<25 J	<25
Freon-113 *	5		<5 J	<5	<25	<25 J	<25
Total VOCs			23	21	780	510	682

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep Wells, Third and Fourth Quarters 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-74D	GM-74D	GM-79D	GM-79D	HN-29D	HN-29D
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GM-74D 10/09/02	GM-74D 01/13/03	GM-79D 10/04/02	GM 79D 01/14/03	HN-29D 10/15/02	HN-29D 12/20/02
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	1 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	1 J	1 J	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		10	9	96	110	1 J	2 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		2 J	2 J	1 J	1 J	<5	0.4 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5
Freon-113 *	5		<5	0.5 J	<5	2 J	<5	<5
Total VOCs			12	11.5	98	115	1	2.4

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

ARCADIS

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-15D2	GM-15D2	GM-33D2	GM-33D2	GM-34D2	GM-34D2
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-15D-2	GM-15D-2	GM-33D2	GM-33D-2	GM-34D2	GM-34D2
		DATE:	10/02/02	01/06/03	10/09/02	01/16/03	06/20/02	01/15/03
Chloromethane	5		<5 J	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5	<10	<10 J	<10	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2 J	<2	<4	<4	<4	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10	<20 J	<20 J	<20 J	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	1 J	<10	<10	9 J	4 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	2 J	2 J	3 J	5 J
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<10 J	<10	<10	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<20	<20 J	<20	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	0.5 J	<10 J	<10	<10	0.8 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Trichloroethene	5		16	13	240	170	230	130
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<1	<1	<1	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10	<20	<20	<20	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<20	<20 J	<20	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		20	20	10 J	11	10 J	11
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5	<10	<10	<10	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<10	5 J	19	11
Total VOCs			36	34.5	252	188	271	161.8

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-35D2	GM-35D2	GM-36D2	GM-36D2	GM-37D2	GM-37D2
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-35D-2	GM-35D-2	GM-36D2	GM-36D2	GM-37D2	GM 37D2
		DATE:	10/03/02	01/28/03	10/02/02	12/16/02	10/07/02	01/22/03
Chloromethane	5		<5 J	<20	<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Bromomethane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2 J	<8	<2 J	<2	<2	<2 J
Chloroethane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Acetone	50		<10	<40	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<20	5 J	1 J	<5	<5 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		1 J	2 J	<5	<5	2 J	3 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	9	9 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		4 J	4 J	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Chloroform	7		0.5 J	<20	<5	<5	1 J	1 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
2-Butanone	50		<10	<40	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		0.7 J	<20	<5	<5	<5	3 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		0.4 J	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Trichloroethene	5		430 D	340	<5	<5	4 J	4 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<3	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7 J
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromoform	50		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<40	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<40	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		6	6 J	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Toluene	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Styrene	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<20	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<20 J	<5	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		12	11 J	<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Total VOCs			454.6	363	5	1	16	20

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-38D2	GM-38D2	GM-39D2	GM-39D2	GM-70D2	GM-70D2
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-38D2	GM38D2	GM-39D2	GM-39D-2	GM-70D2	GM 70D2
		DATE:	10/04/02	12/10/02	11/25/02	01/07/03	10/08/02	01/20/03
Chloromethane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromomethane	5		<100 J	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<40	<20	<2 J	<2	<2	<2 J
Chloroethane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Methylene chloride	5		<100	10 J	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Acetone	50		<200	<180	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<100	6 J	<5 J	0.6 J	1 J	1 J
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Chloroform	7		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5 J
2-Butanone	50		<200	<100	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromodichloromethane	50		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Trichloroethene	5		1500	1400	110 J	110	63	94 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Benzene	0.7		<14	<7	<0.7 J	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7 J
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromoform	50		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<200 J	<100	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<200 J	<100	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	0.4 J	2 J	5 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<100 J	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Toluene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Chlorobenzene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Ethylbenzene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Styrene	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Xylene (total)	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		<100	<50	<5 J	<5	<5	2 J
Total VOCs			1,500	1,416	110	111	66	102

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

 Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-71D2	GM-71D2	GM-73D2	GM-73D2	GM-74D2	GM-74D2
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-71D2	GM-71D-2	GM-73D2	GM-73D-2	GM-74D2	GM-74D-2
		DATE:	10/08/02	02/04/03	11/22/02	01/13/03	10/09/02	01/13/03
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5 J	<50 J	<50 J	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2	<20 J	<20	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10 J	<10	<100 J	<100	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<5	0.8 J	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	2 J	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		1 J	2 J	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5 J	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10	<100 J	<100	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		0.4 J	0.7 J	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		2 J	2 J	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		4 J	5 J	1200 J	1100	8	8
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7	<7 J	<7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<100 J	<100 J	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10	<100 J	<100	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		<5	<5	4 J	5 J	5 J	5 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<5 J	<50 J	<50 J	<5	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		<5	<5	<50 J	<50	<5	<5
Total VOCs			7.4	12.5	1,204	1,105	13	13

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	GM-75D2	GM-75D2	GP-1	GP-1	GP-3	GP-3
		SAMPLE ID:	GM-75D-2	GM-75D-2	GP-1	GP-1	GP-3	GP-3
		DATE:	10/03/02	01/09/03	10/14/02	01/13/03	10/14/02	01/13/03
Chloromethane	5		<5 J	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Bromomethane	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2 J	<20	<2	<2 J	47 J	60 J
Chloroethane	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Acetone	50		<10	<100	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		36	29 J	6 J	7 J	15 J	17 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		5	<50	<5	2 J	4 J	4 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		3 J	<50	11 J	13 J	10 J	10 J
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Chloroform	7		0.4 J	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	0.5 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
2-Butanone	50		<10	<100	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		11	8 J	<5	2 J	5 J	5 J
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Trichloroethene	5		1500 D	980	560 DJ	570 D	2500 DJ	3800 D
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<7	<0.7	<0.7 J	<0.7	<0.7 J
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Bromoform	50		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<100	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<100	<10	<10 J	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	5		11	9 J	85 J	100 J	60 J	71 J
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Toluene	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Styrene	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<50	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5	<50	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		<5		12 J	11 J	14 J	28 J
Freon-113 *	5						28 J	29 J
Total VOCs			1,566	1,038	673	708	2,669	3996.5

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL: GP-1/3 INFLUENT	GP-1/3 INFLUENT	GP-1/3 EFFLUENT	GP-1/3 EFFLUENT	
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GP1/3 INF 10/14/02	GP-1/3 INFLUENT 01/13/03	GP1/3 EFF 10/14/02	GP-1/3 EFFLUENT 01/13/03
Chloromethane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<20	16 J	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		5 J	<5 J	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<100	<10 J	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<50	10 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<50	3 J	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		11 J	12 J	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<100	<10 J	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<50	3 J	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		1400	1500 D	<5	3 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<7	<0.7 J	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<100	<10 J	<10	<10 J
2-Hexanone	50		<100 J	<10 J	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		80	97 J	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<50	<5 J	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<50 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		12 J	17 J	<5	<5
Total VOCs			1,508	1658	0	3

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

ARCADIS

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	ONCT-1	ONCT-1	ONCT-2	ONCT-2	ONCT-3	ONCT-3
		SAMPLE ID:	ONCT 1	ONCT-1	ONCT2	ONCT-2	ONCT3	ONCT-3
		DATE:	10/14/02	01/13/03	10/14/02	01/13/03	10/14/02	01/13/03
Chloromethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<2	<2 J	<4	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		<5	<5 J	1 J	<5	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<10	<10 J	<20	<10	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		3 J	3 J	3 J	4 J	<5	1 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	2 J	<5	1 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		4 J	4 J	<10	2 J	8	10
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	1 J	1 J
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<10	<10 J	<20	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	2 J	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		1200 DJ	1200 D	200	170	26	26
Dibromochloromethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<0.7	<0.7 J	<1	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<10	<10 J	<20	<10 J	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<10	<10 J	<20 J	<10	<10 J	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		11 J	18 J	8 J	9	10	10
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<5	<5 J	<10	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<5 J	<5 J	<10 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		7 J	8 J	<10	1 J	<5	0.8 J
Total VOCs			1,225	1233	212	190	45	49.8

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	WELL:	ONCT INFLUENT	ONCT INFLUENT	ONCT EFFLUENT	ONCT EFFLUENT
		SAMPLE ID: DATE:	ONCT INF 10/14/02	ONCT INFLUENT 01/13/03	ONCT EFF 10/14/02	ONCT EFFLUENT 01/13/03
Chloromethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Bromomethane	5		<25	<25 J	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride	2		<10	<10	<2	<2
Chloroethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	5		5 J	<25	<5	<5
Acetone	50		<50	<50	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide	50		<25	<25	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5		<25	3 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<25	7 J	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Chloroform	7		<25	<25	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
2-Butanone	50		<50	<50	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	50		<25	<25	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	5		600	490	<5	0.5 J
Dibromochloromethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Benzene	0.7		<4	<4	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Bromoform	50		<25	<25	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50		<50	<50 J	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	50		<50 J	<50	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene	5		9 J	13 J	<5	<5
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Toluene	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Styrene	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	5		<25	<25	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	NE		<25 J	<25 J	<5 J	<5 J
Freon-113 *	5		<25	4 J	<5	<5
Total VOCs			614	517	0	0.5

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Deep2 Wells and OU2 Groundwater Remedial Treatment Systems, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC Standards	WELL: ONCT INFLUENT
	Criteria and Guidance Values ⁽¹⁾	SAMPLE ID: REP011303 DATE: 01/13/03
Chloromethane	5	<25
Bromomethane	5	<25 J
Vinyl Chloride	2	<10
Chloroethane	5	<25
Methylene chloride	5	<25
Acetone	50	<50
Carbon disulfide	50	<25
1,1-Dichloroethene	5	3 J
1,1-Dichloroethane	5	<25
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5	7 J
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5	<25
Chloroform	7	<25
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	<25
2-Butanone	50	<50
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5	<25
Carbon tetrachloride	5	<25
Bromodichloromethane	50	<25
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	<25
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	<25
Trichloroethene	5	530
Dibromochloromethane	5	<25
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	<25
Benzene	0.7	<4
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	<25
Bromoform	50	<25
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50	<50 J
2-Hexanone	50	<50
Tetrachloroethene	5	13 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5	<25
Toluene	5	<25
Chlorobenzene	5	<25
Ethylbenzene	5	<25
Styrene	5	<25
Xylene (total)	5	<25
Vinyl Acetate	NE	<25 J
Freon-113 *	5	5 J
Total VOCs		558

VOCs Volatile organic compounds

ug/L Micrograms per liter

J Estimated value

D Constituent identified at a secondary dilution.

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCG) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

* Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

REP Replicate sample

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

NE No SCG established

Bold value indicates a detection.

OU2 Operable Unit 2

ARCADIS

Table 11. Concentrations of Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) Detected in Groundwater and Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

WELL/BLANK SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE ID	DATE	Tentatively Identified Compounds (Units in ug/L)						
			1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Acetic Acid, Methyl Ester	Cyclotetrasiloxane, octameth	Methylacetate	Unknown Alkane	Unknown Siloxane	
GM-13D	GM-13D	01/16/03	--	--	--	--	--	54 J	
GM-15I	GM-15I	01/10/03	--	--	25 JN	--	--	15 J	
GM-20D	GM-20D	01/03/03	--	--	--	--	--	100 J	
GM-21D	GM-21D	01/08/03	--	--	--	--	--	120 J	
GM-21I	GM-21I	01/08/03	--	--	--	--	--	120 J	
GM-33D2	GM-33D-2	01/16/03	--	--	--	--	--	19 J	
GM-36D2	36D2	12/16/02	--	11 JN	--	--	--	--	
GM-37D	GM-37D	02/04/03	--	--	8 JN	2 JN	--	82 J	
GM-38D	GM 38D	01/21/03	--	--	54 JN	--	--	--	
GM-38D2	GM38D2	12/10/02	--	--	130 JN	--	--	64 J	
GM-73D2	GM-73D-2	01/13/03	--	--	--	--	--	640 J	
GP-1	GP-1	01/13/03	--	--	9 JN	--	--	100 J	
GP-1/3 INFLUENT	GP-1/3 INFLUENT	01/13/03	--	--	5 JN	--	--	--	
GP-3	GP-3	01/13/03	--	--	--	--	--	130 J	
ONCT-1	ONCT-1	01/13/03	--	--	44 JN	--	--	21.31	
ONCT-3	ONCT-3	01/13/03	--	--	8 JN	--	--	65 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB010603	01/06/03	--	--	6 JN	--	--	93 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB010703	01/07/03	--	--	5 JN	--	--	100 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB011003	01/10/03	--	--	--	--	--	58 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB011303	01/13/03	--	--	9 JN	--	--	3 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB011403	01/14/03	--	--	12 JN	--	--	4 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB011503	01/15/03	--	--	8 JN	--	5 J	6 J & 2 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB011603	01/16/03	--	--	--	--	4 J	--	
TRIP BLANK	TB012003	01/20/03	--	--	10 JN	--	--	6 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB012103	01/21/03	--	--	--	--	--	4 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB012203	01/22/03	--	--	--	--	--	2 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB012803	01/28/03	--	--	--	--	--	94 J	
TRIP BLANK	TB020403	02/04/03	0.1 JN	--	--	--	--	--	
WATER EQ.BLANK	FB010903	01/09/03	--	--	--	--	--	120 J	
WATER EQ.BLANK	FB011503	01/15/03	--	--	--	--	--	5 J	

TICs are identified based on review of mass spectrometry results via a comprehensive library search of all organic compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter
 -- Not Detected
 J Estimated value
 N Presumptive evidence of this constituent. Calibrations were not run for this constituent; therefore, the results should be used for qualitative purposes only.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE: TRIP BLANK TRIP BLANK TRIP BLANK TRIP BLANK TRIP BLANK TRIP BLANK						
	SAMPLE ID: DATE:	TB121002 12/10/02	TB121602 12/16/02	TB121702 12/17/02	TB121802 12/18/02	TB121902 12/19/02	TB122002 12/20/02
Chloromethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Bromomethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	2 J	<5
Acetone	13	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Carbon disulfide	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs	13	0	0	0	0	2	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 J Estimated value
 B Detected in an associated method blank.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.

Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE: TRIP BLANK		TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK
	SAMPLE ID:	TB122702	TB010303	TB010603	TB010703	TB010803	TB010903
	DATE:	12/27/02	01/03/03	01/06/03	01/07/03	01/08/03	01/09/03
Chloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane		<5	<5	1 J	1 J	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride		<2 J	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride		<5	<5	<5	<5	0.5 J	0.4 J
Acetone		<10	5 J	<10	8 J	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone		<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene		<5 J	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *		<5 J	<5	0.6 J	0.8 J	<5	<5
Total VOCs		0	5	1.6	9.8	0.5	0.4

VOCs Volatile organic compounds
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 J Estimated value
 B Detected in an associated method blank.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.
Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE:	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK
	SAMPLE ID:	TB011003	TB011303	TB011303 (S)	TB011403	TB011503	TB011603
	DATE:	01/10/03	01/13/03	01/13/03	01/14/03	01/15/03	01/16/03
Chloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane		<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride		<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride		0.5 JB	0.5 J	<5	1 J	0.5 J	<5
Acetone		<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone		<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone		<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate		<5 J	<5 J	<5 J	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs		0.5	0.5	0	1	0.5	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 J Estimated value
 B Detected in an associated method blank.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.
Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE:	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK	TRIP BLANK
	SAMPLE ID:	TB012003	TB012103	TB012203	TB012803	TB020403
	DATE:	01/20/03	01/21/03	01/22/03	01/28/03	02/04/03
Chloromethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Bromomethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride		<2 J	<2	<2 J	<2	<2
Chloroethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Methylene chloride		<5 J	0.3 J	<5 J	<5	<5
Acetone		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
Carbon disulfide		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Chloroform		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
2-Butanone		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Trichloroethene		<5 J	0.6 J	<5 J	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Benzene		<0.7 J	<0.7	<0.7 J	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Bromoform		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	1 J
2-Hexanone		<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Toluene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Styrene		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Xylene (total)		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5 J	<5 J
Freon-113 *		<5 J	<5	<5 J	<5	<5
Total VOCs		0	0.9	0	0	1

VOCs Volatile organic compounds
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 J Estimated value
 B Detected in an associated method blank.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.
Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE: WATER EQ.BLANK				
	SAMPLE ID: DATE:	FB121702 12/17/02	FB121802 12/18/02	FB121902 12/19/02	FB122002 12/20/02
Chloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5 J
Bromomethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride		<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride		0.5 JB	<5	3 J	<5
Acetone		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride		<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane		<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform		<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone		<10	<10	<10	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)		<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate		<5	<5	<5	<5
Freon-113 *		<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs		0.5	0	3	0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 J Estimated value
 B Detected in an associated method blank.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.
Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE: WATER EQ.BLANK				
	SAMPLE ID: DATE:	FB010703 01/07/03	FB010903 01/09/03	FB011003 01/10/03	FB011503 01/15/03
Chloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane		0.9 J	<5	<5 J	<5 J
Vinyl Chloride		<2	<2	<2	<2
Chloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Methylene chloride		<5	0.6 J	0.4 JB	0.5 J
Acetone		5 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Carbon disulfide		<5	0.7 J	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Butanone		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon tetrachloride		<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane		<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene		4 J	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene		<0.7	<0.7	<0.7	<0.7
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform		<5	<5	<5	<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Hexanone		<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J
Tetrachloroethene		<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Styrene		<5	<5	<5	<5
Xylene (total)		<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Acetate		<5	<5	<5 J	<5
Freon-113 *		<5	<5	<5	<5
Total VOCs		9.9	1.3	0.4	0.5

VOCs Volatile organic compounds
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 J Estimated value
 B Detected in an associated method blank.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.
Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 12. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE: WATER EQ.BLANK	
	SAMPLE ID:	FB011603
	DATE:	01/16/03
Chloromethane		<10
Bromomethane		<10 J
Vinyl Chloride		<10
Chloroethane		<10
Methylene chloride		<5
Acetone		<10
Carbon disulfide		<10
1,1-Dichloroethene		<5
1,1-Dichloroethane		<5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<5
Chloroform		<5
1,2-Dichloroethane		<5
2-Butanone		<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<5
Carbon tetrachloride		<5
Bromodichloromethane		<5
1,2-Dichloropropane		<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5
Trichloroethene		<5
Dibromochloromethane		<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<5
Benzene		<5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<5
Bromoform		<5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		<10
2-Hexanone		<10
Tetrachloroethene		<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<5
Toluene		<5
Chlorobenzene		<5
Ethylbenzene		<5
Styrene		<5
Xylene (total)		<5
Vinyl Acetate		<10 J
Freon-113 *		--
Total VOCs		0

VOCs Volatile organic compounds
 ug/L Micrograms per liter
 J Estimated value
 B Detected in an associated method blank.
 * Freon 113 also known as 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane.
Bold value indicates a detection.

Table 13. Concentrations of Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Groundwater and Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE:	GM-14	WATER EQ.BLANK
	SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GM-14 01/16/03	FB011603 01/16/03
Phenol		<10	<10
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether		<10	<10
2-Chlorophenol		<10	<10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		<10	<10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		<10	<10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		<10	<10
2-Methylphenol		<10	<10
Propane, 2,2'-oxybis[1-chloro-		<10	<10
4-Methylphenol		<10	<10
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine		<10	<10
Hexachloroethane		<10	<10
Nitrobenzene		<10	<10
Isophorone		<10	<10
2-Nitrophenol		<10	<10
2,4-Dimethylphenol		<10	<10
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane		<10	<10
2,4-Dichlorophenol		<10	<10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		<10	<10
Naphthalene		<10	<10
4-Chloroaniline		<10	<10
Hexachlorobutadiene		<10	<10
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol		<10	<10
2-Methylnaphthalene		<10	<10
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		<10	<10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		<10	<10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		<50	<50
2-Chloronaphthalene		<10	<10
2-Nitroaniline		<50	<50
Dimethylphthalate		<10	<10
Acenaphthylene		<10	<10
2,6-Dinitrotoluene		<10	<10
3-Nitroaniline		<50	<50
Acenaphthene		<10	<10
2,4-Dinitrophenol		<50	<50
4-Nitrophenol		<50	<50
Dibenzofuran		<10	<10
2,4-Dinitrotoluene		<10	<10
Diethylphthalate		<10	<10
CPPE4		<10	<10
Fluorene		<10	<10
4-Nitroaniline		<50	<50
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol		<50	<50
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)		<10	<10
Benzene, 1-bromo-4-phenoxy-		<10	<10
Hexachlorobenzene		<10	<10
Pentachlorophenol		<50	<50
Phenanthrene		<10	<10
Anthracene		<10	<10
Carbazole		<10	<10
Di-n-butylphthalate		<10	<10

Table 13. Concentrations of Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Groundwater and Blank Samples, Fourth Quarter 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT: (Units in ug/L)	SAMPLE TYPE:	GM-14	WATER EQ.BLANK
	SAMPLE ID: DATE:	GM-14 01/16/03	FB011603 01/16/03
Fluoranthene		<10	<10
Pyrene		<10	<10
Butylbenzylphthalate		<10	<10
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		<20	<20
Benzo(a)anthracene		<10	<10
Chrysene		<10	<10
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (BEHP)		<10	<10
Di-n-octylphthalate		<10	<10
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		<10	<10
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		<10	<10
Benzo(a)pyrene		<10	<10
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		<10	<10
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		<10	<10
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		<10	<10
Benzoic acid		<50	<50
Benzyl alcohol		<10	<10
Sum of Constituents		0	0

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

ARCADIS

Table 14. Concentrations of Total and Dissolved Cadmium and Chromium Detected in Groundwater and Blank Samples, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC SCGs (1)	WELL: SAMPLE ID:	10631 N-10631	12/17/02	10631 N-10631	12/17/02	GM-15S GM-15S	01/10/03	GM-16SR GM-16SR	10/11/02	GM-16SR GM-16SR	12/17/02	GM-17SR GM-17SR	10/07/02	GM-17S GM-17SR	GM-18S GM-18S	10/07/02	GM-18S GM-18S	12/17/02	GM-32S GM-32S	10/17/02	GM-32S GM-32S	12/19/02	GM-78S GM-78S	10/10/02
Cadmium, Total	5		1.8 B	3.4 B		--	--	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3
Cadmium, Dissolved	5		1.4 B	3 B		--	--	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	--
Chromium, Total	50		4.6 B	31.4		517	--	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	4.9 B	<1.5	2.4 B	<1.5	134	160	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5
Chromium, Dissolved	50		2 B	19.7		--	--	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	130	74.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	--

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCGs) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

ug/L
B Detected between the IDL and CRDL
 IDL Instrument detection limit
 CRDL Contract-required detection limit
 NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
 EQ Equipment
 Value exceeds associated SCG value.
Bold Constituent detected above IDL.
 -- Not analyzed.

ARCADIS

Table 14. Concentrations of Total and Dissolved Cadmium and Chromium Detected in Groundwater and Blank Samples, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYDEC SCGs (1)	WELL: SAMPLE ID:	GM-78S GM-78I	GM-78I GM-78I	GM-78I GM-78I	MW-01GF MW-1GF	MW-01GF MW-1GF	MW-02GF MW-2GF	MW-02GF MW-2GF	MW-03R MW-3R	MW-03R MW-3R	MW-04 PLT1	MW-05 PLT1	MW-04 PLT1	MW-05 PLT1
Cadmium, Total	5		<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	26.7	33.2	--	--	--	--
Cadmium, Dissolved	5		--	--	--	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	<1.3	29.1	32.3	--	--	--	--
Chromium, Total	50		<1.5	<1.5	2.2 B	<1.5	<1.5	36.3	36.2	37.8	60.7	<1.5	<1.5	539	--
Chromium, Dissolved	50		--	--	--	<1.5	<1.5	36.4	36.9	40.1	57.6	--	--	--	--

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCGs) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

ug/L Micrograms per liter

B Detected between the IDL and CRDL

IDL Instrument detection limit

CRDL Contract-required detection limit

NYDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

EQ Equipment

Value exceeds associated SCG value.

Constituent detected above IDL.


-- Not analyzed.

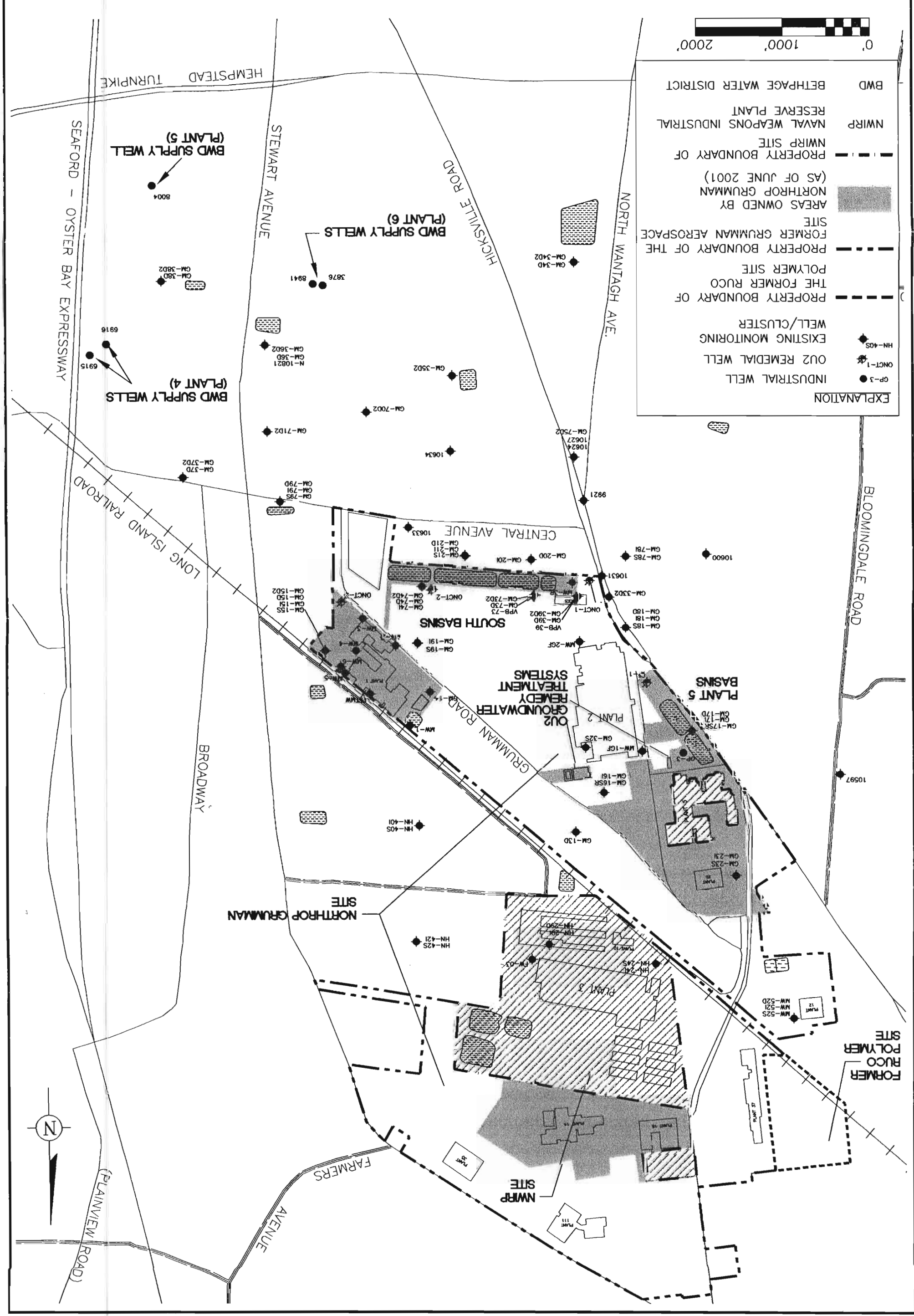
Table 14. Concentrations of Total and Dissolved Cadmium and Chromium Detected in Groundwater and Blank Samples, Third and Fourth Quarters of 2002, Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York.

CONSTITUENT (Units in ug/L)	NYSDEC SCGs ⁽¹⁾	WELL: SAMPLE ID:	MW-06 PLT1 MW-06	WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK WATER EQ.BLANK	FB121702 FB121902	FB011003 FB011003	DATE:	01/10/03 12/19/02 01/10/03
Cadmium, Total	5	--	--	<1.3	<1.3	--	--	--
Cadmium, Dissolved	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chromium, Total	50		281	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	--	<1.5
Chromium, Dissolved	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

(1) Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCGs) values based on documents referenced in the Groundwater Feasibility Study Report (ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller 2000); most stringent value listed.

ug/L Micrograms per liter
 B Detected between the IDL and CRDL
 IDL Instrument detection limit
 CRDL Contract-required detection limit
 NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
 EQ Equipment
 Value exceeds associated SCG value.
Constituent detected above IDL.
 -- Not analyzed.

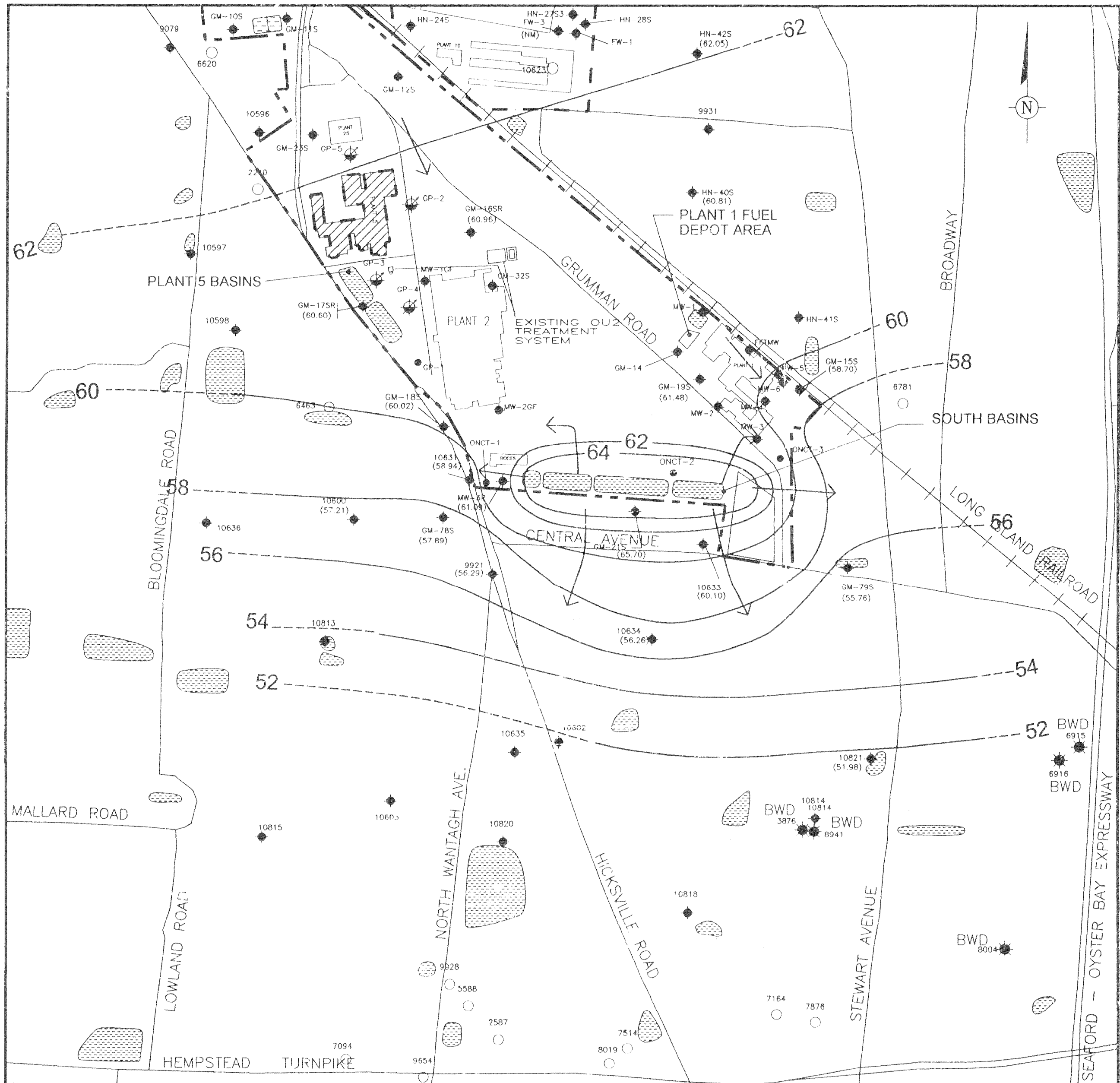
 ARCADIS G&M 80 BUREAU ROAD LITTLE NEW YORK 11762 TEL: 516/240-7900 FAX: 516/240-7910		NORTHROP GRUWMAN CORPORATION BETHPAGE, NEW YORK	LOCATION OF O22 GROUNDWATER REMEDY AND WELLS PROJECT NUMBER: NY001348.001 LEAD DESIGN PROF.: CHECKED: P.S. DEPARTMENT MANAGER:	DRAWN: A.G. DATE: 10/23/02 PROJECT MANAGER:	DRAWING NUMBER: 1
--	--	---	---	---	-------------------



EXPLANATION

● GP-3	INDUSTRIAL WELL
★ ONCT-1	O22 REMEDIAL WELL
◆ HN-405	EXISTING MONITORING WELL/CLUSTER
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF THE FORMER RUCO POLYMER SITE
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF NORTHROP GRUWMAN (AS OF JUNE 2001)
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF FORMER GRUWMAN AEROSPACE SITE
---	AREAS OWNED BY NORTHROP GRUWMAN
---	PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF NAVAL WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT
---	BWD BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT

FILE: G:\PROJECT\NORTHROP GRUMMAN\CADD\SHALLOW_04-02JANUARY.DWG. DATE: 07/22/2003 02:58:20PM



- ### EXPLANATION
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF FORMER GRUMMAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION
 - PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF THE U.S. NAVY SITE
 - RECHARGE BASIN
 - GM-19S (61.48) LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF SHALLOW MONITORING WELL AND WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL
 - 3876 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT PUBLIC SUPPLY WELL (SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY)
 - 3554 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ADDITIONAL WELL
 - GP-3 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF GRUMMAN INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY WELL (SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY)
 - ONCT-1 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ON-SITE O2 REMEDIAL WELL (SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY)
 - HORIZONTAL COMPONENT OF GROUNDWATER FLOW
 - 60 LINE OF EQUAL WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL (DASHED WHERE APPROXIMATE)
 - O2 OPERABLE UNIT 2
 - BWD BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT
 - USGS UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

- ### NOTES:
1. THIS FIGURE INCLUDES LOCATIONS OF MONITORING WELLS AND PUBLIC SUPPLY WELLS AS OF SEPTEMBER 25, 2001.
 2. O2 WELLS ONCT-1, ONCT-2, ONCT-3, AND GP-1 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE AND INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY WELL GP-3 IS ALSO SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE.
 3. BWD WELL 3876 IS SCREENED IN THE DEEP ZONE.
 4. BWD WELLS 6915, 6916, 8004, AND 8941 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE.
 5. BASIN LOCATIONS OBTAINED FROM USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS (HICKSVILLE, AMITYVILLE, HUNTINGTON, AND FREEPORT QUADRANGLES), AND INFORMATION PROVIDED BY NORTHROP GRUMMAN.

0 800 FT

ARCADIS G&M
 88 Duryea Road
 Melville, New York 11747
 Tel: 631/249-7600 Fax: 631/249-7610



NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORPORATION
 BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

DRAWN
AG

DATE
3/27/03

PROJECT MANAGER
CSG

DEPARTMENT MANAGER
MW

**WATER-TABLE CONFIGURATION
 AND HORIZONTAL GROUNDWATER FLOW
 DIRECTIONS IN THE SHALLOW ZONE**
 JANUARY 29, 2003

LEAD DESIGN PROF.

CHECKED
SH

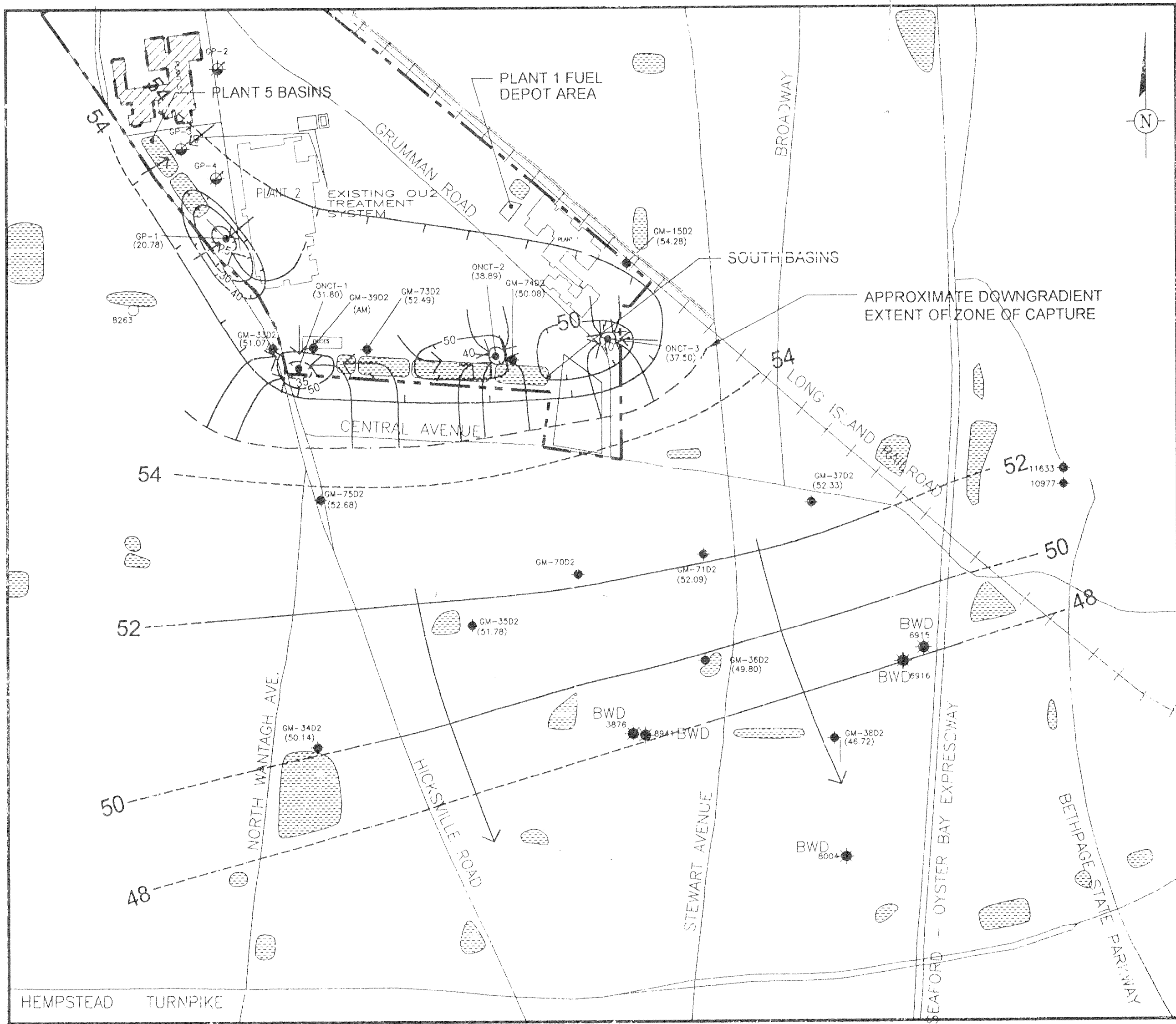
PROJECT NUMBER

DRAWING NUMBER

NY001348.0013

2

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EXPLANATION

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF FORMER GRUMMAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION
- RECHARGE BASIN
- GM-3602 (46.72) LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF D2 (VERY DEEP) MONITORING WELL AND WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL.
- 3876 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT PUBLIC SUPPLY WELL
- 8263 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ADDITIONAL WELL
- GP-3 LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF GRUMMAN INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY
- ONCT-3 (37.50) LOCATION AND DESIGNATION OF ON-SITE OU2 REMEDIAL WELL AND WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL
- HORIZONTAL COMPONENT OF GROUNDWATER FLOW
- 52 ——— LINE OF EQUAL WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION IN FEET RELATIVE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL (DASHED WHERE APPROXIMATE)
- LINE OF EQUAL WATER-LEVEL ELEVATION DENOTING A DECREASE IN POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE ELEVATION IN FT. MSL.
- OU2 OPERABLE UNIT 2
- GPM GALLONS PER MINUTE
- BWD BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT
- USGS UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
- AM ANOMALOUS MEASUREMENT

NOTES:

1. THIS FIGURE INCLUDES LOCATIONS OF MONITORING WELLS AND PUBLIC SUPPLY WELLS AS OF SEPTEMBER 25, 2001.
2. OU2 REMEDIAL WELLS GP-1, ONCT-1, ONCT-2, AND ONCT-3 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE AND WERE PUMPING AT 1,100 GPM, 900 GPM, 650 GPM, AND 450 GPM, RESPECTIVELY AT THE TIME OF WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT.
3. BWD WELL 3876 IS SCREENED IN THE DEEP ZONE.
4. BWD WELLS 6915, 6916, 8004, AND 8941 ARE SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE.
5. INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY WELL GP-3 IS SCREENED IN THE D2 ZONE AND WAS PUMPING AT A RATE OF 450 GPM AT THE TIME OF WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT.
6. BASIN LOCATIONS OBTAINED FROM USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS (SICKLEVILLE, MANVILLE, HUNTINGTON, AND FREEPORT QUADRANGLES), AND INFORMATION PROVIDED BY NORTHROP GRUMMAN.

0 800 FT

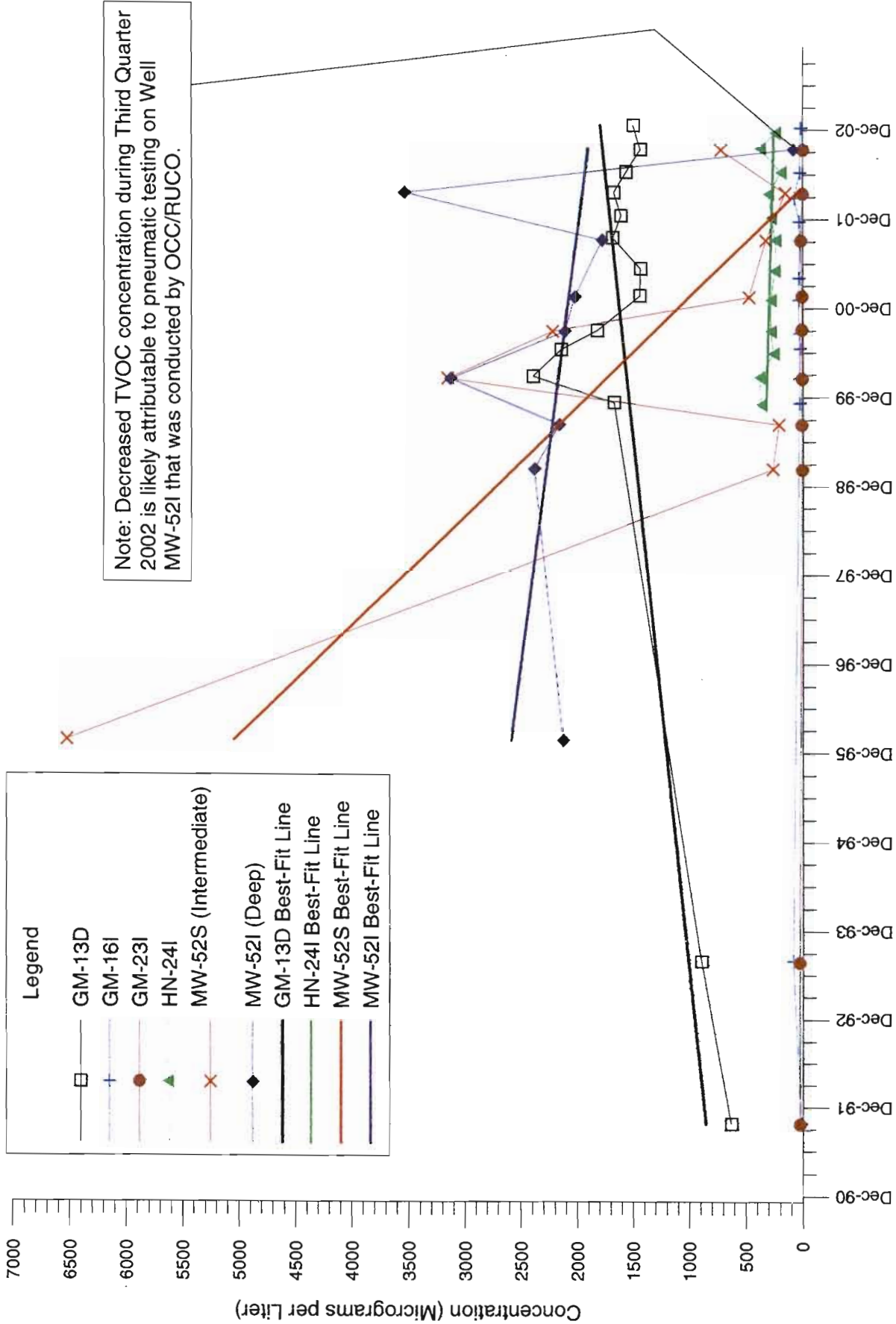
ARCADIS G&M

88 Duryea Road
Melville, New York 11747
Tel: 631/249-7600 Fax: 631/249-7610



NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORPORATION
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

DRAWN: AG	DATE 3/27/03	PROJECT MANAGER CGS	DEPARTMENT MANAGER MW
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE ELEVATION AND HORIZONTAL GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTIONS IN THE D2 ZONE JANUARY 29, 2002		CADD DESIGN PROF.	CHECKED DES
		PROJECT NUMBER NY001348.006	DRAWING NUMBER 4



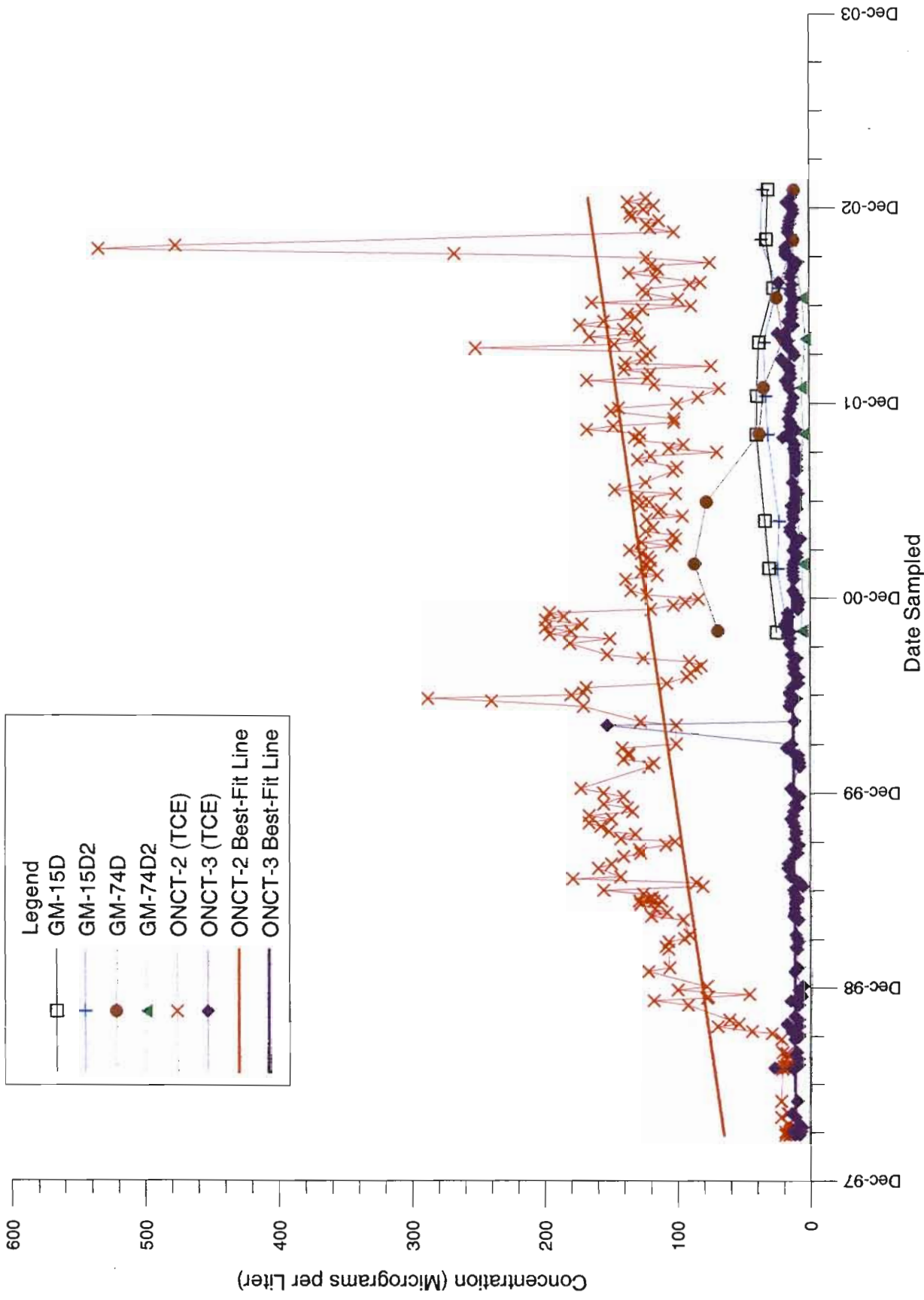
Date Sampled

\\ny1-srv1\apojsc\northrop_grumman\superfund\NY001-348-0006\2002Trend\Graphs\3D_161_241_52S_52I.GRF



Total Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations in On-Site Intermediate and Deep Monitoring Wells Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

FIGURE 5



\\ny1-l-srv1\project\horthrop_grumman\superfund\NY001348.0006\150102_740D02_ONCT1.ONCT2.GRF

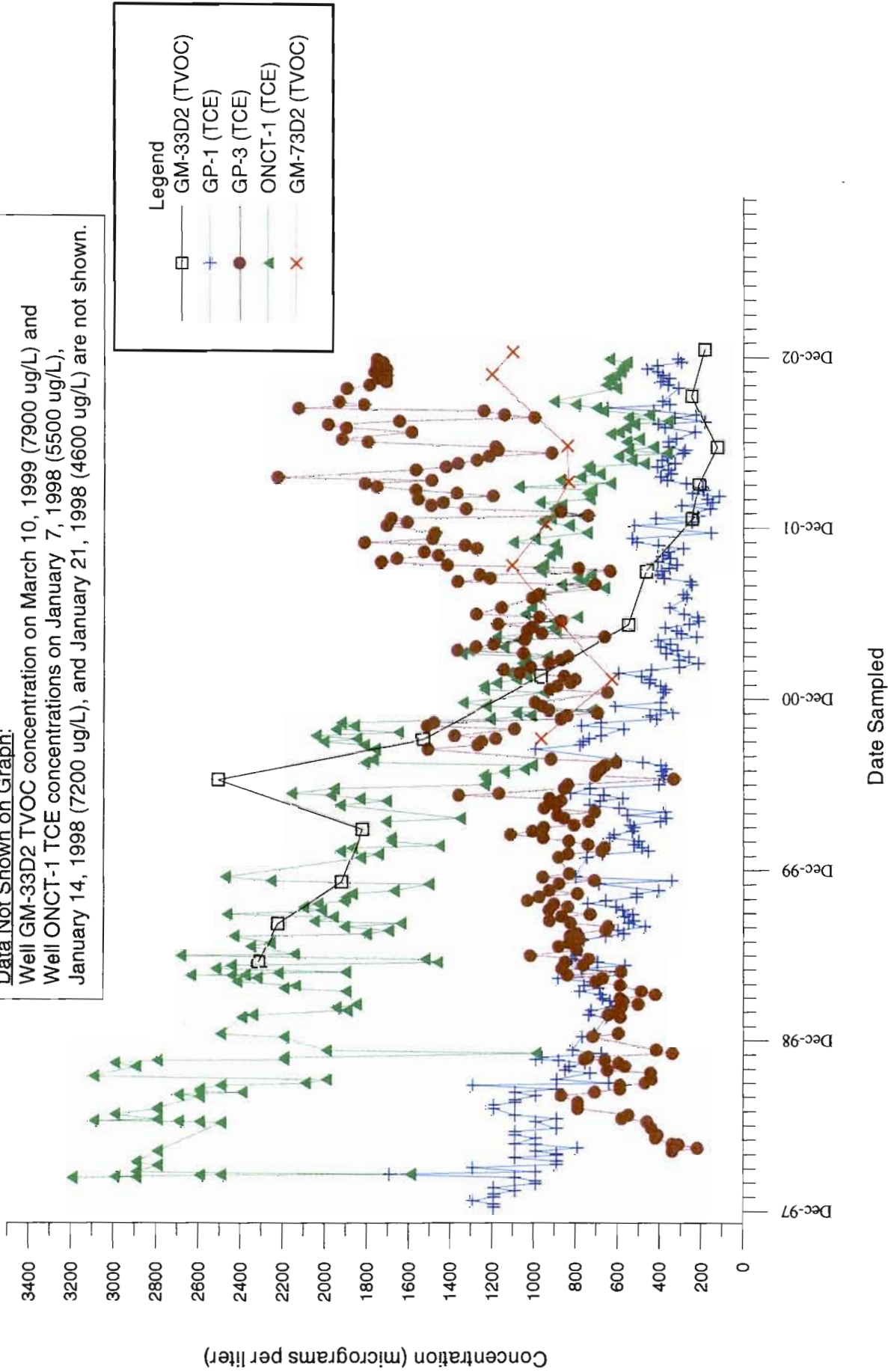


Total Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations along the Southeastern Property Boundary in On-site Deep and Deep2 Monitoring Wells and Remedial Wells ONCT-2 and ONCT-3 Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

FIGURE 6

Data Not Shown on Graph:

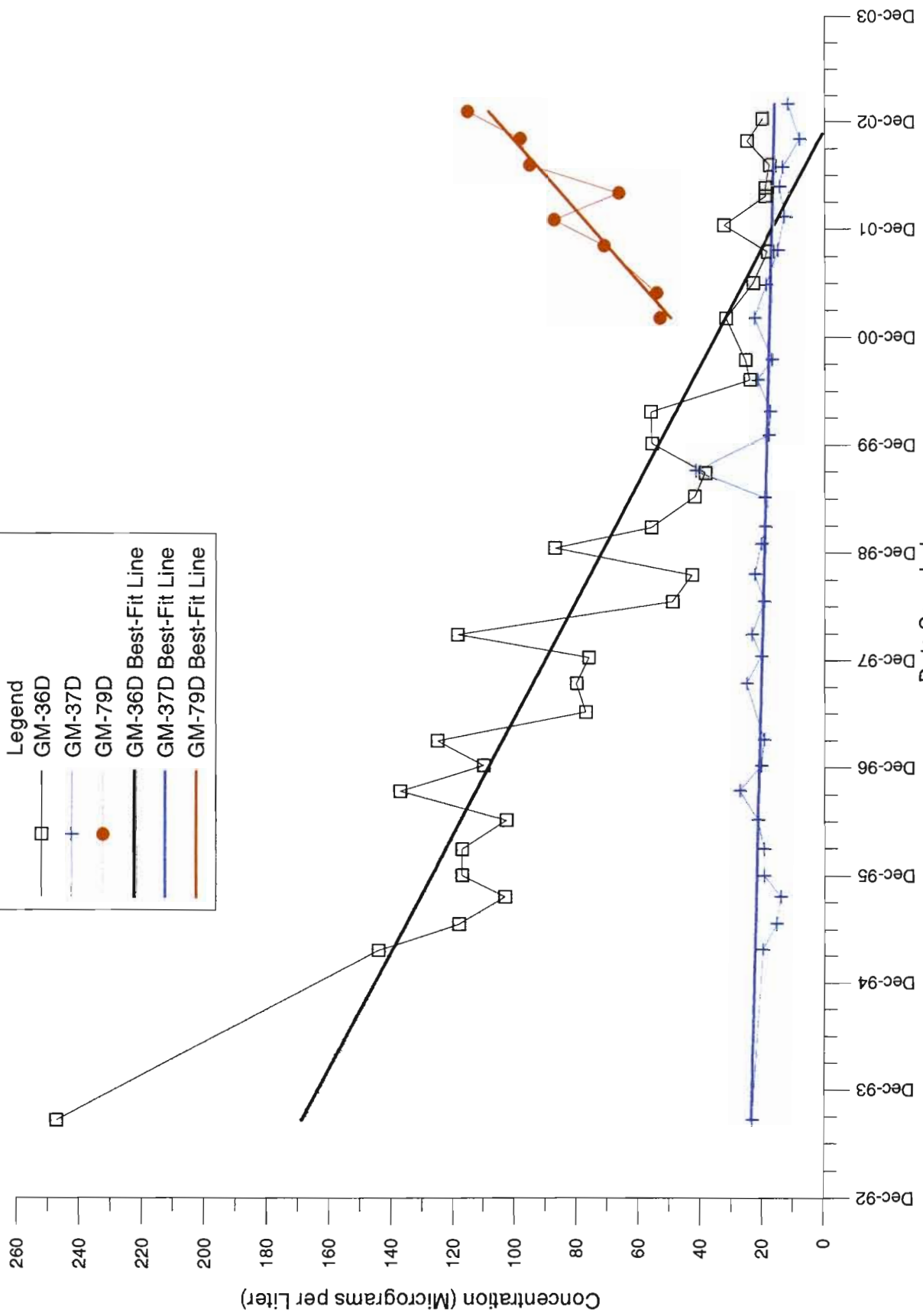
Well GM-33D2 TVOC concentration on March 10, 1999 (7900 ug/L) and Well ONCT-1 TCE concentrations on January 7, 1998 (5500 ug/L), January 14, 1998 (7200 ug/L), and January 21, 1998 (4600 ug/L) are not shown.



\\ny1-srv1\data\project\northrop_grumman\superfund\NY001348_0006\O\MM\2002TrendGraphs\TCE.GRF



Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations along the Southern and Southwestern Property Boundary in Deep 2 OU2 Remedial Wells, Industrial Well GP-3, and Monitoring Wells GM-33D2 and GM-73D2
Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

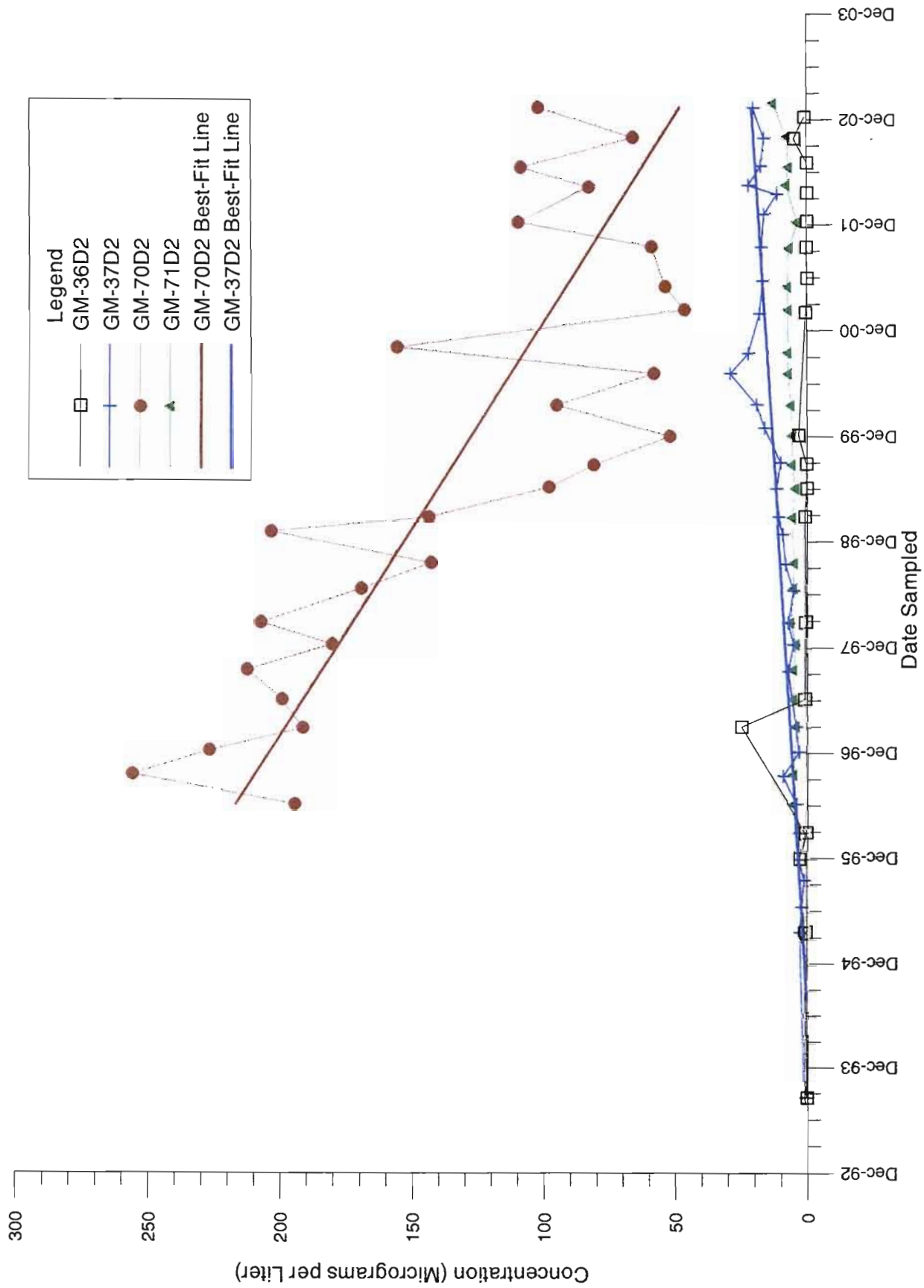


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Total Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations in Eastern Off-site Deep Monitoring Wells
 Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

FIGURE 8

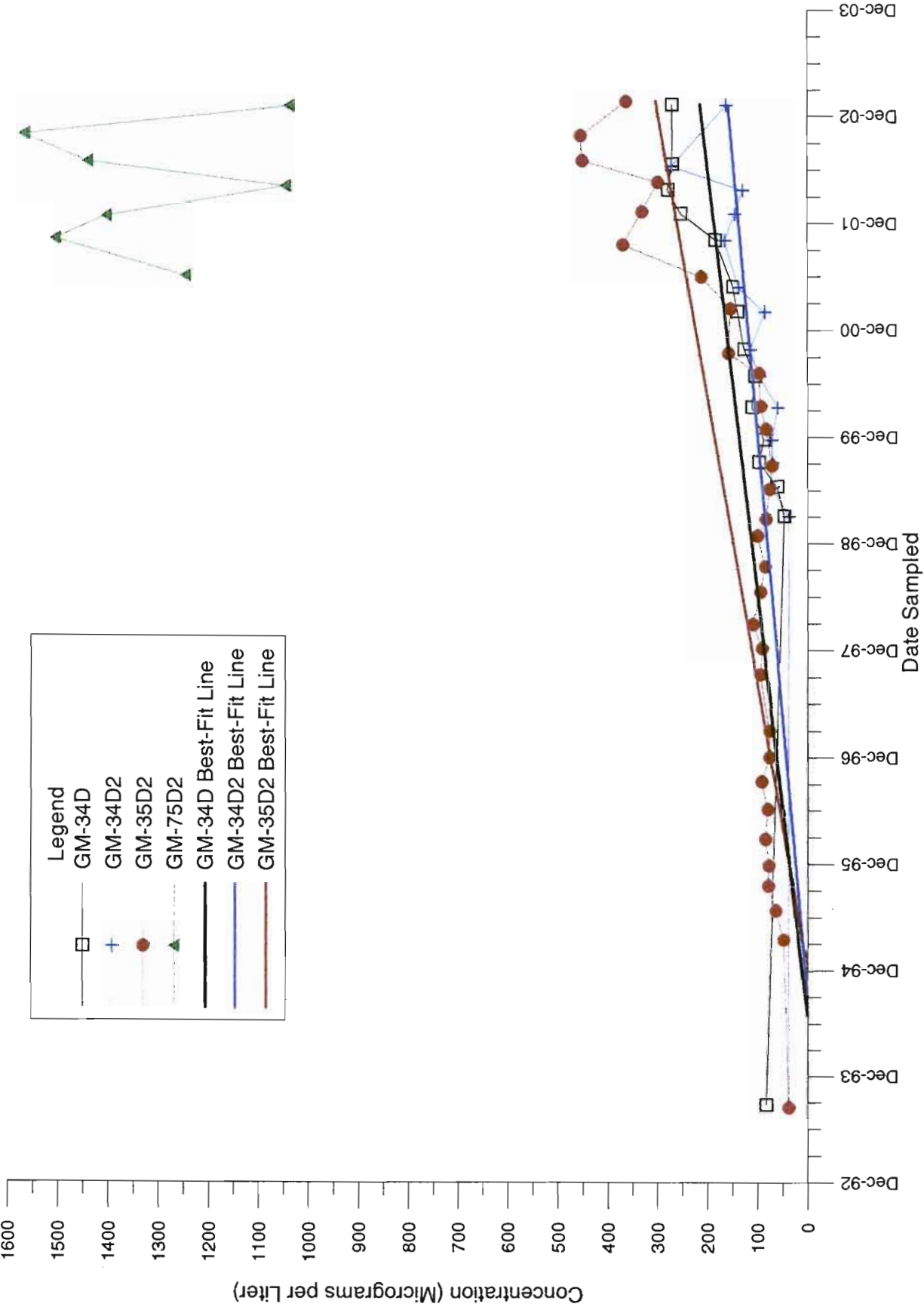


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Total Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations in Eastern Off-site Deep2 Monitoring Wells
 Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

FIGURE 9

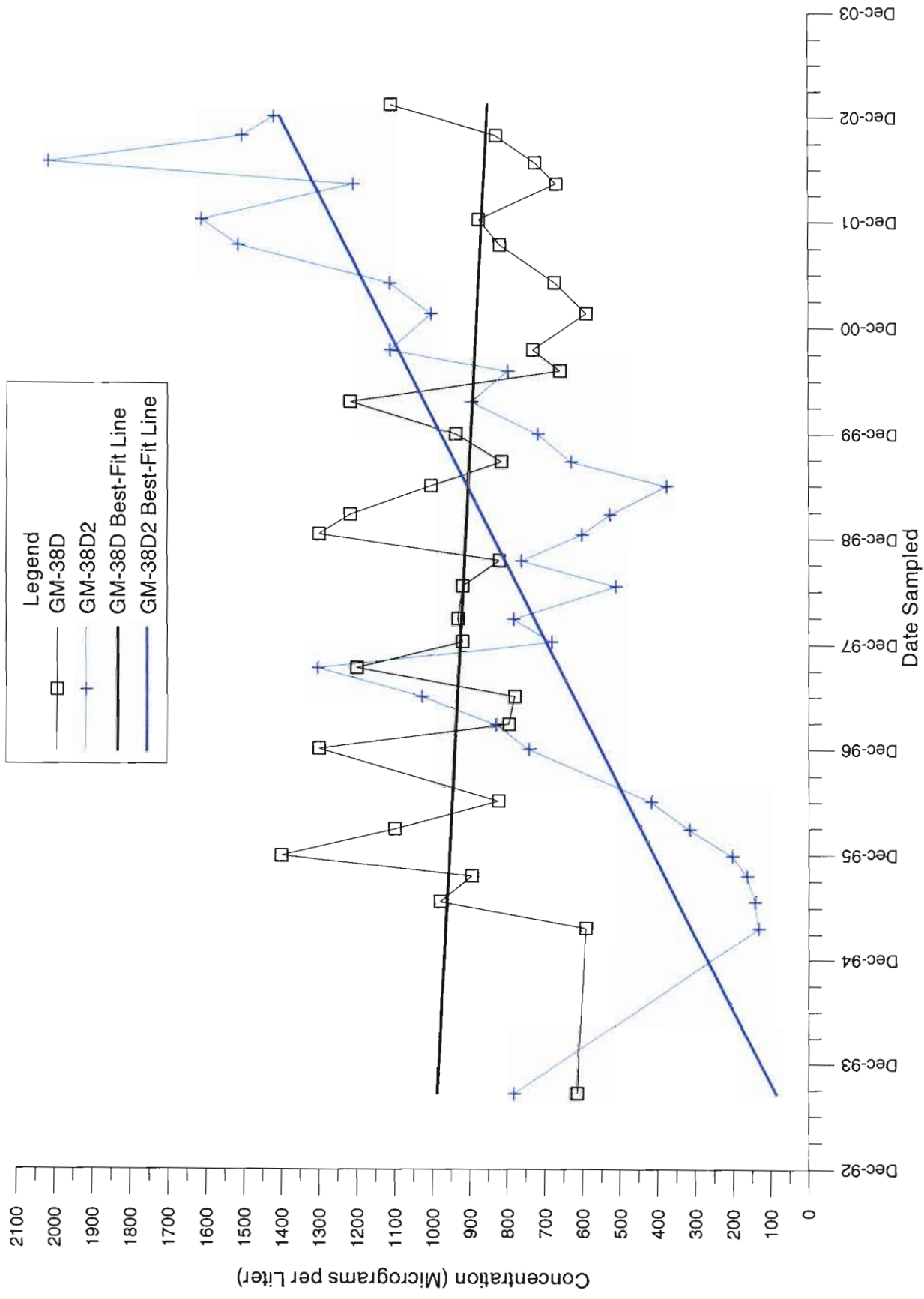


\\ny1-srv1\project\northrop\grumman\superfund\NY001348.0006\34D_34D2_35D2_75D2.CRF



Total Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations in Western Off-site Deep and Deep2 Monitoring Wells
Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

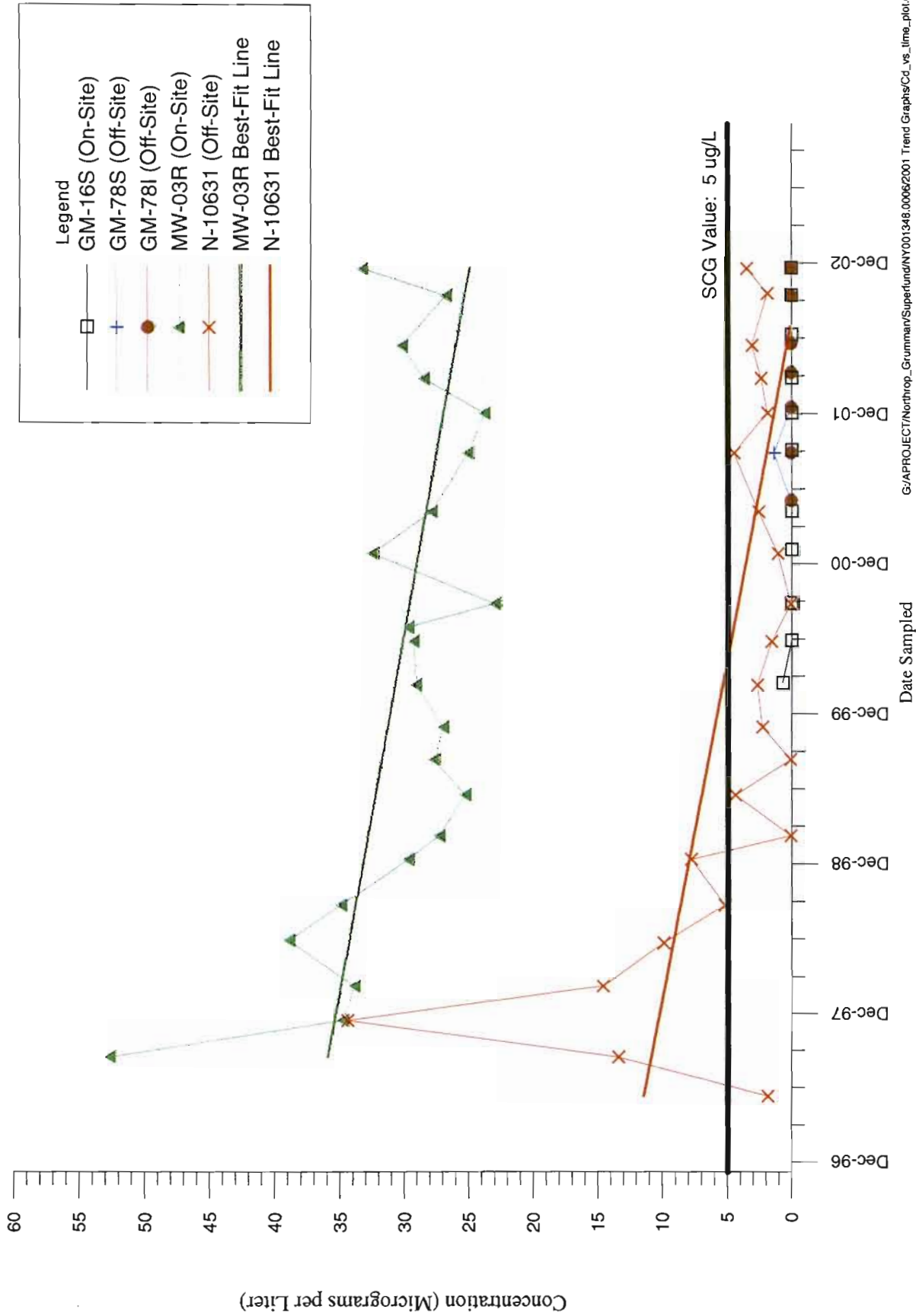
FIGURE 10



//ny1-srv1/project/northrop/grumman/superfund/NY001348.0006/786d_38d2.GRF



Total Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations in GM-38 Area Deep and Deep2 Monitoring Wells Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

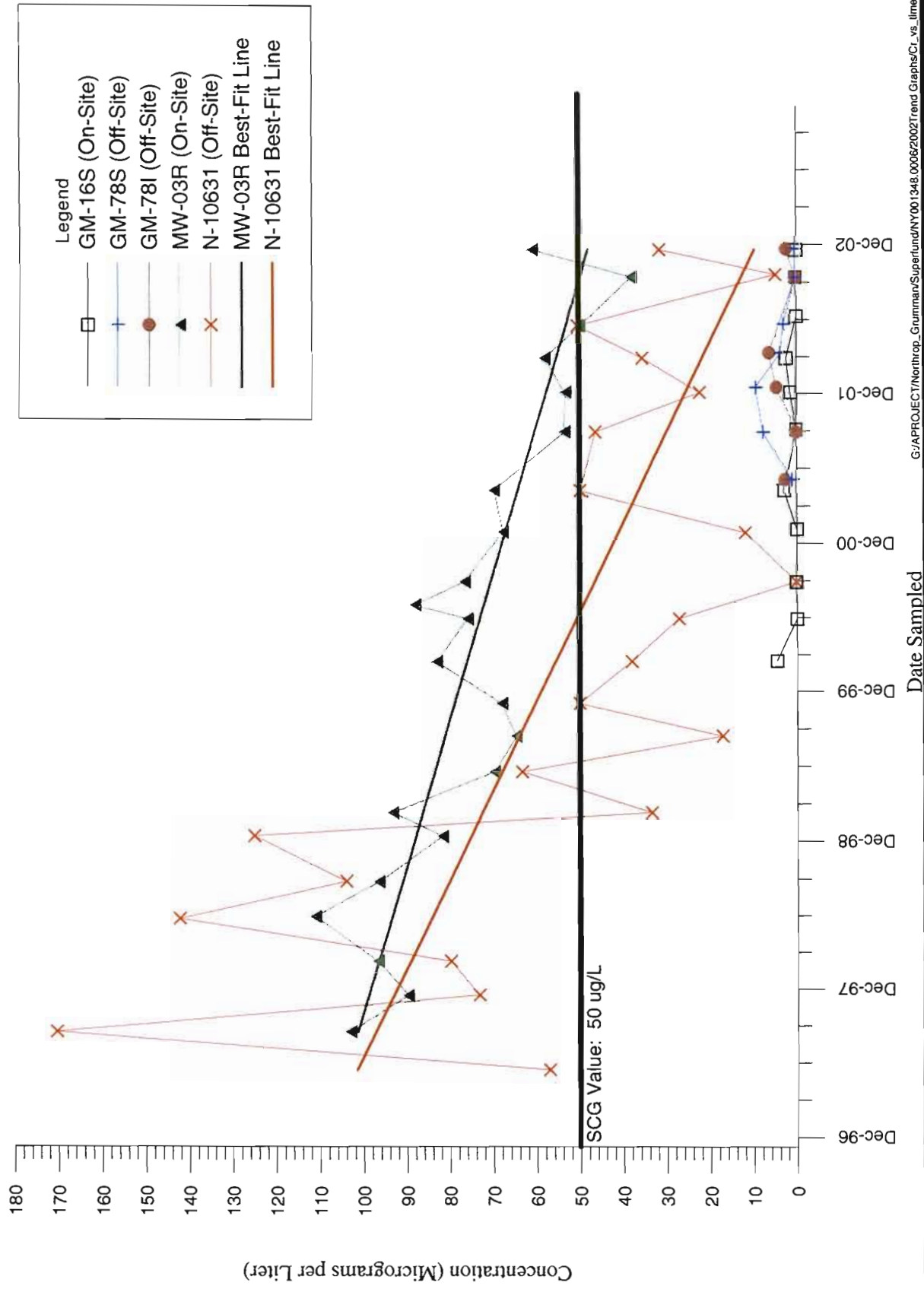


G:\PROJECT\Northrop_Grumman\Superfund\NY01348.0006\2001 Trend Graphs\Cd_vs_time_plot.grt



Total Cadmium Concentrations in Monitoring Wells
Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

FIGURE
12



G:\PROJECT\Northrop_Grumman\Superfund\NY001348_00062002Trend Graphs\Cr_vs_ume_plot.grd



Total Chromium Concentrations in Monitoring Wells
Northrop Grumman Corporation, Bethpage, New York

FIGURE
13

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Appendix A

Water-Level Measurement Logs

Groundwater Sampling Form

Project/No. NY001348.0006.00002 Well H2O levels Date 1/29/07

Screen Setting _____ Measuring Point Description _____ Casing Diameter (inches) _____

Static Water Level _____ Measured Width _____ Well Materials PVC
ST. Steel

Total depth _____ Pump On: _____ Pump Intake: _____

Purge Method _____ Pump Off: _____ Volumes Purged _____

Centrifugal _____ Submersible _____ Other _____ Sample Time: _____
Sampled By: GW/KS

Time	Minutes Elapsed	Rate (gpm) (ML)	DTW	Gallons Purged	pH	Cond. umhos ms/cm	TURB (NTUs)	Redox (mV)	Diss. O2 (mg/L)	TEMP. (C) (F)	REMARKS 3)
Well #											
15S			50.74								
15I			50.29								
15D2			55.50								
15D			52.84								
ONCT-3		450	71.20								
19S			48.38								
19I			53.80								
73D			49.90								
73D2			52.13								
ONCT-2		650	71.11								
7402			57.28								
74D			50.58								
74I			44.22								
ONCT-1		900	72.30								
3R			40.36								
39D			44.69								
18D			51.77								
18I			48.97								
6P1		1100	96.00								
17D			56.84								
17I			55.36								
17SR			55.19								
13D			53.17								
79I			45.49								
79D			46.83								
79S			45.12								
16I			55.02								
16SR			54.90								

Groundwater Sampling Form

Project/No. N4001348.0006.00007 Well Hrc. levels Date 1/29/03

Screen Setting _____ Measuring Point Description _____ Casing Diameter (inches) _____

Static Water Level _____ Measured Width _____ Well Materials PVC
ST. Steel

Total depth _____ Pump On: _____ Pump Intake: _____

Purge Method _____ Pump Off: _____ Volumes Purged _____

Centrifugal _____ Sample Time: _____

Submersible _____ Bailer Type: _____

Other _____ Bailer Type: _____

Sampled By: GW/KS

Time	Minutes Elapsed	Rate (gpm) (ML)	DTW	Gallons Purged	pH	Cond. umhos ms/cm	TURB (NTUs)	Redox (mV)	Diss. O2 (mg/L)	TEMP. (C) (F)	REMARKS 3)
Well #											
235			DRY								
237			INACCESSIBLE (CAR ON TOP)								
FW-03			INACCESSIBLE (locked gate)								
HN-29I			53.88								
HN-29D			54.12								
HN-24I			62.98								
18S			47.58								
N-10600			45.20								
782			47.33								
785			47.05								
N-9921			37.94								
340			19.58								
3402			21.05								
7502			40.95								
N-10627			37.87								
N-10624			not collected (Anomalous)								
3502			44.50								
N-10634			44.94								
N-10631			44.53								
3302			55.78								
N-10597			45.59								
20D			43.50								
20I			41.34								
21I			42.55								
21D			48.33								
21S			40.11								
N-10633			43.70								
71D2			46.36								

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Appendix B

Groundwater Sampling Logs

Water Sampling Log

Project Humana Project No. N4021348.0006.0000 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY (near to Steam plant) Date 12/19/02
 Site/Well No. MW-1GF Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Steady, 45° Sampling Time: Begin 1005 End 1030

Evacuation Data
 Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 58'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 52.91'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 5.09'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (1.5) PVC
 Gallons in Well 3.3
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling (3x) 10 + 14
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 1010 end 1025
 Pumping Rate (gpm) Q = 1.5 T = 7 IV = 2
 Evacuation Method Submersible Pump

Field Parameters	1	2	3
Color		colorless	
Odor		odorless	
Appearance		clear/silly	
pH (s.u.)	7.35	7.13	6.91 6.77
Conductivity (mS/cm)			
(µmhos/cm)	214	189.6	195.5 203.0
Turbidity (NTU)	>1000	445	162 132
Temperature (°C)	14.3	16.2	17.2 17.5
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
Salinity (%)			
Sampling Method			(40)

Remarks 14 Gallons removed to get a lower turbidity.

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>CHECK TOC</u>	<u>ETOC</u>	<u>40</u>	
	<u>Temp</u>	<u>17.5</u>	
	<u>COND</u>	<u>215</u>	
	<u>PH</u>	<u>6.78</u>	
	<u>TURB</u>	<u>116</u>	

Sampling Personnel RS/GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project BRUNNAN Project No. NYC00145.0006.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 12/9/02
 Site/Well No. BW-GF2 (mean basin) Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather cloudy, 40° Sampling Time: Begin 1300 End 1330

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point Top
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 59
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 51.45'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 7.55'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" PVC (.65)
 Gallons in Well 4.9
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling (3X) 15
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 1310 end 1325
 Pumping Rate (gpm) Q=2 T=8 IV=3
 Evacuation Method Submersible Pump

Field Parameters

	I	10	20	30
Color				
Odor				
Appearance				
pH (s.u.)	6.69	6.77	6.79	6.78
Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	125	171.8	169.2	174.0
Turbidity (NTU)	>200	330	220	95
Temperature (°C)	12.0	14.7	15.3	14.9
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				

Remarks _____

Constituents Sampled

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>CHECK LOC</u>	<u>4V</u>		
	<u>pH</u>	<u>6.79</u>	
	<u>COND</u>	<u>174.0</u>	
	<u>TEMP</u>	<u>15.2</u>	
	<u>Turb</u>	<u>50</u>	

Sampling Personnel KS/GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project # 1340-0006-0001 Project No. RCR (Rummen) Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Humman - BETHPAGE, NY Date 12/17/07
 Site/Well No. MW-3R Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Clear, 30° Sampling Time: Begin 0905 End 1010

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TSC
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 55
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 40.95'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) ~~14.05'~~ 14.05'
 Casing Diameter/Type 2" (PVC)
 Gallons in Well 2.2
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling (3x) 6.6
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 0943 end 1010
 Pumping Rate (gpm) Q = 1/2 T = 15 10 = 5
 Evacuation Method Submersible Pump

Field Parameters

	I	1U	2U	3U	4U
Color			color		
Odor			odor		
Appearance			clear		
pH (s.u.)	7.23	6.58	6.10	6.15	6.1
Conductivity (mS/cm)					
(µmhos/cm)	149.0	140.1	138.2	138.1	139
Turbidity (NTU)	>100	>1000	75	26	16
Temperature (°C)	10.1	12.3	12.8	12.9	12.1
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)					
Salinity (%)					
Sampling Method	0943	0944	0953	0958	1003

Remarks

TOTAL OF 9 GALLONS REMOVED FROM WELL (4 VOLUMES)

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>CHLORIDE</u>			

Sampling Personnel

RS / GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	µmhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Grumman Project No. NY601348.0006.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage Date 1-10-03
 Site/Well No. RT1 MW04 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Sunny/Cold Sampling Time: Begin _____ End _____

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	1	2	3
Measuring Point _____	Color _____			
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor _____			
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance _____			
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>56.05</u>	pH (s.u.) <u>5.3</u>	<u>5.84</u>	<u>6.02</u>	<u>6.12</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>46.20</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm) _____			
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm) <u>287</u>	<u>302</u>	<u>291</u>	<u>289</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>10</u>	Turbidity (NTU) _____		<u>13.4</u>	<u>5.84</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2"</u>	Temperature (°C) <u>15.4</u>	<u>14.1</u>	<u>15.6</u>	<u>16.0</u>
Gallons in Well _____	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) _____			
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>5.0</u>	Salinity (%) _____			
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Sampling Method _____			
Purge Time begin _____ end _____	Remarks _____			
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____				
Evacuation Method _____				

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel _____

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-¼" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-½" = 0.09	2-½" = 0.26	3-½" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point ml milliliter NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet msl mean sea-level s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute N/A Not Applicable µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter NR Not Recorded VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project COLUMBIAN Project No. NY00134P.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage Date 1-10-03
 Site/Well No. PLT1-MW05 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Sunny / Cold Sampling Time: Begin _____ End _____

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters			
	I	10	20	30
Measuring Point				
MP Elevation (ft)				
Land Surface Elevation (ft)				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)				
Depth to Water (ft bmp)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft)				
Water Column in Well (ft)				
Casing Diameter/Type				
Gallons in Well				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)				
Purge Time				
Pumping Rate (gpm)				
Evacuation Method				
	Color			
	Odor			
	Appearance			
	pH (s.u.)	5.67	5.71	5.76
	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)			
	(µmhos/cm)	241	169	166.5
	Turbidity (NTU)	7200	7200	7100
	Temperature (°C)	13.6	15.2	13.4
	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
	Salinity (%)			
	Sampling Method			
	Remarks	2:00	2:01.5	2:03
				2:04.5

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
DO <u>Crowley</u>	4V		
	pH	5.73	
	Cond	180.2	
	Turb	20.9	
	Temp.	13.7	

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Crumman Project No. NY001347.0004.0002 Page 1 of
 Site Location _____ Date 1-10-03
 Site/Well No. PLT1 MWOC Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Sunny/Cold Sampling Time: Begin _____ End _____

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	1	2	3
Measuring Point	Color				
MP Elevation (ft)	Odor				
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	Appearance				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>62.00</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>5.95</u>	<u>5.87</u>	<u>5.77</u>	<u>5.80</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>50.63</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft)	(µmhos/cm)	<u>238</u>	<u>263</u>	<u>275</u>	<u>277</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>11.37</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>4.24</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2"</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>12.5</u>	<u>14.7</u>	<u>15.1</u>	<u>15.0</u>
Gallons in Well	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>5.4 gallons</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)	Sampling Method				
Purge Time begin _____ end _____	Remarks				
Pumping Rate (gpm)					
Evacuation Method					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel _____

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point ml milliliter NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet msl mean sea-level s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute N/A Not Applicable µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter NR Not Recorded VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUMMAN Project No. _____ Page 1 of 1
 Site Location _____ Date 10 JAN 03
 Site/Well No. GM-14 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather 20° SUNNY Sampling Time: Begin 1705 End 1712

Evacuation Data
 Measuring Point T.O.C.
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 55
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 48.55
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 10.5
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 4.5
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 13
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 1705 end _____
 Pumping Rate (gpm) 2 gpm
 Evacuation Method _____

Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				
Odor				
Appearance				
pH (s.u.)	5.75	5.68	5.70	5.58
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	249	214	217	220
Turbidity (NTU)				5.31
Temperature (°C)	12.0	14.2	14.4	14.4
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>TKM</u>			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>VOCs</u>			

Sampling Personnel GW

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- µl Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Crummen
 Site Location Beth pop
 Site/Well No. 155
 Weather Cloudy / Cold

Project No. NY001347.0006.000 Page 1 of
 Date 1.10.03
 Replicate No. Code No.
 Sampling Time: Begin End

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point
 MP Elevation (ft)
 Land Surface Elevation (ft)
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 80.00
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 50.68
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) 29.32 (0.65)
 Water Column in Well (ft) 19.0
 Casing Diameter/Type
 Gallons in Well
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 19 x 3 = 57 gal.
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) Q=2.5 T=23
 Purge Time begin end
 Pumping Rate (gpm)
 Evacuation Method

Field Parameters	I	1V	2V	3V
Color				Colorless
Odor				none
Appearance				Clear
pH (s.u.)	5.78	5.54	5.45	5.64
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(umhos/cm)	500	443	409	399
Turbidity (NTU)	118	22.6	3.73	2.18
Temperature (°C)	15.9	15.0	15.4	15.9
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	1V-8min	1:00	1:08	1:16
	→ 12.8			

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel

CW BH

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Grumman Project No. NY001347.0006.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage NY Date 1.10.03
 Site/Well No. CM 15 I Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Cloudy/cold Sampling Time: Begin _____ End _____

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	1V	2V	3V
Measuring Point _____	Color				<u>colorless</u>
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor				<u>none</u>
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance				<u>clear</u>
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) _____	pH (s.u.)	<u>7.45</u>	<u>5.60</u>	<u>5.52</u>	<u>5.52</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) _____	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	<u>289</u>	<u>290</u>	<u>302</u>	<u>312</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) _____	Turbidity (NTU)				<u>1.24</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" PVC</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>15.5</u>	<u>14.4</u>	<u>14.6</u>	<u>14.2</u>
Gallons in Well _____	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling _____	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>80 PSI</u>	Sampling Method				
Purge Time begin _____ end _____	Remarks				
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____					
Evacuation Method _____					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel EW BH

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUNMAN Project No. NYC01348 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 12/17/02
 Site/Well No. 16SR Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Clear, 30°C Sampling Time: Begin 1445 End 1520

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	70	30
Measuring Point <u>100</u>	Color				colorless
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor				odorless
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance				clear
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>70'</u>	pH (s.u.)	6.12	5.92	5.71	5.84
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>55.47</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)	121.1			
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	121.1	119.6	121.5	118.9
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>14.53</u>	Turbidity (NTU)	45	11	6.3	2.6
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2" (PVC) (.65)</u>	Temperature (°C)	14.5	15.3	14.7	14.8
Gallons in Well <u>9.5</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>(3x) 30</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Sampling Method ^{Time}	1450	1457	1504	1511
Purge Time <u>begin 1445 end 1520</u>	Remarks	_____			
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>Q=1.5 T=20 IV=7</u>	_____	_____			
Evacuation Method <u>Submersible Pump</u>	_____	_____			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Check COC</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel KS / EW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Grumman Project No. NY00134P.0006.0002 Page 1 of
 Site Location Bethpage NY Date 1.9.03
 Site/Well No. AM 16 I Replicate No. Code No.
 Weather Cloudy/Cold Sampling Time: Begin End

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	1	2	3
Measuring Point	Color			
MP Elevation (ft)	Odor			
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	Appearance			
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>145.00</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>8.55</u>	<u>8.75</u>	<u>9.05</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>134.00</u> <i>picker</i>	Conductivity (µS/cm)			
Water-Level Elevation (ft)	(µmhos/cm)	<u>400</u>	<u>335</u>	<u>336</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>11.00</u>	Turbidity (NTU)			<u>>100</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4 (6.5)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>11.8</u>	<u>14.7</u>	<u>15.4</u>
Gallons in Well <u>7.15</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>22</u>	Salinity (%)			
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>90 PSI</u>	Sampling Method			
Purge Time begin <u>3:00</u> end <u> </u>	Remarks			
Pumping Rate (gpm)				
Evacuation Method				

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel BH

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp below measuring point ml milliliter NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
 °C Degrees Celsius mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter PVC Polyvinyl chloride
 ft feet msl mean sea-level s.u. Standard units
 gpm Gallons per minute N/A Not Applicable µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
 mg/L Milligrams per liter NR Not Recorded VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project RR in MA Project No. MOBILE 0006 0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location DEHPAGE, NY Date 12/17/02
 Site/Well No. 175R Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather clear, 30° Sampling Time: Begin 1025 End 1220

Evacuation Data		Field Parameters			
Measuring Point	<u>Top</u>	Color	<u>colorless</u>		
MP Elevation (ft)	_____	Odor	<u>odorless</u>		
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	_____	Appearance	<u>clear</u>		
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)	<u>70'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>6.39</u>	<u>6.42</u>	<u>6.51</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp)	<u>55.44</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)			
Water-Level Elevation (ft)	_____	(umhos/cm)	<u>108.2</u>	<u>105.7</u>	<u>104.1</u>
Water Column in Well (ft)	<u>14.56'</u>	Turbidity (NTU)	<u>9.4</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>1.8</u>
Casing Diameter/Type	<u>4" (0.65)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>11.8</u>	<u>12.5</u>	<u>11.8</u>
Gallons in Well	<u>9.5</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling	<u>(3x) - 30</u>	Salinity (%) <u>Time</u>	<u>1035</u>	<u>1045</u>	<u>1055</u>
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)	_____	Sampling Method	_____		
Purge Time	begin <u>1035</u> end <u>1215</u>	Remarks	_____		
Pumping Rate (gpm)	<u>5</u>		_____		
Evacuation Method	<u>Submersible Pump</u>		_____		

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Check LOC</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel KS/GW

Well Casing Volumes					
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65	
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47	

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project # NY601345 - cont. cover Project No. GRUNMAN Page 1 of 1
 Site Location GRUNMAN, BETHEL, NY Date 12/7/02
 Site/Well No. 185 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather clear, 30° Sampling Time: Begin 1040 End 1110

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point <u>TOC</u>	Color		<u>excess</u>		
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor		<u>no loss</u>		
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance		<u>clear</u>		
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>67</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>6.59</u>	<u>6.71</u>	<u>6.52</u>	<u>6.52</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>48.63</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(umhos/cm)	<u>147.3</u>	<u>146.5</u>	<u>142.6</u>	<u>142.7</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>18.37</u>	Turbidity (NTU)	<u>70</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>7.7</u>	<u>5.8</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2" PVC</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>14.6</u>	<u>15.0</u>	<u>14.6</u>	<u>14.4</u>
Gallons in Well <u>2.93</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>(3x) 9</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Sampling Method <u>Timed</u>	<u>1052</u>	<u>1055</u>	<u>1104</u>	<u>1110</u>
Purge Time <u>begin 1050 end 1115</u>	Remarks	<u>9 GALLONS removed from well</u>			
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>Q = 1/2 T = 18 V = 6</u>					
Evacuation Method <u>Submersible pump</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>check COC</u>			

Sampling Personnel KS/GW

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	<u>2" = 0.16</u>	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project NY00/348.0006.0002 Project No. _____ Page 1 of _____
 Site Location Bethpage NY Date 1-7-03
 Site/Well No. 185 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Sunny/Cold Sampling Time: Begin 2:45 End _____

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 105'
 Depth to ~~Water~~ PACLOG (ft bmp) 94'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 11'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (0.65)
 Gallons in Well 7.2
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 22
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 2:45 end _____
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method _____

Field Parameters

	I	1	2	3
Color				
Odor				
Appearance				
pH (s.u.)	<u>5.83</u>	<u>5.94</u>		<u>6.02</u>
Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	<u>397</u>	<u>376</u>		<u>440</u>
Turbidity (NTU)				
Temperature (°C)	<u>14.1</u>	<u>14.5</u>		<u>15.3</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)	<u>2:45</u>			
Sampling Method				
Remarks				

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel G.W. B.H.

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	umhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project NY DD1348-0000-0002 Project No. _____ Page 1 of _____
 Site Location BETHPAGE NY Date 1-3-03
 Site/Well No. 6m-201 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather _____ Sampling Time: Begin _____ End _____

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 105'
 Depth to ^{Packer}Water (ft bmp) 94'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 11'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (0.65)
 Gallons in Well 7.2
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 27
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin _____ end _____
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method _____

Field Parameters

	I	10	20	30
Color				<u>30</u> <i>colorless</i>
Odor				<u>None</u>
Appearance				<u>Clear</u>
pH (s.u.)	<u>8.25</u>	<u>10.57</u>	<u>10.26</u>	<u>10.72</u>
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	<u>150.3</u>	<u>208</u>	<u>238</u>	<u>227</u>
Turbidity (NTU)				<u>26.3</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>11.5</u>	<u>13.6</u>	<u>12.3</u>	<u>14.5</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>5.697 PPTS</u>			

DTW - 40.65

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project N.Y. 001347 0000 00002 Project No. _____ Page 1 of _____
 Site Location BENTON NY Date 1-3-03
 Site/Well No. 0m-200 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather _____ Sampling Time: Begin 12:30 End _____

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 226'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 215'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 11
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (0.5)
 Gallons in Well 7.2
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 22
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 1:00 end _____
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method _____

Field Parameters	I	10	20	30
Color				<u>COOL CLAYS</u>
Odor				<u>NONE</u>
Appearance				<u>CLEAR</u>
pH (s.u.)	<u>7.23</u>	<u>7.26</u>	<u>7.14</u>	<u>7.39</u>
Conductivity (µmhos/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	<u>102.7</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>108.7</u>	<u>106.8</u>
Turbidity (NTU)				<u>1.01</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>11.1</u>	<u>12.7</u>	<u>14.0</u>	<u>14.4</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>5 GAL PAILS</u>			
	<u>1111'2</u>			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- µl Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRANMAN Project No. NY021348.0006.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 12/18/02
 Site/Well No. 215 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather clear, 40° Sampling Time: Begin 1450 End 1520

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point Loc
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 67
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 40.69
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 36.31
 Casing Diameter/Type Steel 2" (.16)
 Gallons in Well 5.8
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling (3x) (18)
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 1505 end 1520
 Pumping Rate (gpm) Q=2 T=9 IV=3
 Evacuation Method Submersible pump

Field Parameters

	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				Colorless
Odor				Colorless
Appearance				Clear
pH (s.u.)	<u>7.88</u>	<u>7.84</u>	<u>7.47</u>	<u>7.57</u>
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	<u>102.6</u>	<u>104.1</u>	<u>103.8</u>	<u>103.1</u>
Turbidity (NTU)				<u>18.2</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>11.6</u>	<u>12.2</u>	<u>12.2</u>	<u>12.1</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method	<u>3:05</u>	<u>3:08</u>	<u>3:11</u>	<u>3:14</u>

Remarks _____

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>check loc</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel

KS/GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	<u>2" = 0.16</u>	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	<u>2-1/2" = 0.26</u>	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Millisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Grumman Project No. NM001348.0006.0002 Page 1 of
 Site Location Bethpage NY Date
 Site/Well No. GM-21I Replicate No. Code No.
 Weather Cloudy/cold Sampling Time: Begin End

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft)
 Land Surface Elevation (ft)
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 129
 Water-Level Elevation (ft)
 Water Column in Well (ft) 11'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4"
 Gallons in Well 7.2
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 22
 Sample Pump Intake Puckey Setting (ft bmp) 90 PSI
 Purge Time begin end
 Pumping Rate (gpm)
 Evacuation Method

Field Parameters

	I	1	2	3
Color				
Odor				
Appearance				
pH (s.u.)	7.45	9.95	10.04	10.01
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	134.2	136.6	135.3	134.5
Turbidity (NTU)				0.48
Temperature (°C)	12.2	12.5	12.9	13.1
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (‰)	12.00 mg/L			
Sampling Method				
Remarks				

XXXX 1

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Every 7 Gallons is analyzed</u>			

Sampling Personnel

BH

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	µmhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER
Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NY00348, 0006 Task: 0002 Well ID: HN-290
 Date: 12/20/02 Sampled By: KS/GW
 Sampling Time: 1230 Recorded By: KS
 Weather: Raining, 50° Coded Replicate No.: _____

WELL INFORMATION

Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: Low Flow - Bladder Pump (non-dedicated)
 Casing Diameter: 4" Purge Rate: NYSD ml/minute
 Total Depth: 220 Total Volume Purged: 9 Gallons
 Depth to Water: 54.39' Pump Intake Depth: 215'
 Water Column: _____ Pump on: 1235 Off: 1340
 Gallons/Foot: _____ Parameters Sampled: Check LOC
 Gallons in Well: _____

FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

Time	Rate ml./min	Gallons Purged	Turbidity (NTUs)	REDOX (mV)	pH (SI Units)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	Temp (°C)	Depth to Water	Diss. Oxygen	Comments
1240	NYSD	0	-	114	9.24	143.3	14.8	54.39	6.24	
1245			-	121	9.07	142.4	14.4	-	5.97	
1250			-	139	8.69	139.9	14.4	-	6.32	
1255			-	147	8.56	138.6	14.7	54.39	6.17	
1300			-	175	7.42	159.5	14.9	-	6.03	
1305			-	176	7.49	151.0	14.7	-	6.00	
1310			-	122	7.53	140.3	14.2	54.39	5.90	
1315			-	181	7.53	139.3	14.2	-	5.52	
1320			-	181	7.52	138.8	14.5	-	5.53	
1325			-	186	7.50	139.4	14.6	-	5.51	
1330			-	185	7.50	140.2	14.7	54.39	5.51	
1335			5.0	185	7.52	140.7	14.8	-	5.50	

Well Secure: YES Purge Water Disposal: NC Sewer
 Color: Colorless Turbidity(qualitative): colorless/clear

Water Sampling Log

Project GRAMMAN Project No. NY001348.0006.000 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 12/19/02
 Site/Well No. GM-325 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather cloudy, 45° Sampling Time: Begin 1110 End 1245

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	II	III	IV
Measuring Point <u>Toe</u>	Color				
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor				
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>51' (actual = 50.25')</u>	pH (s.u.) <u>6.58</u>				<u>6.59</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>49.06'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm) <u>215</u>				<u>191.3</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>1.94'</u> <i>.77 columns in well</i>	Turbidity (NTU) <u>>1000</u>				<u>>1000</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" (65) PVC</u>	Temperature (°C) <u>13.7</u>				<u>16.4</u>
Gallons in Well <u>1.28</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>(3X) (6) → 3 Gallons removed</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Time Sampling Method <u>1215</u>				<u>1240</u>
Purge Time begin <u>1120</u> end <u>1245</u>	Remarks _____				
Pumping Rate (gpm) _____					
Evacuation Method <u>Not enough water to pump submersible pump <u>Bailer</u></u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Check COC</u>			

Sampling Personnel KS/GW

Well Casing Volumes					
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65	
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47	

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project N4001348.0006 00002 Project No. _____ Page 1 of _____
 Site Location BETHPAKE Date 1-28-03
 Site/Well No. 6M-35D-2 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather _____ Sampling Time: Begin 12:00 End 2:15

Evacuation Data
 Measuring Point TOL
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 530.00
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 507.00
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 23
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (0.65)
 Gallons in Well 14.95
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
~~PACKER PRESSURE~~
 Setting (ft bmp) 225 PSI
 Purge Time begin 12:00 end 2:00
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method _____

Field Parameters	I	1U	2U	3U
Color				<u>NAME</u>
Odor				<u>SUBST</u>
Appearance				<u>CLAR</u>
pH (s.u.)	<u>7.26</u>	<u>6.45</u>	<u>6.21</u>	<u>5.67</u>
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	<u>142.5</u>	<u>132.1</u>	<u>134.9</u>	<u>130.3</u>
Turbidity (NTU)				<u>.33</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>10.7</u>	<u>14.2</u>	<u>14.2</u>	<u>14.6</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>5 GAL PAILS THH1111</u>			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>VOC</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel GW

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project NY001348.0006 Project No. 00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location N. GRAMMAN, BETHPAGE, NY Date 12/16/02
 Site/Well No. 36D Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather SUNNY 40° Sampling Time: Begin 0900 End 1110

Evacuation Data		Field Parameters			
Measuring Point		I	IV	20	30
MP Elevation (ft)	<u>TOC</u>				
Land Surface Elevation (ft)					
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)	<u>214'</u>				
Depth to Water (ft bmp)	<u>202'</u>				
Water-Level Elevation (ft)					
Water Column in Well (ft)	<u>12'</u>				
Casing Diameter/Type	<u>4" (.65)</u>				
Gallons in Well	<u>8</u>				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling	<u>24</u>				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)	<u>110 PSI</u>				
Purge Time	begin <u>0906</u> end <u>1110</u>				
Pumping Rate (gpm)					
Evacuation Method	<u>Dedicated Grabber</u>				
		Color	<u>colorless</u>		
		Odor	<u>odorless</u>		
		Appearance	<u>clear</u>		
		pH (s.u.)	<u>5.96</u>	<u>5.47</u>	<u>5.39</u>
		Conductivity (mS/cm)			
		(umhos/cm)	<u>103.6</u>	<u>144.1</u>	<u>121.8</u>
		Turbidity (NTU)			<u>0.30</u>
		Temperature (°C)	<u>12.1</u>	<u>13.6</u>	<u>13.8</u>
		Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
		Salinity (%)	<u>12.06</u>	<u>0.47</u>	<u>10.31</u>
		Remarks	<u>DTW: 4062'</u>		
			<u>5 GALL PALS : LIT &</u>		
			<u>Sample Split w/ BWD (1.1m LABS)</u>		

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>CHECK COC</u>			

Sampling Personnel IKS

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project NY001348.0006 Project No. 00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location N-GUMMAN, BETH PAGE, NY Date 12/16/02
 Site/Well No. 3602 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather OVERCAST, 35° Sampling Time: Begin 1110 End 1230

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 540'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 518'
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 22'
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (.65)
 Gallons in Well 15
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____
 Purge Time begin 1103 end 1230
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method Dedicated Blender

Field Parameters

	11	10	20	30
Color		Colorless		
Odor		odorless		
Appearance		clear		
pH (s.u.)	6.62	9.38	9.43	8.87
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	136.2	187	142.4	127.6
Turbidity (NTU)				14
Temperature (°C)	13.8	13.5	13.4	13.4
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%) Time				
Sampling Method	1113	1135	1200	1225
Remarks	DTW: 47.86'			

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>CHECK COC</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel

KS

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	µmhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project N. Grumman Project No. NY001348-0006 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 1/22/03
 Site/Well No. GM 37DZ Replicate No. — Code No. —
 Weather Clear, 19° F Sampling Time: Begin 10⁵⁰ End —

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	J	10	20	30
Measuring Point <u>TOC</u>	Color				
MP Elevation (ft) <u>—</u>	Odor				
Land Surface Elevation (ft) <u>—</u>	Appearance				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>390</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>5.05</u>	<u>5.03</u>	<u>5.04</u>	<u>4.97</u>
Depth to water <u>Packer</u> (ft bmp) <u>367</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) <u>—</u>	(µmhos/cm)	<u>231</u>	<u>234</u>	<u>230</u>	<u>234</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>23</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" (.65")</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>11.7</u>	<u>12.6</u>	<u>14.2</u>	<u>13.8</u>
Gallons in Well <u>14.95</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>45</u>	Salinity (%) <u>STW</u>				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>Packer Press. 170 PSI</u>	Sampling Method	<u>45.02</u>	<u>45.19</u>	<u>45.02</u>	<u>45.0</u>
Purge Time begin <u>11¹⁵</u> end <u>—</u>	Cel 5 Remarks	<u>6</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>45</u>
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>—</u>	Time	<u>11¹⁸</u>	<u>12⁴⁰</u>	<u>14¹⁹</u>	
Evacuation Method <u>Ded Bladder</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>VOC</u>	<u>40 ML VOA VIAL</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>None</u>
	<u>BWD / HZM</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>HCL</u>

Sampling Personnel SH

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

* - GM 38R is Rep 1/21/03

ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER

Water Sampling Log

Project N. Gcummen Project No. N4001348.0006 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 1/21/03
 Site/Well No. GM 38D Replicate No. GM 38R Code No. _____
 Weather Clear 25°F Sampling Time: Begin 1336 End _____

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	7	10	20	30
Measuring Point	Color				
MP Elevation (ft)	Odor				
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	Appearance				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)	pH (s.u.)	6.16	5.49	5.30	5.30
Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Conductivity (mS/cm)			(SH) 123.0	
Depth to Packer	(µmhos/cm)	123.4	123.7	124.3	122.6
Water-Level Elevation (ft)	Turbidity (NTU)				
Water Column in Well (ft)	Temperature (°C)	12.1	10.4	11.2	12.2
Casing Diameter/Type	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons in Well	DTW Salinity (%)	42.43	42.66	42.86	42.75
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling	Time Sampling Method	1340	1419	1500	1545
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)	6.15 Remarks	0	15	30	45
Purge Time					
Pumping Rate (gpm)					
Evacuation Method					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
VOC	40 mL VOA WJAL	2	None
	BWD / HZM	2	HCL

Sampling Personnel SH

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project N. Grummin Project No. N/001348.0006.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage NY Date 12-10-07
 Site/Well No. GM 38 D2 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Clear 30° Sampling Time: Begin 0930 End 1215

Evacuation Data
 Measuring Point _____
 MP Elevation (ft) _____
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 495'
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) _____
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____
 Water Column in Well (ft) 23
 Casing Diameter/Type 4" (.65)
 Gallons in Well 14.95
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 45
 Sample Pump Intake Bucket Setting (ft bmp) 220 PSI
 Purge Time begin 0935 end 1205
 Pumping Rate (gpm) _____
 Evacuation Method _____

Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Color		<u>colorless</u>		
Odor		<u>odorless</u>		
Appearance		<u>clear</u>		
pH (s.u.)	<u>5.01</u>	<u>4.83</u>	<u>4.63</u>	<u>4.68</u>
Conductivity (mS/cm)	<u>138.0</u>	<u>81.5</u>	<u>88.5</u>	<u>95.8</u>
(µmhos/cm)				
Turbidity (NTU)				<u>0.80</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>12.3</u>	<u>12.2</u>	<u>12.8</u>	<u>12.7</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method				
Remarks	<u>1 no</u>	<u>10³⁰</u>	<u>11¹⁵</u>	<u>12⁰⁵</u>
	<u>4 Buckets</u>			
	<u>XXXXXXXXX</u>			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>VOCs</u>			<u>None</u>

Sampling Personnel BH

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-¼" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-½" = 0.09	2-½" = 0.26	3-½" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- C Degrees Celsius
- feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Glumman Project No. NM00348 0006 0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 12/18/02
 Site/Well No. HN-40S Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather clear 40° Sampling Time: Begin 0905 End 1000

Evacuation Data		Field Parameters			
Measuring Point	<u>Top</u>	I	IV	2V	3V
MP Elevation (ft)	_____				
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	_____				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)	<u>59</u>				
Depth to Water (ft bmp)	<u>56.30</u>				
Water-Level Elevation (ft)	_____				
Water Column in Well (ft)	<u>2.70</u>				
Casing Diameter/Type	<u>4" (1.65)</u>				
Gallons in Well	<u>1.75</u>				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling	<u>(3x) 5.5</u>				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)	_____				
Purge Time	begin <u>0920</u> end <u>0955</u>				
Pumping Rate (gpm)	<u>Q = 1/2 T = 11 IV = 4</u>				
Evacuation Method	<u>Submersible Pump</u>				
		Color			
		Odor			
		Appearance			
		pH (s.u.)	<u>5.77</u>	<u>5.93</u>	<u>5.42</u> <u>5.46</u>
		Conductivity (mS/cm)			
		(umhos/cm)	<u>255</u>	<u>245</u>	<u>241</u> <u>233</u>
		Turbidity (NTU)			<u>16</u>
		Temperature (°C)	<u>12.2</u>	<u>13.1</u>	<u>13.5</u> <u>14.8</u>
		Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
		Salinity (%)			
		Sampling Method	<u>0938</u>	<u>0942</u>	<u>0946</u> <u>0950</u>
		Remarks			

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Chem 100</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel KS/GW

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRANMAN Project No. NY001348.C006.com Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 12/18/02
 Site/Well No. MN-425 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather clear, 40° Sampling Time: Begin 1200 End 1330

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	2V	3U
Measuring Point <u>Tec</u>	Color		<u>Brown w/ sediment</u>	
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor		<u>None</u>	
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance		<u>Turbid (>200)</u>	
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>60 ?</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>8.63</u>	<u>8.91</u>	<u>8.57</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>58:91'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)			
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	<u>319</u>	<u>258</u>	<u>233</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>1.09'</u>	Turbidity (NTU)			<u>>200</u>
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" (.15)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>13.5</u>	<u>12.3</u>	<u>13.4</u>
Gallons in Well <u>.71</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>2.5</u>	Salinity (%)			
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____	Sampling Method	<u>1207</u>	<u>1335</u>	<u>1320</u>
Purge Time begin _____ end _____	Remarks	<u>1.5 Gallons removed</u>		
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>0.1</u>				
Evacuation Method <u>Bailer</u>				

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Citric acid</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel AS/GW

Well Casing Volumes					
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65	
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47	

- imp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- ° Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Millisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- m Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- µL Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project W. Grummen Project No. NY001348.006 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 1/20/05
 Site/Well No. GM-70DZ Replicate No. None Code No. —
 Weather Clear, 30°F Sampling Time: Begin 1100 End —

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	20	30
Measuring Point <u>TOC</u>	Color				
MP Elevation (ft) <u>—</u>	Odor				
Land Surface Elevation (ft) <u>—</u>	Appearance				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>330'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>6.91</u>	<u>7.12</u>	<u>5.94</u>	
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>308'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
<u>Packer</u>	(µmhos/cm)	<u>107.4</u>	<u>107.6</u>	<u>105.9</u>	
Water-Level Elevation (ft) <u>—</u>	Turbidity (NTU)				
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>22'</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>13.7</u>	<u>12.8^{13.2} (5A)</u>	<u>14.9</u>	
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" (.65)</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons in Well <u>17.3</u>	<u>DTU</u> Satinity (%)	<u>45.98</u>	<u>46.00</u>	<u>46.00</u>	<u>46.00</u>
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>42.9 gal</u>	<u>Time</u> Sampling Method	<u>1105</u>	<u>1200</u>	<u>1235</u>	
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>Packer Press. 150 PSI</u>	Remarks	<u>6-15</u>	<u>0 15</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>45</u>
Purge Time begin <u>1130</u> end <u>—</u>					
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>—</u>					
Evacuation Method <u>Ded. Bladder Pump</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>VOCs</u>	<u>40 mL VOA VIAL</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>None</u>
		<u>2</u>	<u>HCL (BWD)</u>

Sampling Personnel S.H.

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project NORTHWOOD Glenmar Project No. NYD01347.0006.0002 Page 1 of
 Site Location BETHPAGE NY Date 2-4-03
 Site/Well No. 6m-710-7 Replicate No. Code No.
 Weather RAIN - 40° Sampling Time: Begin 2:00 End 3:55

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	10	20	3 J
Measuring Point	Color				COLORED
MP Elevation (ft)	Odor				NO
Land Surface Elevation (ft)	Appearance				CLEAR
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)	pH (s.u.)	5.59	5.73	5.35	5.31
Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft)		121.7	157.3	153.2	154.4
Water Column in Well (ft)	Turbidity (NTU)				0.57
Casing Diameter/Type	Temperature (°C)	14.0	13.5	13.4	13.5
Gallons in Well	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling	Salinity (%)				
PACK PRESSURE Sample Pump Intake	Setting (ft bmp)				
Purge Time	Remarks	DTW 46.24			
Pumping Rate (gpm)		5.69 PALS III III			
Evacuation Method					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative

Sampling Personnel GW

Well Casing Volumes				
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project GRUNMAN Project No. NY001348.0006 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 12/15/02
 Site/Well No. 785 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather cloudy 45° Sampling Time: Begin 1445 End 1510

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	W	2U	3U
Measuring Point <u>Top</u>	Color				<u>Colorless</u>
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor				<u>None</u>
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance				<u>Clear</u>
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>70'</u>	pH (s.u.)	<u>6.03</u>	<u>5.95</u>	<u>5.97</u>	<u>5.95</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>47.76</u>	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm)	<u>447</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>458</u>	<u>440</u>
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>22.24</u>	Turbidity (NTU)	<u>—</u>	<u>65</u>		
Casing Diameter/Type <u>4" PVC (.65)</u>	Temperature (°C)	<u>13.1</u>	<u>13.2</u>	<u>14.4</u>	<u>15.8</u>
Gallons in Well <u>16.45</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>(3x) 50</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>65'</u>	Sampling Method ^{Time}	<u>2:40</u>	<u>2:48</u>	<u>2:59</u>	<u>3:05</u>
Purge Time begin <u>1450</u> end <u>1510</u>	Remarks				
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>Q=2 T=25 V=8</u>					
Evacuation Method <u>Submersible Pump</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Chloride</u>			

Sampling Personnel KS/GW

Well Casing Volumes	
Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06 2" = 0.16 3" = 0.37 <u>4" = 0.65</u>
	1-1/2" = 0.09 2-1/2" = 0.26 3-1/2" = 0.50 6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER
Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NV001348.0006 Task: 0002 Well ID: CM 79 I
 Date: 1-14-03 Sampled By: BSH
 Sampling Time: _____ Recorded By: BSH
 Weather: Cold/Sunny Coded Replicate No.: _____

WELL INFORMATION

Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: _____
 Casing Diameter: 4" Purge Rate: _____
 Total Depth: _____ Total Volume Purged: _____
 Depth to Water: 47.10 Pump Intake Depth: _____
 Water Column: _____ Pump on: 10:07 Off: 11:15
 Gallons/Foot: _____ Parameters Sampled: _____
 Gallons in Well: _____

FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

Time	Rate ml./min)	Gallons Purged	Turbidity (NTUs)	REDOX (mV)	pH (SI Units)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	Temp (°C)	Depth to Water	Diss. Oxygen	Comments
10:10				285	5.8	145.7	12.1	47.10	9.3	
10:15				285	5.3	137.7	13.1		15.2	
10:20				287	5.3	134.8	13.1		17.2	
10:25				288	5.2	133.0	13.1		18.7	
10:30				288	5.2	132.3	13.4		18.8	
10:35				292	5.1	130.9	13.4		19.1	
10:40				295	5.1	131.1	13.3		19.9	
10:45				294	5.1	131.3	13.2	47.10	21.1	
10:50				296	5.1	130.4	13.3		24.6	
10:55				296	5.1	130.8	13.3		26.6	
11:00				296	5.1	130.7	13.4		27.4	
11:05				296	5.1	129.0	13.4		28.1	
11:10			3.01	299	5.0	129.0	13.4	47.10	28.1	

Well Secure: _____ Purge Water Disposal: _____
 Color: _____ Turbidity(qualitative): _____

ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER
Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NY00134D.0006 Task: 00002 Well ID: GM 79D
 Date: 1.14.03 Sampled By: BH
 Sampling Time: _____ Recorded By: BH
 Weather: Sunny / cold Coded Replicate No.: _____

WELL INFORMATION

Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: _____
 Casing Diameter: 4" Purge Rate: _____
 Total Depth: _____ Total Volume Purged: _____
 Depth to Water: 48.50 Pump Intake Depth: _____
 Water Column: _____ Pump on: 11:17 Off: 12:23
 Gallons/Foot: _____ Parameters Sampled: _____
 Gallons in Well: _____

FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

Time	Rate ml./min)	Gallons Purged	Turbidity (NTUs)	REDOX (mV)	pH (SI Units)	Conductivity (umhos/cm)	Temp (°C)	Depth to Water	Diss. Oxygen	Comments
11:20				292	5.18	117.0	13.3	48.50	17.0	
11:25				297	5.11	117.1	13.9		16.6	
11:30				294	4.94	114.0	14.1		17.6	
11:35				298	4.92	114.0	14.1		16.3	
11:40				300	4.97	120.7	13.7		15.4	
11:45				300	4.96	123.1	13.9		15.2	
11:50				302	4.99	119.7	13.9		15.0	
11:55				303	5.01	120.2	13.9		15.4	
12:00				302	4.94	121.5	13.8		15.7	
12:05				303	5.00	121.5	13.8		15.5	
12:10				302	5.00	121.3	13.8		15.4	
12:15				303	5.00	121.4	13.7		14.6	
12:20			1.24	304	4.98	121.6	13.9		13.8	

Well Secure: _____ Purge Water Disposal: _____
 Color: _____ Turbidity(qualitative): _____

Water Sampling Log

Project Sherman Project No. NYC01348 0006.00002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location BETHPAGE, NY Date 12/17/02
 Site/Well No. N - 10631 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather clear, 30° Sampling Time: Begin 1310 End 1400

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC

MP Elevation (ft) _____

Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____

Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 67

Depth to Water (ft bmp) 45.05

Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____

Water Column in Well (ft) 21.95

Casing Diameter/Type 2" (0.16)

Gallons in Well 3.502

Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling (3x) 11

Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) _____

Purge Time begin 1330 end 1355

Pumping Rate (gpm) Q = 42 T = 22 N = 7

Evacuation Method Diaphragm bladder

Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Color				<u>Blue tint</u>
Odor				<u>slight</u>
Appearance				<u>clear</u>
pH (s.u.)	<u>6.18</u>	<u>6.52</u>	<u>6.40</u>	<u>6.83</u>
Conductivity (mS/cm)				
(µmhos/cm)	<u>146.5</u>	<u>149.5</u>	<u>143.4</u>	<u>142.6</u>
Turbidity (NTU)	<u>300</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>9.9</u>	<u>8.7</u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>13.0</u>	<u>13.0</u>	<u>13.4</u>	<u>13.4</u>
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Salinity (%)				
Sampling Method ^{Time}	<u>1331</u>	<u>1338</u>	<u>1345</u>	<u>1353</u>

Remarks _____

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Check Ccc</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel KS / GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	<u>2" = 0.16</u>	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- °C Degrees Celsius
- ft feet
- gpm Gallons per minute
- mg/L Miligrams per liter
- ml milliliter
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- msl mean sea-level
- N/A Not Applicable
- NR Not Recorded
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- s.u. Standard units
- µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project Belmont Project No. NY-1348.006.0002 Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Bethpage, NY Date 12/15/02
 Site/Well No. N-10634 Replicate No. _____ Code No. _____
 Weather Clear, 40° Sampling Time: Begin 1415 End 1450

Evacuation Data	Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Measuring Point <u>Top</u>	Color				
MP Elevation (ft) _____	Odor				
Land Surface Elevation (ft) _____	Appearance				
Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) <u>67'</u>	pH (s.u.) <u>8.38</u>	<u>8.57</u>	<u>8.35</u>	<u>8.36</u>	
Depth to Water (ft bmp) <u>45.86'</u>	Conductivity (mS/cm)				
Water-Level Elevation (ft) _____	(µmhos/cm) <u>137.8</u>	<u>129.4</u>	<u>126.4</u>	<u>125.8</u>	
Water Column in Well (ft) <u>21.14'</u>	Turbidity (NTU)			<u>9.2</u>	
Casing Diameter/Type <u>2" (.16)</u>	Temperature (°C) <u>10.9</u>	<u>13.0</u>	<u>13.4</u>	<u>13.7</u>	
Gallons in Well <u>3.38</u>	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)				
Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling <u>(3x) 11</u>	Salinity (%)				
Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) <u>8</u>	Sampling Method <u>Time 1430</u>	<u>1434</u>	<u>1438</u>	<u>1442</u>	
Purge Time begin <u>1430</u> end <u>1447</u>	Remarks				
Pumping Rate (gpm) <u>Q=1 T=12 IV=4</u>					
Evacuation Method <u>Submersible Pump</u>					

Constituents Sampled	Container Description	Number	Preservative
<u>Check COC</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Sampling Personnel KS / GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./Ft.	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-1/2" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

- bmp below measuring point
- ml milliliter
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- °C Degrees Celsius
- mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
- PVC Polyvinyl chloride
- ft feet
- msl mean sea-level
- s.u. Standard units
- gpm Gallons per minute
- N/A Not Applicable
- umhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
- mg/L Milligrams per liter
- NR Not Recorded
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

ARCADIS

Appendix C

Chain Of Custody Records



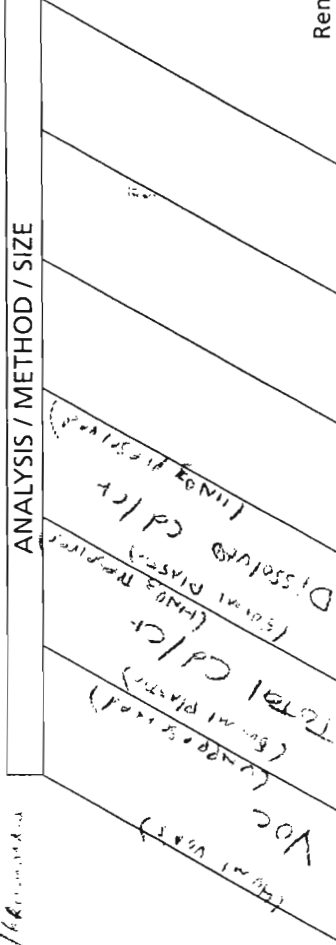
Project Number/Name NYC 1214, 0006, 0007 / Kaminon

Project Location PATRICE, NY

Laboratory STL

Project Manager Carlo San Giovanni

Sampler(s)/Affiliation KS/KW (AGM)



Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
TP121402	L	12/14/07			2
FB121402	L	↓			3
MWJ-3R	L				4
18S	L				4
14SR	L				4
N-10621	L				4
16SR	L				4

Sample Matrix: Liquid; Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: [Signature] Date 12/17/07 Time 1730

Received by: [Signature] Date 1/1/08 Time _____

Organization: ARCADIS Date 1/1/08 Time _____

Relinquished by: _____ Date _____ Time _____

Received by: _____ Date _____ Time _____

Organization: _____ Date _____ Time _____

Organization: _____ Date _____ Time _____

Total No. of Bottles/Containers: 25

Special Instructions/Remarks: ** Report to Dave Stejo
* Dissolved Chloride samples held buried to 245 inches

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other

SPECIFY _____



CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

Page 1 of 1

Project Number/Name ARCADIS 0006 0000 2 / Site in AM

Project Location BEZINAGE, NY

Laboratory STL-CT

Project Manager Carlo Jim Grijalva

Sampler(s)/Affiliation KS/GWA (AGIM)

Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	ANALYSIS / METHOD / SIZE		Remarks	Total
TE121802	L	12/18/02					2
HN-40S	L						2
HN-40I	L						2
FP121802	L						2
HN-42I	L						2
HN-42S	L						2
N-10634	L						2
611215							1

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: [Signature] Organization: ARCADIS Date: 12/18/02 Time: 10:00

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: Report to Dave Skon

Total No. of Bottles/Containers 16

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Seal Intact? Yes No N/A

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier FEDEX Lab Courier Other

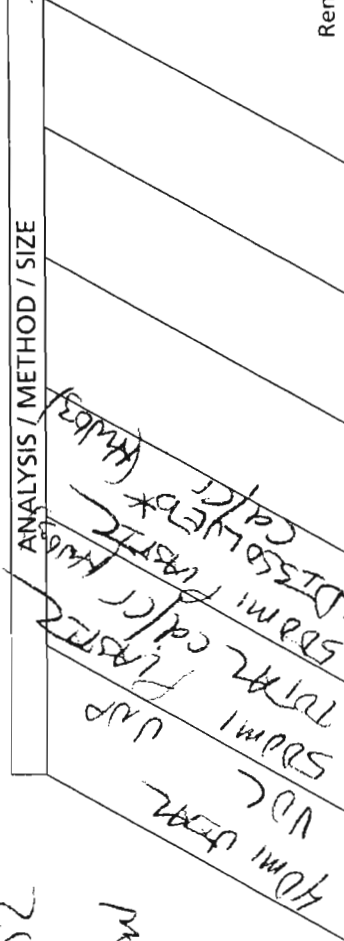


CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

Page _____ of _____

Project Number/Name NY001318.0006.00002
 Project Location BETHPAGE NY
 Laboratory SAVERN - TRENT, SHELTON
 Project Manager DAVE STEW
 Sampler(s)/Affiliation G.W. K.S.



Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
MW-1 G.F.	L	12-19-02			2
MW-2 G.F.	L				2
GM-325	L				3
GM-785	L				3
GM-78E	L				3
FB 12-19-02	L				2
TB 12-19-02	L				2

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air
 Total No. of Bottles/Containers 19

Relinquished by: AW Organization: ARCADIS Date: 12/17/02 Time: 4:30
 Received by: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
 Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: X DISSOLVED SAMPLES WERE AIRDRAPE FIELD FILTERED WITH 45 MICRON FILTER REPORT TO DAVE STEW

Delivery Method: In Person Lab Courier Other _____
 Common Carrier: EX SPECIFY _____



CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

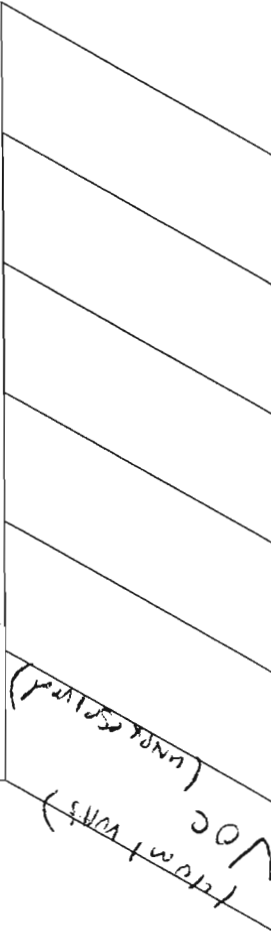
Project Number/Name N1001348.0006.0000 2 / (UNRESERVED)

Project Location Pathage, NY

Laboratory STP-CIT

Project Manager Cecilia Sm. Giovanni

Sampler(s)/Affiliation AS/OW (ACSM)



Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
TB122002	L	12/20/01			2
TR122002	L				2
REP122002	L				2
HN-24I *	L				6
HN-29I	L				2
HN-29S	L				2

Total No. of Bottles/Containers 16

Sample Matrix: Liquid; Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: [Signature] Date 12/29/01 Time 1700
Received by: [Signature] Date 1/1 Time 1

Relinquished by: _____ Date 1/1 Time 1
Received by: _____ Date 1/1 Time 1

Special Instructions/Remarks: Repeat to Dave Stein

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier FEDEX Lab Courier Other



Laboratory Task Order No./P.O. No. _____

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

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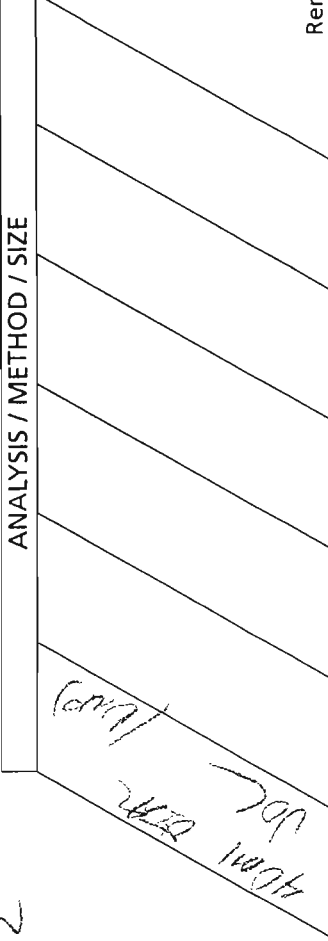
Project Number/Name M 0013480006-0000 2

Project Location HEATHS AVE NY

Laboratory SPURD-REV1 (SPURD)

Project Manager DAVE STERW

Sampler(s)/Affiliation GUL



Sample ID/Location	Matrix	Date/Time Sampled	Lab ID	Remarks	Total
ONCT-1	L	1-13-03			2
ONCT-2	L				2
ONCT-3	L				2
ONCT-4	L				2
ONCT-5	L				2
GP-1/3-TWENT	L				6
GP-1/3-FWENT	L				2
GP-1	L				2
GP-3	L				2
TR-1-13-03(S)	L				2
KEP-1-13-03	L				2
GM-74E	L				2
GM-74D	L				2
GM-710-2	L				2
GM-730-2	L				2
TR-1-13-03	L				2
Total No. of Bottles/Containers					26

Sample Matrix: L = Liquid; S = Solid; A = Air

Relinquished by: ARCADIS Organization: ARCADIS Date: 1-13-03 Time: 4:00
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Relinquished by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
 Received by: _____ Organization: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Special Instructions/Remarks: PLEASE USE THIS SAMPLE FOR AN MS/MAD QA/QC SAMPLE REPORT TO DAVE STERW

Delivery Method: In Person Common Carrier Lab Courier Other

ARCADIS

Appendix D

Data Validation Memoranda

MEMO

ARCADIS G & M, Inc.
88 Duryea Road
Melville
New York 11747
Tel 631 249-7600
Fax 631 249-7610

To:
David Stern

Copies:

From:
Donna M. Brown and Mary Ann Doyle

Date:
March 21, 2003

ENVIRONMENTAL

Subject:
Data Validation of Volatile Organic Compound Groundwater Samples Collected for the Fourth Quarter 2002 Monitoring Program, Northrop Grumman, Bethpage, New York (Project No. NY001348.00006.00004).

DATA VALIDATION

Water samples, field replicates, field blanks, and trip blanks were collected December 2002 and January 2003 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York. The samples were sent to Severn Trent Laboratories (STL) in Shelton, Connecticut for the analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) following purge and trap GC/MS using New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) CLP Protocols. Sample GM-14 was analyzed according to USEPA Method 624.

Validation of the data was performed following the quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) criteria set forth in the method, and the document "USEPA Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review" dated October 1999. Sample identification, collection dates, and laboratory-received dates are listed in Table 1. The quality of the data was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described in this memorandum. Metals and SVOCs data were discussed in a separate memo.

The analytical data for samples were provided by the laboratory in six sample delivery groups (SDG) 202695, 202788, 202854, 202885, 202910, and 202988. The data validation results for these SDGs are discussed separately below.

SDG 202695

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

Two initial calibrations were performed on November 27, and December 4, 2002. The compound relative response factors (RRFs) were >0.05 and compound percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) values were <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Three continuing calibrations were performed with the samples. The compound RRFs were >0.05 and percent difference (%D) values were <25.

V. BLANKS

Three method blanks were analyzed with this SDG. No compound or TICs were detected. Methylene chloride was detected in one method blank associated with 36D, 36D2, MW-3R, 18S, 17SR, N-10631, and 16SR.

Four trip blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compound was detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank TB121002	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	13

Associated Samples: GM38D2, 36D, and 36D2

Two field blank was collected and analyzed with the samples. The following compounds were detected in the field blank:

Field Blank 121702	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	0.5J

Associated samples: MW3R, 18S, 17SR, N10631, and 16SR.

The following samples were qualified as non-detect (U) based on the blank results:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Sample ID</u>
Methylene Chloride	36D2
Acetone	GM-38D2

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

**VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES/MATRIX SPIKE
BLANKS (MS/MSD/MSB) AND LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLES
(LCS)**

The MS/MSD/MSB and LCS results were within QC limits.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds were reported correctly.

**X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED
QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)**

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

All TICs were reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

The quality of the data presented in this SDG package was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

SDG 202788

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on September 17, 2002 and October 9, 2002.

All compound RRFs were >0.05 and RSDs were <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Five continuing calibrations were performed in this SDG. The compounds had RRFs >0.05. The following %Ds were >25%:

Calibration date: 12/23/02

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Chloromethane	26.4

Associated samples: GM-78I, FB121902, and TB121902

Calibration date: 12/26/02

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	37.3
2-Butanone	46.0
2-Hexanone	63.2
Chloromethane	32.3

Associated samples: GM32S, GM78S, REP12202, HN24I, HN29D, TB122002, and FB122002.

Calibration date: 12/27/02

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Chloromethane	43.9
Vinyl Chloride	34.8
Acetone	75.9
2-Butanone	83.5
2-Hexanone	100

Associated sample: HN29I.

Calibration date: 01/02/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Vinyl Chloride	33.3
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	25.7
2-Butanone	31.9
Toluene	37.8

Associated samples: GM17I, GM17D, GM18D and TB122702

The above compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Five method blanks were analyzed with the samples in this SDG. The following compound was detected in a method blank:

Method Blank 13076-020	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	0.55J

Associated samples: GM32S, GM78S, REP122002, HN24I, and HN29D

Four trip blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compounds were detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank TB 121902	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	2 J

Associated sample: MEIGF, ME2GF, GM32S, GM78S, and GM78I.

Trip Blank TB010303	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Acetone	5J

Associated samples: GM20I and GM20D

Two field blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compound was detected in a field blank:

Field Blank FB121902	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Conc in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	3 J

Associated samples: MW1GF, MW2GF, GM32S, GM78S, and GM78I

The following samples were qualified as non-detect (U) based on the blank results:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Sample ID</u>
Methylene Chloride	GM78I and HN29D

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MS/MSD/MSB AND LCS

The %R and RPD were within QC limits in the MS/MSD/MSB and LCS except for the %R in the MS trichloroethene which was above QC limits. No qualification of the data was necessary.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds detected in the samples were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

All TICs were reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA.

Sample HN-24I was replicated and labeled REP122002. The replicate results were acceptable.

The quality of the data presented in this SDG package was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

SDG 202854

I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed.. All compound RRFs were >0.05 and %RSD values were <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Three continuing calibrations were performed with the samples. The RRFs were >0.05. The following %Ds were >25%:

Calibration Date: 01/15/03	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>% D</u>
Bromomethane	32.5
Acetone	39.5
2-Butanone	25.9
Vinyl Acetate	26.9
2-Hexanone	31.9

Associated sample: GM15I and GM15S

The compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Three method blanks were analyzed with the samples in this SDG. The following compound was detected in a method blank:

Method Blank 13672-001	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.70 J

Associated samples: GM15I and GM15S

Four trip blanks and two field blanks were analyzed with the samples. The following compounds were detected in the blanks:

Trip Blank TB010603	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Bromomethane	1 J
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	0.6 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Siloxane	21.23
Cyclotetrasiloxane,octameth	19.09

Associated samples: GM15D and GM15D2

Trip Blank TB010703	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Bromomethane	1 J
Acetone	8 J
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	0.8 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Siloxane	22.96
Cyclotetrasiloxane,octameth	19.09

Associated samples: GM39D, GM39D2, GM18I, and REP1-7-03

Trip Blank TB010803	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.5 J

Associated samples: GM21D and GM21I

Trip Blank 010903	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.4 J

Associated samples: GM75D2, GM16I, and N-10627

Field Blank FB010703	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Bromomethane	0.9 J
Acetone	5 J
Trichloroethene	4 J

Associated samples: GM39D, GM39D2, GM18I, and REP1-7-03.

Field Blank FB010903	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene Chloride	0.6 J
Carbon Disulfide	0.7 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Siloxane	22.96

Associated samples: GM75D2, GM16I, and N-10627, GM15S, GM15I

The following compounds were qualified as non-detect (U) based on blank results:

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Sample ID</u>
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	GM-15D and GM-15D2
Trichloroethene	GM-181
Methylene chloride	GM-75D2
Carbon disulfide	GM-75D2 and N-10627

An unknown siloxane at retention time 21.23 through 21.29 was qualified as not usable (R) based on blank result in GM-15D2, GM-16I, N-10627, GM-75D2, GM-15S (trip blank in SDG 202885) and GM-15I (trip blank in SDG 202885).

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MS/MSD/MSB AND LCS

The MS/MSD/MSB and LCS results were within QC limits.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds detected in the samples were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

All TICs were reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Sample GM-39D2 was replicated and labeled REP010703. The replicate results were acceptable.

The quality of the data presented in this SDG package was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

SDG 202885

I. HOLDING TIMES

The samples were analyzed within holding time requirements except for ONCT-1, GP-3, GP-1/3 INFLUENT, and GP-1 which were analyzed outside the holding times. The results for the above samples were qualified as estimated (J) if detected and estimated (UJ) if not detected.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on January 9, 2003. The compound relative response factors (RRFs) were >0.05 and compound percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) values were $<30\%$.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Four continuing calibrations were performed with the samples. The compound RRFs were >0.05 . The following percent difference (%D) values were >25 :

Calibration Date: 1/15/03	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>% D</u>
Bromomethane	32.5
Acetone	39.5
2-Butanone	25.9
Vinyl Acetate	26.9
2-Hexanone	31.9

Associated samples: TB011003 and FB011003.

Calibration Date: 1/16/03	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>% D</u>
Bromomethane	35.9
Vinyl Acetate	38.8
2-Butanone	25.2

Associated samples: ONCT-3, TB011303, ONCT EFFLUENT, GM-741, GM-74D, and GM-74D-2.

Calibration Date: 1/17/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>% D</u>
4-Methyl 1-2-Pentanone	26.0
Vinyl Acetate	32.4
Bromomethane	31.9

Associated samples: TB011303(S), ONCT-2, GP-1/3 EFFLU, GP-1DL, GP-1/3 INFLU, REP011303, ONCT-1DL, ONCT INFLUEN, and GM-73D-2.

Calibration Date: 1/21/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>% D</u>
Bromomethane	32.8
Acetone	47.4
2-Butanone	32.1
2-Hexanone	37.0

Associated samples: GP-3DL, GP-3, ONCT-1, GP-1/3 INFLU and GP-1.

The associated sample compound results were qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected.

V. BLANKS

Four method blanks were analyzed with this SDG. No compound or TICs were detected except for methylene chloride in 13672-1MB which was associated with samples FB011003 and TB011003. No qualification of data was necessary.

Three trip blanks and one field blank were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compound or TICs was detected in the blanks:

Trip Blank TB011003	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.5 JB

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Siloxane	21.25

Associated Samples: GM-15S and GM-15I in SDG 202854

Trip Blank TB011303	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.5 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Cyclotetrasiloxane, octameth	19.13
Unknown Siloxane	21.25

Associated Samples: REP-1-13-03, GM-73D2, GM-74I, GM-74D, and GM-74D-2.

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Field Blank FB011003 Methylene chloride	0.4 JB

Associated Samples: GM-15S and GM-15I in SDG 202854

No qualification of the data was necessary based on blank results.

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

**VII. MATRIX SPIKES/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES/MATRIX SPIKE
BLANKS (MS/MSD/MSB) AND LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLES
(LCS)**

The MS/MSD/MSB and LCS results were within QC limits.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds were reported correctly.

**X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED
QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)**

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

A TICs was reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Samples GP-3, GP-1/3 INFLUENT, GP-1, and ONCT-1 were analyzed at a secondary dilution due to concentrations of compounds exceeding the calibration range of the instrument and qualified by the laboratory with an "A" qualifier in the original analysis. The original analysis was reported except for the "A" qualified results, in which the secondary dilution was reported.

Sample ONCT INFL was replicated and labeled REP-1-13-03. The replicate results were acceptable.

The quality of the data presented in this SDG package was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

SDG 202910

I. HOLDING TIMES

The samples were analyzed within holding time requirements except for samples GM-37D and TB012203 which were analyzed outside the holding time. The temperature of the samples collected on January 20, 2003 when received by the laboratory was above the acceptable storage temperature. Samples GM-37D2, TB012203, GM-70D2 and TB1/20/03 were qualified as estimated (J) and estimated (UJ) if not detected.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

Two initial calibrations were performed on January 9 and 20, 2003. All compound RRFs were >0.05 and RSDs were <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Five continuing calibrations were performed in this SDG. The compounds had RRFs >0.05. The following %Ds were >25%:

Calibration date: 1/17/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Bromomethane	31.9
Vinyl Acetate	32.4
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	26.0

Associated samples: GM-79I, GM-79D, and GM-34D2

Calibration date: 1/20/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Bromomethane	30.0
Vinyl Acetate	28.6

Associated samples: GM-14 and FB011603

Calibration date: 1/21/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Acetone	47.4
Bromomethane	32.8
2-Butanone	32.1
2-Hexanone	37

Associated samples: TB011403, TB011503, FB011503, TB011603, TB012003, GM-33D2, 73D, GM-13D and GM-70D2.

Calibration date: 1/30/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>%D</u>
Vinyl Acetate	94.5

Associated samples: TB12203 and GM37D

The above compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Five method blanks were analyzed with the samples in this SDG. No target compound or TICs were detected in a method blanks:

Six trip blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compounds or TICs were detected in the trip blanks:

Trip Blank TB 011403	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	1 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
CyclotetraSiloxane, octameth	19.18
Unknown Siloxane	21.32

Associated sample: GM-79I and GM-79D

Trip Blank TB011503

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.5 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
CyclotetraSiloxane, octameth	19.18
Unknown Siloxane	21.31
Unknown Siloxane	23.01
Unknown Alkane	25.28

Associated samples: 73D and 34D2

Trip Blank TB011603

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Conc in ug/L</u>
Unknown Alkane	25.29

Associated samples: GM-73D, GM-33D2, and GM-34D

Trip Blank TB

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
CyclotetraSiloxane, octameth	19.19
Unknown Siloxane	21.32

Associated samples: GM-70D2

Trip Blank TB012103

<u>Compound</u>	<u>Conc in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.3 J
Trichloroethene	0.6 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Siloxane	21.30

Associated samples: GM-38D and GM-38R

Trip Blank TB012203

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Siloxane	21.25

Associated samples: GM-37D2

Two field blanks were analyzed with this SDG. The following target compound was detected in a field blank:

Field Blank FB011503	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Conc in ug/L</u>
Methylene chloride	0.5 J
<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Siloxane	21.34

Associated samples: 73D and 34D2.

Methylene chloride was qualified as non-detect (U) in GM-38D and GM-38R. An Unknown Siloxane was qualified as not usable (R) in GM-70D2 at retention time 21.31 and 73D at retention time 21.32.

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MS/MSD/MSB AND LCS

The %R and RPD were within QC limits in the MS/MSD/MSB and LCS.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds detected in the samples were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

TICs were reported correctly.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Sample GM-38D was replicated and labeled GM-38R. The replicate results were acceptable.

The quality of the data presented in this SDG package was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

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I. HOLDING TIMES

All samples were analyzed within holding time requirements.

II. GC/MS INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK

All GC/MS instrument tunes were within criteria.

III. INITIAL CALIBRATION

One initial calibration was performed on January 9, 2003. All compound RRFs were >0.05 and %RSD values were <30%.

IV. CONTINUING CALIBRATION

Two continuing calibrations were performed with the samples. The RRFs were >0.05. The following %Ds were >25%:

Calibration Date: 1/30/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>% D</u>
Vinyl Acetate	94.5

Associated samples: TB012803 and GM-35D2.

Calibration Date: 2/11/03

<u>Compound</u>	<u>% D</u>
Bromomethane	36.6
Vinyl Acetate	42.5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	25.4

Associated samples: TB020403, GM-37D, and GM-71D2.

The compounds were qualified as estimated (J) if detected, and estimated (UJ) if not detected in the associated samples.

V. BLANKS

Two method blanks were analyzed with the samples in this SDG. No compounds or TICs were detected in the method blanks.

Two trip blanks were analyzed with the samples. The following compounds were detected in the blanks:

Trip Blank TB012803	
<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
Unknown Silosane	21.27

Associated samples: GM-35D2.

Trip Blank TB020403	
<u>Compound</u>	<u>Concentration in ug/L</u>
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	1 J

<u>TIC</u>	<u>Retention Time</u>
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	22.576

Associated samples: GM-37D and GM-71D-2.

Based on blank results 4-methyl-2-pentanone was qualified as non-detect (U) in GM-37D and GM-71D-2.

VI. SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUNDS (SURROGATE SPIKES)

All surrogate spike recoveries were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

VII. MS/MSD/MSB AND LCS

The MS/MSD/MSB and LCS results were within QC limits.

VIII. INTERNAL STANDARDS

All internal standard area counts and retention times were within control limits for all samples and blanks.

IX. TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Target compounds detected in the samples were reported correctly.

X. COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLs)

All compound detection limits were met.

XI. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICs)

A compound methylacetate in GM-37D and 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene in TB020403 were detected and reported on the quantitation report. They are not target compounds and were added to the TIC forms for GM-37D and TB020403.

XII. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

The quality of the data presented in this SDG package was acceptable with the appropriate qualifications described above.

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed for the Fourth Quarter 2002 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 202695</u>			
GM38D2	202695-001	12/10/2002	12/11/2002
TB121002	202695-002	12/10/2002	12/11/2002
TB121602	202695-003	12/16/2002	12/17/2002
36D	202695-004	12/16/2002	12/17/2002
36D2	202695-005	12/16/2002	12/17/2002
TB121702	202695-006	12/17/2002	12/18/2002
FB121702	202695-007	12/17/2002	12/18/2002
MW-3R	202695-008	12/17/2002	12/18/2002
18S	202695-009	12/17/2002	12/18/2002
17SR	202695-010	12/17/2002	12/18/2002
N-10631	202695-011	12/17/2002	12/18/2002
16SR	202695-012	12/17/2002	12/18/2002
TB121802	202695-013	12/18/2002	12/19/2002
HN-40S	202695-014	12/18/2002	12/19/2002
HN-40I	202695-015	12/18/2002	12/19/2002
FB121802	202695-016	12/18/2002	12/19/2002
HN-42I	202695-017	12/18/2002	12/19/2002
HN-42S	202695-018	12/18/2002	12/19/2002
N-10634	202695-019	12/18/2002	12/19/2002
GM-21S	202695-020	12/18/2002	12/19/2002

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed for the Fourth Quarter 2002 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 202788</u>			
MW-1GF	202788-001	12/19/2002	12/20/2002
MW-2GF	202788-002	12/19/2002	12/20/2002
GM-32S	202788-003	12/19/2002	12/20/2002
GM-78S	202788-004	12/19/2002	12/20/2002
GM-78I	202788-005	12/19/2002	12/20/2002
FB121902	202788-006	12/19/2002	12/20/2002
TB121902	202788-007	12/19/2002	12/20/2002
TB122002	202788-008	12/20/2002	12/21/2002
FB122002	202788-009	12/20/2002	12/21/2002
REP122002	202788-010	12/20/2002	12/21/2002
HN-24I	202788-011	12/20/2002	12/21/2002
HN-29I	202788-012	12/20/2002	12/21/2002
HN-29D	202788-013	12/20/2002	12/21/2002
GM-17I	202788-014	12/27/2002	12/28/2002
GM-17D	202788-015	12/27/2002	12/28/2002
GM-18D	202788-016	12/27/2002	12/28/2002
TB122702	202788-017	12/27/2002	12/28/2002
GM-20I	202788-018	1/3/2003	1/4/2003
GM-20D	202788-019	1/3/2003	1/4/2003
TB010303	202788-020	1/3/2003	1/4/2003

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed for the Fourth Quarter 2002 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 202854</u>			
GM-15D	202854-001	1/6/2003	1/7/2003
GM-15D-2	202854-002	1/6/2003	1/7/2003
TB010603	202854-003	1/6/2003	1/7/2003
GM-39D	202854-004	1/7/2003	1/8/2003
GM-39D-2	202854-005	1/7/2003	1/8/2003
GM-18I	202854-006	1/7/2003	1/8/2003
REP010703	202854-007	1/7/2003	1/8/2003
TB010703	202854-008	1/7/2003	1/8/2003
FB010703	202854-009	1/7/2003	1/8/2003
GM-21D	202854-010	1/8/2003	1/9/2003
GM-21I	202854-011	1/8/2003	1/9/2003
TB010803	202854-012	1/8/2003	1/9/2003
GM-75D-2	202854-013	1/9/2003	1/10/2003
GM-16I	202854-014	1/9/2003	1/10/2003
N-10627	202854-015	1/9/2003	1/10/2003
TB010903	202854-016	1/9/2003	1/10/2003
FB010903	202854-017	1/9/2003	1/10/2003
GM-15S	202854-018	1/10/2003	1/11/2003
GM-15I	202854-019	1/10/2003	1/11/2003
PLT1 MW-04	202854-020	1/10/2003	1/11/2003

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed for the Fourth Quarter 2002 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 202885</u>			
PLT1 MW-05	202885-001	1/10/2003	1/11/2003
PLT1 MW-06	202885-002	1/10/2003	1/11/2003
FB011003	202885-003	1/10/2003	1/11/2003
TB011003	202885-004	1/10/2003	1/11/2003
ONCT-1	202885-005	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
ONCT-2	202885-006	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
ONCT-3	202885-007	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
ONCT INFLUENT	202885-008	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
ONCT EFFLUENT	202885-009	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GP-1/3 INFLUENT	202885-010	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GP-1/3 EFFLUENT	202885-011	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GP-1	202885-012	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GP-3	202885-013	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
TB011303 (S)	202885-014	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
REP011303OCIN	202885-015	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GM-74I	202885-016	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GM-74D	202885-017	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GM-74D-2	202885-018	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
GM-73D-2	202885-019	1/13/2003	1/14/2003
TB011303	202885-020	1/13/2003	1/14/2003

Table 1. Sample Identification, Collection Dates, and Laboratory Received Dates for Samples Analyzed for the Fourth Quarter 2002 in the vicinity of the Northrop Grumman site, Bethpage, New York.

ARCADIS G&M, Inc. ID	Laboratory ID	Date Collected	Date Received
<u>SDG 202910</u>			
GM 79I	202910-001	1/14/2003	1/15/2003
GM 79D	202910-002	1/14/2003	1/15/2003
TB011403	202910-003	1/14/2003	1/15/2003
TB011503	202910-004	1/15/2003	1/16/2003
FB011503	202910-005	1/15/2003	1/16/2003
73D	202910-006	1/15/2003	1/16/2003
34D2	202910-007	1/15/2003	1/16/2003
GM-13D	202910-008	1/16/2003	1/17/2003
GM-33D-2	202910-009	1/16/2003	1/17/2003
GM-34D	202910-010	1/16/2003	1/17/2003
TB011603	202910-011	1/16/2003	1/17/2003
GM-14	202910-012	1/16/2003	1/17/2003
FB011603	202910-013	1/16/2003	1/17/2003
GM 70D2	202910-014	1/20/2003	1/21/2003
TB012003	202910-015	1/20/2003	1/21/2003
GM 38D	202910-016	1/21/2003	1/22/2003
GM 38R	202910-017	1/21/2003	1/22/2003
TB012103	202910-018	1/21/2003	1/22/2003
GM 37D2	202910-019	1/22/2003	1/23/2003
TB012203	202910-020	1/22/2003	1/23/2003
<u>SDG 202988</u>			
GM-35D-2	202988-001	1/28/2003	1/29/2003
TB012803	202988-002	1/28/2003	1/29/2003
GM-37D	202988-003	2/4/2003	2/5/2003
GM-71D-2	202988-004	2/4/2003	2/5/2003
TB020403	202988-005	2/4/2003	2/5/2003