

Mr. Jason Pelton Project Manager New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Remedial Bureau D 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233-7015

Subject:

2019 First Quarter Operation Maintenance and Monitoring Report, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation and Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant (NWIRP) Sites, Bethpage, New York. (NYSDEC Site #s 1-30-003A and B)

Dear Jason:

On behalf of Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation (Northrop Grumman), Arcadis is providing the NYSDEC with the 2019 First Quarter Operation Maintenance and Monitoring Report (Report). This Report was prepared to document the operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) activities conducted for the on-site portion of the Operable Unit 2 (OU2) groundwater remedy and the results of ongoing volatile organic compound (VOC) and inorganic monitoring in groundwater to meet the remedial objectives set forth in the March 2001 OU2 Record of Decision (ROD).

Table 1 summarizes OU2 remedial system performance operational data, total mass removal, and water balance. Tables 2, 3A and 3B provide the analytical results for remedial system water and vapor samples for this period, respectively. Tables 4A and 4B provide the air modeling inputs and outputs and resulting analyses, based on quarterly vapor samples collected from the Tower 96 and Tower 102 systems, respectively, for this period. Tables 5A and 5B provide a summary of percent mass emittance of TCE from first quarter 2018 through first quarter 2019. Table 6 provides the validated analytical results of groundwater monitoring for this period. Figures 1 through 3 show the Locations of Wells and Onsite Groundwater Remedy, ONCT Groundwater Extraction and Treatment System Site Plan, and the ONCT Groundwater Extraction and Treatment System Schematic, respectively.

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ENVIRONMENT

Date: May 31, 2019

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Our ref: NYNG2019.22TM.RPTI4 NYNG2019.23TM.NAVI4 Mr. Jason Pelton May 31, 2019

Please contact us if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Arcadis of New York, Inc.

aristophy D. Engles

Christopher Engler, PE New York PE-069748

Engineer of Record

Copies:

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TABLES

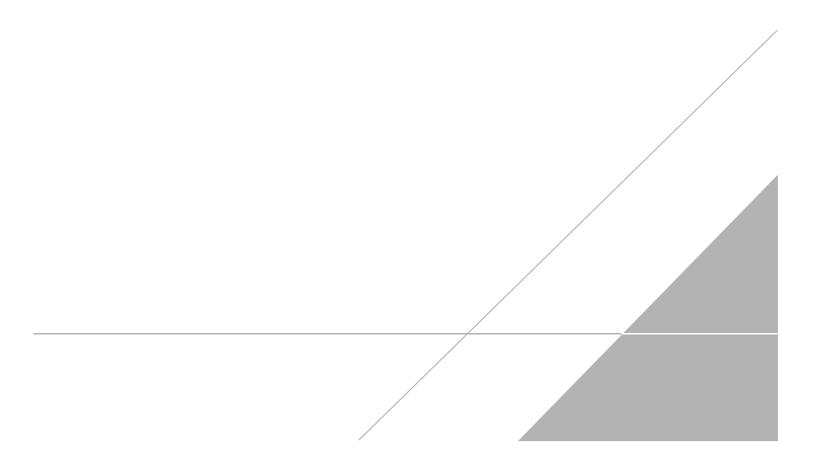


Table 1

Operational Summary for the On-Site Portion of the OU2 Groundwater Remedy, First Quarter 2019⁽¹⁾ Reporting Period Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation,

Bethpage, New York

	Quarterly Flo	Quarterly Flow Rates (gpm)		Quarterly Flow Volumes (MG)			
	Design ⁽²⁾	Average (3,4)	Design ⁽²⁾	Actual ^(3,4)	% of Design	TCE ⁽⁵⁾	TV
Influent Groundwater							
Well 1 ⁽¹¹⁾	800	814	103.7	105.5	102%	589	
Well 3R ⁽¹¹⁾	700	707	90.7	91.6	101%	333	
Well 17 ⁽¹¹⁾	1,000	1,002	129.6	124.7	96%	108	
Well 18 ⁽¹¹⁾	600	804	77.8	103.9	134%	41	
Well 19 ⁽¹¹⁾	700	507	90.7	65.4	72%	112	
Total ⁽¹³⁾	3,800	3,834	493	491	100%		

Effluent Groundwater ⁽⁸⁾							
Calpine	100 - 400	86		11.2		 	
OXY Biosparge ⁽¹⁰⁾	2 - 42	0		0		 	
West Recharge Basins	1,112 - 1,455	2,567		332.7		 0.6	
South Recharge Basins (12)	2,231	1,136	289.1	147.2	51%	 1.1	
Total ⁽¹⁴⁾	-	3,789		491			

Additional Flow to South Recharge Basins						
Storm Water Runoff Contributing to South Recharge			17.0			
Basins Flow Volume ⁽¹⁴⁾		 	17.0		 	
Total Flow Volume to South Recharge Basins (12,1	4,15)	289	164	57%		

Treatment Efficiencies ⁽⁹⁾	
Tower 96 System:	>99.9%
Tower 102 System:	>99.9%

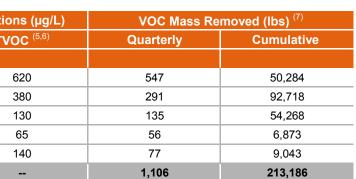


Table 1 Operational Summary for the On-Site Portion of the OU2 Groundwater Remedy, First Quarter 2019⁽¹⁾ Reporting Period **Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation,** Bethpage, New York

Notes and Abbreviations:

- Quarterly reporting period: January 01, 2019 through March 31, 2019 (1)
- (2) "Design" flow rates were determined for the five remedial wells and for the South Recharge Basins based on computer modeling (ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2003c, modified in April 2005). Flow rates for Calpine, OXY Biosparge and West Recharge Basins are typical flow rates and are provided for reader information. "Design" flow volumes represent the volume of water that should be pumped/discharged during the reporting period and is calculated by multiplying the design rate by the reporting period duration.
- "Average" flow rates for the remedial wells represent the average actual pumping rates when the pumps are operational and do not take into account the time that a well is not operational. During this guarterly reporting period, the remedial wells operated for the following (3) percentage of the time: Well 1 (100%), Well 3R (100%), Well 17 (96%), Well 18 (99.7%), and Well 19 (99.7%). "Actual" volumes are determined via totalized values computed by SCADA using the instantaneous flow rates transmitted from local flow meters.
- "Average" flow rates for the system discharges represent the average flow rate during the entire reporting period and are determined by dividing the total flow during the reporting period by the reporting period duration. The Calpine and South Recharge Basins flow volumes are (4) determined via totalized values computed by SCADA using the instantaneous flow rates transmitted from local flow meters. The West Recharge Basin flow is calculated by subtracting the cumulative flow to the other discharges from the total influent flow. Actual flow to the recharge basins is greater, as shown, because storm water combines with the plant effluent prior to discharge to the recharge basins.
- (5) The TCE and TVOC concentrations for the remedial wells are from the quarterly sampling event performed during this reporting period on Febuary 13, 2019.
- The TVOC concentration for the two sets of recharge basins are their respective average monthly SPDES concentration for the current quarter. (6)
- (7) TVOC mass removed for the reporting period is calculated by multiplying the TVOC concentration from the quarterly sampling event and the quantity of water pumped during the reporting period.
- (8) There are four discharges for the effluent groundwater: South Recharge Basins, West Recharge Basins, Calpine Power Plant (Calpine), and Occidental Chemical Biosparge system (OXY Biosparge). Treated water is continuously discharged to the south and west recharge basins, and is available "on-demand" to both Calpine for use as make-up water, and the biosparge remediation system operated by OXY.
- Treatment System Efficiencies are calculated by dividing the difference between the remedial well flow weighted influent and effluent TVOC concentrations by the remedial well flow weighted influent concentration. (9)
- (10) Occidental Chemical has not reported any water usage for the OXY Biosparge system since May 2016.
- (11) The downtime during First Quarter 2019 was minor and due to typical operation and maintenance. Well 17, of Tower 102 of the ONCT System, was shut down on March 18, 2019 due to a variable frequency drive (VFD) fault. The VFD cabinet ventilation fan was unable to be repaired, therefore it was replaced and Well 17 was restarted.
- Flow was diverted from the South Basins to the West Basins to accommodate basin rehabilitation work at the center most of the South Basins. On March 28, 2019. South Basin and West Basin discharge rates returned to typical operating values following the western most and (12) central South Basin maintenance completion.
- (13) Total pumpage/recharge rates are accurate to ±15% due to limitations in metering.
- Storm Water Runoff Volume is calculated by multiplying the adjusted tributary area and NOAA precipitation data for the reporting periods. The adjusted tributary area is tributary area and NOAA precipitation data for the reporting periods. (14) volume. The tributary area, runoff coefficient, and adjusted tributary area are from Dvirka and Bartilucci Consulting Engineers' Storm Water Permit Evaluation Report (January, 28, 2010). The NOAA precipitation data are calculated as a sum of NOAA daily precipitation data for the reporting period. NOAA precipitation data are retrieved from Station GHCND:USW00054787 - FARMINGDALE REPUBLIC AIRPORT, NY US for October and December; Station GHCND:US1NYNS0030 - PLAINEDGE, NY US for November as data was not available for the typical
- Total Flow Volume to South Recharge Basins is estimated as a sum of flow volumes contributed from the Effluent Groundwater to South Recharge Basins and from Storm Water Runoff to South Recharge Basins. (15)

	Not Applicable	NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
µg/L	micrograms per liter	SCADA	Supervisory Controls and Data Acquisition
gpm	gallons per minute	SPDES	State Pollution Discharge Elimination System
lbs	pounds	TCE	trichloroethene
MG	million gallons	TVOC	total volatile organic compounds
		VOC	volatile organic compounds



Table 2



Concentrations of Constituents in Remedial Wells and Treatment System Effluents, First Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

	Location ID:	WELL 1	WELL 3R	96 EFFLUENT
Constituents ⁽¹⁾	Sample ID:	WELL 1	WELL 3R	96 EFFLUENT
(units in μg/L)	Sample Date:	2/13/2019	2/13/2019	2/13/2019
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) ⁽²⁾				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		< 1.3	0.64	< 0.50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane		< 2.5	1.4	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene		2.0	3.8	< 0.50
1,2-Dichloroethane		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane		4.4	< 1.0	< 1.0
2-Butanone (MEK)		< 25	< 10	< 10
2-Hexanone (MBK)		< 13	< 5.0	< 5.0
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIK)		< 13	< 5.0	< 5.0
Acetone		< 25	< 10	< 10
Benzene		< 1.3	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromodichloromethane		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromoform		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromomethane		< 5.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Disulfide		< 5.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chlorobenzene		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroethane		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroform		< 1.3	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloromethane		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		5.4	4.0	< 0.50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Ethylbenzene		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Methylene Chloride		< 1.3	< 0.50	< 0.50
Styrene		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Tetrachloroethene		16.6	30.8	< 0.50
Toluene		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		< 1.3	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Trichloroethylene		589 D	333 EJ ⁽⁴⁾	< 0.50
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)		2.2	3.4	< 0.50
Vinyl Chloride		< 1.3	1.7	< 0.50
Xylene-o		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Xylene-m,p		< 2.5	< 1.0	< 1.0
Total VOCs ⁽³⁾		620	380	0
1,4-Dioxane ⁽²⁾		8.1	10	9.8

Table 2



Concentrations of Constituents in Remedial Wells and Treatment System Effluents, First Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

	Location ID:	WELL 17	WELL 18	WELL 19	WELL 19	102 EFFLUENT
Constituents ⁽¹⁾	Sample ID:	WELL 17	WELL 18	WELL 19	REP-021319-RM-1	102 EFFLUENT
(units in μg/L)	Sample Date:	2/13/2019	2/13/2019	2/13/2019	2/13/2019	2/13/2019
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) ⁽²⁾						
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		< 0.50	0.35 J	0.25 J	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane		0.75 J	1.3	0.62 J	0.64 J	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene		1.4	3.0	1.3	1.3	< 0.50
1,2-Dichloroethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
2-Butanone (MEK)		< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
2-Hexanone (MBK)		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIK)		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Acetone		< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Benzene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromodichloromethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromoform		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromomethane		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Disulfide		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chlorobenzene		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroform		< 0.50	< 0.50	0.38 J	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloromethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		2.5	2.6	15.0	15.4	< 0.50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Ethylbenzene		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Methylene Chloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Styrene		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Tetrachloroethene		18.9	15.0	6.8	6.7	< 0.50
Toluene		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Trichloroethylene		108	41.1	112	112	< 0.50
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)		2.9	1.4	1.0	< 0.50	< 0.50
Vinyl Chloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Xylene-o		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Xylene-m,p		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Total VOCs ⁽³⁾		130	65	140	140	0
1,4-Dioxane ⁽²⁾		7.3	5.7	4.6 J ⁽⁵⁾	3.2 J ⁽⁵⁾	5.7

Table 2Concentrations of Constituents in Remedial Wells andTreatment System Effluents, First Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2,Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation,Bethpage, New York



Notes and Abbreviations:

- (1) Results for the program are validated at 20% frequency, per protocols specified in OU2 Groundwater Monitoring Plan (Arcadis 2016).
- (2) VOC samples analyzed using USEPA Method 8260C. 1,4-dioxane samples analyzed using USEPA Method 8270D-SIM.
- (3) Total VOC results rounded to two significant figures.
- (4) Due to laboratory error a diluted analysis could not be run for the WELL 3R quarterly sample, which resulted in a reported value for TCE of 333 ug/L which exceeds the calibration range of the instrument; the associated result was qualified as estimated. The February estimated sample result is similar to results for monthly samples taken on January 10 and March 13, 2019 (301 ug/L and 304 ug/L, respectively). Additionally, the Febuary estimated sample result is within the typical range of TCE recorded from 2017 through 2019 of 272 ug/L to 498 ug/L.
- (5) The compound 1,4-Dioxane associated with samples WELL 19 and REP-021319-RM-1 exhibited a field duplicate RPD greater than the control limit. The associated sample results for the listed compound were qualified as estimated.
- 2.0 Bold value indicates a detection.
- < 1.3 Compound is not detected above its laboratory quantification limit.
- D Concentration is based on a diluted sample analysis.
- E Indicates value exceeds calibration range.
- J Constituent value is estimated.
- µg/L micrograms per liter
- OU2 Operable Unit 2
- REP Blind Replicate Sample
- USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency
- VOC Volatile Organic Compound

Table 3A



Vapor Sample Analytical Results First Quarter 2019, Tower 96 Treatment System Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation Operable Unit 2, Bethpage, New York

Location ID:	96 INFLUENT	96 MID-EFFLUENT	96 EFFLUENT		
Sample ID:	T96 INFLUENT (AA)	T96 MIDTRAIN (AA)	T96 EFFLUENT (AA)		
Constituents					
(Units in μg/m³)	2/13/2019	2/13/2019	2/13/2019		
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) ⁽¹⁾					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	17	4.5	4.5		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.55	< 0.55	< 0.55		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.6	< 0.44	< 0.44		
1,1-Dichloroethane	46.1	27	21		
1,1-Dichloroethene	105	98.3	65.4		
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.6	0.77	0.73		
1,2-Dichloropropane	108	19	2.5		
Benzene	1.2	0.38 J	0.64		
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.54	< 0.54	< 0.54		
Bromoform	< 0.33	< 0.33	< 0.33		
Bromomethane	< 0.62	< 0.62	< 0.62		
Carbon Disulfide	< 0.50	3.7	< 0.50		
Carbon Tetrachloride	3.1	< 0.20	< 0.20		
Chlorobenzene	1.1	< 0.74	< 0.74		
Chloroethane	2.4	2.3	1.6		
Chloroform	17	8.3	6.8		
Chloromethane	0.97	1.0	1.7		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	145	90.0	105		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.73	< 0.73	< 0.73		
Dibromochloromethane	< 0.68	< 0.68	< 0.68		
Ethylbenzene	< 0.69	< 0.69	< 0.69		
Dichloromethane	0.83	0.83	0.87		
Styrene	< 0.68	< 0.68	< 0.68		
Tetrachloroethene	685	95.6	0.75		
Toluene	0.33 J	1.3	39.6		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.8	1.2	0.87		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.73	< 0.73	< 0.73		
Trichloroethylene	16,700	4,270	1,270		
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	125	50	58		
Vinyl Chloride	24	22	16		
Xylene-o	< 0.69	< 0.69	< 0.69		
Xylene-m,p	< 0.69	< 0.69	0.52 J		
Total VOCs ⁽²⁾	17,989	4,696	1,596		

Table 3A Vapor Sample Analytical Results First Quarter 2019, Tower 96 Treatment System Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation Operable Unit 2, Bethpage, New York



Notes and Abbreviations:

(1)	Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15.
(2)	Total VOCs represents the sum of individual concentrations of compounds detected rounded to the nearest whole number.
17	bold value indicates a detection
< 0.54	Compound is not detected above its laboratory quantification limit.
J	Compound detected below its reporting limit; value is estimated.
µg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
ELAP	Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

Table 3B Vapor Sample Analytical Results First Quarter 2019, Tower 102 Treatment System, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Operable Unit 2, Bethpage, New York



	Location ID: Sample ID:		102 EFFLUENT		
Constituents	npie iD:	T102 INFLUENT (AA)	T102 EFFLUENT (AA)		
(Units in µg/m ³)		2/13/2019	2/13/2019		
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	(1)				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		8.2	0.71		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		< 0.55	< 0.55		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		0.98	< 0.44		
1,1-Dichloroethane		31	27		
1,1-Dichloroethene		63.0	66.6		
1,2-Dichloroethane		2.5	< 0.65		
1,2-Dichloropropane		5.5	< 0.74		
Benzene		0.67	< 0.51		
Bromodichloromethane		< 0.54	< 0.54		
Bromoform		< 0.33	< 0.33		
Bromomethane		< 0.62	< 0.62		
Carbon Disulfide		< 0.50	< 0.50		
Carbon Tetrachloride		3.3	< 0.20		
Chlorobenzene		< 0.74	< 0.74		
Chloroethane		< 0.42	< 0.42		
Chloroform		8.8	4.2		
Chloromethane		0.83	0.74		
cis-1,2 Dichloroethene		187	44.8		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		< 0.73	< 0.73		
Dibromochloromethane		< 0.68	< 0.68		
Ethylbenzene		< 0.69	< 0.69		
Dichloromethane		0.63	1.6		
Styrene		< 0.68	< 0.68		
Tetrachloroethene		272	< 0.22		
Toluene		0.49 J	0.49 J		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		1.9	0.63		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		< 0.73	< 0.73		
Trichloroethylene		2,230	16		
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)		47	61		
Vinyl Chloride		< 0.082	0.21		
Xylene-o		< 0.69	< 0.69		
Xylene-m,p		0.48 J	< 0.69		
Total VOCs ⁽²⁾		2,864	224		

Table 3B Vapor Sample Analytical Results First Quarter 2019, Tower 102 Treatment System, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Operable Unit 2, Bethpage, New York



Notes and Abbreviations:

(1) Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15. Total VOCs represents the sum of individual concentrations of compounds detected rounded to the (2) nearest whole number. 5.5 bold value indicates a detection < 0.68 Compound is not detected above its laboratory quantification limit. J Compound detected below its reporting limit; value is estimated. µg/m³ micrograms per cubic meter ELAP Environmental Laboratory Approval Program New York State Department of Health NYSDOH USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency VOC volatile organic compound

Table 4A

Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 96 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



	0.00%	T96 Effluent (ug/m ³)		mission Rate	ə ⁽¹⁾	Scaled Impact -	Scaled Impact -	SGC ⁽³⁾	AGC ⁽³⁾	*****	N/ 100
Constituent	CAS#	2/13/2019	lb/yr	lb/hr	g/s	Hourly ⁽²⁾ (ug/m ³)	Annual ⁽²⁾ (ug/m ³)	(ug/m ³)	(ug/m³)	%SGC	% AGC
1,1,1 - Trichloroethane	00071-55-6	4.5	0.72	8.21E-05	1.03E-05	1.53E-03	4.50E-05	9,000	5000.00	0.00%	0.00%
1,1 - Dichloroethane	00075-34-3	21	3.36	3.83E-04	4.83E-05	7.15E-03	2.10E-04		0.63		0.03%
1,2 - Dichloroethane	00107-06-2	0.73	0.12	1.33E-05	1.68E-06	2.49E-04	7.29E-06		0.04		0.02%
1,1 - Dichloroethene	00075-35-4	65.4	10.46	1.19E-03	1.50E-04	2.23E-02	6.53E-04		200.00		0.00%
Tetrachloroethene	00127-18-4	0.75	0.12	1.37E-05	1.72E-06	2.55E-04	7.49E-06	300	4.00	0.00%	0.00%
Trichloroethene ⁽⁴⁾	00079-01-6	1,270	203	2.32E-02	2.92E-03	4.32E-01	1.27E-02	20	0.20	2.16%	6.34%
Vinyl Chloride ⁽⁴⁾	00075-01-4	16	2.56	2.92E-04	3.68E-05	5.45E-03	1.60E-04	180,000	0.11	0.00%	0.15%
cis 1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2	105	16.79	1.92E-03	2.41E-04	3.57E-02	1.05E-03		63.00		0.00%
trans 1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5	0.87	0.14	1.59E-05	2.00E-06	2.96E-04	8.69E-06		63.00		0.00%
Benzene ⁽⁴⁾	00071-43-2	0.64	0.10	1.17E-05	1.47E-06	2.18E-04	6.39E-06	1,300	0.13	0.00%	0.00%
Toluene	00108-88-3	39.6	6.33	7.23E-04	9.11E-05	1.35E-02	3.96E-04	37,000	5000.00	0.00%	0.00%
Xylenes - m,p	01330-20-7	0.52	0.08	9.49E-06	1.20E-06	1.77E-04	5.20E-06	22000	100.00		0.00%
1,2-Dichloropropane	00078-87-5	2.5	0.40	4.56E-05	5.75E-06	8.51E-04	2.50E-05		4.00		0.00%
Chloroethane	00078-93-14	1.6	0.26	2.92E-05	3.68E-06	5.45E-04	1.60E-05		10000.00		0.00%
Chloroform	00078-93-15	6.8	1.09	1.24E-04	1.56E-05	2.31E-03	6.79E-05	150	14.70	0.00%	0.00%
Chloromethane	00078-93-16	1.7	0.27	3.10E-05	3.91E-06	5.79E-04	1.70E-05	22,000	90.00	0.00%	0.00%
Dichloromethane	00078-93-19	0.87	0.14	1.59E-05	2.00E-06	2.96E-04	8.69E-06	14,000	60.00	0.00%	0.00%
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00078-93-26	58	9.27	1.06E-03	1.33E-04	1.97E-02	5.79E-04	960,000	180000.00	0.00%	0.00%

Notes and Abbreviations on next page

Table 4A Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 96 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



Notes and Abbreviations:

(1) Emission rate calculated based on effluent concentration and a stack air flow rate of 4,839 cfm. The stack air flow rate (in acfm) is taken from the actual stack air flow rate on 2/13/19. Effluent temperature used in the model was 92 °F from direct read in-line gauge.

Trichloroethene (lb/hr) = (720 ug/m³) x (4,839 ft³/min) x (1 m³/35 ft³) x (60 min/hr) x (0.000001 g/1 ug) x (0.0022 lb/g)

lb/yr = lb/hr x 8,760 hrs/yr

g/s = lb/hr x 1 hr/3,600 sec x 453.59 g/1 lb

(2) Ambient impact based on AERMOD modeling using normalized rate of 1 g/s is scaled to the actual emission rate of the pollutant. Modeling was performed using the representative meteorological data from the nearest station (Farmingdale, NY) for the years 2011 through 2015, and a stack which is 55 feet high and 20 inches in diameter. The maximum impact from all the years was used for the calculations.

Scaled hourly impact (ug/m³) = AERMOD predicted hourly ambient impact at 1 g/s ($[ug/m^3]/[g/s]$) x Actual emission rate (g/s) Scaled annual impact (ug/m³) = AERMOD predicted annual ambient impact at 1 g/s ($[ug/m^3]/[g/s]$) x Actual emission rate (g/s)

	AERMOD Normalized Ambient Impact at 1 g/s					
Hourly ([ug/m ³]/[g/s])	Annual ([ug/m ³]/[g/s])					
148.05	4.35					

(3) Short-term and annual guideline concentrations for air toxic pollutants specified in the NYSDEC DAR-1 AGC/SGC tables revised August 10, 2016.

(4) Vinyl Chloride and Benzene potential emission rates are less than 0.1 lb/hr and therefore below the trigger emissions for degree of air cleaning requirement (6 CRR-NY 212-2.3). TCE potential emissions are above the trigger limit and require a 12 month rolling average of annual emission to be maintained (see Table 5A) to demonstrate compliance with the 6 CRR-NY 212-2.2 500 lb/year requirement.

AGC CAS #	Annual Guideline Concentration Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number	4.5 acfm	bold value indicates a detection actual cubic feet per minute
CRR-NY	New York Codes, Rules and Regulations	g/s	grams per second
DAR-1	Division of Air Resources-1	µg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
	None Specified	lb/yr	pounds per year
NYSDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation	lb/hr	pounds per hour
SGC	Short-term Guideline Concentration		

Table 4B

Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 102 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



Constituent	T CAS#	T102 Effluent (ug/m ³)	E	mission Rate	9 ⁽¹⁾	Scaled Impact - Hourly ⁽²⁾	Scaled Impact - Annual ⁽²⁾	SGC ⁽³⁾	AGC ⁽³⁾	%SGC	% AGC
		2/13/2019	lb/yr	lb/hr	g/s	(ug/m ³)	(ug/m ³)	(ug/m ³)	(ug/m ³)		
1,1,1 - Trichloroethane	00071-55-6	0.71	0.18	2.10E-05	2.65E-06	9.24E-04	6.05E-06	9000	5000.00	0.00%	0.00%
1,1 - Dichloroethane	00075-34-3	27	7.00	8.00E-04	1.01E-04	3.51E-02	2.30E-04		0.63		0.04%
1,1 - Dichloroethene	00075-35-4	66.6	17.28	1.97E-03	2.48E-04	8.67E-02	5.68E-04		200.00		0.00%
Trichloroethene ⁽⁴⁾	00079-01-6	16	4.15	4.74E-04	5.97E-05	2.08E-02	1.36E-04	20	0.20	0.10%	0.07%
Vinyl Chloride ⁽⁴⁾	00075-01-4	0.21	0.05	6.22E-06	7.84E-07	2.73E-04	1.79E-06	180,000	0.11	0.00%	0.00%
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2	44.8	11.62	1.33E-03	1.67E-04	5.83E-02	3.82E-04		63.00		0.00%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5	0.63	0.16	1.87E-05	2.35E-06	8.20E-04	5.37E-06		63.00		0.00%
Toluene	00108-88-3	0.49	0.13	1.45E-05	1.83E-06	6.38E-04	4.18E-06	37000	5000.00		0.00%
Chloroform	00067-66-3	4.2	1.09	1.24E-04	1.57E-05	5.47E-03	3.58E-05	150	14.70	0.00%	0.00%
Chloromethane	00074-87-3	0.74	0.19	2.19E-05	2.76E-06	9.63E-04	6.31E-06	22,000	90.00	0.00%	0.00%
Dichloromethane	00075-09-2	1.6	0.42	4.74E-05	5.97E-06	2.08E-03	1.36E-05	14,000	60.00	0.00%	0.00%
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1	61	15.82	1.81E-03	2.28E-04	7.94E-02	5.20E-04	960,000	180000.00	0.00%	0.00%

Table 4B Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 102 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



Notes and Abbreviations:

(1) Emission rate calculated based on effluent concentration and a stack air flow rate of 7,852 cfm. The stack air flow rate (in acfm) is taken from the actual stack air flow rate on 2/13/2019. Effluent temperature used in the model was 80°F from direct read in-line gauge.

Trichloroethene (lb/hr) = (21 ug/m³) x (7,919 ft³/min) x (1 m³/35 ft³) x (60 min/hr) x (0.00001 g/1 ug) x (0.0022 lb/g)

lb/yr = lb/hr x 8,760 hrs/yr

g/s = lb/hr x 1 hr/3,600 sec x 453.59 g/1 lb

(2) Ambient impact based on AERMOD modeling using noramalized rate of 1 g/s is scaled to the actual emission rate of the pollutant. Modeling was performed using the representative meteorological data from the nearest station (Farmingdale, NY) for the years 2011 through 2015, and a stack which is 69.52 feet high and 24 inches in diameter. The maximum impact from all the years was used for the calculations.

Scaled hourly impact (ug/m³) = AERMOD predicted hourly ambient impact at 1 g/s ([ug/m³]/[g/s]) x Actual emission rate (g/s)

Scaled annual impact (ug/m³) = AERMOD predicted annual ambient impact at 1 g/s ([ug/m³]/[g/s]) x Actual emission rate (g/s)

AERMOD Normalized Ambient Impact at 1 g/s		
Hourly ([ug/m ³]/[g/s])	Annual ([ug/m ³]/[g/s])	
348.85	2.29	

(3) Short-term and annual guideline concentrations for air toxic pollutants specified in the NYSDEC DAR-1 AGC/SGC tables revised August 10, 2016.

(4) Vinyl Chloride potential emission rate is less than 0.1 lb/hr and therefore below the trigger emissions for degree of air cleaning requirement (6 CRR-NY 212-2.3). TCE potential emissions are above the trigger limit and require a 12 month rolling average of annual emission to be maintained (see Table 5B) to demonstrate compliance with the 6 CRR-NY 212-2.2 500 lb/year requirement.

AGC	Annual Guideline Concentration	16	bold value indicates a detection
CAS #	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number	acfm	actual cubic feet per minute
CRR-NY	New York Codes, Rules and Regulations	g/s	grams per second
DAR-1	Division of Air Resources-1	µg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
	None Specified	lb/yr	pounds per year
NYSDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation	lb/hr	pounds per hour
SGC	Short-term Guideline Concentration		

Table 5ASummary of TCE Mass Removal, Tower 96 Treatment System,2019, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation,Operable Unit 2, Bethpage, New York^(1,2,3)



Date	TCE Concentration (μg/m³) Date					Percent of Allowable TCE Emissions ⁽³⁾
	T96 INFLUENT	T96 MIDTRAIN	T96 SUP MIDTRAIN	T96 EFFLUENT	(lbs)	12 Month Rolling Average
1/31/2018	NS	3,510	2,710	17	0.4	91.3%
2/28/2018	13,000	2,860	3,930	86.5	1.0	91.4%
4/13/2018 (4)	13,000	NS	NS	232	4.4	52.9%
5/15/2018	17,400	5,430	14	1,590	22	44.5%
9/5/2018 (5)	18,700	3,650	NS	693	34	20.0%
12/7/2018	14,400	3,190	NS	720	29	18.1%
2/13/2019	16,700	4,270	NS	1,270	7.0	25.4%

Notes and Abbreviations:

(1) Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15.

(2) TCE Mass Emission calculated based on the exhaust air flow rate on the day of sampling and the period of time since the preceding day of sampling.

TCE (lb) = TCE Concentration [μ g/m³] x Days x Flow Rate [ft³/min] x (1 m³/35 ft³) x (60 min/hr) x (24 hr/day) x (0.000001 g/1 ug) x (0.0022 lb/g)

(3) Percent of allowable TCE emissions to date is a time-weighted annual rolling average based on the 500 lb/year emission limit specified

in the CRR-NY 212-2.2 Table 2. High Toxicity Air Contaminant List, revised April 1, 2017.

- (4) Carbon changeout for Tower 96 lead supplemental bed was completed on April 6, 2018.
- (5) Regenerative Carbon changeout for Tower 96 was completed on July 28, 2018.

µg/m ³ Ibs	micrograms per cubic meter pounds
CRR-NY	Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York
ELAP	Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
NS	Not Sampled
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
SUP	Supplemental
TCE	Trichloroethylene
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

Table 5B



Summary of TCE Mass Removal, Tower 102 Treatment System, 2019, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Operable Unit 2, Bethpage, New York^(1,2,3)

TCE Concentration (μg/m ³)		TCE Mass	Emission ⁽²⁾	Percentage of Allowable TCE Emissions ⁽³⁾		
Date	T102 INFLUENT	T102 EFFLUENT	lbs	lbs/day	Period	12 Month Rolling Average
2/28/2018	2,970	4	0.2	0.00	0.2%	0.9%
5/10/2018	1,710	2	0.1	0.00	0.1%	1.2%
9/5/2018 (4)	3,480	1	0.1	0.00	0.1%	0.4%
12/7/2018	2,380	21	1.4	0.01	1.1%	0.4%
2/13/2019	2,230	16	0.8	0.01	0.8%	0.5%

Notes and Abbreviations:

- (1) Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15.
- (2) TCE Mass Emission calculated based on the exhaust air flow rate on the day of sampling and the period of time since the preceding sampling day.

TCE (lb) = TCE Concentration $[\mu g/m^3]$ x Days x Flow Rate $[ft^3/min]$ x (1 m³/35 ft³) x (60 min/hr) x (24 hr/day) x (0.000001 g/1 ug) x (0.0022 lb/g)

- (3) Percent of allowable TCE emissions to date is a time-weighted annual rolling average based on the 500 lb/year emission limit specified in the CRR-NY 212-2.2 Table 2. High Toxicity Air Contaminant List, revised April 1, 2017.
- µg/m³ micrograms per cubic meter

lbs pounds

- ELAP Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
- NYSDOH New York State Department of Health
- T102 Tower 102
- TCE trichloroethene
- USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency
- VOC volatile organic compound

Table 6



Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds and 1,4-Dioxane in Monitoring Wells ⁽¹⁾ BPOW 2-1, BPOW 2-2 and BPOW 2-3, First Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2 (Groundwater), Bethpage, New York

	Location ID:	BPOW 2-1	BPOW 2-2	BPOW 2-3
	Sample ID:	BPOW 2-1	BPOW 2-2	BPOW 2-3
CONSTITUENT	Date:	2/18/2019	2/18/2019	2/18/2019
Units (ug/L)				
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) ^(2,3)				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluroethane		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1-Dichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1-Dichloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,2-Dichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,2-Dichloropropane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
2-Butanone (MEK)		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
2-Hexanone		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIK)		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Acetone		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Benzene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromodichloromethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromoform		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromomethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Carbon Disulfide		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Carbon tetrachloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chlorobenzene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloroform		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloromethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
cis-1,2-dichloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
cis-1,3-dichloropropene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Dibromochloromethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Ethylbenzene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Methylene Chloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Styrene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Tetrachloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Toluene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,2-dichloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,3-dichloropropene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Trichloroethylene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Vinyl Chloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Xylene-o		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Xylenes - m,p		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Total VOCs		0	0	0
1,4-Dioxane ^(2,3)		0.644	0.475	3.19

See last page for Notes and Abbreviations.

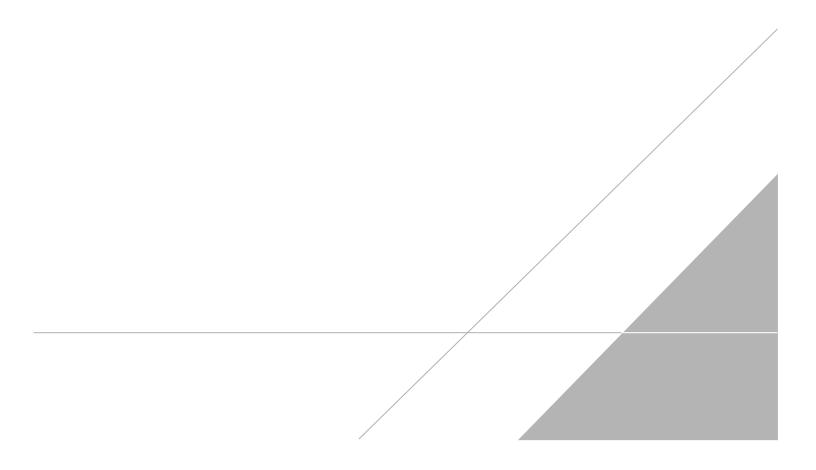
Table 6Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compoundsand 1,4-Dioxane in Monitoring Wells ⁽¹⁾BPOW 2-1, BPOW 2-2 and BPOW 2-3, First Quarter 2019,Operable Unit 2 (Groundwater),Bethpage, New York



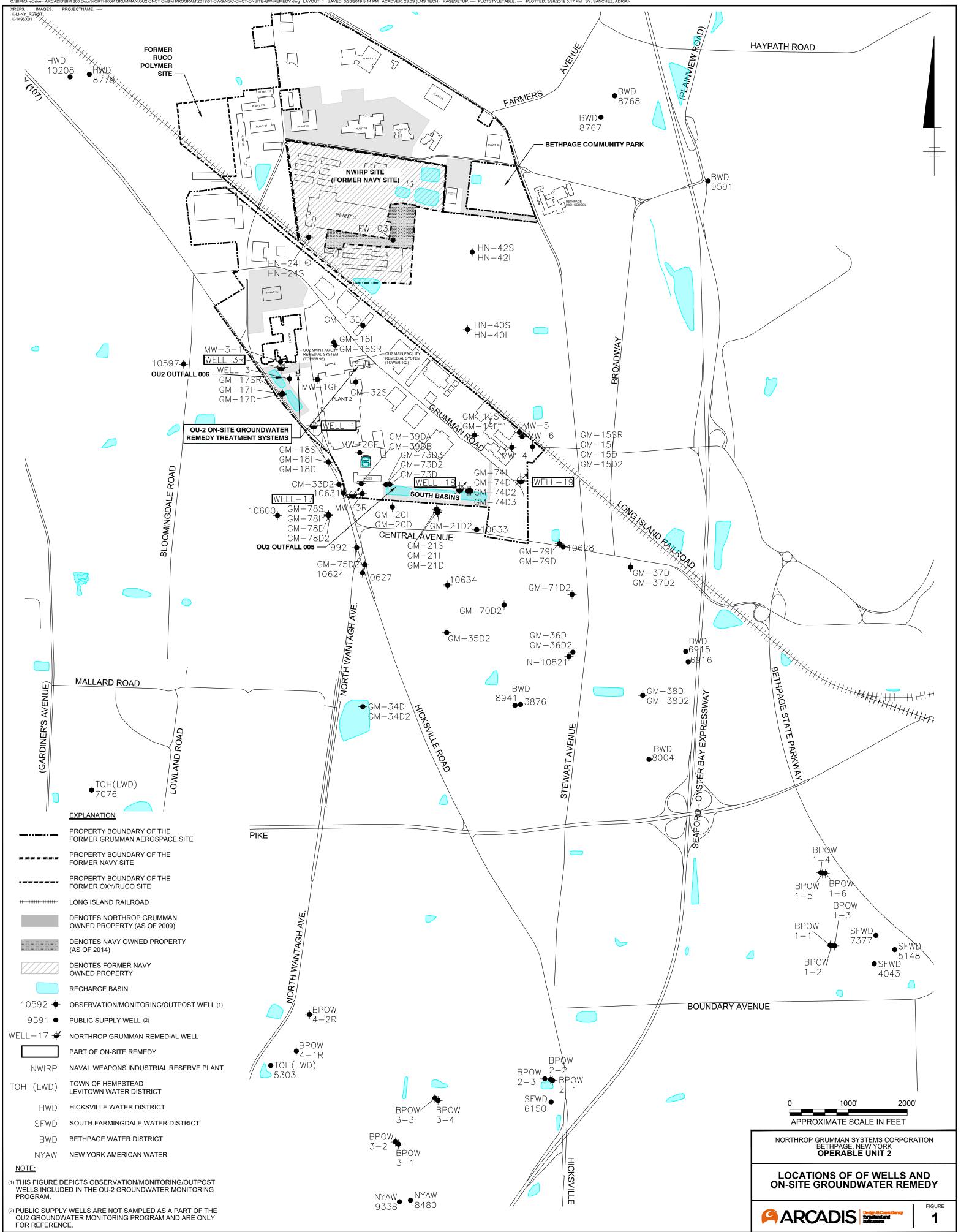
Notes and Abbreviations:

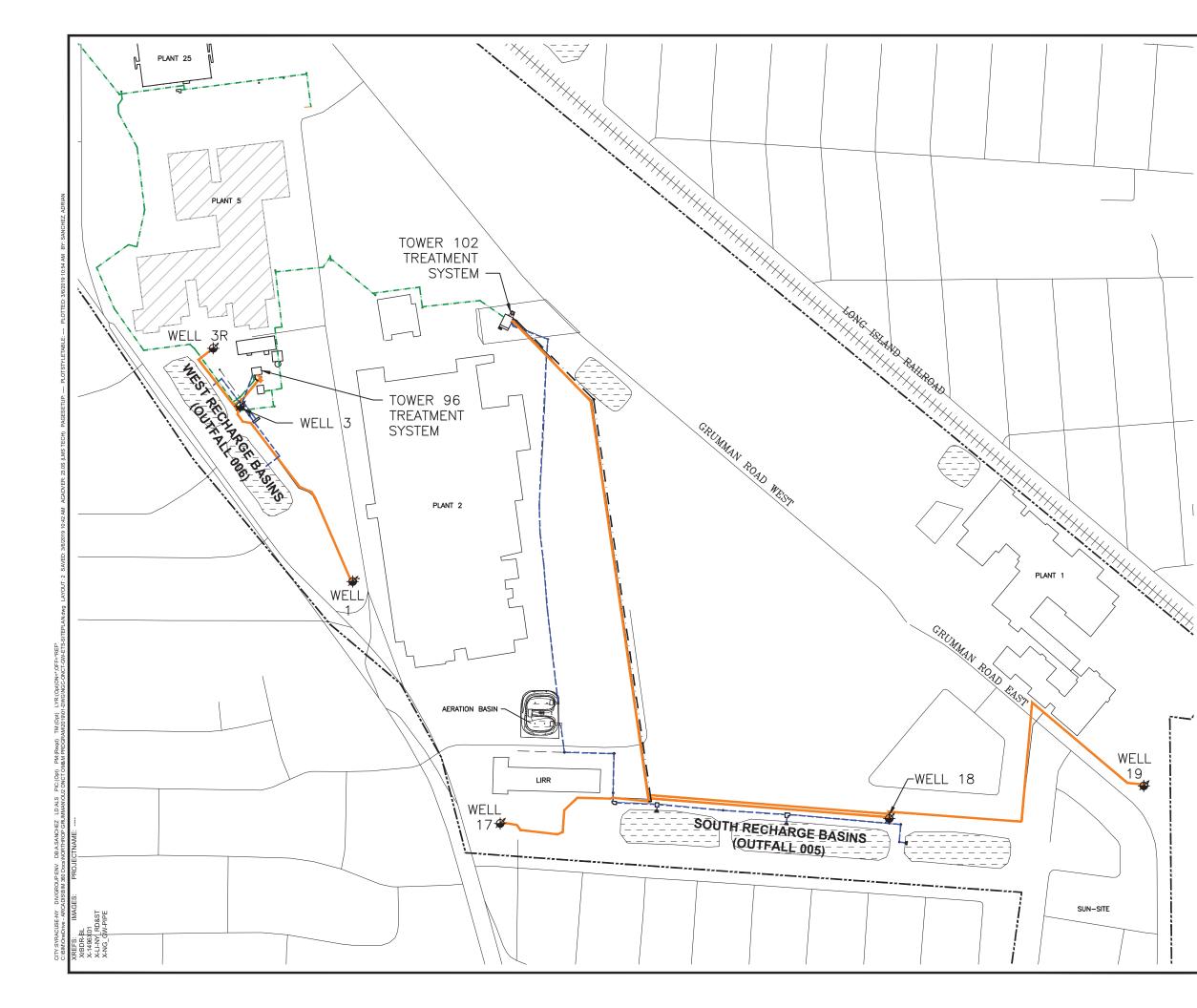
(1)	These outpost wells have been recently repurposed for use as plume monitoring wells per the June 2015 Groundwater Monitoring Plan Addendum (ARCADIS of New York, Inc., 2015) as conditionally approved by the NYSDEC (August 25, 2015). Therefore, TVOC trigger levels that may have been previously established are no longer shown
(2)	Samples were analyzed for VOCs using USEPA Method 524.2; samples were analyzed for 1,4-Dioxane using USEPA Method 522
(3)	Results for the program are validated at 20% frequency, per protocols specified in the OU2 Groundwater Monitoring Plan (Arcadis 2016)
0.644	Bold value indicates a detection
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
µg/L	micrograms per liter
<0.5	Compound not detected above its laboratory quantification limit

FIGURES



CITY:(Reqd) DIV/GROUP:(Reqd) DB:(Reqd) DB:(Reqd) LD:(Opt) PM:(Reqd) TM:(Opt) LYR:(Opt)ON=*,OFF=*REF* C:\BIM/OneDrive - ARCADIS\BIM 360 Docs\NORTHROP GRUMMANIOU2 ONCT OM&M PROGRAM\2019\01-DWGNGC-ONCT-ONSITE-GW-REMEDY.dwg LAYOUT: 1 SAVED: 3/26/2019 5:14 PM ACADVER: 23.0S (LMS TECH) PAGESETUP: ---- PLOTSTYLETABLE: ---- PLOTTED: 3/26/2019 5:17 PM BY: SANCHEZ, ADRIAN







ONCT GROUNDWATER EXTRACTION AND TREATMENT SYSTEM SITE PLAN

NORTHROP GRUMMAN SYSTEMS CORPORATION BETHPAGE, NEW YORK OPERABLE UNIT 2

DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR DESIGN PURPOSES. LAYOUT OF PIPING IS FOR REPRESENTATION ONLY (LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE).

NOTES:

x x	FENCE
WELL 18🗳	REMEDIAL WELL
$\overline{}$	BASIN
ONCT	ON-SITE CONTAMINANT

+++++ RAILROAD TRACKS

LEGEND:

FORMER NORTHROP GRUMMAN PROPERTY LINE

--- STORM DRAIN (EFFLUENT)

NON POTABLE WATER DISTRIBUTION LINE (EFFLUENT)

- INFLUENT LINE

---- BYPASS

FIGURE 2

