

Mr. Jason Pelton Project Manager New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Remedial Bureau D 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233-7015

#### Subject:

2019 Third Quarter Operation Maintenance and Monitoring Report, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation and Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant (NWIRP) Sites, Bethpage, New York. (NYSDEC Site #'s 1-30-003A and B)

#### Dear Jason:

On behalf of Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation (Northrop Grumman), Arcadis is providing the NYSDEC with the 2019 Third Quarter Operation Maintenance and Monitoring Report (Report). This Report was prepared to document the operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) activities conducted for the on-site portion of the Operable Unit 2 (OU2) groundwater remedy and the results of ongoing volatile organic compound (VOC) and inorganic monitoring in groundwater to meet the remedial objectives set forth in the March 2001 OU2 Record of Decision (ROD).

Table 1 summarizes OU2 remedial system performance operational data, total mass removal, and water balance. Tables 2 and 3 provide the analytical results for remedial system water and vapor samples for this period, respectively. Tables 4A and 4B provide the air modeling inputs and outputs and resulting analyses, based on quarterly vapor samples collected from the Tower 96 and Tower 102 systems, respectively, for this period. Tables 5A and 5B provides a summary of percent mass emittance of TCE from third quarter 2018 through third quarter 2019. Table 6 provides the validated analytical results of groundwater monitoring for this period. Figures 1 through 3 show the Locations of Wells and Onsite Groundwater Remedy, ONCT Groundwater Extraction and Treatment System Site Plan, and the ONCT Groundwater Extraction and Treatment System Schematic, respectively.

Arcadis of New York, Inc. Two Huntington Quadrangle Suite 1S10 Melville New York 11747 Tel 631 249 7600 Fax 631 249 7610 www.arcadis.com

#### ENVIRONMENT

Date: November 26, 2019

Contact: Christopher Engler

Phone: 315.409.6579

Email: christopher.engler@arcadis. com

Our ref: 30017989.RPTI4 30017989.NAVI4 Mr. Jason Pelton November 26, 2019

Please contact us if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Arcadis of New York, Inc.

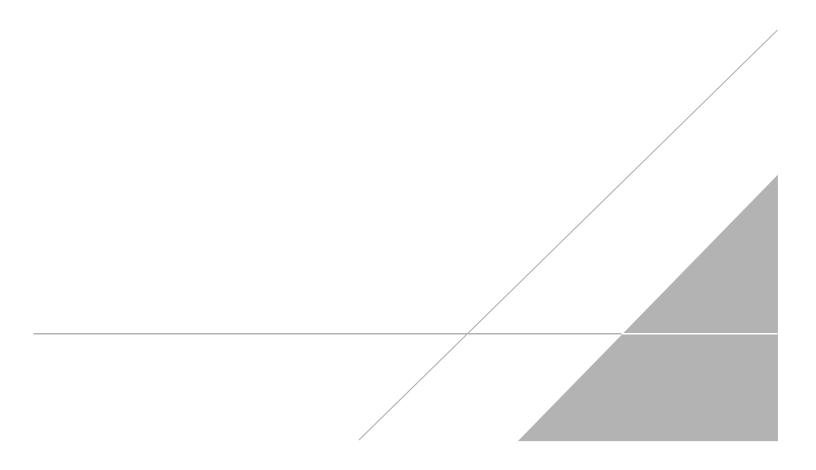
Aristophy D. Engles

Christopher Engler, P.E. 069748 Engineer of Record

Copies:

Ed Hannon, Northrop Grumman Walter Parish, NYSDEC Donald Hesler, NYSDEC Steven Scharf, NYSDEC Steven Karpinski, NYS Department of Health John Lovejoy, Nassau County Department of Health Brian S. Murray, NAVFAC Midlant Environmental David Brayack, TetraTech NUS, Inc. Paul Bluestein, Glenn Springs Holdings, Inc. Manfred Bohms, Steel Equities Mike Negrelli, USEPA Nidal Azzam, USEPA Matthew Russo, Town of Oyster Bay Stan Carey, Massapegua Water District Richard Kern, New York American Water Frank Koch, South Farmingdale Water District John Reinhardt, Town of Hempstead Water District Michael Boufis, Bethpage Water District **Public Repository** File

# **TABLES**



Operational Summary for the On-Site Portion of the OU2 Groundwater Remedy, Third Quarter 2019<sup>(1)</sup> Reporting Period Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

	Quarterly Flo	w Rates (gpm)	Quarterly Flow Vo		(MG)	Quarterly VOC Concentrations (µg/L		VOC Mass Removed (Ibs) <sup>(7)</sup>	
	Design <sup>(2)</sup>	Average <sup>(3,4)</sup>	Design <sup>(2)</sup>	Actual (3,4)	% of Design	TCE <sup>(5)</sup>	<b>TVOC</b> <sup>(5,6)</sup>	Quarterly	Cumulative
Influent Groundwater									
Well 1 <sup>(11)</sup>	800	793	106.0	88.9	84%	546	578	429	51,161
Well 3R <sup>(11)</sup>	700	677	92.7	71.9	78%	298	339	204	93,162
Well 17 <sup>(11)</sup>	1,000	1,016	132.5	119.3	90%	105	130	130	54,524
Well 18 <sup>(11)</sup>	600	851	79.5	110.9	139%	36	59	55	6,974
Well 19 <sup>(11)</sup>	700	558	92.7	72.7	78%	98	121	74	9,181
Total <sup>(12)</sup>	3,800	3,895	503	464	92%			892	215,002

Effluent Groundwater <sup>(8)</sup>							
Calpine	100 - 400	294		39.0		 	 
OXY Biosparge <sup>(10)</sup>	2 - 42	0		0		 	 
West Recharge Basins	1,112 - 1,455	769		101.9		 0.0	 
South Recharge Basins	2,231	2,437	295.6	322.8	109%	 1.4	 
Total <sup>(13)</sup>		3,500		464			

Additional Flow to South Recharge Basins						
Storm Water Runoff Contributing to South Recharge						
Basins Flow Volume <sup>(13)</sup>		 			 	 
Total Flow Volume to South Recharge Basins (13,14	•)	296	323	109%		

Treatment Efficiencies (9)	
Tower 96 System:	>99.9%
Tower 102 System:	>99.9%



# Table 1 Operational Summary for the On-Site Portion of the OU2 Groundwater Remedy, Third Quarter 2019<sup>(1)</sup> Reporting Period Operable Unit 2. Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation. Bethpage, New York

#### Notes and Abbreviations:

- (1) Quarterly reporting period: July 01, 2019 through September 30, 2019
- (2) "Design" flow rates were determined for the five remedial wells and for the South Recharge Basins based on computer modeling (ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2003c, modified in April 2005). Flow rates for Calpine, OXY Biosparge and West Recharge Basins are typical flow rates and are provided for reader information. "Design" flow volumes represent the volume of water that should be pumped/discharged during the reporting period and is calculated by multiplying the design rate by the reporting period duration.
- (3) "Average" flow rates for the remedial wells represent the average actual pumping rates when the pumps are operational and do not take into account the time that a well is not operational. During this guarterly reporting period, the remedial wells operated for the following percentage of the time: Well 1 (84.6%), Well 3R (80.2%), Well 17 (88.7%), Well 18 (98.4%), and Well 19 (98.4%). "Actual" volumes are determined via totalized values computed by SCADA using the instantaneous flow rates transmitted from local flow meters.
- (4) "Average" flow rates for the system discharges represent the average flow rate during the entire reporting period and are determined by dividing the total flow during the reporting period by the reporting period duration. The Calpine and South Recharge Basins flow volumes are determined via totalized values computed by SCADA using the instantaneous flow rates transmitted from local flow meters. The West Recharge Basin flow is calculated by subtracting the cumulative flow to the other discharges from the total influent flow. Actual flow to the recharge basins is greater, as shown, because storm water combines with the plant effluent prior to discharge to the recharge basins.
- The TCE and TVOC concentrations for the remedial wells are from the quarterly sampling event performed during this reporting period on August 6, 2019. (5)
- The TVOC concentration for the two sets of recharge basins are their respective average monthly SPDES concentration for the current guarter. (6)
- (7) TVOC mass removed for the reporting period is calculated by multiplying the TVOC concentration from the quarterly sampling event and the quantity of water pumped during the reporting period.
- (8) There are four discharges for the effluent groundwater: South Recharge Basins, West Recharge Basins, Calpine Power Plant (Calpine), and Occidental Chemical Biosparge system (OXY Biosparge). Treated water is continuously discharged to the south and west recharge basins, and is available "on-demand" to both Calpine for use as make-up water, and the biosparge remediation system operated by OXY.
- Treatment System Efficiencies are calculated by dividing the difference between the remedial well flow weighted influent and effluent TVOC concentrations by the remedial well flow weighted influent concentration. (9)
- (10) Occidental Chemical has not reported any water usage for the OXY Biosparge system since May 2016.
- (11) The Tower 96 and Tower 102 downtimes during Third Quarter 2019 were significant and due to typical operation and maintenance and some atypical events. The supplemental carbon beds of the Tower 96 System underwent a carbon change out from September 19 through September 20, 2019. Well 3R of the Tower 96 System was shut down from July 15 through July 20, 2019 for scheduled well inspection. Well 17 of the Tower 102 System was shut down for approximately six hours on July 19, 2019 for a scheduled stagnant well casing water sample to assist in well maintenance planning. Tower 96 of the ONCT System was shut down for approximately eight hours on July 20, 2019 due to a Calpine emergency power failure which also shutdown Tower 96. Well 17 of the Tower 102 System was shut down from July 22 to July 31, 2019 for a scheduled well inspection. Tower 96 of the ONCT System was shut down for approximately five hours on August 13, 2019 due to Calpine maintenance events. Tower 102 of the ONCT system was shut down for approximately five hours on August 23, 2019 to accommodate field measurements used to fabricate new sluice gates for the South Recharge Basins (Outfall 005) Distribution Chambers C and D. Tower 96 of the ONCT System was shut down on September 13, 2019 due to a condensate pump failure. The condensate pump was replaced and Tower 96 resumed normal operation on September 30, 2019.
- (12) Total pumpage / recharge rates are accurate to ±15% due to limitations in metering. Prior to this period, on June 12, 2019 at 6:00 am and continuing through Q3, the weir flow element for Outfall 005 was damaged during site maintenance at Tower 102. The average and maximum daily flow rates were estimated based on operating conditions and Calpine water demand throughout the reporting period. Northrop Grumman has purchased a replacement flow element which will be installed upon receipt.
- (13) Storm Water Runoff Volume is calculated by multiplying the adjusted tributary area and NOAA precipitation data for the reporting periods. The adjusted tributary area is tributary area and NOAA precipitation data for the reporting periods. volume. The tributary area, runoff coefficient, and adjusted tributary area are from Dvirka and Bartilucci Consulting Engineers' Storm Water Permit Evaluation Report (January, 28, 2010). The NOAA precipitation data are calculated as a sum of NOAA daily precipitation data for the reporting period. NOAA precipitation data are retrieved from Station GHCND:USW00054787 - FARMINGDALE REPUBLIC AIRPORT, NY US for July, August, and September.
- Total Flow Volume to South Recharge Basins is estimated as a sum of flow volumes contributed from the Effluent Groundwater to South Recharge Basins and from Storm Water Runoff to South Recharge Basins. (14)

	Not Applicable	NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
µg/L	micrograms per liter	SCADA	Supervisory Controls and Data Acquisition
gpm	gallons per minute	SPDES	State Pollution Discharge Elimination System
lbs	pounds	TCE	Trichloroethene
MG	million gallons	TVOC	Total Volatile Organic Compound
		VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds





Concentrations of Constituents in Remedial Wells and Treatment System Effluents, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

		Location ID:	WELL 1	WELL 3R	96 EFFLUENT
Constituents <sup>(1)</sup>	CAS#	Sample ID:	WELL 1	WELL 3R	96 EFFLUENT
(units in μg/L)		Sample Date:	8/6/2019	8/6/2019	8/6/2019
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) <sup>(2)</sup>					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	00071-55-6		< 0.50	0.61	< 0.50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	00079-34-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	00079-00-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	00075-34-3		0.71 J	1.5	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	00075-35-4		2.1	3.6	< 0.50
1,2-Dichloroethane	00107-06-2		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	00078-87-5		4.2	< 1.0	< 1.0
2-Butanone (MEK)	00078-93-3		< 10	< 10	< 10
2-Hexanone (MBK)	00591-78-6		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIK)	00108-10-1		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Acetone	00067-64-1		< 10	< 10	< 10
Benzene	00071-43-2		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromodichloromethane	00075-27-4		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromoform	00075-25-2		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromomethane	00074-83-9		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Disulfide	00075-15-0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	00056-23-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chlorobenzene	00108-90-7		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroethane	00075-00-3		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroform	00067-66-3		0.55	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloromethane	00074-87-3		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2		5.6	3.8	< 0.50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	00124-48-1		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Ethylbenzene	00100-41-4		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Dichloromethane	00075-09-2		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Styrene	00100-42-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Tetrachloroethene	00127-18-4		16.7	27.9	< 0.50
Toluene	00108-88-3		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Trichloroethylene	00079-01-6		546	298	< 0.50
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1		2.6	2.4	< 0.50
Vinyl Chloride	00075-01-4		< 0.50	1.3	< 0.50
Xylene-o	00095-47-6		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Xylene-m,p	179601-23-1		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Total VOCs <sup>(3)</sup>			580	340	0
1,4-Dioxane <sup>(2)</sup>			5.1	11	7.2



Concentrations of Constituents in Remedial Wells and Treatment System Effluents, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

		Location ID:	WELL 17	WELL 18	WELL 19	WELL 19
Constituents <sup>(1)</sup>	CAS#	Sample ID:	WELL 17	WELL 18	WELL 19	REP-080619-JJC-1
(units in μg/L)		Sample Date:	8/6/2019	8/6/2019	8/6/2019	8/6/2019
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) <sup>(2)</sup>						
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	00071-55-6		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	00079-34-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	00079-00-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	00075-34-3		0.72 J	1.4	0.67 J	0.65 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	00075-35-4		1.4	3.0	1.3	1.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	00107-06-2		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	00078-87-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
2-Butanone (MEK)	00078-93-3		< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
2-Hexanone (MBK)	00591-78-6		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIK)	00108-10-1		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Acetone	00067-64-1		< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Benzene	00071-43-2		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromodichloromethane	00075-27-4		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromoform	00075-25-2		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Bromomethane	00074-83-9		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Disulfide	00075-15-0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	00056-23-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chlorobenzene	00108-90-7		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroethane	00075-00-3		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Chloroform	00067-66-3		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloromethane	00074-87-3		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2		2.4	2.8	14.4	14.6
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	00124-48-1		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Ethylbenzene	00100-41-4		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Dichloromethane	00075-09-2		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Styrene	00100-42-5		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Tetrachloroethene	00127-18-4		17.6	14.2	6.0	5.8
Toluene	00108-88-3		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Trichloroethylene	00079-01-6		105	36.1	97.7	97.8
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1		2.5	1.2	1.1	1.0
Vinyl Chloride	00075-01-4		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Xylene-o	00095-47-6		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Xylene-m,p	179601-23-1		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Total VOCs <sup>(3)</sup>			130	59	120	120
1,4-Dioxane <sup>(2)</sup>			6.0	4.6	3.4	NA



Concentrations of Constituents in Remedial Wells and Treatment System Effluents, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

		Location ID:	102 EFFLUENT
Constituents <sup>(1)</sup>	CAS#	Sample ID:	102 EFFLUENT
(units in μg/L)		Sample Date:	8/6/2019
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) <sup>(2)</sup>			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	00071-55-6		< 0.50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	00079-34-5		< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	00079-00-5		< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	00075-34-3		< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	00075-35-4		< 0.50
1,2-Dichloroethane	00107-06-2		< 1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	00078-87-5		< 1.0
2-Butanone (MEK)	00078-93-3		< 10
2-Hexanone (MBK)	00591-78-6		< 5.0
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIK)	00108-10-1		< 5.0
Acetone	00067-64-1		< 10
Benzene	00071-43-2		< 0.50
Bromodichloromethane	00075-27-4		< 1.0
Bromoform	00075-25-2		< 1.0
Bromomethane	00074-83-9		< 2.0
Carbon Disulfide	00075-15-0		< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	00056-23-5		< 1.0
Chlorobenzene	00108-90-7		< 1.0
Chloroethane	00075-00-3		< 1.0
Chloroform	00067-66-3		< 0.50
Chloromethane	00074-87-3		< 1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2		< 0.50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5		< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	00124-48-1		< 1.0
Ethylbenzene	00100-41-4		< 1.0
Dichloromethane	00075-09-2		< 0.50
Styrene	00100-42-5		< 1.0
Tetrachloroethene	00127-18-4		< 0.50
Toluene	00108-88-3		< 1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5		< 0.50
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6		< 1.0
Trichloroethylene	00079-01-6		< 0.50
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1		< 0.50
Vinyl Chloride	00075-01-4		< 0.50
Xylene-o	00095-47-6		< 1.0
Xylene-m,p	179601-23-1		< 1.0
Total VOCs <sup>(3)</sup>			0
1,4-Dioxane <sup>(2)</sup>			4.9

Table 2Concentrations of Constituents in Remedial Wells andTreatment System Effluents, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2,Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation,Bethpage, New York



## Notes and Abbreviations:

(1)	Results for the program are validated at 20% frequency, per protocols specified in OU2 Groundwater Monitoring Plan (Arcadis 2016).
(2)	VOC samples analyzed using USEPA Method 8260C. 1,4-dioxane samples analyzed using USEPA Method 8270D-SIM.
(3)	Total VOC results rounded to two significant figures.
2.6	Bold value indicates a detection.
< 1.0	Compound is not detected above its laboratory quantification limit.
µg/L	micrograms per liter
J	Constituent value is estimated.
OU2	Operable Unit 2
REP	Blind Replicate Sample
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

# Table 3A



Vapor Sample Analytical Results Tower 96 Treatment System, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation Bethpage, New York

	Location ID:	96 INFLUENT	96 MID-EFFLUENT	96 EFFLUENT
	Sample ID:	T96 INFLUENT (AA)	T96 MIDTRAIN (AA)	T96 EFFLUENT (AA)
<u>Constituents</u>				
(Units in µg/m³)		10/3/2019 <sup>(3)</sup>	10/3/2019 <sup>(3)</sup>	10/3/2019 <sup>(3)</sup>
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) <sup>(1)</sup>	CAS #			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	00071-55-6	15	< 0.55	< 0.55
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	00079-34-5	< 0.69	< 0.69	< 0.69
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	00079-00-5	2.5	< 0.55	< 0.55
1,1-Dichloroethane	00075-34-3	34	1.4	0.61 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	00075-35-4	89.2	3.8	0.75
1,2-Dichloroethane	00107-06-2	2.4	< 0.81	< 0.81
1,2-Dichloropropane	00078-87-5	88.3	< 0.92	< 0.92
Benzene	00071-43-2	0.89	< 0.64	1.3
Bromodichloromethane	00075-27-4	< 0.67	< 0.67	< 0.67
Bromoform	00075-25-2	< 0.41	< 0.41	< 0.41
Bromomethane	00074-83-9	< 0.78	< 0.78	< 0.78
Carbon Disulfide	00075-15-0	< 0.62	< 0.62	< 0.62
Carbon Tetrachloride	00056-23-5	3.4	< 0.25	< 0.25
Chlorobenzene	00108-90-7	1.4	< 0.92	< 0.92
Chloroethane	00075-00-3	3.2	0.25 J	1.9
Chloroform	00067-66-3	19	0.68 J	< 0.98
Chloromethane	00074-87-3	0.87	1.1	1.9
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2	139	5.6	2.6
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 0.91	< 0.91	< 0.91
Dibromochloromethane	00124-48-1	< 0.85	< 0.85	< 0.85
Ethylbenzene	00100-41-4	< 0.87	< 0.87	< 0.87
Dichloromethane	00075-09-2	1.4	< 0.69	< 0.69
Styrene	00100-42-5	< 0.85	< 0.85	< 0.85
Tetrachloroethene	00127-18-4	759	9.5	0.75
Toluene	00108-88-3	< 0.75	< 0.75	24
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5	1.5	< 0.79	< 0.79
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 0.91	< 0.91	< 0.91
Trichloroethylene	00079-01-6	20,700	279	57
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1	93.5	3.1	1.4
Vinyl Chloride	00075-01-4	22	1.2	15
Xylene-o	00095-47-6	< 0.87	< 0.87	< 0.87
Xylene-m,p	179601-23-1	< 0.87	< 0.87	< 0.87
Total VOCs <sup>(2)</sup>		21,977	306	107

Table 3A Vapor Sample Analytical Results, Tower 96 Treatment System, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation Bethpage, New York



## Notes and Abbreviations:

(1)	Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15.
(2)	Total VOCs represents the sum of individual concentrations of compounds detected rounded to the nearest whole number.
(3)	condensate pump failure. The pump was replaced and Tower 96 resumed normal operation on September 30, 2019.
15	Bold value indicates a detection
< 0.55	Compound is not detected above its laboratory quantification limit.
µg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
J	Compound detected below its reporting limit; value is estimated.
ELAP	Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

# Table 3B



Vapor Sample Analytical Results Tower 102 Treatment System, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

	Location ID:	102 INFLUENT T102 INFLUENT	102 EFFLUENT T102 EFFLUENT
	Sample ID:	(AA)	(AA)
<u>Constituents</u>			
(Units in µg/m³)		10/3/2019 <sup>(3)</sup>	10/3/2019 <sup>(3)</sup>
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) <sup>(1)</sup>	CAS #		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	00071-55-6	4.6	1.9
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	00079-34-5	< 0.69	< 0.69
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	00079-00-5	0.71	< 0.55
1,1-Dichloroethane	00075-34-3	15.0	39
1,1-Dichloroethene	00075-35-4	25	84.1
1,2-Dichloroethane	00107-06-2	2.4	< 0.81
1,2-Dichloropropane	00078-87-5	5.1	< 0.92
Benzene	00071-43-2	< 0.64	< 0.64
Bromodichloromethane	00075-27-4	< 0.67	< 0.67
Bromoform	00075-25-2	< 0.41	< 0.41
Bromomethane	00074-83-9	< 0.78	< 0.78
Carbon Disulfide	00075-15-0	< 0.62	< 0.62
Carbon Tetrachloride	00056-23-5	2.2	0.69
Chlorobenzene	00108-90-7	< 0.92	< 0.92
Chloroethane	00075-00-3	< 0.53	< 0.53
Chloroform	00067-66-3	5.4	9.3
Chloromethane	00074-87-3	0.78	0.7
cis-1,2 Dichloroethene	00156-59-2	147	109
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 0.91	< 0.91
Dibromochloromethane	00124-48-1	< 0.85	< 0.85
Ethylbenzene	00100-41-4	< 0.87	0.52 J
Dichloromethane	00075-09-2	0.73	0.73
Styrene	00100-42-5	< 0.85	< 0.85
Tetrachloroethene	00127-18-4	206	< 0.27
Toluene	00108-88-3	< 0.75	< 0.75
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5	1.0	1.6
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 0.91	< 0.91
Trichloroethylene	00079-01-6	1,670	17
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1	21	66
Vinyl Chloride	00075-01-4	< 0.10	< 0.10
Xylene-o	00095-47-6	< 0.87	< 0.87
Xylene-m,p	179601-23-1	0.65 J	2.0
Total VOCs <sup>(2)</sup>		2,108	333

Table 3BDraftVapor Sample Analytical Results Tower 102 TreatmentSystem, Third Quarter 2019, Operable Unit 2,Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation,Bethpage, New York



# Notes and Abbreviations:

(1)	Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified
(1)	laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15.
(2)	Total VOCs represents the sum of individual concentrations of compounds detected rounded to the nearest whole number.
(3)	System air sampling delayed due to ONCT System shut down on September 13, 2019 due to a condensate
(-)	pump failure. The pump was replaced and Tower 96 resumed normal operation on September 30, 2019.
2.4	bold value indicates a detection
< 0.67	Compound is not detected above its laboratory quantification limit.
µg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
J	Compound detected below its reporting limit; value is estimated.
ELAP	Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency

G:\APROJECT\Northrop Grumman Bethpage\OU2.2 ONCT\10 Final Reports\2019 3Q\Tables\Table 3A and 3B\_OU2\_3Q\_2019\_Summary of Air Emissions -Table 3B FN

## Table 4A

Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 96 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



		T96 Effluent (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	E	mission Rate	e <sup>(1)</sup>	Scaled Impact -	Scaled Impact -	SGC <sup>(3)</sup>	AGC <sup>(3)</sup>		~ • • • •
Constituent	CAS#	10/3/2019	lb/yr	lb/hr	g/s	Hourly <sup>(2)</sup> (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Annual <sup>(2)</sup> (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	(ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	(ug/m³)	%SGC	% AGC
1,1 - Dichloroethane	00075-34-3	0.61	0.10	1.12E-05	1.41E-06	2.08E-04	6.11E-06		0.63		0.00%
1,1 - Dichloroethene	00075-35-4	0.75	0.12	1.37E-05	1.73E-06	2.56E-04	7.51E-06		200		0.00%
Tetrachloroethene	00127-18-4	0.75	0.12	1.37E-05	1.73E-06	2.56E-04	7.51E-06	300	4.0	0.00%	0.00%
Trichloroethene <sup>(4)</sup>	00079-01-6	57	9	1.04E-03	1.31E-04	1.95E-02	5.71E-04	20	0.20	0.10%	0.29%
Vinyl Chloride <sup>(4)</sup>	00075-01-4	15	2.40	2.74E-04	3.46E-05	5.12E-03	1.50E-04	180,000	0.11	0.00%	0.14%
cis 1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2	2.6	0.42	4.76E-05	5.99E-06	8.87E-04	2.60E-05		63		0.00%
Benzene <sup>(4)</sup>	00071-43-2	1.3	0.21	2.38E-05	3.00E-06	4.44E-04	1.30E-05	1,300	0.13	0.00%	0.01%
Toluene	00108-88-3	24	3.85	4.39E-04	5.53E-05	8.19E-03	2.40E-04	37,000	5000	0.00%	0.00%
Chloroethane	00075-00-3	1.9	0.30	3.48E-05	4.38E-06	6.49E-04	1.90E-05		10000		0.00%
Chloromethane	00074-87-3	1.9	0.30	3.48E-05	4.38E-06	6.49E-04	1.90E-05	22,000	90	0.00%	0.00%
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1	1.4	0.22	2.56E-05	3.23E-06	4.78E-04	1.40E-05	960,000	180000	0.00%	0.00%

Notes and Abbreviations on next page

Table 4A Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 96 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



#### Notes and Abbreviations:

(1) Emission rate calculated based on effluent concentration and a stack air flow rate of 4,852 cfm. The stack air flow rate (in acfm) is taken from the actual stack air flow rate on 10/03/19. Effluent temperature used in the model was 92°F from direct read in-line gauge.

Trichloroethene (lb/hr) =  $(720 \text{ ug/m}^3) \times (4,756 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}) \times (1 \text{ m}^3/35 \text{ ft}^3) \times (60 \text{ min/hr}) \times (0.000001 \text{ g/1 ug}) \times (0.0022 \text{ lb/g})$ lb/yr = lb/hr x 8,760 hrs/yr

g/s = lb/hr x 1 hr/3,600 sec x 453.59 g/1 lb

(2) Ambient impact based on AERMOD modeling using normalized rate of 1 g/s is scaled to the actual emission rate of the pollutant. Modeling was performed using the representative meteorological data from the nearest station (Farmingdale, NY) for the years 2011 through 2015, and a stack which is 55 feet high and 20 inches in diameter. The maximum impact from all the years was used for the calculations.

Scaled hourly impact (ug/m<sup>3</sup>) = AERMOD predicted hourly ambient impact at 1 g/s ([ug/m<sup>3</sup>]/[g/s]) x Actual emission rate (g/s)

Scaled annual impact (ug/m<sup>3</sup>) = AERMOD predicted annual ambient impact at 1 g/s ([ug/m<sup>3</sup>]/[g/s]) x Actual emission rate (g/s)

AERMOD Normalized Ambient Impact at 1 g/s		
Hourly ([ug/m <sup>3</sup> ]/[g/s])	Annual ([ug/m <sup>3</sup> ]/[g/s])	
148.05	4.35	

(3) Short-term and annual guideline concentrations for air toxic pollutants specified in the NYSDEC DAR-1 AGC/SGC tables revised August 10, 2016.

(4) Vinyl Chloride, Trichloroethene, and Benzene potential emission rates are less than 0.1 lb/hr and therefore below the trigger emissions for degree of air cleaning requirement (6 CRR-NY 212-2.3).

AGC	Annual Guideline Concentration	0.61	bold value indicates a detection
CAS #	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number		
CRR-NY	New York Codes, Rules and Regulations	acfm	actual cubic feet per minute
DAR-1	Division of Air Resources-1	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	micrograms per cubic meter
NYSDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation	g/s	grams per second
SGC	Short-term Guideline Concentration	lb/yr	pounds per year
		lb/hr	pounds per hour

#### Table 4B

Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 102 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



		T102 Effluent (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	E	mission Rate	e <sup>(1)</sup>	Scaled Impact -	Scaled Impact -	SGC <sup>(3)</sup>	AGC <sup>(3)</sup>	~~~~	~
Constituent	CAS#	10/3/2019	lb/yr	lb/hr	g/s	Hourly <sup>(2)</sup> (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Annual <sup>(2)</sup> (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	(ug/m³)	(ug/m³)	%SGC	% AGC
1,1,1 - Trichloroethane	00071-55-6	1.9	0.49	5.60E-05	7.06E-06	2.46E-03	1.61E-05	9,000	5,000	0.00%	0.00%
1,1 - Dichloroethane	00075-34-3	39	10.07	1.15E-03	1.45E-04	5.05E-02	3.31E-04		0.63		0.05%
1,1 - Dichloroethene	00075-35-4	84.1	21.72	2.48E-03	3.12E-04	1.09E-01	7.14E-04		200		0.00%
Trichloroethene <sup>(4)</sup>	00079-01-6	17	4.39	5.01E-04	6.31E-05	2.20E-02	1.44E-04	20	0.20	0.11%	0.07%
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-59-2	109	28.15	3.21E-03	4.05E-04	1.41E-01	9.25E-04		63		0.00%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	00156-60-5	1.60	0.41	4.72E-05	5.94E-06	2.07E-03	1.36E-05		63		0.00%
Xylenes - m,p	00095-47-6	2.0	0.52	5.90E-05	7.43E-06	2.59E-03	1.70E-05	22,000	100	0.00%	0.00%
Carbon Tetrachloride	00056-23-5	0.69	0.18	2.03E-05	2.56E-06	8.94E-04	5.86E-06	1,900	0.17	0.00%	0.00%
Chloroform	00067-66-3	9.3	2.40	2.74E-04	3.45E-05	1.21E-02	7.89E-05	150	14.7	0.01%	0.00%
Chloromethane	00074-87-3	0.70	0.18	2.06E-05	2.60E-06	9.07E-04	5.94E-06	22,000	90	0.00%	0.00%
Dichloromethane	00075-09-2	0.73	0.19	2.15E-05	2.71E-06	9.46E-04	6.20E-06	14,000	60	0.00%	0.00%
Ethylbenzene	00100-41-4	0.52	0.13	1.53E-05	1.93E-06	6.74E-04	4.41E-06		1,000		0.00%
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	00076-13-1	66	17.05	1.95E-03	2.45E-04	8.55E-02	5.60E-04	960,000	180,000	0.00%	0.00%

Notes and Abbreviations on next page

#### Table 4B Summary of AERMOD Air Quality Impact Analysis Tower 102 Treatment System, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



#### Notes and Abbreviations:

(1) Emission rate calculated based on effluent concentration and a stack air flow rate of 7,817 cfm. The stack air flow rate (in acfm) is taken from the actual stack air flow rate on 10/03/2019. Effluent temperature used in the model was 80°F from direct read in-line gauge.

Trichloroethene (lb/hr) = (21 ug/m<sup>3</sup>) x (7,832 ft<sup>3</sup>/min) x (1 m<sup>3</sup>/35 ft<sup>3</sup>) x (60 min/hr) x (0.000001 g/1 ug) x (0.0022 lb/g)

 $lb/yr = lb/hr \times 8,760 hrs/yr$ 

g/s = lb/hr x 1 hr/3,600 sec x 453.59 g/1 lb

(2) Ambient impact based on AERMOD modeling using normalized rate of 1 g/s is scaled to the actual emission rate of the pollutant. Modeling was performed using the representative meteorological data from the nearest station (Farmingdale, NY) for the years 2011 through 2015, and a stack which is 69.52 feet high and 24 inches in diameter. The maximum impact from all the years was used for the calculations.

Scaled hourly impact (ug/m<sup>3</sup>) = AERMOD predicted hourly ambient impact at 1 g/s ([ug/m<sup>3</sup>]/[g/s]) x Actual emission rate (g/s)

Scaled annual impact (ug/m<sup>3</sup>) = AERMOD predicted annual ambient impact at 1 g/s ([ug/m<sup>3</sup>]/[g/s]) x Actual emission rate (g/s)

AERMOD Normalized Ambient Impact at 1 g/s		
Hourly	Annual	
([ug/m <sup>3</sup> ]/[g/s])	([ug/m <sup>3</sup> ]/[g/s])	
348.85	2.29	

(3) Short-term and annual guideline concentrations for air toxic pollutants specified in the NYSDEC DAR-1 AGC/SGC tables revised August 10, 2016.

(4) Vinyl Chloride and Trichloroethene potential emission rates are less than 0.1 lb/hr and therefore below the trigger emissions for degree of air cleaning requirement (6 CRR-NY 212-2.3).

AGC	Annual Guideline Concentration	39	bold value indicates a detection
CAS #	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number		None Specified
CRR-NY	New York Codes, Rules and Regulations	µg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
DAR-1	Division of Air Resources-1	acfm	actual cubic feet per minute
NYSDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation	g/s	grams per second
SGC	Short-term Guideline Concentration	lb/yr	pounds per year
		lb/hr	pounds per hour

#### Table 5A



Summary of TCE Mass Removal, Tower 96 Treatment System, 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York<sup>(1)</sup>

Date		TCE Concent	tration (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )		TCE Mass Emission <sup>(2)</sup>	Percent of Allowable TCE Emissions <sup>(3)</sup>
	T96 INFLUENT	T96 MIDTRAIN	T96 SUP MIDTRAIN	T96 EFFLUENT	(lbs)	12 Month Rolling Average
05/15/18	17,400	5,430	14	1,590	22	44.5%
09/05/18 (4	18,700	3,650	NS	693	34	20.0%
12/07/18	14,400	3,190	NS	720	29	18.1%
02/13/19	16,700	4,270	NS	1,270	7	25.4%
06/13/19	23,300	2,250	NS	3,490	179	54.2%
10/03/19 (5,	3) 20,700	279	NS	57	2.8	48.0%

#### Notes and Abbreviations:

- (1) Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15.
- (2) TCE Mass Emission calculated based on the exhaust air flow rate on the day of sampling and the period of time since the preceding day of sampling.
  - TCE (lb) = TCE Concentration  $[\mu g/m^3]$  x Days x Flow Rate  $[ft^3/min]$  x  $(1 m^3/35 ft^3)$  x (60 min/hr) x (24 hr/day) x (0.00001 g/1 ug) x (0.0022 lb/g)
- (3) Percent of allowable TCE emissions to date is a time-weighted annual rolling average based on the 500 lb/year emission limit specified in the CRR-NY 212-2.2 Table 2. High Toxicity Air Contaminant List, revised April 1, 2017.
- (4) Regenerative Carbon changeout for Tower 96 was completed on July 28, 2018.
- (5) Carbon changeout for Tower 96 supplemental beds was completed on September 20, 2019.
- (6) Third Quarter 2019 Vapor Sampling was conducted for both systems on October 3, 2019, after T96 system was brought back on-line after a condensate pump replacement.
  - µg/m<sup>3</sup> micrograms per cubic meter

lbs pounds

- CRR-NY Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York
- ELAP Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
- NS Not Sampled
- NYSDOH New York State Department of Health
- SUP Supplemental
- TCE Trichloroethylene
- USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency
- VOC Volatile Organic Compound

#### Table 5B



Summary of TCE Mass Removal, Tower 102 Treatment System, 2019, Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York<sup>(1)</sup>

Date		TCE Concent	ration (μg/m³)	TCE Mass Emission <sup>(2)</sup>	Perfect of Allowable TCE Emissions <sup>(3)</sup>
		T102 INFLUENT	T102 EFFLUENT	(lbs)	12 Month Rolling Average
05/10/18		1,710	2	0.1	1.2%
09/05/18		3,480	1	0.1	0.4%
12/07/18		2,380	21	1.4	0.4%
02/13/19		2,230	16	0.8	0.5%
06/13/19		1,990	34	2.9	1.0%
10/03/19	(4)	1,670	17	1.3	1.2%

#### Notes and Abbreviations:

(1) Vapor samples collected by Arcadis on the dates shown and submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for VOC analyses per Modified USEPA Method TO-15.

(2) TCE Mass Emission calculated based on the exhaust air flow rate on the day of sampling and the period of time since the preceding sampling day.

TCE (lb) = TCE Concentration  $[\mu g/m^3]$  x Days x Flow Rate  $[ft^3/min]$  x  $(1 m^3/35 ft^3)$  x (60 min/hr) x (24 hr/day) x (0.000001 g/1 ug) x (0.0022 lb/g)

(3) Percent of allowable TCE emissions to date is a time-weighted annual rolling average based on the 500 lb/year emission limit specified in the CRR-NY 212-2.2 Table 2. High Toxicity Air Contaminant List, revised April 1, 2017.

(4) Third Quarter 2019 Vapor Sampling was conducted for both systems on October 3, 2019, after T96 system was brought back on-line after a condensate pump replacement.

µg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
lbs	pounds
ELAP	Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
T102	Tower 102
TCE	Trichloroethene
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound



Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds and 1,4-Dioxane in Monitoring Wells <sup>(1)</sup> BPOW 2-1, BPOW 2-2 and BPOW 2-3, Third Quarter 2019 Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York

	Location ID:	BPOW 2-1	BPOW 2-2	BPOW 2-3
	Sample ID:	BPOW 2-1	BPOW 2-2	BPOW 2-3
CONSTITUENT	Date:	9/9/2019	9/9/2019	9/12/2019
units (ug/L)				
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) <sup>(2,3)</sup>				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1-Dichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,1-Dichloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,2-Dichloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
1,2-Dichloropropane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
2-Butanone (MEK)		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
2-Hexanone		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIK)		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Acetone		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Benzene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromodichloromethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromoform		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Bromomethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Carbon Disulfide		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Carbon tetrachloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chlorobenzene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloroethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloroform		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Chloromethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
cis-1,2-dichloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
cis-1,3-dichloropropene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Dibromochloromethane		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Ethylbenzene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Methylene Chloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Styrene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Tetrachloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Toluene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,2-dichloroethene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
trans-1,3-dichloropropene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Trichloroethylene		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Vinyl Chloride		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Xylene-o		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Xylenes - m,p		< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Total VOCs		0	0	0
1,4-Dioxane <sup>(2,3)</sup>		1.22	0.738	3.90

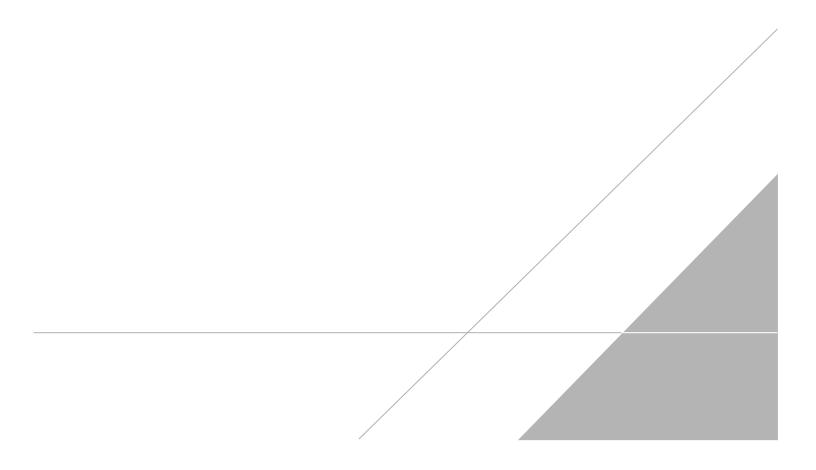
## Table 6 Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds and 1,4-Dioxane in Monitoring Wells <sup>(1)</sup> BPOW 2-1, BPOW 2-2 and BPOW 2-3, Third Quarter 2019 Operable Unit 2, Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation, Bethpage, New York



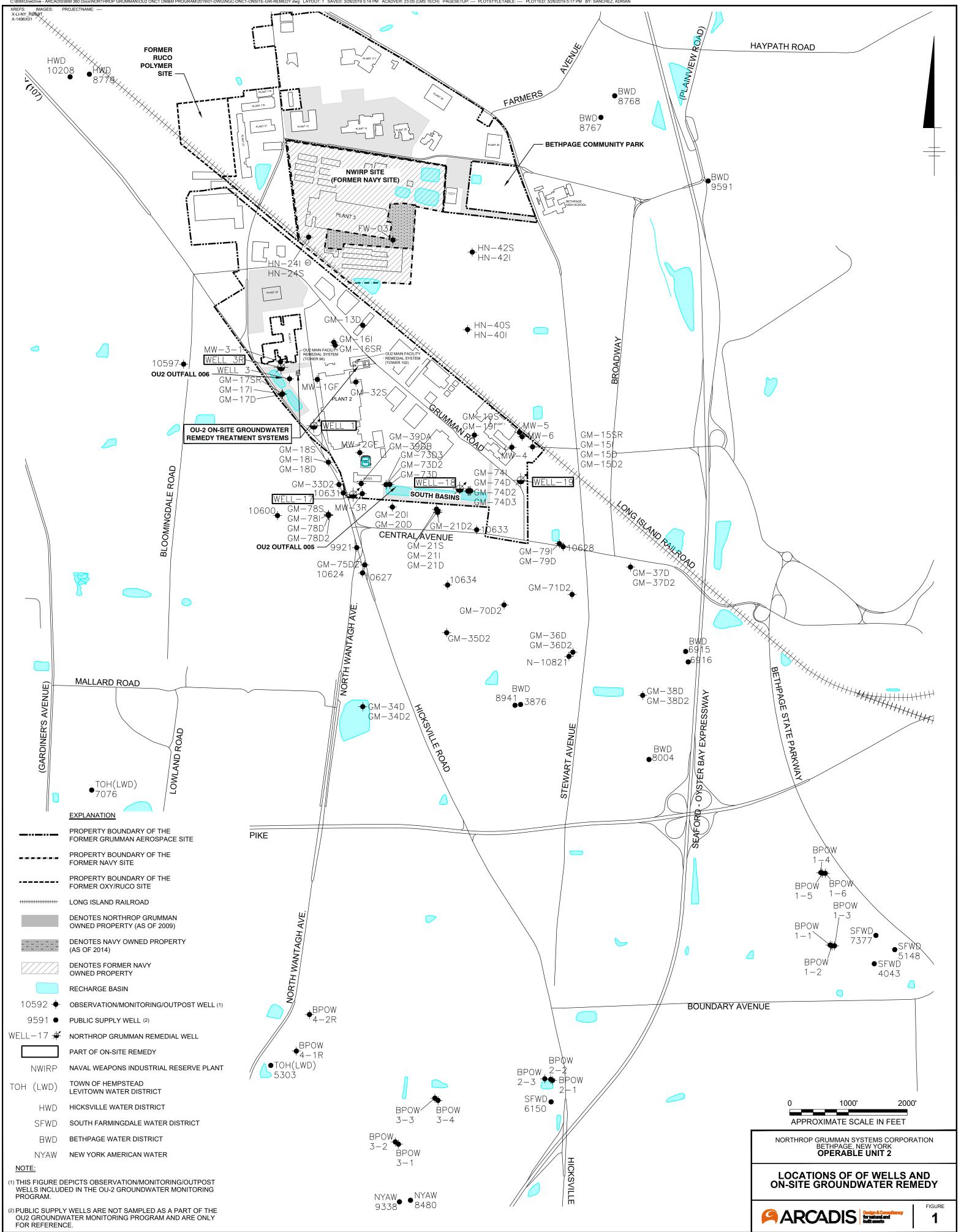
#### Notes and Abbreviations:

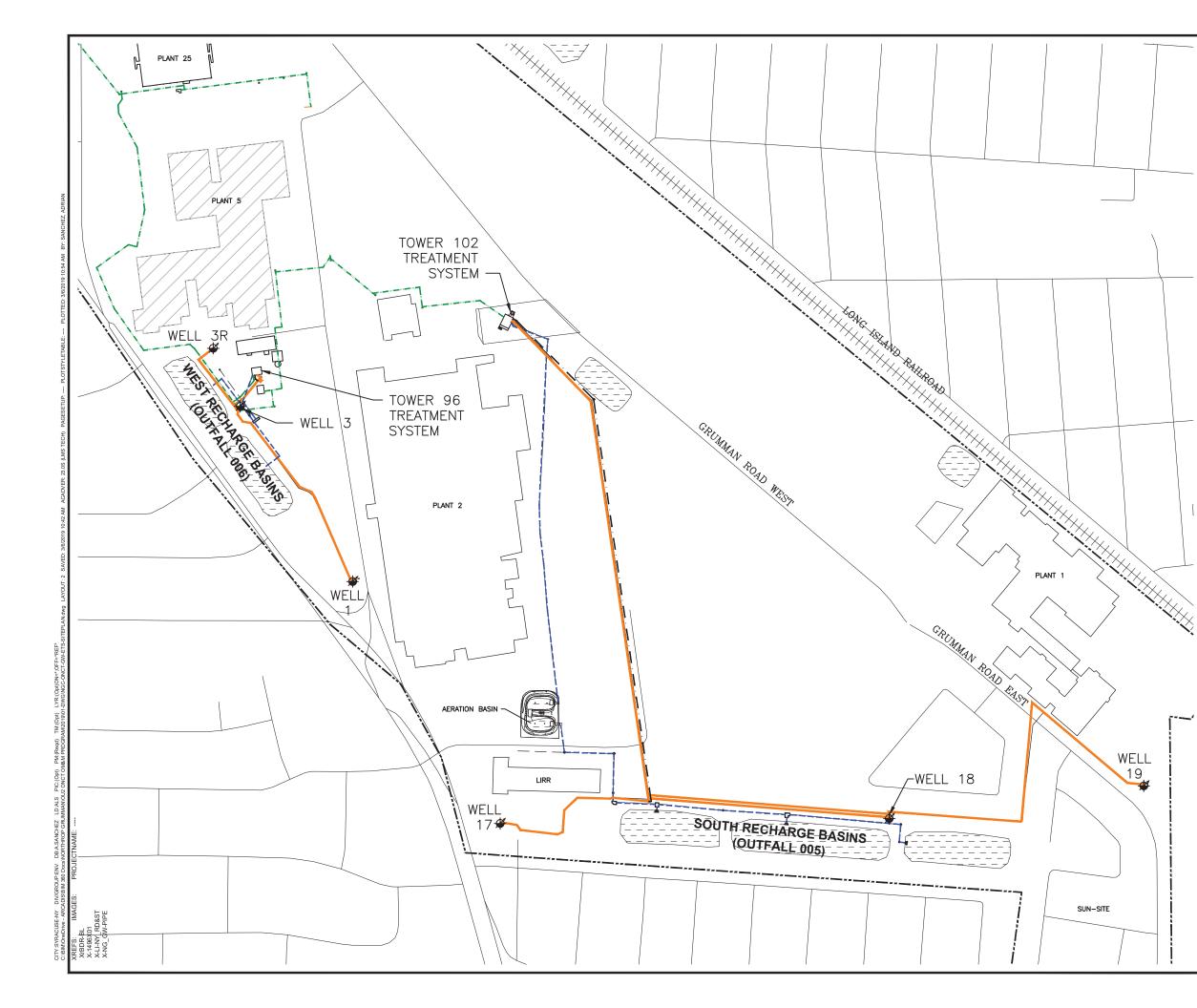
- These outpost wells have been recently repurposed for use as plume monitoring wells per the June 2015 Groundwater Monitoring Plan Addendum (ARCADIS of New York, Inc., 2015) as conditionally approved by the NYSDEC (August 25, 2015). Therefore, TVOC trigger levels that may have been previously established are no longer shown.
  Samples were analyzed for VOCs using USEPA Method 524.2; samples were analyzed for 1,4-Dioxane using USEPA Method 522.
  Results for the program are validated at 20% frequency, per protocols specified in the OU2 Groundwater Monitoring Plan (Arcadis 2016).
- **1.22** Bold value indicates a detection
- <0.5 Compound not detected above its laboratory quantification limit
- µg/L micrograms per liter
- VOC Volatile Organic Compound

# **FIGURES**



CITY:(Reqd) DIV/GROUP:(Reqd) DB:(Reqd) DB:(Reqd) LD:(Opt) PM:(Reqd) TM:(Opt) LYR:(Opt)ON=\*,OFF=\*REF\* C:\BIM/OneDrive - ARCADIS\BIM 360 Docs\NORTHROP GRUMMANIOU2 ONCT OM&M PROGRAM\2019\01-DWGNGC-ONCT-ONSITE-GW-REMEDY.dwg LAYOUT: 1 SAVED: 3/26/2019 5:14 PM ACADVER: 23.0S (LMS TECH) PAGESETUP: ---- PLOTSTYLETABLE: ---- PLOTTED: 3/26/2019 5:17 PM BY: SANCHEZ, ADRIAN







ONCT GROUNDWATER EXTRACTION AND TREATMENT SYSTEM SITE PLAN

NORTHROP GRUMMAN SYSTEMS CORPORATION BETHPAGE, NEW YORK OPERABLE UNIT 2

DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR DESIGN PURPOSES. LAYOUT OF PIPING IS FOR REPRESENTATION ONLY (LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE).

NOTES:

x x	FENCE
WELL 18🗳	REMEDIAL WELL
$\overline{}$	BASIN
ONCT	ON-SITE CONTAMINANT

+++++ RAILROAD TRACKS

LEGEND:

FORMER NORTHROP GRUMMAN PROPERTY LINE

--- STORM DRAIN (EFFLUENT)

NON POTABLE WATER DISTRIBUTION LINE (EFFLUENT)

- INFLUENT LINE

---- BYPASS

FIGURE 2

