

**2016 OU2 GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION  
RE125D1, RE125D2, RE125D3 (VPB159)  
INSTALLATION REPORT**

**NAVAL WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT (NWIRP)  
SITE 1 OU2  
BETHPAGE, NY**

Prepared for:



**Department of the Navy  
Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Atlantic  
9324 Virginia Avenue  
Building Z-144  
Norfolk, Virginia 23511**

June 2017

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Prepared by:



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**Contract Number: N62470-11-D-8013  
CTO WE15**

**June 2017**

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**Brian Caldwell  
Contract Task Order Manager**

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## List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

AOC	Area of Concern
bgs	below ground surface
CSM	Conceptual Site Model
COR	Continuously Operating Reference
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency, United States
ESS	Environmental Sequence Stratigraphy
ft	feet
GOCO	Government-Owned Contractor-Operated
GPS	Global Positioning System
IDW	Investigation Derived Waste
IR	Installation Restoration
Katahdin	Katahdin Analytical Services
NAD	North American Datum
NAVD	North American Vertical Datum
NAVFAC	Naval Facilities Engineering Command
NG	Northrop Grumman
NTU	nephelometric turbidity units
NWIRP	Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant
NYS	New York State
NYSDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
OU	Operable Unit
PCBs	Polychlorinated Biphenyls
PCE	Tetrachloroethene
POTW	Publicly Owned Treatment Works
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
PVC	Polyvinylchloride
SAP	Sampling and Analysis Plan
SVOC	Semivolatile Organic Compounds
TCE	Trichloroethene
TCL	Target Compound List
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
TOC	Total Organic Carbon
UFP	United Federal Programs
US	United States
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
VPB	Vertical Profile Boring

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## 1.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

Resolution Consultants has prepared this Data Summary Report for the Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC), Mid-Atlantic under contract task order WE15 Contract N62470-11-D-8013. This report describes the installation of three monitoring wells and one initial groundwater monitoring event in 2016 for the Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant (NWIRP) Bethpage Operable Unit (OU) 2 Site 1 offsite plume. NWIRP Bethpage is located in east-central Nassau County, Long Island, New York, approximately 30 miles east of New York City (Figure 1).

### 1.1 Scope and Objectives

This report provides information on the installation of RE125D1, RE125D2 and RE125D3 monitoring wells associated with Vertical Profile Boring (VPB) 159. The purpose of this investigation was to ascertain contaminant levels and depths west of the RE108 Hot Spot and north of Hempstead Turnpike. The locations of RE125D1, RE125D2 and RE125D3, as well as other VPBs and monitoring well locations, are shown in Figure 2.

The field investigation included completing three monitoring wells, well development, soil/groundwater analysis, groundwater samples, and surveying. Field tasks were conducted in 2016 in accordance with the *United Federal Programs Sampling and Analysis Plan (UFP SAP)*, Bethpage, New York (Resolution, 2013a). In addition, the work adhered to the following UFP SAP Addendums: *Groundwater Sampling Using Low Stress (Low Flow) Purging and Sampling Protocol* (Resolution Consultants, 2013b) and *Installation of Vertical Profile Borings and Monitoring Wells* (Resolution Consultants, 2013c).

Documentation of these activities is included in Appendix A of this report.

### 1.2 Site History

NWIRP Bethpage is in the Hamlet of Bethpage, Town of Oyster Bay, New York. Since its inception in 1941, the plant's primary mission was the research, prototyping, testing, design, engineering, fabrication, and primary assembly of military aircraft. The facilities at NWIRP included four plants used for assembly and prototype testing, a group of quality control laboratories, two warehouse complexes (north and south), a salvage storage area, water recharge basins, the Industrial Wastewater Treatment Plant, and several smaller support buildings.

The Navy's property originally totaled 109.5 acres and was formerly a Government-Owned Contractor-Operated (GOCO) facility that was operated by Northrop Grumman (NG) until

September 1998. Prior to 2002, the NWIRP property was bordered on the north, west, and south by current or former NG facilities, and on the east by a residential neighborhood. By March 2008, approximately 100 acres of NWIRP property were transferred to Nassau County in three separate actions. The remaining 9 acres and access easements were retained by the Navy to continue remedial efforts at Installation Restoration (IR) Site 1 – Former Drum Marshalling Area and Site 4 – Former Underground Storage Tanks (Area of Concern [AOC] 22). A parcel of land connecting the two sites was also retained. Currently, the 9-acre parcel of NWIRP is bordered on the east by the residential neighborhood and on the north, south, and west by Steel Equities; however, a small portion is still owned by Nassau County. Access to the NWIRP is from South Oyster Bay Road.

### **1.3 Geology and Hydrogeology**

Overburden at the site consists of well over 1,000 feet (ft) of unconsolidated deposits overlying crystalline bedrock of the Hartland Formation. Overburden is divided into four geologic units: the upper Pleistocene deposits, the Magothy Formation, the clay member of the Raritan Formation (“Raritan Clay”) and the Lloyd Sand member of the Raritan Formation (“Lloyd Sand”) (Geraghty and Miller, 1994).

The upper Pleistocene ranges in thickness from approximately 50 to 100 ft and consists of till and outwash deposits of medium to coarse sand and gravel with lenses of fine sand, silt and clay (Smolensky and Feldman, 1988); these deposits form the Upper Glacial Aquifer. Directly underlying this unit is the Magothy Formation with a thickness of 650 to 900 ft and lower extent of 700 to 1,000 ft below ground surface (bgs), as observed at the former NWIRP and extending southeast to areas south of Southern State Parkway. Locally at VPB159, the bottom of the Magothy (top of the Raritan Clay) is encountered at approximately 903 feet bgs. The Magothy is characterized by fine to medium sands and silts interbedded with zones of clays, silty sands and sandy clays. Sand and gravel lenses are found in some areas between depths of 600 and 880 ft bgs; these deposits form the main producing zones of the Magothy Aquifer.

Investigations performed by the Navy since 2012 indicate that the bottom of the Magothy (top of the Raritan Clay) can extend to depths of 700 to greater than 1,000 ft bgs. The top of the Raritan Clay deepens to the south-southeast, as evidenced by clay depths of 1,000 ft bgs (or more) in borings installed offsite. The Raritan Clay Unit is of continental origin and consists of clay, silty clay, clayey silt, and fine silty sand. This member acts as a confining layer over the Lloyd Sand Unit. The Lloyd Sand Unit is also of continental origin, having been deposited in a large fresh water lacustrine environment. The material consists of fine to coarse-grained sands, gravel, inter-bedded clay, and silty sand. These deposits form the Lloyd Aquifer.

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The Upper Glacial Aquifer and the Magothy Aquifer comprise the aquifers of interest at the NWIRP. Regionally, these formations are generally considered to form a common, interconnected aquifer as the coarse nature of each unit near their contact and the lack of any regionally confining clay unit allows for the unrestricted flow of groundwater between the formations.

The Magothy Aquifer is the major source of public water in Nassau County. The most productive water bearing zones are the discontinuous lenses of sand and gravel that occur within the siltier matrix. The major water-bearing zones are coarse sand and gravel lenses located in the lower portion of the Magothy. The Magothy Aquifer is commonly regarded to function overall as an unconfined aquifer at shallow depths and a confined aquifer at deeper depths. The drilling program at the NWIRP has revealed that clay zones beneath the facility are common but laterally discontinuous. No confining clay units of facility-wide extent have been encountered. This is also the case for borings installed offsite.

Groundwater is encountered at a depth of approximately 50 ft bgs at the facility. Historically, because of pumping and recharge at the facility, groundwater depths have been measured to range from 40 to 60 ft bgs. The groundwater flow in the area is to the south-southeast.

Resolution Consultants reviewed the geologic data and regional literature and developed four representative base-wide cross sections to support development of a Conceptual Site Model (CSM). A description of the application of Environmental Sequence Stratigraphy (ESS) and the results are provided in Appendix B.



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## 2.0 FIELD PROGRAM

Three monitoring wells were installed in the vicinity of VPB159 between August 2016 and November 2016. Field investigation activities consisted of drilling, well installation, well development, sampling, soil/groundwater analysis, and surveying. Drilling during this investigation was performed by Delta Well and Pump Company of Ronkonkoma, New York. A description of these tasks is provided below.

### 2.1 Drilling and Well Construction

Monitoring wells RE125D1, RE125D2 and RE125D3 were installed using mud rotary drilling techniques (Figure 2). Depths of monitoring wells RE125D1, RE125D2 and RE125D3 were 345 ft, 605 ft and 695 ft respectively. Well construction details are summarized in Table 1. Boring logs with lithologic descriptions of the well screen interval are included in Appendix A. *2015 OU2 Groundwater Investigation VPB159* (Resolution Consultants, 2016) documents the installation of this VPB including detailed lithologic descriptions, continuous gamma plot and multiple Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) sample results over the entire boring length. The gamma and trichloroethene (TCE) tetrachloroethene (PCE) plot for VPB159 along with the well screen intervals at RE125D1, RE125D2 and RE125D3 are included in Appendix A.

Prior to installing each monitoring well, screen intervals were determined based on intervals with the highest VOC concentrations as measured in the VPB159 hydropunch samples and coincident intervals with the highest apparent permeability based on the VPB159 gamma logs and geologist logs. During the monitoring well installation, split spoon samples were collected every 5 ft in the screen interval. One soil sample per monitoring well was analyzed for Total Organic Carbon (TOC) via United States (US) Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) series SW-846 method 9060A by Katahdin Analytical Services (Katahdin). Data validation of TOC data was performed by Resolution Consultants. Data validation packages and analytical data tables are included in Appendix A.

Wells were constructed of 4-inch diameter, Schedule 80, National Sanitation Foundation-approved polyvinylchloride (PVC) riser pipe and .010-slot well screen. Wells were completed at the surface with a 12-inch diameter steel curb box. Well risers were set below grade and fit with lockable J plugs. Detailed monitoring well construction diagrams are included in Appendix A.

### 2.2 Well Development

Following installation, all monitoring wells were developed to evacuate silts and other fine-grained materials and to establish the filter pack to promote a hydraulic connection between the well and

the surrounding aquifer. Well development was not initiated until at least 24 hours after well installation.

Monitoring well screens were developed using a combination of air lifting, manual surging, and pumping with a submersible pump. Turbidity was monitored during development to determine stabilization. In compliance with New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) policy, wells were developed until turbidity was less than 50 nephelometric turbidity units (NTUs) if possible. Table 2 summarizes total pumped volume from air and pump development and final turbidity. Well development logs are included in Appendix A.

### **2.3 Sampling**

Following development, wells were allowed to stabilize for at least 2 weeks prior to groundwater sampling in accordance with low flow sampling procedures. Wells were purged using a bladder pump with a drop tube intake placed at the approximate midpoint of the screened interval. The following water quality parameters were continuously measured: water temperature, pH, conductivity, oxidation-reduction potential, dissolved oxygen and turbidity. Groundwater analytical samples were collected when water quality parameters stabilized. Samples were analyzed for VOCs via method 8260C and 1,4-dioxane via Method 8270D SIM by Katahdin. All development and purge water was managed as investigation derived waste (IDW). Groundwater sample logs and data validation packages are included in Appendix A.

Monitoring wells RE125D1, RE125D2 and RE125D3 were sampled by Resolution Consultants on December 7, 2016. Analytical results and stabilized field parameters for these monitoring wells are summarized in Table 3 and 4, respectively. Data validation is documented in Appendix A. These monitoring wells will be included in quarterly sampling as part of the Navy's ongoing Environmental Restoration Program.

### **2.4 Decontamination and Investigation Derived Waste**

Resolution Consultants utilized dedicated and disposable sampling equipment when possible to avoid the potential for cross-contamination of samples. The sampling equipment included dedicated plastic scoops, disposable polyethylene tubing, disposable gloves, and laboratory supplied sample bottles. Hand held equipment and split spoons were decontaminated using Luminox and water wash, a potable water rinse, followed by a distilled water rinse. Water was collected in 5-gallon pails or 55-gallon drums. Non dedicated sampling equipment was decontaminated as outlined in the UFP SAP Addendum - *Groundwater Sampling Using Low Stress (Low Flow) Purging and Sampling Protocol* (Resolution Consultants, 2013b).

As part of the IDW management practices and in accordance with the SAP, the investigation waste (consisting of soil cuttings, drilling muds, IDW fluids, and personal protective equipment [PPE]) generated during the groundwater monitoring well installation and sampling was containerized and staged at NWIRP Bethpage.

IDW solids were containerized in roll offs. Representative samples from each roll off were submitted to Katahdin for analysis of:

- Target Compound List (TCL) VOCs
- TCL Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)
- Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
- Total petroleum hydrocarbons
- Corrosivity
- Ignitability
- Reactive Cyanide
- Reactive Sulfide
- Paint Filter

IDW fluid generated during well development and purging was containerized in frac tanks and stored at NWIRP Bethpage for characterization and ultimate disposal to the Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW), in accordance with the facilities existing discharge permit. A representative water sample was collected from each frac tank and submitted to Katahdin for analysis of VOCs via Method SW 624, pH via Method SW 9040B, PCBs via Method 8082 and Total Metals via Method SW 846. All analytical criteria were met for disposal of water.

## **2.5 Surveying**

A survey of the monitoring well locations was conducted at the end of fieldwork by C. T. Male, Inc., of Latham, NY, under the direct supervision of Resolution Consultants. The locations were tied into the existing base map developed for this investigation. The survey elevation is referenced to the North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) 1988 and has a vertical accuracy of 0.01 foot. Vertical control is based on observations of the Continuously Operating Reference (COR) Stations Queens and Central Islip. The horizontal location is referenced to the North American Datum (NAD) 1983 (2011) NY. Long Island Zone 3104 and has an accuracy of 0.1 foot. Local horizontal and vertical

control is based on Global Positioning System (GPS) observations using the NYSNet Real Time Network.

A table of survey data (latitude/longitude, northing/easting, elevations of ground, rim and PVC) and a survey map is included in Appendix A.

### 3.0 REFERENCES

Geraghty and Miller, Inc., 1994. *Remedial Investigation Report, Grumman Aerospace Corporation, Bethpage, New York*. Revised September 1994.

Resolution Consultants, 2013a. *United Federal Programs Sampling and Analysis Plan, Site OU-2 Offsite Trichloroethene (TCE) Groundwater Plume Investigation, Bethpage, New York*. April 2013.

Resolution Consultants, 2013b. UFP SAP Addendum, *Groundwater Sampling Using Low Stress (Low Flow) Purging and Sampling Protocol*. November 2013.

Resolution Consultants, 2013c. UFP SAP Addendum, *Installation of Vertical Profile Borings and Monitoring Wells*. December 2013.

Resolution Consultants, 2016. *2015 OU2 Groundwater Investigation VPB159, Bethpage, NY*. January 2016.

Smolensky, D., and Feldman, S., 1988. *Geohydrology of the Bethpage-Hicksville-Levittown Area, Long Island, New York, U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resourced Investigations Report 88-4135*, 25 pp.

## Tables

**TABLE 1**  
**MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY**  
2016 OU2 GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION  
NWIRP BETHPAGE, NY

MONITORING WELL	WELL COMPLETION DATE	GROUND ELEVATION (MSL)	PVC ELEVATION (INNER CASING) (MSL)	WELL DEPTH (ft bgs)	SURFACE CASING DEPTH (ft bgs)	SCREEN INTERVAL (ft bgs)	SUMP DEPTH INTERVAL (ft bgs)	BORING DEPTH (ft bgs)
RE125D1	11/2/2016	86.12	85.66	345	53	320-340	340-345	358
RE125D2	10/17/2016	86.29	85.76	605	53	580-600	600-605	618
RE125D3	9/23/2016	86.52	85.98	695	52	670-690	690-695	708

MSL - mean sea level

ft bgs - feet below ground surface

**TABLE 2**  
**MONITORING WELL DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY**  
 2016 OU2 GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION  
 NWIRP BETHPAGE, NY

MONITORING WELL	AIR DEVELOPMENT		PUMP DEVELOPMENT			APPROX. TOTAL DEVELOPMENT VOLUME (GAL)	FINAL TURBIDITY (NTUs)
	DATE	APPROX. VOLUME (GAL)	DATE	FINAL PUMP DEPTH (FT BGS)	APPROX. VOLUME (GAL)		
RE125D1	11/07/2016, 11/08/2016	7,000	11/10/2016	320-340	5,500	10,500	6.49
RE125D2	11/08/2016, 11/09/2016	5,000	11/11/2016	580-600	5,600	10,600	1.46
RE125D3	11/9/2016	5,000	11/14/2016	670-690	4,000	9,000	18.26

GAL - gallon

FT BGS - feet below ground surface

NTUs - Nephelometric Turbidity Units



**TABLE 3**  
**ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY**  
2016 OU2 GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION  
NWIRP BETHPAGE, NY

Location	NYSDEC Groundwater Guidance or Standard Value (Note 1)	RE125D1	RE125D2	RE125D3
Sample Date		12/7/2016	12/7/2016	12/7/2016
Sample ID		RE125D1-GW-120716	RE125D2-GW-120716	RE125D3-GW-120716
Sample type code		N	N	N
<b>VOC 8260C (ug/L)</b>				
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	5	<0.50 U	<b>0.73 J</b>	<0.50 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE	5	<b>14 J</b>	<b>25 J</b>	<b>36 J</b>
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	1	<0.50 U	<1.0 U	<0.50 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	5	<b>2.4 J</b>	<1.0 U	<0.50 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	5	<b>2.5 J</b>	<b>6.7 J</b>	<b>0.84 J</b>
1,2,4-TRICHLOROETHENE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	0.04	<b>&lt;0.75 U</b>	<b>&lt;0.75 U</b>	<b>&lt;0.75 U</b>
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	NL	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	3	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	5	<0.50 UJ	<0.50 UJ	<0.50 UJ
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE, TOTAL	5	<b>4.2 J</b>	<b>3.4 J</b>	<b>1.5 J</b>
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	1	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
1,3-DICHLOROETHANE	3	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
1,4-DICHLOROETHANE	3	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
1,4-DIOXANE (Method 8270D_SIM)	NL	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>4</b>
2-BUTANONE	50	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	<2.5 U
2-HEXANONE	50	<2.5 UJ	<2.5 UJ	<2.5 UJ
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	NL	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	<2.5 U
ACETONE	50	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	<2.5 U
BENZENE	1	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	50	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
BROMOFORM	50	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
BROMOMETHANE	5	<1.0 U	<1.0 U	<1.0 U
CARBON DISULFIDE	60	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	5	<b>0.26 J</b>	<1.0 U	<0.50 U
CHLOROETHANE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
CHLOROETHENE	5	<1.0 UJ	<1.0 UJ	<1.0 UJ
CHLOROFORM	7	<b>0.73 J</b>	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
CHLOROMETHANE	5	<1.0 U	<1.0 U	<1.0 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	5	<b>4.2 J</b>	<b>3.4 J</b>	<b>1.5 J</b>
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	0.4	<b>&lt;0.50 U</b>	<b>&lt;0.50 U</b>	<b>&lt;0.50 U</b>
CYCLOHEXANE	NL	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	5	<b>0.53 J</b>	<2.0 UJ	<1.0 UJ
ETHYLBENZENE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
M- AND P-XYLENE	NL	<1.0 U	<1.0 U	<1.0 U
METHYL ACETATE	NL	<0.75 U	<0.75 U	<0.75 U
METHYL CYCLOHEXANE	NL	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	10	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	5	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	<2.5 U
O-XYLENE	NL	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
STYRENE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	5	<b>6.4 J</b>	<b>3.2 J</b>	<b>1.6 J</b>
TOLUENE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	5	<0.50 U	<0.50 U	<0.50 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	0.4	<b>&lt;0.50 U</b>	<b>&lt;0.50 U</b>	<b>&lt;0.50 U</b>
TRICHLOROETHENE	5	<b>180 J</b>	<b>240 J</b>	<b>150 J</b>
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	5	<1.0 UJ	<b>0.41 J</b>	<1.0 UJ
VINYL CHLORIDE	2	<1.0 U	<1.0 U	<1.0 U
XYLENES, TOTAL	5	<1.5 U	<1.5 U	<1.5 U

**Notes:**

1 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water Technical and Operation Guidance series  
(6 NYCRR 700-706, Part 703.5 summarized in TOGS 1.1.1)

Ambient water quality standards and groundwater effluent limitations, class GA; NL = Not Listed

**Bold** = Detected; **Bold and Italics** = Not detected exceeds NYS Groundwater Standards or guidance value

Yellow highlighted values exceed Groundwater Standards or guidance value

Sample type codes: N - normal environmental sample, FD - field duplicate

U = Nondetected result. The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit.

UJ = The analyte was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit. However, the reported quantitation limit is approximate and may or may not represent the actual limit of quantitation necessary to accurately and precisely measure the analyte.

J = The analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.

M = the matrix spike or matrix spike duplicate did not meet recovery or precision requirements.

**TABLE 4**  
**STABILIZED FIELD PARAMETERS**  
2016 OU2 GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION  
NWIRP BETHPAGE, NY

Well	Date	Temperature (°C)	pH	Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Depth to water (ft bgs)	Flow rate (ml/min)
RE125D1	12/7/2016	13.97	4.89	0.141	0.98	-46.4	21.9	37.88	600
RE125D2	12/7/2016	14.11	5.19	0.088	2.71	291.5	4.30	39.64	600
RE125D3	12/7/2016	12.17	4.31	0.059	6.29	287.6	16.4	39.94	600

°C - degrees Celsius

µS/cm - Microsiemens per Centimeter

mg/L - milligrams per liter

mV - Millivolts

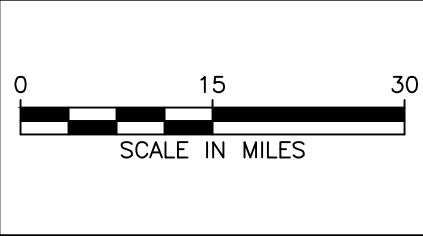
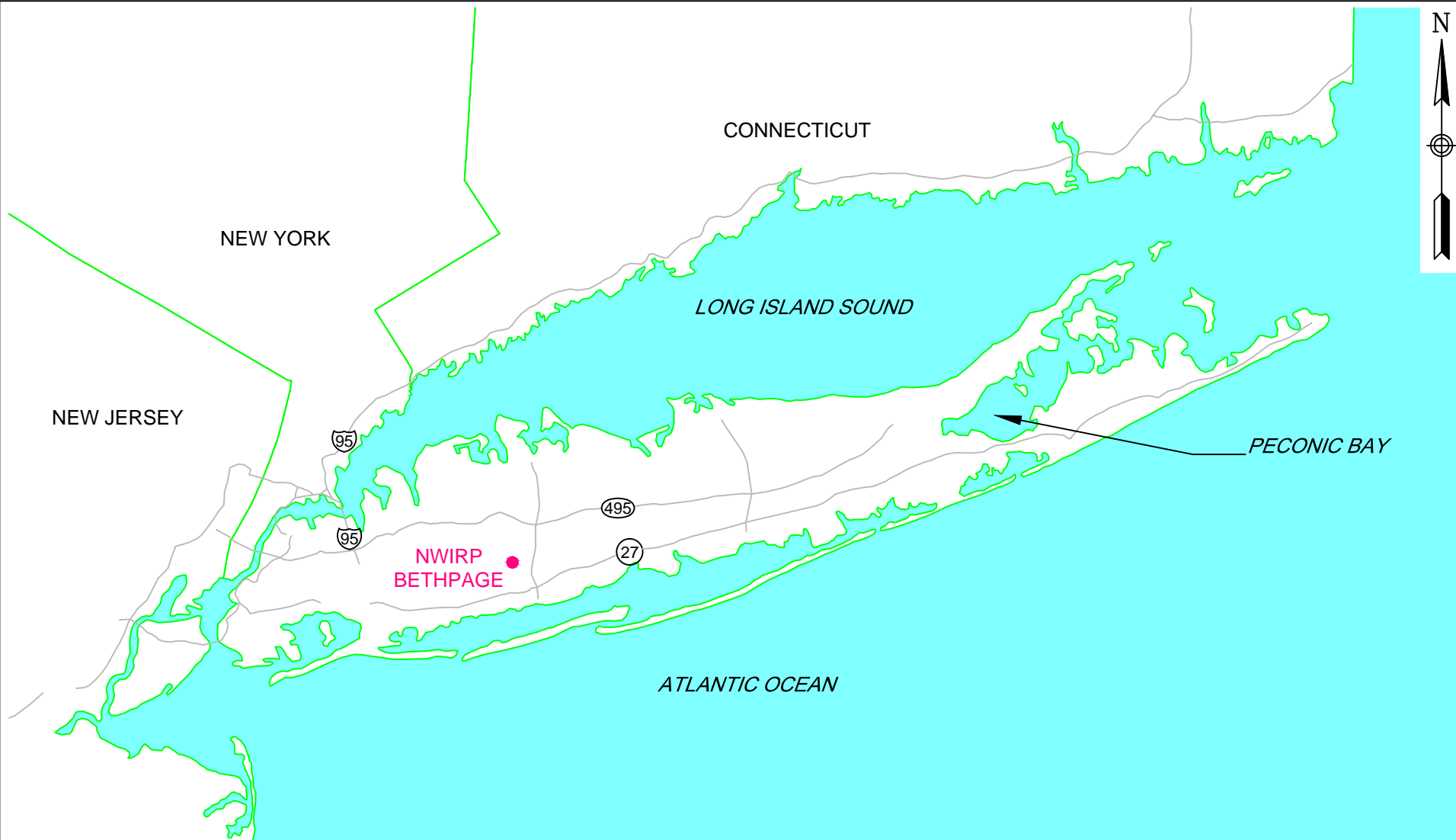
NTU - Nephelometric Turbidity Unit

ft bgs - feet below ground surface

ml/min - milliliters per minute

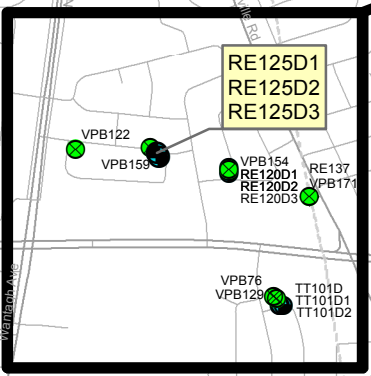
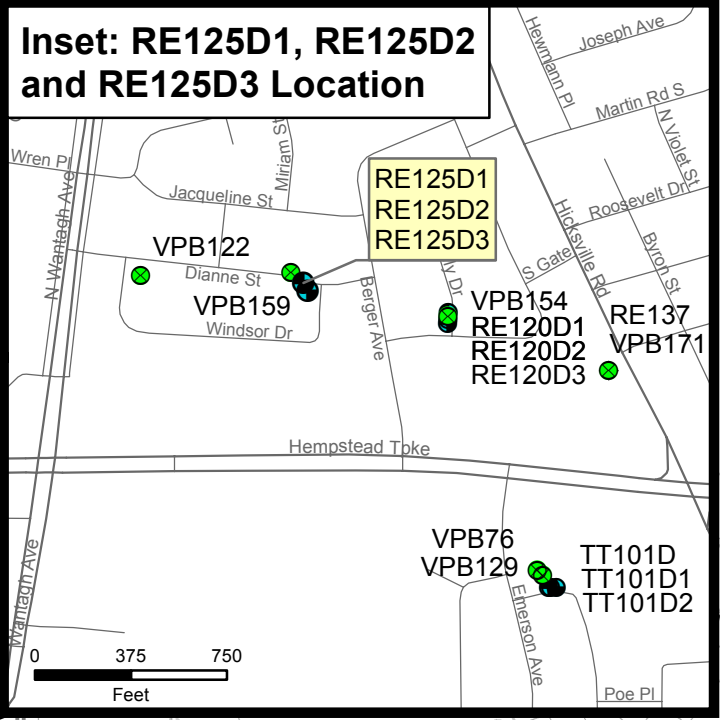
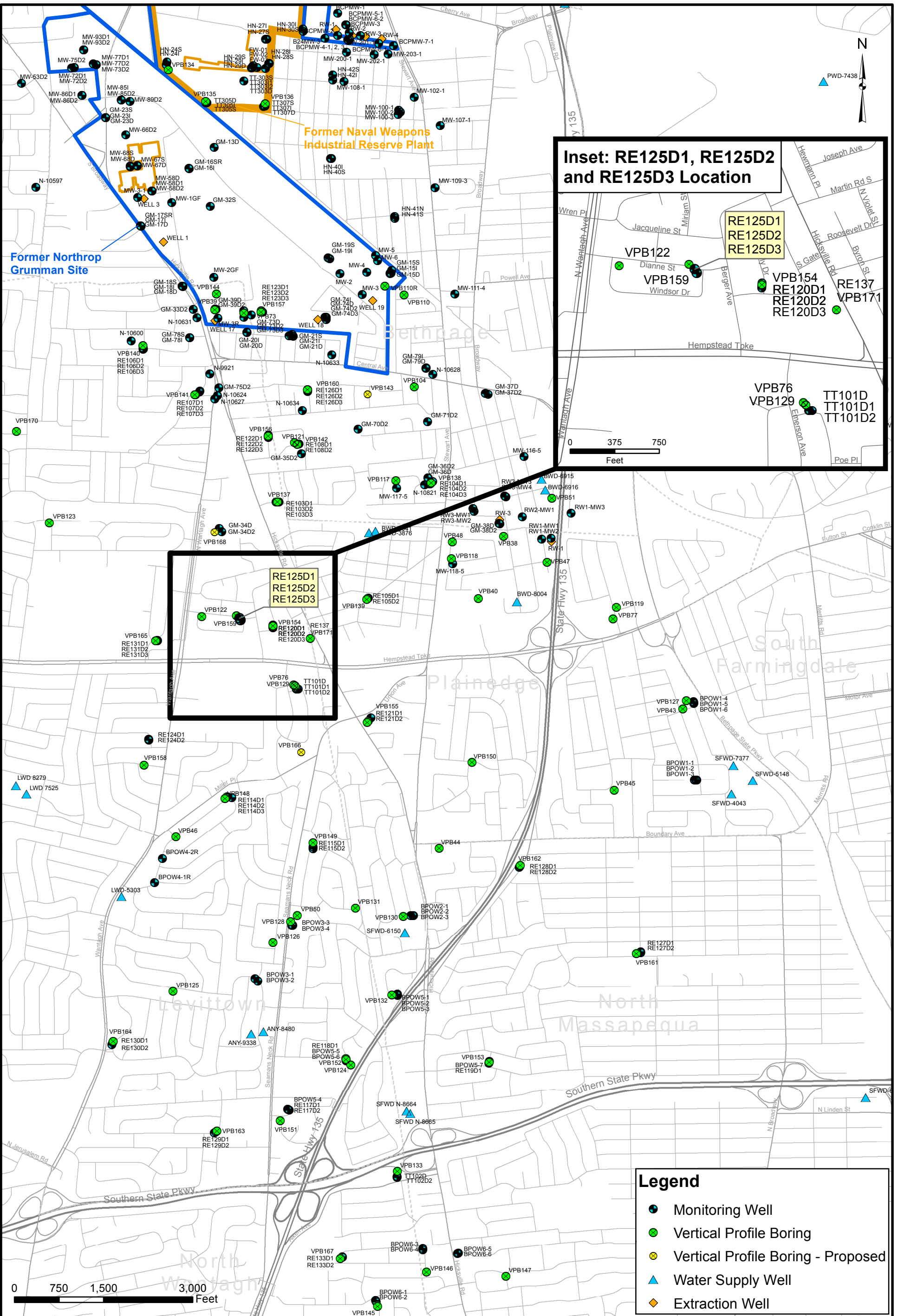
NM - not measured

## Figures



GENERAL LOCATION MAP  
NWIRP BETHPAGE  
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

CONTRACT NUMBER N62470-11-D-8013		CTO NUMBER WE15	
APPROVED BY ---		DATE ---	
APPROVED BY ---		DATE ---	
FIGURE NO. 1			REV 0



Legend	
	Monitoring Well
	Vertical Profile Boring
	Vertical Profile Boring - Proposed
	Water Supply Well
	Extraction Well



RE125D1, RE125D2 AND RE125D3 LOCATION MAP  
 NAVAL WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT  
 BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

CONTRACT NUMBER N62470-11-D8013	CTO NUMBER WE15
APPROVED BY PS	DATE 3/22/2017
APPROVED BY	DATE
FIGURE NO. 2	REV 0

## Appendices

## **Appendix A**

**RE125D1, RE125D2, RE125D3**



**Section 1**

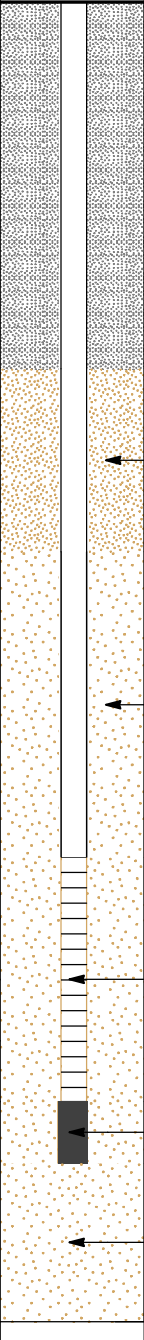

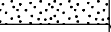
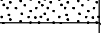

**Boring Logs**

<b>Client:</b> Department of the Navy, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Mid-Atlantic		<b>Logged By:</b> G. Hicks
<b>Location:</b> Diane Street, Seaford, NY		<b>Drilling Company:</b> Delta Well & Pump
<b>Project #:</b> 60266526	<b>Ground Elevation (msl):</b> 86.12	<b>Well Screen Interval (ft):</b> 320-340
<b>Start Date:</b> 10/25/2016*	<b>Drilling Method:</b> Auger (0-50' bgs) Mud Rotary (>50' bgs)	<b>Water Level (ft):</b>
<b>Finish Date:</b> 11/2/2016	<b>Northing:</b> 204730.49 <b>Easting:</b> 1124477.58	<b>Total Depth (ft):</b> 358.0

\* Casing installed with Auger rig 8/23/16 - 8/24/16.

DEPTH (ft)	PID (ppm)	Formation	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion	Well Construction
0					0-323 ft bgs: See VPB159 for Descriptions		
50							10" Diameter Steel Casing
100							Bentonite Grout
150							
200							4" Diameter Schedule 80 PVC Riser
250							

<b>Client:</b> Department of the Navy, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Mid-Atlantic		<b>Logged By:</b> G. Hicks
<b>Location:</b> Diane Street, Seaford, NY		<b>Drilling Company:</b> Delta Well & Pump
<b>Project #:</b> 60266526	<b>Ground Elevation (msl):</b> 86.12	<b>Well Screen Interval (ft):</b> 320-340
<b>Start Date:</b> 10/25/2016	<b>Drilling Method:</b> Auger (0-50' bgs) Mud Rotary (>50' bgs)	<b>Water Level (ft):</b>
<b>Finish Date:</b> 11/2/2016	<b>Northing:</b> 204730.49 <b>Easting:</b> 1124477.58	<b>Total Depth (ft):</b> 358.0

DEPTH (ft)	PID (ppm)	Formation	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion	Well Construction
250					0-323 ft bgs: See VPB159 for Descriptions ( <i>continued</i> )		4" Diameter Schedule 80 PVC Riser ( <i>continued</i> )
252							
254							
256							
258							
260							
262							
264							
266							
268							
270							
272							
274							
276							
278							
280							
282							
284							
286							
288							
290							
292							
294							
296							
298							
300							
302							
304							
306							
308							
310							
312							
314							
316							
318							
320							
322							
324	0.0		SP		Olive yellow (2.5Y 6/6) poorly graded medium rounded SAND, trace Lignite, trace silt		
326							
328	0.0		SP		Light gray (10YR 7/2) and yellow (10YR 7/6) 1-inch-thick bands of poorly graded medium subrounded SAND, few Silt, trace muscovite, trace lignite, trace iron		
330							
332							
334	0.1		SP		Very pale brown (10YR 8/4) poorly graded medium subrounded SAND, trace Lignite, trace muscovite		4" Diameter schedule 80 PVC, 10 Slot Well Screen (320-340 ft bgs)
336							
338	0.0		SC		Light gray (10YR 7/2) stiff lean Clayey fine SAND, little silt, trace lignite		
340							Sump
342							
344							
346							
348							
350							
352							#1 Sand to Bottom
354							
356							
358					End of boring at 358.0 ft. bgs.		

<b>Client:</b> Department of the Navy, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Mid-Atlantic		<b>Logged By:</b> G. Hicks
<b>Location:</b> Diane Street, Seaford, NY		<b>Drilling Company:</b> Delta Well & Pump
<b>Project #:</b> 60266526	<b>Ground Elevation (msl):</b> 86.29	<b>Well Screen Interval (ft):</b> 580-600
<b>Start Date:</b> 10/5/2016 *	<b>Drilling Method:</b> Auger (0-50' bgs) Mud Rotary (>50' bgs)	<b>Water Level (ft):</b>
<b>Finish Date:</b> 10/17/2016	<b>Northing:</b> 204725.59 <b>Easting:</b> 1124490.61	<b>Total Depth (ft):</b> 618.0

\* Casing installed with Auger rig 8/25/16 - 8/26/16.

DEPTH (ft)	PID (ppm)	Formation	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion	Well Construction
0					0-583 ft bgs: See VB159 for Descriptions.		
50							10" Diameter Steel Casing
100							
150							
200							
250							Bentonite Grout
300							
350							
400							
450							4" Diameter Schedule 80 PVC Riser
500							

<b>Client:</b> Department of the Navy, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Mid-Atlantic		<b>Logged By:</b> G. Hicks
<b>Location:</b> Diane Street, Seaford, NY		<b>Drilling Company:</b> Delta Well & Pump
<b>Project #:</b> 60266526	<b>Ground Elevation (msl):</b> 86.29	<b>Well Screen Interval (ft):</b> 580-600
<b>Start Date:</b> 10/5/2016	<b>Drilling Method:</b> Auger (0-50' bgs) Mud Rotary (>50' bgs)	<b>Water Level (ft):</b>
<b>Finish Date:</b> 10/17/2016	<b>Northing:</b> 204725.59 <b>Easting:</b> 1124490.61	<b>Total Depth (ft):</b> 618.0

DEPTH (ft)	PID (ppm)	Formation	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion	Well Construction		
500					0-583 ft bgs: See VB159 for Descriptions. <i>(continued)</i>		4" Diameter Schedule 80 PVC Riser <i>(continued)</i>		
502									
504									
506									
508									
510									
512									
514									
516									
518									
520									
522									
524									
526									
528									
530									
532									
534									
536									
538									
540									
542									
544									
546									
548									
550									
552									
554									
556									
558									
560									
562									
564									
566									
568									
570									
572									
574									
576									
578									
580									
582	0.0		SP			Light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) poorly graded medium subrounded SAND, trace Lignite, trace iron			
584									
586									
588	0.0		SW			Light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/4) well graded fine to coarse subrounded SAND, trace Silt, trace iron			
590									
592									
594	0.1		SW			Light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/4) well graded fine to coarse subrounded SAND, 1/8"-thick layer of white stiff fat Clay, trace lignite, trace iron			4" Diameter schedule 80 PVC, 10 Slot Well Screen (580-600 ft bgs)
596									
598	0.7		SP			Pale brown (2.5Y 7/3) poorly graded medium subrounded SAND, trace Silt, trace muscovite			
600									Sump
602									
604									
606									
608									
610									
612							#1 Sand to Bottom		
614									
616									
618					End of boring at 618.0 ft. bgs.				

<b>Client:</b> Department of the Navy, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Mid-Atlantic		<b>Logged By:</b> M. Coldwell
<b>Location:</b> Diane Street, Seaford, NY		<b>Drilling Company:</b> Delta Well & Pump
<b>Project #:</b> 60266526	<b>Ground Elevation (msl):</b> 86.52	<b>Well Screen Interval (ft):</b> 670-690
<b>Start Date:</b> 9/12/2016*	<b>Drilling Method:</b> Auger (0-50' bgs) Mud Rotary (>50' bgs)	<b>Water Level (ft):</b>
<b>Finish Date:</b> 9/23/2016	<b>Northing:</b> 204720.38 <b>Easting:</b> 1124512.93	<b>Total Depth (ft):</b> 708.0

\* Casing installed with Auger rig 8/29/16 - 8/30/16.

DEPTH (ft)	PID (ppm)	Formation	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion	Well Construction
0					0-673 ft bgs: See VPB159 for Descriptions.		
50							10" Diameter Steel Casing
100							
150							
200							
250							Bentonite Grout
300							
350							
400							
450							
500							
550							4" Diameter Schedule 80 PVC Riser
600							

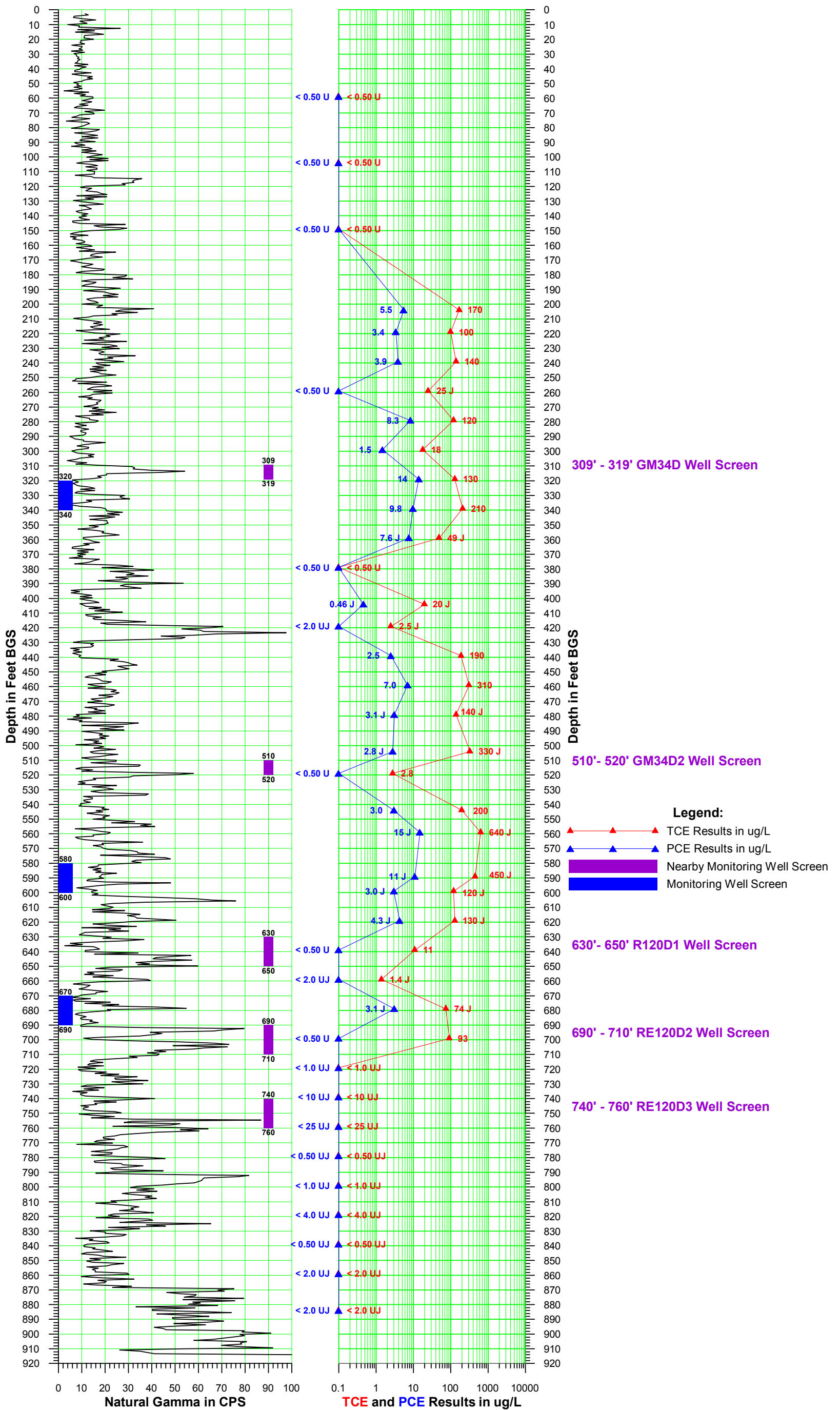


## Section 2

### VPB159 Gamma and TCE/PCE Plot



# Vertical Profile Boring VPB-159 Downward Run - July 17, 2015 Validated Analytical Data



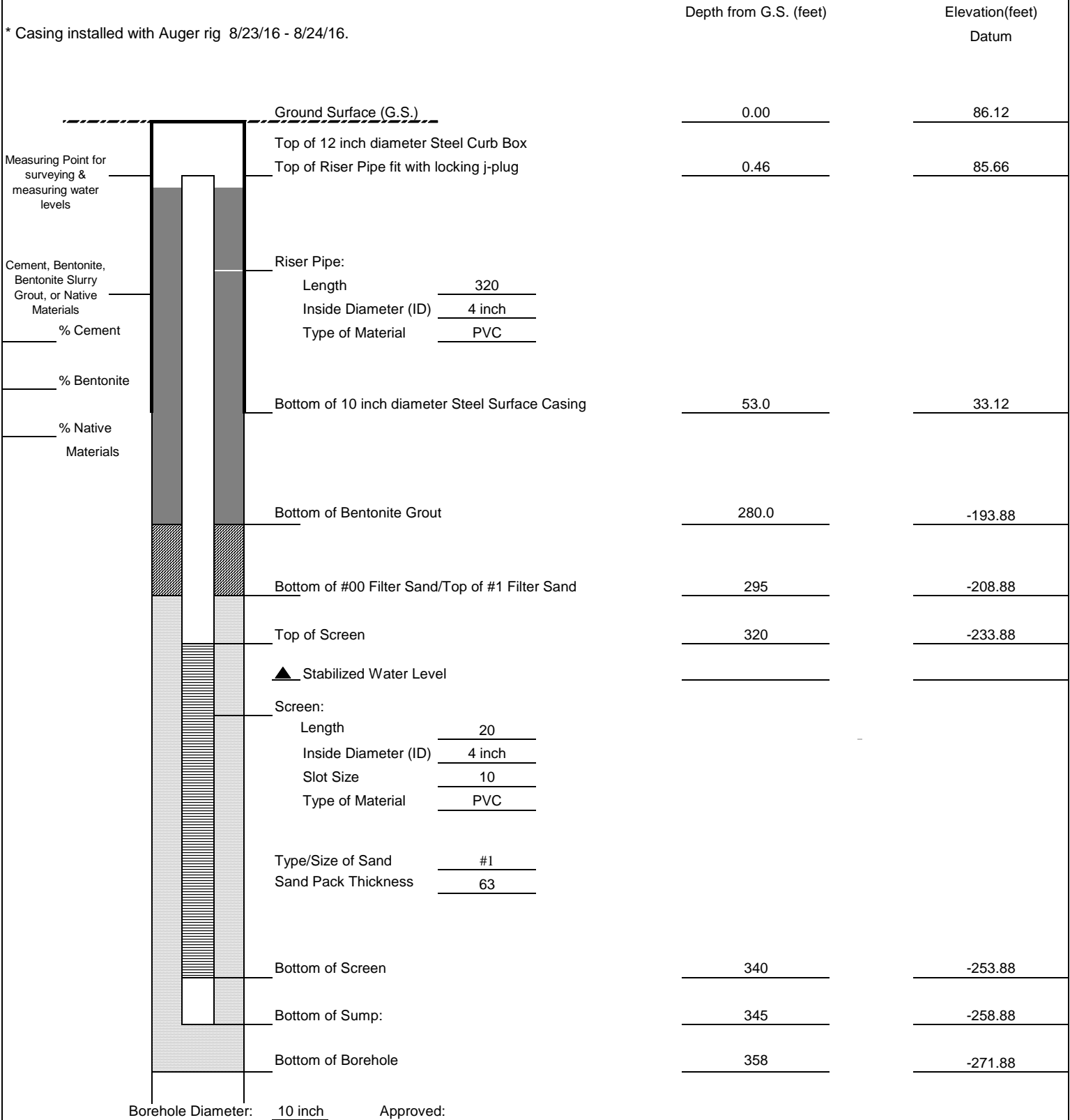
## **Section 3**

### **Monitoring Well Construction Logs**



Client: NAVFAC	Project Number: 60266526	<b>WELL ID: RE125D1</b>
Site Location: NWIRP BETHPAGE, NY		
Well Location: Diane Street, Seaford, NY		Date Installed: 10/25/16-11/2/2016*
Method: MUD ROTARY		Inspector: G. Hicks
Coords: Northing: 204730.49 Easting: 1124477.58		Contractor: DELTA WELL & PUMP

### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



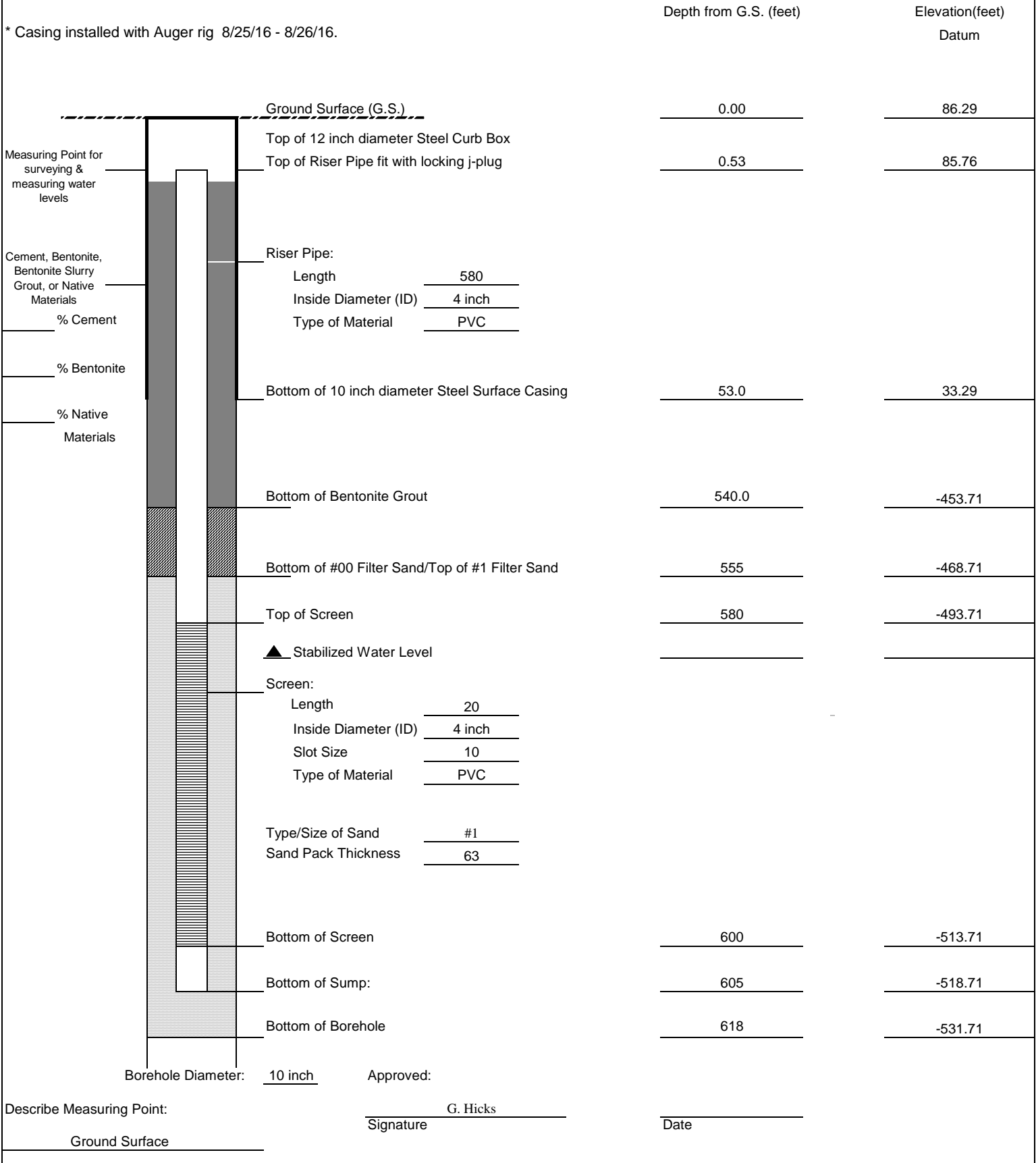
Describe Measuring Point: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Ground Surface \_\_\_\_\_

Approved: G. Hicks      Date 11/4/2016  
 Signature      Date



Client: NAVFAC	Project Number: 60266526	<b>WELL ID: RE125D2</b>
Site Location: NWIRP BETHPAGE, NY		
Well Location: Diane Street, Seaford, NY		Date Installed: 10/5/16-10/17/2016*
Method: MUD ROTARY		Inspector: G. Hicks
Coords: Northing: 204725.59 Easting: 1124490.61		Contractor: DELTA WELL & PUMP

### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAIL





Client: NAVFAC	Project Number: 60266526	<b>WELL ID: RE125D3</b>
Site Location: NWIRP BETHPAGE, NY		
Well Location: Diane Street, Seaford, NY		Date Installed: 9/12/16-9/23/2016*
Method: MUD ROTARY		Inspector: G. Hicks
Coords: Northing: 204720.38 Easting: 1124512.93		Contractor: DELTA WELL & PUMP

### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAIL

	Depth from G.S. (feet)	Elevation(feet) Datum
* Casing installed with Auger rig 8/29/16-8/30/16.		
Ground Surface (G.S.)	0.00	86.52
Measuring Point for surveying & measuring water levels Top of 12 inch diameter Steel Curb Box Top of Riser Pipe fit with locking j-plug	0.54	85.98
Riser Pipe: Length <u>670</u> Inside Diameter (ID) <u>4 inch</u> Type of Material <u>PVC</u>		
Cement, Bentonite, Bentonite Slurry Grout, or Native Materials % Cement _____ % Bentonite _____ % Native Materials _____		
Bottom of 10 inch diameter Steel Surface Casing	52.0	34.52
Bottom of Bentonite Grout	635.0	-548.48
Bottom of #00 Filter Sand/Top of #1 Filter Sand	645	-558.48
Top of Screen	670	-583.48
▲ Stabilized Water Level		
Screen: Length <u>20</u> Inside Diameter (ID) <u>4 inch</u> Slot Size <u>10</u> Type of Material <u>PVC</u>		
Type/Size of Sand <u>#1</u> Sand Pack Thickness <u>63</u>		
Bottom of Screen	690	-603.48
Bottom of Sump:	695	-608.48
Bottom of Borehole	708	-621.48
Borehole Diameter: <u>10 inch</u>		
Approved: _____		
Describe Measuring Point: _____	G. Hicks	9/23/2016
Ground Surface	Signature	Date

## **Section 4**

### **Groundwater Sample Log Sheets**



RESOLUTION  
CONSULTANTS

Well ID: RE 125 01

# Low Flow Ground Water Sample Collection Record

Client: Navy NWIRP Bethpage Date: 12 / 7 / 16 Time: Start 745 am/pm  
 Project No: 60266526 Finish \_\_\_\_\_ am/pm  
 Site Location: Diana  
 Weather Conds: cloudy 48° 1 inch snow overnight Collector(s): Paul Kareth

### 1. WATER LEVEL DATA: (measured from Top of Casing)

a. Total Well Length 345 ft c. Length of Water Column \_\_\_\_\_ ft (a-b) Casing Diameter/Material  
 4-inch PVC  
 b. Water Table Depth 37.81 ft d. Calculated System Volume (see back) 13.1 gal. 20 screen length (ft)

### 2. WELL PURGE DATA

a. Purge Method: Geotech bladder pump with drop tube assembly

#### b. Acceptance Criteria defined (see workplan)

- Temperature ± 3%
  - pH ± 0.1 unit
  - Conductivity ± 3%
  - Turbidity ± 10%
  - ORP ± 10mV
  - Drawdown < 0.3'
  - D.O. ± 10% (values >0.5 mg/L)
- Remove a minimum 1 screen volume

#### c. Field Testing Equipment used:

Make	Model	Serial Number
YSI	556	09F101780
La Motte	2020	73567

Time (24hr)	Volume Removed (gallons)	Temp. (°C)	Conduct. (mS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Flow Rate (mL/min)	Depth to water (ft)	Color/Odor
845	0N									
900		13.98	0.147	2.44	5.23	-8.7		600	37.90	
905		14.01	0.146	1.79	5.12	-25.0				
910		14.02	0.146	1.72	5.10	-28.8	18.7			
915		13.95	0.145	1.56	5.07	-32.9			37.91	
920	5 gal	14.01	0.145	1.44	5.04	-35.1	19.5			

d. Acceptance criteria pass/fail

	Yes	No	N/A	(continued on back)
Has required volume been removed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Has required turbidity been reached	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Have parameters stabilized	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

If no or N/A - Explain below.

### 3. SAMPLE COLLECTION:

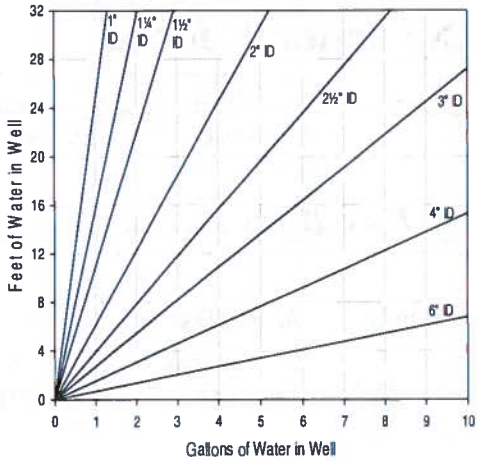
Method: Geotech bladder pump with drop tube assembly

Sample ID	Container Type	No. of Containers	Preservation	Analysis Req.	Time
<u>RE12501-GW-020716</u>	40-mL vials	3	HCl	VOCs	1010
	1-L amber	2	none	1,4-Dioxane	

Comments \_\_\_\_\_

Signature Paul Kareth Date 12/7/16

Purge Volume Calculation



Volume / Linear Ft. of Pipe		
ID (in)	Gallon	Liter
0.25	0.0025	0.0097
0.375	0.0057	0.0217
0.5	0.0102	0.0386
0.75	0.0229	0.0869
1	0.0408	0.1544
1.25	0.0637	0.2413
1.5	0.0918	0.3475
2	0.1632	0.6178
2.5	0.2550	0.9653
3	0.3672	1.3900
4	0.6528	2.4711
6	1.4688	5.5600

One screen volume  
(4-inch well)

15 ft = 37.1 L / 9.8 G  
 20 ft = 49.4 L / 13.1 G  
 25 ft = 61.8 L / 16.3 G  
 30 ft = 74.3 L / 19.6 G  
 40 ft = 99.2 L / 26.1 G  
 50 ft = 123.6 L / 32.6 G

Well ID: RETC01 4940

(continued from front)										
Time (24 hr)	Volume Removed (gallons)	Temp (°C)	Conduct. (mS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Flow Rate (mL/min)	Depth to water (ft)	Color/Odor
925		14.02	0.144	1.34	5.02	-38.2	23.8	600	37.92	
930		13.98	0.144	1.30	5.00	-39.8	26.4			
935		13.95	0.143	1.19	4.95	-40.8	24.3			
940	10 gal	14.02	0.142	1.09	4.95	-43.2				
945		13.97	0.142	1.09	4.94	-44.4	20.8	600	37.87	
950		14.02	0.142	1.03	4.90	-43.6	22.8			
955		13.91	0.141	1.02	4.89	-44.2	22.9			
1000	13 gal	13.97	0.141	0.98	4.89	-46.4	21.9		37.88	
1010								150		Suppl.





Well ID: RE125DZ

# Low Flow Ground Water Sample Collection Record

Client: Navy NWIRP Bethpage Date: 12/7/16 Time: Start 745 am/pm  
 Project No: 60266526 Finish \_\_\_\_\_ am/pm  
 Site Location: Diana Collector(s): JC  
 Weather Conds: 42°F Cloudy

### 1. WATER LEVEL DATA: (measured from Top of Casing)

a. Total Well Length 605 ft c. Length of Water Column \_\_\_\_\_ ft (a-b) Casing Diameter/Material 4-inch PVC  
 b. Water Table Depth 39.60 ft d. Calculated System Volume (see back) 20 gal. 20 screen length (ft)  
13.1

### 2. WELL PURGE DATA

a. Purge Method: Geotech bladder pump with drop tube assembly

b. Acceptance Criteria defined (see workplan)

- Temperature ± 3%
  - pH ± 0.1 unit
  - Conductivity ± 3%
  - Turbidity ± 10%
  - ORP ± 10mV
  - Drawdown < 0.3'
  - D.O. ± 10% (values >0.5 mg/L)
- Remove a minimum 1 screen volume

c. Field Testing Equipment used:

Make	Model	Serial Number
YSI	556	54965
LaMotte	2020WE	73567

Time (24hr)	Volume Removed (gallons)	Temp. (°C)	Conduct. (mS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Flow Rate (mL/min)	Depth to water (ft)	Color/Odor
855	0.1							600		
910	-	14.16	0.088	5.16	5.28	272.3	7.29	600	39.64	cloudy / murky
920	-	14.15	0.090	3.15	5.32	272.4	-	600	39.64	"
930	5	14.11	0.091	2.94	5.28	280.2	5.09	600	39.64	"
940	-	14.18	0.090	3.03	5.15	287.6	4.08	600	39.64	"
950	-	14.16	0.090	2.83	5.25	283.5	4.02	600	39.64	"

d. Acceptance criteria pass/fail

	Yes	No	N/A
Has required volume been removed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Has required turbidity been reached	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Have parameters stabilized	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

If no or N/A - Explain below.

(continued on back)

### 3. SAMPLE COLLECTION:

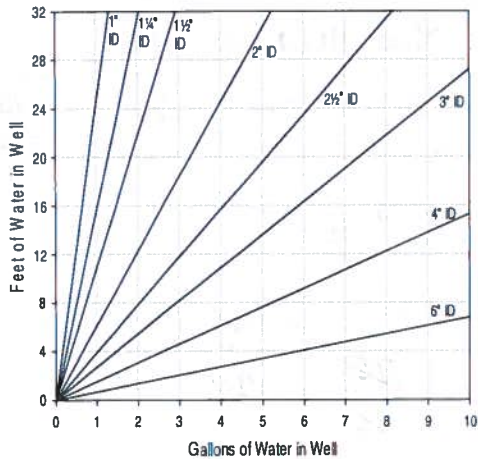
Method: Geotech bladder pump with drop tube assembly

Sample ID	Container Type	No. of Containers	Preservation	Analysis Req.	Time
<u>RE125DZ-GW-120716</u>	<u>40-mL vials</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>HCl</u>	<u>VOCs</u>	<u>1020</u>
<u>RE125DZ-GW-120716</u>	<u>1-L amber</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>none</u>	<u>1,4-Dioxane</u>	<u>1020</u>

Comments \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date 12/7/16

### Purge Volume Calculation



Volume / Linear Ft. of Pipe		
ID (in)	Gallon	Liter
0.25	0.0025	0.0097
0.375	0.0057	0.0217
0.5	0.0102	0.0386
0.75	0.0229	0.0869
1	0.0408	0.1544
1.25	0.0637	0.2413
1.5	0.0918	0.3475
2	0.1632	0.6178
2.5	0.2550	0.9653
3	0.3672	1.3900
4	0.6528	2.4711
6	1.4688	5.5600

One screen volume  
(4-inch well)

- 15 ft = 37.1 L / 9.8 G
- 20 ft = 49.4 L / 13.1 G
- 25 ft = 61.8 L / 16.3 G
- 30 ft = 74.3 L / 19.6 G
- 40 ft = 99.2 L / 26.1 G
- 50 ft = 123.6 L / 32.6 G

Well ID:

(continued from front)										
Time (24 hr)	Volume Removed (gallons)	Temp (°C)	Conduct. (mS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Flow Rate (mL/min)	Depth to water (ft)	Color/Odor
1000	10gall	14.11	0.089	2.69	5.24	285.0	4.40	600	39.64	clear/nona
1005	-	14.10	0.089	2.67	5.21	287.5	-	600	39.64	"
1010	-	14.09	0.089	2.68	5.20	288.4	-	600	39.64	"
1015	13.1	14.11	0.088	2.71	5.19	291.5	4.30	600	39.64	"
1020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SAMPLE



Well ID: RE12503

# Low Flow Ground Water Sample Collection Record

Client: Navy NWIRP Bethpage Date: 12/7/16 Time: Start 7:45 am/pm  
 Project No: 60266526 Finish \_\_\_\_\_ am/pm  
 Site Location: Diana  
 Weather Conds: cloudy 40°, wet from overnight rain Collector(s): \_\_\_\_\_

### 1. WATER LEVEL DATA: (measured from Top of Casing)

a. Total Well Length 695 ft c. Length of Water Column \_\_\_\_\_ ft (a-b) Casing Diameter/Material 4-inch PVC  
 b. Water Table Depth 39.73 ft d. Calculated System Volume (see back) 13.1 gal. 20 screen length (ft)

### 2. WELL PURGE DATA

a. Purge Method: Geotech bladder pump with drop tube assembly

#### b. Acceptance Criteria defined (see workplan)

- Temperature ± 3%
  - pH ± 0.1 unit
  - Conductivity ± 3%
  - Turbidity ± 10%
  - ORP ± 10mV
  - Drawdown < 0.3'
  - D.O. ± 10% (values >0.5 mg/L)
- Remove a minimum 1 screen volume

#### c. Field Testing Equipment used:

Make	Model	Serial Number
YSI	556	08 K100 392

Time (24hr)	Volume Removed (gallons)	Temp. (°C)	Conduct. (mS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Flow Rate (mL/min)	Depth to water (ft)	Color/Odor
7:15	-	10.78	0.066	8.66	4.60	211.8	30.2	350	39.83	Cloudy
9:20	-	10.85	0.066	8.37	4.59	211.5	-	350	39.83	Cloudy
9:25	-	10.97	0.065	7.63	3.84	264.1	27.6	325	39.83	
9:30	-	11.06	0.064	6.97	3.15	275.2	-	-	39.84	
9:35	-	11.21	0.063	6.71	3.46	271.3	-	-	39.84	

d. Acceptance criteria pass/fail

	Yes	No	N/A
Has required volume been removed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Has required turbidity been reached	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Have parameters stabilized	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

If no or N/A - Explain below.

### 3. SAMPLE COLLECTION:

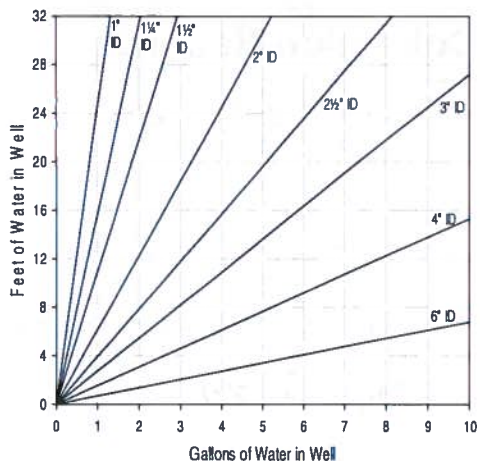
Method: Geotech bladder pump with drop tube assembly

Sample ID	Container Type	No. of Containers	Preservation	Analysis Req.	Time
	40-mL vials	3	HCl	VOCs	11:00
	1-L amber	2	none	1,4-Dioxane	11:10

Comments: Flow rate while sampling 150 ml/min

Signature: [Signature] Date: 12-7-16

Purge Volume Calculation



Volume / Linear Ft. of Pipe		
ID (in)	Gallon	Liter
0.25	0.0025	0.0097
0.375	0.0057	0.0217
0.5	0.0102	0.0386
0.75	0.0229	0.0869
1	0.0408	0.1544
1.25	0.0637	0.2413
1.5	0.0918	0.3475
2	0.1632	0.6178
2.5	0.2550	0.9653
3	0.3672	1.3900
4	0.6528	2.4711
6	1.4688	5.5600

One screen volume  
(4-inch well)

15 ft = 37.1 L / 9.8 G  
 20 ft = 49.4 L / 13.1 G  
 25 ft = 61.8 L / 16.3 G  
 30 ft = 74.3 L / 19.6 G  
 40 ft = 99.2 L / 26.1 G  
 50 ft = 123.6 L / 32.6 G

Well ID:

(continued from front)	Volume Removed (gallons)	Temp (°C)	Conduct. (mS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Flow Rate (mL/min)	Depth to water (ft)	Color/Odor
9:40	-	11.31	0.060	6.54	3.49	270.1	63.6	325	39.86	
9:45	-	11.34	0.061	6.42	3.58	266.9	-	325	39.86	
0950	-	11.35	0.061	6.37	3.68	263.8	44.1	325	39.86	
0955	-	11.35	0.060	6.43	3.58	269.9	-	325	39.87	
1000	50 gal	11.28	0.060	6.34	3.59	265.9	30.3	325	39.87	cloudy (none)
1005	-	11.34	0.059	6.40	4.51	200.3	-	300	39.88	
1010	-	11.05	0.058	6.31	4.42	244.3	21.3	250	39.89	
1015	-	11.79	0.059	6.27	4.30	260.4	-	600	39.90	Red out mp10
1020	-	11.85	0.059	6.34	4.20	270.2	-	600	39.90	
1025	-	11.95	0.059	6.43	4.10	278.9	15.9	600	39.90	
1030	-	12.08	0.059	6.34	4.18	277.8	18.8	600	39.91	
1035	-	12.09	0.059	6.24	3.94	285.5	-	600	39.92	
1040	10 Gal	12.18	0.059	6.19	3.95	285.5	17.7	600	39.92	
1045	-	12.27	0.059	6.26	3.63	390.1	18.3	600	39.92	
1050	-	12.28	0.059	6.28	4.31	285.9	17.2	600	39.93	
1055	-	12.22	0.059	6.25	4.36	290.1	16.8	600	39.93	
1100	13.5	12.17	0.059	6.29	4.31	281.6	16.4	(600)	39.94	
1110	Sample									

## **Section 5**

### **Analytical Data Validation**

[The Data Validation report included here contains only result tables for RE125D1, RE125D2 and RE125D3; for the complete December 2016 Quarterly Sampling Data Validation, see *December 2016 Groundwater Sampling Data Summary Report, Bethpage, NY*, Resolution Consultants, 2017.]

December 2016  
Final Results after Data Review  
NWIRP Bethpage OU 2 Regional Groundwater Investigation

Sample Delivery Group				BETHPAGE-8 RE125D1-GW-120716 12/7/2016 Groundwater		
Sample ID						
Sample Date						
Sample Type						
Method	Analyte	CAS No	Units	Result	Qual	RC
8260C	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	71-55-6	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	79-34-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE	76-13-1	UG_L	14	J	s
8260C	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	79-00-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	75-34-3	UG_L	2.4	J	s
8260C	1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	75-35-4	UG_L	2.5	J	s
8260C	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	120-82-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	96-12-8	UG_L	0.75	U	
8260C	1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	106-93-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	95-50-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	107-06-2	UG_L	0.5	UJ	c
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROETHENE, TOTAL	540-59-0	UG_L	4.2	J	s
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	78-87-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	541-73-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	106-46-7	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	2-HEXANONE	591-78-6	UG_L	2.5	UJ	c
8260C	4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	108-10-1	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	ACETONE	67-64-1	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	BENZENE	71-43-2	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	75-27-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMOFORM	75-25-2	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	56-23-5	UG_L	0.26	J	s
8260C	CHLOROBENZENE	108-90-7	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	CHLOROETHANE	75-00-3	UG_L	1	UJ	c
8260C	CHLOROFORM	67-66-3	UG_L	0.73	J	s
8260C	CHLOROMETHANE	74-87-3	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-59-2	UG_L	4.2	J	s
8260C	CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-01-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	124-48-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	75-71-8	UG_L	0.53	J	c,s
8260C	ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	ISOPROPYLBENZENE	98-82-8	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	M- AND P-XYLENE	108-38-3/106-42	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	UG_L	0.75	U	
8260C	METHYL CYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	1634-04-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	75-09-2	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	O-XYLENE	95-47-6	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	STYRENE	100-42-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TETRACHLOROETHENE	127-18-4	UG_L	6.4	J	s
8260C	TOLUENE	108-88-3	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-60-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-02-6	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRICHLOROETHENE	79-01-6	UG_L	180	J	s
8260C	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	75-69-4	UG_L	1	UJ	c
8260C	VINYL CHLORIDE	75-01-4	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	XYLENES, TOTAL	1330-20-7	UG_L	1.5	U	
8270D SIM	1,4-DIOXANE	123-91-1	UG_L	14		

**Notes:**

- UG\_L = Micrograms per liter
- NA = Not applicable
- Qual = Final qualifiers (See Attachment A)
- RC = Reason codes (See Attachment B)

December 2016  
Final Results after Data Review  
NWIRP Bethpage OU 2 Regional Groundwater Investigation

Sample Delivery Group				BETHPAGE-8 RE125D2-GW-120716 12/7/2016 Groundwater		
Sample ID						
Sample Date						
Sample Type						
Method	Analyte	CAS No	Units	Result	Qual	RC
8260C	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	71-55-6	UG_L	0.73	J	s
8260C	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	79-34-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE	76-13-1	UG_L	25	J	s
8260C	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	79-00-5	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	75-34-3	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	75-35-4	UG_L	6.7	J	s
8260C	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	120-82-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	96-12-8	UG_L	0.75	U	
8260C	1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	106-93-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	95-50-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	107-06-2	UG_L	0.5	UJ	c
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROETHENE, TOTAL	540-59-0	UG_L	3.4	J	s
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	78-87-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	541-73-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	106-46-7	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	2-HEXANONE	591-78-6	UG_L	2.5	UJ	c
8260C	4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	108-10-1	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	ACETONE	67-64-1	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	BENZENE	71-43-2	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	75-27-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMOFORM	75-25-2	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	56-23-5	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	CHLOROBENZENE	108-90-7	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	CHLOROETHANE	75-00-3	UG_L	1	UJ	c
8260C	CHLOROFORM	67-66-3	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	CHLOROMETHANE	74-87-3	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-59-2	UG_L	3.4	J	s
8260C	CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-01-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	124-48-1	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	75-71-8	UG_L	2	UJ	c
8260C	ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	ISOPROPYLBENZENE	98-82-8	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	M- AND P-XYLENE	108-38-3/106-42	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	UG_L	0.75	U	
8260C	METHYL CYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	1634-04-4	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	75-09-2	UG_L	2.5	U	
8260C	O-XYLENE	95-47-6	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	STYRENE	100-42-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TETRACHLOROETHENE	127-18-4	UG_L	3.2	J	s
8260C	TOLUENE	108-88-3	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-60-5	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-02-6	UG_L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRICHLOROETHENE	79-01-6	UG_L	240	J	s
8260C	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	75-69-4	UG_L	0.41	J	c,s
8260C	VINYL CHLORIDE	75-01-4	UG_L	1	U	
8260C	XYLENES, TOTAL	1330-20-7	UG_L	1.5	U	
8270D SIM	1,4-DIOXANE	123-91-1	UG_L	14		

**Notes:**

- UG\_L = Micrograms per liter
- NA = Not applicable
- Qual = Final qualifiers (See Attachment A)
- RC = Reason codes (See Attachment B)

December 2016  
Final Results after Data Review  
NWIRP Bethpage OU 2 Regional Groundwater Investigation

Sample Delivery Group				BETHPAGE-8		
Sample ID				RE125D3-GW-120716		
Sample Date				12/7/2016		
Sample Type				Groundwater		
Method	Analyte	CAS No	Units	Result	Qual	RC
8260C	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	71-55-6	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	79-34-5	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE	76-13-1	UG L	36	J	s
8260C	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	79-00-5	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	75-34-3	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	75-35-4	UG L	0.84	J	s
8260C	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	120-82-1	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	96-12-8	UG L	0.75	U	
8260C	1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	106-93-4	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	95-50-1	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	107-06-2	UG L	0.5	UJ	c
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROETHENE, TOTAL	540-59-0	UG L	1.5	J	s
8260C	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	78-87-5	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	541-73-1	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	106-46-7	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	UG L	2.5	U	
8260C	2-HEXANONE	591-78-6	UG L	2.5	UJ	c
8260C	4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	108-10-1	UG L	2.5	U	
8260C	ACETONE	67-64-1	UG L	2.5	U	
8260C	BENZENE	71-43-2	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	75-27-4	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMOFORM	75-25-2	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UG L	1	U	
8260C	CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	56-23-5	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	CHLOROBENZENE	108-90-7	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	CHLOROETHANE	75-00-3	UG L	1	UJ	c
8260C	CHLOROFORM	67-66-3	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	CHLOROMETHANE	74-87-3	UG L	1	U	
8260C	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-59-2	UG L	1.5	J	s
8260C	CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-01-5	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	124-48-1	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	75-71-8	UG L	1	UJ	c
8260C	ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	ISOPROPYLBENZENE	98-82-8	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	M- AND P-XYLENE	108-38-3/106-42	UG L	1	U	
8260C	METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	UG L	0.75	U	
8260C	METHYL CYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	1634-04-4	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	75-09-2	UG L	2.5	U	
8260C	O-XYLENE	95-47-6	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	STYRENE	100-42-5	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	TETRACHLOROETHENE	127-18-4	UG L	1.6	J	s
8260C	TOLUENE	108-88-3	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-60-5	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-02-6	UG L	0.5	U	
8260C	TRICHLOROETHENE	79-01-6	UG L	150	J	s
8260C	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	75-69-4	UG L	1	UJ	c
8260C	VINYL CHLORIDE	75-01-4	UG L	1	U	
8260C	XYLENES, TOTAL	1330-20-7	UG L	1.5	U	
8270D SIM	1,4-DIOXANE	123-91-1	UG L	4		

**Notes:**

- UG\_L = Micrograms per liter
- NA = Not applicable
- Qual = Final qualifiers (See Attachment A)
- RC = Reason codes (See Attachment B)



**Attachment A**  
**Final Qualifier Codes and Explanations**

Qualifier	Explanation
J	The analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
UJ	The analyte was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit. However, the reported quantitation limit is approximate and may or may not represent the actual quantitation limit necessary to accurately and precisely measure the analyte in the sample.
U	The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit.

**Attachment B**  
**Reason Codes and Explanations**

<b>Reason Code</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
be	Equipment blank contamination
bf	Field blank contamination
bl	Laboratory blank contamination
bm	Missing Blank Information
bt	Trip blank contamination
c	Calibration issue
cr	Chromatographic resolution
d	Reporting limit raised due to chromatographic interference
dt	Dissolved result > total over limit
e	Ether interference
ej	Above calibration range; result estimated.
f	Presumed contamination from FB or ER.
fd	Field duplicate RPDs
h	Holding times
hs	Headspace greater than 6mm in all sample vials
i	Internal standard areas
ii	Injection internal standard area or retention time exceedance
it	Instrument Tune
k	Estimated Maximum Possible Concentrations (EMPC)
l	LCS recoveries
lc	Labeled compound recovery
ld	Laboratory duplicate RPDs (matrix duplicate, MSD, LCSD)
lp	Laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate RPDs
m	Matrix spike recovery
mc	Deviation from the method
md	MS/MSD precision
nb	Negative laboratory blank contamination
p	Chemical preservation issue
p-h	Uncertainty near detection limit (< Reporting Limit), historical reason code applied.
pe	Post Extraction Spike
q	Quantitation issue
r	Dual column RPD
rt	SIM ions not within + 2 seconds
s	Surrogate recovery
sp	Sample preparation issue
su	Evidence of ion suppression
t	Temperature Preservation Issue
x	Low % solids
y	Serial dilution results
z	ICS results



**DATA VALIDATION REPORT**

Project:	Regional Groundwater Investigation — NWIRP Bethpage		
Laboratory:	Katahdin Analytical		
Sample Delivery Groups:	SJ8416 and SJ9099		
Analyses/Method:	Total Organic Carbon (TOC) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 9060A		
Validation Level:	2		
Project Number:	0888812477.SA.DV		
Prepared by:	Dana Miller/Resolution Consultants	Completed on:	12/15/2016
Reviewed by:	Tina Cantwell/Resolution Consultants	File Name:	SJ8416_SJ9099_9060A

**SUMMARY**

This report summarizes data review findings for samples listed below, collected by Resolution Consultants from the Regional Groundwater Investigation — NWIRP Bethpage site on 12 and 28 October 2016 in accordance with the following Sampling and Analysis Plans:

- *Sampling and Analysis Plan, Bethpage, New York.* (Resolution Consultants April 2013).
- *UFP SAP Addendum, Installation of Vertical Profile Borings and Monitoring Wells, Operable Unit 2, NWIRP Bethpage, New York.* (Resolution Consultants November 2013).
- *UFP SAP Addendum, Inclusion of Additional Target Analytes for Volatile Organics Analyses, NWIRP Bethpage OU2, Bethpage, New York.* (Resolution Consultants August 2014).

Sample ID	Lab ID	Matrix/Sample Type	Analysis
RE125D2-SOIL-101216-583-585	SJ8416-1	Soil	9060A, 2540G
RE125D2-EB-101216	SJ8416-2	Equipment Blank	9060A
RE125D1-SOIL-102816-328-330	SJ9099-1	Soil	9060A, 2540G
RE125D1-EB-102816	SJ9099-2	Equipment Blank	9060A

Data validation activities were conducted using the following guidance documents: *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods SW-846, specifically Method 9060A, Total Organic Carbon* (U.S. EPA, 1996), *U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Data Review* (NFG, January 2010, and Department of Defense (DoD) Quality Systems Manual (QSM) for Environmental Laboratories,

Version 4.2 (October 2010). In the absence of method-specific information, laboratory quality control (QC) limits, project-specific requirements and/or professional judgment were used as appropriate.

## REVIEW ELEMENTS

The data were evaluated based on the following parameters (where applicable to the method):

- ✓ Data completeness (chain-of-custody)/sample integrity
- ✓ Holding times and sample preservation
- NA Gas chromatography/Mass spectrometer performance checks
- NA Initial calibration/continuing calibration verification
- X Laboratory blanks/equipment blanks
- NA Surrogate spike recoveries
- ✓ Matrix spike and/or matrix spike duplicate results
- ✓ Laboratory control sample / laboratory control sample duplicate results
- ✓ Field duplicates
- NA Internal standards
- ✓ Sample results/reporting issues

The symbol (✓) indicates that no validation qualifiers were applied based on this parameter. NA indicates that the parameter was not included as part of this data set or was not applicable to this validation and therefore not reviewed. Acceptable data parameters for which all criteria were met and no qualification was performed, and non-conformance or other issues that were noted during validation, but did not result in qualification of data are not discussed further. The symbol (X) indicates that a QC non-conformance resulted in the qualification of data. Any QC non-conformance that resulted in the qualification of data is discussed below.

### Laboratory Blanks/Equipment Blanks

Laboratory blanks and equipment blanks were analyzed with samples to assess contamination imparted by sample preparation and/or analysis. All results associated with a particular blank were evaluated to determine whether there was an inherent variability in the data, or if a problem was an isolated occurrence that did not affect the data. Samples were flagged in accordance with *Functional Guidelines* (shown below) where detections were not believed to be site-related.

**Blank Non-conformance Charts:**

<i>For common lab contaminants (methylene chloride, acetone, 2-butanone):</i>			
Blank type	Blank result	Sample result	Action for samples
Method, Storage, Trip, Field, or Equipment	Detects	Not detected	No qualification
	≤ 2x LOQ	< 2x LOQ	Report sample LOQ value with a U
		≥ 2x LOQ and ≤ 4x the LOQ	Report the sample result with a U**
		≥ 4x the LOQ	No qualifications
> 2x LOQ	< LOD	Report sample LOD value with a U**	
	≥ LOD and < 2x LOQ	Report sample LOQ value with a U	
	≥ 2x LOQ and < blank contamination	Report the blank result with a U or reject the sample result as unusable R	
	≥ 2x LOQ and ≥ blank contamination	If the result is ≤ 2x blank result, report the sample result U.** If the result is > 2x blank result, no qualification is required.**	
<b>**Based on Resolution Consultants professional judgment</b>			

<i>For all other compounds:</i>			
Blank type	Blank result	Sample result	Action for samples
Method, Storage, Trip, Field, or Equipment	Detects	Not detected	No qualification
	< 2x LOQ	< 2x LOQ	Report sample LOQ value with a U
		≥ 2x LOQ	Use professional judgment
	> 2x LOQ	< 2x LOQ	Report sample LOQ value with a U
		≥ 2x LOQ and < blank contamination	Report the blank result with a U or reject the sample result as unusable R
		≥ 2x LOQ and ≥ blank contamination	If the result is ≤ 2x blank result, report the sample result U. If the result is > 2x blank result, no qualification is required.
	= 2x LOQ	< 2x LOQ	Report sample LOQ value with a U
		≥ 2x LOQ	Use professional judgment
	Gross contamination	Detects	Qualify results as unusable R

**Notes:**

- LOQ = Limit of quantitation
- LOD = Limit of detection
- U = Undetected
- R = Rejected

TOC was detected in both equipment blanks but professional judgement was used not to qualify the associated sample as undetected. Lab blank non-conformances are summarized in Attachment A in Table A-1.

### **Qualifications Actions**

The data was reviewed independently from the laboratory to assess data quality. Two samples (RE125D2-EB-101216 and RE125D1-EB-102816) was qualified as non-detect due to lab blank contamination. All analytes detected at concentrations less than the limit of quantitation but greater than the method detection limit were qualified by the laboratory as estimated (J). This "J" qualifier was retained during data validation. Data not qualified during data review are considered usable by the project for their intended purpose, according to U.S. EPA and Department of Defense guidelines. Final results after data review are provided in Attachment B.

### **ATTACHMENTS**

Attachment A: Non-Conformance Summary Table

Attachment B: Table B-1, Final Results after Data Review

**Attachment A**  
**Non-Conformance Summary Table**

**Table A-1  
Lab Blank Non-Conformance**

<b>Blank</b>	<b>Batches</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Analyte</b>	<b>Blank Result (MG_L)</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>Associated Samples</b>	<b>Detected Associated Sample Result (MG_L)</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>Qualifier</b>
WG193875-1	WG193875	9060A	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	0.29	1	RE125D2-EB-101216	0.44	1	U
WG194635-1	WG194635	9060A	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	0.25	1	RE125D1-EB-102816	0.26	1	U

**Notes:**

MG\_L = Milligrams per liter

LOQ = Limit of quantitation

UJ = The analyte was found in a sample at a concentration less than five times the blank concentration and qualified non-detect and estimated.



**Attachment B**  
**Final Results after Data Review**

**Table B-1**  
**Final Results after Data Review**  
**Regional Groundwater Investigation NWIRP Bethpage**

<b>Sample Delivery Group</b>				SJ8416			SJ8416		
<b>Lab ID</b>				SJ8416-1			SJ8416-2		
<b>Sample ID</b>				RE125D2-SOIL-101216-583-585			RE125D2-EB-101216		
<b>Sample Date</b>				10/12/2016			10/12/2016		
<b>Sample Type</b>				Soil			Equipment Blank		
<b>Method</b>	<b>Analyte</b>	<b>CAS No</b>	<b>Units</b>	Result	Qual	RC	Result	Qual	RC
2540G	TOTAL SOLIDS	-29	PCT	84			NA		
5310B	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	-28	MG_L	NA			0.5	U	bl
9060A	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	-28	UG_G	1100			NA		
<b>Sample Delivery Group</b>				SJ9099			SJ9099		
<b>Lab ID</b>				SJ9099-1			SJ9099-2		
<b>Sample ID</b>				RE125D1-SOIL-102816-328-330			RE125D1-EB-102816		
<b>Sample Date</b>				10/28/2016			10/28/2016		
<b>Sample Type</b>				Soil			Equipment Blank		
<b>Method</b>	<b>Analyte</b>	<b>CAS No</b>	<b>Units</b>	Result	Qual	RC	Result	Qual	RC
2540G	TOTAL SOLIDS	-29	PCT	81			NA		
5310B	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	-28	MG_L	NA			0.5	U	bl
9060A	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	-28	UG_G	1600			NA		

**Notes:**

- ID = Identification
- Qual = Final interpreted qualifier
- RC = Validator reason code (See definition below)
- PCT = Percent
- MG\_L = Milligrams per liter
- UG\_G = Micrograms per gram
- NA = Not analyzed
- UJ = Non-detect and estimated value
- J = Estimated value; the reported value is greater than or equal to the laboratory method limit but less than the quantitation limit.

**Reason Code**

- bl = Flagged non-detect and estimated due to lab blank contamination.



## DATA VALIDATION REPORT

Project:	Regional Groundwater Investigation — NWIRP Bethpage		
Laboratory:	Katahdin Analytical		
Sample Delivery Groups:	SJ7595		
Analyses/Method:	Total Organic Carbon (TOC) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 9060A		
Validation Level:	2		
Project Number:	0888812477.SA.DV		
Prepared by:	Dana Miller/Resolution Consultants	Completed on:	12/15/2016
Reviewed by:	Tina Cantwell/Resolution Consultants	File Name:	SJ7595_9060A

### SUMMARY

This report summarizes data review findings for samples listed below, collected by Resolution Consultants from the Regional Groundwater Investigation — NWIRP Bethpage site on 15 December 2016 in accordance with the following Sampling and Analysis Plans:

- *Sampling and Analysis Plan, Bethpage, New York.* (Resolution Consultants April 2013).
- *UFP SAP Addendum, Installation of Vertical Profile Borings and Monitoring Wells, Operable Unit 2, NWIRP Bethpage, New York.* (Resolution Consultants November 2013).
- *UFP SAP Addendum, Inclusion of Additional Target Analytes for Volatile Organics Analyses, NWIRP Bethpage OU2, Bethpage, New York.* (Resolution Consultants August 2014).

Sample ID	Lab ID	Matrix/Sample Type	Analysis
RE125D3-SOIL-092016-683-685	SJ7595-1	Soil	9060A, 2540G
RE125D3-EB-092016	SJ7595-2	Equipment Blank	9060A

Data validation activities were conducted using the following guidance documents: *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods SW-846, specifically Method 9060A, Total Organic Carbon* (U.S. EPA, 1996), *U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Data Review* (NFG, January 2010, and Department of Defense (DoD) Quality Systems Manual (QSM) for Environmental Laboratories, Version 4.2 (October 2010). In the absence of method-specific information, laboratory quality control (QC) limits, project-specific requirements and/or professional judgment were used as appropriate.

## **REVIEW ELEMENTS**

The data were evaluated based on the following parameters (where applicable to the method):

- ✓ Data completeness (chain-of-custody)/sample integrity
- ✓ Holding times and sample preservation
- ✓ Gas chromatography/Mass spectrometer performance checks
- NA Initial calibration/continuing calibration verification
- ✓ Laboratory blanks/equipment blanks/field blanks/trip blanks
- NA Surrogate spike recoveries
- ✓ Matrix spike and/or matrix spike duplicate results
- ✓ Laboratory control sample laboratory control sample duplicate results
- NA Field duplicates
- NA Internal standards
- ✓ Sample results/reporting issues

The symbol (✓) indicates that no validation qualifiers were applied based on this parameter. NA indicates that the parameter was not included as part of this data set or was not applicable to this validation and therefore not reviewed. Acceptable data parameters for which all criteria were met and no qualification was performed, and non-conformance or other issues that were noted during validation, but did not result in qualification of data are not discussed further.

## **Qualifications Actions**

The data were reviewed independently from the laboratory to assess data quality. All compounds detected at concentrations less than the limit of quantitation but greater than the method detection limit were qualified by the laboratory as estimated (J). This "J" qualifier was retained during data validation.

No results were qualified during this review. Analytical completeness was calculated to be 100% and the data are usable for their intended purpose, according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and Department of Defense guidelines. Attachment A, Table A-1 provides final results after data review.

## **ATTACHMENTS**

Attachment A: Table A-1 Final Results after Data Review

**Attachment A**  
**Final Results after Data Review**

**Table A-1  
Final Results after Data Review  
Regional Groundwater Investigation NWIRP Bethpage**

<b>Sample Delivery Group</b>				SJ7595		SJ7595	
<b>Lab ID</b>				SJ7595-1		SJ7595-2	
<b>Sample ID</b>				RE125D3-SOIL-092016-683-385		RE125D3-EB-092016	
<b>Sample Date</b>				9/20/2016		9/20/2016	
<b>Sample Type</b>				Soil		Equipment Blank	
<b>Method</b>	<b>Analyte</b>	<b>CAS No</b>	<b>Units</b>	Result	Qual	Result	Qual
2540G	TOTAL SOLIDS	-29	PCT	88		NA	
9060A	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	-28	MG_L	NA		1.3	
9060A	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	-28	UG_G	220	J	NA	

**Notes:**

ID = Identification  
PCT = Percent  
MG\_L = Milligrams per liter  
UG\_G = Micrograms per gram  
Qual = Final interpreted qualifier  
NA = Not analyzed  
J = Estimated value – Value was below the limit of quantitation.

## **Section 6**

### **Survey**

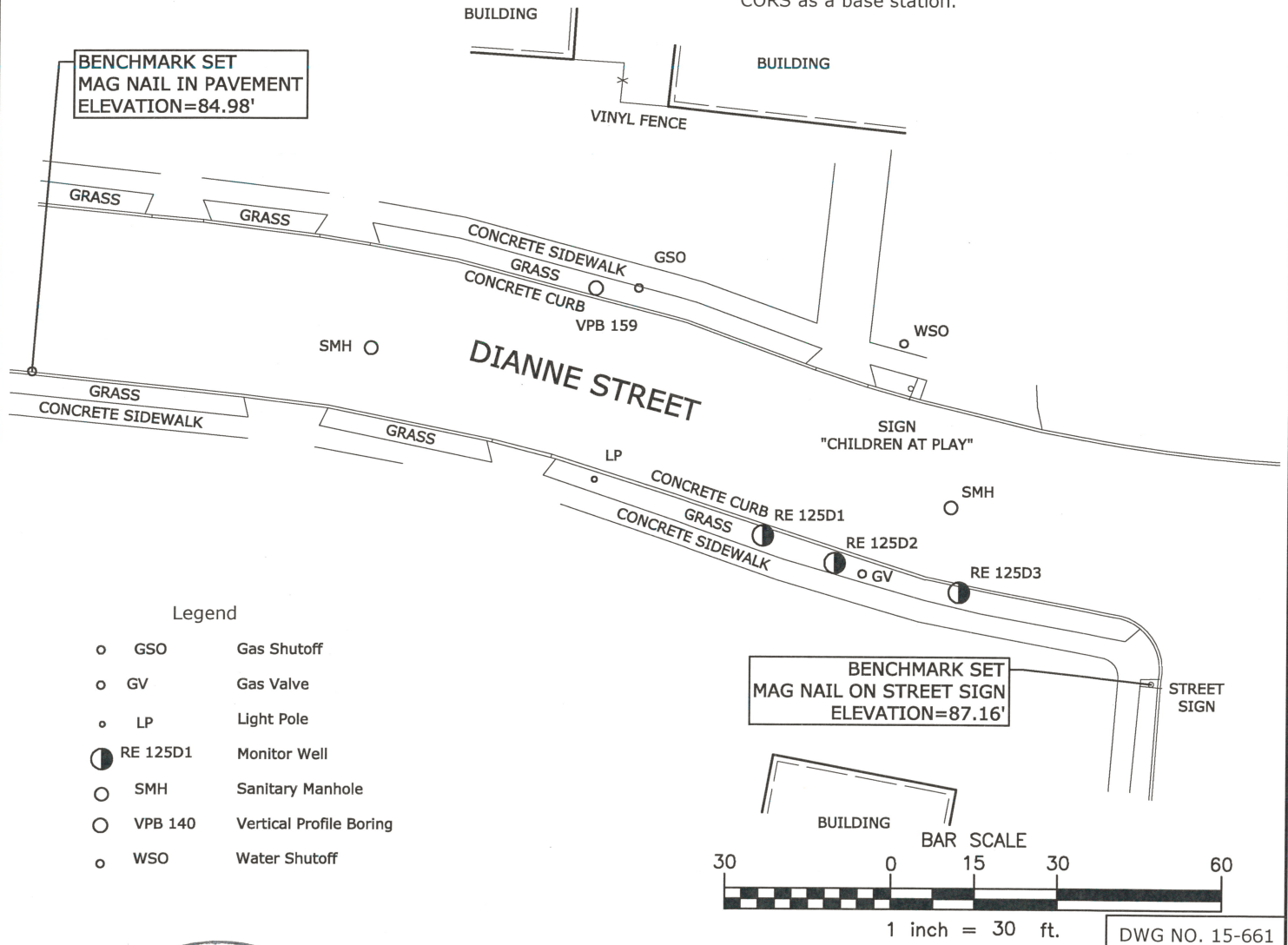
UNAUTHORIZED ALTERATION OR ADDITION TO THIS DOCUMENT IS A VIOLATION OF SECTION 7209 SUBDIVISION 2 OF THE NEW YORK STATE EDUCATION LAW.

Description	Northing	Easting	Latitude	Longitude	Ground	Top of Casing	PVC
VPB 159	204774.69	1124447.18	N40-43-39.45	W73-29-39.02	85.77	NA	NA
RE 125D1	204730.49	1124477.58	N40-43-39.01	W73-29-38.63	86.12	86.17	85.66
RE 125D2	204725.59	1124490.61	N40-43-38.96	W73-29-38.46	86.29	86.36	85.76
RE 125D3	204720.38	1124512.93	N40-43-38.91	W73-29-38.17	86.52	86.60	85.98



Map Notes

- Information shown hereon was compiled from an actual field survey conducted on December 7, 2015 and field updated on March 20, 2017.
- North orientation is Grid North based on the New York State Plane Coordinate System, Long Island Zone, NAD 83(2011) epoch 2010.00 as obtained from GPS observations.
- Vertical datum shown hereon is NAVD 88(Geoid12A) as obtained from RTK GPS observations using the Queens CORS as a base station.

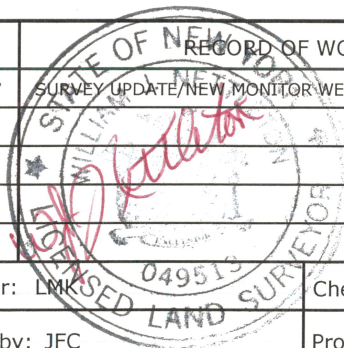


- Legend**
- GSO Gas Shutoff
  - GV Gas Valve
  - LP Light Pole
  - RE 125D1 Monitor Well
  - SMH Sanitary Manhole
  - VPB 140 Vertical Profile Boring
  - WSO Water Shutoff



DWG NO. 15-661

Date	RECORD OF WORK	Appr.	VERTICAL PROFILE BORING 159 SURVEY LOCATION 3819 DIANNE STREET
3/20/17	SURVEY UPDATE/NEW MONITOR WELLS ADDED	<i>wjm</i>	
		TOWN OF SEAFORD NASSAU COUNTY, NEW YORK	
Drafter: LMK Appr. by: JFC		<b>C.T. MALE ASSOCIATES</b> Engineering, Surveying, Architecture & Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. 50 CENTURY HILL DRIVE, LATHAM, NY 12110 518.786.7400 * FAX 518.786.7299	
		SCALE: 1"=30' DATE: DECEMBER 7, 2015	
Checker: JFC Proj. No. 14.4121			





**Appendix B**  
**Geologic Cross Sections derived from**  
**Environmental Sequence Stratigraphy (ESS)**

## **Appendix B. Geologic Cross Sections derived from Environmental Sequence Stratigraphy**

Resolution Consultants reviewed the geologic data and regional literature at the Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant at Bethpage, New York and developed four representative base-wide cross sections to support development of a CSM. The cross sections are presented in Figure 1 - Figure 4. The cross sections provide geologic context for groundwater and analytical data and can be used as the framework upon which new and existing datasets (groundwater, analytical chemistry, geophysical data, etc.) can be analyzed to better understand groundwater flow-paths and contaminant transport and storage zones. As such, these sections are an integral component of an effective CSM.

The cross sections were developed using ESS. The ESS approach examines subsurface data in the context of the depositional environments and petroleum industry best practices of sequence stratigraphy and facies models. Shown for each boring included in the stratigraphic analysis are a vertical series of colored blocks which correspond to boring log lithology and a continuous data curve (in red or as a scan of a paper document, which corresponds to the gamma log). These colored blocks represent vertical grain size distribution and are the basis for the correlations between the data points.

The color coded blocks correspond to the graphic grainsize scale as shown in the cross-sections' keys. The width of the block increases with relative grainsize. Block color indicates the textural classification of the sediment (e.g., yellow for sand, green for silt, blue for clay) as written in the field notes of the core logging geologist (see the cross section keys for further definition).

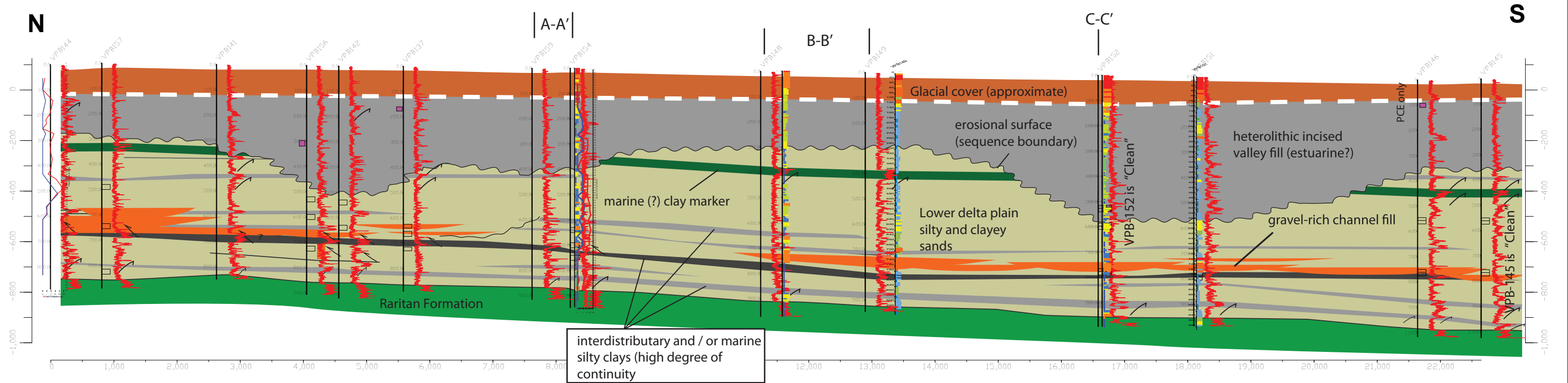
Logs of natural gamma emissions are a common proxy for grainsize. They typically are used as a correlation aide because repetitive spatially extensive trends in grainsize are easily identified visually when curves are examined along a given section. In non-granitic aquifer material, the chemistry of minerals found in clays result in higher concentrations of gamma emitting anions as opposed to the quartz, heavy minerals, and lithic fragments that generally predominate the coarser size fractions. Thus, peaks in the gamma logs can be indicative of clay layers and in general as gamma count per second increases, the grainsize decreases. Gamma logs should always be "calibrated" by comparing side by side with a lithologic log at representative locations. Good agreement between gamma logs and lithology logs were noted in the data points used for the ESS sections at Bethpage.

The previously established general hydrostratigraphy at Bethpage consists of the basal Raritan confining unit, the Magothy aquifer, and the shallow glacial aquifer. The stratigraphy shown in the sections presented in this technical memo is consistent with this general model but additionally shows the Magothy to consist of basal zone gravel-rich channel fills (orange in sections); extensive, planar marine clays (thin units shown in grey and dark green); and silty sands of inter-distributary and delta front origins (shown in tan). Additionally, an erosional incision into the lower delta plain sediments is observed throughout the site (portrayed in sections as a wavy solid black line). Above this, the Magothy sediments are more likely estuarine "incised valley fill" as indicated by the more heterogeneous gamma ray character. In some locations, such as VPB139 on section A-A', there appears to be clear lithologic control on contaminant distribution within the estuarine facies where the higher TCE and PCE concentrations occur in the coarser lithologic zones.

The depositional axis of the incised valley fill likely trends north-south/southeast. The incision is clearly indicated on all sections via the correlation of a prominent clay layer shown in sections in dark green. Where this clay is missing in the gamma logs, it is likely that it was eroded during a lowstand of sea level. Additionally, while relatively planar in their geometry, the major units dip gently south-south east. This is an important geologic characteristic to consider when comparing analytical results because hydrologic zones separated by thin confining layers within the Magothy may be accessed by screens of similar depth.

One of the most important benefits of the ESS approach is to develop and refine the CSM. ESS facilitates an understanding of the geology governing groundwater occurrence and movement, and provides an element for refining the approaches for assessment and remediation. The ESS results from this effort suggest that a modern analog (a modern geological setting that allows an understanding of the ancient environment) for the Magothy depositional environments is the Mackenzie River Delta, shown in Figure 5. Basal gravel zones are represented by the braided river deposits of the Toklat River, Alaska, in Figure 6.

# Environmental Sequence Stratigraphy Cross Section



## GRAIN SIZE LOG INDEX\*

\* not all grainsize categories shown in the comprehensive key are present at the site. Site sediments are predominately fine (clays, sandy clays, silts, and fine to medium sand)

Clay	Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Clay with 10% Sand	Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Clay with 20% Sand	Fine Sand with Fine Gravel
Clay with 30% Sand	Fine Sand with Medium Gravel
Clay with 40% Sand	Fine Sand with Coarse Gravel
Clay with Fine Gravel	Medium Sand
Clay with Medium Gravel	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 50% Fines)
Clay with Coarse Gravel	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 50% Fines)
Silt	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 40% Fines)
Silt with 10% Sand	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 40% Fines)
Silt with 20% Sand	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 30% Fines)
Sandy Silt	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 30% Fines)
Silty Sand	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Silty Sand	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Silty Sand (Fine Sand with 40% Fines)	Medium Sand with Fine Gravel
Clayey Sand (Fine Sand with 40% Fines)	Medium Sand with Medium Gravel
Silty Sand (Fine Sand with 30% Fines)	Medium Sand with Coarse Gravel
Clayey Sand (Fine Sand with 30% Fines)	Coarse Sand
Silty Sand (Fine Sand with 10-20% Fines)	Coarse Sand with Fine Gravel
Clayey Sand (Fine Sand with 10-20% Fines)	Coarse Sand with Medium Gravel
Gravelly Silt (Silt with Fine Gravel)	Coarse Sand with Coarse Gravel
Gravelly Silt (Silt with Medium Gravel)	Clayey/Silty Gravel (Fine gravel with clay/silt)
Gravelly Silt (Silt with Coarse Gravel)	Clayey/Silty Gravel (Medium gravel with clay/silt)
Fine Sand	Clayey/Silty Gravel (Coarse gravel with clay/silt)
Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 50% Fines)	Sandy Gravel (Fine Gravel with Sand)
Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 50% Fines)	Sandy Gravel (Medium Gravel with Sand)
Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 40% Fines)	Sandy Gravel (Coarse Gravel with Sand)
Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 40% Fines)	Fine Gravel
Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 30% Fines)	Medium Gravel
Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 30% Fines)	Coarse Gravel

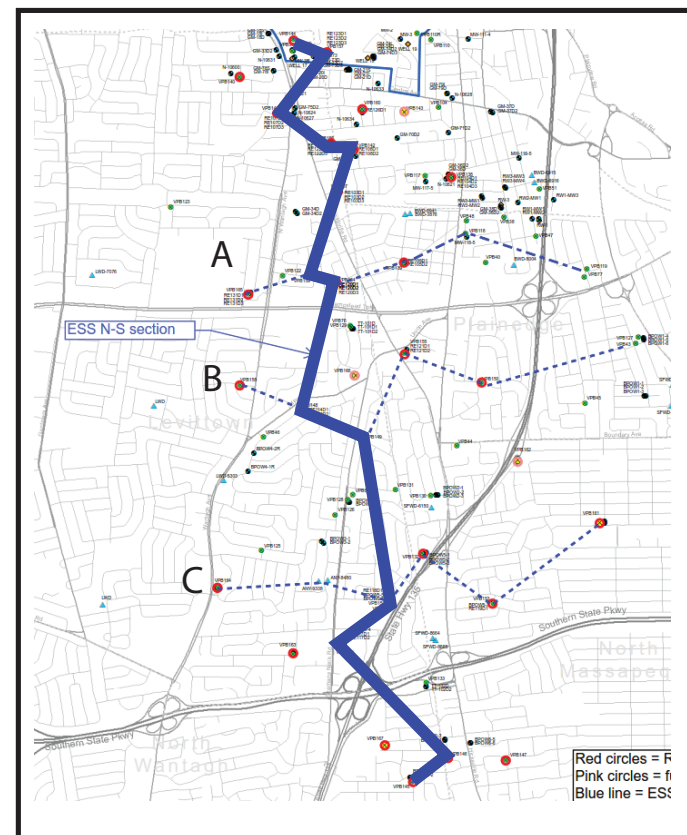
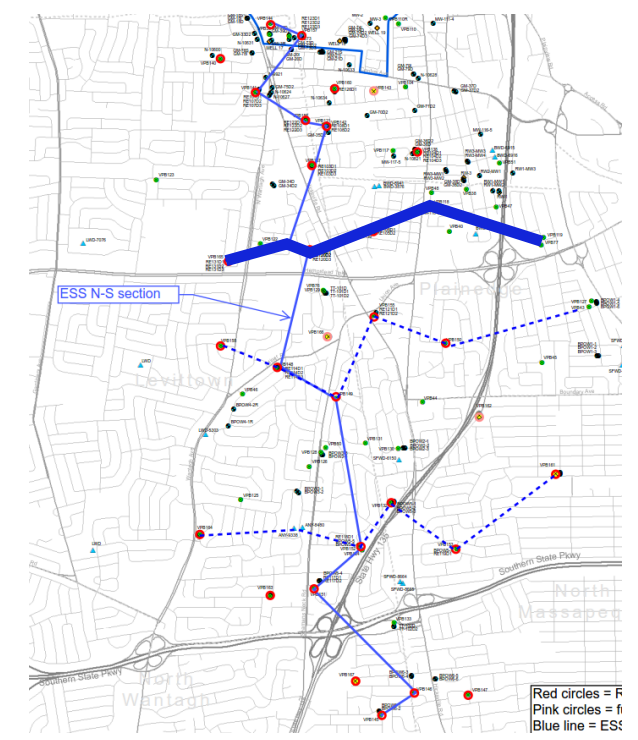
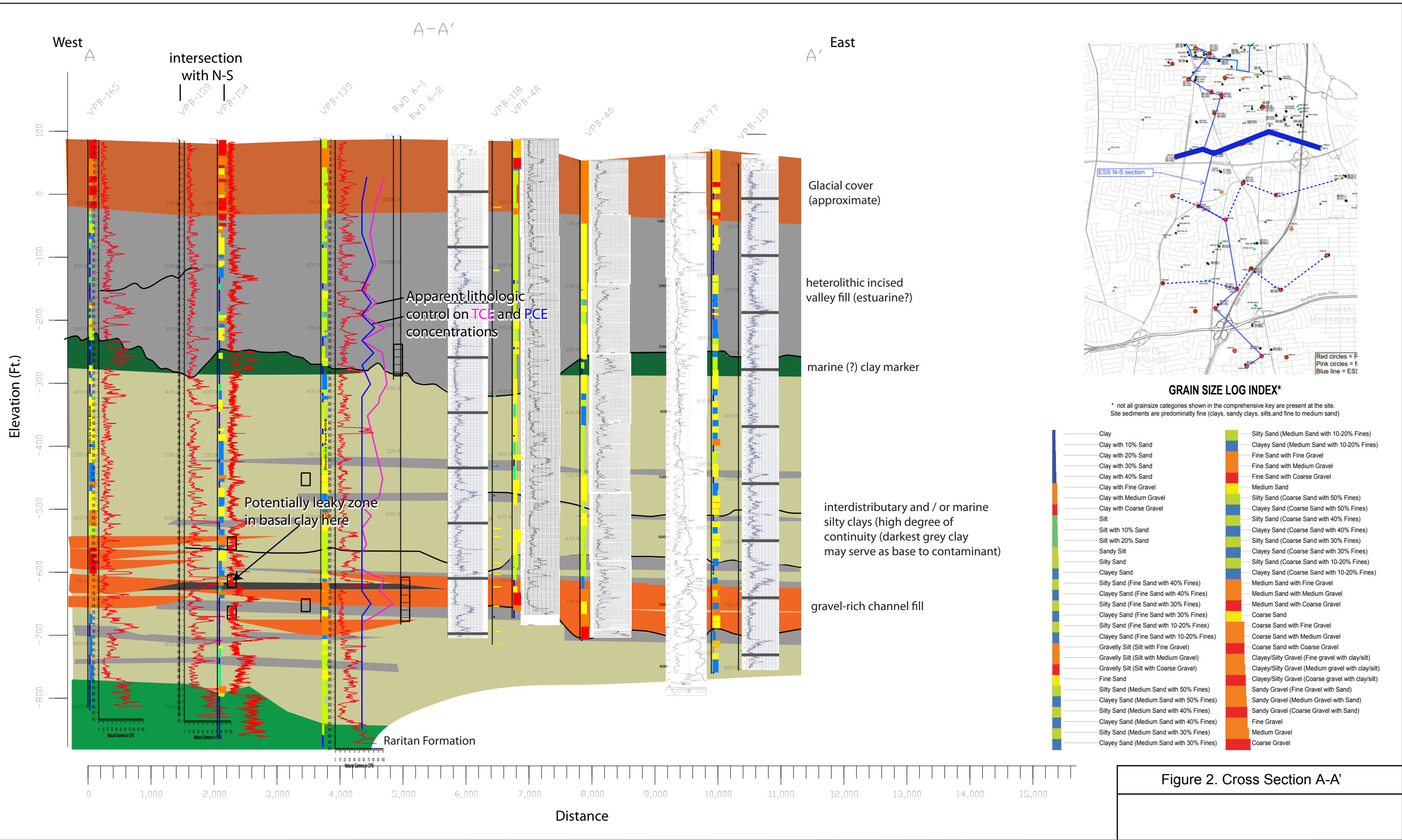
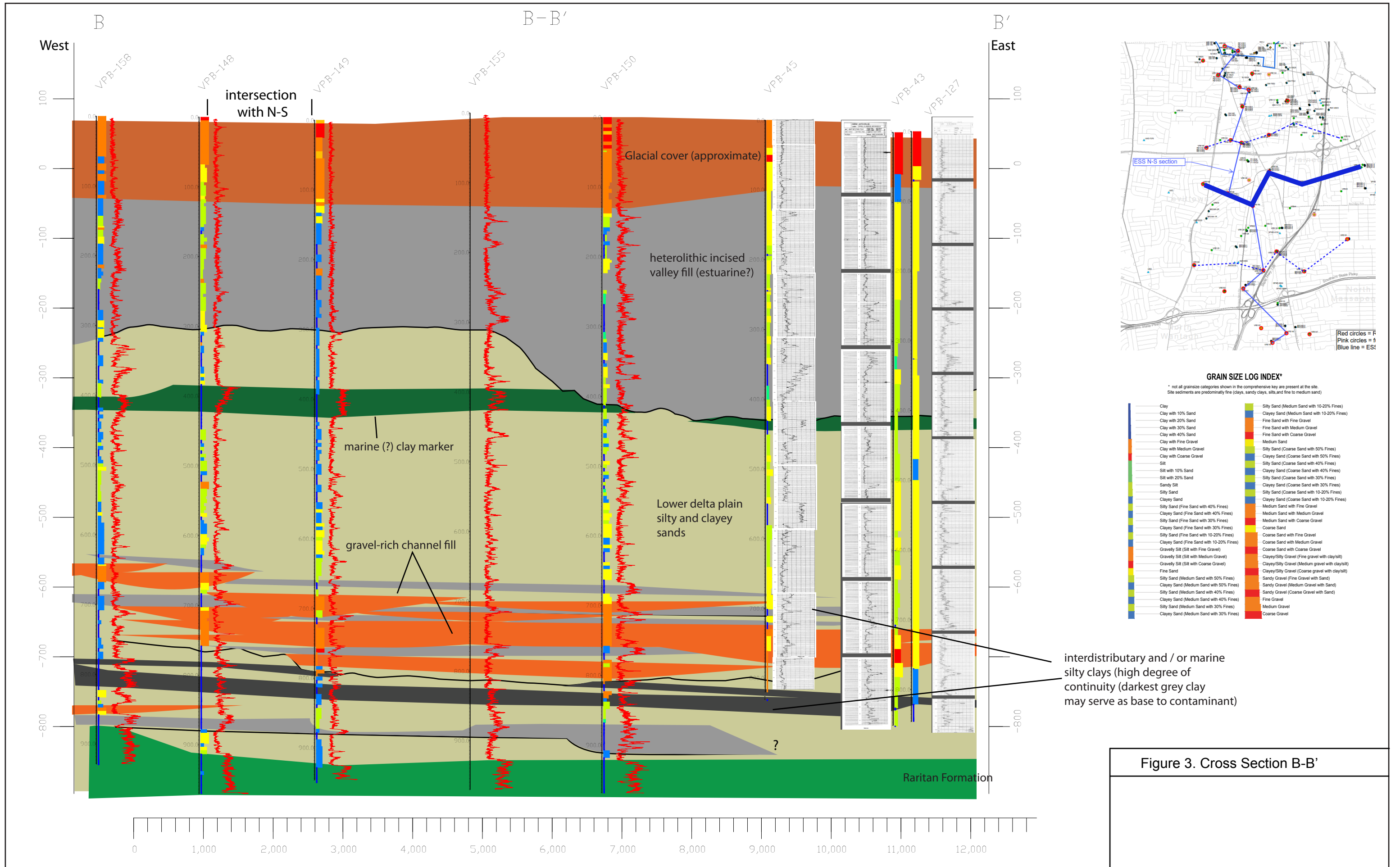
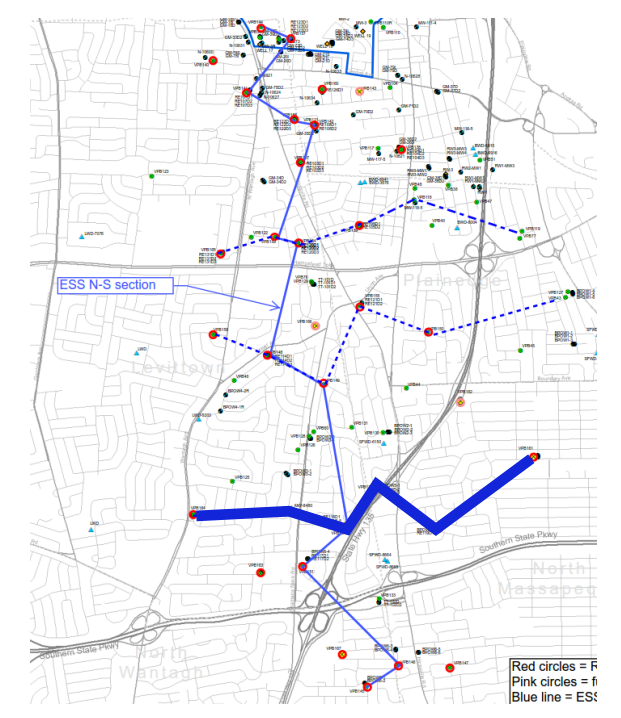
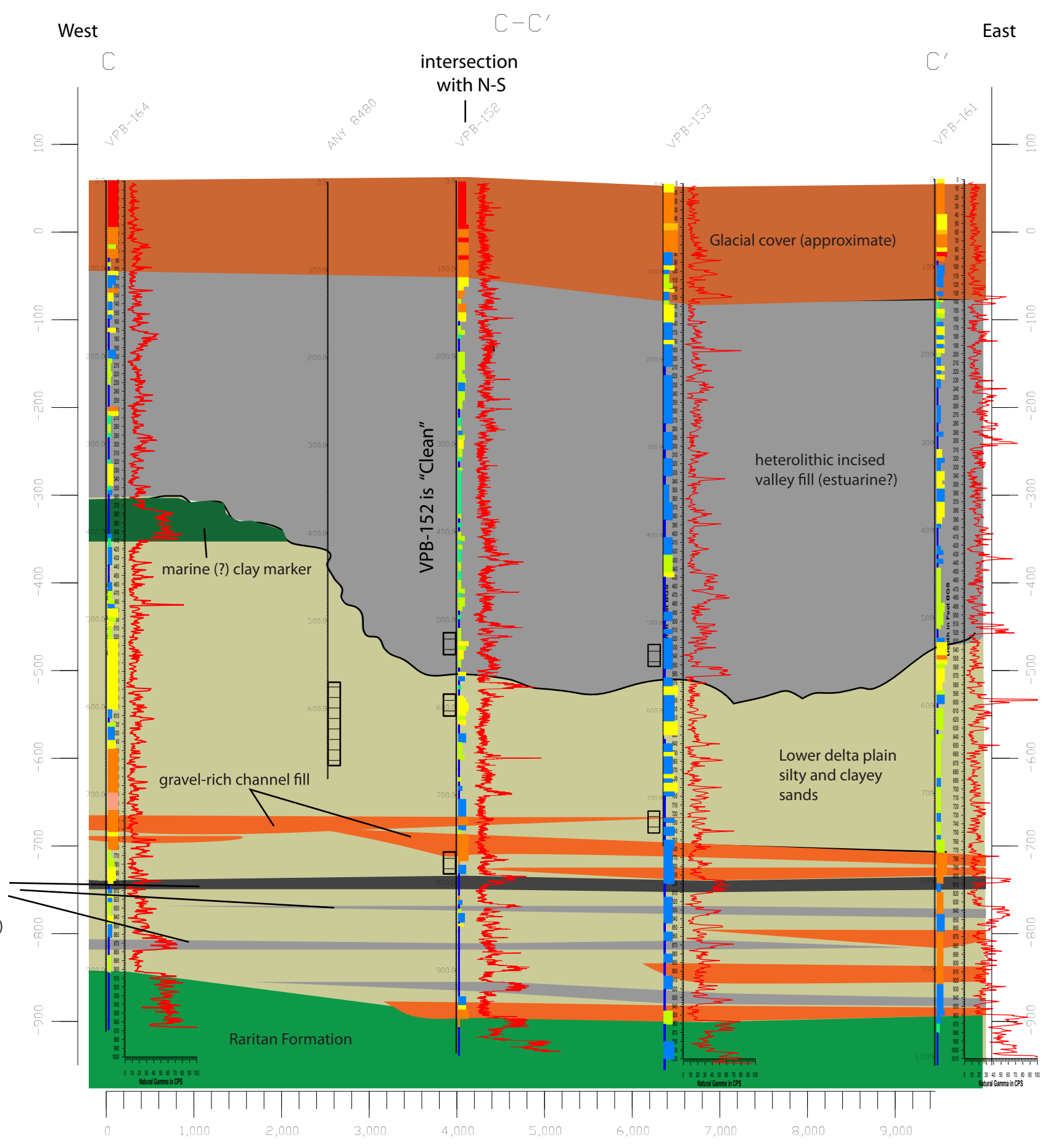


Figure 1. Cross Section N-S



**Figure 2. Cross Section A-A'**





**GRAIN SIZE LOG INDEX\***

\* not all grainsize categories shown in the comprehensive key are present at the site. Site sediments are predominately fine (clays, sandy clays, silts, and fine to medium sand)

Clay	Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Clay with 10% Sand	Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Clay with 20% Sand	Fine Sand with Fine Gravel
Clay with 30% Sand	Fine Sand with Medium Gravel
Clay with 40% Sand	Fine Sand with Coarse Gravel
Clay with Fine Gravel	Medium Sand
Clay with Medium Gravel	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 50% Fines)
Clay with Coarse Gravel	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 50% Fines)
Silt	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 40% Fines)
Silt with 10% Sand	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 40% Fines)
Silt with 20% Sand	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 30% Fines)
Sandy Silt	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 30% Fines)
Silty Sand	Silty Sand (Coarse Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Clayey Sand	Clayey Sand (Coarse Sand with 10-20% Fines)
Silty Sand (Fine Sand with 40% Fines)	Medium Sand with Fine Gravel
Clayey Sand (Fine Sand with 40% Fines)	Medium Sand with Medium Gravel
Silty Sand (Fine Sand with 30% Fines)	Medium Sand with Coarse Gravel
Clayey Sand (Fine Sand with 30% Fines)	Coarse Sand
Silty Sand (Fine Sand with 10-20% Fines)	Coarse Sand with Fine Gravel
Clayey Sand (Fine Sand with 10-20% Fines)	Coarse Sand with Medium Gravel
Gravelly Silt (Silt with Fine Gravel)	Coarse Sand with Coarse Gravel
Gravelly Silt (Silt with Medium Gravel)	Clayey/Silty Gravel (Fine gravel with clay/silt)
Gravelly Silt (Silt with Coarse Gravel)	Clayey/Silty Gravel (Medium gravel with clay/silt)
Fine Sand	Clayey/Silty Gravel (Coarse gravel with clay/silt)
Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 50% Fines)	Sandy Gravel (Fine Gravel with Sand)
Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 50% Fines)	Sandy Gravel (Medium Gravel with Sand)
Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 40% Fines)	Sandy Gravel (Coarse Gravel with Sand)
Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 40% Fines)	Fine Gravel
Silty Sand (Medium Sand with 30% Fines)	Medium Gravel
Clayey Sand (Medium Sand with 30% Fines)	Coarse Gravel

Figure 4. Cross Section C-C'



**Figure 5. Mackenzie River Delta Depositional Environment**

Source: Thermal Emission and Reflection Radiometer image from NASA's TERRA satellite, August 4, 2005, Mackenzie River, Canada. Image from GSFC/METI/ERSDAC/JAROS and the US/Japan ASTER Science Team. <http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/IOTD/view.php?id=8320>







**Figure 6. Braided River Depositional Environment**

Source: East Fork Toklat River, Alaska Range, Denali National Park <https://pubs.usgs.gov/of/2004/1216/b/b.html>

