

**LETTER WORK PLAN
SOIL VAPOR INVESTIGATION
SITE 1
NAVAL WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK**

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Work Plan has been prepared to describe Soil Vapor Investigation activities at the Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant (NWIRP) Bethpage, Long Island, New York (Figures 1 and 2) . The soil vapor investigation results will be used to determine whether there are contaminated soil vapors at the fence line that may adversely affect the nearby residences. Site 1 was identified as having been impacted by historic releases of chlorinated solvents and was remediated via an air sparging/soil vapor extraction (AS/SVE) system in the late 1990's.

The program will consist of the installation of fifteen soil gas points in five locations and at depths of 8 feet, 20 feet and 50 feet below ground surface (bgs). In addition, macro core samples to a depth of 55 feet bgs will be taken first in each location to identify the lithology. Soil gas samples will be analyzed for TO-15A volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

1.1 SITE HISTORY

The NWIRP was established in 1933. Since its inception, the plant's primary mission has been the research prototyping, testing, design engineering, fabrication, and primary assembly of military aircraft. The facilities at NWIRP included four plants used for assembly and prototype testing; a group of quality control laboratories, two warehouses complexes (north and south), a salvage storage area, water recharge basins, the Industrial Wastewater Treatment Plant, and several smaller support buildings. In 1998, operations ended at the facilities.

1.2 BACKGROUND

In 1985, an Initial Assessment Study (IAS) conducted at the NWIRP Bethpage, NY, identified materials stored at Site 1 the Former Drum Marshaling Area to include waste halogenated and non-halogenated solvents (Rogers, Golden & Halpern, 1986). Cadmium and cyanide were also stored in Area 2 within Site 1 from the early 1950s through 1974. Reportedly, 200 to 300 drums were stored at each area at any one time within Site 1. Reportedly, there was no direct evidence of hazardous waste spills at Site 1. An abandoned septic drainage system almost completely underlies the entire area of Site 1.

This site is located in the middle third of the NWIRP Bethpage facility and is east of Plant No. 3, see Figure 2. Site 1 occupies approximately four acres, and contains a concrete storage pad and an abandoned cesspool leach field. Historically, this site was also used as a storage area for

various types of equipment and heavy materials, including transformers. Site 1 is enclosed by a six-foot high, chain-link fence. The site is relatively flat, with the eastern portion covered with sandy soils, gravel, grass, and one concrete pad. The western portion of the site is predominantly covered with concrete. A vegetated wind row (pine) and wood fence are present along the eastern edge of the site to reduce community visibility. Hazardous waste management practices for Northrop Grumman facilities included the staging of drummed wastes on the NWIRP-Bethpage property. This storage first took place on a gravel surface over the cesspool field, east of Plant No. 3. In 1978, the collection and marshaling point was moved a few yards south of the original site, to an area on a concrete pad. In 1982, drummed waste storage was relocated to another Drum Marshaling facility located in the Salvage Storage Area, which is not at Site 1.

An AS/SVE system was constructed in 1998 to address VOCs in site soils. The primary volatile compounds of concern, based on distribution and maximum detected concentrations, included trichloroethene (TCE), tetrachlorethene (PCE), 1,1,1- trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA), 1,2-dichloroethane (1,2-DCA), 1,2-dichloroethene (1,2- DCE), and 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE). The preliminary remediation goals (PRGs) were established in the Record of Decision (ROD) prepared in May 1995 (NDNFEC/NYSDEC, 1995). These goals were established to control continuing releases of VOCs to groundwater.

The AS/SVE system ran continuously from August 1998 to March 2002, except during winter months. A total of 4,516.06 pounds of VOCs were removed from the groundwater during the duration of the system.

In 2002, Post Operational sampling was performed in order to close-out the AS/SVE system at Site 1.

In 2001, VOC concentrations in the extracted vapor were measured to estimate the efficiency of the extraction process. Vapor samples were analyzed via TO-14. Attachment A presents a summary of the analytical results for the extracted vapor samples.

In 2001, post treatment groundwater sampling was conducted. The analytical results above practical quantity limits (PQL) limits included chloroform in one location at 1.2 micrograms per liter ($\mu\text{g/L}$); 1,1,1- TCA in two locations and PCE at two locations. Attachment A includes the post-operational groundwater sampling results. Based upon historical groundwater data since 1998, the concentrations of VOCs in groundwater decreased since the inception of the project.

To further determine the effectiveness of the AS/SVE treatment system on VOCs in the subsurface and to delineate the current levels of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and metals in soil, another post operational soil boring program was conducted in 2002. During the post-operational soil-boring program, 41 soil borings were advanced to the top of the water table, which was approximately 65 feet bgs. The soil samples were analyzed for target compound list (TCL) VOCs, PCBs, and target analyte list (TAL) metals. Analysis of the soil samples indicates that VOCs were not detected in the majority of soil boring locations. VOCs greater than the PRGs were present in six of the soil boring locations. These VOCs were present at depths ranging from 10 to 64 feet. Six soil boring locations showed VOCs above the PRGs at depths that would have been affected by the AS/SVE system. The presence of VOCs at shallow depths indicated the difficulty of vapor extraction wells to efficiently remove more surficial VOCs. Additionally, the clay layers in the subsurface soil resulted in the potential for inefficiencies at the surface intervals. Four soil boring locations showed VOCs above the PRGs at depths that would not have been affected by the AS/SVE. The existence of VOCs at increasing depths could be due to the groundwater contamination at the site, particularly in light of the depressed water table due to the ongoing drought conditions (Foster Wheeler Environmental, Corp., 2003). Soil VOC results are included as Attachment A.

1.3 OBJECTIVE

The objective of the soil gas investigation is to determine evidence of continuous soil vapors from Site 1 migrating east beyond the Navy fence line.

1.4 SAMPLING APPROACH

The location addressed by this Work Plan is the center edge of Site 1. Soil gas borings are to be temporarily installed along the fence line running from the southeast corner of the property to the northeast corner of the site, separating the navy property from the residential neighborhood.

Five temporary individual soil gas locations are depicted on Figure 3. The soil vapor pressure monitor (SVPMs) points will be installed near the AS/SVE system to characterize the number of captured injected air. In addition, SVPM 11, 11S, 12 and 12S will also be sampled. For each sample location, first, a macro core will be installed to approximately 55 feet bgs and the lithology will be characterized in the field. Then each new soil gas location will be installed 2 to 3 feet away using direct-push technology (DPT) at depths of 8, 20 and 50 feet 2 to 3 feet away from each location never drilling in the same area at different depths (Table 1). There will be no survey of the temporary wells. Field measurements will be taken to define the soil gas locations.

Exact depth may be modified in the field to avoid silt/clay units. Each sample will be analyzed according to United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Method TO-15A VOCs by an Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) certified laboratory (USEPA, 1999) (Table 2). One field blank will be taken per day to be analyzed for TO-15 VOCs.

Sample labeling information for the sampling event at Site 1 is provided in Table 2 of this Work Plan. All sample containers will be labeled with a unique sample identifier. The sample identification code will consist of up to 12 characters, as described below. Any other pertinent information regarding sample identification will be recorded in the field logbooks or on sample log sheets. These identification codes may be updated in the field based on the procedures outlined in this section.

- The first four characters indicate the site from which the sample is to be collected:
BPS1 (Bethpage Site 1)
- The next two characters indicate the matrix:
BPS1-SG (Soil Gas)
- The next four characters indicate the sampling location:
BPS1-SG1001 (Location 1)
- The next two characters indicate the depth of the sample
BPS1-SG1001-08 (8 feet bgs)

2.0 FIELD ACTIVITIES

The scope of work consists of drilling 15 temporary separate soil gas wells at five locations, 3 at each location at depths of 8, 20 and 50 feet. In addition, a macro core will be drilled to 55 feet at each of the five soil gas locations. The specific activities are as follows:

1. Identify planned and potential drilling locations.
2. Drill macro cores at five locations at depths to 55 feet bgs.
3. Define lithology of macro cores.
4. Install 15 soil gas wells at five locations.
5. Sample for TO-15 VOCs at 8, 20 and 50 feet at each of the 5 locations.

Planned soil gas locations are presented on Figure 3. Field activities by boring are presented in Table 1. Sample nomenclature and analysis are presented in Table 2. Field activities will be as follows.

1. Using a DPT drill rig advance an assembly consisting of interconnected lengths of decontaminated steel drive rods.

2. When the desired sample depth is reached, retract the sampling assembly.
3. Insert tubing into steel drive rod.
4. Proceed with soil gas sample collection.

The following methodology will be followed for preparation of SUMMA®-Type canister and initiation of the collection of the sample:

1. The field sampling team should maintain a sample log sheet summarizing the following:
 - a. sample identification.
 - b. date and time of sample collection.
 - c. sampling depth.
 - d. identity of samplers.
 - e. sampling methods and devices.
 - f. purge volumes.
 - g. volume of soil vapor extracted.
 - h. the vacuum before and after samples are collected.
 - i. apparent moisture content (dry, moist, saturated, etc.) of the sampling zone.
 - j. Wind speed and direction.
 - k. Ambient temperature.
 - l. Barometric pressure.
 - m. Relative humidity.
 - n. Chain of custody (COC) protocols and records used to track samples from sampling point to analysis.

2. Connect a short piece of tubing to the sampling port using a Swagelok fitting.
3. Check the seal established around the soil gas probe by using a tracer gas (e.g., Helium or SF₆).

Once the seal in integrity has been verified, additional trace gas testing may not be conducted.

The tracer gas procedures are as follows:

- a. Punch a small hole in sheeting to accept sample port. Hole should be tight around port.
- b. Place plastic sheeting on ground surrounding sample port.
- c. Place clean bucket (open side to ground) over sample port.
- d. Check seal with plastic sheeting, should be tight.
- e. Seal bucket to plastic sheeting with clay sealing material.
- f. Insert incoming SF₆ OR Helium line into pre-drilled hole in bucket.

- g. Pull sample collection tube through pre-drilled hole in bucket.
 - h. Fill bucket with SF₆ or Helium gas (use caution not to pressurize system, this may drive SF₆ or Helium gas down into gas point).
4. Connect a portable vacuum pump to the sample tubing. Purge 1 to 2 (target 1.5) volumes of air from the gas point and sampling line using a portable pump [purge volume = 1.5 πr²h] at rate of approximately 100 milliliter per minute (mL/min).
- a. after installation of the probes, one to three volumes (i.e., the volume of the sample probe and tube) must be purged prior to collecting the samples to ensure samples collected are representative.
 - b. flow rates for both purging and collecting must not exceed 0.2 liters per minute to minimize ambient air infiltration during sampling.
 - c. After purging 1.5 volumes of air from the gas point, collect some of purge air in Tedlar bag for SF₆ or Helium analysis.
 - d. Check purged air for SF₆ or Helium contamination with portable SF₆ or Helium detector.
 - e. Air purged from system must maintain < 10 % SF₆ or Helium.
5. If seal around sampling port appears adequate based on SF₆ or Helium test, remove the brass plug from the SUMMA® canister and connect the flow controller with in-line particulate filter and vacuum gauge to the SUMMA® canister. Do not open the valve on the SUMMA® canister yet. Record in the field notebook and the COC the flow controller number with the appropriate SUMMA® canister number.
- a. If seal is not adequate, troubleshoot for leaks and re-test using SF₆ or Helium tracer gas.
 - b. Do not take sample until tracer gas requirements are met (< 10 % SF₆ or Helium in purged air).
6. Connect the clean Teflon® sample collection tubing to the flow controller and the SUMMA® canister valve. Record in the field notebook the time sampling began and the canister vacuum.
7. Connect the unoccupied end of the Teflon® tubing to the tubing protruding from subsurface sampling port.
8. Open the SUMMA® canister valve and collect sample.
9. Photograph the SUMMA® canister, capturing the sample ID if possible. Also photograph canister and surrounding area, capture any available landmarks for future use in photographic logs (e.g. buildings, roads, etc).

The following methodology should be followed for completion of SUMMA®-Type sampling:

1. Arrive at the SUMMA® canister location at least 10 to 15 minutes prior to the end of the required sampling interval (e.g., 30 to 60 minutes).
 2. Record the final vacuum measurement. Close the valve on the SUMMA® canister to cease sample collection. The canister should have a minimum amount of vacuum (approximately 2 inches of Hg or slightly greater).
 3. Record the date and local time (24-hour basis) of valve closing in the field notebook, Soil Gas Sample Collection Log and COC.
 4. Remove the particulate filter and flow controller from the SUMMA® canister, re-install the brass plug on the canister fitting, and tighten with the appropriate wrench.
 5. Package the canister and flow controller in the shipping container supplied by the laboratory for return shipment to the laboratory. The SUMMA® canister does not require preservation with ice or refrigeration during shipment. Apply custody seals.
 6. Complete the appropriate forms and sample labels as directed by the laboratory.
 7. Ship the container to the laboratory (via overnight carrier [e.g., Federal Express]) for analysis.
- Once the soil gas sample has been collected, the temporary gas points will be abandoned by removing the drive rods, and filling the resulting hole with clean sand.

Ambient air samples will be collected simultaneously with a soil gas sample. The SUMMA sample container will be positioned at a location near the associated SVMP at a height of 4 ft above grade. The ambient air sample will be obtained over an eight-hour period.

3.0 Reporting

A letter report will be submitted to include; field procedures, field activities, and sampling results. All samples that will be used to make decisions on appropriate actions to address exposures and environmental contamination will be analyzed from (name of lab) an ELAP certified laboratory. Reporting limits will be identified in conjunction with the sampling results. Reporting limits will be derived from the air guideline values derived by the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH, 2006).

ACRONYMS

1, 1, 1-TCA	1, 1, 1-trichloroethene
1, 1-DCE	1, 1-dichloroethene
1, 2-DCA	1, 2-dichloroethane
1, 2-DCE	1, 2-dichloroethene
AS/SVE	air sparging/soil vapor extraction
bgs	below ground surface
COC	chain of custody
DPT	direct-push technology
ELAP	Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
IAS	Initial Assessment Study
ml/min	milliliters per minute
NWIRP	Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
PCE	tetrachloroethane
PQL	practical quantity limits
PRG	preliminary remediation goals
ROD	Record of Decision
SVPM	Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor
TAL	Target analyte list
TCE	trichloroethene
TCL	Target compound list
VOC	Volatile organic compound
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
µg/L	micrograms per liter

REFERENCES

Foster Wheeler Environmental Corp., 2003. Final Close-Out Report, Construction of a Soil Vapor Extraction/Air Sparging System at the Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant Bethpage, NY. December.

New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH), 2006. FINAL Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York. October.

Northern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NDNFEC/NYSDEC), 1995. Record of Decision, Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant, Bethpage, New York Sites 1, 2, 3 NYS Registry: 1-30-003B. May.

Rogers, Golden & Halpern, 1986. Initial Assessment Study of NWIRP Bethpage, NY and NWIRP Calverton, NY. December.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), 1999. Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air Second Edition Compendium Method TO-15 Determination Of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Air Collected In Specially-Prepared Canisters And Analyzed By Gas Chromatography/ Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS). January.

**TABLE 1
PRE-DESIGN FIELD INVESTIGATION
FIELD ACTIVITIES
SOIL GAS SAMPLING
NWIRP BETHPAGE, NEW YORK**

Boring Number	Drilling Method	Total Depth (feet) ¹	Depth (feet)	Soil Sample	Air Sample ²
BPS1-SG1001	DPT	55	8	no	YES
			20	no	
			50	no	
			55 DPT	continuous	
BPS1-SG1002	DPT	55	8	no	YES
			20	no	
			50	no	
			55 DPT	continuous	
BPS1-SG1003	DPT	55	8	no	YES
			20	no	
			50	no	
			55 DPT	continuous	
BPS1-SG1004	DPT	55	8	no	YES
			20	no	
			50	no	
			55 DPT	continuous	
BPS1-SG1005	DPT	55	8	no	YES
			20	no	
			50	no	
			55 DPT	continuous	

- 1.
 2. Work area summa canister (2 hours).
- DPT-Direct push technology

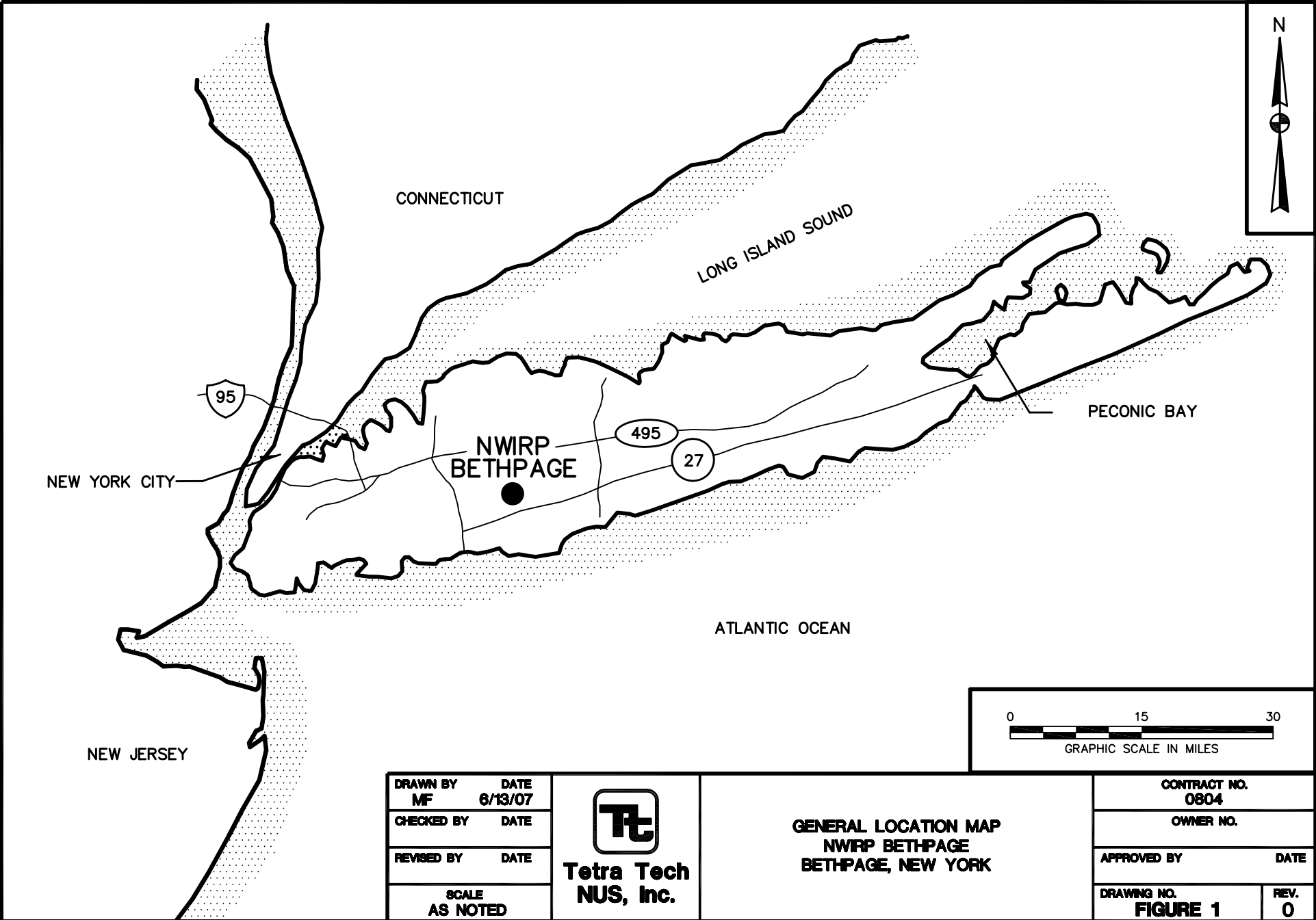
**TABLE 2
PRE-DESIGN FIELD INVESTIGATION
SAMPLE NOMENCLATURE AND ANALYTICAL METHOD
SOIL GAS SAMPLING
NWIRP BETHPAGE, NEW YORK**

Location	Sample ID	Matrix	VOCs-TO15A ⁽¹⁾
SG1001	BPS1-SG1001-XX	Air	1
SG1001	BPS1-SG1001-XX	Air	1
SG1001	BPS1-SG1001-XX	Air	1
SG1002	BPS1-SG1002-XX	Air	1
SG1002	BPS1-SG1002-XX	Air	1
SG1002	BPS1-SG1002-XX	Air	1
SG1003	BPS1-SG1003-XX	Air	1
SG1003	BPS1-SG1003-XX	Air	1
SG1003	BPS1-SG1003-XX	Air	1
SG1004	BPS1-SG1004-XX	Air	1
SG1004	BPS1-SG1004-XX	Air	1
SG1004	BPS1-SG1004-XX	Air	1
SG1005	BPS1-SG1005-XX	Air	1
SG1005	BPS1-SG1005-XX	Air	1
SG1005	BPS1-SG1005-XX	Air	1
SVPM 11	SVPM 11-50	Air	1
SVPM 11S	SVPM 11S-25	Air	1
SVPM 12	SVPM 12-50	Air	1
SVPM 12S	SVPM 12S-25	Air	1
Field Blank	BPS1-FB1001-XX	Air	1
Field Blank	BPS1-FB1002-XX	Air	1
Field Blank	BPS1-FB1003-XX	Air	1
Field Blank	BPS1-FB1004-XX	Air	1
Field Blank	BPS1-FB1005-XX	Air	1
Field Blank	BPS1-FB1006-XX	Air	1

VOCs: Volatile organic compounds.

XX: Bottom of sample interval in feet. For example, a soil gas sample collected at SG1001 at 20 feet below ground surface would be BPS1-SG1001-20.

1 21-Day results from Navy-approved laboratory via method TO-15A.

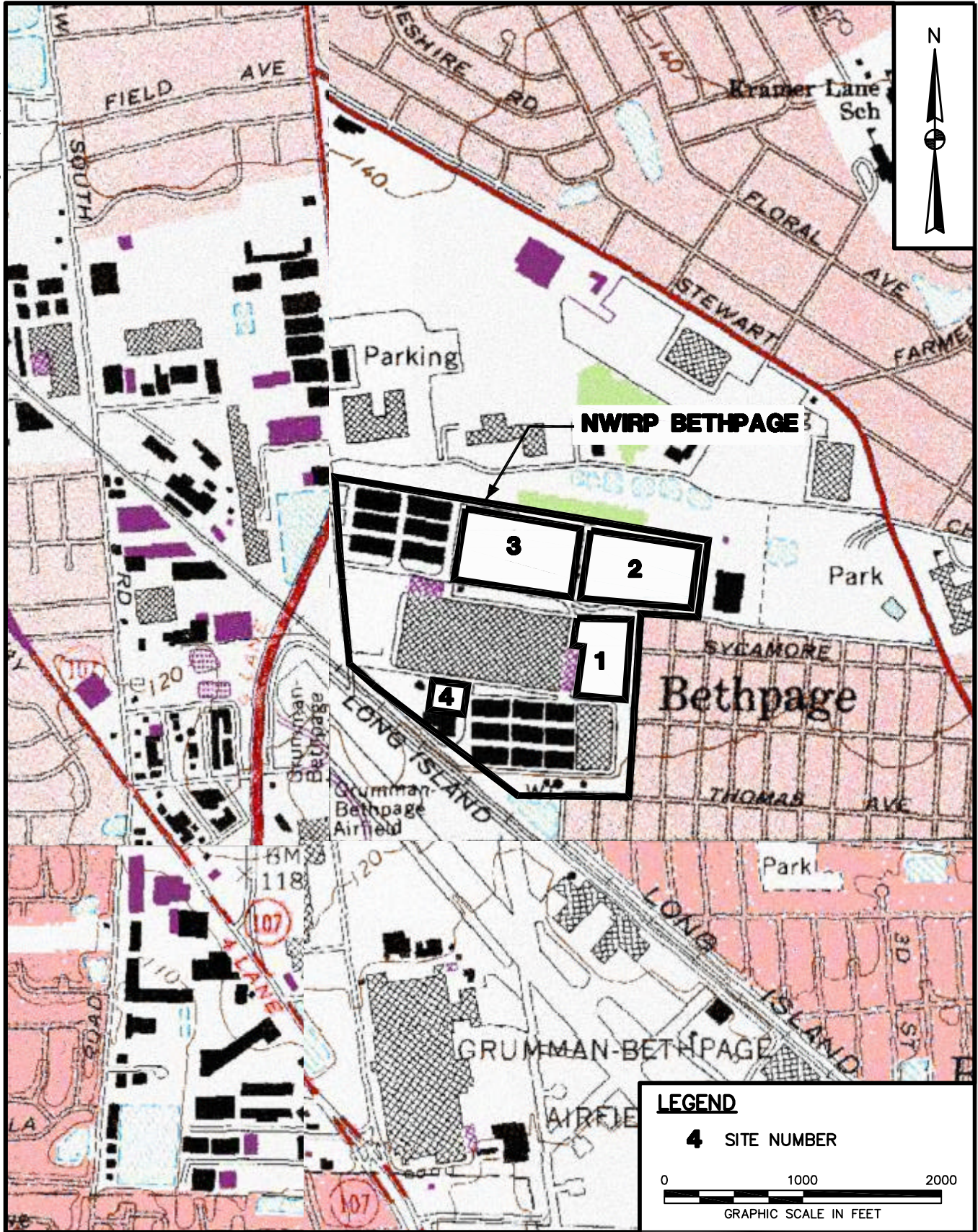


DRAWN BY MF	DATE 6/13/07
CHECKED BY	DATE
REVISED BY	DATE
SCALE AS NOTED	

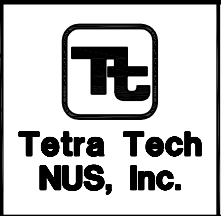


**GENERAL LOCATION MAP
NWIRP BETHPAGE
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK**

CONTRACT NO. 0804	
OWNER NO.	
APPROVED BY	DATE
DRAWING NO. FIGURE 1	REV. 0

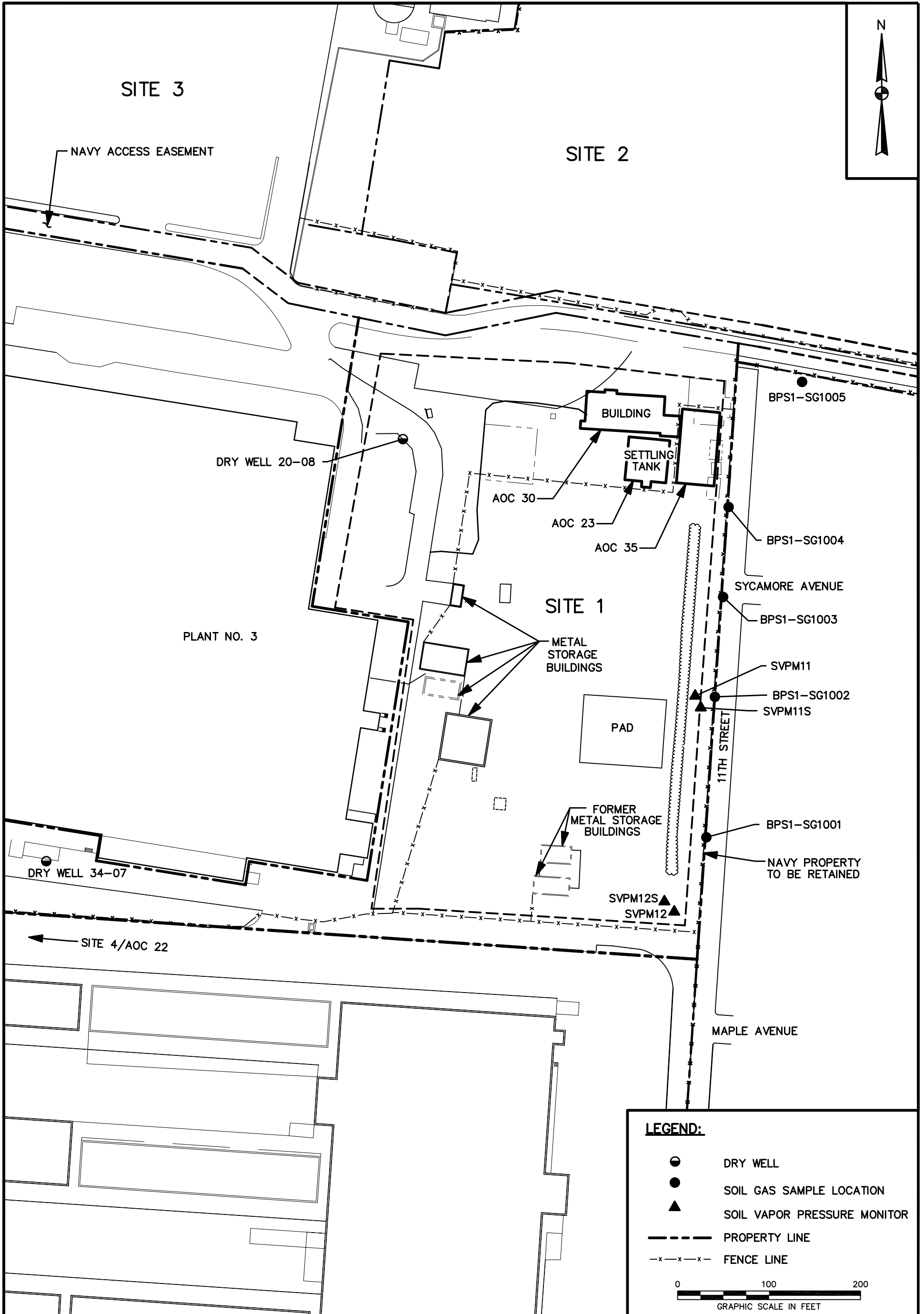


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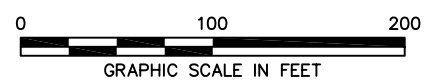
SITE LOCATION MAP
SITE 1
NWIRP BETHPAGE
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

CONTRACT NO. 0804	
OWNER NO.	
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DRAWING NO. FIGURE 2	REV. 0



LEGEND:

- DRY WELL
- SOIL GAS SAMPLE LOCATION
- ▲ SOIL VAPOR PRESSURE MONITOR
- PROPERTY LINE
- x-x-x- FENCE LINE



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SCALE AS NOTED	



**SITE 1 LAYOUT MAP
NWRP BETHPAGE
BETHPAGE, NEW YORK**

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0804

OWNER NO.

APPROVED BY _____ DATE _____

DRAWING NO.
FIGURE 3

REV.
0

Table A-1
 NWIRP-BETHPAGE
 Monthly Monitoring Data
 System Operation

VOCs in Extracted Soil Vapor - August 2001 - NWIRP - Bethpage, NY

Parameter	08/29/2001 EV01	08/29/2001 EW01	08/29/2001 EW02	08/29/2001 EW03	08/29/2001 EW04	08/29/2001 EW05	08/29/2001 EW06	08/29/2001 EW07	08/29/2001 EW08	08/29/2001 EW08-Dup	08/29/2001 EW09	08/29/2001 EW10	08/29/2001 EW11	08/29/2001 EW12	08/29/2001 EW13
Freon 12															
Freon 114															
Chloromethane												390			
Vinyl Chloride	33														
Bromomethane															
Chloroethane										9					
Freon 11										5.8	4.9	12			
1,1-Dichloroethene								11	11	9.5	46	1000	150	8.4	
Freon 113	220														
Methylene Chloride							78	4.8	4.2	4.1	34	85			
1,1-Dichloroethane	100	92	6.7				140	13	13	4.2	170	250	19		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1100		8.5							5.7					
Chloroform															
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	910	2700	430				68	37	37	24	100	1600	100	12	
Carbon Tetrachloride															
Benzene															
1,2-Dichloroethane															
Trichloroethene	1,600	8,400	950				270	130	130	470	450	85	87		
1,2-Dichloropropane															
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene															
Toluene															
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene															
1,1,2-Trichloroethane												5.9			
Tetrachloroethene	3,400	170	110				900	1000	1000	930	660	950	1400	9	
Ethylene Dibromide															
Chlorobenzene															
Ethyl Benzene															
mtp-Xylene															
o-Xylene															
Styrene															
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane															
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene															
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene															
1,3-Dichlorobenzene															
1,4-Dichlorobenzene															
Chlorotoluene															
1,2-Dichlorobenzene															
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene															
Hexachlorobutadiene															
Propylene															
1,3-Butadiene								38	38						
Acetone															
Carbon Disulfide															
2-Propanol															
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethane															
Vinyl Acetate															
2-Butanone (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)						1800						43		29	
Hexane															
Tetrahydrofuran						2900	22								
Cyclohexane												68	16		
1,4-Dioxane															
Bromodichloromethane															
4-Methyl-2-pentanone															
2-Hexanone															
Dibromochloromethane															
Bromoform															
4-Ethyltoluene															
Ethanol															
Methyl tertiary butyl ether															
Heptane															
Total VOCs	7,363.0	11,362.0	1,505.2	0.0	0.0	4,700.0	1,478.0	1,233.8	1,233.2	1,462.3	1,464.9	4,488.9	1,772.0	96.4	0.0

Notes:

- 1) All results are expressed in parts per billion volume (ppbv).
- 2) A blank indicates that the compound was not detected.

VOCs in Extracted Soil Vapor - September 2001 - NWIRP - Bethpage, NY

Parameter	09/19/2001 EV02
Freon 12	
Freon 114	
Chloromethane	
Vinyl Chloride	
Bromomethane	
Chloroethane	
Freon 11	
1,1-Dichloroethene	
Freon 113	120
Methylene Chloride	
1,1-Dichloroethane	45
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	410
Chloroform	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	420
Carbon Tetrachloride	
Benzene	
1,2-Dichloroethane	
Trichloroethene	1,000
1,2-Dichloropropane	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	
Toluene	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
Tetrachloroethene	2,400
Ethylene Dibromide	
Chlorobenzene	
Ethyl Benzene	
m+p-Xylene	
o-Xylene	
Styrene	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	
Chlorotoluene	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	
Hexachlorobutadiene	
Propylene	
1,3-Butadiene	
Acetone	
Carbon Disulfide	
2-Propanol	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	
Vinyl Acetate	
2-Butanone (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	
Hexane	
Tetrahydrofuran	
Cyclohexane	
1,4-Dioxane	
Bromodichloromethane	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	
2-Hexanone	
Dibromochloromethane	
Bromoform	
4-Ethyltoluene	
Ethanol	
Methyl tertiary butyl ether	
Heptane	
Total VOCs	4,395.0

Notes:

- 1) All results are expressed in parts per billion volume (ppbv).
- 2) A blank indicates that the compound was not detected.

VOCs in Extracted Soil Vapor - October 2001 - NWIRP - Bethpage, NY

Parameter	10/05/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001	10/27/2001
	Sample Location																
	EV03	EV04	EW01	EW02	EW03	EW03 Dup	EW04	EW05	EW06	EW07	EW08	EW09	EW10	EW11	EW12	EW12 Dup	EW13
Freon 12																	
Freon 114																	
Chloromethane		11										5.4					
Vinyl Chloride																	
Bromomethane																	
Chloroethane																	
Freon 11																	
1,1-Dichloroethene						4.9											
Freon 113	100	76			76	70					23				5.6	5.7	21
Methylene Chloride			31						18								
1,1-Dichloroethane	33	18	35		36	32					6.2	4.6			42	38	11
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	310	180	31		230	210			18	10	69	23			47	47	23
Chloroform																	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	340	230	1600		750	690		7.1	5.9		30	6.9		7.9	41	40	140
Carbon Tetrachloride																	
Benzene																	
1,2-Dichloroethane																	
Trichloroethene	720	440	4800	20	2100	1800		16	93	6.1	54	44		20	280	270	210
1,2-Dichloropropane																	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene																	
Toluene																	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene																	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane																	
Tetrachloroethene	1,300	700	89		930	830		27	190	30	270	89		8.6	150	150	45
Ethylene Dibromide																	
Chlorobenzene																	
Ethyl Benzene																	
m+p-Xylene																	
o-Xylene																	
Styrene																	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane																	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene					9.5	8.7											
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene																	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene																	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene																	
Chlorotoluene																	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene																	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene																	
Hexachlorobutadiene																	
Propylene																	
1,3-Butadiene																	
Acetone												18					
Carbon Disulfide																	
2-Propanol																	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene																	
Vinyl Acetate																	
2-Butanone (MEK)		580					17				31						
Hexane																	
Tetrahydrofuran		540					19	29									
Cyclohexane																	
1,4-Dioxane																	
Bromodichloromethane																	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone																	
2-Hexanone																	
Dibromochloromethane																	
Bromoform																	
4-Ethyltoluene																	
Ethanol	16																
Methyl tertiary butyl ether																	
Heptane																	
Total VOCs	2,819.0	2,775.0	6,586.0	20.0	4,131.5	3,645.6	36.0	79.1	324.9	46.1	483.2	190.9	0.0	36.5	565.6	550.7	450.0

Notes:
 1) All results are expressed in parts per billion volume (ppbv).
 2) A blank indicates that the compound was not detected.

NWIRP-BETHPAGE
 Monthly Monitoring Data
 Injection Well Operation

VOCs in Extracted Soil Vapor - November 2001 - NWIRP - Bethpage, NY

Parameter	11/11/2001 EV-05	11/26/2001 EV-06
Freon 12		
Freon 114		
Chloromethane		
Vinyl Chloride		
Bromomethane		
Chloroethane		
Freon 11		
1,1-Dichloroethene		
Freon 113	100	120
Methylene Chloride		
1,1-Dichloroethane	29	29
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	280	310
Chloroform		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	340	460
Carbon Tetrachloride		
Benzene		
1,2-Dichloroethane		
Trichloroethene	550	600
1,2-Dichloropropane		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
Toluene		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		
Tetrachloroethene	980	1,800
Ethylene Dibromide		
Chlorobenzene		
Ethyl Benzene		
m+p-Xylene		
o-Xylene		
Styrene		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		
Chlorotoluene		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		
Hexachlorobutadiene		
Propylene		
1,3-Butadiene		
Acetone		
Carbon Disulfide		
2-Propanol		
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		
Vinyl Acetate		
2-Butanone (MEK)		
Hexane		
Tetrahydrofuran		
Cyclohexane		
1,4-Dioxane		
Bromodichloromethane		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		
2-Hexanone		
Dibromochloromethane		
Bromoform		
4-Ethyltoluene		
Ethanol		
Methyl tertiary butyl ether		
Heptane		
Total VOCs	2,279.0	3,319.0

Notes:

- 1) All results are expressed in parts per billion volume (ppbv).
- 2) A blank indicates that the compound was not detected.

NWIRP-BETHPAGE
 Monthly Monitoring Data
 SVPM Operation

VOCs in Extracted Soil Vapor - December 2001 - NWIRP - Bethpage, NY

Parameter	12/07/2001 EV-07	12/28/2001 EV-08
Freon 12		
Freon 114		
Chloromethane		
Vinyl Chloride		
Bromomethane		
Chloroethane		
Freon 11		
1,1-Dichloroethene	5	4.1
Freon 113	94	60
Methylene Chloride		
1,1-Dichloroethane	30	24
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	330	280
Chloroform		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	470	400
Carbon Tetrachloride		
Benzene		
1,2-Dichloroethane		
Trichloroethene	700	620
1,2-Dichloropropane		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
Toluene		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		
Tetrachloroethene	1,300	1,200
Ethylene Dibromide		
Chlorobenzene		
Ethyl Benzene		
m+p-Xylene		
o-Xylene		
Styrene		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		
Chlorotoluene		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		
Hexachlorobutadiene		
Propylene		
1,3-Butadiene		
Acetone		
Carbon Disulfide		
2-Propanol		
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		
Vinyl Acetate		
2-Butanone (MEK)		
Hexane		
Tetrahydrofuran		
Cyclohexane		
1,4-Dioxane		25
Bromodichloromethane		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		
2-Hexanone		
Dibromochloromethane		
Bromoform		
4-Ethyltoluene		
Ethanol		
Methyl tertiary butyl ether		
Heptane		
Total VOCs	2,929.0	2,613.1

Notes:
 1) All results are expressed in parts per billion volume (ppbv).
 2) A blank indicates that the compound was not detected.

VOCs in Extracted Soil Vapor - January 2002 - NWIRP - Bethpage, NY

Parameter	01/09/2002 EV-09	01/23/2002 EV-10
Freon 12		
Freon 114		
Chloromethane		
Vinyl Chloride		
Bromomethane		
Chloroethane		
Freon 11		
1,1-Dichloroethene		
Freon 113	66	73
Methylene Chloride		
1,1-Dichloroethane	22	21
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	260	270
Chloroform		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	370	350
Carbon Tetrachloride		
Benzene		
1,2-Dichloroethane		
Trichloroethene	620	550
1,2-Dichloropropane		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
Toluene		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		
Tetrachloroethene	1,000	1,100
Ethylene Dibromide		
Chlorobenzene		
Ethyl Benzene		
m+p-Xylene		
o-Xylene		
Styrene		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		
Chlorotoluene		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		
Hexachlorobutadiene		
Propylene		
1,3-Butadiene		
Acetone		
Carbon Disulfide		
2-Propanol		
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		
Vinyl Acetate		
2-Butanone (MEK)		
Hexane		
Tetrahydrofuran		
Cyclohexane		
1,4-Dioxane		
Bromodichloromethane		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		
2-Hexanone		
Dibromochloromethane		
Bromoform		
4-Ethyltoluene		
Ethanol		
Methyl tertiary butyl ether		
Heptane		
Total VOCs	2,338.0	2,364.0

Notes:

- 1) All results are expressed in parts per billion volume (ppbv).
- 2) A blank indicates that the compound was not detected.

VOCs in Extracted Soil Vapor - February 2002 - NWIRP - Bethpage, NY

Parameter	02/08/2002 EV-11	03/01/2002 EV-12
Freon 12		
Freon 114		
Chloromethane		
Vinyl Chloride		
Bromomethane		
Chloroethane		
Freon 11		
1,1-Dichloroethene		
Freon 113	54	59
Methylene Chloride		
1,1-Dichloroethane	19	17
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	260	200
Chloroform		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	360	270
Carbon Tetrachloride		
Benzene		
1,2-Dichloroethane		
Trichloroethene	610	450
1,2-Dichloropropane		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
Toluene		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		
Tetrachloroethene	1,300	860
Ethylene Dibromide		
Chlorobenzene		
Ethyl Benzene		
m+p-Xylene		
o-Xylene		
Styrene		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		
Chlorotoluene		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		
Hexachlorobutadiene		
Propylene		
1,3-Butadiene		
Acetone		
Carbon Disulfide		
2-Propanol		
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		
Vinyl Acetate		
2-Butanone (MEK)		
Hexane		
Tetrahydrofuran		
Cyclohexane		
1,4-Dioxane		
Bromodichloromethane		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		
2-Hexanone		
Dibromochloromethane		
Bromoform		
4-Ethyltoluene		
Ethanol		
Methyl tertiary butyl ether		
Heptane		
Total VOCs	2,603.0	1,856.0

Notes:

- 1) All results are expressed in parts per billion volume (ppbv).
- 2) A blank indicates that the compound was not detected.

Table B-2 Post-Operational Groundwater Analytical Results

Client Sample ID	MW-103-032602			POSB-09-HP-6667			BPPOSB-20-HP6263			POSB-24-HP-6768			POSB-SEHP-6668			POSB-SWHP-6668			POSB-SWHP-6668D		
Lab Sample ID	P1954-01			P2184-03			P2156-01			P2184-01			P2199-01			P2199-03			P2199-04		
Sample Collection Date	03/26/2002			04/12/2002			04/12/2002			04/12/2002			04/15/2002			04/15/2002			04/15/2002		
Sample Matrix	WATER			WATER			WATER			WATER			WATER			WATER			WATER		
Units	ug/L			ug/L			ug/L			ug/L			ug/L			ug/L			ug/L		
	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	MDL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q
Chloromethane	2.8	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	1.8	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2	ND	2	ND	2	ND	2	ND	2	ND	
Bromomethane	1.9	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	
Chloroethane	2.3	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.9	ND	2.9	ND	2.9	ND	2.9	ND	2.9	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	1.6	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.3	ND	1.5	ND	1.1	ND	1.1	ND	1.1	ND	
Acetone	5.8	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.3	13	2.3	9.7	2.3	9.2	2.3	9.2	2.3	9.2	
Carbon Disulfide	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	
Methylene Chloride	1.1	ND	5	ND	5	1.9	JB	5	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.7	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	4.9	J	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND
2-Butanone	5.6	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.6	1.8	J	1.6	ND	1.6	ND	1.6	ND	1.6	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.8	0.9	J	5	ND	5	ND	5	2.5	J	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	ND	
Chloroform	1	1.2	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.7	ND	2.7	ND	2.7	ND	2.7	ND	2.7	ND	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.5	ND	5	48	5	ND	5	5.2	2.5	4.4	J	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.4	ND	2.4	3.4	J	2.4	3.5	J	2.4	3.5	J
Benzene	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	
Trichloroethene	2.8	29	5	ND	5	1.4	J	5	1.7	J	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	2.6	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	3.6	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	
Bromodichloromethane	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	2.7	J	2.5	2.5	J	2.5	2.5	J
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	3	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	
Toluene	1.2	ND	5	ND	5	1.4	J	5	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND
t-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.7	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	1.7	ND	
2-Hexanone	12	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	2.1	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	1.6	18	5	1.7	J	5	2.6	J	5	21	2	2.8	J	1.6	ND	1.5	ND	1.5	ND	1.5	ND
Chlorobenzene	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.8	ND	2.8	ND	2.8	ND	2.8	ND	2.8	ND	
Ethyl Benzene	1.5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	2.5	ND	
m/p-Xylenes	1.5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	
o-Xylene	1.7	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	1.9	ND	
Styrene	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.6	ND	1.6	ND	1.6	ND	1.6	ND	1.6	ND	
Bromoform	1	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	3.9	ND	3.9	ND	3.9	ND	3.9	ND	3.9	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2.2	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	5	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	1.8	ND	

Table C-1 Volatile Organic Compounds
 NWIRP Bethpage Post Operational Sampling

Client Sample ID Lab Sample ID Sample Collection Date Sample Receipt Date Sample Matrix Units	POSB-1-1012 P2337-01 04/23/2002 04/24/2002 SOIL ug/Kg			POSB-1-1062 P2337-06 04/23/2002 04/24/2002 SOIL ug/Kg			POSB-1-2224 P2337-02 04/23/2002 04/24/2002 SOIL ug/Kg			POSB-2-1012 P2337-03 04/23/2002 04/24/2002 SOIL ug/Kg			POSB-2-2022 P2337-04 04/23/2002 04/24/2002 SOIL ug/Kg			POSB-2-5254 P2337-05 04/23/2002 04/24/2002 SOIL ug/Kg			POSB-3-1012 P2126-03 04/09/2002 04/10/2002 SOIL ug/Kg		
	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q	PQL	CONC	Q
Chloromethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	3.4	ND							
Vinyl Chloride	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	2.2	ND							
Bromomethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	2.4	ND							
Chloroethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	2.7	ND							
1,1-Dichloroethene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	2	ND							
Acetone	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	7	ND							
Carbon Disulfide	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
Methylene Chloride	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	1.5	B						
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	2.1	ND							
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
2-Butanone	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	6.8	ND							
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	4.9	J	5.3	1.2	J	2.2	ND							
Chloroform	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	1.3	J	660	12000	1.8	ND						
Carbon Tetrachloride	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
Benzene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
1,2-Dichloroethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	3	ND							
Trichloroethene	6	2.6	J	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	4.4	J	5.3	ND	3.4	ND							
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	4.4	ND							
Bromodichloromethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	3.7	ND							
Toluene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	1500	1.5	ND							
t-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	2	ND							
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.3	ND							
2-Hexanone	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	15	ND							
Dibromochloromethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
Tetrachloroethene	6	3	J	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	1.5	J	5.3	13	660	220	J	2	ND				
Chlorobenzene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
Ethyl Benzene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	270	J	1.8	ND						
m/p-Xylenes	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	1600	1.9	ND							
o-Xylene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	1900	2	ND							
Styrene	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
Bromoform	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	1.2	ND							
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	ND	6.7	ND	5.1	ND	5.6	ND	5.3	ND	660	ND	2.7	ND							

PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit
 ND - Non detect
 J - Estimated concentration
 B - Also within associated blank
 D - Concentration from secondary dilution