EXPLANATION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES NEW CASSEL INDUSTRIAL AREA SITES Town of North Hempstead Nassau County, New York Off-site Groundwater South of the New Cassel Industrial Area Operable Unit No. 3

Site Numbers 1-30-043A, 1-30-043B, 1-30-043C, 1-30-043D, 1-30-043E, 1-30-043H, 1-30-043I, 1-30-043K, 1-30-043L, 1-30-043M, 1-30-043P, 1-30-043S, 1-30-043U, & 1-30-043V

INTRODUCTION

This Explanation of Significant Differences (ESD) is issued for the New Cassel Industrial Area Sites (NCIA), Off-site Groundwater primarily South of the New Cassel Industrial Area, Operable Unit No. 3 (OU3). The NCIA is located in the town of North Hempstead, Nassau County, New York. It covers approximately 170 acres of land and is bounded by the Long Island Railroad to the north, Frost Street to the east, Old Country Road to the south, and Grand Boulevard to the southwest.

This ESD is being issued to ease implementation of the remedy for the NCIA Sites, OU3. In November of 2003, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) issued a Record of Decision (ROD) for OU3. The area covered by the ROD included three multi-site plumes designated in the ROD as the Eastern, Central and Western plumes. The Eastern and Central plumes appear to merge at depths of 100 ft below ground surface (bgs) or greater south of Old Country Road. The Western plume appears to be separate within the NCIA. It is possible that all three plumes merge downgradient of the Bowling Green Water Supply wells. The selected remedy was Full Plume Remediation of Upper and Deep Portions of the Aquifer (to 225 ft bgs) with In-Well Vapor Stripping/Localized Vapor Treatment. For the purposes of negotiating Administrative Orders on Consent and Consent Decrees (collectively "Orders") to implement the remedy selected in the ROD for NCIA OU3, the potentially responsible parties (PRPs) are separated into two distinct groups: those located in the areas of origin of the Eastern and Central plumes, and those located in the area of origin of the Western plume. For a list of sites and PRPs contributing to the Eastern, Central and Western plumes, see Section 4 of the ROD. For maps of the Eastern, Central and Western plumes, see Figures 3-11 of the ROD. This ESD delineates the geographic areas of responsibility in implementing the selected remedy for these two groups.

This ESD will be included in the Administrative Record File for the NCIA Sites, OU3, and will function as an Addendum to the Record of Decision. The information here is a summary of what can be found in greater detail in documents that have been placed in the following repositories:

New Cassel Industrial Area Sites - Off-site Groundwater EXPLANATION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES November 2005 PAGE 1 of 6 Mr. Joseph G. Jones Project Manager NYSDEC 625 Broadway 11th Floor Albany, NY 12233-7015 Phone: 518-402-9621 M-F: 8:30 a.m. - 4:45 p.m.

New Cassel Environmental Justice Project 847 Prospect Ave. New Cassel Phone: 516-876-9526 M-F: 10:30 a.m.- 6:00 p.m. NYSDEC- Region 1 SUNY Campus Loop Road, Bldg. 40 Stony Brook, NY 11790-2356 Attn: Mr. William Fonda 631-444-0350 1-800-444-0350 M-F: 8:30 a.m. - 4:45 p.m.

Town of Hempstead Town Clerk 200 Plandome Road Manahasset Phone: 516-627-0590 M-F: 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. New Cassel/Westbury Youth Services Project 817 Prospect Ave. New Cassel Phone: 516-333-9224 M-F: 10:30 a.m. - 10:00 p.m.

Westbury Memorial Public Library Reference Section 445 Jefferson St., Westbury Phone: 516-333-0176 M-F: 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Sat: 9:30 a.m. - 5:30 p.m. Sun: 1 - 5 p.m.

SUMMARY OF SITE HISTORY, CONTAMINATION AND SELECTED REMEDY

Site History and Nature and Extent of Contamination

The NCIA was first developed during the early 1950s. Past industrial activities conducted within the NCIA have resulted in extensive volatile organic compound (VOC) contamination of groundwater in the vicinity of the NCIA.

The NCIA was first recognized as an area with widespread groundwater contamination during a county-wide groundwater investigation conducted by the Nassau County Department of Health (NCDH) in 1986.

In 1988, the NYSDEC listed the NCIA as a Class 2 site in the Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites (Registry) in New York.

In order to identify the sources of the contamination within the NCIA, and hence the responsible parties, the NYSDEC conducted Preliminary Site Assessments (PSAs) within the NCIA. Field investigations were completed in fall 1994, fall 1995 and fall 1996. The NYSDEC also collected several soil and groundwater samples in December 1998, January 1999 and December 1999. Based on the findings of these PSAs, a total of 17 sites were identified and listed as Class 2 sites in the Registry between May 1995 and September 1999. Of the 17 Class 2 sites, three were investigated and delisted from the Registry, two sites were investigated, remediated and delisted from the Registry and another site was investigated, remediated and reclassified as a Class 4 site. Remedial activities have been conducted at several sites by both the NYSDEC and PRPs. For a more detailed description of these investigations and their results, see Section 3.2.1 of the ROD, the New Cassel

New Cassel Industrial Area Sites - Off-site Groundwater EXPLANATION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES November 2005 PAGE 2 of 6 Industrial Area Off-Site Groundwater Remedial Investigation (RI) Report, and the Records of Decision (RODs) for individual sites within the NCIA.

As described in the RI report, since 1996 over 1,850 groundwater samples were collected at the NCIA from over 100 separate monitoring wells, approximately 25 hydropunch locations and over 50 geoprobe locations, to characterize the nature and extent of contamination. The investigation included on-site sampling for individual sites within the NCIA, as well as work performed for the NCIA off-site groundwater investigation. The main categories of contaminants which exceed their SCGs are VOCs. The VOCs of concern are tetrachloroethene (PCE), 1,1,1-trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA) and trichloroethene (TCE). Also present are smaller quantities of the breakdown products of PCE and TCE, and an assortment of minor constituents all within the VOC category. For more detailed descriptions, please refer to the RI.

Three major groundwater plumes originating within the NCIA were identified. These plumes extended southwards (downgradient) from the NCIA towards the Bowling Green Water Supply wells. For maps delineating the extent of these groundwater plumes at various depths beneath ground surface, see Figures 3-11 of the ROD.

Summary of the Feasibility Study and the Proposed Remedial Action Plan Process

As part of the remedial process, a number of Citizen Participation activities were undertaken to inform and educate the public about the conditions at the NCIA OU3, and the potential remedial alternatives. These included creating a public contact list which included nearby property owners, elected officials, local media and other interested parties. A public meeting was held on June 12, 2003 to receive comment on the Proposed Remedial Action Plan (PRAP). The period during which the public comments on the PRAP were received was originally from May 29, 2003 through June 30, 2003 and was later extended to July 30, 2003. Public information meetings regarding the entire New Cassel Industrial Area were held in May 1995, January 1996, May 1996, October 1996, May 1997, December 1997, May 1998, December 1998, May 1999, September 1999, February 2000, May 2000, January 2001, December 2001 and December 2002. A responsiveness summary was prepared to address the comments received during the public comment period for the PRAP and included in the ROD. Public information meeting updates since the ROD was issued have been held in January 2004 and December 2004.

Description of Selected Remedy

Based on the results of the Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) for the NCIA Sites, OU3, and the criteria identified for evaluation of alternatives, the NYSDEC selected full plume remediation of upper and deep portions of the aquifer (to 225 feet below ground surface) with in-well vapor stripping/localized vapor treatment. The elements of the remedy are:

• A remedial design program to verify the components of the conceptual design and provide the details necessary for the construction, operation, and maintenance and

New Cassel Industrial Area Sites - Off-site Groundwater EXPLANATION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES November 2005 PAGE 3 of 6 monitoring of the remedial program. Any uncertainties identified during the RI/FS process will be resolved;

- Installation of one 225-ft vapor stripping well with ancillary systems, for the purpose of a pilot study to determine the radius of influence, and the number of additional stripping wells needed;
- Based on the pilot test data, the effectiveness of the in-well vapor stripping system will be evaluated. If, for engineering or economic reasons, in-situ treatment should prove to be less practical, ex-situ extraction and treatment (treatment at the surface, possibly at a centralized location) will be substituted without impairing the overall effectiveness of treatment system;
- Based on the results of the pilot test, design and installation of three additional 225-ft vapor stripping wells, four 200-ft vapor stripping wells, and three 140-ft vapor stripping wells, plus their ancillary systems. Actual number and locations of these wells will be determined by the pilot test results. The wells will be placed approximately as shown in Figure 22, subject to revision due to the results of the pilot test, the final design parameters and access restrictions;
- Operation and maintenance of the treatment system until the remediation goals are achieved or the NYSDEC and NYSDOH determine that further operation of the treatment system is not necessary;
- Continued monitoring of two (2) existing Bowling Green Water District supply wells, located directly downgradient of the NCIA;
- Installation of nine (9) new monitoring wells at locations downgradient of Old Country Road;
- Implementation of a long term groundwater monitoring program requiring quarterly sampling of nine (9) new and thirteen (13) existing groundwater monitoring wells for the first two years and periodically thereafter, and;
- Institutional controls in the form of existing use restrictions limiting the use of groundwater as a potable or process water without necessary water quality treatment as determined by the NCDH from the affected areas.

Currently, negotiations are underway with the various PRPs for Orders to implement the selected remedy.

New Cassel Industrial Area Sites - Off-site Groundwater EXPLANATION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES

DESCRIPTION OF THE SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES AND THE BASIS FOR THE DIFFERENCES

This ESD is being issued to ease implementation of the remedy for the NCIA Sites, OU3, to clarify the treatment areas for the Eastern, Central and Western plumes in implementing the selected remedy. This is a minor change in the scope of the selected remedy.

For each of these two areas - the central/eastern plume and the western plume - the applicable PRPs will install one 225-ft vapor stripping well, with ancillary systems, for the purpose of a pilot study to determine the radius of influence, the effectiveness of the in-well vapor stripping system, and the number and location of additional stripping wells needed. Further, for each of these two areas, a long term monitoring program will be instituted. This program will specify the number and location of groundwater monitoring wells and frequency of sampling to allow the effectiveness of each remedy to be monitored and will be a component of the operation, maintenance, and monitoring for each treatment area. The changes due to implementation of the remedy for the NCIA Sites, OU3, in each treatment area would likely increase the overall cost as some efficiency may be lost due to multiple pilot studies, separate implementation of the remedy for the NCIA Sites, OU3, in each treatment area and reduced economy of scale. Since there is only a minor change in scope, and no change in performance, the remedy remains protective of human health and the environment.

SCHEDULING AND SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

Order negotiations to implement the remedy are underway, and are expected to be completed by December 2005 for the western plume and by February 2006 for the central and eastern plumes. If an Order cannot be reached with the PRPs, the NYSDEC will implement the selected remedy under the State Superfund. The PRPs are subject to legal actions by the state for recovery of all response costs incurred by the state. If you have any questions, or need additional information, you may contact any of the following:

Mr. Joseph G. Jones Project Manager NYSDEC 625 Broadway 11th Floor Albany, NY 12233-7015 Phone: 518-402-9621 Jacquelyn Nealon Environmental Health Specialist NYSDOH Bureau of Environmental Exposure Investigation Flanigan Square 547 River Street Troy, NY 12180 Phone: 518-402-7880 or 1-800-458-1158, extension 27530

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