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GROUNDWATER SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS REPORT

PALL CORPORATION 30 SEA CLIFF AVENUE GLEN COVE, NEW YORK 11542

March 13, 1995

51 = 12 + 18

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App. A Well Development Logs App. B Laboratory Analysis Reports

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

On June 20, 1994, the Pall Corporation facility located at 30 Sea Cliff Avenue, Glen Cove, New York was recommended for inclusion as a Class 2 site in the New York State Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites (IHWDS). The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) recommended that Pall Corporation be included in the Registry after completion of a Preliminary Site Assessment (PSA) Report for the area known as the "Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area." This section of the report provides an overview of the Pall Corp. facility and a brief discussion of the history of the Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area.

1.1 Site Location

The Pall Corp. Sea Cliff facility is located on the north side of Sea Cliff Avenue, approximately 1/8 mile west of Route 107 and 1/4 mile south-southeast of the Carney Street Well Field. The property is bordered on the north by August Thomsen, the south by Sea Cliff Avenue, the east by Route 107, and on the west by the Associated Drapery facility. Photocircuits Corporation and Pass and Seymour (formerly Slater Electric Company) are located south of the Pall Corp. facility across Sea Cliff Avenue. Glen Cove Creek is located parallel to the west wall of the Pall facility and runs through the property from the southwest corner to the northwest corner of the site. The neighboring areas consist primarily of industrial areas with some residential areas located about 1/4 to 1/2 mile away to the north, south, east and west. A site location map is presented in Figure 1-1. A site plan showing the Pall facility and the immediately adjacent properties is provided as Figure 1-2.

The topography of the site based upon data provided by Pall Corp. is relatively flat with a gentle slope from the southwest corner of the facility (grade elevation about 55 feet above mean sea level, msl) toward the northeast comer of the site (about 51 feet above msl). Additional site information pertaining to geologic and hydrogeologic conditions is presented in Sections 2.1 and 2.2.

1.2 Site History

Industrial activity in the Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area has been documented since the 1940's with the nature of industrial activities highly variable during the period from 1940 to the present. Pall Corporation has operated at the Sea Cliff Avenue facility since 1946. In addition, the property currently owned by August Thomsen was part of the Pall property until 1971 when the property was sold to August Thomsen. The main Pall facility is presently used primarily as a research and development facility related to filtration product manufacture. The August Thomsen property was used by Pall Corporation historically as a research and development facility for Pall's aerospace division. Industrial activities for the other neighboring facilities include

the following:

Photocircuits Corporation:

Powers Chemco operated the facility until 1971 when Kollmorgen Corporation purchased the property. In 1986, ownership of the property was transferred to Photocircuits who is the current owner. The operations at the facility have consisted primarily of printed circuit board manufacturing since at least 1971. Chlorinated solvents have historically been used at the facility.

Pass and Seymour:

Pass and Seymour currently manufactures injection molded plastic components for electronic applications. Similar products had been manufactured at this location for over twenty years prior to Pass and Seymour's occupancy by the former tenant, Slater Electric. Chlorinated solvents have historically been used at the facility.

Associated Draperies:

Associated Draperies has occupied its current location since the early 1970's. Prior to Associated Draperies' occupancy, the site was used by HMS Machine Shop who manufactured aircraft parts from the early 1960's to 1969. Chlorinated solvents may have been used by HMS at the facility.

Carney Street Wellfields:

Carney Street Wellfield was operated by the City of Glen Cove from 1950 to 1977 when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) consisting primarily of chlorinated organics were detected in the wells at the site. The wellfield is also occupied by Glen Cove's Water Department, Emergency Medical services, and a private day care center which was constructed in 1989. No chlorinated solvents have historically been used at the facility.

Since the discovery of VOCs in the Carney Street wells, numerous investigations and studies have been performed by private parties and regulatory agencies to determine the source of contamination in the Carney Street wells. The historical reports were reviewed by NYSDEC to develop the PSA Report that formed the basis for the listing of many of the industrial facilities in the area as Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites. The following table summarizes the IHWDS status of each of the neighboring industrial facilities after completion of the NYSDEC PSA.

Facility Name	Recommended IHWDS Status
Associated Drapery August Thomsen Carney St. Well Field Pall Corporation.	Not Listed (NYSDEC Spills) Class 2 Site - Port of Polymer and Not Listed (NYSDEC Spills) Class 2 Site - Proposed

Pass and Seymour Class 2 Site Croporation Class 2 Site

Based upon the information presented in the NYSDEC's PSA, all of the facilities included in the Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area except for the Associated Drapery Site and the Camey Street Well Field site have used chlorinated solvents (tetrachloroethylene, trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and/or methylene chloride) at some time since the 1940's. However, it should be noted that no chlorinated solvents are currently used at the Pall facility. Additionally, each of the sites have had documented concentrations of these chlorinated solvents present in the soil and/or groundwater at some time.

1.3 Scope and Objectives

In October 1995, Groundwater Technology, Inc. (GTI) was retained by Pall Corporation to conduct sampling and analysis of groundwater beneath the Pall facility. GTI's scope of services was limited to the following:

- Review of historical, regional groundwater quality data povided by Pall Corporation in NYSDEC's PSA dated March 1994 and in C.A. Rich's Summary Tables dated March 1992;
- Collection of depth to water measurements from existing monitoring wells at the Pall facility to determine water elevation contours and assess the likely groundwater flow direction at the facility;
- Development of the existing monitoring wells at the Pall facility prior to groundwater sampling;
- One (1) round of groundwater sampling from six (6) existing monitoring wells at the Pall facility. The samples collected were analyzed for volatile organic compounds.
- Preparation of this Groundwater Sampling and Analysis Report.

The objectives of this project were to obtain high quality, reproducible data to document the current concentrations of chlorinated organics in groundwater underlying Pall's Sea Cliff Avenue facility. Groundwater quality data generated will be used in conjunction with water level data to develop a preliminary opinion

regarding the extent of on-site contamination in groundwater and to evaluate the possibility of off-site sources contributing to the contamination present.

2.0 SITE HYDROGEOLOGY

Data presented in this section has been developed based solely upon review of data provided by Pall Corporation. No new monitoring wells or soil borings were installed under the scope of this project. It should also be noted that although some of the hydrogeologic data generated by others was collected from wells and/or borings on the Pall property, the data presented is intended to be representative of the the entire Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area and not any individual site.

2.1 Local Geology

The geologic unit imediately below grade is the part of the Upper Glacial Aquifer which consists of two major components in the Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area. The uppermost unit is an upper glacial till composed of both sandy and silty till regions. The predominant geology underlying the Pall facility within the Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area is silty till. The silty till in the area has been described as silty, clayey, fine to medium sand with gravel, cobbles, and occasional boulders. The unit is considered to have very low permeability, although site-specific slug or pump test data was not available for GTI review. The silty till extends vertically downward from grade approximately 50 to 60 feet with a maximum thickness of 80 feet recorded in some areas.

The silty till unit is underlain by an interbedded sand and sand and gravel unit of varying composition which is approximately 110 feet thick beneath the Pall facility. The upper "half" of the sand and gravel unit consists predominately of fine to medium sand approximately 60 feet thick. The lower "half" of the unit consists predominately of fine to coarse sand and fine grave that is approximately 50 feet thick. This unit is considered to have moderate to high permeability although occasional lenses of silt have been evident in soil borings. The sand and gravel unit is underlain by the Port Washington Confining Unit which is composed of sandy clay and clay and defines the base of the Upper Glacial Aquifer in the area. The Port Washington Confining Unit is encountered at approximately 200 feet below grade in the Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area.

A geologic cross section through the area is included in Figures 2-1a (Plan View) and 2-1b (Section Cut). This geologic section has been reproduced from the NYSDEC PSA and GTI makes no judgement as to its accuracy or completeness. The figures are presented solely for discussion purposes and a point of reference for the text.

2.2 Site Hydrogeology and Water Level Measurements

As discussed in the previous section, the uppermost local hydrogeologic unit underlying the Pall facility is the Upper Glacial Aquifer which varies in thickness in the region but extends from grade to approximately 200 feet below grade in the Sea Cliff Avenue Industrial Area. Historic depth to water measurements collected by the Nassau County Department of Public Works (NCDPW) have indicated that groundwater is typically present at about 2 to 10 feet below grade depending upon the well location. The depth to groundwater in the area, and specifically adjacent to the Pall facility, is influenced by Glen Cove Creek which acts as a discharge area for topographic areas of high elevation adjacent to the creek.

In order to determine the groundwater elevation and to predict the corresponding groundwater flow direction beneath the Pall facility, GTI collected two sets of depth to water measurements on October 26, 1995 and December 5, 1995. The depth to water data obtained and the survey data provided by Pall Corporation is provided in Table 2-1. The data of table 2-1 was then used to develop the groundwater elevation contours of Figure 2-2.

As indicated in Figure 2-2, groundwater flows from southeast to northwest across the Pall property with the groundwater elevation ranginging from approximately 50 feet above msl at the southeast corner of the site to approximately 49 feet above msl at the northwest corner of the site. However, the groundwater elevation data for wells 2P, 3P, 4P, and 5P also indicated a north-northeasterly flow component near the north side of the Pall facility. It cannot be determined from the limited data whether this flow component actually exists or is an anomaly based upon the poor triangulation of the wells and the limited data. Based upon the data available, it appears as if the Photocircuits property is located upgradient of the Pall Corporation facility.

3.0 WELL DEVELOPMENT AND SAMPLING

Groundwater Technology, Inc. collected groundwater samples from the six (6) existing monitoring wells on the Pall Corporation property. The well locations are identified in Figure 1-2. This section of the report describes the well development and sampling procedures performed by GiTI to ensure the generation of accurate and useable data.

3.1 Well Development

On October 20, 1995, GTI developed the six monitoring wells on the Pall property identified as MW-1P, MW-2P, MW-3P, MW-4P, MW-5P, and MW-6P. Since the monitoring wells had not been sampled or purged in

¹ Due to the lack of MW-6P data, the December 5, 1995, data set was not used to generate a contour map.

over two years, the wells were re-developed to ensure that groundwater collected from the wells was representative of local groundwater and that sample results would not be influenced by poor well development procedures. Each well was developed by pumping groundwater from the well until pH, specific conductivity, and turbidity measurements stabilized. Stabilization was defined to be completed when three consecutive pH, turbidity and conductivity readings (recorded approximately five minutes apart) were within 10 percent of one another. Although it was desired to develop the wells to less than 50 NTU's, only 5 of the 6 wells were able to achieve turbidity readings less than 50 NTU's after development. The remaining well, MW-3P, was pumped dry and allowed to recharge before re-pumping. Pumping and recharge cycles were continued for three cycles until turbidity readings stabilized near 250 NTU's.

The development water was containerized in 55-gallon drums, labeled and transferred to the drum staging area on site for disposal by Pall Corporation. Monitoring well development logs are provided in Appendix A.

3.2 Well Sampling

On October 26, 1995, GTI performed groundwater sampling of the six (6) monitoring wells at the Pall property and the pump sump located at the east side of the plant.

Prior to sampling, depth to groundwater readings were collected with a decontaminated water level indicator. Following these measurements, a dedicated polyethylene bailer was lowered into each well until approximately one-half of the bailer was submersed into the groundwater. The groundwater in each bailer was visually inspected for color, general appearance, odor, and presence of a sheen on the surface or particulates in the water column. Non-aqueous phase liquids were not observed in any of the wells. The pump sump sample was collected by lowering a pre-cleaned polyethylene bailer into the sump and transferring the liquid directly to the sample glassware.

Following the collection of the initial bailer sample at the wells, each well was purged until at least three well volumes were removed. Purge waters were removed with a decontaminated trash pump. All purge waters from the six (6) monitoring wells were drummed, labeled and transferred to Pall Corporation for disposal. After purging, dedicated polyethylene bailers were used to collect the groundwater samples for VOC analyses. Care was taken to prevent volatilization of the sample prior to placing it in the VOC vial. The sample vials were then immediately placed in an ice-filled cooler prior to shipment to the laboratory. All Chain of Custody procedures were followed and the samples were submitted for laboratory analysis within 48 hours of collection.

4.0 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Groundwater samples were submitted to GTEL Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (GTEL) of Milford, New Hampshire for volatile organic compound analyses via EPA Method 624. GTEL is a New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) certified analytical laboratory. Groundwater sample results are summarized in Table 4-1. Complete laboratory analysis reports are provided in Appendix B.

As indicated in Table 4-1, several chlorinated VOCs were detected in the Pall Corporation monitoring wells at concentrations exceeding their respective NYSDEC Class GA Groundwater Quality Standards. Specifically, the following compounds were detected at concentrations above 5 ug/l:

Contaminants Detected Above 5 ug/l

1,1-Dichloroethene*: Max. concentration of 9.2 ug/l in MW-6P

1,1-Dichloroethane: Max. concentration of 22 ug/l in the sump pump

1,2-Dichloroethene (total*): Max. Concentration of 220 ug/l in MW-5P

1,1,1-trichloroethane: Max. concentration of 47 ug/l in MW-6P

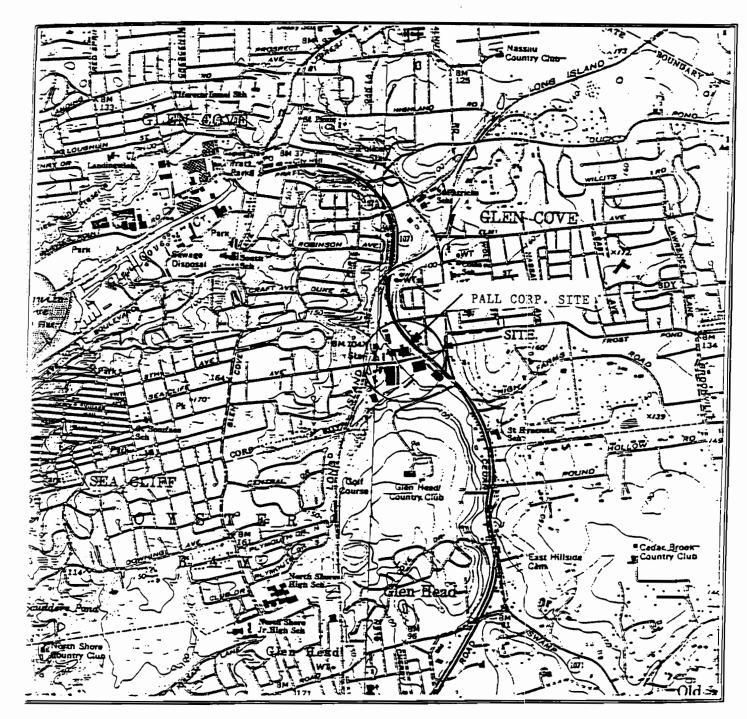
Trichloroethene: Max. concentration of 18 ug/l in MW-6P

Tetrachloroethene: Max. concentration of 420 ug/l in MW-2P

* Contaminant also present in method blank at the laboratory

The sample results indicate that the maximum concentrations of 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE), 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA), and trichloroethene (TCE) were present in the upgradient wells away from any Pall facility operations. Based upon this information and the limited groundwater flow direction available, an upgradient source of these compounds is likely. However, it should be noted that the upgradient monitoring well (MW-6P) is screened approximately 40 to 50 feet deeper than the other wells sampled as part of this project (MW-6P is screened at about 50 to 60 feet below grade and the other wells are screened approximately 5 to 15 feet below grade). Since tetrachloroethene (PCE) is a dense non-aqueous phased liquid (DNAPL), PCE concentrations at deeper depths may be indicative of a deeper or older plume than can be detected in the shallow, downgradient monitoring wells at the Pall facility. For this reason, the direct comparison of MW-6P results to the results obtained at the downgradient wells should be treated very cautiously.

The presence of PCE in the downgradient well MW-2P at a concentration of 420 ug/l without available data from appropriately sited and screened upgradient wells only indicates that PCE is present underlying the Pall property. However, the source of contamination cannot be confirmed as either upgradient or downgradient due to the lack of current upgradient well data. It is possible, and based upon the review of historical data, probable, that an upgradient source of PCE may exist. Another possible explanation that would explain the detected downgradient concentrations would be an older upgradient source where the leading edge (or an area of higher concentration) of the plume is located at or near MW-2P at this point in time. This is supported by the fact that the typical degradation products of PCE, namely TCE, 1,1-DCE, and 1,2-DCA, are each present in several of the wells.

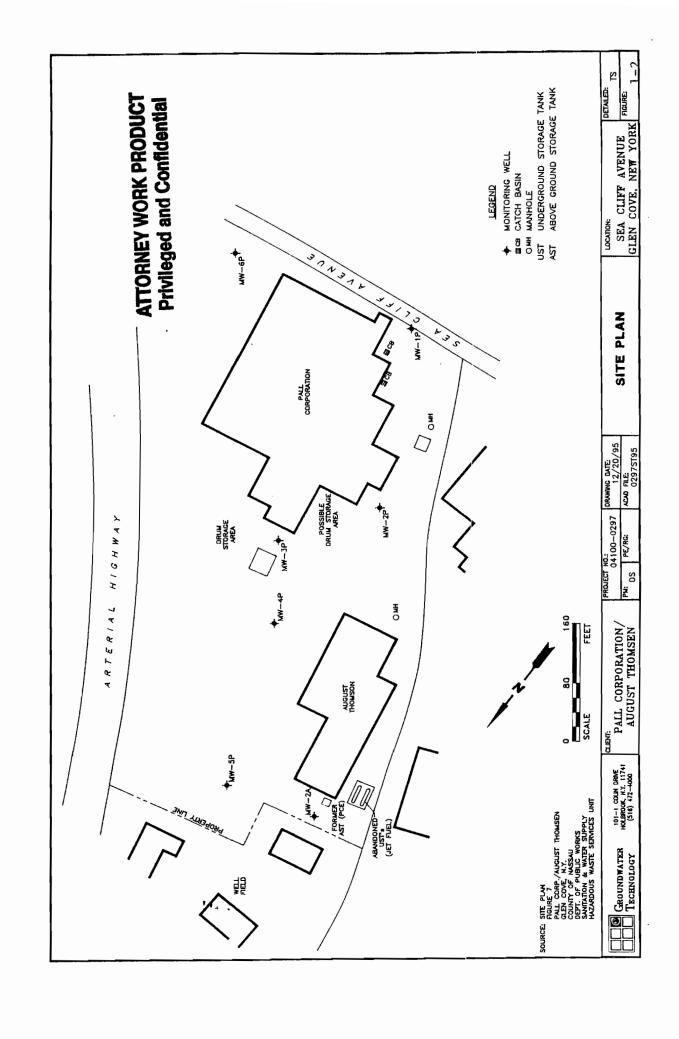


FITE LONGITUDE - 73.6231° W FITE LATITUDE - 40.8518° N

> FIGURE 1-1 LOCATION MAP

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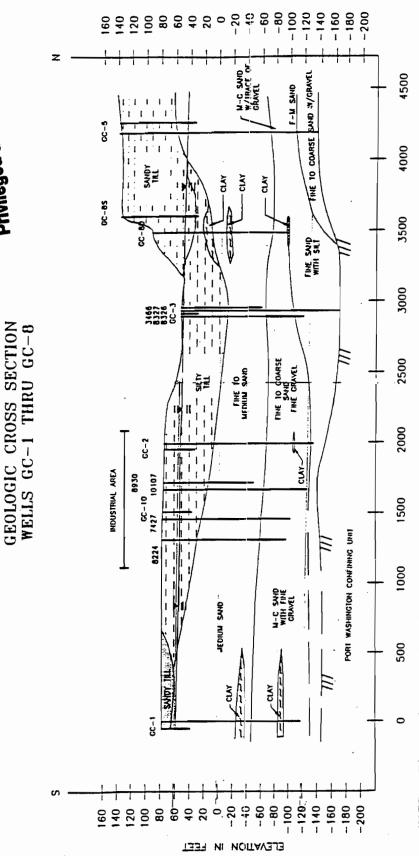
Source: U.S.G.S. Sea Cliff and Hicksville Quadrangles Scale: 1° = 2000°





2-1B

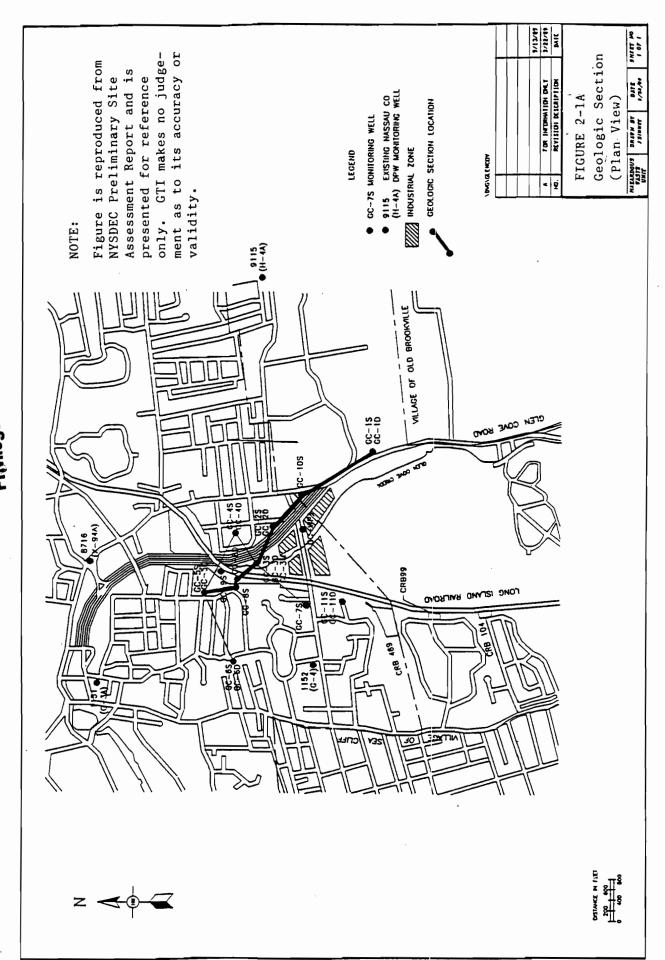
FIGURE



NOTE: Figure is reproduced from NYSDEC Preliminary Site Assessment Report and is presented for GTI makes no judgement as to its accuracy or validity. reference only.

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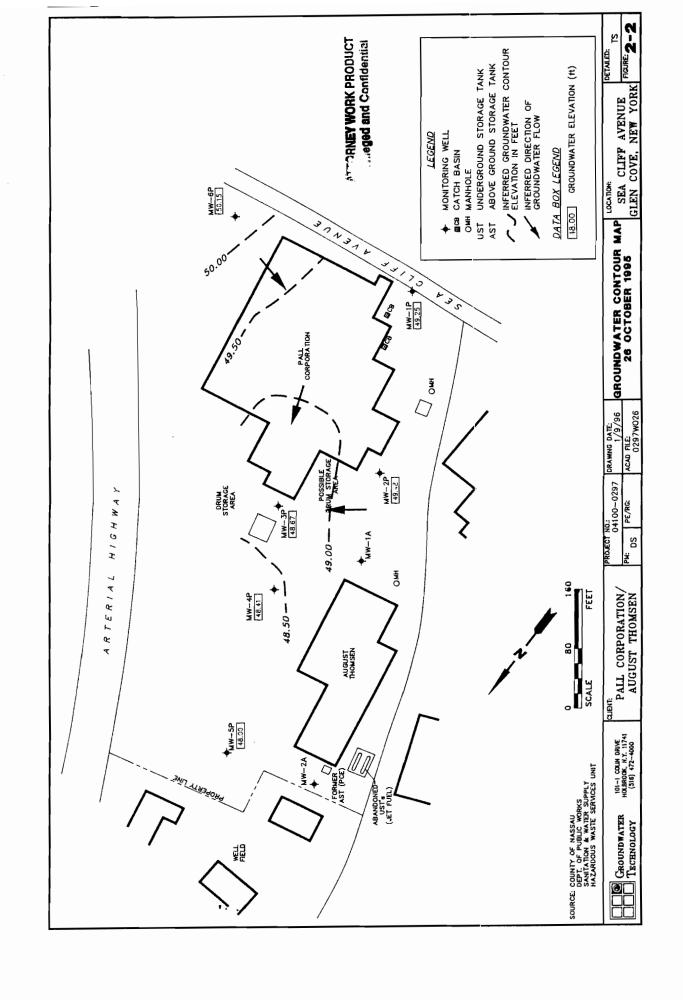


TABLE 2-1
DEPTH TO WATER MEASUREMENT DATA

	OCTOBER 2	6, 1995 MEASUREMENTS	
WELLID	MEASURING POINT ELEVATION (FT)*	DEPTH TO WATER (FT)	WATER TABLE ELEVATION (FT)
1P	55.91	6.66	49.25
2P	54.36	4.88	49.48
3P	53.73	5.06	48.67
4P	52.77	4.36	48.41
5P	51.36	3.36	48.00
6P	56.82	6.67	50.15
	DECEMBER	5, 1995 MEASUREMENTS	
WELL ID	MEASURING POINT ELEVATION (FT)*	DEPTH TO WATER (FT)	WATER TABLE ELEVATION (FT)
1P	55.91	7.06	48.85
2P	54.36	5.34	49.02
3P	53.73	5.14	48.59
4P	52.77	4.64	48.13
5P	51.36	3.59	47.77
1A**	53.67	5.05	48.62

^{*} Measuring point elevation data provided in NYSDEC PSA. Top of casing (north-edge) used as reference.

^{**} Well 1A was gauged during the second round of water levels to provide additional data.

TABLE 4-1
GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL SUMMARY

PARAMETER	NYSDEC Class GA Standard		MW-1P (UG/L)		MW-2P (UGAL)		WW-RP UGAL)		MW-4P (UBAL)		MW-5P UG/L)		AW-EP LIGIL)		Fump Sump (vg/l)
Chloromethane	5*	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10
Bromomethane	5	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10
Vinyl Chloride	2	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10
Chloroethane	5	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10
Methylene Chloride	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Trichlorofluoromethane	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Acrolein	NA	<	20	<	20	<	20	<	20	<	100	<	20	<	20
Acrylonitrile	5	<	20	<	20	<	20	<	20	<	100	<	20	<	20
1,1-Dichloroethene	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25		9.2B		5.6B
1,1-Dichloroethane	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25		8.9		22
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5		8.6B		8.2B	<	5	<	5		220B		47B		26B
Chioroform	7	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5	<	5	ż	5	<	5	<	5	<	25		47	<	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Bromodichloromethane	50**	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Trichloroethene	5	<	5		7.1	<	5	<	5	<	25		18		5.3
Dibromochloromethane	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Benzene	0.7	<	5	<	5	٧	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	~	5
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	5*	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Bromoform	50**	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Tetrachioroethene	5	<	5		420	<	5	<	5	<	25		9.8	<	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Toluene	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Chlorobenzene	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Ethylbenzene	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
Xylenes (total)	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	5	<	25	<	5	<	5
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	4.7	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	4.7	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	10	<	50	<	10	<	10

NOTES:

NA = Not Available

" = Chemical is classified as a "Principal Organic Contaminant" (POC) with a 50 ug/l standard.

" = Value listed is a Class GA Quality Guidance Value, not a standard.

SITE NAME:						
LOCATION:						
WELL ID:	MV	<i>₫</i> 8				
WELL DIA.:	7, 11		DRILLER: Delt	Delta Well & Puring Co.		(Fac Guggino)
TOTAL DEPTH:	14.	50	DRILL METHOD:			
SCREENED INTERVAL:	ERVAL:					
SCREEN SIZE:	4 "	5/04 5/26:	20 (0.020)			
DEVOPMENT METHOD:	ETHOD:					
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1.15		20	6.69	1 288 1	388	Clearing UP
1:20		22	6.67	2.54	244	
1:22		25	6.67	2.55	250	"
1:25		30	6.68	2.54	248	11
					ATTORNEY	ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT
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ANDIA * Note = MW-3f	MW=	-36 Went Dry		At 12:00. Water IN Well IS verify Black	Is very E	1964.
TER GY .	72-7W 4		ح	75:3		
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SITE NAME:					
LOCATION:					
WELL ID: 14 1/2 - 4	<i>(</i>				
7		DRILLER:			Table 1
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SCREEN SIZE					
DEVOPMENT METHOD:					
FLOW RATE:					
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SCREENED INTERVAL:					
SCREEN SIZE:					
DEVOPMENT METHOD:					
FLOW RATE:	1/4 apy.		:		
TIME:	TOTAL PUMPED	Hd	CONDUCTIVITY	TURBIDITY	VISUAL/ODOR
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10:35	32	6.49	532	12.	n n
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Vect. DAX: Vect.		9-	(i			
ССВЕ В 512. ВЕСОВ В 1.00 Г. ОТ В	, TH:	7.70	DRILLER: DRILL METHOD:			
1-OW RATE: Тиме: TOTAL PUMPED рН СОNDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL 2.12 8 6.60 0.93 6/1 Clear 2.12 8 6.60 0.93 6/1 Clear 2.12 8 6.50 0.97 999 2.24 6.56 1.07 36 2.24 3.5 6.56 1.07 36 2.34 3.8 6.55 1.05 3.2 2.36 40 6.55 1.06 3.3 ATTORNEY WORK PROPRIEDED ATTORNEY	SCREENED INTERVAL:					
## CONDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL PLIMPED PH CONDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL CONDUCTIVITY VISUAL CONDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL CONDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL CONDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL CONDUCTIVITY VISUAL CO	SCREEN SIZE:					
1.0W RATE: TIME: TOTAL PUMPED PH CONDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL 2.12	DEVOPMENT METHOD:					
TIME: TOTAL PUMPED pH CONDUCTIVITY TURBIDITY VISUAL 2.08	FLOW RATE:					
2:05	TIME:	TOTAL PUMPED	Hď	CONDUCTIVITY	TURBIDITY	VISUAL/ODOR
2:12	2,08	_	6.60	0.93	19	
2:15 (6 6.62 833 53 2:29 37 6.58 1.07 36 2:28 35 6.56 1.07 28 2:34 38 6.55 1.05 30 2:36 40 6.55 1.05 33 2:40 42 6.55 1.06 33	2:12	ś	6.60	0.97	666	
2:24 32 6.58 1.07 36 2:24 32 6.56 1.07 30 2:24 35 6.56 1.07 28 2:34 38 6.55 1.05 30 2:40 40 6.55 1.05 33 2:40 41 6.55 1.06 33	7:12	2)	6.62	.833	53	
2.24 32 6.56 1.07 30 2.28 33 6.50 1.07 28 2.34 38 6.55 1.06 30 2.36 40 6.55 1.05 33 2.40 6.55 1.06 33	2.20	4C 4	6.58	1.07	36	
2.28 2.34 2.34 2.36 2.36 40 6.55 1.05 32 2.40 42 6.55 1.06 33 32 32 32 42 6.55 1.06 33	7:24	37	6.56	1.07	30	
2:34 38 6.55 (.06 30 2:36 40 6.55 1.05 32 2:40 42 6.55 1.06 33	27%	1/4	6.56	1.07	3%	
2:36 40 6.55 1.05 32 2:40 42 6.55 1.06 33	7:34	38	6.55	90.)	30	
2:40 42 6.55 1.06 33	2:36	Qh	6.33	1.05	32	1 /
	2:40	42	6.53	1.06	33	
	- C					NEV WORK PRODUCT
	G				ALIO	INC. 1 and Contidential
	ROU				Privil	eged alla collina
	ER					

SITE NAME:	211 /aco.					
LOCATION:	0 Seg Cliff 1	4C.				
WELL ID:	N-11					
WELL DIA.:	7 "	DRILLER:				
TOTAL DEPTH:	13.90	DRILL METHOD:				
SCREENED INTERVAL:	<u></u>					
SCREEN SIZE:				•		Ì
DEVOPMENT METHOD:	:0:					
FLOW RATE:						
TIME:	TOTAL PUMPED	Hd	CONDUCTIVITY	TURBIDITY	VISUAL/ODOR	
/h; h	77	6.30	.274	<i>bb b</i>	Black	
4:43	*	6.36	. 29/	818	11	
4:45	8	6.38	.308	5.59	11	
94:4	0/	6.43	,34/	626	//	
84.14	150	6.42	367	330	//	
4.50	11	6.43	372	222	Clearing UP	
25.4	20	6.43	374	101		
4.53	2 44.3	6. 414	376	54	11	
4.55	25	6.43	376	35	Clear	
95.7	27	6.43	125	39	14	
4.58	30	6,43	377	//	et	
15.00	33	14.9	. 377	Oh	ıl	
- 01	55					
tot ECH						
NDV NOI						
WAT: LOG`				ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT	RK PRODUCT	
ER Y -				Privileged and Confidential	Confidential	

ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT Privileged and Confidential

page 20f2

SITE NAME:					
LOCATION:					
WELL ID: A D	1-28				
WELL DIA.:		DRILLER:			
TOTAL DEPTH:		DRILL METHOD:			
SCREENED INTERVAL:					
SCREEN SIZE:					
DEVOPMENT METHOD :					
FLOW RATE:					
TIME:	TOTAL PUMPED	Hd	CONDUCTIVITY	TURBIDITY	VISUAL/ODOR
3:49	39	91.9	324	57	
3:51	-0,	6.17	.324	47	
B .54	//5	6.14	,225	94	
-	43	91. 9	.325	4/0	
3:59	66	61.9	,326	38	
4.02	54	9.15	,326	33	
4.0.4	46	6.14	.326	26	
4.06	8/7	6.13	.326	25	
80.h	44	81.9	.327	61	
01:4	50	81.9	,326	19	
4:13	5/	6.13	. 3 27	81	
			,		
GR					
KOŁ					SUNC
NDW! NOLC				NA VAINT	Talling of the same
ATE OGY				B POUNDLY	
R				DAMINIO	

Page 1 of 2

SITE NAME:						
LOCATION:						
WELL ID: // L	d2-M					
WELL DIA.: 4"		DRILLER:				
TOTAL DEPTH:	08.41	DRILL METHOD:				
SCREENED INTERVAL:						
SCREEN SIZE						ı
DEVOPMENT METHOD				i		
FLOW RATE:						ı
TIME:	TOTAL PUMPED	Hd	CONDUCTIVITY	TURBIDITY	VISUAL/ODOR	
3:02	,	6.23	-3/2	662	Mach) Jupo Off	n/vdbw
3:08	01	6.17	, 309	353		` '
3:12	15	6.19	.313	959	11 21	14
3, 15	20	6.22	2/5	666	11	
3:18	23	9).9	320	9 99	K	1
3.24	2.5	6.23	.338	999	ı	k
3.28	26	6.27	.332	565	И	ゴ
3:31	\$2	$\tilde{\epsilon}$. 23	.335	610		
3:34	30	6.23	,328			<u>.</u>
3:36	32	6.19	,326		ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT	. -
3:38	34	6.19	, 323		All long and Confidential	5
3:4/	35	6.50	,324	134 1	oñallA	
3:43	36	6.17	,327	92		
3:46	38	6.18	.325	69		
NDLOS Went	n+ Ay @ 3:18.		WEXT fag	. Lego.		
ΓER GY "				<i>/</i> 1		



Northeast Region Meadowbrook Industrial Park Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-4835 (603) 673-8105 FAX

November 15, 1995

Dan Smith Groundwater Technology, Inc. 101-1 Colin Drive Holbrook, NY 11741

ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT

Privileged and Confloancial

Post-It* brand fax	transmittal memo 7671 # of pages > 7
То	From
Co.	Co.
Dept.	Phone #
Fax #	Fax #

RE: GTEL Client ID:

041000297

Login Number:

M5100553

Project ID (number):

041000297

Project ID (name):

PALL CORPORATION GLEN COVE, NY

Dear Dan Smith:

Enclosed please find the analytical results for the samples received by GTEL Environmental Laboratories, Inc. on 10/31/95 under Chain-of-Custody Number(s) 66012.

A formal Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) program is maintained by GTEL, which is designed to meet or exceed the EPA requirements. Analytical work for this project met QA/QC criteria unless otherwise stated in the footnotes. This Analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full.

GTEL is certified by the State of New York under Lab ID #10599.

If you have any questions regarding this analysis, or if we can be of further assistance, please call our Customer Service Representative.

Sincerely, GTEL Environmental Laboratories, Inc.

Susan C. Uhler Laboratory Director

"EL Client ID:

041000297

gin Number: M5100553 Project ID (number): 041000297

project ID (name): PALL CORPORATION GLEN COVE, NY

Method: EPA 624 Matrix: Aqueous

<u> </u>	GTEL Sample Number	M5100553-01	M5100553-02	M5100553-04	M5100553-05	5
	Client ID	HW-1P	MW-2P	MW-4P	MW-5P	P
	Date Sampled	10/26/95	10/26/95	10/26/95	10/26/95	15
_	Date Analyzed	11/07/95	11/07/95	11/08/95	11/08/95	15
_	Dilution Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	5.00	JO

	Reporting						
Analyte	<u> Limit Units</u>	Concentration:					
Chloromethane	10. ug/L	< 10.	c 10.	< 10.	< 50.		
romomethane	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	< 10.	< 50.		
nyl chloride	10. ug/L	- < 1010 yy yy	< 10.	< 10.	< 50.		
Chloroethane	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	< 10.	< 50.		
thylene chlocide	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
ichlorofluoromethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
Acroleta	20. ug/L	< 2 0.	< 20.	< 20.	< 100		
Acrylonitrile	20. ug/L	< 20.	< 20.	< 20.	< 100		
1-Dichloroethene	5.0 ug/L	< 5::0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
T.1-Dichloroethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
1.2-Dichloroethene (total)	5.0 ug/L	8.5 8	8.2 B	< 5.0	220 B		
iloroform	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
- 2-Dichloroethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
irbon tetrachloride	5:.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
omodichloromethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
T.2-Dichloropropane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	<::5.0	< 25.		
cts-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
richloroethene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	7.1	< 5.0	< 25.		
# bromochloromethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5:.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
inzene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
_Chloroethyl vinyl ether	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	< 10.	< 50.		
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
"-omoform	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
trachloroethene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	420	< 5.0	< 25.		
T.1,2.2-Tetrachloroethane	5:0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5₹0	< 5.0	< 25.		
Toluene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
florobenzene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 2 5.		
♣hy1benzene	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
Xylenes (total)	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 25.		
3-Dichlorobenzene	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	< 10.	< 50.		
4-Dichtorobenzene	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	< 10.	< 50.		
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	10ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	< 10.	< 50.		

Notes.

lution Factor:

ilution factor indicates the adjustments made for sample dilution.

1 624:

EL Milford, NH M5100553

Page: 1

ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT Privileged and Confidential

GTEL Client ID:

041000297

Login Number:

M5100553

Project ID (number): 041000297

Project ID (name): PALL CORPORATION GLEN COVE, NY

Method: EPA 624

Matrix: Aqueous

GTEL Sample Number	M5100553-03			••
Client ID	MW-3P	••	••	• •
Date Sampled	10/26/95	••		• •
Date Analyzed	11/07/95	••		••
Dilution Factor	1.00			

	Reporting					
Analyte	Limit.	Units		oncentration:		
Chloromethane	10.	ug/L	< 10.			. ••
Bromomethane	10.	ug/L	< 10.	••	••	.
Vinyl chloride	10.	ug/L	< 10.	and the state of t		
Chloroethane	10.	ug/L	< 10.	••	••	
Methylene chloride	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	·		••
Trichlorofluoromethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••		
Acrolein	20.	ug/L	< 20.	••	••	
Acrylonitrile	20.	u ạ/L	< 20.	••		
1.1-Dichloroethene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
1.1-Dichloroethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••		
1,2 Dichloroethene (total)	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0		••	
Chloroform	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
1.2-Dichloroethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			••
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••		
Carbon tetrachioride	5.0	∟/وں	< 5.0		4.	
Bromodichloromethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••		
1.2-Dichloropropane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••		
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
Trichloroethene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0		•-	
Dibromochloromethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0		••	
Benzene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	10.	ug/L	< 10.			
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
Bronoform	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••	••	
Tetrachloroethene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	- -	••	••
Toluene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0			
Chlorobenzene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••		••
Ethylbenzene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	••	••	••
Xylenes (total)	5 .0·	·ug/L	< 5.0	••	••	••
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	10.	ug/L	< 10.			••
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10.	ug/L	< 10.	••	••	• •
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	10.	ug/L	< 10.			

Notes.

Dilution factor indicates the adjustments made for sample dilution.

EPA 624:

GTEL Milford. NH M5100553

ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT Privileged and Confidential

Page: 1

GTEL Client ID:

041000297

Login Number:

M5100553

Project ID (number): 041000297

Project ID (name): PALL CORPORATION GLEN COVE. NY

Method: EPA 624

Matrix: Aqueous

GTEL Sample Number	M5100553-03		••	• •
Client ID	MW-3P	••	••	• •
Date Sampled	10/26/95	••	• •	
Date Analyzed	11/07/95	••	• •	••
 <u>Dilution Factor</u>	1.00	••		•-

Reporting

Analyte Limit Units Concentration:

Notes: (continued)

"Test Procedures for Analysis of Organic Pollutants", Code of Federal Regulations, 40CFR Part 136. Appendix A. Analyte list modified to include additional compounds.

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GTEL Milford. NH M5100553

Page: 2

GTEL Client ID: 041000297 Login Number: M5100553

Project ID (number): 041000297 Project ID (name): PALL CORPORATION GLEN COVE. NY Method: EPA 624

Matrix: Aqueous

	GTEL Sample Number	M5100553-06	M5100553-07		- •
	Client ID	MW-6P	PUMP SAMPLE		••
	Date Sampled	10/26/95	10/26/95	• •	-
	Date Analyzed	11/08/95	11/08/95	••	••
	Dilution Factor	1.00	1.00	···	• •
	Reporting				
Analyte	Limit Units		ncentration:		
Chloromethane	10. ug/L	< I0.	< 10.	••	••
Bromomethane	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	••	
Vanyl chiloride	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	••	
Chloroethane	10. ug/L	< 10.	< 10.	••	••
Methylene chloride	5₀0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
Trichlorofluoromethane	5.0 ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	• •	••
Acrolein	20. ug/L	< 20.	< 20.		
Acrylonitrile	20. ug/L	< 20.	< 20.	••	
1.1-Dichloroethene	5.0 ug/L	9.2 B	5.6 B		
1.1-Dichloroethane	5.0 ug/L	8.9	22.		
1 2-Oschlorgettiene stotal)	5-0 ug/3	47 R	26 B		

-	1.1-Dichloroethene	5.0	ug/L	9.28	5.6 B		
	1.1-Dichloroethane	5.0	ug/L	8.9	22.		
	1.2-01chloroethene (total)	5,0	ug/L	47. B	26. B		•
	Chloroform	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
4	1.2-Dichloroethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
	1 1 1-Trichlorgethame	5.0	ug/L	47.	< 5.0		
	Carbon tetrachloride	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	••	••
-	Bromodichloromethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
	1,2-Dichloropropane	50	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5,0		••
	cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		••
_	Trichloroethene	5 0	ug/L	18.	5.3		· :
_	Dibromochloromethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		**
	1.1.2-Trichloroethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
	Benzen e	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
-	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	10.	ug/L	< 10.	< 10.		;
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
	Bronoform	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	••	
_	Tetrachloroethene	5.0	ug/L	9.8	< 5.0	••	••
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachlorgethane	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
	Toluene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0	••	• •
_	Chlorobenzene	5.Q	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
_	Ethylbenzene	5.0	ug/L	< 5.0	< 5.0		
	-		-		_		

1.2-Dichlorobenzene Notes:

Xylenes (total)

1.3-Dichlorobenzene

1.4-Dichlorobenzene

Dilution factor indicates the adjustments made for sample dilution.

5.0

10.

10:

10.

ug/L

ug/L

ug/L

ug/L

EPA 624:

GTEL Milford, NH M5100553

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- -

< 5.0

< 10.

< 10.

< 10.

Page: 1

< 5.0

< 10.

< 10.

< 10.

GTEL Client ID:

041000297

Login Number:

M5100553

Project ID (number): 041000297

041600007

Project ID (name):

PALL CORPORATION GLEN COVE. NY

Method: EPA 6Z4

Matrix: Aqueous

 GTEL Sample Number	M5100553-06	M5100553-07	•••	-,
Client ID	HW-6P	PUMP SAMPLE		• •
Date Sampled	10/26/95	10/26/95		••
Date Analyzed	11/08/95	11/08/95		• •
 Dilution Factor	1.00	1.00		.,

Reporting

Analyte Limit Units Concentration:

Notes: (continued)

"Test Procedures for Analysis of Organic Pollutants", Code of Federal Regulations, 400FR Part 136, Appendix A. Analyte list modified to include additional compounds.

M5100553-06:

See Report Notes.

M5100653-07:

See Report Notes.

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GTEL Milford, NH M5100553

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