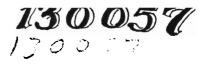


NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REMEDIATION



SITE INVESTIGATION INFORMATION

Cherry Lane Lithography 5. REGION 6. CLASSIFICATION	130057 CURRENT	Plainview/Oyster Bay	Nassau				
	CURRENT						
5. REGION 6. CLASSIFICATION	CURRENT 4						
	CURRENT 4						
1 CURRENT 4 PROPOSED D2 MODIFY							
7. LOCATION OF SITE (Attach U.S.G.S. Topographic Map showing site location)							
a. Quadrangle <u>Huntington</u>							
b. Site Latitude _40_• _47_' _17_" Site Longitude _73_• _28_' _03_"							
c. Tax Map Numbers Section 13. Block 83. Lot 48							
d. Site Street Address 30 Commercial Court, Plainview, NY 11803							
8. BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE SITE (Attach site plan showing disposal/sampling locations)							
Cherry Lane Lithography was formerly located at 30 Commercial Court in Plainview. They discharged lithographic plate rinse water and photopolymers to their leaching pools for approximately 25 years. Subsequently, all four cesspools were pumped out, cleaned and filled. 850 tons of stained soils were removed from pool							
a. Area _<1 acres b. EPA ID Number							
c. Completed ()Phase I ()Phase II () PSA ()RI/FS ()PA/SI (x)Other							
9. HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED (Include EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers)							
Trichloroethylene (F002) Ethylbenzene (F003) Tetrachloroethylene (F002) Xylene (F003) Toluene(F005) Toluene(F005)							
10, ANALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE							
a. ()Air (x)Groundwater ()Surface Water ()Sediment (x)Soil (x)Waste ()Leachate ()EPTox ()TCLP b. Contravention of Standards or Guidance Values							
At 6-17 ppm, xylene is present in soil at a levels exceeding the Recommended Soil Cleanup Objective of 1.2 ppm for xylene.							
11. CONCLUSION							
Groundwater and soil sampling has revealed that the minor amount of contamination in the soil is at inconsequential levels. There has been no impact to groundwater and the possibility of direct contact is remote since the contaminated soil is 20-25 feet below the ground surface. A bentonite and asphalt cap will minimize/eliminate possible infiltration. No further remedial action or monitoring is required.							
12. SITE DATA							
a. Nearest Surface Water: Distanceft.	Direction	Classification					
b. Nearest Groundwater: Depth 75 ft. Flow Direction S (x)Sole Source ()Primary ()Principal							
c. Nearest Water Supply: Distanceft. Direction Active ()Yes ()No							
d. Nearest Building: Distance0ft.	Directionon-site_	Usevacant					
e. In State Economic Development Zone?	()Y (x)N	i. Controlled Site Access?	()Y (x)N				
f. Crops or livestock on site?	()Y (x)N	j. Exposed hazardous waste?	()Y (x)N				
g. Documented fish or wildlife mortality?	()Y (x)N	k. HRS Scoren/a					
h. Impact on special status fish or wildlife resource?	()Y (x)N	I. For Class 2: Priority Categoryn/a	-				
13. SITE OWNER'S NAME	14. ADDRESS		15. TELEPHONE NUMBER				
William Citterbart	1478 Old Country Road	I, Plainview, NY 11803					
16. PREPARER - 17. APPROVED Signature Date							
Elaine M. Zuk, EG2, DHWR, BHSC							
Name, Title, Organization Name, Title, Organization							

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REMEDIATION 3/30/95 INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL REPORT

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: TYPE

-----xylene, ethylbenzene (F003 Waste) toluene (F005 Waste) perchlorethene, (F002 Waste) trichloroethene (F002 Waste) trichloroethane (F002 Waste)

QUANTITY (units)

----unknown unknown unknown unknown unknown

SITE CODE: 130057

ANALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE: Air- Surface Water- Groundwater-X Soil-X Sediment-

CONTRAVENTION OF STANDARDS: Groundwater- Drinking Water- Surface Water-

face Water- Air-

LEGAL ACTION:

TYPE..:State-Federal-STATUS:Negotiation in Progress-Order Signed-

REMEDIAL ACTION:

Proposed- Under design- In Progress- Completed-X NATURE OF ACTION: removal of cesspool and contaminated soil

GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION: SOIL TYPE: sand GROUNDWATER DEPTH: 75 feet

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS:

A majority of the contaminated soil was removed, however due to physical constraints, excavation of all the stained soil was not possible. It has been determined that the contamination remaining poses no threat to public health or the environment. There are no environmental problems remaining at this site associated with the disposal of hazardous waste.

ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Direct contact with contaminants at this site is unlikely since the contamination is sub-surface. The August 1994 Groundwater investigation did not reveal any impacts on groundwater.

TABLE 1

Residual Contamination Compared to Cleanup Objectives Values in ppb

COMPOUND	22'	30-40'	70'	RSCO
TCE	(24	ND	ND	700
PCE	.154	ND	ND	1,400
Toluene	330	ND	ND	1,500
Ethylbenzene	1,400	ND	ND	5,500
Total Xylenes	17,000	ND	ND	1,200

SAMPLE DEPTH

ND = not detected

All of the contaminants except one (xylenes) are well below the Recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives. These RSCO's are generic values designed to protect groundwater quality. All of the compounds of concern drop off to non-detectable below the bottom of the excavation. Based on the depth to groundwater (50 feet below the bottom of the residual contamination) these values are expected to be protective of groundwater with a wider margin for error than intended. Additionally, the total xylenes remaining are below the Human Health Guidance Value for total xylenes of 2.0×10^8 ppb.

Due to the remote nature of the residual contamination, (below 20+ feet of clean fill) and due to the depth of the water table, the remediation is considered to be adequate for this location. It is recommended, as stated previously, that the area of the excavation be paved with asphalt and that the asphalt "cap" be supplemented with a four inch bentonite layer or other low permeability liner to minimize the infiltration of precipitation and run-off. Additionally, since the level of xylenes still present at the site after the excavation of the contaminated soil is well above the recommended cleanup objective of 1.2 ppm, at least one monitoring well should be installed and a monitoring program established. The monitoring well will ensure the protection of groundwater from any possible future migration of contaminants from the site.