APPENDIX G HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN & COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Former Columbia Smelting a.k.a. Red Hook Recreation Area Ball Fields 5 – 8 and Ball Field 9

Kings County Brooklyn, New York

Prepared for:

City of New York Parks & Recreation Capital Projects Division Olmsted Center Flushing Meadows-Corona Park Flushing, New York 11368

Prepared by:



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TRC Project No. 246184

November 2021



Table of Contents

1.0	INTRODUCTION
2.0	POTENTIAL HAZARDS
2.1	CHEMICAL HAZARDS
2.2	OTHER HEALTH AND SAFETY RISKS
3.0	RISK MANAGEMENT
3.1	WORK EXCLUSION ZONES
3.2	PERSONAL PROTECTION
3.3	AIR MONITORING
3.4	WORKER TRAINING
3.5	GENERAL SAFETY PRACTICES
3.6	ENFORCEMENT
3.7	REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING
4.0	EMERGENCIES
4.1	EMERGENCY RESPONSE SERVICES
4.2	EMERGENCY PROCEDURES
5.0	HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN REFERENCES
6.0	KEY PERSONNEL

TABLE 1 - EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

FIGURE 1 - HOSPITAL MAP

ATTACHMENT A - SAFETY DATA SHEETS

ATTACHMENT B - INCIDENT REPORTING FORMS



1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Health and Safety Plan (HASP) is developed for use during construction activities for Red Hook Recreation Area Ball Fields 5 through 8 and Ball field 9. The current site consists of a public park (Ball Fields 5 through 8 overlain with Soccer Field 7 and Ball Field 9) and associated planting strips as part of the Red Hook Recreation Area. The HASP is to be enforced by Contractor's Project Health and Safety Manager, the on-site Health & Safety Coordinator (HSC), or their assignee. The on-Site HSC will interact with the Project Manager and is vested with the authority to make field decisions including the termination of on-Site activities if an imminent health and safety hazard, condition or related concern arises. Information and protocol in the HASP is applicable to all on-site personnel who will be entering the designated work zone.

2.0 POTENTIAL HAZARDS

2.1 Chemical Hazards

The known chemicals of concern, based on the findings of a previous environmental site investigations, are various semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) and metals detected in soil above the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) soil cleanup objectives and above USEPA Removal Management Levels (RMLs). Additionally, SVOCs and metals detected in groundwater above ambient water quality standards.

During the construction activities below the demarcation layer, the contractor shall operate as if there is a potential hazard from the above-listed compounds. Physical properties and toxicological information is included in Appendix A – SDS Sheets.

2.2 Other Health & Safety Risks

Normal physical hazards associated with using excavation equipment and hand tools as well as hazards associated with adverse climatic conditions (heat & cold) or physical site-related debris represent a certain degree of risk to be assumed by on-site personnel.

Certain provisions in this Plan, specifically the use of personnel protective equipment, may tend to increase the risk of physical injury, as well as susceptibility to cold or heat stress. This is primarily due to restrictions in dexterity, hearing, sight, and normal body heat transfer inherent in the use of protective gear.



3.0 RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Work Exclusion Zones

The work scope will include various construction activities. All work activities conducted will establish a work exclusion zone. Access to this area will be limited to properly trained, protected personnel directly involved with the work. Enforcement of the personnel health and safety requirements within the work exclusion zone boundaries is the responsibility of the on-site Health & Safety Coordinator (HSC) or his/her properly trained assignee.

3.2 Personnel Protection

Health and safety regulatory agency guidance has developed different levels of personnel protection to deal with differing degrees of potential risks of exposure to chemical constituents. The levels are designated as A, B, C, and D and are ranked according to the amount of personnel protection afforded by each level. Level A is the highest level of protection and Level D is the lowest level of protection.

The different levels are primarily dependent upon the degree of respiratory protection necessary, in conjunction with appropriate protective clothing. Levels of protection mandate a degree of respiratory protection. However, flexibility exists within the lower levels (B, C, and D) concerning proper protective clothing.

The four levels of protection were developed for use in situations which involve suspected or known atmospheric and/or environmental hazards including airborne contamination and skin- affecting substances. It is anticipated that all of the work will be performed using Level D protection (no respiratory protection with protective clothing requirements limited to long sleeved shirts, long pants or coveralls, work gloves and steel-toe leather work boots).

Level D may be modified by the HSC to include protective clothing or equipment (Saran-coated disposable coveralls or PVC splash suits, safety glasses, hard hat with face shield, and chemically resistant boots) based upon physical hazards, skin contact concerns, and real-time monitoring.

3.3 Air Monitoring

The HSC or his/her properly trained assignee will conduct 'Real-time' air monitoring for total particulates. 'Real-time' monitoring refers to the utilization of instrumentation, which yields immediate measurements. The use of real time monitoring helps determines immediate or long-term risks to on-site personnel, the appropriate level of personnel respiratory protection necessary, and actions to mitigate the recognized hazard. The CAMP will be developed and implemented in accordance with the NYSDEC Division of Environmental Remediation DER-10 Appendix 1A (New York State Department of Health Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan).



3.3.1. Particulate Monitoring

A. Instrumentation

Dust particulates in air will be monitored using DustTrak II Aerosol Monitor 8530 (DustTrak) or equivalent. The DustTrak is capable of measuring airborne dust particles within the range of 10 to 100,000 micrograms per cubic meter (μ g/m³). Particulate monitoring will take place during all soil disturbance activities including, but not limited to, removal of existing Site soil, clearing, grubbing, demolition, excavation, grading, placement of excavated material in storage piles (or containers), loading of transport vehicles, and any other activities which may generate visible dust emissions from on-site soil or materials.

Electronic file copies of air dust monitoring instrument recorded data (15-minute averages) and any instantaneous measured levels shall be maintained and provided to DPR when requested. Dust monitoring data will be downloaded electronically on a daily basis and made accessible to the Contractor, Resident Engineer, Design Engineer, and DPR. The results of the community air monitoring will be made accessible to DEP and included in the Professional Engineer (P.E.) certified Remedial Closure Report.

Dust control measures shall be implemented when necessary to eliminate visible dust from leaving the Site and not exceed CAMP action levels. This includes but is not limited to use of a potable water truck with a water spreader bar across disturbed or exposed soil areas and roadways, wetting equipment and excavation faces, spraying water on excavator buckets during excavation and dumping. Other dust controls include wind blocks, dust curtains, tarps over soil stockpiles and truck loads, restricting vehicle speeds to less than 10 mph, covering inactive excavation areas, and the proper sequencing and staging of soil disturbance activities to minimize the combined size of such exposed soil areas at any one time.

Within 24 hours of any CAMP monitoring equipment malfunctioning or not operating properly, the Third-Party Independent Environmental Monitor shall obtain a functioning replacement unit at the Site for use. The CAMP shall have a contingency plan, including the names and phone numbers of several rental monitoring equipment providers, in place for such equipment failure occurrences. No disturbance of existing on-site soil shall occur without the performance of community air monitoring.

B. Application

Three (3) perimeter continuous ambient air dust monitoring stations will be provided and operated at the work site during the above-specified periods: one (1) station will be located at property perimeter upwind of work activities and two (2) stations will be located at the property perimeter downwind of work activities. The HSC or his assignee will perform the monitoring. If particulate levels in the work zone are 100 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu g/m^3$) greater than background, dust suppression techniques shall be employed, and the current level of protection will be re-assessed.

If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is $100 \mu g/m^3$ greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area,



then dust suppression techniques must be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques provided that downwind PM-10 particulate levels do not exceed $150~\mu g/m^3$ above the upwind level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.

If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than 150 $\mu g/m^3$ above the upwind level, work must be stopped, and a re-evaluation of work activities initiated. Work can resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within 150 $\mu g/m^3$ of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

3.4 Worker Training

In accordance with the project Environmental Health and Safety specification, all Contractor and subcontractor personnel on-site during any and all activities which include disturbance of existing Site soils, shall be subject to a medical monitoring and respiratory training and protection program. All such personnel shall also have current training in hazardous waste operations and emergency response in accordance with the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120.

Prior to any work, all workers involved with the project should be aware of the potential chemical, physical and biological hazards discussed in this document, as well as the general safety practices outlined below. A safety briefing by the on-site HSC and/or assistant assignee shall take place at the outset of different work activities.

The HSC will be available to address environmentally-related health and safety issues a site worker (such as an equipment operator or laborer) may have regarding the site conditions. Once an issue is brought to the HSC's attention, he or she will evaluate the issue and apply the procedures outlined in this Health and Safety Plan.

3.5 General Safety Practices

The following safety practices shall be followed by all project personnel.

- Avoid unnecessary skin exposure to subsurface materials. Sleeved shirts tucked into long pants (or coveralls), work gloves, and steel-toe leather work boots are required unless modified gear is approved by the HSC. Remove any excess residual soil from clothes prior to leaving the Site.
- No eating, drinking, gum or tobacco chewing, or smoking allowed in designated work areas. Thoroughly wash hands prior to these activities outside the work area. Avoid sitting on the ground during breaks or while eating and drinking. Thoroughly wash all exposed body areas at the end of the workday.
- Some symptoms of acute exposure include: dizziness, light-headedness, drowsiness, headache, and nose/eye/skin irritation. If these symptoms are



experienced or strong odor is detected, leave the work area and immediately report the incident to the on-site HSC.

3.6 Enforcement

Enforcement of the Health and Safety Plan will be the responsibility of the HSC or the assignee. The HSC should be on-site as needed, based on the work being performed. The HSC performs or directly oversees all aspects of the Health and Safety Plan including: air monitoring; personnel respiratory and skin protection; general safety practices; documentation; emergency procedures and protocol; and reporting and recordkeeping as described below.

3.7 Reporting & Recordkeeping.

Incidents involving injury, symptoms of exposure, discovery of contained (potentially hazardous) materials, or unsafe work practices and/or conditions should be immediately reported to the HSC. If an incident occurs, it should be reported on the forms in Attachment B.

A logbook must be maintained on-site to document all aspects of HASP enforcement. The log shall be paginated and dated with entries made on a daily basis in waterproof ink, initialed by the HSC or assignee. Log entries should include date and time of instrument monitoring, instrument type, measurement method, test results, calibration and maintenance information, as well as appropriate mitigative actions responding to detections. Miscellaneous information to be logged may include weather conditions, reported complaints or symptoms, regulatory inspections, and reasons to upgrade personnel protection above the normal specification (Level D).

4.0 EMERGENCIES

4.1 EMERGENCY RESPONSE SERVICES

A list of emergency contact information and DPR project contacts is presented in Table 1. Additionally, Figure 1 (attached) illustrates the fastest route to the nearest hospital (New York Methodist Hospital located at 506 6th Street, Brooklyn, New York, 11215). Both Table 1 and Figure 1 must be conspicuously posted in areas of worker congregation and adjacent to all on-site telephones (if any).



4.2 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

4.2.1 Contact or Exposure to Suspected Hazardous Materials

In the event of a fire, chemical discharge, medical emergency, workers are instructed to immediately notify the HSC and proper emergency services (posted). Should physical contact with unknown or questionable materials occur, immediately wash the affected body areas with clean water and notify the HSC. Anyone experiencing symptoms of exposure should exit the work area, notify the HSC, and seek medical attention.

4.2.2 Ingress/egress

Clear paths of ingress/egress to work zones and site entrances/exits must be maintained at all times. Unauthorized personnel are restricted from accessing the site.

5.0 HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN REFERENCES

- 1. American Conference Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1989; Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 111 Pp.
- 2. NIOSH Guide To Chemical Hazards, 2002, US Department Of Health And Human Services, Centers For Disease Control
- 3. US Department Of Labor Occupational Safety & Health Administration, 1989; Hazardous Waste Operations And Emergency Response Interim Final Rule, 29 CFR Part 1910

6.0 KEY PERSONNEL

Responsibility	Name and Phone Number	Task Description
Project Manager (PM)	To Be Provided after contractor	Oversee and coordinate all
	selection	technical aspects for the
		project
Site Supervisor	To Be Provided after contractor	Oversee and coordinate all
	selection	on-site operations for the
		project
Site Health and Safety	To Be Provided after contractor	Coordinate and inspect all
Officer	selection	health and safety operations
		from the project site
Alternate Site Health	To Be Provided after contractor	Coordinate and inspect all
and Safety Officer	selection	health and safety operations
		from the project site
Preparer	TRC Engineers, Inc. / (212)	HASP Preparer
	221-7822	



Table 1 Emergency Contact Information

	Emergency Contact Information				
Site Name:	Site Name: Former Columbia Smelting a.k.a Red Hook Recreation Area Ball Fields 5, 6, 7, and 8, and Ball Field 9				
Site Address:	Site Kings County, Brooklyn, New York 11231				
Projec	Project Client Contact/Title Office Phone Number Cellular Phone Number				
	YC Parks Dept. Director of al Remediation	(718) 760-6748		NA	
	Emergeno	cy Telephone Numbers			
	Service	Emergency Telephone Numbers		Direct Telephone Numbers	
Police: New	York Police Department	Emergency: 911		NYPD – 94th Precinct (718) 383-3879	
Fire: Fire De	epartment of New York			(718) 999-2000	
Nearest Hos	spital: New York ospital – 506 6th Street,			(718) 963-8000	
Ambulance: Service	Transcare Ambulance			(718) 369-0839	
Poison Control		_		800-222-1222 Local Number: (212) 689- 9014	
CHEMTRE Exposure Re	<u>C</u> : Hazardous Materials sponse	(800) 424-9300	(80	00) 424-9300	
	sponse Center nours/day by the US Coast	(800) 424-8802	(80	00) 424-8802	
NYSDEC S	pills Hotline	(800) 457-7362	(80	00) 457-7362	

Note: The contact information for key project personnel including the Contractor's Project Health and Safety Manager and the on-site Health & Safety Coordinator (HSC), will be established following Contractor selection.



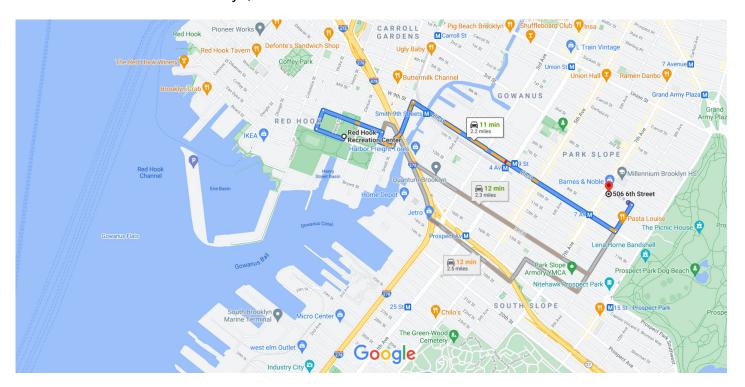
Figure 1 Hospital Location & Directions





Red Hook Recreation Center to 506 6th Street, Brooklyn, NY

Drive 2.2 miles, 11 min



Map data ©2021 Google 1000 ft ∟

Red Hook Recreation Center

155 Bay St, Brooklyn, NY 11231

Take Bay St and Lorraine St to FF Ronnie L. Henderson Way/Smith St

,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		- 3 min (0.7 mi)
1	1.	Head west on Bay St toward Henry St	3 111111 (0.7 1111)
			0.1 mi
L	2.	Turn right onto Hicks St	
			0.1 mi
L	3.	Turn right onto Lorraine St	
			0.3 mi
L	4.	Turn right onto Court St	
			249 ft
4	5.	Turn left onto Creamer St	
			367 ft
Take	9th	St to 8th Ave	
			8 min (1.4 mi)
4	6.	Turn left onto FF Ronnie L. Henderson St	Way/Smith
	0	Continue to follow Smith St	

0.2 mi

1 min (0.2 mi)

108 ft

L	7.	Turn right onto 9th St	
			– 1.2 mi
Cont	inue	on 8th Ave. Drive to 6th St	

8. Turn left onto 8th Ave 0.2 mi 9. Turn left at the 3rd cross street onto 6th St

506 6th St

Brooklyn, NY 11215

These directions are for planning purposes only. You may find that construction projects, traffic, weather, or other events may cause conditions to differ from the map results, and you should plan your route accordingly. You must obey all signs or notices regarding your route.

Attachment A
Safety Data Sheets









Material Safety Data Sheet Antimony MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Antimony

Catalog Codes: SLA1453, SLA4462

CAS#: 7440-36-0

RTECS: CC4025000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Antimony

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Stibium

Chemical Name: Not available.

Chemical Formula: Sb

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: **1-800-901-7247**

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name	CAS#	% by Weight
Antimony	7440-36-0	100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Antimony: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 7000 mg/kg [Rat].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, mucous membranes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eve Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: May be combustible at high temperature.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not available.

Flash Points: Not available.

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Some metallic oxides.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not available.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume hood. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. In

case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 0.5 Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid.

Odor: Not available.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 121.75 g/mole

Color: Not available.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: 1635°C (2975°F)

Melting Point: 630°C (1166°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 6.691 (Water = 1)
Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.
Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available. Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available. **Solubility:** Insoluble in cold water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available. **Conditions of Instability:** Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Not available.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 7000 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans: Causes damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver,

mucous membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Human: passes through the placenta, excreted in maternal milk.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 6.1: Poisonous material.

Identification: : Antimony powder UNNA: UN2871 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Antimony Massachusetts RTK: Antimony TSCA 8(b) inventory: Antimony

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC): R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 1
Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

Created: 10/11/2005 11:19 AM

Last Updated: 05/21/2013 12:00 PM

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall ScienceLab.com be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if ScienceLab.com has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Version 5.0 Revision Date 29.10.2012

Print Date 19.04.2017

GENERIC EU MSDS - NO COUNTRY SPECIFIC DATA - NO OEL DATA

IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifiers

1.

Product name : Arsenic

Product Number : 267961 Brand : Aldrich

Index-No. : 033-001-00-X CAS-No. : 7440-38-2

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich Israel Ltd.

3 PARK RABIN, PLAUT 7670603 REHOVOT

ISRAEL

Telephone : +972 8948-4222 Fax : +972 8948-4200

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +972 (8) 948-4222

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1) Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1) Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3) Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3)

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Toxic by inhalation and if swallowed. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogram

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/

physician.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.

Hazard symbol(s)

R-phrase(s)

R23/25 Toxic by inhalation and if swallowed.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

S-phrase(s)

S20/21 When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

S28 After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water.
S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately

(show the label where possible).

S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/ Safety

data sheets.

2.3 Other hazards - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula : As

Molecular Weight : 74,92 g/mol

Component	Concentration	
Arsenic		
CAS-No.	7440-38-2	-
EC-No.	231-148-6	
Index-No.	033-001-00-X	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Absorption into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin which in sufficient concentration causes cyanosis. Onset may be delayed 2 to 4 hours or longer.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

Aldrich - 267961 Page 2 of 7

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Arsenic oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

no data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

7.3 Specific end uses

no data available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Aldrich - 267961 Page 3 of 7

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Immersion protection Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: > 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril® (Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash protection Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: > 30 min

Material tested:Dermatril® (Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 873000, e-mail sales@kcl.de,

test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an Industrial Hygienist familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N99 (US) or type P2 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: powder

Colour: grey

b) Odour no data availablec) Odour Threshold no data availabled) pH no data available

e) Melting point/freezing

point

Melting point/range: 817 °C - lit.

f) Initial boiling point and

boiling range

613 °C - lit.

g) Flash point not applicableh) Evaporation rate no data available

i) Flammability (solid, gas) no data available

l) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits no data available

k) Vapour pressure no data available
 l) Vapour density no data available
 m) Relative density 5,727 g/mL at 25 °C
 n) Water solubility no data available

o) Partition coefficient: n-

no data available

octanol/water

p) Autoignition no data available

temperature

q) Decomposition no data available

temperature

r) Viscosity no data availables) Explosive properties no data available

t) Oxidizing properties no data available

9.2 Other safety information

no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat. Exposure to air may affect product quality.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, Halogens, Palladium undergoes a violent reaction with arsenic, Zinc, Platinum oxide, Nitrogen trichloride, Bromine azide

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - no data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - rat - 763 mg/kg

Remarks: Behavioral: Ataxia. Diarrhoea

LD50 Oral - mouse - 145 mg/kg

Remarks: Behavioral:Ataxia. Diarrhoea

Inhalation: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

This is or contains a component that has been reported to be carcinogenic based on its IARC, OSHA, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

IARC: 1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Arsenic)

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

Aldrich - 267961 Page 5 of 7

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Absorption into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin which in sufficient concentration causes cyanosis. Onset may be delayed 2 to 4 hours or longer.

Additional Information

RTECS: CG0525000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 9,9 mg/l - 96,0 h

Toxicity to daphnia and

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 3,8 mg/l - 48 h

other aquatic invertebrates

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

12.6 Other adverse effects

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1558 IMDG: 1558 IATA: 1558

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ARSENIC IMDG: ARSENIC IATA: Arsenic

Aldrich - 267961 Page 6 of 7

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1 IATA: 6.1

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture no data available

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

no data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

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The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

Aldrich - 267961 Page 7 of 7

Barium Metal

MSDS # 84.00



HMIS (0 to 4) Health

Fire Hazard

Reactivity

Section 1: **Product and Company Identification**

Barium Metal

Synonyms/General Names: Barium **Product Use:** For educational use only

Manufacturer: Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc., Columbus, WI 53925.

24 Hour Emergency Information Telephone Numbers

CHEMTREC (USA): 800-424-9300 CANUTEC (Canada): 613-424-6666

ScholAR Chemistry; 5100 W. Henrietta Rd, Rochester, NY 14586; (866) 260-0501; www.Scholarchemistry.com

Hazards Identification Section 2:

Soft, silvery, lustrous metal immersed in heavy mineral oil; no odor.

WARNING! Flammable solid, dangerous when wet, highly toxic by ingestion.

Flammable solid, keep away from all ignition sources. Contact with water produces flammable gas.

Target organs: Central nervous system, kidneys.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Section 3: **Composition / Information on Ingredients**

Barium Metal (7440-39-3), 100%

Section 4: **First Aid Measures**

Always seek professional medical attention after first aid measures are provided.

Eves: Immediately flush eyes with excess water for 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Skin: Immediately flush skin with excess water for 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing.

Ingestion: Call Poison Control immediately. Rinse mouth with cold water. Give victim 1-2 tbsp of activated charcoal mixed

with 8 oz water.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Section 5:

Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable solid. When heated to decomposition, emits acrid fumes and explosive hydrogen gas.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: Do Not Use carbon dioxide, foam, water or halogenated extinguishing agents. Use class D extinguisher or smother with dry sand, dry clay, dry ground limestone or dry graphite. Firefighters should wear full fire fighting turn-out gear and respiratory protection (SCBA). Material is not sensitive to mechanical impact or static discharge.



Section 6: **Accidental Release Measures**

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all ignition sources and ventilate area. Sweep up spill and place material in a dry container for disposal. See Section 13 for disposal information.

Section 7: **Handling and Storage** Red

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation and do not breathe dust or vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Storage: Store in Flammable Area [Red Storage] with other flammable materials and away from any strong oxidizers. Store in a dedicated flammables cabinet. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated, locked store room away from incompatible materials.

Section 8: **Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

Use ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits. Have approved eyewash facility, safety shower, and fire extinguishers readily available. Wear chemical splash goggles and chemical resistant clothing such as gloves and aprons. Wash hands thoroughly after handling material and before eating or drinking. Use NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust cartridge. Exposure guidelines: Barium compounds: OSHA PEL: 0.5 mg/m³ and ACGIH TLV: 0.5 mg/m³, STEL: N/A.

Physical and Chemical Properties

Molecular formula Ba. Appearance Silver metal in heavy mineral oil.

Molecular weight137.33.OdorNo odor.Specific Gravity3.62 g/mL @ 20°C..Odor ThresholdN/A.

Vapor Density (air=1)N/A.SolubilityReacts violently with water.Melting Point850°C.Evaporation rateN/A (Butyl acetate = 1).

Boiling Point/Range 1695°C. **Partition Coefficient** N/A $(log P_{OW})$.

Vapor Pressure (20°C) N/A. pH N/A.
Flash Point: N/A. UEL N/A.
Autoignition Temp.: N/A. LEL N/A.

N/A = Not available or applicable

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Avoid heat and ignition sources

Section 9:

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Incompatibility: Water, acids, chlorine, iodine, bromine and oxidizing agents.

Shelf life: Indefinite if stored properly.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Symptoms/Signs of exposure: *Eyes*: Stinging pain, burns, watering of eyes, inflammation of eyelids and conjunctivitis. Avoid looking at burning magnesium. *Skin*: Irritation, redness, burns. Powdered metal ignites readily on skin causing burns. *Ingestion*: Nausea, vomiting and headache. *Inhalation*: Rapid irregular breathing, headache, burns to mucous membranes. Inhalation of dust or fumes causes metal fume fever.

Chronic Effects: Repeated/prolonged skin contact may cause dryness or rashes.

Sensitization: none expected

Barium: LD50 [oral, rat]; Not Available; LC50 [rat]; Not Available; LD50 Dermal [rabbit]; Not Available Material has not been found to be a carcinogen nor produce genetic, reproductive, or developmental effects.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial): Ecological impact has not been determined

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Check with all applicable local, regional, and national laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national regulations. Use a licensed chemical waste disposal firm for proper disposal.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Shipping Name:Barium.Canada TDG:Barium .DOT Hazard Class:4.3, pg II.Hazard Class:4.3, pg II.Identification Number:UN1400.UN Number:UN1400.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

EINECS: Listed (231-149.1). WHMIS Canada: B6:D2B: Reactive Flammable: Toxic Material.

TSCA: All components are listed or are exempt. **California Proposition 65:** Not listed.

The product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Section 16: Other Information

Current Issue Date: January 23, 2009

Disclaimer: Scholar Chemistry and Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc., ("S&C") believes that the information herein is factual but is not intended to be all inclusive. The information relates only to the specific material designated and does not relate to its use in combination with other materials or its use as to any particular process. Because safety standards and regulations are subject to change and because S&C has no continuing control over the material, those handling, storing or using the material should satisfy themselves that they have current information regarding the particular way the material is handled, stored or used and that the same is done in accordance with federal, state and local law. S&C makes no warranty, expressed or implied, including (without limitation) warranties with respect to the completeness or continuing accuracy of the information contained herein or with respect to fitness for any particular use.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name 1,2-Benzanthracene

Cat No. : AC105250000; AC105250010; AC105252500

Synonyms Benzóa!anthracene; Tetraphene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

May cause cancer



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	99

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under

the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Call a physician immediately. Clean mouth with water.

Most important symptoms and

effects

No information available.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

Upper

Not applicable

No data available

Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards010N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions
Environmental Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. **Up**

	7. Handling and storage			
Handling	Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation.			
Storage	Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed.			

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Powder Solid

Appearance Beige

Odor Odorless
Odor Threshold No information available

pH No information available

Melting Point/Range 158 - 161 °C / 316.4 - 321.8 °F

Boiling Point/Range 437.6 °C / 819.7 °F Flash Point No information available Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas)

No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableVapor PressureNo information available

Vapor Density

Not applicable

Specific Gravity

No information available

Solubility
No information available
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
No data available

Autoignition Temperature Not applicable

Decomposition Temperature No information available

Viscosity Not applicable

Molecular FormulaC18 H12Molecular Weight228.29

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	Group 2B	Reasonably	A2	Х	A2
			Anticipated			

Mutagenic Effects Ames test: positive.

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters	EU - Endocrine Disruptors -	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor
	Candidate List	Evaluated Substances	Information
Benz[a]anthracene	Group III Chemical	Not applicable	Not applicable

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Benz[a]anthracene	Not listed	Not listed	EC50 = 0.26 mg/L 15 min	LC50: = 0.01 mg/L, 96h
				Static (Daphnia magna)
				EC50: = 0.0042 mg/L, 48h
				(Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ AccumulationNo information available.

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Benz[a]anthracene	5.61

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes	
Benz[a]anthracene - 56-55-3	U018	-	

14. Transport information

DOT Not regulated Not regulated

IATA

UN3077

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.*

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	Х	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

	Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
l	Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	-	Х	200-280-6	-	-	-	Х	-

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	99	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories Se

See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Benz[a]anthracene	-	-	-	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Not applicable

Health Administration

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability

Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs	
Benz[a]anthracene	10 lb	-	

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	Carcinogen	0.033 μg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Benz[a]anthracene	X	X	X	X	Х

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N

DOT Marine Pollutant N

DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 **Print Date** 19-Jan-2018

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020 Revision Number 2

1. Identification

Product Name Benzo[a]pyrene

Cat No.: 15856

CAS-No 50-32-8

Synonyms Benzo[def]chrysene.; 3,4-Benzopyrene; 3,4-Benzpyrene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Alfa Aesar

Thermo Fisher Scientific Chemicals, Inc.

30 Bond Street

Ward Hill, MA 01835-8099

Tel: 800-343-0660 Fax: 800-322-4757 **Email:** tech@alfa.com

www.alfa.com

Emergency Telephone Number

During normal business hours (Monday-Friday, 8am-7pm EST), call (800) 343-0660.

After normal business hours, call Carechem 24 at (866) 928-0789.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin SensitizationCategory 1Germ Cell MutagenicityCategory 1BCarcinogenicityCategory 1AReproductive ToxicityCategory 1B

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Wear protective gloves

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	> 96

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and

feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

Not applicable

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards210N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust

formation.

Environmental PrecautionsDo not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities

should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed

containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not

get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid dust formation.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Benzo[a]pyrene		TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³		

<u>Legend</u>

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StatePowder SolidAppearanceDark yellowOdoraromatic

Odor Threshold No information available

pH Not applicable

 Melting Point/Range
 175 - 179 °C / 347 - 354.2 °F

 Boiling Point/Range
 495 °C / 923 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point No information available

Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas)

No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableVapor PressureNo information available

Vapor Density Not applicable

Specific Gravity
Solubility
No information available
Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
No data available

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availaAutoignition TemperatureNot applicable

Decomposition TemperatureNo information available

ViscosityNot applicableMolecular FormulaC20H12Molecular Weight252.31

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Oxidizing agent

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information
Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020 Benzo[a]pyrene

Irritation No information available

May cause sensitization by skin contact Sensitization

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Group 1	Reasonably	A2	Х	A2
		· ·	Anticipated			

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program) NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

No information available. **Teratogenicity**

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

No information available **Aspiration hazard**

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters	EU - Endocrine Disruptors -	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor
	Candidate List	Evaluated Substances	Information
Benzo[a]pyrene	Group III Chemical	Not applicable	Not applicable

Other Adverse Effects

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Benzo[a]pyrene	6.06

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a

hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Benzo[a]pyrene - 50-32-8	U022	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Technical Name Benzo[a]pyrene

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

_ TDG

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Х	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	X	•	200-028-5	Х	1	-	Х	KE-05-0184

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	> 96	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Benzo[a]pyrene	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Benzo[a]pyrene	1 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

	Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Ī	Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Carcinogen	0.06 μg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Benzo[a]pyrene	X	X	Х	Х	Х

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Email: tech@alfa.com

www.alfa.com

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020 Print Date 14-Feb-2020

Revision Summary SDS authoring systems update, replaces ChemGes SDS No. 50-32-8/1.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



Safety Data Sheet Revision Date: 07/31/19

www.restek.com

2 Letter ISO country code/language code: US/EN

1. IDENTIFICATION

Catalog Number / Product Name: 31272 / Benzo(b)fluoranthene Standard

Company: Restek Corporation
Address: 110 Benner Circle
Bellefonte, Pa. 16823
Phone#: 814-353-1300

 Phone#:
 814-353-1300

 Fax#:
 814-353-1309

Emergency#:800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
703-527-3887 (Outside the US)

Email: www.restek.com

Revision Number: 11

Intended use: For Laboratory use only

2. HAZARD(S)IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:







GHS Hazard Symbols:

GHS Carcinogenicity Category 1B Classification: Flammable Liquid Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 3

GHS Signal

Word:

GHS Hazard:

Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

GHS

Precautions:

Safety Obtain special instructions before use.

Precautions: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilation and lighting equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

First AidIF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. **Measures:**IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media in section 5 for extinction.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container according to section 13 of the SDS.

Single Exposure Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure - STOT SE 3: H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target Organs:

No data available

Exposure Target Organs:

Repeated

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT

Chemical Name	CAS#	EINEC #	% Composition
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	99.9
benzo (b) fluoranthene	205-99-2	205-911-9	0.1

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not

breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get

medical attention immediately

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to Eyes:

prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical

attention.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical

attention if irritation develops or persists.

Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water Ingestion:

or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this SDS.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing

agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while

floating on the surface.

Fire and/or Explosion Hazards: Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of

ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a Class B fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and

flash back

Fire Fighting Methods and Protection: Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained

> toxic breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Use water spray/fog for cooling. Flammable component(s) of this

material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions and Equipment: Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow

personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this SDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the

expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill.

Methods for Clean-up: Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the

environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section 8 at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Technical Measures and Precautions: Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid

breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. Use

spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment

Storage Technical Measures and Conditions: Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from

incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s)

closed. Keep away from sources of ignition

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

United States: Chemical Name	CAS No.	IDLH	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA	OSHA Exposure Limit
Acetone	67-64-1	2500 ppm IDLH (10% LEL)	750 ppm STEL; 1782 mg/m3 STEL	500 ppm TWA; 1188 mg/m3 TWA	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA
benzo (b) fluoranthene	205-99-2	Not established	None Known	Not established	No data available

Personal Protection:

Engineering Measures: Local exhaust ventilation is recommended when generating excessive levels of

vapours from handling or thermal processing.

Respiratory Protection: No respiratory protection required under normal conditions of use. Provide

general room exhaust ventilation if symptoms of overexposure occur as explained

Section 3. A respirator is not normally required.

Eye Protection: Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this

product. Do not wear contact lenses.

Skin Protection: Wear protective gloves. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at

regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when

leaving work

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance, color: Depends upon product selection

Odor: Strong

Physical State:No data availablepH:Not applicableVapor Pressure:No data availableVapor Density:2.0 (air = 1)

Boiling Point (°C): 56.05 °C at 1013.25 hPa **Melting Point (°C):** -95.4 °C Melting Point

Flash Point (°F): 39

Flammability: Highly Flammable
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air: No data available
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air: No data available
Autoignition Temperature (°C): 465 deg C
Decomposition Temperature (°C): No data available
Specific Gravity: 0.7845 g/cm3 at 25 °C
Evaporation Rate: No data available

Odor Threshold: ND

Solubility: Complete; 100% Partition Coefficient: n-octanol in water: No data available

VOC % by weight: 99.9 Molecular Weight: 58.08

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: None known.

Materials to Avoid / Chemical Incompatiability: Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids Hazardous Decomposition Products: Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Target Organs Potentially Affected By Exposure: Eyes, Central nervous system stimulation,

Respiratory Tract, Skin

Chemical Interactions That Change Toxicity: None Known

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure:

Can cause minor respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, Inhalation Irritation:

and headache.

Skin Contact: Can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. **Eye Contact:** Can cause minor irritation, tearing and reddening.

Ingestion Irritation: May be harmful if swallowed.

Ingestion Toxicity: Harmful if swallowed. May cause systemic poisoning.

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity: Contains a probable or known human carcinogen.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defects.

Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause

minor respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue,

nausea, and headache.

Skin Contact: Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause minor

skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.

Component Toxicological Data:

NIOSH:

Inhalation:

Chemical Name CAS No. LD50/LC50

Acetone 67-64-1 Dermal LD50 Rabbit >15700 mg/kg; Inhalation

LC50 Rat 50100 mg/m3 8 h; Oral LD50 Rat

5800 mg/kg

Component Carcinogenic Data:

OSHA:

Chemical Name CAS No.

Benzo(b)fluoranthene 205-99-2 Present

ACGIH:

Chemical Name CAS No.

Benzo[b]fluoranthene 205-99-2 A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

Acetone 67-64-1 A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

NIOSH:

CAS No. **Chemical Name**

No data available

NTP:

Chemical Name CAS No.

No data available

IARC:

Chemical Name CAS No. Group No. Monograph 92 [2010]; 205-99-2 Group 2B

Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph

32 [1983]

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview: This material is not expected to be harmful to the ecology.

Mobility: No data Persistence: No data **Bioaccumulation:** No data Degradability: No data

Ecological Toxicity Data: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Description of Spent Product: Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste. Mixing

spent or discarded material with other materials may render the mixture hazardous. Perform a hazardous

waste determination on mixtures.

Disposal Methods: Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local,

or Provincial regulations.

Waste Disposal of Packaging: Comply with all Local, State, Federal, and Provincial

Environmental Regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

United States:

DOT Proper Shipping Name:
UN Number:
UN1090
Hazard Class:
Packing Group:

Acetone
UN1090
II

International:

IATA Proper Shipping Name:AcetoneUN Number:UN1090Hazard Class:3Packing Group:II

Marine Pollutant: No

Chemical Name	CAS#	Marine Pollutant	Severe Marine Pollutant
No data available			

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States: Chemical Name	CAS#	CERCLA	SARA 313	SARA EHS 313	TSCA
Acetone	67-64-1	Χ	-	-	X
benzo (b) fluoranthene	205-99-2	Χ	Χ	-	-

The following chemicals are listed on CA Prop 65:

Chemical Name	CAS#	Regulation
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	205-99-2	Prop 65 Cancer

State Right To Know Listing:

Chemical Name	CAS#	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	California
Acetone	67-64-1	X	X	Х	Χ
benzo (b) fluoranthene	205-99-2	X	X	Χ	Χ

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prior Version Date: 08/13/18

Other Information: Any changes to the SDS compared to previous versions are marked by a vertical

line in front of the concerned paragraph.

References: No data available

Disclaimer: Restek Corporation provides the descriptions, data and information contained

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and accepted at your risk.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name Cadmium

Cat No. : C3-500

CAS-No 7440-43-9

Synonyms No information available

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable solids Category 2 Acute oral toxicity Category 4 Acute dermal toxicity Category 4 Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and Mists Category 2 Germ Cell Mutagenicity Category 2 Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive Toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 1

Target Organs - Kidney, Blood.

Combustible dust Yes

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable solid

May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Fatal if inhaled

Harmful if swallowed

Harmful in contact with skin

May cause respiratory irritation

Suspected of causing genetic defects

May cause cancer

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Fire

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance

Evacuate area

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer and Reproductive Harm - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Cadmium

Cadmium	7440-43-9	100

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eve Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical **Skin Contact**

attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

> method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable. . Kidney disorders: May cause harm to the unborn child:

Blood disorders Treat symptomatically

Notes to Physician

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method -No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

Upper No data available No data available Lower Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Fine dust dispersed in air may ignite. Dust can form an explosive mixture in air. Pyrophoric properties of solids and liquids. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Highly toxic fumes

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Physical hazards Health **Flammability** Instability 0 N/A 4 1

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Environmental Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities

should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust **Up** formation.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid dust

formation. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Do not

ingest.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert

atmosphere.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Cadmium	TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.002 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 0.3 mg/m ³ Ceiling: 0.6 mg/m ³	IDLH: 9 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.002 mg/m ³
		(Vacated) STEL: 0.3 ppm TWA: 0.1 mg/m³		j
		TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ TWA: 5 µg/m³		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering MeasuresUse only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eve/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area

and clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding

stuffs.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateSolidAppearanceSilverOdorOdorless

Odor ThresholdNo information availablepHNo information availableMelting Point/Range321 °C / 609.8 °F

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Cadmium

Boiling Point/Range 765 °C / 1409 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point No information available

Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

No data available Upper Lower No data available No information available

Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Not applicable **Specific Gravity** 8.64 @ 25°C Insoluble in water Solubility

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available **Autoignition Temperature** No information available **Decomposition Temperature** No information available

Viscosity Not applicable

Molecular Formula Cd 112.40 **Molecular Weight**

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Avoid dust formation. Exposure to air or moisture over

prolonged periods.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Sulfur oxides

Hazardous Decomposition Products Highly toxic fumes

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Cadmium	LD50 = 2330 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	LC50 = 25 mg/m ³ (Rat) 30 min

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Group 1	Known	A2	X	A2

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer) IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program) NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects Possible risk of irreversible effects

Reproductive Effects Possible risk of impaired fertility. May cause harm to the unborn child.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Blood

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Kidney disorders: May cause harm to the unborn child: Blood disorders

delayed

,

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information



Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Cadmium	Not listed	LC50: 0.0004 - 0.003 mg/L,	Not listed	EC50: = 0.0244 mg/L, 48h
		96h (Pimephales promelas)		Static (Daphnia magna)
		LC50: = 0.016 mg/L, 96h		
		(Oryzias latipes)		
		LC50: = 21.1 mg/L, 96h		
		flow-through (Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		LC50: = 0.24 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: = 4.26 mg/L, 96h		
		semi-static (Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: = 0.002 mg/L, 96h		
		(Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: = 0.006 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss)		
		LC50: = 0.003 mg/L, 96h		

flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Persistence and Degradability

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

No information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLIDS, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Proper technical name
Hazard Class
Subsidiary Hazard Class
Packing Group
Cadmium
6.1
4.1

TDG

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.1 Packing Group

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.1 Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.1 Packing Group

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Cadmium	Х	Х	-	231-152-8	-		Χ	-	Χ	Х	KE-0439
											7

Legend:

X - Listed

- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.

Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b)

Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Cadmium	7440-43-9	100	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Compor	ent	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Cadmiu	n	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Cadmium	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

Component	Specifically Regulated Chemicals	Highly Hazardous Chemicals
Cadmium	5 μg/m³ TWA	-
	2.5 µg/m³ Action Level	

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Cadmium	10 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Carcinogen	0.05 μg/day	Developmental
		Developmental		Carcinogen
		Male Reproductive		

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Cadmium	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date17-Jan-2018Print Date17-Jan-2018

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET Cobalt (pieces)

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Cobalt (pieces)

Internal identification Replaces M-1000-035

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Exterior surface coating.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Kurt J Lesker Company

Manufacturer Kurt J Lesker Company

1925 Route 51

Jefferson Hills, PA 15025

+1 412-387-9200

Kurt J Lesker Company LTD

United Kingdom 15-16 Burgess Road

Hastings, East Sussex, TN35 4NR

England

Customer Service: +44 (0) 1424 458100

msds@lesker.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone North America [USA, Canada, Mexico]: 1-866-519-4752

Mainland China: (+86) 4001 2001 74 Europe: {int'l call prefix}-1-760-476-3961 Asia Pacific: {int'l call prefix}-1-760-476-3960

Middle East & Africa: {int'l call prefix}-1-760-476-3959

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 4 - H413

Label elements

Cobalt (pieces)

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/ doctor.

Contains Cobalt

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Cobalt 0 - 100%

CAS number: 7440-48-4

Classification

Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 4 - H413

The Full Text for all Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Rinse nose and mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist. In the event of any sensitization

symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Do not

induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.

Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any

sensitization symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove

contamination with soap and water or recognized skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention

if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Cobalt (pieces)

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact

may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards None known.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will

provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be

taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapors. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin

and eyes.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the

aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cobalt (pieces)

Methods for cleaning up Wear pro

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in

Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle

broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash

before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated

place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Cobalt

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 0.1 mg/m³ dust and fume

as Co

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 0.02 mg/m³

as Co A3

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans.

Cobalt (CAS: 7440-48-4)

Immediate danger to life 20 mg/m³ and health

Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Cobalt (pieces)

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection

It is recommended that chemical-resistant, impervious gloves are worn. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Respiratory protection

Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Solid.

Color Black.

Odor No characteristic odor.

Odor threshold

PH

Not applicable.

Melting point

Initial boiling point and range

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not applicable.

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

8.9 @ 25°C

Bulk density

Not available.

Cobalt (pieces)

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not applicable.

Molecular weight 58.69

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization There is evidence that the product can cause respiratory hypersensitivity.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Cobalt (pieces)

IARC carcinogenicityNone of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant. Solid.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Skin Contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact

may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 4 - H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not applicable.

Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Cobalt (pieces)

General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal

contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents.

Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

14. Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, DoT).

UN Number

Not applicable.

UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance

No.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

and the ibe code

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Cobalt (pieces)

CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Minnesota "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Inventories

US-TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

16. Other information

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Issued by HS&E Manager.

Cobalt (pieces)

Revision date 3/16/2017

Revision 5

Supersedes date 12/21/2015

SDS No. 4642

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

End of SDS

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.

Material Safety Data Sheet Copper, powder or dust

ACC# 05430

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Copper, powder or dust

Catalog Numbers: S93199, C431-500, C434-500

Synonyms: None.

Company Identification:

Fisher Scientific 1 Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information, call: 201-796-7100 Emergency Number: 201-796-7100

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
7440-50-8	Copper	100	231-159-6

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: red to brown powder.

Warning! Flammable solid. Can be explosive when exposed to heat or flames. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Causes eye and skin irritation. May cause lung damage. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal-fume fever. May cause liver and kidney damage.

Target Organs: Kidneys, liver, lungs.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Causes eye irritation.

Skin: Causes skin irritation. May cause skin discoloration.

Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause liver and kidney damage.

Inhalation: Dust is irritating to the respiratory tract. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count.

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause lung damage.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Get medical aid. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.

Notes to Physician: Individuals with Wilson's disease are more susceptible to chronic copper poisoning.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Dust can be an explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Flammable solid. May burn rapidly with flare burning effect. May re-ignite after fire is extinguished. Finely divided dusts may exhibit pyrophoric tendencies.

Extinguishing Media: Use dry sand, Met-L-X powder, or G-1 graphite powder. Contact professional fire-fighters immediately. Use dry sand, graphite powder, dry sodium chloride-based extinguishers. Dousing metallic fires with water may generate hydrogen gas, an extremely dangerous explosion hazard, particularly if fire is in a confined environment.

Flash Point: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable. **Explosion Limits, Lower:** Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 2; Instability: 0

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Sweep up, then place into a suitable container for disposal. Scoop up with a nonsparking tool, then place into a suitable container for disposal. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Remove all sources of ignition.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage: Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Do not expose to air.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local explosion-proof ventilation to keep airborne levels to acceptable levels.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Copper	0.2 mg/m3 TWA (fume); 1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist, as Cu)	1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist) 100 mg/m3 IDLH (dust, fume and mist)	0.1 mg/m3 TWA (fume); 1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist)

OSHA Vacated PELs: Copper: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (fume, dusts, mists as Cu)

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and

face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to minimize contact with skin.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Powder **Appearance:** red to brown

Odor: none reported **pH:** Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 1 mm Hg @1628C Vapor Density: Not available. Evaporation Rate:Not applicable.

Viscosity: Not applicable. **Boiling Point:** 2595 deg C

Freezing/Melting Point:1083 deg C

Decomposition Temperature:Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in water. **Specific Gravity/Density:** 8.92

Molecular Formula:Cu Molecular Weight:63.54

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Ignition sources, dust generation, moisture, exposure to air, excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Copper fumes. **Hazardous Polymerization:** Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7440-50-8: GL5325000; GL7440000; GL7590000

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7440-50-8: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No data available. **Teratogenicity:** No data available. **Reproductive Effects:** No data available.

Mutagenicity: No data available.

Neurotoxicity: No data available.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

US DOT		Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	METAL POWDERS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	METAL POWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Copper)
Hazard Class:	4.1	4.1
UN Number:	UN3089	UN3089
Packing Group:	II	II

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7440-50-8 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

CAS# 7440-50-8: 5000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is requir

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPO.

SARA Codes

CAS # 7440-50-8: immediate, delayed, fire.

Section 313

This material contains Copper (CAS# 7440-50-8, 100%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA. CAS# 7440-50-8 is listed as a Priority Pollutant under the Clean Water Act. CAS# 7440-50-8 is listed as a Toxic Pollutant under the Clean Water Act.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7440-50-8 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

Not available.

Risk Phrases:

Safety Phrases:

S 24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 7440-50-8: 0

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 7440-50-8 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of D2B, B4.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS# 7440-50-8 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 12/12/1997 **Revision #6 Date:** 3/16/2007

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Material Safety Data Sheet Dibenz[a,h]anthracene, 99% (UV-Vis)

ACC# 66416

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Dibenz[a,h]anthracene, 99% (UV-Vis)

Catalog Numbers: AC406430000, AC406430010, AC406432500

Synonyms: 1,2:5,6-Dibenz(a)anthracene.

Company Identification:

Acros Organics N.V. One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information in North America, call: 800-ACROS-01 For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	99	200-181-8

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: off-white solid.

Caution! May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Cancer suspect agent.

Target Organs: None known.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: May cause eye irritation. **Skin:** May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract. **Inhalation:** May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Chronic: May cause cancer in humans.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Get medical aid. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Ingestion: Get medical aid. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Extinguishing Media: Use agent most appropriate to extinguish fire. Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon

dioxide, or appropriate foam. **Flash Point:** Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable. **Explosion Limits, Lower:**Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 1; Flammability: 1; Instability: 0

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Provide ventilation.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Storage: Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	none listed	none listed	none listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Dibenz[a,h]anthracene: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid Appearance: off-white Odor: Not available. pH: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: Not available. Vapor Density: Not available. Evaporation Rate: Not available.

Viscosity: Not available. **Boiling Point:** Not available.

Freezing/Melting Point:265 deg C

Decomposition Temperature: Not available.

Solubility: Not available.

Specific Gravity/Density: Not available.

Molecular Formula:C22H14 Molecular Weight:278.34

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials, dust generation, excess heat, strong oxidants.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 53-70-3: HN2625000

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 53-70-3:

ACGIH: Not listed.

• California: carcinogen, initial date 1/1/88

NTP: Suspect carcinogenIARC: Group 2A carcinogen

Epidemiology: No information available. **Teratogenicity:** No information found

Reproductive Effects: No information found

Mutagenicity: No information found **Neurotoxicity:** No information found

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No data available. LC50 Neanthes are naceodentata = >1 ppm/96 hour in a static bioassay /Other conditions of bioassay not specified.

Environmental: Terrestrial: Expected to be immobile in soil. Aquatic: Expected to adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in water. Atmospheric: Expected to exist solely in the particulate phase in the ambient

atmosphere. Expected to biodegrade and bioconcentrate.

Physical: No information available.

Other: For more information, see "HANDBOOK OF ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND EXPOSURE DATA."

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed.

RCRA U-Series:

CAS# 53-70-3: waste number U063.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	DOT regulated - small quantity provisions apply (see 49CFR173.4)	DYE SOLID TOXIC NOS (DIBENZ(A,H)
Hazard Class:		6.1
UN Number:		UN3143
Packing Group:		II
Additional Info:		ANTHRACENE)

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 53-70-3 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

CAS# 53-70-3: 1 lb final RQ; 0.454 kg final RQ

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

Section 313

This material contains Dibenz[a,h]anthracene (CAS# 53-70-3, 99%),which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA. CAS# 53-70-3 is listed as a Priority Pollutant under the Clean Water Act.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 53-70-3 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

The following statement(s) is(are) made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water Act:

WARNING: This product contains Dibenz[a,h]anthracene, a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

California No Significant Risk Level: CAS# 53-70-3: 0.2 æg/day NSRL

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

ΤN

Risk Phrases:

R 45 May cause cancer.

R 50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety Phrases:

S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S 53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S 60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardou s waste.

S 61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions /safety data sheets.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 53-70-3: No information available.

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 53-70-3 is listed on Canada's NDSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of D2A.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS# 53-70-3 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 6/24/1999 **Revision #5 Date:** 11/20/2008

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.



Safety Data Sheet Revision Date: 06/04/19

www.restek.com

2 Letter ISO country code/language code: US/EN

1. IDENTIFICATION

Catalog Number / Product Name: 31279 / Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene Standard

Company:
Address:
Restek Corporation
110 Benner Circle
Bellefonte, Pa. 16823
Phone#:
814-353-1300

Fax#: 614-353-1300 Fax#: 814-353-1300

Emergency#:800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
703-527-3887 (Outside the US)

Email: www.restek.com

Revision Number: 11

Intended use: For Laboratory use only

2. HAZARD(S)IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:



GHS Hazard Symbols:

GHS Carcinogenicity Category 2

Classification:

GHS Signal Warning

Word:

GHS Hazard: Suspected of causing cancer.

GHS

Precautions:

Safety Obtain special instructions before use.

Precautions: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

First Aid IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Measures:

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container according to section 13 of the SDS.

Single No data available

Exposure Target Organs:

Repeated No data available

Exposure Target Organs:

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT

Chemical Name CAS #		EINEC#	% Composition	
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	200-838-9	99.9	
indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	205-893-2	0.1	

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not

breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get

medical attention immediately

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often.

Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician. Serious harm (damage) may result if treatment is delayed. Continue to flush eyes while awaiting medical

attention

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing, launder immediately, and discard

contaminated leather goods. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water

or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this SDS. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person

5. FIRE- FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical when fighting

fires. Water or foam may cause frothing if liquid is burning but it still may be a useful extinguishing agent if carefully applied to the surface of the fire. Do Not direct a stream of water into the hot burning liquid. Use

methods suitable to fight surrounding fire.

Fire and/or Explosion Hazards: No data.

Fire Fighting Methods and Protection: Use methods for the surrounding fire. **Hazardous Combustion Products:** Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions and Equipment: Exposure to the spilled material may be severely irritating or toxic. Follow

personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this SDS. Personal protective equipment needs must be evaluated based on information provided on this sheet and the special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred, and the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Never exceed any occupational exposure

limits.

Methods for Clean-up: Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the

environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section 8 at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal

evaluation.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Technical Measures and Precautions: Toxic or severely irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid

breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be

followed when handling this material.

Storage Technical Measures and Conditions: Store in a cool dry place. Isolate from incompatible materials.

Keep container closed when not in use

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

United States: Chemical Name	CAS No.	IDLH	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA	OSHA Exposure Limit
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	2300 ppm IDLH	None Known	50 ppm TWA	25 ppm TWA; 125 ppm STEL (15 min. TWA)
indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	Not established	None Known	Not established	No data available

Personal Protection:

Engineering Measures: Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required

when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure when handling this

product. General or local exhaust ventilation is the preferred means of protection.

Use a respirator if general room ventilation is not available or sufficient to

eliminate symptoms.

Eye Protection: Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this

product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash

station available.

Skin Protection: Avoid skin contact by wearing chemically resistant gloves, an apron and other

protective equipment depending upon conditions of use. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and

water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Eye disease Skin disease including eczema and sensitization Respiratory

disease including asthma and bronchitis

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance, color: Colorless Odor: Strong

Physical State:No data availablepH:Not applicableVapor Pressure:No data availableVapor Density:2.93 (air = 1)Boiling Point (°C):530 °CMelting Point (°C):-96.7 °C

Flash Point (°F):

Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:
Autoignition Temperature (°C):

Decomposition Temperature (°C):

No data available
556 deg C
No data available

Specific Gravity: 1.3254 - 1.3258 g/cm3 at 20 °C

Evaporation Rate:No data available

Odor Threshold: ND

Solubility: Moderate; 50-99% Partition Coefficient: n-octanol in water: No data available

VOC % by weight: 99.9

Molecular Weight: No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid:

Materials to Avoid / Chemical Incompatiability:
Hazardous Decomposition Products:

None known.Contamination High temperatures
Strong oxidizing agents Caustics (bases)
Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Routes of Entry: Inhalation Absorption Ingestion Skin contact Eye

contact

Target Organs Potentially Affected By Exposure: Skin, Cardiovascular System, Eyes, Liver

Chemical Interactions That Change Toxicity: None Known

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure:

Inhalation Irritation: Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea

and headache.

Inhalation Toxicity: Harmful! Can cause systemic damage (see "Target Organs)Inhalation may

cause severe central nervous system depression (including unconsciousness).

Skin Contact: Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns.

Skin Absorption: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic

damage.

Eye Contact: Contact with the eyes may cause moderate to severe eye injury. Eye contact

may result in tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible.

Ingestion Irritation: Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort,

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Ingestion Toxicity: Harmful if swallowed. May cause systemic poisoning.

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity: Contains a probable or known human carcinogen.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or any components

present at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defects.

Inhalation:

Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause

Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue,

nausea and headache.Harmful! Can cause systemic damage upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure (see

"Target Organs)

Skin Absorption: Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, harmful if

absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation

and systemic damage

Component Toxicological Data:

NIOSH:

Chemical Name CAS No. LD50/LC50

Methane, dichloro- 75-09-2 Inhalation LC50 Rat 53 mg/L 6 h

Component Carcinogenic Data:

OSHA:

Chemical Name CAS No.

Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene 193-39-5 Present
Methylene chloride 75-09-2 25 ppm TWA (8 hr.); 125 ppm STEL (15 min.);

12.5 ppm Action Level (see 29 CFR 1910.1051); effective date for respiratory protection for certain employers to acheive the 8-hour TWA PEL is August 31, 1998; the start up date to install engineering controls is December 10, 1998.; {OSHA - 29 CFR 1910

Specifically Regulate

ACGIH:

Chemical Name CAS No.

Dichloromethane 75-09-2 A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with

Unknown Relevance to Humans

NIOSH:

Chemical Name CAS No.

Methylene chloride 75-09-2 potential occupational carcinogen

NTP:

Chemical Name CAS No.

No data available

IARC:

Chemical NameCAS No.Group No.Monograph 110 [in preparation];75-09-2Group 2A

Monograph 110 [in preparation]; 75-09-2 Group 2A Monograph 71 [1999]
Monograph 92 [2010]; 193-39-5 Group 2B

Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph

32 [1983]

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview: Moderate ecological hazard. This product may be dangerous

to plants and/or wildlife. Keep out of waterways.

Mobility: No data
Persistence: No data
Bioaccumulation: No data
Degradability: No data

Ecological Toxicity Data: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Description of Spent Product: Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste. Mixing

spent or discarded material with other materials may render the mixture hazardous. Perform a hazardous

waste determination on mixtures.

Disposal Methods: Incinerate spent or discarded material a permitted

hazardous waste facility.

Waste Disposal of Packaging: Comply with all Local, State, Federal, and Provincial

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

United States:

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Dichloromethane

UN Number: UN1593
Hazard Class: 6.1
Packing Group: III

International:

IATA Proper Shipping Name: Dichloromethane

UN Number: UN1593
Hazard Class: 6.1
Packing Group: III

Marine Pollutant: No

Chemical Name	CAS#	Marine Pollutant	Severe Marine Pollutant
No data available			

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States: Chemical Name	CAS#	CERCLA	SARA 313	SARA EHS 313	TSCA
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	Χ	Χ	-	X
indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	X	Χ	-	X

The following chemicals are listed on CA Prop 65:

Chemical Name	CAS#	Regulation
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	193-39-5	Prop 65 Cancer
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	Prop 65 Cancer
Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)		

State Right To Know Listing:

Chemical Name	CAS#	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	California
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	X	Х	X	Х
indeno (1,2,3-c,d)	193-39-5	X	Х	X	Х
pyrene					

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prior Version Date: 03/22/18

Other Information: Any changes to the SDS compared to previous versions are marked by a vertical

line in front of the concerned paragraph.

References: No data available

Disclaimer: Restek Corporation provides the descriptions, data and information contained

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and accepted at your risk.

Material Safety Data Sheet Iron

ACC# 11490

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Iron

Catalog Numbers: S71953, S71953-1, S71953-2, S93268, I60-3, I60-500, I62-500

Synonyms: Iron Dust; Iron Metal; Iron Powder.

Company Identification:

Fisher Scientific 1 Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information, call: 201-796-7100 Emergency Number: 201-796-7100

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
7439-89-6	IRON	>97	231-096-4

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: black to gray solid.

Warning! Flammable solid. May cause mechanical eye and skin irritation. May cause blood abnormalities. May cause lung damage. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal-fume fever. May cause cardiac disturbances. May cause liver damage.

Target Organs: Liver, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, pancreas.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Exposure to particulates or solution may cause conjunctivitis, ulceration, and corneal abnormalities.

Skin: May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Acute toxicity may include weakness, shock, cyanosis and acidosis. Delayed symptoms may include liver

Inhalation: Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. May cause lung damage.

Chronic: Chronic exposure may lead to liver and lung damage. Repeated exposure may cause pancreatic damage, diabetes, and cardiac abnormalities.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid imme diately.

Skin: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated

clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Get medical aid immediately. **Inhalation:** Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Antidote: The use of Deferoxamine as a chelating agent should be determined only by qualified medical personnel.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air. Combustion generates toxic fumes.

Extinguishing Media: Use only graphite powder, soda ash, powdered sodium chloride, or an appropriate metal-fire-extinguishing dry powder.

Flash Point: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable. **Explosion Limits, Lower:** Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 1; Instability: 1

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Sweep up or absorb material, then place into a suitable clean, dry, closed container for disposal. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Remove all sources of ignition.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Storage: Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosure, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
IRON	none listed	none listed	none listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: IRON: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear impervious gloves.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN

149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid
Appearance: black to gray

Odor: none reported **pH:** Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 1 mm Hg @ 1787 deg C

Vapor Density: Not available. Evaporation Rate: Negligible. Viscosity: Not available. Boiling Point: 2750 deg C

Freezing/Melting Point:1535 deg C

Decomposition Temperature: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in water.

Specific Gravity/Density:7.86 @ 20°C

Molecular Formula:Fe Molecular Weight:55.847

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Decomposes when heated. Oxidizes when exposed to air.

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials, moisture, exposure to air, excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Acetaldehyde, ammonium peroxodisulfate, chloroformamidinium, chloric acid, ammonium nitrate, halogens, dinitrogen tetroxide, nitryl fluoride, polystyrene, sodium acetylide, potassium dichromate, peroxyformic acid, nitryl fluoride, sulfuric acid, sodium carbide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of iron. **Hazardous Polymerization:** Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7439-89-6: NO4565500; NO8225000

LD50/LC50: CAS# 7439-89-6:

Oral, rat: LD50 = 30 gm/kg;

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7439-89-6: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No information available. **Teratogenicity:** No information available.

Reproductive Effects: No information available.

Mutagenicity: No information available. **Neurotoxicity:** No information available.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No data available. No information available.

Environmental: No information reported.

Physical: No information available.

Other: None.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	METAL POWDERS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	METAL POWDER FLAMMABLE NOS (IRON)
Hazard Class:	4.1	4.1
UN Number:	UN3089	UN3089
Packing Group:	II	III

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7439-89-6 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

SARA Codes

CAS # 7439-89-6: immediate, fire.

Section 313 No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7439-89-6 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

Not available.

Risk Phrases:

Safety Phrases:

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 7439-89-6: 0

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 7439-89-6 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of B4, D2B.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 12/12/1997 **Revision #4 Date:** 11/06/2007

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Material Safety Data Sheet Lead

ACC# 12510

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Lead

Catalog Numbers: S71957, S719571, S75257, S80049, L18-500, L246-500, L27-1LB, L27-1RL,

NC9657609, NC9888945, XXL24625KG

Synonyms: Lead metal.
Company Identification:
Fisher Scientific
1 Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information, call: 201-796-7100 Emergency Number: 201-796-7100

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
7439-92-1	Lead	99.8	231-100-4

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: bluish white, silvery gray solid.

Warning! Possible cancer hazard. May cause cancer based on animal data. Causes eye and skin irritation. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. May be absorbed through intact skin. May cause central nervous system depression. May cause kidney damage. May cause adverse reproductive effects. May cause fetal effects.

Target Organs: Kidneys, central nervous system, blood forming organs.

Potential Health Effects

Eve: Causes eve irritation.

Skin: Causes skin irritation. May be absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion of lead compounds can cause toxic effects in the blood-forming organs, kidneys and central nervous system. Symptoms of lead poisoning or plumbism include weakness, weight loss, lassitude, insomnia, and hypotension. It also includes constipation, anorexia, abdominal discomfort and colic.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. May cause effects similar to those described for ingestion.

Chronic: Possible cancer hazard based on tests with laboratory animals. Chronic exposure may cause reproductive disorders and teratogenic effects. Chronic exposure to lead may result in plumbism which is characterized by lead line in gum, headache, muscle weakness, mental changes.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Get medical aid. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Discard contaminated clothing in a manner which limits further exposure.

Ingestion: Get medical aid immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Antidote: The use of Dimercaprol or BAL (British Anti-Lewisite) as a chelating agent should be determined by qualified medical personnel. The use of d-Penicillamine as a chelating agent should be determined by qualified medical personnel. The use of Calcium disodium EDTA as a chelating agent should be determined by qualified medical personnel.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire. Substance is noncombustible. Dust can be an explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame.

Extinguishing Media: For small fires, use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or chemical foam. Substance is noncombustible; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

Flash Point: Not available.

Autoignition Temperature: Not available. **Explosion Limits, Lower:** Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 0; Instability: 0

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Provide ventilation.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Wash clothing before reuse. **Storage:** Store in a cool, dry place. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Keep containers tightly closed.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below

the permissible exposure limits.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Lead	0.05 mg/m3 TWA	0.050 mg/m3 TWA 100 mg/m3 IDLH	50 æg/m3 TWA; 50 æg/m3 TWA (as Pb); 30 æg/m3 Action Level (as Pb. Poison - see 29 CFR 1910.10 25)

OSHA Vacated PELs: Lead: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid

Appearance: bluish white, silvery gray

Odor: none reported **pH:** Not applicable.

Vapor Pressure: 1.3 mm Hg @ 970C

Vapor Density: Not available. Evaporation Rate: Not applicable.

Viscosity: Not applicable. **Boiling Point:** 1740 deg C

Freezing/Melting Point:327.4 deg C

Decomposition Temperature: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in water. **Specific Gravity/Density:**11.3

Molecular Formula:Pb Molecular Weight:207.2

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Dust generation, excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Lead/lead oxides. **Hazardous Polymerization:** Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7439-92-1: OF7525000

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7439-92-1:

• ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

• California: carcinogen, initial date 10/1/92

NTP: Suspect carcinogenIARC: Group 2A carcinogen

Epidemiology: There are several reports that certain lead compounds administered to animals in high doses are carcinogenic, primarily producing renal tumors. Salts demonstrating carcinogenicity in animals are usually soluble salts. Epidemiological studies have not shown a relationship between lead exposure and the incidence of cancer in lead workers. However, one study of lead-exposed workers demonstrated a statistically significant elevation in the standardized mortality ratio for gastric and lung cancer in battery plant workers only.

Teratogenicity: Lead penetrates the placental barrier and has caused fetal abnormalities in animals. Excesssive exposure to lead during pregnancy has caused neurological disorders in infants.

Reproductive Effects: Reproductive effects from lead have been documented in animals and human beings of both sexes. In battery workmen with a mean exposure of 8.5 years to lead, there was an increased frequency of sperm abnormalities as compared with a control group.

Mutagenicity: Mutagenic effects have occurred in humans.

Neurotoxicity: Subtle neurologic effects have been demonstrated with relatively low blood levels of lead. The performance of lead workers on various neurophysiological tests was mildly reduced when compared with a control group. Anxiety, depression, poor concentration, forgetfulness, mild reductions in motor and sensory nerve conduction velociities have been documented in lead-exposed workers.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No data available. LC50 Japanese quail (Coturnix japonica), males or females, 14 days old, oral (5-day adlibitum in diet) >5,000 ppm; at 1000, 2236 & 5000 onset of toxic signs began at 7, 7 & 7 days and remissed at 11, 11 & 12 days, respectively, no mortality was observed; control references were dieldrin & dicrotophos; corn oil diluent was added to diet at ratio of 2:98 by wt; (extreme concentrations: 1,000-5,000 ppm) /Lead metal, 100%.

Environmental: Terrestrial: Extremely stable metal. While some corrosion may be expected in soil, generally an inert coat of an insoluble salt will form and limit further corrosion. Aquatic: Lead will simply sink into the sediment. Atmospheric: Will be in particulate matter and be subject to washout and gravitational settling. Will biodegrade and bioconcentrate.

Physical: No information available.

Other: For more information, see "HANDBOOK OF ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND EXPOSURE DATA."

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	Not regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:		
UN Number:		
Packing Group:		

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7439-92-1 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

CAS# 7439-92-1: 10 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

SARA Codes

CAS # 7439-92-1: immediate, delayed.

Section 313

This material contains Lead (CAS# 7439-92-1, 99.8%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA. CAS# 7439-92-1 is listed as a Priority Pollutant under the Clean Water Act. CAS# 7439-92-1 is listed as a Toxic Pollutant under the Clean Water Act.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7439-92-1 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

The following statement(s) is(are) made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water Act:

WARNING: This product contains Lead, a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains Lead, a chemical known to the state of California to cause male reproductive toxicity.

California No Significant Risk Level: CAS# 7439-92-1: 15 æg/day NSRL (oral)

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

ΤN

Risk Phrases:

R 20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R 33 Danger of cumulative effects.

R 61 May cause harm to the unborn child.

R 62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R 50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety Phrases:

S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice

immediately (show the label where possible).

S 53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S 60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardou

S 61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions /safety data sheets.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 7439-92-1: No information available.

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 7439-92-1 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of D2A.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS# 7439-92-1 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 4/29/1999 **Revision #5 Date:** 5/22/2007

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Material Safety Data Sheet Magnesium, turnings and ribbons

ACC# 13290

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Magnesium, turnings and ribbons

Catalog Numbers: AC191080000, AC191080025, AC191085000, S72223D, S72233D, S75532, S75551,

S755511, S755512, M11-500, M8-10Z, M8-212, NC9327500

Synonyms: Magnesium metal (ribbons/turnings)

Company Identification:
Fisher Scientific
Reagent Lane

1 Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information, call: 201-796-7100 Emergency Number: 201-796-7100

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
7439-95-4	Magnesium	>99	231-104-6

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: silver white solid.

Warning! Flammable solid. Water-reactive. Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases. May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal-fume fever. Air sensitive.

Target Organs: None.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Skin: Dust may cause mechanical irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Particles embedded in the skin may cause "chemical gas gangrene" with symptoms of persistent lesions, inflammation and gas bubbles under the skin.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract. Low hazard for usual industrial handling.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. May be harmful if inhaled.

Chronic: No information found.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Get medical aid. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.

Ingestion: If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Get medical aid immediately. **Inhalation:** Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.

Notes to Physician: The use of calcium gluconate as antidotal treatment for magnesium over dose should be determined only by qualified medical personnel (Medical Toxicology, 1988).

Antidote: The use of Dimercaprol or BAL (British Anti-Lewisite) as a chelating agent should be determined by qualified medical personnel.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Water reactive. Material will react with water and may release a flammable and/or toxic gas. This material in sufficient quantity and reduced particle size is capable of creating a dust explosion. Flammable solid. May react with acids or moisture to form explosive hydrogen gas.

Extinguishing Media: Use approved class D extinguishing agents or smother with dry sand, clay, or sodium bicarbonate. Do NOT use water, carbon dioxide, or foam.

Flash Point: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: 472.8 deg C (883.04 deg F)

Explosion Limits, Lower: Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 0; Flammability: 1; Instability: 1

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Scoop up with a nonsparking tool, then place into a suitable container for disposal. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Remove all sources of ignition. Place under an inert atmosphere.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Store protected from air. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage: Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Water free area.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Magnesium	none listed	none listed	none listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Magnesium: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear chemical splash goggles and face shield.

Skin: Wear impervious gloves.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid
Appearance: silver white
Odor: none reported
pH: >7 (water solution)
Vapor Pressure: Negligible.
Vapor Density: Negligible.
Evaporation Rate: Negligible.
Viscosity: Not available.
Boiling Point: 1107.2 deg C
Freezing/Melting Point:650 deg C

Decomposition Temperature: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in water. **Specific Gravity/Density:**1.74

Molecular Formula:Mg Molecular Weight:24.3

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Air sensitive. Reacts with water.

Conditions to Avoid: Ignition sources, exposure to air, contact with water.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, acid chlorides, chlorinated

solvents, halogens.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of magnesium.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7439-95-4: FW6475100

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7439-95-4: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No data available. **Teratogenicity:** No data available.

Reproductive Effects: No data available.

Mutagenicity: No data available. **Neurotoxicity:** No data available.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No data available. No information available.

Environmental: No information avialable.

Physical: No information available.

Other: None.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG	
Shipping Name: MAGNESIUM		MAGNESIUM	
Hazard Class:	4.1	4.1	
UN Number:	UN1869	UN1869	
Packing Group:	III	III	

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7439-95-4 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

SARA Codes

CAS # 7439-95-4: immediate, fire, reactive.

Section 313 No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7439-95-4 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

F

Risk Phrases:

R 11 Highly flammable.

R 15 Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases.

Safety Phrases:

S 7/8 Keep container tightly closed and dry.

S 43A In case of fire, use dry chemical (never use water).

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 7439-95-4: No information available.

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 7439-95-4 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of B4.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 12/12/1997 **Revision #7 Date:** 11/05/2007

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 24-Nov-2010 Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name Manganese, powder, -325 mesh

Cat No.: AC317440000; AC317440010; AC317442500

CAS-No 7439-96-5

Synonyms No information available

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable solids Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Flammable solid

Causes serious eye irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None identified

3. Com	position/	Information	on Ingredients	
--------	-----------	-------------	----------------	--

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Manganese	7439-96-5	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and

effects

No information available.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableSensitivity to Mechanical ImpactNo information availableSensitivity to Static DischargeNo information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Combustible material.

Hazardous Combustion Products

None known.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards20N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental Precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Up Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product

label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed. Keep

away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep under nitrogen.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Manganese	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³	(Vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m ³	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
		(Vacated) STEL: 3 mg/m ³	STEL: 3 mg/m ³	
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³	_	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Powder Solid **Physical State** Dark brown **Appearance**

Odor No information available **Odor Threshold** No information available рΗ No information available

Melting Point/Range 1260 °C / 2300 °F 1900 °C / 3452 °F **Boiling Point/Range Flash Point** No information available **Evaporation Rate** Not applicable

No information available Flammability (solid,gas)

Flammability or explosive limits

No data available Upper No data available Lower **Vapor Pressure** No information available **Vapor Density** Not applicable

Specific Gravity No information available Solubility No information available Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available

Autoignition Temperature No information available

Decomposition Temperature No information available

Viscosity Not applicable

Molecular Formula Mn 54.94 **Molecular Weight**

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Moisture sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Exposure to moisture.

Incompatible Materials Acids, Bases, Halogens

Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use conditions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. **Hazardous Polymerization**

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Manganese	LD50 = 9 g/kg (Rat)	Not listed	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Manganese	7439-96-5	Not listed				

No information available **Mutagenic Effects**

No information available. **Reproductive Effects**

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

No information available **Aspiration hazard**

Symptoms / effects, both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for

complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Manganese	Not listed	LC50: > 3.6 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	Not listed	Not listed

Persistence and Degradability Insoluble in water

Bioaccumulation/Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

13. Disposal considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a **Waste Disposal Methods**

hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN3089 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name Metal powder, flammable, n.o.s.

Technical Name Manganese

Hazard Class 4.1 **Packing Group** Ш

TDG

UN-No UN3089

Proper Shipping Name Metal powder, flammable, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 4.1 **Packing Group** Ш

IATA

UN-No UN3089

Proper Shipping Name Metal powder, flammable, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 4.1 Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3089

Proper Shipping Name Metal powder, flammable, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Manganese	7439-96-5	Х	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Manganese	7439-96-5	Х	-	231-105-1	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-22999

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

0,110,1010			
Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
			values /0
Manganese	7439-96-5	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Manganese	X		-

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Manganese	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 24-Nov-2010

 Revision Date
 19-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 19-Jan-2018

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

Material Safety Data Sheet Mercury, 99.999%

ACC# 96252

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Mercury, 99.999%

Catalog Numbers: AC193480000, AC193480500

Synonyms: Colloidal mercury; Hydrargyrum; Metallic mercury; Quick silver; Liquid silver

Company Identification:
Acros Organics N.V.
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information in North America, call: 800-ACROS-01 For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS	
7439-97-6	Mercury	99.999	231-106-7	

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: silver liquid.

Danger! Corrosive. Harmful if inhaled. May be absorbed through intact skin. Causes eye and skin irritation and possible burns. May cause severe respiratory tract irritation with possible burns. May cause severe digestive tract irritation with possible burns. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause central nervous system effects. This substance has caused adverse reproductive and fetal effects in animals. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal-fume fever. Possible sensitizer.

Target Organs: Blood, kidneys, central nervous system, liver, brain.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Exposure to mercury or mercury compounds can cause discoloration on the front surface of the lens, which does not interfere with vision. Causes eye irritation and possible burns. Contact with mercury or mercury compounds can cause ulceration of the conjunctiva and cornea.

Skin: May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. Causes skin irritation and possible burns. May cause skin rash (in milder cases), and cold and clammy skin with cyanosis or pale color.

Ingestion: May cause severe and permanent damage to the digestive tract. May cause perforation of the digestive tract. May cause effects similar to those for inhalation exposure. May cause systemic effects.

Inhalation: Causes chemical burns to the respiratory tract. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. May cause central nervous system effects including vertigo, anxiety, depression, muscle incoordination, and emotional instability. Aspiration may lead to pulmonary edema. May cause systemic effects. May cause respiratory sensitization.

Chronic: May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause reproductive and fetal effects. Effects may be delayed. Chronic exposure to mercury may cause permanent central nervous system damage, fatigue, weight loss, tremors, personality changes. Chronic ingestion may cause accumulation of mercury in body tissues. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause inflammation of the mouth and gums, excessive salivation, and loosening of the teeth.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Get medical aid immediately. Do NOT allow victim to rub eyes or keep eyes closed. Extensive irrigation with water is required (at least 30 minutes).

Skin: Get medical aid immediately. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately. Wash mouth out with water. **Inhalation:** Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing has ceased apply artificial respiration using oxygen and a suitable mechanical device such as a bag and a mask.

Notes to Physician: The concentration of mercury in whole blood is a reasonable measure of the body-burden of mercury and thus is used for monitoring purposes. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Persons with kidney disease, chronic respiratory disease, liver disease, or skin disease may be at increased risk from exposure to this substance.

Antidote: The use of d-Penicillamine as a chelating agent should be determined by qualified medical personnel. The use of Dimercaprol or BAL (British Anti-Lewisite) as a chelating agent should be determined by qualified medical personnel.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Extinguishing Media: Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire. Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or appropriate foam.

Flash Point: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable. **Explosion Limits, Lower:** Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 3; Flammability: 0; Instability: 0

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Provide ventilation.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container tightly closed. Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not ingest or inhale. Use only in a chemical fume hood. Discard contaminated shoes. Do not breathe vapor.

Storage: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from metals. Store protected from azides.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use only under a chemical fume hood.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Mercury	0.025 mg/m3 TWA; Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous r oute	0.05 mg/m3 TWA (vapor) 10 mg/m3 IDLH	0.1 mg/m3 Ceiling

OSHA Vacated PELs: Mercury: 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (vapor)

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and

face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: silver Odor: odorless pH: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 0.002 mm Hg @ 25C

Vapor Density: 7.0

Evaporation Rate:Not available. **Viscosity:** 15.5 mP @ 25 deg C **Boiling Point:** 356.72 deg C

Freezing/Melting Point:-38.87 deg C **Decomposition Temperature:**Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble.

Specific Gravity/Density:13.59 (water=1)

Molecular Formula:Hg Molecular Weight:200.59

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. **Conditions to Avoid:** High temperatures, incompatible materials.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Metals, aluminum, ammonia, chlorates, copper, copper alloys, ethylene oxide, halogens, iron, nitrates, sulfur, sulfuric acid, oxygen, acetylene, lithium, rubidium, sodium carbide, lead, nitromethane, peroxyformic acid, calcium, chlorine dioxide, metal oxides, azides, 3-bromopropyne, alkynes + silver perchlorate, methylsilane + oxygen, tetracarbonylnickel + oxygen, boron diiodophosphide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Mercury/mercury oxides.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7439-97-6: OV4550000

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7439-97-6: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: Intraperitoneal, rat: TDLo = 400 mg/kg/14D-I (Tumorigenic - equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria - tumors at site of application).

Teratogenicity: Inhalation, rat: TCLo = 1 mg/m3/24H (female 1-20 day(s) after conception) Effects on Embryo or Fetus - fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus).

Reproductive Effects: Inhalation, rat: TCLo = 890 ng/m3/24H (male 16 week(s) pre-mating) Paternal Effects - spermatogenesis (incl. genetic material, sperm morphology, motility, and count).; Inhalation, rat: TCLo = 7440 ng/m3/24H (male 16 week(s) pre-mating) Fertility - post-implantation mortality (e.g. dead and/or resorbed implants per total number of implants).

Mutagenicity: Cytogenetic Analysis: Unreported, man = 150 ug/m3.

Neurotoxicity: The brain is the critical organ in humans for chronic vapor exposure; in severe cases,

spontaneous degeneration of the brain cortex can occur as a late sequela to past exposure.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Fish: Rainbow trout: LC50 = 0.16-0.90 mg/L; 96 Hr; UnspecifiedFish: Bluegill/Sunfish: LC50 = 0.16-0.90 mg/L; 96 Hr; UnspecifiedFish: Channel catfish: LC50 = 0.35 mg/L; 96 Hr; UnspecifiedWater flea Daphnia: EC50 = 0.01 mg/L; 48 Hr; Unspecified In aquatic systems, mercury appears to bind to dissolved matter or fine particulates, while the transport of mercury bound to dust particles in the atmosphere or bed sediment particles in rivers and lakes is generally less substantial. The conversion, in aquatic environments, of inorganic mercury cmpd to methyl mercury implies that recycling of mercury from sediment to water to air and back could be a rapid process.

Environmental: Mercury bioaccumulates and concentrates in food chain (concentration may be as much as 10,000 times that of water). Bioconcentration factors of 63,000 for freshwater fish and 10,000 for salt water fish have been found. Much of the mercury deposited on land, appears to revaporize within a day or two, at least in areas substantially heated by sunlight.

Physical: All forms of mercury (Hg) (metal, vapor, inorganic, or organic) are converted to methyl mercury. Inorganic forms are converted by microbial action in the atmosphere to methyl mercury.

Other: No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed.

RCRA U-Series:

CAS# 7439-97-6: waste number U151.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	DOT regulated - small quantity provisions apply (see 49CFR173.4)	MERCURY

Hazard Class:	8
UN Number:	UN2809
Packing Group:	III

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7439-97-6 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

CAS# 7439-97-6: Section 5

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

CAS# 7439-97-6: 1 lb final RQ; 0.454 kg final RQ

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

SARA Codes

CAS # 7439-97-6: immediate, delayed.

Section 313

This material contains Mercury (CAS# 7439-97-6, 99.999%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.

Clean Air Act:

CAS# 7439-97-6 (listed as Mercury compounds) is listed as a hazardous air pollutant (HAP).

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA. CAS# 7439-97-6 is listed as a Priority Pollutant under the Clean Water Act. CAS# 7439-97-6 is listed as a Toxic Pollutant under the Clean Water Act.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7439-97-6 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

WARNING: This product contains Mercury, a chemical known to the state of California to cause developmental reproductive toxicity.

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

Risk Phrases:

R 23 Toxic by inhalation.

R 33 Danger of cumulative effects.

Safety Phrases:

S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S 7 Keep container tightly closed.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 7439-97-6: 3

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 7439-97-6 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of D2A, E.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS# 7439-97-6 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 6/15/1999 **Revision #5 Date:** 3/16/2007

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

SILVER METAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identity: Silver Metal.

Trade Names and Synonyms: Argentum; TADANAC® Silver; C.I. 77820.

Manufacturer: Teck Metals Ltd. **Trail Operations** Trail, British Columbia V1R 4L8

Emergency Telephone: 250-364-4214

Other than U.S.:

Teck Metals Ltd. #1700 - 11 King Street West Toronto, Ontario

Teck American Metal Sales

501 North Riverpoint Blvd, Suite 300

M5H 4C7

Supplier:

Incorporated

Spokane, WA USA, 99202

In U.S.:

Date of Last Review: July 20, 2015. Date of Last Edit: July 20, 2015.

Preparer: Teck Metals Ltd.

Suite 3300 - 550 Burrard Street Vancouver, British Columbia

V6C 0B3

Product Use: Silver is used in the manufacture of photographic film, coins, electronics, tableware, mirrors, jewelry, ornaments, special batteries and vessels and equipment used to manufacture medicinal chemicals, process foods and beverages, and handle organic acids; for electroplating; as a catalyst in hydrogenation and oxidation processes, and as an ingredient in dental alloys.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION:

NOTE: In the form in which it is sold this product is not regulated as a Hazardous Product in the U.S. or Canada. This Safety Data Sheet is provided for information purposes only.

Healt	h	Physical	Environmental
Acute Toxicity (Oral, Inhalation)	 Does not meet criteria 	Does not meet criteria for	Aquatic Toxicity –
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	 Does not meet criteria 	any Physical Hazard	Long Term (Chronic)
Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	 Does not meet criteria 		Category 4
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	 Does not meet criteria 		
Mutagenicity	 Does not meet criteria 		
Carcinogenicity	 Does not meet criteria 		
Reproductive Toxicity	 Does not meet criteria 		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity:			
Acute Exposure	 Does not meet criteria 		
Chronic Exposure	 Does not meet criteria 		

Symbols:	Signal Word:	
None Required	None Required	
Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements:	
May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.	Avoid release to the environment.	

Emergency Overview: A lustrous white metal that does not burn in bulk but may form a weak explosive mixture if dispersed in air as a fine powder. This product is relatively non-toxic and poses little immediate hazard to the health of emergency response personnel or to the environment in an emergency situation.

Potential Health Effects: Metallic silver is relatively non-toxic to humans. This product may cause mild local irritation to eyes, nose, throat and upper airways, particularly if the product is heated to the point of fuming. Prolonged exposure to silver dust may cause a bluish or grayish pigmentation to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Silver is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA, NTP, IARC, ACGIH or the EU (see Toxicological Information, Section 11).

Potential Environmental Effects: In the form in which this product is sold, it has low bioavailability and does not pose any significant environmental risks. Releases of the product to water and soil should, nevertheless, be prevented (see Ecological Information, Section 12).

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	CAS Registry No.	CONCENTRATION (% wgt/wgt)
Silver	7440-22-4	99.99%

Note: See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Symptoms: Mild irritation, redness. Do not allow victim to rub eye(s). Let the eye(s) water naturally for a few minutes. If particle/dust does not dislodge, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until particle/dust is removed, while holding eyelid(s) open. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention. DO NOT attempt to manually remove anything stuck to the eye.

Skin Contact: *Symptoms:* Soiling of skin. Dust: No health effects expected. If irritation does occur, wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes or until the product is removed. If skin irritation persists or if you feel unwell, obtain medical advice. Molten Metal: Flush contact area to solidify and cool but do not attempt to remove encrusted material or clothing. Cover burns and seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Symptoms: Coughing and irritation in heavy dust clouds. If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

Ingestion: Symptoms: Stomach upset, nausea, vomiting. If swallowed, no specific intervention is indicated as this material is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion. However, if irritation or discomfort occurs, obtain medical advice.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Massive metal is difficult to ignite and is not considered a serious fire hazard. Finely-divided silver metal dust or powder may form weakly explosive dust clouds when dispersed in the air at high concentrations and exposed to heat, flame, or other sources of ignition. Explosions may also occur upon contact with certain incompatible materials (see Stability and Reactivity, Section 10).

Extinguishing Media: Use any means of extinction appropriate for surrounding fire conditions such as water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or foam. Do not use direct water streams on fires where molten metal is present.

Fire Fighting: Fire fighters should be fully trained and wear full protective clothing including an approved, self-contained breathing apparatus which supplies a positive air pressure within a full face-piece mask.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Procedures for Cleanup: Control source of spillage if possible to do so safely. Clean up spilled material immediately, observing precautions in Section 8, Personal Protection. Molten metal should be allowed to cool and harden before cleanup. Once solidified wear gloves, pick up and return to process. Powder or dust should be cleaned up by carefully sweeping. Return uncontaminated spilled material to the process if possible. Place contaminated material in clean, dry, suitably labelled containers for later recovery in view of the economic value of silver. Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, and national requirements.

Personal Precautions: Protective clothing, gloves, and a respirator are recommended for persons responding to an accidental release, especially of molten silver metal. Close-fitting safety goggles may be necessary in some circumstances to prevent eye contact with dust or fume. Where molten metal is involved, heat-resistant gloves and suitable clothing for protection from hotmetal splash should be worn.

Environmental Precautions: Silver metal has relatively low bioavailability and is not considered to pose immediate ecological risks. However, good management practices should always be applied in the storage and use of silver and its compounds. Releases of the product to water and soil should be prevented.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store silver in a secure, covered area away from incompatible materials. Solid metal suspected of containing moisture should be THOROUGHLY DRIED before being added to a molten bath. Otherwise, entrained moisture could expand explosively and spatter molten metal out of the bath.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Guidelines: (Time-Weighted Average (TWA) concentration over 8 hr unless otherwise indicated)

 Component
 ACGIH TLV
 OSHA PEL
 NIOSH REL

 Silver
 0.1 mg/m³
 0.01 mg/m³
 0.01 mg/m³

NOTE: OEGs for individual jurisdictions may differ from those given above. Check with local authorities for the applicable OEGs in your jurisdiction

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. TLV – Threshold Limit Value, PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit, REL – Recommended Exposure Limit.

NOTE: The selection of the necessary level of engineering controls and personal protective equipment will vary depending upon the conditions of use and the potential for exposure. The following are therefore only general guidelines that may not fit all circumstances. Control measures to consider include:

Ventilation: Use adequate local or general ventilation to maintain the concentration of silver fumes in the working environment well below recommended occupational exposure limits. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by the exhaust system. Local exhaust is recommended for melting, casting, grinding and polishing, etching, or use of powders.

Protective Clothing: Gloves and coveralls or other work clothing are recommended to prevent prolonged or repeated direct skin contact when silver is processed. Appropriate eye protection should be worn where fume or dust is generated. Where hot or molten metal is handled, heat-resistant gloves, goggles or face-shield, and clothing to protect from hot metal splash should be worn. Safety type boots are recommended.

Respirators: Where silver dust or fumes are generated and cannot be controlled to within acceptable levels by engineering means, use appropriate NIOSH-approved respiratory protection equipment (a 42CFR84 Class N, R or P-95 particulate filter cartridge or better).

General Hygiene Considerations: Always practice good personal hygiene. Refrain from eating, drinking, or smoking in work areas. Thoroughly wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking in appropriate, designated areas. No special packaging materials are required.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Odour: Odour Threshold: pH:

Ductile lustrous white metal None None None Not Applicable

Vapour Pressure: Vapour Density: Melting Point/Range: Boiling Point/Range:

Negligible @ 20°C Not Applicable 961°C 2212°C

Relative Density (Water = 1): Evaporation Rate: Coefficient of Water/Oil Solubility: 10.49 Not Applicable Distribution: Not Applicable Insoluble in water

Flash Point: Flammable Limits (LEL/UEL): Auto-ignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature:

None Not Applicable. Not Applicable. Not Applicable.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability & Reactivity: Massive metal is stable and not considered reactive under normal temperatures and pressures. Hazardous polymerization or runaway reactions will not occur. Ozone, sulphur, and hydrogen sulphide blacken silver. Most silver salts are light sensitive.

Incompatibilities: Silver reacts with acetylene, acetylene compounds and ammonia to form explosive and shock sensitive compounds. Contact with strong hydrogen peroxide solutions will cause violent decomposition of the peroxide, releasing oxygen

gas and increasing the fire and explosion potential. Silver is incompatible with bromine azide, chlorine trifluoride, ethyleneimine, oxalic and tartaric acids and with nitric acid in the presence of ethanol.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: High temperature operations such as oxy-acetylene cutting, electric arc welding or overheating a molten bath will generate silver oxide fume. The particle size of metal fumes is largely within the respirable size range, which increases the likelihood of inhalation and deposition of the fume within the body.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General: Solid silver presents few health hazards. Repeated long-term exposure to silver dust can cause permanent blue-grey staining of eyes, nose, mouth, throat, and skin.

Acute:

Skin/Eye: Direct contact may cause mild local skin or eye irritation. There have been limited reports of allergic contact dermatitis following exposure to powdered silver, silver solutions, and dental amalgams.

Inhalation: Inhalation of silver fume or dust may be irritating to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract. Extremely high exposures to silver oxide fume have caused lung damage with pulmonary edema.

Ingestion: Ingestion of silver compounds may cause irritation of the stomach. However, ingestion is not a typical route of occupational exposure.

Chronic:

Prolonged exposure to silver dust may cause a bluish or greyish pigmentation to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. This occurs slowly and may take years to develop. Once present, it does not go away and, in the most severe cases, may be quite disfiguring but is not considered to be a toxic effect. Silver is not listed as a human carcinogen by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) or the European Union (EU).

Animal Toxicity:

Ingredient:	Acute Oral Toxicity:	Acute Dermal Toxicity:	Acute Inhalation Toxicity:
Silver	>5,000 mg/kg [†]	>2,000 mg/kg*	>5.16 mg/m ^{3‡}
	† LD ₅₀ , Rat,Oral,	* LD ₅₀ , Rat, Dermal	[‡] LC ₅₀ , Rat, Inhalation, 4 hour

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Silver metal is relatively insoluble, and therefore poses minimal ecological risks. However, its processing, use or extended exposure in aquatic and terrestrial environments may result in conversion of the metal to more bioavailable forms. In particular, silver compounds can be highly toxic to aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

In view of the economic value of silver metal, every effort should be made to recover and reuse all spilled material. If material cannot be returned to process or recovered for its economic value, dispose of only in accordance with applicable regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

No special shipping or transportation requirements.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Listed on TSCA Inventory	. Yes
Hazardous Under Hazard Communication Standard	. No
CERCLA Section 103 Hazardous Substance* *reporting not required if the diameter of the metal pieces released is equal to or	
EPCRA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance	. No

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Original Issue: December 3, 1998 Version: 01 (First edition)

Date of Latest Revision: July 20, 2015 Version: 13

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the following references:

- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2004, Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Indices, 7th Edition plus updates.
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Guide to Occupational Exposure Values 2015.
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2015, Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices.
- Bretherick's Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards, 20th Anniversary Edition. (P. G. Urben Ed.) 1995.
- Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS) CHEMINFO Chemical Substance Data Base.
- Commission de la santé et la sécurité du travail, Service du Répertoire toxicologique, Argent Métal.
- European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH).
- Health Canada, SOR/2015-17, Hazardous Products Regulations, 30 January 2015.
- Merck & Co., Inc., 2001, The Merck Index, An Encyclopedia of Chemicals, Drugs, and Biologicals, 13th Edition.
- National Library of Medicine, National Toxicology Information Program, Hazardous Substance Data Bank (on-line version).
- Patty's Toxicology, 5th Edition, 2001: E. Bingham, B. Cohrssen & C.H. Powell, Ed.
- U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (on-line version).
- U.S. EPA, Prevention, Pesticides, & Toxic Substances, Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) for Silver, Revised July 1993.
- U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 1989, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Part 1910.

Notice to Reader

Although reasonable precautions have been taken in the preparation of the data contained herein, it is offered solely for your information, consideration and investigation. Teck American Metal Sales Incorporated and Teck Metals Ltd. extend no warranty and assume no responsibility for the accuracy of the content and expressly disclaim all liability for reliance thereon. This safety data sheet provides guidelines for the safe handling and processing of this product; it does not and cannot advise on all possible situations. Therefore, your specific use of this product should be evaluated to determine if additional precautions are required. Individuals exposed to this product should read and understand this information and be provided pertinent training prior to working with this product.

Material Safety Data Sheet

Sodium Metal

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Sodium Metal

Catalog Numbers: S135-1LB, S206-1LB

Synonyms: Natrium.
Company Identification:

United Nuclear Scientific 16429 Upton Rd, STE 1 East Lansing, MI. 48823

For information, call: 201-796-7100 **Emergency Number:** 201-796-7100

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
7440-23-5	Sodium	100	231-132-9

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: light silver solid.

Danger! May ignite spontaneously on exposure to moist air. Combustible solid. Causes eye burns. Causes digestive tract burns. Corrosive. Water-reactive. Contact with skin causes irritation and possible burns, especially if the skin is wet or moist. Causes respiratory tract burns.

Target Organs: None.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: May cause irreversible eye injury. Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation, and possible eye burns.

Skin: Causes skin burns. May cause deep, penetrating ulcers of the skin.

Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal tract burns.

Inhalation: May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract with sore throat, coughing, shortness of

breath and delayed lung edema.

Chronic: Chronic inhalation and ingestion may cause effects similar to those of acute inhalation and

ingestion.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid imme diately.

Skin: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never

give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid. **Notes to Physician:** Treat symptomatically and supportively

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Reacts violently with water giving off flammable gas which may explode. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Flammable solid. May react violently or explosively on contact with water. May be ignited by heat, sparks, and flame. May re-ignite after fire is extinguished.

Extinguishing Media: DO NOT USE WATER! Do NOT use CO2 or halogenated extinguishing agents. Smother

with dry sand, dry clay, dry ground limestone (CaCO3), or use approved Class D extinguishers.

Flash Point: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: 250 deg F (121.11 deg C)

Explosion Limits, Lower:Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 3; Flammability: 3; Instability: 2; Special Hazard: -W-

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Remove all sources of ignition. Provide ventilation. Do not expose spill to water.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not ingest or inhale. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage: Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from water.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low. **Exposure Limits**

	Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Г	Sodium	none listed	none listed	none listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Sodium: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN

149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid Appearance: light silver

Odor: odorless **pH:** Not applicable.

Vapor Pressure: 1 mm Hg @ 440 deg C

Vapor Density: Not available. Evaporation Rate:Not available. Viscosity: 0.680cp @ 100C Boiling Point: 1621 deg F

Freezing/Melting Point: 208 deg F

Decomposition Temperature: Not available.

Solubility: Reacts violently with water **Specific Gravity/Density:**0.9684 @ 20 C

Molecular Formula:Na Molecular Weight:22.99

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Reacts violently with water. Reacts violently with a broad range of materials.

Conditions to Avoid: Dust generation, exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Water, chloroform, strong acids, sulfur dioxide, strong oxidizing agents, halogens.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Irritating and toxic fumes and gases, sodium oxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7440-23-5: VY0686000

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7440-23-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No information available. **Teratogenicity:** No information available.

Reproductive Effects: No information available.

Mutagenicity: No information avialable. **Neurotoxicity:** No information available.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	SODIUM	No information available.
Hazard Class:	4.3	
UN Number:	UN1428	
Packing Group:	I	

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7440-23-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

CAS# 7440-23-5: 10 lb final RQ; 4.54 kg final RQ

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

SARA Codes

CAS # 7440-23-5: immediate, fire, reactive.

Section 313 No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

CAS# 7440-23-5 is listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7440-23-5 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

F C

Risk Phrases:

R 14/15 Reacts violently with water liberating extremely flammable gases.

R 34 Causes burns.

Safety Phrases:

S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S 5 Keep contents under ... (appropriate liquid to be specified by the manufacturer).

S 8 Keep container dry.

S 43H In case of fire, use dry chemical, soda ash, lime or sand. (D o not use water or foam).

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 7440-23-5: 2

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 7440-23-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of B4, E, F.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 10/13/1998 **Revision #5 Date:** 6/01/2015

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall United Nuclear Scientific be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Attachment B Accident and Injury Report Forms



Employee's Report of Injury Form

<u>Instructions</u>: Employees shall use this form to report <u>all</u> work related injuries, illnesses, or "near miss" events (which could have caused an injury or illness) – *no matter how minor*. This helps us to identify and correct hazards before they cause serious injuries. This form shall be completed by employees as soon as possible and given to a supervisor for further action.

I am reporting a work related: Injury II	lness		
Your Name:			
Job title:			
Supervisor:			
Have you told your supervisor about this injury/n	ear miss?		
Date of injury/near miss:	Time of injury/near miss:		
Names of witnesses (if any):			
Where, exactly, did it happen?			
What were you doing at the time?			
Describe step by step what led up to the injury/near miss. (continue on the back if necessary):			
What could have been done to prevent this injury/near miss?			
What parts of your body were injured? If a near miss, how could you have been hurt?			
Did you see a doctor about this injury/illness?	☐ Yes ☐ No		
If yes, whom did you see?	Doctor's phone number:		
Date:	Time:		
Has this part of your body been injured before?	☐ Yes ☐ No		
If yes, when?	Supervisor:		
Your signature:	Date:		

Supervisor's Accident Investigation Form

Name of Injured Person	
Date of Birth	Telephone Number
Address	
City	State Zip
(Circle one) Male Fem	ale
What part of the body was in	jured? Describe in detail
What was the nature of the ir	jury? Describe in detail
equipment, tools being using	ent happened? What was employee doing prior to the event? What ?
Names of all witnesses:	
Date of Event	Time of Event
Exact location of event:	
What caused the event?	
Were safety regulations in pl	ace and used? If not, what was wrong?
were surely regularions in pr	
Employee went to doctor/hos	pital? Doctor's Name
	Hospital Name
Recommended preventive ac	tion to take in the future to prevent reoccurrence.
- 	
Supervisor Signature	Date

Incident Investigation Report

<u>Instructions</u>: Complete this form as soon as possible after an incident that results in serious injury or illness. (Optional: Use to investigate a minor injury or near miss that *could have resulted in a serious injury or illness*.)

This is a report of a:	Dr. Visit Only 🚨 First Aid Onl	y 🗖 Near Miss		
Date of incident: This report is made by:	☐ Employee ☐ Supervisor ☐	Team Other		
Step 1: Injured employee (complete this pa	art for each injured emplo	oyee)		
Name:	Sex: ☐ Male ☐ Female	Age:		
Department:	Job title at time of incident:	1		
Part of body affected: (shade all that apply)	Nature of injury: (most serious one) Abrasion, scrapes Amputation Broken bone Bruise Burn (heat) Concussion (to the head) Crushing Injury Cut, laceration, puncture Hernia Illness Sprain, strain Damage to a body system: Other	This employee works: ☐ Regular full time ☐ Regular part time ☐ Seasonal ☐ Temporary Months with this employer Months doing this job:		
Step 2: Describe the incident				
Exact location of the incident:		Exact time:		
What part of employee's workday? ☐ Entering or leaving work ☐ Doing normal work activities ☐ During meal period ☐ During break ☐ Working overtime ☐ Other				
Names of witnesses (if any):				

Number of attachments:	Written witness statements:	Photographs:	Maps / drawings:		
What personal protective equipment was being used (if any)?					
Describe, step-tand other impor	by-step the events that led up to the injury tant details.	. Include names of any machin	es, parts, objects, tools, materials		
		Description continued o	n attached sheets: □		
Step 3: Why	y did the incident happen?				
Unsafe workpla Inadequate g Unguarded h Safety device Tool or equip Workstation Unsafe lighti Unsafe venti Lack of need Lack of appr Unsafe cloth No training o	ce conditions: (Check all that apply) uard azard e is defective ement defective layout is hazardous ng lation ed personal protective equipment opriate equipment / tools ing or insufficient training	Unsafe acts by people: (Operating without pe Operating at unsafe s Servicing equipment Making a safety device Using defective equip Using equipment in a Unsafe lifting Taking an unsafe pos Distraction, teasing, I Failure to wear perso Failure to use the ava	rmission peed that has power to it ce inoperative oment in unapproved way ition or posture norseplay nal protective equipment		
Why did the un	safe acts occur?				
Is there a reward (such as "the job can be done more quickly", or "the product is less likely to be damaged") that may have encouraged the unsafe conditions or acts? If yes, describe:					
Were the unsafe acts or conditions reported prior to the incident?		☐ Yes ☐ No			
Have there beer	ave there been similar incidents or near misses prior to this one?		☐ Yes ☐ No		

Step 4: How can future incidents be prevented?				
What changes do you suggest to prevent this incident/near miss from happening again?				
☐ Stop this activity	☐ Guard the hazard	☐ Train the employee(s)	☐ Train the supervisor(s)	
☐ Redesign task steps	☐ Redesign work station	☐ Write a new policy/rule	☐ Enforce existing policy	
☐ Routinely inspect for the hazard ☐ Personal Protective Equipment ☐ Other:				
What should be (or has	been) done to carry out the	suggestion(s) checked above	?	
Description continued of	n attached sheets:			
Step 5: Who comple Written by:	ted and reviewed this fo	orm? (Please Print) Title:		
·				
Department:		Date:		
Names of investigation	on team members:			
Reviewed by:		Title:		
		Date:		

COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

RED HOOK RECREATION AREA BALL FIELDS 5 – 8 and BALL FIELD 9 98 LORRAINE STREET AND 100 BAY STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11231

Prepared for:

The City of New York Department of Parks and Recreation

Prepared by:

TRC Engineers, Inc. 1430 Broadway, 10th Floor New York, NY 10018

NOVEMBER 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	<u>Title</u> <u>Page</u>	
1.0	INTRODUCTION	
1.1 1.2	Description of Surrounding Property	
2.0	PURPOSE 3	
3.0	AIR MONITORING PROCEDURES4	
3.1	Particulate Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions	
4.0	DUST CONTROL MEASURES6	
5.0	REPORTING7	
FIGURES		
Figure 1 Figure 2	Site Location Map Site Plan	
<u>APPENDIC</u>	<u>ES</u>	
Appendix A	New York State Department of Health Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan	
Appendix B	Fugitive Dust and Particulate Monitoring	
Appendix C	Manufacturers' Owner's Manuals	

1.0 INTRODUCTION

TRC Engineers, Inc. (TRC) prepared this Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) for the City of New York Department of Parks and Recreation (NYCDPR) for implementation during work performed under the Site Management Plan associated with Red Hook Ball Fields 5 through 8 located at 98 Lorraine Street and Red Hook Ball Field 9 located at 100 Bay Street, Brooklyn, New York 11231 (the "Site"). This CAMP shall be implemented during activities that will disturb onsite soil located beneath the clean cover system and demarcation layer. A Site Location Map is presented in Figure 1.

1.1 Description of Surrounding Property

The surrounding properties consist of mixed-use residential, commercial, and industrial structures. Historically, surrounding area structures were mainly utilized for commercial and industrial operations. The Site is located south of Lorraine Street, west of Clinton Street, east of Hicks Street and north of Halleck Street and the Henry Street Basin in Brooklyn, New York and consists of Ball Fields 5 through 8 and Ball Field 9, which are part of the Red Hook Recreation Area. A Site Plan is presented as Figure 2.

1.2 Contaminants of Concern (COCs)

Ball Fields 5 through 8

Antimony, arsenic, cobalt, and lead were detected at concentrations exceeding the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Removal Management Levels (RMLs) and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Restricted Residential Use Soil Cleanup Objectives (RRUSCOs) in soil samples collected from 0 to 2 feet below ground surface (bgs) in the majority of the sample locations. In addition, barium, cadmium, and mercury were detected at concentrations below the EPA RMLs, but exceeding the NYSDEC RRUSCOs in the majority of the sample locations. The type and concentrations of metals detected in soil samples above the RRUSCOs and RMLs may generally be attributed to the characteristics of historic fill material potentially containing one or more of the following: metal plating or smelting waste, ash, cinders, coal, slag, paint, and/or herbicides.

The SVOC benzo(a)pyrene was detected at concentrations exceeding the EPA RML and NYSDEC RRUSCO in two (2) soil samples collected from 2 to 4 feet bgs at the Site. Five (5) additional SVOCs, all polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), were detected in soil samples at concentrations above the RRUSCOs. The concentrations of SVOCs may generally be attributed to the characteristics of historic fill material potentially containing one or more of the following: ash, cinders, coal, slag, heavy oil, and/or asphalt. Pesticides, herbicides, and PCBs were not detected in soil at concentrations exceeding the RMLs or RRUSCOs.

Ball Field 9

Arsenic and lead were detected in soil samples above the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Removal Management Levels (RMLs) and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Restricted Residential Use Soil Cleanup Objectives (RRUSCOs). Antimony, cobalt, and iron were detected in soil samples above RMLs in soil samples collected from 0.5 to 2 feet below ground surface (bgs) in the majority of the sample locations. In addition, barium, cadmium, copper, manganese, mercury and zinc were detected at concentrations below the EPA RMLs but exceeding the NYSDEC RRUSCOs. Generally, the concentrations of these metals decreased with soil depth. The type and concentrations of metals detected in soil samples above the RRUSCOs and RMLs may generally be attributed to the characteristics of historic fill material potentially containing one or more of the following: metal plating or smelting waste, ash, cinders, coal, slag, paint, and/or herbicides.

Several SVOCs were detected at concentrations exceeding the EPA RMLs and NYSDEC RRUSCOs in one or more soil samples selected from 2 to 7 feet bgs at the Site. Two additional SVOCs, both polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), were detected in soil samples at concentrations above the RRUSCOs. The concentrations of SVOCs may generally be attributed to the characteristics of historic fill material potentially containing one or more of the following: ash, cinders, coal, slag, heavy oil, and/or asphalt. Pesticides, herbicides, and PCBs were not detected in soil at concentrations exceeding the RMLs or RRUSCOs.

Based on these findings, Site workers and the surrounding community must be protected from potential exposure to this soil contamination and the soils excavated must be handled properly in accordance with the project specifications and Contract Documents.

Proposed excavation activities will disturb the existing soils on-Site and, therefore, require specific procedures for community air monitoring. Those procedures for the Project are presented in this Plan.

2.0 PURPOSE

This CAMP will be implemented during excavation and any other activities that may disturb onsite soils located beneath the clean cover system and demarcation layer and may generate visible dust emissions from on-Site soil or materials. This document is prepared in accordance with the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan guidance, Appendix 1A and Fugitive Dust and Particulate Monitoring, Appendix 1B, contained in NYSDEC DER-10 *Technical Requirements for Site Remediation*, May 2010, Appendix 1 (Appendix 1A and 1B are included as appendices to this document). The CAMP is prepared to protect the surrounding community from exposure to potentially harmful particulates generated from ground intrusive activities. The CAMP is intended to protect the downwind public community, and is not intended to establish respiratory protection levels for Site workers.

CAMP monitoring will be conducted by a combination of three (3) perimeter ambient air dust monitoring stations as follows: one (1) station will be located at the property perimeter upwind of work activities and two (2) stations will be located at the property perimeter downwind of work activities. When choosing the stationary monitoring locations, the prevailing wind direction and location of sensitive receptors, such as residential neighborhoods, relative to planned construction activities will be considered. Figure 2 shows the Site Plan.

Work activities shall at all times be performed to minimize the generation of dust or odors (i.e., dust control measures/dust suppression techniques) as described further in Section 4.0.

This CAMP shall be included in the Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) prepared by the Contractor.

3.0 AIR MONITORING PROCEDURES

A trained representative will be responsible for implementation of the air monitoring and daily calibration and maintenance of the monitoring equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Monitoring personnel shall be trained and knowledgeable in the proper operation, maintenance, and calibration of the monitoring equipment. All instrumentation and equipment will be maintained in proper operating condition at all times by monitoring personnel. Instruction manuals for the monitoring equipment will be maintained at the Site for reference. The CAMP activities shall be documented in a dedicated project CAMP-dedicated bound log book each monitoring and calibration event, any equipment and instrument malfunctions, unusual conditions, air monitoring station location(s), periodic documentation of dust levels, and any exceedances of action levels and countermeasures implemented. The perimeter air monitoring equipment will be inspected at least once a day and the inspections will be documented in the project CAMP-dedicated bound log book. Copies of the manufacturers' owner's manuals for monitoring instrumentation to be used is included in Appendix C.

The following describes the specific CAMP procedures for excavation of impacted soil and particulate monitoring on this Project.

3.1 Particulate Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions

Particulate concentrations will be monitored continuously at the downwind stationary air monitoring stations during ground intrusive work using both air monitoring equipment and visual observations. The perimeter particulate monitoring equipment shall be capable of continuously measuring particulate matter smaller than 10 microns (PM-10) and capable of measuring, integrating (averaging), and recording over periods of 15 minutes or less at each monitoring station. The perimeter particulate monitoring equipment shall consist of the following: TSI DustTrak Model 8530 monitor (with PM-10 impactor head), data logger, strobe alarm, wireless communication system (antenna, modem, and web link), solar panel and battery, weather environmental enclosure, and tripod base, or Design Engineer-approved equivalent particulate monitoring system. All perimeter and portable handheld particulate meters shall be of the same model and manufacturer unless otherwise approved by NYCDPR.

Particulate monitoring equipment shall be calibrated daily at the beginning of each day of monitoring. Calibration checks shall be performed as needed throughout the day if instrument malfunctions occur. The stationary particulate monitoring stations will be located in environmental enclosures on tripods at heights approximately 4 to 5 feet above ground surface (i.e., in the breathing zone). The particulate monitoring equipment will log 15-minute average concentrations for subsequent downloading and reporting. The equipment will be equipped with a strobe alarm or other acceptable alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level. Within 24 hours of any CAMP monitoring equipment malfunctioning or not operating properly, the Contractor will obtain a functioning replacement unit for use at the Site. The required CAMP monitoring equipment is available from the following suppliers:

- 1. Pine Environmental: Windsor, NJ (800) 301-9663
- 2. Eco-Rental Solutions: Elmsford, NY (914) 400-0324

In addition, Contractor will check and record the daily wind direction and speed as obtained from a local public meteorological monitoring station. Prevailing wind directions indicated by wind socks, flags or other nearby wind indicators at monitoring locations will also be observed and logged during the day. These observations will allow the Environmental Monitor to determine appropriate upwind and downwind monitoring locations.

The particulate air monitoring results will be compared to the following action levels:

- 1. If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter (μg/m³) greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques will be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques, provided that downwind PM-10 particulate levels do not exceed 150 μg/m³ above the upwind level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.
- 2. If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels for the 15-minute period are greater than 150 μg/m³ above the upwind level, work will be stopped and a reevaluation of activities conducted. In addition, the 15-minute average background PM-10 levels will be immediately measured upwind of the station. Work will resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentrations to within 150 μg/m³ above the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

Odor or dust complaints from any owner or occupant of an adjacent or nearby property shall be immediately addressed and managed in a manner equivalent to an exceedance of an action level in the CAMP.

4.0 DUST CONTROL MEASURES

If particulate/dust readings above established threshold levels are detected or visible dust is observed, the Contractor shall immediately institute measures to control dust. The control measures utilized shall be subject to the approval of NYCDPR or their on-site representative. Dust control measures shall not result in any surface water runoff from the Site.

There may be situations where visible dust is generated by excavation activities and migrates to downwind locations but is not detected by the monitoring equipment at or above the action levels. If visible dust is observed leaving the working area, dust suppression techniques will be employed. If visible dust persists subsequent to dust suppression techniques, additional measures, including work suspension, if necessary, will be implemented to remedy the situation.

The Contractor shall implement any and all dust control measures necessary to eliminate visible dust from leaving the Site and not exceed CAMP action levels. This includes, but is not limited to, the use of wetting equipment and excavation faces, and spraying water during excavation. Other dust controls shall be implemented by the Contractor as needed and as directed by the Resident Engineer including wind blocks, dust curtains, tarps over soil stockpiles and truck loads, restricting Site vehicle speeds to less than 10 mph, covering inactive excavation areas, and the proper sequencing and staging of soil disturbance activities to minimize the combined size of such exposed soil areas at any one time.

5.0 REPORTING

Any exceedance of a CAMP threshold or action level shall be reported to NYCDPR immediately and additionally in writing within two (2) hours of the time it is recorded. The report shall include all instrument readings; location of the monitoring stations, especially where the exceedance was recorded; readings at upwind locations; date, time and duration of elevated readings (i.e., number of 15 minute time-weighted exceedances); activities being performed at the time of the exceedances; meteorological conditions; and descriptions of countermeasures implemented to control the exceedance and prevent future occurrences.

At the end of each work day, the Contractor shall download the CAMP perimeter ambient air monitoring data collected that day to a computer, and organize, review and compare the data to action levels to verify and document that proper controls were in place throughout the work day. Data shall be available for inspection by NYCDPR and NYSDEC without advance notice.

FIGURE 1 SITE LOCATION MAP

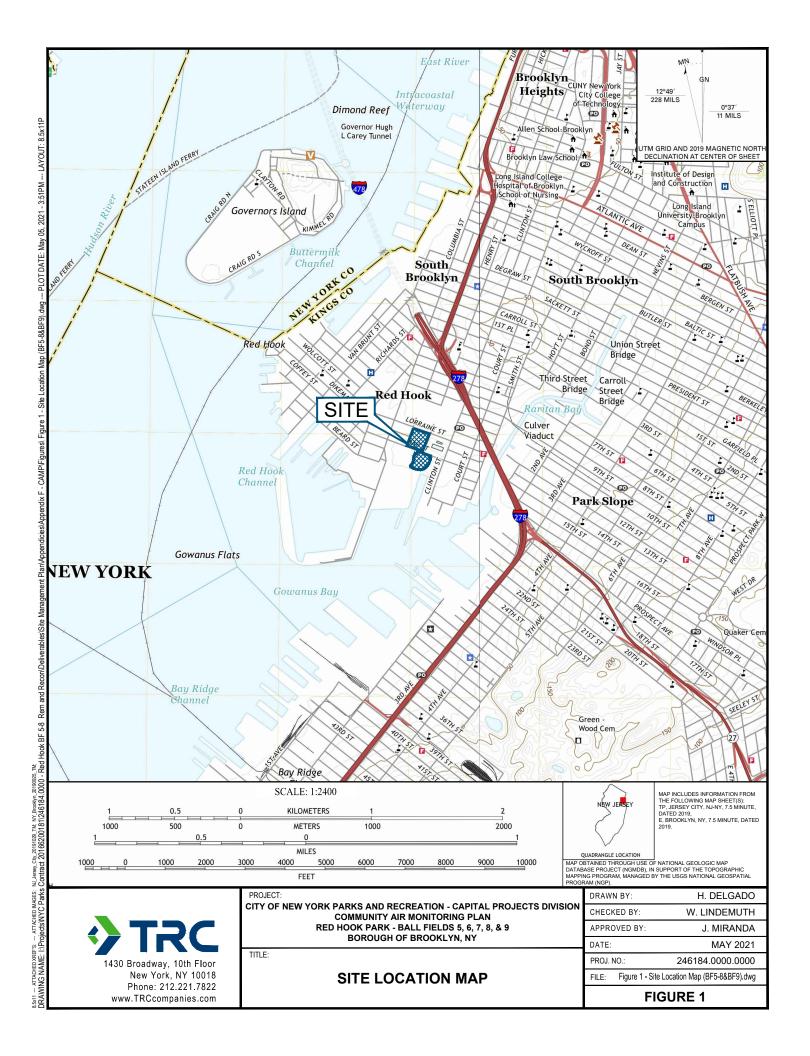
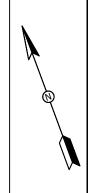


FIGURE 2 SITE PLAN

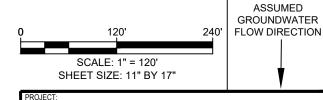
LEGEND (SYMBOLS NOT TO SCALE):

••••• PROJECT AREA



NOTE:

AERIAL IMAGERY SOURCE FROM NEARMAP DATED MARCH 12, 2021.



CITY OF NEW YORK PARKS AND RECREATION - CAPITAL PROJECTS DIVISION COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN
RED HOOK PARK - BALL FIELDS 5, 6, 7, 8, & 9
BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN, NY

SITE PLAN

H. DELGADO PROJ NO.: DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: W. LINDEMUTH J. MIRANDA APPROVED BY: MAY 2021

FIGURE 2

1430 Broadway 10th Floor New York, NY 10018 Phone: 212.221.7822

246184.0000.0000

Figure 2 - Site Plan (BF5-8&BF9).dwg

APPENDIX A DER-10 APPENDIX 1A – NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH GENERIC COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

Appendix 1A New York State Department of Health Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan

Overview

A Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) requires real-time monitoring for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and particulates (i.e., dust) at the downwind perimeter of each designated work area when certain activities are in progress at contaminated sites. The CAMP is not intended for use in establishing action levels for worker respiratory protection. Rather, its intent is to provide a measure of protection for the downwind community (i.e., off-site receptors including residences and businesses and on-site workers not directly involved with the subject work activities) from potential airborne contaminant releases as a direct result of investigative and remedial work activities. The action levels specified herein require increased monitoring, corrective actions to abate emissions, and/or work shutdown. Additionally, the CAMP helps to confirm that work activities did not spread contamination off-site through the air.

The generic CAMP presented below will be sufficient to cover many, if not most, sites. Specific requirements should be reviewed for each situation in consultation with NYSDOH to ensure proper applicability. In some cases, a separate site-specific CAMP or supplement may be required. Depending upon the nature of contamination, chemical- specific monitoring with appropriately-sensitive methods may be required. Depending upon the proximity of potentially exposed individuals, more stringent monitoring or response levels than those presented below may be required. Special requirements will be necessary for work within 20 feet of potentially exposed individuals or structures and for indoor work with co-located residences or facilities. These requirements should be determined in consultation with NYSDOH.

Reliance on the CAMP should not preclude simple, common-sense measures to keep VOCs, dust, and odors at a minimum around the work areas.

Community Air Monitoring Plan

Depending upon the nature of known or potential contaminants at each site, real-time air monitoring for VOCs and/or particulate levels at the perimeter of the exclusion zone or work area will be necessary. Most sites will involve VOC and particulate monitoring; sites known to be contaminated with heavy metals alone may only require particulate monitoring. If radiological contamination is a concern, additional monitoring requirements may be necessary per consultation with appropriate DEC/NYSDOH staff.

Continuous monitoring will be required for all <u>ground intrusive</u> activities and during the demolition of contaminated or potentially contaminated structures. Ground intrusive activities include, but are not limited to, soil/waste excavation and handling, test pitting or trenching, and the installation of soil borings or monitoring wells.

Periodic monitoring for VOCs will be required during <u>non-intrusive</u> activities such as the collection of soil and sediment samples or the collection of groundwater samples from existing monitoring wells. "Periodic" monitoring during sample collection might reasonably consist of taking a reading upon arrival at a sample location, monitoring while opening a well cap or

Final DER-10 Page 204 of 226

overturning soil, monitoring during well baling/purging, and taking a reading prior to leaving a sample location. In some instances, depending upon the proximity of potentially exposed individuals, continuous monitoring may be required during sampling activities. Examples of such situations include groundwater sampling at wells on the curb of a busy urban street, in the midst of a public park, or adjacent to a school or residence.

VOC Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions

Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) must be monitored at the downwind perimeter of the immediate work area (i.e., the exclusion zone) on a continuous basis or as otherwise specified. Upwind concentrations should be measured at the start of each workday and periodically thereafter to establish background conditions, particularly if wind direction changes. The monitoring work should be performed using equipment appropriate to measure the types of contaminants known or suspected to be present. The equipment should be calibrated at least daily for the contaminant(s) of concern or for an appropriate surrogate. The equipment should be capable of calculating 15-minute running average concentrations, which will be compared to the levels specified below.

- 1. If the ambient air concentration of total organic vapors at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone exceeds 5 parts per million (ppm) above background for the 15-minute average, work activities must be temporarily halted and monitoring continued. If the total organic vapor level readily decreases (per instantaneous readings) below 5 ppm over background, work activities can resume with continued monitoring.
- 2. If total organic vapor levels at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone persist at levels in excess of 5 ppm over background but less than 25 ppm, work activities must be halted, the source of vapors identified, corrective actions taken to abate emissions, and monitoring continued. After these steps, work activities can resume provided that the total organic vapor level 200 feet downwind of the exclusion zone or half the distance to the nearest potential receptor or residential/commercial structure, whichever is less but in no case less than 20 feet, is below 5 ppm over background for the 15-minute average.
- 3. If the organic vapor level is above 25 ppm at the perimeter of the work area, activities must be shutdown.
- 4. All 15-minute readings must be recorded and be available for State (DEC and NYSDOH) personnel to review. Instantaneous readings, if any, used for decision purposes should also be recorded.

Particulate Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions

Particulate concentrations should be monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeters of the exclusion zone at temporary particulate monitoring stations. The particulate monitoring should be performed using real-time monitoring equipment capable of measuring particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in size (PM-10) and capable of integrating over a period of 15 minutes (or less) for comparison to the airborne particulate action level. The equipment must be equipped with an audible alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level. In addition, fugitive dust migration should be visually assessed during all work activities.

Final DER-10 Page 205 of 226

- 1. If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter (mcg/m³) greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques must be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques provided that downwind PM-10 particulate levels do not exceed 150 mcg/m³ above the upwind level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.
- 2. If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than 150 mcg/m³ above the upwind level, work must be stopped and a re-evaluation of activities initiated. Work can resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within 150 mcg/m³ of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.
- 3. All readings must be recorded and be available for State (DEC and NYSDOH) and County Health personnel to review.

December 2009

Final DER-10 Page 206 of 226

APPENDIX B DER-10 APPENDIX 1B – FUGITIVE DUST AND PARTICULATE MONITORING

Appendix 1B **Fugitive Dust and Particulate Monitoring**

A program for suppressing fugitive dust and particulate matter monitoring at hazardous waste sites is a responsibility on the remedial party performing the work. These procedures must be incorporated into appropriate intrusive work plans. The following fugitive dust suppression and particulate monitoring program should be employed at sites during construction and other intrusive activities which warrant its use:

- Reasonable fugitive dust suppression techniques must be employed during all site activities which may generate fugitive dust.
- Particulate monitoring must be employed during the handling of waste or contaminated soil or when activities on site may generate fugitive dust from exposed waste or contaminated soil. Remedial activities may also include the excavation, grading, or placement of clean fill. These control measures should not be considered necessary for these activities.
- Particulate monitoring must be performed using real-time particulate monitors and shall monitor particulate matter less than ten microns (PM10) with the following minimum performance standards:
 - (a) Objects to be measured: Dust, mists or aerosols;
 - (b) Measurement Ranges: 0.001 to 400 mg/m3 (1 to 400,000 :ug/m3);
- (c) Precision (2-sigma) at constant temperature: +/- 10 :g/m3 for one second averaging; and +/- 1.5 g/m3 for sixty second averaging;
 - (d) Accuracy: +/- 5% of reading +/- precision (Referred to gravimetric calibration with SAE fine test dust (mmd= 2 to 3:m, g= 2.5, as aerosolized);
 - (e) Resolution: 0.1% of reading or 1g/m3, whichever is larger;
 - (f) Particle Size Range of Maximum Response: 0.1-10;
 - (g) Total Number of Data Points in Memory: 10,000;
- (h) Logged Data: Each data point with average concentration, time/date and data point number
- (i) Run Summary: overall average, maximum concentrations, time/date of maximum, total number of logged points, start time/date, total elapsed time (run duration), STEL concentration and time/date occurrence, averaging (logging) period, calibration factor, and tag number;
- (i) Alarm Averaging Time (user selectable): real-time (1-60 seconds) or STEL (15 minutes), alarms required;
 - (k) Operating Time: 48 hours (fully charged NiCd battery); continuously with charger;
 - (1) Operating Temperature: -10 to 50° C (14 to 122° F);
- (m) Particulate levels will be monitored upwind and immediately downwind at the working site and integrated over a period not to exceed 15 minutes.
- In order to ensure the validity of the fugitive dust measurements performed, there must be appropriate Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC). It is the responsibility of the remedial party to adequately supplement QA/QC Plans to include the following critical features: periodic instrument calibration, operator training, daily instrument performance (span) checks, and a record keeping plan.
 - 5. The action level will be established at 150 ug/m3 (15 minutes average). While conservative,

this short-term interval will provide a real-time assessment of on-site air quality to assure both health and safety. If particulate levels are detected in excess of 150 ug/m3, the upwind background level must be confirmed immediately. If the working site particulate measurement is greater than 100 ug/m3 above the background level, additional dust suppression techniques must be implemented to reduce the generation of fugitive dust and corrective action taken to protect site personnel and reduce the potential for contaminant migration. Corrective measures may include increasing the level of personal protection for on-site personnel and implementing additional dust suppression techniques (see paragraph 7). Should the action level of 150 ug/m3 continue to be exceeded work must stop and DER must be notified as provided in the site design or remedial work plan. The notification shall include a description of the control measures implemented to prevent further exceedances.

- 6. It must be recognized that the generation of dust from waste or contaminated soil that migrates off-site, has the potential for transporting contaminants off-site. There may be situations when dust is being generated and leaving the site and the monitoring equipment does not measure PM10 at or above the action level. Since this situation has the potential to allow for the migration of contaminants off-site, it is unacceptable. While it is not practical to quantify total suspended particulates on a real-time basis, it is appropriate to rely on visual observation. If dust is observed leaving the working site. additional dust suppression techniques must be employed. Activities that have a high dusting potentialsuch as solidification and treatment involving materials like kiln dust and lime--will require the need for special measures to be considered.
- The following techniques have been shown to be effective for the controlling of the generation and migration of dust during construction activities:
 - (a) Applying water on haul roads;
 - (b) Wetting equipment and excavation faces;
 - (c) Spraying water on buckets during excavation and dumping;
 - (d) Hauling materials in properly tarped or watertight containers;
 - (e) Restricting vehicle speeds to 10 mph;
 - (f) Covering excavated areas and material after excavation activity ceases; and
 - (g) Reducing the excavation size and/or number of excavations.

Experience has shown that the chance of exceeding the 150ug/m3 action level is remote when the above-mentioned techniques are used. When techniques involving water application are used, care must be taken not to use excess water, which can result in unacceptably wet conditions. Using atomizing sprays will prevent overly wet conditions, conserve water, and provide an effective means of suppressing the fugitive dust.

The evaluation of weather conditions is necessary for proper fugitive dust control. When extreme wind conditions make dust control ineffective, as a last resort remedial actions may need to be suspended. There may be situations that require fugitive dust suppression and particulate monitoring requirements with action levels more stringent than those provided above. Under some circumstances, the contaminant concentration and/or toxicity may require additional monitoring to protect site personnel and the public. Additional integrated sampling and chemical analysis of the dust may also be in order. This must be evaluated when a health and safety plan is developed and when appropriate suppression and monitoring requirements are established for protection of health and the environment.

Final DER-10 Page 208 of 226 May 2010

APPENDIX C MANUFACTURERS' OWNER'S MANUALS





FCC Information

Contains FCC ID: PI4411B or SU3RM900

The enclosed device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Wireless Approval For UAE In Middle East

TRA REGISTERED No: ER36153/14 or ER36153/15

DEALER No.: HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL MIDDLE EAST

- LTD - DUBAI BR

Wireless Approval For QATAR In Middle East

ictQATAR

Type Approval Reg. No.: R-4466 or R-4635



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Contents

Read Before Operating	6
Special Notes	7
Warnings	8
Standard Contents	10
General Information	10
Physical Description	12
Specifications	12
Charging The Battery	16
Charging A Spare Rechargeable Battery	17
Low Voltage Warning	18
Clock Battery	18
Data Protection While Power Is Off	18
User Interface	19
Display	21
Operating The Instrument	22
Turning The Instrument On	22
Turning The Instrument Off	23
Operating The Built-In Flashlight	23
Pump Status	23
Calibration Status	24
Operating Modes	29
Basic User Level/Hygiene Mode (Default Settings)	30
Alarm Signals	32
Alarm Signal Summary	33
Preset Alarm Limits & Calibration	34
Testing The Alarm	34
Integrated Sampling Pump	34
Backlight	35
Datalogging	35
Datalogging event	35
Datalogging sample	35
Auto/Manual/Snapshot Datalogging	36
Standard Kit & Accessories	
AC Adapter (Battery Charger)	37
Alkaline Battery Adapter	
External Filter	39

Optional Accessories	40
Calibration Adapter	40
Calibration Regulator	40
Organic Vapor Zeroing Kit	40
Standard Two-Point Calibration (Zero & Span)	41
Entering Calibration	42
Zero (Fresh Air) Calibration	
Span Calibration	
Exiting Two-Point Calibration In Basic User Level	48
Three-Point Calibration	49
Span 2 Calibration	50
Exiting Three-Point Calibration	53
Bump Test	48
Programming Mode	53
Entering Programming Mode	54
Programming Mode Menus	56
Zero Calibration	57
Meas. Gas	57
High Alarm	57
Clear Datalog	57
Radio	57
Power	57
Span Calibration	57
Meas. Unit	57
Low Alarm	57
Interval	57
Op Mode	57
Bump	57
STEL Alarm	57
Data Selection	57
Site ID	57
TWA Alarm	57
Datalog Type	57
User ID	57
Alarm Mode	57
User Mode	57
Buzzer & Light	57
Date	57
Time	57

Pump Duty Cycle	.57
Pump Speed	
Temperature Unit	. 57
Language	
Real Time Protocol	. 57
Power On Zero	. 57
Unit ID	. 57
LCD Contrast	. 57
Lamp ID	. 57
PAN ID	. 57
Mesh Channel	. 57
Mesh Interval	. 57
Exiting Programming Mode	. 58
Navigating Programming Mode Menus	. 58
Calibration	
Zero Calibration	. 59
Span Calibration	. 59
Bump	. 59
Measurement	. 60
Meas. Gas	. 60
Meas. Unit	.61
Alarm Setting	. 62
High Alarm	. 63
Low Alarm	. 63
STEL Alarm	. 64
TWA Alarm	. 65
Alarm Type	. 66
Buzzer & Light	. 67
Datalog	. 67
Interval	. 68
Data Selection	. 69
Datalog Type	.70
Manual Datalog	.70
Snapshot Datalog	
Monitor Setup	
Radio Power	.72
Op Mode	
Hygiene	
Search	.73

Site ID	73
User ID	74
User Mode	74
Date	75
Time	76
Pump Duty Cycle	76
Pump Speed	
Temperature Unit	77
Language	
Real Time Protocol	
Power On Zero	79
Unit ID	79
LCD Contrast	
Lamp ID	
PAN ID	
Mesh Channel	
Mesh Interval	
Hygiene Mode	
Advanced User Level (Hygiene Mode Or Search Mode)	
Advanced User Level & Hygiene Mode	
Basic User Level & Search Mode	
Advanced User Level & Search Mode	
Diagnostic Mode	
Entering Diagnostic Mode	
Adjusting The Pump Stall Threshold	
Pump High	
Pump Low	
Exiting Diagnostic Mode	
Transferring Data To & From A Computer	94
Downloading The Datalog To A PC	
Connection.	
Uploading Firmware To The instrument From A PC	
Maintenance	
Battery Charging & Replacement	
Replacing The Li-ion Battery	
Replacing The Alkaline Battery Adapter	
PID Sensor & Lamp Cleaning/Replacement	
Sensor Components	
Cleaning The Lamp Housing Or Changing The Lamp	100

Determining The Lamp Type	101
Sampling Pump	102
Cleaning The Instrument	
Ordering Replacement Parts	
Special Servicing Note	
Troubleshooting	104
Technical Support	105
RAE Systems Contacts	106
Controlled Part of Manual	
Basic Operation	107
Turning The Instrument On	107
Turning The Instrument Off	
Alarm Signals	
Alarm Signal Summary	108
Preset Alarm Limits & Calibration	109
Charging The Battery	110
Low Voltage Warning	
Clock Battery	111
Replacing Rechargeable Li-Ion or NiMH Battery	112
Alkaline Battery Adapter	112
Troubleshooting	113

DUSTTRAKTM II AEROSOL MONITOR MODEL 8530/8531/8532/8530EP

OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

P/N 6001893, REVISION P JANUARY 2017



DustTrak II 8530/31 Desktop and 8532 Handheld



DustTrak II 8530EP Monitor



CONTENTS

SAFETY INFORMATION	V
Laser Safety	
Labels	vi
Description of Caution/Warning Symbols	vii
Caution	vii
Warning	
Caution and Warning Symbols	vii
Reusing and Recycling	vii
CHAPTER 1 UNPACKING AND PARTS IDENTIFICATION	4
Unpacking the DustTrak II Aerosol Monitor	, 1
Optional Accessories	
Parts Identification for the DustTrak II Desktop Aerosol Monitor	
Models 8530/8531	я
Parts Identification for the DustTrak II Desktop Aerosol Monitor	
Model 8530EP	a
External Pump Module (8530EP only)	g
Parts Identification for the DustTrak II Handheld Aerosol Monitor	
Model 8532	10
CHAPTER 2 SETTING UP	11
Supplying Power to the DustTrak II Aerosol Monitor	11
Installing the Batteries in Model 8530/8531/8530EP Desktop	11
Installing the Batteries in Model 8532 Handheld	11
Connecting the External Pump to DustTrak Model 8530EP	12
Using the AC Adapter to Run Instrument	14
Battery Charging	14
Inlet Cap	14
Size-Selective Impactors	15
Dorr-Oliver Cyclone	16
Instrument Setup	
Connecting to the Computer	16
Installing TrakPro™ Data Analysis Software	16
Connecting Analog/Alarm Output	17
Wiring the Analog Output	18
Wiring the Alarm	18
CHAPTER 3 OPERATION	19
Getting Started	
For Model DustTrak 8530EP only	19
Setup Menu	
Zero Cal	
Flow Cal	24
User Cal	25
Alarm	
Analog	
Settings	
Run Mode	35
Survey Mode	

Manual Mode	
Log Mode (1–5)	38
Taking Mass Concentration Measurements	39
Screen Regions	
Stats	
Graphing	
Viewing Data	
Title Bar	44
CHAPTER 4 MAINTENANCE	45
Maintenance Schedule	
Zeroing Instrument	46
Cleaning the Inlet	
Cleaning and Oiling Impactors	47
Replacing the Internal Filters	
Replacing the Filters in the External Pump Module	
Storage Precautions	52
CHAPTER 5 TROUBLESHOOTING	53
APPENDIX A SPECIFICATIONS	59
APPENDIX B ZERO MODULE	61
INDEX	63
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These Application Notes can also be found on TSI's web site: http://www.tsi.com

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