Virgilio Cocianni Remediation Manager

# Schlumberger

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December 16, 2011

Ms. Robin Hackett NYSDEC, Division of Environmental Remediation 625 Broadway, 11th Floor Albany, New York 12233-7014

Re: West Slab Area Investigation Report Former Fairchild Semiconductor Facility 91 All Angels Hill Road Wappingers Falls, New York Site Code 314067

Dear Ms. Hackett:

As requested, please find enclosed the *West Slab Area Investigation Report* for the Former Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation facility located at 91 All Angels Hill Road in Wappingers Falls, New York.

If you have any comments or questions, please contact me at (281) 285-4747.

Sincerely,

V. Cocianni Virgilio Cocianni Remediation Manager

Enclosure: West Slab Area Investigation Report

cc: Anthony Perretta, NYSDOH, Bureau of Environmental Exposure Investigation Charlotte Bethany, NYSDOH, Bureau of Environmental Exposure Investigation Frank Paulo, 1st Assistant Chief, New Hackensack Fire Department Jacquelyn Nealon, NYSDOH, Bureau of Environmental Exposure Investigation Janet Brown, NYSDEC Region 3 Scott Deyette, NYSDEC Weiss Associates File Copy

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## WEST SLAB AREA INVESTIGATION

for

**Former Fairchild Facility** 91 All Angels Hill Road Wappingers Falls, New York Site Code 314067

prepared for

**Schlumberger Technology Corporation** 300 Schlumberger Drive Sugar Land, TX 77478

prepared by

Weiss Associates 350 East Middlefield Road Mountain View, CA 94043

Weiss Project No. 363-1922-10-08

December 16, 2011



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## ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

cis-1,2-DCE	cis-1,2-dichloroethene
DER	Division of Environmental Remediation
Fairchild	Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation
ft	feet
ft bgs	feet below ground surface
GORE®	registered trademark of W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc, Newark DE.
HRC®	Hydrogen Release Compound; registered trademark of Regenesis, San Clemente, CA
IDW	investigation-derived waste
μg/L	micrograms per liter
$\mu g/m^3$	micrograms per cubic meter
NKFD	New Hackensack Fire Department
NYSDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
PCE	tetrachloroethene
PHSP	Project Health and Safety Plan
PID	photoionization detector
PPE	personal protective equipment
ppmv	parts per million by volume
PSV	passive soil vapor
QA/QC	quality assurance/quality control
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
RPD	relative percent difference
Site	91 All Angels Hill Road in Wappingers Falls, New York
STC	Schlumberger Technology Corporation
TCE	trichloroethene
ТРН	total petroleum hydrocarbons
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOCs	volatile organic compounds
VSP	Visual Sample Plan
Weiss	Weiss Associates
1,1,1-TCA	1,1,1-trichloroethane



### SUMMARY

This West Slab Investigation Report was prepared by Weiss Associates (Weiss) for Schlumberger Technology Corporation's (STC) former Fairchild facility located at 91 All Angels Hill Road in Wappingers Falls, New York, Site Code 314067 (the Site). The purpose of the investigation was to assess if a source of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), primarily trichloroethene (TCE), may exist beneath the western portion of the former building slab. The work was conducted in accordance with the *West Slab Area Investigation Work Plan* (Weiss, 2011b), which was approved by the New York State Department of Conservation (NYSDEC) and New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) in a letter dated June 23, 2011 (NYSDEC, 2011).

The work plan proposed a first phase of investigation, "Phase I," consisting of a screeninglevel passive soil vapor (PSV) survey to identify potential VOC sources beneath the western portion of the slab. The Phase I results are presented here. The work plan also proposed a subsequent "Phase II" investigation (e.g., soil and groundwater sampling) to determine potentially affected media. As presented in this report, soil and groundwater sampling conducted previous to the PSV survey provides the data necessary to conclude that residual VOC concentrations in soil vapor beneath the slab do not represent a source to groundwater.

The Phase I PSV survey was conducted between August 18 and 28, 2011. The results showed two areas of TCE in soil vapor in the investigation area with mass values higher than the surrounding areas. The two areas do not coincide with any surface features that might be related to a potential source, such as utility trenches, floor drains, or other penetrative features. Saturated soil and groundwater samples previously collected beneath and downgradient of the two areas show that soil and groundwater have not been affected by the TCE or other VOCs. Therefore, the PSV detections appear to be from surface or near-surface VOCs in the concrete slab and/or the immediately underlying unsaturated soil. This pattern is consistent with minor, localized surface or floor spills that could have occurred during manufacturing in the building prior to 1985, when operations ceased. The saturated soil and groundwater sample results indicate that groundwater is not impacted in these areas. Therefore, no Phase II investigation is necessary for the west slab area.



## **1. INTRODUCTION**

This report was prepared by Weiss Associates (Weiss) for Schlumberger Technology Corporation's (STC) former Fairchild facility located at 91 All Angels Hill Road in Wappingers Falls, New York, Site Code 314067 (the Site, Figure 1). This report presents the results of a passive soil vapor (PSV) survey beneath the western portion of the former building slab. The investigation was conducted to identify whether potential sources of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), primarily trichloroethene (TCE), may be present. Analytical results from the PSV survey are evaluated and conclusions and recommendations presented.

#### **1.1 Objectives**

There were two primary objectives of the west slab investigation as outlined by the *West Slab Area Investigation Work Plan* (Weiss, 2011b):

- 1) Identify and evaluate extent of potential VOC sources beneath the western portion of the slab by performing a screening-level PSV survey; and
- 2) Using the PSV results, determine potentially affected media and quantify VOCs by collecting discrete samples at locations suggested by the PSV survey.

This report documents the PSV results and presents previous soil and groundwater sampling data that meets the objectives of the discrete sampling program.

#### **1.2 Report Organization**

Section 1.0 of this report presents the introduction, Section 2.0 contains a brief Site description and history, Section 3.0 presents the field procedures, Section 4.0 describes and discusses the results, and Section 5.0 contains the conclusions and recommendations. Copies of field forms are presented in Appendix A. Appendix B contains the final report from the analytical laboratory, W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc (GORE<sup>®</sup>), and Appendix C contains results of air monitoring conducted during the field investigation as required by the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH).



## 2. SITE BACKGROUND

#### 2.1 Site Description

The former Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation (Fairchild) Site occupies 10 acres within the 59.5 acres of Assessor's Parcel Number (APN) 6258-02-590720. The Site is located in a rural residential area of Dutchess County, New York, approximately 60 miles north of New York City (Figure 1). The plant buildings and equipment have been removed; generally, only the concrete floor slab of the former manufacturing facility remains (Figure 2). The Site is currently owned by the New Hackensack Fire Department (NKFD) and is used for driver training and equipment storage.

#### 2.2 Hydrogeology and Geology

The Site is on the southern crest and eastern slope of a low hill – specifically, a drumlin – bordered on the east by a small creek (Figure 1). The drumlin is composed of a heterogeneous mixture of fine-grained, clay-rich till and lacustrine deposits left by ice sheets and melt water during past glaciation. The former building floor slab is located on the crest of the drumlin.

The generalized subsurface profile at the Site consists of two clayey silt layers above bedrock. The upper layer consists of low-permeability, stiff, brown clayey silt with traces of sand that ranges in depth from the ground surface to between 7 and 25 feet below ground surface (ft bgs). Below this layer is a very stiff to hard layer of gray clay and silt. This lower clayey silt layer is also of low permeability and extends down to bedrock. Bedrock consists primarily of black shale, and ranges in depth from near the surface close to the base of the hill, to 66 ft bgs beneath the former building slab.

The water table morphology generally mimics the Site topography. Water level data from piezometers on the building slab, and wells historically and presently located at the Site, indicate that groundwater flows radially outward (towards the northeast, east, south, and west) from the center of the floor slab/drumlin, in accord with the surface topography at the Site (Figures 3 and 4). Depths to groundwater range from approximately 3 to 5 feet (ft) in the center of the slab to approximately 12 ft or more west of the slab perimeter (Figure 5). The depth to groundwater and groundwater elevations (Figures 5 and 6), and hence groundwater flow directions, have remained fairly constant over the last 20 years.

#### 2.3 Site History

The former Fairchild facility manufactured semiconductor components from the 1960s until 1985. During operations on Site, hazardous waste management included use of acid neutralization and equalization tanks; four vinyl lined aerobic lagoons; and underground storage and treatment tanks.



Investigation and remediation activities began in 1984, when construction excavation at the Site indicated the presence of solvents and hydrocarbons in soils and groundwater. Underground storage tanks (USTs) containing fuel oil and solvents, located adjacent to the east side of the facility, were identified as the likely sources (Canonie, 1985; Canonie, 1986; and Locus, 2002). The conceptual Site model is that releases of hydrocarbons and VOCs from these USTs entered soil and groundwater and were transported laterally in shallow groundwater (Figure 2). TCE and its breakdown product cis-1,2-dichloroethene (cis-1,2-DCE) are the predominant residual VOCs in groundwater at the Site.

Remediation and investigation have included removal of the USTs and adjacent impacted soils (1985, 1986 and 1990), installation of monitoring wells and piezometers, groundwater extraction and treatment (1986-2002), a soil vapor survey followed by groundwater and soil sampling in the vicinity of wells W-19 and W-20 (2002), enhanced bioremediation using Hydrogen Release Compound (HRC<sup>®</sup>) (2002-2007), and a soil vapor survey followed by groundwater and soil sampling in the vicinity of well W-18A (2007 and 2008) (Weiss, 2009). The groundwater extraction system and HRC injection utilized two trenches: a lower, downgradient trench located approximately 200 ft from the former facility and running from northeast to south; and a shorter, T-shaped upper trench just east of the area formerly occupied by the USTs (Figure 2).

STC sold the Site to the NKFD in 1996, which currently uses it for as-needed driver training and for the periodic storage of mobile homes that are used for offsite fire training. STC is currently monitoring the Site to assess natural attenuation trends. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) stated in 2007 that VOCs in groundwater near most wells at the Site were sufficiently attenuating, with the exception of wells W-18A and W-27 (NYSDEC, 2007). The area near well W-18A was further investigated in 2007 and 2008 (Weiss, 2009). The investigation at W-18A identified an isolated area of VOCs near well W-18A that may be responsible for the residual VOC concentrations in groundwater in that well.

The W-18A investigation also identified VOCs in soil vapor sample V-5, collected beneath the western-central part of the former building slab (Table 1). The investigation did not detect VOCs in soil or groundwater samples from the soil boring for piezometer P-3, about 15 ft northeast, and upgradient, of V-5 (Weiss, 2009). These results, along with sampling results for piezometer P-3 from October 2010, showed less than 1 microgram per liter ( $\mu$ g/L) of VOCs in groundwater in this area beneath the former building slab (Weiss, 2011a). These data suggested that the VOCs detected in soil vapor at V-5 are not from a soil or groundwater source. However, to establish the nature of the source of VOCs at V-5 and their potential extent, NYSDEC requested further investigation of the V-5 area, leading to this PSV investigation of the west slab area.



## **3. FIELD ACTIVITIES**

Field procedures were outlined in the work plan (Weiss, 2011b), and were implemented at the Site from August 18 through 29, 2011. These activities are described in the following subsections.

#### 3.1 Health and Safety

A project health and safety plan (PHSP) was prepared for this work in accordance with requirements specified in:

- 29 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards;
- 29 CFR 1926 Safety and Health Regulations for Construction;
- 29 CFR 1910.120 Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response; and
- NYSDEC Division of Environmental Remediation (DER) DER-10 guidance, Section 1.9.

The PHSP was reviewed prior to field mobilization and signed by the project manager and field staff. Daily safety tailgate meetings were held to discuss relevant safety issues and review field processes.

### 3.2 Line Locating

The PSV survey locations were marked, and Dig|Safely New York was contacted several days before field activities to identify potential underground utility locations. The only known utility of concern was the municipal water main serving the fire hydrants around the building slab, located well beyond the approximately 150 x 200 foot investigation area. None of the sample locations were moved as a result of subsurface utilities.

#### 3.3 Passive Soil Vapor Survey

For the PSV survey, Weiss deployed passive diffusion samplers, referred to as GORE<sup>®</sup> modules, provided by W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc. The GORE<sup>®</sup> modules consisted of an engineered adsorbent, each encased in a hydrophobic membrane (Gore, 2011). The modules were deployed August 18 and 19, 2011, and removed August 29, 2011.



### 3.3.1 Investigation Approach

A total of 49 GORE<sup>®</sup> modules were used to identify the extent of VOCs. The PSV samples were collected on a modified 25- by 25-foot grid system as shown in Figure 7. The grid was planned and designed such that nodes were located next to surface features identified by NYSDEC (NYSDEC, 2010), including floor drains and the piping that connects them, a former utility trench, and a "possible pit" that may be a concrete footing that previously supported heavy machinery. Grid alignment also attempted to place nodes near the V-3 and V-4 sampling locations from the 2007 W-18A investigation (Weiss, 2009) to correlate results from both investigations. The Visual Sample Plan (VSP) software developed by Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (<u>http://vsp.pnl.gov/</u>) was used to optimize the sampling design.

Forty of the PSV locations were at nodes located on a 25-foot spacing grid. The grid node locations coincided with, or were near, many of the former utility trenches and intersections of slab joints in the former building slab. Four additional samples were located around the V-5 sample location to form a higher sampling density, with 17.7-foot grid spacing. Three samples were located further to the northwest (presumed upgradient) of the V-5 sample location to form a wider, 50-foot spacing. Two additional discrete, or non-grid samples were located at selected surface features: one near the area described as a "possible pit" and the second within a former utility trench.

The grid locations were measured and marked in the field using a steel tape and chalk. The 49 samples were collected from modules set 1.5 to 3 ft bgs except where the water table was shallower than this depth; in the latter case the modules were set six inches above the water table. The two-digit location numbers shown on Figure 7 correspond to the last two digits of the GORE<sup>®</sup> serial number for the module or modules deployed at the respective location.

The PSV samples, including quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples, were analyzed for the target Site constituents (chlorinated VOCs and hydrocarbons) using modified United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Method 8260/8270. A letter-report that presents the PSV survey results as submitted by the subcontractor, W.L. Gore and Associates, Inc., is included as Appendix B.

### 3.3.2 Soil Vapor Sampling Procedures

The GORE<sup>®</sup> modules were installed at nodes on the rectangular grid with spacings of 17.7-, 25- and 50- ft as described above. Each module was installed as close to the targeted grid node as possible, using the procedures recommended by the manufacturer of the GORE<sup>®</sup> modules. The borehole for each module was 0.75 inch in diameter and advanced to the target depth using a hand-held rotary drill. Borehole collapse did not occur, and the 49 holes remained open long enough to insert the module without needing to add deionized water to hold them open. Each GORE<sup>®</sup> module was set between 1.5 and 3 ft bgs, or 6 inches above the water table if the water table was shallower than 2 ft.

Field staff recorded sample identifications, serial numbers, locations, depths, technician initials, and installation dates and times on a sampler installation log (included with the GORE<sup>®</sup> report, Appendix B). Before opening and deploying each module, and during module recovery, the technicians donned a new pair of disposable plastic gloves. A GORE<sup>®</sup> -provided cork was used to seal the hole from air infiltration. The surface around the cork was further sealed with granular bentonite and plastic sheeting to minimize rainfall and runoff from entering the borehole. After the GORE<sup>®</sup> module had remained in the ground for 10 or 11 days, the samples were retrieved in

accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shipped under chain of custody to the offsite GORE<sup>®</sup> analytical laboratory.

Following sample retrieval, each location was backfilled with granular bentonite and water. The surface around each borehole was restored to the extent practicable by replacing the surface slab or sod to match surrounding conditions.

### 3.3.3 Deviations from the Work Plan

There were two instances where field conditions necessitated that work should not be conducted as per the work plan (Weiss, 2011b):

- The discrete sample location that was intended to investigate a "possible pit" contained standing water which was underlain by a layer of concrete at approximately 18 inches below ground surface. This location was therefore moved 2 ft to the north, and the sample was successfully collected; and
- The discrete sample location that was intended to investigate the former utility trench was also under water and underlain by a concrete slab. The location was moved 4 ft to the west, and the sample was successfully collected.

### 3.4 Field Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sampling

QA/QC samples included field duplicates and trip blanks; no field blanks were collected as there was no sampling equipment to decontaminate. Three trip blanks were analyzed. The blank packaged on September 17, 2011 contained total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) at 0.05  $\mu$ g. Thus, this value of TPH is considered to be equivalent to background for this investigation. No other VOCs were detected in this trip blank, and no VOCs were detected in either of the other two trip blanks.

Five field duplicate samples, equivalent to approximately 10 percent of the sample locations, were collected from the same hole and similar depth as the original sample and analyzed. Locations with duplicates include 09, 18, 27, 36, and 45 (Figure 7). Analytical results of duplicate samples are compared with the respective regular samples in Table 2. Weiss verified the laboratory QA/QC documentation and concluded that the data are within acceptable criteria. The data are therefore considered valid and usable for this project.

### 3.5 Investigation-Derived Wastes

Investigation-derived wastes (IDW) consisted of less than 5 gallons of soil cuttings from the 0.75-inch-diameter PSV holes, decontamination water, and used personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves. The PPE was disposed of as municipal trash. Soil removed from the holes was screened using a photoionization detector (PID) with a 10.6-eV lamp. During field sampling, PID readings on the soil cuttings did not show VOCs exceeding 5 parts per million by volume (ppmv), and thus, no segregation of IDW was conducted and wastes were not containerized. Instead, due to the low VOC readings, soil cuttings and decontamination water IDW were distributed onsite near the boreholes, consistent with the NYSDEC-approved work plan (Weiss, 2011b).



### 3.6 Air Monitoring

Ambient air was monitored for particulates and VOCs during investigation activities, as required by NYSDEC for any investigations that disturb the ground. Particulate monitoring both upwind and downwind of the sampling activity showed concentrations in the 10 to 40 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) range, well below the action level of 150  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> above background for a 15 minute-average. The one exception from the 10 to 40  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> range was a brief excursion to approximately 110  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> on the morning of August 18, 2011 which appears to reflect dust from offsite, since the upwind monitor recorded higher values than downwind. VOC monitoring showed 0.0 ppmv background (more than 1 foot from any borehole) readings, with the exception of the morning of August 18, 2011 when a rain storm drove humidity levels above 80% and the PID meter yielded high background readings, interpreted as false positive readings. Complete air monitoring procedures and data are provided in Appendix C.

### 3.7 Field Equipment, Containers, and Supplies

Field equipment, containers, and supplies used for the GORE<sup>®</sup> PSV included:

- An electric hammer drill, bit, generator and power cord;
- The GORE<sup>®</sup> modules and glass jars, for shipping and storage;
- Decontamination supplies for drilling equipment, consisting of clean buckets, laboratory grade detergent, distilled water, brush and gloves;
- Field monitoring equipment (e.g., PID) and a real-time particulate monitor as specified by the air monitoring plan, presented in Appendix C of the work plan (Weiss, 2011b); and,
- Appropriate safety equipment as specified by the PHSP.

The generator was placed on a dolly for easy mobility, and kept at least 50 ft downwind of any active work zone.

#### **3.8 Field Analytical Procedures**

The operation, calibration, and preventative maintenance for field sampling equipment were conducted in accordance with vendor-supplied operation manuals and manufacturer's instructions. Further details regarding equipment calibration are presented in the quality assurance project plan (QAPP), included as Appendix A of the work plan (Weiss, 2011b). Field sampling equipment utilized during the investigation included a PID for measuring VOCs, and an ambient dust monitor for collecting airborne particulate measurements, as discussed in Appendix C. Field measurements and analytical data were either recorded in the field log, or using the data logging capability incorporated into the instruments.

## 4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Results for select VOCs from this survey are presented in Table 2. Appendix B contains the complete data set and PSV report prepared by  $GORE^{\mathbb{R}}$  Surveys, Inc. Results for TCE are shown on Figures 8 and 9, with colorimetric shading to represent the range of mass values. Four other VOCs with frequent detections but at mass values more than two orders of magnitude lower than TCE include Freon 113, toluene, tetrachloroethene (PCE), and 1,1,1-trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA). Colorimetric shading maps for these VOCs are shown in Appendix B.

As shown on Figures 8 and 9, the pattern of occurrence for the TCE mass values does not indicate that known floor drains, utility trenches, pits, slab joints and other surface penetrations are source areas. The TCE distribution also does not show a consistent pattern or correlation with the other VOCs (Appendix B). The highest mass values of TCE were detected at GORE<sup>®</sup> module sample locations 23 and 01. As discussed below, previous sampling results indicate that these areas are not sources of TCE to groundwater.

Location 23 is adjacent to soil vapor sample V-5, which contained the highest TCE concentration of the samples collected during the W-18A investigation (Figure 8). This location is beneath the former clean room, an area of the facility where VOCs were used. No TCE was detected above detection limits in these previously collected soil and groundwater samples at this location:

- Soil samples collected in 2008 from both 10 and 20 ft bgs from the boring for piezometer P-3 (Weiss, 2009) as shown in Table 3 and Figure 10;
- A grab groundwater sample collected from 19.5 to 26 ft bgs from the same boring during the W-18A investigation (Table 4, Figure 10); and
- A groundwater sample collected from this depth interval in piezometer P-3 in October 2010 (Weiss, 2011a).

Location 01 (Figures 7, 8 and 9) is beneath an area formerly used for deionized water storage, mechanical equipment serving the building systems, and a workshop for machining and welding poly vinyl chloride components (Whitten, 2010-2011, personal communications). These activities are not typically associated with TCE use, and no documentation could be found of solvent storage or use in the area.

TCE was not present above detection limits in saturated soil and groundwater samples collected from locations potentially downgradient from location 01 (Figure 9). Because location 01 is at the center of the radial groundwater flow pattern at the crest of the hill, the downgradient direction could be to the east, south, or west and could change over time. However, soil and groundwater samples have been collected in previous investigations in all three directions. These samples with no detection of TCE include:

• A saturated soil sample collected from 10 ft bgs in 2008 from the boring for piezometer P-1, located about 35 ft west of location 01, during the W-18A investigation (Weiss, 2009) (Table 3);



- A grab groundwater sample collected from 11 to 20 ft bgs from the boring for piezometer P-1 (Table 4), and a groundwater sample collected from piezometer P-1 in October 2010 (Weiss, 2011a) (Table 4);
- Saturated soil and groundwater samples from the boring for piezometer P-3, located about 100 ft south of location 01 (Tables 3 and 4); and
- Groundwater samples from monitoring wells W-29 through W-35, located south, west, and northwest of the west slab investigation area (Figure 9), that were sampled between 1986 and 1989 (Table 4) and decommissioned with NYSDEC approval in 1998. One-time detections of TCE in wells W-29, W-32, and W-35 in July 1986 (Table 4) were not confirmed by later sampling and were attributed to cross-contamination of the sampling equipment (Canonie, 1987).

As mentioned previously, these results are evidence that the TCE at location 01 has not impacted soil or groundwater to the extent that any migration has or is likely to occur. The previous results also show no evidence of other VOCs sources. No other VOCs were detected in the previous soil and groundwater sampling in the west slab area, except sporadic 1,1,1-TCA in samples from well W-30, at concentrations just above detection limits (Table 4).



## 5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The PSV survey indicates that no VOC source impacting groundwater is present beneath the west slab. Previous soil and groundwater sampling near and around the locations with the two highest TCE mass values did not detect VOCs. This previous soil and groundwater sampling meets the objectives of the Phase II sampling proposed in the work plan. Therefore, no further investigation of the west slab is warranted.

The two locations with the highest TCE include: (1) PSV sample location 23, near previous soil vapor point V-5, and (2) location 01 (Figures 8 and 9). Data for previously collected soil and groundwater samples at and downgradient of these locations show no detection of TCE (other than three detections attributed to cross-contamination), indicating that the TCE detections in the PSV survey do not represent a source that is impacting groundwater. Other VOCs were detected in the PSV survey, but at mass values more than two orders of magnitude lower than TCE. These other VOCs were not detected in the previous soil and groundwater sampling except for 1,1,1-TCA just above detection limits in some of the samples from well W-30 (Table 4).

Previous soil and groundwater samples collected from piezometer P-3 at location 23 show no detection of VOCs, indicating that TCE has not impacted soil and groundwater in this area. Consequently, the TCE detected during the PSV survey at this location is likely limited to the concrete slab itself and/or the unsaturated soil immediately beneath it, and does not represent a release into deeper soil or groundwater. This pattern is consistent with potential minor, localized surface or floor spills during manufacturing in the building prior to 1985, when operations ceased.

Location 01 is at the center of a radial groundwater flow pattern at the crest of the hill, so the downgradient direction could be to the east, south, or west and may change over time. This radial pattern is depicted by the 1998 groundwater elevation contours that are shown on Figures 4 and 9. Previous soil and groundwater samples collected at locations in these potentially downgradient directions did not contain detectable TCE, except for three detections attributed to cross-contamination. Three rounds of follow up sampling showed no detection of TCE at these locations.

Saturated soil sample and groundwater samples collected at piezometers P-1 and P-3 contained no detectable VOCs and indicate that groundwater is not impacted to the south and west of location 01. There were no detections of TCE or other VOCs in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells W-34 and W-35 from 1986 to 1989 other than the cross-contamination mentioned earlier, indicating that groundwater northwest of location 01 was not impacted a minimum of four years after the facility closed. These results are consistent with the conclusion that TCE detected at location 01, in a manner similar to the TCE detected at location 23, represents a concentration within the concrete slab itself and/or the unsaturated soil immediately beneath it, and not a release to groundwater.

Therefore, no Phase II sampling is recommended as a follow up to the Phase I PSV survey. The previous soil and groundwater sampling performed near and downgradient of the two PSV locations with the highest TCE satisfies the objectives of the Phase II sampling that was proposed in the work plan.



## 6. CERTIFICATION AND DISCLAIMER

Weiss Associates' work for Schlumberger Technology Corporation at the former Fairchild Semiconductor Facility located at 91 All Angels Hill Road in Wappingers Falls, New York, was conducted under our supervision. To the best of our knowledge, the data contained herein are true and accurate, are based on what can be reasonably understood as a result of this project, and satisfy the scope of work prescribed by the client for this project. The data, findings, recommendations, specifications, or professional opinions were prepared solely for the use of Schlumberger Technology Corporation in accordance with generally accepted hydrogeologic practice. We make no other warranty, either expressed or implied, and are not responsible for the interpretation by others of the contents herein.

ecem<u>ber 16, 2011</u> Thomas Fojut Date **Principal Engineer** 

Bill McIlvride Senior Project Hydrogeologist

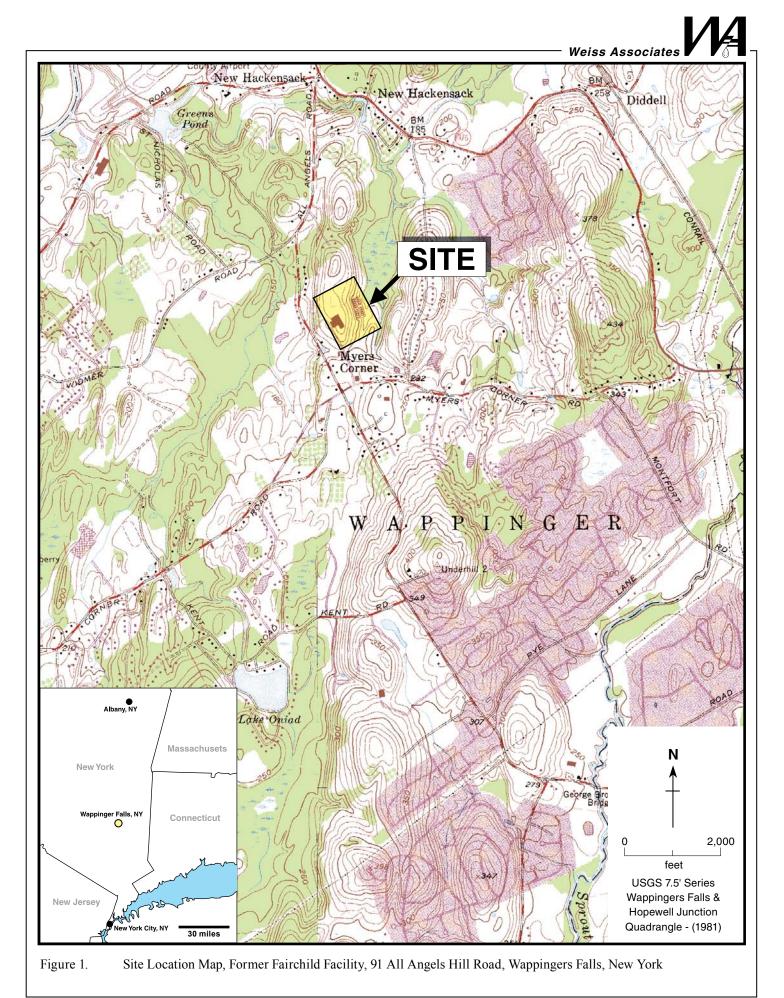


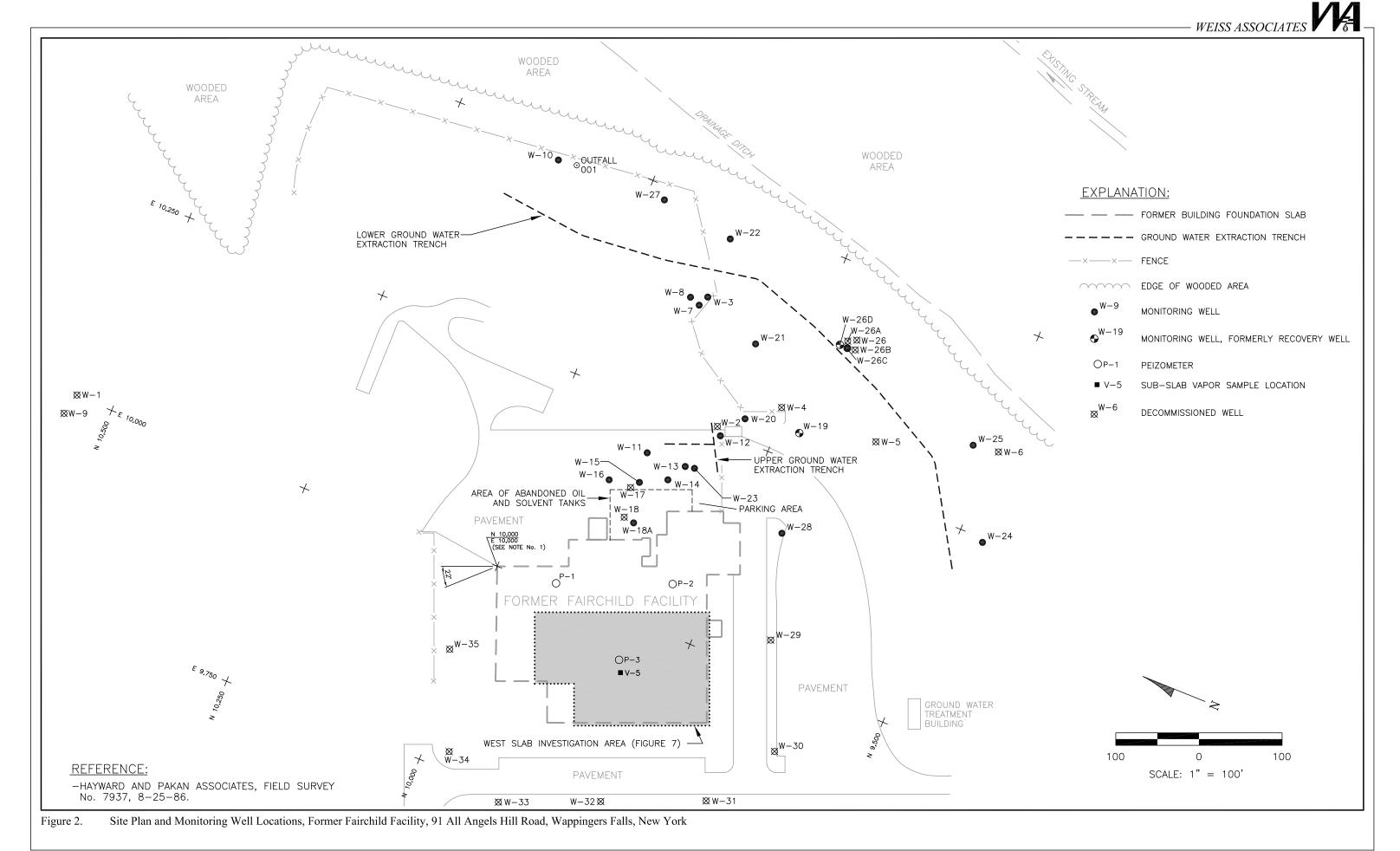
## 7. REFERENCES

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- Weiss, 2009. W-18A Vicinity Investigation Report for Former Fairchild Facility, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York, February 27.
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- Whitten, 2010-2011, Personal communications from Larry Whitten of Weiss Associates to Bill McIlvride of Weiss Associates. Larry was a wastewater treatment plant operator at the former Fairchild facility in 1985, the final year of operation, and witnessed operations inside the building.



**FIGURES** 





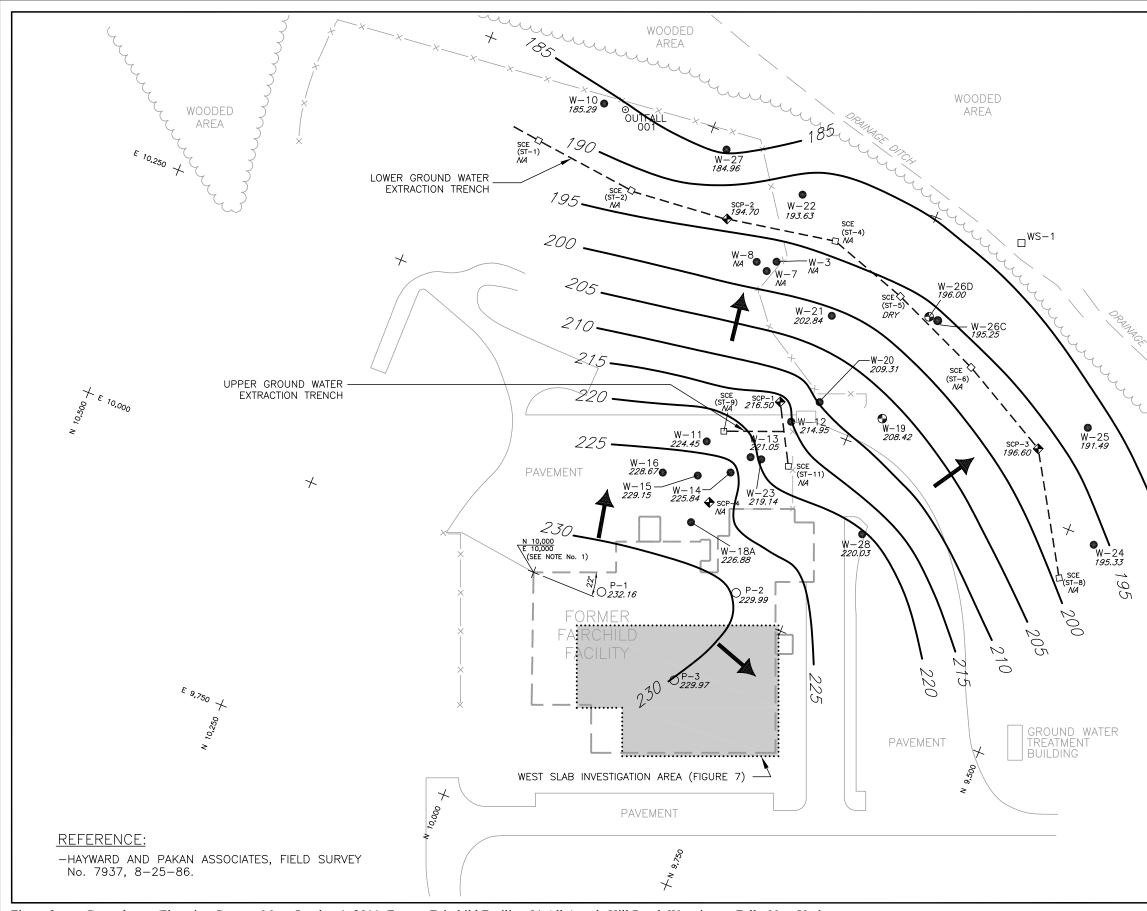
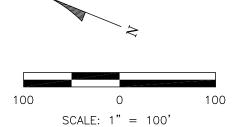


Figure 3. Groundwater Elevation Contour Map, October 1, 2011, Former Fairchild Facility, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York

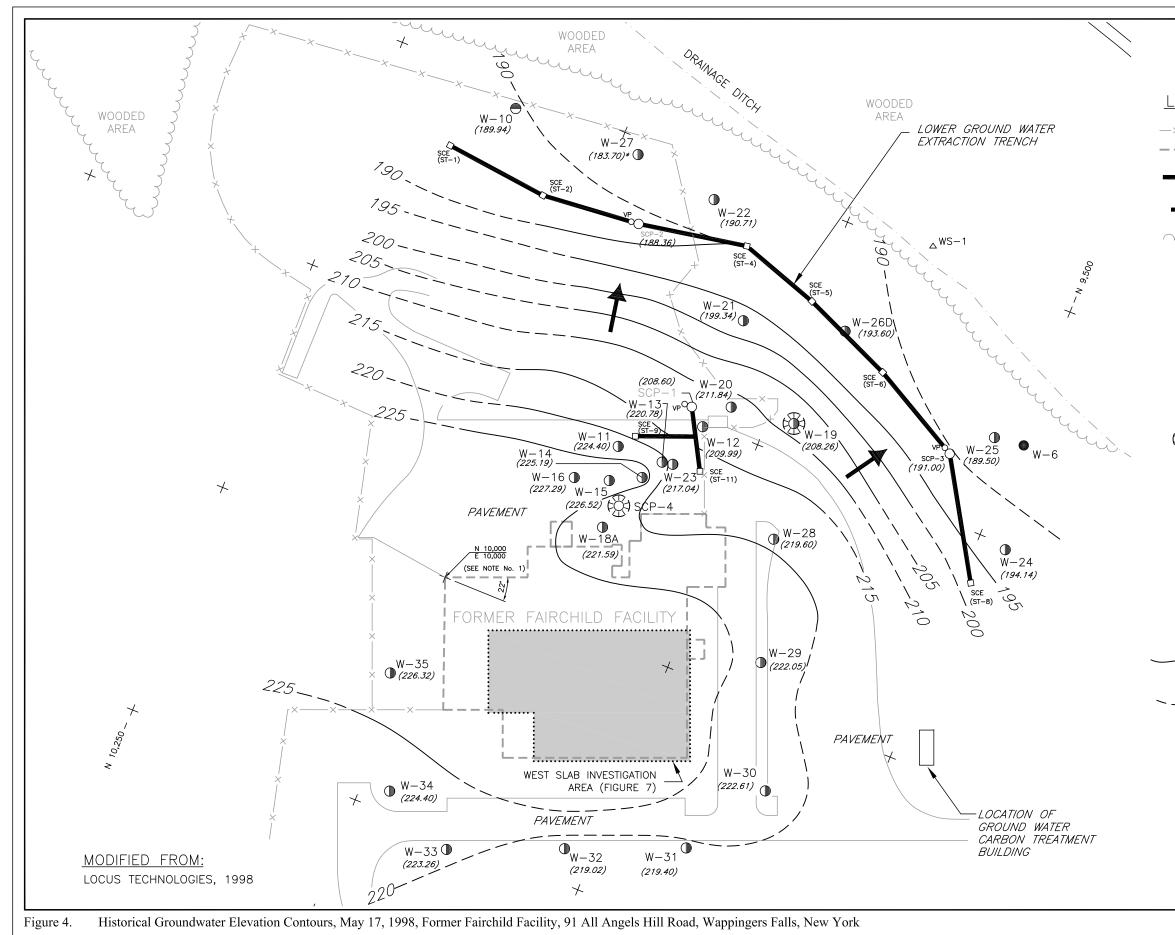
-Weiss Associates 🛛 🎼

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**EXPLANATION:** - ---- FORMER BUILDING FOUNDATION SLAB APPROXIMATE GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION EDGE OF WOODED AREA NOT AVAILABLE NA ●<sup>W-25</sup> MONITORING WELL ●<sup>W-19</sup> MONITORING WELL, FORMERLY RECOVERY WELL 0<sup>P-1</sup> PEIZOMETER \_WS−1 WETLAND SAMPLE LOCATION GROUND WATER COLLECTION SUMP TRENCH CLEAN OUT GROUNDWATER ELEVATION, FEET ABOVE 191.49 MEAN SEA LEVEL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION ANOMALOUS; NOT USED IN CONTOURING, SEE TEXT \* FOR EXPLANATION NOT USED IN CONTOURING BECAUSE IT W-23 IS SCREENED IN DEEPER ZONE 00 205-ESTIMATED GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR IN FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL



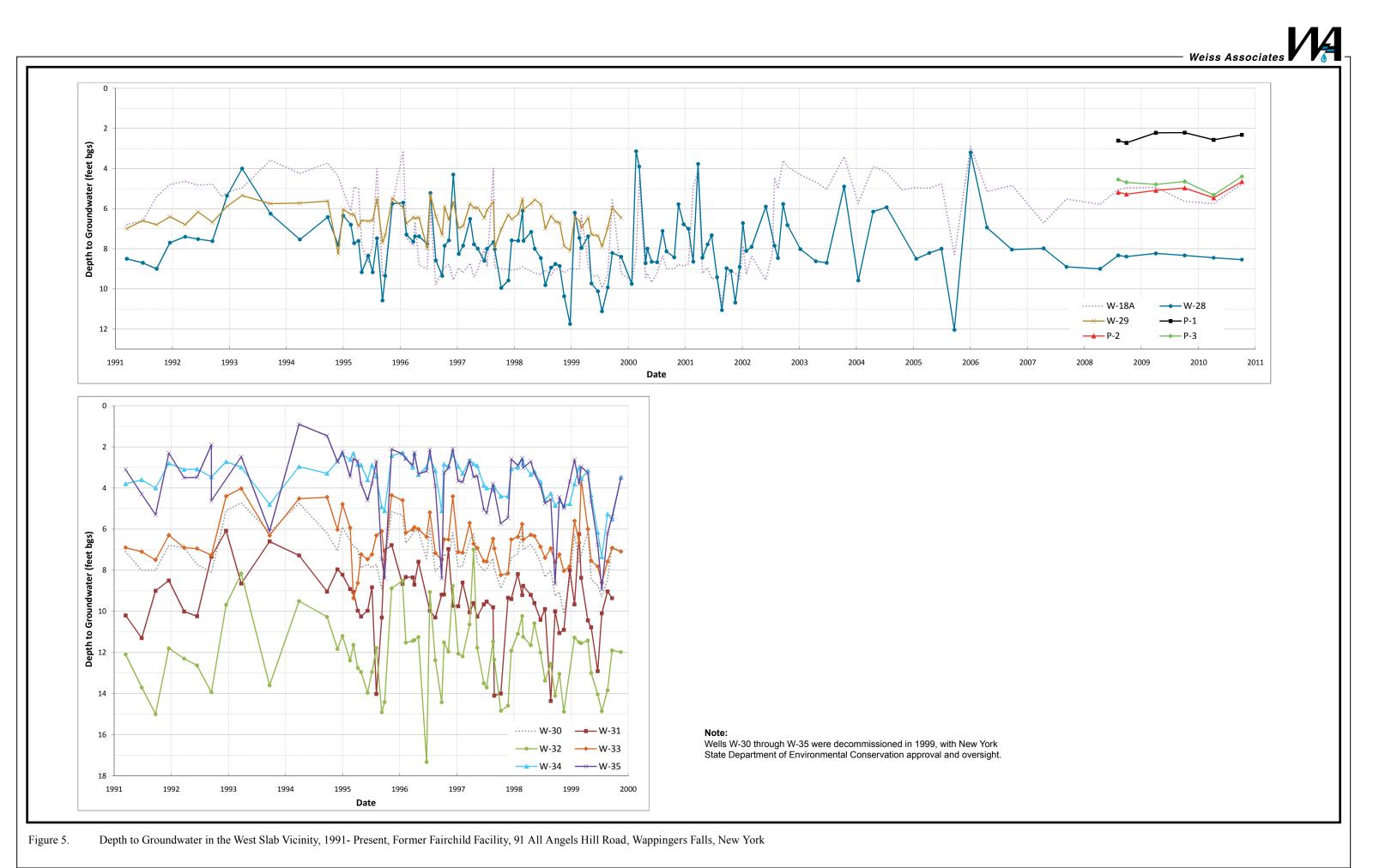
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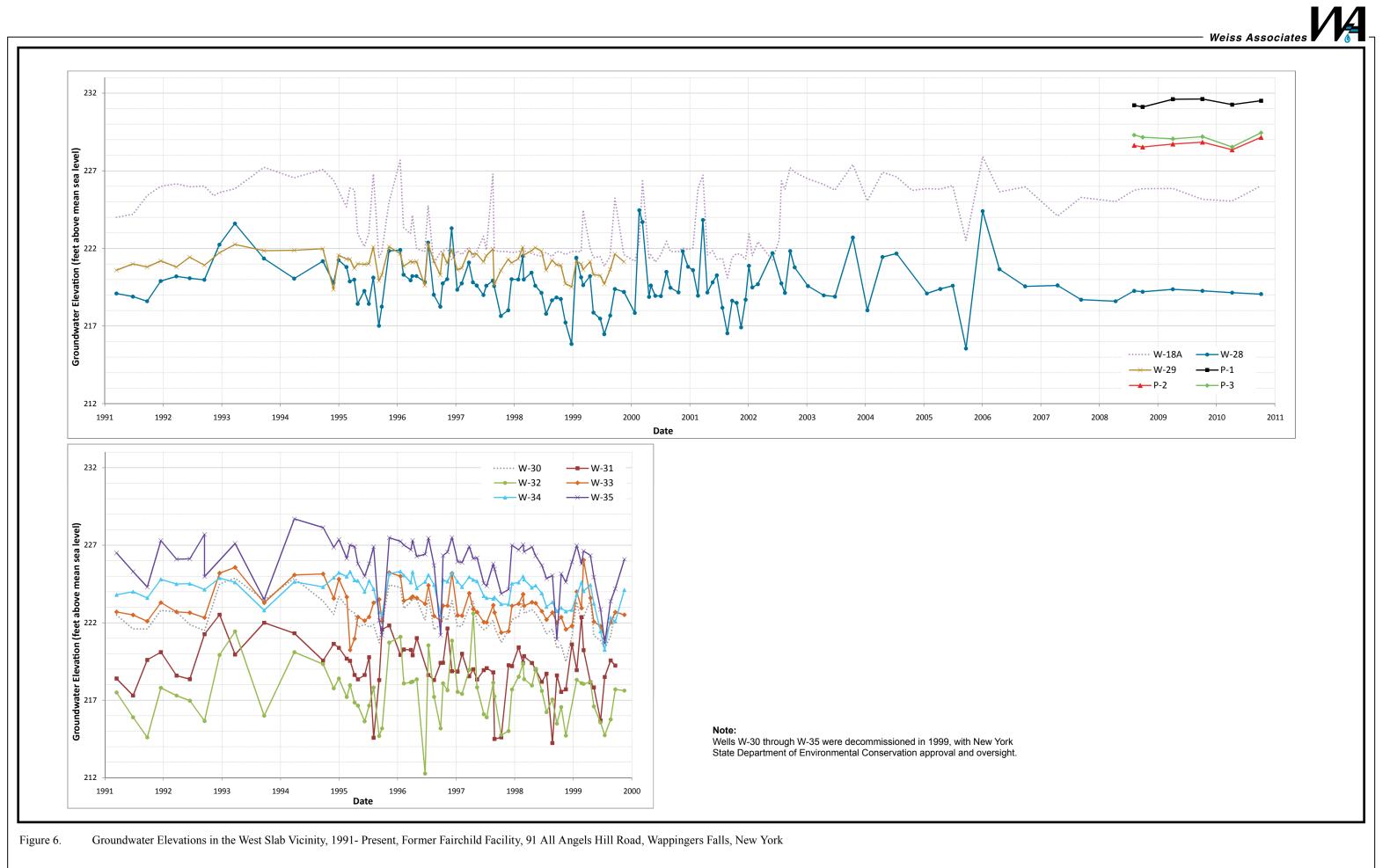


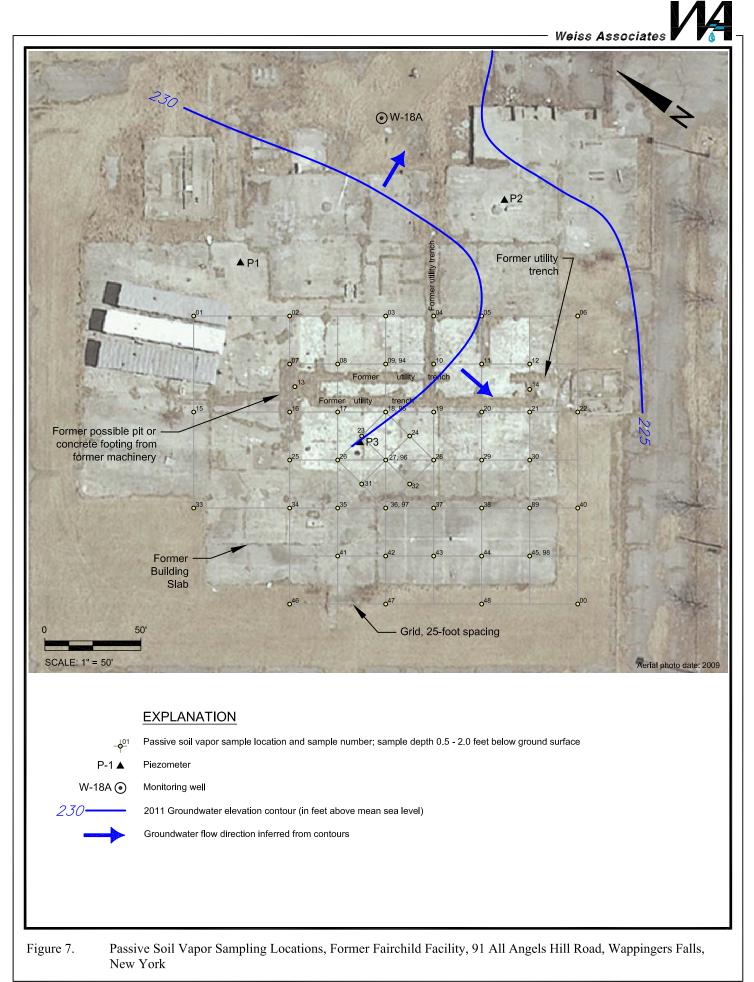
Weiss Associates

EGEND:

(	FORMER BUILDING FOUNDATION SLAB
E	GROUND WATER EXTRACTION TRENCH
	APPROXIMATE GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION
	EDGE OF WOODED AREA
€ <sup>W-9</sup>	MONITORING WELL INSTALLED BY OTHERS
Ē	HYDROCARBON INVESTIGATION BORING AND MONITORING WELL NSTALLED BY CANONIE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES CORP.
● <sup>W-6</sup> V	WELL SEALED
⊿WS−1 V	WATER SAMPLE
€∰ <sup>W−19</sup> (	OPERATING EXTRACTION WELL
	TRENCH COLLECTION PIT
O <sup>VP</sup>	VALVE PIT
O <sup>SCP-4</sup>	SUMP
□ SCE ]	TRENCH CLEAN OUT
	GROUND WATER ELEVATION AS RECORDED ON MAY 17, 1998 (FT., MSL)
(183.70)* [	DATA WAS NOT USED IN CONTOURING
	GROUND WATER ELEVATION CONTOUR ON MAY 17, 1998 (FT., MSL)
(	CONTOUR POSITION ESTIMATED
NOTE:	
1. THE PL A LINE OF THE	ANT COORDINATE SYSTEM IS BASED ON PROJECTED FROM THE NORTH CORNER PLANT BUILDING (N 10,000 E 10,000) NITORING WELL No. 1.
	SCALE







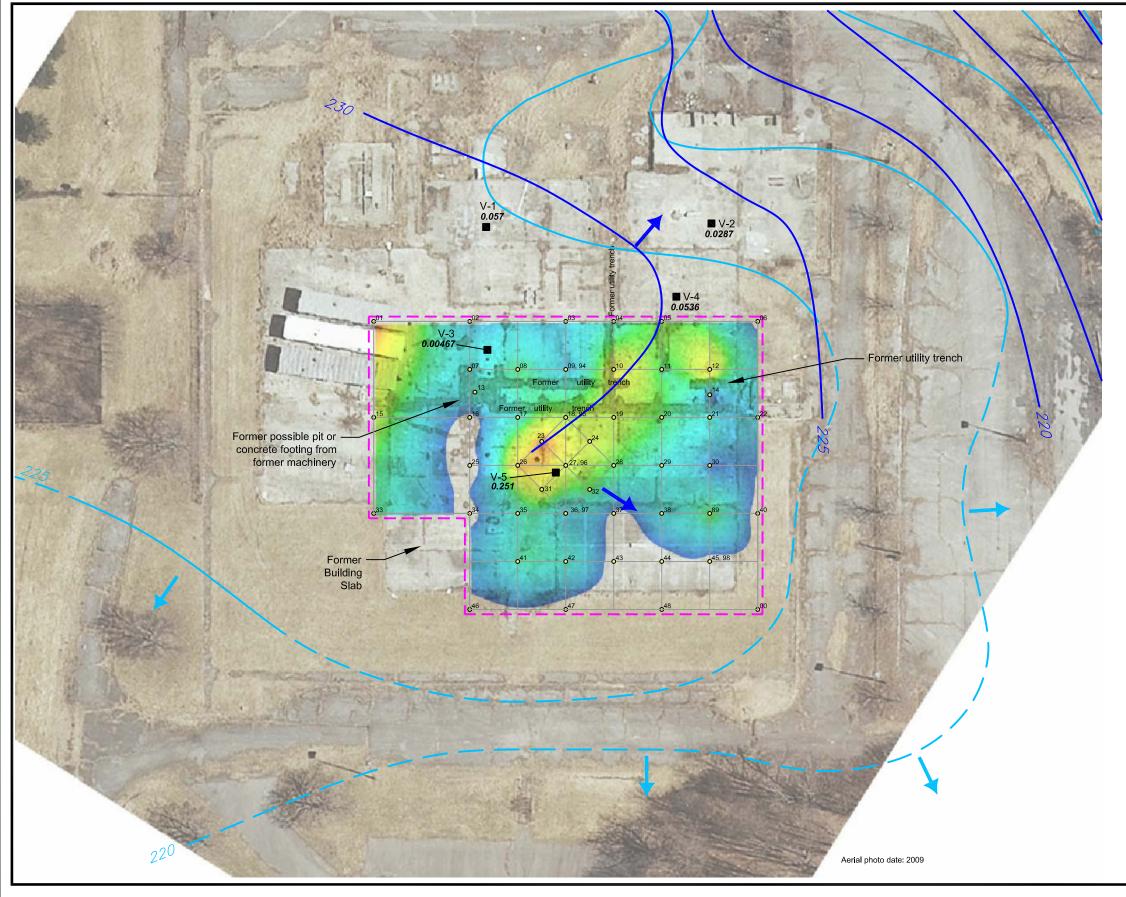


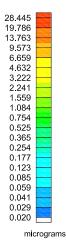
Figure 8. Passive Soil Vapor Results for TCE and Previous Summa Canister Vapor Sampling Results, Former Fairchild Facility, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York

#### **EXPLANATION**

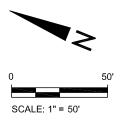
230 -

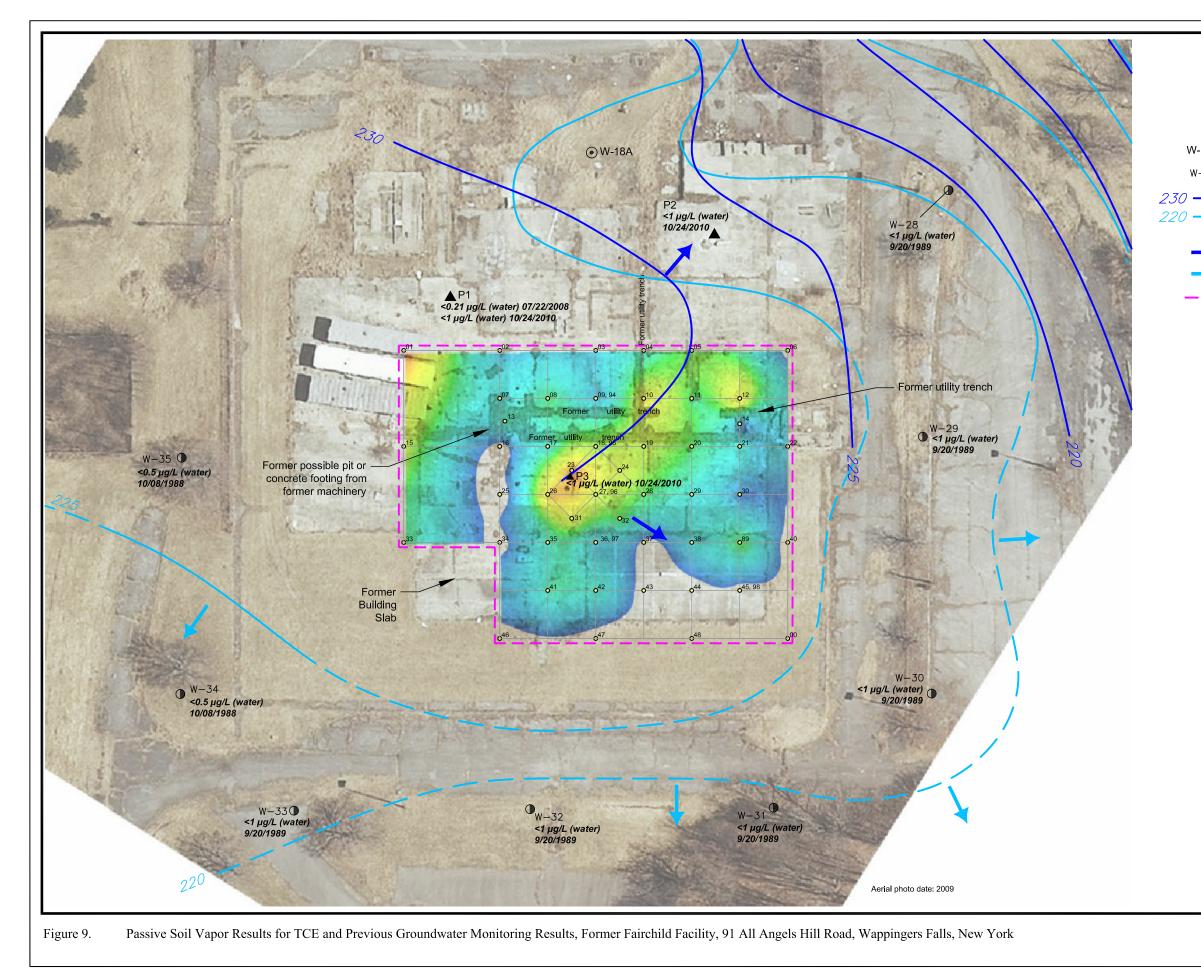
220

- - $\phi^{01}_{-}$  Passive soil vapor sample location and sample number; sample depth 0.5 2.0 feet below ground surface
- V-4 Sub-slab soil vapor sample, collected October 2007 using Summa canisters from 6 inches beneath the former building slab, showing concentration of trichloroethene (TCE) in soil vapor, parts per million by volume (ppmv)
  - 2011 Groundwater elevation contour (in feet above mean sea level)
  - 1998 Groundwater elevation contour (in feet above mean sea level) dashed where inferred
  - Groundwater flow direction inferred from 2011 elevation contours
  - Groundwater flow direction inferred from 1998 elevation contours
  - Limit of passive soil vapor survey



Colormetric contouring is based only on passive soil vapor results





#### Weiss Associates

#### **EXPLANATION**

- - $\phi^{01}$  Passive soil vapor sample location and sample number; sample depth 0.5 2.0 feet below ground surface
- P-1▲ Piezometer
- W-18A Existing groundwater monitoring well
- W−35 ( Former groundwater monitoring well

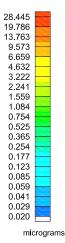
2011 Groundwater elevation contour (in feet above mean sea level)

1998 Groundwater elevation contour (in feet above mean sea level) dashed where inferred

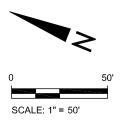
Groundwater flow direction inferred from 2011 elevation contours

Groundwater flow direction inferred from 1998 elevation contours

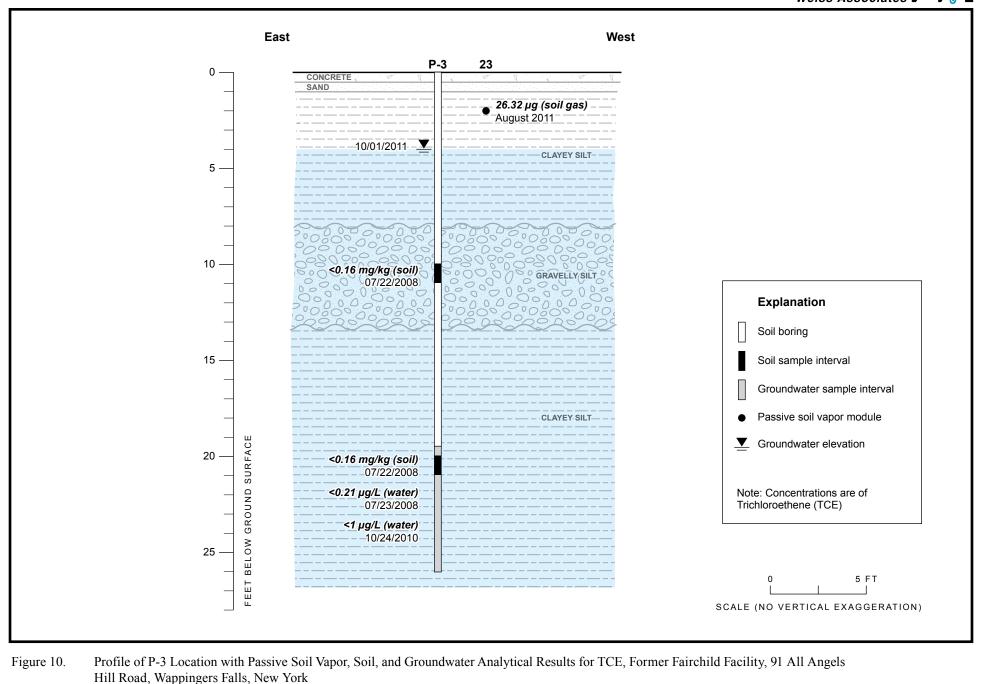
Limit of passive soil vapor survey



Colormetric contouring is based only on passive soil vapor results



- Weiss Associates



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TABLES

Table 1.VOC Results for Previously-Collected West Slab and Vicinity Soil Vapor Samples October 17, 2007, 91 All Angels Hill Road,<br/>Wappingers Falls, New York

Sample ID	РСЕ	TCE	cis-1,2- DCE	Vinyl chloride	1,1,1-TCA	Freon-12	Freon-113	Benzene	Ethylbenzene	Toluene	p/m-Xvlene	o-Xvlene
Sample ID	<	TCE	DCE		1,1,1-1CA							>
V-1	0.00367	0.0573	0.00292	< 0.00250	0.0516	0.188	0.00780	< 0.00250	< 0.00250	0.0139	0.00641	0.00277
V-2	0.000559	0.0287	< 0.000500	< 0.000500	0.0245	0.174	0.0153	< 0.000500	0.000941	0.00416	0.00332	0.00102
V-3	0.00111	0.00467	< 0.000500	< 0.000500	0.000731	< 0.00100	0.00557	0.000955	0.00117	0.0124	0.00406	0.00179
V-4	< 0.000500	0.0536	< 0.000500	< 0.000500	0.0127	1.15	0.0232	< 0.000500	0.00436	0.00932	0.0091	0.00852
V-5	0.0321	0.251	< 0.00250	< 0.00250	0.00935	2.16	0.0785	< 0.00250	< 0.00250	0.00511	< 0.00500	< 0.00250

#### Notes:

Analysis by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method TO-15 by Alpha Analytical, Westborough, Massachusetts.

Only analytes with the highest concentrations are shown.

Samples were collected using Summa Canisters from points located six inches below the former building slab.

#### Abbreviations:

< = Not detected at or above reporting limit of n ppmv 1,1,1-TCA = 1,1,1-Trichloroethane cis-1,2-DCE = cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Freon-12 = Dichlorodifluoromethane Freon-113 = Trichlorotrifluoroethane PCE = Tetrachloroethene ppmv = parts per million by volume TCE = Trichloroethene

Sample ID	РСЕ	ТСЕ	cis-1,2-DCE	Vinyl Chloride	1,1,1-TCA	Freon-12	Freon-113	Renzene	Ethylbenzene	Toluene	mp-Xylene	o-Xvlene	TI
Sample ID	<	ICE	CI5-1,2-DCE	Cilioriae	1,1,1-1CA	11001-12		Denzene	Ethyldenzene	Tolucite	тр-хусис	0-Ayıcınc	>
00	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	<u>μg</u> nd	0.02	nd	0.02	nd	nd	0
01	nd	28.46	bdl	nd	nd	nd	bdl	0.02	nd	0.03	bdl	bdl	1
02	nd	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
03	1.08	0.07	nd	nd	bdl	nd	0.04	nd	nd	0.04	0.02	0.02	0
04	0.03	0.32	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.05	nd	nd	nd	bdl	bdl	0
05	0.07	1.09	nd	nd	0.01	nd	bdl	0.02	nd	0.02	nd	nd	3
06	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
07	0.12	0.15	nd	nd	0.03	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.03	nd	nd	0
08	bdl	0.75	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	bdl	nd	0.11	bdl	0.01	0
09	nd	0.04	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
94 (duplicate of 09)	nd	0.06	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
10	0.24	6.89	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.09	nd	0.03	0.14	0.06	0.04	2
11	bdl	0.55	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	0.01	nd	0.03	nd	nd	0
12	nd	9.94	nd	nd	0.13	nd	0.06	bdl	nd	0.01	nd	nd	1
13	0.06	0.29	nd	nd	0.03	nd	nd	bdl	nd	0.02	nd	nd	0
14	nd	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	1
15	nd	2.50	nd	nd	0.14	nd	nd	0.01	nd	0.01	nd	nd	0
16	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
17	bdl	0.27	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.18	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	0
18	0.04	1.56	nd	nd	0.01	nd	0.04	nd	bdl	0.25	0.06	0.03	4
95 (duplicate of 18)	0.02	2.40	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.04	0.30	0.16	0.09	9
19	0.05	2.15	nd	nd	0.01	nd	0.38	0.01	nd	nd	bdl	0.02	0
20	0.20	0.70	nd	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	bdl	nd	nd	bdl	bdl	0
21	nd	0.26	nd	nd	0.47	nd	bdl	0.01	bdl	0.03	0.07	0.05	1
22	bdl	0.07	nd	nd	0.02	nd	bdl	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
23	0.37	26.32	0.02	nd	0.01	nd	0.12	0.04	bdl	0.15	0.05	0.04	1
24	0.26	3.82	nd	nd	0.12	nd	0.15	0.01	nd	0.02	nd	nd	0
25	nd	bdl	nd	nd	0.01	nd	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
26	1.61	17.20	nd	nd	0.04	nd	0.22	nd	0.03	0.33	0.09	0.06	2
27	0.06	2.65	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.08	0.02	bdl	0.10	0.03	0.02	2
96 (duplicate of 27)	0.10	10.20	nd	bdl	0.04	nd	0.15	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0
28	0.05	0.72	nd	nd	0.09	nd	0.11	0.01	bdl	0.10	0.05	0.02	2
29	0.04	0.19	nd	nd	0.10	nd	bdl	0.02	bdl	0.09	0.12	0.09	5
30	0.34	bdl	nd	nd	0.17	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	0.07	0.07	0.06	3
31	0.06	4.05	bdl	nd	0.08	bdl	0.03	0.01	nd	0.04	nd	nd	0

Table 2. VOC Results for Passive Soil Vapor Sampling from the West Slab Investigation, August 2011, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York

Sample ID	РСЕ	ТСЕ	cis-1,2-DCE	Vinyl Chloride	1,1,1-TCA	Freon-12	Freon-113	Benzene	Ethylbenzene	Toluene	mp-Xylene	o-Xvlene	ТР
Sample ID		ICE	CI5-1,2-DCE	Cilloriae	1,1,1-1CA	11001-12		Denzene	Ethylbelizene	Tolucite	тр-хусис	0-Ayıcııc	>
'96 (duplicate of 27)	~						μg						
32	0.04	0.68	nd	nd	1.04	0.05	bdl	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	0.6
33	nd	0.60	bdl	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
34	nd	bdl	nd	nd	0.14	nd	bdl	0.01	nd	0.01	nd	nd	0.1
35	nd	0.34	nd	nd	0.01	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.03	nd	nd	1.
36	bdl	0.06	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
97 (duplicate of 36)	bdl	0.06	nd	nd	0.02	nd	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
37	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	bdl	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
38	nd	0.13	nd	nd	0.11	nd	0.03	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	0.
40	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.01	nd	nd	1.
41	nd	0.44	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	0.
42	nd	0.31	nd	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	nd	nd	bdl	nd	nd	0.
43	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	bdl	nd	0.01	nd	nd	0.
44	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.03	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
45	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	bdl	bdl	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
98 (duplicate of 45)	nd	0.04	nd	nd	0.02	nd	bdl	nd	nd	bdl	nd	nd	0.
46	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	nd	nd	0.
47	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
48	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
89	0.08	1.00	nd	nd	0.15	nd	0.02	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
90 - Trip Blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.
99 - Trip Blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	r
39 - Trip Blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	r
Aethod Detection Limit													
(Reporting Limit)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.10	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.

Table 2. VOC Results for Passive Soil Vapor Sampling from the West Slab Investigation, August 2011, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York

#### Notes:

Data are reported in micrograms

Passive soil vapor samplers (Gore Modules) deployed from August 18-19 to 29, 2011 between 0.75 and 2 feet below ground surface.

#### Abbreviations:

1,1,1-TCA = 1,1,1-Trichloroethane bdl = detected below reporting limit, mass not quantified cis-1,2-DCE = cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Freon -12 = Dichlorodifluoromethane Freon -113 = Trichlorotrifluoroethane  $\mu$ g = micrograms nd = not detected above method detection limit PCE = tetrachloroethene TCE = trichloroethene TPH = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons Table 3. VOC Results for Previously Collected West Slab Soil Samples, July 21-22, 2008, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York

Location ID	Sample Date	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	PCE	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	Vinyl Chloride	1,1,1-TCA	Freon-12	Freon-113	Benzene	Ethyl Benzene	Toluene	p/m-Xylene	o-Xylene
			<					μg/kg·						>
SB-6 (co-located with P-1) <sup>1</sup>	07/21/08	10	<0.080	<0.14	<0.12	<0.13	< 0.060	<0.16	<0.13	<0.18	<0.090	< 0.080	< 0.070	<0.040
SB-9 $(co-located with P-3)^1$	07/22/08	10	<0.090	<0.16	<0.14	< 0.15	<0.068	<0.18	<0.14	<0.20	<0.10	< 0.090	<0.079	<0.045
		20	< 0.093	< 0.16	< 0.14	< 0.15	< 0.070	< 0.19	< 0.14	< 0.21	< 0.10	< 0.093	< 0.081	< 0.047

#### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Data was collected during W-18A Investigation (Weiss, 2009).

Results less than the reporting limit but greater than or equal to the method detection limit (flagged "J" in the analytical results) were reported for 1,1-Dichloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethane, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, Isopropylbenzene, Methylene Chloride, and trans-1,2-Dichloroethene and are not included in this table. None of these results exceeded 1.1 µg/kg.

#### Abbreviations:

cis-1,2-DCE = cis-1,2-Dichloroethene 1,1,1-TCA = 1,1,1-Trichloroethane cis-1,2-DCE = cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Freon -12 = Dichlorodifluoromethane Freon -113 = Trichlorotrifluoroethane ft bgs = feet below ground surface PCE = Tetrachloroethene TCE = Trichloroethene µg/kg = micrograms per kilogram VOC = Volatile Organic Compound < = Not detected at or above the method detection limit of n µg/kg

Location ID	Date	Sample Type <sup>1</sup>	Depth Interval <sup>2</sup> (ft bgs)	PCE	TCE	cis-1,2- DCE	Vinyl Chloride	1,1,1- TCA	Freon-12	Freon-113	Benzene	Ethyl Benzene	Toluene	p/m-Xylene	o-Xylene
				<						µg/L					>
SB-6 (co-located with P-1) <sup>3</sup>	7/22/08	grab	11-20	< 0.090	<0.21	< 0.070	< 0.20	< 0.050	<0.28	< 0.080	< 0.10	< 0.10	<0.090	< 0.18	< 0.090
$P-1^2$	10/24/10	piezometer	11-22	< 0.24	< 0.090	< 0.14	< 0.15	< 0.19	0.94 J	< 0.19	< 0.12	< 0.13	0.14 J	< 0.34	< 0.15
SB-9 $(\text{co-located with P-3})^3$	7/23/08	grab	19.5-26	< 0.090	< 0.21	< 0.070	< 0.20	< 0.050	< 0.28	< 0.080	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.090	< 0.18	< 0.090
$P-3^2$	10/24/10	piezometer	18-26	< 0.24	< 0.090	<0.14	< 0.15	< 0.19	< 0.16	< 0.19	< 0.12	< 0.13	0.18 J	< 0.34	< 0.15
W-28 <sup>2</sup>	3/20/86	well	4-25	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 0.5	0.7	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	5/16/86	well	4-25	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	10	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	7/17/86	well	4-25	< 0.5	38	< 0.5	< 0.5	14	< 0.5		<5	<5		<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	4-25	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	15	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	9/19/87	well	4-25	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	10/8/88	well	4-25	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	6.3	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	9/20/89	well	4-25	<1	<1		<2	5.8			<1	<1	<1		
W-29 <sup>2</sup>	3/20/86	well	6-19	<0.5	<0.5		< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	5/16/86	well	6-19	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	7/17/86	well	6-19	< 0.5	29	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	6-19	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	10/8/88	well	6-19	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	9/20/89	well	6-19	<1	<1		<2	<1			<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
W-30 <sup>2</sup>	5/16/86	well	4-18	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.6	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	7/17/86	well	4-18	<5	<5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.4	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	4-18	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	3/20/88	well	4-18	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	10/8/88	well	4-18	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.9	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	9/20/89	well	4-18	<1	<1		<2	<1			<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
W-31 <sup>2</sup>	3/20/86	well	4-20	<0.5	< 0.5		< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	5/16/86	well	4-20	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	7/15/86	well	4-20	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	4-20	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	10/8/88	well	4-20	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	9/20/89	well	4-20	<1	<1		<2	<1			<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
W-32 <sup>2</sup>	3/20/86	well	6-25	<0.5	< 0.5		< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	5/16/86	well	6-25	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	7/15/86	well	6-25	< 0.5	17	9.2	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	6-25	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	10/8/88	well	6-25	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	9/20/89	well	6-25	<1	<1		<2	<1			<1	<1	<1		

Table 4. VOC Results for Recent and Previously-Collected West Slab and Vicinity Groundwater Samples, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York

Location ID	Date	Sample Type <sup>1</sup>	Depth Interval <sup>2</sup> (ft bgs)	PCE	ТСЕ	cis-1,2- DCE	Vinyl Chloride	1,1,1- TCA	Freon-12	Freon-113	Benzene	Ethyl Benzene	Toluene	p/m-Xylene	o-Xylene
				<						μg/L					>
W-33 <sup>2</sup>	3/20/86	well	6.5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	5/16/86	well	6.5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	7/15/86	well	6.5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	6.5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	10/8/88	well	6.5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.6	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	9/20/89	well	6.5-16	<1	<1		<2	<1			<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
W-34 <sup>2</sup>	3/20/86	well	5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	5/16/86	well	5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	7/15/86	well	5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	10/8/88	well	5-16	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
W-35 <sup>2</sup>	3/20/86	well	3.5-11	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10		
	5/16/86	well	3.5-11	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	7/15/86	well	3.5-11	< 0.5	1.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	11/17/86	well	3.5-11	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
	10/8/88	well	3.5-11	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5

#### Table 4. VOC Results for Recent and Previously-Collected West Slab and Vicinity Groundwater Samples, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York

#### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Sample types: grab = grab sample from open borehole; piezometer = piezometer sample; well = monitoring well sample

<sup>2</sup> Depth shown is top and bottom of water column in open borehole, or sand pack interval for piezometer or well (Weiss, 2011a)

<sup>3</sup> Data was collected during W-18A Investigation (Weiss, 2009)

#### Abbreviations:

1,1,1-TCA = 1,1,1-Trichloroethane

cis-1,2-DCE = cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

Freon -12 = Dichlorodifluoromethane

Freon -113 = Trichlorotrifluoroethane

ft bgs = feet below ground surface

J = Result is below the analytical laboratory reporting limit but greater than or equal to the method detection limit; therefore concentration is estimated.

NA = not applicable

- PCE = Tetrachloroethene
- TCE = Trichloroethene

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

--- = not analyzed

 $\leq$  = Not detected at or above the method detection limit of n  $\mu$ g/L for P1 and P3; not detected at or above the reporting limit for W-28 though W-35.

 $\mu g/L = micrograms per liter$ 



## APPENDIX A

FIELD FORMS



## SAFETY MEETING FORM

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY FORM

Project_STC	Facility Wappingers Falls
Date 8-17-2010	Time 5:00 PM Project Number 363-1922-10-07
Customer STZ	Address 91 All Angels Hill Rel.
Specific Location West	5/46
Type of work Passing	soil uppor module in stellesta
Chemicals Used Nowe -	except gassing to refuel generator

#### Safety Topics Presented

Chemical Hazards - VOCs - measure w/ PID
Physical Hazards Hand tools electrical herearch, vehicles with not see moments to day; HEAT - 86° today, poison My
Protective Clothing/Equipment Safety Glasses sheet - to as look
- car potetion, sur protection, leather work gloves
Special Equipment Generator key GFC1
Emergency Procedures - Call 9()
Hospital/Clinic. Vasser Brothars Telephone 454-8500
Location Paughkeepsie NY (45 Reade Place)
Other
Conducted by Bill McTlunde Signature Bill Mulling
SHSO Project Manager/



NAME PRINTED	SIGNATURE						
William McIlurice	William a. Westude						
LADRY WHITTEN	J-1 What						
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## SAFETY MEETING FORM

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY FORM

Project	Facility_U	Lappingers Falls
Date 8-18-2011	Time 8'00 AM	Project Number <u>363-1922-10-07</u>
Customer	Address 9 All Angels	Hill Rol. (next to Meyor's
Specific Location		~~;· `,
Type of work Passive soi	1 veges modelo	10 stullerfor
Chemicals Used None - exce	ept gospline to vot	net gevorab

**Safety Topics Presented** 

Vols - cheele ul Chemical Hazards Physical Hazards twee tools, electreal, velucity hornets hand lectrical ing toned book glaggy steel. eas Protective Clothing/Equipment\_ leather. work soket glove Sce GFCI geverator on Special Equipment\_ (a.00 91C Use (j -040-025 Emergency Procedures\_ FAK Í rce expense 845-Telephone 454-8500 Hospital/Clinic\_ Vosser Bothers Poughleepsi Nace cade Location Other logo, Ma uripe BIL MU Signature\_ DU Conducted by\_\_ 11 ı í Project Manager SHSO

Weiss Corporate Health and Safety Program Form 023, Rev. 1 10/3/07

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## SAFETY MEETING FORM

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY FORM

Project Facility Failer Facility
Project <u>STC</u> <u>Facility</u> <u>Wappingers</u> <u>Falls</u> <u>363-1922-</u> <u>Date</u> <u>8-19-2011</u> <u>Time</u> <u>7:15</u> <u>Aun</u> <u>Project Number</u> <u>10-07</u>
Customer STC Address 91 All Angels 1411 Rd.
Specific Location West Slab
Type of work Passive Suil Uppor module installation
Chemicals Used None other than generator fuel
Safety Topics Presented
Chemical Hazards VUCs - Check w/ PID
Physical Hazards Hand tools, electrical, vehicles, hornets, lifting heat, poison my - hack fatigue - dehydration-(hot today) Protective Clothing/Equipment Safety glosses, steel-toed boots, en protection, subscreen, leather gloves Special Equipment 6 FC1 on generator
Emergency Procedures call 911 - Fgress by wan Rel.
Hospital/Clinic Vasser Brothers Telephone 454-8500 Location 45 Reade Place Pooghkeepsie, NT
Other
Conducted by Bill McTluride Signature Biel Merkwell
SHSO Project Manager /

Weiss Corporate Health and Safety Program Form 023, Rev. 1 10/3/07

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HEALTH AND SAFETY F	ORM
SCHUMBERGER/FAIRCHIND ProjectF	FARRENHILD W.F
Date 8-29-11/8.31-11 Time 11:00	
Customer SCHUMBERGER Address	
Specific Location 91 ALL ANGLES HILL PL	. WAPP. FALLS N.Y. 12
Type of work WEST SLAB VAPOR SEAL BORINGS, I.D. BORING	IN DECON (LEAN-UP, S, RETRIEVE MODULES
Chemicals Used	······
Safety Topics Presente	d
Chemical Hazards $J/A$	
Physical Hazards SUPS TRIPS FALL B	ENOING, HEAT, CUTS
Protective Clothing/Equipment SAFETY GLASSES	STEEL TOE SHOES GLOVE
Special Equipment $\lambda/A$	
Emergency Procedures 911 Fol ALL EME	RGENCIES
Hospital/Clinic	Telephone 454-850
Location POUG. N.Y.	
Other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Conducted by LAREN WHITTEN Signatu	re In white
Jonducted by Liter Witter Witter	Manager BILL MC LLVRIDE



NAME PRINTED	SIGNATURE
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## **GORETM** Screening Survey Chain of Custody

For W.L. Gore & Associates use only Production Order # \_\_\_\_21230394\_



W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc., Survey Products Group

100 Chesapeake Boulevard • Elkton, Maryland 21921 • Tel: (410) 392-7600 • Fax (410) 506-4780

Customer Name: WE	EISS ASSOCIATES			1 ALL ANGELS HIL	L ROAD						
Address: WA	ATERGATE TOWERS		Site Address: WAPPINGERS FALLS NY								
220	0 POWELL STREET			<u></u>							
	IERYVILLE CA 94608	<u></u>	Project Manager: LARRY WHITTEN								
Phone: 845	5 264 5043				-10-07						
FAX:			Customer Project No.: <u>363-1922-10-07</u> Customer P.O. #: Quote #:								
Serial # of Modules S			# of Modules for In		of Trip Blan						
	69390 #	- #	Total Modules Ship		The last	eces					
	69448 #	- #	Total Modules Reco			ces					
# - #	#	- #	Total Modules Insta			ces					
# - #	#	- #	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nks (Client Decides)	#						
# - #	#	- #	# 669339	#	#						
# - #		- #	# 669390	#	#						
# - #	#	- #	# 669399	#	#						
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# - #	2 <sup>#</sup>	··- #/·	#	#	#	add na Rhinh baa ka na a					
Prepared By:	OHIJUNAL IN	MANIS	#	#	#						
Verified By:	1 the !!	×	#	# .	#						
Installation Perform	ed By:		Installation Method	(s) (circle those that a	pply):						
Name (please print):	Larry Whitten, Bi	11 McIlvride	Slide Hammer	Hammer Drill)	Auger						
	Weiss Associa		Other:								
Installation Start Date	and Time:	08/18	17011	// :08 -	(AM) 🙀						
Installation Complete	Date and Time:	08/19	12011		AM M						
<b>Retrieval Performed</b>	By:		Total Modules Retri	eved: 54	Pie	ces					
	Larry Whitte.		Total Modules Lost	in Field: 🛛 🔊	Pie	ces ·					
Company/Affiliation:	I WEISS ASS	DC.	Total Unused Modu	les Returned:	Piec	ces					
Retrieval Start Date an		08/29	/ 11	12:10	PM PM						
Retrieval Complete Da	ate and Time: Manu	1. 08 129	/1) 、	14:39	7 PM						
Relinquished By ///	<u>MALAP ININGR</u>	L. Date   Time	Received By	Whittin	Date	Time					
Affiliation: W.L. Gord	e & Associates, Inc. &	11/11/11:30	Affiliation: WE	SS ASSOC.	0~12-11	1600					
Relinquished By	Julitur 7	Date Time	Received By:	·····	Date	Time					
Affiliation: 155	ASSOC.	08.89.11 1530	Affiliation:		_						
Relinquished By		. Date Time	Received By:		Date	Time					
Affiliation			Affiliation: W.L. Go	ore & Associates, Inc.							

#### Instructions: Customer must complete ALL shaded cells



GORE<sup>(R)</sup> Surveys

W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc. 100 Chesapeake Boulevard Elkton, MD USA 21921

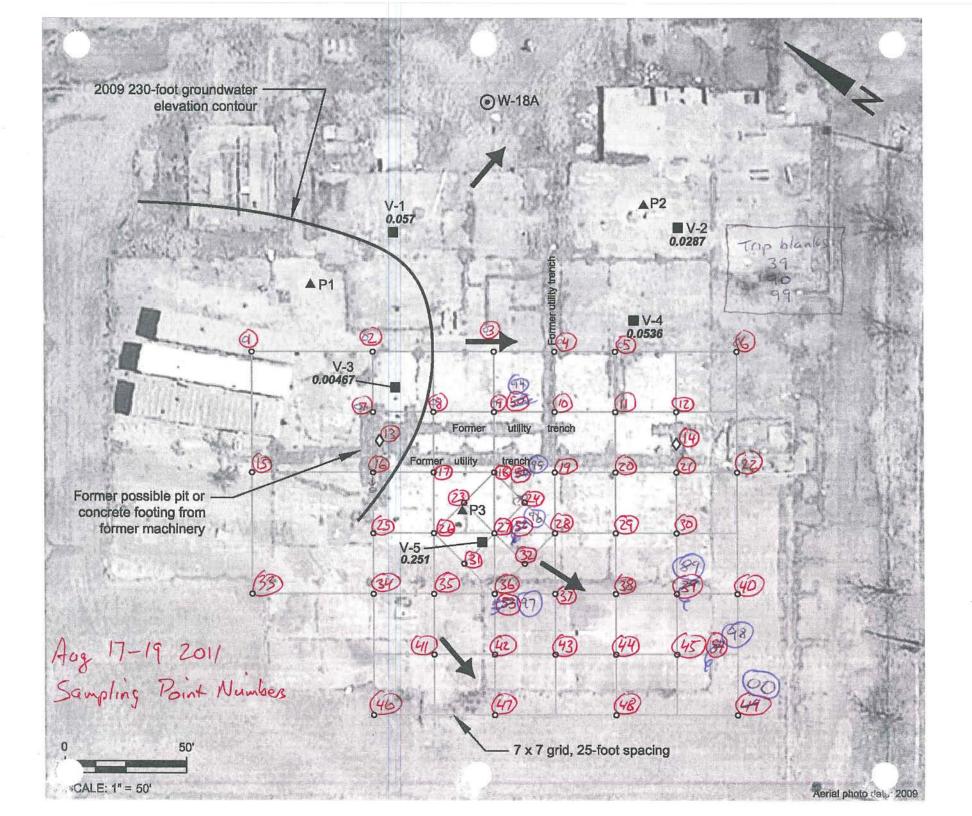
ph: 410-392-7600

#### GORE Project No: ENV 21230394 Site Name: 91 ALL ANGELS HILL ROAD Site Location: WAPPINGERS FALLS NY Company Name: WEISS ASSOCIATES - CA

Location: West Slab

0.0		1994 - C.									YES / NO				AT MINIMUM PROVIDE SOIL	IL TYPE
MODULE SERIAL N		SAMPLE TYPE (Field Sample, Trip Blank, Field Blank, etc.)	MM/DD/YYYY H	ON DATE & TIME HH:MM (24 Hour) /2000 13:00	MM/DD/YYYY	- DATE & TIME HH:MM (24 Hour) //2000 13:00	(e.g., sam descriptio from hole	TIONS/COMMENTS* ble depth, location In, missing, pulled , etc as needed) ) The / Scop (c D	SAMPLE ENVIRONMENT* (e.g., grass, bare soil, through slab)	EVIDENCE OF LIQUID PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS 2	ODOR 7	WATER IN INSTALLATION HOLE?	PID Reading, PPMV Bk / hole	SOIL TYPE AT MODULE DEPTH (clay, loamy sand etc.)	TOTAL SOIL POROSITY AT MODULE DEPTH* (total volume of pores/total volume	WATER POROSI
0669389		FIELD SAMPLE	8-18-11	19:20	8-29-11	14:03	30 "	11811	SLAG	NO	102	Dry	0.0/0.0	SILT		а. 5
0669390		FIELD SAMPLE BLANK			-	-	,					/	/			
0669394		FIELD_SAMPLE BUCK	8-18					and the second second								-
0669395		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-18							[ - management = -			-			
0669396		FIELD SAMPLE BLIND D			-		-									
0669397		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-18				-									
0669398 0669399		FIELD SAMPLE BLANK	011					and a second second second								
0669400		FIELD SAMPLE	8-19	8:25	8-29	14:39	30"	18"	Soil	NO	NO	DAMP	0.0/0.0	ba sandy Sil	T	÷
0669401	3		03/18/2011	11:08	1	12:10	30"	18 "	Sieb joint	No	NO	wet 10	1	bn. sandy SILT	-	
0669402		FIELD_SAMPLE	ſ	13:50		12:18	30"	18 '	5145	NG	NE	wet	00.100	by sitty SANT		
0669403		FIELD_SAMPLE		16:20		12:21	30 1	18 "	SLAB	NO	NO	MOISTO	0.0 0.0	BN. SILT	s' Saluri	OF.
0669404		FIELD_SAMPLE		16:30		12:23	30 11	18" 2"(7=18"	SLAB COLUEI	ND		Wet 216"		bo silty SAND	1' Not trench,	at cra
0669405		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-19	18.40		12:26	30"	18 11	SOL	NO	NO	DAMP	1	br clayer SIGT		al Clu
0669406		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE	8-18-201			12:44		71/212"	5/45	NO	NS	wet 228'		gy sandy clay		
0669408		FIELD SAMPLE	i i corr	14:00		12:41	30" 10		5/44	No	NG	" 212"		Ensilly SAND		
0669409		FIELD SAMPLE	(	16:05		12:38	3011/13	11( 224")	5145	NO	NO	Wet 824	0,0/0,0	basily SAND		
0669410		FIELD SAMPLE		1641		12:36	30"1	Eli	SLAPS	NO	NO	10-AMP		BRSILT		OF R
0669411		FIELD_SAMPLE		18:30		12:33		18"	5145	No	NC	MOIST		BR clayey SILT	I'N of Tren	
0669412		FIELD_SAMPLE		18:50		12:31	30"	18 "	5146	No	NO	MOIST	4	DN Sandy SILT		inch cii
0669413		FIELD_SAMPLE		13:28		12:46	301	·"12"	slab	NO	Neel	net	0.0/0.0	2014"	Moved hole	2'n
0669414		FIELD_SAMPLE		19:00		13:10	30"	180	Gravel	No	NO	wet	4.7/22	Grusher ston		tory-1
0669415				11:25	+	12:48	30"	18"	Schid sleb	NG	100 10 C	wet tary	0,0/0,0		Moved hole	locate
0669416 0669417		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE		14:09		12:54	30 "	12"	20/10 5/64	No	No	alry	00 10.0	QU CLAYEY SAND		10 44
0669417		FIELD SAMPLE		15:55		12:56	30 "	18 11	Solid sleh	NE	NO	damin	0.0/0.0	62 SILT, (Sti		
0669419		FIELD SAMPLE		16:50		12:59	30"	18:1	SOLLA SLAD	NU	NO	DAMP	0.0/0.3		/ /	
0669420		FIELD_SAMPLE		18:25		13:01	301	18"	Solid Siab	NO	10 3	Muist-wei			-located 1 ft	From Fl
066942	4	FIELD_SAMPLE	V	16:55		13:29		Z127) 4 16	SOLID SLAB		ND	"SIG fow	0.00.0	BR. SILT SAM		WATE
0669422		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-19	8:37		13:08	30	13''	504	No	NC	DAMP		gy sandy silt	- Moved 1 ff	-
0669423				15:45		13:26	30"	18 11	Solid Slag	NO	NO	damp y dry	0.0/1.3	bin sandy SILT bon. SILT	- 2 Ft. From P.	
066942				1937		13:34	30"	18"	SOLIA SLAD	NO	NO	DAMPT		My clayer 5 AW		enco
0669425 0669426		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE		14:15		13:31		215")10 "	Scha Slab	No	No	wet 2 15"		gy clayer SAND		
0669427		FIELD SAMPLE		15:39		13:23		8" (728"	weatherd sieb	NO.	NO	wet 228"				
0669428		FIELD_SAMPLE	1	7:012		13:18	30"	18"	SOLLA SLAB	NO	NO	DAMP	0.000	BR SITT		
0669429		FIELD_SAMPLE	i	18:09		13:16	30'	18''	3040 5LAB		ND	Moist	0.0/0,0		22 N. 07 64	Circle
669430		FIELD_SAMPLE	1	9:14		13:13	3011	18 "	Solid Sigh	NO	NO	MOIST	1 - 10		SAND	
669431		FIELD_SAMPLE		5:25		13:55	30	18 ''	Solia slab	NO	NC	Down/wet		GRAY CLAY S	Stonely SILT	600
669432		FIELD_SAMPLE		7:14		13:51	30"	18 11	SOLID SLAB		NO	Jamp		ak in logm	D: 67 V	SPO
0669433		FIELD_SAMPLE		3.12		13:36	30"		SLAB JOINT	NO		dAMD		SY Clayer SAN	N	
0669434 0669435		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE		4130		13:41	30"	18"	Solid Siels	No	NO	damp	0.0/0.0	bo soudy SILT		
669436		FIELD_SAMPLE		5:15		13:43	30"	18"	11 1)	11	5	4 4		by sandy SILT		
669437		FIELD SAMPLE		5:37		13:57	30'	18"	SOLID SLAG	2.4	12	DAMP	0000	BN SILF		
669438		FIELD SAMPLE		7:58	V	13:59	30"	18"	SOLID SLAB	3.4	11	DAMP	0.0/0.0	BN SILT		
669439		TRIP_BLANK			-	-	-						· · · · ·			
669440		FIELD_SAMPLE		8:30	8-29	14:05	30"	18"	SOIL	NO	NC	DAMP	0.0/0.0	Do SILT	/	
669441			8-18-201114				30'	13	50/10/ 5/96	No	NC	MOIST	0.0/0.0	bo sandy SILT	wiclay	
669442		FIELD_SAMPLE		5.05			300	18 "	solid slab	No	100	Moist		by sandy Sil		
669443		FIELD_SAMPLE		7.24		14:22	3011	18"	SOLD SLAB	NB	NO	DAMP		BN CLAY SIL		
669444				7:47		14:17	301		Solid SLAG		NE	DAMP		by SILT	r 1	
669445 669446		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE		12:00			30"	18:	Soil	NO	NO	damp	0.1/16.9	gk by logue		
669446		FIELD_SAMPLE		14:55			304	18"	5011	NO	NG	damp	0.010,0	all by LOAM		
669448		FIELD SAMPLE		7.41	V	14:34	30"	18	SOIL	NO	NO	damp	0.0/0.0	BN SILT		
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REDUH					
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				SPG-FCD-8927 Soil Gas - May	





### **APPENDIX B**

## PASSIVE SOIL VAPOR SURVEY FINAL REPORT, OCTOBER 6, 2011, REVISED OCTOBER 18, 2011



## **Final Report**

Project:

Gore Order Number: Date Prepared:

Prepared for:

91 All Angels Hil Rd, Wappingers Falls, NY 21230394 October 6, 2011 Revised: October 18, 2011 Weiss Associates Watergate Towers 2200 Powell Street Emeryville, CA 94608

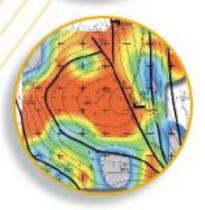
Written/Submitted by Dayna M. Cobb Project Manager

Dayna Mabb

Reviewed/Approved by Jay W. Hodny, Ph.D Project Manager

Analytical Data Reviewed by Ian McMullen Chemist





W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc. Survey Products Group

#### **GORE® Surveys - Final Report**

**REPORT DATE:** 10/06/2011 **REVISION DATE:** 10/18/2011 AUTHOR: DMC

#### SITE INFORMATION

Site Reference: 91 All Angels Hil Rd, Wappingers Falls, NYGore Production Order Number: 21230394Gore Site Code: GCJ

#### **FIELD PROCEDURES**

# Modules shipped: 57
Installation Date(s): 8/18 - 8/19/2011
# Modules Installed: 54
Field work performed by: Weiss Associates

Retrieval date(s): 8/29/2011 # Modules Retrieved: 54 # Modules Lost in Field: 0 # Modules Not Returned: 0 Exposure Time: 10-11 [days] # Trip Blanks Returned: 3 # Unused Modules Returned: 0

**Date/Time Received by Gore:** 8/30/2011 3:20PM **Chain of Custody Form attached:** Yes By: CW

Chain of Custody Form attached: Yes Chain of Custody discrepancies: Yes

Chain of Custody lists module 669339 as a trip blank. Module 669339 is not in the module range for this project. Trip blank is actually 669439 per the installation/retrieval

log.

#### **Comments:**

All module vials were returned with intact tamper seals. Modules 669439 669390 669399 were identified as trip blanks.

#### **GORE<sup>®</sup>** Surveys - Final Report

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENT

W.L. Gore & Associates' Survey Products' Laboratory operates under the guidelines of ISO Standard 17025, its Quality Assurance Manual, Operating Procedures and Methods. For this project, the analytical method, reported results, and observations reported are considered screening level and do not fall within the scope of W.L. Gore's ISO 17025 accreditation.

#### ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Instrumentation consists of state of the art gas chromatographs equipped with mass selective detectors, coupled with automated thermal desorption units. Sample preparation simply involves cutting the tip off the bottom of the sample module and transferring one or more exposed sorbent containers (sorbers, each containing engineered adsorbents) to a thermal desorption tube for analysis. Sorbers remain clean and protected from dirt, soil, and ground water by the insertion/retrieval cord, and require no further sample preparation.

#### **Analytical Method Quality Assurance:**

The analytical method employed is a modified EPA method 8260/8270. Before each run sequence, two instrument blanks, a sorber containing  $5\mu g$  BFB (Bromofluorobenzene), and a method blank are analyzed. The BFB mass spectra must meet the criteria set forth in the method before samples can be analyzed. A method blank and a sorber containing BFB are also analyzed after every 30 samples and/or trip blanks. Standards containing the selected target compounds at five calibration levels are analyzed at the beginning of each run. The criterion for each target compound is less than 25% RSD (relative standard deviation). If this criterion is not met for any target compound, the analyst has the option of generating second- or third-order standard curves, as appropriate. A second-source reference standard, at a level of 10µg per target compound, is analyzed after every ten samples and/or trip blanks, and at the end of the run sequence. Positive identification of target compounds is determined by 1) the presence of the target ion and at least two secondary ions; 2) retention time versus reference standard; and, 3) the analyst's judgment.

## **NOTE:** All data have been archived. Any replicate sorbers not used in the initial analysis will be discarded fifteen (15) days from the date of analysis.

**Laboratory analysis:** thermal desorption, gas chromatography, mass selective detection **Instrument ID:** # 14 **Chemist:** FP/JE/IM

#### Compounds/mixtures requested: A7

**Deviations from Standard Method:** Mid level calibration standard deleted for vinyl chloride due to poor linearity.

**Comments:** Soil vapor analytes and abbreviations are tabulated in the Data Table Key (page 6). TICs quantitated using 11DCE response.

#### **GORE<sup>®</sup>** Surveys - Final Report

#### DATA TABULATION

**# CONTOUR MAPS ENCLOSED:** Five (5) B-sized color contour maps **LIST OF MAPS ENCLOSED:** 

- Trichlorotrifluoroethane (FREON113)
- Toluene (TOL)
- Tetrachloroethene (PCE)
- Trichloroethene (TCE)
- 1,1,1-trichloroethane (111TCA)

NOTE: All data values presented in Appendix A represent masses of compound(s) desorbed from the GORE<sup>®</sup> Modules received and analyzed by W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc., as identified in the Chain of Custody (Appendix A). The measurement traceability and instrument performance are reproducible and accurate for the measurement process documented. Semi-quantitation of the compound mass is based on a five-level standard calibration.

#### **General Comments:**

- This survey reports soil gas mass levels present in the vapor phase. Vapors are subject to a variety of attenuation factors during migration away from the source concentration to the module. Thus, mass levels reported from the module will often be less than concentrations reported in soil and groundwater matrix data. In most instances, the soil gas masses reported on the modules compare favorably with concentrations reported in the soil or groundwater (e.g., where soil gas levels are reported at greater levels relative to other sampled locations on the site, matrix data should reveal the same pattern, and vice versa). However, due to a variety of factors, a perfect comparison between matrix data and soil gas levels can rarely be achieved.
- Soil gas signals reported by this method cannot be identified specifically to soil adsorbed, groundwater, and/or free-product contamination. The soil gas signal reported from each module can evolve from all of these sources. Differentiation between soil and groundwater contamination can only be achieved with prior knowledge of the site history (i.e., the site is known to have groundwater contamination only).
- Total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) values were calculated using the area under the peaks observed in m/z 55 and 57 selected ion chromatograms. Quantitation of the mass value was performed using the response factor a specific alkane (present in the calibration standards).
- TPH values include the entire chromatogram and provide estimates for aliphatic hydrocarbon ranges of C4 to C20.

#### **GORE<sup>®</sup>** Surveys - Final Report

- QA/QC trip blank modules were provided to document potential exposures that were not part of the soil gas signal of interest (i.e., impact during module shipment, installation and retrieval, and storage). The trip blanks are identically manufactured and packaged soil gas modules to those modules placed in the subsurface. However, the trip blanks remain unopened during all phases of the soil gas survey. Levels reported on the trip blanks may indicate potential impact to modules other than the contaminant source of interest.
- Unresolved peak envelopes (UPEs) are represented as a series of compound peaks clustered together around a central gas chromatograph elution time in the total ion chromatogram. Typically, UPEs are indicative of complex fluid mixtures that are present in the subsurface. UPEs observed early in the chromatogram are considered to indicate the presence of more volatile fluids, while UPEs observed later in the chromatogram may indicate the presence of less volatile fluids. Multiple UPEs may indicate the presence of multiple complex fluids.
- Stacked total ion chromatograms (TICs) are included in Appendix A. The six-digit serial number of each module is incorporated into the TIC identification (e.g.: <u>123456</u>S.D represents module #<u>123456</u>).

#### **Project Specific Comments:**

- The minimum (gray) contour level, for each mapped analyte or group of analytes, was set at the maximum blank level observed or the method detection limit, whichever was greater. When target compounds are summed together, the contour minimum is arbitrarily set at 0.02 µg or the maximum blank level, whichever is greater. The maximum contour level was set at the maximum value observed.
- Background levels of TPH were detected on the trip blanks and/or the method blanks. Thus, target analyte levels reported for the field-installed modules that exceed trip and method blank levels, and the analyte method detection limit, are more likely to have originated from on-site sources.
- A minimum curvature surface was used to interpolate the data between sampling points. A minimum curvature surface is the smoothest possible surface that will fit the given data values. In cases where values trend from low to high in the direction of the edge of the survey area, the curve will continue to rise (showing warmer colors) as no additional data exists to constrain it. Where values trend from high to low the opposite is also true.
- The mapped spatial patterns indicated partially defined contaminant plumes in the survey area.

## **GORE®** Surveys

## **GORE<sup>®</sup>** Surveys - Final Report

#### KEY TO DATA TABLE 91 All Angels Hill Rd, Wappingers Falls, NY

UNITS	
μg	micrograms (per sorber), reported for compounds
MDL	method detection limit
bdl	below detection limit
nd	non-detect
ANALYTES	
TPH	total petroleum hydrocarbons
BTEX	combined masses of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes (Gasoline Range Aromatics)
BENZ	benzene
TOL	toluene
EtBENZ	ethylbenzene
mpXYL	m-, p-xylene
oXYL	o-xylene
C11,C13&C15	combined masses of undecane, tridecane, and pentadecane (C11+C13+C15)
	(Diesel Range Alkanes)
UNDEC	undecane
TRIDEC	tridecane
PENTADEC	pentadecane
TMBs	combined masses of 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene and 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
135TMB	1,3,5-trimethylbenzene
124TMB	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
NAPH&2-MN	combined masses of naphthalene and 2-methyl naphthalene
NAPH	naphthalene
2MeNAPH	2-methyl naphthalene
MTBE	methyl t-butyl ether
OCT	octane
BLANKS	
TBn	unexposed trip blanks, travels with the exposed modules
method blank	QA/QC module, documents analytical conditions during analysis

#### **APPENDIX A:**

# CHAIN OF CUSTODY AND INSTALLATION/ RETRIEVAL LOG DATA TABLES STACKED TOTAL ION CHROMATOGRAMS CONTOUR MAPS

## **GORETM** Screening Survey Chain of Custody

For W.L. Gore & Associates use only Production Order # <u>21230394</u>



W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc., Survey Products Group

100 Chesapeake Boulevard • Elkton, Maryland 21921 • Tel: (410) 392-7600 • Fax (410) 506-4780

#### Customer Name: WEISS ASSOCIATES Site Name: 91 ALL ANGELS HILL ROAD Address: WATERGATE TOWERS Site Address: WAPPINGERS FALLS NY 2200 POWELL STREET Project Manager: LARRY WHITTEN **EMERYVILLE CA 94608** 845 264 5043 Phone: Customer Project No.: 363-1927-10-07 FAX: Customer P.O. #: Quote #: Serial # of Modules Shipped # of Modules for Installation # of Trip Blanks 54 3 # 669389 - # 669390 # # Total Modules Shipped: 57 Pieces # 669394 # 669448 # -# Total Modules Received: 57 Pieces # -# # # Total Modules Installed: 54 \_ Pieces # # • # # Serial # of Trip Blanks (Client Decides) -# # # # # # 669339 # # -# # # # . # -# 669390 # # # # # # # # .... 669399 # # # # # -# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # Prepared By: # # # # Verified By: # # **Installation Performed By:** Installation Method(s) (*circle those that apply*): Name (please print): Larry Whitten, Bill McIlvride Slide Hammer (Hammer Drill) Auger Company/Affiliation: Weiss Associates Other: Installation Start Date and Time: 08/18 12011 (AM) :08 11 Installation Complete Date and Time: 08/19 11051 08:45 (AM)PM **Retrieval Performed By:** Total Modules Retrieved: Pieces Name (please print): Larry Whitten Total Modules Lost in Field: Pieces Company/Affiliation:1\_LJEISS ASSOC. Total Unused Modules Returned: Pieces Retrieval Start Date and Time; 08129 / 11 PM PM 12:10 Retrieval Complete Date and Time: .34 AME, PM Щ DB/AA 711 Relinquished By Manual Received By: Le Date Tiine Time Date 11:30Affiliation: WE ASS 0-12-11 Affiliation: W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc. 1han Relinquished By Ţime Received By: Date Date Time 08.8.11 1530 Affiliation: WEISS ASSOC Affiliation:\_ Relinquished By \_ Date Time Received By/ //MW Time Date 8/30 Affiliation. Affiliation: W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc. 15-20

#### Instructions: Customer must complete <u>ALL</u> shaded cells



GORE<sup>(R)</sup> Surveys

W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc. 100 Chesapeake Boulevard

Eikton, MD USA 21921 ph: 410-392-7600

#### GORE Project No: ENV 21230394 Site Name: 91 ALL ANGELS HILL ROAD Site Location: WAPPINGERS FALLS NY Company Name: WEISS ASSOCIATES - CA

Location: West Slab Samples collected by: Larry Whitten and Bill McIlvride

Installation &	Retrieval Log				Samr	oles collected by:	: West Slab	and Bill McIlvrid	e							
Optional or	-	المتركم			Jaint	sies collected by.	Newser				YES / NO				AT MINIMUM PROVIDE SOIL	L TYPE
MODULE SERIAL NO.	FIELD ID* (e.g., arbitrary, US EPA)	SAMPLE TYPE (Field Sample, Trip Blank, Field Blank, etc.)	MM/DD/YYYY	ON DATE & TIME HH:MM (24 Hour) 7/2000 13:00	MM/DD/YYYY	_ DATE & TIME HH:MM (24 Hour) )/2000 13:00	(e.g., samp description from hole.	ONS/COMMENTS* le depth, location l, missing, pulled etc as needed) ab & / Saup & L	ENVIRONMENT* (e.g., grass, bare soil, through slab)	EVIDENCE OF LIQUID PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	ODOR ?	WATER IN INSTALLATION HOLE?	PID Reading, PPMV RK / Hole	SOIL TYPE AT MODULE DEPTH (clay, Ioamy sand etc.)	TOTAL SOIL POROSITY AT MODULE DEPTH* (total volume of pores/total volume)	WATER POROSIT DEPTH water/vol
00669389		FIELD SAMPLE	8-18-11	19:20	8-29-11	141:03	30"	1811	SLAG	NO	NG	Dry	0.0/0.0	SILT		
00669390		FIELD_SAMPLE BLOW	4	I J hour .	-	~	/					/				
00669394		FIELD_SAMPLE BUCK		<del>ور</del> يمانتيني. 												
00669395		FIELD_SAMPLE 13 (11) FIELD_SAMPLE 34 (11) i								dimensional distances						
00669396		FIELD-SAMPLE BLINE	8-18								-anti-	وسيستسبي				
00669398		FIELD SAMPLE SKIND	8-19						\$1000 CONTRACTOR			August and a second sec				
0669399		FIELD SAMPLET BLANK	,										ļ			
0669400		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-19	8:25	8-29		30"	18"	5011	NO	NO	DAMP	0.0/0.0	bo sandy SIL		
0669401		FIELD_SAMPLE	08/18/201			(2:10	30"	181	Slab joint	No	NO	wet 10	00,100	by sitty SAND	Ţ	
0669402		FIELD SAMPLE FIELD SAMPLE	+	13:50		12:18	301	<u> </u>	SLAB	NO	NO	MO/ST.		An SIM SILT		
0669403		FIELD_SAMPLE		16:30		12:23	30"	18" IB"	SLAPS	NO	ND	Oamp	0.0/0.0	ON. SILT	1' JOUTH	OF .
0669405		FIELD_SAMPLE	V	18,40		12:26	301 12	"(=18"	SLAB Gornel	NO	NO	Wet 216"	0,0 10.0	bn silty SAND	1' Not trench,	at crai
0669406		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-19	8:45		12:28	30"	18"	Soic	No	NO	DAMP	0,0/0.0	bn clayey SILT gy sandy clay	0,	
0669407		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-18-Zeri			12:44	30"/9	11 2 12"	) slab	No	NO	wet 228'	0,6/0.0	gy sandy clay		
0669408		FIELD_SAMPLE	/	14:00	<u>↓                                     </u>	12:41	30" 19	"( <u>~ (z")</u>		NG	NG	4 212"	60/00	BASILY SAUD		
0669409		FIELD_SAMPLE		16:05		12:38		"( <u>~ 24"</u> ) Egi	SLAPS	100	NO	Wet 824 DAMP		BR SILT	I' SOUTH C	E D
0669410		FIELD_SAMPLE		18:30	<u>↓                                      </u>	12:36	30"	8"	5/46	NO	NO	MOIST	0,0103	BR clayey SILT	1'N. of Tren	14 · N
0669411		FIELD_SAMPLE	<u>                                     </u>	18:50		$\frac{12.33}{12:31}$	30 "	<u> </u>	5146	NO	NO	MOIST				hey cir
0669413		FIELD SAMPLE		(3'28		12:46	301	te "12"	slab	NO	NSet	net	0.0/0.0	DN Sandy SILT	Moved holo	2' ~
0669414		FIELD_SAMPLE		19:00		13:10	30'	1817	Gravel	No	NO	- Dow	h 0.0/0.0	Grushed ston	+logus : clup h	ble I'N
0669415		FIELD_SAMPLE	<u> </u>	11:25		12:48	30 "	18''	solid sleb	No	No	wet	14.7/22	bo sandy SILT	affer st	
0669416		FIELD_SAMPLE		13:20		12:51	30"	18"	Julia slay	Nu	100	wet tony	0,0 10,0	u n' Y	Moved hole	10 cato
0669417		FIELD_SAMPLE	┼	15:55	+	12:54	30"	13 ''	30/2 5/44 30/2 5/64	No	NO	stry	00/00	Gy clayey SAND 6n SILT, (St.	1 / 1 - 1	
0669418		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE	+	16:50	+	12:59	30"	1011	SOLIA SLAD	NO	NO	DAMP	10103	BN. SILT	chynole)	1
0669420		FIELD SAMPLE	1-1	18:25		13:01	201	18"	Solid Stab	NO	NO	Moist-wel	1.0/0.5	bo Sandy SILT	-located 1 ft	Frank Fli
066942		FIELD_SAMPLE	V	16:55		13:29	30'12	12) 4 1	SOLID SUB	NO	NO	wet DIZ"	0,00.0	BP. SILT SAM		WATE
0669422		FIELD_SAMPLE	8.19	8:37		13:08	30''	131	5011	NO	NO	DAMP	0.0/9.0	BY Sandy SILT	-moved 1 ff	w. to
0669423		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-18-2011					18 ''	Sold slog	NO	NU	champydry	0.0/1.3	bin sandy SILT	-1 Ft. From P.	.3
066942		FIELD_SAMPLE	<u> </u>	19:07		13:04	301	18 "	Soliy slob	NO	NO	damp	0.040.0	bn. SILT	- 2 ft W. g toe	nel
0669425		FIELD_SAMPLE		1937		13:34	<b>30"</b> 30"(9	18"	Solia SLAD Scha Slab	NO No	NO	DAMET	0.010.0	gy clayey SAND	P	
0669426 0669427		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE	<u> </u>	14:15		13:23	30 1	13/18	weatherd steb		NO	Wet 2781	00100	by SILT		
0669427		FIELD_SAMPLE		17:06		13:18	30'	10.11	JOHD SLAB		NO	DAMP	0000	BE SITT		
0669429		Field Sample		18:09	1	13:16	30'	18''	3040 5140		NO	Moist		bn SILT	12' N. 01 64	Circlell
0669430	1	FIELD SAMPLE		(&:14		13:13	30"	18 11	Solid Slah	NO	NO	MOIST	0,0/3,8	60 silty Rive:	SAND	
0669431		FIELD_SAMPLE		15:25		13:55	30"	18 ''	Solia slab	NO	NO	Pomp/wet	0.0/0.0	Or flay ey	samely 512T	
0669432		FIELD_SAMPLE		17:14 11:50		13:51 13:36	30"	18"	SOLID SLAB			DAMP		GRAY CLAY S	5: LTV	SPO
0669433				19.12		13:36	30"	18"	SLAB JOINT	NO	NO	planes	0.9/33	Sty clayer SAU	<b>N</b>	
0669434 0669435		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE		14:30		13:41	30"	18"	Solid glab	No	NO	damp	0.0/0.0	bn sondy SICT	2	-
0669436		FIELD SAMPLE		(5:)5		13:43	30"	18"	n 1)	<u> </u>	5	clamp	0.010.0	Bn sandy SILT		
0669437		FIELD_SAMPLE		5:37		13:57	30'	18"	SOLIO SLAB	14	11	DAME	0.00.6	BN SILF		
0669438	F	FIELD_SAMPLE	V	7:58	V	13:59	'30''	18"	SOLLO SLAB	1+	11	DAMP	0.0/0.0	BN SILT		
0669439		TRIP_BLANK	6.0	0.0	-		m 4		10			24.40	-	1 minut	-	
0669440		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-19	8:30	8-29	14:05	30" 30"	18" 13''	SOIL Solid slab	NO	NO		0.0 0.0	bn SILT		
0669441 0669442		FIELD_SAMPLE FIELD_SAMPLE	8-18-2011	5.05		14:27	30"	18"	Schiel Slab	No No	NO	Moist	0.010.0	bon sandy SILT	wiciay	
0669442		FIELD_SAMPLE		17 54			3011	101	SOLA SLAB					BN CLAY SI		
0669444		FIELD_SAMPLE		17.24		14:20	301	18"	SOUS SLAD	NO	NO	OAMP	0.0 00	BN CLAT SIL	T	
0669445		FIELD_SAMPLE	8-19	8:12		14:17	30 "	(8"	Solid SLAR	NO	NG	DAMP	0,0 /0,0	6n SILT		
0669446	F	FIELD_SAMPLE	2-18-2011	12:00		14:30	30"	18"	Soil	NO	NO	damp	0.1/16.9	cik by logun		
0669447	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FIELD_SAMPLE	,	14:55	<u> </u>	14:32	301	18"	Soil	ND	26	damin	0,0/0,0	Oll by LOAM		<u> </u>
0669448	F	FIELD_SAMPLE	V	11.41	<u> </u>	14:34	30"	18	SOIL	NO	NO	damp	0.0/0.0	BN SILT		
															•	
										·			<u> </u>			1

GORE and designs are trademarks of W. L. Gore Associates, Inc.

	7		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ER FILLED SOIL		LATITUDE	COORDINATE	COORDINATE	
SITY AT MODULE PTH* (volume of /volume of pores)	LONGITUDE (easting) or X	(northing) or Y		DATUM* (e.g., WGS 84)	
					-
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I				SPG-FCD-8927 Soil Gas - May	27. 2011

DATE	SAMPLE							
ANALYZED	NAME	TPH, ug	BTEX, ug	VC, ug	Dichlorodifluoromethane (TIC), ug	Trichlorotrifluoroethane (TIC), ug	BENZ, ug	TOL, ug
	MDL=	0.02		0.10	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
9/16/2011	669389	0.27	0.01	nd	nd	0.02	0.01	nd
9/16/2011	669394	0.21	nd	nd	nd	0.05	nd	nd
9/16/2011	669395	9.57	0.58	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.30
9/16/2011	669396	0.75	0.01	bdl	nd	0.15	0.01	nd
9/15/2011	669397	0.76	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	nd
9/16/2011	669398	0.43	bdl	nd	nd	0.00	nd	bdl
9/16/2011	669400	0.49	0.04	nd	nd	nd	0.02	0.02
9/16/2011	669401	1.50	0.05	nd	nd	0.00	0.02	0.03
9/16/2011	669402	0.36	0.01	nd	nd	0.01	0.01	nd
9/16/2011	669403	0.55	0.08	nd	nd	0.04	nd	0.04
9/17/2011	669404	0.30	bdl	nd	nd	0.05	nd	nd
9/16/2011	669405	3.10	0.03	nd	nd	0.00	0.02	0.02
9/15/2011	669406	0.49	0.01	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd
9/16/2011	669407	0.48	0.03	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.03
9/16/2011	669408	0.49	0.12	nd	nd	0.02	bdl	0.11
9/17/2011	669409	0.14	nd	nd	nd	0.05	nd	nd
9/17/2011	669410	2.39	0.26	nd	nd	0.09	nd	0.14
9/16/2011	669411	0.35	0.04	nd	nd	0.02	0.01	0.03
9/15/2011	669412	1.12	0.01	nd	nd	0.06	bdl	0.01
9/16/2011	669413	0.84	0.02	nd	nd	nd	bdl	0.02
9/16/2011	669414	1.23	0.01	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd
9/16/2011	669415	0.67	0.02	nd	nd	nd	0.01	0.01
9/16/2011	669416	0.18		nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
9/17/2011	669417	0.46		nd	nd	0.18	nd	0.02
9/16/2011	669418	4.67	0.34	nd	nd	0.04	nd	0.25
9/16/2011	669419	0.72	0.03	nd	nd	0.38	0.01	nd
9/16/2011	669420	0.16	bdl	nd	nd	0.01	bdl	nd
9/16/2011	669421	1.14	0.16	nd	nd	0.01	0.01	0.03
9/16/2011	669422	0.17	bdl	nd	nd	0.00	bdl	nd
9/16/2011	669423	1.77	0.27	nd	nd	0.12	0.04	0.15
9/16/2011	669424	0.85	0.03	nd	nd	0.15	0.01	0.02

No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed

columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered

10/6/2011 Page: 1 of 9

ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

GCJcust\_rev1.xls

DATE	SAMPLE							
ANALYZED	NAME	TPH, ug	BTEX, ug	VC, ug	Dichlorodifluoromethane (TIC), ug	Trichlorotrifluoroethane (TIC), ug	BENZ, ug	TOL, ug
	MDL=	0.02		0.10	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
9/17/2011	669425	0.49	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	nd
9/16/2011	669426	2.97	0.51	nd	nd	0.22	nd	0.33
9/17/2011	669427	2.29	0.16	nd	nd	0.08	0.02	0.10
9/15/2011	669428	2.31	0.18	nd	nd	0.11	0.01	0.10
9/16/2011	669429	5.44	0.33	nd	nd	0.00	0.02	0.09
9/16/2011	669430	3.64	0.21	nd	nd	0.01	nd	0.07
9/15/2011	669431	0.62	0.05	nd	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.04
9/17/2011	669432	0.68	0.02	nd	0.05	0.01	nd	0.02
9/17/2011	669433	0.58	bdl	nd	nd	0.00	bdl	nd
9/17/2011	669434	0.39	0.03	nd	nd	0.00	0.01	0.01
9/17/2011	669435	1.17	0.05	nd	nd	nd	0.02	0.03
9/16/2011	669436	0.21	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd
9/15/2011	669437	0.35	0.01	nd	nd	0.01	0.01	nd
9/15/2011	669438	0.42	0.02	nd	nd	0.03	nd	0.02
9/17/2011	669440	1.93	0.03	nd	nd	nd	0.02	0.01
9/17/2011	669441	0.52	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02
9/17/2011	669442	0.61	bdl	nd	nd	0.00	nd	bdl
9/17/2011	669443	0.51	0.01	nd	nd	0.02	bdl	0.01
9/16/2011	669444	0.62	0.01	nd	nd	0.03	0.01	nd
9/16/2011	669445	0.49	0.01	nd	0.01	0.01	0.01	nd
9/17/2011	669446	0.45	bdl	nd	nd	nd	bdl	bdl
9/17/2011	669447	0.92	0.02	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd
9/17/2011	669448	0.62	0.01	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd
9/17/2011	669390	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
9/17/2011	669399	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
9/16/2011	669439	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
9/15/2011	method blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
9/16/2011	method blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed

columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered

10/6/2011 Page: 2 of 9

ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

GCJcust\_rev1.xls

DATE	SAMPLE							
ANALYZED	NAME	TPH, ug	BTEX, ug	VC, ug	Dichlorodifluoromethane (TIC), ug	Trichlorotrifluoroethane (TIC), ug	BENZ, ug	TOL, ug
	MDL=	0.02		0.10	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
	Maximum	9.57	0.58	0.00	0.05	0.38	0.04	0.33
	Standard Dev.	1.62	0.13	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.01	0.07
	Mean	1.20	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.04

SAMPLE									-		
NAME	EtBENZ, ug	mpXYL, ug	oXYL, ug	ct12DCE, ug	t12DCE, ug	c12DCE, ug	11DCA, ug	111TCA, ug	12DCA, ug	TCE, ug	PCE, ug
MDL=	0.02	0.02	0.01		0.05	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
669389	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.15	nd	1.00	0.08
669394	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.06	nd
669395	0.04	0.16	0.09	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	2.40	0.02
669396	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.04	nd	10.20	0.10
669397	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.06	bdl
669398	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.04	nd
669400	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669401	nd	bdl	bdl	bdl	bdl	bdl	nd	nd	nd	28.46	nd
669402	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.05	nd
669403	nd	0.02	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd	0.07	1.08
669404	nd	bdl	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.32	0.03
669405	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	1.09	0.07
669406	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669407	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.03	nd	0.15	0.12
669408	nd	bdl	0.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.75	bdl
669409	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.04	nd
669410	0.03	0.06	0.04	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	6.89	
669411	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.55	bdl
669412	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.13	nd	9.94	nd
669413	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.03	nd	0.29	0.06
669414	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd
669415	nd	nd		nd	nd	nd	nd	0.14	nd	2.50	nd
669416	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669417	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.27	bdl
669418	bdl	0.06	0.03	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	1.56	0.04
669419	nd	bdl	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	2.15	
669420	nd	bdl	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd	0.70	0.20
669421	bdl	0.07	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.47	nd	0.26	nd
669422	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.07	bdl
669423	bdl	0.05	0.04	0.02	bdl	0.02	nd	0.01	nd	26.32	0.37
669424	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.12	nd	3.82	0.26

No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed

columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered

10/6/2011 Page: 4 of 9

ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

GCJcust\_rev1.xls

SAMPLE											
NAME	EtBENZ, ug	mpXYL, ug	oXYL, ug	ct12DCE, ug	t12DCE, ug	c12DCE, ug	11DCA, ug	111TCA, ug	12DCA, ug	TCE, ug	PCE, ug
MDL=	0.02	0.02	0.01		0.05	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
669425	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	bdl	nd
669426	0.03	0.09	0.06	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.04	nd	17.20	1.61
669427	bdl	0.03	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	2.65	0.06
669428	bdl	0.05	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.09	nd	0.72	0.05
669429	bdl	0.12	0.09	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.10	nd	0.19	0.04
669430	bdl	0.07	0.06	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.17	nd	bdl	0.34
669431	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	nd	0.08	nd	4.05	0.06
669432	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	1.04	nd	0.68	0.04
669433	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	nd	bdl	nd	0.61	nd
669434	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.14	nd	bdl	nd
669435	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	0.34	nd
669436	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.06	bdl
669437	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd
669438	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.11	nd	0.13	nd
669440	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669441	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.44	nd
669442	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd	0.31	nd
669443	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669444	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd
669445	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.01	nd	nd	nd
669446	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669447	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669448	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669390	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669399	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669439	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
method blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
method blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed

columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered

10/6/2011 Page: 5 of 9

ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

GCJcust\_rev1.xls

SAMPLE											
NAME	EtBENZ, ug	mpXYL, ug	oXYL, ug	ct12DCE, ug	t12DCE, ug	c12DCE, ug	11DCA, ug	111TCA, ug	12DCA, ug	TCE, ug	PCE, ug
MDL=	0.02	0.02	0.01		0.05	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
Maximum	0.04	0.16	0.09	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.00	1.04	0.00	28.46	1.61
Standard Dev.	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	5.85	0.27
Mean	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	2.36	0.09

SAMPLE										
NAME	14DCB, ug	11DCE, ug	CHCI3, ug	CCl4, ug	112TCA, ug	CIBENZ, ug	1112TetCA, ug	1122TetCA, ug	13DCB, ug	12DCB, ug
MDL=	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
669389	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669394	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669395	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669396	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669397	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669398	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669400	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669401	nd	nd	0.03	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669402	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669403	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669404	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669405	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669406	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669407	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669408	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669409	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669410	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669411	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669412	nd	nd	0.07	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669413	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669414	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669415	nd	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669416	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669417	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669418	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669419	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669420	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669421	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669422	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669423	nd	0.02	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669424	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed

columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered

10/6/2011 Page: 7 of 9

ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

GCJcust\_rev1.xls

SAMPLE										
NAME	14DCB, ug	11DCE, ug	CHCI3, ug	CCl4, ug	112TCA, ug	CIBENZ, ug	1112TetCA, ug	1122TetCA, ug	13DCB, ug	12DCB, ug
MDL=	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
669425	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669426	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669427	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669428	nd	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl
669429	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669430	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669431	nd	0.01	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669432	nd	bdl	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669433	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669434	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669435	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669436	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669437	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669438	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669440	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669441	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669442	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669443	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669444	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669445	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669446	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669447	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669448	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669390	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669399	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
669439	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
method blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
method blank	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed

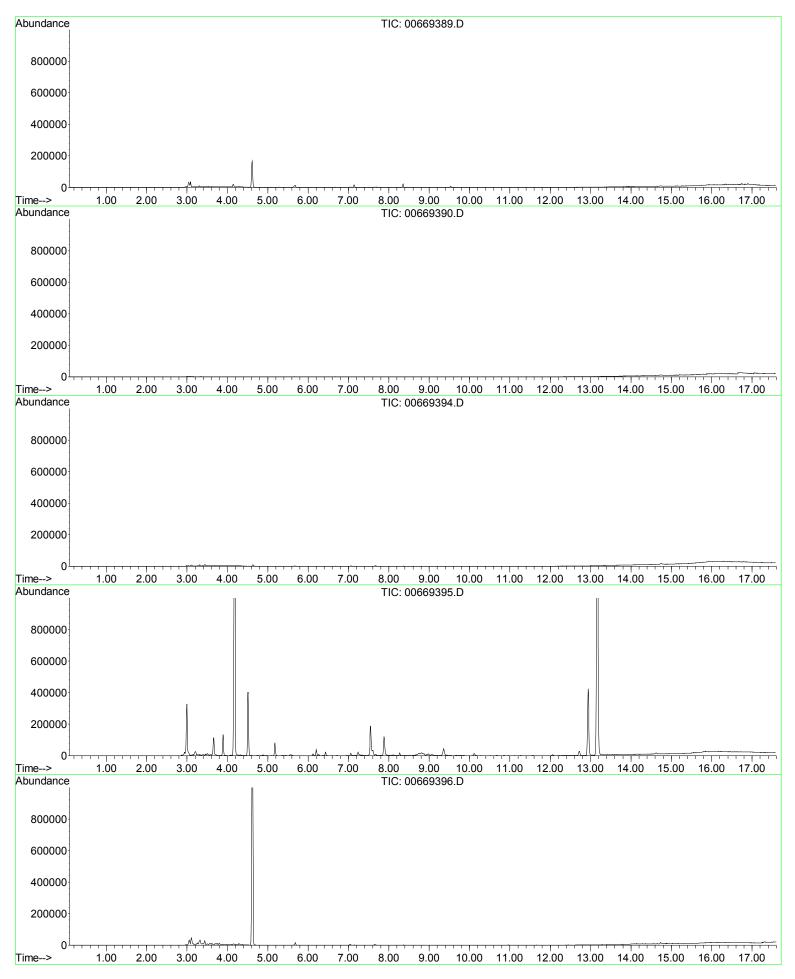
columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered

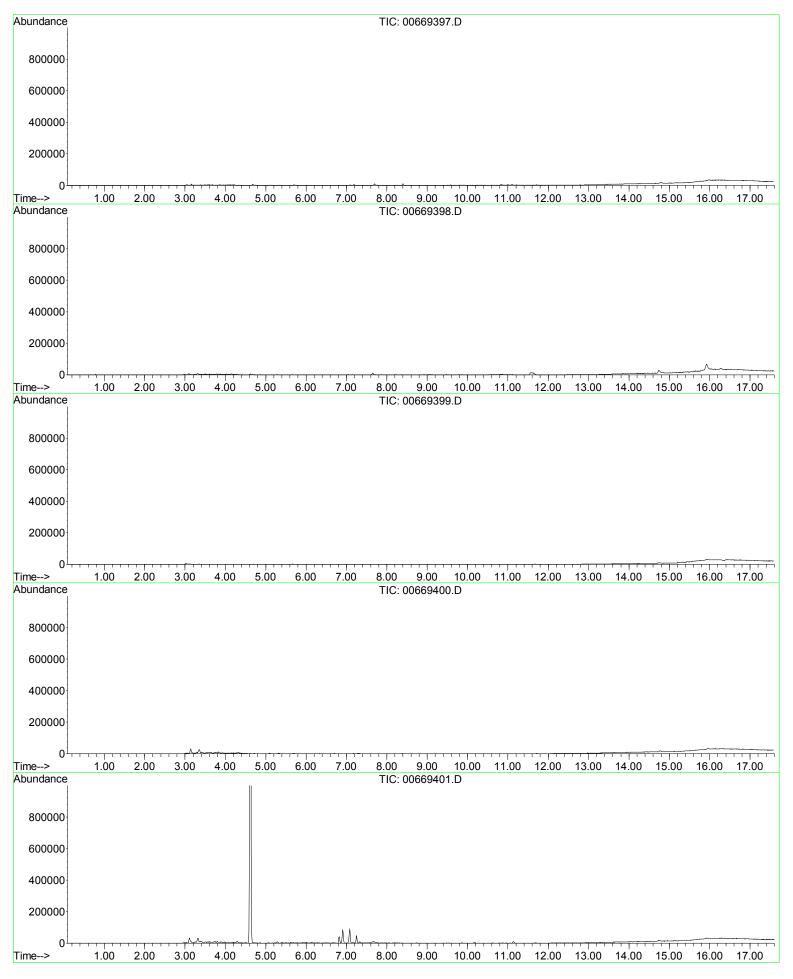
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ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

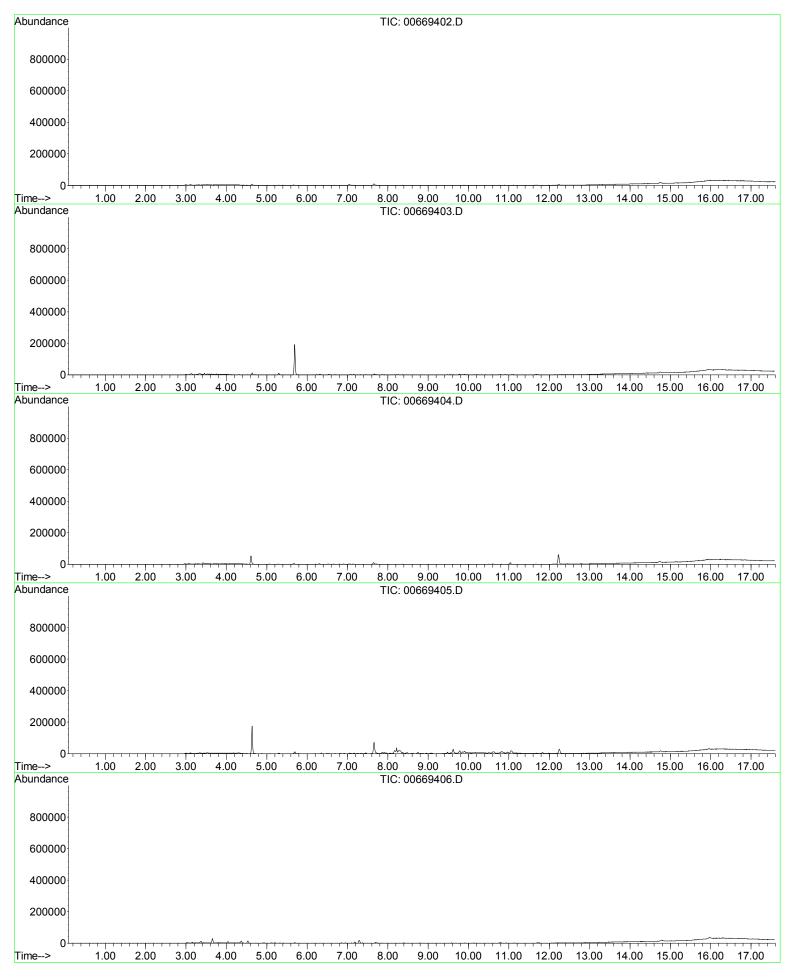
GCJcust\_rev1.xls

SAMPLE										
NAME	14DCB, ug	11DCE, ug	CHCI3, ug	CCl4, ug	112TCA, ug	CIBENZ, ug	1112TetCA, ug	1122TetCA, ug	13DCB, ug	12DCB, ug
MDL=	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
Maximum	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Standard Dev.	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mean	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

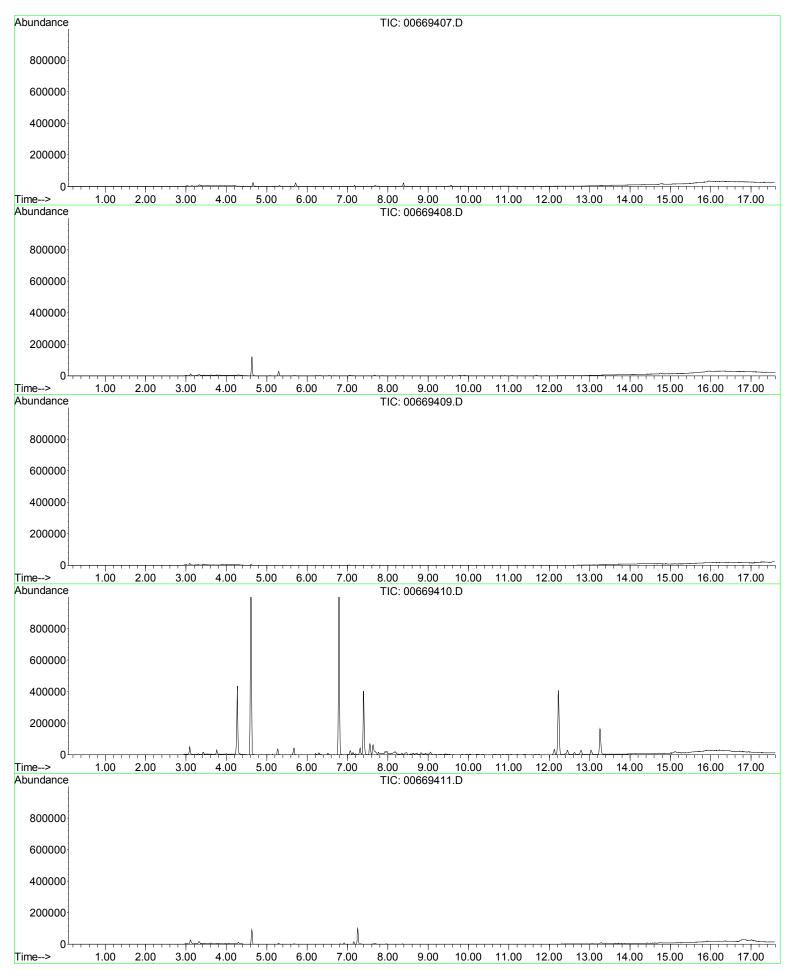




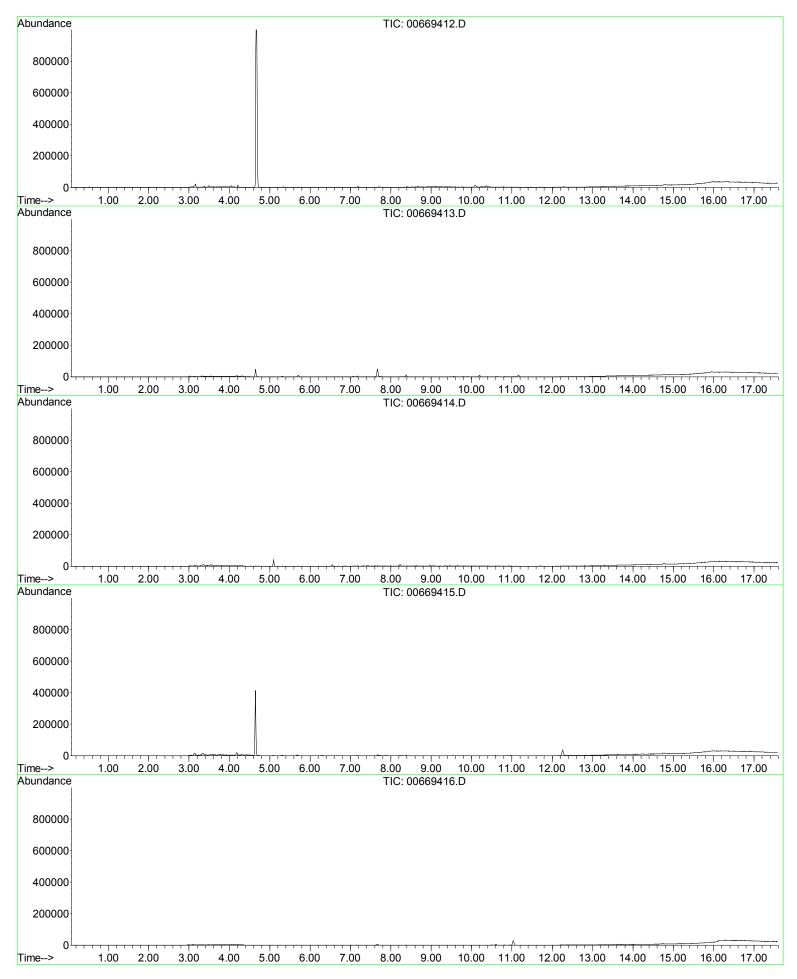
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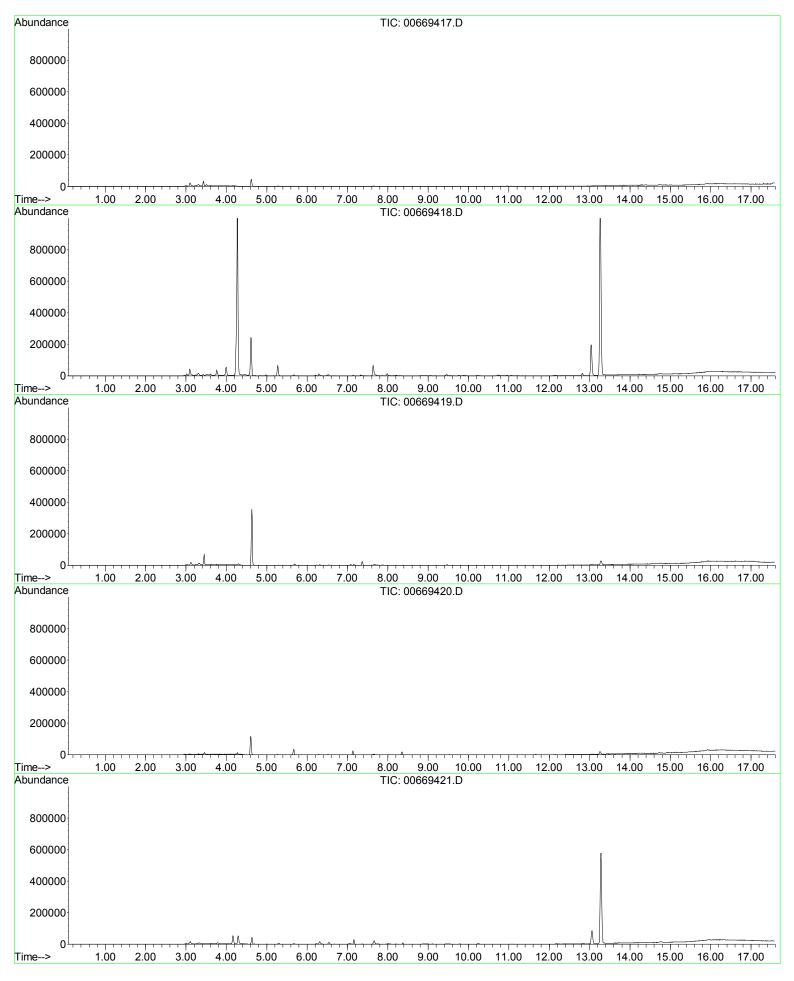


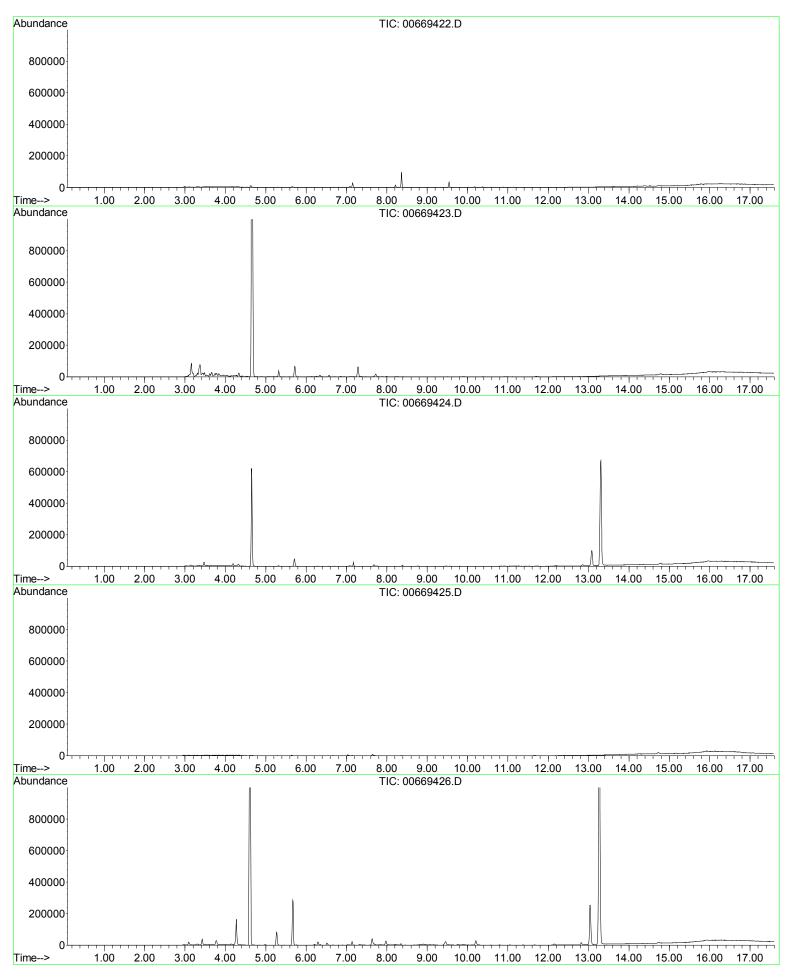
Revised Final Report 21264536 page 21 of 36

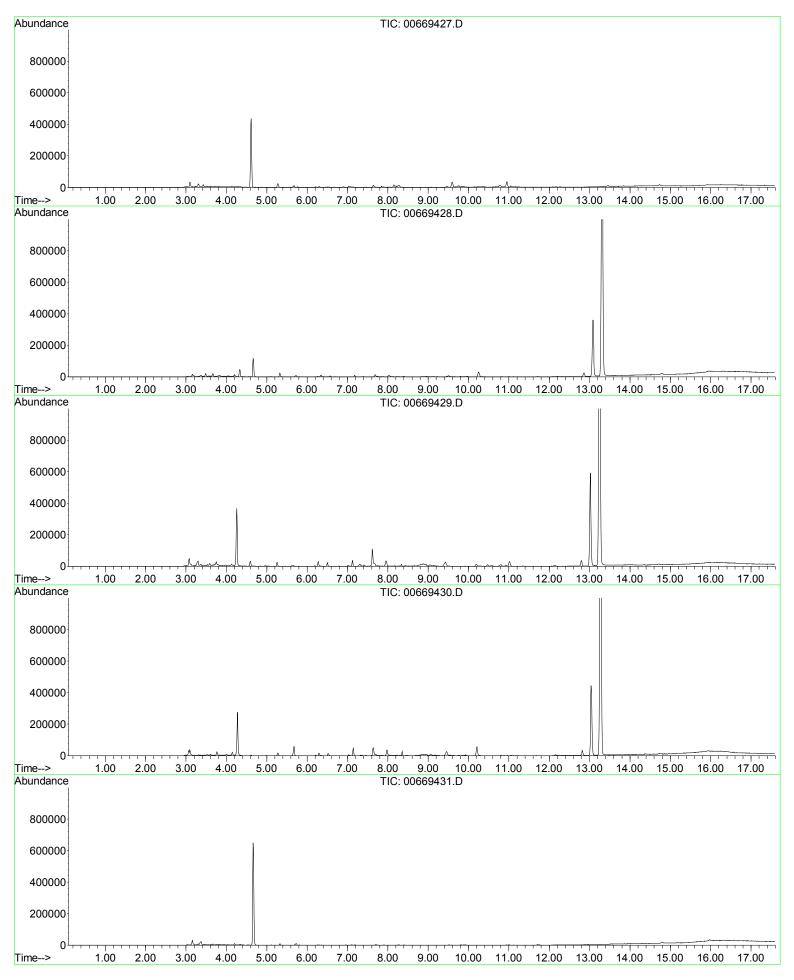


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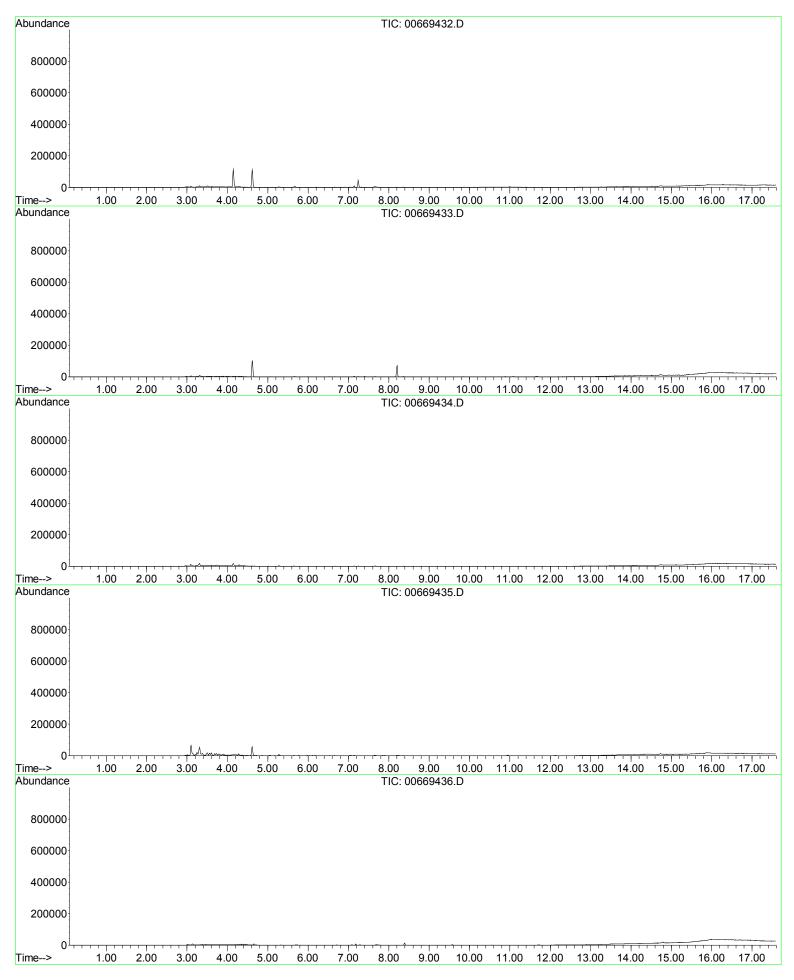




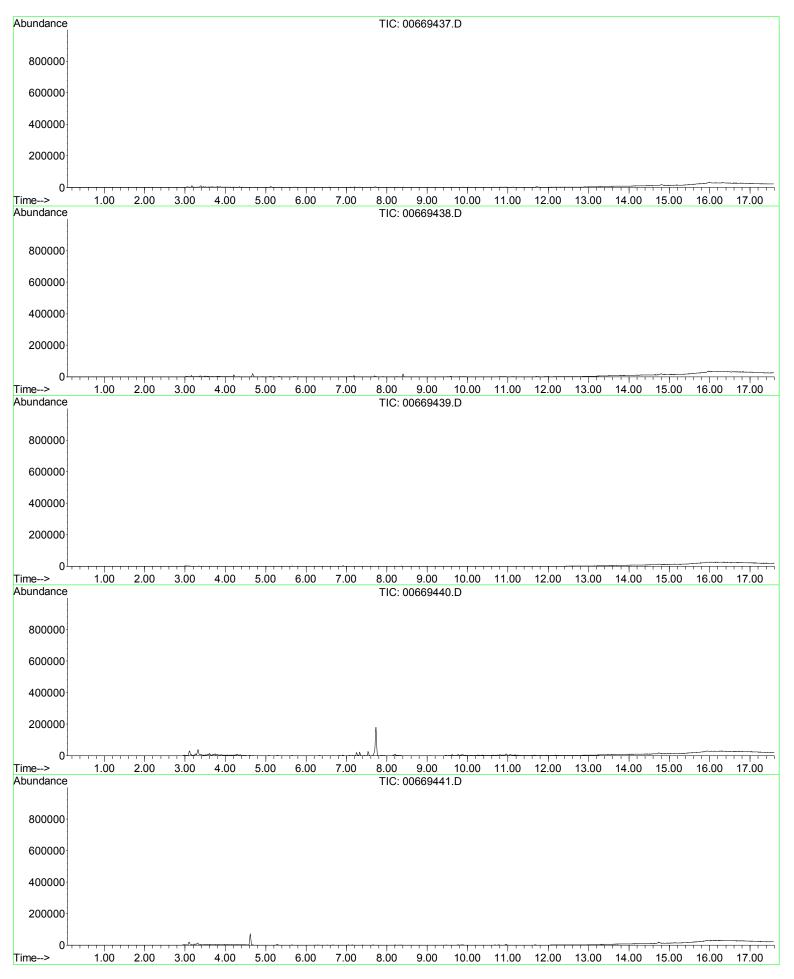




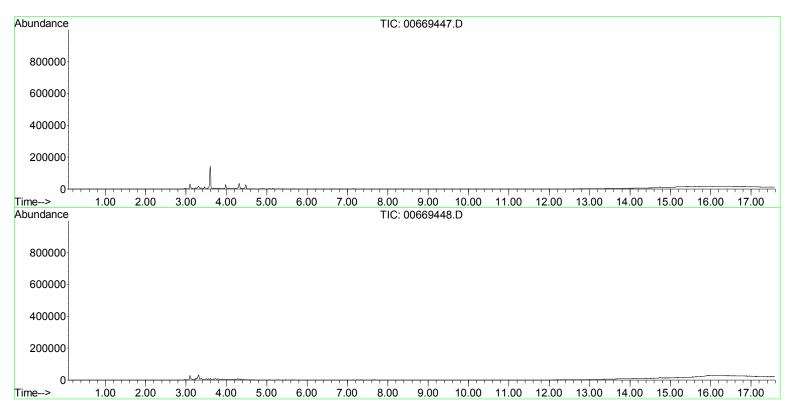
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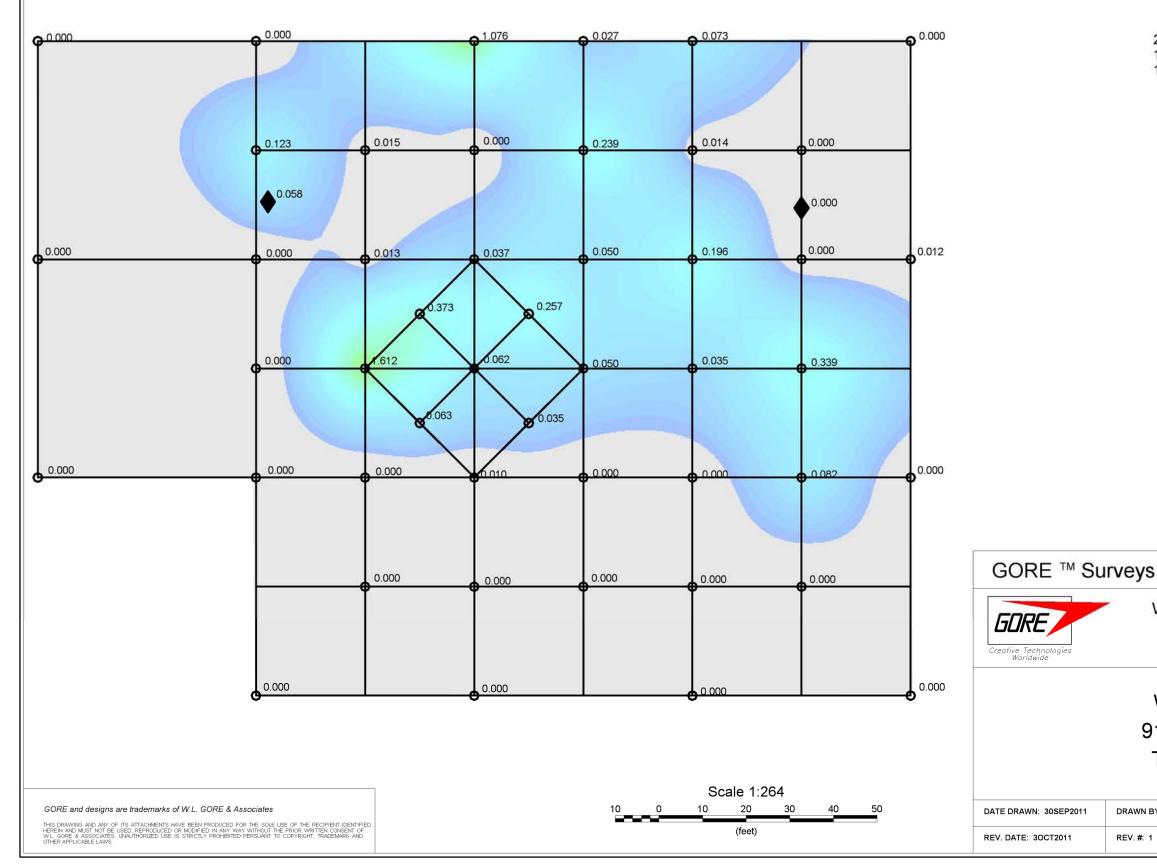
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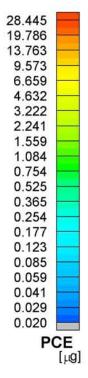












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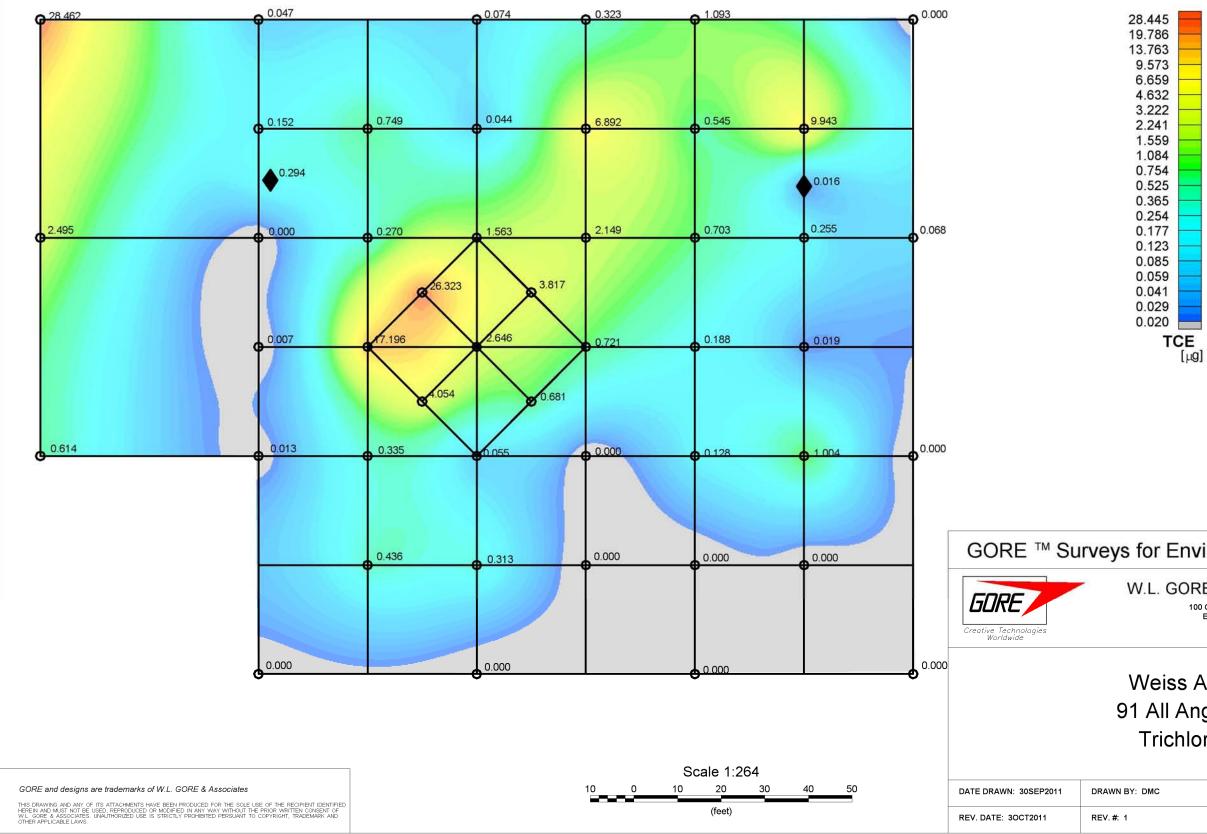
100 CHESAPEAKE BOULEVARD ELKTON, MD, USA 21921 USA (410) 392-7600

# Weiss Associates 91 All Angels Hill Rd Tetrachloroethene

 DRAWN BY: DMC
 ORIG. CAD: Proposed....dwg
 SITE CODE: GCJ

 REV. #: 1
 PROJECT NUMBER: 21230394

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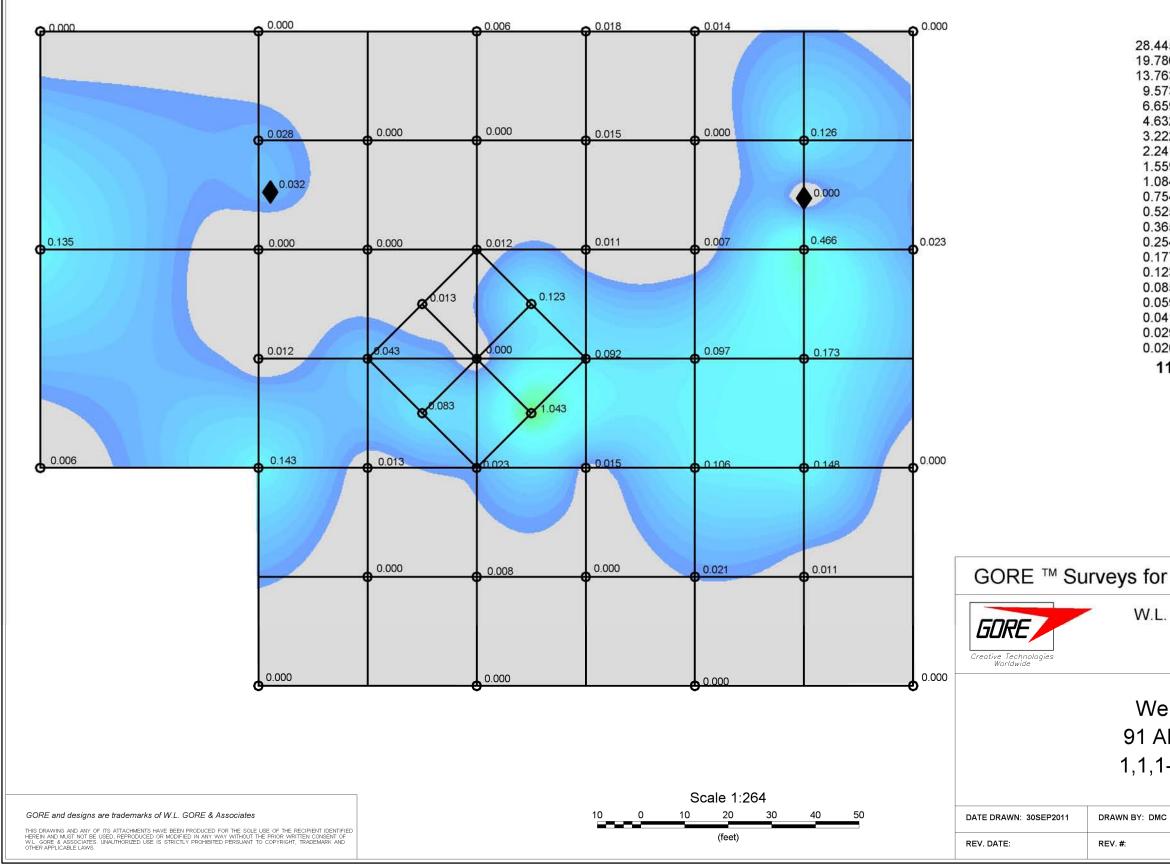
100 CHESAPEAKE BOULEVARD ELKTON, MD, USA 21921 USA (410) 392-7600

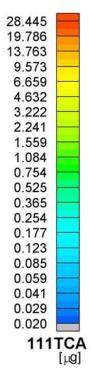
# Weiss Associates 91 All Angels Hill Rd Trichloroethene

 BY: DMC
 ORIG. CAD: Proposed....dwg
 SITE CODE: GCJ

 1
 PROJECT NUMBER: 21230394







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100 CHESAPEAKE BOULEVARD ELKTON, MD, USA 21921 USA (410) 392-7600

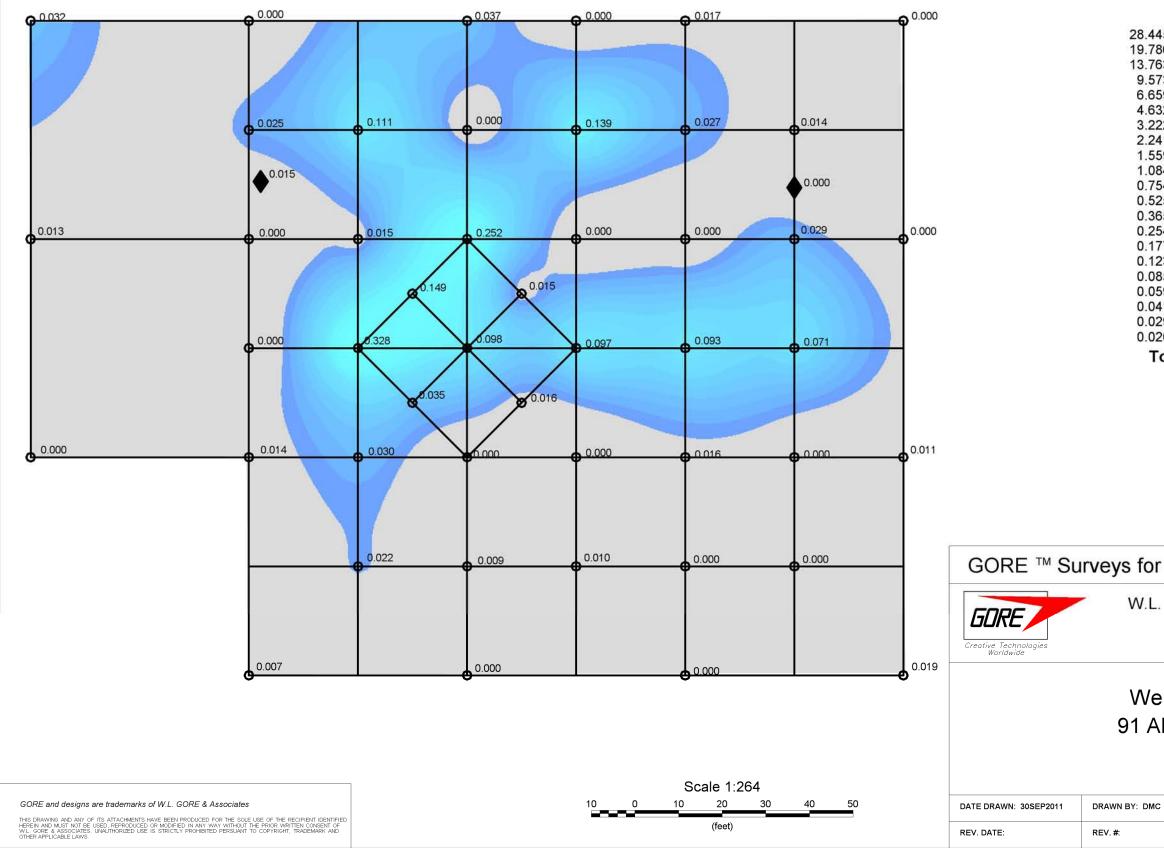
Weiss Associates 91 All Angels Hill Rd 1,1,1-Trichloroethane

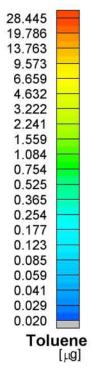
ORIG. CAD: Proposed .... dwg

SITE CODE: GCJ

PROJECT NUMBER: 21230394

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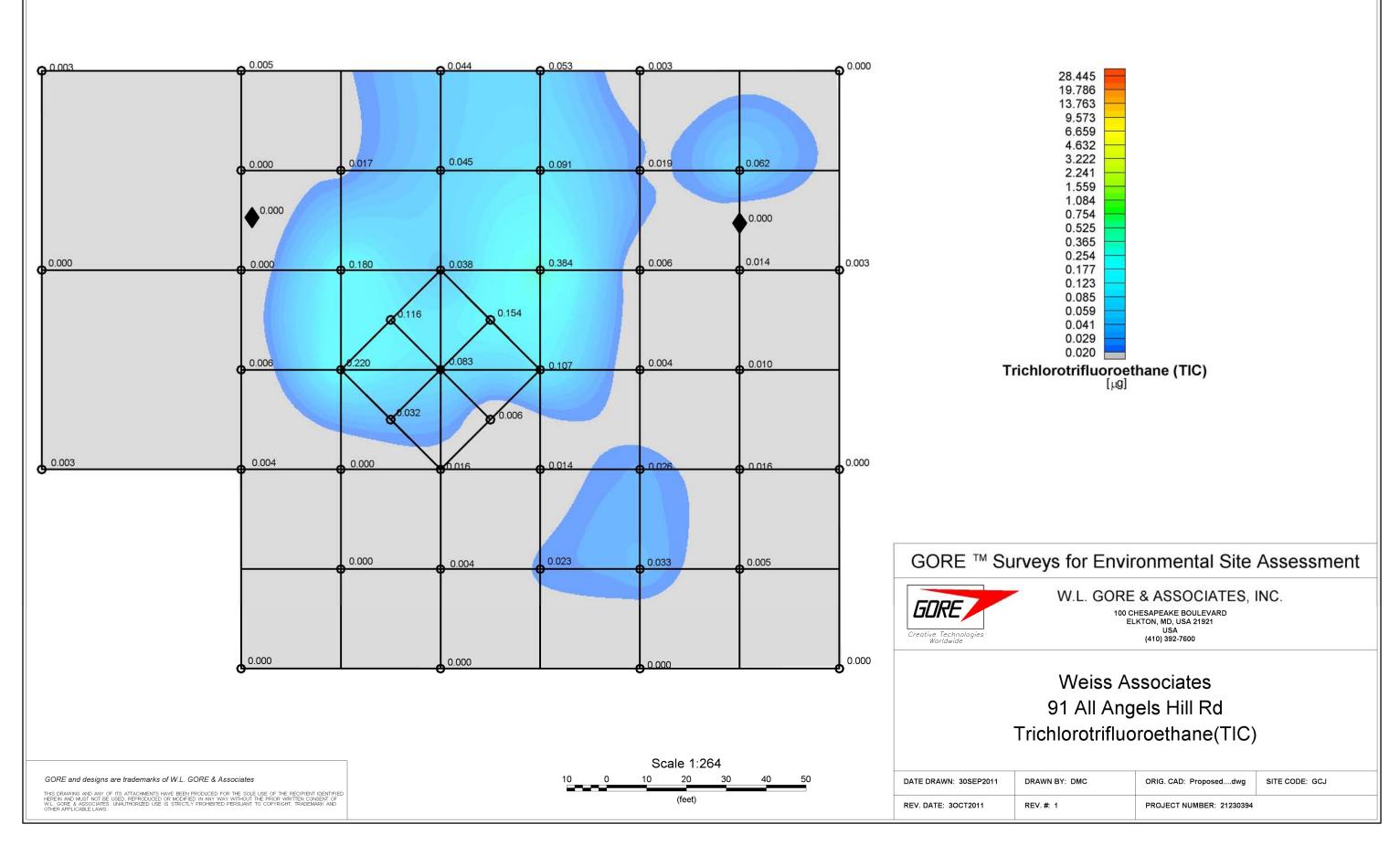
# Weiss Associates 91 All Angels Hill Rd Toluene

ORIG. CAD: Proposed....dwg

SITE CODE: GCJ

PROJECT NUMBER: 21230394





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# **APPENDIX C**

AIR MONITORING RESULTS



# **Air Monitoring**

Real-time air monitoring for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and particulates (i.e., dust) was conducted on August 18 and 19, 2011 for ground intrusive activities during site investigation work at the former Fairchild facility, located at 91 All Angels Hill Road in Wappingers Falls, New York. Procedures and results of air monitoring are presented in this appendix.

#### **VOC Monitoring**

VOCs were monitored continuously at the downwind perimeter each drilling location. Upwind concentrations were measured at the start of each workday and periodically thereafter to establish background conditions, particularly when wind direction changed. The monitoring work was performed using a MiniRAE-2000 Photoionization Detector (PID) with 10.6 electron-volt lamp, capable of calculating and recording instantaneous and 15-minute running average concentrations. The PID was calibrated by the vendor on August 15, 2011, before shipment to the Site and a few days prior to the 24-hour GORE® module installation period. The calibration record is included in this appendix.

At the beginning of the work on August 18, 2011 a rain storm raised humidity, and during that time the ambient air concentration readings reported by the PID were in the range of 5 to 25 ppm (Figure C-1). Work activity was temporarily halted until the cause was determined to be false positive readings caused by the high humidity. As humidity levels dropped below 80 percent after the storm, the ambient air readings decreased to 0.0 and remained at that level for the remainder of the work (Figure C-1). The only detection of VOCs that occurred during the work was when monitoring within a few inches of some of the open boreholes immediately following drilling (Figure C-1).

#### **Particulate Monitoring**

Particulate concentrations were monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeter of the drilling area using two Thermo-Scientific pDR-1500 real-time particulate monitors able to monitor particulate matter less than ten microns (PM10) in size, with the following minimum performance standards:

- (a) Objects measured: dust, mists or aerosols;
- (b) Measurement range: 0.001 to 400 micrograms per cubic meter (mg/m<sup>3</sup>) (1 to  $400,000 \ \mu g/m^3$ );
- (c) Precision (2-sigma) at constant temperature: +/- 10  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> for one second averaging; and +/- 1.5  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> for sixty second averaging;
- (d) Accuracy: +/- 5% of reading +/- precision (referred to gravimetric calibration with Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) fine test dust also known as Arizona Road Dust [mmd = 2 to 3 mm, sg = 2.5, as aerosolized]);
- (e) Resolution: 0.1% of reading or  $1\mu g/m^3$ , whichever is larger;



- (f) Particle size range of maximum response: 0.1-10 μm;
- (g) Total number of data points in memory: 15,000;
- (h) Logged data: each data point with average concentration, time/date and data point number (user selectable data logging averaging periods 1 second to 4 hours);
- (i) Run summary: overall average, maximum concentration, time/date of maximum, total number of logged points, start time/date, total elapsed time (run duration), short-term exposure limit (STEL) concentration and time/date occurrence, averaging (logging) period, calibration factor, and tag number;
- (j) Alarm averaging time (user selectable): real-time (1-60 seconds) or STEL (15 minutes), alarms;
- (k) Operating time: 48 hours (fully charged NiCd battery); continuously with charger; and
- (l) Operating temperature: -10 to  $50^{\circ}$  C (14 to  $122^{\circ}$  F).

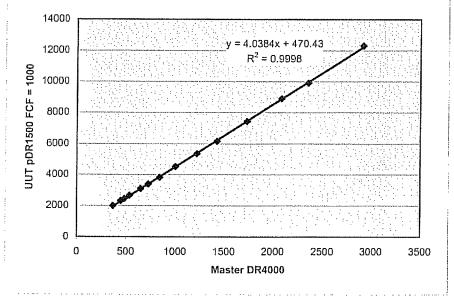
Particulate levels were monitored upwind and immediately downwind at the working site and integrated over a period of one minute. The two monitors were relocated several times during the work to accommodate changes in wind direction. All readings were recorded and were available onsite for New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC), New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) and County Health personnel to review. The full record is presented in Figure C-2. To ensure the validity of the fugitive dust measurements, appropriate quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) and calibration per manufacturer's instructions were employed, as recorded in the attached calibration record.

Particulate monitoring results from both upwind and downwind of the sampling activity showed concentrations in the 10 to 40  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> range, which were well below the action level of 150  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> (Figure C-2). The one exception was a brief excursion to approximately 110  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> on the morning of August 18, which appears to reflect dust from offsite, since the upwind monitor recorded higher values than downwind. In addition, fugitive dust migration was visually assessed during all work activities. No fugitive dust was observed, and it was therefore not necessary to employ fugitive dust suppression techniques.



Model pDR-1500 Calibration

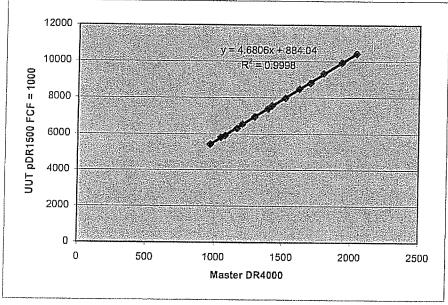
Date	7/19/2011	
S/N:	1017442506	
Calibration Due:	7/19/2012	
Leak Check @ 10 " w.c.	PASS	
Ta (deg C)	23	
RH (%)	59	
Pa (mmHg)	750	
Minimum Flow (L/min)	1.0	
Max Flow (L/min)	3.5	
Flow Cal Correlation	0.995	
Source Level	81	
Source Current (mA)	60.2	
Ref Det Volts (VDC)	0.77	
Cal Factor	248	
Background (ug/m3)	116	
Correlation	0.9999	PASS



All aerosol calibrations are traceable to Arizona Road Dust



Model ADR-150	0 Calibration	ו
Calibration Technician	Charlotte	Lincourt
Date	7/12/2011	
S/N:	01152480	01
Calibration Due:	7/12/2012	
Leak Check @ 10 " w.c.	PASS	
Ta (deg C)	23	
RH (%)	55	
Pa (mmHg)	748	
Minimum Flow (L/min)	1.0	
Max Flow (L/min)	3.5	
Flow Cal Correlation	0.994	
Source Level	122	
Source Current (mA)	60.18	
Ref Det Volts (VDC)	1.18	
Cal Factor	214	
Background (ug/m3)	189	
Correlation	0.9999	PASS



All aerosol calibrations are traceable to Arizona Road Dust



### FIELD ENVIRONMENTAL INSTRUMENTS, INC.

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301 Brushton Avenue Suite A Pittsburgh PA 15221 800-393-4009 Toll Free (412) 436-2600 Local (412) 436-2616 Fax

### **Photo-Ionization Detector Calibration Certificate**

		Lot #	Expiration	1.02 1.05	
Isobutylene Gas		11-4159	12/2/2012		
Cal Standard		Reading	Acceptab	Acceptable Range	
100 ppm 💌			101.0	(98 - 102)	
			Pump Flow mL/min	Accentab	le Range
	T.H.P. Se	ensor Check	485	(450+)	▼.
			<b>Response Factor</b> 1.0		
M. 1.1	Multiple 2000	_			
Model Lamp	MiniRae 2000				
Lamp S/N	10.6 eV 110-005965				
Lamp	10.6 eV 💌				
Lamp S/N Barcode	10.6 eV 110-005965 U18X				
Lamp S/N Barcode	10.6 eV 110-005965 U18X				
Lamp S/N Barcode	10.6 eV 110-005965 U18X				
Lamp S/N Barcode	10.6 eV ▼ 110-005965 U18X 162165	Calibrated By	Dan Williams	]	

All calibrations performed by FEI conform to manufacturer's specifications. Please report any issues within 24 hours of receiving equipment.

All calibration gas used is traceable to NIST. Additional documentation is available upon request.

Instrument: MiniRAE 2000 (PGM7600)		Serial Number: 005965				
Last	Calibration	Time: (	Site ID: 00000445 Gas Name: Isobutylene 07/08/2011 10:22			
Measu	rement Tvpe	:	Min(ppm)	(mqq) pvA	Max(ppm)	
High .	Alarm Level:	s:	100.0	100.0	100.0 50.0	
LOW A	larm Levels	: =======				=====
Line#	Date	Time	Min(ppm)	Avg(ppm)	Max(ppm)	
1	07/08/2011	11:16	   	1.9	2.8	
2	07/08/2011	11:16		1.6	1.9	
3 4	07/08/2011	11:16	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.3 1.3	1.4 1.6	
4 5	07/08/2011	11:10		1.2	1.3	
6	07/08/2011	11:16		0.8	2.4	
7	07/08/2011	11 <b>:</b> 17		0.2	0.2	
8	07/08/2011	11:17		0.2	0.2	
9	07/08/2011	11:17		0.1	0.2	
10	07/08/2011	11:17		0.1	0.2	
11 12	07/08/2011 07/08/2011	⊥⊥∶⊥/ 11•17		0.1 0.1	0.2	
13	07/08/2011	11.18		0.1	0.2	
$14^{10}$	07/08/2011			0.1	0.2	
15	07/08/2011	11:18		0.1	0.2	
16	07/08/2011			0.2	1.2	
17	07/08/2011			1.3	2.1	
18	07/08/2011			1.3	1.8	
19 20	07/08/2011 07/08/2011	11:19		0.3 0.2	1.2 0.2	
20	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
22	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
23	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
24	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
25	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
26	07/08/2011	11:20		0.2	0.2	
27	07/08/2011 07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
28 29	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
30	07/08/2011	11:20		0.2	0.2	
31	07/08/2011	11:21		0.2	0.2	
32	07/08/2011	11:21		0.2	0.2	
33	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
34	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
35 36	07/08/2011 07/08/2011			0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2	
30 37	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
38	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
39	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
40	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
41	07/08/2011		4000 USA 1000 USA 1000	0.2	0.2	
42	07/08/2011 07/08/2011			0.1 0.1	0.2	
43 44	07/08/2011			0.1	0.2	
45	07/08/2011			0.1	0.2	
46	07/08/2011			0.1	0.2	
47	07/08/2011			0.1	0.2	
48	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
49	07/08/2011			0.2	0.3	
50 51	07/08/2011			0.2 0.2	0.2	
51 52	07/08/2011 07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
52	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
54	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
55	07/08/2011	11:25		0.2	0.2	
56	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
57	07/08/2011			0.2	0.2	
58	07/08/2011	11:25	ann uur uut üün ann	0.2	0.2	

59 07/08/2011 11: 60 07/08/2011 11: 61 07/08/2011 11: 62 07/08/2011 11:	25 26	- 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.2 - 0.2	0.7 0.6 0.4 0.3
63 07/08/2011 11: 64 07/08/2011 11: 65 07/08/2011 11:	26 26	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2
66 07/08/2011 11: 67 07/08/2011 11: 68 07/08/2011 11:	27 27	0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2
69 07/08/2011 11: 70 07/08/2011 11: 71 07/08/2011 11: 72 07/08/2011 11:	27 27	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.3
73 07/08/2011 11: 74 07/08/2011 11: 75 07/08/2011 11:	28 28 28	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2
76 07/08/2011 11: 77 07/08/2011 11: 78 07/08/2011 11: 79 07/08/2011 11:	28 28	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2
80 07/08/2011 11: 81 07/08/2011 11: 82 07/08/2011 11:	29 29 29	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.3 0.2
83 07/08/2011 11: 84 07/08/2011 11: 85 07/08/2011 11: 86 07/08/2011 11:	29 30	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.3
87 07/08/2011 11: 88 07/08/2011 11: 89 07/08/2011 11:	30 30	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.3
90 07/08/2011 11: 91 07/08/2011 11: 92 07/08/2011 11: 93 07/08/2011 11:	31 31	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2
94 07/08/2011 11: 95 07/08/2011 11: 96 07/08/2011 11:	31 31	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2
97 07/08/2011 11: 98 07/08/2011 11: 99 07/08/2011 11: 100 07/08/2011 11:	32 32	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.2	0.6 0.4 0.3 0.3
101         07/08/2011         11:           102         07/08/2011         11:           103         07/08/2011         11:	32 32	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.3 0.2 0.2 0.2
104 07/08/2011 11: 105 07/08/2011 11: 106 07/08/2011 11: 107 07/08/2011 11:	33 33	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2
107         07/08/2011         11:           108         07/08/2011         11:           109         07/08/2011         11:           110         07/08/2011         11:	33	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2
111         07/08/2011         11:3           112         07/08/2011         11:3           113         07/08/2011         11:3           114         07/08/2011         11:3	4 4	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.3
114         07/08/2011         11:3           115         07/08/2011         11:3           116         07/08/2011         11:3           117         07/08/2011         11:3	5	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.3
11807/08/201111:311907/08/201111:312007/08/201111:3	5 5 5	0.2 0.2 0.3	0.3 0.3 0.3
121         07/08/2011         11:3           122         07/08/2011         11:3           123         07/08/2011         11:3           124         07/08/2011         11:3	6 6	0.3 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2
125 07/08/2011 11:3 126 07/08/2011 11:3 127 07/08/2011 11:3	6 6	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.3 0.2 0.2

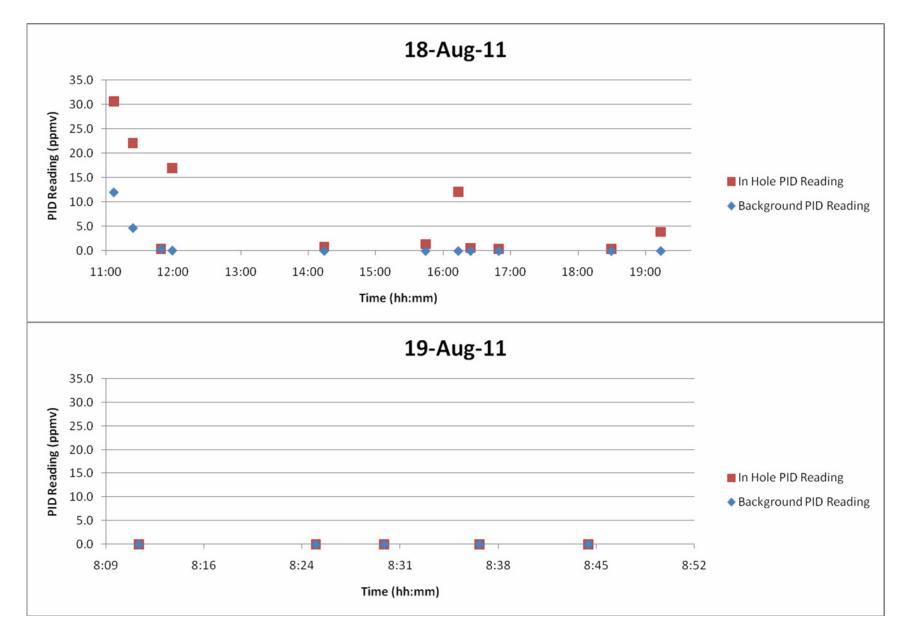
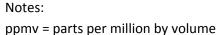
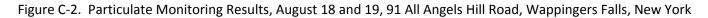
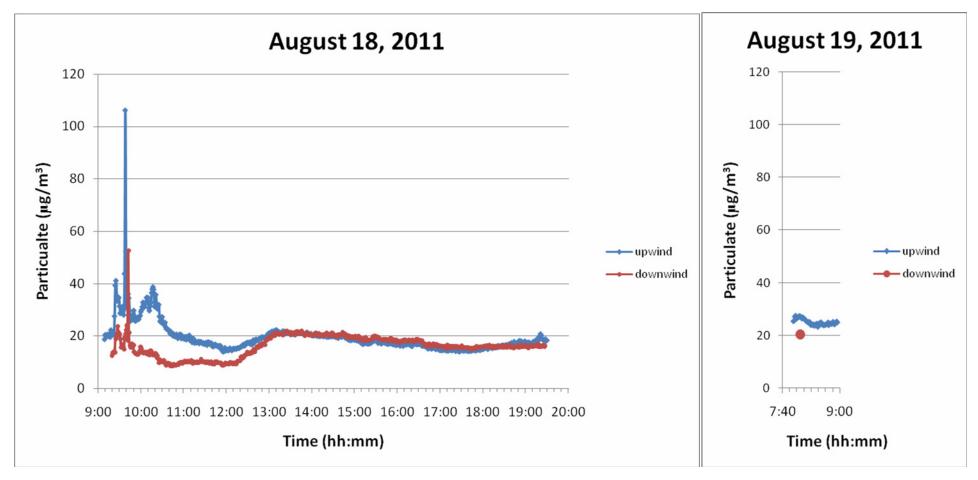


Figure C-1. Field PID Meter Readings, 91 All Angels Hill Road, Wappingers Falls, New York









 $\mu g/m^3$  = micrograms per cubic meter

Measurements shown are 15 minute average concentrations