



October 30, 2015

Kevin Carpenter, PE
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Remedial Bureau C
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Albany, NY 12233-7014

Re: Response to Comments, Periodic Review Report; Beekman Town Landfill & Town Highway Garage;

PVE Sheffler File # 560581

NYSDEC #3-14-094

Dear Mr. Carpenter:

Enclosed is a revised Periodic Review Report for the Town of Beekman Highway Garage, NYSDEC-listed inactive hazardous waste site, #3-14-094.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

PVE SHEFFLER, LLC.

Christopher B. Brown, CPG

Principal\Director of Environmental Services

CBB/tla

PERIODIC REVIEW REPORT Year 2015

BEEKMAN HIGHWAY GARAGE 4 Main Street, Hamlet of Poughquag, New York

NYSDEC Site #3-14-094

PREPARED FOR:

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June 2015 (Revised October 2015) #560581



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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Periodic Review Report (PRR) was prepared according to the requirements of the Site Management Plan (SMP) for the Town of Beekman Highway Garage (hereinafter referred to as the "Site") located on Town property at the intersection of County Route 7 and Gardner Hollow Road in the Hamlet of Poughquag, Town of Beekman, Dutchess County, New York (Figure 1). The completed NYSDEC Institutional and Engineering Controls Certification Form is included as Appendix A.

The Town Highway Garage is listed as NYSDEC Site #3-14-094. Past operations at the Site resulted in contamination of local groundwater. Monitoring of groundwater and indoor air quality has been conducted by Conrad Geoscience and PVE Sheffler, LLC. since 2001 in accordance with the Stateapproved Site Management Plan (SMP).

This PRR was prepared to document the ongoing inspections and monitoring activities that have been completed during the reporting period from May 2014 to April 2015 following the remediation work documented in the Final Engineering Report (FER). These activities include:

- Annual groundwater monitoring between May 2014 and April 2015;
- Annual indoor air monitoring between May 2014 and April 2015;
- Quarterly Engineered Control, Institutional Control, and Site Management Inspections completed on a quarterly basis between 2001 and 2014.

The ongoing monitoring and inspections have shown that the engineering controls continue to perform as designed and the requirements described in the environmental easement and the SMP have been met.



2.0 SITE OVERVIEW

2.1 Location and Description

The Town of Beekman Highway Garage inactive hazardous waste disposal site is located on Town of Beekman Highway Department property at the intersection of County Route 7 and Gardner Hollow Road in the Hamlet of Poughquag, Town of Beekman, Dutchess County, New York (Figure 1). The site is situated in the north-central part of the 10-acre Town property. Selected site features are shown in Figure 2.

A list of all investigation and remediation reports is listed below in chronological order:

- Preliminary Site Assessment (PSA) May 1996
- Order on Consent July, 1997
- Remedial Investigation (RI) March 1998
- Focused Feasibility Study (FFS) March 1999
- Proposed Remedial Action Plan (PRAP) February 1999
- Record of Decision (ROD) November 1999
- Soil Remediation Report April 2001
- Site Management Plan (SMP) June 2010; Revised May 2013

A Certificate of Completion was issued by NYSDEC on May 20, 2014.

2.2 Summary of Remedial Investigation Findings

Between June and December 1997, the Town of Beekman conducted a Remedial Investigation (RI) to identify the source(s) of solvent contamination on Town premises so that appropriate remedial actions could be selected.

2.2.1 Groundwater

The RI report, dated March 1998, confirmed the presence of two overlapping plumes of dissolved volatile organic compounds (VOCs) originating from three separate source locations. The chlorinated solvent 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA) was originally discharged near the western end of the Highway pole barn. The chlorinated solvent perchloroethylene (PCE) was originally discharged near the northeastern corner of the pole barn. Other dissolved VOCs, including BTEX compounds (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene & xylene), were present in groundwater at the location of previously removed underground storage tanks (USTs) near the northeastern corner of the Highway Department salt shed. From these source locations, dissolved VOCs were carried southward with the flow of groundwater.

2.2.2 Soil

Soil borings in the former gasoline and diesel UST area near the east end of the Highway salt shed revealed petroleum-contaminated soil, presumably from tank leakage prior to removal of the USTs in 1989 and 1993. According to the Focused Feasibility Study (FFS) report (1999), approximately 410 yd³ of petroleum-contaminated soil were present in the former underground storage tank USTs in this area. The depth of contamination ranged from 3 to 14 feet below ground surface beneath an area covering approximately 1,100 ft². No undissolved product was observed during soil removal. No VOCs were



detected in any of the 15 sidewall post-excavation samples at concentrations exceeding recommended soil cleanup objectives. Only one of the seven floor samples contained VOCs at concentrations exceeding recommended soil cleanup objectives. The Soil Remediation Report (April, 2001) contains tables that include all post-excavation soil data. In 1992, the chlorinated solvents TCA and PCE and other VOCs were detected in residential wells down-gradient from the Site. Based on residential well sampling, the solvent plume was found to extend approximately 1,100 to 1,200 feet into the Hamlet south of the Highway garage.

2.2.3 Vapor

In March 2006, Conrad Geoscience Corp. conducted sub-slab vapor and indoor air sampling at the site. PCE and trichloroethene (TCE) were present in both sub-slab vapor and indoor air samples, indicating that a vapor intrusion condition existed on Highway Garage property. Both compounds were found in groundwater on site. The same VOCs were components of various products used in the automotive maintenance sections of the garage. According to New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) guidance documents, mitigation of PCE and TCE vapors was required at five locations within two Highway Department buildings. In February 2007, Conrad Geoscience Corp. conducted radius-of-influence testing at selected locations in the Pole Barn and Block Garage buildings to evaluate the ability of vapors to move laterally beneath the slabs. Based on diagnostic testing in the pole barn and block garage, it was determined that installation of active sub-slab depressurization systems (SSDSs) in trenches dug in each building would effectively mitigate exposure to soil vapor intrusion. SSDSs were installed in 2007 and 2008, including a third SSDS, installed without trenching, in the Sheriff's Substation office. Details of these systems, their installation, and the influenced locations are included In the June 2010 Site Management Plan (SMP), provided in Figure 2 of this report, and summarized below:

Pole Barn System

- Highway Superintendent office (occupied during work hours by Town employees)
- former Alamo Ambulance substation (occupied periodically by Town employees)
- Pole Barn garage (occupied during work hours by Town employees)

Block Garage System

Block Garage proper (occupied during work hours by Town employees)

Sheriff Substation System

• Sheriff Substation office (occupied during work hours by Sherriff Office employees)

2.3 Summary of Remedial Action

The site was remediated in accordance with the NYSDEC-approved Remedial Action Plan dated June 2000 and Vapor Intrusion Mitigation Work Plan dated November 2006. Following, is a summary of the Remedial Actions performed at the site:

1. In December 2000, Conrad Geoscience Corp. supervised the excavation, stockpiling, and disposal of approximately 650 yd³ (1,011 tons) of contaminated soil from the former UST locations. Contaminated soil was transported off-site, thermally treated and recycled. The excavation measured approximately 1,500 square feet and averaged 11 feet in depth.



- 2. The excavation was backfilled to grade with clean soil and repaved.
- 3. Based on diagnostic testing in the pole barn and block garage buildings, it was determined that, installation of an active SSDS in each of the two affected Highway Department buildings affected would effectively mitigate exposure to vapor intrusion within all occupied portions of each building. SSDSs were installed in 2007 and 2008. Details of these systems and their installation are included in the June 2010 SMP, and in Section 2.2.3 of this report,
- 4. Remedial activities were completed at the site in June 2008.



3.0 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The remedial actions were designed to achieve site specific remediation objectives. These include:

- Prevent ingestion of groundwater containing contaminant levels exceeding drinking water standards.
- Prevent ingestion/direct contact with contaminated soils.
- Prevent migration of contaminants that would result in groundwater or surface water impacts.
- Prevent exposure to contaminated vapors.

The engineered and institutional controls in place at the site continue to be effective in achieving the site specific remediation goals.

An institutional control in the form of an environmental deed restriction has been put in place to restrict the Site to commercial or industrial uses and restrict activities at the Site, including use of groundwater without proper treatment.

Ingestion/direct contact with contaminated soils has been prevented through the installation and maintenance of a composite cover, consisting of the on-site buildings, gravel and asphalt driveway and parking lots.

Migration of contaminated vapors from beneath the cap into indoor air is prevented by the operation of a sub-slab depressurization systems in the Block Garage, Pole Barn, and Sherriff Substation.



4.0 Institutional Controls / Engineering Controls Compliance Report

4.1 Engineering Controls

Because some contamination remained after completion of remedial actions, Engineering Controls were incorporated into the site remedy to prevent future vapor intrusion and to monitor the natural attenuation of groundwater contaminants in order to ensure protection of public health and the environment. The following Engineering Controls were implemented as per the SMP:

- 1. A cover system consisting of asphalt pavement is in place covering the area of excavated soil.
- 2. Sub-slab depressurization systems are in place in the Sheriff's Substation, Block Garage, and Pole Barn.
- 3. Natural attenuation of groundwater contaminants.

4.1.1 Soil Cover System

A cover system was placed over the former UST area from which petroleum hydrocarbon soil was excavated. This cover system is comprised of approximately 1,500 square feet of asphalt pavement.

If the type of cover system changes from that which exists prior to the excavation (i.e., the current asphalt cover is replaced by a building or other structure), this will constitute a modification of the cover element of the remedy. Any changes made must be made per the requirements of the SMP, and a figure showing the modified surface included in this report and in any updates to the SMP.

4.1.2 Sub-slab Depressurization Systems

Mitigation of soil vapors (elevated PCE and TCE) are required at five locations on site: Sheriff's Substation office, Highway Superintendent's office, former Ambulance Substation, Pole Barn garage, and Block Garage proper.

The three SSDSs installed at the Sheriff's Substation, Block Garage, and Pole Barn were activated in June 2008. The objective of each SSDS is to prevent vapor contaminants from penetrating the concrete floor slab and entering the indoor airspace of each building by lowering the pressure beneath the slab.

The long-term vapor intrusion monitoring program, as described in the June 2010 SMP, includes quarterly inspections of the SSDSs and annual collection and analysis (during the heating season) of indoor air samples from two indoor locations (one from the Sheriff's Substation Office, the other from the Highway Superintendent's Office located inside the Pole Barn).

4.1.3 Natural Attenuation of Groundwater

The Record of Decision (ROD) indicates that contaminants in soil and groundwater on the Town site have resulted in a significant threat to human health and the environment. Accordingly, the ROD includes requirements for long-term groundwater monitoring of contaminant plume attenuation.



Groundwater monitoring activities to assess the natural attenuation of contaminants at the site will continue, as determined by the NYSDEC, until residual groundwater concentrations are found to be consistently below NYSDEC standards or have become asymptotic over an extended period.

The long-term groundwater monitoring program, as set forth in the SMP, includes annual collection and analysis (during the 2nd or 3rd quarter) of water samples from six on-site monitoring wells (MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-8, MW-17 and MW-18S).

4.2 Institutional Controls

A series of Institutional Controls are required under the SMP to: (1) implement, maintain and monitor Engineering Control systems; (2) prevent future exposure to contaminated soil by controlling disturbances of the subsurface; (3) limit the use and development of the Site to commercial uses only. Adherence to these Institutional Controls on the Site is required by the Environmental Deed Restriction and will be implemented under the SMP. The Site is a Controlled Property subject to the Environmental Deed Restriction. The Site is also referred to in this section as the "Controlled Property". These Institutional Controls must adhere to the following conditions:

- Compliance with the Environmental Deed Restriction and the SMP must be maintained by the Grantor and the Grantor's successors and assigns.
- All Engineering Controls must be operated and maintained as specified in the SMP.
- All Engineering Controls on the Controlled Property (the Site) must be inspected at a frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP.
- Groundwater and vapor monitoring must be performed as defined in the SMP.
- Data and information pertinent to Site Management of the Controlled Property must be reported at the frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP.

Institutional Controls identified in the Environmental Deed Restriction may not be discontinued without an amendment to or extinguishment of the Environmental Deed Restriction.

The Site has a series of Institutional Controls in the form of site restrictions. Adherence to these Institutional Controls is required by the Environmental Deed Restriction. Site restrictions that apply to the Controlled Property are:

- The Controlled Property may only be used for commercial and industrial use provided that the long-term Engineering and Institutional Controls included in the SMP are employed.
- The Controlled Property may not be used for a higher level of use, such as unrestricted, residential, or restricted residential use without additional remediation and amendment of the Environmental Deed Restriction, as approved by the NYSDEC.



- All future activities on the Controlled Property that will disturb remaining contaminated material must be conducted in accordance with the SMP.
- The use of the groundwater underlying the Controlled Property is prohibited without treatment rendering it safe for intended use.
- Vegetable gardens and farming on the Controlled Property are prohibited.
- The Site owner or remedial party will submit to NYSDEC a written statement that certifies, under penalty of perjury, that: (1) controls employed at the Controlled Property are unchanged from the previous certification or that any changes to the controls were approved by the NYSDEC; and, (2) nothing has occurred that impairs the ability of the controls to protect public health and environment or that constitute a violation or failure to comply with the SMP. NYSDEC retains the right to access such Controlled Property at any time in order to evaluate the continued maintenance of any and all controls. This certification shall be submitted annually, or an alternate period of time that NYSDEC may allow and will be made by an expert that the NYSDEC finds acceptable.

4.3 IC/EC Certification

The Institutional Control/Engineering Control certification signed by a Qualified Environmental Professional (QEP) is included in Appendix A.



5.0 MONITORING PLAN COMPLIANCE REPORT

The SMP requires the following periodic monitoring program:

| Monitoring Program | Monitoring Frequency | Matrix | Analysis |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Groundwater Monitoring | Annually | Groundwater | TCL VOCs |
| Vapor Intrusion Monitoring | Annually | Air | TCL VOCs |
| Site Wide Inspection/ Cover System and SSDS Monitoring | Quarterly | N/A | N/A |

5.1 Groundwater Monitoring

As per the Monitoring Plan (see Section 3 of the SMP) monitoring wells MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-8, MW-17 and MW-18S are to be sampled annually, in the 2nd or 3rd quarter of the year.

5.1.1 Annual Groundwater Sample Collection

Monitoring Wells MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-8, MW-17, and MW-18S (see Figure 2) were sampled on September 4, 2014. Prior to sampling, PVE Sheffler purged each monitoring well following USEPA protocol for low-flow (minimal draw-down) groundwater sampling until physical parameters stabilized. Water quality parameters were monitored using an In-Situ® Troll 9500 water quality meter. Groundwater sampling logs are included in Appendix B. Water samples were collected from Monitoring Wells MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-17, and MW-18S using a peristaltic pump and dedicated polyethylene tubing and dispensed into laboratory provided containers.

Samples were submitted to Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc., a NYSDOH-certified laboratory, for analysis of VOCs via USEPA Method 524.2. A field blank was prepared in the field and analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs). One trip blank was prepared at the laboratory and traveled with sample containers for analysis of VOCs upon receipt of all field samples. All samples were labeled, packed on ice, and shipped via overnight delivery.

5.1.2 Annual Depth-to-Groundwater Monitoring

Depth-to-water measurements were collected to the nearest hundredth of a foot from the top of each well casing and a groundwater contour map was prepared (Figures 3A-C). Previously, depth-to-water elevations from MW-4 and MW-8 were omitted because the top-of-casing elevation for Monitoring Well MW-4 was altered after modifying the well completion and casing several years ago. Depth-to-groundwater elevations from Monitoring Well MW-8 are historically higher than surrounding wells which, when plotted, result in a contour map which is not representative of site conditions. The top-of-casing elevations for Monitoring Wells MW-4 and MW-8 were resurveyed in an attempt to rectify issues with plotting elevation data.

Depth-to-groundwater measurements and corresponding elevations indicate groundwater flows in a southwesterly direction, and is consistent with previously collected depth-to-groundwater



measurements. A groundwater contour map depicting groundwater depth and flow direction is found in Figures 3A-3C.

5.1.4 Annual Groundwater Sample Results

One or more VOCs were present above the MDL in each of the six monitoring wells sampled in September 2014. PCE was detected in all monitoring wells sampled, three of which contained PCE at concentrations exceeding NYSDEC groundwater standards: MW-4 (17.0 μ g/L), MW-8 (5.8 μ g/L), and MW-18S (11.0 μ g/L). A summary of results by well follows:

• MW-3: PCE (0.61 μg/L).

• MW-4: PCE (17.0 μg/L).

• MW-5: PCE (0.87 μg/L).

• MW-8: PCE (5.8 μg/L).

• MW-17: Three VOCs totaling 2.73 μ g/L: trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (0.54 μ g/L); PCE (1.5

 μ g/L); TCE (0.69 μ g/L).

• MW-18S: Two VOCs totaling 11.57 μg/L: PCE (11 μg/L); TCE (0.57 μg/L).

Target compounds detected in groundwater from on-site monitoring wells are summarized in Table 1. Table 2 provides a comparison of sample results from previous years. Table 3 provides a comparison of PCE, Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE), and Total VOCs in MW-4 since well installation. Copies of laboratory reports from the most recent sampling event are attached in Appendix C.

5.1.3 Groundwater - Long-Term Trend Analysis

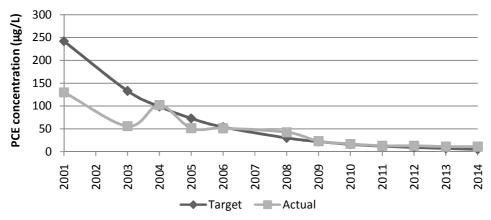
The following table shows a set of groundwater cleanup objectives established in the SMP:

| Ye | ear | MW-18S PCE (μg/L) | MW-18S Total VOCs (μg/L) | MW-4 PCE (μg/L) | MW-5 Total VOCs (μg/L) |
|----|------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 2000 | 326 | 311 | 75 | 142 |
| 2 | 2001 | 242 | 287 | 62 | 139 |
| 3 | 2002 | 179 | 264 | 51 | 135 |
| 4 | 2003 | 133 | 244 | 42 | 132 |
| 5 | 2004 | 99 | 225 | 35 | 129 |
| 6 | 2005 | 73 | 207 | 29 | 126 |
| 7 | 2006 | 54 | 191 | 24 | 122 |
| 8 | 2007 | 40 | 176 | 19 | 119 |
| 9 | 2008 | 30 | 163 | 16 | 116 |

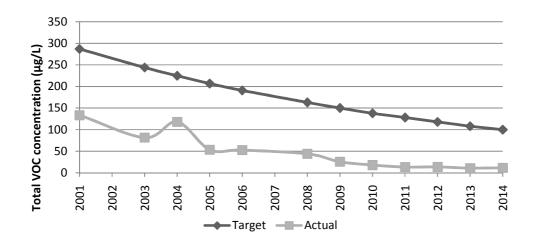


| Ye | ear | MW-18S PCE (μg/L) | MW-18S Total VOCs (μg/L) | MW-4 PCE (μg/L) | MW-5 Total VOCs (μg/L) |
|----|------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 10 | 2009 | 22 | 150 | 13 | 113 |
| 11 | 2010 | 16 | 138 | 11 | 110 |
| 12 | 2011 | 12 | 128 | 9 | 108 |
| 13 | 2012 | 9 | 118 | 7 | 105 |
| 14 | 2013 | 7 | 108 | 6 | 103 |
| 15 | 2014 | 5 | 100 | 5 | 100 |

A comparison of actual sample results to these cleanup objectives is summarized in Graphs 1-4 below:

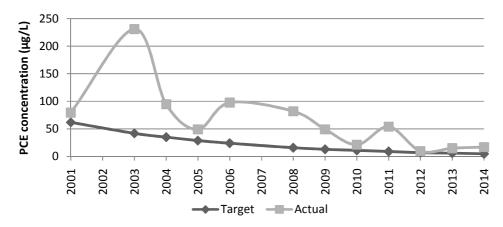


Graph 1: Perchloroethylene (PCE) Results for MW-18S Compared to Target Concentrations; 2001 – 2014.

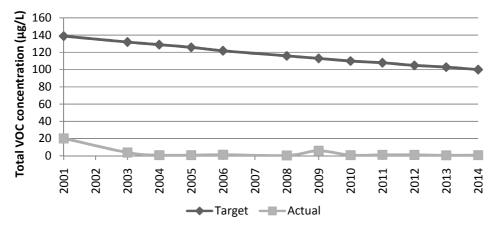




Graph 2: Total VOC Results for MW-18S Compared to Target Concentrations; 2001 – 2014.



Graph 3: Perchloroethylene (PCE) Results for MW-4 Compared to Target Concentrations; 2001 – 2014.



Graph 4: Total VOC Results for MW-5 Compared to Target Concentrations; 2001 – 2014.

5.2 Sub-Slab Vapor and Indoor Air Quality Monitoring

As per the Monitoring Plan (see Section 3 of the SMP), the SSDSs were inspected quarterly to ensure they were functioning properly, and indoor air samples were collected annually from the Sheriff's Substation and Highway Superintendants office (see Figure 2).

5.2.1 Quarterly SSDS inspections

In May 2014, September 2014, October 2014, and February 2015, PVE Sheffler conducted inspections of the SSDSs in accordance with the NYSDEC-approved SMP. Inspections consisted of visually analyzing the piping system for structural integrity, verification of fan functionality, and taking readings from the U-tube manometers and recording them in a vapor mitigation operation and maintenance inspection form (see Appendix D).



During inspections, readings from the SSDS manometers indicated that the systems were working properly. Readings of SSDS manometers during this latest reporting period are summarized below:

| | Sampling Location | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Date | Sherriff's Substation | Block Garage (North) | Block Garage (South) | Pole Barn (East) | Pole Barn (West) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 5-20-14 | -1.6" | -1.7" | -1.25" | -0.75" | NS | | | |
| 9-4-14 | -1.75" | -1.7" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.25" | | | |
| 10-29-14 | -1.5" | -1.6" | -1.25" | -0.75" | -1.25" | | | |
| 02-23-15 | -1.5" | -1.75" | -1.4" | -0.75" | -1.125" | | | |

Notes:

Readings measured in inches of water column;

NS = Not Sampled

A table showing historic manometer readings collected from January 2009 to present is included as Table 4.

5.2.2 Annual Indoor Air Quality Monitoring

On February 23-24, 2015, PVE Sheffler collected ambient indoor air samples from the Sheriff's Substation Office and Highway Superintendent's Office in accordance with the NYSDEC-approved SMP. Samples were collected using a flow controller, set to collect the sample over a 24-hour period, connected to a 1-liter summa canister. At the completion of sample collection, summa canisters were shipped via overnight delivery to Centek Laboratories in Syracuse, New York, a NYSDOH-certified laboratory. Samples were analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) via USEPA Method TO-15. Sample numbers were as follows:

| <u>Location</u> | Sample ID |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| Sheriff's Substation Office | IA-1 |
| Highway Superintendent's Office | IA-2. |

5.2.3 Annual Indoor Air Quality Sample Results

VOCs detected in indoor samples are within the range of commonly detected indoor air conditions according to the NYSDOH "Study of Volatile Organic Compounds in Air of Fuel Oil Heated Homes, 1997-2003" referenced as Table C.1 in the October 2006 "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York". Indoor air sample results are summarized as follows:

IA-1: TCE (1.6 μg/m³).

New U-tube manometer installed at North Block Garage with 1/10" tick marks



• IA-2: PCE (1.6 μg/m³).

Indoor air sample results are summarized in Table 5. Laboratory reports are attached in Appendix E. In accordance with NYSDEC and NYSDOH requirements, and following comment by these departments, these results were posted in the Sheriff's Substation and the Highway Garage offices.

5.2.4 Indoor Air Quality - Long-Term Trend Analysis

Collection of sub-slab vapor samples is not required by NYSDEC and NYSDOH, therefore these results are compared to the Indoor Air Concentrations provided in NYSDOH guidance documents. Currently, sub-slab depressurization systems are in place in each building preventing vapors from accumulating beneath the slab. Although the Town has endeavored to reduce the use of products containing VOCs, these ingredients are commonly found in everyday-use products required for normal operation and maintenance of Highway Department vehicles and equipment. An inventory of products used is provided in Appendix F, and summarized below:

- VOC-based Automotive Clear Coat
- VOC-based Automotive Hardeners/Reducers
- VOC-based Auto Body Fillers
- VOC-based Epoxy Primer
- VOC-based Pour Point Depressant
- VOC-based Air Tool Cleaner & Lubricant
- VOC-based Protective Enamels
- VOC-based Acrylic Urethane
- VOC-based Glass Polish
- VOC-based Lubricants

The following table compares the 2015 indoor air data to the 2009-2014 indoor air data for compounds that are included in the NYSDOH guidance matrices. All sampling events occurred while sub-slab depressurization systems were operating in the Sheriff Substation, Pole Barn, and Block Garage.

| Location | Date | Carbon Tetrachloride (µg/m³) | Trichloro- ethene (µg/m³) | Vinyl Chloride (µg/m³) | Tetrachloro- ethene (µg/m³) | 1,1,1-Tri- chloroethane (µg/m³) | 1,1-Di- chloroethene (µg/m³) | Cis-1,2-Di- chloroethene (µg/m³) |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| NYSDOH Background Concentrations* | | <0.25-3.2 | <0.25-7.4 | <0.25-0.8 | 0.3-20 | 0.3-41 | <0.25-6.3 | <0.25-4.6 |
| | H "Not-to- Guideline** | | <2 | | <30 | | | |
| | | • | | | | | | |
| | 2-23-15 | ND<0.94 | 1.6 | ND<0.38 | ND<1.0 | ND<0.82 | ND<0.59 | ND<0.59 |
| | 1-29-14 | 0.96 | ND<0.22 | ND<0.1 | 20 | ND<0.83 | ND<0.6 | 0.48 J |
| | 4-10-13 | 0.51 | 0.60 | ND<0.10 | ND<1.0 | ND<0.83 | ND<0.60 | ND<0.60 |
| IA-1 | 1-11-12 | 0.70 | 3.4 | ND<0.10 | 3.2 | ND<0.83 | ND<0.60 | ND<0.60 |
| | 1-13-11 | 0.555 | 1.78 | ND<0.259 | 2.37 | ND<0.551 | ND<0.400 | ND<0.400 |
| | 2-23-10 | 0.628 | 5.09 | ND<0.259 | 5.55 | ND<0.551 | ND<0.400 | ND<0.400 |
| | 1-12-09 | 0.634 | 40.9 | ND<0.259 | 0.745 | ND<0.551 | ND<0.400 | ND<0.400 |



| Location | Date | Carbon Tetrachloride (µg/m³) | Trichloro- ethene (µg/m³) | Vinyl Chloride (µg/m³) | Tetrachloro- ethene (µg/m³) | 1,1,1-Tri- chloroethane (µg/m³) | 1,1-Di- chloroethene (µg/m³) | Cis-1,2-Di- chloroethene (µg/m³) |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| NYSDOH Background Concentrations* | | <0.25-3.2 | <0.25-7.4 | <0.25-0.8 | 0.3-20 | 0.3-41 | <0.25-6.3 | <0.25-4.6 |
| | H "Not-to- Guideline** | | <2 | | <30 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 2-23-15 | ND<0.94 | ND<0.81 | ND<0.38 | 1.6 | ND<0.82 | ND<0.59 | ND<0.59 |
| | 5-27-14 | ND<0.96 | ND<0.82 | ND<0.39 | 1.3 | ND<0.83 | ND<0.6 | ND<0.6 |
| | 4-10-13 | 0.70 | 1.7 | ND<0.10 | 2.3 | ND<0.83 | ND<0.60 | ND<0.60 |
| IA-2 | 1-11-12 | 0.77 | 0.49 | ND<0.10 | ND<1.0 | ND<0.83 | ND<0.60 | ND<0.60 |
| | 1-13-11 | 0.529 | 0.596 | ND<0.261 | 1.40 | ND<0.556 | ND<0.404 | ND<0.404 |
| | 2-23-10 | 0.556 | 2.62 | ND<0.259 | 5.42 | ND<0.551 | ND<0.400 | ND<0.400 |
| | 1-12-09 | 0.634 | 1.39 | ND<0.261 | 1.44 | ND<0.556 | ND<0.404 | ND<0.404 |

^{*} The range between median and 99th percentile background Indoor air concentrations in µg/m³ according to the NYSDOH "Study of Volatile Organic Compounds in Air of Fuel Oil Heated Homes, 1997-2003" referenced as Table C.1 in the October 2006 "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York."

VOCs in indoor samples range between median and 99th percentile concentrations established for background conditions (see Table 5), indicating that VOC concentrations are within the range of commonly detected indoor air conditions according to the NYSDOH "Study of Volatile Organic Compounds in Air of Fuel Oil Heated Homes, 1997-2003" referenced as Table C.1 in the October 2006 "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York.". Although the Town has endeavored to reduce the use of products containing VOCs, current activities in these buildings, including petroleum storage and truck and equipment maintenance, explain the presence of these compounds in indoor air.

5.2.5 Site-Wide Inspection/Cover System Monitoring

The SMP requires a Site-wide inspection to be performed on a regular schedule at a minimum of once a quarter. Site-wide inspections are also required after all severe weather conditions that may affect Engineering Controls or monitoring devices. The purpose of the Site-wide inspection is to assess the following:

- Compliance with all ICs, including Site usage;
- An evaluation of the condition and continued effectiveness of ECs;
- General site conditions at the time of the inspection;
- The site management activities being conducted including, where appropriate, confirmation sampling; and
- Confirm that site records are up to date.

Quarterly inspections were completed on May 20, 2014, September 4, 2014, October 29, 2014, and February 23, 2015, during which site conditions were deemed to satisfy the standards listed above.

^{**}Indoor air concentration in µg/m³ for which NYSDOH guidelines recommend average air levels not exceed. From "Trichloroethene (TCE) In Indoor And Outdoor Air - August 2015 Fact Sheet" and "Tetrachloroethene (PERC) In Indoor And Outdoor Air - September 2013 Fact Sheet".



6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Based upon the results from groundwater samples collected in 2014 and comparison of sample results to groundwater cleanup objectives, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- The concentrations of total VOCs in Monitoring Wells MW-5 and MW-18S meet the 2014 target cleanup objectives.
- 2. The concentration of PCE in Monitoring Well MW-4 (17 μ g/L) exceeded the 2014 cleanup objective of 5 μ g/L. PCE increased from 15 μ g/L in the 2013 monitoring event to 17 μ g/L in the 2014 monitoring event.
- 3. The concentration of PCE in Monitoring Well MW-18S (11.0 μ g/L) exceeded the 2014 cleanup goal of 5 μ g/L. Total VOC concentrations remained stable with 11 μ g/L detected in both the 2013 and 2014 monitoring events.

Natural attenuation has significantly reduced both PCE and Total VOC concentrations in MW-4 and MW-18S since monitoring began. Recent groundwater sample results indicate that PCE concentrations in both wells still exceed groundwater cleanup objectives established in the SMP, but the decline is now asymptotic, indicating that any additional decline in PCE will be very gradual.

6.2 Sub-Slab Vapor and Indoor Air Quality Monitoring

Based upon the results from indoor air samples collected in 2015, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- 1. The concentration of TCE (1.6 $\mu g/m^3$) in the Sheriff's Substation Office (IA-1) exceeded the NYSDOH median background concentration of 0.25 $\mu g/m^3$, but did not exceed the 99th percentile background concentration of 7.4 $\mu g/m^3$, nor the NYSDOH-recommended "not to exceed" concentration of 2 $\mu g/m^3$. Although this concentration is within the range of commonly detected indoor air conditions and below the "not-to-exceed" guideline, it remains above the NYSDOH median background concentration and is therefore considered subject to the NYSDOH recommendation that reasonable and practical actions be taken to reduce exposures.
- 2. The concentration of PCE (1.6 $\mu g/m^3$) in the Highway Superintendent's Office (IA-2) exceeded the NYSDOH median background concentration of 0.3 $\mu g/m^3$, but did not exceed the 99th percentile background concentration of 20 $\mu g/m^3$, nor the NYSDOH-recommended "not to exceed" concentration of <30 $\mu g/m^3$. Although this concentration is within the range of commonly detected indoor air conditions and below the "not-to-exceed" guideline, it remains above the NYSDOH median background concentration and is therefore subject to the NYSDOH recommendation that reasonable and practical actions be taken to reduce exposures.



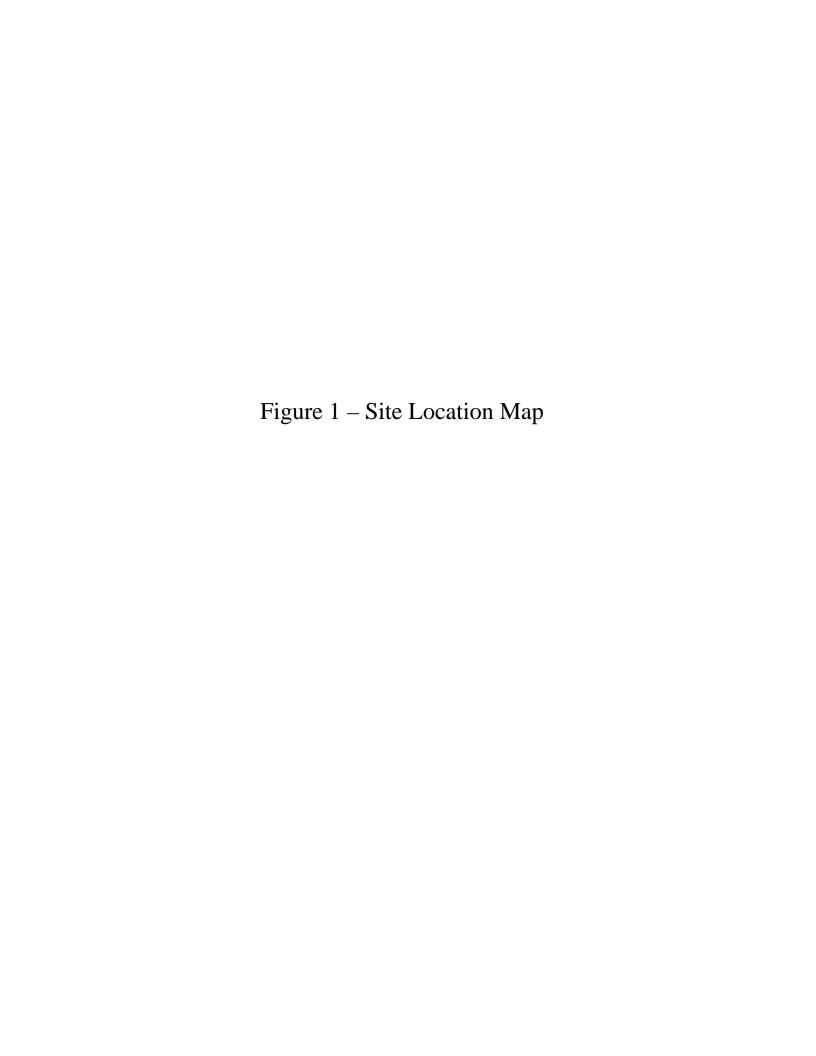
6.3 Overall Recommendations

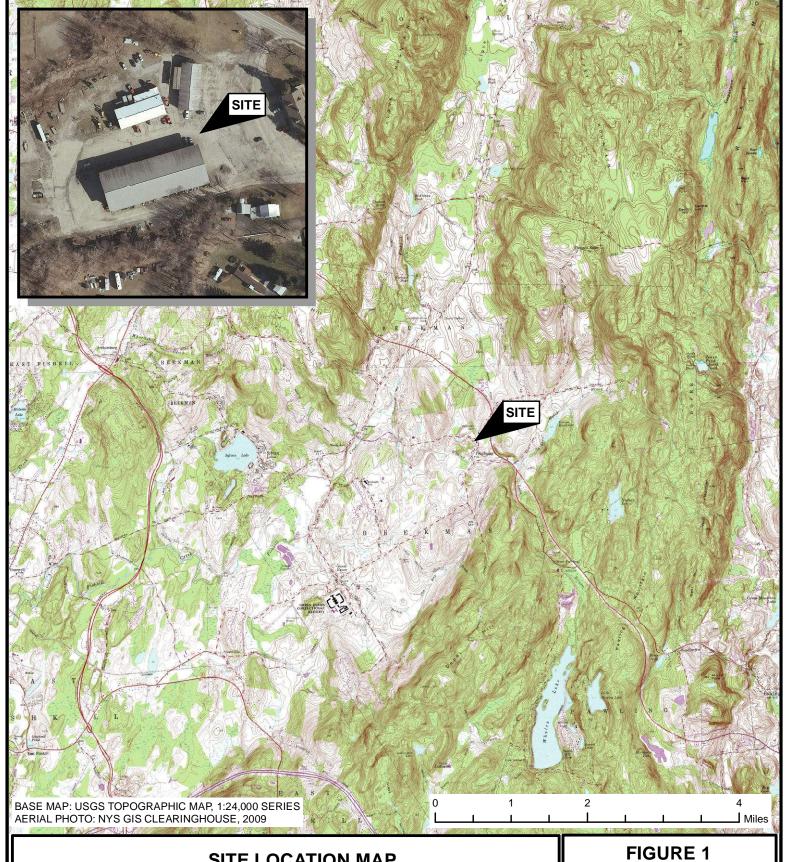
Based on analysis of long-term trends for VOCs in groundwater, the decline of PCE in MW-4 and MW-18S has become asymptotic, and total VOC concentrations are below target remediation objectives. Consequently we intend to request the cessation of annual groundwater monitoring at the site.

Long-term analytical data indicates impacts to the indoor air at the site are minimal, and are likely attributable to the use of VOC-based products in daily operations at the site. However, VOC detections remain above the NYSDOH median background concentrations, and are therefore subject to the NYSDOH recommendation that reasonable and practical actions be taken to reduce exposures. Consequently, we recommend that efforts continue to reduce VOC-based products on-site, in addition to continued operation and monitoring of the SSDS and indoor air quality as a precaution.



The attached certification statement attests to the accuracy and completeness of the information contained herein. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me. Please contact me with any comments or questions.





SITE LOCATION MAP

BEEKMAN HIGHWAY GARAGE TOWN OF BEEKMAN, DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK



One Civic Center Plaza Suite 501

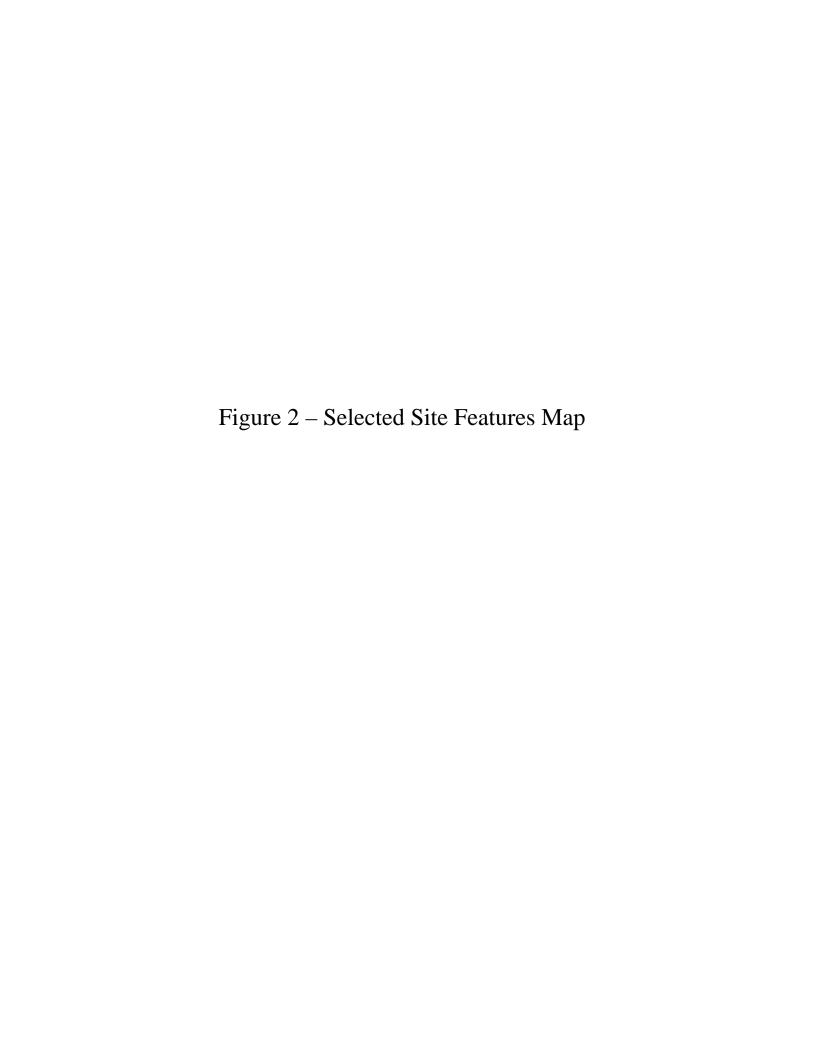
Poughkeepsie, New York 12601 Phone: (845) 454-2544 Fax: (845) 454-2655

| 4 | |
|---|----|
| | _3 |
| | |

| DATE: | 07/10/2012 |
|---------|--------------|
| SCALE: | As Indicated |
| PROJECT | 160501 |

160581

NUMBER: ALL LOCATIONS APPROXIMATE





Monitoring Well Location

Sub-Slab Depressurization System Composite Cover Area Boundary

Indoor Air Sample Location

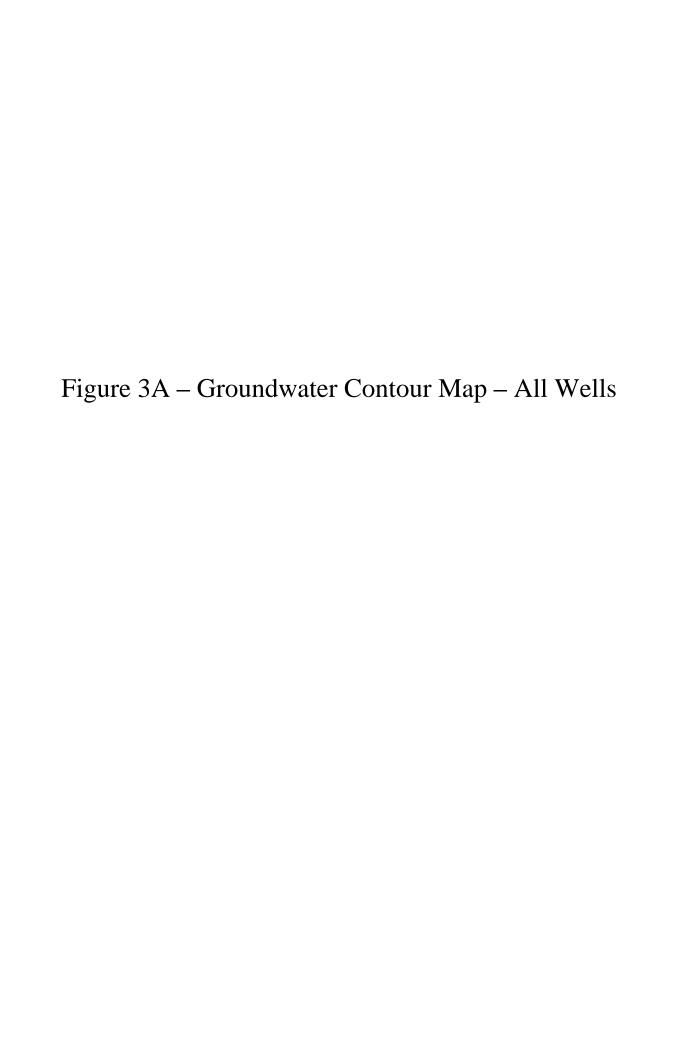
Deed Restriction Boundary

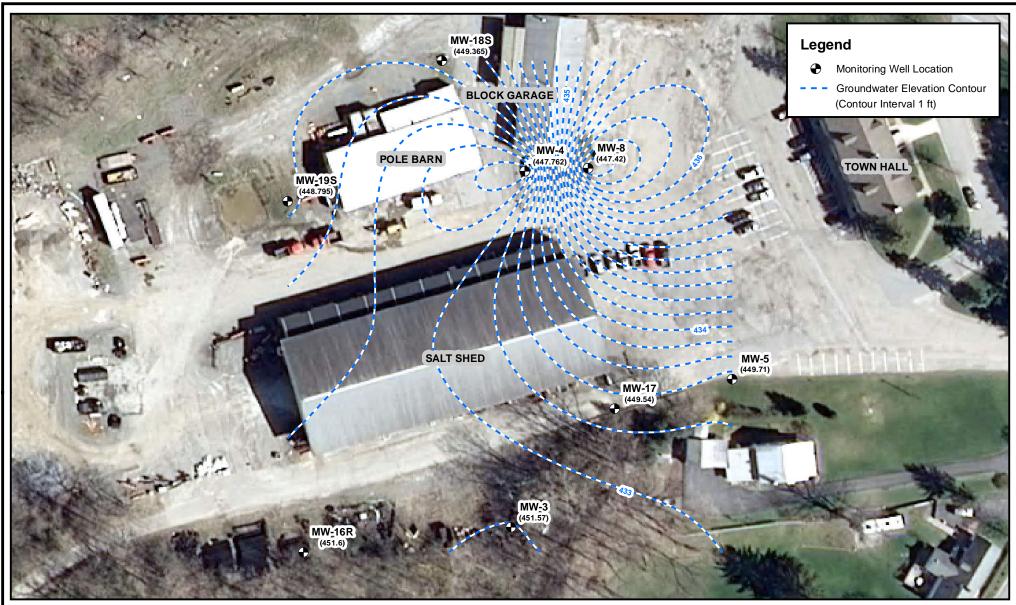
BEEKMAN HIGHWAY GARAGE TOWN OF BEEKMAN, DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK

48 Springside Aveneue Poughkeepsie, New York 12603 Phone: (845) 454-2544 Fax: (845) 454-2655

| FIGURE 2 | | | | |
|----------|--------------------|--------------|--|--|
| | DATE: | 10/30/2015 | | |
| | SCALE: | As Indicated | | |
| | PROJECT NUMBER: | 560581 | | |

ALL LOCATIONS APPROXIMATE





Aerial Photo: NYS Office of Information Technology Services, 2013

GROUNDWATER CONTOUR MAP All Wells Completed in Unconsolidated Sediment

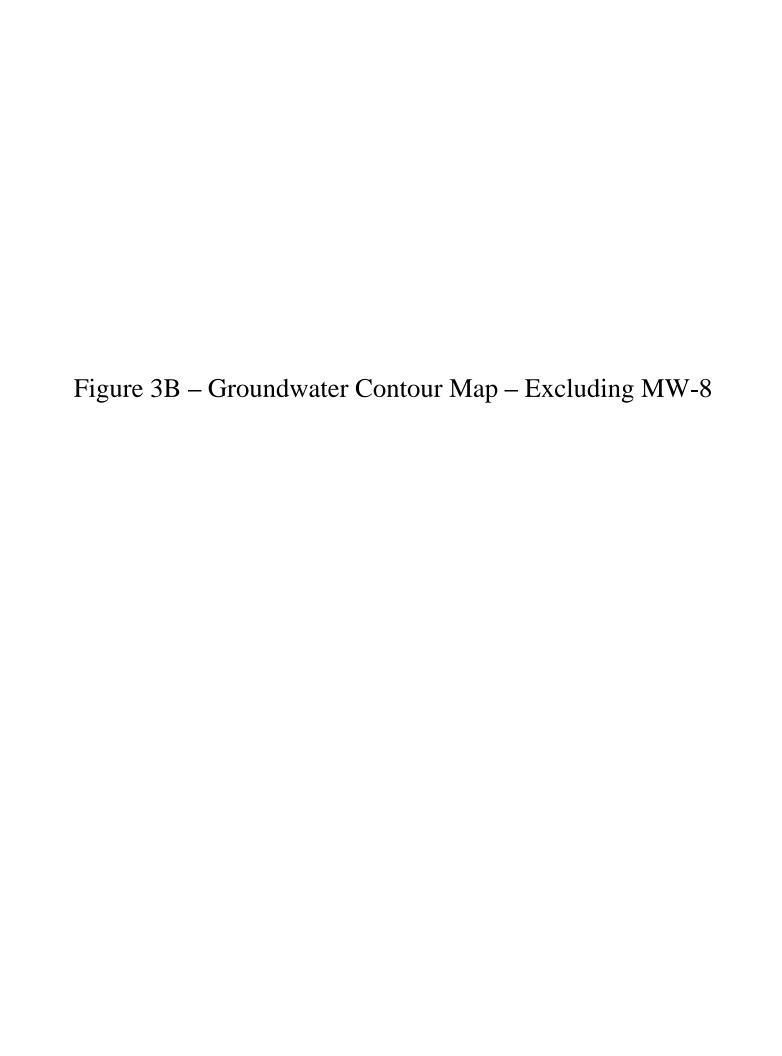
BEEKMAN HIGHWAY GARAGE TOWN OF BEEKMAN, DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK



48 Springside Aveneue Poughkeepsie, New York 12603 Phone: (845) 454-2544 Fax: (845) 454-2655

| FIGURE 3A | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|--|
| | DATE: | 5/11/2011 | | |
| | SCALE: | As Indicated | | |
|) | PROJECT NUMBER: | 560581 | | |
| ALL LOCATIONS APPROXIMATE | | | | |

0 25 50 100 L | L | L | Feet





Aerial Photo: NYS Office of Information Technology Services, 2013

GROUNDWATER CONTOUR MAP All Wells Completed in Unconsolidated Sediment, Excluding MW-8

BEEKMAN HIGHWAY GARAGE TOWN OF BEEKMAN, DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK



48 Springside Aveneue Poughkeepsie, New York 12603 Phone: (845) 454-2544 Fax: (845) 454-2655

| FIGURE 3B | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | DATE: | 5/11/2011 | | | | |
| | SCALE: | As Indicated | | | | |
| | PROJECT NUMBER: | 560581 | | | | |
| ALL LOCATIONS ADDDOVIMATE | | | | | | |

ALL LOCATIONS APPROXIMATE

0 25 50 100

Figure 3C – Groundwater Contour Map – Excluding MW-4 and MW-8



Aerial Photo: NYS Office of Information Technology Services, 2013

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100

Feet L

GROUNDWATER CONTOUR MAP All Wells Completed in Unconsolidated Sediment, Excluding MW-4 & MW-8

BEEKMAN HIGHWAY GARAGE TOWN OF BEEKMAN, DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK



48 Springside Aveneue Poughkeepsie, New York 12603 Phone: (845) 454-2544 Fax: (845) 454-2655

| FIGURE 3C | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | DATE: | 5/11/2011 | | | |
| | SCALE: | As Indicated | | | |
| | PROJECT NUMBER: | 560581 | | | |
| ALL LOCATIONS ADDROVIMATE | | | | | |

ALL LOCATIONS APPROXIMATE

Table 1 – Groundwater: Analytical Data

Table 1. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in On-Site Monitoring Well Groundwater Samples; USEPA Method 524.2; collected September 4, 2014, Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York PVE Sheffler File #160581

| | | LOCA | TION | MW-17 | MW-18S | MW-3 | MW-4 | MW-5 | MW-8 | TRIP BLANK | FIELD BLANK |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| | | MPLE | MW-17 20140904 | MW-18S 20140904 | MW-3 20140904 | MW-4 20140904 | MW-5 20140904 | MW-8 20140904 | BLANK T-536 2014 | FB-1 20140904 | |
| | | SAMPLE | DATE | 9/4/2014 | 9/4/2014 | 9/4/2014 | 9/4/2014 | 9/4/2014 | 9/4/2014 | 9/4/2014 | 9/4/2014 |
| CHEMICAL | CASRN | NYSDEC STANDARD | UNIT | RESULT UNIT Q | RESULT UNIT Q | RESULT UNIT Q | RESULT UNIT Q |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 630-20-6 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 71-55-6 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 79-34-5 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 79-00-5 | 1 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 75-34-3 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 75-35-4 | 5 | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | 563-58-6 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 87-61-6 | 5 | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 96-18-4 | 0.04 | , | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 120-82-1 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 95-50-1 | 3 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 107-06-2 | 0.6 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 78-87-5 | 1 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene) | 108-67-8 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 541-73-1 | 3 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | 142-28-9 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 106-46-7 594-20-7 | <u>3</u> 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U $ND < 0.5 ug/l$ U | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | 95-49-8 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | | | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | |
| 4-Chlorotoluene Benzene | 106-43-4 71-43-2 | 5 1 | ug/l ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Bromobenzene | 108-86-1 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U |
| Bromochloromethane | 74-97-5 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U |
| Bromodichloromethane | 75-27-4 | 50 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U |
| Bromoform | 75-27-4 | 50 | ug/I | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/1 U |
| Bromomethane | 74-83-9 | 5 | ug/l | | | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 56-23-5 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Chlorobenzene | 108-90-7 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Chloroethane | 75-00-3 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Chloroform | 67-66-3 | 7 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Chloromethane | 74-87-3 | 5 | ua/l | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 156-59-2 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 10061-01-5 | 0.4 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Cymene | 99-87-6 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Dibromochloromethane | 124-48-1 | 50 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Dibromomethane | 74-95-3 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 75-71-8 | 5 | , | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 87-68-3 | 0.5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Isopropylbenzene (Cumene) | 98-82-8 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) | 1634-04-4 | 10 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Methylene Chloride | 75-09-2 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| M-P-Xylene | 136777-61-2 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | 10 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| N-Butylbenzene | 104-51-8 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| N-Propylbenzene | 103-65-1 | 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene) | 95-47-6 | 5 5 | ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Sec-Butylbenzene | 135-98-8 | 5 | ug/l ug/l | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | |
| Styrene T-Butylbenzene | 100-42-5 98-06-6 | 5 | ug/I ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) | 127-18-4 | 5 | ug/I | 1.5 ug/l | 11 ug/l | 0.61 ug/l | 17 ug/l | 0.87 ug/l | 5.8 ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 5 | ug/I | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 156-60-5 | 5 | ug/l | 0.54 ug/l | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 10061-02-6 | 0.4 | , | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Trichloroethylene (TCE) | 79-01-6 | 5 | ug/l | 0.69 ug/l | 0.57 ug/l | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 75-69-4 | 5 | ug/l | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| Vinyl Chloride | 75-01-4 | 2 | | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U | | | | ND < 0.5 ug/l U |
| | | | - 31 - | | | | | | | 1.5.5 | |

| Table 2 – Groundwater: Comparison to Target Concentration | ons |
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Table 2. Groundwater Results Compared to Target Concentrations - Perchloroethylene (PCE) and Total Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs); USEPA Method 524.2; collected Annually 2001 – 2014;
Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York;
PVE Sheffler File #160581

| Monitoring Well | Constituent | 2001 Target Concentration | 2001 Sampling Results | 2003 Target Concentration | 2003 Sampling Results | 2004 Target Concentration | 2004 Sampling Results |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| MW-4 | PCE | 62 | 79.6 | 42 | 231 | 35 | 94.7 |
| MW-5 | Total VOCs | 139 | 20.27 | 132 | 3.9 | 129 | 0.8 |
| MW-18S | PCE | 242 | 130 | 133 | 56 | 99 | 102 |
| MW-18S | Total VOCs | 287 | 133.48 | 244 | 81.6 | 225 | 118.1 |

Notes:

All concentrations are in ug/L unless otherwise indicated;

Boldface type designates those compounds detected at concentrations exceeding target concentrations.



Table 2 cont'd. Groundwater Results Compared to Target Concentrations - Perchloroethylene (PCE) and Total Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs); USEPA Method 524.2; collected Annually 2001 – 2014;
Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York;
PVE Sheffler File #160581

| Monitoring Well | Constituent | 2005 Target Concentration | 2005 Sampling Results | 2006 Target Concentration | 2006 Sampling Results | 2008 Target Concentration | 2008 Sampling Results |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| MW-4 | PCE | 29 | 49.3 | 24 | 97.8 | 16 | 82.1 |
| MW-5 | Total VOCs | 126 | 0.8 | 122 | 1.3 | 116 | ND |
| MW-18S | PCE | 73 | 51.5 | 54 | 51.3 | 30 | 42.5 |
| MW-18S | Total VOCs | 207 | 53.5 | 191 | 52.8 | 163 | 43.9 |

Notes:

All concentrations are in ug/L unless otherwise indicated;

Boldface type designates those compounds detected at concentrations exceeding target concentrations.



Table 2 cont'd. Groundwater Results Compared to Target Concentrations - Perchloroethylene (PCE) and Total Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs); USEPA Method 524.2; collected Annually 2001 – 2014;
Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York;
PVE Sheffler File #160581

| Monitoring Well | Constituent | 2009 Target Concentration | 2009 Sampling Results | 2010 Target Concentration | 2010 Sampling Results | 2011 Target Concentration | 2011 Sampling Results |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| MW-4 | PCE | 13 | 49.3 | 11 | 21.4 | 9 | 54.0 |
| MW-5 | Total VOCs | 113 | 5.9 | 110 | 0.8 | 108 | 1.2 |
| MW-18S | PCE | 22 | 23.0 | 16 | 17.1 | 12 | 12.8 |
| MW-18S | Total VOCs | 150 | 25.6 | 138 | 17.9 | 128 | 13.3 |

Notes:

All concentrations are in ug/L unless otherwise indicated;

Boldface type designates those compounds detected at concentrations exceeding target concentrations.



Table 2 cont'd. Groundwater Results Compared to Target Concentrations - Perchloroethylene (PCE) and Total Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs); USEPA Method 524.2; collected Annually 2001 – 2014;
Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York;
PVE Sheffler File #160581

| Monitoring Well | Constituent | 2012 Target Concentration | 2012 Sampling Results | 2013 Target Concentration | 2013 Sampling Results | 2014 Target Concentration | 2014 Sampling Results |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| MW-4 | PCE | 7 | 9.8 | 6 | 15 | 5 | 17 |
| MW-5 | Total VOCs | 105 | 1.1 | 103 | 0.64 | 100 | 0.87 |
| MW-18S | PCE | 9 | 12.9 | 7 | 11 | 5 | 11 |
| MW-18S | Total VOCs | 118 | 13.6 | 108 | 11 | 100 | 11.57 |

Notes:

All concentrations are in ug/L unless otherwise indicated;

Boldface type designates those compounds detected at concentrations exceeding target concentrations.

Table 3 – Groundwater: Monitoring Well MW-4 Quarterly Comparison

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in On-Site Monitoring Well MW-4 Groundwater Samples; Table 3. USEPA Method 8260 and 524.2; collected October 1997 through September 2014; Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York; PVE Sheffler File #160581

| Consula Identification Consula | | | Chemical Constituent | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Sample Identification | Sample Dates | Tetrachloroethylene | Methyl- tert-Butyl Ether | Total VOCs | | | |
| Volatile Organic Compour | nds | | | | | | |
| NYSDEC Limit 1 | - | 5 | 10 | NA | | | |
| | 10/6-8/97 | 91 | NA | 93 | | | |
| | 11/28/00 | 98 | NA | 102.7 | | | |
| | 10/24/01 | 79.6 | NA | 79.6 | | | |
| | 11/7/02 | 140 | NA | 140 | | | |
| | 3/27/03 | 231.3 | 17.0 | 248.3 | | | |
| | 6/17/03 | 286 | 86 | 305.5 | | | |
| | 9/11/03 | 143 | 3.0 | 147.3 | | | |
| | 12/18/03 | 251 | 2.8 | 256.1 | | | |
| | 3/11/04 | 141 | 5.3 | 147.6 | | | |
| MW-4 | 6/28/04 | 94.7 | 3.5 | 98.7 | | | |
| | 9/16/04 | 65.2 | 3.1 | 68.3 | | | |
| | 12/8/04 | 101 | 17.30 | 119 | | | |
| | 3/14/05 | 113 | ND<2.0 | 114 | | | |
| | 6/02/05 | 75.10 | 7.60 | 83.3 | | | |
| | 9/19/05 | 49.3 | ND<2.0 | 49.3 | | | |
| | 12/12/05 | 171 | 6.1 | 195.6 | | | |
| | 3/23/06 | 69.4 | ND<2.0 | 74.9 | | | |
| | 6/27/06 | 68.1 | ND<2.0 | 71.2 | | | |
| | 9/27/06 | 51.8 | 2.4 | 54.2 | | | |

Boldface type designates those compounds detected at concentrations exceeding NYSDEC standard

Notes:
1 - Standards are for groundwater according to 6NYCRR Part 700-705; Class GA Groundwater Standards All concentrations are in ug/L unless otherwise indicated;

Table 3 (cont.) Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in On-Site Monitoring Well MW-4 Groundwater Samples; USEPA Method 8260 and 524.2; collected October 1997 through September 2014; Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York; PVE Sheffler File #160581

| | Sample | Chemical Constituent | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Sample Identification | Dates | Tetrachloroethene | Methyl- tert-Butyl Ether | Total VOCs | | |
| Volatile Organic Compour | nds | | | | | |
| NYSDEC Limit 1 | - | 5 | 10 | NA | | |
| | 11/20/06 | 97.8 | 51.6 | 150.5 | | |
| | 3/20/07 | 24.0 | 3.5 | 27.5 | | |
| | 6/07/07 | 93.7 | ND<2.0 | 94.6 | | |
| | 9/6/07 | 65.8 | ND<2.0 | 65.8 | | |
| | 11/28/07 | 35.5 | ND<2.0 | 35.5 | | |
| | 2/14/08 | 82.1 | 20.40 | 82.1 | | |
| | 5/7/09 | 79.7 | ND<2.0 | 80.5 | | |
| | 8/12/08 | 38.7 | ND<2.0 | 38.7 | | |
| | 11/12/08 | 53.4 | 2.5 | 55.9 | | |
| | 2/17/09 | 71.4 | ND<2.0 | 72.2 | | |
| MW-4 | 4/23/09 | 49.3 | ND<4 | 52.5 | | |
| | 7/27/09 | 75.5 | ND<10 | 75.5 | | |
| | 10/14/09 | 37.4 | ND<2.0 | 44.9 | | |
| | 2/13/10 | 42.8 | ND<2.0 | 42.8 | | |
| | 5/4/10 | 51.6 | ND<2.0 | 52.2 | | |
| | 9/16/10 | 21.4 | ND<2.0 | 21.4 | | |
| | 7/14/11 | 54.0 | ND<0.5 | 54.5 | | |
| | 6/13/12 | 9.8 | ND<0.5 | 10.3 | | |
| | 8/21/13 | 15 | ND<0.5 | 15 | | |
| | 9/4/14 | 17 | ND<0.5 | 17 | | |

Notes:
1 - Standards are for groundwater according to 6NYCRR Part 700-705; Class GA Groundwater Standards All concentrations are in ug/L unless otherwise indicated;
NA = Not Applicable;
Boldface type designates those compounds detected at concentrations exceeding NYSDEC standard

| Table 4 – Soil Vapor: SSDS Differential Pressure Readings |
|---|
| |
| |
| |

Table 4. Differential Pressure Readings (U-Tube Manometer) from Sub-Slab Depressurization Systems; collected January 2009 to present; Town of Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman New York, PVE Sheffler File #160581

| | | Sampling Location | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Date | Sherriff's Substation | Block Garage (North) | Block Garage (South) | Pole Barn (East) | Pole Barn (West) | |
| | | | | | | |
| 01-12-09 | -1.75" | -2.0" | -1.7" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 02-17-09 | -1.75" | -2.25" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 03-20-09 | -1.75" | -1.50" | -2.75" | -1.25" | -0.75" | |
| 05-12-09 | -1.75" | -2.75" | -1.5" | NS | NS | |
| 07-27-09 | -1.75" | -3.0" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.5" | |
| 10-14-09 | -1.5" | -3.0" | -1.25" | -0.5" | -0.75" | |
| 02-23-10 | -1.75" | -3.0" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.25" | |
| 05-05-10 | -0.75" | -3.0" | -1.50" | -0.75" | -1.25" | |
| 09-16-10 | -1.75" | -3.0" | -1.25-1.5" | -0.75" | -1.25" | |
| 12-21-10 | -2.0" | -3.0" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.25" | |
| 01-13-11 | -2.0" | -3.0" | -1.25" | -0.75" | -1.25" | |
| 06-02-11* | -1.75 | -1.6" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 08-04-11 | -1.75" | -1.5" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 12-22-11 | -1.5" | -0.3" | -1.0" | -0.75" | -1.2" | |
| 01-11-12 | -1.6" | -0.2" | -1.0" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 06-14-12 | -1.5" | -0.3" | -1.0" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 09-12-12 | -1.5" | Offline | -1.0" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 12-5-12 | -1.5" | Offline | -1.0" | -0.6" | -1.0" | |
| 03-13-13 | -1.5" | Offline | -1.0" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 04-09-13 | -1.75" | -1.6" | -0.5" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |
| 05-30-13 | -1.6" | 1.7" | -1.4" | -0.75" | -1.0" | |

| 08-21-13 | -1.75" | 1.6" | 1.6" | -0.75" | -0.8" |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| 12-02-13 | -1.75" | -1.7" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.75" |
| 01-29-14 | -1.5" | -1.7" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.0" |
| 5-20-14 | -1.6" | -1.7" | -1.25" | -0.75" | NS |
| 9-4-14 | -1.75" | -1.7" | -1.5" | -0.75" | -1.25" |
| 10-29-14 | -1.5" | -1.6" | -1.25" | -0.75" | -1.25" |
| 02-23-15 | -1.5" | -1.75" | -1.4" | -0.75" | -1.125" |

Notes:
Readings measured in inches of water column;
NS = Not Sampled;
* New U-tube manometer installed at North Block Garage with 1/10" tick marks

Table 5 – Indoor Air: Analytical Data

Table 5. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Indoor Air Samples USEPA TO-15; collected February 23, 2015

Beekman Highway Garage, Town of Beekman, New York

PVE Sheffler File #160581

| NYSDOH 2003 Median Concentration MYSDOH 2003 Median Concentration Median Median Concentration Median Median | |
|--|---------|
| Constituent | Office |
| Constituent CAS number number CAS number CAS number CAS number | |
| Result | alifier |
| Constitution Climit Clim | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 <0.25 2.3 ND< 0.90 ND< 0.90 1,2-Dichloroethane 107-06-2 <0.25 0.4 ND< 0.61 ND< 0.61 1,2-Dichloropropane 78-87-5 <0.25 9 ND< 0.69 ND< 0.69 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8 0.6 25 0.54 0.74 J 1.4 0.74 1,3-butadiene 106-99-0 NA NA ND< 0.33 ND< 0.33 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 <0.25 1.6 ND< 0.90 ND< 0.90 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 <0.25 25 ND< 0.90 ND< 0.90 1,4-Dioxane 123-91-1 NA NA NA ND< 1.1 ND< 1.1 2,2,4-trimethylpentane 540-84-1 NA NA NA ND< 0.74 1.3 0.74 4-ethyltoluene 622-96-8 2.1 120 ND< 0.74 1.3 0.74 Acetone 67-64-1 21 200 14 7.1 47 28 Allyl chloride 107-05-1 NA NA NA ND< 0.47 ND< 0.47 Benzene 71-43-2 2.1 120 1.3 0.48 ND< 0.48 Benzyl chloride 100-44-7 NA NA ND< 0.86 ND< 0.86 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND< 1.0 ND< 0.0 Bromofluorobenzene 74-83-9 <0.25 3.2 ND< 0.58 ND< 0.58 | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane 107-06-2 <0.25 0.4 ND 0.61 ND 0.61 1,2-Dichloropropane 78-87-5 <0.25 | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane 78-87-5 <0.25 9 ND 0.69 ND 0.69 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8 0.6 25 0.54 0.74 J 1.4 0.74 1,3-butadiene 106-99-0 NA NA ND 0.33 ND 0.33 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 <0.25 | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8 0.6 25 0.54 0.74 J 1.4 0.74 1,3-butadiene 106-99-0 NA NA ND 0.33 ND 0.33 1,3-bichlorobenzene 541-73-1 <0.25 | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 <0.25 1.6 ND 0.90 ND 0.90 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 <0.25 | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 <0.25 25 ND 0.90 ND 0.90 1,4-Dioxane 123-91-1 NA NA ND 1.1 ND 1.1 2,2,4-trimethylpentane 540-84-1 NA NA 0.51 0.70 J 0.89 0.70 4-ethyltoluene 622-96-8 2.1 120 ND 0.74 1.3 0.74 Acetone 67-64-1 21 200 14 7.1 47 28 Allyl chloride 107-05-1 NA NA ND 0.47 ND 0.47 Benzene 71-43-2 2.1 120 1.3 0.48 ND 0.48 Benzyl chloride 100-44-7 NA NA ND 0.86 ND 0.86 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND 1.0 ND 1.0 Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 NA NA ND 0 ND 0 | |
| 1,4-Dioxane 123-91-1 NA NA ND 1.1 ND 1.1 2,2,4-trimethylpentane 540-84-1 NA NA 0.51 0.70 J 0.89 0.70 4-ethyltoluene 622-96-8 2.1 120 ND< | |
| Z,2,4-trimethylpentane 540-84-1 NA NA 0.51 0.70 J 0.89 0.70 4-ethyltoluene 622-96-8 2.1 120 ND 0.74 1.3 0.74 Acetone 67-64-1 21 200 14 7.1 47 28 Allyl chloride 107-05-1 NA NA ND 0.47 ND 0.47 Benzene 71-43-2 2.1 120 1.3 0.48 ND 0.48 Benzyl chloride 100-44-7 NA NA ND 0.86 ND 0.86 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND 1.0 ND 1.0 Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 0 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| 4-ethyltoluene 622-96-8 2.1 120 ND 0.74 1.3 0.74 Acetone 67-64-1 21 200 14 7.1 47 28 Allyl chloride 107-05-1 NA NA ND 0.47 ND 0.47 Benzene 71-43-2 2.1 120 1.3 0.48 ND 0.48 Benzyl chloride 100-44-7 NA NA ND 0.86 ND 0.86 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND 1.0 ND 1.0 Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 NA NA ND 0 ND 0 Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 1.6 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| Acetone 67-64-1 21 200 14 7.1 47 28 Allyl chloride 107-05-1 NA NA ND 0.47 ND 0.47 Benzene 71-43-2 2.1 120 1.3 0.48 ND 0.48 Benzyl chloride 100-44-7 NA NA ND 0.86 ND 0.86 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND 1.0 ND 1.0 Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 NA NA ND 0 ND 0 Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 1.6 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| Allyl chloride 107-05-1 NA NA ND 0.47 ND 0.47 Benzene 71-43-2 2.1 120 1.3 0.48 ND 0.48 Benzyl chloride 100-44-7 NA NA ND 0.86 ND 0.86 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND 1.0 ND 1.0 Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 NA NA ND 0 ND 0 Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 1.6 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| Benzene 71-43-2 2.1 120 1.3 0.48 ND 0.48 Benzyl chloride 100-44-7 NA NA ND 0.86 ND 0.86 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND 1.0 ND 1.0 Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 NA NA ND 0 ND 0 Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 1.6 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 NA NA ND 1.0 ND 1.0 Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 NA NA ND 0 ND 0 Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 1.6 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 NA NA ND 0 ND< 0 Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 1.6 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| Bromoform 75-25-2 NA NA ND 1.6 ND 1.6 Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 | |
| Bromomethane 74-83-9 <0.25 3.2 ND< 0.58 ND< 0.58 | |
| | |
| Carbon distillate 75-15-0 NA NA ND< 0.47 ND< 0.47 | |
| Carbon tetrachloride 56-23-5 <0.25 3.2 ND< 0.94 ND< 0.94 | |
| Chlorobenzene 108-90-7 < 0.25 3.2 ND< 0.69 ND< 0.69 | |
| Chloroethane 75-00-3 <0.25 0.9 ND< 0.40 ND< 0.40 | |
| Chloroform 67-66-3 <0.25 13 ND< 0.73 ND< 0.73 | |
| Chloromethane 74-87-3 0.5 14 0.99 0.31 1.2 0.31 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene 156-59-2 <0.25 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 10061-01-5 < 0.25 2.1 ND 0.68 ND 0.68 Cyclohexane 110-82-7 0.8 88 ND 0.52 ND 0.52 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 NA NA ND< 0.90 ND< 0.90 | |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 1 26 ND< 0.65 5.5 0.65 | |
| Freon 11 75-69-4 NA NA 1.5 0.84 1.4 0.84 | |
| Freon 113 76-13-1 NA NA ND< 1.1 ND< 1.1 | |
| Freon 114 76-14-2 <0.25 23 ND< 1.0 ND< 1.0 | |
| Freon 12 | |
| Heptane 142-82-5 2.8 72 ND 0.61 2.9 0.61 Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene 87-68-3 <0.25 | |
| Hexane 110-54-3 1.6 93 ND< 0.53 1.2 0.53 | |
| Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 NA NA 2.4 0.37 6.9 3.7 | |
| m&p-Xylene 79601-23-1 1.5 46 1.1 1.3 J 17 1.3 | |
| Methyl Butyl Ketone 591-78-6 0.3 16 ND 1.2 ND 1.2 | |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone 78-93-3 3.4 79 1.6 0.88 1.9 0.88 | |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone 108-10-1 0.3 16 ND< 1.2 1.1 1.2 | J |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether 1634-04-4 0.8 230 ND 0.54 ND 0.54 Methylene chloride 75-09-2 1.4 310 ND 0.52 0.38 0.52 | J |
| o-Xylene 95-47-6 1.1 32 0.43 0.65 J 4.6 0.65 | J |
| Propylene 115-07-1 NA NA ND< 0.26 ND< 0.26 | |
| Styrene 100-42-5 0.3 6.2 ND< 0.64 ND< 0.64 | |
| Tetrachloroethylene 127-18-4 0.3 20 ND< 1.0 1.6 1.0 | |
| Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 <0.25 19 ND 0.44 ND 0.44 | |
| Toluene 108-88-3 9.6 300 2.4 0.57 6.3 0.57 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 156-60-5 NA NA ND< 0.59 ND< 0.59 | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 10061-02-6 <0.25 <0.25 ND 0.68 ND 0.68 Trichloroethene 79-01-6 <0.25 | |
| Vinyl acetate 108-05-4 NA NA ND< 0.53 ND< 0.53 | |
| Vinyl acctate 160 65 4 147 147 148 0.56 ND 0.66 Vinyl Bromide 593-60-2 NA NA ND 0.66 ND 0.66 | |
| Vinyl chloride 75-01-4 <0.25 0.8 ND< 0.38 ND< 0.38 | |

All units are $\mu g/m^3$ unless otherwise noted

IA prefix represents ambient indoor air samples

ND = Not detected at the reporting limit J = Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

- B =Compound found in associated method blank
- E = Estimated, concentration exceeds calibration range
- S = Spike recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- 1- NYSDOH "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York," October 2006,
 - Appendix C.1 NYSDOH 2003: Study of Volatile Organic Chemicals in Air of Fuel Oil Heated Homes, 1997-2003, Indoor Air- Median Result
- 2- NYSDOH "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York," October 2006,

Appendix C.1 NYSDOH 2003: Study of Volatile Organic Chemicals in Air of Fuel Oil Heated Homes, 1997-2003, Indoor Air- 99th Percentile Result

Boldface font indicates analyte detected above NYSDOH indoor air median result

Boldface and highlight indicates analyte detected above NYSDOH 99th percentile result

| Appendix A – NYSDI | EC Institutional and Engineering Controls Certification Form |
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Enclosure 2
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
Site Management Periodic Review Report Notice
Institutional and Engineering Controls Cortification Form

| | Site | e No. | 314094 | Site Details | Box 1 | |
|---|---------------------|---|---|---|--------------|-------|
| | Site | e Name Be | eekman Town Garage | | | |
| | Site City Cor | | Beekman Poughquag Road ekman ess | Zip Code: 12570 | | |
| | Rej | porting Peri | od: May 20, 2014 to June 0 | 6, 2015 | | |
| | | | | · | YEŞ | NO |
| | 1. | Is the infor | mation above correct? | | | |
| | | If NO, inclu | ude handwritten above or on | a separate sheet. | | |
| | 2. | | or all of the site property bee mendment during this Report | en sold, subdivided, merged, or undergone a ting Period? | | ď |
| | 3, | | been any change of use at t CRR 375-1.11(d))? | he site during this Reporting Period | | |
| | 4. | | federal, state, and/or local pe e property during this Report | ermits (e.g., building, discharge) been issued ting Period? | | as/ |
| | | | | | | |
| • | | | | thru 4, include documentation or evidence susty submitted with this certification form. | | , |
| - | 5. | that docu | | usly submitted with this certification form. | | N. |
| - | 5. | that docu | mentation has been previo | usly submitted with this certification form. | • | N. |
| _ | 5. | that docu | mentation has been previo | usly submitted with this certification form. | | NO NO |
| • | | is the site | mentation has been previo | ously submitted with this certification form, pment? | . □ Box 2 | NO [] |
| | 6. | is the site | mentation has been previo currently undergoing develor | pusly submitted with this certification form, pment? . the use(s) listed below? | Box 2 | |
| _ | 6. | Is the currence Commercial | mentation has been previo currently undergoing develor ent site use consistent with the al and Industrial /ECs in place and functionin | pusly submitted with this certification form, pment? . the use(s) listed below? | Box 2 YES | |
| | 6. | Is the curre Commerci Are all ICs | mentation has been previocurrently undergoing developent site use consistent with the land industrial site in place and functionin the ANSWER TO EITHER QUI DO NOT COMPLETE THE F | pment? he use(s) listed below? g as designed? JESTION 6 OR 7 IS NO, sign and date below a | Box 2 YES | |
| | 6. 7. | is the curre Commerci Are all ICs IF T | mentation has been previocurrently undergoing developent site use consistent with the land industrial site in place and functionin the ANSWER TO EITHER QUI DO NOT COMPLETE THE F | pment? he use(s) listed below? g as designed? JESTION 6 OR 7 IS NO, sign and date below a REST OF THIS FORM. Otherwise continue. | Box 2 YES | |

SITE NO. 314094 -Box 3

Description of Institutional Controls

Parcel

Owner

p/o 6758-02-807742

Town of Beekman

Institutional Control

Monitoring Plan Site Management Plan

O&M Plan IC/EC Plan

Ground Water Use Restriction

Landuse Restriction

1. Compliance with the Deed Restriction by the Grantor and the Grantor's successors and assigns with all elements of the Site Management Plan (SMP)

2. All Engineering Controls must be operated and maintained as specified in the SMP

3. All Engineering Controls on the Controlled Property must be inspected and certified at a frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP.

4. Groundwater and soil vapor monitoring must be performed as defined in the SMP

5. Data and information pertinent to Site Management for the Controlled Property must be reported at the frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP.

6. On-site environmental monitoring devices, including groundwater monitoring wells and sub-slab depressurization systems, must be protected and replaced as necessary to ensure the devices function in the manner specified in the SMP

Box 4

Description of Engineering Controls

Parcel

Engineering Control

p/o 6758-02-807742

Vapor Mitigation Cover System

1. A cover system consisting of asphalt pavement is in place covering the area of excavated soil.

2. Sub-slab depressurization systems are in place in the Sheriff's Substations, Block Garage, and Pole Barn

3. Natural attenuation of groundwater contaminants

| Box | 5 |
|-----|---|
|-----|---|

| | Periodic Review Report (PRR) Certification Statements | |
|----|--|---|
| 1. | I certify by checking "YES" below that: | |
| | a) the Periodic Review report and all attachments were prepared under the direction of, and reviewed by, the party making the certification; | |
| | b) to the best of my knowledge and belief, the work and conclusions described in this certification are in accordance with the requirements of the site remedial program, and generally accepted engineering practices; and the information presented is accurate and compete. | |
| | engineering practices, and the information presented is accurate and compete. YES NO | |
| | | |
| 2. | If this site has an IC/EC Plan (or equivalent as required in the Decision Document), for each Institutional or Engineering control listed in Boxes 3 and/or 4, I certify by checking "YES" below that all of the following statements are true: | |
| | (a) the Institutional Control and/or Engineering Control(s) employed at this site is unchanged since the date that the Control was put in-place, or was last approved by the Department; | е |
| | (b) nothing has occurred that would impair the ability of such Control, to protect public health and the environment; | |
| | (c) access to the site will continue to be provided to the Department, to evaluate the remedy, including access to evaluate the continued maintenance of this Control; | |
| | (d) nothing has occurred that would constitute a violation or failure to comply with the Site Management Plan for this Control; and | |
| | (e) If a financial assurance mechanism is required by the oversight document for the site, the mechanism remains valid and sufficient for its intended purpose established in the document. | |
| | YES NO | |
| | | |
| | .IF THE ANSWER TO QUESTION 2 IS NO, sign and date below and DO NOT COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM. Otherwise continue. | |
| | A Corrective Measures Work Plan must be submitted along with this form to address these issues. | |
| | | |
| | Signature of Owner, Remedial Party or Designated Representative Date | |
| | | _ |
| | | |

IC CERTIFICATIONS SITE NO. 314094

Вох 6

SITE OWNER OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE

I certify that all information and statements in Boxes 1,2, and 3 are true. I understand that a false statement made herein is punishable as a Class "A" misdemeanor, pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law.

| CHRISTOPHER BROWN at PUE | SHEFFLER. | 48 SPRINGSIDE AVE FOUGHKEEPS IN NY 1 | ; |
|---|------------------------|---|------|
| print name | print business address | POUGHKEEPS 15 NY 1 | 2603 |
| am certifying as <u>REMEDIAL PARTY</u> | | (Owner or Remedial Party) | |
| for the Site named in the Site Details Section of this | form. | | |
| Myhr So Som | | 5-15-15 | |
| Signature ef Owner, Remedial Party, or Designated Rendering Certification | Representative | Date | |

IC/EC CERTIFICATIONS

Box 7

Qualified Environmental Professional Signature

I certify that all information in Boxes 4 and 5 are true. I understand that a false statement made herein is punishable as a Class "A" misdemeanor, pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law.

CHRISTOPHER BROWN at PVESHEFFLER, LLC 48SPRINGSIDE AVE print name print business address POUGHICEPSIE NY

am certifying as a Qualified Environmental Professional for the Town of BEERMAN (Owner or Remedial Party)

Signature of Qualified Environmental Professional, for the Owner or Remedial Party, Rendering Certification

Stamp (Required for PE) Date

Appendix B – Groundwater Sampling Logs



Screen length

Well Development & Sample Log

Stabilized drawdown

09/04/14

In-Situ Inc. Low-Flow System Troll 9500

4 [in]

| Project Information: | | Pump Information: | |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Operator Name | Stephanie Lewison | Pump Model/Type | Peri Pump |
| Company Name | PVE Sheffler | Tubing Type | Silicon & Poly |
| Project Name | 160581 | Tubing Diameter | 0.25 [in] |
| Site Name | Beekman Highway Garage | Tubing Length | 24 [ft] |
| | | Pump placement from TOC | 22 [ft] |
| Well Information: | | Pumping information: | |
| Well Id | MW-3 | Final pumping rate | 300 [mL/min] |
| Well diameter | 2 [in] | Flowcell volume | 348.67 [mL] |
| Well total depth | 24 [ft] | Calculated Sample Rate | 70 [sec] |
| Depth to top of screen | 14 [ft] | Sample rate | 70 [sec] |
| • • • | | <u> </u> | |

120 [in]

| | Time | Turb [NTU] | pH [pH] | RDO [] | Cond [mS/cm] | DO [mg/L] | ORP [mV] |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| Stabilization Settings | | | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 |
| | 12:50:06 PM | 9.39 | 7.58 | | 1.42 | 33.65 | 18.95 |
| | 12:51:17 PM | 9.25 | 7.58 | | 1.42 | 33.85 | 19.11 |
| Last 5 Readings | 12:52:27 PM | 9.46 | 7.58 | | 1.42 | 33.47 | 19.01 |
| | 12:53:38 PM | 9.83 | 7.58 | | 1.42 | 33.79 | 18.40 |
| | 12:54:49 PM | 9.62 | 7.60 | | 1.43 | 35.39 | 13.81 |
| | | 0.21 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | -0.37 | -0.10 |
| Variance in last 3 readings | | 0.36 | -0.01 | | 0.00 | 0.32 | -0.61 |
| | | -0.21 | 0.03 | | 0.00 | 1.60 | -4.59 |



Well Development & Sample Log

09/04/14

| In-Situ Inc. Low-Flow System |
|---------------------------------|
| Troll 9500 |
| |

| Project Information: | | Pump Information: | |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Operator Name | Stephanie Lewison | Pump Model/Type | Peri Pump |
| Company Name | PVE Sheffler | Tubing Type | Silicon & Poly |
| Project Name | 160581 | Tubing Diameter | 0.25 [in] |
| Site Name | Beekman Highway Garage | Tubing Length | 26 [ft] |
| | | Pump placement from TOC | 23 [ft] |
| Well Information: | | Pumping information: | |
| Well Id | MW-4 | Final pumping rate | 375 [mL/min] |
| Well diameter | 2 [in] | Flowcell volume | 367.97 [mL] |
| Well total depth | 23 [ft] | Calculated Sample Rate | 59 [sec] |
| Depth to top of screen | 13 [ft] | Sample rate | 59 [sec] |
| Screen length | 120 [in] | Stabilized drawdown | 4 [in] |

| | Time | Turb [NTU] | pH [pH] | RDO [] | Cond [mS/cm] | DO [mg/L] | ORP [mV] |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| Stabilization Settings | | | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 |
| | 10:21:42 AM | 7.64 | 15.30 | | 1.47 | 2.08 | 66.97 |
| | 10:22:42 AM | 6.69 | 15.29 | | 1.47 | 2.04 | 67.27 |
| Last 5 Readings | 10:22:55 AM | 8.39 | 15.30 | | 1.46 | 2.03 | 67.31 |
| | 10:23:55 AM | 6.15 | 15.30 | | 1.46 | 2.00 | 67.69 |
| | 10:24:54 AM | 6.57 | 15.30 | | 1.46 | 1.95 | 67.65 |
| | | 1.70 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | -0.01 | 0.04 |
| Variance in last 3 readings | | -2.24 | 0.00 | | -0.01 | -0.03 | 0.38 |
| | | 0.42 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | -0.05 | -0.04 |



Well Development & Sample Log

09/04/14



| Project Information: | | Pump Information: | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Operator Name | Stephanie Lewison | Pump Model/Type | Peri Pump |
| Company Name | PVE Sheffler | Tubing Type | Silicon & Poly |
| Project Name | 160581 | Tubing Diameter | 0.25 [in] |
| Site Name | Beekman Highway Garage | Tubing Length | 28 [ft] |
| - | | Pump placement from TOC | 24 [ft] |
| Well Information: | | Pumping information: | |
| Well Id | MW-5 | Final numping rate | 300 [ml /min] |

Well Id MW-5 Final pumping rate 300 [mL/min] Well diameter 2 [in] Flowcell volume 387.28 [mL] Well total depth 25 [ft] Calculated Sample Rate 78 [sec] Depth to top of screen 15 [ft] Sample rate 78 [sec] Screen length 120 [in] Stabilized drawdown 4 [in]

| | Time | Turb [NTU] | pH [pH] | RDO [] | Cond [mS/cm] | DO [mg/L] | ORP [mV] |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| Stabilization Settings | | | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 |
| | 12:02:11 PM | 22.61 | 7.23 | | 2.93 | 37.20 | 41.33 |
| | 12:03:29 PM | 18.66 | 7.24 | | 2.94 | 37.86 | 39.52 |
| Last 5 Readings | 12:04:48 PM | 20.81 | 7.23 | | 2.93 | 38.11 | 39.09 |
| | 12:06:08 PM | 12.98 | 7.24 | | 2.93 | 37.81 | 37.55 |
| | 12:07:26 PM | 12.16 | 7.21 | | 2.93 | 37.73 | 38.87 |
| | | 2.15 | -0.01 | | -0.01 | 0.25 | -0.43 |
| Variance in last 3 readings | | -7.83 | 0.01 | | 0.00 | -0.30 | -1.55 |
| | | -0.82 | -0.03 | | 0.00 | -0.08 | 1.32 |



Screen length

Well Development & Sample Log

In-Situ Inc. Low-Flow System 09/04/14 Troll 9500

4 [in]

Stabilized drawdown

| Project Information: | | Pump Information: | |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Operator Name | Stephanie Lewison | Pump Model/Type | Peri Pump |
| Company Name | PVE Sheffler | Tubing Type | Silicon & Poly |
| Project Name | 160581 | Tubing Diameter | 0.25 [in] |
| Site Name | Beekman Highway Garage | Tubing Length | 21 [ft] |
| | | Pump placement from TOC | 15 [ft] |
| Wall by Carry a Carr | | Dominion in farmaction | |
| Well Information: | | Pumping information: | |
| Well Id | MW-8 | Final pumping rate | 300 [mL/min] |
| Well diameter | 2 [in] | Flowcell volume | 319.71 [mL] |
| Well total depth | 18 [ft] | Calculated Sample Rate | 64 [sec] |
| Depth to top of screen | 8 [ft] | Sample rate | 64 [sec] |
| O | 400 ['-1 | Otali Thank Indonesia Income | 4 51 7 |

120 [in]

| | Time | : Turb [NTU] | pH [pH] | RDO [] | Cond [mS/cm] | DO [mg/L] | ORP [mV] |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| Stabilization Settings | | | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 |
| | 11:29:23 AM | 10.03 | 6.46 | | 1.38 | 17.04 | -7.28 |
| | 11:30:29 AM | 10.40 | 6.46 | | 1.37 | 17.42 | -6.77 |
| Last 5 Readings | 11:31:34 AM | 12.11 | 6.46 | | 1.38 | 16.87 | -6.12 |
| | 11:32:38 AM | 9.45 | 6.47 | | 1.38 | 17.02 | -6.29 |
| | 11:33:43 AM | 9.18 | 6.47 | | 1.37 | 16.91 | -5.95 |
| | | 1.72 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | -0.55 | 0.64 |
| Variance in last 3 readings | | -2.67 | 0.01 | | 0.00 | 0.15 | -0.17 |
| | | -0.26 | 0.00 | | -0.01 | -0.11 | 0.34 |



Well Development & Sample Log

In-Situ Inc. Low-Flow System Troll 9500

09/04/14

| Project Information: | | Pump Information: | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Operator Name | Stephanie Lewison | Pump Model/Type | Peri Pump |
| Company Name | PVE Sheffler | Tubing Type | Silicon & Poly |
| Project Name | 160581 | Tubing Diameter | 0.25 [in] |
| Site Name | Beekman Highway Garage | Tubing Length | 22 [ft] |
| | | Pump placement from TOC | 21 [ft] |
| Well Information: | | Pumping information: | |

Final pumping rate Well Id MW-17 200 [mL/min] Flowcell volume Well diameter 2 [in] 329.36 [mL] 23 [ft] Calculated Sample Rate Well total depth 99 [sec] 99 [sec] Depth to top of screen 13 [ft] Sample rate Screen length 120 [in] Stabilized drawdown 4 [in]

| | Time | Turb [NTU] | pH [pH] | RDO [] | Cond [mS/cm] | DO [mg/L] | ORP [mV] |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| Stabilization Settings | | | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 |
| | 11:55:17 AM | 9.72 | 11.50 | | 1.78 | 0.89 | 105.33 |
| | 11:56:56 AM | 9.59 | 11.54 | | 1.79 | 0.85 | 104.26 |
| Last 5 Readings | 11:58:37 AM | 8.74 | 11.55 | | 1.80 | 0.80 | 103.40 |
| | 12:00:16 PM | 10.14 | 11.60 | | 1.79 | 0.79 | 102.59 |
| | 12:01:57 PM | 9.10 | 11.65 | | 1.78 | 0.79 | 101.95 |
| | | -0.86 | 0.00 | | 0.01 | -0.04 | -0.86 |
| Variance in last 3 readings | | 1.40 | 0.05 | | 0.00 | -0.01 | -0.81 |
| | | -1.04 | 0.05 | | -0.01 | -0.01 | -0.64 |



Well Development & Sample Log

& In-Situ Inc. Low-Flow System Troll 9500

09/04/14

| Project Information: | | Pump Information: | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Operator Name | Stephanie Lewison | Pump Model/Type | Peri Pump |
| Company Name | PVE Sheffler | Tubing Type | Silicon & Poly |
| Project Name | 160581 | Tubing Diameter | 0.25 [in] |
| Site Name | Beekman Highway Garage | Tubing Length | 26 [ft] |
| | | Pump placement from TOC | 14 [ft] |
| | | | |

| Well Information: | | Pumping information: | |
|------------------------|----------|------------------------|--------------|
| Well Id | MW-18S | Final pumping rate | 375 [mL/min] |
| Well diameter | 2 [in] | Flowcell volume | 367.97 [mL] |
| Well total depth | 19 [ft] | Calculated Sample Rate | 59 [sec] |
| Depth to top of screen | 9 [ft] | Sample rate | 59 [sec] |
| Screen length | 120 [in] | Stabilized drawdown | 4 [in] |

| | Time | Turb [NTU] | pH [pH] | RDO [] | Cond [mS/cm] | DO [mg/L] | ORP [mV] |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| Stabilization Settings | | | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 | +/-0.1 |
| | 11:02:29 AM | 4.95 | 12.47 | | 1.16 | 9.76 | 123.18 |
| | 11:03:28 AM | 4.67 | 12.45 | | 1.17 | 9.77 | 123.78 |
| Last 5 Readings | 11:04:28 AM | 4.82 | 12.50 | | 1.20 | 9.74 | 124.33 |
| | 11:05:28 AM | 5.07 | 12.61 | | 1.23 | 9.75 | 124.93 |
| | 11:06:28 AM | 11.62 | 12.61 | | 1.25 | 9.75 | 125.41 |
| | | 0.15 | 0.05 | | 0.03 | -0.03 | 0.56 |
| Variance in last 3 readings | | 0.24 | 0.11 | | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.60 |
| | | 6.56 | 0.00 | | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.47 |

| Appendix C – Laboratory Report for Groundwater Samples |
|--|
| |
| |
| |



Analytical Report For

PVE Sheffler

For Lab Project ID

143858

Referencing

560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Prepared

Monday, September 15, 2014

Any noncompliant QC parameters or other notes impacting data interpretation are flagged or documented on the final report or are noted below.

Certifies that this report has been approved by the Technical Director or Designee

179 Lake Avenue • Rochester, NY 14608 • (585) 647-2530 • Fax (585) 647-3311 • ELAP ID# 10958



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-4 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-01Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | Result | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Benzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | MW-4 20140904 | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-01 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 |
| Matrix: | Groundwater | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 |
| Bromomethane | | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Dibromochloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethan | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | Е | 9/11/2014 |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Tetrachloroethene | | 17.0 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethen | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| | | | | | |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-4 20140904 **Date Sampled:** Lab Sample ID: 143858-01 9/4/2014 **Matrix:** Groundwater **Date Received:** 9/5/2014 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Trichloroethene < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Trichlorofluoromethane < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Vinyl chloride < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014

Method Reference(s): EPA 524 Modified

Subcontractor ELAP ID: 10478



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-8 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-02Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Benzene | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | MW-8 20140904 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|--|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-02 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 | |
| Matrix: | Groundwater | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 | |
| Bromomethane | | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropen | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Dichlorodifluorometha | ne | < 0.50 | ug/L | Е | 9/11/2014 | |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | | 5.80 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroether | ne | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 | |
| | | | | | | |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-8 20140904 **Date Sampled:** Lab Sample ID: 143858-02 9/4/2014 **Matrix:** Groundwater **Date Received:** 9/5/2014 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Trichloroethene < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Trichlorofluoromethane < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Vinyl chloride < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014

Method Reference(s): EPA 524 Modified

Subcontractor ELAP ID: 10478



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-5 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-03Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Benzene | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | MW-5 20140904 | | | Date Co. 1.1 | 0./4./204.4 |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-------------|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-03 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 |
| Matrix: | Groundwater | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 |
| Bromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Dibromochloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | E | 9/11/2014 |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Tetrachloroethene | | 0.870 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 2 | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/11/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-5 20140904 **Date Sampled:** Lab Sample ID: 143858-03 9/4/2014 **Matrix:** Groundwater **Date Received:** 9/5/2014 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Trichloroethene < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Trichlorofluoromethane < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014 Vinyl chloride < 0.50 ug/L 9/11/2014

Method Reference(s): EPA 524 Modified

Subcontractor ELAP ID: 10478



Client: <u>PVE Sheffler</u>

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-17 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-04Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Benzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | MW-17 20140904 | ļ | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-04 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 |
| Matrix: | Groundwater | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 |
| Bromomethane | | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Dibromochloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethan | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | Е | 9/12/2014 |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Tetrachloroethene | | 1.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | e | 0.540 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-17 20140904 **Date Sampled:** Lab Sample ID: 143858-04 9/4/2014 **Matrix:** Groundwater **Date Received:** 9/5/2014 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichloroethene 0.690 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichlorofluoromethane < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Vinyl chloride < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014

Method Reference(s): EPA 524 Modified

Subcontractor ELAP ID: 10478



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-3 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-05Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Benzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | MW-3 20140904 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|--|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-05 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 | |
| Matrix: | Groundwater | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 | |
| Bromomethane | | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropen | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | е | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dichlorodifluorometha | ne | < 0.50 | ug/L | Е | 9/12/2014 | |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | | 0.610 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroether | ne | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| | | | | | | |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-3 20140904 **Date Sampled:** Lab Sample ID: 143858-05 9/4/2014 **Matrix:** Groundwater **Date Received:** 9/5/2014 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichloroethene < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichlorofluoromethane < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Vinyl chloride < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014

Method Reference(s): EPA 524 Modified

Subcontractor ELAP ID: 10478



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: FB-1 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-06Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:WaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Benzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | FB-1 20140904 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|--|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-06 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 | |
| Matrix: | Water | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 | |
| Bromomethane | | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropen | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | е | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dichlorodifluorometha | ne | < 0.50 | ug/L | E | 9/12/2014 | |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroether | ne | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| | | | | | | |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | FB-1 20140904 | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-06 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 |
| Matrix: | Water | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropro | pene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Trichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Trichlorofluorometha | ne | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Vinyl chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |

Method Reference(s):EPA 524Subcontractor ELAP ID:10478



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-18S 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-07Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Benzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | MW-18S 201409 | 004 | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-07 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 |
| Matrix: | Groundwater | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 |
| Bromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Dibromochloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | Е | 9/12/2014 |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Tetrachloroethene | | 11.0 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 9 | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: MW-18S 20140904 **Date Sampled:** Lab Sample ID: 143858-07 9/4/2014 **Matrix:** Groundwater **Date Received:** 9/5/2014 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichloroethene 0.570 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichlorofluoromethane < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Vinyl chloride < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014

Method Reference(s): EPA 524 Modified

Subcontractor ELAP ID: 10478



Client: <u>PVE Sheffler</u>

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: Trip Blank T-536 20140904

Lab Sample ID:143858-08Date Sampled:9/4/2014Matrix:WaterDate Received:9/5/2014

Volatile Organics

| <u>Analyte</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Units</u> | Qualifier | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Benzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromochloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |
| Bromoform | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 |



Client: PVE Sheffler

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

| Sample Identifier: | Trip Blank T-53 | 6 20140904 | 1 | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------|----------------|-----------|--|
| Lab Sample ID: | 143858-08 | | | Date Sampled: | 9/4/2014 | |
| Matrix: | Water | | | Date Received: | 9/5/2014 | |
| Bromomethane | | <0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloroethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloroform | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Chloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dibromomethane | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethan | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | E | 9/12/2014 | |
| Ethylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Isopropylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| m,p-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Methyl tert-butyl Ether | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Methylene chloride | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Naphthalene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| o-Xylene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Styrene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| Toluene | | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethen | e | < 0.50 | ug/L | | 9/12/2014 | |



9/12/2014

Client: PVE Sheffler

Vinyl chloride

Project Reference: 560581-Beekman Highway Garage

Sample Identifier: Trip Blank T-536 20140904 **Date Sampled:** Lab Sample ID: 143858-08 9/4/2014 **Matrix:** Water **Date Received:** 9/5/2014 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichloroethene < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014 Trichlorofluoromethane < 0.50 ug/L 9/12/2014

ug/L

< 0.50

Method Reference(s):EPA 524Subcontractor ELAP ID:10478



Analytical Report Appendix

The reported results relate only to the samples as they have been received by the laboratory.

Each page of this document is part of a multipage report. This document may not be reproduced except in its entirety, without the prior consent of Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc.

All soil/sludge samples have been reported on a dry weight basis, unless qualified "reported as received". Other solids are reported as received.

Low level Volatiles blank reports for soil/solid matrix are based on a nominal 5 gram weight. Sample results and reporting limits are based on actual weight, which may be more or less than 5 grams.

The Chain of Custody provides additional information, including compliance with sample condition requirements upon receipt. Sample condition requirements are defined under the 2003 NELAC Standard, sections 5.5.8.3.1 and 5.5.8.3.2.

NYSDOH ELAP does not certify for all parameters. Paradigm Environmental Services or the indicated subcontracted laboratory does hold certification for all analytes where certification is offered by ELAP unless otherwise specified. Aliquots separated for certain tests, such as TCLP, are indicated on the Chain of Custody and final reports with an "A" suffix.

Data qualifiers are used, when necessary, to provide additional information about the data. This information may be communicated as a flag or as text at the bottom of the report. Please refer to the following list of analyte-specific, frequently used data flags and their meaning:

"<" = Analyzed for but not detected at or above the quantitation limit.

"E" = Result has been estimated, calibration limit exceeded.

"Z" = See case narrative.

"D" = Sample, Laboratory Control Sample, or Matrix Spike Duplicate results above Relative Percent Difference limit.

"M" = Matrix spike recoveries outside QC limits. Matrix bias indicated.

"B" = Method blank contained trace levels of analyte. Refer to included method blank report.

"J" = Result estimated between the quantitation limit and half the quantitation limit.

"L" = Laboratory Control Sample recovery outside accepted OC limits.

"P" = Concentration differs by more than 40% between the primary and secondary analytical columns. "Non-ELAP Certifiable*" = ELAP does not offer this parameter for approval as part of their laboratory certification program.



CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Page 27 of 29 0 SD - Solid SL - Skidge OE, - Oil AS - Ar AG - Ag-seus Liquíd NO - Non-Aqueous Liquíd Lab Sanple Nurber 3 J. 90 0 C See additional page for sample conditions. LAB PROJECT ID SO - Soil
REQUESTED ANALYSIS Matrix Code: WA - Water DW - Dricking Water WG - Groundwater WW - Wastewater REMARKS Please return cooler. Yotal Cost 300 a, X Quotation # Notes 13.75 1000 Tara Alvarado - talvarado@pvesheffler.com ZIP: 12601 One Civic Center Plaza, Sulte 501 SZ4.2 VOCS Date/Time subsud a scuudne 71/2/16 4-4-4 ž INVOICE TO: 4-17-P esk Code ebth units (tt) in, m SC = Site Characterization

B PD = Remediat Design

FF = Remediat Construction

C = Remediat Construction

FRA = Interim Remedial Measure

OM = Operations & Maintenance Phase city: Poughkeepsie staff PVE Sheffler 845-454-2544 Çevretri bensev E AL <u>.</u> ADDRESS <u>S</u> 2 M ¥ > PROME 43.1% Loc Code
(sys_loc_code)
(iD of the
hole/sampie MW-IS 7-536 ZIP: 12601 125-5 155-5 MIN-17 point; ex; (35-1) \$487-89 \$487-89 4-1/1 187 WILL IN Received @ Lab By Reilinquished By 201000 Received By Task Code: STATE: NY Sampling Technique:
CB = Chrisb
CB = Chrisb
E = Chrisb
E = Chrisb
E = Baller
E = Hand Auger
DP = Direct Push
SAMPLE INFORMATION (sample_name)
(Same as sampie code, excluding sample date) T-536 Sample Name ATTA STREKEN MED-18 MW-5 187 J-MV 7.8-1 MW-8 REPORT TO EMALL STELLISON C PUESheffler, COM One Civic Center Plaza, Suite 501 2014 18964 Availability contingent upon lab approval; additional fees may apply. Sample Code (sys_sample_code)
(Needs to be a completely unique code from
any other sample, so add the sample date at
the end; ex 20140501) FORUDADE Report Supplements 1536 Sample Type:
N = Normal sample
F = Tield Bank
TB = Tipl Bank
MSD = Manrix spike & dup in 1 sample
FD - Field duplicate 4090xx22 20140904 20140904 20140164 POPULOS たのものではろ NYSDEC EDD 845-454-2544 PVE Sheffler offy: Poughkeepsie Basic EDD Other EDD sass Indicate: Trio RAMAK MW-(85 MW-8 782 N.C.U. S. Ch. T ME 17.B ADDRESS: PHONE CLIENT: \overline{z} Z X <u>\$</u> × > $\stackrel{>}{\sim}$ 2 2 Z X Category A Sategory B Sample Type esse indicate Ottos (585) 847-2530 Fax (585) 647-3311 Highwy Garag PROJECT REFERENCE ಅಜ್ < ಣ Other ೧೧೩೩೦೪ 560581-325 §0.2 255 Tise collected Willes . 1305 Turnaround Time 3 Beekman Standard 5 day DATE COLLECTED Rush 3 day Rush 2 day Rush 1 day 9889 MACO Other







Chain of Custody Supplement

| Client: | <u> 2011/2012 209</u> | Completed by: | 14/16 Sumis |
|---|---|--|---|
| Lab Project ID: | | Date: | <u> 4/57/14 </u> |
| | Sample Conditi Per NELAC/ELAP 2 | ion Requirements 10/241/242/243/244 | · |
| Condition | NELAC compliance with the sample Yes | e condition requirements up No | on receipt N/A |
| Container Type | | | |
| Comments | | | AAA*** |
| Transferred to method- compliant container | | | |
| Headspace (<1 mL) Comments | | | |
| Preservation Comments | | | |
| Chlorine Absent (<0.10 ppm per test strip) Comments | | | |
| Holding Time Comments | | | |
| Temperature Comments | | | |
| Sufficient Sample Quantity Comments | | | |
| | | | |

179 Laxe Avenue, Rochester, NY 14608 Office (585) 647-2530 Fax (585) 647-3311

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

HZM: ELAP ID: 10478

| · Va | Maluvava | | REPORT TO: | | REBORDITO: | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|-------------------|---|---|---|--|
| ? | THE STRUCTS WELL | COMPANY | NY: Paradigm Environmental | ental | COMPANY: Same | רו | LAB PROJECT#; CLI | CLIENT PROJECT #: |
| | | ADDRESS | 38. | | ADDRESS: | | | |
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| | | PHONE | FAX | | FRONE | | | STD OTHER |
| PROJECT NAME/SITE NAME: | NAME | ATTN: | Kate Hansen | | ATTN: Meridith Dillman | | | 3 3 5 5 |
| | STATE OF THE STATE | COMM | Please email re | to khansen@p | Please email results to khansen@paradigmenv.com and jdalola@paradigmenv.com | 1 | Date Due: 9/1(| 7/9/ |
| | The second secon | | Figure 10 April 11 April 12 Ap | | REQUESTED ANALYSIS | | | Cont. |
| DATE | TWE CO O Se CO O | ७ळच | SAMPLE LOCATION/FIELD ID | ≅ ∢⊱ α. |)OA | | REMARKS | PARADIGM LAB SAMPLE NUMBER |
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| Sample Condition | Sample Condition: Per NELAC/ELAP 210/241/242/243/244 | 0/241/242/2 | 43/244 | | | | | |
| | Contribut Time | *************************************** | NELAC Compliance | Č | | | | |
| Comments: | Container Type | | | Sampled By | Datelline | *************************************** | Total Cost. | |
| Comments: | Preservation: | | | Relladylshed By | 9 | 1600 | | : |
| Comments: | Holding Time: | | | Received By | Date/Time | 410 | 768 PLF. | i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i-i- |
| Comments: | Temperature; C | 105 | N L | Received @ Lab By | b By Date/Time | *************************************** | *************************************** | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Appendix D – Vapor Mitigation Operation and Maintenance **Inspection Forms**

| Date | Location | U-Tube Manometer Reading | Notes/Comments |
|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 5/20/14 | Sherry Station | -1.6 " | |
| 5/20/14 | Block Garage North | -1.7" | |
| 5/20/14 | Block Garage South | -1.25" | _ |
| 5/20/19 | Pole Bam | -1.25" -0.75" | |
| 5/20/14 | Pote Barn West | Sampled | manometer lost Phis -> no reading possible. |
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| Date | Location | U-Tube Manometer Reading | Notes/Comments |
|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 9/4/14 | Sub 8 Fatier | -1.75" | |
| 9/4/19 | Block Garage North | -1.7" -1.5" -0.75" -1.25" | |
| 9/4/14 | Block Garage | -1.5" | _ |
| 9/4/14 | Pole Barn West | -0.75° | - |
| 9/4/19 | Pole Barn West | -1.25" | |
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| Date | Location | U-Tube Manometer Reading | Notes/Comments |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 10/29/14 | Sub-Station | -1.5" | |
| 10/29/14 | Block Garage North | -1.6" -1.25" -0.75" -1.25" | |
| 10/29/19 | Block Garage South | -1.25" | |
| 10/29/14 | Pole Barn West | -0.75° | |
| 10/29/14 | Pole Barn West | -1.25" | |
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| Date | Location | U-Tube Manometer Reading | Notes/Comments |
|---------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| 2/23/15 | Sherriff's Enb-Station Block Garage North Block Garage South Pole Barn East Pole Barn West | -1.5" -1.75" -1.4" -0.75" -1.125" | |
| 2/23/15 | Block Crarage North | -1.75" | |
| 2/23/15 | Block Garge South | -1.4" | |
| 2/23/15 | Pole Bam East | - 0.75 n | |
| 2/23/15 | Pole Bam | -1.125" | _ |
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| Appendix E – Laboratory Report for Indoor Air Samples |
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Phone (315) 431-9730 * Emergency 24/7 (315) 416-2752

NYSDOH ELAP Certificate No. 11830

Analytical Report

Thursday, February 26, 2015

Order No.: C1502051

Christopher Brown PVE Sheffler 48 Springside Avenue Poughkeepsie, NY 12603

TEL: (845) 454-2544

FAX

RE: Beekman Town Garage

Dear Christopher Brown:

Centek Laboratories, LLC received 2 sample(s) on 2/25/2015 for the analyses presented in the following report.

I certify that this data package is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Contract, both technically and for completeness. Release of the data contained in this hardcopy data package and/or in the computer readable data submitted has been authorized by the Laboratory Manager or his designee, as verified by the following signature.

Centek Laboratories performs all analyses according to EPA, NIOSH or OSHA-approved analytical methods. Centek Laboratories is dedicated to providing quality analyses and exceptional customer service. All method blanks, laboratory spikes, and/or matrix spikes met quality assurance objective except as indicated in the case narrative. All samples were received and analyzed within the EPA recommended holding times. Test results are not Method Blank (MB) corrected for contamination.

We do our best to make our reporting format clear and understandable and hope you are thoroughly satisfied with our services. Please contact your client service representative at (315) 431-9730 or myself, if you would like any additional information regarding this report.

Thank you for using Centek Laboratories. This report can not be reproduced except in its entirety, without prior written authorization.

Sincerely,

William Dobbin

Lead Technical Director

Disclaimer: The test results and procedures utilized, and laboratory interpretations of the data obtained by Centek as contained in this report are believed by Centek to be accurate and reliable

Page 1 of 16

for sample(s) tested. In accepting this report, the customer agrees that the full extent of any and all liability for actual and consequential damages of Centek for the services performed shall be equal to the fee charged to the customer for the services as liquidated damages. ELAP does not offer certification for the following parameters by this method at present time, they are: 4-ethyltolucne, ethyl acetate, propylene, 4-PCH, sulfur derived and silcon series compounds.

Centek Laboratories, LLC Terms and Conditions

Sample Submission

All samples sent to Centek Laboratories should be accompanied by our Request for Analysis Form or Chain of Custody Form. A Chain of Custody will be provided with each order shipped for all sampling events, or if needed, one is available at our website www.CentekLabs.com. Samples received after 3:00pm are considered to be a part of the next day's business.

Sample Media

Samples can be collected in an canister or a Tedlar bag. Depending on your analytical needs, Centek Laboratories may receive a bulk, liquid, soil or other matrix sample for headspace analysis.

Blanks

Every sample is run with a surrogate or tracer compound at a pre-established concentration. The surrogate compound run with each sample is used as a standard to measure the performance of each run of the instrument. If required, a Minican can be provided containing nitrogen to be run as a trip blank with your samples.

Sampling Equipment

Centek Laboratories will be happy to provide the canisters to carry-out your sampling event at no charge. The necessary accessories, such as regulators, tubing or personal sampling belts, are also provided to meet your sampling needs. The customer is responsible for all shipping charges to the client's destination and return shipping to the laboratory. Client assumes all responsibility for lost, stolen and any damages of equipment.

Turn Around time (TAT)

Centek Laboratories will provide results to its clients in one business-week by 6:00pm EST after receipt of samples. For example, if samples are received on a Monday they are due on the following Monday by 6:00pm EST. Results are faxed or emailed to the requested location indicated on the Chain of Custody. Non-routine analysis may require more than the one business-week turnaround time. Please confirm non-routine sample turnaround times.

Reporting

Results are emailed or faxed at no additional charge. A hard copy of the result report is mailed within 24 hours of the faxing or emailing of your results. Cat "B" like packages are within 3-4 weeks from time of analysis. Standard Electronic Disk Deliverables (EDD) is also available at no additional charge.

Payment Terms

Payment for all purchases shall be due within 30 days from date of invoice. The client agrees to pay a finance charge of 1.5% per month on the overdue balance and cost of collection, including attorney fees, if collection proceedings are necessary. You must have a completed credit application on file to extend credit. Purchase orders or cheeks information must be submitted

Rush Turnaround Samples

Expedited turn around times is available. Please confirm rush turnaround times with Client Services before submitting samples.

Applicable Surcharges for Rush Turnaround Samples: Same day TAT = 200%

Next business day TAT by Noon = 150%

Next business day TAT by 6:00pm = 100%

Second business day TAT by 6:00pm = 75%

Third business day TAT by 6:00pm = 50%

Fourth business day TAT by 6:00pm = 35%

Fifth business day = Standard

Statement of Confidentiality

Centek Laboratories, LLC is aware of the importance of the confidentiality of results to many of our clients. Your name and data will be held in the strictest of confidence. We will not accept business that may constitute a conflict of interest. We commonly sign Confidential Nondisclosure Agreements with clients prior to beginning work. All research, results and reports will be kept strictly confidential. Secrecy Agreements and Disclosure Statements will be signed for the client if so specified. Results will be provided only to the addressee specified on the Chain of Custody Form submitted with the samples unless law requires release. Written permission is required from the addressee to release results to any other party.

Limitation on Liability

Centek Laboratories, LLC warrants the test results to be accurate to the methodology and sample type for each sample submitted to Centek Laboratories, LLC. In no event shall Centek Laboratories, LLC be liable for direct, indirect, special, punitive, incidental, exemplary or consequential damages, or any damages whatsoever, even if Centek Laboratories, LLC has been previously advised of the possibility of such damages whether in an action under contract, negligence, or any other theory, arising out of or in connection with the use, inability to use or performance of the information, services, products and materials available from the laboratory or this site. These limitations shall apply notwithstanding any failure of essential purpose of any limited remedy. Because some jurisdictions do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, or the exclusion or limitation of liability for consequential or incidental damages, the above limitations may not apply to you. This is a comprehensive limitation of liability that applies to all damages of any kind, including (without limitation) compensatory, direct, indirect or consequential damages, loss of data, income or profit and or loss of or damage to property and claims of third parties.



Date: 04-Mar-15

CLIENT:

PVE Sheffler

Project:

Beekman Town Garage

Lab Order:

C1502051

CASE NARRATIVE

Samples were analyzed using the methods outlined in the following references:

Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds, Compendium Method TO-15, January 1999 and Centek Laboratories, LLC SOP TS-80:

All method blanks, laboratory spikes, and/or matrix spikes met quality assurance objective except as indicated in the corrective action report(s). All samples were received and analyzed within the EPA recommended holding times. Test results are not Method Blank (MB) corrected for contamination.

NYSDEC ASP samples:

Canisters should be evacuated to a reading of less than or equal to 50 millitorr prior to shipment to sampling personnel. The vacuum in the canister will be field checked prior to sampling, and must read 28" of Hg (±2", vacuum, absolute) before a sample can be collected. After the sample has been collected, the pressure of the canister will be read and recorded again, and must be 5" of Hg (±1", vacuum, absolute) for the sample to be valid. Once received at the laboratory, the canister vacuum should be confirmed to be 5" of Hg,±1". Please record and report the pressure/vacuum of received canisters on the sample receipt paperwork. A pressure/vacuum reading should also be taken just prior to the withdrawal of sample from the canister, and recorded on the sample preparation log sheet. All regulators are calibrated to meet these requirements before they leave the laboratory. However, due to environmental conditions and use of the equipment Centek can not guarantee that this criteria can always be achieved.

| | Centek Chain of Custody | Sustody | | Site Name: BETKINAN TOWN CARME | DWN CARM | Dètection Limit | Report Level | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|---|-----------|
| Centak Leboratories | 143 Midler Park Drive | | | Project: 560581 | | - Adddg | ר רevel : | |
| | Syracuse, NY 13206 | | | PO# 160581 | | T luginds | Level II | |
| 1 | 315-431-9730 www.CenfekLabs.com | Vapor Intrusion & IAQ | | Quote # Q- 3.p/ Other: / 80 5 | 1441 | 1ug/M3 +TCE.25 | Cat "B" Like | |
| Turnaround Time: One/ | k Rush TAT Due | 0- | VE SHEFFLER | FLER, LLC | Company: | ff Same: | | |
| 5 Business Days 4 Business Days | 0% 25% | Report to: Address: ←8 | SPRINGSIDE | DE ME | Invoice to: Address: | | | |
| 3 Business Days 2 Business Days | 50% | City, State, Zip | ,—, | 1 1 | City, State, | Zip | | |
| Next Day by 5pm | 100% | Email: chrown@pricsheffler. com | m@ picsh | effer. Com | Email: | | | |
| Next Day by Noon Same Day | 150% | Phone: 845 | on@ pues - 454 - 255 | 500@ 20csheffler. com 5-454 -2594 | Phone: | | | |
| Sample ID | Date Sampled | Canister Number | Regulator Number | Analysis Request | | Comments | Vacuum Start/Stop | |
| IA-1 20150223 | 2/23/15 -> 2/24/15 | 1194 | 455 | 70-15 | 2/23/15 | 2 2 Pag 15 | 27 -7 9 | |
| ، ہا۔ | I ~ | 13 | 443 | | 2/23/15 | 3/14/15 | | |
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| | | | | | | | | |
| Chain of Custody | <u>e</u> | T. | Signature | 110 | Date/Time | CIRCLE | | |
| Sampled by: | ATAN MASON | | \$ | | 2/20/2 | FedEx> UPS Pick | Pickup/Dropoff | |
| Relinquished by: | AAS MASON | | 1 | 72 | 2/24 (X | For LAB USE ONLY | | 4 |
| Received at Lab by: | 100 (10/v | • | | malle | 3-25-15 | Work Order # C/ | 502051 | 18 |
| *** By signing Centek Labs Chain of bustody, you are accepting Centek | ain of Lustody, you are acce | | abs ferms and | Terms and Conditions listed on the reverse side. | he reverse si | de | | |

| CENTEK LABORATOR | RIES, LLC | | | | Sample Re | ceipt Che | ecklist |
|---|--|-------|---------------------------------------|---|--|-------------|-----------------|
| Cilent Name PVE SHEFFLER - POUGH | | | | Date and Ti | me Receive | | 2/25/2015 |
| Work Order Numbe C1502051 | | / | 7 | Received by | JDS | | |
| Checklist completed by Signature Matrix: | Carrier name: | FedE | Ex Ground | Reviewed by | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | <u>></u> | 2)25/15 Oale |
| Shinning and | | Yes | افتا | No 🗔 | Not Presen | | |
| Shipping containe cooler in good condition? | 2 | | | | | ⊠ | |
| Custody seals infact on shippping container/cools | er <i>t</i> | Yes | | No 🗆 | Not Presen | | |
| Custody seals intact on sample bottles? | | Yes | | No 🗀 | Not Presen | V. | |
| Chain of custody present? | | Yes | | No 🗆 | | | |
| Chain of custody signed when relinquished and re | eceived? | Yes | | No 🗀 | | | |
| Chain of custody agrees with sample labels? | | Yes | | No [II] | | | |
| Samples in proper container/bottle? | | Yes | | No 🖂 | | | |
| Sample containers intact? | | Yes | | No 🗔 | | | |
| Sufficient sample volume for indicated test? | | Yes | Ø | No 🗀 | | | |
| All samples received within holding time? | | Yes | X | No 🗀 | | | |
| Container/Temp Blank temperature in compliance | e? | Yes | \odot | No 🗔 | | | |
| Water - VOA vials have zero headspace? | No VOA vials subm | itted | V | Yes L | No 🗀 | | |
| Water - pH acceptable upon receipt? | | Yes | | No 🗹 | | | |
| • | Adjusted? | | Chec | ked by | | _ | |
| Any No and/or NA (not applicable) response mus | t be detailed in the co | mme | nts section t | oe | | | |
| Client contacted (| Date contacted: | | | Per | son contacted | | |
| Contacted by: | Regarding: | | | | | | |
| Comments: | and the second s | | | | | | |
| Corrective Action | | | A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | (A), (A), (B) | and a suite of the | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | |

Date: 04-Mar-15



CLIENT:

PVE Sheffler

Project:

Beekman Town Garage

Lab Order:

C1502051

Work Order Sample Summary

Lab Sample ID Client Sample ID

Tag Number

as was a straight of the service measures of the contract was also be a serviced as a first of the contract of

Collection Date

Date Received

C1502051-001A IA-1 20150223

1184,455

2/23/2015

2/25/2015

C1502051-002A IA-2 20150223

131,443

2/23/2015

2/25/2015

| Centek Lal | Centek Laboratories, LLC | | | | 04-Mar-15 | | |
|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------|
| Lab Order: | C1502051 | | | Lab Order: C1502051 | | | |
| Client: | PVE Sheffler | | | | DATES REPORT | EPORT | |
| Project: | Beekman Town Garage | | | | | | |
| Sample ID | Clicat Sample 1D | Cellection Date | Matrix | Test Name | TCLP Date Prep Date | | Analysis Date |
| C1502051-001A | IA-1 20150223 | 2/23/2015 | Air | lug/M3 by Method TO15 | | | 2/25/2015 |
| | | | | lug/M3 by Method TO15 | | | 2/25/2015 |
| C1502051-002A | LA-2 20150223 | | | lug/M3 by Method TO15 | | | 2/26/2015 |
| | | | | lug/M3 by Method TO15 | | | 22252015 |
| | | | | lug/M3 by Method TO15 | | | 2/25/2015 |

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-1 20150223

Lab Order:C1502051Tag Number:1184,455Project:Beekman Town GarageCollection Date:2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-001A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit Qu | al Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|------------|----------|----|-----------------------|
| FIELD PARAMETERS | | FLD | | | Analyst: |
| Lab Vacuum In | -9 | | "Hg | | 2/25/2015 |
| Lab Vacuum Out | -30 | | "Hg | | 2/25/2015 |
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | TO-15 | | | Analyst: RJP |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 0.22 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0.11 | 0.15 J | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,3-butadiene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 0.30 | 0.30 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 2,2,4-trimethylpentane | 0.11 | 0.15 J | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 4-ethyltoluene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Acetone | 6.1 | 3.0 | ppbV | 10 | 2/25/2015 11:13:00 PM |
| Allyl chloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Benzene | 0.41 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Benzyl chloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Bromoform | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Bromomethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Carbon disulfide | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Carbon tetrachloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chloroform | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chloromethane | 0.48 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Cyclohexane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Ethyl acetate | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |

Qualifiers:

Date: 26-Feb-15

Page 1 of 4

^{**} Reporting Limit

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

[.] Results reported are not blank corrected

E Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-1 20150223

Lab Order:C1502051Tag Number:1184,455Project:Beekman Town GarageCollection Date:2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-001A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit | Qual U | J nits | DF | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|---------|--------|---------------|----|----------------------|
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | TO- | ·15 | | | Analyst: RJP |
| Ethylbenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Freon 11 | 0.26 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Freon 113 | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Freon 114 | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Freon 12 | 0.58 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Heptane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Hexane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Isopropyl alcohol | 0.96 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| m&p-Xylene | 0.25 | 0.30 | J p | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl Butyl Ketone | < 0.30 | 0.30 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 0.53 | 0.30 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | < 0.30 | 0.30 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methylene chloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| o-Xylene | 0.10 | 0.15 | J p | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Propylene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Styrene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Tetrachloroethylene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Toluene | 0.63 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Trichloroethene | 0.30 | 0.15 | p | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Vinyl acetate | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Vinyl chloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | р | pbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Surr: Bromofluorobenzene | 80.0 | 70-130 | 9 | 6REC | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |

Qualifiers: ** Reporting Limit

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

. Results reported are not blank corrected

E Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

Date: 26-Feb-15

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 4

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-2 20150223

Lab Order: C1502051 **Tag Number:** 131,443

Project: Beekman Town Garage **Collection Date:** 2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-002A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit Qua | Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------|-------|----|-----------------------|
| FIELD PARAMETERS | | FLD | | | Analyst: |
| Lab Vacuum In | -8 | | "Hg | | 2/25/2015 |
| Lab Vacuum Out | -30 | | "Hg | | 2/25/2015 |
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | TO-15 | | | Analyst: RJP |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1.0 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0.28 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,3-butadiene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 0.30 | 0.30 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 2,2,4-trimethylpentane | 0.19 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| 4-ethyltoluene | 0.27 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Acetone | 20 | 12 | ppbV | 40 | 2/26/2015 12:24:00 AM |
| Allyl chloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Benzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Benzyl chloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Bromoform | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Bromomethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Carbon disulfide | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Carbon tetrachloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Chlorobenzene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Chloroethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Chloroform | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Chloromethane | 0.59 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Cyclohexane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.15 | 0.15 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Ethyl acetate | < 0.25 | 0.25 | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |

Qualifiers:

Date: 26-Feb-15

Page 3 of 4

^{**} Reporting Limit

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

[.] Results reported are not blank corrected

E Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-2 20150223

Lab Order: C1502051 **Tag Number:** 131,443

Project: Beekman Town Garage Collection Date: 2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-002A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit | Qual | Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|---------|------|-------|----|-----------------------|
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | ТО | -15 | | | Analyst: RJP |
| Ethylbenzene | 1.3 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Freon 11 | 0.25 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Freon 113 | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Freon 114 | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Freon 12 | 0.58 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Heptane | 0.71 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Hexane | 0.35 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Isopropyl alcohol | 2.8 | 1.5 | | ppbV | 10 | 2/25/2015 11:49:00 PM |
| m&p-Xylene | 3.8 | 0.30 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl Butyl Ketone | < 0.30 | 0.30 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 0.64 | 0.30 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 0.26 | 0.30 | J | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methylene chloride | 0.11 | 0.15 | J | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| o-Xylene | 1.1 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Propylene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Styrene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 0.23 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Toluene | 1.7 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Trichloroethene | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Vinyl acetate | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Vinyl chloride | < 0.15 | 0.15 | | ppbV | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Surr: Bromofluorobenzene | 93.0 | 70-130 | | %REC | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |

Qualifiers: ** Reporting Limit

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

. Results reported are not blank corrected

E Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

Date: 26-Feb-15

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Page 4 of 4

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-1 20150223

Lab Order: C1502051 Tag Number: 1184,455

Project: Beekman Town Garage Collection Date: 2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-001A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit | Qual | Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|---------|------|-------|----|-----------------------|
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | TO |)-15 | | | Analyst: RJP |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.82 | 0.82 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 1.0 | 1.0 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.82 | 0.82 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.61 | 0.61 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.59 | 0.59 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 1.1 | 1.1 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1.1 | 0.74 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | < 1.2 | 1.2 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.90 | 0.90 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.61 | 0.61 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.69 | 0.69 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0.54 | 0.74 | J | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,3-butadiene | < 0.33 | 0.33 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.90 | 0.90 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.90 | 0.90 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 1.1 | 1.1 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 2,2,4-trimethylpentane | 0.51 | 0.70 | J | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| 4-ethyltoluene | < 0.74 | 0.74 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Acetone | 14 | 7.1 | | ug/m3 | 10 | 2/25/2015 11:13:00 PM |
| Allyl chloride | < 0.47 | 0.47 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Benzene | 1.3 | 0.48 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Benzyl chloride | < 0.86 | 0.86 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 1.0 | 1.0 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Bromoform | < 1.6 | 1.6 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Bromomethane | < 0.58 | 0.58 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Carbon disulfide | < 0.47 | 0.47 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Carbon tetrachloride | < 0.94 | 0.94 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chlorobenzene | < 0.69 | 0.69 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chloroethane | < 0.40 | 0.40 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chloroform | < 0.73 | 0.73 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Chloromethane | 0.99 | 0.31 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.59 | 0.59 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.68 | 0.68 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Cyclohexane | < 0.52 | 0.52 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 1.3 | 1.3 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Ethyl acetate | < 0.90 | 0.90 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Ethylbenzene | < 0.65 | 0.65 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Freon 11 | 1.5 | 0.84 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Freon 113 | < 1.1 | 1.1 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Freon 114 | < 1.0 | 1.0 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |

Qualifiers:

- ** Reporting Limit
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.
- S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- . Results reported are not blank corrected
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

Date: 26-Feb-15

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Page 1 of 4

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-1 20150223

Lab Order:C1502051Tag Number:1184,455Project:Beekman Town GarageCollection Date:2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-001A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit | Qual | Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|---------|------|-------|--------------|----------------------|
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | то | | | Analyst: RJP | |
| Freon 12 | 2.9 | 0.74 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Heptane | < 0.61 | 0.61 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 1.6 | 1.6 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Hexane | < 0.53 | 0.53 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Isopropyl alcohol | 2.4 | 0.37 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| m&p-Xylene | 1.1 | 1.3 | J | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl Butyl Ketone | < 1.2 | 1.2 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 1.6 | 0.88 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | < 1.2 | 1.2 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether | < 0.54 | 0.54 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Methylene chloride | < 0.52 | 0.52 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| o-Xylene | 0.43 | 0.65 | J | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Propylene | < 0.26 | 0.26 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Styrene | < 0.64 | 0.64 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Tetrachloroethylene | < 1.0 | 1.0 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 0.44 | 0.44 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Toluene | 2.4 | 0.57 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.59 | 0.59 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.68 | 0.68 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Trichloroethene | 1.6 | 0.81 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Vinyl acetate | < 0.53 | 0.53 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.66 | 0.66 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |
| Vinyl chloride | < 0.38 | 0.38 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 8:48:00 PM |

Qualifiers: ** Reporting Limit

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

. Results reported are not blank corrected

E Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

Date: 26-Feb-15

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 4

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-2 20150223

Lab Order: C1502051 **Tag Number:** 131,443

Project: Beekman Town Garage **Collection Date:** 2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-002A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit Qı | ual Units | DF | Date Analyzed | | |
|---------------------------|--------|------------|-----------|----|-----------------------|--|--|
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | TO-15 | | | Analyst: RJP | | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.82 | 0.82 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 1.0 | 1.0 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.82 | 0.82 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 0.61 | 0.61 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.59 | 0.59 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 1.1 | 1.1 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 5.0 | 0.74 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | < 1.2 | 1.2 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.90 | 0.90 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.61 | 0.61 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.69 | 0.69 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 1.4 | 0.74 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,3-butadiene | < 0.33 | 0.33 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.90 | 0.90 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.90 | 0.90 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 1.1 | 1.1 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 2,2,4-trimethylpentane | 0.89 | 0.70 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| 4-ethyltoluene | 1.3 | 0.74 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Acetone | 47 | 28 | ug/m3 | 40 | 2/26/2015 12:24:00 AM | | |
| Allyl chloride | < 0.47 | 0.47 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Benzene | < 0.48 | 0.48 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Benzyl chloride | < 0.86 | 0.86 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 1.0 | 1.0 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Bromoform | < 1.6 | 1.6 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Bromomethane | < 0.58 | 0.58 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Carbon disulfide | < 0.47 | 0.47 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Carbon tetrachloride | < 0.94 | 0.94 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Chlorobenzene | < 0.69 | 0.69 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Chloroethane | < 0.40 | 0.40 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Chloroform | < 0.73 | 0.73 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Chloromethane | 1.2 | 0.31 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.59 | 0.59 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.68 | 0.68 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Cyclohexane | < 0.52 | 0.52 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 1.3 | 1.3 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Ethyl acetate | < 0.90 | 0.90 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Ethylbenzene | 5.5 | 0.65 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Freon 11 | 1.4 | 0.84 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Freon 113 | < 1.1 | 1.1 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |
| Freon 114 | < 1.0 | 1.0 | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM | | |

Qualifiers:

Date: 26-Feb-15

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^{**} Reporting Limit

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

[.] Results reported are not blank corrected

E Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

CLIENT: PVE Sheffler Client Sample ID: IA-2 20150223

Lab Order: C1502051 **Tag Number:** 131,443

Project: Beekman Town Garage Collection Date: 2/23/2015

Lab ID: C1502051-002A **Matrix:** AIR

| Analyses | Result | **Limit | Qual | Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
|---------------------------|--------|---------|------|-------|--------------|-----------------------|
| 1UG/M3 BY METHOD TO15 | | ТО | | | Analyst: RJP | |
| Freon 12 | 2.9 | 0.74 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Heptane | 2.9 | 0.61 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 1.6 | 1.6 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Hexane | 1.2 | 0.53 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Isopropyl alcohol | 6.9 | 3.7 | | ug/m3 | 10 | 2/25/2015 11:49:00 PM |
| m&p-Xylene | 17 | 1.3 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl Butyl Ketone | < 1.2 | 1.2 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 1.9 | 0.88 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 1.1 | 1.2 | J | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether | < 0.54 | 0.54 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Methylene chloride | 0.38 | 0.52 | J | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| o-Xylene | 4.6 | 0.65 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Propylene | < 0.26 | 0.26 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Styrene | < 0.64 | 0.64 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 1.6 | 1.0 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 0.44 | 0.44 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Toluene | 6.3 | 0.57 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.59 | 0.59 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 0.68 | 0.68 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Trichloroethene | < 0.81 | 0.81 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Vinyl acetate | < 0.53 | 0.53 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.66 | 0.66 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |
| Vinyl chloride | < 0.38 | 0.38 | | ug/m3 | 1 | 2/25/2015 9:27:00 PM |

Qualifiers: ** Reporting Limit

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

. Results reported are not blank corrected

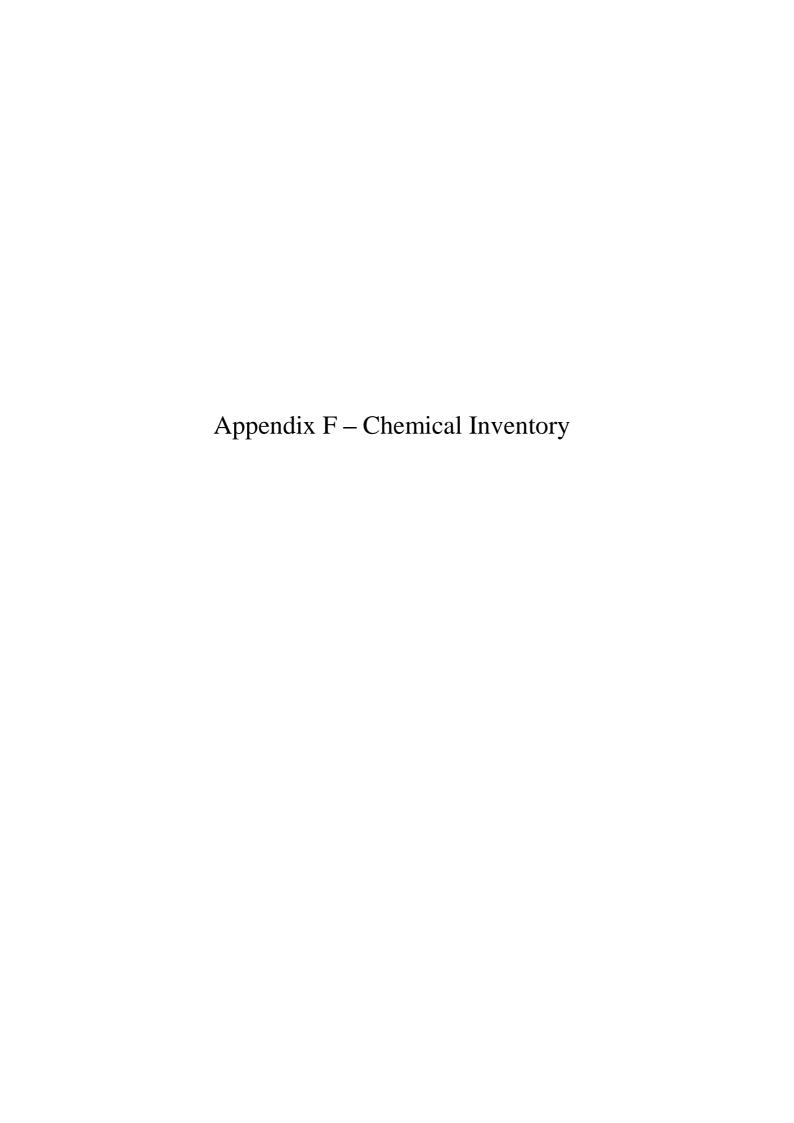
E Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

Date: 26-Feb-15

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

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13. PRODUCT INVENTORY FORM

Make & Model of field instrument used:

| N | A |
|---|---|
| | |

List specific products found in the residence that have the potential to affect indoor air quality.

| | | | | | VOC Based | |
|----------|----------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Location | Product Description | Size (units) | Condition* | Description Chamical Ingrodients | Field/// Instrument Reading (units) | Photo** Y/N |
| 0 | Auto Reducer | 2 Pint | (500d | Nason 483-15 | Yes | Yes |
| | EtchPrimer | 1 Gal | Fair | Nason 491-17 | Yes | Xes |
| | Auto base coat | 162 | Fair | Nason Ful-Base & | Yes | Yes |
| | Epoxy Primer | 1602 | Good | Crossfire CH200 | Yes | Xos |
| | Reducer | 160 | Good | CrossFire CR733 | Yes | Xes |
| | Cleaner/disinfection | 190Z | Fair | Share Corp. Foaming ner | Yes | Yes |
| | Lubricant | 1202 | Fair | Share DI-LUBE | Maybe | Yes |
| | Lubricant | 160Z | | Share Anti-Seize | Maybe | YES |
| | Cleaner/Polish | 1902 | Good | Share Primo! Glass Cleane | r Maybe | Xes |
| | waterless wash | 1702 | | Wash & Wax | Low | Yes |
| | Clearcoat | 1946 11ters | Good | Deltron DC 3000 | Yes | Yes |
| | Hardener | 1/Z PINT | Good | Detron DCH3085 | Maybe | Yes |
| | Primer Catalyst | 2 guart | Good | Omni MP 175 | Yes | Yes |
| | Epoxy Primer | Gallon | Fair | Omni MP 170 | Yes | Yes |
| | Body-Filler | 1202 | Fair | Bondo Body Filler | Yes | Yes |
| | Bodyfiller | 1 Gal | Fair | USC Fiberglass Filled Fill | er Yes | Yes. |
| , | Topcoat | 32°Z | Fair | Rustoleum 7715 | Yes | Yes. |
| | Topcoat | 320 | | Rustoleum 7738 | Yes | Yes |
| | Topcoat | 3000 | Fair | Rustoleum 7792 | Yes | Yes |

^{*} Describe the condition of the product containers as Unopened (UO), Used (U), or Deteriorated (D)
** Photographs of the front and back of product containers can replace the handwritten list of chemical ingredients. However, the photographs must be of good quality and ingredient labels must be legible.

* see MSDS for chemical ingredients

BTSA\Sections\SIS\Oil Spills\Guidance Docs\Aiproto4.doc

. . / 1

| 1 | 3 | PI | Q | 0 | T | 1 | H | C | Г | T | V | V | F | N | JT | Г | 0 | R | 7 | 1 | F | n | R | 7 | И | ĺ |
|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Make & Model of field instrument used: | N | 14 | |
|--|---|----|--|
| | | | |

List specific products found in the residence that have the potential to affect indoor air quality.

VOC Based

| Location | Product Description | Size (units) | Condition* | Chemical Ingredients | Field Instrument Reading (units) | Photo** Y/N |
|----------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------|---|-------------|
| | Protective enamel | 126 FI 02 | Good | Pitt-tech 90-306 | Yes | Yes |
| | Acrylic Urethane | 3/4 Gal | Good | Kirker UA-70330 | Yes | Yes |
| | Auto body Filler | 7.516 | Good | Cargroom body Filler | Yes | Yes |
| | Wasp Spray | 1202 | Good | The End Wasp & hornet | NO | Yes |
| | Vinyl & Rubber protectant | 20.8 Fl. 02 | Good | Turtle Wax Super stectant | Yes | Yes |
| | Spray Car Wax | 282 | Good | Turtle Wax Spraywax | Yes | Yes |
| | Urethane | 16al | Good | Nason Ful-thane 2k | Likely | Yes |
| | Ice melt rinse | 1Gal | Good | Share Salt Away | Maybe | Yes |
| | Pour Point depressant | -79t? | Good | Parko C.F.I. | Maybe | 405 |
| | Acrylic Enamel | | | American Supercrylic | Yes | Yes |
| | Oil base ename | 16al | | Majic oil base enamel | Yes | Ye5 |
| | L'úbricant cleaner | 1202 | Good | Share Pneuma Plus | Yes | Yes |
| | Orethane Enamel | 16al | Good | Napa Urethane Ename | Yes | 425 |
| | Fyel | 4Gal | Good | Gasoline/Mixed Gas | Yes | YP5 |
| | 011 | 4 Gal | Fair | Motor oil | Yes | Yes |
| | Hydrailic Oil | ZGal | fair | Hydraulie Oil | Yes | Yes |
| | 011 | 1601 | fair | CJ-4 oil | Yes | Yes |
| | Automotive Reducer | 1 Gol | Good | Nason 441-43 | Yes | Yes |
| | Epoxy Primer | 16al | Fair | CrossFire CP400 | Yes. | Yes |

^{*} Describe the condition of the product containers as **Unopened (UO)**, **Used (U)**, or **Deteriorated (D)**** Photographs of the **front and back** of product containers can replace the handwritten list of chemical ingredients. However, the photographs must be of good quality and ingredient labels must be legible.

* See MSDS, for chemical ingredients
P: Sections SIS Oil Spills Guidance Docs OSR-3.doc



PROFESSIONALLY MIXED FROM DUPONT COMPONENTS PRODUIT MÉLANGÉ PROFESSIONNELLEMENT À PARTIR DE COMPOSANTS DUPON

Du Pont

CHRYSLER PR4 FLAME RED FUL-BASE BC B9326 IF D

| | 439.9 | 408.5 |
|--------|--------|--------|
| 430-18 | 848.4 | 295.5 |
| 430-25 | 1143.9 | 79.9 |
| 430-45 | 1223.8 | 6.7 |
| 430-08 | | |
| 430-02 | 1230.5 | 2156.1 |
| 135-93 | 3386.6 | ns. H- |

ALBERT KEMPERLE INC WPS: H-F © 2000-13. El. du Pont de Nemours and Company.

VS: 3 VOCLE SS VOCAPES

Gallon

DANGER! FLAMMABLE LIQUID
MAY CAUSE PERMANENT LUNG INJU (Follow warnings on

The miracles of science

Etch Prime Primer Réac f Primario Acondici na

WARNING! FLAMMABLE LIQUID IN SITIZATION (FINHALED, MAY CAUSE Back P. Francisco, Control of Control SITIZATION. (Follow warnings on a detra-Français au dos.) (Para el Español, vea

ONE U.S. GALLON / 3,785 LITRES / 3,71

The miracles of sci3m

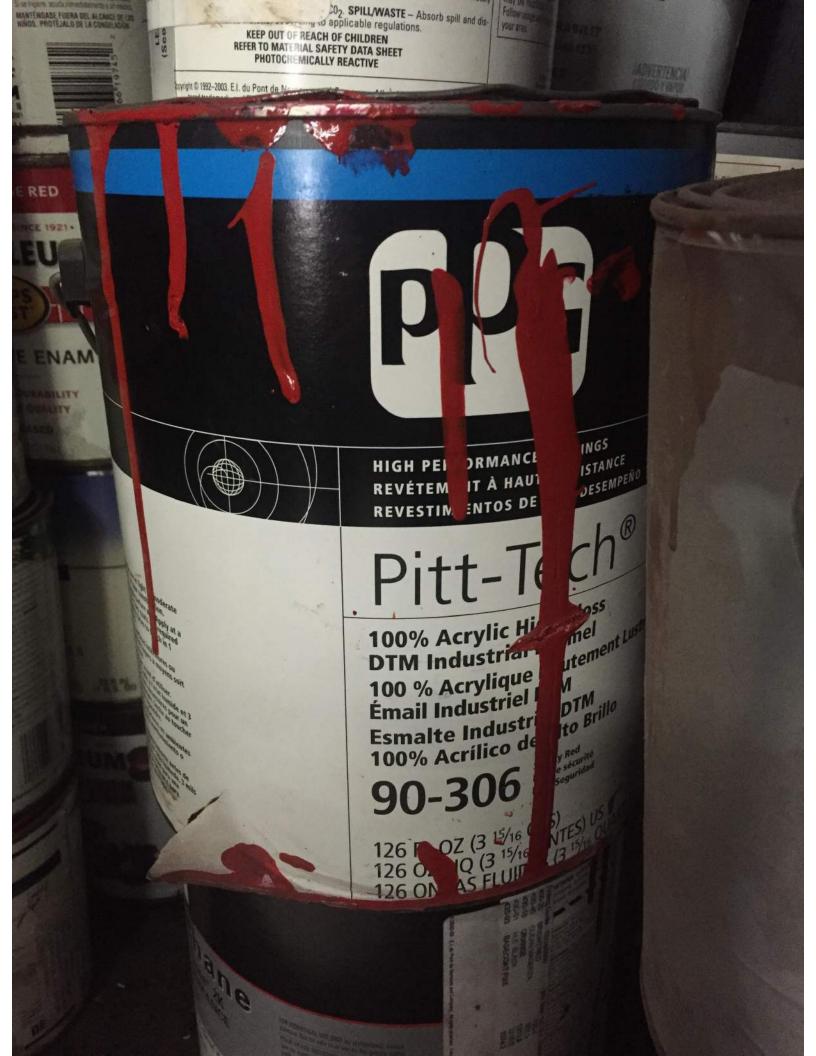
American



Single-Stage



Piemium Acrylic Enamel From The Super-Tine Mixing System



GLOSS WHITE 7792 ADVERTENCIA. No ingo DQUALITY SINCE 1921 . alivi **FOLEUM®** STOPS terior Oil Ba RUST 8-2990 Gloss CTIVE ENAMEL GIOR DURABILITY DR EMIUM QUALITY NAMEL OIL-BASED IADVERTENCIA! LIQUIDO Y VAPOR 27.02(10T).946L COMBUSTIBLES RED Observer otras precauciones al dors PREMIUM OIL BASED ENAMEL antee* NAMEL ONGER LASTING Great Coverage LITY PROTECTION ALUMINUM 7715 WIER GREEN OLEUM SINCE 1921. IVE EN







Activator Reducer Activeur Diluant Catalizador Reductor

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

MIXING AND THINNING: Mix equal parts (1 to 1) of 491-17" Etch Primer and 441-43" Activator Beducer and star thoroughly.

5x 491-30" Mix equal parts (1 to 1) 491-30" Etch

or 431-30" use with aluminum substrates. Mix 3-1-1 Mix 2 parts 481-30" with 1 part 441-43" and 1 part 441-66" Thinner, Mix well.

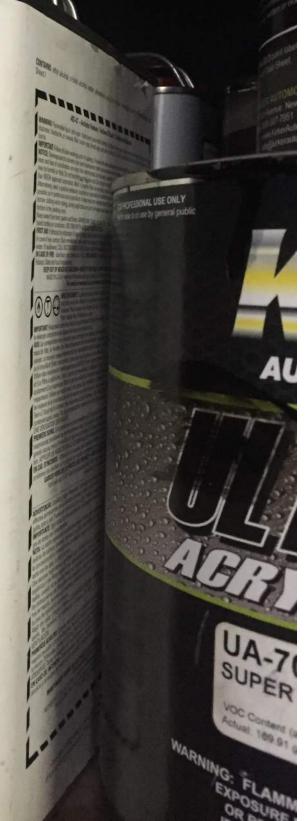
APPLICATION: Spray one medium wet coat at 30-40 psi Allow 30 minutes to dry before applying primer-surfacer.

NOTE: Should only be applied to steel, aluminum, and featheredged old paint.

FOR VOC REGULATED AREAS. These directions refer to the use of products which may be expected or require special mixing instructions in the VOC compliant Products. Chart for your area.



2N-A00454626-01804 page



EXPOSURT



Mid-Te-Active us Activado

MP170

Epoxy Primer - Gray

Apprêt époxy - gris

Primer endxico - gris

and the Land Comme

MP175

Epoxy Primer Catalyst

Catalyseur pour couche d'app époxy

Catalizador para primer epon



UN QUART DE GALLON U.S. UN CUARTO DE GALON EE.UU

CROSS/FIRE® OVERALL REFINISH SYSTEM

MODERATE REDUCER
REDUCTOR MODERADO

GALCR733



CH200

Epoxy Primer Hardener Durcisseur pour Apprêt Époxydique **Endurecedor Primario** Epóxico

IMPORTANT. FORMULATED FOR APPLICATION By trained professionals using proper Equipment under controlled use conditions.

16 II a (1 U.S.P)

NOT INTENDED FOR THE RETAIL TRADE. using, carefully read CAUTIONS alsowhere on label

Cross Fili.

CP 400 Epoxy Primer Gris Primario Gris Primario

TO PROPER VILATEY

xydique

MONALS



Thane® 2K Urethane Lane Ful-Thane® 2K / Poliuretano Ful-Thane® 2K

RIOR URETHANE QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE

PROFESSIONALLY MIXED FROM DUPONT COMPONENTS RODUIT MÉLANGE PROFESSIONNELLEMENT À PARTIR DE COMPOSANTS DUPONT MEZCLADOS PROFESIONALMENTE POR DUPONT

8/20/2014 Cromax VS: 4 VOC-LE: 4.5 VOC-AP: 4.5 NAVISTAR Lead Free RED FUL-THANE URETHANE SS K9520 IB E Std # 484226 128.00Z 678.5 430-45 678.5 430-08 1130.8 452.3 430-04 1396.0 1403.8 7.8 3735.7 2331.9 ALBERT KEMPERLE INC WPS: H- F- R- PPE
Availa Coating Systems, LLC All rights reserved. ColorNet® software program. Data Version 1287

VHALED. IC RESectez les

Salue au uos. / It ala ci Lopalloi, vea ucuas ci palici. FREE READ LABEL. (See reverse side of label for additional ingredients.)



The miracles of science

bondo BODY FILLER

RELLENADOR PARA CARROCERIA



al formula for fast, easy repair and restoration of your vehicle lead para una rápida y fácil reparación y restauración de su ve

MANTENGALO FUERA DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NI PESO NETO 793 g (1 Lb 12 OZ) MASILLA 21 g (0, 75 OZ) ENDURECEDOR No. 262



FOR

DPARA

Light Weight Ligero LLENADOR DEL CUERPO

iberglas

Strong, for Meta **Fibergla** with white cream nardener

For Dents, Stone Chips Para abolladuras, picaduras CAUTION: CONTENTS FLAMMABLE VAPOR HARVES.

PRECAUCIÓN

EL VAPOR AUDIÓN

CAUTION: CONTENTS FLAMMABLE VAPOR HARVES.

PRECAUCIÓN

EL VAPOR AUDIÓN

See precautions on back panel.

EL VAPOR AUDIÓN

SEE PRECAUCIÓN

SEE PRECAUCIÓ PRECAUCIÓN: CONTENIDO INFLAPRODUCE

IRRITACIÓN EN LA PIELY EN LOS OJOS.

CONTAINS: NET WIT 7.5 L RS / 3 40kg FILLER

CONTAINS: NET WT 7.5 LBS / 3.40kg FILLER
NET WT 2.75 OZ / 77.9g HARDENER
PESO NETO 7.5 LBS/3.40 KG DE RELLENADOR
NETO 2.75 OZ/77.9 G DE ENDURECEDOR









ALT AWAY ICE MELT RINSE ADDITIVE

REMOVES CORROSIVE FILM LEFT BY ICE MELTING CHEMICALS

Net Contents: 1 Gallon

CAUTION

See side panel for additional cautions and first aid instructions

KEEP OUT OF DEADLI OF CAUTION





AUTOMOTIVE FINISHES

PROPER BOX MUST BE MARKED.

LEAD CONTAINING
FORMULA

ACTION AL RULE COMPLIANT
URETHANE ENAMEL

One

ON FOUND ON MICROFICHE.

WHEN LEAD WHEN LEAD

PELIGROI DE SENTENCIA





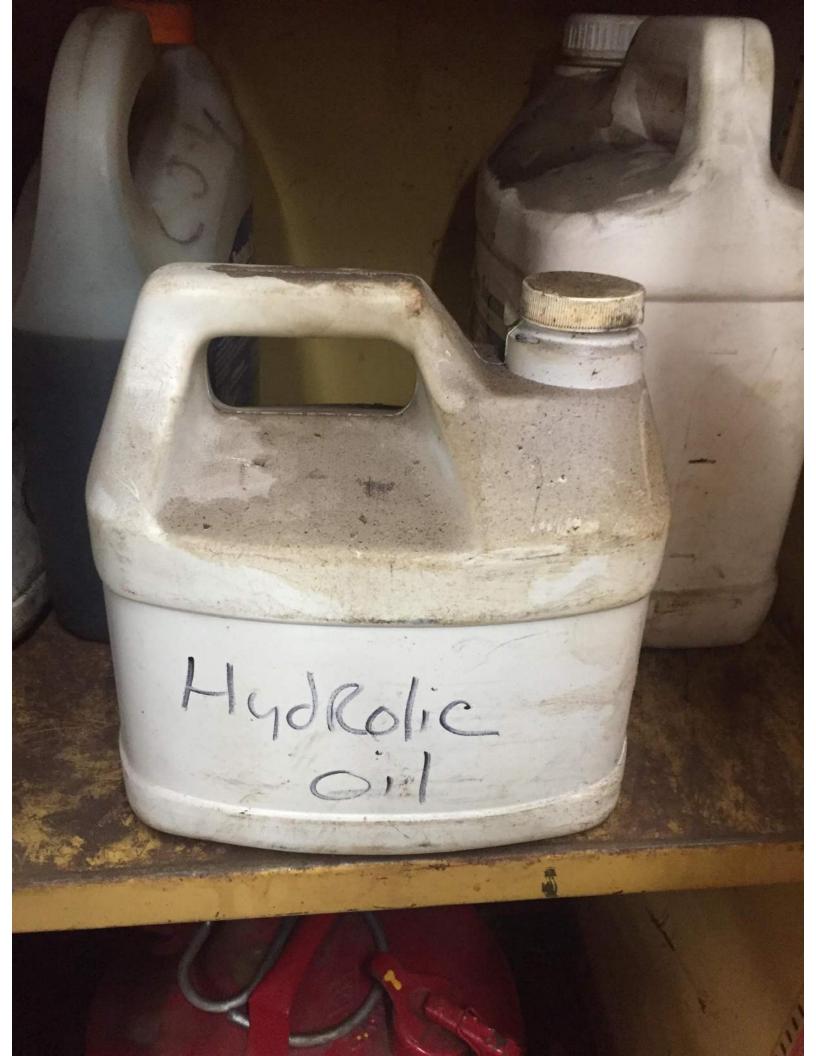


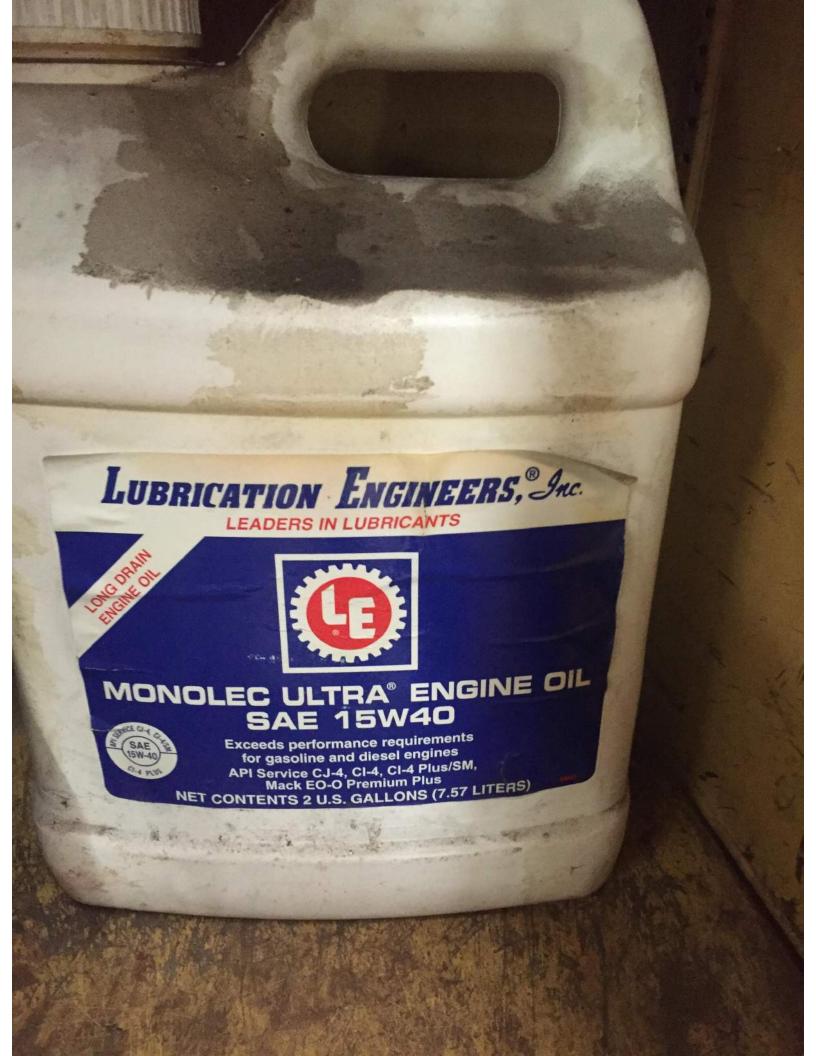


Lubricant with high Penetrate Sets into o 5 Ideal hinge US Patent moration y. Optimum e. Immediate directlying cant and n to high pro term actio to water, TING & TAPPING LUBRICA Uhaffect +392°E heads, chains ding g Instru use. CLINGING FORMULA CLINGING FORMULA OF ON CUTTING SURFACE LIQUID AND NET WEIGHT: 12 ounces POSETO DING 120 .F RESSURE DANGER: FLAMMABLE OF CHILDREN Contents Swallowed Vapor additional Contents under pressure and first OF REACH OF CHILDREN etements

























3MTM Bondo® Lightweight Body Filler 240, 260, 261, 261ES, 261M, 261C, 262, 262ES, 262M, 262C, 262ES, 262T, 262W, 265, 265C, 265ES, 265L, 265W, 267, 267C 09/01/15



Safety Data Sheet

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 Document Group:
 24-2445-5
 Version Number:
 3.00

 Issue Date:
 09/01/15
 Supercedes Date:
 08/07/14

Product identifier

3MTM Bondo® Lightweight Body Filler 240, 260, 261, 261ES, 261M, 261C, 262, 262ES, 262M, 262C, 262ES, 262T, 262W, 265, 265C, 265ES, 265L, 265W, 267, 267C

ID Number(s):

60-4550-5494-4, 60-4550-5651-9, 60-4550-5652-7, 60-4550-5653-5, 60-4550-5654-3, 60-4550-5655-0, 60-4550-5812-7, 60-4550-5659-0, 60-4550-6589-0, 60-4550-6590-8

Recommended use

Automotive

Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Article Information Sheet (AIS), or Article Information Letter (AIL) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:

29-5993-0, 24-2444-8

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In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M

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Document Group: 24-2444-8 **Version Number:** 8.00 **Issue Date:** 03/19/15 **Supercedes Date:** 03/05/15

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Bondo® Lightweight Body Filler 260, 261, 261C, 261E, 262, 262C, 262ES, 262L, 262T, 262W, 263, 264, 264S, 265, 265C, 265ES, 265T, 265W, 267, 267C

Product Identification Numbers

41-0003-6562-1, 41-0003-6642-1, 41-0003-6715-5, 41-3701-1570-5

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive, Body Repair

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket

3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **ADDRESS: Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 3.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Health Hazard |

Pictograms





Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes eye irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs:

liver |

sensory organs |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

respiratory system |

sensory organs |

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

liver |

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

50% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

36% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|---------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Polyester Resin | Trade Secret* | 15 - 40 Trade Secret * |
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | 10 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | 10 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Magnesium Carbonate | 546-93-0 | 7 - 15 Trade Secret * |
| Inert Filler | Trade Secret* | 5 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| Thickening Agent | Trade Secret* | < 3 Trade Secret * |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 0.1 - 1 Trade Secret * |

Any remaining components do not contribute to the hazards of this material.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|---------------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm;STEL:40 ppm | A4: Not class. as human |
| | | | | carcin |
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | OSHA | TWA:100 ppm;CEIL:200 ppm | |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | ACGIH | TWA:10 mg/m3 | A4: Not class. as human |
| | | | | carcin |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | CMRG | TWA(as respirable dust):5 | |
| | | | mg/m3 | |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3 | |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | ACGIH | TWA(respirable fraction):2 | A4: Not class. as human |
| | | | mg/m3 | carcin |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | CMRG | TWA(as respirable dust):0.5 | |
| | | | mg/m3 | |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | OSHA | TWA concentration(as total | |
| | | | dust):0.3 mg/m3;TWA | |
| | | | concentration(respirable):0.1 | |
| | | | mg/m3(2.4 millions of | |
| | | | particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20 | |
| | | | millions of particles/cu. ft. | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | 546-93-0 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 | |
| | | | mg/m3;TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):5 mg/m3 | |
| Inert Filler | Trade | Manufacturer | TWA(as dust):10 mg/m3 | |
| | Secret | determined | | |
| Inert Filler | Trade | ACGIH | TWA(as fiber):0.2 fiber/cc | A2: Suspected human |
| | Secret | | | carcin. |

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:

Specific Physical Form:

Paste

Odor, Color, Grade: Pungent styrene odor colored paste.

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableMelting pointNo Data Available

Boiling Point 293.00 °F [Details: CONDITIONS: (Styrene)] **Flash Point** 80 °F - 82 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate 0.1 - 0.5

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL) 0.9 %

Flammable Limits(UEL) 6.8 %

Vapor Pressure 5.2 mmHg [Details: CONDITIONS: at 20 C]

Vapor Density 3.6

Density 9.5126 lb/gal **Density** 1.14 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.14 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Solubility in WaterNegligibleSolubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data Available

Hazardous Air Pollutants0.372 lb HAPS/lb solids [Test Method: Calculated]Volatile Organic Compounds203 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]Volatile Organic Compounds17.8 % weight [Test Method: calculated per CARB title 2]

Percent volatile 18.2 % weight

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 204 g/l [*Test Method:* calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable. Stable under normal conditions. May become unstable at elevated temperatures and/or pressures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids Strong bases Strong oxidizing agents Alkali and alkaline earth metals

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance Condition Hydrocarbons Not Specified Styrene Oxide Not Specified Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate Not Specified

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

May be harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

Ocular Effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision.

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Inert Filler | Trade Secret | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Inert Filler | Trade Secret | Anticipated human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| Inert Filler | Trade Secret | Anticipated human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | Anticipated human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---------------------|-------------|---------|---|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation- | | No data available; calculated ATE 20 - 50 mg/l |
| _ | Vapor(4 hr) | | |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE 2,000 - 5,000 |
| | | | mg/kg |
| Polyester Resin | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Talc | Dermal | | LD50 Not available |
| Talc | Ingestion | | LD50 Not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 8.3 mg/l |
| | Vapor (4 | | |
| | hours) | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,000 mg/kg |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Ingestion | Mouse | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Inert Filler | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Inert Filler | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Thickening Agent | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Thickening Agent | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 12.6 mg/l |

| | Dust/Mist | | |
|------------------|-------------|--------|---------------------|
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Thickening Agent | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Titanium Dioxide | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg |
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 6.82 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Titanium Dioxide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Talc | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Styrene Monomer | official | Mild irritant |
| | classifica | |
| | tion | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | In vitro | Minimal irritation |
| | data | |
| Inert Filler | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Thickening Agent | Rat | No significant irritation |
| Titanium Dioxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Talc | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Styrene Monomer | official | Moderate irritant |
| | classifica | |
| | tion | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Inert Filler | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Thickening Agent | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Titanium Dioxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Styrene Monomer | Guinea | Not sensitizing |
| | pig | |
| Titanium Dioxide | Human | Not sensitizing |
| | and | |
| | animal | |

Respiratory Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|------|---------|-----------------|
| Talc | Human | Not sensitizing |

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|-----------------|----------|--|
| Talc | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Talc | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Styrene Monomer | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Styrene Monomer | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Inert Filler | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |

| | | sufficient for classification |
|------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Titanium Dioxide | In vivo | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Talc | Inhalation | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | | sufficient for classification |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Mouse | Carcinogenic |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Human | Carcinogenic |
| | | and | |
| | | animal | |
| Inert Filler | Inhalation | Multiple | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | animal | sufficient for classification |
| | | species | |
| Titanium Dioxide | Ingestion | Multiple | Not carcinogenic |
| | | animal | |
| | | species | |
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation | Rat | Carcinogenic |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|-----------------|------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Talc | Ingestion | Not toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg | during organogenesi s |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Not toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 21 mg/kg/day | 3 generation |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Not toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Not toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 60 days |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | during gestation |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|-----------------|------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | auditory system | Causes damage to organs | Multiple animal species | LOAEL 4.3 mg/l | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | liver | Causes damage to organs | Mouse | LOAEL 2.1 mg/l | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | endocrine system | All data are negative | Rat | NOAEL Not available | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | All data are negative | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | not available |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | oute Target Organ(s) Value | | Route Target Organ(s) Value | | Species | Test Result | llt Exposure Duration | |
|------------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--|
| Talc | Inhalation | pneumoconiosis | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure | | | |
| Talc | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 18 mg/m3 | 113 weeks | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | eyes | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | auditory system | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 1.3 mg/l | not available | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | liver | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Mouse | LOAEL 0.85 mg/l | 13 weeks | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | LOAEL 1.1 mg/l | not available | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 0.85 mg/l | 7 days | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | endocrine system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 10 days | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | LOAEL 0.09 mg/l | not available | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | heart bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles kidney and/or bladder | All data are negative | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.3 mg/l | 2 years | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | 8 weeks | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | immune system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | not available | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 677 mg/kg/day | 6 months | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Dog | NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day | 470 days | | | |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | heart respiratory system | All data are negative | Rat | NOAEL 35 mg/kg/day | 105 weeks | | | |
| Inert Filler | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL not available | occupational exposure | | | |
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 0.010 mg/l | 2 years | | | |
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis | All data are negative | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure | | | |

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

IngredientC.A.S. No% by WoStyrene Monomer100-42-510 - 30

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

IngredientC.A.S. No.ClassificationTitanium Dioxide13463-67-7Carcinogen

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 1 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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 24-2444-8
 Version Number:
 8.00

 Issue Date:
 03/19/15
 Supercedes Date:
 03/05/15

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 29-5993-0
 Version Number:
 3.02

 Issue Date:
 02/21/14
 Supercedes Date:
 10/02/12

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Cream Hardener (Red, White & Blue)

Product Identification Numbers

LB-K100-0965-7, LB-K100-0965-8, LB-K100-0965-9, LB-K100-0966-0, LB-K100-0966-1, LB-K100-0966-2, LB-K100-0966-3, LB-K100-1035-6, LB-K100-1045-4, LB-K100-1286-7, 41-0003-7987-9, 60-4550-6614-6, 60-4550-6617-9, 60-4550-6830-8, 60-4550-6981-9, 60-4550-6982-7, 60-4550-8123-6

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Organic Peroxide: Type E.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark |

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Pictograms





Hazard Statements

Heating may cause a fire.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

Keep only in original container.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

Protect from sunlight.

Store at temperatures not exceeding 32C/90F. Keep cool.

Store away from other materials.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Notes to Physician:

Not applicable

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

6% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

14% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|--|------------|------------|---------|
|--|------------|------------|---------|

| Benzoyl Peroxide | 94-36-0 | 30 - 60 Trade Secret * |
|--|-------------|------------------------|
| Water | 7732-18-5 | 10 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters | 131298-44-7 | 10 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Zinc Stearate | 557-05-1 | 3 - 7 Trade Secret * |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | 9038-95-3 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Calcium Sulfate | 7778-18-9 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | 1309-37-1 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Ferric Ferrocyanide | 14038-43-8 | 0 - 1 Trade Secret * |
| Ferric Ammonium Ferrocyanide | 25869-00-5 | 0 - 1 Trade Secret * |

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Part of the oxygen for combustion is supplied by the peroxide itself.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No unusual fire or explosion hazards are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces,

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provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store at temperatures not exceeding 32C/90F. Keep cool. Keep only in original container. Store away from other materials. Keep/store away from clothing and other combustible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|--------------------|------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | 1309-37-1 | Amer Conf of | TWA(respirable fraction):5 | |
| | | Gov. Indust. | mg/m3 | |
| | | Hyg. | | |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | 1309-37-1 | US Dept of | TWA(as fume):10 mg/m3 | |
| | | Labor - OSHA | | |
| CYANIDES | 14038-43-8 | US Dept of | TWA(as CN):5 mg/m3 | Skin Notation |
| | | Labor - OSHA | | |
| Zinc Stearate | 557-05-1 | US Dept of | TWA(as total dust):15 | |
| | | Labor - OSHA | mg/m3;TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):5 mg/m3 | |
| Calcium Sulfate | 7778-18-9 | Amer Conf of | TWA(inhalable fraction):10 | |
| | | Gov. Indust. | mg/m3 | |
| | | Hyg. | | |
| Calcium Sulfate | 7778-18-9 | US Dept of | TWA(as total dust):15 | |
| | | Labor - OSHA | mg/m3;TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):5 mg/m3 | |

| Benzoyl Peroxide | 94-36-0 | Amer Conf of | TWA:5 mg/m3 | |
|------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|--|
| | | Gov. Indust. | | |
| | | Hyg. | | |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | 94-36-0 | US Dept of | TWA:5 mg/m3 | |
| | | Labor - OSHA | | |

Amer Conf of Gov. Indust. Hyg.: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

American Indust. Hygiene Assoc : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Chemical Manufacturer Rec Guid: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

US Dept of Labor - OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Provide ventilation adequate to maintain dust concentration below minimum explosive concentrations. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron – Nitrile

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Solid **Specific Physical Form:** Viscous

Odor, Color, Grade: Red paste with slight ester odor

Odor threshold No Data Available

No Data Available pН **Melting point** No Data Available **Boiling Point** No Data Available

Flash Point 111 °C [Test Method: Estimated]

Evaporation rate No Data Available Flammability (solid, gas) Organic Peroxide: Type E.

Flammable Limits(LEL) Not Applicable Not Applicable Flammable Limits(UEL) Not Applicable **Vapor Pressure** Vapor Density Not Applicable 1.2 g/cm3 **Density**

Specific Gravity 1.2 [@ 25 °C] [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Negligible Solubility- non-water No Data Available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water No Data Available **Autoignition temperature** No Data Available **Decomposition temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available

Hazardous Air Pollutants 0 % weight [Test Method: Calculated]

0 lb/gal [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] **Volatile Organic Compounds Volatile Organic Compounds** 0 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] 0 % weight [Test Method: calculated per CARB title 2] **Volatile Organic Compounds** Percent volatile 20 % [Details: Water is the volatile component]

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 0 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable. Stable unless exposed to heat, flames and drying conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Accelerators

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance Condition Carbon monoxide Not Specified Carbon dioxide Not Specified Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate Not Specified

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be

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present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|-------------|-----------|---|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE 4,339.3 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation- | | No data available; calculated ATE 10.7 mg/l |
| - | Dust/Mist(4 | | |
| | hr) | | |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 24.3 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 2 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Zinc Stearate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Zinc Stearate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 16,960 mg/kg |
| Calcium Sulfate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 5 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,240 mg/kg |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | Dermal | Not | LD50 3,100 mg/kg |
| | | available | |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | Ingestion | Not | LD50 3,700 mg/kg |
| | | available | |
| Ferric Ammonium Ferrocyanide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg |
| Ferric Ferrocyanide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|---------------------------|
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|---------------------------|
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|--------------------|---------|--|
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Human | Sensitizing |
| | and | |
| | animal | |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | Human | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | sufficient for classification |

Respiratory Sensitization

| Name Species | Value |
|--------------|-------|
|--------------|-------|

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|--------------------|----------|---------------|
| Benzoyl Peroxide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|------------|----------|--|
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Ingestion | Multiple | Not carcinogenic |
| | | animal | |
| | | species | |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | | sufficient for classification |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Ingestion | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | Inhalation | Human | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | | sufficient for classification |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---|------------|--|---------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Ingestion | Not toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Ingestion | Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | Ingestion | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Ingestion | Not toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 3,770 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Ingestion | Not toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 3,770 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, | Inhalation | Some positive male reproductive data | Rat | NOAEL 1 | 2 weeks |

| Monobutyl Ether | exist, but the data are not sufficient for | mg/l | |
|-----------------|--|------|--|
| | classification | | |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Specific ranger organ | pechic ranger organi romenty single exposure | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------------------|
| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
| Oxirane, Polymer with | Ingestion | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the | Rat | NOAEL Not | |
| Methyloxirane, Monobutyl | | - | data are not sufficient for | | available | |
| Ether | | | classification | | | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|--|------------|---|--|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Inhalation | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1 mg/l | 2 weeks |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL .005 mg/l | 2 weeks |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL .001 mg/l | 2 weeks |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Inhalation | heart | All data are negative | Rat | NOAEL .5 mg/l | 2 weeks |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 145 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | All data are negative | Rat | NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | 2 years |
| Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether | Ingestion | heart endocrine system respiratory system | All data are negative | Rat | NOAEL 3,770 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Iron Oxide (FE2O3) | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis pneumoconiosis | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|------|-------|

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - Yes Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

| Ingredient | <u>C.A.S. No</u> | <u>% by Wt</u> |
|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Zinc Stearate (ZINC COMPOUNDS) | 557-05-1 | 3 - 7 |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | 94-36-0 | 30 - 60 |
| Ferric Ferrocyanide (CYANIDES) | 14038-43-8 | 0 - 1 |

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 1 Special Hazards: Oxidizer

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 1 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® III) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® III ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® III program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

 Document Group:
 29-5993-0
 Version Number:
 3.02

 Issue Date:
 02/21/14
 Supercedes Date:
 10/02/12

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3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com

| Secti | on 1 | PRODUCT AND COMPANY | IDENTIFICATION | |
|----------------|------|---------------------|-----------------|----|
| PRODUCT NUMBER | | DATE OF PREPARA | TION HMIS CODES | |
| | | | Health | 3* |
| CH200 | | 13-AUG-08 | Flammability | 3 |
| | | | Reactivity | 0 |

PRODUCT NAME

CROSSFIRE® Epoxy Primer Hardener (Part B)

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

MARTIN SENOUR PAINTS

4440 Warrensville Center Road

Warrensville Hts., OH 44128-2837

TELEPHONE NUMBERS and WEBSITES

Regulatory Information

(216) 566-2902

Medical Emergency

(216) 566-2917

(800) 424-9300

Transportation Emergency for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident)

| % by WT | | COMPOSITION/INF | ORMATION ON INGREDIEN UNITS | TS VAPOR PRESSURE |
|---------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| 16 | 108-88-3 | Toluene | | |
| 10 | 100 00 3 | ACGIH TLV | 20 ppm | 22 mm |
| | | OSHA PEL | 100 ppm (Skin) | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 150 ppm (Skin) ST | 'EL |
| 14 | 67-63-0 | 2-Propanol | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 200 ppm | 33 mm |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 400 ppm STEL | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 400 ppm | |
| 14 | 100-51-6 | Phenylmethanol | | |
| | | | Not Available | 0.15 mm |
| | | | Not Available | |
| 3 | 112-24-3 | Triethylene Tet | | |
| | | | Not Available | |
| | | OSHA PEL | Not Available | |
| 53 | Proprietary | Polyamine | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | Not Available | |
| | | OSHA PEL | Not Available | |
| | a | | T.C.3. TT.C.3. | _ |

Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

CH200 page 2

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Causes burns. SKIN: Causes burns.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular, nervous and reproductive systems.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

May cause allergic skin reaction in susceptible persons or skin sensitization.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention IMMEDIATELY.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

If irritation persists or occurs later, get medical

attention.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.

Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

| FLASH POINT | ${ m LEL}$ | \mathtt{UEL} |
|-------------|------------|----------------|
| 76 F PMCC | 1.0 | 12.7 |

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

RED LABEL -- Flammable, Flash below 100 F (38 C)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

DOL Storage Class IC

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Do not get in eyes or on skin. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction). VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

To prevent skin contact, wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2. EYE PROTECTION

To prevent eye contact, wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Use barrier cream on exposed skin.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

lb/gal PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.86 $942 \, q/1$ SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.95 178 - 405 F 81 - 207 C BOILING POINT Not Available MELTING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME 47 Slower than ether EVAPORATION RATE VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)

3.49 lb/gal 419 g/l Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

3.49 lb/gal 419 g/l Emitted VOC

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Nitrogen, possibility of Hydrogen Cyanide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

| CAS No. | Ingredient Na | ame | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------|
| 108-88-3 | Toluene | | | | |
| | | LC50 | RAT | 4HR | 4000 ppm |
| | | LD50 | RAT | | 5000 mg/kg |
| 67-63-0 | 2-Propanol | | | | |
| | | LC50 | RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
| | | LD50 | RAT | | 5045 mg/kg |
| 100-51-6 | Phenylmethano | ol | | | |
| | | LC50 | RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
| | | LD50 | RAT | | Not Available |
| 112-24-3 | Triethylene I | etram: | ine | | |
| | | LC50 | RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
| | | LD50 | RAT | | Not Available |
| Proprietary | Polyamine | | | | |
| | | LC50 | RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
| | | LD50 | RAT | | Not Available |

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) $40~\mathrm{CFR}$ 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Ground (DOT)

1 Gallon and Less may be Classed as CONSUMER COMMODITY, ORM-D Larger Containers are Regulated as: UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (ERG#128)

DOT (Dept of Transportation) Hazardous Substances & Reportable Quantities Toluene 1000 lb RQ

Bulk Containers may be Shipped as (check reportable quantities): UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (ERG#128)

Canada (TDG)

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CLASS 3, PG III, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#128)

OMI

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CLASS 3, PG III, (24 C c.c.), EmS F-E, S-E

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND % by WT % Element

108-88-3 Toluene 16

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Chemical Name: CR733 Reducer

Manufacturer: Napa

Container size: 32oz.

Location: VLA

Disposal: Place empty container in trash.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CR733 DATE OF PREPARATION
06 00 Apr 5, 2012

SECTION 1 — PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER

CR733

PRODUCT NAME

CROSSFIRE® PLUS Reducer, Moderate

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

MARTIN SENOUR PAINTS 4440 Warrensville Center Road Warrensville Hts., OH 44128-2837

Telephone Numbers and Websites

| relephone Numbers and Websites | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Product Information | (800) 526-6704 | | | | |
| | www.martinsenour-autopaint.com | | | | |
| Regulatory Information | (216) 566-2902 | | | | |
| Medical Emergency | (216) 566-2917 | | | | |
| Transportation Emergency* | (800) 424-9300 | | | | |
| *for Chemical Emergency ONLY | (spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident) | | | | |

SECTION 2 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| % by Weight | CAS Number | Ingredient | Units | Vapor Pressure |
|-------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 5 | 108-88-3 | Toluene | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 20 PPM | 22 mm |
| | | OSHA PEL | 100 ppm (Skin) | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 150 ppm (Skin) STEL | |
| 1 | 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 20 PPM | 7.1 mm |
| | | OSHA PEL | 100 PPM | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 125 PPM STEL | |
| 6 | 1330-20-7 | Xylene | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 100 PPM | 5.9 mm |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 150 PPM STEL | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 100 PPM | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 150 PPM STEL | |
| 12 | 67-64-1 | Acetone | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 500 PPM | 180 mm |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 750 PPM STEL | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 1000 PPM | |
| 11 | 78-93-3 | Methyl Ethyl Ketone | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 200 PPM | 70 mm |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 300 PPM STEL | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 200 PPM | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 300 PPM STEL | |
| 3 | 108-10-1 | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 50 PPM | 16 mm |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 75 PPM STEL | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 50 PPM | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 75 PPM STEL | |
| 9 | 763-69-9 | Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | Not Available | 1.11 mm |
| | | OSHA PEL | Not Available | |
| 36 | 123-86-4 | n-Butyl Acetate | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 150 PPM | 10 mm |
| | | ACGIH TLV | 200 PPM STEL | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 150 PPM | |
| | | OSHA PEL | 200 PPM STEL | |
| 2 | 112-07-2 | 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | Not Available | 1 mm |
| 1 | | OSHA PEL | Not Available | |
| 14 | 97-85-8 | Isobutyl Isobutyrate | | |
| | | ACGIH TLV | Not Available | 3.2 mm |
| | | OSHA PEL | Not Available | |
| | | | | |

SECTION 3 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Prolonged overexposure to hazardous ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse chronic effects to the following organs or systems:

- the liver
- the urinary system
- the hematopoietic (blood-forming) system
- the cardiovascular system
- the reproductive system

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

HMIS Codes Health 2*

Health 2*
Flammability 3
Reactivity 0

SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT LEL UEL FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

20 °F PMCC 0.5 12.8 RED LABEL -- Extremely Flammable, Flash below 21 °F (-6 °C)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

DOL Storage Class IB

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.14 lb/gal 854 g/l

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.86

BOILING POINT 132 - 384 °F **MELTING POINT** Not Available

VOLATILE VOLUME 99%

EVAPORATION RATE Slower than ether

VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air

COLUMN TED NA

SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)
7.21 lb/gal 864 g/l Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

6.27 lb/gal 752 g/l Emitted VOC

SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY — Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Methyl Ethyl Ketone may increase the nervous system effects of other solvents.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

55 - 195 °C

TOXICOLOGY DATA

| CAS No. | Ingredient Name | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----|---------------|--|
| 108-88-3 | Toluene | | | | |
| | | LC50 RAT | 4HR | 4000 ppm | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 5000 mg/kg | |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | | | | |
| | - | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 3500 mg/kg | |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylene | | | | |
| | • | LC50 RAT | 4HR | 5000 ppm | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 4300 mg/kg | |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | | | | |
| | | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 5800 mg/kg | |
| 78-93-3 | Methyl Ethyl Ketone | | | | |
| | | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 2740 mg/kg | |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | | | | |
| | • | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 2080 mg/kg | |
| 763-69-9 | Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionat | е | | | |
| | , , , | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 5000 mg/kg | |
| 123-86-4 | n-Butyl Acetate | | | | |
| | • | LC50 RAT | 4HR | 2000 ppm | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 13100 mg/kg | |
| 112-07-2 | 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate | | | | |
| | , , | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | 2400 mg/kg | |
| 97-85-8 | Isobutyl Isobutyrate | | | | |
| | ,, | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available | |
| | | LD50 RAT | | Not Available | |
| | | | | | |

SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (ocean, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport.

US Ground (DOT)

5 Liters (1.3 Gallons) and Less may be Classed as LTD. QTY. OR ORM-D

Larger Containers are Regulated as:

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG II, (ERG#128)

DOT (Dept of Transportation) Hazardous Substances & Reportable Quantities

n-Butyl acetate 5000 lb RQ

Toluene 1000 lb RQ

Xylenes (isomers and mixture) 100 lb RQ

Bulk Containers may be Shipped as (check reportable quantities):

RQ, UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG II, (XYLENES (ISOMERS AND

MIXTURE)), (ERG#128)

Canada (TDG)

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CLASS 3, PG II, (ERG#128)

IMO

5 Liters (1.3 Gallons) and Less may be Shipped as Limited Quantity.

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CLASS 3, PG II, (-7 C c.c.), EmS

F-E, S-E, ADR (D/E)

IATA/ICAO

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG II

SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

| CAS No. | CHEMICAL/COMPOUND | % by WT | % Element |
|-----------|------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 108-88-3 | Toluene | 5 | |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 1 | |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylene | 6 | |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 3 | |
| | Glycol Ethers | 2 | |

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Refinish Products 19699 Progress Drive Strongsville, OH 44149

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)

(24 hours/day):

(514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico) 0532-83889090 (China)

TECHNICAL (440) 572-2800

INFORMATION:

PRODUCT SAFETY/MSDS INFORMATION: (412) 492-5555 7:00 a.m.

- 4:30 p.m. EST

Product ID: DC3000 (0808)

PRODUCT NAME: HIGH VELOCITY CLEARCOAT

SYNONYMS: None **ISSUE DATE:** 05/19/2008 **EDITION NO.:** 5

CHEMICAL Acrylic

FAMILY:

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

Extremely flammable. Vapors may cause flash fires. Keep away from heat, sparks, flames, and other sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights. Turn off stoves, heaters, electrical motors, and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors/odors are gone.CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION. VAPOR AND/OR SPRAY MIST MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. VAPOR IRRITATES EYES, NOSE, AND THROAT.HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION INFORMATION

The following ingredient(s) marked with an "x" are considered hazardous under applicable U.S. OSHA and/or Canadian WHMIS regulations. If no ingredients are listed, then there are no U.S. OSHA and/or Canadian WHMIS hazardous ingredients in this product.

| ctions 8 |
|----------|
| 5 for |
| ation. |
| |

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE EFFECTS

EYE CONTACT:

Causes eye irritation. Redness, itching, burning sensation and visual disturbances may indicate excessive eye contact.

SKIN CONTACT:

May cause moderate skin irritation. Dryness, itching, cracking, burning, redness, and swelling are conditions associated with excessive skin contact.

SKIN ABSORPTION:

Skin absorption not expected to occur.

INHALATION:

Vapor and/or spray mist may be harmful if inhaled. Vapor irritates eyes, nose, and throat.

INGESTION:

Harmful if swallowed.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Eye watering, headaches, nausea, dizziness and loss of coordination are indications that solvent levels are too high. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. Dryness, itching, cracking, burning, redness, and swelling are conditions associated with excessive skin contact.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Not applicable.

CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE EFFECTS

Avoid long-term and repeated contact.

Repeated exposure to vapors above recommended exposure limits (see Section 8) may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. This product contains toluene. Toluene inhalation in animals (greater than 1500 ppm) and intentional inhalation of toluene-containing products by humans (e.g. glue) has caused adverse fetal development effects. It has been reported in occupational studies that inhalation exposures to toluene are associated with reproductive effects including spontaneous abortion. However, the methodology and reliability of the results for the studies are questionable. Several other occupational studies indicated that toluene exposure has been associated with impaired color vision. High exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo and fetus. These effects were often at levels toxic to the mother.

The effects of long-term, low level exposures to this product have not been determined. Safe handling of this material on a long-term basis should emphasize the prevention of all contact with this material to avoid any effects from repetitive acute exposures. See Section 11, of this MSDS for a detailed list of chronic health effects information available on individual ingredients in this product.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available.

EYE CONTACT:

Remove contact lens and pour a gentle stream of warm water through the affected eye for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, contact a poison control center, emergency room, or physician as further treatment may be necessary.

SKIN CONTACT:

Run a gentle stream of water over the affected area for 15 minutes. A mild soap may be used if available. If any symptoms persist, contact a poison control center, emergency room, or physician as further treatment may be necessary.

INHALATION:

Remove from area to fresh air. If symptomatic, contact a poison control center, emergency room or physician for treatment information.

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INGESTION:

Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. Sips of water may be given. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact a poison control center, emergency room or physician right away as further treatment may be necessary.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

FLASHPOINT: 2 Degrees F (-17 Degrees C)

FLASHPOINT TEST METHOD: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

UEL: Not Available.

LEL: 2.3

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:

Not Available.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Class B extinguishers (carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or universal aqueous film forming foam) designed to extinguish NFPA Class IB flammable liquid fires. Water spray may be ineffective. Water spray may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

PROTECTION OF FIREFIGHTERS:

Fire-fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Keep this product away from heat, sparks, flame, and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors, static electricity). Invisible vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Do not smoke while using this product. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Closed containers may explode when overheated. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Toxic gases may form when this product comes in contact with extreme heat. May produce hazardous decomposition products when exposed to extreme heat. Extreme heat includes, but is not limited to, flame cutting, brazing, and welding.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURE

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Provide maximum ventilation. Only personnel equipped with proper respiratory, skin, and eye protection should be permitted in the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Take up spilled material with sand, vermiculite, or other noncombustible absorbent material and place in clean, empty containers for disposal. Only the spilled material and the absorbant should be placed in this container.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Vapors may collect in low areas. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts. Containers should be grounded when pouring. Avoid free fall of liquids in excess of a few inches.

STORAGE:

Do not store above 120 degrees F.(48 degrees C.). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class IB flammable liquids.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide general dilution or local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep the concentration of ingredients listed in Section 8 below the lowest suggested exposure limits, the LEL below the stated limit, and to remove decomposition products during welding or flame cutting.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES:

Wear chemical-type splash goggles when possibility exists for eye contact due to splashing or spraying liquid, airborne particles, or vapors. SKIN/GLOVES:

Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Apron and gloves should be constructed of: nitrile rubber. No specific permeation/degradation testing have been done on protective clothing for this product. Recommendations for skin protection are based on infrequent contact with this product. For frequent contact or total immersion, contact a manufacturer of protective clothing for appropriate chemical impervious equipment. Clean contaminated clothing and shoes. RESPIRATOR:

Overexposure to vapors may be prevented by ensuring proper ventilation controls, vapor exhaust or fresh air entry. A NIOSH- approved air purifying respirator with the appropriate chemical cartridges or a positivepressure, air-supplied respirator may also reduce exposure. Read the respirator manufacturer's instructions and literature carefully to determine the type of airborne contaminants against which the respirator is effective. its limitations, and how it is to be properly fitted and used. Provide general dilution or local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep the concentration of ingredients listed in Section 2 below the lowest suggested exposure limits, the LEL below the stated limit, and to remove decomposition products during welding or flame cutting.

GENERAL HYGIENE - ESTABLISHED EXPOSURE LIMITS

If Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) have been established by ACGIH, OSHA, Ontario or PPG, they will be listed below. These limits are intended for use in the practice of industrial hygiene as guidelines or recommendations in the control of potential workplace health hazards. These limits are not a relative index of toxicity and should not be used by anyone without industrial hygiene training.

| Material/ CAS Number | Percent | ACGIH TLV | ACGIH STEL | OSHA PEL | OSHA STEL |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|
| XYLENES 1330-20-7 | 10 - 30 | 100 ppm | 150 PPM | 100 ppm | 150 ppm |
| ACETONE 67-64-1 | 10 - 30 | 500 ppm | 750 ppm | 750 ppm | 1000 ppm |
| ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4 | 1 - 5 | 100 ppm | 125 ppm | 100 ppm | 125 ppm |
| V.M. AND P. NAPHTHA 8032-32-4 | 1 - 5 | 300 ppm | Not established | 300 ppm | 400 ppm |
| TOLUENE 108-88-3 | 1 - 5 | 20 PPM | Not established | 100 ppm | 150 ppm |
| METHYL (N-AMYL) KETONE 110-43-0 | 1 - 5 | 50 ppm | Not established | 100 ppm | Not established |
| STYRENE MONOMER 100-42-5 | 0.1-1.0 | 20 PPM | 40 PPM | 50 ppm | 100 ppm |

Strongsville, OH 44149

Product ID: DC3000 (0808) PRODUCT NAME: HIGH VELOCITY CLEARCOAT

| Material/ | Percent | <u>Ontario</u> | <u>Ontario</u> | PPG IPEL | PPG STEL |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| CAS Number | | <u>TWA</u> | STEL | | |
| XYLENES | 10 - 30 | 100 ppm | 150 ppm | Not | Not |
| 1330-20-7 | | | | established | established |
| ACETONE | 10 - 30 | 500 PPM | 750 PPM | Not | Not |
| 67-64-1 | | | | established | established |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 1 - 5 | 100 PPM | 125 PPM | Not | Not |
| 100-41-4 | | | | established | established |
| V.M. AND P. | 1 - 5 | 1350 | Not | Not | Not |
| NAPHTHA | | MG/m ³ | established | established | established |
| 8032-32-4 | | | | | |
| TOLUENE | 1 - 5 | 50 PPM | Not | Not | Not |
| 108-88-3 | | | established | established | established |
| METHYL (N-AMYL) | 1 - 5 | 25 ppm | Not | Not | Not |
| KETONE | | | established | established | established |
| 110-43-0 | | | | | |
| STYRENE | 0.1-1.0 | 50 ppm | 100 PPM | Not | Not |
| MONOMER | | | | established | established |
| 100-42-5 | | | | | |
| [As Rubber solvent | * | 400 PPM | Not | Not | Not |
| (Naphtha)] | | | established | established | established |
| 8032-32-4 | | | | | |

Key: ACGIH=American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; OSHA=Occupational Safety and Health Administration; TLV=Threshold Limit Value; TWA=Time Weighted Average; PEL=Permissible Exposure Limit (1989 Vacated values); IPEL=Internal Permissible Exposure Limit; Ceiling=TLV or PEL Ceiling Limit; STEL=TLV or PEL Short-Term Exposure Limit; Skin= Skin Absorption Designation. [C- Ceiling Limit; S-Potential Skin Absorption; R-Respirable Dust] Additional Information Not applicable.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

(FORMULA VALUES, NOT SALES SPECIFICATIONS)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: .920 PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid **Percent Solids:** 37.86 Percent Volatile by Volume: 68.260 Not available. ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available. Vapour Pressure: 81.1 mmHg

ODOR/APPEARANCE: Viscous liquid with an odor

characteristic of the solvents listed in

Section 2.

VAPOR DENSITY: HEAVIER THAN AIR

Evaporation Rate:

BOILING POINT OR RANGE: 133 - 410Degrees F Freezing Point or Range: Not Applicable. Not Applicable. Melting Point or Range(°C): Partition coefficient (n-Not Applicable.

octanol/water):

WEIGHT PER GALLON: 7.67 (U.S.) / 9.2 (IMPERIAL)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

This product is normally stable and will not undergo hazardous reactions. **CONDITIONS TO AVOID:**

None Known.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Avoid contact with strong alkalies, strong mineral acids, or strong oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

- Carbon monoxide - Carbon dioxide - Lower molecular weight polymer fractions

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

| Material/ | Doroomt | ORAL | DERMAL | INHALATION |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| CAS Number | <u>Percent</u> | LD50 (g/kg) | LD50 (g/kg) | LC50 (mg/l) |
| XYLENES 1330-20-7 | 10 - 30 | 4.30 g/kg | 1.70 g/kg | 21.88 mg/l 4 hr |
| ACETONE 67-64-1 | 10 - 30 | 1.80 g/kg | 20.00 g/kg | 76.00 mg/l 4 hr |
| AROMATIC NAPHTHA 64742-95-6 | 1 - 5 | 8.40 g/kg | 3.48 g/kg | 5.20 mg/l 4 hr |
| ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4 | 1 - 5 | 3.50 g/kg | 17.80 g/kg | Not Available |
| TOLUENE 108-88-3 | 1 - 5 | .64 g/kg | 8.39 g/kg | 12.50 mg/l 4 hr |
| METHYL (N-AMYL) KETONE 110-43-0 | 1 - 5 | 1.60 g/kg | 10.21 g/kg | Not Available |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE 95-63-6 | 1 - 5 | Not Available | Not Available | 18.00 mg/l 4 hr |
| STYRENE MONOMER 100-42-5 | 0.1-1.0 | 1.00 g/kg | Not Available | 11.80 mg/l 4 hr |

CHRONIC TOXICITY

Ingredient Target Organ/Chronic Effects:

- Kidney - Liver - Carcinogen - Teratogen - Embryotoxin - Brain - Central nervous system - Lung

Mutagenicity Toxicity:

This has not been tested for this product.

Reproductive Toxicity:

This has not been tested for this product.

SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INFORMATION:

| Material/ | Percent | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---|
| <u>CAS</u> Number | | Ingredient Specific Animal Data: |
| ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4 | 1 - 5 | Ethylbenzene has been reported by NTP to cause cancer in laboratory animals following a chronic (2 year) inhalation exposure. Dose levels of 75, 250 and 750 ppm were used, with evidence of carcinogenicity found in the kidneys of rats and the lung and liver of mice at 750 ppm. The No Observed Effect Level (NOEL) was 75 ppm. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain, but appropriate safeguards should be employed to reduce or eliminate inhalation exposure to ethylbenzene. |
| STYRENE MONOMER 100-42-5 | 0.1-1.0 | This product contains styrene, which has been classified as a Class 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). In the body, styrene is metabolized to styrene-7,8-oxide, which has been classified as a Group 2A carcinogen (probably carcinogenic to humans). Styrene has been shown to cause probable hearing loss in rats exposed for at least six hours per day for three to thirteen weeks to 800 ppm of styrene in the air. No effects were observed in rats exposed to styrene at 200 ppm for thirteen weeks. Based on animal studies and human experience, no significant risk of hearing loss is expected in occupationally exposed people. Repeated exposures to styrene vapor have been found to cause liver toxicity in mice at levels above 100 ppm. In addition, styrene has shown mutagenic effects in in-vitro tests which included metabolic activation. |

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Ecotoxicity: No Information Available.

Refinish Products 19699 Progress Drive

Strongsville, OH 44149

Product ID: DC3000 (0808) PRODUCT NAME: HIGH VELOCITY CLEARCOAT

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE

Mobility: No information available. Biodegradation: No information available. Bioaccumulation: No Information Available.

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL

Hydrolysis: No information available. Photolysis: No information available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Provide maximum ventilation, only personnel equipped with proper respiratory and skin and eye protection should be permitted in the area. Take up spilled material with sawdust, vermiculite, or other absorbent material and place in containers for disposal.

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, provincial and local environmental control regulations. Empty containers should be recycled by an appropriately licensed reconditioner/salvager or disposed of through a permitted waste management facility. Additional disposal information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name: NOT AVAILABLE **NOS Technical Name: NOT AVAILABLE**

Hazard Class: N.A. Subsidiary Class(es): N.A. **UN Number:** N.A. **Packing Group:** N.A.

USA - RQ Hazardous Substances: NOT AVAILABLE USA-RQ Hazardous Substance NOT AVAILABLE

Threshold Ship Weight:

Marine Pollutant Name: **NOT AVAILABLE**

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

INVENTORY STATUS

U.S. TSCA: This product and/or all of its components are listed on the U.S. TSCA Inventory or is otherwise exempt from TSCA Inventory reporting requirements.

FEDERAL REGULATIONS

US Regulations

| Material/ CAS Number | Percent | CERCLA HS - | SARA EHS- TPQ (LBS) | SARA 313 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------|------------------------|------------|
| XYLENES 1330-20-7 | 10 - 30 | 100 lbs | Not Listed | Listed |
| ACETONE 67-64-1 | 10 - 30 | 5000 lbs | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| AROMATIC NAPHTHA 64742-95-6 | 1 - 5 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4 | 1 - 5 | 1000 lbs | Not Listed | Listed |
| V.M. AND P. NAPHTHA 8032-32-4 | 1 - 5 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| TOLUENE 108-88-3 | 1 - 5 | 1000 lbs | Not Listed | Listed |
| METHYL (N-AMYL) KETONE 110-43-0 | 1 - 5 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE 95-63-6 | 1 - 5 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Listed |
| STYRENE MONOMER 100-42-5 | 0.1-1.0 | 1000 lbs | Not Listed | Listed |

SARA 311/312

Health (acute): Yes Health (chronic): Yes Fire (flammable): Yes Pressure: No Reactivity: No

WHMIS HAZARD CLASS: - Class B, Division 2 - Class D, Division 2,

Subdivision A

STATE/PROVINCIAL REGULATIONS

CALIFORNIA PROP. 65: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Additional Information

| <u>Material/</u> <u>CAS Number</u> | Percent | IARC Group 1(Kno wn Human Carc.) | IARC Group 2A (Proba ble Carc.) | IARC 2B (Suspec ted Carc.) | ACGIH Carc. | NTP Known Carc. | OSHA Carc. |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---|---------------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4 | 1 - 5 | N | N | Y | N | N | Y |
| STYRENE MONOMER 100-42-5 | 0.1-1.0 | N | N | Y | N | N | Y |

Key: IARC- International Agency on the Research of Cancer; ACGIH-American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; NTP-National Toxicology Program *Denotes chemical as NTP Known Carcinogen; + Denotes NTP Possible Carcinogen; Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating Systems NFPA Rating: 2 30 HMIS Rating: 2*30

Rating System: 0=Minimal, 1=Slight, 2=Moderate, 3=Serious, 4=Severe, *=Chronic Effects.

Pefinish Products

Refinish Products 19699 Progress Drive Strongsville, OH 44149

Product ID: DC3000 (0808)
PRODUCT NAME: HIGH VELOCITY CLEARCOAT

HMIS=Hazardous Materials Identification System; NFPA=National Fire Protection Association;

Safe handling of this product requires that all of the information on the MSDS be evaluated for specific work environments and conditions of use.

PREPARED BY: Product Safety Department **REASON FOR REVISION:** Date. Edition. Updated MSDS format.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), the supplier notification requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 and other applicable right-to-know regulations.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmenta Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

DC3000 000001 (00262712.001)(05/24/03) 030513, 000, 0808

*** END OF MSDS ***

Material Safety Data Sheet



Date of issue 27 August 2015

Version

Product and company identification

: MID TEMP HARDENER **Product name**

Code : DCH3085

Supplier : PPG Industries. Inc.

One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272

Emergency telephone

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

Technical Phone Number : 1-800-647-6050

2 . Hazards identification

Emergency overview

: DANGER!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT. EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY AND SKIN REACTION. SKIN CONTACT TO ISOCYANATE MONOMER MAY LEAD TO ALLERGIC LUNG REACTION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR IF SWALLOWED. ASPIRATION HAZARD. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Keep away from flames, such as a pilot light, and any object that sparks, such as an electric motor. Keep away from heat. Do not smoke. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

Skin

Harmful if inhaled. Severely irritating to the respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat. May cause sensitization by inhalation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion

: May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and

: Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

cause damage.

: Irritating to eyes. **Eyes**

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability.

Canada - Mexico Page: 1/9 Product code DCH3085 Date of issue 27 August 2015 Version 14

Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

2. Hazards identification

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

: Pre-existing respiratory and skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

| <u>Name</u> | CAS number | % (w/w) |
|--|------------|-----------|
| ⊮examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers | 28182-81-2 | 40 - 70 |
| heptan-2-one | 110-43-0 | 10 - 30 |
| 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers | 53880-05-0 | 7 - 13 |
| xylene | 1330-20-7 | 3 - 7 |
| n-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | 3 - 7 |
| ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.5 - 1.5 |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | 822-06-0 | 0.1 - 1 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Rupoff to sewer may create fire or explosion bazard

Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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Product code DCH3085 Date of issue 27 August 2015

Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

Hydrogen cyanide (HCN). Cyanate and isocyanate.

nitrogen oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Version 14

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Special provisions

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Vapors are heavier than

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Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

7. Handling and storage

air and may spread along floors. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120°F / 49°C.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Name | Result | ACGIH | Ontario | Mexico | PPG |
|---|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers | TWA | Not established | Not established | Not established | 0.5 mg/m³ |
| | STEL | Not established | Not established | Not established | 1 mg/m³ |
| heptan-2-one | TWA | 50 ppm | 25 ppm | 50 ppm | Not established |
| , | STEL | Not established | | 100 ppm | Not established |
| 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5, 5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers | TWA | Not established | Not established | Not established | 0.5 mg/m³ |
| | STEL | Not established | Not established | Not established | 1 mg/m³ |
| xylene | TWA | 100 ppm | 100 ppm | 100 ppm | Not established |
| | STEL | 150 ppm | 150 ppm | 150 ppm | Not established |
| n-butyl acetate | TWA | 150 ppm | 150 ppm | 150 ppm | Not established |
| • | STEL | 200 ppm | 200 ppm | 200 ppm | Not established |
| ethylbenzene | TWA | 20 ppm | 20 ppm | 100 ppm | Not established |
| | STEL | Not established | Not established | 125 ppm | Not established |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | TWA | 0.005 ppm | 0.01 ppm | 5 mg/m³ (as Cn) | Not established |

Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak SR = Respiratory sensitization
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SS = Skin sensitization

C = Ceiling Limit STEL = Short term Exposure limit values

F = Fume TD = Total dust

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

Respirable TWA = Time Weighted Average

Potential skin absorption

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

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Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes Hands : Safety glasses with side shields.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves Respiratory : butyl rubber

By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Restrictions on use

: Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: 33.33°C (92°F)

Explosion limits : Lower: 1.1% Material supports : Yes.

combustion.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Canada - Mexico

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Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Specific gravity : 1.05 Density (lbs / gal) : 8.76

Vapor pressure : 0.71 kPa (5.3 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : Not available.

Volatility : 33% (v/v), 26.27% (w/w)
Evaporation rate : 0.59 (butyl acetate = 1)

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

% **Solid.** (w/w) : 73.73

10 . Stability and reactivity

Stability

: The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols. The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide. In closed containers, pressure buildup could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container. Avoid increased storage temperature. Pressure hazard

Materials to avoid : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,oxidizing materials,strong acids,

strong alkalis

Hazardous decomposition

products

Cyanate and isocyanate.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers | LD50 Oral | Rat - Female | >2500 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation | Rat | 0.39 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | Dusts and mists | | | |
| | LC50 Inhalation | Rat | 18500 mg/m3 | 1 hours |
| heptan-2-one | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1.6 g/kg | - |
| · | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 10.206 g/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | Vapor | | | |
| n-butyl acetate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10.768 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| ethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation | Rat | 4000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | Vapor | | | |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.71 g/kg | - |
| • | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 0.57 g/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation | Rat | 151 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | Vapor | | | |

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Product code DCH3085 Date of issue 27 August 2015 Version 14

Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary Chronic toxicity

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Defatting irritant

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity

: Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer

depends on duration and level of exposure.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | ACGIH | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|-------|------|-----|
| x ylene | A4 | 3 | - |
| ethylbenzene | A3 | 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification code: ACC

ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5 IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be

a human carcinogen

Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l | Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/L Fresh water | Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Version 14 Product code DCH3085 Date of issue 27 August 2015

Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

| | TDG | Mexico | IMDG |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

TDG : None identified. **Mexico** : None identified. **IMDG** : None identified.

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

15. Regulatory information

Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

<u>Mexico</u>

Classification

Flammability: 3 Health: 3 Reactivity: 1

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: Flammability: 3 Physical hazards:

(*) - Chronic

effects

Canada - Mexico Page: 8/9 Product code DCH3085 Date of issue 27 August 2015 Version 14

Product name MID TEMP HARDENER

16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 1

Date of previous issue : 2/9/2015

Organization that prepared : EHS

the MSDS

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Canada - Mexico Page: 9/9



SelectPrime[™] 491-17[™] 2K Etch Primer (Gray)



GENERAL

DESCRIPTION

A 6.2 lb/gal (740 g/l) VOC compliant, non-sanding, etch primer that provides exceptional adhesion and corrosion resistance over bare metal. It eliminates the need to chemically pretreat metal surfaces before priming.

The products referenced herein may not be sold in your market. Please consult your distributor for product availability.



MIXING

MIX RATO

| Component | Volume |
|--|--------|
| SelectPrime™ 491-17™ 2K Etch Primer | 1 |
| SelectPrime™ 441-43™ Activator/Reducer | 1 |

INDUCTION TIME

Not required

POT LIFE

8 hours at 70°F (21°C)

APPLICATION

SUBSTRATES

Bare metal, steel, aluminum, galvanized, and featheredged old paint.

TOPCOATS

Etch-primer may be used under any Nason® primer-surfacer or sealer for improved corrosion performance. SelectPrime™ 491-17™ 2K Etch Primer must be followed with a primer-surfacer or sealer prior to topcoating with any Nason® topcoat.

SURFACE PREPARATION

Before sanding, wash with mild detergent and water and remove wax and grease with Nason® 441-05™ Wax and Grease Remover or 481-75™ Surface Cleaner. In regulated areas use locally permitted cleaners.

SPRAY PRESSURE

Conventional

Siphon Feed: 30-45 PSI
Gravity Feed: 25-40 PSI
HVLP: 6-8 PSI

GUN SETUP

Conventional

Siphon Feed: 1.4-1.6 mm Gravity Feed: 1.3-1.6 mm



HVLP

Siphon Feed: 1.6-1.8 mm Gravity Feed: 1.3-1.6 mm

APPLICATION

Spray one medium wet coat.

CLEANING OF PAINT EQUIPMENT

Use Cromax® 105™ Gun Cleaner, Cromax® 107™ Low VOC Gun & Equipment Cleaning Solvent, or any other equipment cleaner as permitted by local regulations.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

SelectPrime™ 491-17™ 2K Etch Primer must be followed with a Primer-Surfacer or Sealer prior to topcoating with any Nason® topcoat.



DRY TIMES

Allow primer to tack (15 to 30 minutes) before applying Primer-Surfacer or Sealer. Must apply Primer-Surfacer or Sealer within 8 hours.



PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

All Values Ready To Spray

 Max. VOC (LE):
 6.2 lbs./gal (745 g/L)

 Max. VOC (AP):
 6.2 lbs./gal (739 g/L)

 Avg. Gal. Wt.:
 7.34 lbs./gal (880 g/L)

 Avg. Wt.% Volatiles:
 84.9%

Avg. Wt.% Volatiles. 84.9%
Avg. Wt.% Exempt Solvent: 0.0%
Avg. Wt.% Water: 0.9%
Avg. Vol.% Exempt Solvent: 0.0%
Avg. Vol.% Water: .8%
Recommended Dry Film Thickness: 0.5 mil

Flash Point: See SDS/MSDS

Theoretical Coverage, RTS: 116 ft² (10.8 m²) at 1 mil

VOC REGULATED AREAS

These directions refer to the use of products which may be restricted or require special mixing instructions in VOC regulated areas. Follow mixing usage and recommendations in the VOC Compliant Products Chart for your area.

SAFETY AND HANDLING

For industrial use only by professional, trained painters. Not for sale to or use by the general public. Before using, read and follow all label and SDS/MSDS precautions. If mixed with other components, mixture will have hazards of all components.

Ready to use paint materials containing isocyanates can cause irritation of the respiratory organs and hypersensitive reactions. Asthma sufferers, those with allergies and anyone with a history of respiratory complaints must not be asked to work with products containing isocyanates.

Do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.

Revised: May 2014

In the United States:
1.855.6.AXALTA
nasonfinishes.com

In Canada: 1.800.668.6945 nasonfinishes.ca





Ful-Base® Basecoat (IF Quality)



GENERAL

DESCRIPTION

A 6.2 lb/gal (740 g/l) VOC compliant, solventborne basecoat designed for overall repairs to OEM basecoat/clearcoat finishes.

The products referenced herein may not be sold in your market. Please consult your distributor for product availability.



MIXING

COMPONENTS

Ful-Base[®] Basecoat IF Quality Ful-Base[®] 430-XX Tints Ful-Base[®] 435-93[™] Basecoat Binder Ful-Base[®] 483-30[™] Basecoat Activator Ful-Base[®] 441-2X[™] Reducers

MIX RATIO

Combine the components by volume (8:1/2:4). Mix thoroughly prior to activation.

ComponentVolumeFul-Base® Basecoat IF Quality Color8Ful-Base® 483-30™ Basecoat Activator½Ful-Base® 441-2X™ Reducers4

POT LIFE

4 hours at 70°F (21°C)

SPRAY VISCOSITY

20-21 seconds in a Zahn #2



APPLICATION

SURFACE PREPARATION

Before sanding, remove all traces of oil, wax and grease with Nason® 441-05™ Silicone and Wax Remover or Nason® 481-75™ Surface Cleaner using clean rags. In regulated areas use locally permitted Silicone and Wax remover or Surface Cleaner.

Prepare all surfaces to be repainted using the recommended undercoat systems, following recommended procedures. Finish sand with P400 grit paper or finer (dry or wet).

COMPATIBLE PRODUCTS

All Nason® primers, primer-surfacers and sealers as locally permitted.

SPRAY PRESSURE

Conventional
Gravity Feed: 25-45 PSI at the gun
Siphon Feed: 30-45 PSI at the gun
HVLP 8-10 PSI at the air cap



GUN SETUP

Conventional

Siphon Feed: 1.4-1.6 mm Gravity Feed: 1.4-1.6 mm

HVLP

Siphon Feed: 1.4-1.6 mm Gravity Feed: 1.3-1.6 mm

APPLICATION

Apply two medium wet coats or to hiding. Flash each coat to dull/dry. For metallic colors, use a mist coat in conjunction with the final coat for best flake control. Do not apply if less than 50°F (10°C).

CLEARCOAT

Ful-Base® Basecoat IF Quality must be clear coated. Compatible with all Nason® clearcoats as locally permitted; (except 419-00 & 401-20 will not be compliant below 5.0 lbs./gal).

CLEANING OF PAINT EQUIPMENT

Clean spray equipment as soon as possible with lacquer thinner or low VOC cleaner in VOC regulated markets.



DRY TIMES

Allow basecoat to set up for 15 minutes prior to clear coating. Longer dry time may be required depending on shop conditions and the number of coats applied.

RECOATING

Anytime



PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

All Values Ready To Spray

 Max VOC (LE):
 4.9 lbs./gal (591 g/L)

 Max VOC (AP):
 4.1 lbs./gal (496 g/L)

 Avg. Gal. Wt.:
 8.17 lbs./gal (979 g/L)

 Avg. Wt.% Volatiles:
 61.4%

Avg. Wt.% Exempt Solvent:

Avg. Wt.% Exempt Solvent:

23.2%

Avg. Wt.% Water:

0.0%

Avg. Vol.% Exempt Solvent:

24.6%

Avg. Vol.% Water:

0.0%

Recommended Dry Film Thickness:

Flash Point:

See SDS/MSDS

Theoretical Coverage: 222 ft² (20.62 m²) at 1 mil

VOC REGULATED AREAS

These directions refer to the use of products which may be restricted or require special mixing instructions in VOC regulated areas. Follow mixing usage and recommendations in the VOC Compliant Products Chart for your area.



SAFETY AND HANDLING

For industrial use only by professional, trained painters. Not for sale to or use by the general public. Before using, read and follow all label and SDS/MSDS precautions. If mixed with other components, mixture will have hazards of all components.

Ready to use paint materials containing isocyanates can cause irritation of the respiratory organs and hypersensitive reactions. Asthma sufferers, those with allergies and anyone with a history of respiratory complaints must not be asked to work with products containing isocyanates.

Do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.

Revised: July 2015

In the United States: 1.855.6.AXALTA nasonfinishes.com In Canada: 1.800.668.6945 nasonfinishes.ca



MP Series Epoxy Primers

Background

MP Series Primers are two component, non-chrome epoxies designed to provide superior corrosion protection and adhesion when applied over properly cleaned and sanded bare metal, fiberglass and painted surfaces. They are available in gray, black or white.

MP170 Epoxy Primer

Primer

MP170 (gray), MP171 (white), MP172 (black)

Catalyst

MP175 Epoxy Primer Catalyst

| Compatibility | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| MP Series Epoxy Primers | MP Series E | Epoxy Primers |
| may be applied over: | may be ove | r coated with: |
| MP176 MP178 MP181 MP182 MP282 MP292 MX241/245 | MAE MBC MBP MTV MTK MP181 MP182 | MP281 MP282 MP292 MX241/245 |

Preparation

Surface cleaning

MX190 Cleaner

Sanding

120 - 180 grit on bare metal

220 - 320 grit on old finishes, body filler

Mixing

Ratios

MP Series 2 MP175 1

Note:

Allow a 15 minute induction period before

applying.

A B

Pot life is 8 hours at 70°F (21°C)

Additives

Acetone may be added up to 10% to RTS MP Series Epoxy Primer.

Application

Coats



1 or 2 coats

Air pressure

HVLP 8 - 10 psi at the air cap Conventional 45 - 50 psi at the gun

Gun setup

1.3 - 1.6 mm or equivalent

Dry Times

Air dry

1 coat 15 minutes at 70°F (21°C) 2 coats 30 minutes at 70°F (21°C)

MP Series Epoxy Primers <u>must</u> be scuffed and reapplied if allowed to sit more than 3 days (72 hours).

Clean Up

Clean spray guns, gun cups, storage pots, etc., thoroughly with MR Reducer, MS General Purpose Solvents or other appropriate clean up solvent after each use.

Follow EPA guidelines for proper storage and disposal of solvent-borne waste paint.

Properties

VOC

| Package | MP170 | 4.3 lb./gal. |
|---------------|-------|--------------|
| _ | MP171 | 4.2 lb./gal |
| | MP172 | 4.2 lb./gal |
| Applied (2:1) | MP170 | 4.6 lb./gal. |
| | MP171 | 4.5 lb./gal |
| | MP172 | 4.5 lb./gal |

Applied (2:1+10% acetone) max.

4.6 lb./gal.

Film build per coat

Applied (2:1) 1.0 mil

Square foot coverage at 1.0 mil

Applied (2:1) 563 sq. ft. / gal., no loss

Limitations

Omni™ MP Series Primers should not be combined with other products except where prescribed.

Important

The contents of this package may have to be blended with other components before the product can be used. Before opening the packages, be sure you understand the warning messages on the labels of all components, since the mixture will have the hazards of all its parts. Spray equipment must be handled with due care and in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Follow label directions for respirator use. Wear eye and skin protection. Observe all applicable precautions.

See Material Safety Data Sheet and Labels for additional safety information and handling instructions. EMERGENCY MEDICAL OR SPILL CONTROL INFORMATION (304) 843-1300; IN CANADA (514) 645-1320.

PITT-TECH®

90-374 Series

HPC/Industrial Maintenance

PITT-TECH® Int/Ext High Gloss DTM Industrial Enamels

Generic Type

100% Acrylic Formula

General Description

Pitt-Tech® High Gloss Industrial Enamels are a full line of 100% Acrylic water borne enamels designed for direct-to-metal application. These products provide corrosion protection, chemical and solvent resistance, and are fast drying with low odor. Recommended for use on properly prepared interior or exterior metal, masonry, plaster, and drywall surfaces.

Tinting and Base Information

Use PITTSBURGH® Paints Custom Colorants and refer to THE VOICE OF COLOR® electronic CD or formula book for tinting instructions.

| 90-306 | Safety Red |
|--------|---------------|
| 90-310 | Safety Blue |
| 90-311 | Safety Green |
| 90-313 | Safety Orange |
| 90-330 | Safety Yellow |
| 90-353 | Black |

White and Pastel Base 90-374 Midtone Base 90-375 90-376 Deeptone Base 90-377 Deep Rustic Base

Recommended Uses

Aluminum Drywall Ferrous Metal Galvanized Steel Concrete, Stucco, Plaster, Masonry CMU

Features / Benefits

Excellent adhesion for true DTM performance in Pastel Base and Ready Mix Colors

Improved color, and gloss retention versus most alkyds and two component coatings.

Flash rust resistant

Easy to apply, low odor

Soap & water clean up

Performance Offset to Federal Standard TT-E-2784

High hiding

Limitations of Use

Apply only when air and surface temperatures are above 50°F(10°C) and surface temperature is at least 5°F (3°C) above the dew point. Avoid exterior painting late in the day when dew or condensation are likely to form or if rain is threatening. Two coats are required for maximum protection. Protect from freezing. Do not use on large wood structures or for immersion service. Excessive thinning or insufficient film thickness may cause rust staining. If rust staining occurs, apply an additional coat.

Product Data

Gloss: Gloss: 80 to 100 (60° Gloss Meter)

VOC*: 1.59 lbs/gal 191.00 g/L

193 to 292 sq ft/gal (18 to 27 sq. m/3.78L) **Coverage:** Note: Does not include loss due to varying application method, surface porosity, or mixing.

2.0 minimum to 3.0 maximum DFT: 10.0 lbs. (4.5 kg) + -0.2 lbs. (91 g)Weight/Gallon*:

Volume Solids*: 37% +/- 2% Weight Solids*: 47.7% +/- 2% **Mix Ratio:** One Component Clean-up: Soap and Water

Results will vary by color, thinning and other additives.

*Product data calculated on 90-374

Drying Time:

To Touch: 1 hour To Handle: 4 hours To Recoat: 4 hours Dry Time @77°F (25°C); 50% relative humidity

| Pot Life: | Not Applicable |
|--------------|--------------------|
| Flash Point: | Over 200°F, (93°C) |

PITT-TECH®

HPC/Industrial Maintenance

PITT-TECH® Int/Ext High Gloss DTM Industrial Enamels

General Surface Preparation

The surface to be coated must be dimensionally stable, dry, clean, and free of oil, grease, release agents, curing compounds, and other foreign materials. The service life of the coating is directly related to the surface preparation. Where appropriate bare areas should be primed with a suitable primer. Pitt-Tech® Industrial Enamel Primers, 90-712 or 90-709, must be used on all bare metal substrates when using colors made from Midtone, Deeptone, and Deep Rustic bases. Remove and inhibit regrowth of mildew on exterior surfaces by using Mildew Check® Multi-Purpose Wash, 18-1. Before use, be sure to read and follow the instructions and warnings on the label.

WARNING: Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes which contain lead. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST OR FUMES MAY CAUSE ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN OR PREGNANT WOMEN. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as properly fitted and approved (e.g. NIOSH-approved) respirator and proper containment and cleanup. For additional information, contact the USEPA/Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or the regional Health Canada office.

ALUMINUM: Solvent Clean per SSPC-SP1 to remove grease and oils.

FERROUS METAL: The recommended surface preparation is Commercial Blast Clean per SSPC-SP6. The minimum surface preparation is Hand Tool or Power Tool Clean per SSPC-SP2 or SP3.

GALVANIZED STEEL: Solvent Clean per SSPC-SP1 to remove grease and oils. If any oxidation (white rust) has formed, sand and remove all forms of contamination. If the galvanized has been passivated or stabilized, the surface must be abraded, i.e. Brush-Off Blast Clean per SSPC-SP7 or chemically treated.

HPC Systems in Detail Brochure (H10788)COATING SYSTEMS: 477-HD, 478-HD, 479-HD, 480-HD.

Recommended Primers

Concrete Masonry Units 6-12, 16-90 Drywall 6-2 Concrete, Stucco, Plaster, Masonry 6-603, 6-808

other than CM Unit

Aluminum Self priming, 6-204, 90-709,

90-712

Ferrous Metal Self priming, 6-208, 7-852 Galvanized Steel Self priming, 6-209, 90-709,

90-712

Directions for Use

Bulletin: 90-374

Mix thoroughly before and during use. Read all label and Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) information prior to use. MSDS are available through our website or by calling 1-800-441-9695.

Application Information

Recommended Spread Rates:

| Wet Mils : Wet Microns: | 5.5 minimum to 140.0 minimum to | 8.3 210.0 | maximum maximum |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Dry Mils: | 2.0 minimum to | 3.0 | maximum |
| Dry Microns: | 50.8 minimum to | 76.2 | maximum |

Application Equipment: Changes in application equipment, pressures and/or tip sizes may be required depending on ambient temperatures and application conditions.

Conventional Spray: Fluid Nozzle: DeVilbiss gun, with 704 or 777 air cap with E tip and needle, or comparable equipment. Atomization Pressure: 55-75 Fluid Pressure: Cannot specify;

dependant on numerous factors.

Airless Spray: Pressure: 2000 - 2600 psi; tip 0.015 - 0.023" Hose d

High Quality Polyester/Nylon Brush

Roller: 1" or 1 1/2" nap roller cover

Thinning:

Apply as received. If necessary, thin with a small amount of clean water. For additional open time and better flow and leveling during times of extremely low humidity and/or high temperatures up to 8 ounces of 90-740 Pitt-Tech Conditioner may be added per gallon of Pitt-Tech.

Permissible temperatures during application:

60 to 90°F 16 to 32°C Material: 50 to 100°F 10 to 38°C Ambient: 50 to 130°F Substrate: 10 to 54°C

PPGAF believes the technical data presented in this bulletin is currently accurate: however, no guarantee of accuracy, comprehensiveness, or performance is given or implied. Improvements in coatings technology may cause future technical data to very from what is in this bulletin. For complete, up-to-date information visit our web site or call 1-800-441-9695

Packaging: 1-Gallon (3.78L) 5-Gallon (18.9L)

Not all products are available in all sizes. All containers are not full-filled



PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc. Technical Services: One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272

1-800-441-9695 Architect/Specifier: 1-888-774-7732

PPG Architectural Coatings -Canada 4 Kenview Blvd. Brampton, Ontario L6T 5E4

(905) 790-5336 www.pittsburghpaints.com International Sales: 1-877-238-6441 (412) 434-2049

Additional copies of this bulletin can be obtained from our web site or by calling 1-800-428-7806

Rev. 2/2002



SECTION 1 – Chemical Product and Company Identification

US Chemical & Plastics QUEST AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS 600 Nova Drive SE Massillon, OH 44646 PH 330-830-6000 - FAX 330-830-6005

For Chemical Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

PRODUCT NAME: Retail Lightweight Body Filler – Part A

PRODUCT CODE: (15003), 77000, 77001, 77001P, 77002, 77003B,

77003P, 77020, 77021-Kit/77022-Repair System

SYNONYM/CROSS REFERENCE: Polyester Paste SCHEDULE B NUMBER: 3214.10.0090

SECTION 2 – Hazard Identification

OVEREXPOSURE EFFECTS:

ACUTE EFFECTS:

<u>EYES:</u> Contact with eyes can cause irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision, and/or swelling. <u>SKIN:</u> Contact with skin can cause irritation, (minor itching, burning and/or redness), Dermatitis, defatting may be readily absorbed through the skin.

<u>INHALATION:</u> Inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness and/or asphyxiation. Aspiration of material into lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

INGESTION: Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: skin, inhalation, eyes

SECTION 3 – Composition, Information or Ingredients

| <u>INGREDIENTS</u> | WGT% | CAS# |
|--------------------|--------|----------------------|
| Styrene | 15-20% | 100-42-5 |
| Non-Fibrous Talc | 10-20% | 14807-96-6 |
| Calcium Carbonate | 30-40% | 1317-65-3, 471-34-1 |
| Glass Beads | 1-10% | 1344-09-8, 7775-19-1 |
| Amorphous Silica | 1-3% | 7631-86-9 |

SECTION 4 – First Aid Measures

INHALATION: If inhaled, remove victim from exposure to a well-ventilated area. Make them comfortably warm, but not hot. Use oxygen or artificial respiration as required. Consult a physician.

SKIN: For skin contact, wash promptly with soap and excess water.

EYES: For eye contact, flush promptly with excess water for at least fifteen minutes. Consult a physician.

INGESTION: If ingested, do not induce vomiting, Give victim a glass of water, Call a physician

immediately.

Retail Lightweight Body Filler (Part A)-15003.doc

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SDS

SECTION 5 – Fire-Fighting Measures

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Fight like a fuel oil fire. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray. Firefighter should wear OSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus. UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: Closed containers exposed to high temperatures, such as fire conditions may rupture.

<u>SECTION 6 – Accidental Release Measures</u>

SPILLS, LEAK OR RELEASE: Ventilate area. Remove all possible sources of ignition. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor. Contain spill with inert absorbent.

SECTION 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE AND HANDLING: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not store the product above 100°F/38°C. Do not flame, cut, braze weld or melt empty containers. Keep the product away from heat, open flame, and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers.

SECTION 8 – Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If component TLV limits are exceeded, use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator to remove vapors. Use an air-supplied respirator if necessary.

VENTILATION: Use adequate ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV/PEL below recommended levels. Explosion-proof ventilation may be necessary.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: To prevent prolonged exposure use rubber gloves; solvents may be absorbed through the skin.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety Glasses or goggles with splash guards or side shields.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Wear protective clothing as required to prevent skin contact.

| INGREDIENTS | CAS# | TLV/PEL |
|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| Styrene | 100-42-5 | ACGIH TLV 20 ppm STEL 40 ppm OSHA PEL 100 ppm CPEL 200 ppm |
| Non-Fibrous Talc | 14807-96-6 | ACGIH TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA TLV 20 mppcf |
| Calcium Carbonate | 1317-65-3 471-34-1 | ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m ³ |
| Glass Beads | 1344-09-8 7775-19-1 | ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m ³ |
| Amorphous Silica | 112926-00-8 | OSHA TLV 20 mppcf |

Retail Lightweight Body Filler (Part A)-15003.doc

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SECTION 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

APPEARANCE: Off-white, smooth paste

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.16

FLASH POINT: 89°F/31.7°C Seta Flash Closed cup

LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT %: N/E UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT %: N/E

VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHG): Heavier than air

BOILING POINT: N/Av

VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air

EVAPORATION RATE (Ethyl Ether = 1): Slower than Ethyl Ether

VOLATILES BY WEIGHT: 15-20% SOLUBILITY IN WATER: None VOC: Grams/Litre = less exempts 215

loss upon curing 0.8 g/l

SECTION 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Open flames, sparks, heat, electrical and static discharge. INCOMPATIBILITY MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong acids, alkalis, oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, and Carbon.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

<u>SECTION 11 – Toxicological Information</u>

CHRONIC EFFECTS:

Overexposure to this material has apparently been known to cause the following effects in lab animals: Eye, skin, lung, and central nervous system damage.

CARCINOGEN: YES ___ NO X TERATOGEN: YES ___ NO X MUTAGEN: YES ___ NO X

STYRENE CARCINOGENICITY

Styrene is listed by IARC to be a possible carcinogen. Styrene studies have shown that Styrene causes cancer in certain laboratory animals. However, there is insufficient evidence to conclude that Styrene is a human carcinogen.

SECTION 12 – Ecological Information

N/E

SECTION 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Retail Lightweight Body Filler (Part A)-15003.doc

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SDS

SECTION 14 – Transport Information

For Ground Transport: In USA

Consumer Commodity ORM-D or Limited Quantity

For Air Transport:

Must be re-boxed to UN specified packaging in quantities of no more than 5 kg per fiberboard box UN3269, Polyester Resin Kit, 3, PGIII Packing Instruction 370

For Ocean Transport:

UN3269, Polyester Resin Kit, 3, PGIII, F/P 31.7°C EMS # F-E, S-D, In limited quantity

<u>SECTION 15 – Regulatory Information</u>

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

Trace amounts of some chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm may be present in this product.

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372:

| CHEMICAL NAME | CAS | % BY WGT | |
|---------------|----------|----------|--|
| | | | |
| Styrene | 100-42-5 | 15-20% | |

This information must be included in all MSDS that are copied and distributed for this chemical.

SECTION 16 – Other Information

| HMIS RATING: | Health | 2 | 4 = Extreme |
|--------------|------------|---|-------------------|
| | Fire | 3 | 3 = High |
| | Reactivity | 1 | 2 = Moderate |
| | • | | 1 = Slight |
| | | | 0 = Insignificant |

Personal Protection - See Section VIII

Retail Lightweight Body Filler (Part A)-15003.doc

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ABBREVIATIONS

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

TLV = Threshold Limit Value
PEL = Permissible Emission Level
DOT = Department of Transportation
NTP = National Toxicology Program

N/AV = Not Available
 N/AP = Not Applicable
 N/E = Not Established
 N/D = Not Determined

PREPARED BY: U S CHEMICAL & PLASTICS

QUEST AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS

600 NOVA DRIVE SE MASSILLON, OH 44646

TELEPHONE NBR: 330-830-6000

FAX NBR: 330-830-6005

DATE REVIEWED: January 18, 2011
DATE REVISED: May 26, 2011
REVISION: Section 14

The information in the Material Safety Data Sheet has been compiled from our experience and from data presented in various technical publications. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of this information for the adoption of the safety precautions as may be necessary. We reserve the right to revise Material Safety Data Sheets from time to time as new technical information becomes available. The user has the responsibility to contact the Company to make sure that the MSDS is the latest one issued.

Retail Lightweight Body Filler (Part A)-15003.doc

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RUST-OLEUM CORP -- 7715 RUST-OLEUM PROFESSIONAL COATINGS -- 8010-

00F016137

MSDS Safety Information

FSC: 8010

MSDS Date: 09/11/1992

MSDS Num: BZGGD LIIN: 00F016137

Tech Review: 05/10/1996

Product ID: 7715 RUST-OLEUM PROFESSIONAL COATINGS

Responsible Party

Cage: 08882

Name: RUST-OLEUM CORP
Address: 11 HAWTHORNE PKWY

City: VERNON HILLS IL 60061-1583 US

Info Phone Number: 312-367-7700/312-864-8200
Emergency Phone Number: 312-367-7700/312-864-8200

Preparer Co. when other than Responsible Party Co.

Cage: 08882 Assigned Ind: N

Name: RUST-OLEUM CORP

Address: 11 HAWTHORN PARKWAY City: VERNON HILLS IL 60061-1583

Contractor Summary

Cage: 08882

Name: RUST-OLEUM CORP

Address: 11 HAWTHORN PARKWAY

City: VERNON HILLS IL 60061-1583 US

Phone: 847-367-7700

Ingredients

Cas: 8052-41-3 RTECS #: WJ8925000

Name: STODDARD SOLVENT (PETROLEUM DISTILLATE), MINERAL SPIRITS

% by Wt: 40-55

Other REC Limits: 525 MG/CUM

OSHA PEL: 100 PPM ACGIH TLV: 100 PPM

Ozone Depleting Chemical: N

Health Hazards Data

Route Of Entry Inds - Inhalation: YES

Skin: NO

Ingestion: YES

Carcinogenicity Inds - NTP: NO

IARC: NO OSHA: NO

Effects of Exposure: INHALATION: HARMFUL, MAY AFFECT THE BRAIN/NERVOUS

SYSTEM. MAY CAUSE NOSE & THROAT IRRITATION. EYES/SKIN: CAUSES

IRRITATION

LEADING TO DERMATITIS W/REPEATED OVEREXPOSURES. INGESTION: GI IRRITANT.

REPEA TED/PROLONGED OVEREXPOSURE TO SOLVENTS MAY CAUSE PERMANENT BRAIN &

NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE. LIVER/CARDIAC ABNORMALITIES.

Explanation Of Carcinogenicity: NONE

Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, STAGGERING GAIT, CONFUSION, UNCONSCIOUSNESS, COMA, IRRITATION, VOMITING,

DIARRHEA

First Aid: INHALATION: REMOVE FROM EXPOSURE, RESTORE BREATHING. EYES: FLUSH IMMEDIATELY W/LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR 15 MINS. SKIN: WASH W/SOAP & WATER. INGESTION: ASPIRATION HAZARD. DON'T INDUCE VOMITING. KEEP WARM & OUIET. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IN ALL CASES.

Handling and Disposal

Spill Release Procedures: REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION, VENTILATE AREA &

REMOVE INERT ABSORBENT & NON-SPARKING TOOLS.

Waste Disposal Methods: DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE W/LOCAL, STATE & FEDERAL

REGULATIONS.

Handling And Storage Precautions: DON'T STORE >120F. STORE LARGE QUANTITIES IN BUILDINGS DESIGNED & PROTECTED FOR STORAGE OF NFPA CLASS

II COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS.

Other Precautions: EMPTY CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS. DON'T TAKE INTERNALLY.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Information

Flash Point Method: TCC Flash Point Text: 104F

Lower Limits: 1

Extinguishing Media: CO2, DRY CHEMICAL/FOAM

Fire Fighting Procedures: WEAR FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT W/SCBA. WATER SPRAY MAY BE INEFFECTIVE. WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL CLOSED CONTAINERS.

IF WATER IS USED, FOG NOZZLES ARE PREFERRED.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED

TO EXTREME HEAT.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: USE NIOSH APPROVED CHEMICAL CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR

(TC23C) TO REMOVE SOLID AIRBORNE PARTICLES OF OVERSPRAY & ORGANIC VAPORS

DURING SPRAY APPLICATION. IN CONFINED AREAS: USE NIOSH APPROVED SUPPLIED-AIR R ESPIRATORS/HOODS (TC19C).

Ventilation: GENERAL DILUTION/LOCAL EXHAUST IN VOLUME & PATTERN TO KEEP TLV BELOW ACCEPTABLE LIMITS.

Protective Gloves: IMPERVIOUS

Eye Protection: SAFETY EYEWEAR W/SPLASH GUARDS

```
Other Protective Equipment: IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING TO PREVENT SKIN
CONTACT.
______
Physical/Chemical Properties
______
B.P. Text: 307-389F
Vapor Density: >1
Evaporation Rate & Reference: SLOWER THAN ETHER
Percent Volatiles by Volume: (SUPP)
______
Reactivity Data
______
Stability Indicator: YES
Stability Condition To Avoid: HEAT, SPARKS, OPEN FLAME, HOT SURFACES,
 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT & OTHER IGNITION SOURCES
Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS
Hazardous Decomposition Products: BY OPEN FLAME: CO, CO2
Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO
______
Toxicological Information
______
_____
Ecological Information
______
______
MSDS Transport Information
______
______
Regulatory Information
______
______
Other Information
______
______
HAZCOM Label
_____
Product ID: 7715 RUST-OLEUM PROFESSIONAL COATINGS
Cage: 08882
Company Name: RUST-OLEUM CORP
Street: 11 HAWTHORN PARKWAY
City: VERNON HILLS IL
Zipcode: 60061-1583 US
Health Emergency Phone: 312-367-7700/312-864-8200
Date Of Label Review: 12/16/1998
Label Date: 12/16/1998
Hazard And Precautions: INHALATION: HARMFUL, MAY AFFECT THE
BRAIN/NERVOUS
 SYSTEM. MAY CAUSE NOSE & THROAT IRRITATION. EYES/SKIN: CAUSES
IRRITATION
 LEADING TO DERMATITIS W/REPEATED OVEREXPOSURES. INGESTION: GI
IRRITANT.
 REPEA TED/PROLONGED OVEREXPOSURE TO SOLVENTS MAY CAUSE PERMANENT
BRAIN &
 NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE. LIVER/CARDIAC ABNORMALITIES. DIZZINESS,
 HEADACHE, NAUSEA, STAGGERING GAIT, CONFUSION, UNCONSCIOUSNESS, COMA,
 IRRITATION, VOMITING, DIARRHEA
```

Disclaimer (provided with this information by the compiling agencies):
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or implied warrants, states, or intends said information to have any application, use or viability by or to any person or persons outside the

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a military or civilian employee of the United States of America should

seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility

for the suitability of this information to their particular situation regardless of similarity to a corresponding Department of Defense or other government situation.

```
======= 1. Product Identification ========
 Product ID:GLOSS WHITE, 7792
 MSDS Date:01/01/1987
 Tech Review: 06/19/1987
 FSC:8010
 NIIN:LIIN:00N009228
 Submitter: N EN
 MFN:01
 === Responsible Party ===
 Company Name: RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION
 Address:11 HAWTHORNE PKWY
 City: VERNON HILLS
 State: IL
 ZIP:60061-1583
 Country: US
 Review Ind:Y
 Published:Y
 CAGE: DO883
 === Contractor Identification ===
 Company Name: RUST-OLEUM CORP
 Address:11 HAWTHORN PARKWAY
 Box:City:VERNON HILLS
 State: IL
 ZIP:60061-1583
 Country: US
 Phone:847-367-7700
 CAGE: 08882
 Company Name: RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION
 Address:11 HAWTHORNE PARKWAY
 City: VERNON HILLS
 State: IL
 ZIP:60061-1583
 Country: US
 CAGE: DO883
 === Item Description Information ===
 Type of Container:
 ====== 2.Composition/Information on Ingredients =======
 Ingred Name:MINERAL SPIRITS
 Fraction by Wt: 45%
 ACGIH TLV:500 PPM MFR
 Ozone Depleting Chemical:
 ======= 3. Hazards Identification =======
 =Routes of Entry=
 =Reports of Carcinogenicity=
 Effects of Overexposure: INHAL: ANESTHETIC, RESP TRACT IRRIT/ACUTE
NERVOUS
     SYSTEM DEPRESS, SYMP INCLUDE: HDACHE, (SEE OTHR PRECAU
 ======= 4.First Aid Measures ========
```

First Aid:EYES:FLUS IMMED W/COPIOUS AMTS OF H*20 FOR @ LEAST 15 MIN.CALL PHYSICIAN. INHAL:REMOVE FROM EXPOSRE,RESTORE BREATHING & CALL PHYSICIAN. SKIN:WASH AFFECTED AREA W/SOAP & H*20.REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHI NG.

====== 5. Fire Fighting Measures ========

Flash Point:Flash Point Text:104F (40C), TCC

Lower Limits:0.7

Extinguishing Media:NFPA CLASS B EXTINGUISHER-CO*2,DRY CHEMICAL/FOAM Fire Fighting Procedures:USE NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD SCBA,FULL PROT EQUIP. (SEE SUPP DATA)

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: KEEP CNTNR CLSD TIGHT. ISOLATE FROM HEAT, ELEC EQUIP, SPARKS, OPEN FLM. CLSD CNTNR MAY EXPLO(SEE SUPP DAT

======= 6. Accidental Release Measures =======

Spill Release Procedures: REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION, VENTILATE AREA.REMOVE WITH INERT ABSORBENT & NON-SPARKING TOOLS.

======= 7. Handling and Storage =======

Handling and Storage Precautions: DONT STORE ABOVE 120F.GROUND CONTAINER

WHEN POURING.DONT INGEST.EMPTY CONTAINER MAY BE HAZARDOUS. Other Precautions:OVEREXP

EFTS:DIZZY,STAGGERING,CONFUSION,UNCONSCIOUSNESS/COMA.SKIN/EYE:PRIMA RY IRRIT. VAP PRESS & LEL VALUES ARE FOR MINERAL SPIRITS.

====== 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection ========

Respiratory Protection:NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR APPROPRIATE FOR EXPOSURE OF CONCERN.

Ventilation: GENERAL DILUTION/LOCAL EXHAUST VENT TO KEEP BELOW TLV.

Protective Gloves: PVNT PRLNG CONT

Eye Protection: CHEMICAL WORKERS GOGGLES

Supplemental Safety and Health

SPECIAL FIRE PROC: H*20 POSS INEFFECTIVE.USE H*20 W/FOG NOZZLE TO COOL CLOSED CNTNR, PVNT PRESS. UNUSUAL FIRE HAZ: IF EXPOSE TO EXTREME HEAT.DONT APPLY TO HOT SURF. DATE OF PREP: 3-14-84

======= 9. Physical/Chemical Properties ========

NRC/State Lic Num:N/R

Boiling Pt:B.P. Text:313-386F

Vapor Pres:2.0

Vapor Density:> 1

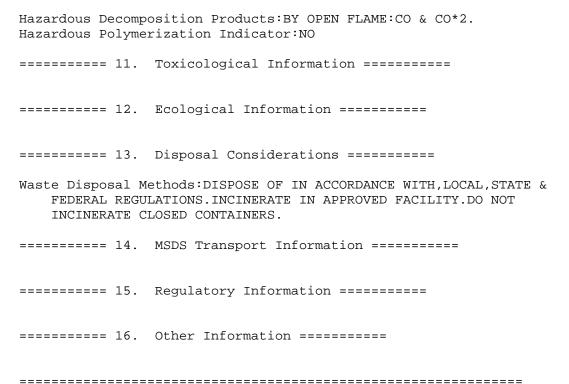
Spec Gravity:1.0697

Evaporation Rate & Reference: SLOWER THAN ETHER

Percent Volatiles by Volume:59

======= 10. Stability and Reactivity Data ========

Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid:YES WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.



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particular situation.

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Safety Data Sheet



* Trusted Quality Since 1921 * www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification

PRO 1-GL 2PK GLOSS HUNTER GREEN **Product Name: Revision Date:** 5/15/2015

Product Identifier: 7738402 Supercedes Date: New SDS

Product Use/Class: Topcoat/Alkyd

Rust-Oleum Corporation Rust-Oleum Corporation Supplier: Manufacturer:

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 **Emergency Telephone:**

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Vapors irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. Combustible liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Flammable liquid and vapor. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any. Vapor Harmful. Causes Eye, Skin, Nose, and Throat Irritation.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product







Signal Word Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable Liquid, category 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 5 H303 May be harmful if swallowed. Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5 May be harmful in contact with skin. H313 Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation. Eye Irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI H335 May cause respiratory irritation. STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Organic Peroxide, categories C, D H242 Heating may cause a fire. H305 Aspiration Hazard, category 2

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Irritation, category 2B H320 Causes eye irritation.

H340 Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B May cause genetic defects. Classified as mutagenic Category 1 if one ingredient is present at or above 0.1%. Applies to liquids, solids (w/w units)

and gases (v/v). The substance may also have its own exposure limit.

Routes of exposure are dependent on ingredient form.

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Carcinogenicity, category 1B H350 May cause cancer. Classified as carcinogenic Category 1 on the basis of epidemiological and/or animal data. Mixtures are classified as carcinogenic when at least 1 ingredient has been classified as carcinogenic and is present at 0.1% or above Routes of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.

STOT, repeated exposure, category 1 H372 Causes damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Keep out of reach of children. P102 P103 Read label before use. P234 Keep only in original container. P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280 P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P374 Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. P402 Store in a dry place. P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P362 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if P305+P351+P338 present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

P308+P313

P302+P352

P350

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | <u>Wt.%</u> Range | GHS Symbols | GHS Statements |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 10-25 | GHS02-GHS08 | H224-340-350-372 |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 10-25 | GHS06 | H331 |
| Mineral Spirits | 64742-88-7 | 10-25 | GHS06-GHS08 | H331-372 |
| Organoclay | 68911-87-5 | 1.0-2.5 | | |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-332 |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 0.1-1.0 | | |

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

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FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Keep containers tightly closed. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid excess heat. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV- TWA | ACGIH TLV- STEL | OSHA PEL-TWA | OSHA PEL- CEILING |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 20.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 500 ppm | N.E. |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 20.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 500 ppm | N.E. |
| Mineral Spirits | 64742-88-7 | 15.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Organoclay | 68911-87-5 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 1.0 | 20 ppm | 125 ppm | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 1.0 | 10 mg/m3 (Total Dust) | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 [Total Dust] | N.E. |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve crossventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact.

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EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: **Physical State:** Liquid Liquid Odor: **Odor Threshold:** N.E. Solvent Like Relative Density: 0.931 pH: N.D. Freeze Point, °C: Viscosity: N.D. N.D.

Solubility in Water: Slight Partition Coefficient, n-

Decompostion Temp., °C: No Information octanol/water: No Information

Boiling Range, °C:277 - 415Explosive Limits, vol%:0.7 - 8.9Flammability:Does not Support CombustionFlash Point, °C:>93

Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether Auto-ignition Temp., °C: No Information

Vapor Density: Heavier than Air Vapor Pressure: N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. May cause headaches and dizziness. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage. Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| CAS-No. | Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | <u>Vapor LC50</u> |
|------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 64742-47-8 | Hydrotreated Light Distillate | >5000 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | >5.2 mg/L Rat |
| 64742-88-7 | Mineral Spirits | >5000 mg/kg Rat | 3000 mg/kg Rabbit | >5.28 mg/L Rat |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 3500 mg/kg Rat | 15354 mg/kg Rabbit | 17.2 mg/L Rat |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dioxide | >10000 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | N.I. |
| | | | | |

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N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

| | Domestic (USDOT) | International (IMDG) | <u>Air (IATA)</u> | TDG (Canada) |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1263 | 1263 | N.A. |
| | | | | |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Not Regulated | Paint | Paint | Not Regulated |
| | | | | |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 3 | 3 | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | III | III | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | No | Yes, >5L No | Yes, >5L No | No |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name CAS-No. Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer.

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 |
| Crystalline Silica / Quartz | 14808-60-7 |
| Cristobalite | 14464-46-1 |

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Benzene 71-43-2 hexachlorobenzene 118-74-1 Cadmium Compounds 7440-43-9 Lead Compounds 7439-92-1 Arsenic Compounds 7440-38-2

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

harm.

Chemical Name CAS-No. Toluene 108-88-3 Benzene 71-43-2 hexachlorobenzene 118-74-1 Mercury Compounds (Inorganic) 7439-97-6 Cadmium Compounds 7440-43-9 Lead Compounds 7439-92-1

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2* Flammability: 3 **Physical Hazard:** 0 **Personal Protection:** Χ

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: B3 D2A D2B

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 0 2 Flammability: 3 Instability

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 452

MSDS REVISION DATE: 5/15/2015

No Information **REASON FOR REVISION:**

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H331 Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. H332

H340 May cause genetic defects <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard>.

H350 May cause cancer <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure

cause the hazard>.

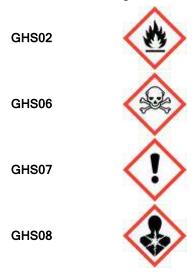
H372 Causes damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated

exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the

hazard>.

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Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.



Revision Date: 8/3/2015

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identifier F15 - Wash & Wax

Product Use Description:

Anionic Detergent Blend - Used as automobile shampoo cleaning concentrate,

Amber viscous liquid with a Fruity fragrance

Manufacturer or suppliers' details

P & S Sales, Inc Emergency Number: 800-255-3924 20943 Cabot Blvd. Customer Service: 510-732-2628 Hayward CA 94545 Business Fax: 510-732-2632

Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

Skin Irritation : Category 2

Eye Irritation : Category 2A

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

GHS Label Elements Hazard pictograms





Hazard Word Warning

Hazard Statements

Causes mild skin irritation
Causes eye irritation
Harmful if swallowed
Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary Statements

Safety Data Sheet F15 - Wash & Wax

9/2/201*E*

Revision Date: 8/3/2015

Page

Wash skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection IF ON SKIN:

Wash skin thoroughly after handling

IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes

Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. continue rinsing

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Store away from other materials

Avoid release to the environment

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. Composition Information on Ingredients

| CAS Number | Wt % | Component Name |
|------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| 25155-30-0 | 10-15% | Linear Dodecyl Benzene Sulfonate |
| 68955-55-5 | 3-7% | Cocamine Oxide |
| 141-43-5 | 1-4% | Monoethanolamine |
| 68439-57-6 | 1-3% | Alpha Olefin Sulfonate |

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification. Remaining components are proprietary, non-hazardous, and/or present at amounts below reportable limits.

4. First Aid Measures

Eye: Immediately and gently flush with water for 15 minutes. Consult physician.

Skin: Rinse thoroughly if irritation occurs. Consult Doctor if it persists

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. No first aid should be needed from exposure due to mist. Consult physician if symptoms such as difficulty breathing occur. If aspiration occurs consult physician immediately.

Oral: Rinse mouth. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Comments: Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media:

On large fires use dry chemical, foam or water spray. On small fires use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical or water spray. Water can be used to cool fire exposed containers.

Fire Fighting Measures:

Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn in fighting large fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.



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Unusual Fire Hazards:

None.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Formaldehyde. Metal oxides.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

7. Handling and Storage

Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid eye contact.

Use reasonable care and store away from oxidizing materials.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

| 25155-30-0 | Linear Dodecyl Benzene Sulfonate | not established |
|------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 68955-55-5 | Cocamine Oxide | not established |
| 141-43-5 | Monoethanolamine | TWA 3 ppm OSHA PEL |
| | | STEL 15 mg/m3 NIOSH |
| 68439-57-6 | Alpha Olefin Sulfonate | not established |

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Engineering Controls

Local Ventilation: None should be needed.

General Ventilation: Recommended.

Personal Protective Equipment for Routine Handling

Eyes: Use proper protection - safety glasses as a minimum. Skin: Washing at mealtime and end of shift is adequate.

Suitable Gloves: No special protection needed.

Inhalation: No respiratory protection should be needed.

Suitable Respirator: None should be needed.

Precautionary Measures: Avoid eye contact. Use reasonable care.

Comments: When heated to temperatures above 150 degrees C in the presence of air, product can form formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential cancer hazard, a known skin and respiratory sensitizer, and an irritant to the eyes, nose, throat, skin, and digestive system. Safe handling conditions may be maintained by keeping vapor OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit for formaldehyde.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Flash Point >213.8 °F **Upper Flamability Limit** Not Determined **Auto Ignition** Not Determined **Lower Flamability Limit** Not Determined

Color Amber Physical State Liquid Vapor Press Not Determined

Specific Gravity .99 Viscosity 500 cst **pH** 8-9

Vapor Density (Air=1) Not Determined Melting Point °F 25°F Odor Fruity

VOC Content .05 lb/gal Water Solubility complete

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable Hazardous Polymerization Not Expected to Occur

Conditions to Avoid Oxidizing materials can cause a reaction

Hazardous When heated to temperatures above 150 degrees C in the presence of air, **Decomposition Products** product can form formaldehyde vapors.

Safe handling conditions may be maintained by keeping vapor OSHA

Permissible Exposure Limit for formaldehyde.

11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Dermal Contact, Eye Contact, Inhalation, Ingestion

Reproductive toxicity - This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Not classified. Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Not classified.

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Aspiration hazard - Not an aspiration hazard.

Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-alkane Hydroxy And C14-16-alkene, Sodium Salts (CAS 68439-57-6)

Acute toxicity

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 6300 - 160000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LD50 Rat 52 - 206 mg/l

Oral

LD50 Rat 2079 - 2340 mg/kg

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage. irritation

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

12. Ecological Information

Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-alkane Hydroxy And C14-16-alkene, Sodium Salts (CAS 68439-57-6)

Aquatic toxicity

Acute

 Algae
 EC50
 Algae
 3.2 - 5.2 mg/l, 72 h

 Crustacea
 EC50
 Daphnia
 4.53 mg/l, 48 h

 Fish
 LC50
 Danio rerio
 3.5 - 5 mg/l, 96 h

Chronic

Crustacea NOEC Daphnia 6.3 mg/l, 21 d

Persistence and degradability This product is expected to be readily biodegradable.

13. Disposal Considerations

RCRA Hazard Class (40 CFR 261)

When a decision is made to discard this material, as received, is it classified as a hazardous waste? No State or local laws may impose additional regulatory requirements regarding disposal.

14. Transportation Information

Not subject to DOT. Not regulated

Not subject to IMDG code.

Not subject to IATA regulations

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazards: Hazardous Chemical

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

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EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity - This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards: No

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313: SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

California Prop. 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List -Not Regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) - Not Regulated

Safe Drinking Water Act -Not Regulated

16. Other Information Revision Date 8/3/2015

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. If buyer repackages this product, legal counsel should be consulted to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included on the container.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ACGIH American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

LD50 Lethal Dose 50%

AICS Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances

LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

DSL Canada, Domestic Sub- stances List

NFPA National Fire Protection Agency

NDSL Canada, Non-Domestic Sub- stances List

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

CNS Central Nervous System

NTP National Toxicology Program

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

EC50 Effective Concentration

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NOAEL No Observable Adverse Effect Level

EC50 Effective Concentration 50%

NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

EGEST EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool

OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration

EOSCA European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

EINECS European Inventory of Exist- ing Chemical Substances

PICCS Philipines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances

MAK Germany Maximum Concentration Values

PRNT Presumed Not Toxic

GHS Globally Harmonized System

RCRA Resource Conservation Recovery Act

>= Greater Than or Equal To

STEL Short-term Exposure Limit

IC50 Inhibition Concentration 50%

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

IARC International Agency for Re- search on Cancer

TLV Threshold Limit Value

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

TWA Time Weighted Average

ENCS Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Sub- stances

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

KECI Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory

UVCB Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials

<= Less Than or Equal To

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials In- formation System

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%

Safety Data Sheet



SECTION 1: Product and company identification

Product name : Anti-Seize Use of the substance/mixture : Aerosol

Lubricant

Product code : 822101

Company : Share Corporation

P.O. Box 245013

Milwaukee, WI 53224 - USA

T (414) 355-4000

: Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 **Emergency number**

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Gas 1 H220 Flam. Aerosol 1 H222 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)







GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

: Extremely flammable gas Hazard statements (GHS-US)

Extremely flammable aerosol

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

> Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

Wash thoroughly after handling Wear eye protection, face protection

If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Do NOT induce vomiting
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so

Store in a well-ventilated place

Store locked up

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national/international regulations

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification (GHS-US) |
|--------|--------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| butane | (CAS No) 106-97-8 | 10 - 20 | Flam. Gas 1, H220 |
| | | | Compressed gas, H280 |

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| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification (GHS-US) |
|--|---------------------|----------|--|
| Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate, Low boiling point modified naphtha, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of the reaction products of isobutane with monoolefinic hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C3 through C5. It consists of predominantly branched chain saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 160°C (194°F to 320°F).] | (CAS No) 64741-66-8 | 10 - 20 | Not classified |
| acetone, propan-2-one, propanone | (CAS No) 67-64-1 | 10 - 20 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 |
| Copper | (CAS No) 7440-50-8 | 10 - 20 | Not classified |
| propane | (CAS No) 74-98-6 | 10 - 20 | Flam. Gas 1, H220 Compressed gas, H280 |
| triethanolamine | (CAS No) 102-71-6 | 2.5 - 10 | Not classified |
| hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | (CAS No) 64742-47-8 | 2.5 - 10 | Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| Aluminum Chips | (CAS No) 7429-90-5 | 0.1 - 1 | Not classified |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

- : Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect
 - themselves. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical
 - advice/attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact

First-aid measures after inhalation

- : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical
- advice/attention. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin.
- First-aid measures after eye contact
- : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- Rinse mouth with water. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.
- First-aid measures after ingestion

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms/injuries : Causes serious eye

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

- : Causes serious eye irritation. irritation of mucous membranes.
- : Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact
- : Contact during a long period may cause light irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion
- : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam. Water. Sand. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a water jet since it may cause the fire to spread.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: Under fire conditions closed containers may rupture or explode. Extremely flammable aerosol.

Explosion hazard

: Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Contains gas under

pressure; may explode if heated.

Reactivity : The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection during firefighting

: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Isolate from fire, if possible, without unnecessary risk.

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6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

: Do not enter without an appropriate protective equipment. DO NOT touch spilled material. Ventilate Protective equipment

the area thoroughly, especially low lying areas (basements, work pits etc.).

Emergency procedures Keep upwind. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

: Ventilate area. Stop release. Stop leak if safe to do so. **Emergency procedures**

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Advice local authorities if considered necessary. Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Avoid discharge to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Prevent the product from entering drains or confined areas. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up

Clean thoroughly. Following product recovery, flush area with water. This material and its container

must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.

Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. In use, may form flammable vapor-air mixture. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Precautions for safe handling

Do not re-use empty containers. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Do not breathe gas/vapor/aerosol. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. . Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not smoke while handling product. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling may be harmful or fatal. Keep out of reach of children. Prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene measures Wash thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

Comply with applicable regulations. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

Storage conditions

Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Storage area Aerosol 2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

| triethanolamine (102- | 71-6) | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| ACGIH | Remark (ACGIH) | Eye & skin irr |
| butane (106-97-8) | | |
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| acetone, propan-2-on | e, propanone (67-64-1) | |
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| ACGIH | Remark (ACGIH) | eye irr; CNS impair; BEI |
| Aluminum Chips (742 | 29-90-5) | |
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 1 mg/m³ |
| ACGIH | Remark (ACGIH) | Pneumoconiosis; LRT irr |

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| propane (74-98-6) | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------|
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 1000 ppm |

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. . If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. . Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Use appropriate personal protective equipment when risk assessment indicates this is necessary.







SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Aerosol. purple.
Odor : characteristic
Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 6-7

Melting point : No data available
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : No data available

Flash point : -156 °F Propellant estimated

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available : No data available Explosive properties Oxidizing properties : No data available No data available Vapor pressure Relative density No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C No data available Specific gravity / density : 0.955 g/ml Solubility : No data available Log Pow No data available

Log Kow : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Risk of ignition. Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Exposure to air. Heat. Sparks. Open flame.

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10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides. oxygen. Fluorine. Chlorine. phenols and halogenated phenols. Nitrates.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides. Phosphorous oxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

| triethanolamine (102-71-6) | |
|----------------------------|---|
| LD50 oral rat | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Experimental value; 6400 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat) |
| LD50 dermal rat | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 10000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402; >2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit) |

hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics (64742-47-8) LD50 dermal rabbit > 5000 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Literature)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: 6 - 7

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

pH: 6 - 7

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified

triethanolamine (102-71-6)

IARC group 3 - Not Classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified. Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Contact during a long period may cause light irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Likely routes of exposure : Skin and eyes contact.;Inhalation;Ingestion.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| triethanolamine (102-71-6) | |
|--|---|
| LC50 fish 1 | > 10000 mg/l (48 h; Leuciscus idus) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 2038 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Locomotor effect) |
| LC50 fish 2 | 450 - 1000 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus) |
| EC50 Daphnia 2 | 609.88 mg/l (48 h; Ceriodaphnia dubia) |
| TLM fish 1 | 100 - 1000,Pisces |
| TLM other aquatic organisms 1 | 100 - 1000 |
| Threshold limit algae 1 | 1.8 - 715,168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda |
| Threshold limit algae 2 | 19 - 47,168 h; Microcystis aeruginosa |
| hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics (64742-47-8) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | > 100 mg/l (Pisces) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | > 100 mg/l (Invertebrata) |
| Threshold limit algae 1 | > 100 mg/l (Algae) |
| Aluminum Chips (7429-90-5) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 0.12 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) |

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12.2. Persistence and degradability

| triethanolamine (102-71-6) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Persistence and degradability | Readily biodegradable in water. Highly mobile in soil. Photolysis in the air. | |
| Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) | 0.02 g O /g substance | |
| Chemical oxygen demand (COD) | 1.50 g O /g substance | |
| ThOD | 2.04 g O /g substance | |
| BOD (% of ThOD) | 0.02 % ThOD | |
| hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics (64742-47-8) | | |
| Persistence and degradability | nd degradability Readily biodegradable in water. Adsorbs into the soil. | |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| triethanolamine (102-71-6) | | |
|--|---|--|
| BCF fish 1 | < <0.4-<3.9,42 days; Cyprinus carpio | |
| Log Pow | -2.3 - 1.34 (Weight of evidence approach; -1; QSAR) | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). | |
| hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics (64742-47-8) | | |
| Log Pow | 6 - 8.2 | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | High potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow > 5). | |

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

Transport document description : UN1950 Aerosols (flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)), 2.1

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1950 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols

flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



: Yes (IMDG only) Marine pollutant



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N82 DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR : 306

173.xxx)

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger

aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)

: 75 kg

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft

only (49 CFR 175.75)

: 150 kg

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 25 - Shade from radiant heat,87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except Division

14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

Additional information

: This product may be eligible to be shipped as a Limited Quantity or Consumer Commodity ORM-D Other information

utilizing the exception found at 49 CFR 173.306.

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ADR

No additional information available

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : UN1950
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Aerosols

Class (IMDG) : 2.1 - Flammable gases

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : UN1950

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, flammable
Class (IATA) : 2.1 - Gases : Flammable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

| Aluminum Chips | CAS No 7429-90-5 | 0.1 - 1 |
|----------------|------------------|---------|
| Copper | CAS No 7440-50-8 | 10 - 20 |

| butane (106-97-8) Not listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings) | | |
|--|----------------|--|
| | | |
| acetone, propan-2-one, propanone (67-64-1) | | |
| Not listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings) | | |
| RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) | 5000 lb | |
| Aluminum Chips (7429-90-5) | | |
| Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chem | ical listings) | |
| | | |
| Copper (7440-50-8) | | |
| Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings) | | |
| RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) | 5000 lb | |
| propane (74-98-6) | | |
| Not listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings) | | |
| | | |

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity

SECTION 16: Other information

Training advice : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.

Full text of H-phrases:

| skt of 11 philases. | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Asp. Tox. 1 | Aspiration hazard Category 1 | |
| Compressed gas | Gases under pressure Compressed gas | |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A | |
| Flam. Aerosol 1 | Flammable aerosol Category 1 | |
| Flam. Gas 1 | Flammable gases Category 1 | |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquids Category 2 | |
| Flam. Liq. 4 | Flammable liquids Category 4 | |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 | |
| H220 | Extremely flammable gas | |

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|---|----------|--|
| | H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol |
| | H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor |
| | H227 | Combustible liquid |
| | H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated |
| | H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways |
| | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness |

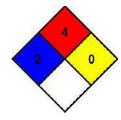
NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury

unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in

air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



Prepared by: Technical Department

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results obtained from the use thereof. Our company assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage to the vendee, users or third parties caused by the material. Such vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of this material.

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