



**INTERNATIONAL
TECHNOLOGY
CORPORATION**

Final Report - Appendices Volume II

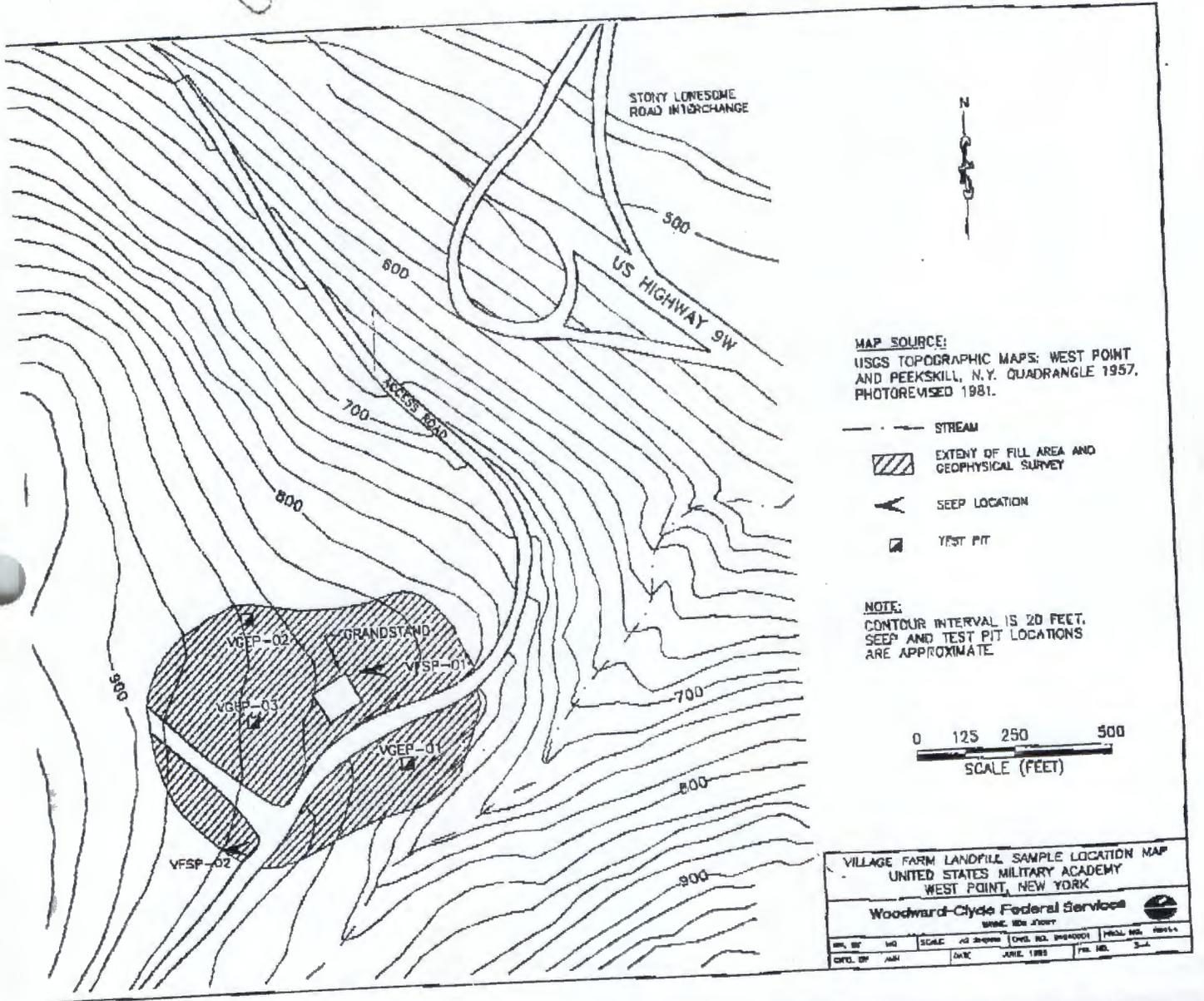
**U. S. Military Academy
Landfill Remediation
West Point, New York**

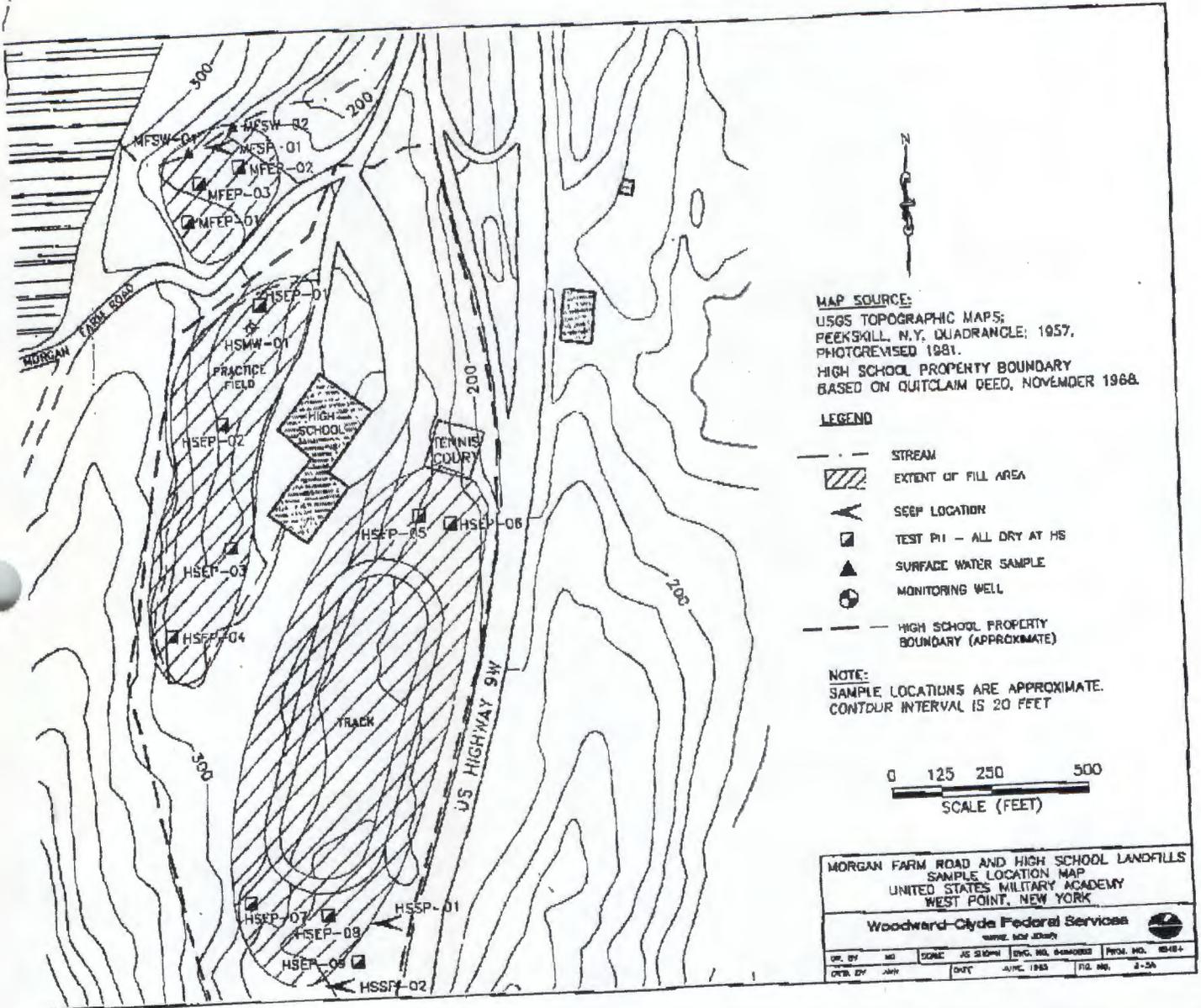
**Contract No. DACW45-94-D-0054
Delivery Order No. 19**

**Prepared for:
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Omaha District
Building 527 Fairchild Hall
Offutt AFB, Nebraska 68113**



**Prepared by:
IT Corporation
140 Allen's Creek Road
Rochester, New York 14618
(716) 271-6430**





MAP SOURCE:
 USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS;
 PEEKSKILL, N.Y. QUADRANGLE; 1957,
 PHOTOREVISED 1981.
 HIGH SCHOOL PROPERTY BOUNDARY
 BASED ON QUITCLAIM DEED, NOVEMBER 1968.

- LEGEND**
- STREAM
 - EXTENT OF FILL AREA
 - SEEP LOCATION
 - TEST PIT - ALL DRY AT HS
 - SURFACE WATER SAMPLE
 - MONITORING WELL
 - HIGH SCHOOL PROPERTY BOUNDARY (APPROXIMATE)

NOTE:
 SAMPLE LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
 CONTOUR INTERVAL IS 20 FEET



MORGAN FARM ROAD AND HIGH SCHOOL LANDFILLS
 SAMPLE LOCATION MAP
 UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY
 WEST POINT, NEW YORK

Woodward-Clyde Federal Services

DATE BY	NO	SCALE	AS SHOWN	ENG. NO. 64-00000	PROJ. NO. 64-000
DATE BY	JWH	DWT	APR. 1983	FIG. NO.	2-5A



PHOTOGRAPH NO. 31 Exploratory pit VGEP-03; Village Farm landfill; Various debris



PHOTOGRAPH NO. 32 Exploratory pit VGEP-03; Village Farm landfill; Various debris

Landfilling operations were reported to have occurred in the 1950s and early 1960s, but the types of disposed materials are essentially unknown.

6.4.1 Summary of Field Investigation Findings

Three test pits were installed in the Village Farm landfill. Bedrock was encountered at a depth of 10 feet or less at each test pit. Clean fill was observed in two of the three test pits; one test pit (VFEP-03) contained metal, rubber tires, carpet, tile, and glass. Four water samples were collected, two each from test pits and seeps (Figure 6-3 and Table 6-7). The reported analytes did not exceed NYSDEC guidelines for hazardous substances, except for the samples collected at one test pit (VFEP-03), which was the same test pit that contained sanitary waste. The concentrations of several base neutral compounds, cadmium, copper, mercury, and zinc exceeded NYSDEC guidelines.

6.4.2 Conclusions and Recommendations

The landfill is a small, less than four acres, landfill, which is less than 10 feet thick. One sample of test pit water contained analytes that exceed NYSDEC guidelines, but the quality of water emanating directly from the landfill in downgradient seeps satisfies the guidelines. The occurrence of contaminants in the test pit water is considered to be localized. No further action is required at this Solid Waste Management Unit (USMA-13), because there is no evidence of a migration of hazardous constituents from this SWMU, and therefore, the landfill poses no threat to human health or the environment.

6.5 MORGAN FARM ROAD LANDFILL (USMA-15A)

The Morgan Farm Road Landfill is an area of about one acre of land located along Morgan Farm Road, just southwest of the intersection of Route 9W and Route 218. Figure 6-8 shows the approximate boundaries of the landfill, as well as the locations of seeps and the concentrations of compounds identified as exceeding regulatory guidelines. Presently the area is not being used and has small trees growing throughout the area. Disposed materials included scrap metal, tires, steel cable and car parts, which were covered with soil. Some of these material protrude through to the surface. The area is heavily vegetated with trees and shrubs and a small stream (flowing to the

Three of the buildings in this area and along this road are used for officer housing quarters and are the ones most associated with Professor's Row. These buildings were constructed in the 1820s. The landfill was possibly located behind (south) of these buildings where parking areas and gardens are presently located. In many places in the area of and surrounding Professor's Row, bedrock was observed by WCFS to be fairly shallow and cropped out in several locations.

6.3.1 Summary of Field Investigation Findings

Four borings were installed at the Professor's Row landfill. Neither the soils collected nor the field measurements of volatile organic compounds suggested the presence of contaminants. The fill material observed was clean fill.

6.3.2 Conclusions and Recommendations

The disposed material at the Professor's Row landfill is clean fill. No further action is required at this Solid Waste Management Unit (USMA-15A), because there is no evidence of a release or spill of hazardous constituents at this SWMU, and, therefore, it poses no threat to human health or the environment.

6.4 VILLAGE FARM LANDFILL (USMA-13)

The Village Farm Landfill (SWMU Number USMA-13) is located on the southwest side of Route 9W approximately 1,000 feet from the intersection with Stony Lonesome Road. Figure 6-3 shows the approximate boundaries of the landfill, as well as the locations of seeps and the concentrations of compounds identified as exceeding regulatory guidelines. The landfill area (estimated to be no larger than 4 acres), presently is used as an ammunition firing practice range, is located on a highland about 300 feet in elevation above Route 9W and on the west side of Bare Rock Mountain. The area slopes from the south towards the northeast towards an un-named stream that is tributary to the stream providing potable water supplies to the town of Highland Falls.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY
WEST POINT, NEW YORK 10996

14 March 1996

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

Directorate of Housing and Public Works

SUBJECT: Revised Interim Corrective Measures Sampling and Handling Plan for
the Morgan Farm Landfill

Mr. James Yuchniewicz
New York State Department of
Environmental Conservation
Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste
Room 462
50 Wolf Road
Albany, New York 12233-7252

Dear Mr. Yuchniewicz:

Enclosed for your review and approval are the revised sampling and handling procedures (Encl 1) for stockpiled material removed from Morgan Farm Landfill which have samples exhibiting lead results above the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act toxicity characteristic level (Encl 2). Six of the twenty four 250 cubic yard stockpiles have samples which were found to be just above the TCLP lead threshold (Encl 3). The plans have been revised to reflect the changes you discussed with Bill Kavanagh in a phone conversation on March 5, 1996. Based upon your verbal approval of the plan, we have initiated sampling and will notify you of the results.

It is understood that the confirmatory sampling results of soil remaining in place at Morgan Farm (Encl 4) are acceptable, and we have Department of Health and your approval to backfill. We have elected to return screened soil to Morgan Farm.

At your earliest convenience, please provide a letter of approval for the enclosed sampling and handling plan. The continued guidance and cooperation from your office throughout this project are appreciated.

Sincerely,

Eugene E. Rood, P.E.
C, Environmental Management Division

Enclosures

SAMPLING PLAN.

OBJECTIVE: This revised sampling plan attempts to isolate the "hot spots" within each 250 cubic yard pile in order to minimize the amount of material requiring special handling. As the material from the landfill was being excavated, it was "tracked" during the removal activity. The "hot spots" appear to be localized in the center of the landfill (See Encl. 2).

SAMPLING: The six stockpiles will be visually divided into five portions identified by spray paint or survey ribbon boundaries. A grab sample from four locations within each portion will be obtained and composited into one sample. Sampling will be performed in accordance with the previously submitted "Draft Chemical Sampling and Analysis Plan" prepared by IT Corporation for this project. Therefore, each 250 cubic yard stockpile will have a composite sample for each of its five allotted portions. A unique sample identification number will be associated with each corresponding sample location.

ANALYSES: The composite samples will be analyzed for TCLP lead.

STOCKPILE SEGREGATION: The stockpile portion(s) with sample results reported below the TCLP 5.0 mg/l threshold for lead, will be considered non-hazardous and segregated from the hazardous portion(s) of the stockpile. Non-hazardous piles will be processed prior to hazardous piles to avoid the potential for cross contamination. Stockpile portions which have sample results reported above the 5.0 mg/l TCLP threshold for lead will be considered hazardous and staged separately for special handling. Hazardous material will be handled last, after all non-hazardous material has been processed. While awaiting processing, the hazardous piles will be enveloped in polyethylene sheeting.

STOCKPILE PROCESSING: As mentioned, non-hazardous material will be processed first to avoid the possibility of cross contamination. Generally, the stockpiles will be separated into three forms: 1) Salvageable metal; 2.) Waste material; and 3) soil. The same process will be performed on both non-hazardous and hazardous piles. The differences arise after salvageable metal is removed.

METALS RECLAMATION: Stockpiled material will be placed on a mechanical vibratory screen, which shakes and sifts larger pieces (4" diameter) of material (scrap metal) from smaller diameter (1 inch diameter) materials (soil). Scrap metal remaining on the top screen will be removed and placed in roll-offs for transportation to a reputable scrap metal yard for salvage.

SOIL REUSE: Soil which passes through the screen will be collected and staged for reuse. The intermediary material which consists of cobbles, debris, and pieces of metal will be staged separately for disposal. Soil generated from the screening of non-hazardous material will be staged for reuse as fill at the Morgan Farm Landfill. Soil generated from the screening of hazardous stockpiles will be combined with its intermediary phase and undergo stabilization. Stabilized material will be beneficially used as rough grading material to fill in a depression on top of Cragston Landfill. Cragston Landfill is undergoing 6NYCRR Part 360 closure and requires rough grading fill to "crown" the landfill prior to final capping.

STABILIZATION PROCESS: Actual soil mixing will be performed with a Kolberg Model 53 portable pugmill plant or equivalent. Material requiring stabilization will be placed in the feed hopper from the staging area using a loader. Portland cement will be added to attain an approximate 15 percent mixture via a hopper over the feed belt. Water will be added at the mixing chamber. Water will be regulated with a flow meter and valve arrangement.

Mixing in the pugmill is performed by paddles on twin counter-rotating shafts in the 8-foot mixing chamber. The arrangement of the mixing paddles and exit chute determine mixing energy and retention time. Initial operations will include mixing chamber adjustments to maximize energy, retention time, and productivity to assure complete mixing. Sodium polysilicate will be added using a spray bar in the mixing chamber. Trisodium phosphate will be added in liquid form using a hand-held sprayer or by addition to the polysilicate mixture, if necessary. The percentage of additives will be determined by bench scale tests prior to full scale operation.

After leaving the mixing chamber, the treated material will be discharged by the discharge conveyor into manageable piles.

During treatment operations, all ingredients will be weighed or metered to assure proper proportioning. Visual observations of the feed material, mixing chamber, and discharge will be constantly noted to assure proper mixing.

POST-TREATMENT: Mixed material will be segregated into daily batches. A daily batch will vary in size depending on production for the day. During the 10-hour crew workday, it is anticipated that pugmill production will be 8 hours, the remaining time being for startup, cleanup, an maintenance.

Processed material will undergo confirmation analysis for TCLP lead. A composite sample will be obtained for every 200 cubic yards of processed material after curing for 3-7 days. The results will be faxed from the laboratory to the site to ensure the treatment was successful.

Equipment will be decontaminated prior to demobilization. This will be accomplished by scraping and high-pressure washing. Decontamination waters will be stored on site. After decontamination procedures are completed, demobilization of equipment will commence.

SITE RESTORATION: Upon receipt of "clean" confirmatory soil samples from the Morgan Farm Landfill, stockpiled soil determined to be clean will be returned to the site for regrading and seeding in accordance with the approved project plans.

Intermediary material from clean piles and the stabilized intermediary phase and soil from "hot" piles will be placed within the existing cap of Cragston Landfill. Final closure and capping of Cragston Landfill is scheduled for June 1997.

DRAFT (PRELIMINARY DATA)

SOIL METALS DATA SUMMARY
 MORGAN FARM LANDFILL
 UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY
 WEST POINT, New York
 (Page 2 of 2)

Analytical Compounds	Sample Identification and Constituent Concentration (mg/l)		Toxicity Characteristic Levels (mg/l)
	M1-S-1	M1-S-2	
TCLP Metals Barium Lead	0.608	0.601	100
	0.488	0.998	5.0

Notes:
 mg/l - milligrams per liter
 TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure



<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Grid</u>	<u>Estimated Area</u>	<u>Sample Result (mg/l)</u>
MF-S-6	4	NW Section	5.82
MF-S-14	8	NW Section	6.54
MF-S-15	5	E Section	12.1
MF-S-20	9	N Section	8.8
MF-S-21	9	N Section	7.57
MF-S-23	9	N Section	11.4

#4/6

SOIL METALS DATA SUMMARY
 MORGAN FARM LANDFILL
 UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY
 West Point, New York
 (Page 1 of 2)

DRAFT

9149384588;

2-29-96 4:39PM; 7162710251 =>

SENT BY: IT CORPORATION;

Analytical Compounds	Sample Identification and Constituent Concentration (mg/kg)						
	MF-C1-1	MF-C1-1 Duplicate	MF-C1-2	MF-C1-3	MF-C2-1	MF-C2-2	MF-C2-3
Total Metals							
Aluminum	11400	11100	10900	13000	7630	7690	13000
Antimony	ND ≥ 2.3	ND ≥ 2.3	ND ≥ 2.4	ND ≥ 2.9	ND ≥ 2.1	ND ≥ 2.2	ND ≥ 2.4
Arsenic	9.8	9.2	9.8	19	5.8	4.0	4.9
Barium	114	131	109	175	41.4	37.3	56.1
Beryllium	0.46	0.36	0.35	0.30	0.32	0.30	0.36
Cadmium	1.7	2.4	2.0	5.9	0.54	0.75	1.1
Calcium	2900	3660	4370	16800	6590	1810	3230
Chromium	15.6	17	15.1	31.1	8.3	8.7	11.3
Cobalt	10.3	8.4	7.7	13.2	5.7	5.6	4.8
Copper	50	60.5	67.4	142	25.9	21.7	36.9
Iron	23900	22200	33200	61200	13300	15900	16200
Lead	157	228	183	545	39.8	43.3	89.3
Magnesium	3340	31000	2660	3240	1980	2140	19400
Manganese	620	498	367	469	248	257	164
Mercury	0.15	0.12	0.13	0.16	ND ≥ 0.10	ND ≥ 0.11	ND ≥ 0.099
Nickel	31.4	27.9	21.5	60.2	10.6	12.5	11.9
Potassium	788	964	880	1070	733	709	721
Selenium	ND ≥ 0.96	ND ≥ 0.96	ND ≥ 0.99	ND ≥ 1.2	6.7	ND ≥ 0.91	ND ≥ 0.97
Silver	ND > 0.41	0.43	ND ≥ 0.42	0.94	ND ≥ 0.37	ND ≥ 0.39	ND ≥ 0.41
Sodium	673	686	687	1100	575	539	614
Thallium	ND ≥ 2.2	ND ≥ 2.2	ND ≥ 2.2	ND ≥ 2.7	ND ≥ 1.9	ND ≥ 2.0	ND ≥ 2.2
Vanadium	28.9	34.4	45.9	46.3	14	13.9	20.9
Zinc	444	603	439	945	347	147	309

Notes:

- MF - Morgan Farm
- mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram
- ND - Indicates constituent not detected at or above the stated practical quantitation limit (PQL)

#5/6

SOIL METALS DATA SUMMARY
MORGAN FARM LANDFILL
UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY
West Point, New York
 (Page 2 of 2)

DRAFT

Analytical Compounds	Sample Identification and Constituent Concentration (mg/kg)						
	MF-C3-1	MF-C3-2	MF-C3-3	MF-C4-1	MF-C4-2	MF-C4-3	MF-C-BG1 BACK GROUP
Total Metals							
Aluminum	6920	7270	4780	7060	5820	3950	14700
Antimony	ND ≥ 2.3	ND ≥ 2.3	ND ≥ 2.1	ND ≥ 2.2	ND ≥ 2.2	ND ≥ 2.3	ND ≥ 3.4
Arsenic	5.9	6.2	3.1	16.8	8.3	ND ≥ 2.0	7.5
Barium	389	83.2	49.9	36.4	39.3	13.8	51.5
Beryllium	0.26	0.29	0.22	0.29	0.27	0.21	0.95
Cadmium	1.2	1.2	1.6	0.54	0.49	0.26	0.78
Calcium	7430	3970	2120	1370	4720	997	582
Chromium	9.1	9.4	7.0	12.2	7.0	4.2	16.7
Cobalt	7.0	5.9	4.7	5.5	5.5	5.4	7.8
Copper	55.3	36.6	35	24	20.6	13.4	17.4
Iron	14100	13900	11500	14700	10900	6810	22900
Lead	212	204	90.9	78	66.1	22.2	74.2
Magnesium	3850	2680	1980	2380	3520	1580	2400
Manganese	231	220	216	191	306	196	282
Mercury	ND ≥ 0.11	ND ≥ 0.098	0.29	ND ≥ 0.11	ND ≥ 0.092	ND ≥ 0.11	0.18
Nickel	11.8	12.1	12.5	11.4	9.4	5.5	12.8
Potassium	887	930	768	1090	889	602	635
Selenium	ND ≥ 0.95	ND ≥ 0.96	ND ≥ 0.87	ND ≥ 0.89	ND ≥ 0.89	ND ≥ 0.95	ND ≥ 1.4
Silver	ND ≥ 0.40	ND ≥ 0.41	ND ≥ 0.37	ND ≥ 0.38	ND ≥ 0.38	ND ≥ 0.40	ND ≥ 0.60
Sodium	676	649	668	532	600	567	928
Thallium	ND ≥ 2.1	ND ≥ 2.2	ND ≥ 2.0	ND ≥ 2.0	ND ≥ 2.0	ND ≥ 2.1	ND ≥ 3.2
Vanadium	23.6	34.2	11.8	14.5	12	7.0	43.9
Zinc	246	270	1050	159	112	30.1	63.9

Notes:
 MF - Morgan Farm
 mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram
 ND - Indicates constituent not detected at or above the stated practical quantitation limit (PQL)

9149384588;

2-29-96 4:40PM; 7162710251 =>

SENT BY: IT CORPORATION;



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY
WEST POINT, NEW YORK 10996

March 14, 1996

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

Directorate of Housing and Public Works
SUBJECT: Landfill Consolidation

Mr. Alan A. Fuchs
Regional Solid Waste Engineer
New York State Department of
Environmental Conservation
Region III
21 South Putt Corners Road
New Paltz, New York 12561-1696

Dear Mr. Fuchs:

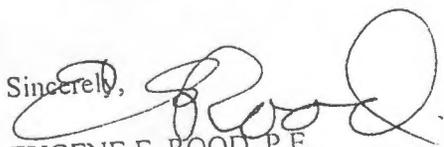
As you are aware, we are in the process of closing the Cragston Landfill in accordance with 6NYCRR Part 360 Solid Waste Management regulations. The closure design plans estimate that 30,000 cubic yards of rough grading fill is required to "crown" the landfill prior to final capping.

In an attempt to conserve resources while maintaining our environmental stewardship, we would like to consolidate some of the material removed from the Morgan Farm Landfill into Cragston Landfill.

Morgan Farm Landfill is being removed as a proactive measure to prevent further erosion of its embankment and address the lead contamination revealed during its investigation in 1994. The removal action entails the excavation and stockpiling of disposed material. The stockpiles are monitored for organic vapors and composite sampled for TCLP RCRA metals. The stockpiles are then sorted through a vibratory mechanical screen into salvageable scrap metal, miscellaneous debris and soil. The scrap metal is loaded into roll-offs for transportation to a reputable scrap metal yard for reclamation. Soil sifted from non-hazardous stockpiles will be returned to Morgan Farm as backfill. The soil and debris produced from stockpiles which just exceeded the TCLP threshold for lead will be stabilized on site through the use of portable pug mill. A confirmatory composite sample will be obtained for each 200 cubic yards of stabilized material and analyzed for TCLP lead. We request approval to consolidate the non-hazardous debris and stabilized material from Morgan Farm Landfill within the existing cap of Cragston Landfill. Upon completion of stockpile sorting and processing, the cap in the depressed area on the top of Cragston Landfill will be peeled back and the accumulated material deposited and compacted. We anticipate consolidating approximately 5000 cubic yards. The cover material will then be returned to the area. Final capping and closure of Cragston is scheduled to occur in the Spring of 1997.

We request your approval to accomplish this under the Cragston Closure Plan which will enable us to complete the Morgan Farm Landfill project. This safe and cost effective approach will also reduce the amount of fill required at Cragston prior to final capping. We appreciate your continuing cooperation and look forward to your response.

Sincerely,


EUGENE E. ROOD, P.E.

C, Environmental Management Division

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Solid & Hazardous Materials
Bureau of Hazardous Compliance & Land Management
50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233-7252



Michael D. Zagata
Commissioner

March 29, 1996

Mr. Bill Kavanagh
Environmental Manager
Department of the Army
United States Military Academy
West Point, New York 10996

Re: Revised Interim Corrective Measures Sampling and Handling
Plan for the Morgan Farm Landfill.

Dear Mr. Kavanagh:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) has completed a review of the revised Interim Corrective Measures Sampling and Handling Plan for the Morgan Farm Landfill. The Department has approved the Plan and the Academy should proceed as planned.

If you have any further concerns or questions please call me at (518) 457-9361.

Sincerely,

James Yuchniewicz
Engineering Geologist
Bureau of Haz. Compliance and Land
Management

CC: D. Wolterding
P. Patel
R. Aldrich, Reg.3



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY
WEST POINT, NEW YORK 10996

June 17, 1996

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

Directorate of Housing and Public Works

SUBJECT: Morgan Farm Landfill Disposal Extension

Mr. Rod Aldrich, P.E.
New York State Department of
Environmental Conservation
Division of Hazardous Substance Regulation
21 South Putt Corners Road
New Paltz, New York 12501-1696

Dear Mr. Aldrich:

The United States Military Academy has decided to dispose of the hazardous waste generated from the Morgan Farm Landfill Interim Corrective Measure Project, at an authorized hazardous waste disposal facility. Our original plans to stabilize the material on-site were changed after we were notified by Mr. James Yuchniewicz of your District Office, that a Hazardous Waste Treatment Permit would be required. We are requesting a 30-day extension to the ninety-day storage limit which will expire on May 24, 1996.

The fifty cubic yards of material awaiting disposal is staged on and covered with polyethylene sheeting and surrounded with hay bales at the Cragston Landfill.

A waste information profile has been prepared and we are awaiting its approval. Transportation and disposal will occur by June 23, 1996. Copies of the manifests will be provided to you.

Mr. Bill Kavanagh of my office is available at (914) 938-4459 to answer any questions you may have regarding this request. We appreciate your continuing cooperation throughout this project.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "E Rood".

Eugene E. Rood, P.E.
C, Environmental Management Division

CF:
Steve Parisio, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Region 3
Mr. James Yuchniewicz, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, District Office

Appendix M

Photographs

MORGAN FARM LANDFILL



AUGUST 10, 1995
SITE WALK - MORGAN FARM ROAD LANDFILL



AUGUST 10, 1995
SITE WALK - MORGAN FARM ROAD LANDFILL
LANDFILL TOE AT STREAM BOUNDARY



AUGUST 10, 1995
SITE WALK - MORGAN FARM ROAD LANDFILL
TEST PIT



AUGUST 10, 1995
SITE WALK - MORGAN FARM ROAD LANDFILL
PROTRUDING DEBRIS



SURVEY LIMITS OF THE LANDFILL AND
INSTALLATION OF GRADE STAKES



SURVEY LIMITS OF THE LANDFILL AND
INSTALLATION OF GRADE STAKES



PRE-CONSTRUCTION STREAM BED
AND LEADING EDGE OF LANDFILL TOE



PRE-CONSTRUCTION STREAM BED
AND LEADING EDGE OF LANDFILL TOE



PRE-CONSTRUCTION STREAM BED
AND LEADING EDGE OF LANDFILL TOE



CONSTRUCTION OF ENTRANCE ROAD



CLEARING AREA TO BE EXCAVATED



CLEARING AREA FOR SCREENING AND STAGING MATERIAL



INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE
AT LANDFILL TOE



INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE
AT LANDFILL TOE



COMPLETION OF SILT FENCE INSTALLATION



COMPLETION OF SILT FENCE INSTALLATION



MATERIAL REMOVAL



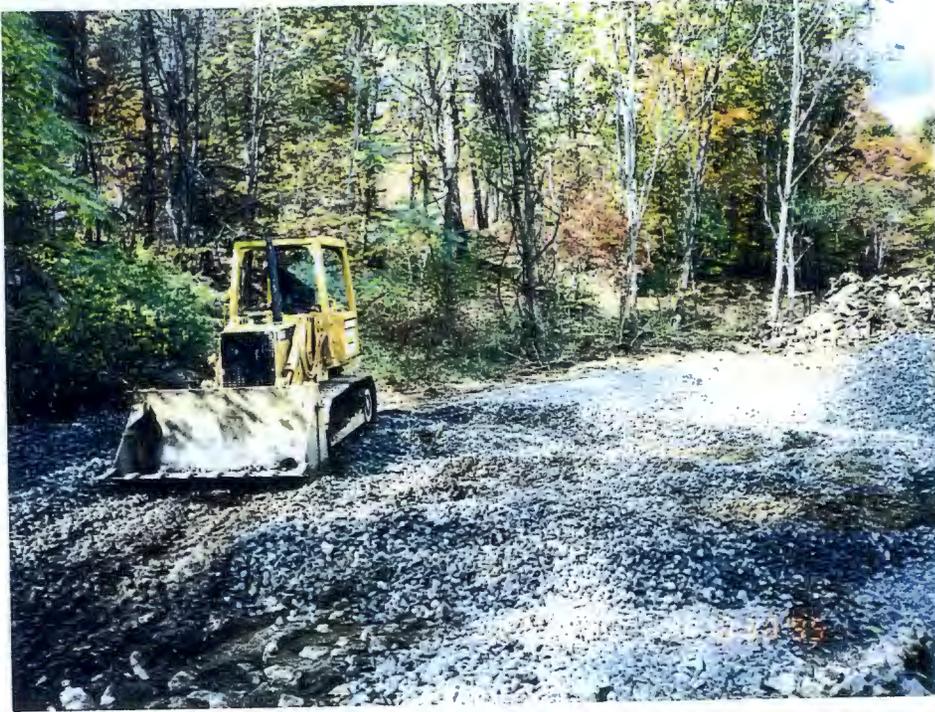
TRANSPORTING MULCH FROM TREE REMOVAL
ACTIVITIES



MATERIAL REMOVAL AND SCREENING OPERATIONS



MATERIAL REMOVAL



CONSTRUCTION OF STAGING PAD FOR ROLL-OFFS



THREE ROLL-OFFS FOR SCRAP METAL



LOADING ROLL-OFFS WITH SCRAP METAL



MATERIAL REMOVAL



MATERIAL REMOVAL AND SLOPE RE-GRADE



MATERIAL REMOVAL AND SCREENING OPERATIONS



TEST PIT



MATERIAL REMOVAL AND SLOPE RE-GRADE



SAMPLING 2-100 YD. SCREENED SOIL PILES



MATERIAL REMOVAL AND SLOPE RE-GRADE



SLOPE RE-GRADE



TEMPORARY REMOVAL OF SILT FENCE
AND RE-GRADE AT TOE BOUNDARY



TEMPORARY REMOVAL OF SILT FENCE
AND RE-GRADE AT TOE BOUNDARY



TEMPORARY REMOVAL OF SILT FENCE
AND RE-GRADE AT THE TOE BOUNDARY



RE-INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE (90% COMPLETE)
AND FINAL GRADE



BEGIN REMOVAL OF ENTIRE LANDFILL



LANDFILL MATERIAL



CONTINUE REMOVAL OF LANDFILL MATERIAL



DEEPEST SECTION OF THE LANDFILL
-APPROXIMATELY 10-12 FEET DEEP



FLOOR OF THE LANDFILL



SCREENING PROCESS OF LANDFILL MATERIAL



LOADING EXCAVATED LANDFILL MATERIAL
INTO ARTICULATED DUMP TRUCK



LOADING EXCAVATED LANDFILL MATERIAL
INTO ARTICULATED DUMP TRUCK



TRANSPORTING LANDFILL MATERIAL UP TO
CRAGSTON LANDFILL FOR PROCESSING



SEGREGATION OF THE SEVERAL STOCKPILES



FINAL STAGE OF THE MATERIAL REMOVAL PROCESS



FINAL STAGE OF THE MATERIAL REMOVAL PROCESS



ENTIRE LANDFILL REMOVED AND TRANSPORTED
TO THE CRAGSTON LANDFILL FOR PROCESSING



ENTIRE LANDFILL REMOVED AND TRANSPORTED
TO THE CRAGSTON LANDFILL FOR PROCESSING



STREAM RUNNING THROUGH THE LANDFILL



STOCKPILING PROCESSED SOIL



LANDFILL MATERIAL PROCESSING OPERATIONS
-CRAGSTON LANDFILL



CONFIRMATORY SAMPLE LOCATION POINTS
-FLOOR OF THE MORGAN FARM LANDFILL



CONFIRMATORY SAMPLE LOCATION POINTS
-FLOOR OF THE MORGAN FARM LANDFILL



LANDFILL MATERIAL PROCESSING OPERATIONS
AFTER A HEAVY RAIN STORM



LANDFILL MATERIAL PROCESSING OPERATIONS
-CRAGSTON LANDFILL



LANDFILL MATERIAL PROCESSING OPERATIONS
-CRAGSTON LANDFILL



STREAM RUNNING DOWN THE MIDDLE
OF THE LANDFILL



EXCAVATING FRENCH TYPE DRAIN FOR THE STREAM



OVER EXCAVATED A 12'x12'x1' VOLUME AROUND
CONFIRMATORY SOIL GRAB SAMPLE MF-C1-3



EXCAVATING FRENCH TYPE DRAIN FOR THE STR



CONSTRUCTING THE FRENCH DRAIN USING
6-12 INCH RIP RAP WRAPPED IN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC



PLACING 6-12 INCH RIP RAP INTO GEOTEXTILE
LINED TRENCH



ENCLOSED RIP RAP INSIDE THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC



FRENCH TYPE DRAIN WITH STREAM RUNNING THROUGH



BACKFILLING THE FRENCH TYPE DRAIN



TRANSPORTING "CLEAN" PROCESSED SOIL FROM CRAGSTON
LANDFILL TO MORGAN FARM LANDFILL FOR BACKFILL



GRADING MORGAN FARM LANDFILL



RECEIVING RIP RAP FOR STREAM BANK STABILIZATION



ANCHORING GEOTEXTILE FABRIC FOR
STREAM BANK STABILIZATION



ANCHORING GEOTEXTILE FABRIC FOR
STREAM BANK STABILIZATION



PLACING RIP RAP ON TOP OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC



PLACING RIP RAP ON TOP OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC



PLACING RIP RAP ON TOP OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC



STREAM BANK STABILIZATION COMPLETE



PLACING FERTILIZER AND SEED ON THE DISTURBED AREA



RE-GRADE OF THE MORGAN FARM LANDFILL



RE-GRADE OF THE MORGAN FARM LANDFILL



PLACING MULCH ON THE DISTURBED AREA



PLACING MULCH ON THE DISTURBED AREA



REMOVAL OF MORGAN FARM ROAD LANDFILL COMPLETE



SEPARATING SCRAP METAL AND PLACING INTO ROLL-OFFS



TRANSPORTING DEBRIS PILE OVER TO TEMPORARY
STAGING AREA



UNLOADING DEBRIS INTO TEMPORARY STAGING AREA



PUSHING MATERIAL INTO TEMPORARY STAGING AREA
USING THE D-6 DOZER



CONTINUE PLACING MATERIAL INTO TEMPORARY STAGING
AREA, LOADING ROLL-OFFS AND GRADING DISTURBED AREAS



COMPLETION OF MATERIAL SEGREGATION

POST SCHOOL LANDFILL



AUGUST 10, 1995
SITE WALK - POST SCHOOL LANDFILL



VEGETATION REMOVAL EFFORTS



VEGETATION REMOVAL
AND CHIPPING ACTIVITIES



VEGETATION REMOVAL
AND CHIPPING ACTIVITIES



VEGETATION REMOVAL EFFORTS



DELIVERY OF RIPRAP



TREE STUMP REMOVAL



EXCAVATING SOUTH END OF
DRAINAGE SWALE



EXCAVATING NORTH END OF
DRAINAGE SWALE



EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES COMPLETE



EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES COMPLETE



PREPARATION OF GEOTEXTILE INSTALLATION



INSTALLATION OF GEOTEXTILE LINER



INSTALLATION OF GEOTEXTILE LINER



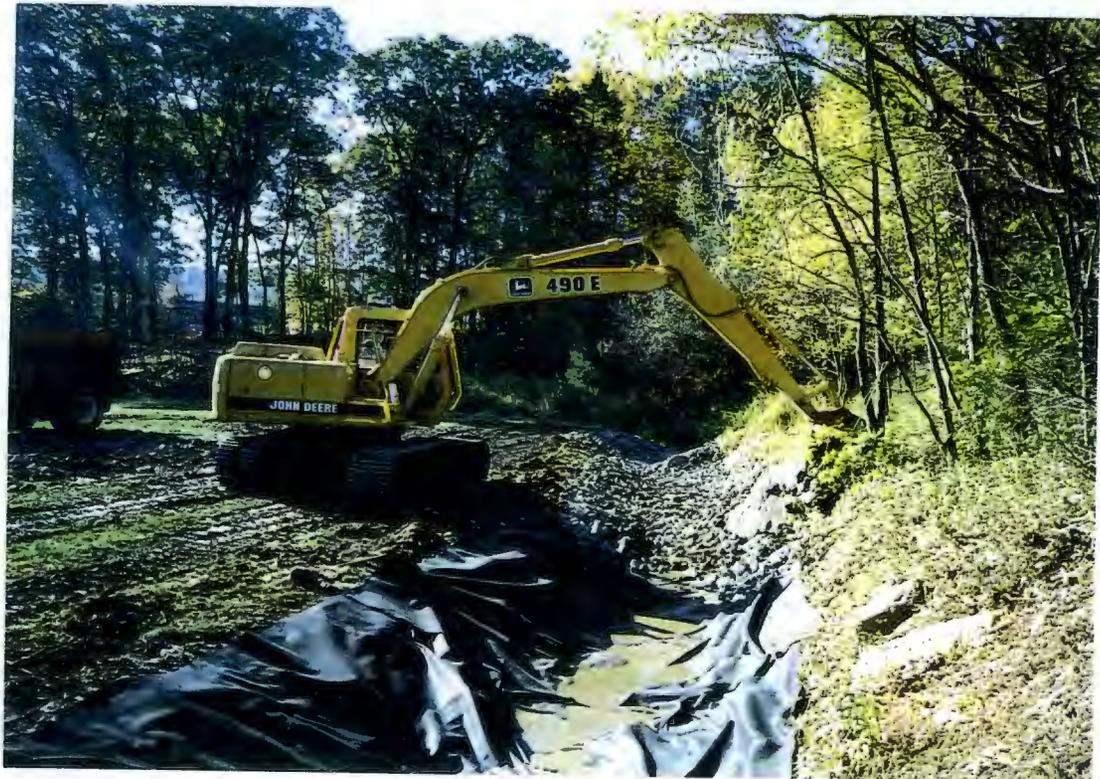
INSTALLATION OF GEOTEXTILE LINER



COMPLETION OF GEOTEXTILE LINER



COMPLETION OF GEOTEXTILE LINER



PLACING RIPRAP IN SOUTH END
OF DRAINAGE SWALE



RECEIVING ADDITIONAL RIPRAP



TRANSPORTING RIPRAP FROM EAST END
OF FIELD TO THE WEST END



PLACING RIPRAP IN MIDDLE
OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING RIPRAP IN MIDDLE
OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING RIPRAP IN THE NORTH
END OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING RIPRAP IN THE NORTH
END OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING RIPRAP IN THE NORTH
END OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING RIPRAP IN TRIBUTARY ON
THE NORTH END OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



COMPLETION OF DRAINAGE SWALE
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES



COMPLETION OF DRAINAGE SWALE
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES



COMPLETION OF DRAINAGE SWALE
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES



RE-SEEDING AREAS DISTURBED
DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES



RE-SEEDING AREAS DISTURBED
DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES



RE-SEEDING AREAS DISTURBED
DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES



CONDITION OF DRAINAGE SWALE
DURING RAIN STORM



CONDITION OF DRAINAGE SWALE
DURING RAIN STORM



AUGUST 10, 1995
SITE WALK - POST SCHOOL LANDFILL



SEEPAGE AT ROCK OUTCROP



CONSTRUCTION OF CONCRETE BLOCK/BRICK
COLLECTION BOX



CONSTRUCTION OF CONCRETE BLOCK/BRICK
COLLECTION BOX



CONSTRUCTION OF CONCRETE BLOCK/BRICK
COLLECTION BOX



CONSTRUCTION OF CONCRETE BLOCK/BRICK
COLLECTION BOX



EXCAVATING TRENCH FROM CATCH BASIN
TO NEARBY SANITARY MANHOLE



COMPLETION OF CONCRETE BLOCK/BRICK
COLLECTION BOX



TAPPING INTO SANITARY MANHOLE



CONNECTING CATCH BASIN TO THE SANITARY
MANHOLE WITH SIX INCH FLEXIBLE PIPE



REMOVAL OF 1000 GALLON CONCRETE
COLLECTION TANK



GALVANIZED DIAMOND BACK TOP FOR THE
COLLECTION BOX



TRIMMED THE DIAMOND BACK TOP TO FIT
FLUSH WITH THE COLLECTION BOX



RE-GRADING THE DISTURBED AREA



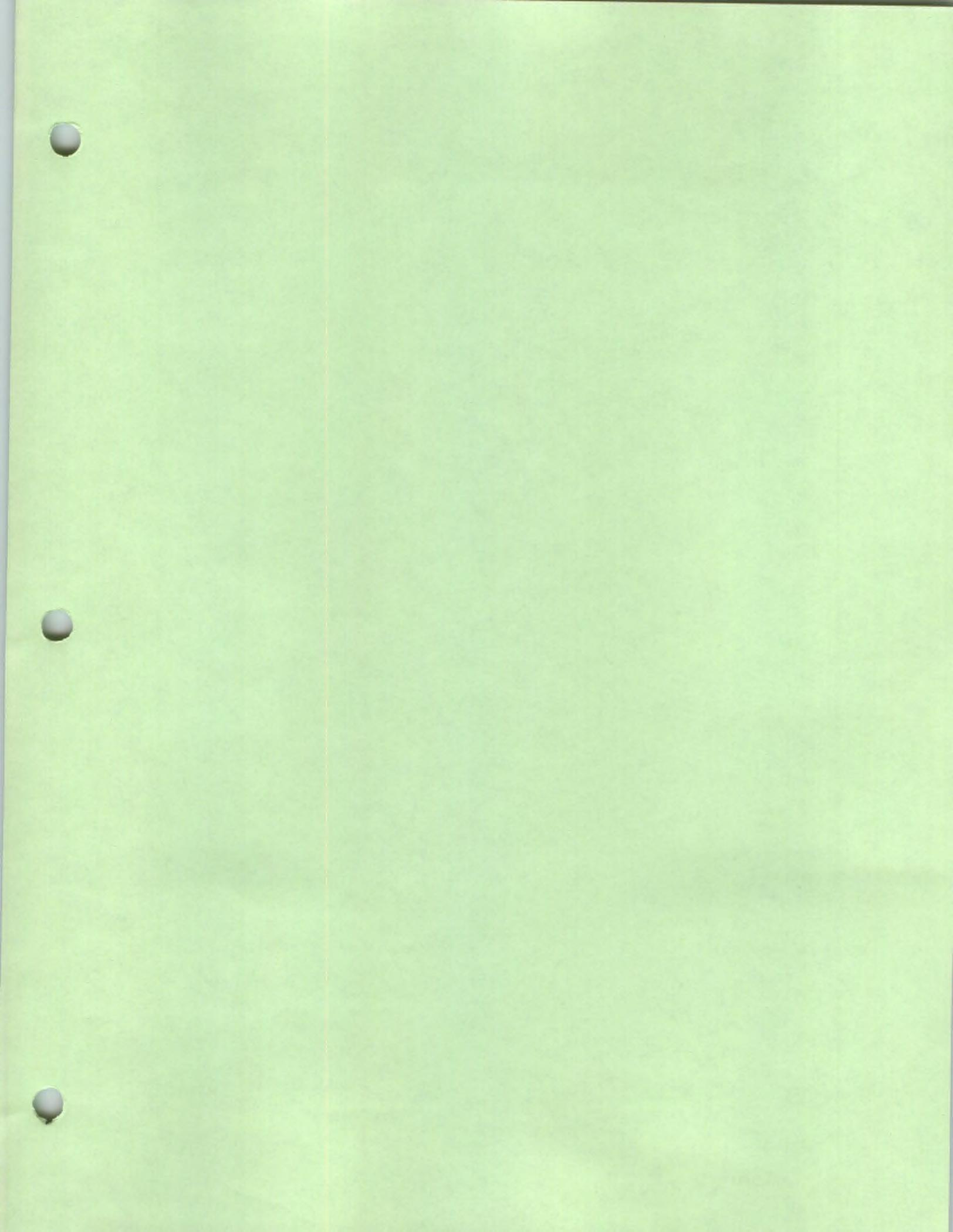
RE-GRADING THE DISTURBED AREA



PLACED FERTILIZER, SEED AND MULCH ON
THE DISTURBED AREA



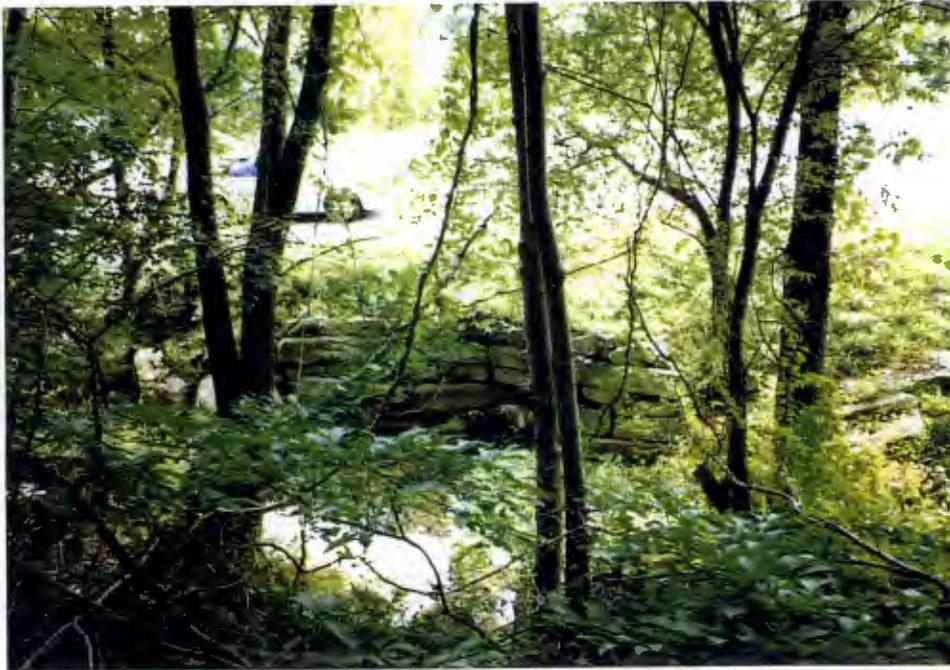
POST SCHOOL COLLECTION BOX COMPLETE



LOT "F" LANDFILL



**AUGUST 10, 1995
SITE WALK - LOT F LANDFILL**



**DRAINAGE CULVERT AT BOTTOM
OF THE SLOPE**



LOWER HALF OF IRON STAINED SLOPE



UPPER HALF OF IRON STAINED SLOPE



SEEPAGE AT ROCK OUTCROP IN THE
MIDDLE OF THE IRON STAINED SLOPE



COMPLETION OF TREE REMOVAL ACTIVITIES



ESTIMATED PATH FOR CONSTRUCTION
OF DRAINAGE TRENCH



EXCAVATION OF "Y" COLLECTION TRENCH



EXCAVATION OF "Y" COLLECTION TRENCH



CONSTRUCTION OF COLLECTION BOX
AND EXITING SIX INCH PIPE



COMPLETION OF GEOTEXTILE LINER
AND RIPRAP INSIDE OF DRAINAGE TRENCH



COMPLETION OF DRAINAGE TRENCH



TWO CONCRETE COLLECTION BOXES AT
THE TOP OF THE LOT "F" LANDFILL SLOPE



TWO CONCRETE COLLECTION BOXES AT
THE TOP OF THE LOT "F" LANDFILL SLOPE



REMOVING CONCRETE HEAD WALL



CUTTING GEOTEXTILE FABRIC LINER
TO BE PLACED IN THE DRAINAGE SWALE



DRESSING THE DRAINAGE SWALE USING
THE 690E LC EXCAVATOR



CULVERT BENT IN AND RESTRICTING FLOW



ASSEMBLY OF GABIAN BASKETS



REMOVAL OF THE CONCRETE HEAD WALL



CONSTRUCTION OF THE GABIAN BASKET HEAD WALL



CONSTRUCTION OF THE GABIAN BASKET HEAD WALL



COMPLETION OF THE GABIAN BASKET HEAD WALL



CONTINUE DRESSING THE DRAINAGE SWALE



EXCAVATED THE UP GRADIENT DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING RIP RAP INTO THE DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING GEOTEXTILE LINER AND
RIP RAP INTO THE DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING GEOTEXTILE LINER AND
RIP RAP INTO THE DRAINAGE SWALE



COMPLETION OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



COMPLETION OF THE DRAINAGE SWALE



RE-GRADING THE DISTURBED AREAS



RE-GRADING THE DISTURBED AREA



PLACING PEA GRAVEL OVER THE
RE-GRADED AREA



LOT "F" DRAINAGE SWALE AND PARKING AREA



LOT "F" ENTRANCE ROAD PRIOR TO
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES



EXCAVATING LOT "F" ENTRANCE ROAD
DRAINAGE SWALE



EXCAVATING LOT "F" ENTRANCE ROAD
DRAINAGE SWALE



COMPLETE EXCAVATING LOT "F" ENTRANCE
ROAD DRAINAGE SWALE



BEGIN PLACING GEOTEXTILE LINER INTO THE
DRAINAGE SWALE



CONSTRUCTION OF THE LOT "F" ENTRANCE
ROAD DRAINAGE SWALE



CONSTRUCTION OF THE LOT "F" ENTRANCE
ROAD DRAINAGE SWALE



PLACING RIP RAP INTO ENTRANCE ROAD
DRAINAGE TRENCH

SKI SLOPE



SKI SLOPE - 275 GALLON BLOW DOWN TANK
FOR A COMPRESSOR



REMOVAL OF 275 GALLON BLOW DOWN TANK



INSTALLED GEOTEXTILE LINER AND
PEA GRAVEL FOR BEDDING



INSTALLATION OF 500 GALLON
DOUBLE WALLED TANK



INSTALLATION OF 500 GALLON TANK
AND SURROUNDING WITH PEA GRAVEL



INSTALLATION OF GABIAN BASKET
WALL FOR STABILIZATION OF THE TANK



COMPLETION OF GABIAN BASKET WALL



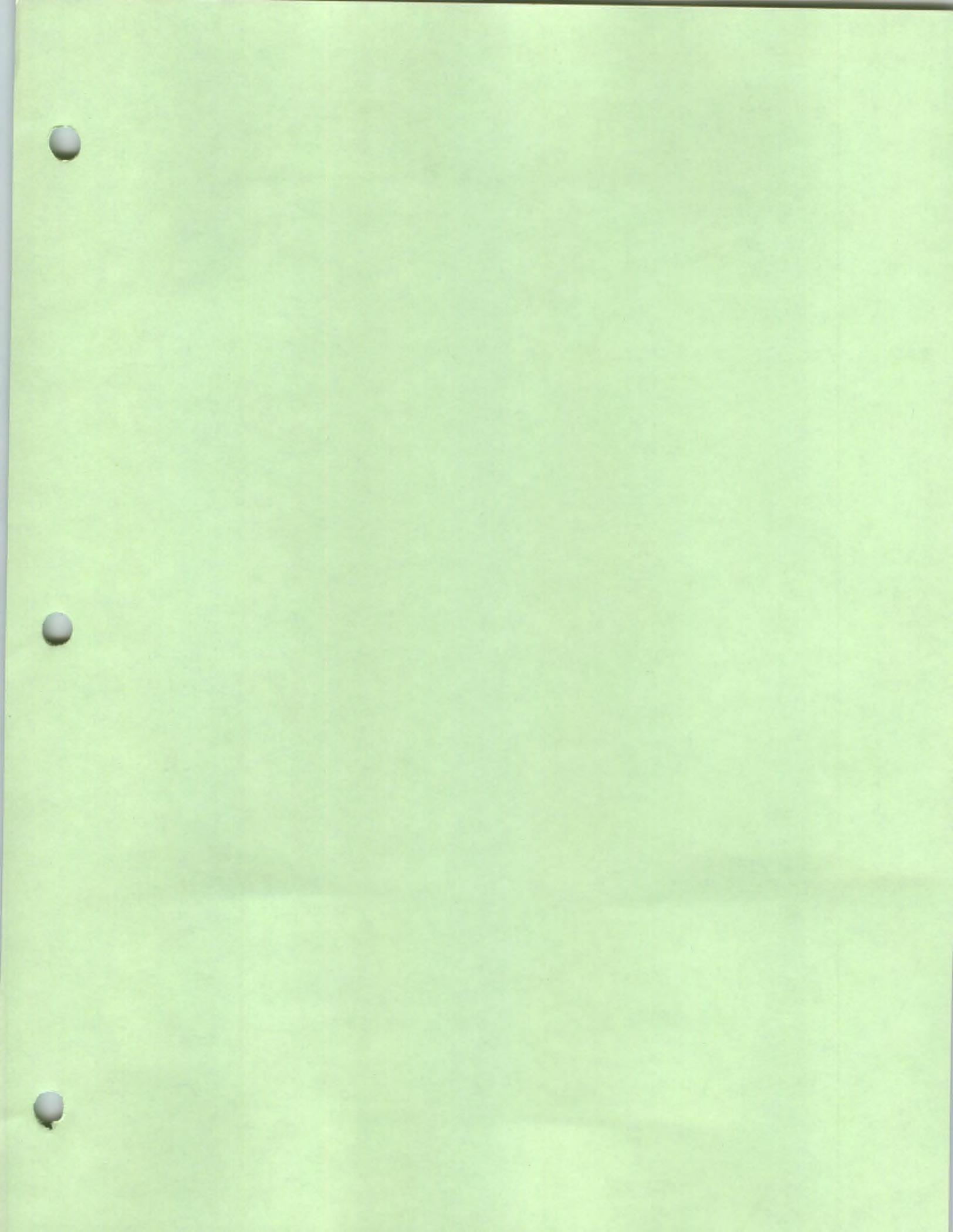
COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF 500 GALLON TANK



REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAD ABOVE 500 GALLON TANK



INSTALLATION OF THE HIGH LEVEL LOW LEVEL ALARM



IDW DRUMS



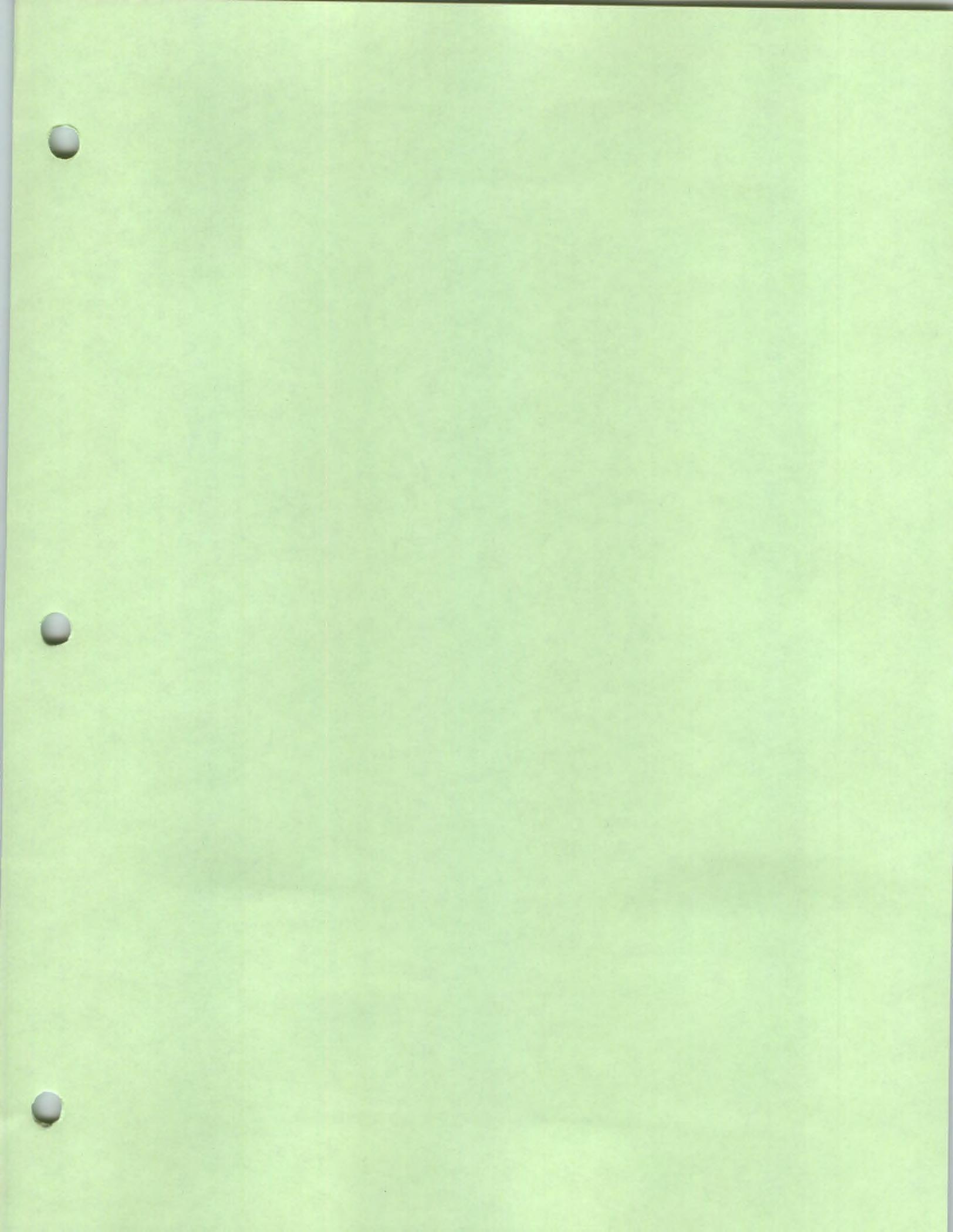
BUILDING 795 IDW DRUM REMOVAL ACTIVITIES



BUILDING 795 IDW DRUM REMOVAL ACTIVITIES



DISCHARGING IDW DRUM CONTENTS INTO THE
SANITARY SEWER VIA AN OIL/WATER SEPARATOR



GREENHOUSE



GREENHOUSE WITH BUILDING 713A IN THE BACKGROUND



BUILDING 713A WITH GREENHOUSE (B-713) IN THE BACKGROUND



REMOVING MOLDING AND GLASS PANES



REMOVING GLASS PANES FROM THE ROOF



REMOVING METAL AND WOOD FRAMING



STAGING WOOD FRAMING IN POLY COVERED CONTAINMENT AREA



REMOVING METAL FRAMING



REMOVING METAL FRAMING



REMOVING CONCRETE FOOTER



STAGING CONCRETE AND WOOD IN
POLY COVERED CONTAINMENT AREAS



GREENHOUSE BUILDING DEMOLISHED



LOCATING ELECTRIC LINE ON THE WEST SIDE
OF BUILDING 713A



ELECTRICAL CONDUIT IN AREA LOCATED BY USMA
UTILITY DEPT. AS MANHOLE LOCATION



ELECTRIC LINE EXITING BUILDING 713A
AND FEEDING BUILDING 733



RE-ROUTE OF THE ELECTRIC LINE



EXISTING ELECTRIC LINE BEING RE-ROUTED



EXCAVATING TRENCH FOR NEW ELECTRIC LINE
AND MANWAY



INSTALLATION OF MANWAY



INSTALLATION OF SPLICE BOX



COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF MANWAY



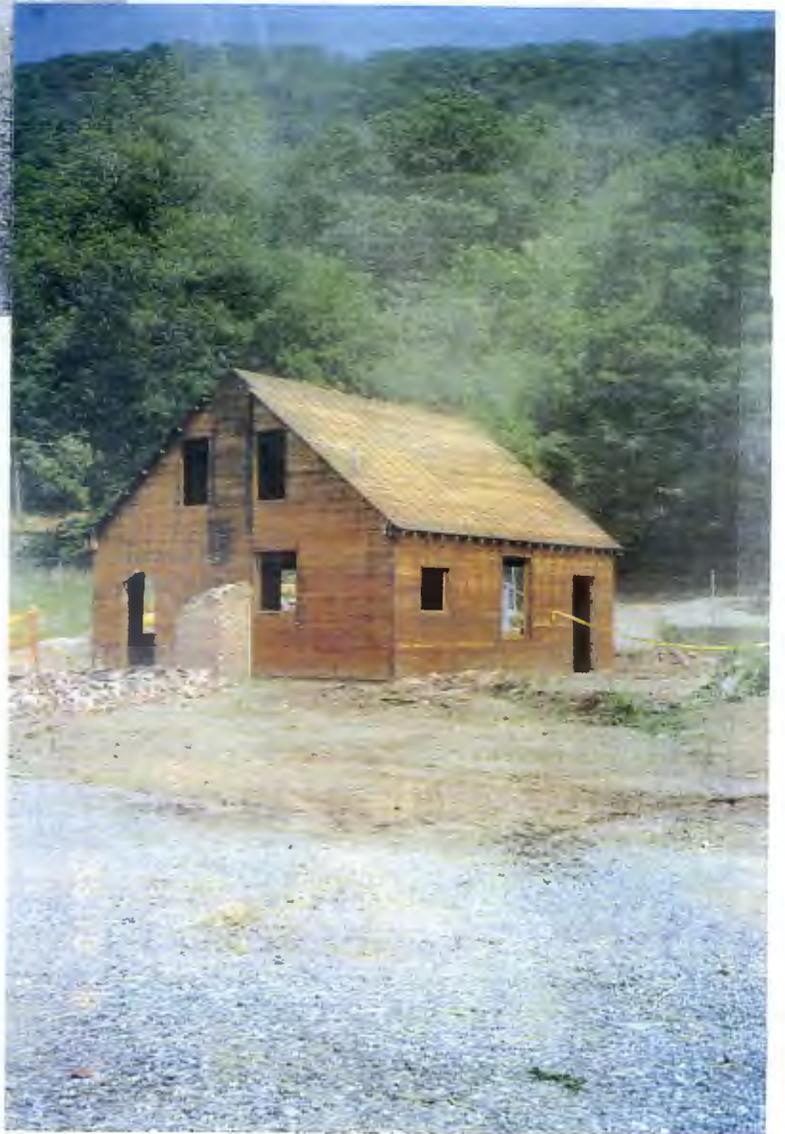
COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF FENCING



DEMOLITION OF CHIMNEY



DEMOLITION OF CHIMNEY





DEMOLITION OF BUILDING 713A



PLACING DEBRIS INTO ROLL-OFFS



DEMOLISHING THE FOUNDATION OF
BUILDING 713A



SEGREGATING DEBRIS AND SCRAP METAL



BACKFILLING THE BASEMENT WITH BRICK, CONCRETE
AND FILL MATERIAL



PLACING FILL MATERIAL INTO THE BASEMENT



RE-GRADE OF THE DISTURBED AREAS