

Department of Environmental Conservation

Availability Session

MAHOPAC Area of Interest Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water Sources Overview, Information & Resources

NYSDEC Site No. 340013

August 31, 2022

Background (1 of 3)

As part of NYS's Emerging Contaminant Sampling Initiative to investigate groundwater at State Superfund and Brownfield Cleanup Program sites, DEC identified per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in groundwater and private water supply wells in an area of interest around the Mahopac Business District State Superfund site.





Conservation

Background (2 of 3)



Specifically, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) were detected at concentrations above NYS's maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) for public drinking water (10 parts per trillion).

PFAS is not regulated in private wells. NYS uses public drinking water standards as guidance when evaluating private well data and recommending actions to reduce exposure.



Background (3 of 3)



Water supply well sampling and alternate water supplies—if needed based on results—are available at no cost to property owners within the currently defined area of interest.

Additional efforts are underway to determine the potential sources of PFAS contamination in the area.



What are **PFAS**?

- PFAS are a group of manufactured
 chemical compounds used for decades
 in industry and consumer products.
- PFAS are widely used, long-lasting, and break down slowly over time.



PFAS – Why the concern? (1 of 3)

PFAS are commonly found in the environment and have been detected in public drinking water and in private wells around NY and the US.



PFAS – Why the concern? (2 of 3)

Most of what is known about health effects comes from studies of high-level exposure in animals.

Less is known about human health effects occurring from lower levels of PFAS exposure, such as from drinking water.



PFAS – Why the concern? (3 of 3)

Finding lower levels of chemicals in drinking water prompts DOH and DEC to make recommendations that people take steps to reduce exposures.



How can I be exposed?

You can be exposed to PFAS by:



Drinking contaminated municipal water or private well water



Eating food that was packaged in material that contains PFAS

Source: https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/pfas/health-effects/exposure.html



Eating fish caught from water

contaminated by PFAS (PFOS, in particular)

Using some consumer products such as stain resistant carpeting and water repellant clothing

Mahopac Business District Wells

 During survey of State Superfund Sites for emerging contaminants, PFAS were detected in environmental monitoring wells at the Mahopac Business District Wells State Superfund Site.

 Efforts are underway to determine the potential sources of PFAS contamination in the area.



Potential Sources of PFAS in Mahopac

- Discharges to septic systems
- Sewer system leaks
- Car and boat-related maintenance
- > Potential historic fires





PFAS Source Investigation

ACTIONS	STATUS / SCHEDULE
REVIEW OF PRIVATE WELL AND PFAS DATA AND POTENTIAL PFAS SOURCES	Ongoing
SAMPLING OF SOIL AND GROUNDWATER NEAR POTENTIAL PFAS SOURCES	SCHEDULED FOR FALL 2022
SAMPLING OF LAKE MAHOPAC SURFACE WATER, SEDIMENT, AND FISH TISSUE	SCHEDULED FOR SPRING 2023



Private Water Supply Sampling in Mahopac

- DEC and DOH surveyed the surrounding area for private water supplies.
- Private well sampling began with properties closest to the Mahopac Business District Wells site.





Non-municipal water service area

Private Water Supply Sampling Status



94% of sampled Mahopac private

water supply wells were above 10

parts per trillion of PFOA or PFOS.

Alternate water supplies have been

provided to these properties.



Your water could be from a private well If...



- You have a water pump and a well on your property for your drinking water system
- > You do not receive a water bill
- You have a septic system



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Image courtesy of U.S. EPA (https://19january2017snapshot.epa.gov/privatewells/about-private-water-wells_.html)

PFAS – Are There Drinking Water Standards?

 DOH regulates PFAS in public water supplies through drinking water standards or Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs).

The MCL is set at 10 parts per trillion (ppt) for public water supplies.

These standards are among the lowest in the country and are intended to protect against health effects.





Private Well Sampling for PFAS

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If your property is in the area of interest and you would like to have your private water supply well sampled for PFAS, please contact the DEC hotline provided in the letter you received in the mail or email:

MahopacWaterSupply@gmail.com



The sampling is performed at no cost to you and can be arranged based on your schedule.



Typically, drinking water samples will be collected from your kitchen tap in two small bottles and submitted to a certified laboratory for PFAS analysis.



When Will I Get My Private Well Results? (1 of 2)

The laboratory typically provides the results to DEC/DOH one month after the sample is collected.



DEC/DOH

DOH will contact you to discuss your sampling results and will provide you with a copy of the lab report.



When Will I Get My Private Well Results? (2 of 2)



If your private well is in the area of interest and has sampling results at or above 10 parts per trillion (ppt) for PFOA or PFOS, DEC will contact you to:

- Provide bottled water (alternate water supply).
- > Offer a point-of-entry treatment (POET) system.

For PFOA or PFOS results below 10 ppt, DEC/DOH may resample your well at some point in the future.

* DEC/DOH may resample to confirm result after 6 months

Point-of Entry Treatment (POET) System -Activated Carbon Filtration



Use of activated carbon,

commonly referred to as GAC

(granular activated carbon) is a

well-established approach for

purifying water.



Activated Carbon Filtration – How it Works



PFAS molecules become trapped in the pores within GAC carbon particles by a

process called adsorption.



Activated Carbon Filtration – How it's Used

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GAC is typically housed in cylindrical

containers referred to as vessels.

Water is pumped through the activated

carbon in the vessels to accomplish

treatment.



Point-of-Entry Treatment (POET) Systems



How Does a POET Look When Installed?

Outgoing Treated Water

Ultraviolet (UV) Disinfection Unit

Replaceable Granular Activated Carbon Units



Incoming Well Water



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Pre-Filter with

Replaceable Cartridge

Existing HardwarePressure Tank

Booster Pump

Overall Benefits of POET Water Treatment



✓ Reliable – Established and effective technology

Safe – Removes PFAS, micro-organisms, and other contaminants

 Improves Water Quality – Decreases cloudiness and improves taste, odor and color



Monitoring to Confirm Reliable Treatment



- Effective treatment supplemented by periodic testing of the treated water.
- Testing enables operational adjustments and confirmation of effectiveness.



POET Systems – No Cost Maintenance



 Homeowners are not responsible for installation, maintenance, and sampling

costs.

✓ Continues until testing indicates well water

treatment is no longer necessary.



For additional information, visit our website...



https://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/126017.html

- ✓ Latest information
- ✓ Resources
- ✓ Public involvement opportunities
- ✓ Contact information



NYSDEC Contact Information

Site Investigation



For inquiries related to surface water, groundwater and drinking water sampling, and PFAS source evaluation:



Jasmine Stefansky

(518) 402-9575 | Jasmine.Stefansky@dec.ny.gov



Jeffrey Dyber (518) 402-9813 | Jeffrey.Dyber@dec.ny.gov



NYSDEC Contact Information (continued...)



Private Well Sampling



To determine if your property is located within the area of interest, and therefore eligible for sampling, contact DEC's environmental engineering consultant at the Mahopac PFAS Information e-mail:



MahopacWellSampling@gmail.com



NYSDEC Contact Information (continued...)



POET Systems & Alternate Water Supplies

For questions related to the provision of an alternate water supply (i.e., bottled water, POET systems, or public water supply connections):

David Chiusano NYSDEC (518) 402-9813 | David.Chiusano@dec.ny.gov





NYSDOH Contact Information



Health-Related Inquiries



For health-related inquiries, please reach out to the DOH point of contact below:

Stephen Lawrence NYSDOH (518) 402-0450 | beei@health.ny.gov





Questionnaire – Your Input is Appreciated!

Scan this QR code with your phone to access a homeowner questionnaire. Your answers will be used to support our PFAS source investigation!





Questions? Please Visit Our Theme Tables...



...or Inquire with our Greeters.

