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Amended
Groundwater Treatment Facility

Bureau อา Eastern Remedial Action

Rotron, Inc. Woodstock Facility Woodstock, New York

September 1997



Prepared For:

Rotron, Inc. 9 Hasbrouck Lane Woodstock, New York 12498

Project # 49531.00

Amended Groundwater Treatment Facility

Rotron, Inc. Woodstock Facility Woodstock, New York

September 1997



Prepared by:

The Dutchess County Office: The Chazen Companies P.O.Box 3479, 229-B Page Park Poughkeepsie, New York 12603

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes amended construction details and operating requirements for the groundwater treatment facility (treatment facility) on Rotron Inc.'s (Rotron)'s Woodstock facility in Woodstock, New York.

The treatment facility was initially engineered and installed by Groundwater Technology, Inc. (GTI) to treat effluent from 7 shallow groundwater retrieval wells. The treatment system consisted of a pre-treatment sedimentation and mixing tank, from which influent wastewater was batch treated through an air stripper. Effluent from the stripper combined with effluent from Rotron's sanitary system and was released to SPDES point 001. Design and installation of the GTI groundwater remedial system was conducted under NYSDEC review as part of an Investigative Program carried out by Rotron between 1982 and 1986 to delineate and remediate VOCs detected at the site.

Following installation of the GTI treatment facility in 1987, Rotron installed a 1,000-gallon receiving tank from which stripper effluent could optionally be cycled through Granular Activated Carbon (GAC). In 1996, Rotron added an eighth groundwater extraction well, RW-8. In December of 1996, Chazen submitted engineering plans describing several minor system changes. These were subsequently approved by the NYSDEC.

On August 12, 1997, Rotron's stripper tower was replaced with a larger column to provide reserve treatment capability in the event ongoing OU-2 remedial activities require additional wastewater treatment. This report summarizes the capabilities of the new stripper tower and provides updated as-built engineering drawings for the system. The former stripper tower is being used by Rotron at another site.

2.0 TREATMENT FACILITY COMPONENTS

Construction details for the original components of the treatment facility were previously provided (Chazen, 1996) to the NYSDEC for review and approval. The amended treatment system imposes essentially no change to the former system with the exception of new dimensions for the stripper tower and blower, and installation of an optional recirculation line which can be used to divert stripper effluent back through the stripper for additional polishing, if warranted or desired. The attached engineering drawings show these changes.

3.0 TREATMENT EVALUATION

The packed tower of the new stripper tower has a diameter of 24 inches and a length of 20 feet and is packed with 2" Jaeger plastic tripack media. The blower

provides air flows of approximately 1000 cfm. Hydraulic flows of up to 30 gpm have been field tested and the system is expected to be capable of handling hydraulic flows above 60 gpm, if needed in the future. The electrical system controlling the replacement stripper is unchanged from the previous system and includes a controller to activate the blower, a transfer pump hi/low switch, and an influent tank high-level shut-off.

The dosing rate from the receiving tank into the new stripper is set at 20 gpm, which matches the maximum influent flow rate from the 8 wells. Normally, total flow from the 8 wells has been observed to be substantially less than 20 gpm. Stripper effluent goes to the existing bubble aeration chamber. When the influent stream from the 8 wells reaches 20 gpm throughflow in the bubble aeration chamber is continuous and average residence time in the 1,000 gallon tank is approximately 50 minutes. When the influent stream drops below 20 gpm, residence time in the bubble aeration chamber is increased since water only leaves the chamber when displaced by discharge from the stripper.

calculations completed using Airstrip/Release 1.2^{1} , Performance performance software indicates that the air stripper should easily meet an effluent target of $\pm .15$ ppb, which is a level which has routinely been treatable to ≤ 5 ppb after final polishing in the aeration chamber. The model runs were completed for TCE since this compound comprises the dominant VOC in water entering the treatment facility and more than 85% of the VOC loading (Appendix 1). An average influent concentration of 1500 ppb was used for the analyses since this exceeds the VOC concentration detected during most sampling events. Two model runs were completed to evaluate system capability under winter and summer air-temperature conditions. In general, the effective temperature of the air passing through the stripper will rapidly equilibrate to, or exceed, the ambient temperature of the groundwater, based on heat-exchange between the water and air and warming Nonetheless, as a conservative consideration the occurring in the blower. cold-season analysis was completed using an air temperature value of 45 degrees F which is more than 5 degrees cooler than the expected influent water temperature.

Both analyses indicate that the stripper should fully treat influent concentrations of TCE to levels below the target discharge concentration of \pm 15 ppb. Additional polishing is still provided continuously by the bubble aeration chamber. Either GAC or additional recirculation of stripper effluent through the air stripper can also be implemented, if warranted. No automated controls for either the GAC or additional stripper circulation are currently installed.

Air emissions related to this treatment facility are essentially unchanged from the previous submission because the waste stream is unchanged and the total VOC

Airstrip, 2309 Garner Ave., Ames IA 50010

emission is therefore not impacted. Preliminary sample data indicate that the stripper is performing in accordance with the calculations (Appendix B). Confirmatory laboratory data are expected.

4.0 OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

The following operations and maintenance tasks should be conducted at the treatment facility. O&M tasks previously approved by the NYSDEC are simply reiterated. No new O&M tasks are warranted as a result of the stripper replacement, as highlighted in italics.

Monitoring and Maintenance Schedule

System Component	Maintenance Check	Frequency				
A. Overflow master override	Trip and reset	Monthly				
B. Transfer pump	Bearing seals audible check	Twice monthly				
	Probe and control system	Monthly				
	Flow rate through stripper	Twice monthly				
C. Air stripper	Flowrate (air)	Twice monthly				
	Nozzle fouling/ clogging packing fouled	When efficiency diminishes				
	Lubricate squirrel cage bearings	Monthly				
D. Polishing Tank	Inspect tank for floating debris	Monthly				
	Inspect bubbler for even distribution of bubbles	Monthly				

Failure of any of these inspection components should be corrected promptly. Recovery of groundwater drawdown in the bedrock aquifer system occurs over a period of not less than 24 hours; therefore, the treatment facility may safely be turned off for up to 24 hours before non-pumping groundwater conditions are re-established.

REFERENCES

The Chazen Companies, December 1996. Groundwater Treatment Facility, Rotron Inc., Woodstock Facility, Woodstock, New York.

APPENDIX 1

Air Stripper Performance Models

Airstrip Release 1.2

The model accepts input data describing the tower, media, air stream, water stream, and contaminant stream. Since wastewater flows through the system at a controlled rate of 20 gpm and the blower rate is constant, the only variables of concern are air temperature and contaminant concentration. TCE was used as the contaminant of analysis at a conservative influent concentration of 1,500 ppb, which exceeds the majority of historic sample concentration values. Two resulting analyses are considered herein:

- 1. Simulation of winter conditions. Air is heated by water to a minimum of 45 degrees F based on heat capcity of groundwater
- 2. Simulation of all other seasons: Air is 55 degrees F or warmer. Analysis is run at 70 degrees F.

Model Run 1

Variable Descriptor	Input
Air Temperature	45 degrees F
Dose rate	20 gpm
Liquid loading on 2' diameter stripper	20 gpm/pi x $(1\text{foot})^2 = 6.4 \text{ gpm/ft}^2$
air/water ratio with 1000 cfm blower	1000 cfm/(20 gpm/7.48gpcf) = 374:1

Model Run 2

Variable Descriptor	Input
Air Temperature	70 degrees F
Dose rate	20 gpm
Liquid loading on 2' diameter stripper	$20 \text{ gpm/pi x } (1\text{foot})^2 = 6.4 \text{ gpm/ft}^2$
air/water ratio with 1000 cfm blower	1000 cfm/(20 gpm/7.48gpcf) = 374:1

****** ANALYSIS OF STRIPPING TOWER ******

PROJECT : Rotron Woodstock: Winter

DATE: 9/12/1997

MINGINEER: Todd J. Syska

PAGE: 1/2

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

: 45.0 degrees F. : 62.4 lb/ft^3 : 0.0786 lb/ft^3 Design temperature Density of water ensity of air . 0.0/86 lb/ft^3 : 9.56E-04 lb/ft.s : 1.15E-05 lb/ft.s : 75 december 25 ■iscosity of water Viscosity of air Surface tension of water 75 dyne/cm _tmospheric pressure 1.00 atm

CONTAMINANT PROPERTIES

■olecular weight

Trichloroethylene 131.3 g/mol 189 degrees F.

Boiling point : 189 degrees
Molal volume at boiling point : 0.1071 L/mol
lenry's Constant : 0.38000
Temperature Constant : 1909 deg K
Molecular diffusivity in air : 8.36E-05 ft^2/s
lolecular diffusivity in water : 6.07E-09 ft^2/s

PACKING PROPERTIES

Name Jaeger Tripacks

acking Material : Plastic

Mominal Size

: 2.00 inch : 47.9 ft^2/ft^3 : 33 dyne/cm : 20.0 ft Specific Area ritical surface tension

→acking depth Air friction factor 15

****** ANALYSIS OF STRIPPING TOWER *****

'ROJECT : Rotron Woodstock: Winter DATE: 9/12/1997

ENGINEER: Todd J. Syska PAGE : 2/2

LOADING RATES

Water mass loading rate 8.91E-01 lb/ft².s Air mass loading rate 4.21E-01 lb/ft^2.s Nater volumetric loading rate : 6.40E+00 gpm/ft^2 ir volumetric loading rate : 2.40E+03 gpm/ft^2 Air pressure gradient : 0.130 " H2O/ft Air pressure gradient volumetric air/water ratio # : 375.0 __tripping factor 75.2

MASS TRANSFER PARAMETERS

Percentage of packing area wetted : 35.5 % 17.0 ft²/ft³ : 1/.0 1 : 2.66E-04 ft/s _/etted packing area Transfer rate constant in water Transfer rate constant in air : 5.06E-02 ft/s : 2.59E-04 ft/s :)verall transfer rate constant Overall mass transfer coefficient : 4.40E-03 1/s 6.1322 NTU : ITU 3.2615 ft

CONTAMINANT REMOVAL

Influent concentration 1.50 mg/L Iffluent concentration 3.49E+00 ug/L

Traction removed : 99.8 %

: Mass of contaminant removed Concentration in airstream 1.15E-01 lb/ft^2.day : $1.13E-01 \text{ mg/ft}^3$

- Expressed per unit of stripping tower cross-sectional area
- Expressed per unit of tower length

****** ANALYSIS OF STRIPPING TOWER *****

PROJECT : Rotron Woodstock: Summer DATE: 9/12/1997

PAGE : 1/2 ■NGINEER : Todd J. Syska

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

Design temperature 70.0 degrees F. . 62.3 lb/ft³ : 0.0749 lb/ft³ : 6.57E-04 lb/ft.s : 1.19E-05 lb/ft.s : 73 dvm² Density of water ensity of air wiscosity of water Viscosity of air Surface tension of water __tmospheric pressure 1.00 atm :

CONTAMINANT PROPERTIES

Trichloroethylene Jame

131.3 g/mol Molecular weight :

: 189 aegro. : 0.1071 L/mol : 0.38000 Boiling point 189 degrees F.

Molal volume at boiling point

lenry's Constant

Temperature Constant 1909 deg K : Molecular diffusivity in air : 9.17E-05 ft²/s
Molecular diffusivity in water : 9.25E-09 ft²/s

PACKING PROPERTIES

Name Jaeger Tripacks

?acking Material Plastic

Nominal Size 2.00 inch

Specific Area 47.9 ft^2/ft^3 : : 33 dyne/cm : 20.0 ft Critical surface tension

_acking depth Air friction factor 15

****** ANALYSIS OF STRIPPING TOWER ******

ROJECT : Rotron Woodstock: Summer DATE : 9/12/1997

ENGINEER: Todd J. Syska PAGE: 2/2

LOADING RATES

#ater mass loading rate : 8.91E-01 lb/ft^2.s *
Air mass loading rate : 4.02E-01 lb/ft^2.s *
ater volumetric loading rate : 6.41E+00 gpm/ft^2 *
air volumetric loading rate : 2.40E+03 gpm/ft^2 *
Air pressure gradient : 0.121 " H2O/ft #
'Volumetric air/water ratio : 375.0
_tripping factor : 150.2

MASS TRANSFER PARAMETERS

rercentage of packing area wetted: 37.3 %

Jetted packing area: 17.9 ft^2/ft^3

Transfer rate constant in water: 4.33E-04 ft/s

Transfer rate constant: 5.22E-02 ft/s

Verall transfer rate constant: 4.24E-04 ft/s

Toverall mass transfer coefficient: 7.58E-03 1/s

NTU: 10.5659

ITU: 1.8929 ft

CONTAMINANT REMOVAL

Influent concentration : 1.50 mg/L :ffluent concentration : 4.12E-02 ug/L ■ Traction removed : 100.0 %

■ raction removed: 100.0 %Mass of contaminant removed: 1.15E-01 lb/ft^2.dayConcentration in airstream: 1.13E-01 mg/ft^3

* Expressed per unit of stripping tower cross-sectional area

Expressed per unit of tower length

APPENDIX 2

Preliminary Performance Data

X:\4\49531-00\WDSTCK\REPORTS\OU#1\TREAT2.SAM

MEMORANDUM

To: Russell Urban Mead

From: Kim Baines

Date: September 12, 1997

Re: Rotron Woodstock Stripping Tower Monitoring

Job # 49531.00

Attached are the chromatograms for the two samples collected yesterday. I ran low point (5 ppb) and mid point (100 ppb) standards and both were within allowable tolerances (chromatograms attached).

Samples and standards were both run by heated headspace analysis. The calibration curve was based on the same heated headspace analysis at the same temperature that the tower samples were run at.

MAR.MARRAWOT/O10.1-16369/BTCSCORY/ATACL/C

Collected: 09-11-97 Collected: 09-11-97 Analysis date: 09/12/1997 12:28:55 Analysis date: 09/12/1997 12:28:55 Method: GW Headspace Method: GW Headspace Description: Ch. 1 - PID - Detector Description: Ch. 2 - DELCD - Detector Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1 Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1 Carrier: He @ 11 psi HP Carrier: He @ 11 psi HP Temp, prog: rotron.tem Temp. prog: Normal.tem Data file: 1wdswt5.CHR (c:\peakw95\9-12-97) ontrol filename: C:\PEAKW95\gw-solvent.con Sample: WD-RW-008-INF-XF Data file: 2wdswt5.chr (c:\peakw95\9-12-97) Operator: K. Baines/T. Girard Sample: WD-RW-008-INF-XF Operator: K. Baines/T. Girard Temperature program: Comments: Water INFLUENT SAMPLE FROM RW-08 Hold Ramp Ramp Temperature program: 40.00 5.000 10,000 130.00 Hold Ramp Ramp 0.00 60.000 0.000 0.00 -1.250mV 12.500mV Retentio -62.080mV 212.896m1 Retentio 1 2 3 (unknown)/2.306 (unknown)/1.762 (unknown)/2.824 (unknown)/27.171 5 6 4.950 5 (unknown)/6,563 7 6.041 6 Freon-113/51.787 8 7,541 (unknown)/3.618 8.300 ⁸ 9.375 (unknown)/25.462 1_1-DCA/36.844 10 9,433 ==- cis-1_2-DCE/688.361 11 10 10.575 11 > 1_1_1-TCA/123.632 12.300 (unknown\/896.558) 13 12.333 TCE/14381 84 13 Component Retention Area External Units Component Retention Area External Units 0.000 0.00 Freon-113 6.041 51.787 2.72 ppb 1_1-DCA 8.300 36.844 2.55 ppb cis-1_2-DCE 9.433 688.361 64.19 ppb 1_1_1-TCA 10.575 6.04 ppb 123.632 TCE 12.333 14381.842 1522.72 ppb 15282.466 1598.22

LED HAIRE, CHAZON LIVE CONTINUES

Client: Rotron Woodstock

Client ID: 49531.00

Client ID: 49531.00

Lab name: Chazen Environmental

Client: Rotron Woodstock

210-211-0073

Client ID: 49531.00 Client ID: 49531.00 Collected: 09-11-97 Collected: 09-11-97 Analysis date: 09/12/1997 12:07:14 Analysis date: 09/12/1997 12:07:14 Method: GW Headspace Method: GW Headspace Description: Ch. 1 - PID - Detector Description: Ch. 2 - DELCD - Detector Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1 Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1 Carrier: He @ 11 psi HP Carrier: He @ 11 psi HP Temp. prog: rotron.tem Temp. prog: Normal.tem Data file: 1wdswt4.chr (c:\peakw95\9-12-97) ontrol filename: C:\PEAKW95\gw-solvent.con Sample: WD-RW-008-EFF-XF Data file: 2wdswt4.chr (c:\peakw95\9-12-97) Sample: WD-RW-008-EFF-XF Operator: K. Balnes/T. Girard Comments: Water EFFLUENT SAMPLE FROM TOWER Operator: K. Baines/T. Girard Comments: Water EFFLUENT SAMPLE FROM TOWER Temperature program: Temperature program: Hold Ramp Ramp 40.00 5.000 10.000 130.00 Hold Ramp Ramp 0.000 0.00 0.00 60.000 -1.250mV 12.500mV Retentio 13.306mV -3.880mV Retentio 2.9663 (unknown)/2.350 3.441 (unknown)/10.078 5.000 5 5.408 (unknown)/1.566 (unknown)/1.011 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 9.433 cis-1_2-DCE/6.703 10 11 11 12 12.350 13 TCE/463.556 13 Component Retention Area External Units Component Retention Агеа External Units 0.000 0.00 cis-1_2-DCE 9.433 6.703 0.61 ppb TCE 12.350 163.556 9.32 ppb 170,259 9.93

Lab name: Chazen Environmental

Client: Rotron Woodstock

Lab name: Chazen Environmental

Client: Rotron Woodstock

Lab name: Chazen Environmental
Client: Rotron Woodstock

Client ID: 49531.00 Collected: 09-11-97

Analysis date: 09/12/1997 10:58:27
Method: GW Headspace
Description: Ch. 1 - PID - Detector
Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1

Carrier: He @ 11 psi HP Temp, prog: rotron.tem

Data file: 1wdswt2.chr (c:\peakw95\9-12-97)

Sample: 100 ppb Standard Operator: K. Balnes/T. Girard

Temperature program:

Hold Ramp Ramp 5.000 10.000 130.00

Lab name: Chazen Environmental Client: Rotron Woodstock

Client ID: 49531.00 Collected: 09-11-97

Analysis date: 09/12/1997 10:58:27 Method: GW Headspace

Description: Ch. 2 - DELCD - Detector Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1

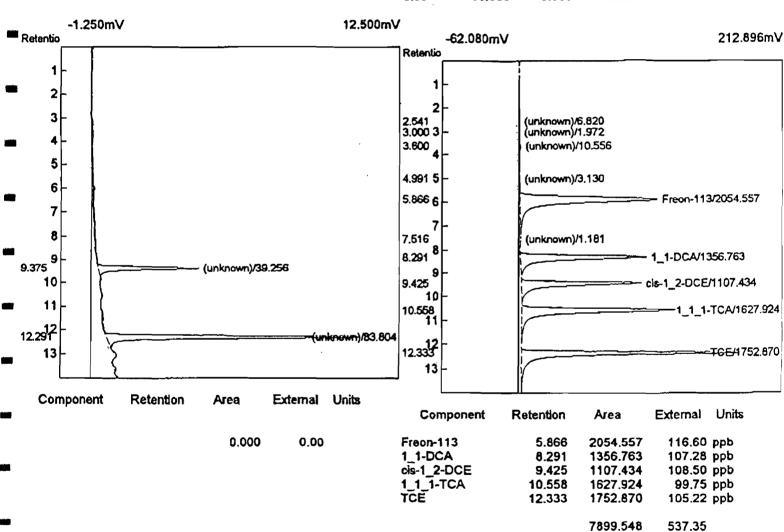
Carrier: He @ 11 psl HP Temp. prog: Normal.tem

ontrol filename: C:\PEAKW95\gw-solvent.con
Data file: 2wdswt2.chr (c:\peakw95\9-12-97)

Sample: 100 ppb Standard Operator: K. Baines/T. Girard

Temperature program:

Hold Ramp Ramp 0.00 60.000 0.000 0.00

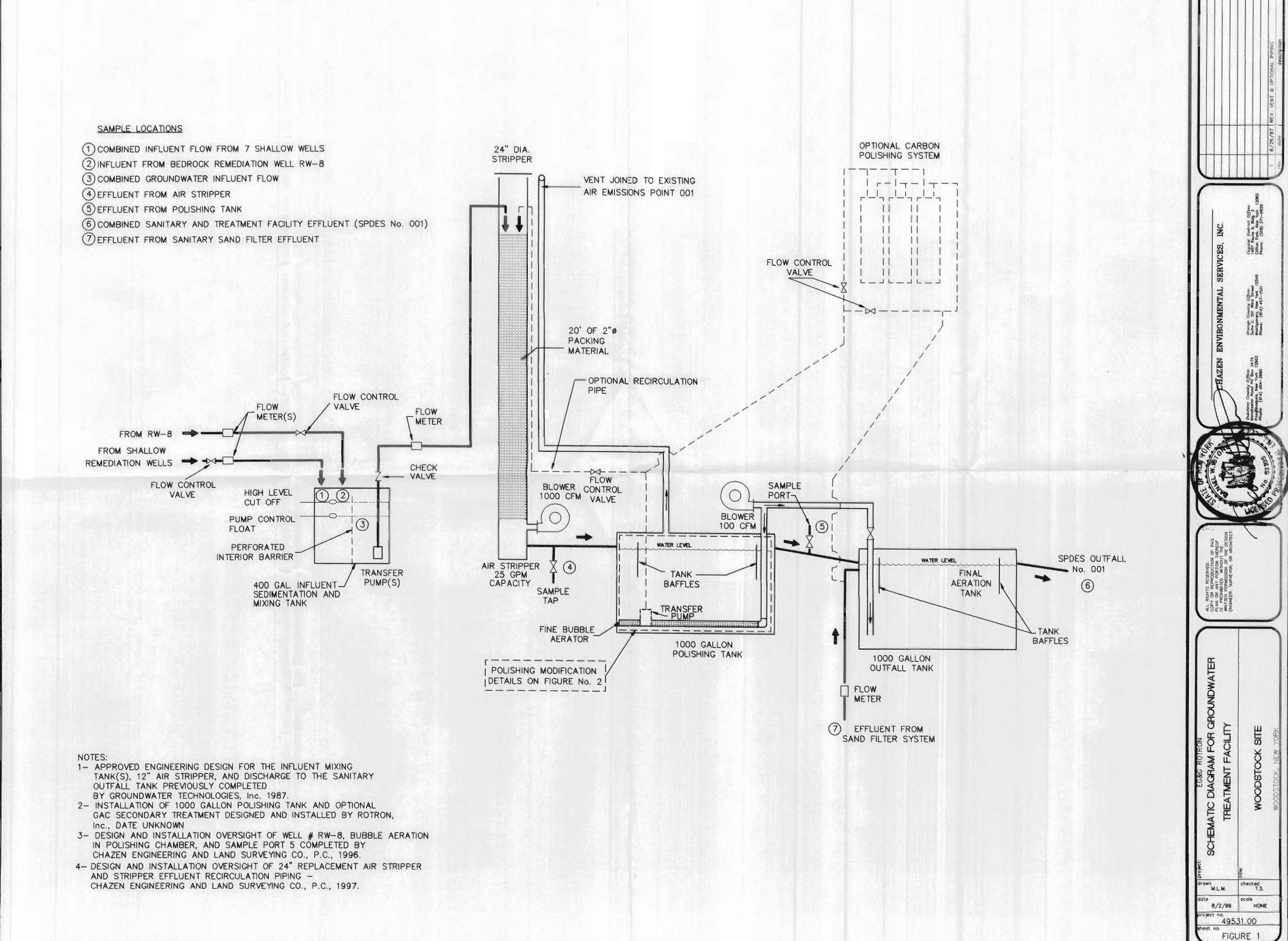


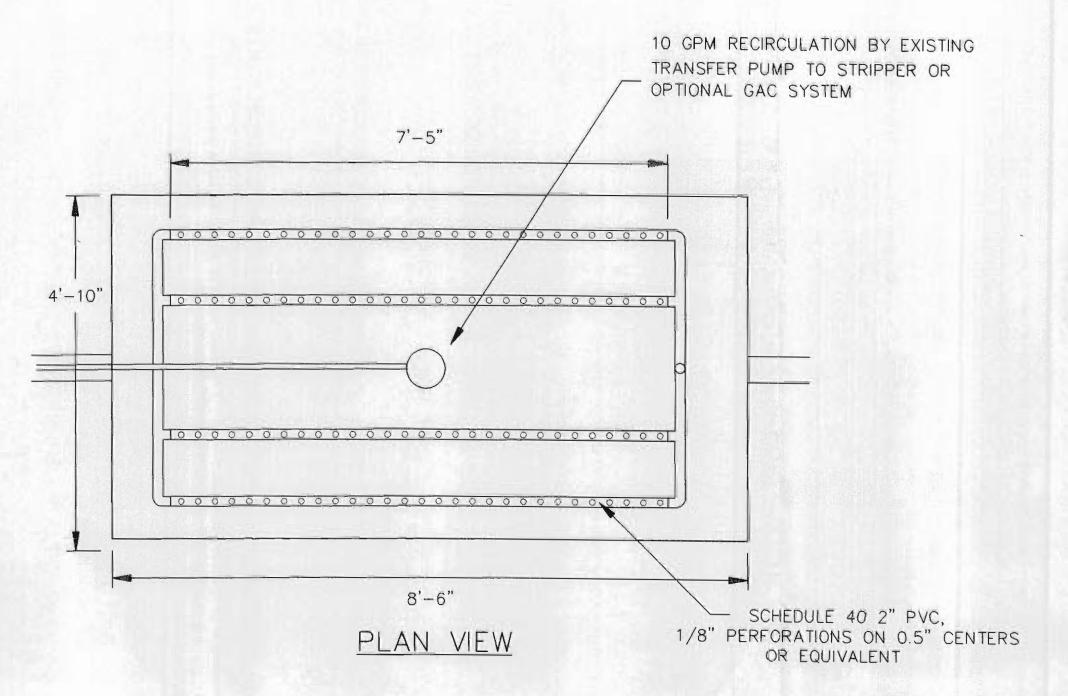
Lab name: Chazen Environmental Lab name: Chazen Environmental Client: Rotron Woodstock Client: Rotron Woodstock Client ID: 49531.00 Client ID: 49531.00 Collected: 09-11-97 Collected: 09-11-97 Analysis date: 09/12/1997 11:47:25 Analysis date: 09/12/1997 11:47:25 Method: GW Headspace Method: GW Headspace Description: Ch. 1 - PID - Detector Description: Ch. 2 - DELCD - Detector Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1 Column: Restek 60 Meter MXT-1 Carrier: He @ 11 psi HP Carrier: He @ 11 psl HP Temp. prog: Normal.tem Temp. prog: rotron.tem Data file: 1wdswt3.chr (c:\peakw95\9-12-97) ontrol filename: C:\PEAKW95\gw-solvent.con Sample: 5 ppb Standard Data file: 2wdswt3.chr (c:\peakw95\9-12-97) Operator: K. Baines/T. Girard Sample: 5 ppb Standard Operator: K. Baines/T. Girard Temperature program: Temperature program: Hold Ramp Ramp 40.00 130.00 5.000 10.000 Hold Ramp Ramp 0.00 60,000 0.000 0.00 -1.250mV 12.500mV Retentio -3.880mV 13.306mV Retentio 1 1 2 2 3 2.950 3 3.358 , (unknown)/2.160 PEG-EKKWARAKOY) 5 4.983 5 (unknown)/2.573 6 5.891 6 - Freen-113/110.901 6.875 7 (unknown)/2.213 B 9 8.333 1_1-DCA/88.207 10 9.466 cis-1 2-DCE/77.351 11 1_1_1-TCA/110.002 10.600 12 13 12.366 TGE/112:534 13 Component Retention Area External Units Component Retention External Units Area 0.000 0.00 Freon-113 5.891 110.901 6.51 ppb

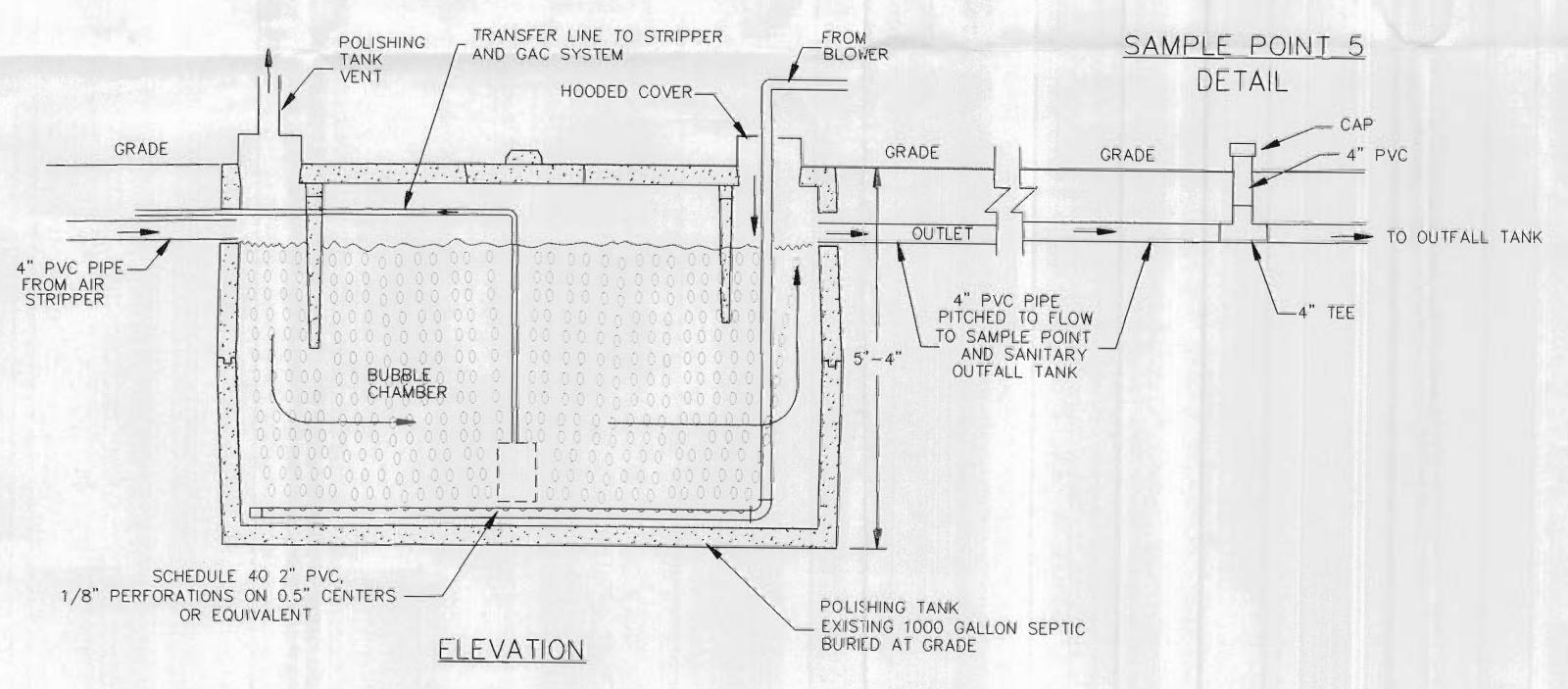
CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

CHAZEN ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

Dutchess County Office: P.O. Box 3479, 229-B Page Park Poughkeepsie, New York 1260 Phone: (914)454-3980 Fax: (9	3		Orange County Office: 201 Ward Street, Suite G Montgomery, New York 12549 Phone: (914)457-1521 Fax: (914)457-1523										Capital District Office: 1407 Route, Building 2 Clifton Park, New York 12065 Phone: (518)371-0929 Fax: (518)371-0623													
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POLISHING TANK AERATION DETAILS CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR NEW TREATMENT COMPONENTS FIGURE 2

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