

engineering and constructing a better tomorrow

April 13, 2016

Mr. Ian Beilby
Division of Environmental Remediation
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
625 Broadway
Albany, New York 12233

Subject: Field Activities Plan: Waste Management Area Supplemental Data Gap

Investigation

AL Tech Specialty Steel (NYSDEC Site 401003)

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, P.C., Project No. 3612112222

Dear Mr. Beilby:

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, P.C., (MACTEC), is providing this Field Activities Plan (FAP) for the activities associated with an investigation planned at the Waste Management Area (WMA) portion of the AL Tech Specialty Steel Watervliet Facility (Site) (Figure 1) (Site No. 401003) in Colonie, New York. This supplemental investigation includes evaluation of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and metals in soils to address data gaps identified based on previous investigations at the WMA and as a result of a recent investigation at the Former Bearoff property located adjacent to the WMA (MACTEC, 2014; MACTEC, 2015).

MACTEC will perform this work under Work Assignment No. D007619-11 and the April 2011 Superfund Standby Contract D007619 between MACTEC and the New York State (NYS) Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC).

SCOPE OF WORK

This FAP provides the scope of work for investigating the presence of PCBs and metals in soil at the WMA (outside of the landfill cap), characterize the extent of contamination previously detected and evaluate the potential for contaminants to migrate to native soil. The purpose of this investigation is to provide the NYSDEC with a basis to determine whether additional remedial actions need to be considered.

The following areas and data objectives are the focus of this supplemental investigation:

<u>Uncapped portion of the Site northwest of the leachate building.</u> Soil samples will be collected at three planned direct-push locations to profile levels of metals in subsurface soils and characterize the depth to and nature of underlying native material.

<u>Unnamed tributary drainage ditch north of the leachate building.</u> Soils on either side of a drainage ditch will be profiled via a direct push boring to assess the extent of PCBs and metals and to characterize the depth to and nature of underlying native material.

<u>Debris piles north of the leachate building.</u> Samples will be collected using hand methods to evaluate the presence of PCBs and determine the levels of metals in debris piles that are adjacent to the unnamed tributary and north of the leachate building.

<u>East of leachate building</u>. Four direct-push borings will be completed to characterize soils the east of the Leachate Building. Samples will be collected to evaluate the extent of PCBs in surface soil, profile the levels of metals in surface and subsurface soil and assess the depth to and nature of underlying native material.

<u>Northern drainage ditch</u>. Surface soils will be collected from two locations to evaluate the presence of PCBs to the northeast of existing sample location SS-020.

<u>The Former Bearoff building area</u>. Surface soil samples will be collected from four locations around the footprint of the Former Bearoff Building to evaluate the presence of PCBs.

<u>South landfill access road</u>. Soil samples will be collected from six planned direct-push locations and three surface soil locations to evaluate the presence of surface and subsurface soil PCB and metals contamination in the south landfill access area and to characterize the depth to and nature of underlying native material.

Proposed sample locations are shown on Figure 2. The field program, including planned sampling methods, objectives, rationale, depths, location identification and analytical program is summarized in Table 1.

Soil Sampling

Soil samples will be collected using direct push drilling methods and hand tools (e.g. hand auger or shovel). Sampling locations were selected in areas of the WMA where data gaps have been identified, to achieve a better understanding of the horizontal and vertical extent of contamination and to evaluate if contaminants are migrating from the waste materials to the underlying native soil. Table 1 provides a summary of proposed samples by area of concern, including evaluation objectives and sample rationale.

Soil samples will be collected to target the following intervals:

- Surface soil samples will be collected from 0 to 0.2 ft below ground surface (bgs) using hand tools
- Shallow Subsurface soil samples will be collected from 0.2 ft bgs to 1 ft bgs using direct push methods
- Subsurface soil samples (i.e., greater than 2 ft bgs) will be collected using direct push methods
- Native layer using direct push methods
- Waste material (debris piles) will be collected using hand tools to obtain composited samples from 0 to 2 ft bgs

Soil samples will be analyzed for PCBs and/or Target Analyte List metals plus molybdenum and hexavalent chromium as shown on Table 1.

Proposed sample locations are presented on Figure 2. Actual locations of direct push borings will be determined in the field based on the ability of the direct push rig to safely access drilling locations. If proposed areas are inaccessible to the direct push rig at the time of the field investigation, an attempt will be made to collect the samples with hand methods, to the extent practical (i.e. hand auger or hand probe).

Elevation Survey

A licensed land surveyor will provide horizontal locations and elevations of the soil samples. Horizontal locations will be tied to the NYS Plane Coordinate System using North American Datum of 1983and will be measured to an accuracy of 0.1 foot. Vertical elevations of borings will

be tied to mean sea level, using North American Vertical Datum of 1988, and measured to an accuracy of 0.01 foot.

Field Operations

Companion documents to this FAP that will govern the execution of the field exploration activities include MACTEC's Program Health and Safety Plan (HASP) (MACTEC, 2011b) and Quality Assurance Program Plan (MACTEC, 2011a). In addition to these program documents, the Site-specific HASP (Attachment 1) provides details related to health and safety for on-site activities. Field activity records (FDRs) will be completed for each sample location. Example FDRs are included in Attachment 2.

Reporting

MACTEC will present the findings of the Data Gap Investigation in a letter report to the NYSDEC. The letter report will describe the work performed, provide supporting field documents, figures presenting surveyed sample locations, and present final tabulated data results compared to Standards, Criteria and Guidance values (Commercial and Industrial Soil Cleanup Objectives for the WMA soils (NYS, 2006)). An EQuIS electronic data deliverable will be provided. MACTEC will summarize the findings and provide recommendations for future activities, if any, based on the findings.

Field Schedule

Upon approval of the Scope of Work described in this FAP, subcontractors will be procured and field personnel will mobilize to accomplish the field work. MACTEC anticipates that field work will commence within 30 days of approval (currently scheduled for April 11 through 13, 2016).

MACTEC understands that existing funds within Work Assignment No. D007619-11 will be used to accomplish the work.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact us at 207-775-5401.

Sincerely,

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, P.C.

Jean Firth

Site Manager

Eric Sandin

Technical Reviewer

Enclosures (2)

Attachment 1: Site-specific Health and Safety Plan

Attachment 2: Field Data Records

cc: File

REFERENCES

- MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, P.C. (MACTEC), 2014. Waste Management Area PCB/Data Gap Analysis Report and Leachate Transmission Line Evaluation. AL Tech Specialty Steel WMA, Site 401003. Prepared for the New York State Department of Conservation, Albany, NY. May 21, 2014.
- MACTEC, 2015. Final Site Characterization Report Former Bearoff Metallurgical. July 2015.
- MACTEC, 2011a. Program Quality Assurance Program Plan. Prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Albany, New York. June 2011.
- MACTEC, 2011b. *Program Health and Safety Plan*. Prepared for New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Albany, New York. June 2011.
- New York State, 2006. New York Codes, Rules, and Regulations, Title 6, Part 375- Environmental Remediation Programs. December 14, 2006.

LIST OF ACRONYMS

bgs below ground surface

FAP Field Activities Plan FDR Field Data Record

HASP Health and Safety Plan

MACTEC Engineering & Consulting, P.C.

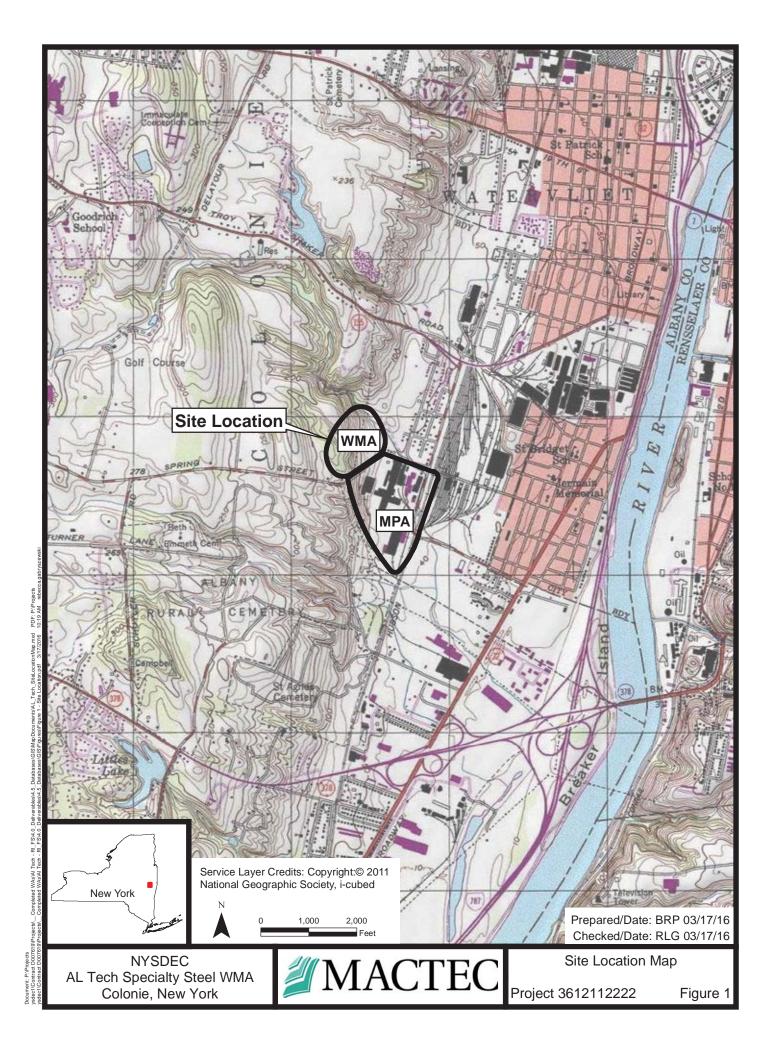
NYS New York State

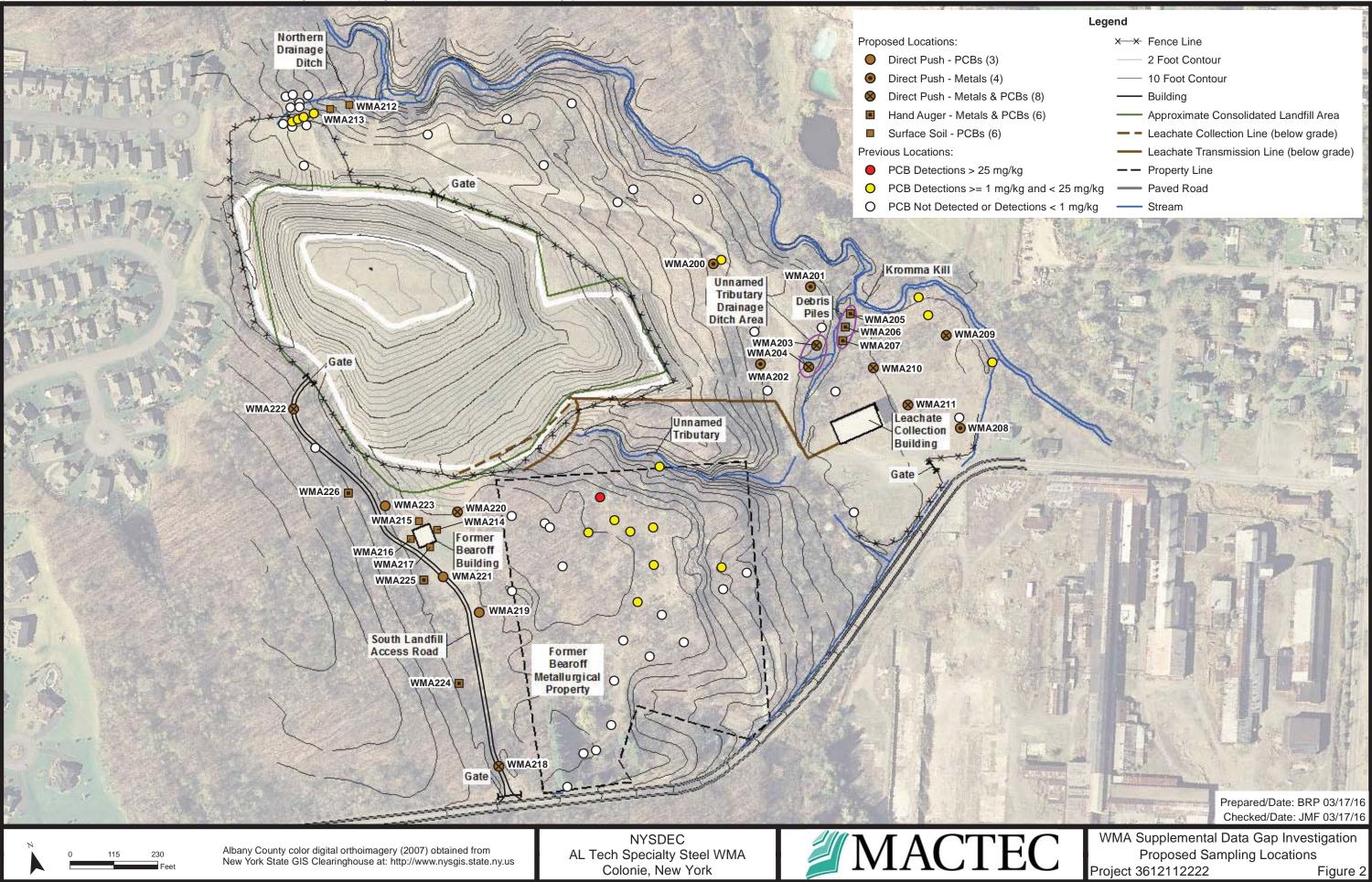
NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

PCBs polychlorinated biphenyls

Site Al Tech Specialty Steel, Watervliet Facility

WMA Waste Management Area





MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, P.C., Project No. 3612112222

Table 1: Proposed Sample Methodology, Rationale, Identification, and Analytical Schedule

								Analysis	PCB	TAL metals +	Cr+6
								Media	soil	soil	soil
								Method	8082	6010/7470	7199
								Container	4 oz	4 oz	4 oz
								Preservative	4° C	none	4° C
								Reporting Limit	1 mg/kg	various	22 ppm
								Objective	CP-51	Ind	Ind
Area Of Concern	Evaluation Objectives	Methodology	Sample Rationale	Media	Loc I.D.	Sample I.D.	Type	Depth Interval		# of Samples	
	Soil samples:	Direct push soil sampling:				401003WMA20000	SS	0-0.2'		1	1
	Son samples.	Conduct up to 3 direct push borings			WMA200	401003WMA200	DP	0.2-1'/waste		1	1
		to a depth of 12 ft bgs near DP-107	To identify the horizontal			401003WMA200	DP	native		1	1
Uncapped portion of the Site northwest of the	1) Extent of metals	to collect soil samples for metals	and vertical extent of			401003WMA20100	SS	0-0.2'		1	1
leachate building	contamination in the subsurface		metals contamination in	Soil	WMA201	401003WMA201	DP	0.2-1'/waste		1	1
	in the area	surface soil, shallow subsurface	waste of the uncapped portion of the site.			401003WMA201	DP	native		1	1
	2) Depth and type of	soil, and 2 subsurface soil samples.				401003WMA20200	SS	0-0.2'		1	1
	underlying native material	Soils will be logged using USCS.			WMA202	401003WMA202	DP	0.2-1'/waste		1	1
						401003WMA202	DP	native		1	
Unnamed tributary drainage ditch north of the leachate building	Soil samples:		T 1			401003WMA20300	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
	To evaluate:	_	To evaluate the extent of PCB and metals contamination in soils		WMA203	401003WMA203	DP	0.2-1'/waste	1	1	1
	1) Extent of PCB and metals					401003WMA203	DP	native	1	1	1
	contamination in soils adjacent to the drainage ditch of the		adjacent to the drainage ditch of the unnamed	Soil		401003WMA20400	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
	unnamed tributary	building. Soils will be logged	tributary to the north of		WMA204	401003WMA204	DP	0.2-1'/waste	1	1	1
	Depth and type of underlying native material	utilizing USCS.	the leachate building.			401003WMA204	DP	native	1	1	1
	Soil samples:	Soil sampling:	To evaluate metals and PCB contamination in debris piles to the north of the leachate building.		WMA205	401003WMA205	НА	0-2'	1	1	1
Debris piles north of the leachate building	To evaluate:	Utilizing hand tools, collect 3 samples from 3 locations to a depth of up to 2 ft bgs.		Soil	WMA206	401003WMA206	НА	0-2'	1	1	1
	1) Presence of metals and PCB contamination in debris piles				WMA207	401003WMA207	НА	0-2'	1	1	1
						401003WMA20800	SS	0-0.2'		1	1
					WMA208	401003WMA208	DP	0.2-1'/waste		1	1
						401003WMA208	DP	native		1	1
	Soil samples:	Direct push soil sampling:				401003WMA20900	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
	Son samples.	Conduct up to 4 direct push borings				401003WMA20900XD	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
	To evaluate:	to a depth of up to 8 ft bgs located	To identify the horizontal		WMA209	401003WMA20900MS	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
	1) Extent of PCB and metals	east of the leachate building to	and vertical extent of			401003WMA20900MD	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
East of leachate building	contamination in the subsurface	collect soil samples for metals	metals contamination	Soil		401003WMA209	DP	0.2-1'/waste		1	1
	in the area	analysis from up to 3 depths:	east of the leachate			401003WMA209	DP	native	,	<u>l</u>	1
	2) Depth and type of		building.		3373.4.2.1.2	401003WMA21000	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
	underlying native material	soil, and 1 subsurface soil samples.			WMA210	401003WMA210	DP	0.2-1'/waste		<u>l</u>	1
		Soils will be logged using USCS.				401003WMA210	DP	native	1	1	1
					373.4.4.2.1.1	401003WMA21100	SS	0-0.2'	1	<u>l</u>	1
					WMA211	401003WMA211 401003WMA211	DP	0.2-1'/waste		1	1
						401003 W WIA 211	DP	native		1	1

NYSDEC - Site No. 401003

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, P.C., Project No. 3612112222

 Table 1: Proposed Sample Methodology, Rationale, Identification, and Analytical Schedule

								Analysis	РСВ	TAL metals +	Cr+6
								Media	soil	soil	soil
								Method	8082	6010/7470	7199
								Container	4 oz	4 oz	4 oz
								Preservative	4° C	none	4° C
								Reporting Limit		various	22 ppm
							•	Objective	CP-51	Ind	Ind
Area Of Concern	Evaluation Objectives	Methodology	Sample Rationale	Media	Loc I.D.	Sample I.D.	Type	Depth Interval		# of Samples	
Northern drainage ditch	Soil samples: To evaluate:	Surface soil sampling: Utilizing hand tools, collect up to 2 surface samples (0-0.2 ft bgs) to the	To evaluate the extent of PCB contamination in surface soil to the northeast of SS-020.	Soil	WMA212	401003WMA21200	SS	0-0.2'	1		
Two therm trainings then	1) Presence of PCBs to the northeast of sample location SS 020	northeast of SS-020 in the drainage		Bon	WMA213	401003WMA21300	SS	0-0.2'	1		
	Soil samples:	Soil sampling:	To identify if PCBs are		WMA214	401003WMA214	НА	0-1'	1		<u> </u>
Farman Pagraff huilding	To evaluate:	Utilizing hand tools, collect up to 4 surface soil samples (0-1 ft bgs)	present in surface soils	Soil	WMA215	401003WMA215	HA	0-1'	1		
Former Bearoff building	 Presence of PCBs in surface soil around the Former Bearoff 	from around the "Former Bearoff	on each side of the Former Bearoff Building	3011	WMA216	401003WMA216	НА	0-1'	1		
	Building Concrete pad.	concrete pad.		WMA217	401003WMA217	НА	0-1'	1			
						401003WMA21800	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
					WMA218	401003WMA218	DP	0.2-1'	1	1	1
					WMA218	401003WMA218	DP	waste	1	1	1
						401003WMA218	DP	native	1	1	1
						401003WMA21900	SS	0-0.2'	1		1
					WD 4 4 2 1 0	401003WMA219	DP	0.2-1'	1		1
					WMA219	401003WMA219	DP	waste	1		1
		Direct push soil sampling: Conduct up to 6 direct push borings to a depth of up to 12 ft bgs within and along the south access road area				401003WMA219	DP	native	1		Ī
			subsurface soils along the	0.3		401003WMA22000	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
					WA 4 220	401003WMA220	DP	0.2-1'	1	1	1
					WMA220	401003WMA220	DP	waste	1	1	1
						401003WMA220	DP	native	1	1	1
	g n 1			Soil		401003WMA22100	SS	0-0.2'	1		1
	Soil samples:	from up to 4 depths. Soils will be	southern entrance of the		33/3 A A 22.1	401003WMA221	DP	0.2-1'	1		
	To avaluate.	logged using USCS.	landfill.		WMA221	401003WMA221	DP	waste	1		
	To evaluate:					401003WMA221	DP	native	1		
South landfill access road	 The presence of PCBs and metals in surface and 					401003WMA22200	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
					WMA222	401003WMA222	DP	0.2-1'	1	1	1
	subsurface 2) Depth and type of				WWAZZZ	401003WMA222	DP	waste	1	1	1
	underlying native material					401003WMA222	DP	native	1	1	1
	underlying native material					401003WMA22300	SS	0-0.2'	1		
					WMA223	401003WMA223	DP	0.2-1'	1		
					W WIAZZS	401003WMA223	DP	waste	1		
						401003WMA223	DP	native	1		
						401003WMA22400	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
			To evaluate the presence		WMA224	401003WMA224	HA	0.2-1'	1	1	1
		Soil sampling:	and extent of waste			401003WMA224	HA	1-2'	1	1	1
		Utilizing hand tools collect 3	contamination to the west			401003WMA22500	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1
		samples from 3 locations to a depth	of the access road leading	Soil	WMA225	401003WMA225	HA	0.2-1'	1	1	1
		of up to 2 ft bgs.	to the southern entrance			401003WMA225	HA	1-2'	1	1	1
		of the landfill.			401003WMA22600	SS	0-0.2'	1	1	1	
	of the failuffit.			WMA226	401003WMA226	HA	0.2-1'	1	1	1	
	I	1	1			401003WMA226	HA	1-2'	1 1	1	1 1

USCS - Unified Soil Classification System

bgs - below ground surface

SS - Surface Soil

HA - Hand Auger/Hand Methods

DP- Direct Push

XD - duplicate MS - matrix spike

MD - matrix spike duplicate

Detection limits should be low enough to achieve the following comparisons:

Soil analytical results will be compared to the 6 NYCRR Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objectives .

ATTACHMENT 1

SITE-SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

MACTEC, Inc.

MACTEC Short Form HASP

Site: _Al Tech Specialty Steel – WMA Supplemental Data - borings	Job/Task Number:	3612112222.03
Street Address: 200 Spring Street Road, Colonie, NY 12189		
Proposed Date(s) of Investigation: April 2016	Project Manager:	Jean Firth
Prepared by: Brad Wolfe – Updated Kendra Bavor	Date:	2/21/2016
*Approved by: Kendra Bavor, CSP/ Jean Firth	Date:	3/10/2016
Site Description: (attach map) Closed landfill with some surficial waste	. Fenced in site with	hilly topography.
Comments: Activities will include direct push and hand borings for PC landfill cap).	B data (soils and se	diments outside the
*Approval also serves as certification of a Hazard Assessment as required	d by 29 CFR 1910.132	2

Tasks:

MACTEC	Subcontractor	Task Description
		Direct push boring oversight – Soil sampling
	\boxtimes	Direct Push boring
		Hand boring
		Surface soil sampling

Dates of Required Training and Medical Surveillance (add additional training topics, as required):

Name	Jerry Rawcliffe	Dan Nierenberg			
Job duties	Field Team Lead	Field Team HSO	Field Team	Field Team	Field Team
	Dates	Dates	Dates	Dates	Dates
Medical Surveillance	9/28/2015	1/15/2015			
-Exam Type (A ⁴ , B, C)	С				
40-Hour Initial	5/17/1985	8/30/1991			
8-Hour Supervisor ³	9/29/1989	2/16/2016			
8-Hour Refresher	10/2/2015	5/21/2015			
First Aid	3/14/2016	1/5/2016			
CPR	3/14/2016	1/5/2016			
Hazard Communication	12/1/2013	11/30/2016			
Lead					
Chromium	5/27/2014				

² At least one worker must be trained in First Aid/CPR and should receive Bloodborne Pathogen Training

Required for Field Lead and Site Health and Safety Officer

Medical Surveillance Exam A has no respiratory clearance so can only be used for Level D PPE. Exam A (basic HAZWOPER), Exam A (basic HAZWOPER), Exam A (basic HAZWOPER), Exam E (ashestos) B (respirator & HAZWOPER under 40 years old), Exam C (respirator & HAZWOPER over 40 years old), Exam E (DOT), Exam F (asbestos monitoring), Exam G (lead monitoring) etc.

Known or Suspected Contaminants (include PELs/TLVs):

Contaminants of Concern	·	laximum Con	centrations			
(COC) (Attach Fact Sheets*)	Galbesto s siding	Soil (mg/kg)	Water/Groundwater (µg/l)	PEL/TLV		
PCBs (Total as 1254, on site)	-	6	-	0.5 mg/m ³		
Arsenic		18.3		0.01 mg/m3		
Barium		362		0.5mg/m3		
Chromium		11,200		0.5mg/m3		
Hexavalent Chromium		41		0.005mg/m3		
Copper		631		1mg/m3		
Manganese		8,590		0.2 mg/m3		
Nickel		10,000		1 mg/m3		

^{*}Workers must be made aware of the signs, symptoms, and first aid for each COC. Information is located on the COC fact sheets.

Air Monitoring Action Levels:

PID/FID Reading ¹	Detector Tube ¹	Dust Meter ¹	LEL ² /O ₂ ¹	Action
)	Detector rube	Dust Meter	LLL 702	1 10 11 11
Above background				Stop work. Move upwind, reevaluate conditions.
		1 mg/m3		Control dust (wet method drilling)
			>10% LEL	Stop work. Evacuate area. Consider return with
			7 10 /0 LLL	ventilation system and spark proof/intrinsically
				safe equipment.
			<19.5% O ₂	Stop work and evacuate area.

¹ Sustained readings measured in the breathing zone

JHAs: Check and attach all that apply (add applica	ble JHAs not already listed):
Activity Specific JHAs:	Hazard Specific JHAs:

\boxtimes	Mobilization/Demobilization and Site Preparation	
\boxtimes	Field Work – General	
\boxtimes	Field Work – Oversight	
\boxtimes	Soil sampling (from drill rig, surface and hand auger)	
\boxtimes	Poisonous Plants	
\boxtimes	Insect Stings and Bites	
\boxtimes	Sediment samples	

HAZARD IDENTIFICATION SUMMARY

Complete the checklist for summarizing the hazards identified in the JHAs

Standard Hazards										
⊠ Falling C	Falling Objects Slips and trips Dinch points						Rotating equipment			
⊠Falls	☐ Elevated work surfaces					ices				
Eye Hazards										
☐ Particulates ☐ Liquid splashes				☐ Welding Arc			□			
			Hear	ing	Hazards					
☐ None			е		High frequency nois	se	⊠High am	bient noise		
Respiratory Hazards										
☐ None [Dust/aerosol	s/particulates	☐ Organic Vapo	ors	☐ Acid Gases	☐ O ₂	deficient	⊠Metals	Asbestos	

² Readings at measured at the source (borehole, well, etc.)

	Chemical Hazards												
☐ None		Org	ganic solve	nts			Reactive	metals	3	⊠ PCI	3s		
☐Acids / b	ases	Ох	kidizers			□ '	Volatiles	/Semi-\	volatiles				
				En	viron	me	ntal Ha	azard	S				
☐ None	⊠ Cold Stress	⊠ H Stress		⊠ Wet	locatio	on	⊠ Bio ł	nazards	s (snake	s, insects,	spider	s, pois	onous plants, etc.)
☐ Explosiv	e vapors	☐ Co	onfined spa	ice		□ I	Engulfme	ent Haz	zard				
	Electrical Hazards												
☐ None	☐ Energized ed	quipme	ent or circu	its	Ove	erhea	ad utilitie	s	☑ Und	erground ι	ıtilities		
					Fi	re H	lazards	5					
⊠None	Cutting, we sparks or h			g genera	ited [ammable esent	e mater	rials	□Оху	gen er	riched	location
				I	Ergon	om	ic Haz	ards					
Lifting	⊠ Bendir	ıg	☐ Twisti	ing [⊠ Pull	ing/tı	ugging		☐ Rep	etitive mo	tion		Carrying
Computer I	Jse in the:	☐Offic	e 🗌 Fie	ld [J								-
Radiological Hazards													
None Non	☑ None ☐ Alpha ☐ Beta ☐ Gamma/X-rays ☐ Neutron ☐ Radon						□ Non-Ionizing						
	Other Hazards												
			PI	PE and	d Mo	nito	ring l	nstru	ment	6			
				I	nitial	Lev	el of P	PE *					
☐ Level D	⊠Modified I	_evel [D Le	evel C	* Car	nnot	use Sh	ort Fo	m HAS	P for Lev	el B o	r A wo	ork
					Sta	anda	ard PP	E					
⊠ Hard H	at Safety b	oots	⊠Safety	/ glasses	s 🗆	Che	m. Resi	stant B	oots	High v	High visibility vest		
				Eye	e and	Fac	ce Pro	tectio	n				
☐ Face sh	nield	,	Vented go	ggles			Unvente	d gogg	les		☐ In	direct	vented goggles
					Heari	ng l	Protec	tion					
⊠Ear plug	js		Ear Muffs				Ear plug	s and r	nuffs		□ O	ther _	
				Re	espira	ator	y Prote	ection	1				
None	☐ Dust mask	□F	Full Face A]□ Ha \PR	ılf Fa	ce	Cartri	dge Typ	e:	Chan	ge Caı	rtridges:
			<u> </u>		Prote	ctiv	e Clotl	ning					
⊠ Work uı	niform	□ \	White unco	oated Ty	vek®		Poly-coa	ted Ty	vek®		☐ Sa	aranex	®
☐ Boot co	vers		Reflective	vest			Chaps o	r Snake	e Legs		□ O:	ther _	
	,				Han	d P	rotecti	on					
☐ None	☐ Cotton glov	es [Leather	gloves	□G	love	liners	☐ Cı	ut-resist	ant gloves		Other	

Outer Gloves: List Type	nitrile or vinyl	☐ Inner Gloves: List Type							
Monitoring Instruments Required*									
Periodic monitoring shall be conducted when the possibility of an IDLH condition or flammable atmosphere has developed or when there is indication that exposures may have risen over permissible exposure limits or published exposure levels since prior monitoring. Situations where it shall be considered whether the possibility that exposures have risen are as follows: When work begins on a different portion of the site. When contaminants other than those previously identified are being handled. When a different type of operation is initiated (e.g., drum opening as opposed to exploratory well drilling.) When employees are handling leaking drums or containers or working in areas with obvious liquid contamination (e.g., a spill or lagoon.)									
☐ LEL/O2 Meter	⊠ PID: ⊠ 10.0-10.6 eV drilling ☐ 11.7 eV Lam	•	☐ FID	☐ Hydrogen Si	ulfide/Carbon Monoxide				
☐ Dräger Pump (or equival	ent)	: ☐ Respir	able dust lust	Other: Micr	o Rem Radiation Meter				
*Monitoring instruments will be o	calibrated daily in accordance wi	th manufacture	r's instructions. F	Results will be reco	orded in the field logbook.				
	t to the site (e.g., preserva		n solutions, ca	alibration gases	<u> </u>				
	listed must match name on labe	and MSDS)			MSDS Attached?				
LIQUINOX	1								
ISOBUTYLENE IN AIR									
Chemicals will be kept in their original containers. If transferred to another container, aside from days use by one individual, the new container will be labeled with the name of the chemical and the hazard warnings. Work Zones: The work zones will be defined relative to the location of the work activity. The Exclusion Zone is considered the area within a 10-foot diameter of the sampling location. The Contamination Reduction Zone is considered to be the area with in a 20-foot diameter of the sampling location. The decontamination zone is to be located upwind of the work area. Work zones will be maintained through the use of:									
✓ Warning Tape✓ Cones and Barrie✓ Visual Observation									
Decontamination Proce Note: See Decontaminat	dures and Equipment: ion JHA for further informa	tion							
	Level D Dec	ontaminatio	n Procedures	S					
Decontamination Solut	tion:	Detergent a	and Water						
Station 1: Equipment Drop Deposit equipment used on-site (tools, sampling devices and containers, monitoring instruments, radios, etc. on plastic drop cloths. Segregation at the drop reduces the probability of cross contamination. During hot weather operations, a cooldown station may be set up within this area.									
Station 2: Outer Boot and Rinse					con solution or us amounts of water.				
Station 3: Outer Boot worn)	and Glove Removal (if	Remove or	uter boots and	d gloves. Depo	sit in plastic bag.				
Station 4: Inner glove	removal	Remove in	ner gloves an	d place in plas	tic bag.				

Station 5: Field Wash

Hands and face are thoroughly washed. Shower as soon as possible.

Modified Level D and Level C PPE Decontamination Procedures

Dec	ontam	ination Solution:	Detergent and Water
Stat	tion 1:	Equipment Drop	Deposit equipment used on-site (tools, sampling devices and containers, monitoring instruments, radios, etc. on plastic drop cloths. Segregation at the drop reduces the probability of cross contamination. During hot weather operations, a cooldown station may be set up within this area.
Stat	tion 2:	Outer Garment, Boots, and Gloves Wash and Rinse	Scrub outer boots, outer gloves, and splash suit with decon solution or detergent water. Rinse off using copious amounts of water.
Stat	tion 3:	Outer Boot and Glove Removal	Remove outer boots and gloves. Deposit in container with plastic liner.
Stat	tion 4:	Canister or Mask (Level C only) Change	If worker leaves exclusion zone to change canister (or mask), this is the last step in the decontamination procedure. Worker's canister is exchanged, new outer gloves and boot covers are donned, joints are taped, and worker returns to duty.
Stat	tion 5:	Boot, Gloves and Outer Garment Removal	Boots, chemical resistant splash suit, and inner gloves are removed and deposited in separate containers lined with plastic.
Stat	tion 6:	Face Piece Removal (Level C only)	Facepiece is removed. Avoid touching face with fingers. Facepiece is deposited on plastic sheet.
Stat	tion 7:	Field Wash	Hands and face are thoroughly washed. Shower as soon as possible.
	ommu	inication:	
	Verba		
		way radio	
		lar telephone I signals	
Ш		land gripping throat	Out of air, can't breathe
	. (Grip partner's wrist or both hands around wa	ist Leave area immediately
			Need assistance
			OK, I am all right, I understand
		humbs down	
	Horn		·
	Siren		
Ш	Othe	r:	

EMERGENCY CONTACTS

NAME	TELEP NUMB	·····	DATE OF PRE- EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION (if applicable)
Fire Department:	91	1	
Hospital: Albany Medical Center	518-262	2-3125	
Police Department:	91	1	
Site Health And Safety Officer: J. Rawcliffe	Office:	Cell: 207-414-6211	
Client Contact: Ian Bielby	Office:518-402-9818	Cell:NA	
Project Manager: Jean Firth	Office:207-828-3610	Cell:207-441-7530	
Health & Safety Coordinator (Kendra Bavor)	Office: 207-828-3699	Cell: 207-650-8671	
EPA/DEP (if applicable):	NA	NA	
OTHER: Ambulance	911		

Emergency Equipment:

ne following emergency response e	 	

\boxtimes	Field First Aid Kit (including bloodborne pathogen kit/supplies)
	Fire Extinguisher (ABC type)
	Eyewash (Note: 15 minutes of free-flowing fresh water)
	Other:

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- The HSO (or alternate) should be immediately notified via the on-site communication system. The HSO assumes control of the emergency response.
- The HSO notifies the Project Manager and client contact of the emergency.
- If the emergency involves an injury to an AMEC employee, the HSE Coordinator or Field Lead are to implement the AMEC Early Injury Case Management program. See procedures and Flow Diagram below:
- If applicable, the HSO shall notify off-site emergency responders (e.g. fire department, hospital, police department, etc.) and shall inform the response team as to the nature and location of the emergency on-site.
- If applicable, the HSO evacuates the site. Site workers should move to the predetermined evacuation point (See Site Map).
- For small fires, flames should be extinguished using the fire extinguisher. Large fires should be handled by the local fire department.
- In an unknown situation or if responding to toxic gas emergencies, appropriate PPE, including SCBAs (if available), should be donned. If appropriate PPE is unavailable, site workers should evacuate and call in emergency personnel.
- For chemical spills, follow the job specific JHA for spill containment

- If chemicals are accidentally spilled or splashed into eyes or on skin, use eyewash and wash affected area. Site worker should shower as soon as possible after incident.
- If the emergency involves toxic gases, workers will back off and reassess. Prior to re-entering the work zone, the area must be determined to be safe. Entry will be using Level B PPE and utilize appropriate monitoring equipment to verify that the site is safe.
- An injured worker shall be decontaminated appropriately.
- Within 24 hours after any emergency response, the Incident Analysis Report (and Vehicle Incident Report if vehicle incident) shall be completed and returned to the Regional HSE Manager. Injuries requiring medical treatment beyond first aid (as well as work-related vehicle incidents) will require the employee to submit a post incident drug test.

AMEC Early Injury Case Management Program NON-EMERGENCY INCIDENT EMERGENCY INCIDENT Steps 1 & 2 must be completed before seeking 1. Provide emergency first aid. Supervisor on medical attention other than local first aid. duty must immediately call 911 or local 1. Provide first-aid as necessary. Report the emergency number: no employee may situation to your immediate supervisor AND respond to outside queries without prior HSE coordinator (all incidents with the authorization. Any outside media calls apparent starting event should be reported concerning this incident must be referred within 1 hour of occurrence). immediately to Cindy Sundquist. 2. Injured employee: 2. Once medical attention is sought and provided, the supervisor must: Call WorkCare 24/7 Hotline* (888) II-XPRTS or (888) 449-7787 WorkCare will assess the situation and determine WorkCare will be responsible for performing the whether the incident requires further medical following: attention. During this process, WorkCare will perform the following: Explain the process to the caller. Contact the treating physician. Request copies of all medical records from Determine the nature of the concern. clinic. Provide appropriate medical advice to the Send an email update to the Corporate HSE Department. Determine appropriate path forward with the Maintain appropriate medical confidentiality. Help caller to execute path forward. including referral to the appropriate local

- 3. IMMEDIATELY after contacting WorkCare send a brief email notification AND inform verbally (direct contact is required) ONE of HSE corporate representatives See Figure 11.3.
- 4. Make all other local notifications and client notifications.

Send an email notification to the Corporate

medical facility.

HSE Department.

- 5. Local Supervisor, HSE Coordinator, SSHO and any applicable safety committees to complete preliminary investigation, along with the initial Incident Report within 24 hours.
- 6. Corporate Loss Prevention Manager to complete Worker's Compensation Insurance notifications as needed.

- 7. Corporate HSE to conduct further incident notifications, investigation, include in statistics, classify, and develop lessons learned materials.
- * NOTE: Step 2 is only applicable to the North-American operations and to incidents involving AMEC personnel. High potential near misses, subcontractors' incidents, regulatory inspections, spills and property damages above \$1,000 should be reported immediately, following directions from Step 3.

Site Specific Procedures are as follows:		

INCIDENT FLOW CHART

Incident flow chart

Call immediately





E&I Corporate HSE department contact list

Name/email	Office location	Contact Information
Bruce Voss bruce.voss@amecfw.com	Cathedral City, CA	760.202.3737 (office) 951.897.6381 (cell)
Chad Barnes chad.barnes@amecfw.com	Phoenix, AZ	602.733.6000 (office) 480.495.9846 (cell)
Cindy Sundquist cynthia.sundquist@amecfw.com	Portland, ME	207.828.3309 (office) 207.650.7593 (cell) 207.892.4402 (home)
Gabe Sandholm gabe.sandholm@arnec.com	Minneapolis, MN	612 252 3785 (office) 206 683 9190 (cell)
John Mazur john.mazur@amec.com	Wilmington, NC	910.444.2978 (office) 910.431.2330 (cell) 910.681.0538 (home)
Lori Dowling lori.dowling@amec.com	Prince George, BC	250.564.3243 (office)
Philip Neville philip.neville@amec.com	Thorold, ON	905.687.6616 (office) 905.380.4465 (cell)
Tim Kihn tim kihn@arnec.com	Edmonton, AB	780.944.6363 (office) 780.717.5058 (cell)
Vladimir Ivensky (can call 24/7) vladimir ivensky@amec.com	Plymouth Meeting, PA	610.877.6144 (office) 484.919.5175 (cell) 215.947.0393 (home)
Kirby Lastinger kirby.lastinger@amec.com	Lakeland, FL	836-667-2345 x207 (office) 863-272-4775 (cell)

*High potential near misses, subcontractor incidents, regulatory inspections, spills, and property damage should be reported within 60 minutes to one of the above HSE Representatives.

WITHIN 24 HOURS - Local Supervisor, HSE Coordinator, Project HSE Officer, and any applicable safety committees must complete preliminary investigation, along with the initial incident Analysis Report Form and forward it to the Corporate HSE Department.

FIELD TEAM REVIEW: I acknowledge that I understand the requirements of this HASP, and agree to abide by the procedures and limitations specified herein. I also acknowledge that I have been given an opportunity to have my questions regarding the HASP and its requirements answered prior to performing field activities. Health and safety training and medical surveillance requirements applicable to my field activities at this site are current and will not expire during on-site activities.

Name:	Date:	
Name:	Date:	

Routes to Emergency Medical Facilities

HOSPITAL(for immediate emergency treatment):

Facility Name: Emergency Room at Albany Medical Center

Address: 43 New Scotland Avenue, Albany, NY 12208

Telephone Number: (518) 262-3131

DIRECTIONS TO PRIMARY HOSPITAL (attach map):

CLINIC (for non-emergency medical treatment)

(Contact Sylvia Basak at Wells Fargo – 404-923-3700 for the name and address of the clinic to be used if job is of two weeks duration or more):

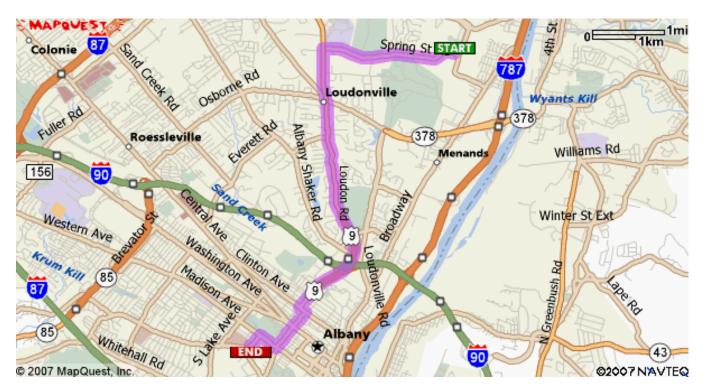
Facility Name: St. Peter's Hospital

Address: 515 Loudon Rd, Loudonville, NY 12211

Telephone Number: (518) 783-2554

DIRECTIONS TO CLINIC (attach map):

Directions to Emergency Room at Albany Medical Center:



Start: 280 Spring Street Rd Watervliet, NY 12189, US US

End:
Albany Medical Ctr: 518-262-3125
43 New Scotland Ave, Albany, NY 12208,

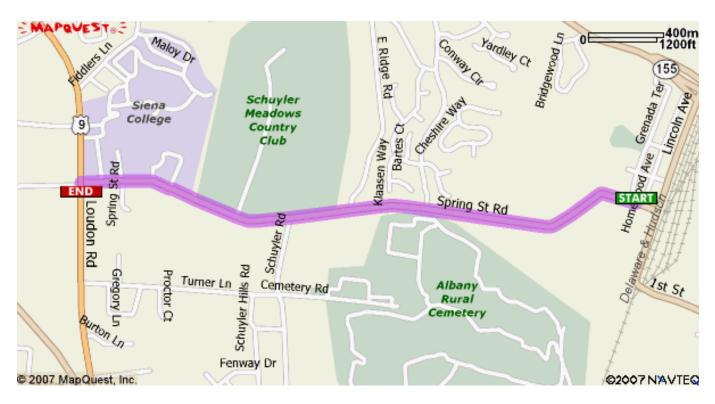
Routes to Emergency Medical Facilities

PRIMARY HOSPITAL:

Facility Name: Albany Medical Center

Address: 43 New Scotland Ave, Albany, NY 12208, US Telephone Number (518) 262-3125

			Distance
		Total Est. Time: 15 minutes Total Est. Distance: 7.29 miles	
START	1:	Start out going WEST on SPRING ST RD toward E HILLS BLVD.	1.8 miles
SOUTH 9	2:	Turn LEFT onto LOUDON RD / US-9. Continue to follow US-9 S.	4.1 miles
(-)	3:	Turn LEFT onto CLINTON AVE / US-9.	0.1 miles
()	4:	Turn RIGHT onto LARK ST / US-9W.	0.6 miles
(+)	5:	Turn RIGHT onto MADISON AVE / US-20.	0.2 miles
(+)	6:	Turn LEFT onto NEW SCOTLAND AVE.	0.1 miles
END	7:	End at Albany Medical Ctr: 43 New Scotland Ave, Albany, NY 12208, US	
		Total Est. Time: 15 minutes Total Est. Distance: 7.29 miles	



Start: 280 Spring Street Rd Watervliet, NY 12189, US US

End: St Peter's Hospital: 518-783-2554 515 Loudon Rd, Loudonville, NY 12211,

Routes to Emergency Medical Facilities

ALTERNATE HOSPITAL

Facility Name: St Peter's Hospital

Address: 515 Loudon Rd, Loudonville, NY 12211, US

Telephone Number (518) 783-2554

Directions		Distance
	Total Est. Time: 4 minutes Total Est. Distance: 1.87 miles	
START 1:	Start out going WEST on SPRING ST RD toward E HILLS BLVD.	1.8 miles
2:	Turn LEFT onto LOUDON RD / US-9.	<0.1 miles
3:	End at St Peter's Hospital: 515 Loudon Rd, Loudonville, NY 12211, US	
	Total Est. Time: 4 minutes Total Est. Distance: 1.87 miles	

TAILGATE SAFETY MEETING REPORT

Check One:	
☐ Initial Kickoff Safety Meeting ☐ Regular/Daily Tailgate	Safety Meeting Unscheduled Tailgate Safety Meeting
Date:Site:	
Site Manager: Site Healtl	n and Safety Officer:
Site Manager: Site Healti	Print
Order o	f Business
Topics Discussed (Check all that apply)	
☐ Scope of Work	 Decontamination Procedures for Personnel and Equipment
☐ Site History/Site Layout	☐ Physical Hazards and Controls (e.g., overhead utility lines)
☐ Personnel Responsibilities	☐ Anticipated Weather (snow, high winds, rain)
☐ Training Requirements	☐ Temperature Extremes (heat or cold stress symptoms and controls)
☐ Hazard Analysis of Work Tasks (chemical, physical, biological and energy health hazard effects)	☐ Biological Hazards and Controls (e.g., poison ivy, spiders)
Applicable SOPs (e.g., Hearing Conservation Program, Safe Driving, etc.)	☐ Site Control (visitor access, buddy system, work zones, security, communications)
☐ Safe Work Practices	☐ Sanitation and Illumination
☐ Engineering Controls	☐ Logs, Reports, Recordkeeping
☐ Chemical Hazards and Controls	☐ Incident Reporting Procedures
☐ Signs and symptoms of over exposure to site chemicals	□ Near Misses/Hazard ID including worker suggestions to correct and work practices to avoid similar occurrences
☐ Medical Surveillance Requirements	☐ General Emergency Procedures (e.g., locations of air horns and what 1 or 2 blasts indicate)
☐ Action Levels	General Emergency Response Procedures (e.g., earthquake response, typhoon response, etc.)
☐ Monitoring Instruments and Personal Monitoring	☐ Medical Emergency Procedures (e.g., exposure control precautions, location of first aid kits, etc.)
☐ Perimeter Monitoring, Type and Frequency	☐ Route to Hospital and Medical Care Provider Visit Guidelines
☐ PPE Required/PPE Used	☐ Site/Regional Emergency Response Procedures (e.g., exposure control precautions, location of first aid kits, etc.)
☐ Define PPE Levels, Donning, Doffing Procedures	☐ Hazardous Materials Spill Procedures
Safety Suggestions by Site Workers:	
A. f. a. T. l. a. a. D. a. i. a. O. a. a. f. a. a.	
Action Taken on Previous Suggestions:	
Injuries/Incidents/Personnel Changes since last meeting:	
Observations of unsafe work practices/conditions that have	developed since previous meeting:

Location of (or changes in the locations of)	evacuation routes/safe refuge are	eas:	
Additional Comments:			
Attendee signatures below indicate acknow discussed during this safety meeting	ledgment of the information and	willingness to abide by the proce	edures
Name (Print)	Company	Signate	ıre
Meeting Conducted by:		Title:	
wiceting conducted by.	Print	Title:	
Signature:	Print	Time:	

PPE Selection Guidelines

When selecting the appropriate PPE for the job, consider the following:

- Safety glasses general eye protection source of hazard, typically coming from straight on, required at most sites
- Tinted Safety Glasses same as above, but when working in direct sunlight. May need two both tinted and untinted if working in both sunlight and shade/overcast skies.
- Safety goggles needed for splash hazard, more severe eye exposures coming from all directions. Non-vented
 or indirect venting for chemical splash, non-vented for hazardous gases or very fine dust, vented for larger
 particulates coming from all directions.
- Face shield needed to protect face from cuts, burns, chemicals (corrosives or chemicals with skin notation), etc.
- Safety boots needed if danger of items being dropped on foot that could injure foot
- Hard hat danger from items falling on head any overhead work, tools, equipment, etc. that is above the head and could fall on head of item fails, or falls off work platform. Typically required at most sites as a general PPE
- Thin, chemical protective inner gloves (e.g., thin Nitrile, PVC do not use latex many people are allergic to latex) –needed to protect hands from incidental contact with low risk contamination at very low concentrations (ppb or low ppm concentrations in groundwater or soil) or used in combination with outer gloves as a last defense against contamination. Need to specify type
- Outer gloves thicker gloves (e.g., Nitrile, Butyl, Viton, etc.) used when potential for high concentrations of
 contaminants (e.g., floating product, percent ranges of contaminant, opening drums, handling pure undiluted
 chemicals, etc.). Need to specify type.
- Leather gloves, leather palm, cotton good in protecting hands against cuts no protection from chemicals.
 May be used in combination with chemical protective gloves.
- Boot Covers when there is contamination in surface soils or waking surface in general. When safety boots need protection from contact with contaminants.
- White (uncoated) Tyveks protect clothing from getting dirty, good for protection against solid, non-volatile chemicals (e.g., asbestos, metals) no chemical protection.
- Polycoated Tyveks least protective of chemical protective clothing. Used when some risk of contamination getting on skin or clothing. Usually, lower ppm ranges of contaminants.
- Saranex Greater protection against contamination than Polycoated Tyveks. Used to protect against PCBs or higher concentrations of contaminants in the soil or groundwater.
- Other Chemical protective clothing if significant risk of dermal exposure, contact H&S to determine best kind.
- Long sleeved shirts, long pants if working in areas with poison ivy/oak/sumac, poisonous insects, etc. and no
 chemicals exposure. May want to use uncoated Tyveks for work in areas where poisonous plants are known to
 be to protect clothing.
- Cartridge Respirator (Level C PPE) Need to calculate change schedule (contact Division EH&S Manager for this) to determine length of use. To be able to use cartridge respirators, need to know contaminants, estimate levels to be encountered in the breathing zone, need to ensure that cartridge will be effective against COCs, and need to be able to monitor for COCs using PID, FID, Dräger tubes, etc. If can't do any of these, then Level B PPE is probably going to be needed.
- High Visibility Vest needed for any road work (within 15 feet of a road) or when working on a site with vehicular traffic or working around heavy equipment. Needed if work tasks would take employee concentration away from movement of vehicles and workers would have to rely on the other driver's ability to see the employee in order not to hit them. This includes heavy equipment as well as cars and trucks, on public roads or the jobsite. Not needed if wearing Polycoated Tyveks as they are already high visibility.
- Reflective Vest see above, but for use at night.
- **Hearing Protection** needed if working at noise levels above 85 dBA on a time weighted average. If noise measurements are not available, use around noisy equipment, or in general, if you have to raise your voice to be heard when talking to someone standing two feet away.
- Protective Chaps required when using a machete or chain saw or any other cut hazard to legs.

Incident Report Forms

- 1. Incident Analysis Report (IAR)
- 2. Vehicle Incident Report (VIR)
- 3. Ground Disturbance Incident Report(GDR)
 - 4. Utility Clearance Form



INCIDENT ANALYSIS REPORT

|--|

	Check one	INCIDENT AN	Incident Potential			
	Initial Report: □	AMEC Environn	nent & Infrastructure	Letter: Select One		
	Update: □ Final Report: □	Confiden	tial - Privileged	Number: Select One Investigation Level: Select One		
	Craves Calant One LICE	Managary Insident Daview F	Daniel Tages (if applicable):	3		
	·	Manager: Incident Review F	Panel Team (If applicable):			
	Incident Date: I	Report Date:				
	Section 1 - Gener	al Information				
Job Position: Select One Hire Date: Time employee began work: Business Line: Select One Department Number: Project Manager:						
Office where employee works from: Immediate Supervisor: Hours employee worked during last 7 days: hrs						
		Is this a Company controlled work sit	e: Yes Incident Assigned to: Sele	ect One		
	Location description:					
	Section 2 - Incide	ent Type - Process (mark	at least ONE BOLD TYPE and all that apply)			
	☐ Fatality	☐ Environmental	☐ Injury/Illness Incident If I	niurv/illness: Select One		
	☐ Security	─ Near Miss / Hazard ID	☐ Property Damage If Damage	• •		
	<u> </u>	Regulatory Inspection	☐ Notice of Violation or Citation			
	<u> </u>	• •	<u> </u>	☐ Agency Neportable:		
	☐ Motor venicle incide	ent Involving Injury	Other (describe):			
Outcome/Result: Select One Source of Hazard: Select One If "other", specify: Immediate Cause: Select Or				liate Cause: Select One		
A.	If injury/illness : Indicat	If <u>injury/illness</u> : Indicate the part of the body: Select One If "other", specify:				
	Indicate body part location: Select One If "other", specify:					
	Injury Type: Select One	e If "other", specify: Illr	ness Type: Select One If "other", spe	cify:		
B.	If property damage: de	escribe what happened and est	timate (\$) of damage to all objects invo	olved?		
C.	. If <u>property damage</u> : describe what happened and estimate (\$) of damage to all objects involved? If <u>environmental</u> : Type of Environmental incident?: Select One Name, CAS#, physical state and quantity?					
•	Receiving Environment	•				
	_	ect One Duration of Breach?: S		·· <u> </u>		
Ь				no. If Intellectual: Calcat One		
D.	f <u>security</u> : Security Incident Type: Select One If Physical: Select One If Criminal: Select One If Intellectual: Select One If an inspection by a regulatory agency , what agency, who were the inspectors, inspector contact information?					
E.	if an inspection by a re	contact information?				
	Section 3 - Incident Description					
	Attach and number ad	ditional pages, as needed, to	o ensure <u>all details related to the inc</u>	ident are captured.		
A.	List the names of all persons involved in the incident, and employer information:					
В.	List the names of any witnesses, their employer, and a local/company telephone number or address:					
C.	Name of Employee's supervisor: Contact phone number for supervisor:					
D.	What specific job/task or action was the employee(s) doing just prior to the incident:					
E.	Was a tool or equipment in	nvolved? ☐ Yes ☐ No What	was it: Last Inspection Date:De	efects:		
F.						

Expl	Explain in <u>detail</u> what object or substance directly harmed the employee:						
Wha	at were	the weather conditions at time of inci-	dent?:				
Wha	at was t	the lighting like at time of incident? B	right 🗌	Shadows Dark Dark	Other:		
	ist any damaged equipment or property (other than motor vehicles). Provide model and serial number <u>and</u> estimated costs to epair/replace damaged equipment or property, if applicable:						
Se	ction	4 - Incident Analysis					
	Was a Health and Safety Plan (HASP) or Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) completed for the work being performed? ☐ Yes ☐ No If "yes", Who prepared the document?:						
		hen was the last manager (Project, U	Init, etc.) at the	site of the incident?:			
	When and what safety training <u>directly related</u> to the incident has the person(s) involved had?:						
List	attache	ed documentation (HASP acknowledg	ement forms, k	cickoff/daily/weekly meetings	s, inspections,	photographs):	
Section 5 - Incident Investigation Results and Corrective Actions This section to be completed by the Group HSE Manager/IRP with support from location where incident occurred. Causal Factors (Acts or Omissions / Conditions)							
(Attach and number any additional pages as needed to completely address this section)							
	IMMEDIATE CAUSE IMMEDIATE CAUS		SE SUB-TYPE	DESCRIPTION			
1	Selec	et One					
2	Selec	et One					
3	Selec	et One					
4	4 Select One			_			
Root Cause(s) Analysis - The below items represents major root cause categories which have been determined to be Less Than Adequate (LTA). A detailed determination of the root cause will be facilitated, if needed, by the applicable Group HSE Manager / IRP.						ΓA). A more	
	ROOT CAUSE TYPE ROOT CAUSE SL		JB-TYPE	DESCRIPTION			
1	1 Select One			<u> </u>			
2	2 Select One				1		
3	Selec	t One					
4	4 Select One						
Corrective Actions							
Ro Ca	ot use #	Corrective Actions Taken (Attach additional pages as needed to completely address this section)		Responsible Person	Proposed Completion Date	Closed on Date	Verified by and Date Verified
		_					
							<u> </u>
-							

Section 6 - Notifications, Certification & Approvals Check the appropriate boxes indicating the applicable reports have been made to the following applicable organizations:						
Auto Insurance Carrier was called						
Incident Report prepared by:						
Employee (s):	Date:	Employee's Supervisor:	Date:			
HSE Coordinator/Project/Unit Manager:	Date:	Group HSE Manager:	Date:			



ATTACHMENT 2 VEHICLE INCIDENT REPORT

Confidential - Privileged

Section 1 - General Information Date of Incident:					
Time incident occurred: am pm Illumination: Dark Dusk Light Road Condition: Dry Wet Icy/snow					
Were police summoned to scene? ☐ Yes ☐ No Police Department and Location: Report #; Officer's Name: Officer's Badge Number:					
Section 2 - Company Driver and Vehicle					
Driver's name: <u>D</u> /L #: State:					
Driver's home office address: Driver's Phone #:					
Company Vehicle #: Year: Model: Lice	nse #: State:				
Company car?: ☐ Yes ☐ No Personal Vehicle?: ☐ Yes ☐	No Rental Vehicle?: ☐ Yes ☐ No				
If rental, rented from:					
Passenger/Witness Name(s): Address: Telephone: _					
Passenger/Witness Name(s): Address: Telephone: _	<u> </u>				
Damage to vehicle:					
Was an employee injured?: \square Yes \square No If yes, please describe: $\underline{\ }$	<u></u>				
Injuries to others?: ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, please describe:					
Vehicle was being used for: Company business ☐ Yes	☐ No Personal business ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Towed?: Yes No If yes, by whom?: To Where?:					
Section 3 - Other Driver and Vehicle Information					
Driver's Name:					
Current address: City: State:					
Telephone: Work: Cell:					
Registered Owner's Name: Address: City:	State:				
(verify registration document)					
The Other Vehicle: Make: Model: Year:	License #: State:				
Insurance company name: Address: Phone #:					
Policy No.: Contact Person: Phone #:					
Passenger/Witness Name(s): Address: Telephone:					
Passenger/Witness Name(s): Address: Telephone:					
Damage: (Make note of pre-existing damage and take pictures if possible – you may attach additional pages if necessary):					
Injuries to other driver/passengers:					
Section 4 - Approvals (signatures required)					
Form completed by (please print): Date:	Office/Project Manager (please print): Date:				
Total completed by (please plint) Date	Date.				
Signature	Signature				
Signature:	Signature:				

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Things to Do First In The Event Of a Motor Vehicle Incident

GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. Do not decide on your own whether a particular incident is "covered" by insurance. Should there be any doubt, it is always preferable to report an occurrence, as this allows underwriters, the Risk Management Department and insurance adjusters to determine if a covered loss has taken place.
- 2. Policy Conditions do require that all losses and occurrences, which may result in a claim be promptly reported.
- 3. Do not admit liability or offer your opinion of liability to anyone.
- 4. Complete this IAR/VIR form promptly and forward with all applicable supporting documentation. It is essential both division and location information be provided.
- 5. For automobile collisions within the **United States**, please indicate on the IAR form that you have contacted Zurich at:

Zurich Insurance Company 1-800-987-3373 or 1-877-928-4531 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

6. For automobile collisions within Canada, please indicate on the IAR form that you have contacted Zurich at:

Crawford Adjusters Canada Claims Alert 1-888-218-2346 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

The more details you have the better but, don't delay reporting if you don't have all of the information - that may be obtained later. A Zurich trained operator will answer your call and ask for all relevant information regarding the incident. The initial information required includes:

- Your division,
- Office location and division contact name advise that you are an AMEC Company
- Name, drivers license and phone number of the driver involved in the loss
- Description of the vehicle which he/she was driving (i.e., year, make, model, license plate number, serial number)
- Date, time and location of incident
- Passenger information (if applicable)
- Third party information (i.e., name, phone number, address, vehicle information, insurance information)
- If any injuries occurred (if applicable)
- Police information
- Witness information (if applicable)

Call 911 if there are serious injuries!

If you are injured or think you were injured, <u>contact your supervisor and call WorkCare at 888-449-7787</u>. Your supervisor will notify your HSE Coordinator and your Group HSE Manager. For additional instructions on what to do, go to AMEC's HSE website at:

http://ee.amecnet.com/she/sheweb/incident_reporting.htm

- 1. <u>Call for an officer if the incident occurred on public property</u> (streets, highways or roads). Disputes often arise between the parties involved as to who was at fault; therefore, a police report is important. If an officer is unable to attend the scene of the collision, a counter police report may be filed at most stations. Insurance companies rely on police reports to determine liability.
- 2. <u>Complete the Incident Investigation Report and the Vehicle Incident Report forms</u>. It is important that both these forms are completed in detail. Include a diagram of the incident on the provided sheet. Incomplete information may lead to delays in processing associated claims and in helping to prevent this type of incident from occurring again.
- 3. Give only information that is required by the authorities or as directed by AMEC contractual requirements.
- **4.** <u>Sign only those statements required by the authorities or as directed by AMEC</u> contractual requirements. Do not sign away your or the company's rights.

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Vehicle Incident Diagram
This or a similar diagram <u>must be completed</u> with all VIRs



1. Number each vehicle and show directions

Instructions:

Vehicle Crash Diagram

→ 1 ···· → 1		
(before) (after)		
Show pedestrian/non-motorist by:		
Show railroad by: +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		
Indicate north by arrow as: 🇷		
show street or highway names or numbers		
Show signs, signals, warning and traffic controls.		
ndicate North		
by Arrow		

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GROUND DISTURBANCE INCIDENT REPORT

AMEC Environment & Infrastructure

Section 1 - General	I Information				
Employee Name:		am pm Time Reported:	am	Report Date:	
Project Name:	Project Number:	Client:			
List of All Parties Pres	sent				
Name	Company	Telephone No.	Role		
<u> </u>					
Describe the chronolo	ngical description o	of Incident and response:			
Describe the omonoic	gical acsoription (n moracini ana response			
Section 2 - Date an	d Location of Ev	vent vent			
A. *Date of Event:		(MM/DD/YYYY)			
B. *Country	*State	*County	City		
C. Street address	ess Nearest Intersection				
D. *Right of Way where event occurred E. Public: City Street State Highway County Road Interstate Highway Public-Other F. Private: Private Business Private Land Owner Private Easement G. Pipeline Power /Transmission Line Dedicated Public Utility Easement Federal Land Railroad Data not collected Unknown/Other					
List attached documentation (Public Utility Locates, Private Utility Locates, Copy of notifications submitted to Owner or other utility Owners, photographs):					
Section 3 - Affecte	Section 3 - Affected Facility Information				
*What type of facility operation was affected? Cable Television				,	
Was the facility part of			_ Oliki	1.5WIII GUICI	
Was the facility owner ☐ Unknown ☐	a member of One-Carrell Yes	all Center?			

Section 4 - Excavation	Information			
*Type of Excavator Contractor Railroad State	e	Developer Utility	☐ Farmer ☐ Mu ☐ Data not collected	inicipality
Explosives Farr	nent khoe/Trackhoe n Equipment ncher	☐ Boring ☐ Grader/Scraper ☐ Vacuum Equipment	☐ Drilling ☐ Hand Tools t ☐ Data Not Collected	☐ Directional Drilling ☐ Milling Equipment ☐ Unknown/Other
☐ Drainage ☐ Dri ☐ Grading ☐ Irri ☐ Natural Gas ☐ Po ☐ Sewer (San/Storm) ☐ Site ☐ Telecommunication ☐ Tra	ble Television veway gation le e Development affic Signal known/Other	☐ Curb/Sidewalk ☐ Electric ☐ Landscaping ☐ Public Transit Auth. ☐ Steam ☐ Traffic Sign	☐ Storm Drain/Culver	☐ Milling ☐ Road Work
Section 5 - Pre-Excavat *Was the One-Call Center no ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, No Was Private Contract Locate ☐ Yes ☐ No	otified? which One-Call (Ticket numb	er:
Section 6 - Locating an	a warking			
*Type of Locator Utility Owner Con	tract Locator	☐ Data Not Collected		
	tract Locator in the area of ex			
*Type of Locator Utility Owner Con *Were facility marks visible Yes No *Were facilities marked corr Yes No	tract Locator in the area of ex	xcavation? Data Not Collected Data Not Collected		
*Type of Locator Utility Owner Con *Were facility marks visible Yes No *Were facilities marked corr Yes No What technology was used Maps Acoustic	tract Locator in the area of exectly? to locate utilitie	xcavation? Data Not Collected Data Not Collected s: mitter+receiver) Pas	ssive (receiver only) ared	☐ GPR ☐ Unknown/Other
*Type of Locator Utility Owner Con *Were facility marks visible Yes No *Were facilities marked corr Yes No What technology was used Maps	tract Locator in the area of exectly? to locate utilitie	xcavation? Data Not Collected Data Not Collected se? mitter+receiver) Data Not Collected services? Gervices?		
*Type of Locator Utility Owner Con *Were facility marks visible Yes No *Were facilities marked corr Yes No What technology was used Maps Acoustic What Factors affected the all Soil Type:	tract Locator in the area of exectly? to locate utilitie	xcavation? Data Not Collected Data Not Collected se? mitter+receiver) Data Not Collected services? Gervices?	rared mmon Bonded	☐ Unknown/Other ☐ Depth
*Type of Locator Utility Owner Con *Were facility marks visible Yes No *Were facilities marked corr Yes No What technology was used Maps Acoustic What Factors affected the all Soil Type: Electromagnetic interference	tract Locator in the area of exectly? to locate utilitie	xcavation? Data Not Collected Data Not Collected se? mitter+receiver) Data Not Collected services? Gervices?	rared mmon Bonded	☐ Unknown/Other ☐ Depth
*Type of Locator Utility Owner	tract Locator in the area of exectly? to locate utilitie	xcavation? Data Not Collected Data Not Collected se? mitter+receiver) Data Not Collected services? Gervices?	rared mmon Bonded	☐ Unknown/Other ☐ Depth
*Type of Locator Utility Owner	tract Locator in the area of exectly? to locate utilitie	xcavation? Data Not Collected Data Not Collected s? mitter+receiver) Infracervices? Grounded Collected C	mmon Bonded ngested facilities 3 or more hours	☐ Unknown/Other ☐ Depth

Section 8 - Description of Damage

*Was there damage to a facility?
Yes No (i.e. near miss)
*Did the damage cause an interruption in service?
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Data Not Collected ☐ Unknown/Other
If yes, duration of interruption
Unknown Less than 1 hour 1 to 2 hrs 2 to 4 hrs 4 to 8 hrs 8 to 12 hrs 12 to 24
hrs
1 to 2 days 2 to 3 days 3 or more days Data Not Collected Exact Value
Approximately how many customers were affected?
Unknown 0 1 2 to 10 11 to 50 51 or more Exact Value
Estimated cost of damage / repair/restoration
□Unknown □ \$0 □ \$1 to 500 □ \$501 to 1,000 □ \$1,001 to 2,500 □ \$2,501 to 5,000
\$5,001 to 25,000 \$25,001 to 50,000 \$50,001 and over Exact Value
Number of people injured
☐ Unknown ☐ 0 ☐ 1 ☐ 2 to 9 ☐ 10 to 19 ☐ 20 to 49 ☐ 50 to 99
100 or more Exact Value
Number of fatalities
☐ Unknown ☐ 0 ☐ 1 ☐ 2 to 9 ☐ 10 to 19 ☐ 20 to 49 ☐ 50 to 99
☐ 100 or more Exact Value
Was there a Product Release?
Product Release: No Yes N/A Type: If Yes, Incident Type is Environmental
Report.
Volume: Spill Controls:
voiding. Opin Controls.
Repair Process:
Repair Process:
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient Locating Practices Not Sufficient
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Coating Practices Not Sufficient Facility could not be found or located
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Facility marking or location not sufficient
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Facility was not located or marked
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Facility marking or location not sufficient
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Incorrect facility records/maps
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Wrong information provided to One Call Center Excavation Practices Not Sufficient Miscellaneous Root Causes
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Wrong information provided to One Call Center Facility was not located or marked Incorrect facility records/maps Excavation Practices Not Sufficient Failure to maintain marks Miscellaneous Root Causes One-Call Center error
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Facility marking or location not sufficient Facility was not located or marked Incorrect facility records/maps Excavation Practices Not Sufficient Failure to maintain marks Failure to support exposed facilities Miscellaneous Root Causes One-Call Center error Abandoned facility
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Wrong information provided to One Call Center Facility marking or location not sufficient Facility was not located or marked Incorrect facility records/maps Excavation Practices Not Sufficient Failure to maintain marks One-Call Center error Abandoned facility Pailure to use hand tools where required
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Wrong information provided to One Call Center Facility was not located or marked
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Wrong information provided to One Call Center Recavation Practices Not Sufficient Recavation Practic
Repair Process: Section 9 - Description of the Root Cause Please choose one One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient No notification made to the One-Call Center Notification to one-call center made, but not sufficient Wrong information provided to One Call Center Wrong information provided to One Call Center Facility was not located or marked

Section 10 - Notifications, Certification & Approvals Check the appropriate boxes indicating the applicable reports have been made to the following applicable organizations: One Call was called Spills Reporting Agency Notified Emergency Responders (Fire) was called Post-incident Drug/Alcohol Testing Performed List of All Agencies Contacted					
Name/Agency	Phone #		Date	Time	
Incident Report prepared by:					
Employee (s):	Date:	Employee's	Supervisor: _		Date:
HSE Coordinator/Project/Unit Manager:	_ Date:	Group HSE	Manager:	_	Date:

Utility Clearance Form

Site Nam Site Addr	ess: Inte	•	y Steel – MPA of Lincoln Ave a		et Watervliet/Colonie,	On	ect No./Task No.: ne Call Ticket No.: Ficket Good until:	3612122256
-	Manager Na s cleared b		yme Connelly	1		'	PM Phone No.: Date Cleared:	
Utility Cl	earance:							
	l Utilities	Ide	entified					
Member of One Call	*Non Members	Utility Marked	Utility Responded not Present	Colors	Utility Company Name(s	s)	U	tilities
							WHITE - Proposed Exca	avation
							**PINK - Temporary Su	ırvey Markings
								nes, Cables, Conduit and
							Lighting Cables YELLOW - Gas, Oil, Stea	am, Petroleum or Gaseous
							Materials ORANGE - Communica	tion, Alarm or Signal Lines,
							Cables or Conduit	tion, rharm or orginal Ellico,
							BLUE - Potable Water	
							PURPLE - Reclaimed W Lines	ater, Irrigation and Slurry
							GREEN - Sewers and Di	rain Lines
** Survey r	_	d to be pro	tected. If distur		oyed, replace markings.	tructiv	ve Excavation Met	thad to be used
	-		e and Cable I	-	*Hand		ve Excavation ivie	tilou to be useu
			ound Penetra			_	1	
		Ma	gnetics and E	lectromag	netics Air Kni	ife		
					Water			
Field Cl.	Ob	l /5 l			* Use electr	rically i	nsulated gloves if pote	ential for power lines
	es Observo ead power	·-		tchac in can	crete floors		Guard shack – se	rvica utilitias
	none/radio			ainage ditch		_	Bathroom and kit	
	patches			lity vaults		_		ems in slabs (ask)
Trench	n settlemen	t	Tra	nsformer p	ads		Cooling units out	side building
	n drains				power panels into slab	_		equipment in factory
	manholes			_	propane tanks	_	Sprinkler system	
	oles just out	tside build		e protection		_		ns near perimeter
Valve		.0.00		e protection		_	Water tower on s	
Floor o	cleanout co drains	vers			ocations – valves in ground r structural columns	_	Foundation drain	s - building perimeter
	l Notes/Re	marks:						
	ice Level t		ilities have b Medium High		fied: *Moderate	*1/10	dium Low	*Low
High *Contact P	M. Get PM a		mission prior to		iviouerate	ivie		LOW
*Cleared		-	-	_	*Cleared by	OM?		

Job Hazard Analysis (JHA)

- 1 SFJHA Mobilization Demobilization and Site Preparation
- 2 SFJHA Field Work General R1
- 3 SFJHA Field Work Oversight
- 4 SFJHA Soil Sampling
- 5 SFJHA Poisonous Plants with Giant Hogweed
- 6 SFJHA Insect Stings and Bites
- 7 SFAHA Sediment Sampling from Shore



Job Title: Mobilization/Demobilization and Site Preparation

Date of Analysis: 8/15/06

Minimum Recommended PPE*: High visibility vest, hard hat, steel-toed boots, safety glasses, hearing protection

*See HASP for all required PPE

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
Prepare for Site	1A) N/A	1A) Prior to leaving for site
Visit		 Obtain and review HASP prior to site visit, if possible
		 Determine PPE needs – bring required PPE to the site, if not otherwise being provided at the site (e.g., steel toed boots)
		 Determine training and medical monitoring needs and ensure all required Health and Safety training and medical monitoring has been received and is current
		 Ensure all workers are fit for duty (alert, well rested, and mentally and physically fit to perform work assignment)
		 If respiratory protection is required/potentially required, ensure that training and fit-testing has occurred within the past year.
		Familiarize yourself with route to the site
	1B) Vehicle defects	1B) Inspect company owned/leased vehicle for defects such as:
		■ Flat tires
		 Windshield wipers worn or torn
		Oil puddles under vehicle
		 Headlights, brake lights, turn signals not working
	1C) Insufficient emergency	1C) Insufficient emergency equipment, unsecured loads
	equipment, unsecured loads	 Ensure vehicle has first aid kit and that all medications are current (if first aid kits are not provided at the site)
		 Ensure vehicle is equpped with warning flashers and/or flares and that the warning flashers work
		 Cell phones are recommended to call for help in the event of an emergency
		 Vehicles carrying tools must have a safety cage in place. All tools must be properly secured
		 Vehicles must be equipped with chocks if the vehicle is to be left running, unattended.
		Ensure sufficient gasoline is in the tank
2. Operating	2A) Collisions, unsafe driving	2A) Drive Defensively!
vehicles – general	conditions	 Seat belts must be used at all times when operating any vehicle on company business.
		 Drive at safe speed for road conditions
		Maintain adequate following distance
		 Pull over and stop if you have to look at a map
		 Try to park so that you don't have to back up to leave.
		 If backing in required, walk around vehicle to identify any hazards (especially low level hazards that may be difficult to see when in the vehicle) that might be present. Use a spotter if necessary
2 Driving to the	2A) Duety winding perrow reads	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Driving to the jobsite	3A) Dusty, winding, narrow roads	3A) Dusty, winding, narrow roadsDrive confidently and defensively at all times.
,		
		Go slow around corners, occasionally clearing the windshield.
	3B) Rocky or one-lane roads	3B) Rocky or one-lane roads
		 Stay clear of gullies and trenches, drive slowly over rocks.
		 Yield right-of-way to oncoming vehiclesfind a safe place to pull over.
	3C) Stormy weather, near confused	3C) Stormy weather, near confused tourists
	tourists	 Inquire about conditions before leaving the office.
		Be aware of oncoming storms.
		 Drive to avoid accident situations created by the mistakes of others.



Job Title: Mobilization/Demobilization and Site Preparation

Date of Analysis: 8/15/06

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	3D) When angry or irritated	3D) When angry or irritated Attitude adjustment; change the subject or work out the problem before driving the vehicle. Let someone else drive.
	3E) Turning around on narrow roads	 3E) Turning around on narrow roads Safely turn out with as much room as possible. Know what is ahead and behind the vehicle. Use a backer if available.
	3F) Sick or medicated	3F) Sick or medicated Let others on the crew know you do not feel well. Let someone else drive.
	3G) On wet or slimy roads	3G) On wet or slimy roads Drive slow and safe, wear seatbelts.
	3H) Animals on road	3H) Animals on road Drive slowly, watch for other animals nearby. Be alert for animals darting out of wooded areas
Gain permission to enter site	4A) Hostile landowner, livestock, pets	4A) Hostile landowner, livestock, pets Talk to land owner, be courteous and diplomatic Ensure all animals have been secured away from work area
5. Mobilization/ Demobilization of Equipment and Supplies	5A) Struck by Heavy Equipment/Vehicles	 5A) Struck by heavy equipment Be aware of heavy equipment operations. Keep out of the swing radius of heavy equipment. Ground personnel in the vicinity of heavy equipment operations will be within the view of the operator at all times Employees shall wear a high visibility vest or T-shirt (reflective vest required if working at night). Ground personnel will be aware of the counterweight swing and maintain an adequate buffer zone. Ground personnel will not stand directly behind heavy equipment when it is in operation.
	5B) Struck by Equipment/Supplies	 Struck by Equipment/Supplies Workers will maintain proper space around their work area, if someone enters it, stop work. When entering another worker's work space, give a verbal warning so they know you are there.
	5C) Overexertion Unloading/Loading Supplies	Overexertion Unloading/Loading Supplies Train workers on proper body mechanics, do not bend or twist at the waist while exerting force or lifting. Tightly secure all loads to the truck bed to avoid load shifting while in transit.
	5D) Caught in/on/between	5D) Caught in/on/between Do not place yourself between two vehicles or between a vehicle and a fixed object.
	5E) Slip/Trip/Fall	5E) 1E). Slip/Trip/Fall Mark all holes and low spots in area with banner tape. Instruct personnel to avoid these areas. Drivers will maintain 3 point contact when mounting/dismounting vehicles/equipment. Drivers will check surface before stepping, not jumping down.



Job Title: Mobilization/Demobilization and Site Preparation

Date of Analysis: 8/15/06

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	5F) Vehicle accident	Vehicle accident Employees should follow MACTEC vehicle operation policy and be aware of all stationary and mobile vehicles.
6. Site Preparation	6A) Slip/Trip/Fall	Slip/Trip/Fall Mark all holes and low spots in area with banner tape. Instruct personnel to avoid these areas
7. Installation of soil erosion and sediment controls	7A) Overexertion	 7A) Overexertion Workers will be trained in the proper method of placing erosion controls. Do not bend and twist at the waist while lifting or exerting force.
	7B) Struck by Equipment/Supplies	 7C) Struck by Equipment/Supplies Workers will maintain proper space around their work area, if someone enters it, stop work. When entering another worker's work space, give a verbal warning so they know you are there.
Driving back from the jobsite	8A) See hazards listed under item #3	8A) See safe work practices under item #3



Job Title: Field Work - General Date of Analysis: 8/15/06

Minimum Recommended PPE*: hard hat, steel-toed boots, safety glasses

*See HASP for all required PPE

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
Mobilization/ Demobilization and Site Preparation	See Mobilization/Demobilization and Site Preparation JHA	1A) See Mobilization/Demobilization and Site Preparation JHA
2. Communication	2A) Safety, crew unity	2A) Talk to each other.
		Log all workers and visitor on and off the site.
		 Let other crewmembers know when you see a hazard.
		 Avoid working near known hazards.
		 Always know the wherabouts of fellow crewmembers.
		 Carry a radio and spare batteries or cell phone
		 Review Emergency Evacuation Procedures (see below).
Walking and	3A) Falling down, twisted ankles and	3A) Always watch your footing.
working in the field	knees, poor footing	 Horseplay is strictly prohibited
lielu		 Slow down and use extra caution around logs, rocks, and animal holes.
		 Extremely steep slopes (>50%) can be hazardous under wet or dry conditions; consider an alternate route.
		 Wear laced boots with a minimum 8" high upper and non-skid Vibram- type soles for ankle support and traction.
	3B) Falling objects	3B) Protect head agains falling objects.
	, , ,	 Wear your hardhat for protection from falling limbs and pinecones, and from tools and equipment carried by other crewmembers.
		 Stay out of the woods during extremely high winds.
	3C) Chemical/Toxicological Hazards	3C) Chemical/Toxicological Hazards
		 See HASP for appropriate level of PPE
		 Use monitoring equipment, as outlined in HASP, to monitor breathing zone
		 Read MSDSs for all chemicals brought to the site
		 Be familiar with hazards associated with site contaminants.
		 Ensure that all containers are properly labelled
		 Decon thoroughly prior to consumption of food, beverage or tobacco.
	3D) Damage to eyes	3D) Protect eyes:
		 Watch where you walk, ecpecially around trees and brush with limbs sticking out.
		 Exercise caution when clearing limbs from tree trunks. Advise wearing eye protection.
		 Ultraviolet light from the sun can be damaging to the eyes; look for sunglasses that specify significant protection from UV-A and UV-B radiation. If safety glasses require, use one's with tinted lenses
	3E) Bee and wasp stings	3E) See JHA for Insect Stings and Bites
	3F) Ticks and infected mosquitos	3F) See JHA for Insect Stings and Bites
	3G) Wild Animals	3G) Wild Animals
		Avoid phyisical contact with wild animals
		 Do not threaten and/or conrner animals
		 Make noise to get the animal to retreat.
		Stay in or return to vehicle/equipment if in danger



Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	3H) Contact with poisonous plants or the oil from those plants:	 3H) Contact with poisonous plants or the oil from those plants: Look for signs of poisonous plants and avoid. Ensure all field workers can identify the plants. Mark identified poisonous plants with spray paint if working at a fixed location. Do not allow plant to touch any part of your body/clothing. Wear PPE as described in the HASP and wear Tyveks, gloves and boot covers if contact with plant is likely Always wash gloves before removing them. Discard PPE in accordance with the HASP. Use commercially available products such as Ivy Block or Ivy Wash as appropriate.
		POISON IVY (Rhus toxicondendron L.) POISON OAK (Rhus diversiloba) POISON SUMAC (Rhus toxicondendron vernix)
	3I) Back Injuries	31) Back Injuries Site personnel will be instructed on proper lifting techniques. Mechanical devices should be used to reduce manual handling of materials. Split heavy loads in to smaller loads Team lifting should be utilized if mechanical devices are not available. Make sure that path is clear prior to lift.
	3J) Shoveling	 Shoveling Select the proper shovel for the task. A long handled, flat bladed shovel is recommend for loose material Inspect the handle for splinters and/or cracks Ensure that the blade is securely attached to the handle Never be more than 15 inches from the material you are shoveling Stand with your feet about hip width for balance and keep the shovel close to your body. Bend from the knees (not the back) and tighten your stomach muscles as you lift. Avoid twisting movements. If you need to move the snow to one side reposition your feet to face the direction the snow will be going. Avoid lifting large shoveling too much at once. When lifting heavy material, pick up less to reduce the weight lifted. Pace yourself to avoid getting out of breath and becoming fatigued too soon. Be alert for signs of stress such as pain, numbness, burning and tingling. Stop immediately if you feel any of these symptoms.
	3K) Slips/Trips/Falls	3K) Slips/Trips/Falls Maintain work areas safe and orderly; unloading areas should be on even terrain; mark or repair possible tripping hazards. Site SHSO inspect the entire work area to identify and mark hazards. Maintain three points of contact when climbing ladders or onto/off of equipment



Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	3L) Overhead Hazards	3L) Overhead Hazards
	,	 Personnel will be required to wear hard hats that meet ANSI Standard Z89.1.
		 All ground personnel will stay clear of suspended loads.
		 All equipment will be provided with guards, canopies or grills to protect the operator from falling or flying objects.
		 All overhead hazards will be identified prior to commencing work operations.
	3M) Dropped Objects	3M) Dropped Objects
		 Steel toe boots meeting ANSI Standard Z41 will be worn.
	3N) Noise	3N) Noise
		 Hearing protection will be worn with a noise reduction rating capable of maintaining personal exposure below 85 dBA (ear muffs or plugs); all equipment will be equipped with manufacturer's required mufflers. Hearing protection shall be worn by all personnel working in or near heavy equipment.
	3O) Eye Injuries	3O) Eye Injuries
		 Safety glasses meeting ANSI Standard Z87 will be worn.
	3P) Heavy Equipment (overhead hazards, spills, struck by or against)	3P) Heavy Equipment
		 All operators will be trained and qualified to operate equipment
		 Equipment will have seat belts.
		 Operators will wear seat belts when operating equipment.
		 Do not operate equipment on grades that exceed manufacturer's recommendations.
		 Equipment will have guards, canopies or grills to protect from flying objects.
		 Ground personnel will stay clear of all suspended loads.
		 Personel are prohibited from riding on the buckets, or elsewhere on the equipment except for designated seats with proper seat belts or lifts specifically designed to carry workers.
		 Ground personnel will wear high visibility vests
		 Spill and absorbent materials will be readily available.
		 Drip pans, polyethylene sheeting or other means will be used for secondary containment.
		 Ground personnel will stay out of the swing radius of excavators.
		 Eye contact with operators will be made before approaching equipment.
		 Operator will acknowledge eye contact by removing his hands from the controls.
		Equipment will not be approached on blind sides.
		 All equipment will be equipped with backup alarms and use spotters when significant physical movement of equipment occurs on-site, (i.e., other than in place excavation or truck loading).
		 Inspect rigging prior to each use.



Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	3Q) Struck by vehicle/equipment	3Q) Struck by vehicle/equipment
		 Be aware of heavy equipment operations.
		 Keep out of the swing radius of heavy equipment.
		 Ground personnel in the vicinity of vehicles or heavy equipment operations will be within the view of the operator at all times.
		 Ground personnel will be aware of the counterweight swing and maintain an adequate buffer zone.
		 Ground personnel will not stand directly behind heavy equipment when it is in operation.
		 Drivers will keep workers on foot in their vision at all times, if you lose sight of someone, Stop!
		 Spotters will be used when backing up trucks and heavy equipment and when moving equipment.
		 High visibility vests will be worn when workers are exposed to vehicular traffic at the site or on public roads.
	3R) Struck/cut by tools	3R) Struck/cut by tools
		 Cut resistant work gloves will be worn when dealing with sharp objects.
		 All hand and power tools will be maintained in safe condition.
		 Do not drop or throw tools. Tools shall be placed on the ground or worksurface or handed to another employee in a safe manner.
		 Guards will be kept in place while using hand and power tools.
	3S) Caught in/on/between	3S) Caught in/on/between
		 Workers will not position themselves between equipment and a stationary object.
		 Workers will not wear long hair down (place in pony-tail and tuck into shirt) or jewelry if working with tools/machinery.
	3T) Contact with Electricity/Lightning	3T) Contact with Electricity/Lighting
		 All electrical tools and equipment will be equipped with GFCI.
		 Electrical extension cords will be of the "Hard" or "Extra Hard" service type.
		 All extension cords shall have a three-blade grounding plug.
		 Personnel shall not use extension cords with damaged outer covers, exposed inner wires, or splices.
		 Electrical cords shall not be laid across roads where vehicular traffic may damage the cord without appropriate guarding.
		 All electrical work will be conducted by a licensed electrician.
		 All equipment will be locked out and tagged out and rendered in a zero energy state prior to commencing any operation that may exposed workers to electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, etc. hazards.
		 All utilities will be marked prior to excavation activities.
		 All equipment will stay a minimum of 10 feet from overhead energized electrical lines (50 kV). This distance will increase by 4 inches for each 10 kV above 50 kV. Rule of Thumb: Stay 10 feet away from all overhead powerlines known to be 50 kV or less and 35 feet from all others.)
		 The SHSO shall halt outdoor site operations whenever lightning is visible, outdoor work will not resume until 30 minutes after the last sighting of lightning.
	3U) Equipment failure	3U) Equipment failure
		 All equipment will be inspected before use. If any safety problems are noted, the equipment should be tagged and removed from service until repaired or replaced.



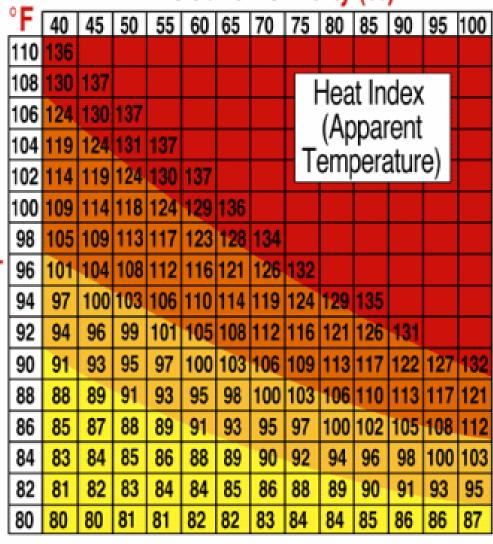
Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	3V) Hand & power tool usage.	3V) Hand & power tool usage
		 Daily inspections will be performed.
		 Ensure guards are in place and are in good condition.
		 Remove broken or damaged tools from service.
		 Use the tool for its intended purpose.
		 Use in accordance with manufacturers instructions.
		 No tampering with electrical equipment is allowed (e.g., splicing cords, cutting the grounding prong off plug, etc.)
		 See JHA for Power Tool Use - Electrical and Power Tool Use - Gasoline
	3W) Fire Protection	3W) Fire Protection
		 Ensure that adequate number and type of fire extinguishers are present at the site
		 Inspect fire extinguishers on a monthly basis – document
		 All employees who are expected to use fire exinguishers will have received training on an annual basis.
		 Obey no-smoking policy
		 Open fires are prohibited
		 Maintain good housekeeping. Keep rubbish and combustibles to a minimum.
		 Keep flammable liquids in small containers with lids closed or a safety can.
		 When dispensing flammable liquids, do in well vented area and bond and ground containers.
	3X) Confined Space Entry	3X) Confined Space Entry
		 See JHA for Confined Space Entry
4. Environmental	4A) Heat Stress	4A) Take precautions to prevent heat stress
health considerations		 Remain constantly aware of the four basic factors that determine the degree of heat stress (air temperature, humidity, air movement, and heat radiation) relative to the surrounding work environmental heat load.
		 Know the signs and symptoms of heat exhaustion, heat cramps, and heat stroke. Heat stroke is a true medical emergency requiring immediate emergency response action.
		NOTE: The severity of the effects of a given environmental heat stress is decreased by reducing the work load, increasing the frequency and/or duration of rest periods, and by introducing measures which will protect employees from hot environments.
		 Maintain adequate water intake by drinking water periodically in small amounts throughout the day (flavoring water with citrus flavors or extracts enhances palatability).
		 Allow approximately 2 weeks with progressive degrees of heat exposure and physical exertion for substantial acclimatization.
		 Acclimatization is necessary regardless of an employee's physical condition (the better one's physical condition, the quicker the acclimatization). Tailor the work schedule to fit the climate, the physical condition of employees, and mission requirements.
		 A reduction of work load markedly decreases total heat stress.
		 Lessen work load and/or duration of physical exertion the first days of heat exposure to allow gradual acclimatization.
		 Alternate work and rest periods. More severe conditions may require longer rest periods and electrolyte fluid replacement.



Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	4B) Wet Bulb Globe Temperature (WBGT) Index	4B) WBGT • Curtail or suspend physical work when conditions are extremely severe
		 (see attached Heat Stress Index). Compute a Wet Bulb Globe Temperature Index to determine the level of physical activity (take WBGT index measurements in a location that is similar or closely approximates the environment to which employees will be exposed).
		WBGT THRESHOLD VALUES FOR INSTITUTING PREVENTIVE MEASURES
		80-90 degrees F Fatigue possible with prolonged exposure and physical activity.
		90-105 degrees F Heat exhaustion and heat stroke possible with prolonged exposure and physical activity.
		105-130 degrees F Heat exhaustion and heat stroke are likely with prolonged heat exposure and physical activity.
	4C) Cold Extremes	4C) Take precautions to prevent cold stress injuries
		 Cover all exposed skin and be aware of frostbite. While cold air will not freeze the tissues of the lungs, slow down and use a mask or scarf to minimize the effect of cold air on air passages.
		 Dress in layers with wicking garments (those that carry moisture away from the body – e.g., cotton) and a weatherproof slicker. A wool outer garment is recommended.
		 Take layers off as you heat up; put them on as you cool down.
		 Wear head protection that provides adequate insulation and protects the ears.
		 Maintain your energy level. Avoid exhaustion and over-exertion which causes sweating, dampens clothing, and accelerates loss of body heat and increases the potential for hypothermia.
		 Acclimate to the cold climate to minimize discomfort.
		Maintain adequate water/fluid intake to avoid dehydration.
	4D) Wind	4D) Effects of the wind
		 Wind chill greatly affects heat loss (see attached Wind Chill Index).
		 Avoid marking in old, defective timber, especially hardwoods, during periods of high winds due to snag hazards.
	4E) Thunderstorms	4E) Thunderstorms
		Monitor weather channels to determine if electrical storms are forcased.
		 Plan ahead and identify safe locations to be in the event of a storm. (e.g., sturdy building, vehicle, etc.)
		 Suspend all field work at the first sound of thurnder. You should be in a safe place when the time between the lightning and thunder is less than 30 seconds.
		 Only return to work 30 minutes after the after the last strike or sound of thunder

Air Temperature

Relative Humidity (%) furnished by National Weather Service Gray, ME



With Prolonged Exposure and/or Physical Activity

Extreme Danger

Heat stroke or sunstroke highly likely

Danger

Sunstroke, muscle cramps, and/or heat exhaustion likely

Extreme Caution

Sunstroke, muscle cramps, and/or heat exhaustion possible

Caution

Fatigue possible



									Tem	pera	ture	(°F)							
	Calm	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40	-45
	5	36	31	25	19	13	7	1	-5	-11	-16	-22	-28	-34	-40	-46	-52	-57	-63
	10	34	27	21	15	9	3	-4	-10	-16	-22	-28	-35	-41	-47	-53	-59	-66	-72
	15	32	25	19	13	6	0	-7	-13	-19	-26	-32	-39	-45	-51	-58	-64	-71	-77
	20	30	24	17	11	4	-2	-9	-15	-22	-29	-35	-42	-48	-55	-61	-68	-74	-81
Ĕ	25	29	23	16	9	3	-4	-11	-17	-24	-31	-37	-44	-51	-58	-64	-71	-78	-84
Wind (mph)	30	28	22	15	8	1	-5	-12	-19	-26	-33	-39	-46	-53	-60	-67	-73	-80	-87
屋	35	28	21	14	7	0	-7	-14	-21	-27	-34	-41	-48	-55	-62	-69	-76	-82	-89
	40	27	20	13	6	-1	-8	-15	-22	-29	-36	-43	-50	-57	-64	-71	-78	-84	-91
	45	26	19	12	5	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-79	-86	-93
	50	26	19	12	4	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-60	-67	-74	-81	-88	-95
	55	25	18	11	4	-3	-11	-18	-25	-32	-39	-46	-54	-61	-68	-75	-82	-89	-97
	60	25	17	10	3	-4	-11	-19	-26	-33	-40	-48	-55	-62	-69	-76	-84	-91	-98
	Frostbite Times 30 minutes 10 minutes 5 minutes																		
	Wind Chill (°F) = $35.74 + 0.6215T - 35.75(V^{0.16}) + 0.4275T(V^{0.16})$																		
												Wind S						ctive 1	1/01/01

Job Hazard Analysis Form

Job Title: Field Work - Oversight Date of Analysis: 4/13/10

Minimum Recommended PPE*: High visibility vest, hard hat, steel-toed boots, safety glasses, hearing

protection

*See HASP for all required PPE

]	Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
1.	Prepare for site visit	1A) N/A	 Obtain and review HASP prior to site visit, if possible Determine PPE needs – bring required PPE to the site, if not otherwise being provided at the site (e.g., steel toed boots) Determine training and medical monitoring needs and ensure all required Health and Safety training and medical monitoring has been received and is current Complete site specific/ client required training Ensure all workers are fit for duty (alert, well rested, and mentally and physically fit to perform work assignment) First aid kits shall be available at the work site and on each transport vehicle. Familiarize yourself with route to the site Check weather forecast. Pack appropriate clothing and other items (e.g., sunscreen) for anticipated weather conditions Verify that subsurface utilities have been identified.
2.	Traveling to the site by vehicle	2A) See JHA for Mobilization, Demobilization and Site Preparation	See JHA for Mobilization, Demobilization and Site Preparation
3.	Initial Arrival - Assess Site Conditions	3A) Communication with subcontractor and other site personnel	 Develop communication methods (agree on hand signals, warning alarms) Log all workers and visitor on and off the site. Let other crewmembers know when you see a hazard. Avoid working near known hazards. Always know the whereabouts of fellow crewmembers. Carry a radio and spare batteries or cell phone Hold and document Safety tailgate meetings Establish work zones, evacuation routes and rally locations.
		3B) Insect Bites and Stings	 Discuss the types of insects expected at the Site and be able to identify them. Look for signs of insects. Inform crew members if allergic to insects and what to do if you need assistance. Avoid wearing heavy fragrances. Carry first-aid and sting relief kits. Carry identification of known allergies and necessary emergency medication. Spray clothing with insect repellant as a barrier. Wear light colored clothing that fits tightly at the wrists, ankles, and waist. Cover trouser legs with high socks or boots. Tuck in shirt tails.

3C) Poisonous plants	 Wear long sleeves, long pants and boots Ensure all field workers can identify the plants. Mark identified poisonous plants with high visibility spray paint if working at a fixed location. Look for signs of poisonous plants and demark area to aid in avoiding plant. Do not touch any plant part to any part of your body/clothing. Use commercially available products such as Ivy Block or Ivy Wash as appropriate.
3D) Vermin, leaches, animal borne disease	 Survey the area for dens, nests, etc. Identify areas where biological hazards may be present. Wear long sleeve shirt and full length pants Be aware of your surroundings. Wear appropriate footwear (snake boots, etc.) Avoid high grass areas if possible Do not put hand/arm into/under an area that you cannot see into/under clearly Perform routine inspections for ticks, leaches, etc. of yourself and coworkers.
3E) Chemical Hazards	 Wear chemical resistant PPE as identified in the HASP Use monitoring equipment, as outlined in HASP, to monitor breathing zone Read MSDSs for all chemicals brought to the site Be familiar with hazards associated with site contaminants. Ensure that all containers are properly labeled
3F) Overhead Power Lines	 Identify the location of all overhead power lines at the site. Maintain clearances depending on voltage - All equipment will stay a minimum of 10 feet from overhead energized electrical lines (50 kV or less). This distance will increase by 4 inches for each 10 kV above 50 kV. Rule of Thumb: Stay 10 feet away from all overhead power lines known to be 50 kV or less and 35 feet from all others.) Re-locate work so it is not close to power lines Avoid storing materials under overhead power lines
3G) Underground Utilities	 All utilities will be marked prior to excavation activities For areas where utility locations cannot be verified, workers must hand dig for the first 3 feet Use lineman's gloves when locating underground power lines Work at adequate offsets from utility locations Immediately cease work if unknown utility markings are discovered.

3H) Cold Stress	 Dress in layers with wicking garments (those that carry moisture away from the body – e.g., cotton) and a weatherproof slicker. A wool outer garment is recommended. Take layers off as you heat up; put them on as you cool down. Wear head protection that provides adequate insulation and protects the ears. Maintain your energy level. Avoid exhaustion and over-exertion which causes sweating, dampens clothing, and accelerates loss of body heat and increases the potential for hypothermia. Acclimate to the cold climate to minimize discomfort. Maintain adequate water/fluid intake to avoid dehydration. Be aware of signs of hypothermia, its prevention, detection and treatment. Have extra protection available, in case of an emergency such as blankets and heating devices. Don't work under extremely adverse weather conditions Stay in tune to current weather and extended forecasts.
3l) Heat Stress	 Remain constantly aware of the four basic factors that determine the degree of heat stress (air temperature, humidity, air movement, and heat radiation) relative to the surrounding work environmental heat load. Know the signs and symptoms of heat exhaustion, heat cramps, and heat stroke. Heat stroke is a true medical emergency requiring immediate emergency response action. Maintain adequate water intake by drinking water periodically in small amounts throughout the day (flavoring water with citrus flavors or extracts enhances palatability). Lessen work load and/or duration of physical exertion the first days of heat exposure to allow gradual acclimatization. Alternate work and rest periods. More severe conditions may require longer rest periods and electrolyte fluid replacement.
3J) Lightning and Thunder	 Monitor weather channels to determine if electrical storms are forecasted. Plan ahead and identify safe locations to be in the event of a storm. (e.g., sturdy building, vehicle, etc.) Suspend all field work at the first sound of thunder. You should be in a safe place when the time between the lightning and thunder is less than 30 seconds.
3K) Severe Weather	 Watch for clouds and incoming weather. Monitor weather forecasts. Train workers about weather and appropriate precautions. Identify a shelter and a safe place in event of tornado etc
3L) Sun	 Keep body protected Wear sunscreen, wide brimmed hat or hardhat. Schedule work for cool part of day. Take breaks in the shade.
3M)High Crime Areas	 Do not enter areas where threats are present. Contract security where applicable. Use the buddy system. Maintain contact with support such as radio or cell phone Do not work after dark.

	3N) Operations conducted at an active facility	 Stay well clear of operations being conducted at the facility Keep alert for moving materials, equipment or vehicles Determine client specific PPE needs prior to arriving at the site Determine client specific emergency response procedures and follow as appropriate Participate in client required safety training Get copies of Clients MSDSs for any client chemicals that workers may be exposed to. Provide MSDSs to client for all chemicals brought to the site.
	30)Remote Locations	 Carry a two-way radio and know how to use it. Work in teams. Account for all at the end of the work day. Make sure someone on crew is certified in first aid. Carry a first aid kit.
	3P) Set up Decon Station	 Refer to MSDS for specific hazards associated with decon solutions Monitor breathing zone for decon solutions (e.g., methanol, hexane, etc.), if appropriate (see HASP) Removal of PPE will be performed by the following tasks in the listed order: Gross boot wash and rinse and removal Outer glove removal Suit removal Respirator removal (if worn). Inner glove removal Contaminated PPE is to be placed in the appropriate, provided receptacles. Employees will wash hands, face, and any other exposed areas with soap and water. Portable eyewash stations and showers will be available should employees come into direct contact with contaminated materials. Decon solutions will be disposed of according to the work plan.
4. Walk around the Site	4A) Poisonous plants	See section 3C above
	4B) Vermin, leaches, animal borne disease	See Section 3 D above
	4C) Chemical Hazards	See Section 3 E above
	4D) Slips/Trips/Falls	 Wear slip resistant footwear preferably laced boots with a minimum 8" high upper and non-skid soles for ankle support and traction. Pay attention to where you place your feet Slow down and use extra caution around logs, rocks, and animal holes. Extremely steep slopes (>50%) can be hazardous under wet or dry conditions; consider an alternate route. Site SHSO will inspect the entire work area to identify and mark hazards. Clear area of trip hazards; mark or barricade those that cannot be moved; Use caution when walking around excavated areas Stay back at least 5 feet from excavated areas Use caution when walking on or around loose soil. Be aware of surroundings. Avoid muddy areas if possible.

5. Oversight during drilling, or construction operations	5A) Heavy Equipment/ Vehicles	 Spotters will be used when backing up trucks and heavy equipment and when moving equipment. Ground personnel in the vicinity of vehicles or heavy equipment operations will be within the view of the operator at all times. Ground personnel will be aware of the swing radius and maintain an adequate buffer zone. Ground personnel will not stand directly behind heavy equipment when it is in operation. Personnel are prohibited from riding on the buckets, or elsewhere on the equipment except for designated seats with proper seat belts or lifts specifically designed to carry workers. Ground personnel will stay clear of all suspended loads. Ground personnel will wear high visibility vests Eye contact with operators will be made before approaching equipment.
	5B) Eye Injury	 Wear appropriate safety glasses (tinted for sun). Watch where you walk, especially around trees and brush with protruding limbs.
	5C) Foot Injury	 Wear steel toed boots Wear insulated steel toed boots during winter Ensure shoes/boots have good traction Pay attention to where you place your feet, especially when walking on uneven terrain
	5D) Head Injury	 Wear hardhat Do not walk or work under scaffolding or other elevated work unless there are guardrails and toeboards in place Flag or mark protruding objects at head level
	5E) Chemical Hazards	 See Section 3E above Wash hands and face prior to consumption of food, beverage or tobacco.
	5F) Dust - particulates (respiratory)	 Use dust suppression methods Stand upwind of point of dust generation
	5G)Overhead Power Lines	See Section 3F above.
	5H) Underground Utilities	See Section 3G above
	5l) Standing/Static Posture	 Change posture on a frequent basis Stretch prior to any physical activity
	5J) Slips/Trips/Falls	See Section 4D above

	5K) Noise	 Hearing protection will be worn with a noise reduction rating capable of maintaining personal exposure below 85 dBA (ear muffs or plugs). All equipment will be equipped with manufacturer's required mufflers. Hearing protection shall be worn by all personnel working in or near heavy equipment. Hearing protection will be worn when workers need to shout when standing two feet away from each other. Segregate noisy equipment from the operators Use sound dampening around noisy equipment
	5L) Moving Equipment	 Clear area of obstructions and communicate with all workers involved that drilling is beginning Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended speed, force, torque, or other specifications. and penetrate the ground slowly with hands on the controls for at least the first foot of soil to minimize chance of auger kick-out Stay clear of rotating auger Use long-handled shovel to clear away cuttings when auger has stopped Do not wear loose clothing Wear appropriate PPE including leather gloves and steel-toed boots (See HASP)
6. Sampling Oversight	6A) Chemical Hazards	 See Section 3E above Wash hands and face prior to consumption of food, beverage or tobacco. Calibrate meters in a clean, well ventilated area Store calibration gases in well vented area. Ensure chemical labels and warnings are legible.
	6B) Personnel Decontamination	 Refer to MSDS for specific hazards associated with decon solutions Monitor breathing zone for decon solutions (e.g., methanol, hexane, etc.), if appropriate (see HASP) Removal of PPE will be performed by the following tasks in the listed order: Gross boot wash and rinse and removal Outer glove removal Suit removal Respirator removal (if worn). Inner glove removal Contaminated PPE is to be placed in the appropriate, provided receptacles. Employees will wash hands, face, and any other exposed areas with soap and water. Portable eyewash stations and showers will be available should employees come into direct contact with contaminated materials. Decon solutions will be disposed of according to the work plan.
	6C) Lifting	 Good lifting techniques (lift with legs not back) Mechanical devices (e.g., hand truck, cart, forklift, etc.) should be used to reduce manual handling of materials and drums. Team lifting should be utilized if mechanical devices are not available. (mandatory for items over 50 lbs) Split heavy loads in to smaller loads Make sure that path is clear prior to lift. Redesign work area to avoid low lifts Stretch prior to lifting Maintain a healthy life style and level of physical fitness.

	6D) Hand Tools	 Cut resistant work gloves will be worn when dealing with sharp objects. All hand and power tools will be maintained in safe condition. Do not drop or throw tools. Tools shall be placed on the ground or work surface or handed to another employee in a safe manner. Guards will be kept in place while using hand and power tools. Daily inspections will be performed. Remove broken or damaged tools from service and tag out as defective No tampering with electrical equipment is allowed (e.g., splicing cords, cutting the grounding prong off plug, etc.) Do not use excessive force or impact Do not use tool improperly. Ensure all workers are trained
	6E) Slips/Trips/Falls	See Section 4D above.
	6F) Struck by Vehicle	 Ground personnel in the vicinity of vehicles operations will be within the view of the operator at all times. Ground personnel will not stand directly behind vehicles when it is in operation Drivers will keep workers on foot in their vision at all times, if you lose sight of someone, Stop! High visibility vests will be worn when workers are exposed to vehicular traffic at the site or on public roads. Try to park so that you don't have to back up to leave. If backing in required, walk around vehicle to identify any hazards (especially low level hazards that may be difficult to see when in the vehicle) that might be present. Use a spotter if necessary Place cones in the font and rear of the vehicle Prior to driving off, walk around vehicle to collect cones and identify any hazards - especially low level hazards that may be difficult to see when in the vehicle. Set up "Workers in the Road" or similar warning signs and cones to alert traffic. Use emergency flashers and roof top flashing light (recommended) to alert oncoming vehicular traffic. Remain alert at all times as to the traffic outside the vehicle. Step to the side of the road when distracted by by-standers. Keep unofficial personnel out of the work area. Exit vehicle with caution. Wear High Visibility Vest when outside the vehicle. Utilize vehicle as a shield from oncoming traffic, as practical
7. IDW pickup oversight	7A) Foot Injury	See Section 5C above.
	7B) Chemical Hazards	See Section 3E above.
	7C) Lifting	See Section 6C above.
	7D) Slips/Trips/Falls	See Section 4D above
8. Return to office/home	8A) See Mobilization/ Demobilization and Site Preparation JHA	See Mobilization/ Demobilization and Site Preparation JHA



Job Title:	Soil Sampling	Date of Analysis: <u>5/1/07</u>

Minimum Recommended PPE*: High visibility vest, hard hat, steel-toed boots, safety glasses, hearing protection

*See HASP for all required PPE

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
Prepare for	1A) Chemical exposure	1A) Chemical Exposure
sampling event		 Read HASP and determine air monitoring and PPE needs.
2. Mobilization	4A) See JHA Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation	2A) See JHA Mobilization/Demobilization/Site Preparation
General Site Hazards	3A) See JHA Field Work - General	3A) See JHA Field Work - General
Carrying equipment to site location	4B) Back or muscle strain	 4A) Back or muscle strain Use proper lifting techniques when lifting pumps or generators Use mechanical aids if available Use 2 person lift for heavy items
Calibrate monitoring equipment	5A) Exposure to calibration gases	 5A) Exposure to calibration gases Review equipment manuals Calibrate in a clean, well ventilated area
Preparing sampling location	6A) Contact with poisonous plants or the oil from poisonous plants	 6A) Contact with poisonous plants or the oil from those plants: Look for signs of poisonous plants and avoid. Wear PPE as described in the HASP. Do not touch anything part of your body/clothing. Always wash gloves before removing them. Discard PPE in accordance with the HASP.
	6B) Contact with biting insects (i.e., spiders, bees, etc.)	 6B) Contact with stinging/biting insects Discuss the types of insects expected at the Site and be able to identify them. Look for signs of insects in and around the well. Wear Level of PPE as described in the HASP. At a minimum, follow guidelines in the JHA "Insects Stings and Bites." If necessary, wear protective netting over your head/face. Avoid contact with the insects if possible. Inform your supervisor and the Site Health and Safety Supervisor if you have any allergies to insects and insect bites. Make sure you have identification of your allergies with you at all times and appropriate response kits if applicable. Get medical help immediately if you are bitten by a black widow or brown recluse, or if you have a severe reaction to any spider bite or bee sting.
	Exposure to hazardous Inhalation and contact with hazardous substances (VOC contaminated soil); flammable atmospheres.	 Exposure to hazardous substances Wear PPE as identified in HASP. Review hazardous properties of site contaminants with workers before sampling operations begin Monitor breathing zone air in accordance with HASP to determine levels of contaminants present. When decontaminating equipment wear additional eye/face protection over the safety glasses such as a face shield.
	6D) Back strain due to lifting or moving equipment to sampling locations	Back strain Use mechanical aids when possible, if mechanical aids are not available, use two person lifts for heavy items. Use proper lifting techniques



Job Title: Soil Sampling Date of Analysis: 5/1/07

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices				
	6E) Foot injuries from dropped equipment	Foot Injuries Be aware when moving objects, ensure you have a good grip when lifting and carrying objects. Do not carry more than you can handle safely Wear steel toed boots				
Collecting soil samples	7A) Working around drill rigs	7A) See JHA - Drilling				
Samples	7B) Encountering underground or overhead utilities	7B) Have all utilities located.				
	7C) Fire/Explosion/Contamination hazard from refueling generators	7C) Fire/Explosion/Contamination hazard from refueling generators Turn the generator off and let it cool down before refueling Segregate fuel and other hydrocarbons from samples to minimize contamination potential Transport fuels in approved safety containers. The use of containers other than those specifically designed to carry fuel is prohibited See JHA for Gasoline use				
	7D) Electrocution	7D) Electrocution A ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) device must protect all AC electrical circuits. Use only correctly grounded equipment. Never use three-pronged				
		cords which have had the third prong broken off. Make sure that the electrical cords from generators and power tools are not allowed to be in contact with water				
		 Do not stand in wet areas while operating power equipment Always make sure all electrically-powered sampling equipment is in good repair. Report any problems so the equipment can be repaired or replaced. When unplugging a cord, pull on the plug rather than the cord. 				
		Never do repairs on electrical equipment unless you are both authorized and qualified to do so.				
	7E) Exposure to contaminants	7E) Exposure to Contaminants Stand up wind when sampling Monitor breathing zone with appropriate monitoring equipment (see HASP) Wear chemical resistant PPE as identified in HASP See section 4C) under Safe Practices above				
	7F) Exposure to preservatives	7F) Exposure to preservatives Work in a well ventilated area, upwind of samples Wear chemical resistant PPE as identified in HASP Review MSDSs				
	7G) Slips/trips/falls	7G) Slips/trips/falls Ground can become wet/muddy Wear good slip resistant footwear				
	7H) Lifting Injury	7H) Lifting injury Use proper lifting techniques when carrying quantities of samples Use proper ergonomics when hand digging for samples				
	7I) Eye injury	7I) Eye Injury Wear eye protection when using picks or similar devices to loosen soil				
	7J) Fire	7J) Fire When using gas powered auger, maintain fire watch whenever fueling or otherwise handling gasoline See JHA - Gasoline				



Job Title: Soil Sampling Date of Analysis: 5/1/07

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices			
Soil sampling using floor corer	8A) Back injury	 8A) Back Injury Use proper lifting techniques when moving floor corer and generator Use mechanincal aids if available Use two person lift for heavy items. 			
	8B) Electric Shock	8B) Electric Shock Use electric cords free from defects Keep cords out of water Ensure all electrical equipment is properly grounded Use GFCI			
	8C) Hearing	8C) Hearing • Wear hearing protection			
	8D) Fire	 8D) Fire When using generator, maintain fire watch whenever refueling or otherwise handling gasoline See JHA - Gasoline 			
	8E) Contamination	8E) Contamination Use appropriate PPE for the contaminants of concern (see HASP). Minimize sample contact Label sample in accordance with procedures Monitor breathing zone levels.			



JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS - SHORT FORM HASP

Job Title: Poisonous Plants Date of Analysis: 1/19/2009

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices			
1) Mobilization	1A) See JHA Mobilization/	1A) See JHA Mobilization/Demobilization/Site			
	Demobilization/Site	Preparation			
	Preparation				
2) Preparation	2A) Training – Identifying	2A) Provide training on identifying the specific			
, 1	Poisonous Plants	poisonous plants that could be present at the site			
	POISON IVY	POISON ON PRISON SUMMS			
	(Rhus toxicondendron L.)	(Rhus diversiloba) (Rhus toxicondendron vernix)			
	2B) Poison Ivy	 2B) Poison Ivy: Grows everywhere in United States except Hawaii and Alaska. In the East, Midwest, and the South, it grows as a vine. In the Northern and Western United States, it grows as a shrub. Each leaf has three leaflets. Leaves are green in the summer and red in the fall. In the late summer and fall, white berries may grow from the stems. 			
	2C) Poison Oak	 2C) Poison Oak: Oak-like fuzzy leaves in clusters of three. It has two distinct kinds: Eastern poison oak (New Jersey to Texas) grows as a low shrub. Western poison oak (Pacific Coast) grows to six-foottall clumps or vines up to 30 feet long. It may have clusters of yellow berries. 			
	2D) Poison Sumac	 2D) Poison Sumac Grows in standing water in peat bogs in the Northeast and Midwest and in swampy areas in parts of the Southeast. Each leaf has clusters of seven to 13 smooth-edged leaflets. The plants can grow up to 15 feet tall. The leaves are orange in spring, green in summer and red, and orange or yellow in fall. There may be clumps of pale yellow or cream-colored berries. 			



JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS - SHORT FORM HASP

Job Title: Poisonous Plants **Date of Analysis:** 1/19/2009

Key Work Steps Hazards/Potential Hazards Safe Practices 2E) Giant Hogweed 2E) Giant Hogweed ■ Hogweed is a public health hazard. Its clear, watery sap has toxins that cause photo-dermatitis. Skin contact followed by exposure to sunlight produces painful, burning blisters that may develop into purplish or blackened scars. Contact with the eyes can cause temporary or permanent blindness. Since its introduction into North America, this plant has become established in rich moist soils along roadsides, stream banks and waste ground. In the eastern US, it is known to occur in Maine, New York, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, and now Massachusetts. • A biennial or perennial herb growing 8 to 15 feet tall, giant hogweed usually has a taproot or occasionally fibrous root. The hollow stems are 2 to 4 inches in diameter with dark reddish-purple splotches and coarse white hairs. ■ The deeply incised compound leaves grow up to 5 feet in width. Hairs on the underside of the leaf are stiff, Giant Hogweed Flower (clusters may dense and stubby. reach up to 2.5 feet across) The large umbrella-shaped flower heads are up to 2 1/2 feet in diameter across a flat top with numerous small flowers produced in mid-May through July. • Some plants die after flowering; others flower for several years. The plant produces flattened, 3/8 inch long, oval dry fruits that have a broadly rounded base and broad marginal ridges. Plants sprout in the early Giant Hogweed Flower Leaves spring (or late winter in mild years) from the roots or from seed. Grows in standing water in peat bogs in the Northeast and Midwest and in swampy areas in parts of the Southeast. ■ Each leaf has clusters of seven to 13 smooth-edged leaflets. ■ The plants can grow up to 15 feet tall. Giant Hogweed Stem ■ The leaves are orange in spring, green in summer and Thick stem with coarse hairs, Blistery dark red, and orange or yellow in fall. purple splotches. ■ There may be clumps of pale yellow or cream-colored berries.



${\bf JOB\; HAZARD\; ANALYSIS\; -\; SHORT\; FORM\; HASP\; }$

Job Title: Poisonous Plants Date of Analysis: 1/19/2009

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
3A) Contact with poisonous	3A) Hand Contact	3A) Hand Contact
plants		■ Apply IvyX (or similar product) to hands, forearms
		and other potentially exposed parts of the body, prior
		to starting work in the morning and again right after
		lunch.
		■ Leather Gloves must be worn at all times when
		digging, screening or carrying field equipment.
		• Leather gloves should be of sufficient length to cover
		the entire wrist and cuff of the shirt.
		• Carefully remove gloves, without touching the exterior
		surface, when taking notes and prior to lunch or
		restroom breaks.
		Gloves that become worn should be replaced
		immediately. • Do not scratch or rub the face or other exposed skin
		while wearing gloves.
		■ Workers will apply Tecnu (or similar product) to the
		hands and forearms immediately after removing their
		gloves, prior to lunch and again at the end of the day.
		Tecnu will help cleanse the urushiol oil from the skin
		before it can be absorbed. Sensitive individuals can
		also apply prior to showering in the evening.
	3B) Arm Contact	3B) Arm Contact
	,	■ Apply IvyX (or similar product) to hands, forearms
		and other potentially exposed parts of the body, prior
		to starting work in the morning and again right after
		lunch.
		 Wear light weight, long sleeved shirts as the sleeves
		will provide a physical barrier between the skin and
		any urushiol oil encountered. Disposable gauntlets
		may we worn over arms to keep oil from clothing as
		well.
		 Have the sleeves pulled down to the base of the hand,
		covering the forearm and wrist (all exposed skin).
		• Workers will apply Tecnu (or similar product) to the
		hands and forearms immediately after removing their
		gloves, prior to lunch and again at the end of the day.
		Tecnu will help cleanse the urushiol oil from the skin before it can be absorbed. Sensitive individuals can
		also apply prior to showering in the evening.
	3C) Leg Contact	3C) Leg Contact
	Jeg Contact	■ Wear long pants and boots.
		Assume boots are contaminated with the urushiol oil
		and only handle with gloved hands.
4) Handling Contaminated	4A) Exposure from Handling	4A) Exposure from Handling Contaminated Equipment
Equipment and Clothing	Contaminated Equipment	Do not handle any field equipment that may have come
1		in contact with poison ivy/oak/sumac without gloves.
		 Decontaminate all equipment at the end of each
		workday with a solution of water and dish soap.
		Scrub all surfaces of the screens and shovels with a
		brush.
		■ Rinse with cool water using a portable garden sprayer.



JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS - SHORT FORM HASP

Job Title: Poisonous Plants Date of Analysis: 1/19/2009

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
	4B) Exposure from Handling Contaminated Clothing	 4B) Exposure from Handling Contaminated Clothing Wash clothing potentially contaminated with urushiol oil prior to wearing again. Handle contaminated clothing with gloves as the oil can remain on environmental surfaces for up to 5
		years.



Job Title: Insect Stings and Bites Date of Analysis: 4/20/06

Minimum Recommended PPE*: Long sleeved shirt and pants, light colored clothing

*See HASP for all required PPE

Key Work Steps	Hazards/Potential Hazards	Safe Practices
Traveling/working in	Lyme Disease, Rocky Mountain	Spray clothing with insect repellant as a barrier.
areas with potential Tick Bites –Example outdoor wooded	Spotted Fever, etc.	Wear light colored clothing that fits tightly at the wrists, ankles, and waist.
areas or fields.		Each outer garment should overlap the one above it.
		 Cover trouser legs with high socks or boots.
		■ Tuck in shirt tails.
		 Search the body on a regular basis, especially hair and clothing; ticks generally do not attach for the first couple of hours.
		If a tick becomes attached, pull it by grasping it as close as possible to the point of attachment and pull straight out with gentle pressure. Wash skin with soap and water then cleanse with rubbing alcohol. Place the tick in an empty container for later identification, if the victim should have a reaction. Record dates of exposure and removal.
		 Do not try to remove the tick by burning with a match or covering it with chemical agents.
		If you can not remove the tick, or the head detaches, seek propmt medical help.
		Watch for warning signs of illness: a large red spot on the bite area; fever, chills, headache, joint and muscle ache, significant fatigue, and facial paralysis are reactions that may appear within two weeks of the attack. Symptoms specific to Lyme disease include: confusion, short-term memory loss, and disorientation.
Working/traveling in areas with potential	2. Allergic reactions, painful stings	 Be alert to hives in brush or in hollow logs. Watch for insects travelling in and out of one location.
bee and wasp stings-Example wooded areas and fields		 If you or anyone you are working with is known to have allergic reactions to bee stings, tell the rest of the crew and your supervisor. Make sure you carry emergency medication with you at all times.
		 Wear long sleeve shirts and trousers; tuck in shirt Bright colors and metal objects may attract bees.
		 If you are stung, cold compresses may bring relief.
		 If a stinger is left behind, scrape it off the skin. Do not use a tweezers as this squeezes the venom sack, worsening the injury.
		 If the victim develops hives, asthmatic breathing, tissue swelling, or a drop in blood pressure, seek medical help immediately. Give victim antihistime, (Benadryl, chlo-amine tabs).
3. Traveling/working in	3. Skin irritation, encephalitis	 Wear long sleeves and trousers.
areas of potential Mosquito Bites-		 Avoid heavy scents.
Example- Woods, fields, near bodies of		 Use insect repellants. If using DEET, do not apply directly to skin, apply to clothing only.
water and etc.		 Carry after-bite medication to reduce skin irritation.



AHA – Sediment Sampling from Shore Activity Description

Activity/Work Task:	Sediment Sampling from Shore		Overall Risk	Overall Risk Assessment Code (RAC) (Use highest code				L	
Project Location:			Ris	sk Assessn	nent Cod	le (RAC) M	atrix		
Project Number:	Varies			Severity	Probabili			y	
Date Prepared:	6/25/2013	Date Accepted:	2/21/16	Severity	Frequent	Likely	Occasional	Seldom	Unlikely
Prepared by	Kannath MaDa	Kenneth McRowe/Project Geologist		Catastrophic	Е	Е	Н	Н	M
(Name/Title):	Kenneth McRo			Critical	E	Н	Н	M	L
Reviewed by	Kendra Bavor, CSP		Marginal	Н	M	M	L	L	
(Name/Title):			Negligible	M	L	L	L	L	
This AHA involves the following: • Establishing site specific measures for sampling sediment and surface water from shore		Step 1: Review each "Hazard" with identified safety "Controls" and determine RAC (See above)							
		"Probability" is the likelihood to cause an incident, near miss, or accident and identified as: Frequent, Likely, Occasional, Seldom or Unlikely. RAC Chart				Chart			
		"Severity" is the outcome/degree if an incident, near miss, or accident did				High Risk			
This AHA is not an exhaustive summary of all hazards associated with the Site. Refer to the site HASP for additional requirements. Contractor to follow general site safety controls for Slips Trips and Falls, Biological hazards, cuts lacerations and pinch points, and emergency procedures.		occur and identified as: Catastrophic, Critical, Marginal, or Negligible H = High Risk							
		Step 2: Identify the RAC (I	Probability/Severity)	as E, H, M, or L	for each	M = Moderate	Risk		
		"Hazard" on AHA. Annotate the overall highest RAC at the top of AHA. L = Low Risk							

Equipment to be Used	Training Requirements/Competent or Qualified Personnel name(s)	Inspection Requirements
PPE:Safety Boots/Shoes; Safety Glasses; Rubber boots; Waders; Personal Floatation Device	Competent / Qualified Personnel: Name – Position/Employer Training requirements: List specific certification (as applicable) Site Specific HASP Orientation Toolbox safety meeting Task kick-off meeting	Daily inspection of equipment per manufacturer's instructions. Tag tools that are defective and remove from service. Inspect all PPE prior to use



AHA – Sediment Sampling from Shore Activity Description

Job Steps	Hazards	Controls	RAC
1. Prepare for site visit	1A) Slips, trips, falls	1A) Familiarize self with site prior to visit.	
		 Complete appropriate training before going on site. 	
		 Provide appropriate person in district office your itinerary. 	
		 Prepare listing of emergency phone numbers, both on and offsite. 	_
		 Identify site/activity PPE needs. 	
		 Ensure that First Aid training is current, and that tetanus booster are current. 	
2. Check and calibrate	2A) Muscle Strain - lifting,	2A) Muscle Strain - lifting, twisting, tugging	
sampling equipment.	twisting, tugging	 Inspect all PPE and equipment and ensure that it is working properly. 	L
		 Get assistance from a coworker or use mechanical means to move equipment (dolly, cart, etc.) 	
	2B) Slips, trips, falls, strain	2B) Slips, trips, and falls	
		• Wear proper footwear.	L
		Pay attention to where walking.	
3. Load/carry equipment to	3A) Slips, trips, falls,	3A) Slips, trips, falls	
the site.		 See AHA for Mobilization / Demobilization and Site Preparation 	L
		 Survey and clear the pathway. See AHA for Clearing Brush and Trees 	
	3B) Muscle Strain - lifting,	3B) Muscle Strain - lifting, twisting, tugging	
	twisting, tugging	 Proper lifting, ergonomic practices and body mechanics. 	L
		• Share the load, move items in smaller shifts, or use cart.	
	3C) Irate property owners,	3C) Irate property owners, pets	
	pets	Call property owners in advance.	
		• Check in to introduce yourself upon arrival.	L
		Be courteous and diplomatic	
	3D) Crime	3D) Crime	
	,	 Do not enter areas where threats are present. 	
		• Contract security where applicable.	L
		• Use the buddy system.	
		 Maintain contact with support such as radio or cell phone. 	
	3E) Struck by traffic -	3E) Struck by traffic - sampling from a bridge or roadway.	
	sampling from a	Wear orange/yellow safety vest	
	bridge or roadway.	• Use buddy system.	L
		 Use traffic cones and a lookout. 	
		 Attempt to sample away from the bridge if possible 	
4. Access sample locations	4A) Falling into water	4A) Falling into water	
r	, 5	• Limit access to water.	
		 Use equipment that facilitates reaching the location from a safe distance. 	L
		• Work using the buddy system. Wear PFD if working over water.	



AHA – Sediment Sampling from Shore Activity Description

Job Steps	Hazards	Controls	RAC
	4B) Slips trips and falls	 4B) Slips trips and falls Wear appropriate footwear. Survey and clear walking area. Do not walk on slippery surfaces. Housekeeping. 	L
	4C) Stuck in the mud or sand	 4C) Stuck in the mud or sand Ensure secure footing. Provide walkways, platforms or secure walking surface. Use the buddy system and maintain communications with support staff. (See AHA for Working in Muddy Areas) 	L
	4D) Vermin, leaches, Insect/animal born disease	 4D) Vermin, leaches, Insect/animal born disease Survey the area for dens, nests, etc. Identify areas where biological hazards may be present. Be aware of your surroundings. Wear insect netting clothing or apply insect repellant on all exposed skin surfaces as appropriate – consider sample contamination Wear long sleeve shirt and full length pants Wear appropriate footwear (snake boots, etc.) Avoid high grass areas if possible Tuck pants leg into boot Do not put hand/arm into/under an area that you can not see into/under clearly Do not touch any suspected contaminant without appropriate hand PPE Wash hands as soon as possible upon completion of task. Perform routine inspections for ticks, leaches, etc. of yourself and co-workers. Contract vermin relocation, if applicable. Remain vigilant and respectful of wildlife. See AHA for Insects, Stings and Bites See AHA for Dog – Wildlife Safety. 	L



AHA – Sediment Sampling from Shore Activity Description

Job Steps	Hazards	Controls	RAC
•	4E) Weather – temperature	4E) Weather – temperature extremes	
	extremes	 Train workers about weather and appropriate precautions. 	
		• Heat:	
		o Familiarize self with signs of heat related illnesses: cramps, heat rash, dehydration, heat	
		exhaustion, and heat stroke.	
		• Sun:	
		o Keep body protected	
		 Wear sunscreen, wide brimmed hat or hardhat. 	1
		 Drink plenty of fluids to remain hydrated. 	-
		o Schedule work for cool part of day.	
		o Take breaks in the shade.	
		• Wind:	
		o Wear layered clothing, gloves, hard hat with winter liner, etc.	
		• Cold:	
		o During cold weather - layer clothing and wear wind impervious outerwear	
		o During warm months – wear a long sleeve cotton/breathable fabric shirt and pant.	
5. Sample collection	5A) Same as Item #4	5A) Same as Item #4 above.	L
	above.		
	5B) Bending, pulling,	5B) Bending, pulling, twisting	_
	twisting	 Use a vibrating or wiggling motion on the sample device to break the soil suction. 	L
		Proper lifting technique.	
	5C) Splash	5C) Splash	
		• Wear appropriate safety glasses (tinted for sun).	
		Be aware if sampling water through a filter, if it becomes plugged with sediment it may	L
		unexpectedly "blow off" the hose and splash.	
	55) 61	• Change filter prior to sedimentation back pressure.	
	5D) Chemical exposure	5D) Chemical exposure	
		 Wear PPE including protective gloves, coveralls, safety glasses as appropriate. 	
		Work upwind of the sample location.	
		Minimize exposure using a shovel/spoon or tool to collect the sample. Minimize exposure using a shovel/spoon or tool to collect the sample.	L
		Review and understand MSDS for all chemicals being handled.	
		Be careful when handling acids and caustic substances. When the set PPF and a self-band of the set of th	
	FD Victorial	Wear adequate PPE and wash hands after completion of task. SEX Variation of the second of	
	5E) Vegetation, sticks,	5E) Vegetation, sticks, reeds, - cuts and punctures	
	reeds, - cuts and	• Clear access to site.	L
	punctures	Be familiar with toxic plants such as poison ivy. Avoid such plants. We have a label of a poison in the state of the	
		 Wash thoroughly after accidental contact with toxic materials and plants. 	



AHA – Sediment Sampling from Shore Activity Description

Job Steps	Hazards	Controls	RAC
6. Sample preparation.	6A) Lifting heavy objects (covers, pumps, sampling equipment, coolers, etc.) Muscle strain	 6A) Lifting heavy objects (covers, pumps, sampling equipment, coolers, etc.) Muscle strain Use proper ergonomics when lifting heavy objects Use appropriate mechanical assistance and tools when possible. 	L
	6B) Chemical Exposure	 6B) Chemical Exposure Wear PPE including protective gloves, coveralls, safety glasses as appropriate. Wash/wipe or decontaminate exterior of sample containers and equipment. Use care handling preservatives (acids/bases.) See Working with Preservatives AHA 	L
	6C) Sharps and knives	6C) Sharps and knives • Use care handling tape dispensers, knives and sharp objects.	L
	6D) Extreme cold (ice preservation)	 6D) Extreme cold (ice preservation) Minimize exposure to ice. Use a shovel/spoon or tool to fill bags for preserving samples in coolers. 	L
7. Site exit and drive home or next site.	7A) Vehicle contamination	 7A) Vehicle contamination Wash hands promptly. Contaminated PPE (booties, Tyvek, nitrile gloves) should be disposed on-site. Remove boots and soiled clothing for secure storage in trunk; decontaminate as soon as possible. Update exposure log. 	L
	7B) Traffic hazards.	7B) Traffic hazards. • See AHA for Mobilization / Demobilization and Site Preparation.	L

Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

LIQUINOX ISOBUTYLENE IN AIR

Effective date: 05/12/2015 **Revision:** 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

1 Identification of the Substance/mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: LIQUINOX

Application of the substance / the preparation: Hand detergent.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

No additional information available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Alconox, Inc. 30 Glenn St., Suite 309 White Plains, NY 10603 Phone: 914-948-4040

Further information obtainable from: Product Safety Department.



ChemTel Inc.: (800)255-3924, +1 (813)248-0585



2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC:



Skin Irrit. 2, H315: Causes skin irritation.

Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment:

The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version.

Classification system:

The classification is according to the latest editions of the EU-lists, and extended by company and literature data

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS07

Signal word: Warning

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Alkyl benzene sulfonic acid, sodium salt.

Effective date: 05/12/2015 **Revision:** 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

Hazard statements:

H315: Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements:

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other Hazard description:

WHMIS-classification and symbols:

D2B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects



NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)



2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable. **vPvB:** Not applicable.

HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)

HEALTH	1	Health = 1
FIRE	0	Fire = 0
REACTIVITY	0	Reactivity = 0

3 Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.2 Chemical characterization: Mixture

Description: Hazardous ingredients of mixture listed below.

Identifying Nos.	Description	Wt. %
CAS: 68081-81-2	Alkyl benzene sulfonic acid, sodium salt	10 - 25%
CAS: 1300-72-7 EINECS: 215-090-9	Sodium xylene sulphonate	2.5 - 10%
CAS: 84133-50-6	Alcohol Ethoxylate	2.5 - 10%
CAS: 68603-42-9 EINECS: 271-657-0	Coconut diethanolamide	2.5 - 10%
CAS: 17572-97-3 EINECS: 241-543-5	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tripotassium salt	2.5 - 10%

Additional information: For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.

Effective date: 05/12/2015 **Revision:** 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

4 First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information:

Take affected persons out into the fresh air.

After inhalation:

Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly for 30 minutes. If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

After eye contact:

Remove contact lenses if worn.

Rinse opened eye for at least 30 minutes under running water, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally. Immediately consult a doctor.

After swallowing:

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately. Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

A person vomiting while laying on their back should be turned onto their side.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritating, all routes of exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

No additional information available.

5 Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

No additional information available.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

6 Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Particular danger of slipping on leaked/spilled product.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Dilute with plenty of water.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Clean the affected area carefully; suitable cleaners are: Warm water

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information

7 Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

No special precautions are necessary if used correctly.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

No special measures required.

Effective date: 05/12/2015 Revision: 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Storage:

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: No special requirements. Information about storage in one common storage facility: No special requirements.

Further information about storage conditions: None

7.3 Specific end use(s): No additional information available.

8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls:

Personal protective equipment:

General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection:

Not required under normal conditions of use.

Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product. Selection of the glove material should be based on the penetration time, rates of diffusion and the degradation of the glove material.

Material of gloves:

The selection of a suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on the quality, and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Penetration time of glove material:

The exact break through time has to be determined by the manufacturer of the protective gloves. DO NOT exceed the breakthrough time set by the Manufacturer.

For long term contact, gloves made of the following materials are considered suitable:

Butyl rubber, BR Nitrile rubber, NBR Natural rubber (NR) Neoprene gloves

Eye protection:



Safety glasses

Goggles recommended during refilling.

Body protection: Protective work clothing

Effective date: 05/12/2015 Revision: 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

9 Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

General Information:

Appearance:

Form: Liquid
Color: Light Yellow
Odor: Odorless
Odor threshold: Not determined.

pH-value: 8.5

Change in condition:

Melting point/Melting range: Not determined.

Boiling point/Boiling range: 100°C

Flash point:

Flammability (solid, gaseous):

Ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not determined.

Self-igniting: Product is not selfigniting.

Danger of explosion: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Explosion limits:

Lower: Not determined. **Upper:** Not determined.

Vapor pressure at 20°C:23 hPaDensity:1.08 g/cm³Relative density:Not determined.Vapor density:Not determined.Evaporation rate:Not determined.Solubility in / Miscibility with water:Fully miscible.Segregation coefficient (n-octanol/water):Not determined.

Viscosity:

Dynamic: Not determined. **Kinematic:** Not determined.

Solvent content:

Organic solvents:
Solids content:
Not determined.
Not determined.

9.2 Other information:No additional information available.

10 Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:

10.2 Chemical stability:

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Reacts with strong acids.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

No additional information available.

10.5 Incompatible materials:

No additional information available.

Effective date: 05/12/2015 Revision: 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Sulphur oxides (SOx) Nitrogen oxides

11 Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Toxicity data: Toxicity data is available for mixture:

Primary irritant effect:

On the skin: Irritating to skin and mucous membranes.

On the eye: Strong irritant with the danger of severe eye injury.

Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

Additional toxicological information:

The product shows the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General EU Classification Guidelines for Preparations as issued in the latest version: Irritant

12 Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity:

Aquatic toxicity: No additional information available.

- **12.2 Persistence and degradability:** Biodegradable.
- **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:** Does not accumulate in organisms.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil: No additional information available.

Additional ecological information:

General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water.

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or un-neutralized.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

PBT: Not applicable. **vPvB:** Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No additional information available.

13 Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Recommendation:

Smaller quantities can be disposed of with household waste.

Small amounts may be diluted with plenty of water and washed away. Dispose of bigger amounts in accordance with Local Authority requirements.

The surfactant used in this product complies with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Recommended cleansing agents: Water, together with cleansing agents, if necessary.

14 Transport Information

14.1 UN-Number:

DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA: Not Regulated

14.2 UN proper shipping name:

DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA: Not Regulated

Effective date: 05/12/2015 Revision: 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA:

Class: Not Regulated

Label: -

14.4 Packing group:

DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA: Not Regulated

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user: Not applicable.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.

UN "Model Regulation": Not Regulated

15 Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

United States (USA):

SARA:

Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances): None of the ingredient is listed.

Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings): None of the ingredient is listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act): All ingredients are listed.

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer: None of the ingredient is listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females: None of the ingredient is listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males: None of the ingredient is listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity: None of the ingredient is listed.

Carcinogenic Categories:

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency): None of the ingredient is listed.

TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH): None of the ingredient is listed.

NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health): None of the ingredient is listed.

OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration): None of the ingredient is listed.

Canadá:

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL): All ingredients are listed.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%): None of the ingredient is listed.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%): None of the ingredient is listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other Information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases:

H315: Causes skin irritation.

Effective date: 05/12/2015 **Revision:** 05/12/2015

LIQUINOX

Abbreviations and Acronyms:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

DOT: US Department of Transportation. IATA: International Air Transport Association.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA). HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA).

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada).

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU).

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.

SDS Created by:

Global Safety Management, Inc. 10006 Cross Creek Blvd Tampa, FL, 33647 Tel: 1-844-GSM-INFO (1-844-476-4636) Website: www.GSMSDS.com

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Instrumentation for Environmental, Process & Industrial Hygiene Monitoring

Isobutylene in Air MSDS

Home

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET - CALIBRATION CHECK GAS/ISOBUTYLENE IN AIR

PRODUCT NAME: 100 PPM ISOBUTYLENE/AIR (100 PPM ISOBUTYLENE/AIR) MSDS

Version: 4 Date: January, 2004

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification PID ANALYZERS, LLC 25 Walpole Park Drive South Walpole, MA 02081 TELEPHONE NUMBER: (508) 660-5001 24-HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER: 1-617-699-4307 FAX NUMBER: (508) 660-5040 E-MAIL: sales@hnu.com

PRODUCT NAME: ISOBUTYLENE (100 PPM – 0.9%) IN AIR

CHEMICAL NAME: Isobutylene in air

COMMON NAMES/ SYNONYMS: Calibration Gas

CLASSIFICATION: 2.2 WHIMIS CLASSIFICTATION: A, D2A, D2B

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT %: Isobutylene 0.0001-0.9/Air 99-99.9999

VOLUME: 17L PEL-OSHA: N/A TLV-ACGIH: N/A

LD50or LC50Route/Species: N/A

FORMULA: C4H8/Air 99.0

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONEMERGENCY OVERVIEW Release of this product may produce oxygen-deficient atmospheres (especially in confined spaces or other poorly ventilated environments); individuals in such atmospheres may be asphyxiated. **Isobutylene** may cause drowsiness and other central nervous system effects in high concentrations; however, due to the low concentration of this gas mixture, this is unlikely to occur.

ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Skin: No

Contact Skin: No Absorption: No Eye Contact: No Inhalation: Yes Ingestion: No

HEALTH EFFECTS:

Exposure Limits: Yes

Irritant: No Sensitization: No

Reproductive Hazard: No

Mutagen: No

Carcinogenicity: No

NTP: No IARC: No OSHA: No

EYE EFFECTS: N/A. SKIN EFFECTS: N/A.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET - CALIBRATION CHECK GAS

PRODUCT NAME: ISOBUTYLENE (1 PPM - 0.9%) IN AIR

INGESTION EFFECTS: Ingestion unlikely. Gas at room temperature.

INHALATION EFFECTS: Due to the small size of this cylinder, no unusual health effects from

over-exposure are anticipated under normal routine use.

NFPA HAZARD CODES HMIS HAZARD CODES RATING SYSTEM

Health: 1

Flammability: **0** Flammability: **0** Reactivity: **0**

*0= No Hazard, 1= Slight Hazard, 2= Moderate Hazard, 3= Serious Hazard, 4=

Severe Hazard

4. FIRST AID MEASURES EYES: N/A

SKIN: N/A

INGESTION: Not required

INHALATION: PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASED OF OVEREXPOSURE. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED THE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Victims should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. If breathing has stopped administer artificial resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Further treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES These containers hold gas under pressure, with no liquid phase. If involved in a major fire, they should be sprayed with water to avoid pressure increases, otherwise pressures will rise and ultimately they may distort or burst to release the contents. The gases will not add significantly to the fire, but containers or fragments may be

projected considerable distances - thereby hampering fire fighting efforts.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES In terms of weight, these containers hold very little contents, such that any accidental release by puncturing etc. will be of no practical concern.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase rate of product from the cylinder. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 130oF (54oC).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Use adequate ventilation for extended use of gas.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET - CALIBRATION CHECK GAS PRODUCT NAME: ISOBUTYLENE (1 PPM - 0.9%) IN AIR

- **9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES PARAMETER: VALUE:** Physical state : Gas Evaporation point : N/A pH : N/A Odor and appearance : Colorless, odorless gas
- **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** Stable under normal conditions. Expected shelf life 24 months.

- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No toxicological damage caused by this product.
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION No ecological damage caused by this product.
- **13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION** Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Used containers are acceptable for disposal in the normal waste stream as long as the cylinder is empty and valve removed or cylinder wall is punctured.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

United States DOT/Canada TDG PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

Compressed Gas N.O.S. Compressed Gas N.O.S. (Isobutylene in Air)

HAZARD CLASS: 2.2

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN1956 SHIPPING LABEL: NONFLAMMABLE GAS

- **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION Isobutylene** is listed under the accident prevention provisions of section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) with a threshold quantity (TQ) of 10,000 pounds.
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION This MSDS has been prepared in accordance with the Chemicals

(Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply (Amendment) Regulation 1996. The information is based on the best knowledge of PID Analyzers, LLC , and its advisors and is given in good faith, but we cannot guarantee its accuracy, reliability or completeness and therefore disclaim any liability for loss or damage arising out of use of this data. Since conditions of use are outside the control of the Company and its advisors we disclaim any liability for loss or damage when the product is used for other purposes than it is intended. MSDS/S010/248/January, 2004

Top

Contaminant Fact Sheets

PCBs-Aroclor
1242(Method 8082)
Aroclor 1254(Method
8082)
Aroclor 1260(Method
8082)
PCBs (Total as 1254, on
site)
Arsenic
Barium
Chromium
Hexavalent Chromium
Copper
Manganese
Nickel

CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET

		HEA	LTH HAZARD DAT	A						
		Physical State: Solid Liquid Gas Odor: Mild, Hydrocarbon			Carcinogen: OSHA IARC X NTP X ACGIH X NIOSH X	Source	TWA (units) ppm	STEL (units) ppm	C (units) ppm	
CONTAMINA FACT SHEE	Skin absorbable Yes X Skin corrosive: Yes				OSHA PELs	1 mg/m ³ Skin				
Chemical Name: PCBs (42% Chlorine) CAS Number: 435469-21-9	Odor Threshold: Vapor Density: Vapor Pressure	11.5 0.001 mmH	g	Signs/Symptoms of Acute Exposu Irritates the eyes; chloracne; liver damage; reproductive effects. Carcinogen.	ACGIH TLVs	1 mg/m ³ Skin				
Synonyms: Chlorodiphenyl (42% Chlorine Araclor 1242, Polychlorinated biphenyl);	Ionization Potential (IP): Unk IDLH: Ca (5 mg/m³)				NIOSH RELs	0.001 mg/m ³			
	AIR MONITORIN	G			PERSONAL PROTECTIVE	EQUIPMENT	FII	RE/REACTIVI	TY DATA	
Туре	Brand/Model	Calibrations	Relative Response or	Meter Specific	Recommended Protective Clothing		Flash Point:	RE/REACTIVI N/A	TY DATA	
Туре			Response or Conversion	Specific Action					TY DATA	
Туре	Brand/Model	Calibrations	Response or	Specific	Recommended Protective Clothing	g Materials:	Flash Point:	N/A N/A	Foam	N/A N/A
	Brand/Model	Calibrations	Response or Conversion	Specific Action	Recommended Protective Clothing Suits Saranex	g Materials:	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: Fire Extinguishi Dry Chemical Water Spray	N/A N/A ing Media: N/A N/A		N/A N/A
	Brand/Model No.	Calibrations Method/Media	Response or Conversion Factor	Specific Action Level	Recommended Protective Clothing Suits Saranex Gloves Viton or Neoprene	g Materials: e	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: Fire Extinguishi Dry Chemical	N/A N/A ing Media: N/A N/A N/A	Foam	
Dust Meter **Action limit will be based on soil concentrations. Contact	Brand/Model No.	Calibrations Method/Media	Response or Conversion Factor	Specific Action Level	Recommended Protective Clothing Suits Saranex Gloves Viton or Neoprene Boots Butyl, Nitrile	g Materials: e m): **	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: Fire Extinguishi Dry Chemical Water Spray Incompatibilities	N/A N/A ing Media: N/A N/A N/A	Foam	

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CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET

Α					HEALTH	I HAZARD DATA					
		Color: Physical State	ical State Solid X (below 50° F) Liquid (Viscous)		Carcinogen: OSHA IARC NTP ACGIH	X X X		Source	TWA (units)	STEL (units)	C (units)
CONTAMINAN FACT SHEET	5 (5 () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	Odor:	-	Hydrocarbon	NIOSH Skin absorbable Skin corrosive	yes X no yes X no		OSHA PELs	0.5 mg/m³		
Chemical Name PCB-1254 CAS Number: 11097-69-1		Odor Threshold Vapor Density	1	N/A N/A	Signs/Symptoms of Acu Irritant to eyes, chloracr			ACGIH TLVs	0.5 mg/m³		
Synonyms Aroclor-1254, Chlorodipheny Polychlorinated bipheny		Ionization Poter	· · · _	Unknown 5 mg/m³				NIOSH RELs	0.001 mg/m ³		
	A I D NA	ONITORING									
	AIR:WIL	MITORING			PERSONAL PRO	TECTIVE EQUIPMENT	Т. : : : : :	·····Ft	RE/REACTIVI	FY DATA	
Туре	Brand/Mode	Calibrations	Relative		Recommended Protecti	ve Clothing Materials		1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	NA	FY DATA	
Туре		<u>'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-'-</u>	Relative Response Conversio Factor	or Specific		ve Clothing Materials			NA	TY DATA	
	Brand/Mode	Calibrations	Response Conversion	s or Specific or Action	Recommended Protecti Suits Saranex Gloves Viton Bu Teflon, N	ive Clothing Materials		Flash Point:	NA NA	Foam CO ₂	<u>x</u> x
Type Not Applicable	Brand/Mode	Calibrations	Response Conversion	s or Specific or Action	Recommended Protecti Suits Saranex Gloves Viton Bu	ive Clothing Materials		Flash Point: LEL/UEL: NA/I Fire Extinguish Dry Chemical	NA NA ning Media X X X	— Foam	
	Brand/Mode	Calibrations	Response Conversion	s or Specific or Action	Recommended Protecti Suits Saranex Gloves Viton Bu Teflon, N	tyl Rubbei		Flash Point: LEL/UEL: NA/I Fire Extinguish Dry Chemical Water Spray Incompatibilities	NA NA ning Media X X X	— Foam	
	Brand/Mode	Calibrations	Response Conversion	s or Specific or Action	Recommended Protecti Suits Saranex Gloves Viton Bu Teflon, N Boots	tyl Rubbei Jeoprene ration (ppm) TWA x 10 = 5 m	ng/m³ ng/m⁻	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: NA/I Fire Extinguish Dry Chemical Water Spray Incompatibilities	NA NA ning Media X X X	— Foam	

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CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET

					HEALTH I	HAZARD DATA					
		Color: Physical State:	· · · · <u> · </u>	yellow elow 50° F) cous)	Carcinogen: OSHA IARC NTP ACGIH	X X X		Source	TWA (units)	STEL (units)	C (units)
CONTAMINA FACT SHEE		Odor:		rocarbon-like	NIOSH Skin absorbable: Skin corrosive:	yes X no yes X no		OSHA PELs	0.5 mg/m ³ (1254)		
Chemical Name: Aroclors-General 1336-36-3 CAS Number: 11097-69-1, 53	<u> </u>	Odor Threshold: Vapor Density:	NA	-	Signs/Symptoms of Acute Irritant to eyes, chloracne,			ACGIH TLVs	0.5 mg/m ³ (1254)		
Synonyms: Chlorodiphenyls Polychlorinated biphenyls (PC	Bs):	Ionization Potential (IP): Unknown IDLH: 5 mg/m³						NIOSH RELs	0.001 mg/m ³ (1254)		
	AIR M	ONITORING			PERSONAL PROTE	CTIVE EQUIPMENT	T.	FIF	RE/REACTIVIT	TY DATA	
Туре	Danie d'Marialat										
	Brand/Model No.	Calibrations Method/Media	Relative Response or Conversion Factor	Meter Specific Action Level	Neoprene, Barricade,	Butyl Rubber, Viton, Teflon, Responder		Flash Point: LEL/UEL: <u>NA/N</u>	<u> </u>		
Dust Meter	No.	Method/Media	Response or Conversion Factor	Specific Action	Suits Saranex, E Neoprene, Barricade, Viton, Buty Teflon, Ne	Butyl Rubber, Viton, Teflon, Responder // Rubber oprene		•	NA	Foam CO ₂	X X
**Action limit will be based on soil concentrations. Contact			Response or Conversion	Specific Action Level	Suits Saranex, E Neoprene, Barricade, Viton, Buty Teflon, Ne Boots Butyl Rubt	Butyl Rubber, Viton, Teflon, Responder Il Rubber oprene per, Neoprene		LEL/UEL: NA/N Fire Extinguishin Dry Chemical	ng Media: X X		
**Action limit will be based on	No.	Method/Media	Response or Conversion Factor	Specific Action Level	Suits Saranex, E Neoprene, Barricade, Viton, Buty Teflon, Ne	Butyl Rubber, Viton, Teflon, Responder Vi Rubber Oprene Der, Neoprene On (ppm):	**	Eire Extinguishin Dry Chemical Water Spray	ng Media: X X		
**Action limit will be based on soil concentrations. Contact	No.	Method/Media	Response or Conversion Factor	Specific Action Level	Suits Saranex, E Neoprene, Barricade, Viton, Buty Teflon, Ne Boots Butyl Rubt Service Limit Concentration	Butyl Rubber, Viton, Teflon, Responder Vi Rubber Oprene Der, Neoprene On (ppm):	 -	Eire Extinguishin Dry Chemical Water Spray	ng Media: X X		

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					HEALTH HAZARD DATA					
		Color: Silver/	dark gray, yellow		Carcinogen: OSHA X		TWA	STEL	С	
	7	Physical State	: Solid X		IARC X	Source	(units)	(units)	(units)	
			Liquid		NTP X					
			Gas		ACGIH X					
	CONTAMINANT				NIOSH X					
CONTAMINAL FACT SHEET	Odor Thresho	ld NA		Skin absorbable: No						
FACI SHEE	Vapor Density	: NA		Skin corrosive: No						
Chemical Name:		Ionization Pot	ential (IP): NA		Signs/Symptoms of Acute Exposure:					
<u>Arsenic</u>		IDLH: 5 mg/n	n^3		Ulceration of nasal septum; dermatitis; gastrointestinal	OSHA	0.01 mg/m ³			
01-20 1 (02-20 01)	CAS Number: 7440-38-2 Synonyms:				disturbances; peripheral neuropathy; respiratory irritation, hemolytic anemia, cardiovascular instability;	PELs	(inorganic)			
					bloody stools; facial and peripheral edema; acute encephalopathy; metallic taste, garlicky breath odor;	ACGIH TLVs	0.01 mg/m ³ (inorganic)			
					fatigue, anorexia with weight loss; hair loss; hyperpigmentation and hyperkeratosis of skin	NIOSH RELs			0.002 mg/m ³	
	AIR MON	ITORING			PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		FIRE/REACT	IVITY DAT	`A	
Туре	Brand/Model No.	Calibration Method/Media	Relative Response or Conversion Factor	Meter Specific Action Level	Recommended Protective Clothing Materials: Suits Any chemical-resistant	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: Fire Extingui		a.		
Collection on 0.87 micron MCEF filter at a maximum flow rate of 2 liters/minute	NA	NA	NA	NA	Gloves Any chemical-resistant	Dry Chemica	Dry Chemical X Foam X Water Spray X CO ₂ X			
until a collection volume of 480-960 liters is reached. Analysis by liquid					Boots Any chemical-resistant	Incompatibilities: Strong oxidizers, bromine azide				
Dust meter	Any		N/A	**	Service Limit Concentration (ppm): NA	Hydrogen ga gas arsine	as can react with a	arsenic to fo	rm the high toxic	
**Action limit will be based on soil concentrations. Contact C. Sundquist for action limits.					MUC 1/2 Mask APR = TWA x 10 = **0.1 mg/m³ MUC Full-Face APR = TWA x *50 = ** 0.5 mg/m³ *If quantitative fit testing is conducted, otherwise, use protection factor of 10					
Checked by: Joanne Bacchu	ıs		Date: (06/04/08	*If contaminant in soil, contact C. Sundquist for action limits	"				

CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET

					HEALTH HAZARD DATA				
		,	White Solid X Liquid	_	Carcinogen: OSHA IARC NTP ACGIH	Source	TWA (units)	STEL (units)	C (units)
CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET		Odor:	Gas Non	- - e	NIOSH Skin absorbable: yes no _X _ Skin corrosive: yes no _X _	OSHA PEL	0.5 mg/m ³		
Chemical Name: Barium CAS Number: 7440-39-3		Odor Threshold: Vapor Density:	NA NA		Signs/Symptoms of Acute Exposure: Upper respiratory tract irritation, gastroenteritis,muscle spasms, slow pulse, eye/skin irritant, slow heart rate	ACGIH TLVs	0.5 mg/m ³		
Synonyms:		Ionization Potenti		ng/m ³		NIOSH RELs	0.5 mg/m³		
	AIR MO	NITORING			PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	FI FI	RE/REACTIV	ITY DATA	
Type Bra	rand/Model No.	Calibrations Method/Media	Relative Response or Conversion	Meter Specific Action	Recommended Protective Clothing Materials: Suits Any chemical - resistant	Flash Point: LEL/UEL:	NA Not Combust		
, and the second	rand/Model	Calibrations	Response or	Specific	Recommended Protective Clothing Materials: Suits Any chemical - resistant Gloves Any chemical - resistant	Flash Point:	NA Not Combust		
Type Bra	rand/Model	Calibrations	Response or Conversion	Specific Action	Recommended Protective Clothing Materials: Suits Any chemical - resistant Gloves Any chemical - resistant Boots Any chemical - resistant	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: Fire Extinguish Dry Chemical	NA Not Combust ing Media: X —— S:	tible * Foam	
, and the second	rand/Model	Calibrations	Response or Conversion	Specific Action	Recommended Protective Clothing Materials: Suits Any chemical - resistant Gloves Any chemical - resistant	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: Fire Extinguish Dry Chemical Water Spray Incompatibilities	NA Not Combust ing Media: X —— Si. s, water	tible * Foam CO ₂	gnite in

2003 by MACTEC Engineering & Consulting, Inc.

						H	EALTH H	IAZARD DATA				
and the same	_	Color: Blue-w	hite to steel-gray		Carci	nogen: OSHA				TWA	STEL	C
	7	Physical State:	Solid X			IARC		X	Source Source	(units)	(units)	(units)
			Liquid			NTP		X				
-			Gas			ACGIH		X				
		Odor: Odorless				NIOSH X						
CONTAMINAN		Odor Threshold N/A				absorbable: No						
FACT SHEET		Vapor Density	: N/A		Skin	corrosive: No						
Chemical Name:	Ionization Pote	ential (IP): N/A		Signs	/Symptoms of Act	ute Exposu	re:					
Chromium	CI :			_		es eyes and lungs	_		OSHA	0.1 ppm (Cr);	CrVI = 0.005	
CAS Number: <u>7440-47-</u>	Chromium CAS Number: 7440-47-3 IDLH: 250 mg/m ³								PELs	0.005 (CrO3); 0.5 (CrII/III);	mg/m ³	
Synonyms:	_								ACGIH	0.5 mg/m ³		
Chrome, Chromium meta	al								TLVs	0.5 mg/m		
									NIOSH	0.5 ppm		
									RELs	(Cr); 0.001 ppm(CrVI)		
										ppin(C1 + 1)		
	AIR MONIT				F	ERSONAL PRO	DTECTIVI	E EQUIPMENT		FIRE/REA(TIVITY DATA	
Туре	Brand/Model No.	Calibrations Method/Med	Relative Resonse or	Meter Specific					Flash Poin	-		
		ia	Conversion	Action		mended Protective	_			NA / NA		
			Factor	Level	Suits	Tyvek, Polycoate	ted Tyvkes		ll '	guishing Media: ical X	Foam X	
						-			II .	ay X		
Dust meter	Any		N/A	**	Gloves	Any chemical –r	resistant Gl	oves	water spr	<u></u>	CO ₂ <u>R</u>	
**Action limit will be based			- "						Incompati	bilities:		
on soil concentrations. Contact C. Sundquist for					Boots	Any chemical –r	resistant bo	ots	Strong ox	idizers, alkalis		
action limits						-						
					Service	Limit Concentrate	ntion (ppm):	: NA				
						1/2 Mask APR = '		_				
								$0 = * \frac{\text{*}0.25 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\text{*}0.25 \text{ mg/m}^3}$				
Checked by: Joanne Bacchus			Date	06/04/08	*If qua	ntitative fit testing	g is conduc	ted, otherwise, use	II protection factor of	of 10		
Checked by. Joanne Dacenus	,		Date.	00/04/00	1	-	_		Contact C. Sundqui			

						Н	IEALTH HAZARD DATA				
		Color: Dark	red Flakes or pov	wder	Carcino	ogen: OSHA	X	Source	TWA	STEL	С
211	P	Physical State	: Solid X			IARC <u>X</u>			(units)	(units)	(units)
			Liquid		NTP <u>X</u>						
-			Gas			ACGIH X					
		Odor: <u>Q</u>	Odor: <u>Odorless</u>			NIOSH <u>X</u>					
CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET		Odor Thresho	ld <u>N/A</u>		Skin at	bsorbable: No					
FACT SHEET		Vapor Density	y: <u>N/A</u>		Skin co	orrosive: Yes					
Chemical Name:		Ionization Pot	ential (IP): N/A	<u> </u>	Signs/S	Symptoms of Ac	cute Exposure:				
Hexavalent Chromium		IDLH: <u>15 mg</u>	$\sqrt{m^3}$		Irritates t	the eyes, the skir	n and the respiratory track. Cough,	OSHA	0.005 mg/m ³		
CAS Number: 1333-8	2-0				Laborad	broothing short	ness of breath. Eyes - permanent	PELs			
Synonyms: Chromic Acid					Labored	breauing, snoru	ness of breath. Eyes - permanent	ACGIH TLVs	0.05 mg/m^3		
Chromium trioxide				_	Loss of v	vision		NIOSH	0.001 mg/m ³		
Chromic Anhydride								RELs	0.001 mg/m		
	AID MON	NITORING			DI	EDCONAL DDC	OTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		EIDE/DEAC	TIVITY DAT	1A
Type	Brand/Model	Calibrations	Relative	Meter	FF	EKSONAL PKO	JIECTIVE EQUIPMENT				
Туре	No.	Method/Media	Response or	Specific	Dagama	mandad Duataativ	ve Clothing Materials:	Flash Point:	NA / NA		
			Conversion Factor	Action Level		Uncoated Tyvek			ishing Media:		
Personal sampling		Calibrate	NA	NA	-		eks	1	cal	Foam	
- OSHA Method ID215		pumps						1	y	CO ₂	
Dust Meter	Any		N/A	*	Gloves	Any Chemical re	resistant Gloves				
*Action Limit based on soil concentration. Contact C.								Incompatib			
Sundquist for action limits					Boots	Any Chemical re	resistant Boots		e, organic, or othe wood, sulfur, alu	•	
					Service	Limit Concentra	ation (ppm):	(eg., paper,	wood, sulfur, alu	mmum, piasue,	cic.)
					MUC 1	/2 Mask APR =	TWA x $10 = **0.01 \text{ mg/m}^3$				
							$= TWA \times 50 = **0.01 \text{ mg/m}^3$				
						of 50 can be used	d only if quantitative fit testing				
Checked by:	<u>I</u>		Date:		is done **Actio	on limit will be ba	ased on soil concentrations. Contac	II et C. Sundquist	for action limits		

					HEALTH HAZARD DATA				
All the second		Color: Red	dish gold metallic		Carcinogen: OSHA		TWA (units)	STEL (units)	C
200		Physical State	e: Solid	X	IARC	Source	(units)		
			Liquid		NTP				
The state of the s			Gas		ACGIH				
		Odor:	NA		NIOSH				
CONTAMINANT		Odor Thresho	old <u>NA</u>		Skin absorbable: Yes				
FACT SHEET		Vapor Densit	ty: NA		Skin corrosive: No				
Chemical Name:		Ionization Po	tential (IP):	NA	Signs/Symptoms of Acute Exposure:				
Copper		IDLH: 100	mg/m ³		Fumes/dust may cause eye/upper respiratory irritation;	OSHA	1 mg/m ³		
CAS Number: <u>7440-50-8</u>			•		may induce allergic contact dermatitits in susceptible individuals. Ingestion causes nausea, vomiting,	PELs			
Synonyms:					abdominal pain, metallic taste, and diarrhea.	ACGIH TLVs	1 mg/m ³		
Cu, copper metal dusts					Ingestion of large doses may cause stomach and intestine ulceration, jaundice, and kidney and liver		1 / 3		
					damage.	NIOSH RELs	1 mg/m ³		
	AIR MONITOR	· -	T		PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		FIRE/REACT	IVITY DAT	ГА
Type	Brand/Model No.	Calibration Method/	Relative Response or	Meter Specific			NA		
	Media	Media	ledia Conversion Factor	Action Level	Recommended Protective Clothing Materials: Suits Tyvek, Polycoated Tyvkes	-	NA ishing Media:		
Collection on a Mixed Cellulose			Factor	Level	Suits Tyvek, Polycoated Tyvkes	_	al <u>X</u>	Foam	X
Ester Filter (MCEF) 0.8 microns at a	NA	NA	NA	NA		=			<u>X</u>
flow rate of 2 liters/minute until a maximum collection volume of 960					Gloves Any chemical –resistant Gloves	Note: Do no	t allow molten cop		
liters is reached. Analysis via AAS or ICP									
Dust meter	Any		N/A	**	Boots Any chemical –resistant boots	Incompatibi			: .
**Action limit will be based on soil			- "			chlorates,	iolently with an iodates, chloride	, ethylene	oxide, hydrazine
concentrations. Contact C. Sundquist for action limits					Service Limit Concentration (ppm):		ate, hydrazoic aci etylene gas and ma		
					MUC $1/2$ Mask APR = TWA x $10 = **10 \text{ mg/m}^3$	oxide, acc	tylene gas and ma	ignesium m	ctai
					-MUC Full-Face APR = TWA x *50 = $\frac{**50}{}$ mg/m ³				
Checked by:			Date:		*If quantitative fit testing is conducted, otherwise, use protection factor of 10				
					**Action limit will be based on soil concentrations. Contact C. Sundquist for action limits				

CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET

	9999				HEALTH	HAZARD DAT	Α				
		Color: Physical State:	Silvery Solid X Liquid	_	Carcinogen: OSHA IARC NTP ACGIH			Source	TWA (units)	STEL (units)	C (units)
CONTAMINA FACT SHEE		Odor:	Gas N	Α	NIOSH Skin absorbable: Skin corrosive:	yes no yes no		OSHA PELs			5 mg/m ³
Chemical Name: Manganese CAS Number: 7439-96-5		Odor Threshold: Vapor Density:	N.	A	Signs/Symptoms of Acute Mental confusion, dry thro tight chest, flu-like fever, I pain, vomiting, fatigue	oat, cough,		ACGIH TLVs	0.2 mg/m ³		
Synonyms: Manganese metal, colloidal manganese, manganese-55		Ionization Potent		A 00 mg/m ³				NIOSH RELs	1 mg/m ³	3 mg/m ³	
	AIR MOI	NITORING			PERSONAL PROTE	CTIVE EQUIP	MENT	FII	RE/REACTIVI	TY DATA	
_											
Туре	Brand/Model No.	Calibrations Method/Media	Relative Response or Conversion Factor	Meter Specific Action Level		Clothing Mater ical-resistant ical-resistant	ials <u>:</u>	Flash Point: LEL/UEL: Fire Extinguishi Dry Chemical Water Spray	NA / NA NA / NA ing Media: X	Foam CO₂	
Type Not Applicable			Response or Conversion	Specific Action	Suits Any chem Gloves Any chem	ical-resistant ical-resistant ical-resistant	ials:	LEL/UEL: Fire Extinguishi Dry Chemical	NA / NA ing Media: X	CO ₂	=

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		HEALTH HAZARD DATA											
	Color: Silve	r metallic		Carcinogen: OSHA	_	TWA	STEL	С					
200	Physical State	: Solid	X	IARC X	Source	(units)	(units)	(units)					
		Liquid		NTP X									
-		Gas		ACGIH									
		Odor:	NA		NIOSH X								
CONTAMINANT FACT SHEET		Odor Threshold <u>NA</u>			Skin absorbable: Yes								
FACI SHEET		Vapor Density	y: <u>NA</u>		Skin corrosive: No								
Chemical Name:		Ionization Pot	ential (IP): N	A	Signs/Symptoms of Acute Exposure:								
<u>Nickel</u>		IDLH: <u>10 m</u>	g/m ³		Fumes/dust may cause eye/upper respiratory irritation;	OSHA	1 mg/m ³						
CAS Number: 7440-02-0					may induce allergic contact dermatitits in susceptible individuals.	PELs							
Synonyms: Ni. nickel metal dusts					individuals.	ACGIH TLVs	1.5 mg/m ³						
141, meker metar dusts						NIOSH	0.015 mg/m ³						
						RELs	0.015 mg/m						
	IR MONIT	CORING			PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		FIRE/REACT	VITY DAT	<u> </u>				
	Brand/	Calibration	Dolotivo	Motor	TERSONAL I ROTECTIVE EQUI MENT	FIRE/REACTIVITY DATA							
Туре	Model	Method/	Response or	Meter Specific	D. LID of Clair Moril		NA NA						
	No.	Media	Conversion Factor	Action Level	Recommended Protective Clothing Materials: Suits Uncoated Tyveks	LEL/UEL: NA Fire Extinguishing Media:							
Collection on a Mixed Cellulose Ester	NA	NA	NA	NA	Polycoated Tyveks	_	al X	Foam					
Filter (MCEF) 0.8 microns at a flow							X	CO ₂					
rate of 2 liters/minute until a maximum collection volume of 960					Gloves Any Chemical resistant Gloves		mable as dust or						
liters is reached. Analysis via AAS or ICP					Books Ann Chaminal maintant Books	vapoi	rs; dusts may combu	st spontaneo	<u>usiy</u>				
Dust Meter	Any		N/A	**	Boots Any Chemical resistant Boots	Incompatib	ilities:						
**Action Limit based on soil concentration. Contact C. Sundquist	,				Service Limit Concentration (ppm):	Strong acids, sulfur, selenium, wood & other							
for action limits					MUC $1/2$ Mask APR = TWA x $10 = **10 \text{ mg/m}^3$	combustil	bles, nickel nitrate						
					MUC Full-Face APR = TWA x *50 = $\frac{**50}{10}$ mg/m ³								
					*If quantitative fit testing is conducted, otherwise, use protection factor of 10								
Checked by:			Date:		**Action limit will be based on soil concentrations.								
Checked by:			Date:		<u></u> ∦ ^								

FIELD DATA RECORDS

									SOIL BORING					
1	1111	N /	. ^	-	77	וח		$\overline{}$	Project Name:			Boring I	D:	
		M	P	11	4		己し		AL Tech Specialty Steel - WMA Project Location: Colonie, NY	Supplemental Data Ga		Page No		
		Congress S						_	Project No.: 3612112222.03.04	Client: NYSDEC		of:		
		cation:	Hicci,	1 Ortic	III 1710	.Inc c	4101		Refusal Depth:	Total Depth:			le ID/OD:	
Weat		canon.							Soil Drilled:	Method:		Casing S		
Subce		ctor:							Protection Level: D			Sampler:		
Drille						—			Date Started: Date Completed:			Sampler ID/OD:		
Rig Type/Model:								Logged By:		Sampler 15/OD.				
Reference Elevation:								Water Level:	Checked By: Time:					
Sample Information Monitoring			,	Water Ecver.	Time.									
(s)							roup							
O Depth (feet bgs)	Sample Number Penetration/ Recovery (feet) VA			Sample Description	on and Classification		USCS Group Symbol	Remarks						
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l													SOIL BORING LOG	

	SURF	ACE SOIL SAM	PLING RECORI			
MACTEC	PROJECT NAME AL Tech Special	lty Steel - WMA - Suppleme	ental Data Gap	SAMPLE LOCATION		DATE
511 Congress Street, Portland Maine 04101	PROJECT NUMBER	3612112222.03.04		START TIME		END TIME
	SAMPLE ID		SAMPLE TIME	SITE NAME/NUMBER	1	PAGE OF
SAMPLE INFORMATION TYPE OF SAMPLE	SAMPLE INTERVAL:		COLLECTION	EQUIPMENT	DEC	CON FLUIDS USED
DISCRETE COMPOSITE QC SAMPLES	TOP BOTTOM TYPE OF MATERIAL:		HAND AUGE S.S. SPLIT BA ALUMINIUM S.S. SHOVEL	RREL PAN	LIC	L USED QUINOX/DI H ₂ O SOLUTION EIONIZED WATER VTABLE WATER
DUPLICATE EQ BLK MS/MSD:	ORGANIC SAND GRAVEL CLAY		HAND SPOOL S.S. BUCKET OTHER SAMPLE OBSER		HE 259	TRIC ACID EXANE % METHANOL/75% ASTM TYPE II H₂O HYL ALCOHOL
YES NO	FILL OTHER		ODOR COLOR OTHER PID		FIELD SI	
ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS PARAMETER	METHOD NUMBER	PRESERVATION	VOLUME REQUIRI	SAMPLE	QC	SAMPLE BOTTLE ID
PCBS TAL Metals + Mo Cr ⁻⁶	8082 6010 7199	4° C 4° C 4° C	40z G 40z G 40z G 40z G			
Sampler Signature: Checked By:	Print Name: Date:					FIGURE 4.13 L SAMPLING RECORD ANCE PROJECT PLAN