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Subject:
Operational Year 2 Annual Monitoring Report,
Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York. (Site No. 704010).

ENVIRONMENT

Dear Mr. Jacob:

On behalf of Broome County, ARCADIS is providing the Operational Year 2 Annual Monitoring Report for the Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Date:
16 March 2005

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions or comments.

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Sincerely,

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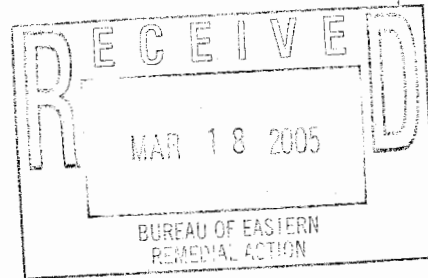
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Operational Year 2 Annual Monitoring Report

**Colesville Landfill,
Broome County, New York
NYSDEC Site 704010**

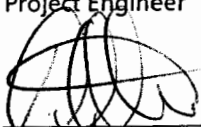


Infrastructure, buildings, environment, communications

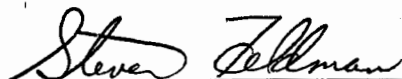
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Operational Year 2
Annual Monitoring Report

Colesville Landfill,
Broome County, New York
NYSDEC Site 704010

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Management

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County, New York

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- B New York State Department of Environmental Conservation DAR-1 Air Modeling Data
- C Automated Reagent Injection System Operating Parameters

1. Introduction

This Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 Annual Monitoring Report (Report) was prepared on behalf of the Broome County Division of Solid Waste Management to evaluate and document long-term monitoring (LTM) activities at the Colesville Landfill, located in Broome County, New York (site). Remediation and monitoring activities are being conducted pursuant to the Record of Decision (ROD) and Explanation of Significant Difference (ESD) that were issued in March 1991 and September 2000, respectively. LTM activities (which include environmental effectiveness and remediation system performance monitoring) were performed in accordance with the LTM Plan (ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2002), which was approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). The LTM Plan provides a detailed description of the LTM program, methodology, and rationale. Where applicable these elements are either summarized or incorporated by reference herein.

This report provides the data collected from the September 2004 water-level measurement round and the results of groundwater quality monitoring conducted during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 (annual monitoring event). A description of the operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) associated with the Groundwater Remediation System during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 has also been included. In addition, this report describes SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System OM&M activities conducted during this quarter. Included in the analysis of results is a summary and discussion of all data collected during Operational Year 2 (September 2003 through September 2004). Following the detailed data analysis and discussion is a summary of findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

2. Methodology

The following section provides a summary of the environmental effectiveness and remedial system performance monitoring methodology for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4. A site plan, which shows the location of environmental effectiveness monitoring, is provided on Figure 1.

2.1 Environmental Effectiveness Monitoring

The environmental effectiveness monitoring performed during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 included the following:

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- Water-level (hydraulic) measurements were collected from 17 monitoring wells on September 20, 2004.
- Groundwater samples (Year 2, Q4 list of wells) were collected from 17 monitoring wells during the week of September 20, 2004 and selectively analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), dissolved gases, select inorganic parameters, and field parameters.

The depth to groundwater in monitoring wells was measured using methods consistent with those described in the LTM Plan.

Monitoring wells were purged and sampled using methods described in the LTM Plan.

2.2 Groundwater Remediation System Performance Monitoring

Groundwater Remediation System performance monitoring activities during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 were as follows:

- Pump-and-treat (PT) system production well influent and effluent samples were collected during the OM&M quarterly site visit on October 8, 2004 and selectively analyzed for VOCs and total iron.
- One vapor sample from the PT system air stripper effluent was collected during the OM&M quarterly site visit on October 8, 2004 and analyzed for VOCs.
- Total organic carbon (TOC) samples were collected from injection wells IW-1, IW-8, and IW-14 on September 23, 2004.
- PT system operating parameters were recorded during the quarterly OM&M site visit.
- Automated reagent injection (ARI) system operating parameters were recorded during each injection event.
- Bromide samples were collected from wells GMPW-1, GMMW-4 and GMMW-5 on September 23, 2004 and October 8, 2004.

PT system groundwater samples were collected as grab samples directly from production wells GMPW-3, GMPW-4 and GMPW-5, the combined influent water to the low profile air stripper, and the combined effluent after the cartridge filters. The

effluent air sample was collected as a grab sample directly from the designated point located on the low profile air stripper stack.

2.3 Spring Water Remediation System Performance Monitoring

SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System OM&M was conducted on September 23, 2004. System OM&M was conducted in accordance with the LTM Plan Addendum for Spring Water Remediation Systems (ARCADIS 2003) and consisted of recording field parameters (discharge flowrate and depth to water in treatment unit) and the collection of an influent and effluent spring water sample for analysis of VOCs. The influent sample was collected after removing three well volumes from the influent monitoring well, which is located within the SP-5 treatment unit and screened below the liquid phase granular activated carbon (LPGAC) zone. The treatment system effluent sample was collected as a grab sample from the discharge pipe prior to entering the riprap-lined outlet. All spring water samples were analyzed for VOCs using USEPA Method 8260.

3. Groundwater Flow

Water-level measurements were made from existing wells on September 20, 2004. Water-level elevation data for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 is provided in Table 1. A summary of water-level elevation data for Operational Year 2 is included in this table. Water-level elevations and the groundwater flow direction for the September 2004 monitoring event are shown on Figure 1. As shown on Figure 1, the groundwater flow direction in the project area (i.e., adjacent to the landfill western perimeter) and site-wide in the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 round was consistent with previous rounds. The groundwater flow direction in the project area is toward the southwest from the western perimeter of the landfill. The groundwater flow direction in areas further to the east of the project area is toward the south/southwest.

Water-level elevation data for Operational Year 2 was similar to prior rounds of data. Seasonal fluctuations are observed during each operating quarter; however, the data generally indicate groundwater flow directions consistent with that observed during the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 monitoring event.

4. Groundwater Quality

The following sections describe the analytical results for groundwater samples collected during the September 2004 monitoring round (Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4). A discussion of analytical results for all data collected during Operational

Year 2 is also provided. Groundwater analytical data for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 is provided in Tables 2 and 3. A summary of all analytical data collected during Operational Year 2 is also provided on the referenced tables.

4.1 Volatile Organic Compounds

A comparison of Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 groundwater analytical results to previous analytical data indicate that the dissolved phase plume continues to be stable and that the anaerobic in-situ reactive zone (IRZ) continues to make adsorbed phase mass available for treatment.

As shown in Table 2, total VOCs (TVOCs) for plume boundary monitoring wells W-17S and W-18 remained stable at 0.0 ug/L and 14.1 ug/L, respectively. Similarly, offsite monitoring well W-20S remained stable at 2.9 ug/L. Background monitoring well W-14S also remained stable at 0.0 ug/L. Landfill perimeter monitoring wells W-13, PW-7, W-6, and W-7 remained stable at 0.0 ug/L, 77.9 ug/L, 15.6, ug/L, and 67.7 ug/L, respectively. Similarly, landfill interior monitoring well PW-13 exhibited stable concentrations at 15.6 ug/L. Mid-plume monitoring wells W-16S, PW-3, PW-4, W-5, and GMMW-2 remained consistent at 63.6 ug/L, 111.7 ug/L, 102.3 ug/L, 349.7 ug/L, and 580.7 ug/L, respectively. Mid-plume monitoring well GMMW-6 decreased to 1,775 ug/L while mid-plume monitoring well PW-5 increased to 39.3 ug/L.

Overall, groundwater analytical data for VOCs during Operational Year 2 continue to corroborate historical data and indicate that the dissolved phase plume is stable. This observation provides continued evidence that ongoing natural attenuation processes are effectively controlling the further migration of the plume.

Monitoring well GMMW-5, currently located within the limits of the IRZ, remained stable at 940 ug/L during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 but above baseline conditions (i.e., conditions prior to initiation of molasses injections). This observation is consistent with Operational Year 2 analytical data and indicates that the IRZ continues to release adsorbed phase mass making it available for treatment within the IRZ.

PT system analytical results for VOCs are provided in Table 5. Groundwater analytical results for PT system production wells GMPW-3, GMPW-4, and GMPW-5 are consistent with prior rounds of data. Specifically, TVOC concentrations for the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 sampling round were as follows: GMPW-3 (317.0 ug/L), GMPW-4 (515.1 ug/L) and GMPW-5 (329.4 ug/L). A complete

evaluation of performance monitoring conducted on the PT system is provided in Section 7.1.2 of this report.

4.2 Indicators of Reducing Conditions

Groundwater analytical results for biogeochemical parameters and field parameters are provided in Table 3. Based on the groundwater data collected during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4, monitoring wells located immediately downgradient of the injection transect (GMMW-5) continue to indicate reducing conditions, including depressed dissolved oxygen and oxidation-reduction potential (ORP). Further details of the ARI system performance monitoring are provided in Section 7.2.2 of this report.

4.3 Evidence of Biodegradation

Table 3 provides the results of biodegradation end product concentrations in monitoring wells and indicates the continued occurrence of bioactivity and biodegradation of VOCs within the plume. Specifically, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 biogeochemical results (methane, ethane, and ethene) for monitoring well GMMW-5 continue to be elevated when compared to baseline conditions. GMMW-5 is located closest to the ARI injection wells and would be expected to be the first well to exhibit increases in biodegradation end products. Biogeochemical results for monitoring well GMMW-6 increased significantly during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 and may indicate that the IRZ has extended to the vicinity of this well. Additional details on the results of biogeochemical monitoring as evidence of Groundwater Remediation System performance and effectiveness are discussed in Section 7.2.2 of this report.

5. Spring Water Quality

Spring water monitoring was not conducted during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 as outlined in the LTM Plan. Nonetheless, Table 5 presents the analytical results for spring sampling locations SP-2, SP-3, and SP-4 during Operational Year 2. As shown in Table 5, spring water quality remained relatively stable with the exception of spring location SP-2 which exhibited an increase in TVOCs during the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 3 monitoring event. In accordance with the methodology outlined in the Interim Remedial Action Report (ARCADIS 2004), monitoring of spring location SP-4 will be conducted from the North Stream, immediately downgradient of the former spring location. The revised sampling methodology is the result of the remedial construction efforts which were conducted during Operational Year 2. Further details of the SP-4 remedial construction effort are provided in the

Interim Remedial Action Report. Analytical results for the SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System are discussed in Section 8 of this report.

6. Surface Water Quality

Surface water monitoring was not conducted during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 as outlined in the LTM Plan. Nonetheless, Table 6 presents the analytical results for surface water sampling location F-6 during Operational Year 2. As indicated in the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 2 Monitoring Report, the surface water sample collected during the corresponding monitoring event was collected erroneously at the SP-4 spring location. Accordingly, it was mutually agreed with the USEPA that the corresponding analytical data should not be used. Sample results were non-detect for all compounds during the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 3 monitoring event indicating that surface water is not being adversely impacted by the dissolved phase groundwater plume.

7. Groundwater Remediation System Performance

The following section describes the results of the Groundwater Remediation System performance monitoring conducted during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4. A brief summary of system performance during Operational Year 2 is also provided.

7.1 PT System

The following section describes the results of the PT system performance monitoring conducted during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4. Included in the discussion is a brief summary of system performance during Operational Year 2.

7.1.1 Summary of Operation, Maintenance, and Monitoring

During the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 system operation, the PT system shutdowns or periods of intermittent operation due to mechanical problems were as follows:

- On July 27, 2004 the PT system shut down due to failure of level switch LSH-500. On August 11, 2004 the level switch was replaced and the PT system was restarted.

PT system OM&M for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 was conducted on October 8, 2004 and included operation and maintenance of system equipment, the

collection of system performance samples (water and vapor), and recording system operating parameters. Table 7 provides a summary of the recorded system operating parameters for the current operating period as well as an annual summary for Operational Year 2. As shown in Table 7, the total effluent groundwater recovery rate for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 was approximately 0.34-gallon per minute (gpm), with individual recovery rates of 0.03-gpm, 0.19-gpm, and 0.14-gpm for production wells GMPW-3, GMPW-4, and GMPW-5, respectively. The average individual recovery well rates decreased during the reporting period when compared to previous operation. The overall decline is directly related to the system shutdown caused by the mechanical problems referenced previously. However, the significant decrease in recovery rate at production well GMPW-3 may be the result of fouling of the well screen, or other well condition problem. A total of 56,724 gallons of groundwater was recovered during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 and a total of 780,949 gallons of groundwater has been recovered since system startup. The low profile air stripper operated in accordance with the design specifications and had a blower discharge pressure of 8.9-inches of water column (i.w.c.) and a low profile air stripper blower flowrate of 318 standard cubic feet per minute (scfm).

Overall system performance during Operational Year 2 was consistent with previous operation. Specifically, the PT system operated continuously with intermittent shutdowns due to routine OM&M and occasional mechanical failure/repair periods. As shown in Table 7, the total effluent groundwater recovery rate for Operational Year 2 was approximately 0.63-gpm, with individual recovery rates of 0.2-gpm, 0.2-gpm, and 0.25-gpm for production wells GMPW-3, GMPW-4, and GMPW-5, respectively. A total of 333,384 gallons of groundwater was recovered during Operational Year 2.

7.1.2 Results of Performance Sampling

PT system performance sampling for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 was conducted on October 8, 2004. Five groundwater samples and one vapor sample were collected during the quarterly sampling round. Groundwater samples collected included individual production well samples (GMPW-3, GMPW-4 and GMPW-5), total influent, and total effluent after the cartridge filters. The vapor sample was collected from the effluent stack of the low profile air stripper.

Table 4 provides a summary of the PT system performance sampling groundwater analytical results for the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 monitoring event as well as a summary of all data for Operational Year 2. As shown in Table 4, all groundwater VOCs were treated to below their respective Best Professional Judgment (BPJ) limits via the low profile air stripper during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number

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4. Total iron after the cartridge filters was 0.179 mg/L for the fourth quarter, which is below the BPJ recommended daily average limit of 0.61 mg/L and the recommended daily limit of 1.2 mg/L. Based on the total groundwater recovered during the reporting period and total influent groundwater concentration, an estimated 0.20 pounds (lbs) of VOC mass were removed from the subsurface during the quarterly reporting period, as shown in Table 8. A total of approximately 1.19 lbs of VOCs have been removed from the subsurface since system startup.

Table 9 provides a summary of the PT system performance sampling vapor analytical results for the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 monitoring event as well as a summary of all data for Operational Year 2. As shown in Table 9, there were no constituents of concern (COCs) detected above the detection limit in the air stripper effluent vapor sample during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4. To be conservative, a NYSDEC DAR-1 air model was calculated using the detection limit of all COCs detected in the influent groundwater. All COCs were below their respective short-term guidance concentrations (SGCs) and annual guidance concentrations (AGCs). Appendix B contains the NYSDEC DAR-1 AGC screening simulation based on the hand calculations provided in the NYSDEC DAR-1 AGC/SGC tables dated December 22, 2003.

As shown in Table 4, the PT system operated effectively during Operational Year 2 and reduced groundwater VOCs to below their respective BPJ limits during each operational period. Total iron after the cartridge filters had one minor exceedance over its BPJ recommended daily average limit due to fouling of the cartridge filter units. The cartridge filters continue to be inspected during regular O&M visits to assess the changeout frequency needed for efficient operation. As shown in Table 8, a total of approximately 0.51 lbs of VOC mass were recovered during Operational Year 2. Although an annual summary of NYSDEC DAR-1 screening simulations has not been provided herein, all COCs were below their respective SGCs and AGCs during each operating period of Operational Year 2.

7.2 ARI System

The following section describes the results of the ARI system performance monitoring conducted during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4. A brief summary of ARI system performance for Operational Year 2 has also been provided.

7.2.1 Summary of Operation, Maintenance, and Monitoring

The ARI system was operated intermittently during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 period due to troubleshooting of mixing tank MT-800. A chronology of the events related to tank troubleshooting activities is as follows:

- On July 26, 2004 the automated injection was interrupted due to a low flow molasses injection alarm.
- During a site inspection on August 10, 2004 to address the problem, a minor leak was detected on the bottom of MT-800. Upon further inspection of the tank interior, it was noted that the upper portion of the tank was oxidizing and required rehabilitation.
- On October 8, 2004, an FDA-approved vinyl ester resin was sprayed onto the mixing tank interior to prevent further oxidation of the tank; and,
- Following the required curing period of the resin, the ARI system was subsequently restarted on October 18, 2004.

Because of the required repairs described above, one complete and one partial automated reagent injection were conducted during the reporting period. Based on the number of injection events, quantity of molasses solution delivered to each injection well, and molasses solution percentage, approximately 3,200-gallons of molasses solution were delivered to the subsurface during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4. A total of 50,384-gallons of molasses solution have been injected since system startup. Appendix C provides a summary of the recorded system operating parameters for each of the injection events for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4.

Despite intermittent system shutdowns for routine OM&M and equipment repair, the ARI system operated effectively during Operational Year 2 and delivered a sufficient quantity of organic carbon to the subsurface to maintain the anaerobic IRZ. Based on the number of injection events, quantity of molasses solution delivered to each injection well, and molasses solution percentage, approximately 23,460-gallons of molasses solution was delivered to the subsurface during Operational Year 2.

7.2.2 Results of Performance Sampling

ARI system performance sampling was conducted on September 23, 2004 and on October 8, 2004 and included the collection of TOC samples from injection wells and

collection of bromide samples from select monitoring wells. In addition to performance sampling conducted explicitly for ARI system monitoring, analytical results from select wells sampled under the environmental effectiveness monitoring program were also utilized to determine the effectiveness of the ARI system.

As discussed previously, Tables 2 and 3 summarize the results of VOCs, and biogeochemical and field parameters, respectively, for the ARI system performance monitoring and environmental effectiveness Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 sampling event. Analytical results and field parameters indicate that geochemical conditions in the current area of ARI system influence exhibit a lack of dissolved oxygen (DO), low ORP, sufficient TOC within injection wells, an increase in chlorinated VOC (CVOC) degradation products (i.e., ethene and ethane), and an increase in reduced forms of alternate electron acceptors (i.e., methane). Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 analytical data for monitoring well GMMW-6 also indicate that the IRZ may have extended to the vicinity of this well and provides evidence that VOCs are being completely degraded along the downgradient flow path.

Key observations in comparison to Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 3 results are as follows:

- Laboratory analytical DO concentrations in monitoring well GMMW-5 remained depressed at 0.40 mg/L.
- The TOC concentration in well GMMW-5 remained elevated at 360 mg/L.
- The ethene concentration in monitoring well GMMW-5 increased from 7,900 to 30,000 nanograms per liter (ng/L).
- The methane concentration in monitoring well GMMW-5 increased from 11,000 to 12,000 micrograms per liter (µg/L).
- The TOC concentration in well GMMW-6 increased from <20 to 58.8 mg/L.
- Ethane and ethene concentrations in monitoring well GMMW-6 increased from 800 to 3,100 ng/L and 84,000 to 200,000 ng/L, respectively.
- The methane concentration in monitoring well GMMW-6 increased from 530 to 1,700 µg/L.

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As referenced previously, TVOC concentrations remained stable within well GMMW-5 during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 when compared to the previous quarter analytical results while TVOC concentrations in well GMMW-6 decreased significantly when making the same comparison.

Bromide was detected for the first time since its injection during Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 1. Specifically, bromide analytical results for wells GMPW-1, GMMW-4, and GMMW-5 were, 1.2, 1.2, and 1.2 mg/L, respectively for the September 21, 2004 monitoring event. Bromide analytical results for these wells were 1.23, 1.32, and 1.24 mg/L, respectively, for the October 8, 2004 monitoring event. A detailed explanation of the bromide tracer injection is available in the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 1 Monitoring Report. Based on the monitoring results presented herein, the estimated groundwater seepage velocity was calculated to be approximately 0.031 feet per day within the vicinity of the injection wells. The revised estimate is an order of magnitude lower than previously projected values.

The establishment of the anaerobic IRZ continued during Operational Year 2 as evidenced by strong reducing conditions in the vicinity of the injection wells, observation of degradation end products, and increases in reduced forms of alternate electron acceptors. A summary of key observations for Operational Year 2 are as follows:

- Consistently low laboratory analytical DO concentrations in monitoring well GMMW-5 indicate strongly anaerobic conditions in the subsurface.
- Elevated TOC observed within injection wells and in well GMMW-5 indicates that sufficient organic carbon is being delivered to the subsurface to maintain the anaerobic IRZ.
- Ethene concentrations in monitoring well GMMW-5 increased from 4,600 ng/L to 30,000 ng/L during the operational year.
- Methane concentrations in monitoring well GMMW-5 increased from 8,200 ug/L to 12,000 ug/L during the operational year; and,
- The significant increase in degradation end products, methane, and TOC in monitoring well GMMW-6 indicates that the IRZ may have extended to this vicinity and provides further evidence that complete degradation of contaminants is occurring within the IRZ.

8. Spring Water Remediation System Performance

SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System OM&M was conducted on September 23, 2004 and October 8, 2004 in accordance with the LTM Plan Addendum for Spring Water Remediation Systems (ARCADIS 2003). SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 analytical results are provided in Table 10. A summary of all analytical results for Operational Year 2 is also provided. As shown in Table 10, nearly all effluent COCs were treated to below their respective BPJ limits via the LPGAC during the operating quarter with the exception of a slight exceedance of chloroethane. As a result of the exceedance, the LPGAC was replaced on October 7, 2004.

Table 11 contains the SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System operational parameters recorded during the current operation quarter and provides a summary of Operational Year 2 data. As shown in Table 11, the recorded instantaneous flowrate was 1.13 gpm for the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 monitoring event. The flowrate for Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 is approximately 3 times greater than the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 3 flowrate (0.396 gpm) due to the modification of the treatment which was completed on July 15, 2004. Approximately 0.11 lbs of mass was removed from the subsurface during the reporting period.

The SP-5 remedial construction was completed during Operational Year 2 in accordance with the NYSDEC-approved Spring Water Remediation Systems Design Drawings and Technical Specifications. Further details regarding the SP-5 construction activities are provided in the Interim Remedial Action Report. Since startup of the SP-5 remediation system in October 2003, the system has operated effectively and reduced influent VOCs to below their respective BPJ limits with the minor exception referenced above. As shown in Table 11, the SP-5 remedial system has treated approximately 259,616 gallons and removed 0.22 lbs of VOCs since system startup.

9. Conclusions

Based on the data obtained from the Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 monitoring and overall system performance during Operational Year 2, ARCADIS concludes the following:

- The groundwater flow direction in the project area (i.e., adjacent to the landfill western perimeter) and site-wide in the September 2004 round was consistent with previous rounds. The groundwater flow direction in the project area is toward the

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southwest from the western perimeter of the landfill. The groundwater flow direction in areas further to the east of the project area is toward the south/southwest.

- The horizontal groundwater advective transport velocity was determined to be significantly less than previously anticipated in the vicinity of the injection wells.
- Groundwater analytical data for VOCs is consistent with site historical data and indicate that the dissolved phase plume is stable. This observation provides continued evidence that ongoing natural attenuation processes are effectively controlling the further migration of the plume.
- TVOC analytical results during Operational Year 2 in wells located closest to the ARI injection well line (GMMW-5) exhibited increased concentrations when compared to the baseline round, which demonstrates that adsorbed phase mass has been transferred to the dissolved phase making it available for treatment within the anaerobic IRZ.
- Degradation end product data observed during Operational Year 2 in wells closest to the ARI system injection wells continue to indicate increasing levels of biodegradation end products. Furthermore, increases in degradation end products and reduced forms of alternate electron acceptors at well GMMW-6 may provide evidence that the IRZ has extended to the vicinity of this well.
- The PT system is operating as designed and is treating recovered groundwater VOCs to below BPJ limits prior to discharge.
- Despite the ARI system shutdowns described herein, sufficient organic carbon was delivered to the subsurface to maintain the IRZ as evidenced through the analytical data.
- The SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System is operating as designed and is treating spring water VOCs to below BPJ limits prior to discharge.

10. Recommendations

ARCADIS recommends the following based on the findings in this report:

- In light of the stable plume configuration, strong evidence of enhanced biodegradation, and slow groundwater velocity in the vicinity of the landfill,

ARCADIS will reevaluate the LTM Plan monitoring schedule and will propose adjustments accordingly. If the current monitoring schedule is more aggressive than required to document the progress of remediation and monitor the plume configuration, then a revised monitoring schedule will be formally requested in writing to the USEPA and NYSDEC during Operational Year 3.

- Continue to observe and document the performance of production well GMPW-3 and other production wells to determine the cause of decline in production rate. Implement well rehabilitation measures, if necessary.

11. Project Schedule

Groundwater environmental effectiveness monitoring is scheduled to be conducted for Operational Year 3 on the quarterly schedule set forth in the LTM Plan unless revised otherwise as indicated above. System OM&M of the Groundwater Remediation System will continue to be performed on a quarterly basis consistent with the LTM Plan. In accordance with the methodology outlined in the Interim Remedial Action Report, monitoring of spring location SP-4 will be conducted from the North Stream, immediately downgradient of the former spring location.

12. References

- ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc. 1999. Results of Enhanced Reductive Dechlorination Pilot Study, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York. October 29, 1999.
- ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2002. Long-Term Monitoring Plan, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York, NYSDEC Site 704010. June 28, 2002.
- ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2003. Long-Term Monitoring Plan Addendum for Spring Water Remediation Systems, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York (Site Number 704010). November 3, 2003.
- ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2004. Interim Remedial Action Report, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York, NYSDEC Site 704010. September 22, 2004.
- ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2004. Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 1 Monitoring Report, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York, NYSDEC Site 704010. April 30, 2004.
- ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2004. Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 2 Monitoring Report, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York, NYSDEC Site 704010. June 28, 2004.
- ARCADIS G&M, Inc. 2004. Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 3 Monitoring Report, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York, NYSDEC Site 704010. December 28, 2004.

ARCADIS

Table 1. Water-Level Measurements Collected During Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Well Identification	MP Elevation (feet above msl)	12/16/2003 Depth to Water (feet below MP)	12/16/2003 Water-Level Elevation (feet above msl)	3/10/2004 Depth to Water (feet below MP)	3/10/2004 Water-Level Elevation (feet above msl)	MP Description
GMMW-2	1030.95	36.11	994.84	35.75	995.20	Inner casing
GMMW-5	1043.66	47.11	996.55	46.29	997.37	Inner casing
GMMW-6	1033.56	38.59	994.97	38.20	995.36	Inner casing
PW-3	988.92	7.16	981.76	6.43	982.49	Inner casing
PW-4	1001.75	16.42	985.33	16.11	985.64	Inner casing
PW-5	986.12	AM	AM	AM	AM	Inner casing
W-5	1051.41	50.82	1000.59	50.48	1000.93	Inner casing
W-6	1050.38	49.68	1000.70	48.19	1002.19	Inner casing
PW-7	1042.47	38.37	1004.10	38.19	1004.28	Inner casing
W-7	1049.12	AM	AM	40.59	1008.53	Inner casing
PW-10	1049.29	36.46	1012.83	35.97	1013.32	Inner casing
PW-13	1072.41	60.85	1011.56	57.88	1014.53	Inner casing
W-13	1053.43	44.93	1008.50	45.39	1008.04	Inner casing
W-14S	957.68	AM	AM	7.71	949.97	Inner casing
W-16S	990.33	9.22	981.11	9.77	980.56	Outer casing
W-17S	959.13	10.91	948.22	8.89	950.24	Inner casing
W-18	973.56	11.05	962.51	9.78	963.78	Inner casing
W-20S	952.88	7.59	945.29	7.46	945.42	Inner casing

msl Mean sea level.
 MP Measuring point.
 NM Not measured.
 AM Anomalous measurement.

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Table 1. Water-Level Measurements Collected During Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Well Identification	MP Elevation (feet above msl)	6/15/2004 Depth to Water (feet below MP)	6/15/2004 Water-Level Elevation (feet above msl)	9/20/2004 Depth to Water (feet below MP)	9/20/2004 Water-Level Elevation (feet above msl)	MP Description
GMMW-2	1030.95	37.51	993.44	36.18	994.77	Inner casing
GMMW-5	1043.66	48.27	995.39	46.37	997.29	Inner casing
GMMW-6	1033.56	40.01	993.55	38.34	995.22	Inner casing
PW-3	988.92	9.07	979.85	9.20	979.72	Inner casing
PW-4	1001.75	18.00	983.75	16.30	985.45	Inner casing
PW-5	986.12	AM	AM	AM	AM	Inner casing
W-5	1051.41	52.18	999.23	50.80	1000.61	Inner casing
W-6	1050.38	49.73	1000.65	48.06	1002.32	Inner casing
PW-7	1042.47	36.62	1005.85	38.12	1004.35	Inner casing
W-7	1049.12	42.82	1006.30	39.89	1009.23	Inner casing
PW-10	1049.29	37.86	1011.43	36.55	1012.74	Inner casing
PW-13	1072.41	60.08	1012.33	60.21	1012.20	Inner casing
W-13	1053.43	46.43	1007.00	44.58	1008.85	Inner casing
W-14S	957.68	10.20	947.48	6.99	950.69	Inner casing
W-16S	990.33	11.17	979.16	8.32	982.01	Outer casing
W-17S	959.13	11.57	947.56	8.24	950.89	Inner casing
W-18	973.56	13.44	960.12	9.90	963.66	Inner casing
W-20S	952.88	11.25	941.63	7.33	945.55	Inner casing

msl Mean sea level.
 MP Measuring point.
 NM Not measured.
 AM Anomalous measurement.

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Table 2. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Groundwater, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Page 1 of 5

Constituents (units in ug/L)	Sample ID: GMMW-02 Date: 12/16/03	GMMW-02 3/8/04	GMMW-02 6/16/04	GMMW-02 9/23/04	GMMW-02* 9/23/04	GMMW-05 12/15/03	GMMW-05 3/8/04	GMMW-05 6/17/04	GMMW-05 9/21/04	GMMW-06 12/16/03	GMMW-06 3/8/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	81	67	71	66	67	<10	<50	<10	<50	<1.0	1.4
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	5.2	4.3
1,1-Dichloroethane	120	110	130	130	130	280 D	190	230	170	660	560
1,1-Dichloroethene	3.2	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.4	<10	<50	<10	<50	5.2	3.3
1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	7.3	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	1.2	1.2
Benzene	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.2	3.2	<10	<50	<10	<50	6.0	5.7
Chlorobenzene	54	47	50	44	44	<10	<50	24	<50	49	34
Chloroethane	35	38	42	46	41	66	<50	70	100	160	180
Chloroform	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	4.3	2.6
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	200	170	190	160	160	460 D	320	660	670	930	820
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<1.0	1.8	<1.0	1.7	1.5	<10	<50	<10	<50	9.6	4.0
Ethylbenzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	<1.0	<1.0
Methylene chloride	<2.3	<2.3	2.3	2.7	2.6	<10	<50	<10	<50	<13	<11
Methyl tert-butyl ether	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	<1.0	<1.0
Naphthalene	1.1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	1.7	<1.0
o-Xylene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	1.8	<1.0
Tetrachloroethene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	1.2	<1.0
Toluene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.1	<1.0	<10	<50	<10	<50	5.5	4.1
Trichloroethene	150	130	130	110	110	<10	<50	<10	<50	41	21
Vinyl chloride	30	24	24	24	19	56	<50	41	<50	220	190
Total VOCs	679.9	596.0	647.7	591.4	580.7	862.0	510.0	1,025.0	940.0	2,110.0	1,836.6

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

* Field replicate.

J Estimated value.

MDL Method detection limit.

ARCADIS

Table 2. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Groundwater, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Constituents (units in ug/L)	Sample ID: GMMW-06 Date: 6/16/04	GMMW-06 9/21/04	PW-03 3/10/04	PW-03 9/22/04	PW-04 12/16/03	PW-04 3/8/04	PW-04 6/16/04	PW-04 9/22/04	PW-05 3/9/04	PW-05 9/23/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0	<10	15	13	26	21	25	26	<1.0	7.7
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4.4	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,100	640	38	34	17	13	18	18	<1.0	2.8
1,1-Dichloroethene	2.8	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.2	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene	6.1	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorobenzene	<1.0	42	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	12
Chloroethane	420	340	9.6	9.1	2.3	2.9	4.1	7.4	<1.0	20
Chloroform	2.3	<10	1.6	1.4	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	<1.0	<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,100	470	39	32	31	15	22	24	<1.0	3.8
Dichlorodifluoromethane	8.8	<10	<1.0	<1.0	3.5	1.6	<1.0	2.0	<1.0	<1.0
Ethylbenzene	<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methylene chloride	13	31	1.3	2.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.2	<1.0	<1.0
Methyl tert-butyl ether	<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Naphthalene	<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-Xylene	<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Tetrachloroethene	<1.0	<10	2.4	2.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene	<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Trichloroethene	16	12	18	17	36	26	26	22	<1.0	4.1
Vinyl chloride	520	240	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	6.3
Total VOCs	3,199.6	1,775.0	124.9	111.7	117.8	81.2	96.8	102.3	0.0	77.9

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

* Field replicate.

J Estimated value.

MDL Method detection limit.

ARCADIS

Table 2. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Groundwater, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Constituents (units in ug/L)	Sample ID: Date:	W-05 12/15/03	W-05 3/8/04	W-05 6/17/04	W-05 9/22/04	W-06 3/10/04	W-06 9/21/04	W-07 3/9/04	W-07 9/21/04	W-13 9/22/04	W-14S 9/23/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		4.1	2.3	<1.0	3.1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane		300	160	180	150	23	32	5.1	3.4	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane		<1.0	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene		4.0	3.8	<1.0	3.4	3.0	4.4	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorobenzene		33	25	29	19	7.2	11	3.2	5.7	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroethane		130	110	130	120	5.6	8.0	2.6	5.5	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroform		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		4.3	3.1	<1.0	13	5.1	5.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane		<1.0	1.4	<1.0	2.0	<1.0	2.9	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Ethylbenzene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methylene chloride		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.8	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methyl tert-butyl ether		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Naphthalene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-Xylene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Tetrachloroethene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene		3.2	2.7	<1.0	1.9	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Trichloroethene		4.2	1.1	<1.0	4.5	3.5	3.9	1.2	1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vinyl chloride		24	16	<1.0	30	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Total VOCs		511.0	326.4	339.0	349.7	47.4	67.7	12.1	15.6	0.0	0.0

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

* Field replicate.

J Estimated value.

MDL Method detection limit.

ARCADIS

Table 2. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Groundwater, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Constituents (units in ug/L)	Sample ID: Date:	W-16S 6/16/04	W-16S 9/22/04	W-17S 9/22/04	W-18 3/9/04	W-18 9/23/04	W-20S 9/22/04	FB 9-21-04 9/21/04	FB 9-22-04 9/22/04	FB 9-23-04 9/23/04	TB 9-21-04A 9/21/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3.1	3.3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane		21	22	<1.0	3.0	2.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene		3.0	2.9	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorobenzene		26	22	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroethane		11	12	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroform		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<1.0	1.6	<1.0	1.8	1.8	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane		<1.0	1.4	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Ethylbenzene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methylene chloride		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methyl tert-butyl ether		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Naphthalene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.9	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-Xylene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Tetrachloroethene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Trichloroethene		<1.0	1.7	<1.0	6.5	6.4	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vinyl chloride		1.9	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Total VOCs		62.9	63.6	0.0	14.4	14.1	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

* Field replicate.

J Estimated value.

MDL Method detection limit.

ARCADIS

Table 2. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Groundwater, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Constituents (units in ug/L)	Sample ID: TB 9-21-04B Date: 9/21/04	TB 9-22-04A 9/22/04	TB 9-22-04B 9/22/04	TB 9-23-04A 9/23/04	TB 9-23-04B 9/23/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorobenzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroform	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Ethylbenzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methylene chloride	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methyl tert-butyl ether	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Naphthalene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-Xylene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Tetrachloroethene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Trichloroethene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vinyl chloride	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Total VOCs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

* Field replicate.

J Estimated value.

MDL Method detection limit.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	GMMW-02	GMMW-02	GMMW-02	GMMW-02	GMMW-02*	GMMW-04	GMMW-04
	Date:	12/16/03	3/8/04	6/16/04	9/23/04	9/23/04	3/22/04	4/22/04
UNITS								
METALS								
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	R	--	<0.0853	<0.152	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	0.0413	--	<0.0469	<0.0982	--	--
GENERAL CHEMISTRY								
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	<0.10	<0.10
Chloride	mg/L	--	17.6	--	2.50	2.20	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	<0.1	--	<0.2	<0.2	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	<0.1	--	<0.01	<0.01	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<2.0	2.23	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	--	--
Sulfate	mg/L	--	6.66	--	7.92	7.90	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	0.043	0.031	0.004	0.004	--	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	0.00	--	--	--	--	--
FIELD PARAMETERS								
pH	Standard units	6.59	6.37	6.07	6.14	6.14	--	--
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	0.404	60	0.44	0.536	0.536	--	--
Turbidity	NTU	107	125	2.27	13	13	--	--
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	4.04	0.2	2.99	7.85	7.85	--	--
Temperature	deg C	12.33	12.5	12.39	13.99	13.99	--	--
ORP	mV	96	64	293.5	290.7	290.7	--	--
DISSOLVED GASES								
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	190	--	220	--	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	<0.40	--	<0.40	--	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	490	--	660	--	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	3,000	--	3,400	--	--	--
Methane	ug/L	--	720	--	1,200	--	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	13	--	17	--	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	0.72	--	2.9	--	--	--

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

- mg/L Milligrams per liter.
- mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
- deg C Degrees Celsius.
- mV Millivolts.
- ng/L Nanograms per liter.
- Not analyzed or collected.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- IW Injection well.
- ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
- R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters		Sample ID: GMMW-04	GMMW-04	GMMW-04	GMMW-05	GMMW-05	GMMW-05	GMMW-05
		Date: 6/17/04	9/23/04	10/8/04	12/15/03	3/8/04	3/22/04	4/22/04
	<u>UNITS</u>							
<u>METALS</u>								
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	330	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	15.7	--	--
<u>GENERAL CHEMISTRY</u>								
Bromide	mg/L	<0.10	1.2	1.32	--	--	<0.10	<0.40
Chloride	mg/L	--	--	--	--	48.2	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	<0.2	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	--	--	--	<0.2	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	--	--	--	1,770	1,630	--	--
Sulfate	mg/L	--	--	--	--	2.69	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	0.107	--	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	2.06	--	--
<u>FIELD PARAMETERS</u>								
pH	Standard units	6.58	--	--	5.54	5.42	--	--
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	0.524	--	--	3.59	0.4	--	--
Turbidity	NTU	--	--	--	69.9	130	--	--
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	--	--	--	4.19	0.3	--	--
Temperature	deg C	16.84	--	--	8.3	9.9	--	--
ORP	mV	--	--	--	-112	-146	--	--
<u>DISSOLVED GASES</u>								
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	--	--	730	450	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	--	--	<0.40	<0.40	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	--	--	630	130	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	--	--	4,600	2,300	--	--
Methane	ug/L	--	--	--	8,200	5,600	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	--	--	11	7.9	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	--	--	0.63	0.63	--	--

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

- mg/L Milligrams per liter.
- mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
- deg C Degrees Celsius.
- mV Millivolts.
- ng/L Nanograms per liter.
- Not analyzed or collected.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- IW Injection well.
- ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
- R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	GMMW-05	GMMW-05	GMMW-05	GMMW-05	GMMW-06	GMMW-06
	Date:	6/17/04	9/21/04	9/23/04	10/8/04	12/16/03	3/8/04
	<u>UNITS</u>						
<u>METALS</u>							
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	259	--	--	--	2.28
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	9.39	--	--	--	3.62
<u>GENERAL CHEMISTRY</u>							
Bromide	mg/L	<0.20	--	1.2	1.24	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	38.0	--	--	--	34.6
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	1.53	--	--	--	<0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	0.280	--	--	--	<0.1
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	554	360	--	--	5.32	21.3
Sulfate	mg/L	--	30.1	--	--	--	<1.0
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	0.227	0.075	--	--	--	0.044
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	0.97
<u>FIELD PARAMETERS</u>							
pH	Standard units	5.67	6.01	--	--	6.81	6.73
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	1.699	1.851	--	--	0.77	0.12
Turbidity	NTU	12.4	26	--	--	190	170
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	1.4	1.54	--	--	2.81	0.3
Temperature	deg C	17.91	15.63	--	--	10.85	11.1
ORP	mV	21.7	3.1	--	--	-65	-89
<u>DISSOLVED GASES</u>							
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	490	280	--	--	--	160
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	<0.40	<0.40	--	--	--	<0.40
Ethane	ng/L	110	71	--	--	--	800
Ethene	ng/L	7,900	30,000	--	--	--	84,000
Methane	ug/L	11,000	12,000	--	--	--	530
Nitrogen	mg/L	11	11	--	--	--	16
Oxygen	mg/L	0.42	0.40	--	--	--	0.85

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- * Duplicate sample

- mg/L Milligrams per liter.
- mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
- deg C Degrees Celsius.
- mV Millivolts.
- ng/L Nanograms per liter.
- Not analyzed or collected.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- IW Injection well.
- ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
- R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	GMMW-06	GMMW-06	GMPW-01	GMPW-01	GMPW-01	GMPW-01	GMPW-01
	Date:	6/16/04	9/21/04	3/22/04	4/22/04	6/17/04	9/23/04	10/8/04
UNITS								
METALS								
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	17.4	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	4.07	--	--	--	--	--
GENERAL CHEMISTRY								
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	<0.10	<0.20	<0.10	1.2	1.23
Chloride	mg/L	--	3.60	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	0.440	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	0.0360	--	--	--	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<20	58.8	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfate	mg/L	--	4.13	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	0.032	0.033	--	--	--	--	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
FIELD PARAMETERS								
pH	Standard units	6.11	6.56	--	--	--	--	--
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	0.941	1.421	--	--	--	--	--
Turbidity	NTU	27.5	50	--	--	--	--	--
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.46	1.85	--	--	--	--	--
Temperature	deg C	16.27	13.67	--	--	--	--	--
ORP	mV	50.6	-4.1	--	--	--	--	--
DISSOLVED GASES								
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	350	--	--	--	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	<0.40	--	--	--	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	3,100	--	--	--	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	200,000	--	--	--	--	--
Methane	ug/L	--	1,700	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	17	--	--	--	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	1.5	--	--	--	--	--

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

mg/L	Milligrams per liter.
mmhos/cm	Millimhos per centimeter.
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
deg C	Degrees Celsius.
mV	Millivolts.
ng/L	Nanograms per liter.
--	Not analyzed or collected.
ug/L	Micrograms per liter.
IW	Injection well.
ORP	Oxidation-reduction potential.
R	Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	PW-03	PW-03	PW-04	PW-04	PW-04	PW-04
	Date:	3/10/04	9/22/04	12/16/03	3/8/04	6/16/04	9/22/04
UNITS							
METALS							
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	R	--	0.217
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	0.00868	--	0.0361
GENERAL CHEMISTRY							
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	--	--	173	--	136
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	--	--	1.48	--	0.828
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	--	--	<0.1	--	0.0250
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Sulfate	mg/L	--	--	--	5.44	--	5.37
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	0.026	--	0.012	0.011	0.011
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	0.03	--	--
FIELD PARAMETERS							
pH	Standard units	6.31	6.25	6.02	5.91	5.56	5.77
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	55	3.36	0.421	80	0.738	0.639
Turbidity	NTU	130	65	38.4	80	7.11	11
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.9	4.22	17.55	1.9	2.41	2.17
Temperature	deg C	6.8	27.22	14.26	10.7	14.0	15.1
ORP	mV	153	145	144	188	351.7	106.1
DISSOLVED GASES							
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	200	--	180	--	220
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	<0.40	--	<0.40	--	<0.40
Ethane	ng/L	--	32	--	45	--	32
Ethene	ng/L	--	39	--	110	--	42
Methane	ug/L	--	3.3	--	3.9	--	6.0
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	17	--	15	--	18
Oxygen	mg/L	--	6.7	--	3.5	--	3.1

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

mg/L Milligrams per liter.
mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
deg C Degrees Celsius.
mV Millivolts.
ng/L Nanograms per liter.
-- Not analyzed or collected.
ug/L Micrograms per liter.
IW Injection well.
ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Annual Summary, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	PW-05	PW-05	PW-07	PW-13	W-05	W-05
	Date:	3/9/04	9/23/04	9/23/04	9/21/04	12/15/03	3/8/04
UNITS							
METALS							
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	21.5
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	2.59
GENERAL CHEMISTRY							
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	44.2
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	<0.2
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	<0.2
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<2.0	<2.0	--	--	<2.0	7.96
Sulfate	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	6.16
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	0.046	--	--	--	0.141
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	1.12
FIELD PARAMETERS							
pH	Standard units	7.78	8.06	5.99	5.57	6.51	6.64
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	28	0.239	0.285	0.154	0.716	0.11
Turbidity	NTU	460	--	180	--	48.1	110
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.4	0.38	2.65	0.72	2.64	0.3
Temperature	deg C	9.6	10.32	11.25	13.93	6.67	14.7
ORP	mV	5	-76	-50.8	114.8	-121	-141
DISSOLVED GASES							
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	1.7	--	--	210	160
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	<0.40	--	--	<0.40	<0.40
Ethane	ng/L	--	9.0	--	--	41,000	36,000
Ethene	ng/L	--	360	--	--	26,000	12,000
Methane	ug/L	--	3.2	--	--	2,800	2,900
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	21	--	--	18	14
Oxygen	mg/L	--	3.4	--	--	0.89	0.79

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

- mg/L Milligrams per liter.
- mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
- deg C Degrees Celsius.
- mV Millivolts.
- ng/L Nanograms per liter.
- Not analyzed or collected.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- IW Injection well.
- ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
- R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	W-05	W-05	W-06	W-06	W-07	W-07	W-13
	Date:	6/17/04	9/22/04	3/10/04	9/21/04	3/9/04	9/21/04	9/22/04
<u>UNITS</u>								
<u>METALS</u>								
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	54.9	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	3.68	--	--	--	--	--
<u>GENERAL CHEMISTRY</u>								
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	3.20	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	<0.2	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	0.0380	--	--	--	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<2.0	4.20	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	--
Sulfate	mg/L	--	7.66	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	0.411	0.039	--	0.128	--	0.004	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<u>FIELD PARAMETERS</u>								
pH	Standard units	5.72	6.11	6.24	5.93	6.07	5.88	6.14
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	0.645	0.698	59	0.563	39	0.482	0.611
Turbidity	NTU	--	--	130	12	93	11	45
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	--	5.52	0.2	1.29	0.7	0.00	4.89
Temperature	deg C	15.28	19.10	12.6	15.13	10.8	17.77	12.79
ORP	mV	--	-57.9	-34	-6.5	19	29	-14.1
<u>DISSOLVED GASES</u>								
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	210	250	--	--	--	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	<0.40	<0.40	--	--	--	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	32,000	20,000	--	--	--	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	21,000	15,000	--	--	--	--	--
Methane	ug/L	2,600	1,600	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	18	18	--	--	--	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	0.57	0.67	--	--	--	--	--

- 1 Spring water sample
 2 Surface water sample
 * Duplicate sample

mg/L Milligrams per liter.
 mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
 NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
 deg C Degrees Celsius.
 mV Millivolts.
 ng/L Nanograms per liter.
 -- Not analyzed or collected.
 ug/L Micrograms per liter.
 IW Injection well.
 ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
 R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	W-14S	W-16S	W-16S	W-17S	W-18	W-18	W-20S
	Date:	9/23/04	6/16/04	9/22/04	9/22/04	3/9/04	9/23/04	9/22/04
<u>UNITS</u>								
<u>METALS</u>								
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	<1.85	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	1.24	--	--	--	--	--	--
<u>GENERAL CHEMISTRY</u>								
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	2.30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	0.409	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.0830	--	--	--	--	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<20	<2.0	<2.0	--	<2.0	2.15	--
Sulfate	mg/L	12.6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	0.008	0	--	--	0.006	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<u>FIELD PARAMETERS</u>								
pH	Standard units	5.88	6.20	6.25	6.12	5.92	6.05	5.96
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	0.065	0.351	0.463	0.272	18	0.166	0.102
Turbidity	NTU	--	0.76	--	--	360	3.9	2.3
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	3.22	1.91	5.2	2.89	6.4	8.64	2.36
Temperature	deg C	13.88	12.72	18.79	14.73	6.5	15.13	18.32
ORP	mV	114	230.9	137	153	221	147.6	266.3
<u>DISSOLVED GASES</u>								
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	--	170	--	--	72	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	--	<0.40	--	--	<0.40	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	--	390	--	--	22	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	--	260	--	--	29	--
Methane	ug/L	--	--	970	--	--	3.6	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	--	15	--	--	19	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	--	6.7	--	--	8.1	--

- 1 Spring water sample
2 Surface water sample
* Duplicate sample

mg/L Milligrams per liter.
mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
deg C Degrees Celsius.
mV Millivolts.
ng/L Nanograms per liter.
-- Not analyzed or collected.
ug/L Micrograms per liter.
IW Injection well.
ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	IW-03	IW-03	IW-03	IW-01	IW-08	IW-08
	Date:	12/14/03	3/10/04	6/17/04	9/23/04	12/14/03	3/10/04
<u>UNITS</u>							
<u>METALS</u>							
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
<u>GENERAL CHEMISTRY</u>							
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	444	1,520	4,160	38.2	21,200	362
Sulfate	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
<u>FIELD PARAMETERS</u>							
pH	Standard units	--	4.61	3.82	--	--	4.79
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	--	0.12	1.861	--	--	0.12
Turbidity	NTU	--	640	--	--	--	180
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	--	2.2	4.1	--	--	1.8
Temperature	deg C	--	8.9	12.6	--	--	9.0
ORP	mV	--	109	194.1	--	--	103
<u>DISSOLVED GASES</u>							
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Methane	ug/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

- mg/L Milligrams per liter.
- mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
- deg C Degrees Celsius.
- mV Millivolts.
- ng/L Nanograms per liter.
- Not analyzed or collected.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- IW Injection well.
- ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
- R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Annual Summary, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	IW-08	IW-08	IW-14	IW-13	IW-14	IW-14
	Date:	6/17/04	9/23/04	12/14/03	3/10/04	6/17/04	9/23/04
UNITS							
METALS							
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
GENERAL CHEMISTRY							
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	3,010	2,020	241	124	332	254
Sulfate	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
FIELD PARAMETERS							
pH	Standard units	4.52	--	--	5.93	4.76	--
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	2.274	--	--	80	0.642	--
Turbidity	NTU	--	--	--	140	--	--
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.47	--	--	2.6	--	--
Temperature	deg C	13.07	--	--	9.0	13.0	--
ORP	mV	25.4	--	--	10	--	--
DISSOLVED GASES							
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Methane	ug/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

- mg/L Milligrams per liter.
- mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
- deg C Degrees Celsius.
- mV Millivolts.
- ng/L Nanograms per liter.
- Not analyzed or collected.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- IW Injection well.
- ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
- R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	SP-2 ¹	SP-2 ¹	SP-3 ¹	SP-3 ¹	SP-4 ¹	SP-4 ¹
	Date:	12/16/03	6/15/04	12/16/03	6/15/04	12/16/03	6/15/04
<u>UNITS</u>							
<u>METALS</u>							
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
<u>GENERAL CHEMISTRY</u>							
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfate	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
<u>FIELD PARAMETERS</u>							
pH	Standard units	7.54	6.43	7.29	7.02	6.63	6.60
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	0.072	0.008	0.048	0.138	0.753	0.798
Turbidity	NTU	>999	--	727	--	--	--
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.12	5.09	3.37	9.53	1.32	1.89
Temperature	deg C	2.11	12.8	1.76	12.96	4.70	14.24
ORP	mV	49	49.8	45	85.5	-49.9	-11.3
<u>DISSOLVED GASES</u>							
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Methane	ug/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--

1 Spring water sample
2 Surface water sample
* Duplicate sample

mg/L Milligrams per liter.
mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
deg C Degrees Celsius.
mV Millivolts.
ng/L Nanograms per liter.
-- Not analyzed or collected.
ug/L Micrograms per liter.
IW Injection well.
ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 3. Concentrations of Selected Metals, General Chemistry, Field Parameters, and Dissolved Gases Detected in Groundwater, Spring and Surface Water Samples, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters	Sample ID:	F-6 ²	FB 9-21-04	FB 9-22-04	FB 9-23-04
	Date:	6/15/04	9/21/04	9/22/04	9/23/04
<u>UNITS</u>					
<u>METALS</u>					
Iron, Dissolved	mg/L	--	0.662	<0.0350	0.233
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/L	--	0.0805	<0.00500	0.016
<u>GENERAL CHEMISTRY</u>					
Bromide	mg/L	--	--	--	--
Chloride	mg/L	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Nitrogen, Nitrate (As N)	mg/L	--	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	--	<0.0100	0.0140	<0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	--	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Sulfate	mg/L	--	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Sulfide (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--
Iron (field)	mg/L	--	--	--	--
<u>FIELD PARAMETERS</u>					
pH	Standard units	6.98	--	--	--
Specific Conductance	mmhos/cm	0.147	--	--	--
Turbidity	NTU	--	--	--	--
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	9.55	--	--	--
Temperature	deg C	13.71	--	--	--
ORP	mV	167.7	--	--	--
<u>DISSOLVED GASES</u>					
Carbon dioxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--
Carbon monoxide	mg/L	--	--	--	--
Ethane	ng/L	--	--	--	--
Ethene	ng/L	--	--	--	--
Methane	ug/L	--	--	--	--
Nitrogen	mg/L	--	--	--	--
Oxygen	mg/L	--	--	--	--

- 1 Spring water sample
- 2 Surface water sample
- Duplicate sample

- mg/L Milligrams per liter.
- mmhos/cm Millimhos per centimeter.
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units.
- deg C Degrees Celsius.
- mV Millivolts.
- ng/L Nanograms per liter.
- Not analyzed or collected.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- IW Injection well.
- ORP Oxidation-reduction potential.
- R Qualifier assigned to analytical data indicating result is unusable due to contamination detected in the blank.

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Table 4. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds and Selected Metals Detected in Aqueous Samples Collected from the PT System, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York^{5,6}

Constituents	Model Technology BPJ Limits ^{1,2} (ug/L)	Sample ID: Date:	GMPW-3 12/16/03	GMPW-3 3/10/04	GMPW-3 6/15/04	GMPW-3 10/8/04	GMPW-4 12/16/03	GMPW-4 3/10/04	GMPW-4 6/15/04	GMPW-4 10/8/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10-20		100	110	64	70	97	100	140	89
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	10		56	77	44	56	82	100	120	100
1,1-Dichloroethene	10		4.7	6.3	3.0	3.8	4.4	5.3	6.7	5.3
1,2-Dichloroethane	10-30		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene	5		7.3	8.5	4.9	4.7	8.9	8.8	9.7	9.0
Chlorobenzene	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.0
Chloroethane	NA		14	18	12	13	25	27	38	29
Chloroform	NA		<1.0	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	10		74	89	72	90	87	110	170	130
Dichlorodifluoromethane	NA		4.0	2.2	<1.0	1.4	4.8	2.2	<1.0	2.4
Methylene Chloride	10-50		<1.0	12	6.8	4.8	<1.0	13	13	7.1
Naphthalene	10		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.2	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-Xylene	5		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Styrene	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Tetrachloroethene	10		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene	5		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10-50		<1.0	1.0	<1.0	3.8	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	5.3
Trichloroethene	10		53	61	38	63	82	87	120	98
Vinyl Chloride	10-50		16	15	9.2	6.5	43	29	27	38
Total VOCs			329.0	401.0	253.9	317.0	435.3	482.3	644.4	515.1

Model Technology
BPJ Limits^{3,4}
(mg/L)

Metals (units in mg/L)	1.2/0.61	2.11	4.24	3.97	0.652	0.149	1.02	1.69	0.223
Total Iron									

See Notes on Last Page.

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Table 4. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds and Selected Metals Detected in Aqueous Samples Collected from the PT System, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York^{5,6}

Constituents	Model Technology BPJ Limits ^{1,2} (ug/L)	Sample ID: Date:	GMPW-5 12/16/03	GMPW-5 3/10/04	GMPW-5 6/15/04	GMPW-5 10/8/04	T. INFLUENT 12/16/03	T. INFLUENT 3/10/04	T. INFLUENT 6/15/04	T. INFLUENT 10/8/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10-20		<1.0	34	<1.0	73	12	72	91	86
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	10		<1.0	28	<1.0	60	6.7	67	70	81
1,1-Dichloroethene	10		<1.0	1.8	<1.0	3.5	<1.0	4.0	4.2	4.6
1,2-Dichloroethane	10-30		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene	5		<1.0	2.8	<1.0	5.6	<1.0	5.2	6.2	7.1
Chlorobenzene	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.3
Chloroethane	NA		<1.0	7.3	<1.0	15	1.7	17	21	24
Chloroform	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	10		<1.0	32	<1.0	87	8.5	78	110	120
Dichlorodifluoromethane	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.0
Methylene Chloride	10-50		<1.0	4.1	<1.0	5.5	<1.6	6.8	8.3	5.9
Naphthalene	10		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-Xylene	5		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Styrene	NA		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Tetrachloroethene	10		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene	5		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10-50		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Trichloroethene	10		<1.0	22	<1.0	62	6.4	59	66	4.6
Vinyl Chloride	10-50		<1.0	56	<1.0	13	2.0	15	15	80
Total VOCs			0.0	188.0	0.0	329.4	37.3	324.0	391.7	443.5

Model Technology
BPJ Limits^{3,4}
(mg/L)

Metals (units in mg/L)	1.2 / 0.61	0.166	1.39	0.719	4.17	10	16.5	2.08	0.694
Total Iron									

See Notes on Last Page.

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Table 4. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds and Selected Metals Detected in Aqueous Samples Collected from the PT System, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York^{5,6}

Constituents	Model Technology BPJ Limits ^{1,2} (ug/L)	Sample ID: T. EFFLUENT BC	Date: 12/16/04	3/10/04	12/16/03	3/10/04	6/15/04	10/8/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10-20	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	10	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	10	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	10-30	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	NA	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene	5	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorobenzene	NA	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroethane	NA	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroform	NA	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	10	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	NA	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methylene Chloride	10-50	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Naphthalene	10	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-Xylene	5	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Styrene	NA	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	9.0
Tetrachloroethene	10	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene	5	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10-50	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Trichloroethene	10	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vinyl Chloride	10-50	--	--	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Total VOCs		--	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0

Model Technology
BPJ Limits^{3,4}

Metals (units in mg/L)	(mg/L)
Total Iron	1.2 / 0.61
	0.634
	1.48
	0.358
	0.375
	0.794
	0.179

See Notes on Last Page.

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Table 4. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds and Selected Metals Detected in Aqueous Samples Collected from the PT System, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York^{5,6}.

Notes:

1. Model Technology Best Professional Judgment (BPJ) Limits recommended for Air Stripping with appropriate pretreatment from Attachment C of TOGS 1.2.1.
2. When a range is listed for the BPJ limit, a variation in available references was found. Recommended daily maximum limits should be in this range.
3. Model Technology BPJ Limits recommended for Lime, Settle and Filter treatment.
4. The recommended daily maximum permit limit is 1.2 mg/L and the recommended daily average permit limit is 0.61 mg/L.
5. Production wells were sampled in accordance with the schedule set forth in Table 3 of the Long-Term Monitoring Plan (ARCADIS 2002).
6. Bold values indicate compound detected above method detection limit.

NA	No BPJ limit listed.
J	Estimated Value.
ug/L	Micrograms Per Liter.
mg/L	Milligrams Per Liter.
VOCs	Volatile Organic Compounds.
AC	After Cartridge Filter.
BC	Before Cartridge Filter.
PT	Pump and Treat.
--	Not Analyzed or Collected.
<	Analyte Below Detection Limit.
T.	Total.

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Table 5. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Springs, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Constituents (units in ug/L)	Sample ID:		SP-2		SP-3		SP-4	
	Date:		12/16/03	6/15/04	12/16/03	6/15/04	12/16/03	6/15/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		<1.0	1.6	<1.0	<1.0	5.0	<10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		<1.0	63	<1.0	7.8	80	67
1,1-Dichloroethene	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Benzene	<1.0		<1.0	1.3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Chlorobenzene	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	8.1	<10
Chloroethane	<1.0		<1.0	28	<1.0	1.8	33	30
Chloroform	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.0		<1.0	2.1	<1.0	<1.0	34	<10
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Ethylbenzene	<1.0		<1.0	6.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Methylene chloride	<1.0		<1.0	1.3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Methyl tert-butyl ether	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Naphthalene	<1.4		<1.0	6.2	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
o-Xylene	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Tetrachloroethene	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Toluene	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.0		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10
Trichloroethene	<1.0		<1.0	4.2	<1.0	<1.0	2.6	<10
Vinyl chloride	<1.0		<1.0	5.1	<1.0	<1.0	34	29
Total VOCs	0.0		0.0	119.4	0.0	9.6	196.7	126.0

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

MDL Method detection limit.

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Table 6. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Surface Water, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Constituents (units in ug/L)	Sample ID: Date:	F-6 6/15/04
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane		<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene		<1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane		<1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane		<1.0
Benzene		<1.0
Chlorobenzene		<1.0
Chloroethane		<1.0
Chloroform		<1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		<1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane		<1.0
Ethylbenzene		<1.0
Methylene chloride		<1.0
Naphthalene		<1.0
o-Xylene		<1.0
Tetrachloroethene		<1.0
Toluene		<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		<1.0
Trichloroethene		<1.0
Vinyl chloride		<1.0
Total VOCs		0.0

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.

MDL Method detection limit.

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Table 7. PT System Operating Parameters, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 and Annual Summary, Groundwater Remediation System, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Date	Time Recorded	Air Stripper Measurements			Flow Measurements			
		Blower Discharge Pressure PI-301 (i.w.c.)	Blower Effluent Flowrate (scfm)	Effluent Totalizer FQI-401 (gallons)	Water Bypass Totalizer FQI-402 (gallons)	GMPW-3 Totalizer FQI-101 (gallons)	GMPW-4 Totalizer FQI-102 (gallons)	GMPW-5 Totalizer FQI-103 (gallons)
6/15/2004	7:30 PM	9.4	598.0	724,225.5	655,519.0	343,638.0	168,801.0	226,932.0
10/8/2004	3:16 PM	8.9	318	780,949.0	708,178.5	348,902.5	199,825.6	250,519.8
Average Daily Flowrate During Reporting Period (gpm) =				0.34	0.32	0.03	0.19	0.14
Total Groundwater Recovered During Reporting Period (gallons) =				56,724	52,660	5,265	31,025	23,588
Average Daily Flowrate During Operational Year 2 (gpm) =				0.63	0.57	0.20	0.20	0.25
Total Groundwater Recovered During Operational Year 2 (gallons) =				333,384	298,867	104,905	106,885	130,643

Notes:

- gpm Gallons per minute.
- i.w.c. Inches of water column.
- scfm Standard cubic feet per minute.

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Table 8. PT System Mass Removal Rate of Volatile Organic Compounds, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 and Annual Summary, Groundwater Remediation System, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Date Sampled	Total VOC Influent Concentration (ug/L)	Total Effluent Totalizer FQI-401 (gallons)	Total Groundwater Recovered ¹ Between Sampling Intervals (gal)	Influent Concentration ² Geometric Mean (ug/L)	Total Estimated Mass ³ Removed (lbs)
6/15/2004	391.7	724,225	NA	NA	NA
10/8/2004	443.5	780,949	56,724	416.8	0.20
Total Estimated Mass Removed During Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 (lbs) = 0.20					
Total Estimated Mass Removed During Operational Year 2 (lbs) = 0.51					
Total Estimated Mass Removed Since System Startup (lbs) = 1.19					

Notes:

- NA Not applicable.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- gal Gallons.
- lbs Pounds.
- VOC Volatile organic compound.

1. Total Groundwater Recovered Between Sampling Intervals = Well Totalizer Reading for current sampling event - Well Totalizer Reading for prior sampling event.
2. Influent Concentration Geometric Mean = (Influent Concentration for prior sampling event x Influent Concentration for current sampling event) (1/2).
3. Total Mass Removed = (Total Groundwater Recovered Between Sampling Intervals) x Influent Concentration Geometric Mean x 3.7854 L/gallon x (1 lb / 453,592,370 ug).

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Table 9. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Air Stripper Effluent, Operational Year 2,
Groundwater Remediation System, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Compounds	CAS Numbers	Sample ID: Date Sampled:	Effluent 12/16/03 ppbv	Effluent 3/10/04 ppbv	Effluent 6/15/04 ppbv	Effluent 10/8/04 ppbv
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4		<10	<13	<11	<11
Chloroethane(Ethyl Chloride)	75-00-3		<10	<13	<11	<11
1,1-Dichloroethene(Vinylidene Chloride)	75-35-4		<10	<13	<11	<11
Methylene Chloride(Dichloromethane)	75-09-2		<10	<13	<11	<11
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3		<10	<13	<11	<11
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2		11	<13	<11	<11
Chloroform	67-66-3		<10	<13	<11	<11
1,1,1-Trichloroethane(Methyl Chloroform)	71-55-6		<10	<13	<11	<11
Benzene	71-43-2		<10	<13	<11	<11
Trichloroethene	79-01-6		<10	<13	<11	<11
Toluene	108-88-3		<10	<13	<11	<11
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4		<10	<13	<11	<11
m,p-Xylene	108-38-3/106-42-3		<10	<13	<11	<11
o-Xylene	95-47-6		<10	<13	<11	<11
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6		<10	<13	<11	<11
2-Propanol (Isopropyl alcohol)	67-63-0		<10	<13	<11	<11
Dichlorodifluoromethane(Freon 12)	75-71-8		<10	<13	<11	<11

ppbv: parts per billion by volume

Notes/Assumptions:

1. Samples collected by ARCADIS personnel on the dates shown and submitted to Air Toxics Laboratories LTD.
for volatile organic compound (VOC) analyses using a modified USEPA Method TO-14A.

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Table 10. Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Aqueous Samples Collected from the SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System, Operational Year 2, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Constituents	Model Technology BPJ Limits ^{1,2} (ug/L)	Sample ID: Date:	SP-5 INF. 12/15/03	SP-5 INF. 3/10/04	SP-5 INF. 6/15/04	SP-5 INF. 9/23/04	SP-5 EFF. 12/15/03	SP-5 EFF. 3/10/04	SP-5 EFF. 6/15/04	SP-5 EFF. 9/23/04
VOCs (units in ug/L)										
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10		<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	10		31	29	27	32	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	4.7
1,2-Dichloroethane	10-100		<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Benzene	5		3.0	<10	3.0	3.1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorobenzene	10-25		56	54	55	49	<1.0	1.6	<1.0	5.7
Chloroethane	10		12	13	12	16	<1.0	<1.0	5.7	13
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	10		1.9	<10	2.7	2.3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	NA		2.5	<10	<1.0	1.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.1
Ethylbenzene	5		<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Toluene	5		<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10-100		<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Trichloroethene	10		<1.0	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vinyl Chloride	10		<1.0	<10	1.4	1.7	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Total VOCs			106.4	96.0	101.1	105.7	0.0	1.6	5.7	24.5

Bold Constituent detected above MDL.

ug/L Micrograms per liter.
VOCs Volatile organic compounds.
< Analyte below detection limit.
INF. Influent.
EFF. Effluent.
NA No BPJ limit listed.

Notes:

1. Model Technology Best Professional Judgment (BPJ) Limits recommended for carbon adsorption with appropriate pretreatment from Attachment C of TOGS 1.2.1.
2. When a range is listed for the BPJ limit, a variation in available references was found. Recommended daily maximum limits should be in this range.

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Table 11. SP-5 Spring Water Remediation System Mass Removal Rate of Volatile Organic Compounds, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4, and Annual Summary, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Date Sampled	Total VOC Influent Concentration (ug/L)	Effluent Flowrate (gpm)	Depth to Water (feet btc)	Total Groundwater Treated ¹ Between Sampling Intervals (gal)	Influent Concentration ² Geometric Mean (ug/L)	Total Estimated Mass ³ Removed (lbs)
6/15/2004	101.1	0.396	0.19	NA	NA	NA
9/23/2004	105.7	1.13	0.20	131,011	103.4	0.11

Total Estimated Mass Removed During Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 (lbs) = 0.11

Total Estimated Mass Removed During Operational Year 2 (lbs) = 0.22

Total Estimated Mass Removed Since System Startup (lbs) = 0.22

Total Effluent Treated During Operational Year 2 (gallons) = 259,616

Total Effluent Treated Since System Startup (gallons) = 259,616

Notes:

- NA Not applicable.
- ug/L Micrograms per liter.
- gpm Gallons per minute.
- btc Below top of casing.
- gal Gallons.
- lbs Pounds.
- VOC Volatile organic compound.

1. Total Spring Water Treated Between Sampling Intervals = Effluent Flowrate x 1440 min/day x days between sampling events.
2. Influent Concentration Geometric Mean = (Influent Concentration for prior sampling event x Influent Concentration for current sampling event)^{1/2}.
3. Total Mass Removed = (Total Groundwater Treated Between Sampling Intervals) x Influent Concentration Geometric Mean x 3.7854 L/gallon x (1 lb / 453.592.370 ug).

ARCADIS

Appendix A

Water-Level Measurement and
Groundwater Sampling Logs.

NY000949.0017.0003A

Date 9-20-04

G:\TECHNICAL\FIELD LOGS\Water Level Round.XLS- Sheet1

Field Parameter Measurements Taken During Purgino

[illegible]

Comments	Log of old tubing still at this well on ground
----------	--

Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NY000949.0017 Task: 0003A Well ID: GMMW-5
Date: 9-21-04 Sampled By: PR
Sampling Time: 4:00 pm Recorded By: PR
Weather: 81° Partly cloudy Coded Replicate No.: N/A

Instrument Identification
Water Quality Meter(s): YSI 650 MDS Serial #: 02J0183 A1

Purging Information		Purge Method:	
Casing Material:	PVC	Rediflow Pump / Low Flow	
Casing Diameter:	2"	Screen Interval (ft bmp):	Top 53 Bottom 63
Sounded Depth (ft bmp):	68	Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp):	58
Depth to Water (ft bmp):	45.98	Purge time	Start: 3:30pm Finish: 4:00pm

Field Parameter Measurements Taken During Purging

[illegible]

Sample Condition Color: Odor: Appearance:

Sample Collection

Parameter: Container: No. Preservative:

See col .

PID Reading At Wellhead Zero

Comments _____

Purging Information		Purge Method:	
Casing Material:	<u>PVC</u>	Top	<u>Red: Flow Pump / Low Flow</u>
Casing Diameter:	<u>2 1/2"</u>	Screen Interval (ft bmp):	<u>46</u> Bottom <u>50</u>
Sounded Depth (ft bmp):	<u>50</u>	Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp):	<u>45</u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp):	<u>38.22</u>	Purge time	Start: <u>4:50pm</u> Finish: <u>5:25pm</u>

Field Parameter Measurements												
Time	Minutes Elapsed	Rate (mL/min)	Volume Furged	Temp (°C)	pH (SI Units)	Spec. Cond. (mS/cm)	ORP (mV)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Comments	
4:50	-	-	-	11.71	6.32	1.435	44.2	3.59	500	-	-	
4:55	-	-	-	12.21	6.36	1.431	23.8	3.10	350	43.55	-	
5:00	-	-	-	12.47	6.40	1.432	15.9	2.85	230	43.47	-	
5:05	-	-	-	12.83	6.52	1.445	4.6	2.52	100	43.28	-	
5:10	-	-	-	12.81	6.51	1.448	.4	2.48	116	43.22	-	
5:15	-	-	-	12.83	6.53	1.441	-1.9	2.40	75	43.14	-	
5:20	-	-	-	13.26	6.54	1.433	-3.2	2.02	60	42.81	-	
5:25	-	-	-	13.67	6.56	1.421	-4.1	1.85	50	42.82	-	
						52- = 0.033 mS/cm						

PID Reading	<u>Zero at wellhead</u>
Comments	<u>/</u>

Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: N 4000449.0017 Task: 0003A Well ID: PW.3
 Date: 9-22-07 Sampled By: FRAN M (Broom) GW
 Sampling Time: 1:45 pm Recorded By: FRAN M
 Weather: Sunny 75° Coded Replicate No.: N/A

Instrument Identification

Water Quality Meter(s): Quanta G Serial #: 05833

Purging Information

Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: Red-flow Pump / Low Flow
 Casing Diameter: 2" Screen Interval (ft bmp): Top 4.7 Bottom 29.7
 Sounded Depth (ft bmp): 29.7 Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp): —
 Depth to Water (ft bmp): 16.48 Purge time Start: 1:10 pm Finish: 1:45 pm

Field Parameter Measurements Taken During Purging

Time	Minutes Elapsed	Rate (mL/min)	Volume Purged	Temp (°C)	pH (SI Units)	Spec. Cond. (mS/cm)	ORP (mV)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Comments
1:10	—	—	—	17.11	6.09	4.10	190	7.27	—	16.48	—
1:15	—	—	—	17.52	6.27	4.22	165	6.06	—	—	—
1:20	—	—	—	17.89	6.27	4.26	160	6.10	—	10.25	—
1:25	—	—	—	18.07	6.29	4.18	151	6.32	—	10.48	—
1:30	—	—	—	18.12	6.26	4.11	147	6.17	—	10.18	—
1:35	—	—	—	18.04	6.36	4.05	138	6.21	—	—	—
1:40	—	—	—	14.52	6.28	3.57	146	4.73	—	9.98	—
1:45	—	—	6.9d	27.22	6.28	3.36	145	4.22	65	—	—
						52	0.026	mg/L			

Sample Condition Color: Colorless Odor: None Appearance: Clear

Sample Collection

Parameter: See COC Container: — No. — Preservative: —

PID Reading At Wellhead Zero

Comments —

C:\AEE\PROJECTS\WHCS_Melville\EKD_Filto\Testflow\flowsamplforms.xls-Lof to-GW_Sampl

1480949.0017

Task: 0003A

PW-5

19-23-04

FRANZ M. BRUNN

1:40pm

filaw m

clear 78°

N/A

Water Quality Meter(s):

Quanta G

Serial #:

05833

Casing Material:

Purge Method:

Red: flow Pump / Low Flow

Casing Diameter:

21

Screen Interval (ft bmp): Top

[Top](#)

4.7

Bottom 29.7

Sounded Depth (ft bmp):

29.-

Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp):

Purge time

Start:

1:19 am

Finish: 11:48 am

Depth to Water (ft bmp):

5.93

Field Parameter Measurements Taken During Purging

Time	Minutes Elapsed	Rate (mL/min)	Volume Purged	Temp (°C)	pH (SI Units)	Spec. Cond. (mS/cm)	ORP (mV)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Comments
1:10	—	588 imp	—	9.91	8.30	239	9	4.01	—	—	—
1:15	—	—	—	10.11	8.31	234	54	.58	—	5.93	—
1:20	—	—	—	10.21	8.24	233	-71	.83	—	5.67	—
1:25	—	—	—	10.25	8.21	233	-77	.64	—	5.67	—
1:30	—	—	—	10.30	8.17	234	-82	.38	—	—	—
1:35	—	—	—	10.33	8.20	234	-85	.30	—	5.69	—
1:40	—	—	—	10.37	8.06	239	-76	.38	—	—	—
			66A								
						52-	0.046	ms/c			

Color:

Odor:

Appearance:

Parameter:

Container:

No.

Preservative:

See CCC

PID Reading

At wellhead zero

Comments

Instrument Identification
Water Quality Meter(s): YSI 650 MDS Serial #: 0250183 A1

Purging Information			
Casing Material:	<u>PVC</u>	Purge Method:	<u>Red: flow Pump / Low Flow</u>
Casing Diameter:	<u>2"</u>	Screen Interval (ft bmp):	Top <u>27</u> Bottom <u>62</u>
Sounded Depth (ft bmp):	<u>62</u>	Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp):	<u> </u>
Depth to Water (ft bmp):	<u>37.72</u>	Purge time	Start: <u>3:40pm</u> Finish: <u>4:25pm</u>

[illegible]

Sample Condition	Color: <u>Light Brown</u>	Odor: <u>NONE</u>	Appearance: <u>Turbid</u>
Sample Collection	Container:	No.	Preservative:
Parameter: <u>See LOC</u>			

Comments

* off scale greater than 200 NTU

G:\AFRJECT\WHCS Melville\ED Pilot Test\flow\flow\forms.xls-Lof to-GW-Samr.

Water Sampling Log

Project Coleville

NY 000949.0017.0003A

Project No. NY 000949.0017.0003A

Page 1 of 1

Site Location Coleville NY

Date 9-21-04

Site/Well No. W-5

Replicate No. N/A

Code No.

Weather Clear 75°

Sampling Time: Begin End

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC

MP Elevation (ft) 1051.41

Land Surface Elevation (ft)

Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 58.50

Depth to Water (ft bmp) 50.69

Water-Level Elevation (ft)

Water Column in Well (ft) 7.81

Casing Diameter/Type 2" (0.16) / PVC

Gallons in Well 1.24

Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling 3.6

Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp)

Purge Time begin end

Pumping Rate (gpm)

Evacuation Method Hand Bailed

Field Parameters

	I	II	III	IV Sample
Color	-	-	-	-
Odor	-	-	-	-
Appearance	-	-	-	-
pH (s.u.)	6.26	6.12	-	6.11
Conductivity (mS/cm)	251	246	-	249
ORP (mV/cm)	-67	-71	-	-57.9
Turbidity (NTU)	2200	2200	-	-
Temperature (°C)	15.83	15.61	-	19.10
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	2.59	4.03	-	5.52
Salinity (%)	-	-	-	-

Sampling Method Bailed - well dry. sample taken on 9/22/04

Remarks Dry AT IV

WT RECOVER EQUIPMENT

S²⁻¹ = .039 mg/L

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

See COC

Sampling Personnel

GW/PP

Well Casing Volumes

in./ft.	1-1/4"	2"	3"	4"
	0.06	0.16	0.37	0.65
	0.09	0.26	0.50	1.47

mp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milisiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
ft	feet	msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	umhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

C:\APRG\ECT\WHCS Melville\ESD Filter Test\Newflow\sampleforms.xls-LoF to-GW-Samp.

Quanta G

Serial #:

05833

Casing Material:	PVC
Casing Diameter:	211
Sounded Depth (ft bmp):	51.5
Depth to Water (ft bmp):	43.65

Purge Method:

Red: flow Pump / Low Flow

Screen interval (ft bmp): Top 35 Bottom 50

Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp): _____

Purge time Start: 1:35 pm Finish: 2:05 pm

[illegible]
$$S^2 = .004 \text{ ms}^2$$

Parameter:

Container:

No.

Preservative:

PID Reading

Comments

Water Sampling Log

Project Colesville Project No. NY000949.0017.0003A Page 1 of 1
 Site Location Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York Date 9-22-04
 Site/Well No. W-13 Replicate No. N/A Code No. _____
 Weather Sunny 76° Sampling Time: Begin 4:39pm End 4:42pm

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point TOC
 MP Elevation (ft) 1053.43
 Land Surface Elevation (ft) /
 Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp) 50
 Depth to Water (ft bmp) 45.58
 Water-Level Elevation (ft) /
 Water Column in Well (ft) 4.42
 Casing Diameter/Type 2" (0.16) PVC
 Gallons in Well .71
 Gallons Pumped/Bailed Prior to Sampling x3
2.13
 Sample Pump Intake Setting (ft bmp) /
 Purge Time begin / end 4:39pm
 Pumping Rate (gpm) /
 Evacuation Method Hand Bailed

Field Parameters	I	IV	2V	3V
Color	-	-	-	colorless
Odor	-	-	-	slight
Appearance	-	-	-	clear with suspended solids
pH (s.u.)	6.48	6.11	6.04	6.14
Conductivity (mS/cm)	.593	.600	.604	.611
(µmhos/cm)	462	468	459	470
Turbidity (NTU)	-	30	39	45
Temperature (°C)	13.16	13.37	12.06	12.79
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	4.70	4.47	4.16	4.89
Salinity (‰) ORP	-26.8	-22.4	-18.4	-14.1
Sampling Method	<u>Bail</u>			

Remarks

PID reading at wellhead zero

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

See COC

Sampling Personnel

GW/JP

Well Casing Volumes

Gel./ft	1-1/4" = 0.06	2" = 0.16	3" = 0.37	4" = 0.65
	1-3/4" = 0.09	2-1/2" = 0.26	3-1/2" = 0.50	6" = 1.47

bmp	below measuring point	ml	milliliter	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
°C	Degrees Celsius	mS/cm	Milsiemens per centimeter	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride
feet		msl	mean sea-level	s.u.	Standard units
gpm	Gallons per minute	N/A	Not Applicable	µmhos/cm	Micromhos per centimeter
mg/L	Miligrams per liter	NR	Not Recorded	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Water Sampling Log

Project

Colesville

Project No.

NY000949.0017.0003A

Page

1 of 1

Site Location

Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York

Date

9-23-04

Site/Well No.

W-145

Replicate No.

N/A

Code No.

Weather

Sampling Time:

Begin

End

Evacuation Data

Measuring Point

TOC

MP Elevation (ft)

957.68

Land Surface Elevation (ft)

Sounded Well Depth (ft bmp)

19.5

Depth to Water (ft bmp)

7.99

Water-Level Elevation (ft)

Water Column in Well (ft)

11.51

Casing Diameter/Type

7" (8" ID)

Gallons in Well

1.8

Gallons Pumped/Bailed
Prior to Sampling

5.4

Sample Pump Intake
Setting (ft bmp)

Purge Time

begin

end

Pumping Rate (gpm)

Evacuation Method

Hand Bailed

Field Parameters

Color

Odor

Appearance

pH (s.u.)

Conductivity
(mS/cm)

(µmhos/cm)

Turbidity (NTU)

Temperature (°C)

Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)

Salinity (%)

Sampling Method

Remarks

	1W	2W	3W
Color			
Odor			
Appearance			
pH (s.u.)	6.19	5.75	6.0
Conductivity (mS/cm)	0.084	0.077	0.066
(µmhos/cm)	75	110	84
Turbidity (NTU)			
Temperature (°C)	19.29	15.11	12.67
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	2.91	3.02	3.50
Salinity (%)			
Sampling Method	Bail		

PID reading at well head zero

Constituents Sampled

Container Description

Number

Preservative

See COC

Sampling Personnel

GW

Well Casing Volumes

Gal./ft.

1-1/2" = 0.06

2" = 0.16

3" = 0.37

4" = 0.65

1-1/2" = 0.09

2-1/2" = 0.26

3-1/2" = 0.50

6" = 1.47

bmp below measuring point
°C Degrees Celsius
ft feet
gpm Gallons per minute
mg/L Milligrams per liter

ml milliliter
mS/cm Milisiemens per centimeter
msl mean sea-level
N/A Not Applicable
NR Not recorded

NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
PVC Polyvinyl chloride
s.u. Standard units
µmhos/cm Micromhos per centimeter
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

mw-268

From n (Bleeding) 6W

fr Am m

NIA

05833

Red: flow Pump / Low Flow

211

Screen interval (ft bmp): Top

Bottom 22

22

Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp):

8.78

Purge time

Start:

10:35 AM

Finish: 11:05 AM

Time	Minutes Elapsed	Rate (mL/min)	Volume Purged	Temp (°C)	pH (SI Units)	Spec. Cond. (mS/cm)	ORP (mV)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Comments
10:35	—	—	—	14.21	6.69	464	102	4.81	—	8.78	—
10:40	—	—	—	15.80	6.14	463	99	4.94	—	—	—
10:45	—	—	—	17.43	6.11	451	90	4.75	—	14.68	—
10:50	—	—	—	19.20	6.14	451	111	4.83	—	—	—
10:55	—	—	—	19.16	6.16	458	130	3.79	—	16.33	—
11:00	—	—	—	19.06	6.15	464	148	3.89	—	—	—
11:05	—	—	—	18.57	6.25	463	140	4.75	—	—	—
			4.6 m	18.14	6.25	463	137	5.2	—	—	—
						525	0 mg/L				

Appearance:

No.

Preservative:

Comments

At wellhead zero

Low-Flow Groundwater Sampling Log

Project Number: NY 020414.0017 Task: MD3A Well ID: MW-17S
 Date: 9-22-04 Sampled By: FRAN M (Browne) GW
 Sampling Time: 9:05 AM Recorded By: FRAN M
 Weather: Sunny 60° Coded Replicate No.: N/A

Instrument Identification
 Water Quality Meter(s): Quanta G Serial #: 05833

Purging Information
 Casing Material: PVC Purge Method: Red:flow Pump / Low Flow
 Casing Diameter: 2" Screen Interval (ft bmp): Top 5 Bottom 20
 Sounded Depth (ft bmp): 20 Pump Intake Depth (ft bmp): 20
 Depth to Water (ft bmp): 8.18 Purge time Start: 9:05 AM Finish: 9:55 AM

Field Parameter Measurements Taken During Purging

Time	Minutes Elapsed	Rate (mL/min)	Volume Purged	Temp (°C)	pH (SI Units)	Spec. Cond. (mS/cm)	ORP (mV)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Depth to Water (ft bmp)	Comments
9:05	-	-	-	13.36	6.01	270	142	3.87	-	8.18	-
9:10	-	-	-	14.09	6.03	271	142	2.30	-	-	-
9:15	-	-	-	14.28	6.06	279	145	2.95	-	8.18	STOP
9:20	-	-	-	14.05	6.11	279	142	4.17	-	8.18	-
9:25	-	-	-	14.52	6.09	277	143	3.54	-	9.18	-
9:30	-	-	-	14.51	6.04	276	150	2.90	-	-	-
9:35	-	-	-	14.40	6.11	274	151	2.71	-	9.18	-
9:40	-	-	-	14.54	6.11	272	151	3.12	-	-	-
9:45	-	-	-	14.66	6.10	271	152	3.14	-	9.18	-
9:50	-	-	-	14.69	6.10	270	153	2.45	-	-	-
9:55	-	-	-	14.73	6.12	272	153	2.89	-	9.18	-
			768L								

Sample Condition Color: Colorless Odor: None Appearance: Clear

Sample Collection Parameter: See COC Container: _____ No. _____ Preservative: _____

PID Reading At wellhead zero

Comments _____

Task: 0003A Well ID: W-205
 Sampled By: PP
 Recorded By: PP
 Coded Replicate No.: N/A

YSI 650 MDS

02J0183 A1

PVC

Rediflow Pump / Low Flow

2 14

Bottom 22

22

7.69

Start:

1:35pm

Finish:

2105 pm

[illegible]

Appearance:

See Coc

No.

Preservative:

At wellhead zero

Comments

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Appendix B

New York State Department of
Environmental Conservation DAR-1
Air Modeling Data

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Table B-1. NYSDEC DAR-1 Air Modeling Data, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Parameters for 10/8/2004 Sampling Event

Discharge Temperature	T	521.67	°R
Ambient Temperature	Ta	510.67	°R
Stack Diameter	D	6	in
Stack Radius	R	0.25	ft
Stack Area	A	0.20	ft ²
Exit Velocity	V	26.70	fps
Exit Flow	Q	315	acfm
Exit Flow	Q	318	scfm
Stack Height	h _s	17	ft
Building Height	h _b	13.25	ft
Ratio of Heights	h _s /h _b	1.28	
Plume rise credit? $h_s/h_b > 1.5$?	(If no, $h_e = h_s$)	(If Yes, $h_e = h_s + 1.1 (F_m)^{1/3}$)	
Momentum Flux	$F_m = T_a/T \cdot V^2 \cdot R^2$	n/a	ft ⁴ /s ²
Effective Stack Height	h _e	17.0	ft
Reduction Factor? $2.5 > h_s/h_b > 1.5$?		No, do not reduce impact	
Actual Annual Impact	C _a	RF*6*Q _a /h _e ^{2.25}	
Mass Flow	Q _a	S lbs emitted for last 12 months	

fps: feet per second

acfm: actual cubic feet per minute

ug/m³: micrograms per cubic meter

lb/yr: pounds per year

lb/hr: pounds per hour

ppb: parts per billion

Notes/Assumptions:

1. The stack discharge temperature is 62°F based on recorded parameters.
2. The ambient temperature is approximately 51°F, the average temperature for October 8.
3. Calculations assume that the system will run with the maximum allowable concentrations between quarterly readings.
4. AGC refers to the Annual Guideline Concentration as determined using the hand calculations in the DAR-1 AGC/SGC Tables dated December 22, 2003.
5. To be conservative the lower detection limit was used for compounds that were below the limit of detection, but are found in the influent groundwater of the Groundwater Remediation System.

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Table B-2. NYSDEC DAR-1 Air Modeling Data, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Page 2 of 3

Calculation of the Short-Term Guideline Concentration (SGC) for Sampling Event on 10/8/2004

Compounds	CAS Numbers	Maximum Limit (SGC) (ug/m ³)	Analytical Concentration (ppb)	Detection Limit Used	Actual Emissions C _a (ug/m ³)	Mass/hour (lb/hr)	Maximum Potential Impact (Step III-A.3 in DAR-1) (ug/m ³)	Short Term Impact (Step III-A.5 in DAR-1) (ug/m ³)	Percent of the SGC
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	180,000	11	*	28.58	3.40E-05	0.0058	0.37818	2.1E-04
Chloroethane(Ethyl Chloride)	75-00-3	--	11	*	29.50	3.51E-05	0.0060	0.39040	NA
1,1-Dichloroethene(Vinylidene Chloride)	75-35-4	--	11	*	44.33	5.28E-05	0.0090	0.58663	NA
Methylene Chloride(Dichloromethane)	75-09-2	14,000	11	*	38.84	4.63E-05	0.0079	0.51396	3.7E-03
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	--	11	*	45.26	5.39E-05	0.0092	0.59886	NA
cis-1,2 - Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	--	11	*	44.33	5.28E-05	0.0090	0.58663	NA
1,1,1-Trichloroethane(Methyl Chloroform)	71-55-6	68,000	11	*	61.01	7.27E-05	0.0124	0.80731	1.2E-03
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	54,000	11	*	60.09	7.16E-05	0.0122	0.79509	1.5E-03
Dichlorofluoromethane(Freon 12)	75-71-8	--	11	*	55.29	6.59E-05	0.0113	0.73155	NA

ug/m³: Micrograms per cubic meter

ppb: parts per billion

*: Analyte concentration below detection limit, detection limit was used in calculations

lb/hr: pounds per hour

--: No SGC listed for compound

NA: Not applicable

Notes:

- DAR-1 refers to DAR-1 AGC/SGC Tables dated December 22, 2003.
- SGC refers to the Short-Term Guideline Concentration as determined using the hand calculations in the DAR-1 AGC/SGC Tables dated December 22, 2003.
- To be conservative the lower detection limit was used for compounds that were below the limit of detection, but are found in the influent groundwater of the Groundwater Remediation System.

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Table B-3. NYSDC DAR-1 Air Modeling Data, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Calculation of AGC based on 10/8/2004 Sampling Event

Compounds	CAS Numbers	Maximum Limit on C_a (AGC ⁴) ug/m ³	Maximum Mass Flow Q_a lb/yr	Lab Data ppb	Detection Limit Used ⁵	Actual Emissions C_a ug/m ³	Actual Mass Flow per Hour lb/hr	Actual Mass Flow per Year lb/yr	Percent of Annual %
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	0.11	10.76	11	*	28.58	3.41E-05	0.29498	2.74
Chloroethane(Ethyl Chloride)	75-00-3	10,000	978,044.97	11	*	29.50	3.52E-05	0.30451	0.00
1,1-Dichloroethene(Vinylidene Chloride)	75-35-4	70	6,846.31	11	*	44.33	5.28E-05	0.45757	0.01
Methylene Chloride(Dichloromethane)	75-09-2	2.1	205.39	11	*	38.84	4.63E-05	0.40089	0.20
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.63	61.62	11	*	45.26	5.39E-05	0.46711	0.76
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	1,900	185,828.54	11	*	44.33	5.28E-05	0.45757	0.00
1,1,1-Trichloroethane(Methyl Chloroform)	71-55-6	1,000	97,804.50	11	*	61.01	7.27E-05	0.62970	0.00
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	0.5	48.90	11	*	60.09	7.16E-05	0.62017	1.27
Dichlorodifluoromethane(Freon 12)	75-71-8	12,000	1,173,653.96	11	*	27.48	3.28E-05	0.28365	0.00

fps: feet per second

acfm: actual cubic feet per minute

ug/m³: micrograms per cubic meter

lb/yr: pounds per year

lb/hr: pounds per hour

ppb: parts per billion

Notes/Assumptions:

1. The stack discharge temperature is 62°F based on recorded parameters.
2. The ambient temperature is approximately 51°F, the average temperature for October 8.
3. Calculations assume that the system will run with the maximum allowable concentrations between quarterly readings.
4. AGC refers to the Annual Guideline Concentration as determined using the hand calculations in the DAR-1 AGC/SGC Tables dated December 22, 2003.
5. To be conservative the lower detection limit was used for compounds that were below the limit of detection, but are found in the influent groundwater of the Groundwater Remediation System.

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Appendix C

Automated Reagent Injection System Operating Parameters

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Table C-1. Automated Reagent Injection System Summary of Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 Injection Quantities, Groundwater Remediation System, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Summary of Automated Reagent Injections

Date	Total Quantity of Molasses Solution Injected (gal.)	Total Quantity of Molasses Injected (gal.)	Total Quantity of Rinse Water Injected (gal.)
6/23/2004	2,720	272	157
7/26/2004	480	48	0
Quarter Totals (gal.) =	3,200	320	157
Totals for Operational Year 2 (gal.) =	23,460	2,508	2,068
Totals Since Startup (gal.) =	50,384	6,281	6,425

Notes:

gal. Gallons

Table C-2. Automated Reagent Injection System, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 Operating Parameters, Groundwater Remediation System, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Injection Number 43

Injection Date = 6/23/2004

Molasses to Water Ratio (%) = 10.0

Programmed Mixing Time (min.)¹ = 60

Injection Well ID	Molasses Solution Injection Quantity (gal.)	Rinse ² Quantity (gal.)	Raw Molasses Per Well (gal.)	Min. Injection Flowrate (gpm)	Max. Injection Pressure (psi)
PW-6	160	5	16.0	0	8
IW-3	160	5	16.0	10	4
IW-1	160	4	16.0	10	5
IW-2	160	3	16.0	0	10
GMMW-1	160	3	16.0	12	12
IW-4	160	4	16.0	12	7
IW-5	160	5	16.0	0	8
IW-6	160	7	16.0	15	8
IW-7	160	8	16.0	15	8
IW-8	160	9	16.0	0	9
IW-9	160	11	16.0	14	9
IW-10	160	12	16.0	15	9
IW-11	160	13	16.0	0	11
IW-12	160	15	16.0	17	9
IW-13	160	16	16.0	18	11
IW-14	160	18	16.0	0	14
IW-15	160	19	16.0	0	23
Totals (gal.) =	2,720	157	272.0	NA	NA

Notes:

gal. Gallons.
min. Minutes.
i.w.c. Inches of water column.
psi Pounds per square inch.
gpm Gallons per minute.
NA Not applicable.
NM Not measured.

1. Programmed mixing time is calculated from the expiration time of the molasses injection countdown timer to the startup of transfer pump TP-900 during an injection sequence or from the end of transfer pump TP-600 operation to the restart of an injection during a mixing sequence.
2. Rinse quantity is approximately 1-pipeline volume for each injection well.
3. Parameters believed incorrect due to control system malfunctioning.
4. Molasses solution injected manually.
5. Parameters not recorded by system.

Table C-2. Automated Reagent Injection System, Operational Year 2, Quarter Number 4 Operating Parameters, Groundwater Remediation System, Colesville Landfill, Broome County, New York.

Injection Number 44

Injection Date = 7/26/2004

Molasses to Water Ratio (%) = 10.0 Programmed Mixing Time (min.)¹ = 60

Injection Well ID	Molasses Solution Injection Quantity (gal.)	Rinse ² Quantity (gal.)	Raw Molasses Per Well (gal.)	Min. Injection Flowrate (gpm)	Max. Injection Pressure (psi)
PW-6 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-3 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-1 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-2 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
GMMW-1 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-4 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-5 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-6 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-7 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-8 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-9 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-10 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-11 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-12 ⁴	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
IW-13 ⁵	160	NM	16.0	0	8
IW-14 ⁵	160	NM	16.0	3	2
IW-15 ⁵	160	NM	16.0	0	13
Totals (gal.) =	480	0	48.0	NA	NA

Notes:

gal. Gallons.
min. Minutes.
i.w.c. Inches of water column.
psi Pounds per square inch.
gpm Gallons per minute.
NA Not applicable.
NM Not measured.

1. Programmed mixing time is calculated from the expiration time of the molasses injection countdown timer to the startup of transfer pump TP-900 during an injection sequence or from the end of transfer pump TP-600 operation to the restart of an injection during a mixing sequence.
2. Rinse quantity is approximately 1-pipeline volume for each injection well.
3. Parameters believed incorrect due to control system malfunctioning.
4. Molasses solution injected manually.
5. Parameters not recorded by system.