Certification of Completion

Final Corrective Measures Addressing Groundwater Contamination

Former Borden Resin Facility - Bainbridge, New York

July 2003

Prepared For:

Prepared By:

IRG Assumption, LLC. Littleton, Colorado 80127



NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Bureau of Radiation and Hazardous Site Management Syracuse, New York 13204 – 2400 **Center for Applied Ecology**





CENTER FOR APPLIED ECOLOGY 510 Johns Hill Road, Highland Heights, Kentucky 41076 (859) 442-4280. fennells@nku.edu

July 15, 2003

via Federal Express

Leslie Casiple, Project Manager IRG Assumption, LLC 7991 Shaffer Parkway, Suite 100 Littleton, CO 80127

Tim DiGiulio, P.E.
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Bureau of Radiation and Hazardous Site Management
615 Erie Boulevard West
Syracuse, NY 13204-2400

Denise Radtke, Engineering Geologist New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Bureau of Radiation and Hazardous Site Management 625 Broadway, 8th Floor Albany, NY 12233-7252

Subject:

Professional Engineer's Certification of Completion
Final Corrective Measures Addressing Groundwater Contamination

Former Borden Resin Facility – Bainbridge, New York

Leslie, Tim, and Denise:

Attached for your files is the Professional Engineer's Certification of Completion addressing groundwater remediation at the Borden site. This certification is a requirement of the Order on Consent originally signed by Borden and NYSDEC in 1990.

Please feel free to contact me will any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Scott Fennell, P.E.

Senior Environmental Engineer / Scientist

C: Mitch Moss – MACTEC Development Corporation Site Copy – c/o Mitch Moss

1.0 PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION OF COMPLETION

In 1990 Borden, Inc. entered into an Order on Consent (Index # A7-0121-87-09) with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) to address environmental contamination at the former Borden Resin Facility in Bainbridge, New York (Figure 1). This document fulfills Condition X of the Order relative to the submission of asbuilt drawings, final engineering report, and engineer's certification that construction of remedial systems addressing groundwater contamination has been completed. A previous engineer's certification was submitted (dated September 2001) relative to remedial systems and measures addressing soil and sewer contamination.

Note that Columbus-Cherokee Real Estate, LLC purchased the site from Borden, Inc. and is now responsible for implementation of the Order.

1.1 Project Background

Phenol Recovery Area. On September 23, 1998, NYSDEC finalized a "Corrective Measures Implementation Plan" (CMIP) describing groundwater remediation requirements for the "Phenol Recovery Area" of the former Borden Resin Facility (Figure 2). The CMIP described site groundwater contaminants, the selected remediation technology (in-situ bioremediation), remedial goals and criteria, and termination requirements. In March 1999, Cherokee Environmental Risk Management, LP (now IRG Environmental) submitted a "Remedial Design and Start-up Monitoring Plan" describing a one-year pilot test demonstration of in-situ bioremediation utilizing air sparging. Unfortunately, the air sparging pilot test (implemented April 2001 thru January 2002) did not achieve objectives specified in the CMIP (50 percent decrease in contaminant concentrations at monitoring well MW-15) and exhibited operational limitations such as sparge well siltation and air line freezing.

During the period March thru October 2002, MACTEC (a.k.a. Harding ESE) conducted additional investigations and developed an alternative groundwater remediation plan in consultation with NYSDEC. The modified groundwater remediation approach, approved by NYSDEC in a letter dated October 29, 2002, utilizes a one-time injection of chemical oxygenate and continuous operation of a pump-and-treat system to achieve hydraulic

control of the contaminant plume and to achieve termination standards specified in the CMIP. In accordance with the modified approach, chemical oxygenate was injected in November 2002 and the continuous pump-and-treat system was completed and began operation in December 2002.

Remedial Goals for the modified groundwater remediation approach remain the same as those specified in the CMIP:

- Prevent off-site migration of contaminants above NYSDEC Groundwater Protection Standards,
- 2. Reduce contaminant mass of the plume.

Termination standards are to meet Groundwater Protection Standards or gain NYSDEC approval of a risk-based closure demonstration.

Other Areas. Besides the Phenol Recovery Area, groundwater contamination also occurred at other areas of the Borden site, namely at the "PCB Area" and "Bone Yard" (Figure 2). Groundwater contamination at these other areas was relatively minor and was addressed by soil and sewer removal as documented in the September 2001 engineer's certification. Groundwater monitoring of these areas subsequent to soil and sewer remediation is confirming that trace contaminant levels are disappearing. The site groundwater monitoring plan (Appendix C) describes final monitoring requirements to close the groundwater issues, and no active groundwater remediation is anticipated to be required at these areas.

1.2 Purpose and Basis of Certification

This document provides a professional engineer's certification that corrective measures addressing groundwater in the Phenol Recovery Area were implemented in accordance with NYSDEC-approved plans. A professional engineer's certification is required by Condition X of the Consent Order entered into by Borden, Inc. and NYSDEC.

The basis of certification was discussed with all parties (Cherokee/IRG Environmental, MACTEC, and NYSDEC) prior to final corrective measures implementation. As agreed with the NYSDEC, the certifying engineer provides certification based upon the following:

- 1. Site observation of soil and groundwater sampling locations and procedures.
- 2. Site observation of chemical oxygenate injection.
- Site observation of collection well construction.
- 4. Site observation of treatment system final construction and review of effluent monitoring data.
- Review of hydraulic control demonstration data.

Certain additional sampling and collection well locations were specified after approval of written plans based upon observations and concerns raised by NYSDEC or the engineer. For example, the number of collection wells (in addition to Sump 1) was increased from the originally-specified three to five.

Note that the certifying engineer relies upon certain data and/or documentation prepared by other parties including:

- 1. Location/elevation data prepared by a licensed surveyor (Lynn Pullis, P.S.),
- 2. Sample analyses performed by analytical laboratories (e.g., Integrated Analytical),
- 3. Well construction diagrams, groundwater maps, diagrams and other materials prepared by the remediation engineer (MACTEC).

Note also that the certifying engineer's "site observation" activities described above did not entail continuous observation of all activities. Rather, "site observation" entailed viewing one or more representative events (e.g., sampling, injection, well installation), viewing marked/flagged sampling/injection locations, and viewing the final constructed and operating pump-and-treat system during two trips to the site (conducted during the weeks ending

November 22 and December 13, 2002). It is also noteworthy that NYSDEC also made inspection trips during the period of corrective measures implementation.

This certification does not address the ability of the pump-and-treat system to achieve the Remedial Criteria timelines specified in the CMIP. These timelines, such as 75 percent contaminant reduction at selected monitoring wells within seven years, were developed for in-situ bioremediation and may not be appropriate for pump-and-treat, which is acknowledged to generally require a longer time to achieve concentration reductions.

In the event treatment system effluent limits are not achieved, that plume migration is not controlled, and/or that the mass of contamination in groundwater is not reduced, expansion of the existing system and/or additional corrective measures may be necessary.

1.3 Certification Statement

In accordance with Condition X of Consent Order Index No. A7-0121-87-09, entered into by Borden, Inc. and NYSDEC, this certification of completion document has been prepared by an engineer licensed to practice in the State of New York.

Scott Fennell, P.E. Date

Seal

2.0 FINAL CORRECTIVE MEASURES AS-BUILT REPORT

2.1 Chemical Oxygenate Injection

A Progress Report prepared by MACTEC for the week ending November 22, 2002 documented chemical oxygenate treatment of the groundwater contamination plume. PermeOx-brand calcium peroxide manufactured by FMC was injected to provide slow-release oxygen thus promoting in-situ bioremediation of groundwater contaminants. Figure 3 illustrates 101 locations where oxygenate was injected into two-inch diameter push-point borings extending from 7.5 to 25 feet below grade. (The water table in the vicinity of the contaminant plume varies from approximately three to ten feet below grade.) Thirty-five injection locations in the area of highest groundwater contamination received approximately 124 pounds per boring, while the remaining 66 locations received approximately 36 pounds per boring. Shortly after completion of the injection program, dissolved oxygen readings in monitoring wells exhibited increases, in some cases going from approximately one to over 20 mg/L.

2.2 Groundwater Collection and Treatment System

The groundwater collection and treatment system was completed and began operation in December 2002. The treatment train consists of the following elements (in order):

- Groundwater collection from five four-inch collection wells plus one collection sump using in-well pneumatic pumps. (Well construction diagrams are provided in Appendix B. The sump is a manually slotted approximately 10-foot by 36-inch corrugated metal pipe, installed vertically from grade by excavation and backfilled with gravel.)
- Aeration / bioremediation (10 CFM) within a 1000-gallon surge tank.
- 3. Bag filtration (50 microns) to remove particulates.
- 4. Activated carbon adsorption within two 2,500-pound pressure vessels in series.

5. Metered discharge of treated groundwater to ground surface.

The treatment system layout, housed inside an insulated and heated building, is illustrated on Figures 4 and 5. The groundwater collection system and utility layout is illustrated on Figure 6.

A groundwater surface contour map developed by the operator under system pumping conditions (March 2003) is provided in Figure 7. Contaminant plume maps for the same period are provided on Figures 8A thru 8D. (Excerpted from the June 30, 2003 Quarterly Monitoring Report prepared by MACTEC.)

2.3 Operation and Maintenance

System operation is monitored and controlled using a programmable logic controller with remote telemetry, such that the system can be monitored and controlled at the site or from the remote (office) location. Monitored parameters include vessel pressure levels, well and tank water levels, air temperature and flow, and component status (on/off).

An "Operation and Maintenance Plan" was prepared by MACTEC for the system and submitted to NYSDEC on February 10, 2003. The O&M Plan includes:

- System description text, illustrations, and component list (Table 1 attached),
- Equipment Manuals,
- "Groundwater Monitoring Plan" (subsequently modified)
- "Contingency Plan" to address system deficiencies such as insufficient hydraulic control, and
- "Reporting Plan".

The O&M Plan is kept on site and at the remote operator location for easy reference and implementation. Operator personnel visit the site on a weekly basis.

2.4 Monitoring Systems

The groundwater collection and treatment system is monitored to ensure that effluent limits are achieved, that plume migration is controlled, and that the mass of contamination in groundwater is reduced.

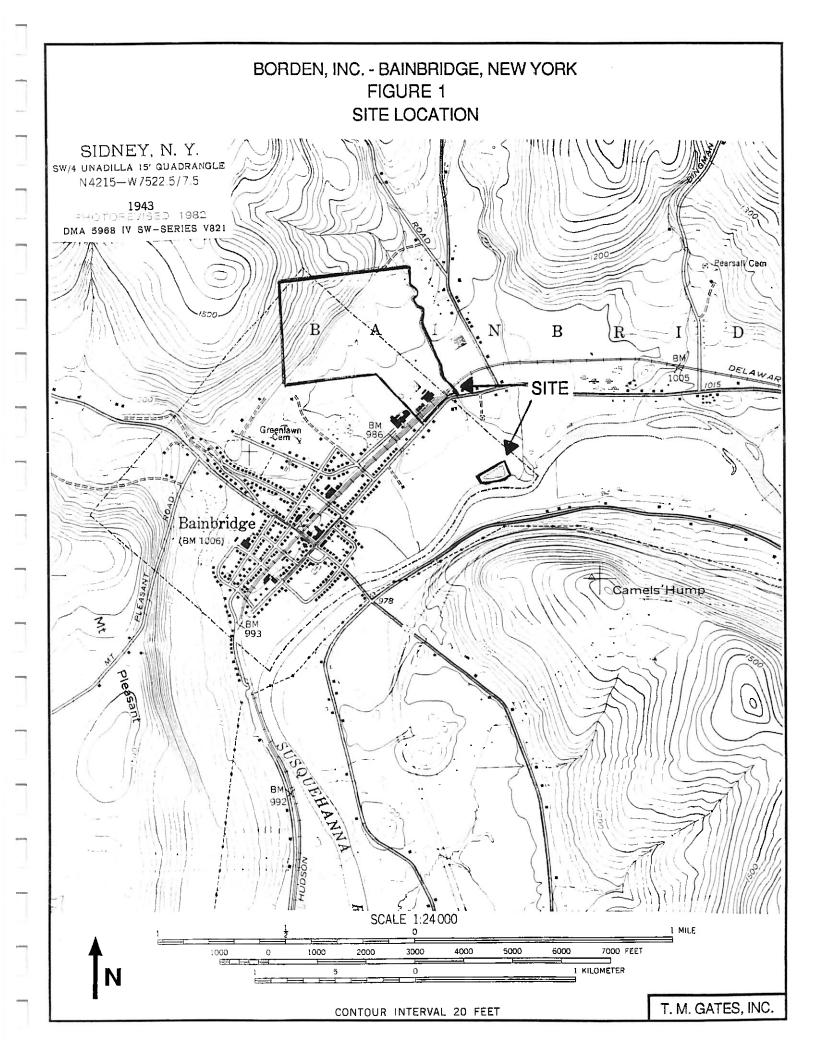
Effluent Monitoring. In a memo dated December 6, 2002, NYSDEC Bureau of Water Permits issued a permit to discharge treated groundwater to the ground surface. In accordance with the permit, effluent is monitored on a bi-monthly basis to ensure discharge concentration limits are achieved. Parameters include flow, phenolics, selected volatile organic compounds, and PCBs. In the event discharge limits are exceeded, the operator must make system changes such as replacement of activated carbon to ensure compliance with discharge limits.

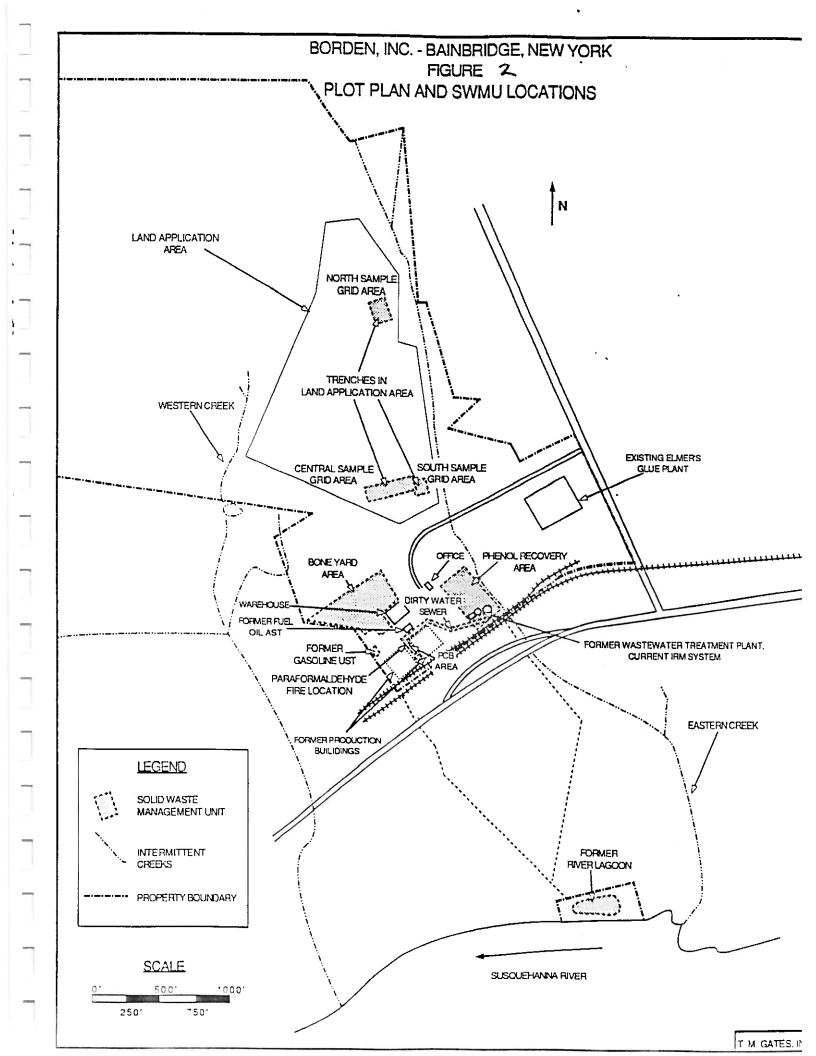
Note that on-going discussions with the local Publicly-Owned Treatment Works may allow future discharge of all or part of the treated groundwater to the sanitary sewer. A separate permit to discharge would be required specifying effluent limitations and sampling frequency.

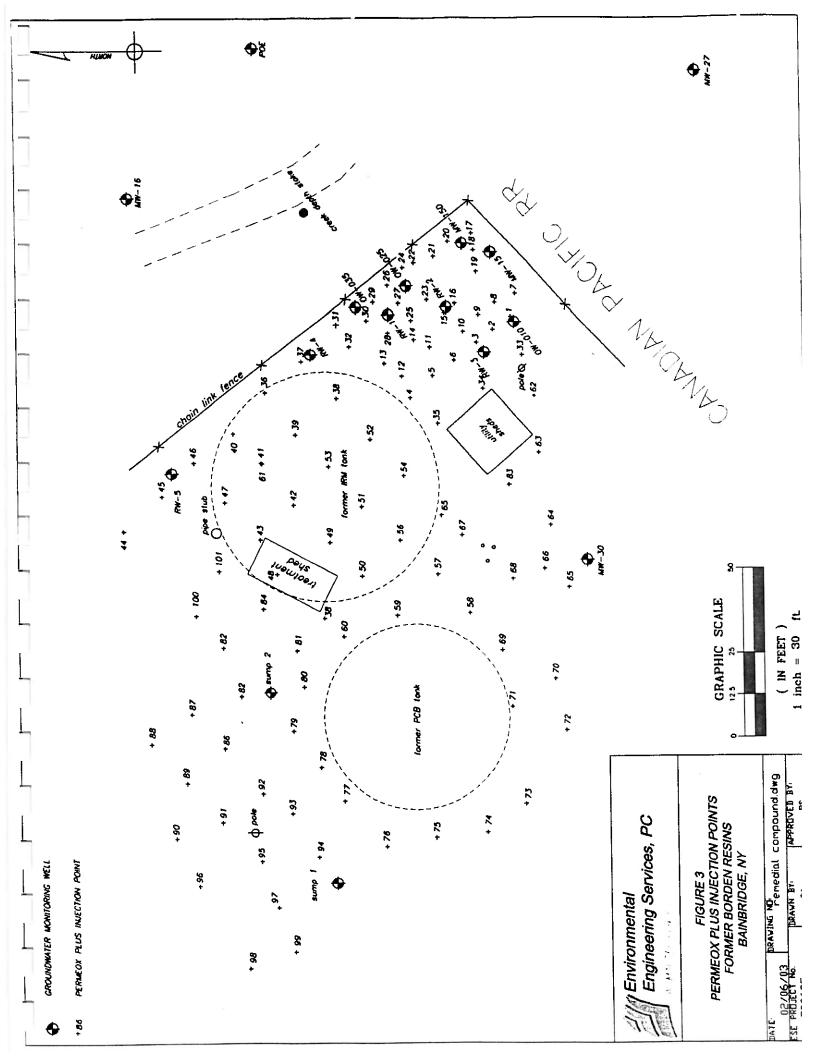
Groundwater Monitoring. The groundwater monitoring program (Appendix C) includes perimeter monitoring wells to ensure that contaminant migration is checked, and plume monitoring wells to demonstrate contaminant mass reduction (Figure 9). Site contaminants to be monitored were specified in the CMIP, and include volatile organics, phenolics, formaldehyde, and tentatively identified semi-volatile compounds. After remediation termination criteria have been achieved (groundwater standards or risk-based criteria, discussed in CMIP Section 4.6), groundwater monitoring will continue for a minimum of three years (CMIP Section 4.7).

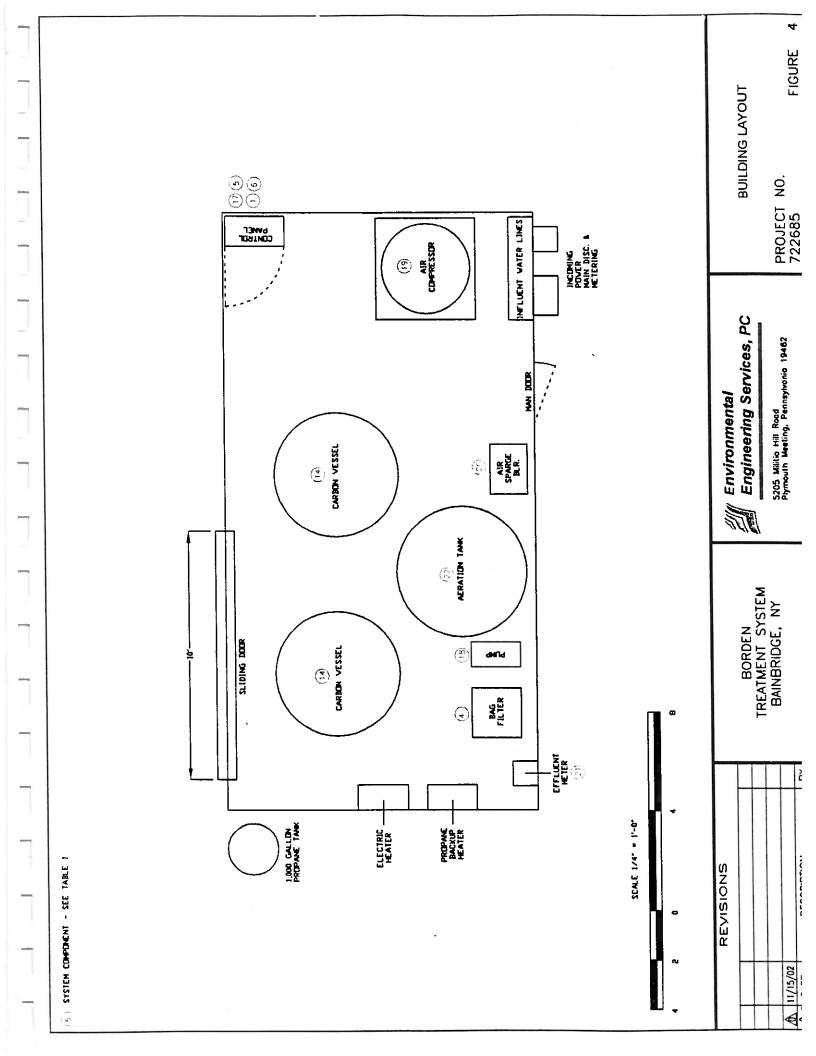
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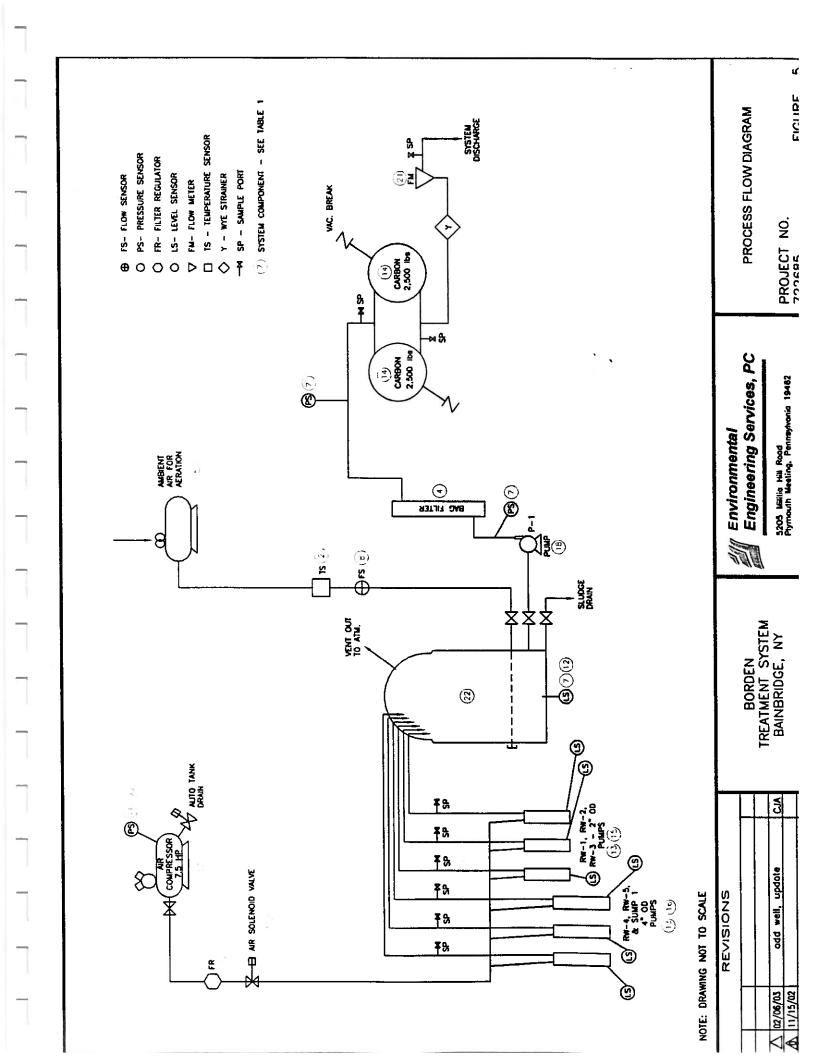
Appendix A Figures and Table

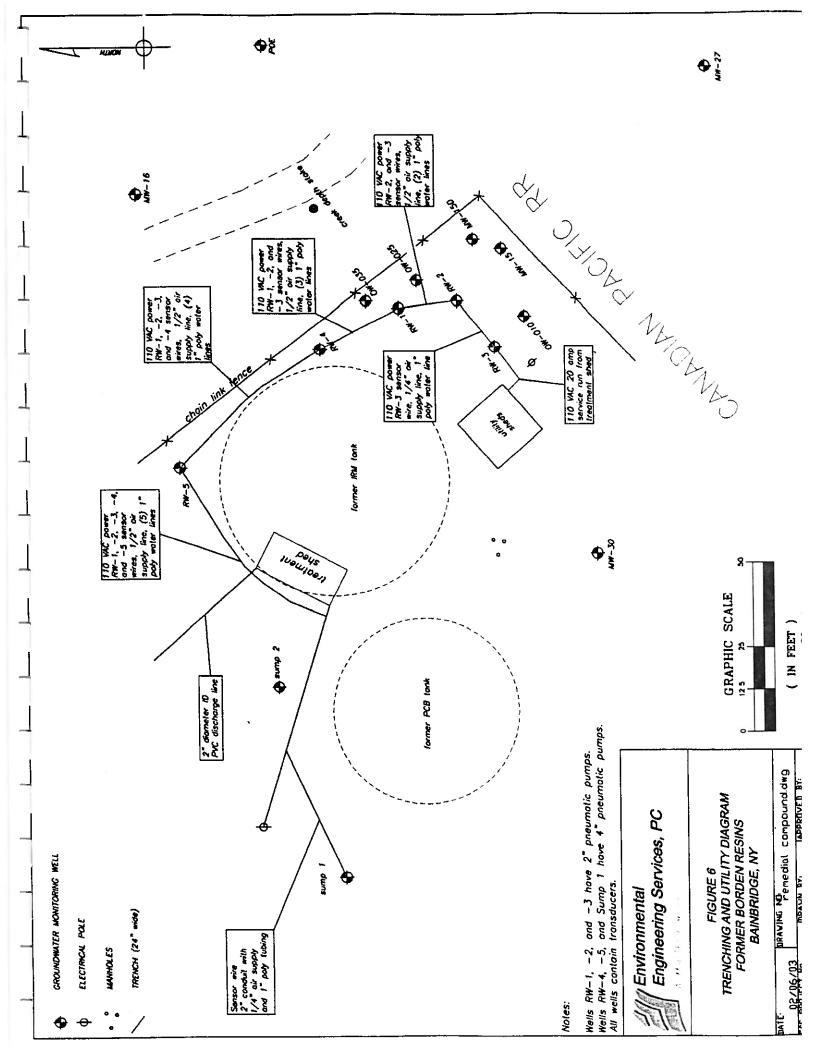


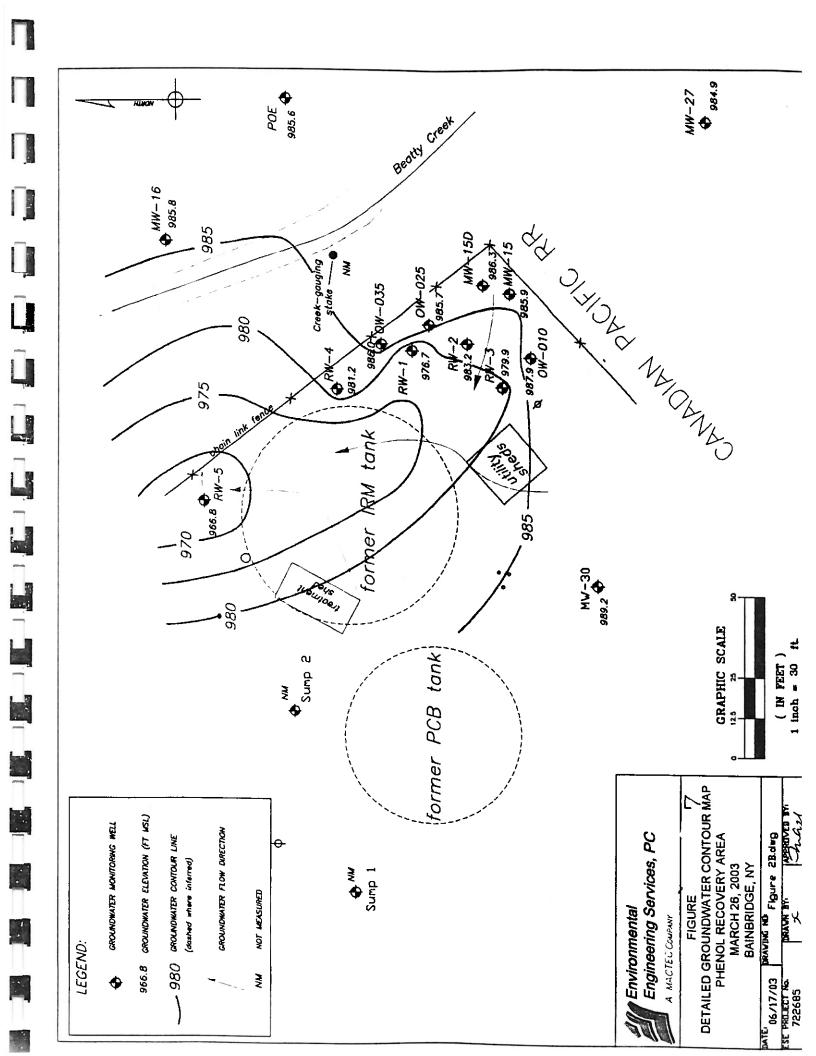


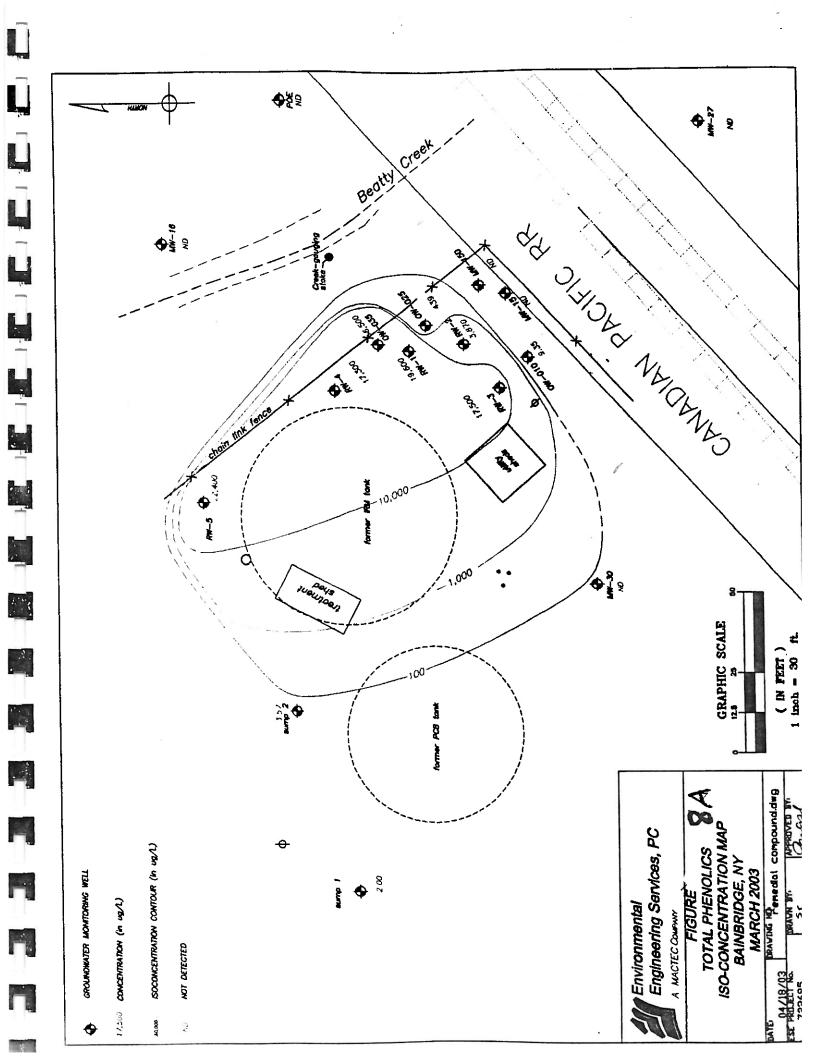


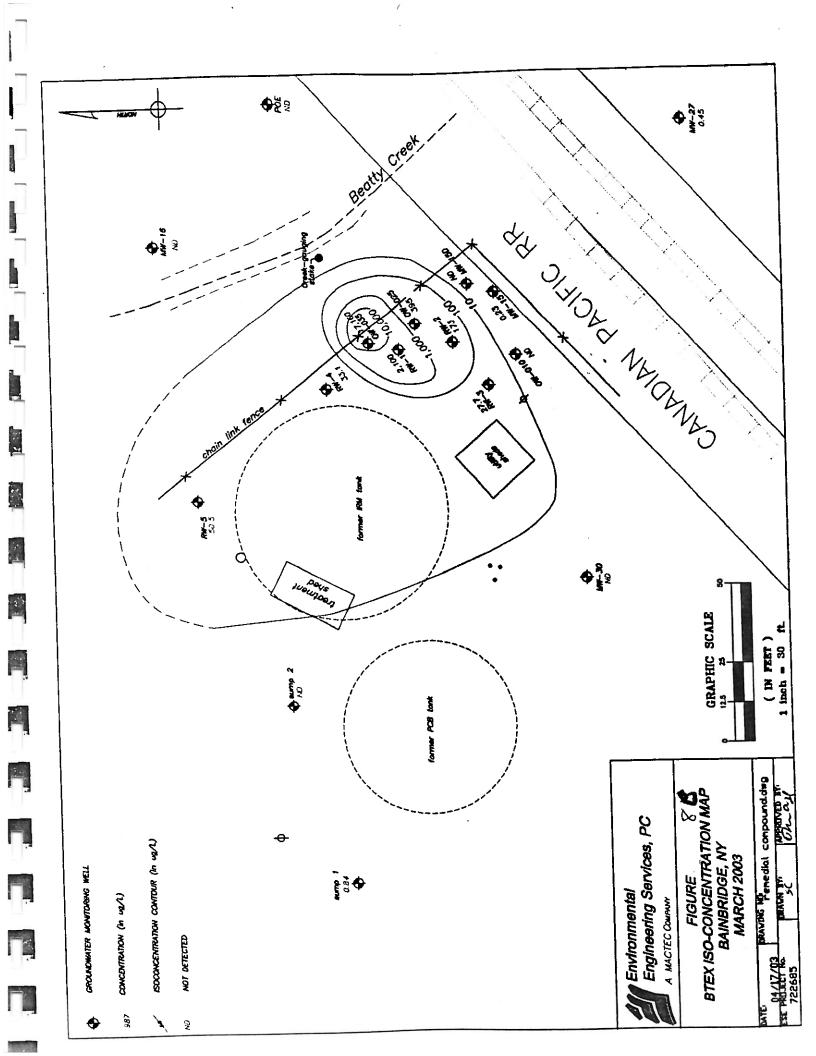


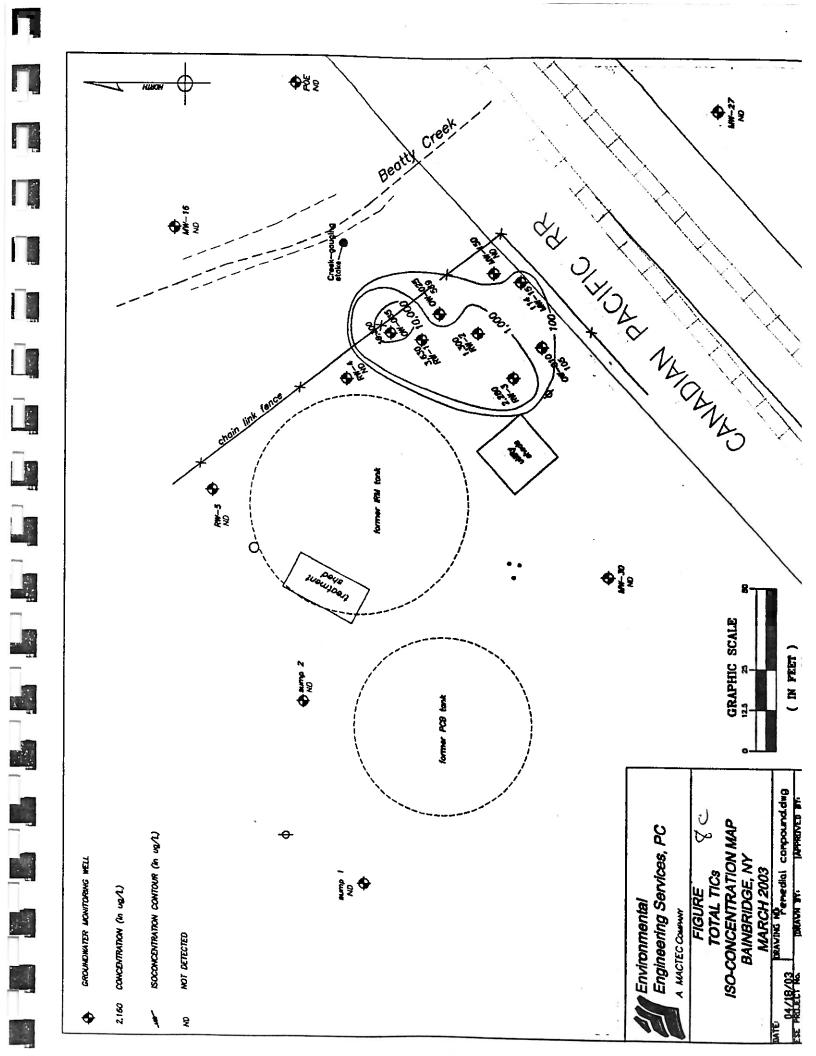


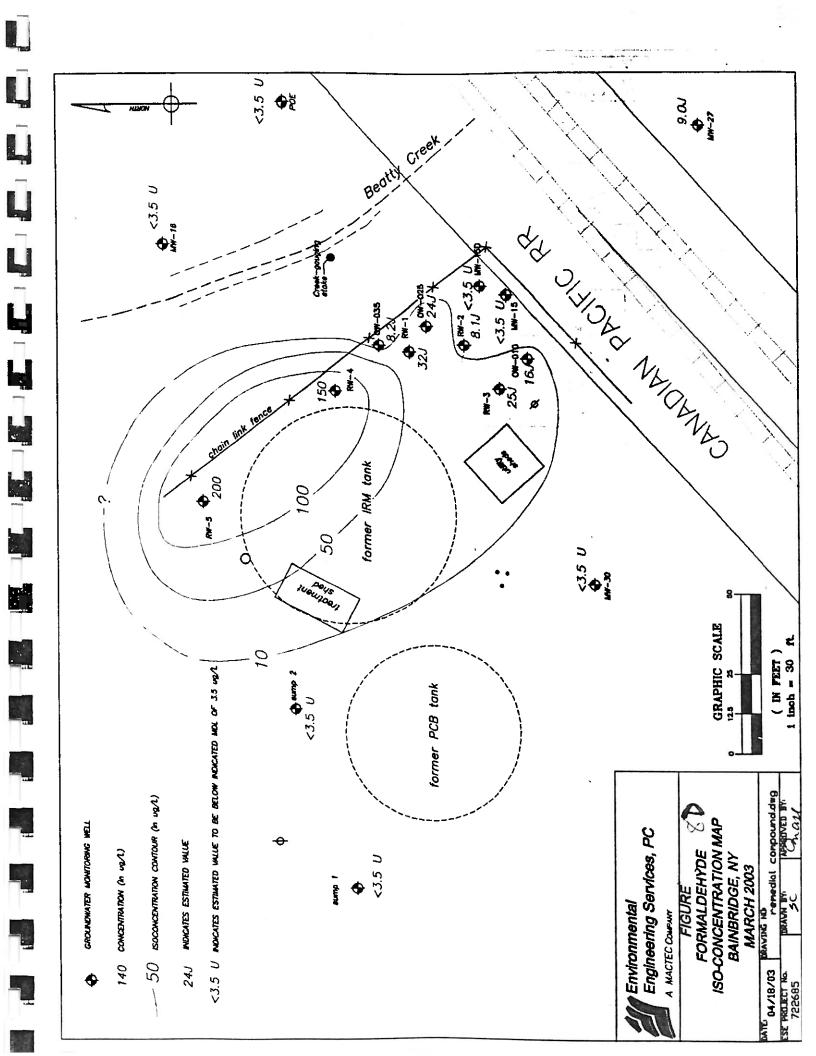












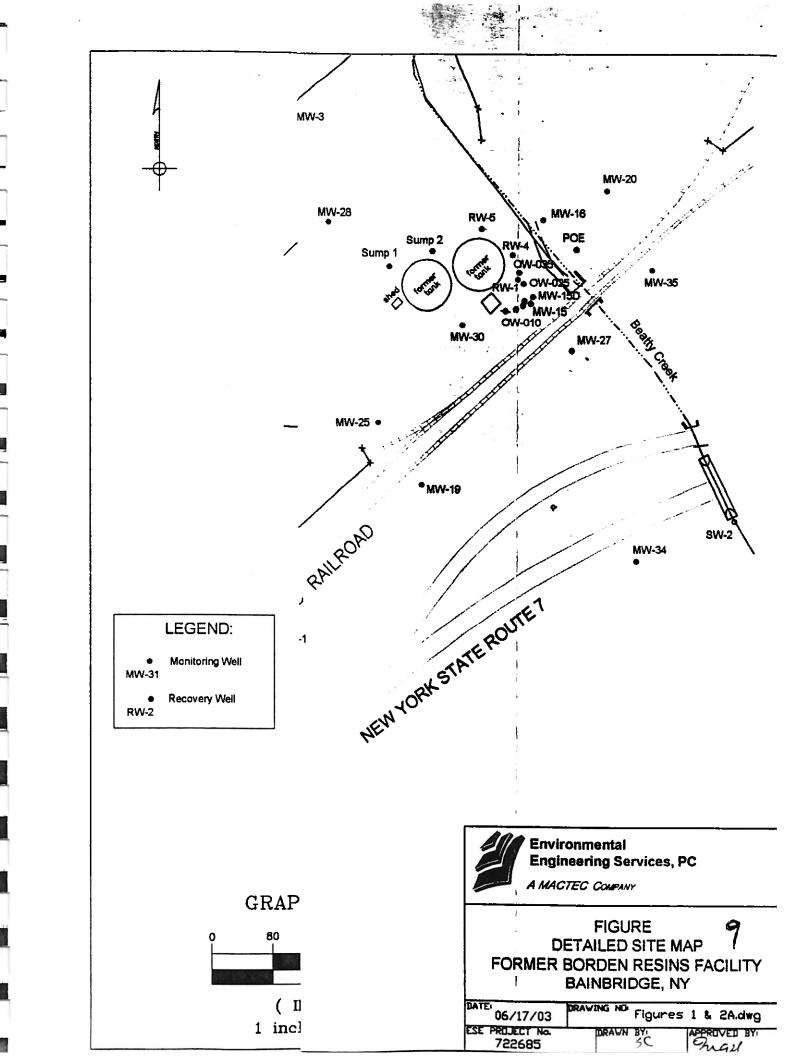


Table 1 Former Borden Resins Facility Bainbridge, NY System Components

Quantity	
Part Description	
Vendor	
Part#	

Part #	Vendor	rail Description	
-	Sigma Controls	24" x 30" NEMA 4 Electric Panel	-
- 0	Organia Common	Model FWS-TX 4-20 mA temperature sensor	1
7	Ourega	model to the state of the street lefter	-
ო	Norgren	General purpose and oil removal illienneguiator	-
4	Hayward	FLT4202 bag filter not to exceed 150 psi	
r.	Acme Flectric Corp.	Linear Open Frame DC power supply	-
٥	Circuit Components, Inc.	All Silicon Bi-directional Transient Voltage Suppressor Model PIP-120	1
,	DWVPF	Series 604A Differential Pressure Transmitter	2
. α	Dwver	Series DS-300 Flow Sensor, pitot tube	
9	Dung	Series 673 Pressure Transmitter	
5	Dwydl	Gold Ring Solenoid Valve, 2-Way Direct Acting	1
O.	raikei	10 Carian Canada Denesiro Cuitch	1
11	United Electric Controls	10 Series Specificante Switch	-
12	Dwyer	Series 6345 Pressure Frankmitter	
13	Sigma Controls	Model 6000 Pressure transducer level sensor	
1	Carbonair	Model PC-20 liquid phase carbon adsorber, 2,500 pound capacity	7
	Control	Gentech 1 66" Auto-Reclaimer controllerless, pneumatic pump	3
2 5	George	Geotech 3 56" Auto-Reclaimer controllerless, pneumatic pump	က
ام	George	Decice Corise 2 plus programmable logic controller	1
17	EOS Research	Procedured Series & pina, programmatic Series (Series for numb	-
18	Depco Pump Co.	Goulds 2HM1F5EU, 1.5 np, 5 stages, TETU 5 pilase lialister parity	
19	SpeedAir	Model 5F565, 7.5 hp, 230/460 VAC, 3 phase, 2-stage air compressor	-
20	Fluid Power, Inc.	Thomas VX 150 #184002, 230/460/60/3 compressor, 10 49ctm @25 psig	_ ,
21	Diff	5/8" water meter, with remote monitoring pulse generation	-
22		11 000 gallon polyethylene tank	-
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Appendix B
Well Construction Diagrams

5205 Militia Plymouth M	ИАСТ	\mathbf{EC}		Project No.		722685	Page	1 of 1
5205 Militia Plymouth M		± 4 1 41		Boring No.		RW-1	Drilling Rig:	Ingersoll Rand
Plymouth M				Contractor:		Parrat Wolfe		ingeroon rand
	Hill Road leeting, Pennsylvnia 19	9462					Drilling Method:	Jetting with Steel Auge Schumasoil Screen
	er Borden Resin Fa ridge, New York	acility		Drill Crew:		Glen Lansing Rick Navakta	Sampling Method:	No samples
Surface El	evation:	-		Date Started:		11/20/2002	Date Finished:	11/21/2002
	sing Elevation:			Logged by:		S.J. O'Brien	First water during o	irilling (feet bas):
Screened	Interval: ' Sand Pack:	9' - 30' 7' - 35'		Bentonite Chi	ips:	5' - 7	7	-
Type out	SOIL OR	7 - 35		Cement:		4' - 5	<u> </u>	
DEPTH (feet)	GROUNDWATER SAMPLE INTERVAL (feet)	BLOW	LITH	OLOGY		SA	MPLE DESCRIPTION	
			v					
	ļ		Г				•	
i								
0					0' - 4'	Slity Sandy Gravel, moderately chemical odor	y graded, loose dry to damp	red brown to brown
5						Silty Sandy Gravel, moderately chemical odor sandy silt layer		brown to alive brown,
10					8' - 12'	Silt, little sand and gravel dam ~ 0.5 feet of silty sandy gravel		Wn
15	į				12' - 16'	Silt, firm, wet, olive-brown mot ~ 0.3 feet of silty sandy gravel	· -	
	,				16' - 20'	Silt, firm, wet, olive-brown mot	tling	
20					20' - 20 3'	Silty Sandy Gravel, wet, olive-t	brown	
					20 3' - 24'	Silt, firm, wet, grey-brown moti	tling	
25					24' - 28'	Silt firm wet, grey-brown mot	tling	
30								
35		ļ				End of Boring @ 35 feet		
						and or borning to so reer		
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			<u> </u>	Project No.		722685	Page	1 of 1
13年 🔪	MACT	\mathbf{EC}		Boring No.		RW-2	Drilling Rig:	Ingersoll Rand
-				Contractor:		Parrat Wolfe		
5205 Militia Plymouth M	Hill Road leeting, Pennsylvnia 19	9462					Drilling Method:	Jetting with Steel Auge Schumasoil Screen
	er Borden Resin Fa ridge, New York	acility	<u></u>	Drill Crew:		Glen Lansing Rick Navakta	Sampling Method:	No samples
Surface El	evation:	_		Date Started: 11/19/2002			Date Finished:	11/20/2002
Top of Cas	sing Elevation:	<u>.</u>		Logged by:		S.J. O'Brien	First water during of	Irilling (feet has):
Screened	Interval:	9' - 30'	=	Bentonite Ch	ps:	5' -	7	-
Type '00N'	Sand Pack:	7' - 35.8'		Cement:	•	4' -		
DEPTH (feet)	SOIL OR GROUNDWATER SAMPLE INTERVAL (feet)	BLOW	LITH	OLOGY		S/	AMPLE DESCRIPTION	
0					O' - 4'	Silty Sandy Gravel, moderate chemical odor		
5					8' - 12'	Silty Sandy Gravel, moderate chemical odor, sandy silt layer Silt, little sand and gravel, da - 0.5 feet of silty sandy grave	mp to wet, alive-brown to bro	
15					12' - 16'	Silt, firm, wet, olive-brown mo ~ 0.3 feet of silty sandy grave		
20						Sitty Sandy Gravel, wet, olive	-brown	
						Silt, firm, wet, grey-brown mo		
25								
30								
35						End of Boring @ 35 8 feet.		
40								

111				Project No.		722685	Page	1 of 1			
劉八	IACT	\mathbf{EC}		Boring No.		RW-3	Drilling Rig:	Ingersoll Rand			
5205 Militia				Contractor:		Parrat Wolfe					
	eeting, Pennsylvnia 19	9462					Drilling Method:	Jetting with Steel Auger Schumasoil Screen			
	er Borden Resin F ridge, New York	acility		Drill Crew:		Glen Lansing Rick Navakta	Sampling Method:	No samples			
Surface El	evation:	-		Date Started:		11/18/2002	Date Finished: 11/19/200				
Top of Cas	sing Elevation:	-		Logged by:		S.J. O'Brien	First water during o	rilling (feet bas):			
Screened	nterval: Sand Pack:	9' - 30'		Bentonite Chi	ips:	5' <i>- T</i> '		-			
DEPTH (feet)	SOIL OR GROUNDWATER SAMPLE INTERVAL (feet)	7' - 35.5' BLOW COUNTS	LITH	Cement:	4' - 5						
							•				
٥					0' - 4'	Silty Sandy Gravel, moderately chemical odor	graded, Icose, dry to damp	, red brown to brown			
5						Silty Sandy Gravel, moderately chemical odor, sandy silt layers		, brown to clive brown,			
10					8' - 12'	Silt little sand and gravel dam ~ 0.5 feet of silty sandy gravel a		wn			
15					12' - 16'	Silt firm, wet, olive-brown mott ~ 0.3 feet of silty sandy gravel a	•				
					16' - 20'	Silt firm, wet, olive-brown mott	ling				
20						Silty Sandy Gravel wet olive-b Silt firm, wet, grey-brown mottl					
25					24' - 28'	Silt firm wet grey-brown mottl	eng				
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35						End of Boring @ 35 5 feet					
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				Project No.		722685	Page	1 of 1	
3# N	AACT	FC		Boring No.		RW-4	Drilling Rig:	Ingersoil Rand	
L				Contractor:		Parrat Wolfe		goreon riana	
5205 Militia Plymouth M	Hill Road feeting, Pennsylvnia 19	9462					Drilling Method:	Jetting with Steel Augers Continous Screen	
	er Borden Resin F oridge, New York	acility		Drill Crew:		Glen Lansing Rick Navakta	Sampling Method:	No samples	
Surface El	levation:	-		Date Started:		12/5/2002 Date Finished: 12/6/2002			
	sing Elevation:	-		Logged by:		R. Shoyer	First water during	drilling (feet bas):	
Screened '00N, 0 &	Interval: 00' Sand Pack:	10' - 30' 4' - 35'		Bentonite Chi Cement:	ips:	2' ~ ·	4	-	
DEPTH (feet)	SOIL OR GROUNDWATER SAMPLE INTERVAL (feet)	BLOW COUNTS	LITH	OLOGY					
							,		
o					0' - 4'	Silty Sandy Gravel, moderate chemical odor	ly graded, loose, dry to dam;	o, red brown to brown,	
5						Sitty Sandy Gravet, moderate chemical odor, sandy silt layer	rs		
10					8' - 12'	Silt, little sand and gravel, da ~ 0.5 feet of silty sandy grave	í at bottom	wn	
15					12' - 16' 16' - 20'	Silt, firm, wet, olive-brown mo ~ 0.3 feet of silty sandy grave Silt, firm, wet, olive-brown mo	l at top		
20						Silty Sandy Gravel, wet, olive Silt, firm, wet, grey-brown mo			
25					24' - 28'	Silt, firm, wet, grey-brown mo	itting		
30									
35			HIIIIIISSSSSI			End of Boring @ 35 feet.			
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				Project No.		722685	Page	1 of 1
ET N	AACT	FC		Boring No.		RW-5 former Sump-3	Drilling Rig:	Ingersoil Rand
				Contractor;		Parrat Wolfe		
5205 Militia Plymouth M	Hill Road eeting, Pennsylvnia 19	9462					Drilling Method:	Hollow Stem Augering Continous Screen
	er Borden Resin F ridge, New York	acility		Drill Crew:		Glen Lansing Rick Navakta	Sampling Method:	No samples
Surface El	evation:			Date Started:	Started: 12/5/2002 Date Finished: 12/6			12/6/2002
	sing Elevation:	-		Logged by:		R. Shoyer	First water during o	Irilling (feet has):
Screened	Interval: 00' Sand Pack:	10' - 30'		Bentonite Ch	ips:	2' - 4'		- -
0011, 0 & 0	SOIL OR	4' - 35'		Cement:		-		
DEPTH (feet)	GROUNDWATER SAMPLE INTERVAL (feet)	BLOW COUNTS	LITH	OLOGY	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION			
							,	
o					0' - 4'	Silty Sandy Gravel, moderately chemical odor	graded, loose, dry to damp	, red brown to brown,
5						Silty Sandy Gravel, moderately chemical odor, sandy silt layers	graded, loose, dry to damp	, brown to olive brown,
10					8' - 12'	Silt, little sand and gravel, dam, ~ 0.5 feet of silty sandy gravel a		wn
15					12' - 16'	Silt, firm, wet, olive-brown mott ~ 0 3 feet of silty sandy gravel a		
					16' - 20'	Silt, firm, wet, clive-brown matti	ing	
20						Silty Sandy Gravel, wet, olive-b Silt, firm, wet, grey-brown motti		
25					24' - 28'	Silt, firm, wet, grey-brown mottle	ing	
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35			HIIIII(25/5/5/5	Istotaliiiii		End of Boring @ 35 feet		
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Appendix C
Groundwater Monitoring Requirements

IRG Assumption, LLC

7991 Shaffer Parkway, Suite 100 Littleton, CO 80127 Phone: (303) 972-6633 Facsimile: (303) 972-6655

Leslie Casiple Project Manager leasiple@irgeo.com

June 17, 2003

Via Email

Denisc Radtke
Engineering Geologist, Region 7
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Bureau of Radiation and Hazardous Site Management
625 Broadway
8th Floor
Albany, NY 12233-7252

Re: Former Borden Resin Facility, Bainbridge, NY - Monitoring Requirements

Ms. Radtke:

The following is to memorialize our conversations of June 16, 2003 and June 17, 2003 regarding the monitoring requirement for the former Borden Resin Facility located in Bainbridge, New York.

We have agreed as follows:

Bone Yard Area

MW-2B MW-17 To be sampled annually for PCBs until three consecutive quarters below standards is achieved To be sampled annually for PCBs until three consecutive quarters below standards is achieved

*Note: Two

Two rounds of sampling meeting these criteria have already been gathered; therefore, it is anticipated that this requirement will be fulfilled with one additional sampling event.

PCB Area

MW-23

To be sampled annually for VOCs until three quarters below standards is achieved

*Note: Two rounds of sampling meeting these criteria have already been gathered; therefore, it is anticipated that this requirement will be fulfilled with one

additional sampling event.

MW-24 / MW-1

To be sampled annually for PCBs until three quarters below standards is achieved

*Note: MW-1 will replace MW-24 as representative of this area pending your review of the location and well construction. One round of sampling meeting these criteria has already been gathered; therefore, it is anticipated that this requirement will be fulfilled with two additional sampling events.

Phenol Recovery Area

Perimeter Sampling:	Intended to provide clean line of wells to demonstrate plume containment
POE	To be sampled semi-annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
MW-16	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs and annually for formaldehyde during system operation.
MW-19	To be sampled semi-annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
MW-27	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs and annually for formaldehyde during system operation.
MW-34	To be sampled semi-annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
MW-35	To be sampled semi-annually for BTEX, Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
	*Note: Following one year of sampling, should MW-27 and MW-34 remain below standards, sampling of MW-34 will be discontinued and MW-27 will thereafter be sampled semi-annually.
Plume Sampling:	Intended to provide data within the plume to demonstrate mass contaminant reduction
MW-15	To be sampled quarterly for BTEX Phenolics and TICs during system operation
MW-15 OW-10	To be sampled quarterly for BTEX, Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX, Phenolics, TICs and formaldehyde during system operation.
OW-10 OW-35	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics. TICs and formaldehyde during system operation. To be sampled quarterly for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
OW-10 OW-35 RW-1	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics. TICs and formaldehyde during system operation. To be sampled quarterly for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
OW-10 OW-35 RW-1 RW-2	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics. TICs and formaldehyde during system operation. To be sampled quarterly for BTEX. Phenolics. and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX, Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
OW-10 OW-35 RW-1 RW-2 RW-3	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics. TICs and formaldehyde during system operation. To be sampled quarterly for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
OW-10 OW-35 RW-1 RW-2 RW-3 RW-4	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics. TICs and formaldehyde during system operation. To be sampled quarterly for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.
OW-10 OW-35 RW-1 RW-2 RW-3	To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics. TICs and formaldehyde during system operation. To be sampled quarterly for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation. To be sampled annually for BTEX. Phenolics, and TICs during system operation.

In addition, we have agreed upon the following points:

- MW-29 and MW-29D have been/will be decommissioned
- All non-sampled wells will be periodically inspected to maintain integrity for possible use in post-termination monitoring, as required
- The samples collected during the March 2003 event will represent the first annual sampling event under this new program
- Samples to be collected in the Bone Yard and PCB areas will be collected at the next semi-annual sampling event scheduled for September 2003.

I have attached an excel spreadsheet summarizing this information for your convenience. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely.

Leslie E. Casiple IRG Assumptions, Project Manager

attachment

cc: Tim DiGiulio, NYSDEC Division of Solid and Hazardous Materials Mitch Moss, MACTEC Development Corporation Andrew Mills, MACTEC Development Corporation Scott Fennell, Northern Kentucky University

Group 1: Phenol Recovery Area	Lab Parameters:	Frequency:	Lab Parameters:	Frequency:	Field Parameters
Sump-1	BTEX, Phenolics & TICs	annual	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
Sump-3 RW-5	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	annual	Formaldehyde	annual	pH, temp, conductivity
MW-15	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	quarterly	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
MW-15D	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MW-16	BTEX, Phenolics & TICs	annual	Formaldehyde	annual	pH, temp, conductivity
MW-19	BTEX, Phenolics & TICs	semi-annual	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
MW-20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MW-27	BTEX, Phenolics & TICs	annual	Formaldehyde	annual	pH, temp, conductivity
MW-29	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MW-29D	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MW-30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MW-34	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	semi-annual	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
MW-35	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	semi-annual	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
SW-2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
OW-10	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	annual	Formaldehyde	annual	N/A
OW-25	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
OW-35	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	quarterly	N/A	N/A	N/A
MW-17 MW-21	PCBs PCBs PCBs	annual (2003) annual (2003) N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	pH, temp, conductivity pH, temp, conductivity N/A
Group 3: PCB Area	Lab Parameters:	Frequency:	Lab Parameters:	Frequency:	Field Parameters
MW-23	VOC	annual (2003)	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
Group 4: PCB Area	Lab Parameters:	Frequency:	Lab Parameters:	Frequency:	Field Parameters
MW-24 / MW-1	PCBs	annual	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity
Group 5: Phenol Recovery Area			 		
		_		Francour	Field Parameters
	Lab Parameters:	Frequency:	Lab Parameters:	rrequency.	* ICOM E MI CHIIC CCI D
RW-1	Lab Parameters: BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	Frequency: annual	N/A	N/A	pH. temp, conductivity
RW-1 RW-2					pH. temp, conductivity
RW-1 RW-2	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	annual	N/A	N/A	pH, temp, conductivity pH, temp, conductivity
RW-1 RW-2 RW-3	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	annual annual	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	pH, temp, conductivity pH, temp, conductivity pH, temp, conductivity
(Additional Wells) RW-1 RW-2 RW-3 RW-4 POE	BTEX. Phenolics & TICs BTEX. Phenolics & TICs BTEX. Phenolics & TICs	annual annual annual	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	pH, temp, conductivity pH, temp, conductivity

Samples Per Year	
BTEX/VOCs	26
Phenolics	25
TICs	25
Formaldehyde	4
PCBs	3
Total	83

^{**} Note that March 2003 event will be used as 1st annual event under this Monitoring Program

- 1) Noted that MW-29 had been destroyed during excavation activities and will be considered to have been decommissioned.
- 2) Noted that due to accessability issues, MW-29D will be decommissioned.
- 3) MW-1 will replace with MW-24 as the representative well for the PCB Area, Group 4, based on Denise's review of location and well construction. It will be sampled for a period of 2 years (provided levels are below standards).
- 4) If MW-27 and MW-34 are below standards, MW-27 will become semi-annual and MW-34 will be discontinued.