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## MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION

1994 REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AT THE FARRELL ROAD PLANT FINAL REPORT

May 1995

Prepared for:

Martin Marietta Corperation Electronics Parkway Syracuse, New York

> ERM-NORTHEAST, INC. 5788 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214



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- D Surface Water Sample Records
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- F Data Validation Reports
- G Analytical Data Summary Tables
- H Hydraulic Conductivity Tests Records

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ERM-Northeast, Inc was retained by Martin Marietta Corporation to conduct a remedial investigation at the former GE Aerospace, Farrell Road Plant. The investigation fulfills the requirements of Paragraph III Order on Consent INDEX #A7-0307-93-10 to conduct a remedial investigation at the site. The investigation was conducted in accordance with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation approved Work Plan dated January 1994. During the investigation, soils were sampled from previously identified areas of concern, surface and ground water samples were collected from the wetland north of the site and site wide monitoring wells.

The investigation was conducted in two phases: The accelerated phase was completed in the Fall of 1993 to take advantage of the dry season to collect samples from the wetland; the remainder of the Work Plan was implemented in the Spring of 1994. Field work included the drilling of soil borings and the collection of soil cores. Borings were completed with standard drilling techniques and sediment cores were collected with hand augers and small diameter corers. A complete round of ground water samples were collected from all on-site ground water monitoring wells and piezometers.

The results indicate that the site soils are composed of medium to fine sand overlying a dense glacial till. Depth to ground water varies across the site but is generally less than 15 feet below grade. Ground water flows to the north and probably discharges to the wetland at the north end of the site. Background soil concentrations may be slightly elevated with respect to some metals. The soil and ground water in the vicinity of Building No. 2 is affected with solvents and petroleum and will require further evaluation in the feasibility study. Soil and ground water in the vicinity of the garage is affected with gasoline constituents and to a lesser extent solvents and will require further evaluation in the feasibility study. Some on-site storm sewer catch basins contain elevated

concentrations of volatile organic compounds and metals and will require further evaluation in the feasibility study. Ground water site-wide contains volatile organic compounds that will require further evaluation in the feasibility study.

The results of the RI and data collected during previous investigations have been compiled into the following recommendations: 1) additional field investigation is required in the area of Outfall 003 to estimate the extent of PCBs in sediment; 2) further evaluation of soil and ground water data collected from AOC #10 is required to estimate whether site wide ground water could be the source of soil contamination detected in that area; and 3) remediation of affected sediment in the catch basin and sewer system at the site should be conducted as part of an interim remedial measure (IRM).

Concurrently with the implementation of the RI, MMC completed three IRMs at the site: 1) a soil remediation system at AOC #5; 2) an oil recovery system at AOC #7; and, 3) a soil and ground water remediation system in AOC #16. A non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) was encountered in monitoring wells at AOC #5 which may require further evaluation. MMC will prepare a separate scope of work in accordance with the MMC Letter of Response to NYSDEC dated 22 March 1995 to address the NAPL issues. The results of the NAPL investigation will be presented as an addendum to the Final RI Report.

All data collected from additional investigations will be presented as an addendum to the Final RI Report.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

ERM-Northeast certifies that all activities associated with the Remedial Investigation (RI) were performed in full accordance with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation - approved RI/FS Work Plan. The signatures of the individual with primary responsibility for the day to day performance of the RI and the Project Director are found below.

Henchy Kuns

Edward J. Hinchey

James F. Blasting

AMP	-Air Monitoring Pump
ASP	-Analytical Services Protocol
ASTM	-American Society for Testing and Materials
BTOC	-Below Top of Casing
CERCLA	-Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation,
	and Liability Act
cm/s	-Centimeters per Second
CRQL	-Contract Required Quantitation Limit
DQO	-Data Quality Objectives
ERM	-ERM-Northeast, Inc.
FRP	-Farrell Road Plant
GC	-Gas Chromatograph
GE	-General Electric Corporation
IRM	-Interim Remedial Measure
MMC	-Martin Marietta Corporation
NTU	-Nephelometric Turbidity Unit
NYSDEC	-New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
ml	-Milliliter
PID	-Photoionization Detector
ppb	-Parts per Billion
ppm	-Parts per Million
PCB	-Polychlorinated Biphenyl
PVC	-Polyvinyl Chloride
QA/QC	-Quality Assurance/Quality Control
RI	-Remedial Investigation
RI/FS	-Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study
SCG	-Standards Criteria or Guidance
SVOC	-Semivolatile Organic Compound
TAL	-Target Analyte List
TCL	-Target Compound List
TIC	-Tentatively Identified Compound
TOC	-Top of Casing
TPH	-Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
ug/Kg	-Micrograms per Kilogram
ug/l	-Micrograms per Liter
USEPA	-United States Environmental Protection Agency
UST	-Underground Storage Tank
VOC	-Volatile Organic Compound

ERM-Northeast, Inc. (ERM) conducted a Remedial Investigation (RI) at the former General Electric Corporation (GE) Farrell Road Plant located on Farrell Road in the Town of Geddes, Onondaga County, New York. The property is referred to as "FRP" or the "site". The investigation was performed in two phases. In the Fall of 1993, tasks relating to the wetland and building interior were performed to take advantage of the dry Fall conditions and to facilitate building occupancy by the new owner. The 1993 portion of this investigation was summarized in a report entitled, "Accelerated RI/FS Tasks, Farrell Road Plant, field Summary Data Report", dated March 1994. The bulk of the investigatory activity was performed in the Spring of 1994. This RI report presents the data collected during both phases of the investigation.

Previous environmental investigations conducted in 1991 and 1992 determined that soil and ground water have been affected by past activities at FRP. As a result, the FRP site was listed by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) on the Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites (Site No. 734055).

At a meeting attended by NYSDEC, Martin Marietta Corporation (MMC), and ERM on 11 May 1993, NYSDEC representatives indicated that additional environmental site characterization was needed to support finalization of a Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) and proposed Interim Remedial Measures (IRMs) for the site. Subsequently, an Order on Consent (#A7-0307-93-10) was entered on 9 December 1993 which required MMC to conduct a Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) at the site. Significant site characterization and localized remediation had been conducted proactively prior to listing; therefore, all parties agreed that the RI should focus on filling in data gaps. This report

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presents the results of the 1994 RI at the site.

#### 1.1 PURPOSE AND APPROACH OF 1994 RI

The objective of the RI is to: 1) evaluate the hydrogeologic and environmental setting of the site; 2) identify and delineate the occurrence and extent of constituents of concern in soil, sediment, surface water and ground water at the site; and 3) determine if the hydrogeologic setting of the site would allow off-site movement of any detected constituents.

Specific tasks performed to meet the objectives of the 1994 RI were as follows:

- collection of surface water, soil and sediment samples in locations where previous sampling indicated that affected media was present;
- collection of surface water samples from the wetlands area to estimate the effects of site conditions on this area;
- collection of ground water samples to evaluate ground water conditions at the site;
- performance of a Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis to determine whether sensitive habitats are present within the site boundaries; and
- performance of a Qualitative Public Health Risk Assessment to determine whether site conditions pose a threat to human health.

As requested by NYSDEC, all analyte concentrations were evaluated by comparing on-site concentrations with existing regulatory standards, criteria and guidance values (SCGs). The SCGs for the site are presented below.

- Soil NYSDEC Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum #4046, Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels (NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046 Soil Cleanup Objectives, 24 January 1994);
- *Water* TOGS 1.1.1 Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (NYSDEC TOGS 1.1.1, October 1993); and,
- Sediment Criteria in the NYSDEC Division of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments (NYSDEC DFW sediment screening criteria, November 1993).

All data points that exceed the values set forth in the three guidance documents referenced above are highlighted in summary tables. MMC will propose remedial objectives in the Feasibility Study (FS). In determining appropriate remedial objectives, MMC will give consideration to guidance, which is determined, after the exercise of engineering judgement to be applicable to this site (See 6 NYCRR § 375-1.10 (c) (1) (ii)). For this reason, the guidance values referenced in the summary tables cannot be considered remedial objectives at this time.

#### 1.3 RI REPORT ORGANIZATION

The remainder of this RI report describes each task that was performed during the 1994 RI and gives the purpose for each task. It presents the approach and specific procedures followed while implementing RI Work Plan tasks, describes the results of each task, presents and evaluates all analytical data generated during the 1994 RI, and presents conclusions and recommendations based on all available information.

Sections 2 and 3 of the 1994 RI report present details regarding the site background, facility description, and the physical setting of the site area. Sections 4 through 6 of the report present a description of the field activities performed during the 1994 RI. Analytical data collected during the 1994 RI are discussed and summarized in Section 7. Section 8 presents a summary of findings from the 1994 RI. The Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis findings are detailed in Section 9. Work performed as part of the Qualitative Public Health Risk Assessment and a summary of the findings from this assessment is discussed in Section 10. Section 11 presents conclusions and recommendations from the 1994 RI.

#### 2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

FRP is located northeast of the intersections of Routes 690 and 90 and south of the Seneca River (Figure 2-1). The 156-acre site includes the following four buildings (Figure 2-2); Building No. 1 was used as a design center; Building No. 2 was used as a manufacturing and assembly plant; the test building was used to test radar products; and the maintenance garage was used to service and house facility support vehicles.

Building No. 1 is approximately 175,000 square feet and Building No. 2 is approximately 300,000 square feet. The buildings are connected by a ground level walkway. The maintenance garage is approximately 6,500 square feet and is located at the northwest corner of the site. The test building is approximately 9,000 square feet and is located at the northeast corner of the site.

The four buildings are enclosed by a perimeter fence which is bordered by large paved parking areas on the east and west. The site is bordered on the south by Farrell Road, on the north and west by the Seneca River and on the east by John Glenn Boulevard.

#### 2.2 SITE HISTORY

The site was developed in the early 1960's by General Electric Aerospace (GE) as a manufacturing center, and has been used as a design, manufacturing and assembly center for radar and sonar equipment. The site is divided into two separate properties; Farrell Road Plant 1 (FRP-1) and Farrell Road Plant 2 (FRP-2) (Figure 2-2). GE owned the FRP-2 property and leased the FRP-1 property. By December 1992, GE had

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## SITE LAYOUT MAP FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

## Martin Marietta Corporation

## ERM-Northeast Environmental Resources Management

ERM <sup>5788</sup> Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 Tel.(315)445-2554 Fax(315)445-2543

SCALE
1″=160′
DATE
8/94
FIGURE
2-2

moved all operations from FRP to other locations. In April 1993, GE sold FRP-2 to MMC, which includes Building No. 2 and the maintenance garage. At that time, MMC assumed the lease on the adjacent property, FRP-1, which includes Building No. 1 and the test building. Of the approximately 156 acres comprising the site, 81 acres have been classified as a Class One wetlands by NYSDEC. Currently, Syroco, Inc. owns the lands of both FRP-2 and FRP-1.

#### 2.3 **PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS**

ERM conducted a Preliminary Hydrogeologic Investigation in June 1991. The investigation was designed to determine site-wide ground water flow direction, to estimate the extent of petroleum residuals near underground storage tank (UST) T-51 east of Building No. 2, and to determine the potential effects of septic leach fields near the maintenance garage and the test building. Results indicated that ground water generally flows in a north/northwest direction across the site and that ground water adjacent to UST T-51 has been affected by petroleum residuals and volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

As a follow-up investigation, ERM conducted a Phase II Hydrogeologic Investigation in November 1991. The purpose of the investigation was to estimate the extent of petroleum residuals and VOCs in the soil and ground water near UST T-51. The investigation determined that petroleum residuals were limited to the area proximal to the removed UST, and anomalous VOCs (predominantly freon) were present in ground water east of Building No. 2. ERM recommended additional ground water investigation.

Concurrent with the ground water investigations at the site, ERM conducted Phase I Environmental Site Assessment for FRP-1 and FRP-2. The site

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assessment included a review of all available site records with environmental implications, examination of site manufacturing processes, storage and disposal procedures and interviews with current and past employees.

Based on the Phase I reports, ERM identified 16 areas of FRP that needed further investigation. These areas are listed on Table 2-1 and illustrated in Figure 2-3. All areas of concern (AOC) were investigated in 1992. Field and analytical results of previous investigations are presented in the reports shown below. Data from these earlier reports were used in this RI report where appropriate. All referenced data will be cited as necessary.

- Phase I Environmental Assessment of GE Farrell Road Plant One (FRP-1), Town of Geddes, New York;
- 1992 Environmental Investigation, GE Farrell Road Plant One (FRP-1), Syracuse, New York;
- Phase I Environmental Assessment of GE Farrell Road Plant Two (FRP-2), Syracuse, New York;
- 1992 Environmental Investigation, GE Farrell Road Plant Two (FRP-2), Syracuse, New York;
- A letter report dated 15 September 1992; Re: PCB Sampling at Farrell Road Plant Two;
- A letter report dated 15 September 1992, Re: Soil Remediation at Farrell Road Plant Two;

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#### TABLE 2-1 AREAS OF CONCERN IDENTIFIED IN PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

Area 1	Debris Pile North of FRP-2.
Area 2	Septic Leach Field North of Test Building.
Area 3	Former Above Ground Solvent Tanks in FRP-2.
Area 4	Removed Above Ground Tanks East Side of FRP-2.
Area 5	Removed USTs and Drywell West Side of FRP-2.
Area 6	Printed Wire Board (PWB) Assembly.
Area 7	Removed UST T-51.
Area 8	Area of Freon Residuals.
Area 9	Removed UST T-50.
Area 10	Temporary Hazardous Material Storage Area.
Area 11	Radar Test Area.
Area 12	Paint Booth Area.
Area 13	Chemical Laboratory and Associated Underground Septic Tank.
Area 14	Septic and Storm Drainage Headwall West of the Garage
Area 15	USTs Near Old Metal Finishing Room.
Area 16	Removed Gasoline UST Near the Garage.





## AREAS OF CONCERN FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

## Martin Marietta Corporation

### ERM-Northeast Environmental Resources Management

**ERM** 578E Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 Tel.(315)445-2554 Fax(315)445-2543



- Garage Area Investigation, GE Farrell Road Plant Two, Addendum to the 1992 Environmental Investigation;
- 8) Debris Pile Excavation, GE Farrell Road Plant Two; Addendum to the 1992 Environmental Investigation; and
- A letter report dated 23 October 1992; Re: Ground Water Sampling North of the Farrell Road Plant.

The 1992 environmental investigations assessed each area of concern and included IRMs at two locations (Area 1 and Area 5). The 1992 investigations found that there were no environmental issues in Area 6, Area 13, and Area 15. However, environmental issues remained unresolved at other areas. The areas that required additional investigation and were investigated during this RI are presented below:

- debris pile north of FRP-2 (Area 1);
- septic leach field north of test building (Area 2);
- former above ground solvent tanks in FRP-2 (Area 3);
- removed above ground storage tanks, east side of FRP-2 (Area 4);
- removed USTs and drywell, west side of Building No. 2 (Area 5);
- removed UST T-51 (Area 7/Area 8 combined);
- removed UST T-50 (Area 9);
- temporary hazardous material storage area (Area 10);
- radar test area (Area 11);
- paint booth area (Area 12);
- septic and storm drainage headwall west of the garage (Area 14); and
- removed gasoline UST near the garage (Area 16).

In addition to these specific areas that were investigated, several other sitewide investigation/evaluation tasks were performed during the 1994 RI including:

- investigation of the site's storm sewer system;
- additional wetland hydrogeologic investigation;
- a bedrock aquifer investigation;
- a round of ground water sampling and analysis;
- performance of a Qualitative Public Health Risk Assessment; and
- performance of a Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis.

### 2.4 INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES

### 2.4.1 Completed IRMs

Several areas of concern were identified that required source control actions during the 1992 Environmental Investigation performed at FRP (ERM 1992a and ERM 1992b). IRMs were performed in these areas to eliminate or minimize potential analyte source points. The IRMs were conducted at Areas 1, 5, and 11.

Area 1 was identified during the 1992 Environmental Investigation as a debris pile located north of FRP-2. Soil in this area was affected by volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and metals. An IRM was implemented at this location between 25 May and 7 June, 1992. The IRM performed at Area 1 involved the excavation and disposal of approximately 658 yd<sup>3</sup> of soil and fill (ERM 1992c).

Area 5 was identified during the 1992 Environmental Investigation as a location of former USTs and a drywell. The soil in the vicinity of Area 5 along the west side of Building No. 2 was found to have elevated VOC

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concentrations. An IRM (source control action) was conducted during the 1992 Environmental Investigation and included the excavation of an abandoned "paint drippings" drywell (ERM 1992b).

Area 11 was identified in the vicinity of the radar test area north of Building No. 2 during the 1992 Environmental Investigation. Three test pits were excavated in Area 11 as part of an IRM conducted on 29 July 1992 (ERM 1992d) and approximately 15 cy<sup>3</sup> of affected soil were removed from the site.

#### 2.4.2 Pending IRMs

IRMs have been designated for implementation at Area 5, Area 7 and Area 16 on the site. Work Plans for the performance of these IRMs have been prepared and submitted to NYSDEC. The Work Plan for Area 7 has been approved and is currently being implemented. NYSDEC has conditionally approved the Work Plans for Area 5 and Area 16. The construction phase of the IRMs will be implemented in 1994; however, system start-up will await final Work Plan approval.

#### 3.0 FACILITY DESCRIPTION/PHYSICAL SETTING

#### 3.1 LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The site is located within the Erie-Ontario Lowland geological province of New York State. The lowlands are characterized by large areas of low relief interrupted by streamlined hills called drumlins. Surficial geology at the site is composed of modern and glacial-aged lake sediments (Muller and Cadwell, 1986) underlain by Silurian (>400 million years old) shales and evaporates (Rickard and Fisher, 1970).

A shallow unconfined aquifer was mapped in the area by Kantrowitz (1970) and Winkley (1989). The shallow aquifer is composed of glacial sand and gravels and has been reported to produce usable quantities of water. Shallow ground water is between two feet and seven feet beneath the ground surface, and flows to the north. Bedrock beneath the site is likely to produce low-yielding wells with salty water (Kantrowitz, 1970).

#### 3.2 DEMOGRAPHY

The population of Onondaga County as reported in the 1990 Census of Population and Housing was 468,973 persons (USDC, 1991). There were 17,677 persons living in the Town of Geddes. The City of Syracuse which is located approximately 5.5 miles from the site had a population of 163,860 persons in 1990.

#### 3.3 LAND USE

Land use within a 0.5 mile radius of the site included industrial and extractive, commercial and service, transportation, forestland, residential, open public land, and water and wetlands (Pagano et al., 1984). The site is

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classified as industrial and extractive. Lands adjacent to and south of the site are also classified as industrial and extractive. The area adjacent to the site's northern property line is classified as water and wetlands.

#### 3.4 TOPOGRAPHY/DRAINAGE

The site is situated within the Erie-Ontario Lowlands physiographic province of New York State. This lowland area is characterized by low relief and consists of a lake plain covered with glaciolacustrine sediments, and drumlin fields underlain by molded lodgement till (Winkley, 1989). Land forms of the lowlands are associated with Glacial Lake Iroquois. Elevations in the area range from 375 feet to 450 feet. The lowlands are occupied by well-developed drumlin fields having a variety of shapes, from oval to elongate. Individual drumlins commonly have an average relief ranging from 50 to 80 feet.

Topographic relief within a 0.5 mile radius of the site ranges from approximately 360 feet to 400 feet. Topography of the site is relatively flat and relief is estimated to be less than 20 feet. Site topography has been altered by past facility construction and site elevations range from approximately 370 feet to 390 feet. Drainage at the site has been affected by previous construction as well. Most storm water runoff is directed to catch basins located across the site where the water is carried to and discharged to the wetlands. A small area of the site drains through catch basins and southward through a storm sewer system. Figure 3-1 illustrates the drainage areas of the site and flow patterns of storm water runoff at the site.





# LEGEND:

OO6 OUTFALL

- ♦ CATCH BASINS
- DIRECTION OF STORM WATER FLOW
- DIRECTION OF STORM WATER FLOW IN PIPE
- STORM WATER PIPE
- - DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY LINE

## FACILITY STORM WATER FLOW MAP

## FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

## Martin Marietta Corporation

# **ERM-Northeast**

Environmental Resources Managorian 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 FIGURE 3-1 **ERM** Tel. (315)445-2554 Fax(315)445-2543



3.5 CLIMATOLOGY

The climate of Onondaga County is classified as humid-continental (Hutton and Rice, 1977). Most weather systems moving across the continent affect Onondaga County as these systems follow a normal pathway toward the northeastern United States. The weather is variable. Temperature, humidity, wind, and other meteorologic parameters typically change noticeably within a few days. Lake Ontario influences the climate of the area by moderating temperatures and providing a source of moisture to winter storms. Summer temperatures generally range from the upper seventies to the middle eighties. Winters are long and cold with the coldest temperatures typically between -5 degrees and -20 degrees Fahrenheit. Average annual precipitation ranges from 36 inches in the lake plain to 39 to 40 inches in the southern and southeastern border areas of the county. Approximately 45 percent of the annual precipitation is received from May through September. Average annual snowfall ranges from 90 inches to 120 inches.

#### 3.6 REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

#### 3.6.1 Unconsolidated Deposits

FRP is located within the Erie-Ontario Lowlands physiographic province of New York State (Isachsen et al., 1991). The lowlands are characterized by large areas of low relief interrupted by streamlined hills called drumlins. The general soil type near FRP is the Collamer-Niagara association. This soil association occupies gently sloping lakeplains and valley areas and is dominated by deep soils that formed in silty or clayey glaciolacustrine sediment. These soils are typically moderately well drained to somewhat poorly drained (Hutton and Rice, 1977). Surficial geology in this area is composed of modern and glacial lake sediments. Pagano et al. (1984)

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classified the surficial deposits of the area as lake silt and/or clay. This classification includes thinly bedded to massive offshore deposits that were deposited in preglacial and postglacial lakes and are generally of low permeability.

#### 3.6.2 Bedrock

The FRP area is characterized by sedimentary rock types which are generally gently dipping to the south due to stresses from mountain building events. Bedrock in the vicinity of the site is mapped as the Vernon Formation which is part of the Salina Group (Rickard and Fisher, 1970). This formation is composed of dolostones and shales of Upper Silurian age. These sedimentary strata are typically cut by glacial and fluvial erosion, forming deep valleys which are partially filled with sediments deposited during glacial recession and subsequent alluvial processes. Bedrock is buried beneath overburden deposits and does not crop out anywhere near the site.

#### 3.6.3 Hydrology

#### 3.6.3.1 Surface Water

The Town of Geddes is situated in the Seneca River Basin which is part of the Eastern Oswego River Drainage Basin. Surface water from this area eventually flows to Lake Ontario through the Seneca and Oswego Rivers.

#### 3.6.3.2 Ground Water

A shallow unconfined aquifer was mapped in the area by Kantrowitz (1970) and Winkley (1989). The shallow aquifer is composed of glacial sands and gravels and has been reported to produce usable quantities of

water. Shallow ground water is reported by the authors from two to seven feet beneath the ground surface, generally flowing northward.

#### 3.7 FACILITY HYDROGEOLOGY

#### 3.7.1 Unconsolidated Deposits

Previous investigations have characterized the geology of the site and have revealed a relatively uncomplicated site geology and hydrogeology. The near surface soils at the site are a medium- to fine-grained sand with silt and a trace of clay. The fine sand and silt continues in the subsurface where it overlies a dense red clay till found at a depth of 9 feet on the west side of Building No. 2 to greater than 40 feet at the northeast end of the property. The fine sand and silt has thin silt partings and other stratigraphic horizons such as sand lenses, old soil zones and thin clay layers. Discontinuously throughout the site, a coarse sand and/or gravel layer separates the top of the red clay from the fine sand and silt above.

#### 3.7.2 Glacial Till

A dense red clay was previously identified at the site. This red clay unit underlies the fine sand and silt surficial deposits and was found at a depth of 9 feet on the west side of Building No. 2 and greater than 40 feet northeast of the property. The red clay is massive with no apparent structure and contains a gravel matrix of angular clast ranging in size from 0.5 cm to 2 cm in diameter. A discontinuous coarse sand and/or gravel layer separates the top of the red clay from the fine sand and silt at the site.

#### 3.7.3 Bedrock

Bedrock has not been encountered at the site during previous investigations. Literature indicates that bedrock underlying the site is the Vernon Formation, a portion of the Salina Group (Rickard and Fisher 1970). This formation is composed of dolostones and shales of Upper Silurian age.

#### 3.7.4 Hydrology

#### 3.7.4.1 Surface Water

The developed portion of the site is comprised of pavement and buildings. Surface water runoff flows to roof drains and catch basins and is directed to the site storm sewer system. Water from the storm sewer system is discharged to the wetlands area to the north of the site through eight outfall locations and through one discharge point on the south side of the site.

#### 3.7.4.2 Ground Water

Ground water flow directions determined from previous investigations have indicated that the direction of ground water flow at the site is predominantly to the north. The hydraulic conductivity of the saturated overburden was previously calculated from slug tests performed at the site (ERM, 1992a). Hydraulic conductivities in the saturated overburden ranged from 4.9 x  $10^{-2}$  cm/s to 6.63 x  $10^{-4}$  cm/s across the site. The higher hydraulic conductivities were found to be associated with the wells completed in the coarse sand and gravel on top of the red clay. The lower permeabilities were associated with the fine sand and silt material that is more common of the overburden at the site. The saturated thickness

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varies across the site from approximately one foot on the west side of Building No. 2 to greater than five feet on the east side of Building No. 2. The saturated thickness exceeds 20 feet in monitoring well MW-16 on the north side of the site.

#### 4.1 SOIL VAPOR SURVEY

A soil vapor survey was conducted along storm sewer lines associated with outfalls 001, 002, 004, and 005 and the sanitary sewer line from the west side of Building No. 2 to Farrell Road. The purpose of the survey was to identify areas of soil potentially affected by VOCs. Sampling locations were measured with a 100-foot measuring tape and spaced at 50-foot intervals on alternating sides of the sewer lines. The location and designation of each sampling point was marked on the adjacent ground with paint. All sampling locations were identified and placed prior to the installation of any soil vapor sampling points.

Because most sample points were located on blacktop, an electric hammer drill with a concrete bit was used to drill through blacktop (approximately six inches at most locations) to underlying soil. Sampling points, consisting of four-inch long slotted, hollow-stem aluminum shield points connected to one-eighth inch inside-diameter polyethylene tubing, were driven into the ground at each sampling location. Lengths of tubing were cut to allow approximately one foot of tubing to protrude above grade to facilitate sampling. The sampling points were installed using a KVA Model 14 Soil Gas Probe System (hollow-stemmed slam bar with hollow steel rods) to the estimated depth of the sewer line at each sampling location. After removal of the steel rods from the borehole, a sand pack consisting of Morie #1 sand was added to within two inches of grade to facilitate the entry of soil gas into the sampling point. Each borehole was then sealed from two inches below grade to the ground surface with bentonite powder and hydrated with potable water. A typical soil vapor sampling point installation is illustrated in Figure 4-1. A galvanized steel nail was placed into the end of the tubing to prevent the escape of soil

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vapors from the formation. A total of 72 soil vapor sampling points were installed along sewer lines during this investigation. Installation depths for sampling points ranged from 14 to 60 inches. All sampling points were installed prior to initiation of any soil vapor sampling activities. The hollow steel rods used to install sampling points were decontaminated between uses with the following procedure:

- 1.) phosphate-free detergent wash (Liquinox<sup>™</sup>)
- 2.) potable water rinse
- 3.) methanol rinse, followed by hexanes rinse
- 4.) deionized, analyte-free water rinse
- 5.) air dry.

Soil vapor samples were collected using 125-ml glass sampling bulbs with one end of the glass sampling bulb connected to tubing from the borehole and the other end of the bulb connected to tubing which lead to a setup consisting of a Photovac Microtip MP-100 photoionization detector (PID) and a SKC Aircheck Sampler Model 224-PCXR3 air monitoring pump (AMP) calibrated to draw vapor through the system at a rate of 200 ml/min. Each end of the glass sampling bulb had a Teflon™ stop-cock valve to control vapor flow through the bulb. The PID and the AMP were turned on with both bulb valves open for two minutes or until equilibrium (relatively constant PID readings) was obtained. The equilibrium PID reading was recorded in the field notebook. Upon reaching equilibrium, the valve between the PID and the bulb was closed and the AMP was turned off. The bulb was left connected to the tubing (from the borehole) with the valve open for two minutes to allow pressure equilibrium to develop between the sampling point and the bulb. The valve between the bulb and the sampling tubing was then closed and the bulb was removed and labeled with sampling location number and PID reading. Sample bulbs were then transported to the on-site field office for analysis.

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Soil vapor samples were analyzed in the field by a field chemist with a Photovac 10S50 gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector and calibrated to benzene, trichloroethene, toluene, and trans-1,2dichloroethene as indicator compounds for the site. Upon completion of each analysis, the glass sampling bulbs were decontaminated by triple rinsing with methanol followed by heating in an oven to approximately 110°C until visibly dry. A new silicone septum was added to each bulb, and then ultra-pure air was passed through each bulb for approximately 30 seconds.

### 4.2 SEDIMENT SAMPLING

Sediment was sampled from three areas of the site: 1) outfalls draining industrial areas of the facility, 2) catch basins located within the facility, and 3) the wetlands north of the site. The methodologies employed to collect sediment samples in each of these areas were unique, given their different physical settings and characteristics, as described below.

### 4.2.1 Outfalls

All surface and subsurface outfall samples collected during this investigation were sampled by an ERM geologist with a stainless steel spoon, ladle, or scoop. Samples were transferred directly into laboratorysupplied clean glass jars which were labeled prior to sampling. All samples were stored in coolers with ice for shipment (by Federal Express) to the laboratory at the end of the sampling day. Appropriate chain of custody documentation was maintained for all samples.

Upon completion of sampling activities at a particular sampling location, sampling equipment was decontaminated utilizing the following procedures which follow guidelines established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Region II Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Quality Assurance Manual dated October, 1989:

- 1.) phosphate-free detergent wash (Liquinox<sup>™</sup>)
- 2.) potable water rinse
- 3.) 10% nitric acid rinse\*
- 4.) potable water rinse\*
- 5.) methanol rinse, followed by a hexanes rinse
- 6.) deionized, analyte-free water rinse
- 7.) allow to air dry, wrap in aluminum foil.

\* These steps were omitted if sampling for metals was not conducted.

### 4.2.2 Catch Basins

All catch basins sampled at the site were probed at several points with a fiberglass rod to determine the average depth of sediment present (if any). The diameter of each catch basin was noted to allow an estimate of the volume of catch basin sediment to be calculated. While many of the catch basins encountered at the site were shallow enough (less than four feet deep) to be entered and sampled with hand-held equipment (i.e. stainless steel spoon, ladle, or scoop), several were too deep to permit safe entry. Therefore, the deeper catch basins were sampled by attaching a stainless steel ladle to the end of a stainless steel hand auger section, lowering the assembly to the bottom of the catch basin, and collecting any sediment present. Deeper catch basins required the joining of two or three hand auger sections, each being three feet long. Collected sediment was transferred directly into clean, laboratory-supplied glass jars and stored in coolers with ice for shipment to the laboratory at the end of the sampling day. Appropriate chain of custody documentation was maintained for all

samples. All sampling equipment was decontaminated using the same procedure outlined above for outfall sampling.

#### 4.2.3 Wetlands

Wetlands sediment samples were collected from 12 locations during performance of accelerated RI/FS tasks at the site during the Fall of 1993 (ERM, 1994). Samples were obtained utilizing a two-inch diameter stainless steel Wildco<sup>™</sup> sediment core sampler equipped with a 2.5-foot core barrel lined with clean butyrate plastic tubing. The core barrel was manually driven through the sediment to the desired sample collection depth (two feet) and a valve was closed at the top of the corer which facilitated extraction of the core from the ground. At three sampling locations, sediment samples were collected using an Environmentalist's Sub-soil Probe (ESP) corer. Sediment samples were collected for all cores from depth intervals of zero to one and one to two feet and immediately transferred into clean, laboratory-supplied jars using clean stainless steel spoons and/or scoops. Samples were transferred into chilled coolers for storage and shipping to the laboratory. Appropriate chain of custody documentation was maintained for all samples. All sampling equipment was decontaminated using the procedure described for outfall sampling, with omission of the nitric acid rinse because no sampling for metals occurred.

#### 4.3 SOIL BORINGS

Forty-one soil borings were advanced at FRP as part of the RI. Thirty-six of these soil borings were advanced solely for the collection of soil samples. Two borings were drilled for overburden monitoring well installations and three were drilled as a part of the bedrock/till investigation. Soil borings were advanced by four different methods: 1) truck mounted hollow stem

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auger (HSA) drill rig; 2) hand auger; 3) small diameter corer, (ESP); and 4) mud rotary. Table 4-1 indicates each boring and the method that was used to advance the boring.

### 4.3.1 Hollow Stem Auger Drilling

Soil borings that were drilled using a truck mounted hollow stem auger drill rig were performed with a Mobile B-57. Aquifer Drilling and Testing, Inc. of Albany, New York conducted all drilling at the site during the RI. Drill rigs were decontaminated by steam washing prior to performing work on site, between sample locations and subsequent to site activities. Soil borings were conducted by advancing the hollow stem augers and center plug to the desired soil sample depth. Following the removal of the center plug, soil samples were obtained by driving a two-inch outside diameter by two-foot long split-spoon sampling device ahead of the augers. Split-spoon sampling was performed in general accordance with American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Method D 1586-84. Upon retrieval from the borehole, each soil sample was logged by an ERM geologist. Splitspoon soil samplers were opened and immediately scanned for the presence of VOCs with a PID. Soil color, grain size, moisture content, structure, PID reading, and other pertinent observations were recorded on boring logs.

Upon completion of sampling activities at a particular sampling location, sampling equipment was decontaminated utilizing the following procedures which follow guidelines established by the USEPA Region II CERCLA Quality Assurance Manual dated October, 1989:

- 1.) phosphate-free detergent wash (Liquinox<sup>™</sup>)
- 2.) potable water rinse

### TABLE 4-1 SUMMARY OF SOIL BORINGS MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT 1994 RI

AREA	BORING	BORING METHOD	TOTAL DEPTH	AREA	BORING	BORING METHOD	TOTAL DEPTH
Area 01	B-111	HSA	12	Area 10	<b>B-110</b>	HSA	37
Area 01	B-113	HSA	12	Area 10	B-112	HSA	39
Area 01	B-121	Hand Auger	3	Area 10	MW-26D	HSA	34
Area 02	B-115	Hand Auger	6	Area 10	MW-26S	HSA	15
Area 02	B-126	ESP	6	Area 11	B-114	HSA	33
Area 02	B-127	ESP	6	Area 11	B-129	HSA	27
Area 02	B-128	ESP	6	Area 11	B-130	HSA	31
Area 03	B-122	ESP	1	Area 11	B-131	HSA	29
Area 03	B-123	ESP	1	Area 11	B-132	HSA	29
Area 04	B-124	HSA	27	Area 12	B-106	ESP	9
Area 04	B-125	HSA	23	Area 12	B-107	ESP	6
Area 05	<b>B-12</b> 0	HSA	20	Area 16	B-104	HSA	21
Area 07	<b>B-116</b>	HSA	16	Area 16	B-105	HSA	21
Area 07	B-117	HSA	14	Storm Sewer	B-133	HSA	11
Area 07	<b>B-118</b>	HSA	17	Storm Sewer	B-134	HSA	49
Area 07	B-119	HSA	17	Storm Sewer	B-135	HSA	11
Area 09	B-101	HSA	19	Storm Sewer	B-136	HSA	11
Area 09	B-102	HSA	18.6	Bedrock	BR-1	HSA/Mud	141
Area 10	B-103	HSA	27	Bedrock	BR-2	HSA/Mud	101
Area 10	B-108	HSA	33	Bedrock	BR-3	HSA/Mud	101
Area 10	B-109	HSA	33				

NOTES:

HSA - Hollow Stem Auger

ESP - Environmentalist's Sub-soil Probe

MUD - Mud Rotary Drilling

Depths reported in feet.

- 3.) 10% nitric acid rinse\*
- 4.) potable water rinse\*
- 5.) methanol rinse, followed by a hexanes rinse
- 6.) deionized, analyte-free water rinse
- 7.) allow to air dry, wrap in aluminum foil.
- \* These steps were omitted if sampling for metals was not conducted.

### 4.3.2 Hand Auger

The hand auger utilized in this investigation was a 3.25-inch diameter, combination high carbon/stainless steel sand auger. Two borings, completed exclusively for soil sampling, (B-115 and B-121) were completed during this investigation with a hand auger. An ERM geologist assembled the auger system and manually rotated the system into soil at each boring. The auger was advanced approximately one foot into soil and then pulled up to the surface to empty the contents of the auger into a stainless steel sampling bowl. This process continued until the maximum desired sampling depth was achieved. The sample bowl was immediately screened with a PID to determine the potential presence of VOCs. The soil sample was then described as to its color, texture, structure, competence, and moisture content. A representative soil sample was transferred into clean, laboratory-supplied jars and placed into a chilled cooler. Prior to initiation and upon completion of sampling activities, the auger system was decontaminated according to the following procedure:

- 1.) phosphate-free detergent wash (Liquinox<sup>™</sup>)
- 2.) potable water rinse
- 3.) methanol rinse, followed by hexanes rinse
- 4.) deionized, analyte-free water rinse
- 5.) allow to air dry, wrap in aluminum foil.

The ESP (Environmentalist's Sub-soil Probe) corer utilized in this investigation was a Model PN150 JMC ESP corer. A total of seven soil borings were completed with the ESP corer; Area 2 (test building leach field): Area 3 (former above ground solvent tanks, FRP-2); Area 12 (paint booth area, FRP-2); and, Area 16 (Garage Building). An ERM geologist placed a clean, copolyester plastic liner (3.0 feet long by 0.8-inch diameter) into the stainless steel sampling tube. A 12.5 pound hammer was placed on top of the probe and used to pound the sampling tube into the soil to a depth of three feet. A foot-operated jack was unlatched and used to extract the sampling tube(s) out of the ground. The sampling tube head was then removed to reveal the soil core within the copolyester liner. The liner ends were sealed with plastic caps to prevent the escape of VOCs (if any). For borings deeper than three feet, three-foot long extensions were added to the sampling tube to achieve the total depth desired. Soil cores were described by an ERM geologist for color, texture, structure, competence, and moisture content. The liner was then cut open and scanned along its length with a PID to evaluate the potential presence of VOCs in the sample. Soil samples were transferred into clean, laboratorysupplied jars and placed into coolers with ice.

Based on soil appearance and PID readings, certain samples were selected for shipment to the laboratory for appropriate analyses. Sample tools were decontaminated following the same procedure outlined in the preceding section with the addition of a 10% nitric acid rinse (followed by a potable water rinse) prior to the solvent rinses if sampling for metals at a particular location occurred. Borings that were drilled using a truck mounted mud rotary drill rig were performed using a Schramm Rotadrill operated by Aquifer Drilling and Testing, Inc. of Albany, New York. The drill rig was decontaminated by steam washing prior to performing work on site and subsequent to site activities. Soil borings were conducted by advancing a tricone roller bit at the end of the drill rods. Drilling fluid was circulated in the borehole and through a "mud" pan set at the top of the borehole. Drilling fluid consisted of potable water obtained from on site and Bariod Quick-gel<sup>®</sup> mixed to a consistency suitable for keeping the borehole open.

### 4.4 MONITORING WELLS AND PIEZOMETERS

A total of 25 permanent overburden monitoring wells had been installed on the FRP site and in the wetland area north of the site as part of investigations previous to the RI. Numerous ground water samples have been obtained from those wells and several other temporary wells placed in soil borings drilled throughout the site. A fairly complete characterization of the overburden aquifer ground water has been established with regard to VOC constituents, however, data gaps remained. Therefore, two additional permanent monitoring wells were installed in the former hazardous materials storage area (Area 10) as a shallow and deep well pair. Additionally, three permanent monitoring wells were installed in the red clay unit underlying the site as part of the bedrock investigation.

### 4.4.1 Monitoring Well Installation

Five ground water monitoring wells were installed during the RI. Two of the monitoring wells (MW-26S and MW-26D) were installed during the RI to provide additional data regarding the ground water quality of the overburden aquifer at FRP. Three wells (BR-1, BR-2, and BR-3) were intended to be installed bedrock. However, the thickness of overburden resulted in completion in the glacial till. A typical monitoring well construction diagram is illustrated in Figure 4-2. In addition, six piezometers were installed in the wetland area north of the site during accelerated RI/FS tasks completed in October and November 1993. Details of well installations are presented on Monitoring Well Construction Logs in Appendix A.

Soil borings for monitoring wells MW-26S and MW-26D were advanced using 4.25-inch inside diameter hollow stem augers. Monitoring well MW-26D was drilled first and split-spoon soil samples were collected continuously from the ground surface to the bottom of this boring, which terminated in a red clay unit. Soil samples were not collected during the drilling of the adjacent soil boring for MW-26S. A two-inch outside diameter split-spoon sampler two feet in length was used to collect the soil samples from soil boring MW-26D in general accordance with ASTM Method D-1586-84. Each split-spoon soil sample was screened immediately following the retrieval of the split-spoon from the borehole with a PID for VOCs. The moisture content, color, grain size, structure, and other pertinent observations were noted by an ERM geologist on a boring log.

Monitoring wells were constructed with two-inch inside diameter polyvinyl chloride (PVC) well materials. MW-26D was constructed with a ten foot long screen at the bottom of the overburden materials directly overlying the red clay unit. MW-26S was also constructed with a ten foot long screen such that the screen straddled the water table at the time of well construction. Each of these well screens has a slot size of 0.01-inches (10 slot). A clean medium-grained silica sand (Morie #0 equivalent) was installed in the annular space from the base of the well screen to at least



one foot above the top of the screen. Bentonite seals 1.5 and 2.0 feet thick (MW-26S and MW-26D, respectively) were placed above the sand pack in each well. The remainder of the annular space was filled with a grout mixture composed of one bag of cement, approximately seven gallons of potable water, and five pounds of bentonite. Both wells were completed with 8-inch diameter flush mounted protective casings. Lockable compression type well caps were placed on the PVC riser pipe.

Previous investigations at the site suggested that the red clay till unit observed at depth in many of the borings may be an impermeable, confining unit. Previous investigations had not specifically studied this unit or the underlying bedrock to assess the hydrogeology of the bedrock system. The installation of three bedrock monitoring wells was proposed as part of the 1994 RI. Field conditions and observations made during the drilling of the borings for these wells prompted a modification of the designated completion depths of these wells. Bedrock was not encountered within 140 feet of the ground surface at BR-1, nor was bedrock encountered within 100 feet at BR-2 and BR-3. Following discussions and approval by NYSDEC representatives, the borings were terminated at BR-2 and BR-3 at 100 feet and 140 feet at BR-1. The three proposed bedrock wells were completed as glacial till wells in the red clay unit that overlies the bedrock at the site.

Soil borings for monitoring wells BR-1, BR-2, and BR-3 were drilled using both a truck mounted hollow stem auger drill rig and a truck mounted mud rotary drill rig. A pilot hole was drilled to the red clay unit (33 feet below the ground surface) at boring BR-1 using 3.25-inch inside diameter hollow stem augers advanced with a Mobile B-61 drill rig. Split-spoon soil samples were obtained from the pilot hole boring at BR-1 at five foot intervals. A two-inch outside diameter split-spoon sampler two feet in length was used to collect the soil samples from soil borings BR-2 and BR-

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3 in general accordance with ASTM Method D-1586-84. Each split-spoon soil sample was screened immediately following the retrieval of the splitspoon from the borehole with a PID for VOCs. The moisture content, color, grain size, structure, and other pertinent observations were noted by an ERM geologist on a boring log. Following the drilling of the pilot hole at BR-1, the boring was overdrilled to 36.5 feet below the ground surface using 10.25-inch hollow stem augers advanced with the Mobile B-61. An 8inch diameter steel casing was installed in the boring and sealed in place with a cement-bentonite grout mixture. After allowing the casing and grout in BR-1 to cure, the boring was advanced using the mud rotary technique. The mud rotary boring was accomplished with a 6.25-inch diameter tricone roller bit advanced with a Shramm Rotadrill drill rig. The 6.25-inch mud rotary boring was drilled to 140 feet below the ground surface. A 3-inch diameter Denison<sup>™</sup> core sample was obtained from this boring for classification purposes from a depth interval of 140 feet to 142 feet. A Denison<sup>™</sup> is a thin walled coring devise designed to collect samples from glacial till and soft or weathered bedrock.

Pilot holes for borings BR-2 and BR-3 were drilled using 3.25-inch hollow stem augers advanced with a Mobile B-57 truck mounted drill rig. Splitspoon soil samples were obtained from each boring at five foot intervals. A two-inch outside diameter split-spoon sampler two feet in length was used to collect the soil samples from soil borings BR-2 and BR-3 in general accordance with ASTM Method D-1586-84. Each split-spoon soil sample was screened immediately following the retrieval of the split-spoon from the borehole with a PID for VOCs. The moisture content, color, grain size, structure, and other pertinent observations were noted by an ERM geologist on a boring log. The pilot holes for these borings were drilled to the red clay unit, the top of which was identified at 31.9 feet in BR-2 and at 44 feet in BR-3. Subsequent to drilling the pilot holes at BR-2 and BR-3, the borings were overdrilled from the ground surface to four feet (BR-2)

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and five feet (BR-3) into the red clay unit. Overdrilling was accomplished using a 12.25-inch diameter tricone roller bit that was advanced with a Schramm mud rotary drill rig. An 8-inch diameter steel casing was set in the 12.25-inch borehole and the annulus was seal with a cement-bentonite grout mixture. After allowing the casing and grout in BR-2 and BR-3 to cure, the borings were advanced using the mud rotary drilling technique. The mud rotary boring was accomplished with a 6.25-inch diameter tricone roller bit advanced with a Shramm Rotadrill drill rig. A Denison core soil sample was obtained of the red clay unit at BR-2 from 40 feet to 43 feet below the ground surface. This relatively undisturbed section of the red clay unit was submitted to Parratt-Wolff's geotechnical laboratory for hydraulic conductivity testing by ASTM Method D-5084-90 (triaxial hydraulic conductivity). The 6.25-inch mud rotary borings were drilled to a total depth of 100 feet below the ground surface at each location. A Denison core sample was obtained from each boring for classification purposes from a depth interval of 100 feet to 103 feet.

Ground water monitoring wells were installed in borings BR-1, BR-2, and BR-3. Monitoring wells were constructed with two-inch inside diameter PVC well materials. Each of these wells was constructed with ten foot long screens having slot sizes of 0.02-inches (20 slot). A clean medium-grained silica sand (Morie #2 equivalent) was installed in the annular space from the base of the well screen to approximately ten feet above the top of the screen. Bentonite seals ten feet thick were tremied in place above the sand pack in each well. The remainder of the annular space was filled with a grout mixture consisting of one bag of cement, to approximately seven gallons of potable water, and five pounds of bentonite. Each well was completed with 12-inch diameter flush mounted protective casings. Lockable compression type well caps were placed on the PVC riser pipe.

### 4.4.2 Piezometer Installation

Three piezometers couplets were installed in the wetland area north of the site during the accelerated RI. The couplets were installed by coring a hole using either a sediment corer, ESP, or a hand driven bucket auger, depending on the soil type. Each piezometer was constructed of one-inch diameter schedule 40 PVC casing. The lower portion of the PVC was field slotted at 2-inch increments and a threaded bottom cap was placed on the casing. The shallow piezometers (P-17S, P-18S, and P-19S) were installed to a depth of approximately 3 feet. Deep piezometers (P-17D, P-18D, and P-19D) were installed to a depth of between 7.25 and 7.75 feet. All piezometers received a surface seal of approximately 12-inches of bentonite chips. Horizontal distance between the screened portions of shallow and deep piezometers is approximately 2 to 3 feet.

#### 4.4.3 Well Development

New and existing site monitoring wells were developed as part of the RI. The purpose of well development was to restore the formation material adjacent to the well screen to its natural condition to allow for the collection of representative ground water samples. Newly installed wells were not disturbed for a minimum of 24 hours following their completion to allow the annular space grout to cure properly.

Wells were developed using either a small diameter submersible pump or a Waterra footvalve pump system. During development, the pH, conductivity, temperature, and turbidity were measured to monitor water quality. These field parameters were used to indicate when the wells had been developed adequately enough to provide representative ground water samples. Development was considered complete when turbidity measurements became 50 NTUs or less or when, after removing five well

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volumes, field parameters had stabilized and there was no apparent improvement in turbidity. Following the removal of five well volumes, field parameters were measured from each 2000 ml volume removed and stabilization was defined as three successive measurements in which pH and conductivity did not vary by more than ten percent of the previous value. Monitoring wells BR-1, BR-2, and BR-3 were developed using a Grunfos Redi-Flo II submersible pump. Development of these three wells was accomplished by pumping each well dry three times.

### 4.4.4 Monitoring Well Sampling

The primary purpose of the ground water investigation was to evaluate ground water flow conditions (gradient, flow rate, etc.) at and below the facility and estimate the effect, if any, of facility activities on ground water conditions. This included determining the characteristics of the ground water flow regime below and proximal to the facility and the presence and extent of selected analytes in the overburden aquifer. Ground water investigative work already completed during previous facility investigations was assessed. Resampling of all existing monitoring wells provided a valid data set by which to evaluate the representativeness of previously obtained sampling data.

Ground water samples were collected from each of the new and existing wells and analyzed for specified chemical parameters. Each well was purged of stagnant water prior to sampling which involved the measuring of basic indicator parameters during the purging process to insure that the ground water in the wells had stabilized. Subsequent to purging, ground water samples were collected and submitted to Adirondack Environmental Services, Inc. for chemical analyses. A total of 30 ground water monitoring wells were sampled during the RI. The wells sampled included those installed during previous site investigative activities and newly installed monitoring wells. Monitoring wells were installed in soil borings and well numbers correspond to soil boring numbers. However, all ground water samples collected from the wells are designated with a (0594) suffix to avoid confusion between ground water samples and soil samples.

Sampling of the ground water monitoring wells commenced on 16 May 1994 and was completed on 20 May 1994. The static water level was measured in each well and the volume of standing water determined. Each well was sounded to verify total well depth. Water levels were recorded to the nearest one-hundredth of a foot using a SINCO Model 51453 electronic water level indicator. Soundings were completed to the nearest onehundredth of a foot also using the SINCO water level meter.

After the initial observations and measurements were made at each well location as described above, each well was then purged using dedicated disposable polyethylene bailers. During the purging process, a minimum of five well volumes of water was removed from each well to ensure that all stagnant water was evacuated from the well casing. Conductivity, temperature, pH, and turbidity were measured after the removal of each additional well volume of water subsequent to the removal of the five well volumes. The purging process was continued at each well location until conductivity, temperature, and pH stabilized for at least three consecutive measurements. Conductivity and temperature were measured with a factory calibrated YSI model 3000 TLC meter. A Hanna Instruments model HI 8314 portable pH meter utilizing a two-point calibration was used to measure pH. Turbidity was measured using a HF Scientific, Inc. model DRT-15CE turbidimeter. Immediately after purging was completed at each well location, the well was sampled using the same dedicated disposable polyethylene bailer used for purging. Samples were decanted directly from the bailer into clean laboratory-supplied containers. The sample portion to be analyzed for volatile organic compounds was collected first without unnecessary agitation. Samples for metals analyses were collected as unfiltered samples only with the exception of those collected from six monitoring wells; MW-12, MW-17, MW-18, BR-1, BR-2, and BR-3, where filtered metals samples were collected in addition to unfiltered metals samples. Filtering was accomplished by pumping ground water collected from the designated wells through a 0.45 micron in-line disposable filter. Ground water samples to be analyzed for metals were collected after all other sample portions had been obtained.

Each sample was assigned a unique sample identification number describing the location from which the sample was collected. A three character prefix was assigned to identify the project site. A four digit code followed which designates the sample location (eg. MW-15). A four digit suffix completed the sample identification and indicated the month and year that the sample was collected. Field filtered samples were given an additional identifier (FILT) to indicate that the sample was filtered. An example of this sample identification procedure is "FRP-MW15 (05/94)", which is Farrell Road Plant, monitoring well MW-15, collected in May 1994. "FRP-MW15 (05/94) (FILT)" would be a field filtered sample collected from monitoring well MW-15 in May 1994.

All samples were immediately placed in a thermally insulated cooler with double bagged ice. Samples were shipped to Adirondack Environmental Services via Federal Express overnight service under chain-of-custody documentation with custody seals on each shipment package. The ground water samples were analyzed by Adirondack Environmental Services

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according to NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) protocols for the following parameters:

- Target Compound List (TCL) VOCs
- TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)
- TCL Pesticides/PCBs
- Target Analyte List (TAL) Metals
- TAL Cyanide

In addition, two duplicate ground water samples, two matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates and one equipment rinsate blank were collected and analyzed for the appropriate parameters under the same protocols as the ground water samples. Duplicate ground water samples (FRP-DUPE-10 and FRP-DUPE-11) were obtained from FRP-MW26S (05/94) and FRP-MW25 (05/94), respectively.

All new and existing wetlands piezometers were sampled during the accelerated RI task performed in the Fall of 1993. These water samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs. Only seven of the ten pre-existing piezometers were located in the field (piezometers P-14, P-15 and P-16 were not located).

### 4.5 SURFACE WATER SAMPLING

Three surface water samples (SW-1, SW-2, SW-3) were collected from areas of standing water in the wetlands north of the site. At each location, a suitable volume of surface water was collected into a clean, disposable container inverted to a 45° angle and lowered to one-half of water depth at each location. The sample was brought back to a staging area located near each sampling location for field measurements of pH (gm eq/ L = gram equivalents per liter), temperature (°C), and conductivity (m $\Omega$ /cm = milliohms per centimeter). A field portable Hanna Instruments Model HI 8314 membrane pH meter was used for pH measurements. The pH meter was field calibrated with Fisher Scientific buffers of pH=7.00 and pH=4.00 and has an accuracy of  $\pm 0.01$ . Temperature and conductivity were measured with a factory-calibrated YSI Model 3000 T-L-C (temperaturelevel-conductivity) meter which has an accuracy of  $\pm 0.3^{\circ}$ C and  $\pm 0.06$ mQ/cm, respectively.. Field instruments were decontaminated between sampling locations according to the following procedure:

- 1.) phosphate-free detergent wash (Liquinox<sup>™</sup>)
- 2.) potable water rinse
- 3.) deionized, analyte-free water triple rinse.

#### 5.0 1994 REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD WORK

#### 5.1 SOIL VAPOR SURVEY

A soil vapor survey was conducted along storm sewer lines associated with outfalls 001, 002, 004, and 005 and the sanitary sewer line from the west of Building No. 2 to Farrell Road to identify areas of soil potentially affected by VOCs. A total of 72 soil vapor sampling points were installed along sewer lines during this investigation (Figure 5-1). Soil vapor samples and Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) samples were analyzed in the field with a Photovac 10S50 gas chromatograph that was calibrated to benzene, trichloroethene, toluene, and trans-1,2-dichloroethene standards. Results of the soil vapor survey are summarized in Table 5-1.

### 5.2 SEDIMENT INVESTIGATION

### 5.2.1 Outfalls

Between 29 April and 5 May 1994 sediment samples were collected from the eight outfalls and the catch basin south of the site designated outfall 009 located at the site (Figure 5-2). A total of 20 sediment samples were collected, including three QA/QC samples, one Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD), and two duplicate samples (Table 5-2). A second duplicate sample (FRP-DUPE-07) was collected on 5 May 1994 for VOCs due to breakage of the original VOC duplicate sample container (sample FRP-DUPE-04) during shipment to the laboratory. With the exception of sample FRP-OUT-07(0-0.5) which was analyzed for TCL VOCs only, all outfall sediment samples were analyzed under NYSDEC 1991 ASP protocol for the full TCL/TAL parameter suite. Detailed descriptions of sediment characteristics and other relevant sampling information are provided on sediment sampling records located in Appendix B.

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♦ CATCH BASINS

DIRECTION OF STORM WATER FLOW IN PIPE

STORM WATER PIPE

▼ SOIL VAPOR SURVEY SAMPLING POINT

### SOIL VAPOR SURVEY SAMPLING POINTS FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

# Martin Marietta Corporation

RM-Northeast	SCALE 1"=220'
ronmental Resources Management	DATE 9/94
Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 5)445-2554 Fax(315)445-2543	$\frac{\text{FIGURE}}{5-1}$

### TABLE 5-1 SUMMARY OF SOIL VAPOR SURVEY DATA MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	SAMPLE	RESULT					
LOCATION	ID	(PPM)	COMMENT				
-	CT /0 001 01						
Storm sewer	SVS-001-01	ND	ND = None Detected.				
to Outfall 001	SVS-001-02	ND					
	SVS-001-03	0.189	Toluene; also possibly xylenes.				
	SVS-001-04	ND					
	SVS-001-05	0.719	Toluene; also possibly xylenes.				
	SVS-001-06	ND					
	SVS-001-07	ND					
	SVS-001-08	ND					
	SVS-001-09	ND					
	SVS-001-10	ND					
	SVS-001-11	ND					
	SVS-001-12	ND					
	SVS-001-13	ND					
	SVS-001-14	ND					
	SVS-001-15	ND					
	SVS-001-16	ND					
	SVS-001-17	ND					
	SVS-001-18	ND					
	SVS-001-18-DUP ND						
	SVS-001-19 TRACE		Trace toluene; no quantification.				
	SVS-001-19A	ND					
	SVS-001-20	ND					
	SVS-001-21	ND					
	SVS-001-22						
Storm sewer	SVS-002-01	ND					
to Outfall 002	SVS-002-02	ND					
	SVS-002-03	TRACE	Trace of an unknown compound.				
	SVS-002-04	ND					
	SVS-002-05	ND					
	SVS-002-06	ND					
	SVS-002-07	0.004	Trichloroethene.				
	SVS-002-08	ND	Vapor Point met refusal during drilling.				
	SVS-002-09	ND					
Storm sewer	SVS-004-01	ND					
to Outfall 004	SVS-004-02	ND					
	SVS-004-03	ND					
	SVS-004-04	ND					
	SVS-004-05	0.122	Toluene.				
	SVS-004-06	ND					

ND - Not Detected

NS - Not Sampled

NQ - No Qualification

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,

 $\mathbb{R}^{n}_{i}$ 

### TABLE 5-1 (cont) SUMMARY OF SOIL VAPOR SURVEY DATA MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

Storm sewer	SVS-004-07	ND	
to Outfall 004	SVS-004-08	ND	
Contain VVI	SVS-004-09	ND	
	SVS-004-10	ND	
	SVS-004-11	ND	
	SVS-004-12	ND	
	SVS-004-13	ND	
	SVS-004-14	ND	
Storm sewer	SVS-005-01	ND	
to Outfall 005	SVS-005-02	ND	
	SVS-005-03	ND	
	SVS-005-04	ND	
Sanitary	SAN-01	ND	
Sewer	SAN-02	ND	
	SAN-03	ND	
	SAN-04	TRACE	Trace unknowns, possibly methyl isobutyl ketone.
	SAN-05	TRACE	Trace unknowns, possibly methyl isobutyl ketone.
	SAN-06	13.77	1,1,1-Trichloroethane; also possibly methyl isobutyl ketone.
	SAN-06-DUP	NQ	Similar results as SAN-06.
	SAN-07	ND	
	SAN-08	ND	
	SAN-09	ND	
	SAN-10	ND	
	SAN-10-DUP	ND	
	SAN-11	ND	
	SAN-12	ND	
	SAN-13	ND	
	SAN-14	ND	
	SAN-15	ND	
	SAN-16	ND	
	SAN-17	ND	
	SAN-18	ND	
	SAN-19	ND	
	SAN-20	ND	
	SAN-21	ND	
	SAN-22	ND	
	SAN-23	ND	
	SAN-24	ND	
	SAN-DUP2	ND	
Quality	FB050494	ND	
Control	FB050594	0.019	Toluene.

NOTES:

ND - Not Detected NQ - No Qualification

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# LEGEND:

OUTFALL LOCATIONS

### OUTFALL LOCATION MAP FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

### Martin Marietta Corporation

### A-Northeast ER

Environmental Resources Management 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 FIGURE 5-2 ERM Tel. (315)445-2554 Fax(315)445-2543



### TABLE 5-2 OUTFALL SEDIMENT SAMPLE SUMMARY MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DEPTH/ LOCATION*	date Sampled	COC NUMBER	COMMENTS
FRP-OUT-01A	0,0	5/2/94	940502-01	
FRP-OUT-01B	0/10	5/2/94	940502-01	
FRP-OUT-01C	1/0	5/2/94	940502-01	
FRP-OUT-02A	0/0	4/29/94	940429-01	~~*
FRP-OUT-02B	1/0	4/29/94	940429-01	
FRP-OUT-02C	0/5	4/29/94	940429-01	
FRP-OUT-02D	0/10	4/29/94	940429-01	
FRP-OUT-03A	0/0	4/29/94	940429-02	TRANS 198
FRP-OUT-03B	1/0	4/29/94	940429-02	
FRP-OUT-03C	0/12	4/29/94	940429-02	
FRP-OUT-04	0/0	5/2/94	940502-01	
FRP-OUT-05	0/0	4/29/94	940429-02	
FRP-OUT-06	0/0	4/29/94	940429-01	
FRP-OUT-06 MS/MSD	0/0	4/29/94	940429-01	MS/MSD sample.
FRP-OUT-07	0/0	4/29/94	940429-01	
FRP-OUT-07 (0-0.5)	0-0.5/0	5/5/94	940505-01	VOC sample only.
FRP-OUT-08	0/0	4/29/94	940429-01	
FRP-OUT-09	0/0	4/29/94	940429-02	Catch Basin south of site.
FRP-DUPE-04	0/0	4/29/94	940429-01	FRP-OUT-07
FRP-DUPE-07	0-0.5/0	5/5/94	940505-01	FRP-OUT-07(0-0.5) VOC sample only.

\* Sample depth and location are given in feet relative to the point immediately below the end of the outfall pipe. COC - Chain of Custody

#### 5.2.2 Catch Basins

Site base maps show a total of 19 catch basins within or immediately adjacent to the fenced-in portion of the site, all of which were selected for sediment sampling under the conditions of the Consent Order. These catch basins were assigned designations by an ERM geologist prior to the initiation of field sampling (Figure 5-3). All sampling activities occurred between 25 and 27 April 1994. Of the 19 catch basins purported to exist, all except CB-12 were located. Four of these 18 catch basins (CB-02, CB-10, CB-14, and CB-17) did not contain enough sediment to collect any samples. A total of 16 sediment samples were collected from the remaining 14 catch basins including an MS/MSD sample (FRP-CB-13 MS/MSD) and a duplicate sample (FRP-DUPE-01). All catch basin sediment samples were sent to the laboratory for analysis under NYSDEC 1991 ASP protocol for the full TCL/TAL parameter suite with the exception of FRP-CB-19 which contained enough sediment for only two 40 ml VOC vials (Table 5-3). Detailed descriptions of sediment characteristics and other relevant sampling information are provided on sediment sampling records located in Appendix B.

#### 5.2.3 Wetlands

Twelve soil cores (SS-1 through SS-12) were collected on 26 and 27 October 1993 from the wetlands north of the site as part of the accelerated RI/FS investigation (Figure 5-4). A total of 25 samples including one duplicate sample were collected from these cores (Table 5-4). All samples were sent to the laboratory for analysis under NYSDEC 1991 ASP protocol for TCL VOCs and total organic carbon. Detailed descriptions of soils and stratigraphy encountered in each borehole are indicated on boring logs located in Appendix B).

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# LEGEND:

♦ CATCH BASIN LOCATIONS

CATCH BASIN LOCATIONS NOT SAMPLED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT

SCALE 1"=160'

### CATCH BASIN LOCATION MAP FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

### Martin Marietta Corporation

# **ERM-Northeast**

ERM-INOILLICUST Environmental Resources Management 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 FIGURE 5-3 ERM Tel. (315)445-2554 Fax (315)445-2543

### TABLE 5-3 CATCH BASIN SEDIMENT SAMPLE SUMMARY MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	COC NUMBER	AVE. SEDIMENT DEPTH1	CB RADIUS2	CB VOLUME3	COMMENTS
FRP-CB-01	4/25/94	940425-01	<0.054	2.05	<0.66	
FRP-CB-03	4/27/94	940427-01	<0.05	1.55	<0.38	
FRP-CB-04	4/27/94	940427-01	<0.05	1.55	<0.38	
FRP-CB-05	4/26/94	940426-01	<0.05	2.05	<0.66	
FRP-CB-06	4/26/94	940426-02	<0.05	2.05	<0.66	
FRP-CB-07	4/26/94	940426-01	<0.05	2.05	<0.66	
FRP-CB-08	4/26/94	940426-02	0.167	2.05	2.20	
FRP-CB-09	4/26/94	940426-01	1.00	NA	4.84	Square basin, length = 2.2'
FRP-CB-11	4/26/94	940426-01	0.33	NA	1.60	Square basin, length = 2.2'
FRP-CB-13	4/26/94	940426-01	0.80	1.05	2.77	
FRP-CB-13 MS/MSD	4/26/94	940426-02	NA	NA	NA	MS/MSD sample.
FRP-CB-15	4/27/94	940427-01	<0.05	1.05	<0.17	
FRP-CB-16	4/26/94	940426-02	0.167	NA	0.81	Square basin, length = 2.2'
FRP-CB-18	4/27/94	940427-01	0.167	1.55	1.26	
FRP-CB-19	4/27/94	940427-01	<0.05	1.55	<0.37	VOC sample only.
FRP-DUPE-01	4/26/94	940426-01	NA	NA	NA	FRP-CB-07

#### TOTAL ESTIMATED VOLUME OF SEDIMENT IN 14 CATCH BASINS IS APPROXIMATELY 18 CF

- 1 Average depth of sediment given in feet.
- 2 Catch basin radius given in feet.
- 3 Catch basin volume (V) estimate given in cubic feet calculated as a right circular cylinder by:
  - $V = \Pi r 2h$

where  $\Pi = pi = 3.1415$ , r = radius of catch basin, and h = average depth of sediment.

4 - A value of <0.05 feet is used when average depth of sediment was less than one inch (1 inch = 0.083 feet).





### LEGEND

← CORE SAMPLE LOCATION RI SOIL BORING LOCATION 1992 SOIL BORING LOCATION

LARGE PARKING AREA

### WETLAND SAMPLE LOCATIONS FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

### Martin Marietta Corporation

ERM-Northeast Environmental Resources Management

SCALE 1"=150' DATE 8/94 FIGURE 5-4

### TABLE 5-4 WETLANDS SEDIMENT SAMPLE SUMMARY MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DEPTH (FD)	DATE SAMPLED	SAMPLING DEVICE	Dominant Texture	COMMENTS
SS-1 (0-1)	0-1	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Sand	
SS-1 (1-2)	1-2	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Sandy Silt	
SS-2 (0-1)	0-1	10/27/93	ESP	Sand	
SS-2 (1-2)	1-2	10/27/93	ESP	Sand	
SS-3 (0-1)	0-1	10/27/93	ESP	Sand	
SS-3 (1-2)	1-2	10/27/93	ESP	Sand	
55 <b>-4</b> (0-1)	0-1	10/27/93	ESP	Sand	
SS-4 (1-2)	1-2	10/27/93	ESP	Sand	Water saturated.
SS-5 (0-1)	0-1	10/ <b>27/</b> 93	ESP	Sand	
SS-5 (1-2)	1-2	10/27/93	ESP	Sand	
SS-6 (0-1)	0-1	10/27/93	Wildco Corer	Silt	Water saturated.
SS-6 (1-2)	1-2	10/2 <b>7/9</b> 3	Wildco Corer	Silt	Duplicated sample.
SS-7 (0-1)	0-1	10/27 <b>/</b> 93	Wildco Corer	Organic Silt	Water saturated.
SS-7 (1-2)	1-2	10/27 <b>/</b> 93	Wildco Corer	Organic Silt	Water saturated.
SS-8 (0-1)	0-1	10/26 <b>/</b> 93	Wildco Corer	Organic Silt	Water saturated.
SS-8 (1-2)	1-2	10/26 <b>/</b> 93	Wildco Corer	Silt	Water saturated.
SS-9 (0-1)	0-1	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Organic Silt	Water saturated.
SS-9 (1-2)	1-2	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Silt	Water saturated.
SS-10 (0-1)	0-1	10/26 <b>/</b> 93	Wildco Corer	Silt	Water saturated.
SS-10 (1-2)	1-2	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Sand	
SS-11 (0-1)	0-1	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Sand	
SS-11 (1-2)	1-2	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Clayey Silt	
SS-12 (0-1)	0-1	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Silt	Water saturated.
SS-12 (1-2)	1-2	10/26/93	Wildco Corer	Silt	
DUPLICATE- 1	1-2	10/27/93	Wildco Corer	Silt	From SS-6 (1-2)

### 5.3 SOIL INVESTIGATION

Soils at FRP have been extensively characterized during previous investigations. It was determined that additional data were required to characterize the nature and extent of constituents in all areas of concern. These data were necessary to support finalization of the RI/FS. During the 1994 RI, forty-one soil borings were drilled in the areas of concern and sixty-five soil samples were collected for laboratory analyses. Detailed descriptions of soil characteristics and other relevant sampling information are provided on soil boring logs in Appendix C. A summary of soil samples collected during the RI is presented in Table 5-5.

### 5.3.1 Area 1 - Debris Pile North of FRP-2

During the 1992 debris pile excavation, confirmation soil samples were collected from the natural soil area of the former debris pile. Analytical data from those soil samples indicated that residual VOCs were present at concentrations of less than 100 parts per billion (ppb). The potential that additional compounds may have been present in the former debris pile prompted the collection of soil samples from this area during the RI. Three soil borings (B-111, B-113, B-121) were advanced in this area (Figure 5-5) and one soil sample from each boring was submitted to Adirondack Environmental Services (AES) for analysis of TCL compounds.

Borings B-111 and B-113 were drilled using a truck mounted drill rig. Each of these borings were drilled through the fill materials and terminated upon encountering native soils. Split-spoon soil samples were collected continuously from the ground surface to the bottom of these borings. The split-spoon soil sample collected from the eight to ten foot interval in both of these borings was selected for laboratory analysis.

Boring B-121 was completed at the toe of the slope of the former debris pile using a hand auger. This boring was advanced to a depth of three feet below the ground surface. A composite soil sample from the entire boring length was collected and submitted to the laboratory for analysis.



### TABLE 5-5 SUMMARY OF SOIL SAMPLES MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

SAMPLE AREA	SAMPLE LOCATION	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DEPTH (feet)	SAMPLE DATE	TCL VOCs	TCL SVOC	TCL PEST/PCBs	TAL	LEAD	трн
AREA 1	B-111	FRP-B111(8-10)	8-10	4/25/94	Х	х	x			
	B-113	FRP-B113(8-10)	8-10	4/25/94	x	x	x			
	B-121	FRP-B121(0-3)	0-3	4/25/94	x	x	x			
AREA 2	B-115	FRP-B115(2-3)	2-3	4/28/94	X	x	x	x		
	B-115	FRP-B115(5-6)	5-6	4/28/94	x	x	x	x		
	B-126	FRP-B126(3-5)	3-5	4/28/94						x
	B-127	FRP-B127(2-4)	2-4	4/28/94						x
	B-128	FRP-B128(1-3)	1-3	4/28/94						x
AREA 3	B-122	FRP-B122 (0-1)	0-1	10/28/93		x	x	x		
	B-123	FRP-B123(0-1)	0-1	10/28/93		x	x	x		
AREA 4	B-124	FRP-B124(3-5)	3-5	4/25/94	x	x	x			
	B-124	FRP-B124(7-9)	7-9	4/25/94	x	x	x			
	B-125	FRP-B125(3-5)	3-5	4/26/94	x	x	x			
	B-125	FRP-B125(7-9)	7-9	4/26/94	x	x	x			
AREA 5	B-120	FRP-B120(2-4)	2-4	4/26/94	x	х	x	x		
AREA 7	B-116	FRP-B116(4-6)	4-6	4/27/94	x					
	B-116	FRP-B116(8-10)	8-10	4/27/94	x					
	B-117	FRP-B117(2-4)	2-4	4/27/94	x					
	B-117	FRP-B117(6-8)	6-8	4/27/94	x					
	B-118	FRP-B118(3-5)	3-5	4/27/94	x					

SAMPLE AREA	SAMPLE LOCATION	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DEPTH (feet)	SAMPLE DATE	TCL VOCs	TCL SVOC	TCL PEST/PCBs	TAL	LEAD	TPH
	B-118	FRP-B118(7-9)	7-9	4/27/94	X					
	B-119	FRP-B119(3-5)	3-5	4/27/94	x					
	B-119	FRP-B119(7-9)	7-9	4/27/94	x					
AREA 9	B-101	FRP-B101(3-5)	3-5	4/26/94	X	x	x			
	B-101	FRP-B101(5-7)	5-7	4/26/94	x	x	x			
	B-102	FRP-B102(3-5)	3-5	4/26/94	x	x	x			
	B-102	FRP-B102(5-7)	5-7	4/26/94	x	x	x			
AREA 10	B-103	FRP-B103(3-5)	3-5	5/2/94	x	x	x	x		
	B-103	FRP-B103(7-9)	7-9	5/2/94	x	x	x	x		
	B-108	FRP-B108(3-5)	3-5	4/29/94	x	x	X	x		
	B-108	FRP-B108(7-9)	7-9	4/29/94	x	x	x	x		
	B-109	FRP-B109(3-5)	3-5	5/2/94	х	х	x	x		
	B-109	FRP-B109(9-11)	9-11	5/2/94	x	х	x	x		
	B-110	FRP-B110(3-5)	3-5	4/28/94	x	х	x	x		
	B-110	FRP-B110(7-9)	7-9	4/28/94	x	x	x	x		
	B-112	FRP-B112(3-5)	3-5	4/27/94	x	x	x	х		
	B-112	FRP-B112(9-11)	9-11	4/27/94	X	x	x	x		
	MW-26D	FRP-MW26D(3-5)	3-5	5/3/ <b>94</b>	x	х	x	x		
	MW-26D	FRP-MW26D(11-13)	11-13	5/3/94	x	х	x	x		
AREA 11	B-114	FRP-B114(5-7)	5-7	5/4/94	x					
	B-114	FRP-B114(7-9)	7-9	5/4/94	x					
	B-129	FRP-B129(3-5)	3-5	5/5/ <b>94</b>	x					
	B-129	FRP-B129(9-11)	9-11	5/5/ <b>94</b>	x					

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SAMPLE AREA	SAMPLE LOCATION	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE DATE	TCL VOCs	tcl Svoc	TCL PEST/PCBs	TAL	LEAD	трн
	B-130	FRP-B130(3-5)	3-5	5/4/94	x					
	B-130	FRP-B130(9-11)	9-11	5/4/94	x					
	B-131	FRP-B131(3-5)	3-5	5/4/94	х					
	B-131	FRP-B131(7-9)	7-9	5/4/94	x					
	B-132	FRP-B132(3-5)	3-5	5/5/94	x					
	B-132	FRP-B132(5-7)	5-7	5/5/94	х					
AREA 12	B-106	FRP-B106(2-3)	2-3	11/1/93				х		
	B-106	FRP-B106(5-6)	5-6	11/1/93				х		
	B-107	FRP-B107(2-3)	2-3	10/28/94				х		
	B-107	FRP-B107(5-6)	5-6	10/28/94				х		
AREA 16	B-104	FRP-B104(5-7)	5-7	5/6/94		x			х	
	B-104	FRP-B104(7-9)	7-9	5/6/94		х			Х	
	B-105	FRP-B105(5-7)	5-7	5/6/94		х			х	
	B-105	FRP-B105(7-9)	7-9	5/6/94		х			x	
STORM SEWER	B-133	FRP-B133(1-3)	1-3	5/16/94	x	X	x			
	B-133	FRP-B133(5-7)	5-7	5/9/94	x	x	x			
	B-134	FRP-B134(1-3)	1-3	5/10/94	x	x	x			
	B-134	FRP-B134(7-9)	7-9	5/9 <b>/94</b>	x	X	x			
	B-135	FRP-B135(1-3)	1-3	5/10/94	x	x	x			
	B-135	FRP-B135(7-9)	7-9	5/9/94	x	x	x			
	B-136	FRP-B136(1-3)	1-3	5/10/94	x	x	x			
	B-136	FRP-B136(7-9)	7-9	5/10/94	x	x	x			
Previous investigations in this area indicated the presence of an anomalous (62 ppm) soil gas measurement. Subsequent soil and ground water investigations in this area did not indicate the presence of VOCs in subsurface soil or ground water. No soil samples had been collected from the location of the 62 ppm anomaly; therefore, additional soil samples were collected from this area as part of the 1994 RI. Four soil borings were completed in this area during the 1994 RI (Figure 5-6) and five soil samples were submitted to Adirondack Environmental Services for analyses.

Soil boring B-115 was completed to a depth of six feet below the ground surface at the location of the 62 ppm soil vapor anomaly using a hand auger. Soil samples were collected from the two to three foot interval and the five to six foot interval for laboratory analysis. These soil samples were analyzed for TCL and TAL compounds.

Three soil borings were completed in the area of the former septic tank north of the test building (B-126, B-127, and B-128). These borings were advanced using the ESP small diameter coring sampler to a total depth of six feet below the ground surface. One representative soil sample from each boring was selected for laboratory analysis based upon visual evidence. Visual evidence included dark gray staining, asphalt fragments and the observation that the material was "fill". The three to five foot interval in boring B-126, the two to four foot interval for boring B-127, and the one to three foot interval from boring B-128 were selected. These soil samples were submitted for analysis for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH).

## 5.3.3 Area 3 - Former Above Ground Solvent Tanks

Two borings (B-122 and B-123) were installed through the concrete floor



below the raised floor on the west side of the former power room of Building No. 2 (Figure 5-7). Boring B-122 was installed 5 feet north and B-123 was installed 4.3 feet south of the existing piezometer that was installed into boring B-48 during the 1992 environmental investigation. The concrete floor was penetrated using an electric hammer drill equipped with a carbide drill bit. Soil samples were retrieved using the ESP corer and samples were collected from zero to one foot below the bottom of the concrete floor (the total depth of each boring). The two soil samples were submitted to the laboratory for analysis for TCL SVOCs, TCL PCBs, and TAL metals. After completion of sampling activities, borings were backfilled with remaining soil cuttings and the concrete floor was repaired with Sacrete<sup>®</sup> concrete mix.

## 5.3.4 Area 4 - Removed Above Ground Tanks East Side of Building No. 2

This asphalt-paved area on the east side of FRP-2 was reportedly used to store tanks or trailers that may have contained solvents. Two previous soil borings were advanced to the ground water in this area and soil samples collected from these borings did not reveal any field evidence of VOCs; therefore, samples were not submitted to a laboratory for analysis. Two soil borings were drilled (Figure 5-8) during the 1994 RI to characterize the condition of the soil in this area that may have been affected by the unknown contents of the former tanks or trailers stored in this area. Borings B-124 and B-125 were drilled using hollow stem augers. Continuous split-spoon soil samples were collected from each boring B-124 and 23 feet in boring B-125). Soil samples from the three to five foot interval and the seven to nine foot interval in each boring were collected for laboratory analysis for TCL compounds.





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## 5.3.5 Area 5 - Removed USTs and Drywell West Side of Building No. 2

The 1992 Environmental Investigation adequately characterized the VOC concentrations in and around this area. However, further investigation was conducted because of the potential presence of other constituents in the soils in this area as a result of possible releases in the past from the drywell. One boring (B-120) was drilled in this area as part of the RI (Figure 5-9). This boring was drilled to the top of the red clay unit using hollow stem augers. Continuous split-spoon soil samples were collected from this boring. One soil sample (two to four foot interval) was submitted to the laboratory for analysis for TCL and TAL compounds.

## 5.3.6 Area 7 - Removed UST T-51

Previous investigations in this area revealed the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons in the ground water in the vicinity of the former 10,000 gallon fuel oil tank. Soil samples obtained from beneath and adjacent to the tank and analyzed for TPH and fuel components had indicated that the soil was relatively unaffected. Existing background information indicated that freon residuals may have been released to the ground in this area. Although significant amounts of freon had not been detected in the soil, freon is present in ground water samples collected from this area at concentrations greater than NYSDEC standards. To address NYSDEC concerns regarding possible soil contamination in this area, four soil borings were drilled in the former tank area and around the chiller during the 1994 RI (Figure 5-10). Borings B-116, B-117, B-118, and B-119 were drilled to the top of the red clay unit using a truck mounted hollow stem auger drilling rig. The total depth of these borings ranged from 14 feet below the ground surface (B-117) to 17 feet below the ground surface (B-118 and B-119). Continuous split-spoon soil samples were collected from each of the borings and two soil samples from each were selected for





laboratory analysis. Soil samples submitted to the laboratory were analyzed for TCL VOCs.

## 5.3.7 Area 9 - Removed UST T-50

A 10,000-gallon fuel oil UST (T-50) was previously removed from this area. Three soil borings had been drilled in this area and indicated that the soils in the vicinity of the former tank had been affected from past releases. As part of the 1994 RI, two soil borings were drilled in this area (Figure 5-11) to further characterize the soils in Area 9. Soil borings B-101 and B-102 were drilled to the top of the red clay unit (19 feet and 18.6 feet, respectively) using a truck mounted hollow stem drill rig. Continuous split-spoon soil samples were collected from both borings from the ground surface to the red clay unit. Soil samples from the three to five foot and the five to seven foot interval from both borings were collected for laboratory analyses for TCL compounds.

## 5.3.8 Area 10 - Temporary Hazardous Materials Storage Area

A previously conducted soil gas survey in this portion of the parking lot revealed two areas of anomalous soil gas concentrations. These anomalies were investigated further with soil borings and temporary wells. Chlorinated solvents were detected at or near the water table in both borings; however, the extent of affected soils both vertically and laterally had not been established. To more fully characterize this area, six soil borings (B-103, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-112, and MW-26D) were drilled during the 1994 RI (Figure 5-12). Each of these borings were drilled to the top of the red clay unit with continuous split-spoon soil samples collected during the drilling. Two soil samples from each boring were selected for laboratory analyses for TCL and TAL compounds. Soil boring MW-26D was completed as a monitoring well. A seventh boring in this

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area (MW-26S) was drilled adjacent to MW-26D and completed as a shallow monitoring well. No soil samples were collected from boring MW-26S.

## 5.3.9 Area 11 - Radar Test Area

Previous investigations and an IRM in this area revealed the presence of VOC affected soils and ground water. VOC affected soil was removed during the IRM. The area around an 11 ppm soil gas survey anomaly and areas with background concentrations greater than 1 ppm were not evaluated. Five soil borings were drilled in Area 11 during the 1994 RI (Figure 5-13) to further evaluate the soils in this area. One soil boring (B-114) was drilled at the location of the 11 ppm anomaly and four borings (B-129, B-130, B-131, and B-132) were drilled where background concentrations were greater than 1 ppm. Each of these soil borings was drilled to the top of the red clay unit with total depths ranging from 27 feet to 33 feet below the ground surface. Two soil samples from each boring were collected for TCL VOCs analysis by the laboratory.

## 5.3.10 Area 12 - Paint Booth Area

Two borings (B-106 and B-107) were installed in the former paint booth area on the north side of Building No. 2. Boring B-106 was located 215 feet west of the building's northeast corner and 23 feet south of the north building wall and boring B-107 was located 215 feet west of the northeast corner and 3.5 feet south of the north building wall (Figure 5-14). The concrete floor was penetrated using an electric hammer drill equipped with a carbide drill bit. Soil samples were collected from below the floor with the ESP corer from depth intervals of two to three feet and five to six feet below the base of the concrete floor. Both borings were continued to a total depth of nine feet. Soil samples were submitted to the laboratory for

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analyses under NYSDEC 1991 ASP protocol for TAL metals. Both boreholes were backfilled with remaining soil cuttings and the concrete floor was repaired with Sacrete<sup>®</sup> concrete mix.

## 5.3.11 Area 16 - Removed Gasoline UST Near the Garage

Soil borings and monitoring wells were drilled, installed and sampled as part of previous investigations in the area of the former gasoline UST (T-68) near the garage. Confirmation soil samples were also obtained during the removal of the UST. Analytical results for previously collected soil samples indicated that soil and ground water adjacent to the former tank had been affected by releases of petroleum hydrocarbons. The extent of VOC affected soils and ground water has been adequately defined in the past. The soil samples previously collected had not been analyzed for lead; therefore, two additional soil borings were drilled in this area during the 1994 RI (Figure 5-15). Soil borings B-104 and B-105 were advanced to the top of the red clay unit using a truck mounted hollow stem auger drill rig. Continuous split-spoon soil samples were collected from the borings. The total depth of both borings was 21 feet below the ground surface. Two soil samples were selected from each boring for laboratory analyses for lead and TCL SVOCs.

## 5.3.12 Storm Sewer Soil Borings

During the 1994 RI, four soil borings were drilled in the vicinity of the storm sewer at selected locations to investigate areas where the soil vapor survey conducted during the RI indicated potential VOC concentrations and to confirm results where no evidence of VOCs were found. Soil borings B-133, B-134, B-135, and B-136 (Figure 5-16) were drilled using a truck mounted drill rig and continuous split-spoon soil samples were collected. Borings B-133, B-135, and B-136 were drilled to approximately

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two feet below the water table (11 feet below the ground surface). Soil boring B-134 was drilled to 49 feet below the ground surface and was terminated upon reaching the red clay unit. Two soil samples from each boring were selected and submitted to the laboratory for analyses for TCL compounds.

## 5.4 SURFACE WATER INVESTIGATION

Three surface water samples (SW-1, SW-2, SW-3) were collected from areas of standing water in the wetlands north of the site (Figure 5-17). Field parameters and other relevant sampling data were recorded on field surface water sampling records given in Appendix D. All three water samples were stored in coolers with ice and were submitted to the laboratory for analyses under NYSDEC 1991 ASP protocol for TCL VOCs and hardness.

## 5.5 GROUND WATER INVESTIGATION

Ground water samples were collected from the twenty-eight overburden ground water monitoring wells (identified as "MW" throughout the report) and three glacial till (identified as "BR" throughout the report) wells at the site. Ground water samples were also collected from thirteen wetland piezometers during the accelerated RI/FS. Sampling locations are shown in Figure 5-18. Well purge details are summarized in Table 5-6. Field parameters and other relevant sampling records are included in Appendix E. Ground water samples from the piezometers were analyzed for TCL VOCs. All other ground water samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TCL pesticides/PCBs, and TAL analytes. In addition, six ground water samples from monitoring wells previously shown to contain high turbidity were also field filtered and analyzed for TAL analytes. The three glacial till wells were purged accordingly to a protocol discussed with

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## TABLE 5-6 SUMMARY OF WELL PURGING MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

WELL ID	WELL DIAMETER (in)	DEPTH OF WELL (ft)	DEPTH TO WATER (ft)	WELL VOLUME (gallons)	VOLUME PURGED (gallons)	FINAL TUBIDITY MEASUREMENTS (NTUs)
MW-1	2	17.33	9.82	1.23	14.2	330
MW-2	4	22.00	13.79	5.36	43.2	28.0
MW-3S	2	18.93	9. <b>3</b> 4	1.56	12.5	26.3
MW-3D	4	33.50	8.93 ·	16.04	130	0.85
MW-4	2	11.74	8.39	0.55	5	1063
MW-5	2	19.39	10.77	1.41	13	> 1000
MW-6	2	12.90	0.34	2.05	18	12.1
MW-7	2	12.30	1.52	1.76	15	>1000
MW-8	2	11.63	3.02	1.41	14.5	35
MW-9	2	14.52	4.00	1.72	16.5	147
MW-10	2	18.21	10.20	1.31	12.8	220
MW-11	4	18.90	9.89	5.88	45	16
MW-12	2	18.01	10.76	1.18	5.25*	206
MW-13	2	14.78	9.30	0.89	7.5	160
MW-14	2	23.47	7.36	2.63	5.3*	+ 1000
MW-15	2	21.32	11.10	1.67	16	+ 1000
MW-16	2	28.73	7.05	3.54	28.5	790
MW-17	2	15.15	1.66	2.20	18	>1000
MW-18	2	14.12	1.28	2.10	17	>1000
MW-19	2	16.86	9.05	1.27	9.75	355
MW-20	2	17.17	8.12	1.48	14.5	>1000
MW-21	2	16.71	9.26	1.22	10	48.8
MW-22	2	14. <b>34</b>	7.75	1.08	9	97
MW-23	4	19.90	11.24	5.65	62	28.7
MW-24	2	17.55	8.45	1.49	12.5	599
MW-25	2	17.50	7.87	1.57	12.6	652
MW-26S	2	14.45	6.65	1.27	10.2	185
MW-26D	2	32.57	6.21 •	4.30	34	41.8
BR-01	2	140.00	8.07	22.4	85.5	253
BR-02	2	100.00	34.12	11.2	24.5	940
BR-03	2	100.00	11.37	15.1	50	891

\*PURGED till dry.

and approved by NYSDEC.

## 5.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Field quality control checks were used during this investigation and consisted of the following:

- Equipment Rinsate Blanks Equipment rinsate blanks were collected during soil, sediment, and water sampling to ensure that the sampling equipment was clean and that the potential for cross-contamination had been minimized by the equipment decontamination procedures. Equipment rinsate blanks were collected each day that sampling activities were performed at the site. These blanks were prepared by rinsing the sample collection devices for sampling events with water that was demonstrated to be analyte free. The rinsate water was collected into the appropriate sample containers and analyzed according to Contract Laboratory Program protocol for the same parameters as the associated sampling event. Results of the equipment rinsate blank analyses were used in the QA/QC and data validation process.
- Field Duplicates One of every 20 samples collected during the 1994 RI was accompanied by a duplicate sample. Field duplicates for water samples were collected by filling the primary and duplicate sampling containers in an alternate fashion. Soil or sediment samples that were submitted for VOC analyses were not homogenized or split. All other duplicate soil and sediment samples were prepared by homogenizing the sample and preparing two identical sample aliquot for analysis. Duplicate samples were assigned "Dupe" sample numbers which were recorded in the field logbooks. Table 5-7 indicates the duplicate sample identifications

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and the corresponding samples. Analyses of duplicate samples were used to determine the precision of the field sampling techniques.

TABLE 5-7	
SUMMARY OF DUPLICATE SAMPLES	5
MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI	

DUPLICATE ID	CORRESPONDING SAMPLE	SAMPLE MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
FRP-DUPE-01	FRP-CB-07	Sediment	4/26/94
FRP-DUPE-02	FRP-B110(7-9)	Soil	4/28/94
FRP-DUPE-03	FRP-B127(2-4)	Soil	4/28/94
FRP-DUPE-04	FRP-OUT-07	Sediment	4/29/94
FRP-DUPE-05	FRP-B130(3-5)	Soil	5/4/94
FRP-DUPE-06	FRP-B129(3-5)	Soil	5/5/94
FRP-DUPE-07	FRP-OUT-07(0-0.5)	Sediment	5/5/94
FRP-DUPE-08	FRP-B104(5-7)	Soil	5/6/94
FRP-DUPE-09	FRP-B133(5-7)	Soil	5/9/94
FRP-DUPE-10	FRP-MW26S(0594)	Ground Water	5/18/94
FRP-DUPE-11	FRP-MW25(0594)	Ground Water	5/19/94

- Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicates One of every soil, sediment, and water samples collected in the field during the 1994 RI was obtained with extra volume so the laboratory could analyze for matrix spikes and matrix spike duplicates for organics, and sample spike and laboratory duplicates for inorganics. The samples contained sufficient volume so that the required analyses could be properly performed. Laboratory samples were labeled with the sample number and a notation was made on the chain-of-custody form that the extra sample volume was for laboratory quality control. The purpose of these samples was to evaluate the effect of possible matrix interferences on the sample results.
- *Travel Blanks* Travel blanks consisted of laboratory supplied deionized water contained in appropriate sample containers. The

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blanks were prepared by Adirondack Environmental Services and shipped to the site in the sample coolers used for the collection of field samples. The travel blanks accompanied field sample containers during the sampling process and were returned to the laboratory with the sample shipment. These samples served as a QC check on container cleanliness, external contamination, and the analytical method. Travel blanks were submitted at a frequency of one per day during water sampling for VOCs. 6.0 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES AND LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL

## 6.1 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Soil, sediment, surface water, and ground water samples were analyzed by NYSDEC 1991 ASP methods for all or some of the following: TCL VOCs (including trichlorofluoromethane); TCL SVOCs; TCL pesticides/PCBs; TAL metals and cyanide; TPH; and lead. TPH was analyzed by USEPA Method 418.1. Ground water and surface water samples for TCL VOC analysis were analyzed by Method 524.2 with deliverables according to NYSDEC 1991 ASP Deliverables Format B. This method was used to ensure that the detection limits were low enough to satisfy NYSDEC surface and ground water criteria listed in the Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series 1.1.1 "Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values" dated 15 November 1991. Additionally, surface water samples collected as part of the wetland study were also analyzed for hardness. Sediment samples from the wetland were analyzed for total organic carbon. Table 6-1 presents a summary of the analytical procedures used and the number of samples analyzed by each procedure. Table 6-2 presents a list of the specific compounded metals that were analyzed for in samples collected during the 1994 RI.

## 6.2 LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL

Adirondack Environmental Services (AES), Inc. of Albany, New York was contracted to perform all analytical work associated with the 1994 RI sampling at the site. Adirondack Environmental Services analytical laboratory is approved by the following institutions:

• NYSDEC

### TABLE 6-1 SUMMARY OF ANALYSES PERFORMED MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

		TCL		T	AL				
MATRIX	VOCs	SVOCs	Pest/PCB	Metals	CYANIDE	трн	LEAD	HARDNESS	тос
Soil	56	43	38	22	16	4	5		
Sediment	57	31	31	31	31		_		25
Ground Water	47	33	33	39	39		-		
Surface Water	3			-				3	
Trip Blanks	13								
Equipment RInsates	16	12	11	9	8	1	1		2

## TABLE 6-2 SUMMARY OF TCL and TAL ANALYTES MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

#### **TCL VOCs**

chloromethane bromomethane vinyl chloride chloroethane methylene chloride acetone carbon disulfide 1,1-dichloroethene 1,1-dichloroethane 1,2-dichloroethene chloroform 1,2-dichloroethane 2-butanone 1.1.1-trichloroethane carbon tetrachloride bromodichloromethane 1,2-dichloropropane cis-1,3-dichloropropene trichloroethene dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-trichloroethane benzene trans-1,3-dichloropropene bromoform 4-methyl-2-pentanone 2-hexanone tetrachloroethene 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane toluene chlorobenzene ethylbenzene styrene xylenes (total) trichlorofluoromethane

#### **TCL SVOCs**

phenol bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether 2-chlorophenol 1,3-dichlorobenzene 1,4-dichlorobenzene 1,2-dichlorobenzene 2-methylphenol 2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)

#### TCL SVOCs (cont)

4-methylphenol N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine hexachloroethane nitrobenzene isophrone 2-nitrophenol 2,4-dimethylphenol bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane 2,4-dichlorophenol 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene naphthalene 4-chloroaniline hexachlorobutadiene 4-chloro-3-methylphenol 2-methylnaphthalene hexachlorocyclopentadiene 2,4,6-trichlorophenol 2,4,5-trichlorophenol 2-chloronaphthalene 2-nitroaniline dimethyl phthalate acenaphthylene 2.6-dinitrotoluene 3-nitroaniline acenaphthene 2,4-dinitrophenol 4-nitrophenol dibenzofuran 2.4-dinitrotoluene diethylphthalate 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether fluorene 4-nitroaniline 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol n-nitrosodiphenylamine 4-bromophenyl-phenylether hexachlorobenzene pentachlorophenol phenanthrene anthracene carbazole di-n-butylphthalate fluoranthene

#### TCL SVOCs (cont)

pyrene butylbenzylphthalate 3,3-dichlorobenzidine benzo (a) anthracene chrysene bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate di-n-octyl phthalate benzo (b) fluoranthene benzo (k) fluoranthene benzo (a) pyrene indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene dibenzo (a,h) anthracene benzo (g,h,i) perylene

#### TCL Pest/PCBs

alpha-BHC beta-BHC delta-BHC gamma-BHC (lindane) heptachlor aldrin heptachlor epoxide endosulfan I dieldrin 4,4' - DDE endrin endosulfan II 4.4' - DDD endosulfan sulfate 4,4' - DDT methoxychlor endrin ketone endrin aldehyde alpha - chlordane gamma - chlordane toxaphene aroclor - 1016 aroclor - 1221 aroclor - 1232 aroclor - 1242 aroclor - 1248 aroclor - 1254 aroclor - 1260

#### TAL

aluminum antimony arsenic barium beryllium cadmium calcium chromium cobalt copper iron lead magnesium manganese тегсигу nickel potassium selenium silver sodium thallium vanadium zinc cyanide

-

• New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH)

System and performance audits in conjunction with corrective actions are used to monitor internal laboratory quality control. Laboratory internal quality control procedures are based on guidelines established in USEPA SW-846 and NYSDEC Contract Laboratory Program protocols. Specific laboratory quality control checks utilized during the 1994 RI included:

- laboratory blanks;
- field blanks;
- trip blanks;
- reference standards;
- matrix checks;
- spiked samples;
- surrogate standards; and
- duplicate analyses.

Detailed information regarding internal laboratory quality control procedures is contained within the Adirondack Environmental Service's Quality Assurance Plan that was submitted and approved with the RI/FS Work Plan. In addition to internal quality controls, Adirondack Environmental Services participates in several inter-laboratory studies useful in assessing overall quality control including:

- NYSDOH Proficiency Sample Program;
- EPA Program for SPDES Monitoring;
- EPA Quality Control Check Samples Program; and
- Atlantic Regional Group Sample Exchange for Petroleum and Gas Testing.

6.3 DATA VALIDATION

Data generated during the 1994 RI had to be sufficiently accurate to determine whether the various media on the site met or exceeded applicable standards and criteria as set forth by NYSDEC. Therefore, data validation procedures were performed on all analytical data generated during the investigation to insure that data were gathered and recorded accurately, that samples were handled and shipped to the laboratory properly, and to qualify all laboratory analyses to assess the degree of confidence with which the resulting data can be used. The review of CLP data was performed in accordance with NYSDEC 1991 ASP Superfund CLP Methods and the EPA National Functional Guidelines for organic and inorganic data review.

Data Quality Objectives (DQO) are qualitative and quantitative statements regarding the quality of environmental data required to support decisions regarding characterization of the site. DQOs define total uncertainty in the data that is acceptable for each specific task of the investigation. The overall project DQO is to keep uncertainty in the data to a minimum so it will not hinder the intended use of the data. DQOs are achieved through the use of specific data quality requirements (parameters) such as detection limits, criteria for accuracy and precision, sample representativeness, and data comparability and completeness. Specific criteria objectives relating to DQOs for this investigation are summarized in Table 6-3.

Upon receipt of each data package, a preliminary review was conducted consisting of verification of chain of custody forms, traffic reports, analytical data reports, appropriate field and laboratory personnel signatures, and required deliverables. A quality assurance review consisting of evaluation and interpretation was performed by experienced ERM data validation chemists according to EPA data validation procedures using

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## TABLE 6-3 CRITERIA OBJECTIVES MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

CRITERIA	AQUEOUS	SOLID/OTHER
PRECISION OBJECTIVES		
Field Duplicates/Replicates (blind or labeled)	Within 20% RPD	Within 30% RPD
Lab Duplicates	*	*
ACCURACY OBJECTIVES		
Equipment Rinsate or Trip Blanks	Less than the CRDL or appropriate MDL	Less than the CRDL or appropriate MDL
Lab Blanks	*	*
Lab Spikes (matrix, etc.)	*	*

**RPD** = Relative Percent Difference.

=

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CRDL = Contract Required Detection Limit.

MDL = Method Detection Limit.

• = As specified in NYSDEC 1991 ASP Superfund CLP Methods.

appropriate guidance documents, established (contractual) criteria, and professional judgement. Qualifier codes were placed next to specific sample results on summary tables. Subsequent to these reviews, a signed, dated Data Quality Assurance report was compiled and submitted by the ERM data validator describing the overall reliability of the data (Appendix F).

## 7.0 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Analytical results are presented below according to media. Each area of concern is presented within the context of the appropriate media. All data are summarized in tables in Appendix G. These tables also present the appropriate SCG for comparative purposes.

All data points that exceed the values set forth in the three guidance documents referenced in Section 1.2 are highlighted. MMC will propose remedial objectives in the Feasibility Study (FS). In determining appropriate remedial objectives, MMC will give consideration to guidance, which is determined, after the exercise of engineering judgement to be applicable to this site (See 6 NYCRR § 375-1.10 (c) (1) (ii)). For this reason, the guidance values referenced in the summary tables cannot be considered remedial objectives at this time.

## 7.1 SEDIMENT

## 7.1.1 Outfalls

Sediment samples were collected from each of the eight outfalls that empty into the wetlands and the catch basins designed outfall 009 south of the site. These sediment samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TCL pesticides and PCBs, and TAL analytes. Summaries of organic and inorganic analytes detected in the outfall sediment samples are presented in Tables 7-1 and 7-2, respectively. Volatile organics were detected in the sediment samples collected from outfalls 002, 003, 004, 007 and 008. Semivolatile organic compounds and pesticides were detected in each of the sediment samples collected. Surface sediment samples collected from outfalls 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, and 008 and samples from the one foot depth at outfall 003 had detectable quantities of the PCB Aroclor-1254.

## 7.1.2 Catch Basins

Eighteen catch basins were located at the site during the 1994 RI field investigation. Sediment samples were collected from 14 of the 18 catch basins; four were not sampled as a result of insufficient quantities of

## TABLE 7-1 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ORGANIC ANALYTES OUTFALLS

MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	OUT-01A	OUT-01B	OUT-01C	OUT-02A	OUT-02B	OUT-02C	OUT-02D	OUT-03A
	DEPTH	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
	DATE COLLECTED	5/2/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
VOCs	methylene chloride					***			9 J
	chloroform								
	trichloroethene					3 J			
	toluene								
SVOCs	phenol							420 J	
	2-methylnaphthalene								
	phenanthrene	30 J		52 J		23 J		—	160 J
	anthracene				-				35 J
	carbazole								
	di-n-butylphthalate					95 J			
	fluoranthene		<del></del>	63 J	26 J	37 J			200 J
	рутепе			110 <b>J</b>		28 J			150 J
	benzo (a) anthracene								70 J
	chrysene								100 J
	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate		120 J	83 J	49 J	39 J	96 J	98 J	81 J
	benzo (b) fluoranthene								220 J
	benzo (k) fluoranthene			110 J					230 J
	TICs	1	0	5	10	2	7	14	2
Pest /	alpha-BHC		0.51 J	0.22 J	0.19 J				
PCBs	beta-BHC				0. <b>3</b> 9 J		0.16 J		
	delta-BHC	0.33 J	0.64 J		0.26 J		0.08 J		0.28 J
	heptachlor								2.3 J
	aldrin	0.27 J	0.63 J	0.45 J	1.6 J				1.8 J
	heptachlor epoxide								0.54 J
	endosulfan I	0.42 J		0.50 J					
	dieldrin				37	4.8 J	0.11 J	0.08 J	22 J
	4,4' - DDE	7.3 J	52	11 J	20	75	3.8 J	2.5 J	4.2 J
	endrin	****		0.59 J			_		1.4 J
	endosulfan II	1.1 J					0.10 <b>J</b>		2.0 J
	4,4' - DDD	3.9 J	31	6.8 J	2.7 J	7.9 J	0.88 J	0.55 J	2.1 J
	endosulfan sulfate	1.8 <b>J</b>	1.5 J	1.9 J		0.88 J	0.12 J	0.30 J	0.81 J
	4,4' - DDT	5.0 J	17 J	5.9 J	20 J	97 J	6.0 J	4.2 J	9.6 J
	methoxychlor						0.30 J		
	endrin ketone								
	endrin aldehyde								
	alpha - chlordane				4.9	3.2 J			23 J
	gamma - chlordane				4.5	3.1 J			22
	aroclor - 1254	67 J			24 J				350 J

NOTES: - all concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

## TABLE 7-1 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ORGANIC ANALYTES OUTFALLS

# MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

								DUPE-07		
	LOCATION	OUT-03B	OUT-03C	OUT-04	OUT-05	OUT-06	OUT-07	OUT-07	OUT-08	OUT-09
	DEPTH	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DATE COLLECTED	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/5/94	5/5/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
VOCs	methylene chloride	16 J	8 J						23	
	chloroform	_		5 J			2 J	1 J		
	trichloroethene									
	toluene								5 J	
SVOCs	phenol									
	2-methylnaphthalene	_		_				76 J		
	phenanthrene				99 J	77 J	37 J	37 J	34 J	270 J
	anthracene									37 J
	carbazole									99 J
	di-n-butylphthalate	-	90 J		62 J					
	fluoranthene	29 J	55 J	24 J	110 J	100 J			58 J	250 J
	pyrene	32 J	46 J	35 J	93 J	100 J	24 J		60 J	320 J
	benzo (a) anthracene				63 J					140 J
	chrysene				59 J					160 J
	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	37 J	150 J	110 J	200 J	170 J	36 J	27 J	43 J	170 J
	benzo (b) fluoranthene					78 J			55 J	440 J
	benzo (k) fluoranthene					45 J			26 J	
	TICs	4	6	9	7	8	17	19	9	16
Pest /	alpha-BHC								***	
PCBs	beta-BHC				1.5 J					
	delta-BHC	1.6 J			0.18 J		0.43 J			
	heptachlor		0.58 J							
	aldrin		0.81 J	0.72 J	0.88 <b>J</b>		0.45 J	0.71 J		0.44 J
	heptachlor epoxide							—		
	endosulfan I		1.7 J			0.78 J	0.65 J	0.80 <b>J</b>		
	dieldrin		12 J			0.58 J			3.4 J	18
	4,4' - DDE	5.2 J	3.0 J	3.3 J	2.0 J	1.6 J			1.4 J	34
	endrin								0.53 J	_
	endosulfan II		2.6 J	1.6 J	1.8 J		1.5 J	1.1 J	1.2 J	
	4,4' - DDD	5.5 J			<del></del>	1.4 J			0.49 J	3.3 J
	endosulfan sulfate		1.7 J	1.2 J	1.0 J	0.89 J	0.87 J		1.5 J	1.1 J
	4,4' - DDT	27 J	4.5 J	2.1 J	3.6 J				2.1 J	14 J
	methoxychlor								2.5 J	
	endrin ketone		1.8 J						****	
	endrin aldehyde	7.8 J								
	alpha - chlordane	61 J		1.3 J	1.2 J					8.7 J
	gamma - chlordane	54	7.4			0.34 J			1.2 J	8.2 J
	aroclor - 1254	2900	170 J	100 J	63 J				65 J	<del></del>

NOTES: - all concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

# TABLE 7-2ANALYTICAL DATASUMMARY OF DETECTED INORGANIC ANALYTESOUTFALL SEDIMENTMMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	OUT-01A	OUT-01B	OUT-01C	OUT-02A	OUT-02B	OUT-02C	2
	DEPTH	0	0	1	0	1	0	
	DATE COLLECTED	5/2/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	
`AL							·····	
	aluminum	8490	13700	11000	7700	4090	6690	
	arsenic	21.1 J	7.4 J	6.5 J	4.0	2.3	3.4	
	barium	27.3	47.7	49.7	33.9	19.8	19.1	
	beryllium	0.63	0.8	0.86	0.4			
	cadmium	1.7 J		1.8 J	3.2 J	1.7 J	<b></b> <sup>*</sup>	
	calcium	93700	22500	63000	2080	6070	1490	
	chromium	16.4	9.4	16.8	7.6	4.0	4.6	
	cobalt	6.6	6.2	6.7			5.4	
	copper	88.1	31.2	66.6	108	25.6	<b>17.1</b> / 6	
	iron	19700	12400	17000	10200	7360	<b>9670</b>	
	lead	146 J			20.1 J	19.4 J	8.2 J 3 /	
	magnesium	12900	3110	7470	1660	2960	1360	
	manganese	6 <b>3</b> 0	185	674	133	244	111	
	nickel	17.9 J	13.5 J	19.1 J	9.5	5.7	7.6	
	potassium		875	1340				
	sodium	R	R	153 J		182		
	vanadium	13.0	15.5	21	8.2	6.0	8.2	
	zinc	395	58.8	364	162	77.2	45.1 120	Ŕ
2	cyanide							

NOTES:

S

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.)

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL / TAL list.

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## TABLE 7-2 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED INORGANIC ANALYTES OUTFALL SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	·				·		
LOCATION	OUT-02D	OUT-03A	OUT-03B	OUT-03C	OUT-04	OUT-05	
DEPTH	0	0	1	0	0	0	
DATE	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	
COLLECTED		- 					
TAL							
aluminum	7150	4250	8370	3390	5770	3420	
arsenic	3.2	4.8 J	5.5 J	2.3 J	R	2.2 J ≷	3
barium	24.5	64.4	36.3	12.4	3.3		
beryllium	0.37	0.38	0.48	0.49	0.56	0.38	
cadmium	0.73 J	1.7 J	2.5 J	1.8 J		2.1 J →	1.4
calcium	5610	118000	9020	84200	142000	136000	
chromium	6.9	9.4	27.4	20.6	10.4	10.7 🥠	
cobalt	5.5	4.5	6.5				
copper	42.5	67.7	111	73.1	22.6	25.0	
iron	11200	17700	13700	10700	11500	10600	
lead	14.1 J	54.0 J	60.9 J	72.8 J		35.3 J	
magnesium	2020	8360	3540	7460	12000	10000	
manganese	142	525	<b>3</b> 61	472	273	407	
nickel	9.9	14.6 J	16.4 J	14.6 J	8.6	10.4 J	
potassium			846		603	625	
sodium		R	R	R	R	R	
vanadium	9.2	6.6	15.0	10.7	13.5	10.9	
zinc	120	120	153	112	70.3	315	
cyanide							

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL / TAL list.

## TABLE 7-2 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED INORGANIC ANALYTES OUTFALL SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

			DUPE-04		
LOCATION	OUT-06	OUT-07	OUT-07	OUT-08	OUT-09
DEPTH	0	0	0	0	0
DATE	4/29/94	5/5/94	5/5/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
COLLECTED					
TAL					
aluminum	2840	1400	1570	4470	9220
arsenic	1.1			6.0 <b>J</b>	<b>11.9 J</b> 6
barium	3.8			31.1	52.6
beryllium	0.3			0.46	0.72
cadmium		-		0.79 J	1.5 J
calcium	52400	171000	192000	110000	31400
chromium	17.0	4.5	0.94	11.7	<b>19.5</b>
cobalt					8.1
copper	21.0	8.2	8.5	32.3	27.8
iron	5870	5500	5880	18500	16400
lead	88.8	26.9	7.9 <b>J</b>	102 J	85.8 J
magnesium	6700	14700	16700	44200	6590
manganese	117	211	247	916	625
nickel	6.6	5.9	5.0	9.1 <b>J</b>	14.1
potassium					1120
sodium	363	191	162	R	R
vanadium	12.5	4.0	4.6	10.3	18.3
zinc	83.5	41.6	36.3	85.3	<b>67</b> 5
cyanide					3.7

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.
- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL / TAL list.
#### TA 37-3 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ORGANIC ANALYTES CATCH BASIN SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

								DUPE-01								
	LOCATION	CB-01	CB-03	CB-04	CB-05	CB-06	CB-07	CB-07	CB-08	CB-09	CB-11	CB-13	CB-15	CB-16	CB-18	CB-19
	DEPTH	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.167	0-1	0-0.33	0-0.80	<b>0</b> -0.05	0-0.167	0-0.167	0- <b>0</b> .05
	DATE COLLECTED	4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/27/94
VOCs	methylene chloride		4 J	4 J										4 J	5 J	6 J
	acetone		15					*	27			2000		18		
	1,1-dichloroethane											1400 J				
	1,1,1-trichloroethane											15000				
SVOCs	acenaphthene	••-													160 J	NA
	dibenzofuran														60 J	NA
	fluorene			98 J								*-*			130 J	NA
	phenanthrene			660			100 J		33 J	450			390 J		370 J	NA
	anthracene			210 J											250 J	NA
	di-n-butylphthalate	88 J	330 J	150 J				160 J	680				200 J	210 J	88 J	NA
	fluoranthene		200 J	600	80 J	79 J	96 J	39 J	110 J	660		45 J	380 J	210 J	600	NA
	pyrene		160 J	510	54 J	66 J	110 J	40 J	160 J	680		64 J	510 J	300 J	580	NA
	butylbenzylphthalate		230 J	240 J	300 J		410	550	4400			43 J	110 J	140 J	74 J	NA
	benzo (a) anthracene		+	290 J						500			280 J	390 J	350 J	NA
	chrysene			220 J						480			210 J	300 J	270 J	NA
	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	650 B	2200	1300	620 B		820 B		9500 J				1000	500		NA
	di-n-octyl phthalate		180 J										85 J			NA
	benzo (b) fluoranthene	40 J	230 J	740	970	110 J		~~~	140 J	410 J	25 J	34 J	540	650	1000	NA
	benzo (k) fluoranthene	49 J		300 J		89 J				330 J		50 J		430		NA

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

NA - sample was not analyzed for these analytes.

### TABLE 7-3 ANALTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ORGANIC ANALYTES CATCH BASIN SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

								DUPE-01								
	LOCATION	CB-01	CB-03	CB-04	CB-05	CB-06	CB-07	CB-07	CB-08	CB-09	CB-11	CB-13	CB-15	CB-16	CB-18	CB-19
	DEPTH	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.167	0-1	0-0.33	0-0.80	0-0.05	0-0.167	0- <b>0</b> .167	0-0.05
	DATE COLLECTED	4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/27/94
SVOCS	benzo (a) pyrene			210 J					100 J	430 J				400	340 J	NA
	indeno (1.2.3-cd) pyrene									230 J						NA
	dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	<b>.</b>			1400 J					140 J						NA
	benzo (a.h.i) pervlene	<b></b> -			970					300 J				490		NA
	TICs	8	9	9	13	10	14	5	11	5	9	13	12	10	3	NA
Pest/	aldrin			1.0 J	0.33 J							*=r.			1.5 J	NA
PCBs	endosulfan l				0.46 J											NA
	dieldrin				0.71 J					27	33				1.6 J	NA
	4,4'- DDE	2.6 J			1.0 J				2.4 J	9.4 J	78	2.3 J	2.0 J		2.2 J	NA
	endrin	0.29 J														NA
	endosulfan II	0.69 J		2.0 J	0.86 J							2.2 J	1.4 J		2.5 J	NA
	4.4' - DDD									1.9 J	4.3 J					NA
	endosulfan sulfate				0.62 J						1.5 J					NA
	4,4' - DDT	3.3 J			1.8 J					10 J	27 J	5.9 J	7.3 J			NA
	endrin aldehvde		***								2.2 J		3.9 J			NA
	alpha - chlordane	2.5 J	1.5 J							23	20					NA
	gamma - chlordane									20	13					NA
	aroclor - 1254	110 J	66 J						150 J				180 J		110 J	NA

NOTES:

- concentrationsreported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

NA - sample was not analyzed for these analytes.

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### TABLE 7-4 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED INORGANIC ANALYTES CATCH BASIN SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

							DUPE-01		
LOCATION	<b>CB-01</b>	CB-03	CB-04	CB-05	CB-06	CB-07	CB-07	CB-08	CB-09
DEPTH	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.05	0-0.167	0-1
DATE	4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94
COLLECTED							=		
TAL									
aluminum	3880 J	2140 J	2500 J	2110 J	2680 J	2050 J	3390 J	4680 J	12000 J
antimony				25.5 J					—
arsenic	2.1	2.6	3.8	2.6	2.1	1.8	2.4	14.4	3.4
barium	34.1		14.7		7.4	2.1	6.4	7.0	42.3
beryllium	0.39		0.34	0.26	0.33	0.34	0.35	0.4	0.58
cadmium	7.8	0.86	0.67			1.4	1.3	1.5	
calcium	129000 J	222000 J	133000 J	187000 J	126000 J	212000 J	162000 J	152000 J	16400 J
chromium	15.1 J	5.3 J	28.1 J	22.8 J	16.1 J	24.5 J	11.5 J	24.0 J	10.5 J
cobalt	4.2		4.6	4.8		4.4		4.7	
copper	43.1 R	220 J	38.1 R	145 R	23.7 R	1330 J	R	57.8 R	45. 3R
iron	10600 <b>J</b>	7830 J	8460 J	10800 <b>J</b>	7380 J	17000 J	13000 J	15000 J	6190 J
lead	79.0 J	40.1 J	182 J	58.2 J	47.8 J	457 J	80.8 J	85.9 J	97.2 J
magnesium	5910 J	19700 J	9740 J	17200 J	10800 J	18900 J	14100 J	12600 J	10400 J
manganese	333 J	313 J	398 J	768 J	479 J	284 J	724 J	571 J	309 J
nickel	16.5	13.1	10.7	12.3	11.1	115	15	18.9	14.2
silver	<1.8 R	<1.8 R	<1.4 R	<1.8 R	<1.9 R	<1.9 R	<1.9 R	<1.9 R	67.6 J
sodium	144	233	155						
vanadium	8.6	6.1	12.7	10.1	10.6	13.2	14.2	22.7	9.1
zinc	2150 J	98.2 J	82.9 J	64.8 R	53 R	198 J	115 J	263 J	142 J

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- samples were analyzed for the complete TAL list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

R - data was rejected during data validation.

NA - sample was not analyzed for these analytes.

### TABLE 7-4 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED INORGANICS ANALYTES CATCH BASIN SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	CB-11	CB-13	CB-15	CB-16	CB-18	CB-19
	DEPTH	0-0.33	0-0.80	0-0.05	0-0.167	0-0.167	0-0.05
	DATE	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/27/94
	COLLECTED						
TAL							
	aluminum	5770 J	2040 J	1780 J	4520 J	1570 J	NA
	antimony	_					NA
	arsenic	3.0	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.9	NA
	barium	39.2	1.6	4.9	19.4		NA
	beryllium	0.38	0.38	0.33	0.39	0.29	NA
	cadmium			0.65	0.71	1.3	NA
	calcium	16800 J	150000 J	119000 J	108000 J	121000 J	NA
	chromium	12.7 J	2.7 J	19.4 J	13.8 J	16.1 J	NA
	cobalt						NA
	copper	30 R	21.5R	197 J	35.6 R	58.7R	NA
	iron	6500 J	6200 J	7430 J	10400 J	6300 J	NA
	lead	90.6 J	14.6 J	96.6 J	49.6 J	90.6 J	NA
	magnesium	4790 J	13200 J	10100 J	10600 J	11600 J	NA
	manganese	584 J	497 J	340 J	737 J	376 J	NA
	nickel	6.2	7.9	9.3	11.4	9.5	NA
	silver	<2.1 R	<1.8 R	<1.9 R	<1.8 R	<2 R	NA
	sodium		177				NA
	vanadium	8.9	7.5	10.1	15.0	10.6	NA
	zinc	83.0 J	92.9 J	483 J	127 J	246 J	NA

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.
- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.
- samples were analyzed for the complete TAL list.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.
- R data was rejected during data validation.

NA - sample was not analyzed for these analytes.

sediment. Each sediment sample was analyzed for the full TCL/TAL parameter suite with the exception of the sample collected from catch basin CB-19 which was analyzed for TCL VOCs only. Analytical data for the catch basin sediment samples is summarized in Tables 7-3 and 7-4 (TCL and TAL data, respectively). Methylene chloride, acetone, 1,1dichloroethane, and 1,1,1-trichloroethane were the volatile organic analytes that were detected in the sediment samples from the catch basins. There were no VOCs detected in the sediment samples obtained from catch basins CB-01, CB-05, CB-06, CB-07, CB-09, CB-11, and CB-15. Semivolatile organic analytes were detected in every sediment sample collected from the catch basins. There were nineteen different SVOCs identified within the catch basin sediment samples. Twelve pesticide compounds were detected at catch basins CB-01, CB-03, CB-04, CB-05, CB-08, CB-09, CB-11, CB-13, CB-15, and CB-18. The PCB, Aroclor-1254 was present in the sediment samples obtained from catch basins CB-01, CB-03, CB-08, CB-15, and CB-18. The concentration of Aroclor-1254 ranged from 66 ug/Kg (ppb) at catch basin CB-03 to 180 ug/Kg (ppb) at CB-15.

### 7.1.3 Wetlands

Twenty-four soil samples were collected from twelve locations in the wetlands to the north of the facility during October 1993 as a part of the Accelerated RI/FS tasks. Samples were obtained from zero to one foot and from one to two feet below ground at each of the twelve sample locations. These samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs (data is summarized in Table 7-5). Acetone, 1,1-dichloroethane, 2-butanone, trichloroethene, benzene, trichlorofluoromethane, methyl-tertiary-butyl ether, and hexane were detected in samples from the wetlands. Acetone was detected in eight samples and ranged from a concentration of 10 ug/Kg (SS-1 from 0 to 1 foot) to 530 ug/Kg (SS-8 from 1 to 2 feet). 1,1dichloroethane was present in sample SS-1 collected from 0 to 1 foot (4 ug/Kg) and SS-9 collected from 1 to 2 feet (10 ug/Kg). Seven samples had detectable quantities of 2-butanone which ranged from 7 ug/Kg (SS-4, 1 to 2 feet) to 230 ug/Kg (SS-8, 1 to 2 feet). Trichloroethene concentrations ranged from 3 ug/Kg (SS-3, 0 to 1 foot) to 30 ug/Kg (SS-12, 0 to 1 foot) and was detected in four samples. The sample collected from one to two feet at location SS-10 was the only sample with a detectable concentration of benzene (66 ug/Kg).

## TABLE 7-5 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES WETLAND SEDIMENT SAMPLES MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	SS-1	<u>SS-1</u>	<b>SS-2</b>	SS-2	SS-3	SS-3	SS-4	SS-4
	DEPTH	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2
	DATE COLLECTED	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93
VOCs									
	acetone	10 <b>J</b>							
	1,1-dichloroethane	4J							
	2-butanone						10J		7J
	trichloroethene				7J	3J			
	benzene								
	trichlorofluoromethane								
	methyl-t-butyl ether								
	hexane								

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

# TABLE 7-5 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES WETLAND SEDIMENT SAMPLES MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

<u>9-89</u>						DUP-1			-
	LOCATION	SS-5	SS-5	SS-6	SS-6	SS-6	SS-7	SS-7	SS-8
	DEPTH	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1
	DATE COLLECTED	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/26/93
VOCs									
	acetone								490 J
	1,1-dichloroethane								
	2-butanone								150 J
	trichloroethene			27J					
	benzene								
	trichlorofluoromethane					15 J		18J	
	methyl-t-butyl ether								
	hexane		+						

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

# TABLE 7-5 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES WETLAND SEDIMENT SAMPLES MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	SS-8	SS-9	SS-9	SS-10	SS-10	SS-11	SS-11	SS-12	SS-12
	DEPTH	1- <b>2</b>	0-1	1-2	0-1	1- <b>2</b>	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2
	DATE COLLECTED	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/26/93	10/26/93
VOCs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
	acetone	530 J	150 J	84 J	24 J				62 J	150 J
	1,1-dichloroethane			10 J						
	2-butanone	230 J		33 J					42 J	34 J
	trichloroethene								30 J	
	benzene					66 J				
	trichlorofluoromethane				<b></b>	-				
	methyl-t-butyl ether				170 J	360 J				
	hexane					26 J				12 J

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

Trichlorofluoromethane was detected in sample SS-7 collected from 1 to 2 feet (18 ug/Kg) and in the duplicate sample (DUP-1) of SS-6 from 1 to 2 feet (15 ug/Kg).

Both the 0 to 1 foot and the 1 to 2 foot samples collected from sediment sample location SS-10 had detectable concentrations of methyl-tertiary-butylether (170 ug/Kg and 360 ug/Kg, respectively). No other samples had methyltertiary-butyl-ether present. Hexane concentrations ranged from 12 ug/Kg (SS-12, 1 to 2 feet) to 26 ug/Kg (SS-10, 1 to 2 feet).

#### 7.2 SOIL

#### 7.2.1 Area 1 - Debris Pile North of FRP-2

Three soil borings were completed in Area 1 and one soil sample from each boring was submitted for analysis. Each of these soil samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, and TCL Pesticides and PCBs. Table 7-6 presents a summary of the detected analytes for these soil samples.

Acetone, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (total) were detected in at least one of the soil samples collected from this area. The soil sample collected from 0 to 3 feet at boring B-121 did not have any detectable concentrations of VOCs. Acetone, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (total) were each detected in the soil sample collected from 8 to 10 feet at boring B-113. Acetone (68 ug/Kg) was the only VOC detected in the soil sample collected from 8 to 10 feet from boring B-111.

Semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the soil sample obtained from 0 to 3 feet at boring B-121. Fluoranthene, pyrene, chysene, benzo (b)

# TABLE 7-6 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-1, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	BORING	B-111	B-113	B-121	MAAT
	DEPTH (ft)	8-10	8-10	0-3	4046
	DATE COLLECTED	4/25/94	4/25/94	4/25/94	Objective
VOCs					
	acetone	68	120		2 ma
	benzene	_	31		6 0
	toluene		6 J		1,500
	ethylbenzene		42		5. 2 3.9
	xylenes (total)		41		1.200
SVOC					_
	fluoranthene			96 J	ways we a
	рутепе			72 J	
	chrysene			41 J	
	benzo (b) fluoranthene			42 J	1. 1. L
	benzo (k) fluoranthene			41 J	· · ·
	benzo (g,h,i) perylene			65 J	1
	TICs	11	9	9	_
Pest / PCBs					-
	4,4' - DDE	81 J	200	11 J	
	4,4' - DDD	1 <b>3</b> 0 J	<b>29</b> 0	12 J	رمود
	4,4' - DDT	24 J	94 J	3.0 J	6 C. 1

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only analytes that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

fluoranthene, benzo (k) fluoranthene, and benzo (g,h,i) perylene were identified at boring B-121. There were no identified SVOCs detected in the soil samples from 8 to 10 feet at both B-11 and B-113.

Pesticides were detected in each of the soil samples from borings B-111, B-113, and B-121. The concentration of 4,4'-DDE ranged from 11 ug/Kg at B-121 (0 to 3 feet) to 200 ug/Kg at B-113 (8 to 10 feet). The concentration of 4,4'-DDD ranged from 12 ug/Kg at B-121 (0 to 3 feet) to 290 ug/Kg at B-113 (8 to 10 feet). The concentration of 4,4'-DDT ranged from 3.0 ug/Kg at B-121 (0 to 3 feet) to 94 ug/Kg at B-113 (8 to 10 feet).

### 7.2.2 Area 2

Soil samples were collected from borings B-115, B-126, B-127 and B-128 that were completed within Area 2. Boring B-115 was analyzed for the full TCL/TAL parameter suite while the others were analyzed for TPH. A summary of the detected analytes from these soil samples is presented in Table 7-7.

Acetone and toluene were present in B-115 (2 to 3 feet) at a concentration of 90 ug/Kg and 7 ug/Kg respectively. The soil sample collected from 5 to 6 feet at boring B-115 contained 6 ug/Kg of 1,1-dichloroethane and 2 ug/Kg of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Chloroform was identified in both samples obtained from boring B-115.

There were no identifiable SVOCs detected in either soil sample collected from boring B-115. There were twelve tentatively identified compounds in the soil sample from 2 to 3 feet and eight in the sample from 5 to 6 feet.

### TABLE 7-7 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-2, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

						DUPE-03	
	BORING	B-115	B-115	B-126	<b>B-127</b>	B-127	B-128
	DEPTH (ft)	2-3	5-6	3-5	2-4	2-4	1-3
	DATE COLLECTED	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94
VOCs (ug/Kg)							
	acetone	90		NS	NS	NS	NS
	1,1-dichloroethane	-	6 J	NS	NS	NS	NS
	chloroform	3 J	2 J	NS	NS	NS	NS
	1,1,1-trichloroethane		2 J	NS	NS	NS	NS
	toluene	7 J		NS	NS	NS	NS
SVOCs (ug/Kg)							
	TICs	12	8	NS	NS	NS	NS
Pest / PCBs (ug/Kg)							
	dieldrin	0.12 J		NS	NS	NS	NS
	4,4' - DDE	2.1 J		NS	NS	NS	NS
	4,4' - DDD	0.38 J		NS	NS	NS	NS
	4,4' - DDT	1.1 J		NS	NS	NS	NS
	gamma - chlordane	0.10 <b>J</b>		NS	NS	NS	NS
	aroclor - 1254	10 <b>J</b>		NS	NS	NS	NS
TAL (mg/Kg)							
	aluminum	4530	3260	NS	NS	NS	NS
	arsenic	1.8	1.1	NS	NS	NS	NS
	barium	25.1	9.3	NS	NS	NS	NS
	beryllium	0.37		NS	NS	NS	NS
	calcium	2450	44200	NS	NS	NS	NS
	chromium	6.8	2.5	NS	NS	NS	NS
	cobalt	5.7		NS	NS	NS	NS
	copper	5.8	9.3	NS	NS	NS	NS
	iron	10100	7510	NS	NS	NS	NS
	lead	11.6	3.6 J	NS	NS	NS	NS
	magnesium	1340	13600	NS	NS	NS	NS
	manganese	177	301	NS	NS	NS	NS
	nickel	8.1	7.6	NS	NS	NS	NS
	sodium	216	180	NS	NS	NS	NS
	vanadium	9.7	3.8	NS	NS	NS	NS
	zinc	24.2	27.4	NS	NS	NS	NS
TPH (mg/Kg)	ТРН	NS	NS	2040	220	989	30

NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.
- NS indicates that this sample was not analyzed for this analyte.

Pesticides that were identified in the soil sample from 2 to 3 feet included dieldrin, 4,4'-DDE. 4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDT, and gamma-chlordane. The PCB, Aroclor-1254 was also identified in this sample at a concentration of 10 ug/Kg (ppb). TPH was detected in B-126, B-127 and B-128 at concentrations between 30 and 2040 mg/Kg.

### 7.2.3 Area 3

Soil samples were collected from 0 to 1 foot in two soil borings completed in Area 3. Each soil sample was analyzed for TCL SVOCs, TCL Pesticides and PCBs, and TAL Metals. Detected analytes from these samples are summarized in Table 7-8. The only SVOC that was detected was bis (2ethylhexyl) phthalate in the soil sample from boring B-123 at a concentration of 110 ug/Kg. There were no pesticide or PCB compounds identified in either soil sample from this area. TAL metals were identified in each of the borings that were completed in this area.

### 7.2.4 Area 4

Two soil borings (B-124 and B-125) were drilled in Area 4 during the 1994 RI. Soil samples were collected from 3 to 5 feet and from 7 to 9 feet at each of the borings. Each soil sample was analyzed for the complete TCL suite of parameters. A summary table of detected analytes is presented in Table 7-9.

VOCs were not detected in any of the soil samples that were collected from the soil borings in this area.

# TABLE 7-8 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA 3, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	BORING	B-122	B-123
	DEPTH (ft)	0-1	0-1
	DATE COLLECTED	10/28/93	10/28/93
SVOCs (ug/Kg)			
	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate		110 J
	TICs	1	2
Pest/PCBs (ug/Kg)			<u> </u>
	None Detected		
TAL (mg/Kg)			
	aluminum	2840	3100
	barium	22.1	22.4
	beryllium	0.18	0.2
	calcium	50400	69100
	chromium	4.1	4.7
	cobalt	4.2	5.3
	copper	18.0	23.3
	iron	7080	8210
	lead	1.6 J	1.6 J
	magnesium	13200	15300
	manganese	287	349
	nickel	8.1	9.2
	potassium	489	395
	sodium	188	191
	vanadium	2.1	2.1
	zinc	: 17.7	17.5

NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for TCL SVOCs, TCL Pest / PCBs and TAL metals.

# TABLE 7-9 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-4, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	BORING	B-124	B-124	B-125	B-125
	DEPTH (ft)	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9
	DATE COLLECTED	4/25/94	4/25/94	4/26/94	4/26/94
VOCs					
	None Detected				
SVOC					
	pyrene	24 J			
	TICs	10	7	8	2
Pest / PCBs					
	alpha-BHC	0.045 J	0.042 J	0.13 J	
	beta-BHC	0. <b>34 J</b>			
	heptachlor			0.10 J	
	aldrin			0.16 J	
	4,4' - DDE	0.095 J		0.17 J	
	endrin	0.074 J	0.072 J	0.074 J	

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only analytes that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

Pyrene was the only SVOC that was detected in this area. The soil sample obtained from 3 to 5 feet at boring B-124 contained pyrene at a concentration of 24 ug/Kg. Pyrene was not detected in any of the other soil samples. Tentatively identified compounds (TIC) were detected in each of the soil samples.

There were no pesticides detected in the soil sample collected from 7 to 9 feet at boring B-125. Alpha-BHC was detected in each of the other soil samples at concentrations ranging from 0.042 ug/Kg to 0.13 ug/Kg. Beta-BHC was detected only in the soil sample collected from 3 to 5 feet from boring B-124 (0.34 ug/Kg). The soil sample from 3 to 5 feet at boring B-125 contained detectable quantities of Heptachlor (0.10 ug/Kg) and Aldrin (0.16 ug/Kg). These compounds were not detected in the other soil samples collected from this area. The soil samples from 3 to 5 feet at borings B-124 and B-125 were reported to contain 4,4'-DDE at concentrations of 0.095 ug/Kg and 0.17 ug/Kg, respectively. Endrin was detected in the 3 to 5 foot (0.074 ug/Kg) and 7 to 9 foot (0.072 ug/Kg) soil samples from boring B-124 and in the 3 to 5 foot (0.074 ug/Kg) sample from boring B-125. PCB compounds were not detected in any of the soil samples that were collected from this area.

### 7.2.5 Area 5

One soil boring was drilled in Area 5 and one soil sample from this boring was submitted for analysis. The soil sample collected from 2 to 4 feet at boring B-120 was analyzed for TCL organics and TAL metals. Table 7-10 presents a summary of the detected analytes in this sample.

VOCs were not detected in boring B-120; however, VOCs were detected in this area at high concentrations during previous investigations. See the 1992 Environmental Investigation Report for a summary.

## TABLE 7-10 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-5, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	POPING	B.120
	DEPTU (#)	2.4
		4/26/94
VOCe (ug/Kg)	None Detected	4/20/74
SVOCe (ug/Kg)		
SVOCS (ug/kg)	a constation of the sec	40 T
	acenaphtnene	47 J 21 J
	nuorene	51 J
	pnenantnrene	370 05 I
	Cardazole	730
	Iluorantnene	/30
	pyrene	370 220 I
	Denzo (a) anthracene	320 J
	chrysene	320 J
	benzo (b) fluoranthene	260 J
	benzo (k) fluoranthene	3/U J
	benzo (a) pyrene	300 J
	indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	170 J
	dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	78 J
	benzo (g,h,i) perylene	190 J
	TICs	3
Pest / PCBs (ug/Kg)		
	4,4' - DDE	0.41 J
	4,4' - DDT	0.36 J
TAL (mg/Kg)		
	aluminum	8120 J
	arsenic	1.8
	barium	25.5
	beryllium	0.41
	calcium	16000 <b>J</b>
	chromium	4.6 J
	cobalt	6.0
	iron	11200 J
	lead	5.4 J
	magnesium	3540 J
	manganese	324 J
	nickel	11.3
	selenium	0.57 J
	vanadium	7.7

NOTES:

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL / TAL list.

Semivolatile organic compounds that were detected included acenaphthene (49 ug/Kg), fluorene (31 ug/Kg), phenanthrene (570 ug/Kg), carbazole (95 ug/Kg), fluoranthene (730 ug/Kg), pyrene (570 ug/Kg), benzo (a) anthracene (320 ug/Kg), chyrsene (320 ug/Kg), benzo (b) fluoranthene (260 ug/Kg), benzo (k) fluoranthene (370 ug/Kg), benzo (a) pyrene (300 ug/Kg), indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene (170 ug/Kg), dibenzo (a,h) anthracene (78 ug/Kg), and bezo (g,h,i) perylene (190 ug/Kg). There were three tentatively identified compounds in the soil sample. Pesticides that were identified in the soil sample from boring B-120 were 4,4'-DDE at a concentration of 0.41 ug/Kg and 4,4'-DDT at a concentration of 0.36 ug/Kg. PCBs were not detected in this soil sample.

Several metals were identified in the soil sample collected from boring B-120 as shown in Table 7-10. Cyanide was not analyzed in boring B-120; however, it was detected in a sample collected during the drywell closure at 2.5 ppm.

#### .6 🛥 🛛 Area 7

Eight soil samples were collected from four soil borings drilled in Area 7. Stained soil and elevated PID readings were observed in the soil at a depth roughly equivalent to the elevation of the water table during the RI and the 1992 investigation. Soil samples were collected from the 4 to 6 foot and 8 to 10 foot interval at boring B-116. Soil samples were collected from the 2 to 4 foot and 6 to 8 foot intervals at boring B-117. Soil from 3 to 5 feet and from 7 to 9 feet were obtained at borings B-118 and B-119. These eight soil samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs. VOCs detected in these soil samples are summarized in Table 7-11. Methylene chloride was detected in four soil samples from this area. Concentrations ranged from 4 ug/Kg (both samples from B-119) to 10 ug/Kg (3 to 5 foot sample from B-118). Acetone was identified in the 3 to 5 foot sample that was collected from boring B-119 (15 ug/Kg). One soil sample (B-116, 4 to 6 feet) was found to have a concentration of 2 ug/Kg of chloroform.

# **TABLE 7-11** ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-7, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	BORING	B-116	B-116	B-117	B-117	B-118	B-118	B-119	B-119
	DEPTH (ft)	4-6	8-10	2-4	6-8	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9
	DATE COLLECTED	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/27/94
VOCs (ug/Kg)									
	methylene chloride					10 J	5 J	4 J	4 J
	acetone			-				15	
	chloroform	2 J							
	tetrachloroethene					3 J		3 J	
	trichlorofluoromethane				17			1 J	12 J

NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above. JVE.

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- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

Tetrachloroethene was detected in the 3 to 5 foot samples from both boring B-118 and B-119 at a concentration of 3 ug/Kg. Trichlorofluoromethane was identified in three soil samples. The concentration ranged from 1 ug/Kg (B-119, 3 to 5 feet) to 17 ug/Kg (B117, 6 to 8 feet).

#### 7.2.7 Area 9 - Removed UST T-50

Soil samples were collected from 3 to 5 feet and from 5 to 7 feet in soil borings B-101 and B-102 in Area 9. Samples were analyzed for the full suite of TCL parameters. A summary of the detected analytes is presented in Table 7-12.

VOCs were not detected in the soil samples from Area 9.

Identifiable SVOCs were not detected in any of the four samples that were collected from borings B-101 and B-102. However, there were six TICs detected in the soil sample obtained from 3 to 5 feet and two TICs in the sample from 5 to 7 feet in this boring. TICs that were detected in the samples from boring B-102 included five in the 3 to 5 foot sample and nine in the 5 to 7 foot sample.

Pesticide compounds were not detected in either soil sample from boring B-101. Alpha-BHC, aldrin, 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDD, endosulfan sulfate, and 4,4'-DDT were identified in one or both of the soil samples from boring B-102. PCB compounds were not detected in any of the four soil samples that were collected in this area.

# TABLE 7-12 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-9, SOIL MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	BORING	<b>B-</b> 101	<b>B-</b> 101	<b>B-102</b>	<b>B-102</b>
	DEPTH (ft)	3-5	5-7	3-5	5-7
	DATE COLLECTED	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94
VOCs (ug/Kg)					
	None Detected				
SVOCs (ug/Kg)					
	TICs	6	2	5	9
Pest / PCBs (ug/Kg)					
	alpha-BHC			0.24 J	0.11 J
	aldrin			0.14 J	
	4,4' - DDE			0.76 J	1.5 J
	4,4' - DDD				0.25 J
	endosulfan sulfate			0.31 J	0.43 J
	4,4' - DDT			0.62 J	

NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

Two soil samples were collected from each of six soil borings (B-103, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-112, and MW-26D) that were drilled in Area 10. One sample was obtained from 3 to 5 feet in each boring. The second soil sample in each boring was collected from the split spoon sample immediately above the water table. In borings B-103, B-108, and B-110 the 7 to 9 foot soil sample was identified as the two foot interval directly above the water table. The 9 to 11 foot sample interval was selected in borings B-109 and B-112. In soil boring MW-26D, the two foot interval above the water table was the 11 to 13 foot sample. Each of these soil samples was submitted for analysis of the full suite of TCL/TAL parameters. A summary table of detected analytes is presented in Table 7-13.

Methylene chloride was identified in both samples collected from boring B-112; however, it was not detected in any other soil sample from this area. Acetone was detected in the 3 to 5 foot sample from boring B-108 (42 ug/Kg) and in the 3 to 5 foot and 11 to 13 foot soil samples from boring MW-26D (53 ug/Kg and 41 ug/Kg, respectively). Soil from the 3 to 5 foot interval in boring B-103 and from the 7 to 9 foot interval in both boring B-103 and B-108 had concentrations of 1,1-dichloroethene. 1,1-dichloroethene was identified in five soil samples and ranged from a concentration of 2 ug/Kg in the 3 to 5 foot interval at boring B-108 to 660 ug/Kg in the 7 to 9 foot interval at boring B-108. Chloroform was detected at a concentration of 1 ug/Kg in the 7 to 9 foot soil sample from boring B-110 and the 3 to 5 foot interval from boring MW-26D. Chloroform was also detected at boring B-108 in the 3 to 5 foot sample (0.8 ug/Kg) and in the 11 to 13 foot interval of boring MW-26D (3 ug/Kg). Three soil samples had detectable quantities of 1,1,1-trichloroethane at concentrations ranging from 9 ug/Kg (MW-26D, 3 to 5 feet) to 530 ug/Kg (B-103, 7 to 9 feet). Ethylene benzene and xylenes (total) were detected

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### TABLE 7-13 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-10, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

<u>م م الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم </u>										DUPE-02					TA
	BORING	B-103	B-103	B-108	B-108	B-109	B-109	B-110	B-110	B-110	B-112	B-112	MW-26D	MW-26D	Mapp.
	DEPTH (ft)	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	7-9	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	11-13	$O_{\mathcal{L}}$ .
	DATE COLLECTED	5/2/94	5/2 <b>/94</b>	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	5/3/94	5/3/94	- ~~~~
VOCs															
	methylene chloride										6 J	7 J			
	acetone			42									53	41	
	1,1-dichloroethene	7 J	36		40 J										400
	1,1-dichloroethane	(190)	(340 J)	2 J (	660					4 J					2 (25.2
	chloroform			0.8 J		Ser			1 J				1 J	3 J	$\tau \rightarrow \gamma$
	1.1.1-trichloroethane	48	530 J										9 J		さつつ
	ethvlbenzene						·							93	
	xylenes (total)													390	1200
SVOCs	····· ································														
	phenol				840 J										$\mathcal{F}$
	fluoranthene	<b></b>						20 J							
	pyrene		·					20 J							
	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate			47 J	37 J							•••	160 J	48 J	
	TICs	2	3	9	18	6	3	12	11	8	6	6	13	13	_

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.
- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.
- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL / TAL list.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.
- R data for sample was rejected during data validation.

### TABLE 7-13 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-10, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

										DUPE-02					
	BORING	B-103	B-103	B-108	B-108	B-109	B-109	B-110	B-110	B-110	B-112	B-112	MW-26D	MW-26D	
	DEPTH (ft)	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	7-9	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	11-13	
	DATE COLLECTED	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	5/3 <b>/94</b>	5/3/94	
Pest / PCBs															
	delta-BHC			0.23 J	0.13 J				0.57 J	0.18 J					
	dieldrin					0.053 J				0.094 J					_
	4,4' - DDE		12 J	170		8.0 J		7.8 J	140 J	21 J	18		4.1 J		
	4,4' - DDD		16	210		4.5 J		7.9 J	120 J				4.9 J	0.0 <del>96</del> J	
	4,4' - DDT			11 J	0.066 J	0.57 J			30 J	2.8 J					
	alpha - chlordane			0.31 J						0.083 J					-
TAL															
	aluminum	9690	7170	9980	3110	7270	<b>79</b> 10	3610	9610	10600	7110 J	3740 J	6990	3040	
0	arsenic	3.7 J	5.3 J	2.5	1.6	4.0 J	4.9 J		2.7	2.4	2.3	2.8	4.1 J	25.0 J	
No.	barium	24.5	32.3	39.7	11.6	29.0	29.8	3.4	52.0	77.4	21.6	15.2	21.5	7.9	
5	beryllium	0.57	0.57	0.51	0.27	0.54	0.74		0.53	0.69	0.45	0.33	0.54	0.57	
• ~	cadmium							0.64 J							
	calcium	1590	27500	9020	25900	24900	43500	114000	14200	2420	37800 J	83300 J	20800	45700	
	chromium	7.3	5.5	6.6	2.4	6.9	9.4	3.1	9.2	8.1	8.0 J	4.2 J	5.3	3.0	

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL / TAL list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

R - data for sample was rejected during data validation.

### TABLE 7-13 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-10, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

<u> </u>										DUPE-02				
	BORING	B-103	B-103	B-108	B-108	B-109	B-109	B-110	B-110	B-110	B-112	B-112	MW-26D	MW-26D
	DEPTH (ft)	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	7-9	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	11-13
	DATE COLLECTED	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	5/3 <b>/94</b>	5/3/94
TAL	cobalt	6.3	5.9	7.9		6.2	6.4	5.4	9.3	10.4	7.0	4.5	6.1	
	copper	21.3	28.1	17.2	9.4	20.7	17.0	10.1	36.5	5.8	R	R	15.0	6.9
	iron	11600	10800	14500	7770	12900	16000	7970	14200	21600	12900 J	7660 J	12200	9180
	lead			8.0	6.0 J			4.2	11.2 J	13.5 J	24.3 J	5.0 J		
	magnesium	2110	6440	4740	<b>796</b> 0	9870	14500	6510	3290	2290	8710 J	20300 J	8660	14000
	manganese	197	513	<b>459</b>	445	407	468	262	618	447	365 J	446 J	395	298
	nickel	9.2 J	11.2 J	13.8	8.4	13.0 J	14.2 J	9.4	12.3	13.9	13.8	8.9	14.1 J	8.6 J
	potassium					754	1570	540				572	1050	
	selenium								0.63 J					
	sodium	R	R	251	165	R	R	249	287				R	R
	thallium	1.5 J												
	vanadium	10.9	8.2	9.7	4.4	7.8	14.0	8.4	11.9	18.4	16.5	6.1	8.9	<b>6</b> .0
	zinc	25.4	24.6	36.1	22.3	26.7	30.2	23.1	34.9	27.9	R	R	26.1	20.8

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL / TAL list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

R - data for sample was rejected during data validation.

in the 11 to 13 foot soil sample that was collected at boring MW-26D (93 ug/Kg and 390 ug/Kg, respectively).

Phenol, fluoranthene, pyrene, and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate were the only SVOCs that were identified in samples from Area 10. The sample collected from the 7 to 9 foot interval of boring B-108 was the only sample in which phenol was detected (840 ug/Kg). Fluoranthene and pyrene were both identified at a concentration of 20 ug/Kg in the 3 to 5 foot soil sample from boring B-110 and were not detected in any other sample. Four samples had detectable quantities of bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (3 to 5 feet and 7 to 9 feet in boring B-108 and 3 to 5 feet and 11 to 13 feet in boring MW-26D).

Pesticide compounds that were detected in the soil samples collected from Area 10 included delta-BHC, dieldrin, 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDT and alpha-chlordane. Delta-BHC was detected in both the 3 to 5 foot sample and the 7 to 9 foot sample from boring B-108 (0.23 ug/Kg and 0.13 ug/Kg, respectively) and in the 7 to 9 foot sample from boring B-110 (0.57 ug/Kg). Dieldrin was identified at a concentration of 0.053 ug/Kg in the 3 to 5 foot sample from B-109 and in a duplicate sample (DUPE-02) at a concentration of 0.094 ug/Kg, although dieldrin was not identified in the duplicates corresponding sample (B-110, 7 to 9 feet). Seven soil samples had detectable quantities of 4,4'-DDE which ranged from 4.1 ug/Kg in the sample from the 3 to 5 foot interval of boring MW-26D to 170 ug/Kg in the sample from the 3 to 5 foot interval of boring B-108. Seven soil samples also had detectable quantities of 4,4'-DDD which ranged from 0.096 ug/Kg in the sample from the 11 to 13 foot interval of boring MW-26D to 210 ug/Kg in the sample from the 3 to 5 foot interval of boring B-108. The concentration of 4,4'-DDT ranged from 0.066 ug/Kg in the 7 to 9 foot sample from boring B-108 to 30 ug/Kg in the 7 to 9 foot sample from boring B-110 and was identified in four soil samples. Alpha-chlordane was

identified at a concentration of 0.31 ug/Kg in the 3 to 5 foot sample from B-108 and in a duplicate sample (DUPE-02) at a concentration of 0.083 ug/Kg, although alpha-chlordane was not identified in the duplicates' corresponding sample (B-110, 7 to 9 feet).

Several TAL metal analytes were identified in each of the soil samples that were collected from Area 10. Cyanide was not detected in any of these samples.

### 7.2.9 Area 11 - Radar Test Area

Five soil borings were drilled in Area 11 as part of the 1994 RI and two soil samples were collected from each boring. A soil sample was collected from 3 to 5 feet and 7 to 9 feet at boring B-114. The 3 to 5 foot and 9 to 11 foot intervals from both B-129 and B-130 were collected for analysis. Samples at boring B-131 were obtained from 3 to 5 feet and 7 to 9 feet. Samples from the 3 to 5 foot and 5 to 7 foot intervals in boring B-132 were collected for analysis. Each of these ten soil samples was submitted for TCL VOCs analysis. A summary of the detected compounds is presented in Table 7-14.

VOCs were detected in only two of the ten soil samples from Area 11. The soil sample obtained from the 7 to 9 foot interval at boring B-114 contained acetone at a concentration of 65 ug/Kg and 1,2-dichloroethene at a concentration of 8 ug/Kg. Soil boring B-129 contained methylene chloride at 14 ug/Kg and acetone at 15 ug/Kg in the 9 to 11 foot interval. No additional VOCs were identified in this area.

### TABLE 7-14 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-11, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

<u></u>		<u> </u>			DUPE- 06			DUPE- 05					
	BORING	B-114	B-114	B-129	B-129	B-129	B-130	B-130	B-130	B-131	B-131	B-132	B-132
	DEPTH (ft)	5-7	7-9	3-5	3-5	9-11	3-5	3-5	9-11	3-5	7-9	3-5	5-7
	DATE COLLECTED	5/4/94	5/4/94	5/5/94	5/5 <b>/94</b>	5/5 <b>/94</b>	5/4/94	5/4/94	5/4/94	5/ <b>4/9</b> 4	5/4/94	5/5 <b>/94</b>	5/5/94
VOCs													
	methylene chloride					14							
	acetone		65			15							
	1,2-dichloroethene		8 J										

NOTES: - concentrations reported in ug/Kg.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- all samples shown were analyzed for complete TCL VOC list.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

Four soil samples were collected from two soil borings completed in Area 12 during the accelerated RI tasks. Samples were collected from the 2 to 3 foot interval and the 5 to 6 foot interval in soil borings B-106 and B-107. These soil samples were analyzed for TAL metals. The analytical results are summarized in Table 7-15

#### 7.2.11 Area 16 - Removed Gasoline UST Near the Garage

Two soil borings were drilled in Area 16 during the 1994 RI. Soil samples were collected from 5 to 7 feet and 7 to 9 feet in borings B-104 and B-105. These four soil samples were analyzed for TCL SVOCs and lead. A summary table of analytical results is presented in Table 7-16.

Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate was the only SVOC that was detected in the samples from this area (B104 5 to 7 feet; 3 ug/Kg).

Lead was detected in each of the samples from this area. Lead concentrations ranged from 3.0 mg/Kg (B-104, 7 to 9 feet) to 7.0 mg/Kg (B-105, 5 to 7 feet).

#### 7.2.12 Storm Sewer Soil Borings

Four soil borings (B-133, B-134, B-135, and B-136) were drilled adjacent to storm sewer lines at the site. Two soil samples were collected from each of these soil borings. The 1 to 3 foot interval from each boring was collected for laboratory analysis. The 5 to 7 foot interval at boring B-133 and the 7 to 9 foot interval at borings B-134, B-135, and B-136 were also collected for laboratory analysis. Each sample was analyzed for the full

# TABLE 7-15 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-12, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	BORING	B-106	B-106	<b>B-107</b>	B-107
	DEPTH (ft)	2-3	5-6	2-3	5-6
	DATE	11/1/93	11/1/93	10/28/93	10/28/93
	COLLECTED				
TAL (mg/Kg)					
	aluminum	8140	6900	4940	6490
	arsenic	4.3 J	1.2 J	2.3 J	3.5 J
	barium	32.8	23.5	40.3	24.9
	beryllium	0.45	0.27	0.28	0.43
	calcium	1180	1170	21500	1590
	chromium	9.2	R	7.4	7.5
	cobalt	7.3	<b>6</b> .9	6.0	6.5
	copper	11.5	6.8	16.8	13
	iron	12600	10400	12100	11700
	lead	2.3 J	1.3 J	1.9 J	1.9 J
	magnesium	2140	<b>197</b> 0	4580	1940
	manganese	373	293	550	567
	nickel	R	R	15.5	10.9
	potassium	703	554	442	600
	selenium	0.26			
	sodium	140	130	217	167
	vanadium	7.9	6.5	4.2	6.7
	zinc	24.3	17.2	20.3	26

NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TAL list.
- R data for sample was rejected during data validation.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

# TABLE 7-16 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES AREA-16, SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

				and the second		
			DUPE-08			
	BORING	B-104	<b>B-104</b>	B-104	B-105	B-105
	DEPTH (ft)	5-7	5-7	7-9	5-7	7-9
	DATE COLLECTED	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94
SVOCs (ug/Kg)						
	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	30 J				
	TICs	19	10	3	6	2
METALS (mg/Kg)						
	lead	3.6	3.1	3.0	7.0	4.7

NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL SVOC list and lead.

TCL suite of parameters. A summary of the analytes that were detected in these samples is presented in Table 7-17.

Benzene was the only VOC detected among the samples that were collected from the storm sewer soil borings. The sample collected from the 1 to 3 foot interval at boring B-134 had a benzene concentration of 2 ug/Kg. Benzene was not detected in any of the other samples that were collected.

Identifiable SVOCs were not detected in soil samples collected from the storm sewer soil borings. Several TICs were detected in each soil sample with the exception of the sample collected from 5 to 7 feet in boring B-133 which contained no TICs.

Beta-BHC and 4,4'-DDE were the only pesticide compounds detected in samples collected from this area. Beta-BHC was detected in the 7 to 9 foot sample (0.28 ug/Kg) collected from boring B-135. The samples from the 1 to 3 foot interval in borings B-134 and B-135 contained 4,4'-DDE at concentrations of 0.26 ug/Kg and 0.64 ug/Kg, respectively.

7.3

### SURFACE WATER

A total of six surface water samples were collected at the site; three from the Seneca River in June 1992 and three from the wetland in November 1993. VOCs were not detected in any of the Seneca River samples (Attachment to Letter of Response from MMC to NYSDEC dated 22 December 1994). Results from wetland samples are presented below.

### .3.1 Wetlands

Three surface water samples were collected from the wetland in November 1993 as part of the accelerated RI/FS tasks. Surface water samples SW-1, SW-2, and SW-3 were collected and analyzed for TCL VOCs, calcium, magnesium, and hardness. Detected analytes are summarized in Table 7-18. Detected VOCs include: carbon disulfide, 2-butanone, and methyl tert-butyl ether. Carbon disulfide was detected in surface water samples SW-2 (6 ug/L) and SW-3 (2 ug/L).

# TABLE 7-17 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ANALYTES STORM SEWER SOIL BORINGS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

				DUPE-09	1					
	BORING	B-133	B-133	B-133	B-134	B-134	B-135	B-135	B-136	B-136
	DEPTH (ft)	1-3	5-7	5-7	1-3	7-9	1-3	7-9	1-3	7-9
	DATE COLLECTED	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/10/94
VOCs (ug/Kg)										<u> </u>
	benzene		—		2 J					
SVOCs (ug/Kg)										
	TICs	8	0	4	10	7	5	3	2	3
Pest / PCBs (ug/Kg)										
	beta-BHC							0.28 J		
	4,4' - DDE				0.26 J		0.64 J			

NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL list.

# TABLE 7-18 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED ORGANIC ANALYTES SURFACE WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	SW-01	SW-02	SW-03
	DATE COLLECTED	11/4/93	11/4/93	11/4/93
VOCs (ug/L)				
	carbon disulfide		6 J	2 J
	2-butanone		7 J	
	methyl tert-butyl ether	310 J		
METALS (ug/L)		· · · · · ·		
	calcium	74100 J	182000 J	146000 J
	magnesium	10700	68000	38300
	hardness	229000 J	734000 J	522000 J

#### NOTES:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC and selected inorganics.

Surface water sample SW-2 was the only sample with detectable concentrations of 2-butanone (7 ug/L). Methyl tert-butyl ether was detected at a concentration of 310 ug/L in sample SW-1.

Calcium concentrations in the surface water samples ranged from 74,100 ug/L in sample SW-1 to 182,000 ug/L in surface water sample SW-2. The concentration of magnesium ranged from 10,700 ug/L in surface water sample SW-1 to 68,000 ug/L in surface water sample SW-2. Hardness concentrations ranged from 229,000 ug/L in surface water sample SW-1 to 734,000 ug/L in surface water sample SW-2.

### 7.4 GROUNDWATER

Ground water samples were obtained from the 28 overburden ground water monitoring wells and the three glacial till wells during the 1994 RI. All ground water samples were analyzed for the full suite of TCL/TAL parameters. Six of the ground water samples were also field filtered and analyzed for TAL metals. In addition, ground water samples were collected from the thirteen wetland piezometers located and installed during the Accelerated RI/FS tasks. Ground water samples collected from the wetland piezometers were analyzed solely for TCL VOCs.

Table 7-19 presents a summary of the VOCs detected in the ground water samples collected at the site. Thirty-five VOCs were detected in the ground water samples collected from site monitoring wells. Benzene was detected in eight ground water samples in concentrations that ranged from 0.12 ug/L (MW-03D) to 16,000 ug/L (MW-25). Bromodichloromethane was identified in monitoring well BR-01 at a concentration of 0.65 ug/L. The ground water sample collected from monitoring well MW-22 was the only sample to contain n-butylbenzene (20 ug/L). Four ground water

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samples had detectable concentrations of sec-butylbenzene which range from 0.15 ug/L at MW-26S to 4.2 ug/L at MW-22. Tert-butylbenzene was detected in the ground water sample collected from MW-11 (0.54 ug/L). Chloroform was identified in samples from each of the till wells (BR-01, BR-02, and BR-03), MW-11 and MW-21. Chloroform concentrations ranged from 0.14 ug/L (MW-11) to 40 ug/L (MW-21). The ground water sample obtained from BR-02 was the only sample to contain 2chlorotoluene (0.05 ug/L) and 1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.06 ug/L). Dibromochloromethane was detected only in the sample from BR-01 at a concentration of 0.29 ug/L.

Nineteen ground water samples collected at the site had detectable quantities of 1,1-dichloroethane which ranged from 0.12 ug/L in the sample from MW-06 to 65 ug/L in the sample from MW-08. The ground water sample from MW-26D was the only sample with detectable concentrations of 1,2-dichloroethane (2 ug/L). Eleven samples had detectable quantities of 1,1-dichloroethene which ranged from 0.22 ug/L at MW-18 to 50 ug/L at MW-26D. Cis-1,2-dichloroethene was identified in eight ground water samples ranging in concentration from 0.08 ug/L at MW-09 to 130 ug/L at MW-26D. The detected concentrations of trans-1,2-dichloroethene ranged from 0.14 ug/L in the sample from MW-18 to 13 ug/L in the sample collected from MW-03S. Wetland piezometers P-18D, P-19S, and P-19D had detectable concentrations of 1,2-dichloroethene (140 ug/L, 9 ug/L, and 15 ug/L, respectively). Ethylbenzene concentrations ranged from 7.2 ug/L(MW-10) to 660 ug/L (MW-25) in the five ground water samples in which this compound was detected. Isopropylbenzene was identified in eight ground water samples and ranged from 0.02 ug/L (MW-03D) to 42 ug/L (MW-22). Eight samples had detectable concentrations of 4ispropyltoluene at concentrations ranging from 1.7 ug/L in the sample collected from MW-26S to 12 ug/L in the sample from MW-22. MW-02
# TABLE 7-19 ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

					a a second second						
56	LOCATION	MW-01	MW-02	MW-035	MW-03D	MW-04	MW-05	MW-06	MW-07	MW-08	<b>MW-09</b> 6
	COMPOUND (ug/L)			Contraction of the second							5
1 1 1	benzene				0.12 J						´・`
	bromodichloromethane				_					<del></del>	N <sup>1</sup>
	n-butlybenzene										
	sec-butlybenzene		2.9 B								5
	tert-butlybenzene										<u> </u>
	chloroform										7
	2-chlorotoluene										
	dibromochloromethane			_							
	1,4-dichlorobenzene									<del></del> -	- 4.7
1.2	1,1-dichloroethane		0.25 J	0.2 J	0.18 J			0.12 J		65	1 5
	1,2-dichloroethane										- 5
1.2	1,1-dichloroethene		1.3		1.1	0.83					<sup>**</sup>
	cis-1,2-dichloroethene				87					7	0.08 J 5
1.7	trans-1,2-dichloroethene			13	3.2					0.25 J	Ş***
	1,2-dichloroethene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	ethylbenzene										<u> </u>
	isopropylbenzene		4.0 B		0.02 J		<del></del>				
	4-isopropyltoluene		10								``
	methylene chloride		2.2 BJ								
	naphthalene		140 B								- 10
-	n-propylbenzene		6.0 B								- s <sup>-</sup>
	toluene										
	1,1,1-trichloroethane		13		0.99			1		22	1.2
1.3	5 trichloroethene		4.9	39	160					5.4	<b>0.65</b>
1.3	Trichlorofluoromethane		130 J		10 J						
	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		82 B								S
	1,3,5-trimethylbenzene		33								
	vinyl chloride			4.7 J							2
	o-xylenes		43 B								
	m & p-xylenes										·,
	acetone										šī.
	carbon disulfide										
	4-methyl-2-pentanone										
	butane, 2-methyl										
	methyl tert butyl ether										

NOTE:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

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# TABLE 7-19 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

LOCATION	MW-10	<b>MW-11</b>	MW-12	MW-13	MW-14	MW-15	<b>MW-16</b>	MW-17	MW-18	MW-19
COMPOUND (ug/L)										
benzene	3.2 B		56 B							<u> </u>
bromodichloromethane										
n-butlybenzene										
sec-butlybenzene	2.5 B									
tert-butlybenzene		0.54 B								
chloroform		0.14 BJ	-							
2-chlorotoluene										
dibromochloromethane										
1,4-dichlorobenzene										
1,1-dichloroethane	0.50	1.2				0.22 J		1.0 J	0.28 J	3.2
1,2-dichloroethane										·
1,1-dichloroethene		8.6						3.7 J	0.22 J	0.68
cis-1,2-dichloroethene							5.6	120	2.4	
trans-1,2-dichloroethene							0.28 J	4.9 J	0.14 J	
1,2-dichloroethene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ethylbenzene	7.2									
isopropylbenzene	3.7 B									
4-isopropyltoluene	1.8	6.8	10							
methylene chloride										
naphthalene	73 B	31 B	160 B							
n-propylbenzene	2.1									
toluene										
1,1,1-trichloroethane	6.4	62						6.4 J	0.81	
trichloroethene	3.6	0.79				1.5	4.2	650	9.6	33
trichlorofluoromethane	130	59 J								
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	25	25 B	190 B							
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	4.6	20	69					0.61 J		5
vinyl chloride										
o-xylenes	22 B	6.1 B	110 B							
m & p-xylenes	2.6 B		140 B							<del></del>
acetone								350 J		
carbon disulfide				6 J			2 J			
4-methyl-2-pentanone										
butane, 2-methyl										
methyl tert butyl ether										

NOTE:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

NA - sample not analyzed for this compound.

# TABLE 7-19 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

LOCATION	<b>MW-2</b> 0	<b>MW-2</b> 1	MW-22	MW-23	<b>MW-24</b>	MW-25	DUPE-11	MW-265	DUPE-10	MW-26D
COMPOUND (ug/L)							MW-25	·	MW-26S	
benzene		2200 B	35 B	1800 B		16000 B	14000 B			<b>_</b> 0.
bromodichloromethane										
n-butlybenzene			20 B							
sec-butlybenzene			4.2 BJ					0.15 J		
tert-butlybenzene										
chloroform		40								-
2-chlorotoluene										
dibromochloromethane										
1,4-dichlorobenzene										
1,1-dichloroethane					5			58	57	23
1,2-dichloroethane										2
1,1-dichloroethene					0.63			24	24	50 J
cis-1,2-dichloroethene									0.72 J	130
trans-1,2-dichloroethene										0.66 J
1,2-dichloroethene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ethylbenzene		510	420			660	500	68	68	
isopropylbenzene			42 B			32 BJ	21 BJ	2.1 J	2.2 J	
4-isopropyltoluene			12	8.8 J		7.4 J		1.7 J	1.7 J	
methylene chloride										
naphthalene										
n-propylbenzene			85			37 <b>J</b>		0.76 J	0.80 J	
toluene		6500 B	1200 B	1400 B		12000	11000 B			
1,1,1-trichloroethane	0.54							18	19	10
trichloroethene										96 BJ
trichlorofluoromethane										1.5 J
1.2.4-trimethylbenzene			980 B	450 B				24	24	
1.35-trimethylbenzene			270 B	160			130 B	9	9.6	
vinvl chloride										
o-xvienes			1200 B	360 B			1200 B	4.6 B	4.6 B	
m & p-xylenes			1500 B	530 B			1100 B	180 B	180 B	
acetone							4000 J	1 <b>25 J</b>	110 J	
carbon disulfide										
4-methyl-2-pentanone										
butane, 2-methyl										
methyl tert butyl ether										

NOTE:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

NA - sample not analyzed for this compound.

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# TABLE 7-19 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

LOCATION	<b>BR-01</b>	BR-02	<b>BR-03</b>	P-9	P-10S	P-10D	P-11S	P-11D	P-12	P-13	
COMPOUND (ug/L)											3
benzene					310 J						
bromodichloromethane	0.65										
n-butlybenzene				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ö
sec-butlybenzene				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	>
tert-butlybenzene			_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ś
chloroform	1.5 BJ	7.3 BJ	1.8 BJ								but
2-chlorotoluene		0.05 J		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2
dibromochloromethane	0.29 J										
1,4-dichlorobenzene		0.06 J		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
1,1-dichloroethane						3 J					
1,2-dichloroethane											
1,1-dichloroethene											
cis-1,2-dichloroethene				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
trans-1,2-dichloroethene				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
1,2-dichloroethene	NA	NA	NA								
ethylbenzene											
isopropylbenzene		0.05 J	0.18 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
4-isopropyltoluene				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
methylene chloride											
naphthalene				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
n-propylbenzene				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
toluene					21 J						
1,1,1-trichloroethane					180 J	5 J					
trichloroethene											
trichlorofluoromethane											
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene			0.88 BJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene			0.57 BJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
vinyl chloride											
o-xylenes				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
m & p-xylenes				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
acetone					2300 JE						
carbon disulfide				9 J						2 J	
4-methyl-2-pentanone		5 J									
butane, 2-methyl					330 JN						
methyl tert butyl ether						50 JN					

NOTE:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

NA - sample not analyzed for this compound.

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# TABLE 7-19 (cont) ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY OF DETECTED TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

LOCATION	P-17S	P-17D	P-18S	DUP-2	P-18D	P-19S	P-19D
COMPOUND (ug/L)				P-18S			
benzene							
bromodichloromethane							
n-butlybenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
sec-butlybenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
tert-butlybenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
chloroform							
2-chlorotoluene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
dibromochloromethane							
1,4-dichlorobenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-dichloroethane					9 J	3 J	3 J
1,2-dichloroethane							
1,1-dichloroethene							9 J
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2-dichloroethene					140	9 J	15
ethylbenzene							
isopropylbenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-isopropyltoluene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
methylene chloride							
naphthalene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
n-propylbenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
toluene							
1,1,1-trichloroethane							14
trichloroethene						11	140
trichlorofluoromethane							25 JN
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
vinyl chloride							
o-xylenes	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
m & p-xylenes	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
acetone	<del></del>		34 J	21 J			30
carbon disulfide							
4-methyl-2-pentanone							
butane, 2-methyl							
methyl tert butyl ether							

NOTE:

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more samples are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL VOC list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

NA - sample not analyzed for this compound.

was the only ground water sample that had a detectable concentration of methylene chloride (2.2 ug/L). Naphthalene was identified in four samples with concentrations ranging from 31 ug/L at MW-11 to 160 ug/L in the sample from MW-12. The concentration of n-propylbenzene ranged from 0.76 ug/L in the ground water sample from MW-26S to 85 ug/L in the sample from MW-22 and was identified in five samples. Toluene was also identified in five samples and the concentration ranged from 21 ug/L at piezometer P-10S to 12,000 ug/L in the sample from MW-25. Fifteen ground water samples had detectable concentrations of 1,1,1trichloroethane which ranged from 0.54 ug/L at MW-20 to 180 ug/L in the sample from P-10S. Trichloroethene was also detected in fifteen samples and concentrations ranged from 0.79 ug/L at MW-11 to 650 ug/L at MW-17. Trichlorofluoromethane concentrations ranged from 1.5 ug/L (MW-26D) to 130 ug/L (MW-02 and MW-10) and was detected in six samples. Eight ground water samples had detectable concentrations of 1,2,4trimethylbenzene and ten samples had 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene detected. Vinyl chloride was only detected in the ground water sample collected from MW-03S (4.7 ug/L). Concentrations of o-xylenes were detected in eight samples and ranged from 4.6 ug/L at MW-26S to 1,200 ug/L at MW-22. Six ground water samples had detectable concentrations of m- and pxylenes which ranged from 2.6 ug/L at MW-10 to 1200 ug/L at MW-22. Acetone was detected in four ground water samples and the concentrations ranged from 110 ug/L in MW-26S to 4,000 ug/L in the duplicate sample from MW-25, although the corresponding sample from MW-25 was reported to have no acetone. Four samples had detectable quantities of carbon disulfide which ranged from 2 ug/L at MW-16 to 9 ug/L at P-9. Glacial till BR-02 was the only well with detectable concentrations of 4methyl-2-pentanone (5 ug/L). Butane, 2-methyl was reported in the sample collected from piezometer P-10S (330 ug/L). Methyl-tert-butyl-

sample from P-10S and was not detected in any other sample.

ether was reported at a concentration of 50 ug/L in the ground water

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Semivolatile organic compounds were reported in fifteen ground water samples collected from the site. Table 7-20 presents a summary of the SVOCs that were detected at the site. Ten specific SVOCs were identified in these ground water samples.

Pesticide and PCB compounds were detected in ground water samples. All pesticides and PCB analytical data summarized in Table 7-21. Sixteen pesticide compounds were detected in at least one of the ground water samples collected from the monitoring wells at the site. Twelve wells were identified as containing detectable concentrations of pesticide compounds. Aroclor-1254 was detected in only one ground water sample from the site. The ground water sample from MW-26S was reported to have an aroclor-1254 concentration of 1.0 ug/L.

A summary of detected TAL analytes in the ground water samples from the monitoring wells at the site is presented in Table 7-22. Calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sodium concentrations collected from the glacial till wells (BR-01, BR-02, and BR-03) were generally an order of magnitude higher than those of the ground water samples collected from the wells constructed in the overburden deposits. Cyanide was not detected in any of the ground water samples that were collected.

### TABLE 7-20 SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

L	OCATION	<b>MW-</b> 01	MW-02	MW-03S	MW-03D	MW-04	MW-05	MW-06	MW-07	MW-08	MW-09	MW-10	MW-11	MW-12
COMPOUND														
2-methylphenol														
4-methylphenol														
naphth <b>ale</b> ne			240 J									62	26	270
2-methylnaphthalene			870									66	87	420
acenaphthene												3 J		16 J 👘 🔿
dibenzofuran					•							3 J	3 J	10 J
fluorene			56 J									1 J	4 J	12 J 👘
phenanthrene			150 J									3 J	2 J	34 J
di-n-butylphthalate														
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthal	ate					3 J		•••		0. <b>9</b> J	1 J			
Tenatively Identified Con	npounds	7	20	4	7	1	2	1	0	1	1	16	20	19

NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.
- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.
- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL SVOC list.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

### TABLE 7-20 (cont) SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	MW-13	MW-14	MW-15	MW-16	MW-17	MW-18	MW-19	MW-20	MW-21	MW-22
COMPOUND											
2-methylphenol											
4-methylphenol											
naphthalene										41	62 🔅 🤇
2-methylnaphthalene										7 J	24 J
acenaphthene											
dibenzofuran											
fluorene											
phenanthrene											
di-n-butylphthalate					***						
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phth	alate			***		•••					
Tenatively Identified Co	ompounds	4	4	3	2	0	1	4	1	10	18

### NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL SVOC list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

### TABLE 7-20 (cont) SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA – GROUND WATER MMC – FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

L	OCATION	MW-23	MW-24	MW-25	DUPE- 11	MW-26S	DUPE- 10	MW-26D	BR-01	BR-02	BR-03	
COMPOUND					MW-25		MW-26S					
2-methylphenol		9 J										
4-methylphenol		8 J				130	140				- 5	
naphthalene		33	••••	36	30						ر ر	
2-methylnaphthalene		18 J		6 J	7 J							
acenaphthene												
dibenzofuran												
fluorene												
phenanthrene												
di-n-butylphthalate											0.7 J	
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthala	ate	10 J										
Tenatively Identified Com	pounds	14	5	13	15	19	19	1	0	4	11	

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NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

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- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL SVOC list.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

### TABLE 7-21 SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	MW-01	MW-02	MW-03S	MW-03D	MW-04	MW-05	MW-06	MW-07	MW-08	MW-09	<b>MW-10</b>	MW-11
COMPOUND	)												
alpha-BHC			0.026 B										
beta-BHC			0.047 J										0.004 J
delta-BHC			0.031 J			*						0.009 J	0.008 J
heptachlor			0.031 J									0.002 J	- ~S
aldrin			0.24 J										0.017 J 🖉 🔍
heptachlor e	poxide		•••										- M_
dieldrin			0.012 J										- ND
4,4' - DDE													- IL
endrin			0.055 J										N.
endosulfan II	l		0.053 J										
4,4' - DDD			0.022 J			***							- NÛ
4,4' - DDT							•••						- 12j
methoxychlo	r												35
endrin keton	е				••••								/
alpha - chlo	rdane		0.036 J										
gamma - ch	lordane		0.035 J										
aroclor - 125	54												- 0 /

### NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.
- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL Pesticide / PCB list.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.
- B compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

### TABLE 7-21 (cont) SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	MW-12	MW-13	MW-14	MW-15	MW-16	MW-17	MW-18	MW-19	MW-20	MW-21	MW-22	MW-23
COMPOUND													
alpha-BHC													
beta-BHC		0.016 J		0.007 J									
delta-BHC		0.014 J		0.003 J									0.006 J
heptachlor													
aldrin													
heptachlor epox	ide	0.002 J											
dieldrin		0.002 J					0.003 J		0.065 J				
4,4' - DDE		0.052 J		0.012 J									
endrin		0.009 J		0.01 J									
endosulfan II									•				
4,4'- DDD													
4,4'- DDT													
methoxychlor													
endrin ketone				0.012 J									•••
alpha - chlordar	ne												
gamma - chlord	lane	0.002 J											
aroclor - 1254													

NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL Pesticide / PCB list.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

B - compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

### TABLE 7-21 (cont) SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	MW-24	MW-25	DUPE- 11	MW-26S	DUPE- 10	MW-26D	BR-01	BR-02	BR-03
COMPOUND				MW-25		MW-26S				
alpha-BHC								••		
beta-BHC					0.028 J	0.23 J				
delta-BHC					0.008 J	0.01 J	0.005 J			
heptachlo <b>r</b>			0.006 J				0.004 J			
aldrin										
heptachlor epoxi	de									
dieldrin			0.001 J		0.028 J	0.036 J	0.004 J			
4,4' - DDE					0.015 J	0.05 J				0.003 J
endrin					0.023 J					
endosulfan II					0.031 J	0.04 J				
4,4'- DDD						0.04 J				
4,4' - DDT					0.07 J	0.093 J				
methoxyc <b>h</b> lor										0.013 J
endrin ketone					0.026 J	0.032 J			••••	
alpha - chlordar	ne									
gamma - chlord	ane					0.003 J				
aroclor - 1254					1.0	1.6				

### NOTE:

- concentrationsreported in ug/L.
- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- only compounds that were detected in one or more sample are shown above.
- all samples were analyzed for the complete TCL Pesticide / PCB list.
- J associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.
- B compound was also detected in associated laboratory blank.

# TABLE 7-22 SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER

### MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

LOCATION	MW-01	MW-02	MW-03S	MW-03D	MW-04	MW-05	MW-06	MW-07	MW-08	MW-09	MW-10	MW-11
ANALYTE												
aluminum		100				177		341	173	251	342	
antimony		489 J										
arsenic			19.6									
barium	28.3	87.3	72.9	116	94.7	178	188	299	112	42.8	37.7	44.1
beryllium		1.0								•••		
cadmium	117 J				81.3 J							
catcium	45300	76000	88000	140000	341000	134000	167000	208000	208000	78000	130000	151000
chromium												
cobait												
copper	145	474	70.4 R	91.5 R	9.5 R	126 R	97.9 R	71.1 R	73.7 R	57.6R	144	78.8 R
iron	318	250	51100	26.9	238	504	27.1	1300	416	631	745	210
lead												1.9 J
magnesium	8840	9520	9440	29600	37600	43400	51000	66100	24400	13300	14600	23700
manganese	9.0	327	15700	12.8		38.5		118	1890	384	1410	937
mercury	0.1 J					0.06 J	0.05 J					
nickel		25.8									20.1	20.5
potassium	11100	3110			6340							2580
selenium			3.7 J									
silver	96.2 J	10.2			68.8 J	12.4 J						
sodium	78800	34000	6710	34700	325000	56500	113000	306000	32900	30500	70800	59900
thallium					38.0 J							
vanadium												
zinc	86.8	231	17.1	29.8	85.1	322	29.5	52.2	16.1	24.9	48.7	24.2

NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only analytes that were detected in one or more sample are shown in table.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TAL.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

R- value rejected by validation due to analytes in blank.

### TABLE 7-22 (cont) SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	MW-12	MW-12F	MW-13	MW-14	MW-15	MW-16	MW-17	MW-17F	MW-18	MW-18F
ANALYTE			(filtered)						(filtered)		(filtered)
aluminum		758		244	426	435		30900		17900	
antimony			449 J								
arsenic			15.2 J				4.8 J			8.0 J	
barium		34.3	93.8	36.7	27.1	86.9	135	540	104	332	167
beryllium			1.0					3.5		1.2	
cadmium			3.1 J	•					56.6 J		
calcium		119000	110000 J	53200	142000	259000	76600	1860000	170000 J	762000	206000 J
chromium								19.4		12.9	
cobalt			18.5					47.7			
copper		44.3 R	122 J	46.9 R	95.1 R	58.4 R	85.4 R	305	166	132	48.2
iron		24000	5850	584	1400	1460	5850	102000	36	50700	
lead								21.2		20.4	
magnesium		16400	15200 J	7970	40900	44200	27100	462000	53600 J	175000	64600 J
manganese		5640	5580	21.2	114	121	10900	9650	59	3170	10.9
mercury				0.10 J	0.04 J	0.10 J		0.51 J			
nickel		67.8	33.2					101	•••	57.6	
potassium			2700 J				9810	3700 J	10200 J	3340	
selenium											
silver			31.6 J						135 J		R
sodium		95000	87400 J	3630	28700	77300	15800	74300 J	90500 J	81100	88000 J
thallium											
vanadium			11.6					57.6		21.1	
zinc		28.3 J	41.6 J	68.8	115	71.6	30.6	448	99.8	189	37.5

NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only analytes that were detected in one or more sample are shown in table.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TAL.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

R - value rejected by validator due to analytes in blank.

# TABLE 7-22 (cont) SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	MW-19	MW-20	MW-21	MW-22	MW-23	MW-24	MW-25	DUPE-11	MW-26S
ANALYTE									MW-25	
aluminum		•	147	134	391		275	406	431	119
antimony						173				
arsenic						4.8 J				5.7 J
barium		74.0	67.4	21.8	81.3	42	55.8	86.6	129	57.5
beryllium				•						
cadmium										
calcium		94000	87500	119000	231000	124000	196000	238000	253000	144000
chromium 5	r - 50	271	12.9					5.1		
cobalt									<b>**</b> -	
copper		132 R	34.4R	30 R	17.38 R	69.3 R	33.2 R	47.3 R	25.8 R	34.6 R
iron		44.6	476	770	1030	2960	4490	1150	1230	10200
lead						1.4 J			1.5 J	
magnesium		14700	11900	15500	22200	13300	36100	26100	27400	21900
manganese			31.5	15000	4270	2880	4020	17500	18600	6990
mercury			0.04 J				0.12 J		0.08 J	0.07 J
nickel					18.6					
potassium					·	2630				3190
selenium										
silver										
sodium		2380	244000	9400	144000	214000	42400	39000	37200	89000
thallium										
vanadium										
zinc		89.8	70.7	11.7	30.3	28.6	104	24.5	12.7	18.8

NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only analytes that were detected in one or more sample are shown in table.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TAL.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

R - value rejected by validator due to analytes in blank.

# TABLE 7-22 (cont) SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LOCATION	DUPE-10	MW-26D	BR-01	BR-01F	BR-02	BR-02F	BR-03	BR-03F
ANALYTE		MW-26S			(filtered)		(filtered)		(filtered)
aluminum		152	125	2440		41900		13200	1020
antimony					83.5 J				
arsenic		5.7 J				8.6 J			
barium		95.2	36.9	86.4	211	360	115	157	320
beryllium				torus de		1.7			
cadmium									
calcium		145000	175000	1160000	1190000 J	593000 J	689000 J	2510000	2740000 J
chromium						31.6		28.4	
cobalt									
copper		37.5 R	27.5 R	3.8 R	237 J	20.4 R	146 J	21.5 R	90.5 J
iron		7520	420	1810	245	28600	31.6	11200	1110
lead						4.5 J	•	4.1 J	2.1 J
magnesium		22100	36200	159000 J	177000 J	63900	51200 J	287000 J	340000 J
manganese		6570	1090	2910 J	3380 J	947	648	2280 J	3030 J
mercury								0.09 J	0.23 J
nickel				19.6		37.3		31.9	
potassium		2440		298000	327000 J	163000	160000 J	218000 J	255000 J
selenium									
silver					R		R		R
sodium		83700	20500	987000	1050000 J	1540000 J	1720000 J	3650000 J	4050000 J
thallium									
vanadium						41.6			
zinc		17.6	20.3	890	712	57.3	25.4	275	63.6

NOTE:

- concentrations reported in ug/L.

- "---" in a column indicates that the analyte was not detected in the sample.

- only analytes that were detected in one or more sample are shown in table.

- all samples were analyzed for the complete TAL.

J - associated numerical value is an estimated quantity.

R- value rejected by validator due to analytes in blank.

### 8.1 GEOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The site stratigraphy observed during the 1994 RI field investigation was consistent with previous findings. The site geology and hydrogeology at FRP fairly typical for sandy sediments overlying glacial till in the Central New York area. Near surface soils at the site consist of medium to fine, well sorted brown sand with some silt and a trace to little clay. Within the fine sand and silt there are thin silt partings and other stratigraphic horizons such as sand lenses, old soil zones and thin clay layers. A red clay (glacial till) unit underlies the fine sand and silt although a discontinuous coarse sand and or gravel layer separates the top of the red clay from the fine sand and silt in some areas of the site. A cross section from the southwest portion of the site to the northeast (see Figure 8-1 and Figure 8-2) shows a localized high which forms a northwest to southeast trending buried ridge.

The red clay till unit underlying the fine sand and silt at the site is a poorly sorted massive unit. This unit has no apparent structure and contains of gravel and cobble clasts ranging in size from 0.5 cm to 15 cm in diameter. A triaxial permeability test was performed on a core sample obtained from the till unit. The triaxial permeability results indicated that the permeability of the till unit is  $8.21 \times 10^{-8}$  cm/sec. Results of the permeability tests are included in Appendix G. The depth to the till unit ranges from 9 feet below grade along the west side of Building #2 (MW-4) to 48 feet below grade near the northeastern end of the site. The top of the till unit is variable with elevations of the till unit ranging from 332.65 feet above MSL to 370.5 feet above MSL. Figure 8-3 illustrates that the surface relief of the red clay forms a buried hill or ridge trending northwest to southeast across the site. See Figures 8-2 and 8-3 for subsurface expression of the glacial till surface.

Ground water contour maps were generated based on measurements made from site monitoring wells on two separate occasions (Table 8-1); 3 May

ERM-NORTHEAST, INC.

557.044.03\MMCFRPRI.RPT







SCALE: HORZ. 1"=100' VERT. 1"=20'

PREPARED FOR









### TABLE 8-1 SUMMARY OF WELL MEASUREMENTS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	DEPTH OF WELL <sup>1</sup>	WELL LENGTH <sup>2</sup>	SCREEN	SCREENED	WELL ELEVATION	DTW (ft)	GROUND WATER ELEVATION (ft msl)	DTW (ft)	GROUND WATER ELEVATION (ft msl)
WELL ID	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft MSL)	03 MAY 94	03 MAY 94	23 JUNE 94	23 JUNE 94
MW-1	18.0	17.46	10	8.0-18.0	381.66	9.39	372.27	11.52	370.14
MW-2	19.0	22.00	10	9.0-19.0	383.09	13.81	369.28	14.40	368.69
MW-3S	19.8	18.35	10	9.8-19.8	378.38	8.62	369.76	10.06	368.32
MW-3D	24.0	32.80	5	19.0-24.0	377.91	9.02	368.89	9.70	368.21
MW-4	10.0	11.79	5	5.0-10.0	380.03	8.15	371.88	9.28	370.75
MW-5	19.5	18.60	10	9.5-19.5	380.07	10.56	369.51	11.65	368.42
MW-6	9.8	12.30	4	5.8-9.8	367.98	0.00	367.98	0.75	367.23
MW-7	11.0	12.20	6	5.0-11.0	368.30	1.24	367.06	1.37	366.93
MW-8	11.5	11.64	10	1.5-11.5	371.20	2.79	368.41	3.79	367.41
MW-9	11.5	14.24	10	1.5-11.5	370.24	3.75	366.49	5.93	364.31
MW-10	18.0	18.21	10	8.0-18.0	379.71	10.19	369.52	10.98	368.73
MW-11	NR	18.90	NR	NR	379.57	8.68	370.89	10.65	368.92
MW-12	19.6	18.01	10	9.6-19.6	380.72	9.65	371.07	11.52	369.20
MW-13	11.6	14.60	10	1.6-11.6	382.07	8.89	373.18	12.33	369.74
MW-14	24.0	23.45	10	19.0-24.0	378.95	8.27	370.68	8.21	370.74
MW-15	22.0	21.10	10	12.0-22.0	380.50	10.89	369.61	11.93	368.57
MW-16	29.0	28.25	20	9.0-29.0	375.49	6.69	368.80	7.98	367.51
MW-17	15.0	14.20	10	5.0-15.0	367.59	1.21	366.38	2.81	364.78
MW-18	17.5	13.90	10	7.5-17.5	367.07	0.57	366.50	2.42	364.65
MW-19	15.0	16.84	10	5.0-15.0	381.01	8.22	372.79	10.77	370.24
MW-20	19.0	17.04	10	9.0-19.0	376.89	7.89	369.00	9.17	367.72
MW-21	19.0	16.43	10	9.0-19.0	376.98	8.80	368.18	10.80	366.18
MW-22	15.0	14.25	10	5.0-15.0	3 <b>7</b> 5. <b>6</b> 0	7.27	368.33	8.98	366.62

NOTES:

1 - Distance from grade as reported on construction log.

2 - Measured from top of casing at time of development.

NR - No record.

DTW - Depth to water measured from top of casing.

NM - Not measured.

TABLE 8-1 (cont) SUMMARY OF WELL MEASUREMENTS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

							GW		GW
	DEPTH	WELL	SCREEN	SCREENED	WELL	DTW	ELEV	DTW	ELEV
	OF WELL <sup>1</sup>	LENGTH <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>1</sup>	INTERVAL <sup>1</sup>	ELEVATION	(ft)	(ft MSL)	(ft)	(ft MSL)
WELL ID	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft MSL)	03 MAY94	03 MAY94	23 JUNE 94	23 JUNE 94
MW-23	18.0	19.90	10	8.0-18.0	379.55	10.79	368.76	12.44	367.11
MW-24	17.8	16.90	10	7.8-17.8	376.58	7.96	368.62	9.01	367.57
MW-25	17.8	16.90	10	7.8-17.8	374.85	7.39	367.46	9.36	365.49
MW-26S	14.5	14.23	10	4.5-14.5	374.27	NM	NM	7.78	366.49
MW-26D	33.0	29.34	10	23.0-33.0	374.23	NM	NM	7.30	366.93
BR-01	140.0	NM	10	130-140	378.52	NM	NM	8.23	370.29
BR-02	103.0	101.20	10	90-100	372.06	NM	NM	7.81	364.25
BR-03	103.0	101.60	10	90-100	377.85	NM	NM	13.44	364.41
P-02	11.5	NM	5	6.5-11.5	380.75	NM	NM	10.18	370.57
P-04	11.5	NM	5	6.5-11.5	380.72	NM	NM	10.91	369.81
P-09	3.3	NM	3	0.3-3	366.72	1.84	364.88	NM	NM
P-10S	4.0	NM	3	1-3	366.35	1.36	364.99	NM	NM
P-10D	12.1	NM	3	9.1-12.1	367.04	1.65	365.39	NM	NM
P-11S	3.1	NM	3	0.1-3.1	367.06	0.23	366.83	NM	NM
P-11D	10.4	NM	3	7.4-10.4	365.90	2.19	363.71	NM	NM
P-17S	3.2	NM	2.53	0.67-3.2	366.76	0.66	366.10	NM	NM
P-17D	7.5	NM	2.0	5.5-7.5	367.66	1.80	365.86	NM	NM
P-18S	3.0	NM	2.0	1.0-3.0	365.96	1.06	364.90	NM	NM
P-18D	7.75	NM	2.0	5.75-7.75	366.19	1.06	, 365.13	NM	NM
P-19S	3.1	NM	2.0	1.1-3.1	365.74	0.84	364.90	NM	NM
P-19D	7.25	NM	2.0	5.25-7.25	366.71	0.60	366.11	NM	NM

NOTES:

- 1 Distance from grade as reported on construction log.
- 2 Measured from top of casing at time of development.
- NR No record.

DTW - Depth to water measured from top of casing.

NM - Not measured.

1994 (Figure 8-4); and 23 June 1994 (Figure 8-5). Ground water flow on both dates was predominately northward. As can be seen in Figures 8-4 and 8-5 the gradient of the water table surface is less steep in the vicinity of the northeast corner of Building No. 2. This is most likely a result of site features (buildings and pavement) and the underlying till surface. Depth to water measurements ranged from 0.00 feet below top of casing (BTOC) at MW-06 to 13.81 feet (BTOC) at MW-02 on 3 May 1994. On 23 June 1994 depth to water measurements ranged from 0.75 feet (BTOC) at MW-06 to 14.40 feet (BTOC) at MW-02. Ground water elevations ranged from 363.71 feet above MSL (P-11D) to 373.18 feet above MSL (MW-13) on 3 May 1994. Water table elevations generally decreased by approximately 1 to 2 feet between 3 May 1994 to 23 June 1994. The ground water pressure gradient between wells MW-26S and MW-26D on 23 June 1994 was upward suggesting that the north end of the site is an area of ground water discharge.

The red clay till unit underlying the fine sand and silt at the site is a poorly sorted massive unit probably derived from glacial ice action. It is at least 104 feet thick at the south end of the site and 70 feet thick at the north. A laboratory permeability test indicates that the hydraulic conductivity is approximately 10<sup>-8</sup> cm/s; however, field observations suggest that permeabilities may be greater than those derived from laboratory analysis. The apparent discrepancy may have resulted from compaction of the laboratory sample during the coring process, or anisotropic conditions in the glacial till.

### 8.2 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

### 8.2.1 Sediment

Sediment samples were collected from the storm sewer outfalls, storm sewer catch basins and the wetlands north of the site. The samples were analyzed for one or all of the following suites: TCL VOC; TCL SVOC; TCL pesticides/PCBs; and/or TAL analytes.

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GROUND WATER CONTOUR MAP 3 MAY 1994

# FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

# Martin Marietta Corporation

# **ERM-Northeast**

Environmental Resources Manager 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 FIGURE 8-4 ERM Tel. (315)445-2554 Fax(315)445-2543







Ð	
P105/P10D	1992 WETLAND PIEZOMETER CLUSTER
P17S/P17D	1993 WETLAND PIEZOMETER CLUSTER
BR-1	BEDROCK MONITORING WELL LOCATION
-370	GROUND WATER CONTOUR

TAL analysis of sediment and soil samples throughout the site suggests that site background concentrations for beryllium, copper, chromium, iron, and zinc are slightly elevated.

# Storm Sewer Outfalls

- Low concentrations of VOCs were present in the sediment at outfall 002, 003, 004, 007, and 008.
- Concentrations of SVOCs were present in all sediment samples from all outfalls sampled; outfall 002 exceeded SCGs for phenols.
- Low concentrations of pesticides were present in the sediment at all outfalls sampled; outfall 002, 004, 005 and 009 exceeded SCGs for chlordane.
- Low concentration of PCBs were detected in the sediment in all outfalls sampled except 007 and 009; outfall 003 exceeded SCG for Arochlor 1254.

All concentrations (including TAL analytes) are below SCGs with the exception of phenols, the pesticide chlordane, PCBs and TPH as noted above.

# Storm Sewer Catch Basins

- VOCs were present in catch basins CB-03, CB-04, CB-08, CB-13, CB-16, CB-18 and CB-19. The highest concentration occurred in CB-13 (15,000 μg/Kg, 1,1,1-trichloroethane).
- Low concentrations of SVOCs (identifiable or TICs) were present in all catch basins.
- Low concentrations of pesticides were present in all catch basins except CB-06, CB-07, and CB-16.
- Low concentrations of PCBs were present in CB-01, CB-03, CB-08, CB-15 and CB-18.

• Metal concentrations were within the expected range except cadmium, chromium, copper, and zinc which were elevated in some catch basins.

There are no standards applicable to affected sediment in catch basins; therefore, analyte concentrations were compared to relevant guidance documents.

Catch basin samples exceeded recommended cleanup objectives as stated in NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046 for 1,1,1-trichloroethane and metals.

### Wetland Sediment

• Low concentrations of VOCs were detected in all wetland borings except SS-05, SS-07 and SS-11. The highest concentration was 530  $\mu$ g/Kg of acetone in SS-08 (1-2).

There are no standards applicable to affected sediment; therefore, the results of the Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis and Qualitative Public Health Risk Assessment will be used to evaluate remedial requirements.

# 8.2.2 Soil

Soil samples were collected from 11 areas of concern and along the storm sewer pipes and catch basins during the RI. All areas of concern were investigated during previous investigations. The samples were analyzed for one or all of the following suites: TCL VOCs; TCL SVOCs; TCL pesticides/PCBs; TAL analytes; TPH; and lead.

### Area 1

Three soil borings were completed in Area 1. Boring B-111 and B-112 contained low concentrations of VOCs, while boring B-121 contained low concentrations of SVOCs. All three borings contained low concentrations of pesticides. PCBs were not detected in any samples from Area 1.

All organic concentrations are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046. Concentrations of beryllium, iron, and nickel exceed criteria but are within the expected range of northeastern US soils.

### Area 2

Four soil boring were completed in Area 2. Samples contained low concentrations of VOCs, pesticides, TPH and PCBs. All metal concentrations were within the expected range for soils.

All concentrations (including TAL analytes) are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

### Area 3

Two soil samples were collected from two soil borings in Area 3. The samples were analyzed for TCL SVOCs, TCL Pesticides and PCBs, and TAL metals. All analyses were non-detect or within the range of metals expected for soils. Boring B-123 (0-1) contained 110  $\mu$ g/Kg of bis (2ethylexyl) phthalate.

All concentrations (including TAL analytes) are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

# Area 4

Four soil samples were collected from two soil borings. The samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs and TCL pesticides/PCBs. VOCs were not detected in any sample. SVOCs were not detected in any sample, except pyrene ( $24\mu g/Kg$ ) in B-124 (3-5). Low concentrations of pesticides were present in both borings. PCBs were not detected in any sample.

All concentrations (including TAL analytes) are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

### <u>Area 5</u>

One boring was completed in Area 5 and one soil sample was collected for laboratory analysis. It was analyzed for the full suite of TCL/TAL parameters. VOCs were not detected; however low concentrations of SVOCs and pesticides were detected. PCBs were not detected, and all metals were within the range expected for soil.

All concentrations (including TAL analytes) are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

### Area 7

Eight soil samples were collected from four soil borings in Area 7. Samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs. Low concentrations of VOCs were detected in all samples except B-116 (8-10) and B-117 (2-4).

All concentrations (including TAL analytes) are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

# Area 9

Two borings were completed in Area 9 and four soil samples were collected for analysis. All samples were analyzed for the full suite of TCL parameters. VOCs were not detected in any sample. No identifiable SVOCs were detected; however, trace concentrations of SVOC TICs were present. Low concentrations of pesticides were present in B-102. PCBs were not detected in any sample.

All concentrations are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

# <u>Area 10</u>

Twelve samples were collected from 6 borings in Area 10. Each sample was analyzed for the full suite of TCL/TAL parameters.

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- Low concentrations of VOCs were detected in all samples except B-109 (3-5), B-109 (9-11) and B-110 (3-5).
- VOCs were detected in sample B-103 (7-9) and B-108 (7-9) at elevated concentrations. These samples were collected directly above the water table and the VOCs present may be derived from volatilization from ground water.
- Low concentrations of SVOCs were present in B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9), B-110 (3-5), MW-26S (3-5) and MW-26S (11-13).
- Low concentrations of pesticides were present in all samples except B-103 (3-5), B-109 (9-11) and B-112 (9-11).
- PCBs were not detected in any sample.

All concentrations (including TAL analytes) are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046 except B-103 (7-9) and B108 (7-9).

# <u>Area 11</u>

Ten samples were collected from 5 borings in Area 11. The samples were analyzed for TCL VOCs. Low concentrations of VOCs were present in B-114 (7-9) and B-129 (9-11).

All concentrations are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

# <u>Area 12</u>

Four soil samples were collected from two soil borings in Area 12. All samples were analyzed for TAL analytes.

All concentrations are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

# <u>Area 16</u>

Four soil samples were collected from two borings in Area 16. All four samples were analyzed for TCL SVOCs and lead.

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- One SVOC compound, bis (2-ethylexyl) phthalate was detected at 30  $\mu$ g/Kg.
- All lead concentrations were within expected range for soils.

All concentrations (including lead) are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

### Storm Sewer Borings

Eight soil samples were collected from four soil borings drilled at the locations of soil vapor anomalies along the storm sewer lines. All samples were analyzed for the full suite of TCL parameters.

- VOCs were not detected in any sample except B-134 (1-3) which contained 2  $\mu$ g/Kg of benzene.
- No identifiable SVOCs were detected; however, low concentrations of SVOC TICs were present in all samples except B-133 (5-7).
- Low concentrations of pesticides were present in B-134 (1-3), B-135 (1-3) and B-135 (7-9). The greatest concentration was 0.64  $\mu$ g/Kg of 4-4'-DDE in B-135 (1-3).

All concentrations are below the recommended clean-up objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046.

### 8.2.3 Surface Water

A total of six surface water samples were collected at the site; three from the wetland area and three from the Seneca River. The samples were analyzed for one or more of the following analytes; TCL VOCs, calcium, magnesium and hardness.

- VOCs were not detected in Seneca River samples.
- Low concentrations of VOCs were detected in all wetland samples. The highest concentration was  $310 \ \mu g/Kg$  of methyl-tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) in SW-02.
- All inorganic results were within accepted ranges for surface water.

Currently there is no standard criteria or guidance, (SCG) values for the three detected VOCs. However, concentrations of the detected VOCs appear to be acceptable based on the Fish and Wildlife and the Qualitative Public Health Risk Assessment (See Section 9.3.2.1).

### 8.2.4 Ground Water

ERM collected a complete round of ground water samples from all on-site monitoring wells: 28 overburden wells and 3 glacial till wells. All samples were analyzed for the full suite of TCL/TAL parameters. Six samples were field filtered and analyzed for TAL analytes. Thirteen samples were collected from the piezometers located in the wetland; the wetland piezometers were analyzed for TCL VOCs only.

- VOCs were present in MW-02, MW-03S, MW-03D, MW-08, MW-10, MW-11, MW-12, MW-16, MW-17, MW-18, MW-19, MW-21, MW-22, MW-23, MW-25, MW-26S, MW-26D, BR-02, P-10S, P-18S, P-18D, P-19S and P-19D at concentrations above ground water standards.
- SVOCs were present in MW-02, MW-10, MW-11, MW-12, MW-22 and MW-26S in concentrations that exceed ground water standards.
- Pesticides were present in MW-02, MW-10, MW-11, MW-12, MW-14, MW-17, MW-19, MW-23, MW-25, MW-26S, MW-26D and BR-03 at concentrations that exceeded SCGs.
- PCBs were detected in MW-26S at 1.0 ug/1 which exceeds the TOG.1.1 NYSDEC TOGS 1.1.1 standard of 0.1 ug/1.
- Several exceedances were detected in ground water samples analyzed for metals. The exceedances are related primarily to naturally high iron and manganese concentrations in the unfiltered water samples. However, the exceedance for chromium that occurred in MW-19 may be related to previous site activity.

290 Elwood Davis Road, Suite 312 • Liverpool, New York 13088 • (315) 451-9560 • Fax (315) 451-9570

February 25, 1997

Robert W. Schick, P.E. Section Chief, Remedial Section A Bureau of Western Remedial Action Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 50 Wolf Road Albany, NY 12233-7010



RE: Revision Sheet for the 1994 Remedial Investigation -Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis GE Farrell Road Site, Town of Geddes, Onondaga County, New York NYSDEC Site #734055

Dear Mr. Schick:

Please find enclosed a copy of the revision sheet for Section 9 - Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis (FWIA) of the 1994 Remedial Investigation (RI) Report for the Farrell Road Site. The revision sheet is consistent with Lockheed Martin Corporation's (LMC's) February 19, 1997 response to the January 28, 1997 comments received from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH).

If you have any questions, please contact me at (315) 456-3199.

Sincerely,

Patrick D. Salvadol

Patrick D. Salvador, P.E. Principal Engineer

Enclosure

 cc: Director, Bureau of Environmental Exposure Investigation - NYSDOH Sandra Lee Fenske, Esq. - Lockheed Martin Henriette Hamel - NYSDOH Michael J. Lesser, Esq. - NYSDEC Ken Lynch, Acting Director - NYSDEC - Region 7 Virginia C. Robbins, Esq. - Bond, Schoeneck & King, LLP

PARSONS

### CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

ERM-NORTHEAST, INC. certifies that the revisions to Section 9 - Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis (FWIA) specified in the February 1997 Revision Sheet for the 1994 Remedial Investigation at the Farrell Road Plant Final Report (ERM-Northeast, Inc., May 1995) are accurate and in full accordance with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation-approved Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) Work Plan (ERM-Northeast, Inc., January 1994).

EDWARD HINCHEY Name Lela Signature

Date

### FEBRUARY 1997

### REVISION SHEET FOR THE 1994 REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AT THE FARRELL ROAD PLANT FINAL REPORT (ERM - NORTHEAST, INC., MAY 1995)

# Section 9 - Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis (FWIA)

The following are revisions to Section 9 of the Remedial Investigation (RI) report based on comments of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH).

Page 9-5: Delete the last sentence of the second paragraph and replace it with:

"The Seneca River in the vicinity of the site is a Class B surface water body, which has a best use designation of primary contact recreation and any other uses except as a source of water supply for drinking, culinary or food processing purposes (Title 6 of NYCRR, Article 14, Chapter 10, Part 897)."

Page 9-18: Delete the last sentence of the first full paragraph and replace with:

"The detected concentrations of carbon disulfide and 2-butanone are orders of magnitude lower than the acute toxicity levels, therefore no adverse chronic impacts to aquatic life are expected to occur due to the presence of these chemicals in surface water at the site. No information was presented in the USEPA guidance document entitled "Ecological Risk Assessment in the Office of Toxic Substances - Problems and Progress 1984-1987" (USEPA, 1987) to evaluate chronic toxicity of MTBE, and therefore potential chronic impacts due to MTBE were not evaluated."

**Page 9-19 and 9-20, Table 9-4:** Delete Table 9-4 and replace it with revised Table 9-4. The revised Table 9-4 is attached, which includes the following changes:

The entry under the column "NYS Surface Water Quality Standards" for dieldrin has been revised to "0.001(d)/0.0019(e)".

The entry under the column "NYS Surface Water Quality Standards" for mercury has been revised to (0.2(d)/0.012(e))."

Footnote "a" has been revised to read "NYS Surface Water Quality Standard for the protection of Aquatic Life for Class B Waters, except as noted."

Footnote "d" has been deleted from bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, beryllium, and selenium under the column "NYS Surface Water Quality Standards."

Footnote "d" has been revised to read "NYS Surface Water Quality Guideline for Class B waters based on human consumption of fish."

Footnote "f" has been added to zinc under the column "NYS Surface Water Quality Standard".

Footnote "f' has been revised to read "The hardness values for surface water samples SW-1, SW-2, and SW-3 were 229 mg/L, 734 mg/L, and 522 mg/L, respectively (Table 7-18).
The average hardness value of 495 mg/L for these three surface water samples was used to determine hardness-dependent surface water criteria."

Footnote "g" has been deleted from cobalt under the column "NYS Surface Water Quality Standard."

The entries for NYS Surface Water Quality Standards have been revised for vanadium, nickel, arsenic, cadmium, zinc, chromium, cobalt, lead, silver, and thallium based on the use of a hardness value of 495 mg/L (discussed above under footnote "f") and/or on using NYS Surface Water Quality Standards for Class B rather than Class D surface waters.

The entries for vanadium have been moved from page 9-19 to page 9-20.

Page 9-21: Delete the last two sentences of the first full paragraph and replace with:

"Thirteen chemicals had maximum detected concentrations in excess of the applicable standard or criterion. Due to the relative infrequency of the detections for most of these chemicals, the fact that nine of these chemicals (metals) are not believed to be due to site contamination, and the fact that the concentrations are measured in ground water (not surface water), the presence of these chemicals are not expected to pose a significant risk to aquatic life. Considered individually, based on best professional judgement, the presence of these contaminants does not appear to represent a significant environmental risk. However, when considering these contaminants along with the other detected organic compounds for which standards or guidance values do not exist, it is possible that additive and synergistic effects pose potential risk to fish and wildlife resources in the wetland. Although possible risks are presented due to additive and synergistic effects, no visual evidence of stressed biota or effects of additive or synergistic effects was observed in the wetland by biologists during site inspections completed as part of the FWIA."

**Page 9-22, Table 9-5:** Delete Table 9-5 and replace it with revised Table 9-5. The maximum detected concentrations for acetone, 2-butanone, TCE and benzene have been revised. NYS Sediment Screening Criteria have been added for TCE and benzene. The NYS Sediment Screening Criteria and Derived EP Method Sediment Criteria have been revised based on the use of the site-specific average measured value of 12% for the fraction of organic carbon (FOC) rather than the default FOC value of 3%.

Page 9-24, Table 9-6: Delete Table 9-6 and replace it with revised Table 9-6. NYS Sediment Screening Criteria have been added for TCE and benzene. The NYS Sediment Screening Criteria and Derived EP Method Sediment Criteria have been revised based on the use of the site-specific average measured value of 12% for the fraction of organic carbon (FOC) rather than the default FOC value of 3%.

Page 9-26: Add the following to the end of the first paragraph on Page 9-26:

"Further investigation would be necessary to determine if actual impacts to ecological receptors exist as a result of additive and synergistic effects of the contaminants detected."

Page 9-28 and 9-29. Delete the last paragraph page 9-28 and continuation on page 9-29 and replace it with:

"Ground water from the site probably discharges to a NYSDEC regulated wetland (CAM-6) and ultimately to the Seneca River located to the north. Concentrations of certain contaminants have been detected in surface water, shallow groundwater, and sediment in the wetland. There are no guidance values for the three contaminants detected in surface water. An evaluation determined that there appear to be no adverse chronic impacts to aquatic life due to the presence of these three contaminants in surface water. Thirty-seven contaminants were detected in shallow groundwater. Guidance values have been established for twenty-seven of these contaminants. Thirteen of the detected contaminants exceeded the guidance values. Nine of these contaminants (metals) are not related to the site. Nine organic compounds were detected in sediment. There are no guidance values established for four of these compounds. Of the five remaining compounds, the guidance value for one was exceeded.

Considered individually, based on best professional judgement, the presence of these contaminants does not appear to represent a significant environmental risk. However, when considering these contaminants along with the other detected organic compounds for which standards or guidance values do not exist, it is possible that additive and synergistic effects pose potential risk to fish and wildlife resources in the wetland. Although possible risks are presented due to additive and synergistic effects was observed in the wetland by biologists during site inspections completed as part of the FWIA. Provided the remaining source of contaminants to the wetland, that is, the migration of contaminated groundwater, is controlled at the northern edge of FRP-2, contaminant concentrations in the wetland are expected to attenuate, thereby reducing potential risks to ecological receptors.

Further investigation would be necessary to determine if actual impacts to ecological receptors exist as a result of additive and synergistic effects of the contaminants detected. However, because the migration of contaminated groundwater will be controlled at the northern edge of FRP-2, and because remediation of residual contamination in the wetland could itself impact this resource, there is no need for further investigation or remediation of surface water, groundwater or sediment in the wetland."

## TABLE 9-4 (REVISED 2/97) EVALUATION OF CHEMICALS DETECTED IN WETLAND GROUNDWATER MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

Chemical	Frequency of Detection	Maximum Detected Concentration (ug/l)	NYS Surface Water Quality Standard (a) (ug/l)
Acetone	5/23	2,400	N/A
1,1-DCA	13/23	79	N/A
TCE	17/23	660	11(d)
Benzene	2/23	90	6(d)
TCFM	4/23	12	11000(c)
1,1,1-TCA	15/23	150	18000(c)
Toluene	2/23	11	17500(c)
MTBE	1/18	50	N/A
Carbon Disulfide	2/18	9	N/A
cis,1-2-DCE	3/18	120	11600(c)
trans-1,2-DCE	3/18	4.9	11600(c)
1,2-DCE (Totaï)	8/18	40	11600(c)
1,1-DCE	3/23	9	11600(c)
1,3,5-TMB	1/5	0.61	N/A
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1/5	0.9	0.6
Methylene Chloride	4/23	8	11000(c)
Chloroform	1/23	1	1240(ъ)
Dieldrin	1/5	0.003	0.001(d)/0.0019(e)

N/A: No applicable standard or criteria

(a) NYS Surface Water Quality Standard for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Class B Waters, except as noted.

(b) LOEL for chronic effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).

(c) LOEL for acute effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).

(d) NYS Surface Water Quality Guideline for Class B waters based on human consumption of fish.

(e) USEPA Ambient Water Quality for the Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life.

(f) The hardness values for surface water samples SW-1, SW-2, and SW-3 were 229 mg/L, 734 mg/L, and 522 mg/L, respectively (Table 7-18). The average hardness value of 495 mg/L for these three surface water samples was used to determine hardness-dependent surface water criteria.

#### TABLE 9-4 (CONT'D) (REVISED 2/97) EVALUATION OF CHEMICALS DETECTED IN WETLAND GROUNDWATER MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

Chemical	Frequency of Detection	Maximum Detected Concentration (ug/l)	NYS Surface Water Quality Standard (a) (ug/l)
Vanadium	2/9	448	14
Nickel	3/9	101	322(f)
Arsenic	5/9	10	190
Barium	7/9	540	N/A
Cadmium	2/9	5	3.98(f)
Calcium	5/9	1860000	N/A
Iron	3/9	1300	300
Zinc	7/9	448	322(f)
Magnesium	9/9	462000	N/A
Manganese	9/9	9650	N/A
Beryllium	3/9	3.5	1100
Chromium	3/9	19.4	767(f)
Cobalt	1/9	47.7	5
Lead	4/9	21.2	24.4(f)
Mercury	1/9	0.51	0.2(d)/0.012(e)
Selenium	2/9	5	1
Silver	2/9	10	0.1
Sodium	4/9	80900	N/A
Thallium	2/9	50	8

N/A: No applicable standard or criteria

(a) NYS Surface Water Quality Standard for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Class B Waters, except as noted.

(b) LOEL for chronic effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).

(c) LOEL for acute effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).

(d) NYS Surface Water Quality Guideline for Class B waters based on human consumption of fish.

(e) USEPA Ambient Water Quality for the Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life.

(f) The hardness values for surface water samples SW-1, SW-2, and SW-3 were 229 mg/L, 734 mg/L, and 522 mg/L, respectively (Table 7-18). The average hardness value of 495 mg/L for these three surface water samples was used to determine hardness-dependent surface water criteria.

Chemical	Frequency of Detection	Maximum Detected Concentration (ug/kg)	NYS Sediment Screening Criteria (ug/kg) (a)	Derived EP Method Sediment Criteria (ug/kg) (a)
Acetone	9/40	530	N/A	N/A (b)
1,1-DCA	2/40	20	N/A	1980
2-Butanone	7/40	230	N/A	N/A (b)
TCE	8/40	30	230 (c)	331,128
Benzene	1/40	66	72 (c)	528
TCFM	1/40	18	N/A	2100
РСВ	8/40	2900	168 (d)	168
Methylene Chloride	7/40	23	N/A	N/A
MTBE	1/40	360	N/A	N/A

#### TABLE 9-5 (REVISED 2/97) EVALUATION OF CHEMICALS DETECTED IN WETLAND SEDIMENT MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

N/A: Applicable standard or criteria not available.

- (a) "Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments", NYSDEC 1993.
- (b) EP method not applicable to polar compounds, which are not expected to remain in sediments, and thus are not expected to pose significant risks to benthic or aquatic life via sediment.
- (c) Based on human health bioaccumulation.
- (d) Based on wildlife bioaccumulation.

Chemical	LC-50 (a) (mg/l)	Acceptable Acute Criteria (mg/l)	Water Quality Criteria (ug/l)	Koc (l/kg)	foc (kg OC/ kg soil) (g)	Derived EP Method Sediment Criteria (ug/kg) (h)	NYS Sediment Screening Criteria (ug/kg) (h)
1,1-DCA	550 (b)	55 (c)	550 (e)	30	0.12	1980	N/A
TCE			21,900 (f)	126	0.12	331,128	240 (i)
Benzene		5.3 (d)	53 (e)	83	0.12	528	72 (i)
TCFM		11 (d)	110 (e)	159	0.12	2100	N/A
РСВ					0.12		168 (j)

#### TABLE 9-6 (REVISED 2/97) DERIVATION OF AQUATIC LIFE-BASED SEDIMENT CRITERIA MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

(a) Source: Verschueren, 1983.

(b) LC-50 for bluegill sunfish.

(c) Based on one-tenth LC-50.

(d) LOEL for acute effects as cited in the USEPA Water Quality Criteria Summary (USEPA, undated).

(e) Chronic criteria tased on one-one hundredth of the acceptable acute criteria.

(f) LOEL for chronic effects as cited in the USEPA Water Quality Criteria Summary (USEPA, undated).

(g) Based on an average measure for foc value of 12% for all sediment samples.

- (h) From "Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments", NYSDEC 1993, and USEPA 1993.
- (i) Based on human health bioaccumulation.
- (j) Based on wildlife bioaccumulation.

N/A: Applicable standard or criteria not available.

Sediment Criteria derived from the following formula:

Sc = (WQC)(Koc)(foc)

Where:

Sc = Sediment Criteria

WQC = Water Quality Criteria (or Chronic Criteria)

Koc = Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient

foc = Fraction of Organic Carbon

## FISH AND WILDLIFE IMPACT ANALYSIS

This section provides a fish and wildlife impact analysis of the FRP site. This assessment conforms to the guidelines contained in Step I and Step II A and B of the NYSDEC guidance document entitled, "Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis for Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites" (NYSDEC, 1991). The purpose of the fish and wildlife impact analysis is to: 1) identify fish and wildlife resources potentially affected by site-related contaminants; and 2) determine the impacts of site-related contaminants on those resources.

This assessment is based on site background information, sampling data collected as part of this investigation and previous efforts, observations by site investigative personnel, and the results of a site survey conducted on 14 July 1994. In addition, various divisions of NYSDEC and the Onondaga County Department of Health were consulted during this assessment.

The fish and wildlife impact analysis is divided into four sections as follows:

<u>Description of Fish and Wildlife Resources:</u> This section provides a description of fish and wildlife resources at the site and in the site vicinity, including any observations of stressed vegetation. A topographical map showing special resources within two miles of the site and a covertype map are also presented.

<u>Description of Value of Fish and Wildlife Resources</u>: A description of the value of the habitat to associated fauna and the value of resources to humans is provided in this section.

<u>Applicable Fish and Wildlife Regulatory Criteria</u>: Fish and wildlife criteria applicable to the site are identified in this section, including both site-specific criteria and contaminant-specific criteria.

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<u>Risk Characterization</u>: On the basis of the preceding information, this section characterizes potential impacts to ecological resources due to chemicals from the site.

# 9.1 DESCRIPTION OF FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES

This section provides the following: 1) a general description of the site; 2) a topographical map and description of special resources within two miles of the site perimeter; 3) a description and map of the vegetative covertypes found on and adjacent to the site; and 4) a description of any observations of stress potentially related to site contaminants.

## 9.1.1 General Description

FRP is located in a small, historically industrial area of Geddes, New York. The site comprises approximately 156 acres, of which approximately 81 acres is a NYSDEC classified freshwater wetland. With the exception of the wetland area, which is located in the northern portion of the site, almost the entire site is occupied by the plant buildings and associated paved parking areas. The site is bordered on the north and west by the Seneca River, to the east by John Glenn Boulevard, and to the south by Farrell Road. An asphalt plant a cold storage warehouse, and a beverage bottling facility are located on Farrell Road south of the site. Surface water and ground water flow north from the site to the wetland and the Seneca River.

## 9.1.2 Topographical Map/Description of Special Resources

Figure 9-1 provides a topographical map of the site and surrounding area within a two-mile radius of the perimeter of the site. Special ecological resources within this area are shown on the topographic map. Major

resources located beyond this area are mapped only if these resources are likely to be affected by site-related contaminants. Resources that were evaluated include: NYSDEC Significant Habitats, as defined by the New York State Natural Heritage Program; habitats supporting endangered, threatened or rare species, or species of special concern; regulated wetlands; wild and scenic rivers; and streams, lakes and other major resources. These resources are discussed below.

# Significant Habitats, Endangered or Threatened Species, or Species of Special Concern

The NYSDEC Wildlife Resources Center was contacted for information on significant habitats and endangered and threatened species within two miles of the site. Based on a review of Natural Heritage Program files, there are no significant habitats, endangered or threatened species, or species of special concern located within two miles of the site (NYSDEC, 1994a). The closest mapped occurrences are over three miles from the Site, with a listed precision of 1.5 miles.

## <u>Regulated Wetlands</u>

The New York State Freshwater Wetlands Act (Article 24 of the Environmental Conservation Law) regulates activities in wetlands that are 12.4 acres and larger. According to NYSDEC freshwater wetland maps, there are several regulated wetlands within two miles downgradient of the site (see Figure 9-1). The closest regulated freshwater wetland (designated CAM-6 on the wetlands maps) is located in the northern portion of the site. This wetland, approximately 50 acres in size, is also designated as a flood control area of the New York State Barge Canal System and reportedly floods when the Seneca River rises.



#### Wild and Scenic Rivers

The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act defines wild and scenic rivers as "selected rivers in the nation which, with their immediate environments, possess outstandingly remarkable scenic, recreational, geologic, fish and wildlife, historic, cultural, or other similar values". According to NYSDEC, no wild and scenic rivers are located within two miles of the site (NYSDEC, 1994a).

#### Streams and Lakes

There are no streams or lakes within the site boundary. However, the Seneca River is located north of the site immediately adjacent to the previously cited freshwater wetland. The river is one-eighth to one-quarter mile north of the developed portion of the site. The Seneca River flows to the north, and eventually joins the Oswego River, a tributary of Lake Ontario. The NYSDEC Division of Water in Albany indicated that the Seneca River in the vicinity of the site is a Class C water body, whose best use designation is for fishing, fish propagation and survival, and primary and secondary recreation, although other factors may limit contact recreational uses (NYSDEC, 1994b).

The Region 7 Bureau of Fisheries was contacted regarding the fish resources of the Seneca River. There is currently no fish stocking program in the vicinity of the site (NYSDEC, 1994c). Fisheries data was collected in the portion of the river near the Onondaga Lake Outlet, approximately 0.75 miles downstream of the site, as part of a 1994 report prepared by the Upstate Freshwater Institute entitled, "The State of Onondaga Lake". This report references a 1991 investigation of the Seneca River on the west side of Klein Island (Erie Barge Canal), which is almost due north of the site.

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The river is reportedly 55 to 65 meters wide and 4.5 to 6.5 meters deep at this location.

A highly diverse fish community was encountered during this sampling event (21 species), with White Perch and Gizzard Shad the most abundant species. Other species included Channel Catfish, Golden Shiner, Walleye, Shorthead Redhorse, Carp, Smallmouth Bass, and Largemouth Bass. The planktivorous species were the most abundant, with benthic piscivoreinsectivore and littoral planktivore-insectivore the next most abundant trophic types.

NYSDEC Division of Fish and Wildlife reports of toxic substances in fish and wildlife (1979-1987) were reviewed. According to these reports, and correspondence with the Region 7 Bureau of Fisheries (NYSDEC, 1994c), no contaminant data for fish in the Seneca River in this region has been compiled. However, mercury levels in fish from Onondaga Lake, located approximately 0.75 miles downstream of the site, have been monitored by NYSDEC. A 1987 NYSDEC Division of Fish and Wildlife document entitled, "Toxic Substances in Fish and Wildlife Analyses Since 1 May 1982", reports 1985 and 1986 mercury levels in ten species as averaging less than 1.0 ppm, but concentrations in legal sized walleye and smallmouth bass averaging greater than 1.0 ppm. These data revealed an increase in concentrations over previous years, and was assumed to be the result of increased mercury concentrations in Onondaga Lake water. It should be noted that mercury was not detected at the site.

#### <u>Summary</u>

The special resources that required evaluation include the wetland in the northern portion of the site (CAM-6) and the Seneca River. A comparison of surface water concentrations and sediment criteria guidance (presented

in detail in Sections 9.3.2.1 and 9.3.2.2) reveal no acute or chronic adverse effect from identified organic and inorgainc compounds. Potential impacts in these areas are evaluated in Section 9.3.

# 9.1.3 Covertype Map/Description of Covertypes

Figure 9-2 provides a covertype map of the site and adjacent areas. The covertype map was prepared based on the site survey and information collected during the field investigation. Covertypes were identified based on terminology provided in the NYSDEC document entitled, "Ecological Communities of New York State" (Reschke, 1990).

A total of five dominant covertypes were identified within one-half mile of the site. The dominant covertypes include: 1) developed land; 2) floodplain forest; 3) deep emergent marsh; 4) disturbed land; and 5) mowed lawns. A small area of forested land is encountered on Klein Island north of the site, but was not considered a dominant covertype due to its distance from the site. Table 9-1 presents a list of plant species identified within each covertype. Table 9-2 presents a list of birds which may occur in the site vicinity based on the New York State Bird Atlas listing for the Town of Geddes (NYSDEC, 1994a). A description of each of the covertypes is presented below.

# <u>Developed Land</u>

With the exception of the large wetland which dominates the northern portion of the site, almost the entire site and surrounding area is comprised of developed land typical of urbanized industrial areas. The covertype within a one-half mile radius of the site consists of developed residential and commercial/industrial areas, except for the Seneca River corridor located north and west of the site. Developed land generally consists of



# TABLE 9-1 PLANT SPECIES LIST BY COVERTYPE MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	SPECIES AND			COVERTYPE		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Floodplain Forest	Deep Emergent Marsh	Disturbed Land	Mowed Lawn	Developed Land
Black Cherry	Prunus serotina	x				
Silver Maple	Acer saccharinum	Х				
Box-Elder	Acer negundo	Х				
Tuliptree	Liriodendron tulipifera	Х				
Smooth Alder	Alnus serrulata	Х				
Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	Х				
American Elm	Ulmus americana	Х				
Bitternut Hickory	Carya cordiformus	Х				
Staghorn Sumac	Rhus typhina	Х				
Willow	Salix spp.	Х				
Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	Х				
Smooth Sumac	Rhus glabra	Х				
Sensitive Fern	Onoclea sensibilis	Х				
Virginia Creeper	Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Х				
Poison Ivy	Toxicodendron radicans	Х				
Jewelweed	Impatiens capensis	Х				
Bullthistle	Cirsium vulgare	Х		Х		
Common Mullein	Verbascum thapsus	Х		Х		
Rice Cut-Grass	Leersia oryzaides			X		
Cattails	Typha spp.		Х			
Arrow Arum	Peltandra virginica		Х			
Purple Loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria		Х			
Blueflag	Iris versicolor		Х			

#### TABLE 9-2 NEW YORK STATE BREEDING BIRD ATLAS TOWN OF GEDDES AND VICINITY MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
American Redstart	Setophaga ruticilla
Common Vellowthroat	Geothlynis trichas
Scarlet Tanager	Piranga olivacea
Northern Cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis
Pose-breasted Grosbeak	Phelutricus Iudovicianus
Indigo Bunting	Passerina cvanea
Purfous sided Towhee	Pipilo erythrophthalmus
Chinning Sparrow	Spizella passerina
Field Sparrow	Spizella pusilla
Savannah Snarrow	Passerculus sandwichensis
Savainan Sparrow	Melospiza melodia
Sump Sparrow	Melospiza veorgiana Melospiza veorgiana
Bobolink	Dolichonyr orvivorus
Dodonink Dod winged Blockbird	Agelaius phoeniceus
Red-winged Diackond	Shumella maona
Common Grackle	Ouiscalus aviscula
Brown baseded Combind	Quiscums quiscum Molothrus ater
Northern Origin	Icterus oalbula
Purple Finch	Carpodacus purpureaus
Fulpic Finch	Carpodacus mexicanus
American Coldinat	Carpolacius mexicanus Carduelis tristis
American Goldmen	Passer domesticus
Aller Electric	Fundonar alnonim
Alder Flycalcher	Empidonar traillii
willow Flycalcher	Emplaonax manin Emplaonax minimus
Least Flycalcher	Emplaonat minimus
Eastern Phoede	Suyomis phoebe Mujarchus crinitus
Great Crested Flycalcher	Tyrannus brannus
Eastern Kingoird	Tyrannus tyrannus Fremonhila alnestris
Horned Lark Durale Mostin	Prome subis
	Tachycingta bicolor
Tree Swallow	Stalaidontany sarinannis
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	Dingria ringria
Bank Swallow	Kipundo Fustica
Barn Swallow	Cuanocitta cristata
Blue Jay	Cyanocina cristala Razio stricarillus
Black-capped Unickadee	r urus uricupinus Sitta cazolinansis
White-breasted Nuthatch	Silla carolinensis
Brown Creeper	Teoplochter gedon
House wren	Cistothorus palustris
Marsn wren Blue	Poliontila caezulaa
Blue-gray Gnalcalcher	Cathanus fuscescens
Veery	Culturus juscescens
wood Infush	Tyrocicnia musicina Turdus mirratorius
American Robin	Turaus migratorius Dumatella, carolinansis
Gray Caloira Northern Maskinghind	Duniciena caronnensis Mimus pobalottos
Northern Mockingoiru	Toxostoma Bifum
Drown Infasher	Rombucilla cadronim
Ceuar waxwing	Stormus valegris
European Starting	Sturnus vulgunis
Solitary Vireo	vireo soiitanus

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Yellow-throated Vireo	Vireo flavifrons
Warbling Vireo	Vireo gilvus
Red-eved Vireo	Vireo olivaceus
Yellow Warbler	Dendroica petechia
Yellow-rumped Warbler	Dendroica coronata
Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias
Green-backed Heron	Butorides striatus
Wood Duck	Aix sponsa
American Black Duck	Anas rubripes
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos
Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura
Northern Harrier	Circus cyaneus
Sharp-shinned Hawk	Accipiter striatus
Red-tailed Hawk	Buteo jamaicensis
American Kestrel	Falco sparverius
Ring-necked Pheasant	Phasianus colchicus
Ruffed Grouse	Bonasa umbellus
American Crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos
Virginia Rail	Rallus limicola
Sora	Porzana carolina
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitis macularia
American Woodcock	Scolopax minor
Rock Dove	Columba livia
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura
Black-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus erythropthalmus
Great Horned Owl	Bubo virginianus
Common Nighthawk	Chordeiles minor
Chimney Swift	Chaetura pelagica
Ruby-throated Hummingbird	Archilochus colubris
Belted Kingfisher	Cercyle alcyon
Red-headed Woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus
Red-bellied Woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus
Downy Woodpecker	Picoides pubescens
Hairy Woodpecker	Picoides villosus
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus
Pileated Woodpecker	Dryocopus pileatus
Eastern Wood-Pewee	Contopus virens

Source: NYSDEC Wildlife Information Services

impervious paved surfaces and buildings barren of significant wildlife or vegetation.

# Floodplain Forest

The northern boundary of the developed area of the site is formed by a steep embankment that drops from between 10 and 15 feet to a floodplain forest. During periods when the Seneca River rises, this area is reportedly flooded up to the embankment. The overstory is dominated by Silver Maple (*Acer saccharinum*), Box-Elder (*Acer negundo*), and Tuliptree (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), as well as Smooth Alder (*Alnus serrulata*), Eastern Cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), and Staghorn Sumac (*Rhus typhina*). The understory is dominated by Sensitive Fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*), Virginia Creeper (*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*), Poison Ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*) and Jewelweed (*Impatiens capensis*).

An area of floodplain forest is also present along the southern bank of the Seneca River. This area was inaccessible from the site during the site survey, but was viewed from the northern bank of the Seneca River. This forest is of varying width and the boundary is approximated on the covertype map.

Birds characteristic of floodplain forests include Yellow-Throated Vireo (Vireo flavifrons), Red-Bellied Woodpecker (Melanerpes carolinus), and Pileated Woodpecker (Dryocopus pileatus) (Reschke, 1990). A number of reptiles and amphibians are also expected to occur in this covertype; a Northern Leopard Frog (Rana pipiens) was observed during the site survey.

#### Deep Emergent Marsh

The overstory and understory of the floodplain forest immediately adjacent to the developed portion of the site gradually gives way to a large deep emergent marsh. The emergent marsh extends north to the floodplain forest on the southern bank of the Seneca River. As discussed above, the southern river bank was not accessible from the site during the site survey; therefore, the location of the northern boundary of the emergent wetland is approximated on the covertype map based on observations from the northern bank of the Seneca River. Emergent wetland vegetation is dominated by Cattails (*Typha spp.*), Arrow Arum (*Peltandra virginica*), Blue Flag (*Iris versicolor*), and Purple Loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*). Arrow Arum is particularly evident in the transition area between the floodplain forest and the emergent wetland areas. Characteristic animals for this covertype include the Red-Winged Blackbird (*Agelaius phoeniceus*), Marsh Wren (*Cistothorus palustris*), Virginia Rail (*Rallus limicola*), Bullfrog (*Rana catesbeiana*), and Painted Turtle (*Chrysemys picta*) (Reschke, 1990).

## <u>Disturbed Land</u>

Disturbed lands are considered to be those areas which exhibit outward signs of past use, including roadways, pathways, or areas of disruption due to other activities. A small, rounded area in the floodplain forest behind Building No. 2 (former debris pile) is classified as disturbed land. This area extends approximately 50 feet from the embankment into the floodplain forest, and was associated with the excavation of soils as part of an interim remedial measure. This area was planted with Rice Cut-Grass (*Leersia oryzoides*), and has been subsequently colonized by Bullthistle (*Cirsium vulgare*), Common Mullein (*Verbascum thapsus*), and Sensitive Fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*).

#### Mowed Lawn

Limited areas of cultivated lawn are present along Farrell Road in the southern portion of the site, along narrow corridors between FRP-1 and FRP-2, and between the parking areas and the floodplain forest. These areas are landscaped and well maintained, and provide little habitat value.

#### 9.1.4 Observation of Stress Potentially Related To Site Activity

During field activities at the site on 14 July 1994, which included extensive investigation of the wetland area in the northern portion of the site, there were no signs of stressed vegetation, wildlife, or stained soils on or adjacent to the site.

## 9.2 DESCRIPTION OF VALUE OF FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES

A description of the value of the habitat to associated fauna and the value of resources to humans is provided in this section.

## 9.2.1 Value To Wildlife

The southern portion of the site, where the buildings and parking lots are located, consists of developed land, and presents little value to wildlife. The floodplain forest and deep emergent marsh in the northern portion of the site, however, provide excellent habitat value in the form of food and cover to birds, reptiles, amphibians, and small to medium mammals, and supports a variety of vegetative species. The deep emergent marsh is a NYSDEC-regulated freshwater wetland (CAM-6).

Information obtained from NYSDEC Region 7 indicates that the Seneca River is not stocked with fish in the region of the site (NYSDEC, 1994c).

However, a study of the local fish population indicates that the Seneca River-Onondaga Lake area supports a diverse fish community with at least 21 species identified (Upstate Freshwater Institute, 1994).

## 9.2.2 Value To Humans

In addition to its ecological value, the floodplain forest and deep emergent marsh areas provide an aesthetically pleasing buffer between the Seneca River and the industrialized Farrell Road area. This area is also designated as a flood control area of the New York State Barge Canal System.

Recreational fishing is popular in the Seneca River-Onondaga Lake area, especially at the Onondaga Lake outlet approximately 0.75 miles downstream of the site. As stated above, the Seneca River supports a diverse fish community. Recreational boaters likely travel this section of the river between their moorings on the river and Onondaga Lake, which is popular among recreational boaters. The Seneca River in the vicinity of the site is therefore considered valuable for recreational purposes.

# 9.3 APPLICABLE FISH AND WILDLIFE REGULATORY CRITERIA

Based on a review of the Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis guidance document (NYSDEC, 1991) and the list of New York State Standards, Criteria, and Guidelines (NYSDEC, 1992), fish and wildlife regulatory criteria potentially applicable to the site include four site-specific criteria and two contaminant-specific criteria, as discussed below. The site-specific criteria potentially applicable to the site include: (1) NYSDEC regulated wetlands; (2) endangered and threatened species/significant habitats; (3) regulated streams; and (4) navigable waterbodies. As discussed in Section 9.1.2, there is a NYSDEC regulated wetland in the northern portion of the property (CAM-6), and the Seneca River is both a regulated stream and a navigable waterbody. Any remedial action plans developed in the Feasibility Study which would impact these areas must meet the requirements of the regulations governing these areas.

#### 9.3.2 Analyte-Specific Criteria

The analyte-specific criteria applicable to the site include: (1) NYSDEC surface water quality standards/guidance values for the protection of aquatic life (NYCRR 700-705); and (2) NYSDEC sediment criteria developed by the Division of Fish and Wildlife (NYSDEC, 1993). An investigation of the wetland area north of the developed portion of the site was conducted in 1993. As part of that investigation, surface water, ground water, and sediment samples were collected. In addition, as part of the current investigation, additional ground water samples from the wetland area were collected. The following sections compare the detected concentrations in each of these media to applicable standards.

#### 9.3.2.1 NYSDEC Surface Water Quality Standards

Three surface water samples were collected from standing water within the wetland area of the site and analyzed for VOCs. The results are summarized in Table 9-3. As shown in this table, only three VOCs were detected. MTBE was detected at SW-1 at 310 ug/l; carbon disulfide was detected at SW-2 and SW-3 at 6 ug/l and 2 ug/l, respectively; and 2-

## TABLE 9-3 EVALUATION OF CHEMICALS DETECTED IN WETLAND SURFACE WATER MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

Chemical	Frequency of Detection	Maximum Detected Concentration (ug/l)	NYS Surface Water Quality Standard	One-Tenth of LC-50 (a) (ug/l)
MTBE	1/3	310	N/A	N/A
Carbon Disulfide	2/3	6	N/A	13,500 (b)
2-Butanone	1/3	7	N/A	169,000 (c)

N/A: Applicable standard or criteria not available.

(a) Source: Verschueren, 1983.

(b) LC-50 for Mosquito Fish.

(c) LC-50 for Bluegill..

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butanone was detected at 7 ug/l at SW-2.

Parts UDI There are currently no New York State or USEPA surface water quality standards for these parameters. Therefore, in order to evaluate this data, the concentrations are compared to 1/10 of an applicable LC<sub>50</sub> value. This approach is discussed in USEPA's guidance document entitled, "Ecological Risk Assessment in the Office of Toxic Substances - Problems and Progress 1984-1987" (USEPA, 1987). In this approach, a presumption of no risk to aquatic organisms for acute toxicity can be made if the detected concentrations are less than 1/10 of an applicable LC<sub>50</sub>. As shown in Table 9-3, the detected concentrations of carbon disulfide and 2-butanone are three to four orders of magnitude below the acceptable level for acute toxicity. (No  $LC_{50}$  was available for MTBE). The above reference does not present a formula based on  $LC_{50}$  data for evaluating chronic toxicity impacts. However, given that the detected concentrations are orders of magnitude lower than the acute toxicity levels, no adverse chronic impacts to aquatic life are expected to occur due to the presence of these chemicals in surface water at the site.

As part of the accelerated RI in the Fall 1993, a total of 13 piezometers were installed to sample ground water in the wetland. Water samples collected from these piezometers were analyzed for VOCs. Shallow piezometers were installed to a depth of approximately three feet, and deep piezometers to approximately seven feet. In addition to the piezometers, five monitoring wells were sampled (MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW-17, MW-18) in the wetland area. Samples from these five wells were analyzed for VOCs, semi-VOCs, pesticides and PCBs, and TAL inorganics. The analytical results are presented in Table 9-4. Because of the shallow depth of the ground water and its probable discharge to surface water either within the wetland area or the Seneca River, the ground water data is also compared to New York State Surface Water Quality Standards for

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## TABLE 9-4 EVALUATION OF CHEMICALS DETECTED IN WETLAND GROUND WATER MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

Chemical	Frequency of	Maximum Detected Concentration	NYS Surface Water Quality Standard (a)	BUINANCE VALVE	.GW
	5/22	(ug/1)	(ug/1)		- <u>J(v)</u>
Acetone	5/25	2,400	N/A	5	5
1,1-DCA	13/23	79	N/A		5
TCE	17/23	660	11 (d)/3	3	
Benzene	2/23	90	6 (d)	6	
TCFM	4/23	12	11000 (c)	5	
1,1,1 <b>-TCA</b>	15/23	150	18000 (c)	5	
Toluene	2/23	11	17500 (c)	5	
MTBE	1/18	50	N/A		
Carbon Disulfide	2/18	9	N/A		
cis-1,2-DCE	3/18	120	11600 (c)	5	
trans-1,2-DCE	3/18	4.9	11600 (c)		
1,2-DCE (Total)	8/18	40	11600 (c)		
1,1-DCE	3/23	9	11600 (c)	5	
1,3,5 <b>-</b> TMB	1/5	0.61	N/A	5	
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1/5	0.9	0.6 (d)		
Methylene Chloride	4/23	8	11000 (c)	5	
Chloroform	1/23	1	1240 (b)		
Dieldrin	1/5	0.003	0.0019 (e)		
Vanadium	2/9	448	190	_	

N/A: No applicable standard or criteria

(a) NYS Surface Water Quality Standard for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Class D Waters, except as noted.

(b) LOEL for chronic effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).

(c) LOEL for acute effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).(d) NYS Surface Water Quality Standard.

(e) USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life.

(f) Calculated from site-specific hardness value of 6543 mg/l.

(g) Guidance value.

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## TABLE 9-4 (cont.) EVALUATION OF CHEMICALS DETECTED IN WETLAND GROUND WATER MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

		Maximum Detected	NYS Surface Water
	Frequency of	Concentration	Quality Standard (a)
Chemical	Detection	(ug/l)	(ug/l)
Nickel	3/9	101	44243 (f)
Arsenic	5/9	10	360
Barium	7/9	540	N/A
Cadmium	2/9	5	438 (f)
Calcium	5/9	1860000	N/A
Iron	3/9	1300	300
Zinc	7/9	448	4139
Magnesium	9/9	462000	N/A
Manganese	9/9	9650	N/A
Beryllium	3/9	3.5	1100 (d)
Chromium	3/9	19.4	51922 (f)
Cobalt	1/9	47.7	110 (g)
Lead	4/9	21.2	16437 (f)
Mercury	1/9	0.51	0.012 (e)
Selenium	2/9	5	1 (d)
Silver	2/9	10	5389
Sodium	4/9	80900	N/A
Thallium	2/9	50	20

N/A: No applicable standard or criteria

(a) NYS Surface Water Quality Standard for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Class D Waters, except as noted.

(b) LOEL for chronic effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).

(c) LOEL for acute effects as cited in the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Freshwater Life (USEPA, undated).
(d) NYS Surface Water Quality Standard for Class C Waters.

(e) USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life.

(f) Calculated from site-specific hardness value of 6543 mg/l.

(g) Guidance value.

the protection of aquatic life. If no applicable New York State standard or guidance value is available, the results are compared to the USEPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the protection of freshwater aquatic life. It should be noted that this comparison may overstate risk because VOCs present in ground water are likely to volatilize once they discharge to surface water; thus, detected concentrations in ground water are higher than what would be expected in the surface water.

As shown in Table 9-4, a total of 37 chemicals have been detected in wetland ground water samples. Standards or criteria were available for 27 of these chemicals. Nine chemicals had maximum detected concentrations in excess of the applicable standard or criterion. Due to the relative infrequency of their detections (3 out of 9 samples or less), the fact that their presence is not believed to be due to site contamination, and the fact that the concentrations are measured in ground water (not surface water), these chemicals are not expected to pose a significant risk to aquatic life.

#### 9.3.2.2 NYSDEC Sediment Criteria

As part of the Accelerated RI, sediment samples were collected from the wetland area to evaluate whether sediments have been impacted by materials discharged from the site. The sediment analyses previously described in Section 7.1.1 were also incorporated into this evaluation. A total of 12 locations were sampled in the wetland. Samples were collected at depth intervals of 0-1 feet and 1-2 feet. A total of 17 samples were collected from the outfalls. All samples were analyzed for one or more of the following compounds; TCL organic and TAL inorganics. A total of eight organic compounds were detected in the wetland sediment, compounds included: acetone, benzene, 2-butanone, 1,1-dichloroethane, TCE, PCB, methylene chloride, and trichlorofluoromethane. Table 9-5 presents an evaluation of the sampling results from the wetland. See Table 7-2 for a summary of sampling results from the outfalls.

## TABLE 9-5 EVALUATION OF CHEMICALS DETECTED IN WETLAND SEDIMENT MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	Frequency of	Maximum Detected	NYS Sediment Criteria	Derived EP Method Sediment Criteria
Chemical	Detection	(ug/kg)	Organisms	(ug/kg) (a)
Acetone	9/40	460	N/A	N/A (b)
1,1-DCA	2/40	20	N/A	495
2-Butanone	7/40	150	N/A	N/A (b)
TCE	8/40	31	N/A	82,782
Benzene	1/40	22	N/A	132
TCFM	1/40	18	N/A	525
РСВ	8/40	2900	N/A	42
M e t h y l e n e Chloride	7/40	23	N/A	N/A
MTBE	1/40	360	N/A	N/A

N/A: Applicable standard or criteria not available.

(a) "Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments", NYSDEC 1993.

(b) EP method not applicable to polar compounds, which are not expected to remain in sediments, and thus are not expected to pose significant risks to benthic or aquatic life via sediment.

557.044.03\9-5.tbi REV 4/95 NYSDEC has not established sediment standards or criteria for the protection of benthic aquatic life or wildlife for any of the chemicals detected (NYSDEC, 1993). In general, these chemicals are not likely to accumulate to any significant degree in sediments. All of the chemicals are highly soluble, volatile compounds with relatively low  $K_{ow}$ , and, therefore, will not tend to sorb to sediments and/or bioaccumulate with the exception of PCB in outfall sediment.

However, in order to evaluate this data on a more quantitative basis, the equilibrium partitioning approach to developing sediment quality criteria, as discussed in NYSDEC's "Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediment", was used (NYSDEC, 1993). The equilibrium partitioning approach is applicable to non-polar organic compounds (as opposed to polar organic compounds). The guidance document indicates that polar compounds, which tend have high water solubilities, will dissolve and not accumulate in sediments (NYSDEC, 1993). Four of the compounds detected in sediments at the site are polar compounds (acetone, methylene chloride, and 2-butanone). Based on the above information, these compounds are not expected to accumulate significantly in sediment, and therefore are not evaluated further.

Sediment criteria for the remaining non-polar chemicals (benzene, 1,1dichloroethane, TCE, PCB, and trichlorofluoromethane) were derived using the equilibrium partitioning approach. The calculations are presented in Table 9-6. The equation for calculating an acceptable sediment concentration is as follows (USEPA, 1993):

Sediment Criterion (SC) (ug/kg) = WQC x Koc x foc where: WQC = Water Quality Criterion (ug/L). The WQC is an acceptable

# TABLE 9-6 DERIVATION OF AQUATIC LIFE-BASED SEDIMENT CRITERIA MMC-FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

	LC-50 (a)	Acceptable Acute Criteria	Water Quality Criteria	Koc	foc (kg OC/	EP Method Sediment Criteria (h)
Chemical	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(ug/l)	(l/kg)	kg soil) (g)	(ug/kg)
1,1-DCA	550 (b)	55 (c)	550 (e)	30	0.03	495
TCE			21,900 (f)	126	0.03	82,782
Benzene		5.3 (d)	53 (e)	83	0.03	132
TCFM		11(d)	110(e)	159	0.03	525
PCB				2.26		42

(a) Source: Verschueren, 1983.

(b) LC-50 for bluegill sunfish.

(c) Based on one-tenth LC-50.

(d) LOEL for acute effects as cited in the USEPA Water Quality Criteria Summary (USEPA, undated).

(e) Chronic criteria based on one-one hundredth of the acceptable acute criteria.

(f) LOEL for chronic effects as cited in the USEPA Water Quality Criteria Summary (USEPA, undated).

(g) Assumed to be 3%.

(h) From "Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments", NYSDEC 1993, and USEPA 1993.

Sediment Criteria derived from the following formula:

Sc = (WQC)(Koc)(foc)

Where:

Sc = Sediment Criteria

WQC= Water Quality Criteria (or Chronic Criteria)

Koc = Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient

foc = Fraction of Organic Carbon

557.044.03\9-6.tbl REV 4/95 concentration of the chemical of concern for the protection of aquatic life for chronic effects. There are no New York State surface water quality standards for the chemicals of concern for the protection of aquatic life. Similarly, no federal ambient water quality criteria (AWQC) for chronic exposure for freshwater aquatic life have been established for these chemicals. However, USEPA cites a lowest observed effect level (LOEL) of 21,900 ug/L for trichloroethene (USEPA, undated), which is used as the WQC for this calculation. For benzene and trichlorofluoromethane, EPA cites acute criteria of 5,300 ug/L and 11,000 ug/L, respectively (USEPA, undated). In order to derive chronic criteria for these chemicals, a safety factor of 100 was applied to the acute criteria, resulting in chronic WQC of 53 ug/L and 110 ug/L for benzene and trichlorofluoromethane, respectively. For 1,1-dichloroethane, and no acute or chronic AWQC exist. Therefore, as described in Section 9.3.2.1, an acute criterion was derived using 1/10 of an applicable LC<sub>50</sub>. A chronic criterion was then derived using a safety factor of 100 applied to the acute criteria, as described for benzene.

Koc = Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient (l/kg).

foc = Fraction of Organic Carbon (kg OC/kg soil).

The resulting derived sediment quality criteria for the protection of aquatic and/or benthic life are presented in Table 9-6.

Table 9-5 presented above compares the maximum concentrations of all chemicals detected in sediment to the above derived sediment criteria. As shown in this table, the maximum concentrations are in all cases well below the derived criteria with the exception of PCBs which exceeded criteria at Outfall 003. Therefore, adverse impacts to aquatic and/or benthic life are expected to be minimal as a result of chemicals present in sediment.

#### 9.4 RISK CHARACTERIZATION

Based on the results of the field program conducted at the site, ecological resources in the vicinity of the site have not been significantly impacted by chemicals from the site. Minimal impacts to NYSDEC identified significant habitats, endangered or threatened species, species of special concern, or wild and scenic rivers are expected to result from chemicals from the site at the present time. No areas of stressed vegetation were observed during the site survey.

Wetlands are composed of both soils and sediment. Samples collected near the wetland outfalls were analyzed for TCL volatile organic compounds, TCL semi-volatile organic compounds, PCBs and pesticides, and inorganics.

Pesticides were detected in low concentrations in sediments at each of the seven storm water outfalls that discharge to the wetland. Given the concentrations of the contaminants, the location of the outfalls and the persistence of pesticides in the environment, the detected concentrations are likely the result of localized use of pesticides at the site. There is no history of pesticide use at the site beyond incidental use to control pests.

The NYSDEC DFW sediment screening criteria are useful in estimating risk. Based on an assumed organic concentration of three percent in the wetland sediments, the following comparison can be made between pesticides detected at the outfalls and NYSDEC guidance for the protection of human health or aquatic life.

Heptachlor and Dieldrin are present above the human health bioaccumulation sediment criteria of 0.024  $\mu$ g/KG and 3.0  $\mu$ g/KG respectively. Heptachlor was detected at outfall 003 at a maximum

concentration of 2.3  $\mu$ g/KG and Dieldrin was present at outfalls 002 and 003 at a maximum concentration of 37  $\mu$ g/KG and 12  $\mu$ g/KG respectively. Only Endosulfan was present in concentrations above the benthic aquatic life criteria of 0.9  $\mu$ g/KG, having been detected at outfall 003 at 1.7  $\mu$ g/KG.

Sediment screening criteria are available for phenol (benthic aquatic chronic toxicity), phenanthrene (benthic aquatic chronic toxicity), fluoranthene (benthic aquatic chronic toxicity), phthalate (benthic aquatic chronic toxicity), and trichloroethene (human health accumulation). Only phenol was detected above the benthic aquatic chronic toxicity sediment criteria of 18  $\mu$ g/KG at outfall 002 at a maximum concentration of 420  $\mu$ g/KG.

In addition, 2-methylnapthalene (76  $\mu$ g/KG), anthracene (35  $\mu$ g/KG), di-nbutylpthalate (95  $\mu$ g/KG), pyrene (150  $\mu$ g/KG), benzo(a)anthracene (70  $\mu$ g/KG), chrysene (100  $\mu$ g/KG). benzo(b)flouranthene (220  $\mu$ g/KG), benzo(k)fluroranthene (230  $\mu$ g/KG), methylene chloride (16  $\mu$ g/KG), chloroform (5  $\mu$ g/KG), and toluene (5  $\mu$ g/KG) were detected in outfall sediments, and no sediment criteria protective of human health or benthic aquatic life are included in NYSDEC's DFW sediment screening criteria document.

Screening criteria for metals are also provided in the NYSDEC DFW sediment screening criteria. Two levels of risk are established, a lowest effect and a severe effect level. A sediment is considered contaminated if either criteria is exceeded. All concentrations of metals detected in the wetland outfall sediments were below the lowest effect level criteria.

PCBs were detected in five of the outfall sediment samples. The human health bioaccumlation sediment criteria of 0.0024  $\mu$ g/KG was exceeded at

outfalls 001, 002, 003, 004, and 005. The benthic aquatic life chronic toxicity criteria of 579  $\mu$ g/KG was exceeded at outfall 003, where the highest concentration of PCBs were detected at 2,900  $\mu$ g/KG. There were no exceedances of the benthic aquatic life acute toxicity criteria of 82,800  $\mu$ g/KG.

In conclusion, contaminants in the wetland outfall sediments in excess of NYSDEC DFW sediment screening criteria are presented above. These concentrations are considered to be localized at each outfall, and are not considered indicative of the overall contamination in the wetland. Endosulfan (outfall 003), phenol (outfall 002), and PCBs (outfall 003) were detected above benthic aquatic life chronic toxicity sediment criterion. Heptachlor (outfall 003), PCBs (outfalls 001, 002, 003, 004, and 005) and Dieldrin (outfalls 002, 003, and 006) exceeded sediment criteria based on human health bioaccumulation.

The potential exists for adverse long-term exposure impacts to fish that may utilize the wetland. However, the risk is somewhat limited based upon the brief exposure caused by occasional spring flooding and the localized nature of the affected sediment.

Ground water from the site probably discharges to a NYSDEC regulated wetland (CAM-6) and ultimately to the Seneca River located to the north. No NYSDEC or USEPA standards for the protection of aquatic organisms or wildlife have been developed for the chemicals of concern in either surface water or sediment. However, the maximum detected concentrations of these chemicals are all significantly below derived acceptable levels in surface water and sediment based on methods and approaches presented in USEPA and NYSDEC guidance documents. In general, shallow ground water also meets applicable criteria for the protection of aquatic life. The maximum detected concentrations of seven

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chemicals, primarily metals, exceeded applicable SCG. However, these chemicals were relatively infrequently detected. Provided that the source of the analytes in the developed area of the site is controlled, no adverse impacts to ecological receptors are expected in the future.

The NYSDEC regulated wetland located in the northern portion of the site as well as the Seneca River are site-specific criteria, as defined by NYSDEC guidance (NYSDEC, 1991), which must be considered in the Feasibility Study. Thus, any remedial action plans developed in the Feasibility Study which would impact these areas must meet the requirements of the regulations governing these areas.

## 10.1 INTRODUCTION

ERM performed a Qualitative Public Health Risk Assessment at FRP. The purpose of the risk assessment was to characterize the potential risks to human health resulting from identified areas of affected soil and ground water at the site. The risk assessment is used as a benchmark against which the effectiveness of proposed remedial alternatives can be evaluated. All findings are based on a qualitative evaluation of current site conditions and anticipated future site conditions.

The risk assessment did not identify any significant exposure pathways at the site under current conditions. However, several potential exposure pathways were identified associated with: 1) future construction activities at the building portion of the site; and 2) future movement of affected ground water towards the Seneca River.

The potential exposure pathways during future construction activities include: inhalation of volatile organics and direct contact with affected site soils. These activities can potentially impact construction workers, site employees and nearby residents. Nine VOCs and one inorganic analyte were identified in the soils of the site above the cleanup objectives of NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046. Future construction activities could potentially expose these affected soils.

The potential exposure pathways following future movement towards the Seneca River include: inhalation of volatile organics, and direct contact and ingestion of affected fish tissue from the surface water. These exposures can potentially impact nearby residents and recreational river uses. Seven VOCs and two inorganic analytes were identified in the ground water of
the wetland above the New York State Department of Health drinking water levels. Sampling done in 1992 indicated that the surface water of the Seneca River has not been affected by site activity.

The general methods used in the risk assessment are based on those methods presented in the USEPA's Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume 1, Human Health Evaluation Manual (USEPA, 1989). The risk assessment utilizes information presented in past and present environmental investigations performed by ERM at the property. All applicable ERM site documents were incorporated into the risk assessment.

# 10.2 PUBLIC HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

On the basis of the information presented in past environmental investigations at the Farrell Road site, a qualitative public health risk assessment was completed. The risk assessment is divided into four sections as described below:

- Section 10.2.1 Potential Routes of Exposure. This section describes the potential routes of exposure by which individuals may be exposed to site affected site media. This includes both current and projected future conditions.
  - Section 10.2.2 Chemicals of Concern. This section describes the chemicals of concern in those media associated with the identified potential routes of exposure. Specific indicator chemicals or classes of chemicals have been used where multiple chemicals are found on site. This allows the evaluation to selectively identify the chemicals posing the greatest risk and to focus the evaluation on these chemicals.

- Section 10.2.3 Toxicity Assessment. This section evaluates the particular toxicity and characteristics of those identified chemicals of concern.
- Section 10.2.4 Risk Characterization. This section uses the presented information to evaluate and characterize the risk to human health associated with affected media on the site.

# 10.2.1 Potential Routes of Exposure

Exposure to affected media at the site can occur through a number of different exposure pathways. Two exposure scenarios have been evaluated: 1) potential exposures under current site conditions; and, 2) potential exposures under future site conditions. The current conditions are represented by current activities at the site according to the most recent investigation. The site has been industrially zoned since the 1960s and is anticipated to be maintained in this fashion through the future. It is assumed that the site will not undergo major zoning modifications in the future, such as development as a residential/recreational area. It is anticipated that industrial construction activities will be conducted in the future.

Previous site investigations have delineated the extent and boundaries of affected media at the site. In general, the affected media is located on the west side of Building No.1, east and west sides Building No. 2 and the area north of Building No. 2 (ERM, 1992a and 1992b). This is consistent with the known point sources and the flow of ground water to the north. Sampling has been conducted to the south of Building No. 2 where analysis of soils and ground water has shown that there is no impact with the exception of low concentrations of VOCs in MW-19. Some of these areas to the distant south, east and west of the site have residential

and recreational facilities, but will not be addressed due to the lack of an identified exposure pathway.

Exposure at the site may occur through a number of different exposure pathways, as outlined below:

- Section 10.2.1.1-Inhalation of Volatilized Organics from Site Soils;
- Section 10.2.1.2-Inhalation of Fugitive Dust Emissions from Site Soils;
- Section 10.2.1.3-Direct Contact with Site Soils;
- Section 10.2.1.4-Exposure to Ground Water; and
- Section 10.2.1.5-Exposure to Surface Water.

A discussion of these exposure pathways and identification of those potential exposure pathways of concern will follow. Section 10.2.1.6 presents a summary of the potential exposure pathways.

# 10.2.1.1 Inhalation of Volatile Organics from Site Soils

Volatile organic compounds have been identified in site soils and present a potential inhalation exposure pathway. The potential exposure pathway for VOCs is generated through the volatilization of the contaminants from the soils into the atmosphere. Volatilization rates for VOCs will vary among each contaminant, but they generally will volatilize when exposed to the atmosphere.

Most of the facility portion of the property is paved, which eliminates the potential exposure route for inhalation of volatile organics in these areas. In addition, neither of the buildings have basements that would tend to accumulate volatile vapors. However, there are two areas of the site where the potential for exposure through volatilization under current conditions

still exists: the stretch of land on the west wall of Building No. 2 and the wetlands north of the buildings. These areas are unpaved and contain affected soils.

The stretch of land along the west wall of Building No. 2 is the previous location of the solvent tanks and drywell. The soils in this area have been impacted by these previous operations. This area is within the fenced-in portion of the site and is approximately 10 feet wide by 200 feet long. It is currently covered with grass and is accessible to site employees. Although this area is adjacent to the west guard shack and entrance, it does not appear to be an area of high employee occupancy. Therefore, this area would not be considered a potential exposure pathway for inhalation of VOCs.

Most of the wetland area is located north of the buildings and outside the facility fence line. The soils in this area have been impacted in low concentrations by site related activity. The small stretch of wetland south of the fence (building side) is accessible to site employees. However, there are no operations in this portion of the site and it does not appear to be an area of high employee occupancy. The large portion of the wetlands located north of the fence (river side) is accessible to trespassers. However, this portion of the wetland is difficult to access due to its location and heavy vegetative growth. Access to this area is restricted to the north and northwest by the Seneca River, to the south by the property fence, to the east by John Glenn Boulevard and to the west by additional wetlands. Trespassers in the wetland would appear to be rare. Based on the anticipated low occupancy in the wetland area, this would not be considered a potential exposure pathway for inhalation of VOCs.

It is possible that some degree of building construction may be conducted at the facility in the future. In this case, pavement will be removed and

affected soils within the building portion of the property may be exposed. Construction in the wetland is not anticipated. The extent and duration of any construction can not be determined, but operations could leave an area of affected soils exposed for several months. In addition, intrusive soil operations will allow for additional volatilization of compounds. During construction operations, construction workers, site workers and potentially nearby residents may have access to exposed affected media. Future construction activities could present a potential exposure pathway for inhalation of volatile organics in the building portion of the site.

#### 10.2.1.2 Inhalation of Fugitive Dust from Site Soils

Inorganic, semi-volatile organics and pesticide/PCB analytes in the soil present an exposure potential when affected soil particulates become airborne. These particulates typically become airborne from wind erosion and vehicular traffic over exposed soils. As indicated above, areas of unpaved soils are located along the west wall of Building No. 2 and within the wetland. The area west of Building No. 2 is grassed over and would not appear to be used for vehicle traffic under current conditions. The wetland is seasonally flooded and highly vegetated, which would eliminate the potential for wind erosion as an exposure pathway. In addition, the location of the wetland will not allow vehicle traffic and would eliminate the potential for vehicle traffic as an exposure pathway. Inhalation of fugitive dust emissions from the soils would not be considered a potential exposure pathway under current conditions.

As previously stated, future construction activities could potentially expose affected soils in the construction area and allow for airborne suspension of contaminants through vehicle traffic and wind erosion. During these activities, construction workers, site workers and potentially nearby residents could be exposed. Future construction activities could present a

potential exposure pathway for inhalation of fugitive dust emissions and should be managed accordingly.

#### 10.2.1.3 Direct Contact with Site Soils

Direct contact with soils can cause both incidental ingestion and dermal absorption of affected soils. Incidental ingestion occurs when affected soil particles in contact with the hands are incidentally ingested by transfer from the hands directly or indirectly to the mouth. Dermal absorption of contaminants occurs when contaminated soils in contact with the skin are physically absorbed through the skin.

As previously noted, most of the facility portion of the property is paved. This eliminates the potential exposure route for incidental ingestion and dermal absorption in these areas. However, the stretch of land on the west wall of Building No. 2 and the wetlands north of the buildings present a potential for exposure. The stretch of land on the west side of Building No. 2 is accessible to site employees and the wetland is accessible to site employees and trespassers. Based on the low potential for occupancy in each area, neither appear to present a potential incidental ingestion or dermal absorption exposure pathway under current conditions.

If construction activity is performed in the future, construction workers may be susceptible to incidental ingestion and dermal absorption of contaminated soils. With adequate dust control procedures and construction site security, the risk to exposure can be minimized. Future construction activities present a potential exposure pathway for incidental ingestion and dermal absorption of contaminated soils.

#### 10.2.1.4 Exposure to Ground Water

No exposure pathways were identified for ground water at the site under current conditions. Potable water is supplied to the site and surrounding area by the Onondaga County Water Authority in Syracuse, New York. No private wells are known to be located within a one-mile radius of the site. Downgradient monitoring wells located within the wetland have indicated that affected ground water is located beneath the wetland. Therefore, exposure to affected ground water would not currently be considered a potential exposure pathway.

In the future, the potential exposure pathway for ground water is based on the movement of existing contaminants at the site. With the ground water flow to the north, ground water contaminants will move towards the wetland. Typically, wetlands act as filters to any analyte movement which reduces analyte movement towards potential down gradient receptors. Based on the anticipated water flow (Seneca River), distant proximity of private wells and the established drinking water source outside the area, ground water migration does not appear to be a significant exposure pathway. In addition, it is not anticipated that ground water supply wells will be constructed within the facility portion of the property or the wetland. Future exposure to contaminated ground water would not be considered a potential exposure pathway.

#### 10.2.1.5 Exposure to Surface Water

No potential exposure pathways were identified for surface water at the site under current conditions. Surface water is located adjacent to the site at the Seneca River. The surface water of the Seneca River was sampled during a follow-up investigation in June of 1992 and no contaminants were detected at any sampled location along the river.

Downgradient wells located within the wetland have indicated that contaminated ground water has not migrated off-site (i.e. to the river). Surface water in the wetland from seasonal flooding is not considered a potential exposure pathway based on the anticipated occupancy in the wetland discussed previously. Therefore, current exposure to contaminated surface water would not be considered a complete exposure pathway.

In the future, the potential exposure pathway for surface water is based on the movement of existing contaminants at the site. Site ground water, which flows to the north, migrates towards the wetlands and Seneca River. This presents a limited potential exposure pathway for exposure to the surface waters of the Seneca River; however, as previously stated, the presence of the wetland and the large volume of water in the Seneca River greatly reduces the likelihood of exposure due to dilution. Potential exposure pathways include: 1) inhalation of VOCs from the surface water; 2) direct contact through dermal absorption; 3) incidental ingestion of surface water; and, 4) ingestion of fish tissue. Participants in recreational activities could potentially be impacted by these exposure pathways. However, exposure to contaminated surface water will be limited in the future as site remediation continues.

# 10.2.1.6 Summary of Potential Exposure Pathways

Several potential exposure pathways were identified at the site. These pathways include:

- Inhalation of VOCs from site soils future construction activities.
- Inhalation of fugitive dust emissions from site soils future construction activities.
- Direct contact with site soils future construction activities.
- Exposure to surface water Seneca River future contaminant migration to the Seneca River.

#### 10.2.2 CHEMICALS OF CONCERN

The identification of the chemicals of concern is conducted to enhance the risk assessment process by centering the evaluation only on the significant chemicals at the site. In order to identify the chemicals of concern at the site, the results of sample analysis from previous investigations were evaluated. During these investigations, several different media were sampled, which included soil, surface water and ground water.

In an evaluation of the potential route of exposure (Section 10.2.1), two separate areas and media at the site need to be evaluated. This includes: 1) the soils at the building portion of the site to evaluate exposure during future construction activities; and 2) ground water in the wetland portion of the site to evaluate potential movement towards the Seneca River. Although the ground water concentrations in the building portion of the site are greater than those found at the wetland, the wetland ground water concentrations were used for risk evaluation because it is anticipated that ground water remediation will be conducted in the building portion of the site. The building portion of the site is defined as the fenced-in areas of FRP-1 and FRP-2 and the paved areas (parking lots) of the site. The wetland is defined as the portion of the site from the north fence to the Seneca River. Each area will be evaluated for significant chemicals of concern. Based on the lack of potential exposure pathways, contaminants in the ground water at the building portion of the site and in the soil of the wetland portion of the site will not be evaluated further.

At sites where a number of chemicals have been detected, an indicator chemical selection process is used to reduce the number of chemicals that warrant a complete and thorough evaluation. This process uses site data for each chemical to determine those chemicals that are integral to the evaluation. This risk assessment uses a selection process based on certain

criteria to evaluate and reduce the number of chemicals of concern. This criteria incorporates the frequency of detection, site concentration data and chemical toxicity data. The site concentration data will be screened against the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL), Eastern USA Background Levels (NYSDEC Memorandum, Division Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels) and New York State Ground Water Standards (NYSGWS) for Class GA waters. Chemicals falling below these levels or within the background range will be eliminated from the evaluation. However, chemicals will not be eliminated if they are detected in high concentrations or will eliminate an area of concern due to a large number of samples outside that area.

The following sections identify the chemicals of concern in each media at the site.

#### 10.2.2.1 Chemicals of Concern in Building Soils

Table 10-1 summarizes the chemicals detected in the soils at the building portion of the site. The table presents a list of the identified compounds, range of reported concentration, frequency of detection, and CRQL/Eastern USA background levels. Volatile organics, semi-volatile organics, inorganics and pesticides/PCBs were detected in building soils.

Volatile organics in the soils present the biggest concern at the building portion of the site. Those chemicals that were identified at the greatest frequency and concentration included: 1,1-dichloroethane, 1,1,1trichloroethane, toluene, ethylbenzene, 4-methyl-2-pentanone, xylene and acetone. In addition, trichloroethene and benzene will be included as chemicals of concern due to their elevated concentrations in a specific area. Based on frequency and concentration, no semi-volatile organics

were identified as chemicals of concern.

All samples analyzed for inorganics approximate the average background soil concentrations in the Eastern USA, except for magnesium (average 8,510 ppm-background 5,000 ppm). Sitewide magnesium concentrations appear to be elevated relative to soils in the Eastern USA; however, there are no known contaminant sources for this metal onsite.

Several pesticides and PCBs were detected on the site, but only three pesticides were identified as chemicals of concern. These pesticides, based on their frequency and concentration, included: 4,4<sup>-</sup>-DDE, 4,4<sup>-</sup>-DDD and 4,4<sup>-</sup>-DDT.

# 10.2.2.2 Chemicals of Concern in Wetland Ground Water

Table 10-2 summarizes the chemicals detected in the ground water of the wetland portion of the site. The table presents a list of the identified chemicals, range of reported concentration, frequency of detection, and CRQL/New York State Ground Water Standard (NYSGWS). Volatile organics, semi-volatile organics, inorganics and pesticides/PCBs were detected in this media.

Volatile organics in the ground water present a concern at the wetland portion of the site. Those chemicals that were identified at the greatest frequency and concentration included: 1,1,1-trichloroethane, trichloroethene, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene and acetone. Based on frequency and concentration, no semi-volatile organics were identified as chemicals of concern.

# Table 10 - 1 Compounds Detected in Soil Building Portion of the Site MMC-Farrell Road Plant RI

Chemical	Range of Concentration	Frequency of Detection	Comparison Value		
Volatile Organics:	(ddd)	····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(ppd)1		
Chieroform	0.6-3	4/108	10		
Acrylonitrile	25-125	8/64	10		
Methylene Chloride	4-16	11/108	10		
Trichlorofluoromethane	1-17	4/106	10		
1,1-Dichlorosthens	6-500	13/108	10		
1,1-Dichloroethene	2-1,400	14/108	10		
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	8	1/108	10		
1,2-Dichloroethane	6	2/106	10		
1,1,1-1richloroethane	7-650,000	21/108	10		
Benzene	2-5-400	3/108	10		
2-Chiocosthylunyisther	10	1/65	10		
Tetrachioroethene	3-14	3/108	10		
Toluene	5-2,100,000	18/109	10		
Ethylbenzene	15-630,000	14/109	10		
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	21,000-2,000,000	2/13	10		
Xylenes (Total)	58-4,200,000	14/59	10		
Acetone	15-4,000	18/55	10		
Carbon Disulfide	22	1/43	10		
2-Butanone	200	1/43	10		
Semi-Volatile Organics:	(ppb)		(ppb)1		
Ekvoranthene	20.730	2/38	330		
Phenoi	20-r30 840	1/32	330		
Pyrene	20-570	3/38	330		
Benzo (a) Anthracene	320	1/38	330		
Acenaphthene	49-400	2/38	330		
Anthracene	730	1/38	330		
Fluorene	31-430	2/38	330		
Naphthalene	1,100	1/32	330		
Phenanthrene	570-930	3/38	330		
2-Methylnaphthalene	820-3,300	3/38	330		
Carbazole	95	1/31	330		
Chrysene	320	1/38	330		
Bis (2-Ethylhexyl) Philalate	30-160	5/32	330		
Benzo (b) Fluoranthene	260	1/38	330		
Benzo (k) Huoranthene	370	1/38	330		
Benzo (a) Pyrene Ideno (1.2.3.od) Externa	300	1/38	330		
Dihanzo (a b) Anthracena	78	1/38	330		
Benzo (g,h,l,) Perylene	190	1/38	330		
Inorganics:	(ppm)		(ppm)2		
4			0.40		
Arsenic	1.4-25	16/17	3-12		
Caomium	0.4-0.64	2/17	0.1-1		
Copper	2. <del>4</del> -32 6.0-06	12/17	1.5-40		
Lead	1 1-24 3	15/21	200-500		
Mercury	0.02-0.125	3/17	0.001-0.2		
Nickel	8.6-14.2	15/17	0.5-25		
Zinc	1.4-36.1	14/17	9-50		
Aluminum	3,110-9,980	13/13	33,000		
Barium	3.4-52	13/17	15-600		
Beryllium	0.27-0.74	13/17	0-1.75		
Calcium	1,590-114,000	13/13	130-35,000		
Cobat	4.5-9.3	11/13	2.5-60		
Iron	7,660-16,000	13/13	2,000-550,000		
Magnesium	2,110-20,300	13/13	100-5,000		
Potessium	540-1 570	5/13	8 500-43 000		
Selenium	0.57-0.63	2/17	0.1-3.9		
Sodium	165-287	4/13	6.000-8.000		
Thailium	1.5	1/13	N/A		
Vanadium	4.4-16.5	13/13	1-300		
Cyanide	30-2040	3/17	N/A		
Pesticides/PCBs:	( <b>66</b> p)		(ppb) \$		
	0.042.0.24	5 m i			
Alpha-BHC	0.042-0.24	5/31	1.7		
	0.13-0.57	4/31	1./		
Uena-BHC Ventesher	0.23	1/31	1.7		
Aidela	0.1	1/31 2/31	1.7		
Disidrin	0.053	1/31	1.7		
4.4'-DDE	0.095-170	15/31	3.3		
Endrin	0.072-0.074	3/31	3.3		
4.4 -DDD	0.096-210	10/31	3.3		
Endosulfan Sulfate	0.31-0.43	2/31	3.3		
4,4'-DDT	0.066-30	7/31	3.3		
Alpha-Chiordane	0.31	1/31	1.7		

1 Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL) 2 Eastern USA Background Levels N/A - Not Available

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### Table 10 - 2 Compounds Detected in Ground Water, Wetland Portion of the Site MMC-Farrell Road Plant RI

Chemical	Range of Concentration	Frequency of Detection	Compartson Value		
Volatile Organics:	(ppb)		(ppb)1		
Trichlorofluoromethane	2-36	6/51	10		
Chioroethane	13-25	3/67	10		
Methylene Chloride	6-8	4/67	10		
1 1-Dichloroethene	0.22-9	3/67	10		
1 2-Dichloroethene (Total)	0.08-104	19/67	10		
Chloroform	1	1/67	10		
1 1 1-Trichloroethane	0.81-190	22/67	10		
Trichloroothono	0.65-660	26/67	10		
Rechordeniene	1 8 300	0/67	10		
Benzene	1-0,300	5/07 7/67	10		
loluene	1-17,000	1/07	10		
Ethylbenzene	69-1,300	4/07	10		
Xylenes (Total)	62-7,000	4/43	10		
Acetone	9-2,400	4/29	10		
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.12-130	18/67	10		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.61	1/7	10		
Semi-Volatile Organics:	(ppb)		(ppb)1		
N. 1.1. 1	44	1/14	220		
Naphthalene	41	1/14	330		
2-Methylnaphthalene		1/7	330		
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	0.9-1	2/7	330		
Inorganics:	(ppb)		(ppb)2		
Arsenic	8-20	5/13	25		
Barium	21.8-1,770	13/13	1000		
Cadmium	5	2/13	10		
Calcium	119,000-1,860,000	11/11	N/S		
Copper	30-8.990	4/8	200		
Lead	5-21.2	5/13	25		
Magnesium	13 300-462 000	11/11	35.000		
Mannanese	15-9 650	10/11	300		
Nickel	57 6-101	3/13	N/S		
Selenium	5	2/13	10		
Silver	10	2/13	50		
Sodium	9 400-306 000	11/11	20,000		
Theffur	50	2/13	4		
Zino	10 9-448	11/13	300		
	134 30 000	6/11	N/S		
Aluminum	1005	0/11	3		
Beryllium	1.2-3.3	2/13	5		
	12.3-13.4	2/13	JU N/C		
Cobait	4/./	1/11	200		
Iron	27.1-102,000	7/11	300		
Mercury	0.05-0.051	2/13	2		
Potassium	3,340-3,700	2/11	N/S		
Vanadium	21.1-57.6	2/11	N/S		
Pesticides/PCBs:	(ddd)		(ppb)1		
Dieldrin	0.003	1/7	0.1		

<sup>1</sup> Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL)
 <sup>2</sup> New York State Ground Water Standards (Class GA)

N/S - No Standard

All of the inorganics fell below the New York State Ground Water Standard (NYSGWS), except for copper (average 1,187 ppb - NYSGWS 200 ppb), magnesium (average 88,873 ppb - NYSGWS 35,000 ppb), manganese (average 2,969 ppb - NYSGWS 300 ppb), sodium (average 77,209 ppb -NYSGWS 20,000 ppb) and iron (average 14,168 ppb -NYSGWS 300 ppb).

With regards to the copper and manganese, high concentrations were detected below the former debris pile. Magnesium, sodium and iron do not appear to be a contaminant source to the wetland portion of the site. Both copper and manganese were identified as chemicals of concern.

Several pesticides and PCBs were detected in the wetland. Based on their low frequency and concentration, no pesticides or PCBs have been included as chemicals of concern.

# 0.2.2.3 Summary of Chemicals of Concern

The chemicals of concern in the various site media have been identified on Table 10-3.

# 0.2.3 Toxicity Assessment

The potential exposure routes of concern at the site are inhalation of volatile organics/fugitive dust emissions from site soils and direct contact with site soils during future construction activities, along with future exposure to surface water resulting from migration of contaminants. With this in mind, the toxicity assessment will focus on the means of contaminant release into the atmosphere, fate of contaminants released to the environment and associated health effects. Three (3) separate classes

# Table 10 - 3 Chemicals of Concern MMC-Farrell Road Plant RI

Chemical	Building Soils	Wetland Ground Water
Volatile Organics:		
1,1-Dichloroethane	х	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Х	X
Toluene	Х	X
Ethylbenzene	Х	X
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	Х	
Xylene	Х	х
Acetone	Х	Х
Trichloroethene	Х	х
Benzene	Х	X
Inorganics:		
Copper		х
Manganese		Х
Cyanide	х	
Pesticides:		
4,4´-DDE	Х	
4,4′-DDD	х	
	x	

of chemicals have been identified as chemicals of concern at the site: volatile organics, inorganics and pesticides. Each chemical class will be discussed as a group with additional information on chemical specific concerns. Information in this section is gathered from the Handbook of Environmental Fate and Exposure Data (Howard, 1990) and the Handbook of Toxicology (Haley and Berndt, 1987).

### 10.2.3.1 Volatile Organics

The group of volatile organics identified at the site consist mostly of chemicals used as solvents or degreasers and constituents of petroleum products. In general, this class of chemicals exhibit a similar environmental fate, with chemical-specific toxicological effects. Typically, the release of these chemicals into the atmosphere is through volatilization. The degree of volatilization is based on the vapor pressure (plus water solubility in liquid media) of the chemical. The vapor pressure of those volatile organics at the site ranged well over 1 mm Hg (chloroform-246 mm Hg; 1,2-dichloroethene-200 mm Hg; water-1 mm Hg). These chemicals, when released to the environment, will volatilize rapidly to the atmosphere. These chemicals in the soils are highly mobile and typically have low adherence to the soils. This enables these chemicals to leach through the soils to the ground water. Each chemical will have varying degrees of biodegradation in each media and will not significantly bioaccumulate in the environment.

The major route of exposure for volatile organics is through volatilization from the soils, and to a lesser extent by direct contact through dermal absorption and incidental ingestion. Since significant exposures may be encountered during future construction activities, chemicals will be evaluated with respect to exposure to construction workers. Worker exposure levels are regulated by the Occupational Safety and Health

Administration (OSHA) through established Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs). These PELs represent allowable exposures over an 8-hour work day in a 40-hour work week. Of the chemicals of concern, most PELs ranged from 25 ppm to 1,000 ppm. However, the PELs for benzene (1 ppm) and acrylonitrile (2 ppm) are significantly lower and essentially "more toxic" at lower concentrations. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has identified benzene as a Group 1 compound (carcinogenic to humans) and acrylonitrile as a Group 2A compound (probable carcinogenic to humans). In addition, chloroform (Group 2B - probable carcinogenic to humans), methylene chloride (Group 2B) and trichloroethene (Group 3 - not classified as to its carcinogenicity to humans) have been identified as probable carcinogens. OSHA also has a skin designation for those chemicals which present an exposure route by absorption through the skin. Acrylonitrile has this skin designation.

#### 10.2.3.2 Inorganics

Three (3) inorganics were identified as chemicals of concern at the site. Two of the inorganics are heavy metals, copper and manganese, found in the ground water and the other inorganic is cyanide, found in the soils.

Since the heavy metals of concern are in the ground water, exposure through inhalation of airborne contaminants is not of concern. Therefore, the main routes of human exposure are through ingestion of contaminated food, such as fish, and by direct contact (incidental ingestion and dermal absorption). Dermal absorption is not of concern with regards to these heavy metals. In general, heavy metals released to the soils will adhere to soil particles. In this case, these metals will tend to bioaccumulate in certain media. The leaching of heavy metals into the ground water, however, is based on those characteristics of the soil, such as pH or organic matter content.

Copper is an essential element in the human diet and small amounts are ingested by humans every day. In general, copper is relatively non-toxic at low levels. Manganese appears most commonly in the +2 or +4 oxidation state. According to epidemiological studies, there is no evidence that manganese is carcinogenic or exhibits teratogenic or reproductive effects in humans. The IARC has not identified either copper or manganese as a potential carcinogen.

Cyanides can be extremely toxic in any of its many forms. The main routes of exposure for cyanide are through inhalation of contaminated airborne soils and direct contact by dermal absorption or incidental ingestion. These exposures may be encountered during future construction activities and will be evaluated with respect to exposure to construction workers. The PEL for cyanide is 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> and is also given an OSHA skin designation. The IARC has not identified cyanide as a potential carcinogen.

#### 10.2.3.3 Pesticides

Three (3) pesticides were identified as chemicals of concern at the site. All of the pesticides are organochlorine insecticides and will be evaluated according to this classification. These insecticides were used as a control measure from the 1940s through the 1980s, most of which were banned by the end of the 1980s. The most popular insecticide was 4,4<sup>-</sup>-DDT (DDT), which will be used to represent the toxicity of this class of chemicals. Other pesticides of concern at the site include: 4,4<sup>-</sup>-DDD and 4,4<sup>-</sup>-DDE, which are insecticides as well as breakdown products of DDT.

Pesticides are extremely persistent in the environment. These chemicals do not readily volatilize, except when applied during spraying or coated on the soils. Since site pesticides are within the soils, volatilization will not be

significant. Pesticides adhere to soil particulates and are relatively immobile in soils. For this reason, they do not typically leach into the ground water. As a group, pesticides have a low solubility in water and a high solubility in fat, which enables them to bioaccumulate in the environment. In addition, these chemicals biodegrade very slowly. Pesticides can make their way to surface water through surface soil run-off and will accumulate in surface water sediments.

The main route of human exposure is through ingestion of food contaminated with bioaccumulated pesticides, such as fish. However, since no pesticides were detected as chemicals of concern in the wetland ground water, this is not a concern at the site. Other significant routes of exposure are through inhalation of contaminated airborne soils and direct contact by dermal absorption or incidental ingestion. These exposures may be encountered during future construction activities and will be evaluated with respect to exposure to construction workers. The PEL for DDT is 1.0 mg/m3. The IARC has identified this pesticide as a Group 2B potential carcinogen and is also given an OSHA skin designation.

#### 10.2.4 Risk Characterization

The final phase of the risk assessment combines the information on the chemicals of concern, exposure pathways and toxicity assessment to evaluate the human risk presented by the contamination at the site. No exposure pathways were identified for the site in its current condition. However, several exposure pathways were identified as potentially associated with future construction in the building portion of the site and analyte movement towards the Seneca River in ground water. Each of these potential exposure pathways will be evaluated.

For the future, the building portion of the site has both identified chemicals of concern and potential exposure pathways. The potential exposure pathway for the building portion of the site is associated with future construction activities. The potential exposure pathways for future construction include: inhalation of volatile organics and fugitive dust emissions and direct contact with contaminated site soils. These activities can potentially impact construction workers, site employees and nearby residents. The chemicals of concern in the soils of the building portion of the site included nine volatile organics, one inorganic and three pesticides.

To evaluate the human health risk for future construction activities, the degree of chemical contamination in the soils must be identified. To do this, average soil concentrations are compared to the recommended clean up objective in NYSDEC DHWR TAGM #4046. These data are presented in Table 10-4.

In comparing soil concentrations in the building soils to the recommended soil cleanup objectives, six exceed the cleanup objective. These included: 1,1,1-trichloroethane, toluene, ethylbenzene, 4-methyl-2-pentanone, xylene and benzene. Three of the VOCs were below the cleanup objective. These included: 1,1-dichloroethane, acetone and trichloroethene. These chemicals, however, have area specific concentrations (i.e. maximum values) that would exceed the cleanup objectives. For the purpose of the qualitative risk assessment, each of the nine volatile organics present a potential exposure pathway for future construction activities. A quantitative assessment of these chemicals could further classify the risk associated with their exposure.

# Table 10 - 4Future Construction ActivitiesMMC-Farrell Road Plant RI

Chemical	Average Concentration of Affected Building Soils	NYS Recommended Soil Cleanup Objective			
Volatile Organics:	(ppb)	(ppb)			
1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Toluene Ethylbenzene 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone Xylene Acetone Trichloroethene Benzene	26.6 7,963 29,558 9,734 155,462 111,183 91.7 15.4 66.7	200 800 1,500 5,500 1,000 1,200 200 700 60			
Inorganics:	(ppm)	(ppm)			
Cyanide	137	N/A			
Pesticides:	(ppb)	(ppb)			
4,4´-DDE 4,4´-DDD 4,4´-DDT	12.1 9.3 1.5	2,100 2,900 2,100			

N/A - Not Available

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There are no recommended soil cleanup objectives for cyanide in the soil. Therefore, cyanide exposure has been included as a potential exposure pathway for future construction activities. A quantitative assessment of cyanide could further classify the risk associated with its exposure.

The concentrations of pesticides in the building portion of the site were well below the recommended soil cleanup objectives. On the average, the cleanup objectives were an order of magnitude greater than the maximum pesticide concentrations detected in the soils. Therefore, pesticide exposure during construction activities is not considered a significant exposure pathway.

# 10.2.4.2 Analyte Migration Towards the Seneca River

Ground water in the wetland has several identified chemicals of concern. Seven VOCs and two inorganics were identified as chemicals of potential concern in the ground water of the wetland portion of the site. Data indicates that the Seneca River has not been affected by site related activity (ERM, 1992d); however, future contaminant movement is a potential exposure pathway. If this were to occur, potential exposure pathways for exposure to surface water would include: inhalation of VOCs, and direct contact and ingestion of contaminated fish tissue from the surface water. These activities can potentially impact river users.

Ground water concentration in the wetland exceed the NYSDOH drinking water levels. A comparison to drinking water standards is conservative because it makes two distinct assumptions: 1) the affected ground water of the wetland will move to the Seneca River and the resultant concentrations in the river will constitute a potential exposure pathway; and, 2) the quality of the river will be measured against drinking water standards. Both of these assumptions are very conservative. With regards

to the migration of contaminants, several factors that would reduce contaminant migration have been identified. This includes: 1) dilution of contaminants in the ground water; 2) dilution of contaminants upon entering into the river; 3) volatilization/biodegradation of compounds before they reach the river; and, 4) contaminant concentration versus travel distance to the river (i.e. highest concentration located farthest from the river). Each of these factors would reduce the expected concentration in the river. In addition, NYSDOH levels are established for drinking water. Even with the future projected use for the river, it is not anticipated to be used as a drinking water source. Surface water ingestion from the Seneca River is projected to be incidental intake only. Additionally, the waters of the Seneca River were sampled for chemicals associated with site activity; analyses of these samples did not detect any VOCs.

#### 11.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

ERM conducted an RI at FRP in the Fall of 1993 and Spring of 1994. The results of both field efforts are reported here as the 1994 RI Report. The RI investigated the following areas at the site; 1) the soil in 11 of 16 Areas of Concern previously identified throughout the site and along the storm sewer piping system; 2) the sediment in the storm sewer catch basins and outfalls and in the wetland north of the developed portion of the site; 3) surface water in the wetland, and 4) site-wide ground water. This investigation was designed to supplement existing data gathered at the site during previous investigations and IRMs. As such, five Areas of Concern were not evaluated during the 1994 RI, as they had been sufficiently characterized by earlier studies. The conclusions stated below incorporate the results of all previous investigations.

#### 11.1 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of the 1994 RI and data from previous investigations, ERM has developed the following conclusions regarding the environmental setting at the site, the geochemistry of site sediment, soils, surface water, and ground water, and the potential for human exposure to contaminants and their migration at the site.

It should be noted that MMC is under Consent Order to conduct IRMs to address affected media at three of the previously discussed Areas of Concern. IRM Work Plans have been approved by NYSDEC, and construction is complete at AOC #5, AOC #7 and AOC #16. Remediation is underway in AOC #7. Remedial system start-up at AOC #5 and AOC #16 is awaiting final approval from NYSDEC.

The site is located in the Erie-Ontario Lowland Province of Central New York State, an area characterized by low relief and drumlins. Natural soils at the site are a medium to fine grained sand with some silt and a trace to little of clay. The fine sand varies in thickness across the site thickening from south to north. A dense red glacial clay underlies the fine sand and silt. A coarse sand and gravel lens is interposed between the medium to fine sand and the underlying red clay intermittently across the site. The underlying clay has considerable relief on its upper surface. The thickness of the clay is unknown; however, it is greater than approximately 65 feet along the north end of the site.

Surface water drainage is diverted by a series of catch basins to the wetlands north of the site. There are no other surface water drainage features at the site with the exception of the Seneca River which borders the north end of the site.

Ground water flows to the north, towards the wetland and the Seneca River. Saturated thickness varies across the site, thickening from south to north. Hydraulic permeabilities of the medium to fine sand varied across the site from approximately  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^{-4}$  cm/sec. The relief on the top of the underlying red clay probably plays a significant role in ground water flow direction and analyte migration. The hydraulic permeability of the red clay was estimated by laboratory testing to be approximately  $10^{-8}$  cm/sec.

# 11.1.2 Sediment Geochemistry

Sediment investigations were conducted in three areas throughout the site. Conclusions regarding sediment geochemistry at the site are presented

below.

Storm Sewer Outfalls - Low concentrations of VOCs and SVOCs were present in storm sewer outfalls 002, 003, 004, 007 and 008. PCBs were detected in Outfalls 002, 003, 004, 005 and 008. Concentrations exceeded NYSDEC DFW sediment screening criteria. Future action in these areas may include: 1) remediation of the storm sewer system as an IRM; 2) additional sampling to estimate the extent of PCBs near Outfall 003; and, 3) remedial evaluation as part of the Feasibility Investigation.

Storm Sewer Catch Basins - VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs and pesticides were present in some of the catch basins; however, the only exceedance of SCG occurred in CB-13, which contained 1,1,1-trichloroethane at 15 ppm. Cadmium, chromium, copper, and zinc are present in some catch basins at elevated levels. The sediment in these catch basins may require remediation and may be addressed as part of an IRM.

Wetland - Concentrations of VOCs were present in the wetland sediment samples analyzed. Due to the lack of a potential pathway, the public health risk assessment did not identify the sediment in the wetland as a source of risk; however, concentrations of VOCs in some samples exceed NYSDEC DFW sediment screening criteria, especially the sediment around SS-08. The sediment around SS-08 and affected sediment in the wetland may require remediation and will be evaluated as part of the Feasibility Study.

#### 11.1.3 Soil Geochemistry

The soils in 16 separate Areas of Concern were evaluated during the RI and previous environmental investigations. VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, and pesticides were identified in some areas in varying concentrations. Based

on the results of the 1994 RI and previous investigations, the soil in the following Areas of Concern contain analytes of concern below action levels and require no further action.

Area 1	- Debris Pile north of FRP-2
Area 3	- Former Above Ground Solvent Tanks in FRP-2
Area 4	- Removed Above Ground Tanks east of FRP-2
Area 8	- Area of Freon Residuals
Area 9	- Removed UST T-50
Area 11	- Radar Test Area
Area 12	- Paint Booth Area
Area 13	- Chemical Laboratory
Area 14	- Septic and Storm Drainage Headwall west of the Garage
Area 15	- USTs near Old Metal Finishing Room

The public health risk assessment did not identify any excessive risks associated with site soils in their current condition. However, it did recognize that site disturbance (including construction) may create a risk to workers and site personnel.

The soil in the following areas exceed soil NYSDEC DHWSR TAGM #4046 clean-up objectives and will require remedial evaluation in the Feasibility Study:

Area 2	- Septic Leach Field north of the Test Building
Area 5	- Removed USTs and Drywell on the west side of FRP-2
Area 6	- Printed Wireboard Assembly Area
Area 7	- Removed UST T-51
* Area 10	- Temporary Hazardous Material Storage Area
Area 16	- Removed Gasoline UST near the Garage.

\* Area 10 is currently being further evaluated to assess the potential of

ground water to be the source of soil contamination in accordance with MMC's Letter of Response to NYSDEC dated 22 March 1995. The results of the evaluation will be presented as an addendum to the Final RI Report.

#### 11.1.4 Surface Water Geochemistry

Surface water samples collected from the Seneca River did not contain any VOCs. Surface water samples collected from standing water in the wetland contained low concentrations of VOCs. The compounds and the concentrations at which they were detected in surface water are not cited in any standards or guidance for surface water. The fish and wildlife impact analysis did not identify any significant ecological risk from these compounds. No further action is required on surface water in the wetland.

# 11.1.5 Ground Water Geochemistry

Ground water at the site contains varying concentrations of analytes of concern. Elevated concentrations of chlorinated and non-chlorinated VOCs are probably derived from soil point sources previously described. The greatest concentrations of affected ground water are located at AOC #5, AOC #7, and AOC #16; however, ground water exceedances of water quality standards is a site wide issue. Additionally, elevated concentrations of SVOCs and oil are present in the ground water at AOC #7 and AOC #9. A full-scale fate and migration analysis of affected ground water is beyond the scope of this investigation. Based on the RI and previous site investigations, it can be concluded that affected ground water is migrating to the north, towards the wetlands and Seneca River north of the site. No analytes have been detected in the Seneca River; however, concentrations are present in the ground water beneath the wetland. The qualitative public health risk assessment did not identify any potential receptors of affected ground water; however, site wide concentrations exceed ground

water standards and will require remedial evaluation in the Feasibility Study.

# 11.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the 1994 RI and previous investigations are sufficient to provide a characterization of environmental conditions at the site and to support a Feasibility Study. The potential effect on public health and fish and wildlife has been evaluated. The Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis did not identify any impacts to special resources in the area of FRP. The Qualitative Public Health Risk Assessment identified two potential exposure pathways: 1) future construction or disturbance of site soils; and, 2) potential of affected ground water to move towards the Seneca River.

ERM recommends that the following additional tasks be conducted at the site:

- IRMs should continue at AOC #5, AOC #7, and AOC #16 as a source control action to remove known concentrations of analytes in the soil that may be acting as a source to ground water. The IRMs at AOC #5 and AOC #16 have been constructed and are awaiting startup. Remediation is underway at AOC #7.
- A Feasibility Study should be conducted to determine the most efficient and cost-effective remedial program for affected sediment, soil and ground water at the site.
- The Feasibility Study should evaluate the potential for proposed IRMs to be acceptable as final remedial measures for AOC #5, AOC #7, and AOC #16.
- Additional field investigation is recommended for Outfall 003 to

estimate the extent of PCBs in sediment. Further evaluation of soil and ground water data is recommended in AOC #10 to estimate whether site wide ground water could be the source of soil contamination.

- A non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) was encountered in monitoring wells at AOC #5 which may require further evaluation. MMC will prepare a separate scope of work in accordance with the MMC Letter of Response to NYSDEC dated 22 March 1995 to address the NAPL issues. The results of the NAPL investigation will be presented as an addendum to the Final RI Report.
- An IRM will be conducted to remove the affected sediment in the catch basins and site storm sewer lines.
- Additionally, pre-design field work may be required to support preliminary design of the selected remedial alternatives identified by the Feasibility Study.

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MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION LOGS

#### **ERM-Northeast**

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 (315) 445-2554

### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION: MW - 26S

Project Name & Location	Project No.		Wate	r Level(s)		Site Elevation Datum (feet)	
MMC - Farrel Road Plant	557.044	.01	(ft below PVC casing)		3)		
Drilling Company	Foreman				Level	Ground Elevation (feet)	
Aquifer Drilling and Testing	M. Mede	)	Date	Time	(feet)		
Surveyor						Top of Protective Steel Cap Elevation (feet)	
Lehr Associates							
Date and Time of Completion	Inspector					Top of Riser Pipe Elevation (feet)	
5/3/94	S. Peplir	ng				374.27	
			CONSTRUCTION DETAILS				
Generalized Soil Description	<u>*Elevation</u>	<u>**Depth</u>	PROTECTIVE STEEL CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND				
	0.00	0.0				GROUND SURFACE	
	374.27	0.0			//////////////////////////////////////	R TIGHT CAP WITH LOCK	
	-	+		<	PROTE	ECTIVE STEEL CASING CEMENTED IN PLACE	
	373.27 -	1.0					
			<- BENTONITE-CEMENT GROUT				
	- 372.27 -	2.0					
	370 77	25		<	BENT	DNITE SEAL	
	- 369.77 -	4.5				METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER	
				<	2" DIAI	METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC	
			MANUFACTURED .010 SLOT WELL SCREEN				
					SAND	PACK -MORIE #0 SAND EQUIVALENT	
	359.77	14.5			BOTTO	DM CAP (PVC)	
REMARKS					BOTTO	OM OF BOREHOLE	
			· · · ·				
* Elevation (feet) above mean sea le	evel unless no	ted	** Deoth in	feet below	around		

#### **ERM-Northeast**

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 (315) 445-2554

#### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION: MW - 26D

Project Name & Location	Project No.		Water Level(s)			Site Elevation Datum (feet)		
MMC - Farrel Road Plant	557.044	.01	(ft below PVC casing)		3)			
Drilling Company	Foreman		Level		Level	Ground Elevation (feet)		
Aquifer Drilling and Testing	M. Mede	)	Date	Time	(feet)			
Surveyor						Top of Protective Steel Cap Elevation (feet)		
Lehr Associates								
Date and Time of Completion	Inspector					Top of Riser Pipe Elevation (feet)		
5/3/94	S. Peplir	ng				374.23		
				*	•			
				<u>COI</u>	NSTRU	JCTION DETAILS		
Opposition of Call Depositation	<b>*C</b> 1							
Generalized Soil Description	<u>~Elevation</u>	<u>Deptn</u>		r	PROTEC	TIVE STEEL CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND		
		-						
	0.00	0.0				GROUND SURFACE		
	1							
	- 374.23	- 0.0			WATE	R TIGHT CAP WITH LOCK		
	373.23	1.0		×	PROT	ECTIVE STEEL CASING CEMENTED IN PLACE		
	-							
				!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!</td <td colspan="4">BENTONITE-CEMENT GROUT</td>	BENTONITE-CEMENT GROUT			
	255 22	10.0						
	- 335.23 -	- '9.0 -						
				<ul> <li></li> </ul>		ONITE SEAL		
	353.23	21.0						
	351.23	23.0	3.0 < 2" DIAMETER SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER			METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER		
				· · · · ·	MANU	FACTURED .010 SLOT WELL SCREEN		
					<b>..</b>			
					SAND	PACK -MORIE #0 SAND EQUIVALENT		
	341 23	33.0			BOTT			
	340.23	34.0			born			
	T		BOTT			OM OF BOREHOLE		
REMARKS								
	-							
	-							
* Elevation (feet) above mean sea le	evel unless no	ted	** Depth in	feet below	, ground	d		

#### **ERM-Northeast**

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 (315) 445-2554

#### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION: BR - 1

-	Project Name & Location MMC - Farrell Road Plant	Project No. <b>557.044</b>	01	Water Level(s)			Site Elevation Datum (feet)
		507.044.01				i evel	Ground Elevation (feet)
	Aquifer Drilling & Testing	M. Adam	s	Date	Time	(feet)	378.79
	Superor					()	Top of Protective Steel Cap Elevation (feet)
	Lehr Associates						Top of Protective Steer Cap Elevation (leet)
	Date and Time of Completion	Inspector					Top of Riser Pipe Elevation (feet)
	5/10/94	B. Maho	ney				378.52
	Generalized Soil Description	*Elevation	**Depth		<u>CO</u>	NSTRU PROTEC	JCTION DETAILS
		378.79	0.0			<del></del>	GROUND SURFACE
		270 50	0.2				
	Brown, f/SAND, trace-some silt	_ 378.52 _	_ 0.3 _			WATEI CEME 8" STE w/BEN	R TIGHT CAP WITH LOCK NTED PROTECTIVE STEEL CASING EL CASING, ITONITE-CEMENT GROUT
	red, CLAY and SILI, trace-little	<u>345.79</u> 342.29 _	<u>33.0</u> 36.5 _			BENT( 2" DIA	DNITE-CEMENT GROUT METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER
		_ <sup>209.79</sup> _	_ <sup>109.0</sup> _			BENT	DNITE SLURRY
		_ 248.79 _	_ 130.0 _			SAND	PACK - MORIE #2
						2" DIAI MANU	METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC FACTURED .020 SLOT WELL SCREEN
		238.79	140.0		<b>-</b>	BOTTO	DM CAP (PVC)
		237.79	141.0				
	DEMARKS					BOTT	OM OF BOREHOLE
				Weist at 2011			
				<u></u>			

\* Elevation (feet) above mean sea level unless noted
#### **ERM-Northeast**

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 (315) 445-2554

#### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION: BR - 2

Project Name & Location MMC - Farrell Road Plant	Project No. 557.044	.01	Water Level(s) Site Elevation Datum (feet)		Site Elevation Datum (feet)	
	Foreman					Ground Elevation (feet)
Aquifer Drilling & Testing	M. Adam	าร	Date Time (feet) 372.40			
Surveyor Lehr Associates			Top of Protective Steel Cap Elevation (feet)			Top of Protective Steel Cap Elevation (feet)
Date and Time of Completion	Inspector		1			Ton of Riser Pine Elevation (feet)
	B Maho	nev				372.06
			l	l		0,2.00
				<u>COI</u>	<u>NSTRL</u>	JCTION DETAILS
<u>Generalized Soil Description</u>	<u>*Elevation</u>	<u>**Depth</u>			PROTEC	TIVE STEEL CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND
	372.40	0.0				GROUND SURFACE
					//////	
	372.06	0.3		<	WATE	R TIGHT CAP WITH LOCK
Brown, f/SAND, trace-some silt Red, CLAY and SILT, trace-little	<sup>340.50</sup> _	31.9			8" STE w/BEN	EL CASING, ITONITE-CEMENT GROUT
gravel	_ <sup>336.40</sup> _ _ <sup>300.40</sup> _	<sup>36.0</sup> –			BENTO 2" DIAI BENTO	DNITE-CEMENT GROUT METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER DNITE SLURRY
	_ 282.40 _	90.0	SAND PACK - MORIE #2		PACK - MORIE #2	
					2" DIAI MANU	METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC FACTURED .020 SLOT WELL SCREEN
	272.40	100.0	.0 ( BOTTOM CAP (PVC)		DM CAP (PVC)	
	L 209.40 _	L 103.0_			OM OF BOREHOLE	
REMARKS					DOIN	
······································					·	
		-				

\* Elevation (feet) above mean sea level unless noted

# **ERM-Northeast**

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, NY 13214 (315) 445-2554

#### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION: BR-3

1	Project Name & Location	Project No.		Wat	er Level(s)		Site Elevation Datum (feet)
	MMC - Farrell Road Plant	557.044.01		(ft below PVC casing)			
	Drilling Company	Foreman				Level	Ground Elevation (feet)
	Aquifer Drilling & Testing	M. Adam	าร	Date Time (feet) 378.18		378.18	
	Surveyor Lehr Associates						Top of Protective Steel Cap Elevation (feet)
	Date and Time of Completion	Inspector		1			Top of Riser Pipe Elevation (feet)
	5/16/94	B. Maho	ney				377.85
	Generalized Soil Description	*Elevation	<u>**Depth</u>	An <u>an</u> <u>-</u>	<u>co</u>	NSTRU	JCTION DETAILS
		378.18	0.0				GROUND SURFACE
		377.68	0.5		<b>&lt;</b> ∄	WATE	R TIGHT CAP WITH LOCK
	Brown, f/SAND, trace-some silt Red, CLAY and SILT, trace-little	334.18	44.0			CEME 8" STE w/BEM	NTED PROTECTIVE STEEL CASING EL CASING, ITONITE-CEMENT GROUT
	gravel	329.18 307.18 297.18 288.18	49.0 71.0 81.0 90.0			BENT( 2" DIAI BENT( SAND 2" DIAI MANU	DNITE-CEMENT GROUT METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER DNITE SLURRY PACK - MORIE #2 METER SCHEDULE 40 PVC FACTURED .020 SLOT WELL SCREEN
		278.18 275.18	100.0 103.0			BOTT	
						BOIN	
	REMARKS						

\* Elevation (feet) above mean sea level unless noted

APPENDIX B

SEDIMENT SAMPLE RECORDS



	JF	
Job Number:	557.044.01	
Sample ID:	FRP · CB-01	
Laboratory No .:_	AES	

### Sample Location



Date:	4/25/94	
Time:	1610	
Sampler:	JSF	

Description:	FRP - CB -	01
- Linch	sectionent death	(ave)
CB = H	l'alameter	

### Sample Method

stainless steel scoop

### **Sample Description**

Color:	Brown
Structure:	NA
Moisture:	Net
Grain Size:	Ned - Crs. sand, some brown - gray gravel, from brown sitt
Weather	Also gravel-size concrete and asphalt debris, nuts and botts
Precipitation:	none
Wind:	light and variable
Temperature:	t 70°F, humid
Comments: - PID	(HNU) 0 ppm above background (= 0.5 ppm)



.

# SOIL SAMPLE RECORD

Job Number: 557.044.01 Sample ID: FEP-CB-03 Laboratory No.: AES	Date: $4/27/94$ Time: $0915$ Sampler: $TSF$
Sample Location Test Building B CB-03	N Description: <u>catch besin sediment</u>
Sample Method <u>Stamluss steel spoon</u> Sample Description	n
Color: Brown fruite course Structure: trace brown silt Moisture: wet/saturated Grain Size:	, trace plant (?) debris (organics)
Weather	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Precipitation: <u>none</u> Wind: <u>SW + var. PJ + 10</u> Temperature: <u>± 70°F</u>	0-15 mph.
<u>Comments:</u> <u> </u>	inch above background (= 0.3 ppm)



Job Number.	557.044-01
Sample ID:	FRP-CB-CH
Laboratory No.:	AES

### Sample Location

Sample Method

Sample Description



Dark Color. Brown \$

Structure: trace brown Moisture: wet /saturated

Grain Size:

Date:	4/27/94	
Time:	0945	
Sampler:	JSF	

building	V~	Description:	catch bay	ir sedinan	£ _
Ø cB-cy		<u> </u>			-
tainless steel spi	<u>171</u>				-
non fine to course	subin SA, trace pla	UD, trace	dark grow f.	re ang grav	<u>니</u>
et/saturated	<b>_</b>				-

#### Weather



#### **Comments:**

<u> </u>	- catch basin dame	ter = 3.1'	
	sediment depth =	< Linch	
	PID reading =	O ppm above has	charmind (= 0.4 ppm)
	J		



Job Number:	557044.01
Sample ID:	FRP- CB-05
Laboratory No.:	AES

### Sample Location

Sample Method

**Sample Description** 



Moisture: Saturated

Grain Size:

Structure: also trace sand size asphait

r. 537 044.01	Date: 4/26/94
D:	Time: 0830
D.: <u>AES</u>	Sampler:SF
ation	Description: sediment from eatch basic
st Kuilding	
CB-05	
stainless steel scorep	
cription	
Color: Biown fine to course SAN Icture: also trace sand size asphanisture: Saturated	D. 1: He fine subra: gravel, trace brown silt
токи:	

### Weather







Job Number:	57.044.01
Sample ID:	FRP 13-06
Laboratory No.:	AES

### Sample Location



Date:	4/26/94	
Time:	0855	
Sampler:	TSF	·····
Description:	catch basin	sediment
		<u></u>
•		

### Sample Method

stankes steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color.	Brownish-gray fine	to coarse :	SAND, little	light gray -	fine growel.	trace hours	n siH
Structure:	- fine apovel	(angular)	brick - red	Clasts o	f brick in	n saruh (	• 17
Moisture:	< aturated			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Grain Size:							

### <u>Weather</u>



catch basin di	emeter = 4.1'			
sediment de	pth = negliple			
- PID reading	= O ppm	(background =	O ppm)	
	) I'	J		



Job Number:	557.044.01
Sample ID:	FRP-CB-C7
Laboratory No.:	AES

### Sample Location

Sample Method

Sample Description



stainless steel

Moisture: wet

Grain Size:

Precipitation: none

Wind: SW rstTemperature:  $\pm 65^{\circ}F$  spoon

Color: Brown-tan fine to coarse SAND, little Structure: 1: He brick-red fine angular growe

SW cst. 5 mph

Date:	4/26/94
Time:	0915
Sampler:	TSF
Description:	cotch basin sediment
	<u></u>
<u></u>	
·	
<u></u>	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
,	milier fine
Suba	ndra
c. glay gra	vel, 1. He born sitt.
1-size b.	:ch fragments
	-
	·

# Commonto

Weather

<u>contraction diameter = 4,1</u>	
- sediment depth = < 1 inch	
- PID reading = D por above background (0,2 pom)	



Job Number: 557 044.01 Sample ID: FRP - DUPE-01 (CB-07) Laboratory No.: AES

### Sample Location

Same as CB.07 (front of test building)

Date:	4/26/94	
Time:	0935 (put 1800 on	via/s)
Sampler:	JSF '	1

Description: catch basin sediment

#### Sample Method

stamps stel spoon

### Sample Description

Descriptio	n							housile	y fine	
Color:	Brown	- tan	fire to	(Darise	SAND	. IiH	5	arave	1:He	bounsit
Structure:	1:He	hick - re	d fine	angular	gravel	- 5. Ze	brak	Fraymen	13	
Moisture:	met			.,	- <u>-</u>				_	•
Grain Size:										

#### Weather





Job Number:	557 044.01
Sample ID:	FRP - CB C8
Laboratory No.:	AZS

### Sample Location



Date:	4/26/94
Time:	1010
Sampler:	JSF

Description: <u>catch basin sectiment</u> sample

#### Sample Method

stainless steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color:_	Birnn	fireto	cranse	S.AND	1:Hle	froun	s; H;	trave	gray	fine and	gravel,
Structure:	trace	Crqu	nics (	obonts	and ol	ant a	lebris			J	
Moisture:	wet			1							
Grain Stze:											_

#### Weather







Job Number:_	557.044.01
Sample ID:	FRP- CB- 09
Laboratory No.:	AES

### Sample Location



Date:	4/26/94	
Time:	1130	
Sampler.	JSF	

Description: catch basin sediment

#### Sample Method

Stanley steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color:	Brown SILT and very fine brown SAUD, Some red five subungular Gracel
Structure:	(brick Fragments), trace organics (plant debris, annelicles).
Moisture:	wet
Grain Size:	

#### Weather

Precipitation:	rione	
Wind:	SW est 5 mph.	
Temperature:	I 75°F	





Job Number:	557.044.01
Sample ID:	FRP- CB-11
Laboratory No.:	AES

### Sample Location



Date:	4/26/94	
Time:	1205	
Sampler:	JSF	

Description: catch besin sediment

#### Sample Method

stainless steel speen

### Sample Description



### Weather







Job Number: Sample ID: Laboratory No.:	557044.01 FRP-CB-13 AES	 
Sample Location	not to scale	De
FRP-1	VALKWAY N I FRP-Z HzO HzO HzO Hank FRP-Z	- - - - -
Sample Method	stainless steel speon	
Sample Descript	ion	
Color <del>Structure</del> Moisture Grain Size	- Grouish-brown fine to cause - frace plant debris, nuts, saturated	subin ' 2nd botts

Date:	4/26/44	
Time:	1345	
Sampler:	JSF	

escription: catch basin sediment

### 5

Color.	Frayish-prown fine to cause subin SAND. Have gray fine subin grave	:{\
Structure:	trace plant dibris, note and botts roins etc.	/
Moisture:	saturated	
Grain Size:		

#### Weather







	if	
Job Number.	557.044.01	
Sample ID:	FRP-CB 13 MS/MSD	
Laboratory No.:_	AES	

### Sample Location

same as	CB-13

Date:	4/26/94	
Time:	1430	
Sampler:	JSF	

Description: \_\_\_\_\_ ratch basin rediment

#### Sample Method

stauleys steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color. Grayish brown fine to course SAWD, trace gray fine subrn. gravel, Structure. trace plant debrie nuts and bilts Moisture: saturated Grain Size:

#### Weather





Job Number:	557.044.01	
Sample ID:	FRP- CB - 15	
Laboratory No.:	AES	<u></u>
Sample Locatio	n (net to scale) Fonce	N
		Ň
FRP-Z	× × × × ×	
	X	FRP-1

Date:	4/21/94
Time:	1025
Sampler:	JSF

Description: catch basin sediment

#### Sample Method

stainless steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color:	Dark brown fine to course suban - subin SAND	1. He dark gray fire subar.
Structure:	gravel, trace planet debris	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Moisture:	saturated	
Grain Stze:		

#### <u>Weather</u>







.

# SOIL SAMPLE RECORD

Job Number: <u>557.044.01</u> Sample ID: <u>FRP (B-1</u> & Laboratory No.: <u>AES</u>	Date: _ Time: _ Sampler: _	4/26/94 1535 JSF
Sample Location not to scale	Description:	catch busin sediment
FRP-1		
<u>Sample Description</u> <u>Medium to</u> <u>Color: Graysh-Grown coare SANI</u> <u>Structure: SILT, frace phant debais</u> <u>Moisture: Saturated</u>	) and gray fire a s, nuts and both	ngular GRAVEL, some brown
Grain Size:         Weather         Precipitation:       nime         Wind:       1.ght         Variable         Temperature:       ± 85°F		
<u>Comments:</u> - catch basin <b>å</b> dimensions - sediment depth - 2" - PID reading - Oppm abor - ID" standing water in cat	- Z,1 (square) ve background zh basin ; meder	) (0.2 ppm) até pétroteum-like shien on water sur tace

-







.

# SOIL SAMPLE RECORD

Job Number: 557.044.01	Date: <u>4 / 27/94</u>
Sample ID: $FRP-CB-19$	Time: <u>1450</u>
Laboratory No.: <u>AFS</u>	Sampler:
Sample Location N	Description:atch basin sediment
Ø <sup>(3-19</sup>	
Test Building	<u>NOTE: ixxy little sediment</u> <u>mostly plant debris</u>
X	
Sample Method stainless steel spoon	
Sample Description	
Color: Dark Brownish-gray ORGANI	L SILT and ORGAWIC SAND
Moisture: wc1/saturated	
Weather	
Precipitation: none	
Wind: <u>SW-W</u> est 25-30 mpl	ι
Temperature: <u>t 80°</u> F	
<u>Comments:</u> <u>catch busin diameter = 3.1</u> <u>sediment depth = c   inch</u> <u>PID reacting = 0 ppm above b</u>	(very little) Decleground (0,4 ppm)
no standing water	

-

Job Number:	557,044,01	
Sample ID:	FEP-OUT-01A	
Laboratory No.:		

Date:	ZMAY94	
Time:	1500	
Sampler:	W. MAACJUEY	

#### Sample Location



#### Sample Method

Stainless stel spoon

#### Sample Description



#### <u>Weather</u>

Precipitation: Wind: W-NW 10-15 s sub st Temperature: SOFF

TEL VOA, TEL SVOL, TAL METALS TEL PESHEILE / DE PCBS TCL



.

# SOIL SAMPLE RECORD

Job Number: <u>557.644.01</u> Sample ID: <u>FRP-OUT-C1B</u> Laboratory No.:	Date:         2         MAY 1994           Time:         1515           Sampler:         W:         MAHANEY
Sample Location	il 1 Description: AUTENT, #7 Sal
BUUL Z X X Z X Z X Z X Z X Z X Z X Z X Z X Z	TOUL 
Stain less long hand	thed spoon surface
Sample Description	•
Color: DK Blanco	
Structure:	······································
Moisture: Static And	
Grain Street Claudice And A	ville and the
Grant Gee. Bill FClun gsand	little nuce (charte s - as
Weather	
Provinitation:	
wind: $N = 700 = 70 = 70 = 75$	nff
remperature: <u>50-53</u>	
<u>Comments:</u> <u>Analysis: TCL</u> <u>TCL Cyam La, TCL Pesha</u>	VOA, TEL SVOC, TAL METALS



Job Number.	557.001	
Sample ID:	FR7-007-01C	
Laboratory No.:		_

Date:	2 MAY 1994	
Time:	1545	<u>معداد الخطيبي</u>
Sampler:	W. MATCHEY	

### **Sample Location**



Start-stainless Steel Spoon / stapple

#### Sample Method

### Sample Description

<b>Color:</b> <i>[</i>	DV Brown					
Structure:						
Moisture:	Sah and					
Grain Size:	1ed/Course	Sand, Som	hsant	trace	Siltrilan	(Luch /acheire)

#### Weather

INNE Precipitation: Wind: N - NW - 10 - 15Temperature: 50-55°F

Comments: S.S: TEL VOA, TEL SVOC, TAL METAL 101 TAC C, n d



.

# SOIL SAMPLE RECORD

Job Number. 357.044.01	Date: 4/29/94
Sample ID: FRI OB-02A	
Laboratory No.: <u>AES</u>	Sampler. JSF
Sample Location N	Description: outfall sediment surface sample
FRP DUT. OZA. OZB	
<u>Sample Method</u> <u>strinkers</u> steel spoon	
Sample Description subrn.	
COLOT: BOTHIN VERY AND SAND	and SUT for about lotion of mot
Structure: frace grand fine subra	· 9 Marel
Meisture:	
Grain Size: Saturated	
Weather	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Precipitation: light rain	
Wind: <u>fight /var.</u>	
Temperature: <u>± 60 <sup>4</sup>F</u>	
<u>Comments:</u> <u>PID reading = Oppm al</u>	rove background (O.Z.ppm)



Job Number:_	557.044.01	
Sample ID:	FRP- OUT - 02B	
Laboratory No.:	AES	

### Sample Location

See sheet for FRP-OUT- DZA

Date:	4/29/94	
Time:	1050	
Sampler:	JJF	

Description: outfall sediment 1 foot below FRP-OUT-OZA

### Sample Method

Stainless steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color:	Brown very fine	- subra 5A	ND and SI	LT IN	le darkgray fine
<del>~Structure</del> :	subrn. Sand,	trace gray.	fire ang.	gravel,	tare sont debris
Moisture:	saturated	5 (-		<del>,</del>	······································
Grain Size:	•				

#### <u>Weather</u>

Precipitation:	mod. rain	
Wind:	calm	
Temperature:	± 60°F	

PID reading = Oppm above background (0.2ppm)



Job Number:	557.044.01
Sample ID:	FRP-OUT-OZC
Laboratory No.:	AES

### Sample Location

See shat for FRP-ONT-OZA

4/29/94	
riod	
JSF	
	4/29/94 1100 JSF

Description: outfall sediment surface sample approx dowr f

#### Sample Method

Stainless steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color:	Brown U. fine	subrn. SAND and	SILT , little dark	gray fine
Structure:	subra. Sand	frace gray fine	suban, - ang. grave	the strat dela
Moisture:	saturated	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Grain Size:				

### <u>Weather</u>

Precipitation: light rain Wind: calm + 40 Temperature: Comments: PID reading = 0 ppm above background ( 0.2 ppm)



Job Number: 557.044.0/ Sample ID: FRP - OUT - OZD Laboratory No.: AES

### Sample Location

see sheet for FRP-OUT-OZU)

Date:	4/29/94	
Time:	1110	
Sampler:	TSF	

Description: on tall sediment surface sample ~10' down from outfall cown stream

Sample Method

stainless steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color: Brown SILT and U. Fine subra. SAND, little dark gray U. fine Situcture: subra. Sand, little gray fine subra. grave, frace plant debiss Moisture: Soturace Grain Size:

### <u>Weather</u>

Precipitation: mod. rain / thunderstorm @ 1110 variable, 5-10 mph. Wind: ± 60 °F Temperature: **Comments:** PIDreeding = 0 ppm above Background (aZppm)



Job Number: <u>557.044.0</u> Sample ID: <u>FRP - 041</u> Laboratory No.: <u>AES</u>	-03A
Sample Location	$\sim$ $\sim$
outfall #3 4	Fence
GARINGE	
Comple Method	

Date:	4/29/94	
Time:	1340	
Sampler:	JJF	

Description: outfall solment Jurface sample

#### Sample Method

stainless steel spoon/scoopula

### **Sample Description**

Color:	Brown to gray med to coarge subra SAND, some gray fine sub an
Structure:	Gravel, trace brown silt, trace plant debris
Moisture:	saturated
Grain Size:_	

#### Weather

Precipitation: none W, est. 10 mph. Wind: Temperature: ± 60°F

PID reading = 0.1 ppm above background (0.1 ppm)



Job Number:	557.044.01
Sample ID:	FRP-OUT-03B
Laboratory No.:	AES

#### Sample Location

See sheet for FRP-DUT-03A

Date:	4/29/94	
Time:	1325	
Sampler:	JJF	

Description: outfall sectment ' below surface sediment 1 at FRP-ONT-03 A

### Sample Method

Stainless steel goon

### Sample Description

Color:_	orange-brown	SILTand	v. fire	SAND	trace for	ang. gravel,
Structure:	frace plant	debris		,		
Moisture:	saturated					
Grain Size:						

#### Weather

Precipitation:	none
Wind:_	
Temperature:	<u> </u>
Comments:	PiD reading = 0 ppm above background (0.1 ppm).



Job Number:	557.044.01
Sample ID:	FRP-put-03C
Laboratory No.:	AES
<u> </u>	

### Sample Location

see sheet for FRP-OUT-03A

Date:	4/29/94	
Time:	1355	
Sampler:	TJF	

Description: outfall sediment

127 raight line STF out PIPE Caterseetion of md cam

### Sample Method

stainless steel spoon

### Sample Description

Descriptio	n			subrn.					
Color:_	Brown	to gray	coarse	SAND	17the	a say	to dark	arey 31	ubano
Structure:	gravel	frace	e plant	debr:s		51			<u> </u>
Moisture:	Satur	ated							
Grain Size:									-

### <u>Weather</u>

Precipitation: none est. 10-15 mpl. Wind: **...**) Temperature: ± 60 °F **Comments:** - PID reading = 0 ppm above background (0.1 ppm):

2 MAY 94

W. MAHONEY

1610

Date: Time:

Sampler:

Job Number:	557,044,01	
Sample ID:	FRP-OUT-04	
Laboratory No.:		

#### Sample Location

ERM



#### Sample Description

Color:	Brown					
Structure:						
Moisture:	Wet				······································	
Grain Stze:	FSAND, A	Eff Sime M	1CSand	1. He silt rela	. Chrick braque	A

#### Weather

It'llo when Nave Precipitation: 10-14 Wind: -vu Temperature: 50-500

Comments: Sis ; TCL VOA, TCL SVCC, TAL METAL TAL CYANEDE, TCL PESTICIPE / PKB



.

# SOIL SAMPLE RECORD

Job Number: <u>557.044</u> ,01 Sample ID: <u>FRP - DUT - OS</u> Laboratory No.: <u>AES</u>	Date:     4/21/14       Time:     1700       Sampler:     5F
Sample Location N Test Building	Description: <u>outfall</u> sediment <u>surface</u> sample
X X X X X X X OUTFALL#5 / FRP-OUT-05	Fence
<u>Sample Method</u> <u>Stainless steel spoor</u> <u>Sample Description</u> <u>Color: Brown to gray fine to</u>	o coarse subra SAND, frace red sand-see
Structure: <u>brick fragments</u> , frac Moisture: <u>wet/saturated</u> Grain Size: Weather	e plant debris and roots
Precipitation: <u>nove</u> Wind: <u>S-SW</u> , <u>est</u> 10-z6 Temperature: <u>± 70°F</u>	) mph.
<u>Comments:</u> <u>PID reading = Dppm ab</u>	pre background (0.2 ppm).



Job Number:	557.044.01	
Sample ID:	FRP-OUT-OG	
Laboratory No.:	AES	

### Sample Location



Date:	4/29/94	
Time:	1600	
Sampler:	_J3F	

Description: \_\_\_\_\_\_fall sed-ment surface sample

#### Sample Method

Stainless steel spoon

#### Sample Description

Color:	Brown fine to	med.	subru. SAND	trace	red fine to	coarse sand-size
Structure:	brick frags,	frace	plant debris			
Moisture:	saturated					
Grain Size:						

#### **Weather**

Precipitation: none S, est. 15 mph. Wind: 70 °F Temperature:

PID reading - Oppm above background (0.2 ppm).



.

# SOIL SAMPLE RECORD

Job Number: 557.044.0)	Date: 4/29/94
Sample ID: FRP. OUT - 07	Time: 0955
Laboratory No.: AES	Sampler: JSF
Sample Location	F
	Description: outfall sediment
Netlands marker (161	surface sample
A A	
E E	
· · E	
FRP-OUT-D7	
Partice lat	
r an Ang Cor	
Sample Method	
stainless steel anon any	d scopoula
	Scropwid
Sample Description	
Color: Brown to gray coarse row	nded SAND and gray fine rounded GRAVEL
Structure: trace plant debris	(sat., 1004e)
Moisture: <u>seturaled</u>	
Grain Size:	
	-
Weather	
Precipitation: <u>mod</u> . rain	
Precipitation: <u>mod</u> . rain Wind: <u>light</u> /Jar.	
Precipitation: <u>mod</u> . <u>rain</u> Wind: <u>light/Jar</u> . Temperature: <u>±55°</u> F	
Precipitation: <u>mod</u> <u>rain</u> Wind: <u>light/Jar</u> . Temperature: <u>± 55° F</u>	
Precipitation: <u>mod</u> . <u>rain</u> Wind: <u>light/Jar</u> . Temperature: <u>± 55° F</u> <u>Comments:</u>	
Precipitation: <u>mod. rain</u> Wind: <u>light/Jar.</u> Temperature: <u>± 55° F</u> <u>Comments:</u> <u>PID reading = 0.4 ppm</u>	abore background (Oppm)
Precipitation: mod. rain Wind: <u>l'aht/Jar</u> . Temperature: <u>± 55° F</u> <u>Comments:</u> <u>PID reading = 0.4 ppm</u>	abore background (Oppm)
Precipitation: <u>mod.</u> rain Wind: <u>light/Jar.</u> Temperature: <u>± 55° F</u> <u>Comments:</u> <u>PID reading = 0.4 ppm</u> <u>NOTE: B</u> JJF FRP-1	abore background (Oppm) DUPE-04 taken have @ 1010



Job Number:	557,044,01	
Sample ID:	FRP-04T-08	JSF
Laboratory No.:		

### **Sample Location**

.



Date:	4/29/94	
Time:	0 910	
Sampler:	JJF	

Description:	outfall	sediment
sur face	sample	

#### Sample Method

stainless steel spoon

### Sample Description

Color:	Brown SILT, little gray fine rounded gravel, frace brown vertices	sand.
Structure:	trace organics (plant debris)	· · · <b>)</b>
Moisture:	wet/saturated	
Grain Stze:		

### Weather

Precipitation:	light rain	
Wind:	light /var.	
Temperature:	± \$0°F	

PID reading = O ppm above background (O ppm) -



Job Number: <u>357.044.0/</u> Sample ID: <u>FRP- 04T- 09</u> Laboratory No.: <u>42</u> 5	Date: <u>4/29/9</u> Time: <u>/5/0</u> Sampler: <u>JSF</u>
Sample Location	Description: art.
FRP-1 Building	outfall samp on Plate 3
DEINEWAY (B-07 & (B-10 FARTEL ROAD	
& FRP-04T-09	
Sample Method stainless steel spoon	
Sample Description	
Color: Brown v. fine SAND and S Structure: red fine angular brick- Moisture: <u>Saturated</u> Grain Stee:	SILT, some gray fine frags., 1:#12 organics (

#### **Weather**



#### Comments:

- 10" standing water in catch basin - Sediment depth = 4"		~	PID read	ing =	0 ppm	above	background	(0 com)	
- Sediment depth = 4"			10" stand	ling wa	ter in	ratch bo	tin .		
	·	-	Sediment	- Lepth	= 4"	X			

arig. Gravel some

ant debrig

baim

va point #

#### MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT ACCELERATED RI/FS TASKS BORING LOGS

#### **GRAPHIC LOG PATTERNS LEGEND**

Pattern

Texture/Formation



Organic Soils/Sediments





Sand

Clay

Silt

Gravel

Concrete

MMCBLLEG.XLS - 12/20/93

· • #
5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING: SS-1

1	Project	t Name & Li MART	ocation IN MAR	IETTA	-FRP		Project Number Date & time started: 1 557.008.02 Date & time completed: 1			10-26-93, 1445 10-26-93, 1545		
	Drilling	company		-			Foreman		Method	Sampler		
		ERM N	lortheas	t			B. Spizuoco	NA	Manual	Sediment Corer		
			Elevation	and Datu	m (Feet)		Completi	on Depth (Feet)	Inspector(s):			
								2.0	B. :	Spizuoco/J. Fox		
	₽	_	Location	<b>-</b>	• <b>b</b>		Surface Description:		Water Levels	(Feet):		
	5	Ţ	veuan	us nor	inwest o	TFRP-2	Swamp		Date	Time Depth		
	Ť	1 M										
	H	Ē										
	<u>(ft)</u>	Reco-										
		very PID USCS GRAPHIC				GRAPHIC	SEDIME	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS		
ļ	· ·	(inches) (ppm*) SYMBOL LOG				LOG	<u> </u>					
	0				- <u> </u>				* = above b	ackground (0 ppm)		
ł	- 05		14	U	SM		Dark brown very	tine SAND,	TCL VOC	s/TOC		
ł	- 0.5						moist medium	fense)	Sample			
Ī	1.0											
	-			0	ML		Brown to light brown	own very fine	plant roots	s protrude through		
ŀ	1.5						SANDY SILT, trac	ce brown clay	core			
┟	- 20						(damp, medium s	stiff)	TCL VOC	s/TOC		
ł	2.0								Sample			
t	- 2.5									ning @ 2.0		
E	-											
L	3.0											
-	, 35											
t												
L	4.0											
┢	4.5											
┠	5.0											
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t	5.5					Ì						
F												
┝	6.0											
$\mathbf{F}$												
F	0.0											
Ľ	7.0											
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╞	7.5											
F	80											
t		3.0										
Γ	8.5	8.5										
$\mathbf{F}$	9.0				Í							
$\mathbf{F}$	9.5											
ŀ	. 9.5											
F	10.0											

-ioic	ect Name & I			500		Project Number	Date & time started:	10-27-93, 1	145
	MARI	IIN MAH	REITA	-FRP		557.008.02	Date & time completed:	10-27-93, 1	210
UT AIL	ERM I	Northeas	st			B. Spizuoco	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler FSP
		Elevation	and Datur	m (Feet)		Completin	on Depth (Feet)	inanuai I	
1							2.0	B. Sr	oizuoco/J. Fox
₽		Location				Surface Description:		Water Levels (F	eet):
Ē	Ţ	wettar	nds nor	thwest o	f FRP-2	Swamp		Date	Time Decth
	1 M							NA	
Ē	Ē								
<u>(ft)</u>		Reco-							
		very	PID	USCS	GRAPHIC	SEDIME	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION	1	REMARKS
	1	(inches)	(ppm*)	SYMBOL	LOG	l			
<u> </u>	2	24	0	SM		Deals harris and		* = above bac	kground (0 ppm)
F.	.5	24	0	5171		Dark brown orga	nic fine SAND,		700
<u> </u>		1 1	0	SM		Same as above of	arading towards	Sample	/100
<u></u>	0					lighter brown	,	less organic	s from 0.5' - 1.0'
┝			0	SM		Light brown to re	ddish-brown	TCL VOCs	/TOC Sample
- <sup>1.</sup>	5					very fine SAND, I	ittle brown silt	moist above	e 1.5'
+ 2	0					(moist-saturated,	meaium dense)	towards sat	urated below 1.5'
								End of Borin	ng @ 2 0'
2.	5								.g ( 2.0
+									
3.0			ļ						
3.!	5								
E									
- 4.0	2				Ĩ				
+									
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rojec' ح	t Name & L MART	ocation		-FRP		Project Number 557.008.02	Date & time starte Date & time complete	ed: 10-27-93, 1	211 230	
Drilling	сотралу					Foreman	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	<u> </u>
	ERMN	Vortheas	st			B. Spizuoco	NA	Manual	ESP	
		Elevation	and Datur	m (Feet)		Completi	on Depth (Feet)		nspector(s):	_
D		Location				Surface Description:	2.0	B. Spizuoco/J. Fox		
Ē	Ţ	Wetlan	ids nor	th of FRI	P-2	Swamp		Date	eet): Time	Deeth
臣	!							NA		Deptin
I	M									
	E	Bern			T					
		very	PID	uscs	GRAPHIC	SEDIME	NT/SOIL DESCRIPTION			
		(inches)	(ppm*)	SYMBOL	LOG			·   '	REMARKS	
0									keround (0)	
-		24	0	SM		Brown very fine S	SAND and SILT,	TCL VOCS	/TOC	
- 0.5	1					trace plant debris	5	Sample		
F						(damp, medium d	dense)			
		1 1	0	SM		Same as above		TCI VOCA	<u></u>	
1.5								Sample		
╞						-				
2.0										
- 2.5								End of Borir	ng @ 2.0'	
E										
Г <sub>3.0</sub>										
<b>-</b>										
- 3.5	1									1
4.0										
E										
- 4.5										1
5.5										
		1								
- 6.0										
		[								
7.0										
F								]		
- <sup>7.5</sup>		1								
<b>h</b> 8.0										
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F 9.0										
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-										
10.0										

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رہ <del>ہ</del> ۔		IN MAR	RIETTA	-FRP		Project Number 557.008.02	Date & time started Date & time completed	a: 10-27-93, 1310 a: 10-27-93, 1350		
Drilli		lothoor	-+	_		Foreman		Method	Sampler	
	CHINI	To	51		<u> </u>	B. Spizuoco	<u>NA</u>	Manual	ESP	
		Elevation	and Datu	m (Feet)		Completic	on Depth (Feet)		inspector(s):	-
			··				2.0	<u>В. S</u>	pizuoco/J.	Fox
<u> </u>	-	Motion	de nor		2 0	Surface Description:		Water Levels (I	Feet):	
5	<u>.</u>	, vieuai	03 1101		-2	Swamp		Date	Time	Depth
ļ,	: M							NA NA		
<b>H</b>								1		
(ft)	-	Reco-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		
1		very	PID	USCS	GRAPHIC	SEDIME	NT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
		(inches)	(ppm*)	SYMBOL	LOG				nemeriko	
	5							* = above ba	ckaround (0 p	(me
L		24	0	SM		Brown very fine S	SAND and SILT,	TCL VOCs	TOC	,
L 0.	.5					trace plant debris	5	Sample	•	
F						(damp, medium o	dense)			
	.0		0	<u>CIA</u>		0				
<b>F</b> .			U	SM		Same as above e	except saturated	water table	@ 1.0'	
F "									/100	
2.	٥							Sample		
┣.								End of Bori	ng @ 2.0'	
<u> </u>	3									
3.	•									
<b>T</b> 3.	5									
┣										
<b>⊢</b> <sup>4.0</sup>										
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- 5.5	5									
6.0	,									
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E °						·				
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7.5										
F							-			
- 8.0										
8.5										
- 9.0										
-										
9.5										
10.0										

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING: SS-5

Project Number

557.008.02

roject Name & Location

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EI P.)

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<u>(ft)</u>

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2.5

3.0

3.5

4.0

4.5

5.0

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6.5

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9.0

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10.0

MARTIN MARIETTA-FRP

Drilling company Foreman **Drilling Equipment** Method Sampler ERM Northeast B. Spizuoco NA Manual ESP Elevation and Datum (Feet) Completion Depth (Feet) inspector(s): 2.0 B. Spizuoco/J. Fox Location Surface Description: Water Levels (Feet): Wetlands north of FRP-2 Ξ Swamp Date Time Depth ī NA <u>M</u> Ε Recovery PID USCS GRAPHIC SEDIMENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION REMARKS (inches) (ppm\*) SYMBOL LOG \* = above background (0 ppm) 24 0 SM Brown very fine SAND and SILT, TCL VOCs/TOC 0.5 trace plant debris Sample (damp, medium dense) 1.0 0 SM Light brown fine SAND, TCL VOCs/TOC 1.5 trace plant debris Sample (damp, medium dense) 2.0 End of Boring @ 2.0'

Date & time started: 10-27-93, 1355

Date & time completed: 10-27-93, 1420

#### ERM-Northeast 5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

Page 1 of 1

### LOG OF BORING: SS-6

iject	Name & L			.500		Project Number Date & time started: 10-27-93, 1423				
Dailing						557.008.02	Date & time completed	10-27-93.	1445	
C. maring	ERMIN	lortheas	st			B Spizuoco	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler Sodimont	Carat
		Elevation	and Datu	m (Feet)		Completi	On Denth (Feet)		Seument	Corer
				,		Complea	2.0	B. Spizuoco/J. Fox		
₽		Location				Surface Description:		Water Levels	(Feet):	
Ē	<u>T</u>	Wetlar	nds nor	thwest o	f FRP-2	Swamp		Date	Time	Depth
2	<u>!</u>							NA		
II	<u>M</u>							i -		
∺	Ē	<u> </u>			<del></del>			l		
Ē		Heco-	810	11600	0.000					
1		(inches)	(nom*)	SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SEDIM	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
	1	1	1	1	1 200	<u>!</u>		1		
	+	12		M		Dark brown SILT	oomo Plant dabria	TCL VOC	ackground (0)	opm)
F 0.5		'-	Ŭ			(saturated soft)	, some Flant debris	Sample	s/10C	
				l .				Jampie		
1.0				ŀ						
-		]	0	ML		Same as above e	except wet	DUPLICA	TE-1	
1.5										
┣								TCL VOC	s/TOC	
2.0						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Sample		
- 2.5								FUO OL RO	ring @ 2.0 <sup>.</sup>	
F										
<b>-</b> 3.0										
F										
3.5										
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- 4.0	1									
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- 6.0				1						
- 0			ľ							
- 7.0										
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9.0										1
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- 10.0										

#### ERM-Northeast 5488 Widewaters Parkway

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING: SS-7

Project Name & Location Project Number Date & time started: 10-27-93, 1447 MARTIN MARIETTA-FRP 557.008.02 Date & time completed: 10-27-93, 1515 Drilling company Foreman **Drilling Equipment** Method Sampler **ERM Northeast** B. Spizuoco NA Sediment Corer Manual Elevation and Datum (Feet) Completion Depth (Feet) inspector(s): 2.0 B. Spizuoco/J. Fox Location ₫ Water Levels (Feet): Surface Description: E Wetlands north of FRP-2 Ξ Swamp Date Time Depth E Ţ NA Ξ м 표 Ē <u>(ft)</u> Recovery PID USCS GRAPHIC SEDIMENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION REMARKS (inches) (ppm\*) SYMBOL LOG 0 \* = above background (0 ppm) 9 0 OL Dark brown ORGANIC SILT, TCL VOCs/TOC 0.5 (saturated, soft) Sample 1.0 0 OL Same as above TCL VOCs/TOC 1.5 Sample 2.0 End of Boring @ 2.0' 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0 8.5 9.0 9.5 10.0

#### ERM-Northeast 5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

Page 1 of 1

## LOG OF BORING: SS-8

T	ect Name & MAR	Location		-FRP		Project Number         Date & time started: 10-26-93, 1635           557.008.02         Date & time completed: 10-26-93, 1720				
Drilli	ng company					Foreman	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	
	ERM	Northeas	st			B. Spizuoco	NA	Manual	Sediment Co	orer
		Elevation	and Datu	m (Feet)		Completi	on Depth (Feet)	Inspector(s):		
							2.0	<u> </u>	Spizuoco/J. F	ox
Ē	Ŧ	Wetlar	nds nor	thwest o	f FRP-2	Swamp		Water Levels	(Feet):	D
2	-				_			NA	IIII	Depth
Ī	м									
브	Ē				······					
<u>m</u>		Heco-	PID	11905	GRAPHIC	SEDING				
		(inches) (ppm=) SYMBOL LOG			LOG	SEDIME		REMARKS		
	,							= above b	ackground (0 pp	m)
+		10	0	OL		Dark brown ORG	ANIC SILT,	TCL VOC	s/TOC	
- 0.	.5					(saturated, soft)		Sample		
<u> </u>	0									
-			0	ML		Dark brown SILT	, little plant debris	TCL VOC	s/TOC	
- <sup>1.1</sup>	5					(saturated, medi	um stiff)	Sample		
- 2.1	0									
<b>-</b>	.			ĺ				End of Bo	ring @ 2.0'	
۴ <sup>m</sup>	-									
3.0	0									
<b>]</b> 3.9	5									
F										
- 4.0										
4.5	5									
F										
F 5.0	, İ									
5.5	;									
6.0	,									
F.,										
E 5.5										
7.0										l
7.5										
┠										
L										
8.5					ļ					
9.0										
F										
9.5										
- 10.0										

Tojec	Name & MAR	Location	RIETTA	-FRP		Project Number 557.008.02	Date & time started	10-26-93,	1545 1630	
Driling	company					Foreman	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	
	ERM	Northea	st			B. Spizuoco	NA	Manual	Sediment	Corer
		Elevation	n and Dati	um (Feet)		Completi	on Depth (Feet)		inspector(s):	
							2.0	B. 5	Spizuoco/J.	Fox
E	т	Wetla	nds no	rthwest (	of FRP-2	Swamp		Water Levels	(Feet):	
P	-							NA	lime	Deoth
I	м									
브	Ē									
<u>m</u>		Heco-	. פור	11505	CRADUIC					
		(inches		) SYMBO		SEDIME	EN1/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
0			1	1	1			* = above b	ackoround (0 i	oom)
-		12	0	OL		Dark brown ORG	SANIC SILT	TCL VOC	s/TOC	
- 0.5	1					(saturated, soft)		Sample	•	
1.0										
_		1	0	ML		Dark brown SILT	, little plant debris	TCL VOC	s/TOC	
- 1.5						(saturated, medii	um stiff)	Sample	•	
2.0								1		
								End of Boi	ring @ 2.0'	
+ <sup>2.5</sup>										
3.0										
3.5										
4.0										
F										
4.5										
5.0										
5.5										
- 6.0										1
- 6.5										
7.0										-
7.5										
- 8.0										
-										
8.5										
9.0										
9.5										
•										
- 10.0										

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING: SS-10

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#### roject Name & Location Project Number Date & time started: 10-26-93, 1220 MARTIN MARIETTA-FRP 557.008.02 Date & time completed: 10-26-93, 1250 Drilling company Foreman **Drilling Equipment** Method Sampler **ERM Northeast** B. Spizuoco NA Manual Sediment Corer Elevation and Datum (Feet) Completion Depth (Feet) Inspector(s): 2.0 B. Spizuoco/J. Fox ₽ Location Surface Description: Water Levels (Feet): Wetlands northwest of FRP-2 Ē Ι Swamp Date Time Depth 멷 ł NA Ţ м Ħ E Reco-<u>(ft)</u> PID uscs very GRAPHIC SEDIMENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION REMARKS (inches) (ppm\*) SYMBOL LOG 0 \* = above background (0 ppm) 9.5 0 ML Dark brown SILT, some Plant Roots. TCL VOCs/TOC 0.5 little brown clay, little brown fine sand Sample (saturated, medium stiff) ٦.0 0 SM Dark brown fine SAND and SILT. TCL VOCs/TOC 1.5 little plant roots and debris Sample (moist, medium dense) 2.0 End of Boring @ 2.0' 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0 8.5 9.0 9.5 10.0

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

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## LOG OF BORING: SS-11

Ĺ	roject	MAR	Location	RIETTA	-FRP		Project Number 557.008.02	Date & time started: Date & time completed:	10-26-93, 10-26-93.	1405 1440
D	rilling	company					Foreman		Method	Sampler
		ERM	Northea	st			B. Spizuoco	NA	Manual	Sediment Corer
			Elevation	and Datu	im (Feet)		Complete	on Depth (Feet)		Inspector(s):
				·				2.0	В.	Spizuoco/J. Fox
1	2		Location				Surface Description:		Water Levels	(Feet):
1	E	I	Wetla	nds noi	thwest c	of FRP-2	Swamp		Date	Time Depth
1	2	1							NA	
] ]	<u> </u>	м								
<u></u>	4	Ē				T				
1	<u>ft)</u>		Reco-							
			very		USCS	GRAPHIC	SEDIME	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS
		(inches) (ppm*) SYMBOL LOG			LOG					
	0	14 0 SM							* = above b	ackground (0 ppm)
┝		5   14   0   SM					Brown to dark br	own fine SAND	TCL VOC	s/TOC
-	0.5	.5					and SILT, little pl	ant debris	Sample	
F							(damp, dense)			
┢	1.0		-		1				TOL 1/00	
F	15				IVIL		trace plant debri	ay CLATET SILI,	TCL VOC	s/IOC
F	·		1				fine sand	s, trace light brown	Sample	
F	2.0			-			(damo medium i	etiff)	cand at he	
							(damp, medium,	5000)	End of Bo	
Γ	2.5									ning @ 2.0
Г										
	3.0									
7										
F	3.5									
╞										
$\mathbf{F}$	4.0									
$\mathbf{F}$										
$\mathbf{F}$	4.5									
$\mathbf{F}$			1							
	3.0									
	55		1	1						
	6.0									
Γ										
E	6.5							1		
L										
F :	7.0	i								
F					1	ſ				
F '	7.5									
F .										
+ °										
<b>۲</b> ,	1.5	1				İ				
ΓĬ				1						
<b> </b> ,	0.0									
ſ										1
- 9	9.5									
F					1					1
10	0.0	1								1

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING: SS-12

oject	Name & L MART	ocation		-FRP		Project Number         Date & time started:         10-26-93,         1310           557.008.02         Date & time completed:         10-26-93,         1400				
Drilling	company					Foreman	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	
	ERM N	lortheas	st			B. Spizuoco	NA	Manual	Sediment	Corer
		Elevation	and Datu	m (Feet)		Completi	on Depth (Feet)		inspector(s):	
					<u> </u>		2.0	B. Spizuoco/J. Fox		
E E	т	Wetlar	nds nor	thwest of	FRP.2	Surface Description:		Water Levels	(Feet):	
P	<u>-</u>	, Weau		unvest of	11 nr-2	Swamp		Date NA	Time	Depth
Ī	<u>м</u>									
브	E		·							
<u>(fft)</u>		Reco-								
		very	PID	USCS	GRAPHIC	SEDIME	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
	1	(incries)	_(ppm-)	STMBUL		1		<u> </u>		
°			0	- Al		Derk brown to bl		* = above b	ackground (0	ppm)
		3		141		Plant Boots and	ack SILI, some Debris, trace brown	ICL VOC	s/TOC	
						clay trace brown	verv fine sand	Sample		
1.0						(saturated, media	um stiff)			
Ļ			0	ML		Dark brown SILT	and fine SAND,	TCL VOC	s/TOC	
- 1.5						some Plant Root	s and Debris, trace	Sample		
+						dark brown clay				
2.0						(moist, medium s	sun)	End of Bo	ring @ 2 0'	
2.5									ning @ 2.0	
1 30								Í		
T 3.0										
3.5										
F										
- 4.0				1						[
- 4.5										
- 5.0										
F										
6.0										
- 6.5										
F ''''										
7.5										
╞╴╞					1					
- 8.0				1						
- 8.5										
9.0										[
9.5										1
10.0										
									•	

APPENDIX C SOIL BORING LOGS

Project name	& location	1			Project number Date & time started: 4/26/			26/94 - 1426			
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	<u>nt RI/</u> F	S	557.044.01	Date & time complete	d: <b>4/26/94 - 1605</b>				
Drilling comp Aquifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling	& Testing			Foreman <b>M. Mede</b>	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30</b> "			
Drilling equip	<sup>ment</sup> B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 381.51	Completion depth 19'	Rock depth			
Bit(s) Center I	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling					
						13					
DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	REM	ARKS				
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts							
	LOCATION	:	-		SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Asphalt	JRFACE DESCRIPTION: sphalt					
0											
1 -		1.2	0.0	4	Red-brown, f/m SAND, some						
				4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi:	rown, f/SAND, little silt, moist					
<u> </u>				5							
- -				5							
<u> </u> 3 -	1	1.6	0.0	3	Brown f/SAND little silt, moi	st	Sample collected for	TCL organics			
			0.0			-		i oz organioo.			
4											
<u> </u>				5							
		1.6	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi	st					
L 6.				4							
				3							
_				4							
	2	1.8	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi	st	Sample collected for	TCL organics.			
				2							
8				3							
				4							
9 .		1.4	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet						
2				2							
					l		l				

Boring Number B-101

## ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	ES HN/1/			BEMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
┢	- 10				2		
					3		
ł	- 11		1.7	0.0	WOR	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					WOR		
	- 12				WOR		
					WOR		
	- 13		1.8	4.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
				59.0	5	Brown-black f/SAND little silt, wet	Fuel oil-like odor
	- 14 -				4		
-	4.5			17.5	4		
	- 15		2.0	26.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	Fuel oil-like odor, upper 0.2' of spoon black
	16				10		
ſ	- 10			0.0	15		
	17				26	Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, trace gravel	at 16.9'
	- 17		0.2	0.0	10	Red, CLAY and SILT, little-some, f/c sand, trace gravel, wet, gravel in nose of spoon, subangular, subrounded	
	- 18				12	(quartzite)	
					23		
	- 19				12		Backfilled w/ cuttings
						Bottom of boring at 19' below ground surface	
	- 20						
F	- 21						

Page 2 of 2

Boring Number B-102

## **ERM-Northeast** 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

Project na	me & locatio	n			Project number Date & time started:		4/26/94 - 1256		
ммс	- Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/46/94 - 1344		
Drilling con Aquife	npany r Drilling	& Testing	1		Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2"OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "	
Drilling equ Mobile	upment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 381.69	Completion depth 18.6	Rock depth	
Bit(s) Cente	r Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling			
ЛЕРТЦ	T		:0			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			HNU/	Diesse	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARKS		
(ft belov grade)	Number	Hecovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow					
	LOCATION	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Asphalt				
<b>⊢</b> ₀					-			····	
		10	0.0	7	Brown f/SAND some Silt dr	v	Gravel at top 0.2' of e	0000	
			0.0	6	Sown, ryonid, some oil, u	3		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
				8 -					
				5					
				5					
	1	1.5	0.0	8	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, da	amp	Sample collected for	TCL organics	
				6					
				5					
				6					
5	2	1.8	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi	ist	Sample collected for	TCL organics	
				2					
<u>⊢</u> 6				3					
				3					
- 7		1.6	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND. little silt. wet				
				2	,,,,,,				
<b>⊢</b> 8				2					
				-					
				3					
		1.5	1.1	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet		Fuel-like odor, Lowe spoon black	r 0.5' of	
	12.0 2			2					
	•		-	-	·				

Boring Number <u>B-102</u>

## **ERM-Northeast**

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>	Comela	SAMPLE	ES HNU/	Blow	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Counts		
┟	- 10				2		
					3		
	- 11						Cuel el lite e des
			1.8	32.0	2	Brown-Diack, t/SAND, little slit, wet	ruei dil-like odor
					2		
ſ	- 12				1		
					1		
┢	- 13		1.5	19.0	2	Dk brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet, (zones of f/sand and	Fuel oil-like odor
						silt approximately 0.2' thick thoughout length of spoon)	
	- 14 -				3		
	7				4		
-1					7		
ł	- 15		2.0	27.2	6	Dk brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet, (zones of f/sand and	Fuel oil-like odor
					6	silt approximately 0.2' thick thoughout length of spoon)	
┟	- 16				e .		
	47				8		
ľ	- 1/		1.6		15	Dk brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet, (zones of f/sand and	Fuel oil-like odor
					26	DK brown, f/c SAND and GRAVEL, wet	@ 17.8'
╞	- 18				50/4"	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c Sand, little gravel, wet	No odor discernible in clay
							Boring backfilled with cuttings
	- 19						Lonny backing with cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 18.6' below the ground surface	
ł	- 20						
Į	- 21	]		1			

Page 2 of 2

Project na	me & locatio	n			Project number	Date & time started:	5/2/94 - 1405		
ммс	- Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	s	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/2/94 - 1525		
Drilling co Aquife	mpany er Drilling	& Testing	1		Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "	
Drilling eq Mobile	uipment 9 B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 376.03	Completion depth 27	Rock depth	
Bit(s) Cente	r Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling			
DEPTH		SAMPI F	S						
<u>(# bala</u> )	4 Sampla	Bocoveru	HNU/	Blow	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REM	MARKS	
(it belo grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts					
	AREA 10	: )			Asphait				
<b>⊢</b> ₀									
				:					
		1.0	0.0	3	Red-brown, f/m SAND and G	RAVEL, little silt, dry			
				5		· · · · ·			
<u>⊢</u> 2				12					
I				10					
1— з					Drawn 6/CAND come Sile de		Comple collected #		
		1.4	0.0	5	Brown, 1/SAND, some Silt, da	amp	Sample collected to		
				5					
				3					
				6					
5		1.9	0.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, da	amp			
				7					
6				6					
				6					
<b> </b> 7	2	1.4	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	noist	Sample collected f	or TCL/TAL	
				5					
<b>⊢</b> 8				3					
				2					
<b>⊢</b> 9		1.6	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt_wet				
1						-			
L 10	,			WOR	1				
L									

Page 1 of <u>3</u>

Boring Number <u>B-103</u>

### ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
	- 10			WOR			······································
				WOR			
	- 11		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					6		
	- 12				6		
					6		
	- 13		1.6	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
	- 14				5		
	14				5		
-	- 15				5		
			2.0	0.0	6	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	- 16				6		
					5		
	17		17			Brown f/SAND trace silt wet	
				0.0	6		
	- 18				8		
					10		
	- 19		1.9	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
					5		
	- 20				7		
					8		
	- 21						
-		Page	2	of	3	_	

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	DE	<u>PTH</u>		SAMPLE	ES HNU/	[	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	(ft gi	below rade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
		21		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
						6		
		22				9		
						11		
		23		1.4	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
						5		
	_	24				7		
						9		
	_	25		1.2	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
_						12		
		26				20	Pad brown f/o SAND little silt wat	
						23	Red-brown, CLAY and SILT, some f/c Sand, some Gravel,	Pering heal-filled with authors
		27					Bottom of boring @ 27' below the ground surface	Bonng backnied with cultings
	_	28						
	_	29						
	_	30						
		31						
		32		•	•	•	•	•

Page <u>3</u> of <u>3</u>

Boring Number <u>B-104</u>

## **ERM-Northeast** 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

Project name	e & locatio	n			Project number	Date & time started:	5/6/94 - 0940	
MMC -	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/6/94 - 1130	
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing	1		Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center I	Bit	- <u> </u>			Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
							<u></u>	
<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	REM	ARKS	
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	AVO (mag)	Biow Counts				
	LOCATION	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
AREA 16 South side of the garage					Asphait			
<b>├</b> 1		0.2	0.0	4	Red-brown, f/c SAND, some (	Gravel, some silt, damo		
		-		6	······································			
_ 2				0				
				7				
1				10				
- 3		0.1	0.0	10	Brown, f/c SAND and GRAVE	L, some Silt, damp		
				10				
- 4				5				
				7				
<b>_</b> 5				'				
Ŭ	1	1.5	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi:	st	Sample collected for FRP-DUPE-08 collect	SVOC and lead
				5				
6				7			:	
				6				
- 7	2	1.5	1.1	1	Grev. f/SAND. little silt. moist		Sample collected for	SVOC and lead
		-	20	1	····, ····, ····			
			3.0					
, o			80.0	1				
			115.0	6				
9		1.8	188.0	2	Brown-grey, f/SAND, little silt	, wet		
				4				
					·····			

Boring Number <u>B-104</u>

## ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/	·	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
ļ	(ft beiow grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
ł	- 10				6		
					6		
╞	- 11		2.0	1088.0	2	Grey-brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					3		
	- 12				3		6 ppm @ headspace of augers
				74.0	2		0 ppm in breathing zone
	- 13		20	56.0	1	Brown f/SAND little silt wet	
			2.0	61.0	2		
	- 14			01.0	3		
					5		
7	- 15			2.2	7		
			2.0	1.5	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	_ 16				4		
	- 10			:	4		
					5		
ľ	- 17		1.8	2.2	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					4		
ł	- 18				5		
					3		
ł	- 19		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					4		
┠	- 20				7		
					21	Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, trace gravel, wet	Boring backfilled with cuttings
ł	- 21 I					Bottom of boring @ 21' below ground surface	
-		Page	2	of	2		

Boring Number B-105

## **ERM-Northeast** 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

Project name	e & locatio	n			Project number	Date & time started:	5/6/94 - 1255	
MMC -	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/6/94 - 1345	
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing	1		Foreman <b>M. Mede</b>	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 373.02	Completion depth 21'	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
DEPTH			s					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Comula	December 2	HNU/	Diau	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARKS	
(it below grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
	LOCATION	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Gravel			
- o	0 South side of the garage							
		0.0		~				
		0.2	0.0	2	Grey, I/C SAND and GRAVEL,	, trace slit, damp		
				5				
				5				
1				7				
3		0.1	0.0	2	Grey-brown, f/c SAND and G	RAVEL, some Silt, moist		
				4				
4				7				
				5				
5 ·	1	0.7	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, trace c/sand	. little silt. moist	Sample collected for	SVOC and lead
		-		4	, , , , ,	,		
6								
				4				
<b>–</b> 7				1				
	2	0.7	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi	st	Sample collected for MS/MSD collected f	SVOC and lead
				1			,	
8				1				
				4				
9		1.4	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, we	et		
				3				
<u> </u>								
•								

Boring Number <u>B-105</u>

### ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLES HNU/ Sample Recovery OVA Blow				
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SUL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 10				1		
	- 11						
	••		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					1		
	- 12				1		
					1		
	- 13		20	0.0	4	Brown f/SAND little silt wet	
		:	2.0	0.0	-		
	_ 14				4		
	14				4		
					4		
Ī	- 15		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					4		
┟	- 16				_		
	47				9		
Ī	- 17		1.9	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					4		
ł	- 18				7		
					ß		
	- 19				U		
			1.8	0.0	9	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					14		
ľ	- 20				17		
		1			21	Hed, CLAY and SILI, little f/c sand, wet	
┢	– <sub>21</sub>					Bottom of boring @ 21' below the ground surface	Boring backfilled w/cuttings
~		Bass	•	- 6	^		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

Page 1 of 1

### LOG OF BORING: B-106

rojec 	I Name & L MART	ocation	RIETTA	-FRP		Project Number 557.008.02	Date & time started Date & time completed	# 11-01-93, # 11-01-93,	1010 1155	
Drilling	company		-			Foreman	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	
		Bevetor	SL Date					Manual	ESP	
		NA. b	ase of f	floor = 0'		Complex	9.0	В	Spizuoco/.l	Fox
₽		Location				Surface Description:	······································	Water Levels	(Feet):	
E	I	Area	12 of FF	RP-2		concrete	Date	Time	Depth	
2	<u>1</u>						NA			
	<u>M</u> F									
<u>(ft)</u>	-	Reco-								
		very	PID	USCS	GRAPHIC	SEDIM	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
	1	(inches	:) (ppm*	) SYMBOL						
0			2.4		<b>.</b>	approx. 9" concr	ete floor	* = above b	ackground (1.	3 ppm)
+		10	0			Brown to light br	own fine SILTY SAND,			
F		[		SM		trace brown coal	rse sand	gravei/sa	na from 0.3	- 0.6
<b>[</b> 1.0						(damp, dense)				
$\mathbf{F}$			1							
- 1.5										
- 2.0										
Ē								TAL-Meta	Is Sample	
2.5	1	1								
F ,		Ì								
	+	20	0	SM		Light brown verv	fine SILTY SAND			
3.5						(damp, medium (	dense)			
┣										
4.0			0	M		Brown fine SAND				
4.5						trace brown clay	TOLI,			
F						(moist, medium s	tiff)			
5.0			0	B.A.I		0				
F 5.5			U			Same as above e	xcept damp	TAL-Meta	Is Sample	
t T										
6.0										
F		20	0	ML		Light brown very	fine SANDY SILT			
۳						(moist, meaium s	unj			
7.0										
F			0	ML		Brown very fine S	ANDY SILT,			
۲ <sup>.5</sup>						mie brown clay	tiff)			
8.0						tinoist, mediam 5				
Ĺ										
8.5										
- 9.0				As foreigned						
_				^				End of Bor	ing @ 9.0'	
9.5										
10.0										

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING: B-107 Page 1 of 1

#### oject Name & Location Project Number Date & time started: 10-28-93, 1330 MARTIN MARIETTA-FRP 557.008.02 Date & time completed: 10-28-93, 1500 Drilling company Foreman Dnilling Equipment Method Sampler **ERM Northeast** B. Spizuoco NA Manual ESP Elevation and Datum (Feet) Completion Depth (Feet) inspector(s): NA, base of floor = 0" B. Spizuoco/J. Fox 9.0 ocation D Surface Description: Water Levels (Feet): Area 12 of FRP-2 Ē Ι concrete Date Time Depth PI 1 NA м Ħ E Reco-<u>(ft)</u> very PID USCS GRAPHIC SEDIMENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION REMARKS (inches) (ppm\*) SYMBOL LOG 0 0 approx. 9" concrete floor \* = above background (1.3 ppm) 10 0 SP Brown fine to medium SAND. 0.5 trace brown silt (damp, dense) ٦.0 1.5 2.0 **TAL-Metals Sample** 2.5 3.0 36 0 SM Light brown very fine SAND and SILT (damp, dense) 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 **TAL-Metals Sample** 5.5 5.0 0 NA NA No sample 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0 8.5 9.0 End of Boring @ 9.0' 9.5 10.0

Boring Number B-108

# **ERM-Northeast** 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

Project nam	e & location	n			Project number	Date & time started:	4/29/94 - 1200	
ммс-	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4-29-94 - 1355	
Drilling com Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	oment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 373.85	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
	<u> </u>	041401				T		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REM	ARKS
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts				
	LOCATION	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			1 <b>1</b>
- o				1				
		1.5	0.0	10	Red-brown, f/c SAND and GF	RAVEL, some Silt, damp		
				11	Dk brown, f/SAND, little Silt,	damp		
				15				
-				15				
- 3	1	1.5	0.0	15	Dk brown, f/SAND, some Silt	, damp	Sample collected for	TCL/TAL
				13				
⊢ ₄				11				
5				9				
Ĭ		1.3	0.0	1	Dk brown, f/SAND, some Silt	, moist		
				2				
				2				
				5				
<b>–</b> 7	2	2.0	0.0	10	Grey brown, f/SAND, some S	Silt, moist	Sample collected for	r TCL/TAL
				7				
8				7				
				7				
9		1 5			Brown f/SAND some silt w	at .		
		G.1	0.0	4	BIOWH, I/ SAND, SOME SIIL, W	<u>s</u> t		
10				4				
_ <u>''</u>								

Boring Number <u>B-108</u>

### ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 10						
					4		
	- 11		2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
	10				6		
	- 12				6		
	_ 10				7		
	13		1.6	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
	- 14				3		
					3		
	- 15				4		
			2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	- 16				4		
					4		
	- 17				4		
			1.3	0.0	3	Brown, t/SAND, little silt, wet	
┟	- 18				5		
					4 F		
╞	- 19		20	0.0	6	Brown f/SAND little silt wet	
			2.0	0.0	6		
┢	- 20				7		
					8		
F	- 21						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-		Page	2	of	4		

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	ES			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		REMARKS
$\left  \right $	- 21		1.8	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					6		
$\left  \right $	- 22				7		
					6		
┟	- 23		1.3	0.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					8		
┢	- 24				9		
					9		
┢	- 25		1.4	0.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					8		
┺	- 26				9		
					9		
┠	- 27		1.3	0.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					6		
	- 28				7		
					8		
┢	- 29		1.7	0.0	6	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					9	Brown-red, f/c SAND, little gravel, little silt, wet	
╞	- 30				12	Red, SILT, some f/c Sand, trace gravel, trace clay, wet	
					4		
┢	- 31		2.0	0.0	16	Red, SILT, some f/c Sand, trace gravel, trace clay, wet	
					12		
F	- <u>32</u>						

Page <u>3</u> of <u>4</u>

Boring Number \_\_\_\_\_\_B-108

## ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH	SAMPLES								
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		REMARKS			
	- 32				18	Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, little f/gravel, wet				
					21					
	- 33						Boring backfilled w/cuttings			
						Bottom of boring @ 33' below the ground surface				
	- 34									
	0.									
	- 05									
	- 35									
	- 36									
	- 37									
	- 38									
	- 39									
	- 40									
	— <u>4</u> 1									
	71									
	- 42									
	- 43		1	-			l			
-	Page 4 of 4									

Boring Number B-109

### ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

Project name	e & location				Project number	Date & time started:	5/2/94 - 1030	
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/2/94 - 1245	
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing	1		Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum <b>374.6</b>	Completion depth 33'	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	S					
(ft below Sample Recovery OVA Blow			Blow	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REM	ARKS	
grade)	Number LOCATION:	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts	SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
	Area 10				Asphalt			
- 0 ·	l T							
- 1		1.2	0.0	16	Red-brown, f/c SAND and GF	AVEL, trace silt, dry		
				12	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, darr	ηp		
2				16				
				18				
<u> </u>	1	1.4	0.0	12	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, dam	ρ	Sample collected for	TCL/TAL
				16				
4				12				
				8				
- 5 ·		1.5	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	oist		
				3				
- 6 ·				4	Black, f/SAND, some Silt, org	janics, moist		
				6				
- 7 ·		1.4	0.0	3	Dk Brown, SILT and f/SAND,	moist		
				7				
- 8 ·				8				
				6				
<b>⊢</b> 9	2	1.5	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND and SILT, mo	ist	Sample collected for	TCL/TAL
				5			,	· _, · ·
- 10					l			
,	Page	1	of	4				

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S	1		DEMADIC
	(ft below grade)	Sampie Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 10				4		
					5		
	- 11 -		20	0.0	3	Brown f/SAND and SILT wet	
			2.0	0.0			
	- 12 -				5		
	- 13 -				7		
	10		1.5	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
	_ 14 _				4		
	- 14 -				4		
					4		
	- 15 -		2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
					4		
	- 16 -				5		
					5		
	- 17 -		2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					3		
	- 18 -				5		
					6		
	- 19 -		19	0.0	3	Brown f/SAND little silt wet	
				0.0			
	- 20 -				5		
					5		
	- 21 -				6		
_	21						
		Page	2	of	4		

Boring Number \_\_\_\_\_\_B-109

### ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH	SAMPLES		<b>_</b>			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts	SULDESCRIPTION	REMARKS
F	- 21		1.4	0.0	10	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					5		
┢	- 22				7		
					7		
┟	- 23		15	0.0		Prown f/CAND little silt wat	
			1.5	0.0	7	DIOWN, I/SAND, IILLE SIL, WEL	
	- 24				D		
					4		
	- 25 -				4		
			2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
		-			5		
	- 20				7		
					8		
Ī	- 27		1.0	0.0	6	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
					10		
ŀ	- 28				10		
					11		
┢	- 29		1.2	0.0	5	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
					8		
$\mathbf{F}$	- 30				10		
					11	Red-brown, f/c SAND and SILT, some Clay,	
$\left  \right $	- 31		0.5	0.0	17	little gravel, wet Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c Sand, some Gravel, wet	
					20	· , ····· ····························	
F	- 32						

Page <u>3</u> of <u>4</u>

Boring Number <u>B-109</u>

### ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH	SAMPLES				DEMARKO				
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts					
F	- 32				30	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c Sand, some Gravel, wet				
					36					
╞	- 33						Boring backfilled w/cuttings			
						Bottom of boring @ 33' below the ground surface				
	- 34									
	0.									
	- 25									
	35									
Ī	- 36 -									
ł	- 37									
┟	- 38									
┟	- 39									
	- 40									
	- 41									
	40									
ſ	42									
t	- 43		1			I	I			
	Page 4 of 4									

Boring Number <u>B-110</u>

# **ERM-Northeast** 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

MMC - Farrell Road Plant RI/FS     557.044.01     Date & time completed:     4/28/94 - 1335       Drilling company Aquifer Drilling & Testing     Foreman     Sampler(s)     Sampler hammer       Drilling equipment     M. Mede     2" OD S/S     140lb       Drilling equipment     Method     Elevation & datum     Completion depth     Rc       Mobile B-57     3 1/4" ID HSA     374.98'     37'       Bit(s)     Core barrel(s)     Inspector(s)     Sean Pepling       DEPTH     SAMPLES     SOIL DESCRIPTION     REMARKS       (ft below     Sample     Recovery     OVA     Biow       grade)     Number     (feet)     Biow     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:     Inspector(s)	Drop 30" .ck depth
Drilling company Aquifer Drilling & Testing     Foreman M. Mede     Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S     Sampler hammer 140lb       Drilling equipment Mobile B-57     Method 3 1/4" ID HSA     Elevation & datum 374.98'     Completion depth 37'       Bit(s) Center Bit     Core barrel(s)     Inspector(s) Sean Pepling       DEPTH (ft below grade)     SAMPLES Number     HNU/ (ppm)       LOCATION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	Drop 30" .ck depth
Drilling equipment Mobile B-57     Method 3 1/4" ID HSA     Elevation & datum 374.98'     Completion depth 37'       Bit(s) Center Bit     Core barrel(s)     Inspector(s) Sean Pepling       DEPTH (ft below grade)     SAMPLES     Blow (ppm)     SOIL DESCRIPTION     REMARKS       LOCATION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	ick depth
Bit(s)     Core barrel(s)     Inspector(s)       DEPTH     SAMPLES     Soil DESCRIPTION     REMARKS       (ft below grade)     Recovery Number     OVA (feet)     Blow (ppm)     SOIL DESCRIPTION     REMARKS       LOCATION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	
DEPTH     SAMPLES       (ft below     Sample       grade)     Recovery       Vumber     (feet)       LOCATION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	
Image: Construction     HNU/     HNU/     Blow     SOIL DESCRIPTION     REMARKS       (ft below     Sample     Recovery     OVA     Blow     Counts       grade)     Number     (feet)     (ppm)     Counts       LOCATION:     SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	
(if below         sample         Recovery         OVA         blow           grade)         Number         (feet)         (ppm)         Counts           LOCATION:         SURFACE DESCRIPTION:         SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	
LOCATION: SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	
Area 10 Asphait	
1 12 00 4 Brown f/SAND and SILT trace f/c sand damp	
0         1         1.5         0.0         12         Brown, f/SAND and SILT, trace f/c sand, damp         Sample collected for TCL/T/	<b>NL</b>
8	
5 1.6 0.0 3 Dk brown, f/SAND and SILT, little m/c sand, damp	
wood fragments, damp Collected FRP-DUPE-02	NL.
Y     1.5     0.0     5     Brown, f/SAND, some silt, wet	
5	

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

DEPTH			SAMPLE	S HNU/			REMARKS		
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts				
ŀ	- 10				8				
					7				
	- 11		2.0	0.0	8	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, wet			
					6				
	- 12				6				
	- 13				6				
			1.8	0. <b>0</b>	2	Grey-brown, f/SAND, some silt, wet			
╞	- 14				3				
					2				
	- 15		2.0	0.0	3	Grey-brown, f/SAND, some silt, wet			
	10				3				
	- 16				4				
	- 17			• -	4				
			1.8	0.0	4	Brown, t/SAND, little sitt, wet			
ŀ	- 18				7				
		:			9				
ł	- 19		1.9	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
	00				5				
ĺ	- 20				5				
	- 21				2				
-		Page		~f	A				
		r aye		01	<u> </u>				
5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

### LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		HEMAKKS
	- 21		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					7		
	- 22				6		
					5		
	- 23		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					4		
ľ	- 24				6		
	- 25				7		
	20		2.0	0.0	6	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
-	- 26				6		
					7		
	- 27		10	٥n	5	Brown, f/SAND little silt wet	
	1		1.3	0.0	5		
	- 28				7		
ļ	1				5		
	- 29		1.8	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					9		
	- 30				7		
					8		
	- 31		1.1	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					5	Brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet	
	- 32	1	۱ از از از از از از از از از از از از از		•	ı 	•

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Boring Number \_\_\_\_\_\_B-110\_\_\_

# ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH	SAMPLES					
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
ŀ	- 32				4		
					5		
ľ	- 33				5	Brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet	
					6		
	34				8		
	- 35				8	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/C sand, trace gravel, wet	@ 34.8'
					5	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c sand, little gravel, wet	
}	- 36				7		
					16		
	- 37						Boring backfilled w/cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 37' below the ground surface	
-	- 38						
ľ	- 39						
	- 40						
╞	- 41						
╞	- 42						
E	- 43 J						

Page 4 of 4

Project name	& location	<u>ו</u>			Project number	Date & time started:	4/25/94 - 1305	
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed	4/25/94 - 1345	
Drilling comp Aquifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2 <sup>4</sup> OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	ment <b>B-57</b>				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 375.52'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center I	Bit	***			Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
		SAMPLE	-9					
			HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARKS	;
grade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts				Blow Counts		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	LOCATION: Area 1	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Grass/topsoil			
	Former of	lebris pile						
Ŭ		1.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, t	race f/gravel, damp		
				2				
				3				
				3				
<u> </u>		0.2	0.0	2	Black, GRAVEL			
ł				3				
<b>–</b> 3								
				4				
				3				
		0.6	0.0	WOH	Brown, f/m SAND, some Silt,	moist		
				wон				
<u> </u>				wон				
				woн				
6		10	0.0	3	Brown f/m SAND some Silt	wet		
			5.0					
<b>–</b> 7				4				
				6				
				5				
8		1.5	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, little-some	e silt, wet		
				1				
9				2				
	1			6			Sample collected for TCL V	
<b>-</b> 10					DK Brown, f/SAND and SILT,	wet	Pesticide/PCB	00, 3000
L								

### **ERM-Northeast** 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLES		·		DEMARKO
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		REMARKS
	- 10		1.2	0.0	4	Brown-grey, SILT, little f/sand, wet, mottled	
					6		
	- 11 -				11		
	- 12 -				12		Boring backfilled w/cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 12' below the ground surface	
	- 13 -						
	- 14 -						
-							
	- 15 -						
	- 16 -						
	- 17 -						
	- 18 -						
	_ 10						
	- 19 -						
	- 20 -						
ļ	- 21						
$\mathbf{-}$							

Project name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	4/27/94 - 1655	
MMC -	Farreli I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/28/94 - 1030	
Drilling comp Aquifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 375.43'	Completion depth 39'	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Rit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Penling		
Cerner						[ deal 1 epiling		<u>,</u>
DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REN	ARKS
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	OVA	Blow				
grade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts LOCATION:				Counts	SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
Area 10								
- o ·	Alea IU				·····		······································	
<u> </u> − 1 ·		10	0.0	-		and the area of the con-		
		1.0	0.0	5	Brown-grey, SIL1, some t/Sar	id, litte gravel, damp		
				9				
				10				
				10				
<b>-</b> 3 -	1	1.2	0.0	14	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, da	mp		
				10				
4				12				
				9				
				6				
- 5		1.6	0.0	2	Dk brown, f/SAND, some m/S	Sand, some Silt		
				2				
6								
				Z	· ·			
_				2				
$\Gamma$		2.0	0.0	2	Dk brown, f/SAND and SILT, s	some m/c Sand, damp		
				1	troots and animal bone obser	veo in samplê)		
<b>⊢</b> 8 -				3				
				4				
3		1.7	0.0	4	Dk brown, SILT, some f/Sand	, damp		
l				5				
10 -	i I							

Page\_\_\_1 of \_\_4

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

### LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLES								
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS				
	- 10				5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, damp					
						· , - , · · · · · · ·					
	- 11 -				0						
			2.0	0.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet					
					7						
ľ	- 12 -				8						
					9						
ł	- 13 -		1.4	0.0	6	Brown 1/SAND some Silt wet					
	- 14 -				4						
					6						
7					4						
ľ	- 15 -		2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet					
ľ					4						
┟	- 16 -				4						
					4						
	- 17 -				4						
			1.5	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet					
	10				4						
ſ	- 18 -				3						
					3						
$\mathbf{F}$	- 19		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet					
					4						
	- 20										
					4						
	]				4		Stopped drilling on 4-27-94				
ר ב			-								
		Page of4									

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>	SAMPLES					
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
ļ	- 21 -						
	21		1.8	NM	6	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, trace gravel, wet	Continued boring from 4/27/94
					8		
ŀ	- 22 -				11		
					10		
┠	- 23		2.0	NM	12	Brown, f/SAND, litle silt, wet	
					8		
┟	- 24				11		
					13		
┢	- 25 -		1.6	NM	4	Brown, f/SAND, litle silt, wet	
ļ					8		
┺	- 26 -				7		
					5		
$\left  \right $	- 27 -		2.0	NM	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					3	, ,,,,	
	- 28 -				2		
					3		
┞	- 29 -		13	NIM	WOR	Brown f/m SAND troop pilt wat	
			1.5		WOD	SIGHT, I/IT SAND, HACE SIL, WEL	
	- 30 -				WOR		
					4		
	- 31 -				5		
			1.9	NM	5	Brown, t/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
	_ <sub>32</sub> ]				7		
L							

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5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 32 -				9		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					9		
	33 -		2.0	NM	4	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
					6		
	- 34 -				10		
					10		
	- 35 -		0.0	NM	7	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
					16		
	- 36 -				10		
	- 37				17		
	- 37		2.0	NM	4	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
	- 38 -				10		
					23		
	- 39 -				19	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c Sand, little f/gravel, wet	Boring backfilled w/cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 39' below the ground surface	
	- 40						
	- 41 -						
	- 42						
ł	- 43						
		Page	4	of	4		

#### Boring Number <u>B-113</u>

#### ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

Project name	& location	)			Project number	Date & time	started: 4/25/94 - 1420	
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time co	mpleted: 4/25/94 - 1452	
Drilling comp Aquifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip	ment <b>B-57</b>				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 375.26	Completion depth 12'	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s)	<u></u>	
<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMAR	KS
(ft below grade)	(ft below Sample Recovery OVA Blow grade) Number (feet) (com) Counts							
LOCATION:					SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
	Area 1 Former c	tebris pile			Topsoil			
0		1.1	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, o	Jamp		
				2				
<b>├</b> 1 ·				1				
				2				
		1.6	0.0	3	Brown, f/m SAND, trace-little	e silt, damp		
-				4				
- 3 -				4				
				4				
4		• •						
		0.4	0.0	3	Brown, t/m SAND, trace t/gra	avel, moist		
				3				
- 5 -				3				
				3				
6		20	0.0	3	Brown f/m SAND wet			
		2.0	0.0					
				3				
[ ] '				2				
				1				
8	1	1.9	0.0	1	Organics, last 0.2' of spoon Brown, f/m SAND, some Silt,	wet	Sample collected for TC	L VOC. SVOC.
							Pesticide/PCB	,
<b>⊢</b> 9 .								
				2				
l				5	Dk brown, f/SAND, little silt			
10 -	]	1	1	1	3		I	

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		Sample Becovery OVA Blow		1		DEMADKO				
	(ft below grade)	Sampie Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		newianas				
	- 10		1.8	0.0	11	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet					
					7						
	- 11 -				9						
				:	8						
	- 12 -						Boring backfilled w/cuttings				
						Bottom of boring @ 12' below the ground surface					
	- 13										
	- 14 -										
	- 15 -										
	- 16										
	17										
	10										
	- 18 ·										
	- 19 -										
	- 20 -										
ļ	- 21 -		I		I	I	I				
	Page 2 of 2										

Project name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	5/4/94 - 1410	
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed	5/4/94 - 1555	
Drilling comp Aquifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling (	& Testing			Foreman <b>M. Mede</b>	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30</b> *
	ment 3-57	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Method 3 1 /4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 378.80'	Completion depth 33'	Rock depth
Bit(s)	Rit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Penling		
Center	511							
DEPTH SAMPLES					SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REM	ARKS
(ft below Sample Recovery OVA Blow grade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts				Biow Counts				
LOCATION:				Counts	SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
Area 11					Asphalt			
								-
		0.0	NM	8	Brown, SAND and GRAVEL, d	lry	Described from cutti	ngs
	10							
2 .	- 2							
I				21				
<b>1</b> 3 ·				21				
		0.1	0.0	8	Brown, f/SAND, little gravel, t	race silt, damp	recovery	due to poor
				16				
4				13				
				14				
<u> </u>	1	1.7	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, dam	p	Sample collected for	r TCL VOC
				4				
- 6 ·				4				
<b>—</b> 7								
	2	1.5	0.0	4	Brown, t/SAND and SILI, mo	nst	Sample collected to	
				4				
8	]			4	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace	silt, moist		
			l	4				
9	4	1.7	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
				2				
10	J	1	1		1		1	

Boring Number B-114

# ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>	SAMPLES HNU/ Sample Recovery OVA Blow				SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Sample Recovery OVA Blow Number (feet) (ppm) Counts				
┢	- 10 -				1		
					1		
┢	- 11 -		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					4		
ļ	- 12 -				4		
	- 13 -			~ ~		Desum and because 6/CAND, little offer outside of laws are set	
			2.0	0.0	4	Brown, red-brown, t/SAND, little silt, oxidized layers, wet	
	- 14 -				5		
					4		
-1					5		
Ī	- 15 -		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, red-brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	Silt lenses
					3		
ł	- 16 -				4		
					3		
┟	- 17 -		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
					4		
	- 18 -				5		
ļ	- 19 -					Brown rad brown f/m CAND little alle wat	
			2.0	0.0	3	DOWN, TED-DOWN, T/M SAND, HITLE SHT, WET	
	- 20 -				2		
	20				3		
	•				3		
] 	- 21	-	-	-	-		

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 21						
	۲ ک		2.0	0.0	6	Brown, red-brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
					5		
	- 22 -				6		
					9		
	- 23 -		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
					2		
	- 24 -				1		
					1		
	- 25 -		2.0	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
					4		
-	- 26 -				6	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
		:			6		
	- 27 -		1.5	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
					1		
	- 28 -				2		
	— 29 ·		20	0.0	, T	Brown f/SAND trace silt wet	
			2.0	0.0			
	- 30 -						
	— 31 ·					Drown-grey, t/c SAND, trace gravel, trace slit, wet	
			2.0	0.0	19	THEO, SILE AND GLAY, SOME T/C SAND, trace gravel, wet	
	- 30 -				15		
	JZ						

Boring Number <u>B-114</u>

### ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
- 32				20		
				50/3"		Design heal filled w/s. this as
- 33 -						Boring Dacktilled w/cuttings
					Bottom of boring @ 33' below the ground surface	
- 34						
- 35						
- 36 -						
- 37 -						
- 38 -						
- 39 -						
- 40 -	1					
- 41 -						
- 42 ·	1					
<u> </u>		-	•	•	•	-
	Page	9 4	of	4	_	

Project name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time starte	d: <b>4/28/94 - 0945</b>	
MMC-	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time complete	d:	
Drilling comp ERM	any				Foreman J. Fox	Sampler(s) 3" Hand Auger	Sampler hammer NA	Drop NA
Drilling equip	nent J <b>GE</b>				Method Manual	Elevation & datum 368.17	Completion depth <b>6'</b>	Rock depth
Bit(s) NA					Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Jon Fox		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	s					
	Sample	Becovery		Blow	SOIL DES	REMARKS		
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
	Wetland: Area 2	s north of F	RP		SURFACE DESCRIPTION:		Near previous 62ppm soil vapor survey	
					Brown, SILT, trace vf/sand, tr moist, stiff	ace plant debris,		
<u> </u> − 1 −					Brown , f/SAND and SILT, litt	le plant debris, wet		
2					Orange-brown, f/SAND, trace saturated	e silt, trace plant debris,		
<b>]</b> — 3 ·					Orange-brown, vf/f SAND, tra saturated	ace silt, trace plant debris	Coarser near the top	
4					Grey-brown, vf/SAND and SI	LT, trace clay, saturated		
— 5 ·								
- 6					Bottom of boring @ 6' below	the ground surface		
7								
8								
9								
10								

Project name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	4/27/94 - 0940	
MMC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	<u>s</u>	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/27/94 - 1020	
Drilling comp Aquifer	any Drilling &	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip	ment 3-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 380.11'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Core barrel(s) Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
рертн			s					
/# halav	Samela	Bacover	HNU/	Plan	SOIL DES	REMARI	KS	
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
	LOCATION: Area 7				SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Gravel			
- 0 -		1.8	0.0	3	Dk Brown, f/c SAND, little gra	vel, trace silt, dry	Fill	
				3				
<b>├</b> → 1 ·				6				
				10				
<u> </u>		0.4	0.0	15	Dk brown-black, f/c SAND an	d GRAVEL, trace silt, dry	Fill	
l				5		· -		
<b>-</b> 3 -				4				
				5				
4		0.7	0.0		Dk brown block f/a CAND an	d CDAVEL little site day		
		0.7	0.0	4	DK DIOWII-DIACK, T/C SAIND AN	u GRAVEL, IILLIU SIIT, UTY	Sample collected for TC	
<b>5</b>				4				
				3				
6				4				
Ĭ		0.5	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi	st		
L -				4				
				8				
				6				
8	2	1.5	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, moi	st	Sample collected for TC	LVOC
				1				
9				2				
				2				
10 .	]				1		l · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Boring Number B-116

### ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		REMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sampie Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts		
	- 10		1.6	14.0	1	Brown-grey, f/SAND, little silt, wet	Fuel oil-like odor
					2		
	- 11 -			27.0	3		
				18.0	4		
	- 12		1.8	19.0	1	Brown-grey f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	Petroleum odor
				52.0	3		
	- 13 -			74.0	4		
				105.0	5		
	- 14 -		2.0	52.0	5	Brown-grey f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	4.2 ppm in headspace of the augers 0 ppm in the breathing
	15			19.0	5		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
	- 15 -			48.0	16		
	- 16			6.3	12	Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, little gravel, wet	@ 15.8' Boring backfilled w/cuttings
	10					Bottom of boring @ 16' below the ground surface	
	- 17						
	18 -						
ĺ							
	- 19 -						
	- 20						
	- 21					l	

Project name	e & location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	4/27/94 - 1105	
ММС-	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/27/94 - 1200	
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> *
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 379.71'	Completion depth 14'	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARK	S
(ft below grade)	(ft below Sample Recovery OVA Blow grade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts			Blow Counts				
	LOCATION: Area 7				SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
	- 0 0.4 0.0 2							
Ū		0.4	0.0	2	Brown, f/c SAND, some silt, li	ittle gravel, damp		
				6				
				18				
				11				
<u> </u>	1	0.6	0.0	9				
				4				
- 3 ·				3				
4				3				
		0.8	0.0	2	Brown, f/c SAND, some silt, li	ittle gravel, damp		
				1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, mois	st		
5				1				
				1				
F 6 ·		1.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, mei	st		
				1				
<b>–</b> 7 ·				1				
<u> </u>								
		1.0	1.1	1	Brown, t/m SAND, little grave	e, little slit, wet		
			2.6	1				
			1.8	50/0	Brown-grey, CONCRETE		Driller thinks that it may h debris tossed into the old	ave UST pit
10	ונ		I	I	1		I	

### ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S		SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
	- 10		0.2	0.0	50/0.2'	Concrete	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	- 11 -						
	- 12 -		1.2	31.0	2	Brown-grey, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	Diesel-like odor, sheen on split spoon
	- 12			52.0	2		
	15	-		61.0	1		1.1 ppm in headspace of augers 0 ppm in the breathing zone
	- 14 -		2.0	70.0 168.0	3 37	Brown-grey, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	Diesel-like odor
_		1 - - -		68.0	27		
	- 15 -	- - -		13.0	18	Red-brown, SILT and CLAY, some f/c sand, little gravel	Odor identified in clay unit
	- 16 -			11.5	12		Boring backfilled w/ cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 16' below the ground surface	
	- 17 -						
	- 18 -						
	- 19 -						
	- 20 -						
	- 21 -						

Project name	& location	}			Project number	Date & time started:	4/27/94 - 1340	
MMC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/27/94 - 1418	
Aquifer	any Drilling (	& Testing	: 		Foreman M. Mede	2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip	ment <b>3-57</b>				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 381.07	Completion depth 17	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
						<u> </u>		······································
DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMA	ARKS
(ft below grade)	(ft below Sample Recovery OVA Blow grade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts			Blow Counts				
	LOCATION:	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
				r				
Ũ								
		1.3	0.0	13	Brown, f/SAND and SILT, trac	e gravel, dry		
				15				
<u> </u>	- 2       ,		13					
	17			17				
3 -		1.2	0.0	15	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, dr.	1	Sample collected for 3	
		1.2		10			Cample conscied for	
4				18				
				15				
_				14				
5		1.6	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, mo	bist		
				2				
6 -				2				
				2				
7 -	2	20	0.0		Brown f/SAND some silt m	niet	Sample collected for	
	2	2.0	0.0	2	brown, i/ onind, some sitt, me	2131	Sample collected for	
				2				
ő				3				
				4				
9 -		1.8	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, we	t		
				2				
- 10				l	l		I	

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	ES HNUZ	r	SOIL DESCRIPTION	BEMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts		
	- 10				2		
					1		
	- 11 -		2.0	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, wet	
					2		
	- 12 -				1		
	- 12 -				1		
	13		1.6	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, wet	
	- 14 -				3		
					5		
-	- 15 -		20	0.0	8	Brown f/SAND some silt wet	
			2.0	0.0	51		
	16 -				12		
					10	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c sand, trace gravel	
	- 17 -						Boring backfilled w/cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 17' below the ground surface	
	— 18 ·						
	— 19 ·						
	— 20 ·						
	01 -						
_	21						

Project name	& locatior	1			Project number	Date & time started: <b>4/27/94 - 1435</b>		
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time co	ompleted: 4/27/94 - 1535	······
Drilling comp Aquifer	any Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	<sup>ment</sup> B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 380.93'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s)		
<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMAR	RKS
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (DDM)	Blow Counts				
	LOCATION	:	(101011)	- oodinto	SURFACE DESCRIPTION:	·		
	Area 7				Asphalt			
- 1 .		1.1	0.0	6	Red-brown, f/SAND and SILT	. trace gravel, dry		
				E				
L 2 .				0				
				6				
1				5				
- 3 -	1	1.5	0.0	6	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, da	mp	Sample collected for TI	
				7				
4 -				5				
				-				
<u> </u>								
		1.7	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	oist		
				2				
				2				
				2				
- 7 -	2	2.0	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	oist	Sample collected for TI	
				1				
8								
-								
				1				
□ · ·		1.4	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
				1				
10 -				!	I		l	

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# LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/ OVA	Blow	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts		
	- 10				1		
	- 11	4	2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	- 12				3 4		
	- 13	-	2.0	0.0	3 3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	- 14	4			3		
•	- 15		2.0	0.0	12 3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	- 16				11 18	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
	- 17	-			12	Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, trace gravel, wet Bottom of boring @ 17' below the ground surface	@ 16.8' Boring backfilled w/cuttings
	- 18	-					
	- 19						
	- 20						
•	- 21	]					

Project name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time	started: <b>4/26/94 - 1040</b>		
MMC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time con	npleted:		
Drilling comp Aquifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling (	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "	
Drilling equip: Mobile	ment 3-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 376.16	Completion depth <b>20'</b>	Rock depth	
Bit(s) Center I	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling			
			s						
	Sace 1	Pagain	HNU/	Diam	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMAR	IKS	
(it below grade)	Sample Number	necovery (feet)	(ppm)	BIOW Counts					
	LOCATION. Area 5	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Grass/topsoil				
<b>0</b> .		1.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some silt, litt	le gravel, damp			
	2		2						
<u>├</u> 1 ·				4					
	4		4						
<u> </u>	1	1.3	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND and SILT, dar	np	Sample collected for TC	Sample collected for TCL/TAL	
	2		2						
- 3 ·				5					
				6					
4		1.5	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, we	et	Second sample planned	d for boring	
			l	2			not collected because t interval was saturated a	he 4-6' Ind a sample	
- 5 ·			l	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet		was already collected a interval, sampling criter	t the 2-4' ia was met.	
				3					
6		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND. little silt. wet				
				4	.,				
7	-			5					
- 8		1 =	EAO		Brown f/SAND little alle wat		Sample collected for T		
		1.5	U.+.U					,	
9	4								
				4					
ر الس 10	]		63.0	5					
L						····	<b></b>		

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# LOG OF BORING

	DEP	™		SAMPLE	S	r		REMARKS
	(ft b gra	elow de)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	<u> </u>	10		2.0	70.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
						4		
	<u> </u>	11 -				9		
					90.0	12		
	_ `	12		2.0	5.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
	•	12				7		
		13				7		
	- 1	4 -			5.0	11		
				1.8	39.0	14	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
-	_ ·	15 -				16		
					39.0	13		
	_ ·	16		1.2	50.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
						8		
	1	7				9		
					50.0	11		
	- 1	8 -		1.1	16.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	
						10		
	_	9				12		
	— <sub>20</sub> -				26	Red, CLAY and SILT, f/c SAND, little gravel, wet	Boring backfilled w/cuttings	
						Bottom of boring @ 20' below the ground surface		
	- 2	21						
~ '								

Project name	e & location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	4/25/94 - 1325				
MMC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/25/94 - 1350				
Drilling comp Aquifer	ERM				Foreman Jon Fox	Sampler(s) 3" Hand Auger	Sampler hammer NA	Drop NA			
Drilling eq <b>Dip</b> Mobile	lling Equipm nd Aug	ent   <b>er</b>			Method Manual	Elevation & datum 366.45	Completion depth 3'	Rock depth			
Bit(s)	NA				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Jon Fox	<u></u>				
ПЕРТН		SAMPLE	:9								
(# bolow)	Sample	Pasavary	HNU/	Blaur	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARKS				
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts							
	LOCATION: Area 1				SURFACE DESCRIPTION:						
- o	0 1.0			Brown, SILT, some f/Sand, tra	ace f/gravel (rounded), damp		<u></u>				
- 1 ·		1.0			Brown SILT some f/Sand tr	ace f/oravel (rounded), damo					
						and fighter (rounded), damp					
<u> </u>		10			Orange-brown, SILT, some f/	Sand, saturated					
l		1.0			trace clay, saturated	Sand, little f/gravel (rounded),					
<b>1</b> 3 .											
					Bottom of boring @ 3' below '	the ground surface					
- 5 ·											
- 6 ·											
- 7											
8 ·											
Ĭ											
3											
l 											
					• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	Page 1 of 1										

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### LOG OF BORING: B-122

المر	ct Name & I	Location				Project Number	Date & time started	: 10-28-93, 1	045	
۳	MAR	TIN MAR	RIETTA	-FRP		557.008.02	Date & time completed	<u>10-28-93, 1</u>	102	
Dritli	ng company FRM 1	Northeas	:t			Foreman B Spizuoco	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	
		Elevation	and Datu	m (Feet)		Completi			ESP	<u></u>
Project Name & Location     Project Number MARTIN MARIETTA-FRP     Project Number 557.008.02     Date & time starte: Date & time competers       Dmiling company ERM Northeast     B. Spizuoco     Date & time starte: Date & time competers       0     Image company NA base of floor = 0'     Competion Destin (Feet) 1.0       1     Matea 3 of FRP-2     Surface Description: Concrete       1     Meta     Peco- increte     Surface Description: Concrete       0     0     Image of floor = 0'     Surface Description: Concrete       1     Meta     Peco- increte     Surface Description: Concrete       0     0     Image of floor     Secondary       0     0     Image of floor     Secondary       12     0     SP     Brown to light brown fine to medium SAND, trace brown silt (damp, dense)       1.1     1     Secondary     Secondary       1.2     SP     Secondary     Secondary       1.3     1     Secondary     Secondary       1.4     Secondary     Secondary     Secondary       1.5     12     SP     Secondary       2.5     Secondary     Secondary     Secondary       3.6     Secondary     Secondary     Secondary       3.7     Secondary     Secondary     Secondary       3.8 <td>B. S</td> <td>pizuoco/</td> <td>J. Fox</td>	B. S	pizuoco/	J. Fox							
₽		Location				Surface Description:		Water Levels (F	eet):	
E	Ţ	Area 3	of FRF	P-2		concrete		Date	Time	Depth
ļţ	<u>!</u>							NA		
Ѓн	<u>н</u> Е									
(ft)	-	Reco-					······································			
		very	PID	USCS	GRAPHIC	SEDIM	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
		(inches)	(ppm*)	SYMBOL	LOG					
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	10	0			approx. 9" concr	ete floor	* = above bac	ckground (1	1.0 ppm)
F.	5	12	U	SP		Brown to light br	own fine to medium	TAL Metal	_	
F "						(damp. dense)	WIT SIL	PCBs	3	Analyses
7.	0					(44		TCL-SVOC	S	Analyses
F								End of Bori	ng @ 1.0	
- <sup>1.</sup>	5									
F 2.	o									
E			:							
2.1	5									
$F_{1}$										
	, <u> </u>									
3.9	5									
F										
<b>⊢</b> <sup>4.</sup>										
4.5	5									
F										
- 5.0										
+ 5.5										
Ľ										
6.0										
F						•				
F 0.3					1					
7.0										
$\mathbf{F}$					1					
<sup>7.5</sup>										
8.0										
F										
<b>−</b> <sup>8.5</sup>										
F 9.0										
9.5										
<b>7</b> 10 0										
F '0.0										

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### LOG OF BORING: B-123

	ject Name ΜΔ1	Location			FRP		Project Number	Date & time started:	10-28-93,	1105	
Drill		~					537.000.02	Date & time completed:	10-28-93.	1135	
	ERN	., I North	eas	st			B. Spizuoco	NA	Manual	ESP	
		Eleva	tion	and Datu	m (Feet)		Completi	on Depth (Feet)		inspector(s):	
		NA	, ba	ise of f	oor = 0'			B. S	Spizuoco/J	Fox	
₽		Loca	tion				Surface Description:		Water Levels	(Feet):	
Ē	I	Are	Area 3 of FRP-2				concrete		Date	Time	Depth
르	1								NA		
Ξ	<u>M</u>										
브	Ē									·	
<u>(m)</u>			-00-	PID	11808	CRAPHIC	SEDIM				
1		linc	hes)	(pom*)	SYMBOL		SEDIMI	ENT/SUL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
		1	,	0							
	<u> </u>	1	2	0	SP		Brown to light br	ele noor	* = above b	ackground (1.	0 ppm)
	.5		-	Ŭ			SAND trace bro	wn eilt	TAL-Mota	le	
	-						(damn dense)	July 201	PCRe	13	Samola
	.0						(00.00)		TCL-SVO	Cs	Sample
						[			End of Bo	ring @ 1.0'	
1	.5										
┢											
+ <sup>2</sup>	.0										
F,											
۲_ <u>3</u>	.0										
7-									·····		
- 3.	.5										
F .											
F "	0										
4.	5										
Γ											
5.	0										
╞											
- 5.1	5										
				[							
<b>F</b> "	-				1						
E 6.5	5										
E			Ì								
7.0											
┣	.										
	5										
						1					
F											
8.5	i										
ŀ		1			ļ						
- <sup>9.0</sup>					1						
┠╷											
- 9.5											ļ
10.0											l
Ľ	<u> </u>										

Project name	e & locatior	ı		·	Project number	Date & time started:	4/25/94 - 1600	
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/25/94 - 1735	
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	<sup>ment</sup> B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 379.42'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit		<u></u>		Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling	<u>,                                     </u>	
DEPTH		SAMPLE	:5					
	Sample	Bacovoru		Blow	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMAI	RKS
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
	LOCATION: Area 4				SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Asphalt			
— o -								
- 1 -		1.6	0.0	9	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace	oravel, dry		
				15		g, a vol, al j		
2 .				13				
l				14				
<b>1</b> 3 .				14				
	1	1.8	0.0	12	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace	gravel, dry	Sample collected for T( Pesicide/PCB	CL VOC, SVOC
				11				
				9				
				9				
<u> </u>		1.4	0.0	4	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace	gravel, dry		
				5				
6 -				4	·			
				5	Silt zone from 6.1'-6.3'			
- 7 ·	2	1.7	0.0	6	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace	oravel, damp	Sample collected for T	CL VOC. SVOC
		:		6			Pestide/PCB	
8				6				
				0				
g -				6				
		2.0	0.0	4	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace	gravel, wet		
l 10 -		-		6				

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# LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S	<b></b>		DEMADIZA				
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		TEMAKKS				
	- 10				7						
				-							
	- 11 -				9						
			2.0	0.0	7	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace gravel, wet					
					9						
Ì	- 12 -				11						
					10						
	- 13 -		1.8	0.0	3	Brown, f/m SAND, wet					
					4						
ŀ	- 14 -				6						
					3						
-	15 -										
			2.0	0.0	4	Brown, t/m SAND, wet					
	- 16 -				5						
	10				4						
					5						
ł	17 -		2.0	0.0	2	Brown, f/m SAND, wet					
					4						
ł	- 18	1			6	Red-brown, f/c SAND, wet					
					8						
╞	- 19 -		2.0	0.0	6	Bed-brown f/c SAND wet					
					0						
	- 20 -				3						
					11						
	1				10						
[ -	21 -										
	Page 2 of 3_										

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### LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	ES	1		
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		REMARKS
	21		2.0	0.0	3	Red-brown, f/c SAND, wet	
					4		
	— 22 ·				3		
					8	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
	— 23 ·		2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
					6		
	— 24 ·				8	Brown, SILT and f/SAND, wet	
	- 25 -				8	Brown, f/c SAND, wet	Sharp contact
	- 25				1	Brown, f/c SAND, wet	
-	— 26 ·				1		
					5		
	- 27 -				17	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c sand, trace gravel, damp	@ 26.5' Boring backfilled w/cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 27' below the ground surface	
	— 28 ·						
	— 29 ·						
	— 30 ·						
	— 31 ·						
	— <u>3</u> 2 ·	]			8	I	 

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Project name	& location				Project number	Date & time started:	4/26/94 - 0810	
MMC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/26/94 - 0915	
Drilling comp Aquifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 379.86	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s)	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
						Tecan topining	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMA	RKS
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts				
	LOCATION:				SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
	Area 4				Asphan			
		0.9	0.0	8	Brown, SAND and GRAVEL, lit	ttle silt, dry		
	9				rea-brown, r/m SAND, dry			
2 .				11				
Ţ				9				
<b>-</b> 3 ·		15	0.0	۔ ۵	Red-brown f/m SAND day		Sampled for TCL cross	nics
		1.0	0.0	3	The blown, I/III SAND, dly		Sampled for TOE orga	anco
4				9				
				8				
				9				
5		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/m SAND, damp			
				4				
- 6 ·				5				
				6	Brown, f/m SAND and SILT			
- 7.	2	20			Brown f/m SAND and SILT		Sampled for TOL and	
	2	2.0	0.0		BOWN, I/III SANU and SILI		Sampled for ICL ofga	uncs
				8				
8				9	Brown, f/m SAND, damp			
				8				
<b>P</b> 9 ·		1.6	0.0	3	Brown, f/m SAND, wet			
				3				
- 10 ·			l		8		1	

Page\_\_\_1 of \_\_3\_\_\_

Boring Number <u>B-125</u>

### ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING

DEPTH		SAMPLE	ES			DEMADKS
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SUL DESCRIPTION	neimanko
- 10				3		
				5		
- 11 -		2.0	0.0	6	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
				6		
- 12 -				6		
				9		
- 13 -		1.5	0.0	2	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
				4		
- 14 -				5		
1 15				7		
		2.0	0.0	2	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
- 16				4		
				7		
L 17 -				9		
		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
- 18 -						
- 19 -		1.1	٥٥		Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
			5.0		Brown, f/m SAND and SILT, wet	@ 19.4-19.6'
- 20 -				2	.,	
				5		
- 21 -						
-						

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### LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>	SAMPLES HNU/					
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		HEMAKKS
	- 21		2.0	0.0	12	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
	- 22 -				13		
					18 18		
	- 23 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, wet	@ 22.7' Boring backfilled w/cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 23' below the ground surface	
ľ	- 24 -						
	- 25 -						
	- 26 -						
	- 27 -						
	- 28 -						
	- 29 -						
	- 30 -						
	31 -						
	0.						
	- 32 ·						

Page <u>3</u> of <u>3</u>

Project name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	4/28/94 - 1250	
MMC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/28/94 - 1315	
Drilling comp ERM	any				Foreman	Sampler(s) <b>3' COFE</b>	Sampler hammer 12.5lb	Drop
Drilling equip Environ	ment mentalis	st Sub-So	il Probe	)	Method Manual	Elevation & datum 379.68'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s)					Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Jon Fox		
<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REN	IARKS
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	AVO (maa)	Biow Counts				
<u> </u>	LOCATION	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
	Area 2							
0				5	Orange-brown, m/SAND, moi	ist		
<u> </u> 1 ·				20				
<u> </u>								
	10							
1 .					Dk Grey, m/c SAND, trace silt	t, moist, dense	Trace asphalt fragm	ients
- <u>3</u> .				27				
4 -				16	Dk Grey, m/c SAND, trace silt	t, moist, dense		
<u> </u>								
				14	Clange-brown, m/SAND, wet	, dense		
_ 6								
					Bottom of boring @ 6' below:	the ground surface		
<b>–</b> 7 ·								
8								
- 9 ·		1						
l								
10 -	J		l 	l 	I		l	

Project name	e & locatior	ı			Project number	Date & time started:	4/28/94 - 1345		
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/28/94 - 1405		
Drilling comp ERM	bany	-			Foreman	Sampler(s) <b>3' CORE</b>	Sampler hammer 12.51b	Drop	
Drilling equip Environ	ment mentalis	st Sub-So	il Probe	)	Method Manual	Elevation & datum 379.64'	Completion depth 6	Rock depth	
Bit(s)					Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Jon Fox			
			:0						
		SAWIFLE	HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMA	RKS	
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts					
	LOCATION:				SURFACE DESCRIPTION:				
	Area 2								
				10	Orange-brown, m/SAND, trac	æ f/ gravel (angular), moist			
				6	Orange-brown, m/SAND, trac clay, moist	ce f/ gravel (angular), trace			
2				14			FRP-DUPE-03 (2-4)		
3				20					
				10	Orange-brown, f/m SAND, f/g	gravel (angular), wet			
<b>5</b>				8					
							Sands begin to oparse		
6							Gands Degin to Coarse		
					Bottom of boring @ 6' below	the ground surface			
	1								
<b>⊢</b> 8 ·									
L g.									
Ĭ									
	J I				I	·	I		
Proje	ct name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	4/28/94 - 1325	
---------------	---------------------------	--------------------------	-----------	----------	--------	---	------------------------------	-------------------------------	------------
Ги	<u>MC</u> -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	4/28/94 - 1345	
Drillin EF	g comp R <b>M</b>	any				Foreman	Sampler(s) <b>3' CORE</b>	Sampler hammer 12.5lb	Drop
Drillin En	g equip I <b>viron</b>	ment mentalis	st Sub-So	il Probe	)	Method Manual	Elevation & datum 379.87	Completion depth <b>6'</b>	Rock depth
Bit(s)						Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Jon Fox		
DE	PTH		SAMPLE	s					
(ft	below	Sample Recovery OVA Blow				SOIL DES	REN	MARKS	
g	rade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts	SUBFACE DESCRIPTION:			
		Area 2							
	0 -		2.1	0.0	37	Orange-brown, f/m SAND, tra asphalt, moist	ce silt, trace brick and	MS/MSD (1-3')	
╞	1 -			0.0	22				
╞	2 -			0.0	8	1			
	3 -								
	Ū		0.9	0.0	10	Orange-brown, f/m SAND, tra	ace silt, moist		
┢	4 -			0.0	10				
╞	5 -			0.0	9				
╞	6 ·								
F	7 ·					Bottom of boring @ 6" below	the ground surface		
-	8 .								
	9 ·								
	10 ·						<u></u>		

Project name	e & location	ı			Project number	Date & time started: <b>5/5/94 - 0840</b>		
MMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed	: 5/5/94 - 1025	
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman <b>M. Mede</b>	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30"</b>
Drilling equip	ment B-57				Method 3 1 /4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 379.64'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s)	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Penling		
		_					-	
DEPTH	SAMPLES HNU/				SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMA	RKS
(ft below grade)	Sample Recovery OVA Blow			Blow Counts				
	LOCATION Area 11				SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Asphalt			
0						- <u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- 1 ·		1.0	0.0	7	Red -brown, f/m SAND and S	ILT, some f/Gravel, dry		
				7				
				8				
1_3.				3				
Ű	1	0.3	0.0	6	Red -brown, f/m SAND and S	ILT, some f/Gravel, dry	Sample collected for T FRP-DUPE-06	CL VOC
				6				
				4				
L 5.				3				
J		0.4	0.0	2	Red -brown, f/m SAND and S	ILT, some f/Gravel, damp		
6 -				3				
				2				
7.				2				
		0.1	0.0	4	Brown-green-red, f/c SAND and damp	nd SILT, trace f/gravel,		
- 8 ·				9				
				9				
<b>⊢</b> 9 ·			• •	6				
	2	2.0	0.0	3	Brown, t/SAND, some Silt, we	et (oxidized zones)	Sample collected for T MS/MSD for TCL VOC	
10 -				3				

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	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S	r		DEMADIZO			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS			
	- 10 -									
	10	3		1.3	2		Sample collected above water			
				1.3	1					
	- 11 -		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	Oxidized zones			
	- 10				1					
	- 12				1					
					1					
	- 13		1.7	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little to some silt, wet				
					4					
	- 14 -				2					
					2					
	- 15 -				_					
			0.0	NM	7					
	- 16 -				8					
	- 17 -									
			1.6	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet				
					4					
	- 18 -				3	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet				
					3					
	- 19 -		1.8	0.0	4	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet				
					4					
	- 20 -				1	Brown, f/m SAND, some Silt, wet				
					3					
	- 21 -						l			
-	Page 2 of 3									

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## LOG OF BORING

	DE	<u>РТН</u>		SAMPLE	S			DEMADIZO
	(ft gi	below rade)	Sampie Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		nemarko
ŀ		21		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
						4		
	_	22 -				5	Brown, t/c SAND, trace silt, wet Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	From 21.7-21.9
						5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	@ 22.8
		23 -		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, trace to little silt, wet	
	_	24				WOH		
		24				WOH		
	_	25 -				WOH		
				2.0	0.0	3 16	Brown, t/m SAND trace silt, wet	
-	_	26 -			10.3	30	Grev. f/m SAND, little gravel, trace silt. wet	
					0.0	42	Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, wet	
		27 -						Boring backfilled w/cuttings, cold patch at the surface
							Bottom of boring @ 27' below the ground surface	
		28 -						
	_	29 -						
		30 -						
		00 -						
		31 -						
		32 ·	]				 	

Page\_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Project name	& location	n			Project number	Date & time started: 5/4/94 - 0825			
MMC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed	5/4/94 - 1030		
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman <b>M. Mede</b>	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "	
Drilling equip Mobile	<sup>ment</sup> B-57			_	Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum <b>378.61'</b>	Completion depth 31'	Rock depth	
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DEDTU								<u> </u>	
DEFIN	DEPTH SAMPLES				SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REM	IARKS	
(ft below grade)	(π below Sample Hecovery OVA Blow grade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts			Blow Counts					
	LOCATION: Area 11				SURFACE DESCRIPTION:				
- o -	I			1					
•		1.2	0.0	7	Red-brown, f/c SAND and GF	AVEL, little silt, dry			
				10	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, da	mp			
2 ·			- 	12					
۱ ط				12					
<u> </u>	1	1.4	0.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, da	mp	Sample collected for		
						- F	FRP-DUPE-05		
4				9					
			-	20					
				23					
		1.9	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, tra	ce organics, moist			
				2					
6				1					
				1					
- 7		18	00	6	Brown f/SAND some Silt m	nist			
		1.0	0.0			0131			
				10					
Ő				9					
				5					
9	2	1.8	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	oist	Sample collected fo	r TCL VOC	
				4			MS/MSU		
10				l 	l		 		

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### LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
	- 10				1		
					1		
	- 11		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					1		
	- 12				1		
					7		
	- 13	4	1.3	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
		1			5		
	- 14	-			4		
					6		
	- 15		20	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
			2.0	0.0			
	- 16						
					2		
	- 17				3	Proven &/CANID, little sile week	
			1.2	0.0			
	- 18	4			WOR		
					WOR		
	- 19				WOR		
			1.6	0.0	6	Brown, t/m SAND, wet	
	- 20				4		
					2	Brown, SILT, trace f/sand, wet	
	- 21	]			1		
-							

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## LOG OF BORING

DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	HNU/ OVA	Blow	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts		
21		1.6	0.0	1	Brown, SILT, little f/sand, wet	
				2		
- 22 -				2	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
	- - -			2	Brown, SILT, wet	
- 23 -		1.3	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
				3		
- 24 -				4		
				4	Brown, SILT, little f/sand, wet	
- 25 -		1.5	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
				4		
- 26 -				7		
				7	Brown, m/SAND, some f/Sand, wet	
- 27 -		1.5	0.0	4		
				5		
- 28 -				5		
				5	Brown, m/SAND. wet	
- 29 -		1.5	0.0	4	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
				4	Brown, SILT, trace f/sand, wet	
- 30 -				11		
				23	Brown, c/SAND, little gravel, wet Red, CLAY, f/m sand, trace gravel	Boring backfilled w/cuttings
31 -					Bottom of boring @ 31' below the ground surface	
- 32 -		•				-

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Proj	ect name	e & locatior	1			Project number	Date & time started:	5/4/94 - 1107	
N	IMC -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	'S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/4/94 - 1340	
A	ng comp quifer	Drilling	& Testing			M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 140lb	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilli N	ng equip Iobile	<sup>ment</sup> B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 379.26	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s	) enter	Bit				Core barrel(s)	inspector(s) Sean Pepling	USUNSE.C	
	ЕРТН		SAMPLE	s					
	t below	Sample Recovery OVA Blow			Play	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMA	RKS
Ļ	grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts		·····		
		LOCATION: Area 11	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Asphait			
	0	 					······		
	1 -		11			Ded brown 6/2 CAND, and Cill			
			1, 1	0.0		Heu-blown, I/C SAND and Sh	LT, Some Graver, dry		
	2 ·				18				
	_				10				
-	2				14				
	3.	1	1.5	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, some Siit, da	mp	Sample collected for T	CL VOC
					12				
	4 -				11				
					16				
	5 -		1.7	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, dam	p		
					6				
$\vdash$	6 -				8				
					4				
-	7 -	2	13.0	0.0	4	Brown f/SAND little silt dam	n	Sample collected for T	
		-	10.0	0.0	-		P	Sample collected for T	
	8 -				D C				
	-				6				
	<u>a</u> -				4				
	3		0.9	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little siit, wet			
	10				2				
	10 -					•			

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	<u>_D</u> {	<u>PTH</u>		SAMPLE	S	1		DEMARKO		
	(ft	below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	NEMARKS		
		10								
						2				
		11 -		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
						1				
	_	12 -				2		Black zone from 11.7-11.9		
						3		Orange-brown zone from 12 G-13 0'		
		13 -		1.3	0.0	3	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet			
		14				1				
		14				4				
-		15				4				
				1.8	0.0	1	Red-brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet			
		16 -				3				
						4	Red brown f/m SAND some Silt wat	@ 16 9'		
	_	17 -		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt wet	@ 16.6		
						2				
		18 -				1				
						3				
ŀ	_	19		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet			
						4				
ľ		20				8				
						8				
		21								
	Page 2 of 3									

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## LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S	1		DEMAD//O
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 21 -		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/m SAND, some Silt, wet	
					4		
	- 22 -				8		
					8		
	- 23 -		20	0.0	2	Brown f/m SAND trace silt wat	
			2.0	0.0	2		
	- 24 -				3		
					3		
	- 25 -				2		
			2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
_	- 26				5		
ſ	- 20 -	-			5		
					7		
ľ	- 27		2.0	0.0	10	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
					12		
ľ	- 28 -				15		
					26	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c Sand, wet	
ł	- 29 -						Boring backfilled w/cuttings
						Bottom of boring @ 29' below the ground surface	
ł	- 30 -						
┦	- 31 -						
ŀ	- 32						

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Project name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time	e started: 5/5/94 - 1127		
MMC -	Farrell F	<u>Road</u> Pla	<u>nt RI</u> /F	S	557.044.01	Date & time co	ompleted: 5/5/94 - 1255		
Drilling comp	any Drilling a	& Testina			Foreman M Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampier hammer 1401b	Drop 30"	
Drilling equip	ment <b>3-57</b>		•		Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 379.34'	Completion depth	Rock depth	
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	s						
(ft below	HNU/ Sample Recovery OVA Blow			Blow	SOIL DE	SCRIPTION	REMAR	REMARKS	
grade) Number (feet) (ppm) C		Counts				· · ·			
	LOCATION: Area 11				SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Gravel				
- 0 -						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
<u>├</u> 1 ·		0.8	0.0	4	Grey, GRAVEL				
	6				Lt brown, f/SAND, trace silt,	, damp			
- 2 ·	- 2 7								
4				5					
<u> </u>	1	0.9	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, litttle silt, da	amp	Sample collected for TC	LVOC	
				4					
- 4 ·				5					
				5					
<u> </u>	2	1.4	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, litttle silt, m	noist	Sample collected for TC		
				2					
F 6 ·				2					
				3					
<b>7</b>		1.8	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, we	et			
				2					
8		,		3					
				5					
9		1.5	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little-some	silt, wet			
				1					
10	]		1	!	1		I	<b>-</b>	

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## LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 10				1		
					1		
	- 11 -		1.8	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	- 12 -				3		
					3 5	Brown, f/SAND, some m/Sand, little silt, wet	
	- 13 -		1.6	0.0	1	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
					4		
	- 14 -				4		
-	- 15 -		2.0	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					3		
	- 16 -				3		
	- 17 -				5		
			2.0	0.0	6 6	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, trace gravel, wet	
	- 18 -				5		
	40				7		
	- 19 -		2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
	- 20				5		
					6		
ł	- 21		 			 	······································
-							

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### LOG OF BORING

DEPTH		SAMPLE	S	r		
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
- 21		2.0	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
				3		
- 22 -				3		
				5		
- 23 -		2.0	0.0	1	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
				2		
- 24 -				6		
				6		
- 25 -		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/m SAND, little-some silt, wet	
				6		
- 26 -				8		
	-			10		Oxidized zone 0.1' thick @ 26.8'
- 27 -				13	Brown, f/m sand, little silt, wet	
				1		
- 28 -				3		
- 20			8	32	Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/c Sand, little gravel, wet	Boring backfilled w/cuttings
- 25					Bottom of boring @ 29' below ground surface	
- 30 -						
00						
- 31 -						
- 32 -	2					

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Pro	oject name	e & locatio	n			Project number	Project number Date & time started: 5/9/9		
	MMC -	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed	: <b>5/9/94 - 1000</b>	
Dri	Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Dri	lling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 379.55'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit	(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Penling		
<u> </u>	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REM	ARKS
	(ft below grade)	Sample	Recovery		Blow				
	grade/	LOCATION	:	(ppm)	Counts	SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
	_	Storm S Building	ewer south	of the Te )05	st	Asphalt			
	- 0 -								
	- 1	1	0.1	0.0	19	Grey-brown, f/c SAND and G	RAVEL, little silt, dry	Remobed to B-133 or	n 5-10-94 @
					15			1000, drilled adjacent	t to original
	— 2       <sup>15</sup>							sample from 1-3' for	TCL.
					11				
-	2				4				
	- 3 .		0.2	0.0	7	Grey-brown, f/c SAND and G	RAVEL, little silt, dry		
					50/0.1				
	- 4 ·	{							
	- 5		10		_		-10		
		2	1.6	0.0	5	Lt grey-brown, f/SAND, trace	siit, damp	Collected sample for Collected duplicate for	ICL or TCL Pesticide
	- 6				7			& TCL PCB	
Γ	- 0 -				7				
					8				
┢	- 7 -		1.6	0.0	4	Lt grey-brown, f/SAND, trace	silt, damp		
					5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, darr	סו		
-	- 8 -				7			Records wet	
								Lacomas wat	
	1.3 0.0 5 B			5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet				
	6				6				
۲Ľ	- 10 ·	3	I	1	I	I		1	

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLES				DEMARKO		
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		REMARKS		
	- 10				8				
					8		Boring backfilled w/ cuttings, cold		
	- 11 -						patch surface		
						Bottom of boring at 11 below ground surface			
	- 12 -								
ľ	- 13								
	- 14								
	14 -								
-	- 15 -								
	15								
	16 -								
	17 -								
	- 18 -								
	- 19 -								
	- 20								
	- 21						<b>.</b>		
		Page	2	of	2				

Projec	t name	& location	n			Project number	Date & time s	started: <b>5/9/94 - 1030</b>
M	IC -	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time com	pleted: 5/9/94 - 1415
Drilling Aq	i comp uifer	<sup>any</sup> Drilling	& Testing			Foreman <b>M. Mede</b>	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer Drop 1401b 30"
Drilling MC	equip bile	<sup>ment</sup> B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 380.65'	Completion depth Rock depth 49'
Bit(s)	nter l	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling	
	-18		SAMPLE	HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARKS
(fti gr	below ade)	Sample Number	Recovery (inches)	AVO (mqq)	Blow Counts			
		LOCATION	:			SURFACE DESCRIPTION:		
	0	Storm se Test Bui	wer southe	ast of the	•	Asphalt		
	0							
$\vdash$	1 -	1	1.3	0.0	11	Grey-brown , f/s SAND and S	ILT, some gravel, dry	Remobed to B-134 on 5-10-94 @
	i				8	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, da	mp	1018, drilled adjacent to the original borehole and collected a split spoon
	2 -				12			sample from 1-3' for TCL.
					12			
	3 -		17	0.0	15	Brown 6/CAND trace silk day		
			1.7	0.0	15	Drown, T/SAND, trace sitt, dan	np	
	4 -				11			
	•				8			
					8			
	5 -		1.2	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, mois	st	
					2			
$\vdash$	6 -				4			
					7			
$\vdash$	7 -	2	1.4	0.0	7	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, mo	bist	Collected sample for TCI
					5			
	8 1				-			
	-				/			
					8			
	Ĭ		1.5	0.0	7	Brown, f/m SAND, trace c/sar	nd, trace silt, wet	
					8			
	10 -	•			l :			I

## ERM-Northeast 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

LOG	OF	BO	R	N(	G
-----	----	----	---	----	---

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	below Sample Recovery OVA Blow rade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts		Blow Counts	SUL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	
F	- 10 -				10		
					12		
┢	• 11 -		1.2	0.0	12	Brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet	
					10		
	12 -				7		
					7		
	13		1.2	0.0	7	Grey-brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet	
					10		
┢	14 -				8		
					9		
$\left  \right $	15 -		1.8	0.0	7	Grey-brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet	
					8		
┢	16				9		
					11		
	17 -		1.4	0.0	6	Grey-brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet	
					8		
	18 -	2 2 4			7	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet	
					7		
┢	19 -		0.8	0.0	11	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					7		
┢	20				8		
					8		
F	21 -					l	l

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5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

If         below memory intervent         HNU/ (text)         Brown Course         SOLL DESCRIPTION         REMARKS           21         1.9         0.0         11         Brown, 1/SAND, little silt, wet         Image: Course         Image: Course		DEPTH	SAMPLES					
21       1.9       0.0       11       Brown, 1/c SAND, little silt, wet         22       8       Brown, 1/c SAND, little silt, wet       8         23       0.5       0.0       WOR       8         23       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         24       4       7       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         25       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         26       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         26       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         27       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         28       13       13       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet       5         30       5       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet       5         31       2.0       0.0       11       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         31       2.0       0.0       11       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet		(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
22       23       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, t/SAND, little silt, wet         23       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, wet         24       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, wet         24       4       7       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, wet         25       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, wet         26       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, wet         26       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, wet         27       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         5       13       13       13       13         29       1.5       0.0       5       Brown, t/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         30       5       8       Brown, t/SAND, little silt, wet       10         31       2.0       0.0       11       Brown t/m SAND, little silt, wet         32       10       11       11       11	F	- 21 -		1.9	0.0	11	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
22       23       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet         23       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet         24       4       7         25       1.3       0.0       7         10       7       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet         26       1.3       0.0       7         10       10       10         26       10       13         27       0.6       0.0       4         13       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet       5         28       13       13         29       1.5       0.0       5         8       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet       5         30       8       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         31       2.0       0.0       11         31       2.0       0.0       11         32       32       33       34						7	Brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet	
23       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, 1/m SAND, little slit, wet         24       4       4         25       1.3       0.0       7         26       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, 1/m SAND, little slit, wet         26       1.3       0.0       4       10         27       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, 1/m SAND, little slit, wet         28       13       13       13       13         29       1.5       0.0       5       Brown, 1/m SAND, little slit, trace c/SAND, wet         30       5       13       13       13         29       1.5       0.0       5       Brown, 1/m SAND, little slit, trace c/SAND, wet         31       20       0.0       11       Brown f/m SAND, little slit, trace c/SAND, wet         31       20       0.0       11       Brown f/m SAND, little slit, wet         32       32       32       33       34	┟	- 22 -				8	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
23       0.5       0.0       WOR       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet         24       4       7         25       1.3       0.0       7         10       10         10       10         27       0.6       0.0         4       10         10       10         11       10         12       13         28       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         28       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         14       13         15       0.0       5         8       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         5       8         8       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet         10       10         20       0.0       11         11       10 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet</td> <td></td>						8	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
-       24       -       -       4         -       25       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       26       -       10       10         -       27       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       28       -       13       -       13         -       28       -       13       -         -       28       -       13       -         -       28       -       13       -         -       28       -       13       -         -       29       1.5       0.0       5       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       30       -       8       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       31       2.0       0.0       11       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       32       -       10       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet	ł	- 23 -		0.5	0.0	WOR	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
24       4         25       1.3       0.0       7         13       0       7         10       10         13       10         14       10         15       0.6         16       13         17       10         18       10         19       13         10       13         10       13         11       10         12       13         13       13         14       13         15       0.0       5         13       13         13       13         13       13         13       13         14       13         15       0.0       5         16       13         17       15         18       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         10       10         11       10         11       11						WOR		
-       25       -       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       26       -       10       10         -       27       -       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       28       -       -       5       13         -       29       -       1.5       0.0       5       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       30       -       -       8       Brown, 1/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       31       -       2.0       0.0       11       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       32       -       -       10       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet	ŀ	- 24 -				4		
-       25       1.3       0.0       7       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       26       10       10       13         -       27       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       28       13       13       13         -       29       1.5       0.0       5         -       15       0.0       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       30       8       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       31       2.0       0.0       11         -       32       -       10						7		
-       26       10         -       27       0.6       0.0       4         -       27       0.6       0.0       4         -       28       13       5         -       28       13       13         -       29       1.5       0.0       5         -       13       13       13         -       29       1.5       0.0       5         8       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet       5         -       30       8       Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet         -       31       2.0       0.0       11         8       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet       10         -       31       2.0       0.0       11         9       32       -       -       -	ŀ	- 25 -		1.3	0.0	7	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet	
26       10         13       13         27       0.6       0.0       4         5       13         28       13         13       13         29       1.5       0.0         5       5         8       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         5       5         30       8         10       10         20       0.0       11         Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet       10         31       2.0       0.0       11         Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet       10         32       32       33						10		
-       27       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       28       13       13         -       29       1.5       0.0       5         -       30       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       30       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       31       2.0       0.0       11         -       32       -       11       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet	ſ	- 26 -				10		
27       0.6       0.0       4       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         28       13       13         29       1.5       0.0       5         30       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         31       2.0       0.0       11         11       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet       10         31       2.0       0.0       11         32       32       32		07				13		
-       28       -       5       13         -       29       1.5       0.0       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       30       -       5       Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet         -       31       2.0       0.0       11       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       32       -       -       10       -	ſ	- 27 -		0.6	0.0	4	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet	
23       13         29       1.5       0.0       5         30       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         30       8       Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet         10       10         2.0       0.0       11         Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet       10         31       2.0       0.0         11       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet		- 29				5		
-       29       1.5       0.0       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         -       30       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       31       2.0       0.0       11         20       0.0       11       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet         -       31       2.0       0.0       11		20				13		
1.5       0.0       5       Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet         30       5       Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet         31       2.0       0.0       11         Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet       10         11       Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet		- 29 -				13		
- 30       5         - 31       2.0       0.0       11         Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet       11				1.5	0.0	5	Brown, f/m SAND, little silt, trace c/SAND, wet	
31         2.0         0.0         11         Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet           32         33         33         33         33         33		- 30 -				5		
31     2.0     0.0     11     Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet       32		20				8	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
2.0 0.0 11 Brown f/m SAND, little silt, wet		- 31 -				10		
				2.0	0.0		Brown t/m SAND, little silt, wet	
		- 32 -						

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			<b>BEMARKO</b>				
	(ft below grade)	iow Sample Recovery OVA Blow e) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts		SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS						
	- 32				13	Grey-brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet					
					11						
	- 33 -		1.5	0.0	WOR	Grey-brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet					
					4						
	- 34 -				5						
				1	6						
	- 35 -		2.0	0.0	4	Grev-brown, f/c SAND, trace silt, wet					
					5						
	- 36 -				12						
						Pad brown SILT trace f/cand wat	Silt Lanca				
-	- 37 -	- 37 -			5	Grey-brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet					
			2.0	0.0	4	Grey-brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet					
	- 38 -	38			7						
	00			-	5	Grey-brown, f/SAND , little silt, wet					
					10						
	- 39 -		1.6	0.0	1	Grey-brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet					
					1						
	- 40 -				2	Grey-brown, SILT, wet	Silt lense				
					5	Grey-brown, f/m SAND, little silt, wet					
	- 41 -		2.0	0.0	5	Grey-red-brown, f/c SAND, little silt, wet					
					7						
ł	- 42 -				8						
					10						
ł	- 43		ļ				l				
-	Page 4 of 5										

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

### LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH					DEMADKS	
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
ł	- 43		2.0	0.0	12	Grey-brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, wet	
	- 44				13		
					9	Red-brown, f/c SAND, little silt, wet	
	- 45 -		20	0.0	12	Red brown f/s CAND, some Cills trees f/scoul, unit	
			2.0	0.0	15	neu-brown, r/c SAND, some Silt, trace r/graver, wet	
┢	- 46 -				12		
					9		
ŀ	- 47 -		1.1	0.0	WOR		
-	- 48 -				10	Red-brown, f/c SAND, some Silt, wet	
					34	Red-brown, CLAY and SILT, trace f/c sand, wet	
╞	- 49 -				40		Boring backfilled w/cuttings, cold
						Bottom of boring at 49' below ground surface.	
-	- 50 -	:					
	51						
	- 31 -						
ļ	- 52 -						
┠	- 53 -						
Ľ	- 54 -				•	• •	

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Project name	e & locatio	n			Project number	Date & time started:	5/9/94 - 1525
MMC -	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/9/94 - 1600
Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammerDrop140lb30"
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 380.76	Completion depth Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling	
DEPTH		SAMPLE	:s				
<u> </u>	Gamela		HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARKS
(it below grade)	Sample Number	feet)	(ppm)	Counts			
	LOCATION Storm S	: ewer North	of FRP-1		SURFACE DESCRIPTION:		
<b>⊢</b> ₀ ·	SVS-001	-019 locatio	on				
	1	1.1	0.0	12	Red Brown, f/c SAND and GR Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, mo	AVEL, some Silt, damp ist	Remobed to B-135 on 5/10/94 @
				12			borehole and collected a split spoon
<u> </u>				10			sample from 1-3 for TCL.
				10			
3 -		1.3	0.0	8	Brown, f/SAnd, some Silt, mo	ist	
				8	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
4 -				, v			
				9	Lt brown, 1/SAND, trace slit, d	amp	
L 5.				8			
		1.4	0.0	8	Lt Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, d	amp	
				8			
- 6 -				12			
				13			
<b>–</b> 7	2	1.9	0.0	8	Lt Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, d	amp	Collected sample for TCL
				8			
8				7			
9 -				•	<b>b</b>		
1.0 0.0 9 Brown, T/SAND, some Silt, wet				9	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, we	t	
10				9			
						•	

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

	<u>DEPTH</u>	SAMPLES				DEMARKO					
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts						
	- 10				9						
					8						
	- 11 -						Boring backfilled w/cuttings, cold patch surface				
						Bottom of boring at 11' below ground surface					
	- 12										
	- 13 -										
	_ 14										
	- 14 ]		-								
-	- 15										
	- 16										
	- 17 -										
ł	- 18 -										
╞	- 19 -										
ł	- 20										
Ł	- 21 <sup>J</sup>		l								
	Page 2 of 2										

Project name	e & locatio	n			Project number	Date & tim	e started: <b>5/10/94 - 0830</b>	
MMC -	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time c	ompleted: 5/10/94 - 0930	
Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			M. Mede	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Drilling equip <b>Mobile</b>	ment B-57				Method 3 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 380.94'	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Center	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	3					<u></u>
<u></u>	Carrala		HNU/		SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARK	(S
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
	LOCATION Storm S Adjacent	: ewer North t to CB-06	of FRP-1		SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ut
- 1	1	0.5	0.0	19	Grey, f/c SAND and GRAVEL,	some Silt, dry	Sample collected for TCL	
				8				
2 -				6				
				6				
- 3		1.3	0.0	2	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt , da	amp		
				1				
<u> </u>				2				
				2				
<u> </u>		10	0.0	2	Prown 6/CAND little site mail	-4		
		1.0	0.0	2	BIOWN, 1/ SAND, ILLIE SIL, ITOS	st		
6				2				
				3				
7				3				
	2	1.6	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, mois	st	Collected sample for TCL	
				3				
8				4				
				4				
9		1.9	0.0	3	Brown. f/SAND, little silt, wet			
				3				
	I				l			

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S						
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (inches)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS			
	— <sub>10</sub> -									
					4					
	- 11 -				5		Boring backfilled w/ cuttings			
						Bottom of boring at 11' below ground surface				
	- 12									
	- 13									
	- 14 -									
	- 15 -									
	- 16 -									
	- 17 -									
ľ	- 18 -									
ŀ	- 19 -									
	- 20									
ł	- <sub>21</sub> ]		•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Page 2 of 2									

	Projec	ct name	& location	1			Project number	Date & time started:	5/3/94 - 1330	
	<b>M</b>	MC -	Farrell F	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/3/94 - 1415	Deer
	Aq	uifer	Drilling &	& Testing			M. Mede	NA	NA NA	NA
	Drilling MC	g equip D <b>bile</b>	<sup>ment</sup> B-57		<u> </u>		Method 4 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 374.27	Completion depth	Rock depth
	Bit(s) Ce	enter l	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		
	DEPTH SAMPLES									
	 (ft	helow	Sample	Becovery	HNU/	Blow	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	REMARKS	
	gr	rade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
			Area 10				SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Asphalt			
		0							No sample collected from MW-26S, see "Log of Bon	n boring 'ing" for
		1 -							MW-26D for lithologic de	scription.
ļ		- 2 -								
·		3 -								
┟		4 -								
┟		5 -								
$\left  \right $		6 -								
ŀ		7 -								
$\left  \right $		8								
┢		9 -								
Ł										
			Page	1	of	2				

Boring Number <u>MW-26S</u>

### **ERM-Northeast**

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

	DEPTH	-	SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Biow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 10 -						
	- 11 -						
	- 12 -						
	- 13 -						
	- 14 -						
-	- 15 -					Bottom of boring @ 15' below the ground surface	MW-26S installed, see Monitoring Well Construction Log
	- 16 -						
	- 17 -						
	- 18 -						
	- 19 -						
	- 20 -						
	_ 21						
•		Page	2	of	2		

Pr	oject name	& location	ı	-		Project number	Date & time started:	5/3/94 - 0825	
	ммс -	Farrell I	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/3/94 - 1055	
Dr	illing comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing			Foreman <b>M. Mede</b>	Sampler(s) 2" OD S/S	Sampler hammer 1401b	Drop <b>30</b> "
Dr	illing equip Mobile	ment B-57				Method 4 1/4" ID HSA	Elevation & datum 374.23'	Completion depth 34	Rock depth
Bř	(s) <b>Center</b>	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Sean Pepling		121.2
	ПЕртц			:c					
•			SAIVIFLE	HNU/		SOIL DES	SOIL DESCRIPTION		IARKS
L	(π below grade)	Sample Number	Hecovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow				
		LOCATION: Area 10				SURFACE DESCRIPTION:			
	- 0 -				<b>1</b>	·			
	- 1 -								
	1		1.1	0.0	9	Red-brown, f/c SAND and G	RAVEL, some Silt, dry		
	_				10				
	- 2 -				9				
					13				
	- 3 ·	1	1.3	0.0	9	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, dar	np	Sample collected fo	r TCL/TAL
					10			•	,
	4 -				10				
					12				
L	- 5 -				15				
	5		1.6	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	noist		
	-				3				
	- 6 -				3				
					2				
┢	- 7 ·		1.3	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, w	ood fragments, moist		
					3				
$\vdash$	- 8				12				
					15				
L	- 9 -				13				
	-		1.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, w	ood fragments, moist		
	_ 10				9				
	- 10 -	•			-	•		•	

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S	1		
(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		REMARKS
- 10		1		1 11		
				''		
				12		
- 11 -			• •			
	2	2.0	0.0	11	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, moist	Sample collected for TCL/TAL
				12		
- 12 -						
				13		
				15		
- 13 -		17	0.0	4	Brown f/SAND come Sile wet	
		1.7	0.0	-		
				6		
- 14 -				5		
				Ŭ		
				5		
- 15 -		2.0	0.0	6	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
				-	, ,	
				7		
- 16 -				6		
				7		
		1.8	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
				2		
18				۲		
				3		
				3		
19				-		
		0.9	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt	
				4		
- 20						
				5		
			1	5		
	Page	2	of	4		

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

### LOG OF BORING

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			DEMADKO
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts		
ł	- 21		1.7	0.0	3	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	······
					4		1
ł	- 22		1		3		ļ
					3		
	- 23		2.0	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					3		
	- 24				7		
					2		
	- 25 -		2.0	0.0	5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	1				7		
-	- 26 ·				9		
	1				9		
	— 27 ·	1	1.5	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
					4		
	- 28				6		
					7		
	- 29		1.3	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	_ 20				4		
	30				5		
	31				6		
			1.8	0.0	4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	
	32	]			4		

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5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

## LOG OF BORING

	(ft below 5		Sample	SAMPLE Recovery	S HNU/ OVA	Blow	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	
	grad	de)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts	1		
	- 3	32				5			
						5			
	- 3	33 -		0.7	0.0	8	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet		
						50/4	Red-brown, CLAY and SILT, little f/c sand, trace gravel, wet		
	- 3	34 1						MW-26D installed, see Monitoring Well Contruction	
							Bottom of boring @ 34' below the ground surface	Log	
	— 3	85 1							
	- 3	6 -							
,									
	— 3	37 -							
	- 3	88 -							
	- 3	39 -							
	- 4	ю -							
	- 4	11							
	- 4	12							
	4	<sub>IЗ</sub> _							

Page 4 of 4

Project name	e & location	n			Project number	Date & time started:	4/28/94	
MMC -	Farrell	Road Pla	nt RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/10/94	
Drilling comp Aquifer	Drilling	& Testing	]		Foreman Matt Adams	Sampler(s) S/S & Denison Core	Sampler hammer	Drop
Drilling equip Mobile	ment B-61 & S	Schramm	Rig		Method HSA & Mud Rotary	Elevation & datum 378.79	Completion depth 140'	Rock depth
Bit(s) Tricone	Bit				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s) Bill Mahoney		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	ES					
	Sample	Recovery	HNU/	Blow	SOIL DES	REMARKS		
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
	40' south	: 1 of SE corr	ner of FRF	2	SURFACE DESCRIPTION: Grass, topsoil			
- o -	0				Brown, f/SAND, little clay, tra	ce silt, moist	B-61, from cuttings	·
<u> </u>	1	1.5	0.0	3,4,4,4	Brown, f/SAND and SILT, little	e clay, moist		
10 -	2	2.0	0.0	1,3,4,4	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, sa	turated		
1 15				-				
	3	2.0	0.0	3,3,4,5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, satu	irated		
		15		5697	Brown m /o SAND trace silt	saturated		
20 -		1.5	0.0	5,0,6,7	Brown, SILT, trace f/sand, sa	turated		
					Brown, m/c SAND, trace silt,	saturated		
- 25 -	5	1.5	0.0	7,9,10,9	Brown, m/c SAND, trace silt,	wet		
30 -	6	2.0	0.0	6,8,10,12	Brown, f/c SAND, trace-little s	silt, wet		
	7	0.5	0.0		Pod CLAV and SILT little f/s	and little f (group), down		
- 35 -		0.5	0.0		ned, CLAT and SILT, IIIIe 1/S	and, inde lygraver, damp		
							8" steel casing set 3.	5' into the till,
							grouted to the surface Schramm Mud Rotar	e y Rig
40								
45								
l								
<u> </u>	]		1	l 	I		1	

Boring Number BR-1

## ERM-Northeast

### 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S HNU/		SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts					
	- 50									
	- 55 -									
	- 60					Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/m gravel, trace sand, Rx fragments from cobbles (green & black)				
	- 65 -									
	- 70 -									
-	- 75 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, little f/m gravel (shaley)				
	- 80 -									
	- 85 -									
	- 90 -									
	- 95 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, some Gravei (It-med green, shale) White, CLAY and SILT, shale fragments more prevalent				
	- 100 -					Red, CLAY and SILT				
ŀ	- 105									
-	Page 2 of 3									

Boring Number BR-1

### ERM-Northeast

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

	DEPTH		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 105					Red, SILT and CLAY, black rounded gravel, little green shale fragments	
	- 110 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, some white-gray Clay, trace green shale fragments	
	- 115 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/m Gravel	
	- 120 -					Red, SILT and CLAY, trace white-gray clay, green shale fragments	
	- 125 -						
-	- 130 -						
	- 135 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, some Gravel (various colors)	
	- 140 -					Bottom of boring @ 140' below the ground surface	Set monitoring well
	- 145 -						
	- 150 -						
	— 155 ·						
ŀ	- 160						
		Page	3	of	3		

Project name	& locatio	n			Project number	Date & time started:	4/29/94	···· ·· ··· ··· ··· ···
MMC -	Farrell	Road Pla	int RI/F	S	557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/12/94	
	any Drilling	& Tosting			Foreman	Sampler(s)	Sampler hammer	Drop
Drilling equip	ment	aresung	4		Method	Elevation & datum	Completion depth	Book depth
Mobile	B-57 & S	Schramm	Mud R	ig	HSA & Mud Rotary	372.40	103'	HOCK depth
Bit(s)	Di+				Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s)		
meone			· · ·			Dill Manoney		
DEPTH		SAMPLE	ES					
		-	HNU/		SOIL DES	REN	/ARKS	
(π below grade)	Sample Number	(feet)	OVA (nnm)	Blow				
<u>3</u> ,	LOCATION: SURFACE DESCRIPTION:							
	NW corn	er of FRP-2	2		Asphait			
► o ·	North of	the garage	) T	r				
<u>5</u> -								
	1			1,1,4,4,	DK Brown, SILT and f/SAND,	trace organics, moist		
L 10 -								
	10 2 1.6 0.0 4,4,5,4				Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, wet			
I I								
1 15								
	3	1.8	0.0	3,4,3,4	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
20	4	1.4	0.0	1.2.3.5	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
				1-1-1-				
- 25 -	5	17		4465	Brown f/SAND little eilt wet			
	Ŭ Ŭ	1.7	0.0	4,4,0,5	DIOWN, I/ SAND, INTE SIN, WEL			
- 30 -	e l	12		4 4 40 04	Province & (OANID, 1941a, 2014) and			
	0	1.3	0.0	4,4,18,24	Brown, 1/SAND, little slit, wet Red. CLAY and SILT some f/	Sand, some f/Gravel, wet	<b>⊚ 31 0'</b>	
							@ 01.9	
35								
40		1.7			RED, CLAY and SILT, some f/	m Gravel (subrounded),	Denison core	
					moist, hard		Hydraulic conductiv	ity test
45								
					Ped Claused OILT Pater 11			
. 50					neu, Ciay and SILT, little white	e ciay, gravel		
		•						

5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

### LOG OF BORING

	<u>DEPTH</u>		SAMPLE	S			
	(ft below grade)	Sample Number	Recovery (feet)	HNU/ OVA (ppm)	Blow Counts	SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	- 50					Red, CLAY and SILT, little white clay, little gravel	
	- 55 -						
	- 60						
	- 65 -						
	- 70 -						
-	- 75						
	- 80 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, little white clay, little green shale fragments	
	- 85 -						
	- 90 -						
	- 95 -						
	- 100 -		2.2			Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/Gravel, damp, very stiff	Denison Core Set monitorring well
l	105					Bottom of boring @ 103' below the ground surface	

Page 2 of 2

Project name & location Project number						Date & time started:	5/2/94	
MMC - Farrell Road Plant RI/FS					557.044.01	Date & time completed:	5/16/94	
Drilling company Aquifer Drilling & Testing					Foreman M Mede / M Adams	Sampler(s)	Sampler hammer	Drop
Drilling equipment Mobile B-57 & Schramm Mud Rig				ig	Method HSA & Mud Rotary	Elevation & datum 378.18	Completion depth	Rock depth
Bit(s) Tricone Bit					Core barrel(s)	Inspector(s)		······································
						Diir Marioney		
<u>DEPTH</u>	SAMPLES			1	SOIL DESCRIPTION		BEMARKS	
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	OVA	Blow				
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Counts				
	North center of the property line			line	Asphalt			
► o ·	along the rear fence			T				
5 -	1	1.6	0.0	1,2,4,6	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	oist		
					Dk brown, f/SAND and SILT,	moist		
_ 10 -								
, <sup>10</sup> o	2	2.0	0.0	3,4,14,14	Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, m	oist		
•								
15 -						u .		
	3 1.8 0.0			1,4,7,6	Red-brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet			
20 -	4	2.0	0.0	3,3,4,5	Brown, f/m SAND, trace silt, v	vet		
- 05								
25	5	2.0	0.0	6,6,6,7	Brown, f/SAND, trace silt, wet	t		
30 -								
	6	2.0	0.0	2,3,6,7,	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
- 35 -	7	2.0	0.0	5,5,8,10	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet			
					, ,,,,,,			
<sup>40</sup>	8	2.0	0.0	3,3,4,2	Brown, f/SAND, little silt, wet	<b>.</b>	·	
				4,10,19,25	Red, f/SAND, some c/Sand, s Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/	some Silt 'c Sand, trace gravel, wet		
45						,,,		
1								
<u> </u>			1	I	I		l	
#### **ERM-Northeast** 5788 Widewaters Parkway, Dewitt, New York 13214

# LOG OF BORING

DEPTH		SAMPLES				SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	(ft below grade)	(ft below Sample Recovery OVA Blow grade) Number (feet) (ppm) Counts		Blow Counts			
	- 50					Brown, f/SAND, some Silt, little gravel, trace clay	анна на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на се Селото на селото на с
	- 55 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, some Gravel	
	- 60 -						
	- 65 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, some Gravel (green and black)	
	- 70 -						
-	- 75 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, f/gravel (green and black)	
	- 80 -						
	- 85 -						
	90 -						
	- 95 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, gravel	
	- 100 -					Red, CLAY and SILT, some f/m Sand, green shale fragments, damp	Set monitoring well Denison core
	- 105 -					Hed, CLAY and SILT, little f/sand, dry, stiff, Bottom of boring @ 103' below the ground surface	

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5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

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## LOG OF BORING: P-17S

	Projec	ct Name &	Location				Project Number	Date & time started	11-02-93		
-	Í	MAR	TIN MAI	RIETTA	-FRP		557.008.02	Date & time completed	11-02-93		
	Drillin	g company		-			Foreman	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	
		ERM	Nonnea	SI			B. Spizuoco	ESP	Manual	NA	
			364 9	7 (MSI	im (Feet)  _)_surfa	co - 0'	Completie	on Depth (Feet)		nspector(s):	-
	D		Location	1 (101.0.1			Surface Description:	5.2	B. Sp	DIZUOCO/J. I	-ox
	Ē	Ţ	Wetla	nds nor	th of FR	P	Swamp: ground	was saturated	Water Levels (Fe	Time	Casing):
	<u> </u>	ļ							11-15-93	0840	1.81
	I	M					Stick-up = $1.79$				
	브	Ē		<u> </u>							
	<u>(ft)</u>		Heco-	DID	11000						
			linches	) (nnm*)	USUS	GEAPHIC	SEDIME	INT/SOIL DESCRIPTION	F F	REMARKS	
ł		1	1	<u>т (рр.н. /</u> Т	1	<u> </u>					
ł		+	NA	NA	0		Dark brown OBG		* = above b	ackground	
ľ	0.5						(saturated, soft)				
	-						(,,				
┟	1.0		1								
ł	-								top of scree	n@1.0'	
ł	1.5	-			Ì						
ŀ	2.0										
Ē	-										
	2.5										
┢					SW		Light brown fine S	SAND	······································		
	3.0						(saturated, mediu	m dense)	base of scre	en @ 3.0'	
╊	3.5								End of Borin	<u></u>	
L										y @ 3.2	
4	4.0										
┝					ĺ						
┢	4.5										1
F	5.0										
E											
	5.5	ļ									
┢											
ŀ	6.0										
F	6.5										
Ē											
F	7.0										
F											
$\mathbf{F}$	7.5										
F	8.0										
E											
	8.5										
ŀ											
ŀ	9.0										
┢	9.5										1
-											
<b>-</b> -	10.0	1									
											[

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## LOG OF BORING: P-17D

۲	oject Nan	me & L	ocation				Project Number	Date & time starte	d: 11-09-93		
1	M	IART	IN MAP	RIETTA	A-FRP		557.008.02	Date & time complete	d: 11-09-93		
Dri	lling com	ipany DAAN	lonthon.	-+			Foreman	Drilling Equipment	Method	Sampler	
-	CI	rm r	vonnea:	st			J. Fox	Hand auger	Manual	NA	
			1264 OF		um (Feet I) curfr	a = 0	Completi	on Depth (Feet)	1	nspector(s):	
			1004.5	5 (191.5.	<b>L</b> J. Suna		6 4 4 9	7.5		J. Fox	
Ē		т	Wetla	nds no	rth of FB	P	Swamp: ground	was wot	Water Levels (F	eet Below Top	Casing):
Ē		ī					onamp, ground		11-15-93		2 90
Ī		M					Stick-up = $2.70^{\circ}$			0041	2.00
브		Ē									
<u>in</u>	<u>1)</u>		Reco-								<u> </u>
			very	PID	USCS	GFAPHIC	SEDIME	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
			(inches)	) (ppm*	) SYMBO						
	0				<u> </u>				* = above l	backgroun	d
┝			NA	NA	OL		Dark brown to bl	ack ORGANIC SILT			
	0.5	· · · ·	ł				(damp, soft)				
<b> </b>	1.0						trace plant dob-	e gray siit,			
F			1				wet stiff)				
	1.5		1		SM		Brown SILTY SA	ND, trace plant debris			
Γ							(wet-saturated, m	nedium dense)			
	2.0							,	wet above 2	2.0'	
$\vdash$	Ĩ				1				saturated be	elow 2.0'	
+ <sup>2</sup>	2.5										
۲.											
[]	.5										
Ľ											
L ⁴	.0										
$\mathbf{F}$					1						
- 4	.5										
F .		Í									
1											
	.5										
F									Top of scree	n@5.3	
6.	.0										1
F	1								ł		
↓ 6.	5		ļ						}		
F _					i						1
ት <sup>"</sup>	۲ <b>۱</b>		I								
7.	5								base of scre	en @ 7.3	
									End of Borin	n @ 7 5'	
8.0	0									3	
Ļ											
L 8.5	5			1							
<u>ا</u>											
F a.0	<b>'</b>										
۲ <sub>9.5</sub>	5										
10.0	0				ĺ						
											l l

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING: P-18S

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or ojec				500		Project Number	Date & time started	: 11-04-93	
Deilling				-rap		557.008.02	Date & time completed	: 11-04-93	
		lortheas	st			B. Spizuoco	ESP	Method Manual	Sampler NA
	Elevation and Datum (Feet)			Completion Depth (Feet)		l ir	nspector(s):		
		<u>363.46 (M.S.L.), surface = 0'</u>					3.0	B. Sp	izuoco/J. Fox
	т	Wetlands north of FRP			)	Surface Description: Swamp; ground was wet Stick-up = 2.50'		Water Levels (Fe	tet Below Top Casing):
2	<u>-</u> !							11-15-93	<u>1ime</u> <u>Depth</u> 0920 2 19
Ī	M	1							2.15
브	E	<u> </u>							
(m)		Heco-	PID	11505	GRADUIC	SEDIM			
		(inches)	(*mqq)	SYMBOL	LOG	SEDIME	ENT/SUIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS
0	1	1						* = above t	ackground
Ļ		NA	NA	OL		Dark brown ORG	ANIC SILT		aciground
0.5						(saturated, soft)			
F 1.0	1			UL		Gray CLAY, trace	e gray silt	top of cores	
				CL		Reddish-brown C	LAY, little brown silt.	TOD OF SCIER	1@0.8
1.5						trace brown very	fine sand,		
- 20						trace plant debris	5		
						(Saturated, Still)		towards bas	pre prevalent
2.5				Ę					C
- 3.0								base of scre	en @ 2.8
								End of Borin	g @ 3.0'
- 3.5									
4.0									
Ę									
- 4.5									
5.0									
F									
- 5.5									
- 6.0			1						
F									
- 6.5									
- 7.0									
E									
- 7.5									
8.0									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
F									
- 8.5									
9.0									
9.5									
10.0									
									ĺ
have been a second		I			<u> </u>				

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING: P-18D

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						557.008.02	Date & time complet	ted: 11-09-93	-	
	ERMN	lortheas	st			J. Fox	Hand auger	Manual	Sampler NA	
		Elevation	and Datur	n (Feet		Completie	on Depth (Feet)		Inspector(s):	
D		Location	<u>, (191.3.L</u>	-). 50112		Surface Decembion	7.75		J. Fox	
Ē	т	Wetlar	nds nor	th of FRI	Þ	Swamp: ground	was wet	Water Levels (F	Time	Casin
P	!					, <b>3</b>		11-15-93	0921	2
I H	M E					Stick-up = 2.53'				
<u>π)</u>	-	Reco-							<u></u>	
		(inches)	PID (ppm*)			SEDIME	NT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
0		NIA	NIA	0				* = above	backgroun	4
0.5			NA	UL		Dark brown to bla	ack OHGANIC SILT			
0.5		1		CL		Grav CLAY trace	nlant debris			
1.0						(saturated, stiff)	piant debris			
1.5			1							
2.0										
2.5			[							
			ſ	ML		Reddish-brown S	ILT and CLAY,			
3.0						trace plant debris				
3.5						(saturated, stiff)				
			F	SM		Reddish-brown ve	erv fine SILTY SAND			
4.0						(saturated, mediu	m dense)			
4.5										
5.0										
5.5										
								top of scree	n @ 5.5'	
6.0										
65										
	1									
7.0										
						,				
7.5								base of scre	en @ 7.5'	
8.0							·····	End of Borin	g @ 7.75	
8.5										
		[								
9.0										
			-							

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214 LOG OF BORING: P-19S

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	Project	Name & L					Project Number	Dete & time started	11-04-93		·
		MAHI	IN MAH	(IETTA	-FRP		557.008.02	Date & time completed	11-04-93		
	Urilling	ERM	Northeas	st			B. Spizuoco	ESP	Method Manual	Sampler NA	
			Elevation	and Datus	m (Feet)		Completi	on Depth (Feet)		nspector(s):	
	D		Location	(M.S.L	_), suna	ce = 0	Surface Description:	3.2	B. S	Dizuoco/J. Fo	X
	Ē	ī	Wetlar	nds nor	th of FRI	P	Swamp; ground	was saturated	Date	Time (	Depth
ĺ	<u>P</u>	1							11-15-93	0930	1.98
	Т н	<u>м</u> Е					$Stick-up = 1.90^{\circ}$				
		-	Reco-		·····						
			(inches)	PID (com*)	USCS	GRAPHIC	SEDIME	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS	
		1	1 (1101103)		1	<u> </u>	l		* - abovo l		
		1	NA	NA	OL		Dark brown ORG	ANIC SILT		Dackground	
ļ	0.5	1	[ ]				(saturated, soft)				
ł	1.0				CL		Grav CLAY, trace	orav silt.			
	-						trace plant debris	5 5	top of scree	en @ 0.9	
ŀ	1.5						(saturated, stiff)				
t	2.0										Í
ŀ	•				CL		Reddish-brown S	ILTY CLAY,	-		
ł	2.5						(saturated, stiff)				
Ţ	3.0				i		(,,		base of scre	en @ 2.9	
-1	35								End of Posi		
t										ig @ 3.1	
┢	4.0										
ŀ	4.5										
┢	5.0										
E	5.5										
┝											
F	6.0										
F	6.5										
$\mathbf{F}$	7.0										
F	-										
┢	7.5										1
t	8.0										
F											
$\mathbf{F}$	0.5										
F	9.0										
$\mathbf{F}$	9.5										
ł											
ĥ	10.0										
L											

5488 Widewaters Parkway Dewitt, New York 13214

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·					LO	G OF BORI	NG: P-19D	a na se ana mbarante de la recorrection managementes. A
MARTIN MARIETTA-FRP						Project Number 557.008.02	Date & time start Date & time complet	ed: 11-09-93 ed: 11-09-93
Drilling	company FRM N	Northeas	at			Foreman L Eox	Drilling Equipment	Method Sampler
		Elevation 3637	and Datur 4 (M.S.	m (Fee: <b>L.). sur</b> fa	ce = 0'		n Depth (Feet) 7.25	inspector(s): J. Fox
이 씨 씨 누 비	T ! <u>M</u> E	Location Wetlands north of FRP		<u>Surface Description:</u> Swamp; ground was wet Stick-up = 2.97		Water Levels (Feet Below Top Casing) <u>Date</u> <u>Time</u> <u>Depti</u> 11-15-93 0931 3.1		
<u>(ft)</u>		Reco- very (inches)	PID (ppm*)	USCS SYMBCL	GRAPHI <b>C</b> LOG	SEDIME	ENT/SOIL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
0	ļ							* = above background
0.5		NA	NA	OL		Dark brown to bl	ack ORGANIC SILT	
1.0				CL		Gray CLAY, trace trace plant debris (wet-saturated, st	e gray silt, s kiff)	wet above 0.7 saturated below 0.7
1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0				CL		Reddish-brown S trace reddish-bro trace plant debris (saturated, stiff)	ILTY CLAY, wn very fine sand,	top of screen @ 5.0'
6.5 7.0						Same as above ex	cept little sand	base of screen @ 7.0
7.5								End of Boring @ 7 25'
8.0								
8.5								
9.0 9. <b>5</b>								
10.0			-1 - 10					in antipy our an earlier water water water and

MMCP-19D.XLS - 12/20/93

APPENDIX D

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE RECORDS



# SURFACE WATER FIELD SAMPLING RECORD

Project Name: <u>HHC - FRP</u> Project No.: <u>557.008.02</u> Date: <u>11-4-93</u>
Samplers Name(s): <u>B;// Sp;zvocc</u>
SAMPLING SW-1
Time of Collection: 8:45
Sample Type: Surface Water
Sample Method: Grab
Description of Sample Location: Due north of KW-9
Drainage Direction: <u>Standing</u>
Upstream From: <u>KR</u>
Downstream From:
Physical Appearance and Odor: $\mathcal{NR}$
Wildlife Observed: <u>NR</u>
Suspended Matter: $\dot{\mathcal{VR}}$
Color/Strain: UR
Odor: NR
Other: UR
Texture: VR
Preservative: <u>VR</u>
Analyze For: VOC and hardness
Field Tasts
Temp: $\frac{4.6^{\circ}}{1.6^{\circ}}$ pH: $\frac{7.05}{1.05}$ Eh: $\frac{10^{\circ}}{1.08}$ Spec. Cond.: $\frac{10^{\circ}}{1.08}$ Filt. Alk.: $\frac{10^{\circ}}{1.08}$
Weather: Overcast, 40-45°F, light breeze
Comments: Copied data from field logback.

NEC:E:\SFORMS\SURFWAT.XLS

 $S\omega - I$ 



# SURFACE WATER FIELD SAMPLING RECORD

Project Name: <u>MMC-FRP</u> Project No.: <u>557.008.02</u> Date: <u>11-4-93</u>
Samplers Name(s): <u>Bill Spizuoco</u> ,
SAMPLING SCU-2
Time of Collection:
Sample Type: <u>Sustace Water</u>
Sample Method: Grah
Description of Sample Location: D 1/2 yry between P195/D and 55-8
Drainage Direction: <u>Standing</u>
Upstream From: <u>LR</u>
Downstream From:
Physical Appearance and Odor: <u>PR</u>
Wildlife Observed:
Sampling Description: $\mathcal{KR}$
Suspended Matter: NR
Color/Strain: $\mathcal{NR}$
Odor: NR
Other:
Texture: UR
Preservative: NR
Analyze For: VOC and hard ness
Temp: $6.0^{\circ}$ pH: 7.29 Eh: $NR$ Spec. Cond.: $0.49$ umbes Em Filt. Alk.: $NR$
Weather: Overcast, 40-45°F, light breeze
Comments: Data copied from field logbook.

SW-2



-

# S@-3

# SURFACE WATER FIELD SAMPLING RECORD

Project Name: <u>HHC-FRP</u> Project No.: <u>557,008,02</u> Date: <u>11-4-93</u>
Samplers Name(s): <u>B; // Sp; z voco</u>
SAMPLING SW-3
Time of Collection: <u>9:40</u>
Sample Type: Sustace Water
Sample Method: <u>Grah</u>
Description of Sample Location: Base of huge toppled tree, north of 55-3
Drainage Direction: <u>Standing</u>
Upstream From:
Downstream From:
Physical Appearance and Odor: $\underline{NR}$
Wildlife Observed:
Sampling Description: 1 DQ
Suspended Matter: UR
Color/Strain: $\frac{1}{2}$
Odor: $1/32$
Other: 172
Preservative: UR
Analyze For: <u>VOC and hardness</u>
Field Tests:
Temp: $6.8^{\circ}$ pH: $7.07$ Eh: $NM$ Spec. Cond.: $0.36^{\frac{20}{200}}$ Fit. Alk.: $NM$
Weather: Overcast, 40-45°F, light breeze
Comments: Date Copied from field logbook.

APPENDIX E

GROUND WATER SAMPLE RECORDS



SITE MAC FRP RIFS	DATE 16 May 1994
SAMPLE ID: $\underline{FRP - MW01(057699)}$ SAMPLERS: $\underline{J.Fox}$	Time Onsite:Time Offsite: $1245$ $1445$ $17.33$ $9.92$
Deput of war (norm top of casing)         Initial static water level (from top of casing)         Water level after purging (from top of casing)         Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     Yes. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: 7.5/ ft. of water x 0.16 = $/.20$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes $\underline{\aleph}$ no	purged dry? yes no_X
Field Tests:       Jarbid; fy         Temp:       10.8 °c         pH:       7.52         Eh:       NA         Sampling       Time of Sample Collection:	<u>169</u> NTY <u>10.8</u> <u>7.49</u> 700 0.60 <u>NA</u> <u>10.6</u> 7.61 463 0.59 <u>0.53</u> n.52km <u>10.7</u> 7.69 310 0.60 HD.4 7.73 335 0.56 10.4 7.71 330 0.56
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       XX VOCs -        Teflon bailer       XX SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       XM Metals        Disposable bailer       XPCB/Pest        Dedicated pump      Physical        Other:      Other	602 503.1 Other TCL → for furb.d., return later t 5-17-44(@ 0?3090)
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>overcast</u> , <u>temp. ± 50</u> Sample description: <u>turo.d</u> , <u>brown</u> Free Product? yes no <u>X</u> describe Sheen? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes <u>Comments</u> <u>- 1.20 gellons × 5 (well volumes</u> ) = 6.0 a	»F winds W-NW, est. 5-10 mph.
- total removed (HzO) = ~ 14.2 gallo	r\$

NEC:E:\SFORMS\GWFLDSAM.XLS

Mile-1

FIELD OBSEF GROUND WATER S	<b>EVATION LOG</b> $MW - \emptysetZ$ AMPLING RECORD
SITE MMC - FRP	DATE ZOMAY94
SAMPLE ID: FRP MW &Z (0594) SAMPLERS: W. MAHUNEY	Time Onsite: Time Offsite: 
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	ZZ_0     Time:     13.47 DTP        13.77     Time:        Time:     13.47 DTP        Time:     13.47 DTP
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
AirliftCentrifugalBailerPos. Displ.SubmersibleDed. Pump	2 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.16 =gallons 3 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.36 =gallons 4 in. casing: $22i$ ft. of water x 0.65 = $5.34$ gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>×</u> no	purged dry? yes no
ield Tests: <u>1</u> <u>7</u>	$\frac{1}{29.6} = \frac{2}{28.4} = \frac{3}{28.8}$ $\frac{1}{29.54} = \frac{1}{0.56} = \frac{1}{0.59}$
Time of Sample Collection:	
Method:       Analyses:          Stainless steel bailer       X       VOCs -          Teflon bailer       X       SVOCs          Pos. Disp. Pump       X       Metals          Disposable bailer       X       PCB/P          Dedicated pump        Physical          Other:        Other	602 503.1 Other_TCL est
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes no describ Sheen? yes no describ	e 0,32 e petroleum Odor #2 fuel
<u>5.34</u> + 5 = 26.7 cillon = 5 volu. <u>3 volume statele @ 10,53</u>	nues skult lurge 025 STOP Purgine 0855 removed 27 gals

-

NEC:E:\SFORMS\GWFLDSAM.XLS



MW-035

SITE MMC-FRF	DATE 18 19 1994
SAMPLE ID: FRP. MIN. 035(0594)	Time Onsite: Time Offsite:
SAMPLERS: <u>Span tepling</u>	1045 1205
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$/8.93$ Time: $/055$ $\overline{9.34}$ Time: $/055$ $\overline{9.411}$ Time: $/1475$ $\overline{9.411}$ Time: $/1475$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     Y       Pos. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $9, 59$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $1.5$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes no Sgallens Add, fiercal Unlumer Field Tests: (*) Temp: 9.7 7.8 9.6 Alkalinity (filtered) pH: 9.7 1037 7.3 Alkalinity (unfiltered) Eff. 10.76 Spec. Conductivity	purged dry? yes no X $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 Turb 3; ty $\frac{1}{26,328,7}$ 26,3 (L'705)
Time of Sample Collection: 1145	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer      X VOCs -        Tefion bailer      X SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump      X Metals        Disposable bailer      X PCB/Pes        Dedicated pump      Physical        Other:      Other	602 503.1 Other <u>アにんし</u> だすます st
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>Qeventstorme</u> Sample description: <u>Close Mater</u> Free Product? yes no <u>k</u> describe Sheen? yes no <u>k</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>k</u> describe Comments:	rain, HDPSF, calm

FIELD OBS GROUND WATER ERM	SERVATION LOG $MW-3D$ R SAMPLING RECORD
SITE MMC FILP	DATE 18 MAYGY
SAMPLE ID: MW-3D FRP-MW3D(0	0594
SAMPLERS: W. MAHONEY	Time Onsite: Time Offsite: $102\dot{\omega}$ $1225$
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	33.50     Time:
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift Centrifugal Bailer Pos. Displ Submersible X Ded. Pump	2 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.16 =gallons 3 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.36 =gallons 4 in. casing: $74,57$ ft. of water x 0.65 = $15.9$ gallons
$\sim$ volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes $\chi$ no	purged dry? yes no
Field Tests: <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>5</u> , <u>6</u> , <u>4</u> , <u>4</u> Temp: <u>12,3</u> <u>12,3</u> <u>12,1</u> <u>Alkalinity (lifter pH2, <u>22</u> <u>7,96</u> <u>7,91</u> <u>Alkalinity (unfilter</u> Eh: <u>Spec. Conduct</u> Sampling</u>	$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{3}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = \frac{3}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{3}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}$
Time of Sample Collection: <u>1210</u>	
Method:       Analyses:         Stainless steel bailer       VOC         Teflon bailer       X SVO         Pos. Disp. Pump       X Meta         VOC       Y OC         Disposable bailer       Y PCB         Dedicated pump       Physe         Other:       Other	Cs - 602503.1Other Cs als /Pest sical er
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: $Ac:Cast, Ila.)$ Sample description: $(ICast)$ Free Product? yes no set desc Sheen? yes no set desc Odor? yes no set desc Comments: $IS.9 \times 5 = 79.85$	<u>45°F</u> cribe cribe cribe skut livise 1040

MW-4



SITE MMC-FRD	DATE 16 May 1994
SAMPLE ID : FRP-HW4 (051694)	
SAMPLERS: Sean Pepling	Time Onsite:         Time Offsite:           1055         1200
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	11.74       Time: $1059$ $8.39$ Time: $1059$ $9.75$ Time: $1/35$ $8.86$ Time: $1/43$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift      Centrifugal       Bailer      Pos. Displ.       Submersible      Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $3.35$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $0.54$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>x</u> no <u>33a llons removed</u> volumes (total removed <b>5</b> 9a) Field Tests: <u>1 2 3</u> (C)Temp: <u>10.0 10,0 9,8</u> Alkalinity (filtered): pH: <u>134 7.40 7.40</u> Alkalinity (unfiltered): Eh: <u>Spec. Conductivity:</u> Sampling	purged dny? yes no $X$ $\frac{123}{123}$ $\frac{123}{10rb;d;ty 1075 1085 1063}$ $\frac{123}{10rb;d;ty 1075 1085 1063}$ $\frac{123}{10rb;d;ty 1075 1085 1063}$
Time of Sample Collection: _//95	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       XVOCs -        Teflon bailer       XSVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       XMetals ~        Disposable bailer       XPCB/Pes        Dedicated pump      Physical        Other:      Other	602 503.1 Other TC VOAs $5/17 ?= O(945)$ st
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: Overcast, calm Sample description: <u>Add Bie un turbid</u> Free Product? yes no <u>V</u> describe Sheen? yes no <u>V</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>V</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>V</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>V</u> describe Metals is collected at 1145 due to Metals, collected at 1535	turbidity greater than 50 NTC



SITE MMC-FRP	DATE 16 May 1994
SAMPLE ID : FRP-MW5 (051694)	Time Onsite: Time Offsite:
SAMPLERS: Sean Pepling	1415 1525
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	19.39       Time: $1422$ $10.77$ Time: $1421$ $10.77$ Time: $1421$ $10.75$ Time: $1504$ $10.75$ Time: $1504$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
AirliftCentrifugalBailer $\propto$ Pos. Displ.SubmersibleDed. Pump	2 in. casing: $3/2$ fL of water x 0.16 = $/2/2$ galions 3 in. casing: fL of water x 0.36 = galions 4 in. casing: fL of water x 0.65 = galions
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes $\underline{\iota'}$ no $7_{g^{\pm 1}}$ $\underline{\iota' \cdot 5}$ Field Tests: $\underline{I_{j} 2_{+} 3_{+}}$ Alkalinity (filtered pH:7.257.33 7.36 Alkalinity (unfiltered Eh: $\underline{u_{4}}$ Spec. Conductivity Sampling	purged dry? yes no $1/2/3/4$ 1/2/3/4 Turbidity $306 > 10001/2/3/4$
Time of Sample Collection: 1515	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       K VOCs -        Teflon bailer       K SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       K Metals -        Disposable bailer       PCB/Pe        Dedicated pump       Physica        Other:       Other:	602 503.1 Other <u>TCL Vo</u> F5
Observations	
Weather/Temperature:       Cvencest, Slight bit         Sample description:	<u>epte (0-5mphu) cccas. quists to longulut.</u> 50°5 F
Comments: Metal = nat collected at 1515 be	ecause turbioity > 50 NTUS

MW-5



SITE MMC-FRP		DATE 17 M.	1094	
SAMPLE ID: FRP-MUDG SAMPLERS: Sec. N PA	(0594) pling	Time Onsite:	Time Offsite:	
Depth of well (from top of c Initial static water level (from Water level after purging (fr Water level before sampling	asing) m top of casing) rom top of casing) g (from top of casing)	0,37	Time: $1220$ Time: $1220$ Time: $1310$ Time: $1315$	
Purging Method:		Well Volume C	Calculation	
Airlift C Bailer P Submersible D	Centrifugal Pos. Displ Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: <u>/こう</u> 3 in. casing: 4 in. casing:	<pre>6 ft. of water x 0.16 = 2 ft. of water x 0.36 = ft. of water x 0.65 =</pre>	<u>     c /</u> galions     galions     galions
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>X</u> n 12 gallows Field Tests: (additional volume) Temp: <u>reveal volume</u>	0 / c/vn = 3 Alkalinity (filtered	purged dry? ye	s <u>no</u> <u>×</u>	
pH: <u>7.2017.40</u> 7. Eh: Sampling	. <u>40</u> Alkalinity (unfiltered	d): ty: <u>/.cl  1.56-</u> 1.56-	- 1 2 3 12.3 11.9 12.1	
Time of Sample Collection:		÷	ļ	
Method: Stainless steel baile Teflon bailer Pos. Disp. Pump Disposable baller Dedicated pump Other:	Analyses: VOCs VOCs VOCs VOCs VOCs VOCs Netals PCB/P Physica Other	602 503. est al	1 Other_ <u>TCL</u>	<u>Vc</u> A_5
Observations				
Weather/Temperature: Sample description: <u>c`vec</u> Free Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes Comments:	$\frac{v \cdot f \cdot c \cdot s \cdot 4}{m \cdot c \cdot c \cdot s \cdot 5} + \frac{v \cdot c \cdot c \cdot s \cdot 5}{m \cdot c \cdot s \cdot 5} + \frac{v \cdot c \cdot s \cdot 5}{m \cdot c \cdot 5} + \frac{v \cdot c \cdot s \cdot 5}{m \cdot c \cdot 5} + $	2111, 50°5£ (1 26 26	alm C-Suph Sul	

MW-6



ERI

-					
	SITE MMC-FRP		DATE 17 M	(CLV 1994	
	SAMPLE ID: FRP- HWC7(0594)		Time Onsite:	Time Offsite:	
	SAMPLERS: <u>DRan Pepling</u>	_	1325	1440	
	Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing Water level after purging (from top of casing Water level before sampling (from top of c	) ng) asing)	12.30	Time: <u>1330</u> Time: <u>1330</u> Time: <u>1970</u> Time: <u>1970</u>	
	Purging Method:		Well Volume	Calculation	× .
	AirliftCentrifugalBailer✓SubmersibleDed. Pump	-	2 in. casing: //, 3 in. casing: 4 in. casing:	1. of water x 0.16         1. of water x 0.36         1. of water x 0.36         1. of water x 0.65	ノ。う galions galions galions
	volume of water removed: > 3 volumes: yes no /ogallows Field Tooto: / Addition of Volumesia		purged dry?	yes no	121
-	Pield Tests. $(276, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177, 1$	y (filtered): (unfiltered): onductivity: -//.~1	2,47 2,45 2.	Turbicity month	2 3
	Time of Sample Collection:       1 7 1 5         Method:       Analyse	- VOCs - SVOCs Metals PCB/Pes Physical Other	602 50 2 <i>IG 4 5</i> tt	3.1 Other_ <u>⊤</u> ∂.	<u>: 19</u> AS
(	Observations				
	Weather/Temperature:     Overcast or       Sample description:	ccas ic	in, sousf	0-5 uph 3 W	
	Free Product? yes no $\frac{\chi}{-\chi}$ Sheen? yes no $\frac{-\chi}{-\chi}$ Odor? yes no $\underline{-\chi}$	describe describe describe			
	Metals collected 1.42	at 1	415 Turls :	24, > 50270	<u> </u>

-

HW-7



SITE MAIC FRP KYFS	DATE <u>5/17/14</u>
SAMPLE ID :	
CAMPIEDS: TEV	Time Onsite: Time Offsite: //.63
	<u>    1223     1432                       </u>
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     V     Pos. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $5.61$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $1.38$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes $\chi$ no fotal ucl. H20 removed ~ 14.5 gallow Field Tests: pH: 7.03 Eh: $\frac{\Lambda/A}{2}$ Spec. Conductivity:	purged dry? yes no $\chi$ 5 $temp. ptt turb. cond.$ 32 $MTUI$ 8.9 7.09 35 1.07 MA 8.8 7.12 43 1.06 1.05 msetem 9.0 7.18 36 1.06
Time of Sample Collection: 1350	8.9 7.12 31 1.07 8.9 7.13 35 1.07 stolilization
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       X         Teflon bailer       X         Pos. Disp. Pump       X         Metals       X         Disposable bailer       X         Dedicated pump       Physical         Other:       Other	602503.1TEL
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>overcast</u> light rain Sample description: <u>clear water</u> , live to Free Product? yes no <u>X</u> describe Sheen? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>X</u> describe <u>Comments:</u> <u>- 1.35 gellong × 5 (well uchime</u> ) = 6.9 <u>- metals + iyanide collected abo bec</u>	temp. I 55°F minds calm (in words) usbidity 0 gallons ause turbidity consistently < 50 NTY

MW-08



SITE MALC FRP RIFS	DATE 5/17/94
SAMPLE ID: $FPP - MW D9 (D594)$	
SAMPLERS: J. Fox	Time Onsite:         Time Offsite:           1438         1620           14.52         14.52
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation 7.69
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     X     Pos. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: <u>/0.52</u> ft. of water x 0.16 = <u>.168</u> gallons 3 in. casing: <u>ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons</u> 4 in. casing: <u>ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons</u>
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>V</u> no fotal vol. #z 0 removed a 16.5 gallons Field Tests: Temp: <u>\$.3</u> <sup>v</sup> C pH: <u>\$.35</u> Eh: <u>NA</u> Spec. Conductivity: Sampling	Durged dry? yes noK <u>+einp.</u> ptt <u>turb</u> . cind. <u>185</u> UTU 8.1 8.24 150 0.54 <u>NA</u> 8.1 8.19 145 0.54 <u>0.54</u> makm 8.1 8.13 147 0.54 <u>11:1-</u> turb.
Time of Sample Collection: 1550	STOD IN CASIC V
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer      V VOCs -        Teflon bailer      V SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       Metals ->        Disposable bailer      V PCB/Pest        Dedicated pump      Physical        Other:      Other	602 503.1 Other TCL too turbid; wait ~ 30 min. to settle La sempled & 1615; turbidity reading = 23 NTL
Observations	•
Weather/Temperature: <u>prefast</u> , <u>femp</u> . Sample description: <u>mostly clear</u> , <u>slight tw</u> Free Product? yes no <u>X</u> describe Sheen? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>X</u> describe	55°F, winds calm (words) stidity (~ 100 NTU est. at und it sampling)
Comments: - 1.68 gallons * 5 (well volumes) = 2	8.40 gallons

MW-09

.



SAMPLE ID: $FRPMW10$ ( $D594$ )         SAMPLERS: $JFrex$ 1250       1340         Depth of well (from top of casing) $1250$ 1340         Depth of well (from top of casing) $1221$ Time: $\frac{1}{1232}$ $1340$ Water level after purging (from top of casing) $1220$ Time: $\frac{1}{1232}$ $1324$ Purging Method:       Well Volume Calculation $\frac{1}{921}$ $1782$ $1782$ Purging Method:       Well Volume Calculation $\frac{1}{921}$ $1782$ $1782$ Aritit       Centrifugal       2 in casing: $\frac{1}{91}$ cf of water x 0.16 = $\frac{1}{122}$ gallons $\frac{1}{921}$ $\frac{1}{125}$ Volume of water removed:       > 30 columes: yes       No $\frac{1}{123}$ $1235$ $\frac{1}{123}$ $7.01$ $212$ $\frac{1}{123}$ $7.01$ $212$ $\frac{1}{123}$ $7.03$ $220$ $1.25$ Field Tests:       Temp: $13.9$ Arithity furthered): $235$ $104$ $13.7$ $7.03$ $220$ $1.25$ Sampling       Time of Sample Collector: $1325$ $13.40$ $13.7$ $7.03$ $220$ $1.25$ Method:       Sample Collector:	SITE MMC FRP RUFS DA	NTE 5/20/94
SAMPLE ID: $FPEP = AW(10103 \text{ strl})$ SAMPLERS: $\overline{J.Fox}$ Depth of well (from top of casing) $\overline{I321'}$ Time Onsite: $13240$ Initial static water level (from top of casing) $\overline{I321'}$ Water level before sampling (from top of casing) $\overline{I022'}$ Water level before sampling (from top of casing) $\overline{I022'}$ Atrifit       Centrifugal         Bailer       X         Pors Displ       3 in casing:         Submersible       Ded. Pump         4 in casing:       i. of water x 0.65 =         volume of water removed: $235 \text{ with the state x}$ >3 volume of water removed: $235 \text{ with the state x}$ >3 volume of water removed: $235 \text{ with the state x}$ >3 volume of water removed: $235 \text{ with the state x}$ >3 volume of water removed: $235 \text{ with the state x}$ >3 volume of water removed: $235 \text{ with the state x}$ >3 wolumes: yes       X no.         Field Tests:       Torbuty         Attributy (influered): $MA$ Sampling       Time of Sample Collecton:         Time of Sample Collecton: $1325$ Methoo		
SAMPLERS: $1250$ $1340$ Depth of well (from top of casing) $1921$ Time: $form well$ disclopment difference diffe	SAMPLE ID: $\underline{-FRP-MWID(0)}$	ne Onsite: Time Offsite:
Image: Initial static water level (from top of casing)Image: Image: Ima	SAMPLERS: J. Fox	1230 1340
Depth of weil (from top of casing)		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Depth of well (from top of casing)	1821' Time: from well divelopment deta sher,
Water level after purging (from top of casing)Imm: 13/9Imm: 13/9Water level before sampling (from top of casing)Imm: 13/9Purging Method:Well Volume CalculationAirliftCentrifugal2 in casing: dcl1.2 dclAirliftCentrifugal2 in casing: dcl1.0 dclBailerXPos. Displ.2 in casing: dcl1.0 dclBailerXPos. Displ.2 in casing: dcl1.0 dclSubmersibleDed. Pump4 in casing: dcl1.0 dclVolume of water removed:235NTU>3 odumes:purged dn?yesnoKXTork dtTemp:13.9XVolume of water removed:235NTU>3 odumes:purged dn?yesY odumes:YesnoKXXet dt to to to to to to to to to to to to to	Initial static water level (from top of casing)	1020 Time: 1237
Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	Water level after purging (from top of casing)	<u>10.26</u> Time: <u>i 3/9</u> 18.21
Purging Method:Well Volume Calculation $\mathcal{C}_{HO}$ $\mathcal{I}_{HO}$ AirlitCentrifugal2 in casing: $\mathcal{I}_{C}(1)$ ft of water x 0.16 =	Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	<u>10.20</u> Time: <u>1324</u> 1.28 10.00
Airlit       Centrifugal       2 in casing: $\frac{1}{5}$ cf       ft of water x 0.16 = $\frac{1.25}{2}$ gallong s 1.4         Bailer       X       Pos. Displ.       3 in casing: tt of water x 0.16 = $\frac{1.25}{2}$ gallong s 1.4         Submersible       Ded. Pump       4 in casing: tt of water x 0.65 = gallons         volume of water removed:       >3 volumes: yes       X no         >3 volumes: yes       X no       purged dry? yes       no         Termp:       13.9       X       Atkatintry (fittered):       235         Y       Termp:       13.7       7.01       242       1.25         Field Tests:       Termp:       13.7       7.03       220       1.25         Sampling       Spec. Conductivity:       L-Z7       mst./sm       stabilization achieved         Sampling       Time of Sample Collection:       1325       125       127       mst./sm         Method:       Analyses:       Analyses:       503.1       Other       Teck       1262         Method:       Analyses:       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y         Y       Disposable bailer       X       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y       Y <td< td=""><td>Puraina Method: W</td><td>ell Volume Calculation</td></td<>	Puraina Method: W	ell Volume Calculation
AirlitCentrifugal2 in casing: $\underline{scl}$ ft of water x 0.16 = $\underline{/.25}$ gallong s : 4Bailer $\underline{X}$ Pos. Disp.3 in casing: ft of water x 0.36 = gallonsSubmersibleDed. Pump4 in casing: ft of water x 0.36 = gallonsvolume of water removed: $\underline{ys}$ no $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ no $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{ys}$ $\underline{no}$ $\underline{ys}$ $ys$		482e 5015
Bailer       X       Pos. Displ.       3 in casing:       ft. of water x 0.36 =gallons         Submersible       Ded. Pump       4 in. casing:       ft. of water x 0.36 =gallons         volume of water removed:       >3 volumes: yes       X no       purged dry? yes       no         >3 volumes:       yes       Yes       no       X         totkl.vit.i.roymored       7.0 gallens       tange       pit.       tange         Temp:       13.7       7.01 24/2       1.257         Pit:       7.03       Alkalinity (unfiltered):	Airlift Centrifugal 2 i	n. casing: $g.c($ ft. of water x 0.16 = $1.28$ gallons $g_{1,6}$
Submersible       Ded. Pump       4 in. casing:       t. of water x 0.65 =galons         volume of water removed:       >3 volumes: yes X no       purged dry? yes       no K         *3 volumes: yes X no       7.0 gallens       turb.d:ty       no K         Field Tests:       Turb.d:ty       13.3       7.01       242       1.25         PH:       7.03       Akalinity (infitered):       235       NTU       13.7       7.03       220       1.25         Sampling       Time of Sample Collection:       1325       stabilization adviced       stabilization adviced         Sampling       Time of Sample Collection:       1325       for the stabilization adviced       stabilization adviced         Method:       Analyses:       K VOCs - 602       503.1       (other Tc/L)       adviced         Y Disposable baller       X PCB/Pest       PCB/Pest       for the stample       for the stample         Observations       Sample description:       for the stample       stample       stample         Weather/Temperature:       Summy temp t for the stilt       for the stample       stample         Observations       Stample       Stabilization       stilt of the stample         Comments:       for the stample       for the stample <t< td=""><td>Bailer 🔍 Pos. Displ 3 ii</td><td>n. casing:ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons</td></t<>	Bailer 🔍 Pos. Displ 3 ii	n. casing:ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes X no purged dry? yes no K tech vol. removed: 9.0 gettens Field Tests: Temp: 13.9 C attach the tert of the test of test o	Submersible Ded. Pump 4 ii	n. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
Field Tests:TurbultTermp:13.9*pH:7.03pH:7.03Eh:MAMAAlkalinity (iffitered):MAJAJ3.77.03Z201.25SamplingSpec. Conductivity:1.27Time of Sample Collection:1325Method:Analyses:Stainless steel bailerK VOCs-Feilon bailerK VOCs-Pos. Disp. PumpK Metals ; free turbel ; wait fit :+ to settleVeather/Temperature:Sumny fempCobservations-muWeather/Temperature:Sumny fempSheen? yesno XdescribeOdor? ysComments:-125- 125gallers, 4.5- 125gallers, 5.5- 125gallers, 5.5- 125gallers, 5.5- 125gallers, 5.5- 125gall	volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>X</u> no <u>pur</u> total vel. removed ~ 9.0 gallons	ged dry? yesno_K
Sampling Time of Sample Collection: ZZS Method: Analyses: K VOCs - 602 503.1 Other TCL Teflon bailer K SVOCs SVOCs Wetals ; for turbel ; wait for it to settle Disposable bailer PCB/Pest PCB/Pest PCB/Pest Thus the = 32 NTL Other: Other Other Here SUP Super curve to settle (block - turbel ; wait for it to settle (block - settle) (block - turbel ; wait for it to settle (block - settle) (block - turbel ; wait for it to settle) (block - settle) (block - turbel ; wait for it to settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle) (block - settle	Field Tests: Temp: 13.9 C Atkalinity (filtered): pH: 7,03 Atkalinity (unfiltered): Fb: 1/4 Spec Conductivity:	$\frac{235}{\sqrt{4}} NT4 \qquad 13.7  7.03  220  1.25  1.2$
Time of Sample Collection:1325Method:Analyses:Stainless steel bailerK VOCs - 602	Sampling	John Shader Carlot Carlot
Method:Analyses: $\_$ Stainless steel bailer $K$ VOCs - 602 503.1 Other $\_$ Teflon bailer $K$ SVOCs $\_$ Pos. Disp. Pump $K$ Metals ; for turbed ; wait for it to settle $\_$ Disposable bailer $X$ PCB/Pest $\_$ Dedicated pump $Physical$ $\_$ Other. $Other$ $\_$ Other. $\_ Silt ?$ $\_$ Free Product? yesno $X$ describe $\_$ Sheen? yesno $X$ describe $\_$ Odor? yes $no X$ describe $\_$ Odor? yes $no X$ describe $\_$ $\_ 1.25$ gallons $\times 5$ (well Uclumes) = 6.40 gallons	Time of Sample Collection: 1325	
Pos. Disp. Pump X Disposable baller Y Dedicated pump Other: Other: Other Observations Weather/Temperature: sunny, temp. ± 65 °E, winds W, cst. 5 mph. Sample description: <u>furbid</u> light brewn → silt? Free Product? yes no X describe Odor? yes no X describe Comments: Comments:	Method: Analyses: Stainless steel bailer VOCs - 6 Teffon bailer K SVOCs	02 503.1 Other Tc/
Image: Disposable bailer       Image: PCB/Pest         Dedicated pump       Physical         Other:       Other         Observations       Other         Weather/Temperature:       Sunny, temp. ± 65 °F, winds W, cot. 5 mph.         Sample description:       Furbid, light brown         Free Product? yes       no X         describe       Odor? yes         Odor? yes       no X         describe       Odor? yes         Odor? yes       no X         describe       Odor? yes         Odor? yes       secribe         Odor? yes       secribe         Odor? yes       secribe         Outhers       Secribe         Outhers       Secribe         Outhers       Secribe         Outhers       Secribe         Other       Secribe         Outhers       Secribe	Pos. Disp. Pump $4$ Metals $\frac{1}{4}$	turbel wait for it to settle
Dedicated pump        Physical	Disposable bailer PCB/Pest	
Observations Weather/Temperature: <u>sunny</u> , <u>temp</u> = <u>65°F</u> , <u>winds</u> <u>W</u> , <u>cst</u> <u>5</u> <u>mph</u> . <u>Sample description: <u>furbid</u> <u>light brown</u> <u>silt</u>? <u>Free Product? yes</u> <u>no X</u> <u>describe</u> <u>Sheen? yes</u> <u>no X</u> <u>describe</u> <u>Odor? yes</u> <u>no X</u> <u>describe</u> <u>Comments:</u> <u>- 1.25 gallons</u> <u>× 5 (well uclumes</u>) = <u>6.40 gallons</u></u>	Dedicated pump Physical	-me /620
Observations Weather/Temperature: <u>summy</u> , <u>temp</u> = 65°F, <u>unds</u> <u>W</u> <u>cst</u> <u>5</u> <u>mph</u> . Sample description: <u>furbid</u> <u>light brown</u> <u>silt?</u> Free Product? yes no <u>X</u> <u>describe</u> Sheen? yes no <u>X</u> <u>describe</u> Odor? yes no <u>X</u> <u>describe</u> <u>Comments:</u> <u>- 1.29 gallons</u> <u>x 5 (well uclumes</u> ) = <u>6.40 gallons</u>	Other: Other	
Weather/Temperature: <u>sumny</u> , <u>temp</u> . = 65 °F, <u>winds</u> <u>W</u> . cst. 5 <u>mph</u> . Sample description: <u>futbid</u> <u>light brown</u> <u>silt</u> ? Free Product? yes <u>no</u> <u>X</u> describe Sheen? yes <u>no</u> <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes <u>no</u> <u>X</u> describe <u>Odor? yes</u> <u>no</u> <u>X</u> describe <u>- 1.28 gallons</u> <u>x 5 (well Jchmes</u> ) = <u>6.40 gallons</u>	Observations	contest sample
Weather/Temperature: <u>sunny</u> , <u>temp</u> . = 65 °F, <u>winds</u> <u>W</u> . <u>cst</u> . <u>3</u> <u>mph</u> . Sample description: <u>f.Mbid</u> <u>light brown</u> <u>silt</u> ? Free Product? yes <u>no</u> <u>X</u> describe <u>Sheen? yes</u> <u>no</u> <u>X</u> describe <u>Odor? yes</u> <u>no</u> <u>X</u> describe <u>Comments:</u> <u>- 1.25 gulons</u> <u>× 5 (well Jclumes</u> ) = <u>6.40 gallons</u>		
Sample description: <u>FLATBOR</u> <u>Fight brown</u> <u>Silf s</u> Free Product? yes <u>no X</u> describe <u>Sheen? yes no X</u> describe <u>Odor? yes no X</u> describe <u>Comments:</u> <u>- 1.25 gallons × 5 (well Johnnes) = 6.40 gallons</u>	Weather/Temperature: <u>sunny</u> , temp. = 65 °F	, winds W. est. 3 mph.
Comments: $-1.29$ gallong $\times$ 5 (well volumes) = 6.40 gallons	Sample description: <u><u>filtbid</u> light brown</u>	
Odor? yes no $\times$ describe Comments: - 1.28 gallong × 5 (well uclumes) = 6.40 gallons	Sheen? ves no $\checkmark$ describe	
Comments: - 1.29 gallons × 5 (well volumes) = 6.40 gallons	Odor? yes no 🔀 describe	
- 1.28 gailons × 5 (well uclames) = 6.40 gallons	Comments:	
	- 1.28 gallong × 5 (well volumes) = 6.40	gallons

.



	-1 1
SITE MIC FRP RI/F3	DATE 5/20/14
SAMPLE ID: FRP-MWII (0594)	15 40
	Time Onsite: Time Offsite: $\frac{4.57}{5.51}$
SAMPLERS: Fox	
Depth of well (from top of casing)	. 18,90' * Time: * taken from development data
Initial static water level (from top of casing)	<u>141</u> Time: <u>0828</u>
Water level after purging (from top of casing)	<u>/0.17'</u> Time: <u>1005</u> 901
Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	10.05 Time: $10/0$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
	28.63
Airlift Centrifugal	2 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.16 = gallons
Bailer <u>k</u> Pos. Displ	3 in. casing: ft. of water x $0.36 =$ gallons
Submersible Dea. Fump	4 in. casing: $-7.07$ it. of water x 0.65 = $-5.36$ gallons
volume of water removed:	5-51
>3 volumes: yes <u>x</u> no	purged dry? yes no X
Field Tests:	town off that and
Temp: 10.9 °C Alkelinity (filtered)	· 31 ATU 103 7.08 18 (20)
pH: <u>7.03</u> Alkalinity (unfiltered)	: NA 10.3 7.05 17 (.30
Eh: <u>\\$\4</u> Spec. Conductivity	<u>1.30 m 52/cm 10.3 7.09 16 1.31</u>
Sampling	stallization 1
Time of Sample Collection: 1113	achieved
Method: Analyses:	
Stainless steel bailer <u>VOCs</u> -	602 503.1 (Other 7CL
I effon baller <u>X</u> SVOCs	
$\checkmark$ Disposable baller $\propto$ PCB/Pe	st
Dedicated pump Physical	-
Other:Other	<u></u>
Observations	
	<i>. .</i> .
Weather/Temperature: <u>Shany</u> , femp. 2 55	F, winds lightand variable
Sample description:	
Free Product? yes no <u>A</u> describe	ckar
Odor? ves / no describe	Liel a ril-like
Comments:	
- Z 56 gullors > 5 (uxil volume) = 2	29.30 gellon



	1-14
SITE MAL FRP RI/FS	DATE 5/20/94 550
SAMPLE ID: FRP-MWIZ (0594)	18.01
SAMPLERS: J.F.X	Time Onsite:Time Offsite: $0920$ $0930$ $1037$ $1150$
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing) Purging Method:	$\begin{array}{c} 18.01 \\ \hline 10.76 \\ \hline 10.76 \\ \hline 10.76 \\ \hline 10.76 \\ \hline 10.76 \\ \hline 10.76 \\ \hline 10.76 \\ \hline 100 \\ \hline$
Airlift Centrifugal Bailer <u>k</u> Pos. Displ Submersible Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $7.25$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $1.16$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes $\underline{k}$ no = 1100 = removed $-5.25$ $\underline{galling}$ , well went dry *** Field Tests: $pH:$ $E_c$ Alkalinity (filtered): pH: Alkalinity (unfiltered): Eh: $\underline{M}$ Spec. Conductivity:	purged dry? yes_X_ no 
Time of Sample Collection:	602503.1OtherTEL_ ATat - twib.dity too high; wait for it to settle tAnd collected a 1610 g twib.dity = 206 NT
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>Sumv</u> femp. = 55° Sample description: <u>furbid</u> , <u>clive</u> (close Free Product? yes <u>x</u> no <u>describe</u> Sheen? yes <u>x</u> no <u>describe</u> Odor? yes <u>x</u> no <u>describe</u> Odor? yes <u>x</u> no <u>describe</u> - <u>x</u> 51 feet of preduct on top of <u>- i.16 gallons x 5 (well volumes) =</u> - <del>x</del> <del>x</del> - well went dry short of 5 well voc sample, then sample for	F <u>oily: 0.51' preduct or ninter table</u> <u>oily: fuel-oil-like cdor</u> <u>inter table as measured with interface probe</u> <u>5-80 gallons</u> Il volumes; will allow to recharge slightly collect r turbichty to see if can collect TAL metals



SITE MMC-FRP	DATE 16 May 1994
SAMPLE ID : <u>- MW-13(057674)</u> 88 FRP-MW13(057694) SAMPLERS : <u>Sean Pepling</u>	Time Onsite: Time Offsite:
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\frac{9.30}{11.37}$ Time: <u>0922 97</u> 0923 $\frac{9.30}{12.02}$ Time: <u>1028</u> <u>1035</u>
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     X     Pos. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $5.48$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $0.98$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>x</u> no <i>5 volumes</i> Field Tests: <i>Additional Volumes</i> Temp: <u>9,6 9,5 9,4</u> Alkalinity (filtered): pH: <u>7,48 7,44 7,46</u> Alkalinity (unfiltered): Eh: Spec. Conductivity:	purged dry? yes no $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac$
Time of Sample Collection: <u>/040</u>	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       _kVOCs -        Teflon bailer       _kSVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       _kMetals -        Disposable bailer       _kPCB/Pest        Dedicated pump      Physical        Other:      Other	602503.1Other <u>TCLV</u> CA5 5/14/94@1535.94 t
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>Cvercast</u> , <u>derects</u> , <u>describe</u> Free Product? yes no <u>describe</u> Sheen? yes no <u>describe</u> Odor? yes no <u>describe</u> Comments:	0°F. slicht wind O-Zupt NW 2 water



MW-14

SITE MMC FRP RI/FS	DATE 16 May 1994
SAMPLED. ERP- MWILL (DELLAN)	
SAMPLERS:	Time Onsite:         Time Offsite:           1052         1237           37         35F
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\begin{array}{c} \hline & 23, 47 \\ \hline & 7, 36 \\ \hline & 7, 36 \\ \hline & 7, 36 \\ \hline & 7, 36 \\ \hline & 102 \\ \hline & 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift       Centrifugal         Bailer       K       Pos. Displ.         Submersible       Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $/6.1/$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $2.58$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: total removed ~ 5.3	gallons
>3 volumes: yes no _k (	purged dry? yes no
Field Tests: Temp: c Alkalinity (ifiltered) PH: Eh: Sampling	<u>temp. p.H. turb.</u> cond. <u>NA</u> <u>m.e.k.m</u>
Time of Sample Collection: <u>1140</u>	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer      X VOCs -        Tefton bailer      X SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump      X Metals         Disposable bailer      X PCB/Per        Dedicated pump      Physical        Other:      Other	602503.1TCL
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>ver(ast</u> , temp. ± 50) Sample description: <u>verv</u> turbid, pink of Free Product? yes no <u></u> describe Sheen? yes no <u></u> describe Odor? yes no <u></u> describe	2°F
Comments: - 1/4.11 ZISS gallons x 5 ( well violume)	= 12.90 mallons
- Bailing @ 1000 ml/min produced a	dry well, do purging complete (1120)
- ground water too turbid to saw	uple for metals - will return later

MW-15



SITE MMC-FRP	DATE 16 Kigy 1994
SAMPLE ID: FRP-14W15(asican)	,
SAMPLERS: Sean Pepling	Time Onsite:         Time Offsite:           1240         1400           +400
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\begin{array}{c} 21.32 \\ \hline 11.10 \\ \hline$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift       Centrifugal         Bailer       K       Pos. Displ.         Submersible       Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $10.22$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $1.6$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: $10 \text{ gallows}$ >3 volumes: yes $\times$ no 5 volumes + 5 additional volumes + $\times$ fld. poramite Field Tests: $Additional volumes + \times fld. poramite\frac{5}{12.5} Temp: \overline{12.5} 12.9 12.9 12.9 Alkalinity (filtered):\overline{12.5} Temp: \overline{12.5} 12.9 12.9 12.9 Alkalinity (unfiltered):\overline{12.5} Temp: \overline{12.5} 12.9 12.9 22 \overline{12.9} Alkalinity (unfiltered):\overline{12.5} Temp: \overline{12.5} 12.9 12.9 \overline{12.9} Alkalinity (unfiltered):\overline{12.5} Temp: \overline{12.5} \overline{12.9}	purged dry? yes no k $1 \frac{2}{3} \frac{3}{4} \frac{51}{1} \frac{12}{1000} \frac{3}{1000} \frac{4}{1000} \frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{1000} \frac{3}{1000} \frac{1}{1000} 1$
Time of Sample Collection: 1330	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       _XVOCs -        Teflon bailer       _XVSVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       _XMetals        Disposable bailer      PCB/Pesi        OtherOther      Other	602503.1Other <u>TCLVO</u> A5
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>Overcest</u> , <u>ilight</u> Sample description: <u>Red Birson twicdician</u> Free Product? yes <u>no K</u> describe Sheen? yes <u>no K</u> describe Odor? yes <u>no X</u> describe Odor? yes <u>no X</u> describe	breeze (C-10 mph W), Irw 503F Ser cause turbidity > 50 NTUS
Metals icliected at 1710	

H10-16



SITE MAC FRP RUFS	DATE 5/17/94
SAMPLE ID : FRP-MW24(0594) SAMPLERS : J.Fox	Time Onsite: Time Offsite:
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing) Purging Method:	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     X       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: <u>21.6%</u> fL of water x 0.16 = <u>3.47</u> gallons $735$ 3 in. casing: fL of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: fL of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>X</u> no fotal vol. H <sub>2</sub> O removed a 28.5 gallo Field Tests: Temp: <u>10.9 °C</u> pH: <u>6.70</u> Eh: <u>NA</u> Spec. Conductivity Sampling	purged dry? yesno <u>M</u> Trysteny. ptt <u>fruch.</u> cond. = <u>831</u> NTU 10.8 6.75 822 1.13 : 10.8 6.71 790 1.14 : 10.8 6.71 790 1.14 : stubil.zection ech.eved
Time of Sample Collection:	
Method:       Analyses:         Stainless steel bailer       X VOCs -         Teflon bailer       X SVOCs         Pos. Disp. Pump       X Metals         X       Disposable bailer       X PCB/Per         Dedicated pump       Physical         Other:       Other	602 503.1 OtherTCL → tec turbid (>50 NT4); cellect leter st S-13-94@ C80794
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>fight rain over cost</u> , Sample description: <u>olive-brown' turbid</u> Free Product? yes <u>no X</u> describe Sheen? yes <u>No</u> <u>describe</u> Odor? yes <u>no X</u> describe	temp. ± 50°F, winds N.NW est. 5 mph.
- 3.47 gallons × 5 (well jolumex) =	17.35 yallons

_	FIELD OBSER GROUND WATER SA	VATION LOG AMPLING RECORD $MW - 17$
•	SITE _ FEP A. M.M. FEP	DATE 18 MAY 94
	SAMPLE ID:	) Time Onsite: Time Offsite:
	SAMPLERS: W. MAHONEY	1345 <del>- 150</del> 0
	Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\frac{15.15}{1.66}$ Time: 5.11 or hp of the under $\frac{1.66}{2.20}$ Time: 1350 Time: <u>1440</u> Time: <u>1440</u> Time: <u>1440</u>
	Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
	Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     Pos. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $13, 49$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $2, 16$ galions 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = galions 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = galions
•	volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes no	purged dry? yes no
-	Field Tests: 1 7 3 Turbiding Temp: <u>2.5</u> 8.3 8.3 Alkalinity (filtered) pH: <u>581</u> 5.91 <b>5</b> .46Alkalinity (unfiltered) Eh: Spec. Conductivity	1 Z 3 571680 71000 71000 1.61 1.60 1.61
	Time of Sample Collection:	
	Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       X VOCs -        Teflon bailer       X VOCs -        Pos. Disp. Pump       X Metals        Disposable baller       X PCB/Pes        Dedicated pump       Physical        Other:      Other	602503.1Other
	Observations	
	Weather/Temperature: <u>Cuercest</u> , 50°F	
	Free Product? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>X</u> describe	
-	Comments: $2.16 \times 5 = 10.8 \text{ cm} = 5 \text{ well}$	Voluma Start Prise 1400 Stop 1413
-	* Filkred Sample was at touried using a	· Watera pring w/ A QIED
		NEC:E:\SFORMS\GWFLDSAM.XLS

FIELD OBSEF GROUND WATER S ERM	EXATION LOG EXAMPLING RECORD $HW-18$
SITE MMC FRP	DATE 18 MAY 94
SAMPLE ID:	
SAMPLERS: W. MAYONEY	Time Onsite:         Time Offsite:           1505         1630
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	<u>14.12</u> Time: <u>1,28</u> Time: <u>15.08</u> 5.47 on tip 36 H20 meker <u>2,16</u> Time: <u>16:05</u>
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     Y       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $12.64$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $2.05$ galions 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = galions 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = galions
<ul> <li>volume of water removed:</li> <li>&gt;3 volumes: yes no</li> </ul>	purged dry? yes no
Temp: <u>6.6</u> <u>8.6</u> <u>8.7</u> <u>Alkalinity (filtered)</u> 7.10 <u>pH</u> <u>9.75</u> <u>7.5</u> <u>Alkalinity (unfiltered)</u> <u>Eh:</u> Spec. Conductivity Sampling Time of Sample Collection: <u>1610</u>	1:7100 71000 7 1000 1:1.75 1.75 1.76
Method:       Analyses:         Stainless steel bailer       X         Teflon bailer       X         Pos. Disp. Pump       X         Disposable bailer       X         Dedicated pump       Physical         Other:       Other	602503.1Other + Fillered Wetels
Observations	$\cap$
Weather/Temperature: <u>Ouls Cash</u> , 50°F Sample description: <u>Brown water</u> Free Product? yes no <u>X</u> describe Sheen? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>X</u> describe	
Comments: 2.05 x 5 = 10.3 callones = 5 <del>* Filtered Metal Sample? Offained u</del> a GED 8200 in line filter	VOIUMES w/ a waterra pump = USIng NEC:E:15FORMSIGWFLDSAM.XLS



MW-19

SITE MAC FRP RI/FS	DATE 5/16/94
SAMPLED. EPP-MW-19 (STICH)	78/
	Time Onsite: Time Offsite:
SAMPLERS: J. Fox	0850 IDIO 7810
S. Pepting	0950 1005 12476
Depth of well (from top of casing)	<u> </u>
Initial static water level (from top of casing)	$-\underline{q} \underbrace{\partial 5}_{-} \qquad \text{Time:} \underbrace{\partial 85 \zeta}_{-} \qquad 7 \ 87$
Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$-\frac{1}{200}$ Ime: <u>0928</u> /.25
main level beleve samping (nom top of casing)	<u>9.07</u> Time: 0720
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift Centrifugal	2 in. casing: $\frac{78}{}$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $\frac{1.25}{}$ gallons
Bailer <u>k</u> Pos. Displ	3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons
Submersible Ded. Pump	4 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed:	
>3 volumes: ves Y no	purged dp? yes bo V
Field Tests: -turb.	temp. pt turb. cond.
Temp: <u>11.2</u> °C Alkalinity (filtered):	420 NTU 11.0 7.23 366 0.66
pH: 7.16 Alkalinity (unfiltered):	NA 11.0 7.73 355 OK
Eh: <u>NA</u> Spec. Conductivity:	0.66 m.z/cm 110 1.05 553 0.06
Sampling	
Time of Sample Collection: 1000	
Method: Analyses:	
Stainless steel bailer 🕺 VOCs -	602 503.1 Other TCL
Tefion bailer X SVOCs	
Pos. Disp. Pump <u>X</u> Metals@	, 03 45 0 5/17/24 SO
Disposable baller PCB/Pes	t
Dedicated pump Physical	
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: light rain,	temp. = 50°F
Sample description: brown - slightly cloudy	
Free Product? yes no describe_	
Sheen? yes no _K describe_	
Odor? yes no _X describe_	
Comments: $= 1.25$ as $ _{\text{TW}} \times 5$ (with the set $) = 6.20$	
- lipld to to Doctoring of the content	of my will volume the still of all will
inter las I dil A II il I	each and after initial 2 well volumes
- water too turb.of for metals collect.s	m(250 NTU); Will come back at oud NEC:EASFORMS; GWFLDSAM.XLS
- total vol. water removed ~ 9.75 gallow	۱۶



(	
SITE MAL FRP RI/FS	DATE 17 May 1994
SAMPLE ID: FRP. MWZO (0594)	l
)	Time Onsite: Time Offsite:
SAMPLERS: J. Fox	<u>0940</u> 17.17
	<u> </u>
Depth of well (from top of casing)	$\frac{1}{16}$
Initial static water level (from top of casing)	$-\frac{7}{100}$ $-$
Water level after purging (from top of casing)	
Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	Time: /.45
Puraing Method:	Well Volume Calculation 725
Airlift Centrifugal	2 in. casing: $9.15$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $1.45$ gallons
Bailer <u> </u>	3 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons
Submersible Ded. Pump	4 in. casing: ft. of water $\times 0.65 =$ gallons
volume of water removed:	
>3 volumes: yes 🔀 no	puraed drv? ves no X
total removed including samples ~ 14.5 jallons	
Field Tests:	temp. pH turb. c.md.
Temp: 10.4 Alkalinity (filtered):	
PH: <u>7.2/</u> Alkalinity (unfiltered): Eb: 7.4 Spee Conductivity	$\frac{NA}{10.0 - 44}$ 10.0 - 44 - 7000 2.53
Sampling	- 2.40 mskm ctalilization
Time of Sample Collection: 0923	
Mathad:	
Metriod. Analyses: Stainless steel bailer & VOCs	502 502 1 (Abor TC)
Teflon bailer	
Pos. Disp. Pump 📈 Metals -	-> collect later; too turbid
X Disposable bailer X PCB/Pes	t @ 155.5
Dedicated pump Physical	-
Other:Other	
Observations	
	,
Weather/Temperature: rain, overcast ferm	p. ± 50°F, winds N-NW, ~5 mph.
Sample description: light brown turbid to ve	ry tarked w/sitt
Free Product? yes no describe	
Sheen? yes no <u>k</u> describe	
Comments:	
- 1.45 adles x 5 (well alum) = 7.25	a llene
- / Will Volumes / / (S	44/10 'S

Mw-20



MW-21

SITE MMC-FIRP	DATE 19 May 1994
SAMPLE ID: FRF. MW21 (0590)	, ,
SAMPLERS: Sean Pepling W. MAHUNEY	Time Onsite:Time Offsite: $0720$ $0735$ 1640
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     X       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $7.45$ fL of water x 0.16 = $1/2$ gallons 3 in. casing: fL of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: fL of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>X</u> no 6 gallons purged Field Tests: <u>(Add: +: on al Volumes)</u> forbid Temp: <u>(Cik )10:6</u> <u>10.5</u> <u>Alkalinity (filter</u> pH: (1.74) (1.74) (1.76 [2.76 Alkalinity (unfilter	purged dry? yes no_ <u>x</u> ity ed): <u>105 149.3 147.8 4th Volume</u> ed): <u>105 149.3 147.8 4th Volume</u>
Sampling Time of Sample Collection: 1730	vity: $0.64 \ 0.64 \ 0.65 \ 0$
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer      X VOCs        Teflon bailer      X SVOC        Pos. Disp. Pump       Metal        Disposable bailer       PCB/        Dedicated pump       Physi        Other:       Other	s - 602 503.1 Other_ <u>TCC_VOA</u> Cs s /Pest cal
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>fTLY Symmetry</u> Sample description: <u></u>	100°1- ibe ibe ibe ibe ibe ibe ibe



MW-Zi

SITE MAL FRP RIFS	DATE 5/19/94
SAMPLE ID: FRD-MW 22 (0594)	
SAMPLERS: T. Fox	Time Onsite:Time Offsite: $14.34$ 07207.75165017556.59
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     X     Pos. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $(, 59)$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $(, 05)$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes no	purged dry? yes no
Field Tests: Temp: <u>10.7</u> 'C pH: <u>6.64</u> Eh: <u>1/A</u> Spec. Conductivity:	<u>105 NTU</u> <u>10.4</u> <u>6.55</u> <u>110</u> <u>1.9</u> <u>NA</u> <u>10.7</u> <u>6.62</u> <u>97</u> <u>Z.0</u> <u>57</u> <u>57</u> <u>57</u> <u>10</u> <u>1.9</u> <u>2.03</u> <u>m.2</u> <u>km</u> <u>57</u> <u>57</u> <u>51</u> <u>6.62</u> <u>97</u> <u>Z.0</u>
Time of Sample Collection:	a hiered
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       X       VOCs -        Tefion bailer       X       SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       X       Metals        Disposable bailer       X       PCB/Pes        Other:      Other       Other	602503.1Other7clt
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>mostly cloudy fem</u> Sample description: <u>reletively clear whter</u> Free Product? yes <u>no X</u> describe Sheen? yes <u>no X</u> describe Odor? yes <u>no X</u> describe	p. t 45 °F, winds calm turbdity < 100 NTY
- 1.05 gallons × 5 (well volumes) - collected water sample for turbo collected TAL metals + cyanide the rest of the parameters	- 5,25 <u>gallons</u> <u>Litre 1728 - furbidity = 45 NTU</u> ; thur samples at same fine (first) as NEC:E:ISFORMS: GWFEDSAM. 25

FIELD OBSER GROUND WATER SA ERM	MW-23
SITE MMC - FRP	DATE 19MAY94
SAMPLE ID: FRIP MW-23 (0594)	
SAMPLERS: W. MAHONEY	Time Onsite:Time Offsite: $0715$ $4635$ $1540$ $1635$
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	. <u></u>
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift     Centrifugal       Bailer     Pos. Displ.       Submersible     Ded. Pump	2 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.16 =gallons 3 in. casing:ft. of water x 0.36 =gallons 4 in. casing: $\beta_1 \omega_2$ ft. of water x 0.65 = $5, 6.3$ gallons
<ul> <li>volume of water removed:</li> <li>&gt;3 volumes: yes no</li> </ul>	purged dry? yesno
Field Tests: 1 2 3 Furbility Temp: <u>[1.8</u> <u>11.9</u> <u>12.0</u> Alkalinity (filtered): pH5.77 C.77 <u>6.77</u> Alkalinity (unfiltered): Eh: Spec. Conductivity: Sampling Time of Sample Collection:	$\frac{29.9}{1.77} = \frac{27.3}{1.85} = \frac{28.7}{1.85}$
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       X       VOCs -        Tefion bailer       X       SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       X       Metals        Disposable bailer       X       PCB/Pes        Dedicated pump      Physical       Other:	602503.1Other_TCL_VOA TCL TAL + Cyanide ITAL
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>MTLY Summy</u> 60° Sample description: <u><u>JAM</u> Free Product? yes no <u>A</u> describe Sheen? yes <u>X</u> no <u>describe</u> Odor? yes <u>X</u> no <u>describe</u></u>	F Retro Leven Sheen, light -> moderale strong petroleum oder
$5.63 \times = 5.63 \times 5 = 43.3 \text{ge}$	llang 0725 → 0812
0812 25 gallon ramed 1545 begin purpay 0812 25 gallon ramed 1615 purped 3 vol parameter	15+ Weil when which when the state of the st
MW-24



# FIELD OBSERVATION LOG GROUND WATER SAMPLING RECORD

SITE MMC - FRP	DATE 17 May 1994
SAMPLE ID : FRP-HW24 (0594)	
SAMPLERS: <u>Soan Pepling</u>	Time Onsite:         Time Offsite:           09413         1110
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
AirliftCentrifugalBailerXPos. Displ.SubmersibleDed. Pump	2 in. casing: $\frac{\gamma_{\nu}}{\nu}$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $\frac{1.46}{1.66}$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes <u>X</u> no <u> </u>	purged dry? yes no
Field Tests: (2004; 100 (120 (120 (120 (120 (120 (120 (120	1 2 3 4 Torbidity 588 60-599
Time of Sample Collection: <u>7050</u>	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer      VOCs -        Teflon bailer      XSVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump      Metals@        Disposable bailer      XPCB/Pes        Dedicated pump      Physical        Other:Other      Other	602503.1Other <u>TCLUO</u> AS
Observations	
Weather/Temperature: <u>Quercast</u> , <u>Drizzle</u> Sample description: <u>Turnhid Water broi</u> Free Product? yes no <u>Y</u> describe Sheen? yes no <u>X</u> describe Odor? yes no <u>X</u> describe Comments: <u>Metals NOt collected at 1050 because</u>	50"=F 



# FIELD OBSERVATION LOG GROUND WATER SAMPLING RECORD

MW-25

•	
SITE <u>MMC-FRP</u>	DATE 19 May 1994
SAMPLE ID: FRP-MU25(0594)	
SAMPLERS: Sean Repling	$\begin{array}{c} 0755 \\ 1530 \\ \hline 1645 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	17.5         Time: $0757$ $7.37$ Time: $0757$ $NA$ Time: $NA$ Time:
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift Centrifugal Bailer Pos. Displ Submersible Ded. Pump	2 in. casing: $9.63$ ft. of water x 0.16 = $1.54$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes no 3 gallans iencover Field Tests: (200; tion al volumes) Temp: 12.5 C Alkalinity (filtered pH: 6.45 Alkalinity (unfiltered Eh: NA Spec. Conductive Sampling	purged dry? yes no $\times$ $t_{2.3}$ $f_{2.3}$ $f_{2.5}$ $h_{12.3}$ $f_{2.57}$ $f_{2.5$
Time of Sample Collection: 1615	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer      X VOCs        Teflon bailer      X SVOC        Pos. Disp. Pump      X Metals        Disposable bailer      X PCB/R        Dedicated pump      Physic        Other:      Other	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Observations (@1530)	
Weather/Temperature: prffy swy for Sample description: <u>furbid</u> , <u>olire</u> - <u>brow</u> Free Product? yes no <u>K</u> descri Sheen? yes no <u>K</u> descri Odor? yes <u>K</u> no <u>descri</u> Comments: <u>FRP - DUPE II (0594)</u> <u>collected</u>	np. ± 65°F, no wird (indoors) in color be none apparent be moderate gaseline like ocbr from this well right after FRP-MW25 (0594)

NEC:E-\SFORMS\GWFLDSAM.XLS

H	<del>; ; ;</del>	-
X	N	
F	$\mathbf{R}$	M

# FIELD OBSERVATION LOG GROUND WATER SAMPLING RECORD

MW-265

SITE MMC - FRP	DATE 18MAY94
SAMPLE ID: MWZ65 FRP-4W265(059	e y
SAMPLERS: <u>IN. MATHONEY</u>	Time Onsite:     Time Offsite:       0825     1015
Depth of well (from top of casing) Initial static water level (from top of casing) Water level after purging (from top of casing) Water level before sampling (from top of casing)	$/4.45$ Time: $6.65$ Time: $0830$ $12.95$ Time: $09.50$ $8.83$ Time: $09.55$
Purging Method:	Well Volume Calculation
Airlift       Centrifugal       (         Bailer       Pos. Displ.	2 in. casing: 7.8 ft. of water x $0.16 = 1.27$ gallons 3 in. casing: ft. of water x $0.36 =$ gallons 4 in. casing: ft. of water x $0.65 =$ gallons
volume of water removed: >3 volumes: yes no	purged dry? yes no
Field Tests: Temp: Alkalinity (filtered) pH: Alkalinity (unfiltered) Eh: Spec. Conductivity	$F_{12}[2] T_{2} = \frac{7}{3}$ $T_{EMP} = (4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,$
Sampling	<u></u>
Time of Sample Collection: 1000	
Method:       Analyses:        Stainless steel bailer       X       VOCs -        Teflon bailer       X       SVOCs        Pos. Disp. Pump       X       Metals J        Disposable bailer       X       PCB/Pe        Dedicated pump      Physical       Other	602503.1Other_TCLVOAS TIME 1640
Observations	ĨF 1
Weather/Temperature: OverCash, 55 Sample description: Free Product? yes no X describe	light winds
Odor? yes no describe	
Comments: 1.27  sal  x 5 = 6.4  sals = 5  Volumes	Pirge Time 0935-0850
Duplicate 10 Turbidity be métals was	fore sampling bor 46 NTU; NEC:E1SFORMS\GWFLDSAM.XLS



### FIELD OBSERVATION LOG GROUND WATER SAMPLING RECORD

SITE MIGC-FRP DATE 18 May 1991 SAMPLE ID: FRP-14W26D(0594) Time Onsite: Time Offsite: SAMPLERS: Sean Pepling 1045 0815 Time: 063 Time: 0834 Time: 1008 Water level before sampling (from top of casing) ...... 6, 2 5 Time: 1015 Purging Method: Well Volume Calculation Airlift Centrifugal 2 in. casing: 26.36 ft. of water x 0.16 = 4.2 gallons 3 in. casing:\_\_\_\_\_ ft\_ of water x 0.36 = \_\_\_\_\_ gallons Pos. Displ. Bailer Submersible Ded. Pump 4 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.65 = gallons volume of water removed: >3 yolumes: yes X no \_\_\_\_ 2/2/1025 purged dry? yes no 火 Field Tests: (Additional Volvous 1,213 Turbidit Temp: 1.3 1.3 T. Z Alkalinity (filtered):\_\_\_ pH: 8,20 8,44 8,47 Alkalinity (unfiltered): Spec. Conductivity: 1.24 1.25 1.24 Eh: Sampling Time of Sample Collection: 1020 Method: Analyses: 602 503.1 Other 7CL VOAS Stainless steel bailer ≪ VOCs-Teflon bailer メ SVOCs Pos. Disp. Pump  $\chi$  Metals Disposable baller 火 PCB/Pest Dedicated pump Physical Other: Other **Observations** Weather/Temperature: Ovenciest, calm, 4035F Sample description: Free Product? yes \_\_\_\_ no X describe Sheen? yes no X describe Odor? yes no X describe Collected MS and MSD for same paramet Comments:

NEC:E:\SFORMS\GWFLDSAM.XLS

MW-261

APPENDIX F

DATA VALIDATION REPORTS

## DATA VALIDATION OF GROUND WATER SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. BR-01

#### Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by USEPA Method 524.2 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Pesticide/PCB analyses were performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-3. Target Analyte List (TAL) inorganic analyses were performed according to various NYSDEC Superfund Methods. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), the USEPA Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analyses (July 1988) and the reviewer's professional judgement.



The validation report pertains to the following samples:

#### <u>Samples</u>

#### OC Samples

MW-16 MW-17 MW-18 MW-21	MW-21 MS/MSD MW-21 Spike and Duplicate (Inorganics) DUPE-10 (MW-26S Field Duplicate) DUPE-11 (MW-25 Field Duplicate)
MW-22	RB051994
MW-23	TB5 (0518)
MW-25	TB6 (0518)
MW-26S	TB7 (0519)
Faucet 01	TB8 (0519)
	TB9 (0519)
	TB10 (0520)
	TB11 (0522)
	MSB 5/23/94 (SVOC)
	PBMSB6 (Pest/PCB)
	MW-16 MW-17 MW-18 MW-21 MW-22 MW-23 MW-25 MW-26S Faucet 01

# **ORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field and trip blank data
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

# **VOLATILES**

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Methylene chloride, acetone and toluene are negated in a sample if the sample concentration is less than or equal to ten times the highest associated blank concentration. For all other compounds an action level of five times the highest associated blank concentration is used.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK053	N-butylenzene (0.1J) sec-butylbenzene (0.06J) chloroform (0.42J) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.24J) hexachlorobutadiene (0.5J) isopropylbenzene (0.03J) methylene chloride (1.7) naphthalene (0.89J) tetrachloroethene (0.02J) 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (0.66J) 1,1,1-trichloroethane (0.04J) trichloroethene (0.04J) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzehe (0.09J) o-xylene (0.13J) m&p xylene (0.19J) acetone (22J)	TB-05, TB-06, TB-07
VBLK054	n-butylbenzene (0.09J) chloroform (0.34J) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.08J) hexachlorobutadiene (0.52J) methylene chloride (1.6) 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (0.64J) o-xylene (0.04J) m&p xylene (0.07J)	MW-03S, MW-03D, MW-18, MW-17, MW-26S, DUPE-10
VBLK055	chloroform (0.5J) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.05J) hexachlorobutadiene (0.1J) methylene chloride (2.2) naphthalene (0.14J) trichloroethene (0.15J) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.03J) o-xylene (0.08J) m&p xylene (0.14J)	ТВ-08

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Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK056	benzene (0.08J) sec-butylbenzene (0.06J) tert-butylbenzene (0.05J) chloroform (0.42J) 2-chlorotoluene (0.05J) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.18J) hexachlorobutadiene (0.50) isopropylbenzene (0.02J) methylene chloride (1.7) naphthalene (1.2) n-propylbenzene (0.04J) tetrachloroethene (0.01J) 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (0.62) 1,1,1-trichloroethane (0.05J) trichloroethene (0.03J) 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (0.12J) 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (0.06J) o-xylene (0.16J) m&p xylene (0.26J) acetone (22J)	TB-09, RB051994, FAUCET-01, MW-21 MS/MSD
VBLK057	benzene (0.07J) n-butylbenzene (0.10J) sec-butylbenzene (0.07J) chloroform (0.43J) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.20J) hexachlorobutadiene (0.52) isopropylbenzene (0.03J) naphthalene (0.94) toluene (0.37J) 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (0.92) 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (0.58) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.10J) 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (0.05J) o-xylene (0.14J) m&p xylene (0.25J) acetone (17J)	MW-21, MW-22, MW-23, TB-10, DUPE-11, MW-25

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK058	benzene (0.06J) n-butylbenzene (0.1J) sec-butylbenzene (0.06J) tert-butylbenzene (0.05J) chloroform (0.39J) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.23J) hexachlorobutadiene (0.50) ispropylbenzene (0.03J) methylene chloride (1.6) naphthalene (0.97) n-propylbenzene (0.04J) toluene (0.34J) 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (0.95) 1,2,4-trinethylbenzene (0.09J) o-xylene (0.15J) m&p xylene (0.24J) acetone (15J)	MW-11, MW-10, MW-02, MW-23, MW-12
RB051994	benzene (0.05BJ) chloroform (0.11BJ) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.15BJ) 1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.18J) methylene chloride (0.13BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.01BJ) toluene (0.48J) 1,1,1-trichloroethane (0.03BJ) trichloroethene (0.02BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.05BJ) o-xylene (0.16BJ) m&p xylene (0.2BJ)	All Samples
TB-05	chloroform (0.04BJ) 1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.09J) cis-1,2-dichloroethene (0.12J) methylene chloride (0.17BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.09BJ) trichloroethene (0.30BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.04BJ) o-xylene (0.05BJ) m&p xylene (0.12BJ)	<b>MW-26D</b>

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
TB-06	chloroform (0.3BJ) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (1B) cis-1,2-dichloroethene (0.1J) methylene chloride (0.36BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.06BJ) trichloroethene (0.29BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.03BJ) o-xylene (0.06BJ) m&p xylene (0.09BJ)	MW-17, MW-18
ТВ-07	chloroform (0.07BJ) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.05BJ) 1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.09J) methylene chloride (0.23BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.08BJ) trichloroethene (0.34BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.03BJ) o-xylene (0.05BJ) m&p xylene (0.11BJ)	MW-26S, DUPE-10, MW-03S, MW-03D
TB-08	benzene (0.87) n-butylbenzene (0.19J) sec-butylbenzene (0.02J) chloroform (0.07BJ) isopropylbenzene (0.1J) 4-isopropyltoluene (0.05J) methylene chloride (0.34BJ) naphthalene (26B) n-propylbenzene (0.3J) tetrachloroethene (0.07J) toluene (4.6) 1,1,1-trichloroethane (0.04J) trichloroethene (0.04BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (3.1B) 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (0.92) o-xylene (2B) m&p xylene (2B)	<b>MW-23, MW-21</b>

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
TB-09	benzene (0.06BJ) n-butylbenzene (0.03BJ) sec-butylbenzene (0.02BJ) chloroform (0.05BJ) hexachlorobutadiene (0.13BJ) methylene chloride (0.14BJ) naphthalene (0.46BJ) n-propylbenzene (0.02BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.09BJ) toluene (0.2J) 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (0.14BJ) 1,1,1-trichloroethane (0.04BJ) trichloroethene (0.06BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.05BJ) 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (0.02BJ) o-xylene (0.05BJ) m&p xylene (0.11BJ)	MW-22, MW-25, DUPE-11, RB051994, FAUCET-01
<b>TB-10</b>	benzene (0.13BJ) chloroform (0.05BJ) 1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.12J) methylene chloride (0.21BJ) nephthalene (0.59B) toluene (0.26BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.14BJ) 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (0.03BJ) m&p xylene (0.16BJ)	MW-02, MW-10, MW-11, MW-12

- The laboratory was requested to analyze the ground water samples for TCL volatiles by method 524.2. Since method 524.2 does not account for all TCL volatile compounds, specifically acetone, 2-butanone, 2-hexanone, 4-methyl-2pentanone and carbon disulfide, the calibration solutions did not contain these compounds. Therefore the laboratory amended the 524.2 analytical and reporting protocols to account for these five compounds as follows:
  - A 50 ppb standard of TCL compounds was purged to use as a reference standard (file name "EHSL") for spectra and retention times. Response factors were calculated using this one point curve. (This procedure gives a better estimated concentration than using an RF of 1.0 for all compounds.)

- 2. All samples and blanks were quantitated to the 50 ppb standard ("EHSL").
- 3. Only hits with areas greater than 10% of the respective internal standard areas were reported. This procedure is consistent with TIC reporting rules.
- 4. The response factors used for detected compounds are as follows:

Acetone	0.069
Carbon Disulfide	0.719
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	0.220

- The laboratory did not analyze fortified blanks as required by method. Given that the laboratory performed all other QC requirements, this protocol deficiency is judged to have no effect on the technical useability of the data.
- All samples were analyzed within the 14 day holding time except for samples BR-01, BR-02, NR-03 and the associated trip blank TB-11. These samples were broken in shipment to the laboratory. They were resampled and analyzed for VOCs in a separate QC package.
- The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.0% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 30% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Method 524.2 does not discuss QC criteria for minimum response factor, therefore the 0.05 minimum technical criteria from the National Functional Guidelines is used, with any compounds exhibiting an RF less than 0.05 having all results considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results and "UJ" for non-detects.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 5/24/94	vinyl chloride	%RSD = 22.8	All Samples
(14:49-18:15)	chloroethane	%RSD = 26.1	-
		RF = 0.003	
	methylene chloride	%RSD = 32.2	
	tetrachloroethane	%RSD = 36.1	
C - 5/25/94	dichlorodifluoromethane	%D = 32.32	TB-05, TB-06, TB-07
(18:39)	chloromethane	RF = 0.048	
		%D = 35.28	
	vinyl chloride	%D = 72.40	
	chloroethane	RF = 0.002	
	trichlorofluoromethane	%D = 170.99	
	1,2,3-trichloropropane	RF = 0.046	
	1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane	RF = 0.046	
	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	%D = 45.48	
	naphthalene	%D = 51.43	
	1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	%D = 52.9	
C - 5/26/94	dichlorodifluoromethane	%D = 43.15	MW-03S, MW-03D, MW-
(14:40)	chloromethane	RF = 0.040	17, MW-18, MW-26S,
. ,		%D = 45.48	DUPE-10
	trichlorofluoromethane	%D = 163.10	
	chloroethane	RF = 0.004	
	tetrachloroethene	%D = 70.40	
C - 5/27/94	dichlorodifluoromethane	%D = 31.67	TB-08
(12:00)	chloromethane	RF = 0.047	
. ,		%D = 36.17	
	vinyl chloride	%D = 47.96	
	chloroethane	%D = 0.004	
	trichlorofluoroethane	%D = 83.42	
	tetrachloroethene	%D = 71.88	
	nephthalene	%D = 79.83	
	1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	%D = 39.19	
C - 5/28/94	trichlorofluoromethane	%D = 54.03	TB-09, RB051994.
(15:32)	chloromethane	RF = 0.034	FAUCET-01.
		%D = 53.32	MW-21 MS/MSD
	dichlorodifluoromethane	%D = 48.99	
	vinyl chloride	RF = 0.049	
	chloroethane	RF = 0.002	
		%D = 35.21	
	tetrachloroethene	%D = 73.13	
	1,2,3-trichloropropane	RF = 0.046	
	1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane	RF = 0.046	
	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	%D = 34.90	

C - 5/29/94 (13:12)	dichlorodifluoromethane chloromethane	%D = 41.83 RF = 0.038 %D = 48.17	MW-21, MW-22, MW-25, TB-10, DUPE-11
	chloroethane	RF = 0.003	
	trichlorofluoromethane	%D = 31.36	
	tetrachloroethene	%D = 73.94	
	1,2,3-trichloropropane	RF = 0.048	
	1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane	RF = 0.048	
	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	%D = 31.59	
	naphthalene	%D = 32.98	
	1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	%D = 40.04	
C - 5/31/94	bromomethane	RF = 0.044	MW-02, MW-10, MW-11,
(11:36)		%D = 38.83	MW-12, MW-23
	chloroethane	RF = 0.002	
		%D = 42.88	
	trichlorofluoromethane	%D = 41.09	
	tetrachloroethene	%D = 72.61	
	1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	%D = 33.17	

• The tables below present a comparison of field duplicate data. All results are within the USEPA Region II guidelines (QC limit = 50% RPD) for aqueous samples, indicating acceptable sampling precision.

Compound	MW-25 (µg/l)	DUPE-11	RPD
benzene	16000	14000	13
ethylbenzene	660	500	28
toluene	12000	11000	8.7
o-xylene	1400U	1200B	
m&p xylene	1400U	1100B	
acetone	3000UJ	4000J	

Compound	MW-26S	DUPE-10	RPD
1,1-dichloroethane	58	57	1.7
1,1-dichloroethene	24	24	0
ethylbenzene	68	68	0
1,1,1-trichloroethane	18	19	5.4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	24	24	0
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	9.0	9.6	6.5
o-xylene	4.6	4.6	0
m&p xylene	180	180	0
acetone	125J	110J	13

# SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Pthalates are negated in associated samples if the sample concentrations is less than ten times that of the blank. All other compounds are negated if their concentration in the sample is less than five times that of the highest associated blank.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (0.6J μg/ℓ) Unknown @ 4.35 (3J) Unknown @ 4.57 (3J) Unknown @ 4.75 (7J) Unknown @ 5.77 (2J) Unknown @ 5.90 (2J)	MW-17, MW-18, MW-3S, MW-3D, DUPE-10, MW-26S
SBLK02	1,4-Dichlorobenzene $(0.7J \ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Oxy Compound @ 5.42 (5J) Unknown @ 25.54 (30J) Unknown @ 27.75 (20J) Unknown Alkane @ 25.66 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 26.79 (8J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.85 (8J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.88 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.83 (4J)	RB051994, MW-23, MW-21, MW-21 MS/MSD, MSB 5/23/94

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK03	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (0.8J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 28.89 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.87 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.82 (5J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.74 (50J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.63 (8J)	MW-22, MW-25, DUPE-11, BR-01, BR-02, BR-03
SBLK04	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate $(0.9J \ \mu g/l)$ Unknown @ 13.93 (2J) Unknown @ 25.54 (80J) Unknown @ 27.74 (40J) Unknown @ 31.73 (200J) Unknown @ 32.07 (20J) Unknown Alkane @ 25.66 (9J) Unknown Alkane @ 26.78 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.85 (20J) Unknown Alkane @ 28.88 (8J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.87 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.81 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.63 (20J)	MW-02, MW-02 Re, MW-10, MW-11, MW-11 Re, MW-12, MW-12 Re
RB051994	Unknown @ 26.01 (3J)	All Samples

- MW-21 MS/MSD exhibited several compounds with spike recoveries outside of QC limits. None of the matrix spiking compounds were detected in the unspiked portion of this sample, therefore qualification of compound non-detect results was not performed.
- The MSB exhibited high recovery for pentachlorophenol (147%; QC limits = 9%-103%) and 4-nitrophenol (95%; QC limits = 10%-80%). Neither compound was detected in any of the samples, therefore results are not qualified.
- The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ."

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 6/6/94 (1905-2228)/A	1,2-Dichlorobenzene 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 2-Chlorophenol-d4 (surrogate)	%RSD = 23.7 %RSD = 28.0 %RSD = 22.3	All Samples
C - 6/24/94 (1085)A	Hexachloroethane Bis(2-chlorethoxy)methane 2-Methylnaphthalene Pyrene	%D = 29.0 %D = 33.3 %D = 34.8 %D = 36.8	MW-23, MW-21, MW-22, MW-25, DUPE-11, DUPE-10, RB051994, BR-01, BR-02, MW-21 MS/MSD
C - 6/28/94 (1746)A	Hexachloroethane	%D = 36.6	BR-03, MW-02, MW-10, MW-11, MW-12, MW-02 Re, MW-11 Re, MW-12 Re
C - 7/1/94 (1155)A	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether Acenaphthene Benzo(b)fluoroanthene	%D = 34.9 %D = 29.8 %D = 28.7	MW-26S
C - 6/23/94 (0842)A	Hexachloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene Fluorene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	%D = 32.0 %D = 33.3 %D = 34.2 %D = 32.4	MW-17, MW-18, MW-3S, MW-3D

The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogate compounds with recoveries outside of their respective QC limits. Note that MW-12 exhibited 0% recovery of 2,4,6-tribromophenol in both the initial and reanalysis. The re-analysis also exhibited 0% recovery of terphenyl-d14. The initial analysis of this sample will be used, with all non-detect acid fraction compound results rejected. MW-02 initial and re-analysis exhibited 0% recovery for all surrogates except 2-fluorobiphenyl and nitrobenzene-d5. However, the poor surrogate recovery in these samples is due to analysis of the extract at a 50-fold dilution level, effectively diluting out the surrogates. Therefore no qualification of the MW-02 results is performed based on surrogate recovery. No qualification of any of the other samples listed is required due to poor surrogate recovery, as each had no more than one nonadvisory base/neutral or acid extractable surrogate compound outside of QC limits.

Sample	Surrogate	% Recovery	QC Limits
MW-21 MS	Nitrobenzene-d5 2-Fluorobiphenyl	32 41	35-114 43-116
MW-23	2-Fluorobiphenyl	41	43-116
MW-22	2-Fluorobiphenyl 2-Chlorophenol	41 29	43-116 33-110 (advisory)
MW-25	2-Fluorobiphenyl 2-Chlorophenol	34 31	43-116 33-110 (advisory)
DUPE-11	2-Fluorobiphenyl 2-Chlorophenol	40 31	43-116 33-110 (advisory)
MW-21 MSD	2-Fluorobiphenyl	42	43-116
BR-01	2-Fluorobiphenyl	31	43-116
SBLK01	2-Chlorophenol	136	33-110 (advisory)
BR-03	2-Fluorobiphenyl	38	43-116
MW-12	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	0	10-123
MW-12 Re	2,4,6-Tribromophenol Terphenyl-d14	0 0	10-123 33-141

The following table lists samples that exhibited internal standards with area counts outside of the +100%/-50% QC limits. Based on these results, as well as other QC criteria (surrogate recovery, compound concentrations, etc.), the initial analyses of MW-02, MW-11 and MW-12 should be used, with all compounds quantitated against the affected internal standards considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results and "UJ" for non-detects. (Note - A indicates area count within QC limits and N/A indicates QC limits not applicable for this internal standard for sample of interest.)

		Ir	nternal Standards		
Sample	Nap-d8	Acenap-d10	Phen-d10	Chry-d12	Peryl-d12
MW-02	А	А	55527	14635	Α
MW-02 Re	103230	47934	47550	13396	7201
MW-11	Α	Α	58823	14852	Α
MW-11 Re	Α	53752	52526	14269	Α
MW-12	Α	Α	<b>5987</b> 7	15481	Α
MW-12 Re	Α	54635	48312	15537	Α

	Internal Standards					
Sample	Nap-d8	Acenap-d10	Phen-d10	Chry-d12	Peryl-d12	
QC Limits	436382-109096	57115-228460	69511-278042	16091-64362	7251-29004	
MW-21 MS	А	Α	Α	А	3302	
QC Limits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5651-22602	

#### PESTICIDE/PCB

- The 4,4'-DDT exhibited a percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) of 20.9% in the initial calibration on column DB-1701 (QC limit = 20.0%). The methoxychlor standard exhibited 27.9%RSD on the DB-608 column. The %RSD reported for heptachlor epoxide and endosulfan II on the DB-608 column also exhibited the QC limit, however they were incorrectly calculated and are not actually in exceedance of the QC limit. All sample results for 4,4'-DDT and methoxychlor are considered estimated with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect results flagged "UJ."
- The calibration verification standard INDBM03 exhibited 27.5% relative percent difference from the initial calibration on the DB-1701 column (QC limit = 25.0%). All samples results for this compound are therefore considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect results flagged "UJ."
- The initial calibration retention time windows for heptachlor epoxide and endosulfan II on the DB-608 column and for endosulfan II on the DB-1701 column were incorrectly calculated. All sample data was received to ensure proper analyte identification was made. No additional qualification to the data is warranted.
- The table below lists samples and standards which exhibited retention times outside of the retention time windows. The raw data for field samples was reviewed carefully to ensure that all target analytes were properly identified. No further qualification to the data is necessary.

Sample ID	Tetrachloro-m-xylene (RT Window = 6.64 min to 6.74 min)	Decachlorobiphenyl (RT Window = 27.34 min to 27.54 min)
PEM03	6.73	27.55
INDAM02	6.75	27.55
BR-03	6.73	27.55
MW-02	6.76	27.57
MW-11	6.74	27.56

The following table lists samples in which compounds were detected but quantitated at concentrations differing by more than 25% RPD on the two GC columns. As such, the sample results have been flagged "J." Note that several compounds in several samples exhibited extremely high RPDs and in several cases the compound "peak" fell outside of the retention time window for that compound on the particular GC column. Those results are negated. Also note that it is the professional opinion of the data reviewer that the large RPD values are due, in many instances, to the coincidental occurrence of peaks falling within the retention time window for a given compound on both GC columns. However it is likely that these peaks do not, in fact, represent the actual compound of interest, but rather extraneous peaks occurring within that particular time window. Since this hypothesis cannot be conclusively proved, the results will be reported, but qualified as estimated ("J" flag).

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
DUPE-10	beta-BHC	1073.9	
	delta-BHC	493.8	
	dieldrin	50.0	
	4,4 -DDE	26.0	
	endosulfan II	222.0	
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDD	75.0	
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	115.1	
	endrin aldehyde	275.0	Negated - RT out
	gamma-chlordane	969.0	
	Ar 1254	37.5	
BR-01	alpha-BHC	890.1	
BR-02	alpha-BHC	150.0	
	endosulfan sulfate	1017.6	
BR-03	alpha-BHC	157.1	
	methoxychlor	361.5	
MW-02	beta-BHC	1304.3	
	delta-BHC	287.1	
	heptachlor	80.6	
	aldrin	50.0	
	endosulfan I	70.2	Negated - RT out
	dieldrin	83.3	
	4,4	300.0	Negated - RT out
	endrin	34.5	
	endosulfan II	428.3	
	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDD	118.2	
	endosulfan sulfate	640.0	
	alpha-chlordane	733.3	
	gamma-chlordane	60.0	
MW-10	alpha-BHC	30.4	
	aldrin	100.0	Negated - RT out
MW-11	alpha-BHC	28.2	
	beta-BHC	3620.9	
	delta-BHC	200.0	
	heptachlor	28.6	Negated - RT out
	aldrin	111.8	-
	endosulfan I	83.3	Negated - RT out
	4,4´-DDE	76.9	Negated - RT out
MW-12	beta-BHC	3025.0	
	delta-BHC	50.0	
	heptachlor epoxide	2709.5	
	dieldrin	726.1	
	4,4´-DDE	150.0	
	endrin	77.8	
	gamma-chlordane	547.1	
MW-3D	alpha-BHC	660.9	

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Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
	gamma-BHC	257.9	
	heptachlor	66.7	Negated - RT out
MW-18	beta-BHC	2828.6	
MW-23	delta-BHC	69.5	
MW-25	aldrin	56.2	
	dieldrin	233.3	
MW-26S	beta-BHC	542.9	
	delta-BHC	341.6	
	heptachlor epoxide	800.0	Negated - RT out
	endosulfan I	290.6	Negated - RT out
	dieldrin	39.3	•
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	226.7	
	endosulfan II	209.7	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDD	83.3	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDT	57.1	
	endrin aldehyde	48.3	Negated - RT out
	Ar 1254	70.0	-
RB051994	alpha-BHC	365.1	
PBLKE13	alpha-BHC	337.5	
	endosulfan sulfate	34.1	

• Sample MW-02 exhibited a RT for alpha-BHC on the DB-608 column of 8.80 minutes which is outside the RT window of 8.68 to 8.78 minutes. Alpha-BHC results for this sample have been negated.

• The table below lists samples and associated sample results that were negated because they were reported below the reported method detection limit (MDL).

Sample ID	Compound/ Result $\mu g/\ell$		MDL
BR-02	Endosulfan sulfate	0.002	0.007
BR-03	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE methoxychlor	0.003 0.013	0.006 0.030
MW-10	heptachlor 4,4´-DDE	0.002 0.001	0.003 0.006
MW-12	gamma-chlordane	0.002	0.003
MW-17	gamma-BHC heptachlor	0.001 0.001	0.003 0.003
MW-22	gamma-BHC	0.002	0.003
MW-25	dieldrin	0.001	0.002

- The method blank PBLKE13 exhibited  $0.002 \ \mu g/\ell$  of alpha-BHC and  $0.008 \ \mu g/\ell$  of endosulfan sulfate. The field blank RB051994 exhibited  $0.001 \ \mu g/\ell$  of alpha-BHC. All sample results for these analytes that are less than five times the associated blank result have been negated.
- The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogates outside of 60%-150% QC limits. Qualification of sample data due to surrogates outside of <u>advisory</u> QC limits is limited to those samples that exhibit a surrogate outside of QC limits on <u>both</u> GC columns. If tetrachlorometaxylene is deficient, pesticide compounds are qualified. If decachlorobiphenyl is deficient, PCB aroclors and toxaphene are qualified. Positive results are flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ." (Note that a dash (-) indicates acceptable surrogate recovery.)

		· Surro	ogate	
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
DUPE-11	50	43	33	36
BR-01	55	43	33	36
BR-02		50	42	44
BR-03	55	55	46	49
MW-11			45	47
MW-12			33	34
MW-02	27			<del></del>
MW-18	55	43	·	
MW-21		55	55	55
MW-21 MS		50	43	42
MW-21 MSD	-		44	45
MW-22			42	44
MW-3D	-	55	-	
PBLKE2	50	35		
RB051994	_	55	50	55

## **INORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed:

- Case narrative
- Deliverable requirements
- Holding times
- Calibrations
- Lab blanks
- Field blanks
- ICP interference check sample analysis
- CRDL standard analysis
- Matrix spike analysis
- Lab duplicate sample analysis
- Laboratory control sample results
- ICP serial dilution analysis
- GFAA post-digestion spike results
- Method of standard additions (MSA) results
- Detection limits

The items listed above were technically acceptable and in compliance with NYSDEC ASP and USEPA CLP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly.

- Unfiltered mercury (202.8%), filtered mercury (199.4%), unfiltered selenium (135.0%), filtered cadmium (66.1%) and filtered silver (0%) spiked sample recoveries were outside of 75%-125% QC limits. Positive sample results for each of these metals should be considered estimated and flagged "J." Non-detect filtered cadmium results should be flagged "UJ." Non-detect filtered silver results are rejected.
- Filtered and unfiltered BR-03 were analyzed at secondary dilution factor for selenium and unfiltered BR-01, BR-02 and BR-03 were analyzed at a secondary dilution factor for thallium, due to interferences. The dilution analyses also exhibited interferences, therefore the non-detect results in these samples are flagged "UJ."
- Note that the method used for cyanide analysis did not conform to the QC requirements of the ASP Superfund level in terms of not having a daily calibration curve or running

calibration verification standards at the correct frequency (one every ten samples or two hours, whichever is more frequent).

- Cyanide LCS recovery (78%) was below 80% lower QC limit. All cyanide results are considered estimated, with non-detect results flagged "UJ."
- The lead CRDL standard associated with samples BR-01 and BR-02 unfiltered and MW-12 filtered and the selenium CRDL standard associated with BR-01, BR-02 and BR-03 unfiltered and filtered exhibited slightly high recoveries (130.0% and 132.0%, respectively). Although the ASP and the USEPA Functional Guidelines do not address CRDL standard recoveries, it is the professional judgement of the data reviewer that recovery greater than 120% (USEPA Region II upper QC limit) may indicate potential high bias in positive sample results at concentrations near the CRDL. Therefore positive concentrations for these metals in the noted samples should be considered estimated and flagged "J."
- Note that several metals in several samples analyzed by GFAA have a "W" qualifier on the sample data sheet. This indicates that the GFAA post-digestive spike recovery was outside of 85%115% QC limits, and the sample results were less than 50% of the spike added. If the spike recovery is less than 85%, then both positive results and non-detects are considered estimated and flagged "J" or "UJ," respectively. If the recovery is greater than 115%, only positive values are flagged. The following table presents samples which had spike recoveries outside of QC limits for one or more GFAA metal. (Note: U = unfiltered, F = filtered.)

Sample	Metal	% Recovery	Sample	Metal	% Recovery
BR-01	arsenic - F	59.0	DUPE-11	lead - U	83.0
	lead - F	63.0		selenium - U	81.0
	selenium - U	82.0			
	selenium - F	62.0	MW-02	lead - U	76.5
	thallium - F	58.0		thallium - U	73.0
BR-02	arsenic - U	73.5	MW-10	lead - U	76.5
	arsenic - F	63.0		selenium - U	79.0
	lead - U	83.0		thallium - U	53.5
	lead - F	64.0			
	selenium - U	66.0	MW-11	lead - U	72.5
	selenium - F	77.0		selenium - U	53.0
	thallium - F	74.0		thallium - U	64.5
BR-03	lead - U	46.0	MW-12	thallium - U	69.0
	lead - F	53.0		selenium - F	76.0
	thallium - F	144.5			
DUPE-10	lead - U	79.0	MW-17	selenium - U	46.0
MW-22	lead - U	82.5	MW-18	arsenic - U	79.5
				arsenic - F	152.5
MW-23	lead - U	79.0		selenium - U	49.0
				selenium - F	<b>80.0</b>
MW-25	lead - U	83.5		thallium - F	81.5
MW-26S	lead - U	78.0	MW-3D	selenium - U	145.0
			MW-3S	lead - U	83.5
				selenium - U	64.0
			RB051994	selenium - U	69.0

- The filtered laboratory duplicate exhibited an absolute difference of 6247  $\mu g/\ell$  for potassium (CRDL = 5000  $\mu g/\ell$ ). This is above the QC limit of ±CRDL for metals whose concentration in the sample is less than five times the CRDL. Silver exhibited a relative percent difference (RPD) result of 61.4% (QC limit = 20%). Positive potassium and silver results in all filtered samples are considered estimated and flagged "J."
- The unfiltered arsenic analysis in MW-12 was performed by Method of Standards Additions (MSA) and exhibited a linear correlation coefficient less than 0.995 (0.9940). The unfiltered arsenic result in this sample (a non-detect) is therefore flagged "UJ."

- The filtered ICP serial dilution analysis exhibited calcium (13.2%), magnesium (13.9%) and sodium (29.0%) with percent difference results greater than 10% for metals whose initial concentration exceeded 50 times the IDL. Positive results for these metals in the filtered sample analyses are considered estimated and flagged "J."
- The following is a list of metals whose dissolved concentrations exceeded their total concentrations by 10% or more in the specified sample. Concentrations for these metals in these samples are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects flagged "UJ." Note - N.C. = Not Calculable. Metal was detected in the filtered sample but not in the unfiltered sample.

Sample	Metal	%D	Sample	Metal	%D
BR-01	Antimony Copper Magnesium Manganese	N.C. 524 11.3 16.2	BR-02	Calcium Copper Sodium	16.2 616 11.7
MW-12	Antimony Arsenic Copper Silver Zinc	N.C. N.C. 175 N.C. 47.0	BR-03	Copper Magnesium Manganese Mercury Potassium Sodium	321 18.5 32.9 156 17.0 11.0
MW-17	Cadmium Potassium Silver Sodium	N.C. 176 N.C. 21.8			

- The reported antimony results in unfiltered MW-02 and filtered MW-12 and BR-01 are considered estimated due to very poor precision in duplicate burns for each analysis (%RSD's of 91.36, 117.1 and 245.1, respectively). Although no QC criteria exist for ICP, a QC limit of 20% is used for GFAA duplicate injection precision and represents an acceptable level of precision.
- RB051994 contained 22.7  $\mu g/\ell$  copper. Concentrations of copper in all samples less than five times the concentration in the rinsate blank are rejected.

- Samples were analyzed for mercury 32 to 34 days after receipt by the lab. The NYSDEC ASP required that mercury analyses be performed within 26 days of receipt, therefore holding times for mercury were exceeded. Flag all mercury data as estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect "UJ."
- The mercury calibration linear correlation was less than 0.995 (0.9935), therefore all mercury results are considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results, "UJ" for non-detects. The arsenic analytical runs associated with all filtered and unfiltered sample analyses except MW-12 and MW-17 unfiltered exhibited calibration linear correlation coefficients less than 0.995 (0.9944, 0.9880 and 0.9740), therefore all arsenic results <u>except</u> unfiltered MW-12 and MW-17 are considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results, "UJ" for non-detects.

#### Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.

Signed:	C. Brett Moneullo
	C. Brett Mongillo / /
$\mathcal{L}$	- au Alla
	- Douglas A. Wolf, P.G/
Dated: 📐	2 August 1994

## DATA VALIDATION OF GROUND WATER SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. MW-1 (0516)

#### Deliverables

Samples

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by USEPA Method 524.2 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Pesticide/PCB analyses were performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-3. Target Analyte List (TAL) inorganic analyses were performed according to various NYSDEC Superfund Methods. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), the USEPA Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analyses (July 1988) and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

—		-
MW-01	MW-13	MW-26D MS/MSD
MW-04	MW-14	MW-26D Spike and Duplicate (Inorganics)
MW-05	MW-15	RB051694
MW-06	MW-16	TB1 (0516)
MW-07	MW-19	TB2 (0516)
MW-08	MW-20	TB3 (0517)
MW-09	MW-24	TB4 (0517)
	MW-26D	MSB 5/19/94 (SVOC)
		PBMSB5 (Pest/PCB)
		<b>,</b>

**OC** Samples



### **ORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field and trip blank data
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

### **VOLATILES**

- MW-26D MS/MSD exhibited 1,1-dichloroethene (449%/443%; QC limits = 61%-145%) and trichloroethene (256%/220%; QC limits = 71%-120%) with recoveries outside of QC limits due to interferences. The positive results for these two compounds in the unspiked portion of this sample are considered estimated and flagged "J."
- The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Methylene chloride, acetone and toluene are negated in a sample if the sample concentration is less than or equal to ten times the highest associated blank concentration. For all other compounds an action level of five times the highest associated blank concentration is used.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK052	tert-butylbenzene $(0.05J \ \mu g/l)$ n-butylenzene $(0.1J)$ sec-butylbenzene $(0.06J)$ chloroform $(0.47J)$ 1,3-dichlorobenzene $(0.16J)$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0.5J)$ benzene $(0.07J)$ methylene chloride $(2)$ n-propylbenzene $(0.04J)$ 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene $(0.62J)$ 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene $(0.1J)$ o-xylene $(0.14J)$ m&p xylene $(0.22J)$ acetone $(10J)$	TB#3, TB#4, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW-9, MW-16, MW-20, MW-24
VBLK051	toluene $(0.32 \ \mu g/l)$ 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene $(0.07J)$ chloroform $(0.47J)$ 1,3-dichlorobenzene $(0.1J)$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0.16J)$ methylene chloride $(1.9)$ 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene $(0.16J)$ o-xylene $(0.14J)$ m&p xylene $(0.22J)$	TB#2, MW-1, MW-4, MW-5, MW-13, MW-14, MW-15, MW-19
VBLK055	chloroform $(0.5J \mu g/l)$ 1,3-dichlorobenzene $(0.05J)$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0.1J)$ methylene chloride $(2.2)$ naphthalene $(0.14J)$ trichloroethene $(0.15J)$ 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene $(0.03J)$ o-xylene $(0.08J)$ m&p xylene $(0.14J)$	MW-26D, MW-26D MS/MSD
VBLK049	chloroform (0.3J µg/l) 1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.05J) hexachlorobutadiene (0.4J) methylene chloride (1.7) 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (0.3J) 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (0.2J) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.04J) m&p xylene (0.03J)	TB#1

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
RB051994	benzene (0.05BJ $\mu g/\ell$ ) chloroform (0.11BJ) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.15BJ) 1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.18J) methylene chloride (0.13BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.01BJ) toluene (0.48J) 1,1,1-trichloroethane (0.03BJ) trichloroethene (0.02BJ) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (0.05BJ) o-xylene (0.16BJ) m&p xylene (0.2BJ)	All Samples
TB-01	1,4-dichlorobenzene (0.11BJ $\mu g/\ell$ ) toluene (0.19J) methylene chloride (0.18BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.08J) trichloroethene (0.12J) m&p xylene (0.12BJ)	All Samples Shipped on 5/16/94
TB-02	benzene (0.06J $\mu g/l$ ) chloroform (0.32BJ) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (1B) toluene (0.25BJ) methylene chloride (0.72B) tetrachloroethene (0.05BJ) trichloroethene (0.12J) acetone (7J) o-xylene (0.06BJ) m&p xylene (0.09BJ)	All Samples Shipped on 5/16/94
TB-03	chloroform (0.08BJ $\mu g/\ell$ ) benzene (0.06BJ) methylene chloride (0.31BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.08J) trichloroethene (0.06J) 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (0.15BJ) o-xylene (0.05BJ) m&p xylene (0.1BJ)	All Samples Shipped on 5/17/94
ТВ-04	chloroform (0.07BJ $\mu g/\ell$ ) 1,3-dichlorobenzene (0.04BJ) cis-1,3-dichloroethene (0.07J) methylene chloride (0.36BJ) tetrachloroethene (0.07J) trichloroethene (0.12J) m&p xylene (0.11BJ)	All Samples Shipped on 5/17/94

- The laboratory was requested to analyze the ground water samples for TCL volatiles by method 524.2. Since method 524.2 does not account for all TCL volatile compounds, specifically acetone, 2-butanone, 2-hexanone, 4-methyl-2pentanone and carbon disulfide, the calibration solutions did not contain these compounds. Therefore the laboratory amended the 524.2 analytical and reporting protocols to account for these five compounds as follows:
  - 1. A 50 ppb standard of TCL compounds was purged to use as a reference standard (file name "EHSL") for spectra and retention times. Response factors were calculated using this one point curve. (This procedure gives a better estimated concentration than using an RF of 1.0 for all compounds.)
  - 2. All samples and blanks were quantitated to the 50 ppb standard ("EHSL").
  - 3. Only hits with areas greater than 10% of the respective internal standard areas were reported. This procedure is consistent with TIC reporting rules.
  - 4. The response factors used for detected compounds are as follows:

Acetone	0.069
Carbon Disulfide	0.719
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	0.220

- The laboratory did not analyze fortified blanks as required by method. Given that the laboratory performed all other QC requirements, this protocol deficiency is judged to have no effect on the technical useability of the data.
- The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.0% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 30% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response

factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Method 524.2 does not discuss QC criteria for minimum response factor, therefore the 0.05 minimum technical criteria from the National Functional Guidelines is used, with any compounds exhibiting an RF less than 0.05 having all results considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results and "UJ" for non-detects.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 5/23/94 (14:49-18:15)	vinyl chloride chloroethane methylene chloride tetrachloroethene trichlorofluoromethane	%RSD = 22.8 %RSD = 26.1 RF = 0.003 %RSD = 32.2 %RSD = 36.1 %RSD = 47.5	All Samples
C - 5/24/94 (17:39)	dichlorodifluoromethane chloromethane chloroethane tetrachloroethane hexachlorobutadiene 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene naphthalene 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	%D = 50.2 RF = 0.033 %D = 54.4 RF = 0.002 %D = 73.3 %D = 32.6 %D = 31.4 %D = 42.7 %D = 42.7	TB#2, MW-1, MW-4, MW-5, MW-13, MW-14, MW-15, MW-19
C - 5/25/94 (08:49)	chloromethane trichlorofluoromethane chloroethane tetrachloroethene	RF = 0.044 %D = 40.05 %D = 156.5 RF = 0.003 %D = 71.5	TB#3, TB#4, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW-9, MW-16, MW-20, MW-24
C - 5/27/94 (12:00)	dichlorodifluoromethane chloromethane vinyl chloride chloroethane trichlorofluoroethane tetrachloroethene naphthalene 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	<pre>%D = 31.67 RF = 0.047 %D = 36.17 %D = 47.96 %D = 0.004 %D = 83.42 %D = 71.88 %D = 79.83 %D = 39.19</pre>	MW-26D, MW-26D MS/MSD

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples	
C - 5/24/94	trichlorofluoromethane	%D = 80.4	TB#1	
(09:30)	chloromethane	$\mathbf{RF} = 0.038$		
		%D = 48.7		
	dichlorodifluoromethane	%D = 45.6		
	chloroethane	RF = 0.004		
	tetrachloroethene	%D = 74.0		

## SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Pthalates are negated in associated samples if the sample concentrations is less than ten times that of the blank. All other compounds are negated if their concentration in the sample is less than five times that of the highest associated blank.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (1.6J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown @ 4.38 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 26.86 (2J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.91 (3J)	MW-01, MW-14, MW-13, MW-05, MW-19, RB051694
SBLK02	Unknown @ 4.25 (4J $\mu g/l$ ) Unknown @ 4.35 (6J) Unknown @ 4.88 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.92 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 28.95 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.89 (7J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.80 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.69 (8J)	MW-04, MW-08, MW-09, MW-15, MW-16, MW-20
SBLK03	Unknown @ 4.39 (4J µg/l) Unknown @ 31.73 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.87 (2J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.90 (2J)	MW-06, MW-07, MW-24, MW-26D, MW-26D MS/MSD, MSB 5/19/94
RB05194	Unknown @ 4.34 (8BJ $\mu g/l$ ) Unknown @ 4.89 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 5.24 (2J) Unknown Alkane @ 9.15 (8J) Unknown Aromatic @ 11.79 (2J) Unknown Aromatic @ 12.62 (3J) Unknown Oxy Compound @ 5.42 (4J)	All Samples
- MW-26D MS/MSD exhibited several compounds with spike recoveries and/or RPD results outside of QC limits. None of the matrix spiking compounds were detected in the unspiked portion of this sample, therefore qualification of compound non-detect results was not performed. The majority of the noted MS/MSD deficiencies were due to poor spike recoveries in the MSD and likely represent an analytical problem with the MSD analysis rather than the sample.
- The MSB exhibited low recovery for acenaphthene (40%; QC limits = 46%-118%) and high recovery for 4nitrophenol (104%; QC limits = 10%-80%). Neither compound was detected in any of the samples, therefore acenaphthene non-detect results in all samples are flagged "UJ." Non-detect 4-nitrophenol results are not qualified.
- The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ."

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 6/6/94 (1905-2228)/A	1,2-Dichlorobenzene 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 2-Chlorophenol-d4 (surrogate)	%RSD = 23.7 %RSD = 28.0 %RSD = 22.3	All Samples
C - 6/21/94 (1049)A	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 4-Methylphenol 2-Fluorophenol (surrogate)	%D = 30.8 %D = 28.1 %D = 30.9	MW-01, MW-04, MW-05, MW-08, MW-09, MW-13, MW-14, MW-15, MW-16, MW-19, MW-20, RB051694
C - 6/22/94 (1902)A	Hexachloroethane Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	%D = 27.5 %D = 27.7 %D = 26.8	MW-07, MSB 5/19/94
C - 6/23/94 (0842)A	Hexachloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene Fluorene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	%D = 32.0 %D = 33.3 %D = 34.2 %D = 32.4	MW-06, MW-24, MW-26D, MW-26D MS/MSD

• The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogate compounds with recoveries outside of their respective QC limits. Note that MW-26D exhibited less than 10% recovery of phenol-d5, however recovery of this surrogate in both the MS and MSD was acceptable, therefore non-detect acid fraction compound results (phenolics) are qualified as "UJ."

Sample	Surrogate	% Recovery	QC Limits
MW-26D	Phenol-d5	4	10-110
MW-26D MS	2-Fluorobiphenyl	42	43-116
MW-26D MSD	2-Fluorobiphenyl	35	43-116

### PESTICIDE/PCB

- The 4,4'-DDT exhibited a percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) of 20.9% in the initial calibration on column DB-1701 (QC limit = 20.0%). The methoxychlor standard exhibited 27.9%RSD on the DB-608 column. The %RSD reported for heptachlor epoxide and endosulfan II on the DB-608 column also exceeded the QC limit, however they were incorrectly calculated and are not actually in exceedance of the QC limit. All sample results for 4,4'-DDT and methoxychlor are considered estimated with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect results flagged "UJ."
- The calibration verification standard INDBM03 exhibited 27.5% relative percent difference from the initial calibration on the DB-1701 column (QC limit = 25.0%). All samples results for this compound are therefore considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect results flagged "UJ."
- The following table lists samples in which compounds were detected but quantitated at concentrations differing by more than 25% RPD on the two GC columns. As such, the sample results have been flagged "J." Note that several compounds in several samples exhibited extremely high RPDs and in several cases the compound "peak" fell outside of the retention time window for that compound on the particular GC column. Those results are negated. Also note that it is the professional opinion of the data reviewer that

the large RPD values are due, in many instances, to the coincidental occurrence of peaks falling within the retention time window for a given compound on both GC columns. However it is likely that these peaks do not, in fact, represent the actual compound of interest, but rather extraneous peaks occurring within that particular time window. Since this hypothesis cannot be conclusively proved, the results will be reported, but qualified as estimated ("J" flag).

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
MW-06	endrin aldehyde	319.4	
MW-07	beta-BHC	2214.3	Negated - RT out
MW-14	beta-BHC delta-BHC heptachlor epoxide 4,4 '-DDE endrin ketone	2900.0 420.0 4471.4 116.7 208.3	
MW-26	heptachlor heptachlor epoxide dieldrin 4,4 <sup>°</sup> -DDD	84.2 775.0 464.1 1275.0	

• The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogates outside of 60%-150% QC limits. Qualification of sample data due to surrogates outside of <u>advisory</u> QC limits is limited to those samples that exhibit a surrogate outside of QC limits on <u>both</u> GC columns. If tetrachlorometaxylene is deficient, pesticide compounds are qualified. If decachlorobiphenyl is deficient, PCB aroclors and toxaphene are qualified. Positive results are flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ." (Note that a dash (-) indicates acceptable surrogate recovery.)

		Surro	ogate	
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
MSB5		44	-	
MW-01	-	48	_	
MW-13	43	32	_	-
MW-14	50	34	55	55
MW-15	55	45		-
MW-16	50	42	-	-
MW-19	205	180		_
MW-20	55	48	38	38
MW-26D		55		_
MW-26D MS		55	-	
MW-04	49	35		
MW-05	39	27		
MW-06	55	44	-	
MW-07	-	50	50	55
MW-08	42	35		
MW-09	55	46	-	-
PBLKE10	-	39	-	
PBLKE11	55	46		-
RB051694	47	35		

Sample MW-24 exhibited a retention time (RT) for the surrogate decachlorobiphenyl (27.55 minutes) outside of the RT window of 27.34 minutes to 27.54 minutes on the DB-608 column. The calibration verification standard PEM03 exhibited a 27.55 minute RT for decachlorobiphenyl on DB-608. The standard INDAM02 experienced a RT shift for the surrogate tetrachloro-m-xylene (6.75 min; RT window = 6.64 minutes to 6.74 minutes) and decachlorobiphenyl (27.55 minutes) on the same column. All sample raw data was reviewed to ensure that proper identification of target compounds was made. No further qualification to the data is necessary.

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• The table below lists samples and associated sample results that were negated because they were reported below the reported method detection limit (MDL).

Sample ID	Compound/ Result ,	MDL (μg/ℓ)	
MW-06	endrin aldehyde	0.003	0.005
MW-14	heptachlor epoxide	0.001	0.002
MW-26	heptachlor epoxide	0.001	0.002

### INORGANICS

The following items/criteria were reviewed:

- Case narrative
- Deliverable requirements
- Holding times
- Calibrations
- Lab blanks
- Field blanks
- ICP interference check sample analysis
- CRDL standard analysis
- Matrix spike analysis
- Lab duplicate sample analysis
- Laboratory control sample results
- ICP serial dilution analysis
- GFAA post-digestion spike results
- Method of standard additions (MSA) results
- Detection limits

The items listed above were technically acceptable and in compliance with NYSDEC ASP and USEPA CLP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly.

 Arsenic (137.5%), mercury (216.8%), silver (59.6%) and thallium (66.2%) spiked sample recoveries were outside of 75%-125% QC limits. Positive sample results for each of these metals should be considered estimated and flagged "J." Non-detect silver and thallium results should be flagged "UJ."

- MW-07 and MW-15 were analyzed at a 1:5 dilution factor for thallium due to interferences. The dilution analyses also exhibited interferences, therefore the thallium non-detect result in these samples are flagged "UJ."
- Note that the method used for cyanide analysis did not conform to the QC requirements of the ASP Superfund level in terms of not having a daily calibration curve or running calibration verification standards at the correct frequency (one every ten samples or two hours, whichever is more frequent).
- Cyanide LCS recovery (78%) was below 80% lower QC limit. All cyanide results are considered estimated, with non-detect results flagged "UJ."
- The initial cadmium CRDL standard recovery is slightly high (124.7%). Although the ASP and the USEPA Functional Guidelines do not address CRDL standard recoveries, it is the professional judgement of the data reviewer that recovery greater than 120% (USEPA Region II upper QC limit) may indicate potential high bias in positive sample results at concentrations near the CRDL. Therefore positive sample cadmium concentrations should be considered estimated and flagged "J."
- Note that several metals in several samples analyzed by GFAA have a "W" qualifier on the sample data sheet. This indicates that the GFAA post-digestive spike recovery was outside of 85%115% QC limits, and the sample results were less than 50% of the spike added. If the spike recovery is less than 85%, then both positive results and non-detects are considered estimated and flagged "J" or "UJ," respectively. If the recovery is greater than 115%, only positive values are flagged. The following table presents samples which had spike recoveries outside of QC limits for one or more GFAA metal.

Sample	Metal	% Recovery	Sample	Metal	% Recovery
MW-01	arsenic	118.5	MW-14	arsenic	130.0
MW-04	arsenic selenium	130.0 47.0	MW-15	selenium	61.0
	thallium	115.5	MW-20	selenium thallium	71.0 64.5
MW-05	arsenic selenium	134.5 72.0	MW-24	arsenic thallium	117.5 54.0
MW-06	arsenic selenium	142.0 44.0	MW-26D	selenium thallium	72.0 55.5
MW-07	selenium	65.0			
MW-13	selenium	77.0			

- RB051994 (contained in SDG BR-01) contained 22.7  $\mu g/\ell$  copper. Concentrations of copper in all field samples less than five times the concentration in the rinsate blank are rejected.
- Samples were analyzed for mercury 32 to 34 days after receipt by the lab. The NYSDEC ASP required that mercury analyses be performed within 26 days of receipt, therefore holding times for mercury were exceeded. Flag all mercury data as estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect "UJ."
- The mercury calibration linear correlation was less than 0.995 (0.9926), therefore all mercury results are considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results, "UJ" for non-detects.

### Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.

Signed: <u>C. Brett Mongillo</u> C. Brett Mongillo <u>C. Brett Mongillo</u> <u>Douglas A. Wolf, P.G.</u> Dated: 2 June 1994

# DATA VALIDATION OF GROUND WATER SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. BR-01 Resample

## Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by USEPA Method 524.2. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, USEPA Method 524.2, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991) and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

Samples

**OC** Samples

BR-01 BR-02 BR-03

BR-03 MS/MSD TB062394



The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Trip blank data
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

- The laboratory was requested to analyze the ground water samples for TCL volatiles by method 524.2. Since method 524.2 does not account for all TCL volatile compounds, specifically acetone, 2-butanone, 2-hexanone, 4-methyl-2pentanone and carbon disulfide, the calibration solutions did not contain these compounds. Therefore the laboratory amended the 524.2 analytical and reporting protocols to account for these five compounds as follows:
  - 1. A 50 ppb standard of TCL compounds was purged to use as a reference standard (file name "EHSL") for spectra and retention times. Response factors were calculated using this one point curve. (This procedure gives a better estimated concentration than using an RF of 1.0 for all compounds.)
  - 2. All samples and blanks were quantitated to the 50 ppb standard ("EHSL").

- 3. Only hits with areas greater than 10% of the respective internal standard areas were reported. This procedure is consistent with TIC reporting rules.
- 4. The response factors used for detected compounds are as follows:

Acetone	0.069
Carbon Disulfide	0.719
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	0.220

- The laboratory did not analyze fortified blanks as required by the method. Given that the laboratory performed all other QC requirements, this protocol deficiency is judged to have no effect on the technical useability of the data.
- The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Methylene chloride, acetone and toluene are negated in a sample if the sample concentration is less than or equal to ten times the highest associated blank concentration. For all other compounds an action level of five times the highest associated blank concentration is used.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK065	Benzene $(0.05J \mu g/l)$ n-Butylbenzene $(0.18J)$ sec-Butylbenzene $(0.06J)$ tert-Butylbenzene $(0.05J)$ Chloroform $(0.02J)$ 1,3-Dichlorobenzene $(0.07J)$ Hexachlorobutadiene $(0.68)$ Methylene Chloride $(0.15J)$ Naphthalene $(1)$ n-Propylbenzene $(0.04J)$ 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene $(1.2)$ 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene $(0.77)$ Acetone $(29J)$ 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene $(0.07J)$ 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene $(0.05J)$ m&p Xylene $(0.06J)$	BR-01, BR-02, BR-03, TB062394

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples	
VBLK066	Methylene Chloride (0.31J) o-Xylene (0.03J) m&p Xylene (0.02J)	BR-03 MS/MSD	
TB062394	Benzene (0.08J) Chloroform (0.1BJ) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (0.06BJ) Ethylbenzene (0.22J) Hexachlorobutadiene (0.2BJ) Methylene Chloride (0.82BJ) Naphthalene (0.27BJ) Toluene (0.47J) 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (0.26BJ) 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (0.17BJ) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (0.07BJ) m&p Xylene (0.45BJ) o-Xylene (0.21J) Acetone (10J)	BR-01, BR-02, BR-03	

• The MS and MSD both exhibited the surrogate compound 1,2-dichlorobenzene-d4 with slightly low recovery (67% and 65%, respectively; QC limits = 70%-130%). Since the unspiked analysis of BR-03 exhibited acceptable surrogate recovery, no action is necessary to qualify the sample data.

- The MSD exhibited 1,1-dichloroethene with slightly high recovery (155%; QC limits = 61%-145%). This compound was not detected in the unspiked portion of this sample, therefore no qualification of the sample data is necessary.
- The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.0% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 30% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Method 524.2 does not discuss QC criteria for minimum response factor, therefore the 0.05 minimum technical criteria from the National Functional Guidelines is

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 5/23/94 (1449-1815)	Trichlorofluoromethane Chloroethane Methylene Chloride Tetrachloroethene Vinyl Chloride	%RSD = 47.5 %RSD = 26.1 RF = 0.003 %RSD = 32.2 %RSD = 36.1 %RSD = 22.8	All Samples
C - 6/27/94 (0846)	Dichlorodifluoromethane Chloroethane Trichlorofluoromethane Methylene Chloride Tetrachloroethene 1,3-Dichloropropane 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	%D = 38.4 RF = 0.002 %D = 46.2 %D = 48.0 %D = 71.9 %D = 30.5 %D = 30.6 %D = 30.6	BR-01, BR-02, BR-03, TB062394
C - 6/28/94 (0958)	Dichlorodifluoromethane Chloroethane Trichlorofluoromethane Methylene Chloride 1,3-Dichloropropane Tetrachloroethene 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane Vinyl Chloride Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dibromoethane Bromoform 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane tert-Butylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene 4-Isopropyltoluene n-Butylbenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene Hexachlorobutadiene Naphthalene	%D = 35.3 RF = 0.004 \%D = 50.4 \%D = 45.0 \%D = 75.3 \%D = 42.4 %D = 42.4 %D = 42.4 RF = 0.04 %D = 32.7 %D = 31.5 %D = 38.1 %D = 33.2 %D = 39.3 %D = 38.0 %D = 45.5 %D = 48.9 %D = 54.6 %D = 45.2	BR-03 MS/MSD

used, with any compounds exhibiting an RF less than 0.05 having all results considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results and "UJ" for non-detects.

Package Summary

# Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.  $\gamma$ 

Signed: Douglas A. Wolf, P.G. 99L Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

# DATA VALIDATION OF SEDIMENT AND SOIL SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. B-103 (3-5)

#### Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-1 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Pesticide/PCB analyses were performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-3. Target Analyte List (TAL) inorganic analyses were performed according to various NYSDEC Superfund Methods. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), the USEPA Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analyses (July 1988) and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

#### <u>Samples</u>

**OUT-09** 

#### OC Samples

R 103 (3.5) OFT 03 A	MW 26D (11 12) MS/MSD MOC SVOC Dect/DCD)
N101 (1-1) 001-024	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}$
B-103 (7-9) OUT-03B	MW-26D (11-13) Spike (Metals)
B-109 (3-5) OUT-03C	MW-26D (11-13) Duplicate (Metals)
B-109 (9-11)	RB052994 (Rinsate Blank)
MW-26D (3-5)	RB053094 (Rinsate Blank)
MW-26D (11-13)	MSB 5/11/94 (VOC)
OUT-01A	MSB 5/6/94 (SVOC)
OUT-01E	MSB3 (Pest/PCB)
OUT-01C	
OUT-04	
OUT-05	
OUT-08	



# **ORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field blank data
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

# **VOLATILES**

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants, concentrations and associated samples. Sample results for methylene chloride (a common laboratory contaminant) less than ten times the associated blank results are negated. Sample results for all other listed analytes less than five times the associated blank result are negated.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK01	None	OUT-03A, OUT-03B, OUT-03C, OUT-05, OUT-08, OUT-09
VBLK02	Methylene Chloride (9J µg/kg) Acetone (15 µg/l)	RB050294, RB050394
VBLK03	Methylene Chloride (6J µg/kg) Acetone (10J µg/kg) Trichloroethene (3J µg/kg)	OUT-01A, OUT-01B, OUT-04, B-103 (3-5), B-103 (7-9), B-109 (9-11)
VBLK04	None	OUT-01C, B-109 (3-5), B-103 (7-9)DL
VBLK05	Methylene Chloride (10J $\mu g/kg$ ) Trichloroethene (3J $\mu g/kg$ ) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (5J $\mu g/kg$ ) Toluene (3J $\mu g/kg$ )	MW-26D (3-5), MW-26D (11-13), MW-26D (11-13) MS/MSD, MSB 5/11/94
RB050294	Methylene Chloride (3BJ $\mu g/\ell$ )	B-103 (3-5), B-103 (7-9), B-109 (3-5), B-109 (9-11), OUT-01A, OUT-01B, OUT-01C, OUT-04
RB040394	Methylene Chloride (2BJ $\mu g/\ell$ )	MW-26D (3-5), MW-26D (11-13), MW-26D (11-13) MS/MSD

- Sample B-103 (7-9) DL (dilution) exhibited internal standard responses for bromochloromethane (5645), 1,4difluorobenzene (20455) and chlorobenzene-d5 (16236) below their respective lower limits of 6764, 28827, and 28807. The dilution analysis was performed due to the presence of 1,1-dichloroethane and 1,1,1-trichloroethane concentrations in the original sample above the analytical linear range. Per the validator's professional judgement all data for this sample should be taken from the initial analysis with the 1,1-dichloroethane and 1,1,1-trichloroethane results considered estimated and flagged "J." The dilution analysis is rejected due to poor instrument response to the internal standards.
- The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration (I) or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration (C) response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a

contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed. All calibrations contained the compound 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane with a response factor less than the 0.500 contractual limit, but greater than the 0.050 technical limit (USEPA Functional Guidelines). No qualification of 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane results is necessary. All other sample results associates with deficient calibration data are considered estimated with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect results flagged "UJ."

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 5/2/94 (11:12-14:25)C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.301	OUT-03A, OUT-03B, OUT-03C, OUT-05, OUT-08, OUT-09
I - 5/7/94 (13:49-17:00)C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.376	RB050294, RB050394, OUT-01A, OUT-01B, OUT-01C, OUT-04, B-103 (3-5), B-103 (7-9), B-103 (7-9) DL, B-109 (3-5), B-109 (9-11), MW-26D (3-5), MW-26D (11-13), MW-26D (11-13), MSB 5/11/94
C - 5/6/94 (16:47)C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.305	OUT-03A, OUT-03B, OUT-03C, OUT-05, OUT-08, OUT-09
C - 5/9/94 (10:08)C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.316	RB050294, RB050394
C - 5/10/94 (08:05)C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.299	OUT-01A, OUT-01B, OUT-04, B-103 (3-5), B-103 (7-9), B-109 (9-11)
C - 5/10/94 (16:37)C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.302	OUT-01C, B-109 (3-5), B-103 (7-9) DL
C - 5/11/94 (08:40)C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Carbon Tetrachloride	RF = 0.278 %D = 28.5	MW-26D (3-5), MW-26D (11-13), MW-26D (11-13) MS/MSD, MSB 5/11/94

• The system monitoring compounds percent recovery for toluene-d8 for samples RB050394 (86%) and B-109 (3-5) (83%) were below the QC limits of 88%-110%. Neither of

these samples were re-analyzed which is a protocol deficiency. All sample results for both samples are considered estimated and positive results are flagged "J;" non-detect results are flagged "UJ."

# SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Aldol condensation products are negated in all samples in which they occur. Pthalates are negated in associated samples if the sample concentration is less than ten times that of the blank. All other compounds are negated if their concentration in the sample is less than five times that of the highest associated blank.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	None	OUT-01A, OUT-01B, OUT-01C, OUT-01A Re, OUT-01B Re, OUT-01C Re, OUT-03A, OUT-03B, OUT-03C, OUT-04, OUT-04 Re, B-103 (3-5), B-103 (7-9), B-103 (7-9) Re, B-109 (3-5), B-109 (9-11), OUT-05, OUT-08, OUT-09
SBLK02	Unknown Siloxane @ 10.49 (8J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown @ 30.26 (5J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown @ 31.22 (6J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown @ 33.02 (6J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown @ 33.89 (4J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Aromatic @ 32.13 (20J $\mu g/\ell$ )	RB050294
SBLK03	Aldol Condensate @ 4.67 (7000AJ $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 5.50 (200J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 6.13 (300J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 6.28 (200J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 6.68 (300J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 7.90 (400J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 8.74 (300J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 8.87 (200J $\mu g/kg$ ) Hydrocarbon @ 6.57 (300J $\mu g/kg$ ) Hydrocarbon @ 6.73 (300J $\mu g/kg$ ) Hydrocarbon @ 6.87 (300J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown @ 7.12 (300J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown @ 8.60 (400J $\mu g/kg$ ) Unknown @ 25.92 (700J $\mu g/kg$ ) Substituted Aromatic @ 7.97 (300J $\mu g/kg$ )	MW-26D (3-5), MW-26D (11-13), MW-26D (11-13) MS/MSD

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK04	Unknown @ 4.34 (4J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 26.81 (2J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 27.86 (4J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 29.88 (3J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 30.83 (2J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 31.74 (10J $\mu g/\ell$ )	RB050394
RB050294	None	OUT-01A, OUT-01B, OUT-01C, B-103 (3-5), B-103 (7-9), B-109 (3-5), B-109 (9-11), OUT-04
RB050394	Isophrone $(3J \ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 4.58 (90J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 4.92 (4J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 5.14 (2J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 5.85 (3J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 14.80 (8J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 15.96 (8J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 16.92 (10J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Substituted Aromatic @ 6.86 (4J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Siloxane @ 10.45 (4BJ $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Aromatic @ 13.73 (10J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Aromatic @ 13.73 (10J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Aromatic @ 17.81 (2J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Aromatic @ 18.76 (4J $\mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Hydrocarbon @ 16.78 (4J $\mu g/\ell)$	MW-26D (3-5), MW-26D (11-13), MW-26D (11-13) MS/MSD

- The MS/MSD (MW-26D (11-13)) exhibited RPD results between spike recoveries for 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (35%) above the QC limit of 23%. This compound was not detected in the unspiked portion of the sample, therefore no qualification of the sample data is necessary.
- The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogate compounds with recoveries outside of their respective QC limits. Note that no sample contained more than one acid fraction or more than one non-advisory base/neutral fraction surrogate outside of QC limits, therefore qualification of the sample data due to surrogate recovery is not required.

Sample	Surrogate	% Recovery	QC Limits
OUT-03B	2-fluorobiphenyl	23	30-115
	phenol-d5	22	24-113
	1,2-dichlorobenzene	17	20-130 (advisory)
B-109 (9-11)	2-fluorobiphenyl	26	30-115
	2,4,6-tribromophenol	18	19-122
B-103 (3-5)	2,4,6-tribromophenol	17	19-122
B-109 (3-5)	2,4,6-tribromophenol	13	19-122
B-103 (7-9)	2-fluorobiphenyl	25	30-115
	2,4,6-tribromophenol	10	19-122
	1,2-dichlorobenzene	19	20-130 (advisory)
OUT-01B	nitrobenzene-d5	17	23-120
	2,4,6-tribromophenol	11	19-122
OUT-04	nitrobenzene-d5	21	23-120
	2,4,6-tribromophenol	14	19-122
B-103 (7-9) Re	2-fluorobiphenyl	26	30-115
	2,4,6-tribromophenol	17	19-122
OUT-01C	2-fluorobiphenyl	25	30-115
OUT-01C Re	2-fluorobiphenyl	23	30-115
	1,2-dichlorobenzene	18	20-130 (advisory)

The following table lists samples that exhibited internal standard with area counts outside of the +100%/-50% QC limits (Note - "A" indicates area count within QC limits and "NA" indicates QC limits not applicable for this internal standard for sample of interest). Samples OUT-09 and B-103 (7-9) should have been re-analyzed, since one or more internal standard was out of control, but were not. This is a protocol deficiency. Sample MW-26D (11-13) was not re-analyzed however since the MS/MSD analyzed on this sample exhibited similar internal standard response, a re-analysis was technically unnecessary. All sample results quantified against an out-of-control internal standard are considered estimated with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect results flagged "UJ."

Sample ID	d10-acenaphthlene	d8-naphthalene	d10-phenanthrene	d12-chrysene	d12-prylene
OUT-09	A	A	A	11091	3883
QC Limit	NA	NA	NA	14791-59162	8370-33478
OUT-04	48215	A	26281	3922	3019
QC Limit	49762-199048	NA	46745-186978	8905-35618	3144-12576
OUT-01A	A	A	32850	3964	A
QC Limit	NA	NA	46745-186978	8905-35618	NA
OUT-01B	A	A	45919	4968	A
QC Limit	NA	NA	46745-186978	8905-35618	NA
B-103 (7-9)	A	A	A	7380	A
QC Limit	NA	NA	NA	8905-35618	NA
OUT-01C	A	A	70494	10761	7442
QC Limit	NA	NA	78834-315336	17421-69684	8969-35874
B-103 (7-9) Re	A	A	68770	14330	A
QC Limit	NA	NA	78834-315336	17241-69684	NA
OUT-01A Re	A	A	56424	11186	8132
QC Limit	NA	NA	78834-315336	17421-69684	8969-3587
OUT-01B Re	A	A	75425	13836	8825
QC Limit	NA	NA	78834-315336	17421-69684	8969-35874
OUT-04 Re	A	A	53152	8708	3838
QC Limit	NA	NA	78834-315336	17421-69684	8969-35874
OUT-01C Re	A	42572	A	9485	A
QC Limit	NA	81595-326378	NA	15567-62266	NA
MW-26D (11-13)	A	A	67679	A	A
QC Limit	NA	NA	71832-287326	NA	NA
MW-26D (11-13) MS QC Limit	A NA	A NA	70247 71832-287326	A NA	A NA
MW-26D (11-13) MSD QC Limit	A NA	A NA	62414 71832-287326	A NA	A NA
MW-26D (3-5)	A	A	40624	A	A
QC Limit	NA	NA	43892-175566	NA	NA

The following table lists compounds that exceeded 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 6/6/94 (19:05-22:28)A	1,2-dichlorobenzene 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether 2-chlorophenol-d4	%RSD = 23.7 %RSD = 28.0 %RSD = 22.3	All Samples
C - 6/8/94 (17:07)A	Phenol Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 4-methyl phenol N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine Phenol-d5 2-fluorophenol	%D = 40.0 %D = 35.2 %D = 35.8 %D = 27.1 %D = 26.3 %D = 28.5	OUT-05, OUT-08, OUT-09
C - 6/9/94 (09:29)A	Phenol Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 2-methylnaphthalene 2-chlorophenol	%D = 28.8 %D = 42.4 %D = 27.0 %D = 27.4	OUT-03A, OUT-03B, OUT-03C
C - 6/10/94 (19:06)A	2-methyl phenol Hexachloroethane Pentachlorophenol Pyrene	%D = 29.1 %D = 42.4 %D = 32.0 %D = 37.7	OUT-01A, OUT-01B, OUT-04, B-109 (3-5), B-109 (9-11), B-103 (3-5), B-103 (7-9), RB050294
C - 6/11/94 (13:01)A	Hexachloroethane Pyrene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	%D = 40.4 %D = 36.9 %D = 35.3	OUT-01C, OUT-01A Re, OUT-01B Re, OUT-04 Re, B-103 (7-9) Re
C - 6/12/94 (10:45)A	Hexachloroethane 4-chloro-3-methyl phenol Acenapthene 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether Pentachlorophenol	%D = 31.2 RF = 0.000 %D = 100% %D = 25.4 %D = 31.3 %D = 27.9	OUT-01C Re, MW-26D (11-13), MW-26D (11-13) MS/MSD, MSB 5/6/94
C - 6/13/94 (11:01)A	Hexachloroethane 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	%D = 34.4 %D = 42.2 %D = 41.3	MW-26D (3-5), RB050394
C - 6/23/94 (08:42)A	Hexachloroethane 2-methylnaphthalene Fluoroanthene Benzo(b)fluoroanthene	%D = 32.0 %D = 33.3 %D = 34.2 %D = 32.4	None

• SBLK04, a method blank prepared in association with RB050394, was analyzed 47 days after the extraction which is a technical and protocol deficiency. Since this blank is not associated with any soil samples, no qualification to sample data is necessary.

## PESTICIDE/PCB

- 4,4 '-DDT exhibited a percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) of 33.9% in the initial calibration on column DB-1701 (QC limit = 20%). This is a protocol deficiency as well as a technical deficiency as up to two compounds are allowed to exceed 20% as long as they have less than 30% RSD. Endosulfan sulfate exhibited 20.8% RSD on the DB 608 column as well. Due to these deficiencies, all 4,4'-DDT and endosulfan sulfate results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."
- The method blank PBLKE6 and the rinsate blank RB050394 were reported to have endrin ketone and methoxychlor, respectively, at concentrations below the reported method detection limits. Therefore, no qualifications to the sample data is made due to these blank contaminants. No other blank contamination was reported.
- Several PEM, INDA, and INDB calibration verification standards exhibit compounds that exceed the 25% RPD QC limit on one or both columns. Positive sample results for these affected compounds are qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ" for associated samples. Associated samples are all those that were analyzed between the last in-control standard and the next in-control standard. The following table lists PEMs, INDA and INDB standards, associated with sample quantification, deficient compounds and RPDs and associated samples.

Standard	Compound	RPD	Associated Samples
INDAM06 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	40.0	All Samples
INDAM06 (DB-1701)	Methoxychlor	26.7	·
INDAM06 (DB-608)	Heptachlor	30.0	
INDAM06 (DB-608)	Endosulfan I	30.0	
INDAM06 (DB-608)	Methoxychlor	26.7	
PEM08 (DB-1701)	4,4 -DDT	46.7	
INDAM08 (DB-1701)	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	50.0	
INDAM08 (DB-1701)	Methoxychlor	26.7	
INDAM08 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	40.0	

Standard	Compound	RPD	Associated Samples
INDAM08 (DB-608)	Heptachlor	46.7	All Samples (continued)
INDAM08 (DB-608)	Endosulfan I	30.0	• · · ·
INDAM08 (DB-608)	Tetrachloro-m-xylene	40.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	delta-BHC	30.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	Aldrin	30.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	Heptachlor epoxide	30.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	4,4'-DDE	27.5	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	Endrin aldehyde	27.5	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	alpha-chlordane	30.0	
PEM10 (DB-1701)	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDT	40.0	
INDAM09 (DB-1701)	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	26.7	
INDAM09 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	30.0	
INDAM09 (DB-608)	Heptachlor	33.3	
INDAM09 (DB-608)	Tetrachloro-m-xylene	30.0	
INDAM08 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	33.3	OUT-03C, B-103 (3-5),
	-		B-103 (7-9), B-109 (3-5),
			B-109 (9-11), OUT-01A,
			OUT-01B, OUT-01C,
			OUT-04, MW-26D (3-5),
			MW-26D (11-13)
INDBM09 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC		None

The following table lists samples in which compounds were detected but quantitated at concentrations differing by more than 25% RPD on the two GC columns. As such, the sample results have been flagged "J." Note that several compounds in several samples exhibited extremely high RPDs and in several cases the compound "peak" fell outside of the retention time window for that compound on the particular GC column. Those results are negated. Also note that it is the professional opinion of the data reviewer that the large RPD values are due, in many instances, to the coincidental occurrence of peaks falling within the retention time window for a given compound on both GC columns. However it is likely that these peaks do not, in fact, represent the actual compound of interest, but rather extraneous peaks occurring within that particular time window. Since this hypothesis cannot be conclusively proved, the results will be reported, but qualified as estimated ("J" flag).

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
MW-26D (11-13)	4,4´-DDD	181.2	
B-109 (3-5)	Dieldrin	296.2	
	4,4´-DDT	38.6	
OUT-01A	delta-BHC	133.3	
	Aldrin	207.4	
	Endosulfan I	281.0	
	Endosulfan II	363.6	
	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDD	38.5	
	Endosulfan sulfate	72.2	
	4,4 °DDT	50.0	
	Ar 1254	49.3	
OUT-01B	delta-BHC	71.9	
	Aldrin	42.9	
OUT-01C	Aldrin	84.4	
	Endosulfan I	320.0	
	Endrin	442.4	
	4,4´-DDD	26.5	
	Endosulfan sulfate	105.3	
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	64.4	
OUT-03A	delta-BHC	935.7	
	Heptachlor	39.1	
	Aldrin	27.8	
	Heptachlor epoxide	122.2	
	Dieldrin	27.3	
	4,4	35.7	
	Endrin	828.6	
	Endosulfan II	750.0	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDD	66.7	
	Endosulfan sulfate	332.1	
	4,4´-DDT	66.7	
	Ar 1254	49.3	
OUT-03B	delta-BHC	87.5	
	Dieldrin	362.7	Negated - RT out
	4,4´-DDE	265.4	-
	Endrin	57.9	Negated - RT out
	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDD	354.5	-
	4,4 <i>1</i> -DDT	270.4	
	Endrin aldehyde	515.4	

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
OUT-03C	Heptachlor	36.2	
	Aldrin	159.3	
	Endosulfan I	605.9	
	Endosulfan II	284.6	
	Endosulfan sulfate	276.5	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDT	95.6	
	Endrin ketone	61.1	
	Endrin aldebyde	475.0	Negated - RT out
	Ar 1254	35.3	-
OUT-04	delta-BHC	420.0	Negated - RT out
	Aldrin	233.3	•
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	27.3	
	Endosulfan II	93.8	
	Endosulfan sulfate	66.7	
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	66.7	
	alpha-chlordane	215.4	
OUT-05	beta-BHC	1766.7	
	delta-BHC	566.7	
	Aldrin	104.5	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	35.0	
	Endosulfan II	38.9	
	Endosulfan sulfate	260.0	
	alpha-chlordane	191.7	
OUT-08	Dieldrin	38.2	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	28.6	
	Endrin	201.9	
	Endosulfan II	158.3	
	4,4	32.7	
	Endosulfan sulfate	146.7	
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	109.5	
	Methoxychlor	112.0	
	gamma-chlordane	58.3	
OUT-09	Aldrin	331.8	
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDD	57.6	
	Endosulfan sulfate	163.6	
RB050394	Methoxychlor	30.0	

The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogates outside of 60%-150% QC limits. Qualification of sample data due to surrogates outside of <u>advisory</u> QC limits is limited to those samples that exhibit a surrogate outside of QC limits on <u>both</u> GC columns. If tetrachlorometaxylene is deficient, pesticide compounds are qualified. If decachlorobiphenyl is deficient, PCB aroclors and toxaphene are qualified. Positive results are flagged "J" and non-

	Surrogate			
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
B-103 (3-5)		13		25
B-109 (3-5)	54	52		-
OUT-03C			51	54
OUT-08			56	
PBLKE5		50		
PBLKE7	59	57		

detects "UJ." (Note that a dash (-) indicates acceptable surrogate recovery.)

## **INORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed:

- Case narrative
- Deliverable requirements
- Holding times
- Calibrations
- Lab blanks
- Field blanks
- ICP interference check sample analysis
- CRDL standard analysis
- Matrix spike analysis
- Lab duplicate sample analysis
- Laboratory control sample results
- ICP serial dilution analysis
- GFAA post-digestion spike results
- Method of standard additions (MSA) results
- Detection limits

The items listed above were technically acceptable and in compliance with NYSDEC ASP and USEPA CLP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly.

• Laboratory spike sample recoveries (MW-26D (11-13)) for arsenic (0.0%), lead by GFAA 961.3%), lead by ICP (140.9%), mercury (30.0%), silver (41.2%), and thallium

(128.1%) were outside of 75%-125% QC limits. The lead ICP post-digestion spike recovery (139.2%) was outside of these QC limits. Positive results for all of these metals are considered estimated and are flagged "J." Non-detect results for lead by GFAA, mercury and silver are considered estimated and are flagged "UJ." Non-detect results for arsenic are rejected.

- The laboratory duplicate exhibited RPDs greater than 35% or absolute difference (a.d.) greater than ±2 times CRDL (USEPA Functional Guidelines) for arsenic (RPD = 48.2%) and lead (a.d. = 2.9488 mg/kg; ±2 times CRDL = 1.46). All results for these two metal are considered estimated with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects flagged "UJ."
- Note that the method used for cyanide analysis did not conform to the QC requirements of the ASP Superfund level in terms of not having a daily calibration curve or running calibration verification standards at the correct frequency (one every ten samples or two hours, whichever is more frequent).
- The method spike for cyanide exhibited a percent recovery (18%) outside the 75%-125% QC limits. All cyanide results are considered estimated with positive results flagged "J" and non-detect results flagged "UJ."
- Cyanide continuing calibration verification standard number 4 (CCV4) recovery (117%) exceeded the 115% upper QC limit. All positive cyanide results associated with this continuing calibration standard (OUT-09, 3.7 mg/kg) are considered estimated and are flagged "J."
- The CRDL standards for arsenic (78.2%; initial), nickel (121.2%; initial), cadmium (121.4%; final) and thallium (125.0%; final) were slightly outside the USEPA Region II QC guidelines of 80%-120%. Although the ASP and the USEPA Functional Guidelines do not address CRDL standard recoveries, it is the professional judgement of the data reviewer that recovery outside of the USEPA Region II QC limits may indicate biased sample results at concentrations near the CRDL. Therefore all results for arsenic and all positive results for nickel, cadmium and

thallium are considered estimated and are flagged accordingly.

Note that several metals in several samples analyzed by GFAA have a "W" qualifier on the sample data sheet. This indicates that the GFAA post-digestive spike recovery was outside of 85%115% QC limits, and the sample results were less than 50% of the spike added. If the spike recovery is less than 85%, then both positive results and non-detects are considered estimated and flagged "J" or "UJ," respectively. If the recovery is greater than 115%, only positive values are flagged. The following table presents samples which had spike recoveries outside of QC limits for one or more GFAA metal.

Sample	Metal	% Recovery	Sample	Metal	% Recovery
MW-26D (11-13)	arsenic	446.3	OUT-03C	selenium	68.6
OUT-01C	lead	69.9	OUT-04	selenium	61.8
B-103 (3-5)	lead selenium thallium	24.3 124.0 58.1	OUT-05	selenium thallium	68.1 83.2
OUT-01A	selenium	79.8	OUT-08	selenium	62.5
OUT-03A	selenium	77.0	B-109 (3-5)	selenium	125.0
OUT-03B	thallium	77.9			

- RB050294 contained 50.3  $\mu g/\ell$  lead and RB050394 contained 19.0  $\mu g/\ell$  lead. Concentrations of lead in the associated field samples less than five times the concentrations in the rinsate blank are negated (concentrations comparisons are made from the raw GFAA data).
- The laboratory control sample exhibited 0.0% recovery for sodium which is outside the QC range of 250 mg/kg to 750 mg/kg. All positive sample results for sodium are considered estimated and are flagged "J." All non-detect sodium results are rejected and are flagged "R."

# Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.

Signed: <u>C. Brett Mongillo</u> C. Brett Mongillo 

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 27, 1994

# DATA VALIDATION OF SEDIMENT AND SOIL SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. B-108(3-5)

### Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-1 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Pesticide/PCB analyses were performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-3. Target Analyte List (TAL) inorganic analyses were performed according to various NYSDEC Superfund Methods. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), the USEPA Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analyses (July 1988) and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

<u>Samples</u>

#### **OC** Samples

B-108 (3-5)	OUT-06 MS/MSD (VOC, SVOC, Pest/PCB)
B-108 (7-9)	OUT-06 Spike and Duplicate (Metals)
B-110 (3-5)	DUPE-02 (B-110 (7-9) Duplicate)
B-110 (7-9)	DUPE-03 (B-127 (2-4) Duplicate, TPH)
B-115 (2-3)	DUPE-04 (OUT-07 Duplicate)
B-115 (5-6)	RB042894 (Rinsate Blank)
B-126 (3-5)	RB042994 (Rinsate Blank)
B-127 (2-4)	TB042994 (Trip Blank, VOC)
B-128 (1-3)	MSB 5/11/94 (VOC)
OUT-02A	MSB 5/6/94 (SVOC)
OUT-02B	MSB3 (Pest/PCB)
OUT-02C	
OUT-02D	
OUT-06	
OUT-07	



# **ORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field blank data
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

# **VOLATILES**

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Sample results for methylene chloride (a common laboratory contaminant) less than ten times the associated blank results are negated. Sample results for all other listed analytes less than five times the associated blank result are negated.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK01	Methylene Chloride (3J $\mu$ g/kg)	B-115 (5-6), B-110 (3-5)
VBLK02	Methylene Chloride (8J $\mu$ g/kg) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (5J $\mu$ g/kg)	B-115 (2-3), B-108 (3-5), B-110 (7-9), B-115 (5-6) Re, B-110 (3-5) Re
VBLK03	Methylene Chloride (9J µg/kg) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (4J µg/kg)	DUPE-02, B-108 (7-9), OUT-02A, OUT-02B, OUT-02C, OUT-02D
VBLK04	None	OUT-06 MS/MSD, MSB
VBLK05	Methylene Chloride (7J $\mu g/kg$ )	OUT-07, OUT-06
VBLK06	Methylene Chloride (9J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Acetone (15 $\mu g/\ell$ )	RB042994, TB042994
VBLK07	Methylene Chloride (18 $\mu g/\ell$ )	RB042894
RB042894	Methylene Chloride (19B $\mu g/\ell$ )	B-110 (3-5), B-110 (7-9), B-115 (2-3), B-115 (5-6), DUPE-02
RB042994	Methylene Chloride (8BJ $\mu g/\ell$ )	B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9), OUT-2A, OUT-2B, OUT-2C, OUT-2D, OUT-04, OUT-06, OUT-07, OUT-08, DUPE-04
TB042994	Methylene Chloride (8BJ $\mu g/\ell$ )	B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9), OUT-2A, OUT-2B, OUT-2C, OUT-2D, OUT-04, OUT-06, OUT-07, OUT-08, DUPE-04

- Sample B-115 (3-5) exhibited system monitoring compound (SMC) recovery for toluene-d8 (83%) below the QC limit of 84% to 138%. Per USEPA validation guidelines, all analytical results for this sample are considered estimated and are flagged "J."
- Samples B-110 (3-5) and B-115 (5-6) exhibited internal standard area counts below the QC limits for bromochloromethane, 1,4-difluorobenzene and chlorobenzene-d5. Per the ASP, the samples were reanalyzed within the appropriate holding time. Sample B-110 (3-5) Re again exhibited low internal standard response for all three compounds. B-115 (5-6) Re exhibited low internal standard response for 1,4-difluorobenzene and chlorobenzene-d5. Data reported for sample B-110 (3-5) should be taken from the initial analysis, and results for sample B-115 (5-6) should be taken from the re-analysis. All results quantitated against an out-of-control internal standard are considered estimated and are flagged "J."

The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration (I) or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration (C) response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. None of the listed compounds were detected in the associated samples, therefore all non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed. All calibrations contained the compound 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane with a response factor less than the 0.500 contractual limit, but greater than the 0.050 technical limit (USEPA Functional Guidelines). No qualification of 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane results is necessary.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 5/2/94 (11:12-14:25)/C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.301	B-115 (5-6), B-110 (3-5), B-110 (3-5)Re, B-115 (5-6)Re, B-115 (2-3), B-110 (7-9), B-108 (3-5), DUPE-02, B-108 (7-9), OUT-02A, OUT-02B, OUT-02C, OUT-02D, OUT-06 MS/MSD
I - 5/3/94 (01:53-05:26)/D	Bromomethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%RSD = 32.4 RF = 0.327	RB042894
I - 5/7/94 (13:49-17:00)/C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.376	OUT-07, OUT-06, TB042994, RB042994
C - 5/3/94 (14:54)/C	Cis-1,3-dichloropropane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%D = 25.3 RF = 0.350	B-115 (5-6), B-110 (3-5)
C - 5/4/94 (11:17)/C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.314	B-110 (3-5)Re, B-115 (5-6)Re, B-115 (2-3), B-110 (7-9), B-108 (3-5)
C - 5/5/94 (07:50)/C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.293	DUPE-02, B-108 (7-9), OUT-2A, OUT-2B, OUT-2C, OUT-2D
C - 5/6/94 (16:47)/C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.305	OUT-06 MS/MSD, MSB
C - 5/7/94 (10:40)/C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,1-dichloroethane	RF = 0.316 %D = 30.2	OUT-06, OUT-07

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
C - 5/9/94 (10:08)/C	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.316	RB042994, TB042994
C - 5/5/94 (16:22)/D	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.349	RB042894

## SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Aldol condensation products are negated in all samples in which they occur. Pthalates are negated in associated samples if the sample concentration is less than ten times that of the blank. All other compounds are negated if their concentration in the sample is less than five times that of the highest associated blank. Note that the large number of TICs present in SBLK01 blank did not interfere with the ability to recover and identify compounds in RB042894.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	Butylbenzylphthalate $(1.J \mu g/\ell)$ Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate $(2J \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Phthalate $(23.14 (2J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown Alkane $(27.92 (4J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown Alkane $(29.94 (6J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown Alkane $(29.94 (7J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown $(29.94 (7J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown $(29.94 (7J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown $(29.94 (7J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown $(29.94 (7J \mu g/\ell))$ Unknown Siloxane $(29.94 (7J \mu g/\ell))$	RB042894
SBLK02	Aldol Condensate @ 4.92 (7000JA $\mu$ g/kg) Aldol Condensate @ 4.96 (70JA $\mu$ g/kg) Unknown @ 32.75 (70J $\mu$ g/kg)	B-115 (5-6), B-115 (2-3), B-110 (3-5), DUPE-02, B-110 (7-9), DUPE-02Re
SBLK03	None	OUT-02A, OUT-02B, OUT-02C, OUT-2D, OUT-06, OUT-07, B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9), DUPE-04, OUT-06 MS/MSD, MSB
SBLK04	Unknown Siloxane @ 10.49 (4J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 30.26 (5J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 31.22 (6J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 33.02 (6J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 33.89 (4J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Aromatic @ 32.13 (20J $\mu g/\ell$ )	RB042994
Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
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RB042894	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalates $(3BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 5.55 $(2J \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 28.84 $(2J \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Alkane @ 28.94 $(2BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Alkane @ 29.92 $(4BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Alkane @ 30.88 $(4BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Alkane @ 31.80 $(6BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown Alkane @ 32.69 $(6BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 31.94 $(30BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 32.15 $(7BJ \mu g/\ell)$ Unknown @ 37.81 $(3J \mu g/\ell)$	B-115 (2-3), B-115 (5-6), B-110 (3-5), B-110 (7-9), DUPE-02
RB042994	Unknown Siloxane @ 21.63 (3J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Siloxane @ 23.62 (2J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Siloxane @ 27.11 (3J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Siloxane @ 28.63 (2J $\mu g/\ell$ )	B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9), OUT-2A, OUT-2B, OUT-2C, OUT-2D, OUT-04, OUT-06, OUT-07, OUT-08

• The matrix spike sample (OUT-06) was not spiked with any of the required acid extractable compounds, which is a protocol deficiency. All MS and MSD spike recoveries and relative percent differences (RPD) were acceptable for those compounds present. No qualification to the data is made based on the missing spiking compounds.

• The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogate compounds with recoveries outside of their respective QC limits. Note that no sample contained more than one acid fraction or more than one non-advisory base/neutral fraction surrogate outside of QC limits, therefore qualification of the sample data due to surrogate recovery is not required.

Sample	Surrogate	% Recovery	QC Limits
RB02994	2-fluorobiphenyl	42	(43-116)
B-108 (3-5)	2-fluorobiphenyl	29	(30-115)
B-108 (7-9)	2-fluorobiphenyl 1,2-dichlorobenzene-d4	22 15	(30-115) (20-130)
OUT-02A	2-fluorobiphenyl	29	(30-115)
OUT-02C	2-fluorobiphenyl	26	(30-115)
OUT-02D	2-fluorobiphenyl	25	(30-115)

• Sample DUPE-02 exhibited internal standard responses for d-12-chrysene (16320) and d-12-perylene (8550) below their respective lower QC limits of 25174 and 9466. Sample

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OUT-06 exhibited internal standard response for d-12-chrysene (12614) below the lower QC limit of 16041. Sample DUPE-02 was re-analyzed and again exhibited low internal standard response for d-12-chrysene and d-12-perylene. Sample OUT-06 was not re-analyzed which is a protocol deficiency. All sample results quantitated against internal standards with low instrument responses are considered estimated and flagged "J."

• The following table lists compounds that exceeded 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 6/6/94 (1905-22:28)A	1,2-dichlorobenzene 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether 2-chlorophenol-d4	%RSD = 23.7 %RSD = 28.0 %RSD = 22.3	MSB 5/3/94, OUT-06, OUT-06 MS/MSD, DUPE-02Re, OUT-07, DUPE-04, B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9), OUT-02A, OUT-02B, OUT-02C, OUT-02D, RB042994, B-115 (5-6), B-115 (2-3), B-110 (3-5), DUPE-02, B-110 (7-9)
I - 5/28/94 (17:39-20:53)B	None	None	RB042894
C - 6/1/94 (12:08)B	2,4,5-trichlorophenol	%D = 41.7	RB042894
C - 6/8/94 (09:10)A	phenol bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate N-nitrso-di-n-propylamine phenol-d5	%D = 40.2 %D = 33.1 %D = 28.2 %D = 33.4	B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9), OUT-02C, OUT-02A, OUT-02B, OUT-02D
C - 6/8/94 (17:07)A	phenol bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 4-methyl phenol N-nitrso-di-n-propylamine phenol-d5 2-fluorophenol	%D = 40.0 %D = 35.2 %D = 35.8 %D = 27.1 %D = 26.3 %D = 28.5	OUT-07, DUPE-04

C - 6/9/94 (09:29)A	phenol bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 2-methyl naphthalene 2-chlorophenol	%D = 28.8 %D = 42.4 %D = 27.0 %D - 27.4	OUT-06, OUT-06 MS/MSD, DUPE-02 Re
C - 6/10/94 (19:06)A	2-methyl phenol hexachloroethane pentachlorophenol pyrene	%D = 29.1 %D = 42.4 %D = 32.0 %D = 37.7	MSB 5/3/94

### PESTICIDE/PCB

- 4,4 '-DDT exhibited a percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) of 33.9% in the internal calibration on column DB-1701 (QC limit = 20%). This is a protocol deficiency as well as a technical deficiency as up to two compounds are allowed to exceed 20% as long as they have less than 30% RSD. Due to this deficiency, all 4,4 '-DDT results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ." Endosulfan sulfate exhibited a %RSD on column DB-608 of 20.8%. Due to this technical deficiency, all endosulfan sulfate results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects flagged "UJ."
- The method blank PBLKE6 was reported to have  $0.003J \ \mu g/\ell$  of endrin ketone, however this result is below the reported  $0.009 \ \mu g/\ell$  method detection limit and is therefore negated. All other method and instrument blank results were non-detect.
- Several PEM, INDA, and INDB calibration verification standards exhibit compounds that exceed the 25% RPD QC limit on one or both columns. Positive sample results for these affected compounds are qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ" for associated samples. Associated samples are all those that were analyzed between the last in-control standard and the next in-control standard. The following table lists PEMs, INDA and INDB standards, deficient compounds and RPDs and associated samples.

Standard	Compound	RPD	Associated Samples
PEM06 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	46.7	All Samples
PEM07 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	46.7	-
PEM07 (DB-1701)	methoxychlor	28.0	
PEM06 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	33.3	
PEM06 (DB-608)	endrin	32.0	
PEM06 (DB-608)	4,4´-DDT	33.2	
PEM06 (DB-608)	methoxychlor	36.0	
PEM07 (DB-608)	4,4´-DDT	28.0	
INDAM04 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	33.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	30.0	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	endrin	33.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDT	33.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	methoxychlor	30.0	
INDAM06 (DB-1701)	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDT	40.0	
INDAM06 (DB-1701)	methoxychlor	26.7	
INDBM06 (DB-608)	methoxychlor	26.7	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	40.0	RB042894, RB042994,
INDAM04 (DB-608)	heptachlor	53.3	B-115 (5-6), B-115 (2-3),
INDAM04 (DB-608)	endosulfan I	40.0	B-110 (3-5), B-110 (7-9),
INDAM04 (DB-608)	dieldrin	30.0	DUPE-02
INDAM04 (DB-608)	4,4´-DDD	26.7	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	tetrachloro-m-xylene	33.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	decachlorobiphenyl	33.3	
INDBM04 (DB-608)	endrin ketone	25.0	
INDBM04 (DB-608)	endrin ketone	27.5	
INDBM04 (DB-608)	decachlorobiphenyl	40.0	
INDBM06 (DB-608)	heptachlor	30.0	B-108 (3-5), B-108 (7-9),
			OUT-02A, OUT-02B, OUT-
			02C, OUT-02D, OUT-06,
			OUT-07, DUPE-04,
			OUT-06 MS/MSD, MSB2

• The following table lists samples in which compounds were detected but quantitated at concentrations differing by more than 25% RPD on the two GC columns. As such, the sample results have been flagged "J." Note that several compounds in several samples exhibited extremely high RPDs and in several cases the compound "peak" fell outside of the retention time window for that compound on the particular GC column. Those results are negated. Also note that it is the professional opinion of the data reviewer that the large RPD values are due, in many instances, to the coincidental occurrence of peaks falling within the retention time window for a given compound on both GC columns. However it is likely that these peaks do not, in fact, represent the actual compound of interest, but rather extraneous peaks occurring within that particular time

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
B-108 (3-5)	delta-BHC	334.8	
	alpha-chlordane	206.5	
B-108 (7-9)	delta-BHC	115.4	Negated - RT out
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	869.7	0
B-110 (7-9)	delta-BHC	93.0	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	35.7	
B-115 (2-3)	dieldrin	83. <b>3</b>	
	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDD	47.4	
	4,4´-DDT	45.5	
	gamma-chlordane	60.0	
DUPE-02	dieldrin	368.1	
	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	35.7	
	alpha-chlordane	116.9	
DUPE-04	aldrin	167.6	
	endosulfan II	100.0	
OUT-02A	alpha-BHC	78.9	
	beta-BHC	746.2	Negated - RT out
	delta-BHC	30.8	
	4,4´-DDD	37.0	
	Ar 1254	66.7	
OUT-02B	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDD	26.6	
	endosulfan sulfate	479.5	
OUT-02C	beta-BHC	3650.0	Negated - RT out
	delta-BHC	237.5	Negated - RT out
	endosulfan II	880. <b>0</b>	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDD	36.4	
	endosulfan sulfate	150.0	
	methoxychlor	103.3	
OUT-02D	4,4 <i>°</i> -DDD	78.2	
	endosulfan sulfate	633.2	
OUT-06	endosulfan I	169.2	
	dieldrin	56.9	
	4,4'-DDE	50.0	
	4,4 -DDD	157.1	
	endosultan sultate	136.0	
	gamma-chiordane	10/.0	
OUT-07	delta-BHC	53.3	
	aldrin	211.1	Negated - RT out
	endosulfan I	100.0	
	endosulfan II	33.3	
	endosulfan sulfate	26.4	

window. Since this hypothesis cannot be conclusively proved, the results will be reported, but qualified as estimated ("J" flag).

• The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogates outside of 60%-150% QC limits. Qualification of sample data due to surrogates outside of <u>advisory</u> QC limits is limited to those samples that exhibit a surrogate outside of QC limits on <u>both</u> GC columns. If tetrachlorometaxylene is deficient, pesticide compounds are qualified. If decachlorobiphenyl is deficient, PCB aroclors and toxaphene are qualified. Positive results are flagged "J" and nondetects "UJ." (Note that a dash (-) indicates acceptable surrogate recovery.)

		Surro	ogate	
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
B-108 (3-5)		11		23
B-108 (7-9)		44		
B-110 (3-5)			44	
DUPE-02	52	53		
DUPE-04			46	47
OUT-02A		36		48
OUT-02C	56	50		
OUT-06			51	66
OUT-06 MS			46	47
OUT-06 MSD	-			54
PBLKE2	55	45		
MSB2				173

# INORGANICS

The following items/criteria were reviewed:

- Case narrative
- Deliverable requirements
- Holding times
- Calibrations
- Lab blanks
- Field blanks
- ICP interference check sample analysis
- CRDL standard analysis
- Matrix spike analysis
- Lab duplicate sample analysis
- Laboratory control sample results
- ICP serial dilution analysis
- GFAA post-digestion spike results
- Method of standard additions (MSA) results
- Detection limits

The items listed above were technically acceptable and in compliance with NYSDEC ASP and USEPA CLP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly.

- Matrix spike (OUT-06) recoveries for cadmium (133.0%), mercury (39.5%), and silver (61.6%) were outside of the 75%-125% QC limits. Post-digestion spike recovery for cadmium (141.5%) was also outside of the QC limits. All positive results for these analytes are considered estimated and flagged "J." Non-detect results for mercury and sodium are considered estimated and are flagged "UJ."
- The laboratory duplicate analysis of OUT-06 exhibited 23.3% relative percent difference between chromium results, which is over the 20% QC limit for aqueous samples. As such, the laboratory flagged chromium results with an asterisk indicating the QC deficiency. However, OUT-06 is a soil sample which has a RPD QC limit of 35% (USEPA Functional Guidelines), therefore no flags should have been used.
- Note that the method used for cyanide analysis did not conform to the QC requirements of the ASP Superfund level in terms of not having a daily calibration curve or running

calibration verification standards at the correct frequency (one every ten samples or two hours, whichever is more frequent).

- The initial selenium (124.0%) and final cadmium (122.2%) CRDL standards exhibited recoveries that are slightly high. Although the ASP and the USEPA Functional Guidelines do not address CRDL standard recoveries, it is the professional judgement of the data reviewer that recovery greater than 120% (USEPA Region II upper QC limit) may indicate potential high bias in positive sample results at concentrations near the CRDL. Therefore positive sample concentrations of these metals should be considered estimated and flagged "J."
- Note that several metals in several samples analyzed by GFAA have a "W" qualifier on the sample data sheet. This indicates that the GFAA post-digestive spike recovery was outside of 85%115% QC limits, and the sample results were less than 50% of the spike added. If the spike recovery is less than 85%, then both positive results and non-detects are considered estimated and flagged "J" or "UJ," respectively. If the recovery is greater than 115%, only positive values are flagged. The following table presents samples which had spike recoveries outside of QC limits for one or more GFAA metal.

Sample	Metal	% Recovery	Sample	Metal	% Recovery
B-108 (3-5)	selenium	67.1	OUT-02A	lead selenium	73.2 58.7
B-108 (7-9)	lead selenium	73.0 60.0	OUT-02B	lead selenium	77.1 41.9
B-110 (3-5)	arsenic selenium	82.5 65.4	OUT-02C	lead selenium thallium	73.3 56.7 78.8
B-110 (7-9)	lead selenium	70.5 51.5	OUT-02D	lead selenium thallium	72.8 71.7 84.5
B-115 (2-3)	selenium	63.5	OUT-07	selenium	79.3
DUPE-02	lead selenium	76.0 117.3	RB042994	selenium	77.9
DUPE-04	lead selenium	68.5 79.3	B-115 (5-6)	lead selenium	67.8 52.5

#### Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.

Signed: C. Brett Mongelle C. Brett Mongillo

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_\_26\_ 1994

## DATA VALIDATION OF SEDIMENT AND SOIL SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. B-114 (5-7)

#### Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-1 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Pesticide/PCB analyses were performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-3. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

#### Samples

**OC** Samples

B-114 (5-7)	B-133 (5-7)	DUPE-05 (B-130 (3-5) Field Duplicate)
B-114 (7-9)	B-134 (1-3)	DUPE-09 (B-133 (5-7) Field Duplicate)
B-130 (3-5)	B-134 (7-9)	B-136 (1-3) MS/MSD (VOC)
B-130 (9-11	) B-135 (1-3)	B-134 (7-9) MS/MSD (SVOC, Pest/PCB)
B-131 (3-5)	B-135 (7-9)	RB050494 (VOC only)
B-131 (3-5)	B-136 (1-3)	RB050994
B-133 (1-3)	B-136 (7-9)	RB051094
		MSB 5/17/94 (VOC)
		MSB 6/16/94 (SVOC)
		PMSB4 (Pest/PCB)



## ORGANICS

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field blank data
- Field duplicate results
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

# **VOLATILES**

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Based on the observed concentrations of methylene chloride in these blanks, the observed concentration of this compound in associated field samples is negated (all less than ten times the concentration in the highest associated blank). For blank contaminants other than methylene chloride or acetone, an action level of five times the highest associated blank concentration is used.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK01	Methylene Chloride (9J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Acetone (15)	RB050494
VBLK02	Methylene Chloride (8J µg/kg) Chloroform (3J) Trichloroethene (2J)	B-114 (5-7), B-114 (7-9), B-130 (3-5), B-130 (9-11), B-131 (3-5)
VBLK03	Trichloroethene (3J $\mu g/kg$ )	B-131 (7-9), DUPE-05
VBLK04	Methylene Chloride (12 $\mu$ g/kg)	B-133 (1-3), B-134 (1-3), B-135 (1-3), B-136 (7-9)
VBLK05	None	RB050994, RB051094
VBLK06	Methylene Chloride (6J µg/kg) Chloroform (3J) Trichloroethene (2J)	B-134 (7-9), B-135 (7-9), DUPE-09, B-133 (1-3), B-136 (1-3) MS/MSD, MSB 5/17/94
RB050494	Methylene Chloride (8J $\mu g/l$ )	B-114 (5-7), B-114 (7-9), B-130 (3-5), B-130 (9-11), B-131 (3-5), B-131 (7-9), DUPE-05
RB050994	None	B-133 (5-7), B-134 (7-9), B-135 (7-9), DUPE-09
RB051094	Methylene Chloride (8J $\mu g/\ell$ )	B-133 (1-3), B-134 (1-3), B-135 (1-3), B-136 (1-3), B-136 (7-9)

The initial calibration from 5/3/94 (0153-0526) on instrument D, associated with RB050994 and RB051094, exhibited bromomethane with 32.4% relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors, in exceedance of the 20.5% QC limit. Bromomethane was not detected in these rinsate blanks, therefore the non-detect bromomethane results in these blanks are flagged "UJ." All calibrations contained the compound 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane with a response factor less than the 0.500 contractual limit, but greater than the 0.050 technical limit (USEPA Functional Guidelines). No qualification of 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane results is necessary.

### SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Aldol condensation products are negated in all samples in which they occur. Pthalates are negated in associated samples if the sample concentrations is less than ten times that of the blank. All

other compounds are negated if their concentration in the sample is less than five times that of the highest associated blank.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	Aldol Condensate @ 4.52 (10000JA µg/kg) Unknown Siloxane/Column bleed @ 10.28 (70J)	B-133 (5-7), B-134 (7-9), B-135 (7-9), DUPE-09, B-133 (5-7)Re, DUPE-09 Re
SBLK02	Aldol Condensate @ 4.51 (10000JA $\mu$ g/kg)	B-135 (1-3), B-136 (7-9), B-134 (1-3), B-136 (1-3), B-136 (1-3)Re, B-134 (7-9) MS/MSD, MSB 6/16/94
SBLK03	None	RB050994, RB051094
SBLK04	Unknown Alkane @ 25.59 (500J $\mu$ g/kg) Unknown Alkane @ 25.69 (70J) Unknown Alkane @ 26.89 (100J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.87 (100J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.90 (70J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.85 (70J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.77 (70J) Unknown @ 27.78 (200J)	B-133 (1-3)
RB050994	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (0.7J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown @ 5.04 (2J) Unknown @ 31.82 (4J) Unknown @ 32.21 (2J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.99 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.05 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.86 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.76 (3J) Unknown Alkane @ 33.62 (2J) Unknown Siloxane/Column bleed @ 10.26 (5J)	B-133 (5-7), B-134 (7-9), B-135 (7-9), DUPE-09
RB051094	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (2J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown @ 33.55 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.93 (2J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.87 (2J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.78 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.67 (5J)	B-133 (1-3), B-134 (1-3), B-135 (1-3), B-136 (1-3), B-136 (7-9)

 B-134 (7-9) MS/MSD exhibited several compounds with spike recoveries and/or RPD results outside of QC limits. None of the matrix spiking compounds were detected in the unspiked portion of this sample, therefore qualification of compound non-detect results was not performed. The majority of the noted MS/MSD deficiencies were due to poor spike recoveries in the MSD, an analysis that also exhibited poor surrogate spike recoveries, and likely represent an analytical problem with the MSD analysis rather than the sample.

The following table lists samples that exhibited internal standards with area counts outside of the +100%/-50% OC limits. Based on these results, as well as other OC criteria (surrogate recovery, compound concentrations, etc.), the initial analysis of DUPE-09 and the re-analyses of B-133 (5-7) and B-136 (1-3) should be used, with all compounds quantitated against the affected internal standards considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results and "UJ" for non-detects. (Note - A indicates area count within QC limits and N/A indicates QC limits not applicable for this internal standard for sample of interest.) Note that the laboratory analyzed B-133 (1-3) as an extra MS/MSD and, although they did not report the results in the data package, they present the RICs and quant reports following the package case narrative. B-135 (7-9) was not re-analyzed, resulting in a protocol deficiency.

	Internal Standards					
Sample	1,4-DCB-d4	Nap-d8	Acenap-d10	Phen-d10	Chry-d12	Peryl-d12
B-133 (5-7)	12915	39615	29129	А	А	A
B-134 (7-9)	13386	Α	Α	А	А	А
B-135 (7-9)	Α	41619	А	А	А	Α
DUPE-09	12417	41710	27461	А	А	А
QC Limits	13613-54450	46327-185306	30893-123570	N/A	N/A	N/A
B-133 (5-7)Re	Α	А	30067	A	A	A
DUPE-09Re	Α	Α	26929	А	21971	А
QC Limits	N/A	N/A	32767-131068	N/A	22419-89676	N/A
B-136 (1-3)	Α	Α	18412	29226	2620	3716
B-136 (1-3)Re	Α	Α	1 <b>92</b> 17	28978	4450	3216
B-133 (1-3)	Α	Α	21022	30364	9946	Α
QC Limits	N/A	N/A	21885-87450	47990-191960	10128-40510	4485-17938

The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 25% percent

difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 6/6/94 (1905-2228)/A	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	%RSD = 23.7	All Samples
C - 6/16/94 (1348)/A	Hexachloroethane 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Pentachlorophenol	%D = 33.2 %D = 51.5 %D = 31.1	B-133 (5-7), B-134 (7-9), B-135 (7-9), DUPE-09
C - 6/17/94 (1105)/A	Hexachloroethane 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene	%D = 37.2 %D = 62.3 %D = 40.9	B-133 (5-7)Re, DUPE-09 Re, RB050994, B-134 (7-9) MS/MSD
C - 6/18/94	Hexachloroethane 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Pyrene	%D = 37.2 %D = 60.4 %D = 35.4	B-135 (1-3), B-136 (7-9), RB051094, B-134 (1-3), B-136 (1-3), B-136 (1-3)Re, B-133 (1-3)

The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogate compounds with recoveries outside of their respective QC limits. Note that no sample (other then the MSD) contained more than one acid fraction or more than one non-advisory base/neutral fraction surrogate outside of QC limits, therefore qualification of the sample data due to surrogate recovery is not required.

Sample	Surrogate	% Recovery	QC Limits
DUPE-09Re	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	0	19-122
B-136 (1-3)	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	13	19-122
B-136 (1-3)Re	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	12	19-122
B-136 (7-9)	1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4	12	20-130 (advisory)
B-134 (7-9)MSD	Nitrobenzene-d5	13	23-120
	2-Fluorobiphenyl	19	30-115
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4	14	20-130 (advisory)

### PESTICIDE/PCB

- 4,4'-DDT exhibited a percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) of 33.9% in the initial calibration on column DB-1701 (QC limit = 20%). This is a protocol deficiency in addition to a technical deficiency as up to two compounds are allowed to exceed 20% as long as they are less than 30% RSD. Due to this deficiency, all 4,4'-DDT results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."
- Several PEM, INDA, and INDB calibration verification standards exhibit compounds that exceed the 25% RPD QC limit on one or both columns. Positive sample results for these affected compounds are qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ" for associated samples. Associated samples are all those that were analyzed between the last in-control standard and the next in-control standard. The following table lists PEMs, INDA and INDB standards, deficient compounds and RPDs and associated samples.

Standard	Compound	RPD	Associated Samples
PEM10 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	40.0	All Samples
PEM11 (DB-1701)	4,4 <i>`-</i> DDT	40.0	All Samples
PEM11 (DB-608)	4,4'-DDT	33.3	•
PEM11 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	33.3	
PEM11 (DB-608)	Methoxychlor	28.0	
PEM11 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	33.3	
INDAM08 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	50.0	All Samples
INDAM08 (DB-1701)	Methoxychlor	26.7	
INDAM08 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	40.0	
INDAM08 (DB-608)	Heptachlor	46.7	
INDAM08 (DB-608)	Endosulfan I	30.0	
INDAM08 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	33.3	
INDAM08 (DB-608)	TCMX (surrogate)	40.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	delta-BHC	30.0	All Samples
INDBM08 (DB-608)	Aldrin	30.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	Heptachlor Epoxide	30.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	4,4´-DDE	27.5	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	gamma-chlordane	30.0	
INDBM08 (DB-608)	Endrin Aldehyde	27.5	
INDAM10 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	33.3	All Samples
INDAM10 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	33.3	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	40.0	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	Heptachlor	46.7	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	Endosulfan I	33.3	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	Dieldrin	26.7	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	Endrin	26.7	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	4,4´-DDT	30.0	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	Methoxychlor	26.7	
INDAM10 (DB-608)	TCMX (surrogate)	40.0	
INDBM10 (DB-608)	delta-BHC	30.0	All Samples
INDBM10 (DB-608)	Aldrin	30.0	
INDBM10 (DB-608)	4,4´-DDE	27.5	
INDBM10 (DB-608)	Endrin Aldehyde	30.0	
INDBM10 (DB-608)	beta-BHC	30.0	
INDBM10 (DB-608)	TCMX (surrogate)	35.0	

• The following table lists samples in which compounds were detected but quantitated at concentrations differing by more than 25% RPD on the two GC columns. As such, the sample results have been flagged "J." Note that several compounds in several samples exhibited extremely high RPDs and in several cases the compound "peak" fell outside of the retention time window for that compound on the particular GC column. Those results are negated. Also note

that is the professional opinion of the data reviewer that the large RPD values are due, in many instances, to the coincidental occurrence of peaks falling within the retention time window for a given compound on both GC columns. However it is likely that these peaks do not, in fact, represent the actual compound of interest, but rather extraneous peaks occurring within that particular time window. Since this hypothesis cannot be conclusively proved, the results will be reported, but qualified as estimated ("J" flag).

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
B-133 (5-7)	Endosulfan Sulfate	19.2	Negated - RT out
B-135 (7-9)	beta-BHC	757.1	

• The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogates outside of 60%-150% QC limits. Qualification of sample data due to surrogates outside of <u>advisory</u> QC limits is limited to those samples that exhibit a surrogate outside of QC limits on <u>both</u> GC columns. If tetrachlorometaxylene is deficient, pesticide compounds are qualified. If decachlorobiphenyl is deficient, PCB aroclors and toxaphene are qualified. Positive results are flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ." (Note that a dash (-) indicates acceptable surrogate recovery.)

	Surrogate			
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
PBLKE9	43	42		±-
RB050994	47	50		
RB051094	58			
B-133 (5-7)	54	56		
B-134 (7-9)	52	54		
B-134 (7-9)MS	49	48		
B-134 (7-9)MSD	49	52		
B-136 (7-9)	55			
DUPE-09	55			

#### Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.

Signed: Douglas A. Wolf, P.G. Dated: 25 July 1994

## DATA VALIDATION OF SEDIMENT AND SOIL SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. B-112(3-5)

#### Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-1 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Pesticide/PCB analyses were performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-3. Target Analyte List (TAL) inorganic analyses were performed according to various NYSDEC Superfund Methods. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), the USEPA Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analyses (July 1988) and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

#### Samples

OC Samples

B-112 (3-5)	B-119 (3-5)	CB-03 MS/MSD (VOC)
B-112 (9-11)	CB-03	OUT-6 MS/MSD (SVOC, Pest/PCB-from SDG B-108 (3-5))
B-116 (4-6)	CB-04	CB-13 Spike and Duplicate (Metals from SDG B-101 (3-5))
B-116 (8-10)	CB-08	RB042694
<b>B-117 (2-4)</b>	CB-15	RB042794
B-117 (6-8)	CB-16	MSB 5/3/94 (VOC)
B-118 (3-5)	CB-18	MSB 5/3/94 (SVOC)
B-118 (7-9)	CB-19	PMSB2 (Pest/PCB)
B-119 (7-9)		



## **ORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field blank data
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

### **VOLATILES**

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Based on the observed concentrations of methylene chloride in these blanks, the observed concentration of this compound in associated field samples is negated (all less than ten times the concentration in the highest associated blank). 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane was not detected in B-116 (4-6).

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK01	None	CB-08, CB-16, CB-03, CB-04, CB-15, CB-18, CB-19, B-118 (3-5), B-118 (7-9), B-119 (3-5), B-119 (7-9). B-112 (3-5), B-112 (9-11)
VBLK02	Methylene Chloride (3J $\mu g/kg$ )	B-116 (8-10), B-117 (2-4), B-117 (6-8), CB-03 MS/MSD, MSB 5/3/94
VBLK03	Methylene Chloride (8J ug/kg) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (5J)	B-116 (4-6)
VBLK04	None	RB042694, RB0422794
RB042694	None	All Samples
RB042794	None	All Samples

The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration (I) or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration (C) response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. None of the listed compounds were detected in the associated samples, therefore all non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed. All calibrations contained the compound 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane with a response factor less than the 0.500 contractual limit, but greater than the 0.050 technical limit (USEPA Functional Guidelines). No qualification of 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane results is necessary.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 5/3/94 (0153-0526)/D(NH)	Bromomethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%RSD = 32.4 RF = 0.327	RB042694, RB042794
C - 5/3/94 (1454)/C(H)	Cis-1,2-Dichloropropene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%D = 25.3 RF = 0.350	B-116 (8-10), B-117 (2-4), B-117 (6-8), CB-03 MS/MSD, MSB 5/3/94

#### SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Aldol condensation products are negated in all samples in which they occur. Pthalates are negated in associated samples if the sample concentrations is less than ten times that of the blank. All other compounds are negated if their concentration in the sample is less than five times that of the highest associated blank. Note that the large number of TICs present in SBLK01 blank did not interfere with the ability to recover and identify compounds in RB042694 and RB042794.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	Butylbenzylphthalate (1J $\mu g/l$ ) Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (2J) Unknown Phthalate @ 23.14 (2J) Unknown @ 31.93 (2OJ) Unknown @ 32.16 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.92 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 28.94 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.89 (8J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.81 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.70 (9J) Unknown Siloxane @ 35.44 (6J) Unknown Siloxane @ 36.92 (4J)	RB042694, RB042794
SBLK02	Aldol Condensate @ 4.92 (7000JA μg/kg) Aldol Condensate @ 4.96 (70JA) Unknown @ 32.75 (70J)	All Soil Samples
SBLK03	None	OUT-6, OUT-6 MS/MSD, MSB 5/3/94
RB042694	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (1BJ μg/ℓ) Unknown Subs Phenol @ 16.65 (2J) Unknown @ 29.93 (4J) Unknown @ 31.98 (6BJ)	All Soil Samples
RB042794	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (2BJ $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 28.94 (3BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 30.89 (4BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 31.80 (6BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 31.94 (20BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 32.69 (6BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 34.44 (2J) Unknown @ 29.92 (10BJ) Unknown @ 32.15 (8BJ)	All Soil Samples

- CB-08 DL exhibited high recovery for the phenol-d8 surrogate. Since only one acid fraction surrogate compound recovery is outside of QC limits, qualification of the sample is not required.
- Use CB-08 DL for bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate and butylbenzylphthalate results only. Note that this dilution analysis was not performed at a high enough dilution level to bring the bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate concentration into the instrument's linear range, therefore the bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate result is considered estimated and flagged "J."
- Note that sample OUT-6 was used for MS/MSD analysis for semi-volatiles and pesticide/PCB analysis, although it was analyzed and used for QC sample analysis in SDG B-108 (3-5). Although this results in a QC sample analysis frequency of one per twenty samples, it is a breach of protocol as the ASP requires QC sample analysis at a frequency of one per twenty samples or one per SDG, whichever is more frequent. Also note that no base/neutral spiking compounds were added to the MS by mistake, therefore an assessment of precision (RPD) cannot be made. Recovery for these compounds in the MSD was acceptable.
- The following table lists samples that exhibited internal standards with area counts outside of the +100%/-50% QC limits. Based on these results, as well as other QC criteria (surrogate recovery, compound concentrations, etc.) the initial analyses of samples CB-15 and CB-08 should be used, with all compounds quantitated against the affected internal standards considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results and "UJ" for non-detects. (Note - A indicates area count within QC limits and N/A indicates QC limits not applicable for this internal standard for sample of interest.) Note also that Out-6 and Out-6 MS/MSD internal standard deficiencies are discussed in the SDG B-108 (3-5) validation report.

Sample ID	Phenanthrene-d10	Chrysene-d12	Perylene-d12
CB-08	A	23894	13248
QC Limits	N/A	33030-132120	22274-89096
CB-15	A	7948	A
QC Limits	N/A	12295-49178	N/A
CB-15 Re	34007	4784	6062
QC Limits	64936-259744	16041-64164	7893-31572

The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 6/6/94 (1905-2228)/A	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	%RSD = 23.7	B-112 (9-11), OUT-6, OUT-6 MS/MSD, C-15 RE, MSB 5/3/94
C - 6/1/94 (1208)/B	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	%D = 41.7	RB042694, RB042794
C - 6/3/94 (1128)/B	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	%D = 26.0 %D = 25.2	CB-08
C - 6/5/94 (1635)/B	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene 2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	%D = 44.8 %D = 28.6 %D = 49.7 %D = 32.2	CB-08 DL, CB-16, CB-03, CB-04, CB-15, CB-18, B-112 (3-5)
C - 6/7/94 (1846)/A	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	%D = 38.3 %D = 40.7 %D = 53.1	B-112 (9-11)
C - 6/9/94 (0929)/A	Phenol Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 2-Methylphenol 2-Chlorophenol-d4 (surr.)	%D = 28.8 %D = 43.4 %D = 27.0 %D = 27.4	OUT-6, OUT-6 MS/MSD, CB-15 Re

#### PESTICIDE/PCB

- 4,4'-DDT exhibited a percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) of 33.9% in the initial calibration on column DB-1701 (QC limit = 20%). This is a protocol deficiency in addition to a technical deficiency as up to two compounds are allowed to exceed 20% as long as they are less than 30% RSD. Due to this deficiency, all 4,4'-DDT results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."
- Rinsate blank RB042794 contained 0.013  $\mu g/\ell$  endosulfan sulfate. This compound was also detected in CB-18, at 3.27  $\mu g/kg$ , and is negated based on a comparison to the rinsate blank on a raw data basis.
- Several PEM, INDA, and INDB calibration verification standards exhibit compounds that exceed the 25% RPD QC limit on one or both columns. Positive sample results for these affected compounds are qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ" for associated samples. Associated samples are all those that were analyzed between the last in-control standard and the next in-control standard. The following table lists PEMs, INDA and INDB standards, deficient compounds and RPDs and associated samples.

Standard	Compound	RPD	Associated Samples
PEM05 (DB-1701)	4,4	33.3	All Samples
PEM05 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	33.3	•
PEM05 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	33.3	
PEM05 (DB-608)	Methoxychlor	28.0	
PEM06 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	46.7	All Samples
PEM06 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	33.3	-
PEM06 (DB-608)	Endrin	32.0	
	4,4´-DDT	33.3	
	Methoxychlor	36.0	
PEM07 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	46.7	All Samples
PEM07 (DB-1701)	Methoxychlor	28.0	-
PEM07 (DB-608)	Methoxychlor	28.0	

Standard	Compound	RPD	Associated Samples
INDAM04 (DB-1701)	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDT	33.3	All Samples
INDAM04 (DB-608)	alpha-BHC	30.0	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	gamma-BHC	40.0	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	Heptachlor	53.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	Endosulfan I	40.0	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	Dieldrin	30.0	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	Endrin	33.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDD	26.7	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	4,4 <i>°-</i> DDT	33.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	Methoxychlor	30.0	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	TCMX (Surrogate)	33.3	
INDAM04 (DB-608)	DCB (Surrogate)	33.3	
INDB04 (DB-608)	Endrin Aldehvde	27.5	
INDB04 (DB-608)	DCB (Surrogate)	40.0	
IND & MOS (DR-1701)		45.0	
$\frac{1}{100} \frac{1}{100} \frac{1}$	alaha-BUC	40.0	All Samples
$\frac{110DAM05}{100}$	aiplia-DriC	40.0	
$\frac{110DAM05}{DB-008}$	Yentoplos	40.7	
$\frac{110DAM05}{100}$	Endogulfan I	22.2	
$\frac{110}{100} \times \frac{100}{100} \times $	Dieldrin	22.2	
$\frac{110}{100} \frac{100}{100} 10$	Endein	30.0	
$\frac{1}{1}$		22.2	
$\frac{110}{100} \times \frac{100}{100} \times $		35.0	
INDAM05 (DB-608)	Methorychlor	33.3	
INDAM05 (DB-608)	TCMX (surrogate)	50.0	
INDAM05 (DB-608)	DCB (surrogate)	33.3	
		55.5	
INDBM05 (DB-608)	Delta-BHC	30.0	No Samples
INDBM05 (DB-608)	Aldrin	30.0	
INDBM05 (DB-608)	4,4 -DDE	30.0	
INDBM05 (DB-608)	Endrin Aldehyde	30.0	
INDBM05 (DB-608)	alpha-Chlordane	26.6	
INDBM05 (DB-608)	gamma-Chlordane	26.6	
INDBM05 (DB-608)	TCMX (surrogate)	35.0	
INDBM05 (DB-608)	DCB (surrogate)	27.5	
INDAM06 (DB-1701)	4,4´-DDT	40.0	No Samples
INDAM06 (DB-608)	Heptachlor	30.0	-
INDAM06 (DB-608)	Methoxychlor	26.7	

The following table lists samples in which compounds were detected but quantitated at concentrations differing by more than 25% RPD on the two GC columns. As such, the sample results have been flagged "J." Note that several compounds in several samples exhibited extremely high RPDs and in several cases the compound "peak" fell outside of the retention time window for that compound on the particular GC column. Those results are negated. Also note

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that is the professional opinion of the data reviewer that the large RPD values are due, in many instances, to the coincidental occurrence of peaks falling within the retention time window for a given compound on both GC columns. However it is likely that these peaks do not, in fact, represent the actual compound of interest, but rather extraneous peaks occurring within that particular time window. Since this hypothesis cannot be conclusively proved, the results will be reported, but qualified as estimated ("J" flag).

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
CB-03	alpha-chlordane	93.3	
	Aroclor-1254	34.8	
CB-04	Aldrin	80.0	
	Endosulfan II	70.0	
CB-15	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	30.0	
	Endosulfan II	592.9	
	Endrin Aldehyde	182.1	
CB-18	Aldrin	73.3	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	77.3	Negated - RT out
	Endosulfan II	44.0	5
	Endosulfan Sulfate	96.9	
	Aroclor-1254	27.3	

The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogates outside of 60%-150% QC limits. Qualification of sample data due to surrogates outside of <u>advisory</u> QC limits is limited to those samples that exhibit a surrogate outside of QC limits on <u>both</u> GC columns. If tetrachlorometaxylene is deficient, pesticide compounds are qualified. If decachlorobiphenyl is deficient, PCB aroclors and toxaphene are qualified. Positive results are flagged "J" and nondetects "UJ." (Note that a dash (-) indicates acceptable surrogate recovery.)

	Surrogate			
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
PBLKE2	55	45		
B-112 (3-5)				57
CB-03			55	
CB-04	152		32	58
CB-08			45	50
CB-15			41	44
CB-16			47	54
CB-18			56	
PMSB2				173

## INORGANICS

The following items/criteria were reviewed:

- Case narrative
- Deliverable requirements
- Holding times
- Calibrations
- Lab blanks
- Field blanks
- ICP interference check sample analysis
- CRDL standard analysis
- Matrix spike analysis
- Lab duplicate sample analysis
- Laboratory control sample results
- ICP serial dilution analysis
- GFAA post-digestion spike results
- Method of standard additions (MSA) results
- Detection limits

The items listed above were technically acceptable and in compliance with NYSDEC ASP and USEPA CLP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly.

- Antimony (56.2%), chromium (134.5%), lead by ICP (140.5%), lead by GFAA (647.8%), mercury (373.8%), cyanide (22%), silver (0.0%), selenium (61.1%) and zinc (157.7%) spiked sample recoveries were outside of 75%-125% QC limits. Lead by ICP post-digestion spike recovery (139.2%) was outside of these QC limits. Positive sample results for each of these metals should be considered estimated and flagged "J." Non-detect arsenic and selenium results should be flagged "UJ." Non-detect silver and cyanide results are rejected. Note that soil sample spike recovery results do not apply to RB042694 and RB042794. Also note that sample CB-13 was used for all QC sample analysis in this package (spike, duplicate, serial dilution, etc.) although it was analyzed and used for QC sample analysis in SDG B-101 (3-5). Although this results in a QC sample analysis frequency of one per twenty samples, it is a breach of protocol as the ASP requires QC sample analysis at a frequency of one per twenty or one per SDG, whichever is more frequent.
- The laboratory duplicate exhibited RPDs greater than 35% or absolute difference (a.d.) greater than ± 2 times CRDL (USEPA Functional Guidelines) for copper (a.d. = 22.61 mg/kg; 2 times CRDL = 11.4 mg/kg), chromium (a.d. = 6.34 mg/kg; 2 times CRDL 4.6 mg/kg), zinc (142%) and lead by GFAA (101.4%). Positive results for these parameters in these samples only, should be considered estimated and flagged "J," non-detects "UJ."
- RB042694 and RB042794 were analyzed at a 1:5 dilution factor for thallium due to interferences. The dilution analyses also exhibited interferences, therefore the thallium non-detect result in these blanks are flagged "UJ."
- Note that the method used for cyanide analysis did not conform to the QC requirements of the ASP Superfund level in terms of not having a daily calibration curve or running calibration verification standards at the correct frequency (one every ten samples or two hours, whichever is more frequent).

- Cyanide LCS recovery (72%) was below 80% lower QC limit. All cyanide results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."
- Cyanide continuing calibration verification standard number 4 (CCV4) recovery (117%) exceeded the 115% upper QC limit. As such, positive cyanide results only would be considered estimated. Since all samples are non-detect for cyanide, no qualification of the sample data is necessary.
- The initial cobalt (124.3%), nickel (128.3%), silver (123.5%), zinc (121.8%), and cadmium (121.6%) and final lead by ICP (121.7%) recoveries that are slightly high. Although the ASP and the USEPA Functional Guidelines do not address CRDL standard recoveries, it is the professional judgement of the data reviewer that recovery greater than 120% (USEPA Region II upper QC limit) may indicate potential high bias in positive sample results at concentrations near the CRDL. Therefore positive sample concentrations of these samples should be considered estimated and flagged "J."
- The selenium analytical spike recoveries in CB-03 (66%), CB-15 (58%), CB-16 (68%), B-112 (9-11) (67%), CB-08 (83%) and RB042694 (62%) were outside of 85%-115% QC limits. Selenium results in these samples are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."
- RB042694 contained 127 µg/l copper and 35.6 µg/l zinc. RB042794 contained 139 µg/l copper and 36.4 µg/l zinc. Concentrations of these metals in the associated field samples less than five times the concentration in the rinsate blanks are rejected (concentration comparisons are made from the raw ICP data).
- The mercury calibration linear correlation was less than 0.995 (0.9918), therefore all mercury results are considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results, "UJ" for non-detects.
- ICP serial dilution percent difference results for aluminum (18.6%), calcium (12.6%), iron (13.0%), magnesium

(11.5%), manganese (12.5%) and zinc (12.8%) exceeded the 10% QC limit with the initial sample concentration greater than 50 times the instrument detection limits (IDL) for these metals. All positive sample results for these metals are considered estimated and flagged "J."

#### Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.

Signed Douglas A Volf. P.G Dated:

# DATA VALIDATION OF SEDIMENT AND SOIL SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. B-101(3-5)

#### Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-1 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Pesticide/PCB analyses were performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-3. Target Analyte List (TAL) inorganic analyses were performed according to various NYSDEC Superfund Methods. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), the USEPA Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analyses (July 1988) and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

#### <u>Samples</u>

B-124 (7-9)

#### **<u>QC</u>** Samples

B-101 (3-5)	B-125 (3-5)	B-125 (3-5) MS/MSD (VOC - low level)
B-101 (7-9)	B-125 (7-9)	CB-13 MS/MSD (VOC - med level, SVOC, Pest/PCB)
B-102 (3-5)	CB-01	CB-13 Spike and Duplicate (Metals)
B-102 (5-7)	CB-05	DUPE-01 (CB-07 Field Duplicate)
B-111 (8-10)	CB-06	RB042594
B-113 (8-10)	CB-07	MSB 5/4/94 (VOC)
B-120 (2-4)	CB-09	MSB 4/29/94 (SVOC)
B-121 (0-3)	CB-11	PMSB1 (Pest/PCB)
B-124 (3-5)	CB-13	



#### **ORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field blank data
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

### **VOLATILES**

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Based on the observed concentrations of methylene chloride in these blanks, the observed concentration of this compound in all field samples is negated (all less than ten times the concentration in the highest associated blank).

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK01	None	B-113 (8-10), B-121 (0-3), B-124 (7-9), CB-11
VBLK02	Methylene Chloride (6J $\mu g/kg$ )	B-111 (8-10), B-124 (3-5), CB-01, B-125 (3-5), B-125 (7-9), CB-07, B-101 (3-5), B-101 (5-7), CB-09
VBLK03	None	RB042594
VBLK04	Methylene Chloride (4J $\mu g/kg$ )	DUPE-01, CB-05, CB-06
VBLK05	Methylene Chloride (1000J $\mu g/kg$ )	CB-13, CB-13 MS/MSD, MSB 5/4/94
VBLK06	Methylene Chloride (8J $\mu g/kg$ ) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (5J $\mu g/kg$ )	B-120 (2-4), B-102 (3-5), B-102 (5-7), B-125 (3-5) MS/MSD, MSB 5/4/94
RB042594	None	All Samples

- B-125 (3-5) MS/MSD (Low Level) exhibited relative percent difference (RPD) results between spiking compound recoveries in the MS and MSD outside of QC limits for 1,1-dichloroethene (24%; QC limit = 22%), benzene (25%; QC limit = 21%), toluene (23%; QC limit = 21%) and chlorobenzene (24%; QC limit = 21%). None of these compounds were detected in the unspiked portion of this sample, therefore no qualification of the sample data is necessary.
- CB-13 MSD exhibited the system monitoring compounds (SMC) bromofluorobenzene (119%; QC limits = 59%-113%) and 1,2-dichloroethane-d4 (127%; QC limits = 70%-121%) with spike recoveries outside of QC limits. The MS and the unspiked portion of the sample exhibited acceptable SMC recoveries, therefore no action taken to qualify the sample data.
- Sample CB-11 exhibited the internal standard chlorobenzened5 with a low area count (32450; QC limits = 36794-147176). The sample was not re-analyzed, resulting in a protocol deficiency. On a technical basis, all results (all non-detects) for compounds quantitated against this internal standard are considered estimated and flagged "UJ."

The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration (I) or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration (C) response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. None of the listed compounds were detected in the associated samples, therefore all non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed. All calibrations contained the compound 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane with a response factor less than the 0.500 contractual limit, but greater than the 0.050 technical limit (USEPA Functional Guidelines). No qualification of 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane results is necessary.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
I - 4/30/94 (1018-1415)/D(H)	Bromomethane Vinyl Chloride 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%RSD = 45.0 %RSD = 50.6 RF = 0.415	B-113 (8-10), B-121 (0-3), B-124, (7-9), CB-11, B-111 (8-10), B-124 (3-5), CB-01, B-125 (3-5), B-125 (7-9), CB-07, B-101 (5-7), CB-09, CB-05, CB-06, DUPE-01
I - 5/3/94 (0153-0526)/D(NH)	Bromomethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%RSD = 32.4 RF = 0.327	RB042594, CB-13, CB-13 MS/MSD, MSB 5/4/94
I - 5/2/94 (1112-1425)/C(H)	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.301	B-120 (2-4), B-102 (3-5), B-102 (5-7), B-125 (3-5) MS/MSD, MSB 5/4/94
C - 4/30/94 (1604)/D(H)	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.370	B-113 (8-10), B-121 (0-3), B-124 (7-9), CB-11
C - 5/2/94 (1329)/D(H)	Vinyl Chloride 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%D = 55.1 RF = 0.433	B-111 (8-10), B-124 (3-5), CB-01, B-125 (3-5), B-125 (7-9), CB-07, B-101 (3-5), CB-09, B-101 (5-7)
C - 5/3/94 (1553)/D(H)	Vinyl Chloride Bromoform 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	%D = 28.3 %D = 25.1 RF = 0.472	DUPE-01, CB-05, CB-06
C - 5/3/94 (0339)/D(NH)	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.327	RB042594
Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
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C - 5/4/94 (1144)/D(NH)	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.311	CB-13, CB-13 MS/MSD, MSB 5/4/94
C - 5/4/94 (1117)/C(H)	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	RF = 0.314	B-120 (2-4), B-102 (3-5), B-102 (5-7), B-125 (3-5) MS/MSD, MSB 5/4/94

## SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Aldol condensation products are negated in all samples in which they occur. Pthalates are negated in associated samples if the sample concentration is less than ten times that of the blank. All other compounds are negated if their concentration in the sample is less than five times that of the highest associated blank. Note that the large number of TICs present in SBLK01 blank did not interfere with the ability to recover and identify compounds in RB042594.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	Butylbenzylphthalate (1J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (2J) Unknown Phthalate @ 23.14 (2J) Unknown @ 31.93 (20J) Unknown @ 32.16 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 27.92 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 28.94 (6J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.89 (8J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.81 (10J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.70 (9J) Unknown Siloxane @ 35.44 (6J) Unknown Siloxane @ 36.92 (4J)	RB042594
SBLK02	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (51J $\mu$ g/kg) Aldol Condensate @ 4.43 (3000JA) Unknown Oxy Cmpd @ 31.96 (5000J) Unknown @ 32.14 (70J)	All Soil Samples

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
RB042594	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (1BJ $\mu g/l$ ) Unknown Alkane @ 27.92 (2BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 28.94 (4BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 29.92 (6BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 30.87 (5BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 31.80 (30BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 32.68 (40BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 34.43 (80BJ) Unknown Alkane @ 35.53 (30BJ) Unknown @ 31.96 (10J) Unknown @ 32.17 (8J)	All Soil Samples

- CB-13 MS/MSD exhibited RPD results between spiking compound recoveries in the MS and MSD outside of QC limits for 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (34%; QC limit = 23%) and acenaphthene (23%; QC limit = 19%). Neither of these compounds were detected in the unspiked portion of this sample, therefore no qualification of the sample data is necessary.
- The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogate compounds with recoveries outside of their respective QC limits. Note that no sample contained more than one acid fraction or more than one non-advisory base/neutral fraction surrogate outside of QC limits, therefore qualification of the sample data due to surrogate recovery is not required.

Sample	Surrogate	% Recovery	QC Limits
CB-01	Phenol-d5	13	24-113
B-125 (7-9)	Phenol-d5	11	24-113
B-101 (3-5)	Phenol-d5	20	24-113
CB-05	2-Chlorophenol-d4	16	20-130 (advisory)
CB-06	2-Fluorophenol	20	25-121

Sample CB-01 exhibited the initial standard chrysene-d12 with a low area count (39152; QC limits = 39478-157912). The sample was not re-analyzed, resulting in a protocol deficiency. On a technical basis, all results for compounds quantitated against this internal standard are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects flagged "UJ." CB-13 MS and CB-13 MSD each exhibited low area counts for internal standards chrysene-d12 (20862 and 26016, respectively; QC limits = 33030-132120) and perylene-d12 (13012 and 15330, respectively; QC limits = 22274-89096). The unspiked portion of this sample exhibited acceptable internal standard response, therefore no qualification of the sample data is necessary.

• The following table lists compounds that exceeded 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. Positive results for these compounds in associated samples are considered estimated and flagged "J." All non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these calibrations and associated samples should have been re-analyzed.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
6/1/94 (1208)	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	%D = 41.7	RB042594, B-111 (8-10), B-113 (8-10), B-121 (0-3), B-124 (3-5), B-124 (7-9), MSB 4/29/94
6/2/94 (1457)	None	None	CB-01, CB-09, DUPE-01, B-125 (3-5), B-125 (7-9), B-120 (2-4), B-102 (3-5), B-102 (5-7), B-101 (3-5), B-101 (5-7)
6/3/94 (1128)	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2-Fluorobiphenyl	%D = 26.0 %D = 25.2	CB-07, CB-11, CB-13, CB-13 MS/MSD
6/5/94 (1635)	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene 2-Fluorobiphenyl	%D = 44.8 %D = 28.6 %D = 49.7 %D = 32.2	CB-05, CB-06

#### PESTICIDE/PCB

• 4,4'-DDT exhibited a percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) of 33.9% in the initial calibration on column DB-1701 (QC limit = 20%). This is a protocol deficiency as well as a technical deficiency as up to two compounds are allowed to exceed 20% as long as they have less than 30% RSD. Due to this deficiency, all 4,4'-DDT results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."

- Rinsate blank RB042594 contained 0.003  $\mu g/\ell$  delta-BHC. This compound was also detected in CB-11, at 0.87  $\mu g/kg$ , and is negated based on a comparison to the rinsate blank on a raw data basis.
- Several PEM, INDA, and INDB calibration verification standards exhibit compounds that exceed the 25% RPD QC limit on one or both columns. Positive sample results for these affected compounds are qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ" for associated samples. Associated samples are all those that were analyzed between the last in-control standard and the next in-control standard. The following table lists PEMs, INDA and INDB standards, deficient compounds and RPDs and associated samples.

Standard	Compound	RPD	Associated Samples
PEM03 (DB-1701) PEM03 (DB-608) PEM03 (DB-608)	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDT 4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDT Methoxychlor	46.7 33.3 28.0	B-111 (8-10), B-113 (8-10), B-121 (0-3), B-124 (3-5), B-124 (7-9), B-125 (3-5), B-125 (7-9), B-120 (2-4), B-102 (3-5), B-102 (5-7), B-101 (3-5), B-101 (7-9), CB-01, CB-09, CB-11
PEM05 (DB-1701) PEM05 (DB-608) PEM05 (DB-608) PEM05 (DB-608)	4,4´-DDT alpha-BHC gamma-BHC Methoxychlor	33.3 33.3 33.3 28.0	None
INDAM04 (DB-1701) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608) INDAM04 (DB-608)	4,4'-DDT alpha-BHC gamma-BHC Heptachlor Endosulfan I Dieldrin Endrin 4,4'-DDD 4,4'-DDT Methoxychlor TCMX (Surrogate) DCB (Surrogate)	33.3 30.0 40.0 53.3 40.0 30.0 33.3 26.7 33.3 30.0 33.3 33.3	CB-05, CB-07, CB-13, CB-06, CB-13 MS/MSD, DUPE-01
INDBM04 (DB-608) INDBM04 (DB-608)	Endrin Aldehyde DCB (Surrogate)	27.5 40.0	

The following table lists samples in which compounds were detected but quantitated at concentrations differing by more than 25% RPD on the two GC columns. As such, the sample results have been flagged "J." Note that several compounds in several samples exhibited extremely high RPDs and in several cases the compound "peak" fell outside of the retention time window for that compound on the particular GC column. Those results are negated. Also note that it is the professional opinion of the data reviewer that the large RPD values are due, in many instances, to the coincidental occurrence of peaks falling within the retention time window for a given compound on both GC columns. However it is likely that these peaks do not, in fact, represent the actual compound of interest, but rather extraneous peaks occurring within that particular time window. Since this hypothesis cannot be conclusively proved, the results will be reported, but qualified as estimated ("J" flag).

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
B-102 (3-5)	Endosulfan Sulfate 4,4'-DDT	96.8 59.7	
B-102 (5-7)	gamma-BHC 4,4´-DDD	54.5 60.0	
B-120 (2-4)	4,4	36.1	
B-121 (0-3)	4,4´-DDE 4,4´-DDD 4,4´-DDT	36.4 50.0 70.0	
B-124 (3 <b>-5</b> )	beta-BHC Endosulfan Sulfate	1459 395	Negated - RT out
B-124 (7-9)	Endrin Endosulfan Sulfate	94.4 662	Negated - RT out
B-125 (3-5)	Heptachlor 4,4'-DDE Endrin Endosulfan Sulfate	30.0 64.7 48.6 429	Negated RT out
CB-01	Aldrin Endrin Endosulfan II 4,4'-DDT gamma-Chlordane	110.5 1727 204.3 42.4 72.0	Negated - RT out

Sample	Compound	RPD	Notes
CB-05	Aldrin	294	
	Endosulfan I	313	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	50.0	
	Endosulfan Sulfate	93.5	
CB-09	4,4´-DDD	63.2	
CB-11	delta-BHC	256	
	Endosulfan Sulfate	340	
	Endrin Aldehyde	40.9	
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDT	29.6	
CB-13	Endosulfan I	42.9	Negated - RT out
	4,4 <sup>-</sup> -DDE	26.1	
	Endosulfan II	300	
	Methoxychlor	813	Negated - RT out

The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogates outside of 60%-150% QC limits. Qualification of sample data due to surrogates outside of <u>advisory</u> QC limits is limited to those samples that exhibit a surrogate outside of QC limits on <u>both</u> GC columns. If tetrachlorometaxylene is deficient, pesticide compounds are qualified. If decachlorobiphenyl is deficient, PCB aroclors and toxaphene are qualified. Positive results are flagged "J" and nondetects "UJ." (Note that a dash (-) indicates acceptable surrogate recovery.)

		Surro	ogate	
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
PBLKE2	55	45		
B-101 (7-9)		52		
B-102 (3-5)	52	41		
B-102 (5-7)	56	40		
B-111 (8-10)	184	34	-	54
B-113 (8-10)		33	57	
B-120 (2-4)	52	39		
B-121 (0-3)				59
B-124 (3-5)		47		
B-124 (7-9)		48		
B-125 (3-5)	58	42		

		Surro	ogate	
Sample ID	TCMX (1701)	TCMX (608)	DCB (1701)	DCB (608)
B-125 (7-9)		50	_	-
CB-01 DL			54	41
CB-05 DL		55		
CB-06 DL			52	
CB-07 DL				46
CB-09 DL			33	44
CB-11 DL			51	
CB-13 DL	172	-		159
CB-13 MS				152
PBLKE1	59	36		
PBLKE5	-	50		
PMSB1	-	58		

## INORGANICS

The following items/criteria were reviewed:

- Case narrative
- Deliverable requirements
- Holding times
- Calibrations
- Lab blanks
- Field blanks
- ICP interference check sample analysis
- CRDL standard analysis
- Matrix spike analysis
- Lab duplicate sample analysis
- Laboratory control sample results
- ICP serial dilution analysis
- GFAA post-digestion spike results
- Method of standard additions (MSA) results
- Detection limits

The items listed above were technically acceptable and in compliance with NYSDEC ASP and USEPA CLP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly.

- Antimony (56.2%), chromium (134.5%), lead by ICP (140.3%), lead by GFAA (647.8%), mercury (373.8%), cyanide (22%), silver (0.0%), selenium (61.1%) and zinc (157.7%) spiked sample recoveries were outside of 75%-125% QC limits. Lead by ICP post-digestion spike recovery (139.2%) was outside of these QC limits. Positive sample results for each of these metals should be considered estimated and flagged "J." Non-detect arsenic and selenium results should be flagged "UJ." Non-detect silver and cyanide results are rejected. Note that soil sample QC analysis results do not apply to RB042594.
- The laboratory duplicate exhibited RPDs greater than 35% or absolute difference (a.d.) greater than ± 2 times CRDL (USEPA Functional Guidelines) for copper (a.d. = 22.61 mg/kg; 2 times CRDL = 11.4 mg/kg), chromium (a.d. = 6.34 mg/kg; 2 times CRDL = 4.6 mg/kg), zinc (142%) and lead by GFAA (101.4%). Positive results for these metals should be considered estimated and flagged "J," non-detects "UJ."
- RB042594 was analyzed at a 1:5 dilution factor for thallium due to interferences. The dilution analysis also exhibited interferences, therefore the thallium non-detect result in this blank is flagged "UJ."
- Note that the method used for cyanide analysis did not conform to the QC requirements of the ASP Superfund level in terms of not having a daily calibration curve or running calibration verification standards at the correct frequency (one every ten samples or two hours, whichever is more frequent).
- Cyanide LCS recovery (72%) was below 80% lower QC limit. All cyanide results are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."
- Cyanide continuing calibration verification standard number 4 (CCV4) recovery (117%) exceeded the 115% upper QC limit. As such, positive cyanide results only would be considered estimated. Since all samples are non-detect for cyanide, no qualification of the sample data is necessary.

- The initial cobalt (124.3%), nickel (128.3%), silver (123.5%), zinc (121.8%), and cadmium (121.6%) and final lead by ICP (121.7%) standards exhibited recoveries that are slightly high. Although the ASP and the USEPA Functional Guidelines do not address CRDL standard recoveries, it is the professional judgement of the data reviewer that recovery greater than 120% (USEPA Region II upper QC limit) may indicate potential high bias in positive sample results at concentrations near the CRDL. Therefore positive sample concentrations of these metals should be considered estimated and flagged "J."
- The selenium analytical spike recoveries in CB-07 (51%), CB-13 (46%), DUPE-1 (63%), B-120 (2-4) (74%) and RB042594 (62%) were outside of 85%-115% QC limits. Selenium results in these samples are considered estimated, with positive results flagged "J" and non-detects "UJ."
- RB042594 contained 166 µg/l copper and 59.9 µg/l zinc. Concentrations of these metals in the associated field samples less than five times the concentration in the rinsate blank are rejected (concentration comparisons are made from the raw ICP data).
- The field duplicate pair CB-07/DUPE-01 exhibited copper (174%) and lead by ICP (141%) whose RPDs exceeded the USEPA Region II QC limit of 100% RPD for soil field duplicates. Results for these two metals in these two samples only are considered estimated and flagged "J."
- The mercury calibration linear correlation was less than 0.995 (0.9918), therefore all mercury results are considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results, "UJ" for non-detects.
- ICP serial dilution percent difference results for aluminum (18.6%), calcium (12.6%), iron (13.0%), magnesium (11.5%), manganese (12.5%) and zinc (12.8%) exceeded the 10% QC limit with the initial sample concentration greater than 50 times the instrument detection limits (IDL) for these metals. All positive sample results for these metals are considered estimated and flagged "J."

## Package Summary

Several protocol deficiencies associated with the analyses of the samples have been noted in this review. These deficiencies in protocol will not affect the <u>technical useability</u> of the sample data, as discussed in the relevant sections of the text.

The sample data are valid and useable with qualifications as noted in this review.  $\gamma$ 

Vang as Signed: Douglas A. Wolf, P.G. Dated: 19 July

## DATA VALIDATION OF SEDIMENT AND SOIL SAMPLE ANALYSES MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION FARRELL ROAD PLANT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ERM-NORTHEAST PROJECT NUMBER 557.044.02 ADIRONDACK ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CASE NO. E31000, SDG NO. B-104(5-7)

#### Deliverables

The above referenced Data Summary Package and Sample Data Package contain all required deliverables as stipulated under the 1991 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Superfund Category deliverables for Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-1 and TCL Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) analyses performed by NYSDEC ASP Method 91-2. Lead analyses were performed according to NYSDEC Method 239.2 CLP-M. The data have been validated according to the protocols and QC requirements of the ASP, the USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (June 1991), the USEPA Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analyses (July 1988) and the reviewer's professional judgement.

The validation report pertains to the following samples:

#### <u>Samples</u>

**OC** Samples

B-104 (5-7) B-129 (3-5)	B-129 (9-11) MS/MSD (VOC)
B-104 (7-9) B-129 (9-11)	B-105 (7-9) MS/MSD (SVOC, Lead)
B-105 (5-7) B-132 (3-5)	DUP-06 (B-129 (3-5) Field Duplicate)
B-105 (7-9) B-132 (5-7)	DUP-07 (Out-7 (0-0.5) Field Duplicate)
Out-7 (0-0.5)	DUP-08 (B-104 (5-7) Field Duplicate)
	RB050594 (VOC)
	RB050694 (SVOC, Lead)
	MSB 5-13-94 (VOC)
	MSB 5-16-94 (SVOC)



## **ORGANICS**

The following items/criteria were reviewed for this report:

- Quantitation/detection limits
- Holding times
- GC/MS tuning and performance
- Initial and continuing calibration data
- Procedural blank data
- Field blank data
- Field duplicate results
- Internal standard areas, retention times, summary and data
- Surrogate recoveries, summary and data
- MS/MSD/MSB recoveries, summary and data
- Chromatograms and mass spectra
- Data system printouts
- Qualitative and quantitative compound identification
- Case narrative and deliverables compliance

The items listed above were technically and contractually in compliance with USEPA CLP and NYSDEC ASP protocols with the exceptions discussed in the text below. The data have been validated according to the procedures outlined above and qualified accordingly. Summary forms, narrative and chain-of-custody forms are attached.

## **VOLATILES**

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Based on the observed concentrations of methylene chloride in these blanks, the observed concentration of this compound in all field samples except B-129 (9-11) is negated (all less than ten times the concentration in the highest associated blank).

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
VBLK01	Methylene Chloride (9J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Acetone (15 $\mu g/\ell$ )	RB050594
VBLK02	Trichloroethene (3J $\mu$ g/kg)	B-129 (3-5), B-129 (9-11)
VBLK03	Methylene Chloride (10J $\mu g/kg$ )	B-132 (5-7), DUP-06, Out-07 (0-0.5), DUP-07, B-132 (3-5), B-129 (9-11) MS/MSD, MSB 5-13-94

- Field duplicate pair DUP-07/Out-7 (0-0.5) exhibited acceptable precision between results. Field duplicate pair DUP-06/B-129 (3-5) each contained methylene chloride (22B  $\mu$ g/kg and 11  $\mu$ g/kg), respectively) however methylene chloride was also detected in the method blank associated with DUP-06 at 10  $\mu$ g/kg and this sample result is therefore negated. Based on this result, it is the reviewer's professional judgement that the methylene chloride detected in B-129 (3-5) is also a laboratory artifact and is therefore negated.
- All calibrations contained the compound 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane with a response factor less than the 0.500 contractual limit, but greater than the 0.050 technical limit (USEPA Functional Guidelines). No qualification of the sample data is necessary.

## SEMI-VOLATILES

• The following table lists blanks, blank contaminants and concentrations and associated samples. Aldol condensation products are negated in all samples in which they occur. Note that SBLK03 is associated with the MS/MSD and MSB and that the large number of TICs present in this blank did not interfere with the ability to recover matrix spiking compounds.

Blank ID	Compound (Concentration)	Associated Samples
SBLK01	Unknown @ 31.84 (2J μg/ℓ)	RB050694
SBLK02	Aldol Condensate @ 4.52 (10000J µg/kg) Unknown Siloxane/Column bleed @ 10.28 (70J)	B-104 (5-7), B-104 (7-9), B-105 (5-7), B-105 (7-9), DUPE-08, B-104 (7-9) Re, DUPE-08 Re

SBLK03	Naphthalene $(32J \mu g/kg)$ Aldol Condensate @ 4.52 (8000JA) Unknown Alkane @ 5.30 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 5.93 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 6.08 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 6.36 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 6.47 (300J) Unknown Aromatic @ 6.53 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 6.66 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 6.66 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 6.89 (200J) Unknown Alkane @ 7.26 (1000J) Unknown Alkane @ 7.26 (1000J) Unknown Alkane @ 8.29 (200J) Unknown Alkane @ 8.38 (400J) Unknown Alkane @ 8.38 (400J) Unknown Alkane @ 8.52 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 8.52 (300J) Unknown Alkane @ 8.64 (200J) Unknown Alkane @ 9.25 (1000J) Unknown Alkane @ 11.16 (200J) Unknown @ 25.66 (200J)	B-105 (7-9) MS/MSD, MSB 5-16-94
RB050694	Unknown Siloxane/Column bleed @ 10.48 (8J $\mu g/\ell$ ) Unknown Substituted Aromatic @ 12.99 (8J) Unknown Alkane @ 28.27 (2J) Unknown Alkane @ 29.29 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 30.28 (4J) Unknown Alkane @ 31.22 (5J) Unknown Alkane @ 32.14 (8J) Unknown Alkane @ 33.03 (6J)	All Samples

- B-105 (7-9) MS/MSD were extracted nine days past receipt by the laboratory. Holding time limit for extraction is seven days from receipt. The unspiked portion of this sample was extracted within holding times therefore no qualification of the sample data is necessary.
- The MS/MSD exhibited 1,4-dichlorobenzene (32%; QC limit = 27%) and acenaphthene (22%; QC limit = 19%) with RPD results above QC limits. Spike recoveries for these compounds in both the MS and MSD were acceptable and these compounds were not detected in the unspiked portion of this sample, therefore no qualification of the sample data is necessary.
- The following table lists samples that exhibited one or more surrogate compounds with recoveries outside of their respective QC limits. Note that no sample contained more than one acid fraction or more than one non-advisory base/neutral fraction surrogate outside of QC limits, therefore qualification of the sample data due to surrogate recovery is not required.

Sample	Surrogate	% Recovery	QC Limits
RB050694	Nitrobenzene-d5	27	35-114
B-104 (7-9)	1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4 2-Fluorobiphenyl	17 28	20-130 (advisory) 30-115
<b>B-105 (5-7)</b>	1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4 2-Fluorobiphenyl	15 22	20-130 (advisory) 30-115
B-105 (7-9)	1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4	19	20-130 (advisory)

The following table lists samples that exhibited internal standards with area counts outside of the +100%/-50% QC limits. Based on these results, as well as other QC criteria (surrogate recovery, compound concentrations, etc.), the initial analysis of sample DUP-08 and the re-analysis of sample B-104 (7-9) should be used, with all compounds quantitated against the affected internal standards considered estimated and flagged "J" for positive results and "UJ" for non-detects. (Note - A indicates area count within QC limits and N/A indicates QC limits not applicable for this internal standard for sample of interest.)

Sample ID	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	Naphthalene-d8	Acenaphthene-d10 30862 30893-123570					
B-104 (7-9) QC Limits	12410 13613- <b>5</b> 4450	40866 46327-185306						
B-104 (7-9) Re	13920	A	278	85				
QC Limits	14251-57002	N/A	32767-	131068				
	Acenaphthene-d10	Phenanthrene-d10	Chrysene-d12	Perylene-d12				
DUPE-08	A	58322	9792	4204				
QC Limits	N/A	64032-256128	22419-89676	15581-62322				
DUPE-08 Re         14395           QC Limits         21885-87540		19750	4030	3971				
		47990-191960	10128-40510	4485-17938				

• The following table lists compounds that exceeded 20.5% percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for response factors (RF) in the initial calibration or 25% percent difference (%D) between the initial calibration average response factor and the continuing calibration response factor. Associated field samples are also listed. None of the listed compounds were detected in the associated samples, therefore all non-detect results for the compound of interest in the appropriate sample are flagged "UJ." Note that several compounds exceeded 40% percent difference, a contractual deficiency, and that ASP protocol dictates that these samples and associated calibrations should have been re-analyzed.

Calibration	Compound	Deficiency	Associated Samples
Initial - 6/6/94 (1905-2228)	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	%RSD = 23.7	All Samples
Continuing - 6/13/94 (1101)	Hexachloroethane Acenaphthylene 4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	%D = 34.4 %D = 31.2 %D = 42.2 %D = 41.3	RB050694
Continuing - 6/16/94 (1348)	Hexachloroethane 4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether Pentachlorophenol	%D = 33.3 %D = 51.5 %D = 31.1	B-104 (5-7), B-104 (7-9), B-105 (5-7), B-105 (7-9)
Continuing - 6/17/94 (1105)	Hexachloroethane 4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether Fluorene	%D = 37.2 %D = 62.3 %D = 40.8	B-104 (7-9) Re, DUP-08, B-105 (7-9) MS/MSD, MSB 5/16/94
Continuing - 6/18/94 (1336)	Hexachloroethane 4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether Pyrene	%D = 37.2 %D = 60.4 %D = 35.4	DUP-08 Re

### LEAD

The following items/criteria were reviewed and found to be acceptable:

- Case narrative
- Deliverable requirements
- Holding times
- Calibrations
- Lab blanks
- Field blanks
- CRDL standards analysis
- Matrix spike analysis
- Lab duplicate sample analysis
- Laboratory control sample results
- GFAA post-digestion spike results
- Detection limits

#### Package Summary

The sample data are valid and usable with qualifications as noted in this review.

Signed: Douglas A. Wolf, P.G. / Dated:

APPENDIX G

-

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY TEST RECORDS



 Report				
	June	1,	1994	

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Test Start May 20, 1994 Date

# Measurement of Hydraulic Conductivity of Saturated Porous Materials Using a Flexible Wall Permeameter ASTM D5084

Project No: <u>L-94061</u> / Project Title: <u>Laboratory Testing Project</u> #557.044.01
ST No:/Lab ID#:/Test Sample Location:FRP-BPZ
Depth/Lift/Elev.:4 <u>1.0'-44.0'</u> Type of Sample: Undisturbed X Remolded
Method of Compaction:/Percent Compaction:
Dry Unit Weight (PCF): / Moisture Content (% of Dry Weight): Maximum: Initial: 147.3 / Optimum: Initial:5.7'.
Initial Height (cm): 13.09 / Initial Diameter (cm): 7.25 / Initial Gradient: 21.5
Deaired Initial Degree of Saturation (B Value)(%): 100 / Permeant Liquid Used: <u>Deionized Wate</u> r
ConfiningTest (head)Tail (back)Pressure (PSI):71.0Pressure (PSI):68.0Pressure (PSI):64.0
Lal Degree Of Saturation (B Value)(%): 102 / Final Dry / Final / Unit Weight (PCF): 152.9 / Gradient: 22.3
Final  Final  Final  Final Content Height (cm): 12.61  Diameter (cm): 7.25  (% of Dry Weight): 7.0
Final Four Determinations k (cm/sec)
$7.44 \times 10^{-8} \qquad 7.45 \times 10^{-8} \qquad 8.96 \times 10^{-8} \qquad 8.98 \times 10^{-8}$
Mean Value of Final Four Consecutive Determinations:
Coefficient of PermeabilityProjectk (cm/sec):8.21 x 10^{-8}Specifications:
Notes:

## APPENDIX G

## ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY TABLES

Site analytical data are compound to SCGs previously identified in this report. The term "Guidance" is used to refer to SCGs identified in Section 1.2.

## TABLE G-1 SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

								DUPE-01		•												1	
LOCATION	1	CB-01	CB-03	CB-04	CB-05	CB-06	CB-07	CB-07	CB-08	CB-09	CB-11	CB-13	CB-15	CB-16	CB-18	CB-19	OUT-01A	OUT-01B	OUT-01C	OUT-02A	OUT-02B	OUT-02C	OUT-02D
DEPTH			1																			1	
DATE		4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	ADQIQA	1/20/01	4/29/94	4/20/04
COMPOUND		4/20/04			4/20/04	4,20,04	4/20/04	4/20/04	4/20/04	4/20/04	4/20/04	4/20/04	4/2//04	4/20/04	4/21/04	4/2//04	0/2/04	0/2/04	5/2/54	4/20/04	4/23/34	4/20/04	4/20/04
choromethane	NG	<12	<10	<12	~11	~13	<12	<12	~13	~14	<14	<1400	<12	~11	~13	<17	-14	<12	-14	-14	<12		<12
bromomethane	NG	<12.1	<10	<12	<11.1	<13.1	<12.1	<12.1	<13	<14.1	<14.1	<1400.1	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
vinvl chloride	70	<12.1	<10	<12	<11.1	<13.1	<12.1	<12.1	<13	<14.1	<14.1	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
chloroethane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
methylene chloride	NG	<12	4 J	4 J	<12	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	4.1	5.1	6.1	<14	<13	<14	<29	<18	-222	<13
acetone	NG	<12	15	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	27	<14	<14	2000	<12	18	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
carbon disulfide	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1.1-dichloroethene	20	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1.1-dichloroethane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	1400 J	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1.2-dichloroethene	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
chloroform	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1,2-dichloroethane	700	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
2-butanone	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1,1,1-trichloroethane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	15000	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
carbon tetrachloride	600	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
bromodichloromethane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1,2-dichloropropane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
trichloroethene	2000	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	3 J	<13	<13
dibromochloromethane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1,1,2-trichloroethane	600	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
benzene	<b>6</b> 00	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
bromoform	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11 J	<13 J	<12	<12 J	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
4-methyl-2-pentanone	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
2-hexanone	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
tetrachloroethene	800	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	300	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14 J	<13 J	<13 J	<13 J
toluene	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
chlorobenzene	3500	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
ethylbenzene	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
styrene	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
XVIONES (TOTAL)	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
tricnioronuoromethane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14 J	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
methyl-t-butyl ether	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13
nexane	NG	<12	<10	<12	<11	<13	<12	<12	<13	<14	<14	<1400	<12	<11	<13	<17	<14	<13	<14	<14	<13	<13	<13

R

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

N - Presumptive evidence of a compound.

GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

## TABLE G-1 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

									DUPE-07														ł
LOCATI	ION	OUT-03A	OUT-03B	OUT-03C	OUT-04	OUT-05	OUT-06	OUT-07	OUT-07	OUT-08	OUT-09	SS-1	SS-1	SS-2	SS-2	SS-3	SS-3	SS-4	SS-4	SS-5	SS-5	SS-6	SS-6
	тц											0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2
		4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/5/94	5/5/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93
COMPOLIND	(ug/Kg)				0.201															Ĩ			-
chloromethane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
bromomethane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
vinvl chloride	70	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
chloroethane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
methylene chloride	NG	9 J	16 J	8 J	<12	<13	<14	<29	<12	23	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
acetone	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	10J	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
carbon disulfide	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
1,1-dichloroethene	20	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
1,1-dichloroethane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14 J	<14	<12	<16	<15	4J	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
1,2-dichloroethene	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
chloroform	NG	<13	<16	<13	5 J	<13	<14	2 J	1 J	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
1,2-dichloroethane	700	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
2-butanone	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	10J	<15	7J	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
1,1,1-trichloroethane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
carbon tetrachloride	600	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
bromodichloromethane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
1,2-dichloropropane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
trichloroethene	2000	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	7J	<u> </u>	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	27J	<50 J
dibromochloromethane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
1,1,2-trichloroethane	600	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
benzene	600	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<1/	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
bromoform	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<1/	<15	<15	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 J	<50 J
4-methyl-2-pentanone	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18		<12	<37 J	<50 J
2-hexanone	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<10	<13	<12	<37 5	<50 J
tetrachloroethene	800	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<10	<13	<12	<37 J	<50.1
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	300	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14 J	<14	<12	< 10	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37 1	<50.1
toluene	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	50	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37.1	<50.1
chlorobenzene	3500	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<16	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37.1	<50.1
ethylbenzene	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<10	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37.1	<50.1
styrene	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<10	<15	<17	<15	<15 1	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	~13	<12	<37.1	<50 J
xyienes (total)	NG	<13	<10	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<10	<10	<17	<15	<15 1	<13	<13	<14	~15	~18	<13	<12	<37.1	<50 J
	NG	<13	<10	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<10	<15	<17	<15	~15	<13	<13	<14	~15	<18	<13	<12	<37.1	<50 J
metnyl-t-butyl ether	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<10	<15	<17	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<15	<18	<13	<12	<37.1	<50 J
nexane	NG	<13	<16	<13	<12	<13	<14	<14	<12	<10	<15	<1/	<15	<15 J	<13	<13	<14	<10	<10	<13	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

N - Presumptive evidence of a compound.

GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

## TABLE G-1 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI

		DUP-1												
LOCATIO	4	SS-6	SS-7	SS-7	SS-8	SS-8	SS-9	SS-9	SS-10	SS-10	SS-11	SS-11	SS-12	SS-12
DEPT		1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2	0-1	1-2
		10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93	10/27/93
		10/21/00	10/21/00	10/21/00	10/21/00	10/27/00	10/27/00	10/27/00	10/21/00	10/21/00	10,21,00	10/21/00	10/21/00	10,21,00
chloromothana	NG	<36	-51	-45	-65	-42	-90	-27	-27	-51	-18	-12	-41	-25
bromomethane	NG	<36	-51	<45.5	<05.0	<43 J	<00 J	-271	-27	<51 1	<18	<13	<41.5	-25 1
vinvi chlorido	70	<36	-51	<45.5	<65	<43 5	<00 J	<37 J	-27	<51	<18	<13	<41 J	-25 1
chloroethane	NG	<36	<51 1	<45.5	<65	<43 0	<80 1	<37.5	-27	<51	<18	<13	<41 J	-25 1
methylene chloride	NG	<54 1	<51 1	<57	<65	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	-27	<51 1	<18	<13	<410	-25 1
	NG	-26	-51	<15	400 1	E20 J	150 1	94 1	24 1	-51	<19	<12	62 1	150 1
carbon disulfide	NG	<36	<51 1	<45.5	490 0	-13	-150 5	-27	-27	<51	<18	<13	-41	-25
1 1-dichloroethene	20	<36	<51	<450	<65	<43 0	<80.1	<37 J	-27	<51 0	<18	<13	<413	-25
1,1-dichloroothana	NG	<36	~51	<45.5	<65	<43.0	40 1	10 1	-27	-51	<19	<12	<41 1	-25 0
1.2-dichloroethene	NG	<36	<51	<45.1	<65	<43.0	<80 1	-37	~27	<51	<18	<13	<413	-25
chloroform	NG	<36	<51 1	<45.5	<65	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	-27	<51 1	<18	<13	<413	-25
1.2-dichloroethane	700	<36	<51 1	<45.5	<65	<43 0	<80 J	<37 J	-27	<51 1	<18	<13	<41 J	-25 1
2-butanone	NG	<36	<51 1	<45.5	150 1	230 1	<80 J	23/0	-27	<51	<18	<13	415	34.1
1 1 1-trichloroethane	NG	<36	<51 1	<45 1		230 0	<80 J	-37	~27	<51	<18	<13	-41	-25
carbon tetrachloride	600	<36	<51	<45.0	<65	<400	<80 J	<37 J	-27	<51 1	<18	<13	<413	<250
bromodichloromethane	NG	<36	<51 1	<45.5	<65	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 1	<18	<13	<413	<25 0
1.2-dichloropropape	NG	<36	<51.1	<45 1	<65	<43.0	<80 1	<37 J	<27 J	<51 1	<18	<13	<413	<25 1
cis-1 3-dichloropropene	NG	<36.1	<51.1	<45.1	<65	<43	<80	<37 1	<27 J	<51.1	<18	<13	<41.1	~25
trichloroethene	2000	<36.1	<51.1	<45.1	<65.1	<43	<80.1	<37	<27.1	<51.1	<18	<13	30.1	<25.1
dibromochloromethane	NG	<36.1	<51.1	<45.1	<65.1	<43.1	<80.1	<37.1	< <u>27 J</u>	<51.1	<18	<13	<u>-41</u>	<25.1
1 1 2-trichloroethane	600	<36.1	<51.1	<45.1	<65.1	<43.1	<80.1	<37.1	<27.1	<51.1	<18	<13	<41.	-25.1
benzene	600	<36.1	<51.1	<45.1	<65.1	<43.1	<80.1	<37.1	<27.1	1. 33	<18	<13	<410	<25.1
trans-1 3-dichloropropene	NG	<36.1	<51.1	<45.1	<65.1	<43.1	<80.1	<37.1	<27.1	<51.1	<18	<13	<41.1	-25.1
bromoform	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18	<13	<41.1	<25.1
4-methyl-2-pentanone	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
2-hexanone	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
tetrachloroethene	800	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
1.1.2.2-tetrachloroethane	300	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
toluene	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
chlorobenzene	3500	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
ethylbenzene	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
styrene	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
xylenes (total)	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
trichlorofluoromethane	NG	15 JN	<51 J	18NJ	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	<51 J	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
methyl-t-butyl ether	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	170 JN	360 JN	<18 J	<13	<41 J	<25 J
hexane	NG	<36 J	<51 J	<45 J	<65 J	<43 J	<80 J	<37 J	<27 J	26 JN	<18 J	<13	<41 J	12 JN

NOTES:

concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

N - Presumptive evidence of a compound.

GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

A:CMPSDVOC.XLS REV 5/95

## SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

								DUPE-01				
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	CB-01	CB-03	CB-04	CB-05	CB-06	CB-07	CB-07	CB-08	CB-09	CB-11	CB-13
DATE	(ug/Kg)	4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94
COMPOUND												
phenol	500	<390	<390	<410	<380	<100	<110	<120	<400	-440	-460	-280
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	30	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<300
2-chlorophenol	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
1.3-dichlorobenzene	12,000	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
1.4-dichlorobenzene	12.000	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
1.2-dichlorobenzene	12.000	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
2-methylphenol	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
2.2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
4-methylphenol	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<140	<400	<380
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<140	<400	<380
bexachloroethane	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<110	<120	<400	<440	<400	<300
nitrobenzene	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<110	<420	<400	<440	<400	<300
isophrone	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<100	<440	<400	<380
2-nitrophenol	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<300
2 4-dimethylphenol	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<110	<420	<400	<440	<400	<300
bis (-2-chloroethory) methane	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<300
2 4-dichlorophenol	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<300
124-trichlorobenzene	91.000	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<110	<420	<400	<440	<400	<300
nanhthalene	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<300
4-chloroaniline	NG	<390	<390	<110	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
hexachlorobutadiene	300	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
2-methylnanhthalene	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
bexachlorocyclopentaciene	4 400	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
246-trichlorophenol	4,400 NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<400	<380
2.4.5-trichlorophenol	NG	<980	<970	<1000	<960	<1000	<1000	<420	<400 J	<440	<400 J	<380 J
2.chloronaphthalana	NG	<300	<300	<110	<380	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
2-nitrogniling	NG	<080	<070	<1000	<060	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
dimothyl phtholato	NG	<300	<300	<110	<900	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
	NG	<390	<390	<410	<300	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
2.6. dinitrateluene	NG	<390	<390	<410	<300	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
2-nitroanilino	NG	<390	<070	<410	<300	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
sonanhthana	140,000	<300	<300	<1000	<900	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
2.4.dinitrophonol	NG	<090	<070	<1000	<300	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
A-nitrophonol	NG	<900	<970	<1000	<900	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
dibonzofuran	NG	<300	<970	<1000	<900	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
2 4-dinitrotoluono	NG	<390	<390	<410	<300	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
diathylphthalata	NG	<300	<300	<410	<300	<400	- 410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
A photophonyl phonylethor	NG	<390	<390	<410	<300	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
		<390	<390.0	<410 J	<360 J	<400 J	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
	NG	<390	<390	30 J	<360	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
4 6 dinitro 2 mothulphonol	NG	<900	<970	<1000	<900	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
a, o-curritto-2-metryphenoi	NG	<900	<970	<1000	<900	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
	NG	<390	<390	<410	<360	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
4-biomopheny-phenyiether	150	<390	<390 J	<410 J	<380 J	<400 J	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
nexactiorobenzelle	150	<390	<390	<410	<360	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
penachoropheno	120,000	<900	<970	<1000	<900	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1100	<950
anthracono	120,000	<300	<390	210 1	<300	<400	100 5	<420	33 J	450	<460	<380
	NG	<390	<390	2105	<300	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
din butulohtholoto	NG	<390	<390	<410 150 J	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400	<440	<460	<380
fuoranthono	1 020 000	-200	330 J	150 J	<360	<400 70 I	<410	160 J	580	<440	<460	<380
nurono	1,020,000	<390	160 1	510	60 J	79J	96 J	39 J	110 J	660	<460	45 J
butdhonzylabthalato	NG	<390 J	220 1	240 1	34 J	00 J	110 3	40 J	160 J	680	<460	64 J
2.2 dichlorohonzidino		<390 J	230 3	240 J	300 3	<400	410	550	4400 D	<440	<460	43 J
benze (a) anthracene		<390 J	<390	2410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400 J	<440	<460	<380
obrizo (a) antinacene	NG	<390 J	<390	290 J	<360	<400	<410	<420	<400 J	500	<460	<380
bis (2 othylbourd) phtholoto	100 500	<390 J	<390	220 J	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400 J	480	<460	<380
dis (2-euriymexyl) primalate	199,500	650 B	2200	1300	620 B	<400	820 B	<420	9500 JED	<440	<460	<380
	NG	<390	180 J	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400 J	<440	<460	<380
		40 J	230 J	/40	970	110 J	<410	<420	140 J	410 J	25 J	34 J
		49 J	<390	300 J	<380	89 J	<410	<420	<400 J	330 J	<460	50 J
benzo (a) pyrene	1,300	<390	<390	210 J	<380	<400	<410	<420	100 J	430 J	<460	<380
linaeno (1,2,3-ca) pyrene	NG	<390	<390	<410	<380	<400	<410	<420	<400 J	230 J	<460	<380
albenzo (a,n) anthracene	NG	<390	<390 J	<410	1400 J	<400 J	<410	<420	<400 J	140 J	<460	<380
Denzo (g,n,i) perviene	NG	<390	<390	<410	970	<400	<410	<420	<400 J	300 J	<460	<380
I enatively identified Compounds	l	8	9	9	13	10	14	5	11	5	9	13

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

B - Compound also detected in reagent blank.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

curve and should be considered estimated. D - Reported concentration value reflects dilution.

GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

#### ···--- -- - .--/ SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

LOCATION	GUIDANCE	CB-15	CB-16	CB-18	OUT-01A	OUT-01B	OUT-01C	OUT-02A	OUT-02B	OUT-02C	OUT-02D	OUT-03A
	(ug/Kg)	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
nhend	500	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460.1	<410 J	<440.1	420.1	<410.1
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	30	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410 J
2-chlorophenol	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410 J
1,3-dichlorobenzene	12,000	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
1,4-dichlorobenzene	12,000	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
1,2-dichlorobenzene	12,000	<400	<390	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<460 J	<460 J	<410 J	<440 J	<430 J	<410 J
2-methylphenol	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
4-methylphenol	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
N-ntroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<400	<460 J	<410 J	<440 J	<430 J	<410
nexachioroethane	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<400 J	<400	<410	<440	<430	<410
isophropo	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<400 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2-nitronhenol	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2.4-dimethylphenol	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2,4-dichlorophenol	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	91,000	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
naphthalene	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
4-chloroaniline	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
hexachlorobutadiene	300	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 JR	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2-methylnaphthalene	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410 J
	4,400	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<400	<400	<410	<440	<430	<410
		<400	<390	<1100	<1100	<1100	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
2-chloropaphthalene	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2-nitroaniline	NG	<1000	<970	<1100	<1100	<1100	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
dimethyl phthalate	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
acenaphthylene	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2,6-dinitrotoluene	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
3-nitroaniline	NG	<1000	<970	<1100	<1100	<1100	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
acenaphthene	140,000	<400	<390	160 J	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2,4-dinitrophenol	NG	<1000	<970	<1100	<1100	<1100	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
4-nitrophenol	NG	<1000	<970	<1100	<1100	<1100	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
dibenzofuran	NG	<400	<390	60 J	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
2,4-dinitrotoluene	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
diethylphthalate	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
4-cniorophenyi-phenylether	NG	<400 J	<390 J	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<400 J	<400 J	<410 J	<440 J	<430 J	<410 J
		<400	<390	<1100	<430	<1100	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
4-mil Odi mille		<1000	<970 2070	<1100	21100	<1100	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
n-nitrosodinhenvlemine	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	NG	<400 J	<390 J	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
hexachlorobenzene	150	<400	<390	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
pentachlorophenol	40,000	<1000	<970	<1100	<1100 J	<1100 J	<1200	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1100	<1000
phenanthrene	120,000	390 J	<390	- 370 J	30 J	<430 J	52 J	<460	23 J	<440	<430	160 J
anthracene	NG	<400	<390	250 J	<430 J	<430 J	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	35 J
carbazole	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430 J	<430 J	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	200 J	210 J	88 J	<430 J	<430 J	<460	<460	95 J	<440	<430	<410
fluoranthene	1,020,000	380 J	210 J	600	<430 J	<430 J	63 J	26 J	37 J	<440	<430	200 J
pyrene	NG	510 J	300 J	580	<430 J	<430 J	110 J	<460	28 J	<440	<430	150 J
Dutyidenzyiphinalate		110 J	140 J	/4 J	<430 J	<430 J	<400 J	<400	<410	<440	<430	<410 10</td
bonzo (a) anthracono		280 1	300.1	350.1	2430 J	<430 J	<460.1	<400	<410	<440	<430	70.1
	NG	210.1	300.1	270.1	<430.1	<430.1	<460.1	<460	<410	<440	<430	100 J
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	199 500	1000	500	<430	<430 J	120 J	83 J	49 J	39 J	96 J	98 J	81 J
di-n-octvl phthalate	NG	85 J	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
benzo (b) fluoranthene	NG	540	650	1000	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	220 J
benzo (k) fluoranthene	NG	<400	430	<430	<430	<430	110 J	<460	<410	<440	<430	230 J
benzo (a) pyrene	1,300	<400	400	340 J	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	NG	<400	<390	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	NG	<400 J	<390 J	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	NG	<400	490	<430	<430	<430	<460	<460	<410	<440	<430	<410
Tenatively Identified Compounds		12	10	3	1	0	5	10	2	7	14	2

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

B - Compound also detected in reagent blank.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

curve and should be considered estimated. D - Reported concentration value reflects dilution.

GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

NG - No Guidance Available (a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

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## SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

								DUPE-04		
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	OUT-03B	OUT-03C	OUT-04	OUT-05	OUT-06	OUT-07	OUT-07	OUT-08	OUT-09
DATE	(ug/Kg)	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
COMPOUND										
phenol	500	<510 J	<420 J	<400	<410 J	<460 J	<410 J	<410 J	<410 J	<510 J
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	30	<510 J	<420 J	<400	<410 J	<460 J	<410 J	<410 J	<410 J	<510 J
2-chlorophenol	NG	<510 J	<420 J	<400	<410	<460 J	<410	<410	<410	<510
1,3-dichlorobenzene	12,000	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
1,4-dichlorobenzene	12,000	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
1,2-dichiorobenzene	12,000	<510 J	<420 J	<400 J	<410 J	<460 J	<410 J	<410 J	<410 J	<510 J
	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410 J	<510
2,2-oxybis (1-chioropropane)	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
4-methylphenol	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410 J	<460	<410 J	<410 J	<410	<510 J
horaobletoothano		<510	<420	<400	<410 J	<460	<410 J	<410 J	<410 J	<510 J
nitrobonzono	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
isonbrone	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<400	<410	<410	<410	<510
2-nitrophenol	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<400	<410	<410	<410	<510
2 4-dimethylphenol	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2.4-dichlorophenol	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
1.2.4-trichlorobenzene	91.000	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
naphthalene	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
4-chloroaniline	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
hexachlorobutadiene	300	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2-methylnaphthalene	NG	<510 J	<420 J	<400	<410	<460 J	<410	76 J	<410	<510
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	4,400	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	NG	<1300	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1300
2-chloronaphthalene	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2-nitroaniline	NG	<1300	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1300
dimethyl phthalate	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
acenaphthylene	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2,6-dinitrotoluene	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
3-nitroaniline	NG	<1300	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1300
acenaphthene	140,000	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2,4-dinitrophenol	NG	<1300	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1300
4-nitrophenol	NG	<1300	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1300
dibenzofuran	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
2,4-dinitrotoluene	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
dietnylphthalate	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<510 J	<420 J	<400 J	<410 J	<460 J	<410 J	<410 J	<410 J	<510 J
iluorene 4. site estiline	NG	<510	<420	<400	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
4-miroanime		<1300	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1300
a,o-amuo-2-meuryphenoi		<1300	<1100	<1000 J	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1300
A-bromonbanyl phonylothor	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
heverblorobenzene	150	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<400	<410	<410	<410	<510
pentachlorophenol	40.000	<1300	<1100	<1000 J	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1000	<410	<510
phenanthrene	120,000	<510	<420	<400.1	99.1	77.1	37.1	37.1	34.1	270 1
anthracene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	37.1
carbazole	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	99.1
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	<510	90 J	<400 J	62 J	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510
fluoranthene	1,020,000	29 J	55 J	24 J	110 J	100 J	<410	<410	58 J	250 J
pyrene	NG	32 J	46 J	35 J	93 J	100 J	24 J	<410	60 J	320 J
butylbenzylphthalate	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460 J	<410	<410	<410	<510 J
3,3-dichlorobenzidine	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460 J	<410	<410	<410	<510 J
benzo (a) anthracene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	63 J	<460 J	<410	<410	<410	140 J
chrysene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	59 J	<460 J	<410	<410	<410	160 J
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	199,500	37 J	150 J	110 J	200 J	170 J	36 J	27 J	43 J	170 J
di-n-octyl phthalate	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510 J
benzo (b) fluoranthene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	78 J	<410	<410	55 J	440 J
benzo (k) fluoranthene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	45 J	<410	<410	26 J	<510 J
benzo (a) pyrene	1,300	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510 J
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510 J
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510 J
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	NG	<510	<420	<400 J	<410	<460	<410	<410	<410	<510 J
Tenatively Identified Compounds		4	6	9	7	8	17	19	9	16

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

B - Compound also detected in reagent blank.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit. E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

curve and should be considered estimated.

Curve and should be considered estimated.
 D - Reported concentration value reflects dilution.
 GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993
 NG - No Guidance Available

 (a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-3 SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

	LOCATION DATE	GUIDANCE (ug/Kg)	CB-01 4/25/94	CB-03 4/27/94	CB-04 4/27/94	CB-05 4/26/94	CB-06 4/26/94	CB-07 4/26/94	DUPE-01 CB-07 4/26/94	CB-08 4/26/94	CB-09 4/26/94	CB-11 4/26/94	CB-13 4/26/94	CB-15 4/27/94	CB-16 4/26/94	CB-18 4/27/94	OUT-01A 5/2/94	OUT-01B 5/2/94	OUT-01C 5/2/94	OUT-02A 4/29/94	OUT-02B 4/29/94	OUT-02C 4/29/94	OUT-02D 4/29/94	OUT-03A 4/29/94
COMPOUN	D																							
alpha-BHC		NG	<9.8	<6.6 J	<7.0 J	<9.6 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<6.8 J	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8 J	<6.6 J	<7.4 J	<7.7 J	0.51 J	0.22 J	0.19 JP	<6.9 J	<1.5 J	<1.5 J	<7.0
beta-BHC		NG	<9.8	<6.6 J	<7.0 J	<9.6	<10	<10	<10	<6.8 J	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8 J	<6.6 J	<7.4 J	<7.7	<7.3	<7.9	0.39 JP	<6.9	0.16 JP	<1.5	<7.0
delta-BHC		NG	<9.8	<6.6	<7.0	<9.6	<10	<10	<10	<6.8	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8	<6.6	<7.4	0.33 JP	0.64 JP	<7.9 J	0.26 JP	<6.9	0.08 JP	<1.5	0.28 JP
gamma-BHC	(lindane)	NG	<9.8	<6.6	<7.0	<9.6 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<6.8	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8	<6.6	<7.4	<7.7 J	<7.3 J	<7.9 J	<3.1	<6.9	<1.5 J	<1.5	<7.0 J
heptachlor		0.8	<9.8	<6.6 J	<7.0 J	<9.6 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<6.8 J	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8 J	<6.6 J	<7.4 J	<7.7 J	<7.3 J	<7.9 J	<3.1 J	<6.9 J	<1.5 J	<1.5 J	2.3 JP
aldrin		100	<9.8	<6.6	1.0 JP	0.33 JP	<10	<10	<10	<6.8	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8	<6.6	1.5 JP	0.27 JP	0.63 JP	0.45 JP	1.6 J	<6.9	<1.5 J	<1.5	1.8 JP
heptachlor e	poxide	0.8	<9.8	<6.6	<7.0	<9.6	<10	<10	<10	<6.8	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8	<6.6	<7.4	<7.7 J	<7.3 J	<7.9 J	<3.1	<6.9	<1.5 J	<1.5	0.54 JP
endosulfan I		30	<9.8	<6.6 J	<7.0 J	0.46 JP	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<6.8 J	<11	<11	<9.5	<6.8 J	<6.6 J	<7.4 J	0.42 JP	<7.3 J	0.50 JP	<3.1	<6.9	<1.5 J	<1.5	<7.0 J
dieldrin		100	<20	<13 J	<14 J	0.71 J	<20 J	<20 J	<21 J	<13 J	27	33	<19	<13 J	<13 J	1.6 J	<15	<14	<15	37	4.8 J	0.11 J	0.08 J	22 JP
4,4' - DDE		NG	2.6 J	<13	<14	1.0 JP	<20	<20	<21	2.4 J	9.4 J	78	2.3 JP	2.0 JP	<13	2.2 JP	7.3 J	52	11 J	20	75	3.8 J	2.5 J	4.2 JP
endrin		800	0.29 JP	<13 J	<14 J	<19 J	<20 J	<20 J	<21 J	<13 J	<22	<23	<19	<13 J	<13 J	<14 J	<15	<14	0.59 JP	<6.0 J	<13 J	<2.9 J	<2.8 J	1.4 JP
endosulfan I		30	0.69 JP	<13	2.0 JP	0.86 J	<20	<20	<21	<13	<22	<23	2.2 JP	1.4 JP	<13	2.5 JP	1.1 JP	<14	<15	<6.0	<13	0.10 JP	<2.8	2.0 JP
4,4' - DDD		NG	<20	<13 J	<14 J	<19 J	<20 J	<20 J	<21 J	<13 J	1.9 JP	4.3 J	<19	<13 J	<13 J	<14 J	3.9 JP	31	6.8 JP	2.7 JP	7.9 JP	0.88 JP	0.55 JP	2.1 JP
endosulfan s	ulfate	NG	<20	<13	<14	0.62 JP	<20	<20	<21	<13	<22	1.5 JP	<19	<13	<13	<14	1.8 JP	1.5 J	1.9 JP	<6.0 J	0.88 JP	0.12 JP	0.30 JP	0.81 JP
4,4' - DDT		NG	3.3 JP	<13 J	<14 J	1.8 J	<20 J	<20 J	<21 J	<13 J	10 J	27 JP	5.9 J	7.3 J	<13 J	<14 J	5.0 JP	17 J	5.9 JP	20 J	97 J	6.0 J	4.2 J	9.6 JP
methoxychio	r l	600	<98 J	<66 J	<70 J	<96	<100 J	<100 J	<100 J	<68 J	<110	<110 J	<95	<68 J	<66 J	<74 J	<77 J	<73 J	<79	<31 J	<69 J	0.30 JP	<15 J	<70 J
endrin keton	<b>)</b>	NG	<20	<13	<14	<19	<20	<20	<21	<13	<22	<23	<19	<13	<13	<14	<15	<14	<15	<b>&lt;6</b> .0	<13	<2.9 J	<2.8	<14
endrin aldeh	/de	NG	<20	<13 J	<14 J	<19 J	<20	<20	<21	<13 J	<22	2.2 JP	<19	3.9 JP	<13 J	<14 J	<15 J	<14 J	<15 J	<6.0	<13	<2.9 J	<2.8	<14 J
alpha - chior	dane	1.0	2.5 JP	1.5 JP	<7.0	<9.6	<10	<10	<10	<6.8	23	20	<9.5	<6.8	<6.6	<7.4	<7.7 J	<7.3 J	<7.9 J	4.9	3.2 J	<13.5 J	<1.5	23 J
gamma - chk	ordane	1.0	<9.8	<6.6	<7.0	<9.6	<10	<10	<10	<6.8	20	13	<9.5	<6.8	<6.6	<7.4	<7.7	<7.3	<7.9	4.5	3.1 J	<1.5 J	<1.5	22
toxaphene		10	<980 J	<660	<700 J	<960	<1000	<1000	<1000	<680 J	<1100 J	<1100	<950	<680 J	<660 J	<740	<770	<730	<790	<310	<690	<150 J	<150	<700
arocior - 101	6	0.8	<200 J	<130	<140 J	<190	<200	<200	<210	<130 J	<220 J	<230	<190	<130 J	<130 J	<140	<150	<140	<150	<60	<130	<29	<28	<140
arocior - 122	1	0.8	<390 J	<260	<280 J	<380	<400	<410	<410	<270 J	<440 J	<460	<380	<270 J	<260 J	<290	<300	<290	<310	<120	<270	<60	<57	<280
aroclor - 123	2	0.8	<200 J	<130	<140 J	<190	<200	<200	<210	<130 J	<220 J	<230	<190	<130 J	<130 J	<140	<150	<140	<150	<60	<130	<29	<28	<140
aroclor - 124	2	0.8	<200 J	<130	<140 J	<190	<200	<200	<210	<130 J	<220 J	<230	<190	<130 J	<130 J	<140	<150	<140	<150	· <60	<130	<29	<28	<140
aroclor - 124	8	0.8	<200 J	<130	<140 J	<190	<200	<200	<210	<130 J	<220 J	<230	<190	<130 J	<130 J	<140	<150	<140	<150	<60	<130	<29	<28	<140
arocior - 125	4	0.8	110 JP	66 JP	<140 J	<190	<200	<200	<210	150 J	<220 J	<230	<190	180 J	<130 J	110 JP	67 JP	<140	<150	24 JP	<130	<29	<28	350 JP
aroclor - 126	0	0.8	<200 J	<130	<140 J	<190	<200	<200	<210	<130 J	<220 J	<230	<190	<130 J	<130 J	<140	<150	<140	<150	<60	<130	<29	<28	<140

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#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

P - The percent difference between concentration values calculated

on both columns was greater than 25% D.

GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-3 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

								DUPE-04		
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	OUT-03B	OUT-03C	OUT-04	OUT-05	OUT-06	OUT-07	OUT-07	OUT-08	OUT-09
DATE	(ug/Kg)	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
COMPOUND										
alpha-BHC	NG	<17	<7.2 J	<6.8 J	<7.0	<7.8 J	<6.9 J	<6.9 J	<8.3	<8.7
beta-BHC	NG	<17	<7.2	<6.8	1.5 JP	<7.8	<6.9	<6.9	<8.3	<8.7
delta-BHC	NG	1.6 JP	<7.2 J	<6.8	0.18 JP	<7.8	0.43 JP	<6.9	<8.3 J	<8.7 J
gamma-BHC (lindane)	NG	<17 J	<7.2 J	<6.8 J	<7.0 J	<7.8	<6.9	<6.9	<8.3 J	<8.7 J
heptachlor	0.8	<17 J	0.58 JP	<6.8 J	<7.0 J	<7.8 J	<6.9 J	<6.9 J	<8.3 J	<8.7 J
aldrin	100	<17 J	0.81 JP	0.72 JP	0.88 JP	<7.8	0.45 JP	0.71 JP	<8.3 J	0.44 JP
heptachlor epoxide	0.8	<17 J	<7.2 J	<6.8 J	<7.0 J	<7.8	<6.9	<6.9	<8.3 J	<8.7 J
endosulfan l	30	<17 J	1.7 JP	<6.8 J	<7.0 J	0.78 JP	0.65 JP	0.80 J	<8.3 J	<8.7 J
dieldrin	100	<17	12 J	<13	<14	0.58 JP	<13	<13	3.4 JP	18
4,4' - DDE	NG	5.2 JP	3.0 J	3.3 JP	2.0 JP	1.6 JP	<13	<13	1.4 JP	34
əndrin	800	<17	<14	<13	<14	<15 J	<13 J	<13 J	0.53 JP	<17
endosulfan II	30	<34	2.6 JP	1.6 JP	1.8 JP	<15	1.5 JP	1.1 JP	1.2 JP	<17
4,4' - DDD	NG	5.5 JP	<14	<13	<14	1.4 JP	<13	<13	0.49 JP	3.3 JP
endosulfan sulfate	NG	<34 J	1.7 JP	1.2 JP	1.0 JP	0.89 JP	0.87 JP	<13 J	1.5 JP	1.1 JP
4,4' - DDT	NG	27 JP	4.5 JP	2.1 JP	3.6 J	<15 J	<13 J	<13 J	2.1 JP	14 J
methoxychlor	600	<170 J	<72 J	<68 J	<70 J	<78 J	<69 J	<69 J	2.5 JP	<87 J
endrin ketone	NG	<34	1.8 JP	<13	<14	<15	<13	<13	<16	<17
endrin aldehyde	NG	7.8 JP	<7.2	<13 J	<14 J	<15	<13	<13	<16 J	<17 J
alpha - chlordane	1.0	61 J	<7.2 J	1.3 JP	1.2 JP	<7.8	<6.9	<6.9	<8.3 J	8.7 J
gamma - chlordane	1.0	54	7.4	<6.8	<7.0	0.34 JP	<6.9	<6.9	1.2 JP	8.2 J
toxaphene	10	<1700	<720	<680	<700	<780	<690	<690	<830	<870
aroclor - 1016	0.8	<340	<140 J	<130	<140	<150 J	<130	<130 Ĵ	<160	<170
aroclor - 1221	0.8	<690	<280 J	<270	<280	<310 J	<270	<270 J	<330	<340
aroclor - 1232	0.8	<340	<140 J	<130	<140	<150 J	<130	<130 J	<160	<170
aroclor - 1242	0.8	<340	<140 J	<130	<140	<150 J	<130	<130 J	<160	<170
aroclor - 1248	0.8	<340	<140 J	<130	<140	<150 J	<130	<130 J	<160	<170
aroclor - 1254	0.8	2900	170 JP	100 J	63 J	<150 J	<130	<130 J	65 J	<170
aroclor - 1260	0.8	<340	<140 J	<130	<140	<150 J	<130	<130 J	<160	<170

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

P - The percent difference between concentration values calculated

on both columns was greater than 25% D. GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-4 SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

	GUIDANCE	CB-01	CB-03	CB-04	CB-05	CB-06	CB-07	DUPE-01 CB-07	CB-08	CB-09	CB-11	CB-13	CB-15	CB-16	CB-18		OUT-01E	OUT-01C	OUT-02A	OUT-02B	OUT-02C
DATE	(ua/Ka)	4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	4/26/94	4/27/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
ANALYTE																				1	
aluminum	NG	3880 EJ	2140 EJ	2500 EJ	2110 JE	2680 JE	2050 JE	3390 JE	4680 JE	12000 JE	5770 JE	2040 JE	1780 JE	4520 JE	1570 JE	8490	13700	11000	7700	4090	6690
antimony	2,000	<13.1 JN	<12.9 JN	<13.7 JN	25.5 JN	<13.4 JN	<13.5 JN	<13.9 JN	<13.4 JN	<14.6 JN	<15.2 JN	<12.6 JN	<13.4 JN	<12.9 JN	<14.4 JN	<15	<14.2	<15.4	<15.2	<13.5	<14.8
arsenic	6,000	2.1 B	2.6	3.8	2.6	2.1 B	1.8 B	2.4 B	14.4	3.4	3.0	1.8 B	2.3 B	2.1 B	2.9	21.1 JN	7.4 JN	6.5 JN	4.0 S	2.3 B	3.4
barium	NG	34.1 B	<1.2	14.7 B	<1.1	7.4 B	2.1 B	6.4 B	7.0 B	42.3 B	39.2 B	1.6 B	4.9 B	19.4 B	<1.3	27.3 B	47.7 B	49.7 B	33.9 B	19.8 B	19.1 B
beryllium	NG	0.39 B	<0.21	0.34 B	0.26 B	0.33 B	0.34 B	0.35 B	0.40 B	0.58 B	0.38 B	0.38 B	0.33 B	0.39 B	0.29 B	0.63 B	0.80 B	0.86 B	0.40 B	<0.22	<0.24
cadmium	600	7.8	0.86 B	0.67 B	<0.55	<0.58	1.4	1.3	1.5	<0.63	<0.66	<0.55	0.65 B	0.71 B	1.3	1.7 J	<0.62 J	1.8 J	3.2 JN	1.7 JN	<0.64 N
calcium	NG	129000 EJ	222000 EJ	133000 EJ	187000 JE	126000 JE	212000 JE	162000 JE	152000 JE	16400 JE	16800 JE	150000 JE	119000 JE	108000 JE	121000 JE	93700	22500	63000	2080	6070	1490
chromium	26,000	15.1 NJ	5.3 JN	28.1 NJ	22.8 JN	16.1 JN	24.5 JN	11.5 JN	24.0 JN	10.5 JN	12.7 JN	2.7 JN	19.4 JN	13.8 JN	16.1 JN	16.4	9.4	16.8	7.6	4	4.6
cobalt	NG	4.2 B	<4.0	4.6 B	4.8 B	<4.1	4.4 B	<4.2	4.7 B	<4.5	<4.7	<3.9	<4.1	<4.0	<4.4	6.6 B	6.2 B	6.7 B	<4.7	<4.1	5.4 B
copper	16,000	43.1 R	220 J	38.1 R	145 R	23.7 R	1330 J	R	57.8 R	45.3 R	30.0 R	21.5 R	197 J	35.6 R	58.7 R	88.1	31.2	66.6	108	25.6	17.1
iron	2,000,000	10600 EJ	7830 EJ	8460 EJ	10800 JE	7380 JE	17000 JE	13000 EJ	15000 JE	6190 JE	6500 JE	6200 JE	7430 JE	10400 JE	6300 JE	19700	12400	17000	10200	7360	9670
lead	31,000	79.0 NJ	40.1 NJ	182 NJ	58.2 JN	47.8 JN	457 JN	80.8 JN	85.9 JN	97.2 JN	90.6 JN	14.6 JN	96.6 JN	49.6 JN	90.6 JN	146 JN	<13.9 JN	<44.1 JNW	20.1 JW	19.4 WJ	8.2 WJ
magnesium	NG	5910 EJ	19700 EJ	9740 EJ	17200 JE	10800 JE	18900 JE	14100 JE	12600 JE	10400 JE	4790 JE	13200 JE	10100 JE	10600 JE	11600 JE	12900	3110	7470	1660	2960	1360
manganese	460,000	333 EJ	313 EJ	398 EJ	768 JE	479 JE	284 JE	724 JE	571 JE	309 JE	584 JE	497 JE	340 JE	737 JE	376 JE	630	185	674	133	244	111
mercury	150	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.11 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.13 JN	<0.14 JN	<0.11 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.13 JN	<0.14 JN	<0.13 JN	<0.14 JN	<0.14 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.13 JN
nickel	16,000	16.5	13.1	10.7	12.3	11.1	115	15	18.9	14.2	6.2 B	7.9 B	9.3 B	11.4	9.5 B	17.9 J	13.5 J	19.1 J	9.5 B	5.7 B	7.6 B
potassium	NG	<562	<556	<590	<549	<576	<583	<598	<576	<629	<655	<543	<576	<556	<621	<646	875 B	1340 B	<655	<583	<637
selenium	NG	<0.54 JN	<0.53 JNW	<0.57 JN	<0.53 JN	<0.55 JN	>0.56 JNW	<0.58 JNW	<2.8 JNW	<0.61 JN	<0.53 JN	<0.52 JNW	<0.55 JNW	<0.53 JNW	<0.60 JN	<0.62 JW	<0.59	<0.64	<0.63 JW	<0.56 JW	<0.61 JW
silver	1,000	<1.8 R	<1.8 R	<1.9 NR	<1.8 NR	<1.9 NR	<1.9 NR	<1.9 NR	<1.9 NR	67.6 JN	<2.1 NH	<1.8 NH	<1.9 NH	<1.8 NH	<2.0 NR	<2.1 JN	<2.0 JN	<2.1 JN	<2.1 NJ	<1.9 NJ	<2.1 NJ
sodium	NG	144 B	233 B	155 B	<106	<112	<113	<116	<112	<122	<127	177 B	<112	<108	<120	<125 R	<119 R	153 BJ	<127	182 B	<123
thallium	NG	<1.4	<1.4	<1.5	<1.4	<1.4	<1.5	<1.5	<1.4	<1.6	<1.6	<1.4	<1.4	<1.4	<1.6	<0.54 N	<0.54 N	<1.7 N	<1.6	<1.5	<1.6 WJ
vanadium	NG	8.6 B	6.1 B	12.7	10.1 B	10.6 B	13.2	14.2	22.7	9.1 B	8.9 B	7.5 B	10.1 B	15	10.6 B	13.0 B	15.5	21	8.2 B	6.0 B	8.2 B
ZINC	120,000	2150 ENJ	98.2 ENJ	82.9 ENJ	64.8 KEN	53.0 ENR	198 JNE	115 JEN	263 JEN	142 JEN	83.0 JNE	92.9 JEN	483 JEN	127 JEN	246 JEN	395	58.8	364	162	77.2	45.1
cyanice	NG	<1.2 K	<1.2 H	<1.2 H	<1.1 H	<1.2 H	<1.2 H	<u>&lt;1.1 H</u>	<1.2 H	<1.3 R	<1.4 H	<1.1 H	<1.2 R	<1.2 H	<1.3 H	<1.4 J	<1.4 J	<1.4 J	<1. <b>4</b>	<1.2	<1.3

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).
- B Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit,
- but less than the contract required detection limit.
- E Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.
- N Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits.
- W Post digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is outside of control limits (85-115%),
- while sample absorbence is less than 50% of spike absorbence.
- J Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit. GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

  - R Data rejected by data validator.
  - NG No Guidance Available
  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
  - (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-4 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - SEDIMENT MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

				1						DUPE-04		
	GUIDANCE		OUT-03A	OUT-03B	OUT-03C	OUT-04	OUT-05	OUT-06	OUT-07	OUT-07	OUT-08	OUT-09
		4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	4/29/94
DAIL	(ug/tg)	4/20/04	4/20/04	4/20/04	1,20,01	0.201						
ANALYIE									4400	4570	4470	0000
aluminum	NG	7150	4250	8370	3390	5770	3420	2840	1400	1570	4470	9220
antimony	2,000	<14.2	<13.7	<17.1	<14.1	<13.4	<13.7	<15.2	<13.5	<13.5	<16.3	<1/.1
arsenic	6,000	3.2	4.8 JN	5.5 JN	2.3 BJN	<1.3 NR	2.2 BJN	1.1 B	<5.5	<5.5	6.0 JN	11.9 JN
barium	NG	24.5 B	64.4	36.3 B	12.4 B	3.3 B	<1.2	3.8 B	<1.2	<1.2	31.1 B	52.6 B
beryllium	NG	0.37 B	0.38 B	0.48 B	0.49 B	0.56 B	0.38 B	0.30 B	<0.22	<0.22	0.46 B	0.72 B
cadmium	600	0.73 BJN	1.7 J	2.5 J	1.8 J	<0.58	2.1 J	<0.66 N	<0.59 N	<0.59 N	0.79 BJ	1.5 BJ
calcium	NG	5610	118000	9020	84200	142000	136000	52400	171000	192000	110000	31400
chromium	26,000	6.9	9.4	27.4	20.6	10.4	10.7	17.0	4.5	0.94 B	11.7	19.5
cobalt	NG	5.5 B	4.5 B	6.5 B	<4.3	<4.1	<4.2	<4.7	<4.1	<4.1	<5.0	8.1 B
copper	16,000	42.5	67.7	111	73.1	22.6	25.0	21.0	8.2	8.5	32.3	27.8
iron	2,000,000	11200	17700	13700	10700	11500	10600	5870	5500	5880	18500	16400
lead	31,000	14.1 WJ	54.0 JN	60.9 JN	72.8 JN	<51.8 JN	35.3 JN	88.8	26.9	7.9 WJ	102 JN	85.8 JN
magnesium	NG	2020	8360	3540	7460	12000	10000	6700	14700	16700	44200	6590
manganese	460,000	142	525	361	472	273	407	117	211	247	916	625
mercury	150	<0.13 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.15 JN	<0.13 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.14 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.15 JN	<0.15 JN
nickel	16,000	9.9 B	14.6 J	16.4 J	14.6 J	8.6 B	10.4 J	6.6 B	5.9 B	5.0 B	9.1 BJ	14.1
potassium	NG	<613	<590	846 B	<605	603 B	625 B	<655	<583	<583	<703	1120 B
selenium	NG	<0.59 JW	<0.57 JW	<0.71 JN	<0.58 JW	<0.55 JW	<0.57 JW	<0.63	<0.56 JW	<0.56 JW	<0.68 JW	<0.71
silver	1,000	<2.0 NJ	<1.9 JN	<2.4 JN	<1.9 JN	<1.9 JN	<1.9 JN	<2.1 JN	<1.9 JN	<1.9 NJ	<2.3 JN	<2.4 JN
sodium	NG	<119	<114 R	<142 R	<117 R	<112 R	<114 R	363 B	191 B	162 B	<136 R	995 BJ
thallium	NG	<1.5 WJ	<0.52 N	<0.65 JNW	<0.53 N	<0.51 N	<0.52 JNW	<1.6	<1.5	<1.5	<0.62 N	<0.65 N
vanadium	NG	9.2 B	6.6 B	15.0 B	10.7 B	13.5	10.9 B	12.5 B	4.0 B	4.6 B	10.3 B	18.3
zinc	120,000	120	120	153	112	70.3	315	83.5	41.6	36.3	85.3	675
cyanide	NG	<1.3	<1.2 J	<1.5 J	<1.3 J	<1.2 J	<1.2 J	<1.4 J	<1.2	<1.2	<1.5 J	3.7

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

B - Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit,

but less than the contract required detection limit.

E - Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.

N - Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits.

W - Post digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is outside of control limits (85-115%),

while sample absorbence is less than 50% of spike absorbence.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

GUIDANCE - Technical Guidance for Screening Contaminated Sediments, NYSDEC, 22 November 1993

R - Data rejected by data validator.

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

A:CMPSDTAL.XLS REV 5/95



## TABLE G-6 SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

			<b>_</b>		_	_	_							DUPE-02				1		
BOHING		B-101	B-101	B-102	B-102	B-103	B-103	B-108	B-108	B-109	B-109	B-110	B-110	B-110	B-111	B-112	B-112	B-113	B-114	B-114
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	3-5	5-7	3-5	5-7	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	7-9	7-9	8-10	3-5	9-11	8-10	5-7	7-9
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/25/94	5/4/94	5/4/94
COMPOUND																				
chloromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
bromomethane	NG	<12 J	<12 J	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14 J	<12	<12
vinyl chloride	200	<12 J	<12 J	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14 J	<12	<12
chloroethane	1,900	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
methylene chloride	100	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<16	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	6 J	7 J	<14	<14	<13
acetone	200	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<65	42	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	68	<11	<11	120	<12	65
carbon disulfide	2,700	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,1-dichloroethene	400	<12	<12	<13	<13	7 J	36	<12	40 J	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,1-dichloroethane	200	<12	<12	<13	<13	190	340 EJ	2 J	660	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	4 J	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,2-dichloroethene	300	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	8 J
chloroform	300	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	0.8 J	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	1 J	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,2-dichloroethane	100	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
2-butanone	300	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,1,1-trichloroethane	800	<12	<12	<13	<13	48	530 EJ	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
carbon tetrachloride	600	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
bromodichloromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,2-dichloropropane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	300	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
trichloroethene	700	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
dibromochloromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,1,2-trichloroethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
benzene	60	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	31	<12	<12
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	300	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<1 <b>1</b>	<11	<14	<12	<12
bromoform	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
4-methyl-2-pentanone	1,000	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
2-hexanone	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
tetrachioroethene	1,400	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	600	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12 J	<61 J	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13 J	<12 J	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
toluene	1,500	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	6 J	<12	<12
chlorobenzene	1,700	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	< <b>1</b> 1	<11	<14	<12	<12
ethylbenzene	5,500	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	42	<12	<12
styrene	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12
xylenes (total)	1,200	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	41	<12	<12
trichlorofluoromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<61	<12 J	<12	<11 J	<13	<12	<15	<11	<11	<14	<12	<12

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

curve and should be considered estimated.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil

Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

## TABLE G-6 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

BORING DEPTH (ft) DATE COLLECTED	GUIDANCE (ug/Kg)	B-115 2-3 4/28/94	B-115 5-6 4/28/94	B-116 4-6 4/27/94	B-116 8-10 4/27/94	B-117 2-4 4/27/94	B-117 6-8 4/27/94	B-118 3-5 4/27/94	B-118 7-9 4/27/94	B-119 3-5 4/27/94	B-119 7-9 4/27/94	B-120 2-4 4/26/94	B-121 0-3 4/25/94	B-124 3-5 4/25/94	B-124 7-9 4/25/94	E}-125 3-5 4/26/94	B-125 7-9 4/26/94	B-129 3-5 5/5/94	DUPE-06 B-129 3-5 5/5/94	B-129 9-11 5/5/94
COMPOUND																				
chloromethane	NG	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
bromomethane	NG	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12 J	<12 J	<12 J	<11 J	<11 J	<11	<11	<12
vinyl chloride	200	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12 J	<12 J	<12 J	<11 J	<11 J	<11	<11	<12
chloroethane	1,900	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
methylene chloride	100	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	10 J	5 J	4 J	4 J	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<22	14
acetone	200	90	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	15	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	15
carbon disulfide	2,700	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,1-dichloroethene	400	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,1-dichloroethane	200	<13	6 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,2-dichloroethene	300	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
chloroform	300	3 J	2 J	2 J	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,2-dichloroethane	100	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
2-butanone	300	<13	<12	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,1,1-trichloroethane	800	<13	2 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
carbon tetrachloride	600	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
bromodichloromethane	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,2-dichloropropane	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	300	<13	<12 J	<11	<12 J	<10 J	<11 J	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
trichlorœthene	700	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
dibromochloromethane	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,1,2-trichloroethane	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
benzene	60	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	300	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
bromoform	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
4-methyl-2-pentanone	1,000	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
2-hexanone	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
tetrachloroethene	1,400	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	3 J	<12	3 J	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	600	<13 J	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
toluene	1,500	7 J	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
chlorobenzene	1,700	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
ethylbenzene	5,500	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
styrene	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
xylenes (total)	1,200	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	<11	<15	<12	<13	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12
trichlorofluoromethane	NG	<13	<12 J	<11	<12	<10	17	<15	<12	1 J	12 J	<13	<12	<12	<12	<11	<11	<11	<11	<12

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

curve and should be considered estimated.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil

Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

## TABLE G-6 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

			DUPE-05		-						DUPE-09					1			
BORING		B-130	B-130	B-130	B-131	B-131	B-132	B-132	B-133	B-133	B-133	B-134	B-134	B-135	B-135	B-136	B-136	MW-26D	MW-26D
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	3-5	3-5	<del>9</del> -11	3-5	7-9	3-5	5-7	1-3	5-7	5-7	1-3	7-9	1-3	7-9	1-3	7-9	3-5	11-13
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	5/4/94	5/4/94	5/4/94	5/4/94	5/4/94	5/5/94	5/5/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/10/94	5/3/94	5/3/94
COMPOUND																		1	
chloromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
bromomethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
vinyl chloride	200	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
chloroethane	1,900	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
methylene chloride	100	<13	<12	<13	<16	<12	<12	<23	<13	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
acetone	200	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	53	41
carbon disulfide	2,700	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
1,1-dichloroethene	400	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
1,1-dichloroethane	200	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
1,2-dichloroethene	300	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
chloroform	300	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	1J	3 J
1,2-dichloroethane	100	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
2-butanone	300	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
1,1,1-trichloroethane	800	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	9 J	<13
carbon tetrachloride	600	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13 J
bromodichloromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
1,2-dichloropropane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	300	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
trichloroethene	700	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
dibromochloromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
1,1,2-trichloroethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
benzene	60	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	2 J	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	300	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
bromotorm	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
4-memyi-2-pentanone	1,000	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
	NG 1.400	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
	1,400	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	. <12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
	1.500	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
	1,500	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
	5,700	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13
eutypenzene	5,500 NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	
Styrene	1 200	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12 -12	<13	<12	200
trichlorofluoromothono	1,200 NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12 -12	<13	<12	
unchioroniuoromethane	NG	<12	<12	<13	<12	<12	<12	<12	<10	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	<13	<12	<13

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

curve and should be considered estimated.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil

Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

## TABLE G-7 SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

									DUPE-08		T
BORING		B-101	B-101	B-102	B-102	B-103	B-103	B-104	B-104	B-104	B-105
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	3-5	5-7	3-5	5-7	3-5	7-9	5-7	5-7	7-9	5-7
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94
COMPOUND											
pnenol bia ( 2 ablarrathul) athar	30 OF MDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
Dis (-2-chioroetriyi) ether		<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
	800	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
		<410	<440	<410	<420	<410 J	<450 J	<400 J	<400 J	<390 J	<370 J
		<410	<440	<410	<420	<410 J	<450 J	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
2,2-0xybis (1-chloropropane)		<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
4-metryphenor	900	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
hexachloroothana	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
nitobonzono		<410	<440	<410	<420	<410 J	<450 J	<400 J	<400 J	<390 J	<370 J
isophrono	200 01 MIDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
	220 or MDI	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
2-httophenol	330 OF MDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
2,4-dimetryphenor	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
Dis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	NG 400	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
	400	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
1,2,4-trichloropenzene	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
naphthalene	13,000	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
4-chioroaniline	220 or MDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
nexachiorobutadiene	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	240 or MDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
2-methylnaphthalene	36,400	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390	<370
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<990	<980 J	<940
2-chloronaphthalene	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
2-nitroaniline	430 or MDL	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<990	<980 J	<940
dimethyl phthalate	2,000	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
acenaphthylene	41,000	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
2,6-dinitrotoluene	1,000	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
3-nitroaniline	500 or MDL	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<990	<980 J	<940
acenaphthene	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
2,4-dinitrophenol	200 or MDL	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<990	<980 J	<940
4-nitrophenol	100 or MDL	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<990	<980 J	<940
dibenzofuran	6,200	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
2,4-dinitrotoluene	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
diethylphthalate	7,100	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400	<390 J	<370
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410 J	<450 J	<400 J	<400 J	<390 J	<370 J
fluorene	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390 J	<370
4-nitroaniline	NG	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<990	<980 J	<940
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	NG	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000	<990 J	<980	<940
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
hexachlorobenzene	410	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
pentachiorophenol	1,000 or MDL	<1000	<1100	<1000	<1100	<1000 J	<1100 J	<1000 J	<990 J	<980	<940 J
phenanthrene	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
anthracene	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
carbazole	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
d⊦n-butylphthalate	NG	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
fluoranthene	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
pyrene	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410 J	<450 J	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
butylbenzylphthalate	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450 J	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
3,3-dichlorobenzidine	N/A	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450 J	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
benzo (a) anthracene	224 or MDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450 J	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
chrysene	400	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450 J	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450 J	30 J	<400 J	<390	<370
di-n-octyl phthalate	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
benzo (b) fluoranthene	1,100	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
benzo (k) fluoranthene	1,100	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
benzo (a) pyrene	61 or MDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	3,200	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	14 or MDL	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	50,000*	<410	<440	<410	<420	<410	<450	<400	<400 J	<390	<370
I enatively identified Compounds	L	6	2	5	9	2	3	19	10	3	6

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994
 NG - No Guidance Available
 (a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-7 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

BODING		B 105	B 109	B 108	P 100	P 100	D 140	D 440	DUPE-02	D 444	D (10
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	7-9	3-5	7-9	B-109 3-5	9-109 9-11	B-110 3-5	B-110 7-9	B-110 7-9	B-111 8-10	B-112 3-5
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	5/6/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/25/94	4/27/94
COMPOUND											
phenol bis (-2 chloroothyl) othor	30 or MDL	<400	<390 J	840 J	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2-chlorophenol	800	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
1 3-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<400	<380
1.4-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
1,2-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400 J	<390 J	<410 J	<410 J	<400 J	<370 J	<410 J	<400 J	<460	<380
2-methylphenol	100 or MDL	<400	<390	<410	<410 J	<400 J	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
4-methylphenol	900	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<400	<390 J	<410 J	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
nexachioroethane	NG 200 or MDI	<400 J	<390	<410	<410 J	<400 J	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
isophrone	4 400	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2-nitrophenol	330 or MDL	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2,4-dimethylphenol	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2,4-dichlorophenol	400	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
naphthalene	13,000	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
4-chloroaniline	220 or MDL	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
		<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<3/0	<410	<400	<460	<380
4-cnioro-3-metnyipnenoi 2-methylnanhthalono	36 400	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<400	<380
hexachlorocyclopentaciene	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<400 <460	<300
2.4.6-trichlorophenol	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2.4.5-trichlorophenol	100	<990	<970	<1000	<1000	<990	<940	<1000	<990	<1200 J	<960
2-chloronaphthalene	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2-nitroaniline	430 or MDL	<990	<970	<1000	<1000	<990	<940	<1000	<990	<1200	<960
dimethyl phthalate	2,000	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
acenaphthylene	41,000	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
2,6-dinitrotoluene	1,000	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
3-nitroaniline	500 or MDL	<990	<9/0	<1000	<1000	<990	<940	<1000	<990	<1200	<960
acenaphthene 2.4. dinitrophonol	200 or MDI	<400 _000	<390	<410	<410	<400	<3/0	<410	<400	<460	<380
A-nitrophenol	100 or MDI	<990	~970 ~970	<1000	<1000	<990	<940 2940	<1000	<990	<1200	<900 ~060
dibenzofuran	6 200	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<300
2.4-dinitrotoluene	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
diethylphthalate	7,100	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<400 J	<390 J	<410 J	<410 J	<400 J	<370 J	<410 J	<400 J	<460	<380 J
fluorene	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
4-nitroaniline	NG	<990	<970	<1000	<1000	<990	<940	<1000	<990	<1200	<960
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	NG	<990	<970	<1000	<1000	<990	<940	<1000	<990	<1200	<960
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
4-promopnenyi-pnenyiether	NG 410	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<3/0	<410	<400	<460	<380 J
pentachlorophenol	1.000 or MD!	<990.1	<970	<1000	<1000.1	<990.1	<940	<1000	<400	<1200	<300
phenanthrene	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
anthracene	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
carbazole	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400	<460	<380
fluoranthene	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	20 J	<410	<400	<460	<380
pyrene	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410 J	<400 J	20 J	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
butyibenzyiphthalate	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
		<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<3/0	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
	224 OF MUL	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<3/0	<410	<400 J	<400	<380
his (2-athylhavyl) nhthalata	50,000*	<400	47.1	37.1	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<400	<300
di-n-octvl phthalate	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400.1	<460	<380
benzo (b) fluoranthene	1.100	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
benzo (k) fluoranthene	1,100	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
benzo (a) pyrene	61 or MDL	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	3,200	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	14 or MDL	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<460	<380 J
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	50,000*	<400	<390	<410	<410	<400	<370	<410	<400 J	<460	<380
Tenatively Identified Compounds		2	9	18	6	3	12	11	8	13	6

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

J - Value is estimated since it fails below the detection limit.
 GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994
 NG - No Guidance Available

 (a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-7 (cont.)SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

BORING		B-112	B-113	B-115	B-115	B-120	B-121	B-122	B-123	B-124	B-124
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	9-11	8-10	2-3	5-6	2-4	0-3	0-1	0-1	3-5	7-9
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	4/27/94	4/25/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/26/94	4/25/94	10/2 <b>8/</b> 93	10/28/94	4/25/94	4/25/94
COMPOUND	20 07 101	.400	.440	.400	.400		400				
phenol his (-2-chloroethyl) ether		<400 ~400	<440 ~440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<3/0	<360	<370	<370
2-chlorophenol	800	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400 <400	<370	<360	<3/0	<3/0
1,3-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
1,4-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
1,2-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400 J	<440	<420 J	<400 J	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2-methylphenol	100 or MDL	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
4-methylphenol	900	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
N-nitroso-al-n-propylamine	NG NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<3/0	<360	<370	<370
nitrobenzene	200 or MDL	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
isophrone	4,400	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2-nitrophenol	330 or MDL	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2,4-dimethylphenol	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2,4-dichlorophenol	400	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
naphthalene	13,000	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
4-chloroaniline	220 or MDL	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
		<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
4-cmoro-3-meunyiphenol 2-methylpaphthalopo	240 01 MDL	<400 ~400	<440 40</td <td>&lt;42U ~120</td> <td>&lt;400</td> <td>&lt;410</td> <td>&lt;400</td> <td>&lt;3/0</td> <td>&lt;360</td> <td>&lt;3/0</td> <td>&lt;370</td>	<42U ~120	<400	<410	<400	<3/0	<360	<3/0	<370
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2.4.6-trichlorophenol	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	100	<990	<1100 J	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000 J	<930	<910	<930	<940 J
2-chloronaphthalene	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2-nitroaniline	430 or MDL	<990	<1100	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<930	<910	<930	<940
dimethyl phthalate	2,000	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
acenaphthylene	41,000	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2,6-dinitrotoluene	1,000	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
3-nitroaniline	500 of MDL	<990	<1100	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<930	<910	<930	<940
2 4-dinitronbenol	200 or MDI	<400 <990	<440	<420	<400	49 J	<400	<370	<360	<370	<3/0
4-nitrophenol	100 or MDL	<990	<1100	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<930	<910	<930	<940
dibenzofuran	6,200	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
2,4-dinitrotoluene	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
diethylphthalate	7,100	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<400	<440	<420 J	<400 J	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
fluorene	50,000*	<400	<440	<420	<400	31 J	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
4-nitroaniline	NG	<990	<1100	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<930	<910	<930	<940
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	NG	<990	<1100	<1100	<1000	<1000	<1000	<930	<910	<930	<940
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
4-promopnenyi-phenyiether	NG 410	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<3/0	<360	<370	<370
nextachioropenzene pentachiorophenol	1 000 or MDI	<400	<440 <1100	<420	<400	<410	<400	<3/0	<300	<3/0	<3/0
phenanthrene	50,000*	<400	<440	<420	<400	570	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
anthracene	50,000*	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
carbazole	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	95 J	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
fluoranthene	50,000*	<400	<440	<420	<400	730	96 J	<370	<360	<370	<370
pyrene	50,000*	<400	<440	<420	<400	570	72 J	<370	<360	24 J	<370
Dutyibenzyiphthalate	50,000*	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
		<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
chrysone	400	<400	~440	<420 ~120	~400	320 J	<400 A1 I	<3/0	<300	<3/0	<3/0
bis (2-ethylheryl) phthalate	50 000*	<400	<440	<420	~400	~410	~400	-370	110	<370	<3/0
di-n-octvl phthalate	50.000*	<400	<440	<420	<400	<410	<400	<370	<360	<370	2370
benzo (b) fluoranthene	1,100	<400	<440	<420	<400	260 J	42 J	<370	<360	<370	<370
benzo (k) fluoranthene	1,100	<400	<440	<420	<400	370 J	41 J	<370	<360	<370	<370
benzo (a) pyrene	61 or MDL	<400	<440	<420	<400	300 J	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	3,200	<400 J	<440	<420	<400	170 J	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	14 or MDL	<400 J	<440	<420	<400	78 J	<400	<370	<360	<370	<370
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	50,000*	<400 J	<440	<420	<400	190 J	65 J	<370	<360	<370	<370
enatively identified Compounds	L	6	9	12	8	3	9	<u> </u>	2	10	7

NOTES:

NOTES:

 concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

 GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994
 NG - No Guidance Available
 (a) All results with detectable especial below to be approximately appro

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-7 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

[	I					DUPE-09			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
BORING		B-125	B-125	B-133	B-133	B-133	B-134	B-134	B-135	B-135	B-136
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	3-5	7-9	1-3	5-7	5-7	1-3	7-9	1-3	7-9	1-3
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	4/26/94	4/26/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/10/94
COMPOUND							0,10,01	0/0/04	0,10,04	5/5/54	5/10/34
phenol	30 or MDL	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400.1	<360	<370	<300
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400.1	<360	<370	<390
2-chlorophenol	800	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380.1	<380	<400 J	<360	<370	<390
1.3-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380.1	<380	<400 0	<360	<370	<390
1.4-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 1	<380	<400 0	<360	-270	<390
1.2-dichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<390	<370.1	<380.1		<380 1	<400 J	<260 1	270 1	<390
2-methylphenol	100 or MDI	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 1	<380	<400 J	<300 3	<370 J	<390 J
2 2-oxybis (1-chloropropage)	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 1	<380	<400 J	<300	<370	<390
4-methylobenol	900	<400	<390	<370	<300	<300 J	<300	<400 J	<360	<370	<390
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<400	<390	<370	<300	<300 J	<300	<400 J	<300	<370	<390
boyachloroothana	NG	<400	<390	<370	<300	<300 J	<380	<400 J	<360	<370	<390
nitobanzana	200 or MDI	<400	<390	<370 J	<300 J	<380 J	<380 J	<400 J	<360 J	<370 J	<390 J
icophrono	200 01 MDL	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
	4,400	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
	330 OF MUL	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
2,4-dimethylphenol	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
2,4-dichlorophenol	400	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
naphthalene	13,000	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
4-chloroaniline	220 or MDL	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
hexachlorobutadiene	NG	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	240 or MDL	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
2-methylnaphthalene	36,400	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370 J	<390
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NG	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390.1
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	NG	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 1
2.4.5-trichlorophenol	100	<990	<970	<940 J	<950 J	<960 J	<950	<1000	~910	<970	<970 1
2-chloronaphthalene	NG	<400	<390	<370.1	<380.1	<380.1	<380	<400	<360	<370	<370.0
2-nitroaniline	430 or MDI	<990	<970	<940.1	<950.1	<960.1	<950	<1000	<000	<070	<970 1
dimethyl phthalate	2000	<400	<390	<370 1	<380 1	<380 1	<380	<1000	-260	<370	2970 3
acenanhthylene	41,000	<400	<390	<370 1	<380 1	<380 1	<380	<400	<300	<370	<390 J
2 6-dinitrotoluene	1,000	<400	<390	<370 1	<380 1	<300 J	<300	<400	<300	<370	<390 J
	500 or MDI	<000	<070	-040 1	<300 J	<360 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
	500 01 WIDL	<990	<970	<940 J	<950 J	<900 J	<950	<1000	<910	<970	<970 J
	50,000	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
2,4-dinitrophenoi	200 or MDL	<990	<970	<940 J	<950 J	<960 J	<950	<1000	<910	<970	<970 J
	100 or MDL	<990	<970	<940 J	<950 J	<960 J	<950	<1000	<910	<970	<970 J
dibenzoturan	6,200	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
2,4-dinitrotoluene	NG	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
diethylphthalate	7,100	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380 J	<400 J	<360 J	<370 J	<390 J
fluorene	50,000*	<400	<390	<370 J	<380 J	<380 J	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
4-nitroaniline	NG	<990	<970	<940 J	<950 J	<960 J	<950	<1000	<910	<970	<970 J
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	NG	<990	<970	<940 J	<950	<960	<950	<1000	<910	<970	<970 J
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	NG	<400	<390	<370 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	NG	<400	<390	<370 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
hexachlorobenzene	410	<400	<390	<370 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390.1
pentachlorophenol	1,000 or MDL	<990	<970	<940 J	<950	<960 J	<950	<1000 J	<910 J	<970 J	<970 J
phenanthrene	50,000*	<400	<390	<370 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390.1
anthracene	50,000*	<400	<390	<370 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 1
carbazole	NG	<400	<390	<370 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 1
di-n-butvlphthalate	NG	<400	<390	<370.1	<380	~380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<300 J
fluoranthene	50,000*	<400	<390	<370 1	<380	<380	<380 1	<400	<360	-270	<390 J
nyrona	50,000*	<100	<300	<370 1	<380	<390	-380	400	<300	<370	<390 J
butdhenzylphthalate	50,000*	<400	<200	4270 1	-290	-290	-000	<400	<300	<370	<390 J
2.2-dichlorobonzidino	50,000 N/A	<400	<390	2370 J	<300	<300	<300	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
	224 or MDI	<400	<390	<370 J	<300	<300	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
Derizo (a) antinacerte	224 01 MDL	<400	<390	<370 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
crirysene	400	<400	<390	<3/0 J	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
Dis (2-etnyinexyi) phthalate	50,000	<400	<390	<3/0	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	
G⊢n-octyl phthalate	50,000*	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
benzo (b) fluoranthene	1,100	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
benzo (k) fluoranthene	1,100	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
benzo (a) pyrene	61 or MDL	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	3,200	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	14 or MDL	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	50,000*	<400	<390	<370	<380	<380	<380	<400	<360	<370	<390 J
Tenatively Identified Compounds		8	2	8	0	4	10	7	5	3	2

NOTES:

NOTES:

 concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

 GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994
 NG - No Guidance Available

 (a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type
# TABLE G-7 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

BORING DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	B-136 7-9	MW-26D 3-5	MW-26D 11-13
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	5/10/94	5/3/94	5/3/94
phenol	30 or MDL	<410	<390	<410
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	NG	<410	<390	<410
2-chlorophenol	800	<410	<390	<410
1,3-dichlorobenzene	NG	<410	<390	<410
1,2-dichlorobenzene	NG	<410 J	<390 J	<410 J
2-methylphenol	100 or MDL	<410	<390	<410
2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<410	<390	<410
4-methylphenol	900	<410	<390	<410
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<410	<390	<410
hexachloroethane	NG 200 or MDI	<410 J	<390 J	<410 J
isonbrone	200 OF MDL 4 400	<410	<390	<410
2-nitrophenol	330 or MDI	<410	<390	<410
2,4-dimethylphenol	NG	<410	<390	<410
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	NG	<410	<390	<410
2,4-dichlorophenol	400	<410	<390	<410
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	NG	<410	<390	<410
naphthalene	13,000	<410	<390	<410
4-chioroaniline	220 of MDL	<410	<390	<410
4-chloro-3-methylnhenol	240 or MDI	<410 < <u>4</u> 10	<390	<410
2-methylnaphthalene	36 400	<410	<390	<410
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NG	<410	<390	<410
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	NG	<410	<390	<410
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	100	<1000	<970	<1000
2-chloronaphthalene	NG	<410	<390	<410
2-nitroaniline	430 or MDL	<1000	<970	<1000
ameinyi primalale	2,000	<410	<390	<410
2 6-dinitrotoluene	1,000	<410	<390	<410
3-nitroaniline	500 or MDL	<1000	<970	<1000
acenaphthene	50,000*	<410	<390	<410
2,4-dinitrophenol	200 or MDL	<1000	<970	<1000
4-nitrophenol	100 or MDL	<1000	<970	<1000
dibenzofuran	6,200	<410	<390	<410
2,4-dinitrotoluene	NG	<410	<390	<410
dietnylphthalate	7,100	<410	<390	<410
4-chlorophenyi-phenyietilei	50,000*	<410 J	<390 J	<410 J
4-nitroaniline	NG	<1000	<970	<1000
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	NG	<1000	<970 J	<1000 J
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	NG	<410	<390 J	<410 J
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	NG	<410	<390 J	<410 J
hexachlorobenzene	410	<410	<390 J	<410 J
pentacniorophenol nhenanthrene	50 000*	<1000	<300 I	<1000 J
anthracene	50,000*	<410	<390.1	<410.1
carbazole	NG	<410	<390 J	<410 J
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	<410	<390 J	<410 J
fluoranthene	50,000*	<410	<390 J	<410 J
pyrene	50,000*	<410 J	<390	<410
butylbenzyiphthalate	50,000*	<410	<390	<410
3,3-GICNIOFODENZIGINE		<410	<390	<410
chrysono	224 01 MUL	<410 <410	<390 <390	<410
bis (2-ethvlhexvl) phthalate	50,000*	<410	160 J	48 J
di-n-octyl phthalate	50,000*	<410	<390	<410
benzo (b) fluoranthene	1,100	<410	<390	<410
benzo (k) fluoranthene	1,100	<410	<390	<410
benzo (a) pyrene	61 or MDL	<410	<390	<410
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	3,200	<410	<390	<410
uibenzo (a,n) antiriacene benzo (a hi) pondene	14 OF MUL	<410	<390	<410
Tenatively Identified Compounds	50,000	3	13	13
		~		10

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994 

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NG - No Guidance Available
(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

A:CMPSLSV.XLS REV 5/95

# TABLE G-8 SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

														DUPE-02							
BORING		B-101	B-101	B-102	B-102	B-103	B-103	B-108	B-108	B-109	B-109	B-110	B-110	B-110	B-111	B-112	B-112	B-113	B-115	B-115	B-120
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	3-5	5-7	3-5	5-7	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	7-9	7-9	8-10	3-5	9-11	8-10	2-3	5-6	2-4
DATE COLLECTED	(ug/Kg)	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/25/94	4/27/94	4/27/94	4/25/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/26/94
COMPOUND																					
alpha-BHC	110	<2.1	<2.1	0.24 J	0.11 JP	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	<6.6 J	<1.4 J	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4 J	<6.9 J	<1.3 J	<12 J	<6.5 J	<1.3 J	<22 J	<1.4 J	<1.4 J	<2.1 J
beta-BHC	200	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4	<7.0	<6.6	<1.4	<1.3 J	<1.3	<6.4	<6.9	<1.3 J	<12 J	<6.5 J	<1.3 J	<22 J	<1.4	<1.4	<2.1 J
delta-BHC	300	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	0.23 JP	0.13 JP	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4	0.57 JP	0.18 J	<12 J	<6.5	<1.3	<22 J	<1.4	<1.4	<2.1 J
gamma-BHC (lindane)	60	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	<6.6	<1.4	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4 J	<6.9 J	<1.3	<12 J	<6.5	<1.3	<22 J	<1.4 J	<1.4 J	<2.1 J
heptachlor	100	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	<6.6	<1.4 J	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4 J	<6.9 J	<1.3 J	<12 J	<6.5 J	<1.3 J	<22 J	<1.4 J	<1.4 J	<2.1 J
aldrin	41	<2.1	<2.1	0.14 J	<2.1 J	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	<6.6	<1.4	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4	<6.9	<1.3	<12 J	<6.5	<1.3	<22 J	<1.4	<1.4	<2.1 J
heptachlor epoxide	20	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	<6.6	<1.4	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4	<6.9	<1.3	<12 J	<6.5	<1.3	<22 J	<1.4	<1.4	<2.1 J
endosulfan I	900	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	<6.6	<1.4	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4 J	<6.9 J	<1.3 J	<12 J	<6.5 J	<1.3 J	<22 J	<1.4 J	<1.4 J	<2.1 J
dieldrin	44	<4.1	<4.1	<4.1 J	<4.2 J	<2.7	<14	<13	<2.7	0.053 JP	<2.6	<12 J	<13 J	0.094 JP	<23 J	<13 J	<2.6 J	<44 J	0.12 JP	<2.7 J	<4.1 J
4,4' - DDE	2,100	<4.1	<4.1	0.76 J	1.5 J	<2.7 J	12 DJ	170	<2.7	8.0 J	<2.6	7.8 J	140 JP	21 J	81 J	18	<2.6	200	2.1 J	<2.7	0.41 J
endrin	100	<4.1	<4.1	<4.1 J	<4.2 J	<2.7	<14	<13 J	<2.7 J	<2.6 J	<2.6	<12 J	<13 J	<2.6 J	<23 J	<13 J	<2.6 J	<44 J	<2.8 J	<2.7 J	<4.1 J
endosulfan II	900	<4.1	<4.1	<4.1 J	<4.2 J	<13	<14	<13	<2.7	<2.6 J	<2.6	<12	<13	<2.6	<23 J	<13	<2.6	<44 J	<2.8	<2.7	<4.1 J
4,4' - DDD	2,900	<4.1	<4.1	<4.1 J	0.25 JP	<2.7	16 D	210	<2.7	4.5 J	<2.6	7.9 J	120 J	<17 J	130 J	<13 J	<2.6 J	290	0.38 JP	<2.7 J	<4.1 J
endosulfan sulfate	1,000	<4.1	<4.1	0.31 JP	0.43 J	<2.7 J	<14 J	<13 J	<2.7 J	<2.6 J	<2.6 J	<12 J	<13 J	<2.6	<23 J	<13	<2.6	<44 J	<2.8 J	<2.7 J	<4.1 J
4,4' - DDT	2,100	<4.1 J	<4.1 J	0.62 JP	<4.2 J	<2.7 J	<14 J	11 J	0.066 JP	0.57 JP	<2.6	<12 J	30 J	2.8 JP	24 J	<13 J	<2.6 J	94 J	1.1 JP	<2.7 J	0.36 JP
methoxychlor	***	<21 J	<21 J	<21 J	<21 J	<14 J	<70 J	<66 J	<14 J	<13 J	<13 J	<64 J	<69 J	<13 J	<120 J	<65 J	<13 J	<220 J	<14 J	<14 J	<21 J
endrin ketone	N/A	<4.1	<4.1	<4.1 J	<4.2 J	<2.7	<14	<13	<2.7	<2.6 J	<2.6	<12 J		<2.6 J	<23 J	<13	<2.6	<44 J	<2.8 J	<2.7 J	<4.1 J
endrin aldehyde	NG	<4.1	<4.1	<4.1 J	<4.2 J	<2.7 J	<14 J	<13	<2.7	<2.6 J	<2.6 J	<12	<13	<2.6 J	<23 J	<13 J	<2.6 J	<44 J	<2.8		<4.1 J
alpha - chlordane	540	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4 J	<7.0 J	0.31 JP	<1.4	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.4	<6.9	0.083 JP	<12 J	<6.5	<1.3	<22 J	<1.4	<1.4	<2.1 J
gamma - chiordane	540	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1 J	<2.1 J	<1.4	<7.0	<6.6	<1.4	<1.3 J	<1.3	<6.4	<6.9	<1.3 J	<12 J	<6.5	<1.3	<22 J	0.10 JP	<1.4	<2.1 J
toxaphene	NG	<210	<210	<210	<210	<140	<700	<660	<140	<130 J	<130	<640	<690	<130 J	<1200	<650	<130	<2200	<140	<140	<210
aroclor - 1016		<41	<41	<41	<42	<27	<140	<130	<27	<26	<26	<120	<130	<26	<230	<130	<26	<440	<28	<27	<41
arocior - 1221		<82	<82	<82	<84	<54	<280	<260	<54	<52	<53	<250	<270	<53	<460	<260	<53	<880	<57	<54	<82
aroclor - 1232	•	<41	<41	<41	<42	<27	<140	<130	<27	<26	<26	<120	<130	<26	<230	<130	<26	<440	<28	<2/	<41
aroclor - 1242		<41	<41	<41	<42	<27	<140	<130	<27	<26	<26	<120	<130	<26	<230	<130	<26	<440	<28	<27	<41
aroclor - 1248		<41	<41	<41	<42	<27	<140	<130	<27	<26	<26	<120	<130	<26	<230	<130	<26	<440	<28	<2/	<41
aroclor - 1254		<41	<41	<41	<42	<27	<140	<130	<27	<26	<26	<120	<130	<26	<230	<130	<26	<440	10 J	<2/	<41
arocior - 1260	-	<41	<41	<41	<42	<27	<140	<130	<27	<26	<26	<120	<130	<26	<230	<130	<26	<440	<28	<21	<41

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

N - Presumptive evidence of a compound.

NA - Compound not analyzed for in this sample.

D - Reported concentration value reflects dilution.

P - The percent difference between concentration values calculated

on both columns was greater than 25% D.

\* - 1.0 ppm surface; 10 ppm subsurface.
\*\*\* - As per TAGM 4046, total pesticides <10 ppm.</li>

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil

Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

### TABLE G-8 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

<b></b>						1					DUPE-09								
BORING		B-121	B-122	B-123	B-124	B-124	B-125	B-125	B-133	B-133	B-133	B-134	B-134	B-135	B-135	B-136	B-136	MW-26D	MW-26D
	GUIDANCE	0-3	0-1	0-1	3-5	7-9	3-5	7-9	1-3	5-7	5-7	1-3	7-9	1-3	7-9	1-3	7-9	3-5	11-13
		4/25/94	10/28/93	10/28/94	4/25/94	4/25/94	4/26/94	4/26/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/9/94	5/9/94	5/9/94	5/10/94	5/10/94	5/3/94	5/3/94
	(-9.19)																		
COMPOUND	110	.10	NA	NIA	0.045	0.042	0.12	-1.0	-591	<13	<131	<131	<14.1	<13.1	<13.1	<66.l	<14.1	<66J	<14.
aipna-BHC	000	<10			0.045 J	0.042 0	-1.8	<1.9	<5.90	<1.3.		<1.3.1	<1.40	<1.3.	0.28 JP	<6.6.J	<14 J	<6.6	<1.4
Deta-BHC	200	<10				<1.9	<1.0 J	<1.9	<5.90	<1.3 0		<1.3.	<1.40	<13.	<1.3.1	<66.↓	<14.	<6.6.1	<14.
	300	<10			<1.9	<1.9	<1.0 J	<1.9	<5.90	<1.3 J		<1.00	<1.40	<1.00	<1.3.1	<u>&lt;66.</u>	<14.	<6.6.J	<1.4 J
gamma-BHC (lindane)	60	<10			<1.9	<1.9		<1.9	<5.90	<131		<1.00	<1.40	<13.	<1.3 J	<6.6.1	<14.	<66J	<14J
neptachior	100	<10			<1.9	<1.9	0.10 JF	<1.9	<5.90	<131		<1.3.1	<1.40	<1.3.	<1.3 J	<6.6.1	<14.	<6.6.J	<1.4 J
alorin	41	<10		NA NA	<1.9	<1.9	-1.8	<1.9	<5.90	<1.30		<13.	<1.40	<13.	<1.3 J	<u>&lt;66.</u>	<14.	<6.6 J	<14J
	20	<10			<1.9	<1.9	<1.0 J	<1.9	<5.90	<1.00		<1.3	<1.40	<1.3.	<1.3 J	<6.6.1	<14.J	<66J	<1.4 J
endosulian i	900	<10		NA NA		<1.5	<1.0 J	<3.9		<2.5.1	<25.1	<25.1	~27.1	<2.5.1	<24J	<13 J	<27J	<13	<2.7
	2 100	11 10			0.095 1	<3.7	0.17.IP	<3.9	<11.	<2.5.1	25.1	0.26 J	<27J	0.64 J	<2.4 J	<13 J	<2.7 J	4.1 J	<2.7
4,4 - DDE	2,100	-20			0.035 J	0.072 IP	0.074 IP	<3.9	<11	~2.5.1	<25.1	<2.5.1	27.1	<25.1	<24.1	<13 J	<2.7 J	<13	<2.7
	000	<20		NA	-37	-37	<35.1	~3.9	<11	<2.5 J	<25	<25	<27J	<25	<2.4	<13	<2.7	<13	<2.7
	3,000	12 10			<3.7	<37	<3.5.1	<3.9	<11	<2.5.1	<25	<25	<27J	<2.5	<2.4	<13	<2.7	4.9 J	0.096 JP
4,4 - DDD	2,900	-20	NA NA	NA	<3.7	<37	<3.5.1	<3.9	<11	<25.j	<2.5 J	<2.5	<2.7 J	<2.5	<2.4	<13	<2.7	<13 J	<2.7 J
	2 100	30.10	ΝA	NA	<3.7.1	-37.1	<3.5.1	<3.9	<11.1	<25J	<2.5 J	<2.5 J	<2.7 J	<2.5 J	<2.4 J	<13 J	<2.7 J	<13 J	<2.7 J
4,4 ° DD1	***	<100	NA	ΝΔ	<19.1	<19.1	<18.1	<19	<59 J	<13 J	<13 J	<13 J	<14 J	<13 J	<13 J	<66 J	<14 J	<66 J	<14 J
endrin ketone	NI/A	<20	NA	NA NA	<37	<37	<3.5.1	<3.9	<11 J	<2.5 J	<2.5	<2.5	<2.7 J	<2.5	<2.4	<13	<2.7	<13	<2.7
endrin aldebyde	NG	<20	NA	NA	<37	<37	<3.5 J	<3.9	<11 J	<2.5 J	<2.5 J	<2.5 J	<2.7 J	<2.5 J	<2.4 J	<13 J	<2.7 J	<13 J	<2.7 J
alpha - chlordane	540	<10	NA	NA	<1.9	<1.9	<1.8 J	<1.9	<5.9 J	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<1.4 J	<1.3 J	<1.3 J	<6.6 J	<1.4 J	<6.6 J	<1.4 J
damma - chlordane	540	<10	NA	NA	<1.9	<1.9	<1.8 J	<1.9	<5.9	<1.3 J	<1.3	<1.3 J	<1.4 J	<1.3	<1.3	<6.6	<1.4	<6.6	<1.4
toxaphene	NG	<1000	NA	NA	<190	<190	<180	<190	<590	<130	<130	<130	<140	<130	<130	<660	<140	<660	<140
arocior - 1016	*	<200	<560	<540	<37	<37	<35	<39	<110	<25	<25	<25	<27	<25	<24	<130	<27	<130	<27
aroclor - 1221	*	<400	<560 J	<540 J	<74	<75	<71	<78	<230	<51	<51	<51	<54	<51	<50	<260	<54	<260	<54
aroclor - 1232	*	<200	<560 J	<540 J	<37	<37	<35	<39	<110	<25	<25	<25	<27	<25	<24	<130	<27	<130	<27
aroclor - 1242	*	<200	<560	<540	<37	<37	<35	<39	<110	<25	<25	<25	<27	<25	<24	<130	<27	<130	<27
aroclor - 1248	*	<200	<560	<540	<37	<37	<35	<39	<110	<25	<25	<25	<27	<25	<24	<130	<27	<130	<27
aroclor - 1254	*	<200	<560	<540	<37	<37	<35	<39	<110	<25	<25	<25	<27	<25	<24	<130	<27	<130	<27
aroclor - 1260	*	<200	<560	<540	<37	<37	<35	<39	<110	<25	<25	<25	<27	<25	<24	<130	<27	<130	<27

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

N - Presumptive evidence of a compound.

NA - Compound not analyzed for in this sample.

D - Reported concentration value reflects dilution.

P - The percent difference between concentration values calculated

on both columns was greater than 25% D.

\* - 1.0 ppm surface; 10 ppm subsurface.

\*\*\* - As per TAGM 4046, total pesticides <10 ppm.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil

Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

### TABLE G-9 SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

<b></b>		1	1		DUPEOR		1						1				T	<u> </u>	DUPE-02		1
POPING		B-102	B-103	B-104	B-104	B-104	B-105	B-105	B-106	B-106	B-107	B-107	B-108	B-108	B-109	B-109	B-110	B-110	B-110	B-112	B-112
	GUIDANCE	2-5	7-9	5-7	5-7	7-9	5-7	7-9	2-3	5-6	2-3	5-6	3-5	7-9	3-5	9-11	3-5	7-9	7-9	3-5	9-11
	(mg/Kg)	5/2/04	5/2/9/	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94	5/6/94	20				4/29/94	4/29/94	5/2/94	5/2/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/27/94	4/27/94
DATE COLLECTED	(ing/itg)	5/2/34	5/2/54	3/0/34	5/0/34	3/0/34	3/0/04	0,0,04												1	
ANALYTE												0400	0000	0110	7070	7040		0010	10000	7110 51	0740 E I
aluminum	SB	9690	7170	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8140	6900	4940	6490	9980	3110	/2/0	7910	3610	9610	10600	/110 EJ	3740 EJ
antimony	SB	<13.5	<13.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<3.8 NH	<3.8 NH	<3.8 NH	<3.9 NH	<12.9	<13.5	<12.9	<13.2	<12.5	<13.5	<13.2	<12.8 JN	<13.2 JN
arsenic	7.5 or SB	3.7 JN	5.3 JN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.3 BJN	1.2 JNS	2.3 BJN	3.5 JN	2.5	1.6 B	4.0 JN	4.9 JN	<0.43 WJ	2.7	2.4 5	2.3	2.8
barium	300 or SB	24.5 B	32.3 B	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	32.8	23.5	40.3	24.9	39.7 B	11.6 B	29.0 B	29.8 B	3.4 B	52.0	//.4	21.6 B	15.2 B
beryllium	0.16 or SB	0.57 B	0.57 B	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.45 B	0.27 B	0.28 B	0.43 B	0.51 B	0.27 8	0.54 B	0.74 B	<0.20	0.53 B	0.69 B	0.45 B	0.33 B
cadmium	1 or SB	<0.59	<0.59	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.30 N	<0.30 N	<0.30 N	<0.31 N	<0.56 N	<0.59 N	<0.56	<0.57	0.64 JNB	<0.59 N	<0.57 N	<0.55	<0.57
calcium	SB	1590	27500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1180	1170	21500	1590	9020	25900	24900	43500	114000	14200	2420	37800 EJ	83300 EJ
chromium	10 or SB	7.3	5.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9.2	6.9 R	7.4	7.5	6.6	2.4 B	6.9	9.4	3.1	9.2	8.1	8.0 NJ	4.2 NJ
cobalt	30 or SB	6.3 B	5.9 B	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.3	6.9	6	6.5	7.9 B	<4.1	6.2 B	6.4 B	5.4 B	9.3 B	10.4 B	7.0 B	4.5 B
copper	25 or SB	21.3	28.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11.5	6.8	16.8	13	17.2	9.4	20.7	17.0	10.1	36.5	5.8 B	21.6 R	31.7 R
iron	2,000 or SB	11600	10800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12600	10400	12100	11700	14500	7770	12900	16000	7970	14200	21600	12900 EJ	7660 EJ
lead	SB	<2.2 JNW	<7.5 JN	3.6	3.1	3.0	7.0	4.7	2.3 JN	1.3 JN	1.9 JN	1.9 JN	8.0 S	6.0 WJ	<9.1 JN	<14.4 JN	4.2 S	11.2 WJ	13.5 WJ	24.3 NJ	5.0 NJ
magnesium	SB	2110	6440	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2140	1970	4580	1940	4740	7960	9870	14500	6510	3290	2290	8710 EJ	20300 EJ
manganese	SB	197	513	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	373	293	550	567	459	445	407	468	262	618	447	365 EJ	446 EJ
mercury	0.1	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.11 JN	<0.11 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.11 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.11 JN	<0.12 JN
nickel	13 or SB	9.2 JB	11.2 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.4 R	11.6 R	15.5	10.9	13.8	8.4 B	13.0 J	14.2 J	9.4	12.3	13.9	13.8	8.9 B
potassium	SB	<583	<590	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	703	554 B	442 B	600	<556	<583	754 B	1570	540 B	<583	<569	<549	572 B
selenium	2 or SB	<0.56	<0.57	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.26 B	<0.26	<0.27	<0.27	<0.53 WJ	<0.56 WJ	<0.53 W	<0.55	<0.52 WJ	0.63 JWB	<0.55 W	<0.53 JN	<0.55 JNW
silver	SB	<1.9 JN	<1.9 JN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.56 JN	<0.56 JN	<0.57 JN	<0.58 JN	<1.8 JN	<1.9 JN	<1.8 JN	<1.8 JN	<1.7 NJ	<1.9 JN	<1.8 NJ	<1.8 NR	<1.8 R
sodium	SB	<113 R	<114 R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	140 B	130 B	217 B	167 B	251 B	165 B	<108 R	<110 R	249 B	287 B	<110	<106	<110
thallium	SB	1.5 JNWB	<0.52 N	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.68 NR	<0.68 NR	<0.70 NR	<0.71 NR	<1.4	<1.5	<0.49 N	<0.50 N	<1.3	<1.5	<1.4	<1.4	<1.4
vanadium	150 or SB	10.9 B	8.2 B	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.9	6.5	4.2 B	6.7	9.7 B	4.4 B	7.8 B	14.0	8.4 B	11.9 B	18.4	16.5	6.1 B
zinc	20 or SB	25.4	24.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24.3	17.2	20.3	26	36.1	22.3	26.7	30.2	23.1	34.9	27.9	36.0 ENR	21.0 ENR
cvanide	NG	<1.2 J	<1.2 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.2	<1.2	<1.2 J	<1.2 J	<1.1	<1.2	<1.2	<1.1 R	<1.2 R

NOTES:

concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

B - Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit,

but less than the contract required detection limit.

E - Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.

N - Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits.

W - Post digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is outside of control limits (85-115%),

while sample absorbence is less than 50% of spike absorbence.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994

NA - Sample not analyzed for this analyte.

R - Data rejected by data validator.

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

### TABLE G-9 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

BORING		B-115	B-115	B-120	B-122	B-123	MW-26D	MW-26D
DEPTH (ft)	GUIDANCE	2-3	5-6	2-4	0-1	0-1	3-5	11-13
DATE COLLECTED	(ma/Ka)	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/26/94	10/28/93	10/28/94	5/3/94	5/3/94
ANALYTE								
aluminum	SB	4530	3260	8120 EJ	2840	3100	6990	3040
antimony	SB	<14.1	<13.4	<13.7 JN	<3.7 NR	<3.6 NR	<12.9	<13.5
arsenic	7.5 or SB	1.8 B	1.1 B	1.8 B	<1.1 JNS	<0.21 JN	4.1 JN	25.0 NWJ
barium	300 or SB	25.1 B	9.3 B	25.5 B	22.1 B	22.4	21.5 B	7.9 B
beryllium	0.16 or SB	0.37 B	<0.22	0.41 B	0.18 B	0.20 B	0.54 B	0.57 B
cadmium	1 or SB	<0.61 N	<0.58 N	<0.59	<0.29 N	<0.28 N	<0.56	<0.59
calcium	SB	2450	44200	16000 EJ	50400	69100	20800	45700
chromium	10 or SB	6.8	2.5	4.6 NJ	4.1	4.7	5.3	3.0
cobalt	30 or SB	5.7 B	<4.1	6.0 B	4.2 B	5.3 B	6.1 B	<4.1
copper	25 or SB	5.8 B	9.3	23.8 R	18.0	23.3	15.0	6.9
iron	2,000 or SB	10100	7510	11200 EJ	7080	8210	12200	9180
lead	SB	11.6 S	3.6 WJ	5.4 NJ	1.6 JN	1.6 JN	<0.77 JN	<4.0 JNS
magnesium	SB	1340	13600	3540 EJ	13200	15300	8660	14000
manganese	SB	177	301	324 EJ	287	349	395	298
mercury	0.1	<0.13 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.11 JN	<0.11 JN	<0.12 JN	<0.12 JN
nickel	13 or SB	8.1 B	7.6 B	11.3	8.1	9.2	14.1 J	8.6 BJ
potassium	SB	<605	<576	<590	489 B	395 B	1050 B	<583
selenium	2 or SB	<0.58 JW	<0.55 JW	0.57 NWBJ	<1.3 JW	<1.2 JW	<0.53	<0.56
silver	SB	<1.9 JN	<1.9 JN	<1.9 R	<0.54 JN	<0.53 JN	<1.8 JN	<1.9 JN
sodium	SB	216 B	180 B	<114	188 B	191 B	<108 R	<113 R
thallium	SB	<1.5	<1.4	<1.5	<0.67 NR	<0.65 NR	<0.49 N	<0.51 N
vanadium	150 or SB	9.7 B	3.8 B	7.7 B	2.1 B	2.1 B	8.9 B	6.0 B
zinc	20 or SB	24.2	27.4	23.4 ENR	17.7	17.5	26.1	20.8
cvanide	NG	<1.3	<1.2	NA	NA	NA	<1.2 J	<1.2 J

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

B - Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit,

but less than the contract required detection limit.

E - Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.

N - Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits.

W - Post digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is outside of control limits (85-115%),

while sample absorbence is less than 50% of spike absorbence.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

GUIDANCE - Division of Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum: Determination of Soil

Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, HWR-94-4046, 24 January 1994

NA - Sample not analyzed for this analyte.

R - Data rejected by data validator.

NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type

(b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-10 SUMMARY OF TPH DATA - SOILS MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

SAMPLE ID	B126 (3-5)	B127 (2-4)	DUPE-03	B128 (1-3)
DEPTH (ft)	3-5	2-4	B127 (2-4)	1-3
DATE COLLECTED	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94	4/28/94
COMPOUND			2-4	
TPH	2040	220	989	30

NOTES:

- concentrations reported in miligrams per kilogram (mg/Kg).

# TABLE G-11 SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - SURFACE WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

LOCATION	SW-01	SW-02	SW-03
DATE	11/4/93	11/4/93	11/4/93
COMPOUND			
chloromethane	<10	<10	<10
bromomethane	<10	<10	<10
vinyl chloride	<10	<10	<10
chloroethane	<10	<10	<10
methylene chloride	<10	<10	<10
acetone	<10	<10	<10
carbon disulfide	<10	6 J	2 J
1,1-dichloroethene	<10	<10	<10
1,1-dichloroethane	<10	<10	<10
1,2-dichloroethene	<10	<10	<10
chloroform	<10	<10	<10
1,2-dichloroethane	<10	<10	<10
2-butanone	<10	7 J	<10
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<10	<10	<10
carbon tetrachloride	<10	<10	<10
bromodichloromethane	<10	<10	<10
1,2-dichloropropane	<10	<10	<10
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	<10	<10	<10
trichloroethene	<10	<10	<10
dibromochloromethane	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2-trichloroethane	<10	<10	<10
benzene	<10	<10	<10
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	<10	<10	<10
bromoform	<10 J	<10	<10 J
4-methyl-2-pentanone	<10	<10	<10
2-hexanone	<10	<10	<10
tetrachloroethene	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<10	<10	<10
toluene	<10	<10	<10
chlorobenzene	<10	<10	<10
ethylbenzene	<10	<10	<10
styrene	<10	<10	<10
xylenes (total)	<10	<10 J	<10
trichlorofluoromethane	R	<10	<10
methyl tert-butyl ether	310 JN	<10	<10

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

N - Presumptive evidence of a compound.

NG - No Guidance Available

- (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
- (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

# TABLE G-12 SUMMARY OF INORGANIC DATA - SURFACE WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

hardness	229000 J	734000 J	522000 J
magnesium	10700	68000	38300
calcium	74100 JE	182000 JE	146000 JE
ANALYTE			
DATE	11/4/93	11/4/93	11/4/93
LOCATION	SW-01	SW-02	SW-03

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per kilogram (ug/Kg).

E - Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

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### TABLE G-13 SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

LOCATION DATE	GUIDANCE (ug/L)	MW-01 5/16/94	MW-02 5/20/94	MW-03S 5/18/94	MW-03D 5/18/94	MW-04 5/16/94	MW-05 5/16/94	MW-06 5/17/94	MW-07 5/17/94	MW-08 5/17/94	MW-09 5/17/94	MW-10 5/20/94	MW-11 5/20/94	MW-12 5/20/94
COMPOUND														
benzene	0.7	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	0.12 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	3.2 B	<0.5	56 B
bromochloromethane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
bromodichloromethane	5 50	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
bromoform	50	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
bromomethane	5	<0.5	<1.0 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<1.0 J
n-butlybenzene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
sec-butlybenzene	5	<0.5	2.9 B	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.5 B	<0.5	<1.0
tert-butiybenzene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.54 B	<1.0
chlorobenzene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
chloroethane	5	<0.5 J	<1.0 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
chloroform	7	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.14 BJ	<1.0
chloromethane	NG	<0.5 J	<1.0	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
2-chlorotoluene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
4-chlorotoluene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
dibromochloromethane	50	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,2-dibromo-3chioropropane	ວ 5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
dibromoethane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,2-dichlorobenzene	4.7	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,3-dichlorobenzene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,4-dichlorobenzene	4.7	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
dichlorodifluoromethane	5	<0.5 J	<1.0	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,1-dichloroethane	5	<0.5	0.25 J	0.2 J	0.18 J	<0.5	<0.5	0.12 J	<0.5	65	1	0.50	1.2	<1.0
1.1-dichloroethene	5 5	<0.5	13	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 0.83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	87	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	7	0.08 J	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	5	<0.5	<1.0	13	3.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.25 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,2-dichloroethene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2-dichloropropane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,3-dichloropropane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
2,2-0ichioropropane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
cis-1.3-dichloropropene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
ethylbenzene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	7.2	<0.5	<1.0
hexachlorobutadiene	0.5	<0.5 J	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
isopropylbenzene	5	<0.5	4.0 B	<0.5	0.02 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	3.7 B	<0.5	<1.0
4-Isopropyitoluene	5	<0.5	10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.8	6.8	10
naphthaiene	10	<0.5 J	140 B	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<2.6 J
n-propylbenzene	5	<0.5	6.0 B	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.1	<0.5	<1.0
styrene	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
tetrachioroethene	5	<0.5 J	<1.0 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 J	<1.0 J							
1 2 3-trichlorobenzene	5	<0.5	<10.	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.1
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	5	<0.5 J	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1,1,1-trichloroethane	5	<0.5	13	<0.5	0.99	<0.5	<0.5	1	<0.5	22	1.2	6.4	62	<1.0
1,1,2-trichloroethane	5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
trichloroethene	5	<0.5	4.9	39	160	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	5.4	0.65	3.6	0.79	<1.0
Tichlorofluoromethane	5	<0.5 J	130 J	<0.5 J	10 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	130	59 J	<1.0 J
1,2,3-trichloropropane	5 5	<0.5	<1.U 82 B	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
1.3.5-trimethylbenzene	5	<0.5	33	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	4.6	25 6	69
vinyl chloride	2	<0.5 J	<1.0 J	(4.7 J)	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<1.0 J
o-xylenes	NG	<0.5	43 B	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	22 B	6.1 B	110 B
m & p-xylenes	NG	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.6 B	<0.5 J	140 B
xylenes (total)	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ethyl ether	NG	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
aceione	50 NC	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
2-butanone	50	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
4-methyl-2-pentanone	NG	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
2-hexanone	50	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
butane, 2-methyl	NG	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
methyl tert butyl ether	NG	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L). B - Compound also detected in reagent blank.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

- N Presumptive evidence of a compound.
- NA Compound not analyzed for in this sample.
- GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1),
  - Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993) NG No Guidance Available

  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
  - (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

### TABLE G-13 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

LOCATION DATE	GUIDANCE (ug/L)	MW-13 5/16/94	MW-14 5/16/94	MW-15 5/16/94	MW-16 5/17/94	MW-17 5/18/94	MW-18 5/18/94	MW-19 5/16/94	MW-20 5/17/94	MW-21 5/19/94	MW-22 5/19/94	MW-23 5/19/94	MW-24 5/17/94	MW-25 5/19/94
COMPOUND														
benzene	0.7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2200 B	35 B	1800 B	<0.5	16000 B
bromochloromethane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
bromodichloromethane	50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
bromoform	50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
bromomethane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10 J	<0.5	<100
n-buttybenzene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40 <40	20 B 4 2 B.I	<10	<0.5	<100
tert-butybenzene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
carbon tetrachlcride	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
chlorobenzene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
chloroethane	5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<10	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<40 J	<10 J	<10 J	<0.5 J	<100 J
chloromethane	/ NG	<0.5 <0.5 J	<0.5 <0.5 J	<0.5 <0.5 J	<0.5	<10 J	<0.5 <0.5 J	<0.5 <0.5 J	<0.5 <0.5 J	40 <40 J	<10 J	<10	<0.5 <0.5 J	<100
2-chlorotoluene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100 0
4-chlorotoluene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
dibromochloromethane	50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
1,2-dibromo-3chloropropane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40 J	<10 J	<10	<0.5	<100 J
1,2-dibromoethane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40 <40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
1,2-dichlorobenzene	4.7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
1,3-dichlorobenzene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
1,4-dichlorobenzene	4.7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
dichlorodifluoromethane	5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<10 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40 J	<10 J	<10	<0.5	<100 J
1,1-dichloroethane	5	<0.5	<0.5	0.22 J	<0.5	1.0 J	0.20 J	<b>3.2</b>	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<b>0</b>	<100
1.1-dichloroethene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	3.7 J	0.22 J	0.68	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	0.63	<100
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	5.6	120	2.4	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.28 J	4.9 J	0.14 J	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
1,2-dichloroethene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.5	NA						
1,2-dichloropropane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
2.2-dichloropropane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
1.1-dichloropropene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
ethylbenzene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	510	420	<10	<0.5	660
	0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5	<40	<10 42 R	<10	<0.5	<100 32 B.I
4-isopropyltoluene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	12	8.8 J	<0.5	7.4 J
methylene chloride	5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<48 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<160 J	<37 J	<10 J	<0.5 J	<440 J
naphthalene	10	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5	<98 J	<140	<120	<0.5	<580 J
n-propylbenzene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	85	<10	<0.5	37 J
styrene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
tetrachloroethene	5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<10	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<40 J	<10 J	<10 J	<0.5 J	<100 J
toluene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	6500 B	1200 B	1400 B	<0.5	12000
1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5	<40 J	<10 J	<10 J	<0.5	<100 J
1 1 1-trichloroethane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	6.4 J	0.81	<0.5	0.54	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100 0
1,1,2-trichloroethane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
trichloroethene	5	<0.5	<0.5	1.5	4.2	650	9.6	33	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
trichlorofluoromethane	5	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<10 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<0.5 J	<40 J	<10	<10 J	<0.5 J	<100 J
1,2,3-trichloropropane	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40 J	<10 J	<10 150 B	<0.5	<100 J
1.3.5-trimethylbenzene	5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.61 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<69	270 B	160	<0.5	<170
vinyl chloride	2	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<10 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<40 J	<10 J	<10 J	<0.5 J	<100 J
o-xylenes	NG	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<620	1200 B	360 B	<0.5	<1400
m & p-xylenes	NG	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<620	1500 B	530 B	<0.5	<1400
xylenes (total)	5	NA	NA	NA	NA				NA NA	NA 140	NA 12	NA	NA	NA 100
		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	250 1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
carbon disulfide	NG	6 J	<0.5	<0.5	2 J	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
2-butanone	50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
4-methyl-2-pentanone	NG	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
2-hexanone	50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
butane, 2-methyl	NG NG	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<40	<10	<10	<0.5	<100
There builds end to the transferred to the transfer	i NG	<v.5< th=""><th>&lt;0.5</th><th>&lt; U.D</th><th>C.U&gt;</th><th>  &lt;10</th><th>&lt;0.5</th><th>C.0&gt;</th><th>C.U&gt;</th><th>  &lt;40</th><th>1 &lt;10</th><th>  &lt;10</th><th>&lt;0.5</th><th>  &lt;100</th></v.5<>	<0.5	< U.D	C.U>	<10	<0.5	C.0>	C.U>	<40	1 <10	<10	<0.5	<100

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L).

B - Compound also detected in reagent blank.
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

- N Presumptive evidence of a compound.
- NA Compound not analyzed for in this sample.
- GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1),
  - Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993)
  - NG No Guidance Available
  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
    (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

### TABLE G-13 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

		DUPE-11		DUPE-10										
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	MW-25	MW-26S	MW-26S	MW-26D	BR-01	BR-02	BR-03	P-9	P-10S	P-10D	P-11S	P-11D	P-12
DATE	(ug/L)	5/19/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	6/23/94	6/23/94	6/23/94	11/2/93	11/2/93	11/2/94	11/2/94	11/2/94	11/2/94
COMPOUND														
benzene	0.7	14000 B	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	310 J	<100	<10	<10	<10.1
bromobenzene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
bromochloromethane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
bromodichloromethane	50	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	0.65	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
bromoform	50	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10 J	<100	<100 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
bromomethane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
n-buttybenzene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
sec-butlybenzene	5	<100	0.15 J	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
tert-butlybenzene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
carbon tetrachloride	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
chlorobenzene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
chloroethane	5	<100 J	<2.5 J	<2.5 J	<1.0 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
chloroform	/	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	1.5 BJ	7.3 BJ	1.8 BJ	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
chioromethane	NG	<100 J	<2.5 J	<2.5 J	<1.0 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
2-chiorotoluene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	0.05 J	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-chlorololuene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
abromocniorometriane	50	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	0.29 J	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
1.2-dibromoethene	5 5	~100 J	<2.5 25	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J						
dibromoethane	5 5	2100	~2.5	~2.5 ~2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5						
1 2-dichlorobenzene	47	<100	-25	<2.5 c2.5	<1.0	<0.5 20.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 c0.5						
1.3-dichlorobenzene	5	<100	-25	<25	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 c0.5	NA NA	NΔ	NA NA			
1.4-dichlorobenzene	47	<100	<25	<25	<10	<0.5	0.06.1	<0.5	NA	ΝΔ	NA	NA NA	NA NA	
dichlorodifluoromethane	5	<100 J	<25.J	<2.5.J	<10.1	<0.5.1	<0.5.1	<0.5.1		NA	NA			
1.1-dichloroethane	5	<100	58	57	23	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	3.1	<10	<10	<10.1
1.2-dichloroethane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	
1.1-dichloroethene	5	<100	24	24	50 J	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10.1
cis-1.2-dichloroethene	5	<100	<2.5	0.72 J	130	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	0.66 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2-dichloroethene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10.1
1,2-dichloropropane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
1,3-dichloropropane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2,2-dichloropropane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-dichloropropene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
ethylbenzene	5	500	68	68	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
hexachlorobutadiene	0.5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
isopropylbenzene	5	21 BJ	2.1 J	2.2 J	<1.0	<0.5	0.05 J	0.18 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-isopropyltoluene	5	<100	1.7 J	1.7 J	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
methylene chloride	5	<420 J	<9.5 J	<2.5	<3.0 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
naphthalene	10	<140 J	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
n-propylbenzene	5	<100	0.76 J	0.80 J	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
styrene	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	5	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
tetrachioroethene	5	<100 J	<2.5 J	<2.5 J	<1.0 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<0.5 J	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
	5	1000 0	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	21 J	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	5	<100 J	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0 J	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA NA			NA	NA	NA
1 1 1-trichloroethane	5	<100 J	18	<2.5 10	10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	190.1	NA	- 10	10	10 L
1 1 2-trichloroethane	5	<100	~25	~25	~1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100 0	-100	<10	<10	<10.1
trichloroethene	5	<100	25.1	<2.5	96 R.I	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
trichlorofluoromethane	5	<100.J	<25.	<25.1	1.5.J	<0.5	<0.5 J	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	
1 2 3-trichloropropane	5	<100 J	~25	<25	<10	<0.5.1	<0.00	<0.5.1	NA	NA NA		NA	NA	
124-trimethylbenzene	5	<490	24	24	<10	<0.5	<0.5	0.88 B.I	NA	ΝΔ	ΝΔ	ΝΔ	ΝΔ	
1 3 5-trimethylbenzene	5	130 B	9	9.6	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	0.57 BJ	NA	NA	NA	ΝΔ	NA NA	
vinvl chloride	2	<100.1	<2.5.1	<25.1	<10.1	<0.5.1	<0.5	<0.5.1	<10	<100	<100	~10	<10	
o-xvlenes	NG	1200 B	4.6 B	4.6 B	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	ΝΔ	
m & p-xylenes	NG	1100 B	180 B	180 B	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
xvienes (total)	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10.1
ethyl ether	NG	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
acetone	50	4000 J	125 J	110 J	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<20 J	<10	2300 JF	<100	<10	<10	<10.1
carbon disulfide	NG	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	9 J	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10.J
2-butanone	50	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
4-methyl-2-pentanone	NG	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	5 J	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
2-hexanone	50	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
butane, 2-methyl	NG	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	330 JN	<100	<10	<10	<10 J
methyl tert butyl ether	NG	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<100	50 JN	<10	<10	<10 J

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L).

B - Compound also detected in reagent blank.
 J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

- N Presumptive evidence of a compound.
- NA Compound not analyzed for in this sample. GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1),
  - Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993)
  - NG No Guidance Available
  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
     (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-13 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

			·			DUP-2			
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	P-13	P-17S	P-17D	P-18S	P-18S	P-18D	P-19S	P-19D
DATE	(ug/L)	11/2/94	11/9/94	11/9/94	11/9/94	11/9/94	11/9/94	11/9/94	11/9/94
COMPOUND									
benzene	0.7	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
bromobenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
bromochloromethane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
bromodichloromethane	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
bromoform	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
bromomethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
n-buttybenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
sec-butlybenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NΔ
tert-butlybenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
carbon tetrachloride	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
chlorobenzene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
chloroethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
chloroform	7	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
chloromethane	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-chlorotoluene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-chlorotoluene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ΝΔ
dibromochloromethane	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-dibromo-3chloropropane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2-dibromoethane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
dibromoethane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2-dichlorobenzene	4.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,3-dichlorobenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,4-dichlorobenzene	4.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
dichlorodifluoromethane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-dichloroethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	9 J	3 J	3 J
1,2-dichloroethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1-dichloroethene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	9 J
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2-dichloroethene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	140	9 J	15
1,2-dichloropropane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,3-dichloropropane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2,2-dichloropropane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-dichioropropene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cis-1,3-dicnioropropene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
tans-1,3-dichioropropene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
eunyidenzene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
hexactiorobutadiene	0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-isopropyiloidene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
n-propylbopzopo	E			NA	NA		NA	NA	NA
styropo	5	10	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1 1 1 2-tetrachloroethane	5			<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1 1 2 2-tetrachloroethane	5	~10	<10	- 10 - 10	-10	10	NA 10	NA	NA
tetrachloroethene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
toluene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1.2.3-trichlorobenzene	5	NA	NA	NA				< 10 NA	<10 NIA
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
1,1,1-trichloroethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	14
1,1,2-trichloroethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	~10
trichloroethene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	11	140
trichlorofluoromethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	25 JN
1,2,3-trichloropropane	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
vinyl chloride	2	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
o-xylenes	NG	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
m & p-xylenes	NG	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
xylenes (total)	5	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
ethyl ether	NG	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
acetone	50	<10	<10	<10	34 J	21 J	<10	<10	30
carbon disulfide	NG	2 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-butanone	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-methyl-2-pentanone	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-hexanone	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
butane, 2-methyl	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
methyl tert butyl ether	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L). B - Compound also detected in reagent blank.

J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.

E - Value reported exceeds the linear range of the instrument

- N Presumptive evidence of a compound.
- NA Compound not analyzed for in this sample.
- GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1), Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993) NG No Guidance Available

  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
  - (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

### TABLE G-14 SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

LOCATION DATE	GUIDANCE (ug/L)	MW-01 5/16/94	MW-02 5/20/94	MW-03S 5/18/94	MW-03D 5/18/94	MW-04 5/16/94	MW-05 5/16/94	MW-06 5/17/94	MW-07 5/17/94	MW-08 5/17/94	MW-09 5/17/94	MW-10 5/20/94	MW-11 5/20/94	MW-12 5/20/94
COMPOUND														
phenol	1	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 R
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	1	<10 J	<500	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<20	<200
2-chlorophenol	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 R
1,3-dichlorobenzene	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
1,4-dichiorobenzene	4./	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
2 mothylphonol	4./	<10 J	<500 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<20 J	<200 J
2 2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 H
4-methylphenol	NG	<10 J	<500	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10.J	<10.1	<10.1	~20	<200 <200 B
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	~20	<200
hexachloroethane	5	<10	<500 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
nitrobenzene	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
isophrone	50	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
2-nitrophenol	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 R
2,4-dimethylphenol	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 R
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
2,4-achiorophenoi	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 R
nanthalene	5 10	<10	240 1	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
4-chloroaniline	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	~10	<10	<b>0∠</b> ∠10	20 20	∠/U ∠200
hexachlorobutadiene	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	~20	200
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 R
2-methylnaphthalene	NG	<10	870	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	66	87	420
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200 R
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	NG	<25	<1300	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<50	<200 R
2-chloronaphthalene	10	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
2-nitroaniline	5	<25	<1300	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<50	<500
ameinyi phinaiate	50 NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
2.6-dinitrotoluono	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
3-nitroaniline	NG	<25	<1300	<25	<25	<25	<25	<10	< 10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
acenaphthene	20	<10 J	<500	<10	<10	<10 J	<10.1	3.1	<20	16.1				
2,4-dinitrophenol	NG	<25	<1300	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<50	<500
4-nitrophenol	NG	<25	<1300	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<50	<200 R
dibenzofuran	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	3 J	3 J	10 J
2,4-dinitrotoluene	5	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
diethylphthalate	50	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<10 J	<500	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<20 J	<200 J
	50	<10	56 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	1 J	4 J	12 J
4-nitroaniline	5	<25	<1300	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<50	<500
n-pitrosodiphenvlamine	50	<20	<1300 J	<25	<25	<20	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<50 J	<200 H
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	NG	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
hexachlorobenzene	0.35	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
pentachlorophenol	1	<25	<1300 J	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<50 J	<200 R
phenanthrene	50	<10	150 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	3 J	2 J	34 J
anthracene	50	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
carbazole	NG	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
	50	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
pyrene	50	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
3.3-dichlorobenzidine	5	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
benzo (a) anthracene	0.002	~10	<500 J	~10	~10	~10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
chrysene	NG	<10	<500 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20 J	<200 J
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	50	<10	<500	<10	<10	3 J	<10	<10	<10	0.9 J	1.1	<10	<20	~200
di-n-octyl phthalate	50	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
benzo (b) fluoranthene	0.002	<10	<500	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
benzo (k) fluoranthene	0.002	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
benzo (a) pyrene	ND	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	0.002	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
penzo (g,h,i) perviene	NG	<10	<500	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<20	<200
renatively identified Compounds	1	/	20	4	/	1	2	1	0	1	1	16	20	19

#### NOTES:

- NOTES: concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L). J Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit. GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1), Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993) R Data rejected by data validator. NG No Guidance Available (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type.

  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
    (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

A:CMPGWSV.XLS REV 5/95

# TABLE G-14 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

LOCATION DATE	GUIDANCE (ug/L)	MW-13 5/16/94	MW-14 5/16/94	MW-15 5/16/94	MW-16 5/17/94	MW-17 5/18/94	MW-18 5/18/94	MW-19 5/16/94	MW-20 5/17/94	MW-21 5/19/94	MW-22 5/19/94	MW-23 5/19/94	MW-24 5/17/94	MW-25 5/19/94
COMPOUND														
phenol	1	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	1	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-chlorophenol	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,3-dichlorobenzene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,4-dichlorobenzene	4.7	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-methylphenol	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<100	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	-10	<10	<10
4-methylphenol	NG	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	8 J	<10	<10
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
hexachloroethane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
nitrobenzene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Isophrone	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2 A-dimethylphonol	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2,4-dichlorophenol	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	~10	<10 ~10	~10	<10	<10
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	~10
naphthalene	10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	41	62	33	<10	36
4-chloroaniline	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
hexachlorobutadiene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-chioro-3-methylphenol	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-memyinaphmalene	NG E	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	7 J	24 J	18 J	<10 J	6 J
2.4.6-trichlorophenol	5 NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2 4 5-trichlorophenol	NG	<25	<25	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-chloronaphthalene	10	< <u>-</u> 0	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	< <u>&lt;</u> 25 <10	< <u>&lt;</u> 25 <10	<23	<20	<25	<25
2-nitroaniline	5	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	< 10
dimethyl phthalate	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
acenaphthylene	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2,6-dinitrotoluene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
3-nitroaniline	NG	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
acenaphthene	20	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J
2,4-ainitrophenol	NG	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
dibenzofuren	NG	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
2.4-dinitrotoluene	5	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
diethylphthalate	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10.1	<10.1
fluorene	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10
4-nitroaniline	5	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	NG	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-bromopheny-phenylether	0.25	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
pentachlorophenol	1	< 10	<10	< 10	< 10	<10	< 10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
phenanthrene	50	<10	<10	<10	ر <u>ب</u> ے 10	< <u>10</u>	<10	< <u>2</u> 5 <10	< <u>&lt;</u> 20 <10	<20 ~10	<20 210	<20	<25 ~10	< <u>&lt;</u> 25 <10
anthracene	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
carbazole	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
fluoranthene	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
pyrene	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10 J
2 2 dichlorobonzidino	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (a) anthracene	0.002	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
chrysene	NG	~10	<10 <10	~10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
bis (2-ethylhexvi) phthalate	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	~10	~10	<10	<10	<10 10 I	<10	<10
di-n-octyl phthalate	50	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (b) fluoranthene	0.002	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10	<10	<10	<10.1	<10
benzo (k) fluoranthene	0.002	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (a) pyrene	ND	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	0.002	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	NG	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
l enatively identified Compounds		4	4	3	2	0	1	4	1	10	18	14	5	13

#### NOTES:

NOTES: - concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L). J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit. GUIDANCE - Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1), Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993) R - Data rejected by data validator. NG - No Guidance Available

- (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
   (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

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# TABLE G-14 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

		DUPE-11		DUPE-10				
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	MW-25	MW-26S	MW-26S	MW-26D	BR-01	BR-02	BR-03
DATE	(ug/L)	5/19/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/20/94
COMPOUND								
phenol	1	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
bis (-2-chloroethyl) ether	1	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-chlorophenol	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
1,3-dichlorobenzene	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,4-dichlorobenzene	4.7	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,2-dichlorobenzene	4.7	<10 J	<20 J	<20 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
2-methylphenol	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-methylphenol	NG	<10	130	140	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
hexachloroethane	5	<10 J	<20 J	<20 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
nitrobenzene	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
Isophrone	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
bis (-2-chloroethoxy) methane	5	<10	<20 J	<20 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
2,4-dichiorophenol	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
1,2,4-tricnioropenzene	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
	10	30	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-chioroaniline	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
A objero 2 mothylphonol	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
2 methylpaphthelene	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
boxachlorocyclopontaciono		/ J -10	<20 J	<20 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J
2.4.6-trichlorophenol	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
2.4.5-trichlorophenol	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	< 10	<10	<10
2-chloronaphthalene	10	<20	<00	<00	<25 J	<25	<25	<25
2-nitroaniline	5	<25	<20	<20	<10	< 10	<10	<10
dimethyl obthalate	50	<25	<20	<20	<23	<20	<25	<25
acenaphthylene	NG	<10	<20	-20	<10	<10	<10	<10
2 6-dinitrotoluene	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
3-nitroaniline	NG	<25	<50	~50	<25	< 25	<10	< 10
acenaphthene	20	<10.1	<20	20	<10.1	<10	<10	<25
2.4-dinitrophenol	NG	<25	<50	<50	<25	<25	<25	<25
4-nitrophenol	NG	<25	<50	<50	< <u>25.1</u>	<25	~25	<2J 25
dibenzofuran	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
2,4-dinitrotoluene	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
diethylphthalate	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	NG	<10 J	<20 J	<20 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10.I	<10.1
fluorene	50	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
4-nitroaniline	5	<25	<50	<50	<25	<25	<25	<25
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	NG	<25	<50	<50	<25 J	<25	<25	<25
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
hexachlorobenzene	0.35	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
pentachlorophenol	1	<25	<50	<50	<25 J	<25	<25	<25
phenanthrene	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
anthracene	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
carbazole	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
di-n-butylphthalate	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	0.7 J
fluoranthene	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
pyrene	50	<10 J	<20 J	<20 J	<10	<10 J	<10 J	<10
butylbenzylphthalate	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
3,3-dichlorobenzidine	5	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (a) anthracene	0.002	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
chrysene	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
di-n-octyl phthalate	50	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (b) fluoranthene	0.002	<10	<20	<20	<10 J	<10	<10	<10
benzo (k) fluoranthene	0.002	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (a) pyrene	ND	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	0.002	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
benzo (g,h,i) perylene	NG	<10	<20	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tenatively Identified Compounds		15	19	19	1	0	4	11

#### NOTES:

NOTES: - concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L). J - Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit. GUIDANCE - Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1), Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993) R - Data rejected by data validator. NG - No Guidance Available (a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

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# TABLE G-15 SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

			MW 01	MW 02	MW 025	MW 02D	NAWL OA	MW OF		MW 07			MM 10	NAX 11	MM 10	MW 10			MW 16	144/ 17	MN 10	101/10	1111 00	100000	1/11/ 00	1000	10000	MINIOS
	DATE		5/16/94	5/20/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/16/94	5/16/94	5/17/94	5/17/94	5/17/94	5/17/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/16/94	5/16/94	5/16/94	5/17/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	MW-19 5/16/94	MW-20 5/17/9/	MW-21 5/19/94	MW-22	5/19/94	MW-24 5/17/94	MW-25
COMPOUND		(~9-)	•	0/20/01		0				0,11/04	0,11,04	0,11,04	0/20/04	0,20,04	0,20,04	0,10,04	0,10,04	0/10/04	0,11,04	0,10,04	0/10/04	3/10/34	0,17/04	5/15/34	0,10,04	0/10/04	3/17/34	0/10/04
alpha BHC		NG	-0.05	0.026 P	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05 1	-0.05	-0.05 L	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05 1	-0.05	-0.05 1	-0.05	-0.05	0.05 1	0.05 1	0.05 1	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.050	0.00
hota BHC		NG	<0.05	0.020 B	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.056	<0.06
delta-BHC		NG	<0.05	0.047 JP	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J		0.004 JF	0.010 JP	<0.05 J	0.007 JP	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.056	<0.06
damma-BHC (li	ndana)	NG	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J		<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	0.009 0	0.000 JF	0.014 JF	<0.05 J	0.003 JF	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	0.000 JP	<0.050	<0.00
bentachlor			<0.05	0.031 IP	<0.05	<0.05				<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	0.002 1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.050	
aldrin		0.001	<0.05	0.001 01	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05.1		<0.05	<0.05		<0.05 J	<0.002 5	0.017 IP	<0.05	<0.05 1	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.050	0.000 0
heptachlor epox	ide	ND	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05.1	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05.1	<0.05.1	<0.05	<0.05	0.002 JP	<0.05.1	<0.05.1	<0.05 J	<0.05.1	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.050	<0.00
endosulfan I		0.009	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.00 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05.1	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.056	<0.06
dieldrin		0.001	<0.10	0.012 JP	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	0.002 JP	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	0.003 J	<0.000	0.065 J	<0.00 J	<0.00	<0.00	<0.00	<0.11	0.001 JP
4,4' - DDE		ND	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	0.052 JP	<0.10 J	0.012 JP	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.11	<0.12
əndrin		ND	<0.10	0.055 JP	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	0.009 JP	<0.10 J	0.01 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.11	<0.12
endosulfan II		0.009	<0.10 J	0.053 JP	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.11 J	<0.12 J
4,4' - DDD		ND	<0.10	0.022 JP	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.11	<0.12
endosulfan sulfa	ate	NG	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.11	<0.12
4,4' - DDT		ND	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.11 J	<0.12 J
methoxychior		35	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.56 J	<0.60 J
endrin ketone		NG	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	0.012 JP	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.11	<0.12
endrin aldehyde		NG	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<b>&lt;0.1</b> 0 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.11	<0.12
alpha - chiordan	e	0.1	<0.05	0.036 JP	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.056	<0.06
gamma - chlord	ane	0.1	<0.05	0.035 JP	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	0.002 JP	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.056	<0.06
toxaphene		ND	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0 J	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.6	<6.0
aroclor - 1016		*	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.1	<1.2
aroclor - 1221		*	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0 J	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0 J	<2.0 J	<2.0	<2.0 J	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0 J	<2.0 J	<2.0 J	<2.0	<2.2	<2.4
arocior - 1232		*	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.1	<1.2
aroclor - 1242		*	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.1	<1.2
arocior - 1248			<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.1	<1.2
arocior - 1254			<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.1	<1.2
aroclor - 1260		*	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.1	<1.2

#### NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L).
- \* PCBs < 0.001 ug/L.
- B Compound also detected in reagent blank.
- J Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.
- P The percent difference between concentration values calculated on both columns was greater than 25% D.
- GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1),

Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993) NG - No Guidance Available

(a) - All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
 (b) - All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

# TABLE G-15 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TCL PESTICIDE and PCB DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

r			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		DUPE-11	1.000	DUPE-10	1444 000	<b>DD</b> 64		
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	MW-25	MW-265	MW-265	MW-26D	BH-01	BH-02	BH-03
DATE	(ug/L)	5/19/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/20/94
COMPOUND								
alpha-BHC	NG	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
beta-BHC	NG	<0.05 J	0.028 JP	0.23 JP	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
delta-BHC	NG	<0.05 J	0.008 JP	0.01 JP	0.005 J	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
gamma-BHC (lindane)	NG	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
heptachlor	ND	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	0.004 JP	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
aldrin	0.001	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
heptachlor epoxide	ND	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
endosulfan l	0.009	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
dieldrin	0.001	<0.10 J	0.028 JP	0.036 JP	0.004 JP	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J
4,4' - DDE	ND	<0.10 J	0.015 JP	0.05 JP	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10	0.003 JP
endrin	ND	<0.10 J	0.023 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J
endosulfan II	0.009	<0.10 J	0.031 JP	0.04 JP	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J
4,4' - DDD	ND	<0.10 J	<0.10	0.04 JP	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J
endosulfan sulfate	NG	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J
4,4' - DDT	ND	<0.10 J	0.07 JP	0.093 JP	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J	<0.10 J
methoxychlor	35	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	<0.50 J	0.013 JP
endrin ketone	NG	<0.10 J	0.026 J	0.032 J	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J
endrin aldehyde	NG	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10 J	<0.10	<0.10 J
alpha - chlordane	0.1	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
gamma - chlordane	0.1	<0.05 J	<0.05	0.003 JP	<0.05	<0.05 J	<0.05	<0.05 J
toxaphene	ND	<5.0 J	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0 J	<5.0	<5.0 J
aroclor - 1016	*	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J
aroclor - 1221	*	<2.0 J	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0 J	<2.0 J	<2.0 J
aroclor - 1232	*	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J
aroclor - 1242	*	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J
aroclor - 1248	*	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J
aroclor - 1254	*	<1.0 J	1.0 P	1.6 P	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J
aroclor - 1260	+	<1.0 J	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0 J	<1.0 J	<1.0 J

#### NOTES:

(

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L).

- \* PCBs < 0.001 ug/L.
- B Compound also detected in reagent blank.
- J Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.
- P The percent difference between concentration values

calculated on both columns was greater than 25% D. GUIDANCE - Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1),

Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993) NG - No Guidance Available

- (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
- (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

A:CMPGWPST.XLS REV 5/95

# TABLE G-16 SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

		· · · · ·	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1			I	MW-12F	1		T	1	Τ	MW-17F
	GUIDANCE	MW-01	MW-02	MW-035	MW-03D	MW-04	MW-05	MW-06	MW-07	MW-08	MW-09	MW-10	MW-11	MW-12	(filtered)	MW-13	MW-14	MW-15	MW-16	MW-17	(filtered)
DATE	(ug/L)	5/16/94	5/20/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/17/94	5/18/94	5/17/94	5/17/94	5/17/94	5/17/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/16/94	5/16/94	5/16/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/18/94
ANALYTE	(-3)																				
aluminum	100	<96.1	100 B	<96.1	<96.1	<96.1	177 B	<96.1	341	173 B	251	342	<96.1	758	<96.1	244	426	435	<96.1	30900	<96.1
antimony	3	<55.5	489 J	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5 J	449 J	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5
arsenic	25	<5.6 NW	<4.5 J	19.6	<4.5 J	<5.6 NW	<5.6 NW	<5.6 NW	<5.6 N	<5.6 N	<5.6 N	<4.5 J	<4.5 J	<45.0 J	15.2 J	<5.6 N	<5.6 NW	<5.6 N	4.8 BJ	<22.5	<4.5 J
barium	1,000	28.3 B	87.3 B	72.9 B	116 B	94.7 B	178 B	188 B	299	112 B	42.8 B	37.7 B	44.1 B	34.3 B	93.8 B	36.7 B	27.1 E	86.9 B	135 B	540 B	104 B
beryllium	3	<0.90	1.0 B	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	1.0 B	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	3.5 B	<0.90
cadmium	10	117 J	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	81.3 J	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	3.1 BJN	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4 J	56.6 JN
calcium	NG	45300	76000	88000	140000	341000	134000	167000	208000	208000	78000	130000	151000	119000	110000 JE	53200	142000	259000	76600	1860000	170000 JE
chromium	50	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	19.4	<3.8
cobalt	5	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	18.5 B	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	47.7 B	<17.0
copper	200	145	474	70.4 R	91.5 R	96.5 R	126	97.9 R	71.1 R	73.7 R	57.6 R	144	78.8	44.3 R	122 J	46.9 R	95.1 R	58.4 R	85.4 R	305	166
iron	300	318	250	51100	26.9 B	238	504	27.1 B	1300	416	631	745	210	24000	5850	584	1400	1460	5850	102000	36.0 B
lead	25	<0.90	<0.90 JW	<0.90 JW	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90 JW	1.9 BJW	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	21.2	<0.90
magnesium	35,000	8840	9520	9440	29600	37600	43400	51000	66100	24400	13300	14600	23700	16400	15200 JE	7970	40900	44200	27100	462000	53600 JE
manganese	300	9 B	327	15700	12.8 B	<3.0	38.5	<3.0	118	1890	384	1410	937	5640	5580	21.2	114	121	10900	9650	59
mercury	2	0.1 NJ	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	0.06 NBJ	0.05 NBJ	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.40 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	0.10 BJN	0.04 BJN	0.10 BJN	<0.04 JN	0.51 JN	<0.04 JN
nickel	7.1	<16.8	25.8 B	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	20.1 B	20.5 B	67.8	33.2 B	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	101	<16.8
potassium	NG	11100	3110 B	<2390	<2390	6340	<2390	<2390	<2390	<2390	<2390	<2390	2580 B	<2390	2700 BJ	<2390	<2390	<2390	9810	3700 BJ	10200 J
selenium	10	<2.3	<2.3 N	3.7 NWBJ	<2.3 NW	<2.3 JW	<2.3 JW	<2.3 JW	<2.3 JW	<2.3	<2.3	<2.3 JNW	<2.3 JNW	<2.3 JN	<2.3 JW	<2.3 JW	<2.3	<2.3 JW	<2.3 N	<2.3 JNW	<2.3
silver	50	96.2 NJ	10.2	<7.7	<7.7	68.8 NJ	12.4 NJ	<7.7 JN	<7.7 JN	<7.7 JN	<7.7 JN	<7.7	<7.7	<7.7 J	31.6 JN	<7.7 JN	<7.7 JN	<7.7 JN	<7.7	<7.7 J	135 JN
sodium	20,000	78800	34000	6710	34700	325000	56500	113000	306000	32900	30500	70800	59900	95000	87400 JE	3630 B	28700	77300	15800	74300 J	90500 JE
thallium	4	<6.0 JN	<6.0 JW	<30.0	<30.0	38.0 NWJ	<6.0 JN	<6.0 JN	<30.0 JNE	<6.0 JN	<6.0 JN	<6.0 JW	<30.0 JW	<30.0 JW	<6.0	<6.0 JN	<6.0 JN	<30.0 JNE	<30.0	<30.0	<6.0
vanadium	14	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	11.6 B	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	57.6	<11.0
zinc	300	86.8	231	17.1 B	29.8	85.1	322	29.5	52.2	16.1 B	24.9	48.7	24.2	28.3 J	41.6 J	68.8	115	71.6	30.6	448	99.8
cyanide	100	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L).
- B Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit,
- but less than the contract required detection limit.
- E Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.
- N Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits.
- W Post digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is outside of control limits (85-115%),
- while sample absorbence is less than 50% of spike absorbence.
- J Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.
- GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1),
  - Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993)
  - R Data rejected by data validator.
  - NG No Guidance Available
  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
    (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type

## TABLE G-16 (cont.) SUMMARY OF TAL INORGANIC DATA - GROUND WATER MMC - FARRELL ROAD PLANT RI/FS

			MW-18F								DUPE-11		DUPE-10			BB-01E		BB-02E	T	BB-025
LOCATION	GUIDANCE	MW-18	(filtered)	MW-19	MW-20	MW-21	MW-22	MW-23	MW-24	MW-25	MW-25	MW-265	MW-265	MW-26D	BB-01	(filtorod)	BB-02	(filtorod)	BB 02	(filtered)
DATE	(ug/L)	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/17/94	5/17/94	5/19/94	5/19/94	5/19/94	5/17/94	5/19/94	5/19/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/18/94	5/20/94	(milered)	5/20/04		5/00/04	(intered)
ANALYTE									0, 11, 0		0,10,04	0,10,04	3,10,34	3/10/34	5/20/34		5/20/94	5/20/94	5/20/94	5/20/94
aluminum	100	17900	<96.1	<96.1	147 B	134 B	391	<96.1	275	406	431	119 B	152 B	125 B	2440	<96.1	41900	<96.1	13200	1020
antimony	3	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	173	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5 J	83.5 J	<55.5	<55.5	<55.5	~55.5
arsenic	25	8.0 BJW	<4.5 JW	<5.6 N	<5.6 N	<4.5 J	<4.5 J	4.8 BJ	<5.6 NW	<4.5 J	<4.5 J	5.7 BJ	5.7 BJ	<5.6 N	<4.5 J	<4.5 JW	8.6 B.IW	<4.5.IW	<45.0.1	<4.5.1
barium	1,000	332	167 B	74.0 B	67.4 B	21.8 B	81.3 B	42.0 B	55.8 B	86.6 B	129 B	57.5 B	95.2 B	36.9 B	86.4 B	211 B	360	115 R	157 B	320 B
beryllium	3	1.2 B	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	178	<u>090</u>	<0.90	<0.90
cadmium	10	<2.4	<2.4 JN	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4	<24	<24.IN	~24	<2.4.IN	<2.4	<0.30
calcium	NG	762000	206000 JE	94000	87500	119000	231000	124000	196000	238000	253000	144000	145000	175000	1160000	1190000 JE	593000 J	689000 JE	2510000	2740000 .IF
chromium	50	12.9	<3.8	271	12.9	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	5.1 B	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	<3.8	31.6	<3.8	28.4	<3.8
cobalt	5	<17.0	<170	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0	<17.0
copper	200	132	48.2	52.7 R	34.4 R	30.0 R	17.3 BR	69.3 R	33.2 R	47.3 R	25.8 R	34.6 R	37.5 R	27.5 R	38.0 R	237 J	20 4 13	146.1	215 B	90.5.1
iron	300	50700	<19.4	44.6 B	476	770	1030	2960	4490	1150	1230	10200	7520	420	1810	245	28600	31.6 B	11200	1110
lead	25	20.4	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90	<0.90 JW	1.4 BJW	<0.90	<0.90 JW	1.5 BJW	<0.90 JW	<0.90 JW	<0.90	<4.5	<0.90 JW	4.5 BJW	<0.90.1	4 1 JW	2 1 B.IW
magnesium	35,000	175000	64600 JE	14700	11900	15500	22200	13300	36100	26100	27400	21900	22100	36200	159000 J	177000 JE	63900	51200 JE	287000.1	340000 JE
manganese	300	3170	10.9 B	<3.0	31.5	15000	4270	2880	4020	17500	18600	6990	6570	1090	2910 J	3380 J	947	648	2280.1	3030 1
mercury	2	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	0.04 BJN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	0.12 BJN	<0.04 JN	0.08 BJN	0.07 BJN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04 JN	<0.04.IN	0.09 B.IN	0.23 .IN
nickel	7.1	57.6	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	18.6 B	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	<16.8	19.6 B	<16.8	37.3 B	<16.8	31 9 B	<16.8
potassium	NG	3340 B	<2390	<2390	<2390	<2390	<2390	2630	<2390	<2390	<2390	3190 B	2440 B	<2390	298000	327000 J	163000	160000 .1	218000 .1	255000 1
selenium	10	<2.3 JNW	<2.3 JW	<2.3	<2.3 JW	<2.3 N	<2.3 N	<2.3 N	<2.3	<2.3 N	<2.3 JNW	<2.3 N	<2.3 N	<2.3 JW	<11.5 JNW	<11.5 JW	<11.5 JNW	<11.5.JW	<11.5 JNE	<11.5./F
silver	50	<7.7	<7.7 NR	<7.7 JN	<7.7 JN	<7.7	<7.7	<7.7	<7.7 JN	<7.7	<7.7	<7.7	<7.7	<7.7 JN	<7.7	<7.7 NB	<77	<7.7 NB	~77	<7.7 NB
sodium	20,000	81100	88000 JE	2380 B	244000	9400	144000	214000	42400	39000	37200	89000	83700	20500	987000	1050000 JE	1540000 J	1720000 JE	3650000 .1	4050000 JE
thallium	4	<30.0	<6.0 JW	<6.0 JN	<6.0 JWN	<6.0	<30.0	<30.0	<6.0 JNW	<30.0	<30.0	<30.0	<30.0	<6.0 JNW	<30.0 JE	<6.0 JW	<30.0 JF	<30.0 JW	<30.0.IF	<60W
vanadium	14	21.1 B	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0	41.6 B	<11.0	<11.0	<11.0
zinc	300	189	37.5	89.8	70.7	11.7 B	30.3	28.6	104	24.5	12.7 B	18.8 B	17.6 B	20.3	890	712	57.3	25.4	275	63.6
cyanide	100	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10 J	<10.1	<10.1	<10.1	<10.1	<10	-10	-10.1	-10.1

NOTES:

- concentrations reported as micrograms per liter (ug/L).
   B Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit,

but less than the contract required detection limit.

- E Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.
- N Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits.
- W Post digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is outside of control limits (85-115%), while sample absorbence is less than 50% of spike absorbence.
- J Value is estimated since it falls below the detection limit.
- GUIDANCE Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (1.1.1),
  - Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values (22 October 1993)
  - R Data rejected by data validator.
  - NG No Guidance Available
  - (a) All results with detectable concentrations appear in bold type
  - (b) All results that exceed SCG appear in shaded bold type