Report

Jarl Extrusions, Inc.
Site Investigation
Pittsford, New York

March 1986

O'BRIEN & GERE

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REPORT

Comments in blue ink R. M. Young

JARL EXTRUSIONS, INC. SITE INVESTIGATION

PITTSFORD, NEW YORK

MARCH, 1986

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.
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SYRACUSE, NEW YORK 13221

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SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

In February 1985, O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc., was retained to conduct the following investigations at a location near Rochester, New York:

1) locate the two former waste water impoundments and
2) evaluate the impact of two abandoned impoundments on the site soils and local ground water system.

The site, owned by Jarl Extrusions, Inc., is located Northwest of East Rochester on Linden Avenue in the Town of Pittsford, New York (Figure 1). This report presents the results of the site investigation.

SECTION 2 - BACKGROUND

The site, owned by Jarl Extrusions, Inc., is located in Pittsford, New York. Figure 1 illustrates the location of the site with respect to local natural and cultural features. The site is bordered on the south and west by several light industrial complexes. A large wooded ravine is located on the northern part of the property. The Siquismondi Landfill is located on the property immediately to the east of the site. Surface water flows north to Irondequoit Creek, which flows north into Lake Ontario.

Jarl Extrusions, Inc., formerly utilized two surface impoundments for waste water retention from a metal finishing facility (Figure 2). An estimated 200,000 gallons per year of wastewater, generated from the processing plant, was pumped to each impoundment via underground pipes. No information is available on the construction of these lagoons, although historic aerial photographs suggest that they were located in an area of natural depressions. The impoundments were active between 1963 and 1976. In 1980 the impoundments were backfilled, graded and seeded.

A previous investigation of the surface impoundments was conducted by LaBella Associates, P.C., July 1982 (Appendix F1). This investigation, subsequent correspondence from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) (Appendix F2) and LaBella Associates informal response to the NYSDEC April 23, 1983 letter (Appendix F3) were reviewed. The LaBella report indicates that greater than 99.7% of the total chromium from the samples collected is in

the trivalent state. This report also indicates that EP Toxicity test results show that the three samples analyzed contain less than 0.05 mg/l total leachable chromium and therefore that the buried sludge is nonhazardous. The report information was used to define this current investigatory effort. Concerns and recommendations identified in the LaBella report and subsequent correspondence have been addressed to the extent possible in this current report.

In addition, NUS Corporation, an USEPA Contractor, inspected the site in 1984. The inspection report was reviewed as a part of this study (Appendix F4). NUS collected soil and sediment samples, but this data was not available as of the date of this report. The NUS samples were split with Jarl and were analyzed. The results of these analyses have been reviewed and are included in Appendix F5.

The site is listed on New York State's list of inactive hazardous waste sites, as is the adjacent Siguismondi Landfill. NYSDEC's December 1984 description of both sites is included in Appendix F6. The Jarl site is classified "2A", indicating that more information is needed. One of the purposes if this current study was to provide this additional information.

SECTION 3 - FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

Non-destructive work tasks were completed at the site prior to initiation of any drilling or sampling efforts. The results of these task were used to assess the general site characteristics and to help locate the location of the monitoring wells. The results of this portion of the field investigation are presented in Section 4 of this report. This section contains a description of the procedures used to conduct the investigations.

3.01 Background Data and Aerial Photograph Review

Available literature and information on the local hydrogeology and site use were reviewed (Appendix E). Aerial photographs of the site, taken in 1938, 1951, 1966 and 1980, were also examined. The literature and aerial photograph review facilitated reconstruction of the site history and delineation of the former wastewater impoundment boundaries, provided information on the local and regional hydrogeology, and provided information utilized in determining the extent of the geophysical survey and in selecting the locations of the monitoring wells.

3.02 Geophysical Surveys

Electromagnetic Survey - An electromagnetic survey was conducted at the site to assist in determining the areal extent and thickness of soils and other materials in the former waste water impoundments. A Geonics EM31-D Terrain Conductivity meter was used for this survey. The survey grid, measuring 580 by 480 feet, extended beyond the

boundaries of the suspected impoundment area as identified in historic aerial photographs (Figure 2). Conductivity measurements were recorded at 20 foot intervals throughout the grid. The data was then plotted and contoured for evaluation (Figure 3).

Electrical Resistivity Survey - An electrical resistivity survey was conducted to facilitate delineation of the vertical limits of the surface impoundments and to delineate subsurface stratigraphy at the site. The survey was conducted using a Bison 2390 T Transmitter and 2390 R Receiver. A Schlumberger array was used on each of the nine survey soundings.

Nine vertical profile survey lines were conducted; eight through the former wastewater impoundments and one adjacent to the impoundments (Appendix A). The data evaluation was facilitated by a computer program developed by A.A.R. Zohdy (A Computer Program for the Automatic Interpretation of Schlumberger Sounding Curves Over Horizontally Stratified Media, 1973, NTIS PB 232703).

3.03 Monitoring Well Installation

Five soil borings, completed as ground water monitoring wells, were drilled on the site (Figure 2). Monitoring well locations were selected so as to provide upgradient and downgradient monitoring locations outside of the horizontal extent of the former wastewater impoundments. The review of background information, maps, aerial photographs and geophysical surveys provided the information upon which monitoring well locations were selected. Each boring was drilled

using a standard 3-3/4 inch ID hollow stem auger. Soil samples were collected and described in the field by the supervising hydrogeologist from each soil boring. Samples were collected at five foot intervals in the unsaturated zone and continuously in the saturated zone. Soil samples were collected using a split-barrel sampler (ASTM Method). Laboratory grain size analyses were performed on selected soil samples to verify field observations. The boring logs and grain still analyses are included in Appendix B.

Ground water monitoring wells were installed in the soil borings to provide information on the direction of ground water movement and to provide ground water sampling points.

The monitoring wells were screened in the zone of first encountered ground water, as described in the NYSDEC Generic Phase II Workplan, between 5 and 22 feet below the ground surface. Each 10 foot screened length was placed within the saturated clayey silt material found beneath the site.

All ground water monitoring wells were constructed of 2-inch ID, flush-joint threaded, 0.01 inch slot, schedule 40 PVC well screen and casing. The casing on all wells was extended approximately 2 feet above the ground surface. A locking protective steel casing was installed to prevent unauthorized entry.

The method of well installation consisted of lowering the screen and casing assembly into the hollow stem auger to the selected screen depths. A graded washed silica sand pack was placed around the well screen and extended to a minimum of 1 foot above the top of the screen. A bentonite pellet seal, a minimum of 2 feet thick, was placed

on top of the sand pack. The remaining annular space between the borehole wall and casing was backfilled with a bentonite/cement grout which extended to the ground surface to ensure that surface water runoff will not enter the well via the borehole. Detailed designs of all wells are included in Table 1 and Appendix B. Since the background information indicated that the potential contamination would be limited to trace metals, safety protocols for the drilling consisted of hard hats and gloves.

All sampling equipment, drilling equipment and miscellaneous tools used during the installation of the ground water monitoring wells were thoroughly decontaminated between borings by steam cleaning with soap and water followed by a potable water rinse. This decontamination process was conducted to prevent cross contamination of the wells by the drilling equipment. Drilling and decontamination wastes were left on site.

Following installation, the ground water monitoring wells were developed using compressed air. In general, this procedure involved air surging each well to clear the fine grained sediments from the well. All wells were surveyed for location and elevation with respect to a site datum.

Hydraulic Conductivity Tests - In-situ permeability tests were conducted in three of the five monitoring wells to determine the hydraulic conductivity of the aquifer. Information on the aquifer hydraulic conductivity is necessary for the calculation of the rate of ground water flow. The method used for this test involved rapidly evacuating a

volume of water from the well to create a potential hydraulic difference between the well and the surrounding aquifer. The rate of recovery of the water level in the well was then monitored over time. Values for the hydraulic conductivity were then calculated using Hvorslev's formula.

3.04 Ground Water Sampling and Analysis

Ground water samples were obtained from four of the five monitoring wells on two occasions; July 5, 1985, and July 23, 1985. On October 25, 1985, an attempt was made to collect a third round of ground water samples; however, insufficient water existed in wells B3, B4 and B5 to collect samples. Therefore, no samples were analyzed. Prior to sampling ground water, elevation measurements were made on each date. During the first two sampling events, monitoring well B-5 lacked a sufficient volume of water to collect a sample. Monitoring well B-4 lacked a sufficient volume of water to completely purge the well prior to sampling. However, despite the inability to completely purge the well, water quality samples were collected from this well. With the exception of well B-4, prior to sample collection, three well volumes were removed from each monitoring well with a stainless steel bailer. The wells were allowed to recover and the samples were collecting using a clean stainless steel bailer. Samples were collected in containers with appropriate preservatives and placed on ice for shipment to the O'Brien & Gere laboratory for analysis. Chain of custody procedures were observed.

Ground water samples were filtered in the laboratory and analyzed for total chromium, hexavalent chromium, nickel, copper, cadmium, zinc, mercury, and lead. The analyses for chromium, nickel, copper,

and zinc were selected based on the known processes and materials used at the facility. Analyses for mercury, lead and cadmium were included due to their occurrence in samples split with an NUS Corporation in September, 1984, although Jarl Extrusions has no record of using these metals at the facility. Total organic halogen (TOX) analyses were performed on unfiltered samples. The analytical methods used were consistent with the methodology presented in the Federal Register - 40 CFR, Part 136, October 26, 1984, and are referenced in Table 2.

3.05 Surface Impoundment Test Pits

Fifteen test pits were excavated on October 25, 1985, to determine whether residual material from the former surface impoundments exists in the soil and to collect soil samples for analyses. The test pits were excavated and backfilled by a backhoe at locations shown on Figure 4. Test pit locations were selected to provide sampling locations both within and outside the former surface impoundments. The test pit locations were selected based on the review of the aerial photograph and the geophysical surveys. The soils encountered in the test pits were logged by the supervising hydrogeologist (Appendix C). Selected soil samples of the site soil and of the black and white impoundment deposits were submitted to the laboratory for analyses of total chromium, copper, cadmium, zinc, lead and aluminum. The analytical methods used were consistent with the methodology presented in the Federal Register - 40 CFR, Part 136, October 26, 1984. In addition, one sample of the black impoundment deposits from test pit #5 was submitted to General Testing Laboratory by NHDD for EP Toxicity testing (see Appendix F7).

SECTION 4 - DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

4.01 Background Information Review and Geophysical Surveys.

Aerial photographs from 1938 through 1951 indicate that the Jarl site was an open pasture until after 1951. The 1966 aerial photos illustrate the building complex and two shallow waste water impoundments. The impoundments appear to be 5 to 10 feet deep. The 1980 aerial photos illustrate the two former impoundments were backfilled and graded. Figure 2 illustrates the approximate maximum horizontal extent of the impoundments based on the review of the aerial photographs. The surface impoundments were excavated into the native soils. When abandoned, the excavated soils were used to cover the impoundments (LaBella, 1982).

The electromagnetic survey identified the variable nature of the shallow unconsolidated deposits (Figure 3). Electromagnetic variations across the site provided no indication of the locations of the former surface impoundments. The anomaly illustrated along the southern portion of Figure 3 is due to the presence of a steel chain link fence. The anomaly located in the area of southern portion of the eastern impoundment is probably due to the presence of steel fence post stub and concrete debris identified in test pit #14. Therefore, it can be concluded that the accumulated impoundment deposits do not provide a conductivity anomaly sufficient to be distinguished from the native soil conductivity variations.

The electrical resistivity survey delineated the natural subsurface stratigraphy and was found to be consistent with the soil borings (Appendix A). Generally, the sandy soil between 5 and 10 feet thick

was recognized as a higher resistive layer. A 10 to 20 feet thick clayey silt layer beneath the sandy soil was recognized as a low resistive layer. Beneath the clayey silt, a significant thickness of a higher resistive layer corresponds to the unsaturated sand identified in boring B1. This survey also did not detect any evidence of the former surface impoundments.

The fact that neither geophysical survey delineated the horizontal or vertical extent of the impoundments suggests that:

- Either little or no impoundment deposits currently exist in the locations of the former impoundments; and/or
- The variations in the natural subsurface conductivities exceed any variation due to the former lagoon impoundments.

The latter case was determined to be correct based on the surface impoundment test pits excavated at a later date.

4.02 Ground Water Hydrology

The site is located within the north-south trending Irondogenesee Buried Valley. This thick sequence of glaciofluvial sediments is an important aquifer for East Rochester. Within the property boundaries, relief is approximately 20 to 25 feet. The elevation of the site ranges between 395 feet and 410 feet above mean sea level. In the surface impoundment area, the topography is relatively flat. Immediately north of the impoundment area the land surface elevation declines sharply towards the northeast. The surface topography proximate to the site consists of sloped hills and valleys, and north-south trending streams. Topographic relief within a one mile radius of the site is approximately 240 feet with the greatest relief existing to the north towards Irondequoit Creek (Figure 1).

Test borings indicate that the shallow unconsolidated sediments between 0 and 25 feet below ground surface consist of silty sand and clayey silt. Beneath the clayey silt are coarser grained sand and gravel which was deposited by glacial meltwater during the Pleistocene epoch.

The surface layer of material is comprised of brown fine silty sand. This layer varies from approximately 5 feet thick on the south western side of the site to approximately 8 feet thick on the north-eastern side. The bottom 1/4 to 1 foot of this layer is saturated.

Clayey silt to silty clay layers approximately 10 to 20 feet thick underlie the silty sand surface deposit. The monitoring wells were installed predominantly within the clayey silt unit.

Ground water elevation measurements collected on July 5 and 23, 1985, from Wells B-1, B-2 and B-3 suggest ground water flows towards the northwest (Figure 5). This apparent flow direction is not considered representative due to the vertical hydraulic gradients in this area. The effects of the vertical gradient are discussed below. The true horizontal ground water flow direction is probably toward the north and northeast, given the regional topography.

Based on the available site data, the principal zone of ground water saturation occurs within the clayey silt unit. Above the clayey silt between 1/4 to 1 foot of saturation exists within the silty sand. Since the summer months, i.e. periods of low precipitation and ground water recharge, are typically a period of low ground water elevations, it is likely that a greater thickness of ground water saturation exists in the silty sand during winter and spring months. The coarse grained

sand and gravel deposits beneath the clayey silt are unsaturated to a depth of about 65 feet below the ground surface. The low permeable clayey silts are causing a perched ground water condition at the site. Although Wells B-4 and B-5 were set within the clayey silt saturated zone, the lack of water in the wells during the three sampling events, suggests a downward vertical flow potential.

The presence of a fairly deep ravine immediately to the north of wells B3, B4 and B5 and the existence of the coarser unsaturated deposits beneath the clayey silt unit supports this hypothesis. This vertical flow potential may bias the horizontal flow determination since the ground water elevation in the wells will equilibrate with the lowest hydraulic head intercepted by the well. Where a downward flow potential exists, ground water intercepted near the top of the well screen will flow down the well annulus and equilibrate at a lower level in the well. This vertical flow potential is the most probable explanation for the lack of water in wells B4 and B5 in July and in wells B3, B4, and B5 in October.

The in-situ permeability tests indicate the horizontal hydraulic conductivity of the clayey silt ranges between 4×10^{-6} cm/sec to 4×10^{-7} cm/sec (8×10^{-2} to 8×10^{-3} gpd/ft^2). These values are reasonable for clayey silts.

Ground water samples collected on July 5 and July 23, 1985, were analyzed for the following parameters: total chromium, hexavalent chromium, nickel, copper, cadmium, zinc, mercury, and lead. Total organic halogens were analyzed during the July 5 samples. Table 2 summarizes the ground water quality analysis results.

Trace metal concentrations from monitoring well B-4 probably are not representative of the actual ground water quality due to the limited volume of water in this well. The absence of an appreciable water column, during both July sampling events, prevented the successful purging of the well prior to sampling. As a result, the samples contained fine grained sediments. Filtering of the samples from B4 in the laboratory did not remove all of the very fine grained material. The presence of fine grained sediments can result in analytical results which are not representative of actual ground water quality.

4.03 Surface Impoundment Soils

The soil sampling and analysis conducted via test pits at the site documented deposits from the surface impoundments in the site soils. The test pits extended to a depth of about 8 feet below the ground surface. These deposits were identified at most test pit locations and were varied in color, texture and thickness. Test Pits 1, 2 and 15 did not contain any visual deposits from the surface impoundments. Test pits 3-9, excavated in the area where the former western impoundment had been located, identified separate granular white and black deposits. These deposits occur as zones 2-6 inches thick of interlayered deposits and silt and sand. These deposits occur within about 3 feet of the ground surface. Test pits 4 and 5 also identified a gray to black material containing brick, wood and metal debris and having a "distinctive odor" at the bottom of the pits. Test pits 10, 11, 12, and 14 contain a black material within the silt and sand near the bottom of the test pits. This material occurred in layers 0.5 to 1.0 inches thick in test pits 11, 12, and 14. In test pit 10, the black

material was observed at the bottom of the pit, so its thickness could not be determined. (see test pit logs Appendix C). Analyses of selected samples of these variable deposits suggest that total chromium is the only heavy metal which shows a two orders of magnitude increase in concentrations in the impoundment deposits over the background samples #1 and #15. Lead shows a small, two to three fold, increase over background levels. Copper increases by about two fold over background in the white deposits, but shows an order of magnitude increase over background in the black deposits. Aluminum exists at significant levels in all samples which may reflect the fact that the analysis is for total aluminum and the sand and clay soils typically contain high levels of aluminum or that non visible deposits of aluminum from the wastewaters may exist in the site soils. There is about a two fold increase in aluminum concentrations between the background samples and the black deposits. The white deposits contain about a five fold increase in aluminum.

The results of the EP Toxicity test on the black impoundment deposits with the "distinctive odor" from test pit #5 indicate that the deposit contained no detectable concentrations of leachable heavy metals.

SECTION 5 - CONCLUSIONS

The site investigation has led to the following conclusions:

1. The areal extent of the former waste water impoundments has been determined based on historic aerial photographs;
2. The test pits excavated at the site indicate that the former waste water impoundments contain residues from their past use;
3. This study and prior tests on the impoundment deposits (LaBella report) indicated that the majority of the total chromium detected in the samples consisted of trivalent chromium, not hexavalent chromium;
4. EP Toxicity tests on the impoundment deposits (LaBella report and General Testing Corporation, 1986) indicate that the impoundment residues are not a hazardous waste;
5. The volume and/or nature of the residual impoundment deposits do not permit these deposits to be distinguished from the background soils by the accepted geophysical techniques used in this study;
6. Ground water occurrence and flow at the site are controlled by both surface topography and the geology beneath the site. Within the clayey silt unit, the zone of first encountered ground water, a vertical flow potential exists due to the presence of a nearby ground water discharge boundary, a ravine, and the presence of coarser more permeable deposits beneath the clayey silt. This vertical flow potential has an impact on the ground water elevations measured in the wells.

7. The available information indicates that the horizontal component of ground water flow is toward the north and northwest.

8. The hydraulic conductivity of the clayey silts is between $4x10^{-6}$ and $4x10^{-7}$ cm/sec, which indicates that the clayey silt unit is of low permeability.

9. The ground water quality data is not conclusive. The two rounds of ground water sampling did not provide duplicate results. Although the individual results suggest that the site ground water quality may have been elevated by some source of trace metals and halogenated organics, the data is not conclusive due to its lack of duplication and the lack of sufficient water to collect a representative sample from wells B4 and B5. An attempt was made to collect a third round of samples in October 1985; however, only wells B1 and B2 contained sufficient water to collect representative samples.

10. Based on this study, it does not appear that this site presents an acute or short-term threat to the environment. Any conclusions about the long term effects must await future sampling and analysis of ground water.

SECTION 6 - RECOMMENDATIONS

The site investigation focused on:

1) the identification of the horizontal and vertical extent of the two former waste water retention impoundments; and

2) the impact, if any, of the impoundments on the site ground water quality.

As discussed in Section 5, the site investigation identified the extent of the former impoundments. However, the available data is not conclusive regarding any ground water quality impact, if any, of the impoundment. It is recommended that the following additional site investigatory work be undertaken:

Two additional rounds of ground water quality samples and ground water elevations be collected for analysis during a period of higher ground water conditions (spring season). The samples should be analyzed for trace metals, including aluminum, and TOX as in this investigation.

There are two reasons for the above recommendation:

- the existing ground water quality data is inconclusive, and
- additional sampling rounds would provide a more substantial data base from which to evaluate the ground water quality and flow direction.

The ground water sampled to date occurs predominately within the clayey silt unit beneath the former impoundments. During periods of expected higher ground water elevations, it is believed that a zone of saturation would exist in the sandy material above the clayey silt. If

this is the case, ground water may be in direct contact with any deposits remaining in the impoundments and as such would provide a more definitive evaluation of the potential impact of the former impoundments.

I certify that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted above this certification. Based upon my own knowledge and upon my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining the information presented, the foregoing information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that this information is being requested for the purpose of determining compliance with local, state and federal laws and may be submitted to appropriate governmental regulatory agencies for those purposes. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information to such agencies, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

Respectively Submitted

O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

Edwin C. Tifft, Ph.D
Vice President

Prepared by:

Guy Swenson
Senior Hydrogeologist

Robert Foresti
Hydrogeologist

David Hill
Manager of Analytical Services

Tables

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TABLE #1
GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL DATA

Well No.	Elev. Casing	Elev. Ground	Elev. Bottom Of Well	Screen Length	Hydraulic Conductivity	Ground water Elevation 7-5-85	7-23-85	10-25-85
B-1	101.62 ft	99.27 ft	77.79 ft	10.0 ft	6.9×10^{-6} cm/sec	85.52 ft	84.62 ft	81.92 ft
B-2	99.53 ft	96.43 ft	79.70 ft	10.0 ft	3.90×10^{-6} cm/sec	89.83 ft	88.85 ft	90.53 ft
B-3	100.29 ft	97.91 ft	78.84 ft	10.0 ft	4.0×10^{-7} cm/sec	82.11 ft	82.70 ft	dry
B-4	103.37 ft	100.19 ft	83.79 ft	10.0 ft	* dry	82.87 ft	83.34 ft	dry
B-5	100.96 ft	98.23 ft	78.94 ft	10.0 ft	* dry	dry	dry	dry

* Monitor wells lacked a sufficient amount of water to perform hydraulic conductivity tests or provide ground water elevation measurements.

TABLE #2
GROUND WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS DATA

Samples taken 7/5/85	Well No. B-1	Well No. B-2	Well No. B-3	Well No. B-4**	NYS Ground Water Standard
Parameters					
Cr	BDL mg/l	BDL mg/l	BDL mg/l	BDL mg/l	--
Cr Hex	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.05 mg/l
Ni	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.06	--
Cu	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.07	1.0
Cd	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.01
Zn	0.10	BDL	0.07	0.23	5.0
Hg	BDL	0.0056	BDL	0.0013	0.002
Pb	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.025
Tox(duplicates)	13/14	93/79	100/100	*N/A	--

*This sample was too muddy to be analyzed by Method 450.1, TOX. The fine grained sediments could not be removed by centrifugation.

Samples taken 7/23/85	Well No. B-1	Well No. B-2	Well No. B-3	Well No. B-4**	NYS Ground Water Standard
Parameters					
Cr	0.02 mg/l	0.35 mg/l	0.56 mg/l	1.0 mg/l	--
Cr Hex	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.05 mg/l
Ni	BDL	0.26	1.10	1.1	--
Cu	0.03	0.27	0.90	1.54	1.0
Cd	BDL	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.01
Zn	0.02	0.60	1.5	4.0	5.0
Hg	BDL	0.0007	0.0012	0.0020	0.002
Pb	BDL	0.05	0.46	0.99	0.025

Parameters	EPA Method	Detection Limit
Chromiumn (Cr)	218.1	0.01 mg/l
Hexavalent Chromium (Cr-Hex)	218.5	0.01
Nickel (Ni)	249.1	0.01
Copper (Cu)	220.1	0.01
Cadmium (Cd)	213.1	0.01
Zinc (Zn)	289.1	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	245.1	0.01
Lead (Pb)	239.1	0.0005
Total Organic Halogens (Tox)	450.1	0.01

**Well B-4 did not contain a sufficient water volume to allow proper purging prior to sampling. Therefore these results may not be indicative of actual ground water quality.

BDL - Below Detection Limit

Figures

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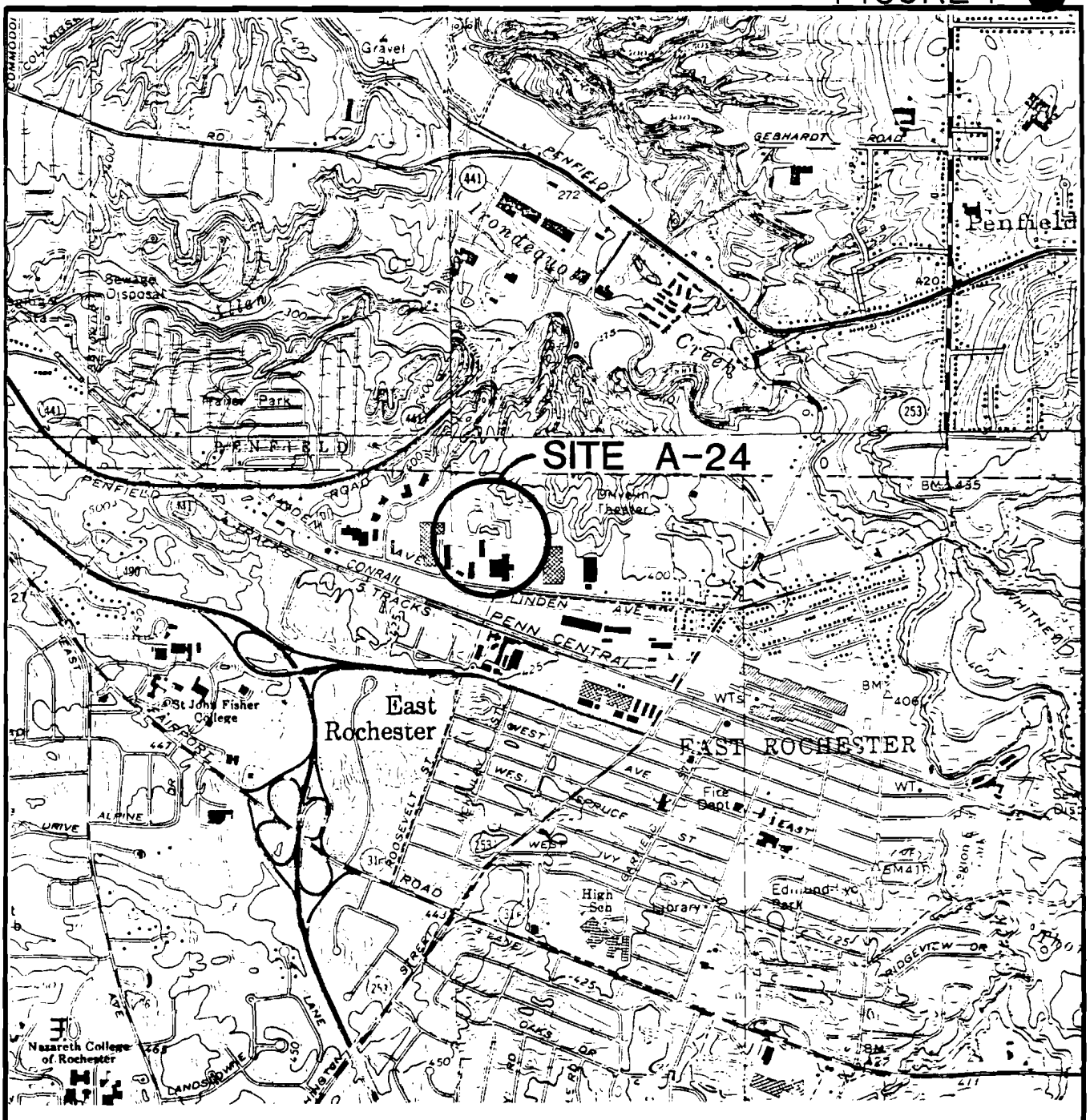
FIGURE 1



SITE LOCATION MAP

JARL EXTRUSIONS INC.

PITTSFORD N.Y.

ADAPTED FROM
U.S.G.S. FAIRPORT, N.Y. QUADRANGLE

SCALE 1" = 2000'

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.

FIGURE 2

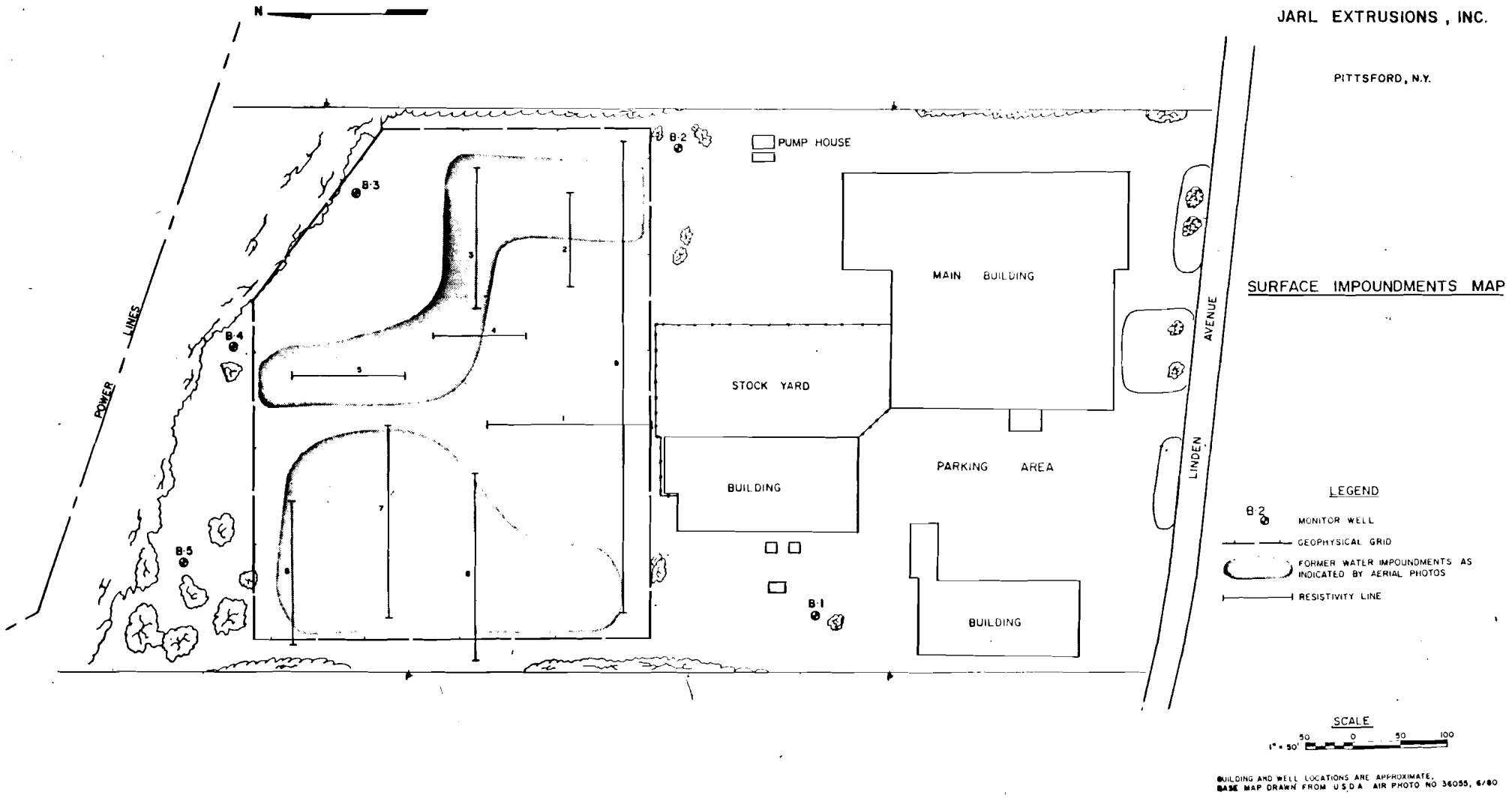

N
JARL EXTRUSIONS , INC.
PITTSFORD, N.Y.
SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS MAP
B-2
PUMP HOUSE
B-3
MAIN BUILDING
B-4
STOCK YARD
POWER LINES
LINDEN AVENUE
PARKING AREA
BUILDING
B-5
B-1
BUILDING
LEGEND
B-2 MONITOR WELL
GEOPHYSICAL GRID
FORMER WATER IMPOUNDMENTS AS INDICATED BY AERIAL PHOTOS
RESISTIVITY LINE
SCALE
1" = 50'
50 0 50 100
BUILDING AND WELL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
BASE MAP DRAWN FROM U.S.D.A. AIR PHOTO NO 36055, 6/80

FIGURE 3

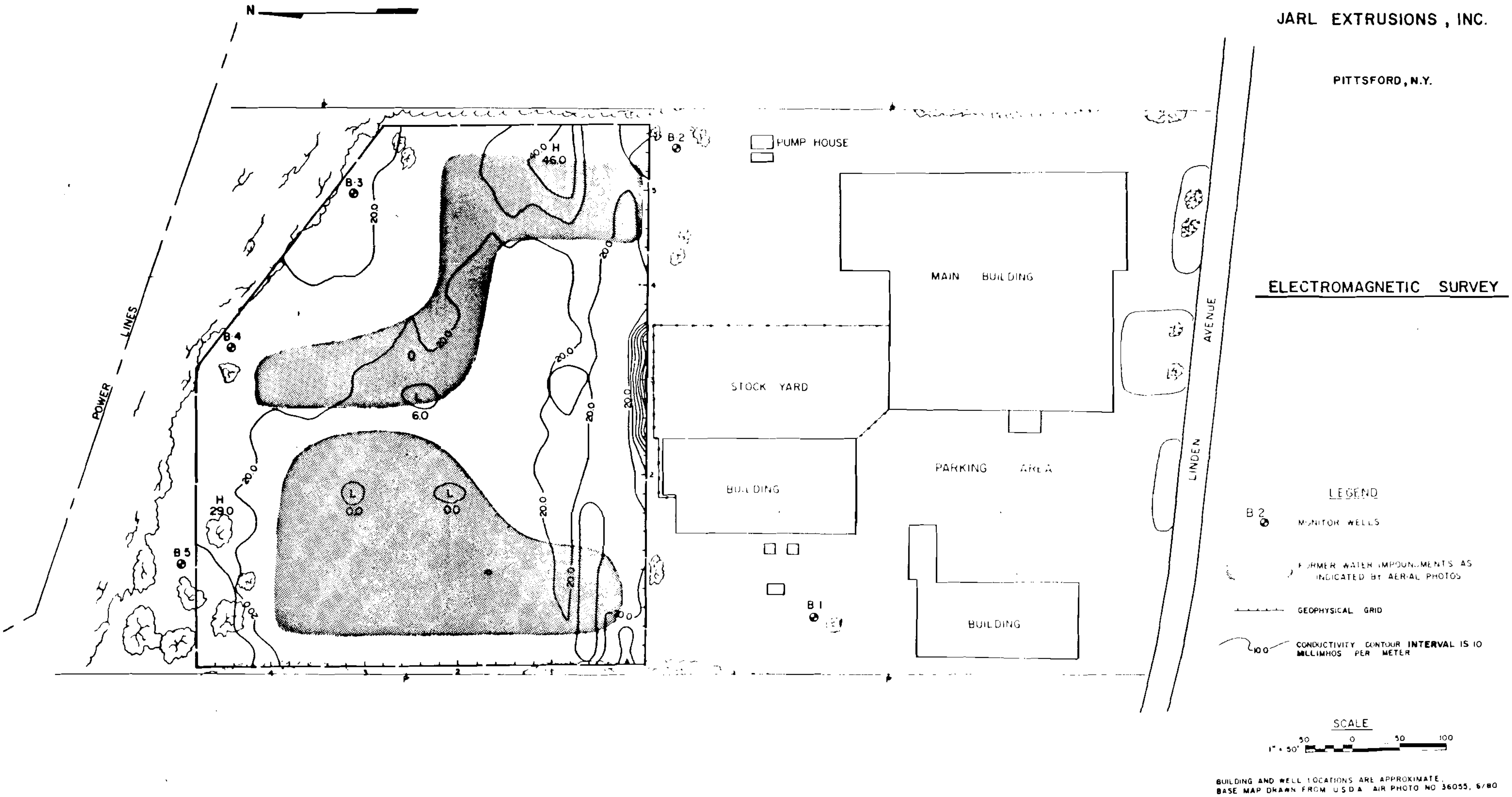
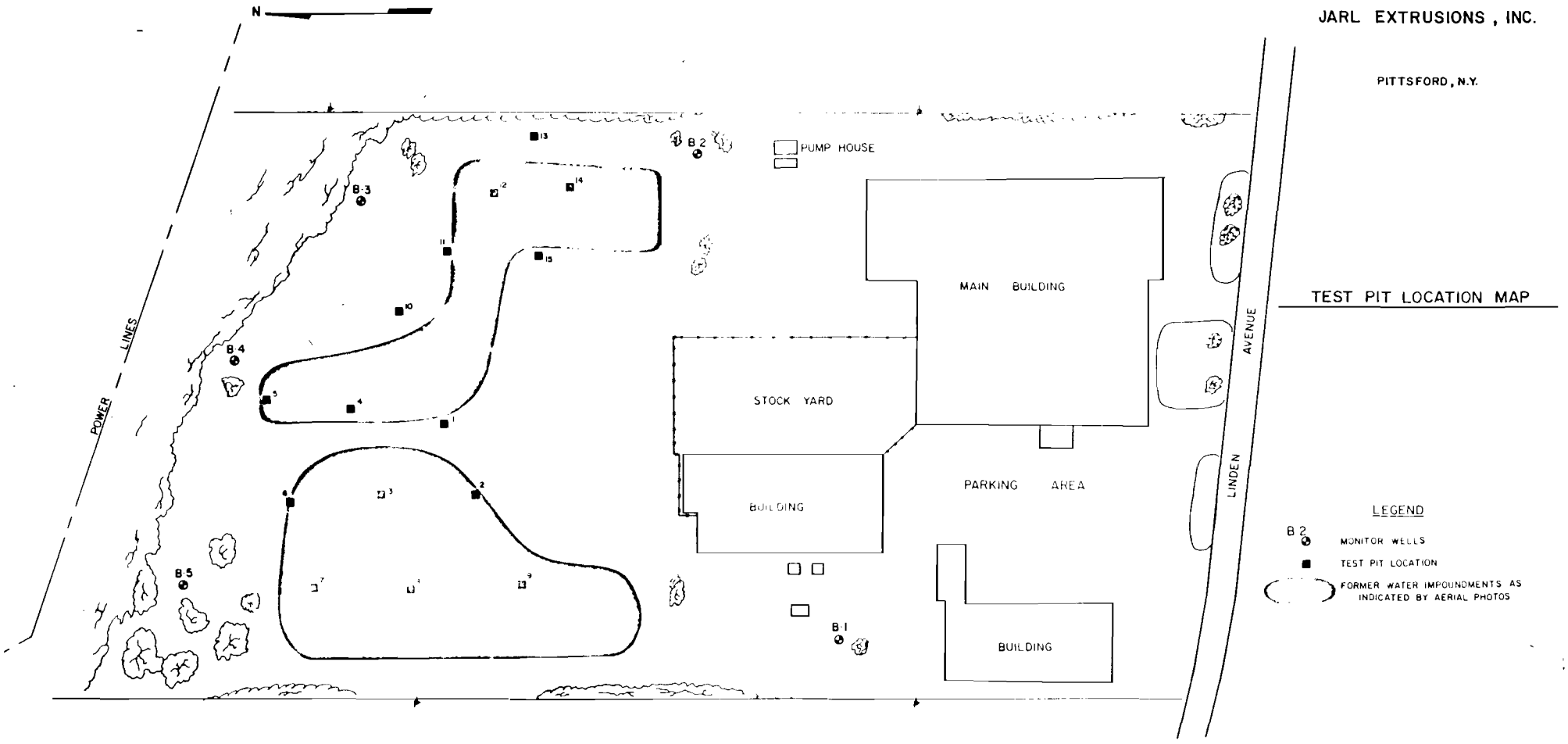

JARL EXTRUSIONS, INC.
PITTSFORD, N.Y.
ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY
N
POWER LINES
PUMP HOUSE
MAIN BUILDING
STOCK YARD
BUILDING
PARKING AREA
BUILDING
LINDEN AVENUE
B 1
B 2
B 3
B 4
B 5
H
46.0
H
29.0
L
6.0
L
0.0
L
0.0
20.0
LEGEND
MONITOR WELLS
FORMER WATER IMPOUNDMENTS AS INDICATED BY AERIAL PHOTOS
GEOPHYSICAL GRID
CONDUCTIVITY CONTOUR INTERVAL IS 10 MILLIMHOS PER METER
SCALE
1" = 50'
50 0 50 100
BUILDING AND WELL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
BASE MAP DRAWN FROM U.S.D.A. AIR PHOTO NO 36055, 6/80

FIGURE 4



JARL EXTRUSIONS, INC.

PITTSFORD, N.Y.

TEST PIT LOCATION MAP

LEGEND

B-2 MONITOR WELLS

TEST PIT LOCATION

FORMER WATER IMPOUNDMENTS AS INDICATED BY AERIAL PHOTOS

SCALE

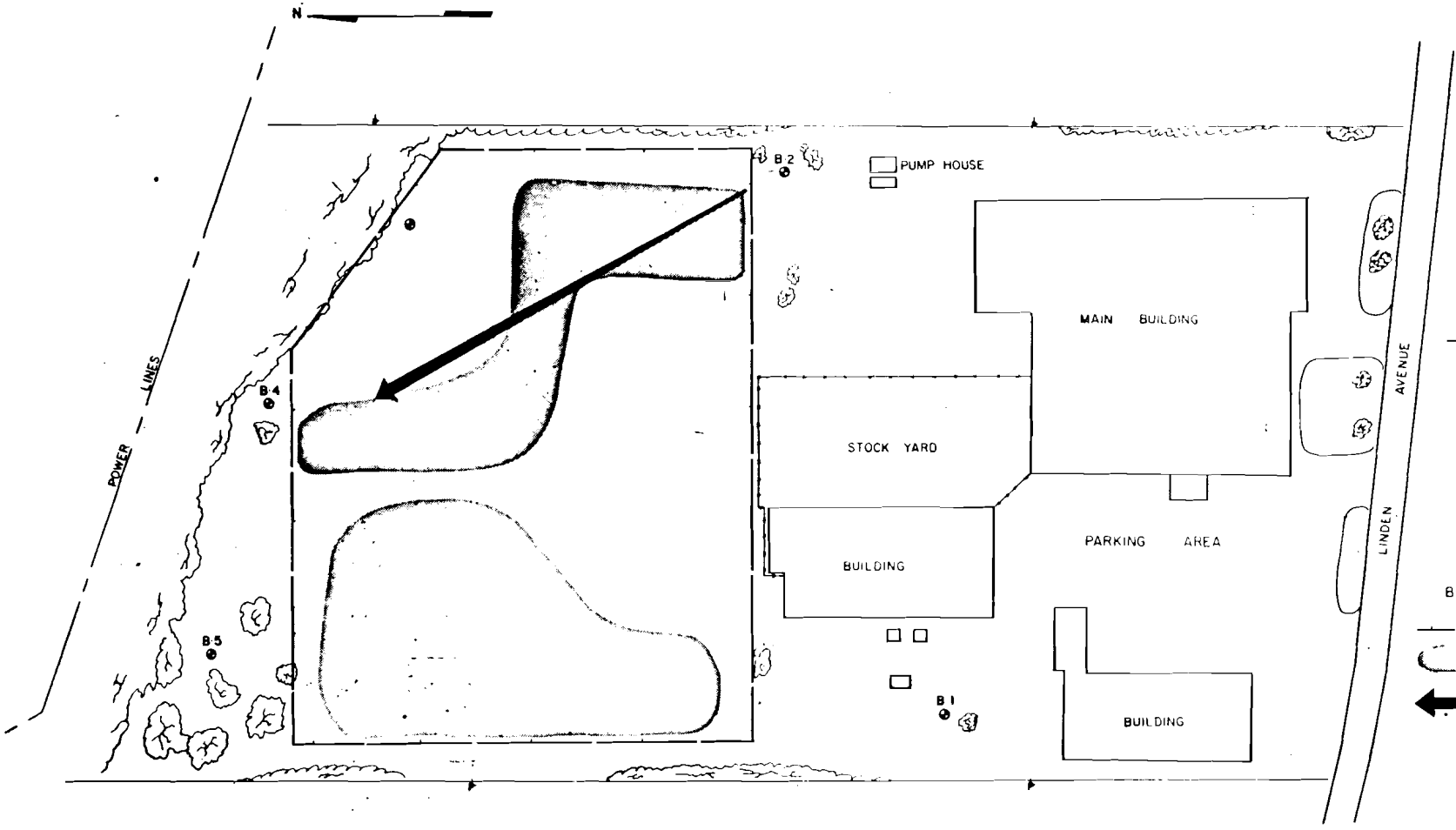
1" = 50' 50 0 50 100

BUILDING AND WELL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
BASE MAP DRAWN FROM U.S.D.A. AIR PHOTO NO 36055, 6/80

FIGURE 5

JARL EXTRUSIONS , INC.

PITTSFORD, N.Y.



GROUNDWATER FLOW MAP

LEGEND

- B-2 — MONITOR WELL
- GEOPHYSICAL GRID
- FORMER WATER IMPOUNDMENTS AS INDICATED BY AERIAL PHOTOS
- APPARENT GROUND WATER FLOW

SCALE

1" = 50' 50 0 50 100

BUILDING AND WELL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
BASE MAP DRAWN FROM U.S.D.A. AIR PHOTO NO 36055, 6/80

Appendices

O'BRIEN & GERE

APPENDIX A

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY DATA

ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY DATA

X	Y	Reading
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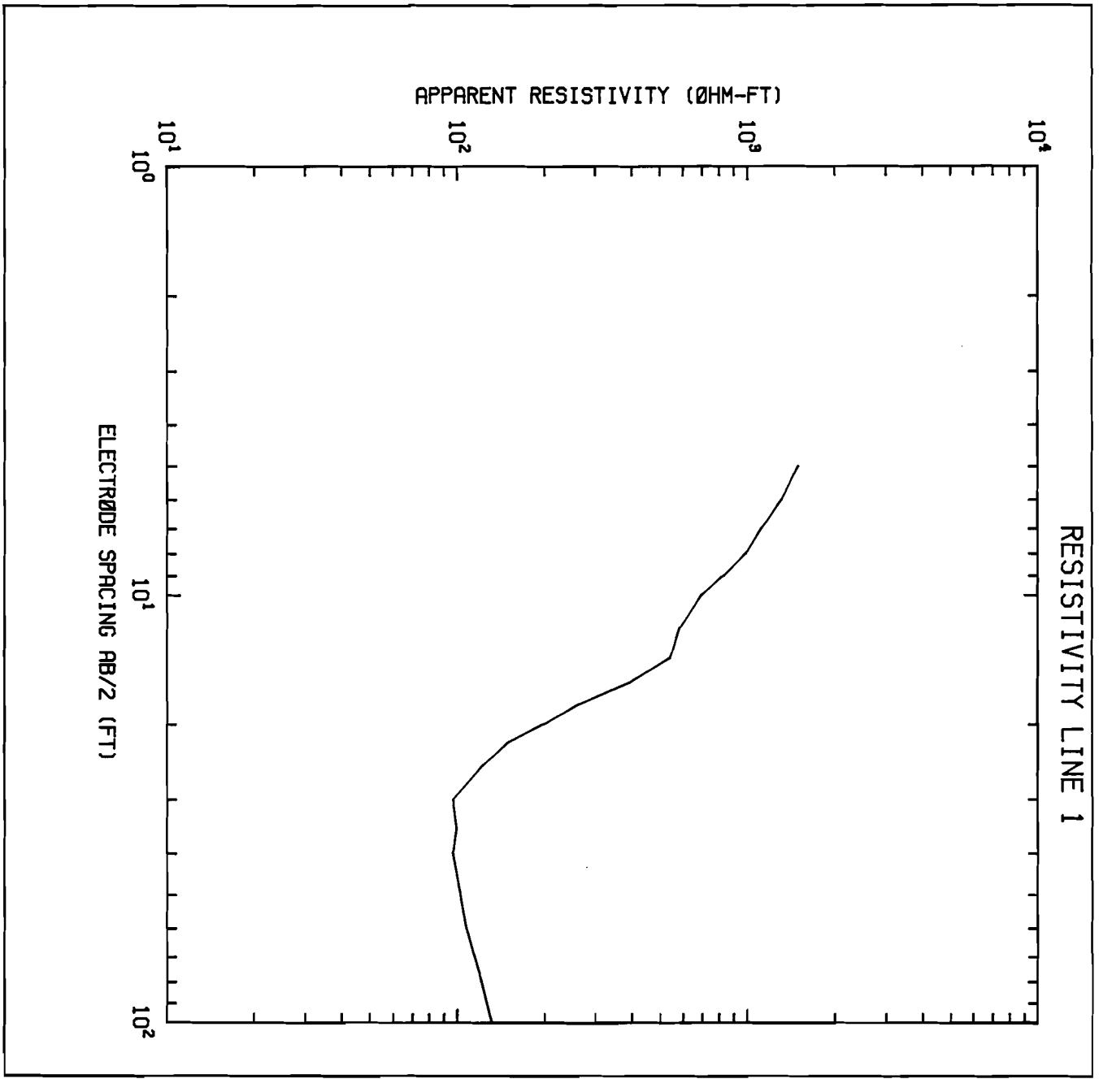
ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY SURVEY

All electrical resistivity soundings showed very similar resistivity profiles. The principle distinguishing features of the soundings are:

- high surface resistivities
- low subsurface resistivities within 15 feet of the ground surface
- significant lateral electrical heterogenity near the surface as evidenced by the greater than 45 degree slope of the sounding profiles
- no significant variation in sounding profiles across the site

The evaluation of the profiles indicated the following interpretation for the subsurface lithology:

Depths	Resistivity	Lithologic Interpretation
0-3 ft.	high	dry sand
3-9	low	unsaturated silty sand
9-20	low	saturated clayey silt
20-40	low	saturated sandy silt
40	low	unsaturated silty sand


APPARENT RESISTIVITY (ØHM-FT)
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10^3
10^4
10^0
10^1
10^2
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)
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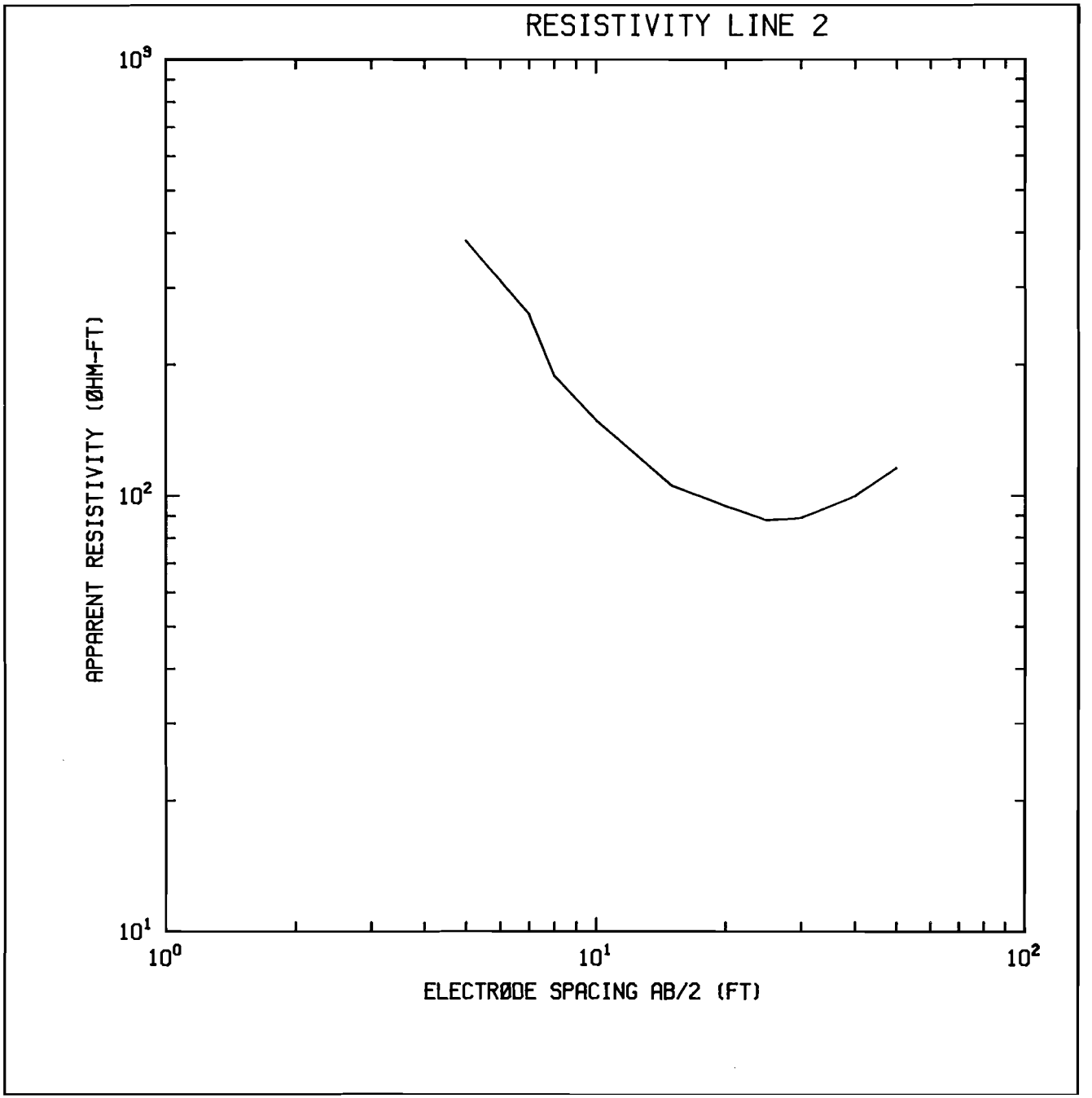
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10^2
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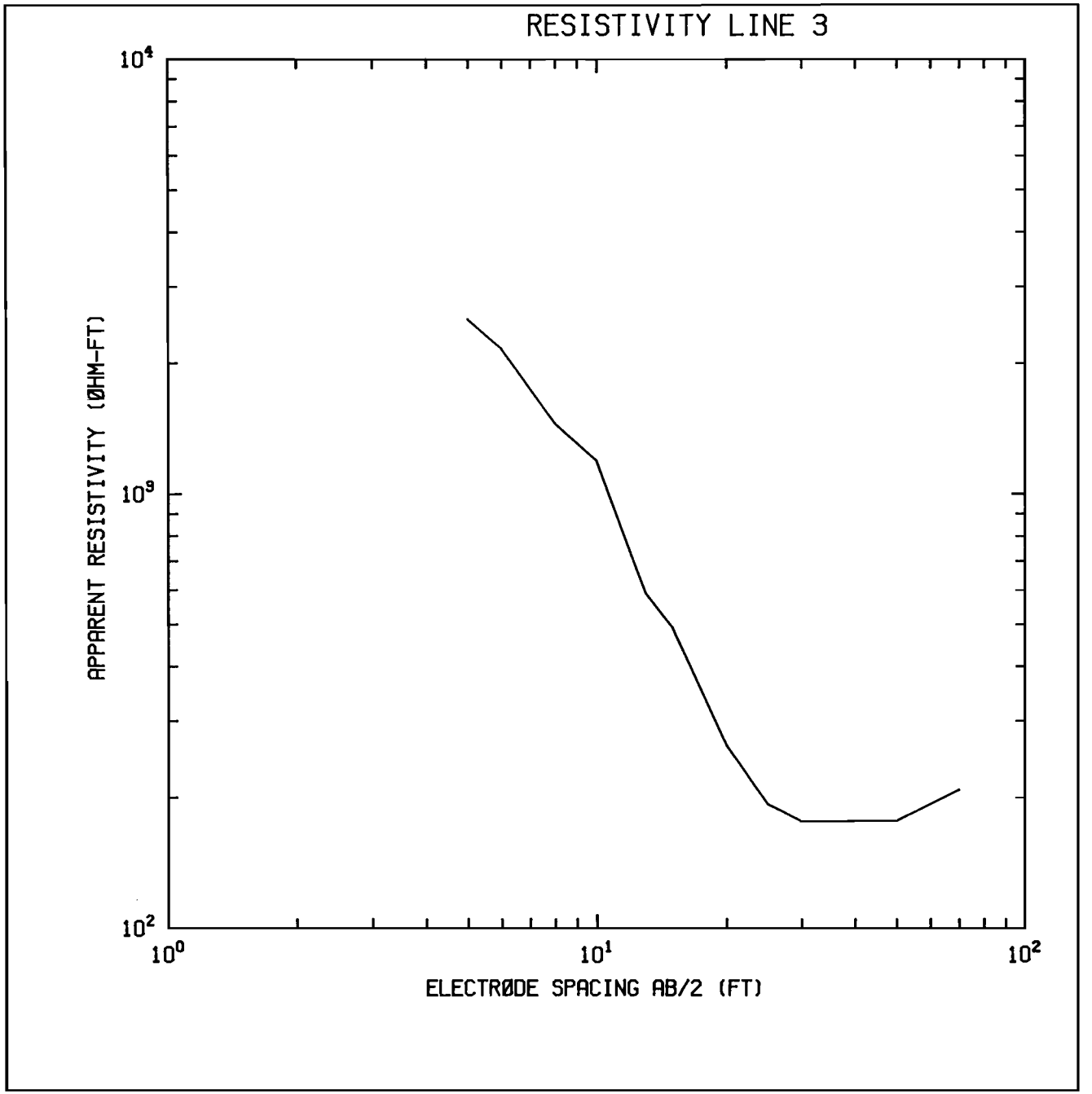
10^1
10^2
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)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10^3
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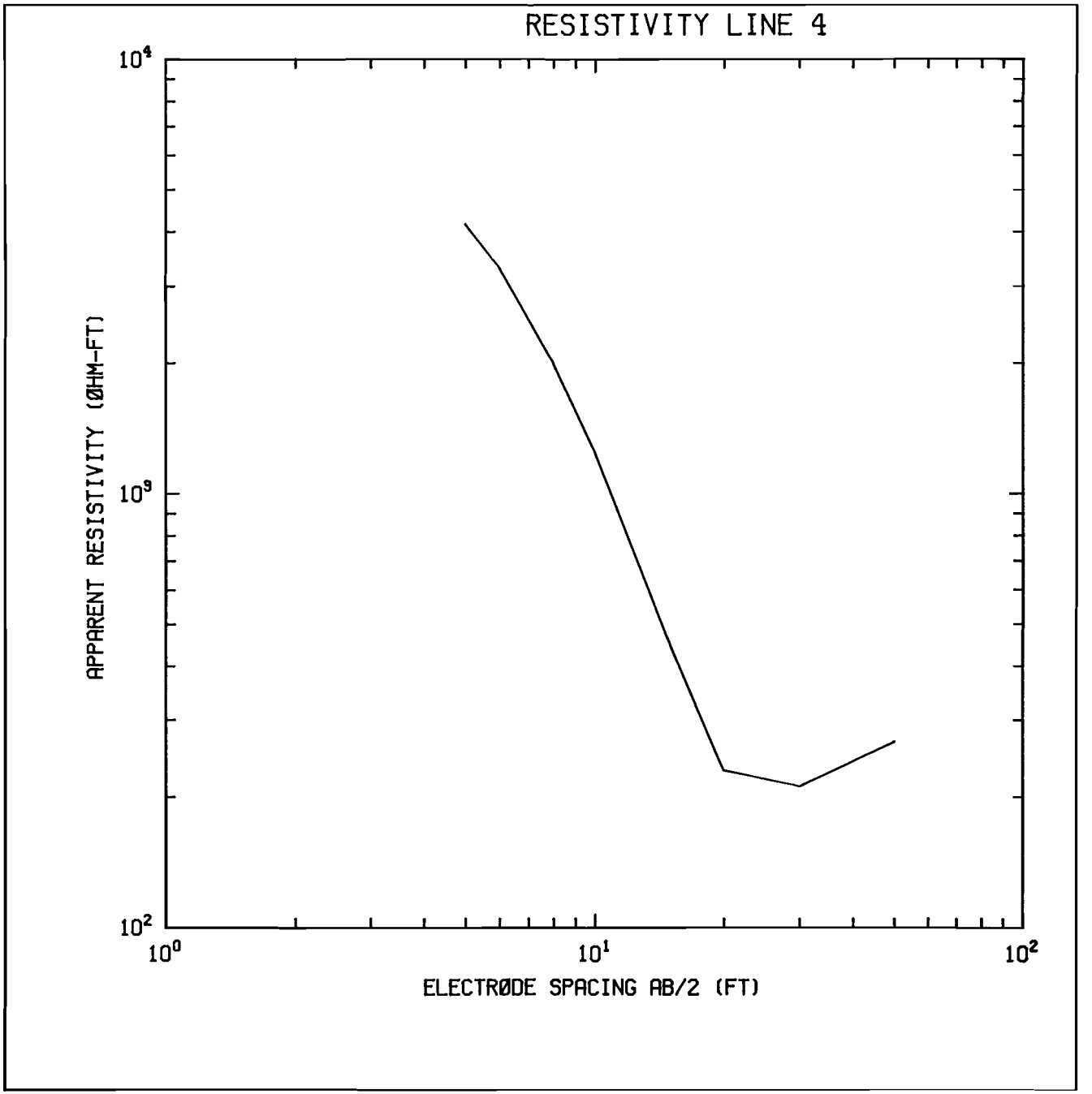
10^1
10^2
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)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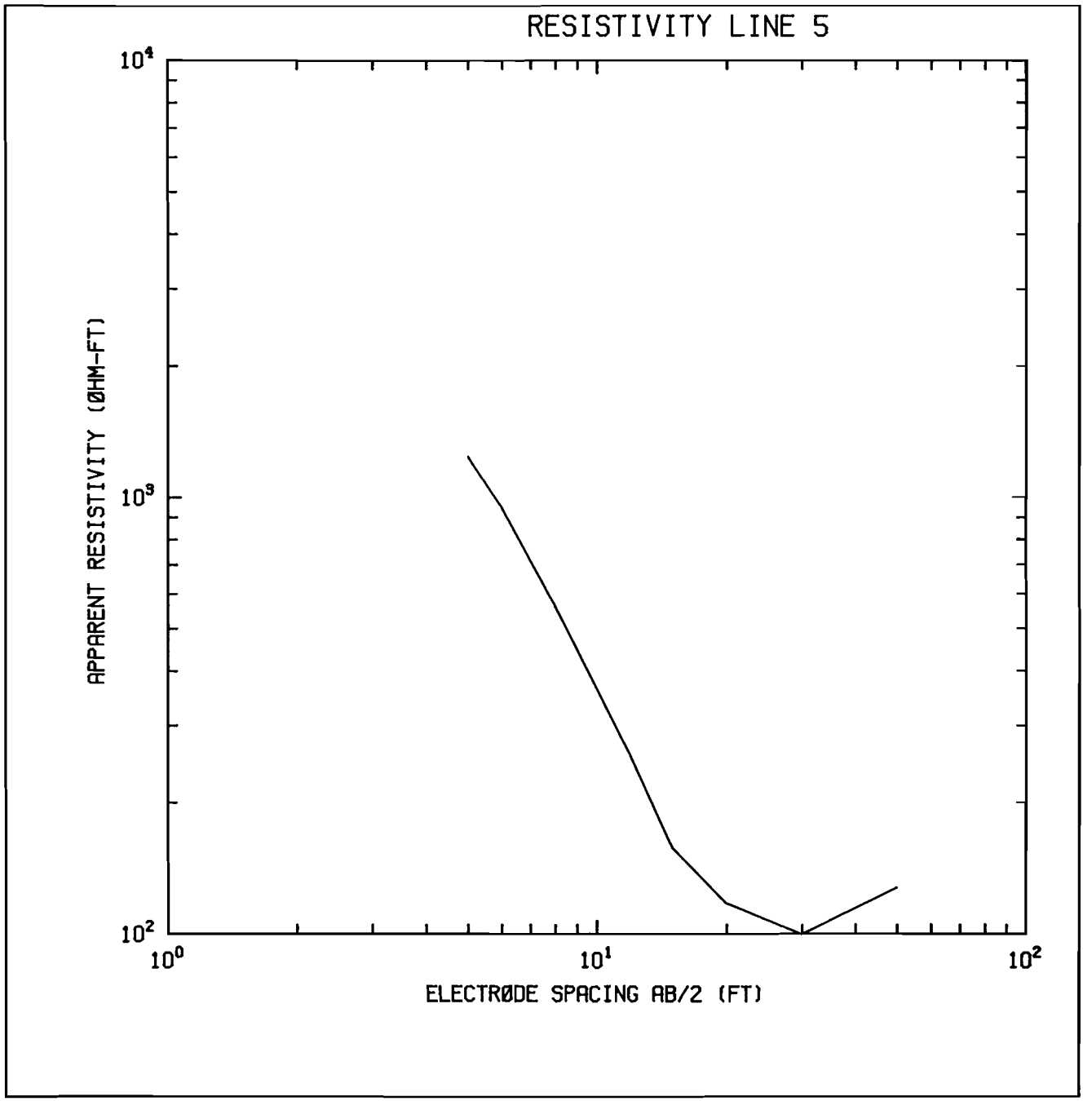
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)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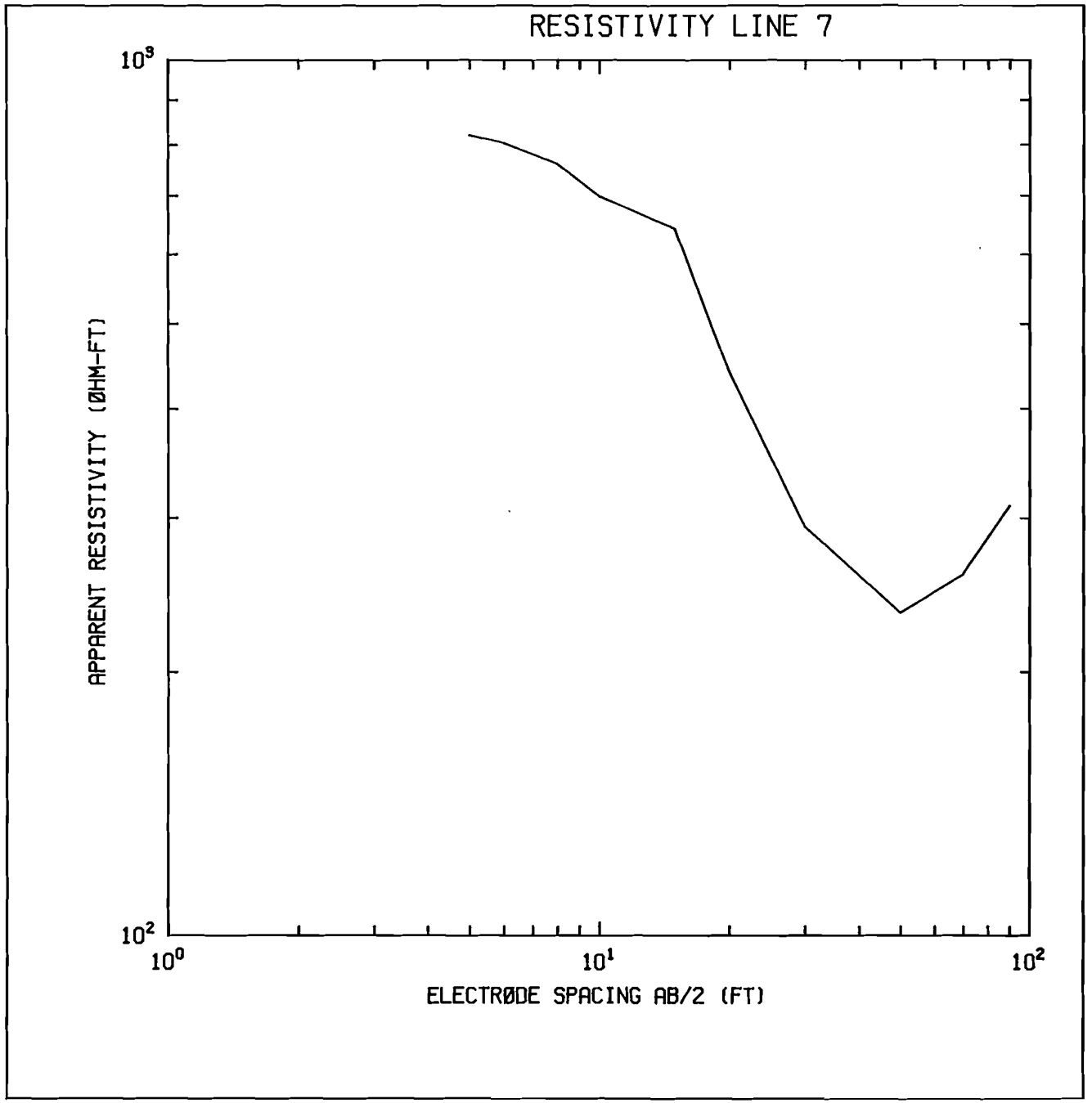
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)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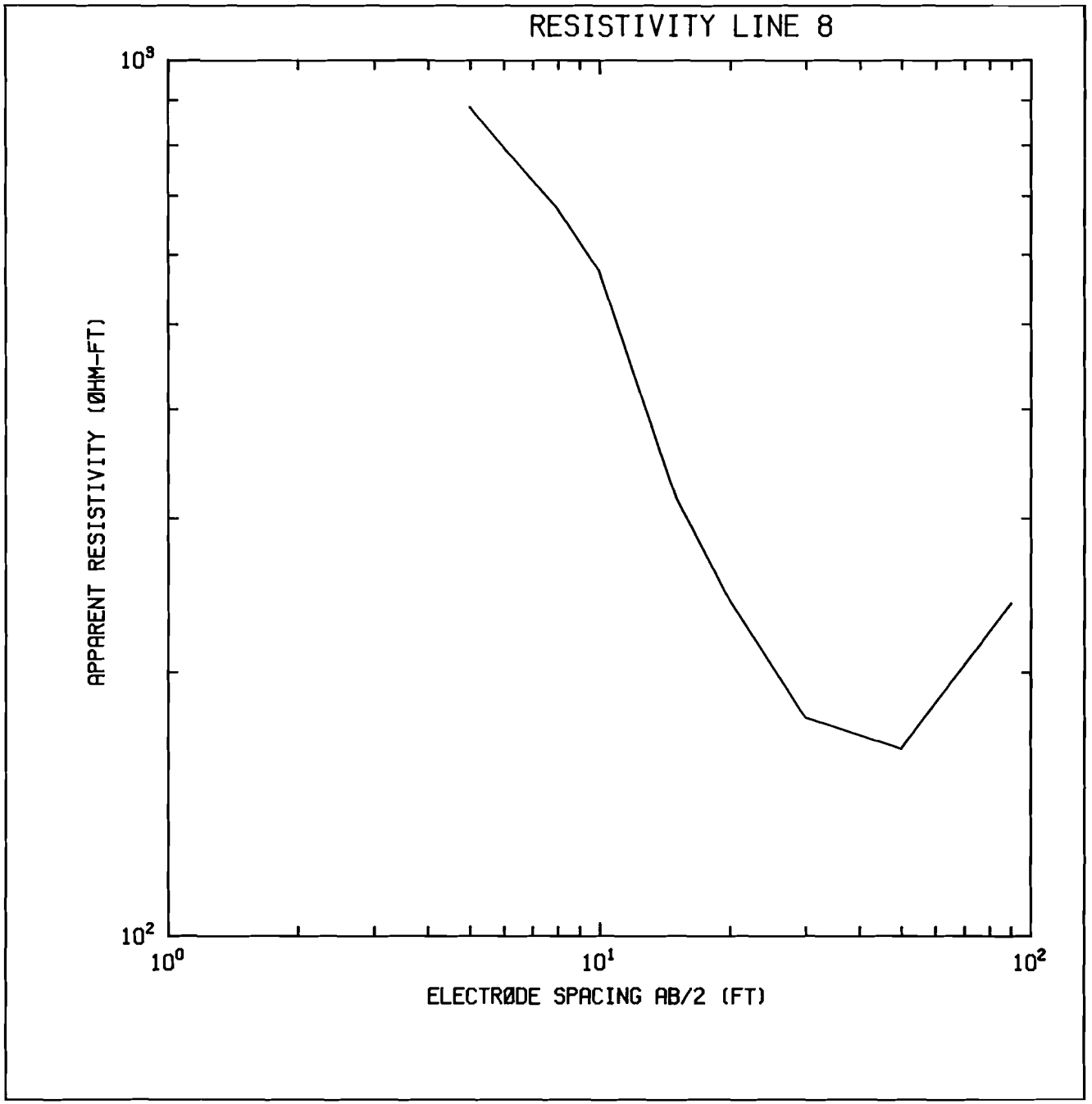
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)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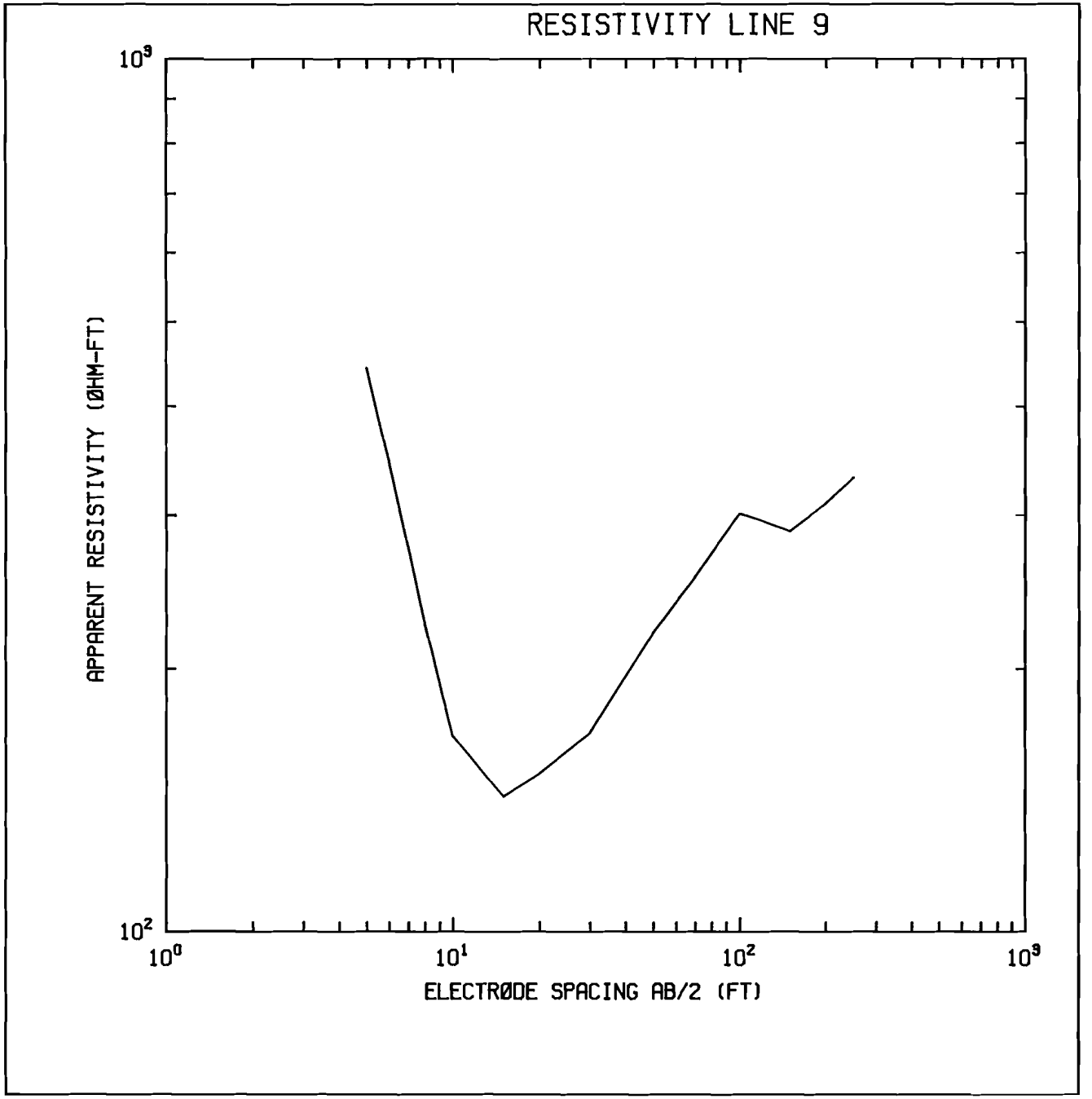
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)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10^2
10^3
ELECTRØDE SPACING AB/2 (FT)

APPENDIX B

TEST BORING AND MONITORING WELL DATA

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-1

SHEET 1 OF 3

PROJECT LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 6/28/85

BORING CO. CATOH Environmental

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R. J. Foresti

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH ft.	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
0			N/A	0-5	N/A	Medium to light brown silty sand, no organic odor or stain, moist.		
5			2/2	5-7	3			
					3			
					4			
					3			
7			2/2	7-9	1	Medium brown silt, moist to wet, lenses of sandy silt, no odor or stain.		
					4			
					3			
					4			
9			2/2	9-11	4	Medium brown to olive, clayey silt, moist, some clay lenses (1"-3"), no organic odor or stain.		
					9			
					10			
					13			
11			2/1	11-13	7	Medium brown to olive sandy silt, moist, no organic odor or stain.		
					11			
					12			
					12			
13			2/2	13-15	4	Light grey, silty clay, moist to wet, saturated zone at 14-15 ft. composed of clayey silt, no organic odor or stain.		
					5			
					8			
					6			
15			2/2	15-17	2			
					5			
					7			
					12			

inconsistent ??
Well point?

REMARKS: Well drilled near waste water vault south west of former lagoons. Well depth is 23.9 ft. (BTOC), stick-up is 2.4 ft. A 10 ft. screen was set at 21.5 ft. to 11.5 ft., sand packed (Grade 0) to 7.0 ft., pellet seal to 4.0 ft., and locking protective steel casing cemented in at ground level.

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-1

SHEET 2 OF 3

PROJECT LOCATION

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 6/28/85

BORING CO. CATOH Environmental

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R.J. Foresti

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
17			2/2	17-19	5			
					8			
					6			
					5			
20			2/2	20-22	5			
					6			
					16			
					21			
25			2/2	25-27	8	Light grey silty clay graded to red brown sandy-silt, pebbles (few) damp to moist, no organic odor or stain.		
					10			
					12			
					17			
30			2/2	30-32	9			
					14			
					14			
					17			
35			2/2	35-37	9			
					12			
					17			
					21			
40			2/2	40-42	9	Light brown very fine silty sand, damp, no odor or stain.		
					14			
					20			
					25			
45			2/2	45-47	8			
					12			
					15			
					15			

REMARKS:

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-1

SHEET 3 OF 3

PROJECT LOCATION

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 6/28/85

BORING CO. CATOH Environmental

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R. J. Forestí

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
50			2/2	50-52	8			
					12			
					15			
					15			
55			2/2	55-57	8			
					9			
					12			
					17			
60			2/2	60-62				
62				62		Bottom of hole @ 62 feet		

REMARKS:

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-2

SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJECT LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 7/1/85

BORING CO. CATOH Environmental

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R.J. Foresti

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
0			2/1.5	0-1	1	Surface vegetation, roots, medium brown, very fine silty sand, damp, no organic odor or staining.		
					3			
					3			
					5			
5			2/2	5-7	1	Medium brown to red brown silty clay, moist, numerous silt lenses, saturated, no organic odor or staining.		
					2			
					3			
					4			
7			2/2	7-9	2			
					4			
					7			
					9			
9			2/2	9-11	9	Medium brown clayey silt, moist to saturated.		
					12			
					15			
					12			
11			2/2	11-13	5			
					3			
					5			
					10			
13			2/2	13-15	5			
					3			
					3			
					4			
15				15		Bottom of hole @ 15.7 ft.		

REMARKS: Well drilled along east property line at southeast corner of former lagoons. Well depth is 18.8 ft. (B.T.O.C.), stick-up is 3.0 ft, A 10 ft. screen was set at 15.7 ft. to 5.7 ft., sand packed (Grade 2) to 4 ft., pellets placed to 1.5 ft. and a locking protective casing cemented in at ground level.

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-3

SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJECT LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 7/1/85

BORING CO. CATOH Environmental

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R. J. Foresti

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
0			2/2	0-2	5	Surface vegetation, roots, silty fine sand, medium brown, damp to dry, no odor or staining.		
					4			
					3			
					4			
5			2/2	5-7	2			
					1			
					1			
					2			
10			2/2	10-12	2	Medium brown to red brown silty clay, moist to wet, with small (6 in) silt lenses, saturated, no organic odor or staining.		
					5			
					9			
					13			
12			2/2	12-14	5			
					11			
					10			
					11			
14			2/2	14-16	8			
					5			
					5			
					5			
16			2/2	16-18	4			
					3			
					3			
					4			
18			2/2	18-20	5			
					3			
					3			
					4			
20				20		Bottom of hole @ 21.2ft.		

REMARKS: Well drilled at northeast corner of site. Well depth is 21.25 ft (B.T.O.C), stick-up is 2.4 ft. A 10 ft screen was set at 18.85 ft to 8.85 ft., sand packed to 7 ft., pellet sealed to 4 ft. and a locking protective casing cemented in at ground level.

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-4

SHEET 1 OF 2

PROJECT LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 7/2/85

BORING CO. CATOH Environmental

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R. J. Foresti

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	BLOWS / 6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
0			2/2	0-2	1	Surface vegetation, medium brown silty fine sand, damp, no odor or stain.		
					1			
					4			
					4			
5			2/0.1	5-7	2	Dark brown to grey black sandy silt, strong organic odor & stain, moist to wet, (note: poor sample recovery.).		
					2			
					1			
					0.5			
7			2/0.5	7-9	1	Dark brown to olive, fine sandy silt, saturated, organic odor, trace staining.		
					4			
					3			
					5			
9			2/2	9-11	4	Dark brown to olive, silty clay, moist, with silt lenses, saturated, trace organic odor and stain.		
					6			
					7			
					8			
11			2/2	11-13	2	Dark brown to olive, silty clay, moist, with silt lenses, no organic odor or stain apparent.		
					3			
					2			
					2			
13			2/1.5	13-15	4			
					5			
					7			
					8			
15			2/2	15-17	1			
					1			
					2			
					4			

REMARKS: Well drilled at north-center of former lagoon site. Well depth is 20.56 ft. (B.T.O.C.), stick-up is 3.2 ft., a 10 ft. screen was set at 17.36 to 7.36 ft., sandpacked to 4 ft., pellet sealed to 1.5 ft. and a locking protective steel casing cemented in at surface.

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-4

SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJECT LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 7/2/85

BORING CO. CATOH Environmental

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R. J. Forestí

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
17			2/1.5	17-19	4			
					5			
					3			
					5			
19								
20						Bottom of hole @ 20.5 ft.		

REMARKS:

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.

TEST BORING LOG

REPORT OF BORING NUMBER B-5

SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJECT LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT Jarl Extrusion

SAMPLER
TYPE:
HAMMER FALL

DATE 7/3/85

BORING CO. CATOH ENVIRONMENTAL

FOREMAN

OBG GEOLOGIST R.J. Foresti

BORING LOCATION

GROUND ELEV.

DATE STARTED DATE ENDED

DEPTH	"N" VALVE	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE PEN./REC.	SAMPLE DEPTH	SAMPLE BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRA. CHG. GEN. DESC.	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED
0			2/1.5	0-2	4	Surface vegetation, light brown to medium brown silty sand, damp, no organic odor or stain.		
					5			
					4			
					3			
5			2/1	5-6	4	Medium brown, sandy silt, moist, no organic odor or stain		
					5			
					5			
					7			
10			2/2	10-12	1	Medium brown to dark brown clayey silt, saturated, no organic odor or stain.		
					1			
					1			
					1			
12			2/2	12-14	4			
					3			
					2			
					2			
14			2/2	14-16	3			
					3			
					3			
					4			
16			2/2	16-18	4			
					3			
					5			
					3			
18			2/2	18-20	3			
					3			
					4			
					5			
22						Bottom of hole @ 22.0 ft.		

REMARKS: Well drilled near northwest corner of site. Well depth is 22.0 ft., stick-up is 2.95 ft., a 10 ft. was set at 19.05 to 9.05 ft., sand pack (grade 0) to 5 ft., pellet sealed to 1.5 ft., and a locking steel protective casing was cemented in at the surface.

parratt wolff inc
FISHER RD., EAST SYRACUSE, N.Y. 13057
TELEPHONE AREA CODE 315/437-1429

July 31, 1985

O'Brien and Gere Engineers, Inc.
Box 4873
1304 Buckley Road
Syracuse, New York 13221

Attention: Mr. Guy Swenson

Re: L-85109
Grain Size Analysis
File #2410. 007

Gentlemen:

Enclosed are the results of laboratory testing performed at your request on soil samples delivered to our office for the above project.

Thank you for this opportunity to work with you.

Very truly yours,

PARRATT - WOLFF, INC.

Donald P. Blasland, CET
Laboratory Manager
DPB/vjt
encs:

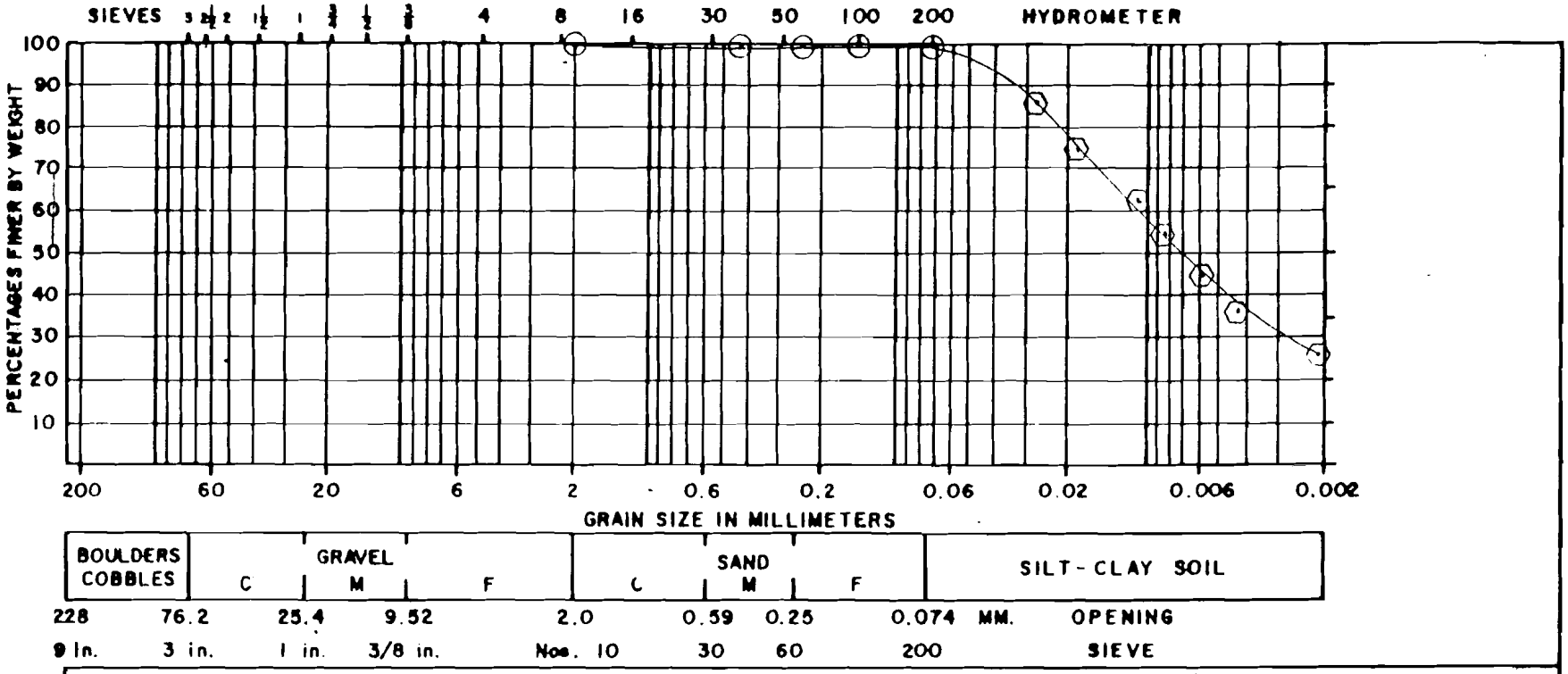
L-85109

SITE A-24

		SIEVE SIZE - PERCENT PASSING SIEVE												
Sample #	Sample Depth	½"	3/8"	#4	#10	#30	#40	#60	#100	#200				
B-1	7'-9'	-	-	-	100	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.7				
B-2	14'-15'	100	97.9	97.9	97.4	97.4	97.4	97.4	97.4	97.2				
B-3	15'-16'	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	99.6	97.8				
B-4	12'-13'	-	-	-	-	-	100	99.9	99.8	99.6				
B-5	19'-20'	-	-	-	-	-	100	99.9	99.8	94.5				

Note: All samples prewashed.

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS



L-85109
Site A-24
File : 2410.007

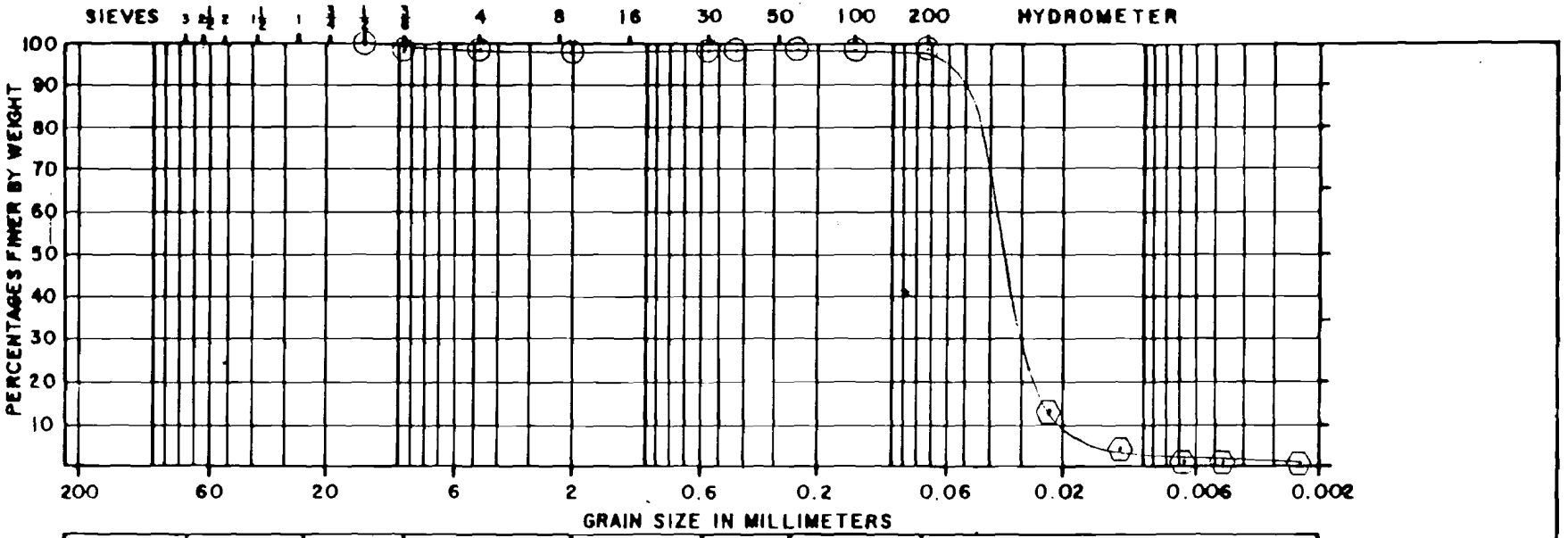
Boring 1
Depth 7'-9'

⊙ Sieve Analysis
⊙ Hydrometer Analysis

parratt wolff inc
FISHER RD EAST SYRACUSE N Y 13057
TELEPHONE AREA CODE 315-437 1429

JOB NO. L-85109
REPORT NO. 1

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS



L-85109
Site A-24
File : 2410.007

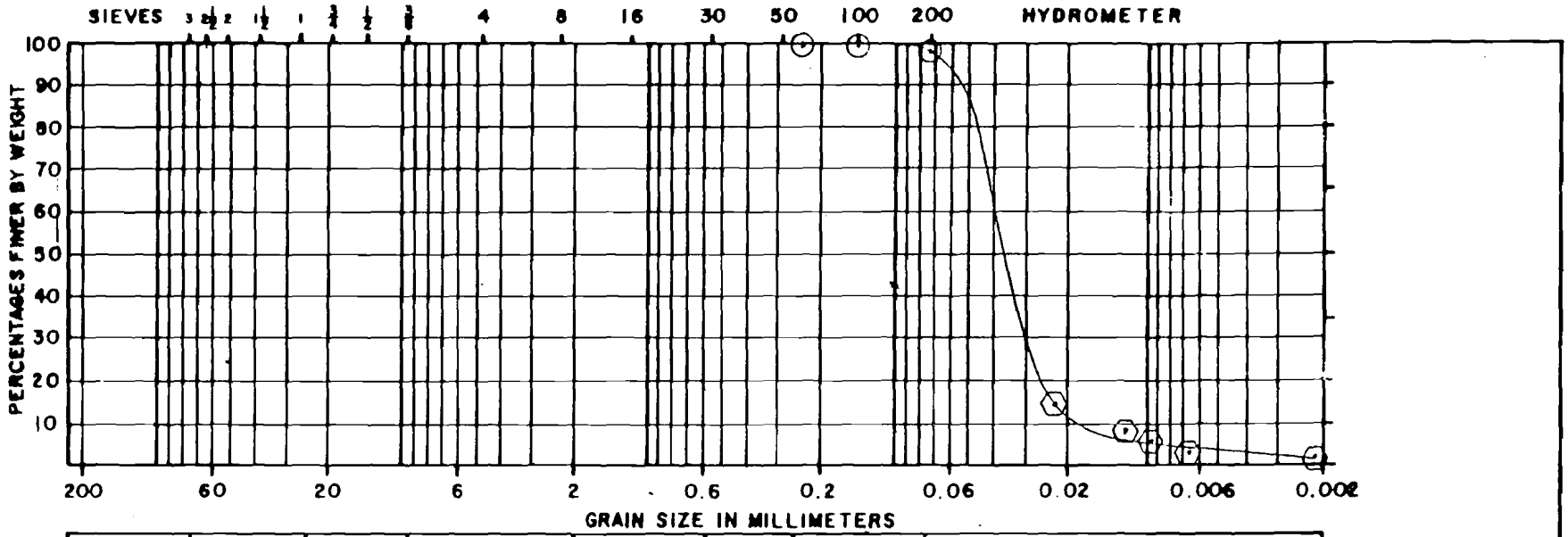
Boring 2
Depth 14'-15'

⊙ Sieve Analysis
⊙ Hydrometer Analysis

pernatt wolff inc
FISHER RD EAST SYRACUSE N Y 13057
TELEPHONE AREA CODE 315 437 1429

JOB NO. L-85109
REPORT NO. 2

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS



L-85109
Site A-24
File : 2410.007

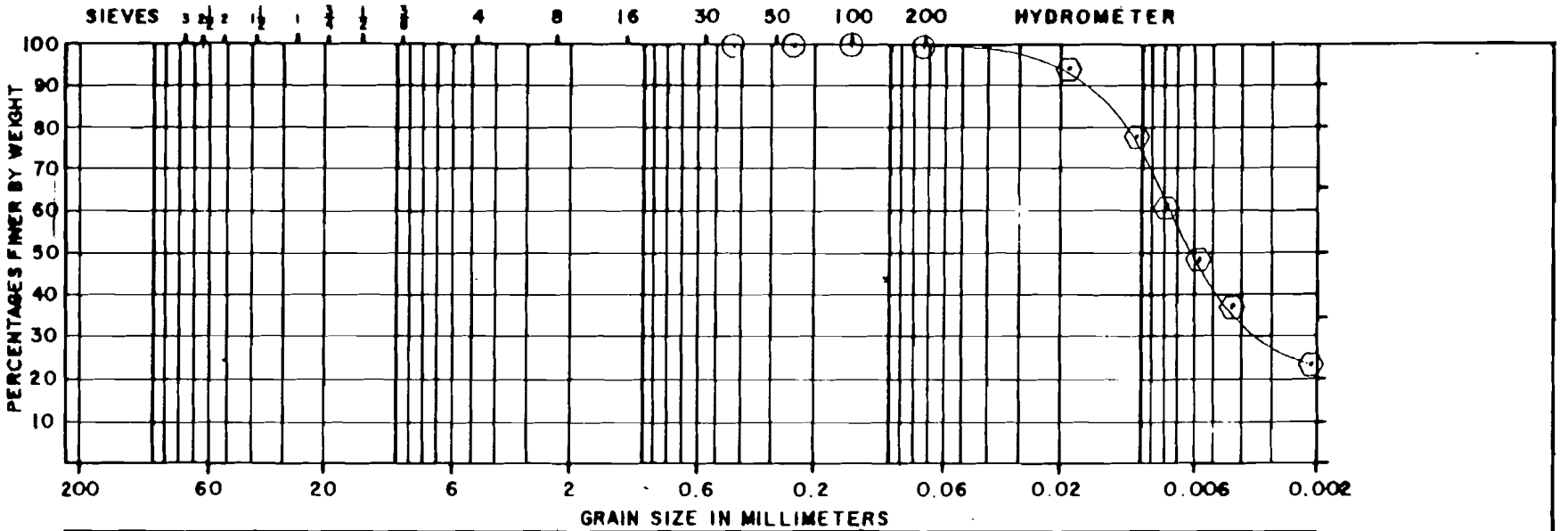
Boring 3
Depth 15'-16'

⊙ Sieve Analysis
⊙ Hydrometer Analysis

parratt wolff inc
FISHER RD EAST SYRACUSE N Y 13057
TELEPHONE AREA CODE 315/437 1429

JOB NO. L-85109
REPORT NO. 3

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS



L-85109
Site A-24
File: 2410.007

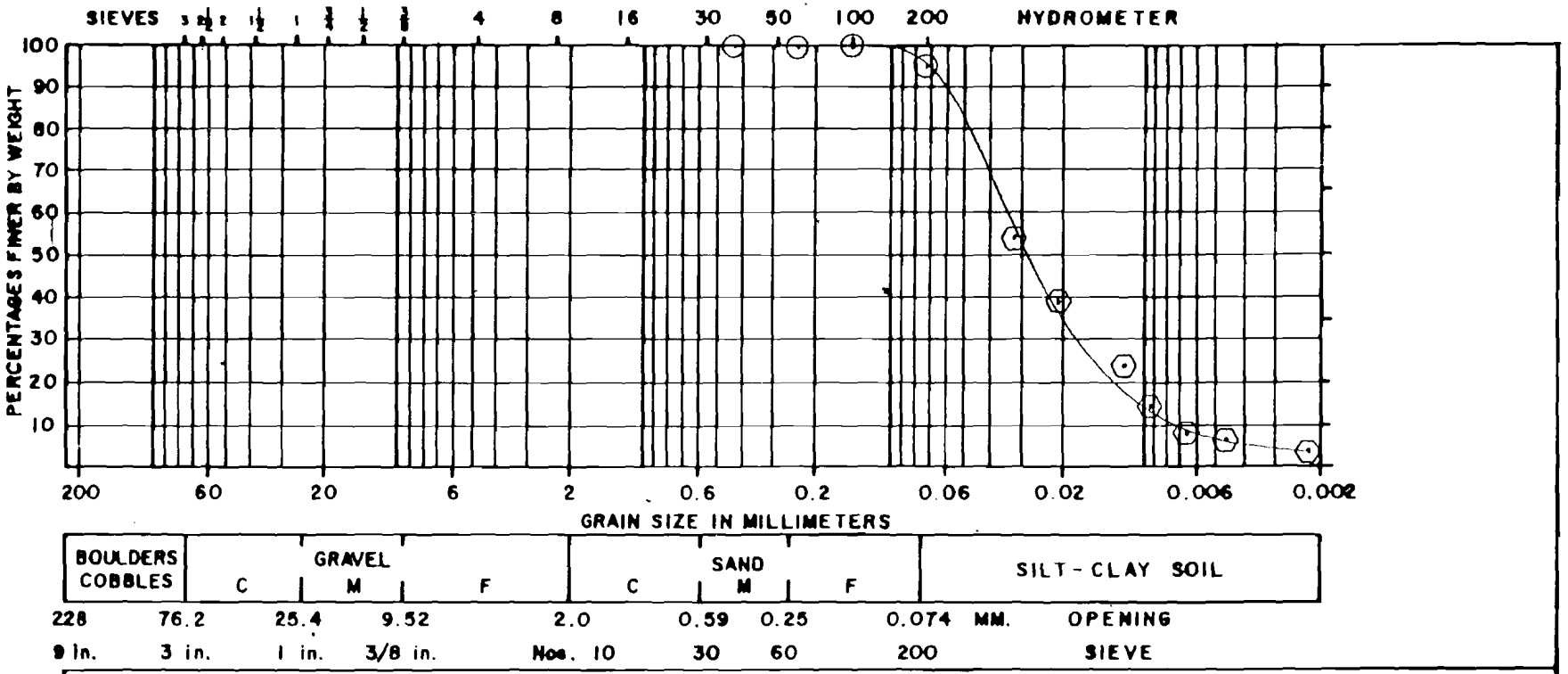
Boring 4
Depth 12'-13'

⊙ Sieve Analysis
⊙ Hydrometer Analysis

parratt wolff inc
FISHER RD EAST SYRACUSE N Y 13057
TELEPHONE AREA CODE 315 437 1429

JOB NO. L-85109
REPORT NO. 4

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS



L-85109
Site A-24
File : 2410.007

Boring 5
Depth 19'-20'

⊙ Sieve Analysis
⊙ Hydrometer Analysis

parratt wolff inc
115 ER RD. EAST SYRACUSE N Y 13057
TELEPHONE AREA CODE 315 437 1429

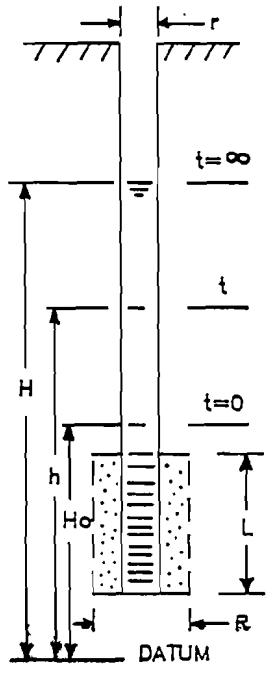
JOB NO. L-85109
REPORT NO. 5

O'BRIEN & GERE

IN-SITU PERMEABILITY TEST
FIELD LOG

PROJECT Jarl Extrusions
WELL NUMBER B-1
DATE 7/23/85

LOCATION Rochester N.Y.
ELEVATION _____



STATIC HEAD (H) 6.83'

PIPE RADIUS (r) 0.08'

SCREEN RADIUS (R) 0.33'

SCREEN LENGTH (L) 6.83'

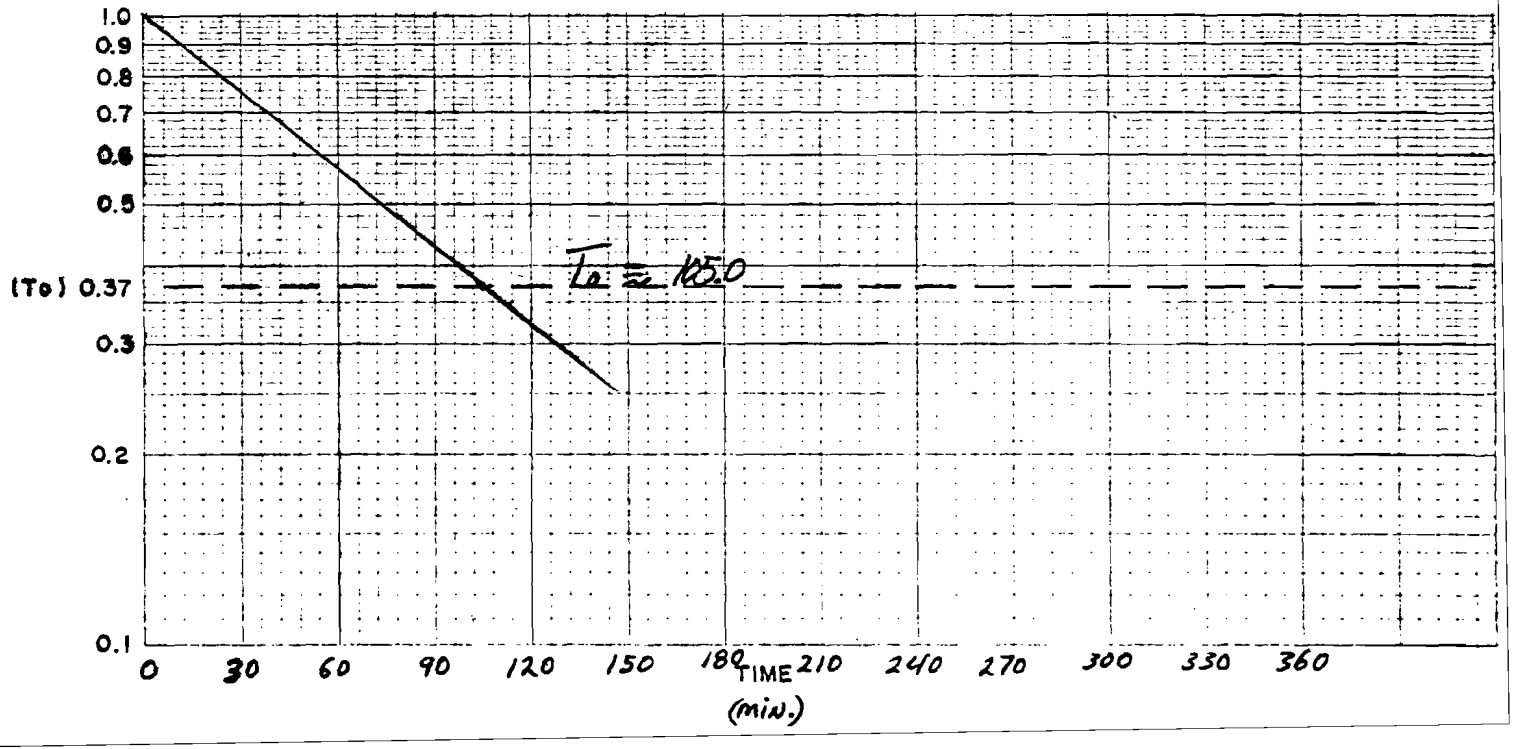
INITIAL HEAD (Ho) 2.25'

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY :

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2LTo}$$

K= 6.9 x 10^{-6} cm/sec.

TIME	WATER DEPTH (ft.)	t (min.)	h	(H-h)/(H-Ho)
12:00	21.58	0	2.25	1.0
12:12	19.58	12	4.25	0.56
12:35	19.16	47	4.67	0.47
12:56	18.83	103	5.00	0.39
1:44	18.08	153	5.75	0.23
5:07	17.41	416	6.42	0.08
5:27	17.25	443	6.58	

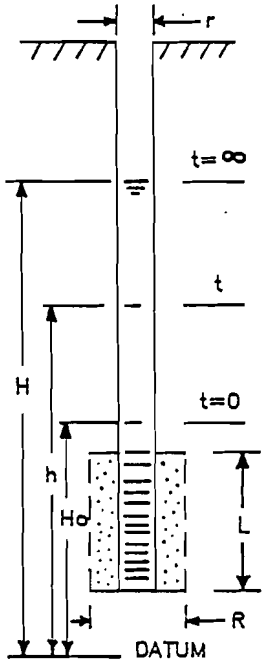


O'BRIEN & GERE

IN-SI[illegible]ABILITY LOG

PROJECT Jarl Extrusion
WELL NUMBER B-2
DATE _____

LOCATION _____
ELEVATION _____



STATIC HEAD (H) 9.14'

PIPE RADIUS (r) 0.08'

SCREEN RADIUS (R) 0.33'

SCREEN LENGTH (L) 9.14'

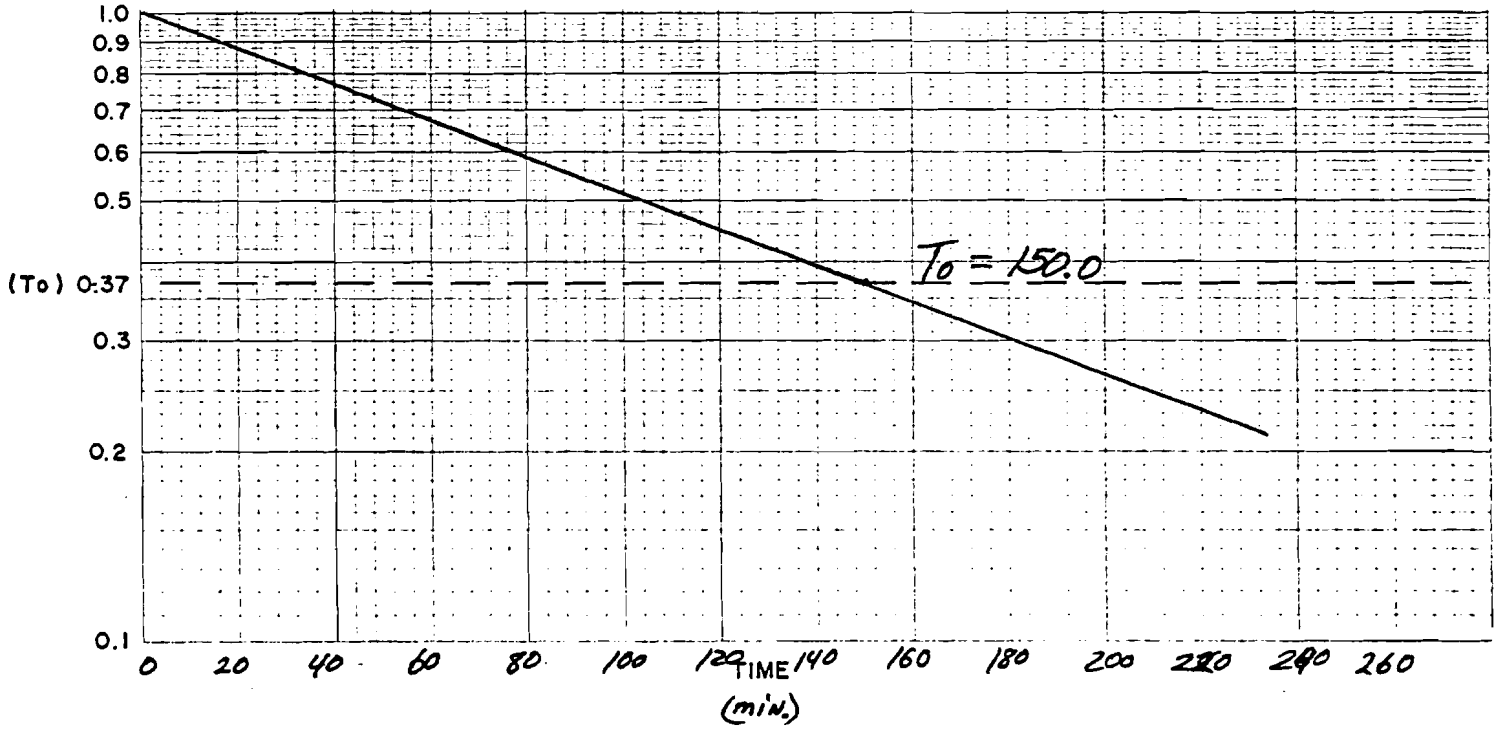
INITIAL HEAD (Ho) 2.75'

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY :

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2LTo}$$

K= 3.9×10^{-6} cm/sec.

TIME	WATER DEPTH (ft.)	t (min.)	h	H−h / H−Ho
12:22	17.08	0	2.75	1.0
12:25	16.41	3	3.42	0.89
12:32	15.83	10	4.00	0.80
12:45	15.25	23	4.58	0.71
1:00	14.75	38	5.08	0.63
1:38	14.00	76	5.83	0.51
5:11	12.50	213	7.33	0.28
5:34	12:41	236	7.42	0.26

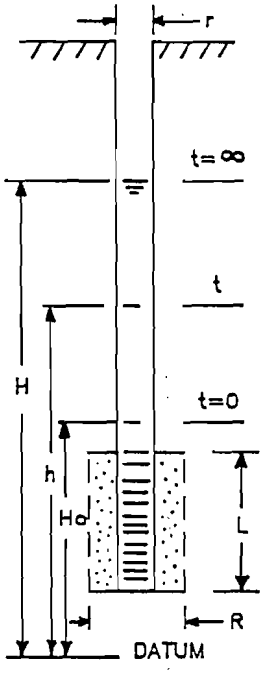


O'BRIEN & GERE

IN-SITU PERMEABILITY TEST
FIELD LOG

PROJECT Jarl Extrusion
WELL NUMBER B-3
DATE _____

LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.
ELEVATION _____



STATIC HEAD (H) 3.83'

PIPE RADIUS (r) 0.08'

SCREEN RADIUS (R) 0.33'

SCREEN LENGTH (L) 3.83'

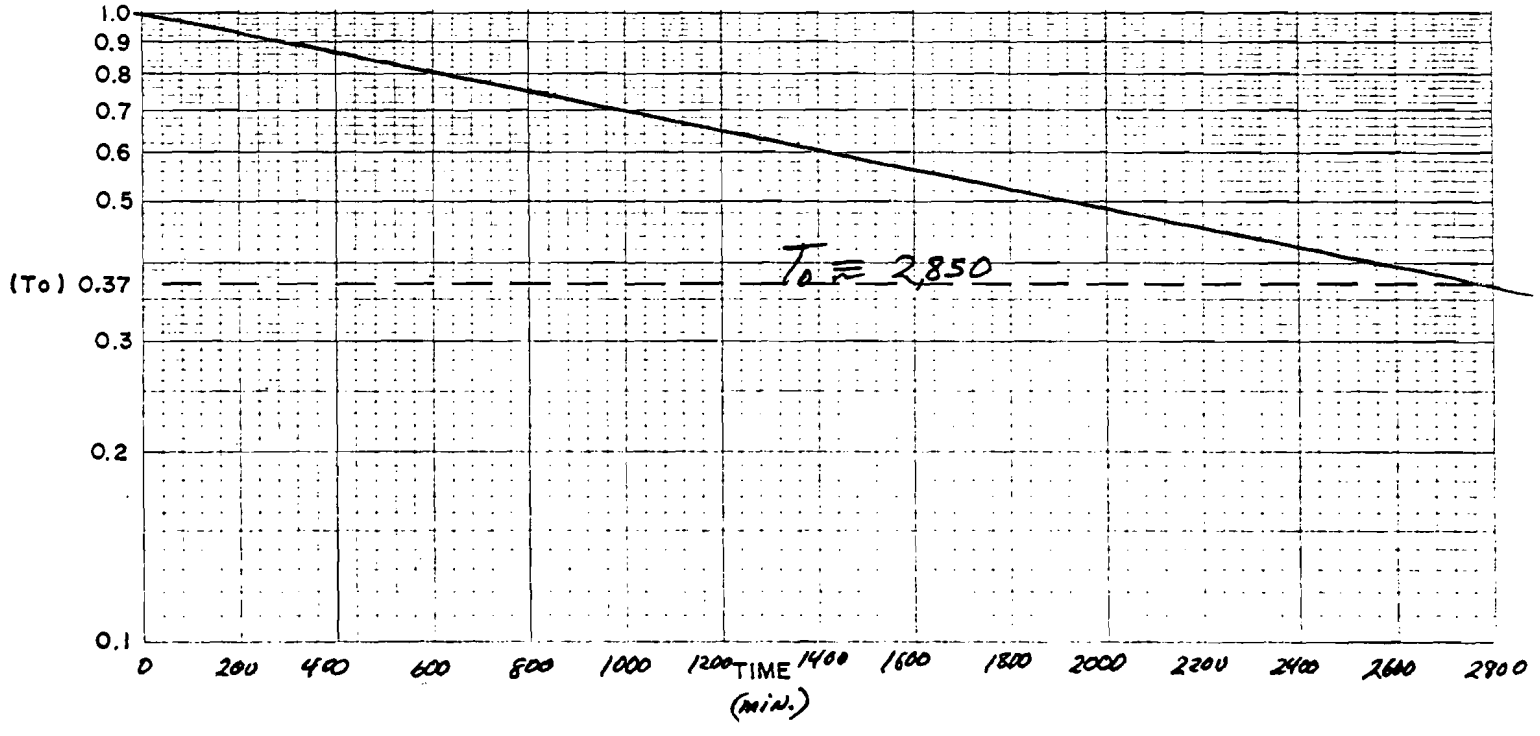
INITIAL HEAD (Ho) 0.04'

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY :

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2LTo}$$

K= 4.0 x 10^{-7} cm/sec.

TIME	WATER DEPTH (ft)	t (min.)	h	H−h / H−Ho
11:08	21.50	0	0.04	1.0
12:42	21.34	94	0.20	0.95
1:50	21.25	162	0.29	0.93
5:18	20.91	370	0.49	0.88

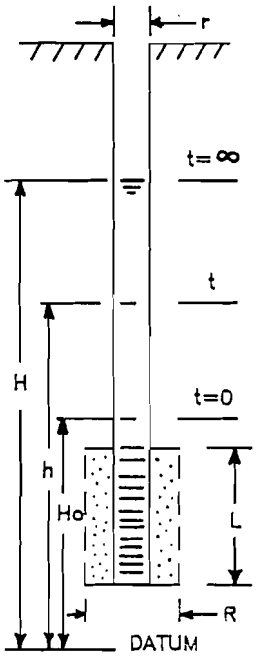


O'BRIEN & GERE

IN-SITU PERMEABILITY TEST
FIELD LOG

PROJECT Jarl Extrusion
WELL NUMBER B-3
DATE _____

LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.
ELEVATION _____



STATIC HEAD (H) 3.83'

PIPE RADIUS (r) 0.08'

SCREEN RADIUS (R) 0.33'

SCREEN LENGTH (L) 3.83'

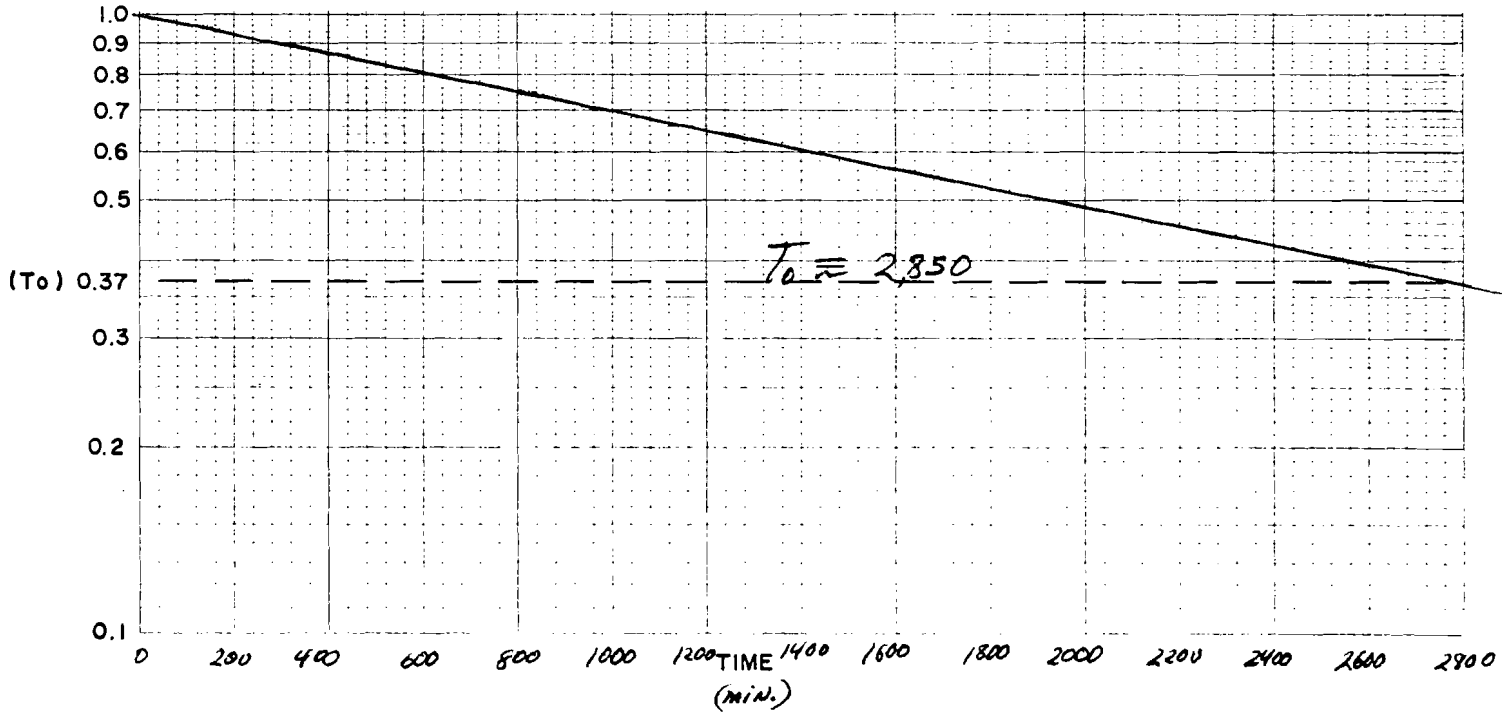
INITIAL HEAD (Ho) 0.04'

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY :

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2LTo}$$

K= 4.0×10^{-7} cm./sec.

TIME	WATER DEPTH (ft.)	t (min.)	h	(H-h)/(H-Ho)
11:08	21.50	0	0.04	1.0
12:42	21.34	94	0.20	0.95
1:50	21.25	162	0.29	0.73
5:18	20.41	370	0.49	0.88

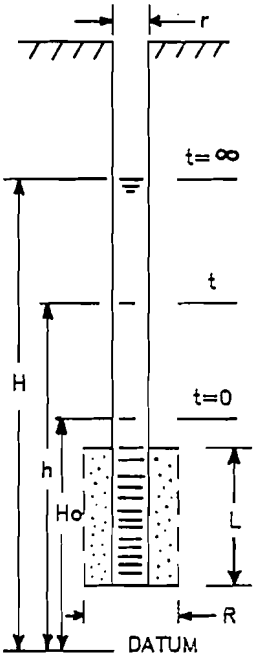


O'BRIEN & GERE

IN-SITU PERMEABILITY TEST
FIELD LOG

PROJECT Jarl Extrusion
WELL NUMBER B-2
DATE _____

LOCATION Rochester, N.Y.
ELEVATION _____



STATIC HEAD (H) 9.14'

PIPE RADIUS (r) 0.08'

SCREEN RADIUS (R) 0.33'

SCREEN LENGTH (L) 9.14'

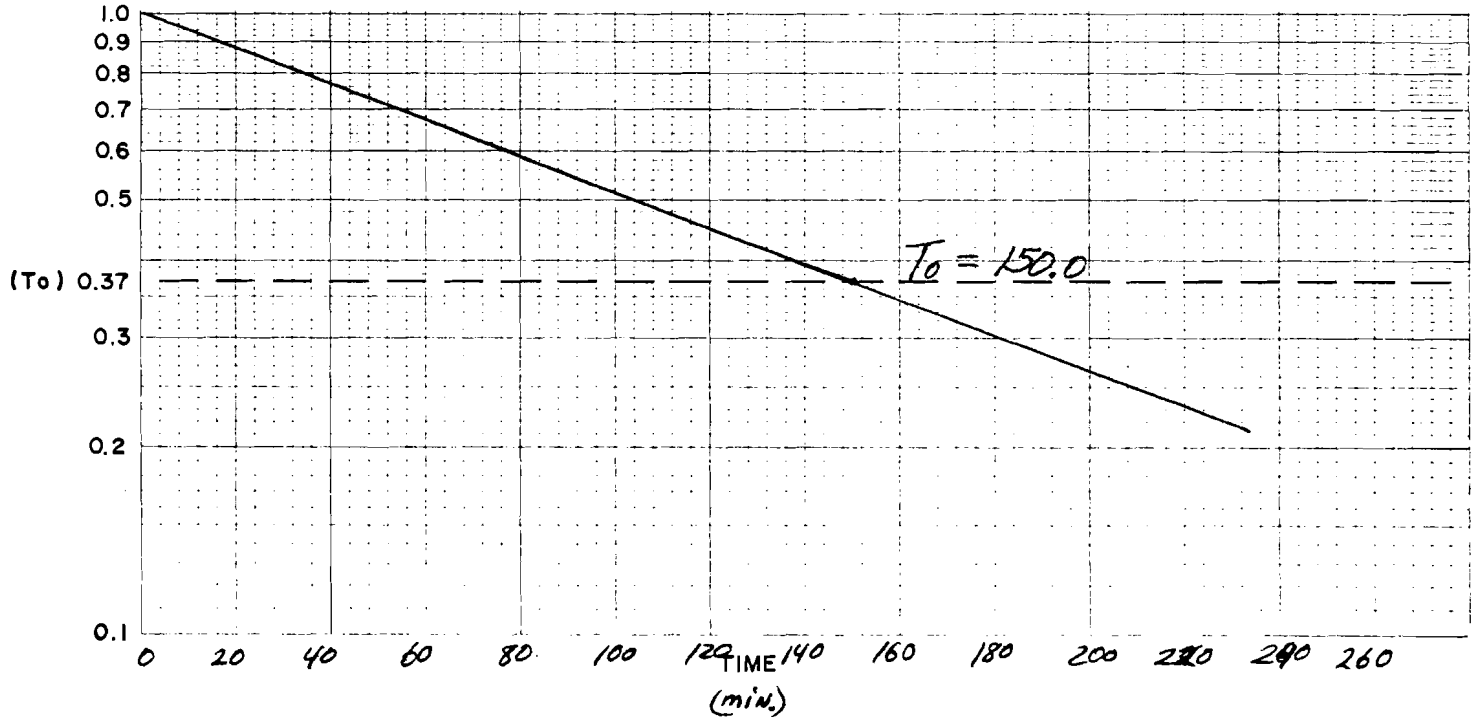
INITIAL HEAD (Ho) 2.75'

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY :

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2LTo}$$

K= 3.9×10^{-6} cm/sec.

TIME	WATER DEPTH (Ft.)	t (min.)	h	H−h / H−Ho
12:22	17.08	0	2.75	1.0
12:25	16.41	3	3.42	0.87
12:32	15.83	10	4.00	0.80
12:45	15.25	23	4.58	0.71
1:00	14.75	38	5.08	0.63
1:38	14.00	76	5.83	0.51
5:11	12.50	213	7.33	0.28
5:34	12:41	236	7.42	0.26

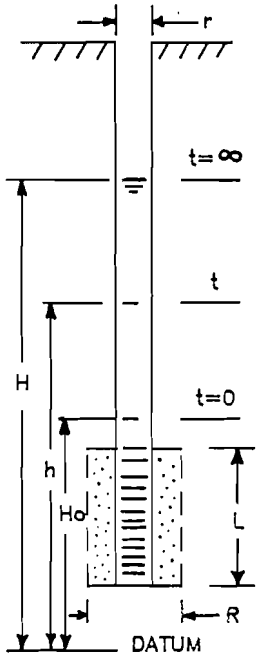


O'BRIEN & GERE

IN-SITU PERMEABILITY TEST
FIELD LOG

PROJECT Jarl Extrusion
WELL NUMBER B-1
DATE 7/23/85

LOCATION Rochester N.Y.
ELEVATION _____



STATIC HEAD (H) 6.83'

PIPE RADIUS (r) 0.08'

SCREEN RADIUS (R) 0.33'

SCREEN LENGTH (L) 6.83'

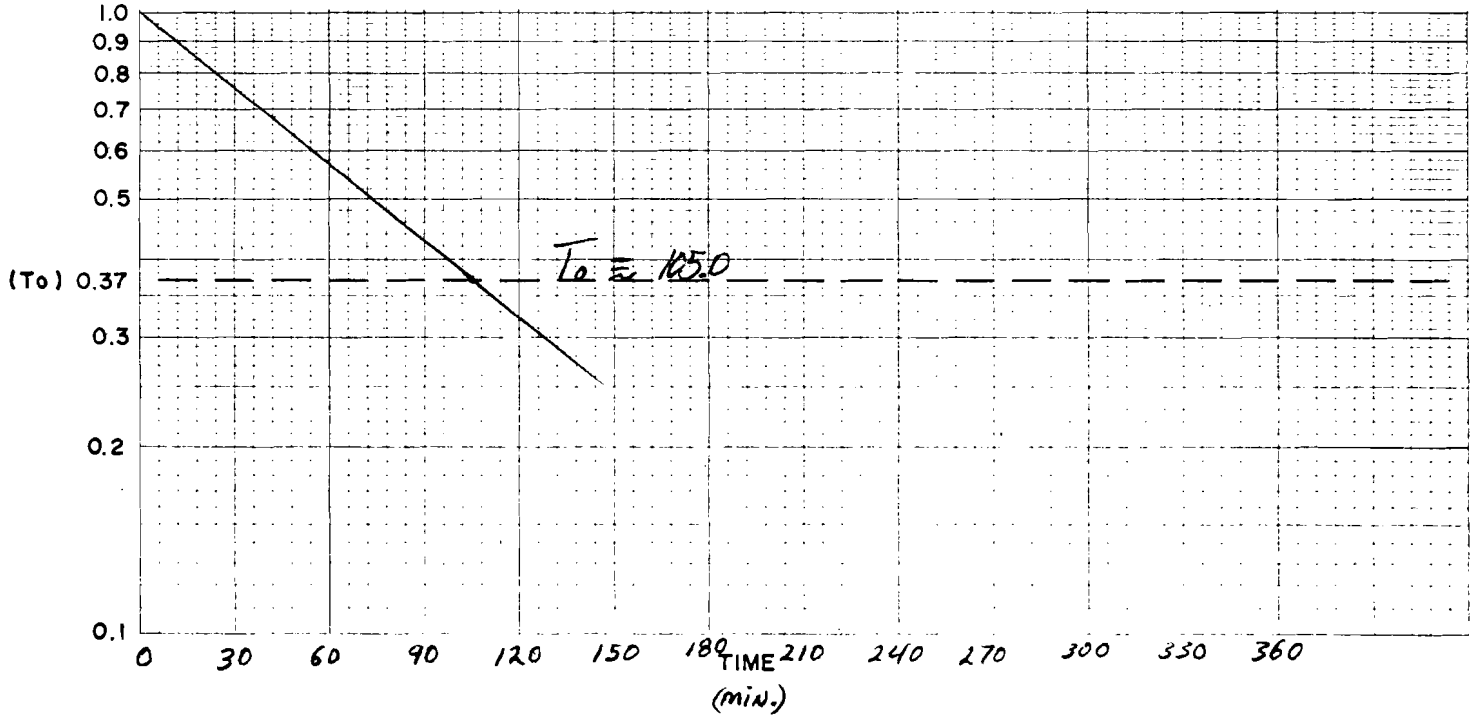
INITIAL HEAD (Ho) 2.25'

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY :

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2LTo}$$

$K = 6.9 \times 10^{-6}$ cm./sec.

TIME	WATER DEPTH (ft.)	t (min.)	h	H−h / H−Ho
12:00	21.58	0	2.25	1.0
12:12	17.53	12	4.25	0.56
12:35	19.16	47	4.67	0.47
12:56	18.83	103	5.00	0.39
1:44	18.08	153	5.75	0.23
5:07	17.41	416	6.42	0.08
5:27	17.25	443	6.58	



APPENDIX C

TEST PIT LOGS

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 1

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	Medium brown silt and sand, lenses of "Vernon" red to brown clay and silt, moist.
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

TEST PIT #: 2

WEATHER: _____

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	Medium brown silt sand, lenses of
7	"Vernon" red to brown clay and silt, moist.
8	Bottom of Pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 3

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	Medium BROWN silt AND SAND, moist.
1	
2	Medium BROWN to dARK BROWN silt AND SAND w/ white GRANULAR SLAG/dROSS (?) MATERIAL
3	Medium brown silt AND SAND, moist.
4	
5	
6	Medium brown silt, little SAND, few VERNON red clay AND silt lenses, moist
7	
8	Bottom of pit APPROX. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

TEST PIT #: 4

WEATHER: _____

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	Medium brown silt and sand, moist
1	
2	
3	lenses of med. brown silt and sand w/ white granular slag/dross material.
4	
5	
6	
7	Grey to black sludge material, silt and sand, wood, rubber, and metal debris, moist to wet, "septic" odor, Bottom of pit 8ft. approx.
8	
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti TEST PIT #: 5

WEATHER: _____ DATE: _____

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	Medium brown silt and sand, moist
1	
2	
3	lenses of med. brown silt and sand w/ white granular slag/dross
4	
5	
6	
7	Grey to black sludge material, silt and sand, much wood,
8	brick, rubber hose debris, septic odor, Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 6

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown sand and silt, moist.
2	2-3 inches white slag/dross fragments w/ sand & silt.
3	Medium brown sand and silt, moist.
	3-6 inches grey-black sludge w/ silt, some sand.
4	Medium brown silt, some sand, moist.
5	
6	
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 7

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
	White slag/dross fragments within silt and sand.
2	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

TEST PIT #: 8

WEATHER: _____

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
	White slag/dross fragments within silt and sand.
2	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

TEST PIT #: 9

WEATHER: _____

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
2	White dross/slag fragments within silt and sand.
3	
4	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
5	
6	
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 10

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, trace cobbles and small boulders, moist.
2	Concrete fragments, bricks, steel, and wood debris within silt and sand.
3	
4	
5	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
6	
7	Black tar-like sludge within silt and sand, moist to wet. Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
8	
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 11

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown sitt and sand, trace cobbles, moist.
2	Concrete, brick, and wood fragments within silt and sand, moist
3	
4	
5	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
6	Black tar-like sludge within silt and sand, and trace grey sludge lenses 1.0 - 0.5 inches thick, moist.
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 12

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, trace cobbles, moist.
2	
3	
4	
5	Black tar-like sludge within silt and sand, and trace grey sludge lenses 1.0 - 0.5 inches thick, moist.
6	
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

WEATHER: _____

TEST PIT #: 13

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, trace cobbles, wood and brick debris, moist.
2	Black to grey sludge within silt and sand, moist.
3	Medium brown silt and sand, moist to wet.
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	Bottom of pit appox. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti

TEST PIT #: 14

WEATHER: _____

DATE: 10/25/85

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, moist, little wood, brick, concrete, and steel debris.
2	
3	
4	
5	Black tar-like sludge within silt and sand, and trace grey sludge lenses 1.0-0.5 inches thick, moist.
6	
7	
8	Bottom of pit Approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

TEST PIT LOG

SITE: Jarl Extrusion

JOB #: _____

OBG FIELD SUPERVISOR: R. Foresti TEST PIT #: 15

WEATHER: _____ DATE: _____

DEPTH	DESCRIPTION
0	
1	Medium brown silt and sand, moist.
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	Medium brown silt and sand, grades into Vernon red-brown clay and silt, moist to wet.
7	
8	Bottom of pit approx. 8 ft.
9	
10	
11	

NOTES:

TEST PIT
PLOT PLAN

O'BRIEN & GERE
O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.

APPENDIX D

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORMS

AND

LABORATORY QA/QC

O'BRIEN & GERE

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SURVEY: Site A-24, Rochester, N.Y. SAMPLERS: (Signature) Robert J. Foresti

STATION NUMBER	STATION LOCATION	DATE	TIME	SAMPLE TYPE: Water Comp.	SAMPLE TYPE: Water Grab.	SAMPLE TYPE: Air	SEQ. NO.	NO. OF CONTAINERS	ANALYSIS REQUIRED
SITE A-24	B-1	7/5/85			✓			4	TOX, Hex. Chromium, & TRACE metals
"	B-2	"			✓			4	(please filter
"	B-3	"			✓			4	All TRACEmetal samples in
"	B-4	"			✓			4	the lab.)

Relinquished by: (Signature) Robert J. Foresti 7/5/85	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by Mobile Laboratory for field analysis: (Signature)	Date/Time
Dispatched by: (Signature) / Date/Time	Received ~~for Laboratory~~ by: Barbara Fawling	Date/Time 7-8-85 7AM
Method of Shipment:		

O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.
Box 4873 / 1304 Buckley Road / Syracuse, NY 13221 / (315) 451-4700 / CABLE OBRIENGERE
Boston, MA / New York, NY / Philadelphia, PA / St. Louis, MO / Washington, DC / White Plains, NY

O'BRIEN & GERE

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SURVEY: Site A-24

SAMPLERS: (Signature) Robert A. Forest

STATION NUMBER	STATION LOCATION	DATE	TIME	SAMPLE TYPE: Water	SAMPLE TYPE: Comp.	SAMPLE TYPE: Grab.	SEQ. NO.	NO. OF CONTAINERS	ANALYSIS REQUIRED
#1	(test pit) 5-6'					X		1	
#1	7-8'					X		1	
#2	5-6'					X		1	
#2	7-8'					X		1	
#3	≈2'					X		1	
#3	7-8'					X		1	
#4	Surface dross sample					X		1	
#4	≈2'					X		1	
#4	3-4'					X		1	
#4	6-7'					X		1	
#5	≈3'					X		1	
#5	4-5'					X		1	

Relinquished by: (Signature) Robert A. Forest	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by Mobile Laboratory for field analysis: (Signature)	Date/Time
Dispatched by: (Signature) Date/Time	Received for Laboratory by:	Date/Time
Method of Shipment:		

O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.
Box 4873 - 1304 Buckley Road / Syracuse, NY 13221 / (315) 451-4700
Blue Bell, PA / Boston, MA / Landover, MD / New York, NY / St. Louis, MO / White Plains, NY

O'BRIEN & GERE

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SURVEY Site A-24

SAMPLERS: (Signature) Robert A. Foresti

STATION NUMBER	STATION LOCATION	DATE	TIME	SAMPLE TYPE Water Comp.	SAMPLE TYPE Water Grab.	Soil	SEQ. NO.	NO. OF CONTAINERS	ANALYSIS REQUIRED
#10	≈ 6.5'					X		1	
#10	≈ 7'					X		1	
#11	5.5-6.5'					X		1	
#11	7-8'					X		1	
#12	4.5-5'					X		1	
#12	6-7'					X		1	
13	1.5-2'					X		1	
13	7-8'					X		1	
14	4.5-5'					X		1	
14	7-8'					X		1	
15	5-6'					X		1	
15	7-8'					X		1	

Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Robert A. Foresti		
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by: (Signature)	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Signature)	Received by Mobile Laboratory for field analysis: (Signature)	Date/Time

Dispatched by: (Signature)	Date/Time	Received for Laboratory by:	Date/Time

Method of Shipment:

O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc
Box 4873 / 1304 Buckley Road · Syracuse, NY 13221 / (315) 451-4700
[illegible] · Boston, MA / Landover, MD · New York, NY / [illegible] · White Plains [illegible]

O'BRIEN & GERE

SUBJECT	SHEET	BY	DATE	JOB NO
NIXON - HARGRAVES Q.C.	1			

SAMPLES 66026-29 7/8/85

	SPIKE		DUP.	EPA KNOWN	
CD	100.	%REC.	14./14.	102.6	%RE
CR	104.2		.16/.20	114.9	
CU	100.		.02/.02	88.5	
NI	100.		100./106.	101.4	
ZN	100.		0.36/0.39	93.3	
PB	100.0		.36/.46	81.8	
HG	98.2		.8/1.1	119.5	
CR-HEX	NO	Q.C.	TOTALS	<.01	

O'BRIEN & GERE

SUBJECT	SHEET	BY	DATE	JOB NO
NIXON - HARGRAVES Q.C.	2			

SAMPLES 85152-55 7-26-85

	SPIKE	DUP	EPA KNOWN
CD	100 %	0.02/0.02	70. % REC
CR	100 %	0.06/0.07	99.6 %
ZN	100 %	0.36/0.39	93.3 %
CU	100 %	.02/.02	88.5 %
NI	100.0	100/106.	101.4
PB	100.0	.36/.46	81.8
HG	—	1.6/4.7	122.9
CR-HEX	87.8	<.01/<.01	—

O'BRIEN & GERE

SUBJECT	SHEET	BY	DATE	JOB NO
NIXON - HARGRAVES	3			

SAMPLES 46823-29 11-11-85

	SPIKE	DUP	EPA KNOWN
CR	113.6	.04/.05	80.5
CU	98.0	301./297.	100.3
CD	94.3	.02/.02	102.6
ZN	95.4	22.8/22.7	107.7
PB	98.0	.09/.11	108.0
AL	101.8	<0.1/<0.1	—
PCTS	—	63.3/56.8	—

APPENDIX E

REFERENCES

REFERENCES

1. Grossman, I.G. and Yarger, L.B., 1953, Water Resources of the Rochester Area, New York: U.S. Geological Survey Circular 246, Washington, D.C.

2. 1938 Aerial Photos: National Archives and Records Service, Cartographic Archives Division, General Services Administration, Washington, D.C.

3. 1951, 1965, 1980 Aerial Photos: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, 2222 West, 2300 South, P.O. Box 30010, Salt Lake City, Utah 84130.

4. Freeye, R.A. and Cherry, J.A., 1979, Groundwater: Prentice Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey

APPENDIX F

PREVIOUS REPORTS AND CORRESPONDENCE

Appendix F1

ABANDONED WASTE LAGOON STUDY

PREPARED FOR

JARL EXTRUSION, INC.

EAST ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

July 1982

FINAL

Prepared By:

LaBella Associates, P.C
339 East Avenue
Rochester, New York 14604

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PURPOSE

The purpose of this study is to determine whether the abandoned lagoons at Jarl Extrusions are hazardous waste sites. This report discusses the field exploration undertaken to determine the nature of the substances buried in the abandoned lagoons.

BACKGROUND

From 1963 until 1976 Jarl Extrusions of East Rochester, New York discharged process wastewater from a metal finishing operation into a lagoon system for treatment. In mid 1980 the lagoons were filled in by bulldozing existing spoil into the lagoons and regrading the entire area. Sludge was not removed prior to filling in the lagoons.

Approximately 200,000 gallons per year were discharged to the lagoons. Two of the constituents in the wastewater were aluminum and chromium. Analytical data compiled from 1975 and 1976 are as follows:

Jarl Extrusions
Wastewater Characteristics

	Concentrations in mg/l		
	Minimum	Maximum	Average
pH	6.9	11.5	10.6
Al, dissolved	1.0	333.0	160.0
Al, total	21.8	358.0	168.0
Cr+6	1.1	9.1	6.2
Cr Total	1.1	10.9	7.2

FIELD EXPLORATION

A field exploration program, consisting of soil borings and sample extractions was established based on field reconnaissance and discussions with personnel from Jarl Extrusions.

The objective of the soil sampling was to obtain representative samples of the metal finishing sludge that was discharged. Existing data indicated that the lagoons were 10 - 12 feet deep at the time they were abandoned. Discussions with Jarl personnel indicated that a high percentage of the chromium sludge had settled out in the southern most lagoon. The original plant area drawing was revised after examining an arerial photograph and by physically examining the abandoned lagoon area. Three soil borings were located as close as possible to the center line of the first lagoon. Attachment 1 shows the approximate boundaries of the lagoons and the boring locations, as determined by the aerial photograph and field reconnaissance.

The test bores were done by Rochester Drilling Company, Inc. on May 6, 1982. A 2" diameter split spoon sampler was used for the first test bore, but the sand was too wet to obtain a satifsfactory sample. A 3-inch diameter sampling spoon was used to extract a representative sample. Attachment 4 contains the Boring logs for all test bores.

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA

Immediately after the test borings were completed, the samples were transported to Delta Labs, Inc. for preservation and subsequent analysis. Three samples were analyzed for pH, moisture content, total chromium and hexavalent chromium. Extraction Procedure Toxicity (EP Toxicity) tests were also performed to determine hazardous consistent levels in the extracted leachate. Attachment 3 contains the Analytical Report from Delta Labs.

DISCUSSION

Chemically, the chromium ion can exist in three (3) states: +2, +3 and +6. In ascending order, the salts with these valences are chromous, chromic (trivalent), and chromate (hexavalent), with dichromate being a particular form of chromate.

The chromic ion (trivalent state) is the most stable form. The hexavalent form is readily reduced to the trivalent state by even mild reducing agents.

At Jarl Extrusions we would not expect to find hexavalent salts because aluminum and aluminum salts, which are reducing agents, are present in large quantities in the sludge.

Due to the anaerobic conditions and the lack of oxidizing agents in the abandoned lagoons, oxidation of trivalent chromium to hexavalent chromium is not likely to occur.

This is further supported by information from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, (Ref: Federal Register, Volume 45, No. 212, page 72030), "Our concern was that trivalent chromium, under waste management conditions, could oxidize to the hexavalent form, which would render it highly mobile and toxic. Further analysis indicates, however, that such oxidation is not likely to occcur under most waste management practices. Although the oxidation of trivalent chromium can occur on a theoretical basis, oxidation is unlikely to occur in normal land disposal situations."

The investigations show that greater than 99.7% of the total chromium is in the trivalent state. The hexavalent chromium content of test borings B-1 and B-2 are less than 0.06 and 0.03 mg/l, with total chromium at 425.0 and 11.6 mg/l, respectively. The results of test borings B-3 indicate a hexavalent chromium content of less than 11.2 mg//l and total chromium at 22,150 mg/l.

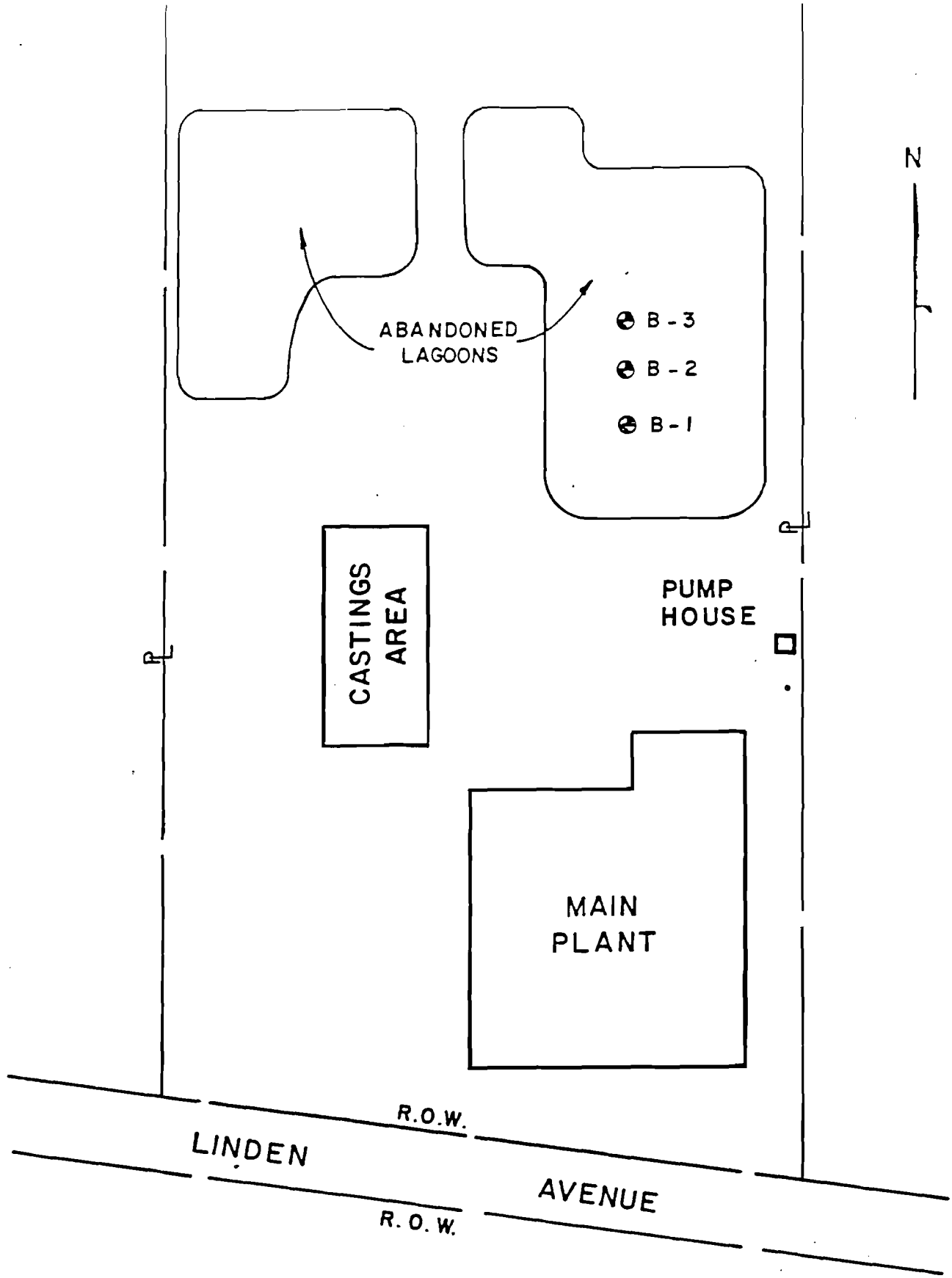
The Extraction Procedure Toxicity test results show that all three samples contain less than 0.05 mg/l total chromium. As stated in Part 261 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, "A solid waste exhibits the characteristic of EP Toxicity if . . . the extract from a representative sample of the waste contains any of the contaminants listed in Table 1 at a concentration equal to or greater than the respective value given in that Table."

From Table 1 - Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Characteristics of EP Toxicity: Chromium - 5.0 mg/l.

Therefore, based on the completed investigation, the buried sludge is nonhazardous, and the inactive waste impoundment lagoons do not appear to pose a present or potential hazard to human health or the environment.

RECOMMENDATIONS

In view of the above findings, we recommend that the now filled lagoons remain inactive and undisturbed to insure minimal threats to human health or the environment.



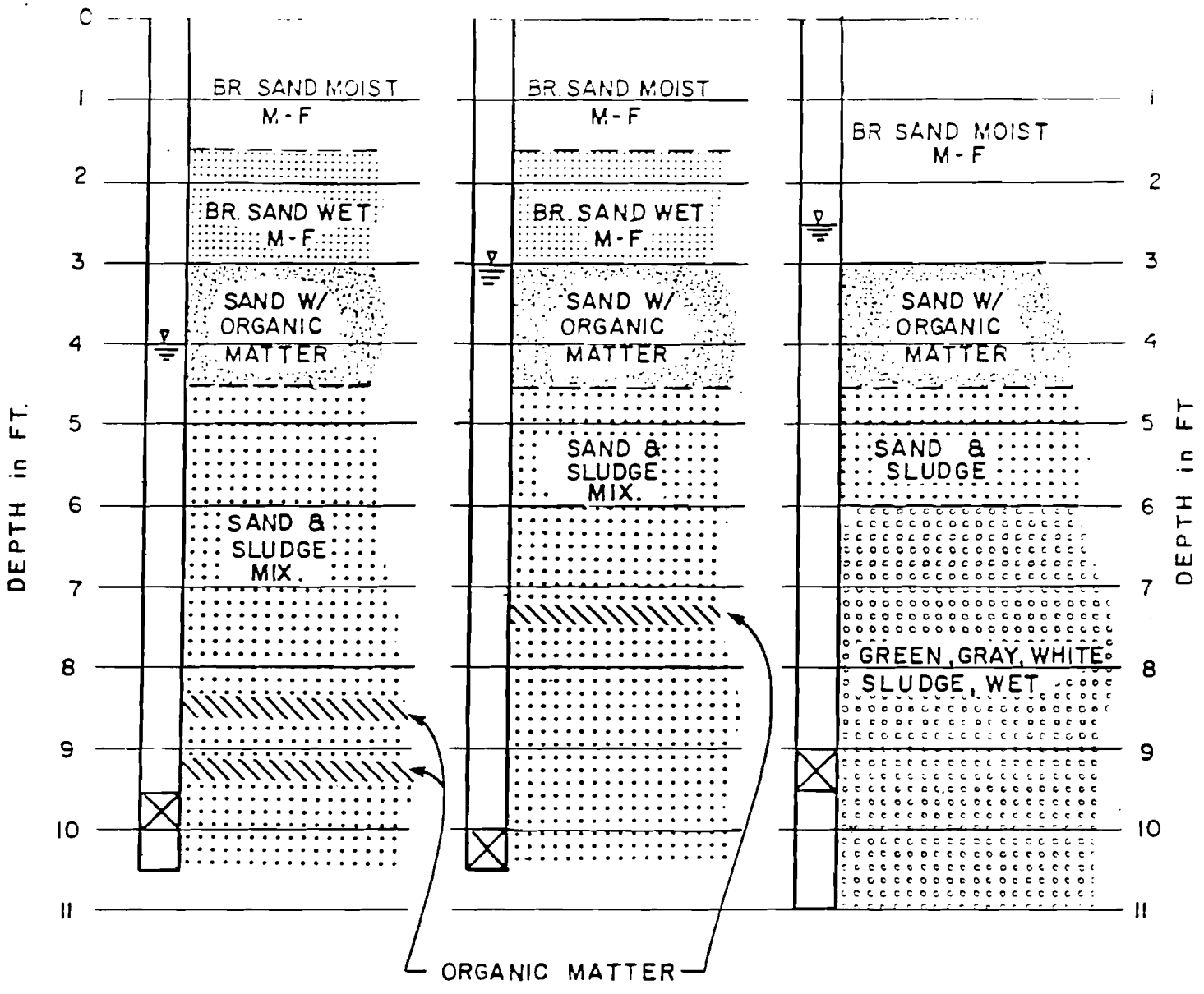
APPROXIMATE TEST BORE LOCATIONS

JARL EXTRUSIONS, INC.

EAST ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

JULY, 1982

JOB NO. 8211



KEY

INDICATES ANALYSED SAMPLE AREA

INDICATES GROUND WATER LEVEL

TEST BORE CROSS-SECTIONS

JARL EXTRUSIONS, INC.

EAST ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

JULY, 1982

JOB NO. 8211

Rochester Drilling CO. INC.

TEST BORINGS • LAND • OFF-SHORE
GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS •
FOUNDATION INVESTIGATIONS
DEEP HOLE GEOLOGICAL STUDIES
OIL • GAS • GEOTHERMAL WELLS

45 STEEL STREET • ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14606 • 1-716-458-0821 • TELEX 978-462

BORING TERMS AND SYMBOLS

N	The number of blows from a 140 pound hammer falling 30 inches needed to drive a split-spoon sampler the last 12 inch penetration of the sample.
C	The number of blows from a 300 pound hammer falling 24 inches to drive casing 12 inches.
100/1 inch	Number of blows needed to drive sampler or casing the distance shown. Used for indicating refusal.
WR	Sampler advanced by the weight of rods only, indicating very soft material.
WH	Sampler or casing advanced by weight of hammer only, indicating very soft material.
ST	Shelby Tube Sampler (piston sample or pressed tube sample).
CS	Continuous sampling.
AX	1 1/8 inch rock core
BX	1 5/8 inch rock core.
NX	2 1/8 inch rock core.
75%	Percentage of rock core recovered.
P.L.	Plastic limit.
L.L.	Liquid limit.
M.C.	Moisture content--Dry, Damp, Moist, Wet Saturated.
H.C.	Boring caved after casing or augers were removed.
W.C.	Weight of casing only, indicating very soft material.

NOTE: WE CANNOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERPRETATIONS OR OPINIONS MADE BY OTHERS FROM THE ENCLOSED DATA.

[illegible] Laboratories, Inc.

[illegible] ROCHESTER, N.Y. 14[illegible]

ANALYTICAL [illegible]

Client: [illegible] P.O. [illegible] Date: _____

Sample I.D. 08:50 Date Received: [illegible] Page: ____ of ____

Sample	pH	Water	*Cr_t	*Cr_6			
I-1 E-2	7.4	16.3	11.6	<0.7			
I-M E-1	7.4	21.7	425.	<0.7			
I-M E-3	11.0	74.4	22,150	<11.2			
* DRY BASIS							
EP TOXICITY TEST RESULTS							
	Ag	As	Cd	Cr	Ba	Hg	Se
I-1 E-2	<0.03	<0.06	<0.02	<0.05	<0.4	<0.05	<0.08
I-M E-1	<0.03	<0.06	<0.02	<0.05	<0.4	<0.05	<0.08
I-M E-3	<0.03	<0.06	<0.02	<0.05	<0.4	<0.05	<0.08
	Pb						
I-1 E-2	<0.3						
I-M E-1	<0.3						
I-M E-3	<0.3						

Methods are in accordance with Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 14th Edition and/or Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water & Waste, (EPA), 1974.

Units are in mg/l unless otherwise stated.

Submitted by: [signature]

Approved by: _____

Rochester Drilling

Refusal	Depth in boring where more than 150 blows per foot are needed to advance the sample spoon.
Cohesive Soil	Very fine grained soils with appreciable dry strength. Plastic--can be rolled into a thin thread when damp with no apparent water movement. Clays and silty to sandy clays show cohesion.

Description	Penetration Resistance Blows/Foot
Very Soft	0 - 2
Soft	3 - 5
Medium	6 - 15
Stiff	16 - 25
Hard	26 or more

Non-Cohesive Soil — Soils composed of silt, sand, and gravel, show no cohesion and only slight plasticity.

Description	Penetration Resistance Blows/Foot
Loose	0 - 10
Firm	11 - 25
Compact	26 - 40
Dense	41 - 50
Very Dense	51 or more

Composition	Estimated Percentage
And	50
Some	30 - 49
Little	11 - 29
Trace	0 - 10

Note: WE CANNOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERPRETATIONS OR OPINIONS MADE BY OTHERS FROM THE ENCLOSED DATA.

Rochester Drilling
• LAKE • OFFSHORE
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45 STEEL STREET • ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14606 • 1-716-458-0821 • TELEX 978-452

PROJECT NO. 2427 PAGE 1 OF 1 BORING NO. B-1

PROJECT Subsurface Investigation, Jarl Extrusion, Linden Avenue E., Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT LaBella Associates, P.C., East Avenue, Rochester, N.Y.

ELEVATION INSPECTOR WEATHER

DATE STARTED 5/6/82 COMPLETED 5/6/82 TECHNICIAN D. Zakett

GROUND WATER – CASING IN – 4'0" AT COMPLETION 5 /6 TIME

BELOW SURFACE – CASING OUT – -WELLPOINT AT

Seasonal and climatic changes may alter the observed water levels

DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	C	BLOWS ON SAMPLER 0"/6"	6"/12"	12"/18"	18"/24"	N	SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	SOIL AND ROCK CLASSIFICATION REMARKS
								0'0"-1'6"	Loose brown moist medium to fine sand, trace of silt 1'6
								1'6"-3'0"	Loose brown wet medium to fine sand, trace of silt 4'0
								3'0"-4'6"	Sand saturated
								4'6"-6'0"	Loose medium to fine sand mixed with organic material (wood)
								6'0"-7'6"	Thin layer of black organic matter 8'9"-8'10"
								7'6"-9'0"	Thin layer of black and brown organic matter
								9'0"-10'6"	Sludge mixed with medium to fine sand and silt 10'6
15									Boring terminated at 10'6"

Notes: Samples 0'0"-1'6" and 1'6"-3'0" were retrieved with a 2" sampling spoon and placed in pint jars
Samples from 3'0"-10'6" were retrieved with a 3" split spoon and placed in quart jars
Sampling spoons were washed with acetone before sampling each layer

NOTES: N = NO. OF BLOWS TO DRIVE _____ SPOON _____ WITH _____ LB. WT. _____ EA BLOW
C = NO. OF BLOWS TO DRIVE _____ CASING _____ WITH _____ LB. WT. _____ EA BLOW

Rochester Drilling Co. Inc.

GEO[illegible] MONITORING WELLS •
FOUND[illegible] INVESTIGATIONS
DEEP HOLE GEOLOGICAL STUDIES
OIL • GAS • GEOTHERMAL WELLS

4[illegible] STREET • ROCHESTER NEW YORK 14606 • 1-716-458-0521 • TELEX 978-462

PROJECT NO. 2427 PAGE 1 OF 1 BORING NO. B-2

PROJECT Subsurface Investigation, Jarl Extrusion, Linden Avenue E., Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT LaBella Associates, P.C., East Avenue, Rochester, N.Y.

ELEVATION INSPECTOR WEATHER

DATE STARTED 5/6/82 COMPLETED 5/6/82 TECHNICIAN D. Zakett

GROUND WATER – CASING IN – 3'0" AT COMPLETION 5/6 TIME

BELOW SURFACE – CASING OUT – -WELLPOINT AT

Seasonal and climatic changes may alter the observed water levels

DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	C	BLOWS ON SAMPLER 0"/6"	6"/12"	12"/18"	18"/24"	N	SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	SOIL AND ROCK CLASSIFICATION REMARKS
								0'0"-1'6"	Loose brown moist medium to fine sand, trace to little silt 2'0
								1'6"-3'0"	Loose brown wet medium to fine sand, trace of silt 4'0
								3'0"-4'6"	Sand saturated
								4'6"-6'0"	Loose medium to fine sand mixed with black sludge
								6'0"-7'6"	Thin layer of organic matter
								7'6"-9'0"	Sludge mixed with medium to fine sand and silt
								9'0"-10'6"	Trace of wood and roots noted 10'6

Boring terminated at 10'6"

Notes: Samples from 0'0"-10'6" were retrieved with a 3" sampling spoon and placed in quart jars
Sampling spoons were washed with acetone before sampling each layer

NOTES: N = NO. OF BLOWS TO DRIVE _____ SPOON _____ WITH _____ LB. WT. _____ EA BLOW
C = NO. OF BLOWS TO DRIVE _____ CASING _____ WITH _____ LB. WT. _____ EA BLOW

Rochester Drilling
DEEP GEOLOGICAL STUDIES
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41 STEEL STREET • ROCHESTER NEW YORK 14605 • 1-716 458-0821 • TELEX 978-462

PROJECT NO. 2427 PAGE 1 OF 1 BORING NO. B-3

PROJECT Subsurface Investigation, Jarl Extrusion, Linden Avenue E., Rochester, N.Y.

CLIENT LaBella Associates, P.C., East Avenue, Rochester, N.Y.

ELEVATION _____ INSPECTOR _____ WEATHER _____

DATE STARTED 5/6/82 COMPLETED 5/6/82 TECHNICIAN D. Zakett

GROUND WATER – CASING IN – 2'6" AT COMPLETION 5 /6 TIME _____

BELOW SURFACE – CASING OUT – _____ –WELLPOINT AT _____

Seasonal and climatic changes may alter the observed water levels

TH OW RFACE	C	BLOWS ON SAMPLER 0"/6" / 6"/12" / 12"/18" / 18"/24"	N	SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	SOIL AND ROCK CLASSIFICATION REMARKS
					0'0"-1'6"	Loose brown moist medium to fine sand, trace to little silt
					1'6"-3'0"	3'0
						Sand saturated
					3'0"-4'6"	Loose medium to fine sand mixed with
					4'6"-6'0"	sludge 6'0
					6'0"-7'6"	Larger concentration of sludge starting at 6'0" and continuing to 11'0"
					7'6"-9'0"	Greenish gray white sludge, wet
					9'0"-11'0"	Greenish gray white slude, wet 11'0
						Boring terminated at 11'0"
						Notes: Samples from 0'0"-11'0" were retrieved with a 3" sampling spoon and placed in quart jars. Sampling spoons were washed with acetone before sampling each layer

15

NOTES: N = NO. OF BLOWS TO DRIVE _____ SPOON _____ WITH _____ LB. WT. _____ EA BLOW
C = NO OF BLOWS TO DRIVE _____ CASING _____ WITH _____ LB. WT. _____ EA BLOW

Appendix F2

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
6274 E. Avon - Lima Road, Avon, New York 14414
Telephone: (716) 226-2466

Henry G. Williams
Commissioner

Eric A. Seiffer
Regional Director

April 21, 1983

Mr. Robert Haway
P.O. Box 1051
Lincoln First Tower
Rochester, New York 14603

Dear Mr. Haway:

RE: Jarl's Extrusions Abandoned Waste Lagoon Study

This letter is in response to the telephone conversation on April 13, 1983 in regards to the "Abandoned Waste Lagoon Study" for Jarl's Extrusion.

I have compiled a list of questions that will have to be addressed before any revisions would be considered in Jarl's score.

The questions are as follows:

1. There was never a mention as to the original construction of the lagoons. Were they man-made or natural pond depressions? Were they even lined, perhaps with clay?

2. What are the exact dimensions of both lagoons, height, width and depth?

3. As stated in the report, the lagoons were 10-12 feet deep when they were abandoned, what was the rationale for taking samples at the depths indicated on the test bore cross-section?

4. Since the groundwater seems to have saturated the lagoons, as indicated on the test bore cross-sections, why were there no groundwater samples taken?

5. The rational for choosing the sampling locations is not clear. Why were the three soil samples located as close as possible to the center line of the first lagoon?

6. Couldn't some of the more soluable contaminants end up in the overflow lagoon?

7. Where are the exact locations of influent and effluent pipes?

8. What was the rational for using sand as a cover material for the lagoons? Would not a clay cover prevent percolation to the groundwater of possible contaminants?

9. Was any information generated as to the direction of groundwater?

As a reference, the consultant companies hired for the State's Superfund sites are required to do the following for their field investigations:

1. Geophysical studies - conductivity and magnetometer surveys.

2. Borings and monitoring wells - to collect hydrogeological data.

3. Test pits and auger holes - to confirm results of geophysical studies.

4. Sampling and analysis - including

   a. soil sampling from borings, test pits and auger holes.

   b. soil sampling from surface areas.

   c. surface water sediments.

   d. surface water samples.

   e. groundwater samples.

I realize the questions are broad but they need to be addressed. If a meeting would be a better solution to resolving these questions, it could be arranged.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

Deborah Jackson

Deborah A. Jackson
Senior Engineering Technician
Division of Solid Waste

DAJ:ph

cc: Phil Aldrich, Plant Manager

Appendix F3

JARL EXTRUSIONS, INC.

860 LINDEN AVENUE • P.O. BOX 351
E. ROCHESTER, N.Y. 14445 • TLX 97-8385 • (716) 586-2660

May 18, 1983

Mr. Robert Harvey
Nixon, Hargrave, Devans & Doyle
Floor 22
Lincoln First Tower
Rochester, NY 14643

Dear Bob:

In accordance with our phone conversation, attached is a copy of the answers to questions I send to LaBella Associates.

Very truly yours,

Philip Aldrich
Plant Manager

PA:jb
Enclosure

STATE LINE ROAD • P.O. BOX 871
ELIZABETHTON, TENN. 37643 • TLX 55-3448 • (615) 543-3561

EXECUTIVE OFFICES • 1300 N. FEDERAL HWY.
BOCA RATON, FL. 33432 • (305) 392-1812

QUESTIONS FROM NYSDEC

1. Jarl should address. . . . . .

   man-made, no liner

2. Jarl should address. . . . . .

   use aerial photo

3. Sampling of the lagoons was terminated at the 11 foot level because it is believed that the aluminum hydroxide that was discharged through the years had formed a "liner" for the lagoons, and to penetrate this sludge layer would possibly cause the dispersion and migration of the ground water.

4. All sludge samples extracted from the lagoons were analyzed for total chromium and hexavalent chromium. The analysis of these samples indicated no discernable levels of hexavalent chrome, thus making any ground water analysis redundant.

5. The three soil samples were located as close as possible to the center line of the first lagoon because of the nature of the construction of the lagoon. The hydraulic gradient, or flow line, was directed through the center of the lagoon. (See attached sketch.) Most of the sludge settled out in the first lagoon.

6. All records indicate that no other soluble or insoluble contaminants were discharged into the lagoons.

   Jarl should expand on this.

7. Jarl should address. . . . . .

   use aerial photo

8. The aluminum hydroxide wastes that were discharged through the years has formed a "liner" on the bottom of the lagoons, thus containing any contaminated ground water. When the lagoons were built, the spoil removed was placed around the perifery of the lagoons. When abandonded, the existing spoil was bulldozed into the voids.

9. Because of the topograhical layout of the area, it is believed that the general ground water migration is to the north, northeast.

LaBella
Associates, P.C.
339 East Avenue
Rochester, New York 14604
(716) 454-6110

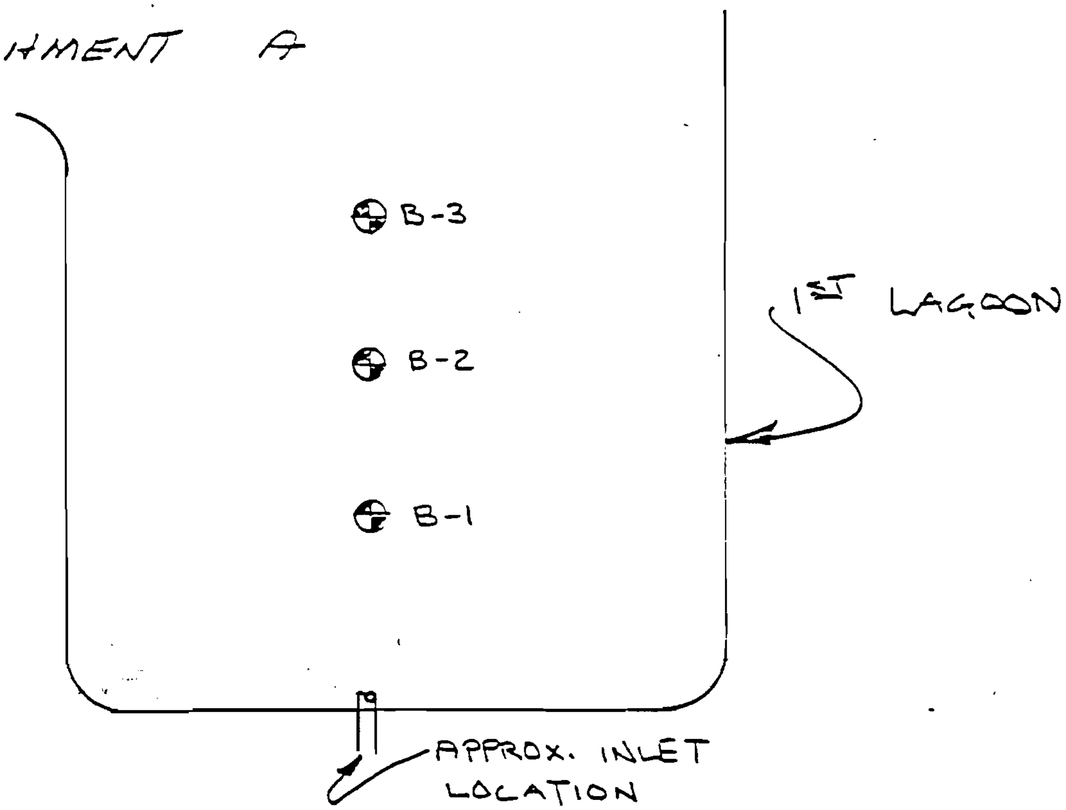
CALC. BY aH DATE 10 MAY 83

PROJECT NO. N.A.

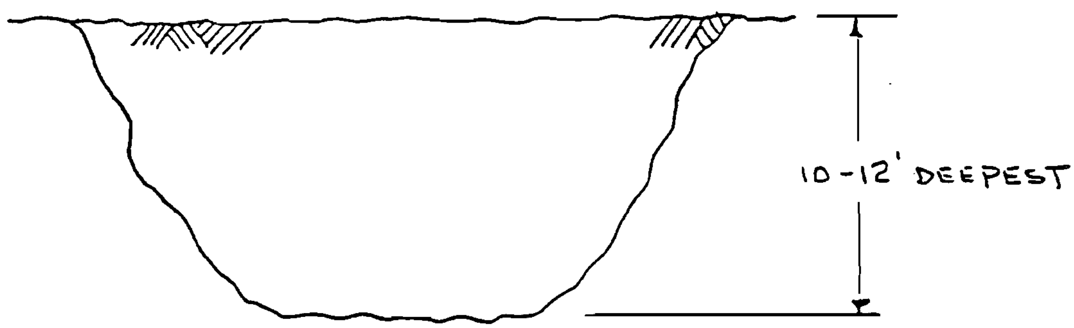
CHECK BY ______ DATE ______

SUBJECT ABANDONED LAGOONS

→ ATTACHMENT A



· PLAN ·



· SECTION ·

· NOT TO SCALE ·

NUS CORPORATION
A Halliburton Company

Appendix F4

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Jarl Extrusions	NYD002209625
Site Name	EPA Site ID Number
Linden Ave., Pittsford, NY	02-8303-100A
Address	TDD Number

SITE DESCRIPTION

Jarl Extrusions is a metals finishing operation located in an industrial area east of Rochester. From 1963 until 1976 approximately 200,000 gallons of process waste water was discharged to on-site lagoons annually. Two of the major constituents in the waste water were aluminum and chromium. In 1980, the lagoons were filled without removal of any sludge. Subsequent testing of one lagoon has indicated soil contamination.

FIT personnel conducted sampling September 7, 1984. Four (4) soil samples, two (2) sediment and two (2) surface water samples were collected.

HAZARD RANKING SCORE: _____

Prepared by: William Russell of NUS Corporation

Date: 12/31/84

Site Inspection Report

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 1 - SITE LOCATION AND INSPECTION INFORMATION

EPA

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION

01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or descriptive name of site)	02 STREET, ROUTE NO., OR SPECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER				
Jarl Extrusions	860 Linden Avenue				
03 CITY	**04 STATE**	**05 ZIP CODE**	**06 COUNTY**	**07 COUNTY CODE**	**08 CONG DIST**
Pittsford	NY	14445	Monroe	55	28

09 COORDINATES LATITUDE 43°07'20.0"N LONGITUDE 77°29'55.0"W

10 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one)
☒ A. PRIVATE ☐ B. FEDERAL _____ ☐ C. STATE ☐ D. COUNTY ☐ E. MUNICIPAL
☐ F. OTHER _____ ☐ G. UNKNOWN

III. INSPECTION INFORMATION

01 DATE OF INSPECTION: 9 / 7 / 84 (MONTH DAY YEAR)

02 SITE STATUS: ☒ ACTIVE ☐ INACTIVE

03 YEARS OF OPERATION: 1963 (BEGINNING YEAR) Present (ENDING YEAR) ___ UNKNOWN

04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSPECTION (Check all that apply)
☐ A. EPA ☒ B. EPA CONTRACTOR NUS Corporation (Name of firm) ☐ C. MUNICIPAL ☐ D. MUNICIPAL CONTRACTOR _____ (Name of firm)
☐ E. STATE ☐ F. STATE CONTRACTOR _____ (Name of firm) ☐ G. OTHER _____ (Specify)

05 CHIEF INSPECTOR	06 TITLE	07 ORGANIZATION	08 TELEPHONE NO.
Colleen Ranney	Public Health Specialist	NUS Corporation	(201) 225-6160
09 OTHER INSPECTORS	**10 TITLE**	**11 ORGANIZATION**	**12 TELEPHONE NO.**
William Russell	Chemical Engineer	NUS Corporation	(201) 225-6160
James Sullivan	Chemist	NUS Corporation	(201) 225-6160
Gregory Burchette	Geologist	NUS Corporation	(201) 225-6160
			( )
			( )

13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTERVIEWED	14 TITLE	15 ADDRESS	16 TELEPHONE NO
Philip Aldrich	Plant Manager	860 Linden Avenue, Pittsford, NY	(716) 586-2660
Robert Harvey, Esq.	Attorney for Jarl Extrusions	P.O. Box 1051 Rochester, NY	(716) 546-8000
Paul Golett	Maintanence Supervisor	860 Linden Ave. Pittsford, NY	(716) 586-2660
			( )
			( )
			( )

17 ACCESS GAINED BY (Check one)	18 TIME OF INSPECTION	19 WEATHER CONDITIONS
☒ PERMISSION ☐ WARRANT	1100 hrs	Clear, 70-75°F, breeze from southwest

IV. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM

01 CONTACT	02 OF (Agency/Organization)	03 TELEPHONE NO.
Mark Haulenbeek	EPA, Region II, Edison, NJ	(201) 321-6685

04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR SITE INSPECTION FORM	05 AGENCY	06 ORGANIZATION	07 TELEPHONE NO.	08 DATE
William G. Russell		NUS Corporation	(201) 225-6160	12 / 31 / 84 (MONTH DAY YEAR)

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. WASTE STATES, QUANTITIES, AND CHARACTERISTICS

01 PHYSICAL STATES (Check all that apply)

- ☐ A. SOLID
- ☐ B. POWDER, FINES
- ☒ C. SLUDGE
- ☐ D. OTHER (Specify)
- ☐ E. SLURRY
- ☒ F. LIQUID
- ☐ G. GAS

02 WASTE QUANTITY AT SITE (Measures of waste quantities must be independent)

- TONS
- CUBIC YARDS 5200
- NO. OF DRUMS

03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check all that apply)

- ☒ A. TOXIC
- ☐ B. CORROSIVE
- ☐ C. RADIOACTIVE
- ☒ D. PERSISTENT
- ☐ E. SOLUBLE
- ☐ F. INFECTIOUS
- ☐ G. FLAMMABLE
- ☐ H. IGNITABLE
- ☐ I. HIGHLY VOLATILE
- ☐ J. EXPLOSIVE
- ☐ K. REACTIVE
- ☐ L. INCOMPATIBLE
- ☐ M. NOT APPLICABLE

III. WASTE TYPE

CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE NAME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS
SLU	SLUDGE	5200	cubic yards	Based on June 22, 1976 Correspondance
OLW	OILY WASTE			from P. Aldrich: 1460 gpd (15% solid)
SOL	SOLVENTS	Unknown		for 13 years.
PSD	PESTICIDES			
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CHEMICALS			Total wastewater disposed of in lagoon
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMICALS			as 200,000 gpd.
ACD	ACIDS			
BAS	BASES			
MES	HEAVY METALS	Unknown		

IV. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (See Appendix for most frequently cited CAS Numbers)

01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE NAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DISPOSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
MES	Aluminum	7429-90-5	Surface Impoundment	358*	mg/l
MES	Chromium (+3)	16065-83-1	Surface Impoundment	10.9*	mg/l
	(+6)	18540-29-9			
	*Maximum Concentraction of metals				
	in discharged wastewater				
	1975 to 1976.				

V. FEEDSTOCKS (See Appendix for CAS Numbers)

CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS	Not applicable		FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

NUS Dept. of Environmental Conservation, Region 8, Avon, NY

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

01 ☒ A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☒ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 8000 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Wastewater containing heavy metals was discharged to unlined lagoons. Lagoons were covered, without sludge removal, with permeable material. Groundwater flow is towards Irondequoit Creek. Village of East Rochester Wellfield is 1.5 miles away.

01 ☒ B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☒ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 150,000 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

There is an unnamed tributary of Irondequoit Creek in the ravine, downslope from the site. Contaminants leached from former lagoon area may contaminate creek which drains to Lake Ontario. Estimated 75% of area's 280,000 people use Lake Ontario for drinking water supply.

01 ☐ C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☐ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: _____ — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

No potential exists.

01 ☐ D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☐ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: _____ — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

No potential exists.

01 ☐ E. DIRECT CONTACT — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☐ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: _____ — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

No potential exists. Former lagoons are covered.

01 ☒ F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL — 02 ☒ OBSERVED (DATE: 5/82) — ☐ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: _____ (Acres) — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Soil sampling in former lagoon area conducted by site owner indicates contamination by heavy metals.

01 ☒ G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☒ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 8000+ — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Village of East Rochester wellfield is 1.5 miles south. There are other private drinking water wells south, east and north of the site.

01 ☐ H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☐ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: _____ — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

No potential exists.

01 ☒ I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) — ☒ POTENTIAL — ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 8000+ — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Contamination of groundwater may result in exposure of local populations.

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)

☐ J. DAMAGE TO FLORA — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

No potential exists.

01 ☒ K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☒ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)

Release of contaminants to surface waters may result in damage to aquatic fauna.

01 ☒ L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☒ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Release of contaminants to surface waters may result in impacts to local food chains.

01 ☒ M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spills, Runoff, Standing liquids, Leaking drums) — 02 ☒ OBSERVED (DATE: 9/7/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 8000+ — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Former lagoons were unlined and lack an impermeable cover.

01 ☒ N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☒ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Release of contaminants to surface water may result in damage to offsite property.

01 ☐ O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPs — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

No potential exists.

01 ☒ P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☒ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Much of the Linden Avenue area showed active dumping in 1960's and 1970's aerial photographs. There may have been illegal dumping at the site during this period.

05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEGED HAZARDS

III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 150,000

IV. COMMENTS

The site is located in an industrial area east of Rochester. Residential and commercial development exist to the south and west. North of the site is a steep ravine sloping to a public forest area and a tributary of Irondequoit Creek.

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Monroe County Environment Management Council Files, Rochester, NY
NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation Region 8 files, Avon, NY
US EPA Files, New York, NY. Site Inspection 9/7/84.

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION
PART 4 - PERMIT AND DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. PERMIT INFORMATION

01 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED (Check all that apply)	02 PERMIT NUMBER	03 DATE ISSUED	04 EXPIRATION DATE	05 COMMENTS
☐ A. NPDES				None
☐ B. UIC				
☐ C. AIR				
☐ D. RCRA				
☐ E. RCRA INTERIM STATUS				
☐ F. SPCC PLAN				
☐ G. STATE (Specify)				
☐ H. LOCAL (Specify)				
☐ I. OTHER (Specify)				
☒ J. NONE				

III. SITE DESCRIPTION

01 STORAGE/DISPOSAL (Check all that apply)	02 AMOUNT	03 UNIT OF MEASURE
☒ A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT	5200	Cubic yard
☐ B. PILES		
☐ C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND		
☐ D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND		
☐ E. TANK, BELOW GROUND		
☐ F. LANDFILL		
☐ G. LANDFARM		
☐ H. OPEN DUMP		
☐ I. OTHER (Specify)		

04 TREATMENT (Check all that apply)

- ☐ A. INCENERATION
- ☐ B. UNDERGROUND INJECTION
- ☒ C. CHEMICAL/PHYSICAL
- ☐ D. BIOLOGICAL
- ☐ E. WASTE OIL PROCESSING
- ☐ F. SOLVENT RECOVERY
- ☐ G. OTHER RECYCLING/RECOVERY
- ☐ H. OTHER (Specify)

05 OTHER

☒ A. BUILDINGS ON SITE

2

06 AREA OF SITE

14 (Acres)

07 COMMENTS

Two former waste water lagoons are lcoated on the property behind the facility. These have been filled and landscaped.

IV. CONTAINMENT

01 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Check one)

☐ A. ADEQUATE, SECURE ☐ B. MODERATE ☒ C. INADEQUATE, POOR ☐ D. INSECURE, UNSOUND, DANGEROUS

02 DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS, BARRIERS, ETC.

Former wastewater lagoons were unlined and covered with permeable material. Native soil, loamy fine sand, is very permeable.

V. ACCESSIBILITY

01 WASTE EASILY ACCESSIBLE: ☐ YES ☒ NO

02 COMMENTS

Lagoons have been covered with soil and sod. There is no indication of their former presence in the yard behind the facility.

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g. state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site Inspection, 9-7-84
NYS DEC Region 8 Files, Avon, NY
USGS Topographic Map, Fairport Quad.

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 6 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY

01 TYPE OF DRINKING SUPPLY	SURFACE	WELL	02 STATUS			03 DISTANCE TO SITE
			ENDANGERED	AFFECTED	MONITORED	
COMMUNITY	A. ☒	B. ☒	A. ☐	B. ☐	C. ☐	A. 1.5 (mi)
NON-COMMUNITY	C. ☐	D. ☒	D. ☐	E. ☐	F. ☐	B. _____ (mi)

III. GROUNDWATER

1 GROUNDWATER USE IN VICINITY (Check one)

A. ONLY SOURCE FOR DRINKING ☒ B. DRINKING (Other sources available) ☐ C. COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGATION (Limited other sources available) ☐ D. NOT USED, UNUSEABLE

COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGATION (No other water sources available)

02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUND WATER 47,500

03 DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINKING WATER WELL 1.5 (mi)

04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER	05 DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW	06 DEPTH TO AQUIFER OF CONCERN	07 POTENTIAL YIELD OF AQUIFER	08 SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER
4-5ft. (ft)	northeast but may vary with pumpage	20 (ft)	3,000,000 (gpd)	☐ YES ☒ NO

09 DESCRIPTION OF WELLS (Including usage, depth, and location relative to population and buildings)

The aquifer system directly below site is between 80 and 120 feet thick and connects with Dewitt Road wellfield 7 miles away.

10 RECHARGE AREA		11 DISCHARGE AREA	
☒ YES ☐ NO	COMMENTS: Soils of moderate permeability allow recharge of the Irondogenesee Aquifer System.	☐ YES ☒ NO	COMMENTS

IV. SURFACE WATER

1 SURFACE WATER USE (Check one)

☒ A. RESERVOIR, RECREATION DRINKING WATER SOURCE ☐ B. IRRIGATION, ECONOMICALLY IMPORTANT RESOURCES ☐ C. COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL ☐ D. NOT CURRENTLY USED

02 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED BODIES OF WATER

NAME:	AFFECTED	DISTANCE TO SITE
Irondequoit Creek	☐	0.5 (mi)
Lake Ontario	☐	8.4 (mi)
	☐	(mi)

V. DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPERTY INFORMATION

01 TOTAL POPULATION WITHIN			02 DISTANCE TO NEAREST POPULATION
ONE (1) MILE OF SITE	TWO (2) MILES OF SITE	THREE (3) MILES OF SITE	
A. 3800 NO. OF PERSONS	B. 21,200 NO. OF PERSONS	C. 34,800 NO. OF PERSONS	0.15 (mi)

03 NUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2) MILES OF SITE	04 DISTANCE TO NEAREST OFF-SITE BUILDING
5,000+	0.02 (mi)

05 POPULATION WITHIN VICINITY OF SITE (Provide narrative description of nature of population within vicinity of site, e.g., rural, village, densely populated urban area)

The site is located in an industrial area surrounded by suburban development. Two moderately populated urban areas, East Rochester and Penfield, are located nearby.

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

VI. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

01 PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED ZONE (Check one)

☐ A. 10^{-6} – 10^{-8} cm/sec ☐ B. 10^{-4} – 10^{-6} cm/sec ☐ C. 10^{-4} – 10^{-3} cm/sec ☒ D. GREATER THAN 10^{-3} cm/sec

02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Check one)

☐ A. IMPERMEABLE (Less than 10^{-6} cm/sec) ☒ B. RELATIVELY IMPERMEABLE (10^{-4} – 10^{-6} cm/sec) ☐ C. RELATIVELY PERMEABLE (10^{-2} – 10^{-4} cm/sec) ☐ D. VERY PERMEABLE (Greater than 10^{-2} cm/sec)

Permeability will vary depending on fractures and solution enlarged joints

03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF CONTAMINATED SOIL ZONE	05 SOIL pH	
185 (ft)	more than 10 (ft)	7	

06 NET PRECIPITATION	07 ONE YEAR 24 HOUR RAINFALL	08 SLOPE: SITE SLOPE	DIRECTION OF SITE SLOPE	TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE
6 (in)	2 (in)	4-6 %	Northeast	10 %

09 FLOOD POTENTIAL: SITE IS IN None YEAR FLOODPLAIN

10 ☐ SITE IS ON BARRIER ISLAND, COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA, RIVERINE FLOODWAY

11 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS (5 acre minimum)

ESTUARINE	OTHER
A. (mi)	B. 2.8 (mi)

12 DISTANCE TO CRITICAL HABITAT (of endangered species): >1 (mi)

ENDANGERED SPECIES:

13 LAND USE IN VICINITY

DISTANCE TO:

COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL	RESIDENTIAL AREAS; NATIONAL/STATE PARKS, FORESTS, OR WILDLIFE RESERVES	AGRICULTURAL LANDS: PRIME AG LAND	AG LAND
A. adjacent (mi)	B. 0.5 (mi)	C. 2.0 (mi)	D. 1.0 (mi)

14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN RELATION TO SURROUNDING TOPOGRAPHY

Site is lcoated just south and west of a deep ravine which drains to a tributary of Irondequoit Creek. The ravine is the product of erosion of the glaciofluvial deposits in the center line of a buried preglacial valley. The terrain of the site is generally flat draining north and east to arms of the ravine.

VII. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Atlas of evleven Selected Aquifers in NYS. USGS Water Resources Investigations, Open File Report 82-553, Albany, NY 1982.

NYS Dept. of Health, Atlas of Community Water Sources, 1982

Monroe County Soil Survey, USDA, Soil Conservation Service, March 1973

Site Inspection, 9/7/83 LaBella Associates Report, Abandoned Waste Lagoon Study, July 1982

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 8 - SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. SAMPLES TAKEN

SAMPLE TYPE	01 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	02 SAMPLES SENT TO Organics	Inorganics	03 ESTIMATED DATE RESULTS AVAILABLE
GROUNDWATER				
SURFACE WATER	2	Compu-Chem	Toxicon	11/9/84
WASTE				
AIR				
RUNOFF				
SPILL				
SOIL	4	Compu-Chem	Toxicon	11/9/84
VEGETATION				
OTHER Sediment	2	Compu-Chem	Toxicon	11/9/84

III. FIELD MEASUREMENTS TAKEN

01 TYPE	02 COMMENTS
	No field measurements were taken.

IV. PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAPS

01 TYPE ☒ GROUND ☐ AERIAL

02 IN CUSTODY OF NUS Corporation, Edison, NJ (Name of organization or individual)

03 MAPS ☒ YES ☐ NO

04 LOCATION OF MAPS NUS Corporation, Edison, NJ

V. OTHER FIELD DATA COLLECTED (Provide narrative description)

Field notes were recorded in NUS Corporation Field Notebook No. 215, TDD #02-8303-100A.

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site Inspection 9/7/84

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 7 - OWNER INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. CURRENT OWNER(S)			PARENT COMPANY (If applicable)		
01 NAME Jarl Extrusions, Inc.		02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME Not Applicable		09 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 860 Linden Avenue		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC CODE
05 CITY Pittsford	06 STATE NY	07 ZIP CODE 14445	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME		09 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME		09 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME		09 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE

III. PREVIOUS OWNER(S) (List most recent first)			IV. REALTY OWNER(S) (If applicable; list most recent first)		
01 NAME Not Applicable		02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME Not Applicable		02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site Inspection, 9/7/84
NYS Dept of Environmental Conservation Region 8 Files, Avon, NY

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 8 - OPERATOR INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

CURRENT OPERATOR (Provide if different from owner)		OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY (If applicable)	
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER
Same as owner		Not Applicable	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	13 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE / 16 ZIP CODE
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER		

PREVIOUS OPERATOR(S) (List most recent first; provide only if different from owner)		PREVIOUS OPERATORS' PARENT COMPANIES (If applicable)	
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER
Not Applicable		Not Applicable	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	13 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE / 16 ZIP CODE
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD		
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	13 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE / 16 ZIP CODE
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD		
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	13 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE / 16 ZIP CODE
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD		

IV. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site Inspection, 9/7/84

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 9 - GENERATOR/TRANSPORTER INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II. ON-SITE GENERATOR

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	
Carl Extrusions		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	
860 Linden Avenue		
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
Pittsford	NY	14445

III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE

IV. TRANSPORTER(S)

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
Not Applicable			
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site Inspection 9/7/84.

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

01 ☐ A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ F. WASTE REPACKAGED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ H. ON SITE BURIAL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ I. IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ L. ENCAPSULATION — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ N. CUTOFF WALLS — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ O. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WATER DIVERSION — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ Q. SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

II PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES (Continued)

01 ☐ R. BARRIER WALLS CONSTRUCTED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ S. CAPPING/COVERING — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ T. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ U. GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ V. BOTTOM SEALED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ W. GAS CONTROL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ X. FIRE CONTROL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ Z. AREA EVACUATED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ 1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ 2. POPULATION RELOCATED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
No past history.

01 ☐ 3. OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION

No remedial activities have occurred at the site.

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g. state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Region 8 Files, Avon, NY
Monroe County Environmental Management Council Files, Rochester, NY
US EPA Files, New York, NY

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	D002209625

I CEMENT INFORMATION

S: REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION ☐ YES ☒ NO

SCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

NYS Department of Environmental Conservation, Region 8 and the Monroe County Environmental nagement Council have conducted site inspections but no enforcement action has occurred e site.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Region 8 Files, Avon, NY.

FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

APPENDIX A

MAPS AND PHOTOS

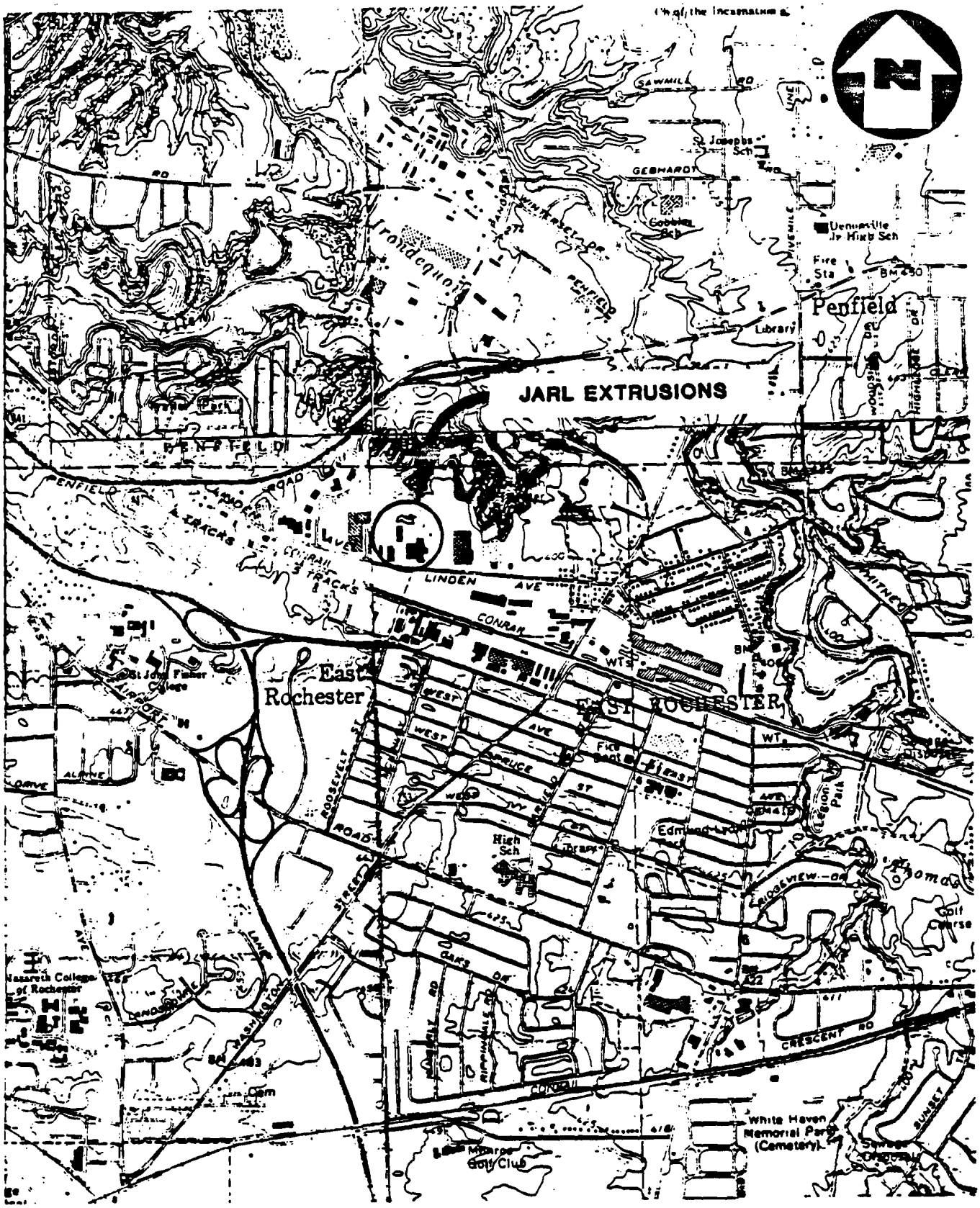
MAPS AND PHOTOS

Figure A-1 provides a Site Location Map.

Figure A-2 provides a Site Map.

Figure A-3 provides a Sample Location Map.

Exhibit A-1 provides photographs of the site.



SITE LOCATION MAP

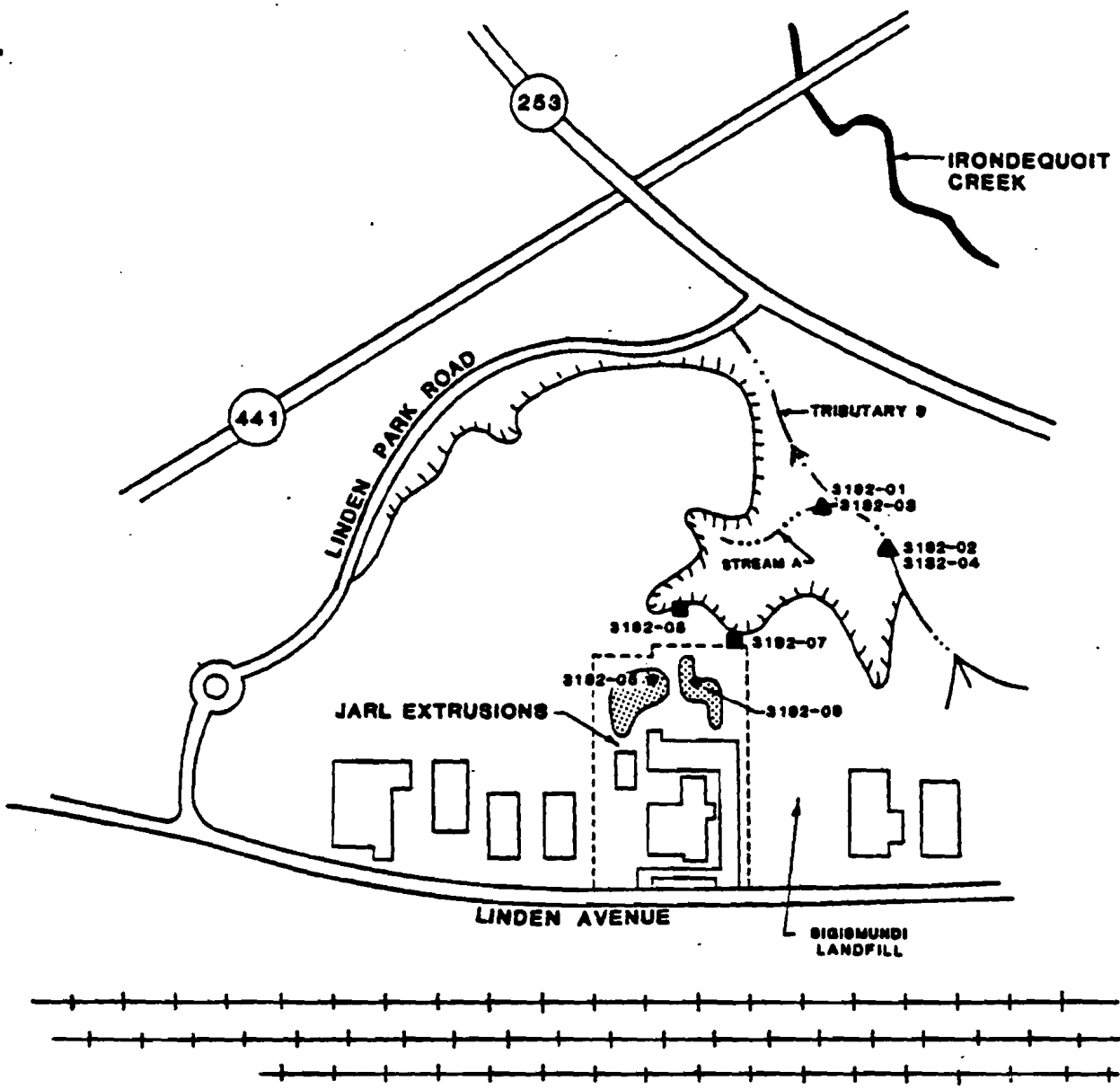
JARL EXTRUSIONS, PITTSFORD, N.Y.

SCALE: 1"=2000'

FIGURE A-1

NUS CORPORATION

A Halliburton Company



LEGEND:

- ● SURFACE SOIL SAMPLE LOCATIONS
- ● SUBSURFACE SOIL SAMPLE LOCATIONS
- ▲ SURFACE WATER/SEDIMENT SAMPLE LOCATIONS
- - - SITE BOUNDARY

FIGURE A-3

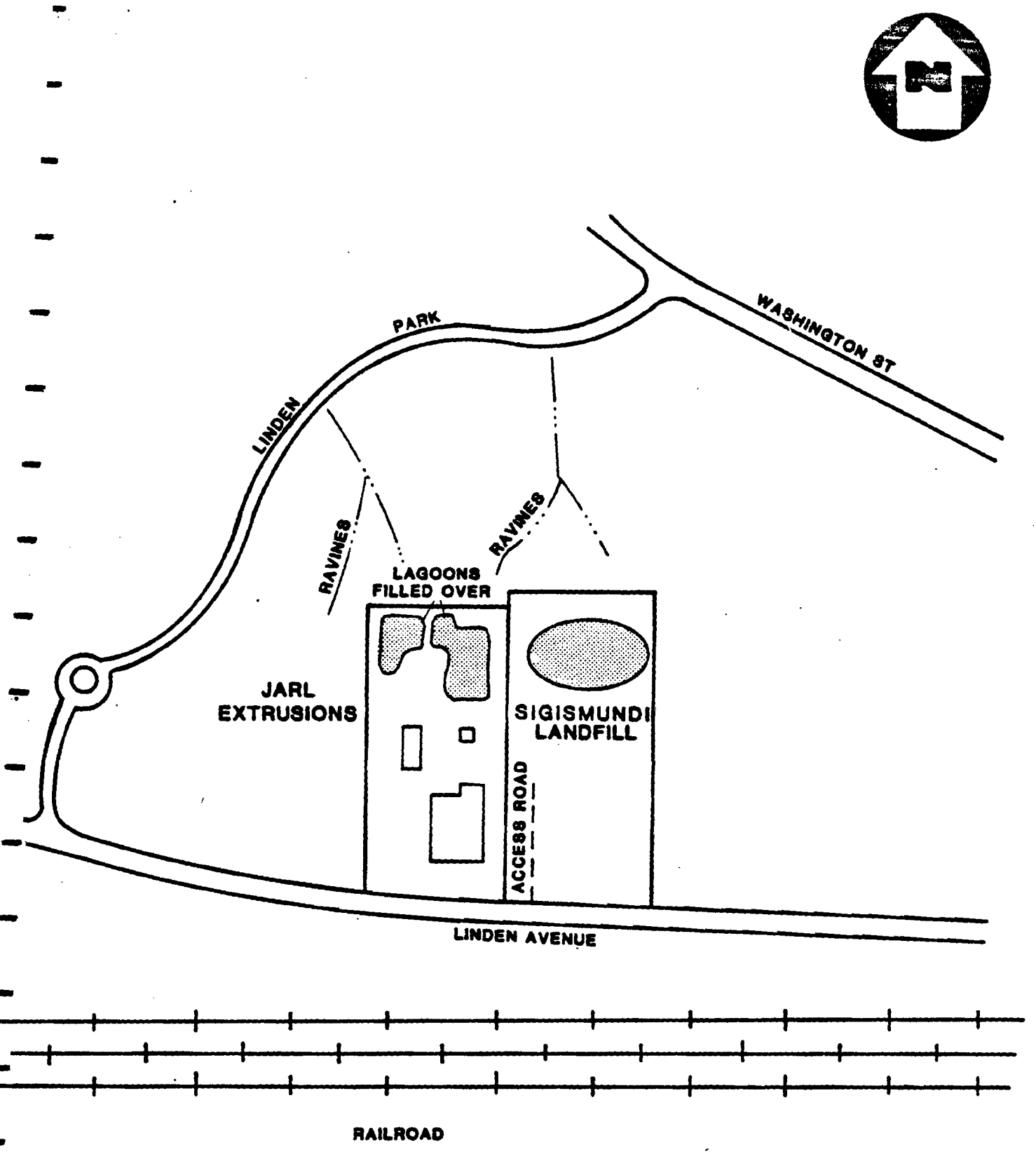
SAMPLE LOCATION MAP

JARL EXTRUSIONS, PITTSFORD, N.Y.

(NOT TO SCALE)

NUS CORPORATION

A Halliburton Company



SITE MAP
JARL EXTRUSIONS, PITTSFORD, N.Y.

(NOT TO SCALE)

FIGURE A-2

NUS CORPORATION
A Halliburton Company

JARL EXTRUSIONS

EXHIBIT A-1

JARL EXTRUSIONS
PITTSFORD, NEW YORK

PHOTOGRAPH LOG

TDD# 02-8303-100 A

JARL EXTRUSIONS
PITTSFORD, NEW YORK
TDD# 02-8303-100A
PHOTOGRAPH INDEX

Number	Description	Time
	September 7, 1984 Tributary 9 about 500 yards south of Linden Park Road. Photo facing west.	9:55 AM
	September 7, 1984 Close-up of poorly drained soil west and up-slope from Tributary 9. Photo facing northeast.	9:56 AM
	September 7, 1984 Looking west, up ravine to back of plant building, (possible 7-Up Company), on Linden Avenue.	9:57 AM
	September 7, 1984 Looking northwest, down ravine to drainage area and stream beyond.	9:59 AM
5.	September 7, 1984 Front of Jarl Extrusion's plant. Photo facing north.	10:35 AM
6.	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking sediment sample from Stream A. Photo facing southwest.	12:20 PM
7	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking split of sediment sample 3192-03. Photo facing southwest.	12:22 PM
	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking surface water sample from Stream A. Photo facing northeast.	12:25 PM
	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking split of surface water sample 3192-01. Photo facing southwest.	12:30 PM
10.	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking surface water sample 3192-02 from Tributary 9, twenty (20) yards upstream from its confluence with Stream A. Photo facing northeast.	1:05 PM
	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking split of surface water sample 3192-02. Photo facing northeast.	1:06 PM
12.	September 7, 1984 Location in Stream A where samples numbers 3192-03 and 3192-01 were taken. Photo facing southwest.	1:10 PM

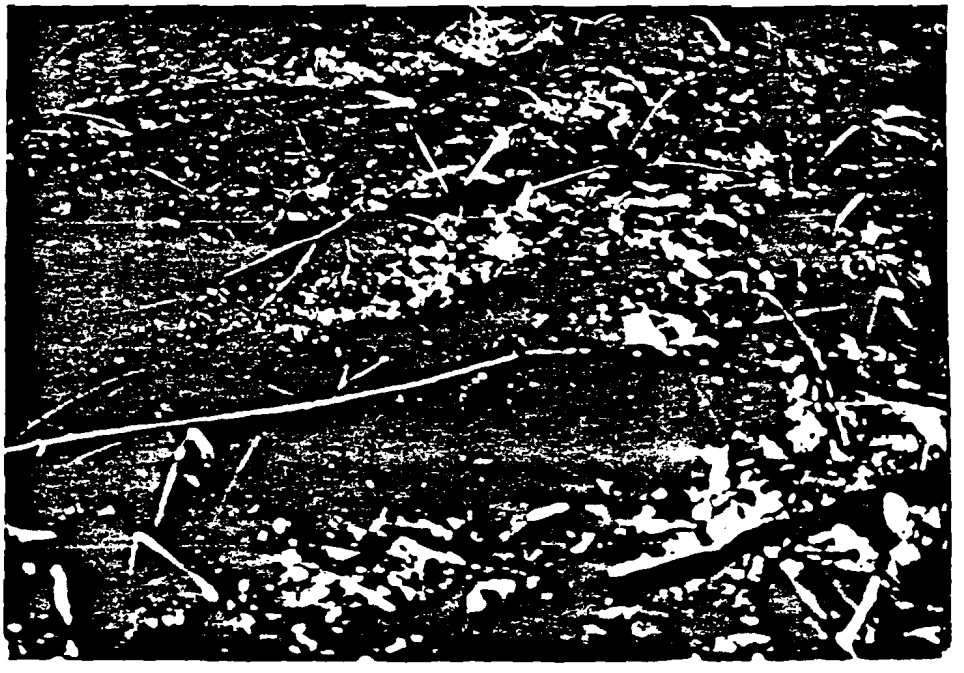
JARL EXTRUSIONS
PITTSFORD, NEW YORK
TDD# 02-8303-100A
PHOTOGRAPH INDEX (CONT'D)

mber	Description	Time
	September 7, 1984 Point where Stream A drains into Tributary 9. Photo facing east.	1:10 PM
	September 7, 1984 Point where Stream A drains into Tributary 9. Photo facing west.	1:11 PM
	September 7, 1984 W. Russell standing where surface water sample 3192-02 was taken twenty (20) yards upstream from Stream A.	1:15 PM
	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking sediment sample 3192-04 from Tributary 9, twenty (20) yards upstream from Stream A. Photo facing northeast.	1:15 PM
	September 7, 1984 Conduit for Tributary 9 running under Linden Park Road. Photo facing northwest.	1:20 PM
	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking subsurface sample 3192-05 from depression along northern boundary of western lagoon. Depth: 3 feet. Photo facing north.	1:30 PM
	September 7, 1984 Perspective view of W. Russell taking subsurface soil sample 3192-05. Photo facing north.	1:31 PM
	September 7, 1984 Close-up of soil pile dug from hole for sample 3192-05, showing bits of metallic sludge.	1:32 PM
21.	September 7, 1984 Looking into hole for sample 3192-05, showing layer of metallic sludge.	1:32 PM
	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing north-northeast.	1:34 PM
23.	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing northwest.	1:34 PM
24.	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing west.	1:34 PM
25.	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing southwest.	1:35 PM

JARL EXTRUSIONS
PITTSFORD, NEW YORK
TDD# 02-8303-100A
PHOTOGRAPH INDEX (CONT'D)

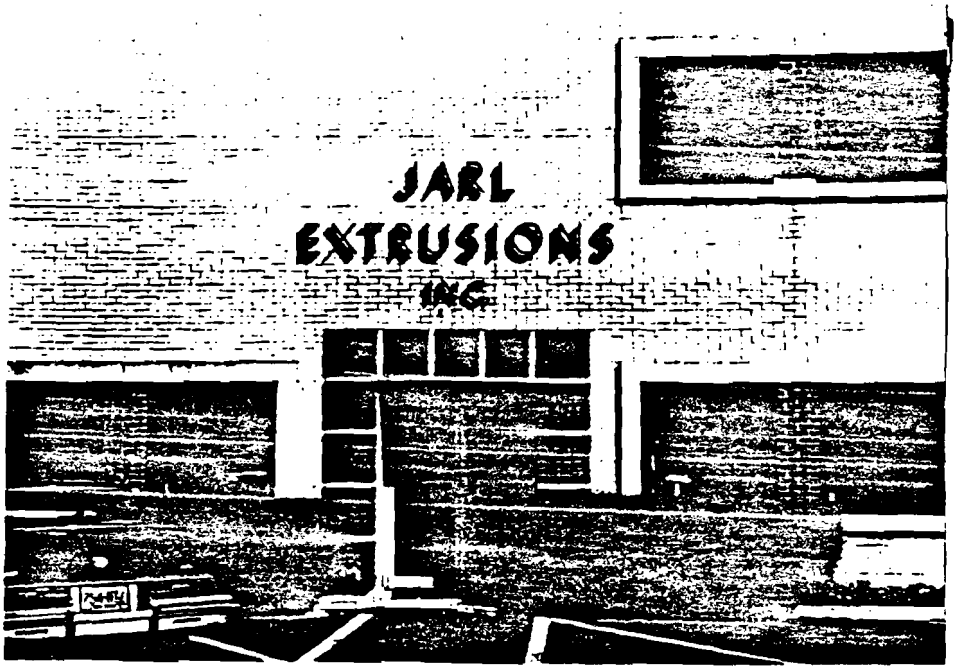
Number	Description	Time
	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing south.	1:35 PM
	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing southeast.	1:36 PM
	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing east.	1:36 PM
).	September 7, 1984 Panorama shots. Photo facing northeast.	1:36 PM
).	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking subsurface soil sample 3192-06 from depression in mid-point of eastern lagoon. Depth: 3 feet. Photo facing northeast.	1:38 PM
	September 7, 1984 Looking into hole for sample 3192-06.	1:38 PM
	September 7, 1984 Perspective view of W. Russell taking subsurface sample 3192-06. Photo facing northeast.	1:39 PM
3.	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking surface soil sample 3192-07, ten (10) feet downslope from northeastern boundary of site, approximately five (5) feet below elevation of site. Photo facing southeast.	1:44 PM
34.	September 7, 1984 W. Russell taking surface soil sample 3192-08, thirty (30) yards downslope from northern boundary of site, approximately twenty (20) yards below elevation of site. Photo facing northeast.	1:50 PM

1. September 7, 1984 9:55 AM
Tributary 9 about 500 yards south of Linden Park Road. Photo facing west.



2. September 7, 1984 9:56 AM
Close-up of poorly drained soil west and up-slope from Tributary 9. Photo facing northeast.

JARLS EXTRUSION, Pittsford, New York



5. September 7, 1984 10:35 AM
Front of Jarl Extrusion's plant. Photo facing north.

6. September 7, 1984 12:20 PM
W. Russell taking sediment sample from Stream A. Photo facing southwest.

7. September 7, 1984 12:22 PM
W. Russell taking split of sediment sample 3192-03. Photo facing southwest.

8. September 7, 1984 12:25 PM
W. Russell taking surface water sample from Stream A. Photo facing northeast.

9. September 7, 1984 12:30 PM
W. Russell taking split of surface water sample 3192-01. Photo facing southwest.

10. September 7, 1984 1:05 PM
W. Russell taking surface water sample 3192-02 from Tributary 9, twenty (20) yards upstream from its confluence with Stream A. Photo facing northeast.

11. September 7, 1984 1:06 PM
W. Russell taking split of surface water sample 3192-02.
Photo facing northeast.

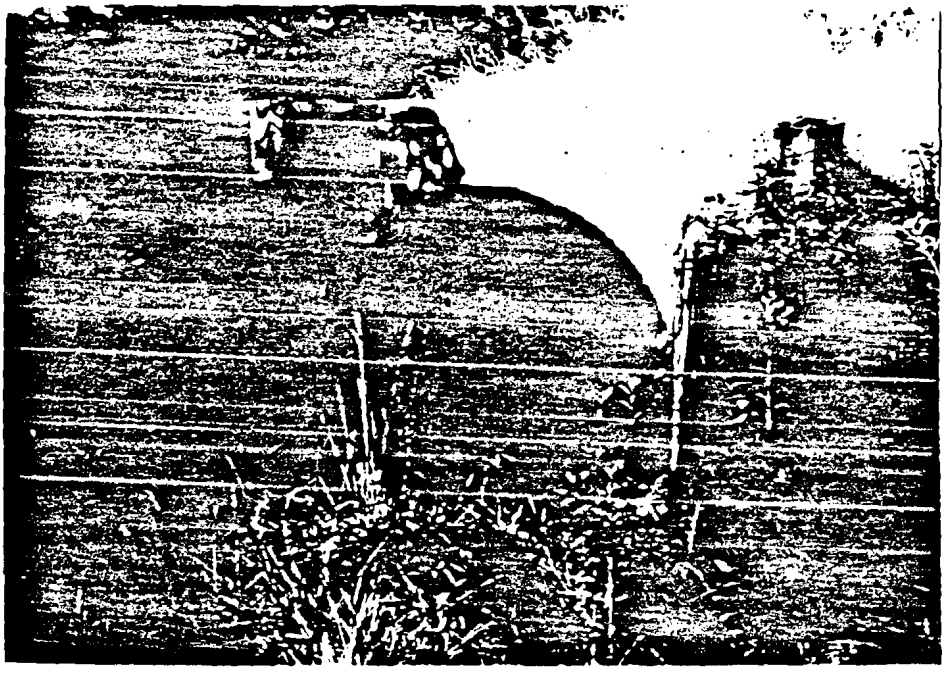
12. September 7, 1984 1:10 PM
Location in Stream A where samples numbers 3192-03 and 3192-01 were taken. Photo facing southwest.

13. September 7,1984 1:10 PM
Point where Stream A drains into Tributary 9. Photo facing east.

14. September 7, 1984 1:11 PM
Point where Stream A drains into Tributary 9. Photo facing west.

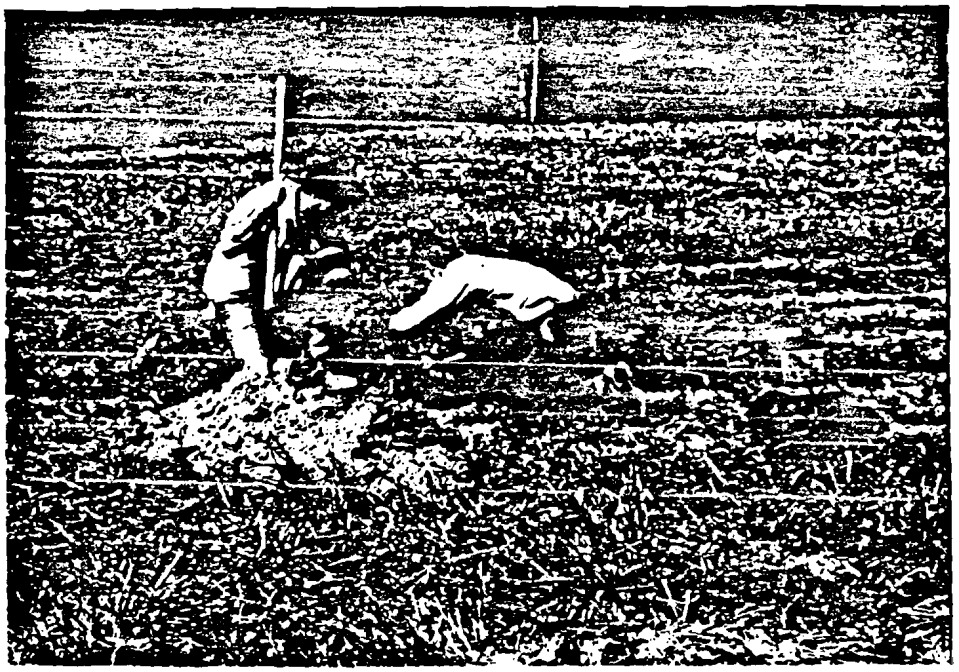
15. September 7, 1984 1:15 PM
W. Russell standing where surface water sample 3192-02 was taken twenty (20) yards upstream from Stream A.

16. September 7, 1984 1:15 PM
W. Russell taking sediment sample 3192-04 from Tributary 9, twenty (20) yards upstream from Stream A. Photo facing northeast.

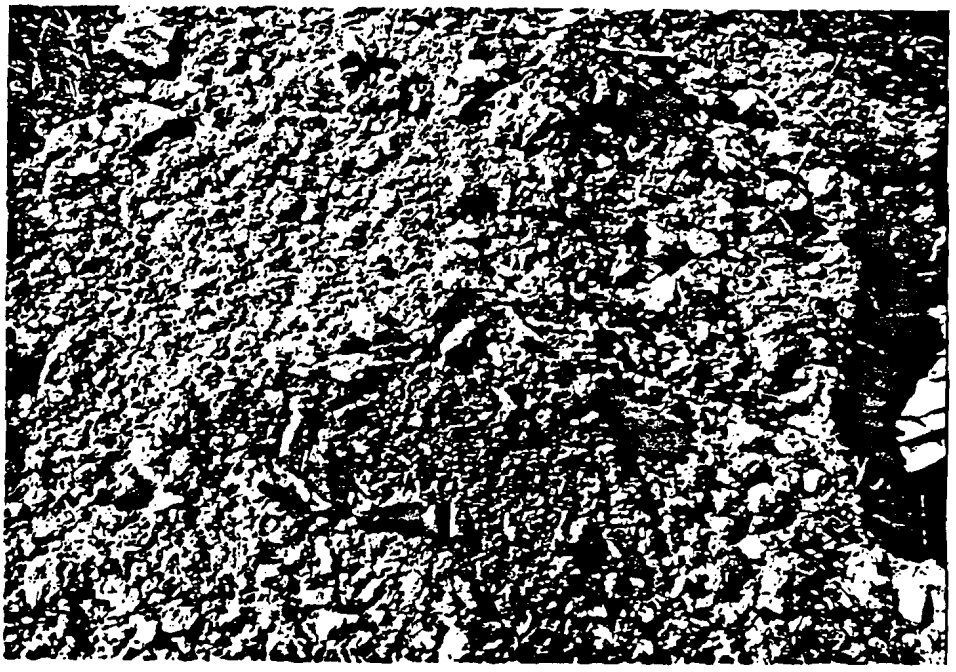


17. September 7, 1984 1:20 PM
Conduit for Tributary 9 running under Linden Park Road.
Photo facing northwest.

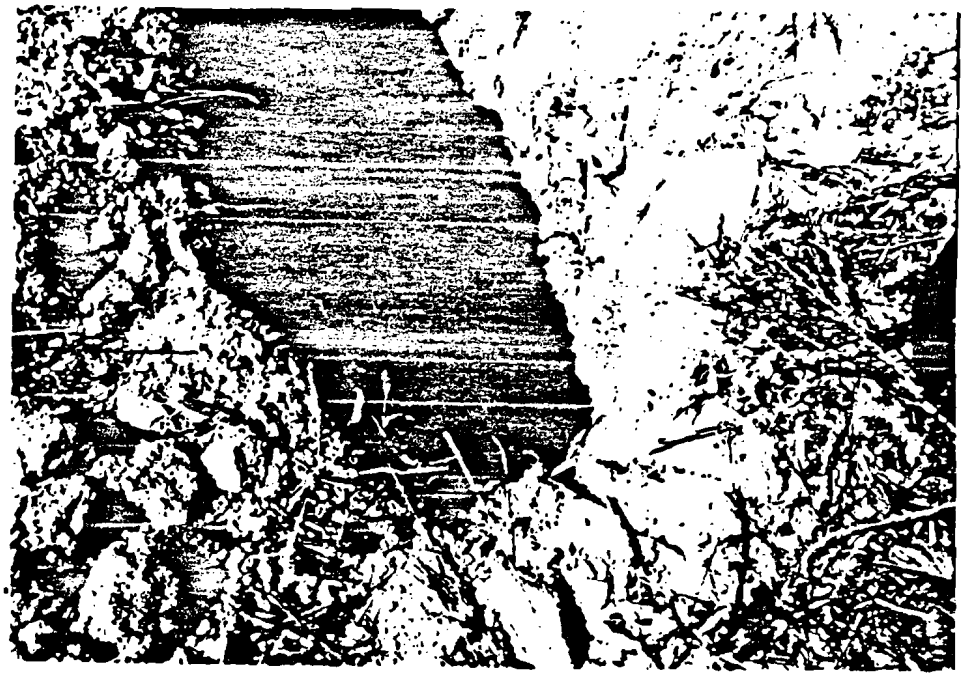
18. September 7, 1984 1:30 PM
W. Russell taking subsurface sample 3192-05 from depression along northern boundary of western lagoon. Depth: 3 feet.
Photo facing north.



19. September 7, 1984 1:31 PM
Perspective view of W. Russell taking subsurface soil sample 3192-05. Photo facing north.

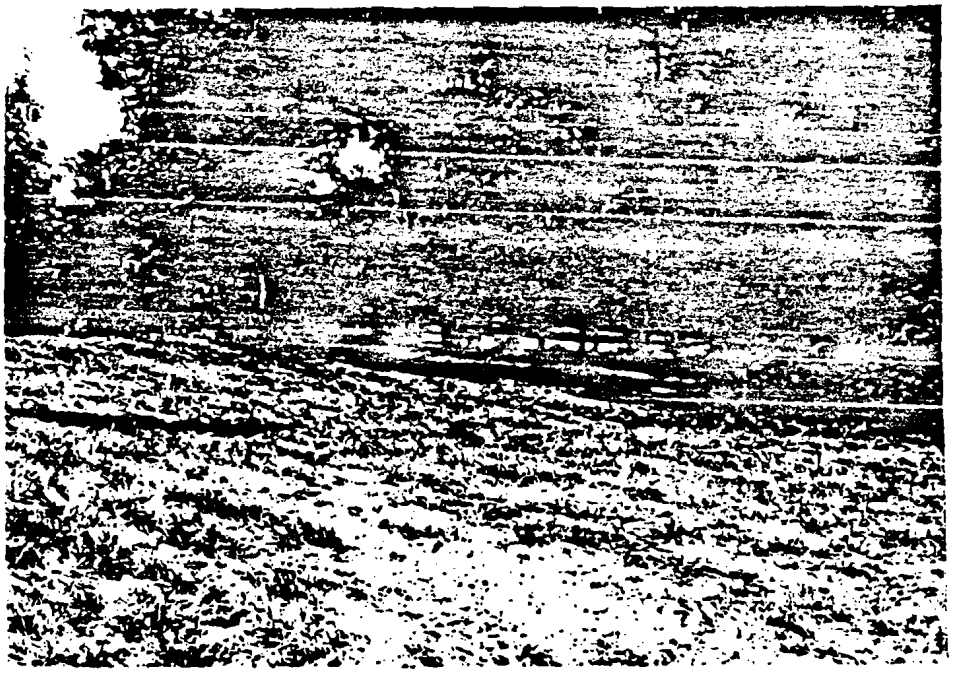


20. September 7, 1984 1:32 PM
Close-up of soil pile dug from hole for sample 3192-05, showing bits of metallic sludge.



21. September 7, 1984 1:32 PM
Looking into hole for sample 3192-05, showing layer of metallic sludge.

22. September 7, 1984 1:34 PM
Panorama shots. photo facing north-northwest.



23. September 7, 1984 1:34 PM
Panorama shots. Photo facing northwest.

24. September 7, 1984 1:34 PM
Panorama shots. Photo facing west.

25. September 7, 1984 1:35 PM
Panorama shots. Photo facing southwest.

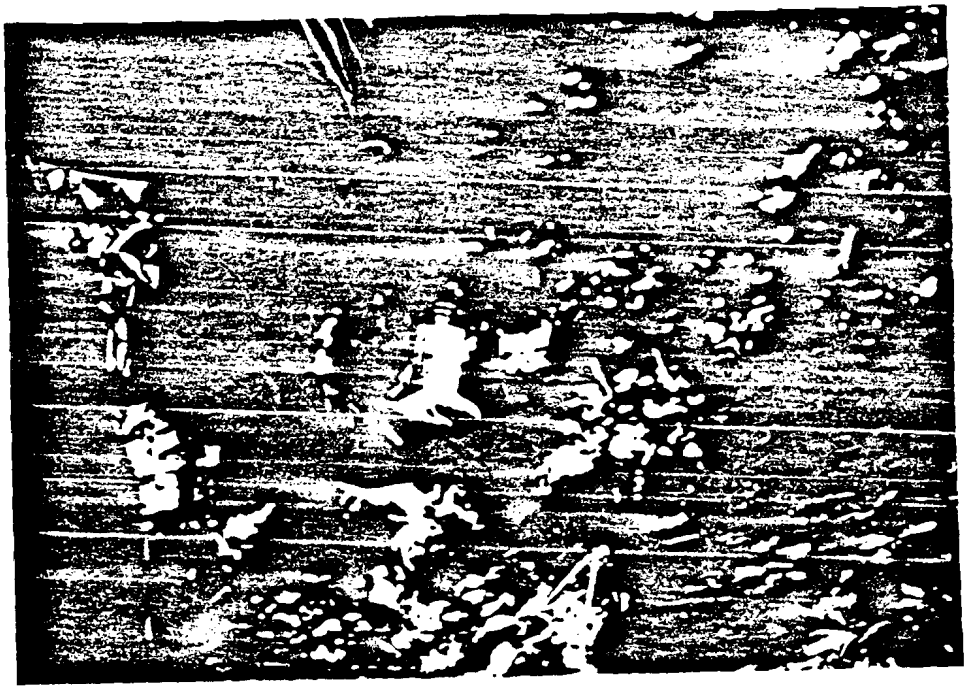
26. September 7, 1984 1:35 PM
Panorama shots. Photo facing south.

29. September 7, 1984 1:36 PM
Panorama shots. Photo facing northeast.

30. September 7, 1984 1:38 PM
W. Russell taking subsurface soil sample 3192-06 from depression in mid-point of eastern lagoon. Depth: 3 feet. Photo facing northeast.

31. September 7, 1984 1:38 PM
Looking into hole for sample 3192-06.

32. September 7, 1984 1:39 PM
Perspective view of W. Russell taking subsurface sample 3192-06. Photo facing northeast.



33. September 7, 1984 1:44 PM
W. Russell taking surface soil sample 3192-07, ten (10) feet downslope from northeastern boundary of site, approximately five (5) feet below elevation of site. Photo facing southeast.

34. September 7, 1984 1:50 PM
W. Russell taking surface soil sample 3192-08, thirty (30) yards downslope from northern boundary of site, approximately twenty (20) yards below elevation of site. Photo facing northeast.

Summary Statement
Jarl Extrusions
Pittsford, New York

Jarl Extrusions is a metal finishing operation located in an industrial area of Pittsford, Monroe County, New York. From 1963 until 1976 approximately 200,000 gallons of process waste water was discharged to on-site lagoons annually. Two of the major constituents in the waste water were aluminum and chromium. In 1980, the lagoons were filled without removal of any sludge. Subsequent testing of one lagoon has indicated soil contamination.

LOZIER LABORATORIES
23 N. Main Street-Fairport, New York 14450 - 716/425-2210

Sample Identification:

A. 3192-01
B. " -02
C. " -03
D. " -04
E. " -05
F. Duplicate of -05
G. Spike Recovery05
H. 3192-06
I. " -07
J. " -08

Comments:

Client: Jarl Extrusions
P.O. Box 351
860 Linden Ave.
East Rochester, New York 14445

Attn: Mr. Philip Aldrich

Date Received : 9-7-84
Laboratory No. : 84-9-362
Purchase Order No.:
Report Date : 11-9-84
Auth. Signature : Alan J. Laffin
Lab Director : Alan J. Laffin

Parameters	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Beryllium	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.19	< 0.18	< 0.19	< 0.19	N. A.	< 0.18	< 0.19	< 0.21
* Chromium (TOTAL)	< 0.02	< 0.02	3.74	2.10	1080	982	N. A.	3.89	4.87	6.12
Nickel ✓	< 0.1	< 0.1	3.6	5.3	8.8	8.3	127 %	5.5	9.0	9.0
Copper ✓	< 0.02	< 0.02	5.23	5.24	210	187	99 %	4.06	8.66	9.04
Silver	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.19	< 0.18	< 0.19	< 0.19	N. A.	< 0.18	< 0.19	< 0.21
* Cadmium	< 0.01	0.01	0.097	< 0.035	0.040	< 0.040	94 %	< 0.036	< 0.038	< 0.042
Zinc ✓	0.05	< 0.05	63.12	58.00	61.28	55.00	N. A.	29.44	42.55	35.74
Mercury	< 0.0002	0.0013	0.0780	< 0.0170	< 0.0160	0.0140	92 %	0.0160	0.0114	0.0124
Thallium	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1.93	< 1.80	< 1.96	< 1.98	N. A.	< 1.81	< 1.93	< 2.10
* Lead	< 0.02	< 0.02	7.92	10.8	19.8	16.4	99 %	2.49	15.8	6.12
Arsenic	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 3.9	< 3.6	< 4.0	< 3.9	N. A.	< 3.6	< 3.9	< 4.2

Note: All results expressed in Mg/L unless noted otherwise.

Analysis Comments: Samples 3192-01 & 3192-02 are aqueous. Samples 3192-03 throug

N. A. = Not Available; samples were not spiked

Appendix F5

LOZIER LABORATORIES
23 N. M[illegible] Street-Fairport, New York 14450 - 716/425-2210

Sample Identification:

A. 3192-01
B. -02
C. -03
D. -04
E. -05
F. Duplicate of 05
G. Spike Recovery05
H. 3192-06
I. -07
J. -08

Client: Jarl Extrusions

Attn: Mr. Philip Aldrich

Date Received : 9-7-84
Laboratory No. : 84-9-362
Purchase Order No.:
Report Date : 11-9-84
Auth. Signature : Alan J. Laffin
Lab Director : Alan J. Laffin

Comments:

Parameters	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Antimony	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1.93	< 1.80	< 1.96	< 1.98	N. A.	< 1.81	< 1.93	< 2.10
Selenium	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 7.8	< 7.2	< 8.0	< 7.8	N. A.	< 7.2	< 7.8	< 8.4

Note: All results expressed in Mg/L unless noted otherwise.

Analysis Comments: Samples 3192-01 &3192-02 are aqueous. Samples 3192-03 through 3192-08 are soils.

N. A. = Not Available, samples were not spiked.

PURGEABLE HALOCARBONS

Client : Jarl Extrusions
P. O. Box 351
East Rochester, New York 14445

Date Rec'd : 9-7-84
Lab. No. : 84-9-362
Report Date : 11-9-84

Attn : Mr. Philip Aldrich

PARAMETER	UNITS	Sample 3192-01	Sample 3192-02		
Chloromethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Bromomethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Dichlorodifluoromethane Vinyl Chloride	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Chloroethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Methylene Chloride	ug/l	1	9		
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Chloroform	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Carbon Tetrachloride	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Bromodichloromethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Trichloroethene	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	ug/l	<10	<10		
Bromoform	ug/l	< 1	< 1		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethane	ug/l	< 1	< 1		

Analyst

Laboratory Director

APPENDIX F-6

DEC
PUBLICATION

Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste

Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites in New York State

Site List by Counties; Volume 8

- Chemung
- Genesee
- Livingston
- Monroe
- Ontario
- Orleans
- Schuyler
- Seneca
- Steuben
- Wayne
- Yates

December 1984

A Joint Report of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation and Health

New York State/Department of Environmental Conservation

SW P67H (2/85)

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
DIVISION OF SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE
INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL SITE REPORT

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 2a **REGION: 8** **SITE CODE: 828005**

NAME OF SITE : Jarl Extrusions Inc.
STREET ADDRESS: 860 Linden Avenue

TOWN/CITY:	**COUNTY:**	**ZIP:**
E. Rochester Pittsford	Monroe	

SITE TYPE: Open Dump- Structure- Lagoon-X Landfill-X Treatment Pond-
ESTIMATED SIZE: 2 Acres

SITE OWNER/OPERATOR INFORMATION:
CURRENT OWNER NAME....: Jarl Extrusions
CURRENT OWNER ADDRESS.: Linden Ave., E. Rochester 14445
OWNER(S) DURING USE...: Jarl Extrusion
OPERATOR DURING USE...: same
OPERATOR ADDRESS.....: E Rochester
PERIOD ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS WASTE: From 1961 To 1976

SITE DESCRIPTION:
005a Lat 43 07' 22" N Long 77 29' 55" W. - dump-over the bank-1/4 acre
005b Lat 43 07' 18" N Long 77 29' 53" W - Lagoon
Hillside topography - commercial industrial - residential area
nearest dwelling 2000 feet
nearest waterbody: unnamed tributary to Irondequoit Creek
005a - was a small dumping area north of the plant, west of the lagoon
005b - were two lagoons used for discharge of waste water from a metal finishing operation from 1963-1978, In 1980 the lagoons were filled in, the sludge was not removed prior to filling.
This site is being investigated under the NYS Superfund with Sigismondi 7-Up sites, R.R. Car Shop, NYS DOT.

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: Confirmed- Suspected -X

TYPE	QUANTITY (units)
waste, hydrolic oil	unknown
spent metal etching - al, cr, (TOT), Hex)	200,000 gallons/year

SITE CODE: 828005

ANALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE:

Air- Surface Water-X Groundwater- Soil- Sediment-X None-

CONTRAVENTION OF STANDARDS:

Groundwater- Drinking Water- Surface Water- Air-

LEGAL ACTION:

TYPE..: none State- Federal-
STATUS: In Progress- Completed-

REMEDIAL ACTION:

Proposed- Under Design- In Progress- Completed-
NATURE OF ACTION:

GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION:
SOIL TYPE: Colonie loamy fine sand (USDA Soil Survey Map)
GROUNDWATER DEPTH: 76 feet

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS:

Additional sampling/information is needed to determine impact on the environment.

ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Insufficient information

PERSON(S) COMPLETING THIS FORM:

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

NAME.: Deborah Jackson
TITLE: Sr. Eng. Tech.

NAME.: R. A. Olazagasti
TITLE: SWMS

DATE.: 01/23/85

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NAME.: R. Tramontano
TITLE: Bur. Tox. Subst. Assess.

NAME.:
TITLE:

DATE.: 01/23/85

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
DIVISION OF SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE
INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL SITE REPORT

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 2a **REGION: 8** **SITE CODE: 828011**

NAME OF SITE : Sigismondi
STREET ADDRESS: 870 Linden Avenue
TOWN/CITY: **COUNTY:** **ZIP:**
E. Rochester Monroe

SITE TYPE: Open Dump- Structure- Lagoon- Landfill-X Treatment Pond-
ESTIMATED SIZE: 10 Acres

SITE OWNER/OPERATOR INFORMATION:
CURRENT OWNER NAME....: Beaw Dell Inc.
CURRENT OWNER ADDRESS.: 960 Linden Ave., Rochester, NY 14445
OWNER(S) DURING USE...:
OPERATOR DURING USE...: Durand Contracting Corp.
OPERATOR ADDRESS.....: 480 Pineview Dr. W. Webster, NY
PERIOD ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS WASTE: From 1968 To 9/74

SITE DESCRIPTION:
Lat 43 07' 18" N Long. 77 29' 47" W
Hillside topography - industrial - commercial residential area
nearest dwelling 2000 feet
nearest water body: unnamed tributary to Irondequoit Creek 100 feet
This is an inactive landfill located behind the 7-Up Company
Jarl Extrusions's cooling water was discharged to the landfill.
This site is being investigated under the NYS Superfund in conjunction with Jarl Extrusion's and 7-Up (Standard Brands)

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: **Confirmed-** **Suspected -X**

TYPE	QUANTITY (units)
incinerator residue, ashes	unknown
metal hydroxide, oil	unknown
spent metal etching solvents	unknown
cooling waters	

SITE CODE: 828011

ANALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE:

Air- Surface Water-X Groundwater- Soil- Sediment- None-

CONTRAVENTION OF STANDARDS:

Groundwater- Drinking Water- Surface Water- Air-

LEGAL ACTION:

TYPE..: none State- Federal-
STATUS: In Progress- Completed-

REMEDIAL ACTION:

Proposed- Under Design- In Progress- Completed-
NATURE OF ACTION:

GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION:
SOIL TYPE: Colonie loamy fine sand (USDA Soil Survey Map)
GROUNDWATER DEPTH: 76 feet

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS:

Additional sampling/information is necessary to adequately determine impact on the environment.

ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Insufficient information

PERSON(S) COMPLETING THIS FORM:

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

NAME.: Deborah Jackson
TITLE: Sr. Eng. Tech.

NAME.: R. A. Olazagasti
TITLE: SWMS

DATE.: 01/23/85

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NAME.: R. Tramontano
TITLE: Bur. Tox. Subst. Assess.

NAME.:
TITLE:

DATE.: 01/23/85

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
DIVISION OF SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE
INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL SITE REPORT

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 2a REGION: 8 SITE CODE: 828052

NAME OF SITE : Standard Brands
STREET ADDRESS: Linden Ave.
TOWN/CITY: COUNTY: ZIP:
Rochester (C) Monroe

SITE TYPE: Open Dump-X Structure- Lagoon- Landfill- Treatment Pond-
ESTIMATED SIZE: Acres

SITE OWNER/OPERATOR INFORMATION:
CURRENT OWNER NAME....: Standard Brands
CURRENT OWNER ADDRESS.: Linden Ave., E.Rochester, NY
OWNER(S) DURING USE...:
OPERATOR DURING USE...:
OPERATOR ADDRESS.....:
PERIOD ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS WASTE: From To

SITE DESCRIPTION:
Lat 43 07' 09" N
Long 77 29' 50" W
Hillside topography - commercial industrial
Nearest water bodies: unnamed trib. to Irondequoit Creek
This site was recommended by the Monroe County EMC

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: Confirmed- Suspected -X

TYPE	QUANTITY (units)

SITE CODE: 828052

ANALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE:

Air- Surface Water- Groundwater- Soil- Sediment- None-X

CONTRAVENTION OF STANDARDS:

Groundwater- Drinking Water- Surface Water- Air-

LEGAL ACTION:

TYPE..: State- Federal-
STATUS: In Progress- Completed-

REMEDIAL ACTION:

Proposed- Under Design- In Progress- Completed-
NATURE OF ACTION:

GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION:
SOIL TYPE: Colonie Loamy fine sand (USDA Soil Survey Map)
GROUNDWATER DEPTH: 70 feet

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS:

Further information is necessary to evaluate this site.

ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Insufficient information

PERSON(S) COMPLETING THIS FORM:

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

NAME.: Deborah Jackson
TITLE: Sr. Eng. Tech.

NAME.: R. A. Olazagasti
TITLE: SWMS

DATE.: 01/24/85

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NAME.: R. Tramontano
TITLE: Bur. Tox. Subst. Assess.

NAME.:
TITLE:

DATE.: 01/24/85

Appendix F-B

710 Exchange Street
Rochester, NY 14608

85 Trinity Place
Hackensack, NJ 07601

GENERAL TESTING CORP.

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

JOB# 52361

Sampling Place: Tank Extensions

860 Linden Ave (Street) Rochester (City) NY (State)

Sample Source: ____ Producer ____ Hauler ____ Disposal Site ____

X Other Test Pits in former wastewater lagoon area

Shipper Name: ____

Shipper Address: ____ (Street) ____ (City) ____ (State) ____ (Zip)

Shippers Telephone # ( )

Collector's Name: Mary Elizabeth Ford (Print); M.E. Ford (Signature)

Field Information: Sample collected Fri. afternoon 10/25/85 - weather clear

Relinquished by:	Received by:	Date/Time
1. sign. M.E. Ford	1. sign. Joni Janson	10/25/85 ≈ 4:45 pm
for NHDD	for General Testing	10/25/85 5:45 pm
2. sign. I.B. Blue	sign.	/
for NHDOD	for	/
3. sign.	sign.	/
for	for	/

Received for Laboratory by: C. Donner 11/15/85 545 Pm

Method of Shipment: NH Carrier

Sample	Sample Location	Date	Time	Sample Type	Number of Containers

water and wastewater testing specialists

general testing corporation

710 Exchange Street
Rochester, NY 14608
(716) 454-3760

85 Trinity Place
Hackensack, NJ 07601
(201) 488-5242

LABORATORY REPORT

Job No. R52361 Date 01/09/86

Client

Mr. Larry Blue
Nixon, Hargrave, Devans & Doyle
Lincoln First Tower
Rochester, NY 14604

Sample(s) Reference

Jarl Extrusion
Lagoon Pits

Date Samples (X) received ( ) collected by General Testing 11/15/85

P.O. # _____

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

(mg/l unless stated otherwise)

Sample Description	Lagoon Pits
NIXON, HARGRAVE Date(s)	10/25/85
Time(s)	—
Aluminum	54,100 ug/g
EP Tox Extract, Metals:	*
Arsenic	<0.02
Barium	<1
Cadmium	<0.1
Chromium	<0.5
Lead	<0.5
Mercury	<0.005
Selenium	<0.02
Silver	<0.1

Analytical procedures in accordance with Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 15th Edition and Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, EPA. (<) indicates lowest detectable concentration with procedure used. Data on quality control performed with above sample(s) is available upon request.

Michael K. Peng

Laboratory Director