

Site Management Plan Autohaus of Rochester (8-28-084) East Rochester, New York

Prepared for

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233



Prepared by

EA Engineering, P.C., and Its Affiliate EA Science and Technology 6712 Brooklawn Parkway, Suite 104 Syracuse, New York 13211-2158 (315) 431-4610

> October 2007 Revision: FINAL EA Project No. 14474.05

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8 October 2007

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1. INTRODUCTION

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) tasked EA Engineering, P.C. and its affiliate EA Science and Technology (EA) to provide Site Management from 28 May 2007 to 28 May 2011 at the Autohaus of Rochester (Autohaus) Site located at 99 Marsh Road in the Village of East Rochester, Town of Perinton, Monroe County, New York (Figure 1).

1.1 BACKGROUND

The Autohaus site covers approximately 1.6 acres and is surrounded by commercial and residential development. A partially constructed residential development is located adjacent north, and northwest of the site. The residential development property (approximately 16 acres) was formerly used by the Village of East Rochester as a public water supply well field. The remainder of the adjacent properties are occupied by a car dealership (northeast), Marsh Road (east/southeast), and a railroad embankment (south). The Autohaus site was a luxury car dealership and is currently listed by the NYSDEC as a Class 2 inactive hazardous waste site. In 1989/1990, subsurface investigations revealed the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the vicinity of a dry well located in the parking area northeast of the Autohaus building. The dry well was connected to the shop floor drain in the Autohaus building. An interim remedial measure (IRM), consisting of tank and soil removal, was conducted in 1992. The adjacent public water supply well field was temporarily closed in 1992 and permanently closed in 1995 for reasons not connected to the Autohaus site. In 1997, a post-IRM characterization in 1997 indicated that the majority of the impacted soil had been removed by the IRM. Subsequent groundwater monitoring indicated that the VOC concentration in groundwater has decreased and the area extent of impacted groundwater has not increased. A Record of Decision dated March 1998 selected a remedy of no further action with continued monitoring in order to confirm the decreasing trend of VOC concentration in the groundwater. Currently, groundwater samples are taken annually from four monitoring wells and are analyzed for VOCs.

This Work Assignment will be conducted under the NYSDEC State Superfund Standby Contract (Work Assignment No. D004441-5).

1.2 SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN

This site management plan (SMP) is a comprehensive document addressing all site management and periodic review requirements, and includes the appropriate plans necessary for the proper management of all operable units. A SMP typically includes the following:

• Institutional and Engineering Controls (IC/ECs) Plan-It details the requirements for assuring that the IC/ECs, required by the site decision document, remain in-place and are

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effective and protective. Unless a site is remediated to "unrestricted levels," the site will have ICs and/or ECs.

- **Monitoring Plan**-The Monitoring Plan details the procedures for monitoring, assessing, and reporting the short- and long-term performance, effectiveness, and protectiveness of the remedy.
- Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan-The O&M Plan details the measures necessary to properly operate and maintain any treatment, collection, and/or containment systems comprising the remedy for a site.

EA has prepared this detailed SMP, which will provide all of the procedures for completing the site monitoring activities.

This SMP also includes a sampling and analysis plan, Health and Safety Plan (HASP), and a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP). The QAPP includes a summary table, which presents anticipated samples collected for laboratory analysis; media sampled, methodology, and anticipated quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples. Both the NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol and non-Analytical Services Protocol are provided in the QAPP.

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2. FIELD ACTIVITIES

Based on the 27 March 2007 site visit and review of previous reports, the following field activities will be performed in order to manage the site.

Monitoring Well Repair and/or Replacement: Based on the 27 March 2007 site visit, EA anticipates that up to two wells (MW-1 and MW-9) may need to be replaced. Additionally, all of the wells need new locks that are keyed alike. Keys and locks will be provided by the NYSDEC.

Site Survey: Subsequent to the repair and/or replacement of monitoring wells, all well and piezometer locations and elevations will be resurveyed. A new site base map also will be prepared.

Annual Groundwater Elevation Monitoring and Groundwater Sampling and Analysis:

Depth to groundwater measurements shall be taken at each onsite well and piezometer. The depth to groundwater measurements will be used to generate groundwater elevation/flow direction maps. Groundwater samples will be taken annually and analyzed for VOCs using United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 8260B. The laboratory and field data will be reviewed to determine the limitations, if any, of the data and to assure that the procedures are effective and that generated data provide sufficient information to achieve the project objectives. The analytical data will be evaluated in accordance with the NYSDEC Division of Environmental Remediation (DER) Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) guidelines.

Reports: PRRs summarizing groundwater elevation, and groundwater sampling and analytical results will be prepared annually. The PRR documents and certifies that the remedy remains in-place, is performing properly and effectively, and is protective of public health and the environment. Specifically, the periodic review report is designed to do the following:

- Evaluate compliance with the decision document(s) and the SMP.
- Evaluate all treatment units, and recommend repairs or changes, if necessary.
- Evaluate the condition of the remedy, and DER's oversight activities during the period.
- Support decisions, such as a justification to close or modify a process, or a justification to end SM or reclassify a site.
- Evaluate the IC/EC Certification, certifying that the institutional and/or engineering controls remain in-place, and remain effective as well as protective of public health and the environment.

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- Evaluate costs (for State-funded projects).
- Provide information for the public.

The PRR should include sufficient detail to document compliance with the SMP requirements associated with the:

- O&M Plan: to document the status of the O&M of the remedy, if applicable;
- Monitoring Plan: to document the status of the monitoring of the remedy, if applicable, and:
- IC/EC(s) Plan: to certify the IC/ECs, if applicable.

The PRR also documents any problems or changes necessary for the site to be in compliance with the SMP, including removal of IC/ECs that are no longer applicable, and modifications in monitoring or O&M requirements, as applicable, and/or includes a Corrective Action Work Plan and schedule, as necessary.

Periodic Review Report Evaluation Process

When the PRR has been submitted to the DEC and is complete and final, the DEC completes an internal evaluation. If the PRR evaluation concludes that the remedy is not performing properly or effectively, or is determined to be not protective of public health and the environment (i.e., remedy has severe problem(s)), or the IC/EC is not in-place and/or properly certified, the PRR will not be accepted by the Department.

For State Superfund sites, the DEC will negotiate a separate work plan proposing corrective measures to address the identified problems, including a schedule for implementation (usually 12 months maximum.) An acceptable PRR is to be submitted 45 days after the corrective measures are complete. Corrective Measures to address the problem(s) may include, but are not limited to:

- A proposal for actions to correct the noted deficiency
- A remedial system optimization
- A re-design of the remedial system
- Additional monitoring or inspections
- Initiation of a reclassification back to a Class 2 for a re-evaluation of the remedy
- A change to the PRR frequency
- Other actions as appropriate for site conditions.

Prior to initiating any site activity, EA shall notify the property owner, Pat Cortese, and the developer of the adjacent property, Robert Nuccitelli, via letter and telephone. Sample notification letters and telephone logs are included in Appendix C.

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2.1 MONITORING WELL REPAIR AND/OR REPLACEMENT

Based on the 27 March 2007 site visit, one monitoring well (MW-9) may need to be repaired or replaced. Additionally, at the request of the NYSDEC, well MW-1 will be abandoned and one additional well, MW-X will be installed in the eastern parking lot area of the property. Additionally, the well locks will be replaced as necessary with locks to be provided by NYSDEC.

No analytical samples will be collected; however, field observations will be recorded by the field geologist. Soil samples will be visually identified using the Unified Soil Classification System and recorded on a geologic log for each boring (Appendix C). The following information will be recorded by the field geologist:

- Soil sample and depth interval
- Blow count (per 6 in. interval)
- Amount of sample recovered
- Sample color
- Sample moisture concentration
- Organic vapor (photoionization detector [PID]) measurements
- Any unusual characteristics (odors, stained intervals)
- Depth to water.

Each monitoring well will have a 5 ft screen section to provide a discrete sampling interval. The exact depth of the screened intervals will be determined based on site conditions noted during the soil boring and soil lithology logging program by the field geologist. Each newly installed monitoring well will be developed using pump and/or pumping and surging methods until groundwater parameters (pH, temperature, and conductivity) stabilize (variation of less than 10 percent) and turbidity is recorded below 50 nephelometric turbidity units.

2.1.1 Well Construction

Following soil boring, well construction will be performed according to the procedures described below. The actual well completion data will be recorded on the Field Record of Monitoring Well Construction form provided in Appendix C. Monitoring well logs and completion diagrams for previously installed monitoring wells are included in Appendix D.

2.1.2 Casing/Screen Installation

New polyvinyl chloride riser casing and well screen will be used in well construction. Material will be delivered directly to the field in packaging from the manufacturer. Well riser casing and screen sections will be steam cleaned onsite prior to placement if the packaging is not intact to ensure that oil, grease, or wax have been removed. After the borehole has been drilled to the depth determined by the field geologist, 2 in. inner diameter Schedule 40, threaded, flush-jointed

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polyvinyl chloride screen and polyvinyl chloride riser casing will be set through the hollow-stem augers into the borehole. Screen slot size will be 0.010 in. unless geologic conditions, in the judgment of the field geologist, dictate differently. The screen interval will be placed at the bottom of the boring at the proper depth necessary to monitor the groundwater quality within the first water-bearing unit, presumably the glaciolacustrine deposit underlying the reworked and undifferentiated glacial till units. Wells will be completed with 5 ft of screen; however, this length may vary depending on site-specific conditions, as determined by the field geologist. No sediment traps will be used to cap the screen bottom. The riser casing completion is outlined in Section 2.1.6.

2.1.3 Filter Pack

Inert silica sand, certified as chemically clean by the manufacturer, and texturally clean (as seen through a 10X hand lens), will be used for the filter pack. The nominal grain size of the filter pack surrounding the screen will be No. 00 silica sand unless geologic conditions, in the judgment of the field geologist, dictate differently. Prior to installing the screen, a bentonite seal (with a minimum 1-ft thickness) and an overlying 6-in. thick (minimum) bedding of filter pack will be placed in the bottom of the bore hole. Next, the well screen and riser casing will be installed and the sand pack will be added. Auger flights will be progressively removed from the borehole allowing the auger to act as a tremie. Sand will be added to a depth of approximately 2 ft above the top of the well screen. The 2 ft of filter pack above the top of the screen allows for some settlement of the filter pack and a buffer between the top of the well intake and the annular seal. A finer filter pack (No. 000), 6-in. thick, will be added to further control the entrance velocities at the well screen. The depth to the top of the filter pack will be sounded frequently with a weighted measuring tape. If bridging of the material does occur, a tremie pipe and/or a small amount of clean, potable water may be used to remove the bridge and allow the filter pack to settle correctly. The filter pack will not be placed higher than approximately 4 ft below ground surface (bgs) in order to allow space for placement of bentonite seal and protective casing with cement-bentonite grout.

2.1.4 Bentonite Seal

Bentonite seals will be composed of commercially available pellets. Pellet seals will be a minimum of 3-ft thick as measured immediately after placement, without allowance for swelling. The bentonite seal will not be placed higher than 2 ft bgs in order to allow space for placement of protective casing with cement or cement-bentonite grout. Following placement of the pellets, clean, potable water will be poured down the annular space to hydrate the pellets.

2.1.5 Annular Seal

The annular seal will consist of cement-bentonite grout, composed by weight of 10 parts cement (Portland cement, any Type I to V) to one-half part bentonite with a maximum of 7 gal of approved water per 94 lb bag of cement. Bentonite will be added after the required amount of

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cement is mixed with water. Additives or borehole cuttings will not be mixed with the grout. Annular seal materials will be combined in an aboveground rigid container and mixed onsite to produce a thick, lump-free mixture.

The annular seal will be placed utilizing a tremie pipe, initially located within 1 ft above the top of the bentonite seal. The tremie pipe should be placed in the annulus between the augers and the riser pipe. The auger should be removed from the borehole as the annular seal fills the borehole at a rate compatible with annular seal placement so as to maintain borehole stability. The grout will be pumped through the tremie pipe to the bottom of the open annulus until a continuous, undiluted column of grout is formed from the bentonite seal to the frost line below ground surface.

2.1.6 Surface Completion

The newly installed wells will extend (up to 2 ft) above the ground surface, with a protective steel casing or with flush-mounted casing, similar to the existing wells at the site. The cement seal will be formed utilizing a 3 ft diameter sonotube to a depth of 4 ft bgs. The top outer edge of the pad will be flush with the ground. An internal grout collar will be placed in the annular space between the inner casing and the outer protective casing. Brass locks that are keyed alike will be used to secure the outer lids of the protective casing of the wells. For wells completed above land surface, the cement seal will fill the borehole annular space from below the frost line to the ground surface. The protective casing will be washed with clean water or steam cleaned prior to placement, free from extraneous openings, encrusting, and/or coating material (except primer/paint applied by the manufacturer). Each well will be equipped with brass locks provided by the NYSDEC.

If water is used during drilling, any losses will be recorded and well development (prior to purging for sampling purposes) will remove at least the amount of water lost during drilling.

Soil and rock cuttings from drilling operations that do not exhibit visible staining, sheen, or discernable odors will be disposed of onsite adjacent to the well locations. Soil and rock cuttings that do exhibit visible staining, sheen, or discernable odors will be drummed and staged onsite until an appropriate treatment/disposal procedure has been determined after the completion of the groundwater sampling program. All drummed materials will be clearly labeled as to their contents and origin. All investigative-derived waste will be managed in accordance with NYSDEC DER Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum 4032.

2.1.7 Well Abandonment

Based on monitoring well condition, up to two wells may be abandoned and replaced. The wells will be abandoned in accordance with procedures outlined in 6 New York Code of Rules and Regulations Part 360. The monitoring wells will be abandoned by over-drilling or removal of the casing to the greatest extent possible. Any well casing left in place will be perforated. All casing and well installations in the upper 5 ft of the monitoring well, or within 5 ft of the

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proposed level of excavation, will be removed. The boring will be sealed by pressure injection of cement bentonite grout, using a tremie pipe or other method acceptable to the NYSDEC. The grout will extend the entire length of the boring to 5 ft bgs or the proposed excavation level. The screened interval of the borehole will be sealed separately and tested to ensure its adequacy before sealing the remainder of the borehole. If the surrounding geologic deposits are highly permeable, alternate methods of sealing may be required to prevent the migration of the grout into the surrounding geologic formation. The upper 5 ft of the borehole will be backfilled with appropriate native materials, compacted to avoid settlement. The sealed site will be periodically inspected after sealing for settlement or other conditions which may require remediation.

2.2 SITE SURVEY AND BASE MAP PRODUCTION

This task will be performed by a licensed New York State surveyor and include surveying of monitoring well locations, and preparing a site base map. To ensure the collection of consistent elevation data, each of the existing and newly installed monitoring wells will be included in the site survey. The site survey will include a temporary monitoring point that will be established as part of this site characterization. The elevations of all monitoring well casings should be established to within 0.01 ft based on the National Geodetic Vertical Datum. A permanent reference point should be placed in all interior polyvinyl chloride casings to provide a point to collect future groundwater elevation measurements.

A detailed site plan utilizing recent aerial photography to depict general site features (i.e., buildings, roadways, utility poles, fences, addresses, etc.) within the vicinity of the site will be developed. The site map should include all area important features associated with the investigation (i.e., surface water drainage, above and underground storage tanks, buildings, drywells, cesspools). The base map will subsequently be used to accurately plot all sampling locations including soil borings, monitoring wells, and all other sample locations.

With respect to the site survey and base map preparation, the following assumptions have been made:

- All elevations will be referenced to the North American Vertical Datum 88, UTM Zone 18N. All horizontal locations will be referenced to the North American Datum 83.
- Three blueline copies of the site base map will be submitted to NYSDEC.
- The site map will be provided in AutoCAD, Version 12 or higher, and ArcMapTM 9.1.

2.3 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION MONITORING AND GROUNDWATER SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

Groundwater samples will be collected annually from a total of approximately five wells. The selected wells will include the existing monitoring well network onsite and offsite as part of the

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initial Site Investigation and newly installed or replaced monitoring wells as part of this sampling program. The table below lists the existing wells that will be included in the groundwater sampling program.

| Mo | onitoring Well Network at the Former Autohaus Car Dealership of Rochester Site |
|-------|---|
| | MW-8s |
| | MW-8d |
| | MW-9 |
| | MW-1 |
| | MW-X |
| | GPZ-9 |
| NOTE: | Offsite wells/piezometers included in groundwater sampling program that are located offsite are in italics. Well IDs in Bold text indicate monitoring wells that are proposed for replacement. |

Groundwater monitoring well/piezometer sampling procedures will include water level measurements, well purging and sampling, field measurements, and sample collection at each monitoring well location. The objective of the groundwater sampling protocol is to obtain samples that are representative of the aquifer in the well vicinity so that analytical results reflect the composition of the groundwater as accurately as possible.

Groundwater samples will be collected using low-flow purging methodologies and will be analyzed for VOCs by EPA Method 8260B in accordance with the NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocols.

Prior to the start of the groundwater sampling event, water levels will be collected from the entire monitoring well network to prepare a groundwater contour map and evaluate groundwater flow patterns. Water level measurements recorded and analytical results received will be included in the PRR.

The newly installed monitoring wells will be developed no sooner than 24 hours following installation. The wells will be developed using surging and pumping techniques. Well development will be considered complete when temperature, conductivity, and pH have stabilized (variation of less than 10 percent) and a turbidity of less than 50 nephelometric turbidity units has been achieved. Liquid generated during well development, purging, or a decontamination activity that does not exhibit visible staining, sheen, or discernable odors will be discharged to an unpaved area on the site, where it can percolate into the ground, unless otherwise directed by the NYSDEC.

Well purge water or decontamination activity that exhibits visual staining, sheen, or discernable odors, generated during the groundwater sampling program will be collected in drums or other containers and will be stored in the staging area until a waste subcontractor can remove the drums and dispose at an offsite location.

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Newly installed wells will be allowed to stabilize at least 14 days after development prior to collecting samples for analysis. Rapid and significant changes can occur in groundwater samples upon exposure to sunlight, temperature, and pressure changes at ground surface. Therefore, groundwater sampling will be conducted in a manner that will minimize interaction of the sample and surface environment. The equipment and protocol for collecting groundwater samples via low-flow sampling methodology is described below.

2.3.1 Groundwater Sampling Using Low-Flow Sampling Methodology

This procedure is designed to permit the collection of representative groundwater samples for analysis of VOCs.

2.3.2 Purging and Sampling Equipment

Well purging may be performed and groundwater samples will be collected from monitoring wells using peristaltic pumps. Wells may also be sampled using new polyethylene bailers. Equipment for sampling will include the following:

- Peristaltic pumps to be used for well purging
- Teflon-lined polyethylene dedicated tubing in each well for well purging
- Electronic water level measurement unit with accuracy of 0.01 ft
- Flow measurement device (containers graduated in milliliters) and stop watch
- Water quality meter (Horiba U-22 or similar) with flow-through cell (flushed with distilled or deionized water before use at each well) for field measurement of pH, specific conductance, temperature, Eh, and dissolved oxygen
- Turbidity meter
- PID instrument (MiniRAE or similar) to monitor vapor concentrations during purging and sampling as required by the HASP.

2.3.3 Field Analytical Equipment

Field equipment to be used at the site will include a Horiba U-22 water quality meter (or similar) with a flow-through cell, which includes probes for measurement of pH, Eh, turbidity, dissolved oxygen, temperature, and conductivity. Additionally, a PID will be used to obtain headspace reading on the well head. Each piece of equipment will be checked by the EA Site Manager to be in proper working order before its use and calibrated as required by the manufacturer. Prior

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to each use, field analytical equipment probe(s) will be decontaminated. After each use, the instrument will be checked and stored in an area shielded from weather conditions.

Instruments will be calibration checked at the beginning of each day of groundwater sampling.

2.3.4 Groundwater Sampling Purge Method

Groundwater samples will be collected from each well a minimum of 2 weeks following new well installation and development. During each groundwater sampling event, groundwater samples will be analyzed by Life Science Laboratories (LSL), Inc., an approved Environmental Laboratory Analytical Program (ELAP)-certified laboratory for VOCs by EPA Method 8260B in accordance with NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol. The following procedures will be used for monitoring well groundwater sampling:

- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in the HASP and the HASP Addendum. In addition, samplers will use new sampling gloves for the collection of each sample.
- Unlock and remove the well cap.
- Obtain PID readings and record them in the field logbook.
- Measure the static water level in the well with an electronic water level indicator. The
 water level indicator will be washed with Alconox detergent and water, then rinsed with
 deionized water between individual wells to prevent cross-contamination.
 Decontamination fluids will be containerized.
- Calculate the volume of water in the well.
- Place polyethylene sheeting around the well casing to prevent contamination of sampling equipment in the event sampling equipment is dropped.
- Purge 3-5 well volumes of water from the well, using the method described below.
 Purged water will be containerized or disposed of away from the wellhead, separately from decontamination fluids.
 - O Pump with a peristaltic pump equipped with: (1) a check valve to avoid backflush and (2) new polyethylene tubing dedicated to each well. Set intake about 1 in. from the bottom of the well and start pump, ensure that all standing water in the well has been purged.
- Allow field parameters of pH, reduction-oxidation potential (Eh), dissolved oxygen, specific conductivity, and temperature to stabilize before sampling. Purging will be

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complete if the following conditions are met:

- o Consecutive pH readings are ± 0.2 pH units of each other
- o Consecutive water temperatures are ± 0.5 °C of each other
- o Consecutive measured specific conductance is ± 10 percent of each other.

If these parameters are not met after purging a volume equal to 3-5 times the volume of standing water in the well, the EA Project Manager will be contacted to determine the appropriate action(s).

- If the well goes dry before the required volumes are removed, the well may be sampled when it recovers (recovery period up to 24 hours).
- Obtain sample from well with a bailer suspended on new, clean nylon twine. The sampling will be performed with a new bailer dedicated to each individual well.
- Collect the sample aliquot for VOC analysis, first by lowering and raising the bailer slowly to avoid agitation and degassing and then carefully pour directly into the appropriate sample bottles. Sample bottles containing appropriate preservative for the parameter to be analyzed will be obtained from the laboratory.
- Obtain field measurement of pH, dissolved oxygen, temperature, and specific conductivity and record it on the purging and sampling form. The instruments will be decontaminated between wells to prevent cross-contamination.
- Place analytical samples in cooler and chill to 4°C. Samples will be shipped to the analytical laboratories within 24 hours.
- If a centrifugal or submersible pump is used, it will be decontaminated, and the polyethylene suction/discharge line (dedicated tubing) will be properly discarded.
- Re-lock well cap.
- Fill out field logbook, sample log sheet, labels, custody seals, and chain-of-custody forms.

2.4 REPORTS

Reports summarizing groundwater elevation, and groundwater sampling and analytical results will be prepared annually. The reports will include a periodic review report. The periodic review report will be provided by 15 May of each year. Additionally, a DUSR will be submitted for each sampling event. Based on the analytical results, recommendations will be made for a site closure strategy.

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3. STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF WASTE

EA is responsible for the proper storage, handling, and disposal of investigative derived waste; including personal protective equipment, and solids and liquids generated during the well drilling, well development, and well sampling activities. All drummed materials will be clearly labeled as to their contents and origin. All investigative derived waste will be managed in accordance with NYSDEC DER Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum 4032.

Accordingly, handling and disposal will be as follows:

- Liquids generated from contaminated equipment decontamination that exhibit visual staining, sheen, or discernable odors will be collected in drums or other containers at the point of generation. They will be stored in an appropriate staging area as approved by NYSDEC. A waste subcontractor will then remove the drums and dispose at an offsite location.
- Liquid generated during well purging or a decontamination activity that does not exhibit visible staining, sheen, or discernable odors will be discharged to an unpaved area on the site, where it can percolate into the ground.
- Soil and rock cuttings from drilling operations that do not exhibit visible staining, sheen, or discernable odors will be disposed of onsite.
- Soil and rock cuttings from drilling operations that exhibit visible staining, sheen, or discernable odors will be staged onsite until an appropriate treatment/disposal procedure has been determined after the completion of the site characterization.
- Used protective clothing and equipment that is suspected to be contaminated with hazardous waste will be placed in plastic bags, packed in 55-gal ring-top drums, and transported to the drum staging area.
- Non-contaminated trash and debris will be placed in a trash dumpster and disposed of by a local waste removal company.
- Non-contaminated protective clothing will be packed in plastic bags and placed in a trash dumpster for disposal by a local waste removal company.

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4. DATA VALIDATION/DETERMINATION OF USABILITY

The collection and reporting of reliable data is a primary focus of the sampling and analytical activities. Laboratory and field data will be reviewed to determine the limitations, if any, of the data and to assure that the procedures are effective and that the data generated provide sufficient information to achieve the project objectives. A qualified independent third party will evaluate the groundwater analytical data according to NYSDEC DER DUSR guidelines. A DUSR shall be completed for each annual sampling event.

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5. HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

A Generic HASP was developed for the Work Assignments conducted under the NYSDEC Standby Contracts D004438 and D004441. As previously stated, the Generic HASP was submitted under a separate cover on 11 August 2006 to the NYSDEC. An addendum to the Generic HASP was developed to address site-specific health and safety issues (Appendix A) for the proposed activities to complete this SMP Work Assignment.

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6. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN

6.1 PURPOSE

This QAPP has been developed for field activities performed under the NYSDEC Standby Contracts D004438 and D004441. This QAPP Addendum is for the Former Autohaus Car Dealership of Rochester Work Assignment, Monroe County, Rochester, New York (NYSDEC Site No. 8-28-084). The QAPP Addendum is to supplement the Generic QAPP with site-specific procedures for the collection, analysis, and evaluation of data that will be legally and scientifically defensible.

6.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN OBJECTIVES

This QAPP Addendum provides site-specific information and standard operating procedures applicable to all work performed at the site that is not included in the Generic QAPP. The information includes definitions and generic goals for data quality, and required types and quantities of QA/QC samples. The procedures address sampling and decontamination protocols; field documentation; sample handling, custody, and shipping; instrument calibration and maintenance; auditing; data reduction, validation, and reporting; corrective action requirements; and QA reporting.

6.3 LABORATORY

Laboratory analyses for this project will be performed by LSL, Inc. in East Syracuse, New York. Environmental Data Validation, Inc. will have the data usability responsibilities on this project. The laboratory will have their own provision for conducting an internal QA/QC review of the data before they are released to EA. The laboratory contract supervisors will contact EA's Project Manager with any sample discrepancies or data concerns.

Hardcopy and electronic data deliverable formatted QA/QC reports will be filed by the analytical laboratories when data are submitted to EA. Corrective actions will be reported to the EA Project Manager along with the QA/QC report. The laboratory may be contacted directly by EA or NYSDEC personnel to discuss QA concerns. EA will act as laboratory coordinator on this project, and all correspondence from the laboratory will be coordinated with EA's Project Manager.

6.4 SAMPLING RATIONALE, DESIGNATION, AND CONTAINERS

The sampling rationale presented for each planned field activity is detailed in the SMP. The rationale and frequency of the QC samples collected is discussed in the Generic QAPP. The table below illustrates the number of samples for each sample location, as well as QA/QC samples. The frequency of QA/QC samples are expressed as a percentage of the total number of

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samples collected for that matrix. The Generic QAPP also includes analytical methods and reporting limits.

| Number of | | |
|-------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Groundwater | | |
| Samples | MS/MSD Samples | Duplicate Samples |
| 6 | 1 | 1 |

6.5 SAMPLE DESIGNATION

Field samples collected from the site will be assigned a unique sample tracking number. Sample designation will be an alpha-numeric code, which will identify each sample by the site identification, matrix sampled, location number, sequential sample number (or depth of top-of-sample interval for excavation soil samples), and date of collection. Each sampling location will be identified with a two-digit number. Sequential sample numbers at each location for samples will begin with 01 and increase accordingly. For soil borings, the top depth of the sample interval will be used as the sample number. The final portion of the sample tracking number will be the sample date.

The following terminology will be used for the sample identification:

- Groundwater Samples
 - o 8-28-084-MW-8s-0807 (Example).

6.6 SAMPLE CONTAINERS

Each groundwater sample collected for EPA Method 8260B VOC analysis will use a 40 ml volatile organic analysis vile with a 1.1 hydrochloric acid preservative.

6.7 ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

The data collected during this investigation will be used to determine the presence and concentration of certain analytes in groundwater.

All groundwater samples will be submitted to LSL, Inc. in East Syracuse, New York. LSL, Inc. is New York State Department of Health ELAP-certified, meeting specifications for documentation, data reduction, and reporting.

6.8 ANALYTICAL TEST PARAMETERS

This QAPP Addendum will require the analysis of groundwater samples using U.S. EPA Method 8260B for VOCs. Compound lists for each analytical method are included in the Generic QAPP.

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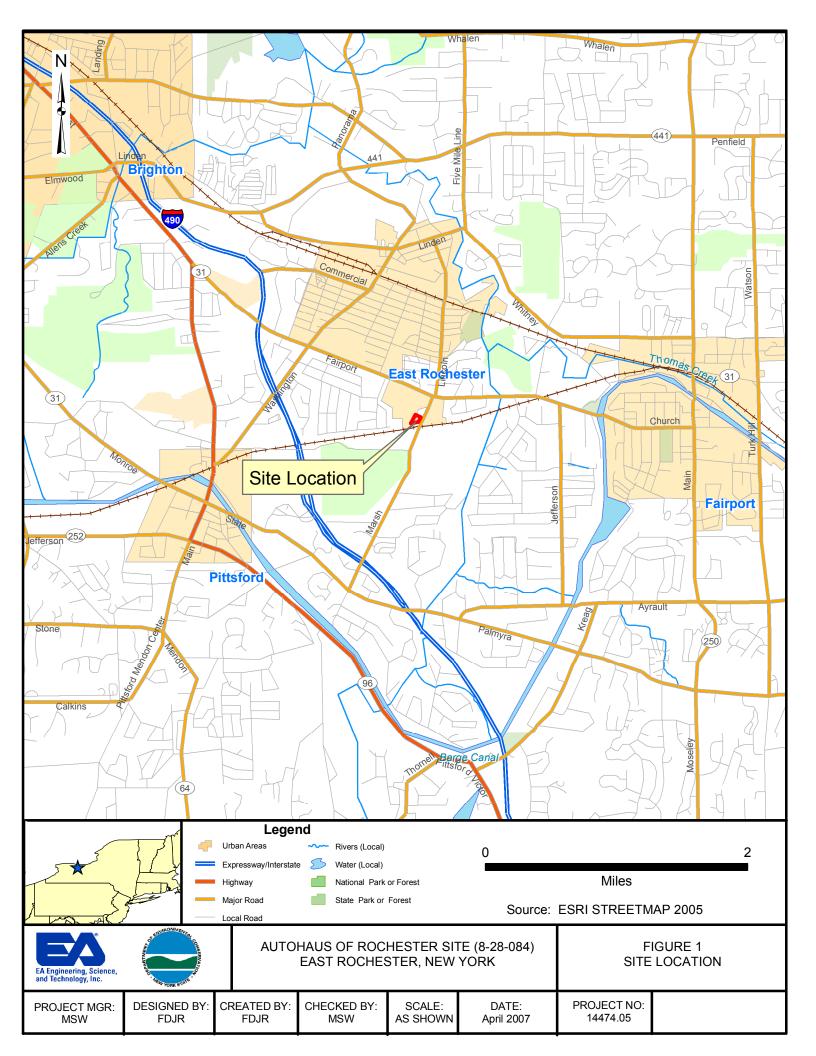
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6.9 ANALYTICAL DATA VALIDATION

The laboratory will review data prior to its release from the laboratory. Objectives for review are in accordance with the QA/QC objectives stated in the Generic QAPP. The laboratory is required to evaluate their ability to meet these objectives. Outlying data will be flagged in accordance with laboratory standard operating procedures, and corrective action will be taken to rectify the problem.

In order to ensure the validity of analytical data generated by a project, it will be validated by Environmental Data Validation who is independent from the analysts and the project.



Appendix A Health and Safety Plan Addendum



Health and Safety Plan Addendum Autohaus of Rochester (8-28-084), East Rochester, New York

Prepared for

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233



Prepared by

EA Engineering, P.C., and Its Affiliate EA Science and Technology 6712 Brooklawn Parkway, Suite 104 Syracuse, New York 13211 (315) 431-4610

> October 2007 Revision: FINAL EA Project No. 14474.05

Health and Safety Plan Addendum Autohaus of Rochester (8-28-084), East Rochester, New York

Prepared for

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233



Prepared by

EA Engineering, P.C. and Its Affiliate EA Science and Technology 6712 Brooklawn Parkway, Suite 104 Syracuse, New York 13211 (315) 431-4610

lutothe of free Christopher J. Canonica, P.E., Program Manager

8 October 2007

Date

Maureen S. Whalen

EA Engineering, P.C.

8 October 2007

Maureen Whalen, C.P.G., Project Manager EA Science and Technology

Date

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<u>Number</u> <u>Title</u>

1 Site location.

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL

A Generic Health and Safety Plan (HASP) (EA 2006)¹ has been developed for field activities performed under the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Standby Contract Nos. D004438 and D004441. This HASP Addendum is to supplement the Generic HASP with site-specific information to protect the health and safety of personnel while performing field activities to complete the Groundwater Monitoring Work Assignment for the Former Autohaus Car Dealership Site, Town of Perinton, Monroe County, New York (NYSDEC Site No. 8-28-084).

This HASP Addendum describes the safety organization, procedures, and protective equipment that have been established based on an analysis of potential physical, chemical, and biological hazards. Specific hazard control methodologies have been evaluated and selected to minimize the potential for accidents or injuries to occur. One copy of the Generic HASP and this HASP Addendum will be maintained for use during the scheduled field sampling effort. The copies will be made available for site use and employee review at all times.

This HASP Addendum addresses regulations and guidance practices set forth in the Occupational Safety and Health Administration Standards for Construction Industry, 29 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 1926, including 29 CFR 1926.65, Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response and 29 CFR 1926.59, Hazardous Communications.

The following are provided as attachments:

- Attachment A: Worker Training and Physical Examination Record
- Attachment B: Health and Safety Plan Review Record
- Attachment C: Site Entry and Exit Log
- Attachment D: Accident Investigation Report
- Attachment E: Emergency Telephone Numbers and Hospital Directions
- Attachment F: Emergency Equipment Available Onsite
- Attachment G: Map to Hospital
- Attachment H: Personal Protective Equipment Activity Record
- Attachment I: Material Safety Data Sheets.

NOTE: This site-specific HASP Addendum should be left open to display Attachment E (Emergency Telephone Numbers and Hospital Directions) and made available to site personnel in a conspicuous location for the duration of field activities in the event of an emergency.

^{1.} EA Engineering, P.C. 2006. Generic Health and Safety Plan for Work Assignments under NYSDEC Contract Nos. D004438 and D004441. June.

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1.2 SITE HISTORY AND FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The Former Autohaus Car Dealership site (herein identified as the site) is located at 99 Marsh Road in the Town of Perinton, Monroe County, New York (Figure 1). The site covers approximately 1.6 acres, and a masonry building is located on the property. The remaining portions of the site are mainly covered by asphalt. The Autohaus site is surrounded by commercial and residential development. A partially constructed residential development is located adjacent north, and northwest of the site. The residential development property (approximately 16 acres) was formerly used by the Village of East Rochester as a public water supply well field. The remainder of the adjacent properties are occupied by a car dealership (northeast), Marsh Road (east/southeast), and a railroad embankment (south). The Autohaus site was a luxury car dealership and is currently listed by the NYSDEC as a Class 2 inactive hazardous waste site. In 1989/1990, subsurface investigations revealed the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the vicinity of a dry well located in the parking area northeast of the Autohaus building. The dry well was connected to the shop floor drain in the Autohaus building. An interim remedial measure (IRM), consisting of tank and soil removal, was conducted in 1992. The adjacent public water supply wellfield was temporarily closed in 1992 and permanently closed in 1995 for reasons not connected to the Autohaus site. In 1997, a post-IRM characterization indicated that the majority of the impacted soil had been removed by the IRM. Subsequent groundwater monitoring indicated that the VOC concentration in groundwater has decreased and the areal extent of impacted groundwater has not increased. A Record of Decision dated March 1998 selected a remedy of no further action with continued monitoring in order to confirm the decreasing trend of VOC concentration in the groundwater. Currently, groundwater samples are taken annually from four monitoring wells and are analyzed for VOCs. This Work Assignment will be conducted under the NYSDEC State Superfund Standby Contract (Work Assignment No. D004441-5).

1.3 POLICY STATEMENT

EA will take every reasonable step to provide a safe and healthy work environment; and to eliminate or control hazards in order to minimize the possibility of injuries, illnesses, or accidents to site personnel. EA and EA subcontractor employees will be familiar with the Generic HASP and this HASP Addendum for the project activities they are involved in. Prior to entering the site, the Generic HASP and this HASP Addendum will be reviewed and an agreement to comply with the requirements will be signed by EA personnel, subcontractors, and visitors (Attachment B).

Operational changes that could affect the health and safety of the site personnel, community, or environment will not be made without approval from the Project Manager and Program Health and Safety Officer. This document will be periodically reviewed to ensure that it is current and technically correct. Any changes in site conditions and/or the scope of work will require a review and modification to the HASP Addendum. Such changes will be documented in the form of a revision to this addendum.

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2. KEY PERSONNEL

The following table contains information on key project personnel:

| Title | Name | Telephone No. |
|---|----------------------|---------------|
| Program Health and Safety Officer | Peter Garger, CIH | 410-771-4950 |
| Program Manager | Chris Canonica, P.E. | 315-431-4610 |
| Quality Assurance/Quality Control Officer | Scott Graham, P.G. | 315-431-4610 |
| Project Manager | Maureen Whalen | 315-431-4610 |
| | C.P.G | |
| Quality Assurance/Quality Control Coordinator | Kris Charney | 315-431-4610 |
| Site Manager/Site Health and Safety Officer | Kris Charney | 315-431-4610 |
| NYSDEC Project Manager | William Welling | 518-402-9638 |

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3. SCOPE OF WORK

This HASP Addendum was developed to designate and define site-specific health and safety protocols applicable to project activities to be implemented and followed during field activities and consulting work at the Former Autohaus Car Dealership Site, Town of Perinton, New York. The scope of work covered by this HASP Addendum includes the following activities:

- Subsurface drilling for up to two monitoring wells
- Installation of up to two monitoring wells
- Sampling of groundwater
- Handling and storage of investigative-derived waste
- Site surveying.

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4. POTENTIAL HAZARD ANALYSIS

Based upon the above field activities, the following potential hazard conditions may be anticipated:

- The use of mechanical equipment such as drill rigs, powered augers, and hammer drills can create a potential for crushing and pinching hazards due to movement and positioning of the equipment; movement of lever arms and hydraulics; entanglement of clothing and appendages in exposed drives and augers; and impact of steel tools, masts, and cables should equipment rigging fail; or other structural failures occur during hydraulic equipment operation and drilling mast extension and operation. Heavy equipment work must be conducted only by trained, experienced personnel. If possible, personnel must remain outside the turning radius of large, moving equipment. At a minimum, personnel must maintain visual contact with the equipment operator. When not operational, equipment must be set and locked so that it cannot be activated, released, dropped, etc.
- Equipment can be energized due to contact with overhead or underground electrical lines, utilities impaired by excavation of communication or potable/wastewater lines, or a potential for fire or explosion may occur due to excavation of below ground propane/ natural gas lines. Prior to commencement of invasive operations, a drilling/excavation permit will be obtained and the area will be inspected and flagged. Personnel should be aware that although an area may be cleared, it does not mean that unanticipated hazards will not appear. Safe distances will be maintained from live electrical equipment as specified in the Generic HASP. Workers should always be alert for unanticipated events such as snapping cables, digging into unmarked underground utilities, etc. Such occurrences should prompt involved individuals to halt work immediately and take appropriate corrective measures to gain control of the situation.
- Work around large equipment often creates excessive noise. Noise can cause workers to be startled, annoyed, or distracted; can cause physical damage to the ear, pain, and temporary and/or permanent hearing loss; and can interfere with communication. If workers are subjected to noise exceeding an 8-hour time-weighted average sound level of 85 dBA, hearing protection will be selected with an appropriate noise reduction rating to comply with 29 CFR 1910.95 and to reduce noise below levels of concern.
- Personnel may be injured during physical lifting and handling of heavy equipment, construction materials, or containers. Additionally, personnel may encounter slip, trip, and fall hazards associated with excavations, manways, and construction debris and materials. Precautionary measures should be taken in accordance with the Generic HASP and this HASP Addendum.

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- Field operations conducted during the winter months can impose excessive heat loss to
 personnel conducting strenuous activities during unseasonably cold weather days and can
 impose cold-related illness symptoms during unseasonably cold weather days or when
 wind chill is high. In addition, heavy rains, electrical storms, and high winds may create
 extremely dangerous situations for employees.
- Entry into a confined space in support of this project is forbidden. However, it is not anticipated that confined space entry will be required during the completion of the field activities.
- Field investigation activities intended to define potential sources of environmental contamination often require employees to be in direct proximity or contact with hazardous substances. Employees may be exposed through inhalation of toxic dusts, vapors, or gases. Normal dust particulates from surficial soil may have adsorbed or absorbed toxic solvents, petroleum compounds, or toxic metal salts or metal particulates. Air monitoring equipment will be used to monitor airborne organic vapors and particulates. Water collected during well development and groundwater sampling activities may also contain toxic vapors, liquids, and gases and be inhaled during normal operations, or may be splashed onto the skin or eyes. Ingestion of toxic materials contained in dusts or particulates can be ingested if eating, smoking, drinking, and gum chewing are permitted prior to personnel washing their hands and face or removing contaminated work clothing and personal protective equipment. Some chemicals may be absorbed directly through the skin. Personal protective equipment, properly designed for the contaminants of concern, will always be provided and worn when a potential for skin contact is present.

The potential contaminants of concern that may be present at the site include, but are not limited to, VOCs; primarily acetone, methylene chloride, tetrachloroethene, 2-butanone (MEK), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, 1,2-dichlorobenzene, xylene, and 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Material safety data sheets for these chemicals are provided in Attachment I.

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5. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Based upon currently available information, it is anticipated that Level D protection will be required for currently anticipated conditions and activities. If at any time the sustained level of total organic vapors in the worker breathing zone exceeds 5 ppm above background, site workers will evacuate the area and the condition will be brought to the attention of the Site Health and Safety Officer. Efforts will then be undertaken to mitigate the source of the vapors. Once the sustained level of total organic vapors has decreased to below 5 ppm above background, site workers will be allowed to continue activities at the direction of the Site Health and Safety Officer.

The personal protective equipment components for use during this project are detailed in the Generic HASP. The components of Level D personal protective equipment are summarized below.

| • | Level D Personal Protective Equipment —Level D will be worn for initial entry onsite and initially for all activities and will consist of the following: |
|---|---|
| | Coveralls or appropriate work clothing |
| | Steel-toe, steel-shank safety boots/shoes |
| | Hard hats (when overhead hazards are present or as required by the Site Health and Safety Officer) |
| | Chemical resistant gloves (nitrile/neoprene) when contact with potentially contaminated soil or water is expected |
| | — Safety glasses with side shields |
| | — Hearing protectors (during drilling or other operations producing excessive noise) |
| | — Boot covers (optional unless in contact with potentially contaminated soil or water) |
| | — Polycoated coveralls (when contact with contaminated soil and water is anticipated, |

Insulated clothing, hats, etc. must be worn when temperatures or wind chill fall below 40°F.

e.g., when surging/pumping wells and pressure-washing equipment).

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6. SITE CONTROL AND SECURITY

Only authorized personnel will be permitted to conduct field activities. Authorized personnel include those who have completed hazardous waste operations initial training, as defined under Occupational Safety and Health Administration Regulations 29 CFR 1910.120/29 CFR 1926.65, have completed their training or refresher training within the past 12 months, and have been certified by a physician as fit for hazardous waste operations.

6.1 SAFE WORK PRACTICES

Safe work practices that will be followed by site workers include, but are not limited to, the following rules:

- Working before or after daylight hours without special permission is prohibited.
- Do not enter restricted or posted areas without permission from the Site Health and Safety Officer.
- Smoking is limited to designated areas.
- Possessing, using, purchasing, distributing, or having controlled substances in their system throughout the day or during meal breaks is prohibited.
- Consuming or possessing alcoholic beverages is prohibited.
- Good housekeeping employees will be instructed about housekeeping throughout field activities.
- Sitting or kneeling in areas of obvious contamination is prohibited.
- Avoid overgrown vegetation and tall grass areas.

6.2 DAILY STARTUP AND SHUTDOWN PROCEDURES

The following protocols will be followed daily prior to start of work activities:

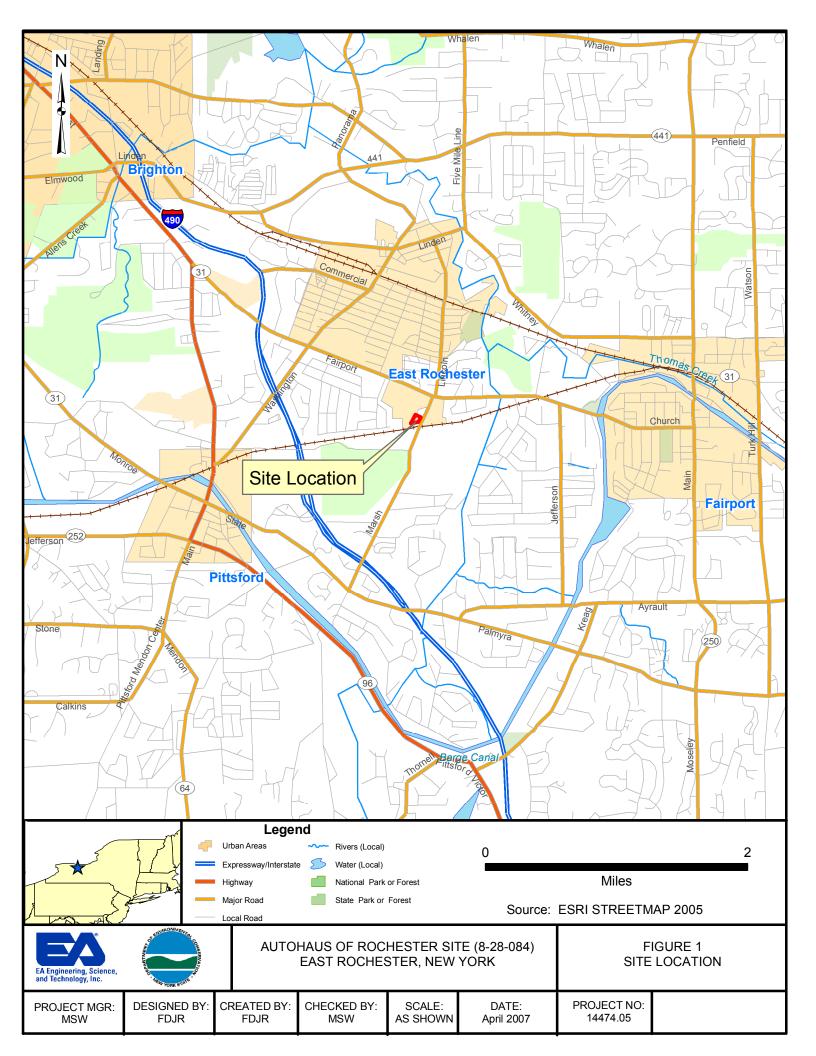
- The Site Health and Safety Officer will review site conditions to determine if modification of work and safety plans is needed.
- Personnel will be briefed and updated on new safety procedures as appropriate.

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- Safety equipment will be checked for proper function.
- The Site Health and Safety Officer will ensure that the first aid kit is adequately stocked and readily available.
- The Contractor is responsible for the security of its own equipment. Onsite equipment and supplies will be locked and secure.



Attachment A

Worker Training and Physical Examination Record

ATTACHMENT A

WORKER TRAINING AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION RECORD

| SITE: Autohaus of Rochester, | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Name | OSHA 4 Hazardou Operations Initial | is Waste | OSHA Hazardous Waste Supervisor Training | CPR (date of expiration) | First Aid (date of expiration) | Date of Last Physical Examination |
| EA PERSONNEL | Initial | Timuui | | , | 1 | |
| Christopher Canonica, P.E. | 10/28/94 | 11/8/07 | 3/3/89 | | | 1/3/02 |
| Maureen Whalen | | | | | | |
| Kris Charney | 3/17/06 | 3/1/07 | | 6/1/08 | 6/1/09 | 3/1/06 |
| Richard Waterman | 8/88 | 1998 | 2/94 | 3/04 | 3/05 | |
| SUBCONTRACTOR OR | | | | | | |
| ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL | | | | | | |
| NOTE: Prior to performi | | | | | | |
| the site, this Health and S must be reviewed and an to comply with the requ must be signed by all p including contract subcontractors, and v Contractors and subcont ultimately responsible for that their own person adequately protected. I this agreement, the contractors acknowl responsibility for implementation of the H Safety Plan requirement personnel onsite shall be of the site emergency is procedures and any pote or health hazards of the | agreement direments dersonnel, stors, visitors. ractors are or ensuring anel are fin signing ractors and edge their the Health and ents. All de informed response antial safety | | | | | |

Attachment B

Review Record

ATTACHMENT B

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN REVIEW RECORD

I have read the Health and Safety Plan for this site and have been briefed on the nature, level, and degree of exposure likely as a result of participation in this project. I agree to conform to all the requirements of this Plan.

| SITE: Autohaus of Rochester, East Rochester, New York | | | | |
|---|-------------|------|--|--|
| Signature | Affiliation | Date | | |
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Attachment C Site Entry and Exit Log

ATTACHMENT C

SITE ENTRY AND EXIT LOG

| SITE: Autohaus of Rochester, East Rochester, New York | | | | |
|---|------|------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Name | Date | Time of Entry | Time of Exit | Initials |
| Name | Date | Litty | LAIt | Initials |
| | | | | |
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Attachment D Accident Investigation Report



ACCIDENT/LOSS REPORT

THIS REPORT MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE INJURED EMPLOYEE OR SUPERVISOR AND FAXED TO EA CORPORATE HUMAN RESOURCES WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ANY ACCIDENT. THE FAX NUMBER IS (410) 771-1780.

NOTE WHENEVER AN EMPLOYEE IS SENT FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT FOR A WORK RELATED INJURY OR ILLNESS, PAGE 4 OF THIS REPORT MUST ACCOMPANY THAT INDIVIDUAL TO ENSURE THAT ALL INVOICES/BILLS/CORRESPONDENCE ARE SENT TO HUMAN RESOURCES FOR TIMELY RESPONSE.

A. DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION:

| NAME OF INJURED EMPLOYEE: | |
|--|--|
| HOME ADDRESS: | |
| HOME PHONE: | DATE OF BIRTH: |
| AGE: | SEX: M F |
| MARITAL STATUS: | SEX: M F NAME OF SPOUSE (if applicable) |
| SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER: | DATE OF HIRE: |
| NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS: | |
| EMPLOYEES JOB TITLE: | |
| DEPT. REGULARLY EMPLOYED: | |
| WAS THE EMPLOYEE INJURED ON THE | JOB: Y N |
| PRIMARY LANGUAGE OF THE EMPLOY | EE: |
| B. ACCIDENT/INCIDENT INFORMATI | ON: TIME OF ACCIDENT: |
| REPORTED TO WHOM: _ | NAME OF |
| TELORIED TO WHOM. | SUPERVISOR |
| EXACT LOCATION WHERE ACCIDENT (| OCCURRED (including street, city, state and County): |
| | the employee was doing at the time of the accident and how |
| DESCRIBE THE INJURY AND THE SPECI right hand, third finger): | FIC PART OF THE BODY AFFECTED (i.e., laceration, |



| OBJECT OR SUBSTANCE THAT DIRECTLY INJURED EMPLOYEE: |
|--|
| NUMBER OF DAYS AND HOURS EMPLOYEE USUALLY WORKS PER WEEK: |
| IS THE EMPLOYEE EXPECTED TO LOSE AT LEAST ONE FULL DAY OF WORK? |
| DOES THE EMPLOYEE HAVE A PREVIOUS CLAIM? Y N if yes, STATUS Open Closed |
| WAS THE EMPLOYEE ASSIGNED TO RESTRICTED DUTY? |
| C. ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION INFORMATION |
| WAS SAFETY EQUIPMENT PROVIDED? Y N If yes, was it used? Y N |
| WAS AN UNSAFE ACT BEING FORMED ? Y N If yes, describe |
| WAS A MACHINE PART INVOLVED? Y N If yes, describe |
| WAS THE MACHINE PART DEFECTIVE? Y N If yes, in what way |
| WAS A 3 RD PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCIDENT/INCIDENT? Y N |
| If yes, list Name, address and phone number |
| if yes, list tvaine, address and phone number |
| WAS THE ACCIDENT/INCIDENT WITNESSED? Y N |
| If yes, list Name, address and phone number: |
| 11 yes, list Ivalie, address and phone number. |
| D. PROVIDER INFORMATION |
| WAS FIRST AID GIVEN ON SITE? Y N |
| If yes, what type of medical treatment was given |
| PHYSICIAN INFORMATION (if medical attention was administered) |
| |
| NAME: ADDRESS (incl. City, state and gip): |
| ADDRESS (incl. City, state and zip):PHONE: |
| HOSPITAL ADDRESS (incl. Name, address, city, state, zip code & phone) |
| WAS THE EMPLOYEE HOSPITALIZED? Y N If yes, on what date WAS THE EMPLOYEE TREATED AS AN OUTPATIENT, RECEIVE EMERGENCY TREATMENT OR AMBULANCE SERVICE? |
| PLEASE ATTACH THE PHYSICIANS WRITTEN RETURN TO WORK SLIP |
| *NOTE* A PHYSICIANS RETURN TO WORK SLIP IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO ALLOWING THE WORKER TO RETURN TO WORK |
| E. AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT INFORMATION (complete if applicable) |
| AUTHORITY CONTACTED AND REPORT # |
| EA EMPLOYEE VEHICLE YEAR, MAKE AND MODEL |



| V.I.N PLATE/TAG # |
|--|
| OWNER'S NAME AND ADDRESS: |
| DRIVER'S NAME AND ADDRESS: |
| RELATION TO INSURED:DRIVER'S LICENSE # |
| DESCRIBE DAMAGE TO YOUR PROPERTY: |
| DESCRIBE DAMAGE TO OTHER VEHICLE OR PROPERTY: |
| OTHER DRIVER'S NAME AND ADDRESS: |
| OTHER DRIVER'S PHONE:OTHER DRIVER'S INSURANCE COMPANY AND PHONE: |
| LOCATION OF OTHER VEHICLE: |
| NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE OF OTHER INJURED PARTIES: |
| WITNESSES |
| NAME:PHONE: |
| ADDRESS:STATEMENT: |
| SIGNATURE: |
| NAME:PHONE: |
| ADDRESS: |
| STATEMENT: |
| SIGNATURE: |
| F. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT |
| NAME OF SUPERVISOR: |
| NAME OF SUPERVISOR: DATE OF THIS REPORT: REPORT PREPARED BY: |
| I have read this report and the contents as to how the accident/loss occurred is accurate to the best of my knowledge. |
| Signature: Date: |
| Signature: Date: Date: |



I am seeking medical treatment for a work related injury/illness.

Please forward all bills/invoices/correspondence to:

EA ENGINEERING, SCIENCE, AND TECHNOLOGY, INC. 11019 McCORMICK ROAD

HUNT VALLEY, MD 21031

ATTENTION: Michele Bailey HUMAN RESOURCES

(410) 584-7000



INCIDENT REPORT

THIS REPORT IS TO BE COMPLETED WHEN A NEAR MISS OCCURS THAT COULD HAVE POTENTIALLY RESULTED IN SERIOUS PHYSICAL HARM. PLEASE FAX THIS FORM TO EA HUMAN RESOURCES DEPARTMENT AT (410) 771-1780.

| EXPLAIN WHAT HAPPENED (include what the how it occurred:) | e employee was doing at the time the near miss and |
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| | |
| REPORT PREPARED BY: | DATE: |

Attachment E

Emergency Telephone Numbers and **Hospital Directions**

ATTACHMENT E

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS AND HOSPITAL DIRECTIONS

| SITE: Autohaus of Rochester, 99 Marsh Road, East Rochester, New York | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 9-1-1 | | | | |
| 9-1-1 | | | | |
| 9-1-1 | | | | |
| (585) 922-8950 | | | | |
| 800-222-1222 | | | | |
| ochester, NY | | | | |
| port Road/NY-31F. Turn left onto ge onto NY-590 N via exit 21. Take the chester General Hospital. | | | | |
| (410) 771-4950 | | | | |
| (410) //1-4930 | | | | |
| (315) 431-4610 | | | | |
| (313) 431-4010 | | | | |
| (315) 431-4610 | | | | |
| (313) 431-4010 | | | | |
| (315) 431-4610 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 800-229-3674 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| (315) 431-4610 | | | | |
| (313) 431-4010 | | | | |
| | | | | |

(410) 771-4950

In case of accident or exposure incident, contact Corporate Health

and Safety Officer

Peter Garger

Attachment F Emergency Equipment Available Onsite

ATTACHMENT F

EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE ONSITE

| Type of Equipment | Location | |
|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| Communications Equipment | | |
| Mobile Telephone | In EA vehicle | |
| Medical Support Equipment | | |
| First Aid Kits | In EA vehicle | |
| Eye Wash Station | In EA vehicle | |
| | | |
| Fire Fighting Equipment | | |
| Fire Extinguishers | In EA vehicle | |

Attachment G

Map to Hospital



Start: 99 Marsh Rd

East Rochester, NY 14445-1915,

US

End: Rochester General Hospital:

585-922-8950

1437 Blossom Rd, Rochester, NY

14610, US





| Directio | ns | Distance |
|--------------|---|------------|
| Total E | st. Time: 9 minutes Total Est. Distance: 5.38 miles | |
| START | 1: Start out going NORTHEAST on MARSH RD / CR-38 toward FAIRPORT RD / NY-31F. | 0.2 miles |
| (+) | 2: Turn LEFT onto FAIRPORT RD / NY-31F. | 1.3 miles |
| 4950 | 3: Merge onto I-490 W toward ROCHESTER. | 3.0 miles |
| NORTH 590 | 4: Merge onto NY-590 N via EXIT 21. | 0.4 miles |
| EXIT | 5: Take the BLOSSOM RD exit- EXIT 6. | 0.1 miles |
| → | 6: Turn RIGHT onto BLOSSOM RD. | <0.1 miles |
| END | 7: End at Rochester General Hospital: 1437 Blossom Rd, Rochester, NY 14610, US | |
| Total E | ist. Time: 9 minutes Total Est. Distance: 5.38 miles | |



Start: 99 Marsh Rd East Rochester, NY 14445-1915, US

MAPQUEST No 0 1680 m 4800 m 48

End: Rochester General Hospital: 585-922-8950 1437 Blossom Rd, Rochester, NY 14610, US



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These directions are informational only. No representation is made or warranty given as to their content, road conditions or route usability or expeditiousness. User assumes all risk of use. MapQuest and its suppliers assume no responsibility for any loss or delay resulting from such use.

Attachment H

Personal Protective Equipment Activity Record

ATTACHMENT H

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ACTIVITY RECORD

| SITE: Autohaus of Rochester, East Roc | hester, New York | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|
| Weather Condition: | Onsite Hours: From | |
| | | То |
| Changes in Personal Protective | | |
| Equipment Levels ^(a) | Work Operations | Reasons for Change |
| | | |
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| | | |
| | | |
| Site Health and Safety Plan Violations | Corrective Action Specified | Corrective Action Taken (yes/no) |
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| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Observations and Comments: | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Completed by: | | |
| Site Health and Safety Officer | | Date |
| (a) Only the Site Health and Safety Off criteria specified in the Health and S | | protective equipment levels, using only |

Attachment I Material Safety Data Sheet





| Health | 2 |
|------------------------|---|
| Fire | 3 |
| Reactivity | 0 |
| Personal Protection | Н |

Material Safety Data Sheet 1,1-Dichloroethane MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: 1,1-Dichloroethane

Catalog Codes: SLD3280

CAS#: 75-34-3

RTECS: KI0175000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: 1,1-Dichloroethane

CI#: Not available.

Synonym:

Chemical Name: 1,1-Dichloroethane

Chemical Formula: C2-H4-Cl2

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|----------------------|---------|-------------|
| {1,1-}Dichloroethane | 75-34-3 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: 1,1-Dichloroethane: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 725 mg/kg [Rat].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2 (Reasonably anticipated.) by NTP. A4 (Not classifiable for human or

animal.) by ACGIH.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Development toxin [POSSIBLE]. The substance is toxic to kidneys, lungs, liver, central nervous system (CNS).

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Do not use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 458°C (856.4°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: -17°C (1.4°F). OPEN CUP: -6°C (21.2°F).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 5.6% UPPER: 11.4%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2), halogenated compounds.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not available.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid.

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid.

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth,

sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapour/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, alkalis.

Storage:

Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ground all equipment containing material. A refrigerated room would be preferable for materials with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 100 STEL: 250 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [1999]

TWA: 100 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL)

Australia: TWA: 200 (ppm)

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid. (Oily liquid.)

Odor: Chloroform like odor (Slight.)

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 98.96 g/mole

Color: Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: 57.3°C (135.1°F)

Melting Point: -96.9°C (-142.4°F)

Critical Temperature: 261.5°C (502.7°F)

Specific Gravity: 1.175 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 180 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: 3.44 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: 120 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties:

Partially dispersed in diethyl ether. See solubility in water, diethyl ether.

Solubility: Partially soluble in diethyl ether.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, alkalis.

Corrosivity: Corrosive in presence of aluminum.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Will attack some forms of plastic and rubber

Polymerization: No.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 725 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2 (Reasonably anticipated.) by NTP. A4 (Not classifiable for human or

animal.) by ACGIH.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Development toxin [POSSIBLE]. The substance is toxic to kidneys, lungs, liver, central nervous system (CNS).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are as toxic as the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification:

CLASS 3: Combustible liquid with a flash point greater than 37.8C (100F).

Marine pollutant

Identification: : 1,1-Dichloroethane : UN2362 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65 (no significant risk level): 1,1-Dichloroethane

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to

cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: 1,1-Dichloroethane

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: 1,1-Dichloroethane

Pennsylvania RTK: 1,1-Dichloroethane

Florida: 1,1-Dichloroethane Minnesota: 1,1-Dichloroethane

Massachusetts RTK: 1,1-Dichloroethane

New Jersey: 1,1-Dichloroethane

New Jersey spill list: 1,1-Dichloroethane TSCA 8(b) inventory: 1,1-Dichloroethane TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 1,1-Dichloroethane

TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: 1,1-Dichloroethane: June 1999

TSCA 12(b) one time export: 1,1-Dichloroethane

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: 1.1-Dichloroethane: 1%

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: 1,1-Dichloroethane: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg)

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R11- Highly flammable.

R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R37/38- Irritating to respiratory system

and skin.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R52- Harmful to aquatic organisms.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat.

Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

Created: 10/09/2005 05:07 PM

Last Updated: 10/09/2005 05:07 PM

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall ScienceLab.com be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if ScienceLab.com has been advised of the possibility of such damages.







Material Safety Data Sheet Acetone MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Acetone

Catalog Codes: SLA3502, SLA1645, SLA3151, SLA3808

CAS#: 67-64-1

RTECS: AL3150000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Acetone

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym: 2-propanone; Dimethyl Ketone; Dimethylformaldehyde; Pyroacetic Acid

Chemical Name: Acetone

Chemical Formula: C3-H6-O

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|---------|---------|-------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Acetone: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5800 mg/kg [Rat]. 3000 mg/kg [Mouse]. 5340 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 50100 mg/m 8 hours [Rat]. 44000 mg/m 4 hours [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male

[SUSPECTED].

The substance is toxic to central nervous system (CNS).

The substance may be toxic to kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, skin.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 465°C (869°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: -20°C (-4°F). OPEN CUP: -9°C (15.8°F) (Cleveland).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 2.6% UPPER: 12.8%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available.

Slightly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of oxidizing materials, of acids.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water.

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Forms explosive mixtures with hydrogen peroxide, acetic acid, nitric acid, nitric acid + sulfuric acid, chromic anydride, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl chloride, hexachloromelamine, nitrosyl perchlorate, nitryl perchlorate, permonosulfuric acid, thiodiglycol + hydrogen peroxide, potassium ter-butoxide, sulfur dichloride, 1-methyl-1,3-butadiene, bromoform, carbon, air, chloroform, thitriazylperchlorate.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid.

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up.. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

Storage:

Store in a segregated and approved area (flammables area). Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Keep away from direct sunlight and heat and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 500 STEL: 750 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 750 STEL: 1000 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]

TWA: 500 STEL: 1000 [Austalia]

TWA: 1185 STEL: 2375 (mg/m3) [Australia]

TWA: 750 STEL: 1500 (ppm) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 1810 STEL: 3620 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)]

TWA: 1800 STEL: 2400 from OSHA (PEL) [United States]Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Fruity. Mint-like. Fragrant. Ethereal

Taste: Pungent, Sweetish

Molecular Weight: 58.08 g/mole

Color: Colorless. Clear

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: 56.2°C (133.2°F)

Melting Point: -95.35 (-139.6°F)

Critical Temperature: 235°C (455°F)

Specific Gravity: 0.79 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 24 kPa (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: 2 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: 62 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: The product is more soluble in water; log(oil/water) = -0.2

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water.

Solubility: Easily soluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Excess heat, ignition sources, exposure to moisture, air, or water, incompatible materials.

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Toxicity to Animals:

WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE.

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 3000 mg/kg [Mouse].

Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 44000 mg/m3 4 hours [Mouse].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male ISUSPECTEDI.

Causes damage to the following organs: central nervous system (CNS).

May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, skin.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

May affect genetic material (mutagenicity) based on studies with yeast (S. cerevisiae), bacteria, and hamster fibroblast cells. May cause reproductive effects (fertility) based upon animal studies.

May contain trace amounts of benzene and formaldehyde which may cancer and birth defects. Human: passes the placental barrier.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: May cause skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Eyes: Causes eye irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury.

Inhalation: Inhalation at high concentrations affects the sense organs, brain and causes respiratory tract irritation. It also may affect the Central Nervous System (behavior) characterized by dizzness, drowsiness, confusion, headache, muscle weakeness, and possibly motor incoordination, speech abnormalities, narcotic effects and coma. Inhalation may also affect the gastrointestinal tract (nausea, vomiting).

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive (gastrointestinal) tract (nausea, vomiting). It may also affect the Central Nevous System (behavior), characterized by depression, fatigue, excitement, stupor, coma, headache, altered sleep time, ataxia, tremors as well at the blood, liver, and urinary system (kidney, bladder, ureter) and endocrine system. May also have musculoskeletal effects.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Skin: May cause dermatitis.

Eyes: Eye irritation.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity in water (LC50): 5540 mg/l 96 hours [Trout]. 8300 mg/l 96 hours [Bluegill]. 7500 mg/l 96 hours [Fatthead Minnow]. 0.1 ppm any hours [Water flea].

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Acetone UNNA: 1090 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause reproductive harm (male) which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene, Formaldehyde

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Acetone

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Acetone

Illinois chemical safety act: Acetone New York release reporting list: Acetone

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Acetone

Pennsylvania RTK: Acetone

Florida: Acetone Minnesota: Acetone

Massachusetts RTK: Acetone Massachusetts spill list: Acetone

New Jersey: Acetone

New Jersey spill list: Acetone Louisiana spill reporting: Acetone

California List of Hazardous Substances (8 CCR 339): Acetone

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Acetone TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Acetone

TSCA 8(a) IUR: Acetone

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R11- Highly flammable.

R36- Irritating to eyes.

S9- Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No

smoking.

S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse

immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 1

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat.

Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References:

-Material safety data sheet issued by: la Commission de la Santé et de la Sécurité du Travail du Québec.

-The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data, Edition II.

-Hawley, G.G.. The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 11e ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinold, 1987.

LOLI, RTECS, HSDB databases.

Other MSDSs

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Material Safety Data Sheet Antimony MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Antimony

Catalog Codes: SLA1453, SLA4462

CAS#: 7440-36-0

RTECS: CC4025000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Antimony

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Stibium

Chemical Name: Not available.

Chemical Formula: Sb

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Antimony | 7440-36-0 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Antimony: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 7000 mg/kg [Rat].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, mucous membranes.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: May be combustible at high temperature.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not available.

Flash Points: Not available.

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Some metallic oxides.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not available.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume hood. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 0.5

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid.

Odor: Not available.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 121.75 g/mole

Color: Not available.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: 1635°C (2975°F)

Melting Point: 630°C (1166°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 6.691 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in cold water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Not available.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 7000 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans: Causes damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver,

mucous membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion.

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Human: passes through the placenta, excreted in maternal milk.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 6.1: Poisonous material.

Identification: : Antimony powder UNNA: UN2871 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Antimony Massachusetts RTK: Antimony TSCA 8(b) inventory: Antimony

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC).

CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC): R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 1

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves.
Lab coat.
Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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| Health | 3 |
|------------------------|---|
| Fire | 1 |
| Reactivity | 2 |
| Personal Protection | E |

Material Safety Data Sheet Arsenic MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Arsenic

Catalog Codes: SLA1006

CAS#: 7440-38-2

RTECS: CG0525000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Arsenic

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym:

Chemical Name: Arsenic

Chemical Formula: As

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|---------|-----------|-------------|
| Arsenic | 7440-38-2 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Arsenic: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 763 mg/kg [Rat]. 145 mg/kg [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A1 (Confirmed for human.) by ACGIH.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance is toxic to kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, mucous membranes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: May be combustible at high temperature.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not available.

Flash Points: Not available.

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Some metallic oxides.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat, of oxidizing materials.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Material in powder form, capable of creating a dust explosion. When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Be careful that the product is not

present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up.. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume hood. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids, moisture.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection: Safety glasses. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 0.01 from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1995] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Lustrous solid.)

Odor: Not available.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 74.92 g/mole

Color: Silvery.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: Not available.

Melting Point: Sublimation temperature: 615°C (1139°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 5.72 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, moisture.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 145 mg/kg [Mouse].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A1 (Confirmed for human.) by ACGIH.

Causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, mucous membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation.

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may

arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are as toxic as the original product.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 6.1: Poisonous material.

Identification: : Arsenic UNNA: UN1558 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Arsenic California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: Arsenic

Pennsylvania RTK: Arsenic Massachusetts RTK: Arsenic TSCA 8(b) inventory: Arsenic

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R45- May cause cancer.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 1

Reactivity: 2

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 2

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves.
Lab coat.
Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Safety glasses.

Section 16: Other Information

References:

- -Hawley, G.G.. The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 11e ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinold, 1987.
- -Liste des produits purs tératogènes, mutagènes, cancérogènes. Répertoire toxicologique de la Commission de la Santé et de la Sécurité du Travail du Québec.
- -Material safety data sheet emitted by: la Commission de la Santé et de la Sécurité du Travail du Québec.
- -SAX, N.I. Dangerous Properties of Indutrial Materials. Toronto, Van Nostrand Reinold, 6e ed. 1984.
- -The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data, Edition II.
- -Guide de la loi et du règlement sur le transport des marchandises dangeureuses au canada. Centre de conformité internatinal Ltée. 1986.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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| Health | 2 |
|------------------------|---|
| Fire | 3 |
| Reactivity | 0 |
| Personal Protection | Н |

Material Safety Data Sheet Chlorobenzene MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Chlorobenzene

Catalog Codes: SLC1654

CAS#: 108-90-7

RTECS: CZ0175000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Chlorobenzene

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Monochlorobenzene

Chemical Name: Not available.

Chemical Formula: C6H5Cl

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|---------------|----------|-------------|
| Chlorobenzene | 108-90-7 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Chlorobenzene: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 1110 mg/kg [Rat]. 2300 mg/kg [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, sensitizer, permeator). Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, sensitizer, permeator).

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance is toxic to kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, mucous membranes.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of vapors may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Do not use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

If the chemical got onto the clothed portion of the body, remove the contaminated clothes as quickly as possible, protecting your own hands and body. Place the victim under a deluge shower. If the chemical got on the victim's exposed skin, such as the hands: Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Inhalation: Not available.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 638°C (1180.4°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: 29.44°C (85°F).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 1.3% UPPER: 7.1%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Flammable in presence of open flames and sparks.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water.

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid.

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep container dry. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapour/spray. Never add water to this product In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes

Storage:

Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ground all equipment containing material. A refrigerated room would be preferable for materials with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 10 (ppm) TWA: 46 (mg/m3)

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Almond-like.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 112.56 g/mole

Color: Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: 132°C (269.6°F)

Melting Point: -45.6°C (-50.1°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 1.1058 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 8.8 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: 3.88 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: 0.2 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, methanol, diethyl ether.

Solubility:

Soluble in methanol, diethyl ether. Very slightly soluble in cold water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Not available.

Corrosivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: No.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 1110 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans: The substance is toxic to kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, mucous membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, sensitizer, permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may

arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Chlorobenzene : UN1134 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Chlorobenzene Massachusetts RTK: Chlorobenzene TSCA 8(b) inventory: Chlorobenzene

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Chlorobenzene

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Chlorobenzene

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R10- Flammable.

R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43- May cause sensitization by skin

contact.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves.
Lab coat.
Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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| Health | 2 |
|------------------------|---|
| Fire | 3 |
| Reactivity | 0 |
| Personal Protection | Н |

Material Safety Data Sheet Ethylbenzene MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Ethylbenzene

Catalog Codes: SLE2044

CAS#: 100-41-4

RTECS: DA0700000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethylbenzene

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Ethyl Benzene; Ethylbenzol; Phenylethane

Chemical Name: Ethylbenzene

Chemical Formula: C8H10

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|--------------|----------|-------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Ethylbenzene: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 3500 mg/kg [Rat].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, sensitizer).

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance may be toxic to central nervous system (CNS).

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. WARM water MUST be used. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 432°C (809.6°F)

Flash Points:

CLOSED CUP: 15°C (59°F). (Tagliabue.) OPEN CUP: 26.667°C (80°F) (Cleveland) (CHRIS, 2001)

CLOSED CUP: 12.8 C (55 F) (Bingham et al, 2001; NIOSH, 2001)

CLOSED CUP: 21 C (70 F) (NFPA)

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 0.8% - 1.6% UPPER: 6.7% - 7%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of heat.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water.

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Vapors may form explosive mixtures in air.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid.

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.

Storage:

Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Sensitive to light. Store in light-resistant containers.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 435 STEL: 545 from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 435 STEL: 545 (mg/m3) from NIOSH [United States] TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) from NIOSH [United States] TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]

TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) [United Kingdom (UK)]

TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) [Belgium] TWA: 100 STEL: 125 (ppm) [Finland]

TWA: 50 (ppm) [Norway]

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Sweetish. Gasoline-like. Aromatic.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 106.16 g/mole

Color: Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: 136°C (276.8°F)

Melting Point: -94.9 (-138.8°F)

Critical Temperature: 617.15°C (1142.9°F)

Specific Gravity: 0.867 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 0.9 kPa (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: 3.66 (Air = 1)

Volatility: 100% (v/v).

Odor Threshold: 140 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: The product is more soluble in oil; log(oil/water) = 3.1

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, diethyl ether.

Solubility:

Easily soluble in diethyl ether.

Very slightly soluble in cold water or practically insoluble in water.

Soluble in all proportions in Ethyl alcohol. Soluble in Carbon tetrachloride, Benzene.

Insoluble in Ammonia.

Slightly soluble in Chloroform.

Solubility in Water: 169 mg/l @ 25 deg. C.; 0.014 g/100 ml @ 15 deg. C.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Heat, ingnition sources (flames, sparks, static), incompatible materials, light

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents.

Corrosivity: Not considered to be corrosive for metals and glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.

Sensitive to light.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Inhalation.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 3500 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast.

May cause damage to the following organs: central nervous system (CNS).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation.

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:

Lethal Dose/Conc 50% Kill:

LD50 [Rabbit] - Route: Skin; Dose: 17800 ul/kg

Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Conc:

LDL[Rat] - Route: Inhalation (vapor); Dose: 4000 ppm/4 H

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

May cause adverse reproductive effects and birth defects (teratogenic) based on animal test data.

May cause cancer based on animals data. IARC evidence for carcinogenicity in animals is sufficient. IARC evidence of carcinogenicity in humans inadequate.

May affect genetic material (mutagenic).

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: Can cause mild skin irritation. It can be absorbed through intact skin.

Eyes: Contact with vapor or liquid can cause severe eye irritation depending on concentration. It may also cause conjunctivitis. At a vapor exposure level of 85 - 200 ppm, it is mildly and transiently irritating to the eyes; 1000 ppm causes further irritation and tearing; 2000 ppm results in immediate and severe irritation and tearing; 5,000 ppm is intolerable (ACGIH, 1991; Clayton and Clayton, 1994). Standard draize test for eye irritation using 500 mg resulted in severe irritation (RTECS)

Inhalation: Exposure to high concentrations can cause nasal, mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation and can also result in chest constriction and, trouble breathing, respiratory failure, and even death. It can also affect behavior/Central Nervous System. The effective dose for CNS depression in experimental animals was 10,000 ppm (ACGIH, 1991). Symptoms of CNS depression include headache, nausea, weakness, dizziness, vertigo, irritability, fatigue, lightheadedness, sleepiness, tremor, loss of coordination, judgement and conciousness, coma, and death. It can also cause pulmonary edema. Inhalation of 85 ppm can produce fatigue, insomnia, headache, and mild irritation of the respiratory tract (Haley & Berndt, 1987).

Ingestion: Do not drink, pipet or siphon by mouth. May cause gastroinestinal/digestive tract irritation with Abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting. Ethylbenzene is a pulmonary aspiration hazard. Pulmonary aspiration of even small amounts of the liquid may cause fatal pneumonitis. It may also affect behavior/central nervous system with

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity in water (LC50): 14 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Trout)] (static). 12.1 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Fathead Minnow)] (flow-through)]. 150 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Blue Gill/Sunfish)] (static). 275 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Sheepshead Minnow)]. 42.3 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Fathead Minnow)](soft water). 87.6mg/l 96 hours [Shrimp].

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Ethylbenzene UNNA: 1175 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Ethylbenzene

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Ethylbenzene

Illinois chemical safety act: Ethylbenzene New York release reporting list: Ethylbenzene

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Ethylbenzene

Pennsylvania RTK: Ethylbenzene

Minnesota: Ethylbenzene

Massachusetts RTK: Ethylbenzene Massachusetts spill list: Ethylbenzene

New Jersey: Ethylbenzene

New Jersey spill list: Ethylbenzene Louisiana spill reporting: Ethylbenzene

California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Ethylbenzene

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethylbenzene

TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: Ethylbenzene

TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: Ethylbenzene: Effective Date: 6/19/87; Sunset Date: 6/19/97

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Ethylbenzene

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

CLASSE D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R11- Highly flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No

smoking.

S24/25- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S29- Do not empty into drains.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves.
Lab coat.
Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References:

- -Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet.
- -Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials, 13th ed., Nationial Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
- -Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)
- -Chemical Hazard Response Information System (CHRIS)
- -Hazardous Substance Data Bank (HSDB)
- -New Jersey Hazardous Substance Fact Sheet
- -Ariel Global View
- -Reprotext System

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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| Health | 1 |
|------------------------|---|
| Fire | 2 |
| Reactivity | 1 |
| Personal Protection | E |

Material Safety Data Sheet Iron Metal MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Iron Metal

Catalog Codes: SLI2047, SLI1996

CAS#: 7439-89-6

RTECS: NO4565500

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Iron Metal

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym:

Chemical Name: Iron

Chemical Formula: Fe

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|--------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Iron Metal, powder | 7439-89-6 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Not applicable.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects: Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance may be toxic to liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, pancreas. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation: Not available.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not available.

Flash Points: Not available.

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Some metallic oxides.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Flammable in presence of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available.

Explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Chlorine Trifluoride reacts with iron with incandescence.

Powdered iron reacts with fluorine below redness with incandescence.

Reduced iron decomposes with nitrogen dioxide @ ordinary temperature with incandescence.

Reacting mass formed by mixture of phosphorus and iron can become incandescent when heated. This material is flammable in powder form only.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Material in powdered form can explode when exposed to heat or flame

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water

on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Moisture sensitive.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection: Safety glasses. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits: Not available.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Solid metallic powder.)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Tasteless.

Molecular Weight: 55.85 g/mole

Color: Black to Grey.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: 3000°C (5432°F)

Melting Point: 1535°C (2795°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: Density: 7.86 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in cold water, hot water, diethyl ether.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Excess heat, ignition sources, incompatible materials, water/moisture, air, dust generation.

Incompatibility with various substances:

Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids. Slightly reactive to reactive with moisture.

Corrosivity: Not considered to be corrosive for metals and glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Hot iron(wire) burns in Chlorine gas.

Violent decompositon of hydrogen peroxide (53% by weight or greater) may be caused by contact with iron.

Readily oxidizes in moist air forming rust.

Reactive with halogens.

Incompatible with acetaldehyde, ammonium peroxodisulfate, chloroformamidinum, chloric acid, ammonium nitrate, dinitorgen tetroxide, nitryl fluoride, polystyrene, sodium acetylide, potassium dichromate, peroxyformic acid, sulfuric acid, sodium carbide.

Readily attacked by dilute mineral acids and or attacked or dissolved by organic acids. Not appreciably attacked by cold sulfuric acid, or nitric acid, but is attacked by hot acids.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 30000 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans: May cause damage to the following organs: liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory

tract, pancreas.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans: Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin:

Iron metal filings or dust: May cause skin irritation by mechanical action.

Iron metal wire: Not likely to cause skin irritation

Eves:

Iron metal filings or dust: Can irritate eyes by mechanical action.

Iron metal wire: No hazard. Will not cause eye irritation.

Inhalation:

Iron dust: Can irritate the respiratory tract by mechanical action.

Iron metal wire or filings: Not an inhalation hazard unless metal is heated. If metal is heated, fumes will be released. Inhalation of these fumes may cause "fume metal fever", which is characterized by flu-like symptoms. Symptoms may include metallic taste, fever, nausea, vomiting, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, generalized muscle pain/aches, and increased white blood cell count.

Ingestion:

Iron metal wire: Not an ingestion hazard:

Iron metal filings or dust: The amount of ingested iron which constitutes a toxic dose is not well defined. Proposed toxic doses of elemental iron are 20 mg/kg for gastrointestinal irritation to greater than 60 mg/kg for systemic toxicity. Gastrointestinal effects are the first signs to appear, with hemorrhagic vomiting and diarrhea, hematochezia, abdominal pain, lethargy, metabolic acidosis, coagulaopathy, shock, coma and convulsions developing from 0 to 6 hours after ingestion. Leukocytosis may also occur. An asymptomatic phase may ensue at 6 to 12 hours postingestion, followed by hypoglycemia or hyperglycemia, hepatic and renal failure, severe acidosis, cyanosis, fever, CNS depression (lethargy, restlessness and/or confusion seizures), hypotension, and cardiovascular collapse/cardiac failure in 12 to 48 hours. Hepatic cirrhosis, gastrointestinal scarring and/or strictures may arise in 2 to 6 weeks. It may also cause an anaphylactoid reaction. Non-cardiogenic pulmonary edema also develop in severe cases of iron intoxication.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation: Chronic inhalation of iron dust can lead to accumulation in the lungs and a characteristic stippled appearance on X-rays. This condition, called SIDEROSIS, is considered benign in that it does not interfere with lung function and does not predispose to other disease. Chronic inhalation of iron dust may also cause fibrosis in the lungs.

Ingestion: Clinical signs of iron overload appear when the total body iron is 5 to 10 times higher than normal. Neurobehavioral defects including depression, decreased activity, habituation, reflex startle, and conditioned avoidance response performance may occur. However, similiar effects were also seen in iron defficiency. It is therefore likely that these behavioral effects are secondary to general toxicity. High serum iron levels may be associated with an increased risk of fatal acute myocardial infarction (MI).

Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause hypersensivity.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 4.1: Flammable solid.

Identification: : Metal powder, flammable, n.o.s. (Iron metal powder) UNNA: 3089 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Iron Metal

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Iron Metal

Other Regulations: EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): CLASS B-4: Flammable solid.

DSCL (EEC):

R11- Highly flammable.

S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No

smoking.

S22- Do not breathe dust.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 1

Fire Hazard: 2

Reactivity: 1

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 1

Flammability: 2

Reactivity: 1

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves Lab coat.

Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator

when ventilation is inadequate.

Safety glasses.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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| Health | 1 |
|------------------------|---|
| Fire | 3 |
| Reactivity | 2 |
| Personal Protection | Е |

Material Safety Data Sheet Magnesium MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Magnesium

Catalog Codes: SLM4408, SLM2263, SLM3637

CAS#: 7439-95-4

RTECS: OM2100000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Magnesium

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym: Magnesium ribbons, turnings or sticks

Chemical Name: Magnesium

Chemical Formula: Mg

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| Magnesium | 7439-95-4 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Magnesium LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects: Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

Repeated or prolonged exposure is not known to aggravate medical condition.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at

least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not available.

Flash Points: Not available.

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Some metallic oxides.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Flammable in presence of acids, of moisture.

Non-flammable in presence of shocks.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available.

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Explosive in presence of acids, of moisture.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable solid.

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure

build-up, autoignition or explosion.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Magnesium turnings, chips or granules, ribbons, are flammable. They can be easily ignited. They may reignite after fire is extinguished. Produces flammable gases on contact with water and acid. May ignite on contact with water or moist air.

Magnesium fires do not flare up violently unless moisture is present.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Reacts with acids and water to form hydrogen gas with is highly flammable and eplosive

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Flammable solid.

Stop leak if without risk. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Call for assistance on disposal.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not breathe dust. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids, moisture.

Storage:

Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Moisture sensitive. Dangerous when wet.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection: Safety glasses. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits: Not available.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Metal solid)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 24.31 g/mole

Color: Silver-white

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: 1100°C (2012°F)

Melting Point: 651°C (1203.8°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 1.74 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility:

Very slightly soluble in hot water.

Insoluble in cold water.

Insoluble in chromium trioxides, and mineral acids, alkalies.

Slightly soluble with decomposition in hot water.

Soluble in concentrated hydrogen fluoride, and ammonium salts.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Heat, incompatible materials, water or moisture, moist air.

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, moisture.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Violent chemical reaction with oxidizing agents.

Reacts with water to create hydrogen gas and heat. Must be kept dry.

Reacts with acids to form hydrogen gas which is highly flammable and explosive.

Magnesium forms hazardous or explosive mixtures with aluminum and potassium perchlorate; ammonium nitrate; barium nitrate, barium dioxide and zinc; beryllium oxide; boron phosphodiiodide; bromobenzyl trifluoride; cadmium cyanide; cadmium oxide; calcium carbide; carbonates; carbon tetrachloride; chlorine; chlorine trifluoride; chloroform; cobalt cyanide; copper cyanide; copper sulfate(anhydrous), ammonium nitrate, potassium chlorate and water; cupric oxide; cupric sulfate; fluorine; gold cyanide; hydrogen and calcium carbonate; hydrogen iodide; hydrogen peroxide; iodine; lead cyanide; mercuric oxide; mercury cyanide; methyl chloride; molybdenum trioxide; nickel cyanide; nitric acid; nitrogen dioxide; oxygen (liquid); performic acid; phosphates; potassium chlorate; potassium perchlorate; silver nitrate; silver oxide; sodium perchlorate; sodium peroxide; sodium peroxide and carbon dioxide; stannic oxide; sulfates; trichloroethylene; zinc cyanide; zinc oxide.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans: Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: May cause skin irritation by mechanical action. May get mechanical injury or embedding of chips/particles in skin. The particles that are embedded in the wounds may retard healing.

Eyes: May cause eye irritation by mechanical action. Mechanical injury may occur. Particles or chips may embed in eye and retard healing.

Inhalation: Low hazard for ususal industrial handling. It may cause respiratory tract irritation. However, it is unlikely due to physical form. When Magnesium metal is heated during welding or smelting process, Metal Fume Fever may result from inhalation of magnesium fumes. Metal Fume Fever is a flu-like condition consisting of fever, chills, sweating, aches, pains, cough, weakness, headache, nausea, vomiting, and breathing difficulty. Other symptoms may include metallic taste, increased white blood cell count. There is no permanent ill-effect. Ingestion: Low hazard for usual industrial handling. There are no known reports of serious industrial poisonings with Magnesium. Ingeston of large amounts of chips, turnings or ribbons may cause gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Acute ingestion may also result in Hypermagnesia. Hypermagnesia may cause hypotension, bradycardia, CNS depression, respiratory depression, and impairment of neuromuscular transmission (hyporeflexia, paralysis).

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 4.1: Flammable solid.

Identification: : Magnesium UNNA: 1869 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Magnesium Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Magnesium

Pennsylvania RTK: Magnesium

Massachusetts RTK: Magnesium Massachusetts spill list: Magnesium

New Jersey: Magnesium

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Magnesium

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-4: Flammable solid.

CLASS B-6: Reactive and very flammable material.

DSCL (EEC):

R11- Highly flammable.

R15- Contact with water liberates

extremely flammable gases.

S7/8- Keep container tightly closed and dry.

S43- In case of fire, use dry chemical. Never

use water.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 1

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 2

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 0

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 1

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat.

Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator

when ventilation is inadequate.

Safety glasses.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Last Updated: 10/09/2005 06:00 PM

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Material Safety Data Sheet Manganese MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Manganese

Catalog Codes: SLM2245

CAS#: 7439-96-5

RTECS: OO9275000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Manganese

CI#: Not available.

Synonym:

Chemical Name: Manganese

Chemical Formula: Mn

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Manganese: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 9000 mg/kg [Rat].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance may be toxic to blood, lungs, brain, central nervous system (CNS). Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation: Not available.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not applicable.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Moderate fire potential, in the form of dust or powder, when exposed to flame.

When manganese if heated in the vapor of phosphorus at a very dull red heat, union occurs with incandescence.

Concentrated nitric acid reacts with powdered manganese with incandescence and explosion.

Powdered manganese ignites in chlorine.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Moderate explosion potential, in the form of dust or powder, when exposed to flame.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water

on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store above

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection: Safety glasses. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 0.1 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]

TWA: 5 (mg/m3) [Canada]

TWA: 1 STEL: 3 (mg/m3) from NIOSH [United States]

TWA: 5 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid.

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 54.94 g/mole

Color: Grayish white.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: 2095°C (3803°F)

Melting Point: 1244°C (2271.2°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 7.44 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Incompatible materials

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Superficially oxidized on exposure to air.

Reacts with aqueous solutions of sodium or potassium bicarbonate.

Reacts with dilute mineral acids with evolution of hydrogen and formation of divalent manganous salts.

Reacts with fluorine and chlorine to produce di or tri fluoride, and di and tri chloride, respectively.

In the form of powder, it reduces most metallic oxides on heating.

On heating, it reacts directly with carbon, phosphorus, antimony, or arsenic.

Also incompatible with hydroxides, cyanides, carbonates.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 9000 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans: May cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of inhalation.

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

Manganese can cross the placenta.

May cause cancer (tumorigenic) based on animal data.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: May cause skin irritaiton

Eyes: Dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. May cause "Metal Fume Fever" which may include flu-like symptoms (fever, chills, upset stomach, vomiting, weakness, headache, body aches, muscle pains, dry mouth and throat, coughing, tightness of the chest). May affect behavior/Central Nervous system (change in motor activity, torpor, nervousness, tremor, yawning, mood swings, irritability, restlessness, fatigue, headache, apathy, languor, insomnia than somnolence, hallucinations, delusions, uncontrollable laughter followed by crying, compulsions, aggressivness, weakness in legs, memory loss, decreased libido, impotence, salivation, hearing loss, slow gait,), and respiration (dyspnea, shallow respiration, cyanosis, alveolar inflammation).

Ingestion: Repeated or prolonged exposure from ingestion may affect brain (degenerative changes), blood and

metabolism.

Ingestion: May cause digestive tract irritation. There is a low gastrointesitnal absorption of manganese.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation: Repeated or prolonged exposure from inhalation may affect brain (degeneratiave changes),

behavior/Central Nervous system with symptoms to acute exposure. May also affect liver (chronic liver disease,

jaundice)

Ingestion: Repeated or prolonged exposure from ingestion may affect brain, blood and metabolism

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

Identification: Not applicable.

Special Provisions for Transport: Not applicable.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Manganese

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Manganese

Pennsylvania RTK: Manganese

Minnesota: Manganese

Massachusetts RTK: Manganese

New Jersey: Manganese

New Jersey spill list: Manganese Louisiana spill reporting: Manganese

California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Manganese

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Manganese

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Manganese

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

DSCL (EEC): Not applicable.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 1

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 1

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat.

Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or

equivalent.
Safety glasses.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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| Health | 3 |
|------------------------|---|
| Fire | 3 |
| Reactivity | 2 |
| Personal Protection | E |

Material Safety Data Sheet Sodium MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Sodium

Catalog Codes: SLS3505

CAS#: 7440-23-5

RTECS: VY0686000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sodium

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym: Natrium

Chemical Name: Sodium

Chemical Formula: Na

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|--------|-----------|-------------|
| Sodium | 7440-23-5 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Sodium LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

Repeated or prolonged exposure is not known to aggravate medical condition.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Do not use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 115°C (239°F)

Flash Points: Not available.

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Some metallic oxides.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Extremely flammable in presence of moisture.

Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable solid. Moisture reactive material.

SMALL FIRE: Obtain advice on use of water. Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Do not use water jet.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Flammable solid that, in contact with water, emits flammable gases.

Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Call for assistance on disposal.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep under inert atmosphere. Keep container dry. Do not breathe dust. Never add water to this product In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Avoid contact with skin and eyes Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids, moisture.

Storage:

Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ground all equipment containing material. Keep container dry. Keep in a cool place.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits: Not available.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Metal solid.)

Odor: Not available.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 22.99 g/mole

Color: Silvery.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: 881.4°C (1618.5°F)

Melting Point: 97.8°C (208°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 0.97 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances:

Highly reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, moisture.

The product reacts violently with water to emit flammable but non toxic gases.

Corrosivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: No.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant).

Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Material is destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper

respiratory tract.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 4.3: Material that emits flammable gases on contact with water.

Identification: : Sodium: UN1428 PG: I

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Sodium Massachusetts RTK: Sodium TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sodium

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Sodium

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R17- Spontaneously flammable in air.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 2

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 2

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves.
Lab coat.
Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References:

- -Hawley, G.G.. The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 11e ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinold, 1987.
- -SAX, N.I. Dangerous Properties of Indutrial Materials. Toronto, Van Nostrand Reinold, 6e ed. 1984.
- -The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data, Edition II.
- -Guide de la loi et du règlement sur le transport des marchandises dangeureuses au canada. Centre de conformité internatinal Ltée. 1986.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Material Safety Data Sheet Toluene MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Toluene

Catalog Codes: SLT2857, SLT3277

CAS#: 108-88-3

RTECS: XS5250000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Toluene

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Toluol, Tolu-Sol; Methylbenzene; Methacide;

Phenylmethane; Methylbenzol

Chemical Name: Toluene

Chemical Formula: C6-H5-CH3 or C7-H8

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|---------|----------|-------------|
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 100 |
| | | |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Toluene: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 636 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 14100 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 49000 mg/m 4 hours [Rat]. 440 ppm 24 hours [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance may be toxic to blood, kidneys, the nervous system, liver, brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 480°C (896°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: 4.4444°C (40°F). (Setaflash) OPEN CUP: 16°C (60.8°F).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 1.1% UPPER: 7.1%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Non-flammable in presence of shocks.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, insoluble in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Toluene forms explosive reaction with 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolididione; dinitrogen tetraoxide;

concentrated nitric acid, sulfuric acid + nitric acid; N2O4; AgClO4; BrF3; Uranium hexafluoride; sulfur dichloride. Also forms an explosive mixture with tetranitromethane.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Toxic flammable liquid, insoluble or very slightly soluble in water.

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents.

Storage:

Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 200 STEL: 500 CEIL: 300 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]

TWA: 50 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] SKIN TWA: 100 STEL: 150 from NIOSH [United States]

TWA: 375 STEL: 560 (mg/m3) from NIOSH [United States] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Sweet, pungent, Benzene-like.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 92.14 g/mole

Color: Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: 110.6°C (231.1°F)

Melting Point: -95°C (-139°F)

Critical Temperature: 318.6°C (605.5°F)

Specific Gravity: 0.8636 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 3.8 kPa (@ 25°C)

Vapor Density: 3.1 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: 1.6 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: The product is more soluble in oil; log(oil/water) = 2.7

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, diethyl ether, acetone.

Solubility:

Soluble in diethyl ether, acetone. Practically insoluble in cold water.

Soluble in ethanol, benzene, chloroform, glacial acetic acid, carbon disulfide.

Solubility in water: 0.561 g/l @ 25 deg. C.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Heat, ignition sources (flames, sparks, static), incompatible materials

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Incompatible with strong oxidizers, silver perchlorate, sodium difluoride, Tetranitromethane, Uranium Hexafluoride.

Frozen Bromine Trifluoride reacts violently with Toluene at -80 deg. C.

Reacts chemically with nitrogen oxides, or halogens to form nitrotoluene, nitrobenzene, and nitrophenol and halogenated products, respectively.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE.

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 636 mg/kg [Rat].

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 14100 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 440 24 hours [Mouse].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC.

May cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, the nervous system, liver, brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:

Lowest Published Lethal Dose:

LDL [Human] - Route: Oral; Dose: 50 mg/kg

LCL [Rabbit] - Route: Inhalation; Dose: 55000 ppm/40min

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

Detected in maternal milk in human. Passes through the placental barrier in human. Embryotoxic and/or foetotoxic in animal. May cause adverse reproductive effects and birth defects (teratogenic). May affect genetic material (mutagenic)

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: Causes mild to moderate skin irritation. It can be absorbed to some extent through the skin. Eyes: Causes mild to moderate eye irritation with a burning sensation. Splash contact with eyes also causes conjunctivitis, blepharospasm, corneal edema, corneal abraisons. This usually resolves in 2 days. Inhalation: Inhalation of vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation causing coughing and wheezing, and nasal discharge. Inhalation of high concentrations may affect behavior and cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, tremors, restlessness, lightheadedness, exhilaration, memory loss, insomnia, impaired reaction time, drowsiness, ataxia, hallucinations, somnolence, muscle contraction or spasticity, unconsciousness and coma. Inhalation of high concentration of vapor may also affect the cardiovascular system (rapid heart beat, heart palpitations, increased or decreased blood pressure, dysrhythmia,), respiration (acute pulmonary edema, respiratory depression, apnea, asphyxia), cause vision disturbances and dilated pupils, and cause loss of appetite.

Ingestion: Aspiration hazard. Aspiration of Toluene into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause irritation of the digestive tract with nausea, vomiting, pain. May have effects similar to that of acute inhalation. Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation and Ingestion: Prolonged or repeated exposure via inhalation may cause central nervous system and cardiovascular symptoms similar to that of acute inhalation and ingestion as well liver damage/failure, kidney damage/failure (with hematuria, proteinuria, oliguria, renal tubular acidosis), brain damage, weight loss, blood (pigmented or nucleated red blood cells, changes in white blood cell count), bone marrow changes, electrolyte imbalances (Hypokalemia, Hypophostatemia), severe, muscle weakness and Rhabdomyolysis.

Skin: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause defatting dermatitis.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity in water (LC50): 313 mg/l 48 hours [Daphnia (daphnia)]. 17 mg/l 24 hours [Fish (Blue Gill)]. 13 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Blue Gill)]. 56 mg/l 24 hours [Fish (Fathead minnow)]. 34 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Fathead minnow)]. 56.8 ppm any hours [Fish (Goldfish)].

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may

arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Toluene UNNA: 1294 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Toluene

California prop. 65 (no significant risk level): Toluene: 7 mg/day (value)

California prop. 65 (acceptable daily intake level): Toluene: 7 mg/day (value)

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to

cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Toluene

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Toluene

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Toluene

Illinois chemical safety act: Toluene New York release reporting list: Toluene

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Toluene

Pennsylvania RTK: Toluene

Florida: Toluene Minnesota: Toluene

Michigan critical material: Toluene Massachusetts RTK: Toluene Massachusetts spill list: Toluene

New Jersey: Toluene

New Jersey spill list: Toluene Louisiana spill reporting: Toluene

California Director's List of Hazardous Substances.: Toluene

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Toluene

TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: Toluene: Effective date: 10/04/82; Sunset Date: 10/0/92

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Toluene CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Toluene: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg)

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R11- Highly flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No

smoking.

S25- Avoid contact with eyes.

S29- Do not empty into drains.

S33- Take precautionary measures against

static discharges.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat.

Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator

when ventilation is inadequate.

Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Material Safety Data Sheet Xylenes MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Xylenes

Catalog Codes: SLX1075, SLX1129, SLX1042, SLX1096

CAS#: 1330-20-7

RTECS: ZE2100000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Xylenes

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; xylol; methyltoluene

Chemical Name: Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Chemical Formula: C6H4(CH3)2

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

| Name | CAS# | % by Weight |
|---------|-----------|-------------|
| Xylenes | 1330-20-7 | 100 |

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Xylenes: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat]. 2119 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >1700 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance may be toxic to blood, kidneys, liver, mucous membranes, bone marrow, central nervous system

(CNS).

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 464°C (867.2°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: 24°C (75.2°F). (Tagliabue.) OPEN CUP: 37.8°C (100°F).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 1% UPPER: 7%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Non-flammable in presence of shocks.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available.

Slightly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water.

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Containers may explode when heated.

May polymerize explosively when heated.

An attempt to chlorinate xylene with 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidindione (dichlorohydrantoin) caused a violent explosion

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid.

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids.

Storage:

Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 100 (ppm) [Canada] TWA: 435 (mg/m3) [Canada]

TWA: 434 STEL: 651 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Sweetish.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 106.17 g/mole

Color: Colorless. Clear

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: 138.5°C (281.3°F)

Melting Point: -47.4°C (-53.3°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 0.864 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 0.9 kPa (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: $3.7 ext{ (Air = 1)}$

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: 1 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: The product is more soluble in oil; log(oil/water) = 3.1

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility:

Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Miscible with absolute alcohol, ether, and many other organic liquids.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Heat, ignition sources, incompatibles

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Store away from acetic acid, nitric acid, chlorine, bromine, and fluorine.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Toxicity to Animals:

WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE.

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2119 mg/kg [Mouse].

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >1700 mg/kg [Rabbit]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 5000 4 hours [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC.

May cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, mucous membranes, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:

Lowest Lethal Dose:

LDL [Human] - Route: Oral; Dose: 50 mg/kg LCL [Man] - Route: Oral; Dose: 10000 ppm/6H

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

Detected in maternal milk in human. Passes through the placental barrier in animal. Embryotoxic and/or foetotoxic in animal.

May cause adverse reproductive effects (male and femael fertility (spontaneous abortion and fetotoxicity)) and birth defects based animal data.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: Causes skin irritation. Can be absorbed through skin.

Eyes: Causes eye irritation.

Inhalation: Vapor causes respiratory tract and mucous membrane irritation. May affect central nervous system and behavior (General anesthetic/CNS depressant with effects including headache, weakness, memory loss, irritability, dizziness, giddiness, loss of coordination and judgement, respiratory depression/arrest or difficulty breathing, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, shivering, and possible coma and death). May also affects blood, sense organs, liver, and peripheral nerves.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation including abdominal pain, vomiting, and nausea. May also affect liver and urinary system/kidneys. May cause effects similar to those of acute inhalation.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Chronic inhalation may affect the urinary system (kidneys) blood (anemia), bone marrow (hyperplasia of bone marrow) brain/behavior/Central Nervous system. Chronic inhalation may alsocause mucosal bleeding. Chronic ingestion may affect the liver and metabolism (loss of appetite) and may affect urinary system (kidney damage)

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Xylenes UNNA: 1307 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Xylenes

Illinois chemical safety act: Xylenes

New York acutely hazardous substances: Xylenes Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Xylenes

Pennsylvania RTK: Xylenes

Minnesota: Xylenes

Michigan critical material: Xylenes Massachusetts RTK: Xylenes Massachusetts spill list: Xylenes

New Jersey: Xylenes New Jersey spill list: Xylenes Louisiana spill reporting: Xylenes

California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Xylenes

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Xylenes

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Xylenes

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Xylenes CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Xylenes: 100 lbs. (45.36 kg)

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R10- Flammable.

R21- Harmful in contact with skin.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and

gloves.

S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat.

Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

Created: 10/11/2005 12:54 PM

Last Updated: 10/11/2005 12:54 PM

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Appendix B Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum



Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum Autohaus of Rochester (8-28-084), East Rochester, New York

Prepared for

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233



Prepared by

EA Engineering, P.C., and Its Affiliate EA Science and Technology 6712 Brooklawn Parkway, Suite 104 Syracuse, New York 13211 (315) 431-4610

> October 2007 Revision: FINAL EA Project No. 14474.05

Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum Autohaus of Rochester (8-28-084), East Rochester, New York

Prepared for

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233



Prepared by

EA Engineering, P.C. and Its Affiliate EA Science and Technology 6712 Brooklawn Parkway, Suite 104 Syracuse, New York 13211 (315) 431-4610

Christopher J. Canonica, P.E., Program Manager EA Engineering, P.C.

8 October 2007

Date

n 0 + 10

8 October 2007

Maureen S. Whalen, C.P.G., Project Manager EA Science and Technology

Date

October 2007 Revision: FINAL Project No.: 14474.05

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| 2. | . PROJECT ORGANIZATION | ON AND RESPONSIBILITIES | 2 |
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| 5. | . ANALYTICAL TEST PAI | TORY | 6 |

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|---------------|---|
| 1 | Site monitoring analytical program. |
| 2 | Sample containers, preservation, and holding times. |

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1. PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES

1.1 PURPOSE

A Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) (EA 2006)¹ has been developed for field activities performed under the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Standby Contracts D004438 and D004441. This QAPP Addendum is for the Site Management Plan Work Assignment for the Autohaus of Rochester Site, East Rochester (Town of Perinton), Monroe County, New York (NYSDEC Site No. 8-28-084). The QAPP Addendum is to supplement the Generic QAPP with site-specific procedures for the collection, analysis, and evaluation of data that will be legally and scientifically defensible.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN OBJECTIVES

This QAPP Addendum provides site-specific information and standard operating procedures applicable to all work performed at the site that is not included in the Generic QAPP. The information includes definitions and generic goals for data quality and required types and quantities of quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples. The procedures address sampling and decontamination protocols; field documentation; sample handling, custody, and shipping; instrument calibration and maintenance; auditing; data reduction, validation, and reporting; corrective action requirements; and QA reporting. The Site Management Plan contains a site description and information on site field activities, such as sample locations, sampling procedures, analytical methods, and reporting limits.

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EA Engineering, P.C. 2006. Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Work Assignments under NYSDEC Contracts D004438 and D004441. June.

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2. PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

While all personnel involved in an investigation and the generation of data are implicitly a part of the overall project management and QA/QC program, certain members of the Project Team have specifically designated responsibilities. Project personnel responsibilities are summarized below.

2.1 EA ENGINEERING, P.C. AND ITS AFFILIATE EA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

EA will provide oversight, coordination, health and safety, field support, and evaluation of analytical data. Field support will be provided during subsurface soil sampling. EA also will be responsible for evaluation of analytical test results, which will be submitted to NYSDEC. The EA staff involved in this project are as follows:

- Chris Canonica, P.E., Certifying Engineer—The Certifying Engineer will provide guidance on technical matters and review technical documents relating to the project. He will evaluate information relative to the site, make recommendations for plan modifications when applicable, and delegate technical guidance to specially trained individuals under his direction. Additionally, he will provide professional engineer certification on all reports issued as part of this work assignment.
- *Maureen S. Whalen, C.P.G., EA Project Manager*—The Project Manager provides overall coordination and preparation of the project within EA. This includes coordination with NYSDEC and New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH), budget control, subcontractor performance, implementation of the QAPP, and allocation of resources and staffing to implement both the QA/QC program and the site Health and Safety Plan.
- Scott Graham, C.P.G., EA Project QA/QC Coordinator—The Project QA/QC Coordinator is responsible for project-specific supervision and monitoring of the QA/QC program. He will ensure that field personnel are familiar with and adhere to proper sampling procedures, field measurement techniques, sample identification, and chain-of-custody procedures. He will coordinate with the analytical laboratory for the receipt of samples and reporting of analytical results, and will recommend actions to correct deficiencies in the analytical protocol or sampling. Additionally, he will prepare QA/QC reports for management review.
- *Kris Charney/David Crandall, EA Site Managers*—The Site Manager will serve as the onsite contact person for field investigations and tests. He will be responsible for coordinating the field activities; including inspecting and replacing equipment, preparing daily and interim reports, scheduling sampling, and coordinating shipment and receipt of samples and containers.

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The Program Health and Safety Officer is also an integral part of the project implementation team.

• **Peter Garger, EA Program Health and Safety Officer**—The Program Health and Safety Officer will be responsible for the development, final technical review, and approval of the Health and Safety Plan. In addition, he will provide authorization, if warranted, to modify personal protective equipment requirements based on field conditions. He will also provide final review of all safety and health monitoring records and personal protective equipment changes to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Health and Safety Plan.

2.2 LABORATORY

Laboratory analyses for this project will be performed by Life Science Laboratory in Syracuse, New York under a subcontract agreement with EA. Environmental Data Validation, Inc. will have sample analysis and review responsibilities on this project. The laboratory will have its own provisions for conducting an internal QA/QC review of the data before they are released to EA. The laboratory's contract supervisors will contact EA's Project Manager with any sample discrepancies or data concerns.

Hardcopy and electronic data deliverable formatted QA/QC reports will be filed by the analytical laboratories when data are submitted to EA. Corrective actions will be reported to the EA Project Manager along with the QA/QC report (Section 9 of the Generic QAPP). The laboratories may be contacted directly by EA or NYSDEC personnel to discuss QA concerns. EA will act as laboratory coordinator on this project, and all correspondence from the laboratories will be coordinated with EA's Project Manager.

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3. SAMPLING RATIONALE, DESIGNATION, AND CONTAINERS

3.1 SAMPLING RATIONALE

The sampling rationale is presented for each planned field activity is detailed in the Site Management Plan (EA 2007)². The rationale and frequency of the QC samples collected is discussed in the Generic QAPP. The site characterization laboratory program, illustrated in Table 1 includes the number of samples for each sample location, as well as QA/QC samples. The frequency of QA/QC samples are expressed as a percentage of the total number of samples collected for that matrix. The Generic QAPP also includes analytical methods and reporting limits.

3.2 SAMPLE DESIGNATION

Field samples collected from the site will be assigned a unique sample tracking number. Sample designation will be an alpha-numeric code, which will identify each sample by the site identification, matrix sampled, location number, sequential sample number (or depth of top-of-sample interval for excavation soil samples), and date of collection. Each sampling location will be identified with a two-digit number. Sequential sample numbers at each location for samples will begin with 01 and increase accordingly. For soil borings, the top depth of the sample interval will be used as the sample number. The final portion of the sample tracking number will be the sample date.

The following terminology will be used for the sample identification:

Groundwater Samples

— SITE ID-MW-1 through 13-S and 89 (for monitoring wells)

3.3 SAMPLE CONTAINERS

Table 2 outlines the types of sample containers and preservatives required for sample collection. It should be noted that liquid waste samples, which exhibit an oily characteristic, do not require acid preservation.

² EA Engineering, P.C. 2007. Site Management Plan for Autohaus of Rochester (Site No. 8-28-084) in Livonia, New York *New York*. June.

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4. ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

The data collected during this investigation will be used to determine the presence and concentration of certain analytes in groundwater.

All groundwater samples collected during execution of the Generic QAPP and this QAPP Addendum will be submitted to Life Sciences Laboratory, Inc. in Syracuse, NY. Life Sciences Laboratory, Inc. is NYSDOH Environmental Laboratory Analytical Program-certified, meeting specifications for documentation, data reduction, and reporting.

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5. ANALYTICAL TEST PARAMETERS

This QAPP Addendum will require the analysis of groundwater samples using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 8260B for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), EPA Method 8270C for semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), EPA Method 8081 for pesticides, and EPA Method 6010 for TAL Metals. Compound lists for each analytical method are included in the Generic QAPP.

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6. ANALYTICAL DATA VALIDATION

The laboratories will review data prior to its release from the laboratories. Objectives for review are in accordance with the QA/QC objectives stated in the Generic QAPP. Rinse Blanks will not be collected for analysis during sampling events. The laboratories are required to evaluate their ability to meet these objectives. Outlying data will be flagged in accordance with laboratory standard operating procedures, and corrective action will be taken to rectify the problem. At the request of the NYSDEC, data validation will be performed on one quarterly sampling event during year one and on the annual sampling event during year three only.

In order to ensure the validity of analytical data generated by a project, it will be validated by Environmental Data Validation, Inc., who is independent from the analysts and the project. The Generic QAPP addresses implementation of independent validation.

TABLE 1 SITE MONITORING ANALYTICAL PROGRAM

| | ANNUAL GROUND | WATER SAMPLING |
|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| | Sample Matrix | VOC 8260B |
| No. of Samples | | 6 |
| Field Duplicate | | 1 |
| Trip and/or Rinsate Blank | Aqueous | 1 |
| Matrix Spike/ Duplicate | | 1 |
| Total No. | of Analyses | 8 |

TABLE 2 SAMPLE CONTAINERS, PRESERVATION, AND HOLDING TIMES

| Parameter | Matrix | Container Type/Size | Sample Volume | Preservation | Maximum Holding Time from Verifiable Time of Sample Receipt |
|---|--------|--|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Target Compound List volatile organic compounds | Water | Two 40-mL glass vials with Teflon-lined Septa | 80 mL | No headspace, cool 4°C HCl | 7 days |

Appendix C

Sample Forms



EA Engineering P.C. and Its Affiliate, EA Science and Technology



| Project: | | Site Location | ı: | | Date: |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Drilling Co | ompany: | Driller: | | Geologist: | |
| Size and T | Types of Drilling and S | Sampling Equipment: | Hole ID: | | |
| Date Start | | Date Completed: | | Total Depth of Hole (| ft bgs): |
| Groundwa Total Dep | ater Encountered (ft b th of Hole (ft bgs): | gs): | Depth to Disposit | Bedrock (ft bgs): ion of Hole: | |
| | | | | | |
| Depth | PID Reading (ppm) | Description of I | Material | Samples Collected | Recovery |
| | | | | | |
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| | s and Notes: | | | | |



EA Engineering PC and its Affliate, EA Science and Technology

GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PURGE FORM

| Well I.D.: | | | EA Personi | nel: | | Client: | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------------|--------------|--------|-----------|--|
| Location: | | | Well Condi | tion: | | Weather: | | | | |
| Sounding M | Method: | | Gauge Date: Measurement Ref: | | | | | | | |
| Stick Up/Do | own (ft): | | Gauge Time: | | | Well Diameter (in): | | | | |
| Purge Date | : | | | | Purge Tim | e: | | | | |
| Purge Meth | nod: | | | | Field Tech | nician: | | | | |
| | | | | Wall V | / a l | | | | | |
| | | | | | olume | | | | | |
| A. Well Dep | oth (ft): | | D. Well Vol | ume (ft): | | Depth/Heig | ht of Top of | PVC: | | |
| B. Depth to | Water (ft): | | E. Well Vol | ume (gal) C* | D): | Pump Type | : | | | |
| C. Liquid D | C. Liquid Depth (ft) (A-B): | | | l Volumes (g | gal) (E3): | Pump Desi | gnation: | | | |
| | | | Wa | ter Qualit | v Parame | ters | | | | |
| Time | DTW | Volume | Rate | рН | ORP | | Conductivity | DO | Turbidity | |
| (hrs) | (ft btoc) | (liters) | (Lpm) | (pH units) | (mV) | (oC) | (uS/cm) | (ug/L) | (ntu) | |
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| | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Quan | tity of Water | Removed (| gal): | | | Sampling T | ime: | | | |
| Samplers: | | ` | - | | | Split Samp | le With: | | | |
| Sampling D | Date: | | | | <u>-</u> | Sample Typ | oe: | | | |
| COMMENT | S AND OBSE | ERVATIONS | 3 : | | | | | | | |

| DAILY OBSERVATION REPO | KI | Day: | | _ Date: | |
|---|----------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------|------|
| NYS | SDEC | Temperature: (F) | | (am) | (pm) |
| | | Wind Direction: | | (am) | (pm) |
| Project Name | | Weather: | (am) | | |
| NYSDEC Site # | | | (pm) | | |
| Contract # | | Arrive at site | | (am) | |
| Location, New York | | Leave site: | | (pm) | |
| HEALTH & SAFETY: | | | | | |
| Are there any changes to the Health (If yes, list the deviation under items | | Yes () | No () | | |
| Are monitoring results at acceptable | | Yes () | ` ' | * No () | |
| | Wate Air | ers Yes () Yes () | n/a () | * No() * No() | |
| OTHER ITEMS: | | • | If No, provi | ide comments | |
| Site Sketch Attached: Ye Photos Taken: Ye | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION OF DAILY WORK P | ERFORMED: | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| PROJECT TOTALS: | | | | | |
| SAMPLING (Soil/Water/Air) Contractor Sample ID: | DEC Sample ID: | | Des | cription: | |
| | | _ | | | |

Daily Observation Report Page 1 of 3

| DAILY OBSERVATION REPORT | Day: | Date: | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|--|
| CONTRACTOR/SUBCONTRACTOR EQUIPMENT | AND PERSONNEL ON SITE: | | |
| (Name of contractor) personnel: | | | |
| (Name of Subcontractor) personnel: | | | |
| (Name of contractor) equipment: | | | |
| (*Indicates active equipment) | | | |
| Other Subcontractors: | | | |
| VISITORS TO SITE: | | | |
| PROJECT SCHEDULE ISSUES: | | | |
| PROJECT BUDGET ISSUES: None. | | | |
| None. | | | |
| ITEMS OF CONCERN: | | | |
| COMMENTS: | | | |
| ATTACHMENT(S) TO THIS REPORT: | | | |
| SITE REPRESENTATIVE: | | | |

Daily Observation Report Page 2 of 3

Name: (signature)

cc:

| DAII Y | OBSERVATION REPORT | |
|--------|--------------------|--|
| | | |

| Day: | Date: |
|------|-------|
|------|-------|

DAILY PHOTOLOG

Daily Observation Report Page 3 of 3

Appendix D Groundwater Sampling Criteria

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GROUNDWATER SAMPLING CRITERIA¹

| Acetone 5 | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | |
| Benzene 5 | |
| Bromobenzene 5 | |
| Bromochloromethane 5 | |
| Bromodichloromethane 5 | |
| Bromofluorobenzene 5 | |
| Bromoform 5 | |
| Bromomethane 5 | |
| 2-Butanone 5 | |
| n-Butylbenzene 5 | |
| Butylbenzene 5 | |
| tert- Butylbenzene 5 | |
| Carbon disulfide 5 | |
| Carbon tetrachloride 5 | |
| Chlorobenzene 5 | |
| Chloroethane 5 | |
| Chloroform 5 | |
| Chloromethane 5 | |
| 2- Chlorotoluene 5 | |
| 4- Chlorotoluene 5 | |
| 1,2- Dibromo-3-chloropropane 5 | |
| Dibromochloromethane 5 | |
| 1,2- Dibromoethane 5 | |
| Dibromofluoromethane 5 | |
| Dibromomethane 5 | |
| 1,2- Dichlorobenzene 5 | |
| 1,3- Dichlorobenzene 5 | |
| 1,4- Dichlorobenzene 5 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane 5 | |
| 1,1- Dichloroethane 5 | |
| 1,2- Dichloroethane 5 | |
| 1,2- Dichloroethane-d4 5 | |
| 1,1- Dichloroethene 5 | |
| cis-1,2- Dichloroethene 5 | |
| trans-1,2- Dichloroethene 5 | |
| 1,2- Dichloropropane 5 | |

¹ NYSDEC TOGS 1.1.1

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| Volatile Organic Compounds Method USEPA 8260 | Method Detection Limit (PPB) |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1,3- Dichloropropane | 5 |
| 2,2- Dichloropropane | 5 |
| 1,1- Dichloropropene | 5 |
| cis-1,3- Dichloropropene | 5 |
| trans-1,3- Dichloropropene | 5 |
| Ethylbenzene | 5 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 5 |
| Hexanone | 5 |
| Iodomethane | 5 |
| Isopropylbenzene | 5 |
| 4- Isopropyltoluene | 5 |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether | 5 |
| Methyl-2-pentanone | 5 |
| Methylene chloride | 5 |
| Naphthalene | 5 |
| n- Propylbenzene | 5 |
| Styrene | 5 |
| 1,1,1,2- Tetrachloroethane | 5 |
| 1,1,2,2- Tetrachloroethane | 5 |
| Tetrachloroethene | 5 |
| Toluene | 5 |
| Toluene-d8 | 5 |
| 1,2,3- Trichlorobenzene | 5 |
| 1,2,4- Trichlorobenzene | 5 |
| 1,1,1- Trichloroethane | 5 |
| 1,1,2- Trichloroethane | 5 |
| Trichloroethene | 5 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 5 |
| 1,2,3- Trichloropropane | 5 |
| 1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene | 5 |
| 1,3,5- Trimethylbenzene | 5 |
| Vinyl acetate | 5 |
| Vinyl chloride | 5 |
| m,p- Xylene | 5 |
| o- Xylene | 5 |
| Xylene (Total) | 5 |

Appendix E

Monitoring Well Construction Diagrams/Soil Boring Logs

FIELD BORING LOG FORM

| _ | Y | R EA Engir | neering | g, P.C. | | Job. No. | Client: | New York Sta Environment | | Loc | ation: |
|---------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------|------------|------------|
| _ | | EA Scien | ice and | Techr | nology | Drilling Me | ethod: | | | Soil Borir | ng Number: |
| | | LOG OF SOIL B | ORING | | | Sampling N | Method: | | | Sheet | t 1 of |
| Coordi | nates: Elevatio | | | | | | | | | | illing |
| | Below St | | | | | Water Lev. | | | 1 | Start | Finish |
| Referer | nce Eleva | tion: | | | | Time | | | | Juli | Timon |
| | nce Descr | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ъ. | | IDID | D d- | | Coords are Coord | . 1:0: | | | | |
| | Feet Drvn/Ft. | Well | PID (ppm) | Depth in | USCS | Surface Cor Weather: | nattions: | | | | |
| | Recvrd | Diagram | HNu | Feet | Log | Temperatu | re: | | | | |
| | | | | 0 | | | | | | | |
| |] | | | | | | | | | | |
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EA Engineering PC and its Affliate, EA Science and Technology

GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PURGE FORM

| | EA Personi | | | | Client: | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------|--|--|
| | | / Joe Von Ud | leritz | | National Grid | ł | | |
| Location: | Well Condi | tion: | | Weather: | | | | |
| Troy, NY | | | | | | | | |
| Sounding Method: | Gauge Date | | | Measureme | ent Ref: | | | |
| WLI | 28-Dec-06 | | | | top of casing | | | |
| Stick Up/Down (ft): | Gauge Tim | e: | | Well Diame | ter (in): | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Purge Date: | | | Purge Time | | | | | |
| 28-Dec-06 | | | ruige iiiii | 5. | | | | |
| Purge Method: | | | Field Tech | nician: | | | | |
| 2" submersible | | | Bob Casey | /Joe Von Ude | eritz | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Well V | olume/ | | | | | |
| A. Well Depth (ft): | D. Well Vol | ume (ft): | | Depth/Heig | ht of Top of I | PVC: | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| B. Depth to Water (ft): | E. Well Vol | ume (gal) C* | D): | Pump Type |): | | | |
| C. Liquid Depth (ft) (A-B): | F Five Wel | F. Five Well Volumes (gal) (E3): | | | Pump Designation: | | | |
| o. Elquid Deptil (it) (A-b). | I . I IVE VVEI | i voluliles (g | gai) (L3). | l unip besig | gnation. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Wa | ter Qualit | y Parame | ters | | | | |
| Time DTW Volume | Rate | рН | ORP | Femperature | Conductivity | DO | Turbidity | |
| | /1 | (pH units) | (mV) | (aC) | (uS/cm) | //I \ | (ntu) | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | (pri ariito) | (/ | (oC) | | (ug/L) | (*****/ | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | (pri unito) | (, | (60) | | (ug/L) | (Coop) | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | (pri unito) | (****) | (60) | | (ug/L) | (Case) | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | (pri amo) | (1117) | (60) | | (ug/L) | (1133) | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | (pri unito) | (****) | (00) | | (ug/L) | (Control of the Control of the Contr | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | | | (00) | | (ug/L) | (****) | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | (pri dinte) | | (00) | | (ug/L) | | |
| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | | | (00) | | (ug/L) | (****) | |
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| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | | | (00) | | (ug/L) | | |
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| (hrs) (ft btoc) (liters) | (Lpm) | | | (00) | | (ug/L) | | |
| Total Quantity of Water Removed | | | | Sampling T | | (ug/L) | | |
| Total Quantity of Water Removed Samplers: | | | | Sampling T Split Sampl | le With: | (ug/L) | | |
| Total Quantity of Water Removed | | | | Sampling T | le With: | (ug/L) | | |