ENGINEERING INVESTIGATIONS AT INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES

PHASE I INVESTIGATION

Haight Farm
Town of Clarendon

Site No. 837006
Orleans County

Prepared for:

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233
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Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation
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By:

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE

ENGINEERING INVESTIGATIONS AT INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK PHASE I INVESTIGATIONS

HAIGHT FARM SITE
NYS SITE NUMBER 837006
TOWN OF CLARENDON
ORLEANS COUNTY
NEW YORK STATE

Prepared For

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REMEDIATION
NEW YORK STATE
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
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HAIGHT FARM SITE

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SECTION I

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report, prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC), presents the results of the Phase I investigation for the Haight Farm site (New York Site Number 837006), located in the Town of Clarendon, Orleans County, New York (see Figure I-1).

SITE BACKGROUND

The present owner of the site is Mr. Earl Haight. In 1970 Mr. Haight accepted barrels containing waste "cutting oils", allegedly from the Erdle Perforating Corporation of Rochester, New York (Bailey, 1985). The oil contained trichloroethylene (TCE) at concentrations ranging from 0.7 to 65% (Tramontano, 1985; Maxfield, 1985).

In December 1984, approximately 200 gallons of the waste oils were spilled at the site (Banks, 1984). Subsequently, a NYSDEC contractor removed the liquid contents of 30 filled or partially filled drums (approximately 1,000 gallons) and empty drums stored on-site. Some of the barrels were corroded and showed signs of leakage (Leary and Farrar, 1984).

Water samples collected by the Orleans County Department of Health (OCDOH) in 1984-85, of nearby private groundwater wells contained TCE and several other organic compounds at trace levels. A sample collected from one of the downgradient wells had a TCE concentration of 960 ppb, which is above the quality standard for Class GA water in New York State (NYSDEC, 1985). Soil samples taken after the spill indicated the presence of PCB's at a concentration of 19 ppm (Maxfield, 1985). There has

been no surface water monitoring conducted at the site. During a recent site investigation, up- and downgradient HNU meter readings did not detect volatile organics above background concentrations (ES Site Investigation, 1985). However, HNu meter readings of 5 ppm were recorded during a NYSDEC site visit in 1984 (Leary and Farrar, 1984).

ASSESSMENT

In an attempt to quantify the risk associated with this site, the Hazard Ranking System (HRS) was applied as currently being used by the NYSDEC to evaluate abandoned hazardous waste sites in New York State. This system takes into account the types of wastes at the site, receptors, and transport routes to apply a numerical ranking of the site. As stated in 40 CFR Subpart H Section 300.81, the HRS scoring system was developed to be used in evaluating the relative potential of uncontrolled hazardous disposal substances to cause health or safety problems or ecological or environmental damage. It is assumed by the EPA that a uniform application of the ranking system in each state will permit EPA to identify those releases of hazardous substances that pose the greatest hazard to humans or the environment.

Under the HRS, three numerical scores are computed for each site, to express the relative risk or danger from the site, taking into account the population at risk, the hazardous potential of the substances at a facility, the potential for contamination of drinking water supplies, for direct human contact, and for destruction of sensitive ecological systems and other appropriate factors. The three scores are:

- S_M reflects the potential for harm to humans or the environment from migration of a hazardous substance away from the facility by routes involving groundwater, surface water or air. It is a composite of separate scores for each of the three routes (S_{GW} = groundwater route score, S_{SW} = surface water route score, and S_A = air route score).

- S_{FE} reflects the potential for harm from substances that can explode or cause fires.

- S_{DC} reflects the potential for harm from direct contact with hazardous substances at the facility (i.e., no migration need be involved).

The preliminary HRS score was:

S_M	= 26.82	S_{GW}	= 45.52
S_{FE}	= 0	S_{SW}	= 8.95
S_{DC}	= 25.00	S_A	= 0

RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are made for the completion of Phase II:

- Geophysical study consisting of an electrical resistivity survey.

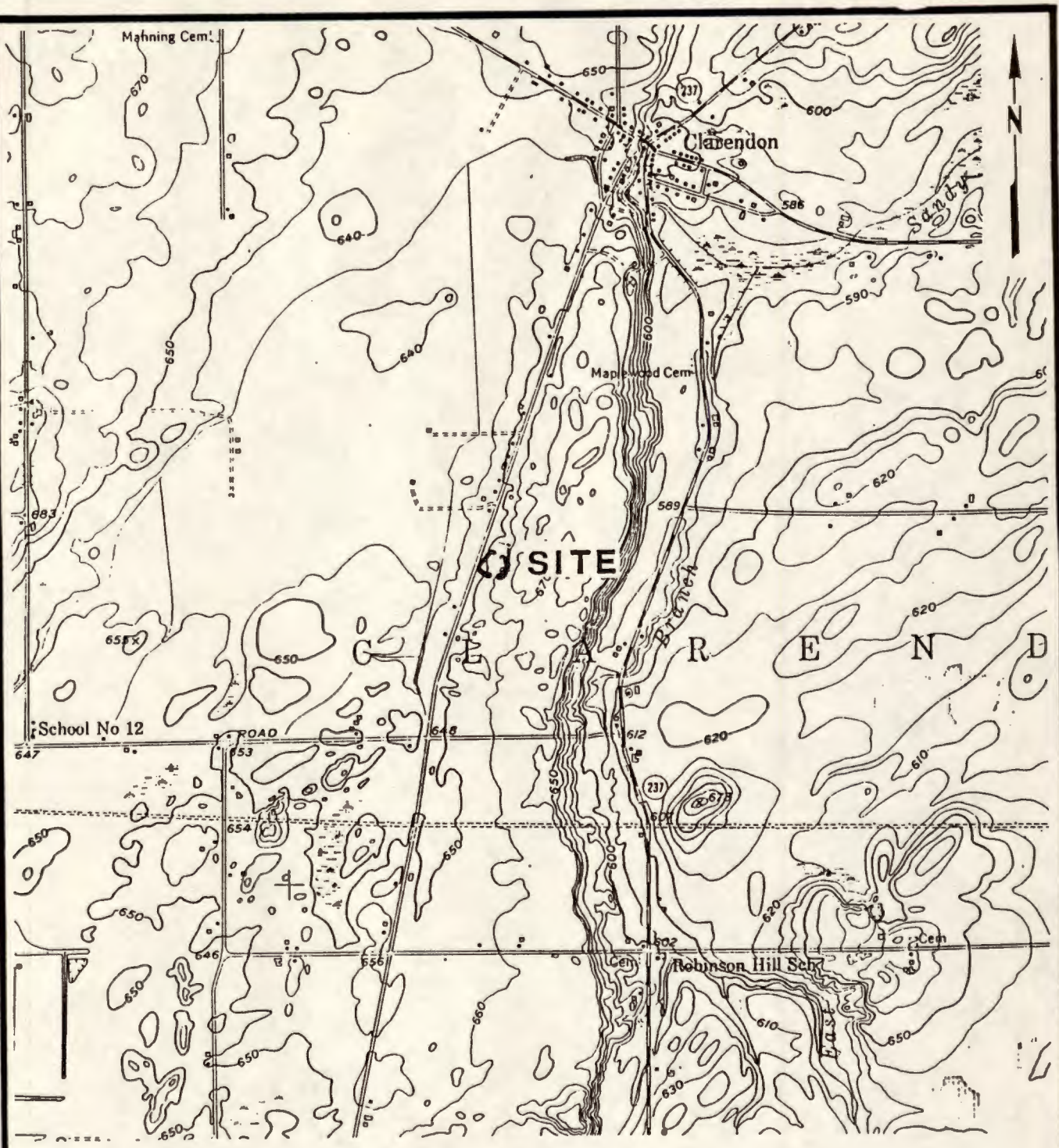
- Groundwater monitoring system consisting of one upgradient well and three downgradient wells.

- Surface water and sediment monitoring system consisting of two monitoring stations in the surface water drainage ditch.

- Surface soil sampling from two monitoring stations in the vicinity of the former drum storage area.

- Analyses to include Hazard Substance List (HSL) organics and metals.

The estimated man-hour requirements to complete Phase II are 1,130, while the estimated cost is $91,543.



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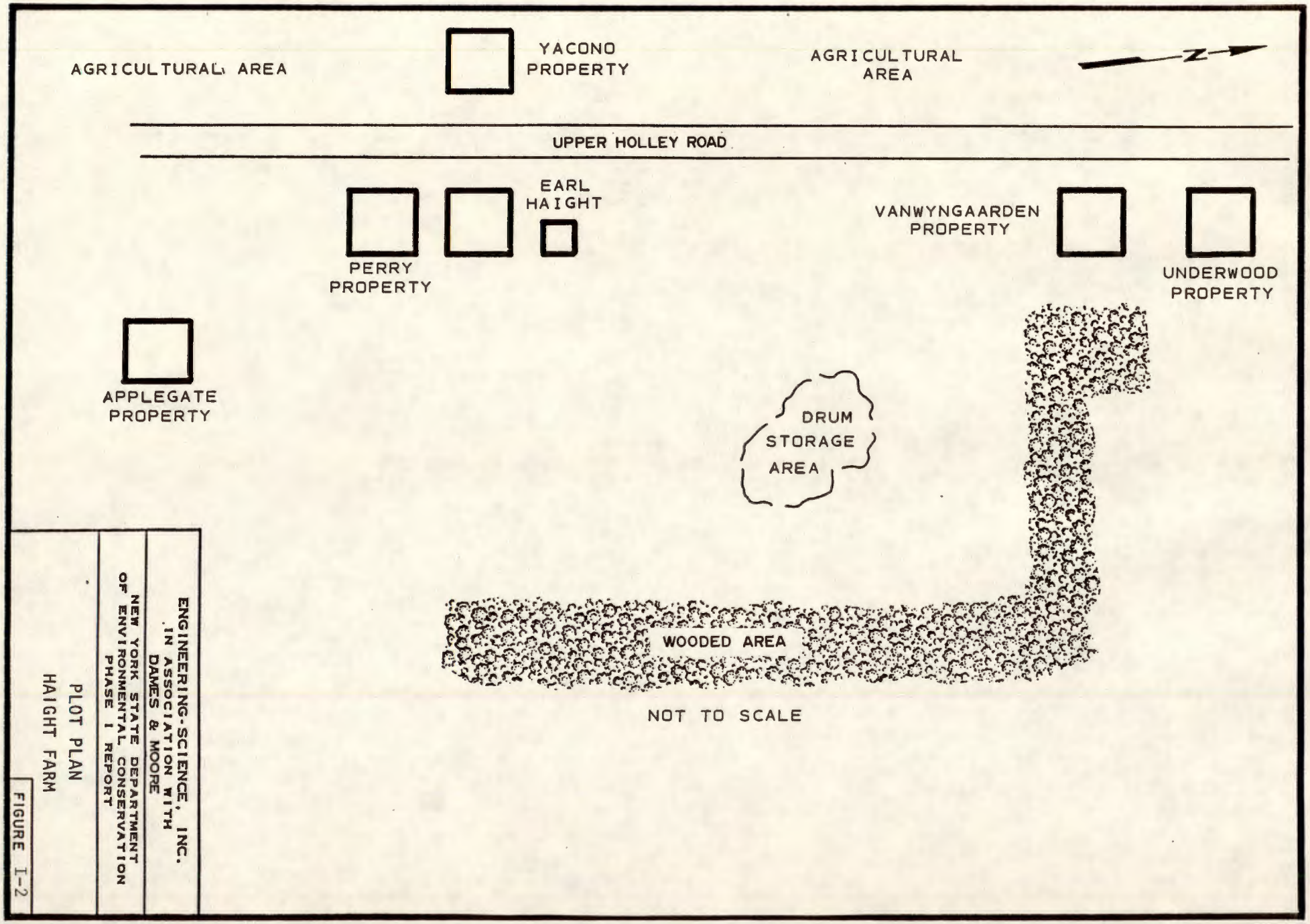
SITE LOCATION MAP
HAIGHT FARM

FIGURE I-1

REFERENCE: U.S.G.S. 7.5' Topographic Map
Holley, NY (1950) Quadrangle



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PLOT PLAN
HAIGHT FARM

FIGURE I-2

SECTION II
PURPOSE

The purpose of the Phase I investigation at the Haight Farm site was to assess the hazard to the environment caused by the present condition of the site. This assessment is based on the Hazard Ranking System, which involves the compilation and rating of numerous geological, toxicological, environmental, chemical, and demographic factors and the calculation of an HRS score. Details of HRS implementation are included in Section V. During the initial portion of the investigation, available data and records, combined with information collected from a site inspection, were reviewed and evaluated. The investigation at this site focused on the drum disposal storage area. Based on this initial evaluation of the Haight Farm site, a Phase II Work Plan has been prepared for collecting any additional data needed to complete the HRS score. In addition, a cost estimate for the recommended Phase II work is provided.

SECTION III
SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work for the New York State Inactive Site Investigation Program (Phase I) was to collect and review all available information necessary for the documentation and preparation of a Hazard Ranking System score and a Phase II work plan and cost estimate if required. The work activities performed included data collection and review, a site inspection, and interviews with knowledgeable individuals of past and present disposal activities at the site.

The sources contacted during this Phase I investigation included government agencies (federal, state and local), present site owners and operators, and any other individuals that may have knowledge of the site, as identified during the performance of the investigation. These sources are listed in Appendix A. The intent of the list is to identify all persons, departments, and/or agencies contacted during the fourth round of the Phase I investigations even though useful information may not have been collected from each source contacted.

SECTION IV
SITE ASSESSMENT

SITE HISTORY

The present owner of the Haight Farm site is Mr. Earl Haight of 4879 Upper Holley Road, Orleans County, New York. Mr. Haight has been the owner of the site since it was initially associated with receiving hazardous waste (i.e., cutting oils).

In approximately 1970 Mr. Haight accepted 43 drums of oil containing chlorinated solvents from a Rochester industry, allegedly the Erdle Perforating Company (Bailey, 1985; Banks, 1984). The drums were stored in a field adjacent to Mr. Haight's house until an attempt was made to move them from the site on December 15, 1984 (Banks, 1984). During the handling of the drums, approximately 200 gallons of the oily liquid was spilled onto the ground (Banks, 1984). Many of the corroded barrels showed evidence of prior leakage onto the soil (Leary and Farrar, 1984). On December 19, 1984, Frontier Chemical Waste Process of Niagara Falls, NY removed 30 drums of liquid waste (approximately 1,000 gallons) along with an additional 13 empty drums found at the site (Banks, 1984). Presently, there are no barrels at the site, but oil-stained soil was observed during a recent inspection (ES Site Visit, 1985).

SITE TOPOGRAPHY

The Haight Farm site is located on Upper Holley Road, Town of Clarendon, Orleans County, New York (see Figure IV-1). The land surface is relatively flat, brush covered, and sloping gently to the west and southwest.

The site, approximately 1-acre in size, is situated within a residential and agricultural area bordered on the northwest by a house and wooded lot. To the south and southeast of the site is another wooded area, to the southwest by a vacant lot, and west of the site by several residences. To the northwest is Upper Holley Road and an agricultural area.

Regional Geology and Hydrology

The Haight Farm site is located within the Erie-Ontario Lowlands Physiographic Province. This is an undulating plain 240 feet in elevation along the southern shore of Lake Ontario in the northern part of Orleans County rising to approximately 600 feet in the southern part of the county (USDA, Soil Survey, 1977). The bedrock of the region consists of nearly horizontal layers of limestone, shale, sandstone, and dolostone deposited in ancient seas during the Silurian, Devonian and Ordovician Period.

In the recent past, most of New York State, including the site, has been repeatedly covered by a series of continental ice sheets. The work of the glacier in Orleans County scoured and widened pre-existing valleys, transported older glacial deposits, bedrock and soil, depositing them as widespread accumulations of till, stratified ice contact sediments, and outwash. The melting ice, ending approximately 12,000 years ago, produced large volumes of water. The meltwater subsequently shaped channels and deposited large accumulations of stratified, granular sediments.

As glacial ice retreated from the region, meltwater formed lakes in front of the ice margin. The Orleans County region is covered by these glaciolacustrine deposits. These proglacial lacustrine deposits consist principally of blanket sands and beach ridges which are occasionally underlain by proglacial silt and clay (NYS Museum & Science Service, 1975), indicative of calm or deep water deposits.

Granular deposits in the region frequently act as shallow aquifers since the proglacial lacustrine silts and clays, along with the tills, often inhibit groundwater movement. However, fine-grained, water-lain sediments, such as silts and clays frequently exhibit horizontal laminations and sand seams. These internal features create secondary porocity which facilitate lateral groundwater movement through otherwise low permeability materials.

Local Sensitive Environments

There are three NYS recognized freshwater wetlands in the vicinity of the Haight Farm site. They are located 3,000 feet to the southwest, 3,600 feet to the southeast and 3,800 feet to the northeast of the site (NYS Wetland Maps, 1984). There are no critical habitats for endangered species found near the site (Ozard, 1985).

SITE HYDROLOGY

Bedrock at the Haight Farm site is expected to be the Lockport Dolomite (NYS Museum & Science Service, 1970). This formation is described as grey, fine to coarse grained dolomite approximately 150 feet thick and fractured at the surface (LaSala, 1968). The depth to the Lockport Dolomite below the site may vary from 10 feet to over 70 feet below land surface. Solution channels and fractures along bedding planes within the Lockport Dolomite may create an aquifer system capable of yielding acceptable quality water to wells at rates between 4 and 90 gpm (LaSala, 1968).

Groundwater flow direction within the Lockport Dolomite may be to the south (regional trend), but may vary locally. The site may act as a potential recharge area for the shallow aquifer and probably recharges the deeper bedrock aquifer (ES Site Investigation, 1985). The soils which overlie the Lockport Dolomite have been identified as a stoney loam (USDA, 1977). This is a relatively permeable soil, 10^{-3} to 10^{-4} cm/sec (USDA, 1977), capable of allowing vertical and horizontal

movement of contaminants within the unconsolidated sediments. Groundwater wells of area residences located in the vicinity of the site are screened within the shallow aquifer zone. The depth to groundwater within the shallow aquifer, considered to be the aquifer of concern, is assumed to be between 5 and 20 feet below ground surface. The groundwater flow within the shallow aquifer probably parallels the ground surface flowing in a westerly direction (USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle, 1950). This assumption is further substantiated by the presence of groundwater contamination in private water wells to the west and southwest of the site (OCDOH, 1985).

SITE CONTAMINATION

In approximately 1970 Mr. Earl Haight accepted drums containing waste oil from a Rochester industry (allegedly the Erdle Perforating Company) (Bailey, 1985). The drums were stored in a field adjacent to Mr. Haight's residence. On December 15, 1984, several drums containing waste oil were spilled at the site during the handling/loading of the drums onto a flat-bed truck. An estimated 200 gallons of the oily liquid spilled onto the ground. NYS Troopers were overcome by fumes and later treated at a hospital. Subsequent analysis of the liquid indicated that it contained 0.7 to 65% trichloroethylene (TCE) (Banks, 1984; Tramontano, 1985; Maxfield, 1985).

The NYSDEC contracted a Niagara-based hazardous waste hauler to remove the barrels from the site. On December 19, 1984, Frontier Chemical Waste removed 30 barrels containing approximately 1,000 gallons of liquid waste. In addition, 13 empty barrels were also removed. Some of these barrels were corroded and exhibited signs of leakage.

Soil samples collected in 1984 by the NYSDEC indicated the presence of PCB's at 19 ppm. However, PCB's were not detected in the oily liquid waste at a detection limit of 80 mg/l. The high detection limits were

thought to be due to interference caused by the presence of TCE (Tramontano, 1985).

Six private wells were sampled by the OCDOH in 1984. Two of the wells contained TCE. One of the wells contained TCE levels above the NYS ambient water quality standards for GA class groundwater (NYSDEC, 1985; Tramontano, 1985). Subsequent anaylsis of this well has shown a continuous increase in TCE concentration (Sample 12/26/84 - 19 ug/1, Sample 9/3/85 - 690 ug/1, Sample 9/16/85 - 970 ug/1) (OCDOH, 1985). In addition, the well water also contains trace concentrations of benzene, chloroform, toluene, tetrachloroethylene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride, and trans-1,2-dichloroethene (OCDOH, 1985). These compounds were detected at levels below the NYS ambient water quality standards (NYSDEC, 1985).

Organic vapors were detected at concentrations above background during a site investigation on December 17, 1984, when HNu readings indicated 5 ppm organic vapor (Leary and Farrar, 1984). Up- and downgradient HNU meter readings taken during a recent site visit did not detect volatile organis above background levels (ES, 1985).

No surface water monitoring has been conducted at the site (NYSDEC Registry, 12/83).

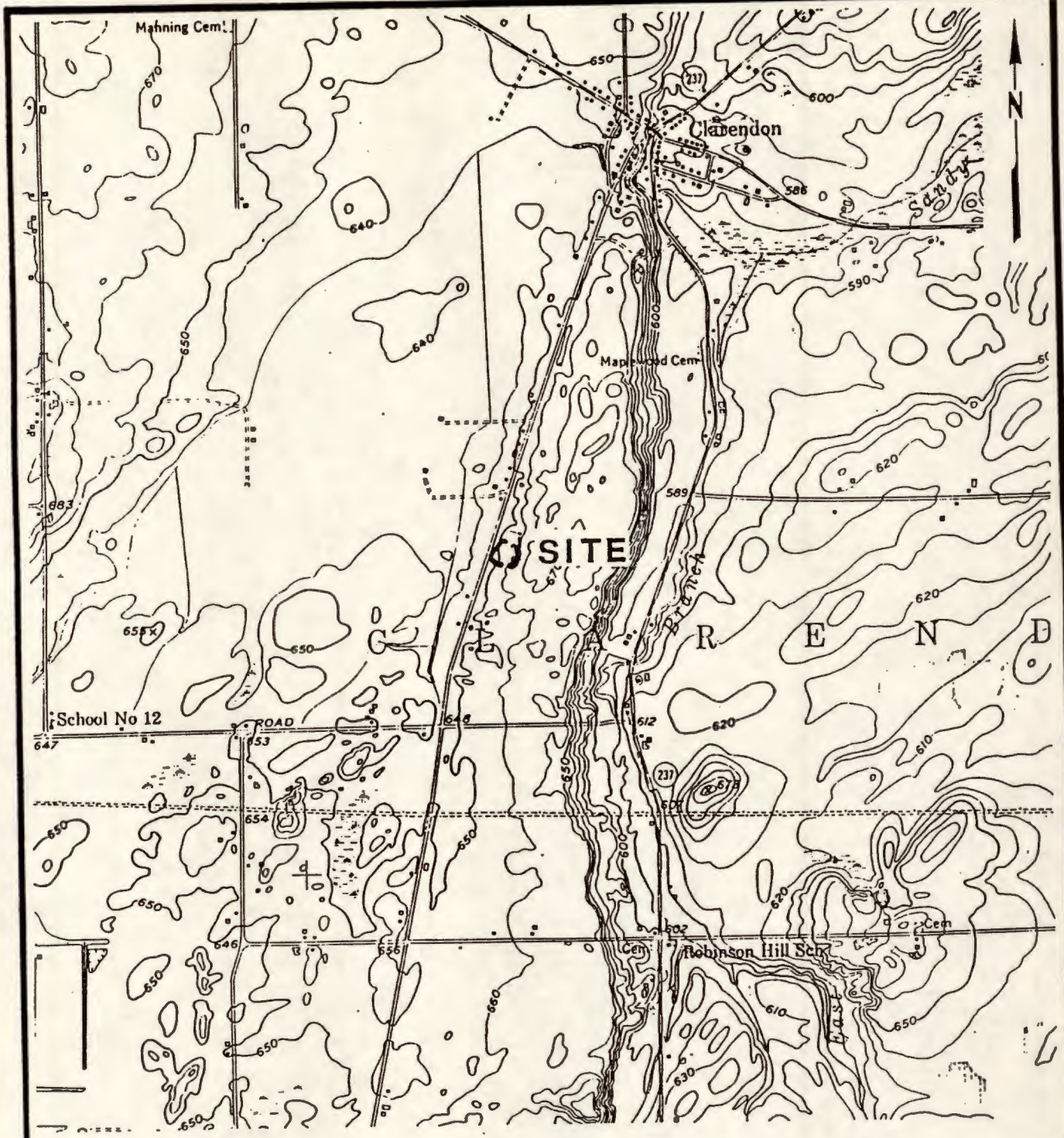
NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The Haight Farm site is located adjacent to the home of Mr. Earl Haight on 4879 Upper Holley Road, Town of Clarendon, Orleans County, New York. Mr. Haight, the owner of the site, accepted 43 barrels of oil containing chlorinated solvents from a Rochester based industry (allegedly the Erdle Perforating Company) and stored them in a field adjacent to his house in approximately 1970 (Bailey, 1985; Banks, 1984). The storage area is estimated to be less than one acre (ES Site Visit, 1985).

On December 15, 1984, approximately 200 gallons of the oily liquid was spilled onto the ground during the handling of the drums containing the waste oils (Banks, 1984). Subsequent sampling and analysis of the drums and soil by NYSDEC and NYSDOH indicated that the liquid contained from 0.7 to 65% trichloroethylene (TCE) by weight (Tramontano, 1985; Maxfield, 1985). Additionally, soil samples collected by the NYSDEC contained 19 ppm of PCB's (Maxfield, 1985).

On December 19, 1984, Frontier Chemical Waste Process, Inc., under contract to the NYSDEC, removed 30 barrels of liquid waste (approximately 1,000 gallons) along with an additional 13 empty drums (Hazardous Waste Manifest, 12/85). The empty drums were corroded and showed evidence of leakage (Leary and Farrar, 1984). Subsequent sampling and analysis of nearby private wells by the OCDOH indicated that increasing levels of TCE and other organic priority pollutants were present in the groundwater (OCDOH, 1985). In one nearby groundwater well, TCE concentrations of 970 ppb have been detected while two other local private wells show trace concentrations of TCE in the groundwater (Tramontano, 1985; OCDOH, 1985).

There are three NYS recognized freshwater wetlands within one mile of the site (NYS Wetlands Maps).



LATITUDE: 43°10'13" N
LONGITUDE: 78°04'36" W

SCALE
0 1000 2000 3000 4000 FEET

REFERENCE: U.S.G.S. 7.5' Topographic Map
Holley, NY (1950) Quadrangle

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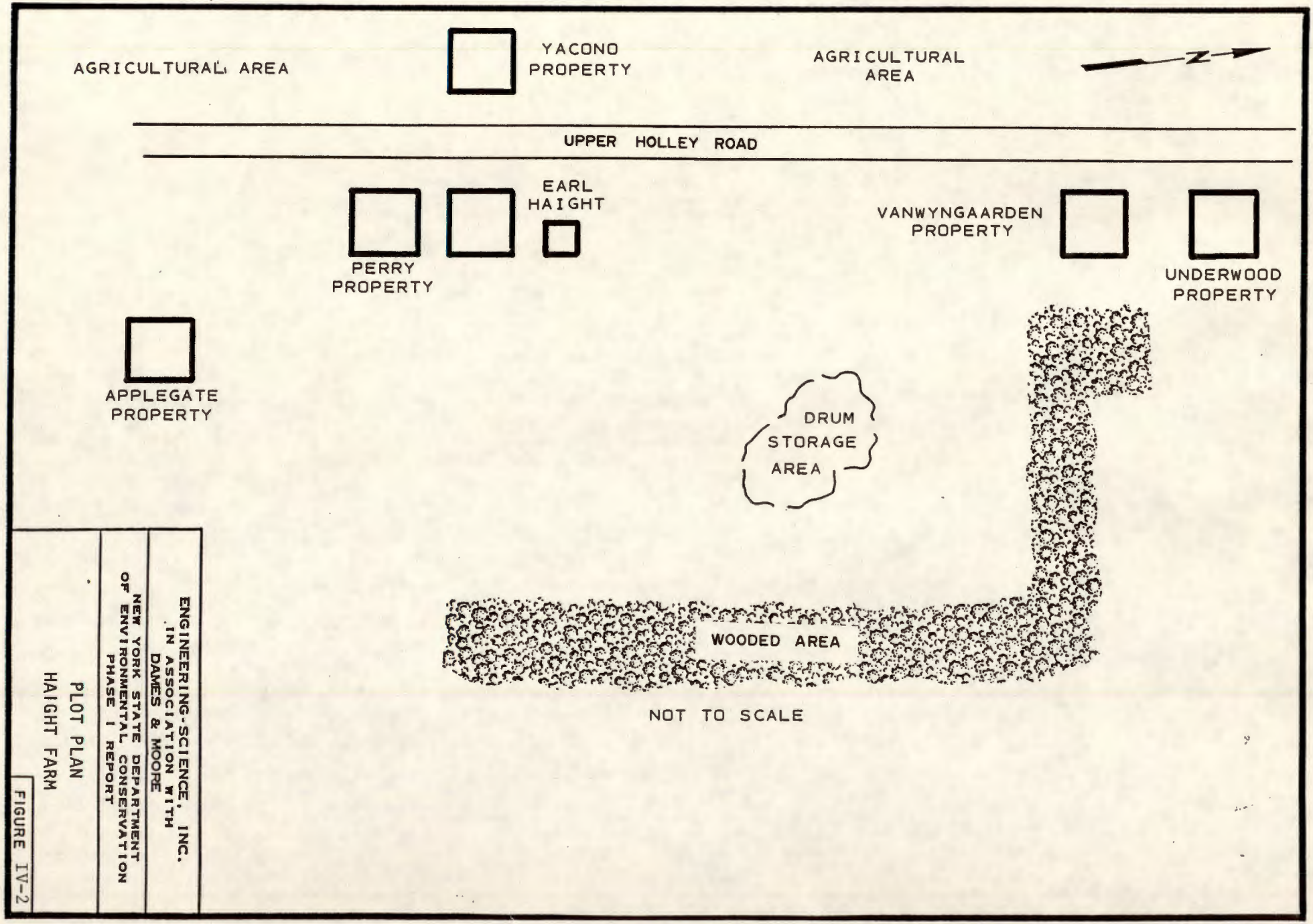
SITE LOCATION MAP
HAIGHT FARM

FIGURE IV-1



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PLOT PLAN
HAIGHT FARM

FIGURE IV-2

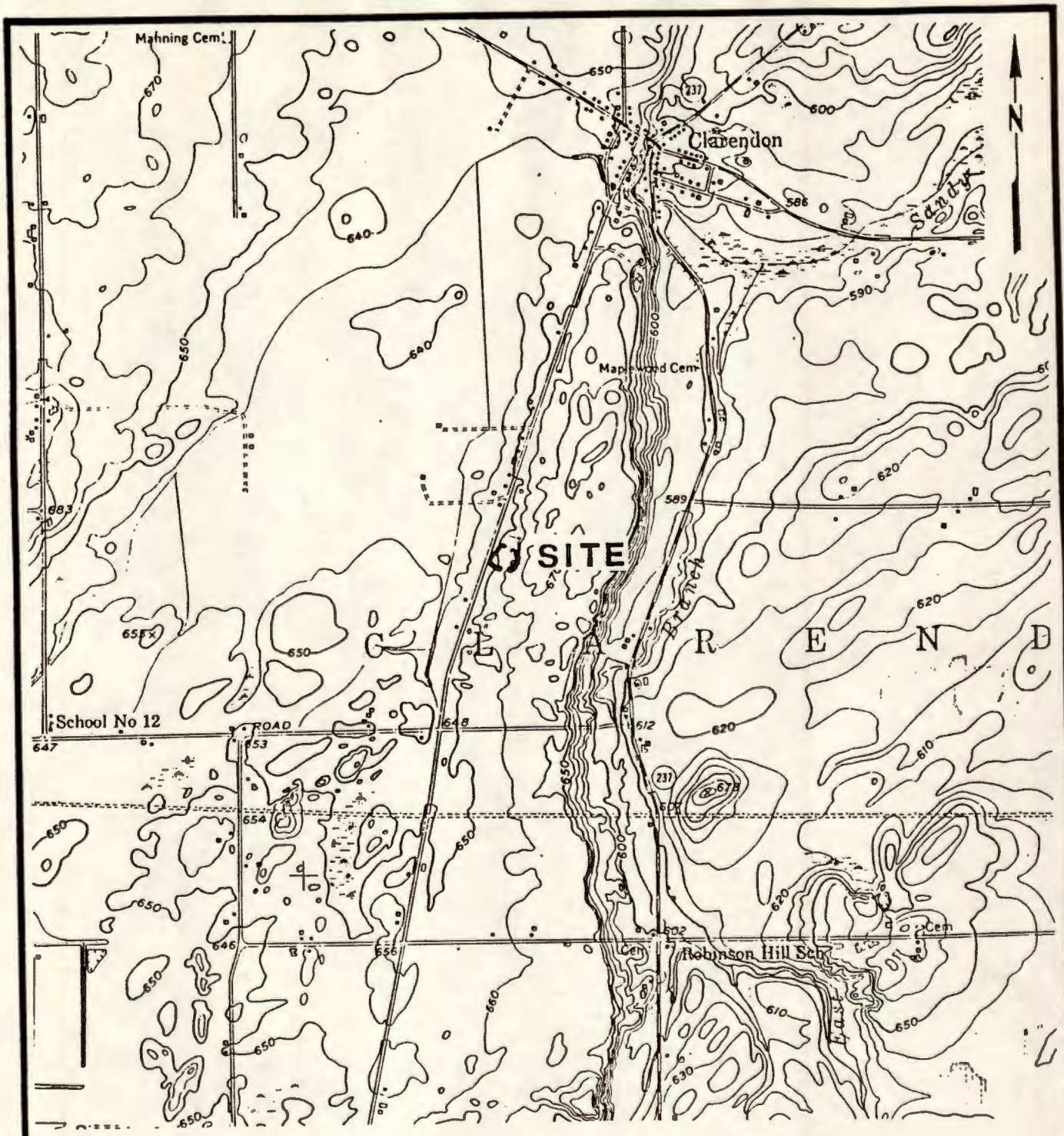
NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The Haight Farm site is located adjacent to the home of Mr. Earl Haight on 4879 Upper Holley Road, Town of Clarendon, Orleans County, New York. Mr. Haight, the owner of the site, accepted 43 barrels of oil containing chlorinated solvents from a Rochester based industry (allegedly the Erdle Perforating Company) and stored them in a field adjacent to his house in approximately 1960 (Bailey, 1985; Banks, 1984). The storage area is estimated to be less than one acre (ES Site Visit, 1985).

On December 15, 1984, approximately 200 gallons of the oily liquid was spilled onto the ground during the handling of the drums containing the waste oils (Banks, 1984). Subsequent sampling and analysis of the drums and soil by NYSDEC and NYSDOH indicated that the liquid contained from 0.7 to 65% trichloroethylene (TCE) by weight (Tramontano, 1985; Maxfield, 1985). Additionally, soil samples collected by the NYSDEC contained 19 ppm of PCB's (Maxfield, 1985).

On December 19, 1984, Frontier Chemical Waste Process, Inc., under contract to the NYSDEC, removed 30 barrels of liquid waste (approximately 1,000 gallons) along with an additional 13 empty drums (Hazardous Waste Manifest, 12/85). The empty drums were corroded and showed evidence of leakage (Leary and Farrar, 1984). Subsequent sampling and analysis of nearby private wells by the OCDOH indicated that increasing levels of TCE and other organic priority pollutants were present in the groundwater (OCDOH, 1985). In one nearby groundwater well, TCE concentrations of 970 ppb have been detected while two other local private wells show trace concentrations of TCE in the groundwater (Tramontano, 1985; OCDOH, 1985).

There are three NYS recognized freshwater wetlands within one mile of the site (NYS Wetlands Maps).



REFERENCE: U.S.G.S. 7.5' Topographic Map
Holley, NY (1950) Quadrangle

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SITE LOCATION MAP
HAIGHT FARM

FIGURE V-1

HRS COVER SHEET

Facility Name: Haight Farm

Location: 4879 Upper Holley Road, Town of Clarendon, Orleans County, NY

EPA Region: II

Person(s) in charge of the facility: Mr. Earl Haight

Name of Reviewer: Cordone/Baker Date: 1/3/86

General Description of the facility:

On 12/15/84 approximately 200 gallons of "cutting oil" containing 0.7 to 65% TCE were spilled on the ground at the property of Earl Haight. Additionally, a soil sample collected by the NYSDEC from the spill area contained 19 ppm PCB's. On 12/19/85 a NYSDEC contractor removed the liquid contents of 30 filled or partially filled barrels along with 13 additional empty barrels. The additional barrels were corroded and showed signs of leakage. In approximately 1970, Mr. Haight received the waste oil, allegedly from the Erdle Perforating Company of Rochester, NY. Subsequent analyses of nearby private drinking water wells showed TCE contamination and the presence of several other organic compounds.

Scores: S_M = 26.82 (S_{gw} = 45.53 S_{sw} = 8.95 S_a = 0)

S_{FE} = 0

S_{DC} = 25.00

NYSDEC 8:18

Facility Name: Haight Farm Date: 1/3/86

Ground Water Route Work Sheet					
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi-plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
1 Observed Release	0 (45)	1	45	45	3.1
If observed release is given a score of 45, proceed to line 4. If observed release is given a score of 0, proceed to line 2.					
2 Route Characteristics					3.2
Depth to Aquifer of Concern	0 1 2 (3)	2	6	6	
Net Precipitation	0 1 (2) 3	1	2	3	
Permeability of the Unsaturated Zone	0 1 (2) 3	1	2	3	
Physical State	0 1 2 (3)	1	3	3	
Total Route Characteristics Score			13	15	
3 Containment	0 1 2 (3)	1	3	3	3.3
4 Waste Characteristics					3.4
Toxicity/Persistence	0 3 6 9 12 15 (18)	1	18	18	
Hazardous Waste Quantity	0 1 (2) 3 4 5 6 7 8	1	2	8	
Total Waste Characteristics Score			20	26	
5 Targets					3.5
Ground Water Use	0 1 2 (3)	3	9	9	
Distance to Nearest Well/Population Served	0 4 6 8 10 12 16 18 (20) 24 30 32 35 40	1	20	40	
Total Targets Score			29	49	
6 If line 1 is 45, multiply 1 x 4 x 5			26,100		
If line 1 is 0, multiply 2 x 3 x 4 x 5				57,330	
7 Divide line 6 by 57,330 and multiply by 100			S_{gw} = 45.53		

GROUND WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Haight Farm Date: 1/31/86

Surface Water Route Work Sheet					
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi-plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
1 Observed Release	(0) 45	1	0	45	4.1
If observed release is given a value of 45, proceed to line 4. If observed release is given a value of 0, proceed to line 2.					
2 Route Characteristics					4.2
Facility Slope and Intervening Terrain	0 (1) 2 3	1	1	3	
1-yr. 24-hr. Rainfall	0 1 (2) 3	1	2	3	
Distance to Nearest Surface Water	0 1 2 (3)	2	6	6	
Physical State	0 1 2 (3)	1	3	3	
Total Route Characteristics Score			12	15	
3 Containment	0 1 2 (3)	1	3	3	4.3
4 Waste Characteristics					4.4
Toxicity/Persistence	0 3 6 9 12 15 (18)	1	19 2	18	
Hazardous Waste Quantity	0 1 (2) 3 4 5 6 7 8	1		8	
Total Waste Characteristics Score			20	26	
5 Targets					4.5
Surface Water Use	0 1 (2) 3	3	6	9	
Distance to a Sensitive Environment	0 (1) 2 3	2	2	6	
Population Served/ Distance to Water	(0) 4 6 8 10 12 16 18 20	1		40	
Intake Downstream	24 30 32 35 40				
Total Targets Score			8	55	
6 If line 1 is 45, multiply 1 x 4 x 5 If line 1 is 0, multiply 2 x 3 x 4 x 5			5760	64,350	
7 Divide line 6 by 64,350 and multiply by 100			S_{sw} = 8.95		

SURFACE WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Haight Farm Date: 1/3/86

Air Route Work Sheet					
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi-plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
[1] Observed Release	(0) 45	1	(0)	45	5.1
Date and Location: 12/6/85 Haight Farm Site					
Sampling Protocol: HNu meter readings					
If line [1] is 0, the S_a = 0. Enter on line [5] . If line [1] is 45, then proceed to line [2] .					
[2] Waste Characteristics					5.2
Reactivity and Incompatibility	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Toxicity	0 1 2 3	3		9	
Hazardous Waste	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1		8	
Total Waste Characteristics Score				20	
[3] Targets					5.3
Population Within 4-Mile Radius	0 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30	1		30	
Distance to Sensitive Environment	0 1 2 3	2		6	
Land Use	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Total Targets Score				39	
[4] Multiply [1] x [2] x [3]				35,100	
[5] Divide line [4] by 35,100 and multiply by 100			S_a = 0		

AIR ROUTE WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Haight Farm Date: 1/3/86

Worksheet for Computing S_M

	S	S^2
Groundwater Route Score (S_{gw})	45.53	2072.98
Surface Water Route Score (S_{sw})	8.95	80.10
Air Route Score (S_a)	0	0
$S_{gw}^2 + S_{sw}^2 + S_a^2$		2153.08
$\sqrt{S_{gw}^2 + S_{sw}^2 + S_a^2}$		46.40
$\sqrt{S_{gw}^2 + S_{sw}^2 + S_a^2} / 1.73 = S_M =$		26.82

WORK SHEET FOR COMPUTING S_M

Facility Name: Haight Farm Date: 1/3/86

Fire and Explosion Work Sheet					
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi-plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
[1] Containment	1 3	1		3	7.1
[2] Waste Characteristics					7.2
Direct Evidence	0 3	1		3	
Ignitability	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Reactivity	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Incompatibility	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Hazardous Waste Quantity	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1		8	
Total Waste Characteristics Score				20	
[3] Targets					7.3
Distance to Nearest Population	0 1 2 3 4 5	1		5	
Distance to Nearest Building	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Distance to Sensitive Environment	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Land Use	0 1 2 3	1		3	
Population Within 2-Mile Radius	0 1 2 3 4 5	1		5	
Buildings Within 2-Mile Radius	0 1 2 3 4 5	1		5	
Total Targets Score				24	
[4] Multiply [1] x [2] x [3]				1,440	
[5] Divide line [4] by 1,440 and multiply by 100			S_{FE} = 0		

FIRE AND EXPLOSION WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Haught Farm Date: 1/3/86

Direct Contact Work Sheet					
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multiplier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
[1] Observed Incident	0 (45)	1	45	45	8.1
If line [1] is 45, proceed to line [4] If line [1] is 0, proceed to line [2]					
[2] Accessibility	0 1 2 (3)	1	3	3	8.2
[3] Containment	0 (15)	1	15		8.3
[4] Waste Characteristics Toxicity	0 1 2 (3)	5	15	15	8.4
[5] Targets					8.5
Population Within 1-Mile Radius	0 1 (2) 3 4 5	4	8	20	
Distance to a Critical Habitat	(0) 1 2 3	4	0	12	
Total Targets Score			8	32	
[6] If line [1] is 45, multiply [1] x [4] x [5] If line [1] is 0, multiply [2] x [3] x [4] x [5]			5,400	21,600	
[7] Divide line [6] by 21,600 and multiply by 100			S_{DC} = 25.00		

DIRECT CONTACT WORK SHEET

DOCUMENTATION RECORDS
FOR
HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

FACILITY NAME: Haight Farm

LOCATION: 4879 Upper Holley Rd., Town of Clarendon, Orleans County, NY

GROUND WATER ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Contaminants detected (5 maximum):

Trichloroethylene - 970 ppb; Benzene - 1 ppb; Chloroform - 1 ppb; Toluene - 1 ppb; Trans-1,2-dichloroethene - 3 ppb; 9/16/85 sample taken from the well of Mr. Frank Yacano, 4878 Upper Holley Road (OCDOH Lab Analysis).

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility:

Analysis of samples taken from barrels on-site showed 0.7 to 65% TCE. During an unauthorized attempt to move the barrels on 12/15/84 approximately 200 gallons of waste spilled. Subsequent well samples taken at the nearby Yacona residence showed the following TCE concentrations: Sample 12/26/84 - 19 ppb; Sample 9/3/85 - 690 ppb; Sample 9/16/85 - 970 ppb (Tramontano, 1985; Banks, 1984; OCDOH, 1985; Maxfield, 1985).

* * *

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Depth to Aquifer of Concern

Name/description of aquifer(s) in concern:

Shallow unconsolidated deposits (shallow aquifer) is the aquifer of concern. No substrative confining acquifers expected. (USDA, Soil Survey, 1973; NYS Bedrock Geology Map, 1977).

Depth(s) from the ground surface to the highest seasonal level of the saturated zone [water table(s)] of the aquifer of concern:

Estimated between 5 to 20 feet (Turkow, 1985).

Depth from the ground surface to the lowest point of waste disposal/ storage:

Zero. Spill Occurred on ground surface. (ES Site Visit, 1985)

Net Precipitation

Mean annual or seasonal precipitation (list months for seasonal):

Mean annual precipitation is 34" (U.S. Dept. of Commerce, National Climatic Center, Climatic Atlas of the United States, 1979).

Mean annual lake or seasonal evaporation (list months for seasonal):

Mean annual lake evaporation is 27" (U.S. Dept. of Commerce, National Climatic Center, Climatic Atlas of the United States, 1979).

Net precipitation (subtract the above figures):

7" (34" - 27" = 7") (U.S. Dept. of Commerce, National Climatic Center, Climatic Atlas of the United States, 1979).

Permeability of Unsaturated Zone

Soil type in unsaturated zone:

Ontario stoney loam (USDA, Soil Survey, 1973).

Permeability associated with soil type

10^{-3} to 10^{-4} cm/sec (USDA, Soil Survey, 1973).

Physical State

Physical state of substances at time of disposal (or at present time for generated gases):

Waste Oils/Solvents - Liquid (NYS Registry Sheet, 1985).

3. CONTAINMENT

Containment

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

No containment. Corroded barrels and record of spill onto ground surface (Leary and Farrar, 1984; Banks, 1984).

Method with highest score:

Leaking containers removed, waste liquids spilled on ground - score = 3 (Banks, 1984).

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Compound(s) evaluated:

TCE - score = 12 (Tramontano, 1985).
PCB - score = 18 (Maxfield, 1985).

Compound with highest score:

PCB - score = 18. The presence of PCB in soil samples was verified by lab data (Maxfield, 1985).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of 0 (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

43 drums of waste oil containing TCE were received at the site. In 1984, an estimated 200 gallons of this material was spilled on-site. (Banks, 1984).

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

43 drums of hazardous waste were received at the site which were reported to be corroded and leaking. Because there is evidence of waste spillage on-site (stained ground), all of the drums are used for the HRS quantity score (Bank, 1984; ES Site Visit, 1985).

3. CONTAINMENT

Containment

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

No containment. Corroded barrels and record of spill onto ground surface (Leary and Farrar, 1984; Banks, 1984).

Method with highest score:

Leaking containers removed, waste liquids spilled on ground - score = 3 (Banks, 1984).

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Compound(s) evaluated:

TCE - score = 12 (Tramontano, 1985).
PCB - score = 18 (Maxfield, 1985).

Compound with highest score:

PCB - score = 18. The presence of PCB in soil samples was verified by lab data (Maxfield, 1985).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of 0 (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

43 drums of waste oil containing TCE were received at the site. In 1960, an estimated 200 gallons of this material was spilled on-site. (Banks, 1984).

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

43 drums of hazardous waste were received at the site which were reported to be corroded and leaking. Because there is evidence of waste spillage on-site (stained ground), all of the drums are used for the HRS quantity score (Bank, 1984; ES Site Visit, 1985).

5. TARGETS

Ground Water Use

Uses(s) of aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius of the facility:

Groundwater used as drinking water (Turkow, 1985).

Distance to Nearest Well

Location of nearest well drawing from aquifer of concern or occupied building not served by a public water supply:

Adjacent: less than 200 feet; the Haight residence (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Distance to above well or building:

Approximately 200 feet (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Population Served by Ground Water Wells Within a 3-Mile Radius

Identified water-supply well(s) drawing from aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius and populations served by each:

220 (USGS Topographic Map, Holley Quadrangle).

Computation of land area irrigated by supply well(s) drawing from aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius, and conversion to population (1.5 people per acre):

Water drawn from the aquifer of concern is not used for land irrigation (Herendeen, 1985).

Total population served by ground water within a 3-mile radius:

220 residences x 3.8 people per residence = 836 people (Estimate based on house count using USGS Topographic Map, Holley Quadrangle).

SURFACE WATER ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Contaminants detected in surface water at the facility or downhill from it (5 maximum):

No surface water samples collected (NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 1985).

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility:

Not applicable.

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Facility Slope and Intervening Terrain

Average slope of facility in percent:

3 to 5% (USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle; ES Site Visit, 1985).

Name/description of nearest downslope surface water:

Drainage ditch west of Upper Holley Road, flowing north along a muck land and eventually into a wetland area (ES Site Visit, 1985; USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle)

Average slope of terrain between facility and above-cited surface water body in percent:

3 to 5% (USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle)

Is the facility located either totally or partially in surface water?

No (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Is the facility completely surrounded by areas of higher elevation?

No (ES Site Visit, 1985; USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle)

1-Year 24-Hour Rainfall in Inches

2.1" (U.S. Department of Commerce Technical Paper No. 40).

Distance to Nearest Downslope Surface Water

800 feet (USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle)

Physical State of Waste

Waste Oil/Solvents - Liquid (NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 1/23/85).

3. CONTAINMENT

Containment

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

Leaking containers, waste liquid spilled on-site (Banks, 1984).

Method with highest score:

Liquid waste spilled on ground - score = 3 (Banks, 1984).

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Compound(s) evaluated

Waste oil containing TCE, PCB (Tramontano, 1985; Schmied, 1985; Maxfield, 1985).

Compound with highest score:

PCB, HRS Score = 18 (Maxfield, 1985).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of 0 (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

43 drums of waste oil containing TCE was received at the site. An estimated 200 gallons of this material was spilled on-site (Banks, 1984).

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

43 drums of hazardous waste were received at the site which were reported to be corroded and leaking (Banks, 1984). Because there is evidence of waste spillage on-site (stained ground), all of the drums are used for the HRS quantity score (ES Site Visit, 1985).

* * *

5. TARGETS

Surface Water Use

Use(s) of surface water within 3 miles downstream of the hazardous substance:

Wetland area is used recreationally for fishing.

Is there tidal influence?

Not a coastal area (USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle).

Distance to a Sensitive Environment

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) coastal wetland, if 2 miles or less:

Not applicable, not a coastal area (USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle).

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) fresh-water wetland, if 1 mile or less:

Approximately 3,400 feet (NYS Wetlands Maps).

Distance to critical habitat of an endangered species or national wildlife refuge, if 1 mile or less:

None within 1 mile (Ozard, 1985).

Population Served by Surface Water

Location(s) of water-supply intake(s) within 3 miles (free-flowing bodies) or 1 mile (static water bodies) downstream of the hazardous substance and population served by each intake:

Surface water is not used as a source of potable water within 3 miles of the site (Turkow, 1985).

Computation of land area by above-cited intake(s) and conversion to population (1.5 people per acre):

Not applicable.

Total population served:

Not applicable.

Name/description of nearest of above water bodies:

Not applicable.

Distance to above-cited intakes, measured in stream miles:

Not applicable.

AIR ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Contaminants detected:

Up- and downgradient HNU meter readings taken during the ES site visit did not detect volatile organic compounds above background levels (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Date and location of detection of contaminants:

Not applicable.

Methods used to detect the contaminants:

HNu meter

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the site:

Contaminants are not attributed to the site because HNu meter readings for volatile organics were below background levels of 1 ppm.

* * *

2. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Reactivity and Incompatibility

Most reactive compound:

TCE - given an NFPA level of 1 (Sax, 1985). However, for purposes of rating the air pathway, TCE is not scored because HNU meter readings for volatile organics were below background levels of 1 ppm (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Most incompatible pair of compounds:

No incompatible compounds are known to exist on-site (NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 1985).

Toxicity

Most toxic compound:

PCB - 3 and TCE - level 3 (Sax). However, for purposes of rating the air pathway, TCE or PCB is not scored because up- and downgradient HNU meter readings for volatile organics were below background levels of 1 ppm (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous waste:

A hazardous waste quantity score is not scored for the air pathway.

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

The hazardous wastes that reportedly were spilled on-site must be observed (HNU meter) to be scored for the air pathway. Also, a past observed release incident (during chemical spillage) does not constitute a present observed release.

* * *

3. TARGETS

Population Within 4-Mile Radius

Circle radius used, give population, and indicate how determined:

0 to 4 mi (0 to 1 mi) 0 to 1/2 mi 0 to 1/4 mi

Population 150 (1980 Census data).

Distance to a Sensitive Environment

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) coastal wetland, if 2 miles or less:

Not applicable, not a coastal area (USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle).

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) fresh-water wetland, if 1 mile or less:

Approximately 3,400 feet (NYS Wetlands Maps).

Distance to critical habitat of an endangered species, if 1 mile or less:

None within 1 mile (Ozard, 1985).

Land Use

Distance to commerical/industrial area, if 1 mile or less:

None within 1 mile (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Distance to national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve, if 2 miles or less:

None within 2 miles (ES Site Visit, 1985; USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle).

Distance to residential area, if 2 miles or less:

Adjacent - approximately 200 feet (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Distance to agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 1 mile or less:

200 feet (Tompkins, 1985).

Distance to prime agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 2 miles or less:

200 feet (Orleans County Prime Farmland Map).

Is a historic or landmark site (National Register of Historic Places and National Natural Landmarks) within view of the site?

No (ES Site Visit, 1985).

FIRE AND EXPLOSION

1. CONTAINMENT

Hazardous substances present:

No information was discovered during the Phase I study which indicates that a fire and explosion situation existed or presently exists at the site.

Type of containment, if applicable:

* * *

2. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Direct Evidence

Type of instrument and measurements:

No measurements to determine the fire and explosion potential were taken on-site.

Ignitability

Compound used:

No ignitable compounds are known to exist on-site (NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 1985).

Reactivity

Most reactive compound:

No reactive compounds are known to exist on-site (NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 1985).

Incompatibility

Most incompatible pair of compounds:

No incompatible compounds are known to exist on-site (NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 1985).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility:

No hazardous wastes with the potential to create a fire/explosion hazard are known to exist on-site (ES Site Visit, 1985; NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 1985).

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

Organic solvents and waste oil spilled on-site are not a fire/explosion threat as these liquid wastes are absorbed in the on-site soil.

* * *

3. TARGETS

Distance to Nearest Population

Site is located in a residential area (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Distance to Nearest Building

Less than 200 feet (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Distance to Sensitive Environment

Distance to wetlands:

Approximately 3,400 feet (NYS Wetlands Maps).

Distance to critical habitat:

None within 1 mile (Ozard, 1985).

Land Use

Distance to commercial/industrial area, if 1 mile or less:

None within 1 mile (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Distance to national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve, if 2 miles or less:

None within 2 miles (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Distance to residential area, if 2 miles or less:

Site is located in a residential area.

Distance to agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 1 mile or less:

200 feet (Tompkins, 1985).

Distance to prime agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 2 miles or less:

200 feet (Orleans County Prime Farmlands Map).

Is a historic or landmark site (National Register or Historic Places and National Natural Landmarks) within the view of the site?

No (ES Site Visit, 1985).

Population with 2-Mile Radius

180 residence x 3.8 people per house = 684 people (USGS, 1950).

Buildings Within 2-Mile Radius

Approximately 180 buildings (Estimate based on house count using USGS Topographic Map: Holley Quadrangle).

DIRECT CONTACT

1. OBSERVED INCIDENT

Date, location, and pertinent details of incident:

12/17/84 Haight Farm site: two state troopers arrived on the scene after receiving a complaint about someone moving barrels off Mr. Haight's property. Two state trooper cars were contaminated and the troopers were overcome by fumes from spilled material (Unidentified Memo to the NYSDEC File, 12/84).

* * *

2. ACCESSIBILITY

Describe type of barrier(s):

No barriers on-site to control unauthorized entry (ES Site Visit, 1985).

* * *

3. CONTAINMENT

Type of containment, if applicable:

Hazardous substances are accessible to direct contact because waste oil/solvent were spilled on-site and evidence (stained ground) exists on-site (Banks, 1984; ES Site Visit, 1985).

* * *

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity

Compounds evaluated:

TCE (Tramontano, 1985).
PCB (Maxfield, 1985).

Compound with highest score:

TCE = 3 (Tramontano, 1985).
PCB = 3 (Maxfield, 1985).

5. TARGETS

Population within one-mile radius

150 people (1980 census data).

Distance to critical habitat (of endangered species)

None within 1 mile (Ozard, 1985).

HRS REFERENCES*

1. Banks, D., NYSDEC, Memo to Commissioner Williams, 12/17/84.

2. Banks, D., NYSDEC, Memo to Commissioner Williams, 12/17/84.

3. Banks, D., NYSDEC, Memo to Commissioner Williams, 12/20/84.

4. Herendeen, Nate, Orleans County Cooperative Extension, Personal Communication, 12/18/85.

5. Leary, R., and Farrar, R., NYSDEC, Memo to the Clarendon File, 12/20/84.

6. Maxfield, R.E., Sampling Report, 1/11/85.

7. NYSDEC File, Memo from Bruce Finster to the Clarendon File, 12/84.

8. NYSDEC, Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Report, 1/24/85.

9. NYS Museum and Science Service Bedrock Geology Map, Map and Chart Series, No. 28 (Compiled by Muller, E.H.), 1977.

10. NYS Freshwater Wetlands Map, Orleans County.

11. Orleans County DOH, Letter to Frank Yacano, 10/4/85.

12. Ozard, John, NYSDEC Division of Fish and Wildlife, Personal Communication, 12/16/85.

13. Sax, Irving N., "Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, Sixth Edition, 1984.

14. Schmied, Paul, Memo to Frank Shattuck, 1/4/85.

15. Tompkins, Bill, District Conservationist of Orleans County, Personal Communication, 12/85.

16. Tramontano, R., NYSDOH, Memo to Dr. Kim, 1/4/85.

17. Turkow, David, Orleans County DOH, Personal Communication, 1/3/86.

18. USDA, Soil Conservation Service, Important Farmland Map, Orleans County, 1980.

19. USDA Soil Conservation Service, Orleans County Soil Survey, 1973.

20. US Department of Commerce Technical Paper No. 40, "Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the U.S.", 1963.

21. US Department of Commerce, "Climatic Atlas of the United States", 1979.

22. USGS Topographic Map, Holley Qudrangle, 1950.

*For general references, see Appendix A.

EMERGENCY OPERATIONS INCIDENT REPORT

History #2. #3

Nurr. #2

15 (12/75)

(1)

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

MEMORANDUM

TO: Commissioner Williams
FROM: Darryl Banks by W. Miner
SUBJECT: Orleans County Hazardous Waste Incident

DATE: December 17, 1984

Bruce Finster, Region 8 Hazardous Material Spill Coordinator provided the following updated information on Saturday's Orleans hazardous waste incident.

The owner of the farm on which the drums were stored is in the process of selling the property and offered some type of compensation for removal of the drums. The Village of Claredon Police Chief L. Pascarell and a patrolman Fredricks, in an unofficial capacity, brought a flat-bed truck to the farm and began loading corroded drums on the truck. In the process, approximately 200 gallons of suspected trichloroethylene was spilled.

Two Troop A State Police, Investigator Lang and Trooper Howard, responded as a result of a citizen complaint. Once on scene both complained of throat irritation and experienced severe coughing. DEC BECI Investigator Mathis and Wildeman and ECO VanDurme also responded to the scene. Mathis collected samples from the drums and could be susceptible to pneumonia according to Finster. Lt. Snell was advised that Investigator Mathis should seek prompt medical attention.

The Orleans County Health Department was notified by Finster and they will alert Chief Pascarell and Officer Fredricks of the need for a medical checkup. Region 8 Chief ECO Captain William Powell was also alerted to the health concerns for ECO VanDurme. The two troopers affected by the chemical are scheduled to return to the hospital on December 21 for blood and liver tests.

Regional Attorney Peter Bush who is Acting Regional Director will be contacting the BECI unit to coordinate cleanup and collection of evidence. Finster also advises that the earlier report of the truck and barrels being at the Troop A headquarters is incorrect. The truck and barrels have been secured at the farm site in Claredon with the drums reported to be still leaking. The two State Police cars are at the Batavia barracks and will not be used until after proper decontamination.

c: L. Marsh T. Quinn
R. Torkelson
C. Bassett
R. Cross
G. Firth
J. Greenthal
W. Stasiuk (DOH)
E. Seiffer

15 (12/75)

New York State De PREF. 1 tal Conservation

#1 History

(2)

MEMORANDUM

TO: Commissioner Williams
FROM: Darryl Banks by B. Miner
SUBJECT: Suspected Hazardous Waste Incident - Orleans County

DATE: December 17, 1984

SEMO reported this morning that on Saturday, December 15, 1984, the State Police investigated a suspected illegal hazardous waste operation on the Earl Haight farm, 4899 Upper Holly Road, Town of Claredon, Orleans County.

The investigators found a truck loading 47 drums of suspected trichloroethylene, a toxic solvent. The drums had been stored on the farm for the last 14 to 15 years ~~by~~ firm an unknown chemical company from Rochester.

BECI Investigator D.L. Mathis and Region 8 EnCon Officer VanDurme were on scene with the State Police. No.

The truck and drums are reported to have been impounded at the Batavia State Police barracks pending results of analyses on the drum contents. Two State Police cars have also been impounded at the barracks because these were also contaminated by two troopers who got the material on their clothing.

Region 8 Hazardous Material Spill Coordinator Bruce Finster was not aware of this incident as of this morning, but will follow up through Regional Director Seiffer.

c. L. Marsh
R. Torkelson
C. Bassett
R. Cross
G. Firth
E. Seiffer ✓
J. Greenthal
W. Stasiuk (DOH)

Copy Schultz
Snell
Powell
Schmidt
Schattuck

EMERGENCY OPERATIONS INCIDENT REPORT 84-12-17a4 #5 Narr. #5 Narr (3)

(12/75)

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

MEMORANDUM

Commissioner Williams
OM: Darryl Banks by W. Miner
BJECT: Orleans County Hazardous Waste Incident

TE: December 20, 1984

Bruce Finster, Region 8 Hazardous Material Spill Coordinator, relayed the following updated information on the Orleans County Hazardous Waste Incident:

Frontier Chemical of Niagara Falls removed approximately 1000 gallons of waste material from the Haight Farm yesterday. They removed the contents of 43 drums, 29 of which had been loaded on to the flat-bed truck. The State Police have subsequently released the truck to the owner. Frontier will transport the empty drums to their Niagara Falls facility today.

As only four drums were previously sampled by BECI personnel, Frontier collected an additional four discrete and one composit of the drums contents. Preliminary results indicate that 28 drums contained some type of chloronated solvent, 1 drum contained a cutting oil, 1 drum was one quarter full of an unknown substance, and the remaining 13 were empty. There was no cleanup of contaminated soil by Frontier at this time. As the regional water people have some concern over possible ground water pollution, there will be a meeting with Division of Solid & Hazardous Waste staff to determine how a soil removal operation could be best accomplished.

The State Police and the BECI Unit are continuing their investigation.

c: L. Marsh
R. Torkelson
C. Bassett
R. Cross
G. Firth
J. Greenthal
W. Stasiuk (DOH)
T. Quinn
E. Seiffer ✓

WM/bc

INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE: Nate Herendeen
TITLE-POSITION:
ADDRESS: Orleans County Cooperative Extension
CITY:
PHONE: 716-433-2651
LOCATION: Telephone Interview INTERVIEWER: Cordone
DATE/TIME: 12/18/85 - 1100
SUBJECT: Irrigation Practices in Orleans County
REMARKS:

Haight Farm - irrigation not practiced in the area. Muck lands to the south of the site practice surface water control.

Horan Road Landfill - no irrigation practiced in the vicinity of the site.

(4)

INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE Nate Herendeen /

TITLE - POSITION

ADDRESS Orleans Co. Cooperative Extension

CITY STATE ZIP

PHONE (716) 433 2651 RESIDENCE PERIOD TO

LOCATION telephone interview INTERVIEWER Cordone

DATE/TIME 12/18/85 / 1100 hrs

SUBJECT: Irrigation practices in Orleans county.

REMARKS: Haight Farm - irrigation not practiced in the area. Muck lands to the south of the site practice surface water control.

Horan Road Landfill - no irrigation practiced in the vicinity of the site

I agree with the above interview summary:

Signature/Title:

Comments:

15 (12/75)

F. Shattuck

(3)

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

MEMORANDUM #4 Hist. #6 Narr.

TO: Clarendon File
FROM: Robert Leary and Dennis Farrar DF
SUBJECT: Sampling of Drums RL.

DATE: 12/20/84

On December 17, 1984, we received notice of drums containing possible hazardous wastes near Clarendon. We arrived on the site at 2:15 p.m., after first meeting with Mr. Bill Wideman. At the site were Mr. David Turkow and Erie Wohlers of the Orleans County Health Dept., Mr. Jack McCarthy, Orleans County Fire Disaster Coordinator, and Mr. Gary Germeo, Assistant Fire Chief.

The site consisted of a flat bed truck with 28 drums, disturbed soils, and about 15 drums on the ground. A sketch of the site is attached. We first checked the area with an HNU meter and a combustible gas meter. A reading of 5 (0-20 scale) was obtained on the HNU meter. Due to this reading and a strong solvent odor, gas masks were worn during work near the truck.

The drums on the ground were empty and almost all were rusted through or crushed. The soil showed evidence of oily contamination. The 28 drums on the flatbed truck, which were numbered by spray paint, were also in poor condition. Many of these drums were rusted through on their sides and covers. The flatbed truck itself was covered with oily and slippery liquid. An inventory of the drums is as follows:

DRUM #	VOLUME (gallons)	SAMPLED
1	upside down	
2	25	
3	10	
4	25	
5	upside down	
6	upside down	
7	55	
8	10	
9	40	
10	upside down	
11	40	yes, one vial
12	25	yes, one vial
13	55	yes, three vials, one 250 ml
14	25	
15	upside down	
16	25	yes, one vial

Maxfield 85
Clarendon
Drum
Site
(6)

Versar INC.

March 25, 1985
857-C-11

RECEIVED
MAR 28 1985
DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE ENFORCEMENT
REGION 9

MAR 2 1985
BUREAU OF WATER
DIVISION OF

Jack Ryan
Room 317
Bureau of Water Research
NYS Dept. Environmental Conserv.
50 Wolf Road
Albany, New York 12233-0001

Reference: Versar Report Number 857-77

Dear Mr. Ryan:

Please find enclosed our report for sample numbers:

P 884-V27-01, -13, -17, -19, -24

Received from D. Farrar on 1/11/85.

Should you have any questions concerning these data, please contact me at your earliest convenience and refer to the above report number.

Sincerely,
Versar Inc.

Robert E. Maxfield, Manager
Inorganic Chemistry Branch
Laboratory Operations

REM:nan
Enclosure

RECEIVED
MAR 27 1985
DIVISION OF
ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT
CENTRAL OFFICE

PCB DATA

(6)

PCB ANALYTICAL REPORT

PREPARED FOR: Mr. Jack Ryan
Room 317 Bureau of Water Research
NYS Dept. Environmental Conservation
50 Wolf Road
Albany, New York 12233-0001

REF. NO. 857 B.77

SAMPLE NO.	LAB NO.	CONCENTRATION PARTS/MILLION	AROCLOR	COMMENTS
P884-V27-01	3920	19	1242+1254+1260	Sediment
P884-V27-13	3921	< 1	----	Oil
P884-V27-17	3922	< 1	----	Oil
P884-V27-19	3923	< 1	----	Oil
P884-V27-24	3924	< 1	----	Oil

DATE: 5/25

Mark T. Carkhuff, Chief
Applied GC Section
Laboratory Operations

6850 VERSAR CENTER, SPRINGFIELD, VA 22151 TELEPHONE: (703) 750-3000

(6)

ORGANICS QUALITY CONTROL

PROJECT NO. 857 8.77

DATE: 3/22/85

PCB (µg/g)

Duplicate Sample Results	Sample Number P884-V27-01	Sample Result	18
		Duplicate Result	20
		RPD	10%

Spiked Sample Results	Sample Number	Sample Result	19
		Spike Result	56
		Spike Added	48
		% Recovery	77%

(6)

ORGANICS QUALITY CONTROL

PROJECT NO. 857 8.77 DATE: 3/22/85

			PCB (µg/g)
Duplicate Sample Results	Sample Number P884-V27-13	Sample Result	< 1
		Duplicate Result	< 1
		RPD	NA
Spiked Sample Results	Sample Number	Sample Result	< 1
		Spike Result	50
		Spike Added	50
		% Recovery	100%

DATA SUMMARY

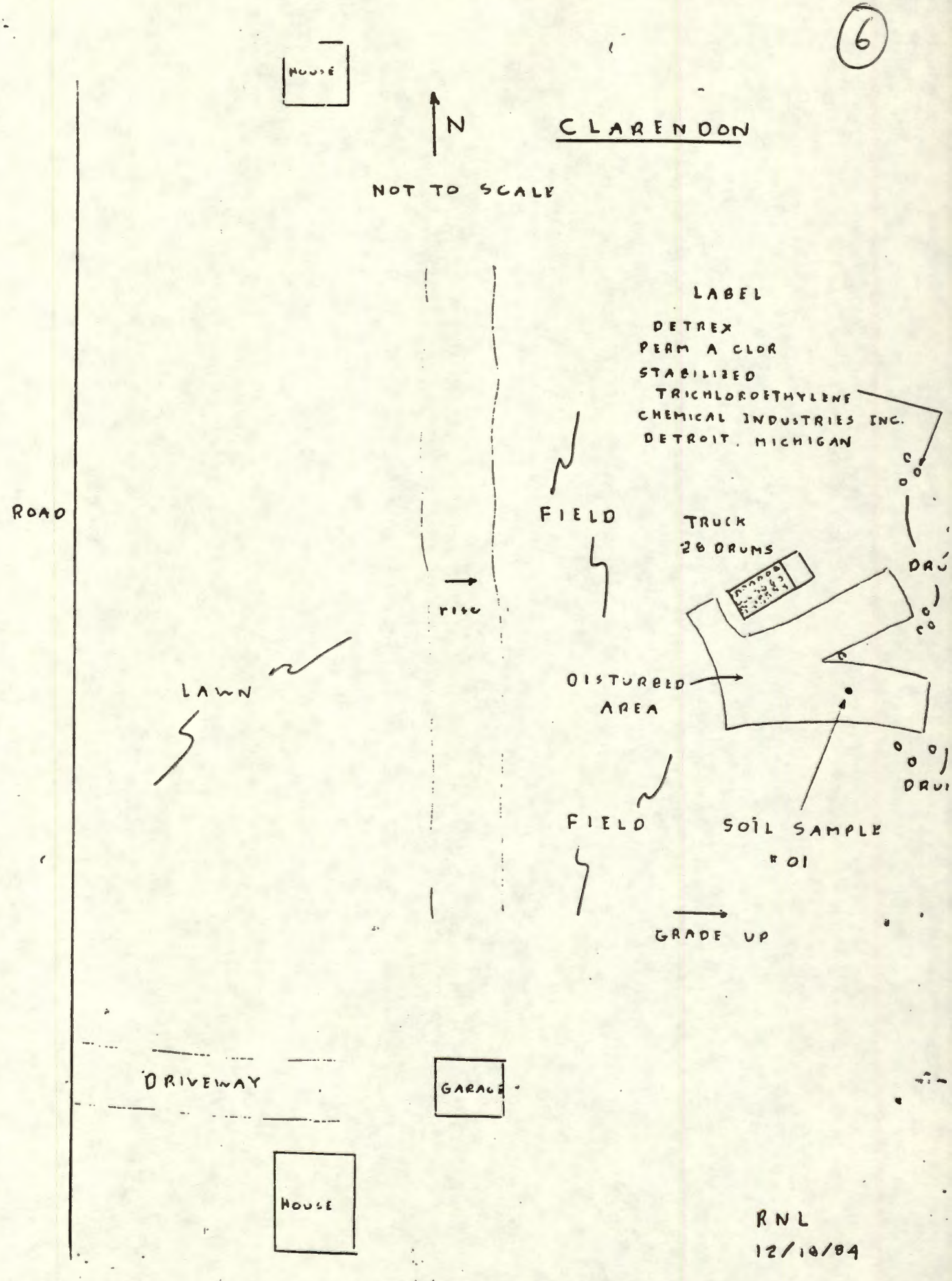
(6)

Versar INC.

ORGANICS DATA SUMMARY
PROJECT 857.002 BATCH 77
NYS CONTRACT NO. C000661

NYS SAMPLE NO.	COMPOUNDS DETECTED	CONCENTRATION
P884 V27-01 (original)	Trichloroethene	9.5%
P884 V27-13 (original)	Trichloroethene	18%
P884 V27-17 (original)	Trichloroethene	65%
P884 V27-19 (original)	Trichloroethene	42%
P884 V27-24 (original)	Trichloroethene	47%
P884 V27-13 Duplicate	Trichloroethene	19%
P884 V27-13 Matrix Spike	Trichloroethene	98%

V 11/05/84


HOUSE
N
CLARENDON
NOT TO SCALE
LABEL
DETREX
PERM A CLOR
STABILIZED
TRICHLOROETHYLENE
CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES INC.
DETROIT, MICHIGAN
ROAD
FIELD
TRUCK
26 DRUMS
RISE
LAWN
DISTURBED
AREA
FIELD
SOIL SAMPLE
#01
GRADE UP
DRIVEWAY
GARAGE
HOUSE

RNL
12/10/84

John

J. J. KELLY
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SPECIALIST

Lewiston ------ 297-0755
Batavia ------ 343-2200

955-4550

(7)

Mum

— Regional Engineer For Environmental Quality

From: Bruce W. Finster — Water Division

Re: Possible Hazardous Materials Incident
Earl Hight Property
4879 Upper Holley Road
Clarendon (T), Orleans (C)

Thermochlor
Cutting oil
trichloretylene
perchloretylene

Date: December 17, 1984

At 9:50 A.M. on this date I received a telephone request status report from Bill Miner regarding a hazardous materials incident in the above referenced Town. According to Bill Miner, SEMO had just reported the incident to Central Office and Bill wanted a complete status report for the Commissioner. Since I had received (including the rest of Water) no report over the weekend, I told him that I knew nothing about it but would get back to him. He advised me that the incident information included the illegal removal of 47 drums of trichoretylene and the contamination of 2 State Trooper cars plus 2 Troopers were allegedly overcome by fumes from the spilled material. Bill informed me that BECI Investigator Dave Mathis and ECO Mike Van Derome were on site on

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
DIVISION OF SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE
INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL SITE REPORT

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 2a REGION: 8 SITE CODE: 837006

(8)

NAME OF SITE : Haight Farm
STREET ADDRESS: 4899 Upper Holly Rd.
TOWN/CITY: Claredon
COUNTY: Orleans
ZIP:

SITE TYPE: Open Dump-X Structure- Lagoon- Landfill- Treatment Pond-
ESTIMATED SIZE: Acres

SITE OWNER/OPERATOR INFORMATION:
CURRENT OWNER NAME....: Earl Haight
CURRENT OWNER ADDRESS.: 4899 Upper Holly Rd., Claredon, N.Y.
OWNER(S) DURING USE...: Earl Haight
OPERATOR DURING USE...: same
OPERATOR ADDRESS.....: 4899 Upper Holly Rd.
PERIOD ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS WASTE: From 1969 To 1984

SITE DESCRIPTION:
The site was a drum disposal area, in which drums may have come from an unknown chemical company in Rochester, N.Y., 14 to 15 years ago. On December 15, 1984 approximately 30 drums of suspected trichloroethylene was loaded on a truck, ultimate disposal unknown, approximately 200 gallons may have been spilled during loading.
Frontier Chemical, contracted through the NYS Superfund Drum Removal Program, have properly disposed of the drummed wastes. However, private groundwater wells tested in the area, have shown contamination of trichloroethylene and other solvents.

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: Confirmed-X Suspected -

TYPE	QUANTITY (units)
Trichloroethylene	unknown

SITE CODE: 837006

ANALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE:

Air- Surface Water- Groundwater-X Soil- Sediment- None-

CONTRAVENTION OF STANDARDS:

Groundwater- Drinking Water- Surface Water- Air-

LEGAL ACTION:

TYPE..: State- Federal-
STATUS: In Progress- Completed-

REMEDIAL ACTION:

Proposed- Under Design- In Progress- Completed-
NATURE OF ACTION:

GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION:
SOIL TYPE: unknown
GROUNDWATER DEPTH: unknown

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS:

Addjtional information/sampling is necessary to adequately evaluate this site.

ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Insufficient information

PERSON(S) COMPLETING THIS FORM:

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

NAME.: Deborah Jackson
TITLE: Sen. Eng. Tech.

NAME.: Robert Olazagasti
TITLE: SWMS

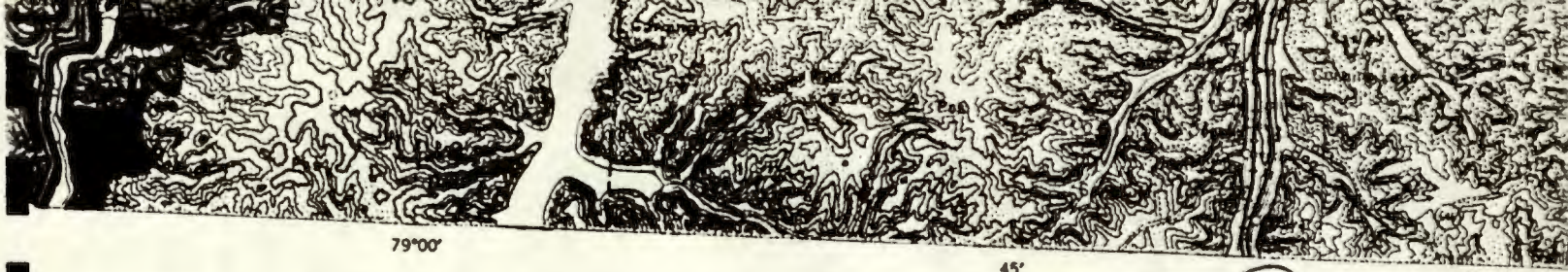
DATE.: 01/24/85

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NAME.: R. Tramontano
TITLE: Bur. Toxic Substance Assess.

NAME.:
TITLE:

DATE.: 01/24/85



(9)

ARY GEOLOGY OF NEW YORK, NIAGARA SH

by Ernest H. Muller

Scale 1: 250,000

0 5 10 15 20 25 Miles

5 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 Kilometers

5000 0 5000 10000 15000 20000 25000 30000 35000 Yards

MAP DATA SOURCES

ry A., 1968, A sedimentological study of the Niagara Falls Moraine. M.A. thesis, 76p.

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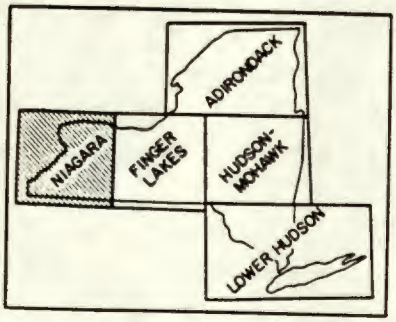
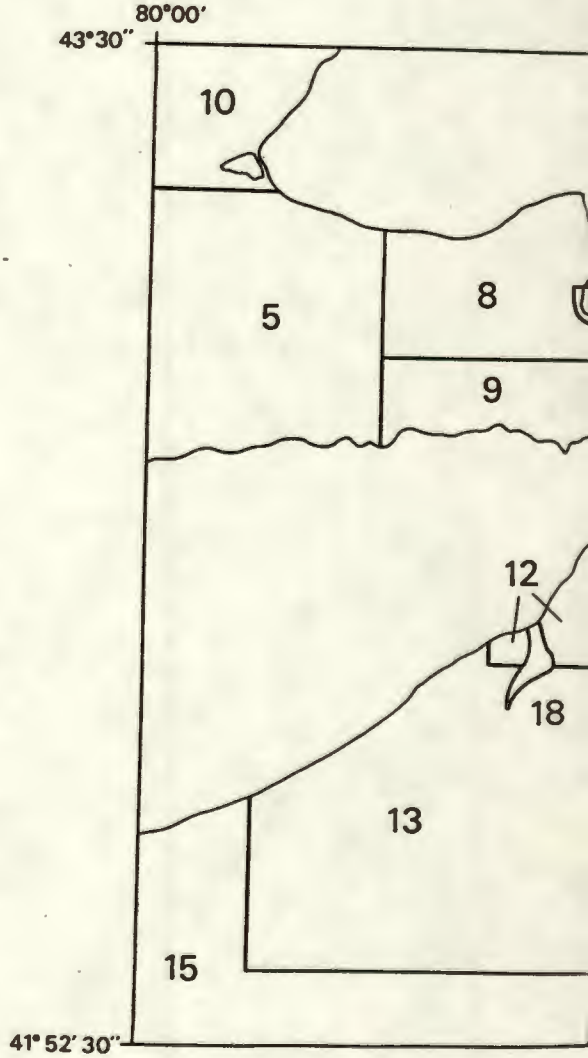
18. W

(9)

Muller, Ernest H. (1977)
New York State Museum and Science Service
Map and Chart Series Number 28






R
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O
400
300
200
100
9
Light
Shadigee
County Line
Lakeside Park
Point Breeze
Kuckville
Lomand Shore
Yates
Lyndonville
Johnson
Ashwood
Platten
Waterport
Carlton
Carlton Station
Marsh Creek
Sawyer
West Kendall
Kendall
Bald Eagle
North Hamlin
Kenyonville
Orchard
Oak Orchard
Ridgeway
Gaines
East Gaines
Sandy Creek
Kendall Mills
Hamlin
Walker
Knowlesville
Eagle Harbor
Five Corners
West Branch
Brockville
Albion
Medina
Millville
Rich Corners
Holley
Clarkson
Brockport
Manning
Clarendon
Barre Center
East Barre
Sweden Center
West Sweden
Selby
East Shelby
West Barre
South Barre
West Alabama
Wheatville
Oakfield
Elba
Byron
Bergen
West Bergen
Churchville
Buckbee Corners
Norton Field
Pembroke
Newkirk
South Byron
Fowlerville
Wem
Wgm
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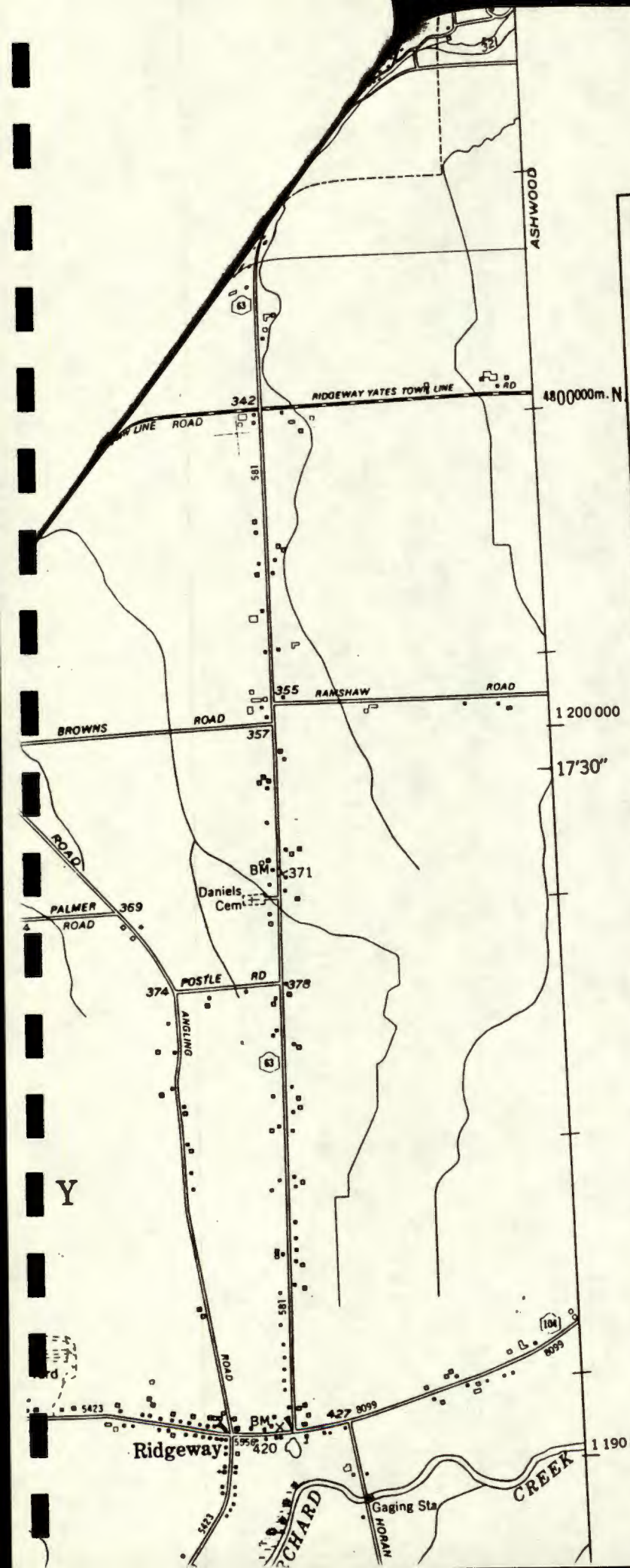
Hos

(10)



New York State Freshwater Wetlands Map

Orleans County

Map 1 of 10

This map was promulgated, pursuant to Article 24 of the Environmental Conservation Law (The Freshwater Wetlands Act) on July 30, 1984 by the Commissioner of New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

LEGEND:

- Approximate wetland boundary
- U Upland inclusion
- AA-00 Wetland identification code

NOTES:

This map indicates the approximate location of the actual boundaries of wetlands regulated according to the Freshwater Wetlands Act.

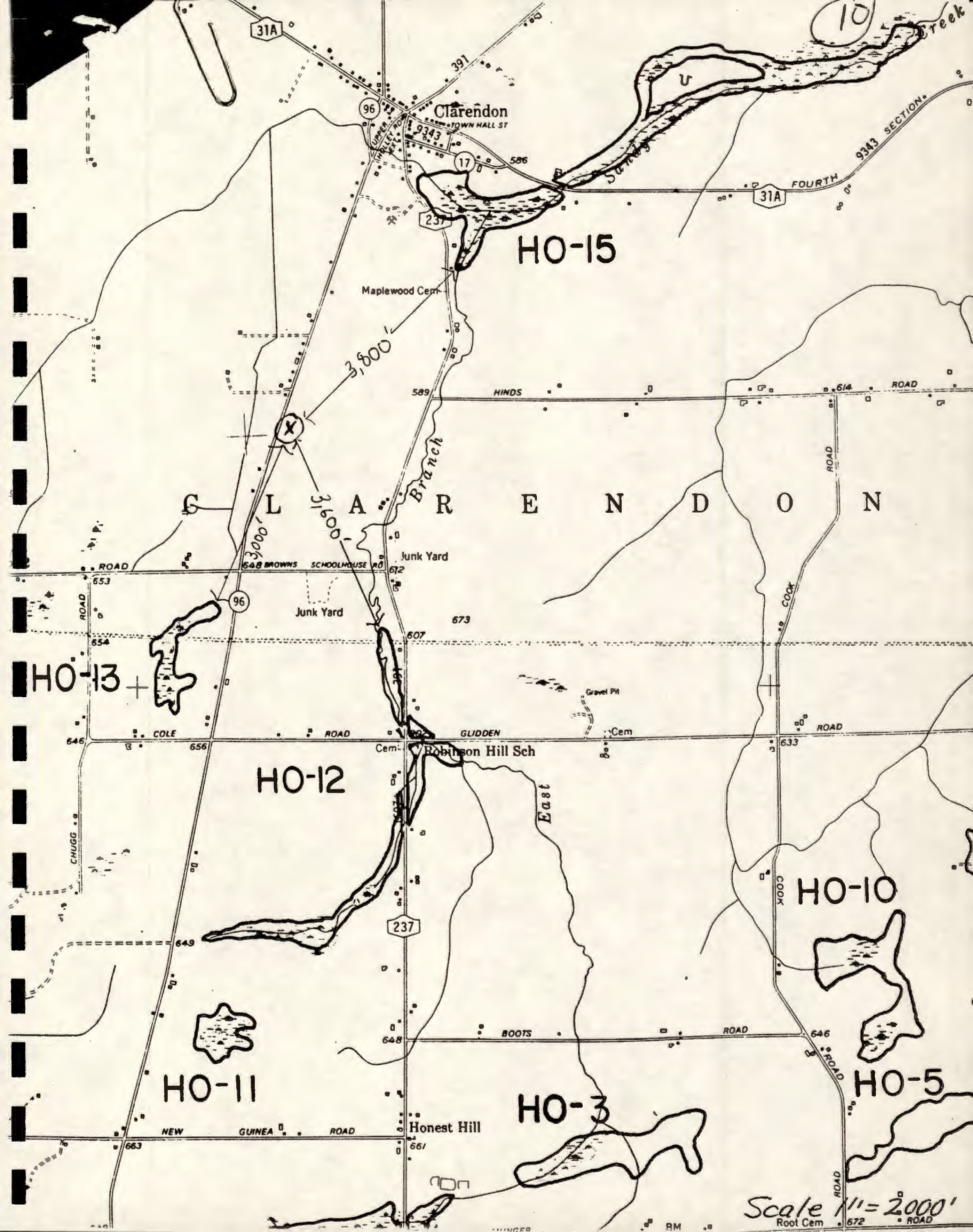
Map information other than the wetland boundaries was prepared by the New York State Department of Transportation and the United States Geological Survey. The locational information provided on the map is for reference only. Marsh symbols do not necessarily indicate the location of a regulated wetland.

Adjacent areas of the regulated wetlands are those areas within 100 feet of the boundary of the wetland. These areas are subject to regulation pursuant to the Freshwater Wetlands Act but are not delineated on this map. An adjacent area may be extended by special order of the Commissioner of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation or the local regulatory authority.

Copies of Freshwater Wetlands Maps are available from the regional offices of the Department of Environmental Conservation. Maps are available for inspection at these offices and local government clerk's offices.

REVISIONS

Date	Wetland #	Description of change



Clarendon
TOWN HALL ST
HO-15
HO-13
HO-12
HO-11
HO-10
HO-5
HO-3
C L A R E N D O N
Maplewood Cem
HINDS ROAD
BROWNS SCHOOLHOUSE RD
Junk Yard
Junk Yard
COLE ROAD
GLIDDEN ROAD
Robinson Hill Sch
Gravel Pit
Cem
CHUGG ROAD
COOK ROAD
BOOTS ROAD
NEW GUINEA ROAD
Honest Hill
Root Cem
FOURTH SECTION
Sandy Creek
East Branch
3,800'
3,600'
3,000'
Scale 1" = 2000'

#7 Narrative

#5 Narrative

Ref. = (11)

We should send a copy to Central Office. This site should have a high priority because of groundwater contamination in private wells

RECEIVED
OCT 1985
SOLID WASTE
D.E.C. REG. 8

FES

JOHN H. STAEBLE, M.P.H.
Public Health Director

COUNTY OF ORLEANS
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
14012 Route 31
Albion, New York 14411
(716) 589-5673

October 04, 1985

Mr. Frank Yacono
4878 Upper Holley Road
Holley, New York 14470

RE: Summary of Well Water Analysis Results

Dear Frank:

Please find enclosed a copy of the test results for each sample that has been collected at your residence thus far. I have underlined all positive results. Keep in mind that although several contaminants have shown up, the only chemical with a concentration of any significance is the trichloroethylene (TCE).

Following is a tabulated listing of all the samples, the detected chemicals, and their concentrations expressed in units of micrograms per liter (MCG/L) or equivalently parts per billion (ppb).

SAMPLE DATE	CONTAMINANT NAME	CONCENTRATION (MCG/L)
8/26/85	Trichloroethylene	19
	Carbon Tetrachloride	1
	Chloroform	1
	Tetrachloroethylene	1
	1,1,1 Trichloroethane	1
9/12/85	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)	< 0.05 (none detected)
9/03/85	Trichloroethylene	690
	Benzene	1
	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	2
9/16/85	Trichloroethylene	970
	Benzene	1
	Chloroform	1
	Toluene	1
	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	3

Haight Farms

(12)

INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE: John Ozard

TITLE-POSITION:

ADDRESS: NYSDEC Wildlife Resources Center

CITY: Delmar, NY 12054

PHONE: (518) 439-7486

LOCATION: Phone Interview INTERVIEWER: L. Cordone

DATE/TIME: 12/16/85

SUBJECT: Critical Habitats Near Phase I - 4th Round Sites

REMARKS: John ifnormed me that there are no critical habitats for endangered species in the vicinities of any of the following Phase I sites: Lindley Landfill, Cedar Street Dump, Horan Road Landfill, Livonia Landfill, Haight Farm, Route 19 Drum Disposal, U.S. Chrome, Sampson State Park, William Benson Landfill, Penn Yann Boats, and Conrail Site.

(12)

INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE John Ozard /

TITLE - POSITION

ADDRESS NYSDEC Wildlife Resources Center

CITY Delmar, N.Y. STATE ZIP 12054

PHONE (518) 439 7426 RESIDENCE PERIOD TO

LOCATION Phone Interview INTERVIEWER

DATE/TIME 12/16/85 /

SUBJECT: Critical Habitats near Phase I - 4th round sites.

REMARKS: John informed me that there are no critical habitats for endangered species in the vicinities of any of the following Phase I sites: Lindley Landfill, Cedar St. Dump, Horan Road Landfill, Livonia Landfill, Haight Farm, Route 19 Drum Disposal, U.S. Chrome, Sampson State Park, William Benson Landfill, Pearn Yann Boats, Conrail Site.

I agree with the above interview summary:

Signature/Title:

Comments:

Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials

Sixth Edition

N. Irving Sax

slt-mus-ipr 1 mmol/L	MUREAV 46,202,77
dns-mus-orl 2500 mg/L	NTIS** AD-A080-636
dns-mus:bmr 1 mmol/L	NTIS** AD-A080-636
hma-mus/smc 400 mg/kg	JEPTDQ 1,411,78

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS DATA: CODEN:

ihl-rat TCLo:1800 ppm/24H (1-2D preg)	APTOD9 19,A22,80
ihl-rat TCLo:100 ppm/4H (6-22D preg)	JPHYA7 276,24P,78
ihl-rat TCLo:1800 ppm/6H (1-20D preg)	TXCYAC 14,153,79

TUMORGENIC DATA: CODEN:

ihl-rat TCLo:500 ppm/6H/77W-I:ETA	ARTODN 43,237,80
orl-mus TDLo:455 g/kg/78W-I:CAR	NCITR* NCI-CG-TR-2,76
	ARTODN 43,237,80
ihl-mus TCLo:100 ppm/6H/77W-I:ETA	ARTODN 43,237,80
ihl-ham TCLo:100 ppm/6H/77W-I:ETA	ARTODN 43,237,80
orl-mus TD:912 g/kg/78W-I:CAR	NCITR* NCI-CG-TR-2,76
ihl-mus TC:500 ppm/6H/77W-I:ETA	ARTODN 43,237,80

TOXICITY DATA: CODEN:

orl-hmn LDLo:7 g/kg	ARTODN 35,295,76
ihl-hmn TCLo:6900 mg/M³/10M:CNS	AHBAAM 116,131,36
ihl-hmn TCLo:160 ppm/83M:CNS	AIHAAP 23,167,62
ihl-hmn TDLo:812 mg/kg:SYS	BMJOAE 2,689,45
ihl-man TCLo:110 ppm/8H:IRR	BJIMAG 28,293,71
ihl-man LCLo:2900 ppm	NZMJAX 50,119,51
orl-rat LD50:4920 mg/kg	AIHAAP 30,470,69
ihl-rat LCLo:8000 ppm/4H	AIHAAP 30,470,69
orl-mus LD50:2402 mg/kg	NTIS** AD-A080-636
ihl-mus LCLo:3000 ppm/2H	AEPPAE 141,19,29
ipr-mus LD50:3000 mg/kg	JETOAS 7(4),247,74
ivn-mus LD50:34 mg/kg	CBCCT* 6,141,54
orl-dog LDLo:5860 mg/kg	12VXA5 8,1069,68
ipr-dog LD50:1900 mg/kg	TXAPA9 10,119,67
scu-dog LDLo:150 mg/kg	HBTXAC 5,76,59
ivn-dog LDLo:150 mg/kg	QJPPAL 7,205,34
orl-cat LDLo:5866 mg/kg	NBTXAC 5,76,59
ihl-cat LCLo:32500 mg/M³/2H	AMBAAM 116,131,36
orl-rbt LDLo:7330 mg/kg	HBTXAC 5,76,59
scu-rbt LDLo:1800 mg/kg	QJPPAL 7,205,34
ihl-gpg LCLo:37200 ppm/40M	HBTXAC 5,76,59

Aquatic Toxicity Rating:TLm96:1000-100 ppm WQCHM* 3,-,74. Carcinogenic Determination: Animal Positive IARC** 20,545,79; IARC** 11,263, 76.

TLV: TWA 50 ppm; STEL 150 ppm DTLVS* 4,406, 80.

Toxicology Review: JTEHD6 2(3),671,77; CLPTAT 8, 91,67; JOCMA7 16(3),194,74; JOCMA7 17(9),603,75; FNSCA6 2,67,73; BNYMAM 54,413,78; 27ZTAP 3,146,69. OSHA Standard: Air: TWA 100 ppm; C1200; Pk 300/5M/2H (SCP-J) FEREAC 39,23540,74. DOT: ORM-A, Label: None FEREAC 41,57018,76. Occupational Exposure to Trichloroethylene recm std: Air: TWA 100 ppm; CL 150 ppm/10M NTIS**. Occupational Exposure to Waste Anesthetic Gases and Vapors recm std: Air: CL 2 ppm/1H NTIS**. NCI Carcinogenesis Bioassay Completed; Results Positive: Mouse (NCITR*NCI-CG-TR-2,76); Results Negative: Rat (NCITR(NCI-CG-TR-2,76). Currently tested by NTP for carcinogenesis by Standard Bioassay Protocol as of April 1982. NTP Carcinogenesis Bioassay Completed as of April 1982. "NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods" VOL 1 127, Vol 3, S336. NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 2, 1975. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980. EPA TSCA 8e NO: 05780146. Followup sent as of April, 1979.

THR: A strong skn, eye irr. MUT data. An exper TER, ETA, CARC. HIGH ivn, scu, ihl; MOD ihl, orl, ipr; LOW orl, ihl. Inhal of high conc causes narcosis and anesthesia. A form of addiction has been observed in exposed workers. Prolonged inhal of mod conc causes headache and drowsiness. Fatalities following severe acute exposure have been attributed to ventricular fibrillation resulting in cardiac failure. There is damage to liver and other organs from chronic exposure. Cases have been reported but are of questionable validity. Determination of the metabolites trichloracetic acid and trichloroethanol in urine reflects the absorption of trichloroethylene. A food additive permitted in food for human consumption. A common air contaminant.

Fire Hazard: Low, when exposed to heat or flame. High conc of trichloroethylene vapor in high-temp air can be made to burn mildly if plied with a strong flame. Though such a condition is difficult to produce, flame or arcs should not be used in closed equipment when it contains any solvent residue or vapor.

Spontaneous Heating: No.

Disaster Hazard: Dangerous. When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Cl^-. See chlorides.

For further information see Vol. 1, No. 2 and Vol. No. 1 of *DPIM Report.*

Incomp: Can react violently with Al, Ba, N_2O_4, Li, M liquid O_2, O_3, KOH, KNO_3, Na, NaOH, Ti.

alpha-TRICHLOROETHYLIDENE GLYCEROL

CAS RN: 4692493 NIOSH #: JI 3380

mf: $C_5H_7Cl_3O_3$; mw: 221.47

SYN: ALPHA-2-(TRICHLOROMETHYL)-1,3-DIOXOLANE-4-METHA

TOXICITY DATA: 2 CODEN:

ipr-mus LD50:920 mg/kg	JPETAB 81,72,44
ivn-mus LD50:520 mg/kg	JPETAB 81,72,44

THR: MOD ipr, ivn.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits fumes of Cl^-.

beta-TRICHLOROETHYLIDENE GLYCEROL

CAS RN: 4692493 NIOSH #: JI 3440

mf: $C_5H_7Cl_3O_3$; mw: 221.47

SYN: BETA-2-(TRICHLOROMETHYL)-1,3-DIOXOLANE-4-METHA

TOXICITY DATA: 2 CODEN:

ipr-mus LD50:959 mg/kg	JPETAB 81,72,44
ivn-mus LD50:518 mg/kg	JPETAB 81,72,44

THR: MOD ipr, ivn.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits fumes of Cl^-.

13

LOROETHANOL

RN: 115208 NIOSH #: KM 3850000
H_3Cl_3O; mw: 149.40

mp: 17.8°, bp: 150° @ 765 mm, d: 1.54 @ 25°/
ap. press: 1 mm @ 20°, vap. d: 5.16.

CHLOROETHANOL 2,2,2-TRICHLOROETHYL ALCO-
LOROETHYL ALCOHOL HOL

ICITY DATA: 3-2 CODEN:
5 uL/plate/2H CBINA8 30,9,80
D50:600 mg/kg 12VXA5 8,1069,68
LDLo:300 mg/kg JPETAB 63,453,38
LD50:201 mg/kg 28ZPAK -,78,72
DLo:50 mg/kg JPETAB 63,453,38

ed in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.
: HIGH via ivn and ipr routes. MOD via oral route.
nesthetic. MUT data.
r Hazard: Dangerous; see chlorides.

CHLOROETHENYLSILANE

N: 75945 NIOSH #: VV 6125000
H_3Cl_3Si; mw: 161.49

ing liquid. bp: 90.6°; d: 1.265 @ 25°/25°; flash p:

S:
LORO(VINYL)SILANE VINYLSILICON TRICHLORIDE
ROVINYL SILICANE VINYL TRICHLOROSILANE

CITY DATA: 2 CODEN:
t 1 mg/24H AMIHBC 10,61,54
625 mg open SEV UCDS** 1/19/72
0 ug SEV AMIHBC 10,61,54
D50:1280 mg/kg AMIHBC 10,61,54
LCLo:500 ppm/4H UCDS** 1/19/72
LD50:3160 mg/kg HYSAAV 34,334,69
LC50:3020 mg/m3/4H HYSAAV 34,334,69
LD50:680 mg/kg AMIHBC 10,61,54

atic Toxicity Rating: TLm96:100-10 ppm WQCHM*
74. DOT: Flammable Liquid, Label: Flammable
id FEREAC 41,57018,76. Reported in EPA TSCA
ntory, 1980.
: MOD orl, ihl, skn. A skn, eye irr. See also chlorosi-
.
Hazard: Dangerous; reacts violently with water,
ist air.
ter Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox
s of Cl^-. Will react with water or steam to produce
nd corrosive fumes.

TRICHLORO-1-ETHOXYETHANOL

N: 515833 NIOSH #: KM 4725000
$H_7Cl_3O_2$; mw: 193.46

ls, less sol in water than chloral hydrate, sol in
solvents. d: 1.143, mp: 47.5°, bp: 116°.

S:
AL ALCOHOLATE CHLORAL, ETHYL HEMIACETAL
ETHYLALCOHOLATE TRICHLOROACETALDEHYDE
MONOETHYLACETAL

TOXICITY DATA: 2 CODEN:
orl-rat LD50:880 mg/kg JPETAB 78,340,43
orl-dog LDLo:1200 mg/kg JPETAB 78,340,43
orl-cat LDLo:500 mg/kg JPETAB 78,340,43
orl-rbt LDLo:1100 mg/kg JPETAB 78,340,43

Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.
THR: MOD via oral route.
Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Cl^-.

TRICHLOROETHYLAMINE

NIOSH #: KR 9850000
mf: $C_2H_4Cl_3N$; mw: 148.41

SYN: TCEA

TOXICITY DATA: CODEN:
mmo-asn 1700 umol/L SOGEBZ 6,220,70

THR: MUT data.
Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits very tox fumes of Cl^- and NO_x.

TRICHLOROETHYL CARBAMATE

CAS RN: 107697 NIOSH #: FD 1750000
mf: $C_3H_4Cl_3NO_2$; mw: 192.43

SYN: CARBAMIC ACID 2,2,2-TRICHLOROETHYL ESTER

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN:
ipr-mus TDLo:3250 mg/kg/13W-I TFX:NEO JNCIAM 8,99,47
ipr-mus LD50:500 mg/kg JNCIAM 8,99,47

THR: An exper NEO. MOD ipr. See also esters, carbamates.
Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits very tox fumes of Cl^- and NO_x.

TRICHLORO ETHYLENE

CAS RN: 79-01-6 NIOSH #: KX 4550000
mf: C_2HCl_3; mw: 131.38

Mobile liquid; characteristic odor of chloroform. d: 1.4649 @ 20°/4°; bp: 86.7°; flash p: 89.6°F; lel = 12.5%; uel = 90% @ above 30°; mp: −73°; fp: −86.8°; autoign. temp.: 788°F; vap. press: 100 mm @ 32°; vap. d: 4.53.

SYNS:
ACETYLENE TRICHLORIDE
1-CHLORO-2,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE
1,1-DICHLORO-2-CHLOROETHYLENE
DOW-TRI
ETHYLENE TRICHLORIDE
NCI-C04546
TRICHLOORETHEEN (DUTCH)
TRICHLORAETHEN (GERMAN)
TRI-CLENE
TRICLORETENE (ITALIAN)
VESTROL

SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION DATA: 3 CODEN:
eye-hmn 5 ppm JOCMA7 2,383,60
skn-rbt 500 mg/24H SEV 28ZPAK -,28,72
eye-rbt 20 mg/24HSEV 28ZPAK -,28,72

MUTATION DATA: CODEN:
mmo-sat 100 uL/plate NIOSH* 5AUG77
mma-sat 5 pph/2H ARTODN 41,249,79
mma-smc 10 mL/L MUREAV 48,173,77

~~#1 History~~

~~#1 Narr~~

Ref #4 Narr.

do not type (14)

TO: → FRANK SHATTUCK

FROM: PAUL SCHMIED

SUBJECT: EARL HAIGHT PROPERTY
BARREL INCIDENT
CLARENDON (T), ORLEANS (C)

DATE: 1-4-85

The following preliminary results were furnished to us via Eric Wohlers, Orleans (C) Health Department, by the State Health Department Laboratory.

5 wells sampled, all drinking water wells
scans were EPA 601, purgeable halocarbons
and EPA 503.1, purgeable compounds

Haight well not sampled, permission refused by owner

3 wells - nothing found

Perry residence, 4885 Upper Holley Rd. 5 ppb TCE

YACANO, 4878 Upper Holley, 19 ppb trichloroethylene (TCE)
1 " tetra " " "
1 " 1,1,1 trichloroethane
1 " carbon tetrachloride
1 " chloroform

NYSDH guideline is non-detectable

potential buyer of property - Chris & Diane Harris 244-0814

Realtor Jim Gage Gage Team Realty Brockport 637-3171

cc: 13, 1-Finsted

Samples discussed with Dave Turkow on 1/2/85

- 4 waste samples sent to Albany on 12/21/84 from barrel #13, #17 and #24; also composite

#13 - .7% Trichloroethane
#17 - 1.5% "
#24 - 1% "
composite from Frontier 1% "

- On 12/26/84
5 well samples were collected
Haight would allow them to sample
no results yet

- Called Grant Pike and ask him what he found in soil samples
2 samples between 6-9 ppm of PCB

United States
Department of
Agriculture

Rec.: 12/16/85
re: wetlands/prime Ag. land
for Haight Farm/Horan Rd
LdFl.
Phase I sites.
Dept. of Soil Conservation
LC

401 West Avenue
Albion, N.Y. 14411

#1 Dept Envir.

(15)

December 12, 1985

Dear Les,

Enclosed are the copies of the Important farmland and wetland Maps that you requested. As you can see there aren't any wetlands very close to the Medina site but are closer at the Clarendon site. It is nearly three miles to a wetland for Medina but less than a mile for Clarendon.

If I can be of any further help please feel free to call me.

Yours in Conservation,
Bill Tompkins
District Conservationist
of Orleans County

#3 Nancy

#2 Nancy

S Bates

(16)

STATE OF NEW YORK - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

1/4/85

TO: Dr. Nancy Kim

FROM: Mr. Tramontano

SUBJECT: Orleans County Hazardous Waste Incident
DEC - Emergency Operations Incident Report 84-12-17a
Haight Farm, (T) Clarendon

As reported previously, we analyzed waste liquids from the drums found on the farm and five nearby private wells.

Using a hall detector (halogen specific) and the mass spec, the laboratory has preliminarily reported the drum results as follows:

Drum	Accession #	Trichloroethylene % by Weight
13	45612	0.7
17	45613	1.5
24	45614	1.0
composite	45615	1.0

Since a concern about PCBs was raised, the waste liquids were analyzed for those compounds as well and none were found at a detection limit of 80 ppm. The high limit of detection was caused by the high concentration of trichloroethylene in the samples.

The preliminary results for the private wells are as follows:

Van Wygaard - Tennant Applegate — Drinking water results for EPA 601 & EPA 503.1 (list attached), are all less than 1 ppb.*

Perry — **Trichloroethylene 5ppb - all other 601 and 503.1 less than 1 ppb***

Yacono — Closest house to the site
chloroform 1 ppb
1,1,1, - trichloroethane 1 ppb
carbon tetrachloride 1 ppb
trichloroethylene 19 ppb <
tetrachloroethylene 1 ppb
all other 601 and 503.1 less than 1 ppb*

***detection limit for 4 compounds at 5 ppb as noted**

The county and region have been notified of these preliminary results, our drinking water guidelines and our ability and willingness to assist them in advising the homeowners and their

(17)

INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE: David Turkow

TITLE-POSITION: Public Health Sanitarian

ADDRESS: Orleans County DOH

CITY: Albion, NY

PHONE: 716-589-7004

LOCATION: Phone interview INTERVIEWER: Cordone

DATE/TIME: 1/3/86 - 1100

SUBJECT: Horan Road Landfill/Haight Farm Site

REMARKS:

Water Supply Around Medina:

- City of Medina, Ridgeway, Shelby Center receive public water originating in Niagara County.
- Houses on Maple Ridge Road west of Millville are using private wells.
- Residences in the vicinity of North Shelby Center, Salt Works Road are using private wells.
- Glenwood Lake is not used as a public water supply.

Haight Farm Area Water Supply:

- Houses in the vicinity of Haight Farm use private well water supplies.
- Town of Clarendon uses private well water supplies.

(17)

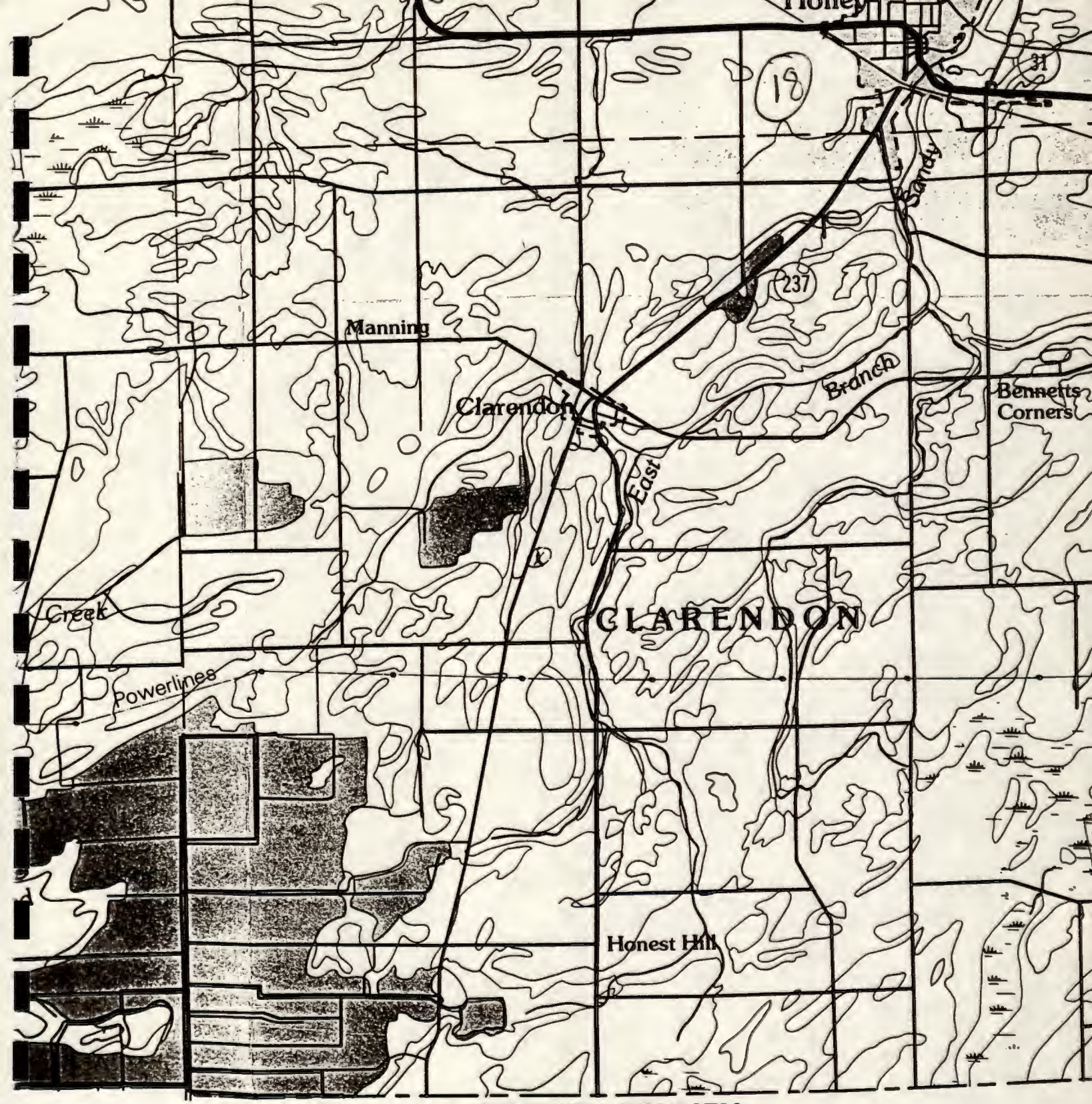
INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE David TurKow /
TITLE - POSITION Public Health Sanitarian
ADDRESS Orleans County DOH
CITY Albion STATE NY ZIP
PHONE (716) 589 7004 RESIDENCE PERIOD TO
LOCATION phone interview INTERVIEWER
DATE/TIME 1/3/86 / 11:00
SUBJECT: Horan Road Landfill / Haight Farm Site

REMARKS: Water Supply Around Medina:
- City of Medina, Ridgeway, Shelby Center receive public water originating in Niagara County.
- Houses on Maple Ridge Road west of Millville are using private wells.
- Residences in the vicinity of North Shelby Center, Salt Works Road are using private wells.
- Glenwood Lake is not used as a public water supply.

Haight Farm Area Water Supply:
- Houses in the vicinity of Haight Farm use private well water supplies.
- Village of Clarendon uses private well water supplies. (Town)

I agree with the above interview summary:
Signature/Title: David P. Turkow, PHS
Comments:

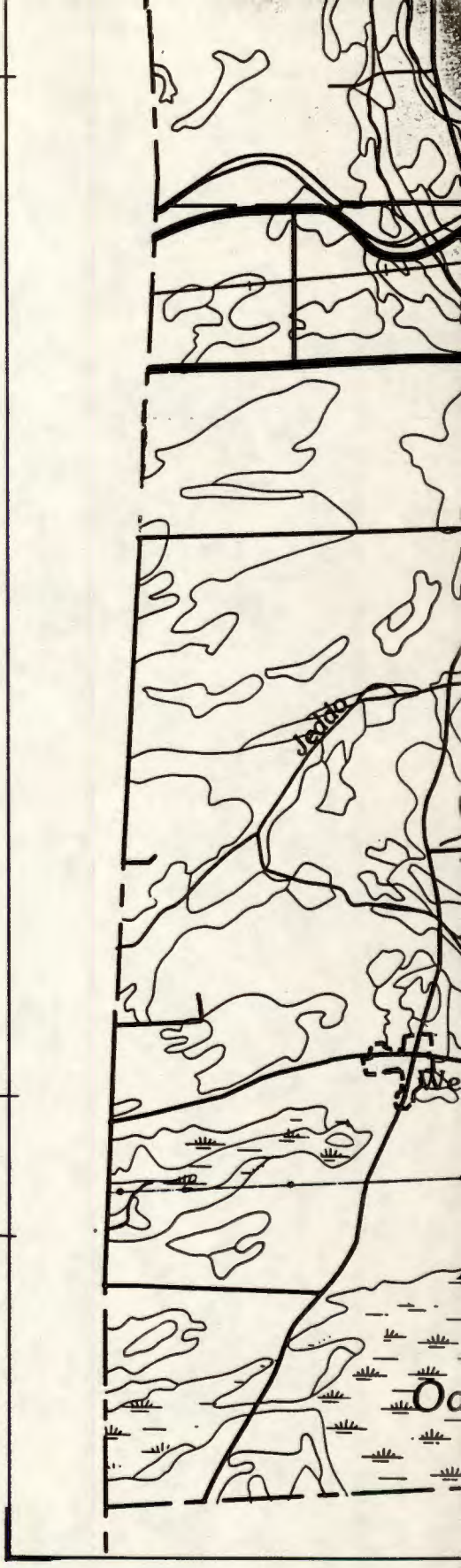


GENESEE COUNTY

JANUA

7.'30" | 625 | 740000mE | 650

Base Source: USGS 1:100,000 coun
Projection and 10,000-metre grid tick
Transverse Mercator. 25,000-foot grid
New York coordinate system, west zone
1927 North American datum



LEGEND

Prime farmland
Total acres 163,129

Unique farmland, other than prime
Total acres 5,120

Additional farmland of statewide importance
Total acres 52,469

Other land

Water areas

Approximate urban and built-up areas

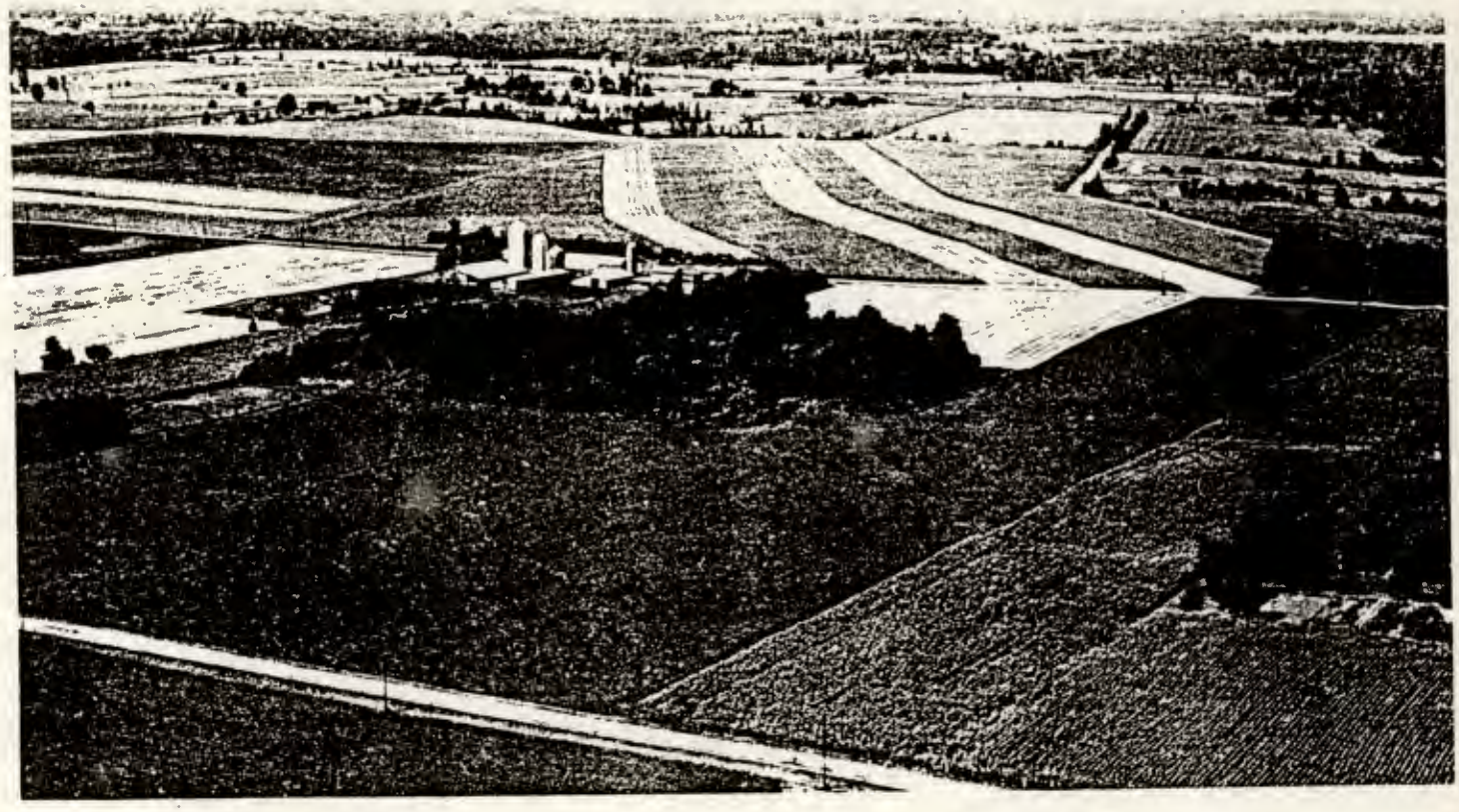
Because of the limitations of map scale, some delineations may contain inclusions of soils that do not meet the definition of that category.

Interpretations derived from soil map constructe
by Cartographic Division, Soil Conservation Servic
of Orleans County, New York.

(19)

SOIL SURVEY OF

Orleans County, New York



United States Department of Agriculture
Soil Conservation Service
in cooperation with
Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station


(sheet 34)
Height Farm
Clarendon
QUARRY
C L A R E N D O N
East Branch
Creek
237
46)
Upper Holly Rd

GUIDE TO MAPPING UNITS

Map symbol	Mapping unit	Page	Capability unit	Woodland group
			Symbol	Number
AlB	Alton gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	19	IIIs-1	3o1
AnA	Appleton silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	19	IIIw-1	3w1
AnB	Appleton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	19	IIIw-3	3w1
ArB	Arkport very fine sandy loam, 0 to 6 percent slopes	20	IIe-3	2o1
ArC	Arkport very fine sandy loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	21	IIIe-2	2o1
AsD	Arkport-Collamer complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes	21	IVe-1	2r1
Ba	Barre silt loam	22	IVw-1	5w1
BoA	Bombay fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	22	IIw-1	2o1
BoB	Bombay fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	23	IIe-2	2o1
BrA	Brockport silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	23	IIIw-2	3w1
BrB	Brockport silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	24	IIIw-3	3w1
BrC	Brockport silty clay loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	24	IIIe-3	3w1
Ca	Canandaigua soils	25	IIIw-5	4w1
Cb	Carlisle muck	25	IIIw-6	5w1
CcB	Cayuga silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	26	IIe-5	2o1
CeA	Cazenovia silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	27	IIw-1	2o1
CeB	Cazenovia silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	27	IIe-2	2o1
CfA	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, shale substratum, 0 to 3 percent slopes	27	IIw-1	2o1
CfB	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, shale substratum, 3 to 8 percent slopes	27	IIe-2	2o1
Cg	Cheektowaga fine sandy loam	28	IIIw-5	5w1
ChA	Churchville silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	29	IIIw-2	3w1
ChB	Churchville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	29	IIIw-3	3w1
ClB	Claverack loamy fine sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes	30	IIw-2	3s1
CmA	Collamer silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	30	IIw-1	2o1
CmB	Collamer silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	31	IIe-4	2o1
CmC3	Collamer silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, severely eroded	31	IVe-1	2r1
CoB	Colonie loamy fine sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes	32	IIIs-1	4s1
CoC	Colonie loamy fine sand, 6 to 12 percent slopes	32	IVs-1	4s1
Cs	Cosad loamy fine sand	33	IIIw-4	4w1
Ed	Edwards muck	33	IVw-3	5w1
ElB	Elnora loamy fine sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes	34	IIw-2	4s1
FaB	Farmington silt loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	36	IIIs-2	5d1
FaC	Farmington silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	36	IVe-2	5d1
FH	Fluvaquents and Humaquepts, ponded	36	VIIIw-1	---
Fo	Fonda mucky silt loam	37	IVw-1	5w1
Fr	Fredon loam	37	IIIw-1	3w1
GaA	Galen very fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	38	IIw-2	2o1
GaB	Galen very fine sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	38	IIw-2	2o1
Ha	Hamlin silt loam	39	IIw-3	2o2
HbA	Hilton loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	40	IIw-1	2o1
HbB	Hilton loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	40	IIe-2	2o1
HcA	Hilton loam, rock substratum, 0 to 3 percent slopes	40	IIw-1	2o1
HcB	Hilton loam, rock substratum, 3 to 8 percent slopes	40	IIe-2	2o1
HnB	Hilton-Cazenovia stony silt loams, 0 to 8 percent slopes	41	IIs-2	2o1
HoB	Howard gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	41	IIs-1	2o1
HpC	Howard soils, 8 to 25 percent slopes	42	IVe-3	2r2
Ju	Junius loamy fine sand	42	IIIw-4	4w1
KaA	Kendaia and Appleton silt loams, rock substratum, 0 to 3 percent slopes	43	IIIw-1	3w1
LaB	Lairdsville silt loam, 0 to 6 percent slopes	44	IIe-5	3o1
Lk	Lakemont silty clay loam	45	IVw-1	5w1
Lm	Lakemont silt loam, shale substratum	45	IVw-1	5w1
Ln	Lamson soils	46	IIIw-5	4w1
Lo	Lockport silty clay loam	46	IIIw-2	3w1
Ly	Lyons silt loam	47	IVw-2	4w1
Lz	Lyons silt loam, rock substratum	47	IVw-2	4w1
Ma	Madalin silt loam	48	IVw-1	5w1
MdB	Madrid fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	49	IIe-1	2o1
MdC	Madrid fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	49	IIIe-1	2o1
Me	Martisco muck	50	Vw-2	5w1

GUIDE TO MAPPING UNITS--Continued

Map symbol	Mapping unit	Page	Capability unit	Woodland group
			Symbol	Number
Mn	Massena fine sandy loam	50	IIIw-1	3w1
Mo	Minoa very fine sandy loam	51	IIIw-1	3w1
Ne	Newstead silt loam	52	IIIw-7	3w1
NgA	Niagara silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	53	IIIw-1	3w1
NgB	Niagara silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	53	IIIw-3	3w1
OdA	Odessa silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	54	IIIw-2	3w1
OdB	Odessa silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	54	IIIw-3	3w1
OnB	Ontario loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	55	IIe-1	2o1
OnC	Ontario loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	55	IIIe-1	2o1
OoB	Ontario stony loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	55	IIe-1	2o1
OsC	Ontario very stony loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes	55	VIs-1	2o1
OtB	Ontario loam, rock substratum, 0 to 8 percent slopes	55	IIe-1	2o1
OvA	Ovid silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	57	IIIw-1	3w1
OvB	Ovid silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	57	IIIw-3	3w1
OwA	Ovid silt loam, shale substratum, 0 to 4 percent slopes	57	IIIw-1	3w1
Pm	Palms muck	58	IVw-3	5w1
Pp	Phelps gravelly fine sandy loam	59	IIw-1	2o1
RhA	Rhinebeck silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	59	IIIw-2	3w1
RhB	Rhinebeck silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	60	IIIw-3	3w1
ScB	Schoharie silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	61	IIe-5	2o1
ShE	Shale outcrop, steep	61	VIIIs-1	---
Su	Sun silt loam	61	IVw-2	4w1
Te	Teel silt loam	62	IIw-3	2o2
UD	Udifluvents, frequently flooded	62	Vw-1	4w1
WmB	Wampsville gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	63	IIe-1	2o1
WsA	Wassaic silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	64	IIs-1	2o1
WsB	Wassaic silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	64	IIe-2	2o1
Wy	Wayland silt loam	64	Vw-1	4w1

☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1977—205-484/12

soil permeability

(19)

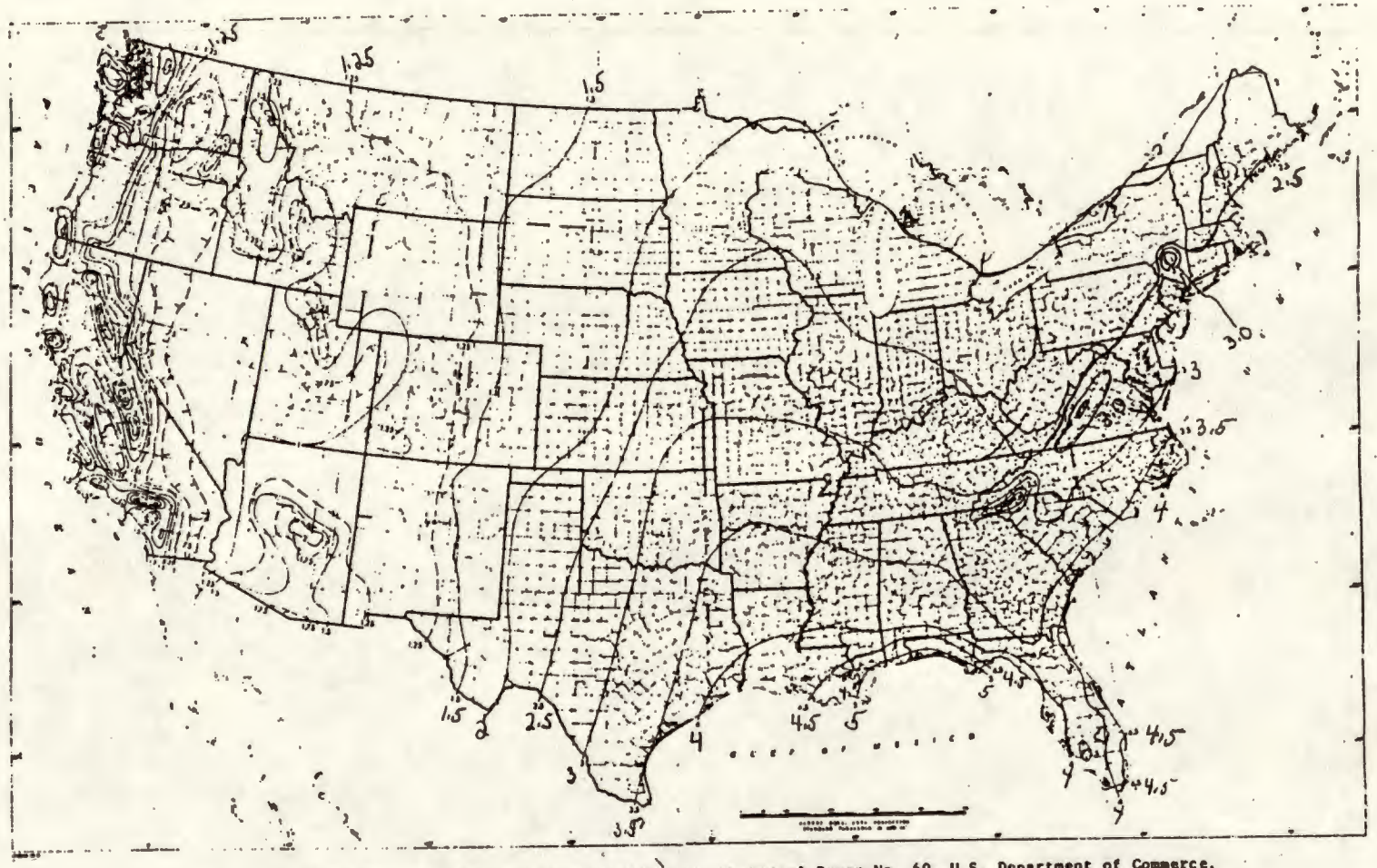
TABLE 7.—*Estimated physical*

Soil series and map symbols	Hydrologic soil group	Depth to—		Depth from surface	USDA texture	Classification	
		Bedrock	Seasonal high water table			Unified	AASHTO
		Feet	*Feet*	*Inches*			
Massena: Mn	C	>4	½–1½	0–12	Fine sandy loam	SM, GM, or ML	A–4
				12–24	Loam to fine sandy loam.	ML or SM	A–2 or A–4
				24–50	Gravelly fine sandy loam to loam.	SM, GM, or ML	A–2 or A–4
Minoa: Mo	C	>6	½–1½	0–45	Very fine sandy loam to loamy fine sand.	SM or ML	A–4
				45–50	Silty clay loam	ML or CL	A–6
Newstead: Ne	C	1½–3½	½–1½	0–14	Silt loam	ML or SM	A–2 or A–4
				14–26	Flaggy silt loam to sandy loam.	SM, GM, or ML	A–2 or A–4
				26	Limestone bedrock.		
Niagara: NgA, NgB	C	>4	½–1½	0–13	Silt loam	ML	A–4
				13–24	Silt loam or silty clay loam.	ML or CL	A–4
				24–50	Silt loam to stratified layers of silt, fine sand, and clay.	ML	A–4
Odessa: OdA, OdB	D	>4	½–1	0–8	Silt loam	ML, CL, or OL	A–6 or A–7
				8–41	Silty clay to silty clay loam.	CL, CH, or ML	A–6 or A–7
				41–50	Silty clay loam to varved silt and clay.	CL or CH	A–6 or A–7
Ontario: OnB, OnC, OoB, OsC, OtB. Unit OtB is underlain by bedrock at a depth of 3½ to 6 feet.	B	>3½	>3	0–16	Loam	ML or SM	A–4 or A–2
				16–38	Silt loam to gravelly fine sandy loam.	SM, GM, or ML	A–4 or A–2
				38–72	Loam to gravelly fine sandy loam.	SM, GM, or ML	A–4 or A–2
Ovid: OvA, OvB, OwA Unit OwA is underlain by shale bedrock at a depth of 3½ to 6 feet.	C	>3½	½–1½	0–13	Silt loam	ML, SM, or CL	A–4 or A–6
				13–28	Silty clay loam to gravelly clay loam.	CL or ML	A–4, A;6, or A–7
				28–72	Silty clay loam to gravelly clay loam.	CL, ML, or GC	A–4, A–6, or A–7
Palms: Pm	D	>6	0	0–34	Muck	Pt	
				34–54	Silty clay loam to fine sandy loam.	CL, ML, or SM	A–6 or A–4
Phelps: Pp	B	>3½	1½–2	0–8	Gravelly fine sandy loam.	SM or GM	A–2 or A–4
				8–34	Gravelly loamy fine sand, gravelly sandy loam, and gravelly loam.	SM or GM	A–2 or A–4
				34–50	Very gravelly loamy sand to stratified sand and gravel.	GM or GW–GM	A–1

(19)

chemical properties—Continued

Coarse fraction greater than 3 inches	Percentage less than 3 inches passing sieve—				Permeability	Available water capacity	Reaction	K factor
	No. 4 (4.7 mm)	No. 10 (2.0 mm)	No. 40 (0.42 mm)	No. 200 (0.074 mm)				
Percent					*Inches per hour*	*Inches per inch of soil*	*pH*	
<5	65–95	60–90	70–90	45–70	0.6–2.0	0.15–0.18	6.1–7.3	0.32
<5	75–95	65–90	50–80	30–60	0.6–2.0	0.09–0.14	6.1–7.3	.28
5–15	50–85	50–85	40–80	25–60	0.6–0.06	0.06–0.14	6.6–8.4	.24
0	100	95–100	70–95	40–65	0.6–2.0	0.08–0.17	5.6–7.6	.32
0	100	100	95–100	85–95	0.06–0.2	0.08–0.13	7.9–8.4	.32
<5	80–90	75–85	45–80	20–75	0.6–2.0	0.12–0.18	6.1–7.3	.32
5–20	60–90	55–85	30–80	15–60	0.6–2.0	0.09–0.15	6.1–7.3	.28
0	95–100	90–100	75–95	60–80	0.6–2.0	0.17–0.22	6.1–7.3	.49
0	95–100	95–100	90–100	80–90	0.2–0.6	0.16–0.20	6.1–7.3	.43
0	95–100	95–100	70–100	55–90	0.6–0.06	0.12–0.20	7.4–8.4	.64
<2	100	95–100	80–100	75–95	0.2–0.6	0.18–0.20	6.1–7.3	.49
0	100	95–100	90–100	85–100	0.06–0.2	0.12–0.14	6.1–7.8	.28
0	100	90–100	90–100	80–100	<0.2	0.12–0.14	7.9–8.4	.28
<10	85–95	70–90	60–85	30–60	0.6–2.0	0.13–0.20	6.1–7.3	.32
<15	65–90	60–85	55–80	20–60	0.6–2.0	0.10–0.18	6.1–7.3	.28
<20	55–80	55–70	50–65	20–55	0.06–0.2	0.08–0.14	7.4–8.4	.24
<5	90–100	85–100	70–90	40–80	0.6–2.0	0.18–0.20	6.1–7.8	.37
<5	65–100	70–95	70–90	70–90	0.6–0.06	0.14–0.17	6.1–7.8	.37
<10	75–100	70–95	65–90	45–85	0.06–0.2	0.11–0.16	7.9–8.4	.28
0	100	100	70–100	40–90	2.0–6.0	0.35–0.45	5.6–7.3	
					0.6–2.0	0.14–0.18	7.4–8.4	.43
<5	65–75	60–70	45–60	25–45	0.6–6.0	0.10–0.12	5.6–7.3	.24
<5	60–75	55–70	45–65	25–50	0.6–6.0	0.07–0.10	6.1–7.3	.28
<10	30–40	20–30	10–20	5–15	2.0–20.0	0.01–0.02	7.4–8.4	.17

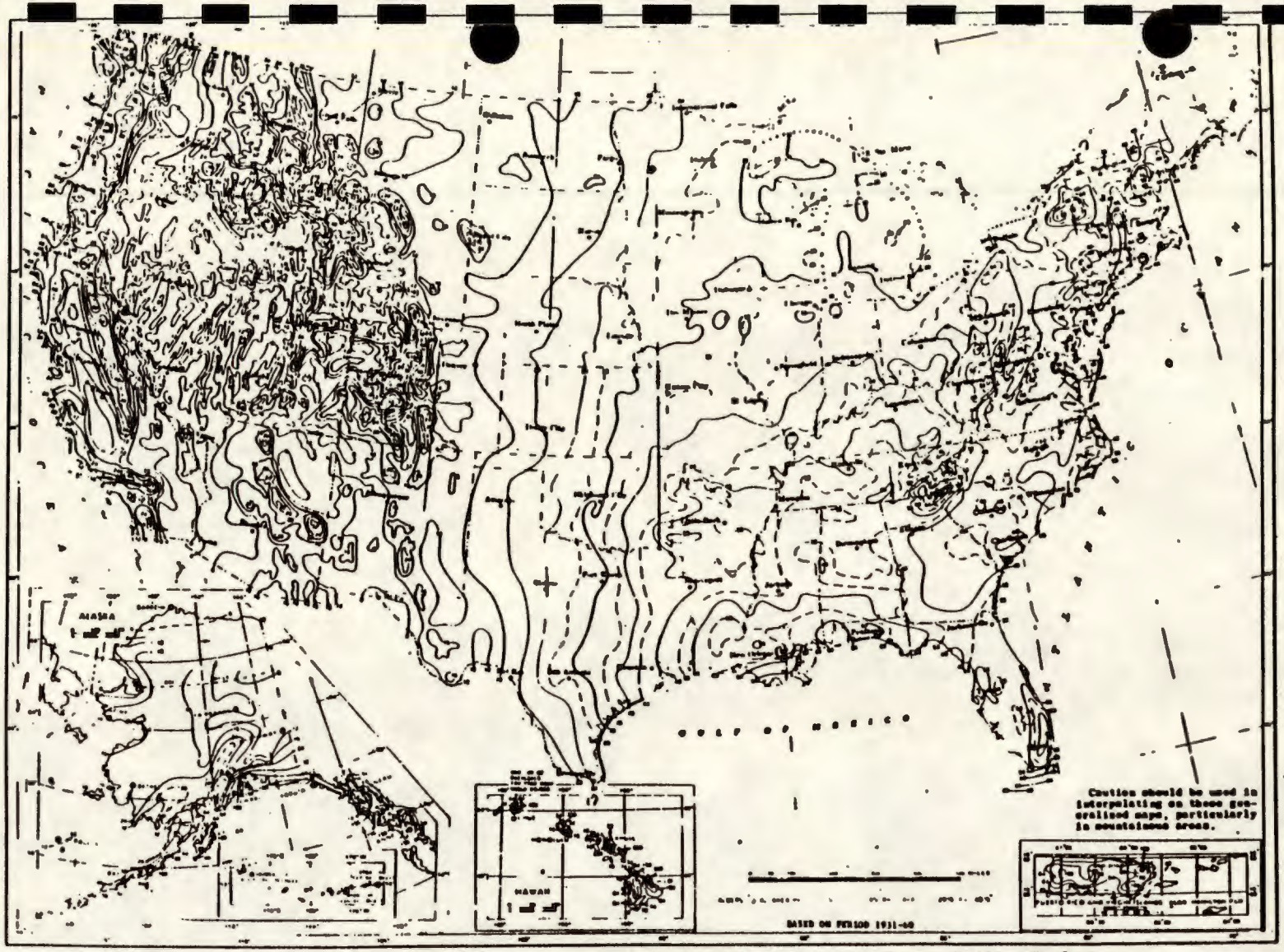


Source: Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States, Technical Paper No. 40, U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1963.

Figure 8

1-Year 24-Hour Rainfall (Inches)

Rainfall / water data



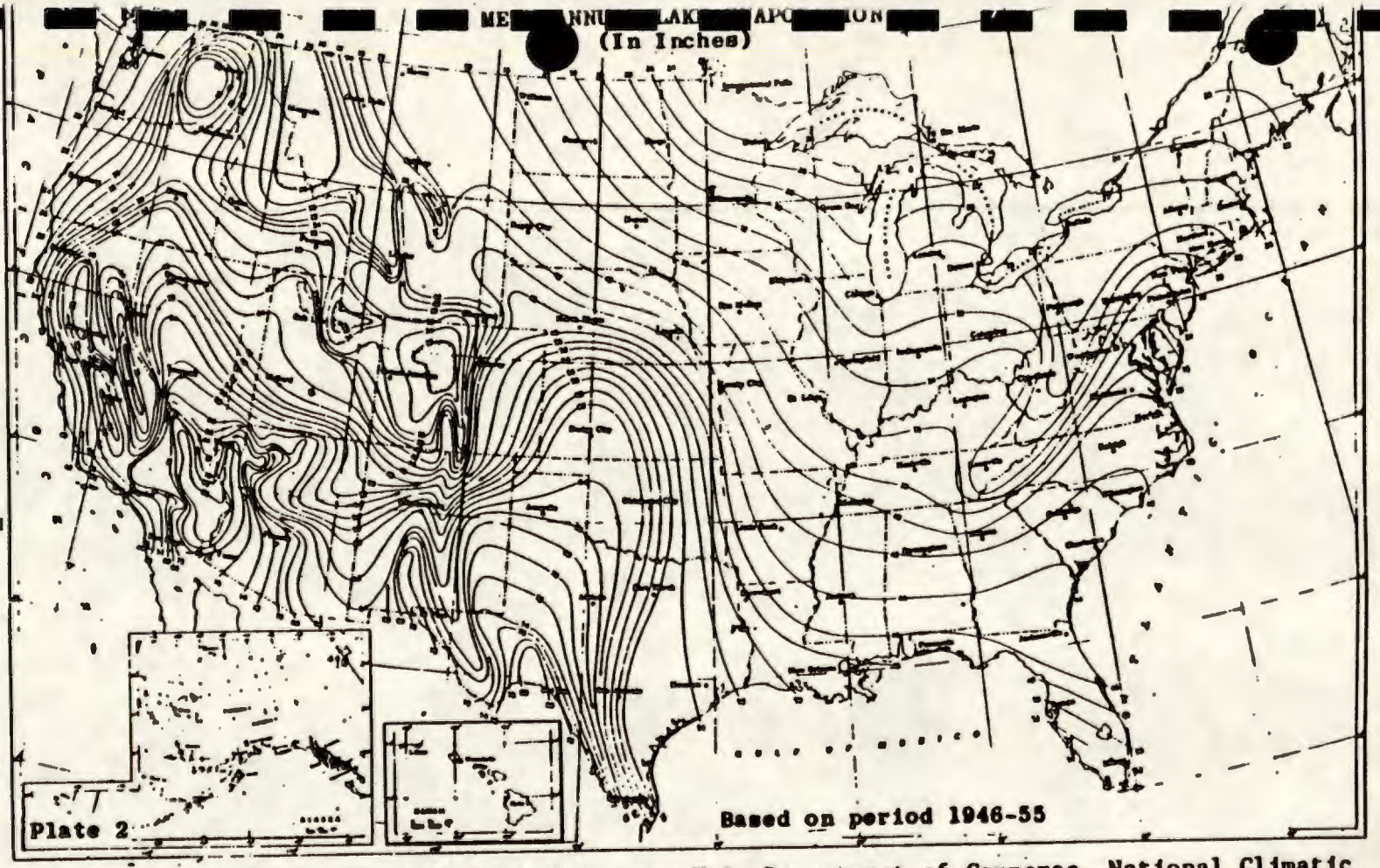
Source: Climatic Atlas of the United States, U.S. Department of Commerce, National Climatic Center, Asheville, N.C., 1979.

Figure 5

Normal Annual Total Precipitation (inches)

BILLING CODE 6560-50-C

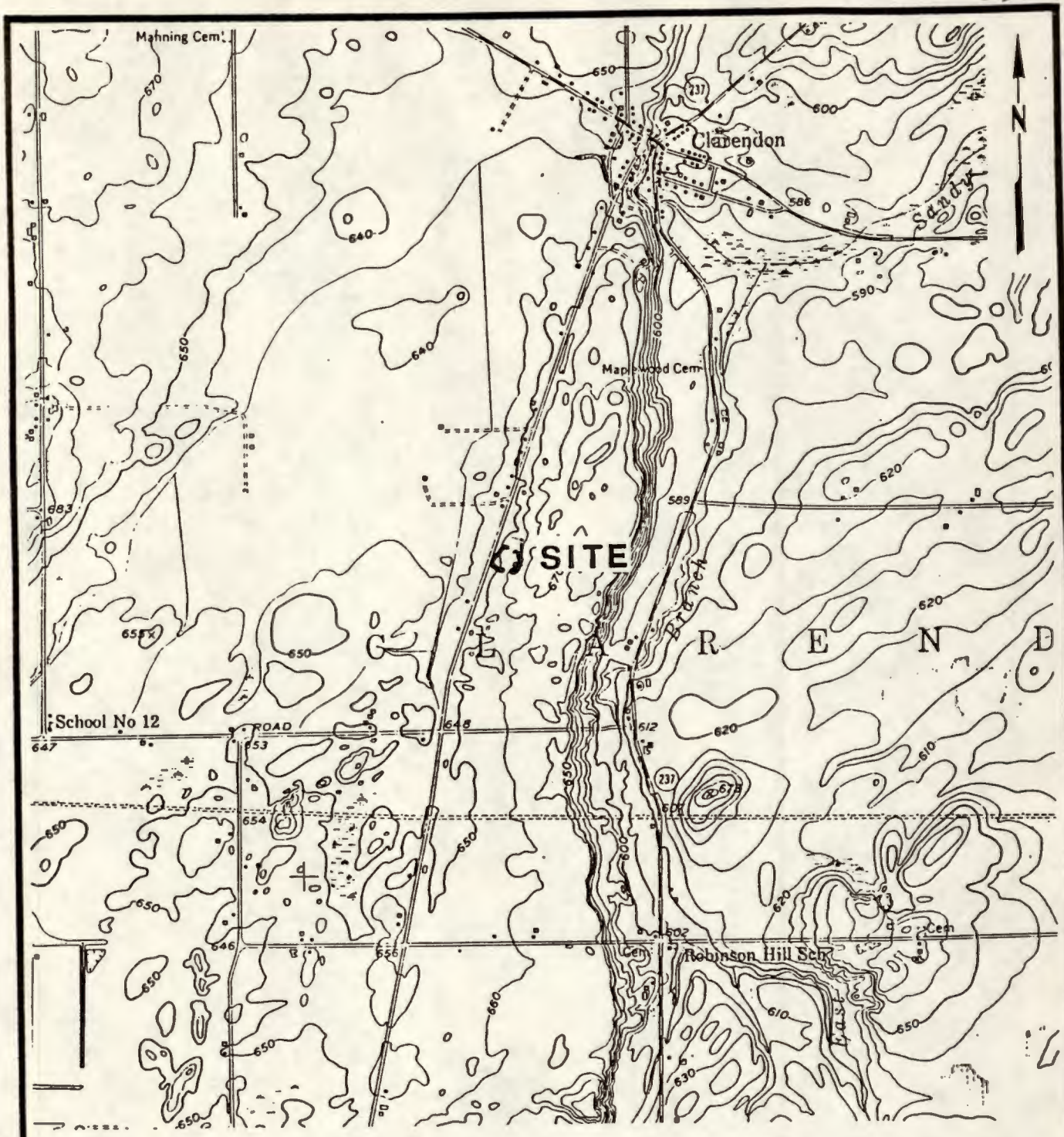
21



Source: Climatic Atlas of the United States, U.S. Department of Commerce, National Climatic Center, Ashville, N.C., 1979.

Figure 4

Mean Annual Lake Evaporation (In Inches)



LATITUDE: 43°10'13" N
LONGITUDE: 78°04'36" W

SCALE
0 1000 2000 3000 4000 FEET

REFERENCE: U.S.G.S. 7.5' Topographic Map
Holley, NY (1950) Quadrangle

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.
IN ASSOCIATION WITH
DAMES & MOORE

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
PHASE I REPORT

SITE LOCATION MAP
HAIGHT FARM

FIGURE V-1

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT
PART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND ASSESSMENT

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

NY #837006

II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION

01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or descriptive name of site)	02 STREET, ROUTE NO., OR SPECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER
Haight Farm	4879 Upper Holley Road

03 CITY	04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	06 COUNTY	07 COUNTY CODE	08 CONG DIST
Town of Clarendon, Holley	NY	14470	Orleans		

09 COORDINATES LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
43 10 41.-	078 04 28.-

10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (Starting from nearest public road)
From the village of Clarendon in Orleans county, N.Y. Proceed south on Upper Holley Road to 4879 Upper Holley Road. (east side of road).

III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

01 OWNER (If known)	02 STREET (Business, mailing, residential)
Earl Haight	4879 Upper Holley Road

03 CITY	04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	06 TELEPHONE NUMBER
Town of Clarendon	N.Y.	14470	( )

07 OPERATOR (If known and different from owner)	08 STREET (Business, mailing, residential)

09 CITY	10 STATE	11 ZIP CODE	12 TELEPHONE NUMBER
			( )

13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one)
☒ A. PRIVATE ☐ B. FEDERAL: _____ (Agency name) ☐ C. STATE ☐ D. COUNTY ☐ E. MUNICIPAL
☐ F. OTHER: _____ (Specify) ☐ G. UNKNOWN

14 OWNER/OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE (Check all that apply)
☐ A. RCRA 3001 DATE RECEIVED: ___/___/___ (MONTH DAY YEAR) ☐ B. UNCONTROLLED WASTE SITE (CERCLA 103 c) DATE RECEIVED: ___/___/___ (MONTH DAY YEAR) ☐ C. NONE

IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD

01 ON SITE INSPECTION
☒ YES DATE 12, 6, 85 (MONTH DAY YEAR)
☐ NO

BY (Check all that apply)
☐ A. EPA ☐ B. EPA CONTRACTOR ☒ C. STATE ☐ D. OTHER CONTRACTOR
☐ E. LOCAL HEALTH OFFICIAL ☐ F. OTHER: _____ (Specify)
CONTRACTOR NAME(S): _____

02 SITE STATUS (Check one)
☐ A. ACTIVE ☒ B. INACTIVE ☐ C. UNKNOWN

03 YEARS OF OPERATION
≈1960 (BEGINNING YEAR) 1984 (ENDING YEAR) ☐ UNKNOWN

04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRESENT, KNOWN, OR ALLEGED
43 barrels of "cutting oil" containing 0.7 to 1.5% TCE. When discovered, 30 barrels filled or partially filled, 13 barrels empty.

05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMENT AND/OR POPULATION
Groundwater contamination, Direct contact, surface water contamination.

V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT

01 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one. If high or medium is checked, complete Part 2 - Waste Information and Part 3 - Description of Hazardous Conditions and Incidents)
☒ A. HIGH (Inspection required promptly) ☐ B. MEDIUM (Inspection required) ☐ C. LOW (Inspect on time available basis) ☐ D. NONE (No further action needed, complete current disposition form)

VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM

01 CONTACT	02 OF (Agency/Organization)	03 TELEPHONE NUMBER
G.W. Christopher	Engineering Science, Inc.	(315)457-9560

04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT	05 AGENCY	06 ORGANIZATION	07 TELEPHONE NUMBER	08 DATE
L. Cordone	Engineering Science →		(315)451-9560	12, 6, 85 (MONTH DAY YEAR)

EPA FORM 2070-12 (7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT
PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. WASTE STATES, QUANTITIES, AND CHARACTERISTICS

01 PHYSICAL STATES (Check all that apply)

- ☐ A. SOLID
- ☐ B. POWDER, FINES
- ☐ C. SLUDGE
- ☐ D. OTHER (Specify) _____
- ☐ E. SLURRY
- ☒ F. LIQUID
- ☐ G. GAS

02 WASTE QUANTITY AT SITE
(Measures of waste quantities must be independent)

TONS _____
CUBIC YARDS _____
NO. OF DRUMS 43

03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check all that apply)

- ☒ A. TOXIC
- ☐ B. CORROSIVE
- ☐ C. RADIOACTIVE
- ☒ D. PERSISTENT
- ☐ E. SOLUBLE
- ☐ F. INFECTIOUS
- ☐ G. FLAMMABLE
- ☐ H. IGNITABLE
- ☐ I. HIGHLY VOLATILE
- ☐ J. EXPLOSIVE
- ☐ K. REACTIVE
- ☐ L. INCOMPATIBLE
- ☐ M. NOT APPLICABLE

III. WASTE TYPE

CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE NAME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS
SLU	SLUDGE			
OLW	OILY WASTE	43	DR	cutting oil containing 0.7-1.5% TCE.
SOL	SOLVENTS			30 barrels filled/partially filled; 13
PSD	PESTICIDES			barrels empty.
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CHEMICALS			
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMICALS			
ACD	ACIDS			
BAS	BASES			
MES	HEAVY METALS			

IV. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (See Appendix for most frequently cited CAS Numbers)

01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE NAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DISPOSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
501	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	barrels	0.7-1.5%	

V. FEEDSTOCKS (See Appendix for CAS Numbers)

CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

State files, sample analysis reports (NYSDEC); (NYSDOH Interoffice Memo; to: Dr. Nancy Kiq, From: Mr. Frontano; 1/4/85) (NYSDEC Memo; To: Commissioner Williams, From: Darryl Banks by W. Miner, 12/20/84)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT
PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

01 ☒ A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☒ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 836 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
Illegal attempt to move drums from the property of Earl Haight on the above date resulted in the spilling of ± 200 gallons of haz. liquid on the ground. Subsequent analyses of a downgradient private well showed the following TCE concentrations: 12/26/84 - 19 ug/l; 9/3/85 - 650 ug/l; 9/16/85 - 970 ug/l.

01 ☐ B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE:) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
not observed

01 ☒ C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
During above mentioned incident, authorities were called to the scene and two state troopers were overcome by fumes. Their cars were also splashed with the haz. liquid. Subsequent HNu readings indicated 5 ppm organic vapors above background at the site.

01 ☐ D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE:) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☒ E. DIRECT CONTACT — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
see above

01 ☒ F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL — 02 ☒ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/6/85) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 1 (Acres) — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
Haz. Liquid spilled on ground. During site visit discolored, oily soil was observed.

01 ☒ G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/26/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 835 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
In addition to the well contamination sited above, several other nearby wells showed levels of TCE and other organic compounds.

01 ☒ H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
see above

01 ☐ I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE:) ☒ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT
PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS *(Continued)*

01 ☐ J. DAMAGE TO FLORA — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

not observed

01 ☐ K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION *(Include name(s) of species)*

not observed

01 ☐ L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

not observed

01 ☒ M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES *(Spills/runoff/standing liquids/leaking drums)* — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: _____
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Drums were removed by a contracted haz. waste handler on 12/17/84.

01 ☐ N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

not observed

01 ☐ O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPs — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

no.

01 ☐ P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEGED HAZARDS

State files indicated that soil samples taken from the site may have contained ppm levels of PCB's. No PCB's were detected in the drum samples at the 80 mg/l level. High detection limit was due to TCE interference of PCB analysis.

III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 836 (estimated pop. using groundwater in 3 mile radius.

IV. COMMENTS

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION *(Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)*

State Files, sample analysis reports, Orleans County DOH.
(NYSDEC memo to the Clarendon File From Robert Leary and Dennis Farrar, 12/20/84)
(Hazardous Waste Manifest, 12/19/84) (NYSDEC memo From Paul Schmied to Frank Shattuck, 1/4/85)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 1 - SITE LOCATION AND INSPECTION INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

NYS # 837006

II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION

01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or descriptive name of site)	02 STREET, ROUTE NO., OR SPECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER
Haight Farm	4879 Upper Holley Road

03 CITY	04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	06 COUNTY	07 COUNTY CODE	08 CONG DIST
Town of Clarendon	NY	14470	Orleans		

09 COORDINATES LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
43 10 41.__	078 04 28.__

10 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one)
☒ A. PRIVATE ☐ B. FEDERAL _____ ☐ C. STATE ☐ D. COUNTY ☐ E. MUNICIPAL
☐ F. OTHER _____ ☐ G. UNKNOWN

III. INSPECTION INFORMATION

01 DATE OF INSPECTION	02 SITE STATUS	03 YEARS OF OPERATION
12 / 6 / 85 (MONTH DAY YEAR)	☐ ACTIVE ☒ INACTIVE	~1960 (BEGINNING YEAR) / 1984 (ENDING YEAR) ___ UNKNOWN

04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSPECTION (Check all that apply)
☐ A. EPA ☐ B. EPA CONTRACTOR _____ (Name of firm) ☐ C. MUNICIPAL ☐ D. MUNICIPAL CONTRACTOR _____ (Name of firm)
☐ E. STATE ☒ F. STATE CONTRACTOR Engineering Science, Inc. (Name of firm) ☐ G. OTHER _____ (Specify)

05 CHIEF INSPECTOR	06 TITLE	07 ORGANIZATION	08 TELEPHONE NO.
James Baker	Geologist	ES	(315)451-9560
09 OTHER INSPECTORS	10 TITLE	11 ORGANIZATION	12 TELEPHONE NO.
L. Cordone	Environmental Engineer	ES	(315)451-9560
Glen Bailey	Lawyer	NYSDEC	( )
			( )
			( )
			( )

13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTERVIEWED	14 TITLE	15 ADDRESS	16 TELEPHONE NO
			( )
			( )
			( )
			( )
			( )
			( )

17 ACCESS GAINED BY (Check one)	18 TIME OF INSPECTION	19 WEATHER CONDITIONS
☒ PERMISSION ☐ WARRANT	1000 hrs	Slight Flurries

IV. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM

01 CONTACT	02 OF (Agency/Organization)	03 TELEPHONE NO.
W. G. Christopher	Engineering Science, Inc.	(315)451-9560

04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR SITE INSPECTION FORM	05 AGENCY	06 ORGANIZATION	07 TELEPHONE NO.	08 DATE
L. Cordone	—	ES, Inc.	315-451-9560	12, 6, 85 (MONTH DAY YEAR)

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA#

II. WASTE STATES, QUANTITIES, AND CHARACTERISTICS

01 PHYSICAL STATES (Check all that apply)

- ☐ A. SOLID
- ☐ B. POWDER, FINES
- ☐ C. SLUDGE
- ☐ D. OTHER _____ (Specify)
- ☐ E. SLURRY
- ☒ F. LIQUID
- ☐ G. GAS

02 WASTE QUANTITY AT SITE
(Measures of waste quantities must be independent)

TONS _____
CUBIC YARDS _____
NO. OF DRUMS 42

03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check all that apply)

- ☒ A. TOXIC
- ☐ B. CORROSIVE
- ☐ C. RADIOACTIVE
- ☒ D. PERSISTENT
- ☐ E. SOLUBLE
- ☐ F. INFECTIOUS
- ☐ G. FLAMMABLE
- ☐ H. IGNITABLE
- ☐ I. HIGHLY VOLATILE
- ☐ J. EXPLOSIVE
- ☐ K. REACTIVE
- ☐ L. INCOMPATIBLE
- ☐ M. NOT APPLICABLE

III. WASTE TYPE

CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE NAME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS
SLU	SLUDGE			
OLW	OILY WASTE	43	barrels	cutting oil with 0.7-6.5% TCE.
SOL	SOLVENTS			30 barrels were filled/partially filled
PSD	PESTICIDES			12 barrels were empty.
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CHEMICALS			
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMICALS			
ACD	ACIDS			
BAS	BASES			
MES	HEAVY METALS			

IV. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (See Appendix for most frequently cited CAS Numbers)

01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE NAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DISPOSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
501	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	barrels	0.7-65%	

V. FEEDSTOCKS (See Appendix for CAS Numbers)

CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYSDEC files (NYSDOH memo From Tromantano to Kim, 1/4/85), (NYSDEC memo From Banks to Williams, 12/20/84).

EPA FORM 2070-13(7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

01 ☒ A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 836 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
Illegal attempt to remove drums from the property of Earl Haight resulted in the spilling of ± 200 gallons of haz. liquid on ground. Subseaquent analyses of a downgradient well showed the following TCE concentrations on the dates given: 12/26/84 - 19 ug/l, 9/3/85 - 650 ug/l, 9/16/85 - 970 ug/l

01 ☐ B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE:) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
not observed

01 ☒ C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE:) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
During the above mentioned incident authorities were called to the scene and two state troopers were overcome by fumes. Their cars were also splashed with haz. liquid. Subsequent HNu readings on site indicated .5 ppm Organic vapor above background.

01 ☐ D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE:) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☒ E. DIRECT CONTACT — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
see above

01 ☐ F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/6/85) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 1 (Acres) — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
Haz. liquid spilled on ground. Oily soil observed during E-S, Inc. site visit.

01 ☒ G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/26/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 835 — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
In addition to the well contamination sited above, several nearby wells showed levels of TCE (predominantly) and other organic compounds. 835 people estimated to use groundwater as drinking water in a 3 mile radius. From the site (Shallow aquifer)

01 ☒ H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
see above

01 ☐ I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE:) ☒ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: — 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE: NY	02 SITE NUMBER: no EPA #

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)

01 ☐ J. DAMAGE TO FLORA — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

not observed

01 ☐ K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)

not observed

01 ☐ L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

not observed

01 ☒ M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spills/Runoff/Standing liquids, Leaking drums) — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: 12/15/84) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: _____ 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Drums were removed by a contracted haz. waste hauler on 12/17/84.

01 ☐ N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

not observed

01 ☐ O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPs — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

no

01 ☐ P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING — 02 ☐ OBSERVED (DATE: _____) ☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

—

05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEGED HAZARDS

State files indicated that soil samples taken from the site may have contained ppm levels of PCB's. No PCB's were detected in the drum samples at a lower detectable limit of 80 mg/l. High LDL was due to TCE interference.

III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 826

IV. COMMENTS

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e. g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYSDEC Files, Laboratory reports, Orleans County DOH (NYSDEC memo from Miner to Williams, 12/17/84); (NYSDEC memo from Schmied to Shattuck, 1/4/85); (Haz. Waste Manifest, 12/19/84); (Memo from NYSDEC Regional Engineer to Water Division, 12/17/84); (County of Orleans DOH letter to Yacono, 10/4/85)

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION
PART 4 - PERMIT AND DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA#

II. PERMIT INFORMATION

01 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED (Check all that apply)	02 PERMIT NUMBER	03 DATE ISSUED	04 EXPIRATION DATE	05 COMMENTS
☐ A. NPDES				
☐ B. UIC				
☐ C. AIR				
☐ D. RCRA				
☒ E. RCRA INTERIM STATUS	NYPD0085125 3	12/19/84		30 day Provisional Iden. #
☐ F. SPCC PLAN				
☐ G. STATE (Specify)				
☐ H. LOCAL (Specify)				
☐ I. OTHER (Specify)				
☐ J. NONE				

III. SITE DESCRIPTION

01 STORAGE/DISPOSAL (Check all that apply)	02 AMOUNT	03 UNIT OF MEASURE
☐ A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT		
☐ B. PILES		
☒ C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND	43	DR
☐ D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND		
☐ E. TANK, BELOW GROUND		
☐ F. LANDFILL		
☐ G. LANDFARM		
☐ H. OPEN DUMP		
☐ I. OTHER (Specify)		

04 TREATMENT (Check all that apply)

- ☐ A. INCENERATION
- ☐ B. UNDERGROUND INJECTION
- ☐ C. CHEMICAL/PHYSICAL
- ☐ D. BIOLOGICAL
- ☐ E. WASTE OIL PROCESSING
- ☐ F. SOLVENT RECOVERY
- ☐ G. OTHER RECYCLING/RECOVERY
- ☐ H. OTHER (Specify)

05 OTHER

☒ A. BUILDINGS ON SITE

06 AREA OF SITE

≈ 3 (Acres)

07 COMMENTS

30 drums were filled or partially filled. 13 were empty (some crushed and corroded). Liquid contents of drums were pumped and hauled away by a NYSDEC approved/hired contractor.

IV. CONTAINMENT

01 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Check one)

☐ A. ADEQUATE, SECURE ☐ B. MODERATE ☐ C. INADEQUATE, POOR ☒ D. INSECURE, UNSOUND, DANGEROUS

02 DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS, BARRIERS, ETC.

No drums on site during visit. At time of removal, drums were allegedly in bad condition; some leaking, corroded, etc...

V. ACCESSIBILITY

01 WASTE EASILY ACCESSIBLE: ☒ YES ☐ NO

02 COMMENTS

No fence on property.

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g. state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYSDEC Files, (Memo From Miner to Williams NYSDEC, 12/20/84); (Hazardous Waste Manifest, 12/19/84)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	NO EPA#

II. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY

01 TYPE OF DRINKING SUPPLY (Check as applicable)

	SURFACE	WELL
COMMUNITY	A. ☐	B. ☐
NON-COMMUNITY	C. ☐	D. ☒

02 STATUS

ENDANGERED	AFFECTED	MONITORED
A. ☐	B. ☐	C. ☐
D. ☒	E. ☒	F. ☒

03 DISTANCE TO SITE

A. _____ (mi)
B. 0.04 (mi)

III. GROUNDWATER

01 GROUNDWATER USE IN VICINITY (Check one)

☒ A. ONLY SOURCE FOR DRINKING
☐ B. DRINKING (Other sources available)
COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGATION (No other water sources available)
☐ C. COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGATION (Limited other sources available)
☐ D. NOT USED, UNUSEABLE

02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUND WATER 836 (3 mile radius)

03 DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINKING WATER WELL 0.04 (mi)

04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER	05 DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW	06 DEPTH TO AQUIFER OF CONCERN	07 POTENTIAL YIELD OF AQUIFER	08 SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER
estimated 0-5 (ft)	locally to the west	_____ (ft)	_____ (gpd)	☐ YES ☒ NO

09 DESCRIPTION OF WELLS (Including useage, depth, and location relative to population and buildings)

5 private wells nearby. One downgradient well presently has levels > NYS regulations. Wells are believed to be in the shallow soil aquifer.

10 RECHARGE AREA		11 DISCHARGE AREA	
☐ YES ☐ NO	COMMENTS	☐ YES ☐ NO	COMMENTS

IV. SURFACE WATER

01 SURFACE WATER USE (Check one)

☐ A. RESERVOIR, RECREATION DRINKING WATER SOURCE
☐ B. IRRIGATION, ECONOMICALLY IMPORTANT RESOURCES
☐ C. COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL
☐ D. NOT CURRENTLY USED

02 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED BODIES OF WATER – none within 3 miles

NAME:	AFFECTED	DISTANCE TO SITE
_____	☐	_____ (mi)
_____	☐	_____ (mi)
_____	☐	_____ (mi)

V. DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPERTY INFORMATION

01 TOTAL POPULATION WITHIN

ONE (1) MILE OF SITE	TWO (2) MILES OF SITE	THREE (3) MILES OF SITE
A. 150 NO. OF PERSONS	B. 684 NO. OF PERSONS	C. _____ NO. OF PERSONS

02 DISTANCE TO NEAREST POPULATION

_____ (mi)

03 NUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2) MILES OF SITE

180

04 DISTANCE TO NEAREST OFF-SITE BUILDING

_____ (mi)

05 POPULATION WITHIN VICINITY OF SITE (Provide narrative description of nature of population within vicinity of site, e.g., rural, village, densely populated urban area)

This is a rural area. There are approximately 8 or 9 residences on Upper Holley Rd. that are within viewing distance of the site. Generally, this is a sparsely populated area.

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE: NY | 02 SITE NUMBER: no EPA #

VI. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

01 PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED ZONE (Check one)

☐ A. $10^{-6} - 10^{-8}$ cm/sec ☐ B. $10^{-4} - 10^{-6}$ cm/sec ☒ C. $10^{-4} - 10^{-3}$ cm/sec ☐ D. GREATER THAN 10^{-3} cm/sec

02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Check one)

☐ A. IMPERMEABLE (Less than 10^{-6} cm/sec) ☐ B. RELATIVELY IMPERMEABLE ($10^{-4} - 10^{-6}$ cm/sec) ☐ C. RELATIVELY PERMEABLE ($10^{-2} - 10^{-4}$ cm/sec) ☐ D. VERY PERMEABLE (Greater than 10^{-2} cm/sec)

03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF CONTAMINATED SOIL ZONE	05 SOIL pH	
10-70 (ft)	0-20 (ft)		

06 NET PRECIPITATION	07 ONE YEAR 24 HOUR RAINFALL	08 SLOPE: SITE SLOPE	DIRECTION OF SITE SLOPE	TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE
7 (in)	2.1 (in)	3-5 %	west; southwest	3-5 %

09 FLOOD POTENTIAL

SITE IS IN _____ YEAR FLOODPLAIN

10 ☐ SITE IS ON BARRIER ISLAND, COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA, RIVERINE FLOODWAY

11 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS (5 acre minimum)

ESTUARINE: A. _____ (mi)

OTHER: B. 0.64 (mi)

12 DISTANCE TO CRITICAL HABITAT (of endangered species)

> 1 (mi)

ENDANGERED SPECIES: _____

13 LAND USE IN VICINITY

DISTANCE TO:

COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL	RESIDENTIAL AREAS; NATIONAL/STATE PARKS, FORESTS, OR WILDLIFE RESERVES	AGRICULTURAL LANDS: PRIME AG LAND	AG LAND
A. _____ (mi)	B. _____ (mi)	C. 0.04 (mi)	D. _____ (mi)

14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN RELATION TO SURROUNDING TOPOGRAPHY

Site is situated in a level area. Topography slopes gently to the west, southwest.

VII. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYSDEC files, conversations with soil conservationists, soil survey. (Soil Survey of Orleans County), (Orleans County DOH letter to Yocano, 10/4/85);

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 6 - SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. SAMPLES TAKEN

SAMPLE TYPE	01 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	02 SAMPLES SENT TO	03. ESTIMATED DATE RESULTS AVAILABLE
GROUNDWATER		Groundwater samples taken by OCDOH	available
SURFACE WATER			
WASTE			
AIR			
RUNOFF			
SPILL			
SOIL		taken by NYSDEC or OCDOH	unknown
VEGETATION			
OTHER			

III. FIELD MEASUREMENTS TAKEN

01 TYPE	02 COMMENTS
HNu Meter	During site visit on 12/6/85 all readings were < 1 ppm in breathing zone up- and downgradient of site.

IV. PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAPS

01 TYPE [X] GROUND [ ] AERIAL

02 IN CUSTODY OF Engineering Science, Inc.
(Name of organization or individual)

03 MAPS
[ ] YES
[ ] NO

04 LOCATION OF MAPS
Engineering Science, Inc.

V. OTHER FIELD DATA COLLECTED (Provide narrative description)

Site map drawn showing disturbed area and approximate distances to nearby residences.

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

site visit conduced by ES on 12/6/85; NYSDEC files.

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 7 - OWNER INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. CURRENT OWNER(S) / PARENT COMPANY (If applicable)

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME	09 D+B NUMBER
Earl Haight			

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE
4879 Upper Holley Rd.			

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
Holley	NY.	14470			

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME	09 D+B NUMBER

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME	09 D+B NUMBER

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME	09 D+B NUMBER

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE

III. PREVIOUS OWNER(S) (List most recent first) / IV. REALTY OWNER(S) (If applicable; list most recent first)

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYSDEC files, site visit.

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 8 - OPERATOR INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. CURRENT OPERATOR *(Provide if different from owner)*

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	04 SIC CODE
inactive		

03 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER

OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY *(If applicable)*

10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER	13 SIC CODE

12 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE

III. PREVIOUS OPERATOR(S) *(List most recent first; provide only if different from owner)*

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	04 SIC CODE
Earl Haight		

03 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD

PREVIOUS OPERATORS' PARENT COMPANIES *(If applicable)*

10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER	13 SIC CODE

12 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	04 SIC CODE

03 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD

10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER	13 SIC CODE

12 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	04 SIC CODE

03 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD

10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER	13 SIC CODE

12 STREET ADDRESS *(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)*	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE

IV. SOURCES OF INFORMATION *(Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)*

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 9 - GENERATOR/TRANSPORTER INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. ON-SITE GENERATOR

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE

05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
Erdle Perforating Company			
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
100 Pixley Industrial Parkway			
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE
Rochester	NY 14624		
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE

IV. TRANSPORTER(S)

01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE / 07 ZIP CODE

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

NYSDEC files.

(Letter From Bailey to Erdle Perforating Company, 9/25/85)

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II. PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

01 ☐ A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☒ D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED — 02 DATE 12/19/84 — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
Drums and liquid removed by Frontier Chem. Waste of Niagara Falls, N.Y.

01 ☐ E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ F. WASTE REPACKAGED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☒ G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE — 02 DATE 12/19/84 — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
Frontier Chem. Waste removed drums and liquid. Destination not indicated.

01 ☐ H. ON SITE BURIAL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ I. IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ L. ENCAPSULATION — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ N. CUTOFF WALLS — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ O. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WATER DIVERSION — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ Q. SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA #

II PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES *(Continued)*

01 ☐ R. BARRIER WALLS CONSTRUCTED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ S. CAPPING/COVERING — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ T. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ U. GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ V. BOTTOM SEALED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ W. GAS CONTROL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ X. FIRE CONTROL — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ Z. AREA EVACUATED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ 1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ 2. POPULATION RELOCATED — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
no

01 ☐ 3. OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES — 02 DATE _____ — 03 AGENCY _____
04 DESCRIPTION
Nearby homeowners were identified. Activated carbon filter may have been installed in one of the high-contaminated residence wells.

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION *(Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)*

NYSDEC Files, site visit.
(NYSDEC letter to Yacano, 1985).

EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
NY	no EPA#

II. ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

01 PAST REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION ☐ YES ☐ NO

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

After discovery of barrels Mr. Haight was notified that he must clean the area. He did not respond immediately, NYSDEC hired a contractor to haul the waste. Litigations are in the making for action against both Mr. Haight and the Erdle Perforating Company (the alleged generator of the waste).

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION *(Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)*

Glen Bailey - NYSDEC lawyer.

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

SECTION VI

ASSESSMENT OF DATA ADEQUACY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

ASSESSMENT OF DATA ADEQUACY

A summary assessment of the adequacy of existing data for completion of the HRS score is presented in Table VI-1. Based on this assessment, the following Phase II work plan and cost estimate has been prepared.

PHASE II WORK PLAN

Objectives

The objectives of the proposed Phase II activities are:

- To collect additional field data necessary to identify the occurrence and extent of contamination and to determine if any imminent health hazard exists.
- To perform a conceptual evaluation of remedial alternatives and estimate budgetary costs for the most likely alternative.
- To prepare a site investigation report including final HRS score.

The additional field data required to complete this investigation are described as follows:

Geophysical Survey - A geophysical study consisting of an electrical resistivity survey is recommended. The electrical resistivity survey will be performed at various locations within and beyond the perimeter of the site to investigate site stratigraphy, delineate significant discontinuities and assess the presence and location of contaminant plumes.

Groundwater - A groundwater monitoring system consisting of 4 wells screened in the shallow aquifer are recommended. Borings will be drilled to a maximum depth of 50 feet; soil samples will be taken every 5 feet or more frequently if a change in soil lithology is encountered. The wells will be placed in the aquifer of concern and constructed of 2" PVC pipe. The groundwater samples will be analyzed for HSL organics and metals. In addition, sieve and hydrometer analyses will be performed on representative samples of the subsurface soils. Finally, an in-situ permeability test will be performed on each well.

Surface Water and Sediment - A surface water and sediment monitoring system consisting of one upgradient and one downgradient monitoring station is recommended. The stations will be located on the north flowing ditch, located west of the site. The surface water and sediment samples will be analyzed for HSL organics and metals.

Air - An air monitoring survey with an HNU meter is recommended to test the air quality during site activities.

Surface Soil Samples - Two surface soil samples will be taken at the former drum storage area.

TASK DESCRIPTION

The proposed Phase II tasks are described in Table VI-2.

COST ESTIMATE

The estimated man-hours required for the Phase II project are presented in Table VI-3 and the estimated project costs by tasks are presented in Table VI-4.

TABLE VI-1

ASSESSMENT OF ADEQUACY OF DATA

HRS Data Requirement	Comments on Data
Observed Release	
Groundwater	Adequate data to score an observed release
Surface Water	Insufficient data to score an observed release
Air	Inadequate data to score an observed release
Route Characteristics	
Groundwater	Adequate data to score
Surface Water	Adequate data to score
Air	Adequate data to score
Containment	Adequate data to score
Waste Characteristics	Insufficient data - priority pollutant scan needed to identify all contaminants
Targets	Adequate data to score
Observed Incident	Adequate data to score
Accessibility	Adequate data to score

TABLE VI-2
PHASE II WORK PLAN - TASK DESCRIPTION
HAIGHT FARM SITE

Tasks		Description of Task
II-A	Update Work Plan	Review the information in the Phase I report, conduct a site visit, and revise the Phase II work plan.
II-B	Conduct Geophysical Studies	Conduct resistivity survey.
II-C	Conduct Boring/Install Monitoring Wells	Install 1 upgradient and 3 downgradient wells screened in the shallow aquifer. The borings will be drilled to a maximum depth of approximately 50 feet. Wells will be constructed of 2" PVC pipe.
II-D	Construct Test Pits/Auger Holes	No further construction of test pits/auger holes necessary.
II-E	Perform Sampling & Analysis	
	Soil samples from borings	No further studies necessary.
	Soil samples from surface soils	A total of two surface soil samples will be collected at the former drum storage area.
	Soil samples from auger holes/test pits	No further studies necessary.
	Sediment samples from surface water	2 sediment samples are to be collected and analyzed for HSL organics and metals.
	Groundwater samples	4 groundwater samples are to be collected and analyzed for HSL organics and metals.
	Surface water samples	2 surface water samples are to be collected and analyzed for HSL organics and metals.

TABLE VI-2 (Continued)
PHASE II WORK PLAN - TASK DESCRIPTION

Tasks		Description of Task
	Air samples	Using the HNu determine the presence of organics.
	Waste samples	No further sampling necessary.
II-F	Calculate Final HRS	Based on the field data collected in Tasks II-B - II-E, complete the HRS form.
II-G	Conduct Site Assessment	Prepare final report containing significant Phase I information, additional field data, final HRS and HRS documentation records, and site assessments. The site assessment will consist of a conceptual evaluation of alternatives and a preliminary cost estimate of the most probable alternative.
II-H	Project Management	Project coordination, administration and reporting.

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
PHASE II INVESTIGATION
COST ESTIMATE

SITE ID #: 837006
SITE NAME: HAIGHT FARMS
CONSULTANT: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

TABLE VI-3

TASK DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED HOURS OF DIRECT TECHNICAL LABOR (DTL) L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6	L7	L8	L9	L10	TOTAL HOURS	TOTAL COST
II-A UPDATE WORKPLAN	4	24	4	12	4	72	32	40	24	52	268	3801.20
II-B CONDUCT GEOPHYSICAL STUDIES	2	2				40		80	6	6	136	1790.40
II-C CONDUCT BORING/INSTALL MONITORING WELLS	4	4					80		8	10	12	1461.20
II-D CONSTRUCT TEST PITS/ AUGER HOLES											0	0.00
II-E SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS											0	0.00
Soil samples from borings											0	0.00
Soil samples from surface soils		2				8		8			18	267.20
Soil samples from auger holes/test pits											0	0.00
Sediment samples from surface water		2				8		8			18	267.20
Groundwater samples		2				32		32			66	917.60
Surface water samples		2				8		8			18	267.20
Air samples											0	0.00
Waste samples											0	0.00
II-F CALCULATE FINAL HRS SCORE	8	16	4	2	8	48	40	16	8	8	158	2528.20
II-G CONDUCT SITE ASSESSMENT	2	40	4		8	72	40	8	60	100	334	4450.00
II-H PROJECT MANAGEMENT	4	30	4		16					48	102	1662.40
TOTAL HOURS	24	124	16	14	36	288	192	200	106	224		
HOURLY RATE $	33.40	25.20	22.00	19.70	17.00	15.10	13.30	12.00	9.60	8.60		
DIRECT LABOR COSTS $	801.60	3124.80	352.00	275.80	612.00	4348.80	2553.60	2400.00	1017.60	1926.40		

2/7/86

TOTAL DTL COSTS	17412.60
INDIRECT LABOR COSTS	20546.87
TOTAL LABOR COSTS	37959.47
PROFIT (15%)	5693.92
TOTAL PRICE	43653.39

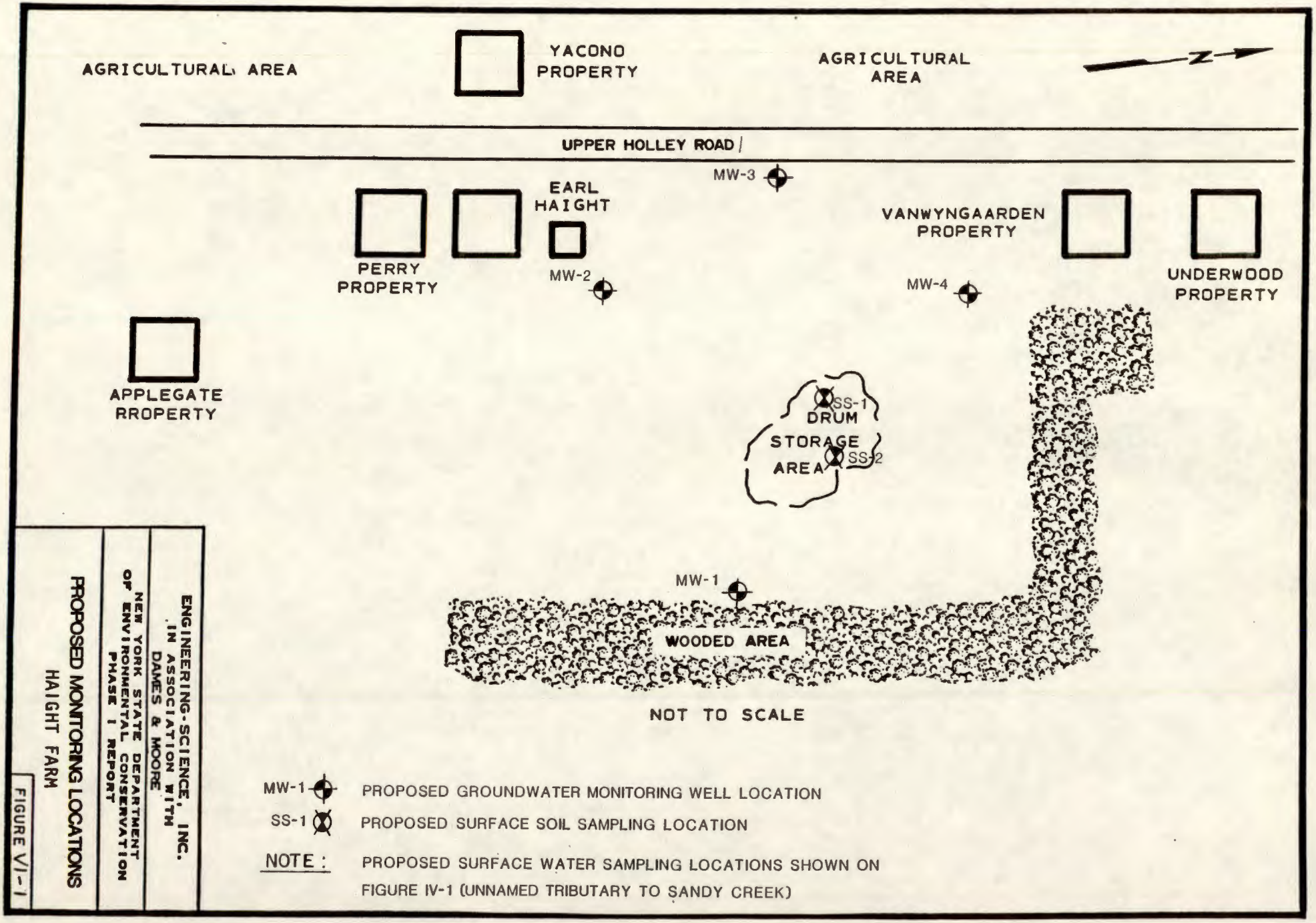
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
PHASE II INVESTIGATION
COST ESTIMATE

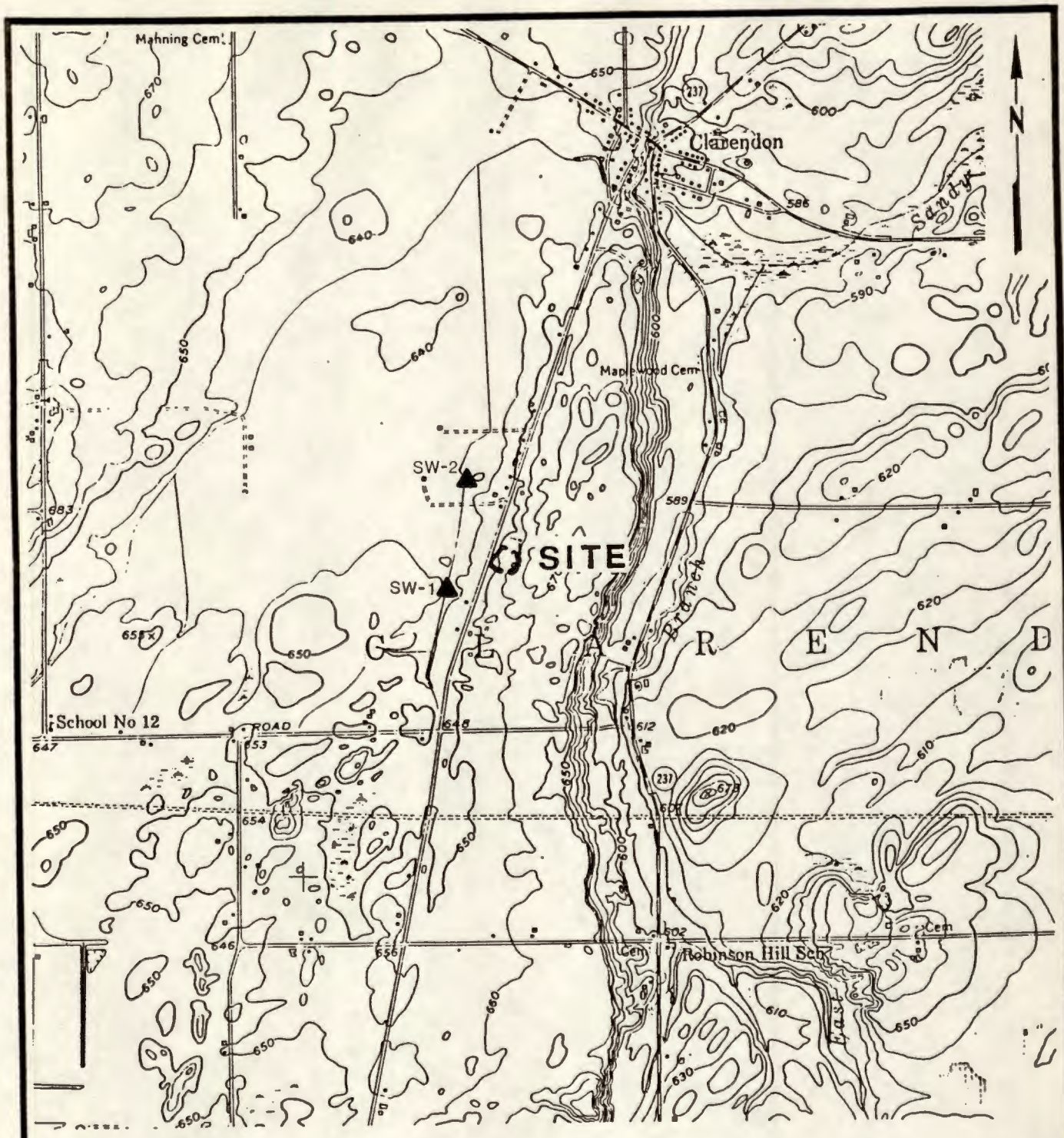
SITE ID #: 837006
SITE NAME: HAIGHT FARMS
CONSULTANT: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

TABLE VI-4

TASK DESCRIPTION	DIRECT LABOR HOURS	DIRECT LABOR COST($)	SUBCONTR. COSTS $	SUPP.& EQUIP. $	MISC. $	TRAVEL & PER DIEM $	TOTALS $
II-A UPDATE WORKPLAN	268	3801		360	210	350	4721.20
II-B CONDUCT GEOPHYSICAL STUDIES	136	1790		750	50	910	3500.00
II-C CONDUCT BORING/INSTALL MONITORING WELLS	12	1461	19000	1800	100	210	22571.20
II-D CONSTRUCT TEST PITS/ AUGER HOLES							0.00
II-E SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS			18000	500	50	850	19400.00
Soil samples from borings							0.00
Soil samples from surface soils	18	267					267.20
Soil samples from test pits/ auger holes							0.00
Sediment samples from surface water	18	267					267.00
Groundwater samples	66	918					917.60
Surface water samples	18	267					267.20
Air samples							0.00
Waste samples							0.00
II-F CALCULATE FINAL HRS SCORE	158	2528		50	75		2653.00
II-G CONDUCT SITE ASSESSMENT	334	4450		750	1000	165	6365.00
II-H PROJECT MANAGEMENT	102	1662		400	150		2212.00
SUBTOTAL	1130	17411.40	37000.00	4610.00	1635.00	2485.00	
INDIRECT LABOR (118% DTL)		20545.45					
PROFIT (%)		15	5	5	5	0	
PROFIT ($)		5693.53	1850.00	230.50	81.75		
TOTAL COSTS ($)		43650.38	38850.00	4840.50	1716.75	2485.00	91542.63

2/7/86


AGRICULTURAL AREA
YACONO PROPERTY
AGRICULTURAL AREA
N
UPPER HOLLEY ROAD
MW-3
EARL HAIGHT
PERRY PROPERTY
MW-2
VANWYNGAARDEN PROPERTY
UNDERWOOD PROPERTY
MW-4
APPLEGATE RROPERTY
SS-1
DRUM STORAGE AREA
SS-2
MW-1
WOODED AREA
NOT TO SCALE
MW-1 PROPOSED GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL LOCATION
SS-1 PROPOSED SURFACE SOIL SAMPLING LOCATION
NOTE : PROPOSED SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATIONS SHOWN ON FIGURE IV-1 (UNNAMED TRIBUTARY TO SANDY CREEK)
PROPOSED MONITORING LOCATIONS
HAIGHT FARM
FIGURE VI-1
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
PHASE I REPORT
ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.
IN ASSOCIATION WITH
DAMES & MOORE



LATITUDE: 43°10'13" N
LONGITUDE: 78°04'36" W

SCALE
0 1000 2000 3000 4000 FEET

SW-1 ▲ PROPOSED SURFACE WATER SAMPLING POINT (UNNAMED TRIBUTARY TO SANDY CREEK)

REFERENCE: U.S.G.S. 7.5' Topographic Map
Holley, NY (1950) Quadrangle

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.
IN ASSOCIATION WITH
DAMES & MOORE

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
PHASE I REPORT

PROPOSED MONITORING LOCATIONS
HAIGHT FARM

FIGURE VI-2

APPENDIX A
REFERENCES

Sources Contacted
Documentation

SOURCES CONTACTED SUMMARY SHEET

Person Contacted/ Location	Telephone #	Date	Information Collected
Mel Hauptman USEPA - Region II OERR, Room 402 26 Federal Plaza New York, NY 10278	212-264-7681	12/31/85	EPA Identification Number.
Bob Hannaford NYSDEC - Division of Water 50 Wolf Road Albany, NY 12233	518-457-6716	11/22/85	Reviwed SPDES Permit Index to see if any permits were issued to site.
Frank Estabrook NYSDEC - Division of Monitoring & Assessment 50 Wolf Road Albany, NY 12233	518-457-2672	11/22/85	Reviewed surface water monitoring locations to see if any were close to site.
Kevin Walters NYSDEC - Division of Environmental Enforcement 50 Wolf Road Albany, NY 12233	518-457-4346	11/22/85	Determined that no legal action was presently occurring at site.
John Ozard NYSDEC - Division of Fish & Wildlife Delmar, NY 12054	518-439-7486	12/16/85	Collected general information concerning critical habitats of threatened or endangered species.
Fred Gilbert NYS Soil Conservation Office J. M. Hanley Federal Bldg. Syracuse, NY 13221	315-423-5510	11/23/85	County soil survey was forwarded.
Maninohan Mehta NYSDEC - Division of Solid & Haz. Waste P.O. Box 57 Avon, NY	716-226-2466	11/22/85	Collected general information from site files.
Pat Marshall Roger Waller Rich Renalds US Geological Survey 343 US P.O. & Courthouse Albany, NY 12201 NYSDEC 8:20	518-472-2815 518-472-2825 518-472-2824	12/16/85 12/18/85 12/18/85	Collected and reviewed geological information.

SOURCES CONTACTED SUMMARY SHEET

Person Contacted/ Location	Telephone #	Date	Information Collected
Vince Dick NYSDEC - Division of Monitoring & Assessment P.O. Box 57 Avon, NY	716-226-2466	12/17/85	Collected and reviewed additional geological information.
Peter Bush NYSDEC - Division of Environmental Enforcement P.O. Box 57 Avon, NY	716-226-2466	11/22/85	Reviewed list of sites to determine if legal action has occurred in the past, is in progress, and/or scheduled in the near future.
Bill Tompkins Dept. of Soil Conservation - Orleans County 401 West Ave. Albion, NY 1411	716-589-5959	12/12/85	Collected information on sensitive environments and agricultural lands near the site.
Nate Herendeen Orleans County Cooperative Extension Albion, NY 14411	716-433-2651	12/18/85	Provided information on irrigation practices in the Clarendon area.
David Turkow Orleans County DOH Albion, NY 14411	716-589-7004	11/27/85	Provided information concerning water use in the site area.
Glen Bailey NYSDEC - Region 9 Attorney 600 Delaware Ave. Buffalo, NY 14202	716-847-4582	12/6/85	Provided information concerning any litigation in progress that may involve the site.

REFERENCES*

23. Bailey, Glen, NYSDEC, Letter to Mr. Earl Haight, 9/25/85.

24. Bailey, Glen, NYSDEC, Letter to the Erdle Perforating Company, 9/25/85.

25. LaSala, "Groundwater Resources of the Erie-Niagara Basin", New York, 1968.

26. NYSDEC, Memo Regarding "Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values", (Originator - John Zambrano), 7/24/85.

27. NYSDEC, Hazardous Waste Manifest, Filed by Frontier Chemical Waste, 4626 Royal Ave., Niagara Falls, NY, 12/19/84.

28. NYS Museum and Science Service Quaternary Geology Map, Niagara Sheet, 1977.

*Does not include "HRS References" which are provided directly after the HRS Documentation Records in Section V.

Ref.

Shattuck

23

i- Seiffer

10

10/22

600 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14202-1073

#1 Pistech

#1 Narr.

September 25, 1985

Mr. Earl Haight
4675 Upper [illegible] Road
[illegible] New York 14-7[illegible]

Dear Mr. Haight:

In December of 1984, this Department had thirty drums of chlorinated solvents and additional empty drums removed from your property in order to protect the public health and the environment. Laboratory analysis of the chlorinated solvents confirmed that the material in the drums consisted of percentage levels of trichloroethylene. Waste trichloroethylene is a listed hazardous waste due to its recognized toxicity and trichloroethylene in the environment represents a significant threat to the public health and the environment. While agents and employees of the Department were on your property, they noted that the drums were in poor condition and there was evidence that spillage and leakage had occurred.

As a precautionary measure, and in an attempt to determine whether or not the spilled trichloroethylene on your property has contaminated the local groundwater, the Department of Health sampled the water supply wells used by the neighboring families. Two of those wells did show some low levels of trichloroethylene contamination. Subsequent re-analysis of wells has shown an increasing level of this contamination. It therefore appears that a plume of contamination is migrating from your property.

Under the circumstances, it is imperative that a remedial program be developed and implemented to address the contamination caused by the trichloroethylene which was stored on your property. This letter is to demand that you develop and implement such a program subject to the prior approval of the Department. Under the provisions of 27-1313 of the Environmental Conservation Law, this Department may issue an Order requiring such a program from owners and/or other persons responsible.

Please consult with your homeowner's insurance carrier and/or your attorney and contact the undersigned at (716) 847-4582 to expedite this matter. A duplicate copy of this letter is enclosed for your convenience for this purpose. A similar letter is also being sent to Erdle Perforating Company, the original generator of the wastes. If I have not heard from you by Wednesday, October 9, 1985, an Order and Notice of Hearing on this matter will be issued. I hope that cooperative settlement can be achieved as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

Glen R. Bailey
Senior Attorney
Division of Environmental Enforcement

GRB:jb

cc: Norman Rosenchuck
David King
John Greenthal
Eric Seifter
Ronald Tramontano

THIS LETTER REPRESENTS THE INITIATION OF A CLAIM WHICH MAY BE COVERED BY YOUR HOMEOWNER'S INSURANCE. PLEASE DELIVER A COPY OF THIS LETTER TO YOUR CARRIER OR AGENT.

(24)

600 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14202-1073

September 25, 1985

Erdle Perforating Company
100 Pixley Industrial Parkway
Rochester, New York 14624

Re: Contamination From Hazardous Wastes

Dear Sir:

In December of 1984, this Department had thirty drums of chlorinated solvents and additional empty drums removed from the property of Earl Haight at 4979 Upper Holley Road in Holley, New York. This removal action was undertaken in order to protect the public health and the environment. Laboratory analysis of the chlorinated solvents confirmed that the material in the drums consisted of percentage levels of trichloroethylene. Waste trichloroethylene is a listed hazardous waste due to its recognized toxicity and trichloroethylene in the environment represents a significant threat to the public health and the environment. While agents and employees of the Department were undertaking this removal action, they noted that the drums were in poor condition and there was evidence that spillage and leakage had occurred.

As a precautionary measure, and in an attempt to determine whether or not the spilled trichloroethylene had contaminated the local groundwater, the Department of Health sampled the water supply wells used by the neighboring families. Two of those wells did show some low levels of trichloroethylene contamination. Subsequent re-analysis of wells has shown an increasing level of this contamination. It therefore appears that a plume of contamination is migrating from the hazardous waste disposal site.

In tracing the source of the wastes in question the Department has determined that the wastes were generated by your company. Approximately fifteen years ago your company asked Mr. Haight to take these wastes during a transition period between other disposal arrangements. Under the laws of this State, your company may be held liable for damages and expenses resulting from wastes which you have generated.

(24)

Given the circumstances showing groundwater contamination, it is imperative that a remedial program be developed and implemented to address the contamination caused by this trichloroethylene. This letter is to demand that you develop and implement such a program subject to the prior approval of the Department. Under the provisions of 27-1313 of the Environmental Conservation Law, this Department may issue an Order requiring such a program from owners and/or other persons responsible.

Please consult with your insurance carrier and/or your attorney and contact the undersigned at (716) 847-4582 to expedite this matter. A duplicate copy of this letter is enclosed for your convenience for this purpose. A similar letter is also being sent to Earl Haight, the owner of the property involved. If I have not heard from you by Wednesday, October 9, 1985, an Order and Notice of Hearing on this matter will be issued. I hope that cooperative settlement can be achieved as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

Glen R. Bailey
Senior Attorney
Division of Environmental
Enforcement

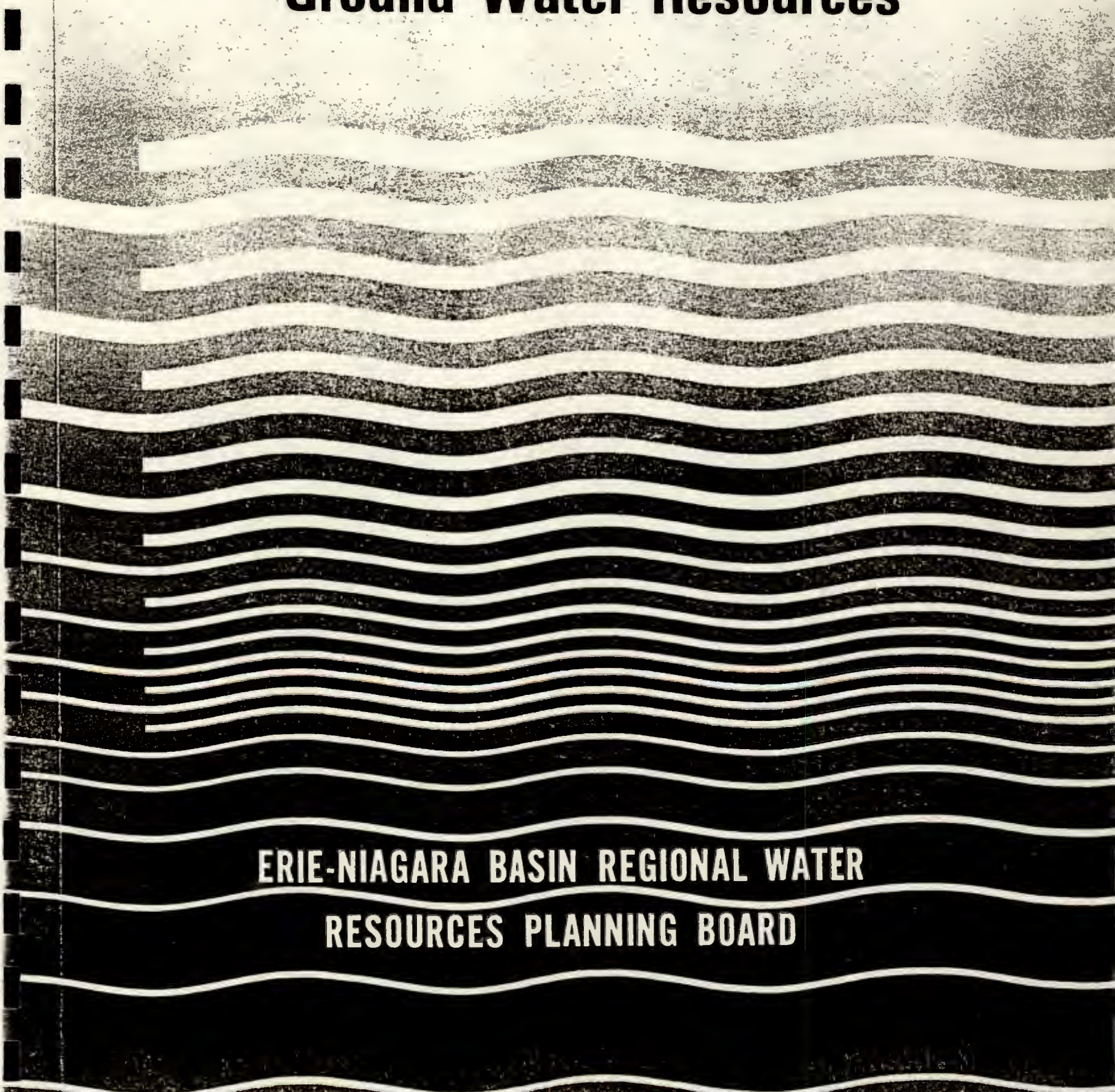
GRB:gb

cc: Norman Rosenchuck
David King
John Greenthal
Eric Seiffer
Ronald Tramontano

(25)

Erie-Niagara Basin

Ground-Water Resources



ERIE-NIAGARA BASIN REGIONAL WATER
RESOURCES PLANNING BOARD

CONSERVATION DEPARTMENT • DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

ENB-3

The water-bearing properties of the soluble rocks developed to a large degree in response to the composition of the rocks (lithology) and the primary sedimentary structures (bedding). The soluble rocks are composed of dense materials that are innately not water bearing. These rocks transmit water only through fractures and solution openings. The nature of the water-bearing openings can be studied both from exposures of the rocks and from data on wells. How good any unit is as a source of water can be judged from records of wells. All of these hydrologic properties and characteristics for each rock unit will be discussed in the following sections.

LOCKPORT DOLOMITE

Bedding and lithology

The lowest aquifer, the Lockport Dolomite, consists mainly of gray, fine- to coarse-grained dolomite. The Gasport Limestone Member near the base of the formation is a light-gray limestone. The thickness of the Lockport is approximately 150 feet. A general summary of the lithology and thickness of the lithologic units is given in figure 5.

The rock units within the Lockport are bedded and dip southward in the study area at 35 to 40 feet per mile. In the extensive exposures Johnston (1964, p. 22) observed in excavations for the Niagara Power Project at Niagara Falls, the beds ranged generally from 1 inch to 3 feet in thickness. In some zones, beds were only 1/4 inch thick. On the other hand, a few massive beds are as much as 8 feet thick at places. The beds thicken and thin laterally. Approximate positions of some fairly persistent zones of massive and thin beds are shown in figure 5 by the widths of the bands of lithologic symbols. The bedding planes are flat except at the few places where they curve over ancient reefs in the upper part of the formation. These reefs are massive (nonbedded) structures as much as 50 feet across and 20 feet thick. Nodules of gypsum 1/2 to 5 inches across are common in the dolomite. Particles composed of the sulfide minerals of zinc, lead, and iron are disseminated through the rock.

Water-bearing openings

With respect to water-bearing openings in the Lockport Dolomite near Niagara Falls, Johnston's (1964) report may be considered a type study for rocks of this sort. Johnston found that bedding-plane joints are the principal water-bearing openings in the Lockport. Vertical joints and vo from which gypsum nodules were dissolved are minor water-bearing openings.

Water-bearing bedding-plane joints can occur at any stratigraphic horizon in the Lockport Dolomite. However, those that are persistent com occur in zones of thin beds overlain by thick or massive beds. Johnston identified seven persistent water-bearing joints or zones (several closely spaced joints) in the Niagara Falls area. (His findings are summarized in figure 5.) These joints are continuous for some miles, but they are not wa

Many domestic-supply wells penetrate from 1 foot to a few feet into the soluble rocks and produce small but adequate yields. On the other hand, industrial wells that were intended to produce large supplies of water give a truer picture of the water-supply potential of the rocks. Data on industrial wells show that the Camillus Shale will yield as much as 1,200 gpm and the limestone unit as much as 300 gpm and probably more. But the data also show that the rocks produce low yields at places. This is shown by such wells as 301-848-1 which was drilled to obtain a large supply for an industry but which yielded only 30 gpm. The water-bearing zones obviously are unevenly distributed through the rocks. Factors that control the occurrence of the water-bearing zones cannot be evaluated at the present time to the extent necessary to predict exactly where the zones occur.

The Lockport Dolomite is the least productive unit of the soluble rocks. Within the Erie-Niagara basin yields of wells in the Lockport range from about 4 to 90 gpm. Depth of the wells range from 20 to 70 feet. Most of the deeper wells were drilled where the depth to bedrock is greatest. Domestic-supply wells generally are finished in the fracture zone at the rock surface or in a bedding joint within the upper most 30 feet of the rock. It is usually not necessary to drill deeper into the Lockport if only a small supply is needed.

Drilling deeper in an attempt to intersect additional bedding-plane openings at depth would provide higher yields but, generally, at the expense of lower water levels and therefore higher pump lifts. Johnston (1964) collected data on a much larger number of wells along the outcrop belt of the Lockport Dolomite than were inventoried in the Erie-Niagara basin. He found that wells drawing water from the lower 40 feet of the Lockport (the northern part of the outcrop area) yield from 1/2 to 20 gpm and have an average yield of 7 gpm. Wells finished in the upper part of the Lockport (the southern part of the outcrop area) yield from 2 to 110 gpm and have an average yield of 31 gpm. Yields of as much as 50 or 100 gpm are possible from the Lockport in the Erie-Niagara basin but would be exceptional.

CAMILLUS SHALE

Bedding and lithology

The Camillus Shale lies above the Lockport Dolomite and crops out to the south of where the dolomite is exposed. Exposures of the Camil Shale are rare in the Erie-Niagara basin because of the low relief of outcrop area and the cover of glacial deposits. Geologists who have studied the Camillus in the study basin agree that it consists mostly of gray shale. (For example, see Buehler and Tesmer, 1963, p. 29-30.) Subsurface data, on the other hand, indicate that a considerable amoun of gray limestone and dolomite is interbedded with the shale. Along with these carbonates, gypsum comprises a significant part of the Camillus Shale. Some of the gypsum beds are as much as 5 feet thick. Gypsum also occurs in the Camillus as thin lenses and veins. Table 1,

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233-0001

Henry G. Williams
Commissioner

26

July 24, 1985

MEMORANDUM

TO: Bureau Directors, Regional Water Engineers, Section Chiefs

SUBJECT: Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (85-W-38)

Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values
(Originator: John Zambrano)

I. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide a compilation of water quality standards and guidance values for toxic and non-conventional pollutants to be used in the Department's regulatory programs, including the SPDES permit program.

II. Discussion

This substantial revision of TOGS 85-W-38 is the result of the promulgation of amendments to 6 NYCRR Part 701-702, effective on August 2, 1985, governing the development and use of surface water quality standards and guidance values. This revision uses a new format in the tabulation and does not include the methodologies for the development of standards and guidance values. The user is referred to the regulations for a description of the methodologies.

III. Guidance

The Quality Evaluation Section will use the attached list in developing SPDES permit water quality-based effluent limits. The Criteria and Standards Section will maintain and revise the list on a regular basis.

for Daniel M. Barolo, P.E.
Director
Division of Water

Attachments
cc: Dr. Banks
Mr. Pagano
Mr. Mt. Pleasant
Regional Engineers for Environmental Quality
Ms. Chrimes

NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES

Date of Revision: July 24, 1985

SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	10		H	Q
	GA	10		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	*		A	I
	D	**		A	H
	SA, SB, SC		2.7	A	M
	I		2.7	A	M
	SD		2.7	A	M
§ Captan (133-06-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
	GA	17.5		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Carbaryl (63-25-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
	GA	28.7		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Carbofuran (1563-66-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	15		H	B
	GA		15	H	B
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	1.0		A	J
	D	10		A	K
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Carbon tetra-chloride (56-23-5)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.4	H	A
	GA	5		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Chlordane (57-74-9)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.02	H	A
	GA	0.1		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C		0.002	A	M
	D		0.002	A	M
	SA, SB, SC		0.002	A	M
	I		0.002	A	M
	SD		0.002	A	M

Remarks: * exp(0.7852 [ln (ppm hardness)] - 3.490)
** exp(1.128 [ln (ppm hardness)] - 3.828)
All standards and values except Human apply to acid-soluble form.

NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES

Date of Revision: July 24, 1985

SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
§ Azinphosmethyl (86-50-0)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.07	H	A
	GA	4.4		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	0.005		A	J
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC	0.01		A	J
	I		0.01	A	J
	SD			A	
§ Azobenzene (103-33-3)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.5	H	A
	GA		0.5	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
Barium (7440-39-3)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	1,000		H	Q
	GA	1,000		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Benefin (1861-40-1)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
	GA	35.0		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Benz(a)anthracene (56-55-3)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.002	H	D
	GA		0.002	H	D
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Benzene (71-43-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		1.0	H	A
	GA	ND		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
Remarks: ND - Not Detectable					
§ Benzidine (92-87-5)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.02	H	A
	GA		0.02	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	0.1		A	H
	D	0.1		A	H
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES

Date of Revision: July 24, 1985

SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
Chloride (NA)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	250,000		H	R
	GA	250,000		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	20		H	C
	GA		20	H	C
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	5		A	I
	D	50		A	L
	SA, SB, SC		5	A	I
	I		5	A	I
	SD		50	A	L
§ Chloroform (67-66-3)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	0.2		H	A
	GA	100		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 2-Chloronaphthalene (91-58-7)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	10		H	D
	GA		10	H	D
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 5-Chloro-o-toluidine (95-79-4)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.7	H	A
	GA		0.7	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
Chromium (7440-47-3)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	50		H	Q
	GA			H	
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	*		A	H
	D	**		A	H
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

Remarks: * exp(0.819 [ln (ppm hardness)] + 1.561)
** exp(0.819 [ln (ppm hardness)] + 3.688)
all standards except Human apply to acid-soluble form.

NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES

Date of Revision: July 24, 1985

SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
§ 1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	0.8		H	A
	GA		0.8	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 1,1-Dichloroethylene (75-35-4)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.07	H	A
	GA		0.07	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (156-60-5)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
	GA		50	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Dichloro-fluoromethane (75-43-4)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
	GA		50	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 2,4-Dichlorophenol (120-83-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	0.3		H	C
	GA		0.3	H	C
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	*		A	
	D	*		A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

Remarks: * Refer to standard for phenols - total chlorinated.

§ Dichloropropanes (78-99-9; 78-87-5; 142-28-9; 26638-19-7)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
	GA		50	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

Remarks: Applies to sum of dichloropropane isomers.

NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES

Date of Revision: July 24, 1985

SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
Sulfides, total (NA)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50*	H	C
	GA		50*	H	C
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	**		A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC	**		A	
	I		**	A	
	SD			A	
Sulfite (NA)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
	GA			H	
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	200		A	J
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 2,4,5-T (93-76-5)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
	GA	35		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Tetrachloro-benzenes (95-94-3; 634-66-2; 634-90-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	10		H	C
	GA		10	H	C
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 2,3,7,8-Tetra-chlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) (1746-01-6)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
	GA	0.000035		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	0.000001		A	M
	D	0.000001		A	M
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 1,1,2,2-Tetra-chloroethane (79-34-5)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.2	H	A
	GA		0.2	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Tetrachloro-ethylene (127-18-4)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.7	H	A
	GA		0.7	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

Remarks: * Expressed as hydrogen sulfide.
** Refer to standards and values for "Hydrogen Sulfide" where applicable.

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SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
§	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
Tetrahydro-	GA		50	H	E
furan	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
(109-99-9)	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
Thallium	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		4	H	B
(7440-28-0)	GA		4	H	B
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	8		A	I
	D	20		A	K
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
Remarks: All standards and values except Human apply to acid-soluble form.					
§	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	40		H	B
Theophylline	GA		40	H	B
(58-55-9)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
Thiram	GA	1.75		H	S
(137-26-8)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
Toluene	GA		50	H	E
(108-88-3)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.6	H	A
o-Toluidine	GA		0.6	H	A
(95-53-4)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
Tolyltriazole	GA		50	H	E
(29385-43-1)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES

Date of Revision: July 24, 1985

SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
§ Toxaphene (8001-35-2)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		0.01	H	A
	GA	ND		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	0.005		A	H
	D	1.6		A	H
	SA, SB, SC	0.005		A	H
	I		0.005	A	H
	SD		0.07	A	H
Remarks: ND - Not Detectable					
§ 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) (93-72-1)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	10		H	Q
	GA	0.26		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Tributyltin oxide (56-35-9)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
	GA		50	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Trichloro-benzenes (87-61-6; 108-70-3; 120-82-1; 12002-48-1)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	10		H	C
	GA		10	H	C
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C	5		A	I,N
	D	50		A	L
	SA, SB, SC	5		A	I,N
	I		5	A	I,N
	SD	50		A	L
Remarks: Applies to sum of isomers.					
§ 1,1,1-Trichloro-ethane (71-55-6)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
	GA		50	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ 1,1,2-Trichloro-ethane (79-00-5)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S	0.6		H	A
	GA		0.6	H	A
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES

Date of Revision: July 24, 1985

SUBSTANCE (CAS NO.)	WATER CLASSES	MICROGRAMS/LITER STANDARD	GUIDANCE VALUES	TYPE	NOTES
§ Trichloro-ethylene (79-01-6)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		3	H	A
	GA	10		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Trichloro-fluoromethane (75-69-4)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
	GA		50	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Trichlorotri-fluoroethanes (26523-64-8; 354-58-5; 76-13-1)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50*	H	E
	GA		50*	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
Remarks: * Applies to sum of isomers.					
§ Trifluralin (1582-09-8)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S			H	
	GA	35.0		H	S
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
§ Trimethyl-benzenes (25551-13-7; 526-73-8; 95-63-6; 108-67-8)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50*	H	E
	GA		50*	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	
Remarks: * Applies to sum of isomers.					
§ Trimethyl-pyridine (collidine) (108-75-8; 1462-84-6)	A, A-S, AA, AA-S		50	H	E
	GA		50	H	E
	A, A-S, AA, AA-S, B, C			A	
	D			A	
	SA, SB, SC			A	
	I			A	
	SD			A	

ERVATION
WASTE
NIFEST

(27)

Please print or type.

P.O. Box 12233, Albany, New York 12212

Form Approved. OMB No. 2000-0404

UNIFORM HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST

1. Generator's US EPA No. NYP000851253 | Manifest Document No. | 2. Page 1 of | Information in the s is not required by

3. Generator's Name and Mailing Address NYSDEC R-8
6274 E. Avon-Lima Rd.
Avon, NY 14414
4. Generator's Phone (716 226-2466

A. State Manifest Document No. NY-A 174808
B. State generator's ID Upper
Clarendon NY
C. State Transporter's ID M189
D. Transporter's Phone 716 28

5. Transporter 1 (Company Name) Frontier Chem Waste | 6. US EPA ID Number NYD043815703
7. Transporter 2 (Company Name) | 8. US EPA ID Number
E. State Transporter's ID
F. Transporter's Phone

9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address
Frontier Chem Waste
4626 Royal Ave
Niagara Falls NY
10. US EPA ID Number NYD043815703
G. State Facility's ID
H. Facility's Phone 716 285-820

11. US DOT Description (Including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class and ID Number)	12. Containers No.	Type	13. Total Quantity	14. Unit Wt/Vol	Wa
a. Waste Solvent N.O.S UN 1993	001	TT	1000	G	FC
b.					
c.					
d.					

J. Additional Descriptions for Materials listed Above
a. Chlorinated Solvents
b.

K. Handling Codes for Wastes Listed
a. T
b.
c.
d.

15. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information

16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by proper shipping name and are classified, packed, marked and labeled, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport by highway according to applicable international and national governmental regulations and state laws and regulations.

Printed/Typed Name: Frank E Shattuck | Signature: Frank E Shattuck | DATE Month 12 Day 19

TRANSPORTER

17. Transporter 1 (Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials)
Printed/Typed Name: Thomas Bates | Signature: Thomas Bates | DATE Month 12 Day 19

18. Transporter 2 (Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials)
Printed/Typed Name | Signature | DATE Month Day

FACILITY

19. Discrepancy Indication Space

20. Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of receipt of hazardous materials covered by this manifest except as noted in Item 19.
Printed/Typed Name | Signature | DATE Month Day

In case of emergency or spill immediately call the National Response Center (800) 424-8802 and the N.Y. Department of Transportation (518) 457-7362.

EPA Form 8700-22 (3-84) COPY 6—Disposer State—mailed by generator

GEOLOGIC MAP OF NEW YORK

1970

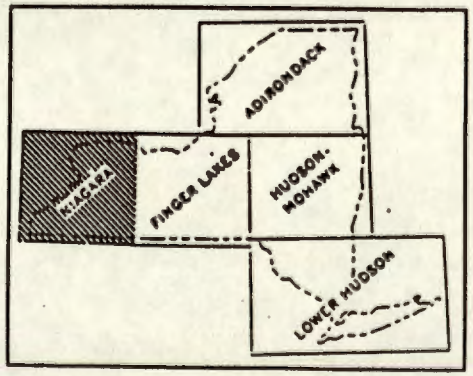
Niagara Sheet

Scale 1:250,000

5 0 5 10 15 Statute Miles 20

5 0 5 10 15 20 25 Kilometers 30

CONTOUR INTERVAL 100 FEET



Topographic Base from AMS Quadrangles 1:250,000 scale.

NEW YORK STATE MUSEUM AND SCIENCE SERVICE

MAP AND CHART SERIES NO. 15

COMPILED AND EDITED BY

Lawrence V. Rickard

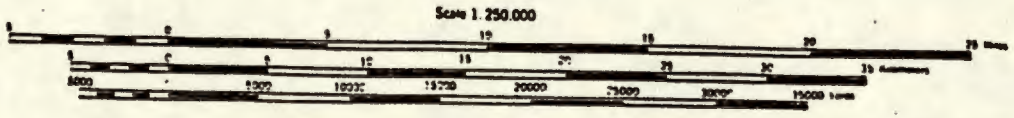
Donald W. Fisher

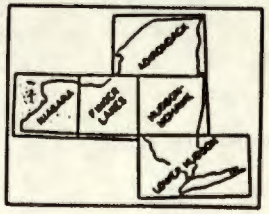
March, 1970

QUATERNARY GEOLOGY OF NEW YORK, NIAGARA SHEET

by Ernest H. Muller

Muller, Ernest H. (1977)
New York State Museum and Science Service
Map and Chart Series Number 28





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Plain Blue

APPENDIX B

PROPOSED UPDATED NYS REGISTRY SHEET

(47-15-11 (10/83)

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

DIVISION OF SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE

INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL SITE REPORT

PRIORITY CODE: 2a SITE CODE: 837006

NAME OF SITE: Haight Farm REGION: 8

STREET ADDRESS: 4879 Upper Holly Road

TOWN/CITY: Claredon COUNTY: Orleans

NAME OF CURRENT OWNER OF SITE: Earl Haight

ADDRESS OF CURRENT OWNER OF SITE: 4879 Upper Holly Rd., Claredon, NY

TYPE OF SITE: OPEN DUMP [X] STRUCTURE [ ] LAGOON [ ]
LANDFILL [ ] TREATMENT POND [ ]

ESTIMATED SIZE: _____ ACRES

SITE DESCRIPTION:

The site was a drum disposal area, in which drums may have come from an unknown chemical company in Rochester, NY, 14 to 15 years ago. On December 15, 1984, approximately 30 drums of suspected trichloroethylene was loaded on a truck, ultimate disposal unknown, approximately 200 gallons may have been spilled during loading.

Frontier Chemical, contracted through the NYS Superfund Drum Removal Program, have properly disposed of the drummed wastes. However, private groundwater wells tested in the area, have shown contamination of trichloroethylene and other solvents.

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: CONFIRMED [X] SUSPECTED [ ]

TYPE AND QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS WASTES DISPOSED:

TYPE	QUANTITY (POUNDS, DRUMS, TONS, GALLONS)
Trichloroethylene	unknown

TIME PERIOD SITE WAS USED FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL:

_____, 19 69 TO _____, 19 84

OWNER(S) DURING PERIOD OF USE: Earl Haight

SITE OPERATOR DURING PERIOD OF USE: Earl Haight

ADDRESS OF SITE OPERATOR: 4879 Upper Holly Road, Claredon, NY

ANALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE: AIR ☐ SURFACE WATER ☐ GROUNDWATER ☒
SOIL ☐ SEDIMENT ☐ NONE ☐

CONTRAVENTION OF STANDARDS: GROUNDWATER ☒ DRINKING WATER ☒
SURFACE WATER ☐ AIR ☐

SOIL TYPE: unknown

DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER TABLE: unknown

LEGAL ACTION: TYPE: _____ STATE ☒ FEDERAL ☐
STATUS: IN PROGRESS ☒ COMPLETED ☐
REMEDIAL ACTION: PROPOSED ☐ UNDER DESIGN ☐
IN PROGRESS ☐ COMPLETED ☐

NATURE OF ACTION: _____

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS:

Additional information/sampling is necessary to adequately evaluate this site.

ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Insufficient information.

PERSON(S) COMPLETING THIS FORM:

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

NAME _____
TITLE _____
NAME _____
TITLE _____
DATE: _____

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NAME _____
TITLE _____
NAME _____
TITLE _____
DATE: _____