

The Dow Chemical Company
P.O. Box 8361
South Charleston, VW 25303-8361
USA

February 12, 2021

Ms. Gail Dieter

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation Bureau E, Section B 625 Broadway, 12th Floor

Subject: Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan/Periodic Review Report 2020, Gorham Street Area, Gabion Wall, and SWMU-1, Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility, Waterloo, New York- Site No. 850001A

Dear Ms. Dieter:

Hampshire Chemical Corp. (HCC) is pleased to submit the Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan/Periodic Review Report 2020, Gorham Street Area, Gabion Wall, and SWMU-1, Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility, Waterloo, New York-Site No. 850001A to the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). This Periodic Review Report serves to bridge the gap in time between Interim Corrective Measures completion and implementation of the Site Management Plan (SMP) to ensure that the cover systems are maintained and performing as designed. The activities included in this Periodic Review Report will become a part of the SMP after the Sitewide Corrective Measures Study is completed.

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act facility investigation and remedial activities are being conducted pursuant to a Second Amended Order on Consent executed between HCC and the NYSDEC under Index Number 8-20000218-3281, August 12, 2011.

If you have any questions about this Periodic Review Report, please contact me at 304-747-7788, or Brian Carling at 610-384-0747.

Sincerely,

Jerome E. Cibrik, P.G.

me E. G.

Remediation Leader

Copy To: Ms. Gail Dieter, NYSDEC Central Office (CD and Hard Copy)

Mr. Matthew Gillette, NYSDEC Region 8 (CD) Mr. David Pratt, NYSDEC Region 8 (CD)

Mr. David Breyette, Evans Chemetics LP (CD)

Jacobs Project File

# **Jacobs**

## Memorandum

1999 Bryan Street, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75201 United States T +1.214.638.0145 F +1.214.638.0447 www.jacobs.com

1

Subject Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan/Periodic Review Report 2020, Gorham Street Area,

Gabion Wall, and SWMU-1

Project Name Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility, Waterloo, New York—Site No. 850001A

**Attention** Hampshire Chemical Corp.

From Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.

Date February 2021

#### 1. Introduction

This technical memorandum presents an interim operations and maintenance (O&M) periodic review for the Gorham Street Area, gabion wall, and Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU)-1 at the former Hampshire Chemical Corp. (HCC) Facility in Waterloo, New York (facility). Evans Chemetics, a wholly owned subsidiary of Bruno Bock, currently owns and operates the facility.

At the Gorham Street Area, interim corrective measures (ICMs) were completed in fall 2013, and restoration activities, including grading adjustments, erosion repairs, and additional vegetation planting, were completed in spring 2014. The gabion wall installation was completed in June 2015. The SWMU-1 combination asphalt and soil cap was completed in fall 2016, but because of its late season completion, additional restoration was completed in spring 2017 to address minor winter impacts.

The activities included in this periodic review report will become a part of the Site Management Plan (SMP) after the sitewide Corrective Measures Study (CMS) is completed. This technical memorandum serves to bridge the gap in time between remedy completion and implementation of the SMP so the cover systems are maintained and performing as designed.

## 2. Site Description

The facility is located at 228 East Main Street in Waterloo, New York. The facility is bordered to the north by East Main Street, to the east by residential properties, to the west by East Water Street, and to the south by the Cayuga-Seneca Canal. South of the canal are some residences and warehouses, and further downstream is the Village of Waterloo wastewater treatment plant (WWTP). The facility also includes property on the eastern side of Gorham Street, where the employee parking lot for the site is located. The area around the parking lot was the subject of the ICM as described in more detail in the following subsection.

The gabion wall was installed along a portion of the southern edge of the facility property where a sediment removal project was performed. The gabion wall and associated restoration activities were performed to stabilize this portion of the canal bank. SWMU-1 is on the western edge of the facility

property and is positioned between the Cayuga-Seneca Raceway and Canal system (north and south edges), with East Water Street forming the western extent and facility WWTP located east of SWMU-1. The facility entry from East Water Street crosses SWMU-1 and is used as the asphalt portion of the cover system; the soil cap system covers the areas north and south of the road.

#### 2.1 Gorham Street Area Description

The Gorham Street Area is defined as two areas with engineered soil caps and covers; one larger area is east of Gorham Street and one smaller area is west of Gorham Street. The portion east of Gorham Street is approximately 1.8 acres of land that extends approximately 365 feet east of Gorham Street and terminates at the adjacent residential parcel (Figure 1). The area extends from the northern property boundary to the canal located to the south. The New York State Canal Corporation owns a thin right-of-way extending along the canal. A thin right-of-way owned by the Village of Waterloo also extends along each edge of Gorham Street. The area on the western side of Gorham Street encompasses approximately 0.04 acre of land that Evans Chemetics owns. The Evans Chemetics employee parking lot covers most of the portion of the parcel east of Gorham Street. Before Gorham Street corrective measures construction activities were conducted, the remaining area was wooded or covered by grass and undergrowth (CH2M HILL Engineers, Inc. [CH2M], 2014a).

#### 2.2 Gorham Street Area Topography

Before Gorham Street corrective measures construction activities were conducted, the parcel west of Gorham Street sloped gently southeasterly toward the bridge abutment embankment and south toward the canal. East of Gorham Street, the land surface gently graded eastward across the parking lot and the adjacent wooded area to the eastern boundary of the facility.

The top of the canal bank was approximately 1 to 3 feet below the average grade of the parking lot, and a drainage swale trending west-east was present between the top of the canal bank and the parking lot. Beyond the swale, the grade dropped steeply to the canal where the bank was overgrown by vegetation and trees.

General overland flow from the parking lot and the extension area east of the parking lot was either south toward the canal or to the east. However, the canal bank berm was slightly higher in elevation than the grassy and formerly wooded area to the north and may limit some overland flow moving north to south. Precipitation that fell on the canal bank would potentially flow south toward the canal or north toward the grassy/vegetated area between the canal bank and the parking lot.

## 2.3 Canal Bank – Gabion Wall Description

The gabion wall was constructed on the canal bank south of the facility and north of the North Shore Deposit. The gabion wall is constructed with two layers of 3-foot by 3-foot by 6-foot galvanized wire mesh baskets with a polyvinyl chloride coating. The gabion baskets are filled with 3- to 5-inch-diameter stone. An 8-ounce geotextile fabric was placed in the over-excavated area and filled with self-compacting pea stone to provide a more stable subgrade. The canal bank side of the gabion wall was shaped, and an 8-ounce geotextile fabric was placed and filled with pea stone backfill to support the backside of the gabion wall.

Before intrusive work was performed, a comparison with the construction drawings was made, and adjustments to the gabion wall alignment were made to compensate for site conditions. Riprap was placed on the canal bank in areas where construction of the gabion wall was determined not feasible.

These areas include the eastern end of the gabion wall from approximately Station 22+30 to the east and the western end of the gabion wall from approximately Station 20+30 (Figure 2) to the west in an area commonly referred to as the "horseshoe area" south of the facility.

## 2.4 SWMU-1 Description

SWMU-1 comprises an approximately 2.3-acre area of waste and debris west of the facility WWTP, east of East Water Street, north of the Cayuga-Seneca Canal, and south of the Cayuga-Seneca raceway that supplies cooling and process water to the facility (Figure 3). A paved access road, which has been expanded as part of the capping project, runs from East Water Street through SWMU-1 and east into the facility and is used by large haul trucks for Evans Chemetics product transportation. In this area, several pole-barn structures house Evans Chemetics chemical and equipment storage areas. West of the structures, the expanded asphalt area is used for large haul trucks to pull to the side of the access road and idle before entering the facility, as needed.

A combination soil and asphalt cap was installed over the 2.3-acre SWMU-1 area. This capping system included placing the geosynthetic clay liner (GCL) cap system over approximately 1.4 acres, using the existing asphalt cap (approximately 0.65 acre), and an asphalt expansion area that encompasses approximately 0.25 acre. The GCL cap system was placed over a leveling layer and demarcation layer that separate the waste and cover materials. The overlying cap materials consist of a granular sodium bentonite GCL layer, a geocomposite drainage layer, an 18-inch-thick protective soil layer, and a 6-inch-thick topsoil layer to support vegetation.

The asphalt cap was constructed by milling and reworking the existing road surface and placing a 6-inch-thick asphalt layer consisting of a 4-inch-thick Type 3 binder course and a 2-inch-thick Type 6 top course. In areas where the asphalt road was expanded north of the original road surface, materials were excavated to allow the 8-inch gravel and 6-inch asphalt layers to be installed and match the elevation of the existing asphalt and overlay. The excavated material was used as a leveling layer below the cap. In the area north of the entry road, cover soil was placed over the existing ground surface to a depth of at least 6 inches and revegetated.

#### 2.5 SWMU-1 Topography

Before construction, elevation across the site varied from approximately 453 feet above mean sea level (amsl) at the elevated mound area in the center of the unit to approximately 436 feet amsl in the southern and southeastern areas of SWMU-1. Placement of the cap followed a similar configuration, but the area toward the canal was reshaped to promote positive drainage to the perimeter and intermediate swale. The final elevation of the capped SWMU-1 ranges from 457 to 440 feet amsl in the drainage swales. The elevation along the canal beyond the cap grades sharply to the canal pool elevation of approximately 429 feet amsl.

## 3. Site Inspections

### 3.1 Inspection Frequency

Inspections are conducted at the frequency specified in the interim O&M plan submitted in 2014 (CH2M, 2014b). Accordingly, annual cover inspections and biennial gabion wall inspections will be performed until the SMP is in place as part of the sitewide CMS.

#### 3.2 Inspection Forms, Sampling Data, and Maintenance Reports

Recent inspections were performed on September 18 following a mowing event at SWMU-1 on September 10, 2020. The inspection results are shown on the inspection forms in Attachment 1. Attachment 2 contains photographs of the site taken during the September 2020 inspection. An additional mowing event planned for spring 2020 was not conducted due to site access and travel restrictions in response to the coronavirus 2019 disease (COVD-19). Deficiencies were noted and reported, and appropriate corrective actions were taken to remedy the deficiency.

#### 3.2.1 Gorham Street

The following areas were inspected for the Gorham Street Area:

- Soil cover
  - Stressed or dead vegetation
  - Observation as to whether mowing of vegetation is being performed at a suitable frequency
  - Erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking, or animal burrows
  - Areas of ponding water
  - Evidence of vandalism to the cover
  - Evidence of slope movement along the canal
  - Signs of traffic on the soil cover area other than from mowing equipment

#### Asphalt cap

- Signs of erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking, or animal burrows
- Vegetation growth through the asphalt
- Areas of ponding water
- Evidence of vandalism to the cap
- Drainage swales
  - Observation as to whether drainage swales are still allowing for adequate flow toward the canal
  - Signs of erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking, or animal burrows
  - Condition of check dams
  - Confirm flow is not bypassing check dams
  - Erosion issues at down chutes
- Perimeter security (fences and gates)
  - Gates are locked
  - Fence condition
  - Signs of vandalism
  - Signs of vegetation growing on fence or gates

#### 3.2.2 Gabion Wall

The following gabion wall areas were inspected:

- Confirm that eroded soil has not built up on the top of the wall; remove materials, as necessary.
- Inspect for visual signs on vertical or horizontal alignment changes, bulging, or other changes since the last inspection. Take photographs for similar locations and directions for comparison over time.
- Inspect face of wall for broken or separated sections of the wire gabions and plant growth. Large vegetation/trees should be removed.

#### 3.2.3 SWMU-1

The following areas were inspected at SWMU-1:

- Soil cover
  - Stressed or dead vegetation
  - Observation as to whether moving of vegetation is being performed at a suitable frequency
  - Erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking, or animal burrows
  - Areas of ponding water
  - Evidence of vandalism to the cover
  - Evidence of slope movement along the canal
  - Signs of traffic on the soil cover area other than from mowing equipment
  - Signs of damage to monitoring wells
- Asphalt cap
  - Signs of erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking, or animal burrows
  - Vegetation growth through the asphalt
  - Areas of ponding water
  - Evidence of vandalism to the cap
- Drainage swales
  - Observation as to whether drainage swales are still allowing for adequate flow toward the canal
  - Signs of erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking, or animal burrows
  - Exterior clean-out locations intact
  - Condition of check dams
  - Confirm flow is not bypassing check dams
  - Erosion issues at drainage layer outfall pipes or down chutes
- Perimeter security (fences and gates)
  - Gates are locked
  - Fence condition
  - Signs of vandalism
  - Signs of vegetation growing on fence or gates

Attachment 1 contains applicable inspection forms and other records generated for the site during the reporting period.

## 4. Conclusions and Corrective Measures Completed

Any deficiencies noted during inspections were corrected as noted in the inspection reports (Attachment 1). Each deficiency was addressed within 90 days as stipulated in the O&M plan (CH2M, 2014b).

At SWMU-1 the northwest corner of the chain-link fence was damaged, possibly due to snow removal activities. The damage was limited to a section of chain-link mesh pulled away from the fence supports. However, the fence posts and rails were undamaged and the fence continued to provide overall site security until final repairs could be completed; in addition, Evan Chemetics' maintenance staff straightened the mesh to the extent possible without replacing the panel. A fencing contractor employed by Evans Chemetics replaced the damaged section of chain-link mesh on December 11, 2020.

Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan/Periodic Review Report 2020, Gorham Street Area, Gabion Wall, and SWMU-1

One burrow was noted on Gorham Street and appears to be historical (seven groundhogs were removed from the area in summer 2017) with no signs of active digging. The burrow was filled with gravel on November 19 and will monitored to determine activity.

In general, the remaining issues that occurred in 2020 were associated with vegetation management. Additional effort was expended on eradicating Japanese knotweed, which included herbicide application by Cardno Corporation on September 4, 2020. Japanese knotweed is a hardy invasive species and may require further herbicide application and mechanical removal to eradicate.

Both cover systems and the gabion wall appear to be performing as designed, and no significant issues have been observed. HCC will continue annual cover and biennial gabion inspections until the SMP for the facility is finalized.

## 5. Report Submission

The periodic review report will continue to be submitted annually in hard copy and electronic format to the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Central and Region 8 Office and the New York State Department of Health Central Office.

#### 6. References

CH2M HILL Engineers, Inc. (CH2M). 2014a. Construction Completion Report, Former Hampshire Chemical Corp., Gorham Street Corrective Measures, Waterloo, New York.

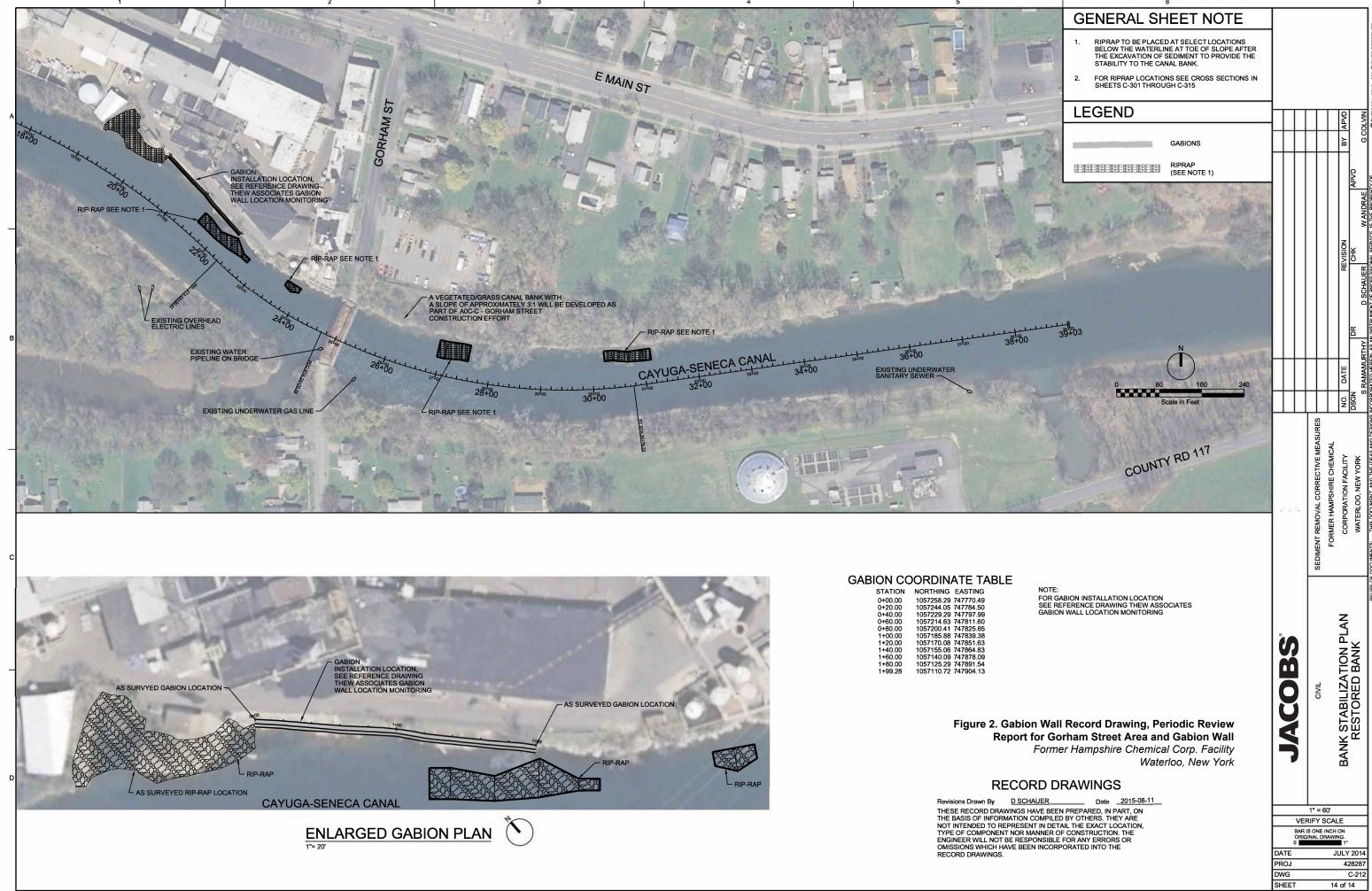
CH2M HILL, Engineers, Inc. (CH2M). 2014b. Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan for Gorham Street Area, Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility, Waterloo, New York.

**Figures** 



Figure 1. Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan/
Periodic Review Inspection Area for Gorham Street Area
Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility
Waterloo, New York





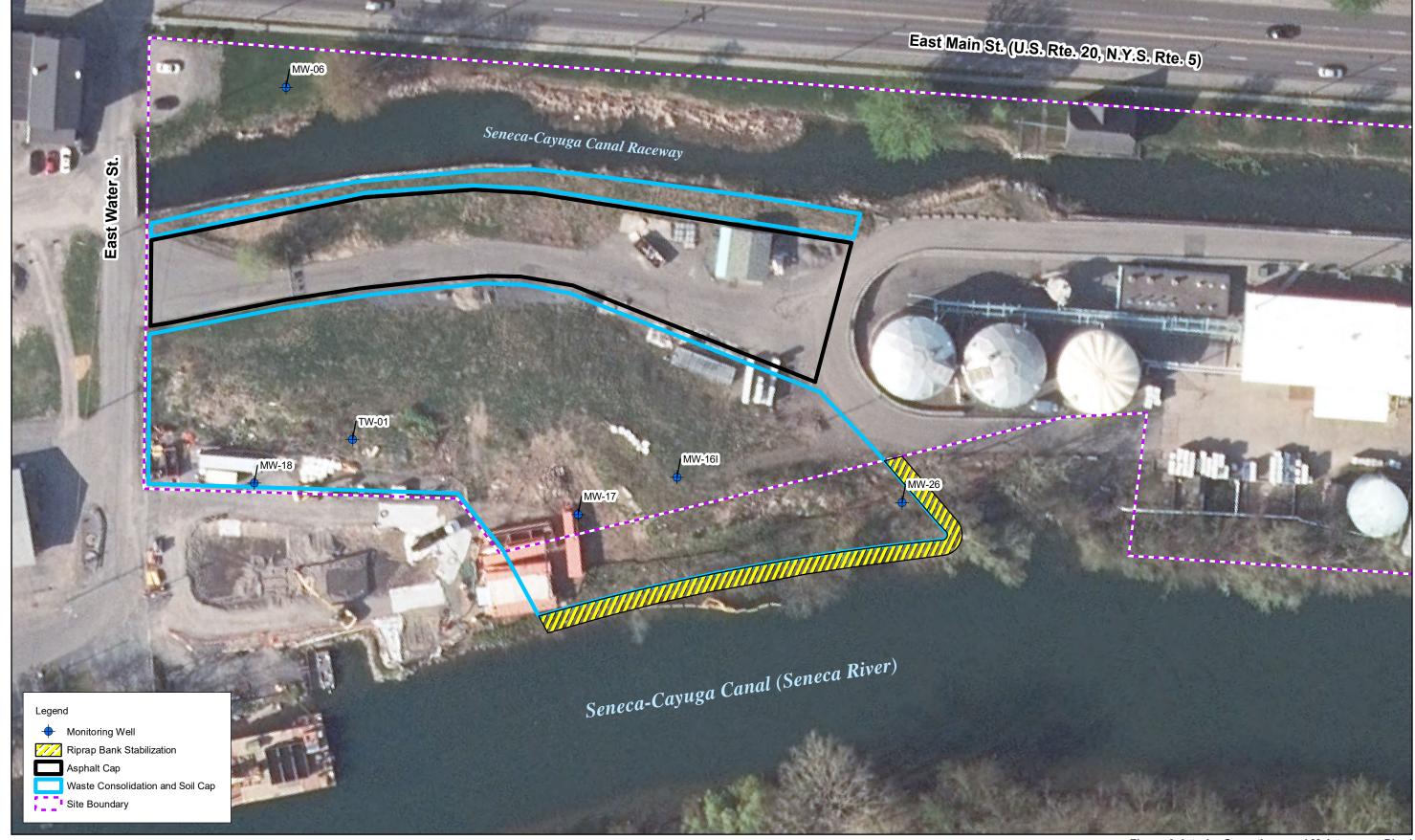


Figure 3. Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan/ Periodic Review Inspection Area for SWMU-1 Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility Waterloo, New York



Attachment 1 Inspection Forms

Attachment 1: Annual Inspection Form Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan for SWMU 1 Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility, Waterloo, New York

Inspection Date: 9/18/20 Inspector Name: C. Leffith

Soil Cover	Yes	No	N/A	Comments & Deficiencies Noted (Required if Shaded Area Selected)	CA Completion (Date/Initials)
Are there signs of stressed or dead vegetation?	V			beanese butweed herbicide applied	1/4
Is mowing of vegetation being performed at a suitable frequency?	V			The state of the s	10/1
Are there signs of erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking or animal burrows?		V			
Are there any areas of ponding water?		V			
Any evidence of vandalism to the cover?		V			
Is there evidence of slope movement along the canal?		V			
Are there signs of traffic on the soil cover area other than from mowing equipment?		V			
Are the monitoring wells damaged?		V			
Asphalt Cap	Yes	No	N/A	Comments & Deficiencies Noted (Required if Shaded Area Selected)	CA Completion (Date/Initials)
Are there Signs of Erosion, Furrows, Ruts, Penetrations, Cracking or Animal Burrows?		V			, , ,
s there any vegetation growth through the asphalt?		V			
Are there any areas of ponding water?		V		Dry at fine of inspection	
Any evidence of vandalism to the cap?		V		pry of fire of ingretion	
Drainage Swales	Yes	No	N/A	Comments & Deficiencies Noted (Required if Shaded Area Selected)	CA Completion (Date/Initials)
Are the drainage swales still allowing for adequate flow towards the canal?	V				(out-) ilitary
are there any signs of erosion, furrows, etc?		V			
re exterior cleanout locations able to be located?	1				
are check dams in good condition?	V				
s flow bypassing the check dams?		V			
ny signs of excessive erosion from drainage layer outfall pipe and at down hutes?		/			
are there any signs of erosion, furrows, etc?		V			
Parimatar Saguisty (Fances B. Catas)				Comments & Deficiencies Noted	CA Completion
Perimeter Security (Fences & Gates) re all gates locked?	Yes	No	N/A	(Required if Shaded Area Selected)	(Date/Initials)
	-	. /			
fence in good condition?		V		NIN corner of fince mush pulled and	y from frome
re there signs of vandalism?		V			
vegetation growing on fence or gates?		V			

CA - Corrective Actions

Attachment 1: Annual Inspection Form Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan for Gorham Street Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility, Waterloo, New York

Inspection Date: 9/18/20 Inspector Name: C Leffich

Soil Cover		No	Comments & Deficiencies Noted (Required if Shaded Area Selected)	CA Completion (Date/Initials)
Are there signs of stressed or dead vegetation?	V		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	bus NA
Is mowing of vegetation being performed at a suitable frequency?	V	/	star Laganese Knotweed herbiside applicati	
Are there signs of erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking or animal burrows?	V		one possibly inactive burrow noted near large boulder	Filled with gravel and monitor 10/20 - (2)
Are there any areas of ponding water?		V		
Any evidence of vandalism to the cover?		V		
Is there evidence of slope movement along the canal?		V		
Are there signs of traffic on the soil cover area other than from mowing equipment?		V		
Asphalt Cap	Yes	No	Comments & Deficiencies Noted (Required if Shaded Area Selected)	CA Completion (Date/Initials)
Are there signs of erosion, furrows, ruts, penetrations, cracking or animal burrows?		V		
Are there any vegetation growth through the asphalt?		V		
Are there any areas of ponding water?		V		
Any evidence of vandalism to the cap?		V		
Drainage Swales	Yes	No	Comments & Deficiencies Noted (Required if Shaded Area Selected)	CA Completion (Date/Initials)
Are the drainage swales still allowing for adequate flow towards the canal?	V			
Are there any signs of erosion, furrows, etc?		V		
Perimeter Security (Fences & Gates)	Yes	No	Comments & Deficiencies Noted (Required if Shaded Area Selected)	CA Completion (Date/Initials)
Are all gates locked?	V			
s fence in good condition?	V			
Are there signs of vandalism?		V		
s vegetation growing on fence or gates?		V		

CA - Corrective Actions

# Former Hampshire Chemical Corp. Facility AOC A Sediment Removal Project

## Gabion Wall Inspections

The gabion wall located on the Cayuga-Seneca Canal should be assessed and inspected biennially. The following items will be included in these routine visual inspections:

- Confirm that eroded soil has not built up on the top of the wall; remove materials as necessary
- Inspect for visual signs on vertical or horizontal alignment changes, bulging, or other changes since the last inspection. Take photos for similar locations and directions for comparison over time
- Inspect face of wall for broken or separated sections of the wire gabions and plant growth; large vegetation/trees should be removed.

If during inspections, individual wires or sections of the gabions are found to be broken, they must be repaired as soon as possible because they are structural elements of the wall. Repairs should include gabion wire repair materials (welded wire mesh, binding wire, rings, etc.) recommended by a reputable gabion manufacturer and supplier. All repairs will be performed in strict conformance to gabion manufacturer recommendations.

Inspection	Comments
Erosion at top or back of gabion wall	None
Horizontal alignment (bulging)	None
Vertical alignment (drop or deflection of top of wall)	Good Antact
Gabion basket wire (damage or breaks)	None
Vegetation (on face or top of wall)	None

Inspection Completed by:	C. Letlich
Inspection Date:9/	18/20

Rev.1 9/1/2020

Attachment 2 Photo Logs

## Photo Log



Project Title Interim Operations and Maintenance Plan/Periodic Review Report 2019, Gorham Street Area,

Gabion Wall, and SWMU1

Location Former Hampshire Chemical Corporation Facility, Waterloo, New York—Site No. 850001A

Date December 2020

## **Gorham Street Area**



**Photograph 1.** View of cover system and fence along canal bank (looking west from southeastern corner).

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken: September 18, 2020



**Photograph 1:** View cover system and Evans' equipment laydown area (looking west from southeastern corn

Date taken: September 18, 2020

Taken by: C. Lettich



**Photograph 2:** View of cover system and swale with Japanese Knotweed removal occurring near the power pole (looking north from southeastern corner).

**Taken by:** C. Lettich **Date taken:** September 18, 2020



**Photograph 4:** View of cover system, fence, and power poles (looking south from northwestern corner).

Date taken: September 18, 2020





**Photograph 5:** View of cover system, fence, and Evans' equipment laydown area (looking west from northwestern corner).

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken:September 18, 2020



**Photograph 6:** View of cover system open area (looking south from the northern fence line).



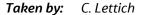


**Photograph 7:** View of Japanese Knotweed surrounding power poles shortly after f+ all 2020 herbicide application (looking northeast). The animal burrow is located on the far side of the foreground boulder.

**Taken by:** C. Lettich **Date taken:** September 18, 2020



Photograph 8: Suspected groundhog burrow identified near the edge of the boulder (looking west). The burrow does not appear to be active but will be filled with gravel and monitored.





Photograph 9: View of fence and Evans' equipment laydown area (looking south).

Taken by: C. Lettich Date taken: September 18, 2020



Photograph 10: View of cover system and perimeter fence gate to the canal bank (looking southwest).

Date taken: September 18, 2020





Photograph 11: View of cover system along the canal bank and perimeter fence (looking east).

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken:September 18, 2020

## **Gabion Wall**



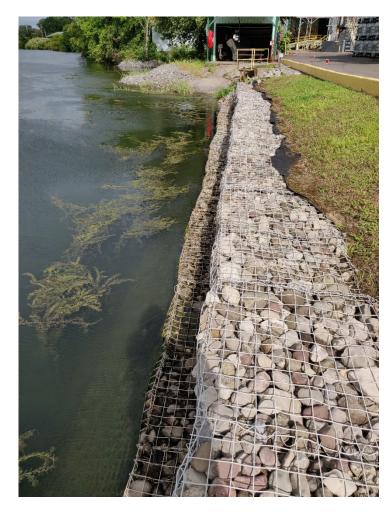
Photograph 12: View of gabion alignment, including the western terminus (looking east).

Taken by: C. Lettich



Photograph 13: View of gabion alignment, including the eastern terminus (looking west).

Taken by: C. Lettich Date taken: September 18, 2020



**Photograph 14:** View of gabion alignment including lower portion near waterline (looking west).

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken: September 18, 2020



**Photograph 15:** View of gabion alignment, including stormwater control outfall (looking west).

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken: September 18, 2020

## Solid Waste Management Unit 1



Photograph 36: Damaged fence at northwestern corner along East Water Street prior to cutting vegetation (looking southeast).

Taken by: C. Lettich Date taken: September 18, 2020



Photograph 16: Eastern area of cover system with GP-02 near blue bucket (looking west).

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken: September 18, 2020



Photograph 17: Southeastern area of cover system and lower swale (looking west).



**Photograph 18:** Western area of cover system in foreground and former sediment treatment pad between base of the slope and canal (looking southwest).

**Taken by: Date taken:** September 18, 2020



**Photograph 19:** Western portion of cover system with GP-01 and GP-04 vapor probes at the base of slope (looking west). The damaged corner of the perimeter fence is near the right-hand edge of the photograph.



**Photograph 20:** Southwestern area of the cover system and former sediment treatment pad with monitoring well MW-18 in the yellow monument (looking southwest).

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken: September 18, 2020



**Photograph 21:** Southern portion of cover system and former sediment treatment pad with monitoring well TW-01 in the yellow monument (looking southeast).



**Photograph 22:** Western area of the cover system with monitoring well TW-01 in the yellow monument (looking east).

Taken by: C. Lettich Date taken: September 18, 2020



Photograph 23: Northern area of cover system near East Water Street gate to Evans' facility (looking northeast).



**Photograph 24:** Northwestern area of cover system and East Water Street entrance to the facility (looking northwest). The damaged corner of the perimeter fence is near the left-hand edge of the photograph.

Taken by:C. LettichDate taken: September 18, 2020



Photograph 25: Final, repaired fence at northwestern corner along East Water Street (looking southeast).

Taken by:S. HatchDate taken: December 14, 2020