2020

PERIODIC REVIEW REPORT

FOR DOWCRAFT, SOUTH DOW STREET NYSDEC SITE #907020 FALCONER, CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY, NEW YORK

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NOVEMBER 2020

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ACRONYM LIST

C&S ENGINEERS, INC.

JCC JAMESTOWN CONTAINER COMPANIES

SITE FORMER DOWCRAFT FACILITY

TCE TRICHLOROETHYLENE

IRM INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

ROD RECORD OF DECISION

CRA CONESTOGA-ROVERS & ASSOCIATES

RI REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION SCO SOIL CLEANUP OBJECTIVES

SVOC SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

VOC VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

SVI SOIL VAPOR INTRUSION

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

C&S Engineers, Inc. (C&S) has prepared the 2019 Periodic Review Report for the former Dowcraft, South Dow Street Site (NYSDEC Site No. 907020) located at 65 South Dow Street in Falconer, New York. From 1939 to 1999, the Site manufactured steel partitions. As part of this manufacturing process, a vapor degreaser was used which included the use of chemicals such as trichloroethylene (TCE).

Previous environmental investigations have detected a TCE plume in the area of the former Dowcraft, South Dow Street Site. TCE contamination is located within two sand/gravel layers separated by a silt/clay lens. According to previous environmental reports, the area of former degreaser pit (area of groundwater monitoring wells PW-3 and PW-3R) is a likely source area for the TCE plume. The plume originates from the degreaser area and has affected groundwater in the upper and lower sand/gravel layers. The plume extends from the degreaser area to the north, under the JCC building and up to the area of the Chadakoin River. This is an area of approximately one acre. The rate of movement is approximately 2 to 3 feet per year to the north. Sampling in the River has not shown any impact to date.

The 2003 Record of Decision of the Site selected in-situ chemical dechlorination using potassium permanganate as the approved remedy. Nine in-situ treatment events occurred between May 2000 and July 2006. In 2014, C&S completed another treatment on the Site. Ten injection borings were advanced throughout the TCE plume and a potassium permanganate treatment fence was installed adjacent to the source area by PW-3R.

Post-treatment groundwater monitoring indicates that the latest treatment was successful in the dechlorination of TCE; however, the affect of the treatments seems to be lessening. Out of eleven monitoring wells, seven wells show a decrease in TCE and other chlorinated compounds, and two of these monitoring wells show a decrease of 80% or greater. Some wells show an increase of daughter compounds, this suggests that the dechlorination process is breaking TCE into its daughter compounds.

The Site is compliant with all institutional and engineering controls. The Institutional and Engineering Controls Certification form is provided in **Appendix C**.

1 SITE OVERVIEW

1.1 Site Description

The Dowcraft, South Dow Street Site is located at 65 South Dow Street in Falconer, New York and occupies approximately 2.2 acres of land situated immediately east of South Dow Street and approximately 100 feet south of the Chadakoin River (Site). The Jamestown Container manufacturing building is situated between the Site and the Chadakoin River.

1.2 Geology and Hydrogeology

Site geology consists of fill material overlying two sand/gravel layers separated by a silt/clay lens. Fill material consists of a mixed matrix of sand, cinders, silt, gavel, brick, concrete, coal, slag and metal. The fill unit ranges in thickness from 2 to over 14 feet, with an average thickness of 8 feet.

Under the fill, the upper sand/gravel layer ranges from 10 to 20 feet in thickness. Underlying the upper sand/gravel layer is a silt/clay lens that ranges from 4 to 8 feet in thickness. The lower sand/gravel layer is 10 to 18 feet thick. Underlying the lower sand layer is a second silt/clay layer that starts approximately 43 feet below ground surface (BGS). This unit is estimated to be 60 feet in thickness according to regional geology.

The average depth to groundwater is 10 feet BGS within the upper sand/gravel layer. Groundwater flow within the upper sand/gravel layer is to the north-northeast at approximately 2.7 feet per year.

1.3 Nature and Extent of Contamination

The chemicals of concern (COC) of the Site are trichloroethylene and its daughter compounds (cis-1,2-dichloroethene and vinyl chloride). According to previous environmental reports, the area of former degreaser pit (area of groundwater monitoring wells PW-3 and PW-3R) is a likely source area for the COC plume. The plume originates from the degreaser area and has affected groundwater in the upper and lower sand/gravel layers. The plume extends from the degreaser area to the north, under the JCC building and up to the area of the Chadakoin River. This is an area of approximately one acre. Sampling in the River has not shown any impact to date.

Total volatile organic compound (VOC) concentrations range between 4.2 to 3,446 ug/L. The volume of the COC plume extends from the degreaser pits to the southern façade of the JCC building (approximate area of 5,000 square feet), then vertically down to the base of the second sand/gravel layer (43 feet BGS); a total volume of approximately 8,333 cubic yards of groundwater and subsurface soil.

Table 1 presents the 2013 baseline groundwater monitoring data. **Table 2** presents data for the pre-treatment and post-treatment groundwater monitoring events. Another groundwater monitoring event was conducted on June 2019. Sampling data will be submitted as a separate report to the NYSDEC.

1.4 Site History

The property was first developed in 1890 as a woolen mill until 1939 when it was converted into a factory which manufactured steel partitions used for offices. In 1986 the deed was transferred to the Dowcraft Corporation. Manufacturing activities continued until the facility closed in 1999. As part of this manufacturing process, a vapor degreaser was used which included the use of chemicals such as trichloroethylene (TCE). This work continued until 1999 when the facility was closed, a portion of the Site was demolished, and the property was sold to JCC.

Figure 1 presents present and historic site features.

The Dowcraft, South Dow Street Site was the subject of environmental investigations in the early 1990s, at which time contaminated groundwater was discovered on site. An interim remedial measure (IRM) was subsequently put in place in 1994 which consisted of groundwater extraction and treatment. In 2000, the use of additional groundwater remediation technologies was approved by the NYSDEC which involved in-situ chemical oxidation of TCE through the injection of potassium permanganate into the overburden groundwater. In 2003, a Record of Decision (ROD) was approved that selected the following remedy:

- In-situ groundwater treatment through chemical oxidation, by injection of potassium permanganate dissolved in water through existing well points into the shallow overburden groundwater table;
- Overburden groundwater monitoring to verify the effectiveness of the treatment;
- Institutional controls to prevent the use of groundwater as a source of potable water; and
- Annual certification to NYSDEC to certify that institutional controls remain in place.

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) conducted nine injection treatments between May 2000 and July 2006, totaling 21,500 pounds of potassium permanganate. These injection treatments were successful in oxidizing TCE in outer plume area; however, the concentrations of TCE in the source area remain high.

2014 and 2015 In-situ Remedial Activities

In May 2013, C&S was asked to re-evaluate the environmental conditions of the Site. On July 2013, baseline groundwater monitoring was conducted to determine the changes, if any, in TCE concentrations since 2006. Based on the findings of this work, a Corrective Measures Work Plan was submitted to the NYSDEC on May 2, 2014. C&S proposed additional in-situ chemical oxidation (ISCO) injections and the installation of a potassium permanganate treatment fence. This work was conducted on December 1 through 9, 2014.

Ten borings were each injected with approximately 33 gallons ISCO solution containing approximately 400 pounds of ISCO material. As the solution was pumped into the subsurface, the drill rods were lifted at a rate designed to inject a consistent amount of materials between 5 and 30 feet below grade. A total of 4,024.12 pounds of potassium permanganate was injected into the TCE plume.

Within the lower sand/gravel layer, the area adjacent to PW-3R contains the highest concentrations of TCE. To address these concentrations, a treatment fence was installed to reduce source loading into downgradient groundwater zones. The treatment fence consisted of 1.5 foot long tubes of paraffin wax mixed with potassium permanganate installed in selected monitoring wells and in the subsurface. A 36-foot treatment fence was installed next to the northwest corner of the building. A total of ten borings to 40 feet below grade were drilled to facilitate the installation of the treatment fence. A potassium permanganate cylinder was dropped down the drill casing. Four feet of casing was removed allowing the bore hole to collapse and another cylinder was placed in series until a total of 5 cylinders were installed (a vertical treatment thickness of approximately 7.5 feet in each boring).

2 Monitoring Plan Compliance Report

The monitoring plan developed by C&S for the Site includes both chemical and hydraulic monitoring of groundwater before and after treatment semi-annually for two years (sampling frequency was changed in the 2018 Operation, Monitoring and Maintenance Plan). Baseline groundwater monitoring was performed on July 2, 2013 and the chemical data is provided in **Table 1**. The following monitoring wells are included in the groundwater monitoring plan:

ESI - 1	ESI - 11
ESI - 2	ESI - 12
ESI - 3	ESI -13R
ESI - 6	PW - 1
ESI - 7	PW - 3R
ESI - 10	

The groundwater monitoring activities included the collection of depth-to-water measurements at each monitoring well and the collection of groundwater samples

for laboratory analysis. Pre-treatment sampling was conducted on October 21, 22 and 29, 2014 and post-treatment sampling was conducted on:

April 21 and 22, 2015	1 st Post-treatment
November 2 and 3, 2015	2 nd Post-treatment
April 25 and 26, 2016	3 rd Post-treatment
October 20 and 21, 2016	4 th Post-treatment
June 7 and 8, 2017	5 th Post-treatment
May 7 and 8, 2018	6 th Post-treatment (1 st Annual Sample Event under new OM&M)
June 25 and 25, 2019	7 th Post-treatment (2 nd Annual Sample Event under new OM&M)
July 15 and 16, 2020	8 th Post-treatment (3 rd Annual Sample Event under new OM&M)

Groundwater sampling was conducted in accordance with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Low flow sample procedure.

3 REMEDY PERFORMANCE, EFFECTIVENESS AND PROTECTIVENESS

Contaminant concentrations appeared to have deceased, although some increases were also observed. The table below presents a comparison of total VOC

concentrations from each monitoring well and the percent change from pretreatment and post-treatment groundwater monitoring.

CHANGE IN VOC CONCENTRATION 2014-2020

Monitoring Well	Total VOC Con	centration (ug/L)	Percent Change
	Pre-Treatment October 2014	Post-Treatment July 2020	
PW-1	16.9	35.29	+108.8%
PW-3R	2,609.3	2,335.6	-10.5%
ESI-1	8.9	7.73	-13.15%
ESI-2	816.08	2,638	+223.25%
ESI-3	4.8	5.47	+14%
ESI-6	575.22	29	-94.96%
ESI-7	208.39	45.44	-78.19%
ESI-10	352.11	15	-95.74%
ESI-11	157	14.41	-90.82%
ESI-12	221.48	7.86	-96.45%
ESI-13R	40	18.08	-54.8%

Out of eleven monitoring wells, six wells show significant decreases, over 40%, in TCE and other chlorinated compounds from the first initial sampling event in 2014. Only three wells showed an increase in total VOC concentrations from the previous sampling event in 2019. Wells inside the JCC building (ESI-10, ESI-11 and ESI-12) showed a continuation of non-detect for TCE. PW-3R shows a decrease in DCE and vinyl chloride from the June 2019 sample event. TCE did rise from non-detect to 75.2 ug/l in PW-3R.

ESI-2, ESI-3, and PW-1 showed rebounds of chlorinated compounds from the December 2014 treatment event. ESI-2 still contains elevated levels of TCE and daughter compounds. Elevated concentrations were observed in sampling events conducted from April 2015 through October 2016. The reason for this observation is not clear, although a possible explanation is the injections caused the migration of groundwater with higher concentrations towards certain monitoring wells, or the ISCO materials may have increased the mobilization of contaminants that may have adhered to soil particles. However, these monitoring wells have increased levels of daughter compounds of TCE, indicating that reductive de-chlorination of TCE is taking place as a result of the potassium permanganate treatment overall when compared to previous treatments, compared to the initially sampling event in 2014.

Historic concentrations of TCE and its daughter compounds from October 2005 to July 2020 are presented on **Figures 2, 3, and 4**. Laboratory analytical results and Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) are provided in **Appendix A**.

4 IC/EC PLAN COMPLIANCE REPORT

4.1 IC/EC Requirements and Compliance

As stated in the 2003 ROD, the remedial goals selected for this Site are:

- Treat the source area of groundwater contamination by oxidation dechlorination of the contaminants in place;
- Prevent exposure of human receptors to contaminated groundwater in the sand and gravel unit under Site;
- Prevent or mitigate, to the maximum extent practicable, COC migration via groundwater so that releases from the underlying sand and gravel unit to the Chadakoin River do not exceed applicable standards, criteria and guidance.

4.1.1 Institutional Controls

The institutional controls for this Site are:

- Groundwater Use Restriction
- Land Use Restriction
- Monitoring Plan
- Operation and Monitoring Plan

The Site has not changed owners and the land use of the Site has not change. A signed certification that groundwater is not utilized is provided by the property owner in **Appendix B**.

4.1.2 Engineering Controls

As specified under the Engineering Control Provision, any future development on the Site will include provisions for soil gas controls, or an assessment demonstrating that such controls are not needed.

The soil vapor intrusion (SVI) work plan, submitted on February 20, 2015, targeted areas in the main JCC building and one smaller out building to determine if TCE and other chlorinated compounds in the groundwater have impacted the soil vapor and indoor air quality.

The main JCC building is a linear building that begins at South Dow Street and extends approximately 1,060 feet to the northeast. The main building consists of multiple interconnected buildings that have been added throughout its history. The main building consists of the following portions, starting from South Dow Street:

• Four-story brick building, 55 feet long by 100 feet wide;

- Two-story brick building 300, feet long by 50 feet wide;
- One-story brick building 380, feet long by 80 feet wide; and
- One-story steel building 325, feet long by 100 feet wide.

A second, one-story concrete block building (220 feet long by 50 feet wide), referred by JCC as Building #9, is south of the main building. Building #9 is used for manufacturing.

Building #9 SSD System

Two multi-suction point SSD systems were installed by Mitigation Tech using principles and equipment typically used for soil vapor intrusion mitigation in buildings in compliance with the NYSDOH document, "Guidance for Evaluation Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006."

The building was assessed by confirmatory sub-slab air communication testing at the job start to refine data obtained from the preliminary building assessment. The system, comprised of two fans, suction cavities, and other SSD system components, was constructed on March 21 through 27, 2017. Vacuum and air flow measurements were performed continuously during construction to ensure design integrity.

A detailed description of the SSDS components are provided in **Appendix D**.

Building #5 and #6 SSD System

Mitigation Tech installed five single suction point SSD systems using principles and equipment typically used for soil vapor intrusion mitigation in buildings in compliance with the NYSDOH document, "Guidance for Evaluation Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006."

The building was assessed by extensive sub-slab air communication testing at job start to refine data obtained from the preliminary building assessment. Due to a system of sub-slab structural arches and crisscrossing grade beams, sub-slab spaces were either inaccessible or difficult to access. In the case of Building 5, extensive backfilling has occurred such that the soil is present immediately below the floor in the central and northernmost portions of the foundation. The southernmost portion is an open crawlspace with a dirt floor. Mitigation Tech determined that active ventilation of the southernmost sub-slab compartment bounded by buildings 4 and 6A would constitute a zone of defense to intercept soil vapor migrating from the south which would also create some limited depressurization north of the first grade beam. In the case of Building 6, the sub-space is in essence a crawlspace so ventilation was determined the most appropriate strategy to divert vapors from the building interior.

A detailed description of the SSDS components are provided in **Appendix D**.

4.2 IC/EC Certification

As required, the Site Management Periodic Review Report Notice – Institutional and Engineering Controls Certificate Form has been completed and a copy is provided in **Appendix C**.

5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN COMPLIANCE

An updated Operation, Maintenance and Monitoring (OM&M) Work Plan was approved by the NYSDEC in March 2018. The updated Work Plan includes monitoring the natural attenuation of the groundwater contamination and periodic inspection of two soil vapor mitigation systems over five years. The Remedial Action Monitoring Program consists of monitoring Site groundwater on an annual basis and the performance of the SSDS on a monthly and annual basis.

Appendix D provides the approved OM&M Work Plan

5.1 Groundwater Monitoring Wells

The following maintenance items were identified:

No maintenance items were identified at this time.

5.2 Soil Vapor Mitigation Systems

5.2.1 Monthly Monitoring

Monthly monitoring will be conducted as follows:

- Inspect fan vacuum indicator to verify that the value indicated by a mark on the gauge has not changed significantly from the position of the mark. The gauge is inspected by observing the level of colored fluid.
- Record the observed measurement for each fan vacuum indicator on form labeled "SSD System Vacuum Gauge Record". Store all forms in the facility maintenance office.
- Inspect visible components of SSD system for degraded condition.

5.2.2 Annual Inspection

Annual inspection will be conducted as follows:

- Conduct a visual inspection of the complete system (e.g., vent fans, piping, warning devices, labeling).
- Inspect all components for condition and proper operation.

- Identify and repair any leaks in accordance with Sections 4.3.1(a) and 4.3.4(a) of the NYS DOH VI Guidance (i.e., with the systems running, use smoke sticks to check for leaks through concrete cracks, floor joints and at the suction points; any leaks will be resealed until smoke is no longer observed flowing through the opening).
- Inspect the exhaust or discharge point of each exhaust fan to verify that no air intakes have been located within 10 feet.
- Conduct pressure field extension testing to ensure that the system is maintaining a vacuum beneath the entire slab. Perform a differential pressure reading at least one vacuum test point.
- Interview appropriate building occupants seeking comments and observations regarding the operation of the system.
- Confirm that the circuit breakers controlling the circuits on which the soil vapor vent fans operate are labeled "Soil Vapor System."

5.2.2.1 SSDS Inspection

On October 30, 2020, Mitigation Tech performed a complete inspection of all system components. Mitigation Tech certifies both systems are effectively maintaining subslab depressurization.

After Mitigation Tech's inspection a five gaps and openings on the northern façade of Building #5 and 6 were identified. These gaps and openings reduced the effectiveness of the SSDS in these buildings; however, the gauges still recorded negative pressure. In order to improve the SSDS effectiveness JCC blocked up all five gaps and openings on November 18, 2020.

Mitigation Tech's inspection reports are provided in Appendix E.

6 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the remedial activates performed, the following conclusions have been formulated:

- All of the required work was completed and is reported herein.
- The remedial activities performed at the Site have prevented any adverse risk to human health and the environment.
- The groundwater flow configuration beneath the Site is stable and remains consistent with the historically identified trends. The groundwater flow is to the north and discharges into the Chadakoin River.

- Sampling suggests the effectiveness of potassium permanganate injections and cylinders may be waning at treating the groundwater contaminants in many well.
- The SVI systems comprised of a SSD system for Building 9 and a SSD system and CVS for Buildings 5 and 6 were properly installed and verified for effectiveness. The primary objective of implementing these systems was to mitigate potential intrusion of soil vapors.

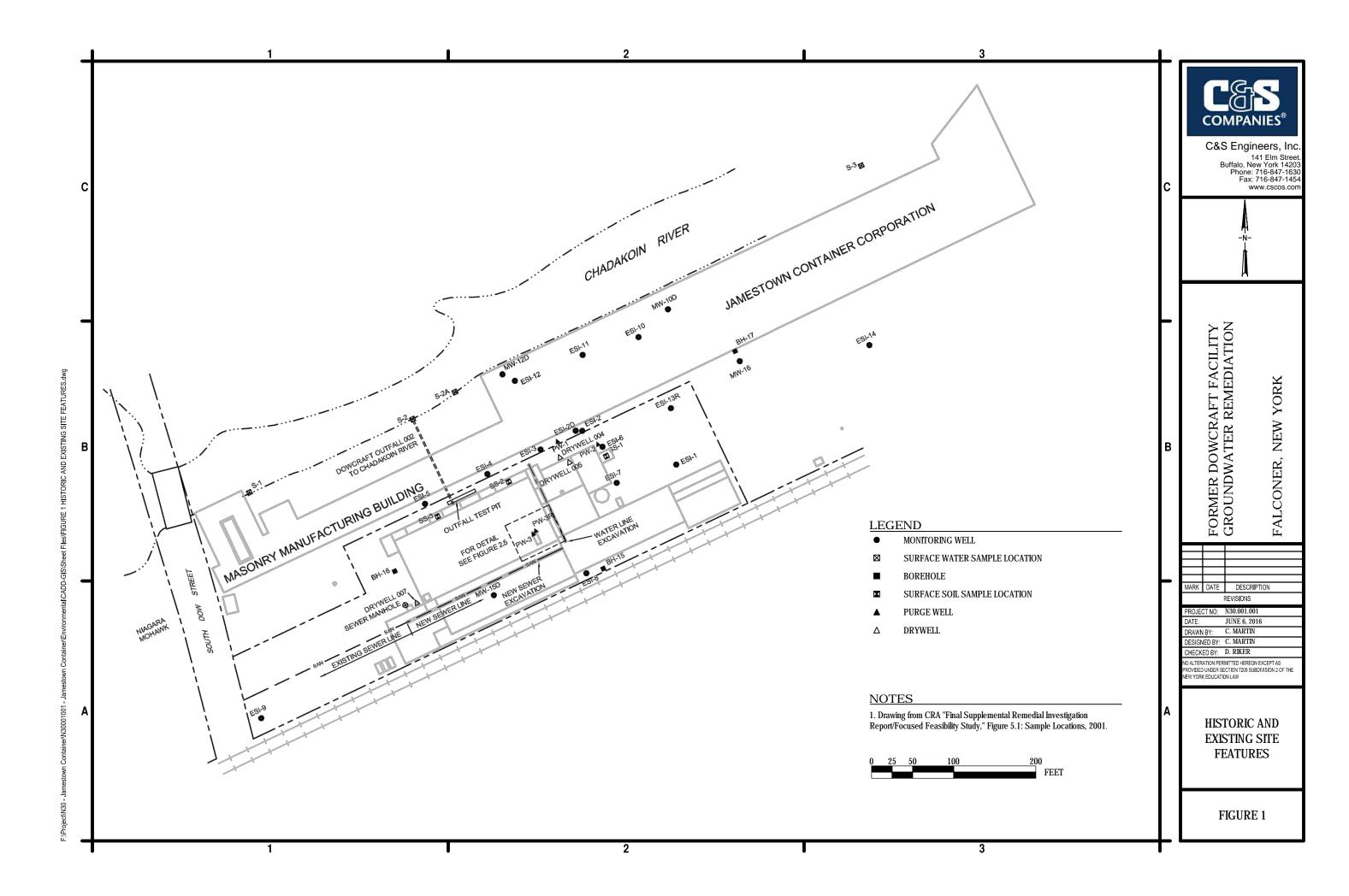
In addition to the groundwater monitoring under the OM&M Plan and PRR, C&S investigated remedial options in order to reduce CVOC concentrations around PW-3R, ESI-2 and ESI-10. Various remedial methods were evaluated based on their logistic and financial feasibility. On March 20, 2020 the NYSDEC approved C&S's Work Plan to further investigate the Site prior to the next injection event.

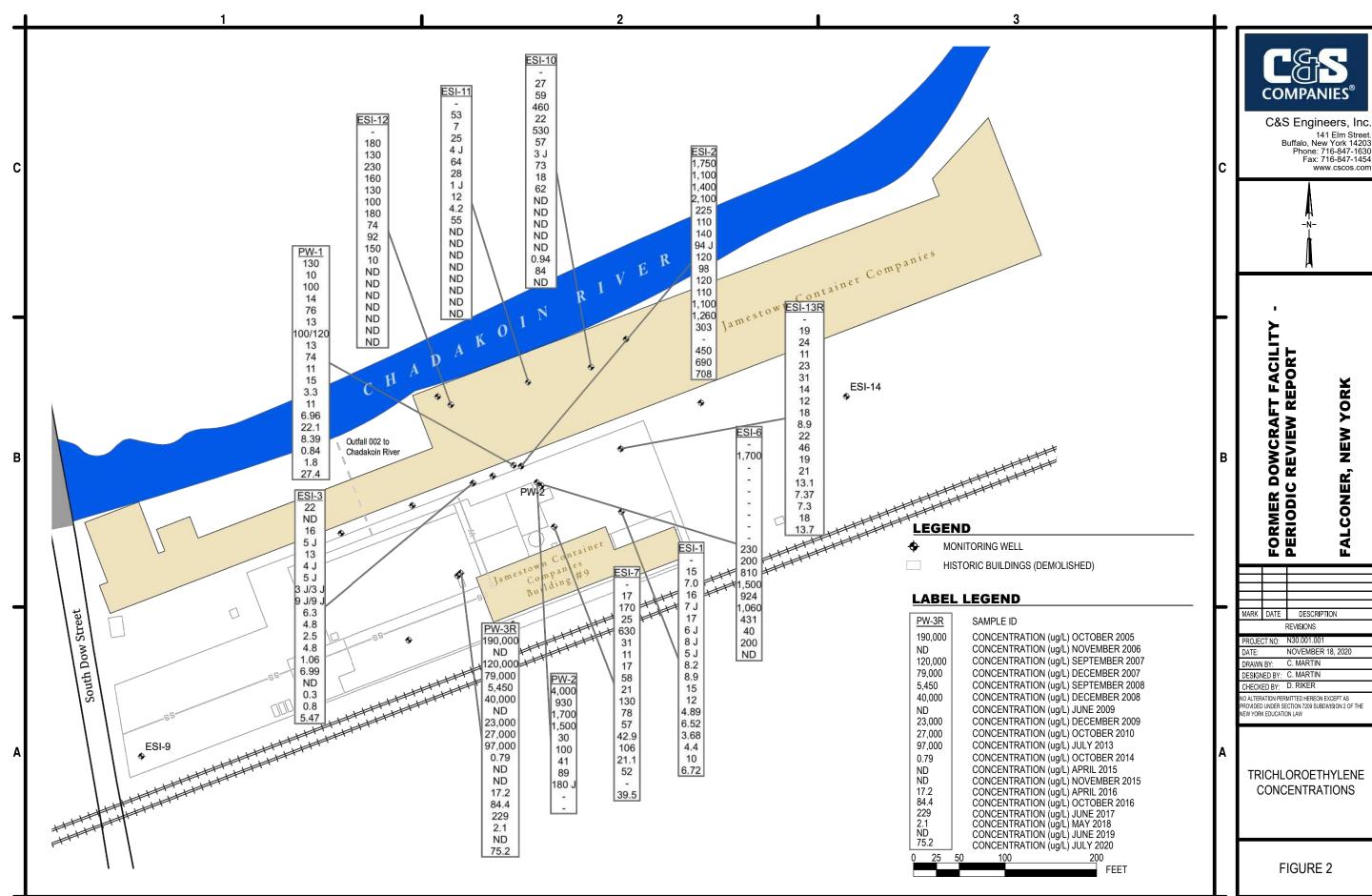
Below is an anticipated schedule of milestones for the remediation of the Site.

Anticipated Date	Milestone
Early February 2020	Remedial Action Work Plan Submission
Late March 2020	Work Plan Approved
Early January 2021	Pre-treatment Investigation
Late April 2021	ERD/ISCR Treatment
Late July 2021	Post-treatment Groundwater Monitoring
Mid August 2021	Injection/Groundwater Monitoring Report Submission
Early September 2021	Discuss Injection/Groundwater Monitoring Report with DEC
Late November 20201	Periodic Review Report Submission
Late December 2021	Periodic Review Report Acceptance by DEC

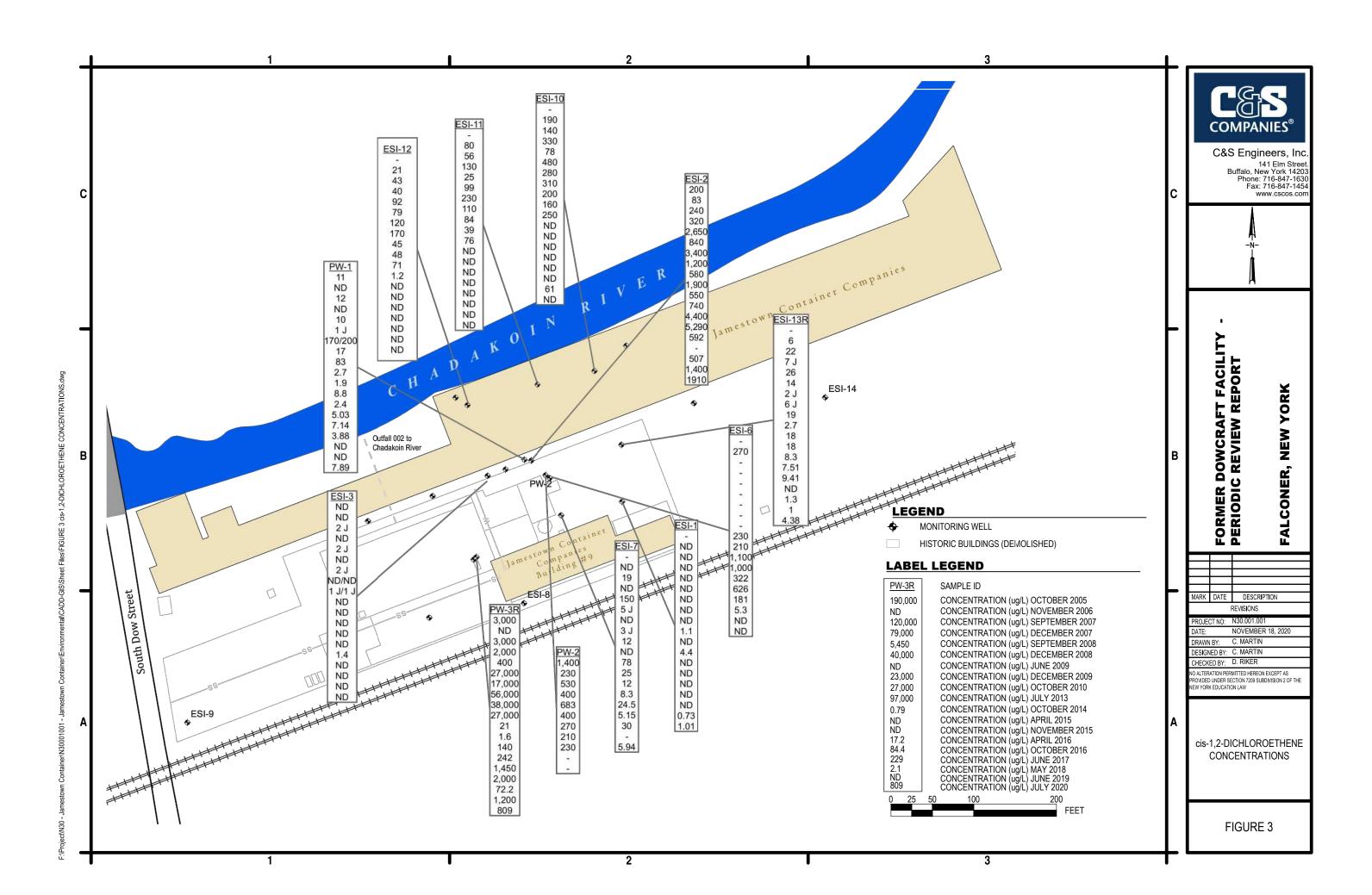
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80 - Jamestown ContamerN30001001 - Jamestown Container/Environmental/CADD-GIS/Sheet Files/FIGURE 2 I RICLOROE I HYLENE CONCEN I RA IIONS;



2

3

ojectIN30 - Jamestown ContainerIN30001001 - Jamestown ContainerlEnvironmentallCADD-GISISheet Files\FIGURE 4 VINYL CHLORIDE CONCENTRATIONS

TABLES

TABLE 1: JULY 2013 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS - VOLATILE ORGANIC CONMPOUNDS FORMER DOWCRAFT FACILITY

Sample Location	NYSDEC	ESI - 1	ESI - 2	ESI - 3	ESI - 6	ESI - 7	ESI - 10	ESI - 11	ESI - 12	ESI - 13R	PW - 1	PW - 3R
Sample Date	Standards &	2-Jul-13	2-Jul-13	2-Jul-13								
Matrix	Guidance	Water	Water	Water								
Units	Values	ug/L	ug/l	ug/l								
Contaminant												
Volatile Organic Com	pounds											
Acetone	50	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0		<10.0	<10.0	<10.0				13
Benzene	1	< 0.70	< 0.70	< 0.70		< 0.70	< 0.70	< 0.70				0.88 J
Carbon disulfide	N/S	< 2.0	1.3	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	<2.0				5.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	5	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	<2.0				5.5
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.6	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	<2.0	< 2.0				1.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	5	< 2.0	2.8	< 2.0	1.6	< 2.0	0.34 J	< 2.0				48
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5	1.1	1,900	< 2.0	230	1.9	160	39	48	2.7	2.7	27,000 DL
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5	< 2.0	13	< 2.0	1.2	< 2.0	1.6	< 2.0				500 E
1,2-Dichloropropane	1	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0				2.2
Ethylbenzene	5	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0				0.77 J
Methylene Chloride	5	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0				1.3
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	N/S	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0				2.6 J
Tetrachloroethene	5	< 2.0	0.55 J	< 2.0	0.88 J	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0				18
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0				2.8
Trichloroethene	5	8.2	98	6.3	230	21	18	4.2	92	8.9	11	97000 DL
Toluene	5	< 2.0	< 2.0	<2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0				18
Vinyl chloride	2	< 2.0	800	<2.0	73	<2.0	11	75				6300 DL
Xylene (total)	5	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0				4.8
Total VOCs		9.3	2815.65	6.3	536.68	22.9	190.94	118.2	140	11.6	13.7	130924

Notes

¹⁾ Shaded areas indicate concentration exceeds NYSDEC T.O.G.S 1.1.1 Ambient Water Quality Standards

^{2) &}lt;= not detected - below Method Detection Limit.

³⁾ J = The analyte was positively identified but, the number indicates an estimated value. Detected concentration is less than the contract required quantitation limit but is greater than zero.

⁴⁾ N/S = No Standard



Location ID	NY-TOGs	NY-TOGs	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-1	ESI-2	ESI-2	ESI-2	ESI-2	ESI-2
Date Sampled	GA-	GA-	12/2/2014	4/21/2015	11/3/2015	4/25/2016	10/20/2016	6/7/2017	5/7/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020	12/2/2014	4/22/2015	11/3/2015	4/25/2016	10/21/2016
Sample Matrix	WtrClass	WtrClass	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Units	GuidValues	StdValues	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l
VOCs			ug/1	ug/1	mg/1	ug/1	IIIg/I	ug/1	IIIg/I	ug/1	mg/1	ug/1	ug/1	mg/i	ug/1	IIIg/I
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	 	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
,,,																
1,1-Dichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.1	ND	12.0	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene		1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon tetrachloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
61		5	ND	4.4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.7 J	1.0 J	540.0 E	740.0	4400.0 E	5290.0	592.0
Ethylbenzene	-	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.9 J	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.48 J	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.5	ND	19.0	ND	ND
Trichloroethene		5	8.9	15.0	12.0	4.9	6.5	3.7	4.4	10.0	6.7	130.0 E	110.0	1100.0 E	1260.0	303.0
Vinyl chloride		2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	130.0 E	130.0	320.0	289.0	ND
Xylenes, Total			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC			8.9	19.4	12.0	4.9	6.5	3.7	4.4	12.9	7.7	806.1	987.9	5851.0	6839.0	895.0

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F2 - MS/MSD RPD exceeds control limits



Location ID	NY-TOGs N	Y-TOGs	ESI-2	ESI-2	ESI-2	ESI-2	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-3	ESI-6
Data Cannalad	GA-	GA-	6/8/2017	5/8/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020	10/21/2014	4/22/2015	11/2/2015	4/25/2016	10/20/2016	6/7/2017	5/8/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020	10/29/2014
•		VtrClass	Water	Water	0/20/2019 Water	Water	Water	4/22/2013 Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	0/20/2019 Water	Water	Water
The state of the s	uidValues St	tdValues														
VOCs			ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l
		E		MD	MD	MD	MD	MD	MD	MD	ND	MD	MD	MD	MD	NID
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		5		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane		5		ND	ND	ND	ND		ND			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene		5		ND	3.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.6
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.6		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		sted.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.4 J	ND	ND
Benzene		1	collected.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50		not cc	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon tetrachloride		5	le no	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	Sample	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	agec	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
61		5	Well cap damaged.	480.0	1400.0	1910.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	210.0 E
Ethylbenzene		5	ap c	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	ell c	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene		5	≱	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.1
Toluene		5		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5		27.0	18.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2
Trichloroethene		5		450.0	690.0	708.0	4.8	2.5	4.8	1.06 J	7.0	ND	0.3	0.8	5.5	200.0 E
Vinyl chloride		2		ND	120.0	20.3 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	160.0 E
Xylenes, Total				ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC				957.0	2231.7	2638.3	4.8	2.5	4.8	1.1	8.4	0.0	0.3	4.2	5.5	574.9

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Y 10	NY-TOGs	NY-TOGs	ESI-6	ESI-6	ESI-6	ESI-6	ESI-6	ESI-6	ESI-6	ESI-6	ESI-7	ESI-7	ESI-7	ESI-7	ESI-7	ESI-7
Location ID	GA-	GA-														
Date Sampled	WtrClass	WtrClass	4/22/2015	11/2/2015	4/25/2016	10/21/2016	6/8/2017	5/8/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020	10/21/2014	4/21/2015	11/2/2015	4/25/2016	10/20/2016	6/8/2017
Sample Matrix	GuidValues	StdValues	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Units			ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l
VOCs																
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene		5	ND	3.9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.4 J	7.7	15.8	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.89 J	10.1
Benzene		1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.2 J	13.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon tetrachloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
61		5	1100.0	1000.0	322.0	626.0	181.0	5.3	80.0	ND	78.0	25.0	12.0	8.3	25.0	5.2
Ethylbenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	10.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene		5	ND	5.8	ND	ND	ND	1.4	1.6	ND	0.39 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5	ND	4.0	ND	11.1 J	ND	ND	1.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene		5	810.0	1500.0 E	924.0	1060.0	431.0	40.0	200.0	ND	150.0 E	78.0	57.0	43.0	106.0	21.0
Vinyl chloride		2	100.0	68.0	21.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes, Total			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC			2020.0	2581.7	1267.7	1697.1	612.0	49.1	291.7	29.0	228.4	103.0	69.0	51.3	137.9	36.3

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Location ID	NY-TOGs	NY-TOGs	ESI-7	ESI-7	ESI-7	ESI-10	ESI-10	ESI-10	ESI-10	ESI-10	ESI-10	ESI-10	ESI-11	ESI-11	ESI-11	ESI-11
	GA-	GA-														
Date Sampled	WtrClass	WtrClass	5/7/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020	11/3/2015	4/26/2016	10/20/2016	6/7/2017	5/7/2018	6/25/2019	7/15/2020	10/29/2014	4/21/2015	11/3/2015	4/26/2016
Sample Matrix	GuidValues	StdValues	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Units			mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l
VOCs																
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		5	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane		5	ND	_	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ડ્રું	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	PFAS.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.6	ND	for	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	oled	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		ND	sampled	15.8	5.9 J	7.1 J	7.2 J	ND	ND	9.6	15.0	ND	3.9 J	7.0	32.4
Benzene		1	ND	aly s	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50		ND	ative	13.2	ND	ND	ND	3.01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon tetrachloride		5	ND	alternatively	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	ND	ıs al	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50		ND	4 was	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	ND	Well ESI-4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
61		5	30.0	ell H	5.9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	61.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene		5	ND	™	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	ND	over.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene		5	ND	red	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.22 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene		5	ND	was paved	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5	ND	was	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene		5	52.0	ESI-7	39.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.94	84.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl chloride		2	ND	Й	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes, Total			ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC			82.0		74.4	5.9	7.1	7.2	3.0	0.9	155.6	15.0	0.0	3.9	7.0	32.4

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Location ID	NY-TOGs	NY-TOGs	ESI-11	ESI-11	ESI-11	ESI-11	ESI-11	ESI-12	ESI-12	ESI-12	ESI-12	ESI-12	ESI-12	ESI-12	ESI-12	ESI-12
	GA-	GA-	10/20/2016	6/7/2017	5/7/2018	6/25/2019	7/15/2020	10/22/2014	4/21/2015	11/3/2015	4/26/2016	10/21/2016	6/7/2017	5/8/2018	6/25/2019	7/15/2020
Date Sampled	WtrClass	WtrClass														
Sample Matrix	GuidValues	StdValues	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Units			mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l
VOCs																
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		ND	ND	2.6 J	24.0	5.64 J	ND	ND	5.6 J	5.84 J	6.19 J	ND	3.0 J	19.0	ND
Benzene		1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.19
Bromoform	50		ND	4.78	ND	2.4	8.77	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	14.50	ND	2.8	6.67
Carbon tetrachloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
61		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	71.0	1.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.5 J	0.54 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	140.0 E	10.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl chloride		2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes, Total			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC			0.0	4.8	2.6	26.4	14.4	211.5	11.7	5.6	5.8	6.2	14.5	3.0	21.8	7.9

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Location ID	NY-TOGs	NY-TOGs	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	ESI-13R	PW-1	PW-1	PW-1	PW-1	PW-1
Date Sampled	GA-	GA-	10/21/2014	4/21/2015	11/2/2015	4/25/2016	10/20/2016	6/7/2017	5/8/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020	10/21/2014	4/21/2015	11/2/2015	4/25/2016	10/20/2016
Sample Matrix	WtrClass GuidValues	WtrClass StdValues	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Units	Guidvalues	Stu v aiues	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l
VOCs			ug/1	ug/1	mg/1	ug/1	mg/r	ug/1	IIIg/1	ug/1	IIIg/I	ug/1	ug/1	mg/1	ug/1	IIIg/I
1.1.1-Trichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.1-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
,																
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene		1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon tetrachloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
61		5	18.0	18.0	8.3	7.5	9.4	ND	1.30 J	1.90 J	4.38	1.90	8.8	2.40	5.03	7.14
Ethylbenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene		5	22.0	46.0	19.0	21.0	13.0	7.4	7.3	18.0	13.7	15.0	3.30	11.0	6.96	22.1
Vinyl chloride		2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes, Total			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC			40.0	64.0	27.3	28.5	22.4	7.4	8.6	22.3	18.1	16.9	12.1	13.4	12.0	29.2

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Location ID	NY-TOGs	NY-TOGs	PW-1	PW-1	PW-1	PW-1	PW-3R	PW-3R	PW-3R	PW-3R	PW-3R	PW-3R
Date Sampled	GA-	GA-	6/8/2017	5/8/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020	10/29/2014	4/22/2015	11/3/2015	4/26/2016	10/21/2016	6/8/2017
Sample Matrix	WtrClass GuidValues	WtrClass StdValues	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Units	Guidvalues	Stu v aiues	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l	ug/l
VOCs			ug i	g/1	ug/1	mg/1	ug/1	ug/I	mg/1	ug/I	mg/1	ugr
1.1.1-Trichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.1-Dichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.1	4.0	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.1-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.6	ND	3.9	ND	ND	ND
1.2-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.2-Dichloroethane		0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		8.09 J	ND	2.4 J	ND	12.0	16.0	ND	11.3 J	12.3 J	ND
Benzene		1	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.6 J	0.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon tetrachloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
61		5	3.88	ND	ND	7.89	21.0	1.6	140.0	242.0	1450.0	1990.0
Ethylbenzene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	8.1	6.9	8.0 J	4.9	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	39.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	10.2
Trichloroethene		5	8.39	0.84	1.8	27.4	0.79	ND	ND	17.2	84.4	229.0
Vinyl chloride		2	ND	ND	ND	ND	1800.0 E	120.0 E	790.0 F1	134.0	751.0	861.0
Xylenes, Total			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC			20.4	0.8	4.2	35.3	1888.2	149.0	941.9	409.4	2297.7	3090.2

ND indicates analyte was not detected.

Blank space indicates analyte was not analyzed for in that sample.

^ - ICV,CCV,ICB,CCB, ISA, ISB, CRI, CRA,

DLCK or MRL standard: Instrument related QC

is outside acceptance limits.

F1 - MS and/or MSD recovery exceeds control limits.

F2 - MS/MSD RPD exceeds control limits



Location ID	NY-TOGs	NY-TOGs	PW-3R	PW-3R	PW-3R
Date Sampled	GA- WtrClass	GA- WtrClass	5/8/2018	6/26/2019	7/15/2020
Sample Matrix	GuidValues	StdValues	Water	Water	Water
Units	Guid variets	Sta varues	mg/l	ug/l	mg/l
VOCs				9	8
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane		5	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.6	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	50		9.0	19.0 J	ND
Benzene		1	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50		ND	1.2 J	13.2
Carbon tetrachloride		5	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene		5	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	50		ND	ND	ND
Chloroform		7	ND	ND	ND
61		5	70.0	1200.0	809.0
Ethylbenzene		5	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride		5	ND	ND	ND
Fetrachloroethene		5	ND	ND	ND
Гoluene		5	4.6	7.3 J	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		5	2.2	20.0 J	11.4 J
Frichloroethene		5	ND	ND	75.2
Vinyl chloride		2	110.0	2200.0 E	1440.0
Xylenes, Total			ND	ND	ND
Total VOC			195.8	3447.5	2348.8

ND indicates analyte was not detected.

Blank space indicates analyte was not analyzed for in that sample.

^ - ICV,CCV,ICB,CCB, ISA, ISB, CRI, CRA,

DLCK or MRL standard: Instrument related QC

is outside acceptance limits.

F1 - MS and/or MSD recovery exceeds control limits.

F2 - MS/MSD RPD exceeds control limits



APPENDIX A Laboratory Analytical Results



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-01 ESI-3-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-01Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-01 ESI-3-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-01		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.



Alpha Analytical Client:

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

-					-	
Sample Identifier:	30254-01 ESI-3-071520)				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-01		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Trichloroethene	5.47	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
<u>Surrogate</u>	Perce	ent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		97.9	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	17:32
4-Bromofluorobenzene		63.3	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	17:32
Pentafluorobenzene		105	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	17:32
Toluene-D8		86.2	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	17:32

Method Reference(s): EPA 5030C

EPA 8260C

Data File: x72087.D

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Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-02 PW-1-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-02Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38

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Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-02 PW-1-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-02		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	7.89	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38

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Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-02 PW-1-0715	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-02		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Trichloroethene	27.4	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Trichlorofluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	
<u>Surrogate</u>	Per	cent Recovery	Limits	Outliers	Date Analy	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		127	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	21:38
4-Bromofluorobenzene		63.4	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	21:38
Pentafluorobenzene		98.8	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	21:38
Toluene-D8		79.0	82.2 - 115	*	7/28/2020	21:38

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72098.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-03 DUP-PW-1-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-03Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Anal	yzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-03 DUP-PW-1-071	520			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-03		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	8.57	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-03 DUP-PW-1	-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-03		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Trichloroethene	30.2	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
<u>Surrogate</u>	Pe	ercent Recovery	Limits	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		115	80.8 - 132		7/29/2020	14:36
4-Bromofluorobenzene		62.2	56.6 - 130		7/29/2020	14:36
Pentafluorobenzene		103	87.4 - 113		7/29/2020	14:36
Toluene-D8		82.9	82.2 - 115		7/29/2020	14:36
Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C					

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C EPA 5030C

Data File: x72116.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-04 ESI-1-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-04Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Anal	yzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-04 ESI-1-07152	0			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-04		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.01	ug/L	J	7/28/2020	17:54
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-04 ESI-1-071520					
Lab Sample ID:	203467-04		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Trichloroethene	6.72	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Surrogate	Perce	nt Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		103	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	17:54
4-Bromofluorobenzene		62.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	17:54
Pentafluorobenzene		105	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	17:54
Toluene-D8		88.6	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	17:54

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72088.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-05 ESI-13R-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-05Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 18:17



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-05 ESI-13R-071520)			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-05		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.38	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:17



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-05 ESI-13R-0	71520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-05		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Trichloroethene	13.7	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Trichlorofluoromethane	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
<u>Surrogate</u>	P	ercent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	Outliers	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		104	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	18:17
4-Bromofluorobenzene		63.1	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	18:17
Pentafluorobenzene		103	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	18:17
Toluene-D8		84.5	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	18:17

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72089.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-06 ESI-6-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-06Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
Acetone	15.8	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-06 ESI-6-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-06		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Bromoform	13.2	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-06 ESI-6-0715	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-06		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Surrogate	Per	rcent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		105	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	18:39
4-Bromofluorobenzene		60.4	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	18:39
Pentafluorobenzene		106	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	18:39
Toluene-D8		83.9	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	18:39
Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C					

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72090.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-07 ESI-7-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-07Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 19:02



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-07 ESI-7-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-07		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.94	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Dichlorodifluoromethar	ne < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-07 ESI-	7-07152	0				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-07			Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater			Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	<	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
p-Isopropyltoluene	<	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
sec-Butylbenzene	<	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Styrene	<	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
tert-Butylbenzene	<	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Tetrachloroethene	<	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Toluene	<	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	1e <	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	ene <	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Trichloroethene	3	39.5	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Trichlorofluoromethan	e <	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Vinyl chloride	<	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
<u>Surrogate</u>		Perce	ent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			113	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	19:02
4-Bromofluorobenzene			60.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	19:02
Pentafluorobenzene			102	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	19:02
Toluene-D8			82.3	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	19:02

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72091.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-08 PW-3R-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-08Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 100	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
1,4-Dioxane	< 200	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
2-Butanone	< 100	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
2-Hexanone	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
Acetone	< 100	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
Benzene	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
Bromochloromethane	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-08 PW-3R-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-08		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Bromoform	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Bromomethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Carbon disulfide	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Chlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Chloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Chloroform	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Chloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	809	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Cyclohexane	< 100	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Dibromochloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Ethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Freon 113	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Isopropylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
m,p-Xylene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Methyl acetate	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Methylcyclohexane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Methylene chloride	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
Naphthalene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
n-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24
n-Propylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:24



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

EPA 5030C

x72092.D

Sample Identifier:	30254-08 PW-3R-0715	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-08		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
sec-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Styrene	< 50.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
tert-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Tetrachloroethene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Toluene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	11.4	ug/L		J	7/28/2020	19:24
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ne < 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Trichloroethene	75.2	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 20.0	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Vinyl chloride	1440	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
<u>Surrogate</u>	Perce	ent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		110	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	19:24
4-Bromofluorobenzene		59.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	19:24
Pentafluorobenzene		103	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	19:24
Toluene-D8		79.6	82.2 - 115	*	7/28/2020	19:24
Method Reference((s): EPA 8260C					

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.

Data File:



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-09 DUP-PW-3R-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-09Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,4-Dioxane	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
2-Butanone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
2-Hexanone	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
Acetone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
Benzene	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
Bromochloromethane	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-09 DUP-PW-3R	-071520			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-09		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Bromoform	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Bromomethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Carbon disulfide	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chloroform	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1000	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Cyclohexane	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Dibromochloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Ethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Freon 113	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Isopropylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
m,p-Xylene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Methyl acetate	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Methylcyclohexane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Methylene chloride	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
Naphthalene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
n-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1
n-Propylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:1



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-09 DUP-PW-3	R-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-09		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
sec-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Styrene	< 50.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
tert-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Tetrachloroethene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Toluene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e 13.8	ug/L		J	7/29/2020	14:13
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Trichloroethene	92.9	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Vinyl chloride	1720	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Surrogate	Pe	rcent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		104	80.8 - 132		7/29/2020	14:13
4-Bromofluorobenzene		61.9	56.6 - 130		7/29/2020	14:13
Pentafluorobenzene		103	87.4 - 113		7/29/2020	14:13
Toluene-D8		84.3	82.2 - 115		7/29/2020	14:13

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72115.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-10 ESI-2-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-10Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

Analyte	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,4-Dioxane	< 400	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
2-Butanone	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
2-Hexanone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
Acetone	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
Benzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
Bromochloromethane	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

	, ,				
Sample Identifier:	30254-10 ESI-2-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-10		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Bromoform	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Bromomethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Carbon disulfide	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chlorobenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chloroform	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chloromethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1910	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Cyclohexane	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Dibromochloromethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Ethylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Freon 113	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Isopropylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
m,p-Xylene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methyl acetate	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methylcyclohexane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methylene chloride	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Naphthalene	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
n-Butylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
n-Propylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-10 ESI-2	2-071520					
Lab Sample ID:	203467-10			Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater			Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	<	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
p-Isopropyltoluene	<	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
sec-Butylbenzene	<	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Styrene	<	100	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
tert-Butylbenzene	<	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Tetrachloroethene	<	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Toluene	<	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	ne <	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	ene <	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Trichloroethene	7	08	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Trichlorofluoromethan	e <	40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Vinyl chloride	2	0.3	ug/L		J	7/29/2020	13:50
Surrogate		Percen	t Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		Ġ	99.6	80.8 - 132		7/29/2020	13:50
4-Bromofluorobenzene		(65.4	56.6 - 130		7/29/2020	13:50
Pentafluorobenzene		,	107	87.4 - 113		7/29/2020	13:50
Toluene-D8		8	37.1	82.2 - 115		7/29/2020	13:50

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72114.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-11 ESI-10-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-11Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
Acetone	15.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-11 ESI-10-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-11		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:31



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-11 ESI-10-071520					
Lab Sample ID:	203467-11		Date	Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Surrogate	Percent	Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	1	.15	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	20:31
4-Bromofluorobenzene	6	2.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	20:31
Pentafluorobenzene	1	.00	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	20:31
Toluene-D8	8	2.0	82.2 - 115	*	7/28/2020	20:31

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72095.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-12 ESI-11-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-12Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
Acetone	5.64	ug/L	J	7/28/2020 20:53
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

i oject Kelel elice.	L2030234, C&3 Companies,	janicstown	Container		
Sample Identifier:	30254-12 ESI-11-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-12		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:5
Bromoform	8.77	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:5
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:5
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:5
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:5
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:5
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:5
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-12 ESI-11-07152	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-12		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
<u>Surrogate</u>	Perce	ent Recovery	Limits	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		121	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	20:53
4-Bromofluorobenzene		66.8	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	20:53
Pentafluorobenzene		104	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	20:53
Toluene-D8		82.2	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	20:53
Method Reference	s). FPA 8260C					

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72096.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-13 ESI-12-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-13Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analy	zed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Benzene	1.19	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

	22000201, des dompanies,				
Sample Identifier:	30254-13 ESI-12-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-13		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Bromoform	6.67	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

•						
Sample Identifier:	30254-13 ESI-12-07152	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-13		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
<u>Surrogate</u>	Perce	nt Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		121	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	21:15
4-Bromofluorobenzene		64.0	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	21:15
Pentafluorobenzene		104	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	21:15

79.9

82.2 - 115

7/28/2020

21:15

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

Toluene-D8

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72097.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-14 Equipment Blank

Lab Sample ID:203467-14Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 16:48



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

	, F				
Sample Identifier:	30254-14 Equipment B	lank			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-14		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

	30254-14 Equipmen	t Blank				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-14		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Surrogate	Pe	ercent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		89.3	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	16:48
4-Bromofluorobenzene		68.4	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	16:48
Pentafluorobenzene		107	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	16:48
Toluene-D8		89.7	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	16:48

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72085.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-15 Field Blank

Lab Sample ID:203467-15Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L	7/28/2020 17:10



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-15 Field Blank				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-15		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:10



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-15 Field Blan	k				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-15		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Trichlorofluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Surrogate	Pe	ercent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		92.7	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	17:10
4-Bromofluorobenzene		66.1	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	17:10
Pentafluorobenzene		110	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	17:10
Toluene-D8		89.2	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	17:10

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72086.D



Analytical Report Appendix

The reported results relate only to the samples as they have been received by the laboratory.

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All soil/sludge samples have been reported on a dry weight basis, unless qualified "reported as received". Other solids are reported as received.

Low level Volatiles blank reports for soil/solid matrix are based on a nominal 5 gram weight. Sample results and reporting limits are based on actual weight, which may be more or less than 5 grams.

The Chain of Custody provides additional information, including compliance with sample condition requirements upon receipt. Sample condition requirements are defined under the 2003 NELAC Standard, sections 5.5.8.3.1 and 5.5.8.3.2.

NYSDOH ELAP does not certify for all parameters. Paradigm Environmental Services or the indicated subcontracted laboratory does hold certification for all analytes where certification is offered by ELAP unless otherwise specified. Aliquots separated for certain tests, such as TCLP, are indicated on the Chain of Custody and final reports with an "A" suffix.

Data qualifiers are used, when necessary, to provide additional information about the data. This information may be communicated as a flag or as text at the bottom of the report. Please refer to the following list of analyte-specific, frequently used data flags and their meaning:

- "<" = Analyzed for but not detected at or above the quantitation limit.
- "E" = Result has been estimated, calibration limit exceeded.
- "Z" = See case narrative.
- "D" = Sample, Laboratory Control Sample, or Matrix Spike Duplicate results above Relative Percent Difference limit.
- "M" = Matrix spike recoveries outside QC limits. Matrix bias indicated.
- "B" = Method blank contained trace levels of analyte. Refer to included method blank report.
- "I" = Result estimated between the quantitation limit and half the quantitation limit.
- "L" = Laboratory Control Sample recovery outside accepted QC limits.
- "P" = Concentration differs by more than 40% between the primary and secondary analytical columns.
- "NC" = Not calculable. Applicable to RPD if sample or duplicate result is non-detect or estimated (see primary report for data flags). Applicable to MS if sample is greater or equal to ten times the spike added. Applicable to sample surrogates or MS if sample dilution is 10x or higher.
- "*" = Indicates any recoveries outside associated acceptance windows. Surrogate outliers in samples are presumed matrix effects. LCS demonstrates method compliance unless otherwise noted.

 "(1)" = Indicates data from primary solven used for OC calculation.
- "(1)" = Indicates data from primary column used for QC calculation.
- "A" = denotes a parameter for which ELAP does not offer approval as part of their laboratory certification program.
- "F" = denotes a parameter for which Paradigm does not carry certification, the results for which should therefore only be used where ELAP certification is not required, such as personal exposure assessment.

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS LABORATORY SERVICES

These Terms and Conditions embody the whole agreement of the parties in the absence of a signed and executed contract between the Laboratory (LAB) and Client. They shall supersede all previous communications, representations, or agreements, either verbal or written, between the parties. The LAB specifically rejects all additional, inconsistent, or conflicting terms, whether printed or otherwise set forth in any purchase order or other communication from the Client to the LAB. The invalidity or unenforceability in whole or in part of any provision, tern or condition hereof shall not affect in any way the validity or enforceability of the remainder of the Terms and Conditions. No waiver by LAB of any provision, term, or condition hereof or of any breach by or obligation of the Client hereunder shall constitute a waiver of such provision, term, or condition on any other occasion or a waiver of any other breach by or obligation of the Client. This agreement shall be administered and interpreted under the laws of the state which services are procured.

Warranty.

Recognizing that the nature of many samples is unknown and that some may contain potentially hazardous components, LAB warrants only that it will perform testing services, obtain findings, and prepare reports in accordance with generally accepted analytical laboratory principles and practices at the time of performance of services. LAB makes no other warranty, express or implied.

Scope and Compensation. LAB agrees to perform the services described in the chain of custody to which these terms and conditions are attached. Unless the parties agree in writing to the contrary, the duties of LAB shall not be construed to exceed the services specifically described. LAB wi use LAB default method for all tests unless specified otherwise on the Work Order.

Payment terms are net 30 days from the date of invoice. All overdue payments are subject to an interest charge of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) per month or a portion thereof. Client shall also be responsible for costs of collection, including payment of reasonable attorney fees if such expense is incurred. The prices, unless stated, do not include any sale, use or other taxes. Such taxes will be added to invoice prices when required.

Prices.

Compensation for services performed will be based on the current Lab Analytical Fee Schedule or on quotations agreed to in writing by the parties. Turnaround time based charges are determined from the time of resolution of all work order questions. Testimony, court appearances or data compilation for legal action will be charged separately. Evaluation and reporting of initial screening runs may incur additional fees.

Limitations of Liability.

In the event of any error, omission, or other professional negligence, the sole and exclusive responsibility of LAB shall be to reperform the deficient work at its own expense and LAB shall have no other liability whatsoever. All claims shall be deemed waived unless made in writing and received by LAB within ninety (90) days following completion of services.

LAB shall have no liability, obligation, or responsibility of any kind for losses, costs, expenses, or other damages (including but not limited to any special, direct, incidental or consequential damages) with respect to LAB's services or results.

All results provided by LAB are strictly for the use of its clients and LAB is in no way responsible for the use of such results by clients or third parties. All reports should be considered in their entirety, and LAB is not responsible for the separation, detachment, or other use of any portion of these reports. Client may not assign the lab report without the written consent of the LAB.

Client covenants and agrees, at its/his/her sole expense, to indemnify, protect, defend, and save harmless the LAB from and against any and all damages, losses, liabilities, obligations, penalties, claims, litigation, demands, defenses, judgments, suits, actions, proceedings, costs, disbursements and/or expenses (including, without limitation attorneys' and experts' fees and disbursements) of any kind whatsoever which may at any time be imposed upon, incurred by or asserted or awarded against client relating to, resulting from or arising out of (a) the breach of this agreement by this client, (b) the negligence of the client in handling, delivering or disclosing any hazardous substance, (c) the violation of the Client of any applicable law, (d) non-compliance by the Client with any

environmental permit or (e) a material misrepresentation in disclosing the materials to be tested.

Hazard Disclosure.

Client represents and warrants that any sample delivered to LAB will be preceded or accompanied by complete written disclosure of the presence of any hazardous substances known or suspected by Client. Client further warrants that any sample containing any hazardous substance that is to be delivered to LAB will be packaged, labeled, transported, and delivered properly and in accordance with applicable laws.

Sample Handling.

Prior to LAB's acceptance of any sample (or after any revocation of acceptance), the entire risk of loss or of damage to such sample remains with Client. Samples are accepted when receipt is acknowledged on chain of custody documentation. In no event will LAB have any responsibility for the action or inaction of any carrier shipping or delivering any sample to or from LAB premises. Client authorizes LAB to proceed with the analysis of samples as received by the laboratory, recognizing that any samples not in compliance with all current DOH-ELAP-NELAP requirements for containers, preservation or holding time will be noted as such on the final report.

Disposal of hazardous waste samples is the responsibility of the Client. If the Client does not wish such samples returned, LAB may add storage and disposal fees to the final invoice. Maximum storage time for samples is 30 days after completion of analysis unless modified by applicable state or federal laws. Client will be required to give the LAB written instructions concerning disposal of these samples.

LAB reserves the absolute right, exercisable at any time, to refuse to receive delivery of, refuse to accept, or revoke acceptance of any sample, which, in the sole judgment of LAB (a) is of unsuitable volume, (b) may be or become unsuitable for or may pose a risk in handling, transport, or processing for any health, safety, environmental or other reason whether or not due to the presence in the sample of any hazardous substance, and whether or not such presence has been disclosed to LAB by Client or (c) if the condition or sample date make the sample unsuitable for analysis.

Legal Responsibility. LAB is solely responsible for performance of this contract, and no affiliated company, director, officer, employee, or agent shall have any legal responsibility hereunder, whether in contract or tort including negligence.

Assignment.

LAB may assign its performance obligations under this contract to other parties, as it deems necessary. LAB shall disclose to Client any assignee (subcontractor) by ELAP ID # on the submitted final report.

Force Majeure.

LAB shall have no responsibility or liability to the Client for any failure or delay in performance by LAB, which results in whole or in part from any cause or circumstance beyond the reasonable control of LAB. Such causes and circumstances shall include, but not limited to, acts of God, acts or orders of any government authority, strikes or other labor disputes, natural disasters, accidents, wars, civil disturbances, difficulties or delays in transportation, mail or delivery services, inability to obtain sufficient services or supplies from LAB's usual suppliers, or any other cause beyond LAB's reasonable control.

Law.

This contract shall be continued under the laws of the State of New York without regard to its conflicts of laws provision.



Westborough, MA 01581 8 Walkup Dr.

Mansfield, MA 02048

320 Forbes Blvd

TEL: 508-822-9300 FAX: 508-822-3288

Project Name:

JAMESTOWN

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N Park CONTRINC Project Information

Project Location:

FAX: 508-898-9193 TEL: 508-898-9220

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NEW YORK CUSTODY

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Tonawanda, NY 14150: 275 Cooper Ave, Suite 105

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NEW YORK Service Centers

Deliverables	2 of 2 in 2	te 5 Page
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Chain of Custody Supplement

Client:	Alpha Analytical	Completed by:	Glenn Pezzulo
Lab Project ID:	203467	Date:	7/28/2020
	Sample Conditi Per NELAC/ELAP 23	on Requirements 10/241/242/243/244	
Condition	NELAC compliance with the sample Yes	condition requirements i No	upon receipt N/A
Container Type Comments			
Transferred to method- compliant container			
Headspace (<1 mL) Comments			
Preservation Comments			
Chlorine Absent (<0.10 ppm per test strip) Comments			
Holding Time Comments			
Temperature Comments	3°Ciced		
Compliant Sample Quantity/T	уре		

DATA USABILITY SUMMARY REPORT (DUSR)

Jamestown Container Jamestown, NY, 14701 NYS DEC #: 907020

SDG: 203467

15 water samples

Prepared for:

C&S Companies 141 Elm Street, Suite 100 Buffalo, NY 14203 **Attention: Cody Martin**

November 2020

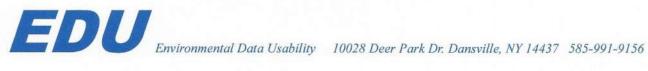


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Summaries of Validated Results

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REVIEWER'S NARRATIVE C & S Companies – SDG 203467 Jamestown Container

The data associated with this Sample Delivery Group (SDGs), analyzed by Paradigm Environmental Rochester, NY have been reviewed in accordance with assessment criteria provided by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation following the review procedures provided in the USEPA Functional Guidelines for evaluating organic and inorganic data.

All analytical results reported by the laboratory are considered valid and acceptable except results that have been qualified as rejected, "R". Results qualified as estimated "J", or as non-detects, "U", are considered usable for the purpose of evaluating water and/or soil quality. However, these qualifiers indicate that the accuracy and/or precision of the analytical result is questionable. A summary of all data that have been qualified and the reasons for qualification are provided in the following data usability summary report (DUSR).

Two facts should be noted by all data users. First, the "R" qualifier means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, due to significant quality control (QC) problems, the analysis is invalid and provides no information as to whether the analyte is present or not. Values qualified with an "R" should not appear on the final data tables because they cannot be relied upon, even as the last resort. Second, no analyte concentration, even if it has passed all QC tests, is guaranteed to be accurate. Strict QC serves to increase confidence in data, but any value potentially contains error.

Date:

Reviewer's Signature:

Michael K. Perry

Chemist

1.0 **SUMMARY**

Jamestown Container SITE:

> 14 Deming Drive Jamestown, NY 14701

SAMPLING DATE: July 15, 2020

SAMPLE TYPE: 15 water samples

LABORATORY: Paradigm Environmental

Rochester, NY

SDG No.: 203467

2.0 INTRODUCTION

This data usability summary report (DUSR) was prepared in accordance with guidance provided by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). The DUSR is based on a review and evaluation of the laboratory analytical data package. Specifically, the NYSDEC guidance recommends review and evaluation of the following elements of the data package:

- Completeness of the data package as defined under the requirements of the NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocols (ASP) Category B or the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) deliverables,
- Compliance with established analyte holding times,
- Adherence to quality control (QC) limits and specifications for blanks, instrument tuning and calibration, surrogate recoveries, spike recoveries, laboratory duplicate analyses, and other QC criteria,
- Adherence to established analytical protocols,
- Conformance of data summary sheets with raw analytical data, and
- Use of correct data qualifiers.

Data deficiencies, analytical protocol deviations, and quality control problems identified using the review criteria above and their effect on the analytical results are discussed in this report.

3.0 SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS SUMMARY

The data package consists of analytical results for fifteen water samples collected on July 15, 2020. These samples were analyzed for Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs).

All laboratory analyses were performed by Paradigm Environmental, Rochester, NY and analyzed as SDG 203467. The analytical results were provided in NYSDEC ASP Category B format, which includes all raw analytical data and laboratory QC data.

4.0 GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS AND DATA REVIEW CRITERIA

The guidance documents used for reviewing laboratory quality control (QC) data and assigning data qualifiers (flags) to analytical results are listed in Table 4-1. The QC limits established in the documents applicable to this data review were used to assess the quality of the analytical results. In some cases, however, QC limits established internally by the laboratory were taken into account to determine data quality.

The QC criteria considered for assessing the usability of the reported analytical results provided for each analyte type (i.e. VOCs, SVOCs, metals, etc.) are listed in Table 4-2. These criteria may vary with the analytical method utilized by the laboratory. These criteria comply with the guidance recommended in Section 2.0 above.

5.0 DATA VALIDATION QUALIFIERS

The letter qualifiers (flags) used to define data usability are described briefly below. These letters are assigned by the data validator to analytical results having questionable accuracy and/or precision as determined by reviewing the laboratory QC data associated with the analytical results.

TABLE 4-1

DATA VALIDATION GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS

Analyte Type	Validation Guidance
	USEPA, 2008, Validating Volatile Organic Compounds By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry; SW-846 Method 8260B;
VOCs	SOP # HW-24, Rev. 2.
	USEPA, 2008, Statement of Work for Organic Analysis of
	Low/Medium Concentration of Volatile Organic
	Compounds SQM01.2; SOP HW-33, Rev. 2.
	USEPA, 2007, Statement of Work for Organic Analysis of
SVOCs	Low/Medium Concentration of Semivolatile Organic
	Compounds SQM01.2; SOP HW-35, Rev. 1.
	USEPA, 2006, CLP Organics Data Review and Preliminary
Pesticides/PCBs	Review (CLP/SOW OLMO 4.3); SOP # HW-6, Rev. 14,
	Part C.
	USEPA, 2006, Validation of Metals for the Contract Laboratory
Metals	Program (CLP) based on SOW ILMO 5.3 (SOP Revision 13), SOP # HW-2, Rev. 13.
Gen Chemistry	NYSDEC, 2005, Analytical Services Protocols (ASP)
VOCs	USEPA, 2006, Validating Air Samples, Volatile Organic Analysis
(Ambient air)	of Ambient Air in Canister by Method TO-15; SOP # HW-31,
(7 Hillorent all)	Rev. 4.
Perfluoroalkyl	USEPA, 2018, Data Review and Validation Guidelines for
Substances	Perfluoroalkyl Substances (PFASs) Analyzed Using EPA Method
(PFASs)	537

TABLE 4-2

QUALITY CONTROL CRITERIA USED FOR VALIDATING LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA

VOCs	SVOCs	Pesticides/PCBs	Metals	Gen Chemistry	Method TO-15
Completeness of Pkg	Completeness of Pkg	Completeness of Pkg	Completeness of Pkg	Completeness of Pkg	Completeness of Pkg
Sample Preservation	Sample Preservation	Sample Preservation	Sample Preservation	Sample Preservation	Sample Preservation
Holding Time	Holding Time	Holding Time	Holding Time	Holding Times	Holding Time
System Monitoring	Surrogate Recoveries	Surrogate Recoveries	Initial/Continuing	Calibration	Canister Certification
Compounds	Lab Control Sample	Matrix Spikes	Calibration	Lab Control Samples	Lab Control Sample
Lab Control Sample	Matrix Spikes	Blanks	CRDL Standards	Blanks	Instrument Tuning
Matrix Spikes	Blanks	Instrument Calibration	Blanks	Spike Recoveries	Blanks
Blanks	Instrument Tuning	& Verification	Interference Check	Lab Duplicates	Initial Calibration &
Instrument Tuning	Internal Standards	Analyte ID	Sample		System Performance
Internal Standards	Initial Calibration	Lab Qualifiers	Spike Recoveries		Daily Calibration
Initial Calibration	Continuing Calibration	Field Duplicate	Lab Duplicate		Field Duplicate
Continuing Calibration	Lab Qualifiers		Lab Control Sample		
Lab Qualifiers	Field Duplicate		ICP Serial Dilutions		
Field Duplicate			Lab Qualifiers		
			Field Duplicate		

PFASs
Completeness of Pkg
Sample Preservation
Holding Time
Instr Performance Check **Initial Calibration Continuing Calibration** Blanks Surrogates Lab Fortified Blank Matrix Spikes Internal Standards

The laboratory may also use various letters and symbols to flag analytical results generated when QC limits were exceeded. The meanings of these flags may differ from those used by the independent data validator. Those used by the laboratory are provided with the analytical results.

NOTE: The assignment of data qualifiers by the data reviewer (validator) to laboratory analytical results should not necessarily be interpreted by the data user as a measure of laboratory ability or proficiency. Rather, the qualifiers are intended to provide a measure of data accuracy and precision to the data user, which, for example, may provide a level of confidence in determining whether or not standards or cleanup objectives have been met.

- U The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected at or above the sample quantitation limit.
- J The analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the *approximate* concentration of the analyte in the sample. (The magnitude of any ± value associated with the result is not determined by data validation).
- UJ The analyte was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit. However, the reported quantitation limit is approximate and may or may not represent the actual limit of quantitation necessary to accurately and precisely measure the analyte in the sample.
- R The sample result is rejected (i.e., is unusable) due to serious deficiencies in the ability to analyze the sample and meet quality control criteria. The presence or absence of the analyte cannot be verified.
- N The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte for which there is presumptive evidence to make a "tentative identification".
- **JN** The analyte is considered to be "presumptively present." The associated numerical value represents its *approximate* concentration.

The validated analytical results are attached to this report. Validation qualifiers (flags) are indicated using red ink. Data sheets having qualified data are signed and dated by the data reviewer.

6.0 RESULTS OF THE DATA REVIEW

The results of the data review are summarized in Table 6-1. The tables list the samples where QC criteria were found to exceed acceptable limits and the actions taken to qualify the associated analytical results.

7.0 TOTAL USABLE DATA

For SDG 203467, fifteen samples were analyzed and results were reported for 915 analytes. Fifteen results were rejected, even though some results were flagged with a "J" as estimated, all other results (98 %) are considered usable. See the summary table for the analyses that have been qualified and the associated QC reasons.

Table 6-1 VOCs

SAMPLES AFFECTED	ANALYTES	ACTION	QC VIOLATION	COMMENTS
All samples	1,4-Dioxane	R	Initial calibration RRF < 0.005	Based on the new low responders rule from SOM2.1, the RRF <0.005 is used
PW-1 PW-3R ESI-10 ESI-12	All analytes	UJ non-detects J detects	Surr rec for TD8 > QC limit	Results are estimated
All samples	1,2-DCB 1,3-DCB 1,4-DCB n-Butlybenzene DBCP	UJ non-detects J detects	CCV % D > 20 %	Results are estimated
All samples except: DUP-PW-1 DUP-PW-3R ESI-2	1,2,4-TCB 1,2,3-TCB	UJ non-detects J detects	CCV % D > 20 %	Results are estimated

ACRONYMS

BSP

Blank Spike

CCAL

Continuing Calibration

CCB

Continuing Calibration Blank

CCV

Continuing Calibration Verification

CRDL

Contract Required Detection Limit

CRQL

Contract Required Quantitation Limit

%D

Percent Difference

ICAL

Initial Calibration

ICB

Initial Calibration Blank

IS

Internal Standard

LCS

Laboratory Control Sample

MS/MSD

Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate

QA

Quality Assurance

QC

Quality Control

%R

Percent recovery

RPD

Relative Percent Difference

RRF

Relative Response Factor

%RSD

Percent Relative Standard Deviation

TAL

Target Analyte List (metals)

TCL

Target Compound List (organics)

Appendix A

Validated Analytical Results



Analytical Report Cover Page

<u>Alpha Analytical</u>

For Lab Project # 203467 Issued Date: September 01, 2020 This report contains a total of 250 pages.

The reported results relate only to the samples as they have been received by the laboratory.

Each page of this document is part of a multipage report. This document may not be reproduced except in its entirety, without the prior consent of Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc.

All soil/sludge samples have been reported on a dry weight basis, unless qualified "reported as received". Other solids are reported as received.

Low level Volatiles blank reports for soil/solid matrix are based on a nominal 5 gram weight. Sample results and reporting limits are based on actual weight, which may be more or less than 5 grams.

The Chain of Custody provides additional information, including compliance with sample condition requirements upon receipt. Sample condition requirements are defined under the 2003 NELAC Standard, sections 5.5.8.3.1 and 5.5.8.3.2.

NYSDOH ELAP does not certify for all parameters. Paradigm Environmental Services or the indicated subcontracted laboratory does hold certification for all analytes where certification is offered by ELAP unless otherwise specified. Aliquots separated for certain tests, such as TCLP, are indicated on the Chain of Custody and final reports with an "A" suffix.

Data qualifiers are used, when necessary, to provide additional information about the data. This information may be communicated as a flag or as text at the bottom of the report. Please refer to the appendix for a list of frequently used data flags and their meaning.

LAB PROJECT NARRATIVE: 203454

PROJECT NAME: L20302254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

SDG: 3454-01

CLIENT: Alpha Analytical

Alpha Analytical delivered 11 groundwater samples to the Paradigm Laboratory on July 28, 2020. The samples were collected on July 15, 2020. Samples were accompanied by two field duplicates, an equipment blank, and a field blank. Samples were received under the conditions as noted on the Chain-of-Custody Supplement, at 3°C on ice. The samples were submitted with the Chains-of-Custody requesting the TCL+ list for VOCs. All analyses were performed using EPA SW-846 Methods and the associated holding times.

The items noted in this case narrative address compliance with the referenced methods, NYSDOH ELAP rules, and any project specific data quality requirements. These may be different from the usability criteria referenced in any "Functional Guidelines" or other data review standards used by data validators.

GENERAL NOTES

ALL ANALYSES

The initial and continuing calibration reports are only evaluated for compounds that are on the sample summary report.

Regarding results on QC summary forms versus included raw data, due to calculations made at the instrument where many significant figures may be used, there may be slight discrepancies between the summary report result and that recorded on the raw data. This does not affect data usability.

VOLATILES

Regarding initial calibrations, it should be noted that the Quantitation Report concentrations supplied for the initial calibration reflect the calibration prior to updating. The response factors and areas are correct.

Regarding Quantitation Reports, it should be noted that the "#" symbol that appears on some of the Quantitation Reports is a software artifact and should be disregarded.

Compounds flagged with an "*" on the summary table have been calibrated using a non-average Response Factor calibration curve. The supporting curves are located after the initial calibration table.

Holding times were met for all samples.

All surrogate recoveries for the samples and associated QC were within acceptance limits, except Toluene-d8 was out low in 30254-02 PW-1-071520, 30254-08 PW-3R-071520, 30254-11 ESI-10-071520, and 30254-13 ESI-12-071520. These outliers have been flagged with an "*" on the surrogate recovery form and the sample results page. Matrix interference is suspected.

Site specific QC requested on 30254-01 ESI-3-071520 and 30254-05 ESI-13R-071520 and all compounds recovered within acceptance limits. The Laboratory Control Samples recovered within acceptance limits.

The Method Blanks were free from contamination within reportable ranges.

The instrument tunes passed all criteria and samples were within a 12-hour window.

The internal standards areas and retention times were within acceptance ranges for the samples and associated QC.

All data for the initial calibration was within acceptance limits for the reported analytes.

All continuing calibration data was within acceptance limits for the reported analytes, with the following exceptions: 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, n-Butylbenzene, 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane, 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, and 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene were out high in the CCV analyzed on July 28, 2020. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, n-Butylbenzene, and 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane were out high in the CCV analyzed on July 28, 2020. These outliers were deemed usable since the samples were non-detect for these compounds.

(signed) Steven DeVito Steven DeVito – Technical Director

BATCH LOG

Lab Name: <u>Paradigm Environmental Services</u>

Lab Project #: 203467

Client Name: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Client Project Name: <u>L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container</u>

 Client Project #:
 N/A

 SDG No.:
 3467-01

 Protocol:
 SW846
 Report Due Date:
 8/4/2020
 Batch Due Date:
 8/27/2020

LAB	MATRIX	CLIENT	REQUESTED ANALYSIS	DATE	DATE
SAMPLE NO.		SAMPLE ID		SAMPLED	REC'D
203467-01	Groundwater	30254-01 ESI-3-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-02	Groundwater	30254-02 PW-1-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-03	Groundwater	30254-03 DUP-PW-1-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-04	Groundwater	30254-04 ESI-1-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-05	Groundwater	30254-05 ESI-13R-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-06	Groundwater	30254-06 ESI-6-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-07	Groundwater	30254-07 ESI-7-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-08	Groundwater	30254-08 PW-3R-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-09	Groundwater	30254-09 DUP-PW-3R-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-10	Groundwater	30254-10 ESI-2-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-11	Groundwater	30254-11 ESI-10-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-12	Groundwater	30254-12 ESI-11-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-13	Groundwater	30254-13 ESI-12-071520	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-14	Groundwater	30254-14 Equipment Blank	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020
203467-15	Groundwater	30254-15 Field Blank	VOAs	7/15/2020	7/28/2020

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09	Drs - 60-31	0 621520	7/5/20			PB	<u>۷</u>	-+	-				09	+
10	BSI-2-0	71520	7/45/20	3:25	67W			-	-	-				H
	ESI-10-		7/4/20	4:10		DB.	X		_				10	+
(3)	ESI-11-	~ 1570	7/15/20	4.10	Gw	VEB VEB	×		+	-			11	
13	FSI · 12 ·	071600			Gw		V		-					+
id	Equipment		7/15/20	5:00	Bru	107	8	_	-	-			13	2
		iam		5:00	60	RB	y			-			14	-
12	1		7/81/20		cm	RO		_	_	\perp		-1-	15	121
Preservative Code:	Container Code		7/19/20	2:00	Gus	RA	8		_			=	per v.	
A = None B = HCl C = HNO ₃	P = Plastic A = Amber Glass V = Vial	Westboro: Certification N Mansfield: Certification N		DC.	Con	ntainer Type	V						and completely. Samples	
D = H ₂ SO ₄ E = NaOH	G = Glass B = Bacteria Cup				F	Preservative	2						not be logged in and turnaround time clock will start until any ambiguities	
F = MeOH B = NaHSO₄	C = Cube O = Other	Refinquished	Ву:	Dajte/1	Time	0	Receiv	ed By:	•		Date/Ti	me	resolved. BY EXECUTING	
$H = Na_2S_2O_3$	E = Encore	hallen		7/14/20	3 16:CO	YZ DIL	al			17/	16/20		THIS COC, THE CLIENT	
VE = Zn Ac/NaOH	D = BOD Bottle	Skow Offin	/	7/16/20	+1	line		nen	4/	11/	D		HAS READ AND AGREES TO BE BOUND BY ALPH.	
0 = Other		Merinan	mp	11.51	13:55	P. T.	12	. ^	\times	14/6	20/10	1 73	TERMO A ACMIDITIONIO	
									1 1	1 7.17	111 11	3 11		- 1
Form No: 01-25 HC (rev. 3	0-Sept-2013)	1602	AX	7/28/2		192 12	1.7	7	1	7/10	200	97/10	(See reverse side.) Page 6 of 250	

VOLATILE ORGANICS SAMPLE DATA



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-01 ESI-3-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-01Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 ∪J	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
1,4-Dioxane	≤20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:32



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-01 ESI-3-071520		-		
Lab Sample ID:	203467-01		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:32



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-01 ESI-3-0715	520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-01		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Trichloroethene	5.47	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:32
Surrogate	Pe	rcent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		97.9	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	17:32
4-Bromofluorobenzene		63.3	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	17:32
Pentafluorobenzene		105	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	17:32
Toluene-D8		86.2	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	17:32

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72087.D



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-02 PW-1-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-02Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
1,4-Dioxane	≤20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
2-Butanone	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00 ♥	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:38



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

		<u> </u>			
Sample Identifier:	30254-02 PW-1-0715	520			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-02		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	JJ ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	7.89 J	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00 ∪	J ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:38



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

EPA 8260C EPA 5030C

x72098.D

Sample Identifier:	30254-02 PW-	1-07152	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-02			Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater			Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	•	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
p-Isopropyltoluene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
sec-Butylbenzene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Styrene	•	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
tert-Butylbenzene	•	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Tetrachloroethene	•	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Toluene	•	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
trans-1,2-Dichloroethe	ne	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	oene -	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Trichloroethene		27.4 J	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Trichlorofluoromethan	e	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
Vinyl chloride	•	< 2.00 <mark>UJ</mark>	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:38
<u>Surrogate</u>		Pero	ent Recovery	Limits	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			127	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	21:38
4-Bromofluorobenzene	2		63.4	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	21:38
Pentafluorobenzene			98.8	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	21:38
Toluene-D8			79.0	82.2 - 115	*	7/28/2020	21:38

MKP 11/20/2020

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.

Method Reference(s):

Data File:



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-03 DUP-PW-1-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-03Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 ⋃J	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
1,4-Dioxane	< 28.0 R	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:36



Client: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-03 DUP-PW-1-071	.520			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-03		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	8.57	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Dichlorodifluoromethan	ne < 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:36



Alpha Analytical Client:

L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container **Project Reference:**

Sample Identifier:	30254-03 DUP-PW	-1-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-03		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Trichloroethene	30.2	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:36
<u>Surrogate</u>]	Percent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		115	80.8 - 132		7/29/2020	14:36
4-Bromofluorobenzene		62.2	56.6 - 130		7/29/2020	14:36
Pentafluorobenzene		103	87.4 - 113		7/29/2020	14:36
Toluene-D8		82.9	82.2 - 115		7/29/2020	14:36
Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C					

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72116.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-04 ESI-1-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-04Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 ∪J	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:54



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Sample Identifier:	30254-04 ESI-1-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-04		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.01	ug/L	J	7/28/2020	17:54
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:54



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-04 ESI-1-071520)				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-04		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Trichloroethene	6.72	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:54
<u>Surrogate</u>	Perce	ent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		103	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	17:54
4-Bromofluorobenzene		62.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	17:54
Pentafluorobenzene		105	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	17:54
Toluene-D8		88.6	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	17:54

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72088.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-05 ESI-13R-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-05Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
1,4-Dioxane	≤20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:17



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-05 ESI-13R-071520)			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-05		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.38	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:1



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-05 ESI-	13R-07	1520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-05			Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater			Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
p-Isopropyltoluene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
sec-Butylbenzene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Styrene		< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
tert-Butylbenzene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Tetrachloroethene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Toluene		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	ne	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Trichloroethene		13.7	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Trichlorofluoromethane	e	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
Vinyl chloride		< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:17
<u>Surrogate</u>		Per	rcent Recovery	Limits	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			104	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	18:17
4-Bromofluorobenzene			63.1	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	18:17
Pentafluorobenzene			103	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	18:17
Toluene-D8			84.5	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	18:17

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72089.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-06 ESI-6-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-06Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
Acetone	15.8	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 18:39



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

		<u> </u>			
Sample Identifier:	30254-06 ESI-6-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-06		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Bromoform	13.2	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	18:39



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

EPA 5030C

x72090.D

Sample Identifier:	30254-06 ESI-6-0715	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-06		Dat	te Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	te Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Trichlorofluoromethane	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	18:39
<u>Surrogate</u>	Per	rcent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		105	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	18:3
4-Bromofluorobenzene		60.4	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	18:3
Pentafluorobenzene		106	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	18:3
Toluene-D8		83.9	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	18:3

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.

Data File:



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-07 ESI-7-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-07Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 ⋃⋃	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
1,4-Dioxane	<28.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:02



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-07 ESI-7-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-07		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/13/2020	
Bromodichloromethane		ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.94	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:02



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-07 ESI-7-07152	20				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-07		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Trichloroethene	39.5	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:02
Surrogate	Per	cent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		113	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	19:02
4-Bromofluorobenzene		60.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	19:02
Pentafluorobenzene		102	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	19:02
Toluene-D8		82.3	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	19:02
Method Reference	e(s): EPA 8260C					

Data File:

EPA 5030C

x72091.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-08 PW-3R-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-08Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
< 20.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 100	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
<200 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
<100 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 100	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
< 50.0 ♥	ug/L		7/28/2020 19:24
	< 20.0 UJ < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 50.0 < 50.0 < 100 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 20.0 < 100 < 20.0 < 100 < 100 < 100 < 100 < 100 < 100	< 20.0	< 20.0



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-08 PW-3R-0715	520			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-08		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 20.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Bromoform	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Bromomethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Carbon disulfide	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Chlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Chloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Chloroform	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Chloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	809 J	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Cyclohexane	< 100	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Dibromochloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:
Dichlorodifluoromethan	ne < 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:
Ethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:
Freon 113	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Isopropylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:
m,p-Xylene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Methyl acetate	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Methylcyclohexane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Methylene chloride	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:2
Naphthalene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:
n-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:
n-Propylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	19:



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

EPA 5030C

x72092.D

Sample Identifier:	30254-08 PW-3R-0	71520					
Lab Sample ID:	203467-08			Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater			Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 20.0	UJ	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 20.0		ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
sec-Butylbenzene	< 20.0		ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Styrene	< 50.0		ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
tert-Butylbenzene	< 20.0		ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Tetrachloroethene	< 20.0		ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Toluene	< 20.0	$\mathbf{\Psi}$	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e 11.4	J	ug/L		J	7/28/2020	19:24
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 20.0	UJ	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Trichloroethene	75.2	J	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 20.0	UJ	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Vinyl chloride	1440	J	ug/L			7/28/2020	19:24
Surrogate]	Percent	Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		13	10	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	19:24
4-Bromofluorobenzene		59	9.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	19:24
Pentafluorobenzene		10	03	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	19:24
Toluene-D8		79	9.6	82.2 - 115	*	7/28/2020	19:24
Method Reference	e(s): EPA 8260C						

MKP 11/20/2020

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.

Data File:



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-09 DUP-PW-3R-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-09Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

Analyte	<u>Result</u>	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	<100 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
1,4-Dioxane	<200 R	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
2-Butanone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
2-Hexanone	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
Acetone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
Benzene	< 10.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13
Bromochloromethane	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 14:13



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-09 DUP-PW-3R-07	1520			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-09		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Bromoform	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Bromomethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Carbon disulfide	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chlorobenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chloroethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chloroform	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Chloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1000	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Cyclohexane	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Dibromochloromethane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Ethylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Freon 113	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Isopropylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
m,p-Xylene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Methyl acetate	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Methylcyclohexane	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Methylene chloride	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
Naphthalene	< 50.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
n-Butylbenzene	< 20.0 ∪ ∪	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13
n-Propylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	14:13



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-09 DUP-PW-3	R-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-09		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
sec-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Styrene	< 50.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
tert-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Tetrachloroethene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Toluene	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	13.8	ug/L		J	7/29/2020	14:13
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Trichloroethene	92.9	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 20.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Vinyl chloride	1720	ug/L			7/29/2020	14:13
Surrogate	Pe	rcent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	Outliers	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		104	80.8 - 132		7/29/2020	14:13
4-Bromofluorobenzene		61.9	56.6 - 130		7/29/2020	14:13
Pentafluorobenzene		103	87.4 - 113		7/29/2020	14:13
Toluene-D8		84.3	82.2 - 115		7/29/2020	14:13

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72115.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-10 ESI-2-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-10Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	<200 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 40.0 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 40.0 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 40.0 UJ	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
1,4-Dioxane	<480 R	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
2-Butanone	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
2-Hexanone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
Acetone	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
Benzene	< 20.0	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50
Bromochloromethane	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020 13:50



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-10 ESI-2-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-10		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Bromoform	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Bromomethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Carbon disulfide	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chlorobenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chloroethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chloroform	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Chloromethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1910	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Cyclohexane	< 200	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Dibromochloromethane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Ethylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Freon 113	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Isopropylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
m,p-Xylene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methyl acetate	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methylcyclohexane	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Methylene chloride	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
Naphthalene	< 100	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
n-Butylbenzene	< 40.0 ⋃⋃	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50
n-Propylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L		7/29/2020	13:50



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-10 ESI-2-071520	0				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-10		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
sec-Butylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Styrene	< 100	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
tert-Butylbenzene	< 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Tetrachloroethene	< 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Toluene	< 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
trans-1,2-Dichloroethen	e < 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Trichloroethene	708	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 40.0	ug/L			7/29/2020	13:50
Vinyl chloride	20.3	ug/L		J	7/29/2020	13:50
Surrogate	Perce	ent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		99.6	80.8 - 132		7/29/2020	13:50
4-Bromofluorobenzene		65.4	56.6 - 130		7/29/2020	13:50
Pentafluorobenzene		107	87.4 - 113		7/29/2020	13:50
Toluene-D8		87.1	82.2 - 115		7/29/2020	13:50

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72114.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-11 ESI-10-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-11Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00 ∪J	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
1,4-Dioxane	≤20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
2-Butanone	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00 ₩	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
Acetone	15.0 J	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
Benzene	< 1.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:31



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

			Container		
Sample Identifier:	30254-11 ESI-10-071520)			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-11		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	e < 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
cis-1,3-Dichloropropen	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Dibromochloromethane	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Dichlorodifluorometha	ne < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:3
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-11 ESI-10-071	520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-11		Date	Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	JJ ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Trichlorofluoromethane	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:31
<u>Surrogate</u>	Per	cent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		115	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	20:31
4-Bromofluorobenzene		62.6	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	20:31

100

82.0

87.4 - 113

82.2 - 115

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

Pentafluorobenzene

Toluene-D8

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72095.D

MKP 11/20/2020

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.

7/28/2020

7/28/2020

20:31

20:31



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-12 ESI-11-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-12Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 ∪J	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
1,4-Dioxane	< 20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
Acetone	5.64	ug/L	J	7/28/2020 20:53
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 20:53



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-12 ESI-11-071520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-12		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Bromoform	8.77	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	20:53



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-12 ESI-11-07152	0				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-12		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	20:53
Surrogate	Perce	nt Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		121	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	20:53
4-Bromofluorobenzene		66.8	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	20:53
Pentafluorobenzene		104	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	20:53
Toluene-D8		82.2	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	20:53

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72096.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-13 ESI-12-071520

Lab Sample ID:203467-13Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
1,4-Dioxane	< 28.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
2-Butanone	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
Benzene	1.19 J	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 21:15



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-13 ESI-12-0715	520			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-13		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00 ∪J	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Bromoform	6.67 J	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Bromomethane	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	21:15



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-13 ESI-12-071	520				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-13		Date	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00 U	J ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	V ug/L			7/28/2020	21:15
Surrogate	<u>Per</u>	cent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Outliers</u>	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		121	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	21:15
4-Bromofluorobenzene		64.0	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	21:15
Pentafluorobenzene		104	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	21:15

79.9

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

Toluene-D8

EPA 5030C **Data File:** x72097.D

MKP 11/20/2020

82.2 - 115

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.

7/28/2020

21:15



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-14 Equipment Blank

Lab Sample ID:203467-14Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

Analyte	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
1,4-Dioxane	<20.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 16:48



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-14 Equipment Blan	ık			
Lab Sample ID:	203467-14		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	16:48



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-14 Equipment	Blank				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-14		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	16:48
Surrogate	Per	cent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	Outliers	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		89.3	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	16:48
4-Bromofluorobenzene		68.4	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	16:48
Pentafluorobenzene		107	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	16:48
Toluene-D8		89.7	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	16:48

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72085.D



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier: 30254-15 Field Blank

Lab Sample ID:203467-15Date Sampled:7/15/2020Matrix:GroundwaterDate Received:7/28/2020

Volatile Organics

<u>Analyte</u>	Result	<u>Units</u>	Qualifier	Date Analyzed
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 5.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 10.0 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.00 ⋃J	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
1,4-Dioxane	<28.0 R	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
2-Butanone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
2-Hexanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
Acetone	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
Benzene	< 1.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10
Bromochloromethane	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020 17:10



Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-15 Field Blank				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-15		Date Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Date Received:	7/28/2020	
Bromodichloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Bromoform	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Bromomethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Carbon disulfide	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Chlorobenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Chloroethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Chloroform	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Chloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Cyclohexane	< 10.0	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Dichlorodifluoromethan	e < 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Ethylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Freon 113	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Isopropylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
m,p-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Methyl acetate	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Methylcyclohexane	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
Methylene chloride	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:1
Naphthalene	< 5.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
n-Butylbenzene	< 2.00 UJ	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:
n-Propylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L		7/28/2020	17:



Lab Project ID: 203467

Client: Alpha Analytical

Project Reference: L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container

Sample Identifier:	30254-15 Field Blan	k				
Lab Sample ID:	203467-15		Dat	e Sampled:	7/15/2020	
Matrix:	Groundwater		Dat	e Received:	7/28/2020	
o-Xylene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
sec-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Styrene	< 5.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
tert-Butylbenzene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Tetrachloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Toluene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
trans-1,2-Dichloroether	ne < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	ene < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Trichloroethene	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Trichlorofluoromethane	e < 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
Vinyl chloride	< 2.00	ug/L			7/28/2020	17:10
<u>Surrogate</u>	Pe	ercent Recovery	<u>Limits</u>	Outliers	Date Analy	zed
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		92.7	80.8 - 132		7/28/2020	17:10
4-Bromofluorobenzene		66.1	56.6 - 130		7/28/2020	17:10
Pentafluorobenzene		110	87.4 - 113		7/28/2020	17:10
Toluene-D8		89.2	82.2 - 115		7/28/2020	17:10

Method Reference(s): EPA 8260C

EPA 5030C

Data File: x72086.D

This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. The Chain of Custody provides additional sample information, including compliance with the sample condition requirements upon receipt.

Appendix B

Laboratory QC Documentation

2 VOLATILE SURROGATE RECOVERY

Lab Name: <u>Paradigm Environmental Services</u>

Lab Project #: <u>203467</u>

Client Name: <u>Alpha Analytical</u>

Client Project Name: <u>L2030254, C&S Companies, Jamestown Container</u>

Client Project #: <u>N/A</u>

SDG No.: <u>3467-01</u> Matrix: <u>Groundwater</u>

QC Batch: voaw200728

Instrument ID: <u>Instrument1</u>

GC Column 1: DB-624 ID (mm): 0.20 Detector: MSD

LAB SAMPLE NO.	CLIENT SAMPLE ID	PFB %REC	12DCEd4 %REC	TD8 %REC	4BFB %REC	Total Out
1 Blk 1	N/A	108	70KEC	%REC 87.3	61.3	0
2 LCS 1	N/A	108	99.2	96.6	106	0
3 203467-01	30254-01 ESI-3-071520	107	99.2	86.2	63.3	0
-						
4 203467-01MS	30254-01 ESI-3-071520	103	115	108	122	0
5 203467-01MSD	30254-01 ESI-3-071520	108	101		114	0
6 203467-02	30254-02 PW-1-071520	98.8	127	79.0 *	63.4	1
7 203467-04	30254-04 ESI-1-071520	105	103	88.6	62.6	0
8 203467-05	30254-05 ESI-13R-071520	103	104	84.5	63.1	0
9 203467-05MS	30254-05 ESI-13R-071520	108	99.7	104	112	0
10 203467-05MSD	30254-05 ESI-13R-071520	105	94.3	105	109	0
11 203467-06	30254-06 ESI-6-071520	106	105	83.9	60.4	0
12 203467-07	30254-07 ESI-7-071520	102	113	82.3	60.6	0
13 203467-08	30254-08 PW-3R-071520	103	110	79.6 *	59.6	1
14 203467-11	30254-11 ESI-10-071520	100	115	82.0 *	62.6	1
15 203467-12	30254-12 ESI-11-071520	104	121	82.2	66.8	0
16 203467-13	30254-13 ESI-12-071520	104	121	79.9 *	64.0	1
17 203467-14	30254-14 Equipment Blank	107	89.3	89.7	68.4	0
18 203467-15	30254-15 Field Blank	110	92.7	89.2	66.1	0
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						

	QC LIMITS %
PFB = Pentafluorobenzene	(87.4 - 113)
12DCEd4 = 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	(80.8 - 132)
TD8 = Toluene-d8	(82.2 - 115)
4BFB = 4-Bromofluorobenzene	(56.6 - 130)

^{*} Values outside of current required QC limits

D Surrogate diluted out

Method Path : C:\msdchem\1\METHODS\

Method File : 200720.M

Title : 8260/624 Analysis

Last Update : Mon Jul 20 13:51:34 2020

Response Via: Initial Calibration

Calibration Files

1 =x71886.D 2 =x71887.D 3 =x71888.D 4 =x71889.D 5 =x71890.D 6 =x71891.D 7 =x71892.D

		Compound		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Avg	%RSD
7.	-											
1)			1 214			_	-				10 44	
2) 3)	P P	Dichlorodifluo Chloromethane									19.44 18.90	
4)	P	Vinyl chloride									7.61	
,	P		1.036								24.39	<u>¥</u>
6)	_		0.918								20.19	
7)		Trichlorofluor									18.95	
8)	T	Ethyl ether			0.294						6.34	
9)	P	Freon 113	0.969								17.12	
,	P	1,1-Dichloroet									11.70	
11)	_	Acetone									47.21	*
12)	_	Isopropyl Alcohol		0.2.0	0.100		0.100	0.10	0	0.000	-1.00	
13)	Р	Carbon disulfide		1.746	1.700	1.849	1.732	1.581	1.532		9.10	
14)											12.96	
15)		Methyl acetate Methylene chlo	1.163	0.779	0.668	0.638	0.573	0.536	0.522	0.697	32.09	*
16)		Acrylonitrile		0.098	0.104	0.106	0.098	0.093	0.092	0.098	5.84	
17)		tert-Butyl Alc	0.017	0.013	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.013	0.013	14.92	
18)	P	Methyl tert-bu	0.742	0.659	0.692	0.751	0.724	0.731	0.738	0.719	4.56	
19)	P	trans-1,2-Dich	1.136	0.972	0.938	0.985	0.886	0.811	0.779	0.930	12.89	
20)	P	1,1-Dichloroet	1.590	1.428	1.362	1.332	1.237	1.137	1.108	1.313	12.87	
21)		Vinyl acetate			0.445						13.13	
22)		2,2-Dichloropr	0.917	0.832	0.858	0.955	0.921	0.877	0.873	0.890	4.75	
23)	P	2-Butanone	0.045	0.045	0.043	0.047	0.044	0.043	0.043	0.044#	3.19	
24)	P	cis-1,2-Dichlo	0.769	0.711	0.730	0.781	0.758	0.719	0.700	0.738	4.21	
25)		Bromochloromet									8.27	
26)			1.420								10.99	
27)	S	Pentafluoroben	0.490	0.492	0.496	0.529	0.533	0.523	0.530	0.513	3.86	
28)		Tetrahydrofuran	0.042	0.041	0.038	0.048	0.050	0.055	0.057	0.047	15.58	
29)		1,1,1-Trichlor									5.92	
30)			1.157								11.89	
31)		1,2-Dichloroet									11.42	
32)		Carbon Tetrach	0.945	0.941	0.941	1.017	0.971	0.893	0.875	0.940	5.01	
33)		Benzene 1,2-Dichloroet	2.752	2.737	2.843	2.941	2.743	2.510	2.387	2.702	7.06	
34)		1,2-Dichloroet	0.759	0.718	0.686	0.680	0.614	0.583	0.561	0.65/	11.11	
35)	Р	Trichloroethene	0.677	0.612	0.636	0.714	0.725	0.696	U.699		6.13	
36)		tert-Butyl Ace	0 7 4 5			4 050	1 060	4 000	1 001	0.000	-1.00	.*
37)	Р	Methylcyclohexane	U.740	0.726							25.07	Rf <0.005
38)		1,4-Dioxane			0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004	9.44	KI \0.003

200720.M Mon Jul 20 13:52:26 2020 73VOAV2

Page: 1

7/20/2020 BB

Evaluate Continuing Calibration Report

Data File: C:\msdchem\1\DATA\200728\x72073.D

DataAcq Meth:8260RUN.M

Acq On : 28 Jul 2020 12:20 pm Sample : 50ppb mega CC Misc : Operator: Bill Brew Inst : Instrument #1

ALS Vial : 4 Sample Multiplier: 1

Quant Time: Jul 28 16:11:59 2020

Quant Method : C:\msdchem\1\METHODS\200720.M

Quant Title : 8260/624 Analysis QLast Update : Tue Jul 28 11:26:04 2020

Response via : Initial Calibration

Integrator: RTE

Min. RRF : 0.000 Min. Rel. Area : 50% Max. R.T. Dev 0.50min Max. RRF Dev : 20% Max. Rel. Area : 200%

		Compound	Amount	Calc.	%Dev A	Area%	Dev(min)	
48		4-Methyl-2-pentanone	50.000		7.3	86	0.01	
49		Toluene-D8	30.000	31.417	-4.7	94	0.01	
50		Toluene	50.000	59.324		94	0.00	
51		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		44.777		87	0.00	
52	P	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	50.000	50.538		91	0.00	
53		1,3-Dichloropropane	50.000	52.752		89	0.00	
54		Tetrachloroethene	50.000	55.535		96	0.01	
55		2-Hexanone	50.000	45.210	9.6	88	0.00	
56		Dibromochloromethane	50.000	51.106		89	0.00	
57	P	1,2-Dibromoethane	50.000	50.533	-1.1	90	0.01	
58		Chlorobenzene-d5	50,000	50.000	0.0	95) 0.01	
59	P	Chlorobenzene	50.000	53.955		95	0.00	
60		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	50.000	52.942		93	0.00	
61		Ethylbenzene	50.000	50.336		94	0.00	
62		m,p-Xylene		103.357		96	0.00	
63		o-Xylene	50.000	48.532		92	0.01	
64	P	Styrene	50.000	49.997	0.0	94	0.00	
65		Bromoform	50.000	44.425	11.2	88	0.00	
66	P	Isopropylbenzene	50.000	48.590	2 . 8	94	0.00	
67		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	50,000	48.643	2.7	87	0.00	
68	S	4-Bromofluorobenzene	30.000	32.193		93	0.00	
69		Bromobenzene	50.000	56.726		92	0.00	
70	P	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane n-Propylbenzene	50,000	49.945		89	0.00	
71		n-Propylbenzene	50,000	50.968		94	0.00	
72		2-Chlorotoluene	50.000	58.530		95	0.00	
73		4-Chlorotoluene	50,000	59.436		97	0.00	
74		1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	50.000	50.655		95	0.00	
75		tert-Butylbenzene	50,000	49.783		95	0.00	
76		1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	50.000	50.182	-0.4	95	0.00	
77		sec-Butylbenzene	50.000	49.716	0.6	94	0.00	
78		p-Isopropyltoluene	50.000	50.331	-0.7	95	0.00	
79	I	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	50.000	50.000	0.0	64	0.00	
80		1,3-Dichlorobenzene	50.000	76.147	\hat{r} $-52.3 \pm$	95	0.00 0	KiFND
81	P			73.017	1 -46.0#		0.00	- 1
82		n-Butylbenzene	50.000	72.307	7 -44.6			/
83	P	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	50.000	79.451	$\tau = 58.9$		0.00	*
84		Tetraethyllead	-1.000	0.000	1.0	0	0.00	t kitup
85		1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane		67.839	1 -35.7		0.00 0	KITND
86		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	50.000	60.472	7 -20.9		0.00	1
87		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	50.000	61.704	7 -23.4		0.00	/
88		Hexachlorobutadiene	50.000	67.536			0.00	*
89		Naphthalene	50.000 50.000	51.002	2.0	82	0.00	,

^{(#) =} Out of Range

Data File: C:\msdchem\1\DATA\200729\x72107.D

DataAcq Meth: 8260RUN.M

Acq On : 29 Jul 2020 11:15 am
Sample : 50ppb mega CC
Misc Operator: Bill Brew Inst : Instrument #1

Misc

ALS Vial : 4 Sample Multiplier: 1

Quant Time: Jul 29 14:52:54 2020

Quant Method: C:\msdchem\1\METHODS\200720.M

Quant Title : 8260/624 Analysis QLast Update : Tue Jul 28 14:50:59 2020 Response via : Initial Calibration

Integrator: RTE

Min. RRF : 0.000 Min. Rel. Area : 50% Max. R.T. Dev 0.50min Max. RRF Dev : 20% Max. Rel. Area : 200%

	Compound	Amount	t Calc.	%Dev Area% Dev(min)
48 P	4-Methyl-2-pentanone		45.054		
49 S	Toluene-D8	30.000			
50 P 51 P	Toluene	50.000	58.332 42.505		
51 P	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 1,3-Dichloropropane	50.000	50.579		
53	1.3-Dichloropropane	50.000	52.249		
54 P	Tetrachloroethene	50.000	55.320		
55 P	2-Hexanone	50.000		10.1 85 0.00	
56 P	Dibromochloromethane	50.000		0.3 84 0.00	
57 P	1,2-Dibromoethane	50.000	49.134	1.7 85 0.00	
58 I	Chlorobenzene-d5	50.000	50.000	0.0 (90) 0.01	
59 P	Chlorobenzene	50.000	53.020	-6.0 89 0.00	
60	1,1,1,2-Tetrachioroethane	50.000	53.425	-6.8 89 0.00	
61 P	Ethylbenzene	50.000	49.840	0.3 89 0.00	
62 P	m,p-Xylene		102.055	-2.1 90 0.00	
63 P	o-Xylene	50.000 50.000	46.765		
64 P	Styrene	50.000	49.123	1.8 88 0.00	
65 P 66 P	Bromoform Isopropylbenzene	50.000 50.000	44.478 47.708	11.0 84 0.00 4.6 88 0.00	
67	1 2 3-Trichloropropage	50.000	47.708	0.3 84 0.00	
68 S	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	30.000	32.002	-6.7 88 0.00	
69	4-Bromofluorobenzene Bromobenzene	50.000			
70 P	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	50.000	49.473	1.1 84 0.00	
71	n-Propylbenzene	50.000	50.277	-0.6 89 0.00	
72	2-Chlorotoluene	50.000	57.043		
73	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane n-Propylbenzene 2-Chlorotoluene 4-Chlorotoluene	50.000	58.192	-16.4 90 0.00	
74	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	50.000	48.809		
75	tert-Butylbenzene	50.000	47.921	4.2 87 0.00	
76	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	50.000	48.511	3.0 88 0.00	
77	sec-Butylbenzene	50.000		3.2 87 0.00	
78	p-Isopropyltoluene	50.000	48.340	3.3 87 0.00	
79 I	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	50.000	50.000	0.00 (62) 0.00	-6 . 6 410
80 P	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	50.000 50.000 50.000	73.147	7 -46.3# 87 0.00	ok if ND
81 P	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	50.000	70.118	7 -40.2# 89 0.00	1
82	n-Butylbenzene	50.000	68.091	7 -36.2# 86 0.00	/
83 P	1,2-Dichlorobenzene Tetraethyllead	50.000	76.426	7 -52.9# 88 0.00	+
84 UN	Tetraethyllead	-1.000	0.000	0.0 0 0.00	ok if ND
85 P	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	50.000	62.249	7 -24.5# 79 0.00	UKITNU
86 P	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	50.000	51.561	-3.1 73 0.00 73 73 0.00	
87	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	50.000	51.775	-3.5 72 0.00 30.0# 81 0.00	
88 89	Hexachlorobutadiene Naphthalene	50.000 50.000	60.019 41.390	-20.0# 81 0.00 17.2 62 0.00	
	мариспатене	50.000	41.330	17.2 62 0,00	

^{(#) =} Out of Range

Appendix C

Validator Qualifications

KENNETH R. APPLIN Geochemist/Data Validator

Ph.D., Geochemistry and Mineralogy, The Pennsylvania State University

M.S., Geochemistry and Mineralogy, The Pennsylvania State University

B.A., Geological Sciences, SUNY at Geneseo, NY

Dr. Applin has over 35 years of experience working with the geochemistry of natural waters. His prior experience includes working as an Assistant Professor of Geology at the University of Missouri-Columbia and as Chief Hydrogeologist and Geochemist with a leading engineering firm in Rochester, NY. In 1993, he established KR Applin and Associates, a small consulting business that focuses on the geochemistry of natural waters, especially as applied to problems involving the contamination of groundwater and surface water.

Dr. Applin is also an experienced analytical data validator and has provided data validation services since 1994 to a variety of clients performing brownfield cleanup projects, hazardous waste remediation, groundwater monitoring at solid waste facilities, and other projects requiring third-party data validation. Dr. Applin has several years of hands-on experience with the laboratory analysis of natural waters and has successfully completed the USEPA Region II certification courses for performing inorganic and organic analytical data validation.

MICHAEL K. PERRY Chemist/Data Validator

B.S. Chemistry, Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA

A.A.S., Chemical Technology, Alfred State College, Alfred, NY

Mr. Perry has over 30 years of experience in the analytical laboratory business. During his early career, he spent several years as a laboratory analyst performing the analysis of soil, water, and air samples for inorganic and organic chemical parameters. During his last 20 years in the environmental laboratory business, he managed and directed two major analytical laboratories in Rochester, NY. His management responsibilities included oversight of the daily operations of the lab, staff training and supervision, the selection, purchase, and maintenance of analytical instruments, the introduction of new laboratory methods, analytical quality assurance and quality control, data acquisition and management, and other business-related activities.

Mr. Perry has an extensive working knowledge of the methods and procedures used for sampling and analyzing both inorganic and organic analytes in soil, water, and air. He is an accomplished laboratory chemist and is familiar with the analytical methods and procedures established under the USEPA Contract Laboratory Protocols (CLP), the NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocols (ASP), and the NYSDOH Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP).

APPENDIX B
GROUNDWATER USE CERTIFICATION

Jamestown Container Realty Inc. 14 Deming Drive Falconer, NY 14733

September 24, 2020

Re: Site Name:

Dowcraft, South Dow Street

Site No:

907020

Site Address:

65 South Dow Street, Falconer, NY 14733

To Whom It May Concern,

This confirms that the above referenced property is owned by Jamestown Container Realty Inc. As the property owner, Jamestown Container Realty Inc. herby certifies that it is not using any ground water drawn from the property.

If you need anything further, please advise.

Sincerely,

Joseph R. Palmeri

Vice President / COO

APPENDIX C

INSTITUTIONAL AND ENGINEERING CONTROLS CERTIFICATION FORM



Enclosure 2 NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION Site Management Periodic Review Report Notice Institutional and Engineering Controls Certification Form



Sit	Site Details te No. 907020)	Box 1	,
	te Name Dowcraft, South Dow Street			
Cit Co	te Address: 65 South Dow Street Zip Code: 14733 ty/Town: Falconer bunty: Chautauqua te Acreage: 2.200			
₹e	eporting Period: October 31, 2018 to October 31, 2019			
			YES	NO
1.	Is the information above correct?	,	X	
	If NO, include handwritten above or on a separate sheet.			
2.	Has some or all of the site property been sold, subdivided tax map amendment during this Reporting Period?	l, merged, or undergone a		X
3.	Has there been any change of use at the site during this I (see 6NYCRR 375-1.11(d))?	Reporting Period		X
4.	Have any federal, state, and/or local permits (e.g., buildin for or at the property during this Reporting Period?	g, discharge) been issued		X
	If you answered YES to questions 2 thru 4, include do that documentation has been previously submitted w			
5.	Is the site currently undergoing development?			X
			Box 2	2
			YES	NO
3,	Is the current site use consistent with the use(s) listed bel Industrial	ow?	X	
7.	Are all ICs/ECs in place and functioning as designed?		X	
	IF THE ANSWER TO EITHER QUESTION 6 OR 7 IS DO NOT COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FOR	-	nd	
Α (Corrective Measures Work Plan must be submitted along	with this form to address th	ese is	sues.
Sig	gnature of Owner, Remedial Party or Designated Representation	ve Date		

SITE NO. 907020 Box 3

Description of Institutional Controls

Parcel 104-12-2 <u>Owner</u>

Bruce Janowski, Jamestown Container Real

Institutional Control

Ground Water Use Restriction

Landuse Restriction Monitoring Plan O&M Plan

Box 4

Description of Engineering Controls

None Required

Not Applicable/No EC's

	Periodic Review Report (PRR) Certification Statements						
l ce	ertify by checking "YES" below that:						
	a) the Periodic Review report and all attachments were prepared under the direction of, and reviewed by, the party making the certification;						
0	 b) to the best of my knowledge and belief, the work and conclusions described are in accordance with the requirements of the site remedial program, and general engineering practices; and the information presented is accurate and compete. 	in this co erally acc	ertification epted				
C	significating practices, and the information prosonice to decarate and competer	YES	NO				
		X					
or I	nis site has an IC/EC Plan (or equivalent as required in the Decision Document), for Engineering control listed in Boxes 3 and/or 4, I certify by checking "YES" below the owing statements are true:	or each Ir at all of t	nstitutional he				
	(a) the Institutional Control and/or Engineering Control(s) employed at this site since the date that the Control was put in-place, or was last approved by the Do	is uncha epartmer	nged it;				
	(b) nothing has occurred that would impair the ability of such Control, to protect the environment;	t public l	nealth and				
	(c) access to the site will continue to be provided to the Department, to evaluate remedy, including access to evaluate the continued maintenance of this Control						
	(d) nothing has occurred that would constitute a violation or failure to comply w Site Management Plan for this Control; and	vith the					
	(e) if a financial assurance mechanism is required by the oversight document mechanism remains valid and sufficient for its intended purpose established in	or the sit the docu	e, the ment.				
	·	YES	NO				
		X					
	IF THE ANSWER TO QUESTION 2 IS NO, sign and date below and DO NOT COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM. Otherwise continue).					
. A Co	prrective Measures Work Plan must be submitted along with this form to address	these is	sues.				
Signa	ature of Owner, Remedial Party or Designated Representative Date						

IC CERTIFICATIONS SITE NO. 907020

Box 6

SITE OWNER OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE

I certify that all information and statements in Boxes 1,2, and 3 are true. I understand that a false statement made herein is punishable as a Class "A" misdemeanor, pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law.

1 Cody Martin at Ces	S EngineerS Inc print business addres	, 141 Elm St. Buffalo, N
am certifying as <u>testignated</u> Rep	resentative	(Owner or Remedial Party)
for the Site named in the Site Details Section of the Signature of Owner, Remedial Party, or Designate Rendering Certification		11/27/19 Date

APPENDIX D OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND MONITORING WORK PLAN

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND MONITORING WORK PLAN

For

FORMER DOWCRAFT SITE FALCONER, NEW YORK

Prepared by:



C&S ENGINEERS, INC.

141 ELM STREET, SUITE 100 BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14203

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ACRONYM LIST

OM&M Plan OPERATION, MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

JCC JAMESTOWN CONTAINER COMPANY

TCE TRICHLOROETHENE

IRM INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE

ROD RECORD OF DECISION

CRA CONESTOGA-ROVERS & ASSOCIATES

COC CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN

DNAPL DENSE NON-AQUEOUS PHASE LIQUID

BGS BELOW GROUND SURFACE

NYSDOH NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

SSDS SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM

HASP HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

MS/MSD MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE

U.S. EPA UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

1 Introduction

C&S Engineers, Inc. (C&S) has prepared this Operation, Maintenance and Monitoring (OM&M) Plan on behalf of Jamestown Container Companies (JCC) for the former Dowcraft facility (the Site).

1.1 Background and Site Description

The Dowcraft Site is located at 65 South Dow Street in Falconer, New York and occupies approximately 2.2 acres of land situated immediately east of South Dow Street and approximately 100 feet south of the Chadakoin River. The Jamestown Container manufacturing building is situated between the Site and the Chadakoin River.

The property was first developed in 1890 as a woolen mill until 1939 when it was converted into a factory which manufactured steel partitions used for offices. As part of this manufacturing process, a vapor degreaser was used which included the use of chemicals such as trichloroethene (TCE). This work continued until 1999 when the facility was closed, a portion of the Site was demolished, and the property was sold to JCC.

Figure 1 presents present and historic site features.

The Site was the subject of environmental investigations in the early 1990s, at which time contaminated groundwater was discovered on site. An interim remedial measure (IRM) was subsequently put in place in 1994 which consisted of groundwater extraction and treatment. In 2000, the use of additional groundwater remediation technologies was approved by the NYSDEC which involved in-situ chemical oxidation of TCE through the injection of potassium permanganate into the overburden groundwater. In 2003, a Record of Decision (ROD) was approved that selected the following remedy:

- In-situ groundwater treatment through chemical oxidation, by injection of potassium permanganate dissolved in water, through existing well points into the shallow overburden groundwater table;
- Overburden groundwater monitoring to verify the effectiveness of the treatment;
- Institutional controls to prevent the use of groundwater as a source of potable water; and
- Annual certification to NYSDEC to certify that institutional controls remain in place.

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) conducted nine injection treatments between May 2000 and July 2006, totaling 21,500 pounds of potassium permanganate. Previous injection treatments were successful in oxidizing some TCE; however, the concentrations of TCE in the source area remain high.

Injections were conducted on December 1 through 9, 2014. Two methods were implemented in treating the contaminated groundwater. The first method included the injection of a solution of 4,024.12 pounds of potassium permanganate in ten borings. The second method included the placement of potassium permanganate cylinders as a treatment adjacent to PW-3R and installation of cylinders in monitoring wells inside the JCC building.

The fifth round of post-treatment sampling suggests that the potassium permanganate injections and cylinders appear to be effective in treating the groundwater contaminants in many wells.

2 SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

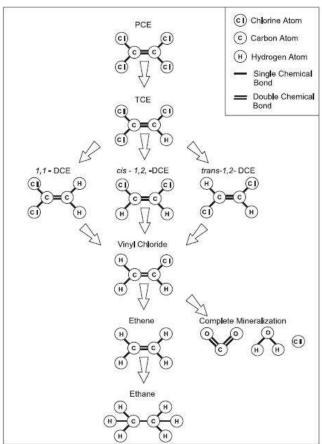
1.2 Contaminants of Concern

Chlorinated solvents, primarily, trichloroethene and its daughter compounds, were identified as the contaminants of concern (COC) for this Site. TCE is a man-made volatile organic compound used for degreasing metal and electronic parts. Remedial considerations for TCE include its low solubility value and heavy molecular weight. TCE is in a class of chemicals called dense non-aqueous phase liquids (DNAPL) that sink through the water column until they encounter an impermeable barrier.

Groundwater contaminant plumes with TCE can undergo a process of reductive dechlorination, during which chlorine atoms are stripped from TCE and daughter compounds are produced. The rate of dechlorination can vary based on:

- Amount of TCE in the subsurface;
- Amount of organic material; and
- Type and concentration of electron acceptors available in the system.

The process of TCE reductive dechlorination is shown below:



1.3 Geology and Hydrogeology

Site geology consists of fill material overlying two sand/gravel layers separated by a silt/clay lens. Fill material consists of a mixed matrix of sand, cinders, silt, gavel, brick, concrete, coal, slag and metal. The fill unit ranges in thickness from 2 to over 14 feet with an average thickness of 8 feet.

The upper sand/gravel layer ranges from 10 to 20 feet in thickness. Underlying the upper sand/gravel layer is a silt/clay lens that ranges from 4 to 8 feet in thickness. The lower sand/gravel layer is 10 to 18 feet thick. Underlying the lower sand layer is a second silt/clay layer that starts approximately 43 feet below ground surface (BGS). This unit is estimated to be 60 feet in thickness according to regional geology.

The average depth to groundwater is 10 feet BGS within the upper sand/gravel layer. Groundwater flow within the upper sand/gravel layer is to the north-northeast at approximately 2.7 feet per year. Figure 2 shows the inferred groundwater flow direction in the upper sand/gravel layer. The silt/clay layer overlying the lower sand/gravel layer is acting as an aquitard for deeper groundwater and is creating a semi-confined aquifer.

1.4 Extent of Contamination

According to previous environmental reports, the area of former degreaser pit (area of groundwater monitoring wells PW-3 and PW-3R) is a likely source area for the COC plume. The plume originates from the degreaser area and has affected groundwater in the upper and lower sand/gravel layers. The plume extends from the degreaser area to the north, under the JCC building and up to the area of the Chadakoin River. This is an area of approximately one acre. The rate of movement is approximately 2 to 3 feet per year to the north.

3 OBJECTIVES, SCOPE AND RATIONALE

The objectives of the scope of work described in this Work Plan are to monitor the natual attenuation of the groundwater contamination and periodically inspect the operation of two soil vapor mitigation systems over five years.

3.1 Groundwater Contamination

As stated in the 2003 ROD, the remedial goals selected for this Site are:

- Treat the source area of groundwater contamination by oxidative de-chlorination of the contaminants in place;
- Prevent exposure of human receptors to contaminated groundwater in the sand and gravel unit under Site;
- Prevent or mitigate, to the maximum extent practicable, COC migration via groundwater so that releases from the underlying sand and gravel unit to the Chadakoin River do not exceed applicable standards, criteria and guidance;
- Prevent or mitigate, to the maximum extent practicable, the migration of contaminated groundwater to off-site areas;
- Restore on-Site groundwater in the sand and gravel unit to the maximum extent practicable which will not result in exceedances of applicable standards, criteria and guidance; and

Monitor the groundwater in a manner to verify the effectiveness of the remedial actions.

Two IRMs have been conducted at the Site. The first IRM involved the operation of a groundwater pump & treat system between 1994 and 1999. The second IRM consisted of CRA conducting nine injection treatments between May 2000 and July 2006, totaling 21,500 pounds of potassium permanganate and one injection of soy lactate have been completed and have dramatically reduced the concentrations of COCs in groundwater in the area of the former TCE degreaser pit. C&S conducted one injection in December 2014, totaling 4,024.12 pounds of potassium permanganate, and installed a potassium permanganate treatment fence. These efforts have further reduced COC concentrations.

C&S has reviewed the criteria outlined by the EPA on evaluating the potential for natural attenuation on sites contaminated with chlorinated solvents. Based on groundwater quality results from past groundwater monitoring events, C&S believes that natural attenuation via anaerobic biodegradation could effectively degrade the remaining COCs in the on-site groundwater.

C&S proposes the next remedial action for the Site consist of monitored natural attenuation for five years in addition to existing institutional controls to prohibit the use of impacted Site groundwater. The sections below outline the sampling plan, maintenance/monitoring protocols and reporting for the natural attenuation monitoring.

3.2 Soil Vapor Contamination

On November 2, 2015, Centek Laboratories performed the SVI sampling with the assistance of JCC maintenance staff. A total of nine sub-slab samples and nine indoor air samples installed within two buildings. Sub-slab air samples indicate that TCE contaminated soil vapor has impacted the subsurface underneath both of the buildings. After review of the SVI study, the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) required the installation of a mitigation system address soil vapor concerns.

Two separate sub-slab depressurization systems (SSDS) were designed and recently installed to mitigate the migration or potential migration of subsurface vapors into the building interiors. As stated in the Sub-Slab Depressurization System Work Plan (provided in **Appendix A**) C&S proposes to monitor the SSDS for five years.

April 2017, Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South DOW St., Falconer, NY 14733 Construction Completion Report for SSD System – Building 9, prepared by Mitigation Tech Vapor Intrusion Specialists.

The building was assessed by confirmatory sub-slab air communication testing at the job start to refine data obtained from the preliminary building assessment. The system, comprised of two fans, suction cavities, and other SSD system components, was constructed on March 21 through 27, 2017. Vacuum and air flow measurements were performed continuously during construction to ensure design integrity.

As-built sketches of the system are provided in Appendix C.

October 2017, Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South DOW St., Falconer, NY 14733 Construction Completion Report for SSD System – Building 5 & 6, prepared by Mitigation Tech Vapor Intrusion Specialists.

This document presented a construction report, performance evaluation, O&M recommendations, and certification of effectiveness for the SSDS and Crawlspace Ventilation System (CVS) installed by Mitigation Tech. Following a Design/Build SSD construction plan that was modified based on continuing assessment performed during construction, five single suction point SSD systems were installed using principles and equipment typically used for soil vapor intrusion mitigation in buildings in compliance with the NYSDOH document, "Guidance for Evaluation Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006."

The building was assessed by extensive sub-slab air communication testing at job start to refine data obtained from the preliminary building assessment. Due to a system of sub-slab structural arches and crisscrossing grade beams, sub-slab spaces were either inaccessible or difficult to access. In the case of Building 5, extensive backfilling has occurred such that the soil is present immediately below the floor in the central and northernmost portions of the foundation. The southernmost portion is an open crawlspace with a dirt floor. Mitigation Tech determined that active ventilation of the southernmost sub-slab compartment bounded by buildings 4 and 6A would constitute a zone of defense to intercept soil vapor migrating from the south which would also create some limited depressurization north of the first grade beam. In the case of Building 6, the sub-space is in essence a crawlspace so ventilation was determined the most appropriate strategy to divert vapors from the building interior.

The system, comprised of five independent fan systems, suction cavities, and other SSD system components, was constructed on August 4 through 7, 2017. Vacuum and air flow measurements were performed continuously during construction to ensure design integrity.

As-built sketches of the system are provided in Appendix C.

4 REMEDIAL ACTION MONITORING AND REPORTING

The Remedial Action Monitoring Program will consist of monitoring of Site groundwater on annual basis and the performance of the SSDS on a weekly/annual. The data collected will be used to evaluate the performance of the remedial action and to meet the monitoring requirements.

The following subsections present the details of the monitoring program including specific sample collection, sample analyses, and reporting tasks.

4.1 Groundwater Monitoring Program

A groundwater monitoring program has been designed to provide the data necessary to demonstrate the effectiveness of natural attenuation

4.1.1 Monitoring Well Network

The Site contains a total of 23 monitoring wells installed in November 1990, November 1991, and April 1992. The monitoring wells below have been shown to be directly within the contaminant plume.

ESI - 1	ESI - 11
ESI - 2	ESI - 12
ESI - 3	ESI - 13R
ESI - 6	PW - 1
ESI - 7	PW - 3R

ESI - 10

It should be noted that PW-2 has been previously sampled by other consultants; however, during groundwater monitoring conducted by C&S on July 2, 2013, PW-2 could not be developed and sampled because piping was located in the well that could not be removed. Monitoring well ESI - 6 is located within six feet of PW-2 and was developed and sampled as a substitute for PW-2.

4.1.2 Groundwater Monitoring

To characterize groundwater conditions at the Site, 11 existing monitoring wells will be sampled annually. The groundwater samples will be analyzed for Target Compound List (TCL) VOCs. The locations of the monitoring wells to be sampled are shown in **Figure 2**.

Groundwater sampling will be conducted using low-flow purging and sampling techniques. Before purging the well, water levels will be measured using an electric water level sounder capable of measuring to the 0.01-foot accuracy. Peristaltic or bladder pumps using manufacturer-specified tubing will be used for purging and sampling groundwater. Calibration, purging and sampling procedures will be performed as specified by the USEPA¹ for low-flow sampling. Decontamination will be conducted after each well is sampled to reduce the likelihood of cross contamination. Calibration times, purging volumes, water levels and field measurements will be recorded in a field log.

Purge fluids will be treated with activated carbon prior to being allowed to infiltrate the ground surface of the Site.

4.1.3 Well Inspection and Maintenance

All on-site wells will be inspected annually in conjunction with a groundwater monitoring event. Wells will be inspected for structural damage to the well cap seal, protective pad, and visible portion of the well casing. The presence and condition of J-plugs and locks also will be noted. In addition, the open depth of the well will be sounded. Deficiencies in or damages to the wells will be corrected or repaired as necessary.

The well inspection and maintenance program will continue until the remedial action (including monitoring) is complete. Once the project has been completed, all wells will be decommissioned following CP-43: Groundwater Monitoring Well Decommissioning Policy.

4.2 Sub-slab Depressurization System Components

4.2.1 Building 9 System

Two sidewall mounted fans connected by manifold piping to vapor extraction points.

Suction Points: The suction points consists of a 5" core boring into the slab through which 1-2 cubic feet of sub-slab material has been removed. Mechanically suspended 3" SCH 40 PVC pipe has been inserted into the boring and sealed with urethane sealant.

¹ U.S. EPA Region 1 Low Stress (low-flow) Purging and Sampling Procedure for the Collection of Groundwater Samples from Monitoring Wells, January 19, 2010.

- Riser Piping: The riser piping consists of 3" SCH 40 PVC pipe that follows a route from the extraction point to a 4" trunk line, then to the exterior mounted vacuum fan. Weatherproof flashing or sealant has been applied to all penetrations.
- Exhaust Fans: Exhaust fans has been field selected for specific performance properties. Models: 1) Festa Radon Technologies "Force" producing 4.5 wci at 55 CFM, at 300 watts; 2) RADONAWAY RP-265, producing 2.0 wci at 50 CFM, at 120 watts. Fans have an exterior disconnect switch. Fans are mounted with rubber Fernco couplings, for simplified replacement. No air intakes are present within 10' of the exhaust points.
- Instrumentation and Control: There is no centralized instrumentation or control for the SSDS. The fans can be switched either from the adjacent positioned disconnect or at the marked breakers #36 and #42 on the panel box centrally located on the east wall. The exhaust fan systems are equipped with a vacuum indicator mounted in a visible location on a riser pipe per the attached schematic. The indicator consists of an oil filled U-tube style manometer. The indicator can be inspected by observing the level of colored fluid. The indicator is designed primarily to give a simple visual check that vacuum is present in the riser pipe, specifically by observation that the fluid levels on each side of the indicator are not even. Indicator is marked at level observed on March 27, 2017.
- Sealing measures: Polyurethane sealants have been applied to control joints, floor cracks and slab penetrations to enhance the barrier between sub-slab and ambient air and improve the efficiency of the SSD System. Smoke testing has been employed to guide sealing operations. Materials used include Sika Sikaflex 1c-SL self leveling sealant.

4.2.2 Building 5 and 6 System

- Five sidewall mounted fans connected to vapor extraction points.
- Suction Points: The suction points consists of a 10" core boring into the slab directly to crawlspace voids. Mechanically suspended 8" SCH 40 PVC pipe has been inserted into the boring and sealed with urethane sealant.
- Riser Piping: The riser piping consists of 8" SCH 40 PVC pipe that follows a route from the extraction point to the exterior mounted vacuum fan.
- Exhaust Fans: Exhaust fans were field selected for specific performance properties. Model: RADONAWAY RP-380 producing 5.0 wci at 350 CFM, at 140 watts. Fans have an exterior disconnect switch. Fans are mounted with rubber Fernco couplings, for simplified replacement.
- Instrumentation and Control: There is no centralized instrumentation or control for the SSDS. The fans can be switched either from the adjacent positioned disconnect or at the marked breakers on the panel box centrally located. The exhaust fan systems are equipped with a vacuum indicator mounted in a visible location near the riser pipe per the attached schematic. The indicator consists of a dial style manometer, Dwyer Model 5001 or oil filled U-tube. The indicator can be inspected by observing the position of the dial needle or oil level. The indicator is designed primarily to give a simple visual check that vacuum is present in the riser pipe. Indicator is marked at level observed on August 4, 2017.

Sealing measures: Polyurethane sealants have been applied to control joints, floor cracks and slab. Smoke testing has been employed to guide sealing operations. Materials used include Sika Sikaflex 1c-SL self leveling sealant.

4.3 Sub-slab Depressurization System Operation

By design, other than the fans and electrical system, the SSDS has relatively few components that could fail and affect operation. The system fans are designed by the manufacturer for a long operational lifespan. At the end of this lifespan, the fan should be replaced, as necessary, with an equivalent or better performance unit. In the event of failure of the SSDS electrical components (breakers, switches, etc.), the component should be repaired or replaced by a licensed electrical contractor. Where necessary, the subcontractor that installed the system (Mitigation Tech) could be contacted to discuss the problem. In the event the subcontractor is not able to assist in fixing the problem, a licensed subcontractor should be contacted to correct the problem and return the SSDS to normal operation. Other SSDS contacts are provided in Section 4.5. A summary of the operation requirements provided in Mitigation Tech's Construction Completion Report is provided below.

J	The fans should be kept in continuous operation.
J	Reset: Fans restart automatically in event of power loss.
J	In the event of unusual fan noise, failure to start, physical damage, or repeated circuit breaker trip, turn fan off and call for service.
J	Regularly inspect system oil filled U-tube type manometers to verify that value, indicated by a mark on the gauge, has not changed significantly from the position of the mark. Gauge is inspected by observing the level of colored fluid.
J	Normal system operation requires unchanged structural conditions. Report any changes in structure, HVAC systems, slab conditions, etc., so that the change can be evaluated for impact on the SSD System.
J	Ensure that a periodic inspection is performed

4.4 Soil Vapor Monitoring Program

4.4.1 Weekly Monitoring

Weekly monitoring will be conducted as follows:

- Inspect fan vacuum indicator to verify that value, indicated by a mark on the gauge, has not changed significantly from the position of the mark. Gauge is inspected by observing the level of colored fluid.
- Record the observed measurement for each fan vacuum indicator on form labeled "SSD System Vacuum Gauge Record". Store all forms in the facility maintenance office.
- Inspect visible components of SSD system for degraded condition.

4.4.2 Annual Inspection

Annual inspection will be conducted as follows:

- Conduct a visual inspection of the complete system (e.g., vent fans, piping, warning devices, labeling).
- Inspect all components for condition and proper operation.
- J Identify and repair any leaks in accordance with Sections 4.3.1(a) and 4.3.4(a) of the NYS DOH VI Guidance (i.e.; with the systems running, use smoke sticks to check for leaks through concrete cracks, floor joints and at the suction points; any leaks will be resealed until smoke is no longer observed flowing through the opening).
- Inspect the exhaust or discharge point of each exhaust fan to verify that no air intakes have been located within 10 feet.
- Conduct pressure field extension testing to ensure that the system is maintaining a vacuum beneath the entire slab. Perform a differential pressure reading at least one vacuum test point.
- Interview appropriate building occupants seeking comments and observations regarding the operation of the system.
- Confirm that the circuit breakers controlling the circuits on which the soil vapor vent fans operate are labeled "Soil Vapor System."

4.5 Contact Information

The following is a list of contacts for use regarding the SSDS operation, maintenance and monitoring:

Environmental Consultant

C&S Engineers, Inc. Cody Martin 141 Elm Street Buffalo NY, 14203 (716) 955-3021

SSDS Installation Contractor

Mitigation Tech Nicholas Mouganis 55 Shumway Road Brockport, NY 14420 (585) 637-7430

4.6 Sampling Methods, Analytical Procedures and Documentation

4.6.1 Sampling Methods

Sampling procedures will be conducted in accordance with the NYSDEC Sampling Guidelines and Protocols Manual. Collection of representative samples will include the following procedures:

Ensuring that the sample taken is representative of the material being sampled;
 Using proper sampling, handling and preservation techniques;
 Properly identifying the collected samples and documenting their collection in field records;
 Maintaining chain-of-custody; and
 Properly preserving samples after collection.

Water Sampling

Groundwater sampling will be conducted in accordance with USEPA guidance for low-flow purging and sampling, as described in **Section 4**.

Water samples will be collected in 40 ml vial and immediately placed on ice. The water will be analyzed for VOC on a standard turnaround time.

In addition to collecting VOC samples for laboratory analysis, groundwater chemistry will be continuously monitored during sample collection. Groundwater chemistry will be monitored for the following:

pH;
Turbidity;
Oxidation Reduction Potential;
Specific Conductance;
Dissolved Oxygen; and
Temperature

QA/QC Sampling

Table 4-1 summarizes the sampling program described in the sections above. Additionally, Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) samples will be collected, and the following describes the minimum number of groundwater QA/QC samples.

Trip blank – 1 per shipment
 Blind Duplicate – 1 per monitoring event
 Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) – 1 MS / 1 MSD per monitoring event

Table 4-1: Summary of Estimated Sampling

Sample Type	Matrix	Estimated Samples	Estimated Samples	Purpose	
		(one sample event)	(total – 5 years	r)	
Groundwater	Water	11	55	Characterization	
Duplicate Groundwater	Water	1	5	QA/QC (VOC Only)	
MS/MSD –Aq.	Water	1/1	5/5	QA/QC (VOC Only)	
·	Total	14	70		

4.6.2 Analytical Procedures

Laboratory Analysis

Laboratory analysis will be conducted by a third-party laboratory that is accredited by the NYSDOH Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP). Laboratory analytical methods will include the most current NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP).

Groundwater samples sent to a certified laboratory will be analyzed in accordance with EPA SW-846 methodology for Target Compound List for Volatile Organic Compounds (USEPA Method 8260) and Chloride (USEPA Method 9251).

4.6.3 Documentation

Custody Procedures

As outlined in NYSDEC Sampling Guidelines and Protocols, a sample is in custody under the following conditions:

It is in your actual possession;
It is in your view after being in your physical possession;
It was in your possession and then you locked or sealed it up to prevent tampering; or
It is in a secure area.

The environmental professional will maintain all chain-of-custody documents that will be completed for all samples that will leave the Site to be tested in the laboratory.

5 HEALTH AND SAFETY

A Health and Safety Plan (HASP) was prepared that details procedures for maintaining safe working conditions and minimizing the potential for exposure to hazardous material. The HASP is provided in **Appendix B**.

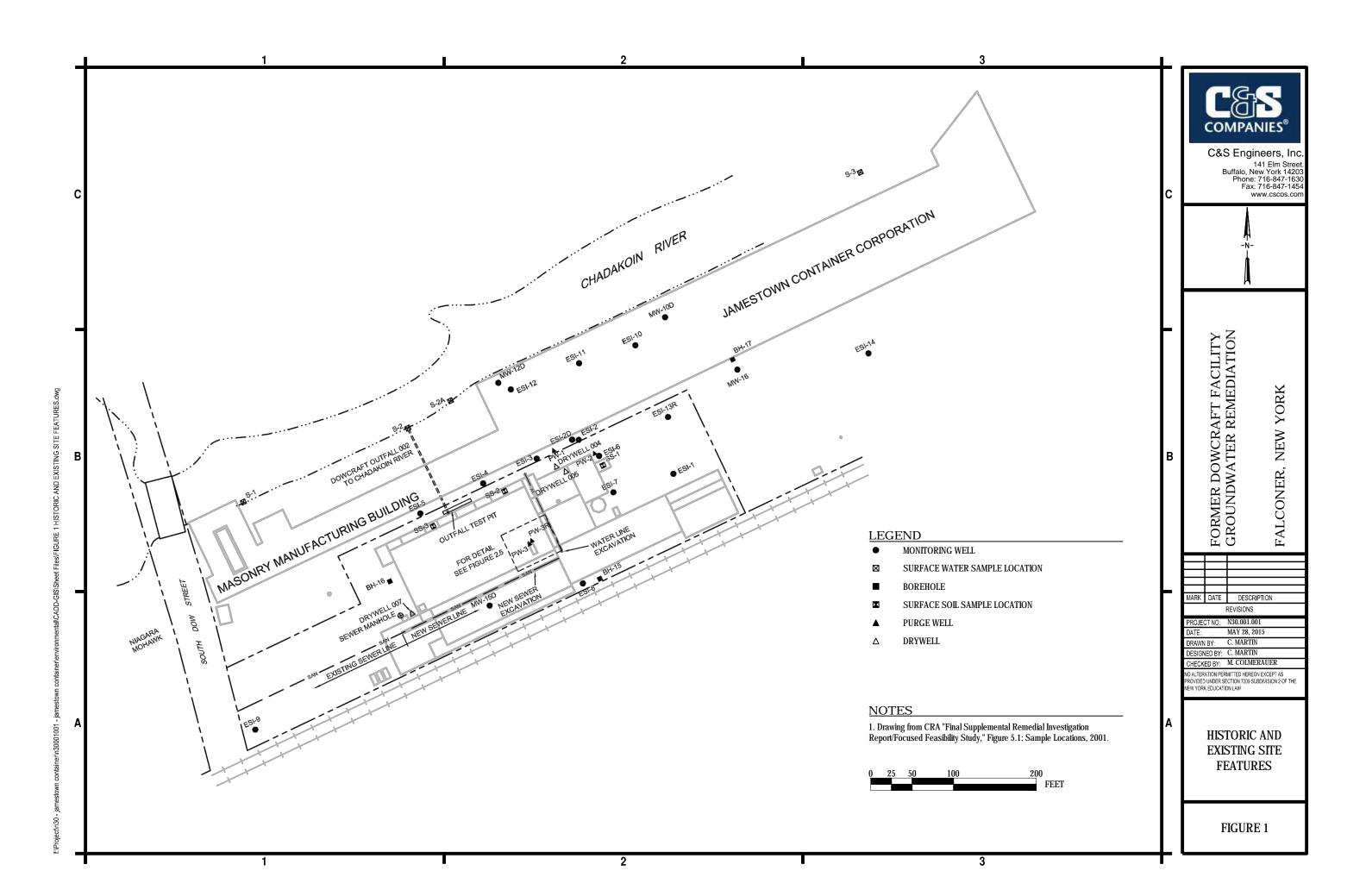
6 REPORTING

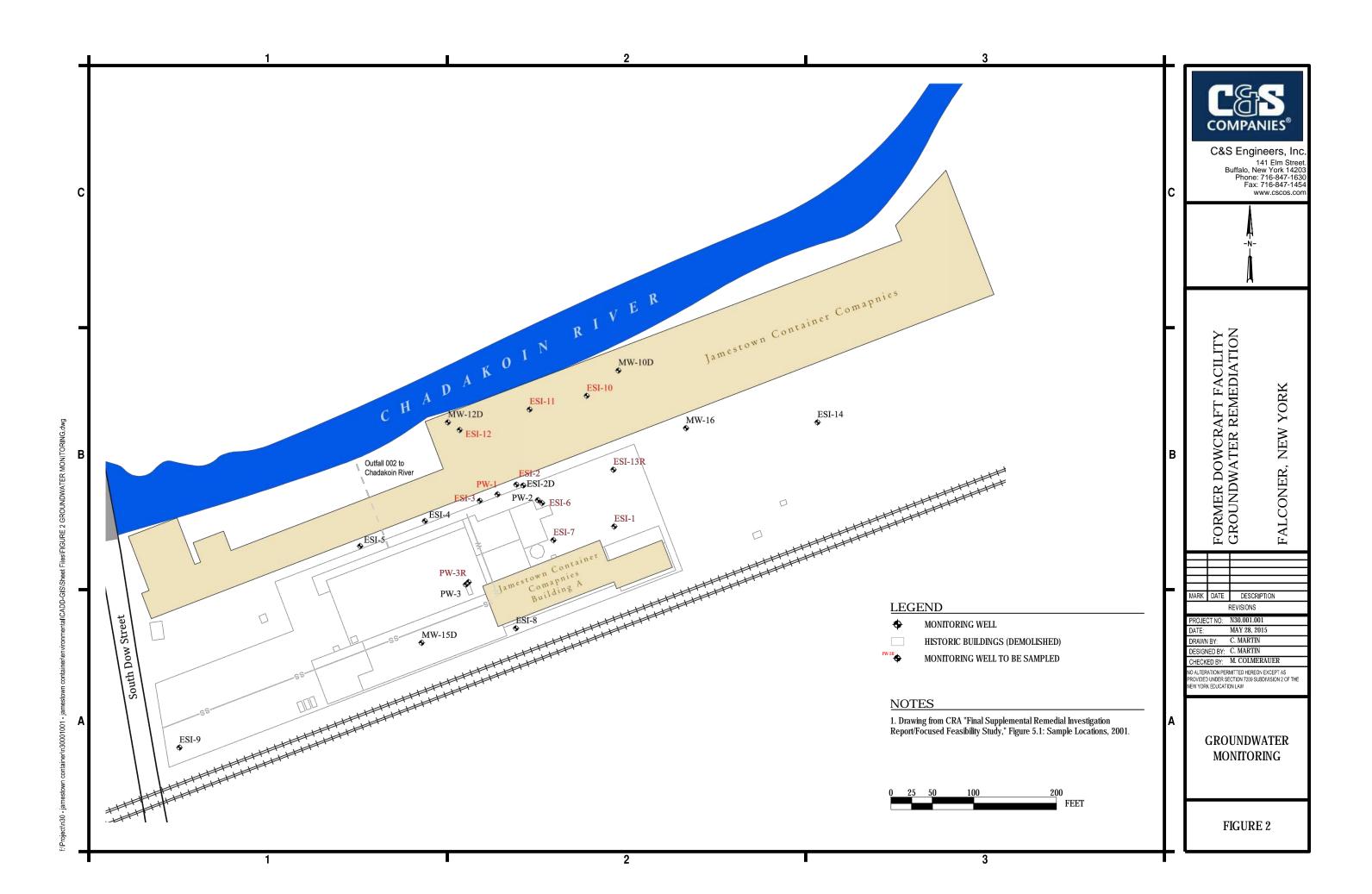
Monitoring	Reports	will	be	submitted	to	NYSDEC	annually.	The	Monitoring	Reports	will
include:											

	J	Analytical results and appropriate QA/QC data
	J	Hydraulic monitoring data
	J	An evaluation of the effectiveness of the Remedial Action
	J	Recommendations for program revisions, if appropriate
An A	A n	nual Periodic Review Report will also be submitted and will include:
	J	Monitoring Plan Compliance Report
	J	An evaluation of the performance, effectiveness and protectiveness of the Remedial Action
	J	Institutional and Engineering Controls Compliance Report
	J	Operation and Maintenance Compliance Report
	J	Recommendations for program revisions, if appropriate
7	S	CHEDULE
The	sc	hedule for Site work is as follows:
	J	Initiating Groundwater Sampling Event:

- o Within 30 days of NYSDEC approval of this Work Plan.
- J Groundwater Monitoring:
 - o Annually for five years.
 - o After five years, JCC, C&S and the NYSDEC will discuss the status of the OM&M Plan.
- J Reporting:
 - o Periodic Review / Monitoring Report will be submitted annually starting 15 months after approval of the Work Plan.









APPENDIX A
SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM WORK PLANS



C&S Companies

141 Elm Street Suite 100 Buffalo, NY 14203 p: (716) 847-1630 f: (716) 847-1454 www.cscos.com

January 12, 2017

David Szymanski Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation 270 Michigan Avenue Buffalo, New York 14203

Re: Soil Vapor Mitigation System Work Plan

Former Dowcraft Facility, Falconer, New York

Mr. Szymanski:

C&S Engineers (C&S) is providing New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) a work plan for the installation of a sub-slab depressurization system by Mitigation Tech with C&S oversight at former Dowcraft Facility in Falconer, New York.

I. PROJECT UNDERSTANDING

The Former Dowcraft Site is located at 65 South Dow Street in Falconer, New York and occupies approximately 2.2 acres of land situated immediately east of South Dow Street and approximately 100 feet south of the Chadakoin River. The Jamestown Container Company currently owns the Dowcraft site. The JCC primary manufacturing building is situated on the northern portion of the Site, adjacent to the Chadakoin River and a smaller structure (Building 9) is located on the southern portion of the Site.

Based on the presence of the VOC plume proximal to or under the site building(s), the NYSDOH requested the performance of a Soil Vapor Intrusion (SVI) study to evaluate potential impacts to indoor air quality. On November 2, 2015, Centek Laboratories performed the SVI sampling with the assistance of JCC maintenance staff. A total of nine sub-slab samples (SS-1 to SS-9) and nine indoor air samples (IA-1 to IA-9) were installed within the main building and Building #9. Sub-slab air samples indicate that TCE contaminated soil vapor has impacted the subsurface underneath the main JCC Buildings #5, #6 and #9. After review of the SVI study, the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) requires the installation of a mitigation system address soil vapor concerns.

II. SCOPE OF WORK

This document presents a Work Plan that consists of the installation and operation of a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) that is designed to mitigate the migration or potential migration of sub surface vapors into the building interiors. The subject area is the foundation footprint of Buildings #5, #6 and #9 of Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733. The SSDS is intended to protect the occupants of the subject area and is not intended to remove or diminish the source of the contamination. After start-up, demonstration of SSDS effectiveness will be confirmed and thereafter, a program of periodic maintenance and monitoring will be proposed.

NYSDEC January 12, 2017 Page 2

III. OBJECTIVES

This work plan was developed by Mitigation Tech in general accordance with the NYS DOH document, "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006". The performance objective of the SSDS is to create and maintain a minimum negative pressure differential of .002 inches of water column (wci) below certain concrete slabs which function as boundaries between subject area sub-slab space and occupied interior space. In the case of Building #9, this includes the entire building footprint. In the cases of Buildings #5 and #6, several complicating factors (see sec 3.2 below) are present and a specific area of vacuum influence is not defined as part of this proposal. Rather, reasonably scaled soil vapor intrusion mitigation systems are proposed that would furnish substantial depressurization and ventilation focused along the interior southern walls of #5 & #6. This would constitute a line of defense to intercept soil vapor migrating from the south. The exact northern boundary of the pressure extension field cannot be predicted prior to construction except by elaborate simulation, expensive enough as to suggest construction of a partial system as an alternative.

We therefore recommend a partial approach to function like a permanent pilot study, the effect of which could be ascertained by interim testing. If further post-construction mitigation is desired, additional measures at additional expense would further extend the pressure field. We would specify these measures exactly based on information obtained during the first phase. We have proposed this strategy because it provides a reasonable response to the degree of known contamination and may well be sufficient by itself. In the event testing shows that additional measures are required, such measures would be incremental to work already performed and therefore no work done under the first phase would be inappropriate or wasteful.

IV. WORK PLAN DESIGN AND SPECIFICATIONS

Work descriptions are based on certain assumptions identified herein and are subject to modification based on further field observations and measurements before and during construction. In the interest of achieving efficiency of design, this Work Plan is presented on a "Design/Build" basis which allows for adjustment to quantity, type and placement of system components. Adjustments are informed by analysis of data continuously obtained during construction.

A. Pre-design Communication Testing and Cost Factors

The enclosed system configuration is informed by a general building assessment and sub-slab air communication testing performed August 19, 2016 deemed necessary to determine the most efficient system configuration. Included were interviews of key site personnel and document review, although no foundation plans were available. The test procedure included drilling into the concrete at likely suction cavity locations and applying a vacuum to simulate operation of an SSDS fan. Small diameter test holes were established to measure vacuum influence. The enclosed design is a result of weighing key elements (fan type, suction point location, pipe diameter, etc.) against the cost of different construction techniques and materials.

Also included was assessment of the confined space beneath buildings #5 and #6. There is a network of tunnel like structures supporting the floor, some backfilled and some with open voids. In some cases, the voids taper down to less than a foot. Standing water, large scale debris and other obstacles to work are present. The effect of these structures is to create a dense grid of grade beams that effectively restrict airflow due to compartmentalization. As a consequence, comprehensive depressurization would involve either a very dense network of suction cavities or trenching in the main floor of the building.

A further complicating factor is the continuous operation of Cyclone type rooftop vacuum systems. These systems collect scraps of cardboard generated during production and are always running during plant

NYSDEC January 12, 2017 Page 3

operation. They create a vacuum in the building by generating air flow exhaust on the order of 5000 CFM. These systems introduce high rate of building air exchange and also potentially interfere with the operation of sub slab depressurization systems.

B. Scope of Work

The Scope of Work is to furnish and install multi-point active sub-slab depressurization systems consisting of high performance exhaust blower and suction cavity network, combined with sealing of slab openings. The Scope of Work for Building #9 is based on the minimum construction necessary to achieve the design objective of creating a minimum .002 wci pressure differential at all areas of the sub-slab. The Scope of Work for Building #5 and #6 is to create sub-slab depressurization or ventilation in the southern section of the buildings. At conclusion, documentation will be provided showing the pressure field extension values. The system configuration is subject to change based on field observations made during construction.

Furnish and Install:

Building 9

- (1) OBAR GBR 76 or 89 high performance radial blower [or as indicated by field testing], roof mount or sidewall mount on south side, to provide sub-slab depressurization via 4" schedule 40 PVC trunk line to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust, with penetration through main roof deck; with mounting frame and rubber connector fittings.
- (6) Suction points, with risers surface mounted at alternating columns on south wall, 3" Schedule 40 PVC pipe; add suction cavities where necessary to achieve minimum performance objective.

Building 5

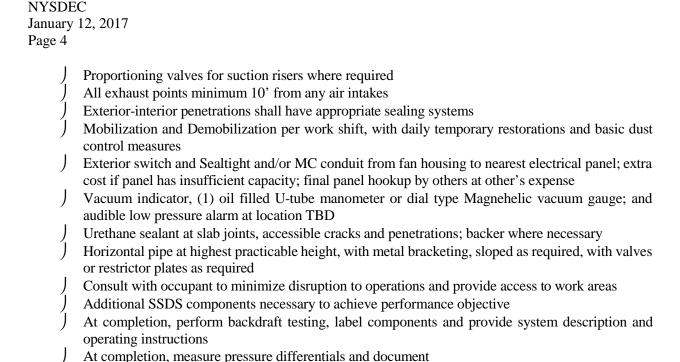
- (1) OBAR GBR 76 or 89 high performance radial blower [or as indicated by field testing], roof mount or sidewall mount on south side, to provide sub-slab depressurization via 4" schedule 40 PVC trunk line to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust, with penetration through main roof deck; with mounting frame and rubber connector fittings.
- (8) Suction points, with risers surface mounted on south wall, 3" Schedule 40 PVC pipe.

Building 6

- (1) OBAR GBR 76 or 89 high performance radial blower [or as indicated by field testing], roof mount or sidewall mount on south side, to provide sub-slab depressurization via 4" schedule 40 PVC trunk line to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust, with penetration through main roof deck; with mounting frame and rubber connector fittings
- (5) Suction points, with risers surface mounted on south wall or at office partitions, 3" Schedule 40 PVC pipe

Common Elements

- Continuous building assessment and sub-slab vacuum measurement to optimize design
 - Pre-construction consultation to obtain approval for component placements
- All interior pipe SCH 40 PVC with appropriate metal hangers, riser clamps, and additional accessories to properly attach components directly to structural members; sloped as required; routing to avoid interference with other building systems
- Fire stop devices and other fire code compliance measures
- Suction cavities to consist of approximately 1 cu. ft. excavated material in sub-slab, with urethane seal; access hole to suction cavity by 5"core drill or hand drill; trenching around footers where required, with concrete restoration



C. Post Installation Pressure Field Extension Testing

A digital micromanometer will be used to measure pressure differentials and values will be recorded on a floor plan. All test holes will be repaired with urethane caulk (MSDS available) applied over a closed cell backer rod. Smoke tubes will be used to identify floor cracks and other openings to the sub-slab that could "short circuit" the pressure field. Backdrafting testing will be performed.

Consult with client representatives to develop operation, maintenance and periodic inspection plan Two-vear warranty; labor, installed components and sub-slab depressurization to objective (or

D. IRM Construction Completion Report

greater)

At conclusion of construction, a Construction Completion Report (CCR) will be submitted. This report will include an as-built sketch or an overlay of client furnished building drawings, showing SSDS locations and components. The CCR will include measurements of created sub-slab to ambient air static pressure differentials, detailed descriptions of SSDS components, and post-installation sampling results.

An Operations, Maintenance, and Monitoring (OM&M) Plan will be submitted with the CCR. The OM&M Plan will be provided to the owner and occupants to facilitate their understanding of the system's operation, maintenance and monitoring.

E. Maintenance and Monitoring

Future maintenance and monitoring will be proposed to verify system effectiveness by inspection procedures and via differential pressure measurements. The monitoring will be performed annually until a less-frequent monitoring frequency is approved. In addition, non-routine maintenance may be conducted should it appear that the SSDS has reduced its effectiveness due to malfunction, renovation, or other unplanned circumstance.

V. SCHEDULE

Installation of the soil vapor system can begin immediately once the NYSDOH approves the work plan. Installation will take 45-60 days to complete.

NYSDEC January 12, 2017 Page 5

Should you have any questions regarding this work plan or the information contained herein, please feel free to contact me at (716) 847-1630.

Sincerely,

C&S ENGINEERS, INC.

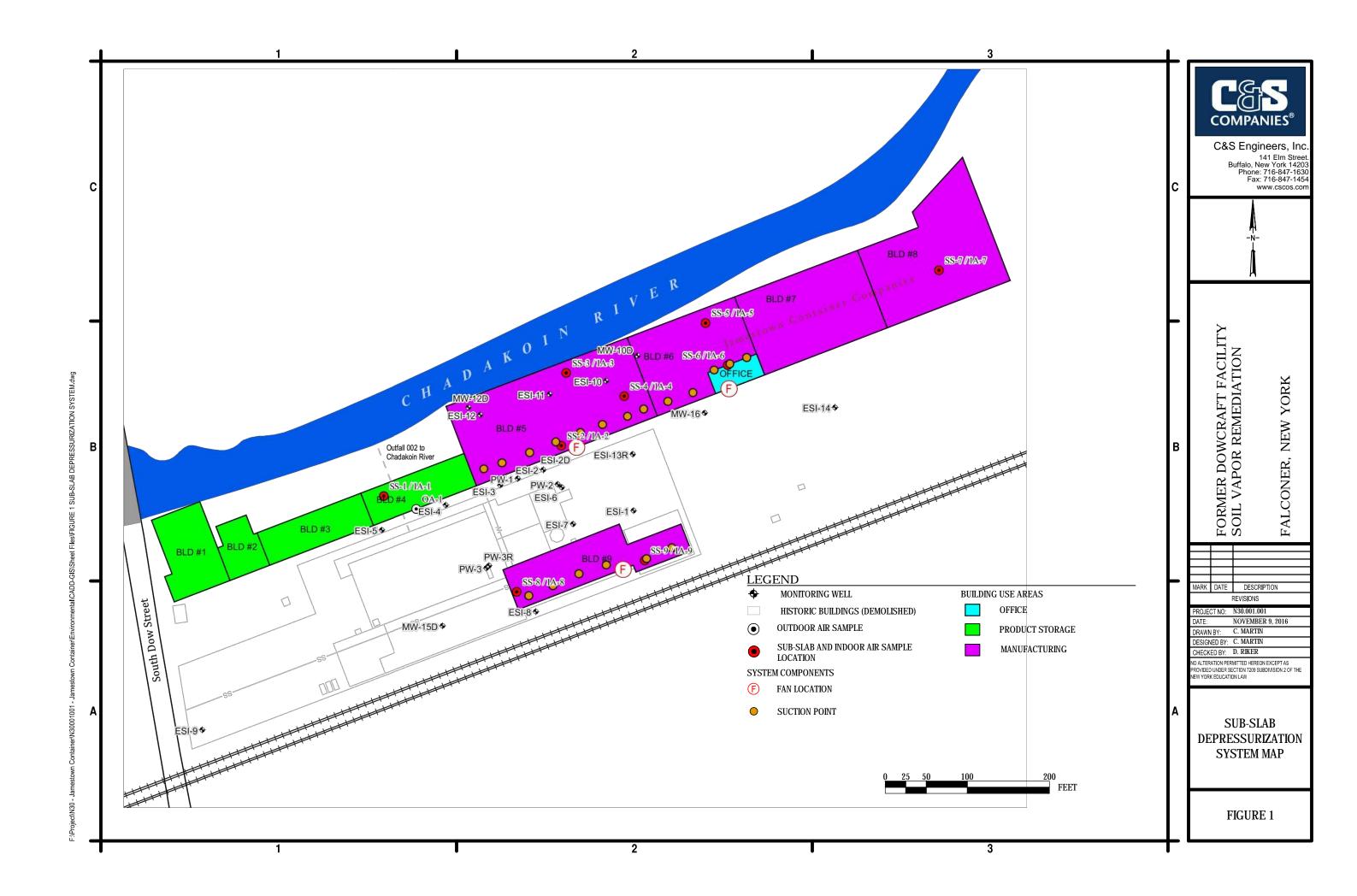
Cody Martin

Environmental Scientist

Daniel E. Riker, P.G. Managing Geologist

Enclosed: Sub-slab Depressurization System Map

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C&S Companies

141 Elm Street Suite 100 Buffalo, NY 14203 p: (716) 847-1630 f: (716) 847-1454 www.cscos.com

April 6, 2017

David Szymanski
Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Remediation
270 Michigan Avenue
Buffalo, New York 14203

Re: Building 5 and 6 Revised Soil Vapor Mitigation System Work Plan Former Dowcraft Facility, Falconer, New York

Mr. Szymanski:

C&S Engineers (C&S) and Mitigation Tech offer an alternative approach to mitigating soil vapor impacts on Buildings 5 and 6 at the Jamestown Container Company (JCC) facility in Falconer, New York. On February 8, 2017 the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) approving C&S's work plan for the installation of sub-slab depressurization systems (SSDS) in Buildings 5, 6 and 9. On March 24, 2017, the SSDS for Building 9 was installed according to the approved work plan.

Buildings 5 and 6 are a particular challenge for installing the approved SSDS due to multiple factors that were presented to the NYSDEC and the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) during their site visit on March 28, 2017. These factors include the following:

- The high rate of air exchange within the building from the continuous operation of the Cyclone rooftop vacuum systems;
- Confined spaces underneath the majority of the floor within the building that are either open or partially backfilled with large debris; and
- Network of tunnel-like structures or arches supporting the floor.

Due to these constraining factors associated with the construction and use of Buildings 5 and 6, the SSDS designs within these buildings have been continually re-evaluated by Mitigation Tech to achieve reasonable performance goals for mitigating soil vapor impacts.

As discussed on March 28th, C&S and Mitigation Tech propose to mitigate soil vapor beneath the sub-slab of Buildings 5 and 6 using targeted SSDS in areas not impeded by sub-slab obstacles and the installation of a crawl space ventilation system in areas with sub-slab obstacles. The size and location of the SSDS will be determined in the field through sub-slab air communication testing prior to installation. The crawl space ventilation system (CVS) consists of two high air flow blowers located on the perimeter of Building 6. A detailed description of this revised system, developed by Mitigation Tech, for Buildings 5 and 6 is attached to this letter.

We request that NYSDEC and NYSDOH review the attached revised work plan for Buildings 5 and 6. As requested by the NYSDOH for the previously approved work plan, indoor air analytical sampling will be conducted after the SSDS / CVS is operational. These samples will assess the systems' impact on indoor air quality. A total of 9 indoor air locations and one outdoor air location will be sampled to evaluate indoor air quality. Future indoor air monitoring events will use the same locations to collect samples during the operation of the SSDS / CVS.

NYSDEC April 6, 2017 Page 2

Should you have any questions regarding this work plan or the information contained herein, please feel free to contact me at (716) 847-1630.

Sincerely,

C&S ENGINEERS, INC.

Cody Martin

Environmental Scientist

Daniel E. Riker, P.G. Managing Geologist

Enclosed: Mitigation Tech Revised Work Plan

 $F:\PROJECT\N30-JAMESTOWN\ CONTAINER\N30001001-JAMESTOWN\ CONTAINER\CORRESPONDENCE\BUILDING\ 5\ AND\ 6\ REVISED\ Soil\ Vapor\ Mitigation\ Work\ Plan.docx$

mitigation tech vapor intrusion specialists

April 5, 2017

Mr. Cody Martin
Project Manager
C & S Companies
141 Elm Street, Suite 100
Buffalo, NY 14203
Via email: Cody Martin < cmartin@cscos.com>

Re: Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733

Revised Work Plan

Dear Mr. Martin.

Based additional building investigation and on our recent meeting with representatives of NYS DEC, we submit the following revised work plan:

1.0 Introduction

Soil vapor containing chlorinated volatile organic compounds has been detected at or near this site. This document presents a Work Plan that consists of the installation and operation of both a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) and a Crawlspace Ventilation System (CVS) that are designed to mitigate the migration or potential migration of sub surface vapors into the building interiors. The subject area is the foundation footprint of Buildings #5 and #6 of Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733. The SSDS and CVS are intended to protect the occupants of the subject area and are not intended to remove or diminish the source of the contamination. After start-up, system effectiveness will be assessed and thereafter, a program of periodic maintenance and monitoring will be proposed. It is expected that oversight of construction, confirmation of effectiveness and post mitigation air sampling will be provided by *C & S Companies* under separate contract and at additional expense.

2.0 Objectives

This work plan was developed in general accordance with the NYS DOH document, "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006". The performance objective of the SSDS is to create and maintain a minimum negative pressure differential of .002 inches of water column (wci) below the southernmost concrete slab sections of Building #5, which function as boundaries between subject area sub-slab space and occupied interior space. The performance objective of the CVS is to create continuous air exchange with outside air in the Building #6 crawlspace beneath the ground level concrete slab.

Both building #5 and #6 are characterized mostly by systems of sub-slab structural arches and grade beams crisscrossing in a north to south and east to west pattern.

In the case of Building #5, extensive backfilling has occurred over time, mostly via concrete patch, so that soil is present immediately below the surface. Four east to west grade beams define five compartments. A reasonably scaled soil vapor intrusion mitigation system is proposed that would furnish depressurization in the southernmost sub-slab compartment bounded by Buildings # 4 and #6.

April 5, 2017 Page 2

This would constitute a line of defense to intercept soil vapor migrating from the south. Some limited depressurization may be created north of the first grade beam. The exact northern boundary of the pressure extension field cannot be predicted prior to construction of the proposed system.

In the case of Building #6, several complicating factors (see sec 3.2 below) are present and the construction of an SSDS is judged to be impracticable. We judge that most of the sub-space of Building #6 is in essence a crawlspace and that ventilation is the most appropriate strategy to divert vapors from the building interior. A portion of Building #6 that includes the office area does not have a crawlspace, and SSDS is proposed for that area.

Therefore this proposal advocates a mixed and balanced soil vapor intrusion mitigation strategy, wherein measures most likely to yield good outcomes efficiently are applied first. If desired, additional measures at additional expense would further mitigate vapor intrusion. We would specify these measures exactly based on information obtained during the first phase. We have proposed this strategy because it provides a reasonable response to the degree of known contamination and may well be sufficient by itself. In the event testing shows that additional measures are required, such measures would be incremental to work already performed and therefore no work done under this proposed phase would be inappropriate or wasteful.

3.0 Work Plan Design and Specifications

3.1 Overview

Work descriptions are based on certain assumptions identified herein and are subject to modification based on further field observations and measurements before and during construction. In the interest of achieving efficiency of design, this Work Plan is presented on a "Design/Build" basis which allows for adjustment to quantity, type and placement of system components. Adjustments are informed by analysis of data continuously obtained during construction.

3.2 Pre-design Communication Testing

The enclosed system configuration is informed by a general building assessment and sub-slab air communication testing performed August 19, 2016 and subsequently, deemed necessary to determine the most efficient system configuration. Included were interviews of key site personnel, document and historical photograph review, although no foundation plans were available. The test procedure (Building #5) included drilling into the concrete at likely suction cavity locations and applying a vacuum to simulate operation of an SSDS fan. Small diameter test holes were established to measure vacuum influence. The enclosed design is a result of weighing key elements (fan type, suction point location, pipe diameter, etc.) against the cost of different construction techniques and materials.

Also included was assessment of the confined space beneath a small portion of Building #5 and Building #6. There is a network of tunnel like structures supporting the floor, some partially backfilled and some with open voids. In some cases, the voids taper down to less than a foot. Standing water, silt, large scale debris and other obstacles to work are present. The floor of this space was observed to be difficult to access and in many cases degraded. As a consequence, depressurization of the sub-slab of the confined space is judged to be impracticable.

Another factor is the continuous operation of *Cyclone* type rooftop vacuum systems. These systems collect scraps of cardboard generated during production and are always running during plant operation. They create a vacuum in the building by generating air flow exhaust on the order of 5000 CFM. These systems introduce high rate of building air exchange and also potentially interfere with the operation of

Page 3

sub-slab depressurization systems. Compensation for this effect includes establishment and maintenance of secure boundaries between ambient and sub-slab air.

3.3 Scope of Work

The Scope of Work is to furnish and install 1) a multi-point active sub-slab depressurization system in Building #5 and a crawl space ventilation system in Building #6. At conclusion, documentation will be provided showing the pressure field extension or air exchange values. The system configuration is subject to change based on field observations made during construction.

Furnish and Install:

- Building 5 east to west space defined by south perimeter wall and southernmost east to west interior footer
- (1) OBAR GBR 76 or 89 high performance radial blower [or as indicated by field testing], roof mount or sidewall mount on south side, to provide sub-slab depressurization via 4" schedule 40 PVC trunk line to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust; with mounting frame and rubber connector fittings
- (5-6) Suction points, with risers surface mounted on south wall, 3" Schedule 40 PVC pipe
- Building 6 (includes influence at Building #5 sump room)
- (2) RADONAWAY RP-380 high air flow blowers [or as indicated by field testing], roof mount or sidewall mount, to provide sub-slab ventilation via 8" schedule 40 PVC; to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust, with penetration through main roof deck; with rubber connector fittings
- Sub floor ducting
- Evaluate and repair as necessary, north side foundation vents and openings
- Building 6 (includes portion office area not over crawl space)
- (1) RADONAWAY HS-5000 blower [or as indicated by field testing], roof mount or sidewall mount on south side, to provide sub-slab depressurization via 3" schedule 40 PVC trunk line to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust; with mounting frame and rubber connector fittings
- (2-3) Suction points, with risers surface mounted on south wall, 3" Schedule 40 PVC pipe
- Common Elements:
- Continuous building assessment and sub-slab vacuum measurement to optimize design and meet stated objectives
- Pre-construction consultation to obtain approval for component placements
- All interior pipe SCH 40 PVC with appropriate metal hangers, riser clamps, and additional
 accessories to properly attach components directly to structural members; sloped as required;
 routing to avoid interference with other building systems
- Fire stop devices and other fire code compliance measures
- Suction cavities to consist of approximately 1 cu. ft. excavated material in sub-slab, with urethane seal; access hole to suction cavity by 5"core drill or hand drill; trenching around footers where required, with concrete restoration
- Proportioning valves for suction risers where required
- All exhaust points minimum 10' from any air intakes
- Exterior-interior penetrations shall have appropriate sealing systems
- Mobilization and Demobilization per work shift, with daily temporary restorations and basic dust control measures
- Exterior switch and *Sealtight* and/or MC conduit from fan housing to nearest electrical panel; extra cost if panel has insufficient capacity; final panel hookup by others at other's expense

April 5, 2017

Page 4

- Vacuum indicator, (1) per system
- Urethane sealant at slab joints, accessible cracks and penetrations; backer where necessary
- Horizontal pipe at highest practicable height, with metal bracketing, sloped as required, with valves or restrictor plates as required
- Consult with occupant to minimize disruption to operations and provide access to work areas
- At completion, perform backdraft testing, label components and provide system description and operating instructions
- At completion, measure and document pressure differentials and airflow volumes
- Consult with client representatives to develop operation, maintenance and periodic inspection plan
- Two year warranty; labor, installed components and sub-slab depressurization to objective (or greater)

3.4 Post Installation Pressure Field Extension Testing

A digital micromanometer will be used to measure pressure differentials and values will be recorded on a floor plan. All test holes will be repaired with urethane caulk (MSDS available) applied over a closed cell backer rod. Smoke tubes will be used to identify floor cracks and other openings to the sub-slab that could "short circuit" the pressure field. Backdrafting testing will be performed.

3.5 General Work Plan Provisions

- Daily tailgate meeting for safety review
- HAZWOPER trained personnel to perform drilling operations
- PID or Particulate monitoring not included
- Level 4 PPE for on-site personnel
- Procedures to follow site specific HASP

3.6 IRM Construction Completion Report

At conclusion of construction, a Construction Completion Report (CCR) will be submitted. This report will include an as-built sketch or an overlay of client furnished building drawings, showing SSDS locations and components. The CCR will include measurements of created sub-slab to ambient air static pressure differentials, detailed descriptions of SSDS components, and post-installation sampling results.

An Operations, Maintenance, and Monitoring (OM&M) Plan will be submitted with the CCR. The OM&M Plan will be provided to the owner and occupants to facilitate their understanding of the system's operation, maintenance and monitoring. Future maintenance and monitoring will be proposed to verify system effectiveness by inspection procedures and measurements.

Thank you.

Nicholas E. Mouganis EPA listing # 15415-I; NEHA ID# 100722

APPENDIX B HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Health and Safety Plan

Former Dowcraft Site 65 South Dow Street Falconer, NY

Site ID # 9-07-020

Prepared by



C&S Engineers, Inc. 141 Elm Street, Suite 100 Buffalo, New York 14203

August 2017



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Health and Safety Plan



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Figure 1 Site Location

Figure 2 Site Aerial Photo

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A – Map and Directions to Hospital

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Excavation/Trenching Guideline

Appendix B – Guidance on Incident Investigation and Reporting



SECTION 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Health and Safety Plan (HASP) described in this document will address health and safety considerations for all those activities that personnel employed by C&S Engineers, Inc., may be engaged in during site investigation and remediation work at the Former Dowcraft Site located on 65 South Dow Street in Falconer, Chautauqua County, New York (Site). Figure 1 shows the approximate location of the Site. This HASP will be implemented by the Health and Safety Officer (HSO) during site work.

Compliance with this HASP is required of all C&S personnel who enter this Site. The content of the HASP may change or undergo revision based upon additional information made available to the health, safety, and training (H&S) committee, monitoring results or changes in the technical scope of work. Any changes proposed must be reviewed by the H&S committee.

Responsibilities

Project	Daniel Riker
Manager	
	Phone: (716) 847-1630
	Cell: (716) 572-5312
Site Health and Safety Officer	Cody Martin
	Phone: (716) 847-1630
	Cell: (716) 864-3752
Emergency Coordinator	Cody Martin
	Phone: (716) 847-1630
	Cell: (716) 864-3752
Health and Safety Manager	Cody Martin
	Phone: (716) 847-1630
	Cell: (716) 864-3752

Emergency Phone Numbers

Emergency Medical Service	911
Police: Buffalo Police Department (NYPD)	911
Hospital: Buffalo General Hospital	(716) 859-5600
Fire: Buffalo Fire Department	911
National Response Center	(800) 424-8802



Poison Control Center	(800) 222-1222
Center for Disease Control	(800) 311-3435
NYSDEC Region 9 (Buffalo, New York)	(716) 851-7220
C&S Engineers	(716) 847-1630
Site Superintendent	TBD
Project Field Office Trailer	(716) 847-1630

SECTION 2 - HEALTH AND SAFETY PERSONNEL

2.0 Health and Safety Personnel Designations

The following information briefly describes the health and safety designations and general responsibilities for this Site.

2.1 Project Manager (PM)

The PM is responsible for the overall project including the implementation of the HASP. Specifically, this includes allocating adequate manpower, equipment, and time resources to conduct Site activities safely.

2.2 Health and Safety Manager

- ◆ Has the overall responsibility for coordinating and reporting all health and safety activities and the health and safety of Site Workers.
- Must have completed, at a minimum, the OSHA 30-Hour Construction Safety Training, and either the 24-Hour training course for the Occasional Hazardous Waste Site Worker or the 40-Hour training course for the Hazardous Waste Operations Worker that meets OHSA 29 CFR 1910.
- Must have completed the 8-Hour Site supervisor/manager's course for supervisors and managers having responsibilities for hazardous waste Site operations and management.
- Directs and coordinates health and safety monitoring activities.
- Ensures that field teams utilize proper personal protective equipment (PPE).
- Conducts initial on-site specific training prior to Site Workers commencing work.



- Conducts and documents daily and periodic safety briefings.
- Ensures that field team members comply with this HASP.
- ◆ Immediately notifies the Construction Manager (CM) Project Manager and Superintendent of all accident/incidents.
- Determines upgrading or downgrading of PPE based on Site conditions and/or real time monitoring results.
- Ensures that monitoring instruments are calibrated daily or as the manufacturer's instructions determine.
- Reports to the CM Project Manager and Superintendent to provide summaries of field operations and progress.
- Submits and maintains all documentation required in this HASP and any other pertinent health and safety documentation.

2.3 Health and Safety Officer (HSO)

- Must be designated to the Health and Safety Manager by each Subcontractor as a Competent Person having, at a minimum, the OSHA 30-Hour Construction Safety Training
- Must schedule and attend a Pre-Construction Safety Meeting with the Health and Safety
 Manager to discuss the Subcontractor Safety Requirements and must attend the Weekly
 Subcontractor Coordination Meeting.
- Responsible for ensuring that their lower tier contractors comply with project safety requirements.
- Must make frequent and regular inspections of their work areas and activities and ensure hazards that are under their control are corrected immediately and all other hazards are reported to the Construction Manager's Project Manager and Health and Safety Manager.



 Must report all work related injuries, regardless of severity, to the Construction Manager's Project Manager and the Health and Safety Manager within 24 hours after they occur.

2.4 Emergency Coordinator

- ◆ The Emergency Coordinator or his on-site designee will, in coordination with Campus Square, LLC., implement the emergency response procedures whenever conditions at the Site warrant such action.
- ◆ The Emergency Coordinator or his on-site designee will be responsible for assuring the evacuation, emergency treatment, emergency transport of C&S personnel as necessary, and notification of emergency response units (refer to phone listing in the beginning of this HASP) and the appropriate management staff.

2.5 Site Workers

- Report any unsafe or potentially hazardous conditions to the Health and Safety Manager.
- Maintain knowledge of the information, instructions, and emergency response actions contained in the HASP.
- Comply with rules, regulations, and procedures as set forth in this HASP, including any revisions that are instituted.
- Prevent unauthorized personnel from entering work Site.

SECTION 3 - PERTINENT SITE INFORMATION

3.1 Site Location and General History

The Dowcraft Site is located at 65 South Dow Street in Falconer, New York and occupies approximately 2.2 acres of land situated immediately east of South Dow Street and approximately 100 feet south of the Chadakoin River. The Jamestown Container manufacturing building is situated between the Site and the Chadakoin River.

The property was first developed in 1890 as a woolen mill until 1939 when it was converted into



a factory which manufactured steel partitions used for offices. As part of this manufacturing process, a vapor degreaser was used which included the use of chemicals such as trichloroethene (TCE). This work continued until 1999 when the facility was closed, a portion of the Site was demolished, and the property was sold to JCC. Figure 1 presents the Site's location.

Site History and Suspect Recognized Environmental Conditions

Chlorinated solvents, primarily, trichloroethene (TCE) and its daughter compounds, were identified as the contaminants of concern (COC) for this Site. TCE is a man-made volatile organic compound used for degreasing metal and electronic parts. Remedial considerations for TCE include its low solubility value and heavy molecular weight. TCE is in a class of chemicals called dense non-aqueous phase liquids (DNAPL) that sink through the water column until they encounter an impermeable barrier.

According to previous environmental reports, the area of former degreaser pit (area of groundwater monitoring wells PW-3 and PW-3R) is a likely source area for the COC plume. The plume originates from the degreaser area and has affected groundwater in the upper and lower sand/gravel layers. The plume extends from the degreaser area to the north, under the JCC building and up to the area of the Chadakoin River. This is an area of approximately one acre. The rate of movement is approximately 2 to 3 feet per year to the north.

Five out of the ten wells that were sampled contained groundwater that exceeded water quality standard for TCE (5 ug/L). Analytical results for TCE in these wells ranged from 7.37 ug/L to 431 ug/L. Other chlorinated compounds, including TCE daughter compounds (cis-1,2-dichloroethene, trans-1,2-dichloroethane and vinyl chloride) were detected in three of the ten wells. The highest concentration of cis-1,2-Dichloroethene was detected in PW-3R (1,990 ug/L). Vinyl chloride was detected in one well, PW-3R, at 861 ug/L.

SECTION 5 - TRAINING

5.1 Site-specific Training

Training will be provided that specifically addresses the activities, procedures, monitoring, and equipment for the Site operations prior to going on site. Training will include familiarization with Site and facility layout, known and potential hazards, and emergency services at the Site, and



details all provisions contained within this HASP. This training will also allow Site Workers to clarify anything they do not understand and to reinforce their responsibilities regarding safety and operations for their particular activity.

5.2 Safety Briefings

C&S project personnel will be given briefings by the HSO on a daily or as needed basis to further assist Site Workers in conducting their activities safely. Pertinent information will be provided when new operations are to be conducted. Changes in work practices must be implemented due to new information made available, or if Site or environmental conditions change. Briefings will also be given to facilitate conformance with prescribed safety practices. When conformance with these practices is not occurring or if deficiencies are identified during safety audits, the project manager will be notified.

SECTION 6 - ZONES

Four types of Site activity zones are identified for the Brownfield investigation activities, including the Exclusion Zone, Contamination Reduction Zone, Remediation Zone and the Support Zone. Prior to commencement of field work a further definition of where these zones will be set up will be established.

6.1 Exclusion Zone

The area where the unexpected condition is discovered would be considered the Exclusion Zone (EZ). All excavation and handling of contaminated materials generated as a result of the discovery of an unexpected condition would take place within the EZ. This zone will be clearly delineated by hay bales, jersey barriers, and/or similar methods. Safety tape may be used as secondary delineation within the EZ. The zone delineation markings may be opened in areas for varying lengths of time to accommodate equipment operation or specific construction activities. The Site Safety Manager/Director may establish more than one EZ where different levels of protection may be employed or where different hazards exist. Site Workers will not be allowed in the EZ without:

- ◆ A buddy (co-worker);
- Appropriate PPE in accordance with OSHA regulations;



- Medical authorization; and
- ◆ Training certification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.120.

6.2 Contamination Reduction Zone

A Contamination Reduction Zone (CRZ) will be established between the EZ and the property limits. The CRZ contains the Contamination Reduction Corridor (CRC) and provides an area for decontamination of Site equipment. The CRZ will be used for general Site entry and egress, in addition to access for heavy equipment and emergency support services. Site Workers will not be allowed in the CRZ without:

- ◆ A buddy (co-worker);
- ◆ Appropriate PPE in accordance with OSHA regulations;
- Medical authorization; and
- ◆ Training certification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.120.

In addition, the CRZ will include a Site Worker Cleaning Area that will include a field wash station for Site Workers, equipment, and PPE to allow Site Workers to wash their hands, arms, neck, and face after exiting areas of grossly contaminated soil or hazardous materials. All Site Workers will be required to pass through the Site Worker Cleaning Area and wash their hands and remove any loose fill and soils from their clothing and boots prior to exiting the CRZ.

6.3 Remediation Zone

A Remediated Zone (RZ) will be established in portions of the Site where the remediation has been completed and only general construction work will be performed. Setup of the RZ will consist of implementing several measures designed to reduce the risk of workers' exposure and prevent non-trained workers from entering the non-remediated zone. Non-trained workers will work only in areas where the potential for exposure has been minimized by removal of all hazardous materials. The remediated zone will then be separated from the non-remediated zone by installing and maintaining temporary plywood or other construction fences along the boundary between the two zones. If potentially impacted material is uncovered in the RZ, all non-trained workers will



be removed and the Site Safety Manager/Director will assess the potential risks. If, at any other time, the risk of exposure increases while non-trained workers are present in the RZ, the non-trained workers will be removed. At all times, when non-trained workers are present in the RZ, air monitoring for the presence of VOCs will be conducted in the RZ, as well as at the fence line of the non-remediated zone.

6.4 Support Zone

The Support Zone (SZ) will be an uncontaminated area that will be the field support area for the Site operations. The SZ will contain the temporary project trailers and provide for field team communications and staging for emergency response. Appropriate sanitary facilities and safety equipment will be located in this zone. Potentially contaminated equipment or materials are not allowed in this zone. The only exception will be appropriately packaged/decontaminated and labeled samples. Meteorological conditions will be observed and noted from this zone, as well as those factors pertinent to heat and cold.

SECTION 7 - PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

7.1 General

The level of protection to be worn by field personnel will be defined and controlled by the HSO. Depending upon the type and levels of material present or anticipated at the site, varying degrees of protective equipment will be needed. If the possible hazards are unknown, a reasonable level of protection will be taken until sampling and monitoring results can ascertain potential risks. The levels of protection listed below are based on USEPA Guidelines. A list of the appropriate clothing for each level is also provided.

<u>Level A</u> protection must be worn when a reasonable determination has been made that the highest available level of respiratory, skin, eye, and mucous membrane protection is needed. It should be noted that while Level A provides maximum available protection, it does not protect against all possible hazards. Consideration of the heat stress that can arise from wearing Level A protection should also enter into the decision making process. Level A protection includes:

- Open circuit, pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)
- ◆ Totally encapsulated chemical resistant suit
- ◆ Gloves, inner (surgical type)



- ◆ Gloves, outer, chemical protective
- ♦ Boots, chemical protective

<u>Level B</u> protection must be used when the highest level of respiratory protection is needed, but hazardous material exposure to the few unprotected areas of the body (e.g., the back of the neck) is unlikely. Level B protection includes:

- Open circuit, pressure-demand SCBA or pressure airline with escape air bottle
- ◆ Chemical protective clothing: Overalls and long sleeved jacket; disposal chemical resistant coveralls; coveralls; one or two piece chemical splash suit with hood
- ◆ Gloves, inner (surgical type)
- ◆ Gloves, outer, chemical protective
- ◆ Boots, chemical protective

<u>Level C</u> must be used when the required level of respiratory protection is known, or reasonably assumed to be, not greater than the level of protection afforded by air purifying respirators; and hazardous materials exposure to the few unprotected areas of the body (e.g.., the back of the neck) is unlikely. Level C protection includes:

- ◆ Full or half face air-purifying respirator
- ♦ Chemical protective clothing: Overalls and long-sleeve jacket; disposable chemical resistant coveralls; coveralls; one or two piece chemical splash suit
- ◆ Gloves, inner (surgical type)
- ◆ Gloves, outer, chemical protective
- ♦ Boots, chemical protective

<u>Level D</u> is the basic work uniform. It cannot be worn on any site where respiratory or skin hazards exist. Level D protection includes:

- Safety boots/shoes
- ♦ Safety glasses
- Hard hat with optional face shield

Note that the use of SCBA and airline equipment is contingent upon the user receiving special training in the proper use and maintenance of such equipment.



7.2 Personal Protective Equipment – Site Specific

Level D with some modification will be required when working in the work zone on this Site. In addition to the basic work uniform specified by Level D protection, Nitrile gloves will be required when contact with soil or ground water is likely. Hearing protection will be worn when power equipment is used to perform subsurface investigation work. An upgrade to a higher level (Level C) of protection may occur if determined necessary by the HSO.

SECTION 8 - MONITORING PROCEDURES

8.1 Monitoring During Site Operations

All Site environmental monitoring should be accompanied by periodic meteorological monitoring of appropriate climatic conditions.

8.1.1 Drilling Operations (Monitoring Well Installation and Subsurface Borings) and Test Pit Excavations

Monitoring will be performed by the HSO or drilling observer during the conduct of work. A photoionization detector (PID) equipped with a 10.0 eV lamp will be utilized to monitor for the presence of volatile organic vapors within the breathing zone, the borehole, and subsurface samples upon their retrieval. Drill cuttings and excavation spoils will also be monitored by use of the PID. The PID will be field checked for calibration accuracy three times per day (morning, lunch, and end of day. If subsurface conditions warrant, a combustible gas indicator (CGI) with oxygen alarm may also be used to monitor the borehole for the presence of combustible gases. Similar monitoring of fluids produced during well development will also be conducted.

8.1.2 Interim Remedial Measures

If future Interim Remedial Measures (IRM) occurs, monitoring will be performed during excavation and sampling operations when C&S personnel are within the work zone. Although historical information previously obtained at the Site indicates low level of volatile organic vapors and compounds, a photoionization detector (PID) will be used during subsurface activities. If an IRM is performed, the, the remedial contractor will be required to employ dust control practices during work.



8.2 Action Levels

If readings on the PID exceed 10 ppm for more than fifteen minutes consecutively, then personal protective equipment should be upgraded to Level C. The air purifying respirator used with Level C protective equipment must be equipped with organic vapor cartridges. If readings on the explosive gas meter are within a range of 10%-25% of the LEL then continuous monitoring will be implemented. Readings above 25% of the LEL indicate the potential for an explosive condition. Sources of ignition should be removed and the Site should be evacuated.

8.3 Personal Monitoring Procedures

Personal monitoring shall be performed as a contingency measure in the event that VOC concentrations are consistently above the 10 ppm action level as detected by the PID. If the concentration of VOCs is above this action level, then amendments to the HASP must be made before work can continue at the Site.

SECTION 9 - COMMUNICATIONS

A phone will be located on Site to be utilized by personnel conducting investigation and IRM efforts. Cell phones will be the primary means of communicating with emergency support services/facilities.

SECTION 10 - SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS FOR SITE OPERATIONS

10.1 General

Standard safe work practices that will be followed include:

- ◆ Do not climb over/under drums, or other obstacles.
- ◆ Do not enter the work zone alone.
- Practice contamination avoidance, on and off-site.
- ◆ Plan activities ahead of time, use caution when conducting concurrently running activities.
- ◆ No eating, drinking, chewing or smoking is permitted in work zones.
- ◆ Due to the unknown nature of waste placement at the Site, extreme caution should be practiced during excavation activities.
- ◆ Apply immediate first aid to any and all cuts, scratches, abrasions, etc.



- ◆ Be alert to your own physical condition. Watch your buddy for signs of fatigue, exposure, etc.
- A work/rest regimen will be initiated when ambient temperatures and protective clothing create a potential heat stress situation.
- ◆ No work will be conducted without adequate natural light or without appropriate supervision.
- ◆ Task safety briefings will be held prior to onset of task work.
- ◆ Ignition of flammable liquids within or through improvised heating devices (barrels, etc.) or space heaters is forbidden.
- Entry into areas of spaces where toxic or explosive concentrations of gases or dust may exist without proper equipment is prohibited.
- Any injury or unusual health effect must be reported to the Site health and safety officer.
- Prevent splashing or spilling of potentially contaminated materials.
- ◆ Use of contact lenses is prohibited while on site.
- ◆ Beards and other facial hair that would impair the effectiveness of respiratory protection are prohibited if respiratory protection is necessary.
- ◆ Field crew members should be familiar with the physical characteristics of investigations, including:
 - Wind direction in relation to potential sources
 - ♦ Accessibility to co-workers, equipment, and vehicles
 - Communication
 - ♦ Hot zones (areas of known or suspected contamination)
 - ♦ Site access
 - Nearest water sources
- ◆ The number of personnel and equipment in potentially contaminated areas should be minimized consistent with site operations.

10.2 Field Operations

10.2.1 Intrusive Operations

The HSO or designee will be present on-site during all intrusive work, e.g., drilling operations, excavations, trenching, and will provide monitoring to oversee that appropriate levels of protection and safety procedures are utilized by C&S Engineers, Inc., personnel. The use of salamanders or other equipment with an open flame is prohibited and the use of protective clothing, especially hard hats and boots, will be required during drilling or other heavy equipment operations.



10.2.2 Excavations and Excavation Trenching

Guidance relating to safe work practices for C&S employees regarding excavations and excavating/trenching operation is presented in Appendix A of this HASP.

SECTION 11 - DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

Decontamination involves physically removing contaminants and/or converting them chemically into innocuous substances. Only general guidance can be given on methods and techniques for decontamination. Decontamination procedures are designed to:

- ◆ Remove contaminant(s).
- ◆ Avoid spreading the contamination from the work zone.
- Avoid exposing unprotected personnel outside of the work zone to contaminants.

Contamination avoidance is the first and best method for preventing spread of contamination from a hazardous site. Each person involved in site operations must practice the basic methods of contamination avoidance listed below. Additional precautions may be required in the HASP.

- ◆ Know the limitations of all protective equipment being used.
- Do not enter a contaminated area unless it is necessary to carry out a specific objective.
- When in a contaminated area, avoid touching anything unnecessarily.
- Walk around pools of liquids, discolored areas, or any area that shows evidence of possible contamination.
- ◆ Walk upwind of contamination, if possible.
- ◆ Do not sit or lean against anything in a contaminated area. If you must kneel (e.g., to take samples), use a plastic ground sheet.
- ◆ If at all possible, do not set sampling equipment directly on contaminated areas. Place equipment on a protective cover such as a ground cloth.
- Use the proper tools necessary to safely conduct the work.

Specific methods that may reduce the chance of contamination are:

- Use of remote sampling techniques.
- Opening containers by non-manual means.
- Bagging monitoring instruments.



- Use of drum grapplers.
- Watering down dusty areas.

Equipment which will need to be decontaminated includes tools, monitoring equipment, and personal protective equipment. Items to be decontaminated will be brushed off, rinsed, and dropped into a plastic container supplied for that purpose. They will then be washed with a detergent solution and rinsed with clean water. Monitoring instruments may be wrapped in plastic bags prior to entering the field in order to reduce the potential for contamination. Instrumentation that is contaminated during field operations will be carefully wiped down. Heavy equipment, if utilized for operations where it may be contaminated, will have prescribed decontamination procedures to prevent contaminant materials from potentially leaving the Site. On-site contractors, such as drillers or backhoe operators, will be responsible for decontaminating all construction equipment prior to demobilization.

SECTION 12 DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

All discarded materials, waste materials, or other objects shall be handled in such a way as to reduce or eliminate the potential for spreading contamination, creating a sanitary hazard, or causing litter to be left on-site. All potentially contaminated materials, e.g., clothing, gloves, etc., will be bagged or drummed as necessary and segregated for proper disposal. All contaminated waste materials shall be disposed of as required by the provisions included in the contract and consistent with regulatory provisions. All non-contaminated materials shall be collected and bagged for appropriate disposal. Investigation derived waste will be managed consistent with the work plan for this Site and DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation dated May 2010.

SECTION 13 - EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROCEDURES

As a result of the hazards at the Site, and the conditions under which operations are conducted, there is the possibility of emergency situations. This section establishes procedures for the implementation of an emergency plan.

13.1 Emergency Coordinator



The Emergency Coordinator or his on-site designee will, in concert with Campus Square LLC, implement the emergency response procedures whenever conditions at the Site warrant such action. The Emergency Coordinator or his on-site designee will be responsible for assuring the evacuation, emergency treatment, emergency transport of C&S personnel as necessary, and notification of emergency response units (refer to phone listing in the beginning of this HASP) and the appropriate management staff.

13.2 Evacuation

In the event of an emergency situation, such as fire, explosion, significant release of toxic gases, etc., all personnel will evacuate and assemble in a designated assembly area. The Emergency Coordinator or his on-site designee will have authority to contact outside services as required. Under no circumstances will incoming personnel or visitors be allowed to proceed into the area once the emergency signal has been given. The Emergency Coordinator or his on-site designee must see that access for emergency equipment is provided and that all ignition sources have been shut down once the emergency situation is established. Once the safety of all personnel is established, the Fire Department and other emergency response groups will be notified by telephone of the emergency.

13.3 Potential or Actual Fire or Explosion

Immediately evacuate the Site and notify local fire and police departments, and other appropriate emergency response groups, if LEL values are above 25% in the work zone or if an actual fire or explosion has taken place.

13.4 Environmental Incident (spread or release of contamination)

Control or stop the spread of contamination if possible. Notify the Emergency Coordinator and the Project Manager. Other appropriate response groups will be notified as appropriate.

13.5 Personnel Injury

Emergency first aid shall be applied on-site as necessary. Then, decontaminate (en route if necessary) and transport the individual to nearest medical facility if needed. The ambulance/rescue squad shall be contacted for transport as necessary in an emergency. The directions to the hospital are shown in Section 1 of this HASP and a map is shown in Attachment A.



13.6 Personnel Exposure

- Skin Contact: Use copious amounts of soap and water. Wash/rinse affected area thoroughly, and then provide appropriate medical attention. Eyes should be thoroughly rinsed with water for at least 15 minutes.
- ◆ *Inhalation*: Move to fresh air and/or, if necessary, decontaminate and transport to emergency medical facility.
- ◆ *Ingestion*: Decontaminate and transport to emergency medical facility.
- Puncture Wound/Laceration: Decontaminate, if possible, and transport to emergency medical facility.

13.7 Adverse Weather Conditions

In the event of adverse weather conditions, the HSO will determine if work can continue without sacrificing the health and safety of field workers.

13.8 Incident Investigation and Reporting

In the event of an incident, procedures discussed in the Medical Emergency/Incident Response Protocol, presented in Appendix B of this HASP, shall be followed.

SECTION 14 - COMMUNITY RELATIONS

14.1 Community Health and Safety Plan

14.1.1 Community Air Monitoring Plan

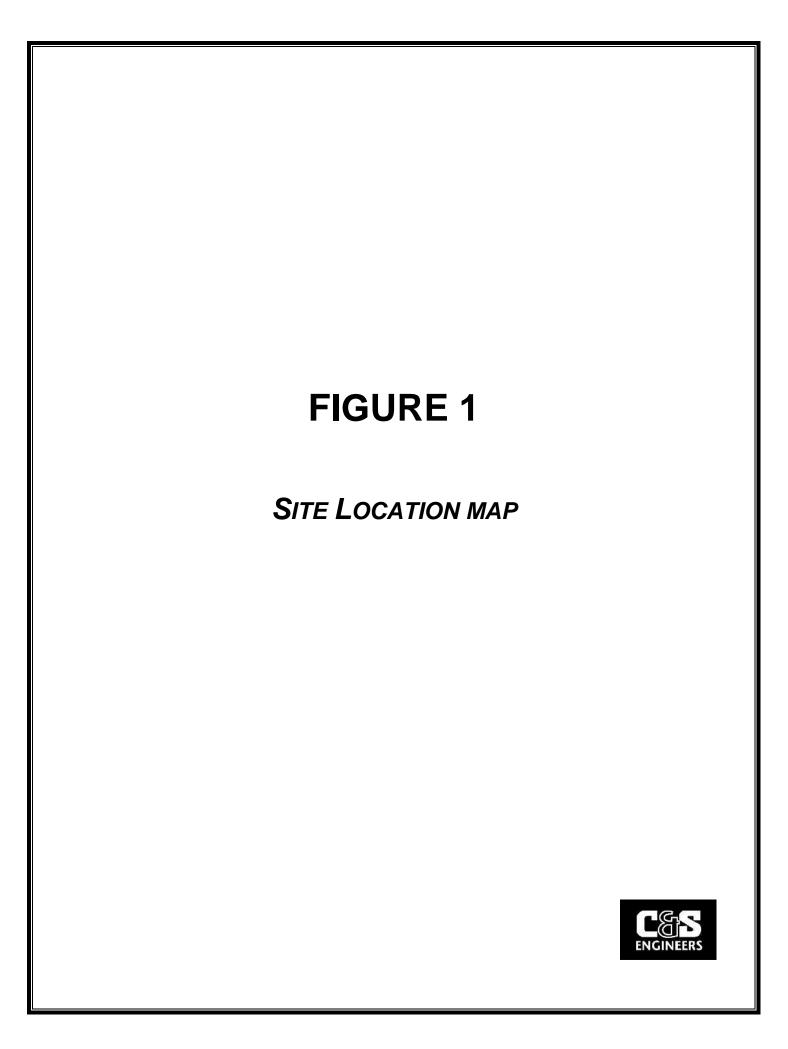
Efforts will be taken to complete field work in a manner which will minimize the creation of airborne dust or particulates. Under dry conditions, work areas may be wetted to control dust. During periods of extreme wind, intrusive field work may be halted until such time as the potential for creating airborne dust or particulate matter as a result of investigation activities is limited.

SECTION 15 - AUTHORIZATIONS

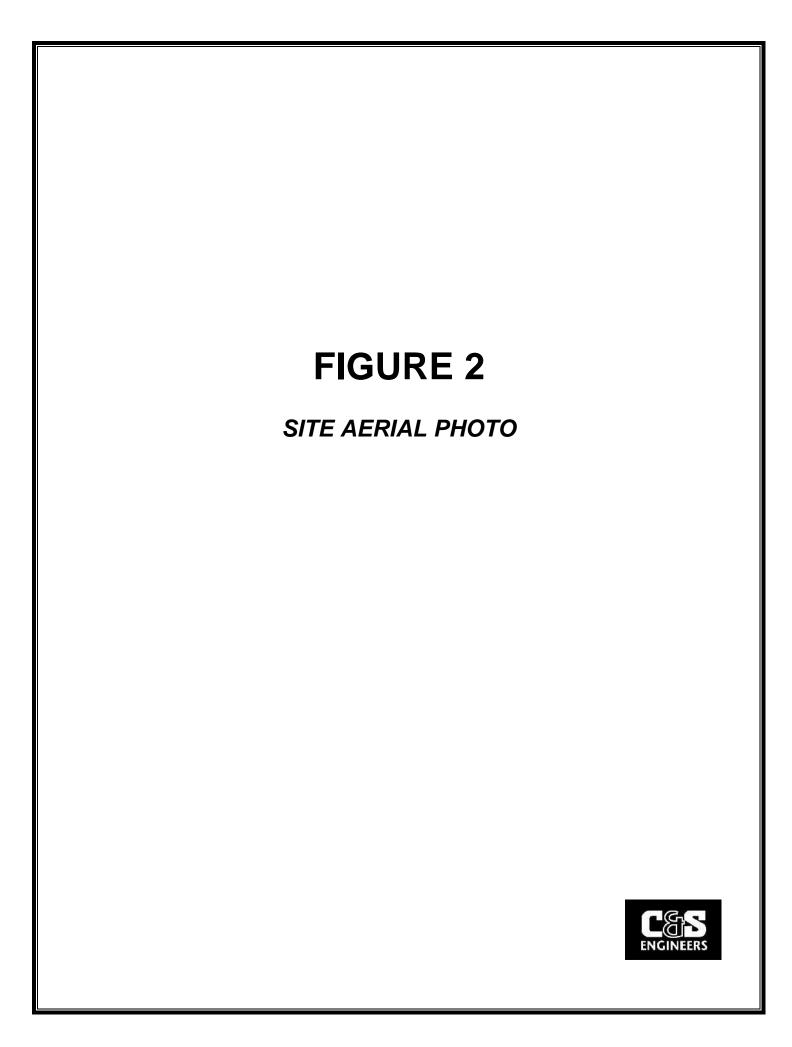
Personnel authorized to enter the Site while operations are being conducted must be approved by the HSO. Authorization will involve completion of appropriate training courses, medical examination requirements, and review and sign-off of this HASP. No C&S personnel should enter

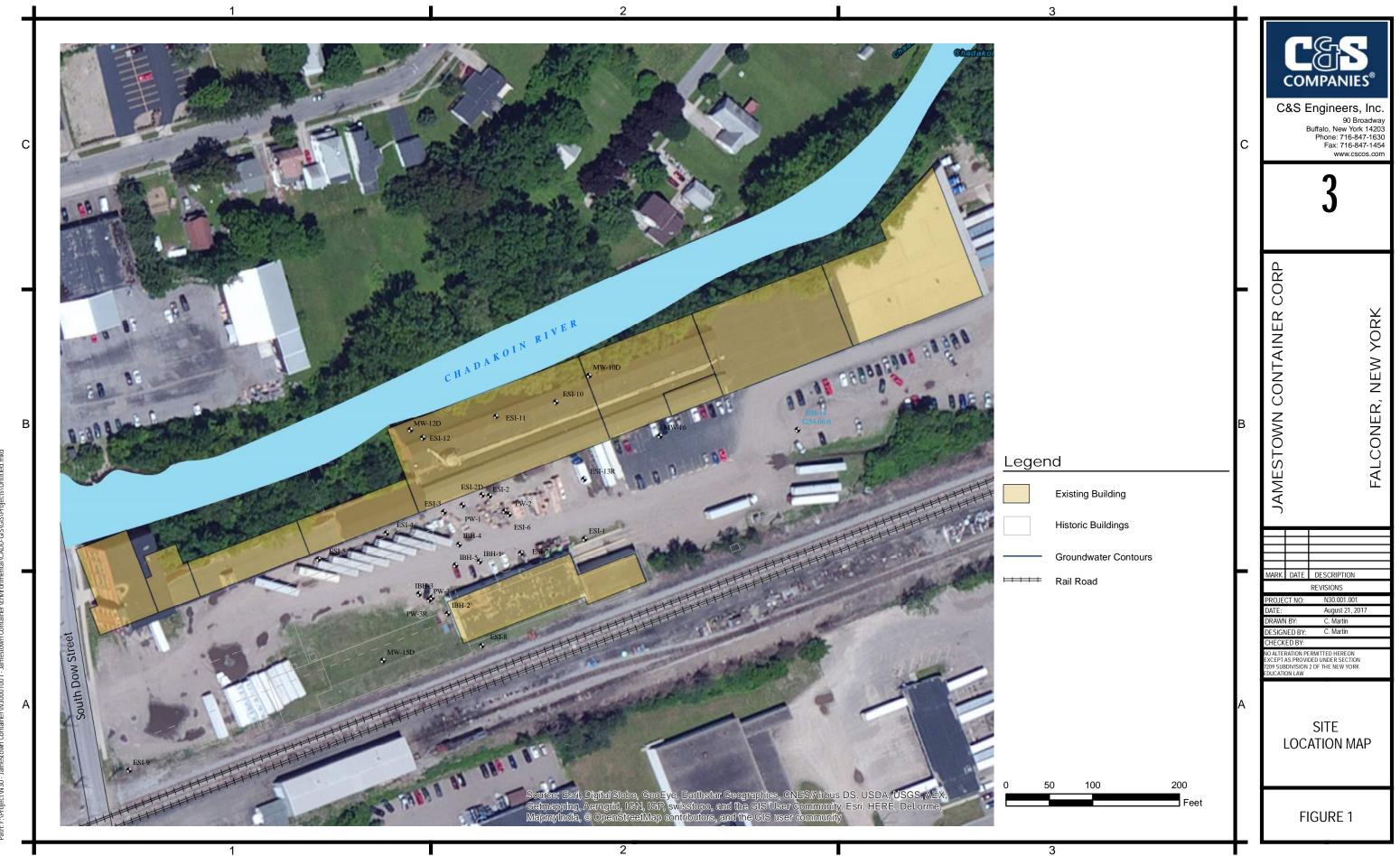


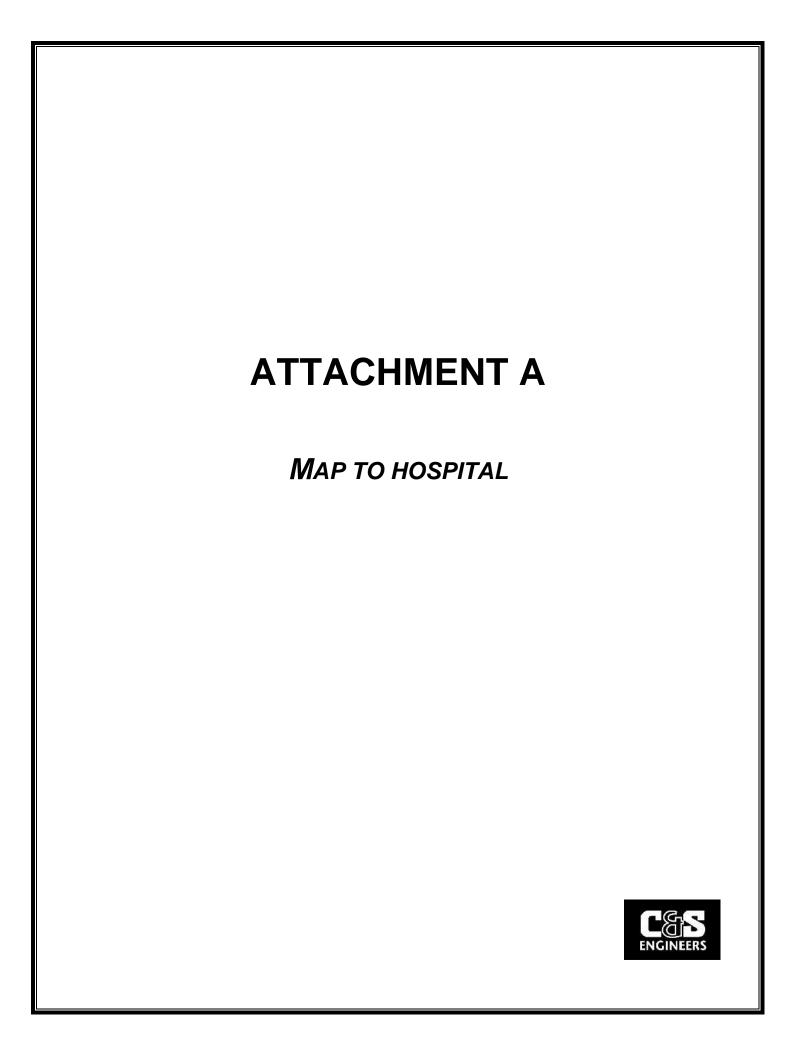
the work zone alone. Each site visitor should check in with the HSO or Project Manager prior to entering the work zones.











bing maps

A 65 S Dow St, Falconer, NY 14733

10 min, 3.0 mi

B Upmc Chautauqua Wca Hospital, 51 Glasgow Ave, Jamestown, NY 14701

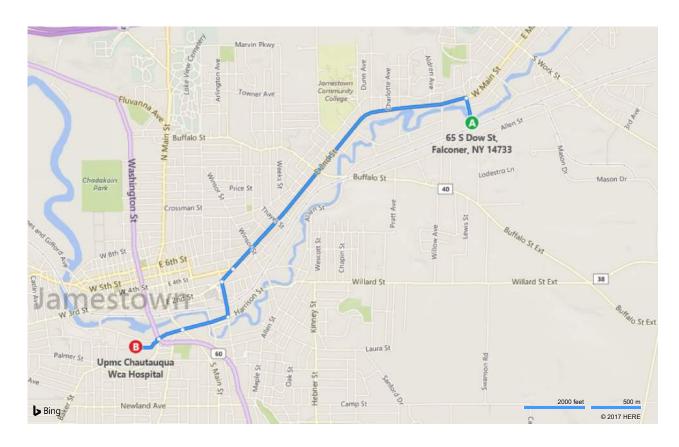
Light traffic (9 min without traffic) Via RT-394

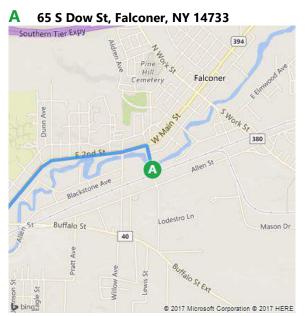
Type your route notes here

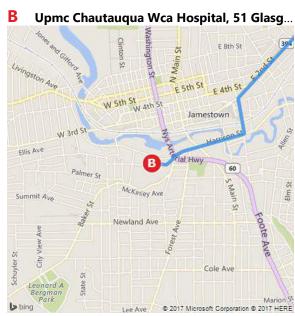
A 65 S Dow St, Falconer, NY 14733

↑	1.	Depart S Dow St toward W Everett St	0.2 mi
4	2.	Turn left onto RT-394 / W Main St Pass 7-Eleven in 1.1 mi	1.9 mi
1	3.	Keep left onto E 2nd St KFC on the corner	0.1 mi
4	4.	Turn left onto Foote Ave	0.2 mi
Þ	5.	Turn right onto Harrison St	0.3 mi
↑	6.	Road name changes to W Harrison St	0.2 mi
I↑	7.	Keep right onto Steele St	72 ft
4	8.	Turn left onto Glasgow Ave	0.2 mi
	9.	Arrive at Glasgow Ave on the left The last intersection is Steele St If you reach Culver St, you've gone too far	

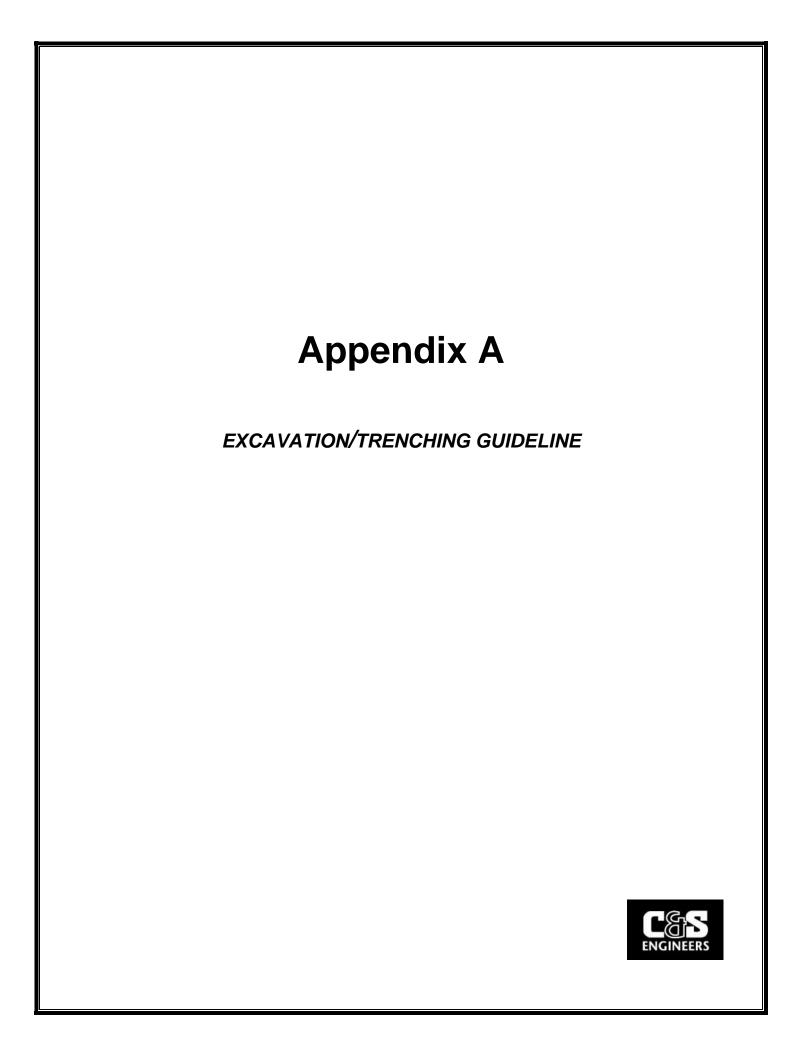
B Upmc Chautauqua Wca Hospital







These directions are subject to the Microsoft® Service Agreement and are for informational purposes only. No guarantee is made regarding their completeness or accuracy. Construction projects, traffic, or other events may cause actual conditions to differ from these results. Map and traffic data © 2017 HERE™.



C&S ENGINEERS, INC. HEALTH & SAFETY GUIDELINE #14 EXCAVATION/TRENCHING OPERATIONS

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C&S ENGINEERS, INC. EXCAVATION/TRENCHING OPERATIONS

1.0 PURPOSE

To establish safe operating procedures for excavation/trenching operations at C&S work sites.

2.0 SCOPE

Applies to all C&S activity where excavation or trenching operations take place.

3.0 **DEFINITIONS**

Excavation — Any manmade cavity or depression in the earth's surface, including its sides, walls, or faces, formed by earth removal and producing unsupported earth conditions by reasons of the excavation.

Trench — A narrow excavation made below the surface of the ground. In general, the depth is greater than the width, but the width of a trench is not greater than 15 feet.

4.0 RESPONSIBILITY EMPLOYEES

Employees — All employees must understand and follow the procedures outlined in this guideline during all excavation and trenching operations.

Health and Safety Coordinator/Officer (HSC/HSO) - The HSC/HSO is responsible for ensuring that these procedures are implemented at each work site.

5.0 GUIDELINES

5.1 Hazards Associated With Excavation/Trenching

The principal hazards associated with excavation/trenching are:

- Suffocation, crushing, or other injury from falling material.
- Damage/failure of installed underground services and consequent hazards.
- Tripping, slipping, or falling.
- Possibility of explosive, flammable, toxic, or oxygen-deficient atmosphere in excavation.

5.2 Procedures Prior to Excavation

1. Underground Utilities

- Determine the presence and location of any underground chemical or utility pipes, electrical, telephone, or instrument wire or cables.
- If the local DigSafely NY is unable to locate private/domestic or plant utilities, then an independent utility locating service must be contacted and mobilized to the site.
- Identify the location of underground services by stakes, markers or paint.
- Arrange to de-energize or isolate underground services during excavation. If not possible, or if location is not definite, method of excavation shall be established to minimize hazards by such means as:
 - a) Use of hand tools in area of underground services.
 - b) Insulating personnel and equipment from possible electrical contact.
 - c) Use of tools or equipment that will reduce possibility of damage to underground services and hazard to worker.
- 2. Identify Excavation Area Areas to be excavated shall be identified and segregated by means of barricades, ropes, and/or signs to prevent access of unauthorized personnel and equipment. Suitable means shall be provided to make barriers visible at all times.
- 3. Surface Water Provide means of diverting surface water from excavation.
- 4. Shoring/Bracing Shoring or bracing that may be required for installed equipment adjacent to the excavation shall be designed by a competent person.
- 5. Structural Ramps Structural ramps that are used solely by employees as a means of access to or egress from the excavation shall be designed by a competent person.

5.3 Procedures For Doing The Excavation

- 1. **Determine the need for shoring/sloping** the type of soil will establish the need for shoring, slope of the excavation, support systems, and equipment to be used. The soil condition may change as the excavation proceeds. Appendices A, B, C, D, E, and F of the OSHA Excavation Regulation, 29 CFR 1926 Subpart P, are to be used in defining shoring and sloping requirements.
- 2. **Mobile equipment** For safe use of mobile industrial equipment in or near the excavation, the load carrying capacity of soil shall be established and suitable protection against collapse of soil provided by the use of mats, barricades, restricting the location of equipment, or shoring.
- 3. Excavated material (spoil) shall be stored at least two (2) feet from the edge of the excavation.
- 4. All trench (vertical sides) excavations greater than five (5) feet deep shall be shored.

- 5. The excavation shall be inspected daily for changes in conditions, including the presence of ground water, change in soil condition, or effects of weather such as rain or freeze. A safe means of continuing the work shall be established based on changes in condition. Typically test trench excavations made as part of an environmental subsurface nvestigation are made and backfilled the same day.
- 6. Appropriate monitoring for gas, toxic, or flammable materials will be conducted to establish the need for respiratory equipment, ventilation, or other measures required to continue the excavation safely.
- 7. Adequate means of dewatering the excavation shall be provided by the contractor as required.
- 8. A signal person shall be provided to direct powered equipment if working in the excavation with other personnel.
- 9. A signal person shall be provided when backfilling excavations to direct powered equipment working in the excavation with other personnel.
- 10. Warning vests will be worn when employees are exposed to public vehicular traffic.
- 11. Employees shall stand away from vehicles being loaded or unloaded, and shall not be permitted underneath loads handled by lifting or dragging equipment.
- 12. Emergency rescue equipment, such as breathing apparatus, a safety harness and line, or a basket stretcher, shall be readily available if hazardous atmospheric conditions exist or may be expected to develop. The specifics will be determined by the HSC/HSM.
- 13. Walkways or bridges with standard guardrail shall be provided where employees or equipment are required or permitted to cross over excavations.

5.4 Entering the Excavation

No C&S Engineers, Inc., employee shall enter an excavation which fails to meet the requirements of Section 5.3 of this guideline.

6.0 REFERENCES

29 CFR 1926, Subpart P - Excavations

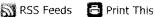
7.0 ATTACHMENTS

29 CFR 1926 Subpart P - Appendices A, B, F

Occupational Safety & Health Administration

A to Z Index | En Españo

OSHA Home



Regulations (Standards - 29 CFR) - Table of Contents

Part Number:

1926

• Part Title:

Safety and Health Regulations for Construction

Subpart:

• Subpart Title:

Excavations

Standard Number:

1926 Subpart P App A

• Title:

Soil Classification

- (a) Scope and application (1) Scope. This appendix describes a method of classifying soil and rock deposits based on site and environmental conditions, and on the structure and composition of the earth deposits. The appendix contains definitions, sets for requirements, and describes acceptable visual and manual tests for use in classifying soils.
- (2) Application. This appendix applies when a sloping or benching system is designed in accordance with the requirements set for 1926.652(b)(2) as a method of protection for employees from cave-ins. This appendix also applies when timber shoring for excav designed as a method of protection from cave-ins in accordance with appendix C to subpart P of part 1926, and when aluminum shoring is designed in accordance with appendix D. This Appendix also applies if other protective systems are designed and selec from data prepared in accordance with the requirements set forth in 1926.652(c), and the use of the data is predicated on the us classification system set forth in this appendix.
- (b) Definitions. The definitions and examples given below are based on, in whole or in part, the following; American Society for T Materials (ASTM) Standards D653-85 and D2488; The Unified Soils Classification System; The U.S. Department of Agriculture (US Textural Classification Scheme; and The National Bureau of Standards Report BSS-121.
- "Cemented soil" means a soil in which the particles are held together by a chemical agent, such as calcium carbonate, such that a hand-size sample cannot be crushed into powder or individual soil particles by finger pressure.
- "Cohesive soil" means clay (fine grained soil), or soil with a high clay content, which has cohesive strength. Cohesive soil does not crumble, can be excavated with vertical sideslopes, and is plastic when moist. Cohesive soil is hard to break up when dry, and exhibits significant cohesion when submerged. Cohesive soils include clayey silt, sandy clay, silty clay, clay and organic clay.
- "Dry soil" means soil that does not exhibit visible signs of moisture content.
- "Fissured" means a soil material that has a tendency to break along definite planes of fracture with little resistance, or a material that exhibits open cracks, such as tension cracks, in an exposed surface.
- "Granular soil" means gravel, sand, or silt (coarse grained soil) with little or no clay content. Granular soil has no cohesive strength. Some moist granular soils exhibit apparent cohesion. Granular soil cannot be molded when moist and crumbles easily when dry.
- "Layered system" means two or more distinctly different soil or rock types arranged in layers. Micaceous seams or weakened planes in rock or shale are considered layered.
- "Moist soil" means a condition in which a soil looks and feels damp. Moist cohesive soil can easily be shaped into a ball and rolled into small diameter threads before crumbling. Moist granular soil that contains some cohesive material will exhibit signs of cohesion between particles.
 - "Plastic" means a property of a soil which allows the soil to be

deformed or molded without cracking, or appreciable volume change.
"Saturated soil" means a soil in which the voids are filled with water.
Saturation does not require flow. Saturation, or near saturation, is
necessary for the proper use of instruments such as a pocket penetrometer
or sheer vane.

"Soil classification system" means, for the purpose of this subpart, a method of categorizing soil and rock deposits in a hierarchy of Stable Rock, Type A, Type B, and Type C, in decreasing order of stability. The categories are determined based on an analysis of the properties and performance characteristics of the deposits and the characteristics of the deposits and the environmental conditions of exposure.

"Stable rock" means natural solid mineral matter that can be excavated with vertical sides and remain intact while exposed.

- "Submerged soil" means soil which is underwater or is free seeping.
- "Type A" means cohesive soils with an unconfined, compressive strength of 1.5 ton per square foot (tsf) (144 kPa) or greater. Examples of cohesive soils are: clay, silty clay, sandy clay, clay loam and, in some cases, silty clay loam and sandy clay loam. Cemented soils such as caliche and hardpan are also considered Type A. However, no soil is Type A if:
- (i) The soil is fissured; or
- (ii) The soil is subject to vibration from heavy traffic, pile driving, or similar effects; or
 - (iii) The soil has been previously disturbed; or
- (iv) The soil is part of a sloped, layered system where the layers dip into the excavation on a slope of four horizontal to one vertical (4H:1V) or greater; or
- (v) The material is subject to other factors that would require it to be classified as a less stable material.
 - "Type B" means:
- (i) Cohesive soil with an unconfined compressive strength greater than 0.5 tsf (48 kPa) but less than 1.5 tsf (144 kPa); or
- (ii) Granular cohesionless soils including: angular gravel (similar to crushed rock), silt, silt loam, sandy loam and, in some cases, silty clay loam and sandy clay loam.
- (iii) Previously disturbed soils except those which would otherwise be classed as Type C soil.
- (iv) Soil that meets the unconfined compressive strength or cementation requirements for Type A, but is fissured or subject to vibration; or
- (v) Dry rock that is not stable; or
- (vi) Material that is part of a sloped, layered system where the layers dip into the excavation on a slope less steep than four horizontal to one vertical (4H:1V), but only if the material would otherwise be classified as Type B.
- "Type C" means:
- (i) Cohesive soil with an unconfined compressive strength of $0.5 \, \text{tsf}$ (48 kPa) or less; or
- (ii) Granular soils including gravel, sand, and loamy sand; or
- (iii) Submerged soil or soil from which water is freely seeping; or
- (iv) Submerged rock that is not stable, or
- (v) Material in a sloped, layered system where the layers dip into the excavation or a slope of four horizontal to one vertical (4H:1V) or steeper.

"Unconfined compressive strength" means the load per unit area at which a soil will fail in compression. It can be determined by laboratory testing, or estimated in the field using a pocket penetrometer, by thumb penetration tests, and other methods.

"Wet soil" means soil that contains significantly more moisture than moist soil, but in such a range of values that cohesive material will slump or begin to flow when vibrated. Granular material that would exhibit cohesive properties when moist will lose those cohesive properties when wet.

(c) Requirements - (1) Classification of soil and rock deposits. Each soil and rock deposit shall be classified by a competent perso Rock, Type A, Type B, or Type C in accordance with the definitions set forth in paragraph (b) of this appendix.

- (2) Basis of classification. The classification of the deposits shall be made based on the results of at least one visual and at least or analysis. Such analyses shall be conducted by a competent person using tests described in paragraph (d) below, or in other recognethods of soil classification and testing such as those adopted by the American Society for Testing Materials, or the U.S. Depart Agriculture textural classification system.
- (3) Visual and manual analyses. The visual and manual analyses, such as those noted as being acceptable in paragraph (d) of thi shall be designed and conducted to provide sufficient quantitative and qualitative information as may be necessary to identify properties, factors, and conditions affecting the classification of the deposits.
- (4) Layered systems. In a layered system, the system shall be classified in accordance with its weakest layer. However, each layer classified individually where a more stable layer lies under a less stable layer.
- (5) Reclassification. If, after classifying a deposit, the properties, factors, or conditions affecting its classification change in any w changes shall be evaluated by a competent person. The deposit shall be reclassified as necessary to reflect the changed circumst
- (d) Acceptable visual and manual tests. (1) Visual tests. Visual analysis is conducted to determine qualitative information regarc excavation site in general, the soil adjacent to the excavation, the soil forming the sides of the open excavation, and the soil take samples from excavated material.
- (i) Observe samples of soil that are excavated and soil in the sides of the excavation. Estimate the range of particle sizes and the amounts of the particle sizes. Soil that is primarily composed of fine-grained material material is cohesive material. Soil composed of coarse-grained sand or gravel is granular material.
- (ii) Observe soil as it is excavated. Soil that remains in clumps when excavated is cohesive. Soil that breaks up easily and does no clumps is granular.
- (iii) Observe the side of the opened excavation and the surface area adjacent to the excavation. Crack-like openings such as tens could indicate fissured material. If chunks of soil spall off a vertical side, the soil could be fissured. Small spalls are evidence of m ground and are indications of potentially hazardous situations.
- (iv) Observe the area adjacent to the excavation and the excavation itself for evidence of existing utility and other underground s and to identify previously disturbed soil.
- (v) Observed the opened side of the excavation to identify layered systems. Examine layered systems to identify if the layers slope the excavation. Estimate the degree of slope of the layers.
- (vi) Observe the area adjacent to the excavation and the sides of the opened excavation for evidence of surface water, water see the sides of the excavation, or the location of the level of the water table.
- (vii) Observe the area adjacent to the excavation and the area within the excavation for sources of vibration that may affect the : the excavation face.
- (2) Manual tests. Manual analysis of soil samples is conducted to determine quantitative as well as qualitative properties of soil are provide more information in order to classify soil properly.
- (i) Plasticity. Mold a moist or wet sample of soil into a ball and attempt to roll it into threads as thin as 1/8-inch in diameter. Cohe material can be successfully rolled into threads without crumbling. For example, if at least a two inch (50 mm) length of 1/8-inch be held on one end without tearing, the soil is cohesive.
- (ii) Dry strength. If the soil is dry and crumbles on its own or with moderate pressure into individual grains or fine powder, it is g combination of gravel, sand, or silt). If the soil is dry and falls into clumps which break up into smaller clumps, but the smaller clumps be broken up with difficulty, it may be clay in any combination with gravel, sand or silt. If the dry soil breaks into clumps who break up into small clumps and which can only be broken with difficulty, and there is no visual indication the soil is fissured, the standard unfissured.

- (iii) Thumb penetration. The thumb penetration test can be used to estimate the unconfined compressive strength of cohesive so test is based on the thumb penetration test described in American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard designatior "Standard Recommended Practice for Description of Soils (Visual Manual Procedure).") Type A soils with an unconfined compressive strength of 1.5 tsf can be readily indented by the thumb; however, they can be penetrated by the thumb only with very great eff soils with an unconfined compressive strength of 0.5 tsf can be easily penetrated several inches by the thumb, and can be molde finger pressure. This test should be conducted on an undisturbed soil sample, such as a large dump of spoil, as soon as practical excavation to keep to a minimum the effects of exposure to drying influences. If the excavation is later exposed to wetting influe flooding), the classification of the soil must be changed accordingly.
- (iv) Other strength tests. Estimates of unconfined compressive strength of soils can also be obtained by use of a pocket penetron using a hand-operated shearvane.
- (v) Drying test. The basic purpose of the drying test is to differentiate between cohesive material with fissures, unfissured cohesi and granular material. The procedure for the drying test involves drying a sample of soil that is approximately one inch thick (2.5 six inches (15.24 cm) in diameter until it is thoroughly dry:
- (A) If the sample develops cracks as it dries, significant fissures are indicated.

- (B) Samples that dry without cracking are to be broken by hand. If considerable force is necessary to break a sample, the soil ha cohesive material content. The soil can be classified as an unfissured cohesive material and the unconfined compressive strength determined.
- (C) If a sample breaks easily by hand, it is either a fissured cohesive material or a granular material. To distinguish between the pulverize the dried dumps of the sample by hand or by stepping on them. If the clumps do not pulverize easily, the material is or fissures. If they pulverize easily into very small fragments, the material is granular.
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Sloping and Benching

(a) **Scope and application.** This appendix contains specifications for sloping and benching when used as methods of protecting working in excavations from cave-ins. The requirements of this appendix apply when the design of sloping and benching protective is to be performed in accordance with the requirements set forth in § 1926.652(b)(2).

(b) *Definitions*.

Actual slope means the slope to which an excavation face is excavated.

Distress means that the soil is in a condition where a cave-in is imminent or is likely to occur. Distress is evidenced by such phene the development of fissures in the face of or adjacent to an open excavation; the subsidence of the edge of an excavation; the slu material from the face or the bulging or heaving of material from the bottom of an excavation; the spalling of material from the fa excavation; and ravelling, i.e., small amounts of material such as pebbles or little clumps of material suddenly separating from the excavation and trickling or rolling down into the excavation.

Maximum allowable slope means the steepest incline of an excavation face that is acceptable for the most favorable site condi protection against cave-ins, and is expressed as the ratio of horizontal distance to vertical rise (H:V).

Short term exposure means a period of time less than or equal to 24 hours that an excavation is open.

- (c) Requirements -- (1) Soil classification. Soil and rock deposits shall be classified in accordance with appendix A to subpart | 1926.
- (2) Maximum allowable slope. The maximum allowable slope for a soil or rock deposit shall be determined from Table B-1 of tl appendix.
- (3) **Actual slope**. (i) The actual slope shall not be steeper than the maximum allowable slope.
- (ii) The actual slope shall be less steep than the maximum allowable slope, when there are signs of distress. If that situation occur slope shall be cut back to an actual slope which is at least ½ horizontal to one vertical (½H:1V) less steep than the maximum allo slope.
- (iii) When surcharge loads from stored material or equipment, operating equipment, or traffic are present, a competent person sha determine the degree to which the actual slope must be reduced below the maximum allowable slope, and shall assure that such I achieved. Surcharge loads from adjacent structures shall be evaluated in accordance with § 1926.651(i).
- (4) Configurations. Configurations of sloping and benching systems shall be in accordance with Figure B-1.

TABLE B-1 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SLOPES

	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SLOPES (H:V)(1) FOR EXCAVATIONS LESS THAN 20 FEET DEEP(3)
STABLE ROCK	VERTICAL (90°)
TYPE A (2)	3/4:1 (53°)
TYPE B	1:1 (45°)
TYPE C	1 ½:1 (34°)

Footnote(1) Numbers shown in parentheses next to maximum allowable slopes are angles expressed in degrees from the horizontal. Angle rounded off.

Footnote(2) A short-term maximum allowable slope of 1/2H:1V (63°) is allowed in excavations in Type A soil that are 12 feed (3.67 m) or I depth. Short-term maximum allowable slopes for excavations greater than 12 feet (3.67 m) in depth shall be 3/4H:1V (53°).

Footnote(3) Sloping or benching for excavations greater than 20 feet deep shall be designed by a registered professional engineer.

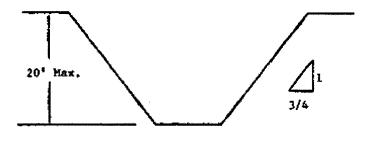
Figure B-1

Slope Configurations

(All slopes stated below are in the horizontal to vertical ratio)

B-1.1 Excavations made in Type A soil.

1. All simple slope excavation 20 feet or less in depth shall have a maximum allowable slope of 34:1.



SIMPLE SLOPE -- GENERAL

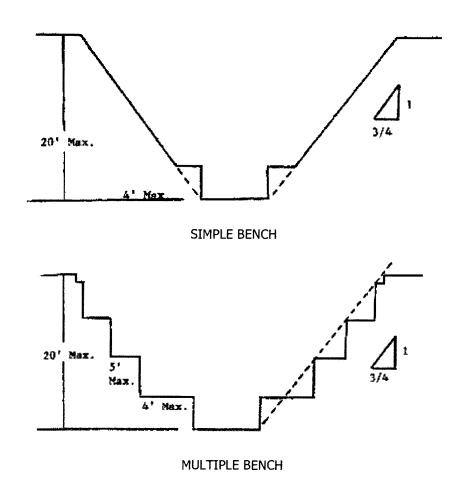
Exception: Simple slope excavations which are open 24 hours or less (short term) and which are 12 feet or less in depth shall have maximum allowable slope of $\frac{1}{2}$:1.



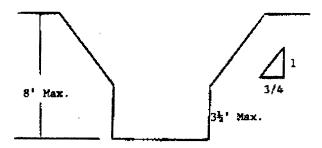
SIMPLE SLOPE -- SHORT TERM

2. All benched excavations 20 feet or less in depth shall have a maximum allowable slope of 3/4 to 1 and maximum bench dimens

follows:



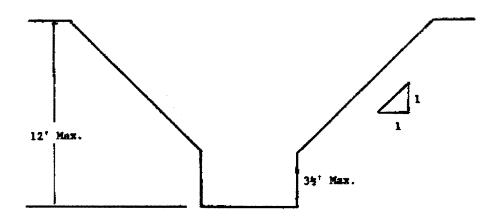
3. All excavations 8 feet or less in depth which have unsupported vertically sided lower portions shall have a maximum vertical side feet.



UNSUPPORTED VERTICALLY SIDED LOWER PORTION -- MAXIMUM 8 FEET IN DEPTH)

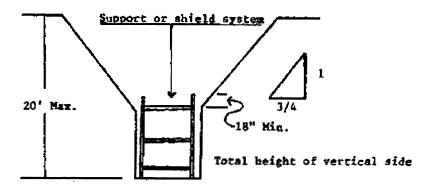
All excavations more than 8 feet but not more than 12 feet in depth with unsupported vertically sided lower portions shall have a rallowable slope of 1:1 and a maximum vertical side of 3½ feet.

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UNSUPPORTED VERTICALLY SIDED LOWER PORTION -- MAXIMUM 12 FEET IN DEPTH)

All excavations 20 feet or less in depth which have vertically sided lower portions that are supported or shielded shall have a maxinallowable slope of 34:1. The support or shield system must extend at least 18 inches above the top of the vertical side.

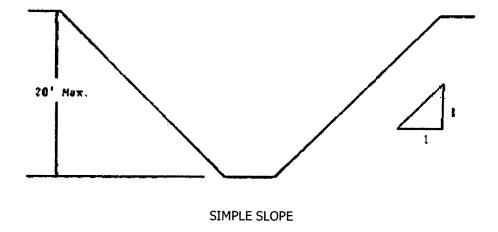


SUPPORTED OR SHIELDED VERTICALLY SIDED LOWER PORTION

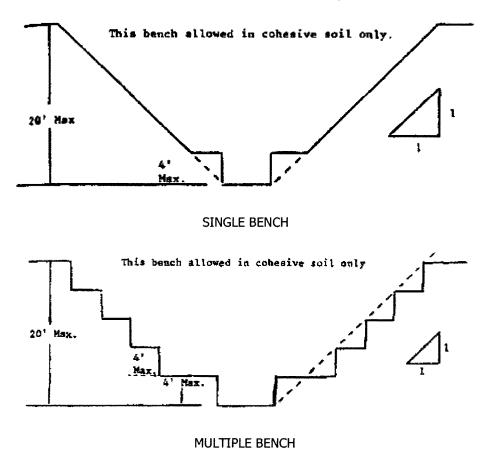
4. All other simple slope, compound slope, and vertically sided lower portion excavations shall be in accordance with the other opt permitted under § 1926.652(b).

B-1.2 Excavations Made in Type B Soil

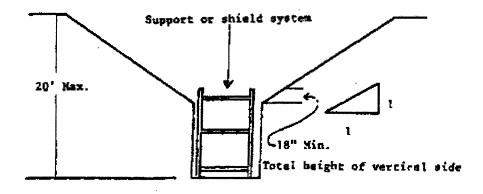
1. All simple slope excavations 20 feet or less in depth shall have a maximum allowable slope of 1:1.



2. All benched excavations 20 feet or less in depth shall have a maximum allowable slope of 1:1 and maximum bench dimensions



3. All excavations 20 feet or less in depth which have vertically sided lower portions shall be shielded or supported to a height at le inches above the top of the vertical side. All such excavations shall have a maximum allowable slope of 1:1.

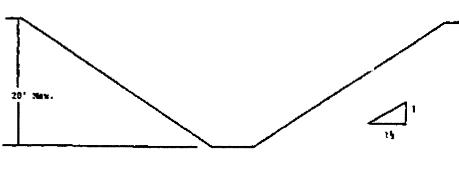


VERTICALLY SIDED LOWER PORTION

4. All other sloped excavations shall be in accordance with the other options permitted in § 1926.652(b).

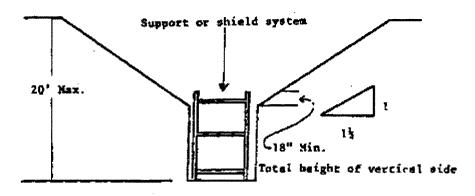
B-1.3 Excavations Made in Type C Soil

1. All simple slope excavations 20 feet or less in depth shall have a maximum allowable slope of 11/2:1.



SIMPLE SLOPE

2. All excavations 20 feet or less in depth which have vertically sided lower portions shall be shielded or supported to a height at k inches above the top of the vertical side. All such excavations shall have a maximum allowable slope of $1\frac{1}{2}$:1.

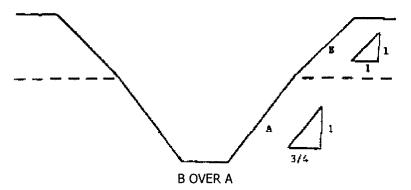


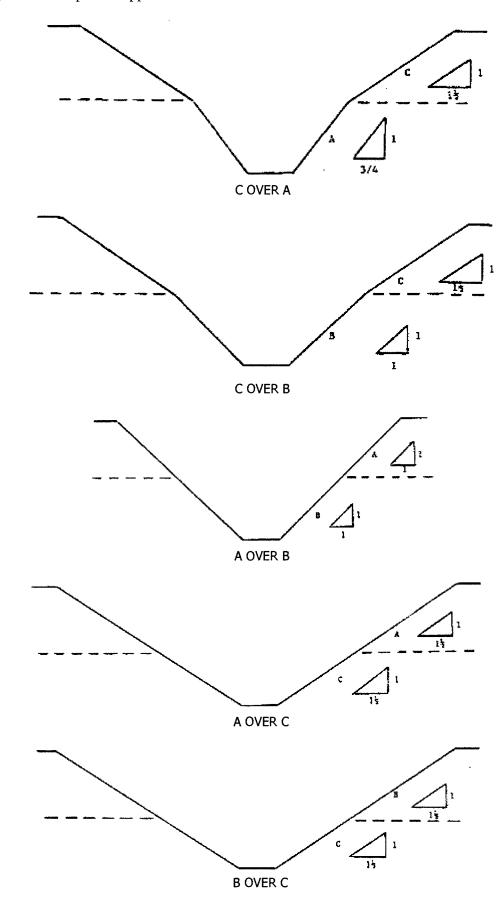
VERTICAL SIDED LOWER PORTION

3. All other sloped excavations shall be in accordance with the other options permitted in § 1926.652(b).

B-1.4 Excavations Made in Layered Soils

1. All excavations 20 feet or less in depth made in layered soils shall have a maximum allowable slope for each layer as set forth b





- 2. All other sloped excavations shall be in accordance with the other options permitted in § 1926.652(b).
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Selection of Protective Systems

The following figures are a graphic summary of the requirements contained in subpart P for excavations 20 feet or less in depth. Pro systems for use in excavations more than 20 feet in depth must be designed by a registered professional engineer in accordance wit 1926.652(b) and (c).

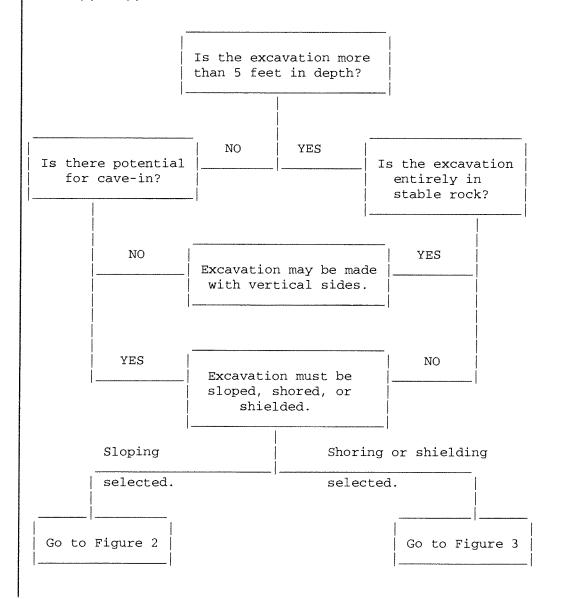


FIGURE 1 - PRELIMINARY DECISIONS

Sloping selected as the method of protection

Will soil classification be made in accordance with Sec. 1926.652(b)?

YES

NO

Excavation must comply with one of the following three options:

Option 1:

Sec. 1926.652(b)(3) which requires Appendices A and B to be followed

Option 2:

Sec. 1926.652(b)(3) which requires other tabulated data (see definition to be followed.

Option 3:

Sec. 1926.652(b)(4) which requires the excavation to be designed by a registered professional engineer.

Excavations must comply with Sec. 1926.652(b)(1) which requires a slope of 1 1/2 H:1V (34 deg.).

FIGURE 2 - SLOPING OPTIONS

Shoring or shielding selected as the method of protection.

Soil Classification is required when shoring or shielding is used. The excavation must comply with one of the following four options:

Option 1

Sec. 1926.652(c)(1) which requires Appendices A and C to be followed (e.g. timber shoring).

Option 2

Sec. 1926.652(c)(2) which requires manufacturers data to be followed (e.g. hydraulic shoring, trench jacks, air shores, shields).

Option 3

Sec. 1926.652(c)(3) which requires tabulated data (see definition) to be followed (e.g. any system as per the tabulated data).

Option 4

Sec. 1926.652(c)(4) which requires the excavation to be designed by a registered professional engineer (e.g. any designed system).

FIGURE 3 - SHORING AND SHIELDING OPTIONS

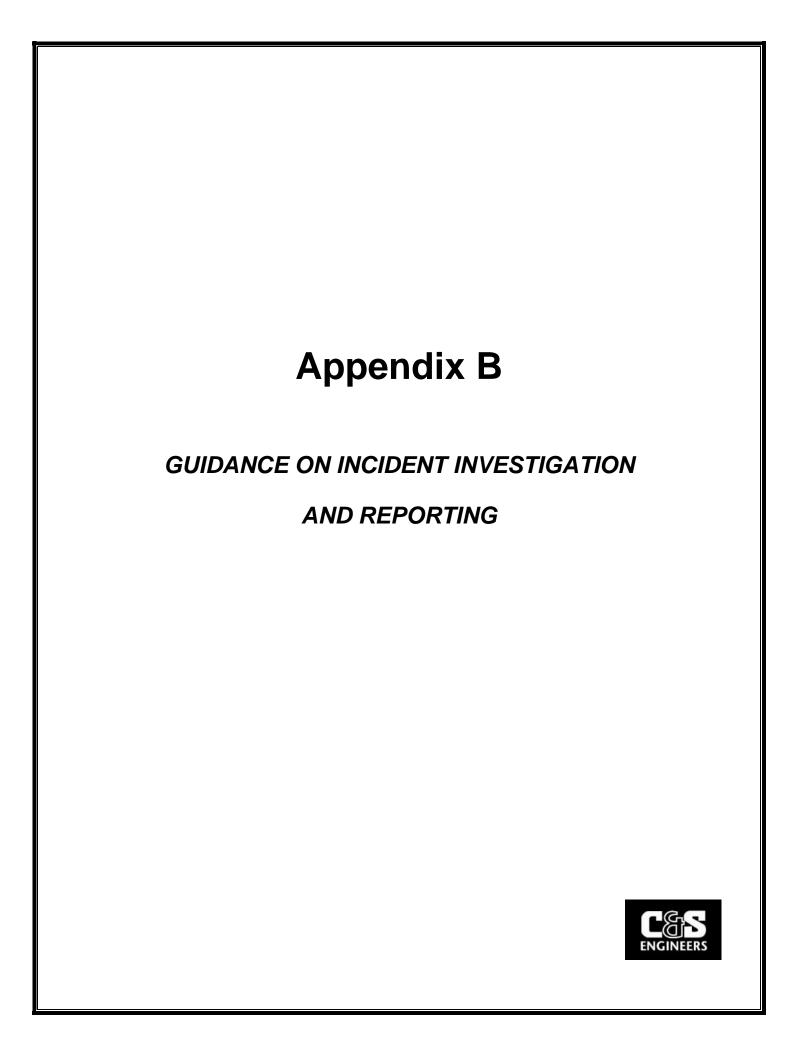
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3. Following the treatment and care of the injured employee, the emergency coordinator or his on-site designee and the project manager will initiate the completion of the first injury report. The Health & Safety Manager will assist.

Project Manager

- 1. Upon notification of a personal injury or illness on the job site, will notify C & S Engineers, Inc, President and Corporate Legal and C&S Companies Health and Safety Manager.
- 2. Will report to the worksite to initiate the first injury report.
- 3. Will report to the treatment facility to check on the well being of the injured employee. The project manager will ensure that the treatment facility is aware that this is a workers compensation case.
- 4. Will assist the Health and Safety Manager in the analysis of the incident.

Health & Safety Manager

- 1. Upon notification of the personal injury will determined if it is necessary to report to the treatment facility or the accident site, depending on the nature of the injuries and the circumstances of the accident.
- 2. Will report to the worksite to begin a root cause analysis investigation of the accident. The investigation may include interview of witnesses, field crew, and project manager, the photographing of the scene, reconstruction of the accident scene, using test instruments and taking measurements. The Health and Safety Manager may draw diagrams from the information learned.
- 3. The Health and Safety Manager will work with the owner/client as necessary to investigate the accident.
- 4. The Health & Safety manager will ensure that the site is safe to resume work.
- 5. The Health & Safety Manager shall initiate the New York State Compensation form requirements (C-2) and forward a copy of the C-2 to the C & S Engineers, Inc. controller for transmittal to the Compensation Carrier within 8 hrs of notification of the incident or by the end of the next business day.
- 6. The Health and Safety manager, upon completion of the investigation, will provide the Project Manager with a written investigative report (copy to the President)
- 7. The accident will be reviewed at the next Project Managers meeting with the intent to prevent further or similar events on other projects.
- 8. The Health & Safety Manager will assess the incident to determine OSHA record ability and make record if necessary on the OSHA 300 form, within five working days.

Incident Response

1.0 PURPOSE

To prevent the occurrence of accidents on C&S Engineers, Inc., work sites and to establish a procedure for investigation and reporting of incidents occurring in, or related to C&S work activities.

2.0 SCOPE

Applies to all incidents related to C&S Engineers, Inc. work activities.

3.0 **DEFINITIONS**

<u>Accident</u> - An undesired event resulting in personal injury and/or property damage, and/or equipment failure.

<u>Fatality</u> - An injury or illness resulting in death of the individual.

<u>Incident</u> - Any occurrence which results in, or could potentially result in, the need for medical care or property damage. Such incidents shall include lost time accidents or illness, medical treatment cases, unplanned exposure to toxic materials or any other significant occurrence resulting in property damage or in "near misses."

<u>Incidence Rate</u> - the number of injuries, illnesses, or lost workdays related to a common exposure base of 100 full-time workers. The rate is calculated as:

N/EH x 200,000

N = number of injuries and illnesses or lost workday cases; EH = total hours worked by all associates during calendar year. 200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<u>Injury</u> - An injury such as a cut, fracture, sprain, amputation, etc. which results from a work accident or from a single instantaneous event in the work environment.

<u>Lost Workday Case</u> - A lost workday case occurs when an injured or ill employee experiences days away from work beginning with the next scheduled work day. Lost workday cases do not occur unless the employee is effected beyond the day of injury or onset of illness.

<u>Recordable Illness</u> - An illness that results from the course of employment and must be entered on the OSHA 300 Log and Summary of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses. These illnesses require medical treatment and evaluation of work related injury. For example, dermatitis, bronchitis, irritation of eyes, nose, and throat can result from work and non-work related incidents.

<u>Recordable Injury</u> - An injury that results from the course of employment and must be entered on the OSHA 300 Log and Summary of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses. These injuries require medical treatment; may involve loss of consciousness; may result in restriction of work or motion or transfer to another job; or result in a fatality.

<u>Near Miss</u> - An incident which, if occurring at a different time or in a different personnel or equipment configuration, would have resulted in an incident.

4.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

<u>Employees</u> - It shall be the responsibility of all C&S Engineers, Inc. employees to report all incidents as soon as possible to the HSC, regardless of the severity.

<u>Human Resources</u> - has overall responsibility for maintaining accident/ incident reporting and investigations according to current regulations and recording injuries/ illness on the OSHA 300 log, and posting the OSHA 300 log.

<u>Emergency Coordinator</u> - It is the responsibility of the Emergency Coordinator to investigate and prepare an appropriate report of all accidents, illnesses, and incidents occurring on or related to C&S Engineers, Inc. work. The Emergency Coordinator shall complete Attachment A within 24 hours of the incident occurrence.

<u>Health and Safety Manager (HSM)</u> - It is the responsibility of the HSM to investigate and prepare an appropriate report of all lost time injuries and illnesses and significant incidents occurring on or related to C&S Companies. The HSM shall maintain the OSHA 300 form.

<u>Project Managers (PM)</u> - It shall be the PM's responsibility to promptly correct any deficiencies in personnel, training, actions, or any site or equipment deficiencies that were determined to cause or contribute to the incident investigated.

5.0 GUIDELINES

5.1 Incident Investigation

The Project Manager will immediately investigate the circumstances surrounding the incident and will make recommendations to prevent recurrence. The HSM shall be immediately notified by telephone if a serious accident/incident occurs. The incident shall be evaluated to determine whether it is OSHA recordable. If the incident is determined to be OSHA 300 recordable, it shall be entered on the OSHA 300 form.

The Project Manager with assistance from the HSM must submit to the office an incident report form pertaining to any incident resulting in injury or property damage.

5.2 Incident Report

The completed incident report must be completed by the Project Manager within 12 hours of the incident and distributed to the HSM, and Human Resources. This form shall be maintained by Human Resources for at least five years for all OSHA recordable cases. This form serves as an equivalent to the OSHA 101 form.

5.3 Incident Follow-up Report

The Incident Follow-Up Report (Attachment B) shall be distributed with the Incident Report within one week of the incident. Delay in filing this report shall be explained in a brief memorandum.

5.4 Reporting of Fatalities or Multiple Hospitalization Accidents

Fatalities or accidents resulting in the hospitalization of three or more employees must be reported to OSHA verbally or in writing within 8 hours. The report must contain 1) circumstances surrounding the accident(s), 2) the number of fatalities, and 3) the extent of any injuries.

5.5 OSHA 300A Summary Form

Recordable cases must be entered on the log within six workdays of receipt of the information that a recordable case has occurred. The OSHA log must be kept updated to within 45 calendar days.

OSHA 300 forms must be updated during the 5 year retention period, if there is a change in the extent or outcome of an injury or illness which affects an entry on a log. If a change is necessary, the original entry should be lined out and a corrected entry made on that log. New entries should be made for previously unrecorded cases that are discovered or for cases that initially weren't recorded but were found to be recordable after the end of the year. Log totals should also be modified to reflect these changes.

5.5.1 Posting

The log must be summarized at the end of the calendar year and the summary must be posted from February 1 through May 31.

5.6 OSHA 300A

Facilities selected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) to participate in surveys of occupational injuries and illnesses will receive the OSHA 300A. The data from the annual summary on the OSHA 300 log should be transferred to the OSHA 300A, other requested information provided and the form returned as instructed by the BLS.

5.7 Access to OSHA Records

All OSHA records (accident reporting forms and OSHA 300 logs) should be available for inspection and copying by authorized Federal and State government officials.

Employees, former employees, and their representatives must be given access for inspection and copying to only the log, OSHA No. 300, for the establishment in which the employee currently works or formerly worked.

6.0 REFERENCES

29 CFR Part 1904

7.0 ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A - Incident Investigation Form Attachment B - Incident Follow-Up Report

Attachment C - Establishing Recordability

ATTACHMENT A

INCIDENT INVESTIGATION FORM

Accident investigation should include:
Location:
Time of Day:
Accident Type:
Victim:
Nature of Injury:
Released Injury:
Hazardous Material:
Unsafe Acts:
Unsafe Conditions:
Policies, Decisions:
Personal Factors:
Environmental Factors:

ATTACHMENT B

Date
Foreman:
INCIDENT FOLLOW-UP REPORT
Date of Incident:
Site:
Brief description of incident:
Outcome of incident:
Physician's recommendations:
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Date the injured returned to work:
Project Manager Signature:
Date:

ATTACHMENT C

ESTABLISHING RECORDABILITY

1. Deciding whether to record a case and how to classify the case.

Determine whether a fatality, injury or illness is recordable.

A fatality is recordable if:

- Results from employment

An injury is recordable if:

- Results from employment and
- It requires medical treatment beyond first aid or
- Results in restricted work activity or job transfer, or
- Results in lost work day or
- Results in loss of consciousness

An illness is recordable if:

- It results from employment
- 2. Definition of "Resulting from Employment"

Resulting from employment is when the injury or illness results from an event or exposure in the work environment. The work environment is primarily composed of: 1) The employer's premises, and 2) other locations where associates are engaged in work-related activities or are present as a condition of their employment.

The employer's premises include company rest rooms, hallways, cafeterias, sidewalks and parking lots. Injuries occurring in these places are generally considered work related.

The employer's premises EXCLUDES employer controlled ball fields, tennis courts, golf courses, parks, swimming pools, gyms, and other similar recreational facilities, used by associates on a voluntary basis for their own benefit, primarily during off work hours.

Ordinary and customary commute, is not generally considered work related.

Employees injured or taken ill while engaged in consuming food, as part of a normal break or activity is not considered work related. Employees injured or taken ill as the result of smoking, consuming illegal drugs, alcohol or applying make up are generally not considered work related. Employee injured by un authorized horseplay is generally not considered work related, however, an employee injured as a result of a fight or other workplace violence act, may be considered work related.

Associates who travel on company business are considered to be engaged in work related activities all the time they spend in the interest of the company. This includes travel to and from customer contacts, and entertaining or being entertained for purpose of promoting or discussing business. Incidents occurring during normal living activities (eating, sleeping, recreation) or if the associate deviates from a reasonably direct route of travel are not considered OSHA recordable.

3. Distinction between Medical Treatment and First Aid.

First aid is defined as any one-time treatment, and any follow up visit for the purpose of observation, of minor scratches, cuts, burns, splinters, etc., which do not ordinarily require medical care. Such one time treatment, and follow up visit for the purpose of observation, is considered first aid even though provided by a physician or registered professional personnel.

Medical Treatment (recordable)

- a) They must be treated only by a physician or licensed medical personnel.
- b) They impair bodily function (i.e. normal use of senses, limbs, etc.).
- c) They result in damage to physical structure of a non superficial nature (fractures).
- d) They involve complications requiring follow up medical treatment.





APPENDIX C SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION REPORTS

April 8, 2017

Mr. Cody Martin
Project Manager
C & S Companies
141 Elm Street, Suite 100
Buffalo, NY 14203
Via email: Cody Martin <cmartin@cscos.com>

Re: Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733

Construction Completion Report for SSD System - Building 9

CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION REPORT

1. OVERVIEW

This document presents a construction report, performance evaluation, O&M advice and certification of effectiveness for the Sub-Slab Depressurization system (SSDS) installed by *Mitigation Tech* at 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733, Building 9, as commissioned March 27, 2017.

Following an SSD construction plan (dated October 18, 2016) informed by a general building assessment performed August 19, 2016, two multi-suction point SSD Systems were installed using principles and equipment typically used for soil vapor intrusion mitigation in buildings. The primary objective of implementing this preemptive measure was to mitigate potential intrusion of soil vapors. This would be achieved by maintaining a negative pressure of at least .002 water column inches (wci) below the slab relative to the air pressure above the slab. All work is in compliance with the NYS DOH document, "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006".

2. BUILDING ASSESSMENT AND SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION

Confirmatory sub-slab air communication testing was performed at job start March 21, 2017 to refine data obtained from the preliminary building assessment. Work continued with an analysis of appropriate locations for fans, suction cavities and other SSD system components. It was determined that two fan systems were more practicable than a single fan system. Both for physical protection and minimum impact on active use areas, riser pipes were surface mounted near columns or perimeter walls; horizontal pipe was installed as close to ceiling and established raceways as possible. Work was coordinated with client to minimize disturbance of work areas, relocate obstacles and control dust. Vacuum and air flow measurements were performed continuously during construction to ensure integrity of design. Various fans were evaluated in place and in combination to determine the most effective configuration. At commissioning, all components inspected for condition and proper operation. Premises left in clean condition.

Key on site personnel were Aaron Hurysz and Robert Beck, both highly experienced soil vapor intrusion technicians. Weather conditions were favorable. Daily tailgate meetings were held to review the daily work objectives and relevant aspects of the Health & Safety Plan. No accidents or incidents occurred during the construction.

3. SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- 3.1. Introduction. The SSDS is maintaining sub-slab vacuum at all subject areas. The system consists of (2) sidewall mounted fans connected by manifold piping to vapor extraction points. The system was constructed using principles and equipment typically used for radon mitigation in buildings as detailed in the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) EPA 402-K-03-007 (May 2006), and the final NYSDOH Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York (October 2006). The SSDS was installed as a permanent, integral addition to the structure. The key components of the SSDS are described below and are shown on an asbuilt diagram labeled "Sub-Slab System Diagram."
- 3.2. Suction Points. The suction points consists of a 5" core boring into the slab through which 1-2 cubic feet of sub-slab material has been removed. Mechanically suspended 3" SCH 40 PVC pipe has been inserted into the boring and sealed with urethane sealant.
- 3.3. Riser Piping. The riser piping consists of 3" SCH 40 PVC pipe that follows a route from the extraction point to a 4" trunk line, then to the exterior mounted vacuum fan. Weatherproof flashing or sealant has been applied to all penetrations. Vent pipes were installed at a pitch that ensures that any rainwater or condensation within the pipes drains downward into the ground beneath the slab. Piping is independently supported, and not supported from existing building mechanical systems. Piping is labeled at each level as "Sub-Slab Vent". Piping is connected using manufacturer's approved methods.
- 3.4. Exhaust Fans. Exhaust fans has been field selected for specific performance properties. Models: 1) Festa Radon Technologies "Force" producing 4.5 wci at 55 CFM, at 300 watts; 2) RADONAWAY RP-265, producing 2.0 wci at 50 CFM, at 120 watts. Fans have an exterior disconnect switch. Fans are mounted with rubber Fernco couplings, for simplified replacement. No air intakes are present within 10' of the exhaust points.
- 3.5. Instrumentation and Control. There is no centralized instrumentation or control for the SSDS. The fans can be switched either from the adjacent positioned disconnect or at the marked breakers #36 and #42 on the panel box centrally located on the east wall. The exhaust fan systems are equipped with a vacuum indicator mounted in a visible location on a riser pipe per the attached schematic. The indicator consists of an oil filled U-tube style manometer. The indicator can be inspected by observing the level of colored fluid. The indicator is designed primarily to give a simple visual check that vacuum is present in the riser pipe, specifically by observation that the fluid levels on each side of the indicator are not even. Indicator is marked at level observed on March 27, 2017.
- 3.6 Sealing measures. Polyurethane sealants have been applied to control joints, floor cracks and slab penetrations to enhance the barrier between sub-slab and ambient air and improve the efficiency of the SSD System. Smoke testing has been employed to guide sealing operations. Materials used include Sika Sikaflex 1c-SLself-leveling joint sealant and Sika1a Sealant.
- 3.7 Monitoring Points. Monitoring Points are indicated on the system diagram. These consist of $\frac{3}{4}$ drill points through the slab into which a digital micromanometer probe can be inserted. They are semi-permanently closed with backer and urethane sealant. These were established to aid in original system design and confirmatory testing, and in some cases are difficult to access. The primary future use would be in recertification of system effectiveness.

3.8 System Configuration (see attached schematic for component locations)

Basic Systems

- West System FESTA RADON TECHNOLOGIES "Force" centrifugal blower, roof level sidewall exhaust; w/ (3) dedicated suction points, main plant, per attached schematic
- East System RADONAWAY RP-265 centrifugal blower roof level sidewall exhaust; w/ (2) dedicated suction points, main plant, per attached schematic

Common Elements:

- Comprehensive diagnostics to optimize component type and placement
- Suction points as follows: connection via 3" Schedule 40 PVC pipe, to cavity in subslab, with urethane seal; access hole to suction cavity by 5"core drill; suction cavity to consists of approximately 1 cu. ft. excavated material in sub-slab
- Proportioning valves for suction risers where required
- All exhaust points minimum 10' from any air intakes
- Exterior switch and *Sealtight* and/or MC conduit from fan housing to building interior; connection to panel with EMT or MC conduit
- U-tube style vacuum indicator per system, on vertical pipe run
- Urethane sealant with closed cell backer at slab joints, accessible cracks and penetrations
- Horizontal pipe as high as practicable, with metal bracketing direct to structure, sloped as required, above drop ceiling where applicable
- (6) vacuum test points to verify pressure extension field
- At completion, perform backdraft testing, measure pressure differentials and document; label components and provide system description and operational instructions
- Consult with client to develop operation, maintenance and periodic inspection plan
- Two year warranty; labor, installed components and sub-slab depressurization to objective (or greater); warranty is transferable and assignable to future owners of the building.

3.9 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Measurement date – March 27, 2017 - In order to verify system effectiveness and as a performance evaluation, test points were established at various distances from the suction cavities suitable to verify that the sub-slab of the subject area was being depressurized at least to the objective. See schematic for point locations.

TP #	Value (neg wci)
1	.014
2	.023
3	.007
4	.014
5	.012
6	.014

East system vacuum gauge value --- 2.0 wci West system vacuum gauge value --- 4.5 wci 4.

SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM OPERATION

- 4.1. The fans should be kept in continuous operation. New York State Soil Vapor Intrusion Guidance (2006) specifies that operation, maintenance and monitoring of the SSD system should be included as part of site management.
- 4.2. Reset. Fans restart automatically in event of power loss.
- 4.3. In the event of unusual fan noise, failure to start, physical damage, or repeated circuit breaker trip, turn fan off and call for service. MITIGATION TECH 800-637-9228
- 4.4. Regularly inspect system oil filled U-tube type manometers to verify that value, indicated by a mark on the gauge, has not changed significantly from the position of the mark. Gauge is inspected by observing the level of colored fluid.
- 4.5. Normal system operation requires unchanged structural conditions. Report any changes in structure, HVAC systems, slab conditions, etc., so that the change can be evaluated for impact on the SSD System. For service, call MITIGATION TECH at 800-637-9228
- 4.6. Ensure that a periodic inspection is performed

5. SSD SYSTEM PERFORMANCE MONITORING RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1. Monthly Monitoring

- 5.1.1. Inspect fan vacuum indicator to verify that value, indicated by a mark on the gauge, has not changed significantly from the position of the mark. Gauge is inspected by observing the level of colored fluid.
- 5.1.2. Record the observed measurement for each fan vacuum indicator on form labeled "SSD System Vacuum Gauge Record". Store all forms in the facility maintenance office.
- 5.1.3. Inspect visible components of SSD system for degraded condition.
- 5.1.4. For reporting, call MITIGATION TECH at 800-637-9228

5.2. Annual Inspection

- 5.2.1. Conduct a visual inspection of the complete System (e.g., vent fans, piping, warning devices, labeling)
- 5.2.2. Inspect all components for condition and proper operation;
- 5.2.3. Identify and repair any leaks in accordance with Sections 4.3.1(a) and 4.3.4(a) of the NYS DOH VI Guidance (i.e.; with the systems running, use smoke sticks to check for leaks through concrete cracks, floor joints and at the suction points; any leaks will be resealed until smoke is no longer observed flowing through the opening).
- 5.2.4. Inspect the exhaust or discharge point of each exhaust fan to verify that no air intakes have been located within 10 feet
- 5.2.5. Conduct pressure field extension testing (to ensure that the system is maintaining a vacuum beneath the entire slab). Perform a differential pressure reading at least one vacuum test point.
- 5.2.6. Interview appropriate building occupants seeking comments and observations regarding the operation of the System

April 9, 2017

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5.2.7. Check to see that the circuit breakers controlling the circuits on which the soil vapor vent fans operate are labeled "Soil Vapor System"

5.3. Annual Certification of Effectiveness

5.3.1. Upon completion of the tasks outlined in section 5.2 above, the installing contractor should submit a Certification of Effectiveness document, stating that the SSD system continues to perform to the purpose for which it was designed.

6. SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

6.1. Routine Maintenance

- 6.1.1. Perform procedures as specified in sections 5.2 and 5.3
- 6.1.2. There are no routine component replacement procedures; Replace components upon findings of damage or failure

6.2. Non-Routine Maintenance

- 6.2.1. Non-routine maintenance may also be appropriate during the operation of the mitigation system. Examples of such situations include the following:
- 6.2.2. It is determined through inspection or notification by others that the vacuum gauge indicates the mitigation system is not operating properly
- 6.2.3. the mitigation system becomes damaged
- 6.2.4. the building has undergone renovations that may reduce the effectiveness of the mitigation system.

Certification

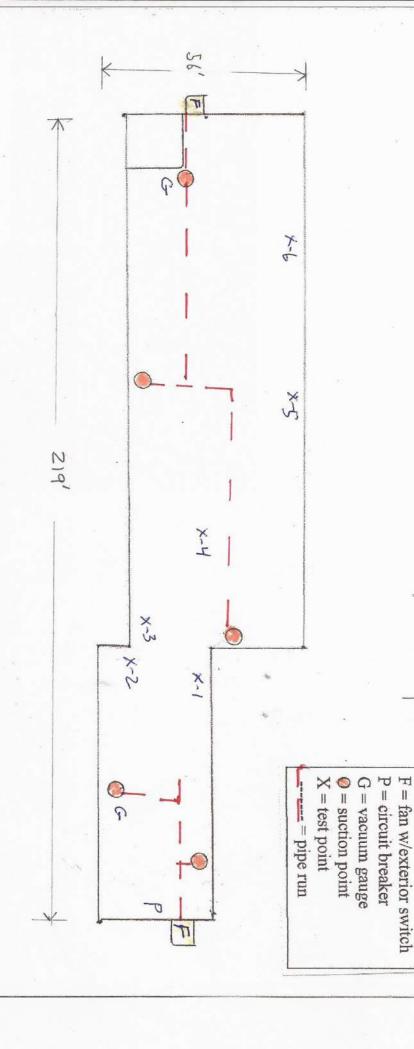
I hereby certify that the SSD Systems at this location are installed properly and are effective in achieving the above stated objective.

End of Report

Thank you

Nicholas E. Mouganis EPA listing # 15415-I; NEHA ID# 100722

55 SHUMWAY ROAD, BROCKPORT, NEW YORK, 14420 * OFFICE/FAX 585-637-7430



Legend

SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION

SYSTEM

Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733 Installed by: Mitigation Tech, 55 Shumway Rd., Brockport, NY 14420 Date of Completion: March 27, 2017 Phone: 1-800-637-9228

SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM

Building #9 - SSDS

October 12, 2017

Mr. Cody Martin Project Manager C & S Companies 141 Elm Street, Suite 100 Buffalo, NY 14203 *Via email: Cody Martin <cmartin@cscos.com>*

Re: Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733

Construction Completion Report for SSD System - Building 5 & 6

CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION REPORT

1. **OVERVIEW**

This document presents a construction report, performance evaluation, O&M advice and certification of effectiveness for the Sub-Slab Depressurization (SSDS) and Crawlspace Ventilation System (CVS) installed by Mitigation Tech at 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733, Buildings 5 & 6, as commissioned August 4, 2017.

Following a Design/Build SSD construction plan (dated April 4, 2017) and modified based on continuing assessments performed during construction, five single suction point SSD Systems were installed using principles and equipment typically used for soil vapor intrusion mitigation in buildings. The primary objective of implementing this preemptive measure was to mitigate potential intrusion of soil vapors. This would be achieved by maintaining a negative pressure of at least .002 water column inches (wci) below the slab relative to the air pressure above the slab, specifically in the sub-slab compartments in the southernmost sections of the buildings. All work is in compliance with the NYS DOH document, "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006".

2. **BUILDING ASSESSMENT AND SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION**

Extensive sub-slab air communication testing and building assessment was performed at job start to refine data obtained from the preliminary building assessment. Both building #5 and #6 are characterized by systems of sub-slab structural arches and grade beams crisscrossing in a north to south and east to west pattern. The sub-slab spaces are either inaccessible or difficult to access.

In the case of Building #5, extensive backfilling has occurred over time, mostly via concrete patch, so that soil is present immediately below the surface in the central and northernmost portions of the foundation. The southernmost section is an open crawlspace with a dirt floor, wet in many sections. Four east to west grade beams define five compartments. We determined that active ventilation of southernmost sub-slab compartment bounded by Buildings #4 and #6A would constitute a zone of defense to intercept soil vapor migrating from the south. This would also

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create some limited depressurization north of the first grade beam. In the case of Building #6, the sub-space of is in essence a crawlspace and ventilation is the most appropriate strategy to divert vapors from the building interior.

It was determined that five independent fan systems were necessary and practicable for creating sufficient air flow and exchange. Work continued with an analysis of appropriate locations for fans, suction cavities and other SSD system components. Both for physical protection and minimum impact on active use areas, riser pipes were surface mounted on exterior walls. Work was coordinated with client to minimize disturbance of work areas, relocate obstacles and control dust. Vacuum and air flow measurements were performed continuously during construction to ensure integrity of design. Various fans were evaluated in place and in combination to determine the most effective configuration. At commissioning, all components inspected for condition and proper operation. Premises left in clean condition.

Key on site personnel were Aaron Hurysz and Robert Beck, both highly experienced soil vapor intrusion technicians. Weather conditions were favorable. Daily tailgate meetings were held to review the daily work objectives and relevant aspects of the Health & Safety Plan. No accidents or incidents occurred during the construction.

3. SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- 3.1. Introduction. The SSDS/CVS is maintaining sub-slab vacuum at all subject areas. The system consists of (5) sidewall mounted fans connected to vapor extraction points. The system was constructed using principles and equipment typically used for radon mitigation in buildings as detailed in the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) EPA 402-K-03-007 (May 2006), and the final NYSDOH Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York (October 2006). The SSDS was installed as a permanent, integral addition to the structure. The key components of the SSDS are described below and are shown on an as-built diagram labeled "Sub-Slab System Diagram."
- 3.2. Suction Points. The suction points consists of a 10" core boring into the slab directly to crawlspace voids. Mechanically suspended 8" SCH 40 PVC pipe has been inserted into the boring and sealed with urethane sealant.
- 3.3. Riser Piping. The riser piping consists of 8" SCH 40 PVC pipe that follows a route from the extraction point to the exterior mounted vacuum fan. Weatherproof flashing or sealant has been applied to all penetrations. Vent pipes were installed at a pitch that ensures that any rainwater or condensation within the pipes drains downward into the ground beneath the slab. Piping is independently supported, and not supported from existing building mechanical systems. Piping is labeled at each level as "Sub-Slab Vent". Piping is connected using manufacturer's approved methods.
- 3.4. Exhaust Fans. Exhaust fans has been field selected for specific performance properties. Model: RADONAWAY RP-380 producing 5.0 wci at 350 CFM, at 140 watts. Fans have an exterior disconnect switch. Fans are mounted with rubber Fernco couplings, for simplified replacement.
- 3.5. Instrumentation and Control. There is no centralized instrumentation or control for the SSDS. The fans can be switched either from the adjacent positioned disconnect or at the marked breakers on the panel box centrally located. (Labeled "P" on schematic) The exhaust fan systems are equipped with a vacuum indicator mounted in a visible location near the riser pipe per the attached schematic. The indicator consists of a dial style manometer, Dwyer Model 5001 or oil filled U-tube. The indicator can be inspected by observing the position of the dial needle or oil level. (Labeled "G" on schematic) The indicator is designed primarily to give a simple visual check that vacuum is present in the riser pipe. Indicator is marked at level observed on August 4, 2017.
- 3.6 Sealing measures. Polyurethane sealants have been applied to control joints, floor cracks and slab penetrations to enhance the barrier between sub-slab and ambient air and improve the efficiency of the SSD System.

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Smoke testing has been employed to guide sealing operations. Materials used include Sika Sikaflex 1c-SLself-leveling joint sealant and Sika1a Sealant.

- 3.7 Monitoring Points. Monitoring Points are indicated on the system diagram. These consist of $\frac{3}{4}$ drill points through the slab into which a digital micromanometer probe can be inserted. They are semi-permanently closed with backer and urethane sealant. These were established to aid in original system design and confirmatory testing, and in some cases are difficult to access. The primary future use would be in recertification of system effectiveness.
- 3.8 System Configuration (see attached schematic for component locations)

Furnish and Install:

- <u>Building 5</u> east to west space defined by south perimeter wall and southernmost east to west interior footer (2) RADONAWAY RP-380 high air flow blowers, sidewall mount, to provide sub-slab ventilation via 8" schedule 40 PVC; to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust, with rubber connector fittings
- <u>Building 6</u> (includes influence at Building #5 sump room) (3) RADONAWAY RP-380 high air flow blowers, sidewall mount, to provide sub-slab ventilation via 8" schedule 40 PVC; to conduct soil vapor from riser pipes to exhaust fan roof exhaust, with rubber connector fittings
- Evaluate and repair as necessary, foundation vents and openings (some left open to allow for controlled through ventilation)
- Continuous building assessment and sub-slab vacuum measurement to optimize design
- Pre-construction consultation to obtain approval for component placements
- All interior pipe SCH 40 PVC with appropriate metal hangers, riser clamps, and additional
 accessories to properly attach components directly to structural members; sloped as required;
 routing to avoid interference with other building systems
- Exterior switch and *Sealtight* and/or MC conduit from fan housing to nearest electrical panel; extra cost if panel has insufficient capacity; final panel hookup by others at other's expense
- (5) Magnahelic Series 5001 vacuum indicators
- Urethane sealant at slab joints, accessible cracks and penetrations; backer where necessary
- At completion, perform backdraft testing, label components and provide system description and operating instructions
- At completion, confirm pressure differentials
- Consult with client representatives to develop operation, maintenance and periodic inspection plan
- Two year warranty; labor, installed components and sub-slab depressurization to objective (or greater)

3.9 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Measurement date – August 7, 2017 - In order to verify system effectiveness and as a performance evaluation, test points were established at various distances from the suction cavities suitable to verify that the sub-slab of the subject area was being depressurized at least to the objective. See schematic for point locations. (Labeled "TP" on schematic) Downward movement of test smoke was observed at each location and in addition, negative pressure values of -.004 or better were observed.

4. SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM OPERATION

- 4.1. The fans should be kept in continuous operation. New York State Soil Vapor Intrusion Guidance (2006) specifies that operation, maintenance and monitoring of the SSD system should be included as part of site management.
- 4.2. Reset. Fans restart automatically in event of power loss.
- 4.3. In the event of unusual fan noise, failure to start, physical damage, or repeated circuit breaker trip, turn fan off and call for service. MITIGATION TECH 800-637-9228
- 4.4. Regularly inspect system dial manometers to verify that value, indicated by a mark on the gauge, has not changed significantly from the position of the mark.
- 4.5. Normal system operation requires unchanged structural conditions. Report any changes in structure, HVAC systems, slab conditions, etc., so that the change can be evaluated for impact on the SSD System. For service, call MITIGATION TECH at 800-637-9228
- 4.6. Ensure that a periodic inspection is performed

5. SSD SYSTEM PERFORMANCE MONITORING RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1. Monthly Monitoring

- 5.1.1. Inspect fan vacuum indicator to verify that value, indicated by a mark on the gauge, has not changed significantly from the position of the mark.
- 5.1.2. Record the observed measurement for each fan vacuum indicator on form labeled "SSD System Vacuum Gauge Record". Store all forms in the facility maintenance office.
- 5.1.3. Inspect visible components of SSD system for degraded condition.
- 5.1.4. For reporting, call MITIGATION TECH at 800-637-9228

5.2. Annual Inspection

- 5.2.1. Conduct a visual inspection of the complete System (e.g., vent fans, piping, warning devices, labeling)
- 5.2.2. Inspect all components for condition and proper operation;
- 5.2.3. Identify and repair any leaks in accordance with Sections 4.3.1(a) and 4.3.4(a) of the NYS DOH VI Guidance (i.e.; with the systems running, use smoke sticks to check for leaks through concrete cracks, floor joints and at the suction points; any leaks will be resealed until smoke is no longer observed flowing through the opening).
- 5.2.4. Inspect the exhaust or discharge point of each exhaust fan to verify that no air intakes have been located within 10 feet
- 5.2.5. Conduct pressure field extension testing (to ensure that the system is maintaining a vacuum beneath the entire slab). Perform a differential pressure reading at least one vacuum test point.
- 5.2.6. Interview appropriate building occupants seeking comments and observations regarding the operation of the System

October 12, 2017

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5.2.7. Check to see that the circuit breakers controlling the circuits on which the soil vapor vent fans operate are labeled "Soil Vapor System"

5.3. Annual Certification of Effectiveness

5.3.1. Upon completion of the tasks outlined in section 5.2 above, the installing contractor should submit a Certification of Effectiveness document, stating that the SSD system continues to perform to the purpose for which it was designed.

6. SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

6.1. Routine Maintenance

- 6.1.1. Perform procedures as specified in sections 5.2 and 5.3
- 6.1.2. There are no routine component replacement procedures; Replace components upon findings of damage or failure

6.2. Non-Routine Maintenance

- 6.2.1. Non-routine maintenance may also be appropriate during the operation of the mitigation system. Examples of such situations include the following:
- 6.2.2. It is determined through inspection or notification by others that the vacuum gauge indicates the mitigation system is not operating properly
- 6.2.3. the mitigation system becomes damaged
- 6.2.4. the building has undergone renovations that may reduce the effectiveness of the mitigation system.

Certification

I hereby certify that the SSD Systems at this location are installed properly and are effective in achieving the above stated objective.

Thank you

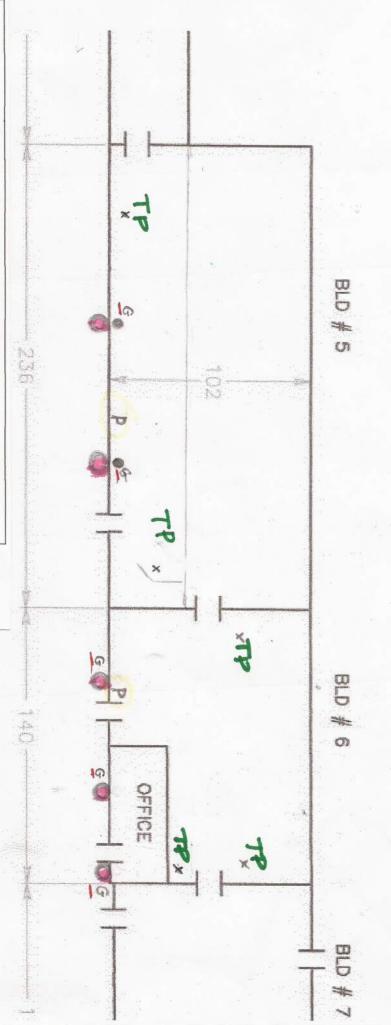
Nicholas E. Mouganis EPA listing # 15415-I; NEHA ID# 100722

55 SHUMWAY ROAD, BROCKPORT, NEW YORK, 14420 * OFFICE/FAX 585-637-7430

O = FAN/SUCTION POINT

G-GAUGE P- PANEL

TP = VACUUM TEST POINT



SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION/VENTILATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM Jamestown Container Companies – 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY 14733 Buildings #5 & #6

Installed by: Mitigation Tech, 55 Shumway Rd., Brockport, NY 14420 Date of Completion: August 4, 2017

APPENDIX E SSDS INSPECTION REPORTS

INSPECTION REPORT

November 24, 2020

Mr. Cody Martin Project Manager C & S Companies 141 Elm Street, Suite 100 Buffalo, NY 14203 Via email: Cody Martin <cmartin@cscos.com>

Re: Jamestown Container Companies – Building 9, 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY Inspection Report for Sub-slab Depressurization System

For work completed October 30, 2020

- 1. Conducted a visual inspection of the complete System (e.g., vent fan, piping, warning device, labeling on systems, etc.): SATISFACTORY
- 2. Conducted an inspection of all surfaces to which vacuum is applied: SATISFACTORY
- 3. Inspected all components for condition and proper operation: SATISFACTORY
- 4. Identify and repair any leaks: NO LEAKS OBSERVED
- 5. Inspect the exhaust or discharge point to verify that no air intakes have been located nearby: NO AIR INTAKES WITHIN TEN FEET
- 6. Conduct an airstream velocity measurement: **SATISFACTORY**
- 7. Conduct pressure field extension testing (to ensure that the system is maintaining a vacuum beneath the entire slab): SATISFACTORY
- 8. Interview an appropriate individual seeking comments and observations regarding the operation of the System: SATISFACTORY

Thank you

Nicholas E. Mouganis EPA listing # 15415-I; NEHA ID# 100722 ***mitigationtech.com

INSPECTION REPORT

November 24, 2020

Mr. Cody Martin Project Manager C & S Companies 141 Elm Street, Suite 100 Buffalo, NY 14203 Via email: Cody Martin <cmartin@cscos.com>

Re: Jamestown Container Companies - Buildings 5&6, 65 South Dow St., Falconer, NY Inspection Report for Sub-slab Ventilation System

For work completed October 30, 2020

- 1. Conducted a visual inspection of the complete System (e.g., vent fan, piping, warning device, labeling on systems, etc.): SATISFACTORY
- 2. Conducted an inspection of all surfaces to which vacuum is applied: SATISFACTORY
- 3. Inspected all components for condition and proper operation: SATISFACTORY
- 4. Identify and repair any leaks: NO LEAKS OBSERVED
- 5. Inspect the exhaust or discharge points to verify that no air intakes have been located nearby: NO AIR INTAKES WITHIN TEN FEET
- 6. Conduct an airstream velocity measurement: **SATISFACTORY**
- 7. Conduct pressure field extension testing (to ensure that the system is maintaining a vacuum beneath the slab sections per CCR dated 10.17.17): PROVISIONAL SATISFACTORY Test points showed a decline from previous measurements and in some cases a positive pressure differential, attributed to seasonal change of measurement timing and large unsealed openings on north side of foundation. Plant manager subsequently had openings sealed. Recommend subsequent testing during the heating season.
- 8. Interview an appropriate individual seeking comments and observations regarding the operation of the System: SATISFACTORY

Thank you

Nicholas E. Mouganis EPA listing # 15415-I; NEHA ID# 100722 ***mitigationtech.com