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Restoration Monitoring Report – 1stYear

Pfohl Brothers Landfill Town of Cheektowaga, Erie County, NY

October 11, 2003

Ecological Solutions, LLC

Prepared For:

Sevenson Environmental Services, Inc. c/o Gordon McDonald – Wetland Ecologist 26 Rustic Mall Manville, NJ 08835 (908) – 243 - 0320 $Restoration\ Monitoring\ Report-1 st Year$

Pfohl Brothers Landfill Town of Cheektowaga, Erie County, NY

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Prepared by:

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

Sevenson Environmental Services (SES) has prepared this monitoring report in accordance with the work plan for the Pfohl Brothers Landfill closure on Aero Drive in the Town of Cheektowaga, New York. The restoration involved installing plants along an approximate 2,000 linear foot stretch along the north end of the siteand consisted of three habitat types: emergent wetlands, wet meadow, and upland transition zone. The entire restoration measured approximately 3.0 acres. The restoration area was graded in the spring and summer of 2002 and plants were installed during September 2002 in accordance with the work plan.

SES is implementing the first year of a two - year monitoring plan to assess the relative success of the restoration effort. The purpose of this monitoring plan is to evaluate the success of the wetland/upland transition restoration area by measuring the vegetation and hydrology within the landscaped areas. This report describes the results of the monitoring study performed by Ecological Solutions, LLC (ES), at the Pfohl Brothers Landfill restoration site one year after construction.

The monitoring study consisted of the measurement of vegetation within forty plots measuring approximately 3' X 3' along a 2,000 (+-) foot transect that encompassed the emergent wetland, wet meadow and upland transition zone of the restoration area. These plots were examined in relation to the landscaping design prepared by Conestoga – Rovers & Associates and plant material installed by Southern Tier Consulting in September 2002. Hydrology and habitat measurements were also recorded in the restoration area.

1.2 Wetland Restoration Objectives and Performance Goals

The general goal of the restoration effort was to establish wetland and upland transition community conditions along existing adjacent wetlands through grading, the addition of hydric soil material, and planting of the wetland/upland restoration zone. The overall goal of the monitoring plan is to evaluate the relative success of the wetland and upland transition zone restoration effort in meeting criteria specified in the work plan. The specific performance goal pertaining to the planting suggested in the work plan is as follows:

■ The restoration effort shall have a minimum of at least 75% cover of the restoration area at the end of the first year of monitoring (2003);

- The restoration effort shall have a minimum of at least 85% cover of the restoration area and 75% survival rate of planted species at the end of the second year of monitoring (2004), and;
- Wetland frequency indicator values must be less than or equal to the following values by wetland type: Emergent Wetland = 3.00 and Wet Meadow = 3.00 at the end of the first year.

The success of the restoration depends on adequate hydrology to support the plantings and the use of the wetland/upland transition area as suitable habitat by wildlife. The creation of a functioning wetland/upland transition zone by the end of the two-year monitoring period is the ultimate goal of the restoration area and is reviewed in this monitoring report.

2.0 METHODOLOGY

2.1 Study Area

The Pfohl Brothers Landfill site is located on Aero Drive in the Town of Cheektowaga, Erie County, New York (Figure 2.1). The site is bordered on the north by Aero Creek and on the south by the landfill. The wetland restoration area extends east to west approximately 2,000 feet.

Figure 2.1 Location Map

2.2 Field Sampling Procedures

2.2.1 Hydrology

For this report, hydrologic data were obtained through characterization and measurement of surface water storage monthly from April through October 2003. The hydrologic data collected during this years monitoring effort is provided in Table 3.1-3.

Water levels were determined through the monitoring of two staff gages located within the wetland restoration (emergent/wet meadow cover types). Water levels at each of the staff gage locations were recorded once per month from April through October 2003. Monitoring will resume once per month beginning in April 2004.

2.2.2 Vegetation and Habitat

Community type and character were determined by calculating the wetland frequency indicator value, status number, and percent cover of the dominant plant species in forty plots located along a transect in the restoration area during 2003 as shown in Table 3.1-2. The Average Status Number (ASN) for each plot in both the emergent wetland and wet meadow habitat types was also calculated and is also shown in Table 3.1-2.

2.3 Assessment of the Ecological Stability of the Restoration Area

The ecological stability of the restoration area was assessed using information gathered during the field surveys in 2003, as described in Sections 2.2.1 and 2.2.2. Factors evaluated through observation include:

- Hydrologic stability;
- Vegetative diversity;
- Relative health and vigor of dominant indicator plant species in each community;
- Presence of undesirable aggressive plant species, and;
- Degree of soil saturation and/or surface water elevation.

Relative height and vigor of dominant plant species was assessed by visual observation of plant material. Presence and abundance of undesirable aggressive plant species, such as purple loosestrife was recorded during general fieldwork.

3.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.1 General Observations

The Pfohl Brothers Landfill restoration area was observed to be in conformance with the approved work plan. The restoration was established with three functioning zones or wetland habitat types - emergent wetland, wet meadow, and an upland transition zone. A total of 34 species were identified in the emergent wetland, wetland meadow, and upland transition zone (see Table 3.1-1). The dominant species observed in the restoration area were Speckled Alder, Red Osier Dogwood, Grey Dogwood, Elderberry, Staghorn Sumac, Pussy Willow, American Cranberry Bush, Black Chokeberry, and Buttonbush. Emergent vegetation was dominated by soft rush and tussock sedge in the restoration area.

Table 3.1-4 lists the depths of water at the two staff gages as measured during the monitoring events.

Table 3.1-1 Plant Species Inventory Pfohl Brothers Landfill Restoration Area 1st - Year Post-Construction - 2003

Scientific Name Status (a) Category (b)	Common Name
Alnus rugosa (OBL) ¹ (NE) ²	Speckled Alder
Cornus sericea (FACW) (NE)	Red-Osier dogwood
Cephalanthus occidentalis (OBL) (NE)	Buttonbush
Cornus racemosa (FACW) (NE)	Grey Dogwood
Sambucus canadensis (FACW) (NE)	Elderberry
Viburnum trilobum (FACW) (NE)	American Cranberry Bush
Carex crinita (FACW) (NE)	Fringed Sedge
Aronia melanocarpa (FACW) (NE)	Black Chokeberry
Rhus typhina (FACU) (NO)	Staghorn Sumac

¹Indicator Status: OBL = Obligate Wetland (1.0), FACW = Facultative Wetland (2.0), FAC = Facultative (3.0), FAÇU = Facultative Upland (4.0), UPL= Obligate Upland (5.0).

²Category: AN = Alien/noxious, AL = Alien, ND = Native/disturbance, NE = Native/early Successional, NO = Native/other

Table 3.1-1 Plant Species Inventory Pfohl Brothers Landfill Restoration Area 1st - Year Post-Construction - 2003

Scientific Name Status (a) Category (b)	Common Name
Salix discolor (FACW) (NE)	Pussy Willow
Carex stricta (OBL) (NO)	Tussock Sedge
Juncus effusus (FACW) (NE)	Soft Rush
Sparganium eurycarpum (OBL) (NE)	Common Bur Reed
Lythrum salicaria (FACW) (AN)	Purple Loosestrife
Viburnum lentago (FAC) (NO)	Nannyberry
Acer rubrum (FAC) (NO)	Red Maple
Sparganium americanum (OBL) (NE)	Nuttall Bur Reed
Juncus Canadensis (FACW) (NE)	Canadian Rush

Table 3.1-1 Plant Species Inventory 1st - Year Post-Construction - 2003 Continued

Verbena hastata

(FACW) (NE)

Blue Vervain

Typha angustifolia

(OBL) (NE)

Broad-leaved Cattail

Sagittaria latifolia

(FACW) (NE)

Common Arrowhead

Acorus calamus

(OBL) (NE)

Sweetflag

Eupatorium perfoliatum

(FACW) (NE)

Thoroughwort

Scirpus cyperinus

(FACW) (NE)

Woolgrass

Fraxinus pennsylvanicum

(FACW) (NO)

Green Ash

Carex vulpinoides

(FACW) (NE)

Foxtail Sedge

Ambrosia artemsiifolia

(FACU) (ND)

Ragweed

Erigeron linearis

(FAC) (NE)

Daisy Fleabane

Scirpus validus

(FACW) (NE)

Soft Stem Bulrush

Trifolium pratense

(FACU) (AN)

Red Clover

Table 3.1-1 Plant Species Inventory 1st - Year Post-Construction - 2003 Continued

Iris versicolor

Blue Flag

(FACW) (NE)

Caltha palustris

Marsh Marigold

(OBL) (NE)

 $Scirpus\ pungens$

Three Square Bulrush

(FACW) (NE)

 $Scirpus\ atrovirens$

(FACW) (NE)

Green Bulrush

Table 3.1-2a.
Wetland Frequency Indicator Value/Average Status Number/Percent Cover
Pfohl Brothers Landfill Restoration Area

1st - Year Post-Construction - 2003

	Scientific Name	WFIV	%Cover
PLOT #1 - ASN= 1.8	Carex stricta	1.0	25
Wet Meadow	Juncus effusus	2.0	25
	Verbena hastata	2.0	10
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	5
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	10
	Cornus sericea	2.0	20
	Open Area/Mud		5
PLOT #2 - ASN= 1.8 Wet Meadow	Eupatorium perfoliatum	2.0	10
Wet Meadow	Juncus effusus	2.0	35
	Verbena hastata	2.0	15
	Lythrum salicaria	2.0	5
	Viburnum lentago	3.0	15
PLOT #3 - ASN= 3.0	Rhus typhina	4.0	20
Upland Transition	Aronia melanocarpa	3.0	20
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	Viburnum lentago	3.0	25	
		Lythrum salicaria	2.0	5
		Cornus racemosa	3.0	20
	Open Area		10	
	PLOT #4 Upland Transition - ASN= 3.2	Rhus typhina	4.0	20
	opiana franciam fici visa	Sambucus canadensis	2.0	20
		Trifolium pratense	4.0	25
		Salix discolor	2.0	15
		Erigeron linearis	4.0	20
	PLOT #5	Typha angustifolia	1.0	40
	Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.0	Sparganium americanum	1.0	20
	, -	Carex stricta	1.0	25
		Open Area/Mud		15
	PLOT #6 Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.4	Sagittaria latifolia	1.0	30
ьшегдені wenanu - Аэм= 1.4	Efficigent Wedaria 1251 151	Cephalanthus occidentalis	2.0	15
		Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	15
		Typha angustifolia	1.0	35
		Scirpus pungens	2.0	5
	·			

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PLOT #7	Carex crinita	2.0	20
Wet Meadow - ASN= 2.0	Verbena hastata	2.0	5
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	15
	Juncus canadensis	2.0	30
	Juncus effusus	2.0	10
	Scirpus cyperinus	2.0	10
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	10
PLOT #8 Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.6	Alnus rugosa	2.0	30
Entergent Wetland - ASIV- 1.0	Scirpus validus	2.0	15
	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	20
	Typha angustifolia	1.0	30
,-	Lythrum salicaria	2.0	5
PLOT #9	Sagittaria latifolia	1.0	20
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.0	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	15
	Typha angustifolia	1.0	35
	Acorus calamus	1.0	30

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PLOT #10	Cornus sericea	3.0	20
Upland Transition - ASN= 2.5	Aronia melanocarpa	3.0	10
	Acer rubrum	3.0	20
	Verbena hastata	2.0	30
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	10
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	10
PLOT #11	Acorus calamus	1.0	20
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.7	Juncus effusus	2.0	10
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	10
	Carex stricta	1.0	30
	Scirpus validus	2.0	10
~	Alnus rugosa	2.0	10
	Cephalanthus occidentalis	2.0	10
PLOT #12 Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.8	Typha angustifolia	1.0	25
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	20
	Carex crinita	2.0	20
	Lythrum salicaria	2.0	5
	Juncus effusus	2.0	30

PLOT #13 Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.0	Typha angustifolia	1.0	20
	Caltha palustris	1.0	10
	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	20
	Carex stricta	1.0	10
	Acorus calamus	1.0	20
	Iris versicolor	1.0	10
	Open Area/Mud		10
PLOT #14 Wet Meadow - ASN= 2.0	Alnus rugosa	2.0	30
Wet Meadow - ASIN- 2.0	Verbena hastata	2.0	30
	Lythrum salicaria	2.0	10
	Carex crinita	2.0	30
<i>/-</i>	ź.		
PLOT #15	Sagittaria latifolia	1.0	15
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.2	Scirpus validus	2.0	15
	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	15
	Typha angustifolia	1.0	25
	Carex stricta	1.0	30
PLOT #16 Upland Transition - ASN= 3.0	Viburnum trilobum	3.0	25
	Verbena hastata	2.0	15

	Rhus typhina	4.0	15
	Cornus sericea	3.0	25
	Open Area		20
PLOT #17	Rhus typhina	4.0	30
Upland Transition - ASN= 2.8	Sambucus canadensis	2.0	15
	Cornus racemosa	3.0	30
	Verbena hastata	2.0	25
PLOT #18	Sagittaria latifolia	1.0	20
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.3	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	15
<i>~</i>	Iris versicolor	2.0	35
	Carex stricta	1.0	10
	Open Area		20
PLOT #19 Wet Meadow - ASN= 1.8	Juncus canadensis	2.0	20
TYCE MEAGON TEST 210	Caltha palustris	1.0	15
	Juncus effusus	2.0	50
	Carex crinita	2.0	15

PLOT #20	Alnus rugosa	2.0	20
Wet Meadow - ASN= 2.0	Juncus effusus	2.0	40
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	10
	Eupatorium perfoliatum	2.0	10
	Verbena hastata	2.0	10
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	10
PLOT #21 Wet Meadow - ASN= 2.0	Salix discolor	2.0	30
Wet Meadow - A5IN- 2.0	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	20
	Juncus effusus	2.0	20
	Iris versicolor	2.0	30
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PLOT #22 Upland Transition - ASN= 2.8	Cornus sericea	3.0	40
Opiana Tansidon 71514-210	Salix discolor	2.0	25
	Viburnum trilobum	3.0	25
	Acer rubrum	3.0	10
PLOT #23	Cornus sericea	3.0	20
Upland Transition - ASN= 3.5	Rhus typhina	4.0	20

	Open Area		60
PLOT #24	Sagittaria latifolia	1.0	25
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.0	Sagittaria latifolia		
	Caltha palustris	1.0	25
	Sparganium americanum	1.0	25
	Carex stricta	1.0	25
PLOT #25 Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.5	Typha angustifolia	1.0	30
Effergent Wedand - ASIV- 1.5	Carex crinita	1.0	25
	Iris versicolor	2.0	25
	Juncus effusus	2.0	20
,			
PLOT #26	Acorus calamus	1.0	30
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.3	Scirpus validus	2.0	15
	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	20
	Typha angustifolia	1.0	35
PLOT #27	Carex crinita	2.0	20
Wet Meadow - ASN= 2.0	Cephalanthus occidentalis	2.0	15
/	Alnus rugosa	2.0	35

	Onon Aros		30
	Open Area		30
PLOT #28	Typha angustifolia	1.0	35
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.8	Turn our officers	2.0	25
	Juncus effusus	2.0	25
	Verbena hastata	2.0	10
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	15
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	15
PLOT #29	Rhus typhina	4.0	20
Upland Transition - ASN= 2.7	Cornus racemosa	3.0	40
	Cornus sericea	3.0	10
	Eupatorium perfoliatum	2.0	10
*	Verbena hastata	2.0	10
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	10
PLOT #30	Rhus typhina	4.0	50
Upland Transition - ASN= 2.7	Sambucus canadensis	2.0	20
	Viburnum trilobum	2.0	30
PLOT #31	Aronia melanocarpa	3.0	20
Upland Transition - ASN= 2.6	Cornus sericea	2.0	25
•			

	Salix discolor	2.0	25
	Ambrosia artemsiifolia	3.0	25
	Acer rubrum	3.0	5
	reer rubrum	3.0	3
PLOT #32			
Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.0	Acorus calamus	1.0	25
	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	25
	Alnus rugosa	1.0	25
	Open Area/Mud		25
PLOT #33 Emergent Wetland - ASN= 1.3	Cephalanthus occidentalis	1.0	25
Lineigent Wedana - ASIV 1.5	Scirpus validus	2.0	15
	Sparganium eurycarpum	1.0	50
~	Typha angustifolia	1.0	10
	<i>"</i>		
PLOT #34	Salix discolor	2.0	20
Upland Transition - ASN= 2.4			
	Verbena hastata	2.0	25
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	15
	Rhus typhina	4.0	30
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	10

PLOT #35 Upland Transition - ASN= 3.5	Cornus racemosa	3.0	30
	Erigeron linearis	4.0	20
	Trifolium pratense	4.0	20
	Viburnum lentago	3.0	30
PLOT #36	Cornus racemosa	3.0	20
Upland Transition - ASN= 3.7	Rhus typhina	4.0	15
	Trifolium pratense	4.0	35
	Open area		30
PLOT #37 Wet Meadow - ASN= 1.8	Typha angustifolia	1.0	50
	Juncus effusus	2.0	20
~	Verbena hastata	2.0	10
	Carex vulpinoidea	2.0	5
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	5
PLOT #38			
Upland Transition – ASN=2.0	Viburnum trilobum	2.0	50
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	10
	Eupatorium perfoliatum	2.0	20
4	Verbena hastata	2.0	20

PLOT #39 Upland Transition - ASN= 2.3	Viburnum lentago	3.0	40
	Scirpus atrovirens	2.0	20
	Salix discolor	2.0	40
PLOT #40 Upland Transition - ASN= 3.0	Rhus typhina	4.0	50
	Aronia melanocarpa	3.0	25
	Sambucus canadensis	2.0	25

Table 3.1-2b.
Wetland Frequency Indicator Value/Habitat Type
Pfohl Brothers Landfill Restoration Area
1st - Year Post-Construction – 2003

Wetland Frequency Indicator		
	Actual	Maximum Allowable (2003)
Emergent Wetland	1.1	3.00
Wet Meadow	1.9	3.00

Table 3.1-3
Landscape Species Survival
Pfohl Brothers Landfill Restoration Area
<u>1st - Year</u> Post-Construction - 2003

Scientific Name	# Planted	#Survived
Alnus rugosa	79	<i>7</i> 5 ·
Cornus sericea	116	110
Cephalanthus occidentalis	55	52
Sambucus canadensis	71	70
Salix discolor	56	55
Viburnum lentago	10	10
Juncus effusus	793	>750
Juncus canadensis	122	>100
Aronia melanocarpa	61	61
Cornus racemosa	61	61
Viburnum trilobum	62	55
Rhus typhina	61	60
Iris versicolor	122	>100
Carex stricta	122	>100
Carex crinita	125	>100
Sparganium eurycarpum	671	>650

Sparganium americanum	671	>650	
Scirpus validus	671	>650	
Sagittaria latifolia	671	>650	
Acorus calamus	671	>650	

Table 3.1-4
Monthly Water Levels
Pfohl Brothers Landfill Restoration Area 1st - Year Post-Construction - 2003

Water Level By Monitoring Period

Date	Elev. @	Elev. @
	Staff Gage #1	Staff Gage #2
4/15/03	692.5	693.8
5/8/03	692.5	693.8
6/21/03	692.3	693.5
7/10/03	691.8	693.4
8/14/03	691.8	693.5
9/20/03	691.8	693.5
10/09/03	691.8	693.5

Killdeer

Table 3.1-5 List of Wildlife Species Observed Via Track, Scat, Sighting Pfohl Brothers Landfill Restoration Area 1st - Year Post-Construction - 2003

Charadrious vociferous

Common Name	Scientific Name
Raccoon	Procyon lotor
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus
Canadian Geese	Branta canadensis
Mallard	Anas platyrhyncous

4.0 SUMMARY

The monitoring effort performed following construction indicated that the Pfohl Brothers Landfill restoration is meeting the criteria established in the work plan. Based on vegetation measurements and hydrologic sampling, the restoration effort was successful in creating the communities specified in the work plan. Each zone possessed good vegetative diversity. The presence of moist soil in the restoration area was a positive indicator of hydrologic stability.

The only undesirable species of vegetation observed at the fringe of the wetland restoration area were purple loosestrife and reed grass. These plants do not, however, contribute a significant portion of cover in the wetland at this stage after construction. Based on the vegetation in the wetland and large volume of water available (Pond), and probable continued low disturbance level, the spread of invasive plants has been limited.

Activities pertaining to the maintenance, enhancement, and monitoring of the wetland restoration will continue. Potential provisions for enhancing the wetland restoration and ensuring long-term stability will be identified, as necessary. As a result of observations made during this monitoring event, as described in this report, additional plantings are not required to establish vegetation. Efforts were made to eradicate purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*) through manual removal of individual plants and or spot herbicide application. Control of reed grass (*Phragmites communis*) is also to be performed if observed in the wetlands adjacent to Aero Creek. Control of this invasive species will be performed annually during September and early October, prior to seed set, by spraying or wiping the invasive species with "RODEO" herbicide (Glyphosphate).

Sampling and characterization of hydrology and habitat of the wetland restoration occurred from the April 2003 through October 2003 in compliance with the monitoring plan and will continue in April 2004.

5.0 REFERENCES

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