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9/5058
ENGINEEDING INVESTIG

ENGINEERING INVESTIGATIONS AT INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES

PHASE I INVESTIGATION

Winsmith Div.-UMC Corp.

Village of Springville

Site No. 915058

Erie County



Prepared for:
New York State
Department of

Environmental Conservation 50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233

Thomas C. Jorling, Commissioner

Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation Michael J. O'Toole, P.E., Director

By:

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE

ENGINEERING INVESTIGATIONS AT INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK PHASE I INVESTIGATIONS

WINSMITH DIVISION-UMC CORP.

NYS SITE NUMBER 915058

CITY OF SPRINGVILLE

ERIE COUNTY

NEW YORK STATE

Prepared For

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REMEDIATION

NEW YORK STATE

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

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DATE OF SUBMITTAL: January. 1989

WINSMITH DIVISION - UMC CORP.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page
SECTI O N	I	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY Site Location Map Site Plan	I-1 I-4 I-5
SECTI O N	I I	PURPOSE	11-1
SECTI O N	I II	SCOPE OF WORK	III-1
SECT IO N	IV	SITE ASSESSMENT Site History Site Topography Site Hydrology Site Contamination Sampling Locations	IV-1 IV-1 IV-2 IV-3 IV-4 IV-6
SECT IO N	v	PRELIMINARY APPLICATION OF HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Narrative Summary Site Location Map HRS Worksheets HRS Documentation Records and References Potential Hazardous Waste Site - Preliminary Assessment Potential Hazardous Waste Site - Site Inspection Report	V-1
SECTION	VI	ASSESSMENT OF DATA ADEQUACY AND RECOMMENDATIONS Assessment of Data Adequacy Phase II Work Plan Phase II Cost Estimate	VI-1 VI-1 VI-3
APPE N DI	X A	REFERENCES Sources Contacted Documentation References	
appe n di	хв	PROPOSED UPDATED NYS REGISTRY	

SECTION I

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report, prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) presents the results of the Phase I investigation for the Winsmith Division - UMC Corp. Site (NYS Site Number 915058, EPA Site Number D002123552) located in the Village of Springville, Erie County, New York (see Figure I-1).

SITE BACKGROUND

The Winsmith Division - UMC Corp. site, a 3000 cubic foot disposal area (see Figure I-2), was owned by Winsmith Division of UMC, INC. (1963-1984), Winsmith, Inc. (1946-1963), and Winfield H. Smith, Inc. (1924-1946), during the time wastes were disposed of at the site (Interagency Task Force 1978). An estimated 3,000 cubic feet of wastes containing cyanide, oil and grease, acids, scrap metals, and other process wastes were landfilled at the site between 1930 and 1968 (ECDEP, October, 1983). The site has an adequate vegetative cover, but is not graded to prevent ponding of surface water. During a recent site visit, discolored surface water with a greenish tint was observed along the west side of the site between the hill and the shed (site visits by ES and D&M, and ECDEP).

In 1978 and 1985, surface water samples were collected in the vicinity of the site by Calspan Advanced Technology Center and BLT Technical Services, respectively. The contaminants detected included oil and grease. These contaminants were not detected in concentrations exceeding the New York State Class D Surface Water Quality Standards.

In 1978, Earth Dimensions was retained by Winsmith Corp. to collect soil samples at the site and analyze them for cyanide and oil and grease (Calspan Advanced Technology Center, 1978:Table 3). The analytical results from this sampling indicate that high concentrations of oil and grease (1,500 ppm) were present at one of the four boring locations (sample collected at a depth of 7 feet). Cyanide concentrations were less than 0.02 ppm (ECDEP, 1983) for the water and soil samples that were analyzed.

ASSESSMENT

In an attempt to quantify the risk associated with this site, we applied the Hazard Ranking Scoring system (HRS) currently being used by the New York State DEC to evaluate abandoned hazardous waste sites in New York state. This system takes into account the types of wastes at the site, receptors and transport routes to apply a numerical ranking of the site. As stated in 40CFR Subpart H Section 300.81, the HRS scoring system was developed for use in evaluating the relative potential of uncontrolled hazardous disposal substances to cause health or safety problems or ecological or environmental damage. It is assumed by the EPA that a uniform application of the ranking system in each state will permit EPA to identify those releases of hazardous substances that pose the greatest hazard to humans or the environment.

Under the HRS, three numerical scores are computed for each site to express the relative risk or danger from the site; taking into account the population at risk; the hazardous potential of the substances at a facility; the potential for contamination of drinking water supplies; for direct human contact, and for destruction of sensitive ecological systems and other appropriate factors. The three scores are:

o S_M reflects the potential for harm to humans or the environment from migration of a hazardous substance away from the facility by routes involving groundwater, surface water or air. It is a composite of separate scores for each of the three routes (S_{GW} = groundwater route score, S_{SW} = surface water route score, and S_A = air route score).

- o S_{FE} reflects the potential for harm from substances that can explode or cause fires.
- o S_{DC} reflects the potential for harm from direct contact with hazardous substances at the facility (i.e., no migration need be involved).

The preliminary HRS score is:

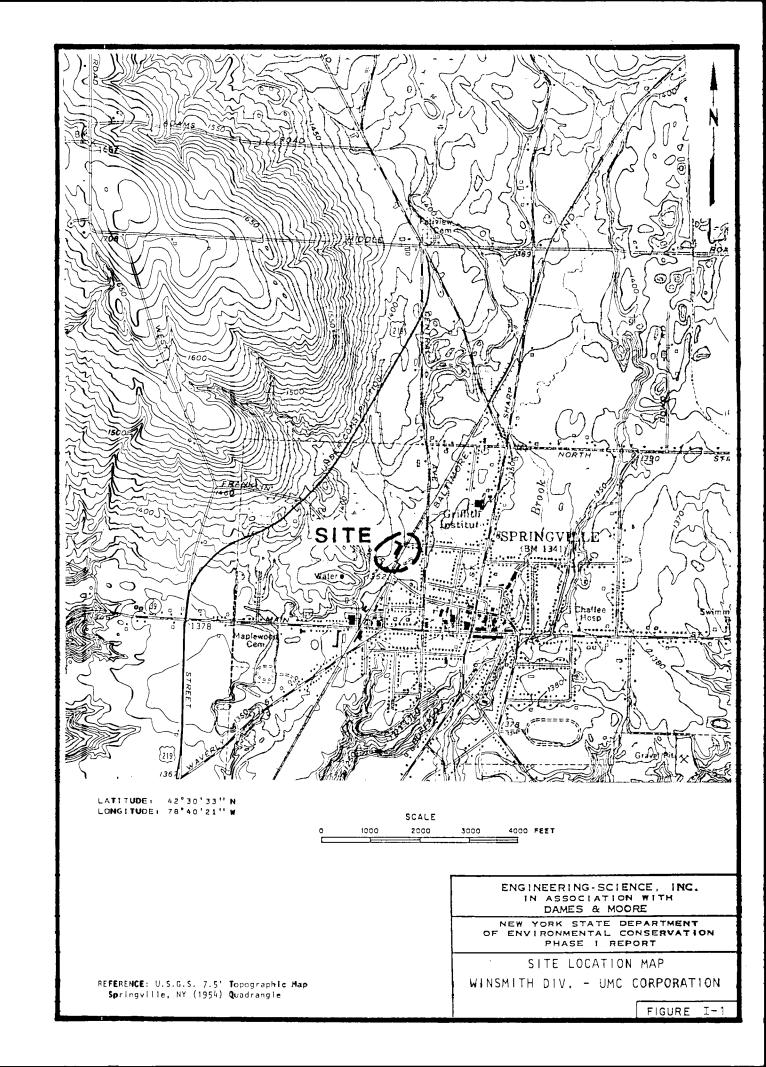
$$S_{M} = 26.35$$
 $S_{A} = 0$
 $S_{GW} = 44.30$ $S_{FE} = 0$
 $S_{SW} = 7.83$ $S_{DC} = 0$

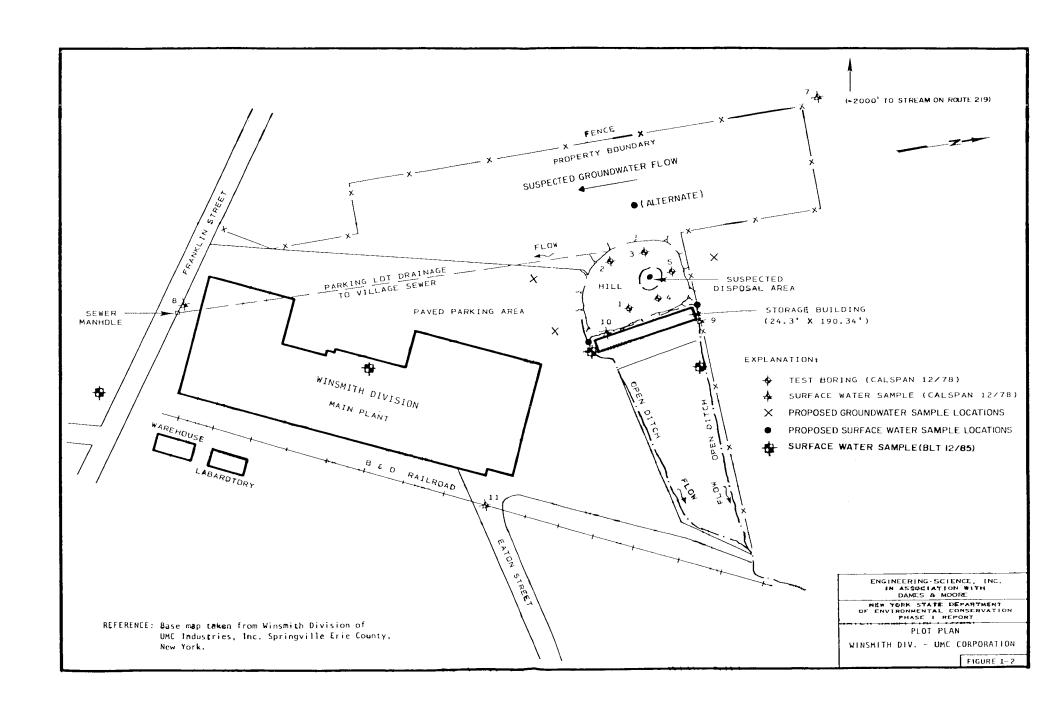
RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are made for the completion of Phase II:

- o Geophysical Survey Study consisting of electrical resistivity and magnetometer surveys;
- o Groundwater monitoring system consisting of one upgradient and two down gradient wells (the direction of groundwater flow is expected to be south);
- Surface water and sediment monitoring consisting of three monitoring stations from the drainage ditch that flows into Spring Creek; and
- Analyses to include Hazardous Substance List (HSL) organics and HSL metals, and cyanide.

The estimated man-hour requirements to complete Phase II are 1,212, while the estimated cost is \$79,818.





SECTION II PURPOSE

The purpose of the Phase I investigation at the Winsmith Div.-UMC Corp. site was to assess the hazard to the environment caused by the present condition of the site. This assessment is based on the Hazard Ranking System, which involves the compilation and rating of numerous geological, toxicological, environmental, chemical, and demographic factors and the calculation of an HRS score. Details of HRS implementation are included in Section V. During the initial portion of the investigation, available data and records, combined with information collected from a site inspection, were reviewed and evaluated. The investigation at this site focused on the burial of heat treated sludges (cyanides), and neutralized acids. Based on this initial evaluation of the Winsmith Div.-UMC Corp. site, a Phase II Work Plan has been prepared for collecting any additional data needed to complete the HRS score. In addition, a cost estimate for the recommended Phase II work is provided.

SECTION III SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work for the New York State Inactive Site Investigation Program (Phase I) was to collect and review available information necessary for the documentation and preparation of a Hazard Ranking System score and a Phase II work plan and cost estimate if required. The work activities performed included data collection and review, a site inspection, and interviews with individuals knowledgeable of past and present disposal activities at the site.

The sources contacted during this Phase I investigation included government agencies (federal, state and local), present site owners and operators, and any other individuals that may have knowledge of the site, as identified during the performance of the investigation. These sources are listed in Appendix A. The intent of this list is to identify all persons, departments, and/or agencies contacted during the fourth round of the Phase I investigation even though useful information may not have been collected from each source contacted.

SECTION IV SITE ASSESSMENT

SITE HISTORY

Between 1930 and 1968, an unknown quantity of plant wastes were landfilled in a disposal pit located behind the Winsmith Division - UMC Corporation plant site. Ownership of the plant site including the disposal area during the period of waste disposal was as follows: (NYSDEC Investigation of Inactive Waste Sites).

1963-84 Winsmith Willard C. MacFarland, Gordon
Division of UMC, Inc. Reader, Harold Atkins, and James

F. Murray

1946-63 Winsmith, Inc. James F. Murray and Duncan McLeod

1924-46 Winfield H. Smith, Inc. Winfield H. Smith

Facility wastes were disposed of in a 20 foot by 15 foot section of the hill to a depth of approximately 10 feet. Plant wastes disposed of at the site from the on-site heat treating process include sludge containing cyanides, oils and greases, and acids. Other plant wastes disposed at the site were scrap metals, water soluble coolants, and painting wastes. (ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 1983).

In 1978, site inspections were conducted by the Erie County Division of Environmental Health (ECDEH) and the Interagency Task Force. Results of both inspections indicated minimal problems with the cover system and no leachate outbreaks; however, the site was inadequately

sloped to prevent the ponding of water and erosion. During the same year, Calspan Advanced Technology Center sampled the surface water from a swale located in the southeast corner of the site and low concentrations of cyanide, oil and grease, and chlorinated hydrocarbons were detected. On October 10, 1978, Earth Dimensions conducted four test borings on the site (Calspan Advanced Technology Center, 1978).

The purpose of the borings was to ascertain the extent of landfilled material and to sample the wastes for oil and grease, and cyanide content. In 1985, surface water samples were collected southeast of the site and in the drainage ditch located northeast of the site by BLT Technical Services (Please note that these samples are mislabeled in the reference as "groundwater samples"). The latter samples (1985) were combined and analyzed for cyanide only. The results of these monitoring efforts are discussed in the site contamination section.

SITE TOPOGRAPHY

The Winsmith Plant site is located in the northwest side of the Village of Springville. The plant property is fairly level with surface drainage to the south and east. The disposal area is on a small hill located on the northwest edge of the plant parking area. This hill is grass covered and has no visible signs of previous disposal (ES and D&M Site Inspection, December 1985).

The disposal area is believed to have been in an area on the northern side of the hilltop. This area currently exists as an area approximately 20 feet by 15 feet. Surface water occurs in the depression as a small pond; predominant surface water flow directions would be to the south and east. Two drainage ditches, located to the east of hill, collect this surface runoff and divert the flow to the northeast corner of the property where it eventually flows into Spring Creek (ES and D&M Site Inspection, December 1985)

The plant property is bordered on the north and west by farm lands, by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Tracks on the east, and Franklin Street to the south. The surrounding area is predominantly residential with some commercial properties on Franklin Street (ES and D&M site Inspection, December, 1985).

Local Sensitive Environments

A NYS registered wetland is approximatley 0.6 miles northeast of the site. It is designated as SP-11 (NYS Wetland Map).

SITE HYDROLOGY

This summary is based on information from USGS Topographic Maps, NYS Museum and Science Service Bedrock Geology Map and Quarternary Geology Map, LaSala (1968), General Soil Map and Interpretations for Erie County, 1979, and NYS Atlas of Community Water System Sources, 1982.

Regional Geology and Hydrology

The Village of Springville is located in the northern edge of the Appalachian Uplands Physiographic province, an upland of moderate relief underlain by sedimentary rocks dipping south at approximately 2 degrees. Most of the region has been covered by several continental ice sheets during the Pleistocene Epoch (1,600,000 to 10,000 years before the present) (Quarternary Geology Map).

In the area near Springville, the upland landscapes have been shaped largely by subaerial processes (i.e., mass wasting, rain water, and stream erosion) and residual soil covers the bedrock. A thick cover of glacial, lacustrine, and fluvial sediments record the advance and retreat of the Wisconsinan ice sheet. The shapes and sizes of the existing valleys reflect the ice volume, water volumes, and sediment level of previous glacial and melt water channels (Quarternary Geology Map).

Site Hydrogeology

Bedrock occurs at depths of over 150 feet in the vicinity of the site. A municipal well located approximately 2500 feet northeast of the

site is 150 feet deep, set in a sand and gravel zone. This well provides municipal water for approximately 4200 users (NYS Atlas of Community Water System Sources, 1982).

Groundwater may occur at depths of less than 20 feet as evidenced by dry and shallow wells in the Springville area (LaSala, 1968). According to the USGS Water Resources Investigation Report No. 84-4334, the groundwater flow is south towards Cattaraugus Creek.

Borings completed on the hill where the disposal area is located indicate that approximately 10 feet of impervious soil (gravelly to silty loam) occurs on the hill as a result of landfilling. Natural soils below 10 feet are primarily permeable, well-drained stratified gravelly soil over stone-free silty glacial lake sediments. The relatively impermeable landfilling soils may result in a perched aquifer, as evidenced in a boring south of the disposal pit where the water table was found to be at 5 feet below ground surface (Calspan Advanced Technology Center, 1978). For HRS scoring purposes, the permeability of this soil type is 10^{-3} cm/sec to 10^{-5} cm/sec.

SITE CONTAMINATION

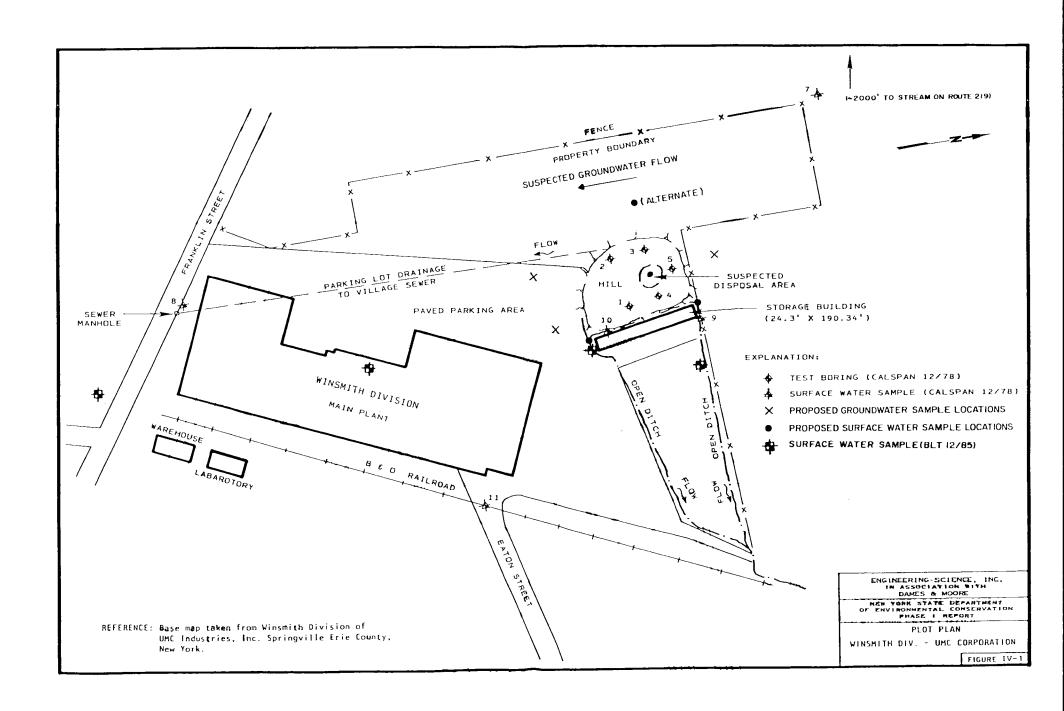
The 20 by 15 feet and 10 feet deep Winsmith Division - UMC Corp. site was used between 1930 and 1968 as a disposal site for wastes resulting from the facility's heat treating, carburizing, and kolene processes. These wastes include cyanide, oil and grease, acids, scrap metals, water-soluble coolants, and painting wastes (ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 1983).

The site size and volume of waste disposed of (3,000 cubic feet) were determined based on soil samples taken at various depths and locations within the area suspected of receiving wastes (on the hill northwest of the facility's storage shed). Calspan Advanced Technology Center collected soil samples for cyanide and oil and grease analyses; however, the samples were not analyzed for metals or organic waste constituents (Calspan Advanced Technology Center, 1978). The site has

an adequate vegetative cover, but surface water runoff is not adequately diverted from the site (Site Investigations - ES and D&M, and ECDEP). Site inspections have also indicated that leachate outbreaks have not occurred at the site.

Contaminants detected in surface water samples collected adjacent to the site include cyanides (<0.02 ppm in 1978, < 0.0005 ppm in 1985), oil and grease (1-3 ppm), and chlorinated hydrocarbons (<1 ppb) (Calspan Advanced Technology Center, 1978; BLT Technical Services, 1985). The cyanide concentration was not in excess of the New York State Class D Surface Water Quality Standard of 22 ppb and the chlorinated hydrocarbons (reported as lindane) do not exceed the U.S. Drinking Water Standard. It is not known if the concentration of oil grease detected violated the New York State Class D standard, which specifies only that there be no "... visible oil film non globules of grease." Soil Samples collected to define the disposal area had oil and grease at concentrations of 13-1500 ppm (Calspan Advanced Technology Center, 1978). Based on these data, it appears that the disposal site does not contribute to any surface water contamination, although contaminants may be present in the soil. Also note, as previously stated, analyses for metal and organic constituents has not been conducted so the type and extent of on-site contamination is not adequately characterized. Sampling locations for both surface water and soil are indicated in Figure IV-1. The analytical results are provided in the appendix in their entirety.

HNu meter readings were taken upwind and downwind of the site in April 1986 by ES and D&M. The HNu meter readings indicated no concentrations of volatile organics above background concentrations of 1 ppm (ES/D&M, 1986).

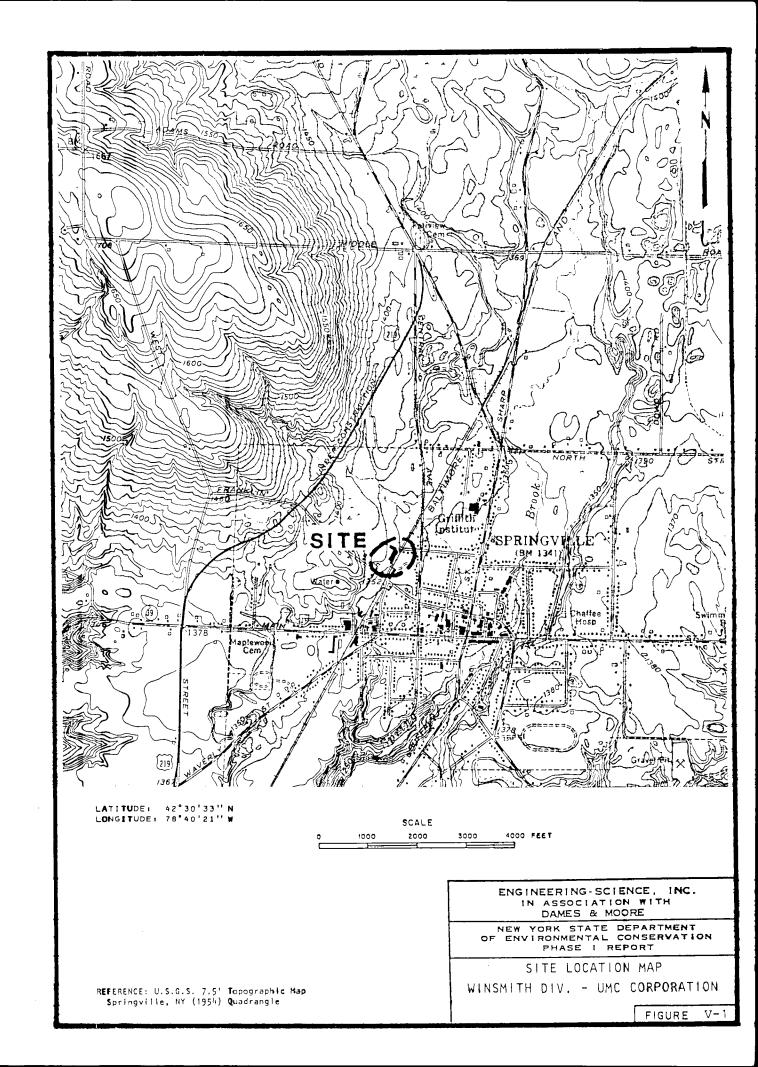


NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The Winsmith Division-UMC Corporation site, a 20' \times 15' \times 10' deep landfill, was owned by several individuals during the time the site was used for waste disposal. More than 3,000 cubic feet of plant wastes including heat-treated sludge containing cyanides, oil and grease, and scrap metals and painting wastes were reportedly landfilled at the site between 1930 and 1968 (ECDEP Site Profile Report, 1983).

The site is adequately covered with vegetation but not graded adequately to prevent the ponding of water and soil erosion. Discolored surface water having a greenish tint was observed along the west side of the site (ES and D&M site inspection, 12/9/85). Oil and grease (1-3 ppm), cyanide (<0.02 ppm), and chlorinated hydrocarbons (<1 ppb) contaminants were detected in surface water samples collected by Calspan and BLT Technical Services. The concentration of cyanides and chlorinated hydrocarbons (reported as Lindane) detected do not exceed the New York State Class D Surface Water Quality Standards (Calspan Advanced Technology Center Report) or the U.S. Drinking Water Standards. The concentration of oil and grease (1-3 ppm) that was detected in the surface water may or may not have exceeded the Class D standard, which specifies only that there be no "... visible oil film nor globules of grease."

Earth Dimensions (Calspan Advanced Technology Center, 1978) sampled and analyzed the soil for oil and grease and used the analysis to evaluate the extent of waste disposal. Oil and grease were found in significant concentrations ranging from 13-1500 ppm. Soil and surface water samples were not analyzed for metal or organic contamination. Therefore, the extent of on-site contamination is unknown. Also, no groundwater monitoring has been conducted at the site.



HRS COVER SHEET

Facility Name: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

Location: Springville, Erie County, New York

EPA Region: II

Person(s) in charge of the facility: Bob Groner - President

Larry Coty - On-site Coordinator

Name of Reviewer: Cathy J. Bosma Date: 12/31/85

General description of the facility:

Between 1930 and 1968, plant wastes from the Winsmith facility containing cyanide, acid wastes, scrap metal, water-soluble coolants and painting wastes were landfilled at the site. The Winsmith Div. site is estimated to be a 20' x 15' x 10' area. An estimated 3,000 cubic feet of waste are disposed at the site. Soil and surface water samples were collected at the site, and analyzed for cyanide, chlorinated hydrocarbons (reported as Lindane), and oil and grease. With the exception of oil/grease found in on-site soils, significant concentrations were not found for any of these contaminants. However, the collected samples were not analyzed for metals or organic constituents and groundwater monitoring has not been conducted at the site.

Scores:
$$S_{M} = \frac{20.35}{20.96} (S_{GW} = \frac{44.90}{35.40} S_{SW} = 7.83 S_{A} = 0)$$

 $S_{FE} = 0$
 $S_{DC} = 0$

Date: 12-23-27

Ground Water Route Work Sheet							
Rating F a ctor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi- plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)		
1 Observed Release	<u>0</u> 45	1	0	45	3.1		
If observed release is given a score of 45, proceed to line 4. If observed release is given a score of 0, proceed to line 2.							
2 Route Characteristics Depth to Aquifer of	0 1 2 3	2	6	6	3.2		
Concern Net Precipitation Permeability of the	0 1 ② 3 0 1 ② 3	1	ス み	3			
Unsaturated Zone Physical State	0 1 2 3	1	3	3			
Total Route	Characteristics So	core	13	15			
Containment	0 1 2 3	1	3	3	3.3		
4 Waste Characteristics 3.4							
Toxicity/Persistence 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 1 12 18 Hazardous Waste 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 3 8 Quantity							
Total Waste	Characteristics Sc	ore	15	26			
5 Targets					3.5		
Ground Water Use Distance to Nearest Well/Population Served	0 1 2 3 0 4 6 8 16 12 16 18 20 24 30 32 35 4		3\$. 9 40	-1		
Total	Targets \$core		44	49			
6 If line 1 is 45, multiply 1 x 4 x 5 If line 1 is 0, multiply 2 x 3 x 4 x 5 25,740 57,330							
7 Divide line 6 by 57,330 and multiply by 100 $s_{gw} = 44.90$							

GROUND WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Winchill Surface Water Route Work Sheet Ref. Multi-Max. Assigned Value Score Rating Factor (Section) Score (Circle One) plier \bigcirc 45 4.1 45 Observed Release If observed release is given a value of 45, proceed to line 4. If observed release is given a value of 0, proceed to line [2]. 2 Route Characteristics 4.2 Facility Slope and 0 1 2 3 3 Intervening Terrain 1-yr. 24-hr. Rainfall 0 1 2 Distance to Nearest Surface Water 0 1 2 (3) Physical State 15 Total Route Characteristics Score 14 3 Containment 3 4.3 0 1 2 (3) 4.4 Waste Characteristics Toxicity/Persistence 0 3 6 9 (12) 15 18 1 18 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 Haza**rdous** Waste Quantity 26 Total Waste Characteristics Score 5 Targe**t**s 4.5 Surface Water Use 0 1 2 3 Distance to a Sensitive 0 1 2 3 Environment 40 0 4 6 8 10 Population Served/ 12 16 18 20 Distance to Water 24 30 32 35 40 Intake Downstream 55 Total Targets Score 6 If line 1 is 45, multiply 1 x 4 x 5 5040 64.350 If line 1 is 0, multiply $2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5$ s_{sw} = 7.83 Divide line 6 by 64,350 and multiply by 100

Date: 12-29-87

SURFACE WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp. Date: 12-23-37

Air Route Work Sheet						
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi- plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)	
1 Observed Release	© 45	1	0	45	5.1	
Date and Location: April 1986, upwind and downwind of the						
Sampli ng Protocol:	Nu Moter					
If line 1 is 0, the 9						
2 Waste Characteristics				•	5.2	
Reactivity and	0 1 2 3	1		3		
Incompatibility Toxic it y Ha z ar do u s Waste	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	3 1		9 8		
Total Wast	e Characteristics Scor	re		20		
3 Targets					5.3	
Population Within	0 9 12 15 18	1		30		
4-Mile Radius Distance to Sensitive	0 1 2 3	2		. 6		
Envi r on m ent Land U se	0 1 2 3	1		3		
Total Tar	gets Scor e	 		39		
4 Multiply 1 x 2 x [3			35,100		
5 Divide line 4 by 35,100 and multiply by 100 S_a^-						

AIR ROUTE WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Winsmith Div - DMC Core Date: 12-23-27

Worksheet for Computing $S_{\underline{M}}$

	S	s ²
Groundwa te r Route Score (S _{gw})	44.90	2016.01
Surface Water Route Score (5 _{sw})	7.83	61.31
Air Rout e Score (S _a)	0.0	0.0
$s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_a^2$		2,077.32
$\sqrt{s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_a^2}$		45.58
$\sqrt{s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_a^2} / 1.73 = s_M =$		26.35

WORK SHEET FOR COMPUTING SM

Facility Name: Winsmill Div - Unic Con, Date: 12-23-97 Fire and Explosion Work Sheet Ref. Max. Assigned Value Multi-Score Rating Factor Score (Section) plier (Circle One) 1 7.1 3 1 Containment 3 2 7.2 Waste Characteristics Direct Evidence 0 0 1 2 lanitability 1 2 3 Ð Reactivity 0 1 2 Incompatibility 012345678 1 Hazardous Waste Quantity 20 Total Waste Characteristics Score 3 Targets 7.3 5 0 1 2 Distance to Nearest Population 1 Distance to Nearest Building. 0 1 2 Distance to Sensitive Envi**r**onment Land Use Population Within 2-Mile Radius 3 Buildings Within 2-Mile Radius 24 Total Targets Score

FIRE AND EXPLOSION WORK SHEET

Multiply $1 \times 2 \times 3$

5 Divide line 4 by 1,440 and multiply by 100

1,440

SFE = Ø

Facility Name: Winsmith Div - UNC Copp Date: 12-28-87 Direct Contact Work Sheet Ref. Assigned Value Multi-Max. Score Rating Factor (Section) plier Score (Circle One) 8.1 Observed Incident 45 (0) 45 . 1 If line 1 is 45, proceed to line 4 If line 1 is 0, proceed to line 2 2 Accessibility 0 1 2 (3) 3 8.2 3 1 3 Containment 8.3 0 15 1 Waste Characteristics 15 8.4 0 1 2 3 15 5 Toxicity 5 Targets 8.5 0 1 2 (3) 4 5 12 20 Population Within 1-Mile Radius 0 1 2 3 12 Distance to a Critical Habitat 16 32 Total Targets Score 6 If line 1 is 45, multiply 1 x 4 x 5 If line $\boxed{1}$ is 0, multiply $\boxed{2} \times \boxed{3} \times \boxed{4} \times \boxed{5}$ 21,600

DIRECT CONTACT WORK SHEET

S_{DC} = O

7 Divide line 6 by 21,600 and multiply by 100

DOCUMENTATION RECORDS FOR HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

Facility Name: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

Location: Springville, Erie County, New York

GROUND WATER ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Contaminants detected (5 maximum):

None - no groundwater monitoring has been conducted at the site. Soil samples from test borings showed elevated concentrations of oil and grease (1500 ppm).

(Calspan Advanced Technology Center Report, 1978; and NYSDEC, REGISTRY Sheet, 12/83)

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility:

Not applicable, no groundwater monitoring conducted at the site. (NYSDEC, Registry Sheet, 12/83)

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Depth to Aquifer of Concern

Name/description of aquifer(s) in concern:

The deep wells and shallow wells are in the same aquifer: Cattaraugus Creek Aquifer System. Some private wells dug from 24' to 30'.

(Conversation with Dick Wells, Village of Springfield Water Department, 1985; USGS — Water Resources Investigation Report No. 84-4334, Hydrogeologic Appraisal of Five Selected Aquifers in Erie County, NY)

Depth(s) from the ground surface to the highest seasonal level of the saturated zone [water table(s)] of the aguifer of concern:

Approximately 20 feet. (LaSala, 1968)

Depth from the ground surface to the lowest point of waste disposal/storage:

Landfill pit is approximately 10' deep (Calspan Advanced Technology Center Report, 1978)

```
Net Precipitation
```

Mean annual or seasonal precipitation (list months for seasonal):

34" mean annual precipitation (Climatic Atlas of the United States, USDOC, 1979)

Mean annual lake or seasonal evaporation (list months for seasonal):

26.5" mean annual lake evaporation.
(Climatic Atlas of the United States, USDOC, 1979)

Net precipitation (subtract the above figures):

$$34" - 26.5" = 7.5"$$
 net

Permeability of Unsaturated Zone

Soil type in unsaturated zone:

Gravely loam (sandy-silt to clayey silt)
(Calspan Advanced Technology Center Report, 1978)

Permeability associated with soil type

$$10^{-3}$$
 to 10^{-5} cm/sec (CFR 40 - Part 300, Appendix A, Table 2)

Physical State

Physical state of substances at time of disposal (or at present time for generated gases):

Sludge from heat treat process - 3. (Mangiarella, 12/85; Coty, 12/85)

3. CONTAINMENT

Con**t**ainment

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

Unlined landfill with no run-on control
(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85; ECDEP Site Profile Report, 1983)

Method with highest score:

Same as above - 3

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Compound(s) evaluated:

Oil & Grease
(NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 12/83; Calspan Advanced Technology
Center Report, 1978)

Note: Soil and surface water samples were collected in the vicinity of the disposal site and analyzed for cyanide, chlorinated hydrocarbons, (reported as Lindane) and oil and grease. Because only low concentations of cyanide (<0.02 ppm) and chlorinated hydrocarbons (<1 ppb) were detected, only oil and grease detected in the soil samples were used for HRS scoring purposes. Analyses for metals and organic contaminants were not performed.

Compound with highest score:

Oil and Grease (Petroleum -12)
(NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 12/83: Calspan Advanced Technology
Center Report, 1978)

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of 0 (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

3,000 cubic feet or waste material (ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 10/83, Mangiarella, 12/85)

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

Dimensions of disposal area $(20' \times 15' \times 10' = 3000 \text{ cu ft})$ (ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 10/83)

The approximate size of the Winsmith disposal area was used to estimate the amount of waste landfilled on-site (3000 cubic feet) (ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 1983). However, the actual quantity of the material landfilled on-site is unknown since records of past waste disposal were not maintained by Winsmith.

5. TARGETS

Ground Water Use

Uses(s) of aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius of the facility:

Village well located at 247 North Central Street, approximately 2500' from the site, private wells used for both drinking water and irrigation, commercial use (Great Bear Water)

(Conversation with Dick Wells, Village of Springville Water Department, 12/1985)

Distance to Nearest Well

Location of nearest well drawing from aquifer of concern or occupied building not served by a public water supply:

Farm house on North Central Avenue (Conversation with Dick Wells, Village of Springville Water Department, 12/1985)

Distance to above well or building:

Approximately 1800 feet north of site (ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Population Served by Ground Water Wells Within a 3-Mile Radius

Identified water-supply well(s) drawing from aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius and populations served by each:

Village water system had approximately 4200 users (NYS Atlas of Community Water System Sources, 1982)

Computation of land area irrigated by supply well(s) drawing from aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius, and conversion to population (1.5 people per acre):

Total population served by ground water within a 3-mile radius:

The total population served by groundwater within 3 miles is unknown; however, the 4,200 users of the village water system would represent the minimum number of people served by groundwater (NYS Atlas of Community Water System Sources, 1982).

SURFACE WATER ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Contaminants detected in surface water at the facility or downhill from it (5 maximum):

No observed release.

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility: (Calspan Advanced Technology Center Report, 1978)

No contaminants were found downstream at greater than three times than upstream concentrations.

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Facility Slope and Intervening Terrain

Average slope of facility in percent:

Hill top slopes to the south-west approx. 10-13% (ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Name/description of nearest downslope surface water:

Surface drainage ditch on the southern and eastern sides of hill draining to Spring Brook
(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Average slope of terrain between facility and above-cited surface water body in percent:

Near vertical on eastern side to 10-13% on southern edge (ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Is the facility located either totally or partially in surface water?

Site is not located in surface water (ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Is the facility completely surrounded by areas of higher elevation?

No

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

1-Year 24-Hour Rainfall in Inches

2.1"

(Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States, USDOC, 1963)

Distance to Nearest Downslope Surface Water

Approximately 25 feet
(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/83)

Physical State of Waste

Sludge from heat treat process - 3. (Mangiarella, 12/85; Coty, 12/85)

3. CONTAINMENT

Containment

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

Site is located on a hill that has soil and vegetative cover; however the depth of the soil cover is unknown and no diversion system is present.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Method with highest score:

Landfill not adequately covered and no diversion system present - HRS score = 3.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Compound(s) evaluated

Oil and Grease (Calspan Advanced Technology, 1978)

Compound with highest score:

Oil and Grease = 12

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of 0 (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

Oil and grease sampling of the pit indicated 3000 ft³ of waste material at site 3000 ft³/27 = 111 cubic yards (ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 1983)

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

The approximate size of the site was used to estimate the amount of waste landfilled on-site (20' x 15' x 10' = $3000 \text{ ft}^3/27 = 111 \text{ cubic yards}$). However, the actual quantity of material landfilled on-site is unknown since records of waste disposal were not maintained.

(ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 1983)

5. TARGETS

Surface Water Use

Use(s) of surface water within 3 miles downstream of the hazardous substance:

Recreational (fishing) Spring Brook (Site Visit, 1985; G. Mangiarelli (Winsmith Div.) -Interview, 1985)

Is there tidal influence?

No, Spring Brook Creek is not tidal (USGS Topographic Map, Springville, NY Quadrangle)

56**51**0-7R:12

Distance to a Sensitive Environment (NYS DEC Reg 9)

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) coastal wetland, if 2 miles or less:

None

(USGS Topographic Map, Springville, NY Quadrangle)

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) fresh-water wetland, if 1 mile or less:

0.6 miles northeast - wetland designated as SP-11
 (NYSDEC, Department of Regulatory Affairs, Region 9,
 interview with Mike McMurry, 1/8/86)

Distance to critical habitat of an endangered species or national wildlife refuge, if 1 mile or less:

There are no federally designated critical habitats in New York

(NYSDEC, Department of Regulatory Affairs, Region 9, 1986; USGS Topographic Map; Springville, NY Quadrangle)

Population Served by Surface Water

Location(s) of water-supply intake(s) within 3 miles (free-flowing bodies) or 1 mile (static water bodies) downstream of the hazardous substance and population served by each intake:

No surface water intakes in Springville (population not supplied drinking water from surface water sources)

(NYS Atlas of Community Water System Sources, 1982).

Computation of land area by above-cited intake(s) and conversion to population (1.5 people per acre):

Not applicable

Total population served:

Not applicable

Name/description of nearest of above water bodies:

Not applicable

Distance to above-cited intakes, measured in stream miles:

Not applicable

AIR ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Contaminants detected:

HNu meter readings were taken upwind and downwind of the site and no measurements for volatile organics were above background levels of 1 ppm.

(ES and D&M Site Inspection, 4/86)

Date and location of detection of contaminants:

None.

(ES and D&M Site Inspection, 4/86)

Methods used to detect the contaminants:

HNu meter readings.

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the site:

Not applicable. HNu meter readings did not detect volatile organic compounds.

* * *

2. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Reactivity and Incompatibility

Most reactive compound:

No reactive and incompatible compounds are known to exist on-site.

(NYSDEC, Registry Sheet, 1985)

Most incompatible pair of compounds:

No incompatible pair of compounds are known to exist on-site. (NYSDEC, Registry Sheet, 1985)

Toxicity

Most toxic compound:

No toxic compounds have been detected on-site which have the potential to impact the air pathway.

(NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 12/83)

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous waste:

No hazardous wastes with the potential to impact the air pathway are known to exist on-site.
(NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 12/83)

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

Previous analysis for chlorinated hydrocarbons from surface water samples from on-site drainage ditch were less than 1 ppb. (Calspan Advanced Technology Center Report, 1978)

* * *

3. TARGETS

Population Within 4-Mile Radius

Underline radius used, give population, and indicate how determined:

0 to 4 mi $\frac{0 \text{ to } 1 \text{ mi}}{2,478}$ 0 to 1/2 mi 0 to 1/4 mi (U.S. Bureau of the Census Data, 1980)

Distance to a Sensitive Environment

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) coastal wetland, if 2 miles or less:

None within 2 miles (western NYS is not a coastal area).

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) fresh-water wetland, if 1 mile or less:

0.6 miles northeast - designated as SP-11
 (NYSDEC, Division of Regulatory Affairs, Region 9, Interview
 with Mike McMurry, 1/8/86)

Distance to critical habitat of an endangered species, if 1 mile or less.

There are no federally designated critical habitats in New York State

(NYSDEC, Division of Regulatory Affairs, Region 9, 1986;

USGS Topographic Map: Springville, NY Quadrangle)

Land Use

Distance to commercial/industrial area, if 1 mile or less:

<1/4 mile - disposal site is located adjacent to the Winsmith
Manufacturing building parking lot.
 (ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)</pre>

Distance to national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve, if 2 miles or less:

None within 2 miles.
(USGS Topographic Map: Springville, NY Quadrangle)

Distance to residential area, if 2 miles or less:

Approximately 400 feet.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85; USGS Topographic Map: Springville, NY Quadrangle)

Distance to agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 1 mile or less:

Approximately 1 mile.
(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Distance to prime agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 2 miles or less:

Unknown

Is a historic or landmark site (National Register of Historic Places and National Natural Landmarks) within view of the site?

None

FIRE AND EXPLOSION

1. CONTAINMENT

Hazardous substances present:

No hazardous wastes are known to be disposed on-site that pose a threat of fire and explosion.

(NYSDEC, Registry Sheet, 1985)

Type of containment, if applicable:

Not applicable, no ignitable or explosive substances are present.

* * *

2. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Direct Evidence

Type of instrument and measurements:

No measurement to determine the fire and explosion potential were taken on-site.

Ignitability

Compound used:

Oil and grease.

Reactivity

Most reactive compound:

No reactive compounds are known to exist on-site. (NYSDEC, Registry Sheet, 12/83)

Incompatibility

Most incompatible pair of compounds:

No incompatible compounds are known to exist on-site. (NYSDEC, Registry Sheet, 12/83)

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility:

No hazardous waste with the potential to create a fire or explosion hazard are known to exist on-site.

(NYSDEC, Registry Sheet, 1985)

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

The presence of oil and grease in on-site soils does not pose a fire or explosion threat. Therefore, for HRS scoring purposes, the quantity score for fire and explosion is zero.

* * *

3. TARGETS

Distance to Nearest Population

Approximately 400 feet to residential area.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85; USGS Topographic Map: Springville, NY Quadrangle)

Distance to Nearest Building

Approximately 50 feet - storage building owned by Winsmith is located adjacent to site.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Distance to Sensitive Environment

Distance to wetlands:

0.6 miles northeast - designated as SP-11.

(NYSDEC, Division of Regulatory Affairs, Region 9, interview with Mike McMurry, 1/8/86)

Distance to critical habitat:

None within one mile.

(NYSDEC, Division of Regulatory Affairs, Region 9, 1986)

Land Use

Distance to commercial/industrial area, if 1 mile or less:

<1/4 mile - disposal site is located adjacent to the Winsmith
manufacturing building parking lot.
 (ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)</pre>

Distance to national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve, if 2 miles or less:

Not applicable

Distance to residential area, if 2 miles or less:

Approximately 400 feet.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85; USGS Topographic Map: Springville, NY Quadrangle)

Distance to agricultural and in production within past 5 years, if 1 mile or less:

Approximately 1 mile.
(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

Distance to prime agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 2 miles or less:

Unknown

Is a historic or landmark site (National Register or Historic Places and National Natural Landmarks) within the view of the site?

None

Population with 2-Mile Radius

4,755 people (US Census Data, 1980)

Buildings Within 2-Mile Radius

Unknown, from site visit at least 27 buildings are within 2 miles.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

DIRECT CONTACT

1. OBSERVED INCIDENT

Date, location, and pertinent details of incident:

No observed incident. There is no confirmed instance in which contact with hazardous substances at the site has caused injury, illness or death to humans or animals.

(NYSDEC Registry Sheet, 12/83; ECDEP, Site Profile Report, 10/83)

* * *

2. ACCESSIBILITY

Describe type of barrier(s):

Site is not enclosed by a fence to prevent access to the site. According to Winsmith personnel, local residents (children) use the undeveloped area adjacent to the plant site, which includes the former disposal area, for recreation (i.e., dirt bike riding). HRS score = 3.

* * *

3. CONTAINMENT

Type of containment, if applicable:

Landfilled wstes are not accessible to direct contact because the former disposal area is covered with soil fill. The depth of the soil fill is unknown.

(ES and D&M Site Visit, 12/85)

* *

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity

Compounds evaluated:

Oil and grease.

(Calspan Advanced Technology Center Report, 1983)

Compound with highest score:

Oil and grease = 3.

Previous soil and surface water monitoring did not detect high concentrations of contaminants (cyanide and chlorinated hydrocarbons). However, because a complete multi-media monitoring program with a priority pollutant scan has not been conducted, the potential of hazardous materials being on-site has not been adequately addressed.

5. TARGETS

Population within one-mile radius

2,478 people (US Census data, 1980)

Distance to critical habitat (of endangered species)

There are no federally designated critical habitats in New York State.

(NYSDEC, Division of Regulatory Affairs, Region 9, 1986)

HRS REFERENCES*

WINSMITH DIVISION - UMC CORP.

- 1. Calspan Advanced Technology Center (1978). Report, "Process Waste and Landfill Investigations", prepared for Winsmith Division UMC Industries, Inc., 12/4/78.
- 2. Coty, L. (1985), Manager Quality Assurance, Winsmith Division. Interview for Phase I Investigation, 12/9/85.
- 3. EPA (1983). Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR, Parts 190 to 399.
- 4. ES and D&M Site Inspection, December, 1985.
- 5. ECDEP (1983). Data Review (Site Profile) Report, October, 1983.
- 6. Mangiarelli, G. (1985), Manufacturing Manager, Winsmith Division. Interview for Phase I Investigation, 12/9/85.
- 7. McMurray, M. (1986), NYSDEC. Interview for Phase I Investigation, 1/3/86.
- 8. NYSDEC (1985), Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste. Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Report, 1/24/85.
- 9. NYSDOH (1982), NYS Atlas of Community Water System Sources.
- 10. US Bureau of the Census (1980). "Erie County Planning Department 1980 Census Tracts".
- 11. USDOC (1979), National Climatic Center. "Climatic Atlas of the United States".
- 12. USDOC (1963). "Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States". Technical Paper No. 40.
- 13. USGS. Topographic Map: Springville Quadrangle.
- 14. Wells, D. (1985), Village of Springville Water Dept. Interview for Phase I Investigation, 12/17/85.

^{*}For general references see Appendix A.

COMMERCIAL CONFIDENTIAL

Calspan advanced Technology center

PROCESS WASTE AND LANDFILL INVESTIGATIONS

Calspan Report No. 6419-M-1

bу

Richard P. Leonard

Environmental Sciences Department

December 4, 1978

Prepared For:

Winsmith Division
UMC Industries Inc.
172 Eaton Street
Springville, New York 14141

Purchase Order No. P33921

A DIVISION OF CALSPAH CORPORATION

AN ARVIN COMPANY PO BOX 400 BUFFALO NEW YORK 14225

TABLE 1

CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF PROCESS WASTE SAMPLES

Sample Number and Description	Cyanide (CN)	Chlorinated Hydrocarbons
1. Cyanide salt bath	5.5%	-
2. Neutral pot skimmings	0.1%	·
3. Quench pot skim	<0.001%	- .
4A. Cooling water	2.75 ppm	-
4B. Cooling water sludge	<0.04 ppm	-
5. Waste tramp oil	15.0 ppm	23,000 ppb
6. Coolant O.D. grinders	<0.02 ppm	17 ppb
12. ROTO-BRITE Cleaner	<0.02 ppm	9 ppb

not analyzed and not believed present

Specific chlorinated compounds not identified. Chlorinated hydrocarbons reported as lindane standard although lindane not present.

TABLE 2

Carry I a North			Chemical Analyses		
Samu	le Number	Cyanide (ppm) (CN)	Oil & Grease (ppm)	Chlorinated Hydrocarbons (ppb)	
# 7	(upstream storm drainage)	0.19	3	<1	
8	(downstream storm drainage)	0.05	11	<1	
9	(subsurface drain to ditch northern boundary)	<0.02	3	<1	
10	(surface drainage to swale, S.E. corner of hill)	<0.02	1	<1	
11	(drainage ditch, northern road entrance)	<0.02	4	<1	

Specific chlorinated compounds not identified. Chlorinated hydrocarbons reported as lindane standard although lindane not present.

TASK III

LANDFILL CHARACTERIZATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

On October 10, 1978 the Earth Dimensions Inc. conducted test borings at the location which had been used at one time by Winsmith for landfill of process wastes. The placement of bore holes was directed by Mr. Richard Leonard, Principal Environmental Engineer, Calspan Corporation. The purpose of the borings was to ascertain the extent of landfilled material and to sample the wastes for chemical tests. Samples of landfilled material were chemically analyzed by Calspan for pH, conductivity, cyanide content, and oil and grease content.

Figure 1 shows the location of bore holes relative to the location of a small water filled pit in which process wastes were believed to have been disposed a number of years ago (i.e., greater than 10 years ago). Official logs of these borings contained as Enclosure 1 show that no process wastes were encountered in soil borings. Except for hole #1 and the pond itself, the sequence of layers consisted of 10-12 feet of silt loam soil carried in from other areas (soil removed during construction of parking lots and plant expansion) over the natural soil layers. The natural soils encountered in all bore holes consist of sand, silt, and gravel deposits typical of glacial outwash soils. The natural soils at hole #1 had not been covered by soil fill.

It is apparent from the borings that landfilling was confined to the small (20' x 15') pended area. A boring was made in the pended area to obtain samples for laboratory testing and to ascertain how deep the pit was dug prior to depositing process wastes. The boring showed that the depth of the original pit was approximately 10'. Samples of landfilled material obtained for laboratory testing were:

Sample #13,14 - water from the top of the pit

Sample 15 - soft slag-like material probably salt residues from heat treatment, taken at approximately 2' depth

Sample 16 - mixed sediments, fine slag-like material, oily smell, taken at approximately 7' depth

TABLE 3

Sample Number	Chemical Analyses (nom)		
Sample Number	<u>CN</u> (ppm)	Oil and Grease (ppm)	рН
13,14 (water from top of pit)	<0.02	13	7.35
15 (soft slag-like material)	<0.02	-	-
<pre>16 (mixed sediments, fine slag-like material)</pre>	<0.02	1500	-

- not analyzed

ES ENGINEERING-SCIENCE INTERVIEW FORM					
			 _		•
Interviewe	ee/Code Larry W. Coty			/	
Title-Posi	ition Mgr. of Quality As	surance			
Address	172 Eaton Street				
City	Springville	_State	New York	Zip	14141
Phone (716 ₎ 592-9311		se rerrod	¹⁹⁸¹ to	present.
Location_		Intervi	ewer S.R. St	te ele	
Date/Time_	12/9/85 / 8 - 10:00 a	m —			
Subject:_	Phase I investigation				
Remarks:	Heat treatment sludge was d	isposed o	f in area ind	dicated behi	ind the
	Winsmith storage building.	The typi	cal disposal	practice wa	as to
	remove solids from heat tre	at tank,	which were	then hand o	carried
	hand to the disposal area a	nd placed	in unlined/o	disposal are	ea.
	The quantity of waste dispo	sed in th	e landfill is	s unknown bu	ıt
	presumed be small. Wastes we	ere carri	ed in small o	containers/	pans
	(2-5 gals) for transport of	the heat	treat sludge	e. ·	
ļ					
					······································
					T-1-11 - 1-1
I agree wi	th the above summary of the	interview	·:		
			,		
Signature:		_			
Comments:_					
					

3.0 Ground Water Migration Route

3.1 Observed Release. If there is direct evidence of release of a substance of concern cility to ground water, enter a score irot of 45 tine 1 of the work sheet for the ground water route (Figure 2); then you need not evaluate route characteristics and containment factors (lines 2 and 3). Direct evidence of release must be analytical. if a contaminant is measured (regardless of frequency) in ground water or in a well in the vicinity of the facility at a significantly (in terms of demonstrating that a release has occurred, not in terms of potential effects} higher level than the background level, then quantitative evidence exists, and a release has been observed. Qualitative evidence of release (e.g., an oily or otherwise objectionable taste or smell in well water) constitutes direct evidence only if it can be confirmed that it results from a release at the facility in question. If a release has been observed, proceed to "3.4 Waste Characteristics" to continue scoring. If direct evidence is lacking, enter a value of 0 on line 1 and continue the scoring procedure by evaluating Route Characteristics.

3.2 Route Characteristics. Depth to aquifer of concern is measured vertically from the lowest point of the hazardous substances to the highest seasonal level of the saturated zone of the aquifer of concern (Figure 3). This factor is one indicator of the ease with which a pollutant from the facility

could migrate to ground water. Assign a value as follows:

· Distance (feet)	Assigned value
>150	
78 to 150	1
21 to 75	2
0 to 20	3

Net precipitation (precipitation minus evaporation) indicates the potential for leachate generation at the facility. Net seasonal rainfall (seasonal rainfall minus seasonal evaporation) data may be used if available. If net precipitation is not measured in the region in which the facility is located, calculate it by subtracting the mean annual lake evaporation for the region (obtained from Figure 4) from the normal annual precipitation for the region (obtained from Figure 5). EPA Regional Offices will have maps for areas outside the continental U.S. Assign a value as follows:

Net precipiation (inches)	Assigned value
<-10	٥
- 10 to +5	1
+5 to +15	2
>+15	3
	1

Permeability of unsaturated zone (or intervening geological formations) is an

indicator of the speed at which a contaminant could migrate from a facility. Assign a value from Table 2.

TABLE 2.—PERMEABILITY OF GEOLOGIC
MATERIALS

Type of material	Approximate range of hydraulic conductivity	As- signed value
Clay, compact till, shale: unfractured metamorphic and ioneous rocks.	<10 ⁻¹ cm/sec	٥
Sit, toess, sity clays, sity loams, clay loams; less permeable imestone, dotorwise, and sand-stone; moderately permeable bit.	<10⁻>10 ⁺ 1 cm/sec	•
Fine send and sitty sand; sendy loams; toerny sands; moderately per- mable imestone, dolo- mins, and sandstone	<10" > 10" cm/sec	2
(no karsit; moderately fractured igneous and metamorphic rocks, some coarse till. Gravet, sand; highly fractured igneous and metamorphic rocks; permeable basalt and levist; karst fimestions and dolonne.	>10 ⁻¹ cm/sec	з

*Derived from: Davis, S. N., Porcetty and Permandrity of Natural Materials in Flow-Through Porque Media, R.J.M. DeWest ed., Academic Press, New York, 1969; Freeze, R.A. and J.A. Cherry, Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Inc., New York, 1979.

BILLING COOE 6540-50-M

ES AND D&M SITE INSPECTION

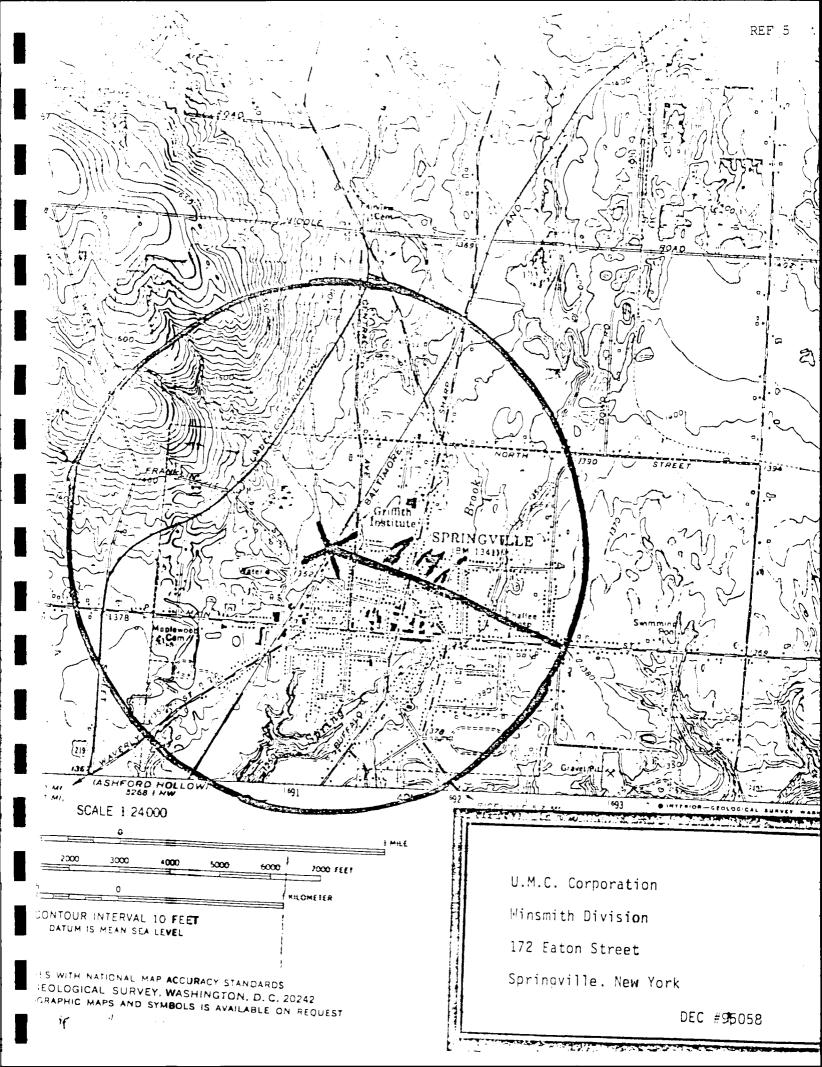
Observations made during the ES and D&M Site Inspections are provided on US EPA Forms 2070-12 and 2070-13. Field notes were used to complete these EPA Forms, and are not included herein.

UMC CORPORATION
WINSMITH DIVISION
172 EATON STREET
SPRINGVILLE, NEW YORK
DEC #95058

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Prepared By
Erie County Department of
Environment and Planning
October 1983

U.M.C. Corporation Minsmith Division 172 Eaton Street Springville, New York DEC #95058 WINSMITH DIV - U.M.C. x Calspan test site



GENERAL BACKGROUND

U.M.C. Industries, Winsmith Division, is located on Eaton Street in the Village of Springville. This plant produces speed reduction equipment and gears. The facility produces the following wastes: cyanides, oil & grease, acids, scrap metals, water soluble coolants, and painting wastes. At one time the plant maintained a small on-site disposal pit.

DATA REVIEW

Following the 1978 IATF report this firm contracted with a consultant to evaluate its waste streams. As a portion of the consultants study the area of on-site disposal was also evaluated. The consultant's work included soil boring and sample analysis to determine the extent of the problem created by on-site waste disposal. It became apparent that the landfilling was confined to a small (20' x 15') area. Borings indicated that the disposal pit was approximately 10 feet deep. It was concluded that 3000 ft³ of material was disposed of on-site. Samples were taken of water ponded over the disposal area, soil was taken from the 2 foot level, and from the 7 foot level. The samples were analyzed for cyanide, and oil and grease. Contaminated soil (1500 ppm oil and grease) was reported for the 7 foot deep sample. The cyanide concentration of <0.02 ppm was reported following analysis of water and soil. The groundwater standard for cyanide is .2 mg/l.

COMPLUSION AND ECONOMENDATION

The firm has discontinued use of the site and now utilizes a private hauler for off-site disposal. Past disposal was limited to a small area. Analysis of soil and water samples taken from the area of disposal does not indicate that the site poses a serious environmental threat. We would recommend that the site be removed from the list of sites suspected of posing a hazard.

Interviewee/Code George R. Mangiarelli Title-Position Manufacturing Manager Address 172 Eaton Street City Springville State New York Zip 14141 Phone (716) 592-9311 Residence Period 11/76 to present Date/Time 12/9/85 / 10:00 am Subject: Phase I study of Winsmith disposal site Remarks: The quantity of waste (heat treat Sludge) disposed of in the disposal site located behind the Winsmith storage area is unknown and no records exist. A drainage ditch was installed on-site which presently drains surface water from the Winsmith plant parking lot and area in the Vicinity of the disposal site & storage building. The surface water drains along the Southern border of the Winsmith porerty and enters into a stream used for fishing. The disposal area is on top of the hill behind the storage building in what appears as a low lying area. (20' x 20' in site)
Title-Position Manufacturing Manager Address 172 Eaton Street City Springville State New York Zip 14141 Phone (716) 592-9311 Residence Period 11/76 to present Location on site Interviewer S.R. Steele Date/Time 12/9/85 / 10:00 am Subject: Phase I study of Winsmith disposal site Remarks: The quantity of waste (heat treat Sludge) disposed of in the disposal site located behind the Winsmith storage area is unknown and no records exist. A drainage ditch was installed on-site which presently drains surface water from the Winsmith plant parking lot and area in the vicinity of the disposal site & storage building. The surface water drains along the Southern border of the Winsmith porerty and enters into a stream used for fishing. The disposal area is on top of the hill behind the storage building in what appears as a low lying
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the hill behind the storage building in what appears as a low lying
area. (20' x 20' in site)
I agree with the above summary of the interview:
Signature:/s/George R. Mangiarelli
Comments: As per past reports filed, quantities were unknown but presumed
small. Reference was not made to sample procedures including spoon
sampling conducted by Calspan.

NYS WETLANDS MAPS

NYS Wetlands Maps were reviewed during the Phase I investigation. Individual maps for each site were not obtained and are, therefore, not included in the Phase I reports. Site specific information collected concerning the location of a wetland within 1 mile of a given site is recorded in the documentation section of each report.

		INEERING-SCIENCE	
Interviewee/Code	Mike McMur	ry	
Title-Position	Environmen	ntal Analyst	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Address 600 Delawar	e Ave.	·	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
City Buffalo		State New York	Zip 14202
Phone (716) 847-4	1551	Residence Period	to
Location DEC Regulate	ory Affairs	InterviewerNYE	- DIM
Date/Time 1/3/86	/ Buffalo		
Subject: Wetlands & F	Flood Info - Rec	gion 9	
Remarks: Met with Mi	te who gave me a	access to both Wetlar	id and Floodway
-	e local region.		
*Also left s	site locations f	for the Identification	on of wildlife critical
h a bitat & Na	ntional Wildlife	e Refuces.	
W.	insmith Div - Un	nc Corp site	
1	Fresh water w	vetland 0.6 miles NE	of site
((designated as SI	? - 11)	
2	There is no o	critical habitat of a	n endangered
sı	ecies or nation	nal wild life refuge	within 1 mile
0:	site.		
I agree with the above	summary of the	e interview:	
			
Signature: /s/Michael	J. McMurray, En	nvironmental Analyst	
Comments:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	·		

NEW YORK STATE THE PROTECT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION DIVISIONS COLUMN AND HAZARDOUS COSTE INACTIVE HAZALIGUS WASTE DISPOSAL SITE REPORT

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 2a REGION: 9 SITE CODE: 915058

NAME OF SITE : Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

STREET ADDRESS: 172 Eaton Street

TOWN/CITY: COUNTY: ZIP: Springville (village) Erie 14141

SITE TYPE: Open Dump-X Structure- Lagoon- Landfill- Treatment Fond-ESTIMATED SIZE: 1 Acres

SITE OWNER/OPERATOR INFORMATION:

CURRENT OWNER NAME. ...: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

CURRENT OWNER ADDRESS.: 172 Eaton St., Springville, NY 14141

OWNER(S) DURING USE...: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp. OPERATOR DURING USE...: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

OPERATOR ADDRESS.....: 172 Eaton St., Springville, NY 14141

PERIOD ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS WASTE: From 1930 1968

SITE DESCRIPTION:

In 1978, Calspan Advanced Technology Center ofBuffalo, NY sampled and analyzed process solid and liquid wastes from the Winsmith plant. Samples of water and solids taken from a pit on the dump site were also analyzed during the same period.

Elevated levels of cyanide were found in the process waste water and elevated levels of chlorinated hydrocarbons were found in the waste and

Samples from the dump pit site did not indicate ground and surface water contamination.

Erie County has prepared a site profile report in Oct. 1983.

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: Confirmed-X Suspected

___QUANTITY_(units)___

Heat treat. studges (cyanides) Neutralized acids

Sodium hydroxide

Unknown Unknown Unknown

SITE CODE: 912000

TRALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE:

Air- Surface Water- Groundwater- Soil-X Sediment- None-

CONTRAVENTION OF STANDARDS:

Groundwater- Brinking Water- Surface Water- Air-

LEGAL ACTION:

State- Federal-TYPE ... None

STATUS: In Frogress - Completed-

REMEDIAL ACTION:

Proposed- Under Design- In Progress- Completed-

NATURE OF ACTION: None

GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION:

SOIL TYPE: Sandy, sitt, clay GROUNDWATER DEFIH: Not known

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROPLEMS:

From the limited data available at this time, there appears to be no

significant threat to the environment.

ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH FROBLEMS:

Insufficient information.

PERSON(S) COMPLETING THIS FORM:

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NAME .: Abul Barkat

TITLE: Sr. Sanitary Engr.

NAME .: R. Tramoniano

TITLE: Bur. Tox. Subst. Assess.

NAME:: Peter Buechi

TITLE: Assoc. Sanitary Engr.

孙高州田。\$

TITLE:

DATE:: 01/24/85

DATE .: 01/24/85

Fage 9 - 216

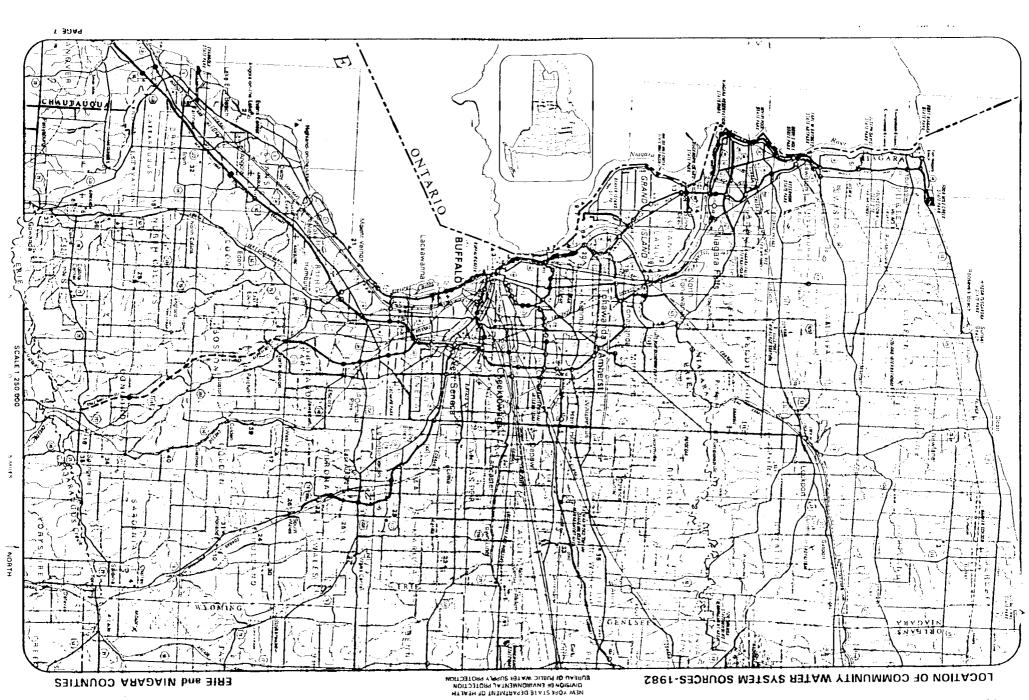
New York State Atlas of Community Water System Sources 1982 NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PROTECTION

ERIE COUNTY

O NO	COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEM	POPULATION	SOURCE
Manic	ipal Community		
	Akron Village (See No 1 Wyomi	ng Co,	
	Page 10)	3640	110.1.1.0
1	Alden Village	3460	. Holia
2	Angola Village		Lake Eric
3	Buffalo City Division of Wate	er35/8/Q	Lake trie
4	Caffee Water Company.	210.	, Wells
5	Collins Water District #3		. WE 115
6	Collins Water Districts #1 ar	10 #2 1384	. WOITE
7	Erie County Water Authority	271.000	tala Cain
\sim	(Sturgeon Point Intake)	375000	Lake trie
8	Frie County Water Authority		n C Despect
/	(Van DeWater Intake)	NA	.Niagara River - East Branch .Niagara River
9	Grand Island Water District A	7293 <u>9</u> 0. <i>.</i>	Niagara River
10	unliand Water Bistfift .		, WELLS
1.1	Lawtons Water Company	138	.Wells
12	tantance Ciew (Ningara CO)		. Niagara Kiver - tast bianci
13			
14	Niagara falls City (Niagara (:o)	Niagara River - West branch
15			
16	the set Tong and City (Ninght)	· Col	Niagara River - Hest Didici
17	Drobard Park Village		Pipe Cieck Reservoir
18			
19	Innewsods City	18538	Niadara Kiver - tast branci
20	Tonguanda Water District #1		. HI ayara niver
21	Wanakah Water Company	10750	Lake Erie
•		•	
Non I	Aunscipal Community		
22	Aurora Mobile Park.	125	. Wells
23	- Durk Cardone Mobile Home Pari	K	. #6114
24	CLERIA R Trailer Court		. We ! 1 \$
25	Circle Court Mobile Park	. 125 .	Wells
26	Crookside Mobile Home Park.	120	.Wells
27	Donnelly's Mobile Home Court		, ,We115
28	Courage State Hospital	NA	, Clear Lake
29	uittelde ferniek	160	Well&
30	Humbers Creek Mobile Home Pa-	rk 150	
31	Keny Angermant &	NA	We I I S
32	Mania Crove Trailer Court		WE113
33	Millorova Mobile Park	100	, , WCTTS
34	Cortine Trailer Park		, ,Well&
35	A. A. Marie Will Ersbyde	400.	
36	Caringuille Mobile Park		, .WD112
37	Springwood Mobile Village		Wells
	Taylors Grove Trailer Park.	39	Wells
38	Valley View Mobile Court.		Wells
39	Villager Apartments	MA	Wells
40	VIIInger Apartments		

NIAGARA COUNTY

ID NO	COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEM	FULUTATION	Sooner
Mun	nicipal Community		
1	Lockport City (See No 12, Erie Middleport Village	Co). 25000 2000	.Wells (Springs)
2	Niagara County Water District (See No 13, Erie Co) Niagara Falls City (See also 1		
2	Erie Co)	//384	,Niagara River - East Branch
	Erie Co)	36000	
	Municipal Community		
3	Country Estates Mobile Village	2 28	Wells



US CENSUS DATA, 1980

US Census Data used in the HRS scoring was obtained from various County Planning Offices. This data was not obtained from a report. The raw census data combined with County Planning Maps was used to estimate the population within 1, 2, 3, and 4 miles of the Phase I site being investigated. Because of the voluminous amount of data used, the data is not provided in this Appendix.

COURTY PLANNING DELARTHENT

DO CENSUS MACTS

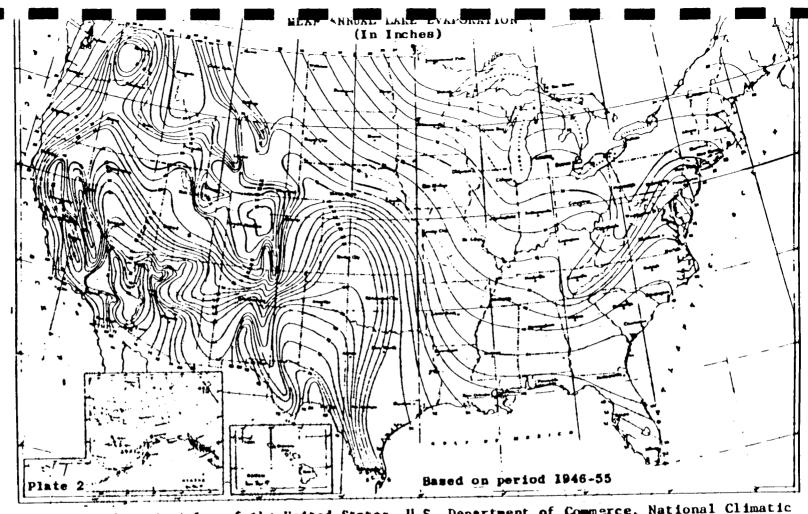
Tract Boundaries

Tract Boundaries Extending to the International Boundary

Tract Fortion

ਹੈ ਜਾਣਾ U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1980. ਜਾਣਾਵਾਂ Erie County Espartment of Environ ਜਾਣਾ ਦਾ ਹਾਂ ਜੋੜ ਅੰ<mark>ਗਰ,</mark> Dussion of Planning October 1980





Source: Climatic Atlas of the United States, U.S. Department of Commerce, National Climatic Center, Ashville, N.C., 1979.

Figure 4
Mean Annual Lake Evaporation (In Inches)

Source: Climatic Atlas of the United States, U.S. Department of Commerce, Mational Climatic Center, Ashville, N.C., 1979.

Figure 5 Normal Annual Total Precipitation (inches)

BILLING CODE 8560-50-C

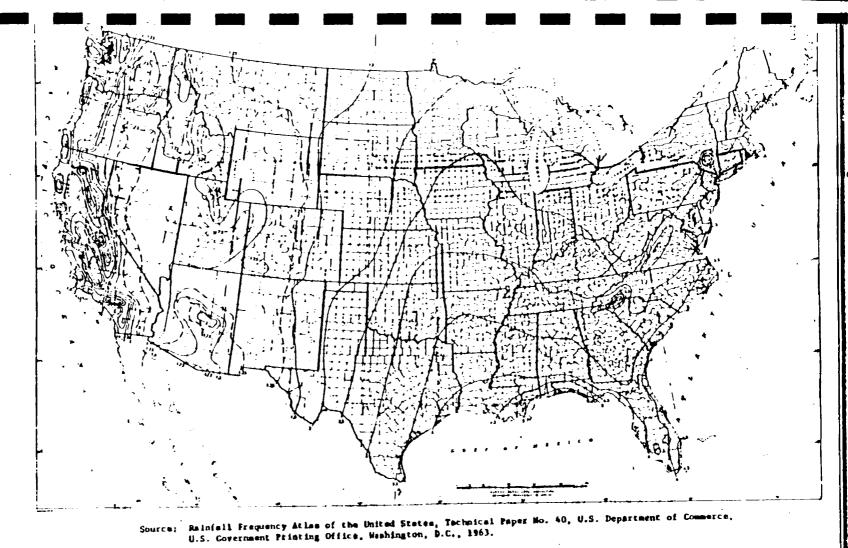
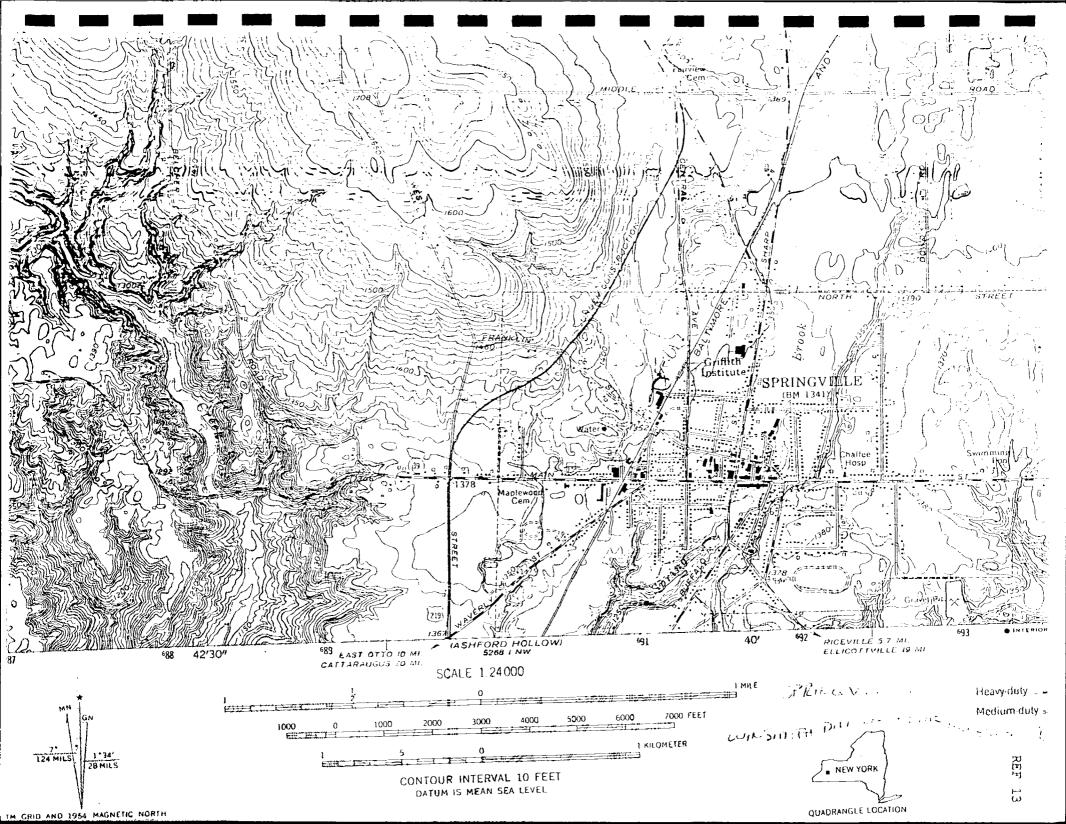


Figure 8

1-Year 24-Hour Rainfall (Inches)

BILLING CODE 6560-50-C



INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE DICK WELLS /
TITLE - POSITION VILLAGE OF SPRINGVILLE, MY WATER DEPT.
ADDRESS 5 WEST MAIN STREET
CITY SPRINCVICLE STATE LY ZIP
PHONE (716) 592-4722 RESIDENCE PERIOD TO
LOCATION DHOLE CONV. FROM DEM INTERVIEWER LARRY KEEPE DEM
DATE/TIME /2 / 17 / 85 / 10:30 Am
SURJECT: WATER SERVICE & SUPPLY IN SPRINGVILLE
_
REMARKS: MOST RESIDENTS WITHIN THE VILLAGE LITATES ARE ON
HUNICIPAL WATER, THERE ARE SOME PRIVATE WELLS ON NORTH & VALLEY ST
TOTAL CUSTOMERS SERVED = 1240 (4200 USERS)
THE VILLAGE WELLS ARE LOCATED AT 247 N. CENTRAL AVE
TUST SOUTH OF THE RIR TRACKS. THE WELLS ARE 150' DEED IN
A SAND & GRAVEL AQUIFER. WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS IS DONE
YEARLY BY ERIE COUNTY HEALTH DEPT AND BACTERIA ANALYSIS IS
DONE MONTHLY BY THE VILLAGE OF SPRINGVILLE
THE ARE MANY SHALLOW TRIVATE WELLS (24-30' DEED)
OUTSIDE THE VILLAGE LIMITS WHILE SAME WELLS 426 AS DEED AS
200' DEPENDING ON WATER QUALITY (1804 CONTENT HIGH IN SOME
SHALLOWER INSTALLATIONS).
GREAT DEAR SPRING WATER CO IS REPORTED TO USE
A SPRING ON HIDDLE RD. FOR ONE OF ITS SOURCES FOR BOTTLED
WATER.
Lugkeye

- ES ENGINEERING-SCIENCE-INTERVIEW FORM

Interviewee/Code		161	ERVIEW FORM	
Nost residents within the village limits are on miunicipal water, there are some private wells on North & Vaugh Street total customers south of the RR tracks. The wells are 150' deep in a sand & gravel aquifer. Water quality analysis is done monthly by the village of Springville. There are many shallow private wells (24' - 30' deep) outside the village limits while some wells are as deep as 200' depending on middle road for one of its sources for bottled water. Signature: /s/Larry Keefer	Intervi ew e e/ Code	Dick Wells		,
Address 5 West Main Stroet City Springville State New York Zip Phone (716) 592-4722 Residence Period to Cocation Phone Conv. from D & M Interviewer Larry Keefe D & M Date/Time 12/17/85 / 10:30 am Subject: Water service & supply in Springville Remarks: Most residents within the village limits are on miunicipal water, there are some private wells on North & Vaugh Street total customers served - 1240 (4200 users) The village wells (2) are located at 247 M. Central Ave. just south of the RR tracks. The wells are 150' deep in a sand & gravel aquifer. Water quality analysis is done wenthly by the village of Springville. There are many shallow private wells (24' - 30' deep) cutside the village limits while some wells are as deep as 200' depending on water quality (iron content high in some shallower instalations). Creat Bear Spring Water Cc. is reported to use a spring on middle road for one of its sources for bottled water. Signature: /s/Larry Keefer				ater Dept.
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middle road for one of its sources for bottled water. I agree with the above summary of the interview: Signature: /s/Larry Keefer	water quality	/ (iron content	high in some shall	ower instalations).
agree with the above summary of the interview: Signature: /s/Larry Keefer	Great Be	ar Spring Water	Co. is reported t	o use a spring on
Signature: /s/Larry Keefer	middle road :	For one of its s	ources for bottled	water.
Signature: /s/Larry Keefer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Signature: /s/Larry Keefer	I agree wi th the above	summary of the i	nterview:	
Comments:			_	
	Jomments:			

S. F.

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WAS 1E SIVE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

•	PREATION
	DOO DE TOUBER
LYY	D002123552

	PART 1 - SITE INFORMA	TION AND ASSESSIVE	iT LYY L	1002123550
ULCHELFIAME AND LOCATION				
31 DITE NAME I Common or descriptive name of snet	······································	02 STREET, HOUTE NO , CR SH	ECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER	
Wirismith Div - UMK	"Corp.	172 Eaten	34	
Springville		24 14/41 06		07 COUNTY 08 COVG COOE 0.ST
12° 34'33.4				
From Sharps 1. In Spi 61. Site is located	reguille go wes at 172 Eaten	t on either E St.	iciten St. Or oi	n Franklin
III. RESPONSIBL E PARTIES				
O1 CWNER (f known)		02 STATET (Business, making, rese		
Reenless-Winsmith In	c-Bob Grenin	170 Eaton		
Springville			05 TELEPHONE NUVSER (7/6) 599-931/	
OT OPERATOR IT AMOUNT & SOCIETION OF THE SOCIETY		CB STREET .Businers, maring, resk	zentad)	
09 CITY		10 STATE 11 2:2 CODE	12 TELEPHONE NUMBER	T
			()	
13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP Check chel				
PAINATE D 8. FEDERAL:	(Agency name)	G. STATE	ID.COUNTY IT ELM	MCIPAL
☐ F. OTHER:	(Sc ocdy)	E. G. UNKNO		
14 CWNER OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE ICA PO	SOURCE TE SITE ON	ny for plant.		
14 OWNER OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE (4) 2 A. RORA 3001 DATE RECEIVED: NOT. WONTH	D B. UNCONTROL	LED WASTE SITE CERCU 103 C	DATE RECEIVED:	AY FEAR G. NONE
IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTENTIAL				
OI ON SITE INSPECTION SOUR COUL	SY (Check at their abovy)	ALCOUTTACION #	STATE C D. OTHER	CONTRACTOR
DEPES DATE WONTH DAY YEAR	DIA EPA DIB. EF	FICIAL EF. OTHER:		CONTRACTOR
L' NO	CONTRACTOR NAME(S):	Calhy Bosma (ES)	4B-55telle F3 L	un Keele Den)
02 SITE STATUS (C.) +CE and	O3 YEARS OF OPE			
ALACTIVE SELINACTIVE C.U.	1	1930 1968 BEGINNING YEAR ENDING Y	DISPOSSIAL YERI	N
Heat trad sludge contain Oilegrease are also repor	ent known on Allegeo And Cyanitles, who is hed in the 20'kg	noted hydrocarbon 5 area and 10°	s, and ecrap metal deup site.	disposed on site.
OS DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIR	ONMENT ANDICK POPULATION		1 M rentrol.	
CS DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRON	on site. Adequate a	over but not adequa	He rundt. Leachal	e was
observed along eas				
a cyanide noncentrat	ion (% cyanide	20,5 mg/l.		
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT				
OT PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one, magnishmed A. HIGH Inspect for inspect promoting) (1)		E D. NONE	Bous Candiligas Andilacidents) Hilacikon neenedi campiere asideni dispo	unon le mn
VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM				
OF CONTACT	02 OF 149+704 O194	n a second		OB TELEPHONE NUMBER
Cothy J. Bosma	Figine	Princip - Science	e (ES)	17031571-7575
CAPERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR 1651555 WENT	C5 AGENCY	ES CAGANIZATION	1) Same	12 30,85

POTENTIAL HAZZHOOUS WAS TE SITE PRELIMITIARY ASSESSMENT

I, ISSEMBLE ATION NY DOO 12355-

PART 2 - WASTE ALFORMATION II. WASTE STATES, QUANTITIES, AND CHARACTERISTICS 13 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS Chack and a rapply CZ WASTE QUANTITY AT SITE CT PHYSICAL STATES ISTACE SHE'S LABOR I I HIGHLY VOLATILE Most be in technology ZA TOXIC , E BOCUBLE I EXPLOSIVE TA SOLID

I B PONUERLENES

I F LOUID

E SLUCKE

G SAS D B CORPOSIVE C C PARICACTIVE C D PERSISTENT F WESTIOUS TELEMMARKE 10NS I LI MCCMPAT BLE I M NOT APPLICABLE CUBONARDS III CO OTHER __ NO UF DRUMS _ * : • : FY) III. WASTE TYPE 01 0-055 100001 02 041 05 484508 03 140-415 YRCOHILL 3000 loube feet: 2090**68** SLU see studace JILY WASTE SOLVENIS SOL PESTICIDES PSD OTHER OPGANIC CHEMICALS ∞ C NORGANIC CHEMICALS OC 4010**S** ACD. BASES 3AS HEAVY METALS WES IV. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES . THE ATTENDA TO THIS STREET COME CAS Numbered CE NEASURE OF CONTENTRATION OS CONCENTRATION CA STORAGE DISPOSAL METHOD DBICAS NUMBER DE SULSTANCE NAME O1 CATEGORY Oil and Grease F -541 Chlorinated hydrasis L LAPS LO2 000 cyande V. FEEDSTOCKS See Accende to CAS Number 41 DE DAS NUMBER DI FEEDSTOCK NAME CATEGORY 02 CAS NUMBER 31 FEEDSTOCK NAME CATEGORY ₽Đ\$ FDS FDS FDS FOS VIL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (C. e appetito references), e.g., class files, purious analysis, lepons (

Calpan Advanced Technology, 78

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTESHE

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

I, IDENTIFICATION		
		-
OT STATE OF SITE NOW IS	_	
1 114 Dag 12355	\Rightarrow	

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

L HAZADDOUS CONDITIONS AND EADDENTS		
Of AT A GARDUNGWATER CONTABRIGATION OF AT AN GARDUNGWATER CONTABRIGATION OF AT AN GARDUNGWATER CONTABRIGATION	02 C URSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	DIPOTENTIAL DIALECTED
10 groundwater	montoring condu	ted at sete
ON ID BUCURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION US POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 El GOSERVED (CATE	C POTENTIAL C AL ELED
surface water insomb		
constituents delected a	whit excedent 145	
01 © C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 23 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 G OBSERVED (DATE	C POTENTIAL C ALLEGED
rone - How me	te readings took	cen
01 (2.0) FIRE-EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED.	02 C OBSERVED (DATE) OATERNAM OF CONTRARAM	C POTENTIAL C ALLEGED
nous identified		
01 T E DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:		
dissusal site does	not have on an	legiste
come system - potal	End to direct contr	net exists
01 C. F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	© POTENTIAL ALLESED
Oil and grease date	ited at 1500 ppm	, netals and
organi analysis no	t conducted	
01 C G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	I POTENTIAL I ALLESED
some identitied		
01 C.H. WORKER EXPOSURE INJURY 03. WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 C OSSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	I POTENTIAL I ALLEGED
none identified		
01 Z I POPULATI C N EXPOSURE INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED.	02 C CBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	I POTENTIAL I ALLEGED
none identified		

FOTEL HALMADARDOUS WASTE SITE ARELICIMARY ASSESSMENT

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

1, 107711	TERM VIION
J1 TA15	ON USER TO WEER
NY	D002123552

H. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS COMMIND			
01 13 J. DAMAGE TO FL ORA 34 NARRAINE DESCRIPTI ON	D2 (I) OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	C ARLEGES
none identifi	id		
01 D.K. CAMAGE TO FAUNA C4 NATIRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Her de number of so-holes)	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:)	C POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
none dentité	e d		
01 CL. CC WAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN C4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	RECESSERVED (DATE)	C POTENTIAL	C ALLEGE:
esknown			
01 (2 M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES E. TO ARROW HIMSING MOUNTAINING BOOMS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: LAKENAM	02 C CESERVED (DATE:)	© POTENTIAL	G ALLEGE:
	pa HARRATIVE DESCRIPTION reat Studye /and file un	s.t.	
01 C. N. DAMAGE TO CRESITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	92'□ CRSERVED (DATE:)		E ALLEGE:
none identified			
01 © 0. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WAVES 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	Ps 02 C OBSERVED (DATE:)	O POTENTIAL	C ALLEGE:
not applicable	- no peant wasterest	- disce	Lenges
01 [] P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 COSSERVED (CATE:)	C POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
none (dent find	to dete		
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALL	SGED HAZAROS		
			·
III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
IV. COMMENTS			
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cheacoodic destances & g. state) es	t Osmoklana ksis (#don#)		
ECDEP SIG Profice	int, 1985		
	2		

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WAS IF SITE SITE SITE SITE

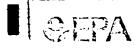
1. 10 ENT 12 IC ACTION

ON STATE 127 - 12 EN JAMBER

NY | DOOR 12 3 552

PART 1 - SITE LOCATION AND INSPECTION INFORMATION

SITE NAME AND LOCATION		Tenn-har-	200125120 0005	PECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER	
a of dealette in name of stell	·			,	
Winsmith Div UMC Corp	·	CASTATE	2 Eaten	TOB COUNTY	DICOULT OB CONG
5,2ringville		NY	14141	Erie	029 0151
42°3033."6 _Z8c 40 21.6	TO TYPE OF OWNERS A. FRIVATE F. OTHER	C B. FED	DERAL	D C. STATE D D. COUNT	
H. HISPECTION INFORMATION	03 YEARS OF OPER	UION DIS	moscal vec	r<	
D CATE OF INSPECTION OZ STIE STATUS 12, 9,85 MONTH BAY YEAR D ACTIVE D ACTIVE		1930	1908	UNKNOYA	٠
A AGENCY PERFORMING INSPECTION TO HELD IN A WOOM					
□ A. EPA □ B. EFACONTRACTOR	and of femil	_ D C.M	JNICIPAL DD. 1	AUNICIPAL CONTRACTOR _ Pring Science &	Dans & Trous
	one of time	_ 27G.UI	HEH LA GILLE	107 CRGANIZATION	OB TELEPHINE NO.
SE CHIEF INSPECTION	1	manta	Scientis	1	131531-7575
Bob Steele	10 TILE	WILLEUI	رد (۱۶۱۱)	IT ORSANZATION	12 TELEPHINENO.
COHNY BOSMA		/ En	gineen	ES	(703) 591-7575
Larry Keefe	Geole	09/31		D&W	(315) 635-2572
					()
			•		()
					()
13 SIT É REPRESENTATIVES INTERVIEWED	Conlity Ass	::0 2/2	18ACD98 S		18 TELEPHINE NO
Larry Coty	manaye	in .	MQ Ea	ten St.	1716 592-931
Gærge Mangiarelli	manufact Mana	, ,	172 E	ation St.	17/61593-931
					()
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17 ACCESS GANED BY 18 THE OF INSPECTION 10 HE FORM SSION 10 WARRANT 18 THE OF INSPECTION 10 HE FORM SSION 10 WARRANT	18 WEATHER C 3170 U	COVET	ed groun	, drizzle.	
IV. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM					LOS TELES
Cathy J. Bosna	Ergin	-	ry Science	E	17031591-757
CATHY JI BUS MA	GS AGENCY	(e)	ES.	OT TELEPHONE NO.	12.30,85 MONTE LAY YEAR
EPAFO-4 2070 13 (7-81)					MONTH IAY YEAR



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE STE INSPECTION REPORT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION.

I, IDENTIFICATION				
CI STATE	DW3133552			

WASTE TYPE ATEGORY SLU OLW SOL PSD OCC	CONSTANCES SLUDGE OILY WASTE	NO. OF DRUMS	01 GROSS AMOUNT				ADC 4:11E
SEU OLW SOL PSD OGC	SLU9 GE	, ME	01 GROSS AVOUNT				
SLU OLW SOL PSD OCC	SLU9 GE	E	01 GROSS AMOUNT	,			
OLW SOL PSD OCC				·			
PSD OCC	OILY W/ STE		3000 :	cubic teet	3,000 11-3	of heat tre	etzew tx
PSD OCC IOC			same as slud	cxe		<u></u>	
0CC	SOLVENTS						
10 C	PESTI CI DE S						
	OTHER CAGANIC C	HEMICALS					
	INORGANIC CHEMIS	CALS					
ACD	ACID S						
BAS	BASES						
MES	HEAVY METALS						
, HAZARDOUS	SUBSTANCES IS.	loc max for most freque	only expo CAS Numberal				
CATEGORY	BONATERUS SO	HAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/CIS	PODAL METHOD	DS CONCENTRATION	Ø - 1 kSL %€ (Ø + 1 kVT kT
	C'yanide			Surface waters	andes &F	40200m	
	hlograded	h dagate		16	1 SF	6/mb	<u> </u>
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				J		<u> </u>	1
V. FEEDSTOC	KS 1500 Appr 12 1 to CAS No	interel	 	- 	T		
CATEGORY	0:: CEDST	DOK HAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	OF FEEDST	COXNAME	OS CHO NO AE
FD S	1			FOS	ļ <u></u>		<u> </u>
FDS				FDS			<u></u>
FDS				FOS			
FDS				FDS			
	OF INFCENTATION a	Is pucto miorricas	s g., sirie fées, samble sherys	1.1400/4	· •	 	
T04	rasency Ta	sk Force	logy Center		78		

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EPA FORM 2070-13(7-81)

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Th

SITE INSPECTION REPORT

L IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER NY LYDOZIZBM

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

THE PROPERTY OF THE INCIDENTS	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			• • •
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS 01 A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:	}	O POTENTIAL	ALLEGED
01 A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION			
10 riano			•	
	OR CHORESTON OF TE		D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
01 O B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:	······································		
K of son would a love own by a god for	an evanido chiarinate	ed hydi	rocarbons, c	and
oil and grease. Concentration	ons did not exceed ne	en Mar	k State Cla	C 32
surface water or drinking	weder standards			
			A 2000	
01 C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 (I) OBSERVED (DATE:	1	D POTENTIAL	ALLEGED :
W PUPUCHIUM POTENTIALLY AFFECTED.			•	
No sicol				
110 /weered				
	·			- ALL 5055
01 D. FIRE EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:	}	D POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	NA 1944 MILLE DESCRICTION			!
No riche				
			6/ 20	☐ ALLEGED
01)U E. DIRECT CONTACT	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	t	POTENTIAL	ال منتجودي
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:				
Junial access centur	1			
01 D F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 2 OCCE	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		D POTENTIAL	ALLEGED
to the said and allowed allowed as	amole were taken or	, the	hill area to	o evaluate
the location of the disposal.	site oil and grease	? Conc	entration	ا کاف
1500 ppm.	<i>u</i>			
				<u> </u>
01 (2) G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 CI OBSERVED (DATE:	}	D POTENTIAL	ALLEGED
US FORUMENTALITATEOTES.				
11 0				
Ale ricord				
01 C M. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY	02 OBSERVED (DATE:		D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	- THE HALLIE DESCRIPTION			
13. 17				
Me Manh				
01 D1. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 CI OBSERVED (DATE:	;	D POTENTIAL.	☐ ALLEGED
	TO THE STREET OF MEMORITE PARTY.			!
1/2 real				
· It Reserve	·			
				•

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

I. IDENTIFICATION

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (COMPAND				•
01 D J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	O POTENTIAL	□ ALLÈGED -
Nove mo	hind			
01 C K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (BICAGO NAMINIA) 4000008	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	1	D POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
none	me ticel			
01 © L CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	ALLEGED
Un likely	•			•
01 D M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Soft/Amor/Stating route, Lawrey or uner) 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:	1	D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
· · - · · · · · · · · · · ·	to (cyanide) and heat	trea	t sludges	
01 D N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	OZ O OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
None				
J1 () O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTP: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:	1	O POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
01 D. P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
More notice	I a second			
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALL	EGED HAZAROS			
				
IIL TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:				·
IV. COMMENTS				
•				
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CEO EDICATE POLYMERS), 6, 8,, 21MIN 140	IS. Sample analysis, reports			
ES & Den! Ile Nish, 1985				
Eric County Site Propile, 1984				

MERC

POTENTIAL HAZABOOUS WAS LESTE SITE INSPECTION

PART 4 - PERMIT AND DESCRIPTIVE IL FORMATION

NY 0000 123552

I. PERMIT INFORM AT ION					
1 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED	02 PERMIT NUMBER	DO DATE IS	SUED OF EXPIRATION DA	TE OS COMMENTS	• . •
Cords of the stock)	,			-	::. -
DA. NPOES		<u></u>			
☐ 8. Hr C					
U.C. AIR		<u> </u>			
CO. ACRA		-!			
GE. ACRAINTERIMSTATUS					
GF. SPCCPLAN					
DG. STATE-SHEM					
CH. LOCAL			•		
CI. OTHER					
DJ. NONE					
II. SITE DESCRIPTION					
1 STORAGE/DISPOSALICACIONI LA MOYI	02 AMOUNT 63 UNIT	OF MEASURE	GETREATMENT (CARREST	that worky)	05 OTHER
	2000	Att			
A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT	<u> </u>	-ACT 173	D A, INCENEFATION	IN COTION	E A. BUILDINIS ON SM
= 3. PILES =			D B. UNDERGROUND		Í
C. C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND		· · · · · · ·	D C, CHEMICALPHY	SILAL	1
E D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND			D. BIOLOGICAL	ocesing	06 AREA OF SITE
E. TANK, BELOW GROUND			G E. WASTE OIL PROP		1 ,
O F. LANDFILL -			D F. SOLVENT RECO		1 41
G G, LANDFARM -			D G, OTHER RECYCL	2.40172004271	,
O L CD4EB				(Su pacify)	
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
OT CONVENTS ('yanide sludges, a between 930 an and neat Heading been taken but inlocirated hyde IV. CONTAINMENT	Sacility. So: The not indice rocarbones	l and Le ele	graundwate Valed level	are samp s of oyan	ves have '
O1 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (CHO MA)	B B MODERATE	ПС:	NADEQUATE, POOR	FI D INSEC	UPE, UNSOUND, DAMGEROUS
A. ADEQUATE, SECURE	E B. MOJERATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NADECDATE, FOOR		
02 DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS			4.5	0	1 2 1 .
Drums miny &	xist in the si	H; bu	+ Khis is no	it confirm	ned. OH is
not lined and	d the hover e	SUSTEM	15 coknow	\mathcal{M} .	
7,67 11.12		/			
V. ACCESSIEILITY		 			···
01 WASTE EASILY ACCESSIBLE:	fc 5 vo				
02 COMMENTS De / /		nond.	-1.40 - d= 011	Pin proce	12 L.
Particil +	ence ter pre	16179	5/1 1/5EH	- 10 acce	march with coil
9 15 U	sed by Kills.	for di	+ biking.	wase is co	issible overal with soil unknown
VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION :=		LATO I STATE II	ocas)		CHURCH C
Six Inspection	12-9-85	FS 81	DAMA AIN	Lerview	
I WITE LATORECITOR	1 100 1 300 1				
			- 1,,,,		
Same as Pari			- · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

I. IDENTIFICATION OT STATE DE SITE NUMBER NYD 07/23522

SITE INSPECTION REPORT

	PARTS - WATER,	DEMOGRAPHIC	, and chains				
IL DRINKING WATER SUPPLY			• • •	•.			
01 TYPE OF DRINKING SUPPLY		02 STATUS				03	DISTANCE TO SITE
(Check on application) SURFACE	WELL	ENDANGERE		٨	AONITORED		1405 m
COMMUNITY A. 🗆	8. <u>©</u>	A. 🗆	8. 🗆		C. D. F. D	~	(mi)
NON-COMMUNITY C. []	0. 5	0. 🗆	E C			<u> </u>	
III. GROUNDWATER							
O1 GROUNDWATER USE IN VICINITY (Chees	una)						
A ONLY SOURCE FOR DRINKING	B. DRINKING Other sources aveleds COMMERCIAL IND Mo other water source	USTRIAL, IRRIGATION	(Lone ad ou		INDUSTRIAL IRRIGAT	ON (D. NOT USED, UNUSEABLE
02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUND WA	TER		03 DISTANCE TO N	EARES	ST DRINKING WATER	VEU	(m)
04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER	05 DIRECTION OF GROU	UNDWATER FLOW	08 DEPTH TO AQUI	FER	OF AQUIFER	Φ.	08 SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER
22.0 m	Marken	(A) k	OF CONCERN	(ft)	OF ADDITION	_(gpd).	☐ YES ☐ NO
OP DESCRIPTION OF WELLS (needing we expe	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				- (gpd).	anguer
Other,	cipal well- private well- enfe	2 stuy re	m uc re	باري	o'-all'i	n pa	nd i ground
10 RECHARGE AREA			11 DISCHARGE AR	EA			
YES COMMENTS			YES CO	MEN	TS		
□ NO			□ NO				
IV. SURFACE WATER	- '						
01 SURFACE WATER USE Check and				-			
A RESERVOIR, RECREATION DRINKING WATER SOURCE		N, ECONOMICALLY	Y D.C. COM	MERCI	IAL INDUSTRIAL		D. NOT CURRENTLY USED
02 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED B	BODIES OF WATER						
NAME:					AFFECTE	•	DISTANCE TO SITE
Frank On Frank	oh Joney ?	in and					GOO'NE I
	4 712					•	(m
							(m
LI DELLOCA DINO AND SPORE	TY INCORMATION						
V. DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPER	11 INFORMATION			To	2 DISTANCE TO NEA	REST PO	PULATION
01 TÖTAL POPULATION WITHIN							
ONE (1) MILE OF SITE	WO (2) MILES OF SITE		(3) MILES OF SITE				/-i
A CONTENTS	8. 4755 NO. OF PERSONS	C	NO. OF PERSONS		-		(mi)
03 NUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO	(2) MILES OF SITE		04 DISTANCE TO	NEAR	EST OFF SITE BUILDI	4 G	
]				(—i)
			<u>.l</u>				(mi)
65 POPULATION WITHIN VICINITY OF SITE Link Camme Charles Camme	E provide narrative described of	od name a d population wan DYNLL CEN	in record of the fig. for	th velocity	s, densery propulsed when n Lea ste ry'l a	way New Co	pear Einter

₽ EDA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

I. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

VEPA	PART 5-	WATER, DEMOGRA	PHIC, AND	•	NMENTAL D	STA - LY	rhDr515327
VI. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMA	TION		 -				
01 PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED Z	ONE (Check and						
□ A 10-4 - 10-	• cm/sec □ :	B. 10 ⁻⁴ - 10 ⁻⁴ cm/sec	C. 10-4-	- 10 ⁻³ cm	Vaec 🖸 D. GR	EATER THAN 1	Q− ³ cm/sec
02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Checa)	ovel						
☐ A. IMPERN	AEABLE [B. RELATIVELY IMPERME	EABLE () C.	RELATIVE	LY PERMEABLE	(Greater 1	PERMEABLE
03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF C	ONTAMINATED SOIL ZONE		05 SO/L pt	н		
Unknown _ m		7-10 (m)					
06 NET PRECIPITATION	07 ONE YEAR 2	4 HOUR RAINFALL	OB SLOPE SITE	SLOPE	DIRECTION O	SITE SLOPE	TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE
		(in)	_/3	<u> </u>	I		<u> </u>
09 FLOOD POTENTIAL	10	•				,	•
SITE IS IN 750 YEAR FLO	DODPLAIN	☐ SITE IS ON BA	RRIER ISLAN	D, COASTA	AL HIGH HAZARI	DAREA, RIVER	INE FLOODWAY
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13 LAND USE IN VICINITY							
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CEF. 40 Mint	307/ apro	swite System 50	•				
Car Stam, 1							

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 6 - SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION

	IFICATION
OI STATE	OZ WIE NOAREJR
NY	DCC2123550

II, SAMPLES TAKE	N		* *	•
SAMPLE TYPE		OT NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	OF STAPLES CENT TO	OBEN MATED DATE
GROUNDWATER			Nome but simples do exist	
SURFACE WATER				
WASTE				
AIR				
RUNGFF			V	
seru.				
SOIL				
VEGETATION				
CTHER			Tone	
III. FIELD MEASUR	EMENTS TA	KEN		
OI TOPE		OZ COMMENTS		
IINa		Readings	taken in April 1986, upwind and i	briwash
		of the :	site indicated no measure of org	OMICS
			·	
IV. PHOTOGRAPH	IS AND MAPS	i		
OI TYPE GOGROU	ND D AERIAL		02 IN CUSTODY OF FIGURE OF CICILE	
03 MAPS DYES D NO	04 LOCATION	MOPOF SIX	E was updated during six investiga	tien.
V. OTHER FIELD	DATA COLLE	CTED (Provide navierne de	es crations	
Own Histo		: From Lai	cry Coty during site visit	
	•	11		
Sam	ple Kes	utts: From	n Larry Costy in letter	
Reci	on Anoi	lytical Re	sults; From Larry Coty.	
		,	•	
			·	•
VI. SOURCES OF	INFORMATIO) N (Cae specific interenent	eg. Site Gra, autorie ar riven, reportaj	
5	ite ino	epotim 8	interview 12-9-85	

Present			PARENT COMPANY (* ACCOMPANY)			123552
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			IV. REALTY OWNER(S) (# accordation, but or	का / कट क ा गे/मा		
· 1	02 D+8	NUMBER	OI NAME		02 D4	FB NUMBER
th_	<u> </u>					
) °	SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BOL AFD F. OIC.)		1	04 S/1 100E
CESTATI	E 07 ZIP (CODE	CS CITY	O6 STATE	C7 Z	P CO14
	<u> </u>					
84	02 D+8	NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D	ABOLLNB+
Inc	<u> </u>					
	0.	I SIC CODE	03 STREET ACCHESS (P O BOX, RFD F, HC.)		-	04 \$/1 TODE
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3	C2 D+	RESYUN 6	O1 NAME		02.0	+6 N. 48ER
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2HA		SITEINSPEC	RDOUS WASTE SITE STION REPORT TOR INFORMATION	1. IDENTIF	ICATION 2 SITE NUMBER D00012355
II, CURRENT OPERATOR (From Commenting)		TANTO OF ENA	<u> </u>		
OTHAME		D2 D+8 NUMBER	OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY	(# epoecates)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Trackse-Winsmith, Inc		•			11 D+E YUMBER
12 Eaten St.		04 \$40 CCDE	12 STREET ACCHESS (P.O. ROI, AFO F, MC.)		13 00 0005
Springville		14/4/	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 Z.P 235E
1984-Present Byb Gromer	P1	resident			<u> </u>
HI. PELIVIOUS OFERATOR(S) (Latinosci recomitest	لممه وروره و	At the sent light owners	PREVIOUS OPERATORS' PARENT	COMPANIES of	
Inidyonamie's -11105mith		02 D + 8 NUMBER	10 NAME		IN DEE POWSER
03 STPEET ACCREOS (P.O. D.C. AFO 4, P.C.)		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, PFO P. etc.)	···	13 1/2 CODE
		07 22 COD€	MON	15 STATE	16 ZIP CLOE
CS YEARS OF OFFERATION CONAME OF OWNER DUTY	F 45 THIS	PERIOD PORCIPLIANT			ļ
LOI NAME	T _C	20+8 NUMBER	10 NAME		
Winsmith, UNIC DIV.	ł		1		110+6-2435A
C3 STARET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD F. +16.)		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (PO Box, RFD F, etc.)		13 5/2 CODE
05 CTY 06	SSTATE	17 ZIP CODE	14 City	15 STATE	16 ZIP CCD€
CB YEARS OF OPERATION OS NAME OF OWNER DU WILLORD C. M. GOCAM RAND	ENGTHIS ac Fai	FERIOD 1970-84			
Winsmith , Inc	O	2 D+5 NUMBER	:O NAVE		110+8 - JVBER
OB STREET ADDRESS (P O. FOL AFD F. N.C.)	•	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BOL RED F. OIL)		13 5/2 CODE
C5 CTY C8	STATE	7 DP CODE	14 C/TY	15 STATE	16 ZP CCSE
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IV. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (C) . Exercise		, the life is sample moved in	I. Nortel		, - · ·
Site Visit wil La			7-85		
A more detailed	hst	of compen	y personnel & our	iership	
13 in file.			, •	,	

EFA FC = 4 2070-13 (7-81)

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SEFA		AZARDOUS WASTE SITE SPECTION REPORT	1. IDENTIFICATION
II. ON-SITE GENERATOR	PART 9 - GENERATO	RITRANSPORTER INFORMATION	NY DOOR
OI HAME			
Winsmith	02 D+8 NUMBER		
(3)	1		
C3 STREET ADDRESS (P O. Ros. RED F ic.)	04 SIC CODE		
172 Eaten St	1		
05 City	C6 STATE OF ZIP CODE		
Spring Ville	NY 14141		
III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)	1/		,
OI LAME	02 D+B NUMBER		
Mone	JOE OF BITOMBER	O1 NAME	
3 STREET ADDRESS IP O BAS, RED S. SIC.			02 DH 3 NUMBI
	C4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS IP O. 501. AFD (C.)	
S CITY	}	The same of the sa	:- sic co
	OB STATE OF ZIP CODE	05 CMY	1
	1 1	C3 C// Y	06 STATE 07 27 300E
1 NAME	C2 D+B NUNEER		0, 5, 55
	- TO TO NOMEEN	O1 NAME	
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		USCHY	05 STATE OF ZE TODE
V. TRANSPORTER(S)	d		
NAME	102		
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LOUIS WILL BOX HOUR, OIC.	C4 SIC CODE	03 STEEFT ACORGO	ļ
		03 STREET ADDRESS IP O. Box, RFO F. HEJ	04 5.0 COD
СПУ	CO STATE OF ZIP CODE		
	- 4006	05 City	105 STATE 107 7 7 7
NAME			05 STATE OF ZIP CLOE
	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	
STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Son, AFD F. MC.)			02 D+8 NUMBER
==	04 SIC CODE	C3 STREET ADDRESS	}
		03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD F. O.C.)	04 SC CODE
STY	DE STATE OF ZIP CODE		OT SE CODE
	O E CODE	05 CITY	los sylvad
SOURCES OF INFORMATION		1	06 STATE OF ZIP CTICE
SOURCES OF INFORMATION COMPANIES	erarances, a qui state take sample anarche	(e Visit) 12-9-85	

EPAFORY 2070-13 (7-61)

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

L IDENTIFICATION
OF STATE OF STE NUMBER
NY NY DOCIZES

FANTIOTA	31 1/237 37732 74311		
IL PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 CLA WATER SUPPLY CLOSED	OZ DATE		
not Appliable			_
01 D. B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
A4 DESCRIPTION			
Not Applicable			
01 C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
Not Applicable		•	
01 O D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
not Applicable	·	•	
01 D E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
O4 DESCRIPTION			
Not Applicable			
01 D F. WASTE REPACKAGED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
not Applicable			
01 G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
not Applicable		•	
01 D.H. ON SITE BURIAL	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
Heat treat wastes (manitus, scrap o			
01 CL IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
104 DESCRIPTION Applicable			
O1 (2) J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
not Applicable			
01 C K IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
not Applicable			
O1 (2) L ENCAPSULATION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION :			
Not Applicable			
01 D. M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION.	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
Not Applicable			
01 E N. CUTOFF WALLS	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
Not Applicable			
01 D O. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WATER DIVERSION 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
Not Applicable			
01 D P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION Not Applicable			
		03 AGENCY	
01 @ Q. SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL 04 DESCRIPTION	OZ DATE	US AGENCY	
Not Applicable		•	
			

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

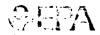
L IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

NY NYOOLIZESITE

II PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES (Comment			
OT [] R. BARRIER WALLS CONSTRUCTED	O2 DATE	D3 AGENCY	
net Applicable	•		
OT O S. CAPPING/COVERING	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	soil cover). Placed after	worste dispers	= c.1
Unknown depth of Capi			
OT CIT. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
Not Applicable	•		
01 (1) U. GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
not Applicable			
01 C V. BOTTOM SEALED	OZ DATE	03 AGENCY	
OA DESCRIPTION			
Not Apolicable			
01 E W. GAS CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION ;	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
not Applicable			
01 G X. FIRE CONTROL	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION Applicable			
01 D Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT	G2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION Not Applicable			·
01 D Z. AREA EVACUATED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION NOT Applicable			-
01 D 1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
Partial Fence			
01 © 2. POPULATION RELOCATED	OZ DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION Not Applicable			
<u> </u>	OZ DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D 3. OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES 04 DESCRIPTION	UZ DAIE		
None			
,	•		

IIL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CIE apachic references, e.g., sales five, sample analysis, reported



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTESHE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

	1. IDENTIFICATION				
	O1 STATE	02 LATE NUMBER D002123			
•	ANG	D002123	533		

H. ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

OF PAST REGULATORY: ENFORCEMENT ACTION ELVES TO NO

OR DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL STATE, LOCAL REGULATORYIENFORCEMENT ACTION

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CHEEN PROFESSION OF B. LANGE MAYOR (1990)

SECTION VI

ASSESSMENT OF DATA ADEQUACY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

ASSESSMENT OF DATA ADEQUACY

A summary assessment of the adequacy of existing data for completion of the HRS score is presented in Table VI-1. Insufficient information is presently available to complete an HRS score for this site.

PHASE II WORK PLAN

Objectives

The objectives of the Phase II activities are:

- o To collect additional field data necessary to identify the occurrence and extent of contamination and to determine if any imminent health hazard exists.
- o To perform a conceptual evaluation of remedial alternatives and estimate budgetary costs for the most likely alternative.
- o To prepare a site investigation report including final HRS score.

The additional field data required to complete this investigation are described as follows. Sample locations are shown in Figure VI-1.

Geophysical Survey - A geophysical study consisting of electrical resistivity and magnetometer surveys is recommended. The electrical resistivity survey will be performed at various locations within and beyond the perimeter of the site to investigate site stratigraphy, delineate significant discontinuities and assess the presence and location of contaminant plumes. A magnetometer survey will be conducted as necessary on a grid system to aid in delineating the limits of the contaminated area.

Groundwater - A groundwater monitoring system consisting of 3 wells upgradient and downgradient) is recommended. two Additional data must be collected to verify that the direction of groundwater flow is south and determine if past on-site disposal practices have contaminated groundwater at the site. Borings will be drilled to a maximum depth of 30 feet; soil samples will be taken every 5 feet or more frequently if a change in soil lithology is encountered. The wells will be placed in the aquifer of concern and constructed of 2" PVC pipe. The groundwater samples will be analyzed for HSL organics, HSL metals, cyanide, and oil and grease. In addition, sieve and hydrometer analyses will be performed on representative samples.

Surface Water and Sediment - A surface water and sediment monitoring system consisting of 3 monitoring stations is recommended. The monitoring stations will include one upgradient and two downgradient locations. The two downgradient samples will be in the drainage ditch that flows to Spring Creek. The upgradient location will either be ponded surface water on the hill or as indicated on Figure VI-1. The surface water and sediment samples will be analyzed for HSL organics, HSL metals, cyanides, and oil and grease.

Air - An air monitoring survey with an HNU meter is recommended to test the air quality above the site.

TASK DESCRIPTION

The proposed Phase II tasks are described in Table VI-2.

COST ESTIMATE

The estimated man-hours required for the Phase II project are presented in Table VI-3 and the estimated project costs are presented by task in Table VI-4.

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

The Health and Safety Plan will be submitted as a separate document.

QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN

The Quality Assurance Plan will be submitted as a separate document.

TABLE VI-1

ASSESSMENT OF DATA ADEQUACY

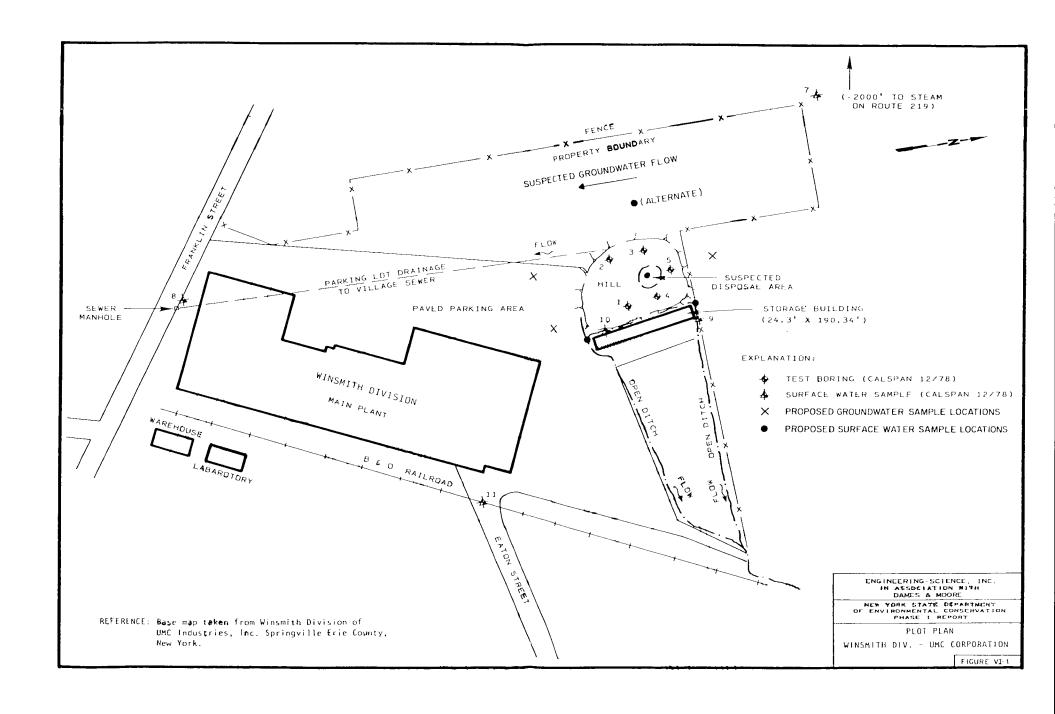
HRS Data Requirement	Comments on Data	
Observed Release		
Groun dwater	Inadequate to score an observed release	
Su r fa ce Water	Inadequate to score an observed release	
Ai r	Inadequate to score an ob se rve d release	
Route Characteristics		
Groun dwater	Adequate for HRS score	
Surfa ce Water	Adequate for HRS score	
Ai r	Adequate for HRS score	
Containment	Adequate for HRS score	
Waste Characteristics	Inadequate for HRS score, analyses for metals and organics are needed.	
Targets	Adequate for HRS score	
Observed Incident	Adequate for HRS score	
Accessibility	Adequate for HRS score	

TABLE VI-2 PHASE II WORK PLAN - TASK DESCRIPTION

Т	'ask	Description of Task					
II-A	U pd ate Work Plan	Review the information in the Phase I report, conduct a site visit, and revise the Phase II work plan.					
II-B	Conduct Geophysical Studies	Conduct resistivity and surveys.					
II-C	Conduct Boring/Install Monitoring Wells	Install 1 upgradient and 2 downgradient wells. The wells are to be located at a depth of approximately 30 feet and constructed of 2" PVC pipe.					
II-D	Construct Test Pits/Auger	No further construction of test pits/ auger holes necessary.					
II-E	Perform Sampling & Analysis						
	Soil samples from borings	Soil samples collected at 5' intervals during drilling and at changes in subsurface lithologies. Perform one grain size analysis and permeability test per subsurface lithology change.					
	Soil samples from surface soils	No further studies necessary.					
	Soil samples from auger holes/test pits	No further studies necessary.					
	Sediment samples from	3 sediment and surface water samples are to be collected and analyzed for HSL organics, HSL metals, cyanides, and oil and grease.					
	Groundwater samples	3 groundwater samples are to be collected and analyzed for HSL organics, HSL metals, cyanides, and oil and grease.					

TABLE VI-2, Continued PHASE II WORK PLAN - TASK DESCRIPTION

	Task	Description of Task
	Surface water samples	3 surface water samples are to be collected and analyzed for HSL organics, HSL metals, cyanides, and oil and grease.
	Air samples	Using the HNu, determine the presence of organics.
	Waste samples	No further sampling necessary.
II-F	Calculate Final HRS	Based on the field data collected in Tasks II-B - II-E, complete the HRS form.
II-G	Conduct Site Assessment	Prepare final report containing Phase I report, additional field data, final HRS and HRS documentation records, and site assessments. The site assessment will consist of a conceptual evaluation of alternatives and a preliminary cost estimate of the most probable alternative.
II-H	Project Management	Project coordination, administration and reporting.



HEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION PHASE II INVESTIGATION COST ESTIMATE

SITE ID 1: 915058

TABLE VI-3

CONSULTANT: ENGINEERING SCIENCE ESTIMATED HOURS OF DIRECT TECHNICAL LABOR (DTL)								TOTAL				
	LI	1.2		L4	L5	L6	L7	L8	L9	L10	HOURS	COST
			4	12	4	72	32	40	24		268	3801.20
1/3/96												
HI-B CONDUCT SEGPH YS ICAL STUDIES	Z	2				40		80	10	10	144	1863.20
II-C CONDUCT BORING/INSTALL		Z				40		8	01	12	72	949.6
HONITORING WELLS HI-D CONSTRUCT TEST PITS/											Ú	0.00
AUGER HOL ES II-E SAMPLING AND A NALYSIS											ΰ	Ů. Ů
Soil samples from borings						8		8			16	216.8
Soil sampl es from surface so ils											0	0.0
Soil sampl es from auger holes/te st pi ts											0	Ů.Ú
Sediaent samples from surface water		3				12		12			27	400.8
Groundwate r sa opie s		2				24		24			50	700.8
Surface wa ter samples		3				12		12			27	400.8
Air samples											ď	0.0
Waste samples											Û	ú.ú
11-F CALCULATE FINAL HRS SCORE	8	81	4	2	8	50	40	20	8	8	166	2656.8
fi-6 CONDUCT SITE ASSESSMENT	2	42	4		8	74	40	10	60	100	340	4554.6
II-H PROJECT MANAGEMENT	4	39	4		16					48	102	1662.4
IOTAL HOURS	20	126	16	14	36	332	112	214	112	230	•	
HOURLY RATE \$	33.40	25.20	22.00	19.70	17.00	15.10	13.30	12.00	9.60	8.60		
DIRECT LAGOR COSTS \$	568.00	3175.20	352.00	275.80	612.00	5013.20	1489.60	25 68. 00	1075.20	1978.00)	
2/7/86									TOTAL DT			17207.0 2030 4.
									TOTAL LA		STS	37511. 5626.

TOTAL PRICE

43137.95

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION PHASE II INVESTIBATION COST ESTIMATE

SITE ID #: 915058

TABLE VI-4

SITE NAME: WINSMITH DIVISION - UNC CORFOR

CONSULTANT: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

CONSULTANT: ENGINEERING SCIENCE		SUBCONTR. SUPP.&					
TASK DESCRIPTION	DIREC Hour s	T LABOR COST(\$)	COSTS	SUPP.& EQUIP. \$	MISC.	TRAVEL & PER DIEM \$	TOTALS
II-A UPDATE WORKPLAN	268	3801		360	210	350	4721.00
II-B CONDUCT GEOPHYSICAL STUDIES	144	1863		8 (iý	40	910	3613.00
II-C CONDUCT BORING/INSTALL Monitoring Wells	72	950	13250	88 0	60	575	157 15. 00
II-D CONSTRUCT TEST PITS/ AUGER HOLES							0.00
II-E SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS			13300	450	50	8 50	14650.00
1/3/86					٠,		
Soil samples from borings	16	217					217.00
Soil samples from surface							0.00
<pre>soils Soil samples from test pits/ auger holes</pre>							Ů.ŮO
Sediment samples from surface water	27	411					411.00
Groundwater samples	50	701					701.00
Surface water samples	27	411					411.00
Air samples							0. 00
Waste samples							0.00
11-F CALCULATE FINAL HRS SCORE	166	2669		100	160		2869.00
II-6 CONDUCT SITE ASSESSMENT	340	4551		1000	10 00	165	6716.00
II-H PROJECT MANAGEMENT	102	1662		400	150		2212.00
SUBTOTAL INDIRECT LABOR (118% DTL)	1212	17234.00 20338.48				2850.00	
PROFIT (%) PROFIT (%)		15 5636.17	5 1327.50	5 1 9 9.50	5 8 0.50	Û	
TOTAL COSTS (\$)		43210.65	27877.50	4189.50	1490.50	2850.00	7 9818. 15

APPENDIX A

Sources Contacted

SOURCES CONTACTED SUMMARY SHEET WINSMITH DIVISION - UMC CORP.

Person Contacted/ Location	Telephone #	Date	Information Collected
Glenn Hardcastle USEPA Headquarters, Superfund Office 401 M Street, SW Washington, DC	202-382-5617	12/19/85	Reviewed list of sites to determine if additional information was available.
John Anderson USEPA-Region II EPA Information 345 3rd St., Suite 530 Niagara Falls, NY 1430		1/6/86	General information from site files.
Charley Hudson NYSD O H Empi re St ate Plaza Corn i ng Tower Alba ny , NY 12237	518-474-2121	12/30/85	Draft Reports.
Kevin Walters NYSDEC-Div. of Environmental Enforcement 50 Wolf Road Albany, NY 12233	518-457-4346	11/20/85	Reviewed list of sites to determine legal actions taken.
Walt Demick NYSDEC-Div. of Solid & Haz. Waste 50 Wolf Road Albany, NY 12233	518-457-0639	11/19/85	General information from site files.
Bob Hannaford NYSDEC-Div. of Water SPDES Files 50 Wolf Road Albany, NY 12233	518-457-6716	11/20/85	Reviewed SPDES files for permit numbers and conditions.
Val Washington NYS - Dept. of Law, Attorney General's Of Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12233	518-473-3105 fice	12/16/85	Reviewed list of sites to determine if legal action has occurred in the past, is in progress, and/or is scheduled in the near future

SOURCES CONTACTED SUMMARY SHEET

			
Person Contacted/ Location	Telephone #	Date	Information Collected
Jeff T. Lacey Peter Burke Glenn Bailey NYS - Div. of Environmental Enforcer 600 Delaware Ave. Buffalo, NY 14202	716-847-4582 ment	12/27/85 1/7/86	Reviewed list of sites to determine legal actions taken.
Peter Buechi Ahmad Tayyebi Bob Mitrey Larry Clare NYSDEC - Region 9 Div. of Solid & Haz. 1600 Delaware Ave. Buffalo, NY 14202	716-847-4585 Waste	11/14/85	Collected information from site files.
Lou Viola nti NYS - Regional Dept. of Health 585 Delaw are Ave. Buffalo, NY 14202	716-847-4500	11/15/85	Sent site information to Peter Buechi.
Henry Sondonato Robert Armbrust Dick Dybowski Larry Stiller Jackie DiPronio NYSDEC - Region 9 Division of Air 600 Delaware Ave. Buffalo, NY 14202	716-847-4565	11/15/85	Air emissions permits for sites.
Mike Wilkenson Jim Sneider NYSDEC - Region 9 Div. of Fish & Wildli 600 Delaware Ave. Buffalo, NY 14202	716-847-4600 fe	11/14/85	Endangered species information.
Mike McMurray NYSD E C - Region 9 600 D el a ware Ave. Buff a lo, NY 14202	716-847-4551	1/8/86	Wetlands and flood zone information.

SOURCES CONTACTED SUMMARY SHEET

Person Contacted/ Location '	Telephone #	Date	Information Collected			
Marion Pfohl Spencer Schofield Erie and Niagara County Regional Planning Board 3103 Sheraton Dr. Amherst, NY 14226		12/20/85	Census data, general site information.			
Tony Voell Don Campbell Erie County - Division of Environmental Contro 95 Franklin St. Buffalo, NY	716-846-6271 ol	11/14/85	Collected information from Erie County site files.			
Ron Koczaja Erie County Health Department 95 Franklin St. Buffalo, NY	716-846-7677	11/25/85	General information.			
Dick Wells Village of Springville Water Department Springville, NY	716-592-4722	12/17/85	Local water supply.			
Lary Coty George Mangiarelli Winsmith Div UMC Co 172 Easton Street Springville, NY	716-592-9311 rp.	12/09/85	Site interview - ownership disposal practices, etc.			

GENERAL REFERENCES*

- 17. Interagency Task Force on Hazardous Wastes, Winsmith Division of UMC Industries, Inc., no date.
- 18. LaSala, A. M., Ground-Water Resources of the Erie-Niagara Basin, New York, 1968.
- 19. NYSDEC, Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values, July 24, 1985.
- 20. BLT Technical Services, 1985.
- 21. USDA. General Soil Map and Interpretations Erie County.

*Do**es** not include "HRS References" which are provided directly after the HRS Do**c**umentation Records in Section V.

INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE ON HAZARDOUS IN TES M.P.O. Box 561 Niagara Falls, New York 14302 (716) 285-3057

	١	Company Name Winst	mith, D	ivision o	f UMC Indus	tries, in	nc.	
	١.	Company name			, Springvil			
		maining Address	reet		State	Zip		
•		Present Plant Location	X	Sam e as A	bov e			
		Str	rest		City	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	State	Zip
	2.	If Subsidiary or Di	ivision	, Name of	Parent Com	mpany U	MC industries	s, Inc.
	3.	Person Responsible Plant Operations	for Pr	esent	Willard C.	Macfarla	nd	
		· ——	am c				•	
					President		716/592	
		Ti	itle				Telep	phone
	4.	Person Answering th Questionnaire	his	George	Mangiarell	i		
		<u> </u>	Name					
		_		er of Manu	ufacturing	Engineeri		
		1	Title				Telep	ohon e
11.	Con	pany History						
	١.	Date Company Founde	ed	1901				
		Date and State of Incorporation		New	York			
		Date Company Began Operations in Erie or Niagara County		1901				
	2.			ex and Sm				H. Smith, Inc
		since 1930 (specify time periods)		4 - 1946;	が Winsmith I	מבי הא תצו	16 - 1963	
	3.	Other Plant Locatio	ons					
		in Eric or Niagara County since 1930						
		(specify locations and time periods)						
	4.	Numers of Companies Acquired which have Contained Plants in						

APPENDIX A

October 15, 1978

SOILS REPORT
WINSMITH DIVISION
Springville, New York

Five soil borings were augered northwest of the existing industrial buildings in the Village of Springville, October 10, 1975 to define the extent of a small industrial waste landfill. These five borings were placed around a small pond, the suspected center of the landfill. The placement of the individual bore sites of this soil investigation were under the direction of Dr. Richard r. Leonard, Frincipal Engineer - Environmental Sciences Department, of Calspan Corporation.

The area of investigation was on top of a kaze, the nearby hill formed through glacial action. The original soil consisted of a permeable, well drained stratified gravelly soil over stone-free silty glacial lake sediment. This contrast in sediments is quite evident in the exposed vertical soil exposure along the east side of this hill.

Typically, this soil is not considered suitable for pond construction as water would readily flow outward from the pond through the permeable stratified gravelly sediments. The present existing pond is the result of extensive land filling of impervious soil as indicated in the soil logs. Only soil description al indicated an industrial soil.

The above soil report and included soil logs were based on split spoon sampling that were advanced through hollow stem augers into critical soil comes.

Continued on Fage 2.....

SUILS REPORT SIMERITH SIVILION Springville, New York October 15, 1978 Fage 2

Joil samples were secured below the landfill pond for special laboratory analysis at Jalspan Corporation. The properties or characteristics of the industrial waste material were not recorded.

Soil Report Prepared by:

Lonald W. Owens
Soil Scientist

D40/dew 2**J7**3

CC: Mr. Richard F. Leonard / rrincipal Engineer
Environmental Sciences Dept.
Calspan Corporation

GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF THE ERIE-NIAGARA BASIN, NEW YORK



Prepared for the Erie-Niagara Basin Regional Water Resources Planning Board

by

A. M. La Sala, Jr.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

in cooperation with

THE NEW YORK STATE CONSERVATION DEPARTMENT DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

STATE OF NEW YORK
CONSERVATION DEPARTMENT
WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION

Basin Planning Report ENB-3 1968

Table 5.--Development of ground water for public water supplies in the Erie-Niagara basin

Community	Source 1/	Average use (gallons per day)
Alden	253-8 29-3 , 254-829-1, -2, -3	200,000
Arcade (includes Sandusky)	229-822-1, -2 231-825-2 232-825-1	700,000
Batavia	259 - 8 09-2 , - 6	1,000,000
Cattaraugus	Four areas of springs, 3 mi south to southeast of village and 219-851-1	200,000
Chaffee	233-828-1	15,000
Collins	229-8 56-1 230-856-1	50,000
Collins Center	229-8 49-1 , - 2	25,000
Corfu	257 - 8 24-1	60,000
Delevan	Numerous springs, 1 mi southwest of village, including 228-829-1Sp, -2Sp	50,000 P
East Aurora	246-836-1, -2, -3, -4	750,000
Gowanda	227-856-1	100,000
Holland	238-832-1, -2	80,000
Lawtons	Severat springs including 232-855-1Sp	10,000
Machias	Springs south of village	50,000
North Collins	234-856-1, -3, -4; -5	250,000
North Java	Infiltration galleries and well 240-819-1	15,000
Otto	Infilt rat ion gallery about 1 mi south of village	5,000
Springville	230-840-2, -3	400,000
/arysburg	Springs i mi east of village and 246-818-1	25,000
√est Valley	Infiltration galleries including 223-836-1, -2	35,000

^{1/} Well or spring number is given for those sources that were inventoried during the study and are listed in tables 6 and 7.

Well number: See 'Well-Numbering and Location System' in text for explanation.

Table 6. -- Records of selected wells in the Erle-Niegera basin

Method of lift: AL - air lift

```
Dw - deep well cylinder pump
                                                                                                                                          Jet - deep well jet pump
Year completed: a - about
                                                                                                                                           Sub - submersible pump
                 b - before
                                                                                                                                           Sw - shallow-well pump
                                                                                                                                          Tur - turbine pump
Type of well: Drl - drilled
               Drv - drlven
                                                                                                                                           Type of power is Indicated as -- I - Internal combustion engine
                                                                                                                                                                            M - manual
Depth of well: All depths below land surface,
                                                                                                                                                                            all others are electrically powered
                a - about
                r - reported
                                                                                                                          Estimated pumpage: Average daily pumpage supplied by owner, tenant, or operator, or computed:
                all others measured
                                                                                                                                               on basis of per capita consumption of 50 gpd per person or 20 gpd per
Diameter of well: Diameters of dug wells are approximate,
                                                                                                                                               milk cow.
                   Where two or more sizes of casings were used, they are shown
                                                                                                                                                             In - institutional
                                                                                                                          Use: A - abandoned
                     In descending order.
                                                                                                                                Ag - agricultural
                                                                                                                                                             Ir - irrigation only
                                                                                                                                                            PS - public supply
Depth to bedrock: All depths below land surface
                                                                                                                                C - commercial
                                                                                                                                D - domestir
                                                                                                                                                             T - test
                   a - about
                                                                                                                                                             U - unused
                                                                                                                               F - dairy farm
                   m - measured
                                                                                                                                                             X - destroyed
                                                                                                                               GT - gas test
                   all others reported
                                                                                                                               1 - industrial
Water-bearing material: Gravel, sand, silt, and till - glacial deposits of
                                                                                                                          Remarks: anal - chemical analysis in this report
                           Pleistocene age.
                                                                                                                                   dd - drawdown
                         Camillus Shale - Camillus Shale of Silurian age,
                                                                                                                                    est - estimated
                         Elmestone - limestone unit consisting of the Doondaga Limestone of
                                                                                                                                    gas - flammable gas issues from well
                           Devonian age and the Bertie Limestone and Akron Dolomite of
                                                                                                                                    gpd - gallons per day
                           Silurian age.
                                                                                                                                    qpm - qallons per minute
                         Lockport Dolomite - Lockport Dolomite of Silurian age.
                                                                                                                                    H25 - hydrogen sulfide gas present in ground water
                         Shale - Hamilton Group and Conneaut Group of Chadwick (1934) and
                                                                                                                                    Iron - water has noticeable iron content
                           Intervening units, all of Devonian age.
                                                                                                                                    LS - land surface
                                                                                                                                    OW - observation well, series of water-level measurements available
Altitude above sea level: Estimated from topographic maps to nearest 5 feet.
                                                                                                                                    r - reported
                                                                                                                                    swl - static water fevel
Water level: All water levels are below land surface except those preceded by a (+) sign,
                                                                                                                                    temp - temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit, measured by U.S.G.S. on same day wate
                which are above land surface.
                                                                                                                                            level was measured unless otherwise noted
              a - about
              p - pumping effect is probable
Flow - water flows above land surface but static head could not be measured.
              r - reported
              all others measured by U.S.C.S. personnel
```

		 		Year						Al ti tude		i eve i		Estimated			
Well number	County	Omer	ple- tad	Type of well	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter (Inches)	Depth to badrock (fest)	Water-bearing meterial	above sea level (feet)	Below land surface (feet)	Date	nathod of 11ft	pumpage or flow (gettons per day)	Use	Remarks		
230-838-1	Erie	B. Mooney		Dry	14.1	1 1/4		Sand and gravel	1,380	3.8	5- 6-64			A .	OM.		
230-840-1	do.	Village of Springvilla	1931	Orl	r139	18, 6		do.	1,350	16	7-31			A, PS	Originally finished with shutter screen, 12-inch diameter from 121-135 ft; pumping test 830 gpm, dd 25 ft; gravel packed liner with 6-inch diameter screen from 119.5-135 ft, then installed to reduce amount of sand pumped from well; abandoned about 1944 because of sand pumping.		
-2	do.	do.	1944	Drl	r137 -	18, 12		do.	1,350	pr27	1-29-63	Tur	200,000	PS	H ₂ S; pumping rate 630 gpm; screen, 12-inch diameter from 122-137 ft; gravel packed; pumping test on 8-5-44, 672 gpm, swi 27.4 ft, dd 16.4 ft after B hours pumping (swi at this time probably was affected by pumping from wells 230-840-1 and -3).		
-3	do.	do.	1942	Ori	r159	18, 10		do,	1,350	p31.5	1-29-63	Tur	200,000	PS	H ₂ S; pumped at 600 gpm; screen, 10-inch diameter, 100-slot from 144-149 ft; 80-slot from 149-159 ft gravel packed; pumpling test 5-14-42, 513 gpm, swl 37.7 ft, dd 20.6 ft (swl probably affected by pumpling of well 230-840-1).		
	do.	G. Krott	1962	Ort	125	6	19	Shale	1.335	p46	7-28-64	Jet	200	D	Anat; fron; yield t gpm (r).		
230-842-1 230-843-1	do.	C. Hunt	1964	Drl	r330	6. 4		Sand	1,385	199	8-11-64			D	Yield 5 gpm (r); casing backfilled with washed gravel to 310 ft.		
230-845-1	do.	F. Schue	1961	Dri	37.9	6		Gravel	1,390	20,6	8-28-64	Sw	200	D	Yield 5 gpm.		
230-856-1	do,	Town of Collins, Water Districts Nos. 1 5 2		Drl	r42	18, 10		do.	835	r17	1948	Tur		PS	Pumping rate 150 gpm; construction details are reported to be similar to those of well 229-856-1		
-2	do.	Dan Gernatt Gravel Products, Inc.	a 1956	Drl	r36			Sand and gravel	830			Tur	100,000	1	Anat; supplies gravet plant, use is seasonal; yield 400 gpm.		
-3	do.	do.	1962	Drl	30.3	18		do.	840	3.7	8-12-64	Tur	2,000	1	Anal; supplies cleanor at asphalt plant, use is seasonal; casing perforated from 26-30 ft; pumpin test, 150 gpm, swi 4 ft, dd 7 ft.		
231-825-1	Wyomlag	Village of Arcade	1962	Drl	r50	12		Gravel	1,490	r16	3-26-62			Ţ	Screen and gravel pack, 38-48 ft; pumping test, 150 gpm, swi 16 ft, dd 3.		
-2	do.	do.	1962	Drt	r49	20, 12		Sand and gravel	1,490	r17	11-28-62	Tur		PS	Screen, 12-Inch diameter, 100-slot, 39-49 ft; gravei packed; pumping test 500 gpm, swi 17 ft, dd 7.1 ft after 24 hours pumping.		
231-830-1	Cattaraugus	H. Schäper	1956	Drl	200	6		do.	1,355	10.5	8- 7-64	Jet	300	Ō	On same property two wells, 60 ft deep, penetrated clay and were dry; a well 400 ft deep flowed but yielded sulfurous water and was destroyed.		
-2	do.	C. Xims	1959	Drl	450	6	454	da.	1,375	Flow	8- 7-64	Şub	3,000	F			
231-831-1		V. Schlener	1962	Drv	r22	1 1/4		do.	1,410			Sw	400	D			
231-833-1		A. Zisser	1964	Orl	280	6. 4		Sand	1,390	8.1	8- 5-64	Sub		D	Yleid 2 1/2 gpm (r).		
-2		J. Rung	1959	Drl	59.3	6		Gravel	1.430	39.7	8- 5-64	Jot	350	D	Anal; yield about 25 gpm bailer test.		
-3		C. Butler	1962	Drl	94,4	6		do.	1,430	p47.2	8- 5-64	Jet	3,000	F	iron; cased to 150 ft (r, driller); yield 25 gpm bailer tast when drilled; yield was inadequate in summer 1964; well may be partly filled in with sand entering at bottom of casing.		
221-876-1	40	P. Schuster	1958	Prl	99.7	6		Sand and gravel	1,445	p90.8	8- 6-64	Sub	100	D	Anal.		
231-835-1		G. Loncasty		Drv	17.6	1 1/4		do.	1,400	3.5	5-12-64			A, Ag	Screened from 14.9~17.6 ft; DM.		
231-838-1	do,										- (0.		700	n			

K. Ploetz

231-839-1

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233-0001



Hanry G. Williams Commissioner

July 24, 1985

MEMORANDUM

T0:

Bureau Directors, Regional Hater Engineers, Section Chiefs

SUBJECT: Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series

(85-W-38)

Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values

(Originator: John Zambrano)

Purpose I.

The purpose of this document is to provide a compilation of water quality standards and guidance values for toxic and non-conventional pollutants to be used in the Department's regulatory programs, including the SPDES permit program.

II. Discussion

This substantial revision of TOGS 85-W-38 is the result of the promulgation of amendments to 6 NYCRR Part 701-702, effective on August 2, 1985, governing the development and use of surface water quality standards and guidance values. This revision uses a new format in the tabulation and does not include the methodologies for the development of standards and guidance values. The user is referred to the regulations for a description of the methodologies.

III. Guidance

The Quality Evaluation Section will use the attached list in developing The Criteria SPDES permit water quality-based effluent limits. Standards Section will maintain and revise the list on a regular basis.

Director

Division of Water

Attachments

cc: Dr. Banks

Mr. Pagano

Mr. Mt. Pleasant

Regional Engineers for Environmental Quality

Ms. Chrimes



TECHNICAL SERVICES, INC.

4626 Royal Avenue, Niagara Fails, New York 14303 • Phone (716) 285-8208

LABORATORY REPORT

FOR

L. W. COTY

Peerless-Windsmith, Inc.

% cyanide on a composite of the four submitted groundwater samples was $<0.5\ \text{ug/L}$. Spot tests also proved negative.

Devaly 1. Cavagnaro
Beverly A. Cavagnaro
Laboratory Supervisor

B.L.T. W/O No.: L-159

December 27, 1985

Ms. Cathy J. Bosma Engineering Science Two Flint Hill 10521 Fosehaven Street Fairfax, Virginia 22030-2899

Dear Ms. Bosma: 5 x

Please find enclosed a copy of the analytical data on the four groundwater camples which were taken immediately prior to your visit to this facility. You will note that a layout, with sample sites indicated is also enclosed.

I would also like to take this opportunity to thank you for your prompt action with respect to my request for copies of the interview form.

If there is any additional information which you may require, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

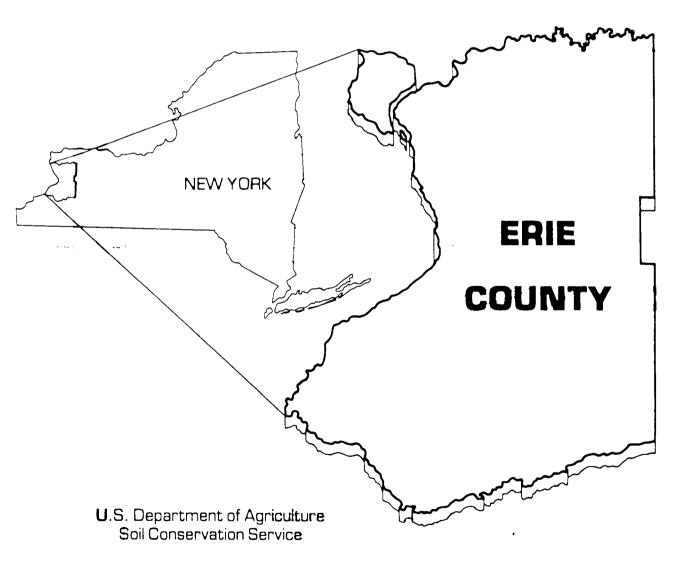
PEERLESS-WINSMITH, INC.

LARRY W. COTY

Manager of Quality Assurance

LWC:ku

GENERAL SOIL MAP and INTERPRETATIONS



in cooperation with

Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station and Erie County Soil and Water Conservation District

Conservation District
21 S. Grove Street
East Aurora, N. Y. 14052

31. CHENANGO-CASTILE, GENTLY SLOPING

Deep, somewhat excessively drained to moderately well drained, very gravelly soils, in valleys

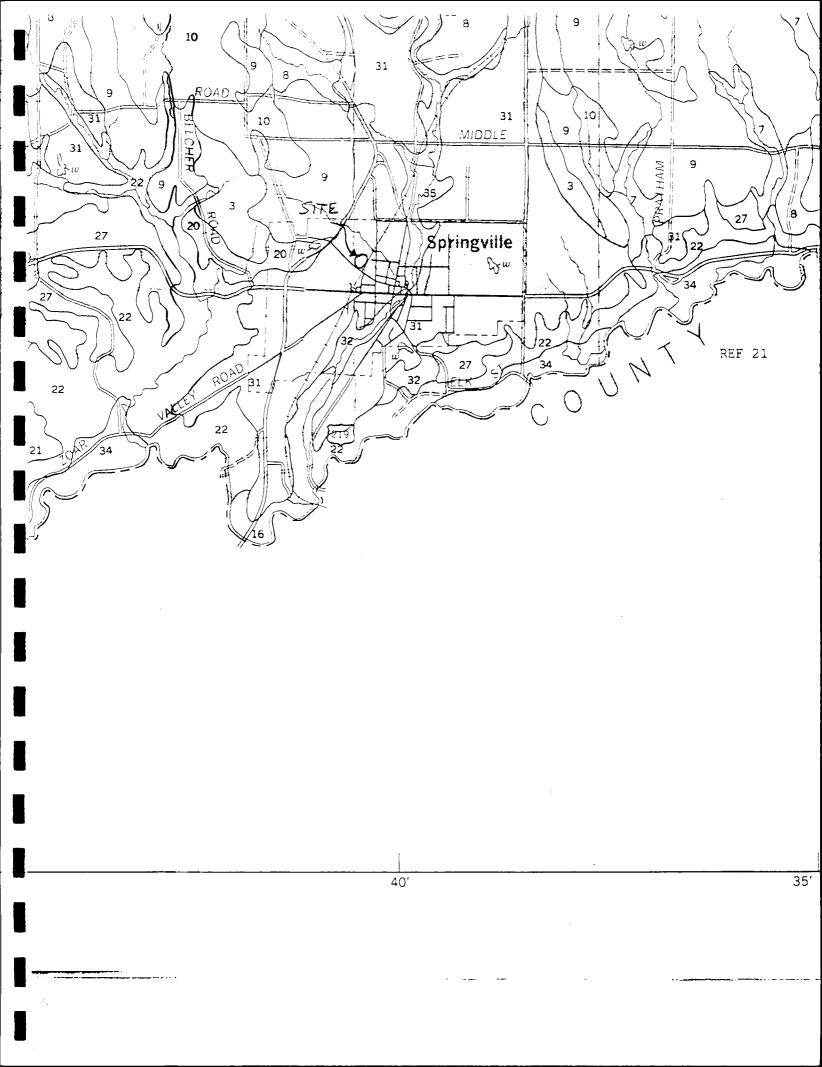
This unit consist of nearly level to sloping soils on terraces and alluvial fans in major valleys in the southern part of the county. Slope ranges from 0 to 15 percent but is dominantly 3 to 8 percent.

This unit covers about 17,900 acres or 2.6 percent of the county. Chenango soils make up 60 percent of the unit, Castile soils about 20 percent, and soils of minor extent the remaining 20 percent.

Chenango and Castile soils formed in outwash sand and gravel deposits dominated by sandstone fragments. Chenango soils are somewhat excessively drained to well drained, and the season high water table in these soils remains at depths greater than six feet. Castile soils are moderately well drained and have a seasonal high water table in the lower part of the subsoil for brief periods in early spring. The rate of water movement (permeability) through the Chenango soils is moderate or moderately rapid in the subsoil and rapid in the substratum. In the Castile soils water moves through the subsoil at a moderately rapid rate and through the substratum at a rapid or very rapid rate.

Soils of minor extent are those of Red Hook, Halsey, and Varysburg series. Somewhat poorly drained Red Hook soils are on foot slopes and low terraces; poorly drained and very poorly drained Halsey are in a few low depressions; and Varysburg soils occur where the gravelly deposits are underlain by clayey sediments within 40 inches of the soil surface.

Many areas of this unit are used intensively for farming. The major soils dry rapidly in the spring and are easy to cultivate. Gravel and cobblestones can interfere with some tillage and planting operations. Most areas provide good sites for urban uses. The major soils in this unit are potentially good sources of sand and gravel.



APPENDIX B
PROPOSED UPDATED NYS REGISTRY SHEET

THE TRUSH STATE IN NOT THE BOARD - ARTLAND CERTAIN DIVISION OF WHITE IND HAZATIVES LASTE INNOTIVE HAZARDOUS UNSTE DISPUSAL WITE REPORT.

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 2a

Springville (village)

REGION: 9

SITE CODE: 915058

NAME OF SITE : Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

STREET ADDRESS: 172 Eaton Street

TOWN/CITY:

COUNTY:

Erie

ZIP: 14141

SITE TYPE: (wen Domp-X Structure- Lagoon- Landfill- Treatment Fond-

ESTIMATED SIZE: 1 Acres

SITE OWNER/OPERATOR INFORMATION:

CURRENT OWNER MAME. . . .: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

CURRENT OWNER ADDRESS.: 172 Eaton St., Springville, NY 14141

OWNER(S) DURING USE...: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp. OPERATOR DURING USE...: Winsmith Div. - UMC Corp.

OPERATOR ADDRESS.....: 172 Eaton St., Springville, NY 14141

PERIOD ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS WASTE: From 1930 To 1968

SITE DESCRIPTION:

In 1978, Calapan Advanced Technology Center ofBuffalo, NY sampled and analyzed process solid and liquid wastes from the Winsmith plant. Samples of water and solids taken from a pit on the dump site were also analyzed during the same period.

Elevated levels of cyanide were found in the process waste water and elevated levels of chlorinated hydrocarbons were found in the waste and tramp oil.

Samples from the dump pit site did not indicate ground and surface water contamination.

Erie County has prepared a site profile report in Oct. 1983.

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSED: Confirmed-X Suspected

TYPE ______QUANTITY (upits) Heat treat. studges (cyanides)

Meutralized acids

Sodium hydroxide

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

275 CODE: 915056

ARALYTICAL DATA AVAILABLE:

Air- Surface Water X Groundwater- Soil-X Sediment- None-

CONTRAVENTION OF STARDARDS:

Groundwater- Drinking Water- Surface Water- Arr-

LEGAL ACTION:

TYPE ..: None State- Federal-

STATUS: In Progress - Completed-

REMEDIAL ACTION:

Proposed - Under Design - In Progress - Completed - NATURE OF ACTION: None

.GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION:

SOIL TYPE: Sandy, sitt, clay - gravelly loam GROUNDWATER DEFTH: <20'

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL FROBLEMS:

From the Limited data available at this time, there appears to be no significant threat to the environment.

. ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Insufficient information, however, site is apparently upgradient of municipal wells.

PERSON(S) COMPLETING THIS FORM:

MEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NAME .: Abul Barkat

TITLE: Sr. Sanitary Engr.

NAME.: R. Tramontano

TITLE: Bur. Tox. Subst. Assess.

NAME:: Peter Buech:

TITLE: Assoc. Sanitary Engr.

NAME .:

TITLE:

DATE.: 01/24/85

DATE+: 01/24/85