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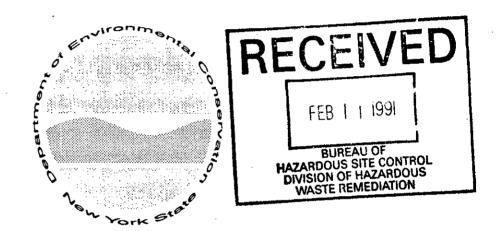
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ENGINEERING INVESTIGATIONS AT INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES

PRELIMINARY SITE ASSESSMENT

Clinton-Bailey City of Buffalo Site No. 915126 Erie County



Prepared for: New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233 Thomas C. Jorling, *Commissioner*

Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation Michael J. O'Toole, Jr., *Director*

By: E.C. Jordan Co. Portland, Maine

FEBRUARY 1991

NYSDEC CONTRACT NO. D002472

NYSDEC WORK ASSIGNMENT NO. D002472-6

E.C. JORDAN CO.

FINAL REPORT

TASK 1: DATA RECORDS SEARCH AND ASSESSMENT PRELIMINARY SITE ASSESSMENT

> CLINTON-BAILEY SITE SITE NO. 915126 ERIE COUNTY

> > FEBRUARY 1991

Submitted by:

Elizabeth A/ Ryan Project Manager

E.C. Jordan Co.

Approved by:

William J Weber NSSC Program Manager

E.C. Jordan Co.

NOTICE

This Preliminary Site Assessment report about the Clinton-Bailey Site (Site No. 915126), in the City of Buffalo, Erie County, New York, was prepared expressly for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) under the Superfund Standby Contract (No. D002472, Work Assignment No. D002472-6). The purpose of this report is to provide information necessary for NYSDEC to reclassify the site according to the Classes 2, 3, and Delist categories described in Section 2.0 of this report. The conclusions and recommendations in this report represent Jordan's professional judgment and opinion based on present, generally accepted engineering practices for conducting preliminary site characterizations and assessments. Conclusions in this report are based on records reviews, interviews, and site walkover performed The health-based regulatory standards by Jordan personnel. Levels of discussed in this report may change in the future. environmental contamination that are "acceptable" by current standards may not be so in the future.

Information contained in this report may not be suitable for any other use without adaptation for the specific purpose intended. Any such reuse of or reliance on the information, assessments, or conclusions in this report without adaptation will be at the sole risk and liability of the party undertaking the reuse.

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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Clinton-Bailey Site, Site No. 915126, is an 11-acre vacant lot located in the City of Buffalo, Erie County, New York (Figure 1). From the late 1800's to the 1920's this site was used as a clay quarry and brickyard. Filling activities, including the disposal of foundry sands and construction debris, occurred in 1927. Scavenger dumping, including disposal of slag, foundry sands and wastes from steel fabrication processes, reportedly occurred between 1927 and 1956. The disposal of 55-gallon waste containers on-site has been documented in two investigations conducted in 1984 and 1988 (Figure 2).

In 1956, the property was purchased by Erie Land and Improvement Company. In 1980 the property was divided between Sen-Wel Industries (Sen-Wel) (the western 5.5 acres) and Norfolk Southern Corporation (Norfolk Southern) (the eastern 5.5 acres).

The Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority (NFTA) was interested in purchasing the property and retained a consultant in 1983 to assess the environmental impact of past waste disposal activities. A site investigation was conducted in March 1984 by Ecology and Environment International (E&E). Fifty-five gallon and other small containers, metal scrap, household trash, and industrial slag were observed on-site during the E&E investigation. Analytical data collected by E&E in January and February 1984 documented the presence of halogenated organic compounds, arsenic, iron, lead, and mercury in groundwater and soils. The concentration of arsenic, lead, and mercury in the groundwater exceeded New York State drinking water and ambient water quality standards. Arsenic, iron, and lead were detected in standing water collected from depressions (e.g. pits) on-site.

Samples collected from the waste containers were submitted for hazardous waste characteristic testing. Two samples ignited at room temperature; therefore, while the material in these containers is unknown, they can be classified as hazardous due to ignitability. Hazardous constituents detected in these samples included toluene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and cyanide. These containers were removed from the site sometime between February 1984, when E&E conducted their sampling program, and October 1985, when NUS Corporation (NUS) conducted an investigation for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). Jordan did not find any record of the removal of containers from the site.

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) conducted a site investigation in 1985 and recommended a Phase II investigation be initiated. NUS conducted a site investigation in May 1988, during which approximately 20 additional waste containers were observed in the southwestern section of the Norfolk Southern property. NUS did not indicate if there was any

material in the waste containers. Five soil samples were collected by NUS on the Norfolk Southern property. Access to the Sen-Wel property could not be obtained; therefore, no samples were collected from this portion of the site.

Analysis of the samples collected by NUS revealed the presence of several Target Compound List (TCL) compounds. The volatile organic compounds (VOC) chlorobenzene and total xylene were detected in one soil sample. A number of semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) were detected at varying levels in all of the soil samples analyzed. These were mostly of the polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) class of compound. The polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) Aroclor 1260 was also found in one sample. Several metals were found at various concentrations in all samples.

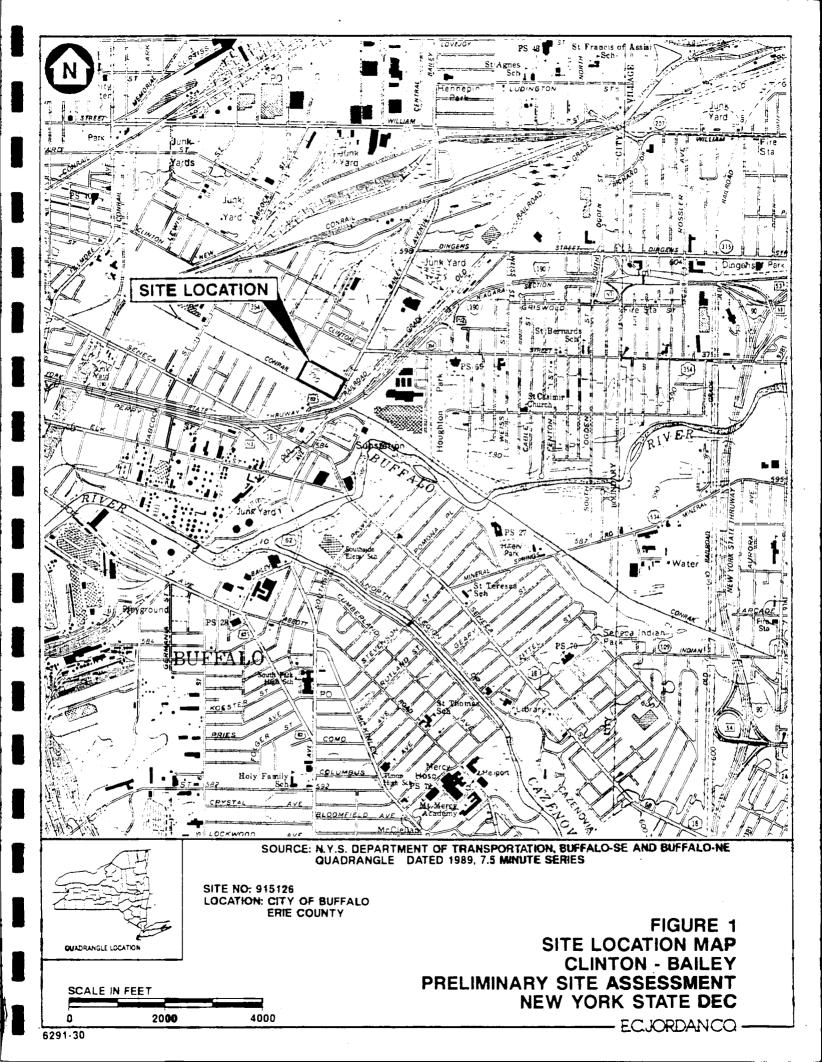
Jordan could not confirm the presence of the containers, reported by NUS, during the 1990 site walkover due to dense vegetation on the site. It is not known if these containers remain on-site or were removed.

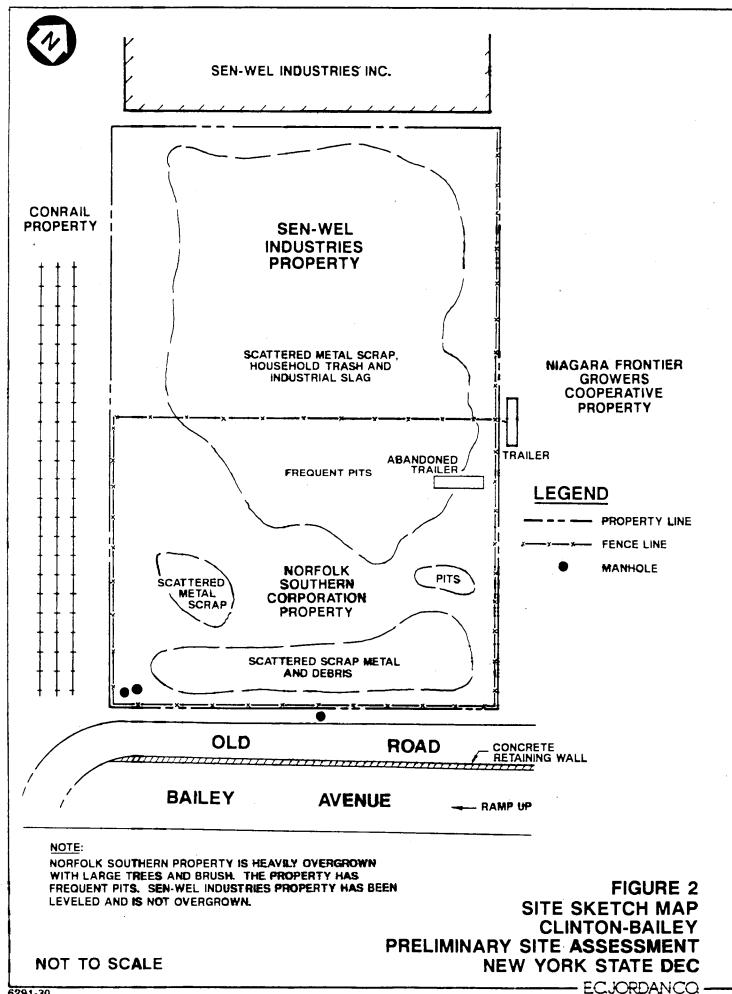
Based on available information, Jordan cannot recommend changing the classification of the Clinton-Bailey Site on the New York State Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites. Hazardous waste disposal has been documented with the ignitability of the material sampled from containers found on-site. However, site conditions have changed since the last sampling episode in 1988. Jordan recommends initiating Preliminary Site Assessment (PSA) Task activities to accurately characterize the current impact to environmental media at the Clinton-Bailey Site.

Elevated levels of lead (23,500 milligram per kilogram [mg/kg]) and arsenic (21,800 mg/kg) were detected in surface and subsurface soil samples. Samples collected in 1988 detected a number of inorganic constituents including lead and arsenic; however, concentrations of these two metals were considerably lower (lead 449 mg/kg and arsenic 38.6 mg/kg) than 1983 results. Since there are no state standards to which these concentrations can be compared Jordan cannot, within the scope of this task, assess the potential risk to public health or the environment from exposure to this medium.

Groundwater samples, collected from temporary monitoring wells in 1984, contained elevated levels of total halogenated organic compounds, arsenic, iron, lead, and mercury. These contaminant concentrations exceed New York State drinking water and ambient water quality standards. Samples collected from temporary wells however are generally only useful for indicating the presence or absence of contaminants in groundwater. The data obtained from temporary wells is not considered to accurately represent contaminant concentrations in groundwater since the wells were not likely to have been developed or allowed to equalize. Therefore, Jordan can not conclusively assess whether a significant risk is posed by the contamination of groundwater.

Therefore, upon completion of PSA Task 3 activities, PSA Task 4 should be initiated to assess whether the site poses a significant risk to public health or the environment. Jordan recommends the installation of monitoring wells upgradient, downgradient, and onsite to determine groundwater flow and assess potential impact to groundwater quality. Groundwater samples should be collected and analyzed for the TCL, or at a minimum, compounds detected in PSA Task 3 activities. Results of analyses would be compared to New York State ambient groundwater and drinking water standards to assess the potential threat to public health or the environment.





6291-30



NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REMEDIATION

Copy—REGION
Copy—DEE
Copy—DOH
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to

ADDITIONS/CHANGES TO REGISTRY OF INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL SITES

1. SITE NAME	2. SITE NO.	3: TOWN	4. COUNTY
Clinton-Bailey	915126	Buffalo	Erie
5. REGION 6. CLASSIFICATION	7. ACTIVIT		
9 Current X /Proposed		Rectassify Del	st XX Modify
8a. DESCRIBE LOCATION OF SITE (Attach U.S			
The Clinton-Bailey Site is			
			nrail property on the south.
			eastern property (5.5 acres)
•	n Corp. and the	he western prope	rty (5.5 acres) is owned by
Sen-Wel Industries.		7211 78°/,0	1091+
b. Quadrangle Buffalo-SE c. S			
			e property was used as a clay
			. Local hear-say indicates
·		•	alo until 1927. Filling acti- truction debris, occurred in
			6 including the disposal of
	•		drums containing unknown mat-
	-	-	vely flat with scattered pits an
			depressions due
b. Area 11 acres	. EPA ID Number <u>D9</u>	801560774	d PA/Si XX Yes □ No past dumping practice.
e. Completed: Phase I P	nase II PSA	Sampling	practice.
10. BRIEFLY LIST THE TYPE AND QUANTITY	OF THE HAZARDOUS W	ASTE AND THE DATES TH	AT IT WAS DISPOSED OF AT THIS SITE
Disposal of containers fill	ed with unknow	um material was	first noted in March 1984
Testing of site soils, grou			
arsenic, mercury, iron, and			
on-site.	redu. Appro.	Rimately 25 50 C	ontainers were documented
11a. SUMMARIZED SAMPLING DATA ATTACH Air Groundwater S	_	Soil Waste	□ EP Tox □ TGLP.
b. List contravened parameters and value:	5		
·			
No sampling was conducted f	or this Preli	minary Site Asse	ssment Task l.
. 5		•	
12. SITE IMPACT DATA			
a. Nearest surface water: Distance 0.25	\$ Direction _	South	Classification Buffalo River
, ,		Unknown	Sote Source Primary Principal
		•••	
c. Nearest water supply: Distance 4.5mi	fK Direction	West	Active XXYes No
d. Nearest building: Distance adjacent.	Oirection		Use Unknown
a. Crops or livestock on site?	XXNo	j. Within a State Eco	nomic Development Zone? . Tyes XXNo
f. Exposed hazardous waste? Yes	□ № Unknown	k. For Class 2a: Cod	e <u>N/A</u> Health Model Score
g. Controlled site access?	No	I. For Class 2; Priorit	v Category N/A
	Yes WNo	m. HRS Score N/	· ·
i. Impact on special status fish or wildlife reso		No n. Significant Threat	Yes No WUNkhown
13. SITE OWNER'S NAME Norfolk Southern/Sen-Wel Ir	14. ADDRESS		15. TELEPHONE NUMBER
16. PREPARER			()
Cornelia B. Morin	E.C. Jorda	n Co.	
dorneria b. norm		ie and Organization	
<u> 2/7/91</u>		Corne	ha B. How
Date			Signature
17. APPROVED			
	None To	le and Organization	
	Hame, III	· and Organization	
Date	-		Signature

2.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of a PSA is to provide the information necessary for NYSDEC to reclassify a site according to the following classifications:

- Class 2 Hazardous waste sites presenting a significant threat to the public health or the environment.
- Class 3 Hazardous waste sites not presenting a significant threat to the public health or the environment.
- Delist Sites where hazardous waste disposal is not documented.

PSA Task 1, Data Records Search and Assessment, was conducted at the Clinton-Bailey Site, Site No. 915126, in Buffalo, New York by Jordan under contract to the NYSDEC Superfund Standby Contract (Contract No. D002472, Work Assignment No. D002472-6).

The Clinton-Bailey Site is a suspected inactive hazardous waste site recognized by NYSDEC. This site is classified as Class 2a because there is insufficient information to document hazardous waste disposal and/or assess the significance of potential risk to public health or the environment.

3.0 SCOPE OF WORK

PSA Task 1 consists of two data gathering activities: a file review/records search and a site walkover. Specific activities performed for the Clinton-Bailey Site under this task are described in the following subsections.

3.1 File Review

The Jordan project team began collecting information on the Clinton-Bailey Site at the NYSDEC central office in Albany, New York between June 25 and 27, 1990. In addition, Jordan personnel reviewed files and obtained site information at the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH), the U.S. Geologic Survey, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the New York State Department of Transportation, and the New York State Geologic Survey.

On July 18, 1990 Jordan personnel reviewed files on the site at the Erie County Department of Environment and Planning (ECDEP) and the Buffalo offices of NYSDOH. On July 25, 1990 the Jordan team visited the Buffalo City Hall and the Erie County Registry of Deeds to gather site background information, property ownership, land use, and water supply information.

A review of the files provided by Gregory Sutton, P.E., Environmental Engineer II, at NYSDEC's Region 9 Office, was conducted on July 18, 1990.

3.2 Site Walkover

On July 24, 1990 a site walkover was conducted at the Clinton-Bailey Site. The following individuals attended the visit.

Name	Title	Affiliation
Kathlee n Maguire Corneli a B. Morin Cynthia W hi tfield	Geotechnical Engineer Assoc. Env. Scientist Environmental Engineer I	E.C. Jordan Co. E.C. Jordan Co. NYSDEC Central Office

The Jordan project team entered the site at 1 p.m. Before entering the site, the field team calibrated a photoionization detector (PID) and oxygen meter to monitor ambient air quality during the inspection. The resulting data were used to confirm that worker health was protected and safety procedures could be taken if concentrations were detected above background levels. No readings above background were observed during the site visit.

Ronald Miller, of Norfolk Southern Corporation, provided site access. Mr. Miller told the Jordan team that a fence had been

installed around the Norfolk Southern property in 1987. Mr. Miller opened the gate for the Jordan team; however, he did not accompany the Jordan team during the walkover.

The field team entered the eastern portion of the site and proceeded across the property in a clockwise direction. Due to the dense vegetation the Jordan team was only able to walk along the southeast side of the site by following the fence and make one traverse across the property to the northwest boundary. The Jordan team followed the fence back to the gate. Most of the Norfolk-Southern property was impassable. The property was heavily overgrown with trees and brush making it difficult to observe the surface soils and portions of the site. Jordan was unable to locate the soil borings conducted by E&E in 1984. The team observed numerous pits and depressions in the surface soil that contained scrap metal, household trash, and industrial slag.

There was evidence of trespassing within the Norfolk-Southern property. A large hole had been dug under a portion of the fence on the southeast side of the site. There was a path leading to a small clearing where several pallets and discarded mattresses were found. There were also several small pits that appeared to have been recently dug. The purpose of these holes and pits was not apparent. The NUS report does indicate that during the 1988 site investigation, Buffalo police indicated that people often dig at the site for antique bottles.

After exiting the Norfolk Southern property, the team walked around the site in an attempt to further observe site conditions through the fence. The dense vegetation prevented the evaluation of any additional site characteristics.

The team proceeded to the Sen-Wel property which comprises the western portion of the site. This property is fenced along the northeast and southeast sides and is bounded on the northwest by the Sen-Wel building. There was no representative from Sen-Wel at the site and site access was gained through the unfenced portion that runs parallel to the railroad tracks.

The Sen-Wel property was relatively flat and appeared to have been recently graded. Scrap metal, household waste, a wide variety of glass bottles, pottery, and industrial slag was mixed throughout the surface soils. Jordan personnel were unable to determine the current land-use of this property from the files and/or the site walkover.

Photographs were taken to be included in the site file. The site walkover was completed at 3 p.m.

4.0 SITE ASSESSMENT

The following subsections describe the information gained through the records search and site walkover at the Clinton-Bailey Site.

4.1 Site History

The Clinton-Bailey Site, No. 915126, is located in the City of Buffalo, Erie County, New York. The property was used as a clay quarry and brickyard from the late 1800s to the 1920s. Filling activities, which occurred on-site in 1927, include the disposal of foundry sand and construction debris. Scavenger dumping occurred between 1927 and 1956 and materials disposed included steel fabrication wastes. Disposal of containers filled with unknown materials was first noted in 1984.

In 1956, the property was purchased by Erie Land and Improvement Company, and in 1980 the property was divided equally between Sen-Wel and Norfolk Southern.

The NFTA was interested in purchasing the property and retained a consultant in 1983 to assess the environmental impact of past waste disposal activities. The initial investigation of the site was conducted in March 1984 by E&E. Fifty-five-gallon waste and small containers, scrap metal, household trash, and industrial slag were observed on-site during this investigation. Analytical data collected by E&E in January and February 1984 documented the presence of elevated levels of arsenic, iron, lead, and mercury in groundwater and soils (Appendix C). Arsenic, iron, and lead were also detected in standing water collected from the pits. collected from the waste containers were tested for hazardous waste characteristics and classified as hazardous due to ignitability. Hazardous substances detected in these samples included toluene, 1,1,1,-trichloroethane and cyanide. These containers were removed from the site sometime after E&E's February 1984 sampling program The ultimate disposition of these and prior to October 1985. waste-containers is unknown.

A site inspection was performed by Engineering-Science for NYSDEC in 1985. The results of this Phase I investigation recommended that Phase II activities be initiated. In May 1988, NUS, under contract to the USEPA, conducted a site investigation and observed approximately 20 waste containers, of unknown origin, in the southwestern section of the Norfolk Southern property. Soil samples were collected by NUS; however, sampling was limited to the Norfolk Southern property because access to the Sen-Wel property could not be obtained.

Results of NUS analyses detected hazardous constituents in site soils. Chlorobenzene and total xylenes were detected in one sample. SVOCs, primarily PAHs, were detected in all soil samples,

as were a number of inorganics including, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, lead, and mercury. PCBs were detected in one sample.

Jordan could not confirm the presence of any containers during the 1990 site walkover due to dense vegetation of the site. Therefore it is not known if these containers remain on-site or were removed.

4.2 Site Topography

The Clinton-Bailey Site is located in the south of the City of Buffalo, Erie County, New York. The site topography was originally characterized as a low-lying swampy area. Current topography is irregular due to past disposal and land use practices. The western portion of the site (Sen-Wel property) is relatively flat with some slight slope to the terrain. There is little ground cover on this portion of the site. Evidence of recent grading activities was observed during the 1990 site walkover. The eastern portion of the site, (Norfolk Southern property) is irregular with depressions and piles of wastes across the site. This part of the site is heavily vegetated with thick brush and trees.

The site is bordered to the southeast by Bailey Avenue, to the south by the Conrail railroad tracks and to the north by the Niagara Frontier Growers Cooperative Market Company. The land-use around the site is a mix of industrial, commercial, and residential. The site is currently a vacant lot and does not appear to be in use.

4.3 Site Hydrology

The following paragraphs describe the known hydrologic setting at Clinton-Bailey site.

<u>surface Water Hydrology.</u> The site is surrounded by railroad tracks, the Sen-Wel building, a road, and a parking lot. The surface water run-off from the site flows either to the road or parking lot where it is collected by storm drains. The 1-year, 24-hour rainfall in this area is 2.1 inches (per year).

The nearest surface water is the Buffalo River located approximately 0.25 miles south of the site. The Buffalo River flows through the City of Buffalo to Lake Erie approximately 5 miles to the northwest of the site. The Buffalo River flows through heavily industrialized areas of the city and is used only for commercial shipping. Surface water within 3 miles of the site is not used for drinking, irrigation, or recreation uses.

The site is located in a swampy area of the City and ponded water has been observed during previous investigations. No standing water was observed during either the 1988 or 1990 site walkovers.

There are no state designated fresh water wetlands or critical habitats within 1 mile of the site.

Groundwater Hydrology. The unconsolidated surficial or shallow deposits in this area consist of glacial material deposited during the later part of the Pleistocene Epoch. The main unconsolidated unit in the area is a glaciolacustrine clay-sand deposit consisting of silt, fine to medium sand, and clay and containing laminae of These deposits tend to decrease in alternating sand and clay. thickness toward the east and north where bedrock rises to less than 5 feet below the ground surface. The clay unit is generally less than 2 feet below ground surface except where it has been landfilling and waste disposal operations or E&E boring logs indicate that most of the upper by urbanization. layer of the site consists of fill and/or sandy soil that has a permeability of 10-1 to 10-3 centimeters per second (cm/sec). Native clays in the area have a permeability of 10-8 cm/sec.

The bedrock aguifer beneath the site consists of Devonian Onondaga Limestone, Akron Dolomite, and Bertie Limestone. Limestone is a gray and brown dolomite with some interbedded shale; the Akron Dolomite is a greenish-gray and buff fine-grained dolomite. The Bertie Limestone ranges from 50 to 60 feet thick, whereas the Akron Dolomite is estimated to be 8 feet thick. Both formations dip southward. The Onondaga Limestone overlies this limestone-dolomite unit; the two units are separated by unconformity or an erosional contact. The Onondaga Limestone consists of three members. The lowest, which overlies the Akron Dolomite, is a gray coarse-grained limestone generally a few feet The middle member consists of a gray limestone and blue chert and reaches a thickness of 40 to 45 feet. The upper member is a dark gray to tan limestone ranging in thickness from 50 to 60 feet. The thickness of the Onondaga Limestone is approximately 110 The main sources of water in the bedrock are the fractures and solution cavities.

The residents in the vicinity of the site receive drinking water from a municipal supply. The municipal water intakes are on Lake Erie, 5 miles from the site. Groundwater is not used as a drinking water source within three miles of the site.

4.4 Contamination Assessment

Groundwater, surface water, surface and subsurface soils, and materials in the 55-gallon waste containers at the Clinton-Bailey Site have been sampled (E&E, 1984; NUS, 1982).

Two groundwater samples were collected by E&E in 1984 from temporary monitoring wells located downgradient of the property. The analytical results show maximum concentrations of arsenic at 715 micrograms per liter (μ g/L), iron at 168 μ g/L; lead at 91.9

lead, and mercury exceed New York State drinking water and ambient water quality standards for these inorganic constituents (arsenic 50 μ g/L and 25 μ g/L; lead 50 μ g/L and 25 μ g/L, and mercury 2 μ g/L). Analyses of samples collected from the temporary monitoring wells at Clinton-Bailey do give an indication that groundwater quality has been impacted. However, since the wells were not developed or allowed to equalize the data obtained can not be considered as accurately representing the concentration of contaminants in groundwater.

One surface water sample was collected by E&E in 1984, from composite samples of standing water present in the pits on the site. The analytical results show concentrations of arsenic at 21.8 μ g/L, iron at 887 μ g/L and lead at 63.2 μ g/l. Mercury concentrations were below the method limit of detection of 0.4 μ g/L. Because the surface water on-site does not contribute to any classified surface water system it is not appropriate to compare these analytical results to the New York State ambient surface water quality standards. Therefore, the significance of these concentrations can not be determined.

In 1984, E&E collected ten surface soil and 15 subsurface soil samples from areas where waste containers and/or stained soils were observed. The maximum inorganic concentration detected in these samples were, arsenic 19.5 microgram per gram (μ g/g); iron 72,800 μ g/g; lead 23,500 μ g/g, and mercury 2.58 μ g/g. There are no New York State standards or guidelines for soil concentrations to which these analytical results can be compared.

One composite and three individual samples from the waste containers were collected by E&E in 1984. The composite sample included the contents of several open waste containers, and the individual samples were collected from three intact waste containers. Two of these samples were classified as hazardous due to ignitability. Hazardous substances detected in the samples include cyanide at 18.4 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg); toluene at 87,000 mg/kg; and 1,1,1-trichloroethane at 30,000 mg/kg.

May 1988 NUS collected soil samples from five locations on the Norfolk-Southern Property. Analysis of these samples revealed the presence of several TCL compounds. VOCs were detected in one soil sample. SVOCs, primarily PAHs, were detected at varying levels in all of the soil samples analyzed. The PCB Aroclor 1260 was also found in one sample. Several metals were found at various concentrations.

It should be noted that metals analysis of samples taken during the 1983 E&E site investigation detected levels of lead higher than the NUS results. Levels as high as 16,400 mg/kg were found in the surface soil in 1983, while the highest value detected by NUS was 449 mg/kg. A subsurface soil sample (2 foot depth) taken in 1983 had the highest level 23,500 mg/kg.

The potential for direct contact with these contaminants is high. The Sen-Wel portion of this site is open from the railroad tracks, there is evidence of trespassing on the Norfolk-Southern property, and an open-air food market is adjacent to the site. There is a high likelihood of groundwater contamination emanating from the site, as wastes were deposited directly on the ground surface. Samples of groundwater taken from temporary wells dug during E&E's 1983 investigation revealed arsenic, lead, and mercury in the groundwater.

5.0 ASSESSMENT OF DATA ADEQUACY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 Hazardous Waste Deposition

Analytical results of the waste material obtained from 55-gallon containers disposed of on the Norfolk Southern portion of the Clinton-Bailey Site detected hazardous constituents, including cyanide, toluene, and 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Samples of these wastes also failed characteristic testing for ignitability. This material is an ignitable waste and is defined by 6 NYCRR Part 371.3(a)(1) as a hazardous waste.

5.2 Significant Threat Determination

A potential significant threat to public health and the environment is indicated by the analytical results of groundwater sampling conducted on the Norfolk-Southern property. As outlined in subsection 4.4, arsenic, lead, and mercury from samples collected from temporary monitoring wells were detected at concentrations that exceed the New York State drinking water and ambient groundwater quality standards for these parameters. However, data from temporary wells may not be representative of actual contaminant concentrations in groundwater. Therefore, Jordan is unable to make a determination of significance of the risk posed by contaminated groundwater.

In addition, elevated levels of arsenic, mercury, and lead were detected in surface and subsurface soils and standing water samples analyzed in 1983. The same inorganics were detected again, but at lower concentrations, in 1988. Since there are no standards or guidelines for contaminants in these media, Jordan cannot assess the significance of this contamination within the scope of this PSA Task.

Hazardous waste disposal has only been documented on the Norfolk-Southern Property because access to and samples from the Sen-Wel property could not be obtained. Although, Jordan could not confirm the disposal of hazardous materials on the Sen-Wel property, the files indicate that similar wastes may have been disposed of on this portion of the site. Environmental samples collected along the boundary of the two properties show elevated levels of hazardous constituents to be present. Therefore, it is likely that contamination exists on this property.

5.3 Recommendations

Based on information collected and reviewed, Jordan cannot recommend changing the classification of the Clinton-Bailey Site on the New York State Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites. Hazardous waste disposal has been documented with the ignitability of the material sampled from containers found on-site. However, conditions on the site have changed since 1984 when this

sample was collected. Jordan recommends initiating PSA Task 3 activities to accurately characterize the current impact to environmental media at the Clinton-Bailey Site.

Groundwater samples, collected from temporary monitoring wells in 1984, contained elevated levels of total halogenated organic compounds, arsenic, iron, lead, and mercury. These contaminant concentrations do exceed New York State drinking water and ambient water quality standards. However, samples collected from temporary wells are best used for indicating the presence or absence of contaminants in groundwater. Therefore, Jordan can not conclusively determine whether a significant risk is posed by the contamination of groundwater.

Elevated levels of contaminants were also detected in surface and subsurface soils. Since there are no standards to which these concentrations can be compared, Jordan cannot assess the potential risk to public health or the environment from exposure to this media. Therefore, upon completion of PSA Task 3 activities, PSA Task 4 be initiated to assess whether the site poses a significant risk to public health or the environment. Jordan recommends the installation of monitoring wells upgradient, downgradient, and onsite to determine groundwater flow and assess potential impact to groundwater quality. Groundwater samples should be collected and analyzed for the TCL, or at a minimum, compounds detected in PSA Task 3 activities. Results of analyses would be compared to groundwater and drinking water standards to assess the potential threat to public health or the environment.

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

cm/sec centimeters per second

ECDEP Erie County Department of Environment

and Planning

E&E Ecology and Environment International

Jordan E.C. Jordan Co.

mg/kg milligram per kilogram

NFTA Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority

Norfolk Southern Norfolk Southern Corporation

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental

Conservation

NYSDOH New York State Department of Health

PAHs polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons

PCBs polychlorinated biphenyl
PID photoionization detector
PSA Preliminary Site Assessment

Sen-Wel Industries

SVOCs semi-volatile organic compounds

TCL target compound list

 $\mu g/g$ microgram per gram $\mu g/L$ microgram per liter

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

VOCs volatile organic compounds

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

REFERENCES

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APPENDIX B

SITE INSPECTION REPORT (USEPA FORM 2070-13)

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EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

SITE INSPECTION REPORT 01 STATE 01 SITE NUMBER PART 1 - SITE LOCATION AND INSPECTION INFORMATION New York **D98**01560774 II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION 02 STREET, ROUTE NO., OR SPECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER 01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or descriptive name of site) Clinton-Bailey Clinton Street and Bailey Avenue 03 CITY 04 STATE 05 ZIP CODE | 06 COUNTY 07 COUNTY DB CONG. DIST 37 CODE Buffalo New York 14240 Erie 029 09 COORDINATES 10 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one) _ G. LOUNTY _ E. MUNICEPAL X A. PRIVATE B. FEDERAL F. OTHER LATITUDE LONGITUDE _ C. STATE _ D. COUNTY 4 2 5 2 7 2.N _ 7 8 4 9 0 9 4 III. INSPECTION INFORMATION 01 DATE OF INSPECTION 02 SITE STATUS 103 YEARS OF OPERATION ACTIVE X INACTIVE 7 / 24 / 90 MONTH DAY YEAR 1920's BEGINNING YEAR 1956 __ UNKNOWN ENDING YEAR 04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSPECTION (Check all that apply) _ A. EPA _ B. EPA CONTRACTOR _ _ C. MUNICIPAL _ D. MUNICIPAL CONTRACTOR (Name of firm) (Name of firm) _ E. STATE \underline{X} F. STATE CONTRACTOR _ G. OTHER E.C. Jordan Co. (Name of firm) (Specify) 05 CHIEF INSPECTOR 06 TITLE **07** ORGANIZATION 08 TELEPHONE NO. Kathleen Maguire Geotechnical Engineer E.C. Jordan Co. (207) 775-5401 09 OTHER INSPECTORS 10 TITLE 11 ORGANIZATION 12 TELEPHONE NO. Cornelia Brown Assoc. Env. Scientist E.C. Jordan Co. (207) 775-5401 Cynthia Whitfield Sanitary Engineer (518) 457-0638 NYSDEC Central Office () () () 13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTERVIEWED 14 TITLE 15 ADDRESS 16 TELEPHONE NO. Pollution Ronald L. Miller Control Coord. P.O. Box 349, Bettevue, Ohio 44811 (419) 483-1450 () () () () () 17 ACCESS GAINED BY 18 TIME OF INSPECTION 19 WEATHER CONDITIONS (Check one) X PERMISSION 1:00 pm Clear, Sunny, 86° F □ WARRANT IV. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM 01 CONTACT 02 OF (Agency/Organization) 03 TELEPHONE NO. Sri Maddineni New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (518) 457-0638 04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR SITE INSPECTION FORM 05 AGENCY 06 ORGANIZATION 07 TELEPHONE NG. 03 DATE

E.C. Jordan Co.

1. IDENTIFICATION

8 / 1 / 90 MONTH DAY YEAR

(207) 775-5401

₽ EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE

01 SITE NUMBER

PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION								New	York	D9815607	74	
II. WAST	E STATES, (MANTITIES, AND	CHARAC	TERISTICS								
X A. SOLID E. SLURRY X B. POWDER, FINES F. LIQUID TON		easures of wa it be independ TONS _ IC YARDS	aste quantities dent)	1			ERISTICS (Check E. SOLUBL F. INFECT E. G. FLAMMA X H. IGNITA	E X 1	. HIGH	LY VOLATILE OSIVE TIVE MPATIBLE APPLICABLE		
III. WAS			1			1			<u>. </u>	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 -
	SUBSTANCE	NAME	O1 GRO	SS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF	F MEASURE	03 C	OMMENTS	<u> </u>	 		
SLU	SLUDGE					-	 	-				
OLW	OILY WAST					<u>-</u>						
SOL	SOLVENTS 20			Container	s	20 c	ontain	ers observed o	n-sit e, a	nalyse	s showed	
PSD	SD PESTICIDE S						elev	ated c	oncentrations	of solven	ts	
осс	OTHER ORGANIC CHEMICALS									-		
100	INORGANIC	CHEMICALS			1							
ACD	ACIDS									•		'
BAS	BASES											
MES	HEAVY MET	ALS	Unkno	łn			Elev	ated c	oncentrations	detect e d	in soi	ls
IV. HAZA	RDOUS SUBS	TANCES (See Apper	ndix for n	nost frequenti	y cited CAS No	mbers)						
G1 CATEGO	RY	02 SUBSTANCE	NAME	03 CAS NU	MBER	04/STORAL	GE/DIS	SPOSAL	05 CONCENTRAT		6 MEAS	URE OF RATION
SOL		to lu ene		108-88-3	landfill				87,000	m	ng/kg	
SOL		1,1,1-TCA		25323-89•1 la		landfill			30,000	m	g/kg	
MES		mercury		7439-97-6	7439-97-6 la				2.25	п	ng/kg	
MES		l e ad		7439-92-1		landfill			23,500	m	ng/kg	
MES		ar se nic		7440-38-2	?	landfill			2.25	п	ng/kg	
		<u> </u>					_					
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		Appendix for CAS N FEEDSTOCK NAME	nupats)	103	CAS NUMBER	CATEGO	אַ פּוּ	07 55	EDSTOCK NAME		10	2 CAS NUMBER
EATEGO	101	TECUSIOUR MAME		102	THE NUMBER	FDS		01 75	EDDIUGE NAME			Z CHO NUMBER
FDS					·	FDS		+				····-
FDS						FDS		 				
FDS						FDS		 	=			
	RCES OF THE	FORMATION (Cite	specific :	afarances of	eteta filos s	l		orts)				
11. 300	NOLU UI IN	CHIEF COLE	apoune 7	ψ.αισιωσε, σ .ξ	5., sigly 1005, \$	muhia atlada	·>, repo	J. 10 /	•			
Prelimina	ry Site Ass	sessment Report	, Febru	Jary 1991,	E.C. Jordan	n Co., enc	refe	erences	cited therein	١.		

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

1.1DENTIFICATION

01 STATE

01 SITE NUMBER

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS C	ONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	New York	D981560774
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
01 X A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0	02 X OBSERVED (DATE: 198	34) POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
198_ Analytical results showed elevated levels	of mercury, lead, and arsenic i	in groundwater.	
01 X B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 100-1,000	02 X OBSERVED (DATE: 1984 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) _ POT	ENTIAL _ ALLEGED
1984 Analytical results of standing water colle	ected on-site showed elevated le	evels of arsenic ar	nd lead.
01 _ C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 _ GBSERVED (DATE: 04 WARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) _ POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
N/A			
01 D. FIRE/EXPLOS IVE CONDITIONS 03 POPULATION POTEN TI ALLY AFF EC TED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		NTIAL _ ALLEGED
N/A			
01 X E. DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 100-1,000	02 X OBSERVED (DATE: 1984 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) _ POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
Elevated levels of arsenic, mercury, and lead we during the 1990 site walkover.	ere detected in surface soils.	Evidence of tresp	passing on-site was observed
01 x f. contaminati on of soil 03 population poten tially affected: <u>100-1,000</u>	02 X OBSERVED (DATE: 1984 04 MARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) _ POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
Analytical results of surface and s ubs urface so	ils showed elevated levels of a	arsenic, lead, and	mercury.
01 G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OSSERVED (DATE: 04 MARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	} POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
N/A			
01 X H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 10-100	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 WARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	<u>X</u> POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
Railroad maintenanc e workers and equipment oper hazardous materials o n- si te.	rators who graded the Sen-Wel pr	roperty could poter	ntially be exposed to
01 I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 WARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		ENTIAL ALLEGED
N/A			

₽ EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

SITE INSPECTION REP	OKI	U1 STATE	01 SITE NUMBER
PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITION	NS AND INCIDENTS	New York	D981560774
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)			·
01 J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 _ OBSERVED (DATE:) _ POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
None observed.			
01 K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)	02 _ OBSERVED (DATE:) _ POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
None observed.			
01 L. CONTAMINATI ON OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRI PT ION	02 _ OBSERVED (DATE:) POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
Unknown			
01 X M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spills/Runoff/Standing liquids, Leaking drams) 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0	02 X OBSERVED (DATE:	-	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
Drums were observed on-site in 1984, and in 1988.	or mandering bedon in too		
01 N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	G2 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 WARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) <u>X</u> POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
N/A			
01 _ O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WHIPS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) _ POTE	NTIAL _ ALLEGED
None observed.			
01 X P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 WARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) _ POTE	NTIAL <u>X</u> ALLEGED
Records indicate that illegal dumping occurred at the	site between 1927 and 19	56.	
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLE	GED HAZARDS		
Evidence of trespassing was observed during the 1990 bottles.	site wałkover. People ha	ve been observed d	tigging on-site for antique
III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 100-	1,000		
IV. COMMENTS			
The site can easily be accessed from the railroad line levels of heavy metals have been documented in surface be to municipal stormwater system, but this is not contact the system of the system of the system.	e and subsurface soils.	erved digging for Fate of surface wa	antique bottles. Elevated inter runoff is presumed to
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state	files, sample analysis, reports)		
Preliminary Site Assessment Report, February 1991, E.	C. Jordan Co., and refere	nces cited therein	

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

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_	_	_			_	_								

D1 STATE

01 SITE NUMBER

PART 4	PERMIT AND DESCRI	PTIVE INFORMATION	New York	09	281560774	
II. PERMIT INFORMATION						
01 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED (Check all that apply)	02 PERMIT NUMBER	G3 DATE ISSUED	04 EXPIRATION DATE	05 COMMENTS		
_ A. NPDES					·	
_ B. UIC						
_ C. AIR						
_ D. RCRA	ļ <u>.</u>					
_ E. RCRA INTERIM STATUS						
_ F. SPCC PLAN						
_ G. STATE (specify)						
_ H. LOCAL (specify)						
_ I_ OTHER (specify)				_		
X J. NONE			<u></u>			
III. SITE DESCRIPTION			<u> </u>			
01 STORAGE/DISPOSAL (check all that apply)	02 AMOUNT	03 UNIT OF MEASURE	04 TREATMENT (check all that apply)		05 OTHER _ A. BUILDINGS ONSITE	
A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT B. PILES X. C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND E. TANK, BELOW GROUND F. LANDFILL G. ŁANDFARM H. OPEN DUMP X. I. OTHER fill material (specify)	approx. 20	Drums	C. CHEMICAL/PHYS D. BIOLOGICAL E. WASTE OIL PRO F. SOLVENT RECOV G. OTHER RECYCL H. OTHER	A. INCINERATION B. UNDERGROUND INJECTION C. CHEMICAL/PHYSICAL D. BIOLOGICAL E. WASTE OIL PROCESSING F. SOLVENT RECOVERY G. OTHER RECYCLING/RECOVERY		
The waste containers sample	ed by E&E were remov	red prior to October	1985. There is no in	iformation on	a this removal action.	
01 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (c	heck one)					
A. ADEQUATE, SEC	URE X B. MODERATI	E _ C. INADEQUATE,	POOR D. INSECUR	E, UNSOUND,	DANGEROUS	
OZ DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, D	IKING, LINERS, BARRI	ERS, ETC.				
V. ACCESSIBILITY						
02 COMMENTS	CESSIBLE: X YES _					
The site consists of two p (Sen-Wel Ind.) is f en ced or	roperties. The east n three sides and op	tern property (Norfolloen along the Conrail	x Southern) is currer property. People ha	itly tenced. ive been abse	ine western property erved on-site.	
VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION	(Cite specific references,	e.g., state files, sample anal	ysis, reports)			
	. B	1001 E.S. Jander St.	and reference six	d thomair		

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE 1.1DENTIFICATION **€** EPA SITE INSPECTION REPORT 01 STATE 01 SITE NUMBER D981560774 New York PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA II. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY 03 DISTANCE TO SITE 01 TYPE OF DRINKING SUPPLY 02 STATUS (check as applicable) SURFACE WELL **ENDANGERED AFFECTED** MONITORED COMMUNITY A: -B. _ C. <u>X</u> (mi) <u>A. X</u> F. _ NON-COMMUNITY (mi) III. GROUNDWATER 01 GROUNDWATER USE IN VICINITY (check one) _ C. COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL IRRIGATION X D. NOT USED, _ A. ONLY SOURCE FOR _ B. DRINKING DRINKING (Limited other sources available) UNUSABLE (other sources available) COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGATION (No other water sources available) 03 DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINKING WATER WELL ___ 02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUNDWATER None within 3 miles 07 POTENTIAL YIELD 04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER 05 DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW 06 DEPTH TO AQUIFER 08 SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER OF CONCERN OF AQUIFER _ YES ~ 30 (ft) <u>unknown</u> (gpd) X NO - 4.5 _ **(f**t) southwest 09 DESCRIPTION OF WELLS (including usage, depth, and location relative to population and buildings) 10 RECHARGE AREA 11 DISCHARGE AREA _ YES | COMMENTS YES | COMMENTS - Area is relatively flat X NO IV. SURFACE WATER 01 SURFACE WATER USE (Check one) A. RESERVOIR, RECREATION B. IRRIGATION, ECONOMICALLY X.C. COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL D. NOT CURRENTLY USED IMPORTANT RESOURCES 02 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED BODIES OF WATER AFFECTED DISTANCE TO SITE NAME: (mi) Buffalo River (mi) V. DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPERTY INFORMATION 02 DISTANCE TO NEAREST POPULATION 01 TOTAL POPULATION WITHIN THREE (3) MILES OF SITE ONE (1) MILE OF SITE TWO (2) MILES OF SITE B. 69,000 NO. OF PERSONS <u>12</u>,900 262,500 _ (mi) A. 12,900 NO. OF PERSONS NO. OF PERSONS 04 DISTANCE TO NEAREST OFF-SITE BUILDING 03 NUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2) MILES OF SITE _ (mi) 0.1 18,200 05 POPULATION WITHIN VICINITY OF SITE (Provide narrative description of nature of population within written vicinity of site, e.g., rurel, village, densely populated urban area) The Clinton-Bailey Site is located in an industrial area of the City of Buffalo. This area is densely populated. There are residential homes located within a 3 mile radius of the site.

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

LIDENTIFICATION

S EPA	SITE INSPEC	TION REPORT			01 STATE	01 s	SITE NUMBER
,	ART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPH	IIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL	DATA		New York	D981	560774
VI. ENVIRONMENTAL	NFORMATION			- <u>-</u> -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
01 PERMEABILITY OF UN:	ATURATED ZONE (Check	one)					
<u>x</u> A. 10 ⁻⁶ - 10 ⁻⁶	cm √s ec _ B. 10 ⁻⁴ -	10 ⁻⁶ cm/sec	_ C. 104 -	10 ⁻³ cm	n/sec _ D. GR	EATER TH	AN 10 ⁻³ cm/sec
02 PERMEABILITY OF BEG	ROCK (Check one)						
A. IMPERMEA BL (Tess than 10 ⁻⁶ c r	X B. RELA n/sec) (30	TIVELY IMPERMEABLE 4 - 10-6 cm/sec)	_ C. RE	- 10	Y PERMEABLE (D. VER Grea ter	Y PERMEABLE than 10 ^{°2} cm/sec)
03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF	CONTAMINATED SOIL	ZONE	102 20	L Ph		
<u>32.5-34.5</u> (*	t) <u>u</u>	nknown (ft)		unk	nown_		
06 NET PRECIPITATION	07 ONE YEAR	24 HOUR RAINFALL	08 SLOPE				
			SITE SLOPE	: 5	IRECTION OF SIT	E SLOPE	TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE
8-10	(in)	2.1 (in)	0	%	N/A		%
09 FLOOD POTENTIAL		10	OU DADDIED	* OL AND			
SITE IS IN > 100	YEAR FLGODPLAIN	- 2115 12	UN BARKIEK	ISLAND	, COASTAL HIGH	HAZARU AH	REA, RIVERINE FLOODWAY
11 DISTANCE TO WETLAND	S (5 acre minimum)		12 DISTA	NCE TO	CRITICAL HABITA	of ender	ngered species)
EST AU F	INE	OTHE R				<u> </u>	2 (mi)
A	(mi) B	2.0 (mi)	ENDAN	GER E D \$	PECI ES: Peri g Golder	rine Falc	con, Bald Eagle,
13 LAND USE IN VICINI	Y						
DISTANCE TO:							
COMMERCIAL/INDUS	RESIDENTIA T ri al fore s	L AREAS; NATIONAL/ STS, OR WILDLIFE RE	ST ATE PARKS SERVES), F	AGRICULTU PRIME AG LAND	RAL LAND	S AG LAND
A. <u>≤ 0.1</u>		B. <u>0.1</u> (
14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE	IN RELATION TO SURF	OUNDING TOPOGRAPHY					
The Clinton-Bailey Sir Frontier Growers Coope surrounding area. His standing water was obs	er at ive on the morth st or ically the site i	and the Contrail p s in a swampy area	coperty to	the sou	ith. The site i	s relati	vely flat as is the
							·
VII. SOURCES OF INFO	RMATION (Cite specific	references, e.g., state fil	es, sample ans	siysis, rep	orts)		
-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3/3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Preliminary Site Asses	sment Report, Februa	iry 1991, E.C. Jord	an Co., and	refere	ences cited then	ein.	

Ş EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

1.1DENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	01 SITE NUMBER
New York	D981560774

	PART 6	- SAMPLE AND	FIELD IN	FORMATION	New York	D981560774
I. SAMPLES TAK	EN - No sampl	es were collec	ted as p	art of PSA Task 1 a	ctivities	•
AMPLE TYPE	0	1 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKE	N	02 SAMPLES SENT TO		03 ESTIMATED DATE RESULTS AVAILABLE
ROUNDWATER						
URFACE WATER						
ASTE			=:			
IR						
UNOF F	_					
PILL					-	
OIL						
EGETATION		•				
THER	-		····		•	
II. FIELD MEAS	UREMENTS TAKE	N				
1 TYPE		2 COMMENTS				
hotoionization		io readings abo	ove backg	ground		
EL		lo readings abo	ove backg	ground		
		•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		•				
V. PHOTOGRAPHS	AND MAPS					
1 TYPE X GROUN	D _ AERIAL	-	DE IN CUS	STODY OFSri Made	dineni, NYSBEC (Name of organiza	tion or individual)
3 MAPS	04 LOCATION	OF MAPS			····-	
X YES NO	Sri Mado	ineni, NYSDEC				
. OTHER FIELD	DATA COLLECTE	D (Provide marrativ	ra descriptio	onl		
o other field c	data was colle	ected during Ju	uły 1991	site inspection.		

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE 1.1DENTIFICATION **€** EPA SITE INSPECTION REPORT D1 STATE 01 SITE NUMBER PART 7 - OWNER INFORMATION New York D981560774 II. CURRENT OWNER(S) PARENT COMPANY (If applicable) 08 NAME 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 09 D+B NUMBER Sen-Wel Industries 93 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) II SIC CODE 500 Convention Towers 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 12 CITY 13 STATE 14 ZIP CODE Buffalo New York 14240 Q1 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 08 NAME D9 D+B NUMBER Norfolk and Western Railroad Norfold Southern Corp. 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 8 North Jefferson Street 04 SIC CODE 10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) II SIC CODE 8 North Jefferson Street 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 12 CITY 13 STATE 14 ZIP CODE 24042 Roanoke Virginia Roanoke Virginia 24042 08 NAME 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 09 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 33 SIC CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 12 CITY 13 STATE | 14 ZIP CODE 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 08 NAME 09 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 11 SIC CODE 05 CITY 07 ZIP CODE 12 CITY 06 STATE 13 STATE | 14 ZIP CODE III. PREVIOUS OWNER(S) (List most recent first) IV. REALTY OWNER(S) (if applicable; list most recent first) 02 D+B NUMBER 02 D+B NUMBER Erie Land and Improvement Co. 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE **01 NAME** 02 D+B NUMBER 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, stc.) 04 SIC CODE 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #. etc.) 04 SIC CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Preliminary Site Assessment Report, February 1991, E.C. Jordan Co., and references cited therein.

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE 1. IDENTIFICATION **€** EPA SITE INSPECTION REPORT D1 STATE 01 SITE NUMBER PART 8 - OPERATOR INFORMATION D981560774 New York II. CURRENT OPERATOR (Provide if different from owner) OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY (If applicable) 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 10 NAME 11 D+B NUMBER 13 SIC CODE 04 SIC CODE 12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) t DS CITY 106 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 14 CITY 15 STATE | 16 ZIP CODE 08 YEARS OF OPERATION 09 NAME OF OWNER III. PREVIOUS OPERATOR(S) (List most recent first; provide only if PREVIOUS OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANIES (If applicable) different from owner) 02 D+B NUMBER 10 NAME 11 D+B NUMBER G1 NAME City of Buffalo 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 13 SIC CODE City Hall 07 ZIP CODE D5 CITY 06 STATE 14 CITY 15 STATE 16 ZIP CODE Buffalo New York 14240 08 YEARS OF OPERATION 09 NAME OF OWNER City of Buffalo Until 1927 02 D+B NUMBER 10 NAME 11 D+B NUMBER G1 NAME 12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 13 SIC CODE 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE

14 CITY

10 NAME

14 CITY

12 STREET ADORESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)

15 STATE

15 STATE

16 ZIP CODE

11 D+B NUMBER

13 SIC CODE

16 ZIP CODE

IV. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

06 STATE | 07 ZIP CODE

06 STATE | 07 ZIP CODE

09 NAME OF OWNER

09 NAME OF OWNER

Preliminary Site Assessment Report, February 1991, E.C. Jordan Co., and references cited therein.

02 D+B NUMBER

04 SIC CODE

05 CITY

01 NAME

05 CITY

08 YEARS OF OPERATION

08 YEARS OF OPERATION

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, stc.)

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE 1. IDENTIFICATION S EPA SITE INSPECTION REPORT 01 STATE 01 SITE NUMBER PART 9 - GENERATOR/TRANSPORTER INFORMATION New York D981560774 II. ON-SITE GENERATOR 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE O5 CITY 06 STATE | 07 ZIP CODE III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(s) 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 184 SIC CODE 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 104 SIC CODE 05 CITY 106 STATE | 07 ZIP CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, atc.) 04 SIC CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE IV. TRANSPORTER(S) 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 01 NAME 02 D+B NUMBER 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 184 SIC CODE 63 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) 04 SIC CODE 05 CITY 06 STATE 07 ZIP CODE 05 CITY 106 STATE | 07 ZIP CODE

IV. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

106 STATE 07 ZIP CODE

Preliminary Site Assessment Report, February 1991, E.C. Jordan Co., and references cited therein.

02 D+B NUMBER

04 SIC CODE

01 NAME

05 CITY

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)

02 D+B NUMBER

04 SIC CODE

106 STATE 07 ZIP CODE

03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)

01 NAME

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE 1. IDENTIFICATION **Ş** EPA SITE INSPECTION REPORT 01 STATE 01 SITE NUMBER PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES D981560774 New York II. PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES 01 A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY N/A 01 F. WASTE REPACKAGED 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE 04 DESCRIPTION GZ DATE 03 AGENCY 01 _ H. ON SITE BURIAL 04 DESCRIPTION 03 AGENCY 02 DATE 01 I. IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION Q2 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 L. ENCAPSULATION 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 M. EMERGENCY. WASTE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION 03 AGENCY 02 DATE 01 N. CUTOFF WALLS 04 Description 02 DATE _____ 03 AGENCY 01 O. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WATER DIVERSION 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY 01 Q. SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL 04 DESCRIPTION 02 DATE 03 AGENCY EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

Ş EPA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS	WASIE SILE	1.1DENTIFICATION						
9	, Ei	PA SITE INSPECTION I	REPORT	01 STATE	01 SITE NUMBER				
\			ACTIVITIES	New York	D981560774				
11	PAS			1					
			na nate	OZ ACENCY					
 			UZ DATE	U3 AGENUT					
N/A									
		C. CARRING (COVERING	02 0475	07 405 1991					
ł	04	DESCRIPTION	GZ DATE	US AGENUT					
N/A									
 		T BUILD TANDAGE BERAIDED	22 0475	07 405 204					
ł	04	DESCRIPTION	OZ DATE	US AGENUT					
N/A									
		II CROUT CHRIAIN CONCIDUCTED	OZ DATE	07 405 200					
†	04	DESCRIPTION	UZ DATE	US AGENCT					
N/A									
	0.1	V. BOTTOM SEALED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY					
ţ	04	DESCRIPTION							
N/A									
	01	W. GAS CONTROL	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY					
<u> </u>	04	DESCRIPTION							
N/A									
	01	X. FIRE CONTROL	02 DATE	03 AGENCY					
Ī	04	DESCRIPTION		•					
N/A		·							
	01	Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT	G2 DATE	03 AGENCY					
	04	DESCRIPTION							
N/A									
]	01	Z. AREA EVACUATED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY					
		DESCRIPTION							
N/A									
+	01 04	1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED DESCRIPTION	GZ DATE	03 AGENCY					
NI /A	-								
			^^						
ł	01 04	DESCRIPTION RELOCATED .	UZ DATE	03 AGENCY					
l									
1177	01	V 7 OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES	OZ DATE Deia	07 405 104					
1			October						
Drum	s we	re removed from the site sometime prior t	o October 1985. There is n	o information docum	enting this removal action.				
' ' '	S NO	t known who authorized the removat action	and/or where the waste con	itainers were dispos	ed.				
		·							
IV	SOL	RCES OF INFORMATION (Cite appoilie references a c	state files semnie analysis renorm						
 			., atau mee, admyre andrysis, reports	•1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
<u> </u>									
Prel	imin	ary Site As se ssment Report, February 1991	, E.C. Jordan Co., and refe	erences cited therei	n.				

Ş EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

1.1DENTIFICATION

01 STATE New York 01 SITE NUMBER D981560774

II. ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

O1 PAST REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION $\underline{\underline{x}}$ NO

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

No enforcement actions have been taken to date.

Site investigations and environmental sampling were conducted in 1984 and 1988.

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Preliminary Site Assessment Report, February 1991, E.C. Jordan Co., and references cited therein.

APPENDIX C
ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Attachment A Data from E & E site investigation (report date 3/30/84) Table 1: Soil data (all mg/kg)

Total Halogenated Organics (as Lindane) Sample # <u>As</u> <u>Fe</u> <u>Pb</u> <u>Hq</u> S-1. .568 .31 10,300 495 7.21 $\frac{S-11}{S}$.661 .36 15,500 541 1.1 1.04 .568 495 9.32 28,600 S-2° <u>S-12</u>* <u>. 32</u> .550 .02 7,600 .19 .435 .89 9,120 427 S-3 $\frac{5-13^{*}}{5}$ 23,500 . 3 94 38,600 11.9 . 25 .964 904 11,400 12.0 S-41,220 <u>S-14</u> . 49 787 16,300 19.5 14,800 1.37 . 48 15,500 13.4 S-5° <u>s-15</u> . 16 13,800 813 2.25 15.3 .04 529 .179 9,250 16.2 S-6 <u>S-16</u> 7.1 .72 .816 13,000 14.5 .890 1.94 16,400 15,800 14.3 S-7 S-17^{*} 2,24 8.81 .917 12,700 14.2 .49 1,250 .431 28,500 6.45 S-8 21 <u>s-18</u># 11.3 1.06 24.700 13.4 . 36 11,700 2.58 26,300 9.64 S-9° .75 <u>s-19</u> 24.9 .315 41,300 8.72 .07 11,900 .120 7.21 40,400 S-10 S-20 24.9 .315 36 1.96 72,800 .18 10.3 < .080 7.10 17,200 B-1 .19 7.84 9,910 4.80 < .080 B-2.26 136 < .080 19,400 15.4 B-3A< .080 .16 15.1 20,600 14.3 B-4A .06 < .080 10.4 15,800 7.70 B-5A

Table 2: Groundwater data (ug/1)

Total Halogenated Organics (as Lindane) <u>Hq</u> Pb Fе <u>As</u> Sample # .14 3.00 168 91.9 B-3111 .10 41.3 51.5 2.48 715 B-4.039 < .40 63.2 887 21.8 W-1

^{*} Surface soil sample.

[#] Sub-surface soil sample (2 feet).

STIE MERE: ELINIUM-ERILEY TDDN: 02-8708-05 SORELING DATE: 05/25/88 EPA CASE NO.: 9653

LAB NOME: COLUMBIA ANALYTICAL SERVICE

IMDREGATICS Sample ID No. Traffic Report No. Matrix Units	f #	5-1 (MS/MSD) 80401 501t mg/kg	NYMA-S-2(DUP) NBO402 SOIL mg/kg	NYMA-S-3 PROA03 SOIL mg/kg	NYNA-S-4 MB0404 S01L mg/kg	NYMA-S-5 MRO405 SDTL mg/kg	NYSIA-S-7 NRCIA07 SOIL mg/kg	MYSM-RIN-I MED408 SATER Ug/L	11744-TBLK- 1174 1170 1170
Aluminus	1	13600	7720						
Antis eny		•••••	1124	9820	15300	58 30	17100	J	HAR
Arsenië	i	8.8	,	70.6					160
Pari un	1	77.1 E	62.6 E	30.6	13.7	6. 1	8.5	J	MR
Peryttius	i	1	J 65.6 E	185 E	20, 2	45. 2 E	76.8 E	J	MR
Cadej qe		í	,	1.9	1.8	J	1.2		MR
Calcies	•		_	J	1.3				MIR
Chronium	;	55000	R	14409	38100	38600	36200	3	MR
Cobalt		20. 8	16.4	18. 3	38.8	15. t	17.2		NR
Серрич	;	11.6	J	J	1	j	12.4		NR.
Iron	;	44.5	33.5	106	106	30.2	47.7		NATE:
The	1	.SHEET STATE	Marie III	R .	R	9		103	NIII
Magnesium	!	(Shirth	Blands at the Control		149	< >1+28.7	69.3	1	····
Manganese		12700	13400	1540	7880	12400	13400	-	140
Mercury	1	450	376	536	1670	463	543	J	16
Nicket		0.2	1.1	0.35	0. 85	0.29	_	•	
Petassium		33	15. 2	25.4	26.6	19.3	31.2		-
Setenium		2490	1260	1	1450	J	2630	3	
Silver		J	J	5.5	1.5		1	•	NET
Sediam			1	J	J		•		
Thallium		1250	J	1	J	J	1620	J	
Vanadius	!							•	140
lire		26, 4	16.5	27	29.7	12.3	44.8		MR
	1	127 E	131 E	346 E	54 6 E	83.8 E	144 E	· J	MED

NOTES:

Blank space - compound analyzed for but net detected

E - estinated value

J - estimated value, compound present below CROL but above IN.

R - analysis did not pass EPA DR/DC

MR - analysis not required

ı	an vitoritia			- marco - 2					
	Sample ID W.	1							
	Traffic Report No.		MSZMSD) NINA S ZONO	I NOWA SIZE	NYHA S 4	NYWA 5 5			
	Mitrix	I RITAS	9 (81150	P115)	B1152	B1153	NYMA (;)	WHY BIN !	THAT HAD
	Units	1 300	2011	5011	5011	50B	RT155	PLIZE	B1157
	Dilution faiter	l uq∕kg	- un/kg	ng/kg	ոգ/հգ	.srrp սգ /եր	30.0	MULLE	HILLER
	Percent Mourture	1.00	2.00	2.00	1,00	1.00	"q / F q	uq/l	ug/L
	* **	.1 13	10	(3)	17	7	1,00	1.00	1.00
	Pentant Longhered						1.3		N/Q
	Phenanthy pre								
	1 Anthraceop		650 2100	,4.00	(1000	1			NR
	Di nchitviphtnatate	,	.1	i	4.10 🗸		530		NR
	1 Fluorarthern	1			• •				NR
	1 Pyrana		0001 1800	2700	2400	360	J		NR
	Putyther-yliminalate	!	880 1900	2300	2300	JNU ,	900		NR
	3.31 Dichloroperzidine	! .			1	,	840		MR
`	Renzolatanthracene				•				NR
,	Chevepte	' ;	500 1100	1400	1400	,			NR
	bist2-fthylheryllphthalale	' ;	710 1300	1600	1700		450		NR
	Dismortylihihalate	1 7	700	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7710	•	710		NR
j	Portrothif liver arthern	l j					1000	15	NR
	Benzo (k) f June arithere	1 6	40 J	i	1600		J		MR
J	Renzo Cat pyrone	1		i	16041	'.	650		N#
,	Indenati, 2, 3 cdipyrere	5	i60 P40) (HOV)	1400	!	1		RM
•	Dibenzia, hianthracene	J	1000 £	1100 f	640	J	530-1		NR
7	Renzola, h, i liperylene	1	1		p.4(1	,j	J		MR
•	and the state of t	J	3	j	490		1		MR

MITES:

Blank space compound analyzed for but not detected

- B compound found in lab blank as well as sample, indicates possible/probable blank contamination.
- f estimated value
- .F estimated value, compound present below CRIR but above IDE
- R analysis did not pass EPA DA/DC
- N. Presunctive evidence of the presurce of a compound, but can't be identified
- NR analysis not enquired

Detection limits elevated of Dilution

Factor 11 and/or percent moisture 10x

				- T			بحب			
Serie via Office		1								
Sample IN No.		INYWA S 1 (MS/MS)	DE NYRA S JEDIERO	No. 44 5 3	NYMA G 4	NYW4 51.5	10 HA 5 7	WHE BIN	1 N1M4 1 4 4	
Fraffix Regreet No.		I PT149	PT:50	PU51	RELSO	PF153	PU155	₽11 %	PF15.7	
Matrix		5011	5011	5011	201L	50.11	5011	MOTER	MOTER	
lhit*		l uq/kg	ագ/իգ	սդ/4դ	ագ/իզ	սգ/հզ	սգ/⊩դ	սգ/Լ	սդ/Լ	
Dilution Factor		1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1,00	1.00	1.00	
Percent Moseture		1 13	10	20	17	7	13		N/A	
		l								
Cherc-L	-	l		J					MR	
his/2 Chloroethyllether		l į							NR	
S-Chliscophered		ı							NR .	
1,3-Dichlorahenzene		I			•			•	MR	·
1,4-Dachtorobenzene		1							NR	
Penzyl alcohol		ı							MR	
1,2-Dichtorobenzeue		l							NR	
2 Methy Inherol		l							N/R	
hts (2 ThlorossopropyHether		ı							MR	,
4 Methylpherol		1							HH	
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine		1							RM	
Hexachteresthane		1							MR	
Hitrobenzenn		l							NR	
Isophorcie		ı							NR	
2-Mitropheral		l							MR	
2,4-Dimetry)phenol		l							NR	
Renatur and		l							RM	
bist2-Chloroethrayteethane		l							MR	
P, 4-Bichtoropherol		l							MR	
1,2,4 Trichternbenzere		l							NA	
Naphthatene		1 1	J	1	1)	J	R	MR	
4-Chloroanitine		i R			R	R	R		MR	
Hexachtorobutadzene		l		R					MA	
4-Chinco-3-Methylpherol		1							MA	
2 Nothytnaphthafene		l j	ı	J	4.30	J	1		MR	
flexach Loronvo topent advene	1	ı	R						MR	
2,4,6-frichtorophenol		1							NR	
2,4,5-frichlorophenol		1							MR	
2-Chloronaphthalene	1	1							NR	
2-Mitmaniline	1	1							NR	
Bisethylphthalate	1)							MR	-
Acenaphthy Tene	1	ı j	J	J	J		J		NR	
2,6-Dinitrotolarno	1	1							MR	
3-Mitroaniline	1	1							MR	
Arenaristhene	1	J	J	3	J		J		MR	
2,4-Airitrophenol	1	l							MR	
4-Netrophenn)	1	l							MR	
Bibenzofuran)	J	J	J		J		MR	
2,4-Dinitrototurne		l							MR	
Diethylphthalate .		1							NR	
4-Chinrophenyi-phenyi ether	1	1							KR	,
Fluorene	1	l	J	J	J				MR	
4-Mitroansisne	1	I P			A	R	R	R	MR	
4,6-Binitro-2-methylpherol	1	Į							NR	
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	1	1							NOR	
4 Broumphenys-phenyl ether	1	1							Mil	
Hexach Locobenzere	!	1							MR	

Sample ID No.		C 1							
Traffar Report No.	1		MM4 5 2(00)		NYM4 5 4	MMM 5 1	NYV4 ()	NYWA RIN	I NYWA TRIK
Matrix	i	81149 5011	81150	PUSI	R1152	B7153	RF 155	PT156	PT157
Hnits	i	uq/kg	2011	5011	2011	5011	5011	MOTER	MOTER
Dilution Factor		1.00	ug/⊁q • oo	uq/Lq	սգ/հգ	uq/kg	41q / F q	ug/l	սը/I
Percent Moisture	i	15	1, 00 8	1.00 22	1.00 15	1.00 6	1,00	10.0	50.0
(Princept hare	1						13		-
Promomethane									
Viryl Chloride	. !								
Morcethare	!								
Methylene Chloride	!								
Acetore		_							
Carbon Disutflide		A	R	R	A	R		2000	P
1, 1-Birhloncathere									
I, I-Dichtorogthame									
Trans-1,2 Dichloroethene (total)	,								
Diloroform									
1. 2-Birthforoethane	'		•						
2-Butarian									
1, 1, 1 Truckforcethane	,							R	1
Carton Intrachloride	· ·								
Vinvt Orelate	;	R	_						
Promoduchinomethiane	i	-	R	R	R	R			
1,2-Pirhlorogropane	i								
cis-1,3 Dichlomopropere	i								
Irichteroptherop	i								
Dithrouse hitoroaethare	i								
1,1,2-frichtoroethane	i								
Benter e	i								
trans-1,3-Dichtscopropene	i								
Bronoform	1								
4-Methyt-2-Peritanone	1								
2-Hexanne	1								
Tetrachlorcethere	1								
Totuere	1								
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1								J
Chirchestene	1								
Ethylbenzene	t					24			
Styrere	1								
Tylenes itritati									
						17			
MOTES:									

MITTES:

Blank space - compound analyzed for but not detected

- B compound found in lab blank as well as sarole, indicates possible/probable blank contamination
- E estimated value
- J petiwated value, rompound present below CROR but above EDL
- A analysis did not pass Erg DQ/DC
- N Presumptive evidence of the presence of a compound, but can't be identified
- MR analysis not required

Detection limits elevated if Dilution

Sample ID No.	THYM-S-THIS/ISD	MW -9-2 (NID)	MW 5]					
Traffic Report No. Mutrix	1 87149	#1150	#1#4 5 J	MTH4 5 4	MW 5 5	MYLM-5-1	NYMA RIN	E MYNA TREK
	1 5 01L	90 IL	90JE	8T152	81127	11155	81136	#1157
thits	I ug/kg	ug/kg	աց/հղ	9011	9011	3011	MATER	MATER
Bilution Factor	1 10.0	10.0	1.00	ug/kg	ug/kg	ad ip d	ug/l	⊍q /1
Percent Roisture	1 15	10	PO	1.00 17	0. 2 0 7	0. 10 13	1.00	1.00
elpha BHC				*****	·			N/A
beta-BHC								MR
delta-mec								PET
pame-DE (Lindare)	1							
Heptachlor								-
Aldrin	1							100
Heptachlor epoxide	!							HAR Mar
Endosulfan 1	:							MAG
Dieldrin								MER.
4, 4' -DDE								ME)
Endrin								
Endosulfan II								. MER
4, 41 -000								NAT
Endosulfan sulfate								Mf
4,4'-001								haft
Methoxych Lor								MET.
Endrin hetone	!							
alpha-Chlordane	, 1							
gama-Chlordane	1							
Toxaphene								MR
Araclar-1016								neft
Aroclor-(88)	•							MR
Aroclar-1232								Mark
Proclor-1242	,							ME
Aroctor-1248	, 1							HAT .
Aractor-1254								HE
roctor-1260								148

Blank space - compound analyzed for but nut detected

- B compound found in lab blank as well as sample, indicates possible/probable blank contamination
- E estimated value
- J estimated value, compound present below CNOL but above IDL
- # analysis did not pass EPR GR/GC
- N Presumptive evidence of the presence of a compound, but can't be identified
- MR analysis not required

Detection limits elevated if Dilution

Factor)1 and/or percent moisture 10s