APPENDIX B

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN FOR CORRECTIVE MEASURES IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAM PARTS AND REPAIR SERVICE CENTER GENERAL ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL, INC. TONAWANDA, NEW YORK

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

| ASP | Analytical Services Protocol |
|--------------|---|
| °C | degree centigrade |
| CLP | Contract Laboratory Program |
| CMI | Corrective Measure Implementation |
| COC | chain of custody |
| DER | Division of Environmental Remediation |
| DUSR | Data Usability Summary Report |
| EDD | electronic data deliverable |
| ELAP | Environmental Laboratory Approval Program |
| FSP | Field Sampling Plan |
| FD | field duplicate |
| IDL | instrument detection limit |
| ITR | independent technical review |
| LCS | laboratory control sample |
| LCSD | laboratory control sample duplicate |
| MD | matrix duplicate |
| MDL | method detection limit |
| mg/L | milligrams per liter |
| mg/kg | milligrams per kilograms |
| MS | matrix spike |
| MSB | matrix spike blank |
| MSD | matrix spike duplicate |
| NEIC | National Enforcement Investigations Center |
| NIST | National Institute of Standards and Technology |
| NYSDEC | New York State Department of Environmental Conservation |
| NYSDOH | New York State Department of Health |
| PCB | polychlorinated biphenyl |
| ppm | parts per million |
| PMWP | Project Management Work Plan |
| PQO | Project Quality Objective |
| QA | Quality Assurance |
| QAPP | Quality Assurance Project Plan |
| QC | Quality Control |
| RCRA | Resource Conservation Recovery Act |
| RPD | relative percent difference |
| SVOC | semivolatile Organic Compounds |
| TA | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc. |
| TCLP | toxicity characteristic leaching procedure |
| µg/kg | micrograms per kilograms |
| μg/L LIDC | micrograms per liter |
| URS | URS Corporation New York |
| USEPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| VOC | volatile organic compounds |
| VTSR | validated time of sample receipt |

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) has been prepared by URS Corporation New York (URS) for the General Electric International, Inc. (GE) Parts and Repair Service Center located at 175 Milens Road, Tonawanda, New York.

This QAPP provides an overview of quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures to be implemented during field and laboratory activities in support of the Corrective Measure Implementation (CMI) program that focuses on the excavation and removal of contaminated surface and subsurface soil, asphalt, and concrete. Site-specific sampling plans have not yet been prepared, so this QAPP has been prepared to incorporate the range of analyses and media types that may be sampled during the CMI program.

2.0 PROJECT/SITE DESCRIPTION

The GE Parts and Repair Service Center is at 175 Milens Road, Tonawanda, New York. GE has operated the service center since the late 1960s (see Figure 1 – Site Plan). The property comprises approximately 5.8 acres.

A Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Assessment, a RCRA Facility Investigation, and several supplemental investigations have been performed at the site since 1988. These investigations documented the presence of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and volatile organic compound (VOCs) contaminants in soil on the site. PCB impacts in soil are widespread along the eastern and southern sides of the shop building, and are within the concrete building slab. VOC impacts are limited to the vicinity of the former rinse tank excavation pit. The extent of impacts to site soil and groundwater has been limited by the clay underlying the site. Impacts are generally shallow, except in locations of fill, such as pipe bedding material and the filled pit that formerly held a rinse tank. Portions of the onsite storm and sanitary sewer systems have been impacted by PCBs. Offsite storm sewers have also been impacted by PCBs at significantly lower concentrations.

The facility recently received a permit from NYSDEC for CMI. The areas at and near the site where the permit requires corrective measures include:

- Former rinse water tank excavation
- Old oil/water separator
- Floor drains
- Sewers (storm and sanitary)
- Rail spur
- Truck bay
- Depressed dock
- Transportation corridor
- Two Mile Creek (work in this area is not included in the this QAPP)

The scope of the CMI program will include:

• Pre-design investigations of conditions at the site. These investigations will include collection of surface and subsurface soil samples. The investigations

may also include groundwater sampling, collection of chip and core samples of asphalt and concrete, and collection of water and sediment samples from the sewer systems.

- Completion of design for the corrective measures at the site.
- Removal and off-site disposal of surface soil, asphalt, and concrete structures.
- Excavation and off-site disposal of subsurface soil.
- Collection of waste characterization samples and confirmatory samples from excavations.
- Dewatering and management (treatment or off-site disposal) of impacted perched groundwater.
- Replacement or cleaning and lining of subsurface sewer lines.
- Backfilling excavations.
- Restoring asphalt and concrete structures.
- Installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells.
- Long-term monitoring, maintenance, and repair of surface coverings.

3.0 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The following describes key URS personnel and their responsibilities for this CMI (see Figure 2 – Organizational Chart). Resumes of key individuals identified are included in Attachment A – Resumes of Key Personnel.

3.1 <u>Project Manager</u>

The URS Project Manager for this program will be responsible for technical and financial management of the project, and for overall coordination and review of component work activities. The URS Project Manager will serve as the initial and primary contact with NYSDEC throughout the project, and will be responsible for successful implementation of the project's QA/QC activities. The URS Project Manager may delegate a portion of the tasks required for successful implementation of the project to a qualified individual, the Site Manager, who will be on site during field activities (i.e., investigations, remedial action, O&M activities, etc.). The Site Manager will work under the direction of the URS Project Manager, and will be responsible for implementing applicable QC procedures in the field and verifying that all other URS field personnel adhere to these procedures and perform all activities as described in the project work plans.

3.2 <u>Project Chemist</u>

The URS Project Chemist is responsible for verifying that the analytical laboratory adhere to the QA/QC requirements specified in this QAPP. URS Project Chemist will be the point of contact for the Laboratory's Project Manager, and will personally communicate with the Laboratory's Project Manager to verify that all sample analyses are being performed such that the resulting data will be of sufficient quality for its intended purpose.

The laboratory providing analytical testing services to URS in support of this CMI program is TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc. (TA) located in Amherst, New York, which is New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) certified for all analyses to be performed. Copies of the applicable ELAP certifications for to be used during this CMI program are provided in Attachment B – Copies of Laboratory NYSDOH ELAP Certifications. TA maintains its own QA/QC program and employs the required staff to implement this program. The QA Officer for TA is responsible for verifying that all sample analyses are performed in accordance the analytical methods, laboratory QA/QC procedures, and QAPP.

3.3 Independent Technical Reviewer

All work of a substantive nature or identified as a deliverable will undergo an independent technical review (ITR) by experienced and qualified personnel. The Project Manager is responsible for identifying and selecting reviewers that are independent from the actual work or decision making on the tasks or activities being reviewed and who possess technical qualifications sufficient for conducting an in depth review. A written record of the review and resolution of the review findings will be maintained in the project files.

The ITR is used as a management tool to assess:

- Compliance with referenced standards;
- The potential for erroneous assumptions, data, calculations, methods, or conclusions;
- Compliance with the standard of professional practice;
- The basis of and compliance with input and design requirements, design criteria, and design calculations;
- That the appropriate detail/or and calculation checks (i.e., QC) and internal project team reviews have been performed;
- The soundness of the technical approach and results; and,
- That the work was completed in compliance with the requirements of the Work Assignment.

4.0 **PROJECT QUALITY OBJECTIVES**

4.1 <u>Background</u>

Project quality objectives (PQOs), such as those described in the *Uniform Federal Policy for Quality Assurance Project Plans* (USEPA, 2005), define the type, quantity, and quality of data that are needed to answer specific environmental questions and support proper environmental decisions. More specifically, the PQOs:

- Define the environmental problem;
- Identify target analytes/contaminants of concern and concentration levels;
- Establish the analytical techniques to be used (field-screening, on-site, and/or off-site);
- Establish the appropriate sampling techniques to be used;
- Establish project sampling/analytical measurement performance criteria (where applicable) for precision, accuracy/bias, representativeness, comparability, completeness, and sensitivity; and
- Determine the number of samples needed for each analytical group/matrix/concentration level.

PQOs for this CMI program are divided into four phases. A project-specific sampling plans has not yet been prepared, therefore this QAPP includes the range of sample types and analyses that may or may not be undertaken. The CMI program may include:

Phase I – Design Investigation and Planning:

- Collection of surface and subsurface soil samples to determine the extent of PCB contamination;
- Collection of perched groundwater to characterize the water to determine how it will be managed during remediation;
- Collect concrete chip and core samples from depressed loading dock ramp to determine if impacted by PCB contamination;
- Collection of samples from railroad structures (ties, aggregate, wipes from rails) to determine if impacted by PCBs and waste management during remediation; and
- Gauging the thickness and collecting samples of wastewater and sediment in storm, sanitary, or other water collection structures (drains).

Phase II – Remediation:

- Collection of soil, sludge, wastewater, decontamination water, asphalt, concrete, and/or other debris samples for waste characterization;
- Collection of post-excavation samples to confirm sufficient soil removed;
- Collection of treated wastewater samples for discharge, if applicable; and
- Adequate removal of soil where boundaries have been defined.

Phase III – Restoration:

- Collection of clean backfill samples for unrestricted use in accordance with NYSDEC Division of Environmental Remediation (DER) Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (DER-10);
- Replacement, cleaning, and/or lining of subsurface sewer lines;
- Backfilling excavations; and
- Restoring asphalt and concrete structures.

Phase IV – Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring (5 Years)

• Installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells.

A summary of the samples that may be collected and the analytical parameters for each phase is presented in Table 1. The proposed media to be sampled and analyses will be presented in projectspecific work plans.

4.2 <u>Project Quality Objectives For Chemical Data Measurement</u>

The data quality indicators of precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, completeness, and sensitivity (PARCCS) will be measured (when applicable) from data collected from chemical analyses of samples collected during this CMI program.

4.2.1 Precision

Precision examines the distribution of the reported values about their mean. The distribution of reported values refers to how different the individual reported values are from the average reported value. Precision may be affected by the natural variation of the matrix or contamination within that matrix, as well as by errors made in the field and/or laboratory handling procedures. Precision is evaluated using analyses of matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate/matrix duplicate (MS/MSD/MD) and

field duplicate (FD) samples. These provide a measure not only of sampling and analytical precision, but also of analytical precision based on the reproducibility of the analytical results. Relative percent difference (RPD) is used to evaluate precision. RPD criteria for all analyses being performed as part of this CMI program is presented in Tables 2a and 2b.

4.2.2 Accuracy

Accuracy measures the analytical bias of a measurement system. Sources of measurement error may include the sampling process, field contamination, sample preservation and handling, sample matrix, and sample preparation and analysis techniques. Sampling accuracy may be assessed by evaluating the results of equipment rinsate blanks and trip blanks. These data help to assess the potential contamination contribution from various outside sources.

The laboratory objective for accuracy is to equal or exceed the accuracy demonstrated for the applied analytical methods on samples of the same matrix. Accuracy can be estimated based on the recovery of spiked analytes in the MS/MSD and laboratory control samples (LCS) [or matrix spike blanks (MSB)]. MS/MSD analyses, which will give an indication of matrix effects that may be affecting target compound identification and quantitation, are also a good gauge of method efficiency. Accuracy criteria for all analyses being performed as part of this CMI program is presented in Tables 2a and 2b.

4.2.3 <u>Representativeness</u>

Representativeness expresses the degree to which the sample data accurately and precisely represent the characteristics of a population of samples, parameter variations at a sampling point, or environmental conditions. Representativeness is a qualitative parameter that is most concerned with the proper design of the sampling program or subsampling of a given sample. Objectives for representativeness are defined for sampling and analysis tasks and are a function of the investigation objectives. The sampling procedures, which will be described in either the project Field Sampling Plan (FSP) or project work plans, will be selected with the goal of obtaining representative samples for the media of concern.

4.2.4 <u>Comparability</u>

Comparability is a qualitative parameter expressing the confidence with which one data set can be compared with another. An objective for this program is to produce data with the greatest possible degree of comparability. This goal is achieved through using standard techniques to collect and analyze representative samples, and reporting analytical results in appropriate units. Complete field documentation using standardized data collection forms will support the assessment of comparability. Comparability is limited by the other parameters (e.g., precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and sensitivity) because only when precision and accuracy are known can data sets be compared with confidence. For data sets to be comparable, it is imperative that the analytical methods and procedures be explicitly followed.

4.2.5 <u>Completeness</u>

Completeness is defined as a measure of the amount of valid data obtainable from a measurement system compared to the amount that were expected to be obtained under normal conditions. To meet project needs, it is important that appropriate QC procedures be maintained to verify that valid data are obtained. The completeness goal for data collected as part of this CMI program is 90%. If this goal is not met, then NYSDEC and URS project personnel will determine what, if any, further actions need to be taken.

4.2.6 <u>Sensitivity</u>

Sensitivity, as it pertains to analytical methods/instrumentation, is defined as the lowest concentration that can be distinguished from background noise. Sensitivity is measured by method detection limit (MDL) determinations, which are performed by laboratories for each analyte and matrix following procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 136, Appendix B. The MDL is the minimum concentration of an analyte that can be measured and reported with 99 percent confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero. Instrument detection limits (IDLs) are similar to MDLs although the analytical procedures used for IDL determinations do not include the preparation/extraction procedures that are used for MDL determinations and environmental sample analyses. Therefore, IDLs provide a measure of sensitivity under ideal conditions, and do not take

into account effects of sample matrix and/or other factors that may affect sensitivity. MDLs (and/or IDLs) for the parameters to be analyzed as part of the work assignment are presented in Tables 2a and 2b.

5.0 SAMPLING LOCATIONS AND PROCEDURES

Proposed sampling locations and sampling procedures will be provided in either project work plans or a site-specific Field Sampling Plan.

6.0 SAMPLE CUSTODY AND HOLDING TIMES

Proper documentation of sample collection and the methods used to control these documents are referred to as chain-of-custody (COC) procedures. Chain-of-custody procedures are essential for presenting sample analytical results as evidence in litigation or at administrative hearings held by regulatory agencies. Chain-of-custody procedures also serve to minimize loss or misidentification of samples and to ensure that unauthorized persons do not tamper with collected samples.

The procedures used in this work assignment will follow the COC guidelines of National Enforcement Investigations Center (NEIC) Policies and Procedures, prepared by the NEIC of the USEPA Office of Enforcement.

6.1 <u>Custody Definitions</u>

- <u>Chain-of-Custody Officer</u> The employee responsible for oversight of all COC activities is the Site Manager (or his/her designee).
- <u>Under Custody</u> A sample is "Under Custody" if:
 - It is in one's possession, or
 - It is in one's view, after being in one's possession, or
 - It was in one's possession and one placed it under lock, or
 - It is in a designated secure area.

6.2 <u>Responsibilities</u>

The Site Manager will be responsible for monitoring all COC activities and for collecting legally admissible COC documentation for the permanent project file, and will perform to following tasks:

• Review sample labels or tags, closure tapes, and COC records.

- Train all field sampling personnel in the methodologies for carrying out COC activities and the proper use of all COC and record documents.
- Monitor the implementation of COC procedures.
- Submit copies of the completed COC records to the Project Chemist.

6.3 <u>Chain-of-Custody</u>

Chain-of-custody is initiated in the laboratory when the empty sample containers are shipped for use in the field. When the empty containers are received from the laboratory, they will be checked for any breach of custody including, but not limited to, incomplete COC records, broken COC seals, or any evidence of tampering. Filled sample containers will be returned to the laboratory using appropriate COC procedures. Upon receipt of the samples, the laboratory sample custodian will check for any breach of custody. The Laboratory Project Manager shall notify the URS Project Chemist immediately if there are any problems with the COC documentation. Examples of COC records are provided in Attachment C.

6.4 Sample Containers and Holding Times

Sample container and preservation requirements and analytical holding times for the analytical methods being used for this CMI program presented in Table 3. All holding times begin with the validated time of sample receipt (VTSR) at the laboratory.

7.0 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

The specific analytical methods to be used for the analysis of samples collected during this CMI program, and the quality control criteria to be followed by the laboratory when performing the analyses, are presented in Tables 1, 2a, and 2b. The analytical methods and procedures to be used on samples are provided in the NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP), July 2005 (or must current) document.

8.0 CALIBRATION PROCEDURES AND FREQUENCY

In order to obtain a high level of precision and accuracy during sample processing and analysis procedures, laboratory and field instruments must be calibrated properly. Several analytical support areas must be considered so the integrity of standards and reagents is upheld prior to instrument calibration. The following sections describe the analytical support areas and laboratory instrument calibration procedures.

8.1 <u>Analytical Support Areas</u>

Prior to generating quality data, several analytical support areas must be considered:

<u>Standard/Reagent Preparation</u> - Primary reference standards and secondary standard solutions shall be obtained from sources traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology, or other reliable commercial sources to ensure the highest purity possible. The preparation and maintenance of standards and reagents will be accomplished as per the referenced methods referenced. All standards and standard solutions are to be formally documented (i.e., in a bound logbook) and should identify the supplier, lot number, purity/concentration, receipt/preparation date, preparer's name, method of preparation, expiration date, and any other pertinent information. All standard solutions shall be validated prior to use. Care shall be exercised in the proper storage and handling of standard solutions (e.g., separating volatile standards from nonvolatile standards). The laboratory shall continually monitor the quality of the standards and reagents through well-documented procedures.

<u>Balances</u> - The analytical balances shall be calibrated and maintained in accordance with manufacture specifications. Calibration is conducted with two American Society of Testing Materials Class 1 weights that bracket the expected balance use range. The laboratory shall check the accuracy of the balances daily and properly document results in permanently bound logbooks.

<u>Refrigerators/Freezers</u> - The temperature of the refrigerators and freezers within the laboratory shall be monitored and recorded daily. This will verify that the quality of the standards

and reagents is not compromised and the integrity of the analytical samples is upheld. Appropriate acceptance ranges (e.g., $4^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ for refrigerators) shall be clearly posted on each unit in service.

<u>Water Supply System</u> – The laboratory performing water/solid/waste sample analyses must maintain a sufficient supply of analyte-free water for all project needs. The grade of the water must be of the highest quality in order to eliminate false-positives from the analytical results. Ultraviolet cartridges or carbon absorption treatments are recommended for organic analyses, and ion-exchange treatment is recommended for inorganic tests. Appropriate documentation of the quality of the water supply system(s) will be performed on a regular basis by the laboratory.

<u>Sample Containers</u> - All sample containers supplied by the laboratory shall meet the requirements of the analytical methods being used and/or the requirements specified in the NYSDEC ASP July 2005 (or most current), whichever is more stringent. Pre-cleaned sample containers may be purchased by the laboratory and provided for sample collection as long as the containers meet the requirements of each analytical method and/or the NYSDEC ASP (most current), whichever is more stringent. Documentation of sample container cleaning procedures and/or certifications provided by vendors shall be maintained by the laboratory.

8.2 <u>Laboratory Instruments</u>

Calibration of laboratory instruments is required to verify that the analytical system is operating properly and at the sensitivity necessary to meet the project-required quantitation limits for each analytical method. Each instrument for organic analysis shall be calibrated with standards appropriate to the type of instrument and linear range established within the analytical method(s) and/or any additional requirements identified in this QAPP. Calibration of laboratory instruments will be performed according to the analytical methods required for this CMI program, as presented in Table 1.

Calibration of an instrument must be performed prior to the analysis of any samples (initial calibration) and then at periodic intervals (continuing calibration) during the sample analysis to verify that the instrument is still properly calibrated. If the contract laboratory cannot meet the method-required calibration requirements, corrective action shall be taken as discussed in Section 11.0. All

corrective action procedures taken by the contract laboratory are to be documented, summarized within the report case narrative, and submitted with the analytical results.

8.3 Field Instruments

Various types of portable instruments may be used in the field during this CMI program, which may include one or more of the following: multi-purpose meters capable of measuring pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, oxidation/reduction (redox) potential, and/or temperature; photoionization detectors and/or flame ionization detectors used to monitor organic vapors; dust monitors to measure concentrations of particulates; multi-gas meters and analyte-specific devices (e.g. Drager tubes/chips) for health and safety purposes; and helium detectors used for leak-checking during soil vapor sample collection. Other instruments may also be used as needed based on the requirements of the work assignment. The instruments expected to be used in the field during this CMI program will be identified in either the site-specific FSP or project work plans. All calibration and maintenance of field instrumentation shall be performed according the manufacturer's requirements or as otherwise indicated in the project plans, and shall be documented by the Site Manager.

9.0 INTERNAL QUALITY CONTROL CHECKS

Internal QC checks are used to determine if analytical operations at the laboratory are in control, as well as determining the effect that sample matrix may have on data being generated. Two types of internal checks are performed - batch QC and matrix-specific QC procedures. The type and frequency of specific QC samples performed by the laboratory will be determined by the analytical methods. Acceptable criteria and/or target ranges for these QC samples are also identified in Tables 2a and 2b.

QC results that vary from acceptable ranges shall result in the implementation of appropriate corrective measures, potential application of qualifiers to the analytical data, and/or an assessment of the impact these corrective measures have on the established data quality objectives. Quality control samples, including any project-specific QC samples, will be analyzed as discussed below.

9.1 Batch QC

<u>Method Blanks</u> - A method blank is defined as laboratory demonstrated analyte-free water or solid that is carried through the entire analytical procedure. The method blank is used to determine the level of laboratory background contamination. Method blanks are analyzed at a frequency of one per analytical batch or as required by the analytical methods. Concentrations of all analytes in the method blanks should be below the quantitation limits identified in Tables 2a and 2b. The Laboratory Project Manager shall contact the URS Project Chemist to determine the appropriate course of action if analyte concentrations in any blank are greater than the quantitation limit.

<u>Laboratory Control Samples (or Matrix Spike Blanks)</u> – An LCS (or MSB), is an aliquot of laboratory demonstrated analyte-free water or solid air spiked (fortified) with all, or a representative group, of the analytes being analyzed. The LCS (or MSB) recoveries and RPD are a measure of precision and accuracy that are used to verify that the analysis being performed is in control. LCS (or MSB) analyses shall be performed for each matrix as required by the methods. Acceptance criteria for LCS (or MSB) analyses are also specified in Tables 2a and 2b.

9.2 <u>Matrix-Specific QC</u>

<u>Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Samples</u> – MS/MSD samples consist of an aliquot of a sample that is spiked (fortified) with known concentrations of specific compounds as stipulated by the methodology. The MS/MSD samples are subjected to the entire analytical procedure in order to assess both accuracy and precision of the method for the matrix by measuring the percent recovery (%R) for each analyte and the RPD between the concentrations of each analyte in the two spiked samples. The samples are used to assess matrix interference effects on the method, as well as to evaluate instrument performance. MS/MSD samples will be analyzed at a required frequency of 1 per 20 samples. MS/MSD samples are not required for waste characterization samples. Acceptance criteria for MS/MSD analyses are also specified in Tables 2a and 2b.

<u>Matrix Duplicates (MD)</u> - The MD is a second aliquot of a sample that is prepared and analyzed in a manner identical to that used for the parent sample. Collection of MD samples provides for the evaluation of precision both in the field and at the laboratory by comparing the analytical results of two samples taken from the same location. A MD may be performed instead of the MSD. Every effort will be made to obtain replicate samples; however, due to interferences, lack of homogeneity, and the nature of soil samples, the analytical results are not always reproducible.

9.3 Additional QC

Additional QC samples that may be collected as part of this CMI program are described in this section. The anticipated number and type of QC samples to be collected are identified in Table 1. In the event that the actual number of samples varies from the estimated quantity, the number of QC samples collected will be adjusted based on the frequency of collection specified in this QAPP.

<u>Equipment/Rinsate Blanks</u> – An equipment or rinsate blank is used to indicate potential contamination from sample instruments used to collect and transfer samples. When collecting solid or water samples, the equipment blank is a sample of laboratory demonstrated analyte-free water passed over and/or through cleaned sampling equipment. The water must originate from one common source within the laboratory and must be the same water used by the laboratory when performing the analyses (i.e., for method blanks). Equipment blanks should be collected, transported,

and analyzed in the same manner as the samples acquired that day. Equipment blanks typically are not required when using dedicated and/or disposable sampling equipment. Equipment blank samples will be collected at a frequency of one equipment blank per sampling event per type of equipment.

<u>Trip Blanks</u> - Trip blanks are only required when collecting aqueous samples for volatile organics. They are not required for waste characterization samples. Trip blanks are not required for non-aqueous matrices or for analysis of any other parameters. They consist of a set of sample bottles filled at the laboratory with laboratory demonstrated analyte-free water. Trip blanks accompany the empty sample containers that are shipped from the laboratory into the field, and then back to the laboratory along with the collected samples for analysis. Trip blank are required at the rate of one per each cooler containing aqueous volatile organic. These bottles are never opened in the field. Trip blanks must return to the laboratory with the same set of containers they accompanied to the field.

<u>Field Duplicates</u> – A field duplicate (FD) sample pair consists of two independent samples that are collected at approximately the same time and place, using the same collection methods. Field duplicate samples are not required for waste characterization samples. Both are containerized, handled, and analyzed in an identical manner. Field duplicates are useful in documenting the precision of the sampling process, and also provide a measure of analysis precision. Duplicate samples will be collected at a required frequency of 1 per 20 samples. Field duplicates are typically labeled so that the laboratory cannot determine or identify the location from which the field duplicate was collected.

10.0 CALCULATION OF DATA QUALITY INDICATORS

10.1 Precision

Precision is evaluated using results from field or matrix duplicate, MS/MSD, and/or LCS/LCSD (MSB/MSBD) analyses. The RPD between the concentrations detected in the abovelisted sample pairs is calculated using the following formula:

$$RPD = \left| \frac{(X_1 - X_2)}{\left[(X_1 + X_2) / 2 \right]} \right| x \ 100\%$$

where:

 X_1 = Measured value of sample, MS, or LCS (MSB)

 X_2 = Measured value of field (or matrix) duplicate, MSD, or LCSD (MSBD)

RPD criteria for this CMI program are specified in Tables 2a and 2b.

10.2 Accuracy

Accuracy is defined as the degree of difference between the measured or calculated value and the true value. Analytical accuracy is expressed as the percent recovery (%R) of a compound or analyte that has been added to the environmental sample or laboratory demonstrated analyte-free matrix at known concentrations before analysis. Accuracy will be determined from MS, MSD, LCS (MSB) samples as well as from surrogate compounds that are added to samples prior to extraction and analysis (typically used for organic fractions only). Accuracy is calculated using the following formula:

$$\% R = \frac{(X_s - X_u)}{K} \times 100\%$$

where:

- X_s Measured value of the spike sample
- X_u Measured value of the unspiked sample
- *K Known amount of spike in the sample*

Accuracy criteria for this CMI program are specified in Tables 2a and 2b.

10.3 <u>Completeness</u>

Completeness is calculated on a per matrix basis for the project and is calculated as follows:

% Completeness =
$$\frac{(N - X_n)}{N} \times 100\%$$

where:

N - Number of valid measurements expected to be obtained

 X_n - Number of invalid measurements

11.0 CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

The Site Manager will discuss with and receive approval from the URS Project Manager or NYSDEC prior to taking any corrective actions in the field that may need to be implemented in order to meet project objectives. The Site Manager will document any corrective actions taken in the Field Log Book.

Laboratory corrective actions shall be implemented to resolve problems and restore proper functioning to the analytical system when errors, deficiencies, or out-of-control situations exist at the laboratory. Full documentation of the corrective action procedure needed to resolve the problem shall be filed in the project records, and the information summarized in the case narrative. A discussion of the corrective actions to be taken is presented in the following sections.

11.1 Incoming Samples

The laboratory shall document problems noted during sample receipt. The Laboratory Project Manager will contact the URS Project Chemist as soon as possible if any problems are encountered. All corrective actions shall be documented thoroughly.

11.2 <u>Sample Holding Times</u>

If any sample extractions and/or analyses exceed method holding time requirements, the Laboratory Project Manager will contact the URS Project Chemist immediately for problem resolution. All corrective actions shall be documented thoroughly. Holding times for each analytical method and matrix are presented on Table 3.

11.3 Instrument Calibration

Sample analysis shall not be allowed until all laboratory instrumentation is properly calibrated in accordance with method requirements. If any initial/continuing calibration standards

fail to meet the required criteria, recalibration must be performed and, if necessary, all samples going back to the previous acceptable continuing calibration standard must be reanalyzed.

11.4 **Quantitation Limits**

The laboratory must make every attempt to meet all quantitation limits identified in Tables 2a and 2b. It should be noted that these limits are based on undiluted samples analyses and are not adjusted for moisture content (soil/solid samples). Sample-specific quantitation limits may be affected by any dilution that is needed because of elevated analyte concentrations, moisture content (soil/solids), and/or matrix interferences. If difficulties arise in achieving the required quantitation limits due to a particular sample matrix, the Laboratory Project Manager will contact the URS Project Chemist for problem resolution. When any sample requires a secondary dilution due to high levels of target analytes, the laboratory shall report results from both the initial analyses and secondary dilution analyses. Dilution should only be used to bring target analytes within the linear range of calibration. If samples are analyzed at a dilution with no target analytes detected, the Laboratory Project Manager shall contact the URS Project Chemist so that appropriate corrective actions can be initiated.

11.5 <u>Method QC</u>

All QC samples, including blanks, matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, matrix duplicates, surrogate recoveries, laboratory control samples, and other method-specified QC samples, shall meet the acceptance criteria specified in this QAPP. Failure to these criteria will result in the possible qualification of all affected data. When the criteria are not met, the affected sample(s) should be reanalyzed within the required holding times to verify the presence or absence of matrix effects. It should be noted that reanalysis is not always required. The Laboratory Project Manager shall contact the URS Project Chemist to discuss possible corrective actions should unusually difficult sample matrices be encountered. The laboratory shall follow the requirements of the analytical methods and any instructions provided by the URS Project Chemist when determining if samples require reanalysis. If matrix effect is confirmed, the corresponding data shall be flagged accordingly using the flagging symbols and criteria as defined by the data validation guidelines identified in Section 12.2, or as otherwise identified for the work assignment.

11.6 <u>Calculation Errors</u>

All analytical results must be reviewed systematically for accuracy prior to submittal. If upon data review, calculation and/or reporting errors exist, the laboratory will be requested to reissue the analytical data report with the corrective actions appropriately documented in the case narrative.

12.0 DATA REDUCTION, VALIDATION, AND USABILITY

NYSDEC ASP Category B deliverable requirements (or equivalent) will be required for documentation and reporting of all data, except waste characterization data. Where applicable, the standard NYSDEC Data Package Summary Forms should be completed by the analytical laboratories and included in the deliverable data packages. In addition, the sample results will also be reported in NYSDEC EquIS electronic data deliverable (EDD) format.

12.1 Data Reduction

Laboratory analytical data are first generated in raw form at the instrument. These data may be either graphic or printed tabular form. Specific data generation procedures and calculations are found in each of the referenced methods. Analytical results must be reported consistently. Results for aqueous samples will be reported in concentration units of micrograms per liter (μ g/L) or milligrams per liter (mg/L). Results for solid samples will be reported in concentration units of micrograms per kilogram (μ g/Kg) or milligrams per kilogram (mg/Kg) and adjusted for moisture content.

Identification of all analytes must be accomplished with an authentic standard of the analyte traceable to NIST or other reliable commercial sources. Data reduction will be performed by individuals experienced with a particular analysis and knowledgeable of requirements.

12.2 Data Validation

Data validation is a systematic procedure of reviewing a body of data against a set of established criteria to provide a specified level of assurance of validity prior to its intended use. Data validation will not be required for waste characterization samples.

Data validation will be performed by the URS Project Chemist and/or an environmental chemist under his/her supervision. All analytical samples collected will receive a limited data review. This review will include a review of completeness of all required deliverables, holding times, review

of QC results (blanks, instrument tunings, calibration standards, calibration verifications, surrogates recoveries, spike recoveries, replicate analyses, and laboratory controls) to determine if the data are within the protocol-required limits and specifications, a determination that all samples were analyzed using established and agreed upon analytical protocols, an evaluation of the raw data to confirm the results provided in the data summary sheets, and a review of laboratory data qualifiers. The methods identified in Table 1, as well as the general guidelines presented in one or more of the following USEPA Region II documents (or most current update), will be used to aide the chemist during the data review. The specific USEPA Region II validation guidelines to be followed will vary based on the required analytical parameters for each work assignment, and will be documented in the Data Usability Summary Report (Section 12.3).

- Validating Volatile Organic Compounds by SW-846 Method 8260B, SOP HW-24, Revision 2, August 2008 (or most current);
- Validating Semivolatile Organic Compounds by SW-846 Method 8270D, SOP HW-22, Revision 4, August 2008 (or most current);
- Validating Pesticide Compounds, Organochlorine Pesticides by Gas Chromatography SW-846 Method 8081B, SOP HW-44, Revision 1, October 2006 (or most current);
- Validating PCB Compounds by SW-846 Method 8082A, SOP HW-45, Revision 1, October 2006 (or most current);
- Validating Chlorinated Herbicides by GC SW-846 Method 8151A, SOP HW-17, Revision 3, July 2008 (or most current);
- Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) Organics Data Review and Preliminary Review (CLP/SOW OLMO4.3), SOP HW-6, Revision 14, September 2006 (or most current);
- Validation of Metals Data for the CLP Program, based on SOW ILMO5.3, SOP HW-2, Revision 13, September 2006 (or most current); and

12.3 Data Usability

A Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) (NYSDEC *DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation, Appendix 2B*, Final, May 2010) will be submitted to NYSDEC, and will describe the samples and the analytical parameters. Data deficiencies, analytical protocol deviations, and quality control problems will be identified and their effect on the data will be discussed. The DUSR will also include recommendations on resampling/reanalysis. A copy of the NYSDEC DUSR requirements is provided in Attachment D. Waste characterization data will not be included in the DUSR.

13.0 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

The laboratory is responsible for maintaining its analytical equipment. Preventive maintenance is provided on a regular basis to minimize down-time and the potential interruption of analytical work. Instruments are maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If instruments require maintenance, only trained laboratory personnel or manufacturer-authorized service specialists are permitted to do the work. Maintenance activities will be documented and kept in permanent logs. These logs will be available for inspection by auditing personnel.

Maintenance of field instrumentation will be performed as needed by the vendor and/or URS personnel according to the manufacturer's requirements.

14.0 PERFORMANCE AND SYSTEMS AUDITS

Audits are evaluations of laboratory QA/QC procedures, and are performed before or shortly after systems are operational, and on an ongoing basis thereafter. Problems detected during these audits shall be reviewed by the Laboratory QA Manager and other laboratory management personnel, and corrective action shall be instituted as necessary.

14.1 <u>Performance Audits</u>

Performance audits are conducted by introducing control samples into the data measurement, reduction, and reporting processes. These control samples may include performance evaluation samples, or field samples spiked with known amounts of analytes. In addition to conducting internal reviews and performance audits as part of its established quality assurance program, the laboratory is required to take part in regularly-scheduled performance audits/evaluations from state and federal agencies. They are typically conducted as part of the certification process and to evaluate laboratory performance and analytical measurement systems. Acceptable performance on evaluation samples and audits is required for certification and accreditation. The laboratory shall use the information provided from these audits to monitor and assess the quality of its performance, and to take appropriate corrective actions as needed.

14.2 Systems Audits

of Systems audits thorough, on-site qualitative audits facilities. are equipment/instrumentation, personnel, training procedures, record keeping, data review/management, and reporting aspects of a system. They provide a qualitative measure of the data produced by one section of, or the entire, measurement process. The audits are performed against a set of requirements, which may include laboratory standard operating procedures, a quality assurance project plan or work plan, a standard method, and/or a project statement of work. The primary objective of the systems audits is to verify that all procedures are being performed according to the requirements specified above. Systems audits are performed internally by the Laboratory QA Manager, and also by external parties such as state and federal regulatory agencies and private-sector

clients. Typically, state and federal agencies perform systems audits in conjunction with performance audits/evaluations during the laboratory certification process. As part of its QA program, the Laboratory QA Manager shall also conduct periodic checks and audits of the analytical, data reduction, and reporting systems. The purpose of these is to verify that the systems are operating properly, and that personnel are adhering to established procedures and documenting the required information. These checks and audits assist in determining or detecting where problems are occurring.

REFERENCES

- New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC), 2005. *Analytical Services Protocol;* July.
- NYSDEC, 2010. DER-10, Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation; Final. May.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 1983. National Enforcement Investigations Center (NEIC) Office of Enforcement, NEIC Policies and Procedures EPA 330/9-78-001-R;Denver CO, May.
- USEPA. 2005. Uniform Federal Policy for Quality Assurance Project Plans; Evaluating, Assessing, and Documenting Environmental Data Collection and Use Programs, Final, Version 1; EPA-505-B-04-900A, March.
- USEPA. 2006a. *CLP Organics Data Review and Preliminary Review (CLP/SOW OLMO4.3), HW-6, Revision 14;* Region II, September.
- USEPA. 2006b. Validation of Metals Data for the CLP Program, based on SOW ILMO5.3, SOP HW-2, Revision 13; Region II, September.
- USEPA. 2006d. Validating PCB Compounds by SW-846 Method 8082A, SOP HW-45, Revision 1; Region II, October.
- USEPA. 2006e. Validating Pesticide Compounds, Organochlorine Pesticides by Gas Chromatography SW-846 Method 8081B, SOP HW-44, Revision 1, Region II, October.
- USEPA. 2008a. Validating Chlorinated Herbicides by Gas Chromatography SW-846 Method 8151A, HW-17, Revision 3; Region II, July.
- USEPA. 2008b. Validating Semivolatile Organic Compounds by SW-846 Method 8270D, SOP HW-22, Revision 4; Region II, August.
- USEPA. 2008c. Validating Volatile Organic Compounds by SW-846 Method 8260B, HW-24, Revision 2, Region II; August.

FIGURES

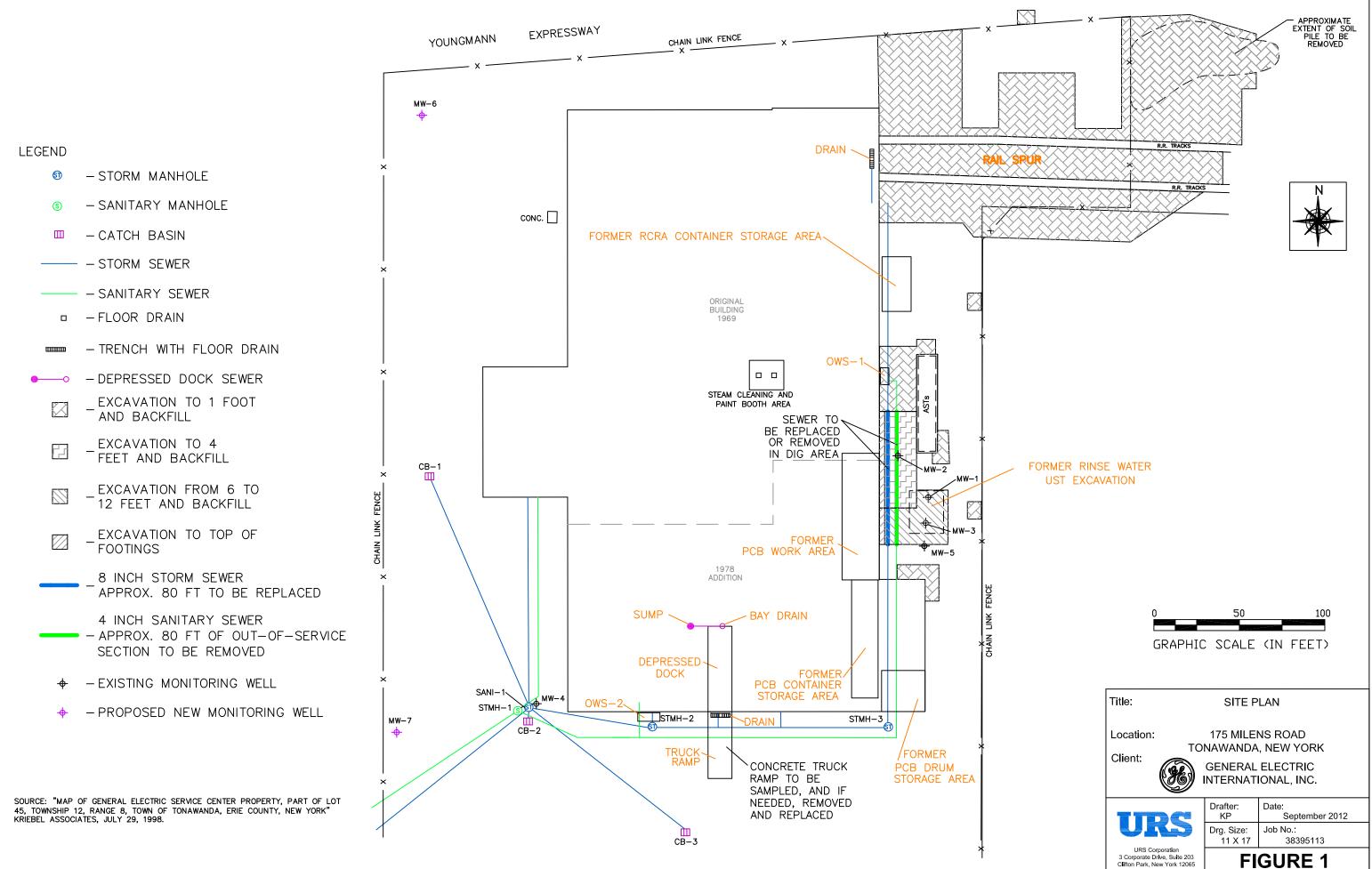
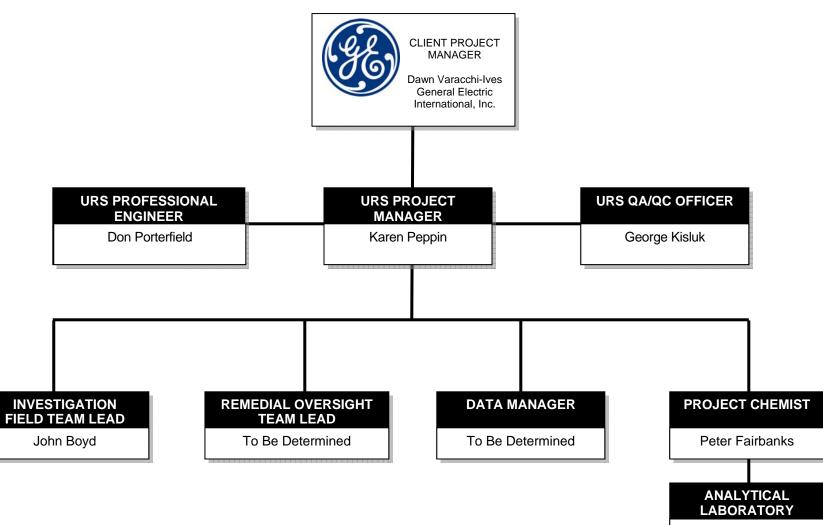


FIGURE 2 ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

CORRECTIVE MEASURE IMPLEMENTATION PARTS AND REPAIR SERVICE CENTER GENERAL ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL, INC. TONAWANDA, NEW YORK



Test America

TABLES

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF ANTICIPATED SAMPLES TO BE COLLECTED AND ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS

GENERAL ELECTRIC PARTS AND REPAIR SERVICE CENTER

TONAWANDA, NEW YORK

| | | | | I | Estimated Field Q | C Samples ² | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Analytical Method ¹ | Matrix | Estimated Number of Samples | Field Duplicates | MS/MSD/MD | Rinsate Blanks | Trip Blanks | Estimated Total No. of Samples |
| Phase I - Design Investigation and Plannin | g | | | | • | • | • | • |
| Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) | EPA 8082 | Soil | 40 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 48 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Groundwater | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) | EPA 80260B | Groundwater | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| RCRA Metals (8) | EPA 6010B/7470A | Groundwater | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Concrete | 8 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Asphalt | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Wipes | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | RR Tie Chips | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Toxicity Characterization Leaching Procedure (TCLP) VOCs | EPA 1311/8260B | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) | EPA 1311/8270C | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP Pesticides | EPA 1311/8081A | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP Herbicides | EPA 1311/8151A | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP Metals | EPA 1311/6010B/7470A | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Corrosivity (as pH) | EPA 9045C | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Ignitability | EPA 1030 | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Reactive Cyanide | EPA SW-846 Sec 7.3 | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Reactive Sulfide | EPA SW-846 Sec 7.3 | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Sediment | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP VOCs | EPA 1311/8260B | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP SVOCs | EPA 1311/8270C | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP Pesticides | EPA 1311/8081A | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP Herbicides | EPA 1311/8151A | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TCLP Metals | EPA 1311/6010B/7470A | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Corrosivity (as pH) | EPA 9040B | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Ignitability | EPA 1010 | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Reactive Cyanide | EPA SW-846 Sec 7.3 | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Reactive Sulfide | EPA SW-846 Sec 7.3 | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Wastewater | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF ANTICIPATED SAMPLES TO BE COLLECTED AND ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS

GENERAL ELECTRIC PARTS AND REPAIR SERVICE CENTER

TONAWANDA, NEW YORK

| | | | | I | Estimated Field Q | C Samples ² | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Analytical Method ¹ | Matrix | Estimated Number of Samples | Field Duplicates | MS/MSD/MD | Rinsate Blanks | Trip Blanks | Estimated Total No. of Samples |
| Phase II - Remediation | | • | | • | | | | |
| Toxicity Characterization Leaching Procedure (TCLP) VOCs | EPA 1311/8260B | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| TCLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) | EPA 1311/8270C | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| TCLP Pesticides | EPA 1311/8081A | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| TCLP Herbicides | EPA 1311/8151A | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| TCLP Metals | EPA 1311/6010B/7470A | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Corrosivity (as pH) | EPA 9040B/9045C | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Ignitability | EPA 1010/1030 | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Reactive Cyanide | EPA SW-846 Sec 7.3 | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Reactive Sulfide | EPA SW-846 Sec 7.3 | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Solid/Aqueous Waste | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Post-Excavation Soil | 43 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 53 |
| VOCs | EPA 80260B | Post-Excavation Soil | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 11 |
| TBD ³ | TBD | Treated Wastewater | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Phase III - Restoration (Parameters per 6 | NYCCR Part 375-6.8) | 1 | | | ſ | | 0 | I |
| VOCs | EPA 8260B | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| SVOCs | EPA 8270C | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Pesticides | EPA 8081A | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Herbicides | EPA 8151A | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Metals | EPA 6010B/7471A | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Hexavalent Chromium | EPA 7196A | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Total Cyanide | EPA 9010B/9012 | Backfill | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| IV. Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring | (3 samples per year x 5 years | s = 15 samples) | | | | | | |
| PCBs | EPA 8082 | Groundwater | 15 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 30 |
| VOCs | EPA 8260B | Groundwater | 15 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 35 |

Notes:

NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP), July 2005 Edition. For waste characterization samples, the parameters and anaytical methods will be determined based on the requirements of the disposal facility(ies).
 Field duplicate sample frequency: 1 per 20 samples. MS/MSD/MD sample frequency: 1 per 20 samples. Rinsate Blank sample frequency: 1 per sampling event per type of non-dedicated, non-disposable equipment. Trip blank frequency: 1 per cooler.
 TBD: If CMI program includes treating remedial wastewater and discharging treated water under the terms of a permit, the terms of the permit will specify the parameters analyzed and the required analytical methods.

MS/MSD/MD - Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate/matrix duplicate RR - Railroad

| .aboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, NY | | | Matrix: | Soil, Sedim | ent, Concrete | , Asphalt, RR Tie C | hips, Solid W | Vaste,and Ba | ckfill |
|-------------------|--|----------------|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | QL | MDL | | acy Criteria 5R) | LCS Precision Criteria (RPD) | | acy Criteria 6R) | MS/MSD Precision Criteri (RPD) |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | - |
| 8082 - PCBs | PCB-1016 | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 3.26 | 51 | 185 | 50 | 42 | 159 | 50 |
| | PCB-1221 | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 3.26 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1232 | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 3.26 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1242 | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 3.26 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1248 | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 3.26 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1254 | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 7.82 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1260 | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 7.82 | 61 | 185 | 50 | 47 | 153 | 50 |
| | DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr) | NA | NA NA | NA NA | 36 | 182 | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA |
| ORCOR NOC | Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr) | NA | | | 24 | 172 | 20 | | | |
| 8260B - VOCs | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.363 0.811 | 77 80 | 121 120 | 20 | 77 80 | 121 120 | 30 30 |
| | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ug/Kg | | | 78 | 120 | 20 | 78 | 120 | 30 |
| | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 5 | 0.65 | 60 | 122 | 20 | 60 | 122 | 30 |
| | 1,1-Dichloroethane | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 5 | 0.61 | 73 | 140 | 20 | 73 | 140 | 30 |
| | 1,1-Dichloroethene | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 5 | 0.612 | 59 | 120 | 20 | 59 | 120 | 30 |
| | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.304 | 64 | 120 | 20 | 64 | 120 | 30 |
| | 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane | ug/Kg | 5 | 2.5 | 63 | 120 | 20 | 63 | 120 | 30 |
| | 1,2-Dibromoethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.642 | 78 | 120 | 20 | 78 | 120 | 30 |
| | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.391 | 75 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 120 | 30 |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.251 | 77 | 122 | 20 | 77 | 122 | 30 |
| | 1,2-Dichloropropane | ug/Kg | 5 | 2.5 | 75 | 124 | 20 | 75 | 124 | 30 |
| | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.257 | 74 | 120 | 20 | 74 | 120 | 30 |
| | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.7 | 73 | 120 | 20 | 73 | 120 | 30 |
| 2 | 2-Hexanone | ug/Kg | 25 | 2.5 | 59 | 130 | 20 | 59 | 130 | 30 |
| | 2-Butanone (MEK) | ug/Kg | 25 | 1.83 | 70 | 134 | 20 | 70 | 134 | 30 |
| A | 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | ug/Kg | 25 | 1.64 | 65 | 133 | 20 | 65 | 133 | 30 |
| | Acetone | ug/Kg | 25 | 4.21 | 61 | 137 | 20 | 61 | 137 | 30 |
| | Benzene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.245 | 79 | 127 | 20 | 79 | 127 | 30 |
| | Bromodichloromethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.67 | 80 | 122 | 20 | 80 | 122 | 30 |
| | Bromoform | ug/Kg | 5 | 2.5 | 68 | 126 | 20 | 68 | 126 | 30 |
| | Bromomethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.45 | 37 | 149 | 20 | 37 | 149 | 30 |
| | Carbon disulfide | ug/Kg | 5 | 2.5 | 64 | 131 | 20 | 64 | 131 | 30 |
| | Carbon tetrachloride | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.484 | 75 76 | 135 | 20 20 | 75 | 135 | 30 30 |
| | Chlorobenzene Dibromochloromethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.66 | 76 | 124 125 | 20 | 76 76 | 124 125 | 30 |
| | Chloroethane | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 5 | 1.13 | 69 | 125 | 20 | 69 | 125 | 30 |
| | Chloroform | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 5 | 0.309 | 80 | 135 | 20 | 80 | 135 | 30 |
| | Chloromethane | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 5 | 0.309 | 63 | 118 | 20 | 63 | 118 | 30 |
| | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.64 | 81 | 117 | 20 | 81 | 117 | 30 |
| | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.72 | 82 | 120 | 20 | 82 | 120 | 30 |
| | Cyclohexane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.7 | 70 | 130 | 20 | 70 | 130 | 30 |
| | Dichlorodifluoromethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.413 | 57 | 142 | 20 | 57 | 142 | 30 |
| | Ethylbenzene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.345 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 80 | 120 | 30 |
| | Isopropylbenzene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.754 | 72 | 120 | 20 | 72 | 120 | 30 |
| | Methyl acetate | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.93 | 60 | 140 | 20 | 60 | 140 | 30 |
| | Methyl tert-butyl ether | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.491 | 63 | 125 | 20 | 63 | 125 | 30 |
| | Methylcyclohexane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.76 | 60 | 140 | 20 | 60 | 140 | 30 |
| | Methylene Chloride | ug/Kg | 5 | 2.3 | 61 | 127 | 20 | 61 | 127 | 30 |
| | Styrene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.25 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 80 | 120 | 30 |
| | Tetrachloroethene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.671 | 74 | 122 | 20 | 74 | 122 | 30 |
| | Toluene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.378 | 74 | 128 | 20 | 74 | 128 | 30 |
| | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.516 | 78 | 126 | 20 | 78 | 126 | 30 |
| | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | ug/Kg | 5 | 2.2 | 73 | 123 | 20 | 73 | 123 | 30 |
| | Trichloroethene | ug/Kg | 5 | 1.1 | 77 | 129 | 20 | 77 | 129 | 30 |
| | Trichlorofluoromethane | ug/Kg | 5 | 0.473 | 65 | 146 | 20 | 65 | 146 | 30 |
| | Vinyl chloride | ug/Kg | 5 10 | 0.61 | 61 | 133 | 20 20 | 61 80 | 133 120 | 30 30 |
| | Xylenes, Total | ug/Kg NA | 10 NA | 0.84 NA | 70 | 130 126 | 20 NA | 80 NA | NA | |
| | | | INA | INA | 64 | 120 | INA | INA | INA | NA |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr) Toluene-d8 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 71 | 125 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

| Laboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, NY | 1 | r | Matrix: | Soil, Sedime | ent, Concrete | , Asphalt, RR Tie C | hips, Solid W | aste,and Bad | ckfill |
|-------------------|---|----------------|------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | QL | MDL | | acy Criteria 5R) | LCS Precision Criteria (RPD) | | acy Criteria 5R) | MS/MSD Precision Criteria (RPD) |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | |
| 8270C - SVOCs | Biphenyl | ug/Kg | 170 | 10.51428 | 30 | 130 | 60 | 30 | 130 | 60 |
| | bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether | ug/Kg | 170 | 17.64 | 34 | 130 | 44 | 34 | 130 | 44 |
| | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ug/Kg | 170 | 36.8149 | 33 | 130 | 45 | 33 | 130 | 45 |
| | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 170 | 11.13659 8.84975 | 39 22 | 130 130 | 53 52 | 39 22 | 130 130 | 53 52 |
| | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 45.59644 | 10 | 130 | 60 | 10 | 130 | 60 |
| | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ug/Kg | 330 | 59.06137 | 40 | 130 | 32 | 40 | 130 | 32 |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ug/Kg | 170 | 26.13436 | 36 | 130 | 43 | 36 | 130 | 43 |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ug/Kg | 170 | 41.30373 | 46 | 130 | 30 | 46 | 130 | 30 |
| | 2-Chloronaphthalene | ug/Kg | 170 | 11.32611 | 39 | 130 | 38 | 39 | 130 | 38 |
| | 2-Chlorophenol | ug/Kg | 170 | 8.59328 | 43 | 130 | 35 | 43 | 130 | 35 |
| | 2-Methylnaphthalene | ug/Kg | 170 | 2.04484 | 43 | 130 | 60 | 43 | 130 | 60 |
| | 2-Methylphenol | ug/Kg | 170 | 5.19098 | 42 | 130 | 34 | 42 | 130 | 34 |
| | 2-Nitroaniline 2-Nitrophenol | ug/Kg | 330 170 | 54.14509 7.71638 | 34 10 | 130 130 | 48 60 | 34 10 | 130 130 | 48 60 |
| | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 148 | 10 | 130 | 40 | 10 | 130 | 40 |
| | 3-Nitroaniline | ug/Kg | 330 | 38.81322 | 13 | 130 | 60 | 13 | 130 | 60 |
| | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | ug/Kg | 330 | 58.29008 | 43 | 130 | 37 | 43 | 130 | 37 |
| | 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether | ug/Kg | 170 | 53.70538 | 38 | 130 | 30 | 38 | 130 | 30 |
| | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ug/Kg | 170 | 6.94446 | 10 | 130 | 48 | 10 | 130 | 48 |
| | 4-Chloroaniline | ug/Kg | 170 | 49.54531 | 45 | 130 | 32 | 45 | 130 | 32 |
| | 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | ug/Kg | 170 | 3.59842 | 42 | 130 | 53 | 42 | 130 | 53 |
| | 4-Methylphenol | ug/Kg | 330 | 9.4 | 23 | 130 | 37 | 23 | 130 | 37 |
| | 4-Nitroaniline | ug/Kg | 330 | 18.8558 | 10 | 144 | 30 | 10 | 144 | 30 |
| | 4-Nitrophenol Acenaphthene | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 330 170 | 40.91715 1.98418 | 43 46 | 130 130 | 30 30 | 43 46 | 130 130 | 30 30 |
| | Acenaphthylene | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 1.38072 | 30 | 130 | 60 | 30 | 130 | 60 |
| | Acetophenone | ug/Kg | 170 | 8.66305 | 37 | 130 | 30 | 30 | 130 | 30 |
| | Anthracene | ug/Kg | 170 | 4.32194 | 30 | 130 | 60 | 30 | 130 | 60 |
| | Atrazine | ug/Kg | 170 | 7.51146 | 30 | 130 | 60 | 30 | 130 | 60 |
| | Benzaldehyde | ug/Kg | 170 | 18.51196 | 40 | 130 | 30 | 40 | 130 | 30 |
| | Benzo(a)anthracene | ug/Kg | 170 | 2.91388 | 44 | 130 | 30 | 44 | 130 | 30 |
| | Benzo(a)pyrene | ug/Kg | 170 | 4.06861 | 29 | 154 | 32 | 29 | 154 | 32 |
| | Benzo(b)fluoranthene | ug/Kg | 170 | 3.27501 | 10 | 130 | 30 | 10 | 130 | 30 |
| | Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | ug/Kg | 170 170 | 2.02566 1.85814 | 35 43 | 143 130 | 30 40 | 35 43 | 143 130 | 30 40 |
| | Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 9.18259 | 43 | 130 | 30 | 43 | 130 | 30 |
| | Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 14.57441 | 34 | 130 | 30 | 34 | 130 | 30 |
| | Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate | ug/Kg | 170 | 54.38616 | 42 | 150 | 36 | 42 | 154 | 36 |
| | Butyl benzyl phthalate | ug/Kg | 170 | 45.32835 | 34 | 160 | 37 | 34 | 160 | 37 |
| | Caprolactam | ug/Kg | 170 | 73.02415 | 30 | 130 | 60 | 30 | 130 | 60 |
| | Carbazole | ug/Kg | 170 | 1.95306 | 42 | 130 | 36 | 42 | 130 | 36 |
| | Chrysene | ug/Kg | 170 | 1.68779 | 43 | 130 | 30 | 43 | 130 | 30 |
| | Di-n-butyl phthalate | ug/Kg | 170 | 58.34917 | 50 | 133 | 39 | 50 | 133 | 39 |
| | Di-n-octyl phthalate | ug/Kg | 170 | 3.94792 | 48 | 146 | 31 | 48 | 146 | 31 |
| | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Dibenzofuran | ug/Kg | 170 170 | 1.98543 1.75662 | 16 45 | 135 130 | 30 30 | 16 45 | 135 130 | 30 30 |
| | Diethyl phthalate | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 5.09952 | 45 | 130 | 30 | 45 | 130 | 30 |
| | Dimethyl phthalate | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 4.40366 | 46 | 130 | 39 | 46 | 130 | 39 |
| | Fluoranthene | ug/Kg | 170 | 2.44588 | 40 | 130 | 30 | 40 | 130 | 30 |
| | Fluorene | ug/Kg | 170 | 3.88915 | 45 | 130 | 30 | 45 | 130 | 30 |
| | Hexachlorobenzene | ug/Kg | 170 | 8.38584 | 50 | 130 | 31 | 50 | 130 | 31 |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | ug/Kg | 170 | 8.63759 | 37 | 130 | 41 | 37 | 130 | 41 |
| | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ug/Kg | 170 | 51.03698 | 10 | 130 | 58 | 10 | 130 | 58 |
| | Hexachloroethane | ug/Kg | 170 | 13.06357 | 23 | 130 | 37 | 23 | 130 | 37 |
| | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | ug/Kg | 170 | 4.66924 | 10 | 134 | 30 | 10 | 134 | 30 |
| | Isophorone N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | ug/Kg | 170 170 | 8.43613 13.36969 | 43 35 | 130 130 | 40 30 | 43 35 | 130 130 | 40 30 |
| | N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 9.22816 | 35 44 | 130 | 30 52 | 35 44 | 130 | 30 52 |
| | Naphthalene | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 170 | 2.80953 | 44 | 130 | 33 | 44 | 130 | 33 |
| | Nitrobenzene | ug/Kg | 170 | 7.48254 | 45 | 130 | 51 | 45 | 130 | 51 |
| | Pentachlorophenol | ug/Kg | 330 | 57.89626 | 10 | 130 | 53 | 10 | 130 | 53 |
| | Phenanthrene | ug/Kg | 170 | 3.54216 | 45 | 130 | 30 | 45 | 130 | 30 |
| | Phenol | ug/Kg | 170 | 17.76801 | 33 | 130 | 34 | 33 | 130 | 34 |
| | Pyrene | ug/Kg | 170 | 1.09282 | 18 | 164 | 30 | 18 | 164 | 30 |
| | 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 20 | 143 | NA | 20 | 143 | NA |
| | 2-Fluorobiphenyl (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 46 | 130 | NA | 46 | 130 | NA |
| | 2-Fluorophenol (Surr) Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr) | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA | 22 39 | 130 130 | NA NA | 22 39 | 130 130 | NA NA |
| | p-Terphenyl-d14 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 39 | 130 | NA | 39 | 130 | NA |
| | Phenol-d5 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 36 | 130 | NA | 36 | 130 | NA |

| Laboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, NY | | | Matrix: | Soil, Sedime | ent, Concrete | , Asphalt, RR Tie C | ips, Solid Waste, and Backfill | | | |
|---------------------------|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | QL | MDL | | racy Criteria %R) | LCS Precision Criteria (RPD) | | acy Criteria 6R) | MS/MSD Precision Criteria (RPD) | |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | - | |
| 8081A - Pesticides | 4,4'-DDD | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.324 | 45 | 129 | 18 | 53 | 124 | 21 | |
| | 4,4'-DDE | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.25 | 49 | 120 | 16 | 44 | 123 | 18 | |
| | 4,4'-DDT Aldrin | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 1.67 1.67 | 0.17 0.41 | 47 35 | 145 120 | 17 24 | 36 35 | 132 120 | 25 12 | |
| | alpha-BHC | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.41 | 49 | 120 | 19 | 35 | 1120 | 12 | |
| | alpha-Chlordane | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.83 | 44 | 120 | 13 | 47 | 121 | 23 | |
| | beta-BHC | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.18 | 58 | 123 | 17 | 50 | 121 | 19 | |
| | delta-BHC | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.22 | 45 | 123 | 14 | 45 | 123 | 14 | |
| | Dieldrin | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.4 | 53 | 128 | 13 | 47 | 120 | 12 | |
| | Endosulfan I | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.21 | 29 | 125 | 16 | 29 | 125 | 18 | |
| | Endosulfan II Endosulfan sulfate | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 1.67 1.67 | 0.3 0.311 | 56 53 | 127 135 | 17 14 | 21 34 | 137 136 | 26 35 | |
| | Endrin | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.23 | 58 | 133 | 14 | 53 | 120 | 20 | |
| | Endrin aldehyde | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.426 | 39 | 133 | 23 | 33 | 120 | 47 | |
| | Endrin ketone | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.41 | 61 | 133 | 14 | 49 | 131 | 37 | |
| | gamma-BHC (Lindane) | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 1.206 | 50 | 120 | 20 | 50 | 120 | 12 | |
| | gamma-Chlordane | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.53 | 54 | 124 | 14 | 51 | 120 | 15 | |
| | Heptachlor | ug/Kg | 1.67 | 0.261 | 49 | 122 | 16 | 47 | 120 | 22 | |
| | Heptachlor epoxide Methoxychlor | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 1.67 1.67 | 0.43 0.23 | 47 61 | 128 146 | 17 14 | 44 53 | 122 143 | 15 24 | |
| | Toxaphene | ug/Kg ug/Kg | 1.67 | 9.7 | NA | NA | NA | NA NA | NA | NA | |
| | DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 62 | 137 | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| | Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 30 | 124 | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| 8051A - Herbicides | 2,4,5-T | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 5.33 | 55 | 120 | 50 | 55 | 120 | 50 | |
| | 2,4-D | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 10.5 | 55 | 122 | 50 | 55 | 122 | 50 | |
| | Dinoseb | ug/Kg | 16.7 | 5.29 | 10 | 130 | 50 | 10 | 130 | 50 | |
| | Silvex (2,4,5-TP) | ug/Kg | 16.7 NA | 6 NA | 54 39 | 121 | 50 NA | 54 NA | 121 NA | 50 NA | |
| 6010B - Metals | 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic acid (Surr) Aluminum | NA mg/Kg | 10 | 4.4 | 39 41 | 120 160 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| 0010B - Metals | Antimony | mg/Kg | 15 | 0.54 | 25 | 272 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Arsenic | mg/Kg | 2 | 0.4 | 69 | 131 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Barium | mg/Kg | 0.5 | 0.11 | 72 | 127 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Beryllium | mg/Kg | 0.2 | 0.028 | 73 | 127 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Cadmium | mg/Kg | 0.2 | 0.03 | 73 | 127 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Calcium | mg/Kg | 50 | 3.3 | 74 | 126 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Chromium Cobalt | mg/Kg mg/Kg | 0.5 | 0.2 | 68 75 | 132 125 | 20 20 | 75 75 | 125 125 | 20 20 | |
| | Copper | mg/Kg | 1 | 0.05 | 74 | 125 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Iron | mg/Kg | 10 | 1.1 | 31 | 169 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Lead | mg/Kg | 1 | 0.24 | 70 | 130 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Magnesium | mg/Kg | 20 | 0.927 | 64 | 136 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Manganese | mg/Kg | 0.2 | 0.032 | 74 | 125 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Nickel | mg/Kg | 5 | 0.23 | 70 | 130 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Potassium Selenium | mg/Kg mg/Kg | 30 4 | 20 0.57 | 61 64 | 139 137 | 20 20 | 75 75 | 125 125 | 20 20 | |
| | Silver | mg/Kg mg/Kg | 0.5 | 0.37 | 66 | 137 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Sodium | mg/Kg | 140 | 13 | 27 | 174 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Thallium | mg/Kg | 6 | 0.3 | 67 | 132 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Vanadium | mg/Kg | 0.5 | 0.11 | 54 | 146 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| 7471 A 37 | Zinc | mg/Kg | 2 | 0.153 | 67 | 133 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| 7471A - Mercury | Mercury | mg/Kg | 0.02 | 0.0081 | 51 | 149 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| 7196A - Cr ⁺⁶ | Hexavalent Chromium (Cr ⁺⁶) | mg/Kg | 2 | 0.75 | 85 | 115 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| 9012A - T-CN | Cyanide, Total (T-CN) | mg/Kg | 1 | 0.483 | 29 | 122 | 15 | 85 | 115 | 15 | |
| 1311/8260B - TCLP VOCs | Benzene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00041 | 71 | 124 | 13 | 71 | 124 | 13 | |
| | Carbon tetrachloride | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00027 | 72 | 134 120 | 15 | 72 | 134 | 15 25 | |
| | Chlorobenzene Chloroform | mg/L mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00075 | 72 73 | 120 | 25 20 | 72 73 | 120 127 | 25 | |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane | mg/L mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00034 | 75 | 127 | 20 | 75 | 127 | 20 | |
| | 1,1-Dichloroethene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00021 | 58 | 127 | 16 | 58 | 127 | 16 | |
| | 2-Butanone (MEK) | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00132 | 57 | 140 | 20 | 57 | 140 | 20 | |
| | Tetrachloroethene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00036 | 74 | 122 | 20 | 74 | 122 | 20 | |
| | Trichloroethene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00046 | 74 | 123 | 16 | 74 | 123 | 16 | |
| | Vinyl chloride | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.0009 | 65 | 133 | 15 | 65 | 133 | 15 | |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 66 | 137 | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| | Toluene-d8 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA NA | 71 | 126 | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA | |
| | 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 73 | 120 | INA | INA | INA | INA | |

| aboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, NY | | | Matrix: | Soil, Sedime | ent, Concrete | , Asphalt, RR Tie C | hips, Solid V | Vaste,and Bac | ckfill |
|---------------------------------|---|--------|--------|-----------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | QL | MDL | | acy Criteria 5R) | LCS Precision Criteria (RPD) | | acy Criteria 6R) | a MS/MSD Precision Criteria (RPD) |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | |
| 1311/8270C - TCLP SVOCs | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.00046 | 32 | 120 | 36 | 32 | 120 | 36 |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.000447 | 59 | 125 | 20 | 59 | 125 | 20 |
| | Hexachlorobenzene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00051 | 38 | 131 | 15 | 38 | 131 | 15 |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00068 | 30 | 120 | 44 | 30 | 120 | 44 |
| | Hexachloroethane | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00059 | 25 | 120 | 46 | 25 | 120 | 46 |
| | 3-Methylphenol | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.0004 | 39 | 120 | 30 | 39 | 120 | 30 |
| | 2-Methylphenol | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.0004 | 39 | 120 | 27 | 39 | 120 | 27 |
| | 4-Methylphenol | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.00036 | 39 | 120 | 24 | 36 | 120 | 24 |
| | Nitrobenzene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00029 | 52 | 120 | 24 | 52 | 120 | 24 |
| | Pentachlorophenol | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.0022 | 39 | 136 | 37 | 39 | 136 | 37 |
| | Pyridine | mg/L | 0.025 | 0.00041 | 10 | 120 | 49 | 10 | 120 | 49 |
| | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00048 | 65 | 126 | 18 | 65 | 126 | 18 |
| | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00061 | 64 | 120 | 19 | 64 | 120 | 19 |
| | 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 52 | 132 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | 2-Fluorobiphenyl (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 48 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | 2-Fluorophenol (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 20 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 46 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | p-Terphenyl-d14 (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 67 | 150 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Phenol-d5 (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 16 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1311/8081A - TCLP Pesticides | gamma-BHC (Lindane) | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.000006 | 57 | 128 | 24 | 53 | 120 | 15 |
| | Chlordane (technical) | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.000029 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Endrin | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.0000138 | 57 | 130 | 24 | 44 | 129 | 13 |
| | Heptachlor | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.000085 | 46 | 121 | 25 | 31 | 122 | 10 |
| | Heptachlor epoxide | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.0000053 | 53 | 120 | 23 | 27 | 138 | 11 |
| | Methoxychlor | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.0000141 | 48 | 165 | 26 | 31 | 160 | 10 |
| | Toxaphene | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.00012 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 16 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 35 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 311/8151A - TCLP Herbicides | Silvex (2,4,5-TP) | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.00036 | 44 | 147 | 50 | 44 | 147 | 50 |
| | 2,4-D | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.0004 | 45 | 149 | 50 | 45 | 149 | 50 |
| | 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic acid | mg/L | NA | NA | 32 | 132 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 311/6010B - TCLP Metals | Arsenic | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.00555 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Barium | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.0007 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Cadmium | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.0005 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Chromium | mg/L | 0.004 | 0.001 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Lead | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.003 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Selenium | mg/L | 0.015 | 0.0087 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Silver | mg/L | 0.003 | 0.0017 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| 311/7470A - TCLP | Mercury | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.00012 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| Mercury | | , T | | | | | | | | |
| 9045C - pH | Corrosivity (as pH) | S.U. | 0.1 | NA | 99 | 101 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1 | Ignitability | mm/sec | 50 | NA | 97.5 | 102.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Reactive Cyanide | mg/Kg | 10 | 0.003 | 10 | 100 | 20 | NA | NA | NA |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| Laboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, NY | | | Matrix: | Soil, Sedime | ent, Concrete | , Asphalt, RR Tie C | hips, Solid W | aste,and Ba | kfill |
|-------------------|---|---------|----|---------|--|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | QL | MDL | LCS Accuracy Criteria (%R) Criteria (RPD) | | MS Accura (% | ncy Criteria 5R) | MS/MSD Precision Criteria (RPD) | |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | |
| 8082 - PCBs | PCB-1016 | ug/wipe | 1 | 1 | 46 | 191 | 50 | 46 | 191 | 50 |
| | PCB-1221 | ug/wipe | 1 | 1 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1232 | ug/wipe | 1 | 1 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1242 | ug/wipe | 1 | 1 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1248 | ug/wipe | 1 | 1 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1254 | ug/wipe | 1 | 1 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1260 | ug/wipe | 1 | 1 | 57 | 174 | 50 | 57 | 174 | 50 |
| | DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 55 | 168 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 41 | 172 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

1 - Analytical Services Protocol (ASP), NYSDEC, July 2005.

VOCs - Volatile organic compounds SVOCs - Semivolatile organic compounds QL - Quantitation limit LCS - Laboratory control sample MDL - Method detection limit mg/Kg - Milligram per kilogram mg/L - Milligram per liter mm/sec - Millimeter per second MS/MSD - Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate ug/Kg - Microgram per kilogram %R - Percent recovery RPD - Relative percent difference Surr - Surrogate S.U. - Standard Units NA - Not applicable

| Laboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, N | 1 | | Matrix: | Groundwat | ei, wastewat | er, and Aque | ous waste | | MS/MSD |
|-------------------|--|--------------|----------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | QL | MDL | Criter | ccuracy ia (%R) | | (% | acy Criteria 6R) | |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | |
| 8082 - PCBs | PCB-1016 | ug/L | 0.5 | 0.176 | 61 | 137 | 50 | 52 | 134 | 50 |
| | PCB-1221 | ug/L | 0.5 | 0.176 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1232 | ug/L | 0.5 | 0.176 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1242 | ug/L | 0.5 | 0.176 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1248 | ug/L | 0.5 | 0.176 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1254 | ug/L | 0.5 | 0.25 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | PCB-1260 | ug/L | 0.5 | 0.25 | 45 | 139 | 50 | 19 | 136 | 50 |
| | DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr) | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA | 19 23 | 126 127 | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA | NA NA |
| PACOD MOC | Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr) | | | | | | | | | |
| 8260B - VOCs | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ug/L | 1 | 0.82 | 73 | 126 | 15 | 73 | 126 | 15 |
| | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ug/L | 1 | 0.21 | 70 | 126 | 15 | 70 | 126 | 15 |
| | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ug/L | 1 | 0.23 | 76 | 122 | 15 | 76 | 122 | 15 |
| | 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane | ug/L | 1 | 0.31 | 60 | 140 | 20 | 60 | 140 | 20 |
| | 1,1-Dichloroethane | ug/L | 1 | 0.38 | 71 | 129 | 20 | 71 | 129 | 20 |
| | 1,1-Dichloroethene | ug/L | 1 | 0.29 | 58 | 121 | 16 | 58 70 | 121 | 16 |
| | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ug/L | 1 | 0.41 | 70 | 122 | 20 | | 122 | 20 |
| | 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane | ug/L | | 0.39 | 56 | 134 | 15 | 56 | 134 | 15 |
| | 1,2-Dibromoethane 1.2-Dichlorobenzene | ug/L | 1 | 0.73 0.79 | 77 80 | 120 124 | 15 20 | 77 80 | 120 124 | 15 20 |
| | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.79 | 80 75 | 124 | 20 | 80 75 | 124 | 20 |
| | | 6 | 1 | | 75 | | 20 | 75 | 127 | 20 |
| | 1,2-Dichloropropane | ug/L | | 0.72 | | 120 | 20 | | 120 | 20 |
| | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ug/L | 1 | 0.78 0.84 | 77 | 120 120 | 20 | 77 75 | 120 | 20 |
| | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Hexanone | ug/L | | 1.24 | 75 | 120 | 15 | | 120 | 15 |
| | 2-Butanone (MEK) | ug/L | 5 10 | | 65 57 | 127 | 20 | 65 57 | 127 | 20 |
| 4 / | | ug/L | 5 | 1.32 2.1 | 71 | 140 | 35 | 71 | 140 | 35 |
| | 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Acetone | ug/L ug/L | 10 | 2.1 | 56 | 125 | 15 | 56 | 125 | 15 |
| | Benzene | ug/L ug/L | 10 | 0.41 | 71 | 142 | 13 | 71 | 142 | 13 |
| | Bromodichloromethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.41 | 80 | 124 | 15 | 80 | 124 | 15 |
| | Bromoform | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.39 | 66 | 122 | 15 | 66 | 122 | 15 |
| | Bromomethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.20 | 55 | 128 | 15 | 55 | 128 | 15 |
| | Carbon disulfide | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.09 | 59 | 134 | 15 | 59 | 134 | 15 |
| | Carbon tetrachloride | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.19 | 72 | 134 | 15 | 72 | 134 | 15 |
| | Chlorobenzene | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.27 | 72 | 120 | 25 | 72 | 134 | 25 |
| | Dibromochloromethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.73 | 72 | 120 | 15 | 72 | 120 | 15 |
| | Chloroethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.32 | 69 | 136 | 15 | 69 | 136 | 15 |
| | Chloroform | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.32 | 73 | 127 | 20 | 73 | 127 | 20 |
| | Chloromethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.34 | 68 | 127 | 15 | 68 | 127 | 15 |
| | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.35 | 74 | 124 | 15 | 74 | 124 | 15 |
| | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.36 | 74 | 124 | 15 | 74 | 124 | 15 |
| | Cyclohexane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.18 | 65 | 124 | 20 | 65 | 124 | 20 |
| | Dichlorodifluoromethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.18 | 59 | 135 | 20 | 59 | 135 | 20 |
| | Ethylbenzene | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.08 | 77 | 123 | 15 | 77 | 123 | 15 |
| | Isopropylbenzene | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.74 | 77 | 123 | 20 | 77 | 123 | 20 |
| | Methyl acetate | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.75 | 60 | 140 | 20 | 60 | 140 | 20 |
| | Methyl tert-butyl ether | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.16 | 64 | 140 | 37 | 64 | 140 | 37 |
| | Methylcyclohexane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.16 | 60 | 140 | 20 | 60 | 140 | 20 |
| | Methylene Chloride | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.44 | 57 | 132 | 15 | 57 | 132 | 15 |
| | Styrene | ug/L | 1 | 0.73 | 70 | 132 | 20 | 70 | 132 | 20 |
| | Tetrachloroethene | ug/L | 1 | 0.36 | 76 | 122 | 20 | 70 | 122 | 20 |
| | Toluene | ug/L | 1 | 0.50 | 80 | 122 | 15 | 80 | 122 | 15 |
| | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | ug/L | 1 | 0.9 | 73 | 122 | 20 | 73 | 122 | 20 |
| | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | ug/L | 1 | 0.37 | 72 | 123 | 15 | 72 | 127 | 15 |
| | Trichloroethene | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.46 | 74 | 123 | 16 | 74 | 123 | 16 |
| | Trichlorofluoromethane | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.88 | 62 | 152 | 20 | 62 | 152 | 20 |
| | Vinyl chloride | ug/L ug/L | 1 | 0.00 | 65 | 132 | 15 | 65 | 132 | 15 |
| | Xylenes, Total | ug/L | 2 | 0.66 | 76 | 122 | 16 | 76 | 122 | 16 |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 66 | 137 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Toluene-d8 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 71 | 126 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 73 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

| Laboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, NY | | 1 | Matrix: | Groundwate | er, Wastewat | er, and Aque | ous Waste | | |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|--------|-----------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | QL | MDL | | ccuracy ia (%R) | LCS Precision Criteria (RPD) | | acy Criteria 6R) | MS/MSD Precision Criteria (RPD) |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | , , | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | |
| 6010B - RCRA Metals | Arsenic | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.00555 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Barium | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.0007 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Cadmium | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.0005 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Chromium | mg/L | 0.004 | 0.001 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Lead | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.003 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Selenium | mg/L | 0.015 | 0.0087 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| | Silver | mg/L | 0.003 | 0.0017 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| 7471A - Mercury | Mercury | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.00012 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 |
| 1311/8260B - TCLP VOCs | Benzene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00041 | 71 | 124 | 13 | 71 | 124 | 13 |
| | Carbon tetrachloride | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00027 | 72 | 134 | 15 | 72 | 134 | 15 |
| | Chlorobenzene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00075 | 72 | 120 | 25 | 72 | 120 | 25 |
| | Chloroform | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00034 | 73 | 127 | 20 | 73 | 127 | 20 |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00021 | 75 | 127 | 20 | 75 | 127 | 20 |
| | 1,1-Dichloroethene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00029 | 58 | 121 | 16 | 58 | 121 | 16 |
| | 2-Butanone (MEK) | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00132 | 57 | 140 | 20 | 57 | 140 | 20 |
| | Tetrachloroethene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00036 | 74 | 122 | 20 | 74 | 122 | 20 |
| | Trichloroethene | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.00046 | 74 | 123 | 16 | 74 | 123 | 16 |
| | Vinyl chloride | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.0009 | 65 | 133 | 15 | 65 | 133 | 15 |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 66 | 137 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Toluene-d8 (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 71 | 126 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 73 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 311/8270C - TCLP SVOCs | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.00046 | 32 | 120 | 36 | 32 | 120 | 36 |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.000447 | 59 | 125 | 20 | 59 | 125 | 20 |
| | Hexachlorobenzene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00051 | 38 | 131 | 15 | 38 | 131 | 15 |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00068 | 30 | 120 | 44 | 30 | 120 | 44 |
| | Hexachloroethane | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00059 | 25 | 120 | 46 | 25 | 120 | 46 |
| | 3-Methylphenol | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.0004 | 39 | 120 | 30 | 39 | 120 | 30 |
| | 2-Methylphenol | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.0004 | 39 | 120 | 27 | 39 | 120 | 27 |
| | 4-Methylphenol | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.00036 | 39 | 120 | 24 | 36 | 120 | 24 |
| | Nitrobenzene | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00029 | 52 | 120 | 24 | 52 | 120 | 24 |
| | Pentachlorophenol | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.0022 | 39 | 136 | 37 | 39 | 136 | 37 |
| | Pyridine | mg/L | 0.025 | 0.00041 | 10 | 120 | 49 | 10 | 120 | 49 |
| | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00048 | 65 | 126 | 18 | 65 | 126 | 18 |
| | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.00061 | 64 | 120 | 19 | 64 | 120 | 19 |
| | 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 52 | 132 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | 2-Fluorobiphenyl (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 48 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | 2-Fluorophenol (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 20 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 46 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | p-Terphenyl-d14 (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 67 | 150 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Phenol-d5 (Surr) | mg/L | NA | NA | 16 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1311/8081A - TCLP Pesticides | | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.000006 | 57 | 128 | 24 | 53 | 120 | 15 |
| | Chlordane (technical) | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.000029 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Endrin | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.0000138 | 57 | 130 | 24 | 44 | 129 | 13 |
| | Heptachlor | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.0000085 | 46 | 121 | 25 | 31 | 122 | 10 |
| | Heptachlor epoxide | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.0000053 | 53 | 120 | 23 | 27 | 138 | 11 |
| | Methoxychlor | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.0000141 | 48 | 165 | 26 | 31 | 160 | 10 |
| | Toxaphene | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.00012 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 16 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr) | NA | NA | NA | 35 | 120 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1311/8151A - TCLP Herbicides | | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.00036 | 44 | 147 | 50 | 44 | 147 | 50 |
| | 2,4-D | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.0004 | 45 | 149 | 50 | 45 | 149 | 50 |
| | 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic acid | mg/L | NA | NA | 32 | 132 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

| Laboratory: | TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc - Amherst, NY | | | Matrix: | Groundwate | er, Wastewate | er, and Aque | ous Waste | | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------|----------|---------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Analytical Method | Parameter | Units | Units QL | | | ccuracy a (%R) | LCS Precision Criteria (RPD) | | acy Criteria 6R) | MS/MSD Precision Criteria (RPD) | |
| | | | | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | Upper Limit | | |
| 1311/6010B - TCLP Metals | Arsenic | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.00555 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Barium | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.0007 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Cadmium | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.0005 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Chromium | mg/L | 0.004 | 0.001 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Lead | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.003 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Selenium | mg/L | 0.015 | 0.0087 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| | Silver | mg/L | 0.003 | 0.0017 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| 1311/7470A - TCLP Mercury | Mercury | mg/L | 0.0002 | 0.00012 | 80 | 120 | 20 | 75 | 125 | 20 | |
| 9040B - pH | Corrosivity (as pH) | S.U. | 0.1 | NA | 99 | 101 | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| 1010 | Ignitability | ۴F | 50 | NA | 97.5 | 102.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| SW-846, Sec. 7.3 | Reactive Cyanide | mg/L | 10 | 0.003 | 10 | 100 | 20 | NA | NA | NA | |
| SW-846, Sec. 7.3 | Reactive Sulfide | mg/L | 10 | 0.57 | 10 | 100 | 20 | NA | NA | NA | |

1 - Analytical Services Protocol (ASP), NYSDEC, July 2005.

VOCs - Volatile organic compounds SVOCs - Semivolatile organic compounds

QL - Quantitation limit

°F - Degrees Fahrenheit
 LCS - Laboratory control sample
 MDL - Method detection limit
 mg/L - Milligram per liter
 MS/MSD - Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate

ug/L - Micrograms per liter

%R - Percent recovery

RPD - Relative percent difference

Surr - Surrogate S.U. - Standard Units

NA - Not applicable

| Analytical Method/Parameter | Container Size/Type* | Number of Containers to Be Collected | Preservation | Maximum Holding Time (from VTSR) |
|---|--|--|---------------------|--|
| Aqueous Samples (Groundwater, Wa | stewater, and/or Aqueo | us Waste) | | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) | 40 mL glass VOC vial | 3 | HCl to pH<2, 4 °C | Analysis: 12 days (5 days if not preserved to pH<2) |
| Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) | 1L amber glass | 2 | 4 °C | Extraction: 5 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| RCRA Metals | 1L plastic | 1 | HNO_3 to $pH < 2$ | Analysis: 180 days |
| Toxicity Characterization Leaching Procedure (TCLP) VOCs | 40 mL glass VOC vial | 3 | | TCLP Extaction: 7 days; Analysis: 7 days |
| TCLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) | | | | TCLP Extaction: 5 days; Prep Extraction: 7 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| TCLP Pesticides | 1L amber glass | 3 | | TCLP Extaction: 5 days; Prep Extraction: 7 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| TCLP Herbicides | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | 4 °C | TCLP Extaction: 5 days; Prep Extraction: 7 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| TCLP Metals | | | 4 C | TCLP Extaction: 180 days/28 days (Hg); Analysis: 180 days/28 days (Hg) |
| Corrosivity (as pH) | 100 mL plastic | 1 | | Analyze immediately |
| Ignitability | 250 mL plastic | 1 | | Analysis: 14 days |
| Reactive Cyanide | 250 mL plastic | 1 | | Analysis: 14 days |
| Reactive Sulfide | 250 mL plastic | 1 | | Analysis: 14 days |
| Solid Samples (Soil, Concrete, Asphal | lt, RR Tie Chips, Sedim | ent, Solid Wast | e, and/or Backfill) | |
| PCBs | 4 oz. glass jar | 1 | | Extraction: 5 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| TCLP VOCs | 4 oz. glass jar with Teflon septa | 2 | | TCLP Extaction: 7 days; Analysis: 7 days |
| TCLP SVOCs | | | | TCLP Extaction: 5 days; Prep Extraction: 7 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| TCLP Pesticides | 8 oz. amber glass jar | 2 | | TCLP Extaction: 5 days; Prep Extraction: 7 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| TCLP Herbicides | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 4 °C | TCLP Extaction: 5 days; Prep Extraction: 7 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| TCLP Metals | | | | TCLP Extaction: 180 days/28 days (Hg); Analysis: 180 days/28 days (Hg) |
| Corrosivity (as pH) | | | | Analysis: 14 days |
| Ignitability | 8 oz. glass jar | 1 | | Analysis: 14 days |
| Reactive Cyanide | 8 02. glass jai | 1 | | Analysis: 14 days |
| Reactive Sulfide | | | | Analysis: 14 days |
| VOCs | 2 oz. glass jars with Teflon septa | 3 | 4 °C | Analysis: 12 days |
| SVOCs | 8 oz. amber glass jar | 1 | 4 °C | Extraction: 5 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| Pesticides | 8 oz. amber glass jar | 1 | 4 °C | Extraction: 5 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| PCBs | 8 oz. amber glass jar | 1 | 4 °C | Extraction: 5 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| Herbicides | 8 oz. amber glass jar | 1 | 4 °C | Extraction: 5 days; Analysis: 40 days |
| Metals | 4 oz. glass jar | 1 | 4 °C | Analysis: 180 days |
| Hexavalent Chromium | 4 oz. glass jar | 1 | 4 °C | Analysis: 24 hours |
| Total Cyanide | 4 oz. glass jar | 1 | 4 °C | Analysis: 12 days |
| Wipe Samples | | | | |
| PCBs | 16 oz. glass; filter soaked in hexane | 1 | 4 °C | Extraction: 5 days Analysis: 40 days |

TABLE 3 SAMPLE CONTAINER, PRESERVATION, AND HOLDING TIME REQUIREMENTS GENERAL ELECTRIC PARTS AND REPAIR SERVICE CENTER TONAWANDA, NEW YORK

* Number and size of containers may vary based on laboratory sample volume requirements.

VTSR - Validated time of sample receipt

ATTACHMENT A

RESUMES OF KEY PERSONNEL



George Kisluk

Senior Environmental Chemist

Overview

Mr. Kisluk is a Senior Environmental Chemist with broad experience in environmental chemistry ranging from the analytical laboratory to onsite hazardous waste remediation projects. Responsibilities have included remedial investigation coordination, preparations of work plans, budgets, implementation of sampling and analytical procedures, onsite supervision of technical activities, qualitative health risk assessments, data validation and data usability for remedial investigations and activities. Mr. Kisluk has also performed quality assurance (QA) reviews for technical issues relating to chemistry on reports, plans, and correspondence and has also performed on-site laboratory audits. In addition to chemistry related activities, Mr. Kisluk has also performed construction inspection services at several landfill remediation and closure projects.

He has experience in the operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of analytical instrumentation including Hewlett Packard, Perkin Elmer, Tracor, and SRI Gas Chromatographs, Perkin Elmer Atomic Absorption Spectrometers, and Hewlett Packard and Finnegan Gas Chromatographs/Mass Spectrometers. He has experience with portable analytical equipment including the Photovac Voyager and the Photovac PetroPro. He is also computer literate and knowledgeable in the use of word processing, spreadsheet and database programs including Word, WordPerfect, Excel, QuatroPro, FoxPro, and Access software.

Project Specific Experience

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Remedial Investigation (RI) Coordinator for 12 year/\$20 Projects: million Standby Contract and 7 year \$7 million Standby Contract which includes Meeker Avenue Plume Trackdown Site; Site Characterization, Kink Cosmo Cleaners Site RI/Feasibility Study (FS), Former Spic and Span Cleaners and Dyers Site RI/FS, College Point 2 and 3 Site Characterizations and RI, Camp Summit Remedial Design (RD), Camp Georgetown RD, Camp Pharsalia RD, 93 Main Street RI, American Cleaners RI/FS, Busy Bee Disposal Site, Kliegman Brothers Operable Unit (OU) 1 and OU2 RI/FS, Chatham Woods Immediate Investigation Work Assignment (IIWA), North of Brush Avenue IIWA, South of Home Depot IIWA, Home Depot OU 2 IIWA, White Sun Cleaners IIWA, 1st Ave. and East 90th St. IIWA and Site Characterization, North of 720 Melrose Ave. IIWA and Site Characterization, Bronxchester Urban Renewal Agency Site Characterization, College Point 2 Plume Trackdown IIWA, Polymer Applications Operations & Maintenance (O&M), and Hillcrest Site Investigation. His duties and responsibilities on these projects included the review of project specific scopes of work and the subsequent development of work plans and budget estimates. As RI coordinator, he is responsible for the coordination of field investigation activities such as drilling, geoprobe boring, heavy equipment, mobile laboratories, and surveying subcontractors, as well as data interpretation

Areas of Expertise

Environmental Chemistry

Years of Experience

With URS: 17 Years With Other Firms: 13 Years

Education

MBA/ Organizational Management/ Syracuse University/ 1991

BS/ Biology/ Alliance College Minor, Polish/ 1980

Registration/Certification

40 Hr. OSHA Site Worker Protection Training



and preparation of RI, Site Characterization and IIWA reports. He also has duties and the project chemist, performing data validation and preparing Data Usability Summary Reports (DUSR) on multiple work assignments.

New York State Department of Transportation Projects: Project Chemist for the NYSDOT HMARD Contracts which includes but is not limited to the following sites: Southtowns Connector, Vulcan Street Reconstruction Buffalo, Rt 104 JRD Property, Route 286 Penfield Pembroke, Rt 63&262 Oakland, Rt 5 at Beach Road Evans, I-690 over CSX Syracuse, Rt 63 Peoria Curve, I-81, Butternut Syracuse, Rt 104 Scriba, Rt 695 at Rt 5 Camillus, Rt 16 Ishua, Rt 78&31 Lockport, I-81 Drainage Syracuse, Rt 20A East Aurora, Rt 174 Marcellus, Rt 96 Spencer, Watkins Glenn Residency, Fredonia Sub-Residency, Rt 240 Colden UST removal, Rt 62 Niagara Falls, Campbell Blvd Bridge, I-81 Destiny Drum Removal, Rt 5&20 Avon, Rt 62 Hamburg Former Sunoco Environmental Investigation, Rt 39 Arcade RR Crossing, Limestone Plaza, Rt 5 Outer Harbor Buffalo, North Syracuse Residency Waste Paint removal, Rt 250 Fairport Crossing, Rt 281 Cortland, Erie Blvd over West Street Syracuse, Rt 15A Rochester Farm DSI, Rt 5&20 Seneca Falls, Oak Street Maintenance Facility. His duties and responsibilities on these types of projects include the review of project specific scopes of work and the subsequent development of analytical programs and analytical budget estimates. As Senior Chemist, he is responsible for the coordination of analytical laboratory services as well as analytical data management and data review. He assists with fieldwork as needed. Mr. Kisluk contributes to the preparation of reports to the NYSDOT.

New York State Electric & Gas (NYSEG) Former MGP Sites: Senior Chemist during remediation phase at multiple NYSEG Former MGP sites in Plattsburgh, Lockport, Ithaca, Geneva and Rochester, New York. Acting as liaison between URS and the laboratories to coordinate field sampling events and ensure all program requirements are met, coordinating and performing data validation for compliance with method and project guidelines, and preparing data for inclusion into remediation reports. He also was responsible coordinating between site personnel and the appropriate agencies in the submission of analytical data for wastewater discharge/monitoring. Performed on-site analysis of air samples using PhotoVac Voyager for community air monitoring.

Meeker Avenue Plume Trackdown: Technical Coordinator responsible for all facets of the site characterization work including budget estimates, work plans, health and safety plans, subcontractor procurement, project planning and tracking, coordination with subcontractors and report writing. This \$1.6 million project for the identification of sources of trichloroethene (TCE) and tetrachloroethene (PCE) contamination in groundwater and soil included monitoring well installations and sampling, direct push soil boring, membrane interface probe (MIP) borings, soil gas conduit installation and sampling, screen point groundwater sampling, dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) sampling and analysis,



compound specific isotope analysis (CSIA) analysis and interpretation, and soil vapor intrusion (SVI) sampling of residential properties. The SVI program consisted of community outreach, scheduling with building owners, coordination with the NYSDEC and NYS Department of Health and report preparation. Mr. Kisluk also served a translator for the Polish speaking residents of the neighborhood. The NYSDEC subsequently awarded URS a \$7 million Single Source Standby Contract for the Meeker Avenue Area Plume Trackdown to perform additional Site Characterizations and RI/FS'.

College Point Site: Technical Coordinator responsible for all facets of the site multi-phase investigation which includes site characterization, interim remedial measures and remedial investigation work including budget estimates, work plans, health and safety plans, subcontractor procurement, project planning and tracking, coordination with subcontractors and report writing. This project for the identification of sources of polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) and petroleum product contamination in soil included monitoring well installations and sampling, direct push soil boring, soil gas conduit installation and sampling, light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) sampling and analysis.

Consolidated Edison – Various Sites: Senior Chemist responsible for coordinating between the field and laboratory for field sampling events and to ensure all program requirements are met, coordinating and performing data validation for compliance with method and project guidelines, and preparing data for inclusion into remediation reports.

1st Avenue & East 90th Street and North of 720 Melrose Avenue Site Characterizations: Technical Coordinator responsible for all facets of the site characterization work including budget estimates, work plans, health and safety plans, subcontractor procurement, project planning and tracking, coordination with subcontractors and report writing. The two similar projects have a combined budget of over \$1.1 million and included monitoring well installations and sampling using low flow and passive diffusion bag (PDB) sampling procedures, direct push soil borings soil gas conduit installation and sampling, screen point groundwater sampling, slug testing and rock coring for the identification of source(s) of PCE contamination in groundwater.

Polymer Applications: Senior Chemist as part of the team for the investigation and remediation of a former chemical processing facility in Tonawanda, NY. Duties included monthly O&M monitoring of effluent discharge from the onsite water treatment system and vapor recovery system. Mr. Kisluk was also responsible for the analytical program during the Interim Remedial Measures (IRM) phase of work at the site.

Hamburg Former Sunoco Environmental Investigation: Senior Chemist Responsible for the on site inspection and sampling of potentially hazardous waste remaining at this former automobile service station site prior to NYSDOT acquisition of the property.



Fredonia Sub-Residency: Senior chemist responsible for the analytical aspect of the site work for this in-situ bioremediation treatability study at this sub residency. The site is approximately two acres in size and is used by the NYSDOT for offices and storage of their truck fleet and equipment. The Fredonia Sub-Residency has a history of petroleum contamination. Groundwater is monitored quarterly for the presence of petroleum products and bacterial viability.

East Ferry Street: Senior Chemist responsible for the onsite testing for carcinogenic polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) using immunoassay testing procedures with confirmation analysis by an offsite laboratory.

93 Main Street: Senior Chemist responsible for the onsite testing for pesticides and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) using immunoassay testing procedures with confirmation analysis by an offsite laboratory.

Brownfield Redevelopment: Senior Chemist for several brownfield redevelopment projects located in the cities of Buffalo and Niagara Falls, New York for public and private sector clients. Duties and responsibilities on these projects included the review of project specific scopes of work and assisting with the development of work plans and budget estimates. Additionally, performed immunoassay testing for PCBs and PAHs for quick turnaround of results to identify areas of contamination with confirmation analysis by an offsite laboratory. As senior chemist, he was responsible for data validation and preparation of Data Usability Summary Reports.

Plattsburgh AFB, NY: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for implementing current AFCEE QAPP requirements into the existing sampling and analysis plans for an RCRA facility closure plan and groundwater impact study. Performed onsite testing for several parameters using immunoassay with confirmation analysis by an offsite laboratory and Hach titration-based test kits for quick turnaround to identify areas of contamination.

New York Power Authority: Senior Chemist responsible for the preparation of the Sampling and Analysis Plan for the Niagara Power Project relicensing. Assisted with groundwater and surface water sampling, data validation, and data validation reports.

US Army Corps of Engineers Projects: Omaha District and Baltimore District projects including Pope Air Force Base and Roebling Steel Superfund Site. Senior Chemist responsible for preparation of Sampling and Analysis Plans, data validation, Quality Control Summary Reports (QCSR), Analytical Data Packages (ADP), and Quality Assurance Summary Data (QASD). Also responsible for preparation of chemical quality assurance reports (CQAR) comparing primary and split sample data.



153 Fillmore Avenue Voluntary Cleanup: Senior Chemist as part of the team for the investigation and remediation of former paint/roofing materials manufacturing facility in the City of Tonawanda. Following cessation of manufacturing operations the site was utilized for solvent recycling and subsequently abandoned. Included removal and disposal of underground storage tanks and 2,000 tons of solvent-contaminated soils, investigation of the remaining portions of site, asbestos survey and development of remedial alternatives to allow site redevelopment.

Former Dowell Facility Voluntary Cleanup: Senior Chemist as part of the team for the investigation and remediation of a former oil-field services facility in Cheektowaga, NY. This industrial facility prepared and supplied various types of cements and drilling fluids/muds to the oil drilling industry in western New York.

Union Ship Canal Voluntary Cleanup: Senior Chemist as part of the team for the investigation of Subparcel 3 associated with the former Hanna Furnace and Union Ship Canal site in Lackawanna, NY. This "High-Profile" Brownfields project is being performed under the NYSDEC Voluntary Cleanup Program and involves City, County, State and Federal agencies as well as local attorneys and developers. Responsibilities included laboratory procurement, coordination, data validation, and preparation of the Data Usability Summary Report.

Pope AFB, NC: Senior Chemist responsible for ensuring all historical analytical data previously generated from long-term operation and maintenance, and long-term monitoring is entered into and compliant with the IRPIMS data base requirements. Also responsible for the data validation of accuracy of chemical data in the site-wide database maintained in the ERPIMS format.

Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Lackawanna, NY: Senior Chemist responsible for laboratory procurement, coordination with laboratory, data validation, analytical quality control reports and accuracy of chemical data in electronic database of site-wide remedial investigation activities. Also assisted with the preparation of solid waste management unit (SWMU) reports.

Reich Farm Superfund Site: Senior Chemist responsible for data validation and data validation reports for operation, maintenance, and monitoring samples from the site located in Dover Township, NJ.

Hampton Roads Transit: Senior Chemist responsible for data validation and data validation report in accordance with USEPA Region III requirements for samples collected for the Norfolk Light Rail Transit project in the city of Norfolk VA.



Aberdeen Proving Grounds: Senior Chemist as part of the third party data validation team. Responsibilities included data validation, preparation and QA/QC review of data validation reports.

New York City Department of Design and Construction (NYCDDC) UST Project: Assist project manager with the preparation of a monthly financial report for 65 tank and remediation sites. Responsible for compiling and summarizing labor, construction management, subcontractor, and construction cost on a site by site basis in a monthly report to the NYCDDC. Also responsible for the quality control/quality assurance review of analytical data and the maintenance of the project-wide analytical database.

F.E. Warren AFB, WY: Senior Chemist responsible for updating, reviewing and correcting all base-wide historical chemical data in the electronic database for accuracy and compliance with IRPIMS requirements.

Lake RI, Data Validation: Senior Chemist performing QA review of data validation and validation reports.

Wegmans, Buffalo, NY: Senior Chemist responsible for reviewing groundwater monitoring data and preparing the quarterly monitoring reports for this former brownfield restored for use as a supermarket.

Searsport Pipeline, ME: Senior Chemist responsible for sampling activities in the field during the site assessment, which utilized methanol preservation techniques for volatile organic analyses. Also participated in data validation and preparation of quality control reports.

Roebling Steel, NJ: Senior Chemist responsible for updating the chemical data acquisition plan (CDAP) as part of the wharf restoration project. Also responsible for procuring the analytical laboratories, coordination of laboratory bottle shipment with the field in order to comply with the State of New Jersey's sample container 48 hour holding time requirements, data validation, preparation on the QCSR, QASD, and ADP.

Salem Acres, Salem, MA: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for performing on-site ignitability screening test. Assisted in preparing the preconstruction survey report. Provided inspection services during semiannual monitoring of groundwater and sediments along with data validation and preparing the preconstruction monitoring report. Also provided inspection services assisting the resident engineer during the remediation phase of the project.

Dublin Road Project, Medina, NY: PRP Inspector responsible for observing and reviewing construction activities as a representative for NYSDEC during the final phase of remediation activities at this landfill remediation and wetlands restoration project.



BFGSI, Cheektowaga, NY: Site Inspector during the installation of a gas vent and leachate collection trench system, as part of the landfill closure plan.

LiPari Landfill, NJ: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for reviewing historical data and assisted in updating the electronic database using FoxPro to include all available historical analytical data for the site as part of litigation activities.

McGuire AFB, NJ: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for the preparation of the quality assurance project plan, preparing cost proposals for analytical services and subcontract specifications. Summarized data usability of previous analytical work. Also responsible for performing data validation services and preparing data validation reports for samples collected at the base.

Greenbrook Flood Control Project, NJ: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible to the USACE - New York District for coordination of laboratory and field activities during the field investigation phase. Responsibilities also include data validation and preparing the quality control summary report (QCSR). Data validation parameters included radiation, wet chemistry and dioxin analyses.

Fort Edward Landfill, NY: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for coordination of laboratory and field activities data validation using Region II validation guidelines and NYSDEC ASP methodologies. Also prepared a data usability report for initial two rounds of sampling as part of the remedial design and construction project as a part of a NYSDEC State Superfund Work Assignment.

Gentile AFB, OH: Environmental Chemist assisting the Senior Chemist during the data validation phase of the project.

PAS Oswego, NY: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for coordination of laboratory and field activities during the semi-annual monitoring event. Also responsible for data validation and preparation of the environmental monitoring report.

Fort Eustis, VA: Senior Environmental Chemist for USACE Baltimore District. Member of data validation team responsible for auditing nonconventional methods such as radiological and wet chemistry parameters in addition to conventional organic and inorganic analyses.

Bailey Creek, Ft. Eustis, VA: Senior Environmental Chemist for USACE Baltimore District. Responsible for data validation and determining data usability in accordance with USEPA Region III data validation guidelines and USEPA methodologies. Parameters audited included wet chemistry analyses.



Loring AFB, ME: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for coordination of laboratory and field activities during for the Test Pit Program. Also responsible for the data audit and data usability report in compliance with the AFCEE Handbook.

North Franklin Street Site, NY: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for a quality assurance review of a quality assurance project plan for the remediation activities at the site.

Nike Battery PH 58: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for the preparation of the chemical data acquisition plan (CDAP).

Nike Battery PH 41/43 NY 78: Senior Environmental Chemist responsible for the coordination of laboratory and field activities during the field investigation phase of the project.

Hyatt Clark Industries Facility, NJ: Assisted in updating the electronic database to include all historical analytical data for the site as part of the remedial investigation of the site.

Baird & McGuire Site, MA: Project Chemist on a Superfund site utilizing a mobile incinerator for the cleanup of over 400,000 tons of contaminated soil. Responsible for USACE certification and operation of an onsite analytical laboratory for quick turnaround analysis of soil and water for organic and inorganic parameters. Prepared analytical reports for onsite samples, performed data validation on offsite analytical data. Reviewed and revised sampling and analytical work plans. Member of team coordinating sampling activities of soil and air matrices for the trial burn.

EPA Region I ERCS Site, NH: Project Chemist responsible for the sampling and haz-cat analytical of over 750 drums and containers at chemical facility abandoned after a fire.

York Oil Site, NY: Project Chemist/Team Member at an EPA-NPL site involving a remedial investigation, as part of a rapid site assessment for the delineation of waste oils containing PCBs. Responsible for the analytical group utilizing an onsite laboratory.

EPA Region II ERCS Site, Lockport, NY: Project Chemist responsible for the sampling and haz-cat analysis of over 1,500 drums at an abandoned site. Coordinated offsite analytical work for disposal analysis.

EPA Region II ERCS Site, Tuckahoe, NY: Project Chemist responsible for the identification and segregation of potentially unstable chemicals stored at a vitamin manufacturing facility. Also responsible for the sampling and haz-cat analysis of over 500 drums and containers. Assisted the T&D coordinator in inventory and lab-packing of small chemical containers.



Pfohl Brothers Landfill, NY: Project Chemist responsible for preparing work plan for onsite sampling and analytical activities for this NYSDEC project. Responsible for the sampling and haz-cat analysis teams. Coordinated offsite analytical work with laboratories. Prepared waste profiles, manifest, and coordinated disposal of wastewater generated from on-site activities. Member of the post remediation sampling team as part of the O&M activities at this site.

Conrail, Jamestown Rail Yard, NY: Project Chemist responsible for coordinating activities in the cleanup of diesel contaminated soils. Acted as client representative for meetings with NYSDEC officials. Also responsible for coordinating the disposal of over 500 cu. yd. of soil and several waste drums.

Conrail Rail Yard, Geneva, NY: Project Chemist responsible for coordinating activities for the disposal of over 300 cu. yd. of diesel contaminated soil. Prepared and implemented work plan in the determination whether previous clean-up activities performed by Conrail were sufficient in achieving state mandated clean up levels for diesel fuel releases. Prepared final report for NYSDEC and Conrail.

Conrail Rail Yard, Lyons, NY: Project Chemist responsible for the sampling, analysis, and coordinating disposal of 20 drums at this site.

Fike Chemical, WV: Lead Chemist at a Region III ERCS site. Responsible for the onsite sample analysis and data interpretation. Participated in T&D management, including waste profiles and manifest documentation. Responsible for maintaining accurate database information. The project utilized a mobile laboratory for the analysis and ultimate disposal in excess of 5,500 drums and 250 storage tanks.

Bettendorf, IA: Chemist as member of an on-site analysis team utilizing a mobile laboratory for PCB contamination in the cleanup of a major manufacturing facility involved in a real estate transaction.

Lancaster, PA: Chemist as member of a team performing an investigative site evaluation for the presence of contamination from industrial activity at a facility involved in a real estate transaction.

Sun Pipeline Co., OH: Chemist as a member of a team responsible for the analysis of water for toluene contamination utilizing a mobile laboratory to determine its suitability for municipal use after a major spill resulting from pipeline damage. Also assisted the engineer responsible for designing the air stripping mechanism made specifically for the project. Duties included monitoring the performance of the unit.

Ashland Petroleum, PA: Chemist as a member of a team responsible for the analysis of water for diesel fuel contamination utilizing a mobile laboratory to determine its suitability for municipal use after a major spill



resulting from a holding tank collapse. His suggestion on improving the analytical method for determining contamination levels from the original proposal proved valuable in reducing analysis and turnaround time.

Ciba Geigy, NJ: Lead Chemist responsible for all onsite analytical data and instrumentation. Responsible for method development, participated in waste characterization and report preparation in a landfill remediation project utilizing three mobile laboratories in the analysis and ultimate disposal in excess of 15,000 drums.

Swartz Creek, MI: Senior Chemist responsible for all onsite data and instrumentation. Responsible for method development and report writing in the analysis of air and soil samples utilizing two mobile laboratories. Also responsible for site mobilization and demobilization of the analytical unit and a team of two chemists in the removal of 75,000 tons of waste and contaminated soil.

Lehigh Electric Site, PA: Chemist responsible for data generated on air, soil, oil, and water samples for PCB analysis at this early Superfund project in 1983. Responsible for the collection and distribution of samples for analysis. Responsible for the mobilization and demobilization of company's first mobile laboratory, utilized in the decommissioning and removal of electrical transformers containing PCB fluid.

Organic Preparations Supervisor responsible for day-to-day operations of the Organic Preparations Department. Duties included assigning proper EPA-approved methods to the appropriate organic analysis, including quality control requirements, scheduling to meet holding times, training personnel, equipment, inventory, and maintenance.



Karen Peppin

Project Engineer

Overview

Ms. Peppin has over fourteen years experience in conducting feasibility studies, conducting design level investigations, preparing bid documents, performing oversight of remedial activities, and preparing remedial work plans and reports documenting remedial activities. Prior to joining URS (Dames & Moore) in 1998, Ms. Peppin served as Assistant Manager Construction Materials Testing, Maxim Technologies of New York (Empire Soils).

Project Specific Experience

Parts and Repair Service Center, Tonawanda, New York. Project Manager for an apparatus service shop in Tonawanda, New York through the Corrective Measure process, including revision of the Corrective Measurers Study (CMS) final report and preparation of monthly progress reports. Prepared work plans, coordinated implementation, evaluated data, and prepared summary reports for additional investigation of soil along the building foundation and evaluation of storm sewer and creek sediments.

New Bedford Superfund Site, New Bedford, Massachusetts. Engineer for design level investigation, specification preparation, and contractor selection for a former capacitor manufacturing facility in New Bedford, Massachusetts. Supported oversight of accelerated schedule for hazardous material removal and building demolition by servings as Interim Site Safety Officer and providing sampling support for perimeter air monitoring and storm water discharge monitoring.

Containment Cell, Whitehall, New York. Resident Engineer for the construction of a containment cell comprised of a sheet pile wall and cap system. Reviewed contractor submittals, documented construction activities, and prepared Final Engineering Report.

MGP Site Remediation, Plattsburgh, New York. Project Coordinator for remediation of an 11-acre former manufactured gas plant. Responsibilities included providing remedial oversight, collecting waste characterization and wastewater treatment plant effluent samples, coordinating waste disposal, and coordinating remedial work with utility relocation activities. Prepared Final Report+-.

Feasibility Study, Schenectady, New York. Project Engineer for a Feasibility Study (FS) for a 628-acre active manufacturing facility in Schenectady, New York. The FS included evaluation of remedial alternatives for onsite landfills, VOC-impacted groundwater, the presence of free-product, and nearby drinking water supplies.

CMS Report and Corrective Measure Implementation Work Plan, Albuquerque, New Mexico. Project Engineer for the CMS Report and Corrective Measure Implementation Work Plan, and assisted with design

Years of Experience

With URS: 14 Years With Other Firms: 3 Years

Education

B.S./Civil Engineering, with concentration in Environmental Engineering/Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, New York/1995

A.S./Engineering Science, Adirondack Community College/ Queensbury, New York/1993

Registration/Certification

40-hr OSHA HAZWOER OSHA Supervisor Confined Space

Expired - NICET II: Construction Materials Testing (Soils)

Expired - NICET I: Construction Materials Testing (Concrete)

Expired - Troxler



investigations and preparation of bid documents for a former apparatus service shop in Albuquerque, New Mexico.

RCRA Container Storage Area, Tonawanda, New York. Project Manager for closure of a RCRA container storage area at a facility in Tonawanda, New York. Tasks include evaluating the option of closing the storage unit, preparing a *Revised Closure Plan*, coordinating implementation, and preparing the *Closure Certification Report*.

Commercial PCB Storage Area, Tonawanda, New York. Project Manager for closure of an EPA-approved Commercial PCB Storage Area at a RCRA permitted facility in Tonawanda, New York. Tasks included evaluating the option of closing the storage unit, preparing a revised *Closure Plan*, and coordinating implementation. Project work included multi-phase investigation to delineate impacts adjacent to the storage area and resulted in epoxy coating of this active facility's concrete floor in accordance with the procedures specified under TSCA for continued use of PCB-impacted porous surfaces.

Remedial Design Project Management, Medford, and Massachusetts. Project Engineer for remedial engineering support for projects implemented under the Massachusetts Contingency Program at for a transformer repair facility in Medford, Massachusetts. Ms. Peppin prepared a Release Abatement Measure (RAM) Plan for upgrading a consumptive-use fuel oil tank, prepared a RAM Plan for removing PCB containing sediments from storm sewers, provided field oversight for a Utility-Related Abatement Measure (URAM), prepared a URAM Completion Report, prepared a Phase III Remedial Action Plan for evaluating remedial alternatives for PCB-impacted soil, PCB-impacted sediment in storm sewers, and an offsite surface water body, designed and conducted design level investigations for the storm sewers and surface water body, evaluated different excavation scenarios for surface water sediments, and incorporated the remedial design into a Phase IV Remedy Implementation Plan for submission to the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection. Ms. Peppin provided engineering support for obtaining the ten permits and agreements from seven federal, state, or local entities necessary to conduct the remedial work. Ms. Peppin served as Project Manager and Project Engineer through contracting, remedial action implementation, and preparing Response Action Outcome Statements (RAOs) phases of the project, as wells as the final stages of obtaining the permits. Contracting support included preparing the bid specifications and assisting in evaluating contractor bids. Remedial actions for the off-site storm sewers and surface water body were performed from 2006 to 2007 with full time oversight and Environmental Inspector Services performed by URS. Wetland restoration monitoring was successfully completed in 2009. Ms. Peppin prepared the Response Action Outcome Statements for the four portions of this site where permanent or temporary remedies have been achieved. Inspections of the cap at the facility, groundwater monitoring, and semi-annual reporting activities are ongoing.



Interim Remedial Measure, Schenectady, New York. Project Engineer for an Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) to address seepage from an inactive industrial landfill at a facility in Schenectady, New York. Ms. Peppin assisted with the IRM design, prepared a bid package and specifications for implementation of the IRM, and provided field oversight for implementation of the IRM.

Industrial Landfill, Schenectady, New York. Project Engineer for developing and evaluating alternatives to minimize the environmental impact of remediating an inactive 100-acre industrial landfill at a facility in Schenectady, New York. The efforts included evaluation of innovative technologies including a phytoremediation system for the passive treatment of seeping groundwater and a phytocover system to reduce infiltration into the landfill by maximizing evapotranspiration.

Multi-State UST Evaluation. Project manager for evaluating the presence of underground storage tanks at multiple active and inactive facilities. Coordinated efforts of local staff in six states to perform site visits and record reviews, developed recommendations, and prepared summary reports.

Release Abatement Measure, Fitchburg, Massachusetts. Project Engineer for a Release Abatement Measure (RAM) Plan to recover turbine oil from beneath a former turbine manufacturing plant in Fitchburg, Massachusetts. Ms. Peppin prepared the bid package and specifications for implementation of the RAM Plan. She also assisted in the preparation of a pilot program for recovery of light non-aqueous phase liquids (LNAPL) at the site.

Several Environmental Remediation Projects, Connecticut, Massachusetts, and New York. Project Engineer for conceptual engineering design and cost estimates for environmental remediation projects in Connecticut, Massachusetts, and New York.

Groundwater Recovery Systems, Hudson Falls, New York. Project Engineer for DNAPL and PCB, VOC, and B/N SVOC contaminated groundwater recovery systems at an inactive hazardous waste site at a former capacitor manufacturing facility in Hudson Falls, New York. Ms. Peppin oversaw two full-time environmental technicians who maintained 37 recovery systems consisting of 15 dual-phase recovery systems, nine groundwater recovery wells, three DNAPL recovery systems and ten sumps. Specified and ordered all groundwater and pneumatic pumps, and controllers, and appurtences. Maintained records on all systems. Informed client of operational status of recovery systems on a weekly basis and monthly basis.

Feasibility Study, Hudson Falls, New York. Project Engineer for evaluating the feasibility of thermal desorption wells for remediation of PCB containing soils at an inactive hazardous waste site at a former capacitor manufacturing facility in Hudson Falls, New York.

SPCC Plans, Several Sites, New York. Assisted in collecting site data for 52 electrical substations throughout New York for preparation of SPCC Plans.



Interim Remedial Measure Work Plan, Schenectady, New York. Assisted in preparing an Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) Work Plan and bid specifications for removing PCB and metal containing sediment from a storm water collection pond at a manufacturing facility in Schenectady, New York.

Work Plan for AST Closures, Missouri. Assisted in preparing a work plan and bid specifications for removal of four above ground storage tanks at a former apparatus service shop in Missouri.

Vapor Extraction System Operation and Maintenance, Michigan. Prepared monthly progress reports to update the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality on the status of two soil vapor extraction (SVE) systems at a site in northern Michigan with groundwater contamination. Prepared quarterly air and water discharge reports for the SVE systems.

Remedial Action Work Plan, South Carolina. Assisted in revising a Remedial Action Work Plan under the South Carolina Voluntary Cleanup Program to address PCB contamination at a former apparatus service center. Assisted with the preparation of monthly progress reports.

Corrective Measures Evaluation, Central New York. Assisted in the preparation of a report documenting the evaluation of corrective measures for exceedences of metals at three State Pollution Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) Outfalls from a manufacturing plant in Central New York.

UST Closure, Waterford, New York. Provided field oversight for the in-place closure of one underground storage tank (UST), and the removal of five USTs at an industrial facility in Waterford, New York. Prepared tank closure reports for these tanks as well as six other USTs for submission to the NYSDEC.

Air Sparging Pilot Test, Michigan. Evaluated results and prepared report for an Air Sparging Pilot Test at a site in northern Michigan with groundwater contamination.

Groundwater Treatment System, New York. Assisted in maintaining a float controlled groundwater treatment system in Rensselaer, New York. Duties included sampling groundwater and system effluent, air monitoring, electrical and plumbing up-grades, troubleshooting, pump maintenance, overseeing carbon change-outs, and managing waste disposal.

Professional Societies/Affiliates

Associate Member, American Society of Civil Engineers Member, Chi Epsilon

ATTACHMENT B

COPIES OF LABORATORY NYSDOH ELAP CERTIFICATIONS

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WADSWORTH CENTER



Expires 12:01 AM April 01, 2013 Issued April 02, 2012 Revised June 19, 2012

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL FOR LABORATORY SERVICE Issued in accordance with and pursuant to section 502 Public Health Law of New York State

NY Lab Id No: 10026

MR. CHRISTOPHER SPENCER TESTAMERICA BUFFALO 10 HAZELWOOD DRIVE - SUITE 106 AMHERST, NY 14228

is hereby APPROVED as an Environmental Laboratory in conformance with the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference Standards (2003) for the category ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES POTABLE WATER All approved analytes are listed below:

Drinking Water Metals II

Dissolved Gases

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|--|--|---|--|
| Acetylene | RSK-175 | Aluminum, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Ethane | RSK-175 | Antimony, Total | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| Ethene (Ethylene) | RSK-175 | Beryllium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Methane | RSK-175 | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| Propane | RSK-175 | Molybdenum, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Drinking Water Metals I | | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| CONTRACTOR AND A REAL PROPERTY OF | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Nickel, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Arsenic, Total | | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| Barlum, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Thallium, Total | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| | | Vanadium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Cadmium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA.200,8 Rev. 5.4 |
| and and a second se | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Drinking Water Metals III | |
| Chromium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EBA 000 7 (D-4) 4 4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Boron, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Copper, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Calcium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Magnesium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Iron, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Potassium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Lead, Total | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Sodium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Manganese, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Drinking Water Miscellaneous | |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Endothall | EPA 548.1 |
| Mercury, Total | EPA 245.1 Rev. 3.0 | Organic Carbon, Dissolved | SM 18-21 5310D (00) |
| Selenium, Total | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | |
| Silver, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Organic Carbon, Total | SM 18-21.5310D (00) |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Turbidity | EPA 180.1 Rev. 2.0 |
| Zinc, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Drinking Water Non-Metals | 1947 - 212 112 (112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Alkalinity | EPA 310.2 |
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Serial No.: 47145

Property of the New York State Department of Health. Certificates are valid only at the address shown, must be conspicuously posted, and are printed on secure paper. Continued accreditation depends on successful ongoing participation in the Program. Consumers are urged to call (518) 485-5570 to verify the laboratory's accreditation status.



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| Drinking Water Non-Metals | | Fuel Additives | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Alkalinity | SM 18-21 2320B (97) | Methyl tert-butyl ether | EPA 524.2 | |
| Calcium Hardness | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Microextractibles | | |
| | SM 18-21 2340B (97) | 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | EPA 504.1 | |
| Chloride | EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 | 1,2-Dibromoethane | EPA 504.1 | |
| | SM 18-21 4110B (00) | | | |
| | SM 18-21 4500-CI- E (97) | Volatile Aromatics | n jalais digen - dijeks Na sa | |
| Color | SM 18-21 2120B (01) | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Cyanide | EPA 335.4 Rev. 1.0 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| | SM 18-21 4500-CN E (99) | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Fluoride, Total | EPA 300.0 Rev: 2.1 | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| | SM 18-21 4110B (00) | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Nitrate (as N) | EPA 353,2 Rev. 2.0 | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Nitrite (as N) | EPA 353.2 Rev. 2.0 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Orthophosphate (as P) | SM 18-21 4500-P E | 2-Chlorotoluene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Solids, Total Dissolved | SM 18-21 2540C (97) | 4-Chlorotoluene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Specific Conductance | EPA 120.1 Rev. 1982 | Benzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Sulfate (as SO4) | ASTM D516-90 02 & 07 | Bromobenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| | EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 | Chlorobenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| | SM 18-21 4110B (00) | Ethyl benzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| | | Hexachlorobutadiene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Drinking Water Trihalomethanes | | isopropylbenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Bromodichloromethane | EPA 524.2 | n-Butylbenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Bromoform | EPA 524.2 | n-Propylbenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Chloroform | EPA 524.2 | p-Isopropyltoluene (P-Cymene) | EPA 524.2 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | EPA 524.2 | sec-Butylbenzene | EPA 524.2 | |
| Total Trihalomethanes | EPA 524.2 | Styrene | EPA 524.2 | |
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Serial No.: 47145

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CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL FOR LABORATORY SERVICE Issued in accordance with and pursuant to section 502 Public Health Law of New York State

NY Lab Id No: 10026

MR. CHRISTOPHER SPENCER TESTAMERICA BUFFALO 10 HAZELWOOD DRIVE - SUITE 106 AMHERST, NY 14228

is hereby APPROVED as an Environmental Laboratory in conformance with the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference Standards (2003) for the category ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES POTABLE WATER All approved analytes are listed below:

| Volatile Aromatics | |
|---------------------------|--|
| tert-Butylbenzene | EPA 524.2 |
| Toluene | EPA 524.2 |
| Total Xylenes | EPA 524.2 |
| Volatile Halocarbons | |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | EPA 524.2 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | EPA 524.2 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | EPA 524:2 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | EPA 524.2 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | EPA 524.2 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | EPA 524:2 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | EPA 524:2 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | EPA 524.2 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | EPA 524.2 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | EPA 524.2 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | EPA 524.2 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | EPA 524.2 |
| Bromochloromethane | EPA 524.2 |
| Bromomethane | EPA 524.2 |
| Carbon tetrachloride | EPA 524.2 |
| Chloroethane | EPA 524.2 |
| Chloromethane | EPA 524.2 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | EPA 524.2 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | EPA 524,2 |
| Dibromomethane | EPA 524.2 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | EPA 524.2 |
| | 영상 이 모든 것 같은 것 같 |

Volatile Halocarbons

| 1997년 - 1997년 - 1997년 - 1997년 - | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | S. 3 2 . |
|--|--|---|-------------|-------------|
| Methylene chloride | r 19 an Arthony | | EPA | 524,2 |
| | Star Children | And All All All All All All All All All Al | | 8 - A - A |
| Tetrachloroethene | | | EDA | 524.2 |
| renacilionoeniche | | | L-1 / | JZ4.2 |
| | | | f = 26 | 2012 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroe | thene | | EPA | 524.2 |
| i i i she i i i i shukara | | 100 M 100 M | 10.15484 | 1. A. C. |
| Amono 1 2 Diobleror | | | EDA | 524.2 |
| trans-1,3-Dichlorop | noberie | asserted that we have | ್ಷರಗ | JZ4.Z |
| | 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1 | 1.0.000 | Net co | in methodes |
| Trichloroethene | | 1999 B. | EPA | 524.2 |
| | | 1 | 1997 E - CA | |
| Trichlorofluoromet | | Participation of the | EDA | 524.2 |
| Inchioronuoronneu | lialle | | | 024.2 |
| \$~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | T STRANG | 590 (M G | . A. 19 83 | |
| Vinyl chloride | | | EPA | 524.2 |
| | | 8 | 1995-JUN | |

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| Acrylates | | Amines | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Acrolein (Propenal) | EPA 624 | Aniline | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8260B | Carbazole | EPA 8270C |
| Acrylonitrile | EPA 624 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8260B | Diphenylämine | EPA 8270C |
| Ethyl methacrylate | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8270D |
| Methyl acrylonitrile | EPA 8260B | Methapyrilene | EPA 8270C |
| Methyl methacrylate | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8270D |
| Amines | | Pronamide | EPA 8270C |
| 이야지 않는 것은 것 않는 것 같은 것 같이 했다. | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| 1,4-Phenylenediamine | EPA 82700 EPA 8270D | Propionitrile | EPA 8260B |
| A ALL A MALE AND A | EPA 8270C | Pyridine | EPA 625 |
| 1-Naphthylamine | EPA 82700 | | EPA 8270C |
| 0 Ma-bibi Jowina | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 2-Naphthylamine | EPA 8270D | Benzidines | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | EPA 8270C | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | EPA 625 |
| Z-Niii Udininie | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270C |
| 3-Nitroaniline | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine | EPA 8270C |
| 4-Chloroanlline | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Benzidine | EPA 625 |
| 4-Nitroaniline | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | EPA 8270C | | leidea |
| | EPA 8270D | Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pest | |
| Aniline | EPA 8270C | 4;4'-DDD | EPA 608 |
| an the state manufactor and the state of the | 이 방법적인 이 것들 것이 가지 않지 않는 것이 없을까? | 연성도 바깥값은 물질 사람이다. 물건값이 드릴 것을 전하는 | EPA 8081A |

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| Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pesticides | 한 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 얻는 것을 했다. | Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pest | cides |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------|
| 4,4'-DDD EPA | 8081B | delta-BHC | EPA 8081B |
| 4,4'-DDE EPA | 608 | Diallate | EPA 8270C |
| EPA | 8081A | | EPA 8270D |
| EPA | 8081B | Dieldrin | EPA 608 |
| 4,4-DDT EPA | 608 | | EPA 8081A |
| EPA | 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| EPA | 8081B | Endosulfan i | EPA 608 |
| Aldrin EPA | 608 | | EPA 8081A |
| EPA | 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| EPA | 8081B | Endosulfan II | EPA 608 |
| alpha-BHC EPA | 608 | | EPA 8081A |
| EPA | 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| EPA | . 8081B | Endosulfan sulfate | EPA 608 |
| alpha-Chiordane EPA | \ 8081A | | EPA 8081A |
| EPA | A 8081B | | EPA 8081B |
| beta-BHC EPA | \ 608 | Endrin | EPA 608 |
| EP/ | N 8081A | | EPA 8081A |
| EP/ | A 8081B | | EPA 8081B |
| Chlordane Total EP/ | A 608 | Endrin aldehyde | EPA 608 |
| EP/ | A 8081A | and the second | EPA 8081A |
| EP | A 8081B | | EPA 8081B |
| Chlorobenzilate EP | A 8270C | Endrin Ketone | EPA 8081A |
| EP | A 8270D | | EPA 8081B |
| delta-BHC EP | A 608 | gamma-Chlordane | EPA 8081A |
| EP | A 8081A | | EPA 8081B |

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| Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pest | licides | Chlorinated Hydrocarbons | |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Heptachior | EPA 608 | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8081A | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8081B | | EPA 8270D |
| Heptachlor epoxide | EPA 608 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8081B | | EPA 8270D |
| Isodrin | EPA 8270C | 2-Chloronaphthalene | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270C |
| Kepone | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| a da la construcción de la constru Construcción de la construcción de l | EPA 8270D | Hexachlorobenzene | EPA 625 |
| Lindane | EPA 608 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8081B | Hexachiorobutadiene | EPA 625 |
| Methoxychlor | EPA 608 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8081B | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | EPA 625 |
| Mirex | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8081B | | EPA 8270D |
| | SM 18-20 6630C | Hexachloroethane | EPA 625 |
| PCNB | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Toxaphene | EPA 608 | Hexachloropropene | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8081B | Pentachlorobenzene | EPA 8270C |
| | | | EPA 8270D |

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| Chlorophenoxy Acid Pesticides | | Fuel Oxygenates | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2;4,5-T | EPA 8151A | tert-butyl alcohol | EPA 8260B |
| 2,4;5-TP (Silvex) | EPA 8151A | tert-butyl ethyl ether (ETBE) | EPA 8260B |
| 2,4-D | EPA 8151A | Haloethers | |
| Dalapon | EPA 8151A | 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether | EPA 625 |
| Dichloroprop | EPA 8151A | | EPA 8270C |
| Dinoseb | EPA 8151A | | EPA 8270D |
| Demand | | 4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether | EPA 625 |
| Biochemical Oxygen Demand | SM 18-21 5210B (01) | | EPA 8270C |
| Carbonaceous BOD | SM 18-21 5210B (01) | | EPA 8270D |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand | EPA 410.4 Rev. 2.0 | Bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether | EPA 625 |
| Alexandra Andreas Resource (Processed) | HACH 8000 | | EPA 8270C |
| | | | EPA 8270D |
| Dissolved Gases | RSK-175 | Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | EPA 625 |
| Acetylene | | | EPA 8270C |
| Ethane | RSK-175 | | EPA 8270D |
| Ethene (Ethylene) | RSK-175 | Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | EPA 625 |
| Methane | RSK-175 | | EPA 8270C |
| Propane | RSK-175 | | EPA 8270D |
| Fuel Oxygenates | | Mineral | |
| Di-isopropyl ether | EPA 8260B | Alkalinity | EPA 310.2 |
| Ethanol | EPA 8015 B | Partaminiy | SM 18-21 2320B (97) |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether | EPA 8021B | Chloride | EPA 300.0 Rev. 2,1 |
| | EPA 8260B | CIIIUIJOB | EPA 9056A |
| tert-amyl methyl ether (TAME) | EPA 8260B | | SM 18-21 4110B (00) |
| tert-butyl alcohol | EPA 8015 B | | |
| 같이 있었다. 이 이 방법 방법에 가지 않는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 가지 않는 것은 것을 했다. 이 것은 이 이 이 이 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 알려졌다. 이 것을 알려졌다. | | | SM 18-21 4500-CI- E (|

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| Mineral | | Nitroaromatics and Isophorone | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Fluoride, Total | EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 | Isophorone | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 9056A | Nitrobenzene | EPA 625 |
| | SM 18-21 4110B (00) | | EPA 8270C |
| realized and service that the service of | SM 18-21 4500-F C (97) | | EPA 8270D |
| Hardness, Total | SM 18-21 2340B (97) | Nitrosoamines | |
| | SM 18-21 2340C (97) | N-Nitrosodiethylaminė | EPA 8270C |
| Sulfate (as SQ4) | ASTM D516-90 02 & 07 | NAMILOSOLICITY ATTACTO | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 | N-Nitrosodimethylamine | EPA 625 |
| terse and antication of the second | EPA 9056A | N-NUCCCOMPCTY CONTROL | EPA 8270C |
| | SM 18-21 4110B (00) | | EPA 8270D |
| Nitroaromatics and Isophorone | | N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine | EPA 8270C |
| 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| 1,0,0- (1100000, | EPA 8270D | N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | EPA 625 |
| 1,3-Dinitrobenzene | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270C |
| HC Dillicooliticity | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 1,4-Naphthoquinone | EPA 8270C | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270C |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270C | N-nitrosopiperidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 2.6-Dinitrotoluene | EPA 625 | N-Nitrosopyrrolidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| a dan sa | EPA 8270D | | |
| Isophorone | EPA 625 | Nutrient | |
| | EPA 8270C | Ammonia (as N) | EPA 350.1 Rev. 2.0 |
| | | Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Total | EPA 351.2 Rev. 2.0 |

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| Nutrient | | Petroleum Hydrocarbons | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| Nitrate (as N) | EPA 353.2 Rev. 2.0 | Gasoline Range Organics | EPA 8015 B |
| an an the static threads and | SM 18-21 4500-NO3 F (00) | Phthalate Esters | |
| Nitrite (as N) | EPA 353.2 Rev. 2.0 | Benzyl butyl phthalate | EPA 625 |
| | SM 18-21 4500-NO3 F (00) | | EPA 8270C |
| Orthophosphate (as P) | SM 18-21 4500-P E | | EPA 8270D |
| Phosphorus, Total | SM 18-21 4500-P E | Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate | EPA 625 |
| Organophosphate Pesticides | | | EPA 8270C |
| Atrazine | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Diethyl phthalate | EPA 625 |
| Dimethoate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Disulfoton | EPA 8270C | Dimethyl phthalate | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270C |
| Famphur | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Di-n-butyl phthalate | EPA 625 |
| Parathion ethyl | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | entration and states and states | EPA 8270D |
| Parathion methyl | EPA 8270C | Di-n-octyl phthalate | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270C |
| Phorate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Polychlorinated Biphenyls | |
| Simazine | EPA 8270C | PCB-1016 | EPA 608 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8082 |
| Petroleum Hydrocarbons | | | EPA 8082A |
| Diesel Range Organics | EPA 8015 B | PCB-1221 | EPA 608 |

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Polynuclear Aromatics

| | | | ina | | | | |
|--|--|--|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |

| - PCB-1221 | EPA 8082 | 7,12-Dimethylbenzyl (a) anthracene | EPA 8270D |
|---|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | EPA 8082A | Acenaphthene | EPA 625 |
| PCB-1232 | EPA 608 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8082 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8082A | Acenaphthylene | EPA 625 |
| PCB-1242 | EPA 608 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8082 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8082A | Anthracene | EPA 625 |
| PCB-1248 | EPA 608 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8082 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8082A | Benzo(a)anthracene | EPA 625 |
| PCB-1254 | EPA 608 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8082 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8082A | Benzo(a)pyrene | EPA 625 |
| PCB-1260 | EPA 608 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8082 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8082A | Benzo(b)fluoranthene | EPA 625 |
| PCB-1262 | EPA 8082 | | EPA 8270C |
| in the second | EPA 8082A | | EPA 8270D |
| PCB-1268 | EPA 8082 | Benzo(ghi)perylene | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8082A | | EPA 8270C |
| Polynuclear Aromatics | | | EPA 8270D |
| | FBA 00700 | Benzo(k)fluoranthene | EPA 625 |
| 3-Methylcholanthrene | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 7,12-Dimethylbenzyl (a) anthracene | EPA 8270C | 2. 그는 것 같은 것은 것 같아. 김 옷 성격한 명기는 | |

7,12-Dimethylbenzyl (a) anthracene

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| olynuclear Aromatics | | Priority Pollutant Phenois | |
|------------------------|-----------|---|-----------|
| Chrysene | EPA 625 | 2,3,4,6 Tetrachlorophenol | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | EPA 625 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 2,4;6-Trichlorophenol | EPA 625 |
| Fluoranthene | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| na katan na katakatan | EPA 8270D | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | EPA 625 |
| Fluorene | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | EPA 625 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | EPA 625 |
| Naphthalene | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 2,6-Dichlorophenol | EPA 8270C |
| Phenanthrene | EPA 625 | and the second second second second second second | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270C | 2-Chlorophenol | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270C |
| Pyrene | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270C | 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol | EPA 625 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270C |
| | | | EPA 8270D |
| | | | |

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| Priority Pollutant Phenols | | Residue | |
|----------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2-Methylphenol | EPA 8270C | Settleable Solids | SM 18-21 2540 F (97) |
| | EPA 8270D | Solids, Total | SM 18-21 2540B (97) |
| 2-Nitrophenol | EPA 625 | Solids, Total Dissolved | SM 18-21 2540C (97) |
| | EPA 8270C | Solids, Total Suspended | SM 18-21 2540D (97) |
| | EPA 8270D | Semi-Volatile Organics | |
| 3-Methylphenol | EPA 8270C | 1,1'-Biphenyl | EPA 8270C |
| al or or an and the second | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | EPA 625 | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, Semi-volatile | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, Semi-volatile | EPA 8270C |
| 4-Methylphenol | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, Semi-volatile | EPA 8270C |
| 4-Nitrophenol | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270C | 2-Methylnaphthalene | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Cresols, Total | EPA 625 | 4-Amino biphenyl | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Acetophenone | EPA 8270C |
| Pentachiorophenol | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8151A | Benzaldehyde | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Benzoic Acid | EPA 8270C |
| Phenol | EPA 625 | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270C | Benzyl alcohol | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |

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is hereby APPROVED as an Environmental Laboratory in conformance with the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference Standards (2003) for the category ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES NON POTABLE WATER All approved analytes are listed below:

| Semi-Volatile Organics | | Volatile Aromatics | |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Caprolactam | EPA 8270C | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | EPA 8260B |
| Station of which is a second state | EPA 8270D | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 624 |
| Dibenzofuran | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8270D | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 624 |
| Ethyl methanesulfonate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8270D | Benzene | EPA 602 |
| Isosafrole | EPA 8270C | | EPA 624 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8021B |
| Methyl methanesulfonate | EPA 82700 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8270D | Chlorobenzene | EPA 624 |
| O,O,O-Triethyl phosphorothioate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8270D | Ethyl benzene | EPA 602 |
| p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene | EPA 8270C | | EPA 624 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8021B |
| Phenacetin | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8270D | Isopropylbenzene | EPA 8021B |
| Safrole | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8270D | Naphthalene, Volatile | EPA 8260B |
| Volatile Aromatics | an a | n-Butylbenzene | EPA 8021B |
| | ED3 4000D | | EPA 8260B |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, Volatile | EPA 8260B | n-Propylbenzene | EPA 8021B |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | EPA 8021B | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | p-lsopropyitoluene (P-Cymene) | EPA 8021B |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | sec-Butylbenzene | EPA 8021B |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | EPA 8021B | | |

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| /olatile Aromatics | | Volatile Halocarbons | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| sec-Butylbenzene | EPA 8260B | 1,1-Dichloroethene | EPA 624 |
| Styrene | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | 1,1-Dichloropropene | EPA 8260B |
| tert-Butylbenzene | EPA 8260B | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | EPA 8260B |
| Toluene | EPA 602 | 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | EPA 8011 |
| Contraction and Contraction and | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8021B | 1,2-Dibromoethane | EPA 8011 |
| a an ann an tha an tha an tha an tha an tha | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| Total Xylenes | EPA 602 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | EPA 624 |
| | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 80218 | 1,2-Dichloropropane | EPA 624 |
| | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| | er og som en er som en er | 1,3-Dichloropropane | EPA 8260B |
| Volatile Chlorinated Organics | | 2,2-Dichloropropane | EPA 8260B |
| Epichlorohydrin | EPA 8260B | 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene (Chloroprene) | EPA 8260B |
| Volatile Halocarbons | and a second second second | 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether | EPA 624 |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | EPA 624 | 3-Chloropropene (Allyl chloride) | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Bromochloromethane | EPA 8260B |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | EPA 624 | Bromodichloromethane | EPA 624 |
| | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane | EPA 8260B | Bromoform | EPA 624 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Bromomethane | EPA 624 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | | |

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| Volatile Halocarbons | | Volatile Halocarbons | |
|--|--------------------------|--|------------|
| Carbon tetrachloride | EPA 624 | trans-1;3-Dichloropropene | EPA 624 |
| | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| Chloroethane | EPA 624 | trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Trichloroethene | EPA 624 |
| Chloroform | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Trichlorofluoromethane | EPA 624 |
| Chloromethane | EPA 624 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Vinyl chloride | EPA 624 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | EPA 624 | Volatiles Organics | |
| | EPA 8260B | 1,4-Dioxane | EPA 8260B |
| cis-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | EPA 8260B | 2-Butanone (Methylethyl ketone) | EPA 8260B |
| Dibromochloromethane | EPA 624 | 2-Hexanone | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | EPA 8260B |
| Dibromomethane | EPA 8260B | Acetone | EPA 8260B |
| Dichlorodifiuoromethane | EPA 624 | Acetonitrile | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Carbon Disulfide | EPA 8260B |
| Hexachlorobutadiene, Volatile | EPA 8260B | Cyclohexane | EPA 8260B |
| Methyliodide | EPA 8260B | Isobutyl alcohol | EPA 8015 B |
| Methylene chloride | EPA 624 | | EPA 8015C |
| | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| Tetrachloroethene | EPA 624 | Methyl acetate | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Methyl cyclohexane | EPA 8260B |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | EPA 624 | o-Toluidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8260B | Vinyl acetate | EPA 8260B |
| en filler an | 총 다시 전에 대한 관계 중에서 전 옷을 물 | an a | |

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| astewater Metals I | | Wastewater Metals I | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Barium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Copper, Total | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6010B | Iron, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6020A | Lead, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Cadmium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 200,8 Rev. 5.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| an an an an an an an Araba an Araba. Taona an a | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6020 |
| an torong an ang yan | EPA 6020 | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6020A | Magnesium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Calcium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4:4 | | EPA 6010B |
| AUG Services Andres | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | Manganese, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Chromium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6020A | Nickel, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Copper, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6020 |

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| Wastewater Metals I | | Wastewater Metals II | |
|---|--------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Nickel, Total | EPA 6020A | Antimony, Total | EPA 6010C |
| Potassium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6010C | Arsenic, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4:4 |
| Silver, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6010B |
| in the contract States a | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 6020 | an a | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6020A | Beryllium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| Sodium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5:4 |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6010C |
| Strontium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6010B | Chromium VI | EPA 7196A |
| | EPA 6020 | | SM 18-19 3500-Cr D |
| | EPA 6020A | | SM 20+21 3500-Cr B (01) |
| Wastewater Metals II | | Mercury, Total | EPA 245.1 Rev. 3.0 |
| | | | EPA 7470A |
| Aluminum, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Selenium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| n an thair an the state of the st | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6010B |
| Antimony, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 6010B | | |

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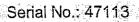
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| Wastewater Metals II | | Wastewater Metals III | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Selenium, Total | EPA 6020A | Molybdenum, Total | EPA 6020A |
| Variadium, Total | EPA 200,7 Rev. 4.4 | Thallium, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 6020A | | EPA 6020A |
| Zinc, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev, 4.4 | Tin, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | Titanlum, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 60108 |
| | EPA 6020A | | EPA 6010C |
| Wastewater Metals III | | Wastewater Miscellaneous | |
| Cobalt, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Boron, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | Bromide | EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 9056A |
| | EPA 6020A | | SM 18-21 4110B (00) |
| Molybdenum, Total | EPA 200.7 Rev. 4.4 | Color | SM 18-21 2120B (01) |
| | EPA 200.8 Rev. 5.4 | Cyanide, Total | EPA 335.4 Rev. 1.0 |
| | EPA 6010B | | EPA 9012A |
| | EPA 6010C | | LACHAT 10-204-00-1-X |
| | EPA 6020 | | SM 18-21 4500-CN E (99) |
| | n an an an an an an ann an ann an ann an a | and a second of the second | |







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Wastewater Miscellaneous

| Cyanide, Total | SM 18-21 4500-CN G (99) |
|--|---|
| Oil & Grease Total Recoverable (HEM) | EPA 1664A |
| | EPA 9070 (Solvent:Hexane) |
| Organic Carbon, Total | EPA 9060 |
| entre e constante a versioner | SM 18-21 5310D (00) |
| Phenols | EPA 420.4 Rev. 1.0 |
| | EPA 9065 |
| | EPA 9066 |
| Specific Conductance | EPA 120.1 Rev. 1982 |
| | EPA 9050 |
| | SM 18-21-2510B (97) |
| Sulfide (as S) | SM 18-21 4500-S D (00) |
| | SM 19-21 4500-S F (00) |
| Surfactant (MBAS) | SM 18-21 5540C (00) |
| Total Organic Halides | EPA 9020 |
| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons | EPA 1664A |
| Turbidity | EPA 180.1 Rev. 2.0 |
| Sample Preparation Methods | |
| | EPA 200.2 |
| | EPA 3005A |
| | EPA 3010A |
| | EPA 3020A |
| | EPA 3510C |
| | EPA 3520C |
| 化化物化物化物化物化物化物化物化物物化物化物化物化物化物物化物物化物化物化物化物 | ・ アー・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・ |

Sample Preparation Methods

EPA 9010B SM 18-20 4500-P b.5

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Property of the New York State Department of Health. Certificates are valid only at the address shown, must be conspicuously posted, and are printed on secure paper. Continued accreditation depends on successful ongoing participation in the Program. Consumers are urged to call (518) 485-5570 to verify the laboratory's accreditation status.

FPA 5030B



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| Acrylates | | Amines | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Acrolein (Propenal) | EPA 8260B | Arilline | EPA 8270D |
| Acrylonitrile | EPA 8260B | Carbazole | EPA 8270C |
| Ethyl methacrylate | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8270D |
| Methyl acrylonitrile | EPA 8260B | Diphenylamine | EPA 8270C |
| Methyl methacrylate | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8270D |
| Amines | | Methapyrilene | EPA 8270C |
| 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Pronamide | EPA 8270C |
| 1,4-Phenylenediamine | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Benzidines | |
| 1-Naphthylamine | EPA 8270C | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 2-Naphthylamine | EPA 8270C | 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 2-Nitroaniline | EPA 8270C | Benzidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 3-Nitroaniline | EPA 8270C | Characteristic Testing | |
| Charlen and Anna Sant's Charlen and Anna Anna Santa anna Anna Anna Santa an | EPA 8270D | Corrosivity | EPA 9040B |
| 4-Chloroaniline | EPA 8270C | Controsivity | EPA 9045C |
| | EPA 8270D | Free Liquids | EPA 9095A |
| 4-Nitroaniline | EPA 8270C | Ignitability | EPA 1010 |
| | EPA 8270D | Reactivity | SW-846 Ch7 Sec. 7.3 |
| 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | EPA 8270C | | |
| | EPA 8270D | Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pesticides | |
| Aniline | EPA 8270C | 2,4'-DDD (Mitotane) | EPA 8081A |
| - 「「「」」、「「」」、「「」」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 하는 것 같은 것은 것이 아니는 것 같은 것은 것이 같은 것이 같다. 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같이 많이 | ter anna an a' fhair ann an t-an Air Air Air ann an Air |

Serial No.: 47127





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CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL FOR LABORATORY SERVICE Issued in accordance with and pursuant to section 502 Public Health Law of New York State

NY Lab Id No: 10026

Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pesticides

MR. CHRISTOPHER SPENCER TESTAMERICA BUFFALO 10 HAZELWOOD DRIVE - SUITE 106 AMHERST, NY 14228

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Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pesticides

| CINORINALEO HYDROGALDON I ES | | Contraction of the second s | |
|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------|
| 2,4'-DDD (Mitotane) | EPA 8081B | Dieldrin | EPA 8081A |
| 4,4'-DDD | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Endosulfan i | EPA 8081A |
| 4,4'-DDE | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Endosulfan II | EPA 8081A |
| 4,4'-DDT | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Endosulfan sulfate | EPA-8081A |
| Aldrin | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Endrin | EPA 8081A |
| alpha-BHC | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Endrin aldehyde | EPA 8081A |
| alpha-Chlordane | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Endrin Ketone | EPA 8081A |
| Atrazine | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8270D | gamma-Chlordane | EPA 8081A |
| beta-BHC | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Heptachlor | EPA 8081A |
| Chlordane Total | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8081B | Heptachlor epoxide | EPA 8081A |
| Chlorobenzilate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8270D | Kepone | EPA 8270C |
| delta-BHC | EPA 8081A | | EPA 8270D |
| and the second strong of | EPA 8081B | Lindane | EPA 8081A |
| Diallate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8081B |
| | EPA 8270D | Methoxychlor | EPA 8081A |
| IN 26.4 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 | 그는 그 괜찮는 그는 이 가슴에서 관광했다. 가방없다. | | |

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| Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Pesticid | 6 5 | Chlorinated Hydrocarbons | - 1973 - 1989 - 1987 - 1987 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 198 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Methoxychlor | EPA 8081B | Pentachiorobenzene | EPA 8270D |
| Pentachloronitrobenzene | EPA 8270C | Chlorophenoxy Acid Pesticides | |
| | EPA 8270D | 2,4,5-T | EPA 8151A |
| Toxaphene | EPA 8081A | 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) | EPA 8151A |
| | EPA 8081B | 2,4-D | EPA 8151A |
| Chlorinated Hydrocarbons | | Dalapon | EPA 8151A |
| 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene | EPA 8270C | Dichloroprop | EPA 8151A |
| | EPA 8270D | Dinoseb | EPA 8151A |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | EPA 8270C | Pentachlorophenol | EPA 8151A |
| | EPA 8270D | Haloethers | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | EPA 8270C | 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether | EPA 8270C |
| And Antonio 2011 State and a straight | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Hexachlorobenzene | EPA 8270C | 4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | EPA 8270C | Bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Hexachiorocyclopentadiene | EPA 8270C | Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Hexachloroethane | EPA 8270C | Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Hexachlorophene | EPA 8270C | | |
| | EPA 8270D | Metals I | CD4 06405 |
| Hexachloropropene | EPA 8270C | Barium, Total | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 6010C |
| Pentachlorobenzene | EPA 8270C | | EPA 6020 |

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| Metals I | | Metals I | |
|--|-----------|--|-----------|
| Barium, Total | EPA 6020A | Manganese, Total | EPA 6020 |
| Cadmium, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6010C | Nickel, Total | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6020A | | EPA 6020 |
| Calcium, Total | ÉPA 6010B | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6010C | Potassium, Total | EPA-6010B |
| Chromium, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| n an | EPA 6010C | Silver, Total | EPA 6010B |
| a and a second | EPA 6020 | and the second | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6020A | | EPA 6020 |
| Copper, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6010C | Sodium, Total | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6020A | Strontium, Total | EPA 6010B |
| Iron, Total | EPA 6010B | Metals II | |
| | EPA 6010C | Aluminum, Total | EPA 6010B |
| Lead, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | Antimony, Total | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6020 | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6020A | | EPA 6020 |
| Magnesium, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6010C | Arsenic, Total | EPA 6010B |
| Manganese, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6020 |

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NY Lab Id No: 10026

MR. CHRISTOPHER SPENCER TESTAMERICA BUFFALO 10 HAZELWOOD DRIVE - SUITE 106 AMHERST, NY 14228

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| Metals II | | Metals III | |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Arsenic, Total | EPA 6020A | Molybdenum, Total | EPA 6010C |
| Beryllium, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6020A |
| | EPA 6020 | Thailium, Total | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6020A | | EPA 6010C |
| Lithium, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6020 |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6020A |
| Mercury, Total | EPA 7471A | Tin, Total | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 7471B | | EPA 6010C |
| Selenium, Total | EPA 6010B | Titanium, Total | EPA 6010B |
| | EPA 6010C | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6020 | Minerals | yan yang ber |
| | EPA 6020A | Bromide | EPA 9056A |
| Vanadium, Total | EPA 6010B | Chloride | EPA 9056A |
| | EPA 6010C | GIIDING | EPA 9251 |
| Zinc, Total | EPA 6010B | Fluoride, Total | EPA 9056A |
| | EPA 6010C | Sulfate (as SO4) | EPA 9038 |
| | EPA 6020 | Suilate (as 304) | EPA 9056A |
| | EPA 6020A | | |
| Madala III | | Miscellaneous | |
| Metals III | | Boron, Total | EPA 6010B |
| Cobalt, Total | EPA 6010B | | EPA 6010C |
| | EPA 6010C | Cyanide, Total | EPA 9012A |
| | EPA 6020 | Phenols | EPA 9066 |
| | EPA 6020A | Specific Conductance | EPA 9050 |
| Molybdenum, Total | EPA 6010B | Total Organic Halides | EPA 9020 |
| | | | |

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| Nitroaromatics and Isophorone | | Nitrosoamines | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|
| 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene | EPA 8270C | N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine | EPA 8270C |
| seenaali kaleenaalii kuleenaalii ta | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 1,4-Dinitrobenzene | EPA 8270C | N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 1,4-Naphthoguinone | EPA 8270C | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | EPA 8270C | N-nitrosomethylethylamine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | EPA 8270C | N-nitrosomorpholine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene | EPA 8270C | N-nitrosopiperidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Hydroquinone | EPA 8270C | N-Nitrosopyrrolidine | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Isophorone | EPA 8270C | Nutrients | |
| | EPA 8270D | Nitrate (as N) | EPA 9056A |
| Nitrobenzene | EPA 8270C | | |
| | EPA 8270D | Organophosphate Pesticides | |
| Pyridine | EPA 8270C | Dimethoate | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Nitrosoamines | | Disulfoton | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| N-Nitrosodiethylamine | EPA 82700 | Famphur | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| N-Nitrosodimethylamine | | Parathion ethyl | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |

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| Organophosphate Pesticides | | Polychlorinated Biphenyls | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------|
| Parathion methyl | EPA 8270C | PCB-1016 | EPA 8082 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8082A |
| Phorate | EPA 8270C | PCB-1221 | EPA 8082 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8082A |
| Sulfotepp | EPA.8270C | PCB-1232 | EPA 8082 |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8082A |
| Petroleum Hydrocarbons | | PCB-1242 | EPA 8082 |
| Diesel Range Organics | EPA 8015 B | | EPA 8082A |
| | EPA 8015C | PCB-1248 | EPA 8082 |
| Gasoline Range Organics | EPA 8015 B | and a second states of the second states and | EPA 8082A |
| | EPA 8015C | PCB-1254 | EPA 8082 |
| | | | EPA 8082A |
| Phthalate Esters | and considered previous | PCB-1260 | EPA 8082 |
| Benzyl butyl phthalate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8082A |
| | EPA 8270D | PCB-1262 | EPA 8082 |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate | EPA 8270C | PCB-1268 | EPA 8082 |
| | EPA 8270D | Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons | |
| Diethyl phthalate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | 3-Methylcholanthrene | EPA 8270D |
| Dimethyl phthalate | EPA 8270C | | 요즘 것은 것을 가지? |
| | EPA 8270D | 7,12-Dimethylbenzyl (a) anthracene | EPA 8270C |
| Di-n-butyl phthalate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Acenaphthene | EPA 8270C |
| Di-n-octyl phthalate | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| | EPA 8270D | Acenaphthylene | EPA 8270C |
| 승수는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것이 없는 것이 없다. | 그릇들이 한 것이 이 전쟁을 운영적인 가격했다. | 2787 : 것 전 - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | EPA 8270D |

Serial No.: 47127

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Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Phenanthrene Anthracene EPA 8270D Pyrene EPA 8270C EPA 8270C EPA 8270D Benzo(a)anthracene EPA 8270D **Priority Pollutant Phenols** EPA 8270C Benzo(a)pyrene EPA 8270C 2.3.4.6 Tetrachlorophenol EPA 8270D EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Benzo(b)fluoranthene 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol EPA 8270C EPA 8270D EPA 8270D Benzo(ghi)perviene EPA 8270C EPA 8270C 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol EPA 8270D EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Benzo(k)fluoranthene EPA 8270C 2.4-Dichlorophenol EPA 8270D EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Chrysene EPA 8270C 2,4-Dimethylphenol EPA 8270D EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene EPA 8270C 2,4-Dinitrophenol EPA 8270D EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene 2,6-Dichlorophenol EPA 8270C EPA 8270D EPA 8270D Fluoranthene EPA 8270C EPA 8270C 2-Chlorophenol EPA 8270D EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Fluorene EPA 8270C 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol EPA 8270D EPA 8270D EPA 8270C Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 2-Methylphenol EPA 8270C EPA 8270D EPA 8270D Phenanthrene EPA 8270C 2-Nitrophenol EPA 8270C

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| Priority Pollutant Phenols | | Semi-Volatile Organics | |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| 2-Nitrophenol | EPA 8270D | Acetophenone | EPA 8270D |
| 3-Methylphenol | EPA 8270C | Benzaldehyde | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | EPA 8270C | Benzoic Acid | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 4-Methylphenol | EPA 8270C | Benzyl alcohol | EPA 8270C |
| 128 A State of the second state of the seco | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 4-Nitrophenol | EPA 8270C | Caprolactam | EPA 8270C |
| a Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (Calendra) - References - Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (Calendra) - Calendra (| EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Pentachlorophenol | EPA 8270C | Dibenzofuran | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Phenol | EPA 8270C | Ethyl methanesulfonate | EPA 8270C |
| ng tang terterakan salah s | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| Semi-Volatile Organics | | Isosafrole | EPA 8270C |
| 1,1'-Biphenyl | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| 1, i - Diplicity | EPA 8270D | Methyl methanesulfonate | EPA 8270C |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, Semi-volatile | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, Sern-voladie | EPA 8270D | O,O,O-Triethyl phosphorothicate | EPA 8270C |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, Semi-volatile | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| 1,4-Dichorobenzene, Semi-volatie | EPA 8270D | Phenacetin | EPA 8270C |
| O Mathudanashthalaga | EPA 8270C | | EPA 8270D |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | EPA 82700 | Safrole | EPA 8270C |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8270D |
| 4-Amino biphenyl | | Volatile Aromatics | |
| | EPA 8270D | | EPA 8021B |
| Acetophenone | EPA 8270C | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | CFAOVLID |

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Volatile Aromatics

Volatile Aromatics

| FUIGUIG ALOUIDAIDA | | | 한 영양을 가장 관광하는 것 |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | EPA 8260B | sec-Butylbenzene | EPA 8021B |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | EPA 8021B | Styrene | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | tert-Butylbenzene | EPA 8021B |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | EPA 8260B | Toluene | EPA 8021B |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | EPA 8021B | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Total Xylenes | EPA 8021B |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | EPA 80218 | | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Volatile Chlorinated Organics | |
| Benzene | EPA 8021B | Epichlorohydrin | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | Epichiolohydhin | |
| Bromobenzene | EPA 8021B | Volatile Halocarbons | |
| | EPA 8260B | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | EPA 8260B |
| Chlorobenzene | EPA 8260B | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | EPA 8260B |
| Ethyl benzene | EPA 8021B | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane | EPA 8260B |
| Isopropylbenzene | EPA 8021B | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | 1,1-Dichloroethane | EPA 8260B |
| n-Butylbenzene | EPA 8021B | 1,1-Dichloroethene | EPA 8260B |
| The degrade and the second s | EPA 8260B | 1,1-Dichloropropene | EPA 8260B |
| n-Propylbenzene | EPA 8021B | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | EPA 8260B |
| ITT I DATING | EPA 8260B | 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | EPA 8260B |
| p-Isopropyltoluene (P-Cymene) | EPA 8021B | 1,2-Dibromoethane | EPA 8260B |
| | EPA 8260B | 1,2-Dichloroethane | EPA 8260B |
| | | | alektika 🔹 👘 |

1.2-Dichloropropane

Serial No.: 47127

Property of the New York State Department of Health. Certificates are valid only at the address shown, must be conspicuously posted, and are printed on secure paper. Continued accreditation depends on successful ongoing participation in the Program. Consumers are urged to call (518) 485-5570 to verify the laboratory's accreditation status.



EPA 8260B



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Volatile Halocarbons

| 1,3-Dichloropropane | EPA 8260B | trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | EPA 8260B |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|------------|
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | EPA 8260B | Trichloroethene | EPA 8260B |
| 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene (Chloroprene) | EPA 8260B | Trichlorofluoromethane | EPA 8260B |
| 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether | EPA 8260B | Vinyl chloride | EPA 8260B |
| 3-Chloropropene (Allyl chloride) | EPA 8260B | Volatile Organics | 20 42825 |
| Bromochloromethane | EPA 8260B | 1.4-Dioxane | EPA 8260B |
| Bromodichloromethane | EPA 8260B | 2-Butanone (Methylethyl ketone) | EPA 8260B |
| Bromoform | EPA 8260B | 2-Hexanone | EPA 8260B |
| Bromomethane | EPA 8260B | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | EPA 8260B |
| Carbon tetrachloride | EPA 8260B | Acetone | EPA 8260B |
| Chloroethane | EPA 8260B | Acetonitrile | EPA 8260B |
| Chloroform | EPA 8260B | Carbon Disulfide | EPA 8260B |
| Chloromethane | EPA 8260B | Cyclohexane | EPA 8260B |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | EPA 8260B | Ethyl Acetate | EPA 8260B |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | EPA 8260B | Ethylene Glycol | EPA 8015 B |
| cis-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8015C |
| Dibromochloromethane | EPA 8260B | Isobutyl alcohol | EPA 8015 B |
| Dibromomethane | EPA 80218 | | EPA 8015C |
| | EPA 8260B | | EPA 8260B |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | EPA 8260B | Methyl acetate | EPA 8260B |
| Hexachlorobutadiene, Volatile | EPA 8260B | Methyl cyclohexane | EPA 8260B |
| Methylene chloride | EPA 8260B | Methyl tert-butyl ether | EPA 8260B |
| Tetrachloroethene | EPA 8260B | o-Toluidine | EPA 8260B |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | EPA 8260B | Propionitrile | EPA 8260B |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | EPA 8260B | tert-butyl alcohol | EPA 8015 B |

Volatile Halocarbons

Serial No.: 47127





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Volatile Organics

| tert-butyl alcohol | EPA 8015C | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Vinyl acetate | EPA 8260B | |
| Sample Preparation Methods | | |
| | EPA 1311 | |
| | EPA 1312 | |
| | EPA 3005A | |
| | EPA 3010A | |
| | EPA JUZUA | 200 2005 |
| n San Arn San San Anton A | EPA 3050B | |
| | EPA 3060A | |
| | EPA 3550B | |
| | EPA 3550C | |
| | EPA 3580 | |
| | EPA 5030B EPA 5035 | |
| | EPA 5035 EPA 5035A-H | |
| | EPA 5035A-L | |
| | EPA 9010B | |
| | | |

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Miscellaneous

Lead in Paint

EPA 6010B

Sample Preparation Methods

EPA 3050B

Serial No.: 45934



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| Polynuclear Aromati | CS | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------|--------------------|--|
| Benzo(a)pyrene | | NIOSH 5515 | ing and the second | |
| Naphthalene | | NIOSH 5515 | ans an | |
| | n Harden - Andre - Andre De Bernelen - Andre - | | | |
| Purgeable Aromatics | a far de la companya | | | |
| Benzene | | NIOSH 1501 | | |
| Ethyl benzene | | NIOSH 1501 | | |
| m/p-Xylenes | | NIOSH 1501 | | |
| o-Xylene | | NIOSH 1501 | | |
| Toluene | | NIOSH 1501 | | |
| | | | | |
| Total Xylenes | | NIOSH 1501 | | |
| and the second states of the second | | | | |

Serial No.: 45935



ATTACHMENT C

EXAMPLE CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORDS

| CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD Interview I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|---|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|
| SITE NME Image: constraint of the co | | | | | | | | | ESTS | | | 6 | 2/ | |
| Intraction of the integration of the integrated of | | | | | | | | | | . <u></u> | 5 | | D | |
| INTERIGIATURE) Intelligential COOLER of INTERIGIATURE) AIBILL NO: AIBILL NO: COOLER of INTE The COOLER of of INTE The COOLER of of INTE The COOLER of of INTE COONTAURER PAGE of of INTE THE COONTAURER PAGE of of INTE THE COONTAURER MATRIX COONTAURER PAGE of of INTE THE COONTAURER MATRIX COONTAURER PAGE of of INTE THE COONTAURER MATRIX COONTAURER MATRIX of <td>JJECT NO.</td> <td></td> <td>S.</td> <td>te, name</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LAB</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td> | JJECT NO. | | S. | te, name | | | · · · | | | | LAB | | | |
| MUCE: Ammon and the manual | | (TURE) | | | | | BOTTLE | | NO PR | ESERVATIVE | COOLER | | | |
| DATE THK COMP SAMPLE D SAMPLE SAMPLE SAMPLE Image: State of the | IVERY SERVICE: | | | IRBILL NO.: | | | | | | | REMARKS | E 179E | IG H (IN LEEL) | # 'ON LO'T C |
| An AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W0: GROUND WATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W1. M2. CORNUM MATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W1. M2. CORNUM MATER W1. LEACH An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W1. M2. CORNUM MATER W2. CORNUM An - AMBENT AR SL: SLUDGE W1. M2. CORNUMERT W2. CORNUM An - AMBENT AR M2. CORNUM M2. CORNUMERT M2. CORNUMERT D BY (SIGNATURE) DATE TIME RECEIVED BY (SIGNATURE) DATE D BY (SIGNATURE) DATE TIME RECEIVED BY (SIGNATURE) DATE D BY (SIGNATURE) DATE TIME RECEIVED BY (SIGNATURE) DATE | | | COMP/ GRAB | SAMPLE ID | | | | | | | | IAMAS | ENDIV DE61) | riaia |
| A AMBENT AN A - AMBE | . | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A - AMBLENT AIR A - AM | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
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ATTACHMENT D

DATA USABILITY SUMMARY REPORT REQUIREMENTS

Appendix 2B Guidance for Data Deliverables and the Development of Data Usability Summary Reports

1.0 Data Deliverables

(a) DEC Analytical Services Protocol Category A Data Deliverables:

1. A Category A Data Deliverable as described in the most current DEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) includes:

- i. a Sample Delivery Group Narrative;
- ii. contract Lab Sample Information sheets;
- iii. DEC Data Package Summary Forms;
- iv. chain-of-custody forms; and,

v. test analyses results (including tentatively identified compounds for analysis of volatile and semi-volatile organic compounds)

2. For a DEC Category A Data Deliverable, a data applicability report may be requested, in which case it will be prepared, to the extent possible, in accordance with the DUSR guidance detailed below.

(b) DEC Analytical Services Protocol Category B Data Deliverables

1. A Category B Data Deliverable is includes the information provided for the Category A Data Deliverable, identified in subdivision (a) above, plus related QA/QC information and documentation consisting of:

- i. calibration standards;
- ii. surrogate recoveries;
- iii. blank results;
- iv. spike recoveries;
- v. duplicate results;
- vi. confirmation (lab check/QC) samples;
- vii. internal standard area and retention time summary;
- viii. chromatograms;

ix. raw data files; and

x. other specific information as described in the most current DEC ASP.

2. A DEC Category B Data Deliverable is required for the development of a Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR).

2.0 Data Usability Summary Reports (DUSRs)

(a) Background. The Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) provides a thorough evaluation of analytical data with the primary objective to determine whether or not the data, as presented, meets the site/project specific criteria for data quality and data use.

1. The development of the DUSR must be carried out by an experienced environmental scientist, such as the project Quality Assurance Officer, who is fully capable of conducting a full data validation. The DUSR is developed from:

i. a DEC ASP Category B Data Deliverable; or

ii. the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Data Validation Standard Operating Procedures for Data Evaluation and Validation.

2. The DUSR and the data deliverables package will be reviewed by DER staff. If full third party data validation is found to be necessary (e.g. pending litigation) this can be carried out at a later date on the same data package used for the development of the DUSR.

(b) Personnel Requirements. The person preparing the DUSR must be pre-approved by DER. The person must submit their qualifications to DER documenting experience in analysis and data validation. Data validator qualifications are available on DEC's website identified in the table of contents.

(c) Preparation of a DUSR. The DUSR is developed by reviewing and evaluating the analytical data package. In order for the DUSR to be acceptable, during the course of this review the following questions applicable to the analysis being reviewed must be answered in the affirmative.

1. Is the data package complete as defined under the requirements for the most current DEC ASP Category B or USEPA CLP data deliverables?

2. Have all holding times been met?

3. Do all the QC data; blanks, instrument tunings, calibration standards, calibration verifications, surrogate recoveries, spike recoveries, replicate analyses, laboratory controls and sample data fall within the protocol required limits and specifications?

4. Have all of the data been generated using established and agreed upon analytical protocols?

5. Does an evaluation of the raw data confirm the results provided in the data summary sheets and quality control verification forms?

6. Have the correct data qualifiers been used and are they consistent with the most current DEC ASP?

7. Have any quality control (QC) exceedances been specifically noted in the DUSR and have the corresponding QC summary sheets from the data package been attached to the DUSR?

(d) Documenting the validation process in the DUSR. Once the data package has been reviewed and the above questions asked and answered the DUSR proceeds to describe the samples and the analytical parameters, including data deficiencies, analytical protocol deviations and quality control problems are identified and their effect on the data is discussed.