New York State Brownfield Opportunity Areas Program Step 3 Application Site Assessment Supplement

Instructions:

Please fill out this form for each strategic brownfield site for which site assessment funding is being requested. The form(s) must be included with the Step 3 application package. A site can be defined for the purposes of a site assessment around one or more area(s) of concern and may include one or more tax parcels. The budget requested should be for the site and not broken down by tax parcel. It is recommended that the applicant receive conceptual approval of the proposed sites prior to applying for BOA site assessment funding. Please refer to Appendix E of the BOA Guidance for Applicants when filling out this form.

09/2010

Part I: BOA Information									
1. Applicant Name:	2. DOS BOA No.								
3. BOA Name:	4. Site Rank (in order of importance to the	BOA Pl	an):						
Part II: Site Eligibility Information									
The questions apply to all tax parcels and all owners of the tax parcels that are part of the site. Please note, a yes answer to questions 1-5, or a no answer for questions 6-9, will result in the site being determined ineligible. If the site is ineligible, do not complete or submit supplement.									
**Due to different eligibility criteria, acceptance of a site for a site a site eligibility under the New York State Brownfield Cleanup Programmes.		ot relat	e to						
1. Is the site, or was any portion of the site, listed on the National Priori	ties List?	Yes	No						
2. Is the site, or was any portion of the site, listed on the NYS Registry as a Class 1 or 2 Site? See the Division of Environmental Remediation	*	Yes	No						
3. Is the site subject to a permit under ECL Article 27, Title 9, other than an Interim Status facility? See DER website for a list of RCRA permitted sites. Note: for purposes of this application, interim status facilities are not deemed to be subject to a RCRA permit.									
4. Is the site subject to a cleanup order under Article 12 of the Navigation	on Law or ECL Article 17 Title 10?	Yes	No						
5. Is the site subject to enforcement action under a State or Federal remo	edial program?	Yes	No						
6. Is the site currently owned by a municipality as defined at 6 NYCRR defined at 6 NYCRR 375-3.2? (see definitions on the following page		Yes	No						
7. Strategic Site – During Step 2 of the BOA process, did DOS determine	ne the site to be a strategic site?	Yes	No						
8. Brownfield Site – During Step 2 of the BOA process, did DOS determined by the presence or potential presence of a contaminant a		Yes	No						
9. Site Assessment Needed - Is additional environmental information no economically viable land uses for the BOA? Justification to support attachment.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes	No						

Part II: Site Eligibility Information (Continued)

10. Site Ownership and Access - Is the applicant the site owner?

Yes No

- **-If yes**, the applicant must submit a deed with the application and certify that it is either a municipality as defined at 6 NYCRR 375-4.2 or a volunteer as defined at 6 NYCRR 375-3.2 by checking one of the boxes below.
- -If no, the site owner of each tax parcel that is part of the site must submit a deed and a BOA Non-Applicant Site Owner and Access Certification form with the application. The form is available with the BOA Site Assessment Supplement package on the Department of State's website.

CERTIFICATION FOR APPLICANT-OWNED SITES ONLY THE APPLICANT MUST BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

VOLUNTEER

An owner who is not responsible for the disposal of hazardous waste or discharge of petroleum, including an owner whose liability arises solely as a result of ownership, operation of or involvement with the site subsequent to the disposal of hazardous waste or discharge of petroleum.

-By checking the volunteer box, the site owner is also certifying that he/she has exercised appropriate care with respect to the hazardous waste found at the facility by taking reasonable steps to: i) stop any continuing discharge; ii) prevent any threatened future release; and iii) prevent or limit human, environmental, or natural resource exposure to any previously released hazardous waste.

MUNICIPALITY

A local public authority or public benefit corporation, a county, city, town, village, school district, supervisory district, district corporation, improvement district within a county, city, town, or village, or indian nation or tribe recognized by the state or the United States with a reservation wholly or partly within the boundaries of New York State, or any combination thereof who did not generate, transport, dispose of, arrange for, or cause the generation, transportation, or disposal of hazardous substance located at the site.

- A municipality is not considered a generator, transporter, or arranger:(i) for having rendered care, assistance, or advice in the course of an incident creating a danger to public health or welfare or to the environment as a result of any release of a contaminant or the threat of same; or (ii) for having leased a site to another party that generated, transported or disposed of, or that arranged for or caused the generation, transportation or disposal of, any contaminant on such site unless such municipality knew that such other party generated, transported or disposed of, or arranged for or caused the generation, transportation or disposal of, such contaminant and failed to take any action to remediate, or cause the remediation of such contaminant.

Part III. Current Site Owner/Operator Information								
Owner's name and affiliation (List all partic	es holding an interes	t in the property):						
Address								
City/town			Zip Code					
Phone	Fax		E-mail					
Date of site ownership:								
Operator's name and affiliation:								
Address								
City/town	,		Zip Code					
Phone	Fax		E-mail					
Date of start of current operations:								
Part IV. Site Information								
1. Site Name:								
2. Location/Address:		3. City/Town:		4. Zip Code:				
5. Municipality where site is located:		•						
6. Counties:			7. Site Size (acres	s):				
8. Latitude for approximate center of prope (degrees/minutes/seconds):	9. Longitude for approximate center of property (degrees/minutes/seconds):							
10. Horizontal Collection Method (method location): Survey GPS M	used to acquire Map	11. Horizontal Reference Datum (NAD27 or NAD82):						

Part IV. Site Inform	ation (Contin	ued)								
12. Complete tax map info Tax Parcel Address	ormation for all ta	ax parcels included w Parcel No.	ithin the site bour Section No.	ndaries. Block No.	Lot No.	Acreage				
 Three maps must be provided as attachments: The "Underutilized Sites Location Map" from the Nomination Report (Step 2), with strategic brownfield sites clearly identified. A county tax map with identifier numbers, along with any figures needed to show the location and boundaries of the site. If the boundaries of the site do not correspond to the tax map boundaries, provide a description of the property as an attachment. A USGS 7.5 minute quad map on which the site appears. 										
14. List of existing easem	ents that have a d	lirect bearing on the s	ite assessment.							
Easement Holder		C	Description							
15. List of existing permit Type	ts that have a dire <u>Issuing Age</u>		assessment. <u>Description</u>							
16. Previous Owners a	and Operators - A	A list of previous site of	owners and onera	tors with names	s dates of owne	rshin/operation last				
known addresses and tele	phone numbers n	nust be provided as an	attachment. Des							
previous owner and opera	tor listed. If no r	elationship, put "none	e".							
Part V. Site Environ	mental Histo	ry								
1. ENVIRONMENTAL If environmental reports (Report; remedial investiga	i.e. Phase I envir									
2. KNOWN CONTAM TO HAVE BEEN AFFE	INANTS: INDIC	CATE KNOWN CO	NTAMINANTS S SHOULD BE	AND THE MI	EDIA WHICH D AND COPIE	ARE KNOWN ES INCLUDED.				
Contaminant Category	Soil	Groundwater	Surface Water	r	Sediment	Soil Gas				
Petroleum										
Chlorinated Solvents										
Other VOCs										
SVOCs										
Metals										
Pesticides										
PCBs										
Other*										
*Please describe:	I	I								

Part V. Site Environ	mental Histo	ry (Continued)			
3. SUSPECTED CONT HAVE BEEN AFFECT	AMINANTS: IN ED. PROVIDE	NDICATE SUSPECTED BASIS FOR ANSWER	CONTAMINANTS ANI AS AN ATTACHMENT.	D THE MEDIA WI	НСН МАУ
Contaminant Category	Soil	Groundwater	Surface Water	Sediment	Soil Gas
Petroleum					
Chlorinated Solvents					
Other VOCs					
SVOCs					
Metals					
Pesticides					
PCBs					
Other*					
*Please describe:					
4. INDICATE KNOWN ALL THAT APPLY). P	N OR SUSPECT ROVIDE BASI	TED SOURCES OF COMES FOR ANSWER AS A	NTAMINANTS, EITHEF N ATTACHMENT.	ONSITE OR OFF	SITE (CHECK
Above Ground Pipeline Routine Industrial Opera Dumping or Burial of W Coal Gas Manufacture	tions Indust astes Seepa Unkno	rial Accident Sept ge Pit or Dry Well Drur own	troplating ic tank/lateral field ms or Storage Containers	Surface Spill or Di Foundry Sand Underground Pipel	•
5. INDICATE PAST US	E OF SITE REI	LEVANT TO CONTAM	INATION. CHECK AL	L THAT APPLY.	
Coal Gas Manufacturing				Salvage Yard	
Pipeline Unknown	Service St	ation Landfill	Tannery	Electroplating	
Other:					
DEC'S <u>WEBSITE</u> , FOR Current Use: Resid	A DESCRIPTION	ON OF INTENDED USI nercial Industrial	HAT APPLY. SEE 6 NYO E CATEGORIES. Recreational Vaca Industrial		VAILABLE ON
Part VI. Scope of W	ork, Budget F	Request			
Please provide the infor	mation listed be	low as an attachment to	this form:		
See Appendix E (Step Environmental Site A	3 Site Assessments (E19	ents) of the BOA Guidan 903-97 (2002)). The cont	nd a breakdown by major ace for Applicants and the cractor hired for the BOA YCRR Part 375-1.2(ak).	e ASTM Standard f	for Phase II
			as not already performed e Site Assessment Budget		

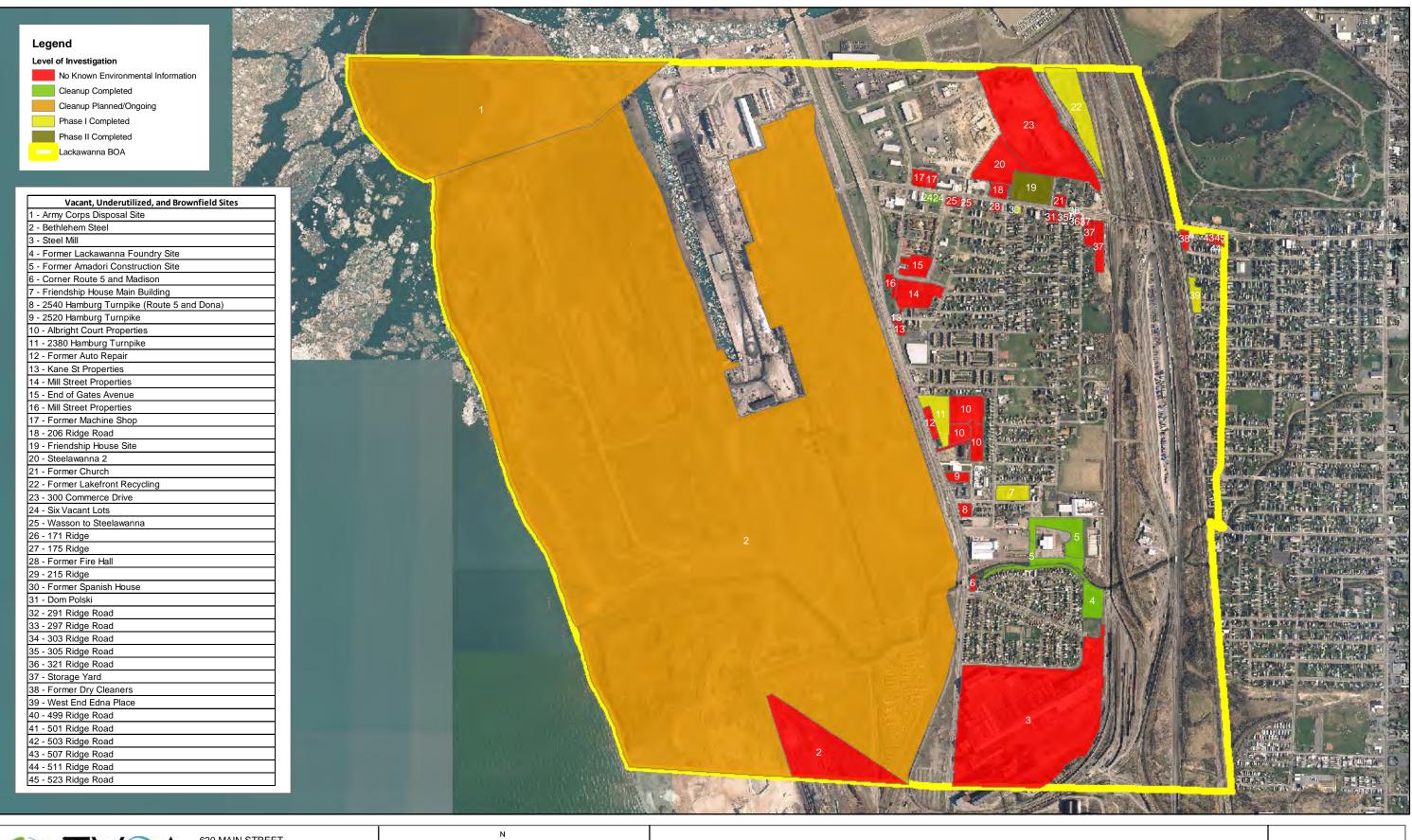
2. The estimated contractual budget should be broken down by expenditure categories within major tasks and be

Part H, column 2 of the Step 3 application.

reasonable for the scope of work provided. Use BOA Program Site Assessment Budget Request Worksheet attached to this form. Any grantee administrative costs associated with the site assessment should be included in the Step 3

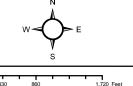
Implementation Strategy budget submittal. The total of all the site assessment contractual budgets must be included in







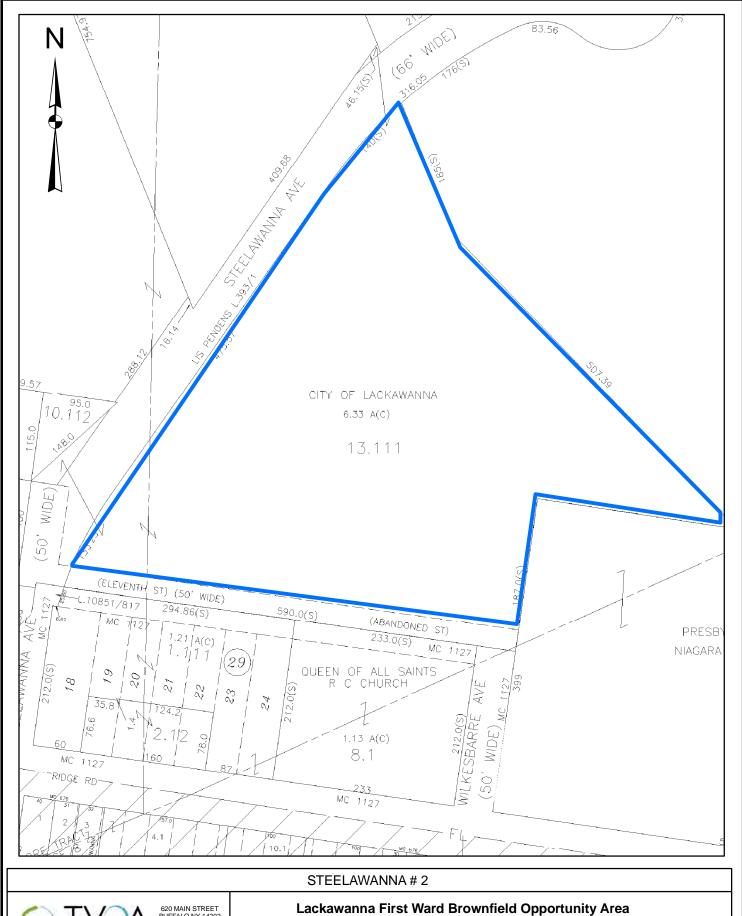
BUFFALO NY 14202 P. 716.849-8739 F. 716.655.0937

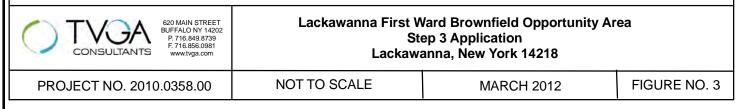


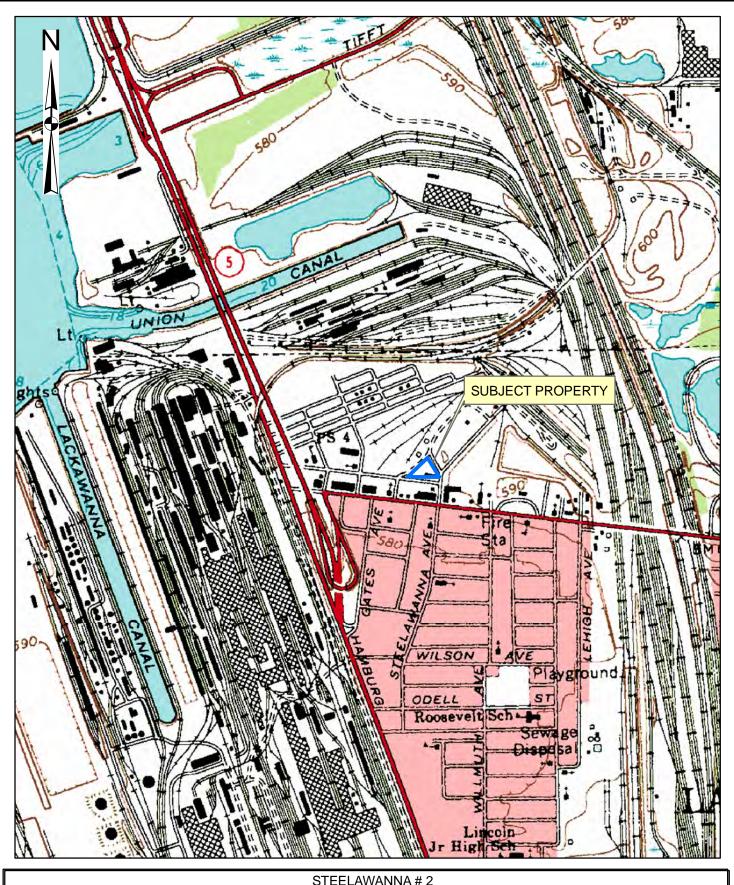
VACANT, BROWNFIELD AND UNDERUTILIZED SITES CITY OF LACKAWANNA BROWNFIELD OPPORTUNITY AREA

FIGURE NO. 11

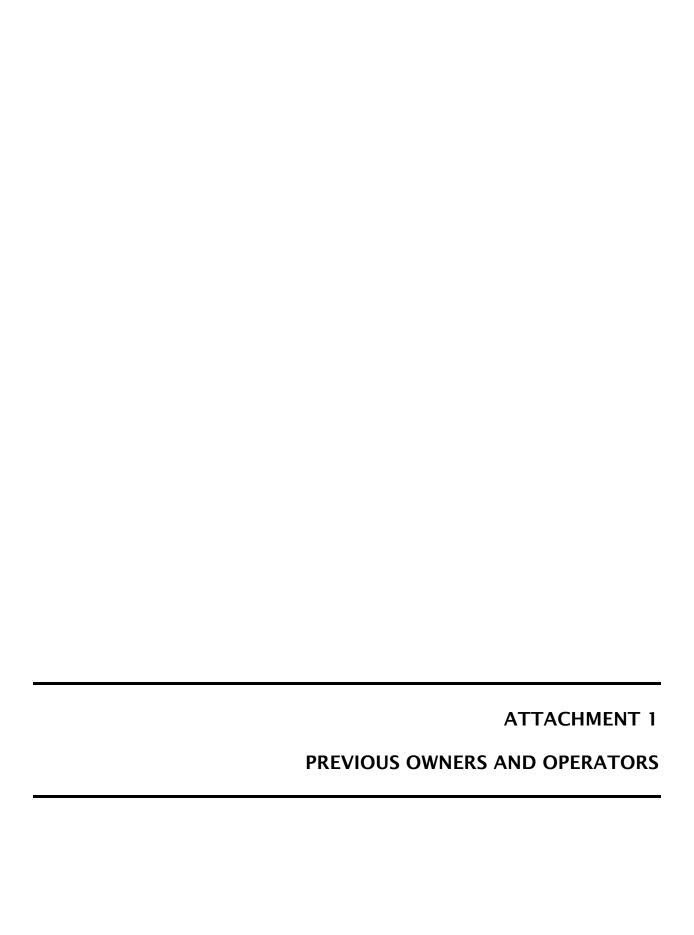
This map is prepared for the New York State Department of State and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation with funds provided as a result of the General Municipal Law, Article 18-C, Section 970-f.







Ш		STEELAWANNA #	f Z				
	CONSULTANTS 620 MAIN STREET BUFFALO NY 14202 P. 716.849.8739 F. 716.856.0981 www.tvga.com		kawanna First Ward Brownfield Opportunity Area Step 3 Application Lackawanna, New York 14218				
	PROJECT NO. 2010.0358.00	1 inch = 1,000 feet	MARCH 2012	FIGURE NO. 2			
	·	·		<u> </u>			



Site Ownership

The Steelawanna #2 Site is owned by the City of Lackawanna. The City of Lackawanna purchased the property in 2007. The previous owner was Quickrete Companies. No additional previous ownership information is known. It is anticipated that during the Phase I ESA, more information regarding past ownership will be revealed. The deed for the property is attached.

141.08-1-13,111



N. STEELAWANNA

ERIE COUNTY CLERKS OFFICE

County Clerk's Recording Page

Return To:

BOX 165

Book: 11130 Page: 7480

Page Count: 2

Doc Type: DEED-\$165 EQUIL

Rec Date: 06/19/2007

Rec Time: 01:47:00 PM

Control #: 2007130977

User ID: betty

Trans Num: 363580

DEED SEQ: TT200623877

MTG SEQ:

UCC: SCAR: INDEX:

Party 2:

Party 1:

QUIKRETE COMPANIES

CITY OF LACKAWANNA

Recording Fees:		Consideration Amount:	\$120,800.00
RECORDING	\$23.00	BASIC	\$0.00
COE COUNTY	1.00	SONYMA	\$0.00
TRANSFER	\$484.00	ADDL	\$0.00
NFTA TT	\$605.00	NFTA MT	\$0.00
COE STATE GENERAL	\$14.25	TRANSFER	\$484.00
COE STATE RM	\$4.75	INANGEN	· ·
RP5217 NON RES	\$156.00	NFTA TT	\$605.00
RP5217 COUNTY FEE	\$9.00		
	\$0.00		
TP584	0		

Total:

\$1,297.00

STATE OF NEW YORK ERIE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

WARNING - THIS SHEET CONSTITUTES THE CLERK'S ENDORSEMENT, REQUIRED BY SECTIONS 319&316-a (5) OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK. DO NOT DETACH. THIS IS NOT A BILL.

Kathleen C. Hochul County Clerk

Bargain and Sale Deed

(BOX 165 DJM)

This Indenture Made, the 14th day of June, Two Thousand Seven.

BETWEEN the CITY OF LACKAWANNA, NEW YORK, a municipal corporation organized the laws of the State of New York, County of Erie with its principle office in the City Hall, 714 Ridge Road, Lackawanna, New York 14218, party of the first part and THE QUIKRETE COMPANIES, INC., One Securities Center, Suite 1300, party of the second part.

Atlanta, GA 30305

WITNESSETH that the party of the first part, in consideration of One and no more and 00/100 Dollars (\$1.00) lawful money of the United States, paid by the party of the second part, does hereby grant and release unto the party of the second part, the Quikrete Companies, Inc. and assigns forever.

ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND, situate in the City of Lackawanna, County of Eric and State of New York, further being part of Lot 28 and Lot 29 of the Ogden Gore Tract further bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at the northwesterly corner of lands conveyed by Deed recorded in the Erie County Clerk's Office in Liber 9764 of Deeds at Page 517;

THENCE southerly along the westerly line of said Liber 9764 of Deeds at Page 517 a distance of 754.94 feet to the southwesterly corner of said Liber 9764 of Deeds at Page 517; said point being in the northerly line of a nonexclusive easement and right of way for ingress and egress by Deed recorded in the Eric County Clerk's Office in Liber 9764 of Deeds at Page 517, said easement recorded as being 40' wide;

THENCE southwesterly along the northerly line of said ingress and egress easement at an interior angle of 123°-18'52" a distance of 87.73 feet to an angle point in the northerly line of said ingress and egress easement;

THENCE southwesterly along the northerly line of said ingress and egress easement at an interior angle of 167°-26'-00" a distance of 69.45 feet to a northeasterly corner of lands conveyed by Deed recorded in the Eric County Clerk's Office in Liber 10227 of Deeds at Page 321.

THENCE northwesterly along the northeasterly line of said Liber 10227, Page 321, and the northeasterly line of lands conveyed by Deed in the Erie County Clerk's Office recorded in Liber 9693 of Deeds at Page 567 at an interior angle of 128°-53'-32" a distance of 239.84 feet to the southeast corner of lands conveyed by Deed recorded in the Eric County Clerk's Office in Liber 10882 of Deeds at page 5390;

THENCE northerly at an interior angle of 118 degrees 42 minutes 15 seconds and along the easterly line of said Liber 10882 of Deeds at page 5390 and along the easterly line of lands conveyed by deed recorded in the Eric County Clerk's Office in Liber 10319 of Deeds at page 346 a distance of 716.18 feet to the southwest corner of lands conveyed by deed recorded in the Eric County Clerk's Office in Liber 11093 of Deeds at page 4934, said point further being in the southerly line of a map recorded in the Eric County Clerk's Office in Cover No. 2467;

THENCE easterly along the southerly line of said Liber 11093 of Deeds at Page 4934, and southerly line of said Cover Number 2467 at an interior angle of 90°-00' a distance of 324.65 feet to the point or place beginning containing 6.04 acres of land, more or less subject to any easements, covenants, conditions and building restrictions of record and is further subject to a reversion of title back to the grantor for grantee's failure to comply with the requirements of items 8 through 12 of the addendum B to the contract between the parties dated December 11, 2006 before the expiration of two years from the date of this indenture. Upon reverter the grantor shall pay the grantee the purchase price less twenty-five percent (25%)

TOGETHER with the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of the party of the first part in and to said premises.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the premises herein granted unto the party of the second part, its successors and assigns forever and the party of the first part covenants that it has not done or suffered anything whereby the said premises have been encumbered in any way.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, The party of the first part has hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year first above written.

and seal the day and year first above written

Norman L. Polanski, Jr.

Its Mayor

STATE OF NEW YORK)

COUNTY OF ERIE)

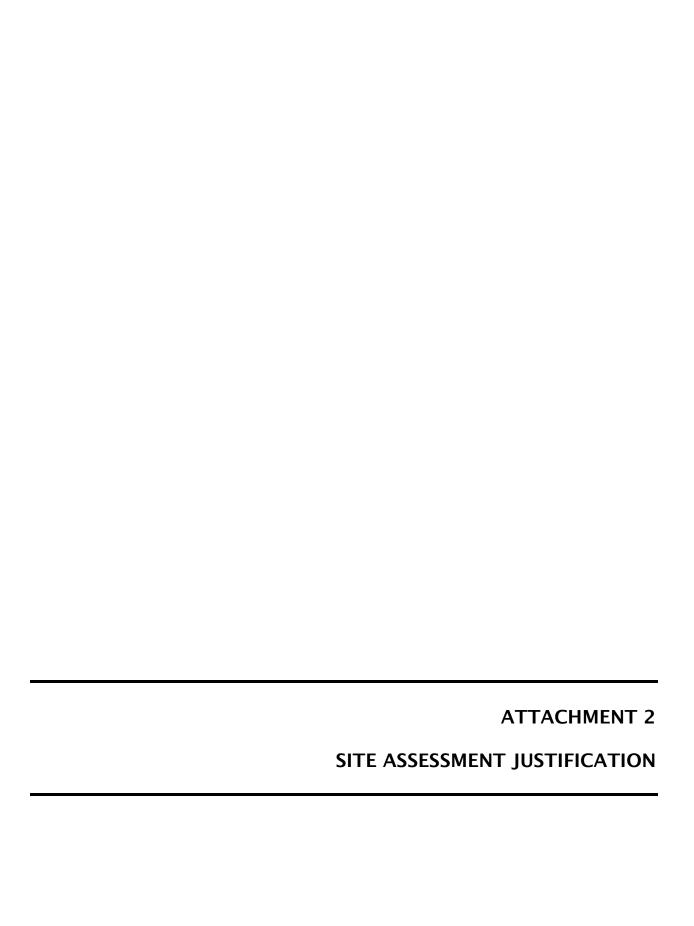
On the [4] day of June in the year 2007, before me, the undersigned, a notary public in and for said state, personally appeared Norman L. Polanski, Jr. personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same in his capacity, and that by his signature on the instrument, the individual acted, executed the instrument.

DENISE M FITZGIBBONS
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDB

LK W— 120 800, 800 Gity of Lackawamna, County of Erie, NY
My Commission Expires Oec 31, 200)

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C/30977 R 363580/4



Site Assessment Justification

The Steelawanna #2 Site property is located on an industrial area which has been industrial for many years. During the Step Two Nomination Study of the Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA) process, this site was determined to be strategic due to its size, ownership and location between Ridge Road and the Steelawanna Business Park. Little information is known about the history and environmental condition of the property. The property is a key site as it is along the alignment for the proposed new road which will be studied during Step Three of the BOA. This new road is expected to open the property for new development and help to revitalize the First Ward of Lackawanna.

Suspected contamination is based on contamination encountered on similar properties in the vicinity of the site which have previously been assessed under the City's EPA assessment grant. These sites include the property directly adjacent to the east of the Steelawanna #2 site, The Friendship House Site. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) were detected in several of the soil/fill samples on the Friendship House site, in levels which exceeded restricted commercial soil cleanup objectives. Additionally, the Steelawanna #2 Site is in close vicinity to the Six Vacant Lots site. An Interim Remedial Measure was completed at the Six Vacant Lots site to remove areas of elevated chromium in the soil/fill on the site. Additionally, PAhs and metals were detected on the Six Vacant Lots site in concentrations which were above Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandums (TAGM). A Phase I/Phase II will be completed under this assessment to reveal more about the history of the property and the environmental condition of the Steelawanna #2 Site.

	ATTACHMENT
	SCOPE OF WOR

Scope of Work

Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA)

Background on ESA Standard Practices

Congress established the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), which laid the foundation for the Superfund Program. The Superfund Program is intended to aggressively identify and clean up the worst hazardous waste sites. This law provided broad federal authority to respond directly to releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances that may endanger public health or the environment, and established the liability of persons responsible for releases of hazardous waste at these sites, as well as the owners of these sites. CERCLA also held purchasers of contaminated properties liable for the cleanup of contamination that they did not cause. Simply being included in the chain of title for a contaminated property made the purchaser a "Potentially Responsible Party" and liable for cleanup costs. An unintended consequence of CERCLA was that the act created barriers for the ownership and redevelopment of many properties due to potential liability concerns.

CERCLA was amended as a result of the 2002 Small Business Liability Relief and Brownfields Revitalization Act, which was intended to provide liability protection for prospective purchasers of properties, which may ultimately be found to be contaminated. To qualify for this protection, prospective purchasers were required to conduct an adequate investigation. Since 2002, the use of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessment Process (ASTM E1527-00) has been the standard for Environmental Due Diligence activities associated with commercial real estate transactions.

On November 1, 2005, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) issued the final ruling defining the standard for conducting "All Appropriate Inquiry" (AAI) for Phase I ESAs. The AAI Rule took effect on November 1, 2006.

The new AAI requirements are intended to provide minimum standards of eligibility for the following defenses or exemptions to CERCLA liability:

- Bona Fide Prospective Purchaser Parties who now conduct AAI prior to purchasing a contaminated property can qualify for this CERCLA exemption, provided they meet a number of other statutory requirements;
- Contiguous Property Owners Owners of property contaminated by releases at a contiguous parcel, but whose parcel is not a source of contamination; and
- > Innocent Purchasers/Landowners Parties who perform AAI prior to purchase of a property and buy without knowing, or having reason to know, of contamination on the property.

The new ASTM Standard for Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (ASTM 1527-05) incorporates the requirements of the AAI Rule.

Scope of Work

The consultant will perform Phase I ESAs at the subject property in accordance with ASTM 1527-05. The consultant's team members must meet the requirements of Environmental Professionals, as defined by ASTM 1527-05. The Phase I ESA will consist of the following four subtasks:

- Task 1 Records Review
- > Task 2 Site Reconnaissance

- > Task 3 Interviews
- > Task 4 Reporting

A description of these subtasks is provided below.

Task 1 - Records Review

The consultant will obtain and review records that will provide information concerning historical ownership and use of the properties and will help identify recognized environmental conditions (RECs) in connection with the properties. These records must be reasonably ascertainable and practically reviewable.

The consultant will review local, state, and federal record sources relating to the presence or occurrence of facilities or releases involving solid and hazardous waste, and petroleum products on the properties and/or properties occurring within the approximate minimum search distances established in ASTM E-1527. State and Federal record sources to be reviewed include:

- Federal NPL list (1.0 mile radius)
- Federal CERCLIS list (0.5 mile radius)
- Federal RCRA TSD facilities list (1.0 mile radius)
- Federal RCRA generators list (0.25 mile radius)
- Federal ERNS list (0.05 mile radius)
- State list of Hazardous Waste sites (1.0 mile radius)
- State list of Solid Waste Disposal sites (0.5 mile radius)
- State list of Leaking UST sites (0.5 mile radius)
- State list of Petroleum and Chemical Bulk Storage Tank Sites (0.25 mile radius)
- State list of Spills (0.5 mile radius)

Available records maintained by local agencies, including the school district, municipal building, assessors and fire departments and County environment, planning and/or health departments, will also be reviewed for the subject property and nearby properties, as necessary.

The consultant will review records that help describe the physical setting of the properties including:

- USGS topographic maps
- Maps of surficial and bedrock geology
- Maps of soil units
- State and Federal wetland maps
- Flood insurance rate maps
- Existing site plans

The consultant will review historic records that help describe past uses of the properties and adjacent lands (back until 1940, and from 1940 back until the property was not yet developed). These may include:

- Aerial photographs
- Fire insurance maps
- Property tax files
- Land title records
- City directories
- Building department records

Zoning/land use records

Additionally, the consultant will review the results of previous environmental and/or regulatory investigations, studies, or inspections completed on the properties, to the extent that such results are available.

> Task 2 - Site Reconnaissance

The consultant will perform a site reconnaissance to visually identify current, or evidence of past, recognized environmental conditions in connection with the subject properties at the time of the site visit. During the site reconnaissance, the consultant will search for and attempt to identify:

- Current and past use of the properties and adjoining parcels
- The physical setting of the properties including a general description of structures and improvements
- Evidence of hazardous waste or petroleum product generation, storage, treatment, or disposal
- Storage tanks
- Strong or noxious odors
- Pools of liquid
- Drums
- PCBs, drains, sumps, pits, ponds or lagoons
- Stained soils/surfaces and/or stressed vegetation
- Solid waste
- Waste water and storm water discharges
- On-site septic systems
- On-site groundwater monitoring wells
- Evidence of controlled substances

> Task 3 - Interviews

The consultant will conduct interviews with current and past owners, employees, or other knowledgeable persons (to the extent that these persons are available) to determine the physical characteristics of the properties and past operations and practices conducted at the properties. Furthermore, the consultant will attempt to interview local government officials to obtain information regarding recognized environmental conditions in connection with the properties.

The interviews will include questions regarding the following:

- Identification and length of occupancy of the interviewee;
- Changes or additions to prior assessment information;
- Environmental documentation reports with regard to the properties;
- Environmental permits or UST registration for the properties;
- Current and/or past activities and practices; and
- Site activities involving the use, storage, treatment, disposal or generation of hazardous substances or petroleum products.

> Task 4 - Reporting

The consultant will prepare a report containing their findings regarding recognized environmental conditions in connection with the subject property. The report will include a concise summary of the scope of work and will present information obtained as a result of

the record search, interviews and site reconnaissance. The report will also include appropriate documentation that supports their opinions and conclusions. Credentials of those environmental professionals who performed the assessments will be attached as necessary. Additionally, the report will be accompanied by recommendations for further investigation and/or corrective action, if warranted.

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA)

The objectives of the Phase II ESA are to characterize the surface and subsurface of the site and confirm or deny the presence of potential contamination at the site. There are a wide variety of environmental concerns and contaminants that may be encountered. Therefore, the consultant must develop a scope of services for the Phase II ESA in accordance with the end-use, client objectives and suspected or previously identified site conditions.

The following scope is based on the current understanding of the site and the general scope of services for a typical Phase II ESA. Based on the lack of information and the fact that a Phase I ESA has not been performed on the site, this scope of work may change based on the findings of the Phase I ESA.

Task No 1: Investigation Program Development

The consultant will implement a Phase II ESA program that is consistent with ASTM Designation E 1903-02.

A Work Plan will be prepared to provide a detailed description of the approach to be employed in completing the Phase II ESA. The Work Plan will identify the data quality objectives for the site investigation, as well as the equipment and methods to be employed to achieve these requirements. Provisions for ensuring the health and safety of field personnel and the public as well as the quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) of the data generated will also be detailed in the Work Plan, which will be suitable for submittal to regulatory agencies, if appropriate.

Based upon the type and extent of suspected environmental contamination, the scientists, engineers and geologists must implement a site investigative program designed to characterize the type and quantity of potential contaminants, determine the potential pathways of contaminant migration, and evaluate the effects of contaminants on the environment.

> Task No. 2: Methods of Investigation

Implementation of a Phase II ESA program will involve the focused examination of particular areas of potential concern and the sampling and analysis of soil, groundwater, surface water, and/or air. Depending on the areas of concern and site conditions, varying methods of investigation may be utilized.

Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) for data collected during the ESA are developed in accordance with client objectives and applicable regulatory requirements. Some typical DQOs are summarized below:

- To characterize the site and determine the nature and extent of contamination occurring on or in soil, fill and groundwater;
- To qualitatively evaluate potential risks to human health and the environment associated with current site conditions and potential future use scenarios;

- To identify potential remedial alternatives and associated costs;
- To maintain the highest possible scientific/professional standards for each procedure;
 and
- To assure the ultimate defensibility of the data generated.

Specific investigative methods will include the following techniques:

Test Pits

A series of test pits will be excavated across the site to characterize subsurface conditions and collect samples for analysis. Test pits allow for the characterization of a large number of areas while facilitating the detailed inspection of each particular area. Test pits should be excavated throughout all accessible areas of the site, with an emphasis on areas of concern identified during the Phase I ESA. For purposes of this scope, we have assumed that one day of test pit activities will be adequate to characterize subsurface conditions, and that a minimum of twelve test pits will be completed during that day.

Test pits will be excavated using a rubber-tired backhoe. Excavation will occurre in one to two-foot increments until either clean, native soils; saturated conditions; or the top of bedrock is encountered or to the maximum reach of the backhoe (estimated to be 10 feet). Excavated material will be staged directly adjacent to the test pit. Following characterization and sample collection, the excavated soil/fill shall be returned to the test pit from which it originated.

All investigation activities will be supervised and documented by an experienced scientist or engineer and will be performed under Level D health and safety specifications. Subsurface soil excavated from the test pits will be screened for total organic vapors (TOVs) using a photoionization detector (PID). Soil intervals exhibiting the highest TOV measurement or exhibiting signs of staining may be selected for chemical analysis by a New York State Department of Health-certified laboratory. Logs characterizing overburden stratigraphy will be recorded and the test pit locations will be surveyed using a hand-held Global Positioning System (GPS) device and/or measured from the existing building and other permanent site features.

Up to seven soil samples will be submitted for laboratory analyses using United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) methods that include Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) and Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) plus Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs), Pesticides and Target Analyte List (TAL) metals.

In addition to the subsurface soil samples, QA/QC analysis will be conducted on matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate samples, equipment rinsate blank and a trip blank. The analytical laboratory will report the data in a deliverables package to facilitate validation of the data. Third-party validator will be retained to review the analytical results and prepare a Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR), which will be incorporated into the Phase II ESA Report (discussed below).

Soil Probes

A series of soil probes will be advanced across the site to evaluate subsurface conditions. The bulk of the soil probes will be advanced in primary focus areas identified

during the Phase I ESA and during the test pit investigation activities. Additional soil probes will be completed in other areas of the site not characterized by test pits.

Soil probes will be advanced using direct-push drilling equipment to facilitate the collection, screening and chemical analysis of soil samples. The number of soil probes advanced will be as many soil probes as can be installed during the course of two days. Generally, 10 to 15 soil probes can be installed on a site with reasonably good access during an eight-hour workday.

All investigation activities will be supervised and documented by an experienced scientist or engineer and will be performed under Level D health and safety specifications. The soil probes will be advanced to a maximum depth of 16 feet below grade; to clean, native material; or to equipment refusal depth, whichever is encountered first. Continuous subsurface soil samples will be collected throughout the depth of each soil probe, and logs characterizing overburden stratigraphy will be recorded. The soil probe locations will be surveyed using a hand-held Global Positioning System (GPS) device and/or measured from the existing building and other permanent site features.

Subsurface soil samples collected from the soil probes will be screened for total organic vapors (TOVs) using a photoionization detector (PID). Soil intervals exhibiting the highest TOV measurement or exhibiting signs of staining may be selected for chemical analysis by a New York State Department of Health-certified laboratory. All down-hole probing equipment will be decontaminated prior to use at each probe location. Upon completion of probing activities, all probe holes will be backfilled with cuttings.

Up to twelve soil samples will be submitted for laboratory analyses using United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) methods that include Target Compound List (TCL) Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) and Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) plus Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs), Pesticides and Target Analyte List (TAL) metals.

In addition to the subsurface soil samples, QA/QC analysis will be conducted on matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate samples, equipment rinsate blank and a trip blank. The analytical laboratory will report the data in a deliverables package to facilitate validation of the data. Third-party validator will be retained to review the analytical results and prepare a Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR), which will be incorporated into the Phase II ESA Report (discussed below).

Test Borings and Monitoring Well Installation

Test borings will be advanced across the project site to characterize the subsurface soil/fill and facilitate the installation of groundwater monitoring wells and the collection of groundwater samples.

Test borings will be advanced through surficial deposits using a rubber-tired rotary drilling rig equipped with a 4 ¼-inch I.D. hollow stem auger with continuous split spoon sampling. Up to six monitoring wells will be installed, constructed of 2-inch Schedule 40 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) screens and risers. It is assumed that monitoring wells will be installed at a maximum depth of 25 feet below ground surface (bgs) and screened in the upper most water-bearing zone within the overburden.

Retrieved soil samples from each test boring will be screened for TOVs using a PID. The TOV values and soil descriptions will be recorded on Test Boring Logs.

Groundwater Sampling

The six groundwater monitoring wells installed will be developed and sampled in accordance with general practice accepted procedures. Prior to the initiation of groundwater sampling, groundwater levels will be measured to determine the groundwater flow direction and gradient using an electronic water interface indicator. Groundwater development will consist of the evacuation of a minimum of five well volumes from each of the wells or purged until dry conditions are observed. Dedicated polyethylene bailers will be used for the development and sampling of the monitoring wells. After the completion of development, the monitoring wells shall be allowed to recharge. The samples must be collected within 24 hours of completion of well development. Well number, well depth, depth to water, well volume, purge completion time and water quality parameters should be recorded on well development and sampling logs.

The groundwater samples collected from each well will be submitted for analysis of TCL VOCs and SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides and TAL metals. Additionally, QAQC samples will be collected and analyzed on matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate samples, a blind field duplicate sample and a trip blank.

Surface Soil Sampling

A sampling and analysis program will be implemented to characterize the chemistry of surface soil, fill materials and/or debris across the site. Grab samples will be collected from identified areas of concern as well as from points selected to represent conditions across the site. Up to six surface soil samples will be collected from zero to two inches below the vegetative layer. These samples will be analyzed for TCL SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides and TAL metals.

> Task No. 3: Sample Screening, Collection and Analysis

During sample collection, sample media will be field screened for indicative parameters, such as total organic vapors (TOVs), using a photoionization detector (PID). This provides a real-time indication of contaminant levels in the field to assist in selection of samples for laboratory analysis, and helps to ensure appropriate health and safety measures are being employed.

Proper sample collection is imperative to obtaining representative samples for analysis. Personnel must utilize accepted sample collection methods to ensure samples are representative and are not cross-contaminated by other samples or sample collection devices. These methodologies should be outlined in a site-specific ESA Work Plan. Proper sample labeling, handling, packing and shipping, along with a chain-of-custody (COC), is integral to help ensure collected samples are accurate, secure and intact when they arrive at the laboratory for analysis.

All chemical analyses must be performed by a NYS Department of Health Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) certified environmental laboratory, for analytical testing.

> Task No. 4: Data Validation

A third-party data validation firm will independently assess the quality of the analytical results generated by the laboratory. During validation, the laboratory data package will be reviewed for quality control parameters (including, but not limited to, custody documentation, holding times, surrogate and matrix spike recoveries, LCS recoveries, duplicate correlation, calibration standard/blank performance, instrument performance,

blank contamination, matrix interferences, method compliance, etc.). In addition, critical elements of the raw data (i.e. sample chromatograms, etc) will be reviewed. Although full validation to verify every QC summary page value and QC reported result from the raw data will not be performed at this time, the validation qualifiers that would be apparent by full validation review will generally be recommended within the DUSR. The DUSRs will then be generated, incorporating all sampling activities at the site, as a narrative discussion organized by sample type and analytical fraction. Sample result qualifiers indicated by the review will be applied to sample results forms.

> Task No. 5: Data Evaluation and Reporting

Following the collection of field data and analytical testing, the results must be evaluated and interpreted to characterize site conditions. The chemical concentrations of analyzed media will be compared to Standard Criteria and Guidance Values (SCGs). Relevant SCGs may include the following:

- Soil and Fill: NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Objectives in 6 NYCRR Part 375
- Groundwater: NYSDEC Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.1.1

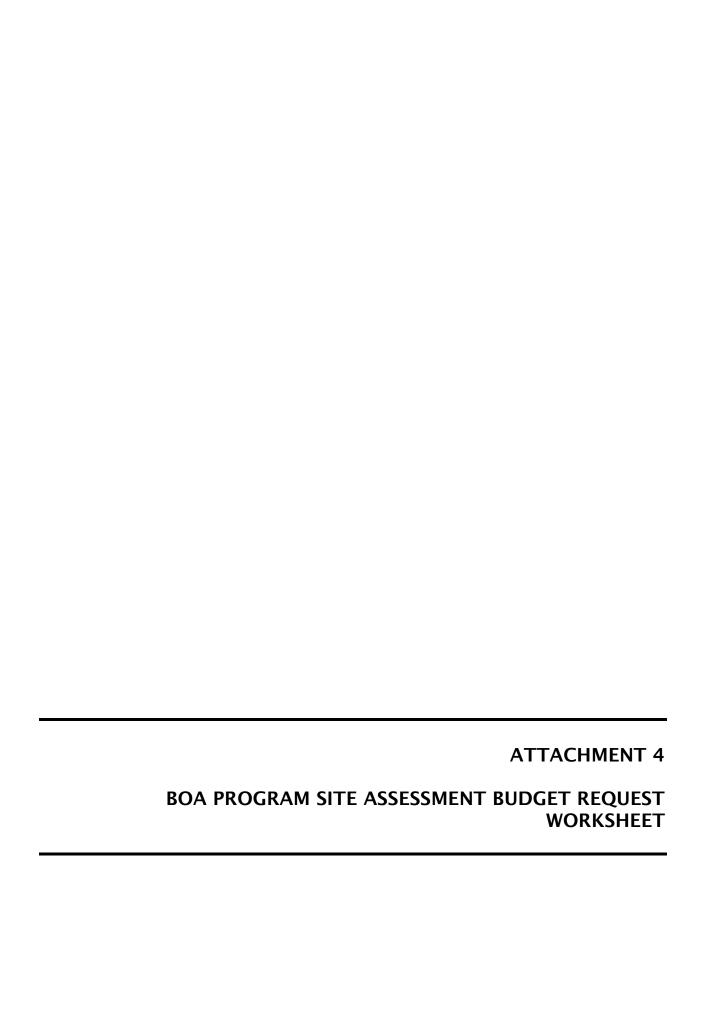
Upon completion of the data evaluation a report will be prepared. The report will:

- Discuss the investigative measures employed.
- Describe the surface and subsurface conditions observed.
- Compare the analytical data with applicable regulatory levels.
- Assess the implications of the site conditions encountered with respect to potential pathways, affected receptors, potential development concepts, and necessary remediation, if any.

The report will also contain raw and summarized analytical data; field logs; groundwater sampling logs; and other pertinent data tables and maps. The report will be suitable for submittal to regulatory agencies, and will serve as the basis for developing a remedial action plan for the property, if necessary.

Schedule:

Task	Time
Phase I ESA: Records Review, Site Reconnaissance, Interviews and Reporting	½ Month
Development of a Work Plan:	½ Month
Phase II ESA: Assessment Activities Evaluation of Data and Interpretation of Results Report Preparation	1 Month 1 Month 1 Month
Total:	4.5 Months



New York State Brownfield Opportunity Areas Program

SITE ASSESSMENT BUDGET REQUEST WORKSHEET

Instructions for Completing Schedules

- 1. A separate worksheet must be completed by the applicant for each site assessment (SA) budget requested. The worksheet consists of all relevant schedules.
- 2. Worksheets must be submitted with the Step 3 Application Site Assessment Supplement. The total contractual budget for all SAs from the worksheets must be entered in Part H, column 2 of the Step 3 application.
- 3. If an ASTM E1527 Phase I ESA was not already performed on the property, the scope of a Phase I must be added to the proposed scope of work of the Phase II. It may be necessary to complete the Phase I prior to finalizing the scope of work of the Phase II; therefore, the Phase II final workplan may not be approved prior to the completion of the Phase I. The final report for the Phase I and II ESAs should be combined into one document.
- 4. It is assumed that the applicant does not have a Department of State approved contractor for the SA at the time of application; therefore, the budget must be based on a reasonable estimate for the SA scope of work.
- 5. Acceptable rates and ranges for Direct Salary and Overhead and Fixed Fee, if applicable, are available upon request from DOS.

SCHEDULE 1(a) SITE ASSESSMENT CONTRACTUAL BUDGET

BOA Name: Site Name:

Budget Categories Within Contractual Budget	Amounts
1. Direct Salary, See Schedule 1(b)	\$
2. Direct Non-Salary, See Schedule 1(c)	\$
3. Subcontracts	
a. Total Price of Cost-Plus-Fixed-Fee	\$
Subcontracts, See Subcontract Schedules 1(a)(b)(c)	
b. Total Price of Other Subcontracts, See Schedule 1(d)	\$
c. Total Price of all Subcontracts (a. + b.)	\$
d. Total Contractor's Subcontract Management Fee	\$
e. Total Price and Fee of Subcontracts (c. + d.)	\$
4. Overhead Rate% of Direct Salary	\$
5. Fixed Fee Rate% of Direct Salary and Overhead	\$
6. Total Contractual Budget For Above Site	\$

Prepared By:	
Date Prepared:	Rev.09/15/2010

SCHEDULE 1(b) DIRECT SALARY/LABOR HOURS BUDGET

BOA Name: Site Name:

Rev. 09/15/2010

NSPE Level*	IX*		VIII	*	VII*		VI*		V^*		IV*		III*		<i>II</i> *		<i>I</i> *		Tota	el .
Av. Hourly Salary Rate * Calendar Year																				
Description	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost	Hrs.	Cost
Task 1: Development of Workplan																				
Task 2: Site Assessment Activities (Note: includes records review, site reconnaissance, and interviews if the SA includes a Phase I ESA) Task 3: Evaluation of Data																				
Task 4: Interpretation of Results																				
Task 5: Report Preparation																				
Total Hours/Cost																				

Footnotes:

- * Refers to National Society of Professional Engineers (NSPE) levels and job descriptions. See Schedule 1(a) for additional instructions.
- ** Tasks are in accordance with ASTM Phase II. Refer to ASTM Phase II guidance for details.
- *** Applicant should enter estimated number of hours for each NSPE level to complete each task and then calculate cost for each NSPE level, task, and the totals. The total Direct Salary/Labor Hours Budget must match the Direct Salary on Schedule 1(a).

Prepared By:

Date Prepared:

SCHEDULE 1(c) DIRECT NON-SALARY BUDGET

BOA Name: Site Name:

		Rates		
Budget Category	Description	Specify Units	No. of Units	Amount
1. Supplies				
a. Office				
b. Field				
Total Supplies				\$
2. Travel				
a. Meals		Per day		
b. Lodging		Per day		
c. Transportation		Per mile		
d. Misc. (Specify)				
Total Travel				\$
3. Equipment				
Rental				
1.				
2.				
Total Equipment				\$
4. Other (Specify)				
a.				
b.				
Total Other				\$
5. Total Direct Non-Salary Budge	t			\$

Footnotes

- The Total Direct Non-Salary Budget must match the Non-Salary Budget on Schedule 1(a) and must be directly related to the site assessment scope of work.
- Office and Field Supplies must be broken down by type and will be reimbursed, if reasonable, based on receipts submitted.
- Equipment will be reimbursed at reasonable rental rates.

Prepared By:	
Date Prepared:	

Rev. 09/15/2010

SCHEDULE 1(d) UNIT PRICE/LUMP SUM SUBCONTRACTS

BOA Name:		
Site Name:		
Type of Contract:		
Scope of Work:		

Subcontract Items	Rates Specify Units	No. of Units	Amount
1.			
2.			
3.			
Total Price of Subcontract			
			\$
Contractor's Subcontract Management Fee			
			\$
Total Price and Fee of Subcontract			
			\$

Footnotes

- A Schedule 1(d) should be completed for each unit price and lump sum subcontract anticipated under the prime contract. If a subcontract is a time and materials, not to exceed, or cost plus fixed fee, schedules 1(a), (b) and (c) must be completed for those types of contracts.
- The total of all Schedule 1(d)s must match the totals entered on Schedule 1(a) under 3.

Prepared By:	
Date Prepared: _	