Division of Environmental Remediation

# Site Investigation Report Volume 1



## Dussault Foundry Site, City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York

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New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Region 9 270 Michigan Avenue Buffalo, New York 14203

## Site Investigation Report

## Dussault Foundry Site, City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York



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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECT	ION			PAGE
1.0	EXECU	TIVE S	SUMMARY	<u>1</u>
2.0	INTRO	DUCTIO	ON	<u>7</u>
3.0	CITE D	ECCDIE	PTION AND HISTORY	0
3.0				
			scription	<del></del>
			story Operations and Disposal History	
	5.5	1 dellity	operations and Disposal History	<u>z</u>
4.0	PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS AND REMEDIAL ACTIONS 13			
			It Foundry Investigations	
			EC Investigations	
			vestigations	
	4.4	Niagara	a County Investigations	<u>17</u>
		4.4.1	Geophysical Survey	<u>17</u>
		4.4.2	Raceway Investigation	<u>18</u>
		4.4.3	Drum Inventory	<u>19</u>
		4.4.4	Foundry Sand Quantification	<u>19</u>
		4.4.5	Former Rail Yard Surface Soil Investigation	<u>19</u>
		4.4.6	Foundry Sand Sampling	<u>20</u>
		4.4.7	Raceway Sampling	
		4.4.8	Transformer Area Sampling	
		4.4.9	Subfloor Soil Sampling	<u>23</u>
		4.4.10	Pit and Sump Sampling	23
		4.4.11	Isopropyl Alcohol UST Subsurface Soil Sampling	<u>25</u>
	4.5		emoval Action	
		4.5.1	Radiation Survey	
		4.5.2	Asbestos Abatement	
		4.5.3	Drum Removal	
		4.5.4	Tank Removal	
		4.5.5	Debris Removal	
5.0			CTIVES AND SCOPE OF WORK	
		Objecti		
			of Work	
		5.2.1	Detailed Property Survey and Mapping	
		5.2.2	Soil Boring/Test Pit Program	
		5.2.3	Monitoring Wells	
		5.2.4	Water Level Measurements	
		5.2.5	Asbestos Survey	
		5.2.6	Sample Collection and Analysis	
		5.2.7	Building Demolition Costs	
		5.2.8	Report Preparation	<u>33</u>

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

SECT	ION	<b>P</b> A	AGE		
6.0	GEO!	LOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY	. 34		
	6.1	Regional Geology			
		6.1.1 Surficial Geology			
		6.1.2 Bedrock Geology			
	6.2	Site Geology			
		6.2.1 Non-Native Deposits			
		6.2.2 Glaciolacustrine Deposit	. 36		
		6.2.3 Gasport Dolomite - Gothic Hill Member	. 37		
	6.3	Regional Hydrogeology	. 37		
	6.4	Site Hydrogeology	. 38		
7.0	INVE	ESTIGATION RESULTS	. 40		
	7.1	General Observations	. 40		
	7.2	Surface Soil	. 40		
	7.3	Subsurface Soil and Fill	. 42		
	7.4	Sludge			
	7.5	Pit Water			
	7.6	Groundwater			
	7.7	Asbestos Containing Materials	. 48		
8.0	NAT	NATURE AND EXTENT OF CONTAMINATION 4			
	8.1	Surface Soil	. 49		
	8.2	Subsurface Soil and Fill	. 50		
	8.3	Sludge	. <u>52</u>		
	8.4	Pit Water			
	8.5	Groundwater	. <u>53</u>		
9.0	DISC	CUSSION AND RECOMMENDATION	. <u>55</u>		
	9.1	Discussion	. <u>55</u>		
		9.1.1 Hazardous Waste Presence			
		9.1.2 Tank Removal and Residual Soil Contamination			
		9.1.3 Historic Raceways			
		9.1.4 Drums			
		9.1.5 Beneficial Reuse of Spent Foundry Sand			
		9.1.6 Building Demolition Costs			
	9.2	Recommendation	. <u>61</u>		
10.0	REFE	ERENCES	. 63		

## LIST OF FIGURES (Following Text)

Figure 1-1	Site Location Map
Figure 1-2	Dussault Parcel Map
Figure 1-3	Dussault Site Features Map
Figure 3-1	Photograph of the Heavy Vegetation at the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 3-2	Photograph of the Heavy Vegetation at the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 3-3	Photograph of the Dilapidated Buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site, Foundry Building
Figure 3-4	Photograph of the Dilapidated Buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site, Area 5
Figure 3-5	Photograph of the Dilapidated Buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site, Cleaning Building
Figure 3-6	Photograph of the Dilapidated Buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site, Unknown Location
Figure 3-7	Photograph of the Dilapidated Buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site, Foundry Building
Figure 3-8	Photograph of the Dilapidated Buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site, Unknown Location
Figure 3-9	Photograph of Spent Foundry Sand in the On-Site Landfill
Figure 3-10	Photograph of Spent Foundry Sand Behind the Cleaning Building
Figure 3-11	Photograph of Spent Foundry Sand Behind the Cleaning Building
Figure 3-12	Photograph of Spent Foundry Sand Behind the Foundry Building
Figure 3-13	Photograph of a Tolusulfuric Acid Tank in the Foundry Building
Figure 3-14	Photograph of the Second Tolusulfuric Acid Tank in the Foundry Building
Figure 4-1	Historic Sample Location Map
Figure 4-2	Photograph of the Fill Port and Vent for the Isopropyl Alcohol UST
Figure 4-3	Photograph of Drums Scattered Throughout the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 4-4	Photograph of Drums Located East of the On-Site Landfill
Figure 4-5	Photograph of Drums on the Slope of the Niagara Escarpment near Market Street
Figure 4-6	Photograph of the Segregated Drums at the Dussault Foundry Site

## LIST OF FIGURES (Continued)

Figure 4-7	Photograph of the Segregated Drums at the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 4-8	Photograph of the Fill Port and Vent for the 1,000 Gallon Diesel/No. 2 Fuel Oil UST
Figure 4-9	Photograph of the Fill Port and Vent for the 4,000 Gallon Diesel/No. 2 Fuel Oil UST
Figure 4-10	UST Confirmation Sample Location Map
Figure 4-11	Photograph of the Debris Stockpiling Operation at the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 4-12	Photograph of the Stockpiled Debris at the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 4-13	Photograph of the Stockpiled Debris at the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 4-14	Photograph of the Stockpiled Debris at the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 5-1	Soil Boring, Test Pit and Monitoring Well Location Map
Figure 5-2	Sample Location Map
Figure 6-1	Photograph of the Foundry Sand at the Western Portion of the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 6-2	Photograph of the Foundry Sand at the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 6-3	Photograph of the Foundry Sand Excavated from Test Pit SUB-46
Figure 6-4	Photograph of the Drum Excavated from Test Pit SUB-8
Figure 6-5	Photograph of the Drum Excavated from Test Pit SUB-90
Figure 6-6	Fill Isopach Map
Figure 6-7	Photograph of the Reworked Soil in Test Pit SUB-60
Figure 6-8	Photograph of the Native Sand Excavated from Test Pit SUB-22
Figure 6-9	Photograph of the Fill/Native Sand Interface in Test Pit SUB-7
Figure 6-10	Photograph of the Fill/Native Sand Interface in Test Pit SUB-22
Figure 6-11	Photograph of the Native Silty Clay in Test Pit SUB-78
Figure 6-12	Photograph of the Native Silty Clay in Test Pit SUB-80
Figure 6-13	Photograph of the Weathered Upper Bedrock in Test Pit SUB-17

## LIST OF FIGURES (Continued)

Figure 6-14	Photograph of the Bedrock Outcrop at the Western Portion of the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 6-15	Bedrock Monitoring Well Hydrographs
Figure 6-16	Bedrock Groundwater Flow Contour Map
Figure 6-17	Photograph of the Thick Mantle of Foundry Sand Overlying the Niagara Escarpment
Figure 7-1	Photograph of the Cleared Vegetation in Front of the Foundry Building
Figure 7-2	Photograph of the Cleared Vegetation at the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 7-3	Photograph of the Drums on the Slope of the Niagara Escarpment at the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 7-4	Photograph of a Drum on the Slope of the Niagara Escarpment at the Western Portion of the Dussault Foundry Site
Figure 8-1	Residential Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedance Map for Surface Soil
Figure 8-2	Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedance Map for Surface Soil
Figure 8-3	Residential Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedance Map for Subsurface Soil
Figure 8-4	Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedance Map for Subsurface Soil
Figure 9-1	Photograph of the Southern Wall of the Historic Raceway on the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Property
Figure 9-2	Photograph of the Northern Wall of the Historic Raceway on the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Property
Figure 9-3	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Spillway on the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Property
Figure 9-4	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Discharge Culvert on the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Property
Figure 9-5	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Wall West of the Spillway
Figure 9-6	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Wall West of the Wall Shown in Figure 9-5
Figure 9-7	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Spillway on the Western Portion of the Dussault Property
Figure 9-8	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Wall on the Westernmost Portion of the Dussault Property

## LIST OF FIGURES (Continued)

Figure 9-9	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Wall on the Westernmost Portion of the Dussault Property
Figure 9-10	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Wall Shown in Figure 9-9 from a Different Angle
Figure 9-11	Photograph of the Historic Raceway Wall Shown in Figures 9-9 and 9-10, and the Third Spillway on the Dussault Property
Figure 9-12	Photograph of the Backfill Material in the Historic Raceway Spillway on the Eastern Portion of the Dussault Property
Figure 9-13	Photograph of the Fill Material in Test Pit SUB-10
Figure 9-14	Photograph of the Fill Material in Test Pit SUB-21 That Was Excavated in the Historic Raceway along Market Street

## LIST OF TABLES (Following Text)

Table 4-1	Summary Key for Historic Samples Collected from the Site
Table 4-2	Analytical Results for Historic Soil and Waste Samples Collected from the Site by the NYSDEC and EPA
Table 4-3	Analytical Results for Surface Soil Samples Collected from the Former Rail Yard During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-4	Analytical Results for Foundry Sand Samples Collected During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-5	Analytical Results for Raceway Soil and Waste Samples Collected During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-6	Analytical Results for Transformer Area Soil Samples Collected During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-7	Analytical Results for Subfloor Soil Samples Collected During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-8	Analytical Results for Pit Water Samples Collected During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-9	Analytical Results for Sludge Samples Collected During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-10	Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil Samples Collected Near the Isopropyl Alcohol UST During the Phase II ESA
Table 4-11	Analytical Results for Confirmatory Soil Samples Collected by the EPA
Table 5-1	Construction Summary for the Monitoring Wells Installed During the 2008 Site Investigation
Table 5-2	Summary Key for Samples Collected During the 2008 Site Investigation
Table 6-1	Stratigraphic Sequence of the Western New York Area
Table 6-2	Groundwater Elevations in Monitoring Wells Installed During the 2008 Site Investigation
Table 7-1	Analytical Results for Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected During the 2008 Site Investigation
Table 7-2	Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected During the 2008 Site Investigation
Table 7-3	Analytical Results for Sludge Samples Collected During the 2008 Site Investigation
Table 7-4	Analytical Results for Pit Water Samples Collected During the 2008 Site Investigation
Table 7-5	Analytical Results for Groundwater Samples Collected During the 2008 Site Investigation

## LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

Table 8-1	Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site
Table 8-2	Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site
Table 8-3	Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Sludge Samples Collected from the Electrical Control Room at the Dussault Foundry Site
Table 8-4	Summary of NYSDEC Surface Water Exceedances in Pit Water Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site
Table 8-5	Summary of NYSDEC Groundwater Exceedances at the Dussault Foundry Site
Table 9-1	Analytical Results for Samples Collected to Evaluate the Fuel Oil Spill Near the Cleaning Building at the Dussault Foundry Site
Table 9-2	Analytical Results for Raceway Soil and Waste Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site
Table 9-3	Analytical Results for Drum Waste Samples Collected During the 2008 Site Investigation

### **APPENDICES**

Appendix A Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps

Appendix B Stratigraphic Logs and Well Construction Diagrams

Appendix C Soil Boring, Test Pit and Monitoring Well Stratigraphic Summary Tables

Appendix D Well Development & Purge and Sampling Logs

Appendix E Asbestos Survey

Appendix F Soils Management Plan

Appendix G Analytical Data

#### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Dussault Foundry Site consists of two parcels at the foot of Washburn Street in the City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York (Figures 1-1 and 1-2). The total area of the site is approximately 5.6 acres in a mixed residential, commercial and industrial neighborhood. The site is bounded on the north and west by Market Street, commercial property and the New York State Barge Canal, on the south by railroad tracks, and on the east by residential properties. The majority of the site is located on a relatively flat-lying plateau, with approximately 60 percent of the site occupied by buildings (Figure 1-3). The surface topography of the plateau ranges from approximately 587 to 595 feet above mean sea level (amsl). North of the plateau the property slopes steeply downward to the north over the Niagara Escarpment, a 70-foot wooded hillside slightly beyond the northern Dussault property line (Figure 1-3). The surface elevation at the bottom of the escarpment is approximately 540 ft amsl.

Dussault Foundry operated as a grey iron foundry from 1914 through 1995. Manufacturing operations during that period remained virtually unchanged. Following the facility's closing, machinery and equipment was sold for its salvage value. The property has been vacant since 1995 when Dussault Foundry declared bankruptcy. The property is still owned by Dussault Foundry, although the City of Lockport has Temporary Incidents of Ownership.

In March 1985, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) listed the site in the Department's Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites in New York State (Registry) as a suspected hazardous waste site (Class 2a) due to the on-site disposal of spent foundry sand. A State funded Phase I Investigation was completed in 1989, and concluded that further investigations were necessary to determine the appropriate classification of the site.

In early 1990, Dussault was informed by the NYSDEC that a State funded Phase II Investigation was scheduled for later that year. In response, Dussault notified the NYSDEC on April 12, 1990 of the company's willingness to enter into an Order on Consent for the completion of a Phase II Investigation. Ultimately, the company was unable to conduct the investigation and the site was referred back to the Bureau of Hazardous Site Control for inclusion on the State funded Phase II Investigation list.

On July 27, 1993 the NYSDEC collected one fill and three surface soil samples from the site for chemical analysis. Because these analyses did not identify the presence of hazardous waste at the site, the Dussault Foundry Site was delisted from the Registry on July 25, 1994.

During March 2000 a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the former Dussault Foundry property was completed for the Niagara County Department of Planning, Development and Tourism. This report concluded that several of the foundry's processes utilized a variety of hazardous materials and generated extensive quantities of foundry sand. One underground storage tank (UST) and evidence of a second UST were noted in the report. Numerous 55-gallon drums were scattered throughout the site, both inside and outside of the buildings. The majority of the drums appeared to be empty, but some appeared to be partially full with liquids and debris. Based upon these findings, the Phase I ESA report concluded that a Phase II ESA should be conducted at the site to determine if hazardous substances were present.

In 2001 the Niagara County Department of Planning, Development and Tourism commissioned a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment of the former Dussault Foundry property. This assessment began in November 2001 of that year and was completed in September 2002. A geophysical survey completed during the investigation did not identify the presence of a UST between the westernmost building (Area 2) and the railroad tracks as previously thought (Figure 1-3). A raceway investigation revealed that one raceway was located in the northeastern portion of the site, and an open channel was once located approximately half way between the northern site boundary and the bottom of the escarpment to the north (Figure 1-3). A drum inventory documented 244 drums on site, mostly in good or fair condition. The volume of foundry sand, not including miscellaneous volumes present inside the buildings, was estimated to be 10,500 cubic yards. Chemical analysis of site surface soil revealed the presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). Soil collected around an isopropyl alcohol UST was found to contain alcohol and acetone. Total phenol concentrations in foundry sand samples were below NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives. These sands, however, contained elevated concentrations of chromium, copper, iron and nickel. An elevated concentration of zinc in soil below a drain pipe indicated the presence of a zinc source in this area of the site. This source, however, was not identified during the Phase II ESA.

On July 2, 2002 Niagara County asked for help from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to characterize the liquid contents of the drums inventoried during the Phase II ESA. The EPA agreed to this request and completed an Expedited Removal Assessment (ERA) at the site on October 1, 2002. Composite samples from 20 of the drums revealed the presence of various hazardous substances and wastes including D003 reactive materials, D002 corrosive materials, lead, chromium, pyrene and toxaphene. The site also contained five tanks that were in poor condition, two of which had leaked all or part of their contents.

The Niagara County Health Department determined that a public health risk was posed by these

drums and tanks, and on October 9, 2002 issued a Public Health Hazard Declaration for the Dussault Foundry Site. In response to this declaration the NYSDEC implemented an emergency site security action by placing warning signs across the front of the property and installing high visibility fencing across the open doorways of the buildings. On October 16, 2002 the NYSDEC asked the EPA to undertake a removal action at the site.

Based upon the public health hazards identified, the EPA agreed to this request. The removal action began on March 13, 2003 and was completed on September 25, 2003 at a cost of approximately \$384,000. During this removal action EPA removed approximately 400 tons of foundry sand and debris from inside the plant buildings, removed all drums of foundry waste including flammable liquids and reactive materials, removed three underground storage tanks and their contents, removed five above-ground storage tanks and their contents, and removed approximately 300 cubic yards of asbestos containing debris and materials.

In 2008 the NYSDEC conducted a Site Investigation of the Dussault Foundry Site through a Targeted Site Assessment grant from the EPA. The overall objective of this investigation was to obtain information sufficient to: (1) determine if the Dussault Foundry Site should be relisted in the Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites, and if so, what the appropriate site classification should be and (2) determine if the property is suitable for redevelopment. The specific objectives of this investigation were to: (1) evaluate the site to determine if hazardous wastes were present, and if present, to determine if there was a consequential amount, (2) determine the nature and extent of contamination at the site, including the presence of asbestos in site buildings, (3) better quantify the volume of foundry sand throughout the property; and (4) estimate costs for building demolition. These objectives were determined through a grided soil boring/test pit program in which thirty-three soil borings and eighty-eight test pits were completed, five bedrock monitoring wells were installed, and twenty-two surface soil samples, forty-four subsurface soil and fill samples, three pit water samples, five groundwater samples and one sludge sample were collected for chemical analysis. A detailed survey of the site was also completed, along with an asbestos survey of the existing buildings. Results from the asbestos survey were utilized to estimate building demolition costs.

The stratigraphy of the site was evaluated by examining the stratigraphic logs completed during the Site Investigation. With increasing depth, the geologic units encountered include foundry sand, reworked soil, and native glaciolacustrine sands and silty clays. The bedrock underlying the site consists of dolostone and mudstone from the Gothic Hill Member of the Gasport Dolomite of the Lockport Group.

Based upon the presence of the Niagara Escarpment and the thin layer of overburden throughout the

site, saturated soil/fill was not encountered at thicknesses sufficient to justify the installation of micro-wells. As a result, five bedrock monitoring wells were installed during the Site Investigation to evaluate groundwater flow patterns across the site and to assess bedrock groundwater quality. Groundwater elevations ranged from 547.42 to 584.52 feet amsl, with bedrock groundwater flow to the northeast toward the Niagara Escarpment and the New York State Barge Canal.

The results of the Site Investigation indicate that surface soil at the Dussault Foundry Site contains semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and metals. concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (6 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (7 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (8 samples), benzo(k)fluoranthene (3 samples), chrysene (6 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (4 samples), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (7 samples), and the EPA priority pollutant metals arsenic (2 samples) and chromium (3 samples) exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives. The concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (3 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (7 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (3 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (3 samples), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) and arsenic (2 samples) also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives. These results, combined with the surface soil results from the Phase II ESA, reveal that eight of twelve samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives, and seven of eight samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives, are located in the southern portion of the site. This area was historically covered by a series of rail lines and spurs. The presence of PAHs, arsenic and chromium in these samples is likely related to the presence of coal that was observed on the ground surface throughout this portion of the site. These contaminants are common constituents of coal, with the coal likely related to historical rail operations. The remaining surface soil samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives are scattered throughout the site in no definable pattern.

Subsurface soil and fill at the Dussault Foundry Site contains volatile organic compounds, semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides, PCBs and metals. The concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (13 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (11 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (13 samples), benzo(k)fluoranthene (7 samples), chrysene (13 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (9 samples), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (11 samples), 2-methylnaphthalene (2 samples), naphthalene (2 samples), phenanthrene (1 sample), dieldrin (1 sample), and the EPA priority pollutant metals arsenic (6 samples), cadmium (1 sample), chromium (4 samples), lead (6 samples), mercury (2 samples) and zinc (1 sample) exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives. Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (5 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (11 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (6 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (6 samples), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample),

naphthalene (1 sample), arsenic (6 samples) and lead (1 sample) also exceeded the Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives. These results, combined with the subsurface soil and fill results from the Phase II ESA and the EPA's Expedited Removal Assessment, reveal that eleven of twenty-four samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives, and ten of twelve samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives, are located in the southern portion of the site. Once again, the presence of PAHs and metals in these samples is likely related to historical rail operations. The remaining subsurface soil and fill samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives are scattered throughout the site in no definable pattern.

The sludge sample, collected from a pit within the main foundry building, contained volatile organic compounds, semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides, PCBs and metals. Only the concentrations of PCBs, and the EPA priority pollutant metals cadmium and chromium exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives.

The water samples collected from pits within the buildings contained semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides, PCBs and metals. Only the concentrations of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (2 samples), alpha-BHC (2 samples), PCBs (2 samples), and the EPA priority pollutant metal lead (2 samples) exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values. Both samples that exceeded standards were collected from the same pit (original and duplicate samples). Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, PCBs and lead were also detected in the sludge sample collected from this pit, suggesting that the sludge is the source of the pit water contamination. Because this pit holds water, migration of contaminants from it is unlikely.

Groundwater underlying the Dussault Foundry Site contains volatile organic compounds, semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides, metals, chloride and sulfate. Only the concentrations of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (1 sample), chloride (2 samples), sulfate (2 samples) and the EPA priority pollutant metal lead (1 sample) exceeded the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values. The presence of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, a common plasticizer widely used in the plastics industry, may have resulted from the disposable bailer or rope used to collect the sample, or was introduced into the sample in the laboratory during extraction and analysis procedures. The presence of lead may be related to the Dussault Foundry Site as this contaminant was detected in subsurface soil and fill samples collected during the Site Investigation. The results from the other wells, however, indicate that contaminated groundwater is not widespread. The concentrations of chloride and sulfate in the groundwater samples likely represent the natural mineral content of this groundwater.

The results of the Site Investigation reveal that hazardous waste is not present at the Dussault Foundry Site. As a result, the site does not qualify for inclusion in the NYSDEC Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites in New York State. However, due to the presence of contamination at this site, the property may be eligible for NYSDEC's Environmental Restoration (ERP) or Brownfield Cleanup (BCP) programs. At the present time funding for the ERP has been depleted. This contamination does not prohibit redevelopment of the property for commercial use.

The historic raceway located along the northern boundary of the Dussault property is not a significant contaminant migration pathway. In addition, based upon the results from confirmatory samples collected by the EPA following the removal of three underground storage tanks and the evaluation during the Site Investigation of an historic spill remediated by EPA, the NYSDEC does not require additional remediation in these areas.

While completing the soil boring/test pit program, two drums were uncovered: a 55-gallon drum containing suspected paint waste in test pit SUB-8 and a 55-gallon drum containing a tar-like waste in test pit SUB-90. Both drums and all soil and fill visually contaminated by the wastes were containerized and subsequently transported off-site for disposal. Based upon the extent of the cleanup, and the analytical results from excavated soil and fill that was placed back into test pit SUB-90, the NYSDEC does not require additional remediation in these areas.

Spent foundry sand from the Dussault Foundry was granted a Beneficial Use Determination (BUD; number 073-9-32) by the NYSDEC's Division of Solid and Hazardous Materials in the early 1990s for use as an aggregate in asphalt and in the production of flowable fill. A Beneficial Use Determination indicates that the waste material ceases to be a solid waste subject to disposal when utilized as described by the BUD. This BUD is still in effect, and could be utilized for foundry sand excavated during redevelopment activities.

The estimated cost to demolish the buildings on the Dussault property is \$367,000, which includes \$192,000 for asbestos abatement and disposal at a licensed asbestos landfill. A second cost estimate for asbestos abatement and disposal was \$165,000. Demolition costs may be less, however, if the buildings were demolished with the asbestos in place through a New York State Department of Labor (NYSDOL) variance. Variances of this type have been issued by the NYSDOL for other demolition projects in western New York.

DUSSAULT FOUNDRY SITE, SITE NO. 932012 SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

#### 2.0 INTRODUCTION

Between August and November 2008 the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) conducted a Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site in the City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York (Figures 1-1 thru 1-3). This investigation was funded through a Targeted Site Assessment grant from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The Dussault Foundry Site, located at the foot of Washburn Street, occupies a total area of approximately 5.6 acres in a mixed residential, commercial and industrial neighborhood. Although this site has been delisted from the Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites in New York State (Registry), it is located within the City of Lockport's Brownfield Opportunities Area (BOA), the Niagara County and the City of Lockport's Brownfield Water Front Planning Area and the City of Lockport's Historic Canal Corridor. The City has been unable to stimulate interest in developing the site due to the perceived chemical contamination of the property. As a result, the Division of Environmental Remediation (DER) conducted a Site Investigation at the site to determine the nature and extent of contamination, including the presence of asbestos in site buildings. The Site Investigation was also conducted to better quantify the volume of foundry sand on the property. The study results will be utilized to determine whether the Dussault Foundry Site should be relisted in the Registry, or if the property is eligible for NYSDEC's Environmental Restoration (ERP) or Brownfield Cleanup (BCP) programs.

This report summarizes the findings of the Site Investigation. The remaining sections of this report are organized as follows:

- Section 3.0, Site Description and History: this section describes the salient features of the Dussault Foundry Site, and presents a summary of site history, facility operations and disposal history;
- Section 4.0, Previous Investigations and Remedial Actions: this section describes the previous investigative activities undertaken at the site, and describes the remedial activities completed by the EPA;
- Section 5.0, Study Objectives and Scope of Work: this section describes the objectives of the Site Investigation and the activities that were completed during the investigation;
- **Section 6.0, Geology and Hydrogeology:** this section describes the regional and site

geology and hydrogeology. The characteristics, areal extent and hydrogeologic properties of the strata are discussed;

- Section 7.0, Investigation Results: this section describes the findings of the Site Investigation, including general observations and a summary of the analytical results obtained from various environmental media (i.e., surface soil, fill, surface water, groundwater and sludge);
- Section 8.0, Nature and Extent of Contamination: this section evaluates the results of the 2001 Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) removal action and the 2008 NYSDEC Site Investigation to determine the nature and extent of contamination at the site;
- Section 9.0, Discussion and Recommendation: this section discusses the analytical results presented in Section 7.0 and the nature and extent of contamination presented in Section 8.0 as they relate to the investigation objectives presented in Section 5.0. Recommendations for future activities regarding the site are also discussed; and
- Section 10.0, References: this section contains a list of references utilized or cited in the report.

Figures, tables and appendices, in that order, follow Section 10.0.

#### 3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

### 3.1 Site Description

The Dussault Foundry Site consists of two parcels at the foot of Washburn Street in the City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York (Figures 1-1 and 1-2). The site occupies an area of approximately 5.6 acres in a mixed industrial, commercial and residential neighborhood, and is heavily vegetated with weeds, small bushes and trees (Figures 3-1 and 3-2). Approximately 60 percent of the site is occupied by buildings that are in dilapidated and deteriorated condition (Figures 3-3 thru 3-8). The site is bounded on the north and west by Market Street, commercial property and the New York State Barge Canal, on the south by railroad tracks, and on the east by residential properties.

The Dussault Foundry Site is located on a relatively flat-lying plateau, with surface elevations ranging from approximately 587 to 595 feet above mean sea level (amsl). North of the plateau the property slopes steeply downward to the north over the Niagara Escarpment, a 70-foot wooded hillside slightly beyond the northern Dussault property line (Figure 1-3). The surface elevation at the bottom of the escarpment is approximately 540 ft amsl.

### 3.2 Site History

Dussault Foundry operated as a grey iron foundry from 1914 through 1995. Following the facility's closing, machinery and equipment was sold for its salvage value. The property has been vacant since 1995 when Dussault Foundry declared bankruptcy. The property is still owned by Dussault Foundry, although the City of Lockport has Temporary Incidents of Ownership.

Sanborn Fire Insurance maps indicate that prior to Dussault Foundry's operations at the site, tenants included the Charles Rakes Mill Machinery Works, the Levan & Gritman Planing Mill, the Empire Manufacturing Company, the Lockport Box and Lumber Company and the S.E. Levan Planing Mill (Appendix A). The 1938 Lockport City Directory listed a fuel company with the same address as Dussault, and coal was reported to have been stored in the area of the site where the Core Room Addition is now located (see Figure 1-3). The city directory also listed a restaurant on the portion of property east of Washburn Street. This restaurant was located in the Old Union Station (Figure 1-3).

### 3.3 Facility Operations and Disposal History

Manufacturing operations at Dussault Foundry remained virtually unchanged during its years of operation and included the production of grey and ductile iron. The iron was melted in an induction/melting

furnace and was transferred into sand molds with ladles. To make the molds, a pattern was constructed out of wood to achieve the desired shape. At Dussault, two methods of fixing the sand into the molds were utilized. For smaller products a "no-bake" mold was utilized. This type of mold was made from green sand, water, clay and seacoal, a finely crushed bituminous coal that is added to the mixture to reduce expansion defects in the iron and steel castings. For products that required larger molds, a chemical catalyst was utilized to keep the sand mold cohesive. A combination of green sand, phenolic resins and tolusulfuric acid was utilized for these molds.

The principle waste product of Dussault's foundry operations was spent foundry sand, which was generated by breaking the sand molds to retrieve the castings. This used foundry sand was recycled and remolded several times until various impurities reached concentrations that required the addition of clean sand to ensure that adequate quality sand molds were created. Approximately 15 to 20 tons of clean sand was added weekly to the recycled sand. When operating, Dussault recycled approximately 90% of the used foundry sand generated during its production operations. The spent sand that was discarded accounted for nearly all waste materials generated at the facility. This sand was disposed of in an on-site landfill (Area 7; Figures 1-3 and 3-9) and on other areas of the property (Figure 1-3, and Figures 3-10 thru 3-12).

The on-site landfill was utilized by Dussault for the disposal of spent foundry sand from at least 1914 through 1985. In September 1981, in response to a NYSDEC request, Dussault Foundry prepared and submitted to the agency an application to construct a Solid Waste Management Facility at the site. This application was subsequently turned down by the agency. By January 1984 Dussault has contracted with Browning-Ferris Industries to remove newly generated spent foundry sand from the facility. Later that year, Dussault submitted a Hazardous Waste Disposal Questionnaire to the NYSDEC stating that only nonhazardous waste was being disposed of on site.

During late 1985, Dussault contracted with the Niagara County Refuse Disposal District Landfill for the disposal of both the facility's newly generated and stockpiled spent foundry sands. In March 1986, Niagara County submitted a permit application to the NYSDEC to accept these foundry sands from Dussault for daily cover. The permit for foundry sand disposal at the Niagara County Landfill was subsequently approved by the agency.

In October 1986, Dussault hired Wendel Engineers, P.C. to prepare a closure plan for the on-site landfill. Under a NYSDEC Order on Consent, dated December 24, 1986, Dussault Foundry submitted the

closure plan. The removal of the spent foundry sand and the closure of the on-site landfill was completed in October 1987. Approximately 20,00 cubic yards of foundry sand was removed from the site and transported to the Niagara County Landfill for disposal. Foundry sand, however, remains in this area of the site (Figure 3-9). Foundry sand has also been dumped over the face of the Niagara Escarpment (Area 8; Figure 1-3).

Information concerning detailed operations at the facility are described in the Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) completed by Foit-Albert Associates in 2000 for Niagara County (see Section 4.4 for additional details). The following discussion is excerpted from that report.

The Phase I ESA report states that the sheet metal Quonset Hut (Area 1; Figures 1-3 and 3-3) was used as a wood shop for pattern making. Since the closing of the foundry, the contents of this building were set on fire by vandals. Charred debris and other trash is scattered on the ground throughout the building. Two aboveground storage tank (AST) located south of the Quonset Hut formerly stored phenolic resins (Figures 1-3 and 3-3). An underground storage tank (UST) in this area reportedly contained isopropyl alcohol (Figure 1-3).

The westernmost portion of the main building, called the Core Room Addition, was utilized for the storage of wood and patterns (Area 2; Figure 1-3). At the time of the Phase I ESA this building contained numerous 55-gallon drums, pallets, patterns, and a large quantity of debris. Coal was reported to have been stored in the area of the site before the Core Room Addition was built. A Machine Shop (Area 3; Figure 1-3) was located within the southeast corner of the Core Room Addition. Several drums and other debris were observed throughout this area. Mr. James Maxwell, the former president of the company, reported that 30-weight oil used in compressors was stored in this area. A 550-gallon AST in this area was reported to contain linseed oil (Figure 1-3).

The Foundry Building (Area 4; Figures 1-3, 3-3 and 3-7) is a large open space that formerly housed a variety of large machines used in the foundry process. An AST containing tolusulfuric acid was located along the west wall of this building (Figures 1-3 and 3-13). South of this tank was an oven that was utilized to bake molds at 400 degrees Fahrenheit. A second tolusulfuric acid tank was positioned along the south wall (Figures 1-3 and 3-14).

A small office and an electrical distribution room were located north of the Quonset Hut in Area 4.

Empty barrels formerly containing silicon carbide were located outside of this office. Mr. Maxwell noted that the bins located along the south wall of this area facilitated dumping of scrap iron into the building. He also reported that only "no-bake" molds were used in Areas 1 through 4. The melting furnace was at one time located in Area 4 near the Quonset Hut.

The eastern end of the Foundry Building (Area 5; Figures 1-3 and 3-4) was used to house the chemical sand and sand reclamation processes.

The Cleaning Building (Area 6; Figures 1-3 and 3-2), located on the eastern portion of the property, was utilized for sand reclamation. This building housed a dust collector, shot blast machine, and an electric furnace. Various types of debris were scattered throughout this building during the Phase I ESA, in addition to several 55-gallon drums.

#### 4.0 PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS AND REMEDIAL ACTIONS

Several sampling events and investigations have been completed at the Dussault Foundry Site since the 1980's. Sampling events have been completed by Dussault Foundry, the NYSDEC and the EPA, while investigations have been completed by the NYSDEC and Niagara County. In addition to these activities, EPA completed an Emergency Removal Action at the site in 2003. The details of these sampling events, investigations and the removal action are described in the following sections.

For this report, analytical results for soil, fill and sludge were evaluated against the residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives of Table 375-6.8(b) contained in the December 2006 NYSDEC publication entitled "6NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs". For contaminants not included in Part 375, the soil cleanup objectives identified in the October 1995 NYSDEC publication entitled "Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels" were utilized. When utilized, the soil cleanup objectives for individual semivolatile organic compounds were taken directly from Table 2 of the TAGM, while the soil cleanup objectives for pesticides were taken directly from Table 3. For metals, TAGM 4046 allows the use of background concentrations so long as the background samples are collected from areas not impacted by the site and any other source of contaminants. Although background samples were collected during a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) completed at the site in 2002 (see Section 4.4 for more details concerning this ESA), these samples were collected near Union Street and the railroad track adjacent to the site and may not be free of site related contaminants. As a result, the background metals concentrations determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site in the City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York (TVGA, 2005) were utilized in this report. This site is located approximately 0.5 miles northwest of the Dussault Foundry Site.

Analytical results for water samples were evaluated against the water quality standards and guidance values contained in the June 1998 NYSDEC publication entitled "Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.1.1: Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values and Groundwater Effluent Limitations". The surface water standards and guidance values for individual contaminants were taken directly from Table 1.

## 4.1 Dussault Foundry Investigations

During late 1980, Dussault Foundry reached an agreement with the NYSDEC regarding the sampling and analysis of spent foundry sand and related dust collector fines that had been stockpiled on-site within the

spent foundry sand landfill (Area 7; Figure 1-3). During January 1981, Dussault collected two samples from the dust collectors and two samples from the foundry sand landfill. All samples were submitted to Advanced Environmental Systems, Inc. for chemical analysis of total phenols and metals using the Extraction Procedure (EP) Toxicity Test. The EP Tox results indicated that none of the samples were characteristic hazardous waste, although phenol could leach from these wastes at low concentrations (0.01 ppm and 1.4 mg/L). On July 2, 1985, Advanced Environmental Systems, Inc. collected one foundry sand sample for analysis of total phenols using the EP Tox procedure. Once again the EP Tox results indicated that the foundry sand was not a characteristic hazardous waste, although phenol could leach from this waste at low concentrations (0.344 mg/L).

### 4.2 NYSDEC Investigations

In March 1985, the NYSDEC listed Dussault Foundry in the Department's Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites in New York State (Registry) as a suspected hazardous waste site (Class 2a) due to its on-site disposal of spent foundry sand. On June 4, 1987, Ecology and Environment Engineering, P.C. (E & E) conducted a site inspection in support of a NYSDEC Phase I Investigation. The purpose of this investigation was to provide a preliminary evaluation of the potential for hazardous waste to be present at the site, to evaluate potential contaminant migration pathways, and to determine the natural resources or extent of the human population that might be affected by the contaminants. This investigation consisted of a detailed file review of available information and a site inspection. The Phase I Investigation was completed in 1989, and concluded that further investigations were necessary to determine the appropriate classification of the site.

In early 1990, Dussault was informed by the NYSDEC that a State funded Phase II Investigation was scheduled for later that year. In response, Dussault notified the NYSDEC on April 12, 1990 of the company's willingness to enter into an Order on Consent for the completion of a Phase II Investigation. Due to the company's Chapter 11 bankruptcy, its inability to produce an acceptable Phase II work plan, and an estimated cost that was far greater than Dussault initially anticipated, the site was referred back to the Bureau of Hazardous Site Control in early 1992 for inclusion on the State funded Phase II Investigation list.

On July 27, 1993 the NYSDEC collected one fill (SS-3) and three surface soil (SS-1, SS-2 and SS-4) samples from the site (Figure 4-1). Samples were collected from background soils, soils underlying the former foundry sand landfill, contents of a drum protruding from the face of the Niagara Escarpment, and from soils near this drum. All samples were submitted to Recra Environmental, Inc. for chemical analysis

of Target Compound List (TCL) volatile organic compounds (VOCs), TCL semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), TCL pesticides, TCL polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), Target Analyte List (TAL) metals and cyanide. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-2, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

The results of the organic analyses did not reveal the presence of volatile organic compounds in any of the samples (Table 4-2). Semivolatile organic compounds, however, were detected in all four samples (Table 4-2). Eleven semivolatile organic compounds were detected in these samples with nine of these constituents being polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). PAHs are a group of over 100 different chemicals that are ubiquitous in the environment. Sources of PAHs include incomplete combustion of coal, oil, gasoline, garbage, wood from stoves, automobiles and incinerators. PAHs are also found in coal tar, crude oil, creosote, roofing tar, medicines, dyes, plastics and pesticides. The presence of PAHs in samples at the Dussault Foundry Site are likely related to the foundry operations at the facility and the coal that had historically been stockpiled on the site. None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2).

Phthalates [bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate and butylbenzylphthalate] were detected in three of the samples collected from the site (Table 4-2). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives. There are no NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives for these contaminants. Pesticides and PCBs were also detected in the samples, but again, none of the concentrations exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2).

Fourteen metals were detected in the samples collected by the NYSDEC from the site (Table 4-2). Of these compounds, five were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2), with three of these metals being EPA priority pollutant metals. EPA priority pollutant metals are toxic metals for which technology-based effluent limitations and guidelines are required by Federal law. The priority pollutant metals exceeding the soil cleanup objectives (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) included chromium (3 samples; 267 mg/kg), copper (1 sample; 286 mg/kg) and nickel (1 sample; 817 mg/kg). The concentrations of copper and nickel also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2).

Because these analyses did not identify the presence of hazardous waste at the site, the Dussault Foundry Site was delisted from the Registry on July 25, 1994.

### 4.3 EPA Investigations

In January 1987, the EPA conducted a site investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site. During this investigation, the EPA's contractor collected 10 soil samples (BD-458 thru BD-465, BI-458 and BI-543) from various locations across the Dussault property. The locations of these samples, however, are unknown. All samples were submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc for chemical analysis of TCL semivolatile organic compounds. Two of these samples were also analyzed for TCL volatile organic compounds. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-2, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

The results of the organic analyses revealed that both volatile and semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 4-2). Volatile organic compounds detected in the samples included acetone (2 samples), 2-butanone (1 sample), ethylbenzene (1 sample), methylene chloride (2 samples), toluene (1 sample) and total xylenes (1 sample). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2).

Twenty-one semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 4-2) with thirteen of these constituents being polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Of these compounds, only benzo(a)anthracene (1 sample), benzo(a)pyrene (1 sample), benzo(b)fluoranthene (3 samples), chrysene (2 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (1 sample) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (3 samples) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2). Only the concentration of benzo(a)pyrene in one sample exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2).

Phthalates [bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, butylbenzylphthalate, di-n-butylphthalate and di-n-octlyphthalate] were also detected in the samples collected by the EPA from the site (Table 4-2). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives. There are no NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives for these contaminants. Phenols [2-methylphenol, 4-methylphenol and phenol] were detected in three of the samples with only the concentrations of 4-methylphenol and phenol in one sample exceeding the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2). None of these concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-2).

### 4.4 Niagara County Investigations

In early 2000 the Niagara County Department of Planning, Development and Tourism solicited proposals from environmental consultants for the completion of a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the former Dussault Foundry property. This assessment was completed in March 2000, and concluded that several of the foundry's processes utilized a variety of hazardous materials and generated extensive quantities of foundry sand. Two underground storage tanks (USTs), one containing isopropyl alcohol (Figure 4-2) and the other one gasoline, were reported to be on-site. Numerous 55-gallon drums were scattered throughout the site, both inside and outside of the buildings (Figures 4-3 thru 4-5). The majority of the drums appeared to be empty, but some appeared to be partially full with liquids and debris. Based upon these findings, the Phase I ESA report concluded that a Phase II ESA should be conducted at the site to determine if hazardous substances were present at the site.

In 2001 the Niagara County Department of Planning, Development and Tourism commissioned a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment of the former Dussault Foundry property. This assessment began in November of that year and was completed in September 2002. The Phase II ESA field program consisted of the following major efforts: (1) geophysical surveying; (2) a historic raceway investigation; (3) a drum inventory; (4) estimating the volume of foundry sand on site; (5) surface soil sampling at locations that potentially received hazardous materials; (6) sampling of soils beneath the concrete floors of the buildings; (7) sampling of sump water and sludge; and (8) sampling of soil around the USTs. The results of each Phase II ESA activity are summarized in the following sections.

#### 4.4.1 Geophysical Survey

The Phase I ESA reported that a buried tank existed on site. While the specific location was not known, the former site owner indicated that he believed the tank was located at the western end of the property, roughly between the building and the railroad tracks (Figure 1-3). A geophysical survey was conducted on November 22 and 23, 2001 to determine the exact location of this tank.

The results of the geophysical survey did not indicate the presence of a buried steel tank anywhere in the southern or southwestern portion of the property. Two small electromagnetic anomalies, however, were detected in this area of the property. A significant anomaly was detected about 75 feet south of the Quonset Hut.

Test pits were subsequently completed at the three geophysical anomalies identified during the geophysical survey. Excavation at the largest anomaly (south of the Quonset Hut) did not reveal the presence of buried steel objects in this area. A steel cart, however, was located close to this location, which may have effected the geophysical results. Excavation at the other two geophysical anomalies revealed the presence of a 1-inch galvanized steel pipe at a depth of 26 inches below ground surface. This pipe was followed from near where it passes beneath the railroad tracks (due north of a fire hydrant located along Union Street); the pipe bends 90 degrees to parallel the tracks, then later bends due north to enter the building at the western end of the Core Room Addition. The diameter, material, and position of this pipe relative to the fire hydrant suggest that it is a water line. Samples were not collected from these excavations.

#### 4.4.2 Raceway Investigation

The Phase I ESA report suggested that three manmade water channels, termed raceways, may exist on the former Dussault Foundry property. As these raceways are potential contaminant migration pathways, they were further investigated during the Phase II ESA. A record search for available historical data on raceways was conducted on November 29 and 30, 2001. The Lockport Historical Society, the Niagara County Historical Society, and a retired City of Lockport engineer were contacted to learn more about the location and configuration of raceways on the Dussault property. The records obtained included a photocopy of a local raceway map, a photo of the channel north of Market Street and a 1974 City of Lockport Sewer Map showing historic hydraulic raceway locations in the vicinity of the site. The locations of these raceways are shown on Figure 1-3.

Following the records search the investigation team attempted to locate the raceways on site. Relic indications of only one raceway were identified. The foundation of a small mill building was found approximately 100 feet north of the escarpment, northeast of the Cleaning Building (identified as a former raceway during the 2008 NYSDEC Site Investigation). A narrow (2-foot wide) archway located at the base of this stone building foundation indicated a water outlet. A ditch was noted traversing the western side of the former Western Block Company property from near the top of the embankment down to a short drop-off topographically uphill from Market Street (Figure 1-3). At the drop-off, a rusty iron trough was noted extending from the ditch toward Market Street. Collectively, these field findings indicated the position of one former raceway. The nearest open raceway was located approximately half way between Market Street and the site along the embankment north of the site buildings (Figure 1-3). No evidence of any other raceways were identified during the Phase II ESA.

#### 4.4.3 Drum Inventory

An inventory of all drums located on site was conducted by the investigation team on December 5, 2001, and updated on June 3, 2002. The team noted the size (in gallons), drum material, condition, labeling, percent full, bung/lid presence, and general contents of each drum found both within the buildings as well as outside and along the escarpment. All drums were numbered using orange spray paint during inventory. In addition, empty drums were marked with a green dot using spray paint, and most liquid-containing drums were marked with a red dot. In total, 244 drums were documented, mostly in good or fair condition.

#### 4.4.4 Foundry Sand Quantification

Foundry sand generated during site operations is present over much of the site. Due to the concern that foundry sand poses a possible environmental hazard, an estimate of the volume of spent foundry sand was made during the Phase II ESA. The site was divided into four areas to facilitate the volume calculation: the western area, the northern embankment, the eastern embankment and piles located in the eastern portion of the site. The western area consisted of all property west of the buildings and north of the railroad track, and includes the associated portion of the escarpment. Based upon field observations, this estimate includes sand that extends off of the property. The northern embankment includes all sand north of the buildings. The eastern area consisted of all property east of the Washburn Street Extension. The sand pile area consists primarily of three distinct sand mounds. The depth of foundry sand was determined through excavation of several test pits. The volume of foundry sand present on site, not including miscellaneous volumes present inside the buildings, was estimated to be 10,500 cubic yards. These estimates, however, have a large margin of error as they were based solely on the use of a tape measure in the field.

#### 4.4.5 Former Rail Yard Surface Soil Investigation

Five composite surface soil samples were collected from four locations within the former rail yard area (RR01 thru RR04) to evaluate possible ash/coal residue/petroleum contamination that may be in the area as a result of rail yard operations. The locations of these samples are shown on Figure 4-1. These samples consisted predominantly of black-stained, fine-grained silty soils, with locations RR01, RR02, and RR04 also containing minor gravel. Sample RR03 was collected from a pile of black-stained, dark, fine-grained soil that appeared to be non-native at the northern fringe of the rail yard area. Sample RR04 was collected from a stained soil zone found adjacent to a trench excavation at the geophysical anomaly south of the Quonset Hut. All samples were submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of TCL semivolatile organic compounds. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-3, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

The results of the organic analyses revealed the presence of twenty-four semivolatile organic compounds in the rail yard samples (Table 4-3). Fifteen of these contaminants were polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Of these compounds, only benzo(a)anthracene (2 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (2 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (2 samples), benzo(k)fluoranthene (2 samples), chrysene (2 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (2 samples) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (2 samples) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-3). The concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (2 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (2 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1 sample) and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (2 samples) also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-3).

Phthalates [butylbenzylphthalate and di-n-butylphthalate] and phenols [4-methylphenol and phenol] were also detected in the samples collected from the rail yard (Table 4-3). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives. Acetophenone (5 samples), benzaldehyde (3 samples), biphenyl (3 samples), carbazole (3 samples) and dibenzofuran (4 samples) were also detected in the rail yard samples (Table 4-3). The concentrations of dibenzofuran did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objective for this contaminant; there are no soil cleanup objectives for acetophenone, benzaldehyde, biphenyl and carbazole.

### 4.4.6 Foundry Sand Sampling

Four foundry sand samples (MS01 thru MS04) were collected during the Phase II ESA to evaluate the chemical nature of this material. The locations were selected to assess possible variations in sand content. Sample MS01 was collected from the far western end of the site in an area now covered by many trees (Figure 4-1). The presence of trees in this portion of the site suggests that the sand would be the oldest on site. Samples MS02 and MS03 were collected from sand piles located east of the Cleaning Building (Figure 4-1). These samples were believed to represent newer sand. Sample MS04 was collected from an excavation in the embankment, due north of the eastern end of the Area 5 building (Figure 4-1). All samples were submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of TCL semivolatile organic compounds, total phenols and TAL metals. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-4, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

The results of the organic analyses revealed the presence of twenty-four semivolatile organic compounds in the foundry sand samples (Table 4-4). Sixteen of these contaminants were polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, one was a phthalate and three were phenols. None of the concentrations, however, exceeded

the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives. Acetophenone, benzaldehyde, biphenyl and dibenzofuran were also detected in these samples (Table 4-4). There are no soil cleanup objectives for these contaminants.

Seventeen metals were detected in the foundry sand samples collected from the site during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-4). Of these compounds, only chromium (2 samples) and iron (5 samples) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-4). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-4).

### 4.4.7 Raceway Sampling

One sample (RW01) of black silty loam soil was collected from the bottom of the raceway identified during the raceway investigation. This sample was collected from beneath the archway of the stone foundation at the top of the embankment (Figure 4-1), where water was believed to have flowed. This sample point was selected as it is the most upgradient point of exposure for this raceway. While no other raceways were identified, a 10-inch corrugated steel drain pipe extending northwest from the western end of the Core Room Addition was found. This drain pipe was positioned such that it may have emptied into a relic raceway located part way down the escarpment. One sample (RW02) of black foundry sand mixed with black silty loam soil was collected at the opening of this drain pipe (Figure 4-1). Both samples were submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of TCL volatile organic compounds, TCL semivolatile organic compounds, TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs and TAL metals. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-5, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

The results of the organic analyses revealed that both volatile and semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the raceway samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 4-5). Volatile organic compounds detected in the samples included methylcyclohexane (1 sample), tetrachloroethene (1 sample) and trichloroethene (1 sample). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-5). There are no soil cleanup objectives for methylcyclohexane.

Twenty-two semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the samples collected from the raceway and drain pipe (Table 4-2) with fifteen of these constituents being polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Of these compounds, only benzo(b)fluoranthene (1 sample), benzo(k)fluoranthene (1 sample) and chrysene (1 sample) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-5). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup

objectives (Table 4-5).

Phenols [4-methylphenol and phenol] were also detected in the raceway samples collected from the site (Table 4-5). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives. Acetophenone, benzaldehyde, biphenyl, carbazole and dibenzofuran were also detected in these samples (Table 4-5). The concentrations of dibenzofuran did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objective for this contaminant; there are no soil cleanup objectives for acetophenone, benzaldehyde, biphenyl and carbazole.

Pesticides and PCBs were also detected in the samples, but again, none of the concentrations exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-5).

Eighteen metals were detected in the raceway samples collected from the site during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-5). Of these compounds, only zinc in one sample was detected at a concentration that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-5). This concentration, however, did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective for this contaminant (Table 4-5).

#### 4.4.8 Transformer Area Sampling

Two composite surface soil samples were collected from former transformer areas to evaluate possible PCB contamination. The locations of these samples are shown on Figure 4-1. Sample SS01 was collected along the northern and eastern perimeter of a concrete pad located at a former electrical substation (Figure 3-7). It was believed that electrical transformers were once located on this pad. The age of this foundry indicates that the transformers would have contained PCB oils. The second sample (SS02) was collected from loose foundry sand in an area formerly containing extensive electrical equipment (Figure 4-1). All samples were submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of TCL PCBs. TCL pesticides were also analyzed because the analytical method for PCBs included pesticides. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-6, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

Nineteen pesticides were detected in the transformer area samples collected from the site during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-6). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives. PCBs were detected in one of the samples, but again, none of the concentrations exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-6).

#### 4.4.9 Subfloor Soil Sampling

Eleven subfloor soil samples were collected from ten locations throughout the buildings (SUB01 through SUB10) to evaluate the potential for site contaminants to have penetrated into the soil underlying the concrete floor. Sample locations, shown on Figure 4-1, were distributed in areas where liquids were likely used, transported, or stored. All samples were submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of total phenols. Three of the samples were also analyzed for TCL VOCs, with two of the samples further analyzed for TCL pesticides and TCL PCBs. Six of the ten samples were analyzed for TAL metals. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-7, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

The results of the organic analyses revealed that volatile organic compounds and total phenols were detected in the subfloor samples collected during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-7). Volatile organic compounds detected in the samples included acetone (2 samples), carbon disulfide (1 sample) and toluene (1 sample). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-7). Total phenols were detected in seven of the samples collected from beneath the concrete floors (Table 4-7); none of these concentrations exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-7).

Fourteen pesticides were detected in the subfloor samples collected from the site (Table 4-7). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives. PCBs were detected in two of the samples, but again, none of the concentrations exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-7).

Eighteen metals were detected in the subfloor samples collected from the site during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-7). Of these compounds, only antimony (1 sample), chromium (1 sample) and iron (3 samples) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-7). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-7). Antimony and chromium are EPA priority pollutant metals.

## 4.4.10 Pit and Sump Sampling

Four pits containing water were identified within the buildings; three were located in the Foundry Building while the fourth pit was located in the Cleaning Building. Water samples (Sump1 thru Sump4) were collected from these pits during the Phase II ESA. A duplicate sample was collected from Pit 1. In addition, one sample (SED01) of a thick, black sludge at least 3 inches thick was collected from the bottom of the pit

in the electrical control room to evaluate possible PCB contamination. A duplicate sample of this sludge was also collected. The locations of the water and sludge samples are shown on Figure 4-1. All water samples were submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of TCL volatile organic compounds, total phenols, TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs and TAL metals. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-8, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1. The sludge samples were also submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of TCL semivolatile organic compounds, TCL pesticides and TCL PCBs. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-9, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1.

The results of the organic analyses revealed that volatile organic compounds and total phenols were detected in the pit water samples collected during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-8). The only volatile organic compound detected was acetone (4 samples). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC surface water guidance value for this contaminant (Table 4-8). Total phenols were detected in three of the pit water samples with all three concentrations exceeding the NYSDEC surface water standard for total phenols (Table 4-8).

Beta-BHC was the only pesticide detected in the pit water samples collected from the site (Table 4-8). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standard for this contaminant (Table 4-8). PCBs were not detected in any of the pit water samples (Table 4-8).

Seventeen metals were detected in the pit water samples collected during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-8). Of these compounds, eight were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standards and guidance values. Four of these metals are EPA priority pollutant metals. The priority pollutant metals exceeding the surface water criteria (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) include: antimony (2 samples; 8.3  $\mu$ g/L), cadmium (2 samples; 9.3  $\mu$ g/L), lead (2 samples; 129  $\mu$ g/L) and thallium (5 samples; 5.7  $\mu$ g/L).

Semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides and PCBs were detected in the sludge samples collected from pit 3 (Table 4-9). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-9).

#### 4.4.11 Isopropyl Alcohol UST Subsurface Soil Sampling

A track hoe was utilized to excavate soil from around the western end of the isopropyl alcohol tank south of the Quonset Hut (Figure 1-3). The top of the tank was located approximately 1 foot below ground surface. Soil surrounding the tank consisted of red crusty silt, indicating that the tank had been installed into a pit excavated into native soil. Soil from beneath the tank had a noticeable odor; the photoionization detector (PID) measured a VOC concentration of 226 ppm. Two subsurface soil samples (AST1 and its duplicate) immediately beneath the lowest point of the tank's western end (Figure 4-1) were collected and submitted to Ecology & Environment, Inc. for chemical analysis of TCL volatile organic compounds and isopropyl alcohol through Tentatively Identified Compound (TIC) analysis. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-10, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1. Subsequent to sample collection, the excavation was backfilled and the sample location was flagged.

The results of the organic analyses revealed that acetone and isopropyl alcohol were the only VOCs detected in the subsurface soil samples collected from the western end of the isopropyl alcohol tank (Table 4-10). The concentration of acetone in one sample was detected at the NYSDEC soil cleanup objective for this contaminant (Table 4-10). The concentration of acetone in the duplicate sample, however, did not exceed the NYSDEC soil cleanup objective (Table 4-10). There is no NYSDEC soil cleanup objective for isopropyl alcohol.

### 4.5 EPA Removal Action

On July 2, 2002 Niagara County asked for help from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to characterize the liquid contents of the drums inventoried during the Phase II ESA. As a result of this request, the EPA conducted an Expedited Removal Assessment (ERA) at the site on October 1, 2002. Field analytical tests taken during the ERA identified eleven drums containing characteristic hazardous wastes as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Composite samples from 20 of the 200 drums revealed the presence of various hazardous substances and wastes including D003 reactive materials, D002 corrosive materials, lead, chromium, pyrene and toxaphene. The site also contained five tanks that were in poor condition; two had leaked all or part of their contents.

The Niagara County Health Department determined that a public health risk was posed by these drums and tanks, and on October 9, 2002 issued a Public Health Hazard Declaration for the Dussault Foundry Site. In response to this declaration the NYSDEC implemented an emergency site security action by placing warning signs across the front of the property and installing high visibility fencing across the open doorways

of the buildings. On October 16, 2002 the NYSDEC asked the EPA to undertake a removal action at the site.

Based upon the public health hazards identified, the EPA agreed to this request. The removal action was authorized on February 27, 2003 and included the following activities: (1) over-pack all open containers and those of questionable integrity, (2) sample all drums and tanks for disposal analysis parameters, (3) dispose of all tanks and drums at appropriates disposal facilities, and (4) evaluate additional areas of suspect soil, debris and potential waste accumulation throughout the site for possible off-site disposal. EPA initiated this removal action on March 13, 2003 and completed this work on September 25, 2003 at a cost of approximately \$384,000. Details of the removal action are summarized in the following sections.

## 4.5.1 Radiation Survey

During March 2003 a radiation survey was completed at the Dussault Foundry Site. This survey determined that radioactive materials do not exist on-site.

### 4.5.2 Asbestos Abatement

During March 2003 seven samples from within the buildings were collected for asbestos analysis. These results confirmed the presence of asbestos in two debris piles, two oven platforms, and in 200 linear feet of collapsed piping in the locker room. By June 16, 2003 sixty cubic yards of asbestos containing debris, tranzite panels, and oven platforms were removed from the site and transported to the Minerva Enterprises Landfill in Waynesboro, Ohio for disposal. This work, however, did not include the collapsed piping in the locker room. This abatement was initiated on September 8, 2003 and was completed by September 25, 2003. Approximately 240 cubic yards of asbestos piping, asbestos containing debris and tranzite panels from the floor of the foundry oven were abated and transported to the Minerva Enterprises Landfill for disposal.

### 4.5.3 Drum Removal

During March 2003 EPA began segregating the drums at the site (Figures 4-6 and 4-7). A field chemist was mobilized to the site to hazcat the drums and established waste groups. Ten waste groups were identified, with samples from each group collected and sent off-site for disposal analysis. Drums that were located below the escarpment and along the hillside were also evaluated (Figure 4-5).

During April 2003 non-hazardous drummed material was sent to Modem Landfill in Model City, New York for disposal. By June 6, 2003 all remaining drums were removed from the site and transported to Permafix of Michigan, Brownstown, Michigan for stabilization and disposal.

### 4.5.4 Tank Removal

During March 2003 EPA opened the five aboveground storage tanks and sampled the contents for chemical analysis. The removal of these tanks and the cleanup of the containment areas was completed by June 6, 2003.

During April 2003 two underground storage tanks that formerly contained diesel/no. 2 fuel oil were discovered behind the Foundry Building (Figures 1-3, 4-8 and 4-9). These USTs, along with the isopropyl alcohol UST in front of the Core Room Addition (Figure 1-3), were excavated and removed on April 17, 2003. During excavation, the overburden material overlying each of the tanks was removed and staged on polyethylene sheeting. This material was field screened with a photoionization detector (PID). All PID measurements were negative (0 ppm). All liquids in the tanks were pumped into 55-gallon drums for subsequent off-site transport and disposal. The USTs were then excavated, staged on polyethylene sheeting and placed in a secure location. Once the tanks were safe to enter, all bottom residual was removed and placed into 55-gallon drums. Each tank was subsequently cut up, added to, and disposed with the non-RCRA hazardous debris generated during the removal action.

Following removal of the tanks, confirmatory soil samples were collected from each of the excavations for chemical analysis. The locations of these samples are shown on Figure 4-10. All samples were submitted to GLA Laboratories for chemical analysis of TCL volatile organic compounds. The four samples collected from the isopropyl alcohol tank excavation were also analyzed for isopropyl alcohol. The eight samples collected from the diesel/no. 2 fuel oil tank excavations were analyzed for TCL semivolatile organic compounds. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 4-11, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 4-1. Each excavation was subsequently backfilled with the previously staged overburden material.

The results of the organic analyses revealed that both volatile and semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the confirmatory soil samples (Table 4-11). Volatile organic compounds detected in the samples included acetone (2 samples), benzene (8 samples), carbon disulfide (2 samples), ethylbenzene (1 sample), tetrachloroethene (1 sample), toluene (4 samples) and total xylenes (2 samples). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-11).

Fifteen semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the confirmatory soil samples (Table 4-11) with all fifteen of these constituents being polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Of these compounds, only

indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene in one sample was detected at a concentration that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-11). This concentration, however, did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective for this contaminant (Table 4-11).

During April 2003 soil contaminated with an unknown oily material was discovered behind the Cleaning Building in the apparent location of a former storage tank. While the tank was gone, broken fill pipes were observed in the area. The contaminated area appeared to be limited in extent. As a result, approximately 60 tons of contaminated soil were excavated during June and July 2003 and transported to Modern Landfill for disposal.

### 4.5.5 Debris Removal

During March 2003 approximately 500 cubic yards of debris from the foundry was segregated and stockpiled (Figures 4-11 thru 4-14) to make additional room in the buildings for drum storage. By April 21, 2003 a total of fourteen trucks containing approximately 300 cubic yards of site debris and foundry sand were sent to Modem Landfill for disposal. Also during April 2003 mercury switches and light bulbs from overhead vapor lighting were collected for off-site disposal. Ballasts from the lighting were determined to be non-PCB.

Additional debris was removed from the site during September 2003. In total, approximately 400 tons of debris and foundry sand were transported to Modern Landfill for disposal.

5.0 STUDY OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF WORK

5.1 Objectives

The overall objective of the Site Investigation was to obtain information sufficient to (1) determine

if the Dussault Foundry Site should be relisted in the Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites, and if so,

what the appropriate Site classification should be and (2) determine if the property is suitable for

redevelopment. The specific objectives of this investigation were to:

evaluate the site to determine if hazardous wastes were present, and if present, to determine

if there was a consequential amount;

determine the nature and extent of contamination at the site, including the presence of

asbestos in site buildings;

better quantify the volume of foundry sand throughout the property; and

estimate costs for building demolition.

These objectives were determined through a grided soil boring/test pit program, and the analysis of soil, fill,

pit water, groundwater, sludge and asbestos samples collected during the Site Investigation.

5.2 Scope of Work

To meet the study objectives, the following activities were completed during the Site Investigation:

(1) a detailed property survey, (2) a soil boring/test pit program, (3) monitoring well installation, (4) water

level measurements, (5) collection of environmental samples for chemical analysis, (6) a detailed asbestos

survey and (7) demolition cost estimates. These activities are briefly described in the following sections. All

field work was conducted in level D personal protective equipment, while air monitoring for organic vapors

was completed during intrusive activities by the NYSDEC spill contractor. The drill rigs and sampling

equipment were deconed prior to the implementation of field activities, with the sampling equipment

decontaminated between samples.

5.2.1 Detailed Property Survey and Mapping

A detailed map of the Dussault Foundry Site, including site buildings, property lines and topography,

was not available prior to the initiation of the Site Investigation. As a result, a detailed property survey was

the first task completed during the Site Investigation. Niagara Boundary and Mapping Service, a surveying subcontractor licensed in the State of New York, completed the survey, which included the following:

survey of all relevant features of the site and adjacent areas including, at a minimum, all structures, property boundaries, roads, fences, and any historical sample, boring or test pit

locations that could still be identified;

horizontal locations and ground surface elevations of all soil borings and test pits completed

during the Site Investigation;

horizontal locations and ground surface elevations of all samples collected during the Site

Investigation; and

horizontal locations and vertical elevations of all monitoring wells. This included the ground

surface elevation and the elevation of the inner PVC riser of each well.

In addition, a detailed topographic base map of the site and immediate vicinity was developed. Contours were

plotted at 1-foot intervals.

Vertical control was established to the nearest  $\pm 0.1$  foot for all ground surface elevations. Monitoring well riser elevations were reported to the nearest 0.01 foot. Elevations were determined relative to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), with reference made to an existing monument in the vicinity of the site. Horizontal coordinates were given in the State Plane East Zone (feet), North American Datum

(NAD) of 1983 to an accuracy of  $\pm 0.5$  foot.

The survey data were used to develop a detailed map of the Dussault Foundry Site. This map included all site structures; the property boundaries; the Niagara Escarpment; topography; historic raceways at and near the site; nearby roadways; all soil boring and test pit locations; all monitoring well locations; the locations of historic samples collected at the site; and the locations of all samples collected as part of the Site Investigation. The coordinates and ground surface elevations for each soil boring, test pit and monitoring well are given in Appendix C, while the stratigraphic logs and well construction diagrams are given in

Appendix B.

## 5.2.2 Soil Boring/Test Pit Program

One of the objectives of the soil boring/test pit program was to better quantify the volume of foundry sand throughout the property. To accomplish this objective, a 50 foot by 50 foot grid was established across the entire property by the surveyor, with each grid node staked (outside) or spray painted (inside). Soil borings or test pits were completed at each grid node to evaluate the thickness of foundry sand present, if any, and to facilitate the collection of subsurface soil and fill samples. The locations of these soil borings and test pits are shown on Figure 5-1.

## 5.2.3 Monitoring Wells

Based upon the presence of the Niagara Escarpment and the thin layer of overburden throughout the site, saturated soil/fill was not encountered at thicknesses sufficient to justify the installation of micro-wells. As a result, five bedrock monitoring wells were installed during the Site Investigation to evaluate groundwater flow patterns across the site and to assess bedrock groundwater quality. The locations of these wells are shown on Figure 5-1. The bedrock monitoring wells were drilled by advancing a 6½-inch diameter auger with continuous split spoon sampling of the overburden until bedrock was encountered. At this point the driller re-tooled the drill rig and cored the upper 5 feet of bedrock with an HQ core barrel (2.5-inch core diameter with a 3.8-inch hole diameter). The core hole was then reamed to 6 inches in diameter using a tricone roller bit to create a rock-socket. A 4-inch-diameter steel casing was lowered into the rock-socket and grouted in place. After the grout was allowed to cure for at least 24 hours, bedrock was continuously cored through the casing with an HQ core barrel to the desired depth.

The wells were constructed of 2" diameter threaded/flush joint Schedule 40 PVC screen and riser with appropriate sand pack, bentonite seal, grout and protective casing with locking cap. The wells were constructed with a minimum 3' stickup. Well construction diagrams are included in Appendix B, while well construction details are given in Table 5-1. Continuous split spoon samples of the overburden were collected during well installation, while coring of bedrock was completed with standard HQ coring tools. Ground surface and top-of-riser elevations at each well were surveyed by the licensed surveyor, and are given in Table 5-1 and Appendix B.

Following construction, the wells were developed in accordance with standard NYSDEC well development protocols by Empire Geo Services personnel.

### 5.2.4 Water Level Measurements

Water levels were measured five times in the newly constructed monitoring wells between October 1 and November 3, 2008. The water level data obtained during the Site Investigation were utilized to evaluate groundwater flow patterns across the Dussault Foundry Site.

## 5.2.5 Asbestos Survey

An asbestos survey of the existing buildings was completed by Paradigm Environmental Services to identify asbestos containing materials (ACMs). The survey was performed in general accordance with NYCRR, Title 12, Part 56 (Industrial Code Rule No. 56), applicable provisions of 40 CFR Part 61 (NESHAPS) and Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR 1910. The survey included the following tasks:

- completion of a site inspection by an EPA and NYSDOL certified asbestos inspector on August 6, 2008. The site inspection was completed for the accessible portions of the on-site buildings. Visual observations of ACMs were recorded on site specific inspection forms. Samples for asbestos analysis were collected as part of this work; and
- preparation of an Asbestos Survey report by Paradigm Environmental Services detailing the location, approximate quantity (when practical) and condition of ACM. The report includes inspection forms, a figure indicating sampling and ACM locations and analytical results. A copy of the report is included as Appendix E.

## 5.2.6 Sample Collection and Analysis

With the exception of the asbestos samples collected by Paradigm Environmental Services, all samples were collected by Empire Geo Services personnel in consultation with the NYSDEC field representative. During the Site Investigation twenty-two surface soil samples, forty-four subsurface soil and fill samples, three pit water samples, five groundwater samples and one sludge sample (Figure 5-2) were collected and submitted to Test America Laboratories in Amherst, New York for chemical analysis. Information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 5-2.

## **5.2.7** Building Demolition Costs

Following completion of the asbestos survey, a demolition cost estimate was prepared for the site by ETS Clearing and Grading for the following scenario:

asbestos abatement is completed prior to demolition, with building demolition completed during a single construction period.

The demolition cost estimate was obtained solely to provide an "order of magnitude" estimate for future redevelopment budgeting by others.

# 5.2.8 Report Preparation

This report was prepared to describe the activities completed during the Site Investigation of the Dussault Foundry Site; present the analytical results of the samples collected during the investigation; discuss the results as they relate to the objectives of the investigation; present estimated costs for the demolition of site buildings and present recommendations for future activities at the site.

#### 6.0 GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Site Investigation activities were undertaken, in part, to determine the characteristics, areal extent and hydrogeologic properties of the geologic strata underlying the Dussault Foundry Site. This is important as these attributes of the geologic strata govern the occurrence and flow of groundwater across the site. These attributes also govern the potential for contaminant migration from the site, and determine the rate and extent of this migration. As a result, a detailed evaluation of the geology at the Dussault Foundry Site is essential. Before completing such a detailed evaluation, however, it is important to first describe the regional geologic history of the western New York area as a general knowledge of this history is critical to a complete understanding of the complex interrelationships between the various geologic strata and their hydrogeologic properties.

## 6.1 Regional Geology

## 6.1.1 Surficial Geology

Geologic evidence suggests that at least four major glacial episodes covered parts of North America during the Pleistocene Epoch (Buehler and Tesmer, 1963). In western New York, however, there is evidence of only two such episodes. The last glacial event in the area, the Wisconsin, eroded and modified the earlier glacial deposits to such an extent that little evidence of their existence remains. These glacial events widened the preexisting valleys and basins, and led to the development of the present day drainage system in western New York (La Sala, 1968).

A complex sequence of proglacial lakes that formed during the final retreat of the Wisconsin ice sheet inundated an extensive area of western New York. This succession originated in the Erie-Huron Basin prior to 14,000 years ago as the ice sheet retreated from the basin. Further retreat produced Lake Arkona about 13,600 years ago (Hough, 1958); a readvance of the ice sheet followed about 13,000 years ago and resulted in a water level increase to the Lake Whittlesey stage. A series of advances and retreats over the next 300 years produced, from latest to earliest, lakes Warren, Wayne, Lowest Warren, Grassmere, Lundy and Tonawanda, the last forming about 9,800 years ago (Calkins and Brett, 1978). To the north, Lake Iroquois occupied the Ontario Basin at this time. This lake sequence was responsible for the deposition of stratified lacustrine clays, silts, sands and gravels that now cover much of western New York.

The Pleistocene Epoch presented a variety of environments that resulted in the deposition of unconsolidated deposits. In the Lockport area these deposits include the following (GZA, 1987; Smith, 1990; Ecology and Environment, 1991):

- Glacial till, consisting of a non-sorted, non-stratified mixture of sand, silt, clay, gravel and rock fragments deposited directly from glacial ice;
- Glaciolacustrine deposits, consisting primarily of silt, sand and clay deposited in lakes that formed during melting of the ice sheets; and
- Glaciofluvial deposits, consisting of sand and gravel deposited either by glacial meltwater streams or by the reworking of till and other glacial deposits along the shore of former glacial lakes.

The thickness of these deposits in the Lockport Area varies considerably, ranging from less than 2 feet near the Niagara Escarpment to approximately 45 feet at the Frontier Pendleton Quarry Site approximately 9 miles southwest of the Dussault Foundry Site (Golder, 1989).

## 6.1.2 Bedrock Geology

The bedrock underlying western New York is characterized as a thick sequence of shales, sandstones, limestones and dolostones deposited in ancient seas during the Silurian and Devonian Periods (Buehler and Tesmer, 1963). This stratigraphic sequence is summarized in Table 6-1. Bedrock bedding generally strikes in an east-west direction, approximately paralleling the Niagara and Onondaga Escarpments, and dips to the south at approximately 30 to 40 feet per mile (Johnson, 1964; La Sala, 1968; Yager and Kappel, 1987). Erosion and weathering, however, have produced local differences in the bedrock surface configuration (Snyder Engineering, 1987).

The uppermost bedrock unit underlying the Dussault Foundry Site is the Gothic Hill Member of the Gasport Dolomite of the Lockport Group (Table 6-1), which was deposited in a shallow sea environment during the Middle Silurian Period (439-408 million years ago) (Brett et al., 1995). The Lockport Group varies in thickness from 20 to 175 feet (Johnson, 1964; Brett et al., 1995), and is described by Brett et al (1995, page 45) as a "massive- to medium-bedded, argillaceous dolomite with minor amounts of dolomite and shale." The Gothic Hill Member ranges in thickness from 3 to over 21 feet, and is described by Brett et al (1995, page 50) as a "thick- to massive- bedded, dark olive-grey to light-pink, dolomitic limestone." The upper 10 to 25 feet of the Lockport Group contains abundant bedding planes and vertical fractures enlarged by dissolution and glacial scour (Miller and Kappel, 1987).

## 6.2 Site Geology

Thirty-three soil borings and eighty-eight test pits (Figure 5-1) were completed during the Site Investigation to evaluate the stratigraphy of the Dussault Foundry Site. One hundred sixteen of these borings and test pits were completed to refusal; five test pits were completed to the maximum depths possible with the excavation equipment available (9 to 15 feet below ground surface). The stratigraphic logs for these borings are given in Appendix B, while a stratigraphic summary of these logs is given in Appendix C.

## **6.2.1** *Non-Native Deposits*

The soil boring/test pit program completed during the Site Investigation revealed that two non-native deposits underlie the Dussault Foundry Site: fill material and reworked soil. Fill material was encountered at ninety-one soil borings and test pits completed at the site (Table C-1 of Appendix C), and overlies either reworked or native soil. Fill material consisted predominantly of dark brown to black foundry sand containing ash, coal, coke, slag, brick, gravel, sand molds and metal (Appendix B; Figures 6-1 thru 6-3). Drums containing waste were encountered at two locations (SUB-8 and SUB-90; Figures 6-4 and 6-5). The thickness of the fill material ranged from 0.2 to 24.0 feet (Table C-1 of Appendix C), with the average thickness being 4.1 feet. Fill material was thickest near the Niagara Escarpment and thinned to the south toward Union Street (Figure 6-6). The volume of fill material at the Dussault Foundry Site was estimated to be approximately 95,000 cubic yards using the Grid Volume command of the Surfer Program (version 8.05) copyrighted by Golden Software, Inc.

Reworked soil was encountered in forty-two soil borings and test pits completed at the site, and consisted predominantly of brown sand or silty clay with gravel, wood and metal (Figure 6-7). This soil was most commonly encountered beneath the fill material, but was located either at the ground surface or under the concrete floor of the buildings at twelve locations (Table C-1 of Appendix C). Where encountered, reworked soil ranged in thickness from 0.3 to 6.3 feet (Table C-1 in Appendix C), with the average thickness being 3.3 feet.

## 6.2.2 Glaciolacustrine Deposit

A glaciolacustrine deposit consisting of two separate units (sand and silty clay) was encountered in sixty-nine soil borings and test pits completed during the Site Investigation, and directly underlies the fill material or reworked soil (Table C-1 of Appendix C). The upper unit was encountered in thirty-three soil borings and test pits, and consisted predominantly of brown, fine to medium-grained sand containing trace amounts of gravel and silt (Appendix B; Figure 6-8). The contact between this unit and the overlying fill was

usually very distinct (Figures 6-9 and 6-10). Where encountered, this unit ranged in thickness from 0.5 to 7.9 feet (Table C-1 in Appendix C), with the average thickness being 3.4 feet. At twenty-one locations the upper sand unit directly overlies bedrock. At the other eleven locations this unit directly overlies the silty clay unit.

The lower silty clay unit was encountered in forty-five soil borings and test pits, and consisted predominantly of red-brown, brown and grey, silt and silty clay containing numerous rock fragments, mottling and traces of sand (Appendix B; Figures 6-11 and 6-12). Where encountered, this unit ranged in thickness from 0.2 to 7.1 feet (Table C-1 in Appendix C), with the average thickness being 1.9 feet. The silty clay unit directly overlies a thin veneer of sapprolitic (weathered) bedrock (Figure 6-13).

## 6.2.3 Gasport Dolomite - Gothic Hill Member

The uppermost bedrock unit underlying the Dussault Foundry Site is the Gothic Hill Member of the Gasport Dolomite (Table 6-1). Bedrock was encountered in one hundred soil borings and test pits completed during the Site Investigation at depths ranging from 0.6 to 24.0 feet below ground surface (Table C-1 of Appendix C). Only the five monitoring well borings penetrated this formation to any significant depth, and revealed that the Gothic Hill Member consisted of two distinct units: (1) a thin to massively bedded, hard to very hard, grey dolostone with occasional vertical fractures, vugs and fossils; and (2) a thin bedded, soft, brown to grey mudstone (Appendix B; Figure 6-14). The mudstone was the uppermost bedrock unit encountered at sixty-one soil boring and test pit locations, while the grey dolostone was the uppermost bedrock unit encountered at thirty-four locations. Bedrock type was not determined at the remaining five locations. The Gothic Hill Member was never fully penetrated during the Site Investigation, but thicknesses up to 29.3 feet were documented.

# 6.3 Regional Hydrogeology

Water bearing zones in the Lockport area include unconsolidated glacial deposits and bedrock of the Lockport Group and Rochester Shale (Johnson, 1964; GZA, 1981; EHC, 1989). Most of the unconsolidated deposits in the area consist of fine grained glacial deposits with hydraulic conductivities roughly 10<sup>-7</sup> cm/s or less (Earth Dimensions, 1980). These deposits, however, often contain horizontal laminations and sand lenses that can produce perched water table conditions, or if areally extensive, can be utilized as sources of water (La Sala, 1968). Because the unconsolidated deposits in the Lockport area are relatively thin, and horizontal laminations and sand lenses are not common, groundwater yields from these deposits would be too low for domestic or industrial purposes. Overburden groundwater flow in the area, therefore, is expected

to be highly localized and discontinuous, with an overall flow toward the Niagara Escarpment and the New York State Barge Canal.

The Lockport Group consists predominantly of dolostone; however, thin beds of limestone and shaly dolostone, and small irregularly shaped masses of gypsum are common. These thin beds and masses are subject to dissolution by groundwater, resulting in the enlargement of fractures and the formation of migration pathways that can transmit large quantities of groundwater. Groundwater wells completed in the Lockport Group have yields commonly ranging from 10 to 100 gpm (Miller and Kappel, 1987), with yields up to 950 gpm reported (Yager and Kappel, 1987). Groundwater in the Lockport Group is typically either a calciumsulfate or calcium-bicarbonate water, is very hard, and is highly mineralized; calcium, bicarbonate, magnesium, sulfate and chloride are present in significant concentrations (Johnson, 1964; La Sala, 1968; NYSDEC, 1997). Due to this poor water quality and the nearby presence of the Niagara River, an important source of municipal drinking water throughout Western New York, bedrock groundwater is not extensively utilized as a domestic water source in the Lockport area. Because of the significant well yields, however, groundwater is commonly utilized for industrial purposes (i.e., non-contact cooling; quarry washing operations).

Regional bedrock groundwater flow in the Lockport area is expected to be toward the Niagara Escarpment and the New York State Barge Canal.

## 6.4 Site Hydrogeology

The hydrogeology of the Dussault Foundry Site was evaluated by examining data obtained during the Site Investigation. Although a fine to medium-grained sand was encountered at the Dussault Foundry Site (Table C-1 of Appendix C), overburden groundwater was only encountered at five locations during the Site Investigation, typically at the overburden/bedrock interface. Based upon this paucity of overburden groundwater, overburden monitoring wells were not installed during the Site Investigation. Instead, five bedrock monitoring wells were installed to monitor the first encountered groundwater underlying the site and to evaluate bedrock groundwater flow patterns across the site (Figure 5-1).

Water levels were measured five times in the bedrock monitoring wells between October 1 and November 3, 2008 (Table 6-2). This table reveals that groundwater elevations during this period ranged from 547.42 to 584.52 feet amsl. The hydrographs constructed from the water level data are shown as Figure 6-15, and reveal that water levels in each well remained relatively static.

The water level data obtained from the bedrock monitoring wells were also utilized to construct groundwater contour maps. A representative map is shown as Figure 6-16, and reveals that bedrock groundwater under the Dussault Foundry Site flows to the northeast toward the Niagara Escarpment and the New York State Barge Canal. This flow direction, combined with the water levels in the wells, suggests that bedrock groundwater discharges from the Lockport Group near the base of the Niagara Escarpment. The thick mantle of fill overlying the escarpment (Figure 6-17), however, prevents this water from being observed.

### 7.0 INVESTIGATION RESULTS

A brief description of the activities completed during the Site Investigation of the Dussault Foundry Site was presented in Section 5.0. In this section, a detailed evaluation of the observations made during the investigation and the analytical results obtained from the samples are presented. Analytical results are summarized by environmental media (e.g., surface soil, subsurface soil and fill, surface water, groundwater, sludge and asbestos).

### 7.1 General Observations

The Dussault Foundry Site is heavily vegetated with weeds, small bushes and trees (Figures 3-1 and 3-2), which makes travel around the site extremely difficult. To provide equipment access to the soil boring and test pit locations, a significant amount of vegetation was cleared during the Site Investigation (Figures 6-1, 6-2, 7-1 and 7-2).

The buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site are extremely dilapidated (Figures 3-3 thru 3-8) and present a significant physical hazard. While individuals were not observed on site during any of the Site Investigation activities, evidence of trespassing was observed (e.g., beer and soda cans, fire pits, dumping, etc).

During the site reconnaissance, fill material (primarily foundry sand) was observed at the surface throughout the site (Figures 6-1, 6-2 and 6-17). Samples of this foundry sand were collected during the Site Investigation and submitted to Test America Laboratories for chemical analysis. The results of these analyses are described in Sections 7.2 (surface soil) and 7.3 (subsurface soil and fill) below. Several 55-gallon drums were scattered throughout the site, mainly on the slope of the Niagara Escarpment (Figures 7-3 and 7-4). The majority of the drums appeared to contain foundry sand or metal debris.

## 7.2 Surface Soil

Twenty-two surface soil samples from the Dussault Foundry Site were collected during the Site Investigation. The locations of these samples are shown on Figure 5-2. All samples consisted of foundry sand or topsoil mixed with foundry sand, and were collected to evaluate the nature of surface soil contamination at the site. All samples were submitted to Test America Laboratories for chemical analysis of Target Compound List (TCL) semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), TCL pesticides, TCL polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and Target Analyte List (TAL) metals. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 7-1, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given

Analytical results were evaluated against the residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives of Table 375-6.8(b) contained in the December 2006 NYSDEC publication entitled "6NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs". For contaminants not included in Part 375, the soil cleanup objectives identified in the October 1995 NYSDEC publication entitled "Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels" were utilized. For metals, TAGM 4046 allows the use of background concentrations so long as the background samples are collected from areas not impacted by the site and any other source of contaminants. Background samples, however, were not collected during the Site Investigation of the Dussault Foundry Site. As a result, the background metals concentrations determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site in the City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York were utilized when a Part 375 soil cleanup objective was not available. This site is located approximately 2.0 miles northeast of the Dussault Foundry Site.

Twenty-four semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the surface soil samples with seventeen of these constituents being polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). PAHs are a group of over 100 different chemicals that are ubiquitous in the environment. Sources of PAHs include incomplete combustion of coal, oil, gasoline, garbage, wood from stoves, automobiles and incinerators. PAHs are also found in coal tar, crude oil, creosote, roofing tar, medicines, dyes, plastics and pesticides. The presence of PAHs in surface soil at the Dussault Foundry Site was not unexpected due to the presence of coal and coke in the foundry sand observed throughout the site. Of these compounds, only benzo(a)anthracene (6 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (7 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (8 samples), benzo(k)fluoranthene (3 samples), chrysene (6 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (4 samples) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (7 samples) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-1). Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (3 samples) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-1).

Phthalates [bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate and di-n-octylphthalate] were detected in three of the surface soil samples collected from the site (Table 7-1). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives. There are no NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives for these contaminants. Biphenyl (2 samples), carbazole (10 samples), dibenzofuran (10 samples), 4-methylphenol (1 sample) and n-nitrosodiphenylamine (1 sample) were also detected in the surface soil

samples (Table 7-1). Once again, none of the concentrations exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives. There are no NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives for biphenyl, carbazole and n-nitrosodiphenylamine.

The surface soil samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site were also analyzed for PCBs and pesticides (Table 7-1). PCBs were only detected in two samples, but at a concentrations well below the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objective. Eleven pesticides were detected in the surface soil samples collected from the site (Table 7-1). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives.

Sixteen metals were detected in the surface soil samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-1). Of these compounds, only four were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives, with two of these metals being EPA priority pollutant metals. EPA priority pollutant metals are toxic metals for which technology-based effluent limitations and guidelines are required by Federal law. The priority pollutant metals exceeding the soil cleanup objectives (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) include: arsenic (2 samples; 30.0 mg/kg) and chromium (3 samples; 147 mg/kg). The concentrations of arsenic in both samples also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives.

## 7.3 Subsurface Soil and Fill

Forty-four subsurface soil and fill samples from the Dussault Foundry Site were collected during the Site Investigation. The locations of these samples are shown on Figure 5-2. All samples were submitted to Test America Laboratories for chemical analysis of TCL semivolatile organic compounds; forty-three of these samples were also analyzed for TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs and TAL metals. Based upon PID screening results, seven subsurface soil and fill samples were also analyzed for TCL volatile organic compounds. Due to the presence of petroleum-type odors near the Cleaning Building, three samples from this area of the site were analyzed for hydrocarbons. Lastly, one sample near the former tolusulfuric acid tank was also analyzed for corrosivity, sulfide and sulfate. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 7-2, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 5-2.

Analytical results were once again evaluated against the residential and commercial soil cleanup of 6NYCRR Part 375. For contaminants not included in Part 375, the soil cleanup objectives identified in TAGM 4046 were utilized. For metals, the site background values obtained during the Flintkote Site

Investigation were utilized when a Part 375 soil cleanup objective was not available. The regulatory limits for corrosivity were obtained from the January 1995 NYSDEC publication entitled "6 NYCRR Part 371: Identification and Listing of Hazardous Wastes".

The results of the organic analyses reveal that both volatile and semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-2). Volatile organic compounds detected in the samples include: acetone (4 sample), benzene (2 samples), cyclohexane (2 samples), 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (1 sample), ethylbenzene (3 samples), isopropylbenzene (5 samples), methylcyclohexane (4 samples), methylene chloride (5 samples), toluene (2 samples) and total xylenes (3 samples). Of these compounds, only benzene (1 sample), ethylbenzene (1 sample), isopropylbenzene (2 samples), toluene (1 sample) and total xylenes (2 samples) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-2). All of these exceedances, however, were associated with the two drum waste samples collected during the Site Investigation: suspected paint waste from a drum excavated from test pit SUB-8 (Figure 6-4) and a tar-like waste from a drum excavated from test pit SUB-90 (Figure 6-5).

Thirty-two semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-2) with seventeen of these constituents being polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Of these compounds, only benzo(a)anthracene (13 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (11 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (13 samples), benzo(k)fluoranthene (7 samples), chrysene (13 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (9 samples), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (11 samples), 2-methylnaphthalene (2 samples), naphthalene (2 samples) and phenanthrene (1 sample) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-2). Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (5 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (11 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (6 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (6 samples), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) and naphthalene (1 sample) also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-2).

Phthalates [bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, butylbenzylphthalate, diethylphthalate, di-n-butylphthalate and di-n-octylphthalate] were also detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the site (Table 7-2). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives. There are no NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives for these contaminants. Acetophenone (1 sample), biphenyl (9 samples), caprolactam (2 samples), carbazole (16 samples), dibenzofuran (22 samples), 2,4-dimethylphenol (1 sample), 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol (1 sample), 2-methylphenol (2

samples), 4-methylphenol (1 sample) and n-nitrosodiphenylamine (1 sample) were also detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples (Table 7-2). Concentrations of dibenzofuran, 2-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-2). There are no NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives for acetophenone, biphenyl, caprolactam, carbazole, 2,4-dimethylphenol, 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol and n-nitrosodiphenylamine.

The subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site were also analyzed for PCBs and pesticides (Table 7-2). PCBs were detected in fourteen samples, with only the concentration in one of the drum waste samples (SUB-8) exceeding the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objective. Eleven pesticides were detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the site (Table 7-2). Only the concentration of dieldrin in one sample exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-2).

Fifteen metals were detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-2). Of these compounds, eight were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives, with six of these metals being EPA priority pollutant metals. The priority pollutant metals exceeding the soil cleanup objectives (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) include: arsenic (6 samples; 26.1 mg/kg), cadmium (1 sample; 6.4 mg/kg), chromium (4 samples; 204 mg/kg), lead (6 samples; 2,900 mg/kg), mercury (2 samples; 1.2 mg/kg) and zinc (1 sample; 6,850 mg/kg). The concentrations of arsenic (6 samples) and lead (1 sample) also exceeded the Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Fuel oil #2 was detected in the three subsurface soil and fill samples analyzed for hydrocarbons (Table 7-2). Concentrations ranged from 64.0 to 570 mg/kg. There is no NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives for this contaminant. Leachable pH for the one sample analyzed for corrosivity was 8.19 standard pH units. This sample was also analyzed for sulfide and sulfate; neither contaminant was detected.

## 7.4 Sludge

During the Site Investigation, one sludge sample was collected from the pit in the electrical control room in the Foundry Building. The location of this sample is shown on Figure 5-2. The sample consisted of a thick, black sludge at least 3 inches thick with a slight chemical odor, and was submitted to Test America Laboratories for chemical analysis of TCL volatile organic compounds, TCL semivolatile organic compounds, TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs and TAL metals. The analytical results for this sample is

summarized in Table 7-3, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 5-2.

Analytical results were evaluated against the residential and commercial soil cleanup of 6NYCRR Part 375. For contaminants not included in Part 375, the soil cleanup objectives identified in TAGM 4046 were again utilized. For metals, the site background values obtained during the Flintkote Site Investigation were utilized when a Part 375 soil cleanup objective was not available.

The results of the organic analyses reveal the presence of both volatile and semivolatile organic compounds in the sludge sample collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-3). Volatile organic compounds detected in the sample include: acetone, benzene, 2-butanone, carbon disulfide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene, ethylbenzene, isopropylbenzene, methylene chloride, toluene and total xylenes. None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-3).

Only four semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the sludge sample with three of these constituents being polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Semivolatile organic compounds detected in the sample include: bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, fluoranthene, phenanthrene and pyrene. None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives (Table 7-3).

The sludge sample collected from the Dussault Foundry Site was also analyzed for PCBs and pesticides (Table 7-3). PCBs were detected in this sample at a concentration that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objective. Only two pesticides (4,4'-DDE and endrin ketone) were detected in the sludge sample collected from the site. The concentration of DDE, however, did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objective for this contaminant (Table 7-3). There are no soil cleanup objectives for endrin ketone.

Sixteen metals were detected in the sludge sample collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-3). Of these compounds, only three were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives, with two of these metals being EPA priority pollutant metals. The priority pollutant metals exceeding the soil cleanup objectives (with concentrations) include: cadmium (6.2 mg/kg) and chromium (52.7 mg/kg).

DUSSAULT FOUNDRY SITE, SITE NO. 932012 SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

### 7.5 Pit Water

Three water samples from pits at the Dussault Foundry Site were collected during the Site Investigation. One sample was collected from a pit in the Cleaning Building, while two samples (original and duplicate) were collected from the pit in the electrical control room in the Foundry Building. The locations of these samples are shown on Figure 5-2. All samples were submitted to Test America Laboratories for chemical analysis of TCL volatile organic compounds, TCL semivolatile organic compounds, TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs and TAL metals. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 7-4, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 5-2.

Analytical results were evaluated against the water quality standards and guidance values for surface water contained in the June 1998 NYSDEC publication entitled "Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.1.1: Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values and Groundwater Effluent Limitations". The surface water standards and guidance values for individual contaminants were taken directly from Table 1.

The results of the organic analyses reveal that bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was the only volatile or semivolatile organic compound detected in the pit water samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-4). The concentration of this contaminant exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standard in both samples collected from the electrical control room pit (Table 7-4). Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was not detected in the pit water sample collected from the Cleaning Building pit.

The pit water samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site were also analyzed for PCBs and pesticides (Table 7-4). PCBs were detected in both samples collected from the electrical control room pit at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standard. PCBs were not detected in the pit water sample collected from the Cleaning Building pit. Five pesticides were detected in the pit water samples collected from the site with only the concentration of alpha-BHC in both electrical control room pit samples exceeding the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values (Table 7-4). Pesticides were not detected in the pit water sample collected from the Cleaning Building pit.

Ten metals were detected in the pit water samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site during the Site Investigation (Table 7-3). Of these compounds, only four were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values, with lead being the only EPA priority pollutant metal. Lead was detected in both samples collected from the electrical control room pit at

concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standard for this contaminant. Only three metals were detected in the pit water sample collected from the Cleaning Building pit. None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standards and guidance values (Table 7-4).

### 7.6 Groundwater

As part of the Site Investigation, five bedrock monitoring wells were installed to evaluate groundwater flow patterns across the site and to determine whether historic waste disposal has contaminated site groundwater. The locations of these wells are shown on Figure 5-1. A groundwater sample from each well was collected during the Site Investigation and submitted to Test America Laboratories for chemical analysis of TCL volatile organic compounds, TCL semivolatile organic compounds, TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs, TAL metals, chloride, sulfate and alkalinity. The analytical results for these samples are summarized in Table 7-5, while information concerning sample collection and analysis is given in Table 5-2. The well development, and purge and sample logs, are included in Appendix D.

Analytical results were evaluated against the water quality standards and guidance values for groundwater contained in the June 1998 NYSDEC publication entitled "Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.1.1: Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values and Groundwater Effluent Limitations". The groundwater standards and guidance values for individual contaminants were taken directly from Table 1.

The results of the organic analyses reveal the presence of both volatile and semivolatile organic compounds in the groundwater samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-5). Volatile organic compounds detected in the samples include: acetone (3 samples), carbon disulfide (1 sample), cis-1,2-dichloroethene (1 sample), trichloroethene (1 sample) and vinyl chloride (1 sample). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values (Table 7-5). Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was the only semivolatile organic compound detected in the groundwater samples, with the concentration of this contaminant exceeding the NYSDEC groundwater standard in the one sample (well MW-5) in which it was detected (Table 7-5).

The groundwater samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site were also analyzed for PCBs and pesticides (Table 7-5). PCBs were not detected in any of the samples. Only two pesticides (endrin aldehyde and gamma-chlordane) were detected in the groundwater samples collected from the site (Table 7-5). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values.

Fourteen metals were detected in the groundwater samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Table 7-5). Of these compounds, only three were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values, with lead being the only EPA priority pollutant metal. Lead was only detected in two wells (MW-4 and MW-5), with the concentration in well MW-5 exceeding the NYSDEC groundwater standard for this contaminant.

The groundwater samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site during the Site Investigation contained significant concentrations of chloride and sulfate, ranging from 28,000 to 614,000  $\mu$ g/L and 112,000 to 1,140,000  $\mu$ g/L, respectively (Table 7-5). Both contaminants were detected in every well sampled, with concentrations exceeding the NYSDEC groundwater standards in two samples each (Table 7-5). Alkalinity was also detected in all five groundwater samples at concentrations ranging from 275,000 to 488,000  $\mu$ g/L (Table 7-5). There is no NYSDEC groundwater standard or guidance value for this contaminant.

# 7.7 Asbestos Containing Materials

As part of the Site Investigation an asbestos survey of the existing buildings was completed by Paradigm Environmental Services to identify asbestos containing materials (ACMs). The results from this survey are presented in Appendix E, and reveal the presence of ACMs throughout the buildings. All of the ACMs were classified as non-friable or non-friable organically bound and include: (1) red floor tile, black floor tile mastic, black window caulk and black/silver roof core in the office area of the Foundry Building, (2) black window caulk and black roof core in the remaining portions of the Foundry Building, and (3) brown floor tile, black floor tile mastic and black roof flashing in the Cleaning Building. The quantity of floor tile, mastic, roof core and roof flashing containing asbestos was estimated at 67,950 square feet, while the quantity of window caulk containing asbestos was estimated at 460 linear feet. All of the ACMs were considered to be in poor condition.

### 8.0 NATURE AND EXTENT OF CONTAMINATION

The results of the 2008 NYSDEC Site Investigation of the Dussault Foundry Site were discussed in Section 7.0. In this section, those results, combined with the results from the 2001 Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) and the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Expedited Removal Assessment, are evaluated to determine the nature and extent of contamination at the site. Only those samples that represent current conditions at the site (e.g., confirmatory samples versus samples collected prior to a removal action) are evaluated.

## 8.1 Surface Soil

A total of thirty surface soil samples (eight during the Phase II ESA and twenty-two during the Site Investigation) have been collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Figures 4-1 and 5-2). The results from these samples were discussed previously in Sections 4.4.5, 4.4.7, 4.4.8 and 7.2. Of these samples only twelve contained contaminants at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives. These exceedances are summarized in Table 8-1, with the locations of these samples shown on Figures 8-1 (residential exceedances) and 8-2 (commercial exceedances).

Seven semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the surface soil samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-1). All seven of these SVOCs are polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). These PAHs (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) include: benzo(a)anthracene (7 samples; 20,000 µg/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (8 samples; 18,000 µg/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (10 samples; 25,000 µg/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (5 samples; 8,000 µg/kg), chrysene (8 samples; 20,000 µg/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (5 samples; 2,700 µg/kg) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (8 samples; 7,500 µg/kg). The concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (4 samples) henzo(a)pyrene (8 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (3 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (4 samples) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-1).

Only three EPA priority pollutant metals were detected in the surface soil samples collected from the site at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-1). These metals (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) include: arsenic (2 samples; 30.0 mg/kg), chromium (3 samples; 147 mg/kg) and zinc (1 sample; 2,630 mg/kg). The concentrations of arsenic in both samples also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective for this contaminant (Table 8-1). It is important to note, however, that the residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives for arsenic

are the same.

As illustrated by Figure 8-1, eight of the surface soil samples (RR02, SS-1, SS-6, SS-8, SS-11, SS-14, SS-15 and SS-17) that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives are located in the southern portion of the site. This area was historically covered by a series of rail lines and spurs (see the Sanborn maps in Appendix A). The presence of PAHs, arsenic and chromium in these samples is likely related to the presence of coal that was observed on the ground surface throughout this portion of the Dussault Foundry Site. These contaminants are common constituents of coal, with the coal likely related to historical rail operations. The remaining surface soil samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives are scattered throughout the site in no definable pattern (Figure 8-1). Two of these samples (SS-12 and SS-16) only exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objective for chromium (Table 8-1).

Figure 8-2 reveals that all of the surface soil samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives, with the exception of sample SS-13, were located in the southern portion of the site. Sample SS-13 only slightly exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective for benzo(a)pyrene  $(1,100 \, \mu g/kg)$ ; soil cleanup objective  $1,000 \, \mu g/kg$ ). It is important to note, however, that the residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives for this contaminant are the same.

# 8.2 Subsurface Soil and Fill

A total of seventy subsurface soil and fill samples (fourteen during the Phase II ESA, twelve during the EPA removal action and forty-four during the Site Investigation) have been collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Figures 4-1 and 5-2). The results from these samples were discussed previously in Sections 4.4.6, 4.4.9, 4.5.4 and 7.3. Of these samples only twenty-four contained contaminants at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives. These exceedances are summarized in Table 8-2, with the locations of these samples shown on Figures 8-3 (residential exceedances) and 8-4 (commercial exceedances).

Seven semivolatile organic compounds were detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-2). All seven of these SVOCs are polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). These PAHs (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) include: benzo(a)anthracene (12 samples; 16,000 µg/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (11 samples; 14,000 µg/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (13 samples; 18,000 µg/kg),

benzo(k)fluoranthene (7 samples; 7,400 μg/kg), chrysene (12 samples; 14,000 μg/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (9 samples; 2,000 μg/kg) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (13 samples; 6,100 μg/kg). The concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene (5 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (11 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (6 samples), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (6 samples) and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-2).

Dieldrin was the only pesticide (1 sample) detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples at a concentration that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-2). The concentration of dieldrin, however, did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective for this contaminant (Table 8-2).

Seven EPA priority pollutant metals were detected in the subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the site at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-2). These metals (with the number of exceedances and maximum concentrations) include: antimony (1 sample; 3.4 mg/kg), arsenic (6 samples; 26.1 mg/kg), cadmium (1 sample; 6.4 kg/kg), chromium (7 samples; 204 mg/kg), lead (5 samples; 811 mg/kg), mercury (2 samples; 1.2 mg/kg) and zinc (1 sample; 6,850 mg/kg). The concentrations of arsenic in six samples also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-2). It is important to note, however, that the residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives for this contaminant are the same.

As illustrated by Figure 8-3, eleven of the subsurface soil and fill samples (MS02, SUB-16, SUB-22, SUB-32, SUB-36, SUB-47, SUB-49, SUB-69, SUB-82, SUB-89 and SUB-99) that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives are located in the southern portion of the site. Once again, the presence of PAHs and metals in these samples is likely related to historical rail operations. The remaining subsurface soil and fill samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives are scattered throughout the site in no definable pattern (Figure 8-3). Ten of these samples only exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives for a single contaminant: antimony (SUB02), benzo (b)fluoranthene (SUB-10), chromium (MS04, SUB03, SUB-61, SUB-80 and SUB-101), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (FO-08 and SUB-25) and lead (SUB-104).

Figure 8-4 reveals that all of the subsurface soil and fill samples that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives, with the exception of samples SUB-58 and SUB-110, were located in the southern portion of the site. Sample SUB-58 only slightly exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial

soil cleanup objective for benzo(a)pyrene (1,400  $\mu$ g/kg; standard 1,000  $\mu$ g/kg), while sample SUB-110 only slightly exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective for arsenic (18.4 mg/kg; standard 16.0 mg/kg). It is important to note, however, that the residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives for these contaminants are the same.

### 8.3 Sludge

A total of three sludge samples (two during the Phase II ESA and one during the Site Investigation) have been collected from the Dussault Foundry Site, with all of these samples collected from the electrical control room pit in the Foundry Building (Figures 4-1 and 5-2). The results from these samples were discussed previously in Sections 4.4.10 and 7.4. Only the sample collected during the Site Investigation, however, contained contaminants at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives (Table 8-3). These contaminants include PCBs, cadmium and chromium. The concentration of PCBs also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective. It is important to note, however, that the residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives for this contaminant are the same. Sludge was not encountered in the other three pits within the site buildings.

### 8.4 Pit Water

A total of six pit water samples (four during the Phase II ESA and two during the Site Investigation) have been collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Figures 4-1 and 5-2). The results from these samples were discussed previously in Sections 4.4.10 and 7.5. Three pits containing water were identified within the Foundry Building during the Phase II ESA (sample locations SUMP1, SUMP2 and SUMP3; Figure 4-1). The pits associated with samples SUMP1 and SUMP2 are now filled with crushed stone. Test pits were completed in these pits during the Site Investigation, but no water was encountered. The contamination identified in these pits during the Phase II ESA (Table 4-8), therefore, do not represent current conditions at the site. As a result, these data have not been included in Table 8-4.

The pit water sample collected from the electrical control room during the Phase II ESA contained total phenols, cadmium, lead and thallium at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values (Table 8-4). Total phenols and thallium were not detected in the two samples (original and duplicate) collected from this pit during the Site Investigation, while cadmium was detected at concentrations that did not exceed the surface water standard for this contaminant (Table 8-4). The two Site Investigation samples, however, contained bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, alpha-BHC and PCBs at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values (Table 8-4). These contaminants

were not detected in the Phase II ESA sample. Lead was detected in the 2008 samples at concentrations similar to that detected during the Phase II ESA (Table 8-4). Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, PCBs and lead were detected in the sludge sample collected from this pit in 2008 (Table 7-3), suggesting that the sludge is the source of the water contamination documented during the Site Investigation. Because this pit holds water, migration of contaminants in the sludge and water is unlikely.

Thallium was the only contaminant detected in the pit water sample collected from the Cleaning Building during the Phase II ESA that exceeded the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values (Table 8-4). There were no surface water exceedances documented in the sample collected from the Cleaning Building pit during the Site Investigation (Table 8-4).

#### 8.5 Groundwater

A total of five groundwater samples (all during the Site Investigation) have been collected from the Dussault Foundry Site (Figure 5-1). The results from these samples were discussed previously in Section 7.6. Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (1 sample), lead (1 sample), chloride (2 samples) and sulfate (2 samples) were the only contaminants detected in the groundwater samples that exceeded the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values (Table 8-5).

Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was detected in several subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site, but was not detected at concentrations that exceeded the TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objective for this contaminant. There are no NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives for bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate. This compound, however, is widely used in the plastics industry as a plasticizer. It is possible, therefore, that the presence of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate in well MW-5 resulted from the disposable bailer or rope used to collect the sample, or was introduced into the sample in the laboratory during extraction and analysis procedures.

Lead was also detected in several subsurface soil and fill samples collected from the Dussault Foundry Site, with the concentrations in five samples exceeding the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives for this contaminant (Table 8-2). One of these samples (SUB-90) is located upgradient of monitoring well MW-5, so it is possible that the lead in this well is related to the Dussault Foundry Site. The results from the other wells indicate, however, that lead contamination in groundwater is not a widespread occurrence at the site (Table 8-5).

The Lockport Group bedrock consists predominantly of dolostone, although thin beds of limestone and shaly dolostone, and small irregularly shaped masses of gypsum are common. Groundwater in the Lockport Group is typically either a calcium-sulfate or calcium-bicarbonate water, is very hard, and is highly mineralized; calcium, bicarbonate, magnesium, sulfate and chloride are present in significant concentrations (Johnson, 1964). Chloride and sulfate concentrations up to 130,000 and 1,400,000 µg/L, respectively, have been reported in the Niagara Falls area (Madsen and Yager, 1996). The concentrations of chloride and sulfate in bedrock groundwater underlying the Dussault Foundry Site, therefore, likely represent the natural mineral content of this groundwater.

### 9.0 DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATION

#### 9.1 Discussion

The overall objective of the Site Investigation was to obtain information sufficient to: (1) determine if the Dussault Foundry Site should be relisted in the Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites, and if so, what the appropriate site classification should be and (2) determine if the property is suitable for redevelopment. The specific objectives of this investigation were to: (1) evaluate the site to determine if hazardous wastes were present, and if present, to determine if there was a consequential amount, (2) determine the nature and extent of contamination at the site, including the presence of asbestos in site buildings, (3) better quantify the volume of foundry sand throughout the property; and (4) estimate costs for building demolition. These objectives were determined through a grided soil boring/test pit program, and the analysis of soil, fill, pit water, groundwater, sludge and asbestos samples collected during the Site Investigation. This section discusses the analytical results presented in Section 7.0, and the nature and extent of contamination presented in Section 8.0, as they relate to these objectives.

### 9.1.1 Hazardous Waste Presence

The NYSDEC publication entitled "6 NYCRR Part 371: Identification and Listing of Hazardous Wastes" reveals that wastes generated during foundry operations are not listed hazardous wastes. Prior to the EPA removal action, eleven drums at the site contained characteristic hazardous waste. In addition, composite samples from 20 of the 200 drums revealed the presence of corrosive hazardous waste (D002) and reactive hazardous waste (D003). These drums have been removed from the site.

During the 2008 NYSDEC Site Investigation one subsurface soil and fill sample was analyzed for corrosivity to determine if leaks from a former tolusulfuric acid tank had penetrated the concrete floor. The leachable pH for this sample was 8.19 standard pH units, indicating that subsurface soil and fill under the floor was not a corrosive hazardous waste (D002). While there was a provision in the Site Investigation Scope of Work to analyze select samples for hazardous waste characteristics using the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP), no TCLP analyses were conducted during the Site Investigation; a review of the analytical results suggested that none of the samples would fail the TCLP criteria for hazardous waste characteristics.

Based upon the EPA drum removal action and the analytical results obtained during the Site Investigation, hazardous waste is not present at this site.

#### 9.1.2 Tank Removal and Residual Soil Contamination

During April 2003 the EPA discovered two underground storage tanks that formerly contained diesel/no. 2 fuel oil behind the Foundry Building (Figures 1-3, 4-8 and 4-9). These USTs, along with the isopropyl alcohol UST in front of the Core Room Addition (Figure 1-3), were excavated and removed on April 17, 2003. Details concerning these activities are given in Section 4.5.4.

Following removal of the tanks, confirmatory soil samples were collected from each of the excavations for chemical analysis. The locations of these samples are shown on Figure 4-10. Only indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene in one sample was detected at a concentration that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 4-11). This concentration, however, did not exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objective for this contaminant (Table 4-11). Based upon these results, the NYSDEC does not require additional remediation at the three former UST areas.

During April 2003 the EPA also discovered soil contaminated with an unknown oily material behind the Cleaning Building in the apparent location of a former storage tank. While the tank was gone, broken fill pipes were observed. The EPA excavated approximately 60 tons of contaminated soil from this area during June and July 2003, and transported the soils to Modern Landfill for disposal. Confirmatory samples were not collected, so the completeness of this removal action was not known. During the 2008 NYSDEC Site Investigation, this spill area was evaluated during the soil boring/test pit program. In total, one test pit (SUB-61) and five soil borings (SUB-113 thru SUB-117) were completed outside the northwest corner of the Cleaning Building (Figure 5-2), while three samples were collected for chemical analysis (Table 9-1).

The analytical results from these samples reveal the presence of fuel oil #2 in all three samples at concentrations ranging from 64.0 to 570 mg/kg (Table 9-1). There are no NYSDEC soil cleanup objectives for this contaminant. The analytical results also reveal the presence of both volatile and semivolatile organic compounds (Table 9-1). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives. Pesticides and PCBs were not detected in the two samples analyzed for these contaminants (Table 9-1). Fourteen metals were detected in these samples, with only the concentration of chromium (204 mg/kg) in one sample exceeding the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-1). The concentration of iron in two samples exceeded the site background value for this contaminant (Table 9-1). Based upon these results, the NYSDEC does not require additional remediation at the fuel oil #2 spill area.

### 9.1.3 Historic Raceways

As described in Section 4.4.2, a series of historic raceways existed on and near the former Dussault Foundry property (Figure 1-3). Portions of the raceway along the northern boundary of the Dussault property (the "northern raceway") can still be observed east of Washburn Street (Figure 9-1 thru 9-2). Discharge pipes on the southern wall of the raceway (Figure 9-1) likely originated from the former dwellings on this portion of the property (see the Sanborn maps in Appendix A). A narrow archway located at the base of this raceway represented a former spillway (Figure 9-3). A ditch was observed along the western side of the former Western Block Company property (Figure 1-3) that appeared to originate from this spillway. A rusty iron trough extending from this ditch toward Market Street was observed during the Site Investigation (Figure 9-4).

West of the outlet, portions of the northern raceway can also be observed, but they are not as continuous as the raceway to the east (Figures 9-5 and 9-6). A second spillway was observed in this area of the site (Figure 9-7). The continuation of the northern raceway was observed on the westernmost portion of the Dussault property (Figures 9-8 thru 9-11), and can be seen easily from Market Street. A third spillway was observed in this area of the site (Figure 9-11). The northern raceway received water from the west at what is now Scalzo Park (see Sanborn maps in Appendix A).

Investigation of the northern raceway was completed during both the Phase II ESA and the NYSDEC Site Investigation to determine if this raceway was a potential contaminant migration pathway. Both investigations were limited, however, due to equipment access issues posed by the steep slope of the Niagara Escarpment. One surface soil sample (RW01) of what was described as a black silty loam soil (most likely foundry sand) was collected from beneath the archway of the easternmost spillway during the Phase II ESA (Figure 4-1). This location was selected as it is the most upgradient point of exposure for this raceway. During the NYSDEC Site Investigation, a test pit (SUB-104; Figure 5-2) was completed beneath the archway to determine what type of materials were present in the spillway. The spillway was found to be backfilled with large rocks and smaller cobble size rocks mixed with foundry sand and topsoil (Figure 9-12). The bottom of the spillway was lined with concrete (Figure 9-12). A sample of the foundry sand (SUB-104) was collected from the bottom of the spillway for chemical analysis. The results from both samples are summarized in Table 9-2.

The results of the organic analyses reveal that volatile organic compounds, semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides and PCBs were detected in the samples collected from the easternmost spillway (Table

9-2). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-2). Eighteen metals were detected in these samples, with only the concentration of lead (478 mg/kg) in the subsurface sample exceeding the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-2). The concentration of iron in this sample also exceeded the site background value for this contaminant (Table 9-2). Based upon the visual and chemical results, the easternmost spillway is not a significant contaminant migration pathway.

In the western portion of the Dussault property, a 10-inch corrugated metal pipe extending in a northwest direction from the western end of the Core Room Addition was observed (Figure 5-1). This drain pipe was positioned such that it may have emptied into the historic raceway located part way down the escarpment (Figures 9-9 and 9-10). One surface soil sample (RW02) of black foundry sand mixed with black silty loam soil was collected at the opening of this drain pipe during the Phase II ESA. During the NYSDEC Site Investigation, a test pit (SUB-10; Figure 5-2) was completed at the end of the pipe to look for evidence of contaminated discharges. This test pit encountered foundry sand mixed with gravel, cobbles, rebar, wood, slag and sand molds (Figure 9-13). Staining, odors and organic vapors were not observed nor detected. A shallow sample of the foundry sand beneath the pipe (SUB-10) was collected for chemical analysis. The results from both samples are summarized in Table 9-2.

The results of the organic analyses reveal that semivolatile organic compounds, pesticides and PCBs were detected in the samples collected at the end of the pipe (Table 9-2). Of these compounds, only benzo(b)fluoranthene (2 samples), benzo(k)fluoranthene (1 sample) and chrysene (1 sample) were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-2). None of the concentrations, however, exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-2). Eighteen metals were detected in these samples, with only the concentration of zinc (2,630 mg/kg) in the surface sample exceeding the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-2). Based upon the visual and chemical results, contaminated discharges to the historic raceway did not occur through this pipe.

During the NYSDEC Site Investigation, a test pit (SUB-21; Figure 5-2) was completed in the historic raceway along Market Street to determine what type of materials were present in the raceway. This test pit encountered foundry sand mixed with gravel, metal and lesser amounts of brick overlying reworked native soils consisting of brown sand mixed with gravel and cobbles (Figure 9-14). Staining, odors and organic vapors were not observed nor detected. As a result of these findings, a sample was not collected for chemical

analysis.

Based upon the visual and chemical results of the raceway investigations, the northern raceway is not

a significant contaminant migration pathway.

9.1.4 *Drums* 

As stated in Section 4.4, numerous 55-gallon drums were observed throughout the Dussault Foundry

Site during the Phase I ESA completed at the site in 2000 (Figures 4-3 thru 4-5). The majority of the drums

appeared to be empty, but some appeared to be partially full, with either debris or liquid. An inventory of

these drums was completed on December 5, 2001 (updated on June 3, 2002) during the Phase II ESA. In

total, 244 drums were documented, mostly in good or fair condition.

In March 2003 EPA began segregating these drums during their removal action at the site (Figures

4-6 and 4-7). Drums that were located below the escarpment and along the hillside were also evaluated

(Figure 4-5). During April 2003 non-hazardous drummed material was sent to Modem Landfill in Model

City, New York for disposal. By June 6, 2003 all remaining drums had been removed from the site and

transported to Permafix of Michigan, Brownstown, Michigan for stabilization and disposal.

During the 2008 NYSDEC Site Investigation, several 55-gallon drums were observed scattered

throughout the site, mainly on the slope of the Niagara Escarpment (Figures 7-3 and 7-4). The majority of

the drums appeared to contain foundry sand or metal debris. Samples of the foundry sand were not collected

due to the large number of foundry sand samples collected during the soil boring/test pit program.

While completing the soil boring/test pit program, two drums were uncovered: a 55-gallon drum

containing suspected paint waste in test pit SUB-8 (Figure 6-4) and a 55-gallon drum containing a tar-like

waste in test pit SUB-90 (Figure 6-5). Samples of the drummed wastes were collected for chemical analysis,

the results of which are summarized in Table 9-3. Based upon these results, both drums and all soil and fill

visually contaminated by the wastes were containerized and subsequently transported off-site for disposal.

One sample of the excavated soil and fill that was to be backfilled in test pit SUB-90 was also

collected for chemical analysis. These materials were not visually contaminated, but did exhibit elevated PID

readings. The results from this sample are summarized in Table 9-3, and reveal the presence of both volatile

and semivolatile organic compounds. Of these compounds, only benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b) fluoranthene

DUSSAULT FOUNDRY SITE, SITE NO. 932012 SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT JUNE 15, 2009

and chrysene were detected at concentrations that exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-3). These compounds were not detected in the drummed waste sample, but are common contaminants in the foundry sand at the site. Metals were also detected in the excavated soil and fill sample, with only the concentrations of lead and mercury exceeding the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives (Table 9-3). Of these metals, only lead was detected in the drummed waste sample, but at a significantly lower concentration. Based upon these results, the NYSDEC does not require additional remediation in the test pit SUB-90 area.

## 9.1.5 Beneficial Reuse of Spent Foundry Sand

As stated in Section 3.3, the principle waste product of Dussault's foundry operations was spent foundry sand. This sand was disposed of in an on-site landfill (Area 7; Figures 1-3 and 3-9) and on other areas of the Dussault property (Figure 1-3, and Figures 3-10 thru 3-12). During the 2008 Site Investigation, foundry sand was encountered throughout the site at thickness up to 24.0 feet, and was estimated to total 95,000 cubic yards.

Spent foundry sand from the Dussault Foundry, however, has been granted a Beneficial Use Determination (BUD; number 073-9-32) by the NYSDEC for use as an aggregate in asphalt by Frontier Stone, Inc. and in the production of flowable fill by Riefler Concrete Products, Inc. A Beneficial Use Determination indicates that the waste material ceases to be a solid waste subject to disposal when utilized as described by the BUD. This BUD is still in effect. As a result, any foundry sand excavated during redevelopment activities that is chemically similar to the foundry sand that received the BUD could be utilized as aggregate in asphalt and in the production of flowable fill. Since Frontier Stone, Inc. and Riefler Concrete Products, Inc. are no longer in business, other end users would have to be identified and would be subject to approval by the NYSDEC's Division of Solid and Hazardous Materials.

## 9.1.6 Building Demolition Costs

As part of the NYSDEC Site Investigation, a demolition cost estimate was prepared for the site by ETS Clearing and Grading (ETS) to provide an "order of magnitude" estimate for future redevelopment budgeting by others. This estimate totaled \$367,000, which included \$192,000 for asbestos abatement and disposal at a licensed asbestos landfill. A second cost estimate for asbestos abatement and disposal was obtained by ETS, which was reported to be \$165,000. Total demolition costs may be less, however, if the buildings were demolished with the asbestos in place through a New York State Department of Labor (NYSDOL) variance. Variances of this type have been issued by the NYSDOL for other demolition projects

in western New York.

### 9.2 Recommendation

Due to the absence of hazardous waste at the Dussault Foundry Site the site does not qualify for inclusion in the NYSDEC Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites in New York State. However, due to the presence of contamination at this site, the property may be eligible for NYSDEC's Environmental Restoration (ERP) or Brownfield Cleanup (BCP) programs. At the present time funding for the ERP has been depleted.

Contamination is present at this site in soil and fill at concentrations that exceed the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives (Figures 8-2 and 8-4; Tables 8-1 and 8-2). This contamination does not prohibit redevelopment of the property for commercial use; however, it is recommended that the following precautions be implemented during redevelopment activities:

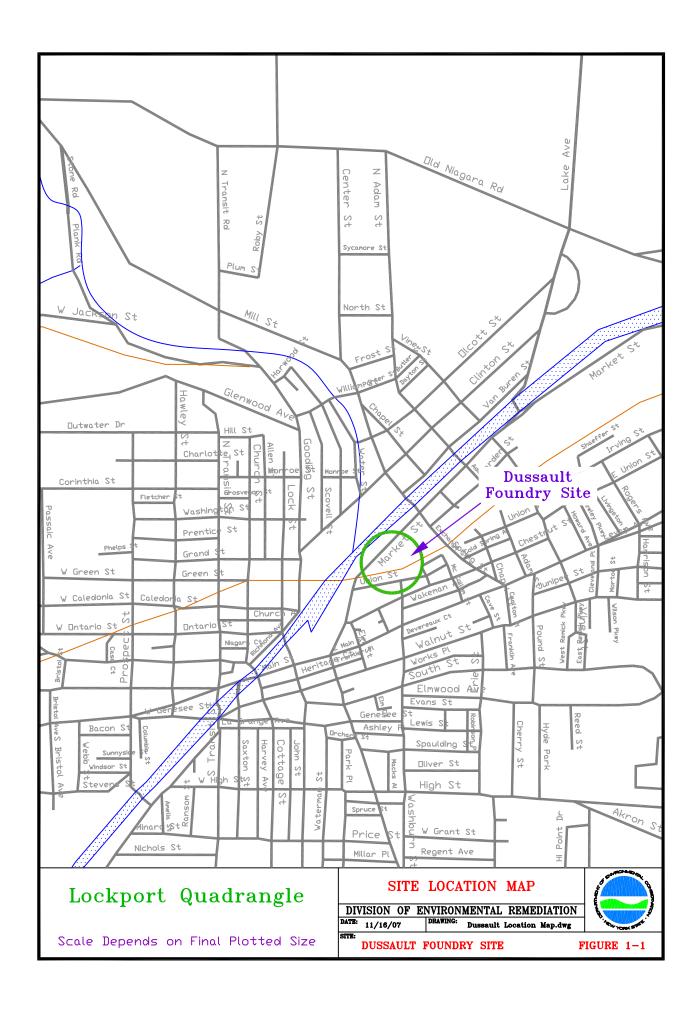
- Future redevelopment plans should contain provisions to remove foundry sand or place a surface cover system as described in the Soils Management Plan (Appendix F) over the foundry sand to eliminate direct contact exposures to workers or visitors at the site and to eliminate the potential for contaminated runoff from the property;
- Any foundry sand excavated during future redevelopment activities should be managed as detailed in the Soils Management Plan unless it is used in accordance with the previously approved Beneficial Use Determination (BUD). This BUD allowed the foundry sand to be used as an aggregate in asphalt or in the production of flowable fill. As a requirement of the BUD, the foundry sand would have to be chemically similar to the foundry sand that originally received the BUD, with the end users subject to approval by the NYSDEC's Division of Solid and Hazardous Materials;
- The Soils Management Plan must also be utilized if fill (other than foundry sand), stained soil, or other signs of contamination are encountered during any future redevelopment activities; and
- Groundwater underlying the site should not be utilized as a source of potable or process water, without necessary water quality treatment as determined by the Niagara County

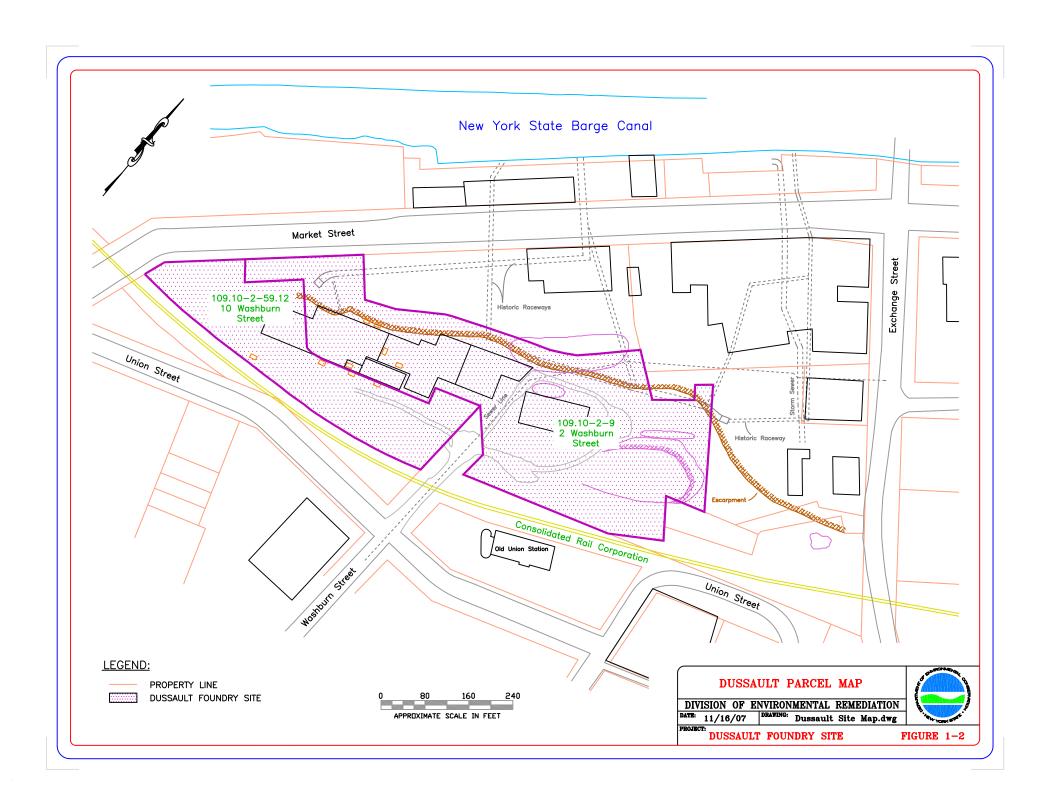
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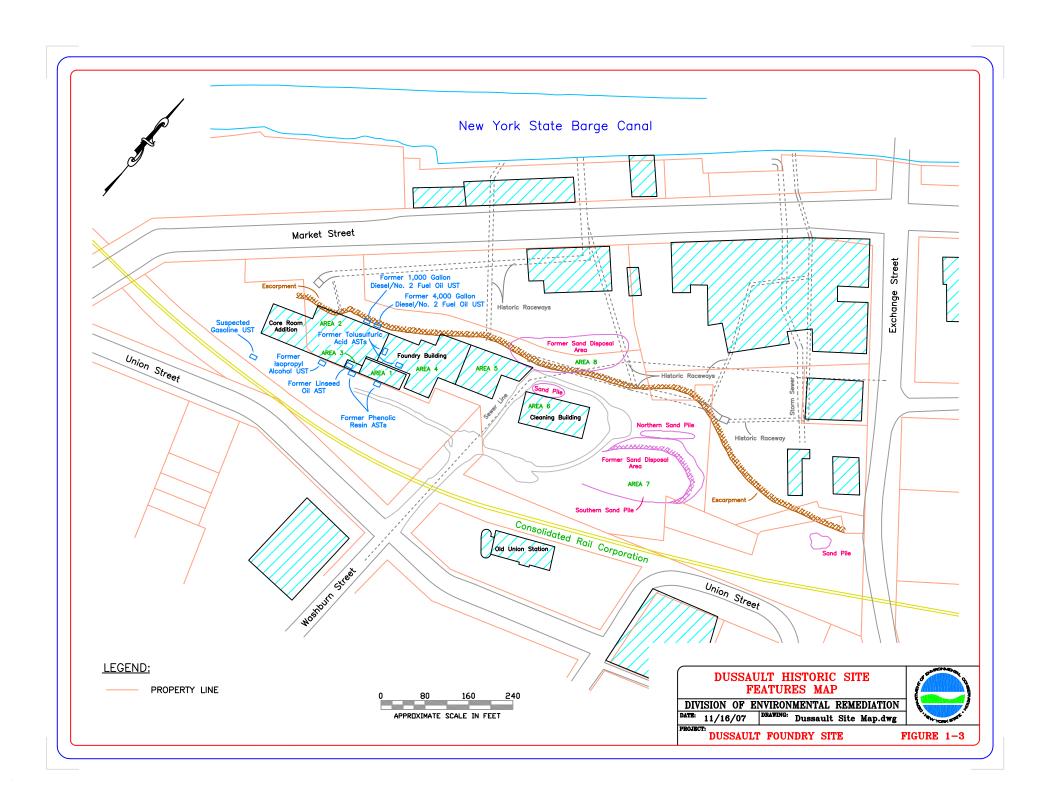




Figure 3-1. Photograph of the heavy vegetation at the Dussault Foundry Site. View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.



Figure 3-2. Photograph of the heavy vegetation at the Dussault Foundry Site. View looking northeast. The building shown is the Cleaning Building. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.



Figure 3-3. Photograph of the dilapidated buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site. The building in the foreground in the Foundry Building, while the metal building in the background is the Quonset Hut. One of the phenolic resin ASTs can also be observed. View looking west. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 3-4. Photograph of the dilapidated buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site. The building shown is Area 5. View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 3-5. Photograph of the dilapidated buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site. The building in the foreground in the Cleaning Building, while the buildings in the background are the Office Building and Area 5. View looking southwest. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 3-6. Photograph of the dilapidated buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site. Exact location is unknown. Photograph from the Urban Exploration Resource website at www.uer.ca.



Figure 3-7. Photograph of the dilapidated buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site. The building shown is the Foundry Building. The Transformer Area is in the foreground. View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 3-8. Photograph of the dilapidated buildings of the Dussault Foundry Site. Exact location is unknown. Photograph from the Urban Exploration Resource website at www.uer.ca.



Figure 3-9. Photograph of spent foundry sand in the on-site landfill. The Cleaning Building can be observed in the background. View looking west. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 3-10. Photograph of spent foundry sand behind the Cleaning Building. View looking southwest. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 3-11. Photograph of spent foundry sand behind the Cleaning Building. View looking southwest. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 3-12. Photograph of spent foundry sand behind the Foundry Building. View looking northeast. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.



Figure 3-13. Photograph of a tolusulfuric acid tank in the Foundry Building. View looking west. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.



Figure 3-14. Photograph of the second tolusulfuric acid tank in the Foundry Building. View looking south. Photograph taken by Brian Sadowski on April 10, 2003.

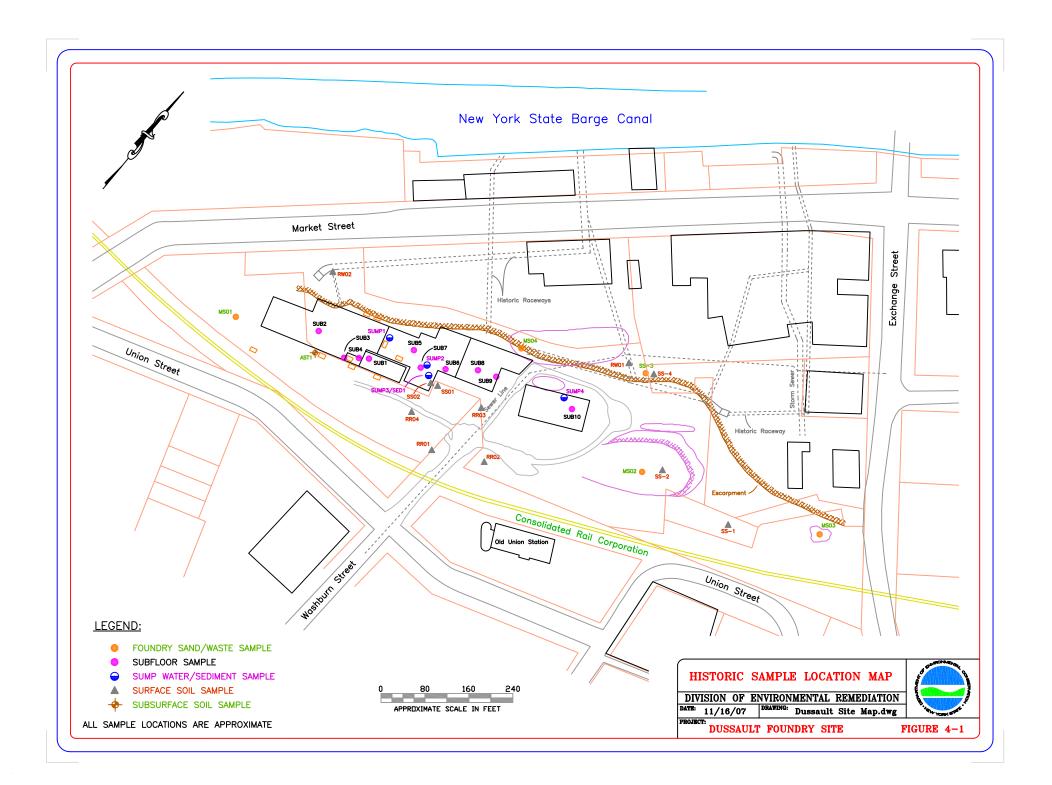




Figure 4-2. Photograph of the fill port and vent for the isopropyl alcohol UST. View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.



Figure 4-3. Photograph of drums scattered throughout the Dussault Foundry Site. Exact location is unknown. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 4-4. Photograph of drums located east of the on-site landfill. View looking northeast. Photograph taken by Ron Voelkel on December 15, 1999.



Figure 4-5. Photograph of drums on the slope of the Niagara Escarpment near Market Street (background). View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.



Figure 4-6. Photograph of the segregated drums at the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Brian Sadowski on April 10, 2003.



Figure 4-7. Photograph of the segregated drums at the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Brian Sadowski on April 10, 2003.



Figure 4-8. Photograph of the fill port and vent for the 1,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST behind the Foundry Building. View looking east. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.

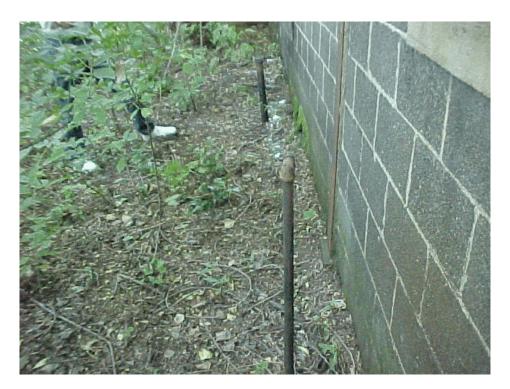
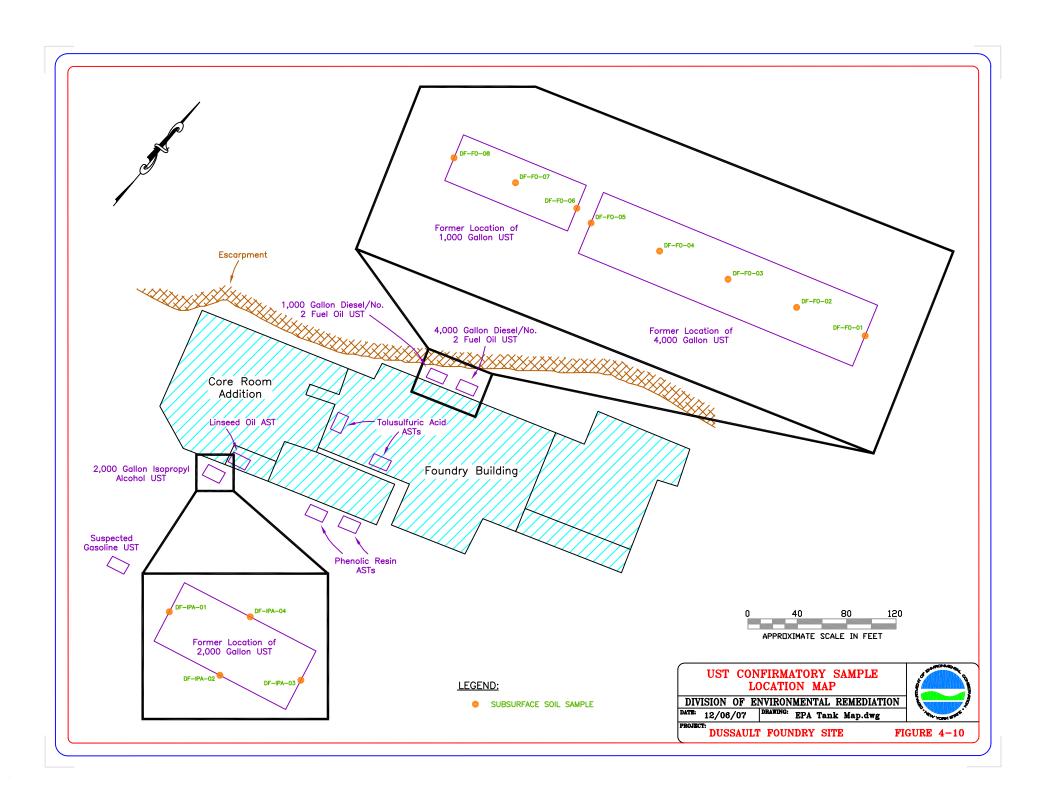


Figure 4-9. Photograph of the fill port and vent for the 4,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil USTs behind the Foundry Building. View looking east. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 18, 2000.



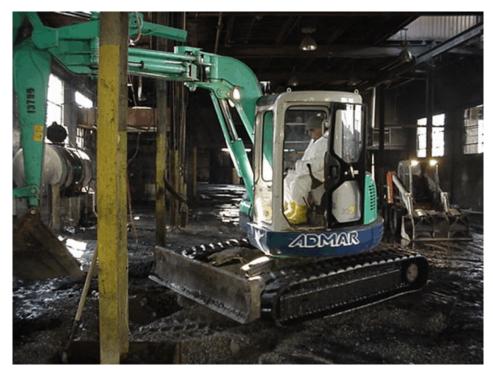


Figure 4-11. Photograph of the debris stockpiling operation at the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Brian Sadowski on April 10, 2003.



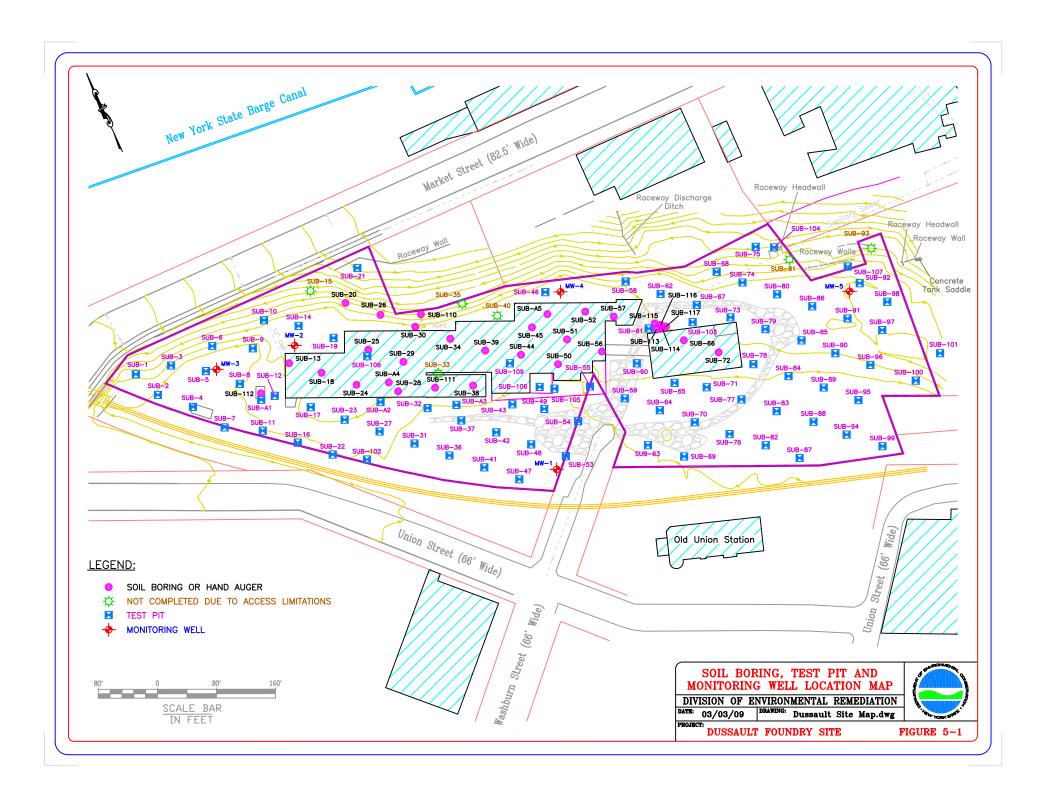
Figure 4-12. Photograph of the stockpiled debris at the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Brian Sadowski on April 10, 2003.



Figure 4-13. Photograph of the stockpiled debris at the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Brian Sadowski on April 10, 2003.



Figure 4-14. Photograph of the stockpiled debris at the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Brian Sadowski on April 10, 2003.



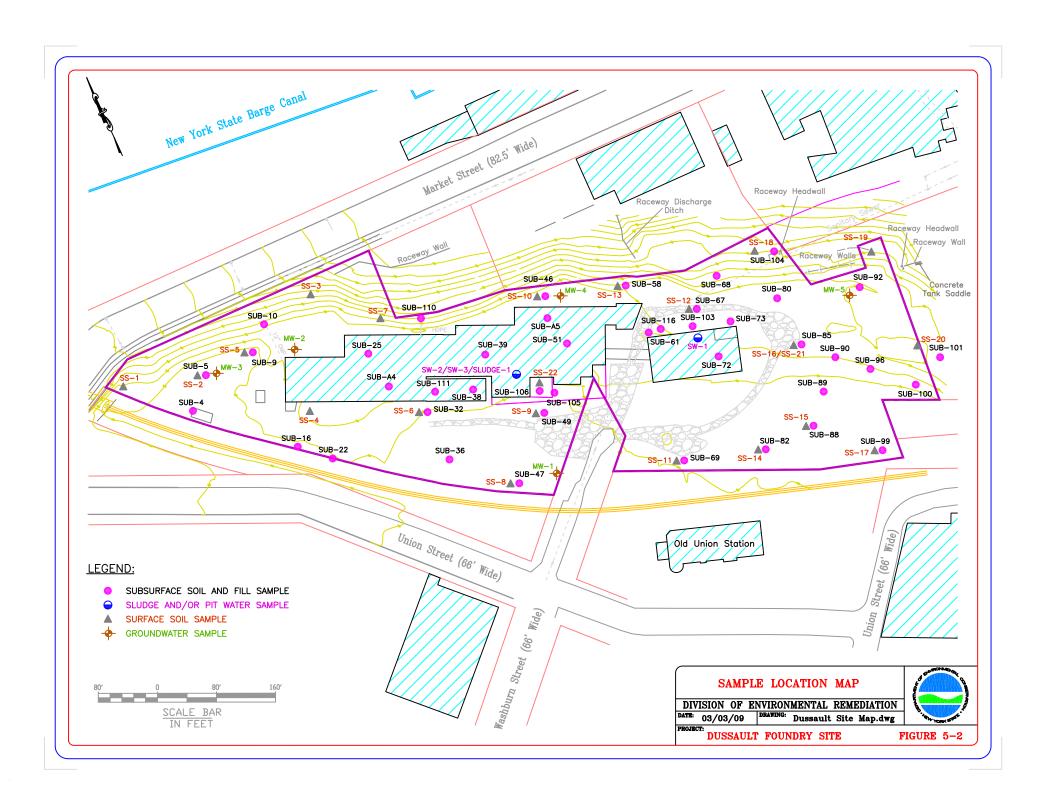




Figure 6-1. Photograph of the foundry sand at the western portion of the Dussault Foundry Site. View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 28, 2008.



Figure 6-2. Photograph of the foundry sand at the eastern portion of the Dussault Foundry Site. View looking southeast. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 28, 2008.



Figure 6-3. Photograph of the foundry sand excavated from test pit SUB-46 behind the Foundry Building. View looking southeast. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 4, 2008.



Figure 6-4. Photograph of the drum excavated from test pit SUB-8 that contained suspected paint waste. Photograph taken by Glenn May on August 28, 2008.



Figure 6-5. Photograph of the drum excavated from test pit SUB-90 that contained a tar-like waste. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 9, 2008.

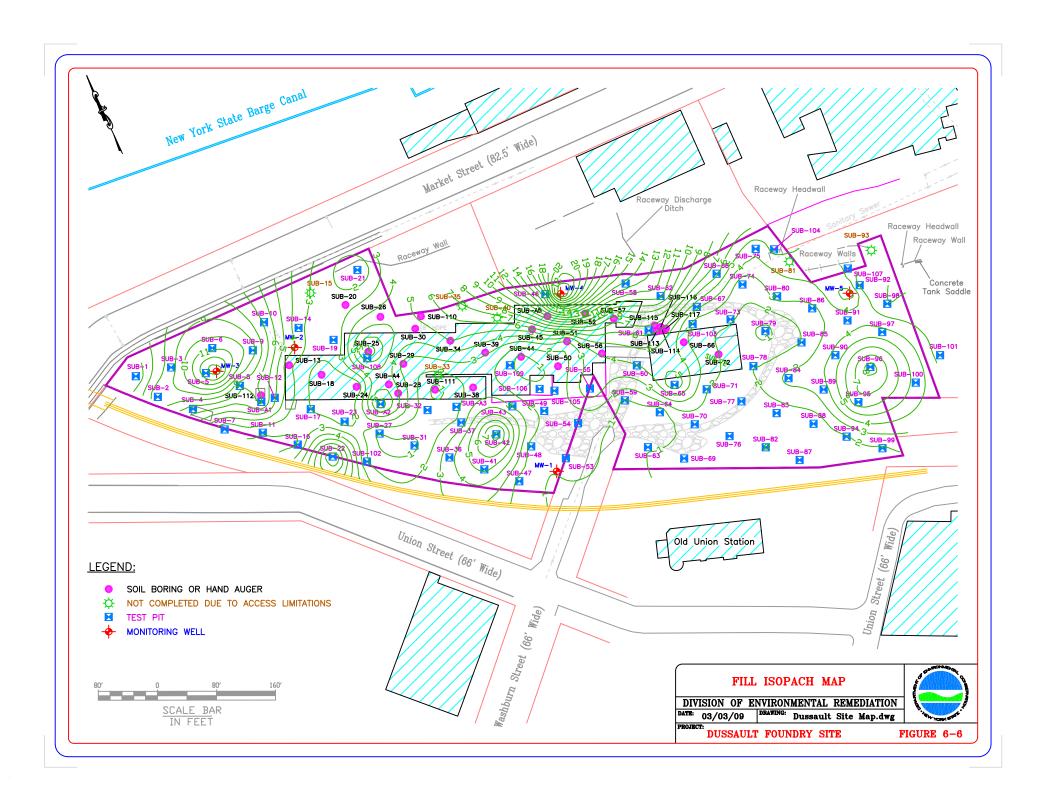




Figure 6-7. Photograph of the reworked soil in test pit SUB-60. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 3, 2008.



Figure 6-8. Photograph of the native sand excavated from test pit SUB-22. View looking south. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 2, 2008.



Figure 6-9. Photograph of the fill/native sand interface in test pit SUB-7. View looking southwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on August 28, 2008.



Figure 6-10. Photograph of the fill/native sand interface in test pit SUB-22. View looking south. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 2, 2008.



Figure 6-11. Photograph of the native silty clay in test pit SUB-78. Note the grey and black mottling in the center of the photo. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 5, 2008.



Figure 6-12. Photograph of the native silty clay (below the fill layer) in test pit SUB-80. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 8, 2008.



Figure 6-13. Photograph of the weathered upper bedrock in test pit SUB-17. View looking west. Photograph taken by Glenn May on August 29, 2008.



Figure 6-14. Photograph of the bedrock outcrop at the western portion of the Dussault Foundry Site along Market Street. The grey dolostone unit overlies the softer brown to grey mudstone. View looking east. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.

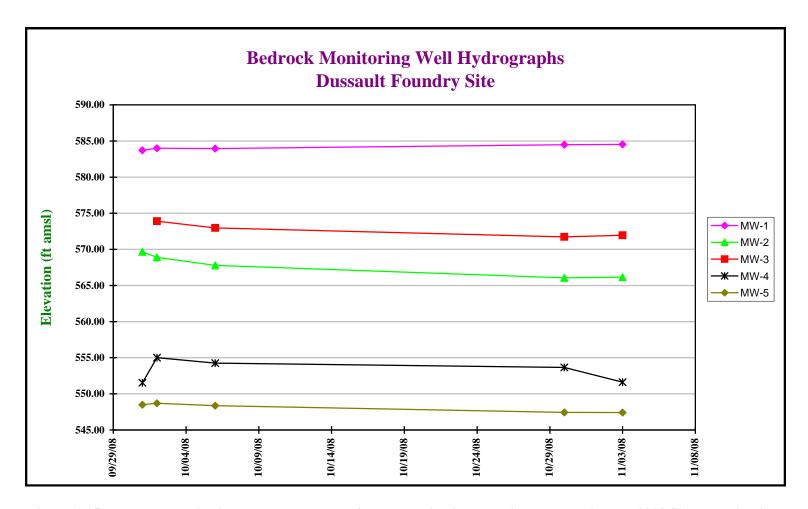


Figure 6-15. Bedrock monitoring well hydrographs for the monitoring wells installed during the 2008 Site Investigation of the Dussault Foundry site.

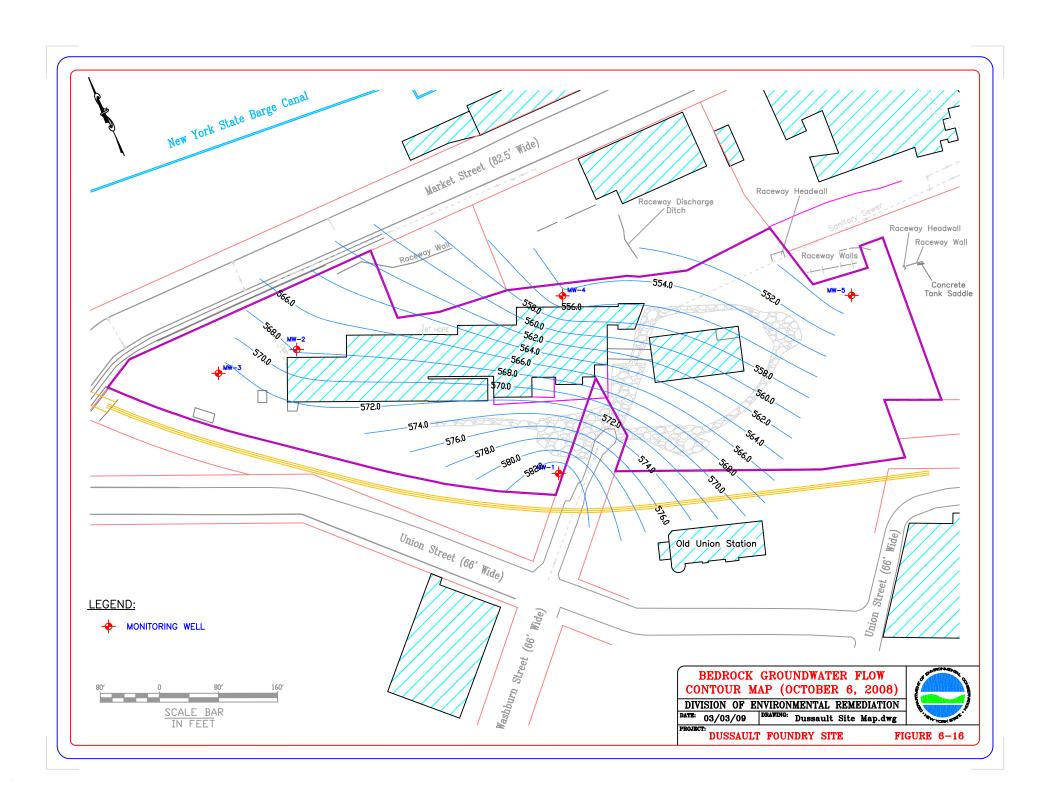




Figure 6-17. Photograph of the thick mantle of foundry sand overlying the Niagara Escarpment. View looking northeast. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 7-1. Photograph of the cleared vegetation in front of the Foundry Building. View looking west. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 28, 2008.



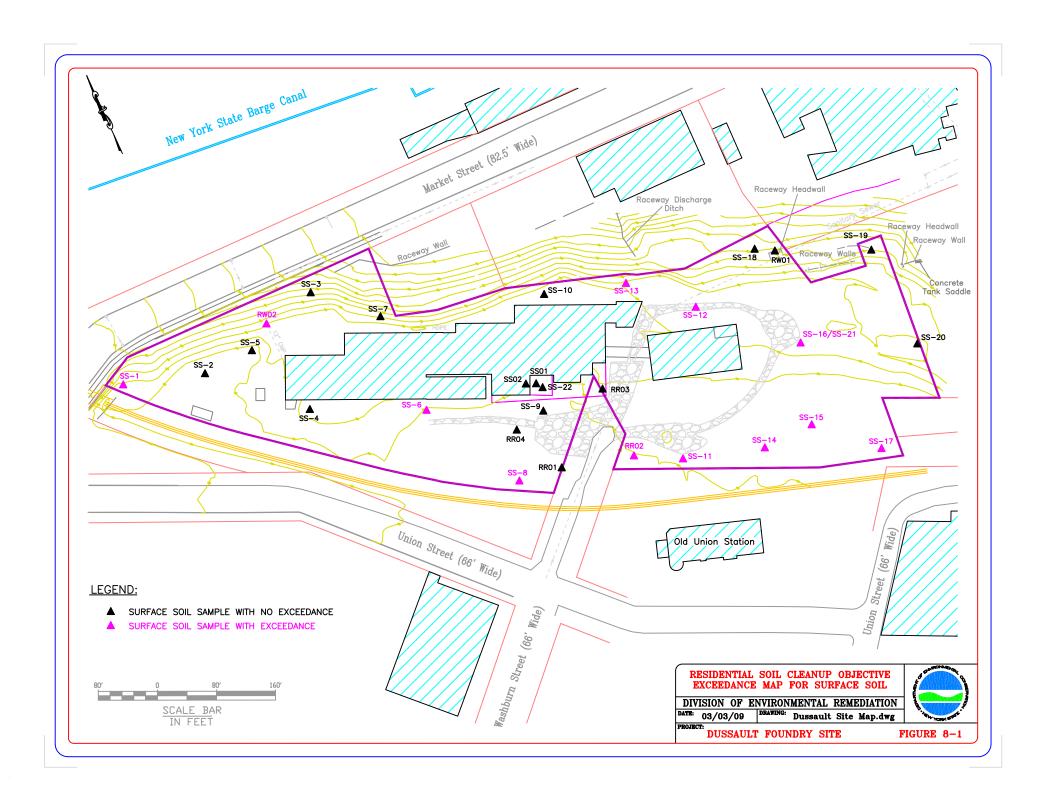
Figure 7-2. Photograph of the cleared vegetation at the eastern portion of the Dussault Foundry Site. View looking east. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 28, 2008.

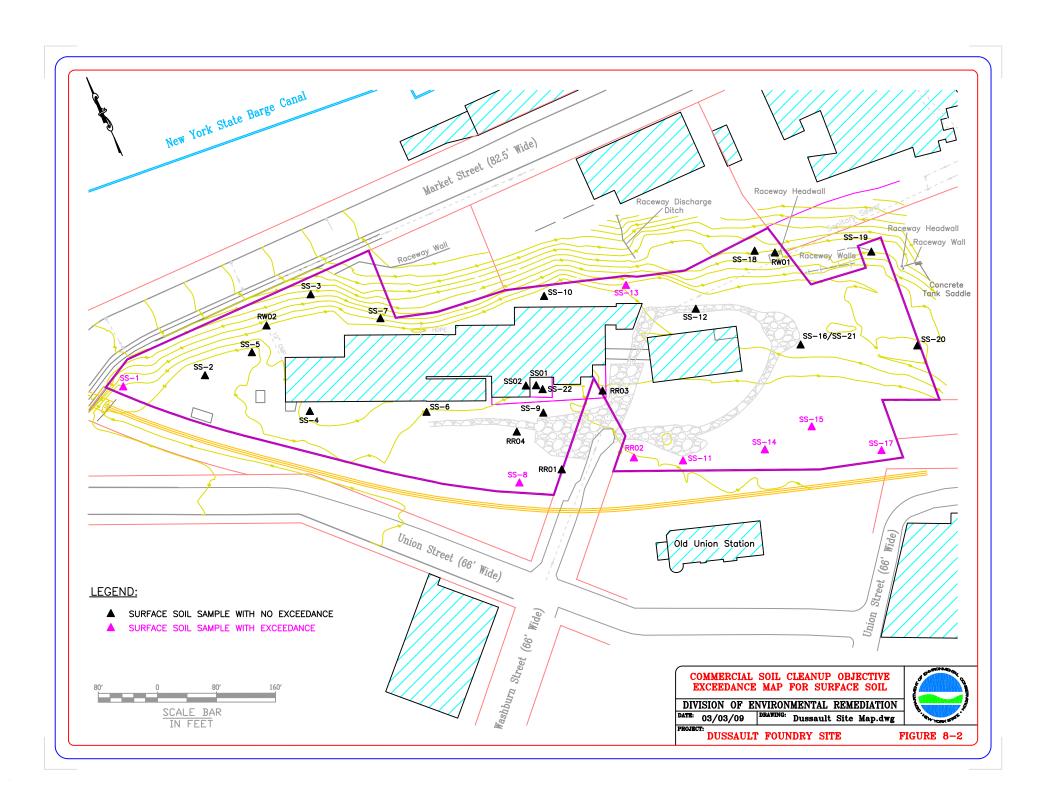


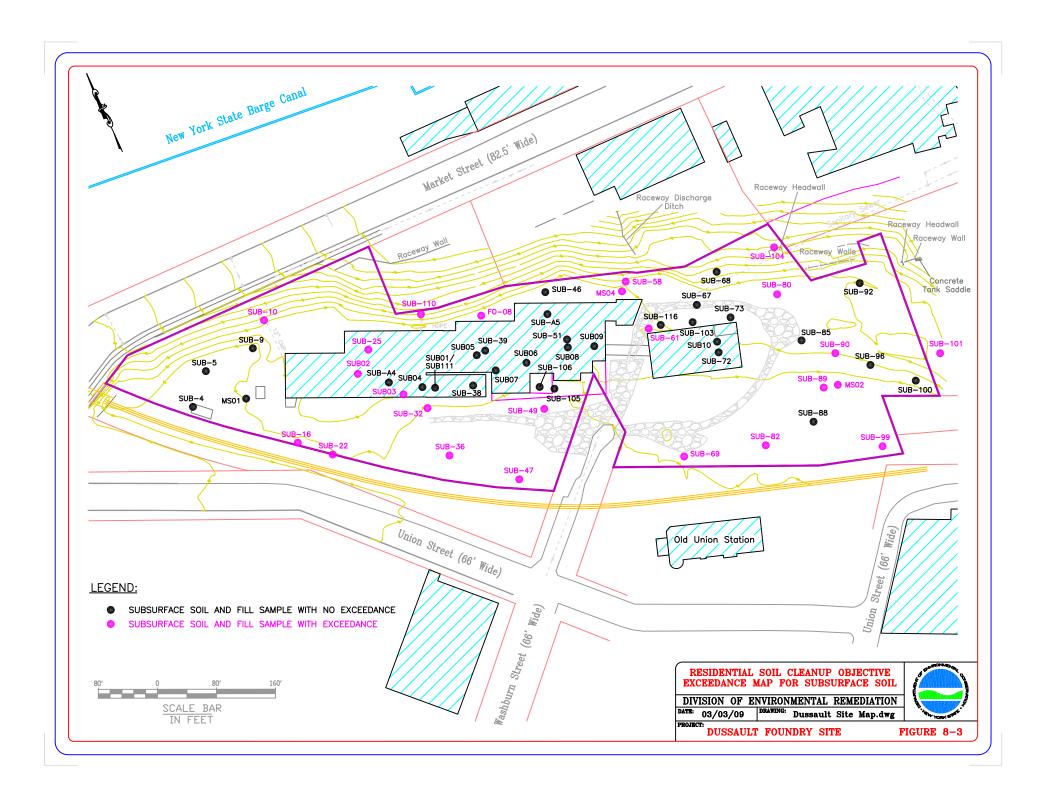
Figure 7-3. Photograph of drums on the slope of the Niagara Escarpment at the eastern portion of the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Glenn May on January 8, 2008.



Figure 7-4. Photograph of a drum on the slope of the Niagara Escarpment at the western portion of the Dussault Foundry Site. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 15, 2008.







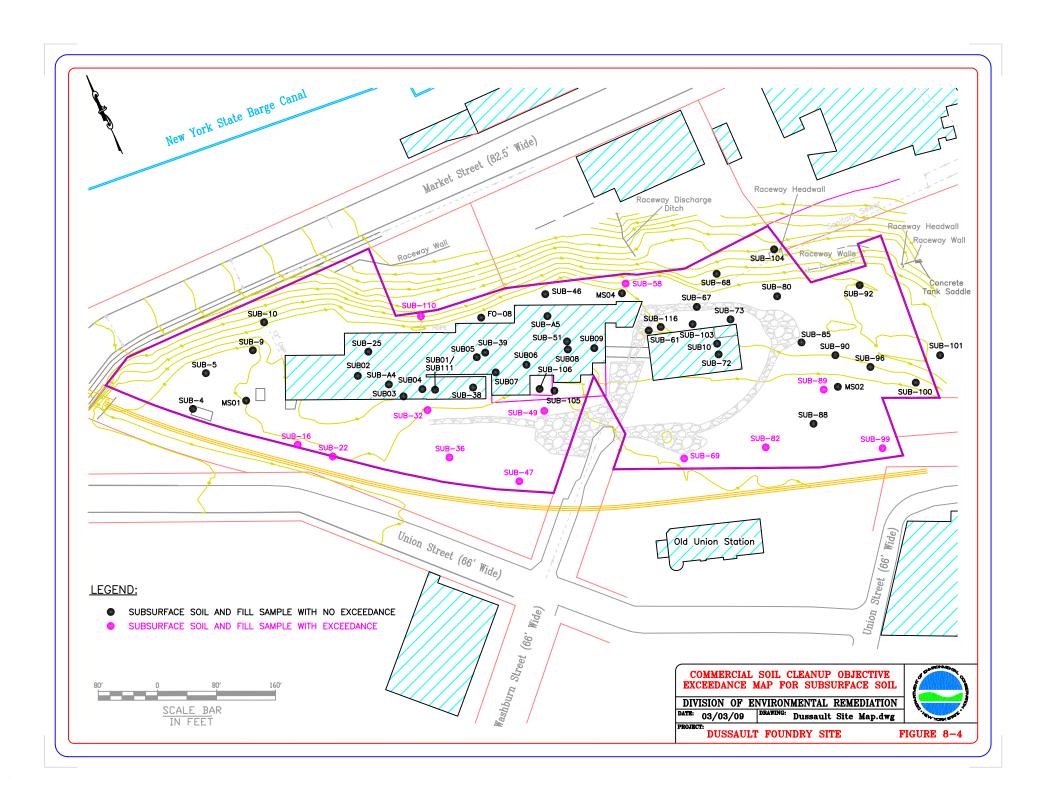




Figure 9-1. Photograph of the southern wall of the historic raceway on the eastern portion of the Dussault property. View looking southeast. Photograph taken by Glenn May on January 8, 2008.



Figure 9-2. Photograph of the northern wall of the historic raceway on the eastern portion of the Dussault property. View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 9-3. Photograph of the historic raceway spillway on the eastern portion of the Dussault property. View looking south. Photograph taken by Glenn May on January 8, 2008.



Figure 9-4. Photograph of the historic raceway discharge culvert on the eastern portion of the Dussault property. View looking north. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 10, 2008.



Figure 9-5. Photograph of the historic raceway wall west of the spillway. View looking southwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 9-6. Photograph of the historic raceway wall west of the wall shown in Figure 9-5. View looking southwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 9-7. Photograph of the historic raceway spillway on the western portion of the Dussault property. View looking northwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 18, 2008.



Figure 9-8. Photograph of the historic raceway wall on the westernmost portion of the Dussault property. View looking southwest. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 9-9. Photograph of the historic raceway wall on the westernmost portion of the Dussault property. View looking south. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 9-10. Photograph of the historic raceway wall shown in Figure 9-9 from a different angle. Market Street is in the background. View looking northeast. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 9-11. Photograph of the historic raceway wall shown in Figures 9-9 and 9-10, and the third spillway (center) on the Dussault property. View looking east. Photograph taken by Glenn May on July 14, 2008.



Figure 9-12. Photograph of the backfill material in the historic raceway spillway (Figure 9-3) on the eastern portion of the Dussault property. View looking southeast. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 10, 2008.



Figure 9-13. Photograph of the fill material in test pit SUB-10 that was excavated at the end of a 10-inch corrugated metal pipe. View looking south. Photograph taken by Glenn May on September 16, 2008.



Figure 9-14. Photograph of the fill material in test pit SUB-21 that was excavated in the historic raceway along Market Street. Photograph taken by Brian sadowski on September 16, 2008.

		Summary	Key for His	toric Samples Co	Table 4-1. ollected from the Dussault Foundry S	Site, Site No. 932012.	
Lab ID	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Interval Sampled*	Analytical Parameters	Comments	Table Reference
					Soil Samples		
BD-458	BD-458	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	VOCs, SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BD-459	BD-459	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BD-460	BD-460	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BD-461	BD-461	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BD-462	BD-462	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BD-463	BD-463	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BD-464	BD-464	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BD-465	BD-465	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BI-458	BI-458	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
BI-543	BI-543	01/21/87	unknown	unknown	VOCs, SVOCs	Location unknown	Table 4-2
SS-1	A59801	07/27/93	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, cyanide	Background surface soil	Table 4-2
SS-2	A59802	07/27/93	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, cyanide	Surface soil underlying the former on-site foundry sand landfill	Table 4-2
SS-4	A59804	07/27/93	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, cyanide	Surface soil near drums protruding from the Niagara Escarpment	Table 4-2
DF-AST1-SO	DF-AST1-SO	12/04/01	unknown	unknown	VOCs, Isopropyl Alcohol	Subsurface soil near AST with an alcohol odor	Table 4-10
DF-AST1-SD	DF-AST1-SD	12/04/01	unknown	unknown	VOCs, Isopropyl Alcohol	Duplicate of sample DF-AST1-SO	Table 4-10
DF-RR01-SO	DF-RR01-SO	12/04/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs	Black surface soil in rail yard	Table 4-3
DF-RR02-SO	DF-RR02-SO	12/04/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs	Black surface soil in rail yard	Table 4-3
DF-RR02-SD	DF-RR02-SD	12/04/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs	Duplicate of sample DF-RR02-SO	Table 4-3
DF-RR03-SO	DF-RR03-SO	12/04/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs	Black stained soil pile in rail yard	Table 4-3
DF-RR04-SO	DF-RR04-SO	12/05/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs	Black surface soil in rail yard	Table 4-3
DF-SUB01-SO	DF-SUB01-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols	Coarse gravel and reddish silt beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB02-SO	DF-SUB02-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols, Metals	Black soil and red crusty soil beneath building slab	Table 4-7

		Summary	Key for His		able 4-1 (Continued). Ollected from the Dussault Foundry S	Site, Site No. 932012.	
Lab ID	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Interval Sampled*	Analytical Parameters	Comments	Table Reference
				Soil	Samples (Continued)		
DF-SUB03-SO	DF-SUB03-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	VOCs, Total Phenols, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Unknown media beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB03-SD	DF-SUB03-SD	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	VOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Duplicate of sample DF-SUB03-SO	Table 4-7
DF-SUB04-SO	DF-SUB04-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols, Metals	Black soil and gravel beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB05-SO	DF-SUB05-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	VOCs, Total Phenols	Black soil beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB06-SO	DF-SUB06-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols	Gravel beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB07-SO	DF-SUB07-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Powdered concrete beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB08-SO	DF-SUB08-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols, Metals	Black silty sand beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB09-SO	DF-SUB09-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols	Black soil beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-SUB10-SO	DF-SUB10-SO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	Total Phenols	Black soil and gravel beneath building slab	Table 4-7
DF-RW01-SO	DF-RW01-SO	12/04/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Black silty loam	Table 4-5
DF-SS01-SO	DF-SS01-SO	12/05/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	PCBs, Pesticides	Black silty loam	Table 4-6
DF-IPA-01	DF-IPA-01	04/17/03	1430	5.83' - 6.33'	VOCs, Isopropyl Alcohol	2,000 gallon isopropyl alcohol UST	Table 4-11
DF-IPA-02	DF-IPA-02	04/17/03	1440	5.83' - 6.33'	VOCs, Isopropyl Alcohol	2,000 gallon isopropyl alcohol UST	Table 4-11
DF-IPA-03	DF-IPA-03	04/17/03	1450	5.83' - 6.33'	VOCs, Isopropyl Alcohol	2,000 gallon isopropyl alcohol UST	Table 4-11
DF-IPA-04	DF-IPA-04	04/17/03	1500	5.83' - 6.33'	VOCs, Isopropyl Alcohol	2,000 gallon isopropyl alcohol UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-01	DF-FO-01	04/17/03	1815	9.33' - 9.83'	VOCs, SVOCs	4,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-02	DF-FO-02	04/17/03	1820	9.33' - 9.83'	VOCs, SVOCs	4,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-03	DF-FO-03	04/17/03	1825	9.33' - 9.83'	VOCs, SVOCs	4,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-04	DF-FO-04	04/17/03	1830	9.33' - 9.83'	VOCs, SVOCs	4,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-05	DF-FO-05	04/17/03	1835	9.33' - 9.83'	VOCs, SVOCs	4,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-06	DF-FO-06	04/17/03	1840	8.0' - 8.5'	VOCs, SVOCs	1,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-07	DF-FO-07	04/17/03	1845	8.0' - 8.5'	VOCs, SVOCs	1,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11
DF-FO-08	DF-FO-08	04/17/03	1850	8.0' - 8.5'	VOCs, SVOCs	1,000 gallon diesel/no. 2 fuel oil UST	Table 4-11

	Table 4-1 (Continued). Summary Key for Historic Samples Collected from the Dussault Foundry Site, Site No. 932012.											
Lab ID	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Interval Sampled*	Analytical Parameters	Comments	Table Reference					
Waste Samples												
SS-3	A59803	07/27/93	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, cyanide	Waste sample from a drum protruding from the Niagara Escarpment	Table 4-2					
DF-MS01-SO	DF-MS01-SO	12/04/01	unknown	unknown	SVOCs, Total Phenols, Metals	Black foundry sand	Table 4-4					
DF-MS02-SO	DF-MS02-SO	12/04/01	unknown	unknown	SVOCs, Total Phenols, Metals	Black foundry sand	Table 4-4					
DF-MS03-SO	DF-MS03-SO	12/04/01	unknown	unknown	SVOCs, Total Phenols, Metals	Black foundry sand	Table 4-4					
DF-MS04-SO	DF-MS04-SO	12/04/01	unknown	unknown	SVOCs, Total Phenols, Metals	Black foundry sand	Table 4-4					
DF-MS04-SD	DF-MS04-SD	12/04/01	unknown	unknown	SVOCs, Total Phenols, Metals	Duplicate of sample DF-MS04-SO	Table 4-4					
DF-RW02-SO	DF-RW02-SO	12/04/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Black foundry sand mixed with black silty loam	Table 4-5					
DF-SS02-SO	DF-SS02-SO	12/05/01	unknown	0.0' - 0.17'	PCBs, Pesticides	Black foundry sand	Table 4-6					
					Water Samples							
DF-Sump1-WO	DF-Sump1-WO	12/04/01	unknown	N/A	VOCs, Total Phenols, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Sump water with sheen near doorway to Core Room addition	Table 4-8					
DF-Sump1-WD	DF-Sump1-WD	12/04/01	unknown	N/A	VOCs, Total Phenols, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Duplicate of sample DF-Sump1-WO	Table 4-8					
DF-Sump2-WO	DF-Sump2-WO	12/04/01	unknown	N/A	VOCs, Total Phenols, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Sump water with sheen west of electrical control room in Foundry Building	Table 4-8					
DF-Sump3-WO	DF-Sump3-WO	12/04/01	unknown	N/A	VOCs, Total Phenols, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Sump water at base of electrical control room in Foundry Building	Table 4-8					
DF-Sump4-WO	DF-Sump4-WO	12/04/01	unknown	N/A	VOCs, Total Phenols, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	Sump water along north wall in central part of Cleaning Building	Table 4-8					
	Sludge Samples											
DF-SED01-DO	DF-SED01-DO	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides	Sludge from bottom of sump in electrical control room	Table 4-9					
DF-SED01-DD	DF-SED01-DD	12/05/01	unknown	unknown	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides	Duplicate of sample DF-SED01-DO	Table 4-9					

Analytic	eal Results for H	istoric Soil and V		ble 4-2. ted by the NYSDEC a	and the EPA from the	Dussault Foundry Sit	e.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	BD-458 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-459 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-460 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-461 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-462 01/21/87 Unknown Soil
			Volatile Organic Co	mpounds (µg/kg or p	pb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	130 B	NA	NA	NA	NA
2-Butanone	100,000	500,000		"	"	"	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000		"	"	"	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	20 B	"	"	"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000		"	"	"	"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000		"	"	"	"
		Se	emivolatile Organic (	Compounds (µg/kg or	ppb)		
Anthracene	100,000	500,000					
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	(730.0)				760.0
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	680.0 (820.0)				560.0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	1,200 (1,500)				1,700
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	(620.0)				570.0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000					
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS			160 J		
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	980.0 (1,100)				750.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0					
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	200 J (300 J)				
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS	(550.0)	630.0	560.0	390.0	730.0

Analy	tical Results for H	listoric Soil and V		2 (Continued). cted by the NYSDEC and	d the EPA from the I	Dussault Foundry Site	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	BD-458 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-459 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-460 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-461 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-462 01/21/87 Unknown Soil
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	<b>d</b> )		
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS	(360.0)				
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	900.0 (1,200)				630.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	(620.0)				630.0
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	710.0 (1,100)				210 J
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000		770.0			
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000		23,000 (34,000)			
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	480.0 (670.0)			74 J	160 J
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	920.0 (1,200)				250 J
Phenol	100,000	500,000		110,000 E (160,000)	270 J		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	990.0 (910.0)				610.0
			Pesticides	(μg/kg or ppb)			
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methoxychlor	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
			PCBs (J	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aroclor-1254			"	"	"	"	"
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	"	"	"	"	"

Ana	lytical Results for H	istoric Soil and V		(Continued). ted by the NYSDEC a	and the EPA from the	Dussault Foundry Sit	e.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	BD-458 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-459 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-460 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-461 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-462 01/21/87 Unknown Soil
			Inorganic Compo	unds (mg/kg or ppm)			
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	"	"	"	"	"
Barium	350.0	400.0	"	"	"	"	"
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	"	"	"	"	"
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	"	"	"	"	"
Chromium	36.0	1,500	"	"	"	"	"
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Copper	270.0	270.0	"	"	"	"	"
Cyanide	27.0	27.0	"	"	"	"	"
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Lead	400.0	1,000	"	"	"	"	"
Manganese	2,000	10,000	"	"	"	"	"
Mercury	0.81	2.8	"	"	"	"	"
Nickel	140.0	310.0	"	"	"	"	"
Selenium	36.0	1,500	"	"	"	"	"
Silver	36.0	1,500	"	"	"	"	"
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Zinc	2,200	10,000	"	"	"	"	"

Analytic	eal Results for H	istoric Soil and V		(Continued). ed by the NYSDEC a	and the EPA from the	Dussault Foundry Sit	e.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	BD-463 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-464 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-465 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BI-458 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BI-543 01/21/87 Unknown Soil
			Volatile Organic Con	npounds (μg/kg or p	pb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,700 B
2-Butanone	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	8,600 B
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"	"	"	1,100
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	720 BJ
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	550 J
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	18,000
		S	emivolatile Organic (	Compounds (µg/kg or	· ppb)		
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	160 J				
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	1,800			410.0	
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	2,300			380 J	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	3,400			790.0	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	950.0			320 J	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000					
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS		260 J			
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS		680.0			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	2,700			450.0	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	360 J				
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	79 J				
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS	560.0	600.0	780.0		

Analyt	ical Results for H	istoric Soil and V		(Continued).	and the EPA from the	Dussault Foundry Site	е.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	BD-463 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-464 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-465 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BI-458 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BI-543 01/21/87 Unknown Soil
		1	Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (Continu	ıed)		
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	3,100			510.0	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	1,100			360 J	
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	150 J			47 J	12,000
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000				160 J	
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	170 J	99 J	62 J		98,000
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	1,000			430.0	
Phenol	100,000	500,000				2,200	
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	2,900			680.0	
			Pesticides (	(μg/kg or ppb)			
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methoxychlor	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
			PCBs (µ	g/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aroclor-1254			"	"	"	"	"
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	"	"	"	"	"

Anal	lytical Results for H	istoric Soil and V		(Continued). ted by the NYSDEC a	nd the EPA from the	Dussault Foundry Sit	e.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	BD-463 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-464 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BD-465 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BI-458 01/21/87 Unknown Soil	BI-543 01/21/87 Unknown Soil
			Inorganic Compo	unds (mg/kg or ppm)			
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	"	"	"	"	"
Barium	350.0	400.0	"	"	"	"	"
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	"	"	"	"	"
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	"	"	"	"	"
Chromium	36.0	1,500	"	"	"	"	"
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Copper	270.0	270.0	"	"	"	"	"
Cyanide	27.0	27.0	"	"	"	"	"
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Lead	400.0	1,000	"	"	"	"	"
Manganese	2,000	10,000	"	"	"	"	"
Mercury	0.81	2.8	"	"	"	"	"
Nickel	140.0	310.0	"	"	"	"	"
Selenium	36.0	1,500	"	"	"	"	"
Silver	36.0	1,500	"	"	"	"	"
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Zinc	2,200	10,000	"	"	"	"	"

Analytic	cal Results for H	istoric Soil and V		(Continued). ted by the NYSDEC a	and the EPA from the	Dussault Foundry Site	·
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-1 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	SS-2 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	SS-3 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Drum Contents	SS-4 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	
			Volatile Organic Con	mpounds (µg/kg or p	pb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000					
2-Butanone	100,000	500,000					
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000					
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000					
Toluene	100,000	500,000					
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000					
		S	emivolatile Organic C	Compounds (µg/kg or	ppb)		
Anthracene	100,000	500,000					
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000					
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600			57 J (55 J)	29 J (29 J)	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600			82 J (75 J)	36 J (34 J)	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000					
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000			29 J (22 J)	11 J (11 J)	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS	56 J		3,300 E (2,900)	360 J (380.0)	
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS			130 J (110 J)		
Chrysene	1,000	56,000			67 J (61 J)	34 J (35 J)	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0					
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					

Analyt	ical Results for H	istoric Soil and W		(Continued).	and the EPA from the	Dussault Foundry Site	e.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-1 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	SS-2 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	SS-3 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Drum Contents	SS-4 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	
		5	Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (Contin	ued)		
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000			150 J (120 J)	62 J (63 J)	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600					
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS		60 J (66 J)	(120 J)	66 J (69 J)	
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000		72 J (73 J)	(120 J)	67 J (70 J)	
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000		(53 J)	120 J (110 J)	75 J (78 J)	
Phenol	100,000	500,000					
Pyrene	100,000	500,000			82 J (99 J)	50 J (53 J)	
			Pesticides (	(μg/kg or ppb)			
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000		4.4		2.7 J	
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS		0.33 JP		0.65 JP	
Methoxychlor	NS	NS		3.2 J			
			PCBs (µ	g/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242				37 P	46 P	63.0	
Aroclor-1254					130.0		
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000			176.0	63.0	

Anal	ytical Results for H	istoric Soil and V		(Continued). red by the NYSDEC a	and the EPA from the I	Oussault Foundry Site	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-1 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	SS-2 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	SS-3 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Drum Contents	SS-4 07/27/93 0.0' - 0.17' Surface Soil	
			Inorganic Compo	unds (mg/kg or ppm)	)		
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	6,200	1,060	1,450	1,080	
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	2.3 B	4.9	14.2	1.4 B	
Barium	350.0	400.0	34.6 B	57.7	32.2 B	27.3 B	
Beryllium	14.0	590.0					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.07 B	0.40 B	0.44 B	0.31 B	
Chromium	36.0	1,500	10.4	43.6	267.0	44.3	
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	5.5 B		32.2	4.7 B	
Copper	270.0	270.0	10.4	105.0	286.0	33.7	
Cyanide	27.0	27.0				3.7	
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	11,500	29,500	141,000	22,700	
Lead	400.0	1,000	4.7	23.7	40.8	40.9	
Manganese	2,000	10,000	487.0	269.0	1,310	261.0	
Mercury	0.81	2.8					
Nickel	140.0	310.0	17.5	41.1	817.0	35.5	
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	11.4 B				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	29.5	45.5	71.3	40.5	

## Table 4-2 (Continued).

Analytical Results for Historic Soil and Waste Samples Collected by the NYSDEC and the EPA from the Dussault Foundry Site.

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- + NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics) or the value is greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).
- E Compound reported at an estimated concentration that exceeds the calibration range.
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- NA Not analyzed.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.
- SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis.
  - Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.
  - Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.
  - Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Analytica	l Results for Sur	face Soil Sample	—··	able 4-3. ormer Rail Yard durin	g the Phase II ESA at t	he Dussault Foundry	Site.		
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-RR01-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Surface Soil	DF-RR02-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Surface Soil	DF-RR02-SD 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Surface Soil	DF-RR03-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Soil Pile	DF-RR04-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Surface Soil		
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)									
Acetophenone	NS	NS	91 J	(210 J)	210 J (270 J)	140 J	51 J		
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	120 J	4,400 (4,700)	5,600 (5,900)				
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	80 J	2,400 (2,600)	3,000 (3,200)	81 J			
Benzaldehyde	NS	NS	49 J			230 Ј	54 J		
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	260 J	5,100 (5,200)	5,900 (6,300)		85 J		
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	280 J	6,000 (5,900)	6,900 (6,900)		110 Ј		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	270 J	4,400 (5,200)	7,000 (7,700)		79 J		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	200 J	2,300 (1,300 J)	1,600 J (1,200 J)		72 J		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	240 J	5,200 (5,800)	5,300 (7,200)		91 J		
1,1'-Biphenyl	NS	NS	59 J			270 J	44 J		
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS	40 J						
Carbazole	NS	NS	43 J	490 J (500 J)	630 J (660 J)				
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	400.0	6,200 (6,200)	7,300 (7,300)		140 J		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	100 J	1,800 J (1,200 J)	1,400 J (1,100 J)		39 J		
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	72 J		(180 J)	280 J	67 J		
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS			990 J (1,100 J)	58 J			
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	530.0	5,800 (6,300)	6,700 (7,700)	74 J	200 J		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	260 J	4,000 (2,500)	2,900 (2,400)		84 J		
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	260 J	260 J (290 J)	310 J (310 J)	420 J	200 J		

Analytica	Table 4-3 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Surface Soil Samples Collected from the Former Rail Yard during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.								
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	d Residential Commercial 12/04/01 12/04								
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ıed)				
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000				110 J			
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	250 J	250 J (260 J)	270 J (270 J)	1,100	210 J		
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	340 J	1,200 J (1,200 J)	1,300 J (1,300 J)	270 J	190 J		
Phenol 100,000 500,000 73 J 220 J (230 J) 200 J 41 J									
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	460.0	5,900 (4,600)	5,400 (4,800)		180 J		

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.

Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

<sup>+</sup> NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.

J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.

NS No standard or guidance value available.

<sup>( )</sup> Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

	Table 4-4.  Analytical Results for Foundry Sand Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.										
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-MS01-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS02-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS03-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS04-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS04-SD 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand				
	Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)										
Acetophenone	NS	NS	65 J	66 J	81 J	53 J (86 J)	54 J				
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000				140 J (120 J)	94 J				
Anthracene	100,000	500,000			50 J	110 J (89 J)	92 J				
Benzaldehyde	NS	NS	47 J	55 J	49 J						
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000			85 J	170 J (170 J)	170 J				
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	38 J	38 J	110 J	210 J (190 J)	220 J				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	36 J		100 J	180 J (180 J)	160 J				
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	40 J		61 J	87 J (73 J)	120 J				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	40 J		70 J	190 J (180 J)	160 J				
1,1'-Biphenyl	NS	NS	59 J	47 J	74 J	39 J (39 J)	38 J				
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS	44 J	64 J	73 J	(44 J)	59 J				
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	59 J	53 J	150 J	250 J (250 J)	240 J				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0			39 J	49 J (45 J)	68 J				
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	41 J	65 J	45 J	40 J (43 J)	50 J				
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS									
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	61 J	70 J	270 J	390.0 (320 J)	420.0				
Fluorene	100,000	500,000					37 J				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600			78 J	130 J (110 J)	170 J				
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	180 J	210 J	69 J	100 J (110 J)	110 J				

	Table 4-4 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Foundry Sand Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-MS01-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS02-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS03-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS04-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS04-SD 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand			
	Semivolatile Organic Compounds (Continued)									
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000			41 J					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	150 J	220 J	150 J	110 J (100 J)	120 J			
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	130 J	140 J	270 J	220 J (220 J)	320 J			
Phenol	100,000	500,000	38 J	58 J	2,900	57 J (150 J)	84 J			
Phenols - Total	100,000	500,000	685.0	1,110	5,090	1,000	653.0			
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	62 J	68 J	160 J	200 J (220 J)	340 J			
			Inorganic Compo	unds (mg/kg or ppm)						
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	990.0	730.0	1,790	3,640	1,960			
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	0.94 BN	0.66 BN	0.79 BN	0.53 BN	1.1 BN			
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	2.5	1.8 B	2.5	3.5	3.6			
Barium	350.0	400.0	24.2 B	97.7	40.8 B	116.0	107.0			
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.20 B		0.14 B	0.36 B	0.16 B			
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.49 B	0.39 B	0.48 B	0.53 B	0.84 B			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	32.8	45.5	23.7	20.3	43.0			
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	4.8 B	2.1 B	4.0 B	4.4 B	5.3 B			
Copper	270.0	270.0	68.8 N	48.0 N	199 N	75.4 N	133 N			
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	29,100	19,500	18,700	19,600	39,000			
Lead	400.0	1,000	21.7	10.2	59.2	34.7	41.6			
Manganese	2,000	10,000	268 N	176 N	200 N	364 N	353 N			

	Table 4-4 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Foundry Sand Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Residential Commercial 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 Soil Cleanup Soil Cleanup Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown								
	Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg or ppm)									
Mercury	0.81	2.8								
Nickel	140.0	310.0	37.7	25.4	32.9	39.5	45.9			
Selenium	36.0	1,500	0.80 BN		0.61 BN	0.68 BN	0.96 BN			
Silver	36.0	1,500	0.074 B	0.094 B	0.15 B	0.096 B	0.16 B			
Thallium	SB (2.6)	NS								
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	4.6 B	4.3 B	5.1 B	8.5 B	7.2 B			
Zinc	2,200	10,000	31.6	34.1	85.6	72.5	63.8			

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected. \\

Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

<sup>+</sup> NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.

B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics) or the value is greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).

J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.

N Spike sample recovery is not within the control limits.

NS No standard or guidance value available.

<sup>( )</sup> Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).

Analytical Resul		Table 4-5. nd Waste Samples Oussault Foundry S	Collected during the Ph	ase II ESA						
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-RW01-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Silty Loam	DF-RW02-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand						
Volatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)										
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	1 J							
Tetrachloroethene	5,500	150,000	8 J (6 J)							
Trichloroethene	10,000	200,000	23.0 (19.0)							
	Semivolatile Orga	anic Compounds (µ	ıg/kg or ppb)							
Acetophenone	NS	NS	56 J (56 J)	92 J (140 J)						
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	190 J (210 J)	400.0 (360 J)						
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	160 J (160 J)	290 J (260 J)						
Benzaldehyde	NS	NS	(42 J)	66 J (74 J)						
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	340 J (350 J)	870.0 (870.0)						
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	370 J (360 J)	890.0 (940.0)						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	320 J (320 J)	1,100 J (970.0)						
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	190 J (190 J)	320 J (300 J)						
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	310 J (370 J)	970.0 (1,000)						
1,1'-Biphenyl	NS	NS	78 J (84 J)	62 J (62 J)						
Carbazole	NS	NS	66 J (64 J)	91 J (85 J)						
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	430.0 (440.0)	1,100 (1,100)						
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	110 J (100 J)	190 J (190 J)						
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	80 J (84 J)	81 J (82 J)						
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	610.0 (590.0)	1,300 (1,100)						
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	270 J (260 J)	470.0 (460.0)						
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	280 J (280 J)	360 J (350 J)						
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000		(39 J)						
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	190 J (200 J)	280 J (280 J)						
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	450.0 (440.0)	400.0 (400.0)						
Phenol	100,000	500,000	45 J (45 J)	46 J (47 J)						
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	450.0 (380 J)	760.0 (890.0)						

Table 4-5 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Raceway Soil and Waste Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-RW01-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Silty Loam	DF-RW02-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand					
Pesticides (μg/kg or ppb)									
4,4-DDD	2,600	92,000	1.3 JP						
4,4-DDE	1,800	62,000	4.5 P	4.9 P					
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	11.0	6.3					
Aldrin	19.0	680.0	1.9 JP	3.2 P					
alpha-Chlordane	910.0	24,000	1.3 JP	1.3 JP					
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	0.83 BJP	0.29 BJP					
Endosulfan I	4,800	200,000	1.7 JP	2.3 P					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	2.2 JP	1.1 ЈР					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000		7.6 P					
Endrin	2,200	89,000	2.0 JP	1.7 JP					
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	2.4 BJP	2.0 BJP					
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	10.0	14.0 P					
gamma-Chlordane	540.0 +	NS	0.83 JP	1.4 J					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	2.4 P	8.4 P					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS	15 J						
	PC	Bs (μg/kg or ppb)							
Aroclor-1242									
Aroclor-1254			40 BP						
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	40 BP						
	Inorganic C	ompounds (mg/kg	or ppm)						
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	3,540	2,410					
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	0.59 BN	0.47 BN					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	6.0	2.6					
Barium	350.0	400.0	42.4 B	36.9 B					
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.45 B	0.24 B					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.63 B	1.1 B					
Chromium	36.0	1,500	13.4	8.5					
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	5.9 B	9.6 B					

## Table 4-5 (Continued). Analytical Results for Raceway Soil and Waste Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site. Sample Number **Part 375 Part 375** DF-RW01-SO DF-RW02-SO **Date Sampled** Residential Commercial 12/04/01 12/04/01 Sample Depth Soil Cleanup Soil Cleanup 0.0' - 0.17' 0.0' - 0.17' Sample Type Objective \* Objective \* **Black Silty Loam Foundry Sand Inorganic Compounds (Continued)** 270.0 270.0 39.5 N 70.8 N Copper Iron SB (17,300) NS 13,400 13,000 400.0 1,000 69.5 59.7 Lead 10,000 2,000 357 N 1,230 N Manganese 0.073 BN 0.81 2.8 0.13 Mercury Nickel 140.0 310.0 18.0 38.1 0.64 BN Selenium 36.0 1,500 1.1 BN Silver 36.0 1,500 0.22 B 0.084 B Thallium SB (2.6) NS

\* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

NS

10.000

8.1 B

83.6

6.3 B

2,630

- + NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics) or the value is greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.

150.0 +

2,200

NS No standard or guidance value available.

Vanadium

Zinc

- >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.
- SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

  Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.

  Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.
  - Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Table 4-6.
Analytical Results for Transformer Area Soil and Waste Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA
at the Dussault Foundry Site.

Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SS01-SO 12/05/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Silty Loam	DF-SS02-SO 12/05/01 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
	Pesti	cides (µg/kg or ppb	n)	
4,4-DDD	2,600	92,000	0.98 JP	28 P (11 JP)
4,4-DDE	1,800	62,000	1.4 JP	27 P (16 JP)
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	2.1 J	(22.0)
Aldrin	19.0	680.0	0.87 JP	14 P (12 P)
alpha-BHC	97.0	3,400		1.6 JP
alpha-Chlordane	910.0	24,000		5.4 P
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000		3.3 P (2.7 JP)
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000		1.3 JP
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	0.64 BJP	
Endosulfan I	4,800	200,000	0.65 JP	20 P (11 P)
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	2.5 J	26 P (18 J)
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000	1.8 JP	(16 JP)
Endrin	2,200	89,000	0.69 JP	15 P (10 JP)
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	0.94 BJ	43 BP (14 BJP)
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	1.4 JP	82 PE (29 P)
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	280.0	9,200		1.0 JP
gamma-Chlordane	540.0 +	NS		21.0 (7.1 JP)
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	0.83 JP	51 E (39 P)
Methoxychlor	NS	NS		70 P (44 JP)
_	PC	CBs (µg/kg or ppb)		
Aroclor-1242				
Aroclor-1254			24 BJP	
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	24.0	

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- + NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample.
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.
- Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.
   Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.
   Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.
   Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Analyti	ical Results for Sul	ofloor Soil Sampl	Table 4-7. les Collected during tl	ne Phase II ESA at the	Dussault Foundry Si	te.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SUB01-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Gravel & Silt	DF-SUB02-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Black & Red Soil	DF-SUB03-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Unknown	DF-SUB03-SD 12/05/01 Unknown Unknown
		Volatile O	Organic Compounds (	ıg/kg or ppb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	52.0	37.0
Carbon Disulfide	2,700 +	NS	"	"	1 J	
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"		1 J
		Semivolatile	Organic Compounds	s (μg/kg or ppb)		
Phenols - Total	100,000	500,000		862.0	1,670	NA
			Pesticides (µg/kg or p	pb)		
4,4-DDE	1,800	62,000	NA	NA		0.70 JP
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	"	"	1.3 JP	0.97 JP
Aldrin	19.0	680.0	"	"	1.8 P	0.87 JP
alpha-Chlordane	910.0	24,000	"	"	0.88 JP	0.17 JP
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000	"	"		
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	"	"	0.098 BJP	0.16 BJP
Endosulfan I	4,800	200,000	"	"	0.49 JP	0.45 JP
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	"	"	0.75 JP	1.7 J
Endrin	2,200	89,000	"	"	0.58 J	
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	"	"	0.33 BJP	
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	"	"	4.2	2.8 JP
gamma-Chlordane	540.0 +	NS	"	"	0.63 JP	0.30 JP
Heptachlor	420.0	15,000	"	"		
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	"	"	1.6 JP	1.6 J

Anal	Table 4-7 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Subfloor Soil Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.								
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SUB01-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Gravel & Silt	DF-SUB02-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Black & Red Soil	DF-SUB03-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Unknown	DF-SUB03-SD 12/05/01 Unknown Unknown			
			PCBs (µg/kg or ppl	p)					
Aroclor-1242			NA	NA					
Aroclor-1254			"	"	43 BP				
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	"	"	43.0				
		Inorga	nic Compounds (mg/k	kg or ppm)					
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	NA	1,490	1,330	1,510			
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	"	3.4 B	0.65 BN	1.1 BN			
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	"	12.1	1.3 B	5.3			
Barium	350.0	400.0	"	26.1 B	18.1 B	28.2 B			
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	"	0.13 B	0.14 B	0.17 B			
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	"	0.89 B	0.44 B	0.87 B			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	"	11.0	18.6	107.0			
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	"	3.8 B	3.7 B	11.4			
Copper	270.0	270.0	"	58.7 EN	22.8 N	102 N			
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	"	12,400	19,600	39,600			
Lead	400.0	1,000	"	36.3	27.4	31.0			
Manganese	2,000	10,000	"	148.0	280 N	488 N			
Mercury	0.81	2.8	NA	NR	0.055 BN	0.09 BN			
Nickel	140.0	310.0	"	14.5	49.0	128.0			
Selenium	36.0	1,500	"		0.59 BN	0.90 BN			
Silver	36.0	1,500	"		0.18 B	0.085 B			

Table 4-7 (Continued). Analytical Results for Subfloor Soil Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Part 375 Part 375 DF-SUB01-SO DF-SUB02-SO DF-SUB03-SO DF-SUB03-SD Date Sampled Soil Cleanup Sample Depth Soil Cleanup Objective * Object							
		Inorg	ganic Compounds (Co	ntinued)			
Thallium	SB (2.6)	NS	NA				
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	"		3.8 B	5.8 B	
Zinc	2,200	10,000	"	240 N	50.1	57.4	

Analyt	ical Results for Sul	ofloor Soil Sampl	Table 4-7 (Continuedes Collected during the		e Dussault Foundry S	ite.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SUB04-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Soil & Gravel	DF-SUB05-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Black Soil	DF-SUB06-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Gravel	DF-SUB07-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Concrete
		Volatile O	Prganic Compounds (µ	ıg/kg or ppb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA		NA	NA
Carbon Disulfide	2,700 +	NS	"		"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"		"	"
		Semivolatile	Organic Compounds	s (μg/kg or ppb)		
Phenols - Total	100,000	500,000	1,440			2,680
			Pesticides (µg/kg or p	pb)		
4,4-DDE	1,800	62,000	NA	NA	NA	
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	"	"	"	2.1 JP
Aldrin	19.0	680.0	"	"	"	1.8 JP
alpha-Chlordane	910.0	24,000	"	"	"	
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000	"	"	"	0.47 JP
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	"	"	"	
Endosulfan I	4,800	200,000	"	"	"	
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	"	"	"	
Endrin	2,200	89,000	"	"	"	10 P
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	"	"	"	0.70 BJP
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	"	"	"	
gamma-Chlordane	540.0 +	NS	"	"	"	1.0 JP
Heptachlor	420.0	15,000	"	"	"	1.1 JP
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	"	"	"	2.6

Anal	ytical Results for Sul	ofloor Soil Sampl	Table 4-7 (Continuedes Collected during the		e Dussault Foundry Si	ite.
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SUB04-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Soil & Gravel	DF-SUB05-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Black Soil	DF-SUB06-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Gravel	DF-SUB07-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Concrete
			PCBs (µg/kg or ppl	D)		
Aroclor-1242			NA	NA	NA	33 JP
Aroclor-1254			"	"	"	68 BP
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	"	"	"	101.0
		Inorga	nic Compounds (mg/k	g or ppm)		
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	1,660	NA	NA	3,430
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	0.89 BN	"	"	
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	1.7 B	"	"	3.9
Barium	350.0	400.0	17.9 B	"	"	36.4 B
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.17 B	"	"	0.32 B
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.28 B	"	"	0.87 B
Chromium	36.0	1,500	7.0	"	"	23.2
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	3.1 B	"	"	3.0 B
Copper	270.0	270.0	16.0 N	"	"	31.4 N
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	5,980	"	"	16,500
Lead	400.0	1,000	19.1	"	"	38.7
Manganese	2,000	10,000	158 N	"	"	434 N
Mercury	0.81	2.8		"	"	0.21 N
Nickel	140.0	310.0	6.7 B	"	"	17.1
Selenium	36.0	1,500		"	"	
Silver	36.0	1,500	0.079 B	"	"	0.15 B

Table 4-7 (Continued). Analytical Results for Subfloor Soil Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample NumberPart 375Part 375DF-SUB04-SODF-SUB05-SODF-SUB06-SODF-SUB07-SODate SampledResidentialCommercial12/05/0112/05/0112/05/0112/05/01Sample DepthSoil CleanupSoil CleanupUnknownUnknownUnknownUnknownSample TypeObjective *Objective *Soil & GravelBlack SoilGravelConcrete									
		Inorg	ganic Compounds (Co	ntinued)					
Thallium	SB (2.6)	NS		NA	NA				
Vanadium	Vanadium 150.0 + NS 4.1 B " " 11.1 B								
Zinc	2,200	10,000	42.9	"	"	87.7			

Analytic	Table 4-7 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Subfloor Soil Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SUB08-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Soil & Gravel	DF-SUB09-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Black Soil	DF-SUB10-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Gravel					
	Volatile Organic Compounds (µg/kg or ppb)									
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA					
Carbon Disulfide	2,700 +	NS	"	"	"					
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"					
		Semivolatile	Organic Compounds	s (μg/kg or ppb)						
Phenols - Total	100,000	500,000	867.0	865.0	2,030					
			Pesticides (µg/kg or p	pb)						
4,4-DDE	1,800	62,000	NA	NA	NA					
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	"	"	"					
Aldrin	19.0	680.0	"	"	"					
alpha-Chlordane	910.0	24,000	"	"	"					
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000	"	"	"					
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	"	"	"					
Endosulfan I	4,800	200,000	"	"	"					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	"	"	"					
Endrin	2,200	89,000	"	"	"					
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	"	"	"					
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	"	"	"					
gamma-Chlordane	540.0 +	NS	"	"	"					
Heptachlor	420.0	15,000	"	"	"					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	"	"	"					

Analy	ytical Results for Sul	ofloor Soil Sampl	Table 4-7 (Continuedes Collected during the		e Dussault Foundry S	ite.			
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SUB08-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Soil & Gravel	DF-SUB09-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Black Soil	DF-SUB10-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Gravel				
PCBs (µg/kg or ppb)									
Aroclor-1242			NA	NA	NA				
Aroclor-1254			"	"	"				
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	"	"	"				
		Inorga	nic Compounds (mg/k	kg or ppm)					
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	5,550	NA	NA				
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	1.1 BN	"	"				
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	8.6	"	"				
Barium	350.0	400.0	46.4 B	"	"				
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.53 B	"	"				
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.70 B	"	"				
Chromium	36.0	1,500	12.1	"	"				
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	4.6 B	"	"				
Copper	270.0	270.0	44.9 N	"	"				
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	17,600	"	"				
Lead	400.0	1,000	120.0	"	"				
Manganese	2,000	10,000	391 N	"	"				
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.37 N	"	"				
Nickel	140.0	310.0	15.9	"	"				
Selenium	36.0	1,500	1.0 BN	"	"				
Silver	36.0	1,500	0.082 B	"	"				

Table 4-7 (Continued). Analytical Results for Subfloor Soil Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample NumberPart 375Part 375DF-SUB08-SODF-SUB09-SODF-SUB10-SODate SampledResidential Sample DepthCommercial Soil Cleanup12/05/0112/05/0112/05/01Sample TypeObjective *Soil Cleanup Objective *Unknown 									
		Inorg	ganic Compounds (Co	ntinued)					
Thallium	SB (2.6)	NS		NA	NA				
Vanadium	Vanadium 150.0 + NS 13.8 " "								
Zinc	2,200	10,000	102.0	"	"				

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- + NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics) or the value is greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- N Spike sample recovery is not within the control limits.
- NR Not reported.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.
- Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).

  Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.

  Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

  Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Analytical Ro	esults for Pit Water Sar	Table 4-8. nples Collected during	the Phase II ESA at th	ne Dussault Foundry Si	ite.			
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Location	Surface DF-Sump1-WO DF-Sump2-WO DF-Sump3-WO DF-Sump4-WO 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 Cleaning Bldg.							
Volatile Organic Compounds (μg/L or ppb)								
Acetone	50 G	15.0 (17.0)	18.0		17.0			
	Semivo	olatile Organic Compo	ınds (µg/L or ppb)					
Phenols - Total	1.0	137.0 (232.0)		15.1				
		Pesticides (μg/L o	r ppb)					
beta-BHC	0.04	0.010 JP (0.016 JP)	0.017 JP					
PCBs (µg/L or ppb)								
Total PCBs	Total PCBs 0.09							
	Iı	norganic Compounds (	μg/L or ppb)					
Aluminum	100.0	312.0 (251.0)	449.0	138 B	113 B			
Antimony	3.0	7.2 B (8.3 B)						
Arsenic	50.0	2.6 B (1.9 B)	1.9 B					
Barium	1,000	114 B (88.6 B)	107 B	57.7 B	113 B			
Beryllium	3.0 G							
Cadmium	5.0	5.7 (1.4 B)	2.0 B	9.3	0.38 B			
Chromium	50.0	37.4 (7.7 B)	8.0 B	5.3 B	8.5 B			
Cobalt	5.0	6.8 B (1.8 B)	2.5 B	1.5 B	0.93 B			
Copper	200.0	83.2 (24.4 B)	32.2	20.4 B	16.4 B			
Iron	300.0	63,300 (19,100)	9,290	7,130	6,460			
Lead	50.0	30.0 (20.7)	129.0	60.3	6.0			
Manganese	300.0	809.0 (586.0)	549.0	617.0	73.8			

Table 4-8 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Pit Water Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Location	Surface Water Standard *	Water 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01 12/04/01							
	I	norganic Compounds	(Continued)						
Mercury	0.7								
Nickel	100.0	30.8 B (4.9 B)	11.3 B	18.7 B	11.7 B				
Selenium	10.0	3.6 B (4.1 B)	2.2 B	2.1 B					
Silver	50.0	ND (0.32) (0.43 B)	0.41 B	0.49 B					
Thallium	0.5 G	4.3 B (5.5 B)	5.7 B	3.9 B	3.4 B				
Vanadium	14.0	3.3 B (1.3 B)	2.6 B	1.5 B	0.94 B				
Zinc	2,000 G	748.0 (495.0)	550.0	289.0	144.0				

<sup>\*</sup> NYSDEC Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values, June 1998.

Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.

Shaded values equal or exceed the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values.

B Value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).

G Guidance value.

J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the reporting limit.

P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.

<sup>( )</sup> Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

Analytic	Table 4-9. Analytical Results for Sludge Samples Collected during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.								
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-SED01-DO 12/05/01 Unknown Sludge	DF-SED01-DD 12/05/01 Unknown Sludge					
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)									
Acetophenone	NS	NS		(1,500 J)					
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS	26,000	31,000 (41,000)					
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS	2,300 J	2,300 J (3,600 J)					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS	5,300 J	4,600 J (4,700 J)					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	2,400 J	2,600 J (2,600 J)					
Phenol	100,000	500,000	1,900 J	2,700 J (2,500 J)					
Pyrene	100,000	500,000		(1,800 J)					
	Pesti	cides (µg/kg or ppb)	)						
4,4-DDE	1,800	62,000	7.1 P	7.8 P					
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	2.6 JP	4.8 J					
alpha-BHC	97.0	3,400	3.5 P	6.0 P					
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	2.6 BJP	5.2 BJP					
Endosulfan I	4,800	200,000	2.8 P	12 P					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	3.6 J	1.9 JP					
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	5.0 BJP	6.6 BP					
gamma-Chlordane	540.0 +	NS	2.6 JP	5.0 P					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	11.0	10 P					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS		5.0 JP					
	PC	Bs (µg/kg or ppb)							
Aroclor-1242			260 P	440 P					
Aroclor-1254									
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	260.0	440.0					

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.
- Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

  Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.

  Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

  Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

<sup>+</sup> NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.

Table 4-10. Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil Samples Collected Near the Isopropyl Alcohol UST during the Phase II ESA at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample NumberPart 375Part 375DF-AST1-SODF-AST1-SDDate SampledResidentialCommercial12/04/0112/04/01Sample DepthSoil CleanupSoil CleanupUnknownUnknownSample TypeObjective *Objective *SoilSoil							
	Volatile Organ	nic Compounds (µg	/kg or ppb)				
Acetone 100,000 500,000 <b>100,000 E (100,000)</b> 62,000 E (61,000)							
Isopropyl Alcohol	NS	NS	5,400 NJ (5,200 J)	970 J			

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- E Compound reported at an estimated concentration that exceeds the calibration range.
- N Spike sample recovery is not within the control limits.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

  Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

  Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Analy	tical Results for (	Confirmatory Soi	Table 4-11. il Samples Collected b	y the EPA from the D	Oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type Sample Location	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-IPA-01 04/17/03 5.83' - 6.33' Soil 2,000 gallon UST	DF-IPA-02 04/17/03 5.83' - 6.33' Soil 2,000 gallon UST	DF-IPA-03 04/17/03 5.83' - 6.33' Soil 2,000 gallon UST	DF-IPA-04 04/17/03 5.83' - 6.33' Soil 2,000 gallon UST
		Volatile C	Organic Compounds (µ	ıg/kg or ppb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	7,000			
Benzene	2,900	44,000		1.3	1.4	
Carbon Disulfide	2,700 +	NS	11.0			
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000				
Isopropyl Alcohol	NS	NS				
Tetrachloroethene	5,500	150,000				
Toluene	100,000	500,000		5.0	3.1	
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000				
		Semivolatile	e Organic Compounds	(μg/kg or ppb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	"	"	"	"
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	"	"	"	"
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	"	"	"	"
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	"	"	"	"
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	"	"	"	"
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	"	"	"	"
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"

Table 4-11 (Continued). Analytical Results for Confirmatory Soil Samples Collected by the EPA from the Dussault Foundry Site.									
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type Sample Location	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Residential Soil Cleanup Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil							
		Semivolati	le Organic Compound	ls (Continued)					
Fluorene	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	"	"	"	"			
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	"	"	"	"			
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"			
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"			
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"			

Analy	tical Results for (	Confirmatory Soi	Table 4-11 (Continue il Samples Collected b		Oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type Sample Location	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-FO-01 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-02 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-03 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-04 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST
		Volatile C	Organic Compounds (p	ıg/kg or ppb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000				
Benzene	2,900	44,000		2.9	1.8	2.5
Carbon Disulfide	2,700 +	NS			2.4	
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000				
Isopropyl Alcohol	Isopropyl Alcohol NS		NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene	5,500	150,000			1.2	
Toluene	100,000	500,000				
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000		2.2		
		Semivolatile	e Organic Compounds	s (μg/kg or ppb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000				
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	360.0	150.0	380.0	
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	210.0	110.0	280.0	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	490.0	350.0	530.0	130.0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	350.0	140.0	250.0	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	190.0	110.0	180.0	
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	270.0	230.0	370.0	100.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0				
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	250.0	250.0	500.0	150.0

Analyt	Table 4-11 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Confirmatory Soil Samples Collected by the EPA from the Dussault Foundry Site.										
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type Sample Location	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-FO-01 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-02 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-03 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-04 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST					
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (Continued)											
Fluorene	100,000	500,000									
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	350.0	140.0	250.0						
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS									
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000									
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	130.0	290.0	230.0	120.0					
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	240.0	320.0	450.0	140.0					

Analy	tical Results for (	Confirmatory Soi	Table 4-11 (Continue il Samples Collected b		Oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type Sample Location	ed Residential Soil Cleanup		DF-FO-05 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-06 04/17/03 8.0' - 8.5' Soil 1,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-07 04/17/03 8.0' - 8.5' Soil 1,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-08 04/17/03 8.0' - 8.5' Soil 1,000 gallon UST
		Volatile C	Organic Compounds (µ	ug/kg or ppb)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	150.0			
Benzene	2,900	44,000	1.9	1.4	2.8	
Carbon Disulfide	2,700 +	NS				
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	3.3			
Isopropyl Alcohol	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene	5,500	150,000				
Toluene	100,000	500,000	3.3		2.4	
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	24.0			
		Semivolatile	e Organic Compounds	s (μg/kg or ppb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000	1,500			230.0
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000			490.0	710.0
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600			300.0	350.0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600			950.0	910.0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000			410.0	570.0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000			340.0	300.0
Chrysene	1,000	56,000			460.0	420.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0			120.0	150.0
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000			250.0	400.0

Table 4-11 (Continued). Analytical Results for Confirmatory Soil Samples Collected by the EPA from the Dussault Foundry Site.										
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type Sample Location	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-FO-05 04/17/03 9.33' - 9.83' Soil 4,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-06 04/17/03 8.0' - 8.5' Soil 1,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-07 04/17/03 8.0' - 8.5' Soil 1,000 gallon UST	DF-FO-08 04/17/03 8.0' - 8.5' Soil 1,000 gallon UST				
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (Continued)										
Fluorene	100,000	500,000	1,500							
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600			420.0	580.0				
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	10,000							
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	1,100							
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	7,600		130.0	220.0				
Pyrene	100,000	500,000			260.0	430.0				

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

<sup>+</sup> NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.

NA Not analyzed.

NS No standard or guidance value available.

SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).

Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.

Table 5-1.
Construction Summary for the Monitoring Wells Installed During the 2008 Site Investigation of the Dussault Foundry Site.

Well Designation	Ground Surface Elevation	Surface Riser Elevation Elevation		Filter Pack Interval (ft. amsl)	Well Screen Interval (ft. bgs)	Well Screen Interval (ft. amsl)	Water Bearing Unit Screened
	(ft. amsl) (ft. amsl)		(ft. bgs)	(11. allisi)	(It. Dgs)	(11. amsi)	
MW-1	596.20	597.06	14.5 to 26.5	581.70 to 569.70	16.5 to 26.5	579.70 to 569.70	Bedrock
MW-2	587.60	588.93	14.5 to 31.5	573.10 to 556.10	16.5 to 31.5	571.10 to 556.10	Bedrock
MW-3	596.80	598.08	19.0 to 31.0	577.80 to 565.80	21.0 to 31.0	575.80 to 565.80	Bedrock
MW-4	586.70	587.54	26.1 to 38.1	560.60 to 548.60	28.1 to 38.1	558.60 to 548.60	Bedrock
MW-5	580.00	581.18	24.3 to 41.3	555.70 to 538.70	26.3 to 41.3	553.70 to 538.70	Bedrock

ft. amsl Feet above mean sea level. ft. bgs Feet below ground surface.

	Sumn	nary Key for Sa	mples Collected	Table 5-2. from the Dussault Foundry Site During	the 2008 Site Investigation, Site No. 932012.	
Sample ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Interval Sampled*	Analytical Parameters	Sample Description	Table Reference
				Surface Soil Samples		
SS-1	08/14/08	0920	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with mold pieces and glass	Table 7-1
SS-2	08/14/08	0930	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with slag chunks, small rock fragments and glass	Table 7-1
SS-3	08/14/08	0945	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with mold chunks	Table 7-1
SS-4	08/14/08	1110	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black topsoil with a trace of foundry sand and rock fragments	Table 7-1
SS-5	08/14/08	1005	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand	Table 7-1
SS-6	08/14/08	1120	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with rock fragments and slag	Table 7-1
SS-7	08/14/08	0955	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with mold chunks and slag	Table 7-1
SS-8	08/14/08	1150	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand mixed with a peat-like material and glass	Table 7-1
SS-9	08/15/08	0915	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black topsoil mixed with foundry sand and crushed stone	Table 7-1
SS-10	08/15/08	0935	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black foundry sand mixed with a peat-like material, coke, slag and glass	Table 7-1
SS-11	08/15/08	1040	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with rock fragments (from parking lot)	Table 7-1
SS-12	08/15/08	1005	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with rock fragments	Table 7-1
SS-13	08/15/08	0945	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with metal fragments and mold chunks	Table 7-1
SS-14	08/15/08	1055	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand mixed with decayed vegetation, rock fragments and mold pieces	Table 7-1
SS-15	08/15/08	1105	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with rock fragments	Table 7-1
SS-16	08/15/08	1130	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black foundry sand with mold pieces and slag	Table 7-1
SS-17	08/15/08	1150	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with slag, coal and wood	Table 7-1

	Summ	nary Key for Sa	mples Collecte	Table 5-2 (Continued). d from the Dussault Foundry Site During th	ne 2008 Site Investigation, Site No. 932012.	
Sample ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Interval Sampled*	Analytical Parameters	Sample Description	Table Reference
				Surface Soil Samples (Continued)		
SS-18	08/15/08	1235	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with topsoil and slag	Table 7-1
SS-19	08/15/08	1245	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown soil with rock fragments	Table 7-1
SS-20	08/15/08	1255	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand	Table 7-1
SS-21	08/15/08	1140	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	duplicate of sample SS-16	Table 7-1
SS-22	08/15/08	1325	0.0' - 0.17'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry	Table 7-1
				Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples		
SUB-04	08/28/08	1220	4.0' - 6.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	gray-white ash	Table 7-2
SUB-05	08/28/08	1105	7.5' - 13.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	brown foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-08	08/28/08; 11/04/08	1410; 1441	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals paint-like waste in a drum		Table 7-2
SUB-09	08/28/08	1300	7.0' - 10.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with rebar	Table 7-2
SUB-10	09/16/08	0830	1.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand beneath corrugated metal pipe	Table 7-2
SUB-16	08/29/08	1315	1.3'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-22	09/02/08	1130	0.5' - 1.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black foundry sand with railroad ballast	Table 7-2
SUB-25	09/16/08	0930	0.0' - 2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	red brown sand with gravel, foundry sand and silt	Table 7-2
SUB-32	09/02/08	1405	0.5' - 1.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand	Table 7-2
DUP-1-9-2-08	09/02/08	1405	0.5' - 1.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	duplicate of sample SUB-32	Table 7-2
SUB-36	09/02/08	1520	1.5' - 2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark gray soil with coal and a creosote odor	Table 7-2
SUB-38	09/18/08	1135	4.4' - 4.6'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black sand and clay	Table 7-2
SUB-39	09/16/08	1240	0.5' - 2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	brown sand with gravel	Table 7-2
SUB-46	09/04/08	0935	15.0' - 15.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-47	09/03/08	1240	1.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with crushed stone	Table 7-2
SUB-49	09/03/08	1040	2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with crushed stone	Table 7-2
SUB-51	09/16/08	1300	0.0' - 2.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	brown to black foundry sand with gravel	Table 7-2
SUB-58	09/04/08	1020	10.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2

	Sumn	nary Key for Sa	imples Collecte	Table 5-2 (Continued). d from the Dussault Foundry Site During th	ne 2008 Site Investigation, Site No. 932012.	
Sample ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Interval Sampled*	Analytical Parameters	Sample Description	Table Reference
				Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples (Continu	ued)	
SUB-61	09/03/08	1500	2.5'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Hydrocarbon Scan	sandy clay with a slight diesel odor	Table 7-2
SUB-61	09/03/08	1535	4.0'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Hydrocarbon Scan	black oil stained sand seam in silt	Table 7-2
SUB-67	09/04/08	1130	2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-68	09/10/08	1110	3.0' - 6.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand with mold chunks	Table 7-2
SUB-69	09/04/08	1400	0.0' - 1.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-72	09/16/08	1340	1.5' - 2.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	brown to black sand with silt	Table 7-2
SUB-73	09/05/08	1330	1.1' - 2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	white and black ash	Table 7-2
SUB-80	09/08/08	1355	1.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand with gravel and coal	Table 7-2
SUB-82	09/08/08	0915	1.0' - 1.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-85	09/08/08	1245	0.0' - 0.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-88	09/09/08	1005	0.17' - 1.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	slag fill	Table 7-2
SUB-89	09/09/08	1055	0.5' - 5.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand with coal	Table 7-2
DUP-2	09/09/08	1055	0.5' - 5.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	duplicate of sample SUB-89	Table 7-2
SUB-90	09/09/08	1420	4.0' - 6.0'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand contaminated with tar-like residuals	Table 7-2
SUB-90	09/09/08	1235	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black tar-like material in a drum	Table 7-2
SUB-92	09/08/08	1455	2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black foundry sand with gravel	Table 7-2
SUB-96	09/12/08	1040	2.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown foundry sand with metal	Table 7-2
SUB-99	09/15/08	0925	1.0' - 1.8'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-100	09/15/08	1115	4.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-101	09/12/08	1100	1.5'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	dark brown to black foundry sand with crushed stone	Table 7-2
SUB-103	09/04/08	1255	2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black stained compacted sand	Table 7-2
SUB-104	09/10/08	1335	4.5' - 5.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black foundry sand at floor of raceway outfall	Table 7-2
SUB-105	09/11/08	1000	0.0' - 0.8'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2
SUB-106	09/11/08	1310	3.3' - 3.7'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2

	Table 5-2 (Continued). Summary Key for Samples Collected from the Dussault Foundry Site During the 2008 Site Investigation, Site No. 932012.										
Sample ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Interval Sampled*	Analytical Parameters	Sample Description	Table Reference					
				Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples (Continu	ued)						
SUB-110	09/18/08	0950	0.0' - 0.8'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	foundry sand	Table 7-2					
SUB-116	09/18/08	1340	4.6'	VOCs, SVOCs, Hydrocarbon Scan	light brown silty clay and mudstone	Table 7-2					
SUB-A4	09/16/08	1035	0.5' - 3.0'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Corrosivity, Sulfide, Sulfate	red brown sand and clay beneath building slab at former tolusulfuric acid tank location	Table 7-2					
SUB-A5	09/16/08	1320	0.0' - 2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	black foundry sand	Table 7-2					
DUP 9-16-08	09/16/08	1320	0.0' - 2.0'	SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	duplicate of sample SUB-A5	Table 7-2					
	Sludge Samples										
SLUDGE-1	09/12/08	0930	0.0' - 0.33'	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals	sludge from bottom of sump in electrical control room	Table 7-3					
	Water Samples										
SW-1	11/03/08	1330	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	water from sump in Cleaning Building	Table 7-4					
SW-2	11/03/08	1345	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	water from sump in electrical control room	Table 7-4					
SW-3	11/03/08	1400	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	duplicate of sample SW-2	Table 7-4					
				Groundwater Samples							
MW-1	11/03/08	1450	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	groundwater from monitoring well MW-1	Table 7-5					
MW-2	11/04/08	1350	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	groundwater from monitoring well MW-2	Table 7-5					
MW-3	11/04/08	1320	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	groundwater from monitoring well MW-3	Table 7-5					
MW-4	11/04/08	1130	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	groundwater from monitoring well MW-4	Table 7-5					
MW-5	11/04/08	1215	Not Applicable	VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Pesticides, Metals, Chloride, Sulfate, Alkalinity	groundwater from monitoring well MW-5	Table 7-5					

## Table 6-1. Stratigraphic Sequence of the Western New York Area. Compiled from Buehler and Tesmer (1963) and Brett et al. (1995).

Epoch	Group	Formation	Member			
		Moscow Shale	Windom Shale Kashong Shale			
Middle Devonian	Hamilton	Ludlowville Formation	Tichenor Limestone Wanakah Shale Ledyard Shale Centerfield Limestone			
		Skaneateles Formation	Levanna Shale Stafford Limestone			
		Marcellus Shale	Oatka Creek Shale			
		Onondaga Limestone	Seneca Limestone Morehouse Limestone Nedrow Limestone Clarence Limestone Edgecliff Limestone			
		Akron Dolomite				
Late Silurian	Salina	Bertie Dolomite	Williamsville Dolomite Scajaquada Dolomite Falkirk Dolomite Oatka Dolomite			
		Camillus Shale Syracuse Formation Vernon Shale				
		Guelph Dolomite Eramosa Dolomite				
	Lockport					
		Ludlowville Formation  Ludlowville Formation  Ludlowville Formation  Skaneateles Formation  Skaneateles Formation  Marcellus Shale  Levanna Shale  Levanna Shale  Stafford Limestone  Marcellus Shale  Oatka Creek Shale  Seneca Limestone  Morehouse Limestone  Nedrow Limestone  Clarence Limestone  Edgecliff Limestone  Akron Dolomite  Williamsville Dolomite  Scajaquada Dolomite  Falkirk Dolomite  Camillus Shale  Syracuse Formation  Vernon Shale  Guelph Dolomite  Eramosa Dolomite  Gasport Dolomite  Gasport Dolomite  Decew Dolomite  Rochester Shale  Irondequoit Limestone  Rockway Dolomite  Williamson Shale  Merritton Limestone  Reynales Limestone  Reynales Limestone  Reynales Limestone  Reynales Limestone  Rockway Formation  Devils Hole Shale  Thorold Sandstone  Cambria Shale  Thorold Sandstone  Grimsby Formation  Devels Hole Shale  Power Glen Shale  Whirlpool Sandstone  Oueenston Shale				
Middle Silurian		Decew Dolomite				
		Rochester Shale				
	Clinton	Rockway Dolomite Williamson Shale				
		Reynales Limestone	Hickory Corners Limestone			
		Moscow Shale  Ludlowville Formation  Ludlowville Formation  Ludlowville Formation  Skaneateles Formation  Skaneateles Formation  Marcellus Shale  Onondaga Limestone  Onondaga Limestone  Akron Dolomite  Bertie Dolomite  Camillus Shale Syracuse Formation Vernon Shale  Guelph Dolomite  Framosa Dolomite  Gasport Dolomite  Tockport  Decew Dolomite  Rochester Shale  Inrondequoit Limestone Rockway Dolomite Williamson Shale Merritton Limestone Reynales Limestone Reynales Limestone Neadrow Limestone Nedrow Limestone Nedrow Limestone Nedrow Limestone Nedrow Limestone Nedrow Limestone Williamsville Dolomite Scajaquada Dolomite Falkirk Dolomite Oatka Dolomite Vinemount Dolomite Ancaster Dolomite Niagara Falls Dolomite Niagara Falls Dolomite Rochester Shale Irondequoit Limestone Rockway Dolomite Williamson Shale Merritton Limestone Reynales Limestone Reynales Limestone Neahga Shale Thorold Sandstone Grimsby Formation Devils Hole Shale Power Glen Shale Whirlpool Sandstone Grimsby Formation Devils Hole Shale Power Glen Shale Whirlpool Sandstone Grimsby Formation Devils Hole Shale Power Glen Shale Whirlpool Sandstone Grimsby Formation Devils Hole Shale Whirlpool Sandstone				
Early Silurian	Medina	Cambria Shale Thorold Sandstone Grimsby Formation Devils Hole Shale Power Glen Shale				
Late Ordovician	Richmond					

Table 6-2.
Groundwater Elevations in Monitoring Wells Installed during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.
(All water levels and elevations measured in feet)

Well Designation	Top of	10/0	1/08	10/0	2/08	10/0	6/08	10/30/08		11/0	3/08
	Riser Elevation	Depth to Water	Elevation	Depth to Water	<b>Elevation</b> 584.52 566.15 571.96						
MW-1	597.06	13.35	583.71	13.06	584.00	13.10	583.96	12.58	584.48	12.54	584.52
MW-2	588.93	19.26	569.67	20.03	568.90	21.15	567.78	22.86	566.07	22.78	566.15
MW-3	598.08	NM	NA	24.17	573.91	25.10	572.98	26.36	571.72	26.12	571.96
MW-4 *	587.54	36.00	551.54	32.52	555.02	33.29	554.25	33.88	553.66	35.92	551.62
MW-5	581.18	32.69	548.49	32.48	548.70	32.82	548.36	33.74	547.44	33.76	547.42

NA Not applicable.

NM Not measured.

\* Due to a suspected construction problem, this well was reamed out an re-installed on October 2, 2008.

Aı	nalytical Results	for Surface Soil	and Fill Samples Collec	Table 7-1. ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-1 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-2 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-3 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-4 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Black Topsoil	SS-5 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	с Compounds (µg/kg от	r ppb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000	83 J				
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	220 J				
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	320 J				
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	1,500	58 J	170 J	85 J	230 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	1,500	64 J	130 J	110 J	190 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	2,200	120 J	250 Ј	120 J	350 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	910 J	40 J	120 J	61 J	160 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	710 J		150 J	140 J	160 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS					
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS	150 J				
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	1,600 B	150 BJ	290 BJ	200 BJ	340 BJ
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	240 J				49 J
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	82 J				
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	2,900 B	120 BJ	310 BJ	200 BJ	450 BJ
Fluorene	100,000	500,000	87 J				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	840 J	38 J	120 J	51 J	150 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	160 J	-	85 J	76 J	

A	analytical Results	for Surface Soil		7-1 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-1 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-2 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-3 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-4 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Black Topsoil	SS-5 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organ	nic Compounds (Contin	nued)		·
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	170 J		65 J	110 J	41 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	1,400 B	92 BJ	200 BJ	160 BJ	210 BJ
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	2,700	99 J	270 J	180 J	400 J
			Pesticid	es (µg/kg or ppb)			
alpha-BHC	97.0	3,400					
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000					1.0 J
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	280.0	9,200					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000			0.30 J		
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000					
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS					
Endrin	2,200	89,000					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs	(μg/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1254							
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000					

	Analytical Results	for Surface Soil :		7-1 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-1 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-2 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-3 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-4 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Black Topsoil	SS-5 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Inorganic Con	npounds (mg/kg or ppm)	)		
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	1,940	936.0	2,190	2,110	1,110
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	3.0		3.4		
Barium	350.0	400.0	27.4	17.2	18.5	96.3	16.3
Beryllium	14.0	590.0					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.35		0.44	0.52	0.25
Chromium	36.0	1,500	6.8	16.9	10.5	10.2	6.3
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	2.1	3.1	6.1	2.2	2.3
Copper	270.0	270.0	23.0	22.6	41.5	87.8	12.4
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	6,490 N	20,200 N	14,400 N	11,100 N	3,340 N
Lead	400.0	1,000	113 N	25.3 N	71.2 N	27.7 N	40.3 N
Manganese	2,000	10,000	135 N	296 N	163 N	374 N	81.5 N
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.102		0.063	0.043	0.051
Nickel	140.0	310.0	11.8	31.4	23.5	14.3	5.5
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	5.3	2.6	7.5	3.3	2.5
Zinc	2,200	10,000	168.0	22.7	71.6	107.0	45.3

Aı	nalytical Results	for Surface Soil		7-1 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the Du	ssault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-6 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-7 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-8 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-9 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Black Topsoil	SS-10 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	с Compounds (µg/kg o	r ppb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000	42 J		310 J		
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	120 J		8,300	76 J	
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	160 J		4,300	43 J	57 J
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	860 J	55 J	18,000	270 J	340 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	740 J	38 J	20,000	210 J	290 Ј
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	1,200	75 J	25,000	390 J	480 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	540 J	50 J	6,300	140 J	210 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	480 J	93 J	8,000	170 J	220 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS			81 J		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS			470 J		
Carbazole	NS	NS	70 J		800 J		52 J
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	820 BJ	150 BJ	20,000 B	350 BJ	460 BJ
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	150 J		2,700	46 J	65 J
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	43 J		430 J		110 J
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	1,200 B	78 BJ	28,000 B	390 BJ	560 BJ
Fluorene	100,000	500,000	41 J		930 J		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	500 J	44 J	7,500	140 J	180 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	93 J	41 J	400 J	38 J	300 J

A	analytical Results	for Surface Soil a		7-1 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-6 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-7 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-8 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-9 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Black Topsoil	SS-10 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organ	nic Compounds (Contin	nued)		
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000			100 Ј		
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	70 J	37 J	390 Ј		260 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS			140 J		
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	620 BJ	100 BJ	10,000 B	170 BJ	490 BJ
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	1,200	56 J	31,000	370 J	560 J
			Pesticid	es (µg/kg or ppb)			
alpha-BHC	97.0	3,400				0.89 J	0.81 J
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000					
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	280.0	9,200				0.71 J	
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000	0.38 J				
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000					
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000			100.0		
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000		0.89 J			0.62 J
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS					
Endrin	2,200	89,000	0.78 J				
Methoxychlor	NS	NS			58 BJ	1.4 BJ	
			PCBs	(μg/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1254					22.0		
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000			22.0		

	Analytical Results	for Surface Soil :		7-1 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-6 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-7 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-8 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-9 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Black Topsoil	SS-10 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Inorganic Com	pounds (mg/kg or ppm	)		
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	2,130	3,210	3,680	1,560	3,890
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	4.3	2.6	14.2	4.6	4.4
Barium	350.0	400.0	36.0	15.1	87.2	71.3	598,0
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.27		0.33		
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.45	0.23	1.4	0.88	0.56
Chromium	36.0	1,500	10.0	8.8	25.2	17.7	26.2
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	3.8	3.3	6.9	4.0	5.7
Copper	270.0	270.0	36.5	102.0	112.0	77.0	144.0
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	12,100 N	15,900 N	27,700 N	20,200 N	28,100 N
Lead	400.0	1,000	75.6 N	37.7 N	351 N	118 N	137 N
Manganese	2,000	10,000	447 N	162 N	449 N	601 N	168 N
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.143		0.336	0.149	0.108
Nickel	140.0	310.0	11.2	14.8	65.7	27.6	15.6
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	7.1	8.1	12.5	6.1	8.1
Zinc	2,200	10,000	94.9	171.0	294.0	156.0	146.0

Aı	nalytical Results	for Surface Soil		7-1 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the Du	ussault Foundry Site.						
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-11 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-12 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-13 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-14 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-15 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand					
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)												
Acenaphthene 100,000 500,000 79 J 100 J 160 J												
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	700 J		56 J	2,700	350 J					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	440 J		140 J	1,800 J	180 J					
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	2,300	140 J	1,100	8,600	1,100					
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	2,400	110 J	690 J	10,000	1,000					
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	3,800	190 J	1,200	12,000	1,800					
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	720 J	82 J	560 J	2,500	360 J					
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	810 J	140 J	530 J	4,900	490 J					
Biphenyl	NS	NS										
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS										
Carbazole	NS	NS	320 J		68 J	500 J	98 J					
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	2,700 B	230 BJ	810 BJ	9,500 B	1,300 B					
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	330 J		170 J	1,100 J	160 J					
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	120 J		47 J	200 J	77 J					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS										
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	4,600 B	200 BJ	1,000 B	15,000 B	1,700 B					
Fluorene	100,000	500,000	110 J		53 J	300 J						
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	880 J	82 J	570 J	3,000	430 J					
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	200 J	65 J	85 J	270 J	190 Ј					

A	nalytical Results	for Surface Soil a		7-1 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-11 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-12 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-13 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-14 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-15 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organ	nic Compounds (Contin	nued)		
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	220 J	61 J	61 J	310 J	140 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	2,000 B	140 BJ	540 BJ	2,600 B	560 BJ
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	3,900	180 J	970	15,000	1,500
			Pesticid	es (µg/kg or ppb)			
alpha-BHC	97.0	3,400					
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000					
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	280.0	9,200					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000					
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	13.0		6.0 J		
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000				5.6 J	
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000					
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS					
Endrin	2,200	89,000				10 J	
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					3.7 BJ
			PCBs	(μg/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1254					11 J		
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000			11 J		

	Analytical Results	for Surface Soil :		7-1 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-11 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-12 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-13 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-14 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-15 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Inorganic Com	npounds (mg/kg or ppm)	)		
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	3,410	2,200	2,790	3,290	2,700
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	13.4	3.6	6.3	19.3	10.5
Barium	350.0	400.0	86.0	136.0	103.0	70.2	88.7
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.41			0.44	0.29
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.98	0.55	1.7	1.0	0.92
Chromium	36.0	1,500	147.0	76.6	27.1	17.8	24.0
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	10.4	3.9	6.6	7.1	6.6
Copper	270.0	270.0	152.0	144.0	148.0	134.0	122.0
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	48,700 N	28,900 N	22,700 N	40,000 N	34,200 N
Lead	400.0	1,000	298 N	69.1 N	383 N	304 N	238 N
Manganese	2,000	10,000	567 N	408 N	437 N	457 N	1,030 N
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.492	0.396	0.430	0.301	0.277
Nickel	140.0	310.0	81.1	64.4	37.3	26.2	28.6
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	15.2	18.4	9.4	12.8	10.0
Zinc	2,200	10,000	207.0	105.0	444.0	247.0	184.0

Aı	nalytical Results	for Surface Soil :		7-1 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the Du	ıssault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-16 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-17 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-18 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-19 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Soil Fill	SS-20 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	ic Compounds (µg/kg or	. bbp)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000		240 J			
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000		4,800			
Anthracene	100,000	500,000		2,800		99 J	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000		14,000	120 J	640 J	37 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600		17,000	100 J	460 J	33 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	8 J (ND(980))	22,000	160 J	920 J	51 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000		3,600	44 J	200 J	32 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	17 J (ND(980))	7,100	140 J	380 J	33 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS					18 J
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					80 J
Carbazole	NS	NS		760 J			10 J
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	31 BJ (150 BJ)	17,000 B	220 BJ	770 BJ	62 BJ
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0		1,800 J		84 J	8 J
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000		340 J			35 J
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS	8 J (ND(980))				
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	18 BJ (ND(980))	25,000 B	200 BJ	1,100 BJ	81 BJ
Fluorene	100,000	500,000		410 J			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600		4,700	46 J	220 J	26 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	20 J (ND(980))	600 J	44 J	91 J	100 J

A	analytical Results	for Surface Soil :		7-1 (Continued).	e Investigation at the Du	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-16 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-17 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-18 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-19 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Soil Fill	SS-20 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organ	nic Compounds (Contin	ued)		
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	22 J (54 J)	630 J			120 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	42 BJ (66 BJ)	4,600 B	140 BJ	630 BJ	120 BJ
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	13 J (ND(980))	24,000	150 J	880 J	65 J
			Pesticid	es (µg/kg or ppb)			
alpha-BHC	97.0	3,400	(0.46 J)				0.89 J
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000					
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	280.0	9,200					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000	0.25 J (ND(1.9))				
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000					
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	1.8 J (ND(1.9))				
Endrin	2,200	89,000					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS	(12 B)				
			PCBs	(μg/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1254							
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000					

	Analytical Results	for Surface Soil		7-1 (Continued).	Investigation at the Du	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-16 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-17 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-18 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-19 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Soil Fill	SS-20 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand
			Inorganic Com	pounds (mg/kg or ppm)			
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	1,530 (1,500)	3,890	2,450	4,880	1,750
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	3.3 (ND(2.2))	30.0	2.9	5.7	2.6
Barium	350.0	400.0	155.0 (161.0)	90.7	37.3	64.7	378.0
Beryllium	14.0	590.0		0.57		0.35	
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.39 (0.47)	1.5	0.34	0.68	
Chromium	36.0	1,500	45.4 (19.9)	21.1	13.7	13.6	31.5
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	4.3 (1.3)	8.2	4.5	5.2	2.0
Copper	270.0	270.0	65.2 (37.5)	131.0	27.7	49.7	48.7
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	30,400 N (16,600 N)	45,700 N	13,200 N	14,300 N	24,500
Lead	400.0	1,000	14.8 N (17.1 N)	311 N	44.1 N	162 N	13.9
Manganese	2,000	10,000	275 N (221 N)	454 N	273 N	437 N	286.0
Mercury	0.81	2.8		0.316	0.066	0.241	
Nickel	140.0	310.0	42.7 (17.7)	37.2	16.0	23.0	28.1
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	3.5 (3.9)	15.0	6.0	11.4	4.5
Zinc	2,200	10,000	63.4 (49.0)	426.0	54.3	130.0	32.6

Table 7-1 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-22 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand				
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (µg/kg or ppb)							
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000					
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000					
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	120 J				
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	97 J				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	170 J				
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	98 J				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	120 J				
Biphenyl	NS	NS					
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS					
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	220 BJ				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0					
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	230 BJ				
Fluorene	100,000	500,000					
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	79 J				
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS					

A	Table 7-1 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.										
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-22 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand								
			Semivolatile Organ	nic Compounds (Contin	ued)						
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000									
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000									
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS									
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	140 BJ								
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	190 J								
			Pesticid	es (µg/kg or ppb)							
alpha-BHC	97.0	3,400									
beta-BHC	72.0	3,000									
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	280.0	9,200									
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000									
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000	0.36 J								
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000									
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000									
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000									
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS									
Endrin	2,200	89,000									
Methoxychlor	NS	NS	1.5 BJ								
			PCBs	(µg/kg or ppb)							
Aroclor-1254											
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000									

	Analytical Results	for Surface Soil		7-1 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the Du	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-22 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand				
			Inorganic Con	npounds (mg/kg or ppm	)		
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	843.0				
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0					
Barium	350.0	400.0	92.0				
Beryllium	14.0	590.0					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.44				
Chromium	36.0	1,500	8.6				
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	0.95				
Copper	270.0	270.0	114.0				
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	4,470				
Lead	400.0	1,000	40.6				
Manganese	2,000	10,000	61.7				
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.028				
Nickel	140.0	310.0	5.8				
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500	0.97				
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	2.4				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	226.0				

## Table 7-1 (Continued).

## Analytical Results for Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- + NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- N Spike recovery is not within control limits and/or duplicate analysis is not within control limits.
- ND Compound not detected at the reporting limit given in parentheses.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.
  - Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.
  - Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.
  - Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil		able 7-2. Eted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the Du	ssault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-04 08/28/08 4.0' - 6.0' Ash	SUB-05 08/28/08 7.5' - 13.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-08 08/28/08; 11/04/08 NA Waste in Drum	SUB-09 08/28/08 7.0' - 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or pp	b)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA		NA	NA
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"	"		"	"
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"		"	"
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"	"		"	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"	5,700 J	"	"
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	"	56,000	"	"
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"		"	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"		"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"		"	"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"	140,000	"	"
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	opb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000		7 J	19,000 J		
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	13 J				96 J
Acetophenone	NS	NS			48,000 J		
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	13 J	14 J		8 J	63 J
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	85 J	36 J		50 J	640 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	79 J	41 J	5,500 J	41 J	510 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	120 J	51 J		92 J	1,100
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	77 J	32 J		47 J	460 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	41 J	21 J		24 J	280 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS		54 J	26,000 J	39 J	

Anal	ytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the Dus	ssault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-04 08/28/08 4.0' - 6.0' Ash	SUB-05 08/28/08 7.5' - 13.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-08 08/28/08; 11/04/08 NA Waste in Drum	SUB-09 08/28/08 7.0' - 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS		91 J		160 J	
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS	12 J	8 J			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	130 BJ	56 BJ	5,700 J	68 BJ	480 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	22 J	10 J			140 J
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	15 J	25 J		17 J	37 J
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS			6,100 J		
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS		9 J			
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS			44,000 J		
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS			77,000 J		
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	180.0	64 J	19,000 J	59 J	760 J
Fluorene	100,000	500,000		14 J	32,000 J		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	66 J	27 Ј		34 J	430 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	32 J	120 J	73,000 J	68 J	150 J
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000				9 J	
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000		11 J			
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	20 J	140 J	640,000	98 J	140 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	150 J	100 J	140,000	79 J	190 J

A	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the Du	ssault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-04 08/28/08 4.0' - 6.0' Ash	SUB-05 08/28/08 7.5' - 13.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-08 08/28/08; 11/04/08 NA Waste in Drum	SUB-09 08/28/08 7.0' - 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	130 J	46 J	35,000 J	56 J	570 J
			Pesticides	s (µg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000				0.50 J	
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000					0.78 J
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	1.0 BJ	1.4 BJ		0.74 BJ	4.4
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400					0.71 J
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000					
Endrin	2,200	89,000					
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs (	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242						5.6 J	
Aroclor-1248				15 J	2,600		
Aroclor-1254				15 J			
Aroclor-1260							
Aroclor-1262							
Aroclor-1268							36.0
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000		30 J	2,600	5.6 J	36.0

A	Table 7-2 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.											
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-04 08/28/08 4.0' - 6.0' Ash	SUB-05 08/28/08 7.5' - 13.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-08 08/28/08; 11/04/08 NA Waste in Drum	SUB-09 08/28/08 7.0' - 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand					
			Inorganic Comp	ounds (mg/kg or ppm)								
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	4,770	1,800		832.0	3,280					
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS										
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	8.7				4.0					
Barium	350.0	400.0	46.7	11.5		12.2	35.6					
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.41									
Cadmium	2.5	9.3					0.29					
Chromium	36.0	1,500	6.0	7.9		7.3	10.8					
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	7.5	4.6	123.0	2.4	9.8					
Copper	270.0	270.0	87.2	49.8		4.7	61.2					
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	12,200	5,970	212.0	3,770	16,800					
Lead	400.0	1,000	122.0	20.8	2,900	19.5	60.9					
Manganese	2,000	10,000	312.0	62.3	2.3	30.1	626 N					
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.275	0.035			0.072					
Nickel	140.0	310.0	12.1	6.9		4.5	53.1					
Selenium	36.0	1,500										
Silver	36.0	1,500										
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	16.7	3.0		1.9	6.8					
Zinc	2,200	10,000	78.6	35.6	24.0	10.0	575 N					
			Petroleum Prod	ducts (mg/kg or ppm)								
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-16 08/29/08 1.3' Foundry Sand	SUB-22 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-25 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Mixed Fill	SUB-32 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-36 09/02/08 1.5' - 2.0' Soil Fill with Coal
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or ppl	<b>o</b> )		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"	"	"	"	"
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"	"	"	"
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	pb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000			94 Ј		6,700
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	750 J	380 J	67 J	1,600 J (1,200 J)	1,200 J
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	480 J	150 J	260 J	770 J (450 J)	6,400
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	2,000 J	1,200 Ј	820 J	5,600 (4,000)	6,100
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	1,700 J	1,000 J	690 J	5,200 (3,600 J)	6,100
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	2,800 J	1,700 J	980.0	7,900 (5,500)	8,000
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	1,800 J	790 J	620 J	3,100 J (2,200 J)	2,600 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	1,000 J	560 J	280 J	2,600 J (1,900 J)	2,600 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS					1,200 J

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the I	Dussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-16 08/29/08 1.3' Foundry Sand	SUB-22 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-25 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Mixed Fill	SUB-32 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-36 09/02/08 1.5' - 2.0' Soil Fill with Coal
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS	340 J		94 J	210 J (ND(3,800))	2,000 J
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	2,700 BJ	1,500 BJ	640 J	5,300 B (3,800 B)	6,900 B
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	480 J	230 Ј	150 J	1,000 J (760 J)	860 J
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	190 J		60 J		5,300
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	3,600 J	1,500 J	1,900	5,500 (3,200 J)	15,000
Fluorene	100,000	500,000			78 J		5,500
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	1,500 J	740 J	510 J	3,200 J (2,300 J)	2,800 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	250 J	320 J	130 J	160 J (ND(3,800))	7,100
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	310 J	240 J	100 J	170 J (ND(3,800))	27,000
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	1,400 J	630 J	1,200	1,200 J (420 J)	22,000

A	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the I	Oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-16 08/29/08 1.3' Foundry Sand	SUB-22 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-25 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Mixed Fill	SUB-32 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-36 09/02/08 1.5' - 2.0' Soil Fill with Coal
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	2,900 J	1,300 J	1,200	5,300 (3,200 J)	11,000
			Pesticides	s (µg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000					
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000			9.5	100 J (ND(190))	
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000					
Endrin	2,200	89,000			3.1 J		
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					86 J
			PCBs (J	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242							
Aroclor-1248							
Aroclor-1254							41.0
Aroclor-1260							
Aroclor-1262						35.0 (26.0)	
Aroclor-1268							29.0
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000				35.0 (26.0)	70.0

A	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	Investigation at the <b>L</b>	Oussault Foundry Site.						
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-16 08/29/08 1.3' Foundry Sand	SUB-22 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-25 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Mixed Fill	SUB-32 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-36 09/02/08 1.5' - 2.0' Soil Fill with Coal					
Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg or ppm)												
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	3,840 N	3,760 N	3,250	4,750 N (5,990 N)	2,980 N					
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS										
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	20.9 N	26.1 N	7.0	7.9 N (9.5 N)	7.8 N					
Barium	350.0	400.0	75.3 N	112 N	58.0	58.8 N (74.6 N)	57.5 N					
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.54	0.60	0.29	0.54 (0.63)	0.21					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.73	1.8		0.31 (0.47)	0.73					
Chromium	36.0	1,500	12.2 N	14.8 N	9.4	10.7 N (14.1 N)	17.9 N					
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	7.4	7.6	5.3	6.2 (7.7)	7.3					
Copper	270.0	270.0	204 N	212 N	43.7	59.1 N (72.6 N)	95.6 N					
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	41,100 N	41,500 N	12,700	15,100 N (19,000 N)	35,000 N					
Lead	400.0	1,000	399.0	520.0	138.0	119.0 (162.0)	193.0					
Manganese	2,000	10,000	447.0	481.0	279 N	396.0 (543.0)	511.0					
Mercury	0.81	2.8	1.2	0.740	0.336	0.232 (0.210)	0.333					
Nickel	140.0	310.0	19.2 N	19.9 N	8.3	15.1 N (22.6 N)	17.8 N					
Selenium	36.0	1,500										
Silver	36.0	1,500										
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	14.3 N	12.7 N	10.5	10.3 N (12.5 N)	11.1 N					
Zinc	2,200	10,000	457.0	717.0	86.5 N	152.0 (196.0)	237.0					
			Petroleum Proc	ducts (mg/kg or ppm)								
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-38 09/18/08 4.4' Sand & Clay	SUB-39 09/16/08 0.5' - 2.0' Sand with Gravel	SUB-46 09/04/08 15.0' - 15.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-47 09/03/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-49 09/03/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or ppl	<b>D</b> )		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"	"	"	"	"
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"	"	"	"
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	opb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000				290 Ј	
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000				5,600	700 J
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000			8 J	2,600 J	340 J
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	12 J	180 J	55 J	14,000	2,000 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	16 J	140 J	53 J	16,000	1,800 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	18 J	220 J	65 J	18,000	2,700 Ј
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000		120 J	52 J	5,900	970 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000		70 J	25 J	7,400	910 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS					

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		-2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-38 09/18/08 4.4' Sand & Clay	SUB-39 09/16/08 0.5' - 2.0' Sand with Gravel	SUB-46 09/04/08 15.0' - 15.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-47 09/03/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-49 09/03/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organ	ic Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS			120 J		
Carbazole	NS	NS				480 J	
Chrysene	1,000	56,000		110 J	60 J	14,000 B	2,200 BJ
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0			14 J	2,000 J	350 J
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000			9 Ј	290 J	
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	23 J	230 Ј	61 J	26,000	2,600 J
Fluorene	100,000	500,000				650 J	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600		120 J	50 J	6,100	1,100 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS			25 J	430 J	420 J
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000			23 J	520 J	370 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	24 J		51 J	6,100	910 J

Analy	ytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the Du	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-38 09/18/08 4.4' Sand & Clay	SUB-39 09/16/08 0.5' - 2.0' Sand with Gravel	SUB-46 09/04/08 15.0' - 15.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-47 09/03/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-49 09/03/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	13 J	140 J	59 J	22,000	2,400 J
			Pesticides	(μg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					1.7 J
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000					4.6
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	36.0			20.0	21.0
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400					1.5 J
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000			15.0	9.7 J	2.1 J
Endrin	2,200	89,000		0.80 J		12 J	2.5 J
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs (J	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242							
Aroclor-1248							
Aroclor-1254							
Aroclor-1260							
Aroclor-1262						67.0	
Aroclor-1268							
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000				67.0	

I	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-38 09/18/08 4.4' Sand & Clay	SUB-39 09/16/08 0.5' - 2.0' Sand with Gravel	SUB-46 09/04/08 15.0' - 15.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-47 09/03/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-49 09/03/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Inorganic Comp	ounds (mg/kg or ppm)			
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	6,770	4,610	5,860	4,380 N	3,850 N
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	8.2	3.8	4.6	19.8 N	10.1 N
Barium	350.0	400.0	48.2	44.3	42.0	81.3 N	86.3 N
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.32		0.48	0.60	0.44
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.34			1.3	1.1
Chromium	36.0	1,500	8.5	6.9	8.5	21.2 N	20.5 N
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	7.4	3.5	3.5	9.0	5.5
Copper	270.0	270.0	36.7	21.4	19.0	196 N	108 N
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	21,800	11,000	17,800	40,400 N	31,100 N
Lead	400.0	1,000	45.1	63.2	14.9	426.0	301.0
Manganese	2,000	10,000	495.0	417 N	356.0	476.0	607.0
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.083	0.093		0.390 N	0.743 N
Nickel	140.0	310.0	13.1	8.5	9.5	34.4 N	20.4 N
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	15.9	10.1	14.5	15.0 N	10.2 N
Zinc	2,200	10,000	132.0	82.5 N	105.0	374.0	264.0
			Petroleum Pro	ducts (mg/kg or ppm)			
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-51 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-58 09/04/08 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-61 09/03/08 2.5' Sandy Clay	SUB-61 09/03/08 4.0' Sand Seam in Silt	SUB-67 09/04/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or ppb	))		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	14 BJ	22 BJ	NA
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"	"			"
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"			"
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"	"		6.0	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"			"
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	"		2 J	"
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"		2 J	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"	13 B	12 B	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"			"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"			"
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	pb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000		58 J			
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000					37 J
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000		89 J			56 J
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	10 J	1,400			170 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600		1,200			230 Ј
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	15 J	2,700			210 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	10 J	1,400			150 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000		980.0			98 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS					

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the I	Oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-51 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-58 09/04/08 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-61 09/03/08 2.5' Sandy Clay	SUB-61 09/03/08 4.0' Sand Seam in Silt	SUB-67 09/04/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS		43 J			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	8 J	1,600	430 BJ	400 BJ	180 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0		460 J			
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000		36 J			
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	14 J	1,600			400 J
Fluorene	100,000	500,000					
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	8 J	1,200			120 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	11 J				
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	8 J				39 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	15 J	510 J			290 Ј

A	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the I	Dussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-51 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-58 09/04/08 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-61 09/03/08 2.5' Sandy Clay	SUB-61 09/03/08 4.0' Sand Seam in Silt	SUB-67 09/04/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	9 J	1,400			350 J
			Pesticides	s (µg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					3.5 J
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000	0.53 J				
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000		5.3 J			5.6 J
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000					
Endrin	2,200	89,000	0.78 J				
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs (	µg/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242							
Aroclor-1248							
Aroclor-1254							14 J
Aroclor-1260							
Aroclor-1262							13 J
Aroclor-1268							
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000					27 J

	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		-2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-51 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-58 09/04/08 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-61 09/03/08 2.5' Sandy Clay	SUB-61 09/03/08 4.0' Sand Seam in Silt	SUB-67 09/04/08 2.0' Foundry Sand
			Inorganic Comp	oounds (mg/kg or ppm)			
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	3,700	4,570	2,790 N	3,920 N	1,190
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	4.3	3.7	5.5 N	9.9 N	
Barium	350.0	400.0	20.2	19.1	34.0 N	37.0 N	19.0
Beryllium	14.0	590.0		0.34	0.36	0.62	0.25
Cadmium	2.5	9.3					
Chromium	36.0	1,500	8.0	10.0	204 N	9.6 N	15.5
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	4.8	3.3	5.3	5.9	8.2
Copper	270.0	270.0	13.9	42.2	52.0 N	27.2 N	15.6
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	22,400	14,300	23,500 N	20,700 N	6,440
Lead	400.0	1,000	12.6	11.0	274.0	64.0	51.6
Manganese	2,000	10,000	442 N	211.0	503.0	402.0	178.0
Mercury	0.81	2.8			0.072 N	0.085 N	0.032 N
Nickel	140.0	310.0	14.0	14.4	35.2 N	12.9 N	9.6
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	21.0	9.6	16.0 N	10.0 N	4.1
Zinc	2,200	10,000	49.5 N	26.1	45.6	47.3	28.9
			Petroleum Pro	ducts (mg/kg or ppm)			
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	300.0	64.0	NA

Analy	vtical Results for	Subsurface Soil :		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the Du	ssault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-68 09/10/08 3.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-69 09/04/08 0.0' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-72 09/16/08 1.5' - 2.5' Black Sand	SUB-73 09/05/08 1.1' - 2.0' Ash	SUB-80 09/08/08 1.5' Foundry Sand
			Volatile Organic C	ompounds (µg/kg or ppb	<b>D</b> )		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"	"	"	"	"
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"	"	"	"
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	opb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000		110 J			
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	63 J	2,900			
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	75 J	1,500 J			
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	350 J	6,200		52 J	58 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	280 J	8,200		75 J	88 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	480 J	9,100		63 J	92 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	160 J	4,300			68 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	140 J	2,500			
Biphenyl	NS	NS		110 J			

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		-2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the Du	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-68 09/10/08 3.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-69 09/04/08 0.0' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-72 09/16/08 1.5' - 2.5' Black Sand	SUB-73 09/05/08 1.1' - 2.0' Ash	SUB-80 09/08/08 1.5' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	ic Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					280 J
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS	41 J	600 J			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	320 J	6,600	21 J	45 J	87 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	67 J	1,400 J			
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000		360 J			
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	420 J	12,000	30 J	69 J	150 J
Fluorene	100,000	500,000		210 J			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	170 J	4,200			42 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	92 J	640 J			70 J
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	68 J	750 J			120 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	310 J	3,000	39 J		160 J

Anal	ytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-68 09/10/08 3.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-69 09/04/08 0.0' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-72 09/16/08 1.5' - 2.5' Black Sand	SUB-73 09/05/08 1.1' - 2.0' Ash	SUB-80 09/08/08 1.5' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	280 J	11,000	26 J	51 J	130 J
			Pesticides	s (μg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000	8.8 J				
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000	6.1 J				
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	27.0	34 J			
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000					
Endrin	2,200	89,000		17 BJ			
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	11 J				
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs (J	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242							
Aroclor-1248							
Aroclor-1254				43.0			
Aroclor-1260							
Aroclor-1262							
Aroclor-1268			28.0				
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	28.0	43.0			

1	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		-2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-68 09/10/08 3.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-69 09/04/08 0.0' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-72 09/16/08 1.5' - 2.5' Black Sand	SUB-73 09/05/08 1.1' - 2.0' Ash	SUB-80 09/08/08 1.5' Foundry Sand
			Inorganic Comp	oounds (mg/kg or ppm)			
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	1,290	3,540	1,050	7,130	1,750
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0		16.7		8.8	2.6
Barium	350.0	400.0	18.8	127.0	15.4	218.0	50.3
Beryllium	14.0	590.0		0.48		0.56	
Cadmium	2.5	9.3		1.6			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	11.1	12.8	9.6	9.9	43.9
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	24.7	6.9	16.1	4.8	7.7
Copper	270.0	270.0	17.8	125.0	13.1	33.6	215.0
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	6,660	27,500	4,520	4,420	28,600
Lead	400.0	1,000	137.0	518.0	65.0	305.0	47.7
Manganese	2,000	10,000	156.0	451.0	60.0 N	85.3	375.0
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.025	0.478 N	0.125	0.056	0.131
Nickel	140.0	310.0	10.7	17.5	6.8	11.7	39.3
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	3.3	12.0	2.7	22.7	6.0
Zinc	2,200	10,000	40.5	957.0	25.0 N	217.0	54.6
			Petroleum Pro	ducts (mg/kg or ppm)			
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil	Table 7-2 and Fill Samples Collec	2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the l	Dussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-82 09/08/08 1.0' - 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-85 09/08/08 0.0' - 0.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-88 09/09/08 0.17' - 1.0' Slag	SUB-89 09/09/08 0.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or ppl	<b>o</b> )		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"	"	"	"	640.0
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	4,900
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"	"	"	1,200
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	"	"	"	680.0
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	10,000
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	140.0
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	2,700
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	8,000
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	pb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000				4,600 (75 J)	
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	480 J		46 J	2,300 (1,700 J)	220 J
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	340 J		35 J	8,200 (1,200 J)	280 J
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	1,200	130 J	140 J	5,600 (5,400)	900 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	1,600	160 J	200.0	9,300 (6,600)	1,200 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	2,200	160 J	190.0	7,800 (7,400)	1,200 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	730 Ј	87 J	65 J	2,400 (3,200)	510 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	490 J	56 J	46 J	2,200 (1,900)	490 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS				120 J (ND(1,800))	

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the	Dussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-82 09/08/08 1.0' - 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-85 09/08/08 0.0' - 0.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-88 09/09/08 0.17' - 1.0' Slag	SUB-89 09/09/08 0.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS	800 J				
Carbazole	NS	NS	140 J			750 J (200 J)	150 J
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	1,600	130 J	200.0	8,900 (6,400)	1,100 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	220 J		23 J	750 J (900 J)	150 J
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	180 J	41 J	11 J	2,000 (270 J)	
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	1,900	270 Ј	290.0	26,000 (11,000)	2,000
Fluorene	100,000	500,000	38 J			4,200 (ND(1,800))	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	740 J	74 J	60 J	2,500 (2,900)	480 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	340 J	110 J	29 J	840 J (740 J)	
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	250 J	150 J	13 J	660 J (540 J)	210 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	760 J	200 J	120 J	18,000 (2,700)	890 J

	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the I	Dussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-82 09/08/08 1.0' - 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-85 09/08/08 0.0' - 0.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-88 09/09/08 0.17' - 1.0' Slag	SUB-89 09/09/08 0.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	2,000	240 J	230.0	17,000 (9,700)	1,700 J
			Pesticides	s (µg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000					
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000		1.2 J	1.7 BJ		
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400				ND (36) (11 J)	
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000				13 J (ND(36))	
Endrin	2,200	89,000					
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs (	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242							
Aroclor-1248						12 J (ND(89))	
Aroclor-1254							
Aroclor-1260							
Aroclor-1262						46.0 (ND(89))	
Aroclor-1268							
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000				58 J (ND(89))	

Table 7-2 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.											
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-82 09/08/08 1.0' - 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-85 09/08/08 0.0' - 0.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-88 09/09/08 0.17' - 1.0' Slag	SUB-89 09/09/08 0.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand				
Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg or ppm)											
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	3,630	2,880	1,820	2,790 (4,010)	6,880				
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS									
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	15.1		6.8	9.2 (8.6)	7.5				
Barium	350.0	400.0	61.1	70.0	41.2	78.2 (66.6)	569.0				
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.45		0.33	0.34 (0.44)	0.52				
Cadmium	2.5	9.3				0.57 (0.67)	1.1				
Chromium	36.0	1,500	8.8	20.7	4.2	12.6 (12.1)	16.7				
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	6.6	2.7	3.5	4.2 (4.2)	5.2				
Copper	270.0	270.0	125.0	65.2	43.1	75.0 (82.9)	84.4				
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	28,700	15,000	8,570	17,100 (17,800)	15,500				
Lead	400.0	1,000	215.0	47.5	55.1	169.0 (173.0)	811.0				
Manganese	2,000	10,000	247.0	397.0	119.0	318.0 (312.0)	440.0				
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.296	0.243	0.112	0.373 (0.434)	0.820				
Nickel	140.0	310.0	14.3	22.2	7.6	19.2 (15.2)	21.0				
Selenium	36.0	1,500									
Silver	36.0	1,500									
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	12.3	5.1	8.6	7.9 (9.8)	15.0				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	83.2	75.8	24.0	149.0 (156.0)	521.0				
			Petroleum Pro	ducts (mg/kg or ppm)							
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil	Table 7-2 and Fill Samples Collec	2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the D	oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-90 09/09/08 NA Tar in Drum	SUB-92 09/08/08 2.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-96 09/12/08 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-99 09/15/08 1.0' - 1.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-100 09/15/08 4.0' Foundry Sand
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or pp	<b>b</b> )		
Acetone	100,000	500,000		NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene	2,900	44,000	54,000	"	"	"	"
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	540,000	"	"	"	"
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS		"	"	"	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	150,000	"	"	"	"
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	66,000	"	"	"	"
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	890,000	"	"	"	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000		"	"	"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	270,000	"	"	"	"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	930,000	"	"	"	"
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	opb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000				130 J	
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000				2,100	
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000				1,800 J	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000		120 J		7,600	29 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600		150 J	16 J	8,300	36 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600		140 J	13 J	11,000	45 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000		81 J	7 J	3,000	22 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000		60 J	10 J	3,100	
Biphenyl	NS	NS			34 J		

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the D	Oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-90 09/09/08 NA Tar in Drum	SUB-92 09/08/08 2.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-96 09/12/08 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-99 09/15/08 1.0' - 1.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-100 09/15/08 4.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS			55 J		
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS				470 J	
Chrysene	1,000	56,000		160 J	19 J	7,400	29 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0				1,500 J	
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000			15 J	210 J	
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000		230 Ј	27 Ј	14,000	60 J
Fluorene	100,000	500,000				260 J	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600		64 J		3,400	17 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	48,000 J	62 J	49 J	380 J	20 J
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	410,000 J	60 J	48 J	510 J	44 J
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000		150 J	61 J	2,400	52 J

A	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		2 (Continued). eted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-90 09/09/08 NA Tar in Drum	SUB-92 09/08/08 2.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-96 09/12/08 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-99 09/15/08 1.0' - 1.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-100 09/15/08 4.0' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000		200 J	20 J	9,600	36 J
			Pesticides	s (μg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000					0.48 J
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000					
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000		0.80 J	4.0 J		0.92 Ј
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000					
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400					
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000		0.34 J			
Endrin	2,200	89,000					
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs (J	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242							
Aroclor-1248				4.4 J			
Aroclor-1254					14 J		
Aroclor-1260					7.2 J		
Aroclor-1262							
Aroclor-1268							
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000		4.4 J	21.2 J		

Analy	Table 7-2 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.										
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-90 09/09/08 NA Tar in Drum	SUB-92 09/08/08 2.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-96 09/12/08 2.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-99 09/15/08 1.0' - 1.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-100 09/15/08 4.0' Foundry Sand				
Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg or ppm)											
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	15.0	2,110	1,010	4,270 N	1,180 N				
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS									
Arsenic	16.0	16.0		2.7		22.8					
Barium	350.0	400.0	0.64	57.9	36.3 E	102 N	64.4 N				
Beryllium	14.0	590.0				0.54					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3				1.4					
Chromium	36.0	1,500		27.8	34.5 E	20.3 N	28.5 N				
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS		3.5	4.0	8.2	2.7				
Copper	270.0	270.0		113.0	27.7 E	179 N	30.9 N				
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	73.3	22,600	17,500	53,200 N	9,930 N				
Lead	400.0	1,000	2.4	45.5	28.1	320 N	37.3 N				
Manganese	2,000	10,000	1.1	284.0	198.0	458 N	142 N				
Mercury	0.81	2.8		0.090	0.024	0.328	0.040				
Nickel	140.0	310.0	1.6	29.2	19.0	28.1 N	20.3 N				
Selenium	36.0	1,500									
Silver	36.0	1,500									
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	10.7	5.3	3.5	14.0	3.1				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	2.2	58.8	16.2	565 N	38.1 N				
			Petroleum Prod	lucts (mg/kg or ppm)							
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil :		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-101 09/12/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-103 09/04/08 2.0' Stained Sand	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-105 09/11/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-106 09/11/08 3.3' - 3.7' Foundry Sand
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or ppl	b)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"	"	"	"	"
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"	"	"	"	"
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	"	"	"	"
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"	"	"	"	"
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	opb)		1
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000		14 J	41 J		
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000		14 J	76 J		
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000		33 J	120 J		
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000		110 J	360 J	61 J	120 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	16 J	130 J	400 J	50 J	79 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	13 J	130 J	490 J	140 J	220 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000		93 J	140 J	45 J	87 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000		56 J	190 J		47 J
Biphenyl	NS	NS	15 J				

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-101 09/12/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-103 09/04/08 2.0' Stained Sand	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-105 09/11/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-106 09/11/08 3.3' - 3.7' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ed)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS	73 J			1,100	
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
Caprolactam	NS	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS		15 J	57 J		
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	9 J	160 J	410 J	91 J	100 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0		24 J	55 J		
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	13 J	20 J	61 J		
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS					
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	28 J	250.0	700 J	110 J	84 J
Fluorene	100,000	500,000		18 J	40 J		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600		82 J	160 J		81 J
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	10 J	32 J	140 J		56 J
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000					
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	29 Ј	25 J	86 J		
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	42 J	180 J	460 J	70 J	210 J

A	analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-101 09/12/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-103 09/04/08 2.0' Stained Sand	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-105 09/11/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-106 09/11/08 3.3' - 3.7' Foundry Sand
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	18 J	240.0	490 J	60 J	68 J
			Pesticides	(μg/kg or ppb)			
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000					
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000			13 J	5.9 J	0.80 Ј
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000	6.2		13 J		0.94 J
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	1.3 J	2.0	54.0	22.0	2.3
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400					2.4
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000					
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000		1.6 J		5.2 J	1.0 J
Endrin	2,200	89,000		1.6 BJ			
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS					
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS					
Methoxychlor	NS	NS					
			PCBs (J	ug/kg or ppb)			
Aroclor-1242							
Aroclor-1248							
Aroclor-1254					26.0		
Aroclor-1260							
Aroclor-1262							
Aroclor-1268					26.0		
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000			52.0		

Analy	Table 7-2 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.										
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-101 09/12/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-103 09/04/08 2.0' Stained Sand	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-105 09/11/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-106 09/11/08 3.3' - 3.7' Foundry Sand				
Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg or ppm)											
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	932.0	4,000	3,820	525.0	1,290				
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS									
Arsenic	16.0	16.0		10.7	6.7						
Barium	350.0	400.0	16.9 E	70.8	61.5	119.0	12.9				
Beryllium	14.0	590.0		0.79	0.30						
Cadmium	2.5	9.3		0.31	0.38						
Chromium	36.0	1,500	50.6 E	7.7	19.4	3.7	9.3				
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	1.0	5.8	7.2		10.7				
Copper	270.0	270.0	41.9 E	36.4	72.3	98.4	14.0				
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	7,220	34,700	27,500	2,460	6,610				
Lead	400.0	1,000	18.5	96.1	478.0	7.3	37.1				
Manganese	2,000	10,000	48.8	315.0	433.0	24.7	84.3				
Mercury	0.81	2.8		0.208 N	0.305						
Nickel	140.0	310.0	11.4	16.1	29.8	1.4	11.8				
Selenium	36.0	1,500									
Silver	36.0	1,500									
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	2.9	14.0	9.4	1.8	3.0				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	6.8	67.4	104.0	56.4	18.8				
			Petroleum Proc	ducts (mg/kg or ppm)							
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				

Analy	tical Results for	Subsurface Soil		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	te Investigation at the D	bussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-110 09/18/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-116 09/18/08 4.6' Silty Clay	SUB-A4 09/16/08 0.5' - 3.0' Sand & Clay	SUB-A5 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Foundry Sand	
			Volatile Organic Co	ompounds (µg/kg or pp	ob)		
Acetone	100,000	500,000	NA	46 B	13 BJ	NA	
Benzene	2,900	44,000	"			"	
Cyclohexane	NS	NS	"			"	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS	"			"	
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	"			"	
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	"	2 J		"	
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	"	2 J		"	
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	"	7 B	10 B	"	
Toluene	100,000	500,000	"			"	
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	"			"	
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or	ppb)		
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000					
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000					
Acetophenone	NS	NS					
Anthracene	100,000	500,000		64 J		58 J (15 J)	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	500 J				
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	320 J	55 J	12 J	70 J (ND(370))	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	780 J	50 J			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	410 J				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	470 J				
Biphenyl	NS	NS				68 J (38 J)	

Anal	lytical Results for	Subsurface Soil a		2 (Continued). cted during the 2008 Si	te Investigation at the D	oussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-110 09/18/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-116 09/18/08 4.6' Silty Clay	SUB-A4 09/16/08 0.5' - 3.0' Sand & Clay	SUB-A5 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Foundry Sand	
			Semivolatile Organi	c Compounds (Continu	ued)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS	910 J				
Butylbenzylphthalate	50,000 +	NS				340 J (290 J)	
Caprolactam	NS	NS					
Carbazole	NS	NS					
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	450 J			62 J (ND(370))	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	140 J				
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000		53 J		110 J (56 J)	
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS					
Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100 +	NS				340 J (140 J)	
Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000 +	NS					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	760 J	61 J	15 J	100 J (66 J)	
Fluorene	100,000	500,000		55 J			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	280 J				
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS		84 J		480 J (260 J)	
2-Methylphenol	100,000	500,000				ND (940) (20 J)	
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000					
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000		50 J		570 J (280 J)	
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS		170 J			
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	330 J	220 J	16 J	320 J (160 J)	

Analy	ytical Results for	Subsurface Soil :		2 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the D	ussault Foundry Site.				
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-110 09/18/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-116 09/18/08 4.6' Silty Clay	SUB-A4 09/16/08 0.5' - 3.0' Sand & Clay	SUB-A5 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Foundry Sand				
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (Continued)										
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	400 J	40 J	10 J	79 J (39 J)				
			Pesticides	(μg/kg or ppb)						
delta-BHC	100,000	500,000		NA						
4,4'-DDD	2,600	92,000		"						
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000		"						
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000		"						
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	170 J	"						
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	160 J	"						
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000		"						
Endrin	2,200	89,000	170 J	"	0.88 J					
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	220 J	"						
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	120 J	"						
Methoxychlor	NS	NS		"						
			PCBs (µ	ug/kg or ppb)						
Aroclor-1242				NA						
Aroclor-1248				"						
Aroclor-1254			680.0	"						
Aroclor-1260			260.0	"						
Aroclor-1262				"						
Aroclor-1268				"						
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	940.0	"						

	Analytical Results for	Subsurface Soil	Table 7-2 and Fill Samples Collect	(Continued). ted during the 2008 Site	e Investigation at the <b>L</b>	Oussault Foundry Site.				
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-110 09/18/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-116 09/18/08 4.6' Silty Clay	SUB-A4 09/16/08 0.5' - 3.0' Sand & Clay	SUB-A5 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Foundry Sand				
Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg or ppm)										
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	4,290.0	NA	5,410	2,430 (2,810)				
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS		"						
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	18.4	"	3.3					
Barium	350.0	400.0	158.0	"	60.6	42.1 (32.9)				
Beryllium	14.0	590.0		"	0.27	ND (0.24) (0.22)				
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	6.4	"		ND (0.24) (0.30)				
Chromium	36.0	1,500	39.6	"	7.1	6.8 (5.3)				
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	12.6	"	5.2	0.97 (1.2)				
Copper	270.0	270.0	214.0	"	24.1	16.1 (20.3)				
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	79,200	"	9,710	12,000 (13,000)				
Lead	400.0	1,000	209.0	"	66.2	9.4 (15.7)				
Manganese	2,000	10,000	1,960	"	504 N	147 N (82.2 N)				
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.434	"	0.169	0.027 (ND(0.022)				
Nickel	140.0	310.0	40.3	"	9.8	6.3 (8.4)				
Selenium	36.0	1,500		"						
Silver	36.0	1,500		"						
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	16.8	"	11.9	2.8 (2.2)				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	6,850	"	54.6 N	40.5 N (58.2 N)				
			Petroleum Prod	ucts (mg/kg or ppm)						
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	NA	570.0	NA	NA				

### Table 7-2 (Continued).

Analytical Results for Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- + NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics).
- **E** Estimated concentration due to the presence of interference (inorganics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- N Spike recovery is not within control limits and/or duplicate analysis is not within control limits.
- NA Not analyzed.
- ND Compound not detected at the reporting limit given in parentheses.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.
  - Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.
  - Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.
  - Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

	Table 7-3.  Analytical Results for Sludge Samples Collected from the Electrical Control Room during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SLUDGE-1 09/12/08 0.0' - 0.33' Sludge					
Volatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)								
Acetone	100,000	500,000	240.0 (610 B)					
Benzene	2,900	44,000	3 J (9 J)					
2-Butanone	100,000	500,000	26 J (73 J)					
Carbon Disulfide	2,700 +	NS	12.0 (22 J)					
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	9,800	130,000	5 J (ND(43))					
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	3 J (ND(43))					
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	5 J (ND(43))					
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	17 B (76 B)					
Toluene	100,000	500,000	12.0 (16 J)					
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	12 J (ND(130))					
Semivola	tile Organic Compou	ınds (μg/kg or ppb)						
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50,000 +	NS	28,000					
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	1,400 J					
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	6,100 J					
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	1,300 J					
	Pesticides (µg/kg (	or ppb)						
4,4'-DDE	1,800	62,000	80 J					
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	300.0					
	PCBs (µg/kg or	ppb)						
Aroclor-1242			2,400					
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	2,400					
Inor	ganic Compounds (n	ng/kg or ppm)						
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	7,830					
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS						
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	4.1					
Barium	350.0	400.0	220 E					
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	2.6					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	6.2					

## Table 7-3 (Continued). Analytical Results for Sludge Samples Collected from the Electrical Control Room during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.

Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SLUDGE-1 09/12/08 0.0' - 0.33' Sludge
Chromium	36.0	1,500	52.7 E
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	13.7
Copper	270.0	270.0	71.3 E
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	35,400
Lead	400.0	1,000	136.0
Manganese	2,000	10,000	285.0
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.246
Nickel	140.0	310.0	39.9
Selenium	36.0	1,500	
Silver	36.0	1,500	2.8
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	27.0
Zinc	2,200	10,000	591.0

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- + NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics).
- E Estimated concentration due to the presence of interference (inorganics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- ND Compound not detected at the reporting limit given in parentheses.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.
  - Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.
  - Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.
  - Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Analytical Results for	Table 7-4. Pit Water Samples Collect at the Dussault Fou	cted during the 2008 S	ite Investigation
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Location	Surface Water Standard *	SW-1 11/03/08 Cleaning Bldg.	SW-2 11/03/08 Electrical Room
Sen	nivolatile Organic Compo	ounds (µg/L or ppb)	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5.0		8.0 (10.0)
	Pesticides (µg/L	or ppb)	
alpha-BHC	0.01		0.020 J (0.023 J)
delta-BHC	0.04		ND (0.048) (0.038 J)
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.05		0.025 J (ND(0.049))
4,4'-DDT	0.2		ND (0.048) (0.022 J)
Endrin Aldehyde	5.0 G		0.028 J (ND(0.049))
	PCBs (µg/L or	ppb)	
Total PCBs	0.09		0.80 (1.3)
	Inorganic Compounds	(µg/L or ppb)	
Aluminum	100.0		ND (200) (420.0)
Antimony	3.0		
Arsenic	50.0		
Barium	1,000	22.6	93.3 (112.0)
Beryllium	3.0 G		
Cadmium	5.0		2.0 (3.5)
Chromium	50.0		5.1 (7.3)
Cobalt	5.0		
Copper	200.0		24.5 (44.8)
Iron	300.0	273.0	12,000 (14,800)
Lead	50.0		31.9 (69.9)
Manganese	300.0	10.0	337.0 (270.0)
Mercury	0.7		
Nickel	100.0		16.1 (29.8)
Selenium	10.0		
Silver	50.0		
Thallium	0.5 G		
Vanadium	14.0		
Zinc	2,000 G		158.0 (330.0)

# Table 7-4 (Continued). Analytical Results for Pit Water Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site. \* NYSDEC Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values, June 1998. G Guidance value. ND Compound not detected at the reporting limit given in parentheses. J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the reporting limit. ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis. Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected. Shaded values equal or exceed the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values.

Analytic	al Results for Ground	water Samples Collec	Table 7-5. eted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the l	Dussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Location	Groundwater Standard *	MW-1 11/03/08 Well MW-1	MW-2 11/04/08 Well MW-2	MW-3 11/04/08 Well MW-3	MW-4 11/04/08 Well MW-4	MW-5 11/04/08 Well MW-5
		Volatile Orga	nic Compounds (µg/L o	or ppb)		
Acetone	50 G			3.6 J	3.0 J	2.3 J
Carbon Disulfide	NS					0.46 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.0				2.2	
Trichloroethene	5.0				2.8	
Vinyl Chloride	2.0				0.36 J	
		Semivolatile Org	ganic Compounds (µg/I	C or ppb)		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5.0					8.0
		Pest	ticides (µg/L or ppb)			
Endrin Aldehyde	5.0			0.058		
gamma-Chlordane	0.05					0.014 J
		Po	CBs (µg/L or ppb)			
Total PCBs	0.09					
		Inorganic	Compounds (µg/L or p	pb)		
Aluminum	NS	826.0	1,040	2,540	7,510	24,200
Antimony	3.0					
Arsenic	25.0					12.8
Barium	1,000	23.4	53.1	40.9	101.0	98.9
Beryllium	3.0 G					
Cadmium	5.0					1.4
Chromium	50.0			5.2	9.1	25.9

Anal	lytical Results for Ground		ole 7-5 (Continued). ted during the 2008 Sit	e Investigation at the I	Dussault Foundry Site.	
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Location	Groundwater Standard *	MW-1 11/03/08 Well MW-1	MW-2 11/04/08 Well MW-2	MW-3 11/04/08 Well MW-3	MW-4 11/04/08 Well MW-4	MW-5 11/04/08 Well MW-5
		Inorganic	Compounds (Continue	ed)		
Cobalt	NS				4.9	9.8
Copper	200.0					32.0
Iron	300.0	800.0	8,600	2,470	8,330	16,000
Lead	25.0				10.2	28.5
Manganese	300.0	29.7	385.0	115.0	547.0	402.0
Mercury	0.7					
Nickel	100.0				10.7	24.1
Selenium	10.0					
Silver	50.0					6.0
Thallium	0.5 G					
Vanadium	NS				10.7	24.9
Zinc	2,000 G		16.4	12.4	15.3	52.5
		Miscellaneou	ıs Compounds (μg/L or	. bbp)		
Chloride	250,000	614,000	102,000	165,000	28,800	462,000
Sulfate	250,000	112,000	261,000	189,000	189,000	1,140,000
Alkalinity	NS	275,000	468,000	488,000	423,000	395,000

<sup>\*</sup> NYSDEC Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values, June 1998.

Shaded values equal or exceed the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values.

G Guidance value.

Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the reporting limit.

NS No standard or guidance value available.

Summary of NYSDE	Table 8-1. Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site.								
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	ercial 12/04/01 12/04/01 anup 0.0' - 0.17' 0.0' - 0.17'		SS-1 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-6 08/14/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand			
		Semivola	atile Organic Compoun	ds (µg/kg or ppb)					
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	5,100 (5,200)	870.0 (870.0)	1,500	860 J			
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	6,000 (5,900)	890.0 (940.0)	1,500	740 J			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	4,400 (5,200)	1,100 J (970.0)	2,200	1,200			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	5,200 (5,800)	970.0 (1,000)	710 J	480 J			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	6,200 (6,200)	1,100 (1,100)	1,600 B	820 BJ			
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	1,800 J (1,200 J)	190 J (190 J)	240 J	150 J			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	4,000 (2,500)	470.0 (460.0)	840 J	500 J			
		Ino	organic Compounds (mg	/kg or ppm)					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	NA	2.6	3.0	4.3			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	"	8.5	6.8	10.0			
Zinc	2,200	10,000	"	2,630	168.0	94.9			

Summary of NYSDE	Table 8-1 (Continued). Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	nercial 08/14/08 08/15/08 leanup 0.0' - 0.17' 0.0' - 0.17'		SS-12 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-13 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand		
		Semivola	atile Organic Compoun	ds (µg/kg or ppb)				
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	18,000	2,300	140 J	1,100		
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	20,000	2,400	110 J	690 J		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	25,000	3,800	190 J	1,200		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	8,000	810 J	140 J	530 J		
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	20,000 B	2,700 B	230 BJ	810 BJ		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	2,700	330 J		170 J		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	7,500	880 J	82 J	570 J		
		Ino	organic Compounds (mg	/kg or ppm)				
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	14.2	13.4	3.6	6.3		
Chromium	36.0	1,500	25.2	147.0	76.6	27.1		
Zinc	2,200	10,000	294.0	207.0	105.0	444.0		

Summary of NYSDE	Table 8-1 (Continued).  Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Surface Soil and Fill Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SS-14 SS-15 08/15/08 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand Foundry Sand		SS-16 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SS-17 08/15/08 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand		
		Semivol	atile Organic Compoun	ds (µg/kg or ppb)				
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	8,600	1,100		14,000		
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	10,000	1,000		17,000		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	12,000	1,800	8 J (ND(980))	22,000		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	4,900	490 J	17 J (ND(980))	7,100		
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	9,500 B	1,300 B	31 BJ (150 BJ)	17,000 B		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	1,100 J	160 J		1,800 J		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	3,000	430 J		4,700		
		Ino	organic Compounds (mg	/kg or ppm)				
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	19.3///	10.5	3.3 (ND(2.2))	30.0		
Chromium	36.0	1,500	17.8	24.0	45.4 (19.9)	21.1		
Zinc	2,200	10,000	247.0	184.0	63.4 (49.0)	426.0		

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

For metals, only exceedances of the EPA priority pollutant metals are shown.

Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.

Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives.

B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics).

J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.

NA Not analyzed.

ND Compound not detected at the reporting limit given in parentheses.

<sup>( )</sup> Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

Summary o	of NYSDEC Part 3	75 Soil Cleanup (		able 8-2. in Subsurface Soil and 1	Fill Samples Collected a	t the Dussault Foundry	Site.				
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-MS02-SO 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-MS04-SD 12/04/01 Unknown Foundry Sand	DF-SUB02-SO 12/05/01 Unknown Black & Red Soil	DF-SUB03-SD 12/05/01 Unknown Unknown	DF-FO-08 04/17/03 8.0' - 8.5' Soil				
	Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)										
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000		170 J	NA	NA	710.0				
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	38 J	220 J	"	"	350.0				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600		160 J	"	"	910.0				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000		160 J	"	"	300.0				
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	53 J	240 J	"	"	420.0				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0		68 J	"	"	150.0				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600		170 J	"	"	580.0				
			Pesticides	(μg/kg or ppb)							
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	NA	NA	NA	0.16 BJP	NA				
			Inorganic Comp	ounds (mg/kg or ppm)							
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	0.66 BN	1.1 BN	3.4 B	1.1 BN	NA				
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	1.8 B	3.6	12.1	5.3	"				
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.39 B	0.84 B	0.89 B	0.87 B	"				
Chromium	36.0	1,500	45.5	43.0	11.0	107.0	"				
Lead	400.0	1,000	10.2	41.6	36.3	31.0	"				
Mercury	0.81	2.8			NR	0.09 BN	"				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	34.1	63.8	240 N	57.4	"				

Summary (	of NYSDEC Part 3	75 Soil Cleanup		2 (Continued). in Subsurface Soil and l	Fill Samples Collected a	t the Dussault Foundr	y Site.			
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-16 08/29/08 1.3' Foundry Sand	SUB-22 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-25 09/16/08 0.0' - 2.0' Mixed Fill	SUB-32 09/02/08 0.5' - 1.0' Foundry Sand			
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)										
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	640 J	2,000 J	1,200 J	820 J	5,600 (4,000)			
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	510 J	1,700 J	1,000 J	690 J	5,200 (3,600 J)			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	1,100	2,800 J	1,700 J	980.0	7,900 (5,500)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	280 J	1,000 J	560 J	280 J	2,600 J (1,900 J)			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	480 J	2,700 BJ	1,500 BJ	640 J	5,300 B (3,800 B)			
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	140 J	480 J	230 J	150 J	1,000 J (760 J)			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	430 J	1,500 J	740 J	510 J	3,200 J (2,300 J)			
			Pesticides	s (μg/kg or ppb)						
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	0.71 J							
			Inorganic Comp	ounds (mg/kg or ppm)						
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS								
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	4.0	20.9 N	26.1 N	7.0	7.9 N (9.5 N)			
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.29	0.73	1.8		0.31 (0.47)			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	10.8	12.2 N	14.8 N	9.4	10.7 N (14.1 N)			
Lead	400.0	1,000	60.9	399.0	520.0	138.0	119.0 (162.0)			
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.072	1.2	0.740	0.336	0.232 (0.210)			
Zinc	2,200	10,000	575 N	457.0	717.0	86.5 N	152.0 (196.0)			

Summary	of NYSDEC Part 3	75 Soil Cleanup	Table 8- Objective Exceedances	2 (Continued). in Subsurface Soil and I	Fill Samples Collected a	t the Dussault Foundry	Site.		
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-36 09/02/08 1.5' - 2.0' Soil Fill with Coal	SUB-47 09/03/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-49 09/03/08 2.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-58 09/04/08 10.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-61 09/03/08 2.5' Sandy Clay		
			Semivolatile Organic	Compounds (µg/kg or p	opb)				
Benzo(a)pyrene 1,000 1,000 <b>6,100 14,000 2,000.1 1,400</b>									
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	6,100	16,000	1,800 J	1,200			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	8,000	18,000	2,700 J	2,700			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	2,600 Ј	7,400	910 J	980.0			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	6,900 B	14,000 B	2,200 BJ	1,600	430 BJ		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	860 J	2,000 J	350 J	460 J			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	2,800 Ј	6,100	1,100 J	1,200			
			Pesticides	s (μg/kg or ppb)					
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400			1.5 J				
			Inorganic Comp	ounds (mg/kg or ppm)					
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS							
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	7.8 N	19.8 N	10.1 N	3.7	5.5 N		
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.73	1.3	1.1				
Chromium	36.0	1,500	17.9 N	21.2 N	20.5 N	10.0	204 N		
Lead	400.0	1,000	193.0	426.0	301.0	11.0	274.0		
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.333	0.390 N	0.743 N		0.072 N		
Zinc	2,200	10,000	237.0	374.0	264.0	26.1	45.6		

Summary	of NYSDEC Part 3	75 Soil Cleanup		2 (Continued). in Subsurface Soil and l	Fill Samples Collected a	t the Dussault Foundry	Site.			
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-69 09/04/08 0.0' - 1.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-80 09/08/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-82 09/08/08 1.0' - 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-89 09/09/08 0.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand			
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)										
Benzo(a)pyrene 1,000 1,000 <b>6,200</b> 58 J <b>1,200 5,600</b> ( <b>5,400</b> ) 900 J										
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	8,200	88 J	1,600	9,300 (6,600)	1,200 J			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	9,100	92 J	2,200	7,800 (7,400)	1,200 J			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	2,500		490 J	2,200 (1,900)	490 J			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	6,600	87 J	1,600	8,900 (6,400)	1,100 J			
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	1,400 J		220 J	750 J (900 J)	150 J			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	4,200	42 J	740 J	2,500 (2,900)	480 J			
			Pesticides	(μg/kg or ppb)						
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400				ND (36) (11 J)				
			Inorganic Comp	ounds (mg/kg or ppm)						
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS								
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	16.7	2.6	15.1	9.2 (8.6)	7.5			
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	1.6			0.57 (0.67)	1.1			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	12.8	43.9	8.8	12.6 (12.1)	16.7			
Lead	400.0	1,000	518.0	47.7	215.0	169.0 (173.0)	811.0			
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.478 N	0.131	0.296	0.373 (0.434)	0.820			
Zinc	2,200	10,000	957.0	54.6	83.2	149.0 (156.0)	521.0			

Summary o	f NYSDEC Part 3	75 Soil Cleanup		2 (Continued). in Subsurface Soil and l	Fill Samples Collected a	t the Dussault Foundry	Site.			
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-99 09/15/08 1.0' - 1.8' Foundry Sand	SUB-101 09/12/08 1.5' Foundry Sand	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	SUB-110 09/18/08 0.0' - 0.8' Foundry Sand				
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (µg/kg or ppb)										
Benzo(a)pyrene 1,000 1,000 <b>7,600</b> 360 J 500 J										
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	8,300	16 J	400 J	320 J				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	11,000	13 J	490 J	780 J				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	3,100		190 J	470 J				
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	7,400	9 J	410 J	450 J				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	1,500 J		55 J	140 J				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	3,400		160 J	280 J				
			Pesticides	(μg/kg or ppb)						
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400				170 J				
			Inorganic Comp	ounds (mg/kg or ppm)						
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS								
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	22.8		6.7	18.4				
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	1.4		0.38	6.4				
Chromium	36.0	1,500	20.3 N	50.6 E	19.4	39.6				
Lead	400.0	1,000	320 N	18.5	478.0	209.0				
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.328		0.305	0.434				
Zinc	2,200	10,000	565 N	6.8	104.0	6,850				

#### Table 8-2 (Continued).

Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Subsurface Soil and Fill Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site.

- \* 6 NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.
- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics) or the value is greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).
- E Estimated concentration due to the presence of interference (inorganics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- N Spike sample recovery is not within the control limits.
- NA Not analyzed.
- ND Compound not detected at the reporting limit given in parentheses.
- NR Not reported.
- P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.
- SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).
- ( ) Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.
  - For metals, only exceedances of the EPA priority pollutant metals are shown.
  - Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected.
  - Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives.
  - Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Table 8-3. Summary of NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objective Exceedances in Sludge Samples Collected from the Electrical Control Room at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample NumberPart 375Part 375DF-SED01-DODF-SED01-DDSLUDGE-1Date SampledResidentialCommercial12/05/0112/05/0109/12/08Sample DepthSoil CleanupSoil CleanupUnknownUnknown0.0' - 0.33'Sample TypeObjective *Objective *SludgeSludgeSludge							
		PCBs (µg/kg	or ppb)				
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	260 P	440 P	2,400		
	Inorg	anic Compounds	(mg/kg or ppm)				
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	NA	NA	6.2		
Chromium	36.0	1,500	"	"	52.7 E		

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

NA Not analyzed.

E Estimated concentration due to the presence of interference.

P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.
 Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives.
 Hachured values equal or exceed both the Part 375 residential and commercial soil cleanup objectives.

Table 8-4. Summary of NYSDEC Surface Water Exceedances in Pit Water Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site.								
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Location	Surface Water Standard *	DF-Sump3-WO 12/04/01 Electrical Room	SW-2 11/03/08 Electrical Room	DF-Sump4-WO 12/04/01 Cleaning Bldg.	SW-1 11/03/08 Cleaning Bldg.			
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (µg/L or ppb)								
Phenols - Total	1.0	15.1						
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5.0		8.0 (10.0)					
		Pesticides (µg/l	L or ppb)					
alpha-BHC	0.01		0.020 J (0.023 J)					
		PCBs (µg/L o	or ppb)					
Total PCBs	0.09		0.80 (1.3)					
	]	Inorganic Compound	ls (µg/L or ppb)					
Antimony	3.0							
Cadmium	5.0	9.3	2.0 (3.5)	0.38 B				
Lead	50.0	60.3	31.9 (69.9)	6.0				
Thallium	0.5 G	3.9 B		3.4 B				

<sup>\*</sup> NYSDEC Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values, June 1998.

Shaded values equal or exceed the NYSDEC surface water standards or guidance values.

B Value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).

G Guidance value.

Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the reporting limit.

<sup>( )</sup> Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

Table 8-5. Summary of NYSDEC Groundwater Exceedances at the Dussault Foundry Site.										
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Location	Groundwater Standard *	97 9 1 11/03/08   11/04/08   11/0								
	Semivolatile Organic Compounds (µg/L or ppb)									
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5.0					8.0				
		Inorganic	Compounds (Continue	ed)						
Lead	25.0				10.2	28.5				
		Miscellaneou	s Compounds (µg/L or	· ppb)						
Chloride	250,000	614,000	102,000	165,000	28,800	462,000				
Sulfate	250,000	112,000	261,000	189,000	189,000	1,140,000				
* NYSDEC Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values, June 1998. Blanks indicate that the sample was analyzed for the associated compound but it was not detected. Shaded values equal or exceed the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values.										

Analytical Results fo		Table 9-1. ed to Evaluate the he Dussault Found		ar the Cleaning B	uilding				
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-61 09/03/08 2.5' Sandy Clay	SUB-61 09/03/08 4.0' Sand Seam	SUB-116 09/18/08 4.6' Silty Clay				
Volatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)									
Acetone	100,000	500,000	14 BJ	22 BJ	46 B				
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NS	NS		6.0					
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS		2 J	2 J				
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS		2 J	2 J				
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000	13 B	12 B	7 B				
	Semivolatile (	Organic Compoun	ds (µg/kg or ppb)						
Anthracene	100,000	500,000			64 J				
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600			55 J				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600			50 J				
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	430 BJ	400 BJ					
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000			53 J				
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000			61 J				
Fluorene	100,000	500,000			55 J				
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS			84 J				
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000			50 J				
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	NS			170 J				
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000			220 J				
Pyrene	100,000	500,000			40 J				
	P	esticides (µg/kg or	ppb)						
Pesticides	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			NA				
		PCBs (µg/kg or p	pb)						
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000			NA				
	Inorgani	ic Compounds (mg	g/kg or ppm)						
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	2,790 N	3,920 N	NA				
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS			"				
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	5.5 N	9.9 N	"				
Barium	350.0	400.0	34.0 N	37.0 N	"				
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.36	0.62	"				

Table 9-1 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Samples Collected to Evaluate the Fuel Oil Spill Near the Cleaning Building at the Dussault Foundry Site.								
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-61 09/03/08 2.5' Sandy Clay	SUB-61 09/03/08 4.0' Sand Seam	SUB-116 09/18/08 4.6' Silty Clay			
	Inorga	nic Compounds (C	Continued)					
Cadmium	2.5	9.3			NA			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	204 N	9.6 N	"			
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	5.3	5.9	"			
Copper	270.0	270.0	52.0 N	27.2 N	"			
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	23,500 N	20,700 N	"			
Lead	400.0	1,000	274.0	64.0	"			
Manganese	2,000	10,000	503.0	402.0	"			
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.072 N	0.085 N	"			
Nickel	140.0	310.0	35.2 N	12.9 N	"			
Selenium	36.0	1,500			"			
Silver	36.0	1,500			"			
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	16.0 N	10.0 N	"			
Zinc	2,200	10,000	45.6	47.3	"			
	Petroleum Products (mg/kg or ppm)							
Fuel Oil # 2	NS	NS	300.0	64.0	570.0			

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

- B Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics).
- J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.
- N Spike recovery is not within control limits and/or duplicate analysis is not within control limits.
- NA Not analyzed.
- NS No standard or guidance value available.
- SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).

Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

<sup>+</sup> NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.

	Analytical Res	ults for Raceway S	Table 9-2. Soil and Waste Sample	s Collected at the Dussa	ult Foundry Site.			
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-RW01-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Silty Loam	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	DF-RW02-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand		
Volatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)								
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS	1 J	NA		NA		
Tetrachloroethene	5,500	150,000	8 J (6 J)	"		"		
Trichloroethene	10,000	200,000	23.0 (19.0)	"		"		
		Semivola	tile Organic Compound	ds (µg/kg or ppb)				
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000		41 J				
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000	190 J (210 J)	76 J	400.0 (360 J)	96 J		
Acetophenone	NS	NS	56 J (56 J)		92 J (140 J)			
Anthracene	100,000	500,000	160 J (160 J)	120 J	290 J (260 J)	63 J		
Benzaldehyde	NS	NS	(42 J)		66 J (74 J)			
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000	340 J (350 J)	360 J	870.0 (870.0)	640 J		
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	370 J (360 J)	400 J	890.0 (940.0)	510 J		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600	320 J (320 J)	490 J	1,100 J (970.0)	1,100		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000	190 J (190 J)	140 J	320 J (300 J)	460 J		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000	310 J (370 J)	190 J	970.0 (1,000)	280 J		
Biphenyl	NS	NS	78 J (84 J)		62 J (62 J)			
Carbazole	NS	NS	66 J (64 J)	57 J	91 J (85 J)			
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	430.0 (440.0)	410 J	1,100 (1,100)	480 J		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0	110 J (100 J)	55 J	190 J (190 J)	140 J		
Dibenzofuran	14,000	350,000	80 J (84 J)	61 J	81 J (82 J)	37 J		
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	610.0 (590.0)	700 J	1,300 (1,100)	760 J		

	Analytical Res	ılts for Raceway S	Table 9-2 (Continu Soil and Waste Samples	ned). s Collected at the Dussa	ult Foundry Site.				
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-RW01-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Silty Loam	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	DF-RW02-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand			
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (Continued)									
Fluorene	100,000	500,000		40 J					
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600	270 J (260 J)	160 J	470.0 (460.0)	430 J			
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	280 J (280 J)	140 J	360 J (350 J)	150 J			
4-Methylphenol	34,000	500,000			(39 J)				
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	190 J (200 J)	86 J	280 J (280 J)	140 J			
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	450.0 (440.0)	460 J	400.0 (400.0)	190 J			
Phenol	100,000	500,000	45 J (45 J)		46 J (47 J)				
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	450.0 (380 J)	490 J	760.0 (890.0)	570 J			
			Pesticides (µg/kg or	ppb)					
4,4-DDD	2,600	92,000	1.3 JP	13 J					
4,4-DDE	1,800	62,000	4.5 P	13 J	4.9 P	0.78 J			
4,4'-DDT	1,700	47,000	11.0	54.0	6.3	4.4			
Aldrin	19.0	680.0	1.9 JP		3.2 P				
alpha-Chlordane	910.0	24,000	1.3 JP		1.3 JP				
Dieldrin	39.0	1,400	0.83 BJP		0.29 BJP	0.71 J			
Endosulfan I	4,800	200,000	1.7 JP		2.3 P				
Endosulfan II	4,800	200,000	2.2 JP		1.1 JP				
Endosulfan Sulfate	4,800	200,000			7.6 P				
Endrin	2,200	89,000	2.0 JP		1.7 JP				
Endrin Aldehyde	NS	NS	2.4 BJP		2.0 BJP				

	Analytical Res	ults for Raceway	Table 9-2 (Continu Soil and Waste Samples	ed). s Collected at the Dussa	ult Foundry Site.				
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-RW01-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Silty Loam	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	DF-RW02-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand			
Pesticides (Continued)									
Endrin Ketone	NS	NS	10.0		14.0 P				
gamma-Chlordane	540.0 +	NS	0.83 JP		1.4 J				
Heptachlor Epoxide	NS	NS	2.4 P		8.4 P				
Methoxychlor	NS	NS	15 J						
			PCBs (µg/kg or p	ob)					
Aroclor-1242									
Aroclor-1254			40 BP	26.0					
Aroclor-1268				26.0		36.0			
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	40 BP	52.0		36.0			
		Ino	rganic Compounds (mg	/kg or ppm)					
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS	3,540	3,820	2,410	3,280			
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS	0.59 BN		0.47 BN				
Arsenic	16.0	16.0	6.0	6.7	2.6	4.0			
Barium	350.0	400.0	42.4 B	61.5	36.9 B	35.6			
Beryllium	14.0	590.0	0.45 B	0.30	0.24 B				
Cadmium	2.5	9.3	0.63 B	0.38	1.1 B	0.29			
Chromium	36.0	1,500	13.4	19.4	8.5	10.8			
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	5.9 B	7.2	9.6 B	9.8			
Copper	270.0	270.0	39.5 N	72.3	70.8 N	61.2			
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	13,400	27,500	13,000	16,800			

Table 9-2 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Raceway Soil and Waste Samples Collected at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	DF-RW01-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Black Silty Loam	SUB-104 09/10/08 4.5' - 5.0' Foundry Sand	DF-RW02-SO 12/04/01 0.0' - 0.17' Foundry Sand	SUB-10 09/16/08 1.0' Foundry Sand	
Inorganic Compounds (Continued)							
Lead	400.0	1,000	69.5	478.0	59.7	60.9	
Manganese	2,000	10,000	357 N	433.0	1,230 N	626 N	
Mercury	0.81	2.8	0.13	0.305	0.073 BN	0.072	
Nickel	140.0	310.0	18.0	29.8	38.1	53.1	
Selenium	36.0	1,500	0.64 BN		1.1 BN		
Silver	36.0	1,500	0.22 B		0.084 B		
Thallium	SB (2.6)	NS					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS	8.1 B	9.4	6.3 B	6.8	
Zinc	2,200	10,000	83.6	104.0	2,630	575 N	

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

<sup>+</sup> NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.

Analyte detected in the associated blank, as well as in the sample (organics) or the value is greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit (inorganics).

J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.

NS No standard or guidance value available.

P >25% difference between the analytical results on two GC columns. The lower value is reported.

SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).

<sup>( )</sup> Results of a duplicate analysis or a re-analysis.

Table 9-3.  Analytical Results for Drum Waste Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.						
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-08 08/28/08; 11/04/08 NA Waste in Drum	SUB-90 09/09/08 NA Tar in Drum	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand	
Volatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)						
Benzene	2,900	44,000		54,000	640.0	
Cyclohexane	NS	NS		540,000	4,900	
Ethylbenzene	30,000	390,000	5,700 J	150,000	1,200	
Isopropylbenzene	2,300 +	NS	56,000	66,000	680.0	
Methylcyclohexane	NS	NS		890,000	10,000	
Methylene Chloride	51,000	500,000			140.0	
Toluene	100,000	500,000		270,000	2,700	
Xylene (Total)	100,000	500,000	140,000	930,000	8,000	
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (μg/kg or ppb)						
Acenaphthene	100,000	500,000	19,000 J			
Acenaphthylene	100,000	500,000			220 J	
Acetophenone	NS	NS	48,000 J			
Anthracene	100,000	500,000			280 J	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,000	1,000			900 J	
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,000	5,600	5,500 J		1,200 J	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,000	5,600			1,200 J	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100,000	500,000			510 J	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,000	56,000			490 J	
Biphenyl	NS	NS	26,000 J			
Carbazole	NS	NS			150 J	

Table 9-3 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Drum Waste Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-08 08/28/08; 11/04/08 NA Waste in Drum	SUB-90 09/09/08 NA Tar in Drum	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand		
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (Continued)							
Chrysene	1,000	56,000	5,700 J		1,100 J		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330.0	560.0			150 J		
Diethylphthalate	7,100 +	NS	6,100 J				
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NS	NS	44,000 J				
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NS	NS	77,000 J				
Fluoranthene	100,000	500,000	19,000 J		2,000		
Fluorene	100,000	500,000	32,000 J				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500.0	5,600			480 J		
2-Methylnaphthalene	36,400 +	NS	73,000 J	48,000 J			
Naphthalene	100,000	500,000	640,000	410,000 J	210 J		
Phenanthrene	100,000	500,000	140,000		890 J		
Pyrene	100,000	500,000	35,000 J		1,700 J		
PCBs (μg/kg or ppb)							
Aroclor-1248			2,600				
Total PCBs	1,000	1,000	2,600				
Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg or ppm)							
Aluminum	SB (11,670)	NS		15.0	6,880		
Antimony	SB (1.8)	NS					
Arsenic	16.0	16.0			7.5		
Barium	350.0	400.0		0.64	569.0		

Table 9-3 (Continued).  Analytical Results for Drum Waste Samples Collected during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.							
Sample Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Type	Part 375 Residential Soil Cleanup Objective *	Part 375 Commercial Soil Cleanup Objective *	SUB-08 08/28/08; 11/04/08 NA Waste in Drum	SUB-90 09/09/08 NA Tar in Drum	SUB-90 09/09/08 4.0' - 6.0' Foundry Sand		
Inorganic Compounds (Continued)							
Beryllium	14.0	590.0			0.52		
Cadmium	2.5	9.3			1.1		
Chromium	36.0	1,500			16.7		
Cobalt	30.0 +	NS	123.0		5.2		
Copper	270.0	270.0			84.4		
Iron	SB (17,300)	NS	212.0	73.3	15,500		
Lead	400.0	1,000	2,900	2.4	811.0		
Manganese	2,000	10,000	2.3	1.1	440.0		
Mercury	0.81	2.8			0.820		
Nickel	140.0	310.0		1.6	21.0		
Selenium	36.0	1,500					
Silver	36.0	1,500					
Vanadium	150.0 +	NS		10.7	15.0		
Zinc	2,200	10,000	24.0	2.2	521.0		

<sup>\* 6</sup> NYCRR Part 375: Environmental Remediation Programs, Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives, NYSDEC, 2006.

Shaded values equal or exceed the Part 375 residential or TAGM 4046 soil cleanup objectives.

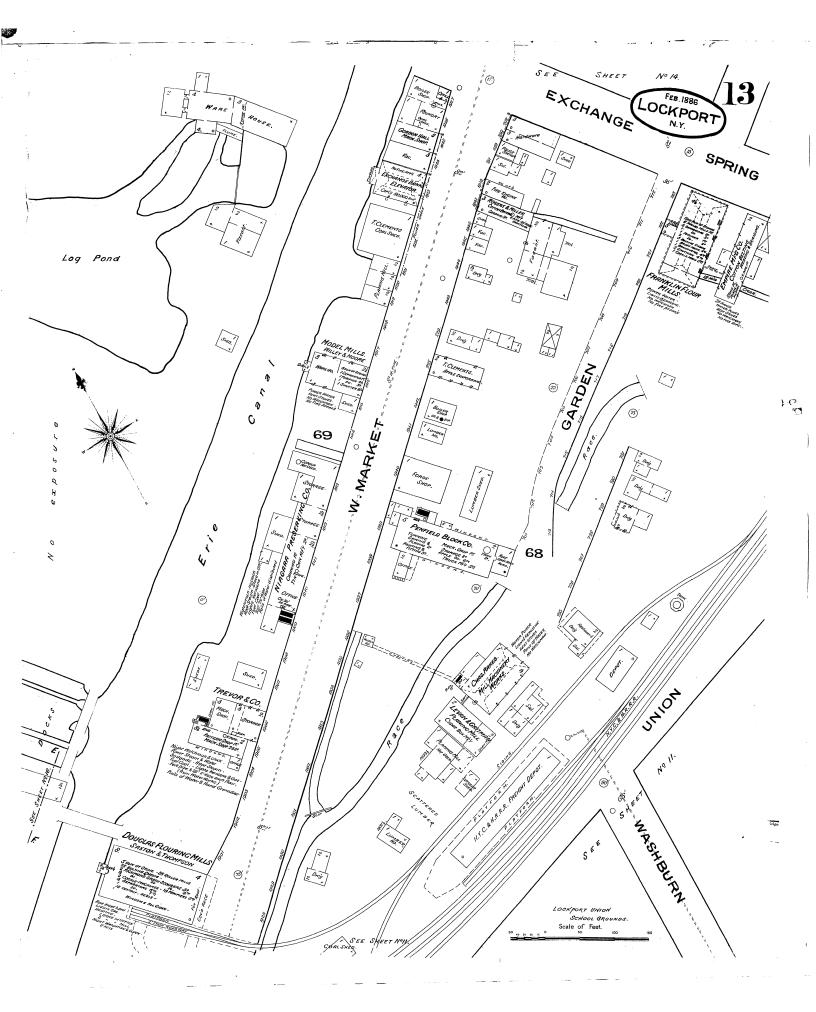
<sup>+</sup> NYSDEC Technical and Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) 4046: Determination of Soil Cleanup Objectives and Cleanup Levels, 1995.

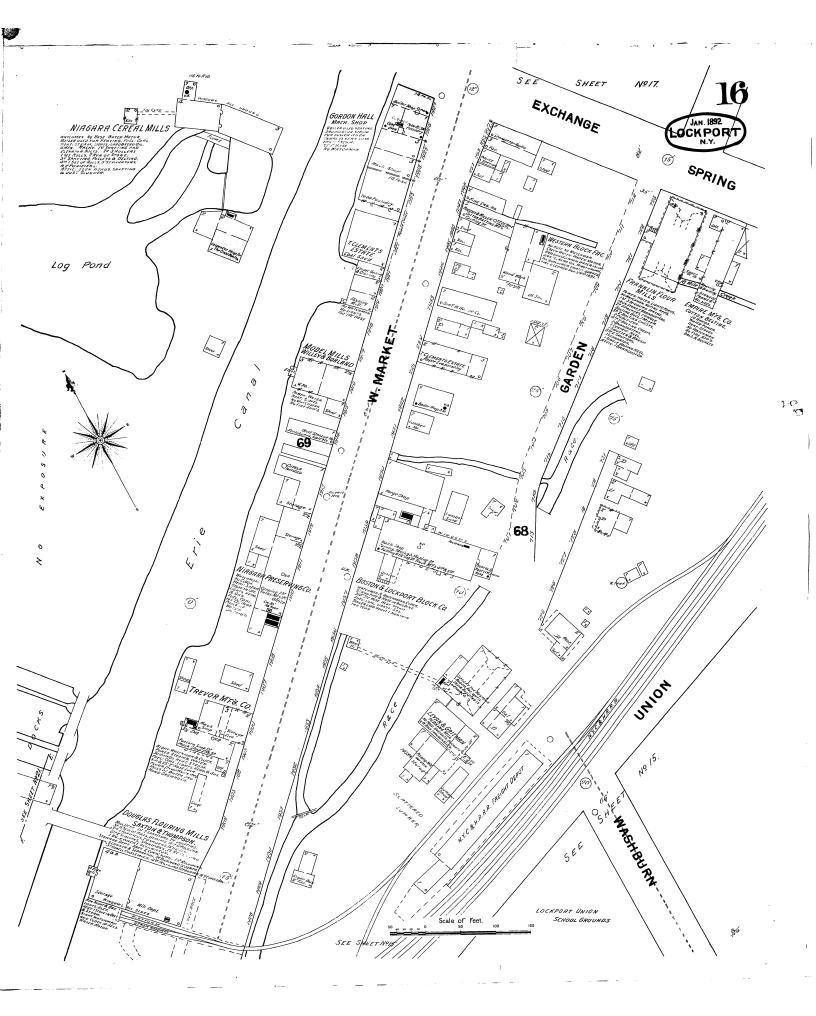
J Compound reported at an estimated concentration below the sample quantitation limit.

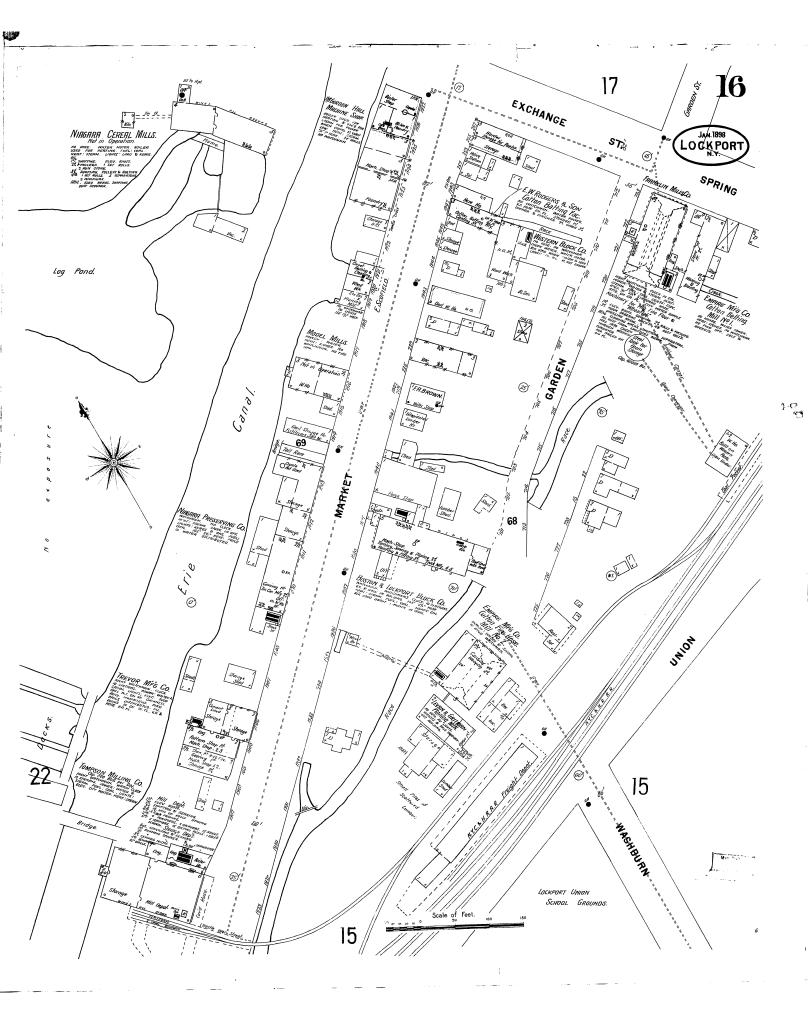
NS No standard or guidance value available.

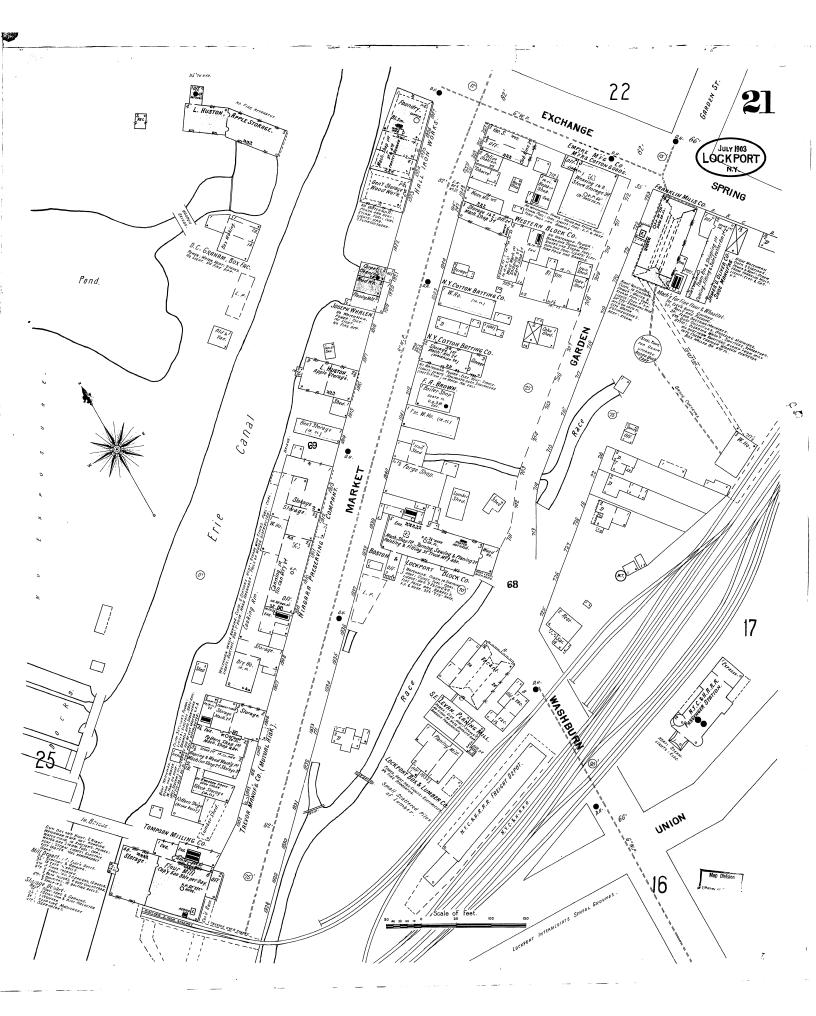
SB Site background concentration as determined during the Site Investigation of the Former Flintkote Plant Site (TVGA, 2005).

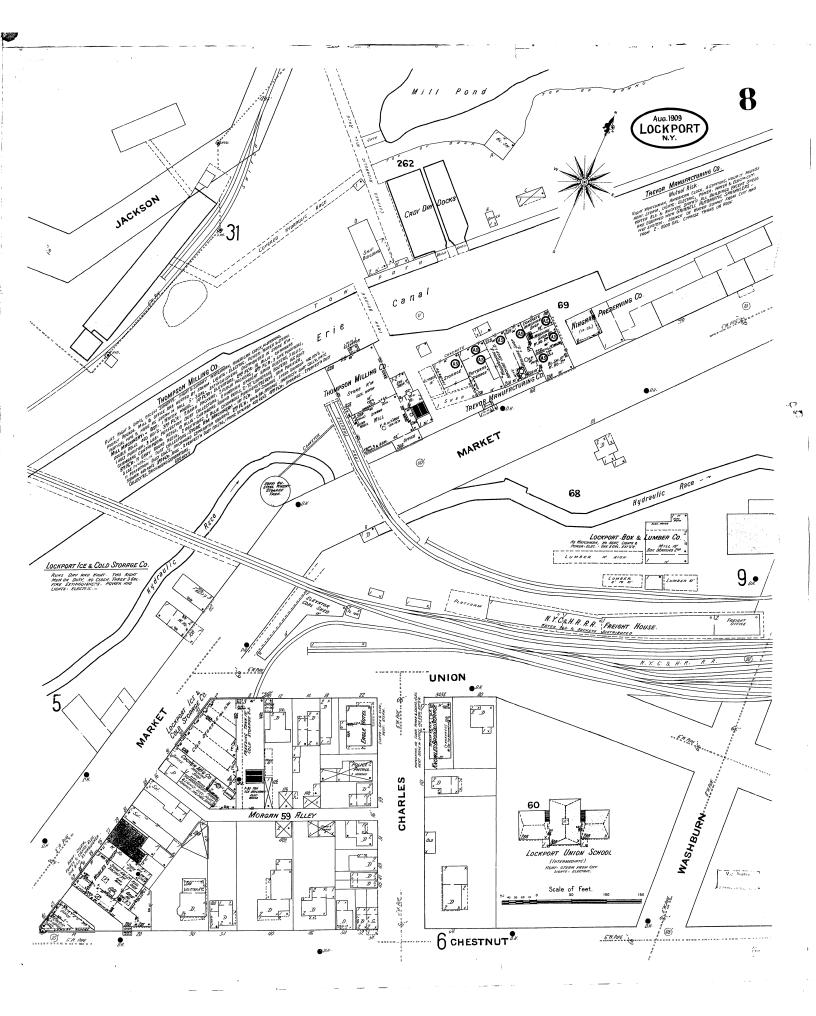
# APPENDIX A SANBORN FIRE INSURANCE MAPS

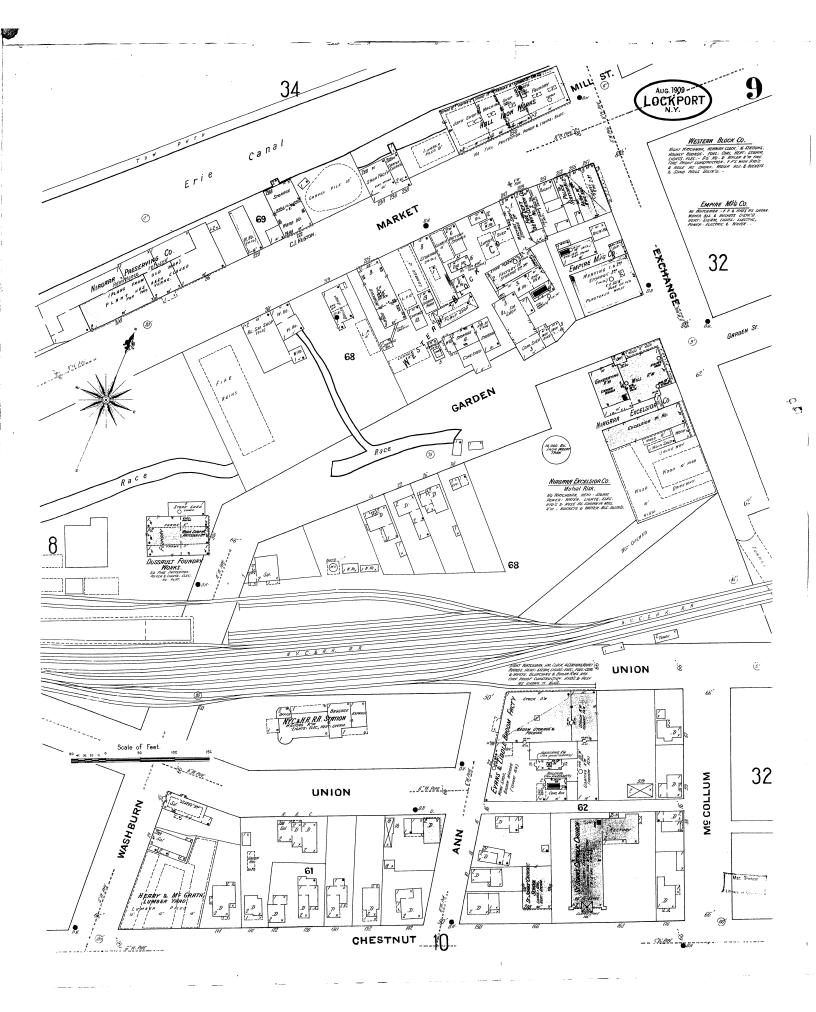


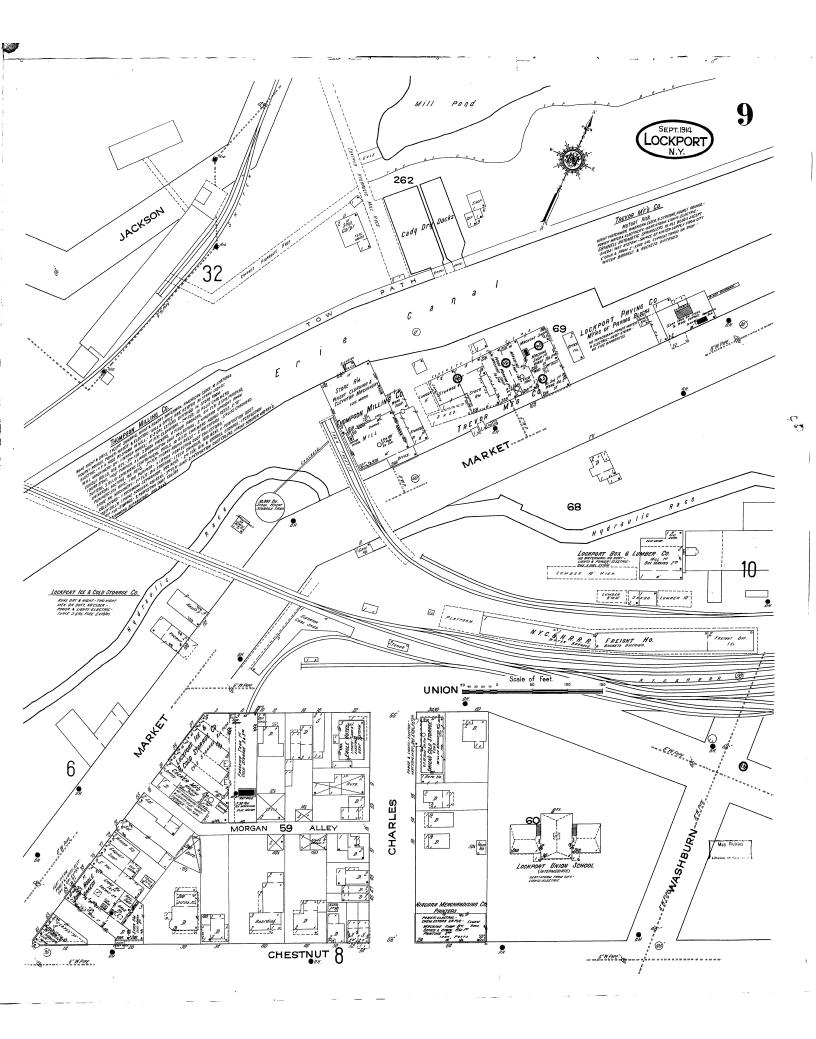


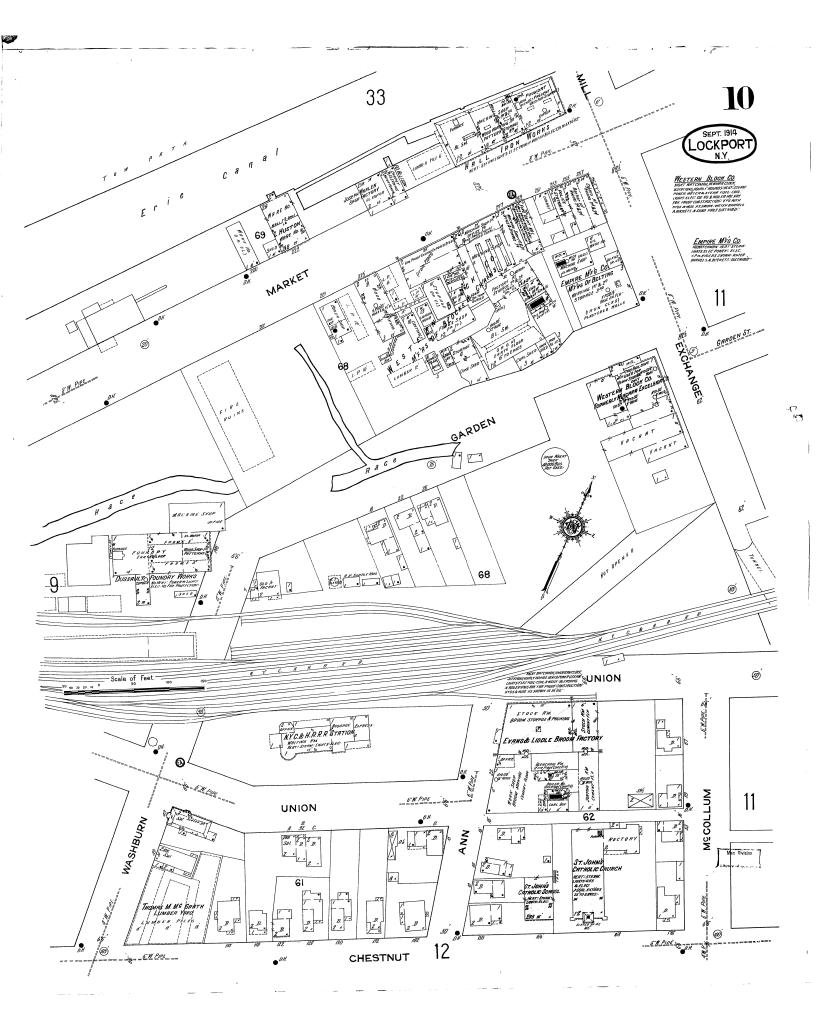


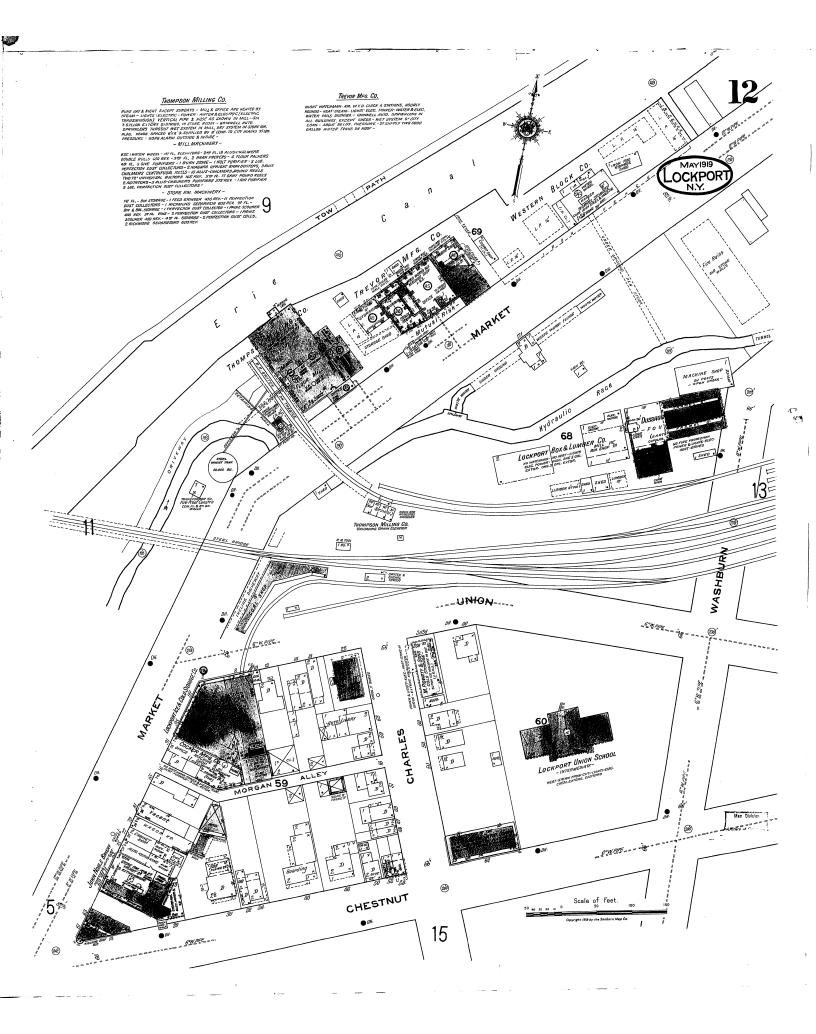


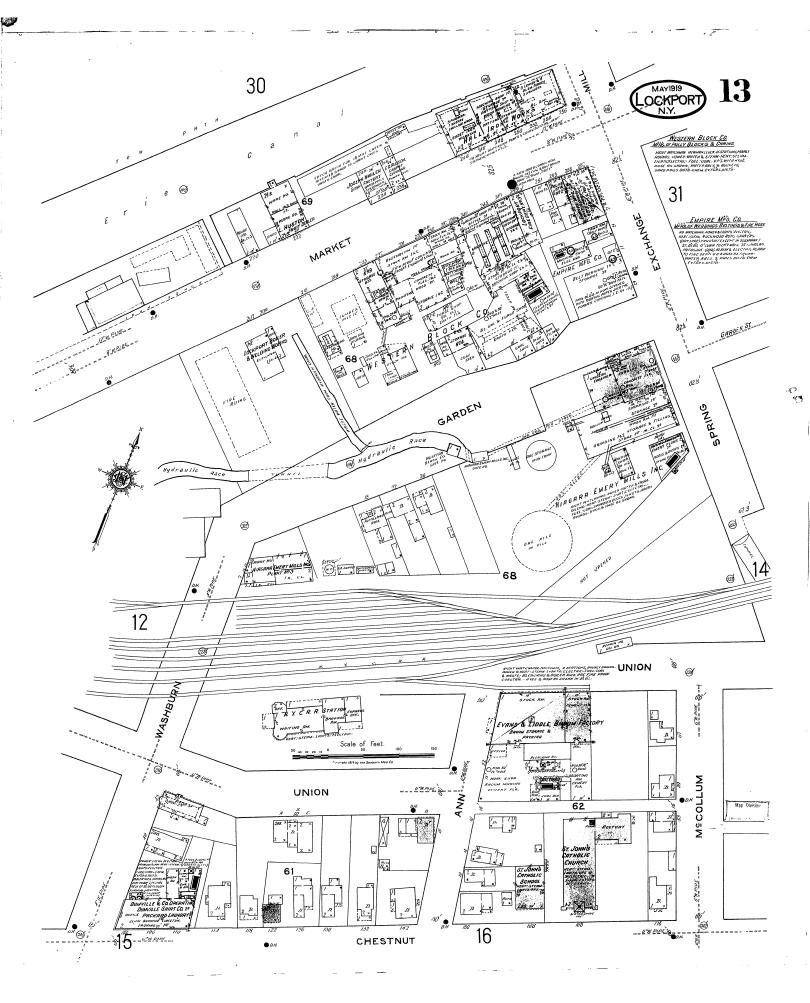


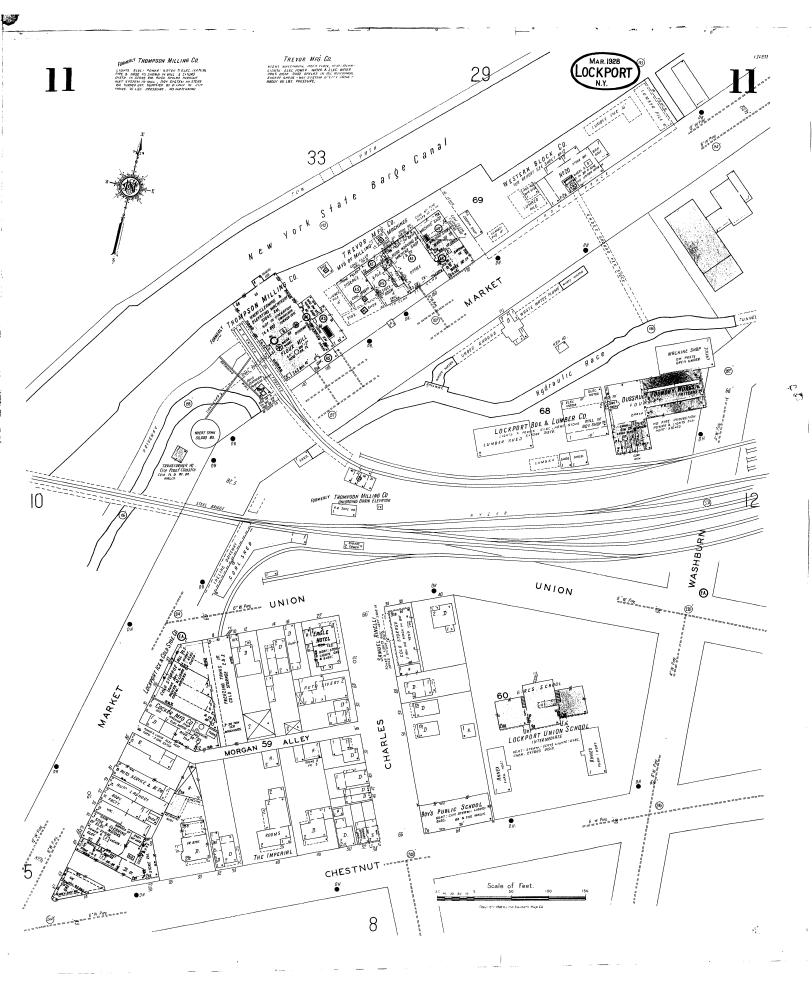


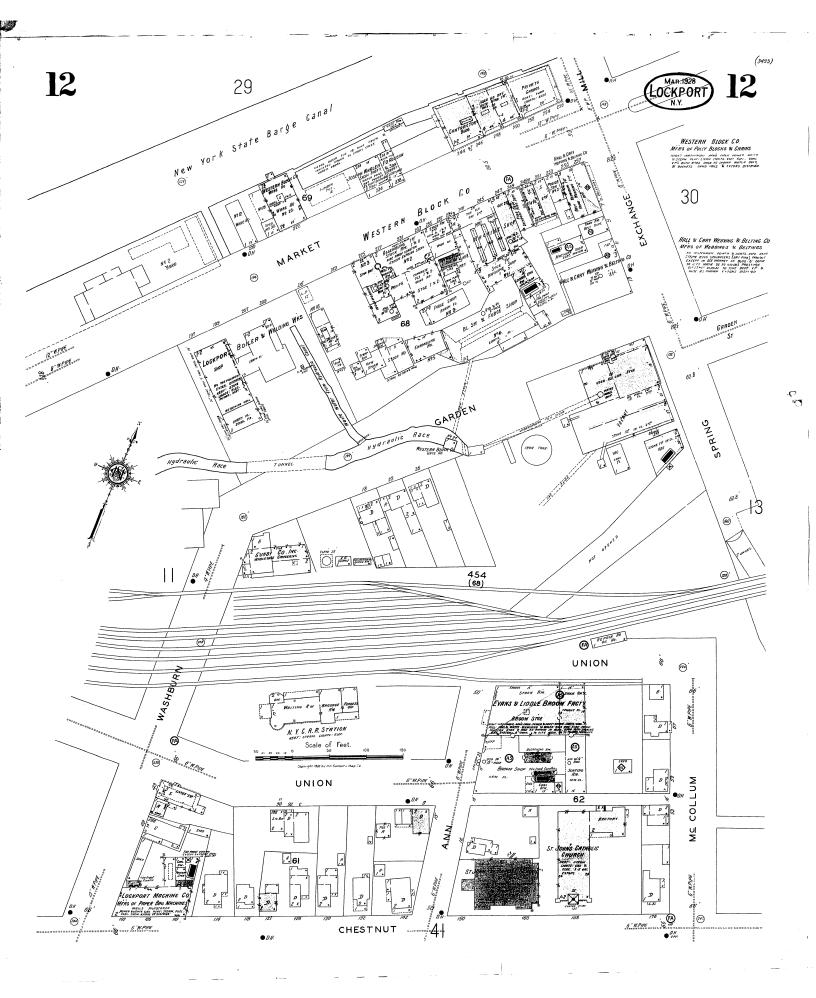


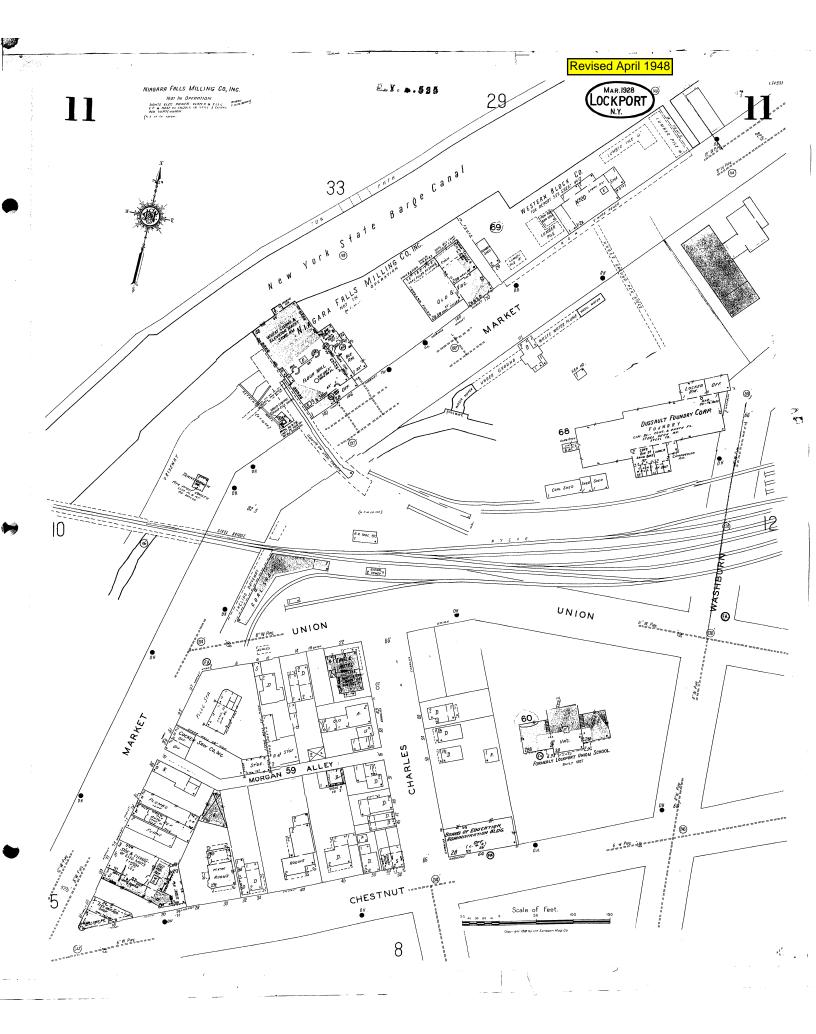


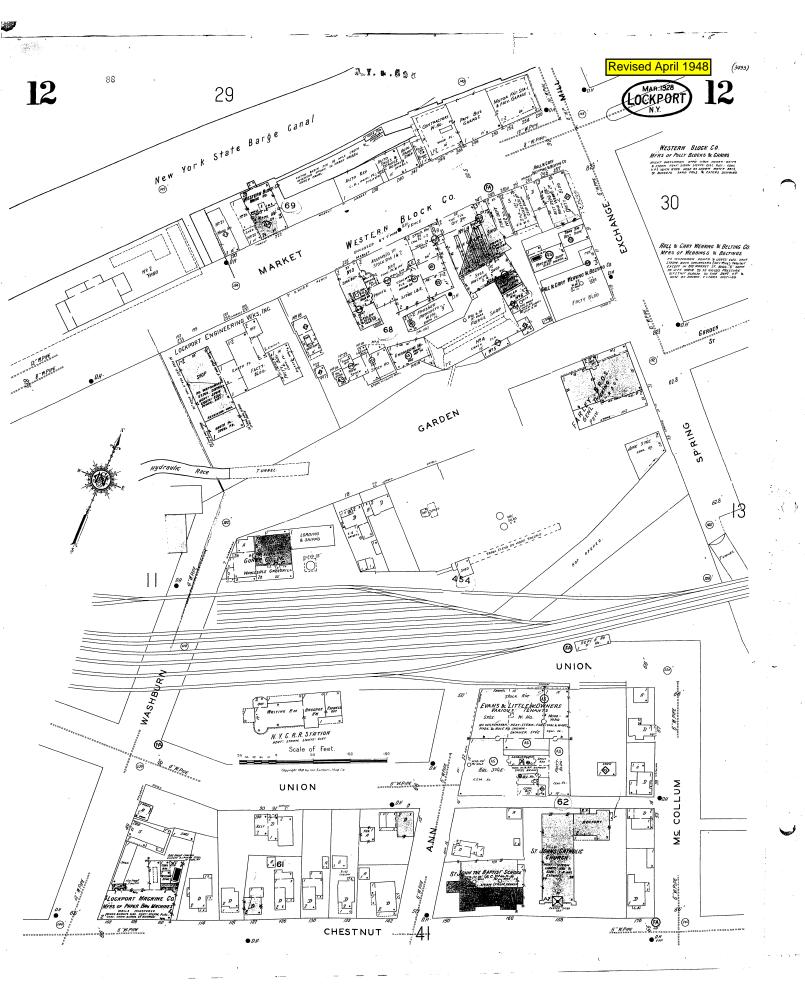












# APPENDIX B STRATIGRAPHIC LOGS AND WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAMS





**Western New York Office** 5167 South Park Avenue Hamburg, NY 14075

Phone: (716) 649-8110 Fax: (716) 649-8051

**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/15/08 Lockport, New York SUB01 BEV-08-020 Cloudy, 60s

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe **GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

588.00 1250 1324

S. Davis **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
DEI III	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown to Grey Foundry SAND, mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser	E	BG
1'	amounts of cobble, coal, vitrification f-c gravel, roots, rebar, and	_	
<u> </u>	sand molds (moist, FILL)	Е	BG
2'		_	
_		E	BG
3'	Contains Rock Fragments		
	, and the second	E	BG
4'	_		
		E	BG
5' <del></del>		-	
	Test Pit Complete at 5.0'		
<u> </u>	Top of Dolostone		
7' <u></u>	_		
8' <u></u>	_		
9'			
7			
10	_		
.0			
11'			
- <del>-</del>			
12'	$\dashv$		
13' <del></del>	$\dashv$	-	
14'	<del>- </del>		
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

8/28/08 Lockport, New York SUB02 BEV-08-020 Overcast, Sl. Drizzle, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 595.69' 0958 1025

**OPERATOR** T. Delude MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	RIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Brown with Light Brown Pockets f-	-	AND mixed with	Е	BG
1'	——lesser amounts of brick and wood (	moist, FILL)			
	Metal frame excavated			E	BG
2'	Contains f-c Gravel, lesser amounts	s of cobble		_	
				E	BG
3'	Pagaman Cray			E	BG
A'	Becomes Grey				В
<del></del> 4 <del></del>	Contains lesser amounts of metal, of	cloth and rub	nher	Е	BG
5'	— Contains lesser amounts of metal,		JDC1	_	50
J				Е	BG
6'					
				E	BG
7' <u></u>	— Contains lesser amounts cobble size	zed coal and	rebar		
				E	BG
8' <u> </u>	<del></del>				1
				E	BG
9' <u></u>					
	Red- Brown Silty CLAY (moist)		/	M	BG
10	Grey DOLOSTONE		/		
11'	Took Bit Com	-lata at 40 Ol			
	Test Pit Comp	Diete at 10.0			
12'					
•					
13' <del></del>					
14'					1
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	<u> </u>	PROP USED	•
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM		SOME (SO.)	20 -35%		
			, ,		
PID= Photoionization Detector		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/15/08 Lockport, New York SUB03 BEV-08-020 Mostly Cloudy, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 591.38 1325 1427

**OPERATOR** S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

				ī	1
DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown to Grey Fine Foundry S			E	BG
1'	—— Slag, lesser amounts f-c gravel, fou	undry sand m	olds, and topsoil		
	(moist, FILL)			E	BG
2'	Contains greater amounts f-c Grave	-	ght Brown	_	
	"clean" Foundry Sand and Metal Pi	ipes		E	BG
3·					<b>D0</b>
41	Cantaina Cabbla			Е	BG
4 <sup>-</sup>	Contains Cobble			Е	BG
5' <del></del>					В
5				Е	BG
				_	
0 —	Contains Cobble layer			Е	BG
7'	Excavated metal bucket			_	
,	Exouvated metal buoket			E	BG
8' <u></u>				_	
				Е	BG
9' <u></u>	Light Brown SILT, tr. sand (moist)				
				Е	BG
10	— Light Brown to Grey Weathered N	MUDSTONE	/		
11'	Test Pit Com	plete at 10.0'			
12'	<del></del>				
13' <del></del>	<del> </del>				1
14' <u> </u>					
			<u> </u>		
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
				SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detector			V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
PIDE PROGRAMMENT DETECTOR		DIA - DKOMIN	V-VERT	AND	35 - 50%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

8/28/08 Lockport, New York SUB04 BEV-08-020 Rainy, SI. Breeze, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 595.92' 1142 1235

T. Delude **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
11	Grey f-c GRAVEL mixed with f-c Sand, lesser amounts brick, cobble (moist, FILL/ crush stor	20)	E	BG
	Contains Ash	ie)	E	BG
2'	Excavated railroad ballast and roots Contains reinforced Concrete Fragments		E	BG
3'	Grey Ash mixed with Cobble and f-c Gravel, le of glass (moist, FILL)	sser amounts	E	BG
<b>—— 4'</b> ——				BG
5' <del></del>			E	BG
6'			E	BG
—— '7' ——	Light Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gravel, tr. clay	Light Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gravel, tr. clay (moist)		
8'				
9'		_		BG
10 <u></u>	Contains Rock Fragments and tr. chert nodule	s	E	BG
11' <del></del>	Test Pit Complete at 10.5	5'		
12'				
—— 13' —				
14'				
14				
emarks:	ABREVIATION F - FINE	IS F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	PROP USED TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY

AND



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

8/28/08 Lockport, New York SUB05 BEV-08-020 Overcast, Sl. Drizzle, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 596.38' 1026 1117

T. Delude **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
	Brown f-m Foundry SAND, mixed with Cobble, f-c Gravel,	E	BG
1'	lesser amounts of plastic sheeting (moist, FILL)	<b></b>	
		E	BG
2'	_		
		E	BG
3'		-	
	Contains lesser amounts of metal	Е	BG
41			В
<b> 4</b> ·	Becomes Orange- Brown, contains metal drum lids, reinforced		
	concrete fragments	E	BG
5' <del></del>	Topsoil and Fill mixture (moist, FILL)		
		E	BG
6'	<u>_ </u>		
ı	Topsoil (moist, reworked)	E	BG
7'			
•	Drawn to Creek to Founday CAND with locoor amounts of motal	Е	BG
<b>.</b>	Brown to Grey f-m Foundry SAND with lesser amounts of metal		ВС
8' <u></u>	(moist, FILL)		
ı		E	BG
9' <u></u>	<u> </u>		
I		E	BG
10	<u> </u>		
1		E	BG
11'			
		Е	BG
12!	Ocataina lagger amounts of sinder blooks wood rubber	-	50
12'	Contains lesser amounts of cinder blocks, wood, rubber		20
	Black to Grey Silty CLAY, inpacted with f-c gravel sized Coal	E	BG
13' <del></del>	(moist, FILL)	<del>                                     </del>	
I	Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)		
14'		ļ	
	Test Pit Complete at 13.0'		
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

||Remarks: ABREVIATIONS PROP USED F - FINE 0-10% F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TR.) C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM SOME (SO.) 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**REACH** 

9/15/08 Lockport, New York SUB06 BEV-08-020 Cloudy, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 591.73' 1445 1535

**OPERATOR** S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
1'	Dark Brown to Grey Fine Foundry S — amounts of f-c gravel, silt, sand mo			Е	BG
	(moist, FILL)			E	BG
2' 3'	Contains pockets of Light Brown c (moist, FILL) Contains lesser amounts of ash	lean Foundry	/ Sand and Cobble	E	BG
4'	— Contains lesser amounts of asir			E	BG
5'				E	BG
6'	— Contains lesser amounts of cloth		E	BG	
7'				E	BG
, 8'				E	BG
9'				Е	BG
•				E	BG
10				E	BG
11'	Light Brown to Grey Weathered N	IUDSTONE	/		
12'	Test Pit Com	plete at 11.0'			
13'					
14'	_				
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PROP USED	<u> </u>
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
		1		1	



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

8/28/08 Lockport, New York SUB07 BEV-08-020 Overcast, Sl. Breeze, 60s

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

594.45' 1435 1447

T. Delude MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

Grey f-c GRAVEL, tr. metal (moist, FILL/ crush stone)  1' — Grey f-m Foundry SAND mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amounts silt (moist, FILL)  E B	DEDTU	OOU DECORIDATION		EVOAV.	DEMARK
Care of the component	DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
1'					NO.
Silt (moist, FILL)				E	BG
2'	1'		, lesser amounts		
3'		silt (moist, FILL)		E	BG
Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gravel, tr. silt, occasional Silt   E	2'		<del> </del>		
laminations (moist)				E	BG
## Complete at 6.0'  ## Test Pit Com	3'		sional Silt		
5'		laminations (moist)		E	BG
5'	4'	—	<u> </u>		
				E	BG
	5' <del></del>				
9' — 10 — — 11' — — 12' — — 13' — — 14' — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Test Pit Complete at 6.0	)'		
9' — 10 — — 11' — — 12' — — 13' — — 14' — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	—— 6' —		<del> </del>		
9' — 10 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					
9' — 10 — — 11' — — 12' — — 13' — — 14' — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	'7'	_			
9' — 10 — — 11' — — 12' — — 13' — — 14' — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					
	8'				
	9' <u></u>				
	10				
	4.41				
13'	11'				
13'	401				
14'	<u> </u>				
14'	401				
	—— 13 <sup>.</sup> —				
	441				
Remarks: ABREVIATIONS PROPUSED	14"				
Remarks: LABREVIATIONS LIPROPLISED			<u> </u>		
7.57.57.57.57.5	temarks:	ABREVIATIO	NS PR	ROP USED	

F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TR.) 0-10% C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% SOME (SO.) GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

8/28/08 Lockport, New York SUB08 BEV-08-020 Windy, Rain, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 594.71' 1320 1430

T. Delude **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Brown to Dark Grey f-m Foundry S Gravel, Roots, Metal Rods (moist, I		with Cobble, f-c	E	BG
2'	Tire excavated	,		E	BG
	Brown SILT and f-m Sand, mixed w (moist, FILL)	vith f-c Grave	el, Roots	Е	BG
A'	Concrete flooters exposed at 3.5', t Contains Cobble, Plastic sheeting,	_	•	E	BG
- <del>-</del>	Contains Copple, Flastic sheeting,	Cilidei Bioci	ns	E	BG
5'				E	BG
6' —	Danier ( a. OAND aring during ( . O			E	BG
7'	Brown f-m SAND mixed with f-c Gr wood and metal (moist, possible re			E	BG
8' —				E	BG
9'				E	BG
10	Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gravel (moist)	, tr. rock frag	ments, tr. clay		
11'	Test Pit Com	plete at 10.0'			
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	<u>.                                    </u>	PROP USED	
Sample paint- sludge 55- gallon drum (PID +300 ppm) F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM		TRACE (TR.)	0-10%		
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM		M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%	
PID= Photoionization D		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
<b>BG= Background Meas</b>	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

8/28/08 Lockport, New York SUB09 BEV-08-020 Rainy, Sl. Breeze, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 596.26' 1238 1316

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** REACH

T. Delude **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown to Black f-m Foundry S		E	BG
1' <i></i>	lesser amounts of tin cans, bottles	, metal, and roots (moist, FILL)		
			E	BG
2'	-			
			E	BG
3'	_			
			E	BG
<b></b> 4'	-			
			E	BG
5' <u></u>			_	
			E	BG
6' —	Excavated metal 55- gallon drum lie		_	
<b>-</b> ,			E	BG
<i>r</i>			_	DC.
0.			E	BG
8'	Excavated plastic bucket and lid		_	BG
9'			E	BG
9			М	BG
10 <b></b>	Grey cobble sized DOLOSTONE (	(moist)		В
10	Grey cobble sized DOLOGTONE (	illoist)		
11'				
- "	Test Pit Com	nlete at 10 0'		
12'	(Top of			
	(100 01	Rocky		
13'	_			
14'				
Domarka	<u> </u>	ADDEVIATIONS	DDOD HCED	1
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	
		F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detector		BN - BROWN V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW		



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/15/08 Lockport, New York SUB10 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe **GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

583.77' 0810 0902

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
4.	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, m			E	BG
1'	amounts of cobble, rebar, wood, sl	ag, and sand	d molds		BC.
2'	(moist, FILL)			E	BG
_				Е	BG
3'					
				E	BG
4' ——	-			_	
				E	BG
5' <u></u>				E	BG
6' —					56
				E	BG
7' —	-				
				E	BG
8' —					<b>DO</b>
9'	_			E	BG
7				Е	BG
10	-				
				E	BG
11'	1				
441				E	BG
12'	1				BG
13'				E	ВС
				E	BG
14'					
	Test Pit Com	plete at 14.0'	<u> </u>		
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
Collect sample under p	ipe (1.0' below ground surface)	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
for analytical testing.		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization D	etector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUB11 BEV-08-020 Overcast, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 595.11' 0822 0837

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
	Black f-m Foundry SAND mixed with Cobble, f-c Gravel, and Roots	E	BG
1'	— with lesser amounts of metal (moist, FILL)		
		E	BG
2'		<u> </u>	
21	Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gravel, tr. silt (moist)	E	BG
3·		E	BG
<b>4</b> '		-  -	В
•	Test Pit Complete at 3.9'		
5' <del></del>			
6'			
7' <del></del>			
8'			
o'			
7			
10 <u></u>			
—— 11' —			
12'			
, <b>.</b> .			
13' <del></del>			
14'			
14			
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	<u> </u>
voniui No.	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM		0-10%
	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIOW	TRACE (TR.)	U-1U /0

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUB12 BEV-08-020 Overcast, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 593.89' 0925 1003

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
DEPIR	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EFFORT	
	IDL LE' E L CAND : L'ILL		NO.
	Black Fine Foundry SAND mixed with lesser amounts of silt,	E	BG
1'	—— metal and roots (moist, FILL)		
		E	BG
2'	Railroad tie excavated		
		E	BG
3'	Brown Fine SAND mixed with Cobble, f-c Gravel, lesser amoun	ts	
	of brick and glass	E	BG
4'	_		
		E	BG
5' <del></del>			
	Brown Silty f-m SAND and Cobble, little f-c Gravel	М	BG
6' —	(moist, possible reworked native soils)		
	Becomes Fine SAND and Cobble, contains lesser amounts of v	vood D	BG
7'	5000moo i mo omito dila obbolo, contamo 10000 amounto di v		
<b>,</b>	Test Pit Complete with Refusal at 7.0'		
8'			
_ • _			
9' <u></u>			
10 <del></del>			
11'			
12'			
13' <del></del>			
14' <u> </u>			
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	1
iveillai və.			
	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEI	DIUM TRACE (TR.)	0-10%

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUB14 BEV-08-020 Partly Cloudy, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 587.55' 1005 1026

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
1'	Dark Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed with Cobble, f-c Gravel, — lesser amount of silt (moist, FILL)	Е	BG
21	,	E	BG
	Contains lesser amounts of brick and vitrification- like f-c gravel	E	BG
3'		D	BG
<b> 4'</b>	Brown to Light Brown Weathered MUDSTONE, lesser amounts     of Subsoils		
5' <del></del>	_		
<b>6'</b>	Test Pit Complete with Refusal at 4.0'		
7'			
8'			
9'			
10	_		
11'			
12'			
13' <del></del>			
14' <u></u>			
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	<u> </u>

Remarks: ABREVIATIONS PROP USED F - FINE 0-10% F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TR.) C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM SOME (SO.) 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB16 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Few Clouds, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 595.40 1317 1350

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
41	Brown f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c	Sand, lesser	amounts silt	E	BG
r	and roots (moist, FILL) Black f-m Foundry SAND, mixed with	th lesser am	ounts of silt	E	BG
2'	(moist, FILL)		/	<u> </u>	
3'	Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gravel, li	ttle Silt (moi	st)	E	BG
41				E	BG
4·				E	BG
5'				E	BG
- 0 —	Cantaina to alan			E	BG
7'	Contains tr. clay			E	BG
8'				Е	BG
9' —				М	BG
10	Brown Mottled Grey Silty CLAY, litt	le f-c Sand (	moist)		
11'				M	BG
12'	Test Pit Com (Top of Weathered Light				
12	(TOP OF Weathered Light	Brown- Grey	widustone)		
13' <del></del>					
14'					
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
	3' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionizatio	n Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUB17 BEV-08-020 Partly Sunny, 60s

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe **GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

588.12 1200 1230

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

T. Delude **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5

THE THREE	1230 INEAGIT			
DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Brown f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c Sand, les	ser amounts of silt	E	BG
1'	— (moist, FILL)			1
	Contains lesser amounts of cobble		E	BG
2'				
	Red- Brown Clayey SILT, little fine Sand, tr.	ravel (moist)	E	BG
3'			- +	
	Brown f-m SAND, tr. clay (moist)		E	BG
4'				
	Brown Mottled Light Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sa	ind (moist)	E	BG
5' <del></del>			_	50
<b>71</b>	Links Drawn to Orac Worth and MUDCTONE		E	BG
<u> </u>	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE		E	BG
7' <u></u>			-	В
,				
8'	Test Pit Complete at 7	<u>ج</u>		
•	rest Fit Complete at 7			
ıo				
7				
10				
.0				
11'				
12'				
—— 13' —	<u> </u>			
14'	<u> </u>			
Remarks:	ABREVIATI	ONS	PROP USED	1
	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARS		LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY

AND



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUB19 BEV-08-020 Partly Cloudy, 70s

CY

FT

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 587.40' 1037 1113

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5

DEPTH	SOIL DES	SOIL DESCRIPTION			REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Brown to Grey with "pockets" of L	•	•	Е	BG
1'	mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amou	nt of cobble,	topsoil and		
	roots (moist, FILL)			E	BG
<b>2'</b> —	Brown COBBLE mixed with f-c Gra	vel, f-c Sand	and Silt	_	
3'	(moist, FILL)			E	BG
<b>3</b>	7			Е	BG
<b>4</b> '	_				В
-				Е	BG
5'	4				
				Е	BG
6' —	Brown Fine SAND, mixed with Silt	(moist, possi	ible FILL)		
	L				BG
<b>7'</b>	Orange- Brown SILT, some fine Sa	nd, tr. roots (	(moist)	_	
8'				E	BG
8 —	Brown to Light Brown Weathered	Drawn to Light Drawn Weethered MUDCTONE come Cubesile			BG
9'	Brown to Light Brown Weathered MUDSTONE some Subsoils (moist)		E		
	(molecy)			E	BG
<b>10</b>	Test Pit Con	plete at 9.5'			
11'	7				
4.51					
12'	7				
13'					
14'					
Remarks:	•	ABREVIATIONS	<u>.                                    </u>	PROP USED	<u>.</u>
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
  PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			
		_ == : ====		ı	



BG= Background, measured in parts per million

#### HAND AUGER FIELD LOG

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PROJECT
CLIENT
CONTRACTOR
FIELD REP
GROUND ELEV

DUSSAULT FOUNDRY
NYSDEC- REGION 9
SJB SERVICES
S. BOCHENEK
576.46

DATE
LOCATION
TEST PIT NO.
PROJECT NO.
WEATHER / TEMP
TIME STARTED
TIME FINISHED

9/18/08
LOCKPORT, NEW YORK
SUB20
BEV-08-020
OVERCAST, COOL
0905
0912

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Brown to Grey Fine Foundry SAND		esser amounts	E	BG
1' <i></i>	of gravel, metal and slag (moist, Fl	LL)		_	
				E	BG
2'					
_				М	BG
	Hand Auger Complet	e with Refusa	al at 2.2'		
3' —	_				
4.					
4. —					
5' <u></u>	_				
6' —	_				
7'	_				
8,					
9'					
-					
10' <u> </u>		_			
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

9/15/08 Lockport, New York SUB21 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 544.11' 0952 1040

S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL	DESCRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
41	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAN	•	vel, Metal, lesser	E	BG
	amounts of bricks (moist, FI Brown f-c SAND, some f-c Gra		 r. roots	E	BG
2'	(moist, reworked native soils)			E	BG
3'	_			E	BG
<b> 4'</b>	_				В
5' <del></del>				Е	BG
<b>6'</b>				E	BG
	Brown SILT, little f-c Sand, tr.	gravel (moist)		E	BG
7'				E	BG
8'				E	BG
—— 9' —	_				
10	Brown to Grey Silty CLAY, littl	e weathered Mud	 stone	_ E	BG
11'				E	BG
				E	BG
12'				E	BG
—— 13' —				E	BG
14'					
	Test Pit	Complete at 14.0'			
emarks:		ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/2/08 Lockport, New York SUB22 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 595.32' 1109 1145

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
	TOP	SOIL		E	BG
1'	Brown f-m Foundry SAND mixed w		nounts of silt		
	(moist, FILL)			E	BG
2'	Becomes Light Brown			Е	BG
3, ——				E	BG
4' —	-			_	
5' —				E	BG
6' —				E	BG
7'				E	BG
,				E	BG
8' —	-				
9' —				E	BG
10	Took Bit Con	nnlete et 0 El		E	BG
10 —	lest Fit Con	nplete at 9.5'			
11'	+				
421					
12'					
13'	-				
14'					
	1				
Remarks:	<u>.                                    </u>	ABREVIATIONS	·	PROP USED	<u> </u>
Collect sample at 0.2'-	2.0' fpr analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	-	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization D	etector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUB23 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Few Clouds, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 589.84' 1240 1300

**OPERATOR** T. Delude MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Brown COBBLE and f-c Gravel, mi — amounts of silt (moist, FILL)	xed with f-c S	Sand, lesser	D	BG
2'	Red- Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gra	 avel tr silt <i>(</i> n		E	BG
3'	Neu Brown in Grand, maio i G Gra	2 v 0 i, i i v 0 iii (ii		E	BG
4'	Cray Silay CLAV at good (moist)			E	BG
•	<ul> <li>Grey Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)</li> <li>Light Brown Silty CLAY and Weath</li> </ul>		ONE (moist)	E	BG
5'				E	BG
6' —					
7' —	- Test Pit Con	nplete at 6.0'			
8' <u></u>	_				
9' <u></u>					
10	_				
11'					
12'					
13'					
14' <u></u>	_				
Remarks:	<u>.</u>	ABREVIATIONS	6	PROP USED	
Water entering excava	ation at 5.0'	F - FINE C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	TRACE (TR.) LITTLE (LI.) SOME (SO.)	0-10% 10 - 20%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	GR - GRAY BN - BROWN	M - MEDIUM V-VERY	AND	20 -35% 35 - 50%



#### HAND AUGER FIELD LOG

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PROJECT
CLIENT
CONTRACTOR
FIELD REP
GROUND ELEV

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background, measured in parts per million

DUSSAULT FOUNDRY
NYSDEC- REGION 9
SJB SERVICES
S. BOCHENEK
579.23

DATE
LOCATION
TEST PIT NO.
PROJECT NO.
WEATHER / TEMP
TIME STARTED
TIME FINISHED

9/18/08
LOCKPORT, NEW YORK
SUB26
BEV-08-020
OVERCAST, COOL
0915
0923

AND

35 - 50%

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
	Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amounts	E	BG
41		-	В
1'	of silt and roots (moist, FILL)		
		E	BG
2'	-		
		E	BG
3' —			
	Hand Auger Complete at 2.8'		
	(Auger Hole Collapsing)		
الم	(Auger Hole Collapsing)		
7			
5' —			
6' —	-		
⊢ י <b>ד</b> ——	-		
8'			
8			
9' —			
10'	-		
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	·
			0.400/
	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

BN - BROWN V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**REACH** 

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUB27 BEV-08-020 Partly Sunny, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 594.21' 1352 1417

**OPERATOR** T. Delude MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
	Topsoil with f-c Gravel (moist, FILL)	E	BG
1'	Excavated Railroad Tie	_	
	Brown SILT, mixed with fine Sand, lesser amounts of wood	E	BG
2'	(moist, reworked native soil)	_/	
01	Light Brown Silty CLAY, little f-c Gravel, tr. sand, occasional Sand	-'   E	BG
3'	Iaminations (moist)	Е	BG
A'	— Grey f-c gravel sized DOLOSTONE Fragments, little		В
	cobble sized Dolostone Fragments mixed with	Е	BG
5'	Mudstone Fragments		50
J	madione i ragmento	Е	BG
6'			
7' <u></u>	Test Pit Complete at 6.0'		
8'			
9' <u></u>			
10			
10			
11'			
• •			
12'			
13' <del></del>			
14'	<del> </del>		
emarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TR.) 0-10% C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% SOME (SO.) GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/2/08 Lockport, New York SUB31 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 595.68' 1030 1107

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

R. Steiner	
New Holland	
0.3	CY
18.5	FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK		
				EFFORT	NO.		
	Dark Brown TOPSOIL (moist, FILL)			E	BG		
<u> </u>	Contains f-m Foundry SAND	Contains f-m Foundry SAND					
	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, some fine		ne Gravel	E	BG		
2'	(moist, possible reworked native s	oils)					
				E	BG		
3'	-						
				E	BG		
4' —	•						
	Excavated wood			E	BG		
<b>5'</b>	†						
				E	BG		
6' —							
	Red- Brown Fine SAND and Silt, lit	tle Gravel		E	BG		
7'	(moist)						
				E	BG		
8,	•						
				E	BG		
9' —							
10 —	Test Pit Con	-					
	(Top of E	Bedrock)					
<u> </u>	1						
12'	1						
13'	1						
<b> 14'</b>	1						
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED			
Water entering test pit a	at 9.0'.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%		
J J		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%		
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%		
PID= Photoionization D		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%		
BG= Background Meas	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW					



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/2/08 Lockport, New York SUB32 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 595.21' 1331 1420

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRI	PTION	EXCAV	REMARK
	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND, mixed	d with lesser amounts of silt	EFFORT E	NO. BG
1'	(moist, FILL) Light Brown f-c SAND mixed Clay lam	inations (moist, FILL)	E	BG
2'	Excavated railroad ties		E	BG
3'	- 	E	BG	
4'		E	BG	
5'		E	BG	
—— 6' ——		E	BG	
— <i>r</i> —		E	BG	
8'	Grey Mottled Red- Brown Clayey SILT, tr. sand (moist)		E	BG
9' —			E	BG
10 11'	Test Pit Complete at 10.0' (Top of Dolostone)			
12'				
—— 13' ——	_			
14'	_			
Remarks:	AB	REVIATIONS	PROP USED	

Collect sample and duplicate at 0.5'- 1.0' for analytical F - FINE 0-10% F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TR.) testing. C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% SOME (SO.) GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/2/08 Lockport, New York SUB36 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 596.80' 1505 1541

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND, m — coal (moist, FILL)	ixed with less	ser amounts of	E	BG
•		Contains f-c Gravel, lesser amounts Railroad ties			BG
2'				E	0.9 ppm
3'	Becomes Light Grey			E	BG
4'	Red- Brown Clayey SILT, little fine	Sand (moist)	 /ر		
5'	Orange- Brown f-m SAND, some S  occasional Silty Clay laminations (		ravel,	E	BG
6'	occasional only olay laminations	illoisty		E	BG
				Е	BG
7' <u></u>					
8'	Becomes Dark Grey, contains som	e Silty Clay		E	BG
9' 10		nplete at 9.0' olostone)			
11'					
12'					
13'					
14'					
		<del>-</del>			
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
Collect sample at 3.0	' for analytical tests.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%

YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB37 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

1435 1503 **OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** CY 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	SOIL DESCRIPTION			REMARI NO.
1'	Light Brown f-c GRAVEL mixed wit — of silt (moist, FILL)	h f-c Sand, l	esser amounts	EFFORT E	BG
<u> </u>	Becomes Dark Brown			E	BG
2'	Light Brown f-c SAND, little Silt, tr.	gravel (mois	<del>i</del>	E	BG
3'				E	BG
4'				E	BG
5' <del></del>				E	BG
<b>—</b> 6' —	Becomes Dark Brown Mottled f-c S	and and Silt	(moist)	E	BG
7' <u></u>	_		( 7	E	BG
8' <u></u>	_			E	
9'	_				BG
10				E	BG
—— 11' ——	Test Pit Com (Top of Brown to				
	(100 01 210 1111 10	Oroy madou	,,		
12'					
—— 13' ——	_				
14'	_				
emarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	<u>.                                    </u>	PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB41 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 596.70' 0932 1008

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPT	ION	EXCAV	REMARK
DEFIN	SOIL DESCRIPT	ION	EFFORT	NO.
	Doub Drown for Foundary CAND retired wi	4h Cilt Ionnan amazunta		
4.	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mixed wi	th Siit, lesser amounts	E	BG
1'	— of wood (moist, FILL)			
			E	BG
2'				
			E	BG
3'	Becomes Light Brown			
			E	BG
4'	_			
			E	BG
5' <del></del>	Mixed with lesser amounts of f-c Gravel			
			E	BG
6' —	_			
	Test Pit Complete	at 5.2'		
7' <u></u>	— (Top of Mudsto			
	` '	•		
8'	_			
9'				
_				
10	_			
10				
11'				
• •				
12'				
12				
13'				
14'				
14				
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Remarks:	ABRE	VIATIONS	PROP USED	
	F - FIN	IE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
			Ī	

C - COARSE LITTLE (LI.) F/C-FINE/COARSE 10 - 20% SOME (SO.) GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**REACH** 

9/3/08 **Lockport, New York** SUB42 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 596.39' 0848 0931

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMAR
DEFIN	SOIL DESCRIPTION			
			EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown TOPSOIL mixed with lesser amounts of f-c	gravel	E	BG
1'	and f-c sand (moist, FILL)			
	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mixed with lesser amount	unts of silt	E	BG
<u> </u>	(moist, FILL)			
			E	BG
— 3' ——				
	Becomes Light Brown		E	BG
<b>— 4'</b> ——	_			
	Grey cobble sized DOLOSTONE Fragments mexed with	n lesser	E	BG
— 5' —	amounts of f-c gravel, f-c sand, silt and wood			
	(moist, FILL)		М	BG
<u> </u>				
			M	BG
— 7' —	_			
			M	BG
— 8' —				
			M	BG
— 9' —			-	
	Test Pit Complete at 9.0'			
— 10 —	(Top of Dolostone)			
	, , ,			
— 11' —				
— 12' —				
_ <del></del>				
— 13' —				
14'				
arks:	ABREVIATIONS	•	PROP USED	<u> </u>
ai no.				
	F - FINE F/M - FII	NE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB43 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 596.17' 0820 0847

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	RIPTION	EXCAV	REMAR
			EFFORT	NO.
	TOPSOIL mixed with f-c Gravel, less	ser amounts of silt	E	BG
1'	(moist, FILL/ Crush Gravel)			
	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mix	ed with f-c Gravel, lesser	E	BG
— 2' —	amounts of silt (moist, FILL)			
			E	BG
— 3' ——	Light Prown f m SAND and Silty Cla	w (moist)	E	BG
A'	Light Brown f-m SAND and Silty Cla	ly (moist)	-	В
	Contains tr. silty clay		Е	BG
5'	— Somanie ar enty slay			
			E	BG
<u> </u>	_			
			E	BG
— <b>7</b> ' —			_	
8'	Becomes Red- Brown Clayey f-m Sa	and, tr. gravel (moist)	E	BG
— <b>8</b> —			М	BG
— 9' —				50
-	Test Pit Com	plete at 9.0'		
— 10 —	(Top of Do	lostone)		
— 11' —			<u> </u>	
431				
— 12' —				
— 13' —				
14'				
arks:		ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	-
		F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
			1 ' '	

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY

AND



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

Page 1 of 2 **DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

REACH

MAKE/ MODEL

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB46 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 586.27 0905 0950

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION			EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK
	Dark Brown to Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed with Cobble,				NO.
4.		SAND mixed	with Cobble,	E	BG
1	f-c Gravel and Roots (moist, FILL)	Excavated railroad tie pieces, lesser amount glass			BG
2' —	-Excavated railroad tie pieces, lesse				BG
3' ——	Contains lesser amount of wood				BG
4' —					BG
5' —	_				BG
6' —	Contains lesser amount of metal				BG
7'	-				BG
8, —	-			Е	BG
9'				E	BG
10 —	Contains the selected Limbs Brown fire	f d 0		E	BG
11'	Contains "pockets" Light Brown fir	ne rounary S	and	E	BG
12'				E	BG
13' —— 14' ——	Contains lessor amounts of along fi	ro brioko om	d little f e greval	E	BG
14	Contains lesser amounts of slag, fi sized coke			E	BG
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	<u></u>	PROP USED	
Collected sample at 15	.6' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization [	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

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Page 2 of 2 **DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB46 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

CY

FT

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

0905 0950 **OPERATOR** R. Steiner **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** 0.3 REACH 18.5

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
15'				D	BG
				. D	BG
16'	Test Pit Com				
17'	Top of Light Brown V	veathered wi	uustone		
18'					
19'					
20¹					
21'					
22'					
23'					
24'					
25'					
26'					
27'					
28'					
		<del> </del>			
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
Collected sample at 15.6'		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
DID_ Dheteienizetien Detect	10 ×	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detect		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Measured	in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB47 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 595.67' 1225 1240

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
<b>52</b>	33.2323			EFFORT	NO.
1'	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mi — (moist, FILL)	xed with Rail	road Ties	E	BG
				. E	BG
2'	Orange- Brown f-c SAND, little f-c	Gravel (mois	t)	- E	BG
3'	Brown to Grey DOLOSTONE				В
				E	BG
4·				E	BG
5' <u></u>	Test Pit Cor	nplete at 4.5'			
6' —					
<b>7'</b>	_				
8'	_				
9'					
9					
10	<del>-</del>				
11'					
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	<u> </u>	PROP USED	<u> </u>
Collect sample at 1.5	' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
DO D 1 114					

YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services B. Fabian

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB48 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 595.86' 1057 1221

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK		
				EFFORT	NO.		
	Brown f-m Foundry SAND mixed w	ith lesser am	nounts of silt	Е	BG		
1'	(moist, FILL)						
•	Brown f-c SAND mixed with lesser	amounts of	silt	Е	BG		
2º			Siit	_			
_				Е	BG		
3'					В		
s	7			Е	BG		
41				_	В		
4-	D DOLOGTONE			<b>.</b>	5.0		
	Brown DOLOSTONE			М	BG		
5' <del></del>	7						
				М	BG		
6' —	-						
				М	BG		
7'							
	Brown MUDSTONE			1			
<b>8</b> ' —	-		<u> </u>				
	Test Pit Con	plete at 7.5'					
9'	-						
10	_						
11'							
• •							
12'	_						
12							
401							
13'							
14'	†						
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED			
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%		
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%		
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%		
PID= Photoionization [		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%		
BG= Background Meas	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW					



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB49 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 595.49' 1010 1049

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION			EXCAV	REMARK				
				EFFORT	NO.				
	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mix	ked with Top	soil (moist, FILL)	E	BG				
1'				_					
<b></b>	Contains f-c Gravel	- C:II		E	BG				
2' —	Light Brown f-m SAND, mixed with Clay laminations (moist, possible I		S	E	BG				
3'	Ciay iaiiiiiations (moist, possible i	icc)		_	В				
				Е	BG				
4' ——	_								
				E	BG				
5' <u></u>	1								
				E	BG				
6' —	-				<b>DO</b>				
<b>7</b> ,				E	BG				
<b>'</b>				Е	BG				
8'									
_									
9' —	Test Pit Con	plete at 8.0'							
	(Top of	Rock)							
10	-								
441									
11'	1								
12'									
'2									
13'	4								
14'	4								
			<u>.</u>						
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	<u></u>	PROP USED					
Collect sample at 2.0' fo			F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%				
MS/ MSD		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%				
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%				
PID= Photoionization D	etector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%				
	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW							



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB53 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 596.15 1312 1335

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Brown Fine Foundry SAND mixed ties and spikes (moist, FILL)	with Crush S	itone, Railroad	Е	BG
-				. E	BG
2'	Red- Brown to Brown Fine SAND, Silt laminations (moist)	some Silt, tr.	gravel, occasional	E	BG
3'					
A'				E	BG
4	Grey Weathered DOLOSTONE (mo	ist)		М	BG
5' <del></del>				D	BG
6'	— Test Pit Complete		at 5.5'	_	-
7'	(Competer	nt Bedrock)			
8'					
9' —					
10					
11'					
12'					
13' <del></del>					
14'					
14					
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	S	PROP USED	<u> </u>
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
DID Dhataianiastic	- Detector	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Me	easured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** B. Fabian

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB54 BEV-08-020 Partly Cloudy, Cool

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 596.11' 1250 1340

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	RIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c Sa	-	-	E	BG
1'	Brown f-m Foundry SAND, mixed wi	ith lesser an	nounts of silt	_	
-	(moist, FILL)		/	E	BG
2'	Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist, p	ossible rew	orked native soils)		D0
3'	Contains some f-c Sand, tr. gravel			E	BG
s	10- inch steel pipe exposed			Е	BG
<b>4</b> '	Brown f-c SAND, tr. gravel, tr. silt (m	noist)			ВО
-	Siewii i e e a uie, ui giavei, ui eiit (ii	10101,		Е	BG
5' <del></del>	_			_	
	<b> </b>			М	BG
6'		Brown to Grey DOLOSTONE FRAGMENTS and some f-c Sand			
	(moist)			M	BG
7' <u></u>					
				M	BG
8' <u></u>					
9'	Test Pit Comp	nloto at 8 4'			
7	rest Fit Comp	Jiele al 0.4			
10					
11' <del></del>	_				
12'	_				
—— 13' —					
14' <u> </u>	<del></del>				
			<u> </u>		
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
	Į.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	ŀ	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	ŀ	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
ID= Photoionization	n Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%

YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

9/10/08 Lockport, New York SUB55 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 595.48' 1418 1456

S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%

35 - 50%

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
1'	Brown- Grey f-c SAND mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amounts silt, and organics (moist, possible topsoil)	E	BG
•	Dark Grey Fine Foundry SAND (moist, FILL)	E	BG
2'	Red- Brown Silty CLAY mixed with lesser amounts of f-c gravel and f-c sand (moist, reworked native soils)	E	BG
3'	Dark Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed with lesser amounts of		
<b>4</b> '	glass, metal, brick, contains occasional Ash laminations —— (moist, FILL)	E	BG
	Contains Cobble layer at 4.0'	E	BG
5' <del></del>	Contains f-c Sand, f-c Gravel and Silty Clay Light Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)	E	BG
—— 6' ——		E	BG
7' <u></u>	Contains occasional f-m Sand seams	М	BG
8'			
9' —	Test Pit Complete at 8.0' Top of Dolomite		
10			
11' <del></del>			
12'			
13' <del></del>			
14'			
emarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB58 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

CY

FT

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 1000 1100

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5

DEPTH	SOIL DE	SCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMAR
			EFFORT	NO.
	Brown to Grey Fine Foundry SAN	ID mixed with Cobble, lesser	E	BG
1'	— amounts metal and roots (moist,	•		
	Contains f-c Gravel, excavated fo	•	E	BG
<u> </u>	Contains lesser amounts of brick	and ash		
01	0	Conservation III formation	E	BG
<u> </u>	Contains lesser amounts of slag, sand molds	tin cans, "nard" foundry	М	BG
A'	sand moids		IVI	ВС
- 4			м	BG
5'	Contains f-c gravel and sand size	ed Slag fragments. lesser		
_	amounts of white brick fragments	<u> </u>	м	BG
<u> </u>	_			
			E	BG
— <b>7</b> ' —	Contains lesser amounts of rubb	er and coke		
			E	BG
<u> </u>			_	
			E	BG
— 9' —			Е	BG
<u> </u>	Contains "pockets" Light Brown	Foundry Sand		В
10	Contains pockets Light Brown	Touridry Sand	E	BG
— 11' —			_	
			E	BG
<u> </u>				
			E	BG
— 13' —	<del> </del>			
			E	BG
14'	Test Dit Co	mplete at 15.0'	E	BG
<del></del>	y Test Fit Co	<del>-  </del>		
narks:		ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

Test pit contains more "garbage" compared to others. F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TR.) 0-10% Collect sample at 10.0' for analytical testing. C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM SOME (SO.) 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB59 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 594.68' 1343 1419

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

			-		
DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with lesse	er amounts o	f silt (moist, FILL)	E	BG
1'					
	Red- Brown Silty CLAY mixed with		and	E	BG
2'	(moist, possible reworked native s	oils)		_	
21	Clay pipe excavated			E	BG
3'	Contains Mudstone fragments			E	BG
<b>4</b> '				_	В
<b>"</b>				Е	BG
5'				_	
	Grey to Light Brown Weathered M	UDSTONE		E	BG
6' —					
	Test Pit Com	plete at 5.5'			
7'					
8' —					
0					
9' —					
10					
.0					
11'					
12'					
13'	1				
14'	†				
			<u> </u>		
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detector		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB60 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 587.63' 1430 1444

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%

35 - 50%

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Brown TOPSOIL mixed with f-c Gravel and f-c Sa	nd	E	BG
1'	— (moist, FILL)			
			E	BG
2'				
	Becomes Brown f-c GRAVEL mixed with Cobble	and lesser	E	BG
3'	amounts of f-c sand (moist)	/		
4·	Test Pit Complete at 2.8'			
5'	(Top of Mudstone)			
5				
6'				
<b>U</b>				
7' <u></u>	_			
•				
8' <u></u>	_			
'P'	_			
10 <u></u>	_			
——————————————————————————————————————	$\dashv$			
12'				
401				
13'				
14'				
14"	<b></b>			
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services T. Hellert

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/3/08 Lockport, New York SUB61 BEV-08-020 **Partly Cloudy, Cool** 

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 585.30' 1446 1600

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Light Brown CLAY mixed with f-c	Sand (moist,	FILL)	E	BG
2'				E	10 ppm
_	Brown f-m SAND mixed with lesse	er amounts of	silt (moist, FILL)	E	45 ppm
3'	Becomes Dark Grey mixed with f-	c Gravel, petr	oleum odor noted	E	120 ppm
4'	Brown SILT mixed with f-m Sand,		asional fine	E	120 ppm
5' <del></del>	Sand seams, oil staining noted (m	oist, FILL)		E	120 ppm
6'	— Test Pit Co	mplete at 5.5'			
<b>7'</b>					
8'					
9'	_				
10	_				
11'					
12'					
13' <del></del>					
14'					
14	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
Collect samples at 2.	5' and 4.0' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%

YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry** NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services B. Fabian

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP Cloudy, Cool

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB62 BEV-08-020

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 583.88' 0825 0900

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** REACH

R. Steiner	
New Holland	
0.3	CY
18.5	FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mi			E	BG
1'	slag, metal, brick and miscellaneou	us debris (mo	oist, FILL)		
21				E	BG
				E	BG
3'	_			_	
				E	BG
4				Е	BG
5' —				E	BG
6' —				E	BG
				E	BG
8' —				E	BG
9'				E	BG
10	_			E	BG
11'	-				
421	Province Silter CLAV to cond (majet)			E	BG
12'	Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)			1	
13'	Test Pit Com	plete at 12.0	•		<del> </del>
	(Top of D	olostone)			
14'	7				
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	 S	PROP USED	1
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM					20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Mea	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB63 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 593.40' 0810 0842

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCR	RIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
41	Brown f-c GRAVEL, mixed with Cobb	ole, f-c Sand, Silt (moist, FILL)	E	BG
1	Red- Brown f-m SAND mixed with les		E	BG
2'	cobble, silt (moist, reworked native s	soils)	E	BG
<b> 3'</b>	_			
4'	— Contains f-c Gravel and Cobble		E	BG
			E	BG
5' <del></del>	Grey Rock Fragments (Dolostone)			
<b>6'</b>	— Test Pit Comp	lete at 5.0'		
7' <u></u>	_			
8'				
9' <u></u>	_			
10	_			
11'				
12'	_			
— 13' —				
10				
14'	<del>- </del>			
marks:		BREVIATIONS	PROP USED	l
	F	- FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB64 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 594.34' 0849 0914

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c S	and, lesser a	mounts of silt	E	BG
1'	(moist, FILL/ crush stone)		./	_	
	\ Black Fine Foundry SAND (moist	·	/	E	BG
2' ——	Red- Brown SILT, mixed with fine S			_	50
21	occasional fine Sand laminations ( Contains Cobble	moist, rewor	ked native soils)	E	BG
3, ——	Contains Cobble			E	BG
<b>4</b> '				_	В
<b>-</b>				E	BG
5' <u></u>				_	
				М	BG
6' —	-				
	Brown Rock Fragments (Dolostone	•		М	BG
7' ——	lesser amounts of f-c gravel and	roots (moist,	, FILL)		
8' —	Test Pit Con	nplete at 7.0'			
9' —					
10 —	_				
10					
11'	4				
12'	-				
13'	1				
14'	+				
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detector		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB65 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 590.79 0918 9057

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
1'	TOPSOIL mixed with Cobble, f-c Gravel and lesser amounts of  f-c sand, brick, wood, and metal (moist, FILL)	E	BG
		E	BG
2		E	BG
3'		D	BG
<b> 4'</b>	Cobble and Metal become more numerous	D	BG
5' <del></del>			
6'		D	BG
•	Test Pit Complete at 6.0'		
7' <u></u>	(Top of Light Brown to Grey Weathered Mudstone)		
8'	_		
9' —			
10			
11'			
12'			
13' <del></del>			
14'			
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	
	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB67 BEV-08-020 Partly Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 583.38' 1110 1143

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 CY **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Grey Fine Foundry SAND, mixed w	th f-c Gravel, Cobble,	E	BG
1'	— and Rebar (moist, FILL)			
	Excavated boulder sized Concrete		_ E	BG
2'	Red- Brown f-m Sand, little f-c Grav	rel, little Silt		
	(moist, reworked native soils)		_ E	BG
3'	Dark Grey fine Foundry Sand, mixe			
	Cobble, lesser amounts wood (moi		E	BG
4'	Becomes Light Brown f-m Foundry		_	
	Light Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (m	noist)	E	BG
5' <del></del>				
<b>7.1</b>	Light Brown to Grey Weathered N	MUDSTONE	D	BG
<u> </u>	Took Bit Com	whate of F 41		
71	Test Pit Com	piete at 5.4		
8'				
J				
9'				
•				
10 <u></u>				
—— 11' —	<u></u>			
12'				
—— 13' —	$\dashv$			
14'	<del> </del> -		-	
emarks:		ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	
ollect sample at 2 (	)' for analytical testing.	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/10/08 Lockport, New York SUB68 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 574.49' 1040 1132

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

M. Gaudy **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND m	nixed with roo	ots (moist, FILL)	EFFORT	BG
1'		iixca witii iot	oto (moiot, i iee)	_	
				E	BG
2'	Contains numerous Light Brown f	oundry molds	s/ casts, lesser		
	amounts of rebar			E	BG
3'				М	BG
4'	Contains Cobble and f-c Gravel			IVI	В
•				М	BG
5' <del></del>					
				E	BG
6'	Contains lesser amount of plastic				BC.
7'	Light Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gr	avel (moist)		E	BG
•	Light brown 1-in SAND, intie 1-c Or	avei (illoist)		E	BG
8' <u></u>					_
				D	BG
9' <u></u>	Grey DOLOSTONE		/		
10	Took Dit Con	anlata at 0 0!			
10	Test Fit Con	nplete at 8.9'			
11'					
12'					
401					
—— 13' ——					
14'					
Remarks:	<u>.</u>	ABREVIATIONS	<del> </del>	PROP USED	<u>I</u>
	6' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
F	,	C - COARSE		LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	D= Photoionization Detector		V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
	asured in Parts Per Million	BN - BROWN YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB69 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 70s

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe **GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

1342 1412 R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
1'	Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed w — f-c gravel and cobble (moist, FILL)		ounts of	E	BG
	Contains Clay Pipe			E	BG
2' ——	Red- Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gr	avel, some Sil	t (moist)	E	BG
3'					
4' —				E	BG
,	Brown Rounded COBBLE, some f-	c Gravel, little	e f-c Sand (moist)	E	BG
5' <del></del>				E	BG
<b>6'</b>				E	BG
<b>7'</b> —	<del>-</del>				-
<b>8</b> ' —	Test Pit Cor	nplete at 7.5'		E	BG
9' —					
_					
10 —					
11' —					
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	<u> </u>	PROP USED	
Collect sample at 0-1	I.0' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
-		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%

YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB70 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 593.76' 1442 1502

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 CY **REACH** 18.5 FT

		EFFORT	l
		LITOKI	NO.
	Brown to Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c Sand, lesser amounts	E	BG
1'	— of silt (moist, FILL/ crush stone)		
	Black to Brown COBBLE mixed with f-c Sand and Silt, lesser	E	BG
2'	amounts of gravel and brick (moist, FILL)		
	Red- Brown f-m SAND, mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amounts of	E	BG
3'	— brick and metal		
	Pipe exposed	E	BG
<b>—— 4'</b> ——	— Grades to Brown to Light Brown		
	Pipe exposed	E	BG
5' <del></del>	Railroad ties excavated		
		М	BG
<u> </u>		_	
		_ D	BG
—— 7' —	T + P' 0 - 1 + 1 + 0 1		
	Test Pit Complete with Refusal at 6.8'		
8'	(Top of Dolostone)		
01			
9'			
40			
10			
11'			
12'			
12			
13' <del></del>			
<u> </u>			
14'			
<del> 14</del>			
emarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TR.) 0-10% C - COARSE LITTLE (LI.) F/C-FINE/COARSE 10 - 20% SOME (SO.) GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/5/08 **Lockport, New York** SUB71 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

Small diameter pipe exposed at 3.9' (north end.)

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

PID= Photoionization Detector

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 592.65 1057 1136

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%

35 - 50%

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
1'	Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amounts — of silt (moist, FILL)	E	BG
	Grey f-c GRAVEL (moist, FILL/ crush stone)  Red- Brown Silty Fine SAND mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser	М	BG
2 —	amounts of cobble, rebar, plastic, and brick	D	BG
3'	—— (moist, reworked native soils)  Brick fragments become numerous	D	BG
<b>—— 4'</b> ——	Contains reinforced Concrete	D	BG
5' <u></u>		D	BG
6'	Red- Brown Fine SAND, little f-c Gravel, little Silt		ВС
7' <u></u>	(moist, possible FILL)		
8'	Test Pit Complete with Refusal at 6.0'		
——————————————————————————————————————			
10			
11'			
12'			
13'			
14'			
emarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB73 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 583.39 1318 1400

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

AND

35 - 50%

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Foundry SAND mixed			E	BG
1' <i></i>	Roots and lesser amounts of cobb	ole and slag (	moist, FILL)	_	
	White to Black ASH (moist, FILL)			E	BG
2'	Contains Silty Clay				
	Light Brown Silty CLAY mixed wit	h fine Sand (r	noist, FILL)	E	BG
3'	<b>⊣</b>			_	
	Small diameter pipe exposed			E	BG
4' —	Small diameter pipe exposed				
				E	BG
5' <u> </u>					_
	Light Brown Weathered MUDST	ONE	/	E	BG
6' —	_				
	Test Pit Cor	mplete at 5.5'			
<b> 7'</b>					
8, —					
9' —					
10 —	_				
11'					
12'					
13' <del></del>					
14'	<del> </del>				
Remarks:	•	ABREVIATIONS	<del> </del>	PROP USED	
Colect sample from	1.1' to 2.0' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE		LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	_	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB74 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 580.49' 1400 1437

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTI	ON	EXCAV	REMAR
			EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND mixed w		E	BG
1'	Roots and lesser amounts of cobble and		_	
	Contains "pockets" of Light Brown fine F	oundry Sand	E	BG
<u> </u>	Light Province Clayer Cli T. tr. gravel		<u> </u>	DC.
21	Light Brown Clayey SILT, tr. gravel —(moist, possible reworked native soils) (2	2 southand 6.2 northand)	E	BG
— <b>3</b> —	(moist, possible reworked native soils) (2	.z southend, 6.z northend)	E	BG
4'	— Contains tr. metal		_	
-	Contains it: metal		Е	BG
— 5' —			_	
			E	BG
<u> </u>	_			
			E	BG
— 7' —	<del></del>			
	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTO	NE	E	BG
— 8' —			М	BG
9'				1 50
— 10 —	Test Pit Complete a	nt 9.0'		
— 11' —				
461				
— 12' —				
— 13' —				
13				
14'				
arks:	ABREV	ATIONS	PROP USED	1
	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
			` ′	

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

9/10/08 Lockport, New York SUB75 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 555.68' 1239 1310

M. Gaudy **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCR	IPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
1'	Dark Grey f-c GRAVEL mixed with fin  lesser amounts of brick and silt (mois		E	BG
·	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND mixe	ed with f-c Gravel, lesser	E	BG
2'	amounts of metal, brick, and silt (moi	st, FILL)	E	BG
3'				
A!			E	BG
4	Brown Weathered MUDSTONE		E	BG
5' <del></del>				
6'				
7' <u></u>	Test Pit Compl	ete at 6.0'		
,				
8' <u></u>				
9' <u></u>	_			
10				
11' <del></del>				
12'				
13'				
14'				
Remarks:	AE	BREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB76 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 594.13' 1010 1051

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
1'	Grey Fine Foundry SAND, mixed w of silt (moist, FILL)	ith f-c Gravel	, lesser amounts	E	BG
2' —	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, some fine (moist, reworked native soils)	Sand, little f-	c Gravel	E	BG
_	(motot, roworkou nativo conc)			E	BG
3' ——	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, some fine	Sand, tr. grav	vel (moist)	E	BG
4'	- 3.9- top of pipe exposed			E	BG
5' <u></u>	bottom of pipe			E	BG
6'					
7'	Red- Brown Fine SAND, some Silty	Clay (moist)	)	E	BG
	Light Brown to Grey DOLOSTONE			D	BG
8,	Took Bit Com	mlote of 9 0!			
9' —	Test Pit Com	ipiete at 6.0			
10 —	-				
11'	4				
12'					
401					
13'					
14'	+				
D	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>		
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
Fill to 5.0' southside		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
Fill to 1.0' northside		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization D		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/4/08 Lockport, New York SUB77 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Few Clouds, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 591.79' 1414 1430

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
1'	Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amountopsoil and silt (moist, FILL)	nts	E	BG
21			E	BG
— 2' ——	Red- Brown to Brown Fine SAND, some Silt, little f-c Gravel, tr. cobble (moist, reworked native soils)		E	BG
— 3' ——			E	BG
<b>— 4'</b> —	Red- Brown Fine SAND, some Silt, little f-c Gravel (moist)		E	BG
5'				
— 6' —			E	BG
— 7' —			E	BG
-	<u></u>		E	BG
— 8' —	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE			
— 9' —	Test Pit Complete at 7.5'			
<u> </u>				
— 11' —				
— 12' —				
— 13' —				
14'				
arks:	ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	<u> </u>

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB78 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe **GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

587.90' 1224 1250

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** CY 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
1'	Brown f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c — mounts of silt and brick (moist, FIL			E	BG
	Becomes Red- Brown, mixed with		-	E	BG
2'	coke Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (m		/	E	BG
3'	Contains weathered rock fragment	•			
	Top of Light Brown Weathered M			E	BG
<b> 4'</b>	Test Pit Com	unlete at 3 /l'			
5'	Test in oon	ipicie at 0.4			
6'					
<b>7'</b> —	_				
<b>8'</b> —					
9'					
10					
11'					
12'					
13' <del></del>					
14'					
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%

YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/5/08 Lockport, New York SUB79 BEV-08-020 Cloudy, Windy, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 583.30' 1300 1316

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEDTU	SOU DESC	PRINTION		EVCA)/	DEMARK
DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK
	Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c Sa	and lessors	mounts of	EFFORT	NO.
11	silt and cobble (moist, FILL)	anu, iessei d	/ /IIIIIIIIII	-	66
	Light Brown to Grey Weathered N	UDSTONE		Е	BG
2'	Light Brown to Orey Weathered I	IODO I OIAL		<u> </u>	
_				М	BG
3'					
	Contains occasional Clay seams			М	BG
4' —	,				
				1	
5' <del></del>	Test Pit Com	plete at 4.2'			
6' —					
7'					
8'					
9'					
<b>,</b>					
10					
11' ——					
12'					
13' <del></del>					
4.41					
14'	1				
		<u>.                                    </u>			
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization De	etector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Measu	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/8/08 Lockport, New York SUB80 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Few Clouds, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 581.95' 1330 1405

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%

35 - 50%

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	RIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
1'	Grey to Black layered f-c GRAVEL n  Cobble, f-c Sand and lesser amount			E	BG
31		.o or ooar (me	5.50, 1.122)	E	BG
2 —	Becomes Red- Brown, large Cemen	t Fragment (	southend) unable	D	BG
3·	to excavate  Red- Brown f-m Sand, mixed with	Silt, lesser a	mounts coal	D	BG
4' —	─ \(\(\)(moist, FILL\) Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (mo	oist)	/	M	BG
5' <u></u>	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MU	DSTONE			
6'	Test Pit Comp			E	BG
	- rest Fit Comp	piete at 3.3			
7·	-				
8, —	-				
9' —	_				
10 —	-				
11'	_				
12'	-		•		<u> </u>
13'	_		1		
14'	_				
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
Collect sample at 1.5'	or analytical testing	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	'	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/8/08 Lockport, New York SUB82 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Calm, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

placement of clay pipe.

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 594.47' 0832 1009

S. Davis **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL	DESCRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SA lesser amounts of wood and			E	BG
2'		,	,	E	BG
3'	Light Brown f-m SAND, tr. silt		/ pipe	E	BG
4'	Brown f-m SAND, tr. silt, tr. g		Silty Clay	E	BG
5'				E	BG
_	Exposed Clay pipe pieces	4-		E	BG
6'	Contains some rock fragmen	IS		E	BG
7'				E	BG
<b>8'</b>				Е	BG
9' <u></u>	Brown Fine SAND, some f-c (	 Gravel, some Rock	Fragments (moist)	E	BG
10 <u></u>	Test Pit	Complete at 10.0'			
11'	Тор	of Dolostone			
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	<u>.                                    </u>	PROP USED	<u> </u>
Collect sample 0'- 2.	0' for analytical testing	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
2.7'- 10.0' appears n	ative except for "vertical cut"	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/8/08 Lockport, New York SUB83 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Warm, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 592.67' 1012 1054

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK	
				EFFORT	NO.
	Black Fine Foundry SAND mixed w		l, lesser		
1'	amounts of silt and metal (moist, FILL)				
	Brown Fine SAND, mixed with f-c (		•		
2'	Clay laminations (moist, reworked native soils)				
3' ——	1				
<u></u>					
7	Brown Clayey SILT, some Dolosto	ne Fragments	s little fine		
5'	Sand (moist, possible reworked native soils)				
-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>,</b>			
6' —	_				
7'	<del></del>				
Red- Brown Silty CLAY, some fine Sand, little rock fragme			ock fragments		
8,	(moist)				
9' —					
9	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE				
10 —	Light Brown to Grey Weathered Mobol ONE				
	Test Pit Complete at 10.0'				
11'					
12'	1				-
13'	1				
4.41					
14'	†				
Damanlar	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>			1
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detector		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million		YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/8/08 Lockport, New York SUB84 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Sl. Breeze, 60s

CY

FT

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 591.11' 1102 1152

**OPERATOR** S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** 0.3 REACH 18.5

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
	David Fire OAND and Oil mains design because an accordance to	EFFORT	NO.
1'	Brown Fine SAND and Silt, mixed with lesser amounts of roots ——(moist, FILL)	E	BG
2'	Black Fine Foundry SAND mixed with lesser amounts of coal, wood, f-c gravel, metal, and cobble (moist, FILL)	E	BG
	Contains brick and slag	E	BG
<b>3</b> °		E	BG
4'	<ul> <li>Brown Clayey SILT, tr. sand, tr. roots, occasional vertical desiccation deposit of foundry Sand (moist)</li> </ul>	E	BG
5' <del></del>		E	BG
<u> </u>		E	BG
<b> 7'</b>			
8'		E	BG
9'	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. gravel, tr. sand (moist)	E	BG
•	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE	E	BG
10 <del></del>	Test Pit Complete at 9.6'		
—— 11' —			
12'			
12'			

Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	
	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/8/08 Lockport, New York SUB85 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Few Clouds, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

Collect sample at 0.0'- 0.5' for analytical testing

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

PID= Photoionization Detector

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 583.10' 1220 1250

S. Davis **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
1'	Black Fine Foundry SAND, mixed with f-c Grave of silt and rebar (moist, FILL)	el, lesser amounts E	BG
2!	Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c Sand and Silt, of rebar (moist, FILL)	lesser amounts E	BG
2	Brown SILT, some f-m Sand, tr. cobble, tr. plasti	ic, clay pipe E	BG
3'	(moist, reworked native soils)  Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)	/	BG
<b> 4'</b>	Light Brown Severely Weathered MUDSTONE		
5' <del></del>	Test Pit Complete at 4.2'		-
<b>6'</b>	_		
7'	_		
<b>8'</b> —	_		
9 <sup>1</sup>	_		
10	_		
11'			
12'			
13'			
14'			
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

9/8/08 Lockport, New York SUB86 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Few Clouds, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 581.97' 1300 1328

S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	ON	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Grey Fine Foundry SAND and Topsoil, mix	red with f-c Gravel	E	BG
1'	— (moist, FILL)			
	Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with Silty Clay a	nd f-c Sand (moist, FILL)	E	BG
2'	Becomes Brown			
			E	BG
<b> 3'</b>	Brown Silty CLAY, little fine Sand, tr. grav	el		
	(moist, reworked native soils)		E	BG
<b>—— 4'</b> ——	— ∖Small diameter pipe excavated, tr. conc			
	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTO	NE, occasional Clay	E	BG
5' <del></del>	seams			
			E	BG
<u> </u>	Test Pit Complete a	t 5.4'		
<del></del> 7'				
8'				
-				
<u> </u>				
40				
<u> </u>				
441				
<u> </u>				
12'				
12				
13' <del></del>				
— IJ				
14'				
marks:	I APPEN	ATIONIC	DDOD HCES	
ııaı KS.	ABREVI	ATIONS	PROP USED	

C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% SOME (SO.) GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/9/08 Lockport, New York SUB87 BEV-08-020 Cloudy, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 594.65' 0909 0935

**OPERATOR** S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** 0.3 CY **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, mixed with f-c Ties, lesser amounts of wood and roots (moist,		E	BG
21		·	E	BG
2	Red- Brown Silty Fine SAND, little fine Gravel, t	r. roots	E	BG
3·	(moist, possible reworked native soils)		E	BG
—— 4' —	<del></del>		- E	BG
5' <del></del>	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)		E	BG
—— 6' —				
7' <u></u>			E	BG
8'				
g <sub>'</sub>	Contains Cobble (possible rock fragments)	Contains Cobble (possible rock fragments)		BG
•				BG
—— 10 —			Е	BG
—— 11' —			_	
12'	Test Pit Complete at 11.4' Top of Light Brown to Grey Weathere			
13'		a muustone		
14'				
emarks:	ABREVIATIONS	<u>.                                    </u>	PROP USED	
	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY

AND



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/9/08 Lockport, New York SUB88 BEV-08-020 Overcast, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 593.22' 0938 1030

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
		<del></del>		EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND m	xed with f-c	Gravel, lesser	Е	BG
1'	amount of coal and silt (moist, FILL	•			
	Grey f-c gravel sized SLAG, mixed		nd sized Slag, /	E	BG
2' —	\lesser amount of silt (moist, FILL)		/	_	<b>D</b>
3'	Red- Brown Fine SAND, some Silt,	some t-c Gra	avel, occasional	E	BG
3	Silty Clay laminations (moist)			Е	BG
4'				_	
-				E	BG
5' <u></u>	-				
				E	BG
6' —					
				E	BG
/·				E	BG
8'					В
				Е	BG
9'					
	Red- Brown to Light Brown Silty Cl	AY, tr. grave	el, tr. sand (moist)	E	BG
10 —					
441	Contains weathered Mudstone lam	inations		E	BG
11'	Test Pit Comp	Note at 10 0'			
12' —	(Top of M				
' <b>-</b>	(10001111	addione			
13'	-				
14'	+				
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
Collect sample from 2"	to 1.0' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization D	etector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/9/08 Lockport, New York SUB89 BEV-08-020 Mostly Cloudy, Calm 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 592.22' 1032 1131

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

AND

35 - 50%

DEPTH	SOIL DES	SCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Brown Fine SAND and Silt mixed	• '	•	E	BG
1'	Black Fine Foundry SAND mixed	with f-c Grave	el, lesser amounts	_	
	of coal and silt (moist, FILL)			E	2.0
2'	Contains Railroad ties and lesser	amounts of b	rick and metal		
				E	BG
3'	_				
				E	BG
4'	_				
	Brown f-c SAND mixed with Silt a	nd f-c Gravel,	lesser amounts of	E	BG
5' <del></del>	plastic and glass (moist, FILL)				
	Large flat stone excavated (northe	end, possible	cut stone)	D	BG
6' —	<del></del>			-	
	Red- Brown SILT, some f-c Sand,	some f-c Gra	vel, tr. clay	E	BG
י <b>7</b>	— (moist, possible reworked)				
				E	BG
8' <u></u>					
				E	BG
9'					
_				E	BG
10					
				E	BG
11'				<u> </u>	
••	Test Pit Cor	nplete at 10.8	1		
12'		inplote at 1010			
12					
13'					
I3					
14'					
		<u> </u>			
Remarks:		ABREVIATION	S	PROP USED	
Collect sample from (	0.5'- 5.0' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
	_	GR - GRAT	IVI - IVIEDIOIVI	SOIVIE (SO.)	20 -33 /0

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/9/08 Lockport, New York SUB90 BEV-08-020 Cloudy, SI. Breeze, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 585.00' 1215 1452

**OPERATOR** S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
]	33.232			EFFORT	NO.
	Topsoil			E	BG
1'	Brown Fine SAND, mixed with Silt	, lesser amou	ints of gravel		
	and roots (moist, FILL)			Е	BG
2'	Black Fine Foundry SAND mixed v	-			
	lesser amounts of brick and wood	• •		E	BG
3'	Brown f-c SAND mixed with Silt ar		•	_	
	of cobble, brick, and plastic and g	lass (moist, F	FILL)	E	BG
4' —	Cobble becomes more numerous	6 - 0 1 (···	'- ( <b>F</b> U I )		70
F.	Topsoil mixed with f-c Gravel and	t-c Sand (mo	ist, FILL)	E	70 ppm
5' <del></del>	Grey to White ASH (moist, FILL)			E	220 ppm
6' —	Tar like substance entering excav	ation at 6 0' (3	220 nnm\		ZZU PPIII
0	Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist			E	40 ppm
7'		, possible lett	orned flative son,	_	то ррш
•				E	20 ppm
8' <u></u>					
				E	20 ppm
——	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand	(moist)			1
			,		
10 —	Test Pit Coi	mplete at 8.9'			
11' <del></del>					1
12'					
401					
13' <del></del>					
14'					
14					
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	<u> </u>
		TRACE (TR.)	0.109/		
-	•	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	, ,	0-10%
Conect sample at 4.0	0'- 6.0' for analytical testing	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	_	GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionizatio	n Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/10/08 **Lockport, New York** SUB91 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

CY

FT

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

landfill area', numerous rocks), extend 5'.

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

PID= Photoionization Detector

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 581.73' 0918 1012

**OPERATOR** S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, m	ixed with f-c Gravel, lesser	E	BG
1'	amounts of silt (moist, FILL)			
	Contains Cobble		D	7.2
2'	Grey f-c GRAVEL mixed with f-c Sa	nd, lesser amounts of Silt		
	∖∖(moist, FILL)	/,	D	2.0
3'	$$ $ackslash_{\setminus}$ $ackslash$ Black to Brown Fine Foundry Sa	ind, lesser amounts of rebar $\ \ /\ /$		
	│	/ / /	M	BG
4' —	—	/////		
	│	d with lesser amounts of	Е	BG
5' <del></del>	/ \_\foundry sand (moist, FILL)		_	
	Brown f-c GRAVEL, mixed with C	,	E	BG
<u> </u>	amounts of glass (moist, FILL) Cl		_	
	Light Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (	,	E	BG
<u> </u>	Contains some f-c Gravel (possib			
01	Light Brown to Grey Weathered M	IUDSTONE		
8' <u></u>	Test Pit Com	ploto at 7.2		
• • —	— lest Fit Com	piete at 7.2		
7				
10 <u></u>				
11'				
12'				
—— 13' —	<u> </u>			
14' <u> </u>	<del></del>			
emarks: Extend r	oit to north; south end (towards	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/8/08 Lockport, New York SUB92 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Few Clouds, 70s

CY

FT

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 579.17' 1408 1507

**OPERATOR** S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIF	PTION	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, mixed	•	E	BG
1'	— Cobble and lesser amounts of metal (m	oist, FILL)		
	Gravel content increases		E	BG
2'	Black Fine Foundry SAND, mixed with	f-c Gravel, lesser amounts		
•	of silt (moist, FILL)		E	BG
3'	Red- Brown SILT, some fine Sand, tr. g	ravel		- DO
41	(moist, reworked native soil)		M	BG
4·	Grey TOPSPOIL, mixed with Roots, f-c	Gravel, f-c Sand, lesser	N4	B0
<b>E</b> I	amounts of glass (moist, FILL)		M	BG
5' <del></del>	Cutstone (possible sidewalk)		М	BG
6'	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist		- IVI	В
0 —	Red- Brown Silty CLAT, II. Sailu (Illoist	)		
7'	Test Pit Complet	e at 6 2'		
•	rest in Complet	C 41 0.2		
8'				
•				
'P'				
10 <u></u>				
—— 11' ——				
12'				
—— 13' —				
14'	<del>- </del>			
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u></u>
emarks:	ABR	EVIATIONS	PROP USED	
ollect sample at 2.0	' for analytical testing.	INE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/15/08 Lockport, New York SUB94 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP** Ford 555 Backhoe 593.30' 1003 1052

S. Davis **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser	E	BG
1'	amounts of wood and roots (moist, FILL)		
	Black to Grey SLAG (moist, FILL)	E	BG
2'	Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gravel, little Silt, tr. brick		
	(moist, reworked native soils)	E	BG
3'			
<b>A</b> I		E	BG
4	Light Brown f-m SAND and Silt (moist)	E	BG
5' <del></del>	Light Brown 1-in SAND and Silt (moist)		В
•		E	BG
—— 6' ——		_	
		E	BG
— 7' —	Contains little f-c Gravel, tr. cobble		
		E	BG
— 8' —	<del></del>		
	Red Brown Clayey SILT, little f-c Gravel, little f-c Sand (moist)	E	BG
— 9' —		_	
40		E	BG
<u> </u>	Light Brown to Grey Silty CLAY and Mudstone (moist)	E	BG
11'	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE	-	l BG
- • •	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MODSTONE		
— 12' —	Test Pit Complete at 11.2'		
- <del>-</del>			
— 13' —			
14' <u> </u>	<del> </del>		
narks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	

F - FINE

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

TRACE (TR.)

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

0-10%

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/12/08 Lockport, New York SUB95 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 591.37' 1405 1447

**OPERATOR** S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** CY 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'		Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, mixed lesser amounts of f-c gravel, silt, and roots (moist, FILL)			BG
	,			E	BG
				E	BG
3'				E	BG
4'				E	BG
5' <del></del>				E	BG
—— 6' —	<del></del>			E	BG
— 7' —	Red- Brown to Grey CUTSTONE, \((moist, FILL)		rinding wheel / /	E	BG
8'	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (m	oist)		E	BG
—— 9' —				E	BG
10	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MU	JDSTONE		E	BG
—— 11' —	Test Pit Com	plete at 10.7'			
—— 12' —					
—— 13' —					
14'					
emarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	<u> </u>	PROP USED	<u> </u>
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detector		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Mo	easured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/12/08 Lockport, New York SUB96 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 585.88' 1024 1253

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

S. Davis **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

			-		
DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Brown Fine SAND, MIXED WITH Si	It and lesser	amounts of roots	E	BG
1' <i></i>	(moist, FILL)		_	_	
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, n	nixed with les	sser amounts of	E	BG
2·	metal and roots (moist, FILL)			E	BC.
3'	Contains lesser amounts of f-c gra	vel and cobb	ماد	_	BG
J		ver and cobb		Е	BG
4' ——	_				
				Е	BG
5' <u></u>	$\dashv$				
				E	BG
6' —	_			_	
71				E	BG
7'				E	BG
8'	_				
				E	BG
9'	Red- Brown f-c SAND, little f-c Gra	vel, little Silt,			
	tr. foundry sand (moist, reworked	d native soils	)/	М	BG
10 —	-   `				
	Test Pit Con	-			
11'	(Top of Weather	ed MUDSTOI	NE)		
12'					
12					
13'	_				
14'	4				
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
Collect sample at 2.5' f	for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization [	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/12/08 Lockport, New York SUB97 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

CY

FT

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 578.83' 1320 1402

**OPERATOR** S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
	Topsoil	E	BG
1'	— Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c Sand, lesser amounts of silty		
	clay (moist, FILL)	E	BG
2'	Grey- Brown f-c SAND, mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amounts of		
	silt, wire, brick, contains occasional Silty Clay laminations	E	BG
3'	——(moist, possible foundry Sand)		
	Contains metal pipe pieces	. E	BG
4'	Black f-c GRAVEL, mixed f-c Sand, lesser amounts of Silt		
	(moist, possible deteriorated Asphalt)	E	BG
5' <del></del>			
	Test Pit Complete at 4.7' (Refusal)		
—— 6' —	Possible Cut Stone		
'7'			
8' <u></u>			
9·			
44			
10			
4.41			
—— 11' —			
401			
12'			
401			
13' <del></del>			
4.41			
14'			
	<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>	
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	
	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		I a	

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/11/08 Lockport, New York SUB98 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 579.35' 1026 1326

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Grey f-c GRAVEL mixed with f-c Sa	ınd, lesser aı	mounts of silt,	E	BG
1'	cobble, brick (moist, FILL)				
	Becomes Brown, contains metal		nd glass	E	BG
2'	Black Fine Foundry SAND (moist	<u>, FILL)</u>	/;;	┪	
	∖ Grey ASH (moist, FILL)		<i>/</i>	E	BG
3' ——	Red- Brown f-c SAND, little f-c Gra	•	•		- BO
41	tr. clay, tr. glass, and tr. metal (moi	st, reworked	native soils)	E	BG
<b>4</b> - —	Wines excessed			_	BC.
5'	Wires excavated Grey to Brown f-c GRAVEL (mois	<u></u>		E	BG
s	Red- Brown f-c SAND, little f-c Grav	•	/ hhle tr silt	Е	BG
6'	tr. clay, and tr. metal, occasional Fe			<b>L</b>	BG
	(moist, reworked native soils)	canary cana		Е	BG
7'	()			_	
-				E	BG
8'	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE				
	,			E	BG
9' <u></u>					
	Test Pit Complete at 8.6'				
10 —					
11'					
12'					
40.					
13'					
441					
14'	†				
	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
South end of excavation	n- sand and foundry sand	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
more prevalent.		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization De	etector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	ured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/15/08 Lockport, New York SUB99 BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 593.80' 0856 0955

**OPERATOR** S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND m		Gravel, and	E	BG
1'	Roots, lesser amounts of silt (mois	-			
	Black SLAG mixed with Ash (moist	·		E	BG
2'	Red- Brown f-m SAND, little f-c Gra	vel, little Silt	(moist)		
				E	BG
3'				_	5.0
41				E	BG
4. —					BC.
5'				E	BG
s				E	BG
6'	Red- Brown SILT, little f-c Gravel, I	ittle f-c Sand	little Clay	_	В
	tr. roots (moist)	ittie i-c Saiid	, iittie Glay,	Е	BG
'7'	ti. roots (moist)				
•				E	BG
8'				_	
	Red- Brown COBBLE (possible roo	k fragments)	)	E	BG
9' —					
	Test Pit Com	-			
10	Top of M	udstone			
441					
11'					
421					
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PROP USED	1
Collected sample at 1.0'			TRACE (TR.)	0-10%	
Solicolou Sallipie at 1.0	no for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM		
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization De		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Measu	red in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/15/08 Lockport, New York **SUB100** BEV-08-020 Mostly Cloudy, 60s

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe **GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

590.09' 1100 1200

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

AND

35 - 50%

DEPTH	SOIL	DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Topsoil (0.2')			E	BG
1'	Light Brown Fine SAND mixe				
	Black Fine Foundry SAND mi		el, lesser amounts	E	BG
2'	cobble, silt, wood, and metal	•		_	B0
3'	Contains occasional Silt lami	nations		E	BG
<b>3</b>				Е	BG
4'	Excavated multiple metal rod	s/ tie- downs, and	plastic		
	·	•	•	E	BG
5' <del></del>					
				E	BG
6' —				_	-
7'				E	BG
<b>'</b>				Е	BG
<b>8'</b> —	_				
				E	BG
9'	Contains lesser amounts of b	rick			
		_		E	BG
10	Contains lesser amounts of n	netal cans		Е	BG
11'					ВС
				- E	BG
12'	Test Pit	Complete at 11.5	1		
		•			
13' <del></del>	$\dashv$				
, a.					
14'	_				
<u> </u>				1	
Remarks:		ABREVIATION		PROP USED	
Ī -	.0' (includes MS/ MSD) for	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
analytical testing.		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/12/08 Lockport, New York **SUB101** BEV-08-020 Overcast, Raining, 60s

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%

35 - 50%

CY

FT

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 576.04' 1044 1236

**OPERATOR** S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5

			•	
DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
			EFFORT	NO.
	Grey f-c SAND mixed with Silty Cla	y and f-c Gravel, lesser	E	BG
1'	——amounts cobble (moist, FILL)			
			E	BG
2'	——Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, n	nixed lesser amounts of f-c		
	gravel and silt (moist, FILL)		E	BG
3'	Brown f-c SAND mixed with f-c gra			
	cobble, metal (moist, reworked n		E	BG
4' —	Brown to Red- Brown COBBLE mix	ked with Brick, lesser amounts		
	porcelain fragments, metal, contain	ns occasional 'rust' colored	E	BG
<b>5'</b>	f-c gravel laminations (moist, FILL)			<u> </u>
	Contains Concrete Slab/ Cut Stone	e (east end)	D	BG
6' —				
	Contains Concrete Slab/ Cut Stone	e (west end)	D	BG
7'				
	Test Pit Con	nplete at 6.9'		
<b>8'</b> —	<del></del>			
9' —				
10 <u> </u>				
11'				
12'				1
13'				
14'	<del> </del>			1
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	
		F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
Collect sample at 1 !	5' for analytical testing.	C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
Journe of Sample at 13	o ioi analytical testing.	O - COARGE F/O-FINE/COARGE		10 - 20 /0

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

8/29/08 Lockport, New York **SUB102** BEV-08-020 Partly Sunny, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 595.60' 1419 1450

T. Delude **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
DEI III	OOIL BLOOKII HOK		EFFORT	NO.
1'	Black Fine Foundry SAND, mixed with lesser amou gravel and roots (moist, FILL)	unts of fine	E	BG
2'	g.u.o. u.u. 10010 (0101, 1 1 <u>22</u> )		E	BG
_	Brown Fine SAND, little f-c Gravel, tr. silt (moist)		E	BG
——— 3' ——			E	BG
4'			E	BG
5' <del></del>	Red- Brown to Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)		E	BG
——— 6' ——	— Becomes Grey		M	BG
7' <u></u>				
8'	Test Pit Complete at 7.3' (Top of Dolostone)	-		
——————————————————————————————————————	(Top of Dolostolle)	-		
10		-		
11'		-		
12'		<u> </u>		
13' <del></del>				
14'				
Remarks:	ABREVIATIONS	F	PROP USED	
	F - FINE F/N		TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARSE F/C	C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**REACH** 

9/3/08 Lockport, New York **SUB103** BEV-08-020 Sunny, Humid, 70s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 583.95' 1235 1307

**OPERATOR** R. Steiner MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND, r	nixed with les	sser amounts of	E	BG
1'	f-c gravel, roots (moist, FILL)				
	Light Brown f-c GRAVEL, little f-c	Sand, tr. silt		E	BG
2'	(moist, FILL/ crush stone)				
	Becomes Red- Brown to Brown-		<u>lg/</u>	M	BG
3'	Light Brown Silty CLAY and Cobbl			_	
	(moist, possible reworked native		/	D	BG
4' —	Light Brown to Grey Weathered	MUDSTONE	/		
	T 1840				
5' —	lest Pit Con	nplete at 3.7'			
6'					
<b>6</b>					
7' —					
,					
8'	_				
9'	_				
10 <b></b>	_				
11'	_				
12'	-				
13'	†				
14'	+				
	<u> </u>				
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	3	PROP USED	
Black staining approxi	mately 0.3'- 0.7' in thickness.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
Collect sample at 2.0' for	or analytical testing.	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. **WEATHER / TEMP** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

9/10/08 Lockport, New York **SUB104** BEV-08-020 Sunny, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 558.21' 1310 1357

**OPERATOR** S. Davis **New Holland** MAKE/ MODEL CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DE	SCRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Dark Grey to Dark Brown COBB amounts of f-c sand, silty clay, a			М	BG
2'	Mixed with fine Foundry Sand ar	-	,	D	BG
3'	mixed with fine i oundry ound a	ій торзоп		D	BG
				D	BG
4'	_			D	BG
5' <del></del>				D	BG
6' —	Test Pit Complet	e with Refusal of Raceway)	at 5.4'		
<b> 7'</b>	_				
8' <u></u>	_				
9' —	_				
10	_				
11' <del></del>	_				
12'					
13'	_				
14'	_				
Remarks:		ABREVIATION	<u>.                                    </u>	PROP USED	
	5'- 5.0' (base of raceway) for	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
analytical testing.		C - COARSE GR - GRAY	F/C-FINE/COARSE M - MEDIUM	LITTLE (LI.) SOME (SO.)	10 - 20% 20 -35%

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY

AND



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/11/08 Lockport, New York **SUB105** BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 597.17' 0942 1022

S. Davis **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

AND

35 - 50%

DEPTH	SOIL DE	SCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Black Fine Foundry SAND mixed			E	BG
1'	Grey Fine GRAVEL mixed with leading or control of the control o	sser amounts	of sand and silt		
	(moist, FILL)		/	<b>'</b>   <b>E</b>	BG
2'	Red- Brown f-c SAND, some f-c	: Gravel, some	Silt (moist)	<del></del>	
-	\(moist, reworked native soils)		/	E	BG
3'	Total Bit Co	lete et 4 Ol			
<b>4</b> '	Test Pit Co	omplete at 1.8'			
<b>—— 4</b> ——					
5'					
•					
6'	_				
-					
7'					_
8' <u></u>	_				_
9' <u></u>	—				
10	_				
441					
—— 11' ——					
421					
12'					
13' <del></del>					
13					
14'					
• •					
Remarks:		ABREVIATION	 S	PROP USED	1
	0.8' for analytical testing.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	io. analytical testing.				
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

V-VERY



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/11/08 Lockport, New York **SUB106** BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 595.61' 1026 1326

**OPERATOR** MAKE/ MODEL **CAPACITY REACH** 

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Black Fine Foundry SAND mixed w	ith roots, les	ser amounts of	E	BG
1' <i></i>	f-c Gravel (moist, FILL)				
	Grey to Red- Brown (alternate band	-	VEL, mixed with	E	BG
2'	lesser amounts of sand (moist, F	- <i></i> -	/		
	Red- Brown f-c SAND, some f-c C	•	Silt, tr. cobble,	E	BG
<b>3'</b> ——	_\copper wire (moist, reworked nat		/		
	Black Fine Foundry SAND (moist, I	•		E	BG
<b>4'</b>	<ul> <li>Vertical grounding pole excavate</li> </ul>				
	Grey f-c gravel sized COKE, lesser	amounts of	f-c sand and silt	E	BG
5' <u> </u>	(moist, FILL)				
	Red- Brown f-c GRAVEL mixed wit			E	BG
6' —	cobble, silt, cement, slag, brick, ro	ots, and woo	d (moist, FILL)	_	
				E	BG
7'	Cobble increases				
				M	BG
8,	-				50
				M	BG
9' —	Test Pit Con	nplete at 9.0'			
10	-	.,			
441					
11'					
421					
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:		ABREVIATIONS	<u>.                                    </u>		<u> </u>
	and the state of t			PROP USED	
8" Cement wall on east wall just below surface.		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
Collect sample 3.3'- 3.7	" for analytical testing.	C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization D	Petector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Meas	sured in Parts Per Million	YEL-YELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/11/08 Lockport, New York **SUB107** BEV-08-020 Sunny, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 578.09' 1330 1500

S. Davis **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DES	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Topsoil mixed with Fine Foundry S — (moist, FILL)	and, lesser a	mounts of roots	E	BG
2' —	Red- Brown SILT, little f-c Gravel, I	ittle f-c Sand	/ /	E	BG
3'	Grey Fine SAND mixed with f-c G	ravel and Col	bble, lesser	E	BG
4'	Light Brown Cast Mold SAND (sou mixed with Metal (east side), Bro		•	E	BG
5' <del></del>	with lesser amounts of f-c gravel	•	· /	E	BG
6'	Red- Brown f-c SAND, mixed with f	 -c Gravel, les	ser amounts roots	E	BG
,				E	BG
, 8'	Becomes Silty Clay mixed with f-c lesser amounts of cobble and glas	Becomes Silty Clay mixed with f-c Gravel and f-c Sand,			BG
9'		3 (1110131, 1 122	-)	E	BG
10				E	BG
11' —	Test Pit Con (Top of M	-			
12'					
13' —					
14' <u></u>					
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS		PROP USED	<u> </u>
Bedding slopes to th	ne south.	F - FINE C - COARSE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM F/C-FINE/COARSE	TRACE (TR.) LITTLE (LI.)	0-10% 10 - 20%
PID= Photoionizatio	n Detector	GR - GRAY BN - BROWN	M - MEDIUM V-VERY	SOME (SO.) AND	20 -35% 35 - 50%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/12/08 Lockport, New York **SUB108** BEV-08-020 Overcast, 60s

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe **GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

587.56' 0849 0917

**OPERATOR** S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** CY 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
	Grey f-c GRAVEL mixed with lesser (moist, FILL/ crush stone)	amounts of	sand and silt	E	BG
2'				E .	BG
3'	Test Pit Complete (Top of C		ısal)		
4'					
5'					
6' —					
<b></b> 7'					
8'					
9' —					
10					
11'					
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:	·	ABREVIATIONS	<u> </u>	PROP USED	<u>I</u>
ocation Sump #1 of Fac	cility	F - FINE C - COARSE GR - GRAY	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM F/C-FINE/COARSE	TRACE (TR.) LITTLE (LI.)	0-10% 10 - 20%
PID= Photoionization De	etector	BN - BROWN	M - MEDIUM V-VERY	SOME (SO.) AND	20 -35% 35 - 50%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9** SJB Services S. Bochenek

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

9/12/08 Lockport, New York **SUB109** BEV-08-020 Overcast, Rain, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe 587.86' 0927 1010

**OPERATOR** S. Davis MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland** CY **CAPACITY** 0.3 **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESC	CRIPTION		EXCAV EFFORT	REMARK NO.
1'	Grey f-c GRAVEL mixed with lesse (moist, FILL/ crush stone)	r amounts of	sand and silt	М	BG
2'	Contains lesser amounts of cinder piping	blocks, meta	al, wires, conduit	D	BG
3'	Test Pit Complete at 2	2 1' Top of C	Concrete	D	BG
3	Test Fit Complete at a	2.1 , 10p of C	oncrete	D	BG
4·	_			D	BG
5'				D	BG
—— 6' —— 	_				
7' <u></u>	-				
8'	_				
—— 9' ——	_				
10	-				
11'					
12'					
13'					
14'	-				
Remarks:	<u>.</u>	ABREVIATIONS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PROP USED	<u> </u>
		F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization [	Detector	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%



## HAND AUGER FIELD LOG

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PROJECT
CLIENT
CONTRACTOR
FIELD REP
GROUND ELEV

DUSSAULT FOUNDRY
NYSDEC- REGION 9
SJB SERVICES
S. BOCHENEK
576.24

DATE
LOCATION
TEST PIT NO.
PROJECT NO.
WEATHER / TEMP
TIME STARTED
TIME FINISHED

9/18/08
LOCKPORT, NEW YORK
SUB110
BEV-08-020
OVERCAST, COOL
0942
0950

DEPTH	SOIL	DESCRIPTION		EXCAV	REMARK
				EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown TOPSOIL and Org	ganics (moist)		E	BG
1'					
	Hand Auger Co	mplete with Refus	al at 1.0'		
2' —		•			
3'	_				
_					
41					
4 -					
5'	_				
6' —	_				
7'	_				
,					
8,					
9' —					
10'					
Remarks:	1	ABREVIATIONS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PROP USED	<u> </u>
Collect sample 0- 1.0'	for analytical testing	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization		BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG- Background mo	scured in parts per million	VEL VELLOW			



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** S. Bochenek

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

8/29/08 Lockport, New York SUBA1 BEV-08-020 Party Sunny, 60s

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 594.61' 0840 0907

**OPERATOR** T. Delude MAKE/ MODEL **New Holland CAPACITY** 0.3 CY **REACH** 18.5 FT

DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	
	Grey f-c GRAVEL, mixed with f-c Sand and Silt	E	BG
1'	—— (moist, FILL, crush stone)		
	Grey Fine Foundry SAND mixed with Topsoil, f-c Gravel and	E	4 ppm
2'	Cobble (moist, FILL)	_	
3'	Contains Metal and Wood	E	3.5 ppm
3 <sup>-</sup>		E	0.3 ppm
<b>4</b> '			0.5 ppiii
•	Brown TOPSOIL and fine Foundry Sand, mixed with f-c Gravel,	Е	BG
5' <del></del>	Cobble, and Roots (moist, FILL)		
	Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND mixed with f-c Gravel, Cobble,	E	BG
<b>6'</b>	— Roots and Wood		
	Brown COBBLE, mixed with f-c Gravel, lesser amounts of sand	E	BG
7' <u> </u>	(moist, FILL)	_	
01	Contains metal and vitrification coarse Gravel and Cobble	/ E	BG
8'		_/	
9'	Test Pit Complete at 7.5'		
,	(Top of Grey Dolostone)		
10 <u></u>			
—— 11' —			
12'			
431			
—— 13' —			
14'			
emarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	
	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUI		0-10%
	I - TINE P/M - FINE TO MEDIO	WI TINACE (IK.)	0-10/0

C - COARSE

GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

F/C-FINE/COARSE

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY

LITTLE (LI.)

SOME (SO.)

AND

10 - 20%

20 -35%



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

DATE LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

REACH

MAKE/ MODEL

9/2/08 Lockport, New York SUBA2-A BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

590.91 1222 1330

R. Steiner **New Holland** CY 0.3 18.5 FT

	own- Grey f-m SAND mixed with nd silt (moist, FILL) Test Pit Con (Refusal- Ra		ints fine gravel	D	NO.
1' <u>aı</u> 2'	nd silt (moist, FILL)  Test Pit Con	nplete at 0.5'	ints fine gravel	D	BG
2'	Test Pit Con	-			
3'		-			
3'		-			
	(nordod) in	am oud nesy			
4'					
5'				I	
6' —					
7'					
<b>8</b> ' —					
9' —					
10 —					
11'					
12'					
13'					
14'					
Remarks:	<u> </u>	ABREVIATIONS	<u>.                                    </u>	PROP USED	
Move test pit to the east and	d excavated for SUBA2-B.	F - FINE	F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
and the same same and		C - COARSE	F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
		GR - GRAY	M - MEDIUM	SOME (SO.)	20 -35%
PID= Photoionization Detect	tor	BN - BROWN	V-VERY	AND	35 - 50%
BG= Background Measured		YEL-YELLOW			13 00,0



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**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/2/08 Lockport, New York SUBA2-B BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 590.91 1222 1330

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

Railroad Ties and Rebar Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mixed with lesser amounts of fine gravel and silt (moist, FILL)  Becomes Light Brown  E BC	DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
1' Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mixed with lesser amounts of fine gravel and silt (moist, FILL)  2' Becomes Light Brown  E B6  E B6				NO.
fine gravel and silt (moist, FILL)  Becomes Light Brown  E  BC  BC				BG
Becomes Light Brown   E   BC	1'		_	
E   BC			E	BG
3'	2'	Becomes Light Brown		
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##			E	BG
A'	3'			
E   BC			E	BG
E   BC	4'	<del></del>		
E   BC			E	BG
Complete at 9.0'   Complete at	5' <del></del>		_	
E   BC			E	BG
7'   Light Brown f-m SAND, little Silt   E BC     (moist, possible FILL)   E BC     9'	<u> </u>		_	
Light Brown f-m SAND, little Silt  (moist, possible FILL)  Brown Mottled Grey f-c SAND, little Clay (moist)  E BC  Test Pit Complete at 9.0' (Top of Mudstone)  11'  12'  13'  14'			E	BG
8'	7' <u> </u>			
Brown Mottled Grey f-c SAND, little Clay (moist)   E   BC		I, =	/ E	BG
9'	8' <u></u>		/	
Test Pit Complete at 9.0' (Top of Mudstone)  11'  12'  13'  14'	-	Brown Mottled Grey f-c SAND, little Clay (moist)	E	BG
10 — (Top of Mudstone)  11' — 12' — 13' — 14' — — 14'	<b>9</b>	Total Bill Commission of O.O.		
	40			
	10	(Top of Mudstone)		
	441			
13'	11'			
13'	12			
14'	12-			
14'	12!			
	is			
	1 11			
Remarks: ABREVIATIONS PROP USED	I <del>4</del>			
Terriar KS:   ABREVIATIONS   PROPUSED		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	DD0511055	
F FINE FINE TO MEDIUM TRACE (TD.) 0.400/	Kemarks:			

F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM 0-10% TRACE (TR.) C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE LITTLE (LI.) 10 - 20% SOME (SO.) GR - GRAY M - MEDIUM 20 -35% PID= Photoionization Detector BN - BROWN V-VERY AND 35 - 50% BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million YEL-YELLOW



**Western New York Office** 5167 South Park Avenue Hamburg, NY 14075

Phone: (716) 649-8110 Fax: (716) 649-8051

**PROJECT** CLIENT CONTRACTOR FIELD REP

**Dussault Foundry NYSDEC- Region 9 SJB Services** T. Hellert

**DATE** LOCATION TEST PIT NO. PROJECT NO. WEATHER / TEMP

**OPERATOR** 

**CAPACITY** 

**REACH** 

MAKE/ MODEL

9/2/08 Lockport, New York SUBA3 BEV-08-020 Sunny, Cool

**GROUND ELEV** TIME STARTED TIME FINISHED

PID= Photoionization Detector

BG= Background Measured in Parts Per Million

**EXCAVATION EQUIP Ford 555 Backhoe** 594.97 1420 1434

R. Steiner **New Holland** 0.3 CY 18.5 FT

SOME (SO.)

AND

20 -35%

35 - 50%

		T = 1/2 + 1/	T ======
DEPTH	SOIL DESCRIPTION	EXCAV	REMARK
		EFFORT	NO.
	Dark Brown f-m Foundry SAND mixed with lesser amounts of silt	E	BG
1'	(moist, FILL)	_	
	Becomes Light Brown	E	BG
2'		_	
		- E	BG
3'	Test Pit Complete at 2.5'		
	(Refusal- Concrete)		
4'	<del>-</del>		
5' <del></del>			
<u> </u>	<del>-</del>		
—— 7' —			
8'			
9'			
<u> </u>			
11' <del></del>			
12' <u></u>			
_			
—— 13' —			
14'	<del>- </del>		
emarks:	ABREVIATIONS	PROP USED	
	F - FINE F/M - FINE TO MEDIUM	TRACE (TR.)	0-10%
	C - COARSE F/C-FINE/COARSE	LITTLE (LI.)	10 - 20%
	O - SOARGE 170-1 INE/SOARGE		10 - 20 /0

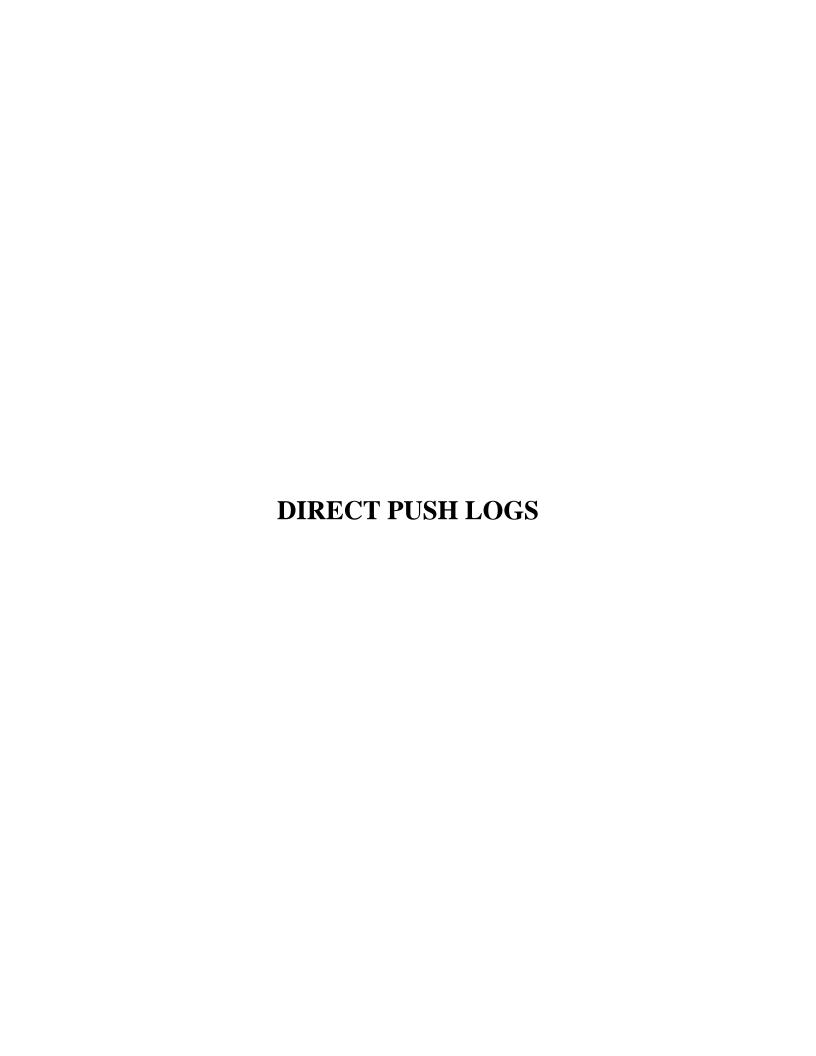
GR - GRAY

BN - BROWN

YEL-YELLOW

M - MEDIUM

V-VERY



STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:

ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

9/15/2008 9/15/2008

1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.94' G.W. DEPTH

SUB13 See Notes

DEPTH	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
FT.	READING	CONCRETE (0.5')	PID= Photoionization
		Black f-c GRAVEL and f. Foundry Sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	Detector
<u> </u>		Black to Grove Edular. Foundry Garla, tr. one (molec, Fiee)	
2	BG		_
			Sample Recovery
3			S-1: 3.6'
		Black f-c Sand, little f-c Gravel (moist, FILL)	S-2: 3.4'
4			
		Dark Brown to Brown SILT, little f-c Sand, tr. gravel, tr. clay, tr. roots (moist)	BG= Background,
5			measured in parts per
	BG		million (ppm)
6			BG= Background, measured in parts per million (ppm)
		Becomes Light Brown, contains tr. sand	
7			
		Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE	
8			
9		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 7.75'	No Free Standing Water
			Encountered at Direct
10			Push Completion
			_
11			_
			_
12			_
			_
13			_
			_
14			_
			_
15			_
			_
16			
DRILLER:	N. HIN	TZ DRILL RIG TYPE: SIMCO CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

9/15/2008 9/15/2008 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.97' G.W. DEPTH

SUB18 See Notes

DEPTH	PID	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
FT.	READING	CONCRETE (0.45')	PID= Photoionization
_ 1	BG	Black f. Foundry SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. silt, tr. slag (moist, FILL)	Detector
	1		
		Red- Brown f-c SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	Sample Recovery
_ 3	BG	Becomes Black, contains little f-c Gravel	S-1: 2.7' S-2: 0.6'
4	-	Decomes black, contains little 1-0 Graver	S-3: 0.1'
	1	Brown f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, tr. silty clay (moist- wet, possible FILL)	
_ 5	BG		BG= Background,
6	-		measured in parts per million (ppm)
<sup>7</sup> —	BG		
8	DG	Light Brown Silty CLAY, little f. Gravel, little f-c Sand	
_		(moist, possible highly weathered Mudstone)	Top of rock anticipated at
9	BG		8.0'. Mudstone fragments in sampling shoe of
10			Sample #'s 2 & 3.
_11	BG		
12	ВС		
	-	Di 10 10 110 110 1	N 5 0 " "
13		Direct Push Complete at 12.0'	No Free Standing Water Encountered at Direct
14			Push Completion
	-		
_15			
16			
RILLER:	N. HIN	TZ DRILL RIG TYPE: SIMCO CLASSIFIED	BY: GEOLOGIST

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PU	SH SAMPLING		

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

9/16/2008 9/16/2008 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.85' G.W. DEPTH

SUB24 See Notes

DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
		CONCRETE (0.5')	PID= Photoionization
1	BG		Detector
		Grades to Brown	
2	•	\ Grades to Black, contains some Silt	
	,	\ Dark Brown SILT, little f-c Sand, tr. clay (moist, possible reworked native soils)	Sample Recovery
3		`	S-1: 4.0
	BG		S-2: 2.0
4		Light Brown Fine SAND and Silt, tr. clay (moist)	<del></del>
			BG= Background,
5			measured in parts per
	BG		million (ppm)
6			
7		Direct Push Complete at 6.0' (Refusal)	
8			
9			
10			<del></del>
11			
			_
12			
13			
14			
 15			_
			_
16			_
DRILLER:	H HIN	TZ DRILL RIG TYPE: SIMCO CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST

DRILLER:	H. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH S	AMPLING		

PROJECT:

**STARTED** 9/16/2008 9/16/2008 **FINISHED** SHEET 1 OF

## SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV G.W. DEPTH

SUB25 587.52' See Notes

NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY PROJ. NO.: LOCKPORT, NEW YORK BEV-08-020

**SOIL OR ROCK** DEPTH **NOTES CLASSIFICATION** FT. READING PID= Photoionization Concrete (0.55') Red- Brown f-c SAND, tr. sand (moist, FILL) Detector Dark Brown to Black f-m Foundry SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. coal (moist, FILL) 2 Red- Brown to Brown SILT, little fine Gravel, little f-c Sand, tr. coal, tr. brick, Sample Recovery S-1: 2.4' tr. clay (moist, FILL) S-2: 2.0' S-3: 4.0' Black f-c Foundry SAND, little Silt, little fine Gravel, tr. coal (moist, FILL) S-4: 2.0' BG= Background, measured in parts per million (ppm) Grades to Brown Brown Clayey SILT, little f-c Sand, little fine Gravel, tr. coal (moist, FILL) Collect sample from 10 0-2.0' for analytical testing. TCLP not collected, lack Red- Brown Fine SAND, some Silt, tr. gravel (moist) of material. 11 12 Grey to Brown Clayey SILT, little f-c Sand, little fine Gravel 13 (moist, possible highly weathered mudstone) 14 Brown to Grey MUDSTONE 15 16 Direct Push Complete at 16.0' H. HINTZ DRILL RIG TYPE: CLASSIFIED BY: METHOD OF INVESTIGATION: ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

9/16/2008 9/16/2008

1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.89'

G.W. DEPTH

SUB28 See Notes

DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
	READING	CONCRETE (0.6')	PID= Photoionization
1	BG	Brown f-c SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. silt (moist- wet, FILL)	Detector
		Red- Brown Clayey SILT, little fine Gravel, tr. sand (moist, FILL)	_
<u> </u>		Brown Clayey SILT, tr. sand, tr. organics (moist)	_
_			Sample Recovery
3			S-1: 2.3'
4	BG	Light Brown to Grey SILT, little fine Gravel, little fine Sand, tr. clay (moist)	S-2: 0.1'
_		Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE	_
5			
		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 4.1'	BG= Background,
6			measured in parts per million (ppm)
			million (ppm)
7			_
			_
8			_
9	-		
_ ` _			_
10			_
11	•		
	-		
12			_
13	-		_
	•		_
14			_
	<u> </u>		_
15	_		_
16	-		_

DRILLER:	H. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:		ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH	H SAMPLING			

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

9/16/2008 9/16/2008 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.73' G.W. DEPTH

SUB29 See Notes

DEPTH	PID	SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES
FT.	READING	CLASSIFICATION	
1	BG	CONCRETE (0.5')  Brown to Dark Brown f-c SAND, some fine Gravel, little Silt, tr. coal, occasional f-m foundry Sand seams (moist, FILL)	PID= Photoionization Detector
2			Sample Recovery:
3	BG	Red- Brown f-m SAND, little fine Gravel, little Silt, occasional Silt partings (moist)	S-1= 2.4' S-2= 2.0'
5	BG	Light Brown Clayey SILT, little fine Sand, little fine Gravel (moist)	BG= Background, measured in parts per million (ppm)
6	BG	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE (moist)	_ _
8		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 7.0'	_
9			=
10  11	   		
11			
13	-		
14			=
15	-		_ _
16			

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUS	SH SAMPLING		

SHEET

9/18/2008 STARTED **FINISHED** 9/18/2008

SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG 1 OF 1



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 583.71' G.W. DEPTH

SUB30 See Notes

			NOTES	
DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES	
		Brown Fine Foundry SAND and Topsoil (moist, FILL)	PID= Photoionization	
1			Detector	_
	BG	Brown f-c gravel sized SLAG, some fine Foundry Sand, frequent Light Brown	BG= Background	
2	_	to Red- Brown fine Foundry Sand seams (moist, FILL)	measurements in	_
			parts per million (ppm)	
3				_
	BG		REC S-1= 2.6'	_
4			DEC C 0 0 41	_
 5	<u> </u>		REC S-2= 2.4'	_
<u> </u>	BG			_
6	- 50			
				_
7				-
	BG			
8				
		Brown to Dark Brown Fine Foundry SAND and f-c gravel sized Slag,	REC S-3= 3.4'	
9		occasional Light Brown fine foundry Sand seams (moist, FILL)		
	BG			_
10				_
				_
11				_
12	BG			_
12				
13		Direct Push Complete at 12.0'		_
14				
_				
15				
16				
DRILLER:	N. HIN	TZ DRILL RIG TYPE: ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PU	JSH SAMPLING		

SHEET

STARTED **FINISHED** 

9/16/2008 9/16/2008 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.68'

SUB34 G.W. DEPTH See Notes

DEPTH	PID	SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES
FT.	READING	CLASSIFICATION	
		CONCRETE (0.5')	PID= Photoionization
1	BG	Brown to Black f-c gravel sized SLAG, some f-c Sand, tr. silt, tr. coal	Detector
		(moist, FILL)	
2			
			Sample Recovery
3			S-1: 1.4'
	BG		S-2: 2.1'
4			
			BG= Background,
5			
	BG		measured in parts per million (ppm)
6		Grey f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	
		Black f-c SAND, little f-c Gravel, little Silt (moist, FILL)	
7		Statist, India 1 or Statist, India Six (Indias, 1 122)	
	BG		_
8		Grey to Black Silty CLAY, tr. fine sand (moist, possible reworked native soils).	
		Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE	7
9		Light Blown to Grey Weathered Mobel Civil	
<b>—</b>		Direct Push Complete at 8.0'	_
10		bilect i usii complete at 0.0	
_ '0			_
11			
<del></del>			
12			<del>-</del>
<u> </u>			<del>-</del>
13			
- '3-			_
			_
14			_
			_
15			_
			<del>_</del>
16			

DRILLER:	H. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH	SAMPLING		

SHEET

STARTED **FINISHED**  9/18/2008 9/18/2008

1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 592.70' G.W. DEPTH

SUB38 See Notes

DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
1		Dark Brown to Black Silty CLAY, little f-c Gravel, little f-c Sand, tr. organics, tr. slag (moist, FILL)	PID= Photoionization Detector
_ 2	-		BG= Background measurements in
3			parts per million (ppm)
4	BG	Becomes Grey to Brown	REC S-1= 3.0'
5	-	Black f-c SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. silt (wet)	REC S-2= 1.7'
6	BG	Red- Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist) Light Brown MUDSTONE and Silty Clay (moist)	<u> </u>
7	-	Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 6.0'	Sample 4.4' to 4.6' for
8	-		analytical testing.  (1 jar only)
9	-		_
10	<u> </u>		_
11			_
12			_
13	_		
14	_		_
15	- -		
16			

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT P	USH SAMPLING		

SHEET

STARTED **FINISHED** 

9/16/2008 9/16/2008 1 OF 1

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.75' G.W. DEPTH

SUB39 See Notes

DEPTH	PID	SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES
FT.	READING		NOTES
	BG	CONCRETE (0.5')	PID= Photoionization
_ 1		Brown f-c SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. silt (moist- wet, FILL)	Detector
	BG		_
_ 2			
			_
_ 3		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 2.0'	Sample collected at
			0.5'- 2.0' for analytical
_ 4			testing.
_ 5			Sample Recovery:
			S-1= 0.7'
6			PC Posterrand
7			BG= Background, measured in parts per
— ′ —			million (ppm)
8			[Hillion (ppH)
_			_
9			_
			_
10			_
			_
11			
12			
			_
13			_
			_
14			_
			_
15			_
			_
16			

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH	I SAMPLING		

SHEET

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:

ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

STARTED 9/14/2008 **FINISHED** 

9/14/2008 1 OF 1

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 588.36' G.W. DEPTH

SUB44 See Notes

			ti, iizii i okk
DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
		CONCRETE (0.4')	PID= Photoionization
1	BG	Grey f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	Detector
		Light Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist)	_
2		Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE	_
	BG		Sample Recovery
3			S-1: 2.1'
4		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 3.0'	BG= Background,
			measured in parts per
5			million (ppm)
6			
7			
	_		_
8			
	_		_
9			_
10			_
11			_
12			_
			_
13			_
			_
14			_
			_
15			_
			_
16			
DRILLER:	H. HIN	TZ DRILL RIG TYPE: SIMCO CLASSIFIED I	BY: GEOLOGIST
		CEACON IED	

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:

ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

9/16/2008 9/16/2008

1 OF 1

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 588.04 G.W. DEPTH

SUB45 See Notes

1 1000	. INO	BLV-00-020 LOCKFOKT	, NEW TORK	.
DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES	
		CONCRETE (0.3')	PID= Photoionization	
1	BG	Brown to Black Fine SAND, some Silt (moist, FILL)	Detector	
		Red Brick Fragments, occasional f-c Gravel, f-m foundry Sand seams	BG= Background,	
2		(moist, FILL)	measured in parts per	
			million (ppm)	
3				
	BG		Sample Recovery	
4		Brown f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, little Silty Clay, tr. slag (moist, FILL)	S-1: 2.5'	
			S-2: 1.5'	
5				
	BG			
6				
	BG	Grey Silty CLAY and f-c gravel sized Mudstone Fragments		4
7				_
		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 6.2'	Mudstone fragments	_
8			present in sampling shoe.	_
9				_
	-			_
10	-			4
11				_
				_
12				4
	-			_
13				$\dashv$
	-			$\dashv$
14				$\dashv$
15				$\dashv$
15				$\dashv$
16				$\dashv$
16				
DRILLER:	N. HIN	TZ DRILL RIG TYPE: SIMCO CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	

15

16

**STARTED** 9/16/2008 9/16/2008 **FINISHED** 

1 OF

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV G.W. DEPTH

SUB50 587.88 See Notes

SHEET NYSDEC- DUSSAULT PROJECT: LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY PROJ. NO.: LOCKPORT, NEW YORK BEV-08-020 SOIL OR ROCK NOTES DEPTH **CLASSIFICATION** READING FT. CONCRETE (1.0') PID= Photoionization BG Detector Light Brown Silty CLAY, some f-c Gravel (moist) 2 BG Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 2.0' Mudstone fragments present in sampling shoe. Sample Recovery S-1: 1.7' 6 BG= Background, measured in parts per million (ppm) 10 11 12 13 14

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH	H SAMPLING			

SHEET

STARTED **FINISHED** 

9/16/2008 9/16/2008 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 588.05' G.W. DEPTH

SUB51 See Notes

	1		
DEPTH	PID	SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES
FT.	READING	CLASSIFICATION	
		Black and Brown f-m Foundry SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. silt, occasional	PID= Photoionization
1		f-c Sand seams (moist, FILL)	Detector
	- BO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_	BG		
2			
			Sample Recovery
3		Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE, occasional Silty Clay seams	S-1: 4.0'
<b>—</b>		Light Brown to Groy Woutherou mobol Grove, coods ond Giny Glay country	
	BG		
4			
5		Direct Push Complete at 4.0'	Collect sample from
<b>_</b>	1	2 Somplote at 110	
	_		0- 2.5' for analytical
6	_		testing (incl. ms/msd).
7			BG= Background,
<u> </u>	1		
			measured in parts per
8			million (ppm)
9			
—			
10			
11			
— · · · —	1		_
_	1		_
12			_
13			
_ ~_			
_	4		_
14	_		_
15			
<del></del> .~_	-		_
	4		_
16			

DRILLER:	H. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF II	NVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUS	H SAMPLING			

9/18/2008 STARTED 9/18/2008 **FINISHED** SHEET 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.89' G.W. DEPTH

SUB52 See Notes

PROJ.	. NO	BEV-08-020 LOCKPOR	LOCKPORT, NEW YORK		
DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES		
		CONCRETE (0.4')	PID= Photoionization		
1	BG	Red- Brown f-c GRAVEL, some f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	Detector		
			BG= Background		
2		Black f-c SAND and f-c gravel sized Slag (moist, FILL)	measurements in		
			parts per million (ppm)		
3					
	BG	Red- Brown to Brown f-c GRAVEL, some f-c Sand, tr. slag (moist, FILL)	REC S-1= 1.5'		
4			_		
	BG		REC S-2= 1.4'		
5	1	Black f-c gravel sized SLAG, some f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	_		
			_		
6		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 5.0'	_		
			_		
7			_		
			_		
8			_		
			_		
9			_		
			_		
10			_		
			_		
11			_		
			_		
12			_		
13					
14					
			_		
15			_		
			_		
16			_		

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF	FINVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT P	USH SAMPLING		

**STARTED** 

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:

ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

9/16/2008 9/16/2008

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV

SUB56 594.00'

**FINISHED** G.W. DEPTH SHEET 1 OF See Notes PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY PROJ. NO.: LOCKPORT, NEW YORK BEV-08-020 SOIL OR ROCK NOTES DEPTH **CLASSIFICATION** READING FT. ВG CONCRETE (0.5') Concrete Fragments Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 0.7' PID= Photoionization Detector 2 BG= Background, measured in parts per million (ppm) Sample Recovery S-1: 0.2' 6 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 DRILLER: H. HINTZ DRILL RIG TYPE: CLASSIFIED BY:

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:

ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

9/18/2008 9/18/2008

1 OF 1

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.83' G.W. DEPTH

SUB57 See Notes

DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES	
		CONCRETE (0.25')	PID= Photoionization	
1	BG	Red- Brown f-c SAND, little f-c Gravel, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	Detector	
		Black f-c gravel sized SLAG and f. Foundry Sand (moist, FILL)	BG= Background	
2			measurements in	_
			parts per million (ppm)	_
_ 3				_
	BG		REC S-1= 2.2'	_
<b>_</b> <sup>4</sup> <b>_</b>			BEO. 0. 0. 4.01	-
 5		Becomes Black to brown, little f-c Sand, tr. foundry sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	REC S-2= 1.8'	_
_	BG	Brown f-c GRAVEL, some f-c Sand, little Silt, tr. brick (moist, FILL)		-
6	DG	Brown 1-6 GIAVEE, Some 1-6 Sand, little Silt, II. Brick (moist, 1 IEE)		_
			REC S-3= 1.3'	_
7		Contains little Brick, occasional Silt seams		_
	BG			_
8		Light Brown Silty CLAY, tr. gravel, tr. sand (moist)		
		Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE and Silty Clay		_/_
9				_
		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 8.0'		_
10				_
				_
11				-
12				_
_ '				_
13				_
				_
14				
15				_
				_
16				

SHEET

STARTED **FINISHED** 

9/15/2008 9/15/2008 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.26 G.W. DEPTH

SUB66 See Notes

DEPTH	PID	SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES
FT.	READING	CLASSIFICATION	
		CONCRETE (0.5')	PID= Photoionization _
1	BG	Brown f-c SAND, some Silty Clay, little fine Gravel (moist, FILL)	Detector
			BG= Background,
2		Black Fine Foundry SAND, tr. silt, contains frequent Brown fine Foundry Sand	measured in parts per
		seams (moist, FILL)	million (ppm)
3			_
	BG	Brown Silty CLAY, tr. gravel, tr. sand, tr. brick, tr. coal	Sample Recovery
4		(moist, FILL)	S-1: 3.5'
		Brown Silty CLAY, tr. gravel, tr. sand (moist)	S-2: 2.6'
5	BG		_
		Becomes Light Brown	_
6			_
	1	Becomes Light Brown to Grey, contains little fine Gravel, little f-c Sand	_
7		\(possible highly weathered Mudstone)	_
	BG	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE	7
8	123		
			_
9		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 7.0'	_
_		Directive delivership and manifestation activity	_
10			_
_ ` _			_
11			_
_''_			_
12			_
12			_
			_
13			_
			_
14			_
			_
15			_
			_
16			
DRILLER:	N. HIN	TZ DRILL RIG TYPE: SIMCO CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH	I SAMPLING		

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

9/15/2008 9/15/2008

1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.22' G.W. DEPTH

SUB72

See Notes

DEPTH	PID	SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES
FT.	READING	CLASSIFICATION	
		CONCRETE (1.5')	PID= Photoionization
_ 1 _	BG		Detector
			BG= Background,
_ 2		Brown to Black Fine SAND, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	measured in parts per
			million (ppm)
3	BG	Contains some Silty Clay	
		Red BRICK Fragments (moist, FILL)	Sample Recovery
4		\\Light Brown to Grey Clayey SILT (moist)	S-1: 2.1'
	\	Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE (moist)	7
5			
		Direct Push Complete at 4.0'	Sample collected at 1.5'
6			to 2.5' for analytical testing.
			_
7			_
— · —			_
8			
_ ° —			_
_ —			_
9			_
—			_
10			_
11			
12			_
13			
14			
			_
15			_
			_
16			_
			I

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF IN	/ESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH	H SAMPLING			

PROJ. NO.:

 STARTED
 9/18/2008

 FINISHED
 9/18/2008

 SHEET
 1 OF

BEV-08-020

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV G.W. DEPTH

See Notes

SUB111

PROJECT: NYSDEC-DUSSAULT LOCA

LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY LOCKPORT, NEW YORK

SOIL OR ROCK NOTES DEPTH **CLASSIFICATION** READING FT. PID= Photoionization Black ORGANICS, some f-c Gravel (moist, FILL) BG Red- Brown f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL) Detector Light Brown Silty CLAY, little fine Gravel, little fine Sand (moist) BG= Background 2 measurements in parts per million (ppm) BG REC S-1= 3.3' Becomes Red- Brown ВG Contains occasional f-c Sand seams 6 REC S-2= 2.6' Becomes Light Brown, contains frequent Silt partings 8 Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 7.0' 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT	PUSH SAMPLING			

STARTED **FINISHED** 

SHEET

9/18/2008 9/18/2008

1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 595.08' G.W. DEPTH

SUB112 See Notes

DEPTH FI. READING CLASSIFICATION  BG CONCRETE Light Brown to Brown f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, little Silt  Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 1.0'  PID= Photoionization Detector BG= Background measurement in parts per million (ppm)  5	PROJ.	NO	BEV-08-020 LOCKPO	JRT, NEW YORK	_
BG				NOTES	
Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 1.0'   PID= Photoionization   Detector   BG= Background   measurement in   parts per million (ppm)				REC S-1= 0.5'	
PID= Photoionization Detector BG= Background measurement in parts per million (ppm)  5	1		Light Brown to Brown f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, little Silt		
Detector BG= Background measurement in parts per million (ppm)  - 5	2		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 1.0'		
BG= Background measurement in parts per million (ppm)  5				PID= Photoionization	
	3			Detector	
parts per million (ppm)  10  11  12  13  14  15				BG= Background	
	4			measurement in	
				parts per million (ppm)	
	_ 5 _				_
					_
8	<b>├</b> °				_
8	7				
9	<b>—</b> ′ —				
9	8				_
	<b>├</b>				_
	9				_
11					
12	10				
12					
13	11				
13					
14	12				
14					
15	13				_
15					
	14				_
16	15				
16					_
	16				

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT P	USH SAMPLING		

STARTED FINISHED

SHEET

9/18/2008 9/18/2008

1 OF

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV G.W. DEPTH SUB113 584.88' See Notes

PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY PROJ. NO.: LOCKPORT, NEW YORK BEV-08-020 SOIL OR ROCK DEPTH **NOTES CLASSIFICATION** READING **TOPSOIL** PID= Photoionization BG Brown f-c SAND, some f-c Gravel, little Silt, tr. roots (moist, FILL) Detector BG= Background 2 Brown SAND, little f-c Gravel, little Silt (moist, possible reworked native soils) measurements in BG parts per million (ppm)

BG REC S-1= 2.5' 2.0 Grey f-c GRAVEL, some f-c Sand, little Silt (moist) Grey to Light Brown Weathered MUDSTONE (moist) Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 4.0' 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PU	SH SAMPLING		

SHEET

 STARTED
 9/18/2008

 FINISHED
 9/18/2008

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:

ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

1 OF 1

### SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV G.W. DEPTH SUB114 584.55' See Notes

BG BG BG	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION  Dark Grey f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, F  Becomes Brown, contains some f-c Sand, little Silty C	Detector
BG BG BG	Dark Grey f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, F	Detector  lay  BG= Background  measurements in  parts per million (ppm)
BG BG	Becomes Brown, contains some f-c Sand, little Silty C	BG= Background measurements in parts per million (ppm)
BG BG	Becomes Brown, contains some f-c Sand, little Silty C	measurements in parts per million (ppm)
BG		parts per million (ppm)
BG		
		REC S-1= 2.5'
		RFC S-1= 2.5'
		NEO 0 1- 2.0
BG		REC S-2= 0.5'
	Direct Dark Consolute will D.	Lat 4 Cl
	Direct Push Complete with Refusa	i at 4.6
	N. HINT	N. HINTZ DRILL RIG TYPE: ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER

9/18/2008 STARTED **FINISHED** 9/18/2008 SHEET 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 584.88' G.W. DEPTH

SUB115 See Notes

DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
1		Brown to Black f-c GRAVEL, some f-c Sand, tr. silt (moist, FILL)	PID= Photoionization  Detector  BG= Background
2	BG		measurements in
3	BG		parts per million (ppm)
4	BG		REC S-1= 2.3'
5		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 4.0'	
7			
8			_
9			_
11			
12			_
13			
14			_
15			
16			

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT	PUSH SAMPLING			

9/18/2008 STARTED **FINISHED** 9/18/2008

SHEET 1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 584.60' G.W. DEPTH

SUB116 See Notes

DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
1	BG	Brown to Grey f-c GRAVEL, some f-c Sand, little Silt, tr. clay (moist, FILL)	PID= Photoionization  Detector
2	BG		BG= Background measurements in
3	BG		parts per million (ppm)
4	18 ppm	Light Brown Silty CLAY and Mudstone	REC S-1= 2.7' REC S-2= 0.4'
5	40 ppm		_
6		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 4.6'	Collect sample at 4.6' for analytical testing.
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			_

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT P	USH SAMPLING			

SHEET

9/18/2008 STARTED **FINISHED** 9/18/2008

1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 584.63' G.W. DEPTH

SUB117 See Notes

1 100	. 110	LOCKFOKT,	THEW FORKE
DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
_ 1	BG	Red- Brown f-c GRAVEL, little f-c Sand, little Silt (moist, FILL)	PID= Photoionization Detector
_ 2	BG		BG= Background measurements in
3	BG		parts per million (ppm)  REC S-1= 3.0'
4	BG	Black Fine Foundry SAND and f-c Gravel (moist, FILL)	
5		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 4.0'	_
6	-		_
7			_
8			
9			
11			_
12			_
13			_
14			_
15			_
16			_

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	ELECTRIC JACKHAMMER	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST	
METHOD OF	INVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT F	PUSH SAMPLING			

**STARTED** 

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:

ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH SAMPLING

9/16/2008 9/16/2008

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **DIRECT PUSH LOG**



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV

SUBA4 587.93'

**FINISHED** SHEET 1 OF G.W. DEPTH See Notes PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY LOCKPORT, NEW YORK PROJ. NO.: BEV-08-020 SOIL OR ROCK DEPTH **NOTES CLASSIFICATION** READING FT. PID= Photoionization CONCRETE (0.55') BG Red- Brown f-m SAND, little fine Gravel, tr. silt (moist- wet, FILL) Detector Dark Brown Clayey SILT, little Clayey Silt, tr. gravel, tr. coal (moist, FILL) BG= Background, 2 measured in parts per Brown Silty CLAY, tr. sand (moist) million (ppm) Sample Recovery BG S-1: 3.8 Light Brown to Grey Weathered MUDSTONE Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 4.0' Sample collected at 0.5- 3.0' for analytical 6 testing. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 H. HINTZ DRILL RIG TYPE: CLASSIFIED BY:

SHEET

9/15/2008 STARTED **FINISHED** 9/15/2008

1 OF 1

# SJB SERVICES, INC. DIRECT PUSH LOG



HOLE NO. SURF. ELEV 587.94' G.W. DEPTH

SUBA-5 See Notes

DEPTH FT.	PID READING	SOIL OR ROCK CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
	BG	Black f-m Foundry SAND, little fine Gravel, little Silty Clay (moist, FILL)	PID= Photoionization
1			Detector
	BG	Contains occasional Silty Clay seams	_
2			_
3		Direct Push Complete with Refusal at 2.0'	Sample collected at 0- 2.0'
			for analytical testing.
4			, , ,
			Possible concrete present
5			in sampling shoe
			_
6			Sample Recovery
			S-1= 1.8'  BG= Background, measured in parts per million (ppm)
_ ′ _			BG= Background,
8			measured in parts per
			million (ppm)
9			
			_
10			_
11			_
12			
			_
13			
14			_
			<u> </u>
15			_
			_
16			

DRILLER:	N. HINTZ	DRILL RIG TYPE:	SIMCO	CLASSIFIED BY:	GEOLOGIST
METHOD OF IN	IVESTIGATION:	ASTM 6282 - DIRECT PUSH	SAMPLING		

# MONITORING WELL LOGS AND COMPLETION RECORDS

DATE

**START** 

9/3/2008

**FINISH** 

9/29/2008

SHEET 1 OF

### SJB SERVICES, INC. SUBSURFACE LOG



HOLE NO. <u>MW-1</u> SURF. ELEV <u>596.2'</u>

G.W. DEPTH See Notes

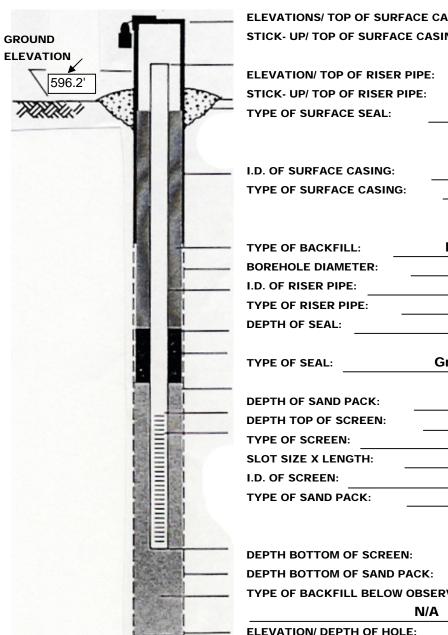
PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY BEV-08-020 LOCKPORT, NEW YORK PROJ. NO.: SOIL OR ROCK **NOTES** DEPTH SMPL BLOWS ON SAMPLER CLASSIFICATION Black Fine Foundry SAND, some f-c Gravel, 2 6 8 23 14 \ little Silt, tr. roots (moist, FILL) Brown f-c SAND, some f-c Gravel, little Silt 2 8 10 11 17 21 (moist, reworked natvie soils) REF Brown to Dark Brown SILT, tr. sand (moist, firm) Poor Recovery Sample #3 50/0.4 Split Spoon Refusal at 4.4' Run #1 9.5'- 11.5' Grey DOLOSTONE, hard to very hard, slightly weathered to weathered, laminated to thin bedded, **REC= 50%** occasional horizontal fractures, occasional horizontal **RQD= 34%** Run #2 11.5'- 16.5' mechanical breaks REC= 100% Becomes laminated to bedded, contains occasional **RQD=60%** vertical fractures Contains frequent horizontal mechanical breaks Run #3 16.5'- 21.5' **REC= 100% RQD=75%** Run #4 21.5'- 26.5' **REC= 97% RQD= 17%** Boring Complete at 26.5' Driller noted a void at 16.5

N = NO. BLOWS TO DRIVE 2-INCH SPOON 12-INCHES WITH A 140 LB. PIN WT. FALLING 30-INCHES PER BLOW					Geologist
DRILLER:	A. JAKUBCZAK	DRILL RIG TYPE :	CME-75	<u> </u>	
METHOD OF IN	IVECTION TION A COM DIAGON LIGHT		•		

#### MONITORING WELL COMPLETION RECORD

SB	
SERVICES, INC.	

PROJECT: NYSDEC- I	DUSSAULT	SERVICES, INC.
PROJECT NUMBER: BEV-08-02	0 DRILLING METHOD:	ASTM D-1586
WELL NUMBER: MW-1	GEOLOGIST:	S. BOCHENEK
DRILLER: A. JAKUBCZAK	INSTALLATION DATE	E(S): 9/29/2008



**ELEVATIONS/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING:** 597.50' STICK- UP/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING: N/A

597.06' N/A STICK- UP/ TOP OF RISER PIPE: **Bentonite Grout** 

6" Steel

**Bentonite Grout** PVC 12.5'

**Granular Bentonite** 

14.5' 16.5' PVC 0.10"x10.0" 2" #0 Silica Sand

26.5' DEPTH BOTTOM OF SAND PACK: 26.5' TYPE OF BACKFILL BELOW OBSERVATION WELL: N/A

569.7' **ELEVATION/ DEPTH OF HOLE:** 

DATE

**START FINISH** 

9/3/2008 10/1/2008

SHEET 1 OF

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. SUBSURFACE LOG



HOLE NO. MW-2 SURF. ELEV 587.6'

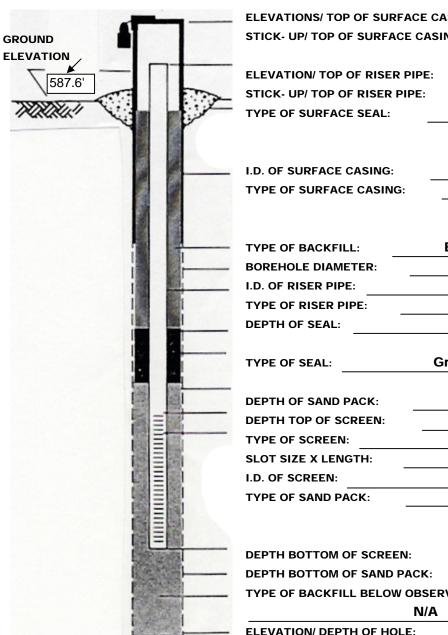
G.W. DEPTH See Notes PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY PROJ. NO.: BEV-08-020 LOCKPORT, NEW YORK SOIL OR ROCK **NOTES** DEPTH SMPL BLOWS ON SAMPLER **CLASSIFICATION** Brown Fine Foundry SAND, little fine Gravel, 2 9 12 15 21 tr. silt, tr. cinders (moist, FILL) Contains some fine Gravel, tr. ash 2 22 15 9 12 24 5 Brown to Rust SILT, some f-c Gravel, little f-c Sand 5 6 7 7 13 (moist, reworked native soils) Brown f-c Sand, some f-c Gravel, little Silt, tr. ash, 9 11 12 15 tr. brick (moist, reworked native soils) 23 38 **REF** Brown Weathered MUDSTONE (moist) 50 50/0.1 Split Spoon Refusal at 9.1' 10 Brown to Grey MUDSTONE, soft, weathered, Run #1 14.0'- 16.5' laminated to thin bedded, numerous fractures and REC= 73% RQD= 0% mechanical breaks Run #2 16.5'- 21.5' Grey DOLOSTONE, hard to very hard, weathered, **REC= 96%** laminated to thin bedded, numerous fractures and **RQD=0%** mechanical breaks, occasional vugs and styolites Run #3 21.5'- 26.5' **REC= 98% RQD=0%** Becomes laminated to bedded, contains occasional angular to vertical fractures Run #4 26.5'- 31.5' **REC= 92%** RQD= 35% Boring Complete at 31.5'

N = NO. BLC	OWS TO DRIVE 2-INC	CLASSIFIED BY:	Geologist				
DRILLER:	A. JAKUB	CZAK	DRILL RIG TYP	E:C	ME-75		
METHOD OF	FINVESTIGATION	ASTM D-1586 U	SING HOLLOW STEM AUGERS	3			

#### MONITORING WELL COMPLETION RECORD

SB	
SERVICES, INC.	

PROJECT: NYSI	DEC- DUSSAULT		SERVICES, INC.
PROJECT NUMBER: BEV-	08-020 DRILL	ING METHOD:	ASTM D-1586
WELL NUMBER: MW-2	2 GEOL	OGIST: S.	BOCHENEK
DRILLER: A. JAKUBCZAI	K INSTA	ALLATION DATE(S)	: 10/1/2008



**ELEVATIONS/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING:** 589.15' STICK- UP/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING: N/A

588.93' N/A STICK- UP/ TOP OF RISER PIPE: **Bentonite Grout** 

6" TYPE OF SURFACE CASING: Steel

**Bentonite Grout** PVC 12.5'

**Granular Bentonite** 

14.5' 16.5' PVC 0.10"x15.0' 2" #0 Silica Sand

31.5' **DEPTH BOTTOM OF SCREEN:** DEPTH BOTTOM OF SAND PACK: 31.5' TYPE OF BACKFILL BELOW OBSERVATION WELL:

N/A 556.1' **ELEVATION/ DEPTH OF HOLE:** 

DATE

START

9/4/2008

**FINISH** 

10/2/2008

SHEET 1 OF

### SJB SERVICES, INC. SUBSURFACE LOG



HOLE NO. <u>MW-3</u> SURF. ELEV <u>596.8'</u>

G.W. DEPTH See Notes

PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY BEV-08-020 LOCKPORT, NEW YORK PROJ. NO.: SOIL OR ROCK **NOTES** DEPTH SMPL BLOWS ON SAMPLER CLASSIFICATION Black to Brown Fine Foundry SAND, little fine Gravel, 1 1 3 4 tr. silt, tr. slag (moist, FILL) Contains occasional Light Brown Fine Foundry Sand 2 6 3 9 11 12 **laminations** 5 4 8 9 8 Becomes Brown, contains tr. brick 5 10 12 3 Contains tr. gravel 3 4 6 10 11 6 8 10 21 14 7 5 7 8 11 15 Light Brown Weathered MUDSTONE (moist) 9 Split Spoon Refusal at 8 12 17 50/0.4 29 15.9' Grey DOLOSTONE, hard to very hard, weathered, Run #1 19.5'- 21.0' laminated to thin bedded, occasional horizontal to REC= 91% RQD= 7% Run #2 21.0'- 26.0' vertical fractures and mechanical breaks REC= 100% RQD= 0% Contains frequent fractures and mechanical breaks Run #3 26.0'- 31.0' **REC= 100% RQD=0%** Boring Complete at 31.0'

N = NO. BLC	OWS TO DRIVE 2-IN	CLASSIFIED BY:	Geologist			
DRILLER:	A. JAKU	BCZAK	DRILL RIG TYPE :	CME-75	<u> </u>	
METHOD O	F INVESTIGATION	ASTM D-1586 U	SING HOLLOW STEM AUGERS			

#### MONITORING WELL COMPLETION RECORD

SB	
SERVICES, I	NC.

PROJECT:	NYSDEC- DUSSAU	ILT	SERVICES, INC.
PROJECT NUMBER:	BEV-08-020	DRILLING METHOD:	ASTM D-1586
WELL NUMBER:	MW-3	GEOLOGIST:	S. BOCHENEK
DRILLER: A. JAKUB	CZAK	<b>INSTALLATION DATI</b>	E(S): 10/1/08-10/2/08

		ELEVATIONS/
GROUND		STICK- UP/ TO
ELEVATION		
596.8'		ELEVATION/ 1
7		STICK- UP/ TO
MINIMUM V	- Link	TYPE OF SUR
		I.D. OF SURF
		TYPE OF SUR
		TYPE OF BAC
		BOREHOLE D
		I.D. OF RISER
	1 1	TYPE OF RISE
		DEPTH OF SE
		TYPE OF SEA
	100	
		DEPTH OF SA
		DEPTH TOP O
		TYPE OF SCR
	圖三圖	SLOT SIZE X
	圖三圖	I.D. OF SCREE
	<b>□ □ □ □</b>	TYPE OF SAN
	温三階	
	調量際	
	2002083	DEPTH BOTT
		DEPTH BOTT
		TYPE OF BAC
		ELEVATION/

ELEVATIONS/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING: 598.32'
STICK- UP/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING: N/A

ELEVATION/ TOP OF RISER PIPE: 598.08'

STICK- UP/ TOP OF RISER PIPE: N/A

TYPE OF SURFACE SEAL: Bentonite Grout

I.D. OF SURFACE CASING:

TYPE OF SURFACE CASING:

Steel

TYPE OF BACKFILL:

BOREHOLE DIAMETER:

I.D. OF RISER PIPE:

TYPE OF RISER PIPE:

DEPTH OF SEAL:

Bentonite Grout

3"

2"

PVC

17.0'

TYPE OF SEAL: Granular Bentonite

 DEPTH OF SAND PACK:
 19.0'

 DEPTH TOP OF SCREEN:
 21.0'

 TYPE OF SCREEN:
 PVC

 SLOT SIZE X LENGTH:
 0.10"x10.0'

 I.D. OF SCREEN:
 2"

 TYPE OF SAND PACK:
 #0 Silica Sand

DEPTH BOTTOM OF SCREEN: 31.0'
DEPTH BOTTOM OF SAND PACK: 31.0'
TYPE OF BACKFILL BELOW OBSERVATION WELL:
N/A

ELEVATION/ DEPTH OF HOLE: 565.8'

DATE

START

9/4/2008

**FINISH** 

9/30/2008

SHEET

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. SUBSURFACE LOG



HOLE NO. MW-4 SURF. ELEV 586.7'

1 OF 1 G.W. DEPTH See Notes

PRO	JE	CT:	NYS	DEC	- DU	SSAL	JLT	LOCATION: DUSSAULT F	OUNDRY	
PRO	J. 1	۱O.:	BEV	'-08-0	)20			LOCKPORT,	NEW YORK	_
DEPTH		SMPL	BLOWS ON SAMPLER			SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES			
FT.		NO.	0/6	6/12	12/18	N		CLASSIFICATION		
		1	6	35				Black to Brown Fine Foundry SAND, tr. gravel,		
			43	16		78		tr. slag, tr. silt (moist, FILL)		
	] /	2	12	17				Becomes Brown		
	ν,		19	20		36				
5	/ ا	3	6	5				Contains little fine Gravel, tr. brick		
	ν,		4	4		9				
_	/ ا	4	3	3				Contains tr. gravel		
-	ν,		3	3		6				
	/ ا	5	4	5				Contains little fine gravel size Slag	Poor Recovery Sample #5	
10	ν,		2	3		7		_		_
_	<b>↓</b> /	6	2	2						_
_	ν,		2	2		4		<u> </u>		_
_	\ ا	7	2	WOH				<u> </u>	No Recovery Sample #7	
_	ν,		+			WOH		1		
15	-	8	4	3						
_	ν,		3	3		6		<u> </u>		
_	-	9	4	6				1		
	ν,		7	7		13		-		
_	-	10	4	7		40		<del> </del>		_
20	Ι,		6	9		13		<u> </u>		
	-	11	10	6		0.5		<del> </del>	DEE 0 1 0	_
	Υ,	40	19	45		25		-	REF= Sample Spoon	=
_	-	12	12	19				-	Refusal	
	/_	10	33	35		52		1	No December Commis #42	
25	<b>-</b> []	13	50/0.0			REF		<del> </del>	No Recovery Sample #13	
_	┸								Split Spoon Refusal at 24'	_
_	Н							Crow to Drown MIDCTONE, act was weethered to	D #4 20 21 24 21	
-	Н							Grey to Brown MUDSTONE, soft, very weathered to weathered, laminated to thin bedded, numerous	Run #1 26.2'- 31.2' REC= 72%	
20	Н							fractures and mechanical breaks	RQD= 0%	
30								Hactares and mechanical preaks	11QD= 070	_
_								+		_
_								+	Run #2 31.2'- 36.2'	_
								+	REC= 38%	
35								+	RQD= 0%	
_ 33 _								1	11.QD= 070	_
_								+		_
_	1							+		_
_	1							Boring Complete at 38.1'		_
40	1							(Roller Bit from 36.2'- 38.1')		$\dashv$
.0		1	1	l		<u> </u>	1	(1101101 511 11011 0012 0011)	_ <b>L</b>	

N = NO. BLOWS	TO DRIVE 2-INCH SPOON 12-INCHE	S WITH A 140 LB. PIN WT. FALLING 30	0-INCHES PER BLOW	CLASSIFIED BY:	Geologist
DRILLER:	A. JAKUBCZAK	DRILL RIG TYPE :	CME-75	<u> </u>	
METHOD OF IN	VESTIGATION ASTM D-1586 LISIN	IG HOLLOW STEM ALIGERS			

#### MONITORING WELL COMPLETION RECORD

SB	
SERVICES, I	NC.

587.73'

N/A

N/A

6"

Steel

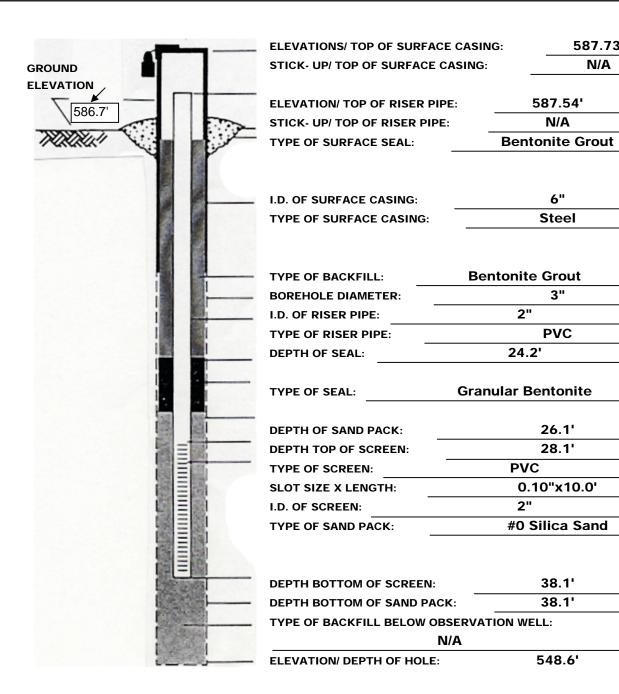
26.1' 28.1'

38.1'

38.1'

548.6'

PROJECT: N	IYSDEC- DUSSAU	LT	SERVICES, INC.
PROJECT NUMBER: B	EV-08-020	DRILLING METHOD:	ASTM D-1586
WELL NUMBER: M	1W-4	GEOLOGIST:	S. BOCHENEK
DRILLER: A. JAKUBC	ZAK	<b>INSTALLATION DATE</b>	E(S): 9/29-9/30/08, 10/2/08



DATE

START

9/5/2008

FINISH

9/30/2008

DRILLER: A. JAKUBCZAK

METHOD OF INVESTIGATION ASTM D-1586 USING HOLLOW STEM AUGERS

SHEET 1 OF 2

### SJB SERVICES, INC. SUBSURFACE LOG



HOLE NO. <u>MW-5</u>
SURF. ELEV <u>580.0'</u>
G.W. DEPTH See Notes

DD.C	15.	<u> </u>	NIV (C	DEC		004:		LOCATION BUILDON!	OLINIDDY.	
PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAUL					SSAL	JLT	LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY			
PRO	OJ. NO.: <u>BEV-08-020</u>							LOCKPORT, N	NEW YORK	
DEPTH	PEPTH SMPL BLOWS ON SAMPLER			SOIL OR ROCK	NOTES					
FT.		NO.	0/6	6/12	12/18	N		CLASSIFICATION		
		1	8	10				Black to Brown Fine Foundry SAND, tr. gravel,		
	/		20	36		30		tr. silt (moist, FILL)		
		2	22	21						
	/		28	37		49			<u> </u>	
5	⅃ℤ	3	8	7						
	/		8	8		15			<u> </u>	
	1/	4	9	15				Brown Weathered MUDSTONE (moist)	<u> </u>	
	/_		9	20		24			<u> </u>	
	1/	5	28	33						
10	Ζ,		32	46		65			<u> </u>	
	1/	6	39	39						
_	/		40	48		79				
_	1							-	_	
_	411									
15	-								Auger Refusal at 14.0'	
	4								_	
_	4							_	_	
	lacksquare									
								Cross to Drawer MUDCTONE and to		
20								Grey to Brown MUDSTONE, soft, very weathered to	Run #1 18.3'- 21.3'	
_								weathered, laminated to thin bedded	REC= 29% RQD= 0%	
								Contains numerous horizontal to angular fractures and		
_								mechanical breaks	\\\ 18.3' to 19.0' / Run #2 21.3'- 26.3'	
25									REC= 69%	
25									RQD= 0%	
_								Grey DOLOSTONE, hard to very hard, weathered,		
_								laminated to thin bedded, contains numerous	Run #3 26.3'- 31.3'	
								horizontal to vertical fractures and mechanical breaks.	REC= 89%	
30								contains occasional vugs	RQD= 0%	
_ 00 _								Somanio occasional vago	_	
_								†	_	
_								†	Run #4 31.3'- 36.3'	
								Contains occasional fossils	REC= 88%	
35								- Cornaine Cocacional recome	RQD= 14%	
_ ~ _								Becomes laminated to bedded	_	
								Contains occasional Clay seams		
_								Contains occasional horizontal fractures and	Run #5 36.3'- 41.3'	
_								mechanical breaks	REC= 100%	
40									RQD= 45%	
	است.		1	1			1	1		
	NI –	NO BL	OWS TO	) DRIV	E 2-INC	H SPOC	NI 12-IN	CHES WITH A 140 LB PIN WT FALLING 30-INCHES PER BLOW	ASSIFIED BY: Geologist	

DRILL RIG TYPE:

CME-75

DATE

**START** 9/30/2008 **FINISH** 

9/30/2008

SHEET 2 OF

#### SJB SERVICES, INC. **SUBSURFACE LOG**



HOLE NO. MW-5 SURF. ELEV 580.0'

G.W. DEPTH See Notes

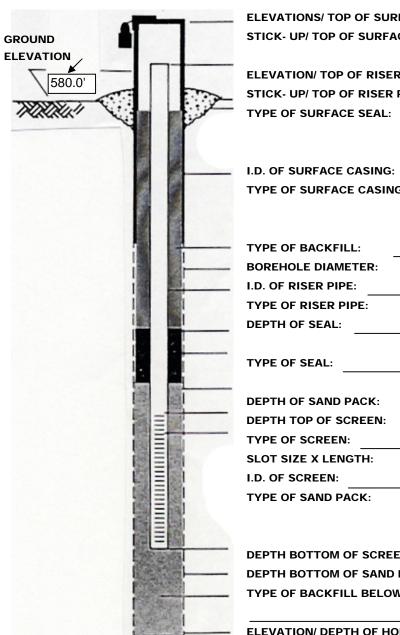
PROJECT: NYSDEC- DUSSAULT LOCATION: DUSSAULT FOUNDRY PROJ. NO.: BEV-08-020 LOCKPORT, NEW YORK SOIL OR ROCK NOTES DEPTH BLOWS ON SAMPLER NO. 0/6 6/12 12/18 CLASSIFICATION Boring Complete at 41.3' 80

N = NO. BLO	VS TO DRIVE 2-INC	CH SPOON 12-INCHE	S WITH A 140 LB. PIN WT. FALLING 30-	INCHES PER BLOW	CLASSIFIED BY:	Geologist
DRILLER:	DRILLER: A. JAKUBCZAK		DRILL RIG TYPE :	CME-75		
METHOD OF INVESTIGATION ASTM D-1586 USING HOLLOW STEM AUGERS						

#### MONITORING WELL COMPLETION RECORD

S	B			
SERVICES, INC.				

PROJECT: NYS	SDEC- DUSSAU	LT	SERVICES, INC.
PROJECT NUMBER: BEV	V-08-020	DRILLING METHOD:	ASTM D-1586
WELL NUMBER: MW	/-5	GEOLOGIST:	S. BOCHENEK
DRILLER: A. JAKUBCZA	AK	INSTALLATION DATE	E(S): 9/30/08 & 10/1/08



ELEVATIONS/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING: 581.40'
STICK- UP/ TOP OF SURFACE CASING: N/A

ELEVATION/ TOP OF RISER PIPE: 581.18'

STICK- UP/ TOP OF RISER PIPE: N/A

TYPE OF SURFACE SEAL: Bentonite Grout

I.D. OF SURFACE CASING:

TYPE OF SURFACE CASING:

Steel

TYPE OF BACKFILL:

BOREHOLE DIAMETER:

I.D. OF RISER PIPE:

TYPE OF RISER PIPE:

DEPTH OF SEAL:

Bentonite Grout

3"

2"

PVC

22.3'

TYPE OF SEAL: Granular Bentonite

 DEPTH OF SAND PACK:
 24.3'

 DEPTH TOP OF SCREEN:
 26.3'

 TYPE OF SCREEN:
 PVC

 SLOT SIZE X LENGTH:
 0.10"x15.0'

 I.D. OF SCREEN:
 2"

 TYPE OF SAND PACK:
 #0 Silica Sand

DEPTH BOTTOM OF SCREEN: 41.3'
DEPTH BOTTOM OF SAND PACK: 41.3'
TYPE OF BACKFILL BELOW OBSERVATION WELL:
N/A

ELEVATION/ DEPTH OF HOLE: 538.7'

#### **APPENDIX C**

# SOIL BORING, TEST PIT AND MONITORING WELL STRATIGRAPHIC SUMMARY TABLE

 $Table \ C-1.$  Stratigraphic Summary of Borings, Test Pits, and Monitoring Wells Installed during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site. Page 1 of 4

Well, Test Pit or	Coord	linates	Ground Surface		Fill			Reworked	Soil		Native Sa	nd		Native Silty	Clay	Be	drock
Boring Number	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation
SUB-1	1120223.88	1156373.66	588.00	0.0	588.00	5.0										5.0	583.00
SUB-2	1120262.22	1156359.24	595.69	0.0	595.69	9.0							9.0	586.69	0.6	9.6	586.09
SUB-3	1120263.41	1156402.92	591.38	0.0	591.38	8.5							8.5	582.88	1.1	9.6	581.78
SUB-4	1120312.27	1156362.53	595.92	0.0	595.92	6.5				6.5	589.42	3.5				10.0	585.92
SUB-5	1120309.87	1156413.94	596.38	0.0	596.38	12.8							12.8	583.58	0.2	13.0	583.38
SUB-6	1120304.81	1156448.64	591.73	0.0	591.73	10.6										10.6	581.13
SUB-7	1120362.59	1156353.32	594.45	0.5	593.95	2.0				2.5	591.95	3.5				6.0	588.45
SUB-8	1120358.92	1156415.75	594.71	0.0	594.71	7.0	7.0	587.71	2.3	9.3	585.41	0.7				10.0	584.71
SUB-9	1120356.71	1156466.95	596.26	0.0	596.26	9.5										9.5	586.76
SUB-10		1156507.84	583.77	0.0	583.77	>14.0											
SUB-11	1120412.04	1156369.03	595.11	0.0	595.11	2.0				2.0	593.11	1.9				3.9	591.21
SUB-12	1120408.85	1156418.93	593.89	0.0	593.89	5.0				5.0	588.89	2.0				7.0	586.89
SUB-13	1120409.82	1156467.13	587.94	0.5	587.44	3.2							3.7	584.24	3.3	7.0	580.94
SUB-14	1120402.28	1156518.74	587.55	0.0	587.55	3.3										3.3	584.25
SUB-15	1120399.07	1156568.59	568.44						Location Not C	Completed	Due To Acc	ess Limitation:	s	•		_	
SUB-16	1120462.01	1156372.30	595.40	0.0	595.40	1.8				1.8	593.60	7.7	9.5	585.90	1.5	11.0	584.40
SUB-17	1120459.86	1156423.44	588.12	0.0	588.12	2.0							2.0	586.12	3.5	5.5	582.62
SUB-18	1120455.48	1156472.06	587.97	0.5	587.52	1.6	2.0	585.97	5.5				7.5	580.47	0.5	8.0	579.97
SUB-19	1120452.23	1156521.96	587.40	0.0	587.40	2.0	2.0	585.40	4.8				6.8	580.60	1.2	8.0	579.40
SUB-20	1120448.96	1156571.85	576.46	0.0	576.46	>2.2											
SUB-21	1120445.70	1156621.74	544.11	0.0	544.11	1.0	1.0	543.11	5.0				6.0	538.11	>8.0		
SUB-22	1120511.90	1156375.65	595.32	0.0	595.32	9.5										9.5	585.82
SUB-23	1120508.64	1156425.43	589.84	0.0	589.84	1.3				1.3	588.54	2.1	3.4	586.44	0.6	4.0	585.84
SUB-24	1120505.38	1156475.31	587.85	0.5	587.35	1.0	1.5	586.35	0.5				2.0	585.85	2.3	4.3	583.55
SUB-25	1120501.83	1156525.28	587.52	0.6	586.92	7.9	8.5	579.02	1.1	9.6	577.92	2.4	12.0	575.52	2.0	14.0	573.52
SUB-26	1120498.85	1156575.11	579.23	0.0	579.23	>2.8											
SUB-27	1120558.53	1156428.78	594.21	0.5	593.71	0.7	1.2	593.01	0.3				1.5	592.71	2.2	3.7	590.51
SUB-28	1120560.74	1156488.79	587.89				0.6	587.29	1.0				1.6	586.29	2.3	3.9	583.99
SUB-29	1120551.99	1156528.35	587.73	0.5	587.23	2.5				3.0	584.73	1.0	4.0	583.73	2.1	6.1	581.63
SUB-30	1120548.52	1156578.46	583.71	0.0	583.71	>12.0											
SUB-31	1120608.43	1156431.95	595.68	0.8	594.88	0.7	1.5	594.18	4.4	5.9	589.78	3.1				9.0	586.68
SUB-32	1120606.29	1156483.09	595.21	0.0	595.21	1.5	1.5	593.71	4.0	5.5	589.71	2.5	8.0	587.21	2.0	10.0	585.21
SUB-33	1120601.91	1156531.84	NS						Location Not C		Due To Acc		S				-
SUB-34	1120598.65	1156581.60	587.68	0.5	587.18	5.1	5.6	582.08	1.8				7.4	580.28	0.3	7.7	579.98
SUB-35	1120595.38	1156631.69	573.78						Location Not C	Completed	Due To Acc	ess Limitation:	S				
SUB-36	1120658.38	1156435.22	596.80	0.0	596.80	3.7				3.7	593.10	5.3				9.0	587.80
SUB-37	1120654.99	1156485.12	595.39	0.0	595.39	2.3				2.3	593.09	7.7				10.0	585.39
SUB-38	1120651.50	1156534.99	592.70	0.0	5,0.0,		0.5	592.20	4.1		5,5.0,		4.6	588.10	1.1	5.7	587.00
SUB-39	1120648.53	1156584.95	587.75				0.5	587.25	1.5					200.10		2.0	585.75
SUB-40	1120645.28	1156634.89	NS				0.0		Location Not C	Completed	Due To Acc	ess Limitation	<u> </u>				200.70
				0.0	596 70	5.2							- 			5.2	591.50
SUB-41	1120708.15	1156438.47	596.70	0.0	596.70	5.2										5.2	591.50

Table C-1.
Stratigraphic Summary of Borings, Test Pits, and Monitoring Wells Installed during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.
Page 2 of 4

Well, Test Pit or	Coord	linates	Ground		Fill			Reworked	Soil		Native Sa	nd		Native Silty	Clay	Be	drock
Boring Number	Easting	Northing	Surface Elevation	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation
SUB-42	1120704.88	1156488.53	596.39	0.0	596.39	9.0										9.0	587.39
SUB-43	1120710.44	1156531.91	596.17	0.0	596.17	2.8				2.8	593.37	6.2				9.0	587.17
SUB-44	1120695.50	1156598.35	588.36	0.4	587.96	0.6							1.0	587.36	0.4	1.4	586.96
SUB-45	1120694.95	1156638.35	588.04	0.3	587.74	5.5							5.8	582.24	0.4	6.2	581.84
SUB-46	1120693.23	1156689.32	586.27	0.0	586.27	15.6										15.6	570.67
SUB-47	1120758.11	1156441.74	595.67	0.0	595.67	1.6				1.6	594.07	0.7				2.3	593.37
SUB-48	1120754.81	1156491.63	595.86	0.0	595.86	1.3				1.3	594.56	2.7				4.0	591.86
SUB-49	1120752.70	1156542.81	595.49	0.0	595.49	1.8				1.8	593.69	6.2				8.0	587.49
SUB-50	1120746.61	1156605.84	587.88										1.0	586.88	1.0	2.0	585.88
SUB-51	1120745.03	1156641.48	588.05	0.0	588.05	2.5										2.5	585.55
SUB-52	1120753.24	1156685.78	587.89	0.4	587.49	>4.6											
SUB-53	1120804.34	1156494.83	596.11	0.0	596.11	1.6				1.6	594.51	2.4				4.0	592.11
SUB-54	1120801.43	1156544.97	595.48	0.0	595.48	1.3	1.3	594.18	2.5	3.8	591.68	1.7				5.5	589.98
SUB-55	1120798.15	1156594.62	594.00	1.0	593.00	4.0							5.0	589.00	3.0	8.0	586.00
SUB-56	1120794.95	1156644.57	587.83	0.5	587.33	>0.2											
SUB-57	1120791.54	1156694.41	587.92	0.3	587.67	7.3							7.5	580.42	0.5	8.0	579.92
SUB-58	1120788.23	1156744.40	582.27	0.0	582.27	>15.0											
SUB-59	1120847.97	1156597.85	591.68	0.0	591.68	0.8	0.8	590.88	4.5							5.3	586.38
SUB-60	1120844.76	1156647.86	587.63				0.0	587.63	2.8							2.8	584.83
SUB-61	1120841.48	1156697.58	585.30				0.0	585.30	5.5							5.5	579.80
SUB-62	1120838.37	1156746.95	583.88	0.0	583.88	11.5							11.5	572.38	0.5	12.0	571.88
SUB-63	1120901.26	1156551.31	593.40	0.0	593.40	1.0				1.0	592.40	3.9				4.9	588.50
SUB-64	1120897.92	1156601.20	594.34	0.8	593.54	0.2	1.0	593.34	5.3							6.3	588.04
SUB-65	1120902.10	1156643.14	590.79	0.0	590.79	6.0										6.0	584.79
SUB-66	1120891.46	1156701.23	587.26	0.5	586.76	3.3	3.3	583.96	0.5				3.8	583.46	2.7	6.5	580.76
SUB-67	1120889.32	1156752.23	583.38	0.0	583.38	4.2							4.2	579.18	1.1	5.3	578.08
SUB-68	1120896.89	1156803.91	574.49	0.0	574.49	6.3				6.3	568.19	2.1				8.4	566.09
SUB-69	1120952.38	1156556.10	594.86	0.0	594.86	1.4				1.4	593.46	>6.0					
SUB-70	1120947.86	1156604.34	593.76				1.0	592.76	5.8							6.8	586.96
SUB-71	1120944.59	1156654.36	592.65	0.0	592.65	2.0	2.0	590.65	3.5	5.5	587.15	0.5				6.0	586.65
SUB-72	1120941.30	1156704.19	587.22				1.5	585.72	1.6				3.1	584.12	0.2	3.3	583.92
SUB-73	1120937.97	1156754.14	583.39	0.0	583.39	2.2	2.2	581.19	3.0							5.2	578.19
SUB-74	1120934.80	1156804.04	580.49	0.0	580.49	2.2	2.2	578.29	4.8							7.0	573.49
SUB-75	1120932.76	1156855.37	555.68	0.0	555.68	4.1										4.1	551.58
SUB-76	1120997.56	1156607.72	594.13	0.0	594.13	1.0	1.0	593.13	5.0	6.0	588.13	1.0				7.0	587.13
SUB-77	1120994.32	1156657.25	591.79	0.0	591.79	1.4				1.4	590.39	6.0				7.4	584.39
SUB-78	1120990.93	1156707.50	587.90	0.0	587.90	2.0							2.0	585.90	1.4	3.4	584.50
SUB-79	1120987.76	1156757.58	583.30	0.0	583.30	0.6										0.6	582.70
SUB-80	1120984.27	1156807.28	581.95	0.0	581.95	3.4							3.4	578.55	1.3	4.7	577.25
SUB-81	1120981.49	1156857.29	NS						Location Not C	Completed	Due To Acc	ess Limitation:	s	·			
SUB-82	1121048.61	1156612.52	594.47	0.0	594.47	2.1	2.1	592.37	0.6	2.7	591.77	7.3				10.0	584.47

Table C-1.
Stratigraphic Summary of Borings, Test Pits, and Monitoring Wells Installed during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.
Page 3 of 4

Well, Test Pit or	Coord	inates	Ground		Fill			Reworked	Soil		Native Sa	nd		Native Silty	Clay	Be	drock
Boring Number	Easting	Northing	Surface Elevation	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation
SUB-83	1121044.14	1156660.86	592.67	0.0	592.67	1.5				1.5	591.17	2.5	4.0	588.67	5.0	9.0	583.67
SUB-84	1121041.16	1156710.84	591.11	0.0	591.11	3.4							3.4	587.71	5.9	9.3	581.81
SUB-85	1121038.76	1156762.25	583.10	0.0	583.10	2.0	2.0	581.10	0.8				2.8	580.30	1.0	3.8	579.30
SUB-86	1121034.41	1156810.50	581.97	0.0	581.97	2.7	2.7	579.27	1.0							3.7	578.27
SUB-87	1121097.58	1156614.25	594.65	0.0	594.65	1.9				1.9	592.75	2.4	4.3	590.35	7.1	11.4	583.25
SUB-88	1121096.09	1156666.83	593.22	0.0	593.22	1.1				1.1	592.12	7.9	9.0	584.22	1.9	10.9	582.32
SUB-89	1121091.00	1156714.86	592.22	1.0	591.22	3.5	4.5	587.72	6.3							10.8	581.42
SUB-90	1121087.72	1156763.90	585.00	2.0	583.00	4.3	6.3	578.70	2.4				8.7	576.30	0.2	8.9	576.10
SUB-91	1121084.85	1156813.68	581.73	0.0	581.73	3.2							3.2	578.53	3.3	6.5	575.23
SUB-92	1121081.25	1156864.05	579.17	0.0	579.17	2.5	2.5	576.67	3.3				5.8	573.37	0.4	6.2	572.97
SUB-93	1121078.01	1156913.61	565.21				=	]	Location Not C	Completed	Due To Acc	ess Limitation	S				
SUB-94	1121144.18	1156667.89	593.30	0.0	593.30	1.8	1.8	591.50	2.2	4.0	589.30	4.0	8.0	585.30	2.8	10.8	582.50
SUB-95	1121140.42	1156717.23	591.37	0.0	591.37	6.7	6.7	584.67	1.5				8.2	583.17	1.8	10.0	581.37
SUB-96	1121137.66	1156767.59	585.88	0.0	585.88	8.6	8.6	577.28	0.9							9.5	576.38
SUB-97	1121134.31	1156817.23	578.83	0.0	578.83	>4.7											
SUB-98	1121125.90	1156855.19	577.44	0.0	577.44	2.0	2.0	575.44	5.6							7.6	569.84
SUB-99	1121195.10	1156672.09	593.80	0.0	593.80	1.8				1.8	592.00	3.6	5.4	588.40	3.6	9.0	584.80
SUB-100	1121202.51	1156771.42	590.09	0.2	589.89	>11.3											
SUB-101	1121218.73	1156818.35	576.04	0.0	576.04	2.6	2.6	573.44	>4.3								
SUB-102	1120557.33	1156387.25	595.60	0.0	595.60	2.0				2.0	593.60	3.0	5.0	590.60	2.3	7.3	588.30
SUB-103	1120893.07	1156728.43	583.95	0.0	583.95	2.5							2.5	581.45	1.1	3.6	580.35
SUB-104	1120956.04	1156864.38	558.21	0.0	558.21	5.4											
SUB-105	1120754.90	1156573.29	595.17	0.0	595.17	1.3	1.3	593.87	>0.5								
SUB-106	1120735.46	1156567.82	595.61	0.0	595.61	>9.0											
SUB-107	1121058.11	1156878.71	578.09	0.0	578.09	3.7	3.7	574.39	6.2							9.9	568.19
SUB-108	1120503.97	1156516.53	587.56	0.0	587.56	>2.0											
SUB-109	1120685.97	1156581.93	587.86	0.0	587.86	>2.1											
SUB-110	1120549.20	1156596.94	578.24	>1.0													
SUB-111	1120605.13	1156512.48	592.70	0.5	592.20	0.6							1.1	591.60	5.9	7.0	585.70
SUB-112	1120390.24	1156414.97	595.08	>1.0													
SUB-113	1120851.64	1156700.53	584.88				0.0	584.88	3.9							3.9	580.98
SUB-114	1120858.47	1156704.70	584.55				0.0	584.55	4.6							4.6	579.95
SUB-115	1120846.31	1156707.11	584.88				0.0	584.88	4.0							4.0	580.88
SUB-116	1120854.63	1156708.36	584.60				0.0	584.60	4.4				4.4	580.20	0.2	4.6	580.00
SUB-117	1120862.07	1156709.12	584.63				0.0	584.63	4.0							4.0	580.63
SUB-A1	1120394.11	1156406.88	594.61	0.0	594.61	7.5										7.5	587.11
SUB-A2B	1120544.43	1156466.08	590.91	0.0	590.91	7.0				7.0	583.91	2.0				9.0	581.91
SUB-A3	1120640.79	1156502.10	594.97	0.0	594.97	>2.5											
SUB-A4	1120544.58	1156494.98	587.93				0.6	587.38	1.5				2.0	585.93	1.8	3.8	584.13
SUB-A5	1120707.31	1156662.95	587.94	0.0	587.94	>2.0											
MW-1	1120799.71	1156473.66	596.20	0.0	596.20	1.0				1.0	595.20	1.3	2.3	593.90	2.1	4.4	591.80

Table C-1.
Stratigraphic Summary of Borings, Test Pits, and Monitoring Wells Installed during the 2008 Site Investigation at the Dussault Foundry Site.
Page 4 of 4

Well, Test Pit or	Coord	linates	Ground Surface		Fill			Reworked	Soil		Native Sa	nd		Native Silty	Clay	Be	drock
Boring Number	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Depth	Surface Elevation	Thickness	Depth	Surface Elevation									
MW-2	1120407.54	1156492.16	587.60	0.0	587.60	4.0	4.0	583.60	5.1							9.1	578.50
MW-3	1120322.18	1156421.73	596.80	0.0	596.80	14.0										14.0	582.80
MW-4	1120712.14	1156697.60	586.70	0.0	586.70	24.0										24.0	562.70
MW-5	1121073.39	1156848.62	580.00	0.0	580.00	5.9							•			5.9	574.10

# APPENDIX D WELL DEVELOPMENT & PURGE AND SAMPLE LOGS



#### WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

SITE NAME: Dus	ault Foundry S	Site			SITE NU	MBER:	932012					
DEVELOPER: Stev	e Bochenek, E	mpireGeo										
DEVELOPMENT DATE:	October 6	5, 2008										
START DEVELOPMENT	0931			END DE	VELOPME	ENT:	1042					
WELL NUMBER:	MW-1	WELL ID	).	VOL. (GAI	_/FT)							
1 TOTAL CARNICAND	. TOTAL CASING AND SCREEN LENGTH (FT):27.37											
1. TOTAL CASING AND	SCREEN LEN		2"		0.10	63						
2. CASING INTERNAL I	IAMETER (IN	J):			2.0		3"		0.30	67		
					13.10		4"		0.63	53		
3. WATER LEVEL BELC		1.02	20									
4. VOLUME OF WATER	IN CASING (		6"		1.40	69						
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal	#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/Ft)											
VOI	UME OF 10 C	CASINGS:			_23.26	GAL.						
				VOLU	JME PURC	GED (GAL	LONS)					
PARAMETERS	0.0	4.5	9.0	15.0	20.0	24.0						
pН	6.79	7.00	7.01	7.01	7.01	7.01						
CONDUCTIVITY (ms/cm)	58.24	55.23	58.33	58.13	57.97	58.07						
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM						
TEMPERATURE (°C)	13.52	12.61	12.41	12.50	12.48	12.50						
TIME	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR						
D : 4 1 1 4 1		0 11	***	1 6 1		22.7011	1		<del></del>			

Drop in water level noted after purging 15.0 gallons. Water level after development was 22.78' below top of riser.

#### **New York State Department of Environmental Conservation**

270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, New York, 14203-2999



#### WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

SITE NAME: Dussau	ılt Foundry S	ite			SITE NU	MBER:	932012						
DEVELOPER: Steve l	Bochenek, Eı	mpireGeo											
DEVELOPMENT DATE:	October 6	5, 2008											
START DEVELOPMENT:	1109			END DE	VELOPME	ENT:	1432						
WELL NUMBER:	/ELL NUMBER: <b>MW-2</b>												
1 TOTAL CARING AND G	TOTAL CASING AND SCREEN LENGTH (FT):32.29												
1. TOTAL CASING AND SO	JREEN LEN		2"		0.10	63							
2. CASING INTERNAL DIA	METER (IN	I):			2.0		3"		0.30	67			
			4"		0.63	53							
3. WATER LEVEL BELOW TOP OF CASING (FT): 5" 1.020													
4. VOLUME OF WATER IN	CASING (		6"		1.4	69							
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/Ft	#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/Ft)												
VOLU	ME OF 10 C	ASINGS:			_18.16	GAL.							
				VOLU	JME PURC	GED (GALI	LONS)						
PARAMETERS	0.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	8.0								
pН	6.71	6.78	6.81	6.65	6.79								
CONDUCTIVITY (ms/cm)	32.38	32.33	32.17	32.68	32.36								
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM								
TEMPERATURE (°C)	10.10	10.10	9.83	10.25	10.07								
TIME	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR								

Well purged dry after 4.0 gallons. Well development resumed at 1410, with water level at 21.80' below top of riser. Well purged dry after 8.0 gallons.



#### WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

SITE NAME: Dus	sault Foundry S	Site			SITE NU	JMBER:	932012			
DEVELOPER: Stev	e Bochenek, E	mpireGeo								
DEVELOPMENT DATE:	October 6	5, 2008								
START DEVELOPMENT	1042			END DE	VELOPME	ENT:	1449			
WELL NUMBER:	MW-3						WELL II	Э.	VOL. (GAI	_/FT)
1 TOTAL CASING AND	CODEENLLEN	1"		0.0	41					
1. TOTAL CASING AND	SCREEN LEN	(GIH (FI):			_32.74		2"		0.1	63
2. CASING INTERNAL I	DIAMETER (IN	J):			2.0		3"		0.3	67
			4"		0.6.	53				
3. WATER LEVEL BELC	W TOP OF CA		5"		1.0	20				
4. VOLUME OF WATER	IN CASING (		6"		1.4	69				
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal	/Ft)						8"		2.6	11
VO	LUME OF 10 C	CASINGS:			_12.45	GAL.				
				VOLU	JME PURC	GED (GAL	LONS)			
PARAMETERS	0.0	2.5	3.25	4.5	6.0					
pН	6.85	6.85	6.91	6.99	6.83					
CONDUCTIVITY (ms/cm	34.64	33.24	33.16	23.22	23.44					
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM					
TEMPERATURE (°C)	11.48	11.28	11.23	11.55	11.24					
TIME	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR					
Well purged dry after 3.25	gallons Well	develonmer	nt resumed	at 1347 wi	th water lev	vel at 25 59	' below ton	of riser V	Well purged	dry after

6.0 gallons.



#### WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

SITE NAME: Dussault	t Foundry S	ite			SITE NU	JMBER:	932012						
DEVELOPER: Steve Bo	ochenek, Er	npireGeo											
DEVELOPMENT DATE:	October 6	, 2008											
START DEVELOPMENT:	1240			END DE	VELOPME	ENT:	1438						
WELL NUMBER:	MW-4		_				WELL II	).	VOL. (GAI	_/FT)			
1 TOTAL CASING AND SCI	. TOTAL CASING AND SCREEN LENGTH (FT): <b>38.96</b>												
1. TOTAL CASING AND SCI	KEEN LEIN		2"		0.10	63							
2. CASING INTERNAL DIAM	METER (IN		3"		0.30	67							
			4"		0.63	53							
3. WATER LEVEL BELOW TOP OF CASING (FT): 5" 1.020													
4. VOLUME OF WATER IN CASING (GAL): 6" 1.469													
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/Ft)							8"		2.6	11			
VOLUM	ИЕ OF 10 C	ASINGS:			9.24	GAL.							
				VOLU	ME PURC	GED (GALI	LONS)						
PARAMETERS	0.0	2.0	3.25	4.25									
pН	7.19	6.94	6.99	7.04									
CONDUCTIVITY (ms/cm)	24.11	23.17	23.18	23.85									
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM									
TEMPERATURE (°C)	EMPERATURE (°C)         11.63         10.81         10.77         10.86												
TIME	NR	NR	NR	NR									
Well purged dry after 3.25 gallo	ons. Well o	levelopmer	nt resumed	at 1432, wit	th water lev	vel at 35.82	' below top	of riser. V	Vell purged	dry after			

4.25 gallons.



#### WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

					Ī								
SITE NAME: Dussaul	t Foundry S	ite			SITE N	UMBER:	932012						
DEVELOPER: Steve Be	ochenek, Er	npireGeo											
DEVELOPMENT DATE:	October 6	, 2008											
START DEVELOPMENT:	1315			END DE	VELOPM	IENT:	1453						
WELL NUMBER:	_MW-5						WELL ID.		VOL. (GAI	L/FT)			
1. TOTAL CASING AND SC	DEEN LEN		1"		0.0	41							
1. TOTAL CASING AND SC.	KEEN LEN	GIH (FI):			_42.59		2"		0.1	63			
2. CASING INTERNAL DIAMETER (IN): 3" 0.367													
4" 0.653													
3. WATER LEVEL BELOW TOP OF CASING (FT): 5" 1.020													
4. VOLUME OF WATER IN CASING (GAL): 6" 1.469													
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/Ft)													
VOLUN	ИЕ OF 10 C	ASINGS:		<del></del>	_15.93	GAL.							
				VOLU	JME PUR	RGED (GAL	LONS)						
PARAMETERS	0.0	2.0	2.5	3.0									
pH	7.26	7.27	7.31	7.31									
CONDUCTIVITY (ms/cm)	39.91	71.81	69.98	56.82									
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM												
TEMPERATURE (°C)	10.75	10.75	10.68	10.89									
TIME	NR	NR	NR	NR									
Well purged dry after 2.5 gallon	ns. Well de	velopment i	resumed at	1449, with	water leve	el at 40.49' b	elow top of ri	ser. We	ll purged dry	after 3.0			

gallons.



#### WELL PURGE AND SAMPLE LOG

SITE NAME: Du	ssault Foundry S	ite			SITE NU	JMBER:	932012		
SAMPLER: Glo	enn M. May and	Steve Boch	nenek						
PURGE DATE: No	ovember 3, 2008	_	START I	PURGE:	0916		END PURGE:	0941	
SAMPLE DATE: No	ovember 3, 2008			SAMPLE	E TIME:	1450		_	
WELL NUMBER:	MW-1		_				WELL ID.	VOL. (GAL/FT)	)
1 TOTAL CASING AN	e godeen i en				27.27		1"	0.041	
1. TOTAL CASING AND	D SCREEN LEN	GTH (F1):			_27.37		2"	0.163	
2. CASING INTERNAL	DIAMETER (IN	I):			2.0		3"	0.367	
							4"	0.653	
3. WATER LEVEL BEL	OW TOP OF CA	ASING (FT	):		_12.58		5"	1.020	
4. VOLUME OF WATE	R IN CASING (0	GAL):			2.41		6"	1.469	
#1 - #3 x #2 (Ga	al/Ft)						8"	2.611	
	OLUME OF 3 CA	ASINGS:			7.23	GAL.			
	,EC., 12 2 2 2 2					0.			
				VOLU	JME PUR	GED (GAL	LONS)		
PARAMETERS	0.0	2.5	5.0	7.5					
рН	7.44	7.33	7.24	7.21					
CONDUCTIVITY (µmho	os) NM	NM	NM	NM					
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM					
TEMPERATURE (°C)	NM	NM	NM	NM					
Eh	NM	NM	NM	NM					
TIME	0916	0923	0934	0941					
Initial purge water was cle top of riser. Water remain					vater was t	urbid. Wate	er level prior to sam	apling was 12.67' be	elow

#### **New York State Department of Environmental Conservation**

270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, New York, 14203-2999



#### WELL PURGE AND SAMPLE LOG

SITE NAME: Dussar	ılt Foundry S	ite			SITE NU	JMBER:	932012	
SAMPLER: Glenn	M. May							
PURGE DATE: Noven	ber 3, 2008		START I	PURGE:	1026		END PURG	E: 1045
SAMPLE DATE: Noven	ber 4, 2008			SAMPLI	E TIME:	1347 - 1	401	
WELL NUMBER:	MW-2						WELL ID.	VOL. (GAL/FT)
1. TOTAL CASING AND S	CREEN LEN	GTH (FT):			_32.29		1"	0.041
							2"	0.163
2. CASING INTERNAL DIA	AMETER (IN	():			2.0		3"	0.367
2 WATER LEVEL BELOW	TOD OF CA	CDIC (FT)			22.07		4"	0.653
3. WATER LEVEL BELOW	TOP OF CA	SING (FT)	):		_22.86		5"	1.020
4. VOLUME OF WATER IN	CASING (C	GAL):			1.54		6"	1.469
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/F	)						8"	2.611
VOLU	ME OF 3 CA	SINGS:			4.61	GAL.		
				VOLU	JME PURO	GED (GALI	LONS)	
PARAMETERS	0.0	1.5	3.25	4.75				
рН	7.12	7.08	7.08	7.18				
CONDUCTIVITY (µmhos)	NM	NM	NM	NM				
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM				
TEMPERATURE (°C)	NM	NM	NM	NM				
Eh	NM	NM	NM	NM				
TIME	1026	1028	1035	1045				

Initial purge water was turbid with an orange brown "floc-like" appearance. After purging 3.25 gallons the water was cloudy and moderately turbid. Final purge water was turbid and cloudy. Water level prior to sampling was 22.90' below top of riser. Water remained relatively clear throughout sampling.



#### WELL PURGE AND SAMPLE LOG

SITE NAME: Duss	ault Foundry S	ite			SITE NUMBER:	932012	
SAMPLER: Glen	n M. May				l		
PURGE DATE: Nove	mber 3, 2008		START F	PURGE:	0955	END PURGE:	1008
SAMPLE DATE: Nove	mber 4, 2008			SAMPLI	E TIME: 1316 - 1	331	
WELL NUMBER:	MW-3					WELL ID.	VOL. (GAL/FT)
						1"	0.041
1. TOTAL CASING AND	SCREEN LEN	GTH (FT):			_32.74	2"	0.163
2. CASING INTERNAL D	IAMETER (IN	I):			2.0	3"	0.367
						4"	0.653
3. WATER LEVEL BELO	W TOP OF CA	ASING (FT)	):		_26.36	5"	1.020
4. VOLUME OF WATER	N CASING (		6"	1.469			
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/	Ft)					8"	2.611
VOL	UME OF 3 CA	ASINGS:			3.12GAL.		
				VOLU	JME PURGED (GALI	LONS)	
PARAMETERS	0.0	1.25	2.25	2.5			
рН	7.26	7.10	7.11	7.16			
CONDUCTIVITY (µmhos)	NM	NM	NM	NM			
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM			
TEMPERATURE (°C)	NM	NM	NM	NM			
Eh	NM	NM	NM	NM			
TIME	0955	0958	1004	1008			
Initial purge water was clea turbid and cloudy. Water le							

#### **New York State Department of Environmental Conservation**

270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, New York, 14203-2999



#### WELL PURGE AND SAMPLE LOG

SITE NAME: Duss	ault Foundry S	Site			SITE NU	JMBER:	932012			
SAMPLER: Glen	ı M. May									
PURGE DATE: Nove	mber 3, 2008		START I	PURGE:	1125		END PUR	GE:	1146	
SAMPLE DATE: Nove	mber 4, 2008			SAMPLI	E TIME:	1130 - 1	146			
WELL NUMBER:	MW-4						WELL ID.	,	VOL. (GAI	_/FT)
1. TOTAL CASING AND	SCREEN LEN	IGTH (FT):			_38.96		1" 2"		0.04	
2. CASING INTERNAL D	IAMETER (IN	1):			2.0		3"		0.30	
3. WATER LEVEL BELO	W TOP OF CA	ASING (FT	):		33.88		4"		0.63	53
0. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,, 101 01 01	1011 (0 (1 1	,.				5"		1.02	20
4. VOLUME OF WATER	N CASING (	GAL):			0.83		6"		1.4	69
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/	Ft)						8"		2.6	11
VOL	UME OF 3 CA	ASINGS:			2.48	GAL.				
				VOLU	JME PUR	GED (GAL	LONS)			
PARAMETERS	0.0	1.0	1.75	2.75						
pН	7.50	7.49	7.50	7.43						
CONDUCTIVITY (µmhos)	NM	NM	NM	NM						
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM	NM						
TEMPERATURE (°C)	NM	NM	NM	NM						
Eh	NM	NM	NM	NM						
TIME	1125	1131	1137	1146						

Initial purge water was clear but became slightly turbid by second bailer. A slight spotty sheen was observed on the purge water at 1.75 gallons but was not observed again through the end of purging. Final purge water was turbid. Water level prior to sampling was 36.18' below top of riser. Water remained relatively clear throughout sampling.

#### **New York State Department of Environmental Conservation**

270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, New York, 14203-2999



#### WELL PURGE AND SAMPLE LOG

SITE NAME: Dussa	ult Foundry S	ite			SITE NU	JMBER:	932012			
SAMPLER: Glenn	M. May									
PURGE DATE: Novei	mber 3, 2008		START I	PURGE:	1205		END PU	RGE:	1212	
SAMPLE DATE: Novei	mber 4, 2008			SAMPLI	E TIME:	1213 - 1	300; 1408 -	1425		
WELL NUMBER:	MW-5		_				WELL II	Э.	VOL. (GAI	L/FT)
1 TOTAL CAGING AND C	CDEENLEN				42.50		1"		0.0	41
1. TOTAL CASING AND S	CREEN LEN	G1H (F1):			_42.59		2"		0.1	63
2. CASING INTERNAL DI	AMETER (IN	I):			2.0		3"		0.3	67
							4"		0.6	53
3. WATER LEVEL BELOV	TOP OF CA	ASING (FT)	):		_33.74		5"		1.0	20
4. VOLUME OF WATER I	N CASING (	GAL):			1.44		6"		1.4	69
#1 - #3 x #2 (Gal/F	t)						8"		2.6	11
VOLU	JME OF 3 CA	ASINGS:			4.33	GAL.				
				VOLU	JME PUR	GED (GALI	LONS)			
PARAMETERS	0.0	1.5	2.0							
pН	7.43	7.40	7.45							
CONDUCTIVITY (µmhos)	NM	NM	NM							
TURBIDITY (NTU)	NM	NM	NM							
TEMPERATURE (°C)	NM	NM	NM							
Eh	NM	NM	NM							
TIME	1205	1207	1212							

Initial purge water was clear but became turbid by second bailer. A slight sulfur odor was noted during purging. Well went dry after purging 2.0 gallons. Water level prior to sampling was 36.34' below top of riser. Initial sample water was clear but became light gray in color with continued sampling. Well went dry during sampling so I had to return to the well to complete sampling.

## APPENDIX E ASBESTOS SURVEY

#### DEMOLITION ASBESTOS SURVEY

at

Office, Plant and Plant Building #2
Dussault Foundry
Union Street
Lockport, New York

Prepared for:

SJB Services 5167 South Park Avenue Buffalo, New York 14075

August 6, 2008

Report Prepared By:
Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc.
179 Lake Avenue, Rochester, New York 14608 (585) 647-2530

## OFFICE, PLANT AND PLANT BUILDING #2 DUSSAULT FOUNDRY UNION STREET LOCKPORT, NEW YORK

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**INTRODUCTION** 

**LIMITATIONS** 

**CONCLUSIONS** 

SPACE BY SPACE SUMMARY

**DRAWINGS** 

**PICUTRES** 

LABORATORY REPORTS

CHAINS OF CUSTODY

**CERTIFICATIONS** 

<sup>\*\*</sup> This asbestos survey is a multi-page document which must be viewed in its entirety; see limitations.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc. was retained by SJB Services on August 6, 2008 to conduct an inspection for the detection of asbestos containing materials located at Office, Plant and Plant Building #2, Dussault Foundry, Union Street. Lockport, New York.

The objective of this inspection was to identify and assess with due diligence the locations, quantities, friability and condition of all types of asbestos containing materials expected to be impacted by the demolition at the above referenced location. Paradigm Environmental performed all sample analysis and analytical reports for this project. Field services and survey reports were generated by Envoy Environmental Consultants as a subcontractor to Paradigm. Envoy Environmental Consultants inspector **Shennendoah Elkin** (AH # 00-20233) conducted this inspection with the procedures and guidelines dictated by state and federal regulatory agencies. The inspectors of Envoy Environmental Consultants, Inc. selected materials for inclusion in this report through an understanding of the scope of the demolition as indicated by the building owner and the historical uses of asbestos in general. Generally, if a building material within a structure could contain asbestos the material was included in the survey.

Samples were collected from locations within each homogeneous sampling area. Samples consist of a small amount of the subject material. Sampling points were recorded and cross-referenced to prepared sketches. Individual samples were also recorded on a chain of custody document. Samples were then transported to the Paradigm analytical laboratory for asbestos analysis.

The Paradigm laboratory is accredited through NYSDOH/ELAP (Lab ID# 10958) for Solid and Hazardous Waste and Air and Emissions for Bulk Asbestos Fiber Analysis. The chain of custody record accompanies all samples from the point collected until they reach the laboratory. Samples are stored at the laboratory for 90 days then disposed of according to authoritative regulations.

The analysis methodology used is as follows:

Asbestos Bulk Samples:

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples."). New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.4 ("Transmission Electron Microscope Method for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples").

<sup>\*\*</sup> This asbestos survey is a multi-page document which must be viewed in its entirety; see limitations.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

The information provided in this report was compiled from field and laboratory data and was prepared for and referenced to the Office, Plant and Plant Building #2, Dussault Foundry, Union Street. Lockport, New York. Materials noted and recorded are intended to represent subject site at the time and date that the observations were made. Conclusions and recommendations provided in this report are based on the assumption that materials identified are homogenous throughout their application. Determinations of suspect asbestos containing materials within the building were subject to the accessibility of each individual area or space. Determinations of asbestos containing materials were made by means of bulk sampling, physical assessment or visual assessment if the materials were not accessible. Envoy Environmental Consultants Inc. and Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc. accepts no responsibility for the content of building materials within areas or spaces that were unknown to us, not reasonably accessible, or not part of the scope of the project as defined by the client. Envoy Environmental Consultants Inc. and Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc. assumes no liability for any buildings that were not identified by the client that may fall under state or federal regulation. All conclusions provided in this report are based on the bulks sampling that was performed at the above mentioned site on the above mentioned dates.

All quantities are approximations and must be field verified by the contractor prior to the submittal of bids. Contractor bids are expected to be based on their own determination of quantities and not the quantities stated in this report.

This asbestos survey report is not intended to be a bid document for a scope of work for the asbestos abatement contractor. The survey report only identifies and assesses the location, quantity and condition of ACM, PACM or asbestos materials at the subject site. The asbestos survey report is intended to be used as a tool in the development of an asbestos abatement project design or work scope. Under the Code Rule regulation this task can only be performed by a Certified Project Designer.

Energized mechanical or electrical systems were not sampled as part of the survey, and were visually assessed as ACM (Asbestos Containing Material). Suspect materials that are visually assessed by the inspector as ACM shall be treated as ACM, unless bulk sampling is conducted consistent with EPA and OSHA accepted methods, and the analysis meets the requirements of Code Rule 56 and the suspect material is found not to be asbestos containing. These systems may contain one or more of the following components, but are not limited to these components: brakes, clutches, gaskets, insulating panels, blocks or backer boards, wire insulation, electrical panel boxes, bus ducts, explosion proof lighting gaskets and fitting packings, insulating papers, pipe sleeve packings, fire stops, caulks, paints and coatings.

#### **CONCLUSIONS**

Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc. was retained to perform a limited asbestos survey of materials from the **Office**, **Plant and Plant Building #2**, **Dussault Foundry**, **Union Street. Lockport**, **New York** on **August 6**, **2008**. A New York State certified inspector sampled suspect asbestos containing materials expected to be impacted by the demolition project from the above mentioned site. Sample locations and custody information were recorded and the samples were transported to the Paradigm laboratory for analysis.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This asbestos survey is a multi-page document which must be viewed in its entirety; see limitations.

The following is a brief description of the space by space survey.

Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6	Col. 7	<i>Col.</i> 8	Col 9	Col 10
Room #	Sample #'s taken in Room	Positive Sample ID#	Positive Material Description	Location of Material	Condition	Friable Non- Friable NOB	SQ FT	Lin FT	Units

- 1. Column 1: indicates the Room number, room description and estimated square footage of the room referenced to the attached map/drawing.
- 2. Column 2: indicates the bulk sample numbers that were taken in the Room indicated in column 1. i.e. 001-007 means samples one through seven were sampled in the room, none would indicate that no samples were taken in the room. You will not see the first three letters of the sample in this column. If you would like to know the materials that were tested in the room please refer to the analytical results which are documented in numerical order.
- 3. Column 3: indicates the sample number that proves the material is positive for asbestos content. This sample may have taken in the space in column 1 or determined a homogeneous area (material) by the inspector to a sample that was taken in another space. For the purpose of this report all samples are assigned a six digit alphanumeric sample identification number. The first three letters/numbers indicate the material, found in column 4. The last three numbers indicate the sample number in the sequence in which they were taken. If there is a letter after the last three numbers, this indicates that the laboratory or the inspector determines that there were multiple layers within the sample, requiring additional sampling under EPA protocols.
- 4. Column 4: gives a brief description of the asbestos containing material or the material that is to be treated as asbestos containing as determined by the inspector. At times non-asbestos materials are contaminated with asbestos, therefore must be treated as asbestos.
- 5. Column 5: indicates a brief description of the location of the material in the room and not the location where the sample was taken from. You will find locations of where each sample was taken from on the analytical sampling results.
- 6. Column 6: indicates the physical condition of the material as assessed by the inspector in the space indicated in column 1, according to the condition description described below. For the purpose of this report, the condition of the ACM will be reported in good, fair or poor condition. Conditions will be listed in column 6 of the survey report will be as follows;
  - a. Good: means material is intact with no visible damage.
  - b. Fair: means material contains fewer than 10% distributed damage or 25% localized damage.
  - c. *Poor:* means material contains over 10% distributed damage or 25% localized damage. Conditions listed in column 6 of the space by space survey report are only related to the specific material for the specific space.
- 7. Column 7: indicates the friability of the material in that space as determined by the inspector and the analytical laboratory consistent with Code Rule 56 and EPA regulations.
- 8. Column 8: indicates the square footage of ACM material found in the space.
- 9. Column 9: indicates the linear footage of ACM material found in the space. Pipe insulation that is two feet or greater in diameter is required to be reported in square feet according to code Rule 56.
- 10. Column 10: indicates the units of ACM material found in the space.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This asbestos survey is a multi-page document which must be viewed in its entirety; see limitations.

## Pre-Demolition Asbestos Survey Dussault Foundry Union Street Lockport, New York Space by Space

Room#	Sample #'s taken in space	Positive Sample ID #	Positive Material Description	Location of Material	Friable Non- Friable NOB	Condition	SQ FT	Lin. FT	Units
Office Area 800 Square Feet	,	FT9-01 / FTM-02 WIC-22 CORE-24	Red 9"X9" Floor Tile/ Black Floor Tile Mastic Black Window Caulk Black/Silver Roof Core	On Floor On Windows On Roof	NOB NOB NOB	Poor Poor Poor	800 1000	140	
Plant 58,560 Square Feet	08B, 12-23	WIC-22 CORE-21	Black Window Caulk Black Roof Core	On Windows On Roof	NOB NOB	Poor Poor	58560	320	
Plant, Building #2 7440 Square Feet	25-30	FT9-28 / FTM-29 FLA-26	Brown Floor Tile/ Black Floor Tile Mastic Black Roof Flashing	On Floor On Roof	NOB NOB	Poor Poor	150 7440		

ACM\*- Indicates materials assumed positive for asbestos containing materials by inspector.

Totals 67950 460 0

<sup>1-</sup>area and/or material limited to visual inspection due to energized electrical or mechanical systems. Assumed positive by inspector.

*U* - Inspector unable to determine quantity

<sup>\*\*</sup> This asbestos survey is a multi-page document which must be viewed in its entirety; see limitations.

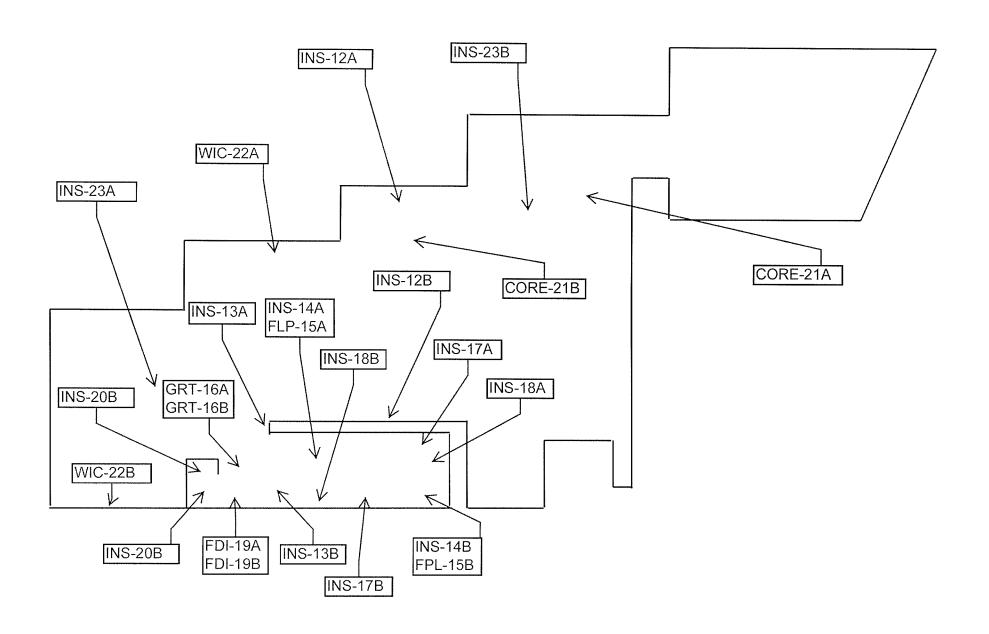
All quantities in this report are approximations and must be field verified by the Abatement contractor. Contractor bids are expected to be based on their own determinations of quantities and not the approximate quantities stated in this report.

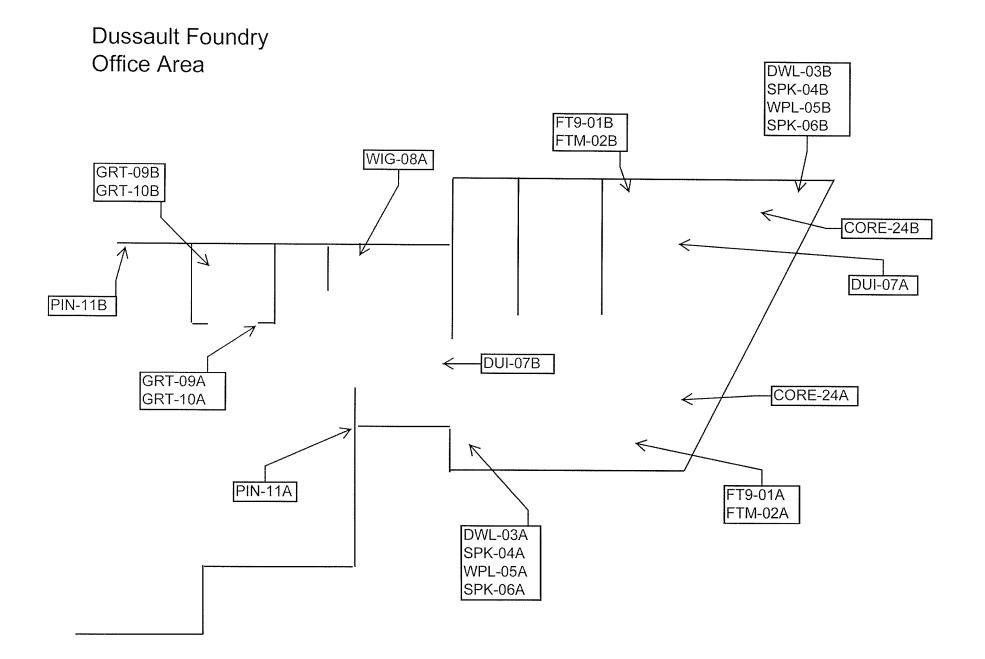
Paradigm certifies that this report regarding the Office, Plant and Plant Building #2, Dussault Foundry, Union Street. Lockport, New York is based on the observations of the inspector and believes it to be an accurate representation of the conditions as they existed on August 6, 2008.

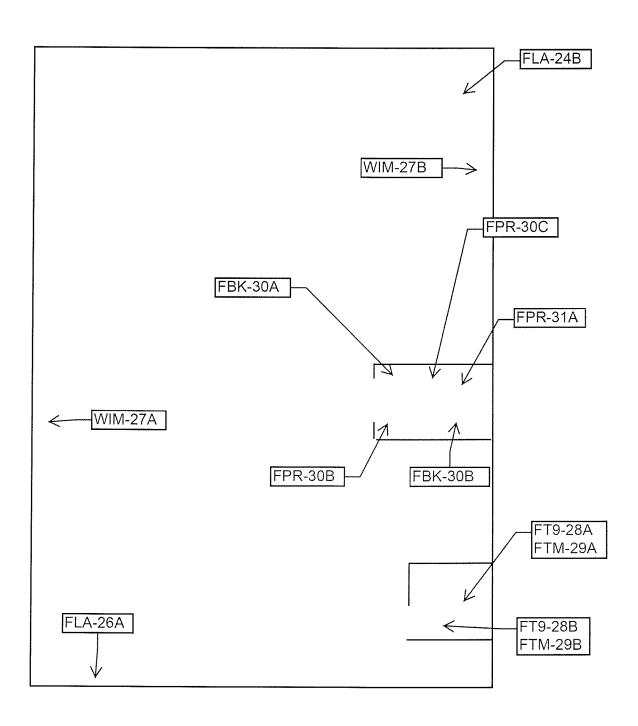
Shennendoah Elkin Envoy Environmental Consultants, Inc. Inspector # AH 00-20233

<sup>\*\*</sup> This asbestos survey is a multi-page document which must be viewed in its entirety; see limitations.

## Dussault Foundry Main Plant and Tunnel Oven









Client:SJB ServicesJob No: 9865-08Location:Dussault FoundryPage: 1 of 3

**Sample Date: 8/6/2008** 

Client ID	Lab ID		Description	PLM Asbestos Fibers Type & Percentage	PLM Total Asbestos	N O B	TEM Asbestos Fibers Type & Percentage	TEM Total Asbestos	PLM Non-Asbestos Fibers Type & Percentage	PLM Matrix Material %
FT9-01A	60429	Office Area	Red Fibrous Floor Tile	Chrysotile 11%	11%	1	Not Required	N/A	None Detected	89%
FTM-02A	60430A	Office Area	Black Floor Tile Mastic	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	**	TEM Not Performed	None Detected	100%
FTM-02A	60430B	Office Area	Black Floor Tile Mastic	Chrysotile 5%	5%	1	Not Required	N/A	None Detected	95%
FT9-01B	60431	Office Area	Red Fibrous Floor Tile	Chrysotile 14%	14%	1	Not Required	N/A	None Detected	86%
FTM-02B		Office Area	Black Floor Tile Mastic	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	**	TEM Not Performed	None Detected	100%
FTM-02B		Office Area	Black Floor Tile Mastic	Chrysotile 7%	7%	1	Not Required	N/A	None Detected	93%
DWL-03A	60433	Office Area	Gray Fibrous Drywall	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 10%	90%
SPK-04A	60434	Office Area	White Spackle	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 3%	97%
DWL-03B	60435	Office Area	Gray Drywall	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 3%	97%
SPK-05A	60436	Office Area	White Spackle	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 5%	95%

Ννίαρ

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

ELAP ID No.: 10958

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples.").

 $\sqrt{\,$  NOB (non-friable organically bound) Classified for Analytical Purposes Only.

\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. *Quantitative transmission electron microscopy* is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/13/2008

Microscope: Olympus BH-2 #233173

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr

TEM Date Analyzed: TEM Analyst: N/A

Mary Dohr

Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc. is not responsible for the data supplied by an independent inspector. National Institute of Standards and Technology Accreditation requirements mandate that this report must not be reproduced except in full without the approval of the laboratory. This PLM report relates ONLY to the items tested. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. Quality control data (including 95% confidence limits and laboratory and analysts' and precision) is available upon request.



Client: SJB Services Job No: 9865-08 Location: **Dussault Foundry** Page: 2 of 3

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

	T T		ı .							
				PLM	PLM	N	TEM	TEM	PLM	PLM
Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Asbestos	Total	0	Asbestos	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
1		_	·	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
	00407	666		Percentage		<u> </u>	Percentage		Percentage	%
WPL-05A	60437	Office Area	Gray Wall Plaster	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
SPK-06A	60438	Office Area	White Spackle	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
						j				
			1							
						$\dashv$				

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

**ELAP ID No.: 10958** New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples."

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\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. Quantitative transmission electron microscopy is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this

material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/13/2008

Microscope: Olympus BH-2 #233173

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr TEM Date Analyzed: N/A

TEM Analyst: N/A

Laboratory Results Approved By: **Asbestos Technical Director** 

Mary Dohr

			CHAIN	OF CUSTODY FO	OR F	PLM ASBES	TOS AN	ALYSIS	S OFFICE U	SE ONLY
	ENV		Client:			ntact:				
	EIN V environmental con		STR S	Dervices		Tom He	ellert.		Job #: 98(0	5-08
	Lake Avenue, Rock		Phone Num	berules	Fa	x Number:				200
	585.454.1060 * Fax			649-8110		76-10	9-8051		Page	of \
	nt Mailing Addre		Results To:	679-8110	Tu	rn Around Time:				
	67 Sorth Par	L ALO	Shane	F-Fax	1	2 🔀 3	5 Oth	ner	Date Logged In:	318108
			Date Samp	led:	i	aterial Type/Quant			i de Ber	
Bu	Halo N.Y.	14075				iable NO		//	Logged In By:	R
			Project Loc		Pi	roject Number:	0698			
	General Loca	4:	112/ssault	Foundry.		7				
	Client ID	tion: Lab ID		Sampling Location		Do not Analyze	Color	Size	Material	Friability
_		60429	Office	Anea		-	Red		Floor tile	No
1	FT9-01A	430R		" (			Black		" Mastic	NO
	FTM-02A	431	( (	1(			Red		16 11	NO
3	F79-013	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	( .	( t			Black.		" Mastic	NO
4	FTM-02B	432 R	7	( (			0			Yes
5	DWL-03A	433	,	((			Gray		Drywall	
6	SPK-04A	434	( (				white		Joint Com.	Yes
7	DWL-038	435	((	((			Gray		1 : ( )	Yes
8	SPK-04B	436	( (	1 4			White	<u> </u>	Joint Com.	Yes_
	WPL-05A	437	د١	( (			Gray		Coall Plaster	Yes
	SPK-06A.	438	٠,	ι.			white		Spackel	Yes
ar vale all	npled By:	en doah T	· Elli	Date: \( \frac{4-7-08}{}{}		HECK ONE:	SURVEY	X	BULKS O	NLY
Tra	nsported to Para	ndigm By:	col.	Date:	1 1	HECK TO AUTOM		ERFORM T	TEM ON NOBS	Ľ
	Skurrer	V V	Elli_	8-7-08		r provide TEM con		Share	<u> </u>	
Red	ceived By: M	12	lal n	Date: Ololo D	T	OTAL NUMBER O	F SAMPLES	IN SURVE	Y:	63

Containerized materials attached to this Chain of Custody may contain Asbestos. Asbestos is a known carcinogen and should only be handled by trained and authorized personnel under regulated conditions. (Danger; May Contain Asbestos Fibers, Cancer and Lung Disease Hazard)



Client:SJB ServicesJob No: 9864-08Location:Dussault FoundryPage: 1 of 3

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

	T ==	T								
				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	TEM	PLM	PLM
Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Asbestos	Total	0	Fibers Type &	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
				Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
WPL-05B	60419	Office Area	Gray Wall Plaster	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass <1.0%	100%
SPK-06B	60420	Office Area	White Spackle	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
DUI-07A	60421	Office Area	Black Fibrous Duct	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Mineral Wool 95%	5%
2010//			Insulation	Trong Belegica	070		Not Required	IV/A	Willeral Wool 95%	5%
DUI-07B	60422	Office Area	Black Fibrous Duct Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Mineral Wool 95%	5%
WIG-08A	60423	Office Area Exterior	Gray Window Glaze	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
WIG-08B	60424		Gray Window Glaze	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
GRT-09A	60425	Office Area (Wall)	Gray Grout	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
GRT-09B	60426	Office Area (Wall)	Gray Grout	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
GRT-10A	60427a	Office Area (Floor)	Black Grout	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
GRT-10A	60427b	Office Area (Floor)	Gray Cement	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
					***					

Ννίαρ

Microscope:

PLM Analyst:

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples.").

 $\sqrt{\mathsf{NOB}}$  (non-friable organically bound) Classified for Analytical Purposes Only.

\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. *Quantitative transmission electron microscopy* is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered as treated as a result of the considered as a result of the cons

material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/13/2008

Olympus BH-2 #234206

B. Weinman

TEM Date Analyzed: N/A

TEM Analyst: N/A

Laboratory Results Approved By: `
Asbestos Technical Director

Mary Dohr

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**ELAP ID No.: 10958** 



Client:SJB ServicesJob No: 9864-08Location:Dussault FoundryPage: 2 of 3

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

			I I	PLM	PLM	l ki	TEM Ashactas	TEM	PLM	PLM
				Asbestos	Total		TEM Asbestos		Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description			0	Fibers Type &			
			•	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
GRT-10B	60428a	Office Area (Floor)	Black Grout	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
GRT-10B	60428b	Office Area (Floor)	Gray Cement	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
			***************************************							
			,							
			*****						******	
	- 1									
	-									

MVLAD

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

ELAP ID No.: 10958

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples."

 $\sqrt{\mathsf{NOB}}$  (non-friable organically bound) Classified for Analytical Purposes Only.

\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. Quantitative transmission electron microscopy is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this

material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

Olympus BH-2 #234206

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/13/2008

TEM Date Analyzed:

PLM Analyst: B. Weinman

Microscope:

TEM Analyst: N/A

Laboratory Results Approved By:

Asbestos Technical Director

Mary Dohr

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				OF CUS	STODY FO	<u>)F</u>	R PLM ASBES	STOS AN	ALYSIS	S OFFICE U	SE ONL	Y
	ENV	ΟY	Client:				Contact:					
	environmental co		SJB S	envices			Tom H	ellert.		Job #: 986	4-08	} >
14	5 Lake Avenue, Roc	chester, NY 14608	Phone Numl	ber:			Fax Number:			22		9
	585.454.1060 * Fa	x 585.454.1062	716.	649-811	D		716-64	19-8051	1	Page Page	of	
	nt Mailing Addre		Results To:				Turn Around Time:					
<u> Si</u>	67 South Par	K Ave.	Share E	= - Fax			1 2 📈 3	5 Oth	er 🗌	Date Logged In:	81810	8
D	00 ( 40)	1/1.7/	Date Sample	ęd:			Material Type/Quan	•		,		
00	Afelo N.Y.	14015		-6-08			Friable NO			Logged In By:	$\sim$	
		Project Location:  Dissault Fisindry.					Project Number.	10698		10	<	
	General Loca	tion:	1121SSQUIT	1 bulary.				C6/0	j			<del></del>
	Client ID	Lab ID		Sampling L	ocation		Do not Analyze	Color	Size	Material	Friabil	itv
7	WPL-OSB	60419	Office		-004007		Do not rinary 20	Gray	0/20	Upll Plaster	Yes	·· <i>y</i>
2	3PK-06B	420	O ATICE	Anea				white		Spackel	Yes	
	DUI-07A	421	\1	(1				Jellow/Bleck		Duct Insulation	Yes	
	DUI - 07B	422	( 4	Aι				Tellowy practice		· · · · · ·	Yes	
	WIG-08A	423	( (	١,	Exterior			6 ray		Window Glaze	NO	
" "	WIG- 08B	424	1 (	l ·	( (			Gray		1 ( )	NO	
7	GRT-09A	425	٤(	i s	(WALL	7		Gray		Gnut (wall)	Yes	·
8	GRT-09B	426	((	( (	(WALL)	Ś		Gray		Groot (wall)	Yes	
9	GRT-10 A	427	٠ د	l (	(FLOOR	)		Brown		(floor)	NO	
10	6RT-12B	42800	<b>)</b> ''	ł c	(FLOOR)	)		Brown		(Ploor)	NO	
San	npled By.	endoah T	, Eeli	Date:	-7-08	and the	CHECK ONE:	SURVEY	X	BULKS OF	NLY	
Trai	nsported to Para	digm By;	0 0 1	Date:			CHECK TO AUTOM	ATICALLY PE	RFORM TE	M ON NOBS		,
	Shenner	ndoah V.	Elli.	8-	7-08		or provide TEM con	tact name:	Thane.			
Rec	eived By:	Premo	yas	Date: 8/	8/08		TOTAL NUMBER O	F SAMPLES IN	N SURVEY:			63

Containerized materials attached to this Chain of Custody may contain Asbestos. Asbestos is a known carcinogen and should only be handled by trained and authorized personnel under regulated conditions. (Danger; May Contain Asbestos Fibers, Cancer and Lung Disease Hazard)



Client:SJB ServicesJob No: 9863-08Location:Dussault FoundryPage: 1 of 3

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	TEM	PLM	PLM
Client ID	l ab ID	Camplina I costina	D	Asbestos	Total	0	Fibers Type &	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Chentib	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
PNT-11A	60409	Office Area	Tan/Gray/Green	Inconclusive	0%		None Detected	<1.0%	None Detected	100%
			Paint	No Asbestos Detected		1				
PNT-11B	60410	Office Area	Tan/Gray/Green Paint	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	None Detected	<1.0%	None Detected	100%
INS-12A	60411	Plant Area (Wall)	Yellow/Silver Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 3% Fiberglass 80%	17%
INS-12B	60412	Plant Area (Wall)	Yellow/Silver Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 3% Fiberglass 80%	17%
INS-13A	60413a	Tunnel Oven (Wall)	Black/Tan Paint	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 2%	98%
INS-13A	60413b	Tunnel Oven (Wall)	Yellow Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 2% Fiberglass 80%	18%
INS-13B	60414a	Tunnel Oven (Wall)	Black/Tan Paint	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 2%	98%
INS-13B	60414b	Tunnel Oven (Wall)	Yellow Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 3% Fiberglass 80%	17%
INS-14A	60415	( ,	Brown Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 90%	10%
FLP-15A	60416	` ′	Black Fibrous Felt Paper	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	Trace Chrysotile <1.0%	<1.0%	Cellulose 40%	60%

Ννίαρ

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples.").

 $\sqrt{\mathsf{NOB}}$  (non-friable organically bound) Classified for Analytical Purposes Only.

\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. *Quantitative transmission electron microscopy* is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this

material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/14/2008

Microscope: Olympus BH-2 #232953

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr

TEM Date Analyzed: 8/20/2008
TEM Analyst: J. Peter Ponato

Laboratory Results Approved By

**Asbestos Technical Director** 

Mary Dohr

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**ELAP ID No.: 10958** 



Client: SJB Services Job No: 9863-08 Location: **Dussault Foundry** Page: 2 of 3

Sample Date: 8/6/2008

Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	PLM Asbestos Fibers Type &	PLM Total Asbestos	N O B	TEM Asbestos Fibers Type & Percentage	TEM Total Asbestos	PLM Non-Asbestos Fibers Type &	PLM Matrix Material
				Percentage	Assestos	0	rescentage	Aspestos	Percentage	%
INS-14B	60417	Tunnel Oven (Sides)	Brown Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 90%	10%
FLP-15B	60418	Tunnel Oven (Sides)	Black Fibrous Felt Paper	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	Trace Chrysotile <1.0%	<1.0%	Cellulose 10%	90%
									•	
		tanto .						***		
		4-04								
										-
7.784										

N\	LA	ם "	Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis
			Lab Code 200000-0 for I Livi Arialysis

**ELAP ID No.: 10958** New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples."

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\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. Quantitative transmission electron microscopy is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed:	8/14/2008	TEM Date Analyzed:	8/20/2008
Microscope:	Olympus BH-2 #232953	TEM Analyst:	J. Peter Donato

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr

Laboratory Results Approved By:	
Asbestos Technical Director	Mary Dohr

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				CHAIN O	OF CUS	TODY FO	₹ <i>Pi</i>	<u>LM ASBES</u>	TOS AN	ALYSIS	OFFICE U	SE ONLY	
F	NV	$\bigcap V$		Client:				tact:					
		usultants, in	c.	STB S	ervices			Tom H	ellert.		Job #: 98(c	3-68	
145 Lake Ave	nue, Roc	hester, NY 1	4608	Phone Numb			Fax	Number:				<b>3</b>	
		585.454.10	2	716-	649-8110	<b>&gt;</b>		716-64	9-8051		Page	of <u>3</u>	
Client Mailing Address:			716-649-8110 Results To:			Turn Around Time:				Clal-C			
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				Date Sampled:			Mate	erial Type/Quant	•		•		
Buffalo.	N-Y	14075		8-6-09			Frial	,		<u> </u>	Logged In By:		
			Project Location:			Pro	ject Number:	10698					
				Dissault Foundry.					0678				
Genera	<del> </del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•								
Clien	t ID	Lab			Sampling Lo	ocation		Do not Analyze	Color	Size	Material	Friability	
1 PNT-	- 11A	60H	$\partial_{d}$	office	Anea				multi		Paint	NO	
2 PNT -	UB	4	0	( (	ί (				10		, (	NO	
3 INS-	12A	I		Plant	Anea	(Wall)			yellow/Silver		Insulation (well)	Yes	
4 INS -	(ZB	41	2,	į, (,	1.4	(Wall)			in the		" (Wall)	Yes	
5 INS-		41	3A	16 Tunnel	Oven	(Wall)		Blackt	infellow	Pat	Inschation livel	) Yes	
6 INS-		H	MA	B	( (	(Wall)		Blacktan		Pn	1 (ans)	Yes	
7 INS -	14 A	$\mathcal{L}$	15	( (	٠,	(Side's)		,	Brown		Insulation	Yes	
8 FLP - 1	ا س	4	16	t (	((	(Sides)			Black		Felt Paper	NO	
9 INS-1	4B	7	117	( \	ı ı	(			Brown		Insulation	Xes	
10 FCP - 1	SB	4	18	l l	11	((			Black		Feit Aper	NO	
Sampled By: Remembroah T. Elli B-7-08					7-08	CHECK ONE: SURVEY X BULKS ONLY							
Transported to Paradigm By Date:						CHECK TO AUTOMATICALLY PERFORM TEM ON NOBS							
Shownendoch V-Elle 8-7-08					or provide TEM contact name:								
Received By: Buy Date: 8/8/08						108	TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES IN SURVEY:						

Containerized materials attached to this Chain of Custody may contain Asbestos. Asbestos is a known carcinogen and should only be handled by trained and authorized personnel under regulated conditions. (Danger; May Contain Asbestos Fibers, Cancer and Lung Disease Hazard)



Client: SJB Services Job No: 9862-08

Location: Dussault Foundry Page: 1 of 2

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	TEM	PLM	PLM
Client ID	Labin	Sampling Location	Danasistias	Asbestos	Total	0	Fibers Type &	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Cilentib	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
GRT-16A	60399	Tunnel Oven (Front)	Brown Grout	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose <1.0%	100%
GRT-16B	60400	Tunnel Oven (Front)	Brown Grout	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose <1.0%	100%
INS-17A	60401	Tunnel Oven (Inside)	Black/Silver Fibrous Insulation	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	None Detected	<1.0%	Cellulose 15%	85%
INS-17B	60402	Tunnel Oven (Inside)	Black/Silver Fibrous Insulation	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	None Detected	<1.0%	Cellulose 20%	80%
INS-18A	60403	Tunnel Oven (Inside Walls)	White Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 99% Cellulose <1.0%	1%
INS-18B	60404	Tunnel Oven (Inside Walls)	White Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 99% Cellulose <1.0%	1%
FDI-19A	60405	Small Oven Back of Plant	Black Fibrous Fire Door Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 25%	75%
FDI-19B		Small Oven Back of Plant	Black Fibrous Fire Door Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 30%	70%
INS-20A			White Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 99% Cellulose <1.0%	1%
INS-20B			White Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 99% Cellulose <1.0%	1%

ΝνίΑρΰ

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

ELAP ID No.: 10958

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples.").

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material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/13/2008

Olympus BH-2 #232953

PLM Analyst:

Microscope:

J. Peter Donato

TEM Date Analyzed: 8/20/2008

TEM Analyst: J. Peter Donato

Laboratory Results Approved By:
Asbestos Technical Director

Mary Dohr

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FOR PLM ASBESTOS ANALYSIS											JSE ONL	Υ	
	ENV	OY	Client:				ntact:						
	environmental con		SJB Ser	anroc			Tom H	ellert		Job #: 98	62-0	38	
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D.	NO 1 ANY	11147	Date Sampled:	: -6-08		1	terial Type/Quan	•					
00	Afalo N-Y.	14075	Project Location				oject Number:		Logged In By:				
Dissault Foundry. Project Number. 08/0698						<u> </u>	ノ <b>ヽ</b> 						
	General Local	tion:		7									
	Client ID	Lab ID	Si	ampling Location	on		Do not Analyze	Color	Size	Material	Friabi	ility	
1	GRT-16A	60399	Tunne	1 Oven	(Front)			Brown		Grout	No		
2	GRT-16B	400	ίι	ιl	(11)			Brown		6 root	NO		
3	INS-17A	401	11	()	Inside	)		SilveryBlack		Insulation	NO		
4	INS-17B	402	((	((	( "	<del>/</del>		(( 11		3 (	NO		
5	INS-18A	403	.(	i (In	side wall	(2)		white		v l	Yes		
	INS-18B	404	( )		11	7		white		C I	Yes		
7	FDE-19A	405	Small ou	en back o	of Plan	<i>i</i> +.		Black		Fine Door. Insulation	Yes		
8	FOI-198	406	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	( (,	(, (,			Black		( )	Yes		
	INS ZOA	407	٠( د	( ((	· ( (			white		Insolation	Yes		
	INS-ZOB	408	(( (	. (,	اد ار			white		( )	Yes		
San	Sampled By: Date: 8-7-08					Сн	ECK ONE:	SURVEY	X	BULKS (	DNLY		
Trai	Transported to Paradigm By: Date:					CHECK TO AUTOMATICALLY PERFORM TEM ON NOBS							
	Themendrah J. Elli 8-7-08					or provide TEM contact name: MONQ .							
Received By: Recei						TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES IN SURVEY:						63	



Client: SJB Services Job No: 9861-08

Location: **Dussault Foundry Page:** 1 of 3

8/6/2008 Sample Date:

				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	TEM	PLM	PLM
Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Asbestos	Total	0	Fibers Type &	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Ciletti	Labib	Sampling Location	Description	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
Core-21A	60389a	Exterior Roof	Black Roofing	Inconclusive	0%		**	Not	None Detected	100%
				No Asbestos Detected				Analyzed By TEM		
Core-21A	60389b	Exterior Roof	Black Roofing	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	**	Not Analyzed By TEM	None Detected	100%
Core-21A	60389c	Exterior Roof	Black Roofing	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	**	Not Analyzed By TEM	None Detected	100%
Core-21B	60390a	Exterior Roof	Black Roofing	Chrysotile 4%	4%	1	Not Required	N/A	None Detected	96%
Core-21B	60390b	Exterior Roof	Black Roofing	Inconclusive No Asbestos Detected	0%	1	**	Not Analyzed By TEM	None Detected	100%
WIC-22A	60391	Interior Plant	Black Window Caulk	Inconclusive Trace Chrysotile Detected	<1.0%	1	Chrysotile 12%	12%	None Detected	100%
WIC-22B	60392	Interior Plant	Black Window Caulk	Inconclusive Trace Chrysotile Detected	<1.0%	1	Chrysotile 4%	4%	None Detected	100%
INS-23A	60393	Main Plant (Ceiling)	Yellow/Black Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 80% Synthetic 10%	10%
INS-23B	60394	Main Plant (Ceiling)	Yellow Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Fiberglass 80% Synthetic 10%	10%
Core-24A		Exterior Roof Over Office	Black Roofing	Chrysotile 3%	3%	1	Not Required	N/A	None Detected	97%

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

**ELAP ID No.: 10958** 

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples.").

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PLM Date Analyzed: 8/14/2008

Olympus BH-2 #232953

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr

Microscope:

TEM Date Analyzed: 8/20/2008 TEM Analyst: J. Peter Donato

Laboratory Results Approved By: **Asbestos Technical Director** 

Mary Dohr



Client:SJB ServicesJob No: 9861-08Location:Dussault FoundryPage: 2 of 3

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	l .	PLM	PLM
Client ID	l ab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Asbestos	Total	0	Fibers Type &	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Girent 12		Camping Location	Description	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
Core-24A	60395b	Exterior Roof Over Office	Black/Silver	Chrysotile 28%	28%	,	Not Required	N/A	None Detected	72%
		Office	Fibrous Roofing							
Core-24B	60396a	Exterior Roof Over	Black Roofing	Inconclusive	0%		**	Not	None Detected	100%
		Office		No Asbestos Detected				Analyzed By TEM		
Core-24B	60396b	Exterior Roof Over	Black Roofing	Inconclusive	0%		**	Not	None Detected	100%
		Office		No Asbestos Detected		1		Analyzed By TEM		
Core-24B	60396c	Exterior Roof Over	Black/Silver	Chrysotile 50%	50%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	50%
		Office	Fibrous Roofing							
Core-25A	60397a	Building #2 Exterior	Black Roofing	Inconclusive	0%		None Detected	<1.0%	None Detected	100%
		Roof		No Asbestos Detected		$  \sqrt{ }$				
Core-25A		Building #2 Exterior Roof	Gray Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 90%	10%
		1001	msulation							
Core-25B	60398a		Black Roofing	Inconclusive	0%		None Detected	<1.0%	None Detected	100%
		Roof		No Asbestos Detected						
Core-25B			Gray Fibrous Insulation	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Cellulose 90%	10%
		1.001	modiation							
			MANAGE CO.							

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Microscope:

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples."

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PLM Date Analyzed: 8/14/2008

Olympus BH-2 #232953

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr

TEM Date Analyzed: 8/20/2008

TEM Analyst: J. Peter Donato,

Laboratory Results Approved By:
Asbestos Technical Director

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**ELAP ID No.: 10958** 

			CHAIN OF CUSTODY FOR	RP	LM ASBES	TOS AN	<u>ALYSI</u>	S OFFICE U	SE ONLY	
	ENV	$\mathbf{OV}$	Client:		ntact:					
	environmental con	<b>-</b>	STO C		Tom H	110.1		Job#: 986)-08		
	5 Lake Avenue, Roc		SJB Services Phone Number:	Fax	Number:	CITED 1.		200		
	5 Lake Avenue, Roci 585.454.1060 * Fax				716-10	9-8051		Page of 3		
	nt Mailing Addre		716-649-8110 Results To:	Tur	ா Around Time:	1 0001			1 1 0	
	67 South Par		Share E - Fax	1	2 / 3	5 Othe	er	Date Logged In:	3/8/08	
	61 Jun 14	1100.	Date Sampled:	Mat	erial Type/Quant				•	
Bu	Halo N.Y.	14075	8-6-09	Fria				Logged In By:		
			Project Location: Dissault Frundry.	Pro	oject Number: ©%/	0698			<u>_</u>	
	General Loca	tion:	112/ssault 1 sulury.		7					
	Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location		Do not Analyze	Color	Size	Material	Friability	
1	CORF-ZIA	60389 A				Black		Core	No	
2	CORE-ZIB	390 A	B " "			Black.		Cuer	NO	
3	WIC- 72A	391	Interior Plant.			Black		window Caulk	No	
4	WIC- ZZB	392	in the state of th			Black		24 11	NO	
- 5	INS- 23A	393	Main Plant (Ceiling)	\		Yellow		Insulation	Yes	
	INS - 23B	394	(, ()			( (		therlation	Yes	
7	CORE-ZYA		Exterior Rouf over office			Black		CORE	NO	
8	CORE-24B	396A	C " " " "			Black		CORE	NS	
1	CORE-25A		BBuilding #Z Exterior Roof			Black/Gray		CORE	Yes	
	CU QF-25B	398	But it it is			Block/bray		CORE	Yes	
San	npled By:	nendoal T.	Date: 8-7-08	СН	ECK ONE:	SURVEY	X	BULKS O	NLY	
Tra	nsported to Para	digm By:	Date:	CHECK TO AUTOMATICALLY PERFORM TEM ON NOBS						
	Themend	rach T. Ell	D-7-08	or provide TEM contact name: Shane.						
Red	ceived By	Boumod	1) Date: \$18108	TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES IN SURVEY: 63						



Client:SJB ServicesJob No: 9860-08Location:Dussault FoundryPage: 1 of 3

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

T T				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	TEM	PLM	PLM
				Asbestos	Total	0	Fibers Type &	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Client ID   I	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage	ASSESTED	_	reroemage	ASSESTED	Percentage	%
FLA-26A	60379	Building #2 Exterior	Black Fibrous	Chrysotile 18%	18%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	82%
1 27 207		Roof	Flashing	,	, , , ,			, ,,, ,	,,,,,,,	32/1
						Y				
FLA-26B	60380a	Building #2 Exterior	Black Fibrous	Chrysotile 15%	15%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	85%
		Roof	Flashing				,			
						•				
FLA-26B		Building #2 Exterior	Gray Cement	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
		Roof								
WIM-27A	60381	Building #2 Interior Wall		Inconclusive	0%	,	None Detected	<1.0%	Talc 5%	95%
			Mastic	No Asbestos Detected						
WIM-27B	60382	Building #2 Interior Wall	White/Brown Mastic	Inconclusive No Asbestos	0%	1	None Detected	<1.0%	Talc 5%	95%
			เงเสรแช	Detected						
FT0 004	60383	Building #2 Office and	Brown Floor Tile		.4.00/			4=0/		4000/
FT9-28A		Bathroom	Brown Floor Tile	Inconclusive Trace Chrysotile	<1.0%	. 1	Chrysotile 15%	15%	None Detected	100%
	l	2411100111		Detected		7				
FTM-29A	60384	Building #2 Office and	Black Floor Tile	Inconclusive	<1.0%		Chrysotile 11%	11%	None Detected	100%
F I IVI-23A	- 1	9	Mastic	Trace Chrysotile	1.070		Chrysothe 11/6	1170	None Detected	10070
				Detected		٧				
FT9-28B	60385	Building #2 Office and	Brown Floor Tile	Inconclusive	<1.0%		Chrysotile 19%	19%	None Detected	100%
		Bathroom		Trace Chrysotile			,	12,2		
				Detected		Y				
FTM-29B			Black Floor Tile	Inconclusive	<1.0%		Chrysotile 8%	8%	None Detected	100%
	[1	Bathroom	Mastic	Trace Chrysotile			-			
				Detected		'				
FBK-30A	60387	Building #2 Oven	White Fire Brick	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
	İ									
						Ì				

NALV

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples.").

 $\sqrt{\,$  NOB (non-friable organically bound) Classified for Analytical Purposes Only.

\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. *Quantitative transmission electron microscopy* is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/14/2008

Microscope: Olympus BH-2 #232953

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr

TEM Date Analyzed: 8/20/2008

TEM Analyst: J. Peter Donato

Laboratory Results Approved By:
Asbestos Technical Director

Mary Dohr

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**ELAP ID No.: 10958** 



Client: **SJB Services** Job No: 9860-08

Location: **Dussault Foundry** Page: 2 of 3

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	TEM	PLM	PLM
			_	Asbestos	Total	0	Fibers Type &		Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Fibers Type &			Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
FBK-30B	60388	Building #2 Oven	White Fire Brick	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	None Detected	100%
1. 5. 005		, and the second								
		V* 10 T 10						_		
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		14-3-01444-0-4							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

**ELAP ID No.: 10958** 

New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples."

 $\sqrt{\mathsf{NOB}}$  (non-friable organically bound) Classified for Analytical Purposes Only.

\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. Quantitative transmission electron microscopy is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/14/2008

Olympus BH-2 #232953

PLM Analyst: M. Dohr

Microscope:

TEM Date Analyzed: 8/20/2008

TEM Analyst: J. Peter Donato

Laboratory Results Approved By: **Asbestos Technical Director** 

Mary Dohr

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		CHAIN OF	CUSTODY FO	RF	PLM ASBES	STOS AN	<u>IALYSIS</u>	S OFFICE U	SE ONLY		
ENV	OY	Client:		Co	ntact:						
environmental con	<del>-</del>	SJB Servi	105		Tom H	ellert.		Job#: 9860-08			
145 Lake Avenue, Roc	hester, NY 14608	Phone Number:		Fa.	x Number:			500 3			
585.454.1060 * Fax	585.454.1062	716-649	-8110		716-64	9-8051		Page of			
Client Mailing Addre	ess:	Results To:			rn Around Time:						
S167 South Par	K Ave.	Share E-	Fax	1	2 📈 3		her	Date Logged In:	8/8/08		
	1((,7/	Date Sampled:	.A <b>M</b>		nterial Type/Quan		_				
Buffalo N.Y.	14015	Project Location:	~(B		able NO roject Number:		<i>n</i>	Logged In By:	?		
•		Dussault Frindry.			Oject Number.	10698					
General Loca	tion:		And the second s	h							
Client ID	Lab ID	Sami	oling Location		Do not Analyze	Color	Size	Material	Friability		
1 FLA - 26A.	60379	Building #2	2 Exterior Rouf	~		Black		Flashing	NO		
2 FLA-26B	380	u Ju	i, ii			Black.		Plashing	NO		
3 WIM-27A	381	٠, !!	Interior Wall			Bown		Wall Insolution Marstic	No		
4 WIM- 27B	382	1	( )			Brown		.( (1	ND		
5 FT9-28A	383	ί ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	Office + Bathrer	ארנז		Born		Floortile	No		
6 FTM-29A	384	ic Li	11			Black		" Mastic	NO		
7 FT9-28B	385	11	11			Brown		(C \((	NO		
8 FTM-29B	386	11 .1	re le			Black.		" Mastic	NO		
9 FBK-30A	387	., .,	Oven			White		Fine Brick	NO		
10 FBK-30B	288		oven			white		11	NO		
Sampled By Runer wah Till. Date: 8-7-08					CHECK ONE: SURVEY X BULKS ONLY						
Transported to Para	7 71	8-7-08	CHECK TO AUTOMATICALLY PERFORM TEM ON NOBS  or provide TEM contact name:								
Received By		TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES IN SURVEY: 63									



Client: SJB Services, Inc. Job No: 9859-08 Location: **Dussault Foundry** Page: 1 of 2

**Sample Date:** 8/6/2008

				PLM	PLM	N	TEM Asbestos	TEM	PLM	PLM
				Asbestos	Total	o	Fibers Type &	Total	Non-Asbestos	Matrix
Client ID	Lab ID	Sampling Location	Description	Fibers Type &	Asbestos	В	Percentage	Asbestos	Fibers Type &	Material
				Percentage					Percentage	%
FPR-31A	60376	Building #2 Oven	White Fibrous Fire Proofing	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Mineral Wool 98%	2%
FPR-31B	60377	Building #2 Oven	White Fibrous Fire Proofing	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Mineral Wool 98%	2%
FPR-31C	60378	, -	White Fibrous Fire Proofing	None Detected	0%		Not Required	N/A	Mineral Wool 98%	2%
									111381011111	
		71.0000.1								
		* Yessel Bal		-						

Lab Code 200530-0 for PLM Analysis

**ELAP ID No.: 10958** New York State Department of Health, ELAP Method 198.1,198.4 and 198.6 ("Polarized Light Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy Methods for Identifying and Quantitating Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in Non-Friable Organically Bound Bulk Samples.").

 $\sqrt{\mathsf{NOB}}$  (non-friable organically bound) Classified for Analytical Purposes Only.

\*\* Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. Quantitative transmission electron microscopy is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.

PLM Date Analyzed: 8/8/2008

TEM Date Analyzed:

Microscope:

Olympus BH-2 #233173

TEM Analyst: N/A

PLM Analyst:

F. Childs

Laboratory Results Approved By: **Asbestos Technical Director** 

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			CHAIN OF CUSTODY FOR	R PLI	M ASBES	TOS AN	ALYSI	S OFFICE US	SE ONLY	
	ENV	OY	Client:	Conta	ct:			005	70 22	
	environmental con	i	SJB Services		Tom He	ellert.	Job #: 1897-08			
145	Lake Avenue, Roc	hester, NY 14608	Phone Number:	Fax N	umber:	•				
	585.454.1060 * Fax		716-649-8110		716-649	9-80SI_				
Clie	nt Mailing Addre	ess:	Results To:	Turn /	Around Time:			Date Logged In:	8 alole	
SIL	67 South Par	K Ave.	Share E-Fax	11	- L/V	5 Oti	ner	Date Logged III.	018100	
			Date Sampled:	Material Type/Quantity: Friable NOB TEM				Logged In By:	). <u>-</u>	
BU	Halo N.Y.	14075	Project Location:	Friable	ect Number:			K	K.	
			Dissault Frindry.	Fioje	S/	0698		<b>V</b>		
	Caparallaca	tion:	13330011 1841019.							
General Location:  Client ID Lab ID Sampling Location				Do	o not Analyze	Color	Size	Material	Friability	
7	FPR-3(A	60376				white		Fine Profing	Yes	
		377	Building #Z - Oven			white		n	Yes	
2	FPR-318	278				white		li ti	Yes	
3	FPR-31C	210				copira				
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41 Sept 1950	npled By:	narbool T	Date: 8-7-08	CHECK ONE: SURVEY X BULKS ONLY						
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# APPENDIX F SOILS MANAGEMENT PLAN

### 1.0 OVERVIEW AND OBJECTIVES

The Dussault Foundry Site consists of two parcels at the foot of Washburn Street in the City of Lockport, Niagara County, New York (Report Figures 1-1 and 1-2). The total area of the site is approximately 5.6 acres in a mixed residential, commercial and industrial neighborhood. The site is bounded on the north and west by Market Street, commercial property and the New York State Barge Canal, on the south by railroad tracks, and on the east by residential properties. The majority of the site is located on a relatively flat-lying plateau, with approximately 60 percent of the site occupied by buildings (Report Figure 1-3). Dussault Foundry operated as a grey iron foundry from 1914 through 1995, with manufacturing operations during that period remaining virtually unchanged. The property has been vacant since 1995 when Dussault Foundry declared bankruptcy and closed the facility.

The Site has been characterized by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) during a Site Investigation completed in 2008. The user should refer to the Site Investigation Report for more detail, as needed.

The objective of this Soils Management Plan (SMP) is to set guidelines for the management of contaminated soil and waste material encountered during any future excavation activities at the site. This SMP addresses environmental concerns related to soil management and has been prepared by the NYSDEC.

### 2.0 NATURE AND EXTENT OF CONTAMINATION

During the 2008 Site Investigation, foundry sand was encountered throughout the site at thickness up to 24.0 feet, and was estimated to total 95,000 cubic yards. Foundry sand was also observed at the surface throughout the site (Report Figures 6-1, 6-2 and 6-17). The contaminants of concern for surface soil (mainly foundry sand) at the Dussault Foundry Site consist primarily of semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) and metals. Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and the EPA priority pollutant metals arsenic and chromium exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives. Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene and arsenic also exceeded the NYSDEC Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives.

The contaminants of concern for subsurface soil and fill at the site consist primarily of SVOCs and metals. Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, 2-methylnaphthalene, naphthalene, phenanthrene, dieldrin, and the EPA priority pollutant metals arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury and zinc exceeded

the NYSDEC Part 375 residential soil cleanup objectives. Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, naphthalene, arsenic and lead also exceeded the Part 375 commercial soil cleanup objectives.

The contaminants of concern for groundwater consist primarily of SVOCs, metals, chloride and sulfate. Concentrations of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, chloride, sulfate and the EPA priority pollutant metal lead exceeded the NYSDEC groundwater standards or guidance values. The presence of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, a common plasticizer widely used in the plastics industry, may have resulted from the disposable bailer or rope used to collect the sample, or was introduced into the sample in the laboratory during extraction and analysis procedures. The presence of lead may be related to the Dussault Foundry Site as this contaminant was detected in subsurface soil and fill samples collected during the Site Investigation. The concentrations of chloride and sulfate likely represent the natural mineral content of this groundwater.

### 3.0 CONTEMPLATED USE

The Dussault Foundry property has been vacant since 1995. There is no contemplated future use.

### 4.0 PURPOSE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE SURFACE COVER SYSTEM

It is recommended that future redevelopment plans contain provisions to remove foundry sand or place a surface cover system over the foundry sand to eliminate direct contact exposures to workers or visitors at the site, and to eliminate the potential for contaminated runoff from the property. The cover system should consist of the following types of clean material:

- <u>Soil:</u> twelve (12) inches of vegetated soil cover underlain by a demarcation layer, in outdoor vegetated areas;
- Asphalt: a minimum of six (6) inches of material (asphalt and subbase material) in areas that will become roads, sidewalks, and parking lots; and/or
- <u>Concrete:</u> a minimum of six (6) inches of material (concrete and subbase material) in areas that will become slab-on-grade structures or for roads, sidewalks, and parking lots in lieu of asphalt.

### 5.0 MANAGEMENT OF SOIL AND FILL

The purpose of this section is to provide environmental guidelines for the management of subsurface soil and fill at the site and for the maintenance of the cover system during any future intrusive work that

generates excavated soil/fill or breaches the cover system. This Soils Management Plan includes the following conditions:

 Any breach of the cover system, including for the purposes of construction or utilities work, should be replaced or repaired using an acceptable borrow source free of industrial and/or other potential sources of chemical or petroleum contamination. The area should be repaired with the appropriate

cover material described in Section 4;

• Control of surface erosion and run-off from the property at all times, including during construction

activities. This includes proper maintenance of the vegetative cover established on the property;

• Site soil/fill that is excavated and is intended to be removed from the property should be managed,

characterized, and properly disposed of in accordance with NYSDEC regulations and directives;

• Soil/fill excavated at the site may be reused as backfill material on-site provided it contains no visual

or olfactory evidence of contamination, and it is placed beneath a surface cover system as described

in Section 4;

Any off-site fill material brought to the site for filling and grading purposes should be from an

acceptable borrow source free of industrial and/or other potential sources of chemical or petroleum

contamination. The soil will be acceptable for use as cover material provided that all parameters

meet the NYSDEC Part 375 soil cleanup objectives that are appropriate for the future anticipated use

of the site. For more details see NYSDEC regulation 6 NYCRR Part 375-6.7(d) [Soil Covers and

Backfill]; and

Prior to any construction activities, workers are to be notified of the site conditions with clear

instructions regarding how the work is to proceed. Invasive work performed at the property should

be performed in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations to protect worker

health and safety.

5.1 EXCAVATED AND STOCKPILED SOIL/FILL DISPOSAL

Soil/fill that is excavated as part of site redevelopment that can not be used as fill below the cover

system or elsewhere on site should be characterized as required by the permitted disposal facility prior to

transportation off-site for disposal. For excavated soil/fill with visual evidence of contamination (i.e., staining

DUSSAULT FOUNDRY SITE, SITE NO. 932012

or elevated PID measurements), one composite sample and a duplicate sample should be collected for each 100 cubic yards of stockpiled material. For excavated soil/fill that does not exhibit visual evidence of contamination but should be sent for off-site disposal, one composite sample and a duplicate sample should be collected for each 2,000 cubic yards of stockpiled material, and a minimum of 1 sample should be collected for volumes less than 2,000 cubic yards.

It is recommended that the composite sample be collected from five locations within each stockpile. A duplicate composite sample should also be collected. PID measurements should be recorded for each of the five individual locations. One grab sample should be collected from the individual location with the highest PID measurement. If none of the five individual sample locations exhibit PID readings, one location should be selected at random. The composite sample should be analyzed by a NYSDOH ELAP-certified laboratory for pH (EPA Method 9045C), TCL SVOCs, TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs, TAL metals, cyanide and sulfur. The grab sample should be analyzed for TCL VOCs.

Samples should be composited by placing equal portions of soil/fill from each of the five composite sample locations into a pre-cleaned, stainless steel (or Pyrex glass) mixing bowl. The soil/fill should be thoroughly homogenized using a stainless steel scoop or trowel and transferred to pre-cleaned jars provided by the laboratory. Sample jars should then be labeled and a chain-of-custody form prepared.

It is important to note that individual disposal facilities may have their own requirements regarding sampling frequency and characterization testing. Those requirements should be followed. To potentially reduce off-site disposal requirements/costs, the owner or site developer may also choose to characterize each stockpile individually. If the analytical results indicate that concentrations exceed the standards for RCRA characteristics, the material will be considered a hazardous waste and should be properly disposed off-site at a permitted disposal facility within 90 days of excavation. If the analytical results indicate that the soil/fill is not a hazardous waste, the material should be properly disposed off-site at a non-hazardous waste facility. Stockpiled soil/fill cannot be transported on or off-site until the analytical results are received.

### 5.2 SUBGRADE MATERIAL

Subgrade material used to backfill excavations or placed to increase site grades or elevation should meet the following criteria:

• Excavated on-site soil/fill that appears to be visually impacted should be sampled and analyzed. If analytical results indicate that the contaminants, if any, are present at concentrations below the

appropriate recommended soil cleanup objectives of Part 375, and also below 10,000 parts per million (ppm) sulfur, the soil/fill can be used as backfill on-site;

- Any off-site fill material brought to the site for filling and grading purposes should be from an
  acceptable borrow source free of industrial and/or other potential sources of chemical or petroleum
  contamination;
- Off-site soils intended for use as site backfill cannot otherwise be defined as a solid waste in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 360-1.2(a);
- If the contractor designates a source as "virgin" soil, it should be further documented in writing to be native soil material from areas not having supported any known prior industrial or commercial development or agricultural use;
- Virgin soils may be subject to the collection of one representative composite sample per source. The sample should be analyzed for TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TCL pesticides, TCL PCBs, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium, silver, and cyanide. The soil will be acceptable for use as backfill provided that all parameters meet the appropriate recommended soil cleanup objectives of Part 375; and
- Non-virgin soils should be tested via collection of one composite sample per 500 cubic yards of material from each source area. If more than 1,000 cubic yards of soil are borrowed from a given off-site non-virgin soil source area and both samples of the first 1,000 cubic yards meet the appropriate recommended soil cleanup objectives of Part 375, the sample collection frequency can be reduced to one composite for every 2,500 cubic yards of additional soils from the same source, up to 5,000 cubic yards. For borrow sources greater than 5,000 cubic yards, sampling frequency may be reduced to one sample per 5,000 cubic yards, provided all earlier samples met the appropriate recommended soil cleanup objectives of Part 375.