932054

ENGINEERING INVESTIGATIONS AT INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES

PHASE II INVESTIGATION

Niagara Sanitation Company (Nash Road Landfill)

Town of Wheatfield

Site No. 932054

Niagara County



Prepared for: New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

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Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation Michael J. O'Toole, P.E., Director

By:

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE

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NIAGARA SANITATION COMPANY
(NASH ROAD LANDFILL)
NYS SITE NUMBER. 932054
TOWN OF WHEATFIELD
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Prepared for:

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REMEDIATION
NEW YORK STATE
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
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SECTION I

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SITE BACKGROUND

The Nash Road Landfill site was operated by the Niagara Sanitation Company between 1964 and 1968, as a landfill for the disposal of municipal and industrial wastes. Shortly before the site was closed in 1968, material from a sewer excavation near the Love Canal in Niagara Falls, NY was disposed at the site. The present owner for the site is the Town of Wheatfield.

The Nash Road site is located approximately three miles north of Tonawanda, New York, adjacent to Nash Road, in the Town of Wheatfield, Niagara County, New York. The site, which is mostly surrounded by suburban residential development, is shown on the U.S.G.S. Tonawanda East, N.Y. 7 1/2 minute quadrangle map (Figure I-1). Features of the site are shown on the Site Plan (Figure I-2).

A site inspection report of the Nash Road Landfill by the Niagara County Department of Health (Hopkins, 1981) stated that the site was poorly covered and that refuse was visible at the surface. Stained and discolored soil was observed at numerous locations. The investigation concluded that there was a potential for migration of contaminants off-site. A residential area is located south of the site along Forbes Road. A Phase II investigation of the entire site was conducted during 1985 by Engineering-Science and Dames and Moore. However, concerns regarding a portion of the site which was believed to have received fill from the Love Canal sewer excavation prompted a second study of the site, specifically focusing on that area.

The site was a swampy area before landfill activities occurred. Since landfilling, portions of the property are covered with surface water at certain times of the year, particularly in the spring. Access to the site is not restricted and presently it is used as a jogging area, dirt bike track and general play area.

PHASE II INVESTIGATION

Seven groundwater monitoring wells were installed, in addition to the seven existing wells installed during the previous Phase II study. Groundwater sampling and analysis and air monitoring were conducted to define the presence of hazardous substances in a portion of the Nash Road Landfill site.

SITE ASSESSMENT

The geologic stratigraphy of the site can be summarized as approximately 70 feet of lacustrine deposits and glacial till which overlie bedrock. The aquifer of concern occurs within the layers of sand interbedded with the lacustrine clays beneath the site. These sands are believed to create paths favorable for groundwater movement from the landfill to nearby ponds and surface water drainages. Shallow wells or sump pumps in the area may draw water from these sand beds, whereas the lacustrine clays probably restrict downward movement. The depth to water in monitoring wells at the site is between 3 and 20 feet below the surface. Shallow groundwater probably moves eastward toward Sawyer Creek. The hydraulic conductivities and hydraulic gradients are relatively low, so the direction of shallow groundwater movement has been inferred primarily from topographic evidence, since the area is relatively flat and surface drainage is not well developed.

A true upgradient well could not be readily identified because of the extensive landfill activity which has occurred at the site. In order to provide comparisons of groundwater quality, the analytical results were reviewed to identify the wells having the lowest concentrations of organic and metal constituents. For purposes of this report, these wells were considered to represent background water quality. These background wells are located on the west side of the reported trench location where Love Canal wastes were disposed. The background wells are screened in the upper and lower sand lenses found beneath the site.

Seven monitoring wells were sampled at the Nash Road Landfill site and were analyzed for Hazardous Substance List (HSL) organic compounds, HSL metals, total organic hologens (TOX), and dioxin (TCDD). Eighteen HSL organic compounds were detected in the groundwater samples. Ten compounds were present downgradient at concentrations which were more than three times the concentrations found in the background wells, indicating releases of those compounds potentially attributable to the site. The concentrations for eight organic compounds exceeded the applicable Class GA groundwater standards or guidance values. Twenty-one HSL metals were detected in the groundwater samples. Seventeen metals were present in downgradient wells at concentrations which were more than three times the concentrations found in the background wells, indicating releases of those metals potentially attributable to the site. The concentrations of seven metals in one or more wells exceeded the applicable Class GA groundwater standards or guidance values.

Air quality monitoring with a Photovac TIP II indicated no readings above background in the breathing zone. However, readings up to 75 ppm were recorded in well headspaces during drilling and sampling activities for OW-11. Those readings were generally confirmed by the concentrations of volatile organic compounds detected in the groundwater sample from OW-11.

The groundwater results indicate that releases of organic compounds and metals are occurring, and may be attributed to the Nash Road site. The shallow groundwater zone is contaminated not only in the vicinity of the Love Canal wastes, but on the west side of the site as well. With the exception of one organic compound, groundwater in the deeper zone does not

appear to have been adversely affected by the site. The detection of a high concentration of benzoic acid in the shallow groundwater is consistent with a previous analysis of the material excavated from Love Canal.

HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM SCORE

In an attempt to establish the relative risk associated with this site, the Hazard Ranking System (HRS) was applied. As currently used by the NYSDEC, the HRS is employed to aid the evaluation of inactive hazardous waste sites in New York State. This system takes into account the types of wastes at the site, receptors, and transport routes to calculate a numerical score for the site. As stated in 40 CFR Subpart H Section 300.81, the HRS was developed for evaluating the relative potential of uncontrolled hazardous disposal facilities to cause human health or safety problems or ecological and environmental damage. It is assumed by the EPA that a uniform application of the ranking system in each state will permit EPA to identify releases of hazardous substances that pose the greatest hazard to human health and/or the environment.

Under the HRS, three numerical scores are computed to express the relative risk or danger from the site. These scores take into account the population at risk, the potential for contamination of drinking water supplies, for direct human contact, for destruction of sensitive ecological systems and other appropriate factors. The three scores are:

- S_M reflects the potential for harm to humans or the environment from migration of a hazardous substance away from the facility by routes involving groundwater, surface water and air. It is a composite of separate scores for each of the three routes (S_{GW} = groundwater route score, S_{SW} = surface water route score, and S_A = air route score).
- SFE reflects the potential for harm from substances that can explode or cause fires.
- S_{DC} reflects the potential for harm from direct contact with hazardous substances at the facility (i.e., no migration need be involved).

Based on the results of this and previous studies, the HRS scores for the Nash Road Landfill site have been calculated as follows:

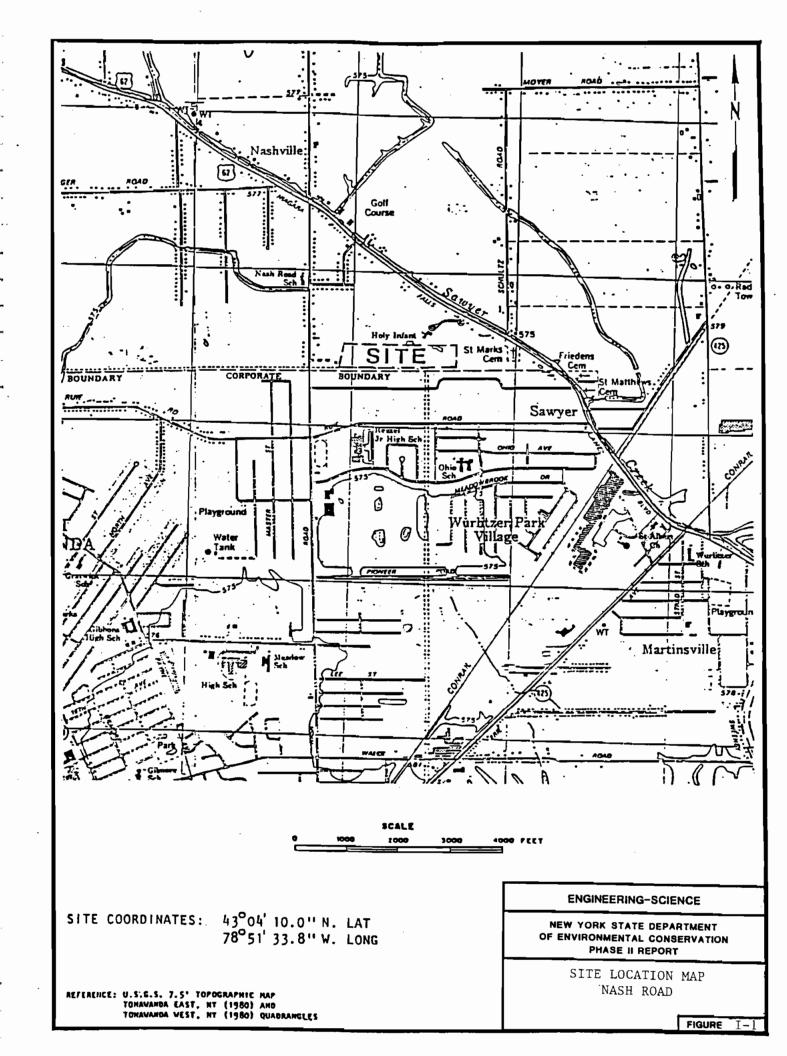
$S_{\mathbf{M}} = 19.10$	$S_{GW} = 31.40$
$S_{FE} = 0.0$	S _{SW} = 10.26
S _{DC} = 37.50	$S_A = 0.0$

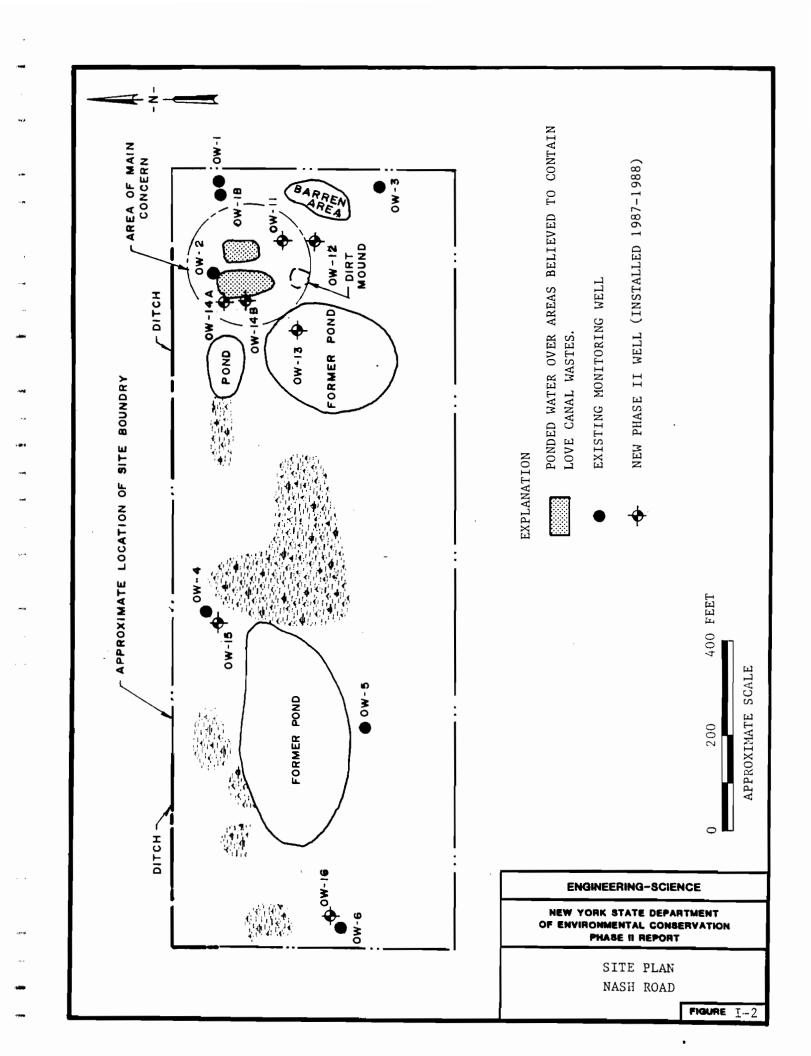
RECOMMENDATIONS

The shallow groundwater at the site contains significant contamination by toxic organic compounds and metals. Since: 1) there is a potential for these contaminants to migrate off the

site, and; 2) the area of greatest contamination is fairly small, remediation should be considered. The existing information on the site, including that contained within this report, is sufficient to plan at least some of the remedial alternatives.

Additional work should be performed to determine the potential for off-site migration and whether or not it is presently occurring. This work could involve a soil vapor survey and off-site wells to determine the extent of off-site migration. The minimum remediation which should be considered includes capping of the site, seeding the cover, and constructing a fence to limit public access to the site. The available data suggests that lacustrine clay layers found beneath the site may be inhibiting contamination of the regional aquifer which underlies the site. Any further investigations or remedial activities must maintain the integrity of this barrier, and should consider means of determining whether the disposal trenches have breached this layer.





SECTION II

PURPOSE

The objective of a Phase II investigation is to determine if hazardous wastes have been disposed of in the site, if contaminants exist in the various mediums (air, groundwater, surface water or soils) and whether or not threats to human health or the environment exist. Information gathered relative to the above will allow the Department to reclassify the site or if warranted delist it

This particular study is to expand upon the original Phase II report, the results of which, were inconclusive.

SECTION III

SCOPE OF WORK

INTRODUCTION

Field work for this Phase II investigation at the Nash Road Landfill began in December 1987 and was completed in November 1988. The Phase II Work Plan dated April 28, 1986 was approved by NYSDEC prior to commencing the field investigations. The Work Plan was later revised with NYSDEC approval, based on the preliminary findings of the field investigations.

The original Work Plan included three monitoring well installations. In a November 13, 1987 letter (NYSDEC, 1987) to Engineering-Science, the NYSDEC stated four more monitoring wells would be installed, bringing the total to seven. The ground penetrating radar geophysical survey was deleted by the NYSDEC, due to the presence of ponded water in the intended study area. The NYSDEC decided that no waste material from the trench would be sampled, due to the potentially toxic nature of the waste.

PHASE II SITE INVESTIGATION

The scope of the Phase II investigation is summarized in Table III-1 and is described below. All field work was performed or supervised by qualified Engineering-Science (ES) staff in accordance with a NYSDEC-approved project Quality Assurance/ Quality Control Plan and a site-specific Health and Safety Plan. Field procedures for the monitoring well installations are presented in Appendix A.

MONITORING WELL INSTALLATIONS

Seven groundwater monitoring wells were installed by Rochester Drilling Co. Inc. around the perimeter of the site between December 8 - December 11, 1987 and between January 26 - February 8, 1988 (Figure III-1). Wells were installed at locations believed to be upgradient and downgradient of the suspected disposal trench area. Details regarding the locations of the monitoring wells with respect to their position in relation to the landfill, and descriptions of the soil in which the wells are screened are presented in Section IV. The well location data are summarized in Table III-2.

The wells were drilled and constructed in accordance with NYSDEC guidelines. Field procedures for the monitoring well installations are presented in Appendix A. Soil samples were generally collected continuously in the shallow wells. In the deeper wells, samples were collected at intervals of five feet until drilling approached the depth where the lower sand lens was expected

to be found, and continuous sampling was resumed. Selected samples were analyzed for grainsize characteristics. Boring logs, well schematics and grain-size analyses results are included in Appendix B.

Groundwater Sampling and Analysis

Groundwater samples were collected from each of the seven Phase II overburden monitoring wells on February 17 - 18, and March 1, 1988. These samples were analyzed for HSL volatiles, semivolatiles, metals and total organic halogens (TOX) by Nanco Labs, Inc. Dioxin analyses were performed by Enseco under a subcontract with Nanco Labs. In addition, two trip blanks and field blanks (OW-14C, OW-12A) were analyzed for HSL volatiles. On November 11, 1988, well OW-11 was resampled by ES and analyzed for HSL semivolatiles by York Laboratories. Analyses and reporting were performed utilizing applicable NYSDEC CLP methods dated June, 1986 and amendments dated November, 1987. Field procedures for the groundwater sampling are presented in Appendix A. Analytical results are discussed in Section IV and listed in Appendix C.

Air Survey

A Photovac Total Ionizables Present (TIP-II) was used to test for volatile organic compounds present in the air. This monitoring was performed as a health and safety measure during on-site field work. Air in the breathing zone (4 to 5 feet above ground) was monitored during drilling and sampling activities. Soil samples were checked for volatile organic compounds immediately after collection and the headspace in each monitoring well was measured at the time of sampling as a preliminary means of identifying the presence of volatile organic compounds.

TABLE III-1

SUMMARY OF PHASE II TASKS NASH ROAD LANDFILL

Tasks	Description of Task
Prepare and Update Work Plan	Reviewed the Information in the previous Phase II report and supplemental data, conducted a site visit, examined aerial photography, and prepared the Phase II work plan.
Conduct Records Search / Data Compilation	Reviewed previous Phase II information.
Site Reconnaissance	Checked locations and conditions of existing wells, examined terrain for accessibility by drill rigs, examined suitability for geophysical surveys, and determined appropriate locations of sampling points.
Geophysical Survey	The ground penetrating radar survey was not performed.
Conduct Boring / Install Monitoring Wells	Installed seven wells. The boring depths ranged from 5 - 45 feet. Wells were constructed of 2-inch PVC pipe.
Soil samples from borings	Soil samples were collected continuously or at 5-ft. intervals, depending on the proximity to a sand lens. Performed grain-size analyses, on selected soil samples as specified in the text.
Perform Sampling and Analysis	
Groundwater samples	Seven groundwater samples were collected and analyzed for HSL metals and organics, dioxin, and TOX.

TABLE III-1, Continued

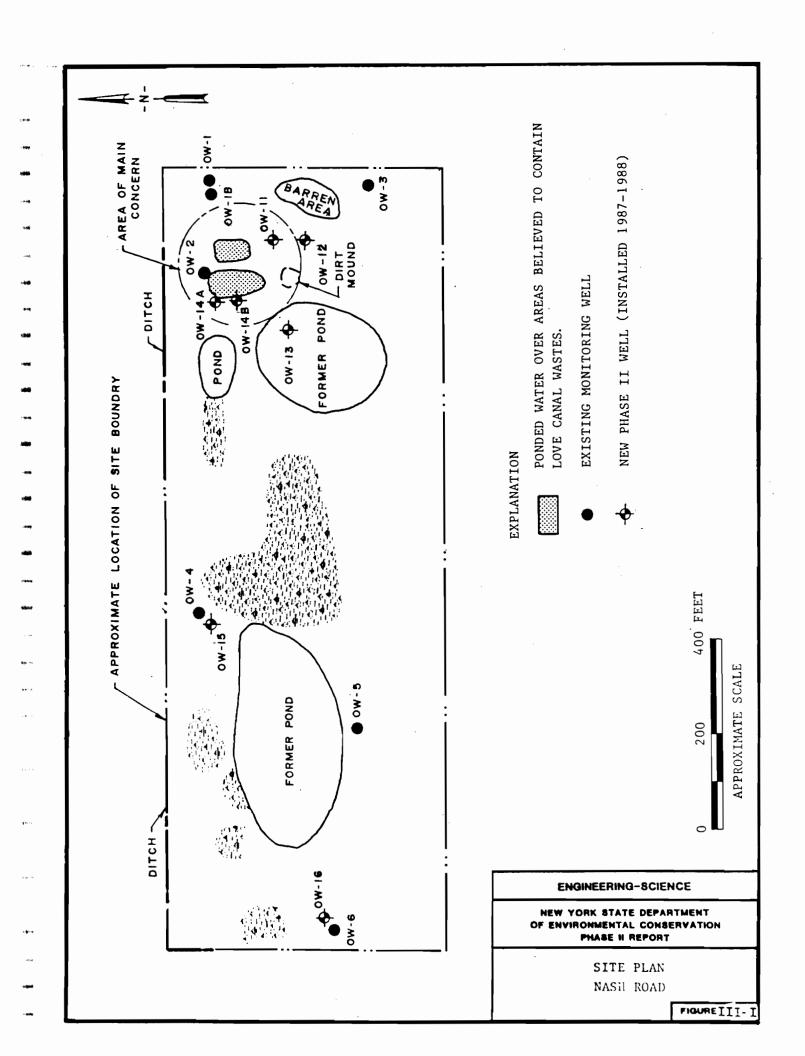
SUMMARY OF PHASE II TASKS NASH ROAD LANDFILL

Tasks	Description of Task
Air monitoring	Using the Photovac Tip II, the presence of volatile organic compounds was monitored during on-site activities.
Conduct Site Assessment	A preliminary site contamination assessment was conducted to complete the final HRS and HRS documentation records.
Report Preparation	Prepared draft and final reports containing significant Phase II information, additional field data, final HRS and HRS documentation records, and site assessments.
Project Management	Project coordination, administration and reporting.

TABLE III-2 SUMMARY OF MONITORING WELLS NASH ROAD LANDFILL

				TERVAL ow surface
		Drilled	_	
Well	Relative	Depth	Top	Bottom
ID	Location	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
OW-11	downgradient	12.00	7.0	9.0
OW-12	downgradient	34.00	29.5	32.5
OW-13	downgradient	6.00	3.0	5.0
OW-14A	background	40.00	33.5	36.5
OW-14B	background	10.00	3.0	7.0
OW-15	downgradient	45.00	40.0	45.0
OW-16	downgradient	10.00	5.0	10.0

Note: This summary includes only those wells installed during this Phase II investigation. A description of all wells at the Nash Road Landfill is included in Table IV-2 of this report.



SECTION IV

SITE ASSESSMENT

SITE HISTORY

The Nash Road site is an inactive landfill located on Nash Road in the Town of Wheatfield, Niagara County, New York, adjacent to the North Tonawanda City boundary (Figure IV-1). The site is rectangular, totaling approximately 25 acres, surrounded by a suburban residential area. The site, which is partly overgrown with trees and marsh vegetation, is apparently used by local residents for recreational activities including jogging and dirt bike riding.

From 1964 to 1968 the Niagara Sanitation Company operated the Nash Road site as a landfill receiving municipal and industrial wastes including caustic materials and sludges. In June 1968, shortly before the site was closed, 1600 cubic yards of contaminated fill debris from a sewer excavation near the Love Canal in Niagara Falls, NY was disposed in a trench at the site (NYSDOT, 1978). The trench reportedly was 100 feet by 30 feet by 27 feet deep and is believed to be located beneath ponded areas as shown on Figure IV-2. The debris was placed in the bottom 15 feet, and 12 feet of clean fill was placed on top: The current owner of the property is the Town of Wheatfield. The site is shown on the U.S.G.S. Tonawanda East, NY 7-1/2 minute quadrangle map (Figure IV-1). The site features are shown in Figure IV-2.

REGIONAL SETTING

Regional Geology

The Nash Road Landfill is located in the Erie-Ontario Lowland region (Muller, 1965) of New York State which can be characterized as the areas of low relief that border Lakes Erie and Ontario. The lowland region extends to the Onondaga Limestone escarpment, located about eight miles south of the site and northward to Lake Ontario. The region was submerged in a shallow sea during the Silurian and Devonian Epochs which deposited a thick sequence of shales, limestones and dolomites. Subsequently, portions of this sequence, rocks deposited during the Mississippian and Pennsylvanian ages, were eroded. Shales of the Salina Group and Lockport Dolomite, both of lower Silurian age, are the uppermost bedrock units in the area surrounding the Nash Road Landfill (Rickard and Fisher, 1970).

The area has been repeatedly covered by a series of continental ice sheets. The topography and surficial geology of the lowland region were formed by glacial action. The glaciers deposited layers of glacial till, which consists of unsorted and unstratified rock and soil

materials. Till deposits were found in the subsurface of the Nash Road Landfill site when the groundwater monitoring wells were drilled.

The melting of the glaciers approximately 12,000 years ago produced large volumes of meltwater. This water subsequently re-shaped channels and reworked the till deposits, creating thick accumulations of stratified, clastic sediments. The meltwaters also formed glacial lakes along the front of the ice margin as the ice retreated from the region. Lake Tonawanda was one of the largest of these lakes. It was an elongate lake which occupied an east-west trending basin that existed in this area. Sediments deposited in the lake consist of interlayered silt, sand and clay. Parts of this sequence are "...very regularly bedded with cyclic alternation of clay and silt laminae; moderately permeable along bedding surfaces...." (Muller, 1977). Lacustrine sediments were found in the subsurface of the Nash Road Landfill site when the groundwater monitoring wells were drilled.

Clastic deposits in this region, particularly beds and lenses of sand, frequently act as shallow aquifers, as is the case at the Nash Road site. The lacustrine clays and tills often inhibit groundwater movement between these shallow aquifers due to their low permeability. At the Nash Road site, fine-grained sediments, such as silts, clays and till, frequently contain interbedded sand layers which facilitate lateral groundwater movement through otherwise low permeability materials.

Regional Hydrology

The site is a part of the Lake Erie and Niagara River drainage basin. Sawyer Creek, which flows within 1000 feet of the northeast corner of the site, is listed as a Class D waterway (6NYCRR Vol. E). The main use for Class D streams is secondary contact recreation. Sawyer Creek flows into Bull Creek about 1.1 miles southeast of the site. Bull Creek flows into Tonawanda Creek, which flows westerly into the Niagara River. The Niagara River drains to Lake Ontario, and ultimately to the Atlantic Ocean via the St. Lawrence River.

SITE GEOGRAPHY

Site Topography

The site is an inactive landfill located in the Town of Wheatfield, Niagara County. The site is a rectangular area, twenty five acres in size, partially overgrown with trees and marsh vegetation, and surrounded by a suburban residential area. Dirt roads provide access to and within the site.

The site is bordered to the north by Holy Infant Church, to the east by a cemetery, to the south by a right-of-way and a residential area, and to the west by Nash Road and houses. The site is on the northern corporate boundary of the City of North Tonawanda which had a population of 35,760 in 1980 (Rand McNally, 1981).

The landfill is visible to many of the residential neighbors south of the site. It is apparently used by nearby residents as a jogging area, dirt bike track, and general play area. Access to the

site is unrestricted. The National Fuel Gas Corporation has a small facility adjacent to the western border of the site, and a gas pipeline, a salt-brine pipeline, and above-ground electrical lines pass along the southern site boundary.

Before landfilling began, the site probably was a flat, swampy area at about 575 feet above mean sea level (Figure IV-1). Landfilling of wastes and excavation of a disposal trench has resulted in irregular ground surface topography. Relief on-site is less than 10 feet.

Soils

This discussion is based on well borings conducted on-site and information from the Niagara County Soil Survey (USDA, 1972). The soils mapped for the site include the Canandaigua silt loam and the Raynham silt loam. The Raynham soils are somewhat poorly drained, medium textured silt loam occurring on slopes ranging from 0 - 6%. The permeability is estimated at 1x10⁻³ to 4x10⁻⁴ cm/sec (USDA, 1972). The Canandaigua silt loam is a very poorly drained, medium to moderately fine textured soil. These soils are level or depressional and occupy areas where water remains ponded or runs off very slowly. The permeability is estimated at 4 x 10⁻³ to 4 x 10⁻⁴ cm/sec (USDA, 1972). The Raynham silt loam soil formed from calcareous silty sediments deposited by glacial Lake Tonawanda. The Canandaigua silt loam soil formed in lacustrine deposits of silt, very fine sand and clay.

SITE HYDROGEOLOGY

This discussion of the Nash Road site hydrogeology is based on the most recent Phase II investigation, which included seven monitoring well installations (Figure IV-2). Boring logs and well schematics are presented in Appendix B of this report. Additional information was provided by an earlier Phase II report (Engineering-Science, 1985) and by published reports concerning the geology of New York State, as cited throughout the text.

Geology

As part of this Phase II site investigation, seven monitoring wells were installed to supplement the seven existing monitoring wells. Wells drilled for the earlier study monitored groundwaters beneath the entire site. The additional wells were installed to provide supplemental data in the portion of the property believed to have received fill from the Love Canal area. The locations of all monitoring wells are shown in Figure IV-2. Boring logs, grain-size characteristics of samples taken from the borings, and well schematics are included in Appendix B of this report. The grain-size characteristics are summarized in Table IV-1. Geologic data, well construction data and water level data from the groundwater monitoring wells are summarized in Tables IV-2 and IV-3.

The following paragraphs describe the rock and soil materials beneath the site. There are four stratigraphic units beneath the site which can be summarized as:

- fill or topsoil mixed with soil at the surface;
- glacial/lacustrine deposits which include an upper sand lens; brown/gray silty clay gray/red clay; and a lower sand lens;
- glacial till;
- dolostone bedrock.

The thickness of the unconsolidated deposits, which include the glacial till, lacustrine sediments, and fill is about 65-70 feet. A generalized stratigraphic column containing descriptions of the subsurface geology is presented in Figure IV-3. The location of a geologic cross section is shown in Figure IV-4. The relationships between the various units is shown on the geologic cross section (Figure IV-5). The following paragraphs describe the origin and nature of soils and rocks found at the site, beginning with the bedrock.

The top of bedrock varies from 65 feet to 71 feet below ground surface; bedrock outcrops are not visible for examination at the surface in the site vicinity. The 1985 Phase II investigation (ES, 1985) identified bedrock as "dolostone", the Lockport Dolomite of middle Silurian age. However, published geology maps of the area (Rickard and Fisher, 1970) show the bedrock at the site as the Salina Group of upper Silurian age. An EPA site report (EPA, 1985) stated that bedrock at the site is the Camillus Shale, a member of the Salina Group. None of the wells drilled as part of the Phase II investigations conducted at this site have actually cored into bedrock for positive identification.

It is possible that the Salina Group in this area has been thinned or completely removed by erosion or glacial action. Conversely, the dolostone reported in the 1985 Phase II investigation (ES, 1985) may be part of the Salina Group. Rickard and Fisher (1970) include dolostone in their brief description of this unit. In any case, the Lockport Dolomite is an important aquifer in this region, and is known to be present beneath the entire area (Johnston, 1964). The uncertainty in identifying the uppermost bedrock unit beneath site cannot be resolved from the available data, however this uncertainty will not affect the conclusions presented in this or previous studies.

The unit overlying bedrock is a dense reddish brown to gray glacial till composed of silt, sand, clay, and angular pebbles. The till averages 30 feet in thickness. In the two till samples analyzed, the grain-size characteristics were very similar containing 50 percent silt and clay and about 15 to 20 percent gravel (Table IV-1).

The till unit is overlain by glacial/lacustrine sediments, at the bottom of which is a lower sand lens. This lower sand lens is approximately 5 feet thick in the vicinity of OW-4, OW-14, and OW-15, and appears to become thinner to the south, east and west. The lower sand lens was absent in the easternmost well (OW-1B). The lower sand lens is overlain by red and gray layered clay, which is moist and highly plastic. The top of the clay is roughly 10 feet below ground surface and the unit is approximately 30 feet thick. The clay grades upward into a stiffer, drier brown-gray silty-clay, which is approximately 3 - 7 feet thick. Very fine sand beds about one inch thick are also

present. This unit may be the regularly bedded cyclic laminae of clay and silt described by Muller (1977) as being typical of the lacustrine sediments deposited in Lake Tonawanda. The lower portion of this lacustrine unit may be slightly higher in clay content, but in general, the grain-size characteristics of the unit are uniform (Table IV-1). A medium to coarse, well sorted, orange-brown upper sand lens overlies the clay. This upper sand lens is approximately 5 feet thick in the eastern part of the site (Wells OW-13 and 14-B), but is apparently discontinuous and was not found in wells OW-1 and OW-3. The upper sand lens is variable in composition, being chiefly composed of gravel, sand or silt, depending on the location (Table IV-1).

Much of the surface layer on site has been disturbed by landfill activities. The composition of the surface layer is a mixture which varies from organic topsoil to fill/waste material to disturbed silt and clay. The fill thickness found in the monitoring well borings varied from two to eight feet, but is likely to be thicker in disposal trenches where up to 12 feet of soil fill were reportedly placed (NYSDOT, 1978).

Groundwater Hydrology

This Phase II investigation of the Nash Road Landfill included installation of seven groundwater monitoring wells, five of which are near the trenches suspected of containing contaminated debris the from Love Canal area. Existing wells from the previous Phase II investigation were inspected and evaluated for use in this study. Monitoring well specifications are shown on Table IV-2. Water level elevation data are presented in Table IV-3 and Figures IV-6 to IV-9.

Figure IV-6 shows groundwater level elevations measured on four different days during 1988 plotted versus the elevation of the mid-point of the well screen. Three distinct groups of water levels are evident on this figure. Examination of the geologic logs (presented in Appendix B) shows that the units in which the wells of each group are screened are similar. All of the water level elevations which plot in the lower left hand corner of Figure IV-6 are from wells screened in glacial till. All of the water level elevations which plot in the upper right portion of Figure IV-6 are from wells screened in the interbedded lacustrine clay and sand deposited in glacial Lake Tonawanda, or in the fill. All of the water level elevations which plot in the lower center portion of Figure IV-6 are from wells screened in the lower sand.

Figure IV-6 suggests that a potential for downward groundwater movement from the surface to the lower water bearing units exists at the site, because water levels in shallow wells are higher than water levels in the deeper wells. However, there is a notable difference between the water level elevations in the lower groups and the water levels in the lacustrine deposits and the fill. This may indicate that the lacustrine clays are an effective barrier to vertical migration, despite the potential for downward movement. The low water levels measured in OW-11 on February 10th and 18th probably are due to slow water level recovery following drilling and development in the lacustrine clay.

Water level data for each of the three groups are shown in Figure IV-7 and VI-9. The data available in each water bearing zone are insufficient, or the water surface indicated by the data is too flat to interpolate water level elevation contour lines.

Water level data shown in Figure IV-7 suggest that water levels in the upper sand and clay are highest in the vicinity of the ponds over the reported disposal trench in the northeastern part of the site. There is insufficient data to draw water level elevation contour lines or to determine the relationship between groundwater and the ponds. It appears the groundwater is flowing eastward toward Sawyer Creek. The fact that the area was swampy before development suggests that local groundwater discharged to the swamp under natural conditions, and discharged from the area by evaporation or by surface water runoff to Sawyer Creek when the swamps were full. The persistence of the ponds, even during dry seasons, supports the suggestion that shallow groundwater flows to the ponds and discharged by evaporation and surface runoff when the ponds are full. It is unlikely, given the climate of the area, that the swamps could evaporate all of the inflow, suggesting that pathways for lateral movement of groundwater to Sawyer Creek must exist.

Water level data shown in Figure IV-8 suggest that water levels in the lower sand unit typically are five feet lower than water levels in the overlying unit. The water levels for the lower sand unit wells are virtually identical and cannot be contoured. Water level data shown in Figure IV-9 suggest that water levels in the till unit typically are eight feet lower than water levels in the upper sand and clay. The water levels for the till wells are virtually identical and cannot be contoured.

In situ permeability (slug) tests performed as part of the previous Phase II investigation estimated the horizontal hydraulic conductivity of the upper sand lens to be about 6.75×10^{-4} cm/sec. The horizontal hydraulic conductivity of the glacial till ranged from 7.5×10^{-4} to 7.88×10^{-7} cm/sec. Those estimates are based on slug tests in wells drilled to the top of bedrock. The results determined from those tests could have been influenced by the presence of fractures in the upper portion of the bedrock.

Despite the number of wells drilled at the Nash Road Landfill, some features of the hydrologic system must be inferred. In addition, assessment of the groundwater migration pathways is difficult, given the flat groundwater gradients on-site. Due to the absence of a discernible groundwater flow gradient beneath the site, a true upgradient well could not be readily identified. In order to provide comparisons of groundwater quality an upgradient well must be identified. To accomplish this, the analytical results were reviewed to identify the wells that had the lowest concentrations of organic and metal constituents, and in effect, represent background water quality. Based on the review of the analytical results, wells OW-14A and OW-14B were selected as most representative of background groundwater quality for the lower and upper zones, respectively. The selection of OW-14B as a background location for the upper zone is consistent with the easterly flow gradient indicated by the water levels on Figure IV-7. The easterly flow is consistent with the site location in relation to Sawyer Creek as well. The site is west of Sawyer

Creek, and if shallow groundwater is hydraulically connected to Sawyer Creek, an easterly flow direction on-site is plausible.

The water level data shows that there is a potential for vertical downward movement of groundwater from the landfill to the bedrock. None of the wells on-site penetrate a sufficient thickness of bedrock to reliably indicate the head distributions in those units. Regional studies (Johnston, 1964) suggest that in the Lockport Dolomite, which underlies the site, water moves southwesterly and discharges to the Niagara River. Thus, the potential for groundwater from the landfill to move into a regionally significant aquifer appears to exist. However, that potential is thought to be very limited for the following reasons. The nature of the sediments on-site suggests that the hydraulic conductivity across the bedding planes (vertical) will be orders of magnitude lower than the horizontal hydraulic conductivity. The Lake Tonawanda sediments present on-site are relatively flat-lying and likely to be laterally extensive. The sand layers within the clay create flow paths in which groundwater may move easily along the beds. Movement between the sand layers will be retarded by the low permeability of the clay. Observations made during drilling at the site, and the nature of the environments in which the sand lenses were deposited, suggest that the lateral extent of the clays typically will be greater than the lateral extent of the sands. The permeability of the till, which is under the lake sediments, is also relatively low. Observations of the till thickness beneath the site suggest that it is relatively evenly distributed and would retard the vertical movement of groundwater.

In summary, despite the potential for vertical movement, the hydraulic conditions suggest that groundwater is flowing from the site eastward to Sawyer Creek.

Surface Water Hydrology

Prior to its development, the Nash Road site was a low-lying swampy area. Natural ponds occurred within the property. Sawyer Creek, which is less than one-quarter mile northeast of the site, drains the area. Sawyer Creek flows to the southeast and joins Bull Creek and Tonawanda Creek about two miles southeast of the site. Sawyer Creek is classified by the NYSDEC as a Class D waterway (6NYCRR Vol E.). The water levels in the ponds on-site fluctuate seasonally. In the spring, approximately one-third of the site may be under water, but in late summer, only the disposal trench and connected ponds are filled with water. The northern margin of the site is bounded by a ditch, which contains surface water in the spring. The large ponds and the disposal trench drain into this ditch, which drains toward Sawyer Creek.

SITE CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT

Potential contamination of the environment within the site boundary was evaluated by a review of the character and quantity of hazardous wastes suspected to be present at the site, chemical analyses of the groundwater, and air quality monitoring with a Photovac photoionization detector.

Waste Characterization

The Nash Road Landfill site was operated by the Niagara Sanitation Company between 1964 and 1968. Municipal and industrial wastes, including caustic materials and sludges have been disposed at the site. Shortly before the site was closed in 1968, approximately 1600 cubic yards of waste material from a sewer excavation near the Love Canal was disposed in a trench at this site (NYSDOT, 1978). Analysis of the material at that time by the Hooker Chemical Company detected chlorotoluenes, benzoyl chloride and benzoic acid (Olotka, 1968).

Two large ponds now exist over the trench where sludges were reportedly dumped. The trench was reportedly 100 feet by 30 feet across and 27 feet deep (EPA, 1985). Clean fill 12 feet deep was reportedly placed over the waste material (NYSDOT, 1978). Based on nearby borings conducted during the Phase II investigations, there may be up to 10 feet of undisturbed clay beneath the trench. A liner or leachate collection system was not installed at the time of waste disposal.

The following subsection summarizes the results of the 1988 Phase II investigation sampling and tasks. Since the water table on-site appears to be relatively flat, making the groundwater flow pattern uncertain, the background wells referred to below were identified by the low levels of contaminants detected.

The analytical results have been compared to applicable New York State standards or guidance values. Standards and guidance values are provided for the applicable groundwater classifications. Standards that have been promulgated for groundwater appear in 6 NYCRR Part 703. These regulations also provide authority for the use of guidance values when a standard does not exist for a given water classification.

Due to the extent of landfill activity which has occurred on the site, a true upgradient well could not be readily identified. In order to provide comparisons of groundwater quality, the analytical results were reviewed to identify the wells having the lowest concentrations of organic and metal constituents, ostensibly reflecting background water quality. Based on the review of the analytical results, wells OW-14A and OW-14B were selected as most representative of background groundwater quality. In both these wells, no organic compounds were found to exceed the applicable standards or guidance values. The concentrations of iron, lead and manganese exceeded the applicable standards and guidance values in all wells, and the concentrations of magnesium exceeded the applicable guidance value in all wells except for the background well OW-14B. The remaining groundwater sample results have been compared to the results of wells OW-14A (for deep wells) and OW-14B (for shallow wells). Concentrations of hazardous substances in excess of three times the concentrations in OW-14A and OW-14B are considered to indicate releases to the groundwater potentially attributable to the site.

The value of three times is generally recognized by the USEPA and NYSDEC as constituting a "significantly higher" concentration for purposes of scoring an HRS observed release for a particular pathway. Therefore, reference is made to the number and types of analytes

considered to be observed releases under each pathway, as discussed in the following subsections.

The analytical data were also reviewed and validated for data usability. Included in the evaluation was a review of the results of "blank" sample analyses. In cases where blank (method, trip, or field) contamination was detected, the individual constituent concentrations were judged as follows: 1) If the sample value was less than 10 times the highest blank value, the sample value was rejected (flagged "R"); 2) If the sample value was between 10 and 20 times the highest blank value, the sample was considered an estimate (flagged "X"); 3) If the sample value was greater than 20 times the highest blank value, it was accepted (unflagged). These criteria were used as guidance limits to help determine whether blank contamination was potentially responsible for the presence of these constituents in the field samples.

Groundwater Contamination Assessment

Groundwater samples were collected from the seven new Phase II monitoring wells in February 1988, and analyzed for HSL organic compounds, HSL metals, TCDD (2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-1,4-dioxin), and TOX. Well OW-11 was sampled and analyzed for semivolatile organic compounds in November 1988.

Eighteen HSL organic compounds were detected in the groundwater samples (Table IV-4). In the shallow wells, ten compounds were detected in one or more samples at concentrations which were at least three times the concentrations detected in OW-14B, the background sample. These compounds were: methylene chloride, acetone, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, benzene, toluene, chlorobenzene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, benzyl alcohol, and benzoic acid. These results indicate releases of organic compounds to the shallow groundwater which are potentially attributable to the site. Most of the observed releases occurred in OW-11, which was the most highly contaminated well. The other releases occurred in OW-16. The concentrations of nine organic compounds in OW-11 or OW-16 exceeded the applicable groundwater standards or guidance values. In the deep wells, the concentrations of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate in OW-12 and OW-15 were at least three times the concentrations detected in OW-14A, the background sample. Class GA standards or guidance values were not exceeded in the deep wells.

Twenty-one HSL metals were detected in the groundwater samples (Table IV-5). In the shallow wells, the concentrations of seventeen metals in one or more samples were at least three times the concentrations detected in the background well. These metals were: aluminum, antimony, barium, calcium, chromium, cobalt, copper, iron, lead, magnesium, manganese, mercury, nickel, potassium, silver, sodium, and zinc. The concentrations of seven metals exceeded the applicable Class GA groundwater standards or guidance values in one or more wells. As was the case for the organic compounds, most of the observed releases of metals occurred in wells OW-11 and OW-16. However, OW-13 also exhibited observed releases of ten metals.

In the deep wells, releases of metals were not observed; the concentrations for most metals were very similar in all three samples. The concentrations of six metals exceeded the applicable standards or guidance values in one or more deep wells. In each case, the standard or guidance values were also exceeded in OW-14A, the background well.

In summary, the groundwater results indicate that releases of organic compounds and metals are occurring, and may be attributed to the Nash Road site. These results are in contrast with the groundwater results for the 1985 Phase II investigation which detected only 1,1,1-trichloroethane at less than 3.8 ug/l in well OW-1B. This well was not resampled during the 1988-1989 Phase II investigation. (See Summary of 1985 Phase II groundwater results in Appendix C.) The shallow groundwater zone is contaminated not only in the vicinity of the Love Canal wastes, but on the west side of the site, also. With the exception of one organic compound, groundwater in the deeper zone does not appear to have been adversely affected by the site. This may reflect the effectiveness of the clay as a barrier to downward migration and the lack of hydraulic connection between the upper and lower sand lenses.

When analyzed by the Hooker Chemical Company more than 20 years ago, material excavated from the Love Canal area was found to contain a high concentration of benzoic acid (Olotka, 1968). Likewise, a high concentration of benzoic acid was detected in the shallow groundwater at the Nash Road site. Other contaminants detected in the shallow groundwater on-site were not detected in the original analysis (by Hooker) of the excavated material. The nature and quality of the original analysis was not determined.

The analytical results for OW-16 indicate that the western portion of the site may be a source for shallow groundwater contamination as well. The results for all of the shallow wells indicate that some form of remediation is necessary at the site. With the exception of eight residences, the entire vicinity within a 3-mile radius of the site is served by public water supplies having sources in the Niagara River. Therefore, the public health threat from drinking the contaminated groundwater on-site is virtually nonexistent.

Additional work should be performed to determine more definitively the hydrology of the shallow groundwater zone and whether off-site migration is occurring. One method of assessing potential off-site migration would be a soil vapor survey conducted within and around the perimeter of the site to identify potential volatile organic compounds in the shallow groundwater. If off-site migration is detected, additional shallow wells and sampling may be necessary to confirm the extent and level of off-site contamination.

Regardless of whether the potential for off-site migration exists, remediation of the site should be performed. At a minimum this should include capping the site, seeding the cover and constructing a fence to limit public access to the site. Although surface water sampling was conducted in 1983 as part of the original Phase II investigation (refer to Appendix C for a summary of those results), it may be prudent to resample the pond water to determine whether a direct contact threat is posed by contaminated surface water. This is especially important since it is obvious that many people access the site on vehicles and on foot.

TABLE IV-1 SOIL GRAIN-SIZE CHARACTERISTICS NASH ROAD LANDFILL

Boring	Depth (feet)	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Unified Soil Classification	Stratigraphic unit
OW-1	2-4	0.0	18.0	59.0	23.0	ML	brown/gray silty clay
OW-1B	50-51.5	10.0	30.0	9	* 0.09	ME	glacial till
0W-4	12-13 30-32 44.6-45.0	0.00	0.0	14.0 24.0	86.0 76.0 35.0 *	ថ ៩ %	brown/gray silty clay gray/red clay lower sand lens
OW-5	5-7	0.0	84.0	-	16.0 *	MS	upper sand lens
9-W0	60-60.5	15.0	19.0	9	* 0.99	ML	glacial till
OW-11	2-4	14.8	20.8	8.99	4.6	ML	fill
OW-12	5-7 20-22 30-32	0.3 0.0 10.2	6.7 0.9 32.5	69.8 15.1	3 23.2 84.0 57.3 *	를 다 를	brown/gray silty clay gray/red clay lower sand lens
OW-13	2-4 4-6	0.3	87.6 4.8	- 6	12.1 * 95.1 *	SM	upper sand lens brown/gray silty clay
OW-14A	25-2 <i>7</i> 36-38	0.0	0.3	13.7	86.0 39.1	ಕೆ ಕೆ	gray/red clay glacial till
OW-14B	4-6	0.0	74.4	23.2	2.4	SM	upper sand lens
OW-15	15–1 <i>7</i> 42–44	0.0	0.6 30.4	16.4	83.0 12.1	당보	gray/red clay glacial till
OW-16	2-4 6-8	0.1	66.9 26.6	26.2	6.8	SM	brown/gray silty clay upper sand lens

* Percentage of clay and silt combined.

TABLE IV-2 MONITORING WELL DATA NASH ROAD LANDFILL

! ! ! !	Ground	Top of	Top of Bedrock	Top o	Top of Screen	Bottom	Bottom of Screen	Bottom	Bottom of Hole	
Well ID	Surface Elevation (feet)	Depth (feet)	Depth Elevation (feet)	Depth	Elevation (feet)	Depth (feet)	Elevation (feet)	Depth (feet)	Elevation (feet)	- Stratigraphic n Unit Monitored
OW-1	98.6		 	4.0	94.6	0.6	9.68	10.0	88.6	brown/gray silty clay
OW-1B	98.6	9.89	30.0	58.1	40.5	68.1	30.5	9.89	30.0	glacial till
0W-2	97.5			0.6	88.5	14.0	83.5	14.0	83.5	brown/gray silty clay
OW-3	0.66	68.7	30.3	45.0	54.0	55.0	44.0	68.7	30.3	glacial till
OW-4	98.4	70.3	28.1	60.1	38.3	70.1	28.3	70.3	28.1	glacial till
OW-5	100.8	8.69	31.0	0.09	40.8	70.0	30.8	70.0	30.8	glacial till
9-W0	101.0	0.99	35.0	26.0	45.0	0.99	35.0	0.99	35.0	glacial till
OW-11	97.8			7.0	8.06	0.6	88.8	12.0	85.8	upper sand lens
OW-12	98•2			29.5	0.69	32.5	0.99	34.0	64.5	lower sand lens
OW-13	97.4			3.0	94.4	5.0	92.4	0.9	91.4	upper sand lens
OW-14A	97.8			33.5	64.3	36.5	61.3	40.0	57.8	lower sand lens
OW-14B	98.4			3.0	95.4	7.0	91.4	10.0	88.4	upper sand lens
OW-15	99.4			40.0	59.4	45.0	54.4	45.0	54.4	lower sand lens
OW-16	100.8			5.0	95.8	10.0	8.06	10.0	8.06	fill

NOTE: All elevations are in feet relative to an assumed datum.

WATER LEVEL DATA
NASH ROAD LANDFILL ** TABLE IV-3

	Elevation	Date:	Feb 10, 88	Date:	Feb 18, 88	Date:	Jun 20, 88	Date:	Date: .Oct 12, 88
Well	Measuring	Depth	Elevation	Depth	Elevation	Depth	Elevation	Depth	
ID	Point	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
OW-1	100.3	 	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	; 	5.3	95.0	! ! ! ! ! !	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
OW-1B	100.3					14.1	86.2		
OW-2	99•3					3.9	95.4		
OW-3	101.3					15.0	86.3	14.4	86.9
DW-4	100.6					14.5	86.1		
2M-5	101.2					15.1	86.1	15.1	86.1
9-MC	103.6					17.3	86.3	17.7	85.9
OW-11	100.4	8.3	92.1	8.5	92.0	4.6	95.8	4.5	95.9
JW-12	101.1			16.9	84.3	11.5	9•68		
JW-13	100.4		•	2.8	91.6				
JW-14A	101.2			15.5	85.8	11.3	6*68	11.7	89.5
JW-14B	100.6	3.2	97.4	3.2	97.4	4.2	96.4		
JW-15	100.8	10.8	0.06	10.8	0.06	11.4	89.4	11.8	89.0
0W-16	103.3			4.8	98.5	6.3	97.0	8.7	94.6

**NOTES:

1) All elevations are in feet relative to an assumed datum.
2) Depth is measured from ground surface.
3) Wells OW-11, OW-12 and OW-14A may not have been completely recovered from drilling and development when measured during February, 1988.

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HSL ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (ug/L) GROUNDWATER RESULTS NASH ROAD LANDFILL TABLE IV-4

				Shallow Wells	Wells	Sample 1	Sample Location (h)	Deep Wells	
COMPOUND (a)	GUIDAN	NYS STANDARDS/ GUIDANCE VALUES (b)	OW-14B (c)	OW-11	OW-13	OW-16	OW-14A (c)	OW-12	OW-15
Methylene chloride	20	g	œ	240.0 J(f)	œ	œ	;	œ	œ
Acetone			;	2300.0 (f)	œ	24.0	}	!	ļ
2-Butanone			!	;	!	9.8 JX	!!!	;	;
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	20	g	:	67.0 J(f)	i	œ	;	;	æ
Benzene	Q	(q)	-	4500.0 (f)		12.0	!	;	!
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone			!	;	;	œ	;	;	;
Tetrachloroethene	0.7	g	120 JX	;	;	67.0 JX	;	110.0 JX	;
Toluene	20	g	-	14000.0 (f)	;	5.2	:	;	,}
Chlorobenzene	20	g	1	590.0 (f)	1	25.0	i	:	;
Ethylbenzene	20	g	{	;	:	55.0	:	;	ł
Total xylenes	20	g	i	;	;	30.0	;	;	1
Benzyl Alcohol			-	770000.0 (9)	;	;	!	:	!
4-Methylphenol	-	(e)	-		;	25.0	-	:	-
2,4-Dimethylphenol	-	(e)	!	;	!	19.0	!!	:	!!
Benzoic Acid			1	2100000.0 B(g)	;	26.0 J	}	1	1
Naphthalene	10	9	;	;	;	8.3 J	;		-
2-Methylnaphthalene			;	;	-	-	20.0	;	;
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	4200		720.0 BX	!	æ	~	Ж	1600.0 B	790.0 BX

FOOTNOTES:

- (a) Only HSL organic compounds that were detected are presented.

 (b) Referenced from, "Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values" for Class GA drinking supply waters, 6 NYCRR Part 703, NYSDEC, 9/1/78, as amended through 4/1/87. The value presented is the standard except where noted by "G", in which case it is the guidance value. All units are ug/L.
- ND = not detectable; i.e., the standard is the lower limit of detectability as defined by the NYSDEC.

- (c) Background location.
 (d) ND = not detectable; i.e., the standard is the lower limit of detectability as defined by
 (e) Standard for total phenolic compounds.
 (f) Concentration/dilution factor = 75.
 (g) Dilution factor = 5,000.
 (g) Dilution factor = 5,000.
 (h) Samples collected by Engineering Science on February 17-18, 1988, and November 17, 1988.

DATA QUALIFIERS:

- B: This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination and warns the data user to take appropriate action.
 - J: Indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit but greater than zero.
 - ---: Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. Refer to Appendix C for detection limit. R: Data validation recommends this value be rejected.

GROUNDWATER RESULTS HSL METALS (ug/L) NASH ROAD LANDFILL TABLE IV-5

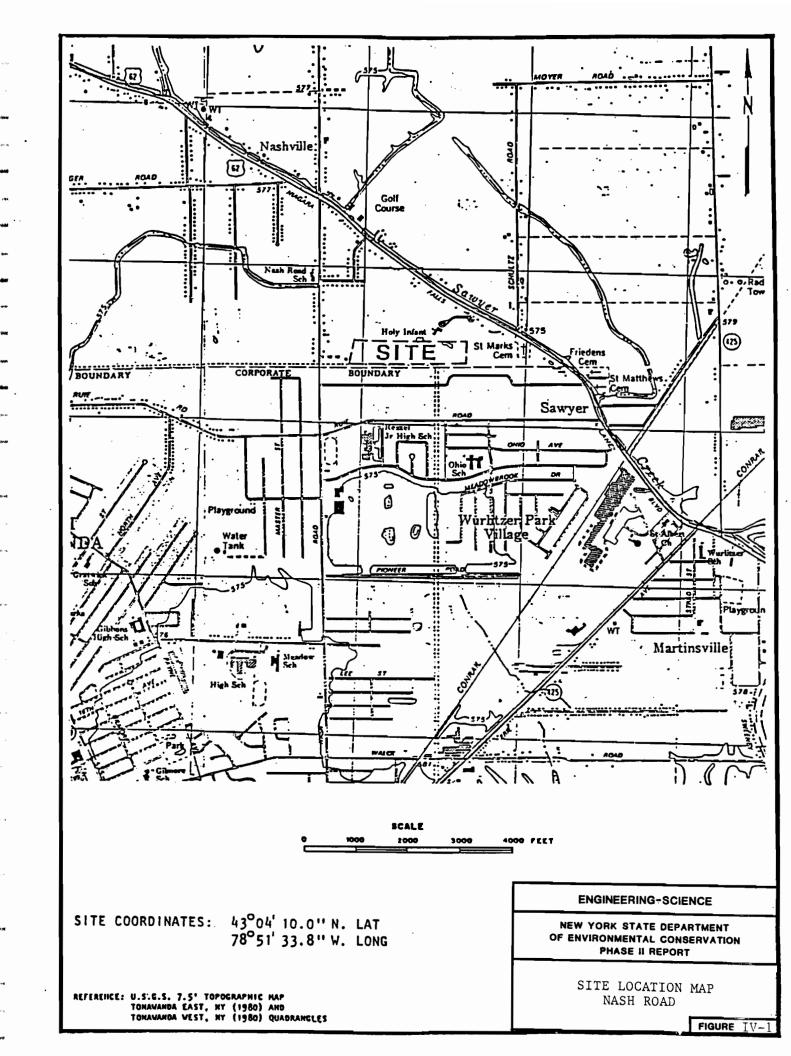
					Sample Location (h)	cation (h)		
	NYS		Shallo	عالفيت سمالعط			October 100 100	
	AND GUIDANCE		OT THE STATE OF TH	MOTTO			neep merra	1
METAL (a)	VALUES (b)	OW-14B (c)	OW-11	OW-13	OW-16	OW-14A (c)	OW-12	OW-15
Aluminum		4900.0 X	10200.0 X	4550.0 X	37300.0 x	70300.0 x	20400.0 x	79800.0 x
Antimony	3	:	1	311.0 X	150.0	[53.0]	!	120.0
Arsenic	25	6.3	!	10.4	11.4	:	13.5	1
Barium	1000	[16.0]	550.0	295.0	740.0	800.0	550.0	710.0
Beryllium	3 6	1	!	1 1	[4.0]	0.9	[4.0]	7.0
Cadmium	10	!	;	7.0 X	;		;	;
Calcium		100000.0	2380000.0 (e)	299000.0	183000.0	0.000068	290000.0	430000.0
Chromium		!	15.0	32.0	0.06	130.0	79.0	120.0
Cobalt		;	[34.0]	0.89	20.0	65.0	[43.0]	81.0
Copper		[24.0] x	120.0 x	2270.0 X	160.0 x	180.0 X	130.0 X	190.0 X
Iron		x 0.0086	34500.0 X	34100.0	131000.0 x	131000.0 x	80800°0 x	144000.0 X
Lead		28.4 (d)	180.0 (£)	81.6 X	(6) 0.009	140.0 (£)	92.6 (d)	130.0 (f)
Magnesium	35000 G	33300.0 x		72100.0		181000.0 x	93200.0 x	134000.0 X
Manganese		1200.0 X	12100.0 X	2350.0	1600.0 x	4500.0 x	2500.0 x	3900°0 x
Mercury		1	0.3	0.2	0.8	;	!	0.3
Nickel	2	;	180.0	250.0 X	110.0	140.0	89.0	150.0
Potassium		;	25100.0	18500.0	141000.0	168000.0	14900.0	19800.0
Silver	20	;	31.0	46.0 X	:	!	;	!
Sodium		21900.0 X	165000.0 x	68200.0	361000.0 x	37600.0 x	55000.0 x	64500.0 X
Vanadium		1	;	!	0.99	130.0	81.0	130.0
Zinc	2000	140.0 x	540.0 X	œ	1800.0 x	580.0 X	330.0 X	570.0 X
TOX		33.0	NS	59.0	888.0	8.0	53.0	34.0

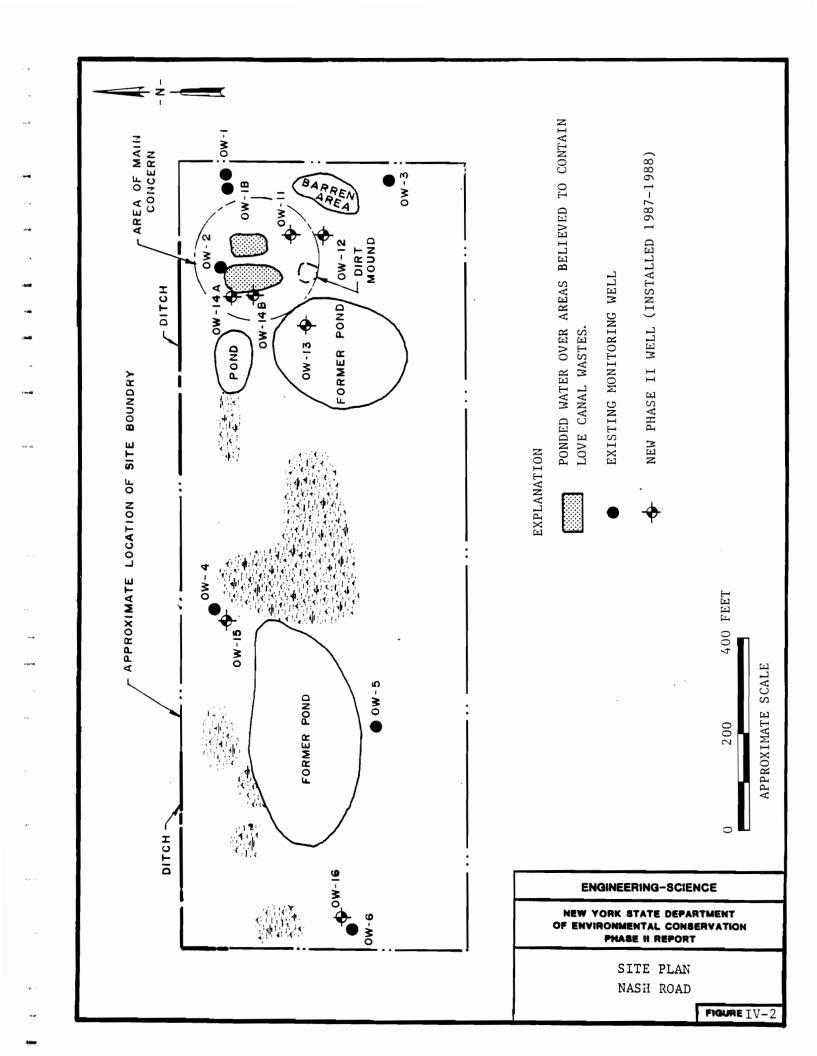
FOOTNOTES:

- (a) Only HSL metals that were detected are presented. If the result is a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit but less than the contract-required detection limit, the value is reported in brackets (i.e.; [10]).
 - (b) Referenced from, "Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values" for Class GA drinking supply waters, 6 NYCRR Part 703, NYSDEC, 9/1/78, as amended through 4/1/87. The value presented is the standard except where noted by "G", in which case it is the guidance value. For nickel (flagged "Z") the value presented is the ambient water quality criterion for human health, from;
 - "Quality Criteria for Water, 1986", USEPA, 5/1/87. All units are ug/L. Background location.
 - Dilution factor = 2.(c)
- Samples collected by Engineering Science on February 17-18, 1988. (f) Dilution factor = 50. (f) Dilution factor = 10. (g) Dilution factor = 100. (h) Samples collected by En

DATA QUALIFIERS:

- ---: Indicates that the metal was analyzed for but not detected. Refer to Appendix C for detection limit.
 - $R\colon Data$ validation recommends this value be rejected. X: Data validation recommends this value be considered an estimate. NS: No sample





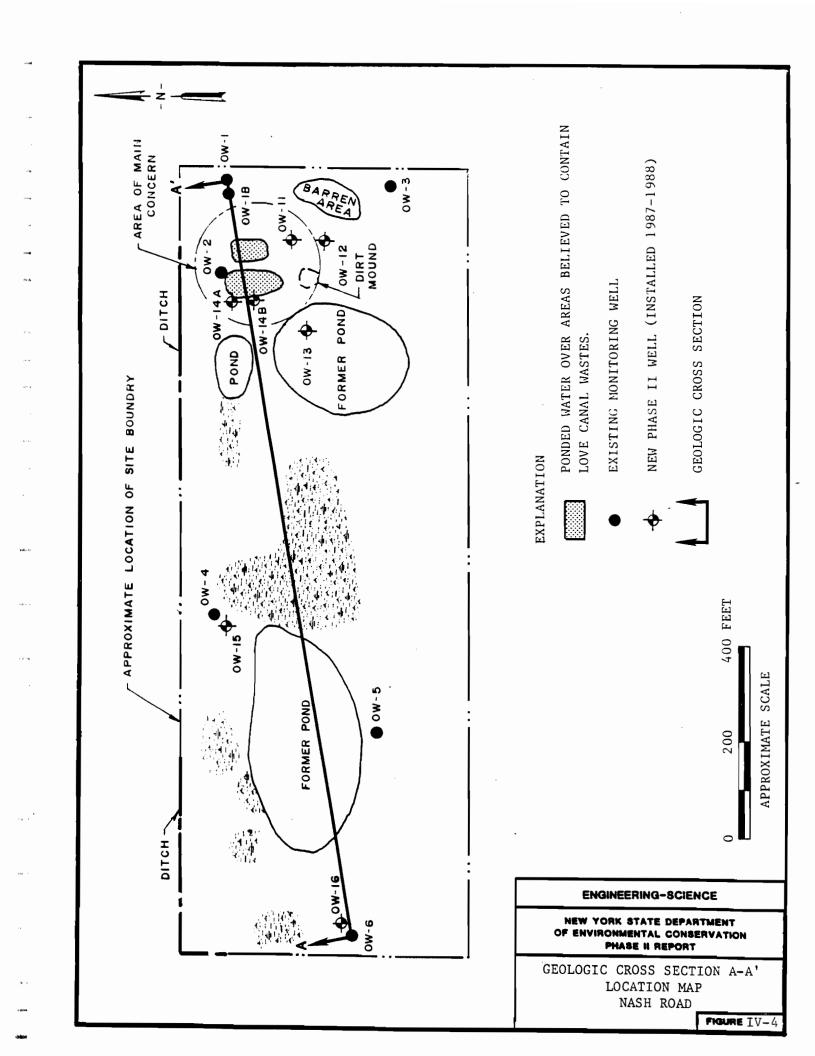
UNIT	PATTERN ON GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION	APPROXIMATE THICKNESS IN FEET	DESCRIPTION
FILL		0-16	MIX OF FINE SAND, CLAY AND FILL MATERIAL (GLASS/REFUSE, ETC.)
		· 0–8	UPPER SAND LENS - FINE ORANGE/BROWN SAND WITH CLAY TO A MEDIUM TO COARSE ORANGE BROWN WELL, SORTED SAND
GLACIAL/ LACUSTRINE DEPOSITS		3–7	BROWN/GRAY SILTY CLAY, SOME FINE SAND
		17–32	GRAY/RED CLAY, LAYERED, MOIST, SMOOTH, HIGHLY PLASTIC
		3–6	LOWER SAND LENS- RED/BROWN FINE TO MEDIUM SAND AND ROUND GRAVEL, TRACE DENSE CLAY
GLACIAL TILL		22–42	RED/BROWN VERY DENSE SILT, SAND WITH ANGULAR TO SUB-ANGULAR PEBBLES
BEDROCK-LOCKPORT DOLOMITE		200+	HARD, DENSE FINE GRAINED DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE

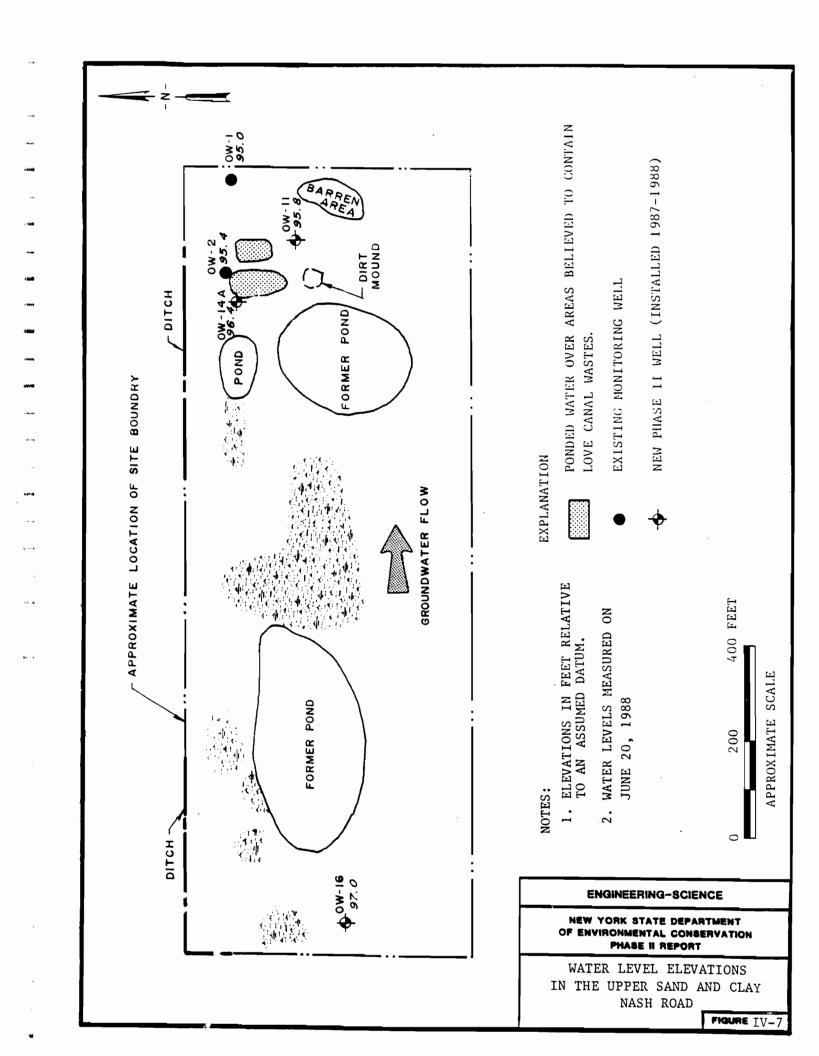
ENGINEERING-SCIENCE

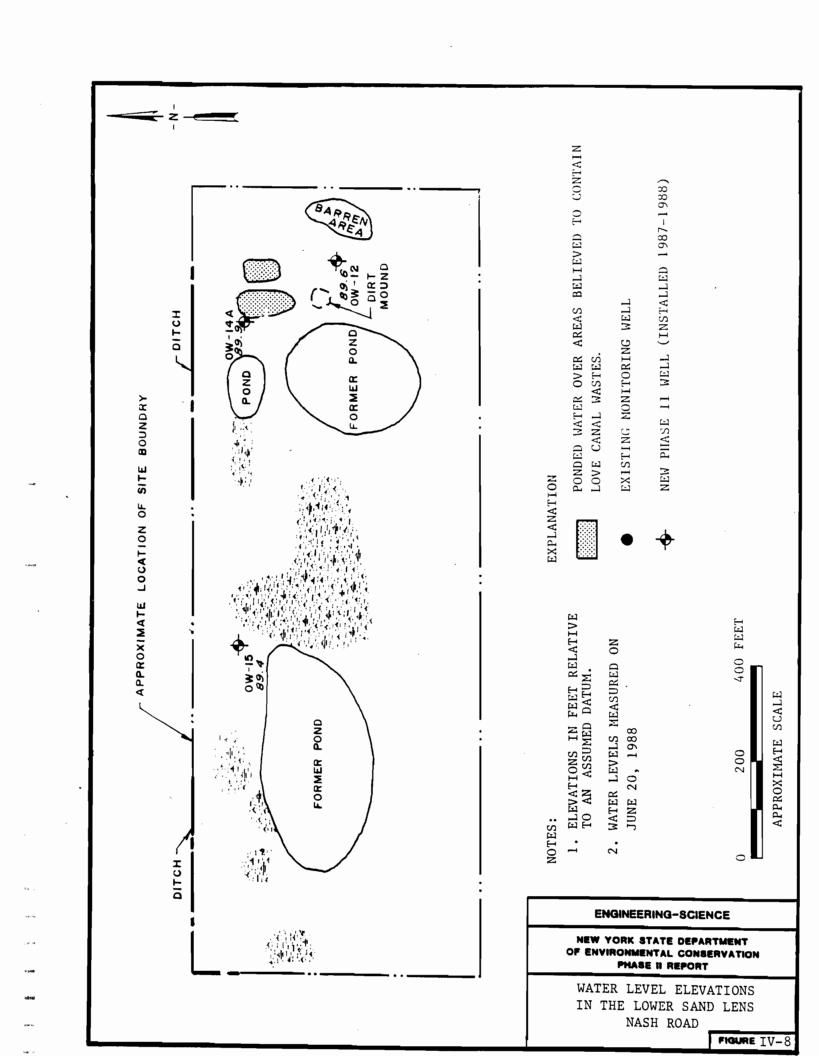
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION PHASE II REPORT

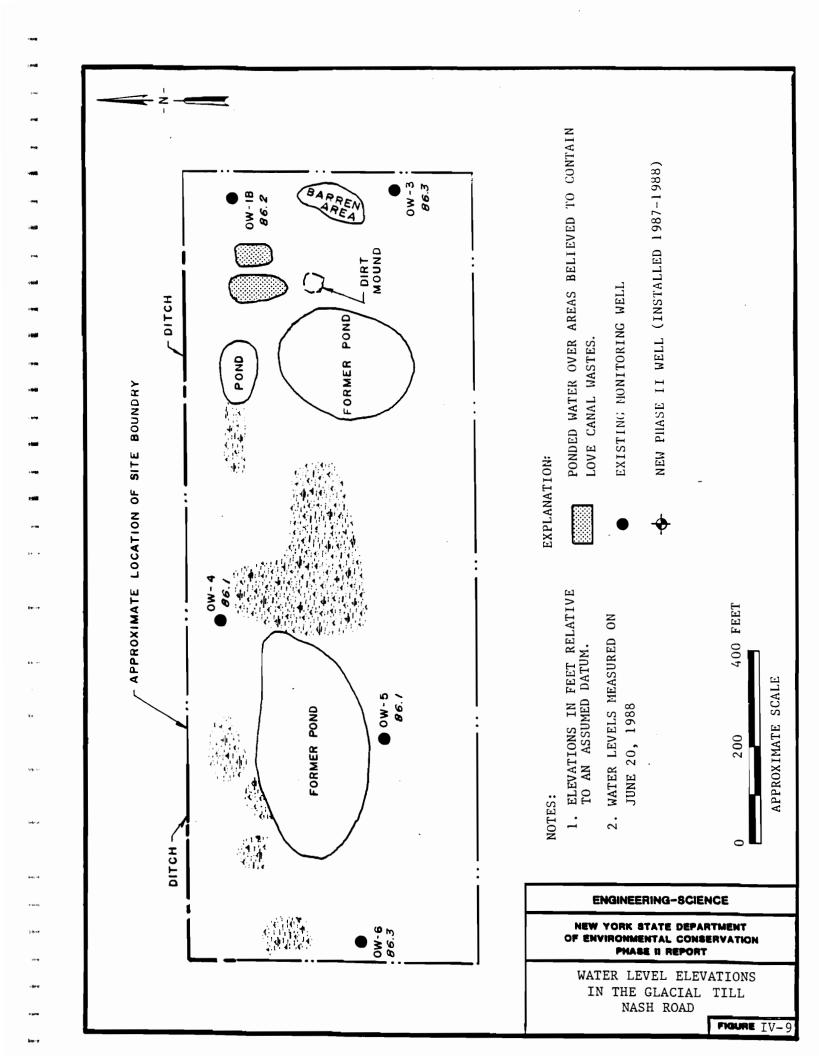
STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN NASH ROAD

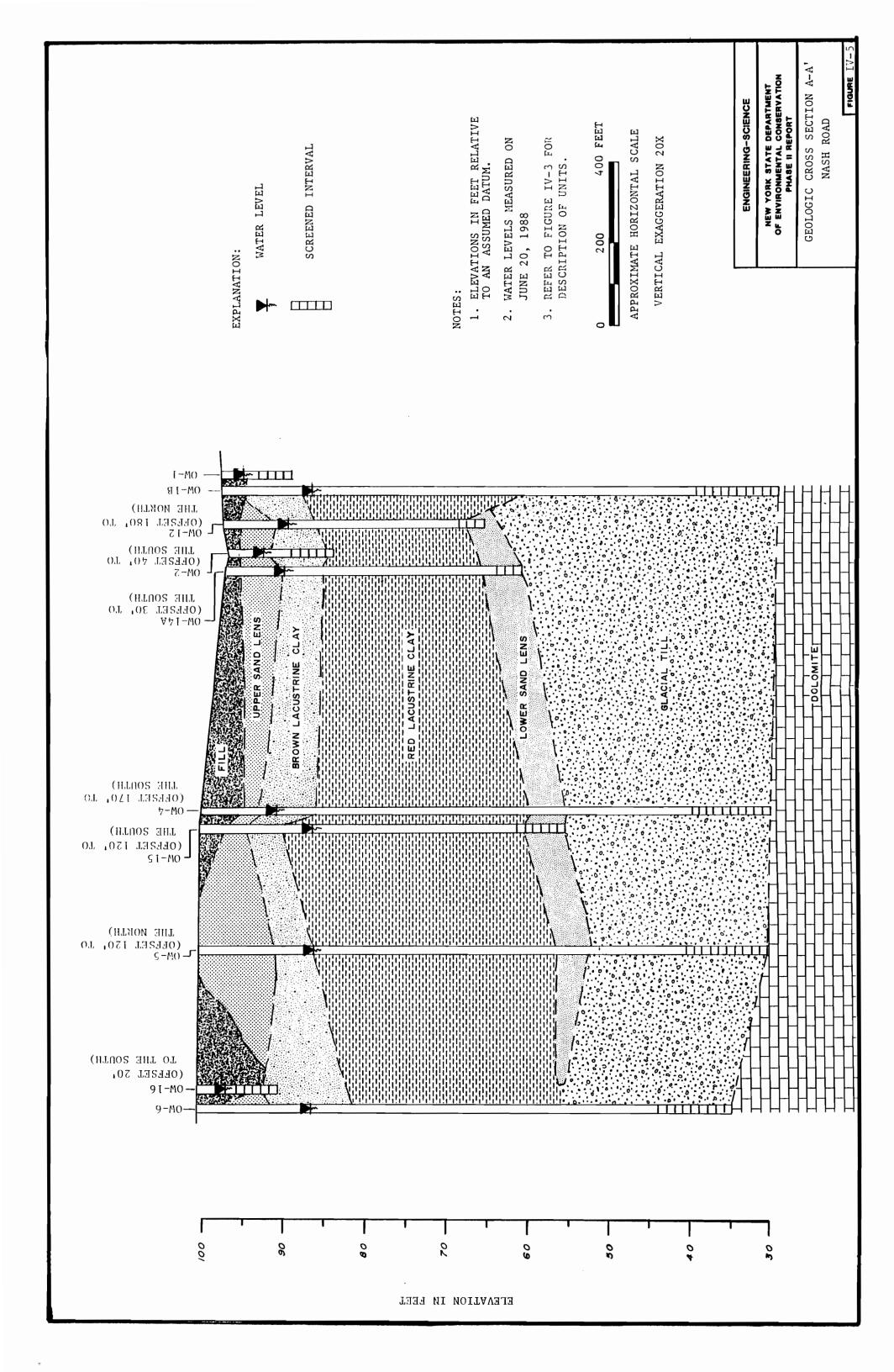
FIGURE IV-3

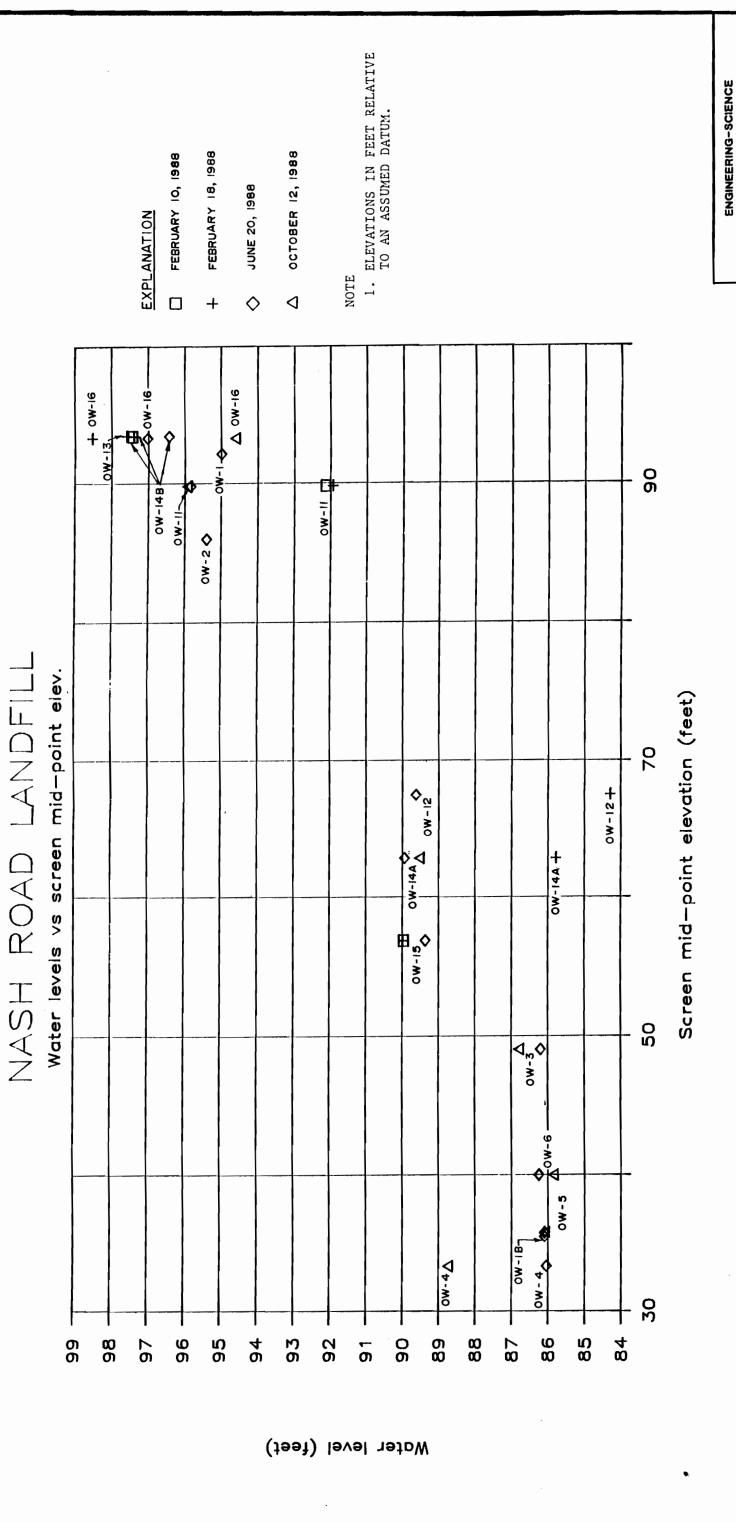












NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION PHASE II REPORT PLOT OF WATER LEVEL DATA

NASH ROAD

SECTION V

FINAL APPLICATION OF HAZARDOUS RANKING SYSTEM

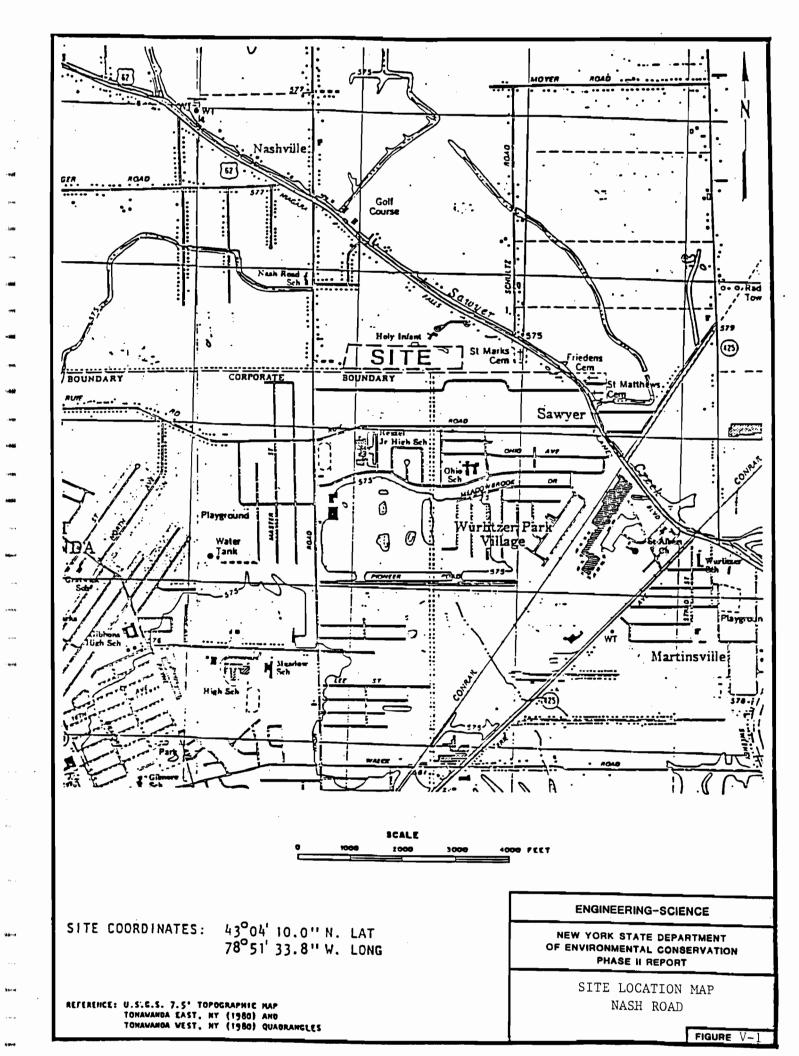
NARRATIVE SUMMARY

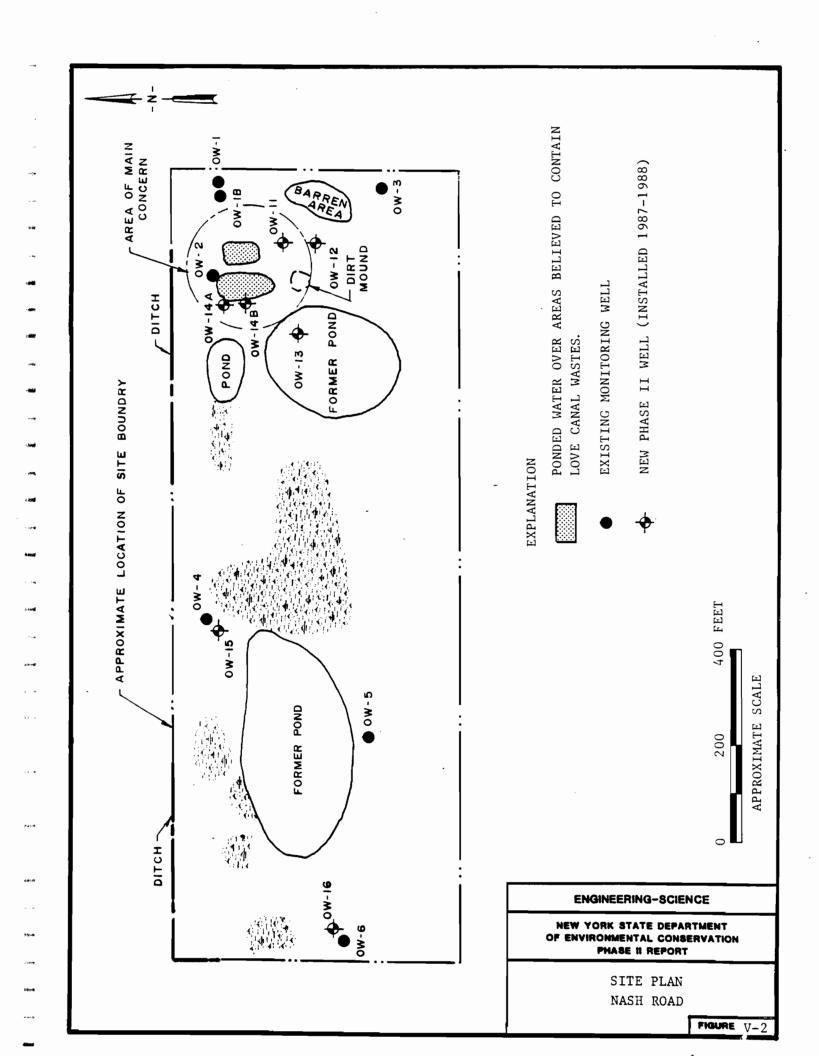
The Nash Road Landfill site is located on Nash Road, in the Town of Wheatfield, Niagara County, New York (Figures V-1 and V-2). The current owner of the 25-acre site is the Town of Wheatfield. From 1964 to 1968 the Niagara Sanitation Company operated the site as a landfill for municipal and industrial wastes including caustic materials and sludges.

In June 1968, shortly before the site was closed, an on-site trench was excavated and filled with contaminated sludges from a sewer excavation project near the Love Canal in Niagara Falls, NY. Two large ponds now exist over the trench where sludges were reportedly dumped.

Based on sampling and analysis conducted in 1988 during this Phase II investigation, an assessment was made of the presence of hazardous substances at the site. A total of 39 HSL organic compounds and metals were detected in the groundwater samples collected at the site. Twenty-seven of these analytes are apparently being released to the shallow groundwater from an on-site source.

The population of North Tonawanda, New York was 35,760 in 1980. The municipal water supply intakes for the City of North Tonawanda and the Town of Wheatfield are in the Niagara River, more than 3 miles away. Eight residences within 3 miles of the site reportedly rely on groundwater for domestic use. There is a 354 acre wetland within a mile of the site. There have been no remedial, cleanup, or enforcement actions undertaken at the site.





Ground Water Route Work Sheet Assigned Value Multi-'Max. Ref. Rating Factor Score. (Circle One) plier Score (Section) 1 Observed Release (45) 0 45 · 1 3.1 45 If observed release is given a score of 45, proceed to line [4.] If observed release is given a score of 0, proceed to line 2. 2 Route Characteristics 3.2 Depth to Aquifer of 6 Concern Net Precipitation 3 Permeability of the 3 Unsaturated Zone Physical State 3 Total Route Characteristics Score 13 15 3 Containment 0 1 2 (3) 1 3 3.3 4 Waste Characteristics 3.4 Toxicity/Persistence 0 3 6 9 12 15 (18) 18 18 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 \bigcirc 8 Hazardous Waste 8 Quantity Total Waste Characteristics Score 26 25 5 Targets 3.5 Ground Water Use 6 40 Distance to Nearest 0 4 10 Well/Population 12 16 18 20 Served 24 30 32 35 Total Targets Score 49 16 6 If line 1 is 45, multiply $1 \times 4 \times 5$ If line 1 is 0, multiply $2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5$ 57,330 7 Divide line 6 by 57,330 and multiply by 100 31.40

Date: May 31, 1988

Facility Name: Nash Road

GROUND WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

Surface Water Route Work Sheet					
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi- plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
1 Observed Release	() 45	1	0 ·	45	4.1
If observed release is	-				
2 Route Characteristics		•			4.2
Facility Slope and Intervening Terrain	0 1 2 3	1	0	3	
1-yr. 24-hr. Rainfall Distance to Nearest Surface Water	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 2	2 _. 6	3	
Physical State	0 1 2 3	1	3	3	
Total Route C	haracteristics Scor	e	11	15	
Containment	0 1 2 3	1	3	3	4.3
Waste Characteristics					4.4
Toxicity/Persistence 0 3 6 9 12 15 (18) 1		18	18		
Hazardous Waste Quantity	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 1	7	8	
Total Waste Characteristics Score			25	26	
5 Targets					4.5
Surface Water Use Distance to a Sensiti	0 1 2 3 ve 0 (1) 2 3	3 2	6 2	9 6	
Environment Population Served/ Distance to Water Intake Downstream	① 4 6 8 10 12 16 18 20 24 30 32 35 40	1	0	40	
Total T	argets Score		8	55	
6 If line 1 is 45, mul			6,600	64,350	
7 Divide line 6 by 64,	350 and multiply by	100	S _{sw} =	10.26	5

SURFACE WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

Facility Name: Nash Road Date: 5/31/88

Air Route Work Sheet						
Rating Factor		ed Value e One)	Multi- plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
1 Observed Release	0	45	1	0	45	5.1
Date and Location:		_				
Sampling Protocol:						
If line 1 is 0, the 9			5			
2 Waste Characteristics					,	5.2
Reactivity and	() 1	2 3	1	0	3	
Incompatibility Toxicity Hazardous Waste	0 1 0 1 2	2 ③ 3 4 5 6 ⑦ 8	3	9 7	9 8	
Total Waste	- Character	istics Score		16	20	·
3 Targets						5.3
Population Within			1	18	30	
4-Mile Radius Distance to Sensitive	21 24 0 ①		2	2	6	
Environment Land Use	0 1	2 ③	.1	3	3	
Total Targ	gets Score			23	39	
4 Multiply 1 x 2 x	3			0	35,100	
5 Divide line 4 by 35,	100 and mul	tiply by 100		s _a = 0		

AIR ROUTE WORK SHEET

	Fire and Explosio	n Work SI	heet		
Rating Factor	Assigned Value (Circle One)	Multi- plier	Score	Max. Score	Ref. (Section)
Containment	① 3	1	1	3	7.1
2 Waste Characteristics		_			7.2
Direct Evidence Ignitability Reactivity Incompatibility Hazardous Waste Quantity	<pre></pre>	1 1 1 1 8 1	0 0 0 0	3 . 3 . 3 . 8	
Total Wast	e Characteristics	Score	0	20	_
3 Targets					7.3
Distance to Nearest Population	0 1 2 3 4 5	1	3	5	
Distance to Nearest Building	0 1 2 3	1	1	. 3	
Distance to Sensitive Environment	0 1 2 3	. 1	0	3	
Land Use Population Within	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 1	3 4	3 5	
2-Mile Radius Buildings Within 2-Mile Radius	0 1 2 3 4 5	1 .	4	5	
Total Ta	rgets Score		15	24	.,
4 Multiply 1 x 2 x 3			0	1,440	
5 Divide line 4 by 1,44	O and multiply by 1	100	S _{FE} =	0	

FIRE AND EXPLOSION WORK SHEET

Direct Contact Work Sheet Assigned Value Multi-Max. Ref. Rating Factor Score (Circle One) plier (Section) Score 1 Observed Incident 45 45 8.1 If line 1 is 45, proceed to line 4 If line 1 is 0, proceed to line 2 2 Accessibility 0 1 2 (3) 1 3 8.2 3 3 Containment (15) 15 8.3 1 Waste Characteristics Toxicity 0 1 2 (3) 8.4 15 15 5 Targets 8.5 Population Within 0 1 2 (3) 4 5 20 12 1-Mile Radius Distance to a (0) 1 2 3 12 Critical Habitat

Total Targets Score

If line $\boxed{1}$ is 0, multiply $\boxed{2}$ x $\boxed{3}$ x $\boxed{4}$ x $\boxed{5}$

6 If line 1 is 45, multiply 1 x 4 x 5

Divide line 6 by 21,600 and multiply by 100

Date: 5/31/88

32

21,600

37.50

12

8100

 $S_{DC} =$

Facility Name: Nash Road

DIRECT CONTACT WORK SHEET

Facility Name:	Nash Road	Date:	5/31/88	
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Worksheet for Computing S_{M}

	S	s ²
Groundwater Route Score (S _{gw})	31.40	985.96
Surface Water Route Score (S _{sw})	10.26	105.27
Air Route Score (S _a)	0.00	0.00
$s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_a^2$		1091.23
$\sqrt{s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_a^2}$		33.03
$\sqrt{S_{gw}^2 + S_{sw}^2 + S_a^2} / 1.73 = S_M =$		19.10

WORK SHEET FOR COMPUTING SM

DOCUMENTATION RECORDS FOR HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

<u>INSTRUCTIONS</u>: The purpose of these records is to provide a convenient way to prepare an auditable record of the data and documentation used to apply the Hazard Ranking System to a given facility. As briefly as possible summarize the information you used to assign the score for each factor (e.g., "Waste quantity = 4,230 drums plus 800 cubic yards of sludges"). The source of information should be provided for each entry and should be a bibliographic-type reference that will make the document used for a given data point easier to find. Include the location of the document and consider appending a copy of the relevant page(s) for ease in review.

FACILITY NAME: Nash Road Landfill

LOCATION: Town of Wheatfield, Niagara Co., New York

GROUND WATER ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Assigned Value = 45

Contaminants detected (5 maximum):

Benzene, toluene, chlorobenzene, lead, and barium were detected. (Nanco Laboratories, Inc. 1988).

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility:

These contaminants were detected in well OW-11 at concentrations which were greater than three times the background concentrations (OW-14B).

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Depth to Aquifer of Concern

Assigned Value = 3

Name/description of aquifer(s) of concern:

Unconsolidated glacial sediments.

(ES, 1988).

Depth(s) from the ground surface to the highest seasonal level of the saturated zone [water table(s)] of the aquifer of concern:

1.0 foot in well OW-14B on February 18, 1988.

(ES, 1988).

Depth from the ground surface to the lowest point of waste disposal/storage:

27 feet in the disposal trench.

(NYSDOT, 1978).

Net Precipitation

Assigned Value = 2

Mean annual or seasonal precipitation (list months for seasonal):

Mean annual precipitation is 32 inches.

(USDOC, 1979).

Mean annual lake or seasonal evaporation (list months for seasonal):

Mean annual lake evaporation is 27 inches.

(USDOC, 1979).

Net precipitation (subtract the above figures):

Net precipitation is 5 inches (32 - 27 = 5).

Permeability of Unsaturated Zone

Assigned Value = 2

Soil type in unsaturated zone:

Canandaigua silt loam and Raynham silt loam.

(USDA, 1972).

Permeability associated with soil type:

 4×10^{-4} to 1×10^{-3} cm/sec.

(USDA, 1972).

Physical State

Assigned Value = 3

Physical state of substances at time of disposal (or at present time for generated gases):

Municipal and industrial wastes including solids, liquids, and plating tank sludge.

(Niagara County DOH, 1981).

3. CONTAINMENT

Containment

Assigned Value = 3

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

Unlined landfill with inadequate cover and no run-on control (score = 3).

(NYSDOT, 1978; ES Field Investigations 1987-1988).

Method with highest score:

The above method of containment can be assigned a score of 3.

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Assigned Value = 18

Compound(s) evaluated:

As shown in section 1 of this documentation, lead, barium, benzene, chlorobenzene, and toluene were detected in downgradient samples at concentrations at least 3 times the background concentrations.

(Nanco Laboratories, 1988).

Compound with highest score:

Lead can be assigned a score of 18.

(EPA, 1984).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Assigned Value = 7

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of 0 (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

The total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility is unknown; however, it is known that 1600 cubic yards of contaminated wastes were disposed at the site. A score of 7 can be assigned for a quantity of 1600 cubic yards of waste.

(NYSDOT, 1978).

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

Memorandum specifying amount (NYSDOT, 1978).

5. TARGETS

Ground Water Use

Assigned Value = 2

Use(s) of aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius of the facility:

Drinking water with municipal water from alternate unthreatened sources presently available.

(Hopkins, 1987; Walck, 1987).

Distance to Nearest Well

Assigned Value = 10

Location of nearest well drawing from aquifer of concern or occupied building not served by a public water supply:

Zastrow residential well at 7116 Nash Road.

(Walck, 1987).

Distance to above well or building:

About 1 mile north of the site.

(Walck, 1987).

Population Served by Ground Water Wells Within a 3-Mile Radius

Identified water-supply well(s) drawing from aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius and populations served by each:

The City of North Tonawanda is on a public water supply (Niagara River). Except for 8 residences, the Town of Wheatfield is on a public water supply (Niagara River). These 8 residences are assumed to be supplied by wells. Furthermore, it is assumed that these wells are screened within the aquifer of concern.

8 residences x 3.8 people per residence = 30 people.

(Hopkins, 1987; Walck, 1987; NYSDOH, 1982).

Computation of land area irrigated by supply well(s) drawing from aquifer(s) of concern within a 3-mile radius, and conversion to population (1.5 people per acre):

None.

(Hopkins, 1987; NYSDOH, 1982).

Total population served by ground water within a 3-mile radius:

30 people.

SURFACE WATER ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Assigned Value = 0

Contaminants detected in surface water at the facility or downhill from it (5 maximum):

Methylene chloride (11 ug/l), total organic halogens (5-10 ug/l), and toluene (42.7 ug/l) were detected in samples of ponded water on-site. (ES, 1985). These samples were not analyzed for metals.

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility:

These contaminants cannot be attributed to the facility; since surface water samples uphill or upstream of the facility were not taken; background levels are unknown. Furthermore, it is not known whether or not Sawyer Creek, the nearest downslope surface water is directly connected to these surface water bodies, or has been contaminated by the facility.

*

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Facility Slope and Intervening Terrain

Assigned Value = 0

Average slope of facility in percent:

0% - 3%.

(USGS, 1980).

Name/description of nearest downslope surface water:

Sawyer Creek.

(USGS, 1980).

Average slope of terrain between facility and above-cited surface water body in percent:

0-3%.

(USGS, 1980).

is the facility located either totally or partially in surface water?

Yes. Ponds containing surface water are on-site, but are confined to the site.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-1988).

Is the facility completely surrounded by areas of higher elevation?	
No.	
(USGS, 1980).	
1-Year 24-Hour Rainfall in Inches	Assigned Value = 2
2-2.5 inches.	
(USDOC, 1963).	
Distance to Nearest Downslope Surface Water	Assigned Value = 3
Sawyer Creek is about 800 feet northeast of the site.	
(USGS, 1980).	
Physical State of Waste	Assigned Value = 3
Municipal and industrial waste including solids, liquids, and plating tank slud	iges.
(Niagara County DOH, 1981).	
2 CONTAINMENT	
3. CONTAINMENT	Assistant Value - 2
Containment Method(a) of waste or leachest containment evaluated:	Assigned Value = 3
Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:	
Unlined landfill with inadequate cover and no diversion system (score = 3).	
(NYSDOT, 1978).	
Mothod with highest seems	
Method with highest score:	
The above method yields a score of 3.	

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Assigned Value = 18

Compound(s) evaluated

Soil samples collected by USGS revealed an elevated concentration of copper in one of 3 samples (EPA, 1985). A sample of waste materials ("organic puddles in the vicinity of the dirt pile") revealed the presence of chlorobenzene, benzoyl chloride, and benzoic acid (Olotka, 1968). One should note that the latter report, made by Hooker Industrial Chemicals Division, does not state which parameters were assayed and states that only one sample was taken.

Compound with highest score:

Copper can be assigned a score of 18.

(EPA, 1984).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Assigned Value = 7

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of 0 (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

The total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility is unknown; however, it is known that 1600 cubic yards of contaminated wastes were disposed at the site. A score of 7 can be assigned for a quantity of 1600 cubic yards of waste.

(NYSDOT, 1978).

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

(NYSDOT, 1978).

5. TARGETS

Surface Water Use

Assigned Value = 2

Use(s) of surface water within 3 miles downstream of the hazardous substance:

Sawyer Creek is a Class D stream; secondary recreational contact only.

(6 NYCRR Volume E, Article B, Part 837, Map 2).

Is there tidal influence?

No. The site is not near the coast.

(USGS, 1980).

MAC/SY012.19/00001

Distance to a Sensitive Environment

Assigned Value = 1

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) coastal wetland, if 2 miles or less:

Not applicable. The site is not near the coast.

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) fresh-water wetland, if 1 mile or less:

1 mile to a 354-acre wetland north of the site.

(Farquhar, 1987).

Distance to critical habitat of an endangered species or national wildlife refuge, if 1 mile or less:

There are no federally designated critical habitats of endangered species within the State of New York.

(Ozard, 1988).

Population Served by Surface Water

Assigned Value = 0

Location(s) of water-supply intake(s) within 3 miles (free-flowing bodies) or 1 mile (static water bodies) downstream of the hazardous substance and population served by each intake:

There are no water supply intakes within the specified radii of the site.

(NYSDOH, 1982).

Computation of land area irrigated by above-cited intake(s) and conversion to population (1.5 people per acre):

There are no water supply intakes within the specified radii of the site.

(NYSDOH, 1982).

Total population served:

There are no water supply intakes within the specified radii of the site. (NYSDOH, 1982).

Name/description of nearest of above water bodies:

There are no water supply intakes within the specified radii of the site. (NYSDOH, 1982).

Distance to above-cited intakes, measured in stream miles:

There are no water supply intakes within the specified radii of the site. (NYSDOH, 1982).

AIR ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Assigned Value = 0

Contaminants detected:

Readings above background were not detected in the breathing zone during routine on-site monitoring for organic vapors.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-1988).

Date and location of detection of contaminants:

Not applicable. No contaminants were detected above background in the breathing zone.

Methods used to detect the contaminants:

Photovac-TIP.

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the site:

Not applicable.

2. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Reactivity and Incompatibility

Assigned Value = 0

Most reactive compound:

No reactive compounds with the potential to impact the air pathway are known to exist on site.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88).

Most incompatible pair of compounds:

No incompatible pairs of compounds with the potential to impact the air pathway are known to exist on site.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88).

Toxicity

Assigned Value = 3

Most toxic compound:

Hazardous waste with the potential to impact the air pathway is present in the groundwater, elevated Photovac readings were detected in headspace of well OW-11. Benzene was detected in groundwater sample from OW-11.

(Nanco Labs, Inc. 1988).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Assigned Value = 7

Total quantity of hazardous waste:

1600 cubic yards.

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

(NYSDOT, 1978).

3. TARGETS

Population Within 4-Mile Radius

Assigned Value = 18

Circle radius used, give population, and indicate how determined:

0 to 4 mi 0 to 1 mi 0 to 1/2 mi 0 to 1/4 mi

1,800 people.

(Estimated from USGS Topographic Maps; Tonawanda East, NY, 1980 and Tonawanda West, NY, 1980 Quadrangles).

Distance to a Sensitive Environment

Assigned Value = 1

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) coastal wetland, if 2 miles or less:

The site is not near the coast.

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to 5-acre (minimum) fresh-water wetland, if 1 mile or less:

1 mile to a 354 acre wetland north of the site.

(Farquhar, 1987).

Distance to critical habitat of an endangered species, if 1 mile or less:

There are no federally designated critical habitats or endangered species within the State of New York.

(Ozard, 1988).

Land Use

Assigned Value = 3

Distance to commercial/industrial area, if 1 mile or less:

Wurlitzer Industrial Park is located 3500 feet southeast of the site.

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve, if 2 miles or less:

There is no national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve within 2 miles of the site.

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to residential area, if 2 miles or less:

500 feet.

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 1 mile or less:

0.01 mile (adjacent to a corn field).

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-1988; USDA, 1972, 1984).

Distance to prime agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 2 miles or less:

0.01 mile.

(USDA, 1972, 1984).

Is a historic or landmark site (National Register or Historic Places and National Natural Landmarks) within the view of the site?

There is no historic or landmark site within view of the site.

(U.S. Department of Interior, National Park Service, 1983a, 1983b).

FIRE AND EXPLOSION

1. CONTAINMENT

Assigned Value = 1

Hazardous substances present:

No information which indicates that fire and explosion has occurred (or could occur) at the site was discovered during the Phase II study.

Type of containment, if applicable:

2. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Direct Evidence

Assigned Value = 0

Type of instrument and measurements:

No measurements of the potential for fire and explosion were taken on-site.

<u>Ignitability</u>

Assigned Value = 0

Compound used:

No ignitable compounds in a form with the potential to pose a fire or explosion threat are known to be present on-site.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88).

Reactivity

Assigned Value = 0

Most reactive compound:

No reactive compounds in a form with the potential to pose a fire or explosion threat are known to be present on-site.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88).

Incompatibility

Assigned Value = 0

Most incompatible pair of compounds:

No incompatible compounds are known to exist on-site.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88).

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Assigned Value = 0

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility:

Hazardous substances in a form with the potential to pose a fire or explosion threat are not known to exist on-site.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-1988).

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

Not applicable; see comment above.

3. TARGETS

Distance to Nearest Population

Assigned Value = 3

500 feet.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88; USGS, 1980).

Distance to Nearest Building

Assigned Value = 1

500 feet.

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to Sensitive Environment

Assigned Value = 0

Distance to wetlands:

1 mile to 354 acre wetland north of the site.

(Farquhar, 1987).

Distance to critical habitat:

There are no federally designated critical habitats of endangered species within the State of New York.

(Ozard, 1988).

Land Use

Assigned Value = 3

Distance to commercial/industrial area, if 1 mile or less:

3500 feet

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve, if 2 miles or less:
There is no national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve within 2 miles of the site.
(USGS, 1980).
Distance to residential area, if 2 miles or less:
500 feet.
(USGS, 1980).
Distance to agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 1 mile or less:
0.01 mile.
(ES Field Investigation, 1987-88; USDA, 1972, 1984).
Distance to prime agricultural land in production within past 5 years, if 2 miles or less:
0.01 mile.
(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88; USDA, 1972,1984).
Is a historic or landmark site (National Register or Historic Places and National Natural Landmarks) within the view of the site?
There is no historic or landmark site within view of the site.
(U.S. Department of Interior National Park Service, 1983a, 1983b).
Population Within 2-Mile Radius Assigned Value = 4
6,100 people
(USGS, 1980).
<u>Buildings Within 2-Mile Radius</u> Assigned Value = 4
1620 buildings
(USGS, 1980).

DIRECT CONTACT

1. OBSERVED INCIDENT

Assigned Value = 0

Date, location, and pertinent details of incident:

Based on information revealed during the Phase II Study, there is not a confirmed instance in which contact with hazardous substances at the site has caused injury, illness, or death to humans or animals.

(Phase II Record Search, 1987-88).

**

2. ACCESSIBILITY

Assigned Value = 3

Describe type of barrier(s):

There are no barriers. The site is easily accessed.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88).

3. CONTAINMENT

Assigned Value = 15

Type of containment, if applicable:

Wastes were disposed in unlined trenches and covered with excavated soil. Landfill cover is inadequate and wastes protrude through the cover in some areas.

(ES Field Investigations, 1987-88).

**

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity

Assigned Value = 3

Compounds evaluated:

Soil samples collected by USGS revealed an elevated concentration of copper in one of 3 samples (EPA, 1985). A sample of waste materials ("organic puddles in the vicinity of the dirt pile") revealed the presence of chlorobenzene, benzoyl chloride, and benzolc acid (Olotka, 1968). One should note that the latter report, made by Hooker Industrial Chemicals Division, does not state which parameters were assayed and states that only one sample was taken.

Compound with highest score:

Copper can be assigned a score of 3.

(EPA, 1984).

5. TARGETS

Population within one-mile radius

Assigned Value = 3

1,800 people.

(USGS, 1980).

Distance to critical habitat (of endangered species)

Assigned Value = 0

There are no federally designated critical habitats of endangered species within the State of New York.

(Ozard, 1988).



Site Inspection Report

NASH ROAD

ŞEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 1 - SITE I OCATION AND INSPECTION INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

O1 STATE O2 SITE NUMBER

NY 0000514380

	PART 1 - SIT	E LOCATION AND	INSPE	CTION INFOR	MATION - MOITAN	0000514380
II. SITE NAME AND LOCA				· · · · ·		
O1 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or o	descriptive name of site)		02 STREE	T, ROUTE NO., OR	SPECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER	•
Nash Road L	andfill			Road ·		
03 CITY			04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	08 COUNTY	O7COUNTY 08 CONG CODE DIST
Town of Whe	atfield		NY	14150	Niagara	63 36
43° 04 10 C"		10 TYPE OF OWNERSH A. PRIVATE F. OTHER			_ C. STATE D. COUNTY	
III. INSPECTION INFORM						
01 DATE OF INSPECTION *	02 SITE STATUS	03 YEARS OF OPERA		1 1000		·
4 / 28/ 83* MONTH DAY YEAR	知 INACTIVE	BEG	1964 Inning yea	I 1968 AR ENDING YE	UNKNOWN	
04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSP						
□ A. EPA □ B. EPACO	ONTRACTOR Engineer	cing-Science	C. MI	JNICIPAL D.	MUNICIPAL CONTRACTOR	(Name of firm)
☐ E. STATE 12 F. STATE	contractor Dames 8	Moore	□ G. 01	HER	(Specify)	
05 CHIEF INSPECTOR		OB TITLE			07 ORGANIZATION	08 TELEPHONE NO.
John Kubare	wicz	Chemical	Engi	neer	Engineering Science	(₇₀₃ 591-7575
09 OTHER INSPECTORS	***	10 πτιΕ			11 OHGANIZATION	12 TELEPHONE NO.
Art Seanor		Geologis	t ·		Dames & Moore	(319) 638-2572
•						()
-						
						()
						1
						()
	•					()
13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INT	TERVIEWED	14 TITLE		SADORESS	<u>. </u>	16 TELEPHONE NO
Ed Greinert		City Super	visor	Wheatf	ield	()
						()
	· ·					
· ·						()
			-			()
	-					()
						()
						
17 ACCESS GAINED BY	18 TIME OF INSPECTION	19 WEATHER CONC	OTTONIC .			
(Check see) © PERMISSION WARRANT	15:00	sunny	ATIONS			
IV. INFORMATION AVAIL	ABLE FROM					
01 CONTACT		02 OF (Agency/Organ	tzation)			03 TELEPHONE NO.
Géorge Morea	> 11	Engineeri	na-Sa	iongo		
04 PENSON RESPONSIBLE FOR	R SITE INSPECTION FORM	Engineeri		Lence	07 TELEPHONE NO.	(315) 451-9560
l					T. T	1
George Morea	iu			FS	315-451-9560	12 128 1 88 MONTH DAY YEAR

<u>.</u>	Δ
V	H

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

O1 STATE O2 SITE NUMBER

NY 0000514380

			PART 2 - WAST	E INFORMATION	١.	NY 100003	514360
II. WASTE ST	TATES, QUANTITIES, AN	D CHARACTER	ISTICS				
	TATES (Check all that apply)	02 WASTE QUANT		03 WASTE CHARACTI	ERISTICS (Check at that a	oo'y)	
XX A. SOLIO	☐ E. SLURRY	must be	independent)	XD A. TOXIC XD B. CORRO	E. SOLU		
B. POWDER		TONS .		C. RADIOA	CTIVE 👸 G. FLAM	MABLE K. REACTE	VE
		CUBIC YARDS	1600	O. PERSIS	TENT H. IGNITA	ABLE L INCOMP M. NOT AF	
	(Spec#y)	NO. OF DRUMS		<u> </u>			
III. WASTE T							
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	IAME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE			 			
OLW	OILY WASTE		<u> </u>				
SOL	SOLVENTS						
PSD	PESTICIDES	· -					
occ	OTHER ORGANIC C	HEMICALS	900 cy	<u> </u>	chemical wa	aste/love can	al
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS	<u> </u>				
ACD	ACIDS		·	·			
BAS	BASES		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
MES	HEAVY METALS				lead, chr	omium, platin	g sludge
	OUS SUBSTANCES (See A						
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N	IAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DIS	POSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
occ	benzene		71-43-2	water sar	mple	4500	mg/L
ocç	chlorobenzene	:	108-90-7 .	water sa	m <u>ple</u>	590	mg/L
OCC	toluene		108-88-3	water sar	mple	14,000	mg/L
occ	acetone		67-64-1	water sa	mple	2,300	mg/L
MES	lead		7439-92-1	landfill		67-20,000	ppb
MES	mercury		7439-97-6	landfill		0.5	ppb
			·				
,							
V. FEEDSTO	CKS (See Appendix for CAS Mumb	e/e)	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOC		02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	01 FEEDST	OCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS	mercury		7439-97-6	FDS			
FDS				FDS			
FDS				FDS			
FDS		•		FDS			
VI. SOURCES	S OF INFORMATION (CR.	specific references, e.g.	, state files, sample enelysis.	reporta)			
1) Inv	vestigation of	Selected	Inactive To	kic Landfill	s in conju	nctionwith th	e Niagara

River Study," Aug. 1981, (U.S.G.S.) 2) Memo to Hennesey NYSDOT, 8/9/78

3) Letter to Caine NYSDOT from Hooker, 5/9/68

EPA FORM 2070-13(7-81)

4) Nanco Laboratories, Inc., 1988

\$EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

I. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE | 02 SITE NUMBER NY 0000514380

I. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS			
01 X) A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 84	02 Ø OBSERVED (DATE: 3/88) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
Benzene (4500 mg/L), chlorobenzene and lead (180 mg/L) were all detect	(590 mg/L), toluene (14,000 ted downgradient.) mg/L), acet	one (2300 mg,
01 D B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	XI POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
Water and soils "rusty" in appearar toluene detected.	nce-methylene chloride, tota	al organic ha	logens, and
01 C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 G OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	□ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
Jone detected			
01 전 D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02/XOBSERVED (DATE: 7/84) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
A small fire of unknown origin wa	s seen.		
	02 X OBSERVED (DATE: _7/84) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
Site used by local residents as p	lay area.		
01.20F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL	0%© OBSERVED (DATE: _7/84) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 XXF. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL.	0%回 OBSERVED (DATE: _7/84) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 ZOF. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: (Aprel)	O2公 OBSERVED (DATE:	□ POTENTIAL XXEI POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 IDG. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: (Acres) Soil samples found to have metal 01 IDG. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION	ORGO OBSERVED (DATE: 7/84) O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION and organic contamination. O2 07 OBSERVED (DATE:) O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	XX POTENTIAL	O ALLEGED
01 124F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: (Acres) Soil samples found to have metal 01 124G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 84	ORGO OBSERVED (DATE: 7/84) O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION and organic contamination. O2 07 OBSERVED (DATE:) O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	XX POTENTIAL	O ALLEGED
O1 12kf. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL O3 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Soil samples found to have metal O1 12kg. Drinking water contamination O3 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Some local residents are believed	O2 OBSERVED (DATE:	ХХЭ РОТЕНПАL taminated aqu	O ALLEGED

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

I. IDENTIFICATION					
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER 000514380				

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HA	ZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENT	rs.	70314300
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)			
01 XXJ. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	XIX POTENTIAL	□ ALLÈGED ~
none observed			
01 XXX. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	XIX POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
none observed			
01 201. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	Ø POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
none observed			
01 XXM. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Sodar Aurodit/Standing injusts, Learing drums)	02 M OBSERVED (DATE: 4/28/83)	□ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
pools of orange tinted standing cover.	water observed; rubbish pr	cotruding th	rough
01 N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
no .	•		
01 🗋 O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPS 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:)	POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
no			
01元 P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 Ø OBSERVED (DATE: 6/11/81)	POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
Niagara Co. DOH observed evidend	ce of dumping after site cl	osed.	
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEC	GED HAZAROS		
III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 200	<u> </u>		
IV. COMMENTS			
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cate apecatic references, e. g., state Mes.			
	опите ополуже, геропъ		
 Niagara County DOH 1981 U.S.G.S. Study, 1982/83 			
3) Site visits during Phase II :	investigations		

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

I. IDENTIFICATION						
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER 00514380					

ŞEPA		SITE INSPI			NY 00514380
	PART 4 - PERMI	T AND DESC	RIPTIVE INFORMA	TION	
II. PERMIT INFORMATION					
01 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED (Check of that apply)	02 PERMIT NUMBER	03 DATE ISS	DED 04 EXPIRATION DA	TE 05 COMMENTS	
A. NPDES	not applicable			- [
B. UIC					
				<u> </u>	
C. AIR					
D. RCRA					
E. RCRA INTERIM STATUS		_		 	
F. SPCC PLAN					
G. STATE (Specify)					
H. LOGAL (Specify)					
☐ I. OTHER (Specify)					
J. NONE					
III. SITE DESCRIPTION					
01 STORAGE/DISPOSAL (Check all that apply)	02 AMOUNT 03 UNIT (OF MEASURE	04 TREATMENT (Check of It	Net apply)	05 OTHER
☐ A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT		\	A. INCENERATION		A. BUILDINGS ON SITE
☐ B. PILES			B. UNDERGROUND	NJECTION	A. BOILDINGS ON SITE
C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND			C. CHEMICAL/PHYS	ICAL	
D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND			D. BIOLOGICAL		06 AREA OF SITE
E. TANK, BELOW GROUND	unkriown		E. WASTE OIL PROC		00 AREA OF SITE
☑ F. LANDFILL ☐ G. LANDFARM			☐ F. SOLVENT RECOV		7(Acres)
☐ H. OPEN DUMP		1	XH. OTHERnon		
☐ I. OTHER		f	21. On en	(Specify)	
(Specify)					<u> </u>
07 COMMENTS			•		
Poorly closed; tire	s. metal. other	rubbish	visib e		
•	-,,				
IV. CONTAINMENT					
01 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Check one)					
A. ADEQUATE, SECURE	☐ B. MODERATE	C. INA	DEQUATE, POOR	>Q D. INSE	CURE, UNSOUND, DANGEROUS
02 DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINER	S BARRIERS ETC				
1) Poorly closed; t		or mibbi	ch wicible		
2) Disposal trench	for Toyo Canal w	ier rubbi	sn visible.	E# 1	3 -1
No engineered ba	rriors installed	aste exc	avated in so	rt, layere	ed clay.
No engineered ba	rriers installed	١.			
V. ACCESSIBILITY		_			
01 WASTE EASILY ACCESSIBLE: X	YES [] NO				
02 COMMENTS					
Unfenced, easy acce	SS				
VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CA	le specific references, e.g. state liles, am	mple analysis, report	u		
 Site inspection, 					
Memo to Hennesey	NYSOT, 8/9/84				

		S
SUPPLY		
PPLY		
SURFACE	WELL	
A. 🖾	8. 🗆	1
C. 🗆	D. 🔯	
	A. 🖸	PPLY SURFACE WELL A.妇 B.口

NTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

	A	PART 5 - WATER	, DEMOGRAPHI			ENTAL DATA	. NY	00005143	80
II. DRINKIN	G WATER SUPPLY								
01 TYPE OF D	RINKING SUPPLY		02 STATUS				03	DISTANCE TO SITE	
,	SURFACE	WELL	ENDANGERE	D AFFEC	TED	MONITORED	١,	more than	
COMMUNIT		8. 🗆	A. 🗆	B. C		C. 🗆	A.	more than	
NON-COMM	·	D. 🔯	D. 🖾	E. C		F. 🗆	В.	0.2 (ml)	
III. GROUNI	DWATER						<u> </u>		
	ATER USE IN VICINITY (Check	one)						•	
🗆 A. ONL	Y SOURCE FOR DRINKING	DRINKING (Other sources evade COMMERCIAL, IN (No other water source)	DUSTRIAL, IRRIGATIO	(Lin		, INDUSTRIAL, IRRI	GATION I	O. NOT USED, UNUSE	EABLE
02 POPULATI	ON SERVED BY GROUND WA	TER 84	-	03 DISTANCE	TO NEARE	ST DRINKING WAT	ER WELL	0.2 (mi)	
04 DEPTH TO	GROUNDWATER	05 DIRECTION OF GRO	OUNDWATER FLOW	06 DEPTH TO OF CONCE		07 POTENTIAL		08 SOLE SOURCE AC	UIFER NO
	4_(ft)	_ East.			<u>4(n)</u>		(gpd)		. ,,,,
kno	eraí residence wn. Closest we	ell to the si	te is abou	t one m:	le aw	ay. 			
10 RECHARGE				11 DISCHARG					
☐ YES	COMMENTS	,		☐ YES XXX NO	COMMEN	TS			
IV. SURFAC	CE WATER	_		<u>l</u> l			_		
Ď A. RES	WATER USE (Check one) SERVOIR, RECREATION NKING WATER SOURCE		N, ECONOMICALLY NT RESOURCES	<i>r</i> □ c .c	OMMERCI	AL, INDUSTRIAL	. 0	D. NOT CURRENTLY	' USED
02 AFFECTED	O/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED B	ODIES OF WATER							
NAME:						AFFECT	red	DISTANCE TO SIT	E
Saw	yer Creek							0.25	4 19
	1 Creek	<u> </u>	•				-	1 1	(mi)
	awanda Creek				_		_	2.3	(mi) (mi)
V DENOG	RAPHIC AND PROPERT	VINEORMATION		-					
	PULATION WITHIN	THE CHARACTER				2 DISTANCE TO NE	EAREST POR	HII ATION	
		WO (2) MILĘS OF SITE	THREE (3) MILES OF S		2 DISTANCE TO NO			
A	OF PERSONS	8. 6,100 NO. OF PERSONS	C	12,000	-	-	350) ft. (mi)	
03 NUMBER (OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2	2) MILES OF SITE			TO NEARE	ST OFF-SITE BUIL	DING		
	162						50 ft.	_ரூர	
05 POPULATI	ON WITHIN VICINITY OF SITE	(Provide namelive description o	f nature of population within	vicinity of site, e.g	, rural, valege,	, densely populated urt	Den area)		_
	e is located a								

HA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

I. IDENTIFICATION

SEPA		CTION REPORT HIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA	NY 00514380
VI. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMA	ATION		
01 PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED 2	ZONE (Check one)		
□ A. 10 ⁻⁶ - 10 ⁻⁶	-6 cm/sec	Ø C. 10-4 - 10-3 cm/sec □ D. GREATE	R THAN 10 ⁻³ cm/sec
02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Check	one)		
☐ A. IMPERI	MEABLE D. B. RELATIVELY IMPERMEA 10 ⁻⁶ cm/sec) - (10 ⁻⁴ - 10 ⁻⁶ cm/sec)	BLE ST.C. RELATIVELY PERMEABLE (10 ⁻² - 10 ⁻⁴ cm/sec)	D. VERY PERMEABLE (Greater than 10 ⁻² cm/sec)
03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF CONTAMINATED SOIL ZONE	05 SOIL pH	
about 70 (m)	unknown (m)	5.6-7.3	
06 NET PRECIPITATION	07 ONE YEAR 24 HOUR RAINFALL	08 SLOPE DIRECTION OF SITE	SLOPE : TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOP
32-27 = 5 (in)	(in)	about 0 % about E	1.0
09 FLOOD POTENTIAL SITE IS IN 7,500 YEAR FLO	OODPLAIN SITE IS ON BAR	RIER ISLAND, COASTAL HIGH HAZARD ARE	EA, RIVERINE FLOODWAY
1 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS (5 acre mine	mutty	12 DISTANCE TO CRITICAL HABITAT (of endange	ered species)
ESTUARINE	OTHER	none within 1 mile	(mi)
A(mi)	B(mi)	ENDANGERED SPECIES:	
13 LAND USE IN VICINITY			
DISTANCE TO: Lihar COMMERCIAL/INDUSTI	RESIDENTIAL AREAS; NATI FORESTS, OR WILDL		RICULTURAL LANDS AND AG LAND
A 0.01 (mi	B. <u>0.01</u>	(mi) c. <u>0.01</u>	(mi) D. <u>0.01</u> (mi)

14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN RELATION TO SURROUNDING TOPOGRAPHY

Site is located in a flat, poorly drained area. Prior to dumping, site was a swamp, with drainage to the North.

VII. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite apacific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

- 1) U.S.G.S. Study
- 2) DEC site Dossier
- 3) Phase II Investigation
- 4) Letter from J. Ozard (NYSDEC Wildlife Resources Center) to M. Anatra (7/21/87)



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 6-SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE | 02 SITE NUMBER

NY | 0000514380

II. SAMPLES TAKEN						
SAMPLE TYPE	01 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	02 SAMPLES SENT TO	03.ESTIMATED DATE RESULTS AVAILABLE			
GROUNDWATER	8/9	CompuChem/Nanco Laboratories, Inc.	1984/1988			
SURFACE WATER	5	ES Laboratory	presently available			
WASTE						
AIR						
RUNOFF						
SPILL						
SOIL						
VEGETATION						
OTHER sediment	3	Compu Chem	8/84			
III. FIELD MEASUREMENTS T						
O1 TYPE Downhole gamma	02 COMMENTS					
logging	Performed :	in wells to define soil stratigraphy				
Geophysical surve	y Performed	to locate disposal trench boundaries				
Permeability testing	Performed	in wells to evaluate rate of contaminant mov	romant			
	-					
IV. PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAR	es		.,			
01 TYPE ¾ GROUND ☐ AERIA	01 TYPE TGGROUND AERIAL 02 IN CUSTODY OF Dames & Moore office					
	Dames & Moore office					
V. OTHER FIELD DATA COLL	ECTED (Provide nerrative de	ecription)	. 4			

Soil samples were collected during the drilling of the seven sampling wells. Grain size analyses of selected samples were performed in the laboratory.

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

- 1) Phase II investigation
- 2) Nanco Laboratories, 1988

	P			RDOUS WASTE	SITE	I. IDENTIFIC	SITE NUMBE	ER
\$EPA				CTION REPORT ER INFORMATION			000514	
I. CURRENT OWNER(S)				PARENT COMPA	NY (# sopicatio)			
1 NAME (Ed	Greine	920+B NUM	BER	OB NAME			9 D+8 NUM	ABER
Town of Wheatfield St	ıpervi							
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC (CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS	P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC	CODE
Town Hall								
S CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE		12 CITY		13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE	•
Wheatfield	NY	14787		_			_	
1 NAME	•	02 D+8 NUM	IBER	OB NAME			09 D+B NUA	ABER
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC 6	CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS	(P.O. Box, RFD €, etc.)		115/0	CODE
э стү	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	1	12 CITY		13 STATE	14 ZIP COO!	<u> </u>
D1 NAME	<u> </u>	02 D+8 NU	MBER	08 NAME			09 D+B NU	MBER
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC	CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS	(P.O. Box, RFD e, etc.)		11SIC	CODE
IS CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE		12 CITY		13 STATE	14 ZIP COD	E
1 NAME	AME 02		MBER	OS NAME OS		09D+8 NU	MBER	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box. RFD #, esc.)		04 SIC	CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Bos, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC	CODE	
DS CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP COO	Ē	12 CITY		13 STATE	14 ZIP COD	DE
IIL PREVIOUS OWNER(S) (Last most record tires)		<u> </u>		IV. REALTY OWN	ER(S) (Il applicable: les mos	nt recent first)	l	
O1 NAME		02 D+B NUI	MBER	01 NAME			02 D+8 NU	MBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P. etc.)		04 SIC	CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS	G (P.O. Box, RFD #; etc.)		04 510	CODE
DS CITY	OSTATE	07 ZIP CODE	E	05 CITY		06 STATE	07 ZIP COD	DE
D1 NAME	<u> </u>	02 D+8 NUM	MBER	01 NAME			02 D+8 NI	UMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, AFD 4, etc.)	•	04 SIC	CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS	G (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SK	CODE
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP COO	<u> </u>	05 CITY		06 STATE	07 ZIP COI	DE
D1 NAME	<u> </u>	02 D+8 NU	MBER	O1 NAME .			02 D+8 N	UMBER
D3 STREET ADORESS (P.O. Box, RFO #, etc.)		04 SIC	CODE	03 STREET ADORESS	(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SK	CCODE
DSCITY	06STATE	07 ZIP CO	DE	05 CITY		06 STATE	07 ZIP COI	DE .
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cre speci	int references.	. e.g., state Mes.	sample enelysk	s, reports)				
Niagara County Tax Re	cords	_						

9	F	P	Δ
	_		\neg

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 8 - OPERATOR INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION					
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER 0000514380				
I NY	0000514380				

			PART 6-OPERA	TOR INFORMATION			
II. CURRENT OPERATO	R (Provide & different from a			OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY (# applicable)			
01 NAME			02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	i	1 D+B NUMBER	
none			•				
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Bo	E, RFD Ø, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box,	RFD #, etc.)	13 SIC CODE	
05 CITY		06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE 1	6 ZIP CODE	
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER						
III. PREVIOUS OPERAT	OR(S) (Lint most recent firs	t; provide and	y # different from owner)	PREVIOUS OPERATORS	S' PARENT COMPANIES (# a	pp/cable)	
01 NAME			02 D+8 NUMBER	10 NAME		1 D+8 NUMBER	
Niagara Sani	tation Co.						
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Bo	z, RFO Ø, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box.	, RFD Ø, etc.)	13 SIC CODE	
05 CITY		06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE	
N. Tonawanda		NY					
08 YEARS OF OPERATION 1964-1968	09 NAME OF OWNER D	URING THE	S PERIOD				
			02 D+8 NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+8 NUMBER	
OT ISSUE			or o	10 WAIL		·	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box	s, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box.	, RFD d., exc.)	13 SIC CODE	
05 CITY		06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE	
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER D	WRING TH	S PERIOD				
01 NAME	<u> </u>		02 D+8 NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. So.	s, RFD #, etc.)	•	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box	i, RFD Ø. etc.)	13 SIC CODE	
05 CITY	-	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE	
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER D	URING THI	S PERIOD			·	
IV. SOURCES OF INFO	RMATION CO.		A Main Man armain arm				

Niagara County Department of Health, 1981

≎EPA		SITE INSPI	ARDOUS WASTE SITE ECTION REPORT RANSPORTER INFORMATION	I. IDENTIFI 01 STATE 02 NY	
II. ON-SITE GENERATOR					
D1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER			
none					
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE			
IS CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE			
III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)	·				
DI NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
Hooker Chemical			Niagara Falls Air Fo	rce Bae	
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, eve.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD F, etc.)		04 SIC CODE
DS CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	OS CITY		07 ZIP CODE
Niagara Falls	NY		Niagara Falls	NY	
1 NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER
Bell Aerospace			Carborundum		
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD F, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE
		1	Buffalo Ave.		
S CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
			Niagara Falls	l _{NY}	
IV. TRANSPORTER(S)					
1 NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER
Niagara Sanitation	Co.		ł		
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, eve.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P. orc.)		04 SIC CODE
DS CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
N. Tonawanda	NY				
1 NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER
33 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BOX, RFD #, eve.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	<u> </u>	04 SIC CODE
DS CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CAR			nical	· ·	

9	FPΔ	

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

L IDENTIFICATION					
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER				
NY	00005143	80			

	PART 10 - PA	AST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		
ST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES				
01 A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED		02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	nc		,	
01 D B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPL	Y PROVIDED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no			
01 C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPL 04 DESCRIPTION	Y PROVIDED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
U- DESURITION	nc	•		
01 [] D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVE	ED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION				
•	no 			
01 C E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMO	VED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no			

01 F. WASTE REPACKAGED		02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no			
		00.0477	03 AGENCY	<u>·</u>
01 G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHE	:HE .	02 DATE	US AGENCY	
	no			
01 H. ON SITE BURIAL	_	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 II H. ON SITE BURIAL 04 DESCRIPTION		V2 0111E		
	no			
01 D L IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATME		02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION				
	no			
01 U J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATH	MENT	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no			
			<u> </u>	
01 ☐ K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATME 04 DESCRIPTION	ENT	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
	no	·		
01 L ENCAPSULATION		02 DATE	03 ACENO	
01 L ENCAPSULATION 04 DESCRIPTION		V4 DATE		
	no			
01 M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREA		02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no			
01 ON CUTOFF WALLS		02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no			
	AGE WATER BRIERO	02 DATE	O2 ACENOV	
OI O CHEROSPION CHARGOSTICE	AL: PARTEM LANGE TO THE	UK HATE	WARRENCY	
01 ☐ 0. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURF. 04 DESCRIPTION		72 0m =		
	no			
04 DESCRIPTION 01 P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP	no	02 DATE		
04 DESCRIPTION	no			
04 DESCRIPTION 01 P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP	no			
04 DESCRIPTION 01 P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP	no		03 AGENCY	

	POTENTIAL MATARROUGHE WASTE OFF		I. IDENTIFICATION
	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE		01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER
ŞEPA	SITE INSPECTION REPORT		NY 0000514380
	PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		
II PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES (Continued)			
. 01 R. BARRIER WALLS CONSTRUCTED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no		
1			
01 S. CAPPING/COVERING	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	ncomplete cover of waste (tras	h \	
	. Mcomplete cover of waste (tras	111)	
01 🗆 T. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no.		
	no		
01 U. GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
	nc		
01 Q V. BOTTOM SEALED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION		•	
	no		
01 U W. GAS CONTROL	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no		
01 C X. FIRE CONTROL	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION ·	no		
01 C Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no		
01 Z. AREA EVACUATED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no		
01 🔲 1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	/
04 DESCRIPTION	no · ·		
01 2. POPULATION RELOCATED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	no		
01 3. OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES 04 DESCRIPTION	none 02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
O4 DESCRIPTION			

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite apocific references, e.g., alate files, sample analysis, reports)

Site visits during Phase II investigation



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

V. 00005 4380

II. ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

01 PAST REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION 口 YES INO

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cito apocitic references, e.g., state titos, sample energias, reports)

Letter from Vance Bryant (NYSDFC Div. Env. Enforcement) to M. Aratra (ES)7/7/87

HRS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCES*

NASH ROAD LANDFILL

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- 3. NYSDOT, 1978. Memorandum from D. H. Ketchum to W. C. Hennessy. August 9, 1978.
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^{*}All these references were used for HRS Documentation, while some of them were also used as General References.

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- 17. Farquhar, J. F., 1987. Letter from James F. Farquhar of NYSDEC Fish and Wildlife Division, Region 9 to Elizabeth M. Dobson of Engineering-Science. September 2, 1987.
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^{**}These references were not used for HRS Documentation. See also "HRS REFERENCES" above.

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SY012.19/NASH RD

SAMPLE NUMBER CU-11.19 2/18

Laboratory Name: NAMCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No: HO213 Sample Matrix: WATER

Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A

Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

Data Release Authorized By: / Sulunoc

OLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration:

Hedium

(Circle One)

Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/23/88

Date Analyzed: 02/23/88

75

(LOW)

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 6.3

Percent Hoisture:

N/A

	ug/l or ug/Kg (Circle One)	CAS Number	(ug/) or ug/Kg (Circle One)
7-3 Chloromethane	750.0 U	79-34-5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachtoroethane	375.0 U
8-9 Bromomethane	750.0 U	78-87-5 1,2-Dichtoropropane	375.0 U
4-4 Vinyl Chloride	750.0 U	10061-02-6 Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	375.0 U
1-3 Chloroethane	750.0 U	79-01-6 Trichloroethene	375.0 U
22 Methylene Chloride	240.0 J	124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane	375.0 U
-1 Acetone	2300.0	79-00-5 1,1,2-Trichloroethane] 375.0 U
-0 Carbon Disulfide	j 375.0 U į	71-43-2 Benzene	4500.0
-4 11,1-0 ichloroethene	j 375.0 υ j	10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	375.0 U
3 1,1-Dichloroethane	375.0 U	110-75-8 2-Chloroethylvinylether	750.0 U
มี-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	· 375.0 U	75-25-2 Bromoform	375.0 U
+3 Chloroform	375.0 U	591-78-6 2-Hexanone	750.0 U
%-2 1,2-Dichloroethane	375.0 U	108-10-1 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	750.0 U
3 2-Butanone	j 750.0 u j	127-18-4 Tetrach(oroethene	375.0 U
6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	67.0 J	108-88-3 Toluene	14000.0
5-5 Carbon Tetrachloride	375.0 U	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene	590.0
3-4 Vinyl Acetate	j 750.0 u j	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene	375.0 U
4 Bromodichioromethane	j 375.0 u j	100-42-5 Styrene	375.0 U
	'	Total Xylenes	375.0 ∪

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

report the value.

Res compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report nimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.100 on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. himum attainable detection limit for the sample.

tes an estimated value. This flag is used either when ting a concentration for tentatively identified compounds—and such description attached to the data summary report. 111 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data ites the presence of a compound that meets the identification habut the result is less than the specified detection limit later than zero (e.g. 10J).

result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/HS

В

Brily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM I

SMPE NO.: 09-11.19 2/18

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC. Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5657

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RD.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

CONCENTRATION : LOW __X__ MEDIUM ___ MATRIX: WATER __X__ SOIL ____ SLUDGE ____OTHER ____

UG/L OR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE)

1	. ALUMINUM	10200.0 PŒ	•	13. MAGNESIUM	398000.0 PE	
2	. ANTIMONY	50.0 UP		14. MANGANESE	12100.0 PE	
3	. ARSEMIC	5.0 UF		15. MERCURY	0.3 C.V.	
4	BARIUM	550.0 P		16. NICKEL	180.0 P	
5	BERYLLIUM	1.0 UP		17. POTASSIUM	25100.0 P	
6	. CADMIUM ,	5.0 UP		18. SELENIUM	40.0 UF N	(1:10)
7	- CALCIUM	2380000.0 P	(1:50)	19. SILVER	31.0 P	-
8	. CHRONIUM	15.0 P		20. SODIUM	165000.0 PE	
9	COBALT	[34.0]P		21. THALLIUM	4.0 UF N	
11	. COPPER	120.0 P		22. VANADIUM	25.0 UP	
1	I. IRON	34500.0 PC		23. ZINC	540.0 PNE	
1;	2. LEAD	180.0 F	(1:10)	PERCENT SOLIDS (%)	NA .	
	CYANIDE	NR				
	PHENOL	NR				

FOOTNOTES : FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a brown liquid that became light yellow after ICP yellow after furnace digestion procedures. Pb and Se were analyzed at a 1:10 dilution. Ca was analyzed at a 1:50 dilution.

LAB MANAGER

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SYG12.19/NASH RD

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-148.19 2/17

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No: H0193

Sample Matrix: WATER

Data Release Authorized By: P.S. Wunsch

Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration:

(LOH)

Medium

(Circle One)

Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/22/88

Date Analyzed: 02/22/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 6.9

Percent Moisture:

N/A

S	(ug/l) or ug/Kg	CAS	(ug/) or ug/Kg
nber	(Circle One)	. Number	(Circle One)
-87-3 Chloromethane	1 10.0 U	79-34-5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.0 U
83-9 Bromomethane	j 10.0 v j	78-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane	j 5.0 u j
-01-4 Vinyl Chloride	į 10.0 u į	[10061-02-6] Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
⇒ .0-3 Chloroethane	10.0 U	79-01-6 Trichloroethene	j 5.0 U j
-09-2 Methylene Chloride	j 8.2 j	124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane	5.0 U
~64-1 Acetone	j 10.0 u j	79-00-5 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.0 U
-15-0 Carbon Disulfide	j 5.0 u j	71-43-2 Benzene	5.0 U
7-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethene	j 5.0 ນ j	10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane	j 5.0 u j	110-75-8 2-Chloroethylvinylether	j 10.0 U j
5-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	j 5.0 u j	75-25-2 Bromoform	5.0 U
66-3 Chloroform	j 5.0 u j	591-78-6 2-Hexanone	j 10.0 U
7-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane	j 5.0 u j	108-10-1 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	10.0 U
-93-3 2-Butanone	j 10.0 U į	127-18-4 Tetrachloroethene	j 5.0 U j
·55-6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	i 5.0 u i	108-88-3 Toluene	j 5.0 U j
≠23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride	1 5.0 U j	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene	j 5.0 u j
8-05-4 Vinyl Acetate	j 10.0 u j	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene	j 5.0 u j
~27-4 Bromodichloromethane	j 5.0 u j	100-42-5 Styrene	j 5.0 u j
		Total Xylenes	j 5.0 u j

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

t, report the value.

idicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.10U sted on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well "I U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

dicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when mating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. made a 1.1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data dicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification Ateria but the result is less than the specified detection limit greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

8

sessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination

OTHER

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. Tif used, they must be fully described

FORM I

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM 1

SMPL NO .: 04-148.19 3/17

Lab Name: NANCO LABORATORIES, INC. Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOM NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5652

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RD.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

CONCENTRATION : LOW __X__ MED (UM _____ MATRIX: WATER __X__ SOIL ____ SLUDGE ____OTHER ____

UG/LOR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE)

1.	ALUMINUM	4900.	PE		13. MAGNESIUM	33300.0 PC
2.	ANTIMONY	50.	up C		14. MANGANESE	1200.0 PE
3.	ARSENIC	6.	3 F		15. MERCURY	0.2 U C.V.
4.	BARIUM	[76.	3 IP		16. HICKEL	25.0 UP
5.	BERYLLIUM	1.) UP		17. POTASSIUM	1500.0 UP
6.	CAOMIUM	5.	O UP		18. SELENIUM	4.0 UF 14
7.	CALCIUM	100000.) P		19. SILVER	10.0 UP
8.	CHROMIUM	8.	O UP		20. SOD (UH	21900.0 PE
9.	COBALT	15.	0 UP		21. THALLIUM	4.0 UFN
10.	COPPER	t 24.	0]P		22. VANADIUM	25.0 UP
11.	IRON	9800.	0 P <u>⊊</u>		23. ZINC	140.0 PNE
12.	LEAD	28.	4 SF	(1:2)	PERCENT SOLIDS (%)	NA
	CYANIDE	NR				·
	PHENOL	NR				

FOOTNOTES : FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a tan liquid that became colorless after ICP and and furnace digestion procedures. Pb was analyzed at a 1:18 dilution.

LAB MANAGER

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: er: Mike Locar - Rocheser sector: L. Dobson-ES Dribing Type Mobile 61 ling Method 7.25" T.D. HSA	DRILLING RECORD	ident of i ditripular (upgraduent)	8
AOUND WATER OBSERVATIONS That TOC ater Levell 4' 3 5" Time 1 2 50 ate 1 2 51 Taing Depth 9.0'	Weather 15° F Breezy Partly Sunny Plant Sunny Plant 1/28 1/28 1/20 Sunny Plant 1/28 1/28 Sunny Plant 1/28	ditch #1	Pau
SAMPLE SAMPLE OEPTHS I.D. SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC Commenta	
1.5 D-2 S- 7 rec: 5"1 1 S5 2 3.6 2-4 15-2 2 rec: 10"1 3	Red-Gray Clay and 31H, Fill makenal (Frozen)	BROUT OF THE SECTION	
-41,7 4-6 5-3 2 rec:10" 1	Red-Gray Clay-lamination evident Some sand/gravel moist	3413b 20.0 PV	
31.7 le-8 15-4 2 rec=10"1 2 55 1 2	$-$ on r_{1}	9.0'	
23.7 : 8-10 15-5 3 rec=10 1 2 55 1 2	fine sand - odor		
10-121 1 10-121 1 10-121 2 155 1 3			
	boring terminated at 12.0'@ 12:00		
			!
P-PIT A + AUGER CUTTING	C-CORED Red-Gray Clay wit	h thun (22.6") sand seams	

ier: <u>M</u> sector: .	LING CONT Leave - R -1. Nobso Modele 61	n - E S		PROJECT NO. SYOIZ. 19	1	Sheet	O. Du		(2
ROUND	WATER OF	SERVA	TIONS	Weather Cold - 10°F, Parely Sunny Date/Time Start 1/26/88 /330	Pic	ot Plan	@C-	12	
Time		_		Caza/Time Pinrsh 1/27/98	``	(d-	bn/pandi){	5/1/8/1	1
Date	1 200]	(0	tith/pond &		
· sing Depth	1 341	<u>. </u>			•	- 		1	1
. Thotovec	SAMPLE DEPTHS	SAMPL	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL		WELL	SCHEMATIC	Comments	
53.5	1 D-Z	15-1	1 3	Pod I Gray Clay and fine sand trace	,_	 - 		augu cutting	
<u>۔ دررج</u>	rec= 14"		1 5	Red / Gray Clay and fine sand, trace angular grave (3mm) dry		1		read high 2015 on photovac	
	<u> </u>	1	5			1 \	•		
	-	<u> </u>	<u> 7</u>	- 		1			1
, 1.8	5-7	1 5-2		Fine red/brown sand with clay grading into smooth gray clay mo	15+	1 1		{	1
	rec = 24"	1	18	- grading the shoot gray chay ha	יניי	1 1			
	1 55	<u>i</u>	1 2	- :	-	-		· .	-
	1	i	1	The same of the sa	nto			\	1
. <u>D.S</u>	10-12		1 4	light brain clay (8.0") grading in smoother red / gray clay		\ \		Saturation	
»f	1 100 - 24"	1	1 6			-		cutting mad	
	1	<u>j</u>	1 4			1 1		9.0 on protoco	e l
	1 15 17	1	13	- Pad Gran Mary - smooth loupist		1 1		1	١
0.9	15-17 18c - 24"		 3	Ped-Gray Clay-smooth/moist trace of orange sand @ is		1		1	1
	1 55		11	J same or orange some		1		•	-
*	4	1	1 1		,	\	2.0"		
- 0	: 20-22	1 15-5	13	gray 1200 Clay-smooth/mois	t	1	PVC		
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0.1	22-24		, [3	gray Red Clay-some larring	L.	·]	1	1	
	! ec= 24"	<u>₹</u>	1 3 2	smooth, high plasticity - Moist	•				1
	1	1	12	_ ·		GROW	1		l
. ^-	1 21 -1	10-		- some user fir	re				
0.5	1 24-26 1 ec=24		12	same as above - some very fire sand @ 26.0'	_	ì	.]		l
	1 33	1	1			-		– 25.5	Į
	1	1 -	11		_				
	1 26-28	154	3/2	Red / gray Clay - saturated, sma 1" V. fine Sand @ 07.8"	∞t	Berton			
·	rec= z4			I" V. fine sand @ 27.8"		8		Z7.5	
	1 55	1	2				7	76413	
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	Rec= 10"		12	sand /trace gravel]	-	29.5
	:	1	2	/ 5]			
	!	1	12				
	.[1	<u> </u>			2"	
0.1	30-32	15-10	126	stiff brown fine medium sand and rounded gravel (Imm-3mm) some clay-fairly dense	Ì	PVC	1
	rec.=2t		134	and rounded gravel (Imm-smire)	SHA		1
	4	1	134	_ some clay-faitly dense	l	الانتفاد	
	7	1	132	<u> </u>		1	
	<u> </u>	1	1		- 1		}
0.2		4-2-11	<u> 10</u>	same as above. higher clay			مر م
	1ec= 24	<u> </u>	112	_ content			32.5
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P - PIT	A •	AUGER CL	JTTING	<u> </u>			

PRILLING CONTRACTOR: OFFI PROPER ACTOR: OFFI	ENGINEERING-SCIENCE DRILLING RECORD PROJECT NAME Nash Road PROJECT NO. 54012 19 Weather Sunny, 30°F Date/Time Start 129 198 1130 Cate/Time Finish 1 29 198 1200	Sheet of 1 Location downardent of ditch pord Plot Plan Out of the posterit pour (3) (ditt posterit pour (3)
SAMPLE SAMPLE DEPTHS 1.D. SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC Comments
0 0-2 S- 5 1 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Top Soil- Roots/organic material & leng fine sand, have angular growth Drange/Grey M-C Sand, well son Saturated. Orange/Brown M-C Sand grading into stiff clay with silt, trace gravel End of Boring 6.0° @ 12.00	5
T-STANDARD PENETRATION TE D + CRY W + WASHED	ST SOON	

A - AUGER CUTTINGS

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ling Metho	<u> </u>		·	PROJECT NO. SYOTA.19			
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1.010V4G	SAMPLE OEPTHS	SAMPLE		FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SC	HEMATIC	Comments
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	rec= 24'	<u> </u>	12	Gray/Red Clay-layering evident smooth, moist, plastic.	1		1
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0.1	105-24	} <u> </u>	1 2	Gray Red Clay - smooth / moist			
	4 55	<u>i</u>	i				
	!	1	2				
	1	1	ļ .	Red 19 my clay -lauening evident trace fine sand and grave.	Kenten	-	30.5
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	1	+	-	- TRUE TITLE SUITE OF THE SUITE		_ -	32.5
	1		1	· ·			
	1	ì			l		1
٥	323	41		* Gray Red Clay grading into Fine sand & gravel w/clay	3		000
	1	1	0	I fine sand a gravel wiclay	2 Ar	- >	33.5
		1	ļģ	- @ 33'	"	(4.48.2) 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	i
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ORILLING CONTRACTOR: PRINCE - ROTH DY III. PROTECTOR: DODSON - ES TYPE - ATV Ing Method - AS" I.D. ROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS THE LEVEL - III. ME - III. A10 III.	DRILLING RECORD Sheet	ring no. 14- et 2 of stion Plan	
SAMPLE SAMPLE OEPTHS I.D. SP	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Commenta
38-401 1/0	arodina into dense light gray silt w some gravel & med. sand. damp, gray-brown silt, sand, clay w angular to subangular pebbles.	SAUD	Auger refuse at 40°

U - UNOISTURBED SS - SPLIT SPOON

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Tiller: IN Logare Rocher Dail Toector: L: Dobson Em. Sci. Type Mohile 3-61 Jetiling Method HSA 4.25" T.D. GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS Water Levell Time Date Lasing Depthy				PROJECT NAME Nash Rd PROJECT NO. SYOLZ 19	BORING NO. 14-B (shallow sheet of of of the shallow adde of pond. Plot Plan Plot Plan Plot Plan Boring Al- Office of pond.			
Photovec	SAMPLE DEPTHS	SAMPLE I.D.	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Çomments		
0.6	190 - 12" SS 4-6 190 - 12" SS	1 1 1 5-2 1 1 1 1 1 5-3	5 3 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 24 23 23 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 	fine medium gray sand, trace angular grawel upper 6" frozer rest satisfated v.f. gray sand with some clay grading into a m-c orange/brow sand wet) med. brown/broarge m-c sand (wet) med. brown sand trace randed black gravel grading into stiff red / gray clay @ 70'	2"	1.5 2.5' 3.0'		
	8-10 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 20	Boring terminated 10'@ 1230		No return on 1st or and altempts in ss.		

Water Lavell Time Date Date Sample Sample DEPTHS 1.D. SPT FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL O.O. O.O. SPT SROWN CLAY, SOME SILT OREY OREY OREY CORRECTION OF MATERIAL OREY OTT STAC OREY CUTTINGS	DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Driller: D. MILLER INSPECTOR: K. ISAKOWER RIG TYPE MOBILE 61 Drilling Method 4 14 " ID HSA GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS	PROJECT NAME NASH RB. PROJECT NO. SYDIZ 19	Sh La	Nat	DOWN L NO SITE	ور (2/2)	-15 Q 3 DORDER 15
	Water Level	Detertime Sters 12 9 87 1415	. .	^			Zauo4
1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	OSSTUGE	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL					Comments
	O.O 5-7 S-2 9 REC = 12 5 REC = 12 5 REC = 22 18	BROWN MOIST SAND BROWN MOIST CLAY REDDISH-BROWN WET PLASTIC "STICKY" CLAY		Q-ROCK BENT CEMENT / BENTONITE	Pric 2" 1D Pric	36° 38°	

A - AUGER CUTTINGS

Oriller: Inspector: Rig Type	LING CONT MIL L. ISA MOBILE	LER KOWER - 61			RING-SCIEI NG RECOR		Sh Lo	DRING NO. OWNER EST ON SORDE DRING RORDE	ZADIENT,
GROUNG Water Lave Time	O WATER OF	BSERVATIO		Weather			Plot	Plan	
Protovac	<u> </u>	SAMPLE		FIELD IDENTIF	ICATION OF M	ATERIA!	<u>- 1</u>	WELL ACUEMATIC	Comments
Reading	DEPTHS	1.0.	SPT					WELL SCHEMATIC	
0.0		15-51 241 1 1	* *	MEDDOLL DICOR		PLASTIC			*SPOON AUSH BY WEKEHT POD
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0.0		1 1 1 5-61 + 24 1	- 1*			-			
	1 _	1	2	<u>.</u>		·			
		1 !		· .					,
0.2	30-32 REC	1 15-7 1=24	<u>Z</u>	<u> </u> 					
	100 5	1 3AMPU	3 E	- -		•			NO SAMPLE TAKEN AT 3
0.0		\$ 241 \$ 2-81	1*	-			•.		PUG PUSHED) WHIVE AUGER
0.0	36-38	<u> </u> S-9)* *						
0.0	1 33-40	1; 241 1 1 15-101	 	F 					
		1 2 4	۱* 2 2	REDDISH-ISTOW SOME GRAN	N CLAY	AND SA	-, <i>au</i>		
MAT2-T98	DARD PEN	ETRATIO	N TEST		Soil Stratigraph	Summery	· -	-	
0 - DRY U - UND	W -	DBHZAW - 22	C SPLIT:	- CORED SPOON					

A . AUGER CUTTINGS

Oriller: Inspector: Rig Type Drilling Meth	WATER O	LER HKOWEI	R	ENGINEERING-SCIENCE DRILLING RECORD PROJECT NAME NASH RD PROJECT NO. Weather Date/Time Sters Cate/Time Pinesh	BORING NOOL. Sheet	2ADIENT
Dete Casing Depti	1					
Pheteysic Reading		SAMPLE 1.D.	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Comments
0.0	₹€C:	1 5-12 1 5-12 1 24 1 1 1 1 1 5-13		•		SPOON PUSHED BY WELLHAT OF ROD. COARSE GRAVEL
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1-71/6			
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
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SPT-STAN		METRATI		Sell Strattgraphy Summary CORED		

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Joiller: D. MILLER INDECTOR: K. ISAKOWER RIG TYDE MOBILE 61 Orilling Method 1/4" ID HSA GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS Water Levell 8,5" 1.0" Time + 0919 0735 Date + 1218 1210 Gasing Depth; 10."	ENGINEERING-SCIENCE DRILLING RECORD PROJECT NAME NASH RD. PROJECT NO. SYDIZ 19 Weather Date/Time Start 12/8/87 0750 Usic/Time Place 12/8/87 230	BORING NO. OW Sheet of LocationWEST 	1
PROTOVEC SAMPLE SAMPLE DEPTHS I.D. SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Comments
0.0 0-215-1 2	WET BROWN & GREY SILT, SOME SAND, TRASH PRESENT. MOIST BROWN CLAY, SOME SILT. Boring terminated at 10'	THA G-ROCK BENT CEHENT/6 THA G-ROCK BENT CEHENT/6 SCREEN SCREEN G. U. L. D. W.	5-4: wood in mose

A - AUGER CUTTINGS

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TABLE 1V-2 MONITORING WELL DATA NASH ROAD LANDFILL

	Ground	Top of	Bedrock		of Screen	Bottom	Bottom of Screen	Fottom	Bottom of Hole	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Well ID	Surrace Elevation (+eet)	Depth (feet)	Depth Elevation (feet) (feet)	. ~	Elevation (feet)		Elevation (feet)	Depth (feet)	Elevation (feet)	Unit Monitored
OW-1	98.6	 	 	4.0	94.6	9.0	89.6	10.0	! !	brown/gray silty clay
OW-1B	98.6	69.6	30.0	58.1	40.5	68.1	30.5	9.89	30.0	glacial till
OW-2	97.5			0.6	98.5	14.0	83.5	14.0		brown/gray silty clay
DM-3	0.66	68.7	30.3	45.0	54.0	55.0	44.0	68.7		glacial till
0W-4	98.4	70.3	28.1	60.1	38.3	70.1	28.3	70.3		glacial till
10 - 3 0	100.8	8.69	31.0	0.09	40.8	70.0	GO.8	70.0		glacial till
0M-6	101.0	0.99	35.0	56.0	45.0	0.99	0.55.0	0.99		glacial till
OW-11	97.8			7.0	90.8	9.0	88.8	12.0		upper sand lens
OW-12	5.86			29.5	0.69	32.5	0.99	34.0		lower sand lens
OW-13	47.4			0 %	94.4	ဝ ပ	92.4	0.9		upper sand lens
OW-14A	97.8			ന. ന	64.3	36.5	61,3	40.0		lower sand lens
OW-14B	9B. 4			o.6	95.4	7.0	91.4	10.0		upper sand lens
0M-15	99.4			40.0	59.4	45.0	54.4	0.24		lower sand lens
0W-16	100.8			5.0	95.8	10.0	90.8	10.0		fill

NOTE: All elevations are in feet relative to an assumed datum.



TABLE IV-3 WATER LEVEL DATA NASH ROAD LANDFILL **

	Elevation - 6	Date:	Feb 10, 88	Date:	Feb 18, 98	Date:	Jun 20, 88	Date:	Oct 12, 88
Well ID	ot Measuring Foint	Depth (feet)	1 III +	Depth (feet)	Elevation (feet)	Depth (feet)	Elevation (feet)	Depth (feet)	Elevation (feet)
0W1	100.3					м Ю	95.0		; ; ; ; ! ! !
CW1B	100.3					14.1	86.2		
OW-2	99.3					6.0 (H)			
M-M0	101,3					15.0		14.4	6.49
O₩4	100.6			•		14.5			
ເກ ! !	101.2					15.1		15.1	86.1
0W	103.6					17.3		17.7	85.9
OW-11	100.4	ю. 8	92.1	0.0	92.0	\$.		₽.4	95.9
UW-12	101.1			16.9	84.3	11.5			
OW13	100.4			2.B	97.6				
UW-14A	101.2			15.5	85.8	11.3		11.7	89.5
OW-14B	100.6	EN M	97.4	ry N	97.4	4.2			
OW15	100.8	10.8	90.0	10.8	0.06	11.4	89.4	11.8	O-68
0W~16	103.3			4.8	78.5	ю . ф		8.7	94.6

**NO!ES:

1) All elevations are in feet relative to an assumed datum.
2) Depth is measured from ground surface.
3) Wells OW-11, OW-12 and OW-14A may not have been completely recovered from drilling and development when measured during February, 1988.

August 9, 1978

Disposal of Chemical Wasto
Contract FAC 57-15; PALSE 67-1
LaSalle Arterial, Miagara Falls, Miagara County Objection by
D. H. KETCHUM

D. H. Ketchie, Regional Director - Region 5

W. C. Mennessy, Commissioner of Transportation, Bldg. 5, Room 507

Liver M.J. Coppy

During the course of construction of the LaSalle Arterial in the City of Niagara Falls, buried chemical waste was encountered during excavation for a storm sower line along Frontier Avenue between 97th and 99th Streets. Further employation revealed that the chanical waste material extended under the proposed location of relocated Frontier Avenue north of the existing street. The total quantity of chemicals in the proposed roadway was estimated to be 1100 CY. No chamicals were found under, or south of, existing Frontier Avenue.

When the sower line excavation first began, the chemicals were piled to one side along with the other excavated material. This prompted several complaints from adjacent property owners about the offensive odor of the unterial.

After consulting with Hooker Chemical and the Miagara County. Health Department, some of the chemicals were trucked to an existing dump owned by Hooker off Hydo Park Blvd. near the north city line of Miagara Falls. After approximately 200 CY were disposed of at this location, the contractor was advised by Hooker officials that no more would be accepted at their dump.

After negotiation with the Town of Wheatfield, and with the approval of the Niagara County Health Department, the remainder of the chemical waste was trucked to a Town dump area off Nash Road in the Town of Wheatfield.

The following is a chronological summary of events from March 15, 1968, when the chemicals were first encountered to July 15, 1968, when the disposal of the chemicals was completed.

Date	Event	Source
3-15-68	First encountered chemical waste material between 97th and 99th Sts. in relocated Frontier Ave. area.	Engineer's Disry
3-15-68	Contacted Nooker Chem. Co. requesting information on material makeup.	Joe Cains Diary
3-19-68	Mr. Capeng, property owner, complained of steach coming off chamical waste	Engiacen's disry

stockpile.

3

1	•	•
/ <u></u>	Event .	Source
)-68	Messrs. Popovici, Maida, Mingara County Health Dept. investigating	Joe Cain's diary
3-22-68 	Ken Reitmeier, Supervising Soils and Baterials Engr., investigated and wrote memo this date recommending removal of chemical waste.	Hemo dated 3-22-68
- 3-25-68 -	Mr. Popovici telephoned ordering chemical waste excavated to date, removed from project site and disposted of at a dump operated by Hooker Chemical Co. located off Hyde Park Blvd. near north city line	
3-27-68	Letter confirming the telephone conversation 3-25-68 from Ernest R. Gedeon, Niagara County Health Dept.	Letter dated 3-27-68
4-1-68	Letter from J.P. Cain, ordering con- tractor to remove chemical waste to the Hooker Dump on Hyde Park Elwd.	Letter dated 4-1-63
4-1-68	Stimm sent letter disputing work to removed chemical waste material.	Letter dated 4-1-63
4-3-68	Removal of chemical waste to Hooker's dump site off Hyde Park Blvd. began.	Joe Cain's diary
4-8-6a 	Hooker officials (Fred T. Olotka) ordered a halt to further dumping of chemical waste at their Hyde Park Blvd. dump. Niagara County Health Dept. informed.	Joe Cain's diary.
4-15-68	Letter to Robert W. Sweet, Chief Engineer from A. J. Kopczynski necommending extra payment for work to remove approx. 1,000 CY of chemical waste.	
4-23-68	Letter to J. P. Cain from Stimm request- ing permission to use Town of Wheat- field dump site.	Letter dated 4-23-68
4-25-68	Maps and borings received from Krehbiel, Quay, Rugg & Hall, Engr Bel Air Subdivision.	Package dated 4-25-68
-5-1-68 	Letter to Ernest R. Gedeon, Chief Air Pollution Control, Niagara County Health Dept. from J.P. Cain outlining proposed method of disposing of chemical waste.	Letter dated 5-1-68

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	Date	Event	Source
	5-3-68	Wm. Friedman, Jr., Asst. Comm. of Env. Health, telephoned listing informa- tion he will require before approval of Wheatfield site is given.	Homo to Files dated 5-3-68
	5-6-68	Letter from Friedman confirming the above telephone conversation (5-3-68) to Brzeninski (Stimm) requesting permission to use Cheatfield dump.	Letter dated 5-6-68
	5-9-68	Letter from Hooker (Fred Olotka), listing makeup of chemical waste from ground samples taken.	Letter dated 5-9-68
, -	5-16-68	Boring taken on Frontier Ave. between 97th and 99th Sts. to determine the limits of chemical waste.	Memo dated 5-15-68, P. Mowadli to J.P.Cain
*** ***	5-16-68	Borings of proposed Wheatfield dump site sent to Friedman, Niagara County Health.	Letter dated 5-16-58, P. Nowadly to Friedman
. 14	5-21-60	Verbal permission received from	J. Cain's diary.
, ,		Friedman granting permission to use Wheatfield site. Lotter ordering Stimm to excavate and remove chemical waste to Wheatfield.	Letter dated 5-21-8 Cain to Stimm.
4	5-27-68	Began excavating Wheatfield dumpsite.	MURK II dated 5-27-63
-	5-6-68	Began hauling chemical waste to dump.	MURK II 6-6-68
	7-15-68	Complete all work including regrading dump site.	MURK II 7-15-63

The disposal area off Nash Read was visited on August 8, 1978 by J. Powers, Jr., and P. Goodman of my staff. Although they were mable to pin point the exact location of the buried chemicals, the approximate area was examined and no sign of the chemicals was found. The area in which the chemicals were buried was an excavation approximately 100 ft. by 30 ft. by 27 ft. deep. The area is located in a Town of Wheatfield dump just north of the North Tonawanda City Line, approximately 1/2 mile east of Nash load and 1/2 mile south of Niagara Falls Blvd. There has been no development in the area and no apparent hazard exists at this dime.

Our records indicate that the chemicals were placed in the 100' x 30' area to a depth of approximately 15 ft. and covered with at least 12 ft. of the excavated material. A review of Inspectors' reports indicates that the estimate of 1100 CY of chemicals was exceeded by about 50 percent for a total of 1600 CY + placed in this excavation.

Disposal of the chemicals in the Nash Road area was done with the full knowledge and consent of the Town of Eheatfield and the Niagara County Health Dept. Soil exploration was conducted by our Soils Engineer prior to disposal of the chemicals and the area was found to be acceptable for disposal purposes.

Attached are copies of all pertinent correspondence, drawings and boring logs.

DHK:JEP:mh

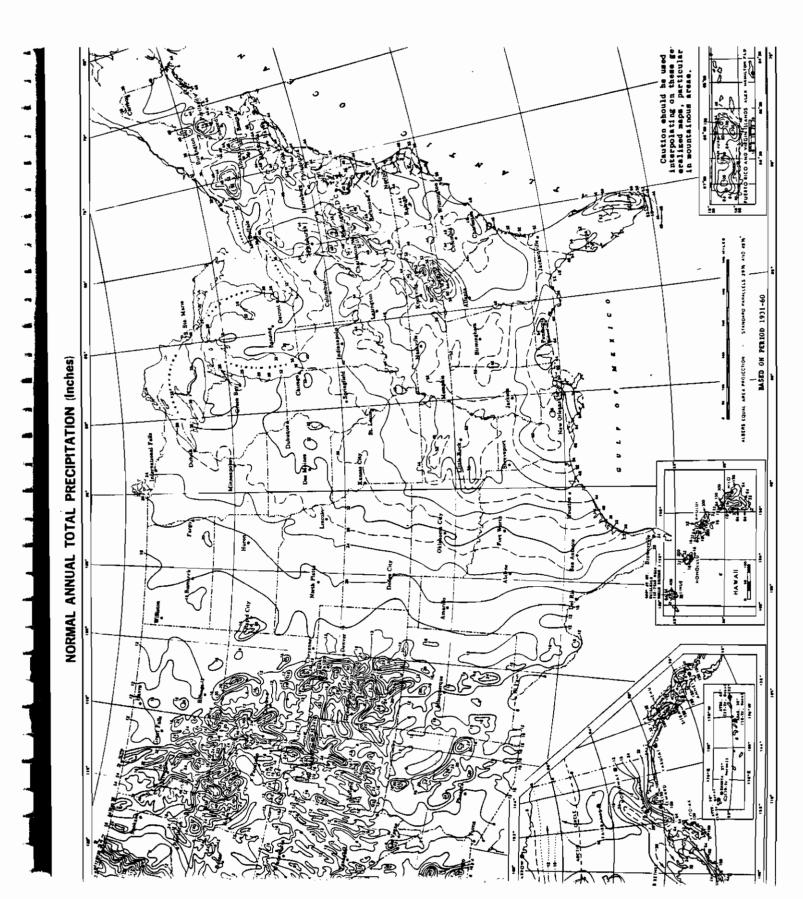
Attachments

ironmental Science Services Administration

Environmental Data Service



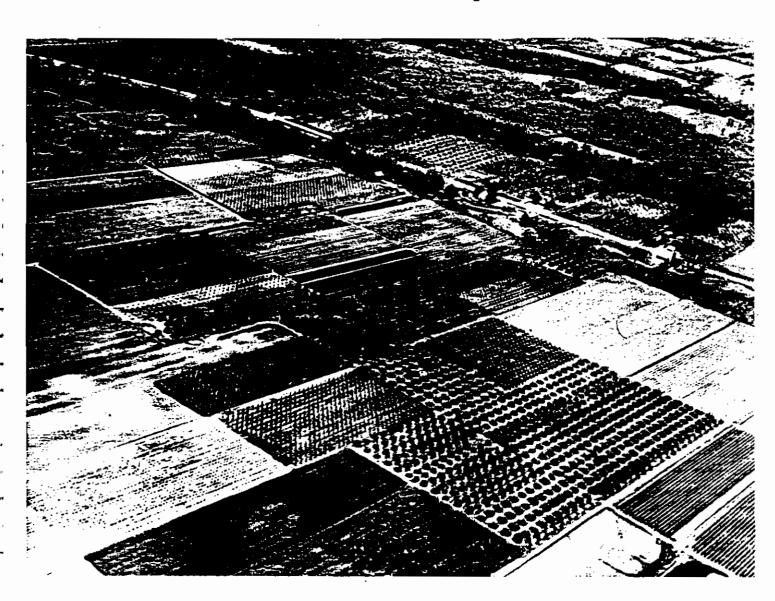






SOIL SURVEY OF

Niagara County, New York



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SELATOR



United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service In cooperation with Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station

Issued October 1972



GUIDE TO MAPPING UNITS

To obtain a complete description of a mapping unit, it is necessary to read the description of the mapping unit and the description of the soil series to which it belongs. In referring to a capability unit or a woodland group, read the introduction to the section it is in for general information about its management. Other information in this soil survey is in tables as follows:

Estimated yields, tables 1, 2, and 3 pp. 27 through 36.
Woodland, table 4, page 38.
Wildlife, table 5, page 43.

Engineering uses of soils, tables 6, 7, and 8, pp. 48 through 97.
Nonfarm uses of soils, table 9, page 100.

Мар		Described on	Capabil unit		Woodl gro	-
symbol	Mapping units	page	Symbol	Page	Symbol	Page
Ad	Alluvial land	122	Vw-1	25		
Af	Altmar loamy fine sand	123	IIw-1	19	451	4
Am	Altmar gravelly fine sandy loam	123	IIw-l	19	451	4
AnA	Appleton gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	124	IIIw-1	21	3w2	41
ApA	Appleton silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	124	IIIw-l	21	3w2	4
ArB	Arkport very fine sandy loam, 0 to 6 percent slopes	125	IIs-2	18	201	3:
ArC	Arkport very fine sandy loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	126	IIIe-3	20	201	3.
AsA	Arkport fine sandy loam, gravelly substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes	126	IIs-1	18	201	3:
AsB	Arkport fine sandy loam, gravelly substratum, 2 to 6 percent slopes	126	IIs-2	18	201	
BoA	Bombay fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes		IIw-2			34
		127		19	301	31
BoB	Bombay fine sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	127	IIe-3	17	301	34
BrA	Brockport silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	129	II Iw-2	22] 3w1	40
Ca	Canandaigua silt loam	129	IIIw-3	22	4w1	4(
СЬ	Canandaigua silty clay loam	130	IIIw-3	22	4w1	40
CcA	Cayuga and Cazenovia silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes-	131	IIw-2	19	201	38
CcB CcC	Cayuga and Cazenovia silt loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes- Cayuga and Cazenovia silt loams, 6 to 12 percent	131	IIe-3	17	201	38
	slopes	131	IIIe-1	20	201	38
CeA	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	132	IIw-2	19	201	38
CeB	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	132	IIe-3	17	201	38
CgA	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, shale substratum, 0 to 3 percent slopes					
CgB	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, shale substratum, 3 to 8	133	IIw-2	19	201	38
CL.	percent slopes	133	IFe-3	17	201	38
Ch	Cheektowaga fine sandy loam	134	IIIw-3	22	5w1	40
ClA	Churchville silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	135	IIIw-2	22	3w1	40
C1B	Churchville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	135	IIIw-5	23	3w1	40
CmA	Claverack loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	136	IIw-1	19	3s1	40
CmB	Claverack loamy fine sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	136	IIw-l	19	3s1	40
CnA	Collamer silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	138	IIw-2	19	201	38
CnB	Collamer silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	138	IIe-2	17	201	38
Co8	Colonie loamy fine sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes	139	IIIs-1	21	451	40
Cs	Cosad fine sandy loam	140	IIIw-4	23	4w1	40
Cu	Cut and fill land	140				
DuB	Dunkirk silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	141	IIe-2	17	201	38
DuC3	Dunkirk silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	141	IVe-2	24	2 r 1	38
DvD3	Dunkirk and Arkport soils, 12 to 20 percent slopes,	142	VIe-1	25	2r3	38
E1A	Elnora loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	143	IIw-1	19	451	40
E1B	Elnora loamy fine sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	143	IIw-1	19	451	40
FaA	Farmington silt loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	144	IIIs-2	21	5d1	40
Fo	Fonda mucky silt loam	145	IVw-1	24	5w1	40
Fr	Fredon gravelly loam	146	IIIw-1			40
Gn A	Galen very fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes			21	3w2	38
Gn B		147	IIw-1	19	201	38
	Galen very fine sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	147	IIw-1	19	201	38
Ha	Hamlin silt loam	148	IIw-3	19	202	
HgA	Hilton gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	150	IIw-2	19	201	38 18
HgB	Hilton gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	150	11e-3	17	201	38



THE REPORT OF THE PERSON OF TH

GUIDE TO MAPPING UNITS--Continued

1				Capabi l	ity	kood1	
•	Мар		Described on	unit		gro	P
	symbol	Mapping unit	page	Symbol Symbol	Page	Symbol Symbol	Page
	H1A	Hilton silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	150	IIw-2	19	201	
	H1B	Hilton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	150	IIe-3	17	201	3 3
	HmA	Hilton and Cayuga silt loams, limestone substratum, 0	150		• ,		38
	I I - D	to 3 percent slopes	151	IIw-2	19 -	201	*
	Hm B	Hilton and Cayuga silt loams, limestone substratum, 3 to 8 percent slopes	151	IIe-3	17	201	
	HoA	Howard gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	152	IIs-1	18	201	14
	Ho B	Howard gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	152	IIs-2	18	201	, X
	HoC	Howard gravelly loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	153	IIIe-2	20	201	, Ja
	Hs B	Hudson silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	154	IIe-2	. 17	201	.
	HtC3	Hudson silty clay loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes,		IVe-2			¥
	HuF3	Hudson soils, 20 to 45 percent slopes, eroded	154	VIe-1	24	2r1	, u
	LaB	Lairdsville silt loam, 0 to 6 percent slopes	154	IIe-4	25	2r3	, L
	Lc	Lakemont silty clay loam	155	IVw-1	17	301	ּוּע
		Lamson very fine sandy loam	156 158	IIIw-3	24	5w1 4w1	4:
	Lg	Lamson fine sandy loam, gravelly substratum	158	111w-3	22		4:
	Lo	Lockport silt loam		IIIw-2	22	4w1	4:
	Ma	Madalin silt loam	159	IVw-1	22	3wl Swl	4: ;
	Md	Madalin silt loam, loamy subsoil variant	161		24	5w1	40
	Me	Made land	162	IVw-1	24	5w1	40 3
	Mf	Massena fine sandy loam	162	l		72	•••]
	Mn	Minoa very fine sandy loam	163	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40 3
	Ms	Muck, shallow	164	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40 🛊
			165	IVw-2	24	7	}
	Na A	Niagara silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	166	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40
	NaB	Niagara silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	166	IIIw-5	23	3w2	40
	OdA	Odessa silty clay lam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	167	IIIw-2	22	3w1	40]
	OdB	Odessa silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	167	IIIw-5	23	3w1	10
	On B	Ontario loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	169	IIe-l	16	201	38
		Ontario loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	169	IIIe-l	20	201	35
	OnC3	Ontario loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	169	IVe-1	23	201	35
	OnD3 OoA	Ontario loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes, erodedOntario loam, limestone substratum, 0 to 3 percent	169	VIe-1	25	2r2	38
	ОоВ	Ontario loam, limestone substratum, 3 to 8 percent	170	I-1	16	201	38
	005	slopes	170	110-1	16	201	7.0
	OsA	Otisville gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	170	IIe-l IIIs-l	16	201 4s1	35
	Os B	Otisville gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	171	IIIs-1	21	451	40
	OvA	Ovid silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	171 172	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40 40
	OvB	Ovid silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes		IIIw-5	21	3w2	40
. 1	OwA	Ovid silt loam, limestone substratum, 0 to 3 percent	173		23		
	OwB	Ovid silt loam, limestone substratum, 3 to 8 percent	173	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40
		slopes	173	IIIw-5	23	3w2	40
0 .	PsA	Phelps gravelly loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	174	I1w-2	19	201	38
rime	RaA	Raynham silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	175	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40
12	RaB	Raynham silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	176	IIIw-5	23	3w2	40
5	RbA	Rhinebeck silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	177	IIIw-2	22	3w1	40
r 4	RbB RhA	Rhinebeck silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	177	IIIw-5	23	3w1	40
-	DL D	percent slopes	177	I1Iw-2	22	3w1	40
	RhB	Rhinebeck silty clay loam, sandy substratum, 2 to 6 percent slopes	178	 	23	3w1	40
_	Rk	Rhinebeck silt loam, thick surface variant	179	IIIw-2	22	3w1	40
	RoA	Rock land, nearly level	179	VIIIs-1	25		
***	RoF	Rockland, steep	179	VIIIs-1	25		
	ShB	Schoharie silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	181	IIe-4	17	201	38
-	St	Stafford loamy fine sand	182	11 Iw-4	23	4w1	40
	Su	Stafford loamy fine sand, gravelly substratum	182	111w-4	23	4w1	40
	Sw	Sun silt loam	183	IVw-1	23	4w1	40
	Wa	Wayland silt loam	184	11 Iw-6	23	4w1	40
_					-5	I	٠.



							
0-41 1	Depth	Depth to seasonal	Part.	· ·		Available	ure Reaction
Soil series and map symbols	to bedrock	high	2	No. 200 (0.07 ¹ 4 mm.)	Permeability	moisture capacity	
,	Feet	Feet	1		Inches per hour	Inches per inch of depth	<u>144</u>
Minoa: Mn	6+	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		15-90	0.63-6.3	0.06-0.20	5.6-7.3
				15-90	0.63-6.3	0.06-0.20	5.6-7.3
				(<u>1</u> /)	(1/)	(1/)	
Niagara: NaA, NaB	6+	<u>1</u> -1		35-90	0.63-2.0	0.12-0.20	6.1-7.3
				65-95	<0.63		6.6-7.6+
Odessa: OdA, OdB	6+	1/2-1		65-95 75 - 100	0.20-2.0 <0.20	0.15-0.20 0.13-0.17	6.1-7.3 6.1-7.6+
Ontario: OnB, OnC, OnC3, OnD3, OoA, OoB. Mapping units OoA and OoB have the same properties as the other units, except they are underlain by limestone bedrock at a depth of 3½ to 6 feet.	6+	3+	: :	30-80 20-70	0.63-2.0 <0.63	0.10-0.20 0.10-0.20	5.6-7.3 5.6-7.6+
Otisville: OsA, OsB	6+	3+		10-45	>6.3	0.05-0.12	5.1-7.3
_	•			10-30	>6.3	0.02-0.06	5.6-7.3
			5	0-25	>6.3		6.1-7.6+
Ovid: OvA, OvB, OwA, OwB Mapping units OwA and OwB	6+	1/2-1		45-90 60-80	0.63-2.0 <0.63	0.14-0.20 0.13-0.16	5.6-7.3 6.1-7.6+
have the same properties as the other units, except they are underlain by limestone bedrock at a depth of 3½ to 6 feet.		ê		40-65	<0.20		7.6+
helps: PsA	6+	13-2	5	25-75	0.63-6.3	0.09-0.14	5.6-7.3
		33	N 🐞	(1/)	(1/)	(1/)	(1/)
aynham silt loam: RaA, RaB	6+	1/2 = 1/2 = (3)	100 S	50-95 45-85	0.63-2.0 0.63-6.3	0.15-0.20 0.11-0.16	5.6-7.3 6.1-7.6
				`			

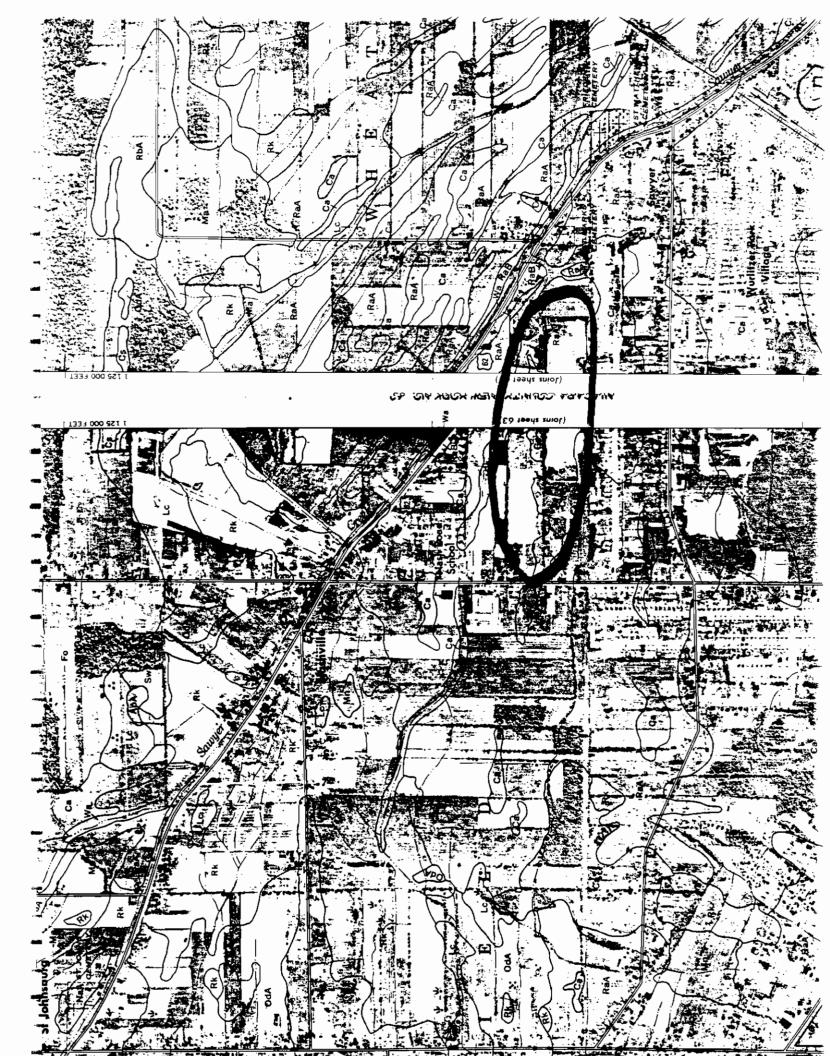
See footnotes at end of table.



[Alluvial land (Ad), Cut and fill land (Cu), Made land estimate was not made. The sign > means more than; is made up of two or more kinds of soil. The soils in such mapping units may have different properties that appear in the first column of this table]

			, in	.*.*			
Soil series and map symbols	Depth to bedrock	Depth to seasonal high water table		10. 200 (0.074 mm.)	Permeability	Available moisture capacity	Reaction
	<u>Feet</u>	Feet			Inches per hour	Inches per inch of depth	<u>pH</u>
Altmar: Af, Am	6+	1 1 2-2		15- 50	>6.3	0.05-0.13	5.5-7.0
				15-30 0-30	>6.3 >6.3	0.02-0.07	5.5-7.0 7.0-7.6+
Appleton: AnA, ApA	3 1 +	1/2-1		25- 80	0.63-2.0	0.09-0.18	6.0-7.0
		,		50-80 30-70	0.63-2.0 <0.63	0.13-0.18	6.0-7.0 7.6+
Arkport: ArB, ArC, AsA, AsB	6+	- 2] -3		25- 60	2.0-6.3	0.07-0.15	5.0-6.5
Properties are for ArB and ArC. Mapping units AsA and				20- 60	2.0-6.3	0.07-0.15	5.6-7.3
AsB have the same properties as ArB and ArC, except they are underlain by gravelly layers below a depth of 40 inches. Estimates are variable for these layers.			H	20- 85	2.0-6.3		6.6-7.6+
Bombay: BoA, BoB	5+	1 <u>1</u> -2		35-75	2.0-6.3+	0.09-0.20	5.6-7.3
			5	20-6 5	2.0-6.3+	0.03-0.15	5.6-7.3
			3	20-80	0.20-0.63	0.05-0.20	6.1-7.3
				25-65	< 0.63		7.6+
Brockport: BrA	2-3 1	1 2-1	88	50 - 95 7 0-95	6.3-2.0 <0.20	0.13-0.20 0.12-0.17	6.0-7.0 6.5-7.5
Canandaigua: Ca, Cb	·6+	0- 1	200	65-95	0.63-2.0	0.15-0.20	6.6-7.6+
			V	\ <u>`</u>	(<u>1</u> /)	(<u>1</u> /)	(<u>1</u> /)
			1				
				 -			

See footnotes at end of table.



6

NAME OF LANDFILL

NIAGARA SANITATION COMPANY (DEC #932054)

LUCATION .

Nash Road, Town of Wheatfield

The site is estimated to be about seven acres in size and located north of the Niagara Hohavk easement which straddles the North Tonawanda - Wheatfield town line. The site extends from the eastern end of the access road running from Nash Road approximately 350 yards east to the fork in the power easement [Tower #365]. The site is estimated to be 120 yards wide at the western end tapering to about 10 yards wide at the eastern end.

The landfill location and extent are shown on the attached

OWNERSHIP

drawing.

The property is owned by the Town of Wheatfield.

HISTURY

This landfill was used by the Niagara Sanitation Company for waste disposal from 1964 to 1968. The refuse site was used for both industrial and municipal refuse. The site received refuse from Niagara Falls Air Force Base, Bell Aerospace, Carborundum, Frontier Chemical, Graphite Specialties, Continental Can and Grief Bros. Wastes disposed of may include caustics, plating tank sludge and municipal wastes.

Historical information was obtained from <u>Hazardous Waste</u> <u>Disposal Sites in New York State</u>, Volume 3, NYS DEC.

INVESTIGATION

A site visit was made by Mr. M.E. Hopkins of the Niagara County Health Department on June 11, 1981. The site was found to be poorly covered with protruding refuse. Visible items included rubber blocks, tubes and hoses, tires, concrete fragments and other demolition debris, broken glass, ash, wood, rusted cans and pieces of graphite rods. Also found were what appeared to be remnants of steel drums. There was evidence of some unauthorized dumping after the site was closed. Access to the site was not restricted.

Red-brown (rust-colored) stains were found on vegetation and soil in numerous locations around the perimeter of the site, particularly along the northern and western edges. Additional stained areas were found throughout the marshes and other low points within the site. Although most of these stained areas were dry, two areas were found beneath standing water. It was noted that although the ground was stained beneath the water, the water was not discolored. No flowing leachate streams were found. The sampling well was not found on the June 11th visit. A well was found on June19th on a subsequent visit. The well was located 20 feet east of Niagara Mohawk Tower #363. The location is shown on the attached drawing. The well had apparently been

(6)

INVESTIGATION (continued)

vandalized. The upper standpipe had been broken off at ground level and the well had, therefore, been left uncovered. The well may still be useable for sampling.

No evidence of landfill activity was noted east of Hiagara Mohawk Tower #365. However, USDA aerial photographs (ARE 3V-75;1966) indicate that the landfilled area may extend 300 to 400 ft. east of Tower #365.

SOILS

The soils surrounding the site are Raynham and Canandaigua series soils. The composition of the soil contained with the site itself is not known, although it is expected to be largely composed of refuse. The surface is generally a silty clay material with some sand in spots. Portions of the site are marshy while others appear well drained, indicating that the soil may not be uniform throughout the site. Boring records of the sampling well immediately south of the site, indicate a profile of silty sand and sandy silt to a depth of about 9 feet over clay to an unknown depth. The records also show the water table at 4 feet. This suggests that the water table may be perched. Fluctuations of the water table are not known.

CONCLUSIONS

The potential for the migration of contaminants off-site is present. Visible leachate stains and the odor in the well south of the landfill indicate that material may be leaching in perched groundwater. Permeable soils in some areas could allow lateral migration. The site requires proper closing. The proximity of houses along Forbes Road and potential for migration justify sampling at this site.

SAMPLING

Well and soil samples were taken for THO, heavy metals an phenol analysis. It was noted at the time of sampling, that the water draw the well was discolored gray and strongly odorous with an organic odor. I slight oily sheen was present on the surface of the sample. Two soil same were taken near Towers #364 and #365. These samples were taken from the of hand augered holes roughly 4 feet deep. The boring near pole #364 in a gray silt over a darker gray silty clay layer at the point of samplir second boring showed a tan silty clay over clay at about 4 feet. The was taken from this interface. Groundwater was encountered slightly '4 foot level in both holes.

RECOMMENDATIONS

This site must be properly closed. Additional along the Niagara Nohawk easement would be desireable to facility sampling. The existing well should be maintained. Annual inspermentaring is recommended. The Town of Wheatfield was notified abatement plan for the site.



SUMMARY OF SAMPLES TAKEN

	-					NEAREST
4	SAMPLE	# LOCATION	TYPE	PARAMETER	DATE	HOUR
•,,	1	Gradivick # 13	well	Hetals	7/16/81	11:00
	. 2	Grativick # 10	well	Hetals	7/16/81	11:00
	3	Gratwick # 11	well	Hetals	7/16/81	11:00
- 14	4	Grativick # 12	ひととと	Metals	7/16/81	11:00
	5	Gratwick # 13	well	TIIO	7/16/81	11:00
**	6	Gratwick # 10	well	THO	7/16/81	11:00
	7	Grativick # 11	ひとしん	7110	7/16/81	11:00 -
	8	Gratwick # 12	well	TIIO	7/16/81	11:00
**	9	Nia Sanitation	well	Hetals	7/16/81	1:00
· #	10	Nia. Sanitation i	well	TIIO	7/16/81	1:00
•	11	,, , · Zimnerman	well	TIIO	7/16/81	12:00
140	12	1. 1.dey, Old Falls	well	THO	7/16/81	12:00
	13	Artpark	Leachate	Hetals	7/17/81	12:00
**	14	Artpark	Leachate	THO	7/17/81	12:00
42	15	PASNY .	Soil	Hetals	7/21/81	10:00
	16	PASNY	Soil	TIIO	7/21/81	10:00
ė.	17	Nia. Sanitatión	Soil	Hetals	7/24/81	12:00
-sile	18	Nia: Sanitation.	Soil	THO	7/24/81	12:00
-	19	Nia. Sanitation	Soil	Hetals	7/24/81	12:00
~~	20	lia. Sanitation	Soil	THO	7/24/81.	12:00
	21	Walch Road	Soil	THO	7/24/81	12:00
aui	22	Grativick # 13	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
***	23	Grativick # 10	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
	24	Gratwick # 11	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
760	25	Gratwick # 12	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
	26	Zimmerman	well	Phenol	8/12/81	11:00
7.34	27	Old Falls	well	Phenol	8/12/81	11:00
- 145	28	[Nia: Sanitation	tell	Phenol	8/12/81	12:00
	29	Olin-Industrial	Soil	THO,TOC	9/07/81	12:00
40,344		welding .		Lindane		

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SAMPLES TAKEN AT GRATWICK - RIVERSIDE PARK

711111111111111111111111111111111111111	- 11-511-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	
WELL # 10		
Sample # 2	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead; total Mercury, total Nickle, total	L.T. 0.1 HG/L L.T. 0.1 HG/L L.T. 0.4 HCG/L	
Sample # 6	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
THO :	35 NCG/L	
Sample #24	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
Ph enol	3 HG/L	
WELL # 11	•	
Sample # 3	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead, total Mercury, total Nickle; total	L.T. 0.1 MG/L L.T. 0.4 MCG/L	· .
Sample # 7	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
тно -	Less than 1 MCG/L	
Sample # 25	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
Phenol	3 MG/L	•
WELL # 12		
Sample # 4	Sampled 11:00	· 7/16/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead, total Mercury, total Nickle, total	L.T. 0.02 MG/L L.T. 0.1 MG/L L.T. 0.1 MG/L L.T. 0.4 MCG/L L.T. 0.05 MG/L	
Sample # 8	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
тно	4 HCG/L	
Sample # 26	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
_, ,		

Phenols

0.2

HG/L

GRATWICK - RIVERSIDE PARK (continued)

WELL # 13

Sample # 1	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead, total Mercury, total Nickle, total	L.T. 0.02 HG/L L.T. 0.1 HG/L 0.1 HG/L L.T. 0.4 HCG/L 0.05 HG/L	
Sample # 5	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
THO .	18 MCG/L	
Sample # 22	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
Phenols	17 MG/L	

RESULTS OF SAMPLES TAKEN AT NIAGARA SANITATION SITE

WELL" SAMPLES

-		
Sample # 9	Sampled 1:00	7/16/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead, total Mercury, total Nickle, total	L.T. 0.02 MG/L L.T. 0.1 MG/L 0.2 MG/L L.T. 0.4 MCG/L 0.12 MG/L	
Sample # 10	Sampled 1:00°	7/16/81
ТНО	4 AICG/L	
Sample # 28	Sampled, 12:00	8/12/81
Phenol	0.008 NG/L	

ISOIL SAMPLES ,

``[`

Samples # 17,18,19 & 20 all Sampled 10:00 7/24/81 Samples # 17 & 18 Hetals - Results not yet available Sample # 19 L.T. 10 PPB THO Sample # 20 L.T. 10 PPB THO or had

RESULTS OF SAMPLES TAKEN AT ARTPARK

LEACHATE SAMPLES

Sample # 13	Sampled 1:00	7/17/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead, total Nickle, total Mercury, total	0.02 HG/L 0.1 HG/L 0.5 HG/L 0.73 HG/L L.T. 0.4 HCG/L	
Sample # 14	Sampled 1:00 _	7/17/81
ТНО	47 MCG/L	•

RESULTS OF SAMPLES TAKEN AT HOLIDAY PARK

WELL SAMPLES

WELL # 4

Sample # 11(Zimmerman) Sampled 12:00 7/16/81

THO 4 MG/L

Sample # 26 Sampled 11:00 8/12/81

Phenols 2 .008 MG/L

WELL # 8 *

Sample # 12 (Old Falls) Sampled 12:00 7/16/81

THO 3 NCG/L

Sample # 27 Sampled 11:00 8/12/81

Phenol .01 NG/L

SOIL SAMPLES

Sample # 21 Walch Road Sampled 12:00 7/24/81

THO Less than 10 PPB

NIAGARA SANITATION	In Molinuli Ower #365 Trees
NASH ROAD SITE	X S L
(DEC # 932054) - (3)	
Approx. Scale. 1: 3600 (All distances astimated) (All distances astimated)	SANTUES SOUTH
100yd 0 100yd 200yd 200y	MOHAWK
W - Marsh Area { - Treeline	ARA Z
- Powerlines	NIAG
L - Red - Brown Leachate	RESI.
lope - downword toward SE ((1%)	HS GARDEN
only by Mi. Hopkins NCHD	AYED ROAD PO
Richael Hoplins Z	<u>awa</u>

NASH ROAD

Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Site Ranking System

A Users Manual (HW-10)

Originally Published in the July 16, 1982, Federal Register

United States Protection Agency

1984

Table I (cont.)

Chemical/Compound	Ground Water and Surface Water Pathway Values	Air Pathway Values
Fluorine	18	9
Formaldehyde	9	9
Formic Acid	9	6
Heptachlor	18	9
Hexachlorobenzene	1.5	6
Hexachlorobutadiene	18	9
Hexachlorocyclohexane,	18	9
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		ģ
Hydrochloric Acid	9	6
Hydrogen Sulfide	18	9
nyarogen barrice	10	,
Indene	12	6
Iron & Compounds, NOS	18	9
Isophorone	12	6
Isopropyl Ether	9	3
Topicp) I denot	,	J
Kelthane	15	6
Kepone	18	ğ
• •		
Lead	18	9
Lindane	18	9
Magnesium & Compounds,		-
NOS	_. 15	6
Manganese & Compounds, NOS		_
	18	9
Mercury	18	9
Mercury Chloride	18	9
Methorychlor	15	6
4, 4-Methylene-Bis-(2-		
Chloroaniline)	18	9
Methylene Chloride	12	6
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	6	6 6
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	12	
4-Methyl-2-Nitroaniline	12	9 9
Methyl Parathion	9	
2-Methylpyridine	12	6 9
Mirex	18	9

~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Table I (cont.)

,		
	Ground Water and Surface Water	Air Pathway
Chemical/Compound	Pathway Values	Values
Chromium, Trivalent		_
(Cr ⁺³)	15	6
Copper & Compounds,	18	9
Creosote	15	6
Cresols	9	6
4-Cresol	12	ğ
Cupric chloride	18	9
Cyanides (soluble		•
salts), NOS	12	9
Cyclohexane	12	6
DDE	18	9
DDT	18	. 9
Diaminotoluene	18	6
Dibromochloromethane	15	6
1, 2-Dibromo, 3-		
chloropropane	18	9
Di-N-Butyl-Phthalate	18	6
1, 4-Dichlorobenzene	15	6
Dichlorobenzene, NOS 1, 1-Dichloroethane	18	6
1, 2-Dichloroethane	12 12	6 9
1, 1-Dichloroethene	15	9
1, 2-cis-Dichloro-	٠ .	9
ethylene	12	3
1, 2-trans-Dichloro-	**	٠,
ethylene	12	3
Dichloroethylene, NOS	12	3 3
2, 4-Dichlorophenol	18	6
2, 4-Dichlorophenoxyacet	ic	
Acid	18	9
Dicyclopentadiene Dieldrin	18	9
	18	9 9 9 9
2, 4-Dinitrotoluene Dioxin	15	
DIOXIN	18	9
Endosulfan	18	9
Endrin	18 ~	
Ethylbenzene	9	9 6
Ethylene Dibromide	18	9
Ethylene Glycol	9	6
Ethyl Ether	15	9 6 3 6
Ethylmethacrylate	12	6

2 2 1987

ES SYRACUSE



NIAGARA COUNTY

HEALTH DEPARTMENT
HUMAN RESOURCES BUILDING
MAIN POST OFFICE BOX 428
10th AND EAST FALLS STREET
NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK 14302

October 21, 1987

Engineering-Science Inc. 290 Elwood Davis Road Liverpool, NY 13088

Attention:

Ms. Elizabeth Dobson

Dear Ms. Dobson:

Attached are the corrected interview sheets you requested.

I can be contacted with any questions at (716) 284-3128.

Sincerely,

Michael E. Hopkins

Ass't. Public Health Engineer

MEH: CS



INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE Mr. Mike Hopkins - Niggra County Dept. of Health
TITLE - POSITION Assistant Public Health Engineer
ADDRESS Main Post Office Box 428, 10th & East Falls St.
CITY Niagra Falls STATE NY ZIP 14302 -
PHONE (716) 284-3124 RESIDENCE PERIOD
LOCATION Niagra Falls INTERVIEWER dig Bobson
DATE/TIME October 8, 1987 / 1000 AM
SUBJECT: groundwater use in vicinity of Phase II sites: Nash Road,
Chisholm Ryder and Buffelo Pumps.
REMARKS: During our telephone conversation, Hr. Hopkins related the
following information:
Buffalo Pumps - drinking source is public whersupply water.
There are no residential wells within a 3 mile
radius A Formy of N. Tongulanda and Town of
Wheatfield receive drinking water from Niagta
River. There are no industrial or agricultural
wells in the vicinity of the site.
Chisholm Ryder - four family homes located on Fennsylvania Ave (Town of Nicopa)
and Delaware Ave near Rte. 31 have shallow dug
wells as their drinking water supply. These families
are in the process of being hooked up to public
7.11. > Wher supply lives
This should will Analyses of wells showed high bacterial content
Describing and some low volatile concentrations. Wells are
probably upgradient of chishalm Ryder site.
Also in Town of Nigory Wher District is a
provilence > Junkyard (location?) which has a well that
is not used for drinking but is used as wash
water' 2 wells which exist on Bellvadeer Ave.
are now abandoned. No industrial wells

ji.

INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE Mr. Mike Hopkins - Ningra County Health Dept.
TITLE - POSITION Assistant Public Health Engineer
ADDRESS Main Post Office Box 428, 10th & East St.
CITY Niagra Falls STATE NY ZIP 14302
PHONE (916) 884 - 3184 . RESIDENCE PERIOD
LOCATION Niagra Falls INTERVIEWER Lig Bobson
DATE/TIME OCT 08, 1987 / 10:00 AM
Chisholm Ryder and Buffalo Pumps.
REMARKS:
Nash Road - Town of North Tonguanda is on public
woter supply, no private drinking wells.
Doesn't think Town of Wheatfield has any
private drinking/municipal wells, this must
be checked with town of wheatfield
Water Authority
Other information: General Redrock info for N. Tonawanda:
Camillus Shale, approx 30 feet to top of
bodrock: Overlain by Till, overlain
by clay.
as wirefully 10/1587
- 11/1 Sup 9/ Nav

N. TONA. 693-4262



TOWN OF WHEATFIELD WATER DISTRICT

Norman A. Walck Water Superintendent 3113 NIAGARA FALLS BOULEVARD N. TONAWANDA, NEW YORK 14120 9

October 28, 1987

To Whom It May Concern:

According to our records, the following residences are not supplied water by the Town of Wheatfield. We assume their water requirements are supplied by wells.

Mrs. Walck 2083 Lockport Rd. Niagara Falls, NY 14304

Ronald Fritz 2469 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

Carl Goerss 3454 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

R. Billing 3660 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

F. Wrazin 3601 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

Roy Kunselman 3846 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

A. Kaufman 3892 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132 W. Hauck 3920 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

G. LeRoy 3926 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

Mr./Mrs. Sadowski 3942 Lockport Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

D. Churpita 7496 Townline Rd. No.Tonawanda, NY 14120

A. Barney 6080 Shawnee Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

E. Labuszewski 6765 Shawnee Rd. No. Tonawanda, NY 14120

S. Labuszewski 6777 Shawnee Rd. No.Tonawanda, NY 14120 Erv Wendt 6913 Shawnee Rd. No.Tonawanda, NY 14120

Mr./Mrs. Masters 3260 Hoover Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

L. Hoover 6022 Hoover Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

John Nagy 6689 Nash Rd. No.Tonawanda, NY 14120

R. Zastrow 7116 Nash Rd. No.Tonawanda, NY 14120

E. Diehe 3125 Niagara Falls Blvd. No.Tonawanda, NY 14120

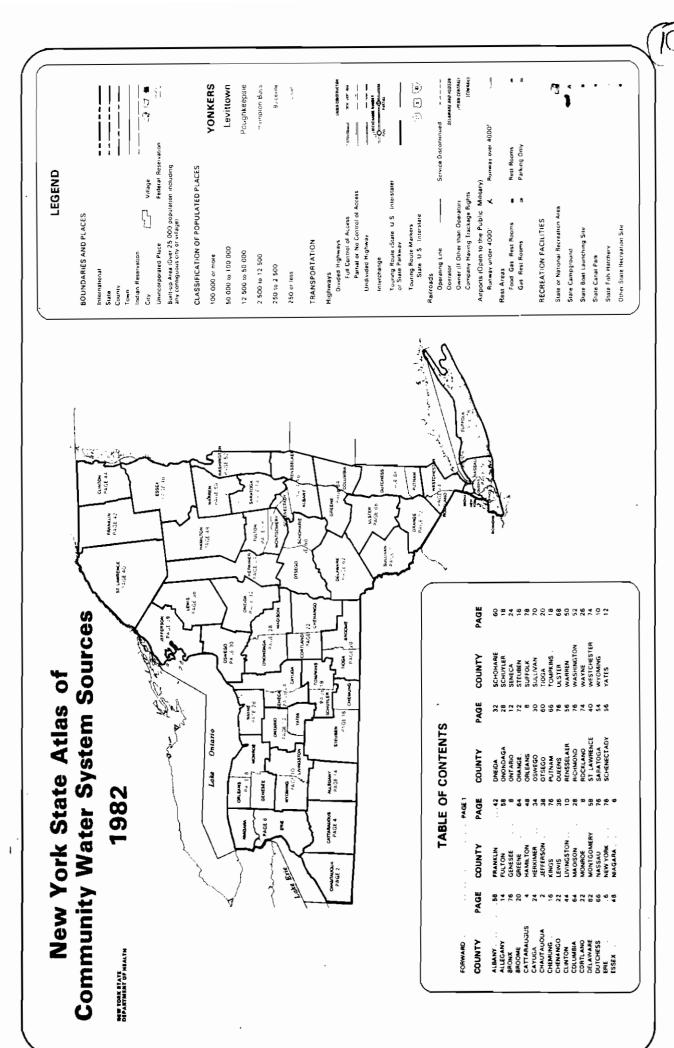
A. Priest 6185 Ward Rd. Sanborn, NY 14132

W. Smith 6827 Ward Rd. No.Tonawanda, NY 14120

Yours truly,

Norman A. Walck Water Superintendent

NAW/dw





ERIE COUNTY

	Lake Erie Lake Erie Nagara River - East Branch Nagara River - East Branch Nagara River - East Branch Nagara River - Hest Branch Lake Erie
	EBSC FBSC VONC FBSC FBSC FBSC FBSC FBSC FBSC FBSC FBS
	, ,,,,
	Lake Erie Lake Erie Kells Kell
8	
SOURCE	Lease Errice Lease S Kells Kel
POPULATION	79 Co. 3440 19460 19460 187870 1886 Erie 2704 19816 1990 2704 1990 2704 1990 2704 1990 1
Ē	8
HO COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEM Business Community	Akron VIIIage (See Wo 1 Wyomi Page 10). Alden VIIIage. Buffel City Olivision of Water Confere Water Consulty. Collins Water Districts #1 and Eric County Water Districts #1 and Eric County Water Authority. Eric County Water Authority. Eric County Water Authority. Eve County Water Authority. Eve County Water Authority. Eve County Water Olivici. Laylona Water Olivici. Laylona Water Olivici. Laylona Water Olivici. Laylona Water Olivici. Mingara County Water Olivici. Ningara County Water Olivici. North Collins Village. Springville VIllage. Springville VIllage. Springville VIllage. Tonswanda Water Olivici. Tonswanda Water Olivici.
5 5 1	

Nos-Municipal Community

22 Aurora Mobise Park. 125. Wells 23 Bush Gardens Mobise Park. 270. Wells 24 Circle Sourt Mobise Park. 270. Wells 25 Circle Court Mobise Park. 120. Wells 26 Covanda State Mobise Park. 120. Wells 27 Domasly's Mobise Home Park. 120. Wells 28 Hilside Ecsaes. 160. Wells 29 Hilside Ecsaes. 160. Wells 30 Hinterors Creek Mobise Home Park. 150. Wells 31 Map le Grove Traiss Court. 72. Wells 32 Map le Grove Traiss Court. 75. Wells 34 Milgrove Mobise Park. 100. Wells 35 Springville Mobise Park. 400. Wells 36 Springville Mobise Park. 132. Wells 37 Springvood Mobise Village. 132. Wells 38 Taylors Grove Traiss Park. 132. Wells 39 Vells Wolle Village. 132. Wells 39 Vells Apartments. 400. Wells 30 Vells Apartments. 400. Wells 31 Vells Apartments. 400. Wells 32 Wells Wolls Village. 400. Wells 33 Vells Villager Apartments. 400. Wells 36 Wells Wells Wells Wells Wells Wells Wells 39 Vells Wells							Lake													
Aurora Hobita Park Bark Gardens Hobie Home Park Circle Court. Creeks de Mraiser Court. Creeks de Mobile Home Park Covanda State Hospital. Hilside Estates. Khora Apartments. Munders Creek Hobita Home Park. Khora Apartments. Misser Trailer Park. Misser Trailer Park. Misser Mobile Park. Springvolle Mobile Park. Springvolle Mobile Park. Springvolle Mobile Park. Villagar Apartments.	. Hells	Wells	Wells.	Wells.	Yells.	Hells.		Wells.	Wells	Wells.	Hells	Wells	Weils	Hells.	Helis	HB 115	Wells.	Wells	SI TOM.	
Aurora Hobita Park Bark Gardens Hobie Home Park Circle Court. Creeks de Mraiser Court. Creeks de Mobile Home Park Covanda State Hospital. Hilside Estates. Khora Apartments. Munders Creek Hobita Home Park. Khora Apartments. Misser Trailer Park. Misser Trailer Park. Misser Mobile Park. Springvolle Mobile Park. Springvolle Mobile Park. Springvolle Mobile Park. Villagar Apartments.	•																			
6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Mobile Park	rdens Mobile Home	8 Trailer	Court Mobil	ide Mobile Home	Jy's Hobi	State	de Estatus,	Creek Mobile Home Park	Apartments	le Grove Trailer Court.	Mobile	Trailer	HILL ESCE	Ille Mobile		Taylors Grove Trailer Park	View Mobile	L	
	55	23	24	25	56	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	04	

NIAGARA COUNTY

01	ID NO COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEM	POPULATION	SOURCE
¥	Municipal Community		
-	Lockport City (See No 12, Eria Co). 25000 Middleport Villago 2000Wells (Springs) Niegera County Water District	e Co). 25000	. Wells (Springs)
2	Kisse No 13, Erie Co)	No 14 77384.	N. (See No. 1); Erie Co)
	Non-Municipal Community 3 Country Estates Mobile Vitinge28 Weils	ge28.	

ENGINEERING INVESTIGATIONS AT INACTIVE HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES



PHASE II INVESTIGATION

VOLUME 1

Nash Road Landfill

Site No. 932054

Town of Wheatfield

Niagara County

Date: July 1985



Prepared for: New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233 Henry G. Williams, Commissioner

Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste Norman H. Nosenchuck, P.E., *Director*

By:

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE

In Association With

DAMES & MOORE



that flow direction within the shallow aquifer to follow the contours of the underlying clay unit. Again, this clay unit has been partially excavated in the trench, thereby providing a connection between the upper aquifer and trench water, and, by extension, possibly into the lower aquifer.

Contamination

Contamination of the environment within the site boundaries has been evaluated by chemical analyses of surface water, sediment, and groundwater samples and an HNU air quality survey. Migration of contamination away from the site is assessed by chemical analyses of surface water and one nearby (unused) residential well, as well as our interpretation of groundwater and surface water flow characteristics.

Surface Water Contamination

Water samples from ponds and from the ditch were analyzed in July 1983, as an emergency measure to assess the migration of contamination off-site via a surface water pathway. The results of these analyses are shown on Table IV.2. The samples were analyzed for the indicator parameters. Only very low levels of total organic halogens and methylene chloride were found. The ditch water sample had slightly greater levels than any of the pond and trench samples. This may indicate another subsurface or surface water source to the ditch, either west or north of the site. The TOX values (10 ppb and less) could be indicative of background levels. Alternately, the low levels of methylene chloride could be due to the laboratory contamination. These



chemical analyses were performed without complete quality assurance procedures due to the emergency response nature of this part of the study.

A sample of ponded water was collected by Region 9 DEC on July 11, 1983 and analyzed for GC/MS organics. Two compounds were identified at low concentrations including: Diethylphthalate (identified) and Toluene (42.7 ug/l).

From these analyses, no significant surface water contamination from organic indicator pollutants is believed to exist at the eastern end of the site.

Sediment Contamination

In the summer of 1984, three sediment samples were taken from "dried puddles" in the western end of the site (see Figure III.1 for sampling locations). These samples were analyzed for organic priority pollutants and metals. The results of these analyses are presented in Table IV.3. Also presented in this table are ranges of concentrations of metals in non-contaminated soils. The values for cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel and zinc are all within the range of "typical" soils. Also there is no significant variation between the values for different sampling locations. Values for mercury and cyanide were not presented in Friberg, Nordberg and Vouk (1979); however, the values of cyanide are less than the detection limit. Mercury was detected at very low levels. Based on the results of the analysis of these

œ 0W-2. FORMER POND S-WS PITCH/ . APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF SITE BOUNDARY 0W-42 SD-1 FORMER DITCH SD-2 **■** SD-3

DATE SIL

EXPLANATION,

SEDIMENT SAMPLE

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE

SAMPLING WELL

500

0 W - 1

NOTE | OSTERMAN WELL IS LOCATED
APPROXIMATELY 1000 FEET
WEST OF SITE.

PLOT PLAN SHOWING CROSS SECTION LOCATIONS

NASH ROAD SITE

(1)

DAMES & MOORI

TABLE IV.2

Analytical Results for Surface Water Samples

Parameter (ug/1).	SW-1	SW-2	SW-3	SW-4	SW-5
Methylene Chloride	11	<10	10	<10	<10
Chloroform	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon Tetrachloride	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Toluene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2,-trichloroethan	ne<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethane	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2,-tetrachloro- ethene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichlorobenzene (isomers)	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Dichlorobenzene (isomer)	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Hexchlorobutadiene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
рн	6.9	8.1	7.1	7.4	7.4
Total organic halogens	10.	5.	7.	7.	8.

(See Figure III.1 for location of sampling points)

TABLE IV.3 Analytical Results⁽¹⁾ for Sediment Samples

Parameter (ug/g)	SD-1	SD-1 SD-2 SD-3	SD-3	Range of Concentration in non-contaminated soils(2)
	. 38	.2	.2	. 🕏
Chromium	6.8	6.3	5.6	trace to 250
Copper	5.7	8.2	10.0	2 to 188
Lead	18.	7.6	14.	2 to 200
Hercury	6.8684	6.864	0.010	(3)
Nickel	6.5	83.5	4.6	3 to 1,000
zinc	48.	34.	, 4 8.	10 to 300
Cy an i de	⋾	₽	7	(3)

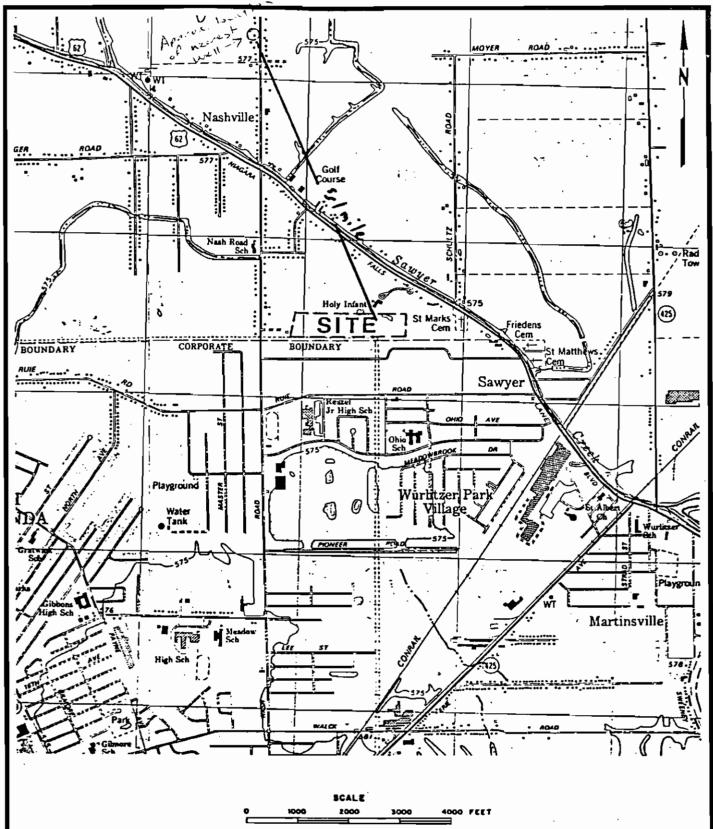
Samples were analyzed for volatile organics, acid and base/neutral extractable organics and pesticides/PCB's. All results for organics analysis were less than detection limits ĉ

Handbook on the Toxicology of Metals, Edited by L. Friberg, G. F. Nordberg and V. Vouck, 1979. Source: 3

No information for this parameter available in Friberg, Nordberg, and Vouk (1979) Ē

(See Figure III.) for location of sampling points)



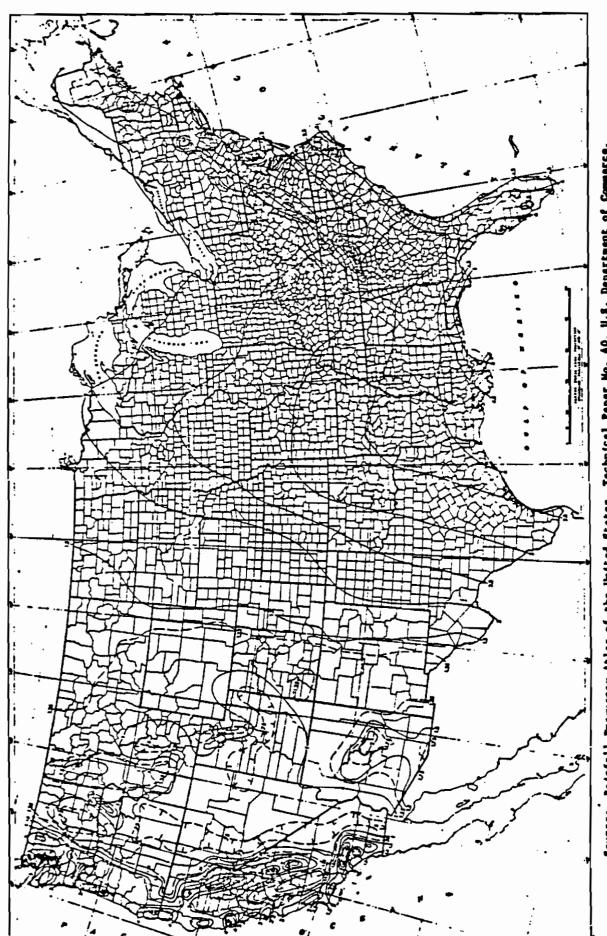


SITE COORDINATES: 43°04' 10.0" N. LAT 78°51' 33.8" W. LONG

REFERENCE: U.S.G.S. 7.5' TOPOGRAPHIC MAP TOMAMANDA EAST, NY (1980) AND TOMAMANDA WEST. NY (1980) QUADRANGLES SITE LOCATION MAP NASH ROAD SITE

DAMES 8 MOORE





Source

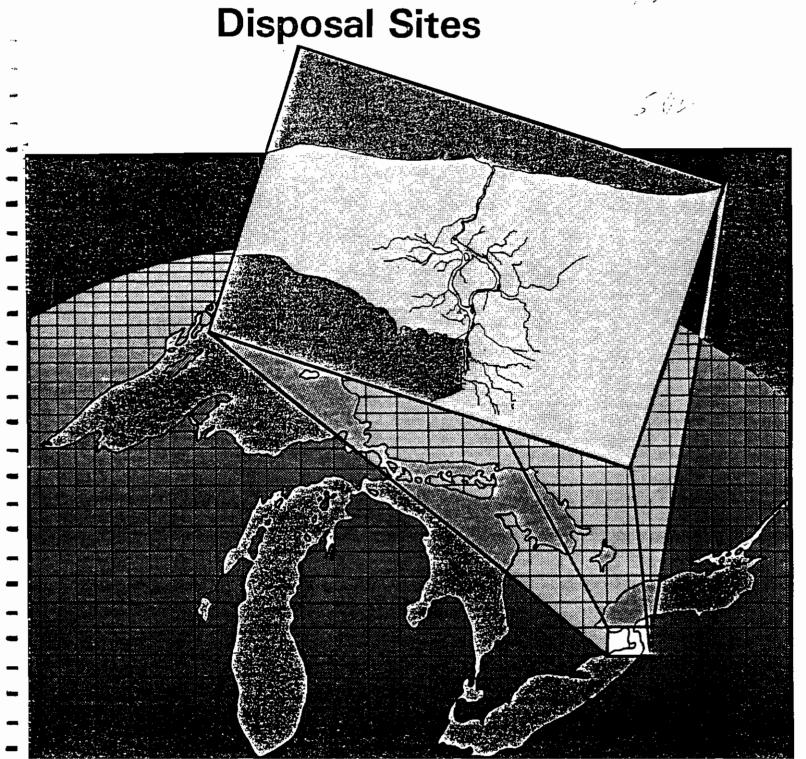
FIGURE 8 1-YEAR 24-HOUR RAINFALL (INCHES)





Preliminary Evaluation Of Chemical Migration To Groundwater and The Niagara River from Selected Waste-







General information and chemical-migration potential.—The Nash Road site, in the town of Wheatfield, was used by seven firms for disposal of an unknown quantity of caustics, plating-tank sludge, and municipal waste during 1964-68. Material excavated during construction of a highway adjacent to the southern border of the Love Canal was buried in a trench 100 ft by 30 ft across and 27 ft deep in the northeast corner of the site. Clean fill 15 ft deep was reportedly placed over the material.

The potential for contaminants to travel downward through the underlying clay seems limited, and the potential for lateral migration cannot be evaluated from the available data. The chemical data indicate several organic compounds in the ground water, but the rate at which these compounds move is unknown. Additional data and monitoring would be needed to confirm offsite migration. Thus, the potential for contaminant migration is indeterminable.

Geologic information.—The site consists of a Holocene lacustrine clay unit overlying bedrock of Camillus Shale. The U.S. Geological Survey drilled four test borings on the site in 1982; the locations are shown in figure B-9. The geologic logs are as follows:

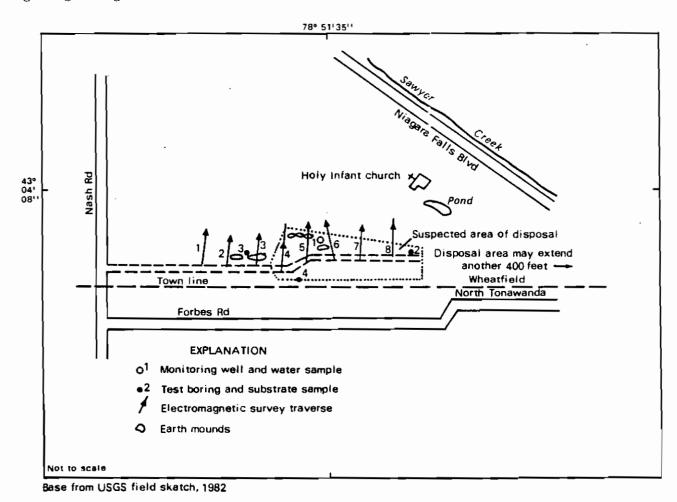


Figure B-9. Location of monitoring wells and electromagnetic-conductivity survey lines at Nash Road, site 93, Wheatfield.



Boring no.	Depth (ft)	Description
1	0 - 5.0 5.0 - 6.5	
2	0 - 8.0 8.0 - 10.0 10.0 - 11.5	2
3		Tan and black fill. Clay, greenish, sandy, dry. Clay, greenish, sandy, wet. SOIL SAMPLE: 7 ft.
4	0 - 1.0 $1.0 - 3.5$ $3.5 - 6.5$	Clay, sandy, dry.

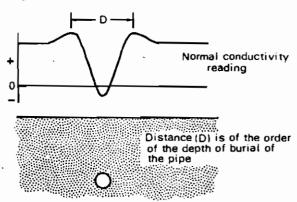
Hydrologic information.—Ground water was encountered approximately 6 ft below land surface. The water table is estimated to be between 570 and 575 ft above NGVD. The direction of ground-water flow is probably northeastward toward Sawyer Creek, a tributary to Cayuga Creek, but additional wells would be needed to confirm this.

Chemical information.—In 1982, the Geological Survey collected one water sample and three soil samples for arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, mercury, nickel, and organic—compound analyses. Results are given in table B-9. In sample 2, copper concentrations exceeded those in soils from undisturbed sites, and in sample 1, iron and lead exceeded USEPA criteria for drinking water and the New York State standard for ground water. The samples contained five organic priority pollutants, but except for fluoranthene (538 µg/kg), concentrations were not above the quantifiable detection limit. In addition, 39 organic nonpriority pollutants and four possibly naturally occurring compounds were found.

The site was also investigated by Recra Research in 1979 and by NYSDEC in 1983. The data are available from NYSDEC in Buffalo, N.Y.

Electromagnetic survey. -- The Geological Survey ran an electromagnetic survey with eight traverses in November 1982; locations are shown in figure B-9. The effect of buried pipe is evident in the stripchart in fig. B-10.

Figure B-10. Effect of buried pipe on electromagnetic-conductivity reading.





The southern parts of lines 1 through 8 (fig. B-11) show the effects of interference by a series of high-power electrical transmission lines. These powerlines and a housing development south of them made it impossible to begin the southern end of each line in a waste-free area.

Lines 1, 2, and 3 show an irregular pattern of conductivity values within the disturbed area. Beyond the trees that form the northern border of the site, the conductivity values are within the background range.

Lines 4, 5, and 6, though longer than the first three lines, show a similar pattern. Areas of zero conductivity probably correspond to a zone of buried metallic debris. (When readings are taken over a buried pipe or other metal conductor, the conductivity value first rises, then drops to zero.)

Line 7 both begins and ends in a obvious zone of dumping. Data collection beyond 340 ft was impeded by a small pond. Line 8 shows the clearest example of powerline interference; the conductivity range throughout this line becomes artifically elevated within 40 ft of the powerlines.

No definite conclusions could be made from the survey. Variability of fill and interferences make data interpretation questionable.

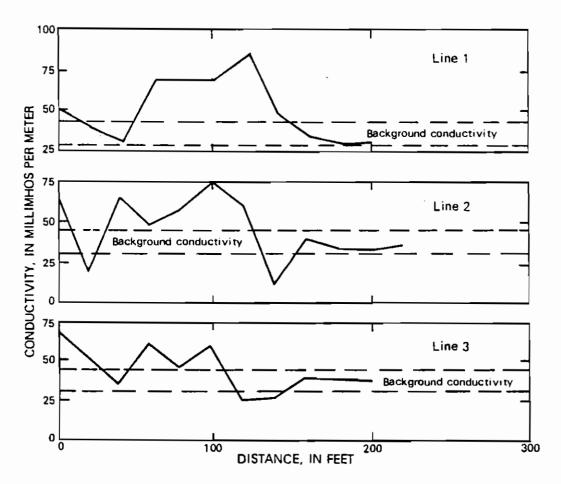


Figure B-11. Results of electromagnetic-conductivity survey at Nash Road, site 93, Wheatfield. (Locations of lines are shown in fig. B-10.)



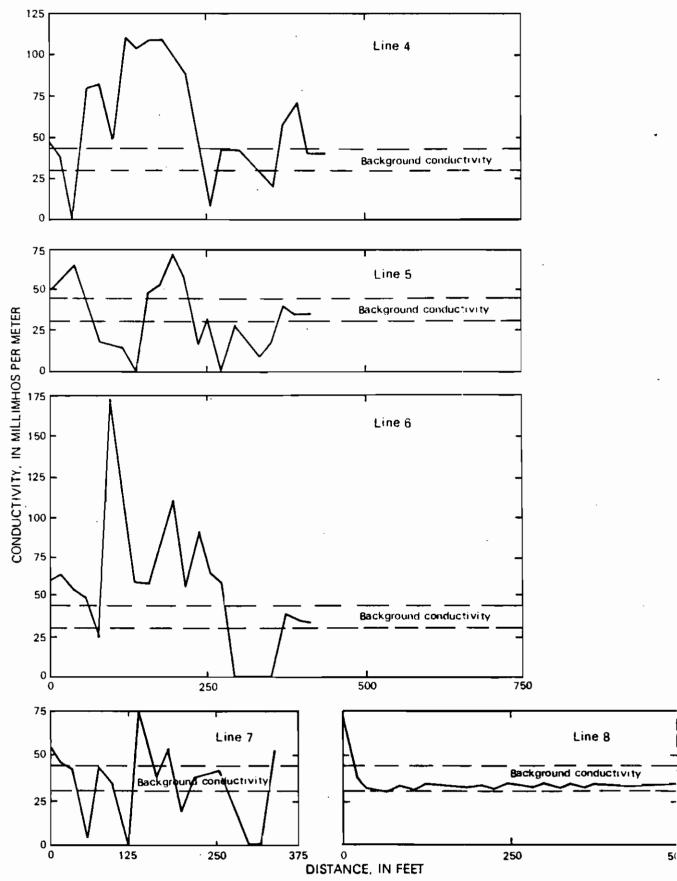


Figure B-11 (continued). Results of electromagnetic-conductivity survey at Nash Road, site 93, Wheatfield.



Table B-9.--Analyses of ground-water and substrate samples from Nash Road, site 93, Wheatfield, N.Y., June 24, 1982.
[Locations shown in fig. B-9. Concentrations are in µg/L and µg/kg; dashes indicate that constituent or compound was not found, LT indicates it was found but below the quantifiable detection limit.]

				surface (ft)
	Ground water			bstrate
	I		2	
	(6.0)	duplicate	(9.5)	split
Нq	6.4	•		
Specific conductance (µmho/cm)				
Temperature (°C)	17.0			
Inorganic constituents				
Arsenic	5†	(5t)		()
Cadmium	1	(1)	1,000	(1,000)
Chromium		()	2,000	(4,000)
Copper	17	- (21)	77 , 000tt	(100,00011
Iron	90,000†	(90,0001)	2,500,000	(5,000,000)
Lead	67†	(74†)	20,000	(20,000)
Mercury	0.3	(0.5)		()
Nickel	34	(34)		()
Organic compounds				
Olganie Compositio				•
Priority pollutants				
Fluoranthene		()		(538)
Benzo(a)anthracene		()		(LT)
Chrysene		()		(LT)
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		()		(LT)
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		()		(LT)
1,4-dichlorobenzene	7.3	()		()
Di-n-butyl phthalate	LT	(5.7**)		()
Nonpriority pollutants				
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene ¹	6.2	()		()
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ¹	18	()		()
(1-methylethyl)benzene ¹	9.3	()		()
1,3,3-Trimethyl-bicyclo-	/• ,	` /		` /
[2.2.1]heptan-2-one ¹	62	()		()
1,7,7-Trimethyl-bicyclo-	172	` /		` /
[2.2.1] heptan-2-one ¹	39 0	(17**)		(- -)

Tentative identification based on comparison with the National Rureau of Standards (NRS) library. No external standard was available. Concentration reported is semiquantitative and is based only on an internal standard. GC/MS spectra were examined and interpreted by GC/MS analysts.

[†] Exceeds USEPA criterion for maximum permissible concentration in drinking water and the New York State standard for maximum concentration in ground water.

^{††} Exceeds concentrations in samples taken from undisturbed soils in the Tonawanda area. Undisturbed soils not analyzed for iron.

^{** **} Surrogate recoveries were outside the acceptance limits.

Table B-9.--Analyses of ground-water and substrate samples from Nash Road, site 93, Wheatfield, N.Y., June 24, 1982 (continued) [Locations shown in fig. B-9. Concentrations are in µg/L and µg/kg; dashes indicate that constituent or compound was not found, LT indicates it was found but below the quantifiable detection limit.]

	Sample	number and			surface	(ft)
•			Subst	trate		
		3		4		
				(6.9	5)	
рН						
Specific conductance (µmho/cm)						
Temperature (°C)				,		
Inorganic constituents						
Arsenic		·			_	
Cadmium		1,000		1,00	00	
Chromium		2,000		2,00	00	
Copper		71,000		71,0	00	
Iron		2,100,000		2,400,0	00	
Lead		13,000		20,0	00	
Mercury						
Nickel						
Organic compounds						
Priority pollutant						
D-n-butyl/phthalate						
Nonpriority pollutants						
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzenel		LT				
· 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ¹		LT				
1,4-dichlorobenzene ¹		ĻT				
(l-methylethyl)benzene ^l		LT				
1,3,3-Trimethyl-bicyclo-						
[2.2.1]heptan-2-one ¹		LT				
1,7,7-Trimethyl-bicyclo-						
[2.2.1]heptan-2-one ¹		LT				



Table B-9.—Analyses of ground-water and substrate samples from Nash Road, site 93, Wheatfield, N.Y., June 24, 1982 (continued) [Locations shown in fig. B-9. Concentrations are in µg/L and µg/kg; dashes indicate that constituent or compound was not found, LT indicates it was found but below the quantifiable detection limit.]

<u> </u>	Sample number					
	Groun	d water		Substrate		
		(dupli-		(split)		
	1	cate)	2		3	4
Organic compounds (continued)						
Nonpriority pollutants (continued	1)					
1,7,7-Trimethyl-bicyclo						
[2.2.1]heptane-2,5-dione1	LT	(20**)		()		
3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)						
phenol ¹	20	(LT**)		()		
2-methylbenzo chloride ¹	LT	()		()		
Diethyl phthalatel	6.2	(8.0**))	()		
Phosphoric acid	• • •	,				
tributylester ¹	10	(110**)		()		
2(3H)-benzothiazolone	LT	(60**)		()		
1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-		, , ,				
octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-						
7-(1-methyethy1)-[1R-						
(1 alpha, 4a beta,						
10a alpha)]-						
l-phenanthrenecarbox-						
aldehyde ¹	LT	(LT**)		()		
Cyclohexl phthalatel	LT	()	- -	()		
3,5-Dimethylphenol ¹		(11**)		(- -)		·
2-ethyl-4-phenoldelta.		(11)		` '		
2-1,3,4-oxadiazolin-5-one ¹		(100**)		()		
n-butylbenzenesulfonamidel		(9.9**)) <u></u>	()		
3-(2-phenylethyl)phenol ¹		(LT**)	,	()		
2H-1-benzopyran ¹	_	(LT**)		()		
2-methylpentadecane ¹		(LT**)		()		
4,8,12-Trimethy1-3,		(2. /		` ,		
7,11-tridecatriene-						
nitrile ¹		(LT**)		()		
o-methyloxime-3,5-dimethyl-		(2.)		` /		
2-cyclohexen-l-one ¹		()	804	()		
Iococyclohexane ¹		• /	10,052	()		
N-[2-methyl-1-(1-methylethyl)		()	10,002	()		
bitulidiene]methanamine ¹		()	36,569	()		
orturidiene jmethanamine.	_	()	20,209	()		



Table B-9.--Analyses of ground-water and substrate samples from Nash Road, site 93, Wheatfield, N.Y., June 24, 1982 (continued) [Locations shown in fig. B-9. Concentrations are in µg/L and µg/kg; dashes indicate that constituent or compound was not found, LT indicates it was found but below the quantifiable detection limit.]

-			Sample n	umber		
	Grou	nd water		Subst	rate	_
		(dup)	<u> </u>	(split)		
	1	cate	2 _ 2		3	4
Organic compounds (continued)						
Nonpriority pollutants (continue	\d\					
N-(2-hydroethy1)-	:u)					
dodecanamide ¹		()	16 2/2	()		
		()	16,342	()		
1-(2-buteny1)-2,3-		/ \	. 201	()		
dimethylbenzene ¹		()	1,301	()		
2,3,5,6,7,8,9,10-octahydri- 5-hydroxy-2,2,7,7,9-						
pentamethy1-5,9-menthano-						
benzocycloocten-4(1H)-one		()	6,294	()		
10-methylisocosane ¹		()	LT	()		
Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane ^l		()		()		1,30
Octamethylcyclotetra-						
siloxane ^l		()		()		5,44
Decamethylcyclopenta-	•					
siloxanel		()		()		L
Dodecamethylcyclohexa-		` ,		, ,		
siloxanel		()		()		9
5-Methyl-3-hexen-2-one ^l		()		(3,500)		_
Dichloromethylbenzene ¹		(- -)		(LT)		_
2-(1,1-Dimethyl)-4-		()		(21)		
methylfuran 1		()		(183,000)		_
2,4-Dimethyl-2-pentene		()		(182,000)		• -
3-Octanol ¹				(45,000)		_
			_	(45,000)		_
2,6-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)				(1.650)		
naphthalenel		()		(1,650)		1
1,1,4,5,5,8-Hexamethy1-S-		, ,		(5.750)		
hydrindacenel	 .	()		(5,750)	_	-
2,6-Dimethyl-2,5-heptadien-		, ,		, ,	F00	
4-one ¹		()		()	509	_
2-Methyl-2-octen-4-one ¹		()		()	13,300	_
1,2,4-Trimethyl-5-(1-methyl-		, ,		, ,		
ethenyl)benzene ^l		()		()	159	-
Compounds potentially of natural	origin	<u>1</u>		-		
Heptadecane ^l		(LT**)		()		_
Octacosane ^l		(LT**)		()		_
Nonadecane ¹		(LT**)		()		_
3,8-Dimethylundecane ¹		(LT**)		()		_
,		,~- /		` /		

Election industrial chemicals ovision



NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK 14302, PHONE (716) 285-G555

May 9, 1969

Nr J P Caine
Resident Engineer NYS Dept of Transportation
355 - 77th Street
Niagara Falls, New York

Subject: LaSalle Expressway - Ground Samples

Dear Mr Caine:

This letter is written in reply to your phone conversation with us on May 3rd.

Samples of liquors taken from the 97 - 99th Streets excavation on March 15, 1968 analyzed as follows:

Specific gravity @ 25°C = 1.198
pH = 3.0
Loss on ignition = 86.4%
Flash pt °F 130 (Cleveland open cup)
Chlorate, Phosphorous and Fluoride = None

We were able to detect small amounts of chlorotoluenes, trace banzoyl chloride and approximately 5% benzoic acid in this material.

T sample taken represented the worst portion of the excavation. It was obtained from organic puddles in the vicinity of the dirt pile.

Very truly yours

Fred T Olotka Technical Supervisor

зj

cc W M Friedman - Niagara County Health Department E R Gedeon - Niagara County Health Department E Padlo

J N Brogard

Steen Classification

6 NYCRE Volume E						
*58					Reterence	
To Nome	STREAM	Classif.	STALLONDS	Anticle	Part-	# Map
Londville	Delivere R	A			815	N:19
Gurl tron	FAIL KILL	.C		/0	862	N.a4
"Jorton	Mettame R	C	(f)	7	. 8-30	6.26
Copeland	Volatie Kill TRib.	D	D	10	863	X.25 50
in Busen	Withbase Creek		D	14	897	6:14
4	Oswego River	C	C	14	877	G14c2
æ Roy	Mul River	D.	A	.5	821	J-8~
U	TRIB TO Carto Creek	. 	D			
ONTORIO PRINTE	15hus Creek	C	(T)		801	1
	Wingma River _	A	A *	. (.8.37	
	Sinjaguado Crest	A	B	8	<u>-</u> 837	6
	BATTA River_	- P	D	€	837	6
, , ,	Wingers River	A~_	A *	8	837	
Notah R	Sarye Greek	\supset		ε	837	
Lawren Rec.	N. Branch Plum Creek	\mathcal{D}	<i>D</i>	8	837	7
Mins	French Trick Trib.	D	D	. /	800	2
Fox Rl-GIC	- Lewing Geek	3	.B	8	837	10
, Miel	BLEBB R.	A		8	£37	
Ashland.	Ningras R.		_	ſ		
	Two Nie Gute	\mathcal{B}'	$_{\mathcal{B}}$	8	F37	2
SoltRock			· · · ·			
ChonIngon		1				
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SPECIAL :	Francisco Commence w	فريد کال دريد	15-815 Delmin	K/ 830.Ch	מדות לו - ניל בים	int Stiffsil

(b)

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation FISH AND WILDLIFE DIVISION - REGION 9 600 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14202-1073 (716) 847-4550



September 2, 1987

Ms. Elizabeth M. Dobson Engineering-Science 290 Elwood Davis Road Liverpool, New York 13088

Dear Ms. Dobson:

This letter will serve as verification that I traced NYS designated wetland boundaries on the accompanying maps. The boundaries shown are from official Department of Environmental Conservation Maps promulgated on September 10, 1986 (Erie County) and December 5, 1984 (Niagara County).

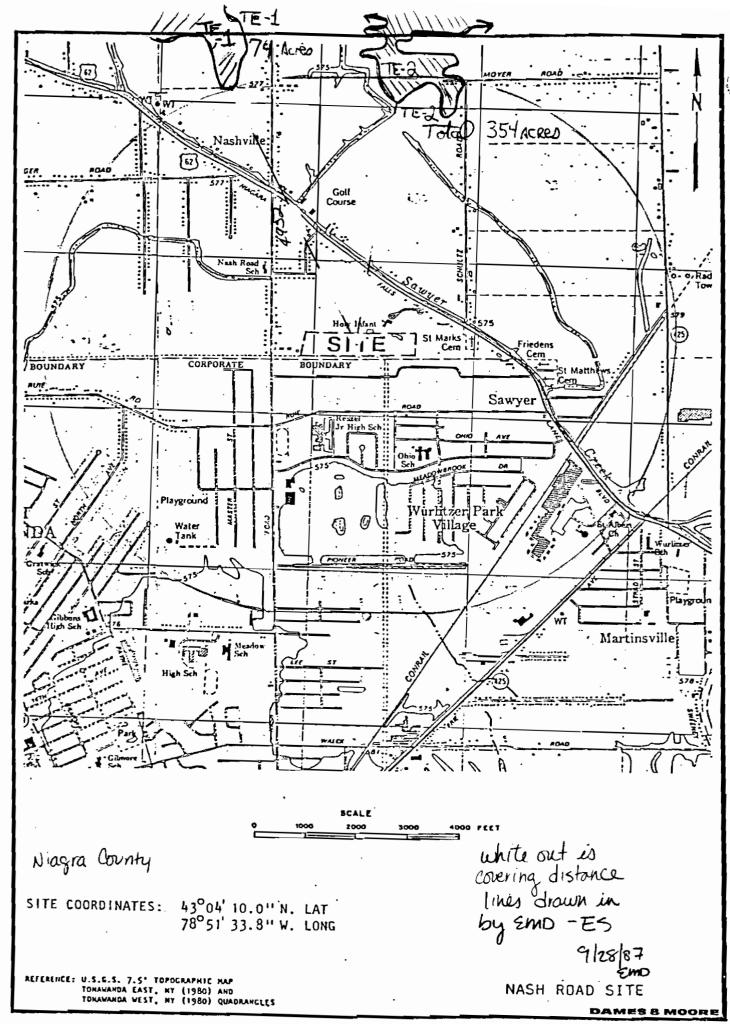
Very truly yours,

James F. Farquhar III
Fish and Wildlife Division

JFF:slm

cc: Mr. Gordon R. Batcheller

Enclosures



(18)

INTERVIEW FORM

INTERVIEWEE/CODE JOKA W. UZANA
TITLE - POSITION Senior Wildlife Biologist
ADDRESS WRC New York State DEC
CITY Delmar STATE NY ZID 12054 -
PHONE (5/8) 439-7488 RESIDENCE PERIOD TO
ICCATION phone conversation INTERVIEWER W. Bradford
DATE/TIME 4/4/88 / 11:00 AM
SUBJECT: Critical habitats in New York state.
Critical habitats of undangered species
located within New York State.

I AGREE WITH THE ABOVE SUMMARY OF THE INTERVIEW: (July W. () Saul
SIGNATURE: JOHN W. OZARD
COMMENTS:

Ē

FROM: New York Prime Formland Mapping Units

5/84

Phelps gravelly fine sandy loam, O to 4 percent slopes Phelps gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes Phelps gravelly loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes Phelps gravelly loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes Phelps gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Phelps gravelly loam, fan Phelps gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes Phelps gravelly silt loam Phelps gravelly silt loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes Phelps gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Phelps gravelly silt loam, clay substratum, 2 to 8 percent slopes Philo silt loam Pinckney silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittsfield fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes Pittsfield fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittsfield gravelly fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes Pittsfield gravelly fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittsfield gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittsfield gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittsfield stony fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittsfield-Galway fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes ...tsfield-Galway fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittstown gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pittstown silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Podunk and Eel fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes Podunk and Eel fine sandy loams, high bottoms, 0 to 2 percent slopes Pompton gravelly fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes Pompton gravelly fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Pompton silt loam Pompton fine sandy loam Podunk fine sandy loam Podunk fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes Pootatuck fine sandy loam Pope silt loam Pope very fine sandy loam, high bottom Potsdam very fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes Pyrities fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Rayne channery silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Raynham loam-where drained Raynham silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes-where drained Raynham silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes-where drained Raynham silt loam, O to 4 percent slopes-where drained Raynham silt loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes-where drained Raynham silt loam, () to 6 percent slopes-where drained →Raynham silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes-where drained Raynham silt loam-where drained Raynham silt loam, loamy substratum, 0 to 3 percent slopes-where drained Raynham variant silt loam, O to 3 percent slopes - where drained Raynham very fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes - where drained Raynham very fine sandy loam-where drained

Raypol silt loam-where drained

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

ANNUAL LISTING OF PROPERTIES

JANUARY 1979 THROUGH DECEMBER 1982



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE JULY 1983



Tuesday March 1, 1983

Part III

Department of the Interior

National Park Service

National Registry of Natural Landmarks



NAME OF LANDFILL

NIAGARA SANITATION COMPANY [PEC #932054]

LOCATION

Nash Road, Town of Wheatfield

The site is estimated to be about seven acres in size and located north of the Niagara Hohauk easement which straddles the North Tonawanda - Wheatfield town line. The site extends from the eastern end of the access road running from Nash Road approximately 350 yards east to the fork in the power easement (Tower #365). The site is estimated to be 120 yards wide at the western end tapering to about 70 yards wide at the eastern end.

The landfill location and extent are shown on the attached

drawing.

OWNERSHIP

The property is owned by the Town of Wheatfield.

H1STORY

This landfill was used by the Niagara Sanitation Company for waste disposal from 1964 to 1968. The refuse site was used for both industrial and municipal refuse. The site received refuse from Niagara Falls Air Force Base, Bell Aerospace, Carborundum, Frontier Chemical, Graphite Specialties, Continental Can and Grief Bros. Wastes disposed of may include caustics, plating tank sludge and municipal wastes.

Historical information was obtained from <u>Hazardous Waste</u> Disposal Sites in <u>New York State</u>, Volume 3, NYS DEC.

INVESTIGATION

A site visit was made by Mr. M.E. Hopkins of the Niagara County Health Department on June 11, 1981. The site was found to be poorly covered with protruding refuse. Visible items included rubber blocks, tubes and hoses, tires, concrete fragments and other demolition debris, broken glass, ash, wood, rusted cans and pieces of graphite rods. Also found were what appeared to be remnants of steel drums. There was evidence of some unauthorized dumping after the site was closed. Access to the site was not restricted.

Red-brown (rust-colored) stains were found on vegetation and soil in numerous locations around the perimeter of the site, particularly along the northern and western edges. Additional stained areas were found throughout the marshes and other low points within the site. Although most of these stained areas were dry, two areas were found beneath standing water. It was noted that although the ground was stained beneath the water, the water was not discolored. No flowing leachate streams were found. The sampling well was not found on the June 11th visit. A well was found on June19th on a subsequent visit. The well was located 20 feet east of Niagara Mohawk Tower #363. The location is shown on the attached drawing. The well had apparently been

vandalized. The upper standpipe had been broken off at ground level and the well had, therefore, been left uncovered. The well may still be useable for sampling.

No evidence of landfill activity was noted east of Hiagara Mohawk Tower #365. However, HSDA aerial photographs (ARE 3V-75;1966) indicate that the landfilled area may extend 300 to 400 ft. east of Tower #365.

SUILS

The soils surrounding the site are Raynham and Canandaigua series soils. The composition of the soil contained with the site itself is not known, although it is expected to be largely composed of refuse. The surface is generally a silty clay material with some sand in spots. Portions of the site are marshy while others appear well drained, indicating that the soil may not be uniform throughout the site. Boring records of the sampling well immediately south of the site, indicate a profile of silty sand and sandy silt to a depth of about 9 feet over clay to an unknown depth. The records also show the water table at 4 feet. This suggests that the water table may be perched. Fluctuations of the water table are not known.

CONCLUSIONS

The potential for the migration of contaminants off-site is present. Visible leachate stains and the odor in the well south of the landfill indicate that material may be leaching in perched groundwater. Permeable soils in some areas could allow lateral migration. The site requires proper closing. The proximity of houses along Forbes Road and potential for migration justify sampling at this site.

SAMPLING

Well and soil samples were taken for THO, heavy metals and phenol analysis. It was noted at the time of sampling, that the water drawn from the well was discolored gray and strongly odorous with an organic odor. A slight oily sheen was present on the surface of the sample. Two soil samples were taken near Towers #364 and #365. These samples were taken from the bottoms of hand augered holes roughly 4 feet deep. The boring near pole #364 indicated a gray silt over a darker gray silty clay layer at the point of sampling. The second boring showed a tan silty clay over clay at about 4 feet. The sample was taken from this interface. Groundwater was encountered slightly below the 4 foot level in both holes.

RECOMMENDATIONS

This site must be properly closed. Additional sampling wells along the Niagara Mohawk easement would be desireable to facilitate future sampling. The existing well should be maintained. Annual inspection and periodic monitoring is recommended. The Town of Wheatfield was notified to submit an abatement plan for the site.

SUMMARY OF SAMPLES TAKEN

	-			— · -		NEAREST
	SAMPLE	I.OCATION	TYPE	PARAMETER	DATE	HOUR
۴.	1	Grativick # 13	well	Metals	7/16/81	11:00
_	2	Grativick # 10	well	Metals	7/16/81	11:00
	3	Gratwick # 11	well	Hetals	7/16/81	11:00
**	4	Gratwick # 12	well	Hetals	7/16/81	11:00
-	5	Gratwick # 13	well	THO	7/16/81	11:00
	6	Gratwick # 10	well	THO	7/16/81	11:00
	7	Grativick # 11	well	THO	7/16/81	11:00
-	8	Gratwick # 12	well	THO	7/16/81	11:00
	9	Nia: Sanitation	well	Metals	7/16/81	1:00
- , ,	10	Nia. Sanitation i	well	THO	7/16/81	1:00
-	11	, , , · Zimnerman	well	THO	7/16/81	12:00
	12	Heliday, old Falls	well	THO	7/16/81	12:00
•	13	Artpark	Leachate	Metals	7/17/81	12:00
. : 1	14	Artpark	Leachate	TIIO	7/17/81	12:00
_	15	PASNY	Soil	Metals	7/21/81	10:00
-	16	PASNY	Soil	THO	7/21/81	10:00
. (d	17	Nia: Sanitation	Soil	Hetals	7/24/81	12:00
···•	18	Nia: Sanitation;	Soil	THO	7/24/81	12:00
	19	Nia. Sanitation ¹	Soil	Metals	7/24/81	12:00
	20	Nia. Sanitation	Soil	THO	7/24/81	12:00
-	21	Walck Road	Soil	THO	7/24/81	12:00
	22	Grativick # 13	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
	23	Gratwick # 10	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
-	. 24	Gratwick # 11	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
	25	Grativick # 12	well	Phenol	8/12/81	10:00
	26	Zimmerman	well	Phenol	8/12/81	11:00
-	27	old Falls	well	Phenol	8/12/81	11:00
	28	[Nin: Sanitation	tiell	Phenol	8/12/81	12:00
	29	Olin-Industrial	Soil	THO,TOC	9/07/81	12:00
•		welding		Lindane		

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SAMPLES TAKEN AT GRATWICK - RIVERSIDE PARK

WELL # 10		
Sample # 2	Sampled 11:00	7/16/8
Chromium, total Lead; total	L.T. 0.02 HG/L L.T. 0.1 HG/L L.T. 0.1 HG/L L.T. 0.4 HCG/L 0.05 HG/L	
Sample # 6	Sampled 11:00	: 7/16/81
THO :	35 MCG/L	
Sample #24	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
Phenol	3 NG/L	
WELL # 11		
Sample # 3	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
Chromium, total Lead, total Mercury, total	L.T. 0.02 NG/L L.T. 0.1 NG/L L.T. 0.1 NG/L L.T. 0.4 NCG/L L.T. 0.05 NG/L	
Sample # 7	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
тно -	Less than 1 MCG/L	
Sample # 25	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
Phenol	3 NG/L	•
ELL # 12		
ample#4	Sampled 11:00	. 7/16/81
ndmium, total promium, total pad, total prcury, total pickle, total	L.T. 0.02 MG/L L.T. 0.1 MG/L L.T. 0.1 MG/L L.T. 0.4 MCG/L L.T. 0.05 MG/L	·
umple # 8	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
10	4 MCG/L	
umple: # 26	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
enols	0.2 HG/L	

GRATWICK - RIVERSIDE PARK (continued)

WELL # 13

Sample # 1	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead, total Mercury, total Nickle, total	L.T. 0.02 HG/L L.T. 0.1 HG/L 0.1 HG/L L.T. 0.4 HCG/L 0.05 HG/L	
Sample # 5	Sampled 11:00	7/16/81
тно	18 MCG/L	
Sample # 22	Sampled 10:00	8/12/81
Phenols	17 NG/L	

work wanted or part RESULTS OF SAMPLES TAKEN AT WIAGARA SANITATION SITE

WELL SAMPLES

Sample # 9	Sampled 1:00	7/16/81
Cadmium, total Chromium, total Lead, total Mercury, total Nickle, total	L.T. 0.02 MG/L L.T. 0.1 MG/L 0.2 MG/L L.T. 0.4 MCG/L 0.12 MG/L	
Sample # 10	Sampled 1:00°	7/16/81
тно	4 MCG/L	
Sample # 28	Sampled. 12:00	8/12/81
Phenol	0.008 MG/L	

YSOIL SAMPLES ,

Samples # 17,18,19 & 20 all Sampled 10:00 7/24/81 Samples # 17 & 18 Hetals - Results not yet available Sample # 19 L.T. 10 PPB THO L.T. 10 PPB Sample # 20 THO

RESULTS OF SAMPLES TAKEN AT ARTPARK

22)

LEACHATE SAMPLES

Sample # 13 Sampled 1:00 7/17/81 0.02 MG/L Cadmium, total 0.1 MG/L Chromium, total 0.5 MG/L Lead, total 0.73 Nickle, total HG/L Hercury, total L.T. 0.4 IICG/L Sample # 14 Sampled 1:00 7/17/81 47 HCG/L THO

RESULTS OF SAMPLES TAKEN AT HOLIDAY PARK

WELL SAMPLES

WELL # 4

Sample # 11(Zimmerman) Sampled 12:00 7/16/81

THO 4 MG/L

Sample # 26 Sampled 11:00 8/12/81

Phenols .008 MG/L

WELL # 8

Sample # 12 (Old Falls) Sampled 12:00 7/16/81

THO 3 MCG/L

Sample # 27 Sampled 11:00 8/12/81

Phenol .01 MG/L

SOIL SAMPLES

Sample # 21 Walch Road Sampled 12:00 7/24/81

THO Less than 10 PPB

_	•		23) 22
<u> </u>	NIAGARA SA	NITATION	70 ha
1	NASH ROAD	SITE	Z 17 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1			
	(DEC # 9320)54) /- (2)	
	Approx. Scale.		SAMPLES
	1: 3600	3 /3/	
	(All distances astimated)	TIELDS	
	10079	200,d } { \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
.]		20,d	MO HAY
.]	W - Morsh Area	0	Z Z
.]	{ - Treeline - Powerlines	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NIA GA
. ·	L - Red - Brown Leadinte	And Same	
		TREES	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	Slope - downword toward SE		
	Mapped from field observ	ration	ROAD
. j	only by Mi. Hopkins NCHD	/	AVEC
	Michael Hopkins	Z {	awa
- :			<u> </u>
 -		NASH ROAD	

GROUND WATER IN THE NIAGARA FALLS AREA, NEW YORK

With Emphasis on the Water-Bearing Characteristics of the Bedrock

BY
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U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

STATE OF NEW YORK

CONSERVATION DEPARTMENT

WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION



BULLETIN GW - 53

GROUND WATER IN THE NIAGARA FALLS AREA, NEW YORK With Emphasis on the Water-Bearing Characteristics of the Bedrock

By Richard H. Johnston

... ABSTRACT

The Niagara Falls area encompasses 550 square miles in the extreme northwestern corner of New York. The area is one of very low relief except for the Niagara escarpment and the gorge of the Niagara River. A thin cover of Pleistocene unconsolidated deposits overlies the bedrock throughout most of the area. These deposits consist of three types: (1) glacial till, (2) lake deposits, and (3) a few small sand and gravel deposits. The bedrock consists of nearly flat-lying sedimentary rocks of Paleozoic age. The southern one-third of the area is underlain by the Lockport Dolomite (Silurian) and the northern two-thirds of the area by the Queenston Shale (Ordovician). Between these is a small area along the gorge and escarpment which is underlain by a series of thin limestones, shales, and sandstones.

The Lockport Dolomite is the only important aquifer in the Niagara Falls area. Ground water occurs in it in three types of openings: (1) bedding joints which constitute at least seven important water-bearing zones, (2) vertical joints, and (3) small cavities from which gypsum has been dissolved. Of these, the bedding joints are the most important and transmit nearly all the water moving through the formation. The character of the three types of water-bearing openings results in two distinct sets of ground-water conditions: (1) a moderately permeable zone at the top of rock, generally 10 to 15 feet thick, characterized by both vertical joints and bedding joints that have been widened by solution of dolomite and by small cavities formed by solution of gypsum, and (2) the remainder of the formation consisting of seven permeable zones (composed of bedding joints) surrounded by essentially impermeable rock. In the upper part of rock, either artesian or water-table conditions may exist locally. However, in the lower part of rock, the seven water-bearing zones act as separate and distinct artesian aquifers. Recharge to the water-bearing zones apparently occurs directly at the outcrop of the bedding joints composing the zones rather than by downward movement of water through vertical joints. Ground water in the Lockport, characteristically a calcium sulfate or calcium bicarbonate water, is very hard and moderately mineralized. A highly mineralized water, characterized by higher concentrations of sodium and chloride than those measured in typical Lockport water, occurs in the lowest two zones of the formation.

Bibliography of New York Quaternary Geology

_{by} Ernest H. Muller

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Historical Note on Studies of New York Quaternary Geology

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Ernest H. Muller and William A. Garrabrant

The University of the State of New York

ALBANY, NEW YORK

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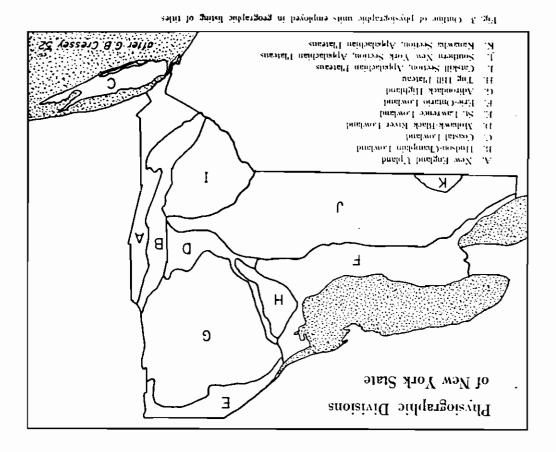
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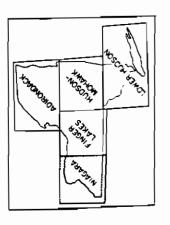
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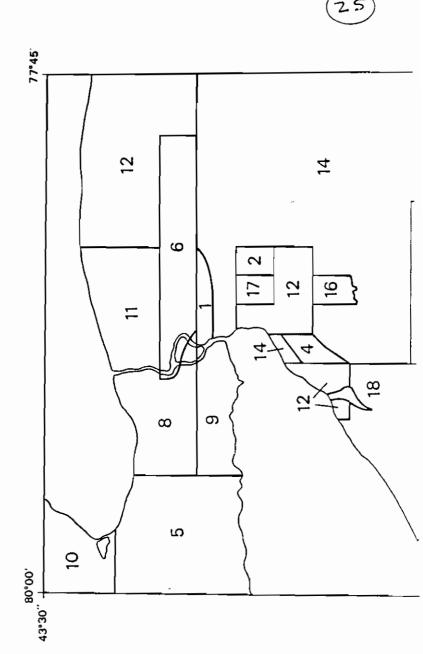
- the Appalachian Plateaus. These low-lying areas channeled erate relief developed on nonresistant, relatively undeformed shales and limestones between the Adirondack Mountains and glacier flow and hence are rather intensively scoured and drift-The Mohawk-Black River Lowland is a belt of low to modcovered. ä
- The St. Lawrence Lowland includes the area south of the sion and proglacial lake sediments flanking the crystalline rocks St. Lawrence River, approximately to the limit of marine invaof the Adirondacks. It is an area of low relief in the north, but hilly in the south. ध्यं
- border Lakes Erie and Ontario on the south. It extends south to the Onondaga limestone searp and the strandlines of proglacial Lakes Whittlesey and Warren. It includes an exten-The Brie-Ontario Lowland includes areas of low relief that sive drumlin field. Œ,
- The Adirondack Highland comprises an area of moderate to high relief with maximum elevations more than 5,000 feet above The area is underlain by metamorphic and igneous rocks. It has been intensively glaciated and was the source of accumulation for small valley and cirque glaciers during waning of the continental ice sheet. sea level. G
- lier isolated from the Appalachian Plateau by the Mohawk It is like other parts of the Appalachian Plateau Province in its The Tug Hill Plateau is an area of moderate relief, an outlowland and a southeastward extension of the Ontario lowland undeformed bedrock structure, its moderate elevation and dissection, and in its glacial modification. Ξ
- The Catskill Section of the Appalachian Plateaus includes moderate relief in the west and moderate to high relief in the the highest elevations in southern New York. It is an area of The continental ice sheet covered even the highest summits. dedrock structure is essentially undeformed. cast.
- Pinger Lakes and associated through valleys are conspicuous The Southern New York Section of the Appalachian Plateaus is an area of moderate relief, underlain by essentially un Eformed Paleozoic rocks with low southward regional dip. The intensity of glacial crossion decreases southward, products of glacial modification.
- The Kanawha Section of the Appalachian Plateaus differs escaped glaciation. The part of this section in New York lies from other parts of the province in New York, in that it chiefly south of the bend of the Allegheny River in southwestern New York 놧
- This indicator refers to references which deal of with specific parts of the State, but with the State as a whole, ij



CANADAM CANADA

Muller, Ernest H. (1977) New York State Museum and Science Service Map and Chart Series Number 28



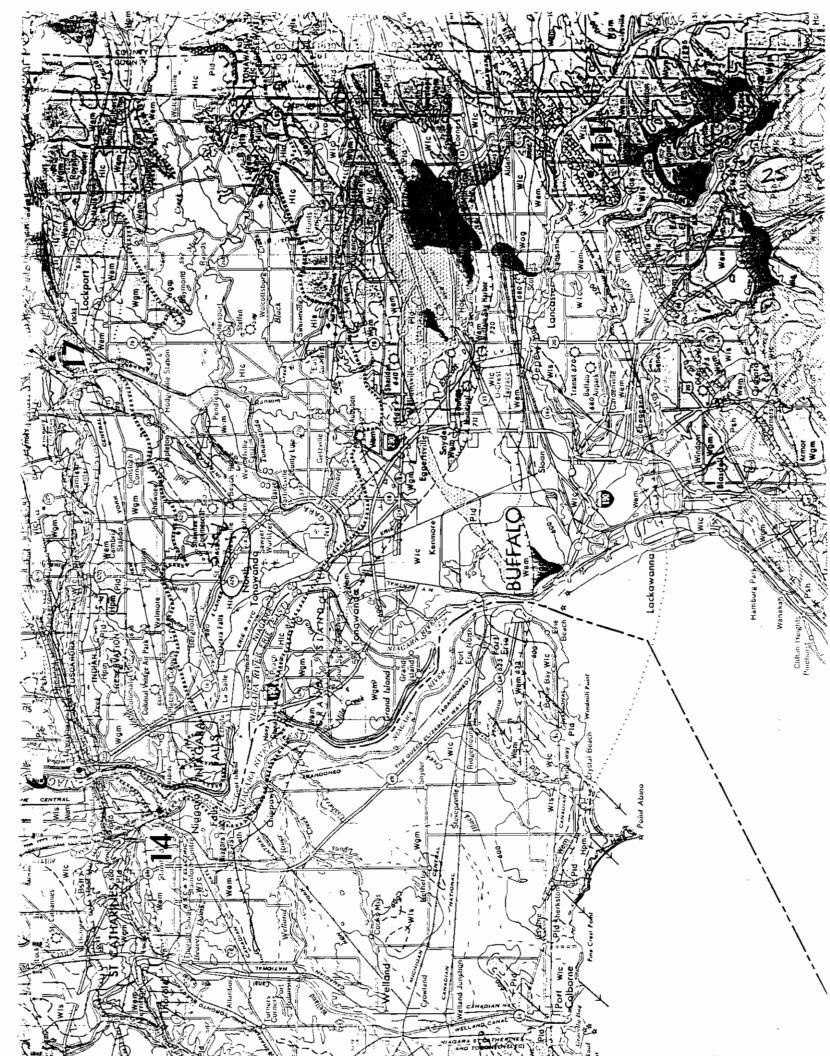


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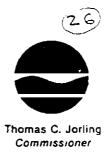


THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Z	Hite Hite	d clay Wind deposited sond Peat, mort ond muck	Sitt, fine to medium sand and clay; thin- bedded to messive; in part very regularly and noncalcareous; cross-bedded; highly with subardinate gyttja; mart is a maj bedded with cyclic olternation of clay and permeable. Clasely associated with strand component except in the sauthern tier sitt laminae; maderalely permeable along and nearstance deposits of postatacial	lokes.		closure, hence persisted after deglaciation basins. Notable among filled bosins is that of former lake Tonowanda. Lake Tonowanda.	Wic	clay	Silt, the to medium sand and cloy; thin- bedded to massive; regularly bedded, in part with cyclic alternation at clay and silt	laminae; moderate bedding plane permea- bility.	Offshore deposits in basins which required ice marginal impondment for clasure; includes primitive lokes in narthward-draining	troughs as well as ancestral Lakes Whittle- sey and Worren in the Erie Basin and Lake Iroquals in the Ontarla Basin.	MKG WKG	fied drift Outwash, terrace and delta gravel	Coarse gravel and sand; sorting, poor and variable; ranges Pebble and cobbite gravel with subardinate parts.		comprise more than 20 % and commonly dominate coarse	fraction; locally indurated by secondary calcium carbonate, ice sheets. Coarse offwirm deposited in desired in		Streams distributing drift on stagnant ice to be deposited treely from the glacter morgin. Comment finally as the buried ite melled. Steep slopes commonly		Comprises a major gravel source, but requires washing and Comprises a major source of relative crushing for many purposes.
ATIO		Lake sift, sond ond clay						mmed lakes Loke sill, sand and clay						Ice - contact stratified drift					Deposition as abla	finolly as the bur	mark former ice-contact surfaces.	Comprises a majar gravel sou crushing for many purposes.
P L A N	# 	Beach sand and grovel	ubordinate Coarse sand with subardinate medium y pocked sond and gravel lenses; cross-bedded, highly permeable generally well sarted, y.			hence persisting after deglaciation. Natable are shore deposits of Lakes Erie and Ontario and farmer Lake Tanawando.	si w	Beach sand and grave! of ice-dammed lakes	Coarse sand with subardinate medaim sand and grave! lenses; cross-bedded; well-sorted and without significant sitt or cloy; highly	permeable.	Strong and nearsnate deposits in proglacial Lakes Whittlesey and Warren in the Erie Basin and Lake Iraquais in the Onlaria Basin	includes suitable material far generally small scale sand and gravet praduction.	ш б ж	Ground moraine	Dominantly ladgment till; silty clay till and sondy till; sparsely	in moderately story; contains and crystaline closes generally exceed 20% ; compact and generally very impermeable.	Voriably comminuted rock material, transported by and ladged	beneath actively flowing ice of the continental ice sheet.				
EX	<u> </u>	Alluvial gravel	Pebble to cobble gravel with subordinate hed medium to coarse sand; loasely packed and ond permeable; generally existed and high nancotcareous; lacally bauldery.		e streoms flowing on steep gradients or ns emanating from narrow valleys into	ropidly aggrading reaches.							-	Greund	ther	ner; ily exceed 20%; affy exce	but generally greater Variably	of ice sheet either of	and at a stable ice-barder		I moraines and schematic	ממספור מיים בפונפסו.

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233-

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Mr. George Moreau Engineering-Science, Inc. 290 Elwood Davis Road Liverpool, NY 13088

Dear Mr. Moreau:

Re: Nash Road Landfill I.D. No. 932054 Phase II Work Plan

This letter is to confirm our discussions of November 12, 1987 at the above-referenced site regarding alterations to the well locations for the referenced project. Enclosed is a Plot Plan and well listings for your review.

Please let me know as soon as possible when you are ready to proceed on this. You can contact me at (518) 457-9538.

Sincerely,

Daniel J. Eaton

Assistant Engineering Geologist Western Investigation Section Bureau of Hazardous Site Control Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation

Enclosures

cc: M. Hopkins, NCHD

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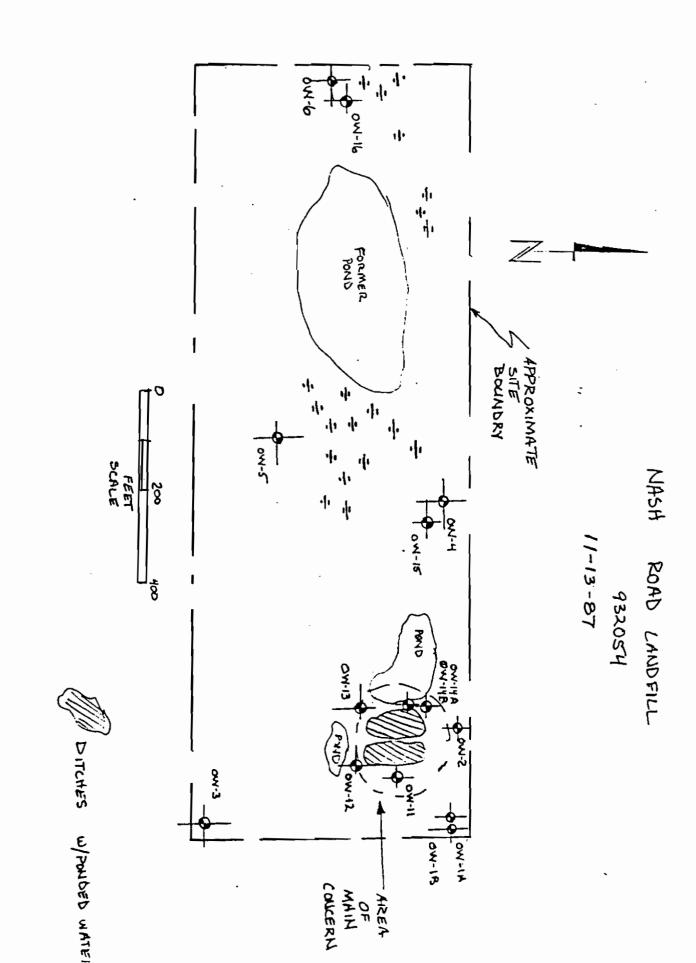
NASH ROAD LANDFILL I.D. No. 932054

WELL NO.	ESTIMATED DEPTH (ft)	SCREEN	ESTIMATED DEPTH (ft)	TARGET
0W-11	5 % 7	2	3-5	Upgradient S
0W-12	عبر: عمر:	2	26-28	Upgradient D
0W-13	105	2	6-8	Downgradient S
OW-14A	45	5	40-45	Downgradient D
OW-14B	10	2	8-10	Downgradient S
0W-15	45	5	40-45	Downgradient D
0W-16	· 10	5	4-9	Downgradient S

Shallow wells OW-11, 13, 14B, and 16 are intended to monitor the SAND lense near the upper limits of the waste area. This lense was encountered during installation of wells OW-2,4,5 and 6 and slopes slightly to the west.

Deep wells OW-12, 14A, and 15 are intended to monitor the SAND lense near the lower limits of the waste area. This lense was encountered during installation of wells OW-3,4,5 and 6 and slopes to the north-northwest.

These wells should be installed in the sand lense as each lense is encountered. Augering past the sand lense into the clay below may cause the clay to combine with the sand limiting the effectiveness of the well.



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World Atlas

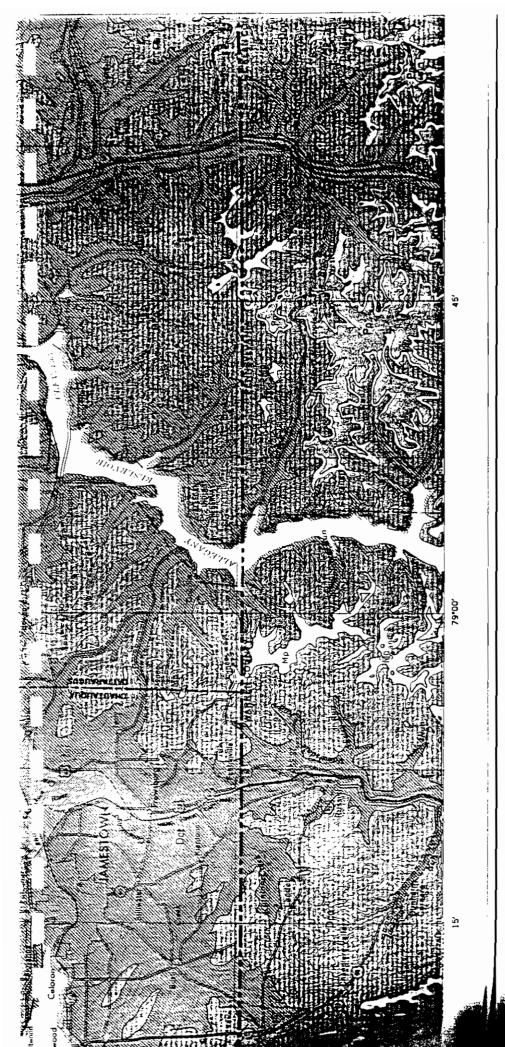
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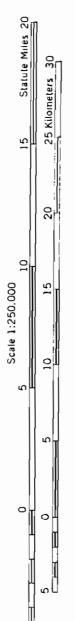
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Evans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH S, Fairport ROCH Fairniew POK B, Fairoiner JMST Fairmingville N.Y Fairmingville N.Y Fairmingville N.Y Flittoner Flehkill POK 1, Ploral Park M.Y 184	951 979 970 ⇒ 970 517 ○ ,778 ,946 ,700 ↑ 563 ,565 ,805	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Kesseaville 2,025 Kennare 8UF 18,474 Kennady 500 Kernonisson 1,349 Kindermook 4-5-Y 1,377 Kings Point M.Y. 5,234 KINGSTON KNOST 24,461 Leckseavers 8UF 22,701	i i i i i i i i	New Baltimore	Richfield Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockville Centre N V. Rosselville A-S-T Rome UT-R Ronkonkoms N.V. Rossevel N.V.	1.561 792 8.600 ·· 1,000 · 7,400 11,741 15,405 5,479 3,829 10,200	Wolfing River 2,500 c Weiden MWBG 5,854 Walkill NWBG 1,649 ° Wahnot 3,279 Wampeville 559 Wentagh NY 22,300 ° Wappingers Falls POK 5,110 Warrensburg 2,743 ° Worsaw 3,819 Warreick NY 4,320
Eyans Mille Fair Navest Fairmount SVR 8 Fairpont ROCH 5. Fairpont ROCH 5. Fairolew POK 8 Faisoner JMST 2. Fartmingdale N.Y. 7. Fartmingville N.Y. 5. Filtmora 7 Flenkill POK 1. Florid Park M.V 18 Florida MiQD 1.	651 679 7700 → ,870 → ,517 ○ ,778 ,946 ,700 ^ 563 ,555 ,605	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Kesseville 2,025 Kesseville 2,025 Kennor 8UF- 13,474 Kennody 500 Kerkonkon 1,343 Kindermool A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 KINGSTON KNOST 24,461 Leckmearms BUF- 22,761	i i i i i e	New Baltimore	Richfield Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockvilla Centre NY, Romatevilla A-S-T Rome UT-R Romicontoma N.V, Rossyn Ni, Y, Rossyn Hights N.Y.	1.581 792 8.600 1.000 7,400 11,741 55,405 5,479 0,800 0,800 7,370	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,652 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wamper Sell 569 Wartagh N Y 22,300 Warreaburg 2,743 Warraw 3,619 Warrick N Y 4,320 Waterford A-S-T 2,405
Eyans Mille Fair Havest VA Fairmount SVA Fairmount SVA Fairmount SVA Fairmount ROCH Fairwiew POK B Fairwiew POK Fairwiew P	651 979 700 - ,870 ,517 o ,517 o ,778 ,944 ,700 o 563 ,535 ,647 ,546 ,647 ,556	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keenee 450 Kesseeville 2,2025 Kenmore 8UF- 18,474 Kennedy 500 Kerhorikson 1,343 Kindermook A-5-Y 1,377 Kings Point M-Y 5,234 KHGSTON KNGST 24,461 Lectamerma BUF- 22,781 Letoten 587 Lefearpeville 500	is an area of the second secon	New Baltimore	Richfield Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockvilla Centre NY, Romatevilla A-S-T Rome UT-R Romicontoma N.V, Rossyn Ni, Y, Rossyn Hights N.Y.	1.561 792 8.600 ·· 1,000 · 7,400 11,741 15,405 5,479 3,829 10,200	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wamper Sell 569 Wartagh N Y 22,300 Warrawa 3,819 Warrawa 3,819 Wasertord A-S-T 2,405 Wastertord A-S-T 2,405 Watertord WATERTOWN WATEN 27,861
Evans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH S Fairport ROCH Fairview POK R Fatonner JMST Z Farmingville N.Y. 7 Farmingville N.Y. 5 Fillmore Flentill POK 1, Floral Park N.V 16 Florida MiQD 1, Flower Mill N.V. 6 Florda A-S-T 1, Foresteville	651 879 700 - 870 5170 5170 778 646 7563 555 667 356 606	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keenee 450 Kasseaville 2,025 Kennare 8UF- 18,474 Kennady 500 Kerhorikson 1,343 Kindermaok A-S-Y 1,377 Kinga Point N-Y 5,224 KINGSTON KNGST 24,481 Lechamserma BUF- 22,781 Lefoare 587	is in the second	New Battimore 780 C New Battimore 1,392 New Wall New Battimore 1,392 New Caseat N.Y. 8,917 New City N.Y. 30,000 Newcomb 900 Newtane LOCK 2,700 New Hyde Park N.Y. 9,801 New Hyde Park N.Y. 9,801 New Park April 1,394 New New Leohalts N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls New Pochalis N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls New Pochalis N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls S00 New Workson New Pochalis N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls S00 S00 New Workson New Newton Falls New New Newton Falls New Newton Newton New Newton Ne	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Ridgemont ROCH Richred ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH Rochester N.Y. Roseseville A.S-T Romes UR Rocevel N.Y. Roseyn Heights N.Y. Roseyn Heights N.Y. Roterdem A.S-T Round Lake A.S-T Round Lake A.S-T Round Point	1.561 .792 .8500 · 1.800 · 7,400 1.741 5.405 5.405 9.3.829 10.200 7,270 M.500 7,270 M.500	Walding River 2,500 c Walden NWBG 5,659 Walkill NWBG 1,649 c Wannori 3,229 Wannori 569 Wartagh N Y 22,300 c Wappingers Falls POK 5,110 Warransburg 2,743 c Warransw 3,619 Warrankow 2,600 Waterford A-S-T 2,000 WaterAltie UY-R 1,672
Eyans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fairmount SVR 8 Fairport ROCH 5 Fairoire POK 8 Faironer JMST 2 Fartringdale N.Y 7 Farmingville N.Y 5 Fillmore 5 Floral Park M.Y 16 Florida MiOD 1, Flower Hill N.V. 4 Fonde A-S-T 1, Fonder Hill N.Y. 4 Fonder A-S-T 1, Fonder Hill For N.Y. 5 Fonder Mill N.Y. 5 Fonder Mill N.Y. 6 Fonder Mill	651 879 ,700 - ,870 ,517 o ,778 ,948	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keesewille 2,2025 Keenewille 18,474 Kennach 2015 Kennach 18,474 Kennach 2015 Kenna	is in the second	New Baltimore 780 C	Richfield Springs Richmondyllide Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH ROCKHISTER ROCH ROCKHISTER ROCHESTER ROCHESTER ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH	1.561 792 8.800 · 1.800 · 1.800 · 1.800 · 1.741 5.405 5.409 5.409 5.900 7.370 4.500 7.370 4.500 7.370	Welding River 2,500 c. Welden NWGG 5,659 Walkuli NWGG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wampenger 559 Wentagh NY 22,300 c. Wesperinger Falls POK 5,110 Warsensburg 2,743 c. 2,743 c. Worsaw 3,619 4,320 Warrick NY 4,320 4,320 Westerloo 5,303 5,303 Waterville UY-R 1,672 Weterville UY-R 1,672 Weterville A-S-T 11,354
Eyans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fairmount SVR 8 Fairport ROCH 5 Faireire POK 8 Faironer JMST 2 Farringdale N.Y 7 Farringdale N.Y 7 Farringdale N.Y 15 Fillimora Fishatil POK 1. Florat Park M.V 16 Florat MilOD 1. Flower Mill N.V 4 Florat Mill N.V 4 Florat Mill N.V 5 Forda A-S-T 1. Fordaville Fori Ann GLFLS Fori Covington 1. Fort Edward GLFLS Fori Covington 1. Fort Edward GLFLS 3.	651 879 ,700 - ,876 ,517 0 ,778 ,946 ,700 n 563 ,545 ,647 ,545 ,647 ,545 ,647 ,546 ,546 ,546 ,547 ,546 ,54	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeneville 2,025 Keeneville 11,474 Kennady 500 Kernoniaon 11,474 Kennady 500 Kernoniaon 11,474 Kennady 11,474 Leckamerera 8UF 22,701 Leckamerera 8UF 500 Leckamerera 8UF 500 Lekamerera 8UF 12,400 Leka Erie Beach BUF 1,500 Leka Grove 8UF 1,507 Leka Grove 8UF 1,507 Leka Grove 8UF 1,507 Leka Grove 8UF 1,507 Leka Kennady 1,507 Leka Grove 8UF 1,507 Leka Kennady 1,50	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	New Battimore 780 C New Battimore 1,392 New Wall New Battimore 1,392 New Caseat N.Y. 8,917 New City N.Y. 30,000 Newcomb 900 Newtane LOCK 2,700 New Hyde Park N.Y. 9,801 New Hyde Park N.Y. 9,801 New Park April 1,394 New New Leohalts N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls New Pochalis N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls New Pochalis N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls S00 New Workson New Pochalis N.Y. 70,794 Newton Falls S00 S00 New Workson New Newton Falls New New Newton Falls New Newton Newton New Newton Ne	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Ridgemont ROCH Richred ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH Rochester N.Y. Roseseville A.S-T Romes UR Rocevel N.Y. Roseyn Heights N.Y. Roseyn Heights N.Y. Roterdem A.S-T Round Lake A.S-T Round Lake A.S-T Round Point	1.561 .792 .8500 · 1.800 · 7,400 1.741 5.405 5.405 9.3.829 10.200 7,270 M.500 7,270 M.500	Welding River 2,500 c. Welden NWGG 5,659 Walkuli NWGG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wampenger 559 Wentagh NY 22,300 c. Wappinger Falls POK 5,110 Warrensburg 2,743 c. Worsaw 3,619 Warreick NY 4,320 Westerfoor 4,5-7 Waterford A-S-7 2,405 Westervitle UY-R 1,672 Westervitle UY-R 1,672 Westervitle A-S-7 11,354 Wishina Glan 2,440 Wasserty 4,738
Eyans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH Sarview POK R Fatoner JMST Z Farmingdale N.Y Farmingdale N.Y Farmingdale N.Y Farmingdale N.Y Filmora Flantill POK Florida MilOD Flower Hill N.Y Fonda A-S-T Forearvielle For Ann GLFLS For Covington For Edward GLFLS For Por Edward For For Power Florida For Georgian For Edward For GLFLS For For Perman Z For Power Survey For Perman Z For Perman Z	851 879 700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,778 ,946 ,700 - ,563 ,545 ,647 ,356 ,605 ,647 ,356 ,600 ,60	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Kassaville 2,225 Kansaville 2,225 Kannari BUF- 18,474 Kennary 500 Karnoniaxon 1,343 Kindernook A-5-V 1,377 Kings Point N/V 5,234 KINGSTON KNOST 24,481 Lackassams BUF- 22,701 Lackassams BUF- 22,701 Lackassams BUF- 2,200 Lack Gree Beach BUF- 2,500 Lack Gree Beach BUF- 2,500 Lack Gree Beach BUF- 3,500 Lack Gree RV 9,862 Lake Grove RV 9,862 Lake Keirine KNGSY 1,062 Lake Lacker Keirine KNGSY 1,062 Lake Lake Lacker SV 9,862	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	New Baltimore	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Richey Richey Rochester ROCH Rochester ROCH Rochester ROCH Rochester ROCH Rochester ROCH Rochester ROCH Rochester R.Y. Romeseville A.S-T Romeseville R.Y. Rochester R.Y. Rochester R.Y. Rochester R.S-T Round Late A.S-T Round Late A.S-T Round Late A.S-T Round Late R.S-T Round Rochester Rochest	1.561 .792 8.600 1.000 1.741 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.200 5.000 7.370 M.500 791 2.366 700 5.001	Walding River 2,500 c. Walden NWBG 5,659 Walnull NWBG 1,649 c. Wahnon 3,229 Wannpeville 569 Wartagh N Y. 2,300 c. Wappinger Falls POK 3,110 Warrawa 3,819 Warrawa 4,273 Waterloof A-S-T 2,455 Waterloof A-S-T 2,661 Waterloof Waterlook 5,303 WATERTOWN WATN 27,861 Welevitle UY-R 1,672 Wathing Glan 2,440 Wayland 1,846
Evans Mille Fair Naves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH 5. Fairport ROCH 5. Fairport ROCH 7. Fairming Mille Fairming Mille Fairming Mille Fillmore Flahatil POK 1. Flower Mill N.V. Flower Mill N.V. Fonda A-S-T Foreactville For Ann GLFLS For Covington For Event GLFLS For Plann 2. For Frankfort UT-R 7. Frankfort UT-R 2. Frankfort UT-R 2.	651 979 700 - ,870 ,517 o ,778 ,946 ,700 ∩ 563 ,535 ,647 ,555 ,647 ,556 ,647 ,558 ,600 ,60	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keesewille 2,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 11,474 Kennady 500 Kernady 500 Kernady 13,474 Kennady 1,347 Kennady 1,347 Kendermook 4-5-Y 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindigs Point N.V. 5,234 Kindigs Point N.V. 5,234 Kindigs Point N.V. 5,234 Lindanserma BUF 22,701 Lindanserma BUF 22,701 Lindanserma BUF 3,000 Linda Erie Breich BUF 3,000 Linda Erie Breich BUF 1,040 Linda Grove R.V. 9,682 Linda Kindigs 1,000 Linda Grove R.V. 1,002 Linda Luserma 1,000 Linda Luserma 1,000 Linda Eluserma 1,000	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	New Baltimore	Richfield Springs Richmandyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCH STER ROCHESTER ROCH ROCKVIlla Centre N Y Rosselvilla A-S-T Rome UT-R Rontontoma N Y Rossevent N Y Ros	1.561 .792 8.600 1.000 1.741 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.405 0.200 7.370 4.500 7.370 4.500 7.370 5.000 7.370 5.000 7.370 5.000 5	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWGG 5,659 Walkuli NWGG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wampendille 569 Wartagh N Y. 22,300 c. Waspeingers Falls POK 5,110 Warrensburg 2,743 c. Warnaw 3,619 Warreick N Y. 4,320 Watercho N Y. 4,320 Watercho N X-TERTOWN 27,861 Waterchille UY-R 1,672 Waterchille UY-R 1,672 Waterchille A-S-T 11,354 Waterchille UX-R 2,440 Waverly 4,738 Wayerly 4,738 Wayland 1,846 Websier ROCH 4,969
Evans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH 5. Fairview POK 8 Fsiconer JMST 7. Farmingville N.Y. 7. Farmingville N.Y. 3. Fillmons Flehktil POK 1. Floral Park M.V. 18. Florida MitOD 1. Flower Hill N.V. 4. Fonda A.S-T 1. Foreatrille Fori Ann GLFLS Fori Covington 1. Forf Edwert GLFLS Fori Plann 2. Franktin Franktin Square N.Y. 32.	651 979 700 - ,870 ,517 o ,778 ,946 ,700 ∩ 563 ,535 ,647 ,555 ,647 ,556 ,647 ,558 ,600 ,60	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Kassaville 2,225 Kansaville 2,225 Kannari BUF- 18,474 Kennary 500 Karnoniaxon 1,343 Kindernook A-5-V 1,377 Kings Point N/V 5,234 KINGSTON KNOST 24,481 Lackassams BUF- 22,701 Lackassams BUF- 22,701 Lackassams BUF- 2,200 Lack Gree Beach BUF- 2,500 Lack Gree Beach BUF- 2,500 Lack Gree Beach BUF- 3,500 Lack Gree RV 9,862 Lake Grove RV 9,862 Lake Keirine KNGSY 1,062 Lake Lacker Keirine KNGSY 1,062 Lake Lake Lacker SV 9,862	i de la companya de l	New Baltimore	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righey Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER	1.561 .792 8.600 1.000 1.741 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.200 5.000 7.370 M.500 791 2.366 700 5.001	Walding River 2,500 c. Walden NWBG 5,659 Walnull NWBG 1,649 c. Wahnon 3,229 Wannpeville 569 Wartagh N Y. 2,300 c. Wappinger Falls POK 3,110 Warrawa 3,819 Warrawa 4,273 Waterloof A-S-T 2,455 Waterloof A-S-T 2,661 Waterloof Waterlook 5,303 WATERTOWN WATN 27,861 Welevitle UY-R 1,672 Wathing Glan 2,440 Wayland 1,846
Evans Mille Fair Naves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR S Fairport ROCH S Fairport ROCH S Fairorism POK 8 Fairorism POK 8 Fairorism POK 8 Fairorism POK 8 Fairorism POK 9 Fa	651 879 700 - ,870 ,517 o ,517 o ,578 ,548 ,548 ,548 ,545 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,647 ,646 ,64	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keesea 450 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeneaville 3,025 Kennady 500 Kernoriason 1,343 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Lischareaville 500 Lischareavi		New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Richey	1.561 .792 8.600 1.800 1.741 5.405 5.479 3.225 5.270 7.270 4.500 5.000 7.270 4.500 5.000 5.000 5.475 5.465 5.475 5.485 5	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wamper Selection 569 Wamper Selection 5,110 Warperper Falis POK 3,110 Warraw 3,619 Warraw 3,619 Warraw 4,220 Waterford A-S-T 2,405 Waterford A-S-T 2,405 Waterford A-S-T 1,672 Waterford A-S-T 11,554 Waterford A-S-T 11,254 Waterford A-S-T 1,466 Waterford A-S-T 1,466 Waterford A-S-T 1,672 Waterford A-S-T
Evans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH 5. Sairport ROCH Fairview POK 8. Fairoving All State Fatoner JMST 7. Z Farmingville N.Y. 7. 7 Farmingville N.Y. 5. Fillmore For Ann GLFLS For Covington For Edward GLFLS 7. For Edward Fillmore For Lovengton For Edward Fillmore Fillmo	651 879 700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,578 ,548 ,700 - 563 ,545 ,547 ,546 ,505 ,647 ,546 ,506 ,6	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 430 Keese 430 Keesewille 2,2026 Keenewille 3,2026 Lactara 807- 22,201 Lactara 807- 2,202 Lactara 807- 3,200 Lactara 807- 3,200 Lactara 807- 3,200 Lactara 807- 3,200 Lactara 807- 9,802 Lactara 807- 1,007 Lactara 807- 1,000 Lactar	in the second se	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylile Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockville Centre NY, Rosesieville A-S-T Rome U-R Roniconkoms NY, Rosesym N-Y, Roseyn Reights Rei	1.561 .792 8.500 1.240 1.240 1.241 5.405 5.405 5.479 3.329 0.200 7.370 4.500 791 2.206 700 548 5.001 7.370 4.500 7.370 4.500 5.410 5.001 7.370 7.300 7	Wedling River 2,500 c. Welden NWGG 5,659 Walkull NWGG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wampeville 569 Wartagh N Y. 22,200 c. Warrensburg 2,743 c. Warrensburg 2,743 c. Warrensburg 2,743 c. Warrenck N Y. 4,320 Waterlock N Y. 4,320 Wasterloch A-S-T 2,050 Waterloch WATN 27,861 Westervitie UY-R 1,672 Westervitie UY-R 1,672 Westervitie A-S-T 11,354 Waverry 4,738 Wayland 1,866 Westebaler ROCH 5,499 Westebaler ROCH 5,499 Westebaler Rock Statistics 5,769 West Amityrille M Y. 6,470
Evans Mille Fair Naves IV 8 Fair Poor ROCH 5 Fairoview POK 8 Fairoview POK 9 F	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,578 ,544 ,778 ,545 ,545 ,547 ,545 ,547 ,546 ,500 ,500 ,500 ,500 ,500 ,546 ,500 ,5	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keesea 450 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeneaville 3,025 Kennady 500 Kernoriason 1,343 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernooli A-S-V 1,377 Lischareaville 500 Lischareavi	in the second se	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylile Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockville Centre NY, Rosesieville A-S-T Rome U-R Roniconkoms NY, Rosesym N-Y, Roseyn Reights Rei	1.561 .792 8.600 1.800 1.741 5.405 5.479 3.225 5.270 7.270 4.500 5.000 7.270 4.500 5.000 5.000 5.475 5.465 5.475 5.485 5	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wamperille 569 Wampery Falls POK Warpinger Falls POK Warraw 3,619 Warraw 3,619 Warraw 4,220 Warrick N - Warrick 1,240 Waterfood 5,303 Waterford 1,672 Waterchile UY-R Marchine Glan 2,440 Waverry 4,738 Wayland 1,866 Wesboord 579 Welleburg ELM Wallaville 5,769 West Battylon N Y Marchine 2,250
Evans Mille Fair Naves IV 8 Fair Poor ROCH 5 Fairoview POK 8 Fairoview POK 9 For Power Hill N.Y 9 For Power Hill N.Y 9 For Power Power POK 9 For Power Power POK 9 Fairoview P	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,544 ,544 ,770 0 ,545 ,647 ,447	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeneaville 3,025 Keeneaville 3,035 Keeneaville 3,035 Keeneaville 3,035 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 23,000 Leckasserma BUF- 24,000 Lekas Eris Beach BUF- 3,000 Lekas Grove 8,7 9,802 Lekas Keirien KMGSY 1,002 Lekas Keirien KMGSY 1,002 Lekas Keirien KMGSY 1,002 Lekas Keirien KMGSY 1,000 Lekas View BUF- 4,800 Lekasville BUF- 4,800 Lekasville BUF- 4,800 Lekasville BUF- 4,800 Lekasville BUF- 1,000 Lekasvill	16	New Baltimore 780 C	Richfield Springs Richmondyllids Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockvills Certire NY Rossalevills A-S-T Rome UT-R Rontontoma NV Rossaveri N-Y Rossalevills A-S-T Round Line Rockvills Rockvill	1.561 .792 8.600 1.800 1.741 5.405 5.479 3.225 8.270 7.370 4.500 5.000 7.370 4.500 5.479 5.465 5.485 7.370 5.465 5.471 1.206 5.471 5.485 5	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahot 3,239 Wamper September 569 Wamperiger Falls POK Warraw 3,819 Warraw 3,819 Warraw 4,320 Waterford A-S-T 2,455 Waterford A-S-T 1,252 Waterford A-S-T 1,672 Waterford A-S-T 11,254 Waterfille UY-R 1,672 Waterfille A-S-T 11,354 Warland Glan 2,440 Waverty 4,728 Wayland 1,866 Washouter ROCH 3,699 Welleburg ELM- 547 West Babyton N Y 8,470 West Babyton N Y 22,530
Eyans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH 5. Sairport ROCH 5. Sairport ROCH Fairview POK 8. Fatoners JMST Famingville N.Y. 7. Farmingville N.Y. 7. Farmingville N.Y. 5. Filmore Fort Cyclington Fort Edwerd Fort Cyclington Fort Edwerd Franklin Franklin Square Franklin Fran	851 879 700 - 517 0 517 0 517 0 517 0 517 0 517 0 583 583 583 585 585 585 586 586 588 588 588	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keese 450 Keesewille 2,2026 Keenewille 3,2026 Lacter 3,2026 Lacter 3,2026 Lacter 3,2026 Lacter 4,2026 L	licities and the second	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockville Centre N Y Rosseville Centre N Y Rosseville A-S-T Rome UT-R Ronkonkome N Y Rossevill N Y Rossevill N Y Rossevill N X Rossevill N Rossevill R	1.561 .792 8.500 1.274 1.276 1.276 1.276 1.276 1.270 1.270 1.200 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 5.681 7.000 5.681 1.200 5.001 1.200 5.001 1.200 5.001 5.001 1.200 5.001 5	Wedling River 2,500 c. Welden NWGG 5,659 Walkull NWGG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wanpeville 569 Wartagh N Y. 22,300 c. Warrensburg 2,743 c. Warrensburg 2,743 c. Warrensburg 2,743 c. Warrenck N Y. 4,320 Warrenck N Y. 4,320 Wasterick N Y. 3,001 Waterchic WATN 27,861 Westerchie WATN 1,872 Westerchie A-S-T 11,354 Westerchie A-S-T 11,354 Waverry 4,738 Wayland 1,864 Westebaler ROCH 5,499 Westebaler ROCH 5,499 Westebaler Roch Service 5,470 West Batylon N Y 22,500 West Batylon N Y 3,871 West Batylon N Y 3,871 West Carlothope 1,824
Evans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairmount Fairmount Flanktill POK 1, Fairmount Flanktill POK 1, Florida MiOD 1, Florida MiOD 1, Flower Milli N.V Fonds A-S-T 1, Flower Milli N.V Fond A-S-T 1, Forestrille Fori Covington For Ann GLFLS Fori Covington For Edward GLFLS 3, For Power Franktin Frankti	851 879 7700 - 517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,548 1 ,548	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,2025 Keeseville 2,2025 Keenend 3,00 Keenend 3,00 Keenend 3,00 Kernorikson 13,474 Kennedy 500 Kernorikson 1,343 Kindernaoli A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point R.V. 5,234 KINGSTON KNOST 24,491 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 23,00 Lake Krie Bleach BUF- 2,400 Lake Krie Bleach BUF- 1,007 Lake Grove R.V. 9,802 Lake Luterna 1,000 Lake Grove R.V. 9,802 Lake Luterna 1,000 Lake Rondronkoms M.V. 9,800 Lake Vision BUF- 4,800 Lake Vision BUF- 4,800 Lake Vision BUF- 3,611 Lanewike BUF- 1,006 Lake-Vision BUF- 3,611 Lanewike BUF- 1,006 Lake-Vision BUF- 3,611 Lanewike BUF- 1,006 Lake-Vision BUF- 1,006 Lake-Wision BUF- 1,006 Lake-Wisio	ic i	New Baltimore 780 C	Richfield Springs Richmandyllis Ridgeront ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockvilla Centre NY Rosssievilla A-S-T Rome UT-R Rontontoma NY Rosssevilla N-S-T Rome ROTHESTER ROCH ROCKVIII Centre NY Rosssevilla Ro	1.561 .792 8.600 1.000 1.741 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.405 7.270 4.500 7.270 4.500 5.000 5	Walding River 2,500 c Walden NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wamperitle 569 Wartingh N Y. 22,300 c Wappinjere Falls POK 5,110 Warransburg 2,743 c Worsaw 3,619 Warrick N Y. 4,320 Waterford A-S-7 2,405 Waterford A-S-7 2,405 Waterford A-S-1 1,672 Waterford A-S-1 1,574 Waterford A-S-1 1,574 Waterford A-S-1 1,524 Waterford A-S-1
Evans Mille Fair Naves IV 8 Fair Poor ROCH 5 Fairoview POK 8 Fairoview POK 9 Ford And POK 9 Ford Park M.V 9 Ford And Pok M.V 9 Ford Park M.V 9 Fairoview POK 9	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 o ,517 o ,517 o ,517 o ,518 o ,544 ,545 ,545 ,545 ,545 ,545 ,546 ,547 ,548 ,547 ,548 ,5	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeseville 2,025 Keenende 305 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 22,701 Leckasserma BUF- 23,00 Leke Erie Breach BUF- 2,400 Leke Erie Breach BUF- 2,500 Leke Crief Start Leke Carrier 1,007 Leke Grove RV. 9,802 Leke Luserne 1,000 Leke Keenende 1,007 Leke Keenende 1,007 Leke Keenende 1,000 Leke Viere 8UF- 4,800 Leke Viere 8UF- 4,800 Leke Viere 8UF- 4,800 Leke Keenende BUF- 1,006 Leke Keenende BUF- 1,006 Leke Viere 8UF- 1,006 Leke Viere 8UF- 1,006 Leke Keenende BUF- 1,006 Leke Keenende BUF- 1,006 Leke Keenende BUF- 1,006 Leke Mark BUF- 1,006 Leke B	ic is in the control of the control	New Baltimore 780 C	Richfield Springs Richmandyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockvilla Centre NY Rosssievilla A-S-T Rome UT-R Romitonioma NY Rosssevilla N-S-T Rome UT-R Romitonioma NY Rossyn NY Rossyn N-S-T Roune ROSSYN Responsion Rossyn Rossyn Responsion Rossyn Responsion Rossyn Responsion Rossyn Responsion Rossyn Responsion Rossyn Responsion Rossyn Ros	1.561 .792 8.500 1.000 1.741 5.405 5.405 5.479 3.329 0.200 7.370 4.500 7.370 4.500 7.370 5.000 7.370 7.300 7	Walding River 2,500 c Walden NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wamperitle 569 Wartingh N Y. 22,300 c Wappingers Falls POK 5,110 Warransburg 2,743 c Worsaw 3,619 Warrick N Y. 4,320 Waterford A-S-7 2,405 Waterford A-S-7 2,405 Waterford A-S-1 1,672 Waterford A-S-1 1,574 Waterford A-S-1 1,574 Waterford A-S-1 1,524 Waterford A-S-1
Eyans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Gairmount SVR	851 879 7700 - 517 0 ,779 ,546 ,700 - 563 ,545 ,545 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,547 ,546 ,606	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeseaville 2,025 Keeneaville 3,025 Lackasserva BUF- 22,701 Lackasserva BUF- 22,701 Lackasserva BUF- 22,701 Lackasserva BUF- 22,701 Lackasserva BUF- 23,000 Lake Grorpe 1,027 Lake Grorpe 1,027 Lake Grorpe 1,027 Lake Grorpe 1,027 Lake Keitrine KNGSY 1,022 Lake Grorpe 1,027 Lake Keitrine KNGSY 1,022 Lake Lackasserva 1,000 Lake Plackid 2,450 Lake Keitrine KNGSY 1,521 Lake Lackasserva 1,000 Lake Ronkorkonna N,V 9,800 Lake View 80,F- 4,800 Lake View 80,F- 4,800 Lake View 80,F- 4,800 Lake View 1,025 Lackasserva BUF- 1,025 Lackasserva BUF- 1,025 Lackasserva BUF- 1,0305 Lackasserva BUF-	IG	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockville Centre N V. Rosesville A.S-T Rome UT-R Roniconkome N.V. Roseyn Hay Roseyn N.V. Roseyn Reights Rys N.V. Sackers Herbor St. Jermes N.V. Sarenac Lehe Santon Rome N.V. Sarenac Lehe Ranton Springs A.S-T Saugerise KNGST	1.561 .792 8.500 7.400 1.740 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.405 5.200 7.370 M.500 7.370 8.0000 8.0000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahori 3,229 Wamperille 569 Wampeylle 569 Wartagh N Y 3,110 Warraw 3,619 Warraw 3,619 Warraw 4,320 Waterford A-S-T 2,405 Waterford A-S-T 1,254 Waterford A-S-T 11,254 Waterfille UY-R 1,672 Waterfille UY-R 1,672 Waterfille A-S-T 11,254 Wathins Glan 2,40 Waverity 4,738 Wayland 1,866 Wayland 1,866 Wayland 1,672 Wallaburg ELM- 547 Wallaburg ELM- 547 Wast Bay Shore N.Y. 8,900 West Carthage 1,224 West Elmirs ELM- 8,801 - West Haverstryw N.Y. 8,181
Evans Mille Fair Naves 1 8 Fair Port POCK 8 Fairport ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Fairport ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Faironer JMST 2 Fartringdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 8 Fillimore Fleshalt POK 1 Floral Park M.Y 16 Ford Park M.Y 16 Ford Park M.Y 16 Franklin Guerre M.Y 12 Franklin Squere M.Y 12 Franklin Squere M.Y 12 Franklin Squere M.Y 12 Franklin Squere M.Y 16 Garden City M.Y 17 Garden City M.Y 17 Fair Garden City M.Y 18 Fair Garden City M.Y 17 Fair Garden City	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,544 ,545 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,806	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keesewille 2,025 Keesewille 2,025 Keenend 305 Keene	IG	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righey Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockville Centre N Y. Rossieville A-S-T Rome UT-R Romionioms N Y. Rossieville A-S-T Rome UT-R Romionioms N Y. Rossieville A-S-T Rome D-R Rome Point Rossieville A-S-T Round Lake A-S-T Round Lake A-S-T Round Lake A-S-T Round Rossieville Rya N Y Reflord Rossieville Rya N Y Reflord Sagnarial Rossieville Rya N Y Reflord Rossieville Rya N Y Reflord Rossieville Rya N Y Reflord Rossieville Rya Reflor Rossieville Rya Reflor Rossieville Ros	1.561 .792 8.600 1.1741 1.1741 1.5405 5.405 5.405 5.405 7.270 7.270 4.500 791 2.296 7.270 7.270 7.270 7.270 7.270 7.270 7.296 7.200 5.48 7.200 7.	Walding River 2,500 c. Walden NWGG 5,659 Walkull NWGG 1,649 Walton 3,229 Warnord 5,59 Wartingh NY. 22,300 c. Wartingh NY. 2,2300 c. Warnaw 3,619 Warnaw 3,619 Warnaw 3,619 Warnaw 3,619 Warrick NY. 4,320 Waterlord A-S-T 2,405 Waterlord A-S-T 1,672 Waterlife UY-R 1,672 Waterlife UY-R 1,672 Waterlife A-S-T 11,354 Wayland 1,846 Wayland 1,846 Wabler ROCH 5,499 Weelbard ROCH 5,499 Weelbard Roch 5,499 Weel Barylon NY 22,500 Weel Barylon NY 13,271 Weel Charloge 1,264 Weel Charloge 1,262 Weel Charloge 1,262 Weet Howerthire N Weet Howerthire
Evans Mille Fair Naves 1 8 Fairmount SVR 5 Fairmount SVR 6 Fairwise ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Fairons TMST 2 Fattengdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 8 Fillimore Fleshalt POK 1 Floral Park M.Y 16 Franklin Guerre M.Y 12 Franklin Squerre M.Y 16 Franklin M.Y 16 Fran	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,544 ,548 ,547 ,555 ,805 ,805 ,806	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeseville 2,025 Keenende 8UF- 18,474 Kennady 500 Kernoriaon 1,343 Kindernool A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernool A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernool A-S-V 2,270 Lise Kindernool A-S-V 2,401 Lise Lise See 500 Lise Kris Besch BUF- 2,270 Lise Kris Besch BUF- 3,500 Lise Kris Besch BUF- 3,500 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Kintine KNGSY 1,502 Lise Lizernia 1,500 Lise Placid 1,400 Lise Hondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,175 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,175 Lisernoon N.V. 9,175 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon BUF 9,600		New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Ridgemont ROCH Richtmod ROCHESTER ROCH Rockville Centre N Y. Research UR. Ronderville AS-T Rome UR. Ronderville AS-T Rome UR. Rosever NY. Roseyn Heights NY. Roseyn Heights NY. Roseyn Heights NY. Roseyn Register NS-T Roune Point Rosever NY. Rosever NY. Rosever NY. Rosever NY. Rosever Refror St. Jemes NY. Sackets Herbor St. Jemes NY. Sackets NY. Sac	1.561 .792 8.500 7.400 1.100 7.400 1.125 1.540 7.370 7.300 7	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahoti 3,229 Wamperille 569 Wampelville 569 Wamperille 2,300 Warpinger Falls POK Warraw 3,619 Warraw 3,619 Warraw 4,220 Warrenburg 2,743 Waterfood 5,303 Waterford 3,50 Waterchile U.F.R Waterchile 4,72 Waterchile 4,73 Wayland 1,86 Wobsier ROCH Wesobord 5,49 Westerburg 1,852 Welleburg ELM Waterburg 1,852 Welleburg 1,852 Welleburg 1,852 West Bay Shore N.Y West Centracy 700 West Emirs ELM West Centracy 700 West Havereitry
Evans Mille Fair Naver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fairmount SVR	851 879 7700 - 517 0 517 0 517 0 577 8 548 548 548 555 565 565 565 566 566 566 56	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeseville 2,025 Keenende 8UF- 18,474 Kennady 500 Kernoriaon 1,343 Kindernool A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernool A-S-V 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 Kindernool A-S-V 2,270 Lise Kindernool A-S-V 2,401 Lise Lise See 500 Lise Kris Besch BUF- 2,270 Lise Kris Besch BUF- 3,500 Lise Kris Besch BUF- 3,500 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Grove N.V. 9,602 Lise Kintine KNGSY 1,502 Lise Lizernia 1,500 Lise Placid 1,400 Lise Hondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise View 8UF- 4,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lise Nondorisonia N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,175 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,175 Lisernoon N.V. 9,175 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon N.V. 9,600 Lisernoon BUF 9,600		New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Ridgemont ROCH Richtmod ROCHESTER ROCH Roctville Centre N Y. Research UR. Ronderville AS-T Rome UR. Ronderville AS-T Rome UR. Roseveril N.Y. Roseyn Heights N.Y. Roseyn Heights N.Y. Roseyn Heights N.Y. Roseyn Reights N.Y. Roseyn Reights N.Y. Roseveril N.Y. Roseveril N.Y. Roseveril N.Y. Roseveril N.Y. Sackets Herbor St. Jemes N.Y. Sackets Herbor St. Jemes N.Y. St. Jemes N.Y. Sackets Herbor St. Jemes N.Y. Sackets Nerbor St. Jemes N.Y. Sackets	1.561 .792 8.500 7.400 1.100 7.400 1.121 15.405 5.479 3.329 10.200 7.370 7.300	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahott 3,229 Wamperille 569 Wamperille NY 2,200 Wappinger Falls POK 3,110 Warrawa 3,619 Warrawa 3,619 Warrawa 3,619 Warrawa 4,320 Waterfold A-S-T 2,405 Waterfold A-S-T 1,672 Waterfold A-S-T 1,672 Waterfille UV-R 1,672 Waterfille A-S-T 11,354 Waterfille A-S-T 1,672 Waterfille Westerfille A-S-T 1,666 Washaller ROCH 5,669 Westerfille S-F 5,769 Westerfille W-Mallerille S-F 1,872 West Bay Shore N-Y 8,900 West Bay Shore N-Y 3,800 West Emira E-M-West Charley 1,824 West Emira E-M-West Emira E-M-West Charley 1,824 West Heverptine N-Y 9,180 West Heverptine N-Y 9,180
Evans Mille Fair Naves 1 8 Fairmount SVR 5 Fairmount SVR 6 Fairmount SVR 8 Fairport ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Fairore JMST 2 Farmingdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 8 Fillimore Fleshkill POK 1 Floral Park M.Y 16 Florida MiOD 1 Flower Hill N.Y. 4 Fonda A-S-T Formatville For Ann GLFLS For Port Covington 1 For Esward GLFLS 1 For Esward GLFLS 1 Franklin Square M.Y. 32 Franklin Franklin Square M.Y. 32 Garden Chy M.Y. 34 Garden Chy M.Y. 34 Garden Chy Park N.Y. 3 Garden N.Y. 3 Garden N.Y. 3 Garden N.Y. 3 Garden LOCK Gatese ROCH 3 Gansseon 8	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,548 ,548 ,548 ,555 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,806 ,806 ,806 ,806 ,806 ,807 ,126 ,807 ,126 ,807 ,126 ,807 ,126 ,807 ,126 ,807 ,808 ,809 ,809 ,800	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keesewille 2,2025 Keesewille 2,2025 Keeneman BUF 13,474 Kennady 500 Keesewille 13,474 Kennady 500 Keneman BUF 13,474 Kennady 1,344 Kindermook A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point N-Y 5,234 Kindermook A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point N-Y 5,234 Kindermook A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point N-Y 5,240 Lackameares BUF 2,701 Lackameares BUF 3,000 Lake Krie Besch BUF 3,500 Lake Krie Besch BUF 1,007 Lake Grove R-Y 9,862 Lake Luserne 1,000 Lake Kinder KMGSY 1,002 Lake Luserne 1,000 Lake View 6UF 4,800 Lake View 6UF 4,800 Lake View 6UF 1,000 Lake View 6UF 1,000 Lake View 1,000 Lake View 6UF 1,000 Lake View 1,000 Lake View 6UF 1,000 Lake View	is in the second of the second	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCHESTE	1.561 .792 8.800 1.724 1.800 1.740 1.740 1.740 1.740 1.740 1.750 1.7000 1.7000	Welding River 2,500 to
Evans Mille Fair Naves 1 8 Fairmount SVR 5 Fairmount SVR 6 Fairmount SVR 8 Fairmount ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Fairone JMST 2 Farmingdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 7 Farmingdale N.Y. 8 Fillimore Fleshkill POK 1 Floral Park M.Y 16 Florida MiOD 1 Flower Hill N.Y. 4 Fonda A-S-T Formatville For Ann GLFLS For Park M.Y 1 Ford Eaverd GLFLS 1 Ford Eaverd GLFLS 1 Franklin Squere M.Y 2 Franklin Translin Squere M.Y 2 Franklin Franklin Squere M.Y 11 Franklin Squere M.Y 12 Franklin Franklin Squere M.Y 16 Franklin Squere M.Y 16 Franklin Squere M.Y 16 Franklin Squere M.Y 26 Franklin Squere M.Y 16 Franklin Squere M.Y 16 Franklin Squere M.Y 26 Franklin Squere M.Y 26 Franklin Squere M.Y 36 Gargian N.Y 36 Gargian LOCK 38 Garger LOCK 38 Garger M.Y 4 Garger LOCK 38 Garger M.Y 38 Garger LOCK 38 Garger M.Y 38 Garger LOCK 38 Garger M.Y 38 Garger M.Y 38 Garger M.Y 38 Garger LOCK 38 Garger M.Y 38 Gar	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,548 ,548 ,548 ,547 ,555 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,806 ,800	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeseville 2,025 Keenen 8UF 18,474 Kennedy 500 Kernorikson 1,343 Kindernooi A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point N.V. 5,234 KINGSTON KNOST 24,491 Leckasserms BUF 22,791 Leckasserms BUF 22,791 Leckasserms BUF 300 Lake Eris Beach BUF 300 Lake Grove N.V. 9,802 Lake Grove N.V. 9,802 Lake Grove N.V. 9,802 Lake Grove N.V. 9,802 Lake Lectron 1,007 Lake Grove N.V. 9,802 Lake Seiner KNGSY 1,002 Lake Placific KNGSY 1,002 Lake Seiner KNGSY 1,002 Lake New BUF 4,800 Lake View BUF 4,800 Lake-Weene N.V. 9,802 Lake-Weene N.V. 9,803 Lake-Weene N.V. 9,803 Lake-Weene N.V. 9,803 Larchmont N.		New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Richtynad Richtyn Ri	1.561 .792 8.500 7.400 1.100 7.400 1.121 1.540 1.540 1.322 1.323 1	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Wahoti 3,229 Wampeville 569 Wampeville 569 Wamperinger Falls POK S.110 Warzenaburg Warawa 3,619 Warserick N. Waterick N. 4,320 Waterick N. 2,455 Waterick WATN 27,861 Waterick A.S-T 11,572 Waterick A.S-T 11,574 Waterick A.S-T 1,572
Evans Mille Fair Naver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fairmount SVR	851 879 7700 - 517 0 517 0 517 0 517 0 517 0 518 0 548 0 548 0 558 0 558 0 558 0 500 0 561 0 500 0 561 0 500 0 561 0 500 0 561 0 500 0	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keesewille 2,2025 Keenewille 2,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,000 Lackameerem 8UF 2,2701 Lackameerem 8UF 3,2701 Lackameerem 8UF 3,000 Lake Krie Beach BUF 3,500 Lake Crie Beach BUF 3,500 Lake Crie Beach BUF 3,000 Lake Grove 11,047 Lake Grove 12,000 Lake Keenewille 1,000 Lake View 6UF 4,800 Lake Wille ROCH 9,000 Lake View 6UF 4,800 Lake Wille ROCH 9,000 Lake Wille 1,000 Lake ROCH 3,000 Lake ROCH 2,000 Lake Roch 3,000 Lake Roch 3,000 Lake Roch 3,000 Lake Roch 3,000 Lake Roch 4,000 Lake Roch 4	is in the second	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Riverhead Rockers R.Y. Roseseville R.Y. Roseseville R.Y. Roseseville R.Y. Roseseville R.Y. Roseseville R.Y. Roseseville Riverhead R.Y. Roseseville Riverhead Riverhead Riverhead Riverhead Riverhead Riverhead Riverhead Riverhead Riverhead Romanca Rammanca Ramman	1.561 .792 8.500 7.400 1.100 7.400 1.121 1.540 1.540 1.322 1.323 1	Welding River 2,500 to
Evans Mille Fair Naver SVR Fair Faver SVR Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH S, Fairport ROCH Fairview POK B, Fairone JMST Fairmingdale N.Y. Fordale AS-T Fordale MidD Fried Covington Ford Edward GLFLS Ford Covington Ford Edward GLFLS Ford Plan Grandelle UT-R Franklin Square N.Y. Fareville ITH Franklin Square N.Y. Freeville ITH Freeville ITH Freeville ITH Freeville SVR Gang Mille ELM Garden Chy Purk Garden Chy Purk Garden LOCK Gatee ROCH Ganseso Geneva Geneva Geneva Glesser	851 879 7700 - ,870 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,517 0 ,548 ,648 ,548 ,555 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,805 ,806 ,806 ,806 ,807 ,126 ,127 ,440 ,800	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keesewille 2,2025 Keenewille 2,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,2025 Keenewille 3,002 Lackasserma BUF 2,2,701 Lackasserma BUF 3,2,701 Lackasserma BUF 3,002 Lackasserma BUF 3,003 Lackasserma KWGSY 9,862 Lackasserma KWGSY 9,862 Lackasserma KWGSY 9,862 Lackasserma KWGSY 9,862 Lackasserma KWGSY 1,002 Lackasserma KWGSY 1,002 Lackasserma BUF 1,003 Lackasserma BUF 1,00	IG () and the second of the s	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Riverhead Rockeris Rocker Rocke	1.561 .792 8.500 .792 8.500 .7,400 1.740 1.7400 1.7	Welding River 2,500 to
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Evans Mille Fair Naves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairmount SVR Fairport ROCH S. Fairport ROCH S. Fairoris ROCH Fordal Park N.V Fordal R Ford R For	851 879 7700 - 517 0 517 0 517 0 517 0 517 0 518 0 548 0 548 0 558 0 558 0 509 0 561 0 500 0 561 0 500 0 561 0 500 0 561 0 500 0	Jordan SYR 1,271 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeseville 2,025 Keenen 8UF 18,474 Kennady 500 Kernorikson 1,343 Klindernaoli A-S-Y 1,377 Klings Point N.V. 5,234 KNRGSTON KNOST 24,491 Lackasserms BUF 22,791 Lackasserms BUF 22,791 Lackasserms BUF 300 Lackasserms BUF 400	IG () but the control of the contro	Nov Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Riverhead Rocker RY Rosever Rose	1.561	Welding River 2,500 to
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Evans Mille Fair Naver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fairmount SVR	851 879 7700 - ,517 o ,517 o ,517 o ,517 o ,518 o ,544 o ,555 o ,545 o ,546	Jordan SYR . 1,371 Keene . 450 Keeseville . 2,025 Keeseville . 2,025 Keenen . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Keeseville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Kerseville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Kerseville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Kerseville . 500 Kerseville . 500 Luckanserma BUF . 22,701 Luckanserma BUF . 22,701 Luckanserma BUF . 22,701 Luckanserma BUF . 2,400 Luke Erie Breich BUF . 3,500 Luke Erie Breich BUF . 3,500 Luke Grove R.Y 9,602 Luke Grove R.Y 9,602 Luke Grove R.Y 9,602 Luke Kelfer KWGSY . 1,002 Luke Rondorskoms N.Y . 9,600 Luke View . 6UF . 1,000 Luke View . 6UF . 1,000 Luke View . 8UF . 1,000 Luke . 1,00	IG () A CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF T	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockeville RA-S-T Romes RI-R Rockeville RA-S-T Romes RI-R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	1.561 .792 8.500 1.740 1.740 1.7400 1	Walding River 2,500 t. Walden NWGG 1,649 t. Walkull NWGG 1,649 t. Walkull NWGG 1,649 t. Walkull NWGG 1,649 t. Wartagh NY 22,300 t. Wertagh NY 22,300 t. Warransburg 2,743 t. Worsaw 3,619 t. Warrankourg 2,743 t. Warrankourg 2,743 t. Warrankourg 2,743 t. Waterrote AS-7 2,405 t. Waterrote AS-7 2,405 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,672 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,672 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,1,524 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,1,524 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,2,40 t. Waverly 4,738 t. Wayland 1,846 t. Washerrote AS-7 1,952 t. Walland Gen 5,769 t. Washerrote AS-8 1,952 t. Walland Berylon NY 3,200 t. West Boylon NY 1,2,200 t. West Boylon NY 1,3,21 t.
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Evans Mille Fair Haves IVA Fairmount SVR Gang Mille SVR Gangeon NY Gasport LOCK Gatte ROCK Gangeon Gan	851 879 700 - 870 - 517 - 517 - 778 - 546 - 553 - 553 - 555 - 555 - 567 - 561 - 556 - 561 - 557 - 558 - 667 - 568 - 660	Jordan SYR . 1,371 Keene . 450 Keeseville . 2,025 Keeseville . 2,025 Keenen . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Keeseville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Kerseville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Kerseville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Kerseville . 500 Kerseville . 500 Luckanserma BUF . 22,701 Luckanserma BUF . 22,701 Luckanserma BUF . 22,701 Luckanserma BUF . 2,400 Luke Erie Breich BUF . 3,500 Luke Erie Breich BUF . 3,500 Luke Grove R.Y 9,602 Luke Grove R.Y 9,602 Luke Grove R.Y 9,602 Luke Kelfer KWGSY . 1,002 Luke Rondorskoms N.Y . 9,600 Luke View . 6UF . 1,000 Luke View . 6UF . 1,000 Luke View . 8UF . 1,000 Luke . 1,00	IG is a second of the second o	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rockeville RA-S-T Romes RI-R Rockeville RA-S-T Romes RI-R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R Rockeville R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	1.561 .792 8.500 1.740 1.740 1.7400 1	Walding River 2,500 t. Walden NWGG 1,649 t. Walkull NWGG 1,649 t. Walkull NWGG 1,649 t. Walkull NWGG 1,649 t. Wartagh NY 22,300 t. Wertagh NY 22,300 t. Warransburg 2,743 t. Worsaw 3,619 t. Warrankourg 2,743 t. Warrankourg 2,743 t. Warrankourg 2,743 t. Waterrote AS-7 2,405 t. Waterrote AS-7 2,405 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,672 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,672 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,1,524 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,1,524 t. Waterrote AS-7 1,2,40 t. Waverly 4,738 t. Wayland 1,846 t. Washerrote AS-7 1,952 t. Walland Gen 5,769 t. Washerrote AS-8 1,952 t. Walland Berylon NY 3,200 t. West Boylon NY 1,2,200 t. West Boylon NY 1,3,21 t.
Evans Mille Fair Naver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fairmount SVR 5 Fairport ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Fairport ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Faironer SMST 2 Fattengdale N.Y. 7 Fattengdale N.Y. 7 Fattengdale N.Y. 8 Fillimore Fleshalt POK 1 Floral Park M.Y 16 For Carlington 1 For Ann GLFLS For Carlington 1 For Ann GLFLS For Carlington 1 For Edward GLFLS 1 Franklin Square M.Y 12 Franklin Square M.Y 16 Franklin Square M.Y 16 Franklin Square M.Y 16 Franklin Square M.Y 16 Garga Milke ELM 1 Garden Chy M.Y 16 Garga Milke ELM 1 Garden Chy Park N.Y 2 Garden N.Y 16 Garmava 16 Garmava 16 Garmava 16 Ghert Med N.Y 16 Glerham POK 16 Glorvarulle 17 Gorbam MOD 16 Gouvernaule 17 Gorbam MOD 16 Gouvernaule 17 Gowen M.Y 16 Gorbam MOD 16 Gouvernaule 17 Gowenda 2 Gowenda 2	851 879 7700 - 871 871 871 874 874 874 875 876 876 877 877 877 877 877 877 877 877	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeseville 2,025 Keenen 8UF 13,474 Kennady 500 Keeseville 13,474 Kennady 500 Keeseville 13,474 Kennady 500 Keenen 13,434 Kindermook 4-5-Y 1,377 Kings Point M-Y 5,234 Kindermook 4-5-Y 1,377 Kings Point M-Y 5,234 Kindermook 4-5-Y 1,377 Kings Point M-Y 5,2400 Lackasserms BUF 22,701 Lackasserms BUF 3,500 Lake Erie Beach BUF 3,500 Lake Crie Beach BUF 3,500 Lake Crie Beach BUF 1,002 Lake Crie KMGSY 9,862 Lake Grove 11,047 Lake Grove 11,047 Lake Grove 11,047 Lake Grove 11,040 Lake Member 1,000 Lake View 6UF 1,000 Lake View 6UF 1,000 Lake View 6UF 1,000 Lake View 10,000 Lake	IG () And the second of the s	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondyllie Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH ROSHINIT	1.561792 8.500	Walding River 2,500 c. Walden NWGG 1,649 Walkelil NWGG 1,649 Walton 3,229 Wartagh NY 22,300 c. Wartagh NY 22,300 c. Warransburg 2,743 c. Warrand NY 4,320 c. Waterloa AS-T 2,405 c. Waterloa AS-T 1,672 c. Waterloa AS-T 11,672 c. Waterloa Gan 2,440 c. Waverly 4,738 c. Wayland 1,846 c. Washer ROCH 5,496 c. Washer ROCH 5,496 c. Washer ROCH 5,799 c. Washer Rother 5,470 c. Wallawille 5,799 c. Washer Rother 5,799 c. Washer Rother 1,824 c. Washer Rother 1,825 c. Washer Rother 1,820 c. Washer Rother
Evans Mille Fair Naver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fair Maver 1 Fairmount SVR 5 Fairport ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Faironer ROCH 5 Fairview POK 8 Faironer SMST 2 Fairmingdale N.Y. 7 Fairmingdale N.Y. 7 Fairmingdale N.Y. 7 Fairmingdale N.Y. 9 Fillimore Fleshell POK 1 Florid BMOD 1 For Coverington 1 Franklin Squere H.Y 12 Franklin	851 879 7700 - 870 - 871 - 871 - 871 - 872 - 873 - 874 - 875	Jordan SYR 1,371 Kenne 450 Keseaville 2,025 Keseaville 3,025 Kesneaville 18,474 Kenned BUF 18,474 Kenned V 500 Kernonikson 1,343 Kindernsoli A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point R.V. 5,234 KMGSTON KNOST 24,491 Leckasserms BUF 22,791 Leckasserms BUF 22,791 Leckasserms BUF 300 Lake Kris Beach BUF 3,500 Lake Grove R.V. 9,602 Lake Grove R.V. 9,602 Lake Grove R.V. 9,602 Lake Grove R.V. 9,602 Lake Keris KMGST 1,002 Lake Keris KMGST 1,002 Lake Keris KMGST 3,541 Lake Rondomkoms M.V. 9,600 Lake View BUF 4,600 Lake Manner BUF 4,600 Lake	IG () A second of the second	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Richtyned ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH ROCHESTER ROCH	1.561	Walding River 2,500 c. Waldern NWBG 5,659 Walkern NWBG 1,649 Walnott 3,239 Warnott 559 Warnach 559 Warnach 2,200 Warpinjerer Falls POK Warranaburg 2,743 Warranachurg 2,743 Warrankourg 2,743 Waterrott 4,320 Waterrott 2,405 Waterrott 1,572 Waterrott 1,785 Waterrott 4,738 Waterrott 4,738 Waterrott 4,738 Waterrott 4,738 Waterrott 4,738 Waterrott 4,738 Waterrott 1,846 Waterrott 1,872 Well-bourg 1,847 Well-bourg 1,872 Well-bourg 1,872 Well-bourg 1,872 Well-bourg 1,872 Well-bourg 1,872 We
Evans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fillmora Flankill POK Florida MiDD Flower Hill N.V. Fonda A-S-T Flower Hill N.V. Fonda A-S-T Fonda A-S-T Fonda Fairmount SVR Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon County SVR For Power SVR Fonda GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Found SVR Frenkinnist L Frenkinnist Frankinnist Fr	851 879 700 - 870 - 517 517 5517 553 544 558 558 558 558 558 558 558 558 558	Jordan SYR . 1,371 Keene . 450 Keeseaville . 2,025 Keeseaville . 2,025 Keeneaville . 11,474 Kennady . 500 Keeseaville . 12,474 Kennady . 500 Keeseaville . 12,474 Kennady . 500 Keneaville . 1,377 Kennady . 1,377 Lete .	IG () and the second of the s	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Rosseville Ross	1.561 .792 8.500 .1,740 1.740 1.7400 1.7400 1.7400 1.7400 1.7400 7.5405 9.5479 9.700 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 7.370 M.500 5.64 7.000 5.64 7.000 5.67 7.000 6.790 6.	Welding River 2,500 c Welden NWGG 1,649 Walken NWGG 1,649 Walken 1,649 Wartagh N Y 22,300 Wartagh N Y 2,743 Warransburg 2,743 Warransburg 2,743 Warransburg 2,743 Warransburg 2,743 Warransburg 2,740 Waterchoe 3,300 Waterchoe 3,300 Waterchoe 4,750 Waterchie UV-R 1,672 Waterchie UV-R 1,672 Waterchie UV-R 1,672 Waterchie UV-R 1,674 Waterchie UV-R 1,846 Waverry 4,738 Wayerd 1,846 Waverry 4,738 Wayerd 1,846 Washar ROCH 5,769 Washar ROCH 5,769 Washar Roch N Y 22,500 Washar Walken N Y 3,870 Washar Walken N Y 3,870 Washar Walken N Y 3,871 Washar Howerstraw N Y 3,800 Washar Howerstraw N Y 3,600 Washar Washar N Y 3,600 W
Evans Mille Fair Naver SVR Fair Fair PACH Fair Fair PACH	851 879 7700 - 871 871 871 871 872 874 874 875 875 876 877 877 877 877 877 877 877 877 877	Jordan SYR . 1,371 Keene . 450 Keeseaville . 2,025 Keeseaville . 2,025 Keeneaville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Keeseaville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Keeseaville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Keneaville . 13,474 Kennady . 500 Keneaville . 1,377 Kennady . 500 Keneaville . 1,377 Kennady . 500 Keneaville . 1,377 Kennady . 1,377 Lehe Berind . 1,470 Lehe Rive . 1,500 Lehe Krie Besch . 1,500 Lehe Crie . 1,507 Lehe Grove . 1,507 Lehe Grove . 1,507 Lehe Grove . 1,507 Lehe Roritor . 1,500 Lehe Piere . 1,500 Lehe Piere . 1,500 Lehe	IG () better the state of the	New Baltimore 780 C	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Riverhead Rockwille Ross Rockwille Ross Rockwille Rockwille Rock Rockwille	1.561792 8.5001,000	Walding River 2,500 c. Walden NWGG 1,649 Wallerill NWGG 1,649 Walnott 3,229 Warnott 569 Wartagh NY. 22,300 c. Warpingers Falls POK 5,110 Warransburg 2,743 c. Warranswar 3,619 Warrankourg 2,743 c. Warrankourg 2,743 c. Warrankourg 2,743 c. Warrankourg 2,740 c. Waterrior A-S-T 2,405 Waterrior A-S-T 1,672 c. Waterrior A-S-T 1,732 c. Waterrior A-S-T 1,942 c. <tr< td=""></tr<>
Evans Mille Fair Haves IV R Fair Maves IV R Fairmount SVR Fillmora Flankill POK Florida MiDD Flower Hill N.V. Fonda A-S-T Flower Hill N.V. Fonda A-S-T Fonda A-S-T Fonda Fairmount SVR Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon County SVR For Power SVR Fonda GLFLS Fon Ann GLFLS Fon Found SVR Frenkinnist L Frenkinnist Frankinnist Fr	851 879 7700 - 871 871 871 871 872 874 874 875 875 876 877 877 877 877 877 877 877 877 877	Jordan SYR 1,371 Keene 450 Keeseville 2,025 Keeseville 2,025 Keenen 8UF 18,474 Kennady 500 Kernonikson 1,343 Kennady 500 Kernonikson 1,343 Kindernaoli A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point R.V. 5,234 Kindernaoli A-S-Y 1,377 Kings Point R.V. 5,234 Kindernaoli A-S-Y 2,400 Leckareame BUF 22,701 Leckareame BUF 22,701 Leckareame BUF 300 Lake Krie Beach BUF 3,500 Lake Crie KNGSY 9,802 Lake Crie KNGSY 9,802 Lake Crie KNGSY 1,002 Lake Keris Beach BUF 3,500 Lake View 8UF 4,800 Larchmont R.V. 8,306 Larchmont R.V. 8,306 Larchmont BUF 3,324 Lemenson BUF 3,324 Lemenson BUF 3,324 Lemenson BUF 3,324 Lemenson BUF 1,322 Lemenson BUF 1,322 Lemenson BUF 1,322 Lemenson BUF 1,324 Lemenson	IG () better the state of the	New Baltimore	Richried Springs Richmondylle Ridgemont ROCH Righty Riverhead ROCHESTER ROCH Riverhead Rockerille Rockeril	1.561	Walding River 2,500 c. Walden NWBG 5,659 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Walkull NWBG 1,649 Warnott 3,229 Warnott 559 Warnaville 2,500 Warpinger Falls POK Warrawick 1,110 Warransburg 2,743 Warrankour 3,619 Warrankour 2,435 Waterrord 4,520 Waterrord 4,752 Waterrord 4,752 Waterrord 4,752 Waterrolle 1,672 Waterroll 1,846 Wasterroll 1,846 Wasterroll 5,789 Wasterroll 1,946 Websier 6,70 Westerroll 1,946 Websier 1,81 Westerroll 1,92 Westerroll 1,94 Westerroll 1,94 Westerroll 1,94 Westerroll 1,94 Weste



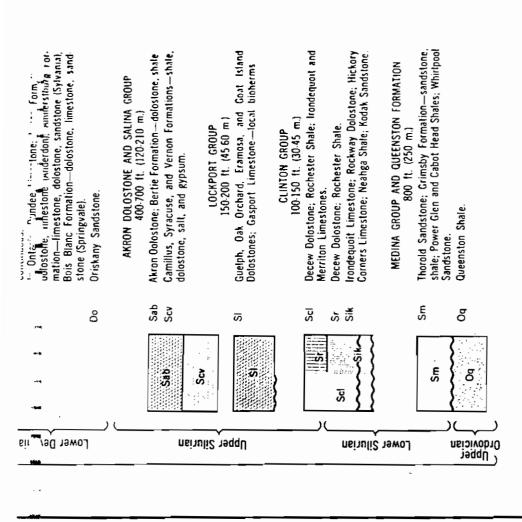
GEOLOGIC MAP OF NEW YORK

1970

Niagara Sheet



CONTOUR INTERVAL 100 FEET



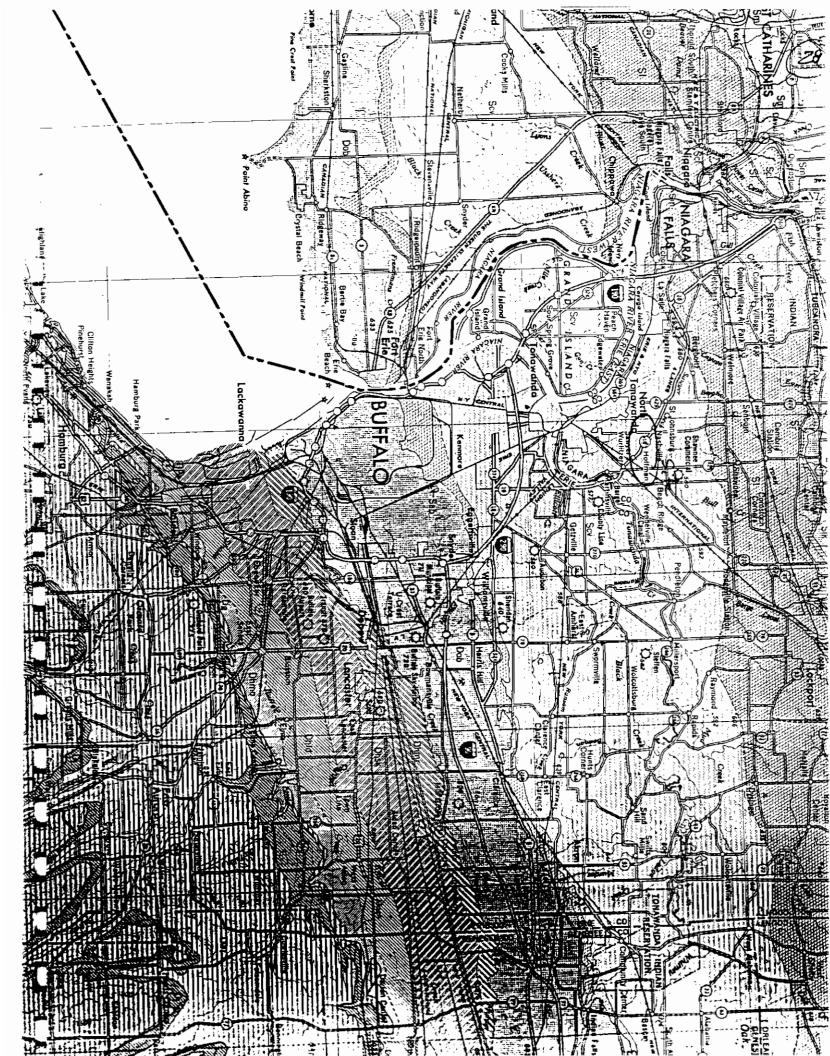
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MAP SYMBOLS

12,

Observed or approximately located contact

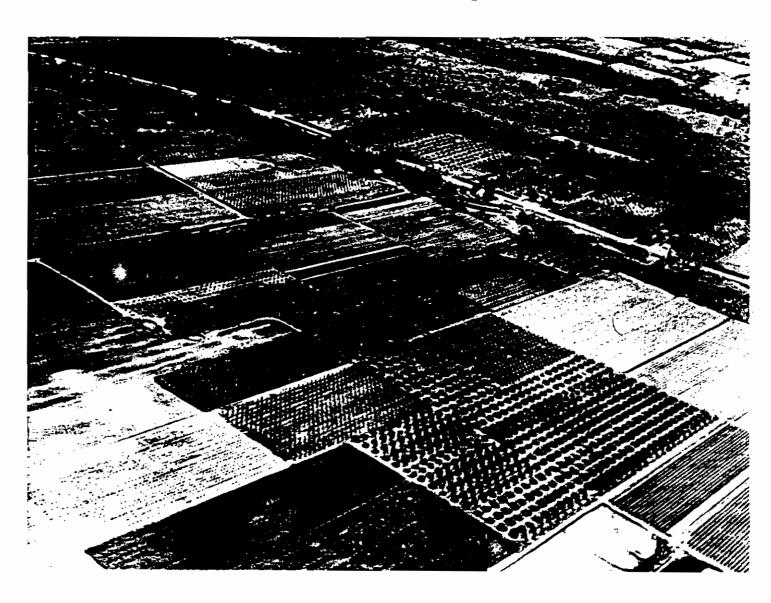
Conjectural contact; includes projections beneath extensive Quaternary cover and many contacts based on reconnaissance mapping.





SOIL SURVEY OF

Niagara County, New York



CONTARY COPY

COUNTY

CANADA

CANADA



United States Department of Agriculture
Soil Conservation Service
In cooperation with
Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station

Issued October 1972

GUIDE TO MAPPING UNITS

To obtain a complete description of a mapping unit, it is necessary to read the description of the mapping unit and the description of the soil series to which it belongs. In referring to a capability unit or a woodland group, read the introduction to the section it is in for general information about its management. Other information in this soil survey is in tables as follows:

Estimated yields, tables 1, 2, and 3 pp. 27 through 36.
Woodland, table 4, page 38.
Wildlife, table 5, page 43.

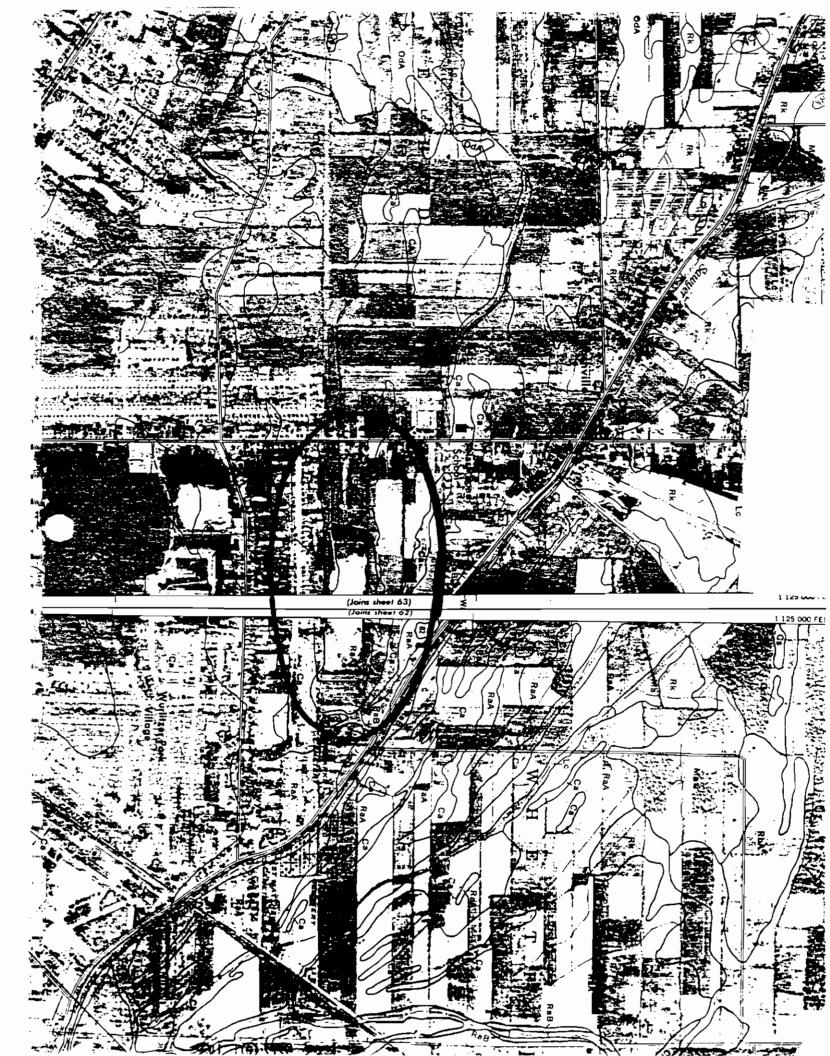
Engineering uses of soils, tables 6, 7, and 8, pp. 48 through 97.
Nonfarm uses of soils, table 9, page 100.

Мар		Described	Capabil unit	*	Wood1 gro	
symbol	Mapping units	on page	Symbol	Page	Symbol	Page
Ad	Alluvial land	122	Vw-1	25		
Af	Altmar loamy fine sand	123	IIw-1	19	4s1	40
Aлп	Altmar gravelly fine sandy loam	123	IIw-1	19	451	40
AnΑ	Appleton gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	124	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40
ApA	Appleton silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	124	IIIw-l	21	3₩2	40
ArB	Arkport very fine sandy loam, 0 to 6 percent slopes	125	IIs-2	18	201	35
ATC AsA	Arkport very fine sandy loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes Arkport fine sandy loam, gravelly substratum, 0 to 2	126	IIIe-3	20	201	3.5
	percent slopes	126	IIs-1	18	201	38
AsB	Arkport fine sandy loam, gravelly substratum, 2 to 6 percent slopes	126	IIs-2	18	201	7.5
BoA	Bombay fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	127	IIw-2	19	301	35
ВоВ	Bombay fine sandy Ioam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	127	IIe-3	17	301	38 75
BrA	Brockport silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	129	IIIw-2	22	3w1	38 40
Ca	Canandaigua silt loam	129	IIIw-3	22	4w1	40
СЪ	Canandaigua silty clay loam	130	IIIw-3	22	4w1	
CcA	Cayuga and Cazenovia silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes-	131	IIw-2	19	201	40 38
CcB	Cayuga and Cazenovia silt loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes-	131	IIe-3	17	201	38
CcC	Cayuga and Cazenovia silt loams, 6 to 12 percent	131	116-3	17	201	38
	slopes	131	IIIe-1	20	201	35
CeA	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	132	1Iw-2	19	201	38
CeB	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	132	IIe-3	17	201	38
CgA	Cazenovia gravelly silt loam, shale substratum, 0 to	133				
CgB	3 percent slopes		IIw-2	19	201	38
	percent slopes	133	IIe-3	17	201	38
Ch	Cheektowaga fine sandy loam	134	IIIw-3	22	5w1	40
ClA	Churchville silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	135	IIIw-2	22	3w1	40
C1B	Churchville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	135	IIIw-S	23	3w1	40
CmA	Claverack loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	136	IIw-1	19	3s1	40
Cm B	Claverack loamy fine sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	136	IIw-1	19	3s1	40
CnA	Collamer silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	138	IIw-2	19	201	38
CnB	Collamer silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	138	IIe-2	17	201	38
CoB	Colonie loamy fine sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes	139	IIIs-1	21	451	40
Cs	Cosad fine sandy loam	140	111w-4	23	4w1	40
Cu	Cut and fill land	140				
DuB	Dunkirk silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	141	IIe-2	17	201	38
DuC3	Dunkirk silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	141	1Ve - 2	24	2r1	38 3
DvD3	Dunkirk and Arkport soils, 12 to 20 percent slopes,					58
E1A	Elect learn fire and 0 at 1	142	VIe-1	25	2r3	40 1
E1B	Elnora loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes Elnora loamy fine sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	143	IIw-1	19	451	40
FaA		143	IIw-1	19	451	40
Fo	Farmington silt loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	144	Ills-2	21	5d1	40 3
F r	Freder gravelly learn	145	IVw-1	24	5w1	40
Gn A	Galen very fine sandy long 0 to 2 reports along	146	IIIw-I	21	3w2	38 3
Gn B	Galen very fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	147	IIw-1	19	201	38 5
	Galen very fine sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	147	IIw-1	19	201	38
Ha.	Hamlin silt loam	148	IIw-3	19	202	38 3
HgA	Hilton gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	150	IIw-2	19	201	38
iig B	Hilton gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	150	IIe-3	17	201	, ° §

GUIDE TO MAPPING UNITS--Continued

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			Capabil	ity	Wood 1	
Мар		Described on	unit		810nb	
symbol	Mapping unit	page	Symbol	Page	Symbol Symbol	
H1A	Hilton silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	150	IIw-2	19	201	-
H1B	Hilton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	150	IIe-3	17	201	3
HmA	Hilton and Cayuga silt loams, limestone substratum, 0	100		1,	201	3
Hm B	to 3 percent slopes	151	IIw-2	19	201	H
	to 8 percent slopes	151	IIe-3	17	201	3
HoA	Howard gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	152	IIs-1	18	201	N N
HoB	Howard gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	152	IIs-2	18	201	Ä
HoC	Howard gravelly loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	153	IIIe-2	20	201	_ بر
Hs B HtC3	Hudson silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	154	IIe-2	17	201	¥
57	eroded	154	IVe-2	24	2 r l	إيدا
HuF3	Hudson soils, 20 to 45 percent slopes, eroded	154	VIe-1	25	2 r 3	<u> </u>
LaB	Lairdsville silt loam, 0 to 6 percent slopes	155	IIe-4	17	301	אַנ
Lc	Lakemont silty clay loam	156	IVw-1	24	5w1	4;
Ld	Lamson very fine sandy loam	158	IIIw-3	22	4w1	£:
Lg Lo	Lamson fine sandy loam, gravelly substratum Lockport silt loam	158 159	IIIw-3 1IIw-2	22	4w1	4:
Ma	Madalin silt loam	161	IVw-1	22 24	3w1 5w1	4:
Md	Madalin silt loam, loamy subsoil variant	162	IVw-1	24	5w1	4:
Me	Made land	162				40
Mf	Massena fine sandy loam	163	IIIw-1	21	3w2	46
Mn	Minoa very fine sandy loam	164	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40
Ms	Muck, shallow	165	IVw-2	24		
NaA	Niagara silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	166	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40
NaB	Niagara silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	166	IIIw-5	23	3w2	40 4
OdA	Odessa silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	167	IIIw-2	22	3w1	40 -
OdB	Odessa silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	167	IIIw-5	23	3w1	10
On B	Ontario loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	169	Ile-1	16	201	35
OnC .	Ontario loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	169	IIIe-l	20	201	35
OnC3	Ontario loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	169	IVe-1	23	201	35
OnD3 OoA	Ontario loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes, erodedOntario loam, limestone substratum, 0 to 3 percent	169	Vle-1	25	2r2	3.5
OoB	Ontario loam, limestone substratum, 3 to 8 percent	170	I-1	16	201	35
	slopes	170	IIe-l	16	201	35
OsA	Otisville gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	171	IIIs-l	21	4s1	40
OsB	Otisville gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	171	IIls-1	21	451	40
OvA	Ovid silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	172	IIIw-1	21	3w2	40
OvB O⊮A	Ovid silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopesOvid silt loam, limestone substratum, 0 to 3 percent	173	IIIw-5	23	3w2	10
OwB	SlopesOvid silt loam, limestone substratum, 3 to 8 percent	173	11 Iw-1	21	3w2	40
	slopes	173	111w-5	23	3w2	40
PsA	Phelps gravelly loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	174	11w-2	19	201	38
RaA	Raynham silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	175	I11w-1	21	3w2	40
RaB	Raynham silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	176	111w-5	23	3w2	40
RbA RbB	Rhinebeck silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	177	IIIw-2	22	3w1	40
RhA	Rhinebeck silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	177	111w-5	23	3w1	40
RhB	Rhinebeck silty clay loam, sandy substratum, 2 to 6	177	11 I w - 2	22	3w1	40
n.l.	percent slopes	178	IIIw-5	23	3w1	40
Rk PoA	Rhinebeck silt loam, thick surface variant	179	111w-2	22	3w1	40
RoA RoF	Rock land, nearly level	179	VIIIs-1	25		
ShB	Rockland, steep	179	VIIIs-1	25	201	7.5
St	Schoharie silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes Stafford loamy fine sand	181	11e-4	17	201	38 40
Su	Stafford loamy fine sand, gravelly substratum	182	IIIw-4	23	4w1	40
Sw	Sun silt loam	182	IIIw-4	23	4w1	40
Wa	Wayland silt loam	183 184	IVw-1 ! 1w-6	24 23	4w1 4w1	40



APPENDIX A FIELD PROCEDURES

APPENDIX A

FIELD PROCEDURES

These procedures were utilized by Engineering-Science field teams during the Phase II field investigations. These procedures are taken from the NYSDEC approved "Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Phase II Engineering Investigations and Evaluations at Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites", dated June, 1987.

The following procedures are contained in this appendix:

drilling well borings;

monitoring well installations;

well development;

groundwater sampling;

air monitoring.

DRILLING WELL BORINGS

The procedures utilized to drill monitor wells at the site are described in the "Guidelines for Exploratory Boring, Monitoring Well Installation and Documentation for these Activities" as developed by the NYSDEC. The procedures listed in the Work Plan and Quality Assurance Plan for the site were modified in the field, with NYSDEC approval, in response to site-specific conditions.

Holes were drilled with a Mobile B-61 truck-mounted drilling rig or with a CME-45 ATV mounted rig. Prior to drilling, the drill rig and tools were steam cleaned. During drilling, downhole equipment and other tools were placed on wooden pallets or sheets of plastic to limit contamination by surface contaminants.

Unconsolidated materials were drilled with 4-1/4 inch inside diameter hollow stem augers. Clean water from a municipal supply was used as the drilling fluid. Soil samples were generally collected continuously in the shallow wells. In deeper wells, samples were collected at intervals of five feet until drilling approached the depth where the lower sand lens was expected to be found and continuous sampling was resumed. The samples were visually classified in terms of moisture content, color, texture, density and structure. The soil samples and cuttings were monitored with a Photovac TIP-II to detect volatile organic compounds. Selected samples were submitted to a laboratory and analyzed for grain-size characteristics. Soil materials and rock cuttings from the well borings were left on the ground surface when readings were not in excess of 5 ppm above

background. All cuttings were spread on the ground upon completion of drilling. Bedrock was not drilled during this study.

Monitoring Well Installation

All wells were constructed of 2-inch I.D. threaded flush-joint PVC riser pipe and 2- to 6-foot lengths of 0.010-inch slotted screen. All well materials were steam cleaned prior to installation.

Well casings were set through the augers and a quartz sand was placed around the screen with a tremie to a point one to two feet above the screen. A two-foot thick bentonite pellet seal was placed above the sand pack with a tremie to isolate the screened section from overlying sediments. The remainder of the annular space was filled to the land surface with a cement and bentonite grout. A vented PVC cap was placed on the well and the well was secured with a locking 4-inch I.D. protective steel casing.

Well Development

Wells were allowed to set up for twelve hours or more after installation. Wells were subsequently developed by removing water until the discharge water turbidity was less than 100 Jackson Turbidity Units or was largely sediment free. All tools and materials used to develop the wells were steam cleaned prior to installation. Water was removed from the wells by bailing or by air-lift pumping. During air-lift pumping, an oil separating device was installed on the discharge line of the compressor. Airlines were placed just above the screened section and air pressure was increased until water discharged from the well. The discharge of the airline was monitored with a Photovac to insure readings were not above background. Wells were surged periodically to aid in removing sediment.

Groundwater Sampling

The sampling program conducted by Engineering-Science consisted of groundwater samples only. Seven groundwater samples were collected at the site in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan. All sampling equipment was cleaned prior to sampling by successively rinsing with detergent (Alconox) water, methanol and distilled water. After the samples were bottled, additional water was collected for field tests of temperature, pH, and conductivity. Field sampling records are presented in Appendix C of this report.

In addition to the samples collected from the site, two types of blanks were collected. Two trip blanks, consisting of organic-free water prepared by the laboratory, accompanied the samples throughout the sampling and shipping procedures. A trip blank provides an indication of bottle preparation procedures and possible exposure of the samples to contaminants during shipping. Two field wash blanks were taken by collecting organic-free water prepared by the laboratory or a commercial distributor during the final rinse of sampling equipment. A field wash blank measures the effectiveness of field decontamination procedures. Blanks were assigned non-existent sample location numbers and submitted to the laboratory to be analyzed for volatile organic compounds.

The static water level relative to the top of the PVC casing was measured and recorded at each well and three well volumes of water were removed with a decontaminated Teflon bailer and dedicated polypropylene line prior to collection of the sample. The sample bottles were filled using the same Teflon bailer.

Air Quality Monitoring

Air quality monitoring for volatile organic compounds was performed as a health and safety measure during drilling, well installation and sampling events using a Photovac TIP-II photoionization meter. The meter was calibrated daily before use with a 100 ppm isobutylene standard. Background conditions were determined by holding the intake of the instrument at head height for 30 seconds and recording the reading. During drilling, the split-spoon soil samples were held about 1 inch from the intake. The air in completed wells was monitored by removing the PVC cap and placing the intake into the well opening. All readings were recorded on field forms at the time of sampling.

APPENDIX B

GEOLOGIC DATA

BORING LOGS AND WELL SCHEMATICS

EXISTING MONITORING WELLS

(INSTALLED IN 1985)

			SHEET DF P
İ		FE F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	BORING OW-I
!	SAMPL ING	IN FEE	NASH ROAD SITE
WELL SCHEMATICS	BLOW NO B RUN CORE CONE		
OW-1B OW-1	COUNT TYPE NO REC MOD	FRAC OEPTH GRAP	DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES
PHOTECTIVE CASING	1 i i		SURFACE CONCITIONS: GRASSY, WET.
WITH LOCKING CAP			NAME (DALITIONS) SANSAY, WELL
GADUND SUNFACE	5 1.29	ر وسار	IGHT BROWN HOIST MEDIUM SILT AND CLAY, TRACE OF
U - CONCRETE	18 2 9	ME 111	SAND, DECASIONAL BLACK ORGANIC STAIRS
STEEL PIPE	15 3 5	1 1 21	GRAY MOIST STIFF LAYENED CLAY AND SILT WITM Occasional Slams of Fine to medium Sand.
HINTONITE SEAL SUPPLEMENTARY BENTONITE SEAL	35 4 0	5 - 61	IVE" IN THICPNESS
STAINLESS STEEL	15 5 5		GRADES TO LESS STIFF
VELL SCREEN FILTER SAND	9 6 13	10-	RAY MOIST MEDIUM LAYERED CLAY, RED CLAY LAYERS
10-ROR	10 7 8		APPROXIMATELY 1/10" THICKNESS AT IRREGULAR INTERVALS
	2 1 5		GRADES TO VERY SOFT CLAY
MATURAL BACKFILL	2 9 9	15-	
	10 5		
	11. 5	20-	
		20~	
PHIMARY SEAL SHAPE SEAL SHAPE SEAL STAINLESS LIEEL SCAL SCALE SEAL SCALE SCALE SCALE SCALE SEAL SCALE SC		CH	40.255 VD 5255
	9 18:15	25 -	GRADES TO SOFT
	A 18:20	30 -	GRADES TO VERY SOFT
		35-	
	38/6" 10:35 55/6" 10:40	91111 I	BROWN, MOIST SILT AND COARSE TO FINE GRAVEL, LITTLE CLAY, LITTLE FINE SAMD (TILL)
	16/6" 18:50	40-	
	20/6" 18:6 @		GRADES TO WET
		45-	
1 Partition 1972/4			
	98 18,75	50 - IIII	GRADES TO MOIST, DENSE SILT, SOME
			FIME TO COARSE SAND, LITTLE FIME Gravel
FILTER SAND 10-ROK	55/6" 18:00	55-	
	65/6"18:98	60-	GRADES TO WET
O.DIA SLOTTED WELL SCREEN			
1			
	76/6" 18+10 à	I65 J KIINI	
1 11			
SOIL SAMPLING INFORMATION			
STANUARD PENETRATION TEST			
■ UNDISTURBED SAMPLE			
DE DISTURBED SAMPLE FRACTURE	<u>i</u>		KEY TO WELL SCHEMATIC
	Frame of core loss		Eij Grout
ROCK CORE INCORMATION	Breccia zone Dip-silp slickensides		Gim Pentonite Seal [Sand Filter
RO CORE LOSS ZONE,	fractures shown at approving		■画 Well Screen
PERCENT CORE	Finerallynd fracture c = c fractured your	.eicrre 3 = Sylflee	
82] CORE POD	told		
The same of the sa			DAMES 8 MOORE

SHEET 2 OF 2

1			SAM	PL II	v6		TURES	IN FEET	907 2	BORING OW-I NASH ROAD SITE
	HELL SCHEMATICS	FL ON COURT		UA		COME	Se C	DEPTH 1	GRAPHI	DESCRIPTIVE GEDLOGIC NOTES
								65 ₇	जिल्ल <u>ा</u>	
			1841)					70-		TOP OF REDROCK AT 68.6'. BEDROCK IS DOLOSTONE. BORING TEGMINATED AT A DEPTH OF 68.6' ON JUNE 11. 1986.

SOIL SAMPLING INCORMATION

- M STANDARD PERETRATION TEST
- UNDISTURBED SAMPLE
- M DISTURBED SAMPLE
- IT NO SAMPLE RECOVERED
- MOCE COME DECORMATION
- HO COPE LOSS ZONE

 TUPCEST CORE
 RECOVERY

FRACTURES

Zone of care loss Tall Breccia gene

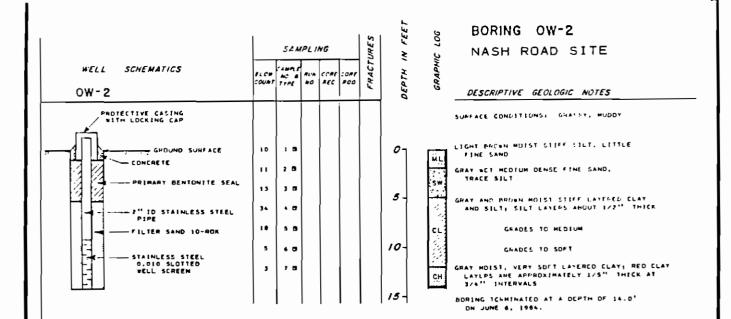
Dip-slip slickensides

fractures shown at approximate angle to core exis-Mineralized frenture | c = celcite | s = sulfide Transured some

- $\mathsf{FIG}_{\mathsf{L}}(\underline{\mathsf{TO}},\underline{\mathsf{WILL}},\underline{\mathsf{FCHEMATIC}})$
- [@7 Grout

1555 Bentonite Seal Filler Sand Filter

四月 Well Screen



SOIL SAMELING INFORMATION

- STANDARD PENETRATION TEST
- WINDISTURBED SAMPLE
- E DISTURPED SAMPLE
- O NO SAMPLE RECOVERED

POCK COPE INFORMATION

PEPCENT CORE

FRACTURES

Zone of core loss

Olf-silp slickensides

frectures shown at approximate angle to core axis

Mineralized fracture | c = calcife | s = suifide

Transured rone

KLY TO KILL SCHENATIC

fi5# Greu

For Pentonite Scal

t 🕽 Sand Filter

문국 Well Screen

SHEET 1 OF F FEET BORING OW-3 907 FRACTURES SAMPLING ₹ GRAPHIC NASH ROAD SITE SCHEMATICS WELL DEPTH e. cs CARE OW - 3 DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES PROTECTIVE CASING SURFACE CONDITIONS: GRASSY, TALL BRUSH GADUND SURFACE 0-1 3 MIRED SAND/WASTE FILL , 0 - CONCHETE -- SUFPLEMENTARY BENTONTTE 7/.5 34 🗆 GRAY AND BROWN MOIST MEDIUM LAYERED CLAY AND SILT. TRACE FINE SAND, EMCHAN SILT LAYERS AFPROXIMATELY 1/2"-1" IN THICKNESS AT 1 1/2" INTERVALS GRADES TO STIFF AT 6.0" 91.5 ¥* 0 5 32 • 0 ĊL: --- 7" TO STAINLESS STEEL PIPE GRAY MOIST MEDIUM LATERED CLAY . . 10 RED CLAY LAYERS APPROXIMATELY 3/10"
THICK AT 1/2" INTERVALS 7 0 GRADES TO SOFT WITH OCCASIONAL SILT LAYERS APPHOXIMATELY 1/2" THICK AT 10.0" - NATURAL BACKFILL . . CLAY LAYERS RECOME LESS DISTINCT AT 12.0' 15-CH GRADES TO VERY SOFT AT 16.0" 2 9 0 10.0 ż 11 0 20 GRAY AND BROWN/FED MOIST MEDIUM STIFF LAYERED CLAY AND SILT AT 26.0' 25 Santage of 124 🗗 CL: SEAM OF MOIST MEDIUM TO FINE SAND AT 26.3'
BROWN MOIST MEDIUM SILT AND COARSE TO
FINE GRAVEL, TRACE FINE SAND, TRACE 3 129 🕏 7245 13 6 14 @ CLAT (TILL) 30 GRADES TO DRY AND VERY STIFF SILT AT 28.5 6545 15 5 35 GRADES TO MOIST AND HARD SILT 16 🗇 1004 11 0 29 40 GRADES TO MOIST AND MEDIUM - PRIMARY BENTONITE SEAL 21 16 3 45 GRADES TO WET STAINLESS STEEL O.OID SLOTTED WELL SCREEN 19 🖪 23 50 - FILTER SAND 10-ROK 17 20 5 55 - GRAVEL PACE - BENTONITE SEAL GRADES TO COARSE TO FINE GRAVEL AND BROWN DRY MARD SILT, SOME MEATNERED ROCK FRAGMENTS, TRACE FINE SAND 7545 21 5 60 GRAVEL PACK MET TOP OF REDROCK 2-01-80 SOIL SAMPLING INFORMATION PIETOMETRIC SURFACE M STANDARD PENETRATION TEST 4 DATE TESTED ■ UNDISTURBED SAMPLE W DISTURBED SAMPLE FPACTIRICS KEN TO BELL SCHEMATIC II NO SAMPLE RECOVERED ZITE Zine at core toss TIER Brencia Inne bentonite Seal ROLL COMP. INCORRATION Sand Filter ## Ulfralle allehensides fractures-shown at approximate angle to core axis " CORE LOSS SONE ER Well Screen Mineralized fracture e = catelte | s = suffide PLECEST COPE T Transverd Ima PECOVERY - Vrid 82] Cold Pob

DAMES S MOORE

SHEET ! OF !

WELL SCHEMATICS	et ca	SAM SAME AC B TIPE	£JA	T	SOME FCD	FRACTURES	DEPTH IN FEET	GRAPHIC LOG	BORING OW-3 NASH ROAD SITE DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES
							65	GM FILE	TOP OF SEDPOCK 68.7' SECHOCK IS DOLOSIONE SCHING TEHMINATED AT A DEPTH OF 88.7' ON JUNE 7. 1084.

SOIL SAMPLING INFORMATION

- STANDARD PENETRATION TEST
- # UNDISTURBED SAMPLE
- R DISTURBUD SAMPLE
- D NO SAMPLE RECOVERED
- BOCK COST INTORMATION
- PO CORE LOSS ZONE

 12 PETAT CORE
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- 82] CORE POD

- PARTIFIC
- TTTE Zene of core loss
- TEE Breccie zone
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 frectures shown at approximate angle to core axis. Mineralized fracture | c = calcite | 5 = sulfide
- I fractured zone

- KEY TO BELL SCHENATIC
- FFE Grout
- Bentonite Seal
- E□ Sand filter
- 庫通 Well Screen

							L		
	ı					ا ب	 .EE.)	907	BORING OW-4
			PL I	NG	_	FRACTURES	DEPTH IN FEET	7 2/4	NASH ROAD SITE
WELL SCHEMATICS	BL CW COUNT	FAMPLE NO B TYPE	RUN	CONE	SORE	PAC	HIG	GRAPHIC	
OW-4			_		<u> </u>	_	0.5	•	DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES
PROTECTIVE CASING									SURFACE CONDITIONS: GRASSI, SUME SURFACE TRASH
GHOUND SURFACE					ĺ.		07		
CONCRETE							"]		MIRED SAND/#ASTE FILL
SUPPLEMENTARY BENTONITE SEAL								33	GRAY MOIST SILT AND CLAY
	15	1 8					5-	ML 155	GRAY WET MEDIUM TO FINE SAND, THACE SILT, OMGAN
	17	3 0						sw	DDDR. SUME BLACK STAIN GRAY AND BROWN MOIST LATERED SILT AND CLAY,
TO STAINLESS STEEL	10	5 G					10-		TRACE FINE SAND LAYERS APPROX. 1/2" THICK
- 첫 첫	16	, ,						C.L.	GRADES TO WET BROWN SILT AND CLAY
	5	1 3							
	3	10 5					15-	, +14	GRADES TO CLAY, TRACE SILT
		}						3	
MATURAL BACKFILL	2	11 5					20-		
사 (1)	'								
	2	12 5					25-		
	2							CH W	
			ĺ						
	2 2	13 🖪					30-		
							-		-
	2	14 5		_			35-	43	
	2								
						ĺ		47	
		15 G					40-	5 W	BROWN WET SILT AND FINE TO COARSE SAMD, Little Medium to fine gravel
			ļ						GROWN WET MEDIUM TO FINE SAND
	50/.21	17 5					45	SP Lilii	BROWN MOIST SILT, AND COARSE TO FINE SAND.
		•							LITTLE FIME TO COARSE SAND (TILL)
	eo/.5°	19 🖪					50-		GRADES TO WET
								HIII GMJ	
PRIMARY BENTOMITE SEAL	50%5'	20 B				ĺ	55-		GRADES TO MOIST
FILTER SAND 10-ROK		ĺ							
↓ - - -	50/.4	21. 8					60-		
STAIMLESS STEEL 0.010 SLOTTED RELL SCREEN							"		
RELL SCREEN									
	50/.5	22 8	ı	1	' '	I	65		
[]									
BENTONITE SEAL									

SOIL SANDLING INTORMATION

UNDISTURBED SAMPLE

& DISTURBED SAMPLE O NO SAMPLE RECOVERED

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST

Cor Crast

Rentonite Scal

KEY TO WELL SCHEMATIC

□□ Sand Filter

概念 Well Screen

ļ	ı		1		544	IPL II	v G		URES	FEET	907	BORING OW-4 Nash Road Site	SHEET 2 OF 2
	#ELL	SCHEMATICS	co	OP DUAT	ALUME AC B FIRE	RUN	CORE	CORE	. h	OEPTH IN	GRAPHIC	DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES	
										65	0	TOP OF MEDNUCK TO. 2" BEDMACK TO DOLOSTONE	
												BORTHG TELEMINATED AT A DEPTH OF 70-3" DN JUNE 13, 1984.	

5011 SAMPLING INFORMATION

- STANDARD PENETRATION TEST
- UNDISTURBED SAMPLE
- M DISTURDED SAMPLE
- D NO SAMPLE RECOVERED

CONT. LOSS ZONE PLCOVERY COPE

82 COME 1640

FRACTIPES

Zera of core loss TAPE Brancia time Dip-slip slickensides

fractures shown at approximate angle to core axis Fractured fracture co-colcite 5 - suitide

era To Kirri scalistic

668 Grout

■ Bentunile Scal C□ Sand Filter

르크 Well Screen

										SHEET 1 D
							ıω		90	BORING OW-5
			541	APL I	NG		FRACTURES	OEPTH IN FEET	GRAPHIC LOG	NASH ROAD SITE
WELL S	CHEMATICS	51.5# 53.44	NC 0	RUN	CORE	:0F E	PACT	3	HOA	
OW-5		- JUA 7	TIPE	40	***	WEB	*	OEP	હ	DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES
PROTECT BITH	TIVE CASING	$\prod_{i=1}^{n-1}$				İ				SURFACE CONDITIONS: GRASSI, ATOP FILL
<u> </u>										,
-1 -	GROUND SUPFACE							07		GRAY, BET MEDIUM TO FINE SAND, TRACE SILT
	- SUPPLEMENTARY									
	BENTONITE SEAL	1,	, .					5-	SW	
		:1/6"	; 0							GRADES TO FINE SAND
		12	3 0	1						GRAY AND ENDEN MOIST LATERED CLAY AND SILT, TRACE FINE SAND
		2.9	5 5					10-	CL:	SILT LAYENS APPROXIMATELY 1/7" THICK. DCCASIGNAL SEAMS OF WET FINE TO MED! SAND APPROXIMATELY 1/8" THICKNESS
% - %	- 2" ID STAINLESS STEEL PIPE	,	4 5	ı						GRAY WET SOFT LAYERED CLAY
		6	, 6	,				15-		RED CLAY LAYERS APPROXIMATELY 1/10" 1mickness at irregular intervals
ARA AN				-						
								20-	[] ;]	
		2	• •					[20]		GRADES TO VERY SOFT
			l						[*]	
	- NATURAL BACKFILL	2	, .	·			ĺ	25-	сн	
		2	10 5					30-		
		-	-					"		
A SOCIAL DE CONTRACTOR DE CONT		2	11 6	·				35		RED CLAY LAYERS APPROXIMATELY 1/10**
										THICKNESS AT 3/4" INTERVALS
		١,	12 0	,				40-		
							ł		- 3 <u>1</u>	GROWN WET LAYERED SILT AND COARSE TO FIME SAMD
									SP	FIRE SAND
			13 6	- 1				45	mixi	BROWN WET SILT AND FINE TO CDARSE GRAVEL, Some coarse to fine sand, trace clay (Till)
							1			
		5042	. 15 8					50-		GRADES TO MOIST
	— PRIMARY							_		
P P	BENTONITE SEAL	60%4		•				55		GRADES TO MORE GRAVEL. LESS SILT, DRY
	- FILTER SAND 10-ROK									
		6545	. 17 6	•				60-		
	STAIMLESS STEEL									
	WELL SCREEN		,					₆₅]		GRADES TO WET SILT, SOME MEDIUM TO
			0					05		FIME GRAVEL, LITTLE ECATMERED BEDROCK FRAGMENTS AT 65.0'
[-]										

SOIL SAPELING INCOMMATION

STANGARD PENETRATION TEST

■ Undisturble FAMPLE

© DISTURDED SAMPLE

□ NO SAMPLE PECOVERED

KEY TO KILL STRUMATIC

लिंग Grout

2000 Bentonite Scal

Sand Filter

民事 Well Sereen

										SHEET 2 0' 7
ı						١٤	-	907	BORING OW-5	
		54. k	1—	<i>NG</i>	ı—	5	ž.	1 JIH	NASH ROAD SITE	
WELL SCHEMATICS	SI CE COUNT	10 B	AUA AO	CORE	KOB	FRAC	ОЕРТИ	GRAP	DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES	
							657	BIR		
									TOP OF DOLOSTONE BEDROCK AT 4	i•.s*
	'	•		'	'		1 701	ينتنسا	BURING TERMINATED AT A DEFTH OF 70.8° ON JUNE 10. 1984.	

SOIL SAMPLING INCOMMATION

- T STANDARD PENETRATION TEST
- # UNDISTURBED SAMPLE
- & DISTURBED SAMPLE
- D NO SAMPLE RECOVERED
- POCH COPE INCOPPATION COND. LASS ZONE.

 SUBSTRY

 CORD.

 PROOVERY
- CORE BUT 87

- HACTIFICS
- TTTT Zene of care loss
- Jest Brancia Ime
- Dip-stip sticknesides

 Fractures shown at approximate angle to core exis.

 Mineralized fracture: c = celcite: 2 = suilide:

 Fractured zone

 Told

- KEY TO MELL SCHEWALL
- frod Grout
- Bentonite Seal
- Sand Filter
- 仁治 Well Screen

		SAA	IPL I	NG		SES	FEET	8	BORING OW-6 Nash Road Site
WELL SCHEMATICS				T	Γ	FRACTURES	*/	68 APHIC	NASH RUAU SITE
OW-6	101 OF	NO B	RUN	REC.	ROD	FRA	DEPTH	68.4	DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES
PROTECTIVE CASING WITH LOCKING CAP							,		SURPACE CONDITIONS, VERY MUDDY WITH
									STANDING WATER; MARSHY GRASS
CONCRETE							0	8	MIXED SAND/WASTE FILL
SUPPLEMENTARY ORMTOMITE SEAL J" 10 STAINLESS STEEL PIPE MATURAL BACKFILL								綖	GRAY WET MEDIUM TO FIME SAND, LITTLE SILT, Some black Stains
3	18	1 5					5-		
	31	7 5							
Č 10	17	, a					10-	100	GRAY AND BROWN MOIST STIFF LAYERED CLAY AND SILT, BILT LAYERS APPROXIMATELY 1/A" THICK
PIPE	45	• •							1" INTERVALS GRAY MOIST STIFF CLAY
	"								GRADES TO MEDIUM CLAY AT 13.04
	^	• •					15-		GRADES TO SOFT AT 18.0'
¥ Z	•	7 25					20-		GRADES YO WET RED CLAY LAYERS APPROXIMAYELY 1/2"
NATURAL BACKFILL		ĺ							THICK AT 3 1/2 TO 2" IMPERVALS (DETECTABLE DRGANIC DOOR)
							25-	CH	
	*	, 5					30-		
		10 0	İ				35-		REO CLAY LAYERS APPROXIMATELY 2" THI AY 1" INTERVALS AT 35.0"
									TRACE SMALL BLACK MOTTLES OF DRGAMIC MAYERIAL IN RED LAYERS
	,	,, ,					40]		
NATURAL BACKFILL	'						40-		
	39	12 6							BROWN DRY MEDIUM SILY, AND MEDIUM TO
							45-		FINE GRAVEL, TRACE CLAT, TRACE FINE TO CDARSE SAND (TILL)
	39	13 5					50-		GRADES TO MOIST
771 774 774 774 774 774 774 774 774 774									
	6145	14 6					55	GM 	
FILTER SAND ID-ROK		' "					[]		GRADES TO WET, MORE GRAVEL, LESS
SYATHLESS SYEEL									SILT
0.010 SLDTTED WELL SCREEN	3543'	15 0					60-		
学 目》		l					65		

SOIL SAMPLING INFORMATION

- STANDARD PENETRATION TEST
- UNDISTURBED SAMPLE
- DISTURBED SAMPLE
- HO SAMPLE RECOVERED
- CORE LOSS ZONE ROCK CORE INFORMATION
 - PERCENT CORE RECOVERT
- FRACTURES
- Zone of core loss

 Breccie zone

 - Dipostip stickensides
 - fractures-shown at approximate angle to core exis Nineralized fracture c - calcite s - suifide

 Fractured zone

 Void

KEY TO WELL SCHEMATIC

- Trout Real
- Bentonite Seel
- Sand Filter
- Weil Screen

WELL SCHEMATICS	SAMPLING SAMPLI	BORING OW-6 NASH ROAD SITE DESCRIPTIVE GEOLOGIC NOTES
		10P OF BEDADCK 66.0' BEDADCK IS DOLDSTONE BORING TERMINATED AT A DEPTH OF 66.0' ON JUNE 19, 1964.

SOIL SAMPLING INFORMATION

- STANDARD PENETRATION TEST
- UNDISTURBED SAMPLE
- B DISTURBED SAMPLE
- D NO SAMPLE RECOVERED

ROCK CORE INFORMATION

CORE LOSS ZONE
TERCINT CORE
RECOVERY

82] CORE POD

FRACTURES

Zone of core loss

Breccie zone

Din-slip slicknesides

Fractures-shown at exproximate engle to core exis

Mineralized fracture c - calcife s - suifide

Fractured zone

Void

KEY TO WELL SCHEMATIC

क्रिके Grout

Page Bentonite Seal

□□ Sand Filter

Ħ∃ Well Screen

DAMES S MOORE

NEW PHASE II WELLS

(INSTALLED IN 1987-1988)

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: er: Mike lagge - Rochester ector: L. Doisson-ES Type Mobile 61 ling Method 7.25" I.D. HSA ROUND WATER DESERVATIONS from TOC lier Levell 4" 3.5" me i 800 ete 1202 88 Ing Depthy 9.0"	PROJECT NAME Nash Road PROJECT NAME Nash Road PROJECT NO. 54012.19 Weather 15°F Breezy Partly Sunny Dalertime Stert 1/28 28 1500	Sheet of 1 Location E of Nitch #1 - (u paradient) lot Plan N @oui-11 ditch #1
SAMPLE SAMPLE OEPTHS I.D. SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC Comments
15 0-2 5-1 7	Red-Gray Clay and Sitt, Fill makena (Frozen) - Red-Gray Clay (smooth) trace sitt fine sorth dry Red-Gray Clay - lamination evident Some sand/grave I moist Red Gray Clay and Gray/black Sand on bottom - odor Gray/Red Clay (laminated), Some fine sand - odor No Recovery 1st attempt Saturated Gray clay /fill makend (glass/garbrage) boring terminated at 12.0 @ 12:00	20" PC LEEN Q.O' PVC RISER

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Jer: M. Legale - Rochester Dulling Jector: 1. Nobson - ES Type Mobile GI Jillag Method 4:25" HSR	DRILLING RECORD	BORING NO. DW-12 Sheet of Location E/NE of ditch / pond #/				
ROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS aler Levell 1 2 0" Time 1 800 rate 2 02 88 Sino Depth 34'	7.703201	ot Plan Oiton/pond i Oiton/pond i				
totovac SAMPLE SAMPLE DEPTHS I.D. SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Comments			
53.5 D-Z 5- 3 rec: 4" 5 55 5	Red/Gray Clay and fine sand, trace angular gravel (3mm) dry		each high 2015 on photovac			
1.8 5-7 1 S-2 8 	Fine red/brown sand with clay grading into smooth gray clay moist	-				
D.8 10-12 5-3 4 10-12 5-3 4 15-12 5-3 6 5-5 6	light brain clay (8.0") grading into smoother red/gray clay	-	Saturation @ 8.0' authoropood 9.0 on photogr			
0.9 : 15-1715-4 3 18x.: 24"1 2 55 1	Red-Gray Clay-smooth/moist trace of orange sand@15'	2.0"				
0 : 20-22-15-5 3 : 10-22-15-5 3 : 10-22-15-5 3 : 10-22-15-5 3 : 10-22-15-5 3 : 10-22-15-5 3 : 10-22-15-5 3	gray 1200 Clay-smooth/moist	PVC RISER				
0.1 22-24 5-6 3 PRC= 24" 1 3 55 1 2 1 2	gray / Red Clay-some lanunation smooth, high plasticity - Moist	GROW				
0.5 24-26 3-7 2 ec=24" . 2 55	same as above - some very fine sound @ 26.0'		25.5			
- 126-2815-8 2 rec= 24" 1 55 1 2	Red /9ray Clay-saturated, smooth	BENDU F	27.5			
PT-STANDARD PENETRATION TES D - ORY W - WASHED U - UNDISTURBED SS - SPLI	C - CORED					

				ENGINEERING-SCIENCE		RING NO	1 -12		
DRILLING CONTRACTOR:			chester	DRILLING RECORD	SheetQ ofQ:				
er:			<u>Stutica</u>	DRILLING RECORD	1	cation	01		
ector:	2 Johnson				100				
Type	1.25" HSP	<u> </u>		المصادمان	-	•			
ling Meth	mob	1661		PROJECT NAME Nash Rd	- -	•			
				PROJECT NO. SYOIZ 19					
20LINE	WATER OF	KERVAT	IONS	Westner Con, 10 F pantly cloudy	Plot	Plan			
AUUNL	HATER OF		.0.12	Date/Time Start 1/26/88 1336					
ater Leve	ц	- I		Cate/Time Finish 1/27/88 1230					
Ime	1								
010	1	1				·	~		
"Ting Depti	Nr.	1							
		1.							
Savote:	SAMPLE	SAMPLE		FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	- 1	WELL SCHEMATE	C Comments		
eeding	DEPTHS	I.D.	SPT				<u> </u>		
	179 30	154		Come them on alone with fine brown		riser			
	28-30		12	Gray I brown clay with fine brown Sand /trace gravel		 -	29.5		
	Rec= 10"	<u> </u>		- July radice glavel		 			
***	 	4	1 2	-					
	<u></u>	-	<u> Z</u>	-					
	3	1 20 12	1 20	stiff brown fine-medium sand and rounded growel (Imm-3mm) some clay-fairly dense		2"			
0.1	30-32			ont proud the road (Imm-3mm)		PVC			
	rec.=25"	1	134	and rounded glaves (""	ŀ	SCREEN			
٠.	4	<u> </u>	134	_ some clay -taitly derive	1	3	Į.		
	:	<u> </u>	132	<u>. </u>	1				
	; <u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>					
0.2	132-34	15-11	10	I same as above higher clay					
	iec=24"	‡	112	Same as above-higher clay			 32.5		
-		1	1 28	7	ļ		}		
	1	1	<u>78</u> 19						
	1 -	1	1	boring-terminated @ 34 @ 12	30				
	:	1	Ì	0 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	+ 122				
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AT2 -T4	- NDARD PEN	ETRATI	ON TES	T Sall Stratigraphy Summery					
D - CRY		WASHED		- CORED					
				======================================					
U - UNC	DISTURBED	22	- 3/[[]			_			

TypeIng Meth	MODIFE OF TOP TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO	- Eng.30 Βωι 25° Ι.δ	erce_	ENGINEERING-SCIENCE DRILLING RECORD PROJECT NAME Nash Road PROJECT NO. 5 YO 12, 19 Weather Sunny, 30°F Date/Time Biert 1 29 38 1130 Late/Time Pimeh 1 29 38 1200	BORING NO. Die Sheet of Location Clowbogradient Plot Plan Out-the pond of Click pond of	f ditan/pond
hadavec	SAMPLE DEPTHS	SAMPLE I.D.	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Comments
D. Z	0-2 rec: 60 ss	1 1 1 5-2 1 1 1 1 5-3	5 1 3 1 29 4 10 12 15 13 15 13 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Top soil- Roots/organic makinal & very fine sand, take angular growel Drange/Grey M-C sand, well sork saturated. Orange/Brown M-C sand grading into stiff clay with silt, trace gravel End of Borning 6.0'@ 1200		High blow count due to tree root
0 - CRY	A39 ORAD - W D3BRUTZI	MYZHED		- CORED		

pector:		-Roch.T son-ES 'I.D.	anting	PROJECT NAME Nash_RdPROJECT NO SYDIA.19	ot Plan	8)4-A	A (deep) 2 TN ten/ pond#1
'hatovse	SAMPLE OEPTHS	SAMPLE.	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SC	HEMATIC	Comments
	0-2 5-7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		See 14-B drilling log for soil description from 0-7			No elevated photovac readings in auger cuttings
ered	10-12 10-12 15-24" 15-17 15-17 180: 24"	15-2	3 4 4	gray Red Clay and fine sand (shff) Gray Red Clay - layering evident smooth, moist, plastic.	-		
. 0	180"=2u" - 55,	1 5-4		Same as above with trace of silt@20' Gray Red Clay - smooth / moist	Son't		* spoon went a' underweight of rad.
	30-3z	155	1 1	Red 19 my Clay -layening evident trace fine sand and grave.	Ventone	-	- 30.5 - 32.5
0	(3234 (3234	1 1	0000	Fine sand & gravel wiclay @ 33'	SXX	,0 "CRRP)	33.5

U - UNDISTURBED SS - SPLIT SPOON

pector: g Type cilling Metho SROUND Vater Level Time	1	Rochdri Son Es I.D.	ONS	PROJECT NAME NUSH Rd PROJECT NO. SYDIZ.19		on _	14- 2 of	A (deep)
>totovec	SAMPLE DEPTHS	SAMPLE I.D.	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	~	ELL S	CHEMATIC	Commenta
	34-36 55 Rec.=20 55	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 35 82 43 70 91 100/	damp, gray-brown silt, sand, clay will angular to subangular pebbles Same as above	· ;	Sidents	Z " PVC XREA	Augur refisol at 40'

U - UNDISTURBED SS - SPLIT SPOOM

pector: _	logare l Logare l Lobota Mohile HSA	Rocheries on-Eng.s B-61	<u>Dol</u> la Sci	PROJECT NAME Nash Rd PROJECT NO. SYOLA 19	BORING NO				
GROUND rater Lavel Time Date		BSERVATI		Weather 25°F Partly Sunny Date/Time Start 2/04/88 1/30 Date/Time Pinesh 2/64/88 /230	Plot Plan Sirch B Pord Al- Parish Ch. Pari	000-16			
Photoved Reading	SAMPLE DEPTHS	SAMPLE I.D.	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Comments			
0.8	0-2 190 = 10 35 2-4 100 - 12	1 1 1 1 5-2	5 3 2 1 0	fine medium gray sand, trace angular gravel upper 6" froze rest saturated v.f. gray sand with some clay grading into a m-c orange/brow	Ang Lisel	1.5			
0	SS 4-6 mr=12' SS	15-3	20 19 3 24 26 23	sandfuet) med. brown lowinge m-c sand (wet)	2"	3.0'			
6.1	(p-8	15-4	3 7 5 21	mc brawn sand trace randed black gravel grading into stiff red I gray clay @ 70'		7.0'			
_	8-10	1 1 1	18 30 18		5	No return on 1st or and altempt in ss.			
	4 11 11	1 1							
		1 1							
IPT-STAN	4	1							

FR C

Oriller:	1	ER KOWE - 61 IN H	R A	ENGINEERING-SCIENCE DRILLING RECORD PROJECT NAME NASH RD. PROJECT NO. SYDIZ. 19 Weather Delecting Start 12 9 87 1415 Core-Time Places 12 11 87 0945	\$1 1 	<u>101</u>	DOW DG A SITE	01 2001 2027	radient, H Border
Photovac Reading	SAMPLE DEPTHS	SAMPLE I.D.	SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL		WELI Na	SCHEM	ATIC nle_	Comments
0.0		S-41	57 11 11 12 13 14 15	BROWN CLAY, SOME SILT BROWN MOIST SAND BROWN MOIST CLAY REDDISH-BROWN WET PLASTIC "STICKY" CLAY		#4 Q-ROCK BENT CEMENT / BENTONITE GROUT	SCREEN SUB PIC RISER	38 38 YS	GREY WET CUTTINGS (W/TIRASH) AT 3'
200472-198 2004-0 21000-0	W - W	ASHED		COREO Sell Strattgraphy Summary SD OVER MOIST S FOON CLAM TO 10' OV	2000	TO FAT	6' 0	VER	

A . AUGER CUTTINGS

WATER BEARWG SOND & CLAY WITH GRAVEL

### DASHING ####################################	Oriller: Inspector: Rig Type Drilling Meth GROUNG Water Leve	MORIU MORIU Nod Y'YU	LER HOWE E 61 ID HS	S A	PROJECT NAME NAS PROJECT NO. Weather Date/Time Start Usin/Time Plansh	NG RECO		S L -	DORING NO. OL heet 2 o ocation DOWNYI NORTH RORDE	2ADIENT,
Reading Service 1.0. SPT	Date Sasing Depti	1	1					i	·	
			8		FIELD IDENTIF	ICATION OF I	MATERIAL		WELL SCHEMATIC	Comments
		Market in the last	יט.ו		3-13-61		- A			*
	0.0				- KERDON - DKOW		PLASTIC			BY WEKHT O
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	0.2	30-32	15-7	Z	- - - - -					
TAKEN AT 32 PUG PASHED M O.O. 134-34 5-8 14 REC = 24 14 I REA = 24 14 O.O. 136-38 5-9 14 I REA = 24 14 REC = 24 14 I REC = 24 14 REC = 24 14				7		•	•			
D.D 1 34-34 5-8 14 REC = 24 1 D.D 36-38 S-9 14 RED = 24 14 RED = 2		NO S	JAMPU	ح						TAKEN AT 32
PT-STANDARD PENETRATION TEST D - ORY W - WASHED C - CORED U - UNDISTURBED SS - SPLIT SPOON	0.0			1*						WHILE AUGERI
D-ORY W-WASHED C-COREO 1 X X X X X X X X X	0.0				-					
PT-STANDARD PENETRATION TEST D-ORY W-WASHED C-COREO U-UNDISTURBED SS-SPLIT SPOON			1	* *						
D - ORY W - WASHED C - COREO U - UNDISTURBED SS - SPLIT SPOON	0.0			*	REDDISH-BITOLIN	J CLAM	AND SI	-, <u>d</u> up	-	
D - ORY W - WASHED C - COREO U - UNDISTURBED SS - SPLIT SPOON	SPT- STAND	ARD BEN	ETRATIO	U TEST				,		-
							,			· ·
	U - UNDI				POON					

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Driller: D. MILLER Inspector: K. ISAKOWER Rig Type MOBILE 61 - Drilling Method Y'M' ID HSA	ENGINEERING-SCIENCE DRILLING RECORD PROJECT NAME NASH RD PROJECT NO.	BORING NOOL SheetJo. Location _DDWNG NORTH BORDE	2.ADIENT
GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS Weter Level Time Date Casing Depth;	Weather	Plot Plan	
Prefere SAMPLE SAMPLE DEPTHS I.D. SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC	Comments
0.0 40-42 5-111 1 REC = 24 1 1 1 14 0.0 42-44 5-12 17 REC = 24 1 6 1 18 1 18 0.0 44-465-13 145		·	SPOON PUSHE, BY WELLHT OF ROD. COARSE GRAVEL
REC4 24 71/6			
			:
	-		
PT-STANOARD PENETRATION TEST D - DRY W - WASHED C	Boll Birettgraphy Summery CORED		

A - AUGER CUTTINGS

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THER: D. MILLER TOPOCTOR: K. ISAKOWER TOPO MOBILE 61 THIST HSA GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS	PROJECT NAME NASH RD. PROJECT NO. 54012, 19	BORING NO. OW-16 Sheet of I LocationWEST END OF
Water Levell 8,5' 1.0' Time	Date/Time Start	00-16 N SANOS
Protovac SAMPLE SAMPLE DEPTHS 1.D. SPT	FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL	WELL SCHEMATIC Comments
0.0 0-2 S-1 2	BROWN CLAY, SOME SAND, TRANSILT WET BROWN & GREY SILT, SOME SAND, TRASH PRESENT. MOIST BROWN CLAY, SOME SILT. Boring terminated at 10'	#4 Q-ROCK BENTICEMENT/8 2"ID HIOSON PAC 2"ID PAC REER 5"ID FOR REER 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
3PT-STANDARD PENETRATION TEST D - ORY W - WASHED C U - UNDISTURBED SS - SPLIT:	CORED OVER SOIL AND A	DU-SOIL FILL TO 8'

A - AUGER CUTTINGS

SILTY CLAY

GRAIN-SIZE ANALYSES RESULTS



PROJECT: ENGINEERING SCIENCE, NASH ROAD

PROJECT NUMBER: 870833

MOISTURE AND GRADATION ANALYSIS

CLASSIFICATION	ML	ML	CL	M	SM	M
CLAY	4.2	69.8 23.2	84.0	7.3	2.1	5.1
SILT	60.2	8.69	15.1	5	11	6
#200	7.0	2.5	0.2	9.6	32.3	3.2
#100	5.9	3.2	0.4	8.8	54.9	1.0
07#	3.4	0.5	0.2	8.1	0.2	0.3
#10	4.5	0.5	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.3
7#	14.8	0.3	0.0	10.2	0.3	0.1
DEPTH (FT.)	2-4	2-7	20-22	30-32	2-4	9-7
BORING	OW-11	OW-12			OW-13	



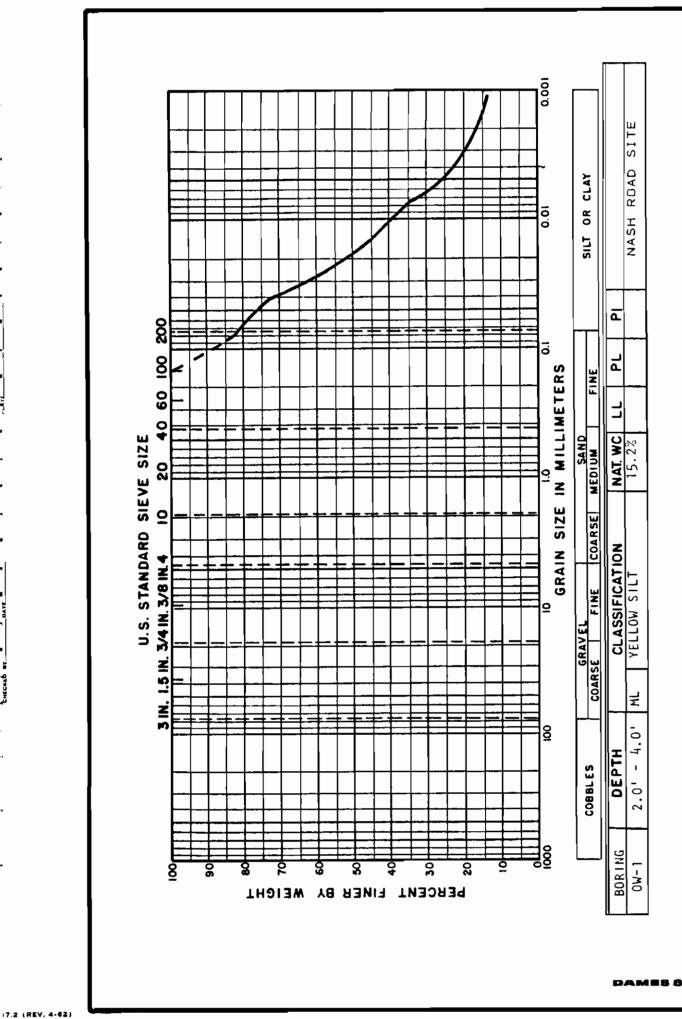
PROJECT: ENGINEERING SCIENCE, NASH ROAD

PROJECT NUMBER: 870833

MOISTURE AND GRADATION ANALYSIS

Gradation (% Retained on Standard Sieve)

BORING	OW-14A		OW-14B	0W-15		0W-16	
DEPTH (FT.)	25-27	36-38	9-4	15-17	42-44	2-4	8-9
7#	0.0	15.3	0.0	0.0	18.3	0.1	26.9
#10	0.1	5.1	0.0	0.2	9.6	2.3	5.1
07#	0.1	7.4	6.0	0.2	7.5	18.6	4.3
#100	0.1	10.7	0.94	0.1	8.4	31.8	8.6
#200	0.0	11.0	27.5	0.1	8.9	14.2	8.6
SILT	13.7	11.4	23.2	16.4	39.2	26.2	25.3
CLAY	86.0	39.1	2.4	83.0	12.1	8.9	21.2
CLASSIFICATION	CL	CL	SM	CL	M	SM	В

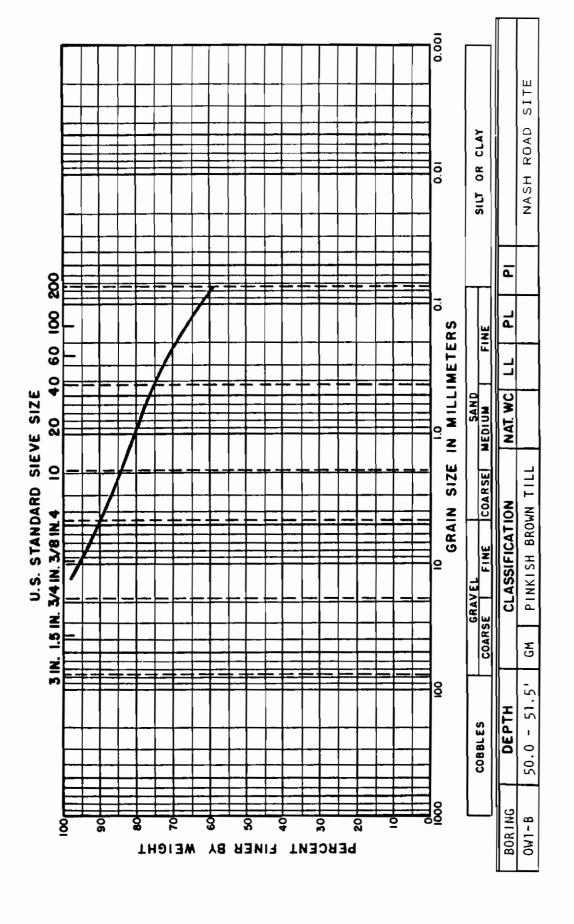


Note: Black sand sized particles and froth

on top of solution in hydrometer; soapy odor

Color: Yellow

GRADATION CURVE



DAMSS & MOORE

17.2 (REV. 4-62)

GRADATION CURVE

COLOR: GRAY - BROWN

0.001 SITE NASH ROAD SILT OR CLAY 0.0 ┙ 40 60 100 200 P GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS FINE U.S. STANDARD SIEVE SIZE COARSE MEDIUM NAT WC 36.5% 8 BROWN LACUSTRINE CLAY 9 CLASSIFICATION 3 IN. 1,5 IN. 3/4 IN. 3/8 IN.4 GRAVEL FINE ō COARSE CLT 30.0' - 32.0' 8 DEPTH COBBLES BOR 1 NG 0M-4 9 Š PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT

57.2 (REV. 4-62)

GRADATION CURVE

NOTE: Small bubbles throughout solution in hydrometer

COLOR: Light brown

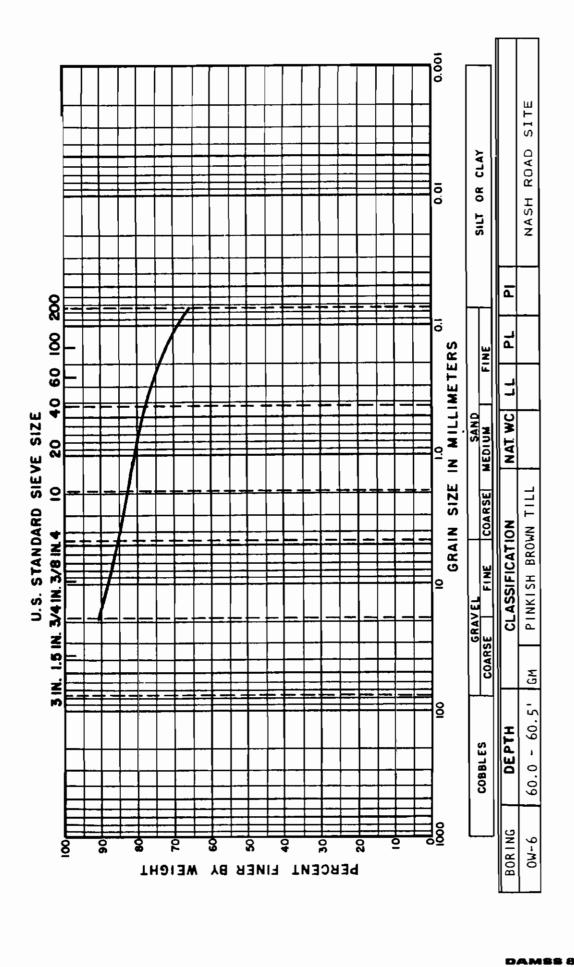
AMES 8 MOORE

57.2 (REV. 4-62)

GRADATION CURVE

7.2 (REV. 4-62)

GRADATION CURVE



Summary

In-Situ Permeability

Welt	Permeability cm/sec	
OW-1	4.37×10 ⁻⁴	silt
OW-2	6.75x10 ⁻⁴	silt and sand
OW-1B	8.43×10 ⁻⁷	till/bedrock
OW-3	1.43×10 ⁻⁶	wet zone in till
OW-4	7.88×10 ⁻⁷	till/bedrock
OW-5 OW-6	7.5x10 ⁻⁴ 6.8x10 ⁻⁴	till/bedrock till/bedrock

APPENDIX C LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA

1985 PHASE II ANALYTICAL RESULTS

SW-1 SCALE 900 POND 0W-2 FORMER POND S-WS ETCH/ - APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF SITE BOUNDARY SHOWING CROSS SECTION LOCATIONS NASH ROAD SITE 0W-4 PLOT PLAN SD-1 FORMER POND SURFACE WATER SAMPLE NOTE | OSTERMAN WELL IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 1000 FEET SEDIMENT SAMPLE SAMPLING WELL DITCH WEST OF SITE. **EXPLANATION** ■ SD-3 DAMES & MOOR

DATE 83 FY

TABLE IV.2

Analytical Results for Surface Water Samples

• •				-	
Parameter (ug/l).	SW-l	SW-2	SW-3	SW-4	SW-5
Methylene Chloride	11	<10	10	<10	<10
Chloroform	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Carbon Tetrachloride	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Toluene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chlorobenzene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2,-trichloroeth	ane<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tetrachloroethane	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,2,2,-tetrachloro- ethene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichlorobenzene (isomers)	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Dichlorobenzene (isomer)	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Hexchlorobutadiene	<10	<10 .	<10	<10	<10
рн	6.9	8.1	7.1	7.4	7.4
Total organic halogen	s 10.	5.	7.	7.	8.

(See Figure III.1 for location of sampling points)

TABLE IV.3 Analytical Results⁽¹⁾ for Sediment Samples

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*

r#

Parameter (ug/g)	SD-1	Sample No. SD-3	SD-3	Range of Concentration in non-contaminated soils (2)
Cadni un	8.38	.2	.2	. ₽
Chromium	8.9	6.3	5.6	trace to 250
Copper	5.7	8.2	18.6	2 to 100
Lead	18.	7.8	14.	2 to 200
Heroury	0.0084	0.064	6.616	(3)
Nickel	6.5	8.5	9.4	3 to 1,000
Zinc	40.	34.	48.	10 to 300
Cyanide	₽	₽	۲>	(3)

Samples were analyzed for volatile organics, acid and base/neutral extractable organics and pesticides/PCB's. All results for organics analysis were less than detection limits E

Handbook on the Toxicology of Metals, Edited by L. Friberg, G. F. Nordberg and V. Vouck, 1979. Source: (2

No information for this parameter available in Friberg, Nordberg, and Vouk (1979)

(See Figure III.) for location of sampling points)

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1985 PHASE II INVESTIGATION

ANALYTICAL RESULTS (ORGANICS AND PR) FOR GROUND WATER SAMPLES

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

	OW-1	OW-1B	OW-2	0W-3	OW-2 OW-3 OW-4	0W-5		PT-1	Osterman Well	O 	0ST-1
Methylene Chloride (ug/l)	Ę	Ę	Ω Ω	Q Q	Q.	ę	15	ę	£	£	14
Toluene (ug/l)	ğ	<u>g</u>	ă	Š	ğ	ă	ě	QN	6.8	QN	ğ
l,l,l,- trichloroethane (ug/l)	Q.	<3.8	Q.	ĕ	ă	QN	Ğ	ă	Q	E	웊
Butylbenzylphthalate (ug/l)	Q.	Ř	Q.	QN	Q	Q	Ř	ğ	£	£	33
Total Organic Balides (mg/l)	<0.62	<6.82	9.64	. 6. 6		6.89 <8.82	Ø.12	ł	6.	ŀ	!
нd	8.95	8.14	8.12	8.11	8.14	8.16	8.67	6.45	8 26	ł	. !

ND - Not Detected

APPENDIX C

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA

GROUNDWATER

Results are listed in the following order for each sample number: volatile organics, semi-volatile organics, metals. Following the results for individual samples, the TOX (total organic halogens) and dioxin results are presented. Organic data qualifiers can be found at the bottom of each Form I, page 1 (volatile compounds). Inorganic data qualifiers are listed following this cover page.

Lab Name: MANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Lab Address: Robinson Lane, RD 6

Wappingers Falls, New York

DATE REPORTED: 2/3/88

- VALUE IF THE RESULT IS A VALUE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE INSTRUMENT

 DETECTION LIMIT BUT LESS THAN THE CONTRACT-REQUIRED DECTECTION LIMIT,

 THE VALUE IS REPORTED IN BRACKETS (i.e., [10]. THE ANALYTICAL METHOD

 USED IS INDICATED WITH P (FOR ICP), A (FOR FLAME AA) OR F (FOR FURNACE AA).
- U INDICATES ELEMENT WAS ANALYZED FOR BUT NOT DETECTED. REPORTED WITH THE INSTRUMENT DETECTION LIMIT VALUE (e.g., 10 U).
- E INDICATES A VALUE ESTIMATED OR NOT REPORTED DUE TO THE PRESENCE OF INTERFERENCE.
- s INDICATES A VALUE DETERMINED BY METHOD OF STANDARD ADDITION.
- N INDICATES SPIKE SAMPLE RECOVERY IS NOT WITHIN CONTROL LIMITS.
- * INDICATES DUPLICATE ANALYSIS IS NOT WITHIN CONTROL LIMITS.
- + INDICATES THE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT FOR METHOD OF STANDARD ADDITION IS LESS THAN 0.995 .
- M INDICATES DUPLICATE INJECTION RESULTS EXCEEDED CONTROL LIMITS.
- P INDICATES ICP ANALYSIS
- F INDICATES FURNACE ANALYSIS
- [] INDICATES SAMPLE VALUE IS BETWEEN IDL AND CROL

COMMENTS :



ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SAMPLE NUMBER ow-11.19 2/18

SY012.19/NASH RD

Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A

Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

Data Release Authorized By: P.S. Klunoch VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration:

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No: H0213

Sample Matrix: WATER

(LOH)

(Circle One)

Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/23/88

Date Analyzed: 02/23/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 6.3

Percent Moisture:

N/A

Medium

CAS Number	ug/l or ug/Kg (Circle One)	CAS Number	(ug/) or ug/Kg (Circle One)
	750.0 U 750.0 U 750.0 U 750.0 U 240.0 J 2300.0 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U	79-34-5	375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U 4500.0 375.0 U 750.0 U 750.0 U 750.0 U 750.0 U
56-23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride 108-05-4 Vinyl Acetate 75-27-4 Bromodichloromethane	375.0 U 750.0 U 375.0 U	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 100-42-5 Styrene Total Xylenes	590.0 375.0 U 375.0 U 375.0 U

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

VALUE

ับ

If the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification limit, report the value.

Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report the minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.100

read U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when estimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. where a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit but greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

С

has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

В

pased on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well necessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination

OTHER

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

TABLE 2.0 30890-0092 Addendum KNGINEKRING SCIENCE EPA TCL BASE/NEUTRAL/ACID COMPOUNDS

All results reported in ug/L.

Sample Identification

***	Dilution Factor	1.0	<u>5,000.0</u>	
	Method Blank I.D.	<u>→H2615</u>	<u> </u>	Lower Limits of
	Compound	Method Blank	_OW-11_	Detection with no Dilution
	Phenol	υ	σ	10
. #	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	ΰ	σ	10
	2-Chlorophenol	Ū	Ū	10
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Ū	Ŭ	10
লচা-এ ং	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Ū	Ū	10
	Benzyl Alcohol	Ū	770,000	10
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Ū	Ū	10
	2-Methylphenol	Ū	Ū	10
•	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	Ū	Ū	10
	4-Methylphenol	Ū	Ū	10
	N-Nitroso-Di-n-propylamine	Ū	บั	10
	Hexachloroethane	บี	Ŭ	10
	Nitrobenzene	บั	Ŭ	10
	Isophorone	Ū	Ŭ	10
17	2-Nitrophenol	→ Ŭ	Ū	10
	2,4-Dimethylphenol	Ŭ	Ū	10
	Benzoic Acid	14J	2,100,000B	50
	bis(-2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	Ū	Ŭ	10
4.04	2,4-Dichlorophenol	Ū	Ū	10
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Ū	Ū	10
	Naphthalene	Ū	Ū	10
rei-d	4-Chloroaniline	σ	σ	10
	Hexachlorobutadiene	Ū	Ū	10
	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	σ	σ	10
	2-Methylnaphthalene	σ	σ	10
	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ΰ	σ	10
	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ΰ	σ	10
	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ΰ	σ	50
	2-Chloronaphthalene	Ū	U	10
	2-Nitroaniline	Ū	Ū	50
,	Dimethyl Phthalate	Ū	σ	10
	Acenaphthylene	Ū	Ū	10
	3-Nitroaniline	σ	Ū	50

U, J, B - See Appendix for definition.

Note: Sample detection limit is determined by multiplying dilution factor by detection limit value with no dilution.

TABLE 2.00 30890-0092 Addendum KNGINEKRING SCIENCE EPA TCL BASE/NEUTRAL/ACID COMPOUNDS

All results reported in ug/L.

Sample Identification

	Dilution Factor	1.0	5,000.0	
	Method Blank I.D.	<u> </u>	·H2615	
-	Compound	Method Blank	OW-11	Lower Limits of Detection with <u>no Dilution</u>
	Acenaphthene	σ	σ	10
*****	2,4-Dinitrophenol	Ū	Ū	50
	4-Nitrophenol	Ū	Ū	50
^	Dibenzofuran	Ū	Ū	10
	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	Ū	· Ū	10
	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	Ū	Ū	10
	Diethylphthalate	Ū	Ū	10
	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ΰ	Ū	10
	Fluorene	ΰ	Ū	10
,	4-Nitroaniline	σ	Ū	50
	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	σ	ΰ	50
- 844	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	σ	Ū	10
	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	σ	Ū	10
	Hexachlorobenzene	Ū	Ū	10
. 948	Pentachlorophenol	σ	σ	50
	Phenanthrene	Ū	Ū	10
٠-	Anthracene	σ	Ū	10
	Di-n-Butylphthalate	0.6J	σ	10
- (+4)	Fluoranthene	σ	σ	10
	Pyrene	σ	σ	10
	Butylbenzylphthalate	σ	σ	10
****	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	σ	σ	20
	Benzo(a)Anthracene	σ	σ	10
-	Chrysene	σ	σ	10
	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	2J	σ	10
	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	0.8J	σ	10
	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	σ	σ	10
	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	σ	. U	10
	Benzo(a)pyrene	σ	σ	10
	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	σ	Ū	10
	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	σ	σ	10
	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	σ	σ	10

U, J - See Appendix for definition.

Note: Sample detection limit is determined by multiplying dilution factor by detection limit value with no dilution.

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC.

CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SY012.19/NASH RD SAMPLE NUMBER OW-11.19 2/18

Tentatively Identified Compounds

	CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	RT or Scar	Estima Sencentr (ug/l) or	
[1	96479	TETRAHYDRO, 2-METHYL FURAN	VOA	14.80		2200.0 J
2	••••	ISOMER METHYL-HEXADIENE	VOA	26.29		1800.0 J
3		ISOMER CHLOROMETHYL BENZENE	VOA	33.78		360.0 J
4	••••	ISOMER CHLOROMETHYL BENZENE	VOA	35.56		2800.0 J
1 5		I	ı			
6		1	I			1
7		<u> </u>	I	1 1		- 1
8		!	ļ	1 1		!
9		!	!	!!		ļ
10 11			!	!!!		!
1 12		 -	į	!		!
13		1	!	!!!		!
14		! !	!	!		1
15		! !	-	! !		!
1 16		! !	-	: !		- !
1 17		! 1	-	; ;		1
18		<u> </u>	1	;		-
1 19		i	1	; ;		- 1
j 20		i	ì	i i		i
j 21		İ	i	i i		i
j 22		İ	i	i i		- i
23		I	i	į i		i
24			ĺ	i i		i
25		t .	ĺ	i i		i
26		l	1	I į		i

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC. CASE NO: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

NASH ROAD

OW.11.19

Tentatively Identified Compounds

						Estimated
		CAS			RT or Scan	Concentration
		Humber	Compound Name	fraction	Number	(ug/l ar ug/Kg)
1	1	108907	[CHLOROBENZENE]8N/A	[6.67]	200.0 J
- 1	2	928949	2-HEXEN-1-OL	8N/A	8.17	26000.0 J
1	3	• • • • •	UNKNOWN	BN/A	8.52	1000.0 J
1	4	••••	UNKNOWN ISOMER OF METHYL CYCLOHEXANOL	[8N/A	9.47	3200.0 J
- 1	5	• • • • •	UNKNOWN CYCLIC ACID	A/N8	10.94	3600.0 J
Ī	6		UNKNOWN	BN/A	13.48	650.0 J
l	7		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF DIMETHYL PHENOL	BN/A	13.54	1000.0 J
- 1	8	••••	UNKNOWN ISOMER OF CHLORO BENZALDEHYDE	BN/A	13.72	3100.0 J
Ĺ	9		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF BENZOIC ACID	BN/A	[15.59]	4100.0 J
- 1	10		UNKNOWN ALCOHOL	BN/A	[19.33	280.0 J
- 1	11		UNKNOWN CYCLIC ACID	8N/A	19.58	330.0 J
- 1	12	••••	UNKNOWN ALCOHOL	BN/A	19.86	200.0 J
- 1	13		CYCLOMEXANOL, 2-PHENYL	BN/A	20.00	490.0 J
- 1	14		UNKNOWN	BN/A	20.74	5600.0 J
- 1	15		UNKNOWN CYCLIC ACID	BN/A	[23.20]	680.0 J
١	16		UNKNOWN CYCLIC ACID	BN/A	23.93	1300.0 J
- 1	17	••••	UNKNOWN CYCLIC ACID	BN/A	24.15	1200.0 J
1	18		1	1	1 1	
	19		1	1	1 1	1
	20		1	1	1 1	
- 1	21		t · ·	1	1 1	
1	22		1	1	1 1	1
- 1	23		1	1	1 !	1
- 1	24		1	1	1 1	
- 1	25		1	1	1 1	į
- 1	26		I '	1	1 1	

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM [

SMPL NO.: DW-11.19 2/18

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5657

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RD.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

		CONCENTRAT	ION :	ronx			MEDIUM		
-		MATRIX :	WATER _	x	SQ1		SLUDGE	OTHER	
				UG/L OR MO	G/KG DRY WEIGH	IT (CIRCLE	ONE)		
1.	ALUMINUM	10200.0	PŒ		13.	MAGNESIUM	398000.0	ÞΕ	
2.	ANTIMONY	50.0	UP		14.	MANGANESE	12100.0	PE	
3.	ARSENIC	5.0	UF		15.	MERCURY	0.3	C.V.	
4.	BARIUM	550.0	Р		16.	NICKEL	180.0	Р	
5.	BERYLLIUM	1.0	UP		17.	POTASSIUM	25100.0	Р	
6.	CADMIUM	5.0	UP		18.	SELENIUM	40.0	UF 7V	(1:10)
7.	CALCIUM	2380000.0	Р	(1:50)	19.	SILVER	31.0	P	-
8.	CHROMEUM	15.0	Р		20.	SODIUM	165000.0	PE	
9.	COBALT	t 34.0	1P		21.	THALLIUM	4.0	UF M	
10.	COPPER	120.0	Р		22.	VANAD IUM	25.0	UP	
11.	IRON	34500.0	PC.		23.	ZINC	540.0	PNIE	
12.	LEAD	180.0	F	(1:10)	PERCENT SOLI	DS (%)	NA		
	CYANIDE	NR							
	PHENOL	NR							

FOOTNOTES : FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a brown liquid that became light yellow after ICP yellow after furnace digestion procedures. Pb and Se were analyzed

at a 1:10 dilution. Ca was analyzed at a 1:50 dilution.

LAB MANAGER



SAMPLE DATA

0w-12.19 2/17

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-12.19 2/18

SYO12.19/NASH RD

Case No: ENG. SCI.

QC Report No: N/A

Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

Data Release Authorized By: Authorized VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration:

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No: H0202

Sample Metrix: WATER

(Circle One)

02/22/88 Date Extracted/Prepared:

Date Analyzed: 02/22/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

Medium

pH: 8.5

Percent Moisture:

A/K

CAS Number	(ug/l) or ug/Kg (Circle One)	CAS . Number	(Circle One)
74-87-3 Chloromethane	10.0 U	79-34-5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.0 U
74-83-9 Bromomethane	i 10.0 u i	78-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane	5.0 U
75-01-4 Vinyl Chloride	i 10.0 U i	10061-02-6 Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
00-3 Chloroethane	10.0 U	79-01-6 Trichloroethene	5.0 U
1/5-09-2 Methylene Chloride	21.0	124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane	5.0 U
-467-64-1 Acetone	i 10.0 U i	1 79-00-5 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.0 U
75-15-0 Carbon Disulfide	5.0 U	71-43-2 Benzene	5.0 U
775-35-4 [1,1-Dichloroethene	j 5.0 U j	10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichtoropropene	5.0 U
75-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane	5.0 U	110-75-8 2-Chloroethylvinylether	10.0 U
156-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.0 U (75-25-2 Bromoform	5.0 U
67-66-3 Chloroform	5.0 U	591-78-6 2-Hexanone	10.0 U
107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane	5.0 U	108-10-1 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	10.0 U
178-93-3 2-Butanone	10.0 U	127-18-4 Tetrachloroethene	5.0 U
71-55-6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.0 U	108-88-3 Toluene	5.0 U j
,a56-23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride	5.0 U	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene	5.0 U
108-05-4 Vinyl Acetate	10.0 U	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene	j 5.0 U j
-175-27-4 Bromodichloromethane	5.0 U	100-42-5 Styrene	j 5.0 U j
	1 2.2 4 1	Total Xylenes	5.0 U

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

VALUE

f the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification imit, report the value.

Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report he minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.100 ased on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well mead U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. he minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when "stimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds—and such description attached to the data summary report. nere a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is loss than the specified detection limit ut greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

В

necessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

ORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 2)

LABORATORY NAME: NANCO LABS. INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD SAMPLE NO.

OW-12.19 2/17

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

	Concentration: Low Medium Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/19/88 Date Analyzed: 02/24/88		(Circle One)	GPC Cleanup: Yes No_X Separatory Funnel Extraction: Yes_X Continuous Liquid - Liquid Extraction: Yes			
	Conc/Dil Factor: Percent Moisture:	-> 1 N/A					
CAS	reiceit noistule.	(ug/l) or ug/Kg.	CAS		(ug/l) or ug/K		
Number		(Circle One)	Number		(Circle One)		
		l !	1 83-32-9	Acer.aphthene	10.0 U		
108-95-2	Phenol	i 10.0 u i	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	50.0 U		
111-44-4	bis(-2-Chloroethyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	50.0 U		
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	10.0 U	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	10.0 U		
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	121-14-2	2.4-Dinitrotoluene	10.0 U		
106-46-7	1.4-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	606-20-2	2.6-Dinitrotoluene	10.0 U		
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	10.0 U	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	10.0 U		
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U		
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	10.0 U	86-73-7	Fluorene	10.0 U		
39638-32-9	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether		100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	50.0 U		
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	10.0 U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	50.0 U		
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	10.0 U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	10.0 U		
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	10.0 U	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U		
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	10.0 U	118-74-1	Kexachlorobenzene	10.0 U		
78-59-1	Isophorone	10.0 U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	50.0 U		
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	10.0 U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	10.0 U		
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	10.0 U	120-12-7	Anthracene	10.0 U		
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	50.0 U	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	10.0 U		
111-91-1	bis(-2-Chloroethoxy)Methane		206-44-0	Fluoranthene	10.0 0		
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	10.0 U	1 129-00-0	Pyrene	10.0 u l		
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 U	85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	10.0 U		
91-20-3	Naphthalene	10.0 U	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20.0 U		
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	10.0 U	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	10.0 U		
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 υ	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	1600.0 B		
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	10.0 U	218-01-9	Chrysene	10.0 U		
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	10.0 U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	10.0 U		
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10.0 U	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	10.0 U		
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichtorophenol	10.0 U	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	10.0 U		
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	50.0 U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	10.0 U 1		
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	10.0 U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	10.0 U I		
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	50.0 U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	10.0 U		
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	10.0 U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	10.0 u		
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	10.0 U	1		10.00		
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	50.0 U	1-4	 			

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-12.19 2/18

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC.

CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

CAS Number	Compound Name	RT or Fraction Numb	Estimated Scan Concentration er (ug/l) or ug/Kg)
1	UNKNOWN .	VOA 8.4	
2	UNKNOWN	VOA 33.	
3	UNKNOWN	VOA 26.	33 7.2 J
4	ļ		!!!!
5	ļ	!!!	!!!
6	!	!!!	!!!
7	!	!!!	!!!
8	<u> </u>	!!!	! !
9 10	1		
11	!		! !
12	1	1 1	-
13	<u> </u>		-
14	¦		-
15	i		1
16	Í	i ;	i
17	i	i	i i
į 18	i	i i	i i
19	İ	i i	i i
j 20	1	i i	i i
21	1	i i	i
22	1	! [1 - 1
23	I	1 1	1
24	1	1 1	l I
2 5	l		1
26	1		1

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-12.19 2/17

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

		:AS lumber	Compound Name	Fraction	RT or Scar	Estimated Concentration (ug/l or ug/Kg)
1	1		NOT APPLICABLE .	VOA		
Ì	2			i	i i	i
ĺ	3	127184	ETHENE, TETRACHLORO	BNA	6.05	110.0 J
	4		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF BENZENE	BNA	7.86	17.0 J
ſ	5		UNKNOWN	BNA	8.35	55.0 JB
-	6		UNKNOWN	BNA	8.51	22.0 J
1	7		UNKNOWN	BNA	9.53	38.0 J
-	8		UNKNOWN	BNA	11.89	5.0 J
1	9		UNKNOWN	BNA	36.41	3.0 J
	10			1	i 1	I I
1	11			ŀ		İ
•	12				l	l I
-	13				!	l I
•	14			1	l	l t
•	15					1
•	16			1	ļ .	1
•	17			I	1 1	l I
•	18			i		l l
•	19			1		1
•	20					l I
•	21			1	! :	l t
•	22					
	23			l .		1
•	24					
•	25			ŀ		
ı	26					

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM I

SMPL NO .: 0W-12.19 2/18

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5651

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RD.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

MED I UM CONCENTRATION : LOW ___X___ MATRIX : WATER __X__ SOIL ____ SLUDGE ____OTHER ____ UG/L OR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE) 13. MAGNESIUM 93200.0 PE 1. ALUMINUM 50400.0 P € 2500.0 PE 14. MANGANESE 2. ANTIMONY 50.0 UP 15. MERCURY 0.2 U C.V. 3. ARSENIC 13.5 F 89.0 P 16. NICKEL 4. BARIUM 550.0 P 17. POTASSIUM 14900.0 P S. BERYLLIUM ľ 4.0 JP 18. SELENIUM 40.0 UF N (1:10)6. CADMIUM 5.0 UP 10.0 UP 19. SILVER 7. CALCIUM 290000.0 P 55000.0 Æ 8. CHROMIUM 79.0 P 20. SODIUM 4.0 UFN 9. COBALT 43.0 JP 21. THALLIUM 81.0 P 22. VANADIUM 10. COPPER 130.0 P 330.0 PMF 11. IRON 80800.0 PC 23. ZINC

(1:2) PERCENT SOLIDS (%)

CYANIDE NR

92.6 SF

PHENOL NR

FOOTNOTES: FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a brown liquid that became light yellow after ICP and colorless after furnace digestion procedures. Se was analyzed at a 1:10 dilution, and Pb was analyzed at a 1:2 dilution.

Debuth ya

LAB MANAGER

12. LEAD



SAMPLE DATA

OW-13.19

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1).

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-13.19

SYO12.19/NASH RD

Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/18/88

Lab File ID No:>A3846 Sample Matrix: WATER

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Data Release Authorized By: P. J. Wuroch VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

> Concentration: Date Extracted/Prepared:

Medium 02/20/88

(Circle One)

Date Analyzed: 02/20/88

pH: 6.9

Conc/Dil Factor: Percent Moisture:

N/A

ug/l) or ug/Kg CAS (ug/l)or ug/Kg CAS Number (Circle One) Number (Circle One) 5.0 U | |74-87-3 |Chloromethane 10.0 U I | 79-34-5 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane |74-83-9 |Bromomethane 10.0 U | | 78-87-5 | 1,2-Dichloropropane 5.0 U | 5.0 U 1 175-01-4 | Vinyl Chloride | 10061-02-6| Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 10.0 U] 5.0 U | 79-01-6 | Trichloroethene -00-3 |Chloroethane 10.0 U | 21.0 B 5.0 0 1 1/5-09-2 |Methylene Chloride | 124-48-1 | Dibromochloromethane 79-00-5 5.0 U | - [67-64-1 | Acetone 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 26.0 B 5.0 U | |75-15-0 |Carbon Disulfide Benzene 5.0 U 71-43-2 *** |75-35-4 |1,1-Dichloroethene 5.0 U | | 10061-01-5| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5.0 U | 10.0 U | |75-34-3 | 1,1-Dichloroethane 5.0 U [| 110-75-8 | 2-Chloroethylvinylether Bromoform 5.0 U | |156-60-5|Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 5.0 U 75-25-2 [67-66-3 |Chtoroform 591-78-6 | 2-Hexanone 5.0 U | 10.0 U |107-06-2|1,2-Dichloroethane 108-10-1 | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone 10.0 U | 5.0 U |78-93-3 |2-Butanone 5.0 U | 10.0 U | 127-18-4 | Tetrachloroethene |71-55-6 |1,1,1-Trichloroethane 5.0 U ! | 108-88-3 | Toluene 5.0 U I . |56-23-5 |Carbon Tetrachloride 5.0 U | 5.0 U [| 108-90-7 | Chlorobenzene |108-05-4|Vinyl Acetate 10.0 U | | 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene 5.0 U | - 75-27-4 | Bromodichloromethane 5.0 U | | 100-42-5 | Styrene 5.0 U [5.0 U | [Total Xylenes

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

VALUE

If the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification ,, limit, report the value.

Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report the minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.10U ... based on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well necessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination read U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when estimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. where a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit but greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

OTHER

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

ORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 2)

LABORATORY NAME: NANCO LABS. INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD SAMPLE NO. OW-13.19

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration:	(Low) Medium	(Circle One)	GPC Cleanup: Yes No_X
Date Extracted/Pr	epared: 02/18/88		Separatory Funnel Extraction: Yes_X
Date Analyzed: 02	/22/88		Continuous Liquid - Liquid Extraction: Yes
Conc/Dil Factor:-	1		

		Percent Moisture: N/A				
	CAS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(úg/l) or ug/Kg	CAS		(ug/l) or ug/kg
	Number		(Circle One)	Number		(Circle One)
]	 	!	1 83-32-9	Acenaphthene	10.0 U
•	108-95-2	Phenol	10.0 U	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	50.0 U
	111-44-4	bis(-2-Chloroethyl)Ether	j 10.0 u j	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	j 50.0 u i
	95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	10.0 U	1 132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	10.0 U
	541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	121-14-2	2.4-Dinitrotoluene	10.0 U
	106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10.0 U
	100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	10.0 U	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	10.0 U
	95-50-1	1,2-Dichtorobenzene	10.0 U	1 7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
	95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	10.0 U I	86-73-7	Fluorene	10.0 U
	39638-32-9	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	50.0 U
•	106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	10.0 U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	50.0 U
	621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	10.0 U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	10.0 U
•	67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	10.0 U	1 101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
	98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	10.0 U	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	10.0 U
•	78-59-1	Isophorone	10.0 U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	50.0 U
	88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	10.0 U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	10.0 U
	105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	10.0 U I	120-12-7	Anthracene	10.0 U
	65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	50.0 U	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	10.0 U
	111-91-1	bis(-2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	10.0 U	206-44-0	Fluoranthene	10.0 U
,	120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	10.0 U	129-00-0	Pyrene	10.0 U
	120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.00	1 85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	10.0 U
4	91-20-3	Naphthalene	10.0 U	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20.0 U
	106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	10.0 U	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	10.0 U
	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 U	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	230.0 B
	59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	10.0 ປ	1 218-01-9	Chrysene	10.0 U
1	91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	10.0 U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	10.0 U
	77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10.0 U j	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	10.0 U
	88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichtorophenot	j 10.0 u j	207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	10.0 U
	95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	j 50.0 u j	j 50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	10.0 υ
	91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	10.0 U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	10.0 U
	88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	50.0 U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	10.0 0
	131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	j 10.0 u j	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	10.0 U
	208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	j 10.0 u j	i	i	i
	99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	j 50.0 u j		·	

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-13.19

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC.
CASE NO: ENG. SCI.
SY012.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

	CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	RT or Scan	Estimated Concentration (vg/l) or ug/Kg)
	3770/44				
! !	3779611		VOA	27.61	8.0 J
2		•	VOA	37.72	10.0 J
3		BENZENE ISOMER, METHYL (METHYLETHYL)	VOA	45.75	84 J
4			1	!	1
5	95476	1,2-DIMETHYL BENZENE	BNA	5.17	58.0 JB
6		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF BENZENE	BNA	5.88	35.0 J
7		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF PYRAZOLE	BNA	6.98	14.0 JB
8	5 35773	1-METHYL-3-(1-METHYLETHYL)-BENZENE	BNA	9.56	31.0 J
1 9	21368683	BICYCLO[2.2.1] HEPTAN-2-ONE, 1, 7, 7-TRIMETHYL	BNA	12.19	10.0 J
10			İ	i i	į
11		ĺ	į	i i	Ī
12			i	i i	į
13		İ	i	i i	i
14		İ	i	i i	i
j 15		İ	i	i i	i
1 16		İ	i	i i	i
17		İ	1	i i	
i 18		i	i	i	i
19		i	i	; ;	į.
20		i	l l	iii	i
21		i	i	i i	
1 22		1	! !	; ;	i
23		1	l I		1
1 24		·	1		l l
1 25			!		
1 26		1 1	1		
20			!	1 1	1

FORM I, PART B

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM I

SMPL NO .: 0W-13.19

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/18/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5635

Date Reported: Z/25/88

Location ID: SY012.19/NASH RD

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

 CONCENTRATION:
 LOW __X__
 MEDIUM ____

 MATRIX:
 WATER __X__
 SOIL ____
 SLUDGE ___OTHER ____

UG/L OR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE OHE)

1.	ALUMINUM	4550.0	PN*	13.	MAGNESIUM	72100.0	Р
2.	YHOMITHA	311.0	PN	14.	MANGANESE	2350.0	P
3.	ARSENIC	10.4	F	15.	MERCURY	0.2	c.v.
4.	BARIUM	295.0	P	16.	NICKEL	250.0	PN/
5.	BERYLLIUM	1.0	UP .	17.	POTASSIUM	18500.0	PERM
6.	CADMIUM	7.0	PN	18.	SELENIUM	4.0	UFN
7.	CALCIUM	299000.0	P	19.	SILVER	46.0	PN*
8.	CHROMIUM	32.0	P	20.	\$001UM	68200.0	P
9.	COBALT	68.0	P	21.	THALLIUM	4.0	UFN
10.	COPPER	2270.0	p*	22.	VANAD IUM	25.0	UP
11.	IRON	34100.0	Р	23.	ZINC	675.0	PN*€
12.	LEAD	81.6	SF*	PERCENT SOLID	s (%)	NA	
	CYANIDE	NR		-			
	PHENOL	NR					

FOOTNOTES: FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a clear, colorless liquid that remained colorless after ICP and furnace digestion procedures. Lead was analyzed at a (1:10) dilution.

Deboualt &



DW-14A.19 2/17

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-14A.19 2/18

SYO12.19/NASH RD

Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A

Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Medium

Concentration:

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Data Release Authorized By:

Lab File ID No: HO227

Sample Matrix: WATER

(LOW)

(Circle One)

Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/24/88

Date Analyzed: 02/24/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 12.3

Percent Moisture:

N/A

\$	(ug/l) or ug/Kg	CAS	(ug/l) or ug/Kg
™πber	(Circle One)	Number	(Circle One)
ent of the language of		1 70.7/ E 1 1 1 2 2-Terrachiagosthana	1 5.0 u
-87-3 Chloromethane	10.0 U	79-34-5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
83-9 Bromomethane	ן ט 10.0	78-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane	5.0 U
'-4 Vinyl Chloride	10.0 U	[10061-02-6 Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
J-3 Chloroethane	j 10.0 u į	79-01-6 Trichloroethene	5.0 U
-09-2 Methylene Chloride	j 5.0 U j	124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane	ן ט 5.0 ט ן
-:-64-1 Acetone	j 10.0 u j	79-00-5 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.0 U
-15-0 Carbon Disulfide	j 5.0 u j	71-43-2 Benzene	5.0 U
35-4 1,1-Dichloroethene	j 5.0 u j	10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane	j 5.0 u j	110-75-8 2-Chloroethylvinylether	10.0 U
"6-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	j 5.0 U j	75-25-2 Bromoform	5. 0 U
-66-3 Chloroform	j 5.0 u j	591-78-6 2-Hexanone	10.0 U
7-06-211,2-Dichloroethane	į 5.0 U į	108-10-1 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	10.0 u
3-93-3 2-Butanone	j 10.0 v j	127-18-4 Tetrachloroethene	[5.0 U
-55-6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	j 5.0 u j	[108-88-3 Toluene	5.0 U
23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride	5.0 U	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene	5.0 U
38-05-4 Vinyl Acetate	j 10.0 u j	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene	5.0 U
9-27-4 Bromodichloromethane	j 5.0 u j	100-42-5 Styrene	[5.0 U]
	***************************************	Total Xylenes	5.0 U

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

LUE

mit, report the value.

dicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report e minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.10U sed on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well ad U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. e minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

dicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when timating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. ere a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification riteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit t greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

C

the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

В

cessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination OTHER

> Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

FORM I

ORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 2)

LABORATORY NAME: NANCO LABS. INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD SAMPLE NO.

OW-14A.19 2/17

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

	Concentration: (Low) Date Extracted/Prepared: 02 Date Analyzed: 02/24/88	Medium /19/88	(Circle One)	GPC Cleanup: Yes No_ Separatory Funnel Extraction Continuous Liquid - Liquid	on: YesX
	Conc/Dil Factor:	-> 1			
	Percent Moisture:	N/A			
CAS		(ug/L) or ug/Kg.	CAS		(ug/t) or ug/K
Number		(Circle One)	Number		(Circle One)
*******	······	1 1	1 83-32-9	Acenaph thene	10.0 U
108-95-2	l Phenoi	10.0 U	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	50.0 U
111-44-4	bis(-2-Chloroethyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	50.0 U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	10.0 U	1 132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	10.0 U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	121-14-2	2.4-Dinitrotoluene	10.0 U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	606-20-2	2.6-Dinitrotaluene	10.0 U
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	10.0 U	1 84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	10.0 U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	10.0 U	86-73-7	1 Fluorene	10.0 U
39638-32-9	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether		100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	50.0 U
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	10.0 U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	50.0 U
621-64-7	N-Witroso-Di-n-Propylamine	10.0 0 1	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	10.0 U
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	10.0 U	1 101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	10.0 U	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	10.0 0
78-59-1	Isophorone	10.0 U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	1 50.0 U
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	10.0 U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	10.0 U
105-67-9	2.4-Dimethylphenol	10.0 U	1 120-12-7	Anthracene	
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	50.0 U	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	10.0 U
111-91-1	bis(-2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	,	206-44-0	Fluoranthene	10.0 U
120-83-2	2.4-Dichlorophenol	10.0 0	1 129-00-0	•	10.0 U
120-82-1	1.2,4-Trichtorobenzene	•		Pyrene	10.0 U
91-20-3	Naphthalene	10.0 U	85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	10.0 U
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	10.0 U	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20.0 U
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 0	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	10.0 U
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Hethylphenol	10.0 U	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	79.0 B
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	10.0 0	218-01-9	Chrysene	10.0 U
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	20.0	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	10.0 U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10.0 U 10.0 U	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	10.0 U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichtorophenol	•	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	10.0 U
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	50.0 U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	10.0 U
88-74-4	2-Mitroaniline	10.0 U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	10.0 U
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	50.0 U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	10.0 U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	10.0 U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	10.0 U
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	10.0 U 50.0 U	I	1	1

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-14A.19 2/17

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

		C1C			(The Sam	Estimated Concentration
		CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction (RT or Scar Number	_
٠.		NUIDEL	compound name	Fraction	NUMBER	(ug/l) or ug/Kg)
ı	1		NOT APPLICABLE .	VOA		
ı	2		l	1	I 1	l I
I	3		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF ETHENE	BNA	6.04	82.0 JB
-	4		UNKNOWN BENZENE	BNA	7.85	12.0 J
-	5		UNKNOWN CYCLIC COMPOUND	BNA	8.34	57.0 J
1	6	••••	UNKNOWN	BNA	8.40	11.0 J
J	7		UNKNOWN CYCLIC COMPOUND	BNA	8.50	22.0 J
ı	8	6930687	2-CYCLOHEXEN-1-ONE	BNA	9.52	43.0 J
ł	9		UNKNOWN	BNA	11.89	9.0 J
1	10	••••	UNKNOWN	BNA	12.12	38.0 J
1	11		UNKNOWN	BNA	15.67	106.0 J
1	12		UNKNOWN	BNA	19.03	35.0 J
1	13		I	1	I :	l i
1	14		l	1	!	l I
1	15		I	Ī	1	1
I	16		l		I	
	17		I	I	l I	
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ŀ	24			1		1
ı	25			1		
ĺ	26		l	l		

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-14A.19 2/18

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC.

CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

	CAS Number	Comp	oound Name	(Fraction	RT or Scan Number	
] 1]	UNKNOWN		VOA	6.58	5.4 J
2		UNKNOWN		[VOA	8.43	7.4 J
3				I		I
4		1		I		1
5	١					1
6				1	l I	1
7				ļ	[!
8				!	!	Į.
9				!	!!!	!
1 10				!	!!!	
11				!	!!	1
12				1	! !	- !
1 14		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	!!!	- !
1 15				<u> </u>		
16				-		- !
17		! 		;	i i	
18	i			i	i i	i
19				i	i i	i
20				i	i i	i
] 21	Ì			j	i i	ì
22				į	i i	· i
23	1			ĺ		j
24				I		Ì
25		j		1		
26				1		1

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM I

SMPL NO .: OW-14A.19 7/18

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5649

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RD.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

MED IUM _____ LOW ___X___ CONCENTRATION : WATER __X__ SOIL ____ SLUDGE ___OTHER ____ MATRIX : UG/L dR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE) 13. MAGNESIUM 181000.0 PE 70300.0 PE 1. ALUMINUM 4500.0 PE 2. ANTIMONY 53.0 JP 14. MANGANESE 0.2 U C.V. 3. ARSENIC 50.0 UF (1:10) 15. MERCURY 16. NICKEL 140.0 P 4. BARIUM 800.0 P 17. POTASSIUM 168000.0 P 5. BERYLLIUM 6.0 P (1:10)40.0 UF N 6. CADMIUM 5.0 UP 18. SELENIUM 19. SILVER 10.0 UP 7. CALCIUM 890000.0 P 8. CHROMIUM 20. SODIUM 97600.0 P€ 130.0 P 21. THALLIUM 4.0 UF N 9. COBALT 65.0 P 22. VANADIUM 130.0 P 10. COPPER 180.0 P 580.0 PME 11. IRON 131000.0 PE 23. ZINC 140.0 F (1:10) PERCENT SOLIDS (%) 12. LEAD NA CYANIDE PHENOL

FOOTNOTES: FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a brown liquid that became light yellow after ICP and colorless after furnace digestion procedures. As, Pb, and Se were analyzed at a 1:10 dilution.

LAB MANAGER



SAMPLE

DW-14B.19 0/17

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SY012.19/NASH RD

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-148.19 2/17

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No: H0193

Sample Matrix: WATER Data Release Authorized By: P.S. Whyroch Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: (Low) Medium

(Circle One)

Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/22/88

Date Analyzed: 02/22/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 6.9

Percent Moisture: N/A

AS mber	(ug/l) or ug/Kg (Circle One)	CAS Number	(Circle One)
'4-87-3 Chloromethane '4-83-9 Bromomethane '-01-4 Vinyl Chloride '-0-3 Chloroethane '5-09-2 Methylene Chloride	10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 8.2	79-34-5	5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U
"-64-1 Acetone i-15-0 Carbon Disulfide "5-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethene '5-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane	10.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U	79-00-5	5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 10.0 U
16-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 1-56-3 Chloroform 17-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 18-93-3 2-Butanone 1-55-6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 10.0 U 5.0 U	75-25-2	5.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 5.0 U
	5.0 U 10.0 U 5.0 U	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 100-42-5 Styrene Total Xylenes	5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

ALUE

. mit, report the value.

rdicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.10U) used on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well 3d U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. e minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

ndicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when timating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. ere a 1.1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data ndicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification riteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit t greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

B

ecessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination

OTHER

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

LABORATORY NAME: NANCO LABS. INC.

CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD SAMPLE NO.

ON-148.19 2/17

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

	Concentration: Low Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/	Medium 19/88	(Circle One)	GPC Cleanup: Yes No_ Separatory Funnel Extraction	_
	Date Analyzed: 02/26/88			Continuous Liquid - Liquid	Extraction: Yes
	Conc/Dil Factor:	> 1			
	Percent Moisture:	N/A			
CAS		ug/l or ug/Kg	CAS		ug/l or ug/X
Number		(Circle One)	Number		(Circle One)
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
	1	1	83-32-9	Acenaph thene	[10.0 U]
108-95-2	Phenol	10.0 U	51-28-5	2,4-0initrophenol	50.0 U
111-44-4	bis(-2-Chloroethyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	50.0 U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	U 0.0 U	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	10.0 U
541 <i>-7</i> 3-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	1 10.0 U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10.0 U
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	10.0 U	84-66-2	Oiethylphthalate	10.0 u j
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 ປ	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	10.0 U [86-73-7	Fluorene	10.0 U
39638-32-9	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	50.0 U
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	10.0 U	534-52-1	4,6-0initro-2-Methylphenol	50.0 U
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	10.0 U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	i 10.0 u i
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	10.0 U	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	10.0 U	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	10.0 U
78-59-1	Isophorone	10.0 U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	50.0 U
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	10.0 U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	10.0 U
105-67-9	2.4-Dimethylphenol	10.0 U	120-12-7	Anthracene	10.0 U
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	[50.0 U]	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	10.0 U
111-91-1	bis(-2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	10.0 U j	206-44-0	Fluoranthene	10.0 U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	i 10.0 U j	129-00-0	Pyrene	10.0 U
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 U	, 85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	10.0 U
91-20-3	Naphthalene	10.0 U	91-94-1	3,31-Dichlorobenzidine	20.0 U
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	10.0 U	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	10.0 U
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 U	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	720.0 в
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	10.0 0	218-01-9	Chrysene	10.0 U
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	10.0 U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	10.0 U
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	[10.0 U]	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	10.0 U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichtorophenol	10.0 U	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	10.0 U
95-95-4	2,4,5.Trichlorophenal	50.0 U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	10.0 U
91-58-7	2 Chloronaphthalene	10.0 U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	10.0 U
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	50.0 U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	10.0 U
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	10.0 U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	10.0 U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	10.001	1		1
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	50.0 0	I		

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-148.19 2/17

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

	CAS Number	Compound Name	(Fraction	RT or Scar	Estimated Concentration (ug/l) or ug/kg)
	MUNDE!	compound name	Fraction	NUMBER	(ug/l) or ug/kg)
1 1		NONE FOUND	VOA		
j 2			i	ĺ	i i
j 3		UNKNOWN SUBSTITUTE OF TETRACHLORO ETHENE	BNA	5.94	120.0 J
j 4	••••	UNKNOWN ISOMER OF DIMETHYL BENZENE	BNA	7.75	19.0 J
j 5		UNKNOWN	BNA	8.24	25.0 J
6		UNKNOWN	BNA	8.40	24.0 J
7		UNKNOWN	BNA	9.07	32.0 J
8		UNKNOWN	BNA	9.44	44.0 J
9		UNKNOWN	BNA	36.28	38.0 J
10			1	1	l i
11			1	1	1
12			1	1	1
13			1	1	1
14			I		ļ l
15			I	1	[
16			I	1	
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INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM !

SMPL NO .: 0W-148.19 Z//7

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5652

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RD.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

CONCENTRATION : LOW __X ___ MEDIUM ____

MATRIX : WATER __X __ SOIL ____ STUDGE ___OTHER ____

UG/L OR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE)

1.	ALUMINUM	4900.0	PE		13. MAGNESIUM	33300.0 PE
2.	ANTIMONY	50.0	UP		14. MANGANESE	1200.0 PE
3.	ARSENIC	6.3	F		15. MERCURY	0.2 U C.V.
4.	BARIUM	[76.0]P		16. NICKEL	25.0 UP
5.	BERYLLIUM	1.0	UP		17. POTASSIUM	1500.0 UP
6.	CADMIUM	5.0	UP		18. SELENIUM	4.0 UF N
7.	CALCIUM	100000.0	Р		19. SILVER	10.0 UP
8.	CHROMIUM	8.0	UP		20. SODIUM	21900.0 PE
9.	COBALT	15.0	UP		21. THALLIUM	4.0 UF N
10.	COPPER	[24.0] P		22. VANADIUM	25.0 UP
11.	IRON	9800.0	P <u>C</u>		23. ZINC	140.0 PNE
12.	LEAD	28.4	SF	(1:2)	PERCENT SOLIDS (%)	NA
	CYANIDE	NR				
	PHENOL	NR				

FOOTNOTES : FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a tan liquid that became colorless after ICP and and furnace digestion procedures. Pb was analyzed at a 1:10 dilution.

Delsoule HD



SAMPLE DATA

0w-15.19 2418

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SY012.19/NASH RD

SAMPLE NUMBER OU-15.19 2/18

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No: H0194

Sample Matrix: WATER Data Release Authorized By: Pol Wilmoch Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Medium

Concentration:

(Low)

(Circle One)

Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/22/88

Date Analyzed: 02/22/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 7.8

Percent Moisture:

N/A

CAS Number	(Circle One)	CAS . Number	ug/l or ug/Kg (Circle One)
74-87-3 Chloromethane	[10.0 U]	79-34-5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.0 U
74-83-9 Bromomethane	10.0 U	78-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane	5.0 U
`'75-01-4 Vinyl Chloride	j 10.0 U j	10061-02-6 Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
	10.0 U ‡	79-01-6 Trichloroethene	5.0 U
75-09-2 Methylene Chloride	6.5	124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane	5.0 U
, 67-64-1 Acetone	10.0 U j	79-00-5 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	j 5.0 u
75-15-0 Carbon Disulfide	j 5.0 u j	71-43-2 Benzene	5.0 U
75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethene	j 5.0 u j	10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
75-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane	j 5.0 u j	110-75-8 2-Chloroethylvinylether	10.0 U
156-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.0 U	75-25-2 Bromoform	5.0 U
67-66-3 Chloroform	j 5.0 U j	591-78-6 2-Hexanone	10.0 U
" 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane	j 5.0 u j	108-10-1 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	10.0 U
78-93-3 2-Butanone	j 10.0 u j	127-18-4 Tetrachloroethene	5.0 U
71-55-6 1,1,1-Trichtoroethane	j 9.4 j	108-88-3 Toluene	5.0 U
56-23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride	5.0 U j	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene	5.0 U
108-05-4 Vinyl Acetate	i 10.0 U i	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene	5.0 U j
75-27-4 Bromodichloromethane	j 5.0 u j	100-42-5 Styrene	5.0 U j
		Total Xylenes	5.Q U

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

VALUE

If the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification limit, report the value.

Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report the minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.10U based on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well read U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when estimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. where a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit but greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

necessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination OTHER

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

ORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 2)

LABORATORY NAME: NANCO LABS. INC.

CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYD12.19/NASH RD SAMPLE NO.

OW-15.19 2/18

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

	Concentration: Low Date Extracted/Prepared: 02	Medium /19/88	(Circle One)	GPC Cleanup: Yes No_ Separatory Funnel Extraction	
	Date Analyzed: 02/24/88	,,		Continuous Liquid - Liquid	
	Conc/Dil Factor:	-> 1		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_
	Percent Moisture:	N/A			
CAS		(ug/l) or ug/Kg	CAS		(ug/l) or ug/Kg
Number		(Circle One)	Number		(Circle One)
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1	1	1	83-32-9	Acenaphthene	10.0 U
108-95-2	Ph en ol	10.0 U	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ן ט 50.0 ט
111-44-4	bis(-2-Chloroethyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	50.0 U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	10.0 U	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ן ט 10.0 ט
541- <i>7</i> 3-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1D.0 U	121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ן ט 10.0 ט
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ן ט 10.0 ט
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	10.0 U	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	10.0 U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	10.0 U	86-73-7	Fluorene	10.0 U
39638-32-9	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	50.0 U
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	10.0 U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	50.0 ປ
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	j 10.0 u j	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	10.0 ປ
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	j 10.0 u j	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	10.0 ປ
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	j 10.0 u j	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	10.0 U
78-59-1	Isophorone	j 10.0 u j	j 87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	່ 50.0 ປຸ
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	10.0 U j	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	10.0 ປ
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	10.0 U Ì	i 120-12-7	Anthracene	j 10.0 u j
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	j 50.0 u j	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	10.0 U
111-91-1	bis(-2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	10.0 U j	206-44-0	Flucranthene	i 10.0 u i
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	i 10.0 u i	i 129-00-0	Pyrene	10.0 U
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	j 10.0 u j	85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	10.0 U
91-20-3	Naphthalene	j 10.0 U j	91-94-1	3.3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20.0 0
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	j 10.0 u j	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	10.0 U
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 U j	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	790.0 B
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	10.0 U i	218-01-9	Chrysene	10.0 U
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	10.0 U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	10.0 ປ
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	j 10.0 v j	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	10.0 ປ
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichtorophenot	10.001	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	i 10.0 u i
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichtorophenol	50.0 U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	10.0 U
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	j 10.0 u j	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	10.0 U
88-74-4	2-Witroaniline	50.0 U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	10.0 U
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	10.0 ປຸ	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	10.0 U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	10.0 ປ	i	1	
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	50.0 U			

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-15.19 2/18

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

	_	:AS lumber	Compound Name	(Fraction	RT or Sca Number	Estimated n Concentration (ug/l) or ug/Kg)
Ī	1	••••	UNKNOWN ALKENE	VOA	35.36	7.0 J
Ī	2		1		1	1
-	3		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF ETHENE	BNA	6.05	110.0 JB
-	4	••••	UNKNOWN ISOMER OF BENZENE	BNA	7.86	15.0 JB
-	5	••••	UNKNOWN ALCOHOL	BNA	8.30	33.0 J
-	6		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF HEXANAL	BNA	8.49	16.0 J
1	7		UNKNOWN ISOMER OF PYRAZOLE	BNA	9.50	28.0 J
1	8		UNKNOWN	BNA	13.26	1 0.8
-	9		UNKNOWN	BNA	29.13	16.0 J
-	10	••	UNKNOWN	BNA	36.40	39.0 J
Ţ	11		1	1		1
- 1	12		1	1		i l
ļ	13		I	l		1
Ţ	14		· I	ļ	1	ļ į
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!	17		!	!	!	!!!
- !	18		!	!	ļ	! !
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- !	21		1	!	ļ	
	22		•	;	1	!
ļ	23			ļ	1	! !
(23 24			!	I	
- 1	25			ļ	1	
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ı	20				1	1

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM I

SMPL NO .: 0W-15.19 2//2

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5655

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RD.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

MEDIUM _____ CONCENTRATION : LOW ___X___ MATRIX : WATER __X__ SOIL ____ SLUDGE ____OTHER ____

UG/L OR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE)

1.	ALUMINUM	79800.0 PE		13. MAGNESIUM	134000.0 P €
2.	ANTIMONY	120.0 P		14. MANGANESE	3900.0 PE
3.	ARSENIC	50.0 UF	(1:10)	15. MERCURY	0.3 c.v.
4.	BARTUM	710.0 P		16. NICKEL	1 50 .0 P
5.	BERYLLIUM	7.0 P		17. POTASSIUM	19800.0 P
6.	CADMIUM	5.0 UP		18. SELENIUM	4.0 UF M
7.	CALCIUM	430000.0 P		19. SILVER	10.0 UP
8.	CHROMIUM	120.0 P		20. SOD TUM	64500.0 №
9.	COBALT	81.0 P		21. THALLIUM	4.0 UFN
10.	COPPER	190.0 P		22. VANADIUM	130.0 P
11.	IRON	144000.0 Æ		23. ZINC	570.0 PNE
12.	LEAD	130.0 F	(1:10)	PERCENT SOLIDS (%)	NA
	CYANIDE	NR			
	PHENOL	NR			

FOOTNOTES : FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a brown liquid that became light yellow after ICP and colorless after furnace digestion procedures. As and Pb were analyzed at a 1:10 dilution.

LAB MANAGER



SAMPLE DATA

00-16-19 2/18

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-16.19 2/18

SY012.19/NASH RD

Case No: ENG. SCI.

QC Report No: N/A Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

Data Release Authorized By: Allumach VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration:

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No: H0231

Sample Matrix: WATER

Medium

(Circle One)

Date Extracted/Prepared: **102/24/88**

Date Analyzed: 02/24/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 6.4

Percent Moisture:

N/A

CAS Number	(ug/l) or ug/kg (Circle One)	CAS . Number	ug/l) or ug/Kg (Circle One)
74-87-3 Chloromethane	10.0 U	79-34-5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethan	e 5.0 U
74-83-9 Bromomethane	j 10.0 u j	78-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane	5.0 U
'75-01-4 Vinyl Chloride	j 10.0 u j	10061-02-6 Trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e [5.0 U
,-00-3 Chloroethane	j 10.0 u j	79-01-6 Trichloroethene	5.0 U
75-09-2 Methylene Chloride	11.0	124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane	5.0 U
67-64-1 Acetone	j 24.0 j	79-00-5 1,1,2-Trichtoroethane] 5.0 U
75-15-0 Carbon Disulfide	່ 5.0 ບໍ່	71-43-2 Benzene	12.0
75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethene	j 5.0 U j	10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0 U
75-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane	j 5.0 U j	110-75-8 2-Chloroethylvinylether	10.0 U
156-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	່ 5.0 ບຸ່	75-25-2 Bromoform	j 5.0 U J
67-66-3 Chloroform	5.0 U j	591-78-6 2-Hexanone	j 10.0 u j
107-06-2 1,2-Dichtoroethane	[5.0 U]	108-10-1 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	3.1 J }
78-93-3 2-Butanone	j 9.8 j j	127-18-4 Tetrachloroethene	5.0 U [
71-55-6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	j 5.5 j	108-88-3 Toluene	5.2
[56-23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride	j 5.0 ປ j	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene	25.0
108-D5-4 Vinyl Acetate	່ 10.0 ບຸ່	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene	55.0
75-27-4 Bromodichloromethane	j 5.0 u j	100-42-5 Styrene	5.0 U
		Total Xylenes	30.0

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

limit, report the value.

Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report the minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.10U based on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well necessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination read U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when estimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. where a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit but greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

If the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

R

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

ORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 2)

LABORATORY NAME: NANCO LABS. INC.

CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD SAMPLE NO.

04-16.19 2/15

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

	Concentration: Low	Medium	(Circle One)	GPC Cleanup: Yes No_	—
	Date Extracted/Prepared: 02/	19/88		Separatory Funnel Extraction	
	Date Analyzed: 02/25/88			Continuous Liquid - Liquid	Extraction: Yes
	Conc/Dil Factor:	> 1			
	Percent Moisture:	N/A			
CAS		ug/l or ug/Kg	CAS		ug/l or ug/K
(umber		(Circle One)	Number		(Circle One)
	1	I I	83-32-9	Acenaphthene	10.0 U
108-95-2	Phenol	10.0 0 [51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	50.0 U I
111-44-4	bis(-2-Chloroethyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-02-7	4-Hitrophenol	50.0 U i
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	j 10.0 u j	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	10.0 U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U j	121-14-2	2.4-Dinitrotoluene	10.00
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10.0 U
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	10.0 U J	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	10.0 U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10.0 U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	10.0 U	86-73-7	Fluorene	1 0.0 0 1
39638-32-9	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	10.0 U	100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	50.0 U j
06-44-5	4-Methylphenol	! 25.0 i	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	50.0 U
21-64-7	H-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	10.0 U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	10.0 U
7-72-1	Hexachloroethane	10.0 U	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	10.0 U
8-95-3	Nitrobenzene	10.0 U j	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	10.0 U
78-59-1	Isophorone	i 10.0 u i	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	50.0 U
8-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	10.0 U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	10.0 U
05-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	19.0	120-12-7	Anthracene	10.0 U
5-85-0	Benzoic Acid	26.0 J	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	10.0 U
111-91-1	bis(-2-Chloroethoxy)Methane] 10.0 υ [206-44-0	Fluoranthene	10.0 U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	10.0 υ [129-00-0	Pyrene	10.0 U
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 υ	85-68-7	Butylbenzyiphthalate	10.0 U
1-20-3	Naphthalene	8.3 4	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20.0 U
106-47-8	4.Chloroaniline	10.0 U j	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	10.0 U
37-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene] 10.0 υ [117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	57.0 B
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	10.0 U J	218-01-9	Chrysene	10.0 U
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	10.0 U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	10.0 U
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10.0 U	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	10.0 U
38-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10.0 U	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	10.0 U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichtorophenol	j 50.0 u j	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	10.0 U
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	j 10.0 u j	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	10.0 U
38-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	50.0 U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	10.0 U
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	10.0 U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	10.0 0 1
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	10.0 U	1		1 .0.007
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	50.0 U		1	1

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER OW-16.19 2/18

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.1HC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

		CAS			RT or Scan	Estimated Concentration
_		Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Number	(ug/) or ug/Kg)
1	1	1066406	SILANOL TRIMETHYL .	VOA	14.43	17.0 J
Ì	2		2,4-DIMETHYL-3-PENTANONE	VOA	23.10	7.0 J
İ	3	470826	CINEOLE	VOA	28.59	6.6 J
İ	4	•••-	UNKNOWN BICYCLIC COMPOUND	VOA	30.83	76.0 J
Ì	5		7-OXABICYCLO[2.2.1] HEPTANE, 1-METHYL-4(1-METHYLETHYL)-	VOA	33.22	31.0 J
ì	6		UNKNOWN	VOA	36.93	29.0 J
Ĺ	7		SUBSTITUTED METHYL, ETHYL BENZENE	VOA	38.24	5.7 J
-	8			1	i i	i i
- 1	9	127184	ETHENE, TETRACHLORO	BNA	6.05	67.0 J
1	10	100414	BENZENE, ETHYL	BNA	7.63	22.0 J
Ì	11		DIMETRYL BENZENE ISOMER	BNA	7.87	53.0 JB
- 1	12		UNKNOWN CYCLIC COMPOUND	BNA	8.50	16.0 J
- 1	13	930687	2-CYCLOHEXEN-1-ONE	BNA	9.52	21.0 J
1	14	98828	BENZENE,(1-METHYLETHYL)	BNA	11.21	16.0 J
Ì	15	620144	BENZENE,1-ETHYL-3-METHYL	BNA	11.78	15.0 J
- 1	16		BENZENE ISOMER, ETHYL-METHYL	BNA	11.90	13.0 J
1	17	••••	UNKNOWN	BNA	12.81	27.0 J
Ì	18	4695629	BICYCLO(2.2.1] HEPTAN-2-ONE,1,3,3-TRIMETHYL (1R)	BNA	13.46	69.0 J
-	19	21368683	BICYCLO[2.2.1] HEPTAN-2-ONE, 1, 7, 7-TRIMETHYL-, (.t)	BNA	14.72	370.0 J
1	20	••••	UNKNOWN	BNA	14.79	31.0 J
-1	21		UNKNOWN	BNA	17.55	14.0 J
1	22	134623	BENZEMIDE, N,N-DIETHYL-3-METHYL	BNA	22.51	27.0 J
- 1	23		UNKNOWN	BNA	24.28	32.0 J
-	24		UNKNOWN	BNA	24.52	21.0 J
-	25			İ	l i	
-	26			İ	j i	i
_						

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM I

SMPL NO .: 0W-16.19 2/18

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC.

Customer Name: ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SOW NO. : N/A

Lab Receipt Date : 2/19/88

Lab Sample ID: 88-EW 5656

Date Reported:

Location ID: SYO 12.19/NASH RO.

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

CONCENTRATION: LOW __X_ MEDIUM _____

MATRIX: WATER __X_ SOİL ____ OTHER _____

UG/L OR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE)

1.	ALUMINUM	37300.0 P€		13. MAGNESIUM	165000.0 PE	
2.	ANTIMONY	150.0 P		14. MANGANESE	1600.0 PE	
3.	ARSENIC	11.4 F		15. MERCURY	0.8 c.v.	
4.	BARIUM	740.0 P		16. NICKEL	110.0 P	
5.	BERYLLIUM	[4.0]P		17. POTASSIUM	141000.0 P	
6.	CADMIUM	5.0 UP		18. SELENIUM	40.0 UFN	(1:10)
7.	CALCIUM	183000.0 P		19. SILVER	10.0 UP	-
8.	CHROMIUM	90.0 P		20. SODIUM	361000.0 PE	
9.	COBALT	50.0 P		21. THALLIUM	4.0 UFN	
10.	COPPER	160.0 P		22. VANADIUM	66.0 P	
11.	IRON	131000.0 PC		23. ZINC	1800.0 PME	
12.	LEAD	600.0 F	(1:100) PERCENT	SOLIDS (%)	NA	
	CYANIDE	NR				
	PHENOL	NR				

FOOTMOTES : FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS: This sample was a grey/brown liquid that became light yellow after ICP and furnace digestion procedures. Se was analyzed at a 1:10 dilution and Ph was applying at a 1:100 dilution.

dilution and Pb was anlalyzed at a 1:100 dilution.

Describer

LAB MANAGER



TRIC BLANK 2/18

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1)

SAMPLE NUMBER TRIP BLANK 2/18

SY012.19/NASH RD

Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A

Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/19/88

OLATILE COMPOUNDS

Medium

Concentration:

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Data Release Authorized By: A. J. William

Lab File ID No: HO191

Sample Matrix: WATER

(Circle One)

02/22/88 Date Extracted/Prepared:

Date Analyzed: 02/22/88

Conc/Dil Factor:

pH: 7.4

Percent Moisture:

N/A

CAS Number	(Circle One)	CAS Number	(ug/) or ug/Kg (Circle One)
Number 74-87-3 Chloromethane 74-83-9 Bromomethane 75-01-4 Vinyl Chloride -00-3 Chloroethane 75-09-2 Methylene Chloride 67-64-1 Acetone 75-15-0 Carbon Disulfide 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 75-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane 156-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethane 67-66-3 Chloroform	10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U	79-34-5	ne 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U
107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 78-93-3 2-Butanone 71-55-6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 56-23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride 108-05-4 Vinyl Acetate 75-27-4 Bromodichloromethane	5.0 U 10.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 10.0 U	108-10-1	10.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

VALUE

limit, report the value.

Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report the minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.10U read U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when estimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. where a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit but greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

If the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

based on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well necessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination

OTHER

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

SAMPLE NUMBER TRIP BLANK 2/18

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

	,	:AS		7	BY	Estimated	
		.as Iumber	Compound Name	fraction		Concentration (ug/V or ug/Kg)	
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
1	1		NONE FOUND .	VOA			
1	2			Į l			1
İ	3		į ·	ļ ļ	!		
ļ	4		!	ļ ļ	<u> </u>		- 1
!	5		!	!	<u> </u>		ļ
!	6		!	!	!		!
!	7 8			!	!		!
•	9		<u> </u>	!	i 1		1
•	0			l I	ł I		-
•	11			1	! 	 	1
•	2			i	! 	[]	i
	3			i	! }		
•	4		j	i	i		i
j 1	5		İ	i	İ		i
] 1	6			i	İ	Ì	j
] 1	7		1	İ	İ		j
•	8		1	1			İ
•	9			!		1	!
•	20			I	ļ		
	21		<u> </u>	1	1		
	2		<u>!</u>	İ			
	23		!	!	ļ		
	24		1	!	l		ļ
	25 26			ļ			- !
1 4			[1	ļ		ı



SAMPLE DATA

TRIP BLANK

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(PAGE 1).

SAMPLE NUMBER TRIP BLANK

SY012.19/NASH RD

Case No: ENG. SCI. QC Report No: N/A

Contract No: N/A

Date Sample Received: 02/18/88

Sample Matrix: WATER Data Release Authorized By: P. J. Junoch

Laboratory Name: NANCO LABORATORY INC.

Lab File ID No:>A3850

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

(FOM) Concentration: Date Extracted/Prepared:

Medium 02/20/88

(Circle One)

Date Analyzed: 02/20/88

pH: 6.9

Conc/Dil Factor: Percent Moisture:

N/A

CAS	(dg/l) or ug/Kg	CAS	(ug/t) or ug/Kg
Number	(Circle One)	. Number	(Circle One)
Number 74-87-3 Chloromethane 74-83-9 Bromomethane 75-01-4 Vinyl Chloride -00-3 Chloroethane 1/5-09-2 Methylene Chloride 67-64-1 Acetone 75-15-0 Carbon Disulfide 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethene 75-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane 156-60-5 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 67-66-3 Chloroform	10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 10.0 U 29.0 B 24.0 B 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U	79-34-5	5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 5.0 U 10.0 U
107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane	5.0 U	108-10-1	10.0 U
78-93-3 2-Butanone	130.0		5.0 U
71-55-6 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.0 U		5.0 U
56-23-5 Carbon Tetrachloride	5.0 U		5.0 U
108-05-4 Vinyl Acetate	10.0 U		5.0 U
75-27-4 Bromodichloromethane	5.0 U		5.0 U

Data Reporting Qualifiers

For reporting results to EPA, the following results qualifiers are used. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. However, the definition of each flag must be explicit.

If the result is a value greater than or equal to the detection. This flag applies to pesticide parameters where the identification limit, report the value.

Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected. Report the minimum detection limit for the sample with the U(e.g.100 read U-Compound was analyzed for but not detected. The number is and warns the data user to take appropriate action. the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used either when estimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds and such description attached to the data summary report. where a 1 1 response is assumed or when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified detection limit but greater than zero (e.g. 10J).

has been confirmed by GC/MS Single component pesticides greater than or equal to 10 ng/ul in the final extract should be confirmed by GC/MS

В

based on necessary concentration dilution actions. (This is not This flag is used when the analyte is found in the blank as well necessarily the instrument detection limit.) The footnote should as a sample. It indicates possible/probable blank contamination

Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results. If used, they must be fully described

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET (PAGE 4)

SAMPLE NUMBER TRIP BLANK

LABORATORY NAME :NANCO LABS.INC. CASE NO: ENG. SCI. SYO12.19/NASH RD

Tentatively Identified Compounds

	CAS Number	Compound Name	(Fraction	RT or Scan	Estimated Concentration (ug/l) or ug/Kg)
1		UNKNOWN	VOA	11.73	15 J
2		UNKNOWN	VOA	33.35	11.0 J
3			ļ	!!!	ļ.
4			!		ļ
5			-		ļ
7			-	1 1 1 1	
8			i	i i	i
9			i	i i	į
10			Ì		İ
11			ļ		į.
12			!	!!!	1
1 14	i				1
15			-] 	
16			i	' '	i
17			i	i i	i
18			1		1
19			ļ	! !	1
) 20 21			ļ	!!!	!
22			1	 	1
23			i	; } {	
24			i	, , 	i
j 25			į	i i	į
26			1	l į	j

FORM I, PART B

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION SHEET

Lab Name: NANCO LABORATORIES, INC. DATE REPORTED: 03/10/88

Lab Address: Robinson Lane, RD #6

Wappingers Falls, New York

SAMPLING LOCATION: SY012.19/NASH ROAD

CLIENT ID	NANCO ID
OW-13.19	88-EW-5635
MSD-OW-13.19	88-EW-5635-MS
MS-OW-13.19	88-EW-5635-MSD
OW-14A.19 2/17	88-EW-5648
OW-12.19 2/17	88-EW-5650
OW-14B.19 2/17	88-EW-5652
OW-15.19 2/18	88-EW-5655
OW-16.19 2/18	88-EW-5656

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET FORM I

Lab Name : NANCO LABORATORIES, INC. Customer: Engineering Science

QC Batch: EW 5649; 5651-52; 5655-57 Lab Receipt Date : 02/19/88

ELEMENTS IDENTIFIED AND MEASURED

CONCENTRATI	ON :	ronx	_	MEDIUM	_
MATRIX :	WATERX		sotl	SLUDGE	OTHER

UG/L OR MG/KG DRY WEIGHT (CIRCLE ONE)

		Instrument
		Detection
PROJECT ID	SAMPLE ID:	T.O.X. Limit
	••••••	******
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5649	8.0 5 ug/L
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5651	53.0 5 ug/L
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5652	33.0 5 ug/L
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5655	34.0 5 ug/L
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5656	888.0 5 ug/L
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5635	59.D 5 ug/L
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5635 MS	93% RECOVERY
SY012.19/NASH RD.	EW-5635 MSD	103% RECOVERY

FOOTNOTES: FOR REPORTING RESULTS STANDARD RESULT QUALIFIERS ARE USED AS DEFINED ON PAGE 2.

COMMENTS : BMRL = RESULTS ARE BELOW MINIMUM REPORTING LEVEL

ND = RESULTS ARE NOT DETECTED

NANCO LABS, INC. ***************

ENGINEERING SCIENCE

Date Received: 2/18/88
Date Reported: 2/25/88

		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		
1 	тох			UG/L		
PARAMETI	ERS	 !	RESULTS			
NANCO ID:	CUSTOMER ID:	 				
 87-EW-5635 (1:5)	ON-13.19	! 	59			
] -		 				
!] •		<u> </u>	-			
 !		! 				
f 		! !				
1 		;] 1				
		!				
		i i I				
		! !				
 		[•••••		
SPK	SPKDUP	UNSPK SMPL	CONC. ADDED	TRECOVERY		
93	103	59	50	118		

ND = NOT DETECTED

MINIMUM REPORTING LEVEL = 5 UG/L

(1:5) = 25 UG/L

							FORM B-1V.	₹.	COD WAT	ER DATA A	TCOD WATER DATA REPORT FORM				Page 1 of 1	of 1		
Lab: ENSECO/Cal Lab	Cal Lab								,						Report	Report Date: 9-Mar-1988	Mar - 1988	
Case/Batch No: 040258	0: 040258														Colum:	Column: SP-2331		
INSTRUMENT ID: F): F S				,													
4 0 0	\$ 3 U		3	į	37, 20	1	* 290		ક	REL. se Ratios				Response (Area)	(Area)			
Sample No.	Date.	Volume	Meas.	E E	Date	Time	S/N (1S)		322 334	3341\$ 334RS	529	320	322	328	33218	33418	332RS	334RS
METHOD BLANK	02/25/88	0.50	2	2.80	03/08/88	09:37:00	9.6	25	. 0.8					14536	237114	289934	460249	\$65665
FV-5635	02/25/88	0.50	9	0.54	03/07/88	21:05:00	2	29	. 0.	7 0.76				61984	698193	779706	960057	1257940
EV-5635-MS	02/25/88	0.50	20	•	03/07/88	23:10:00	×	46 0.	0.78 0.76	_	81615	197776	252810	66200	865607	1140420	1551080	2012230
EV-5635-1HSD	02/25/88	0.50	2	•	03/07/88	23:10:00	2	53 0.		_	68560	147664	189024	52640	666804	873606	1028250	1352850
EV-5648	02/25/88	0.50	2	0.78	03/07/88	21:28:00	2	32	. 0.7	_				33836	484288	647456	1120030	1485270
EV-5650	02/25/88	0.50	웊	0.36	03/07/88	21:47:00	×	27	. 0.7	_	•		•	70243	964976	1280010	1369560	1826580
EV-5652	02/25/88	0.50	윤	79.0	03/07/88	22:07:00	2	25	. 0.7					54126	783583	1060050	1359150	1801020
EV-5655	02/25/88	0.20	욮	0.45	03/08/88	10:02:00	32	ξ.	. 0.7		•	•		69197	982951	1245830	1509610	1896620
EN-5656	02/25/88	0.50	2	96.0	03/08/88	22:48:00	*	25	. 0.7					39866	527888	706572	1328480	1764300
MB * Method Blank	Blank				7 = 83	FB = Field Blank												
N = Mative	Native TCDD Spike				15 = 1	ad St	andard											
	Duplicate/Fortified Field Blank	d Field	Blank	,	RR . Rerun													
PE + EMSL·LV	EMSL-LV Performance Evaluation Sample	e Evalua	ition Same	ole S	Ħ	Not Detected												
PPC = Maximum Possible Concentration	# Possible	Concentra	8 5		X	Recovery St	Brdard						•					
Descent recovery for EU-SATS-NC and EU-SATS-1460 to 100%	serie ijuit	, ', ', ', ', ', ', ', ', ', ', ', ', ',		176.1Mcn 4	100%													
עבו רבווי ו ברחי	151 KIN	EL . (50)		Ast														

.

Approved by: NOM

Prepared by:

Date: 3/1 (5.8

Enseco

FORM B-14. TCOO WATER DATA REPORT FORM

Case/Batch No: 040372 Lab: ENSECO/Cal Lab

GW 11.9

INSTRUMENT ID: F-5

Sample No.

EPA

EUS785NS Eus785NSD

EWS 785

Report Date: 16-Mar-1988

Page 1 of 1

Column: SP-2331

2570700 2247910 3987020 1640480

2324980 2011400 3687620 1518630

144560 296832 129076 174378 328

1050000 483161

855184 404129

369300 169008

9.9 8.8

334RS

332RS

33418

33218

322

Response (Area)

320 259 Response Ratios 320/332/332/ 322 3341S 334RS 2823 Analysis Sur. XREC Time S/N (1S) **たれれた** 131 343 85 15:22:00 15:47:00 16:59:00 17:25:00 03/10/88 03/10/88 03/10/88 03/10/88 0.30 Volume 03/08/88 03/08/88 03/08/88 03/08/88 Extr. Date **Method Blank**

FB = Field Blank
IS = Internal Standard
RR = Rerun
ND = Not Detected
RS = Recovery Standard N = Native ICDD Spike
D = Duplicate/Fortified Field Blank
PE = EMSL-LV Performance Evaluation Sample
MPC = Maximum Possible Concentration
*Note: Relative to 13C12-1,2,3,4-ICDD HB = Method Blank

Recovery for EWS785NSD is 116x. Recovery for EUS78548 18 103%.

Prepared by:

Approved by:

FIELD SAMPLING RECORDS	

Nash Rd NYSDEC Site No	0W-11	<u>·</u> _	Date: <u>2/17/38</u>
lers: L. Dobson	_ of	neering - 50	iexe
la! Static Water Level		8.49 Lup 2.55	_
uation: ig: Submersible Centrifugal Alriift Positive Displacement Balled Times	2 Casing: <u>3</u> 3 Casing:	ft. of water	x .16 = .49 gals
th to intake from top of protective well casing 9 me of Water removed 1.5 Gals. (> 3 Well	/ Yolumes)	3 vol. = 11	2 gals.
pling: Time	a.m.		•
Bailer Type: Stainless Steel Teflon From Pos. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube Other	x		
	No. of Bottles	i.D. No.	Analyses
p Blank	7	οω- II. I	9 see below
sical Appearance and Odoruell has odenot identif		chemical.	smell, could
rigerate: Date/_/ Time			
old Tests: Temperature (C*/*F) pH Spec. Conduc (umhos/cm)			
ther			
monts voa bna, pest/pch, metals, Tox	• •		
only got bottles for			n 2/17 & 2/1
need to get pH, temp	conductiva	a rading.	····

Nash Rd.	NYSDEC Site No	0W-11	Dat	e: <u>3_/01/88</u>
Samplers: L. Dobso			neering-Sci	ence
initial Static Water Level. (from top of well protection	ve casing)			
Evacuation: Using: Submersible Airilit Bailed	Centrifugal Positive Displacement	2" Casing:	Volume Calculation:ft. of water x .1ft. of water x .5ft. of water x .6	6 = gals 6 = gals
	protective well casingGals, (> 3 Well	Volumes)	Re-Samplin	igafrom 'isits
Sampiling:	Time <u>\\300</u>	p.m.		
Baller Type: Stainle: Tefion From Po: Other _	s. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube	X		
		No. of Bottles	1.D. No.	Analyses
Trip Blank	lc(circle one)	garbage sn	aw-11.19 well headspa	
Refrigerate: Date/_/_/	/ Time			
Field Tests: Temperature (C*/*F) pH Spec. Conduc (umhos/cm	4°C			
Weather				
Comments <u>third</u> PRIO Ve ab 3/07/8	le to analyze f	gotten vous only got on both had enough	S, metals, C 1/3 gal - 7 BNA É Pes L'inter te a PCB.	nay not page

ito NASH ROAD		te No. 54012.19	·	Date: 10/12/88	· ·
	Y	•# <u> </u>	 . ·	•	· ·
empiors: MARK Ch.	Auv.2	of \overline{ES} .			_
BILL B		of <u>ES</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
nitial Static Water Leve		_	. 4.46 TOPE	_	DEPTH = 12.
(from top of well protect			1,70 75,2	i (r	٥٩٤).
•		•	•		:
racuation:	0-4-141		Well Yolume Calculati	4	· · , ·
sing: Submersible	Centrifugal Positive Displacem	_ 2" Casing:	7.65 ft. of water a		
	Dry		ft. of water a		
			1.23 gal x	3 = 3.69 5	2 (3 vilumes
olume of Water removed 2					
TOME OF RELET TEMOVED I	374 R. C. 72 0013.		,		
ampling:	Time 080	<u>o </u>	. (10/13/88)		•
·		P.	♣•		•
Baller Type: Stale	aless Steel	· •			
Tefle		X	_ •		•
From	Pos. Dis. Pump Dischar	ge Tube		·	
Other	r [·]	 ; 			•
		Ho. of Bot	tles.		•
		Filled	I.D. Ho.	Analyses	
				. , .	
clp Black	pheric(circle one) .	••••	· _ · · ·		-
"Tound-vater Sample			· 0,00-11	B/N/A	-
-					_
sysical Appearance and C	HOOR KENDING 130	town very tu	chill, strong	Che mi Cal	-
odo (75 po	avatada na mi	r inside will	21 in breat	thin zone)	
<u> </u>	:				
		•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
efrigerate: Date	Time				
•	•	•••	•		
reld Tests:		•	•		
Temperatura (C*/*F) pH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	•	
Spec. Conduc (unhos	i/cm)		_		
cont Ch	0	wind from u	12 L A -	• •	
ather Cool, Clos	10 <u>40</u>	wend from u	2621 OC 0-2	men	-
		: .		1 .	. :
oments BECAUSE OF	RELOVERY RATE, W	THE SAMPLE OF	T IN LATTIC DATE	10/13/88	
				<i>)</i> .	
					-
		<u> </u>		•	_

to Nash Road	Site No		Date: 11 /7 /8%
	, Well	0W-11	-
plors: M. Anato	-a	of	
D. Brow		of	
Tial Static Water Level rom top of well protect	l		12/1
acuation:		Weil Yol	ume Calculation:
Ing: Submersible	Cantrifugal	2" Casing: f	t. of water x .16 = gats.
	Positive Displacement		t. of water x .36 =gals.
BalledX	T1 mes	- 	t. of water x .65 = gals.
	of protective well casing Gais. (> 3 Well	Dailed (try ~ 1.5 golla
mpiing:	Time <u>1630</u>	a.m.	
Baller Type: Stain	less_Steel		
Tetlor			
From 1 Other	Pos. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube		
Ornet			
		No. of Bottles	
.:		filled	t.D. No. Analyses
lp Blank	•••••		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	heric(circle one)		111 200
ound-water Sample	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• -1 (1/4/4	U() OW-11 BNH
ysical Appearance end O	for Juried bro	wn?	
			that aima Mach
	10016: 10	<u>al mas mu</u>	learging Very
	R	ower	, ,
etrigerate: Date/_/	_/ Time	/	
leid Tests:			
Temperature (C°/°F)	·		•
pH			
	/cs)		•
Spec. Conduc (wehos.			• • • •
spec. Conduc (whos,			
		,	

te Nash Road NYSDEC Site No. Well		Date: 2_//6/88
amplers: J. Kuhn L. Dobson	of <u>Engineer</u>	"3 - Science
nitial Static Water Level		
vacuation: sing: Submersible Centrifugal Airlift Positive Displacement Balled X Times	2" Casing:	ft. of water x .36 =galf
epth to intake from top of protective well casing 4	<u>, </u>	3vol = ~12gal.
olume of Water removed 5 Gals. (> 3 Well (dry) Time 1030	Yolumes)	
Baller Type: Stainless Steel Teflon From Pos. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube Other		
	No. of Bottles Fliled	1.D. No. Analyses
Trip Blank	7	Qw-12.19 See he how
Physical Appearance and Odor	silty noodo	G
Refrigerate: Date <u>2/14/44</u> Time LOBO		
Field Tests: Temperature (C*/*F) pH Spec. Conduc (umhos/cm) 7.4 8.53 593		
Weather		
commonts Doa, Bna, Rest/RB,	TOX, metals,	Dioxin
Finished sampling	on 2/18/88	
	··	

to <u>lash</u> Rd	NYSDEC Site No	bw-13	Date	o: <u>2/17/98</u>
mplers: J. Kuhi	n	of Figures	ering-Science	
itial Static Water Level. from top of well protecti	ve casing)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.82 st.ck up 3.10	;
ncuation: Ing: Submersible	Positive Displacement	2" Casing:	Volume Calculation: tt. of water x .10 ft. of water x .3	5 = .76 gals 6 =gals
pth to intake from top of	protective well casing 5	<u>, </u>	_ ft. of water x .6: 3 Vol. = 2	
mpling:	Time 1730	_	•	
Baller Type: Stainle Teflon From Po Other_	s. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube	X		
		No. of Bottles Filled	I.D. No.	Analyses
ip Blank		3 by, 	TRIP BLANK OW-13.19	VO4
ysical Appearance and Odo	bon(?)	murky -	obvious c	odor –
frigerate: Date <u>Z /H/</u> M	// Time 1700		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Tempereture (C°/°F) pH Spec. Conduc (umhos/c	3.1 7.26 1347			er er
pather $25^{\circ}\pm$	MSD sample	taken her	<u>e</u>	
Ana	lypin for dioxin	, TOX, me-ta	ls, Rest/Ro	, BNA, vol

ite Nash Rd NYSDEC SITE No	OW-14A	Da	ate: <u>2 //6/88</u>
amplers:			nce
J. Kuhn	of	14	
nitial Static Water Level	<u> </u>	15.45	
vacuation: sing: Submersible Centrifugal Airlift Positive Displacement Balled Times	2 Casing:	Yolume Calculationft. of water xft. of water xft. of water x	.16 =gals .36 =gals
epth to intake from top of protective well casing 40 plume of Water removed 5 Gais. (> 3 Well		3volumes=	ilgal.
(dry) Time 1030		•	
Baller Type: Stainless Steel Teflon From Pos. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube Other			
	No. of Bottles Fliled	I.D. No.	Analyses
(10 9 10 1)	3	TRIP	1.494
rip Blank	3	OW-12A.1	9 "
Ground-water Sample	7	OW-14A.	9 See below
Physical Appearance and Odor	ight brown	, no otr_	
Refrigerate: Date / / / Time		<u> </u>	
Temperature (C°/°F) 7.9 pH /2.77 Spec. Conduc (umhos/cm) 3.9			
deather	 		
- Voa, Bra, Pest/PCB, - Finished Sampling	TOX, meta 2/18/88	ls, Diòxin	

Nash Rd. NYSDEC SITE NO	OW-14B	Da	te: <u>2/[7/9</u> 9
Samplers: J. Kuhn L. Dobson	of Engir	vering-Sue	nce
Initial Static Water Level		3,23' Stick-up: 2,29'	
Evacuation: Using: Submersible Centrifugal Airlift Positive Displacement Balled Times	2" Casing: 6	I Yolume Calculation Oft. of water x. ft. of water x. ft. of water x.	: 16 = <u>97</u> gals 36 =gals 65 =gal
Depth to Intake from top of protactive well casing 7 Yolume of Water removed 3 Gais. (> 3 Well	Yo lumes)	3 vo 1= 2.4	il gal.
Sampling: Time 1330		·	
Baller Type: Stainless Steel Teflon From Pos. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube Other	X		
	No. of Bottles	t.D. No.	Analyses
Trip Blank		B W-14B (g See below
Physical Appearance and Odor light yello	<u>- no iza</u>	for murky	
Refrigerate: Date 2 /17/99/ Time 1800			
Fleid Tests: Temperature (C*/*F) pH Spec. Conduc (umhos/cm) 1.6 7.20 902			
Weather 25° Fr Cloudy			
Comments Voa, Semi-Voa, metals, per	of fact, TOX	, Dioxin	·
			·

to Nash Rd NYSDEC SITE	No	. Date: 2/18/88
Well	OW-15	
Samplers: J. Kuhn	of Enginee	nng-Science
Initial Static Water Level		0.79 hick up = 21
Using: Submersible Centrifugal Airlift Positive Displacement Balled Tim	Well Vo 2m Casing: <u>34,21</u> 3m Casing:	olume Calculation: ft. of water x .16 = 5.79 gais ft. of water x .36 = gais
Depth to Intake from top of protective well casing Volume of Water removed 12 Gals. (> Gals. (> Sampling: 1400	1 45 1 3 Well Volumes)) (approx) a.m.	3 vol = 17 /agal.
Bailer Type: Stainless Steel Tefion From Pos. Dis. Pump Discharge Other		
	No. of Bottles	I.D. No. Analyses
Trip Blank	··· = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	GW-15, 19 See below
Physical Appearance and Odor		
Refrigerate: Date _/ / _/ Time		
Fleid Tests: Temperature (C°/°F) pH Spec. Conduc (umhos/cm) 7.5 8.39 7/2		
Weather 30°F, Sunny		
comments TOX Dioxin, meta	uls, Rest/PCB,	Bra, valatiles

teNash Rd NYSDEC Site No	0W-16	Da1	te: <u>2/8/98</u>
Implers: L. Dobson J. Kuhn	of	aence	
litial Static Water Level		1.79' vp:30.5"	÷
Air lift Centrifugal Bailed X Times	Well Yo 2m Casing: 7.75 3m Casing: 4m Casing:	iume Calculation: ft. of water x . ft. of water x . ft. of water x .	16 = 1.24gals
apth to intake from top of protective well casing		3 vol =	3.72 gol=
ampling: Time		•	
Baller Type: Stainless Steel Tefion From Pos. Dis. Pump Discharge Tube Other	<u> </u>		
	No. of Bottles Filled	1.D. No.	Analyses
rip Blank	3	0W-16.	Seehola
hysical Appearance and Odor		dilu	BNET () (004A
Oily Sheen on ?	Burfare		
efrigerate: Date/_/ Time	_		
1eld Tests: Temperature (C°/°F) pH Spec. Conduc (umhos/cm) 5.7 m5 (570005)			
eather			
omments Analysis: TOX, dioxin, meta	ls, Post PCP	BNA.	on-tiles_

MEMORANDUM TO FILE



		JOB NO			
		FILE DESIGNATION			
	•	DATE	TIME		
	George Morea	,			
CALL FROM	Denny Mokeo	PHONE N	10		
CALL TO		PHONE N		- , -	
RENCE WITH		· .			
		,	. /		
ct	Nosh Rd C	Votes level 6	120/88		
Well #	WATER level	Elevation /	W. wel	Comment	
(Top of PUC un PR.T. (asing)	ReGiene	Clevation		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>			
OW-16	6.3 PVC	103.3	97.0		
ow.6.	17.3 S.STeel	103:5	86.2		
ow-15	11.4 PVC	100.8	89.4	Lockmi	
ow-12	11.5 PVC	101.1	89.6	Lockmi	
· ow-11	4.6 PVC	100.4	75.8	No lo	
0w-3	3.9 T.P.C	99.3	95.4		
DW-14A	11.3 PVC	(01.2	89,9	12.6-L-A	
ow.14B	4.2 PVC	100,6	96,4		
0W-1B	14.1 P.C.	100.3	86.2	lork no	
ow-1	5.3 P.C.	100 3	95.0	lock neg	
04-43			86.3	No 1	
ow-4	145 pt que	5.54x1 100.6	86.1	Prot. Cos va	
ow-5	- 15.1 P.C.	101.2	86.1	Prot. Cos.ng No 100	
	n bw.13.		•		
100 10015	1 2.5 (100 13 .				
	 				
		<u></u>	 		



MEMORANDUM TO FILE

	FILE DESIGNATION Nash Road					
PHONE CALL TO			,	_TIME		
CONFERENCE WITH						
SUBJECT Monitoring L	Jell Wat	er heve	js			
Well W	later level 7	(-	•		_	
# (To,	of PVC or	Prot. Carin	(c	Comments		
OW-3	14.4	PC		no lock, no	<u>د</u> ،۲	
OW-15	11-8	S. steel				
0 W-5	15.	PC		no lock, no	Cap	
ow-6	17. 7	S. Steel				
OW-11	4.5	PVC				
0 W - 14 A	11.7	PVC			_	
OW-16	8.7	PVC_				
* depth :	feet	-	_		_	
					<u> </u>	
				•	<u> </u>	
					_	
	SIGNI	ED Willing	Budfor	2		