Preliminary Assessment Vicinity of Pine Niagara Falls, New York

02-8710-85-PA REV. NO. 0

# PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT VICINITY OF PINE NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK

### PREPARED UNDER

### TECHNICAL DIRECTIVE DOCUMENT NO. 02-8710-85 CONTRACT NO. 68-01-7346

**FOR THE** 

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

**FEBRUARY 22, 1988** 

MAY 24 1988

NUS CORPORATION SUPERFUND DIVISION

MAZARDOUS SITE CONTROL DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REMEDIATION

SUBMITTED BY:

**REVIEWED/APPROVED BY:** 

ROBERT G. NIES
PROJECT MANAGER

FIT OFFICE MANAGER



# POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

02-8710-85-PA Rev. No. 0

Vicinity of Pine Site Name	NY980535 <b>EPA Site ID</b>	
Pine Avenue and Tuscarora Road  Niagara Falls, NY 14304  Address	02-8710-8 TDD Numbe	5
Date of Site Visit: _11/09/87 Off-Site R	Reconnaissance	
SITE DESCRIPTION		
The Vicinity of Pine Site, also known as the of Pine Avenue and Tuscarora Road and Niagara. It consists of an approximately north, Tuscarona Road on the west, and situated on the northern half of the site, auto sales business. During November 19 at the site and covered with 101 truckload	ne Charles Gibson Site, is lo lies partly in Niagara Falls 4-acre area bounded by Cay Pine Avenue on the south On the southern half is ar 957, 438 drums of hexachlo ds of hexachlorocyclohexan	cated near the intersection and partly in the town of yuga Creek on the east and n. A single family home is n abandoned motel and an probenzene were deposited the cake.
PRIORITY FOR FURTHER ACTION:	High Medium	No Further Action $\underline{X}$
RECOMMENDATIONS		
Olin Chemical has admitted to dumping the site and has recently entered into a sRI/FS has been conducted and the remed up is not anticipated until late 1988 or 19 Federal Superfund Program.	g hexachlorobenzene and stipulated agreement with ial plan is being finalized. 189, the site does not warra	hexachlorocyclohexane on the State of New York. An Although the actual clean- int further action under the
Prepared by: Robert G. Nies of NUS Corporation	Date	: 02/22/88

### EPA

## POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

I. IDENTIFICATION					
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER				
NY	980535462				

	PART 1 - SIT	E LOCA	TION AN	DINS	PECTION INFO	RMATION	NY UZ	98053 98053	
II. SITE NAME AND LOCAT	ION						.41	95033	3402
01 SITE NAME (Legal, commo	n, or descriptive name of s	site) 02	STREET, RC	UTE N	O., OR SPECIFIC LO	DCATION IDENT	TFIER		
Vicinity of Pine			Pine Avenue	and Tusc	arora Road				
03 CITY	<del></del>	<del>_</del>	04 STATE	05 ZII	PCODE	06 COUNTY	07 CC	YTAUC	08 CONG
							C	ODE	DIST
Niagara			NY		14304	Niagara		063	32
09 COORDINATES									
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE								,
43° 05′ 32″ N	<u>0 7 8° 5 7° 4 3°</u>	. <u>w</u>							
10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (St. Take Pine Avenue, which is als road.	-		he corner of Tu	iscarora R	oad, turn onto Tuscaro	ira Road. The site is	ocated at the corner	, on the riç	ght side of the
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES									
01 OWNER (if known)				02 S	TREET (Business, mail	ling, residential)			
Batrouny				11	505 Tuscarora Road				
	With the state of		04 STATE	05 ZIF	CODE	06 TELEPHON	E NUMBER	T-	
03 CITY		1	NY NY	1	4304	Unknown			
Niagara  07 OPERATOR (if known and d			141	08 57	REET (Business, maili	ing, residential)		<u> </u>	
Olin Corporation	irrerent from owner)				20 Long Ridge Road				
09 CITY			04 STATE	11 ZII	P CODE	12 TELEPHO	NE NUMBER		
Stamford			ст		06904	(203) 356-2	000		
13. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Check one)								
🔀 A. PRIVATE	☐ B. FEDERAL:	:			C. STATE	D. COUN	ITY 🔲	E. MUN	IICIPAL
	(A	Agency nam	e)						
F. OTHER:		·····	<del></del>		G. UNKNOW	N			
	(Specify)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
14 OWNER/OPERATOR NO									_
A. RCRA 3001 DATER			B. UNCONT	ROLLED	WASTE SITE (CERC	CLA 103c) DATE R			XC. NONE
	MONTH DAY					····	MUNTH	DAY YEAR	К
IV. CHARACTERIZATION ( 01. ON SITE INSPECTION	JE POTENTIAL HAZ	AKD	DV (Charles)	****					
	: 07/23/83	П	BY (Check all A. EPA	that appr	у) В. EPA CONTRAC	TOR C	STATE D.O	THERC	ONTRACTOR
	MONTH DAY YEAR		LOCAL HE	ALTH (		_	OTHER:		OTT MACTOR
□ NO						-		(Specify	<i>(</i> )
			CONTRACT	OR NA	ME(S):				:
02 SITE STATUS (Check one)				03	YEARS OF OPERA	TION			:
🗌 A. ACTIVE 🗵	B. INACTIVE	C. UNKI	NOWN			1957 /	1957		UNKNOWN
				<u> </u>	BEG	INNING YEAR	ENDING YEAR		
04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBST	FANCES POSSIBLY P	RESENT,	KNOWN, O	R ALLE	GED				
Olin Chemical has admitted to	dumping hexachloroben	zene and he	exachlorocycloi	nexane or	n the site.				
05 DESCRIPTION OF POTE	NTIAL HAZARD TO F	ENVIRON	IMENT AND	OR PO	PULATION				
Hexachlorobenzene and hexa	chlorocyclohexane are per	sticides that	t are both toxic	and pers	istent. The local enviro	nment and populati	on could be (See A	ttachmen	t A)
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMEN	T								
01 PRIORITY FOR INSPECT	1ON (Check one. if high	or medium	is checked, con	nplete Pa	rt 2 - Waste Informatio	n and Part 3 - Descri	otion of Hazardous C	onditions	and Incidents)
A. HIGH	B. MEDIL	UM			LOW		X D. NC	NE	
(Inspection required prompt)	y) (Inspection requ	uired)	(Inspect o	n time av	ailable basis) (No	o further action need	led, complete current	: dispositio	on form)
VI. INFORMATION AVAILA	BLE FROM								
01 CONTACT		02 OF (Ag	gency/Organiza	tion)			08 TELE	PHONE	NUMBER
Diana Messina		U.S. i	EPA, Region 2.	Edison, N	ew Jersey		(201	) 321-6776	5
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE	FOR SITE INSPECTIO	N FORM	05 AGENC	Y	06 ORGANIZATIO	ON 07 TELEPH	ONE NUMBER	08 0	ATE
Robert G. Nies			U.S. EP	2	NUS Corp., FIT 2	2 (201) 22	5-6160		02/23/88

### ATTACHMENT A

## POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND ASSESSMENT

### 05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMENT AND/OR POPULATION

affected through the air and direct contact routes.

**EPA** 

### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION					
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER				
NV	DOGOESEAES				

		1711	1 2 - VVA	SIC III	Ottivi		1014			NY	D980535462
II. WASTE STAT	ES, QUANTITIES, AND CH	ARACTERI	STICS								
01 PHYSICAL ST	TATES (Check all that apply)	02 WAS	TE QUAN	TITY AT S	ITE		03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check all that apply)				
⊠ A. SOLID	☐ E. SLURRY	i	asures of wa: t be indepen		es		⊠ A. TOX	KIC		E. SOLUBLE	. HIGHLY VOLATILE
	FINES  F. LIQUID						☐ B. COR	ROSIVE		F. INFECTIOUS	. EXPLOSIVE
C. SLUDGE	☐ G. GAS		TONS	109	90		C. RAI	DIOACTIV	E _	G. FLAMMABLE	K. REACTIVE
D.OTHER _			YARDS			_	☑ D. PERS	SISTENT		H. IGNITABLE	L.INCOMPATIBLE
	(SPECIFY)	NO. OF	DRUMS	16		-	<u> </u>				M. NOT APPLICABLE
III. WASTE TYPE	E										
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE NAME		01 GRC	OSS AMO	UNT	02	UNIT OF N	MEASUF	RE 0	3 COMMENTS	
SLU	SLUDGE							W 4		to the second of	
OLW	OILY WASTE										
SOL	SOLVENTS										
PSD	PESTICIDES		109	90			Tons		0	lin Chemical dumped	438 drums of
осс	OTHER ORGANIC CHEN	VICALS							h	exachlorobenzene ar	nd 101 truckloads of
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMICAL	_S							h	exachlorocyclohexan	e cake on the site.
ACD	ACIDS										
BAS	BASES										
MES	HEAVY METALS										
IV. HAZARDOUS	S SUBSTANCES (See Appendi	ix for most fre	equently cite	ad CAS Num	bers)						
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE NAME	03 CAS N	JUMBER	04 STO	RAGE/D	ISP	OSAL ME	THOD	05 C	ONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
PSD	Hexachlorobenzene	118-	-74-1	Lar	nd Burial					Unknown	
PSD	Hexachlorocyclohexane	608-	-73-1	Lar	nd Disposa	ai				Unknown	
						_					
								<del></del>			
		<u> </u>								······································	
		<u> </u>									
,		<u></u>									
V. FEEDSTOCKS	S (See Appendix for CAS Numbers	;)			Γ		— Т	*****			T
CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAM	ME 0	2 CAS NU	JMBER	CATI	EGC	ORY	01	FEED!	STOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS			~~·····		F	DS					
FDS					F	DS.					
FDS				1	F	DS.					
FDS			-		F	:DS					
VI. SOURCES OF	F INFORMATION (Cite specific	ic references,	e.g. state fil	es, sample a	analysis, re	ерог	ts)				
	ent, New York State Department of ciates, Chemical, Physical, and Biolo								NVIFORM	nental Protection Age	ncy, 1985.

U.S. Department of the interior, Geological Survey Topographic Map, 7.5 minute series, "Tonawanda West Quadrangle, NY", 1980.

### **EPA**

### POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

				•
١.	IDE	NT	FICATION	
				•

01 STATE | 02 SITE NUMBER

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOO	CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	NY 980535462
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS		
01 🔀 A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0	02 OBSERVED (DATE: ) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL ALLEGED
There is potential for groundwater contamination thr groundwater is not used as a source of drinking water wi	ough the migration of chemicals to the thin 3 miles.	e unconfined aquifer. However,
01 X B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	▼ POTENTIAL
There is potential for the contamination of Cayuga Cre migrate into the creek through surface water runoff. The fishing and swimming are posted along Cayuga Creek.	ek which borders the site on its north an here are no intakes for drinking water wi	thin 3 miles and advisories against
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Approx. 65,000		POTENTIAL X ALLEGED
A site inspection conducted by the Niagara County Helperberg and/or pesticides on site.	aith Department revealed a strong chem	ical odor reminiscent of chemical
01 D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE: ) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
There is no potential for fire or explosive conditions due to	the nature of the contaminants.	
01 X E. DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Approx. 13,000	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	X POTENTIAL ALLEGED
There is potential for direct contact. On the northern he through direct contact with contaminated soil or surface	ialf of the site is a single family dwelling. water.	These residents could be affected
01 🔀 F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Approx. 4	02 X OBSERVED (DATE: 11/57) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL ALLEGED
(Acres) Olin Corporation admitted to dumping 438 drums of hex November 1957.	achlorobenzene and 101 truckloads of he	xachlorocyclohexane cake on site in
01  G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL ALLEGED
There is no potential for the contamination of drinking within 3 miles and groundwater is not used as a drinking	water. The intakes for community water sy water source.	ystems on the Niagara River are not
01 X H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Unknown	02 OBSERVED (DATE:04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	) X POTENTIAL ALLEGED
A commercially active property lies on the southern h contaminated soil or surface water or through inhalation	nalf of the site. Workers could be affe n of potentially contaminated air.	cted through direct contact with
01 🗵 I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Approx. 65,000		) 🗵 POTENTIAL 🗌 ALLEGED
The local population could be affected through the inh or surface water.	alation of contaminated air or through di	rect contact with contaminated soil

# POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

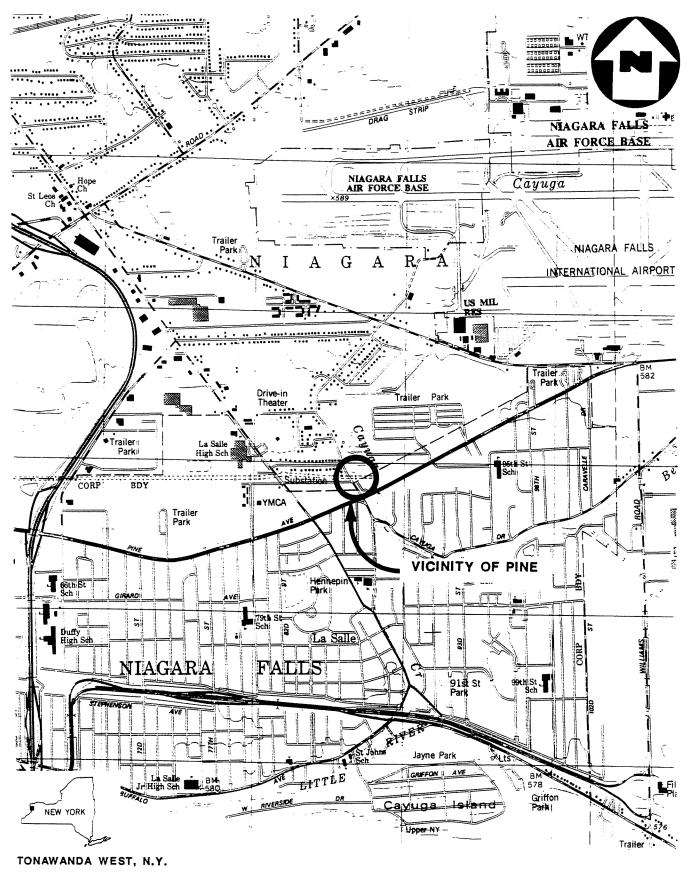
I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE

02 SITE NUMBER

		NY	980535462
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (CONTINUED)			
01 🔀 J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	_)	NTIAL X ALLEGED
Reportedly, residents have had difficulty in growing gracould also be affected.	iss and shrubs in different locations o	n site. Vegeta	ation along Cayuga Creek
01 X K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	) X POTE	NTIAL ALLEGED
There is potential for damage to fauna through the inge hexachlorocyclohexane is especially toxic to aquatic life.	estion of pesticide-contaminated soil o	or surface wate	er. The gamma isomer of
01 X L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	<b>X</b> POTE	NTIAL ALLEGED
There is potential for the contamination of the food chorganisms. The gamma isomer of hexachlorocyclohexane	iain through the ingestion of contam e is known to bioaccumulate in aquation	inated surface life.	e water, plants, or lower
01 X M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spills, Runoff, Standing liquids, Leaking drums)	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	_) <b>X</b> POTE	NTIAL ALLEGED
O3 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Aprox. 13.400  There is no known system of waste containment.	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
01 X N. DAMAGE TO OFF-SITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	→ × POTE	NTIAL ALLEGED
There is a potential for off-site damage through surface v	vater runoff.		
01 O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	VTPs 02 OBSERVED (DATE:	)	NTIAL ALLEGED
There are no storm drains in the area, therefore the poter	ntial for contamination does not exist.		
01 ☑ P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	_) X POTE	NTIAL ALLEGED
There is potential for illegal or unauthorized dumping. T	he site is not fenced and is easily acce	ssible.	
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR AI	LEGED HAZARDS		
No other known, potential, or alleged hazards.			
III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Approx	ox. 65,000		
IV. COMMENTS			
The CERCLA list gives the address as corner of Pine and address is Tuscarora Road and Pine Avenue.	Tuscarona Avenues. The off-site rec	onnaissance re	port indicates that the
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g. state files	, sample analysis, reports)		
New York State Department of Health, New York State General Sciences Corporation, Graphical Exposure Mod Telecon Note: Conversation between Mr. M. Hopkins, NYSDEC memorandum from V. Bryant to B. Guilford 02/11/81.	e Atlas of Community Water System So deling Systems (GEMS). Landover, Mar Niagara County Health Department, a (both of NYSDEC), Subject: Prelimin	urces, 1982. yland, 1986. Ind P. Doherty, Iary Assessmen	NUS Corp., 01/05/88. It of Charles Gibson site,

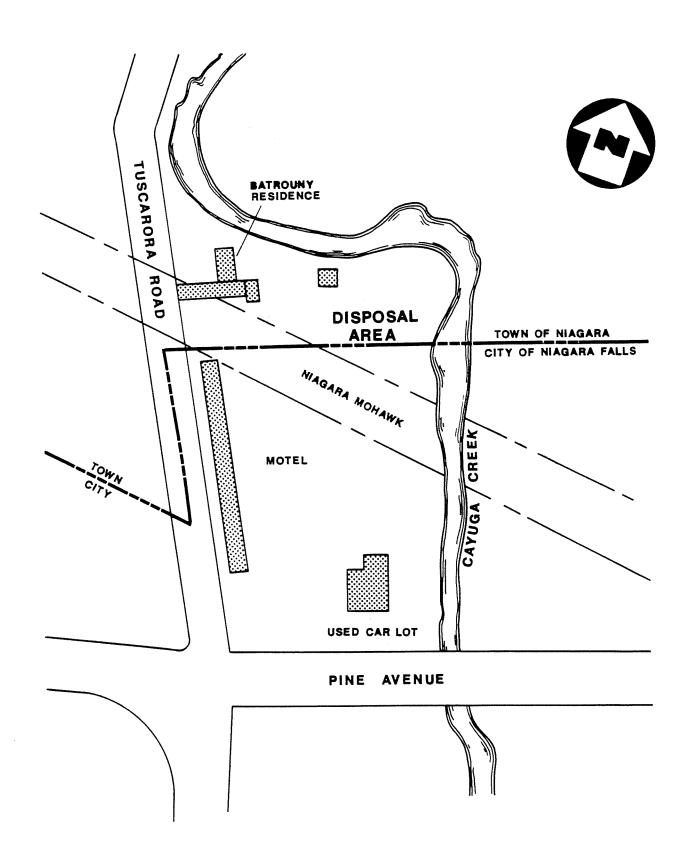
# APPENDIX A MAPS AND PHOTOGRAPHS



SITE LOCATION MAP VICINITY OF PINE, NIAGARA, N.Y.

SCALE:1"= 2000"





SITE MAP
VICINITY OF PINE, NIAGARA, N.Y.

(NOT TO SCALE)



PHOTOGRAPH LOG

VICINITY OF PINE NIAGARA, NEW YORK

OFF-SITE RECONNAISSANCE: NOVEMBER 9, 1987

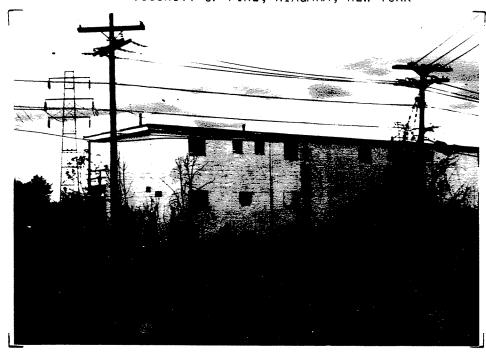
## VICINITY OF PINE NIAGARA, NEW YORK

### PHOTOGRAPH INDEX

Photo Number	<u>Description</u>	Time
1P-1	View from Homestead Avenue looking southeast at the site.	1435
1P-2	View from Tuscarora Road looking east at the site .	1441
1P-3	View from Tuscarora Road looking northeast at the site.	1446
	All photographs were taken by D. Restivo.	



VICINITY OF PINE, NIAGARA, NEW YORK



1P-1 November 9, 1987 1435 View from Homestead Avenue looking southeast at the site.



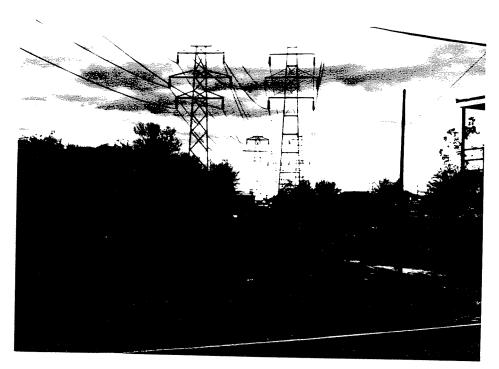
November 9, 1987 1441 View from Tuscarora Road looking east at the site.

1P-2



02-8710-85 Rev. No. 0

VICINITY OF PINE, NIAGARA, NEW YORK



1P-3 November 9, 1987 1446 View from Tuscarora Road looking northeast at the site.

# APPENDIX B BACKGROUND INFORMATION

600 Delaware Avenue Suffalo, New York 14202

November 6, 1981

RECEIVED

Myron B. Sokolowski, Esq. Counsel-Chemicals Group Olin Corporation 120 Long Ridge Road Stamford, Connecticut 06904

NOV 1 3 1981

BUREAU OF HAZARDOUS SITE CONTROL DIVISION OF SOLID WASTE

Dear Nr. Sokolowski:

I am enclosing herewith the original and one photocopy of a proposed Order on Consent for Olin Corporation relative to the "Gibson Site," located at Pine Avenue and Tuscarora Road in Miagara County. The enclosure reflects the understanding reached between Olin and the Department of Environmental Conservation during discussions held in September and summarized in Ronald Tramontano's and my letters to you of last month.

After you have reviewed this document, I would appreciate your calling me with any comments that you may have on it. Since, in accordance with your request at our September 21st meeting, the draft Order specifies November 16, 1981 as the date for Olin's submission of the proposed work plan for the first phase of the site field investigation, I expect to hear from you early next week.

Very truly yours,

Barbara B. Guibord Assistant Counsel

Encls.

Mailed by PUROLATOR COURIER

cc: John Greenthal, Esq.
Kevin Walter, P.E.
Vance Bryant
Edwin Perkins
Ronald Tramontano, P.E.

bcc:

M. Peter Lanahan
Richard A. Persico
Irwin King
Eldred Rich
John Spagnoli
Norman Nosenchuck
Charles Goddard
Ron Miller

File Charles Gibson . To Co



Department of Environmental Conservation • Albany, N. Y. 12233

EVES :

FOR RELEASE: IMMEDIATE, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1981

ROBERT F. FLACKE, Commissioner

Olin Chemical Company has agreed to immediately begin developing a sampling program at a four-acre site in Niagara County once used by the company for disposal of hazardous wastes, Commissioner of Environmental Conservation Robert F. Flacke announced today.

In late 1957, the Commissioner said, Olin Chemical Company dumped 438 drums of hexachlorobenzene and covered them with 101 truckloads of BHC cake - isomers of hexachlorocyclohexane.

"This program is to determine to what extent these chemicals and others .

believed to have been disposed of at this site may present possible environmental or health concerns," Commissioner Flacke said.

"After extensive conversations with Olin Chemical, the company has agreed to expeditiously develop and implement a sampling program and site study," Commissioner Flacke declared.

"I welcome this commitment by Olin as a first step leading to cleanup of the site," Commissioner Flacke said. "Olin has assured DEC that it will assume responsibility for cleanup of any environmental hazards at the site attributable to its past practices."

In developing the site study, Olin will be working with DEC's Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Compliance Team.

The four-acre site lies partly in the City of Niagara Falls and partly in the Town of Niagara. It is bounded by Cayuga Creek on the east and north, Tuscarora Road on the west and Pine Avenue on the south.

### CHARLES GIBSON SITE Niagara Falls (T) Niagara County

Description and History September 2, 1981

### 1. Discovery:

The site was identified by the Interagency Task Force and included in the June 1980 Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Inventory where it was classified B ((Detailed chemical analysis and/or hydrogeological survey is needed . . .). The site was assigned to the Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Compliance Team in early 1981 and after detailed investigation and meetings with the company it was determined that they would not agree to voluntary investigation and remediation. Subsequently, the adjacent creek water and sediment was sampled on July 23, 1981 to develop evidence for hearing or litigation.

### 2. Who Dumped What, When:

Olin Chemical admitted to dumping 403 drums of hexachlorobenzene covered with 101 truckloads of BHC cake (alpha and beta isomers of hexachlorocyclohexane) over a short period of time in late 1957. It is suspected that additional quantity and/or types of waste may be present from Olin's manufacture of gamma-hexachlorocyclohexane (lindane) and 2,4,5-Trichlorphenoxy acetic acid.

#### 3. Site Description:

The site consists of an area of approximately one acre bounded by Cayuga Creek on the east and north, Tuscarora Road on the west, and Pine Avenue on the south. On the northern half of the site is a single family home, the Batrouny residence. On the southern half of the site is a motel being used as an apartment house and a former restaurant being used as a used car lot/auto repair business. The southern half of the property also contains several junk automobiles. The area of suspected dumping includes the northeast portion of the site, along the Cayuga Creek, and the center of the site behind the motel/apartment.

	SITE SKETCH	CHARLES GIBSON SITE NIAGARA COUNTY	FRUPARED &	7/23/31
	z<-	CREEK		NOT TO SCALE
- *주를	- 8 w8		MOHAWK'	
42 347 100 SHIFFIS 3 500 AND		\ \ \ \ \	72	
M. Marianes	WANT TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	. /	NIAGARA	·
		3	1/2	*
·	CAYUGA	Transport of the state of the s	12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	V V	To the state of th	212 315 2167	P
		Wind of the state	PY	PINE AVE
··· ·	7150	RORA RUAD		TAMEN CITY

### NUS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

TELECON NOTE

CONTROL NO:	DATE:	TIME:
72-8710-85	November 25,1987.	835
DISTRIBUTION:		
Vicinity of	June NY	(BT PA
BETWEEN:	OF:	PHONE:
Duy Baborsky	albany-NYSDE	C (518) 457-4343.
DISCUSSION:	O	(NUS)
DISCUSSION:		
attorne Denual	Oliver Liles	Aut against
Olin. Odlin A	us entered into	Styneation
a Million at 1 1 1 1 Hi	it it state	/ 0
	1,100	
a RIFS La	s been conducte he desegn of t	a. Currently
deciding to t	he deseron of t	he hemidiately
		1 Janeary
Mr Babasci a	loes not anlice	pate any
clean up un	til 1988-89.	) ()
all work he	s been done	by Olin.
		0
ACTION ITEMS:		
ACTION TIEMS.		
**		



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

#### MEMORANDUM

Barbara Guibord

SUBJECT: Charles Gibson Site - Preliminary Assessment ECEIVITO

DATE: February 11, 1981

FEB 13 1901

File, Chier Ochin Se

The following assessment is based upon the site inspection of January 22, 1981 and a review of availablews 11 bedrock and groundwater information. It is intended as a summary of general conditions in the subject area and as a potential starting point for a more detailed site investigation at such time as it is deemed appropriate. Further information may be available from the Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. and Texas Brine Corp. relative to excavations performed during installation and/or maintenance of their respective transmission lines through the site.

### General

It was evident from the site inspection, review of tax maps and deeds and information supplied by Olin Chemical Corp. that the exact location of materials disposed of at the site by Olin has not been ascertained. It is imperative that, if at all possible, such information be obtained from present or former employees directly associated with such disposal, or from the previous owners of the site. Without such information, a "destructive" type investigation (borings, test pits, etc.) poses a potential threat to those persons conducting such investigation. If such information is not obtained, a preliminary non-destructive investigation by the seismic method may be warranted. Such method would provide an indication of sub-surface materials, delineate the bedrock surface and indicate possible low points and/or channels in and by which potentially contaminated water could collect and/or be conveyed from the site.

### Surface Conditions

The surface elevations in the general area of the subject site are approximately 570 to 572 feet above mean sea level. Cayuga Creek, which borders the site on the north and east, is about 5 to 7 feet lower in elevation at its surface, and is of unknown depth (to the writer).

The general site area has been repeatedly modified by various surface activities since the time of deposition of the chemicals in question. Such activities may have included excavations relative to the power transmission line and brine pipeline which traverse the site in an east-west direction. Fill activities have certainly taken place in the general area, as evidenced by the air photo supplied by Ron Tramontano of the Health Department and the piles of construction debris evident even through the snow cover. A more detailed and productive site inspection should be carried out in the spring when the snow cover is no longer present. In the interim, it is recommended

that a marker stake of some type be placed in Cayuga Creek or on the stream bank adjacent to the points where two natural circular breaks in the ice cover were noted, one prominent and one subtle (Glen Bailey is familiar with these features). It is possible that these locations are points of discharge of water from the subject site and therefore points at which to sample in the future. Any other similar occurrences which are noted in subsequent inspections by Compliance Team or other regional personnel should also be marked. In particular the east-west stretch of the creek north of the Batrouny property and also south to Pine Avenue should be examined in the near future for similar occurrences.

### Geologic Conditions

The subject site is located within the basin of former glacial Lake Tonawanda. The soil is mapped as the Canandaigua Series in the Soil Survey of Niagara County, published in October of 1972 by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. This series consists of silty clay and silt loam (0 to 3 feet) over stratified loamy fine sand, silt and clay. The general depth to bedrock is greater than six feet and the depth to the seasonal high water table is 0 to 1/2 foot.

The water table beneath the site may be somewhat irregular due to the excavation and grading which has occurred at the site and the resultant variability in the natural soil, disturbed soil, and fill materials in place at the site. However, said water table is certainly directly related to the water level in Cayuga Creek, the most likely point of discharge for the zone of shallow groundwater located beneath the site. The groundwater in this shallow zone will migrate through the horizontal fine sand layers in the stratified lake deposits and, depending on the proximity of the bedrock surface, also through fractures in the upper layers of the bedrock toward the creek.

Bedrock underlying the site is most likely the upper layers of the Lockport Formation, of Silurian Age. This formation is brownish-gray to gray, medium grained, medium to thick bedded carbonate rock (dolostone - Ca,Mg (CO3)2). Commonly, the upper bedrock zone (top 10-15 feet) is fractured and jointed and readily transmits ground-water. This formation is also susceptible to solution by even mildly acidic waters, i.e. rainwater or surface waters containing SO2, NO2 or CO2. Therefore, the openings are subject to widening by the ground-water moving through the fractured zone.

Specific details relative to geologic and hydrogeologic conditions can only be determined by progressing soil borings and by the installation of various monitoring devices such as lysimeters and piezometers. Likewise, samples for qualitative analyses can be obtained from such devices, as well as from shallow monitoring wells and from both water

and soil samples obtained directly from Cayuga Creek. A detailed site investigation plan can be developed after the information relative to the actual disposal area is obtained and a site inspection is conducted this spring.

cc: John Greenthal
Kevin Walter/Ed Perkins
Charles Goddard/Dave Knowles
Ron Tramontano

VB/ma



### Now York State Department of Environmental Conservation

### DEDORANDUM

TO: Barbara Guibord FROM: Vance Bryant VIS

SUBJECT: Charles Gibson Site, Niagara County - Site Inspection and

Preliminary Exploration

DATE: July 28, 1981

On July 23, 1981, ECO Douglas Layman of your office and the writer conducted a site inspection and preliminary investigation of subsurface conditions at selected points on the subject site. The nature of the inspection and investigation consisted of visual observations and exploratory holes progressed with a hand auger and post hole digger.

The site, i.e., that portion comprising the backyard of property presently owned by the Batrounys (formerly owned by William Charles Gibson and/or his wife), was initially observed for general conditions and layout. The area selected for exploration consisted of that portion of the yard to the east of the vegetable garden and beyond (south and east) of the horseshoe pits. Said location being on the inside of a bend in Cayuga Creek (see attached site sketch).

Upon arrival at the site we had noted that two (2) shovelfulls of earth had been turned over near the back (east) end of the property, approximately 15 to 20 feet from the creek bank. Both a black and white substance were observed in the earth, within several inches of the ground surface. The substances exhibited a strong chemical odor reminiscent of chemical herbicides and/or pesticides. With favorable wind conditions the odors were pervasive and could be detected off site. Mr. Batrouny reported that he had noticed the smell at other times but that he had attributed the odor to the creek. He also indicated that he had attempted to plant shrubs in the material three times, all unsuccessfully. He also mentioned difficulty in growing grass at several locations on the property.

Officer Layman and the writer progressed three holes from the location of the disturbed ground toward the creek bank as follows:

1. The first hole (hole #1) was located at the same location as the disturbed ground. This hole penetrated approximately two (2) inches of soil, six (6) inches of a black granular substance, and twenty eight (28) inches of a white powdery substance. The total depth of the hole was three (3) feet.

- 2. The second hole (hole #2) was progressed one-half way toward the creek bank from the first hole. This hole encountered one (1) foot of soil and then the white substance. None of the black substance was present in this hole. The total depth of the hole was approximately fifteen (15) inches.
- 3. The third hole (hole #3) was progressed at the upper edge of the stream bank in line with the first two holes. This hole encountered one and one-half (1 1/2) feet of soil and then the white substance. Again, none of the black substance was encountered.

A fourth hole (hole #4) was progressed down the bank of the creek at a point off line from the first three holes. This location was selected because of accessibility, i.e., the original choice of locations was covered with fill material consisting of large chunks of concrete and other material. This hole was progressed with difficulty to a depth of approximately one and one half (1 1/2) feet. The hole encountered mixed fill and soil materials with minor traces of possible chemical contaminants. No significant amounts or layers of either the black or white substance were noted at this location.

In addition to the four (4) holes already described, we attempted four (4) other holes as follows:

- 1. A shallow hole (hole #5) in a spot devoid of grass (see sketch). The white powder was encountered one (1) inch below the surface.
- 2. Two holes (holes #6 and #7) in areas devoid of grass and at the reported location of buried drums (see sketch). This area was extremely stoney and the holes could only penetrate one (1) foot. Traces of chemicals were noted and at the bottom of one hole a black asphaltic-like material was encountered.
- 3. A hole (hole #8) was progressed near the southern edge of the property in another area devoid of grass. This hole was progressed to a depth of approximately one (1) foot. In the bottom several inches of the hole we encountered a medium gray colored solidified substance similar to clay, but definitely not a natural soil material.

Barbara Guibord Page 3 July 28, 1981

Samples of the various substances were taken from the holes, which were then filled in, in a sequence opposite to that in which they were progressed. The latter action was taken to minimize the amount of chemical material left on the ground surface.

cc: John Greenthal
Kevin Walter/Ed Perkins
Doug Layman
Ron Tramontano
Charles Goddard/Robert McCarty

VB/vs



RAIC PHI

File: Char orton Site reg

### New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

### MEMORANDUM

TO: FROM: SUBJECT:

Barbara Guibord Vance Bryant VB

Chas. Gibson Site, Basic Field Investigation

DATE:

June 23, 1981

In view of the reluctance of Olings to date, to perform field investigations at the subject site and our need for further evidence as to the location and past and present behavior of the deposited wastes, the following alternatives for the scope of a basic field investigation are submitted for your consideration.

The sampling point locations discussed in the alternatives were determined from the tax map and from the reported location of the buried wastes on land presently owned by the Batrouneys. the burial location extends to that property owned by Niagara Mohawk, south of the Batrouny property, the area covered by the field investigation may have to be expanded.

### Alternative l

1. Progress a boring or excavation to confirm the reported location of the buried wastes. This action could also be utilized to obtain samples of the material encountered for testing purposes. Precautions should be taken to protect the individuals performing this work and so as not to release any of the waste or existing contaminants into the environment.

If the wastes are located and determined to be hazardous, proceed with the following phases of the field investigation.

- 2. Obtain water samples from selected points and depths upstream, at various points "on-site", i.e., in the stream where it borders the Batrouny property, and downstream of the site.
- 3. Obtain sediment samples from selected points and depths along the stream at points upstream, on-site at various points along the stream bank, and downstream of the site.
- 4. Obtain air samples at points immediately over and in the vicinity of the reported disposal location.
- 5. Obtain vegetation samples at points immediately over and in the vicinity of the reported disposal location.
- 6. Conduct a benthic organism survey of the stream, including a chemical analysis of the benthic flora and fauna, to determine any toxic effects attributable to the site.

Barbara Guibord Page 2 June 23, 1981

- 7. Depending upon the size of the area to be investigated, a boring should be progressed at the four corners and/or mid points of the sides of the disposal area, as estimated from information obtained previously. The boring should serve multiple purposes including:
  - a. Determining the nature of the fill material;
  - b. Determining the depth of fill;
  - c. Obtaining samples of the natural soil beneath the fill for identification and for determinations of level of contamination, permeability, etc.;
  - d. Determining the elevation of the water table;
  - e. Acting as a monitoring well/piezometer;
  - f. Acting as a sampling point for water quality determinations: and
  - g. Determining a soil profile beneath the site and depth to bedrock.

#### Alternative 2

- 1. Obtain water and/or sediment samples as in Alternative 1.
  - 2. Obtain air and vegetation suples as in Alternative 2.
  - 3. Conduct a benthic organism survey as in Alternative 1.
- 4. If such samples indicate problems directly associated with the site, reapproach Olin with the evidence and solicit their cooperation.
- 5. If Olin is cooperative, require them (through a Consent Order) to develop a more extensive investigation program for the Department's approval.
- 6. If Olin remains uncooperative, evaluate the strength of the evidence and decide if we can proceed to litigation. If not, expand our investigation program as in Alternative 1 (steps 1 and 7).

cc: John Greenthal
Kevin Walter/Ed Perkins
Charles Goddard/Bob McCarty
VB/vs

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New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

### MEMORANDUM

#932063

TO: FROM: SUBJECT: Paul R. Counterman, Chief, Technology Section, Bureau of Hazardous Waste John E. Iannotti, Sanitary Engineer, Technology Section, Bureau of Hazardous Waste Charles Gibson Site

Charles Gibson Site

Niagara County

DATE:

November 1, 1979

This site was once used by the Olin Corporation and Information supplied to the Interagency Task Force on Hazardous Wastes indicated that during November 1957, 403 drums of hexachlorobenzene was deposited at this site and covered over with 101 truck loads of BHC cake.

On August 21, 1979, Mr. John Tygert and Ms. Patience Dowd conducted an inspection of the Charles Gibson Site at 8700 Pine Avenue (Intersection of Pine Avenue & Tuscarora Road) in the City of Niagara Falls. Another inspection was made by Mr. Peter Millock, Mr. John Iannotti, Mr. John Tygert and Ms. Patience Dowd on October 12, 1979. The following observations were made:

8700 Fine Avenue consists of a building parallel to Tuscarora Rold. Apparently, it was originally utilized as a motel and is now used for transient housing of longer duration. The building extends approximately 700 feet north of Pine Avenue. Immediately east of the above referenced building is an open area for approximately 500 feet and a building currently utilized as a used automobile sales and used parts facility is located.

In an area approximately 400 feet north of Pine Avenue and about 700 feet east of Tuscarora Road, the collection of the surface soil changed and was lighter in color than the soil in the other areas immediately surrounding. Vegetation in this area, approximately ½ acre in size, was extremely sparse. Approximately 200 feet east of the area, Cayuga Greek flows in a southerly direction.

A major potential problem with this site is migration of chemicals away from the site and into Cayuga Creek. Any contaminants in the Creek could show-up in samples of Cayuga Creek taken near the Love Canal.

Frank find out correct?

Eril?

Page 2 Mr. Counterman

Soil samples in the projected affected area could be collected as well as samples of Cayuga Creek upstream and downstream of the alleged disposal area to determine actual effects on surface water quality in the area. In addition, since Olin has stated to the Task Force that a substantial number of barrels were buried in the area, soil borings and/or excavations with heavy equipment could verify the presence of drummed material.

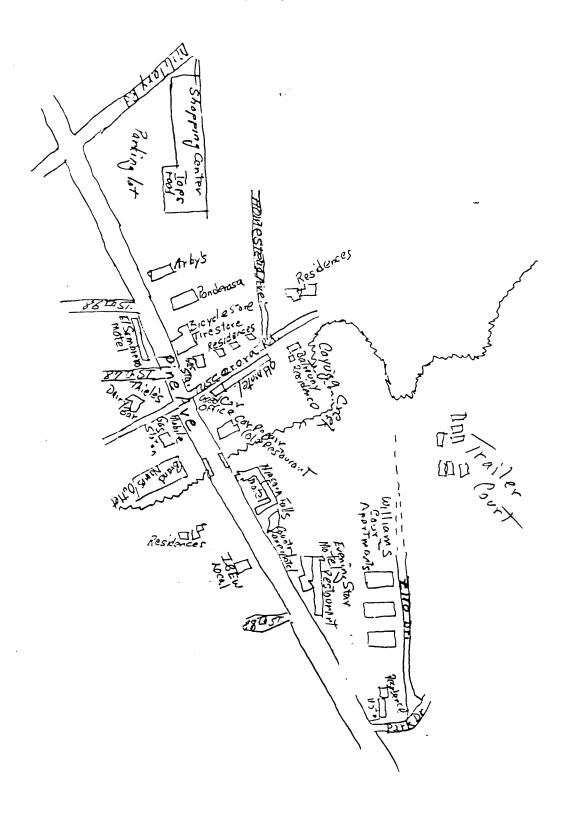
A map of Niagara Falls showing the location of the Gibson Site is attached.

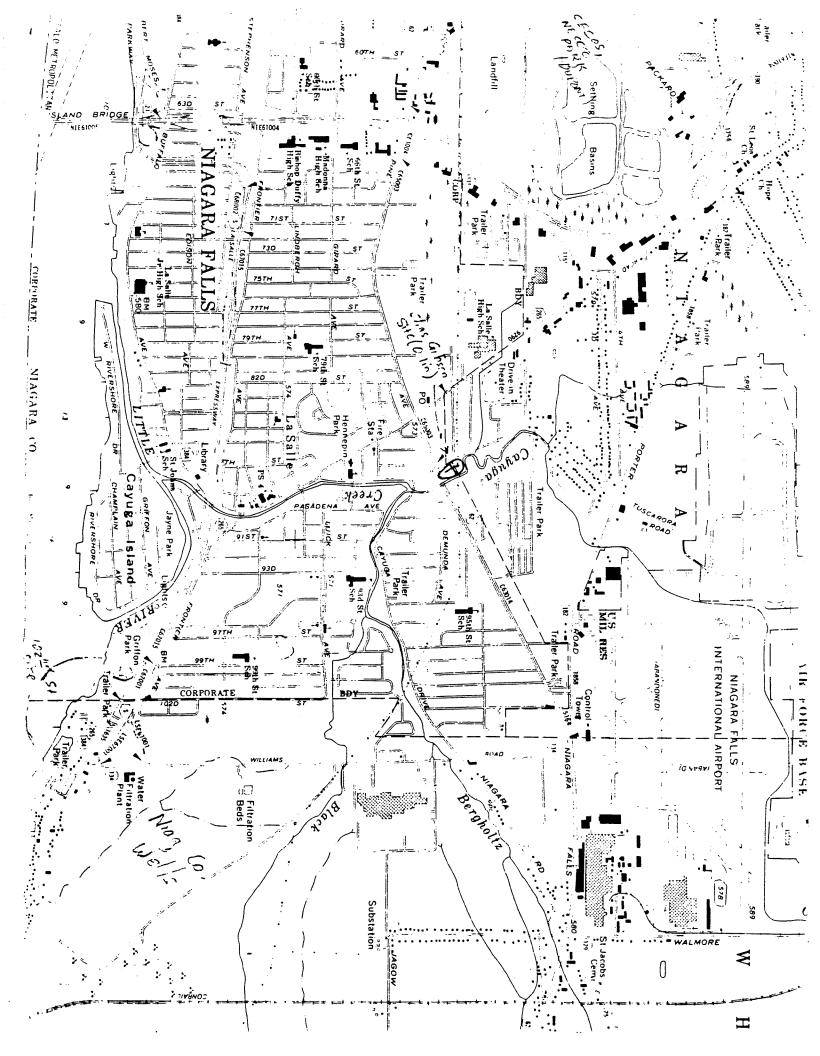
Attachment

:gd

UNITED STATES CHARLES GIBION SITE RIMENT OF THE INTERIOR 8700 Pine Aucune GEOLOGICAL SURVEY







In the Matter of the Development and Implementation of a Field Investigation and Remedial Program for an Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Site, Under Article 27, Title 13, of the Environmental Conservation Law of the State of New York (the "ECL") by

ORDER ON CONSENT

Index #927T1106

Olin Corporation,

Respondent

---X

#### WHEREAS:

- 1. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (the "Department") is responsible for the enforcement of Article 27, Title 13, of the ECL entitled "Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites".
- 2. Pursuant to Article 27, Title 13, of the ECL, whenever the Commissioner of Environmental Conservation (the "Commissioner") "finds that hazardous wastes at an inactive hazardous waste disposal site constitute a significant threat to the environment, he may order . . . any person responsible for the disposal of hazardous wastes at such site (a) to develop an inactive hazardous waste disposal site remedial program, subject to the approval of the department, at such site, and (b) to implement such program within reasonable time limits specified in the order."
- 3. Olin Corporation (the "Respondent") is, among other things, a manufacturer of organic and inorganic chemicals, and such corporation has been doing business in the County of Niagara, State of New York, from about 1897 to the present.

- 4. In or about November, 1957, Respondent deposited, or caused to be deposited, among other things, 438 drums of hexachloro benzene and 101 truckloads of hexachlorocyclohexanes on land described in Respondent's records as the "Gibson Property".
- 5. The "Gibson Property" consists of approximately four acres of land in the County of Niagara, which property is bordered on the south by Pine Avenue, on the west by Tuscarora Road, and on the north and east by Cayuga Creek (the "Site"). A graphic description of the Site is provided in a map, which is attached hereto as Appendix "A" and hereby made a part hereof.
- 6. Hexachlorobenzene and the gamma isomer of hexachloro-cyclohexane are hazardous wastes, as that term is defined in Article 27, Title 13, of the ECL.
- 7. The Site has not been used for the disposal of hazardous waste by Respondent since about 1957.
- 8. The Site constitutes an inactive hazardous waste disposal site, as that term is defined in Article 27, Title 13, of the ECL.
- 9. Respondent and the Department acknowledge that the purposes of this Order shall be:
- (a) To develop and implement a field investigation program, which program shall be conducted in two phases:
- (1) The first phase of the field investigation program shall have the purposes of:

- · (i) Gathering data which will assist the

  State of New York in determining whether the Site poses a condition dangerous to the life and health of persons living and/or working at or in the vicinity of the Site; and
- (ii) Determining the concentration of hazardous wastes and hazardous constituents, and toxic degradation products thereof, present at the Site, in order to establish a list of analytical parameters for the second phase of the field investigation program.
- (2) The second phase of the field investigation program shall have the purposes of:
- (i) Determining the areal extent and vertical distribution of hazardous wastes and hazardous constituents and toxic degradation products thereof, present at the Site;
- (ii) Determining the existence and extent of migration of hazardous wastes and hazardous constituents, and toxic degradation products thereof, and contamination caused thereby, both on and off the Site; and
- (iii) Determining the nature and extent of
  any present or potential impact on the environment of the hazardous
  wastes and hazardous constituents, and toxic degradation products
  thereof, at the Site; and
- (b) To develop and implement, if so indicated by the results of the field investigation program, an inactive hazardous waste disposal site remedial program for any areas at and in the vicinity of the Site which have been contaminated or which may become contaminated as a result of the disposal of hazardous

wastes at the Site.

10. Respondent, in a spirit of cooperation and as a concerned and responsible corporate citizen of the State of New York, voluntarily consents to the issuing and entering of this Order, waives its right to a hearing herein, and agrees to be bound by the provisions, terms and conditions of this Order.

NOW, THEREFORE, having considered this matter and being duly advised, it is ORDERED that:

- I. In order to fulfill the purposes of this Order,
  Respondent shall undertake a two-phase field investigation of the
  Site (the "Field Investigation").
- II. The first phase of the Field Investigation shall include, but shall not necessarily be limited to, the following:
- (a) The placement of twenty-four-hour air sampling stations at the center and around the perimeter of the Site and the analysis of air samples obtained therefrom prior to any site disturbance for the parameters hexachlorobenzene, hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha, beta, gamma and delta isomers), and total chlorinated organics;
- (including vapors and particulates), and water samples from basement sumps, from the buildings on the Site, including the house, motel, and used car lot office, all of which samples are to be obtained prior to any site disturbance and are to be analyzed for hexachlorobenzene and hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha, beta, gamma and delta isomers), except for the water samples from

basement sumps, which are to be analyzed for the parameters set forth in subdivision (iii) of subparagraph (d) of this Paragraph;

- (c) Air sampling outside a minimum of six control houses located in the Niagara Falls area which are not at or in the vicinity of the Site, and indoor wipe samples, dust samples, air samples (including vapors and particulates), and water samples from basement sumps from the same houses, all of which samples are to be analyzed for hexachlorobenzene and hexachlorocyclo-hexane (alpha, beta, gamma and delta isomers), except for the water samples from basement sumps, which are to be analyzed for the parameters set forth in subdivision (iii) of subparagraph (d) of this Paragraph; and
- (d) An investigation to determine the concentration of the hazardous constituents and toxic degradation products of hazardous wastes present at the Site, by means of the analysis of soil/waste and ground water samples which are to be taken from borings progressed and monitoring wells installed at selected locations on the Site and identified on a grid system established on a plot plan of the Site, which plot plan shall be attached hereto as Appendix "B" and thereby made a part hereof. Samples for analysis shall be obtained and analyzed as follows:
- (i) Each soil/waste sample shall be taken from borings progressed on the Site, which borings shall penetrate the ground to a depth of eight feet. Each sample shall consist of a composite of materials obtained from within each boring. Precautions shall be taken to prevent cross-contamination between

borings;

- (ii) Ground water samples shall be taken from monitoring wells installed at locations within and at the perimeter of the Site;
- (iii) Soil/waste samples and ground water samples shall be analyzed for parameters including the priority pollutants as contained in the listing of "Toxic Pollutants" promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and listed in 40 CFR 401.15, and for 1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene, 1,2,4,5-tetrachlorobenzene, pentachlorobenzene, pentachloronitrobenzene, and 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid; and
- (iv) Ambient air sampling shall be performed on the Site during the progression of the soil borings, the installation of the monitoring wells and the collection of soil/waste samples. Such air samples shall be analyzed for the parameters hexachlorobenzene, hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha, beta, gamma and delta isomers), and total chlorinated organics.
- III. The second phase of the Field Investigation shall include, but shall not necessarily be limited to, the following:
- (a) An investigation of the areal extent and vertical distribution of hazardous wastes and hazardous constituents, and toxic degradation products thereof, at the Site. Such investigation shall result in the preparation of a map showing the location and concentration of such wastes, constituents and degradation products. Soil borings shall be progressed at regular intervals, and shall be identified on the grid system referred to in subparagraph (d) of Paragraph II hereof. A visual examination and chemical analysis shall be performed on all samples obtained from the borings;

- An investigation into the existence and extent of migration of hazardous wastes and hazardous constituents, and toxic degradation products thereof, and contamination caused thereby, both on and off the Site. This investigation shall include, at a minimum, periodic sampling and analysis for the duration of at least one year of: ground water from the monitoring wells Respondent will have installed during the first phase of the Field Investigation at locations within and at the perimeter of the Site; surface water from Cayuga Creek between the point of confluence of Cayuga Creek and Tuscarora Creek and the point of confluence of Bergholtz Creek and Cayuga Creek; and ambient air at and in the vicinity of the Site, including during periods of site disturbance. Additionally, this investigation shall include the sampling and analysis of sediment from that portion of Cayuga Creek where Respondent is to sample surface water. The precise sediment sampling locations shall be selected on the basis of a sediment depth map to be prepared by Respondent. The results of Respondent's investigation as set forth in this subparagraph shall be reported to the Department quarterly during the period of the investigation. Based on the results of the first quarterly report, Respondent shall assess the need for additional ground water monitoring wells, additional soil borings, and/or additional surface water, sediment and air sampling stations, which assessment shall be subject to the written approval of the Department; and
- (c) An investigation into any present or potential impact on the environment of the hazardous wastes and hazardous constituents, and toxic degradation products thereof, at the Site.

- IV. By no later than November 16, 1981, Respondent shall submit to the Department a written proposed work plan for the first phase of the Field Investigation, detailing the actions Respondent proposes to undertake to fulfill the requirements of Paragraph II hereof (the "First Proposal"). In addition, the First Proposal shall provide, among other things, a description of the actions Respondent proposes to undertake, during the first phase of the Field Investigation, to prevent unauthorized access to the Site and to insure the safety of persons in the vicinity of the Site and details of the procedures and protocols that Respondent proposes to use for installation of the monitoring wells; the drilling of soil borings; air, indoor, soil/waste and ground water sample collection; sample preservation; sample transportation; chain of custody methods; and analytical methods.
- V. The Department, in conjunction with the New York State
  Department of Health, shall have the right of approval and
  disapproval of the First Proposal.
- VI. Within thirty days after receipt of the First Proposal, the Department shall issue its approval or disapproval. If the Department finds that the First Proposal fails to meet, or is inconsistent with, the requirements of the Department, the Department shall disapprove the First Proposal. In such an event, the Department may modify the First Proposal to include plans, specifications, procedures, protocols and other actions which meet said requirements. The First Proposal, either as approved by the Department in the form in which it was submitted to the Department-by Respondent or as modified by the Department to meet

its requirements (the "Approved First Proposal"), shall become incorporated into this Order, and shall be attached hereto as Appendix "C" and thereby made a part hereof.

- VII. Within fifteen days after receipt of notification of, and a copy of, the Approved First Proposal from the Department, Respondent shall commence implementation of the first phase of the Field Investigation, in accordance with the Approved First Proposal.
- VIII. The first phase of the Field Investigation, as described in the Approved First Proposal, shall be completed, and a report on the results thereof (the "Phase One Report") submitted to the Department and to the Commissioner of Health of the State of New York, by no later than January 29, 1982.
- IX. Upon receipt and review of the Phase One Report, the Department shall make a determination, to be transmitted in writing to Respondent prior to Respondent's implementation of the second phase of the Field Investigation, as to which parameters shall be analyzed for during the second phase of the Field Investigation. Said determination shall be based upon the following criteria:
- (a) All soil/waste analytical parameters with results from the first phase of the Field Investigation which indicate a concentration of greater than or equal to ten micrograms per kilogram; and
- (b) All ground water analytical parameters with results from the first phase of the Field Investigation which indicate a concentration of greater than or equal to one microgram per liter.

If the analysis of any sample obtained by Respondent during the first phase of the Field Investigation reveals parameters with concentrations equaling or exceeding the levels set forth in either (a) or (b) above, then all samples obtained from all media, except air, during the second phase of the Field Investigatic shall be analyzed for those parameters. Air samples obtained during the second phase of the Field Investigation shall be analyzed for the parameters hexachlorobenzene, hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha, beta, gamma and delta isomers), and total chlorinated organics. The list of analytical parameters that must be included in the second phase of the Field Investigation shall become incorporated into this Order, and shall be attached hereto as Appendix "D" and thereby made a part hereof.

Department's written determination of the parameters to be analyzed for during the second phase of the Field Investigation, as set forth in Paragraph IX hereof, Respondent shall submit to the Department a written proposed work plan for the second phase of the Field Investigation, detailing the actions Respondent proposes to undertake to fulfill the requirements of Paragraph III hereof (the "Second Proposal"). The Second Proposal shall provide, among other things, a description of the actions Respondent proposes to undertake, during the second phase of the Field Investigation, to prevent unauthorized access to the Site and to insure the safety of persons in the vicinity of the Site and details of the proposed location of and the proposed procedures and protocols for the following: (a) the installation of monitoring

wells, if any; (b) the drilling of soil borings; (c) the sampling of soil/waste and ground water, including the number and type of samples; (d) the ambient air monitoring during and after periods of site disturbance; and (e) the sampling of water and sediment from Cayuga Creek.

XI. The Department shall have the right of approval and disapproval of the Second Proposal.

Within sixty days after receipt of the Second Proposal, the Department shall issue its approval or disapproval. Department finds that the Second Proposal fails to meet, or is inconsistent with, the requirements of the Department, the Department shall disapprove the Second Proposal, and shall state, in writing, the specific reasons for such disapproval. Within thirty days after receipt of such disapproval, Respondent shall revise the Second Proposal to bring it into conformity with the requirements of the Department, and shall submit such revision to the Department. If, upon review of such revised work plan proposal for the second phase of the Field Investigation (the "Revised Second Proposal"), the Department still finds that it fails to meet, or is inconsistent with the requirements of the Department, the Department may modify the Revised Second Proposal to include plans, specifications, procedures, protocols and other actions which meet said requirements and which shall be binding on Responde in carrying out the second phase of the Field Investigation. approved work plan for the second phase of the Field Investigation (the "Approved Second Proposal") shall become incorporated into this Order, and shall be attached hereto as Appendix "E" and thereby made a part hereof.

- XIII. Within thirty days after receipt of notification of, and a copy of, the Approved Second Proposal from the Department, Respondent shall commence implementation of the second phase of the Field Investigation, in accordance with the Approved Second Proposal.
- XIV. Within thirty days after completion of the Field Investigation, Respondent shall submit to the Department a report on the second phase of the Field Investigation, the purpose of which shall be to provide the data, and a comprehensive assessment thereof, resulting from the second phase of the Field Investigation (the "Phase Two Report").
- XV. The Department shall have the right to obtain "split samples" of all substances and materials sampled by Respondent in the course of the Field Investigation. As used herein, "split samples" shall mean whole samples divided into aliquots, to be tested by the Department for the purpose of comparative analysis.
- XVI. At any time during the course of or after completion of the Field Investigation or after review of the Phase Two Report, the Department may make a determination of whether the Site poses a significant threat to the environment. The Department shall base any such determination upon its evaluation of the following criteria:
- (a) The concentration of the parameters tested for, as detected in the samples of soil/waste, ground water, air, surface water and sediment analyzed by Respondent and/or the Department;

- (b) The degree of any toxicity exhibited by the wastes detected in the samples of soil/waste, ground water, air, surface water and sediment analyzed by Respondent and/or the Department, by the constituents of said wastes, and by any toxic degradation products of said wastes or their constituents;
- (c) The tendency of any of the substances set forth in subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph to bioaccumulate in fish and/or wildlife;
- (d) The concentration of any of the substances set forth in subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph in relation to New York State ground water standards, as embodied in Part 703 of Title 6 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York;
- (e) The concentration of any of the substances tested for in the air sampling conducted pursuant to this Order in relation to the concentration in air recommended by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; and
- (f) The means by which any of the substances set forth in subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph have been released, are being released or may be released into the environment, or have migrated, are migrating or may migrate from the Site.
- XVII. If the Department determines that the Site constitutes a significant threat to the environment, the Department shall notify Respondent, in writing, of its determination. Respondent shall then be required to develop and implement an inactive hazardous waste disposal site remedial program at the Site (the 'Remedial Program').

- XVIII. Within one hundred and twenty days after reciept of notification of any such determination of the Department as set forth in Paragraph XVII hereof, Respondent shall submit in writing to the Department, a proposed inactive hazardous waste disposal site remedial program plan, which shall consist, among other things, of an engineering study, outlining various remedial options for the Site, the reasons for the rejection of remedial options not selected, the reasons for the selection of the remedial option Respondent proposes to undertake to implement the Remedial Program, and a description of proposed long-term monitoring and maintenance activities (the "Proposed Plan").
- (a) The selection of the remedial option that Respondent proposes to undertake to implement the Remedial Program shall be based on the application of the standard of Requisite Remedial Technology. As used herein, "Requisite Remedial Technology" shall mean engineering and construction practices which will most effectively protect the public health and the environment by the identification, abatement, mitigation and cleaning up of any contamination at the Site and in the vicinity thereof.
- (b) As used herein, "monitoring" means those activities undertaken by Respondent to measure the effectiveness and condition of the Remedial Program, and to ascertain whether hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents, or toxic degradation products thereof, are being released or are migrating from the Site. As used herein, "maintenance" means those routine activities undertaken by Respondent to insure the continued efficacy of the Remedial Program.

XIX. The Department shall have the right of approval and disapproval of the Proposed Plan.

Within sixty days after receipt of the Proposed Plan, XX. the Department shall issue its approval or disapproval. Department finds that the Proposed Plan fails to meet, or is inconsistent with, the requirements of the Department, the Department shall disapprove the Proposed Plan, and shall state, in writing, the specific reasons for such disapproval. Within thirty days after receipt of such disapproval, Respondent shall revise the Proposed Plan to bring it into conformity with the requirements of the Department, and shall submit such revision to the Department. If, upon review of such revised inactive hazardous waste disposal site remedial program plan proposal (the "Revised Plan"), the Department still finds that it fails to meet, or is inconsistent with the requirements of the Department, the Department may modify the Revised Plan to include plans, specifications, procedures, protocols and other actions which meet said requirements and which shall be binding on Respondent in carrying out the Remedial Program. The approved inactive hazardous waste disposal site remedial program plan (the "Approved Plan") shall become incorporated into this Order, and shall be attached hereto as Appendix "F" and thereby made a part hereof.

XXI. Within thirty days after receipt of notification of, and a copy of, the Approved Plan from the Department, Respondent shall submit to the Department written plans and specifications for implementing the Remedial Program in accordance with the Approved Plan.

- XXII. The Department shall have the right of approval and disapproval of the plans and specifications described in Paragraph XXI hereof.
- XXIII. The Department shall approve or disapprove the plans and specifications described in Paragraph XX hereof within thirty days of their receipt by the Department and in accordance with the procedures set forth in Paragraph XX of this Order.
- XXIV. At the time of its execution of this Order, Respondent shall pay to the Department a sum of money which shall have been determined by the Department and which represents:
- (a) Restitution to the Department for the expenses incurred by the Department in investigating the conditions at the Site and in issuing this Order to Respondent; and
- (b) Restitution to the Department for the expenses estimated by the Department to be incurred by it in connection with all of the Department's future activities associated with the Site, including, but not limited to, expenses to be incurred for:
- (i) Review of all documents submitted by Respondent in connection with the Field Investigation and the Remedial Program;
- (ii) Supervision of the implementation of the Field Investigation and the Remedial Program, including, among other things, inspection of the construction and the monitoring and maintenance activities associated with the Remedial Program; and
- (iii) Legal activities, as necessary, relating to

XXV. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Order to the contrary, the Department reserves the right to pursue any relief it deems necessary, including, but not limited to, the initiation of legal proceedings to compel Respondent to perform all work required pursuant to this Order, in the event that Respondent fails to comply with any provision of this Order. Further, the Department reserves the right to pursue whatever relief it deems necessary, including; but not limited to, requiring additional remedial work at the Site and/or imposing any penalty provided by law, in the event that any contamination of the environment or violation of law attributable to Respondent, not otherwise covered by this Order, is discovered at the Site.

IVXX Upon the effective date of this Order, Respondent shall post or deposit with the Department a financial undertaking in cash, certified check or other equivalent negotiable instrument, in a form acceptable to the Department, or a surety bond issued by a company licensed to do business in the State of New York, in a form acceptable to the Department, in the amount of \$100,000, to assure compliance with this Order and with all appendices attached hereto. Such financial undertaking or surety bond shall provide that should Respondent at any time fail to fulfill any of the requirements of this Order or the appendices hereto, Respondent, or the surety, as the case may be, shall, upon demand by the Department, pay over to the Department a sufficient portion of said amount to procure substitute performance of all such requirements as then remain unfulfilled. Such financial undertaking or surety bond shall also provide that if the surety to any financial

undertaking (including, but not limited to, a surety bond)

furnished pursuant to this Paragraph, or Respondent, advise the

Department that said surety is cancelling or taking any action to

reduce, diminish or impair its obligations pursuant to such

undertaking, then Respondent shall, within 24 hours of notification

of such surety's intention, furnish to the Department a new

financial undertaking in the sum of \$100,000, in accordance with

the prior provisions of this Paragraph.

Nothing contained in this Order shall be construed as XXVII. barring, diminishing, adjudicating, or in any way affecting: any legal or equitable rights or claims, actions, suits, causes of action or demands whatsoever that the Department may have against anyone other than Respondent, or (b) the Department's right to bring actions or proceedings of any kind with respect to areas or resources that may have been affected or may be affected in the future as a result of a release or migration of hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents, or toxic degradation products thereof, or contamination derived therefrom, from the Site. Respondent shall obtain, on a timely basis, all XXVIII. permits, easements, rights-of-way, rights-of-entry, approvals or bther authorizations which are necessary to carry out any of Respondent's obligations pursuant to this Order. Respondent shall promptly notify the Department in the event of Respondent's inability to obtain any such authorizations on a timely basis.

XXIX. Respondent shall permit any duly designated officer, employee, consultant, contractor or agent of the Department to enter upon the Site to make or cause to be made such tests as are

determined by the Department to be necessary, and to ascertain Respondent's compliance or non-compliance with this Order.

XXX. The provisions of this Order and any actions or submissions under or by reason of the provisions of this Order, shall not, in any action or proceeding or litigation whatsoever, whether or not brought by the Department, constitute or be construed as an adjudication or finding on any issue, or be construed as, or operate as, an admission that Respondent has violated any law or regulation or otherwise committed a breach of duty at any time.

XXXI. Respondent shall not be in default or violation of this Order if Respondent is unable to comply with any provision of this Order because of the action of a national or local government body or court, an act of God, strike, riot or catastrophe as to any of which negligence or willful misconduct on the part of Respondent was not the proximate cause. Respondent shall apply to the Department in writing immediately upon obtaining knowledge of such an event and request an appropriate modification of this Order.

XXXII. If, for any reason, Respondent desires that any provision of this Order be changed, Respondent shall make timely written application therefor to the Commissioner, setting forth reasonable grounds for the relief sought.

XXXIII. The effective date of this Order shall be the date this Order is signed by the Commissioner or his designee.

XXXIV. All reports and submissions required by this Order shall be made to the Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Compliance Team, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, 600 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14202 and to the Commissioner of Health, New York State Department of Health, Empire State Plaza, Tower Building, Albany, New York 12237. Copies of all such documents shall be sent to the Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Compliance Team, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, 50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233-0001.

XXXV. All submissions concerning the Remedial Program, if any, shall be made to the Remedial Action Section, Bureau of Hazardous Site Control, Division of Solid Waste, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, 50 Wolf Road, Albany, New York 12233-0001, with copies of all such documents to be sent to the Hazardous Waste Disposal Site Compliance Team, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, 600 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14202, and to the Commissioner of Health, New York State Department of Health, Empire State Plaza, Tower Building, Albany, New York 12237.

XXXVI. Respondent shall indemnify and hold the Department, the State of New York and their representatives and employees harmless from all claims, suits, actions, damages, and costs of every name and description arising out of or resulting from the fulfillment or attempted fulfillment of the provisions of this Order by Respondent, its officers, directors, employees or agents.

XXXVII. The provisions of this Order shall be deemed to bind Respondent, its officers, directors, agents, employees, successors and assigns, and all persons, firms and corporations acting by or for Respondent.

Dated: Albany, New York

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

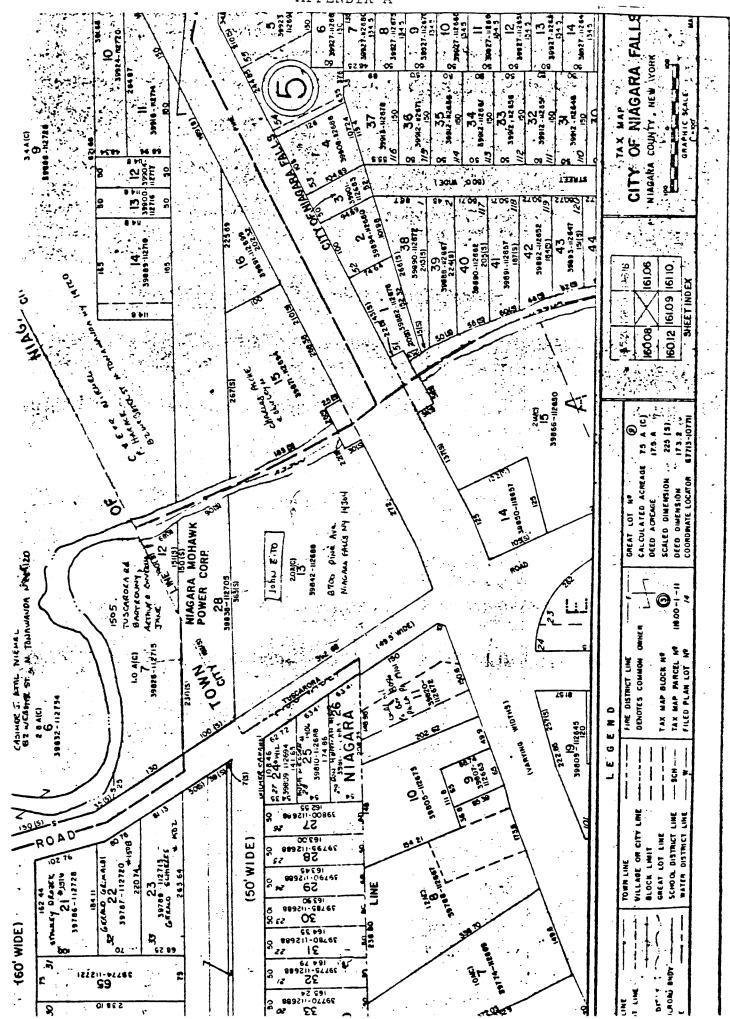
By:	
Dy.	

TO: Olin Corporation

#### CONSENT BY RESPONDENT

Respondent hereby consents to the issuing and entering of the foregoing Order, waives its right to a hearing herein as provided by law, and agrees to be bound by the provisions, terms and conditions contained herein.

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	OLIN_CORPORATION
	By: tle:
STATE OF COUNTY OF	) ) ss.: )
e resides in the	y me duly sworn, did depose and say tha ; that he is of , the corporation described in and
aid corporation; that the such corporate seal; that	ing instrument; that he knew the seal of seal affixed to said instrument was it was so affixed by the order of the corporation, and that he signed his
	NOTARY PUBLIC



### VICINITY OF PINE Lat: 43°05'32"N Long: 78°57'44"W Data List of Dataset: NYCD Number of Records = 6 REC # | POP | HOUSE | DISTANCE | SECTOR 1 1 0.400000 1.25 0 0 1 4352 | 1652 | 0.810000 3 1 11,0 9090 1 3006 I 1.60000 j 2.0 4 1 13865 | 5084 1 3.20000 13.0 12891 | 4339 4.80000 6 I 25026 | 9618 i [ 4.D 6.40000 23 25 26 30 65224 33

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OSRIRF 10/12/87 Page 1 of 5

#### PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OFF SITE RECONNAISSANCE INFORMATION REPORTING FORM

Date:					
Site Name: Vicinity of Pine	TDD: <u>02-8710-85</u>				
Site Address: <u>Pine and Tuscarona</u> Street, Box, etc.	Ave.				
Niagara Falls					
Nogara County New York					
State					
NUS Personnel: Name  Bob Nies Silliland  Donna Restivo	Discipline Geologist Toxicologist				
Weather Conditions (clear, cloudy, rain, snow, etc.):					
	. //				
Estimated wind direction and wind speed:/  Estimated temperature:	<u> </u>				
Signature: Mobel I. Mais	Date: _/1/9/87				
Countersigned: Formal. Resturo					

#### PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

## INFORMATION REPORTING FORM

Date: 11/9/87
Site Name: Vicinity of Pine TDD: 02-8710-85
Site Sketch:
Indicate relative landmark locations (streets, buildings, streams, etc.). Provide locations from which photos are taken.
Howard I NIK SALA COLUMNIA SALAN SLAN
Signature: Date: 11/9/87
Countersigned: Pestino Date: 11/9/87

## PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

#### INFORMATION REPORTING FORM

	Date: 11/9/87
	Site Name: Vicinity of Pine TDD: 02-8710-85
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<i>y</i>	They is a wooded area on the book north of
	southward and north of the in flowers
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	The site on the CERCIAS below
	Signature: Notation Date: 11/9/87  Countersignature: Donna Reservo Date: 11/9/87

# PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

#### INFORMATION REPORTING FORM

Date:	11/9/87			
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Photolog:				
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1P-3(s)		1496	V	view off of tusumorn rd. looking NE at back of site Abus access Rd
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	signature on ea	.ch.		
Signature: _	Kohen ,	de flor	Date: _	11/9/81
Countersigna	ature: Donn	ia O. Rei	two Date:	11/9/87

# RECEIVED

JUN 1 3 1988

N.Y.S. DEPT. OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION REGION 9