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Environmental Property Assessment
(Phase II)
Niagara Falls Boulevard
(near 70th Street)



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ENVERONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Environmental Property Assessment
(Phase II)
Niagara Falls Boulevard
(near 70th Street)

prepared for:

Tops Markets, Inc. 60 Dingens Street Buffalo, NY 14206

prepared by:

Waste Resource Associates, Inc. 2576 Seneca Avenue Niagara Falls, NY 14305

January 11, 1990

Introduction

Tops Markets, Inc. is contemplating the possible acquisition of property presently owned by Peter J. Schmitt Company, Inc. which is located on Niagara Falls Boulevard (near 70th Street), adjacent to a parcel of property which Tops owns. In order to determine whether the property to be purchased had any potential environmental liabilities associated with that parcel, Tops retained the services of Waste Resource Associates, Inc. to perform a Phase I, Environmental Property Assessment of the parcel. report covered an evaluation of the property that included a surface soil sampling and analysis program that yielded test results above what could be accepted as a reasonable or suitable "clean" background level. The analytical test results in conjunction with the nature of the past history of the site (i.e. fill material such as construction/demolition debris to bring the area to an acceptable grade) led to suspicion that the results of the surface soil sampling might be indicative of far greater subsurface contamination levels. To confirm the extent of sub-surface contamination on both the Tops and Peter J. Schmitt parcels and to determine what constraints that contamination might pose on development of the properties into a future supermarket complex, a Phase II - Environmental Property Assessment study was conducted. This report summarizes the findings of the Phase II study.

Phase II - Sampling and Testing Program

Since the previous Phase I surface sampling and testing program identified results indicative of contamination for primarily the EOX (Extractable Organic Halides) determination, the Phase II study focused its attention on determining the EOX concentrations of sub-surface soil samples taken at various depths at or near the locations of surface soil samples obtained during the Phase I study. In each of the ten (10) locations which were examined in Phase I, three additional sub-surface soil samples were obtained. The specific level at which each of the three subsurface samples were taken and the rationale for sampling at that level is as follows;

- * upper (fill) soil sample a sample taken within or near the bottom of the fill material zone to confirm whether of not contamination noted in the surface sample had permeated into the fill material zone.
- * middle (sand/clay interface) soil sample a sample near the bottom of the sand and/or gravel layer (which rests beneath the fill material) where it interfaces with the clay layer that underlies most of the site, to confirm whether any of the contamination identified in either the surface and/or fill material samples has penetrated into and through the sand layer.
- * bottom (clay) soil sample a sample taken from the upper portion of the clay layer which rests on the bedrock at the site to confirm whether any of the contamination identified in either surface, fill and/or sand samples, has penetrated in the clay layer.

The sub-surface samples were obtained using a hollow-stem soil auger drilling unit which was supplied and operated by Buffalo Drilling Company, Inc. When a desired depth was reached with the

hollow-stem auger that conformed to the appropriate location description (i.e. upper, middle, bottom), a split-spoon soil sampler was used to obtain a single, discrete soil sample at that level. Additional split-spoon samples were taken at or immediately below the initial sample point and combined with the previous sample(s) to provide a representative sample of that strata. The split-spoon sampler was decontaminated between individual level samplings (i.e. upper, middle, bottom) to avoid possible cross-contamination of samples and the soil auger was decontaminated between borings at each of the ten (10) locations. The sub-surface soil samples were obtained during the period Wednesday, December 13, 1989 through Saturday, December 16, 1989 and were subsequently delivered to the analytical testing laboratory facilities of Advanced Environmental Services, Inc. for a determination of the EOX concentration associated with each sample.

The visual classification of soil types identified during each of the soil borings is provided as Exhibit I.

Soil Sampling Test Results

There were only two sample locations where testing showed EOX concentrations above the lower limit of detection for the test procedure employed. The two locations are;

- * the upper (fill) soil sample taken along the eastern portion of the Peter J. Schmitt parcel near the northeast corner of the property, and,
- * the upper (fill) soil sample taken near the northwestern corner of the Tops property.

All remaining soil samples were determined to be less than the lower limit of detection or below the quantifiable limit for the EOX test procedure of 1.0 milligrams per kilogram or 1.0 ppm (parts per million).

The results of the analytical testing are presented graphically in Figures 1, 2, 3 and 4 which follow.

The actual analytical test data reported is provided as Exhibit II.

Although the sub-surface soil sampling and testing program confirmed that the EOX contamination is pretty much confined to the surface soils and the upper portion of fill material strata at the site, the soil borings identified a considerable amount of non-soil material (i.e. construction/demolition debris, rocks, assorted unknown materials). In a location immediately west of sampling location No. 7, a sample of material suspected to be waste lime was obtained and analyzed separately from the soil samples. The pH and TOC of the sample was tested along with a scan for total halogenated organics (a procedure similar to but not as precise as the EOX determination). The pH measurement confirmed that the unknown material was in fact waste lime which was contaminated with a

significant amount of primarily non-halogenated organics (approximately 3.8%). The analytical test data associated with the waste lime sample is presented as Exhibit III.

Conclusions

The following are the major conclusions which can be drawn on the basis of the Phase I and Phase II studies which were conducted;

- * the EOX (or chlorinated hydrocarbon) contamination is confined to the surface soils and upper portions of the fill material at the site and if removed does not present an impediment to developing the site.
- * the soil borings did identify certain sub-surface deposits (i.e. waste lime) which would need to be removed in order to develop the site.

Recommendations

If the Peter J. Schmitt parcel represents an acquisition for Tops with particular strategic economic value to its business, the following are considerations which should somehow be factored into the cost of purchasing the property.

Contaminated Fill Material

Although the EOX (chlorinated hydrocarbon) contamination at the site is confined to the surface soils and upper portion of the fill material strata and the contamination level is minimal, that material would in all likelihood need to be disposed of at either a Part 360 - permitted Solid Waste Landfill Facility at a cost of approximately \$50 per ton or at a Part 360 - permitted Construction and Demolition Debris Landfill at a somewhat lower cost. fill material must be moved from the site because of inadequate stability considerations which it may impose on future construction activities, the total volume of fill material which must be removed is approximately 100,000 - 125,000 cubic yards of material. If the contaminated fill material can effectively be separated and isolated from the non-contaminated fill material and if it represents only 10 - 25% of the expected total volume of fill material to be removed, the disposal charges associated with the contaminated fill would be between \$625,000 - \$2.0 million (assuming 1.25 tons per cubic yard and \$50 per ton disposal charge). The remaining uncontaminated fill would cost approximately \$1.0 million to \$1.2 million to dispose of (assuming 1.25 tons per cubic yard and \$10 per ton disposal charge).

Other Sub-surface Deposits

The waste lime identified in the Phase II - study indicates that if all contaminated/uncontaminated fill material is removed from the site as previously mentioned, there may be isolated pockets of additional unknown materials similar to the waste lime

that will be uncovered and which will require special handling. The waste lime identified would in all likelihood be approved for disposal at a Part 360 - permitted Solid Waste Landfill Facility at a cost of approximately \$50 per ton. There is the possibility however that the NYSDEC may require it to be handled at a Part 373 - permitted Hazardous Waste Landfill Facility at a cost that could range from as little as \$150 per ton to as much as \$250 per ton. There is also a slim possibility that if the organics present in the waste lime prohibit its disposal in a hazardous waste landfill facility because of existing or impending land ban restrictions, the waste lime would need to be sent to a hazardous waste incinerator to be treated. The charges at hazardous waste incinerator could be as much as \$500 to \$2,000 per ton.

Even though a substantial number of soil borings were taken (a boring for every 1.5 - 2.0 acres of property), it is not possible to accurately estimate the volume of waste lime or approximate total volume for waste lime and other miscellaneous sub-surface deposits which could be encountered once excavation and removal of the fill material proceeds. It is conceivable that during excavation, drums of industrial waste could possibly be If 55-gallons are encountered each and every drum encountered. would need to be sampled (if it still contains any material), at a cost for testing alone which could range from as little as \$250 to as much as \$1,500 per drum to identify the contents. If empty or deteriorated drums were found, the soils surrounding these areas would definitely need to be tested extensively to determine an appropriate disposition. At best, those soils may be allowed to be disposed of at a Part 360 - permitted Solid Waste Landfill Facility at approximately \$50 per ton for disposal. At worst, they would require disposal at either a part 373 - permitted Hazardous Waste Landfill Facility at \$150 - \$250 per ton or at a Hazardous Waste Incinerator at \$500 - \$2,000 per ton, if prohibited from landfill disposal due to land ban restrictions.

Summary

As a result of the Phase II - study, there is definitely concern for potential liability exposure in the purchase of the property which is being contemplated. If however, the parcel presents a unique strategic opportunity for Tops, the development of the parcel could conceivably take place, but not without significant costs associated with necessary remedial action and clean-up activities. Unfortunately, at this time with the data that is available, it is impossible to determine the exact magnitude of the worst case scenario with regard to potential liability exposure.

It is certain however, that whatever current commercial market value is placed on the Peter J. Schmitt parcel, if were to proceed with the acquisition and assume a calculated risk associated with its future development, the acquisition cost for the parcel should be only a portion of what may be currently considered its fair market value.

Exhibit I

FIELD BORING LOG Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Client _ Project _____Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street File No _______ Boring No _______ Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Diedrich D-50 Datum ___ Location refer to plan Sampling Method ASTM D1586 Size and Type of Bit 4-1/4 ID auger Date Started 12-13-89 Completed 12-13-89 Overburden Samples: Disturbed 5 Undist. Top of Rock Elevation _____ Total Depth of Hole ______12.0 ft. Bottom of Hole Elevation _ Ground Water Depth 6.7 ft. at comp. 0 ft. Depth Drilled into Rock _____ Sample % Rec Depth Blows per SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS No. (RQD) .5 ft. (ft)7 9 18 50 Fill, moist 5-1:0-2 5-1 9 12 8 8 5-2:2-4 5-2 Topsoil 15 14 7 10 5-3:4-6 Brown, sandy silt, little 5-3 5 14 18 clay, wet 4 12 5-4 28 75 same as 5-35-4:6-8 16 21 10 9 5 5-5:10-12 5∸5 80 Red/brown silty clay 21 12 12 Bottom of hole 12.0 ft. 15

Notes

Sheet No 1 of

FIELD BORING LOG Client ___ Project Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street File No _______ Boring No _______ Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig ____ Location refer to plan Sampling Method ____11 Date Started 12-15 Completed 12-15 Size and Type of Bit _____ 5 Undist Overburden Samples: Disturbed ____ Top of Rock Elevation 10 Total Depth of Hole _____ Bottom of Hole Elevation ___ Ground Water Depth 8.5 ft. at comp. Depth Drilled into Rock _____ 0 ft. Sample [₽]∘ Rec Depth Blows per SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS No. RQD) .5 ft. (ft) 50/4" bounce

1 -	30, 1		5-1	100	100	Fill, frozen	5-1:0-0.3'
-	2 7	4 8	5-2	11	20	Sandy silt, 1 clay, sat (SM-ML)	5-2:2-4'
5 -	3 9	8 11	5-3	17	75	Same as 5-2	5-3:4-6'
	5 16	18	5-4	26	75	Silty clay, moist	5-4:6-8'
_	7	8	5 -5	25	50	Same	5-5:8-10'
10-	17	21				Bottom of hole 10.0 ft.	
-							
_							
-							
_							

Notes

Sheet No 1 of

Auger refusal at 1 ft. moved hole to 15 to North

FIELD BORING LOG Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Client __ Project _____Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Sampling Method 11 Location ____ 12-15-89 Completed _ Date Started ____ 12-15-89 Size and Type of Bit _____ Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____ Undist.____ Top of Rock Elevation _____ Total Depth of Hole ______12 Bottom of Hole Elevation _____ Ground Water Depth ______1 Depth Drilled into Rock _____ Sample % Rec Depth Blows per SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS (RQD) .5 ft. No (ft.) 50 Reject hard 1 5 Hard, Frozen 0-2 rock 37 21 2-4 2 20 Dry 9 5 Gray, moist Sandy Gravel 4-6 3 28 12 3 4 Very black Clay, black, moist 60 6-8 8 12 9 50 Very wet, black clay Wet 5 10-12-26 21

Notes

FIELD BORING LOG Client Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Project _____Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street Buffalo, New York 14213 Drille: K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Sampling Method _____ Lock on ____ Date Started 12-15-89 Completed 12-15-89 Size and Type of Bit _____ Top of Rock Elevation Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____ Undist._____ Bottom of Hole Elevation ___ Total Depth of Hole ____ Ground Water Depth ___dry hole Depth Drilled into Rock auger out 4:5 dry Depth Biows per Sample % Ren SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS (RQD No. (ft.) .5 ft 20 30 Black Fill Dry Fill & Ash 25 0 - 21 19 20 4 4 Dark semi moist 2 75 Fill to sandy silt 2-4 8 3 3 Moist 3 50 Silt to clay 4-6 9 3 Wet 75 Silt to clay 6-8 4 18 31

Notes

4-4-5-8 2'-4'

Sheet No 1 of

FIELD BORING LOG Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Client __ Tops Parcel NF Project ____ **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** File No. _______ Boring No _________ 955 Niagara Street Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig _____ Sampling Method _____ Location ____ 12-15-89 Completed 12-15-89 Date Started ___ Size and Type of Bit _____ Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____ Undist.____ Top of Rock Elevation Total Depth of Hole ______10 Bottom of Hole Elevation _____ Depth Drilled into Rock Ground Water Depth _____ % Rec Sample Depth Blows per SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS .5 ft. No. (RQD) (ft.) 2 2 1 25 Fill Clay Frozen 0-26 6 3 1 2 2-4 0 No recovery 4 Very moist 3 25 Silty Clay 4-6 4 5 12 Moist 6-8 25 Clay 28 18 Sheet No. 1 of Notes

FIELD BORING LOG Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Client __ Tops Parcel NF Project _____ **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street File No. _______ Boring No. _____B-6 Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Sampling Method _____ Location ____ Size and Type of Bit _____ Top of Rock Elevation _____ Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____Undist.____ Total Depth of Hole ______10 Bottom of Hole Elevation ____ Depth Drilled into Rock _____ Ground Water Depth _____ Depth Blows per Sample % Rec SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS (RQD) .5 ft No. (ft) 6 1 Fill Brick 0 - 225 12 13 2 2 2 50 Fill - Silt 2 - 4Damp 8 14 5 4-6 3 70 Silty Clay Damp 6 10 7 7 6-8 4 75 Sand Silt Clay Moist 13 24

Notes

Sheet No 1 of

FIELD BORING LOG Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Client __ Project _____Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street File No. _______ Boring No. _________ Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Sampling Method _____ Location ____ 12-15-89 Completed 12-15-89 Date Started ____ Size and Type of Bit _____ Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____ Undist. _____ Top of Rock Elevation _____ Total Depth of Hole ___ Bottom of Hole Elevation _____ Depth Drilled into Rock Ground Water Depth _____ Sample % Rec Depth Blows per SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS .5 ft No. (RQD) (ft.) 8 12 0-2 1 15 Black Fill 14 23 2-4 Refused, Pull ahead Damp 24 22 4-6 Refusal, pull ahead White material 4 3 on auger 6 12 2 2-4 10 Fill - Refusal 3rd hole 9 22 4-6 3 Refusal 100 blows 100 hit wood 6" 4 4 25 4-6 4 1/4 Full Silt Clay 3 9 5 6 6-8 5 75 Clay Hole dry 6 8 14 15 10-12-19 25

Notes Moved rig 3 times

Sheet No 1 of

FIELD BORING LOG Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** Project ____ File No. ______ Boring No ____B-8 955 Niagara Street Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Sampling Method _____ Location ____ 12-16-89 Completed 12-16-89 Date Started ___ Size and Type of Bit _____ Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____ Undist.____ Top of Rock Elevation Total Depth of Hole ______10 Bottom of Hole Elevation _____ Depth Drilled into Rock Ground Water Depth ______ Sample % Rec Depth Blows per SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS .5 ft. No. (RQD) (ft.) 8 7 25 Fill 0-2 1 13 18 6 No Material 2 2-4 2 6 1 5 No Material 3 4-6 7 9 3 6 Frozen 4 25 Fil1 2-4 4 6 2 4 Semi moist Silty Sand Clay 5 75 4-6 8 8 3 3 Moist Silty Sand with Clay 6-8 6 75 7

Notes

8-10

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22

30

7

80

Clay

10

23

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Moist

FIELD BORING LOG Client Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Project _____Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street File No. ______ Boring No __B-9 Buffalo, New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Datum __ Sampling Method _____ Location _____ Date Started 12-16-89 Completed 12-16-89 Size and Type of Bit _____ Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____Undist.____ Top of Rock Elevation Total Depth of Hole _______10 Bottom of Hole Elevation _____ Ground Water Depth _____ Depth Drilled into Rock _____ Sample % Rec Blows per Depth SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS (ft.) .5 ft. No. (RQD) 6 12 1 75 Fill Dry 0 - 220 24 12 28 2 25 Fill Dry 2-4 24 22 Moist 3 75 Silt 4-6 6 6 2 6 6-8 4 75 Silt Clay Dry 12 26 9 17 8-10 5 75 Clay Dry 21 28 Sheet No 1 of Notes

FIELD BORING LOG Waste Resource Associates, Inc. Client __ Project ____ Tops Parcel NF **BUFFALO DRILLING COMPANY, INC.** 955 Niagara Street File No _______ Boring No _____B-10 Buffalc New York 14213 Driller K. Dauser Surface Elevation _____ Type of Drill Rig Sampling Method _____ Location ____ 12-16-89 Completed _ 12-16-89 Date Started ___ Size and Type of Bit _____ Overburden Samples: Disturbed _____ Undist.____ Top of Rock Elevation Total Depth of Hole ______10 Bottom of Hole Elevation _____ Depth Drilled into Rock _____ Ground Water Depth _____ % Rec Blows per Sample Depth SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION REMARKS .5 ft. No (RQD) (ft.) 6 12 Fill 0-2 1 30 Frozen 5"-10b 13 27 2 75 Fill and Silt Moist 2-4 9 9 5 3 Silt Dry 75 4-6 5 6 3 4 6-8 4 85 Silt and Sand Moist 7 12 6 16 8-10 5 85 Clay Moist 18 27

Notes

Sheet No 1 of

Exhibit II

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS

	Units of Measure: Client: WRA	of Measure: Milligrams/ Kilogram or ppm : WRA 	logram or pp.	pm e ENG	! ! ! !	
		AES Lab No Sample ID -	15185 PJS1 1A	15186 PJS1 1B LAB	15187 PJS1 1C LAB	
Analytical Parameter(s)	Method Quant.	Sample Date-	COMP 12/13/89	COMP 12/13/89		
Extractable Organic Halides (EOX)		1.00	BQL *	BQL	BQL	

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA A.E.S. Job Code ENG

11111

15190 PJS1 2C 15189 PJS1 2B 15188 PJS1 2A AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

			1			
<pre>\nalytical >arameter(s)</pre>		nt. its	Sample Date-	/1	2/15/89	12/15/89
<pre>3xtractable Organic Halides (EOX)</pre>	DOR4-4	1.00		1.41	BQL *	BQL

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS

Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

client:

15193 PJS1 3C 15192 PJS1 3B 15191 PJS1 3A AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

12/15/89 12/15/89 12/15/89 Sample Date-Method Quant. No. Limits Extractable Organic Halides (EOX) Parameter(s) Analytical

BQL

BQL

BQL ★

1.00

DOR4-4

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. LABORATORY REPORT

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

15196 PJS2 4C 15195 PJS2 4B 15194 PJS2 4A AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

Analytical Parameter(s)	Method Quant. No. Limits	Sample Date-	12/15/89	12/15/89	12/15/89
Extractable Organic Halides (EOX)	DOR4-4	1.00	BQL *	BQL	BQL

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

15199 PJS2 5C BQL 12/15/89 15198 PJS2 5B BQL 12/15/89 15197 PJS2 5A 12/15/89 * BQL AES Lab No.-Sample ID -Sample Date-1.00 Limits Method Quant. DOR4-4 No. Extractable Organic Halides (EOX) Parameter(s) Analytical

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

15202 PJS2 6C 15201 PJS2 6B 15200 PJS2 6A AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	: !			
nalytical arameter(s)	Method No.	Quant. Limits Sample Date-	12/15/89 12/1	12/15/89 1:	12/15/89
] 	DOR4-4	1.	вог *	BQL	BQL

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* Below Quantifiable Limits

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS

Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

15205 PJS1 7C 15204 PJS1 7B 15203 PJS1 7A AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

12/15/89 12/15/89	BQL BQL
12/15/89	BQL *
 Sample Date-	1.00
Method Quant. No. Limits	DOR4-4 1.
Analytical Parameter(s)	xtractab Hali

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS

Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

15208 8C 15207 8B 15206 8A AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

12/16/89 12/16/89	BQL BQL
12/16/89 12/	BQL *
 Sample Date-	1.00
 Method Quant. No. Limits	DOR4-4
nalytical Parameter(s)	<pre>!xtractable Organic Halides (EOX)</pre>

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS

Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

15211 15210 9B 15209 9A AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

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lytical ameter(s)	Method Quant. No. Limits	Quant. Limits	Sample Date- 1	2/16/8	9 12/16/89	12/16/89
			. 0	* JOS	BQL	BQL

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

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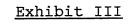
Type of Analysis: ORGANICS Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm Client: WRA

15214 10C

AES Lab No 15212 15213 15214 Sample ID - 10A 10B 10C	nt. its Sample Date- 12/16/89 12/16/89 12/16/89	
	Method Quan	
	nalytical arameter(s	

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor

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Type of Analysis: INORGANICS

Client: WRA A.E.S. JOB CODE ENG

15330	7D	CCC/ FOFC
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No.	ID	
AES Lab	nple	
AES	San	

				FUST (JRD
lytica	Method	Method Quant.		-
arameter(s)	•0N		sampie nace	
 	9	0.		
Total Organic Carbon (mg/l)	505B	100		38,000

Medicina Terrales flow

M. Shauna Pandolfino Inorganic Supervisor

Type of Analysis: ORGANICS

Units of Measure: Milligrams/Kilogram or ppm (as received) Client: WRA A.E.S. Job Code ENG

AES Lab No.-Sample ID -

15330 7D PJSI (3RD HOLE) GRAB 12/15/89 Sample Date-Method Quant. No. Limits

> Hydrocarbon Scan Total Chlorinated

Parameter(s) Analytical

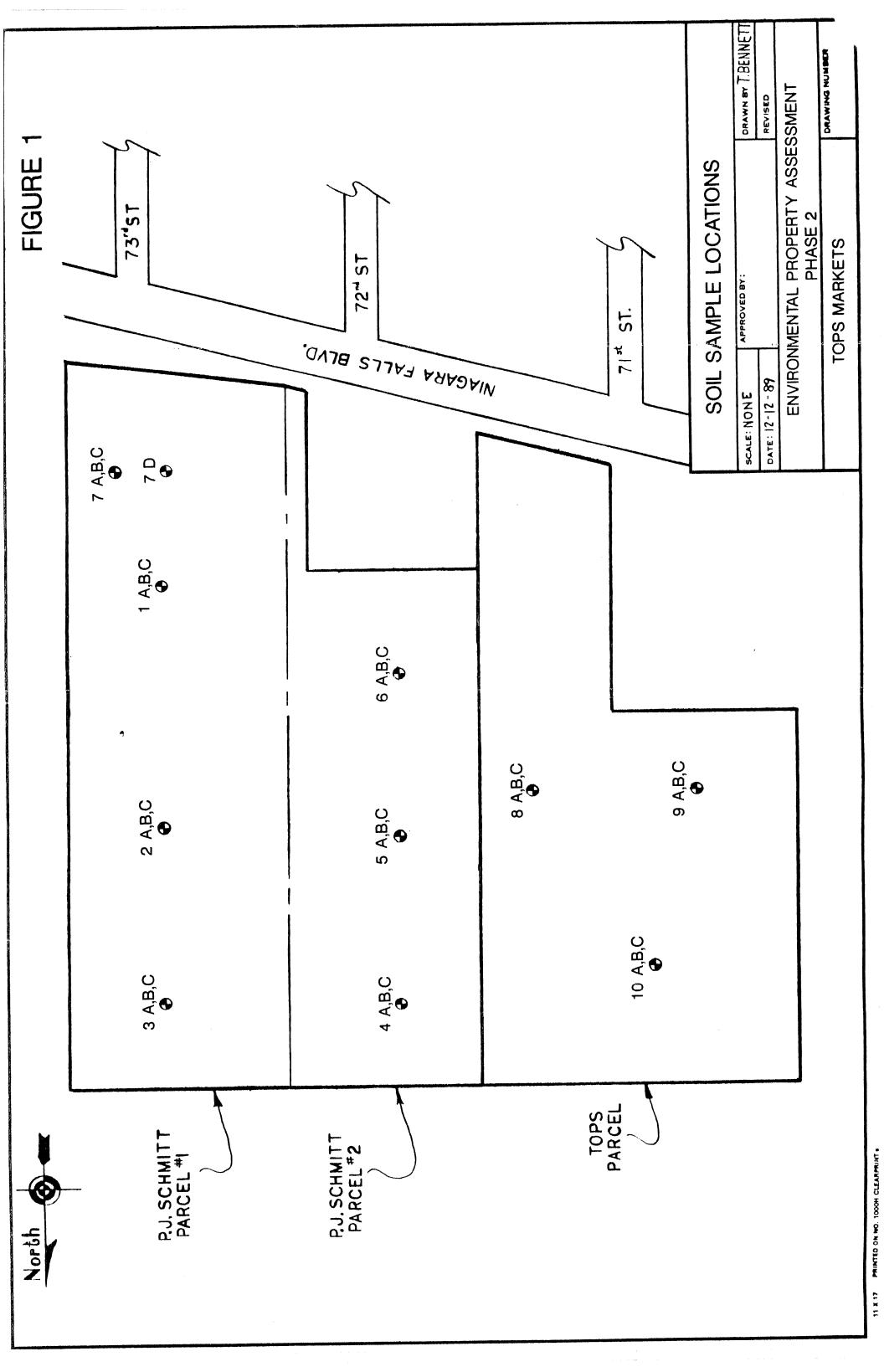
310-17

5.0

BQL *

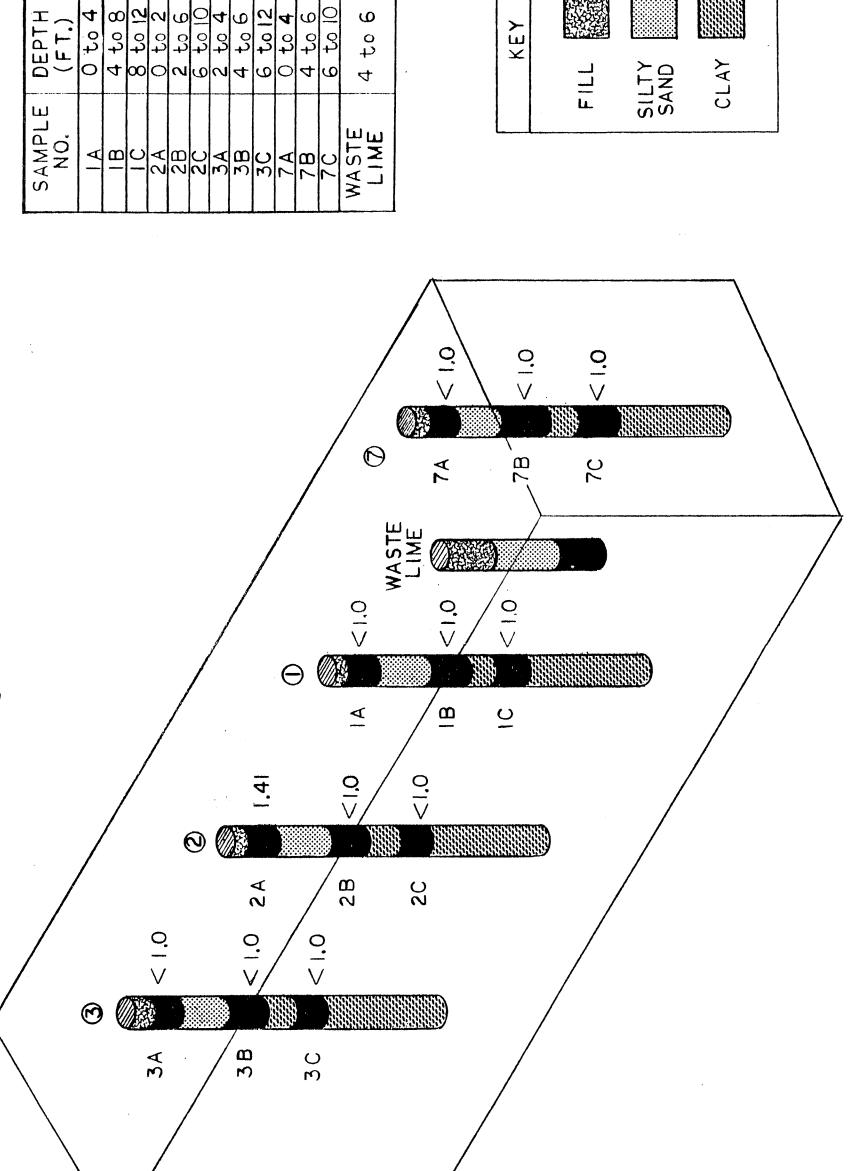
* Below Quantifiable Limits

Wayne J. Juda Organics Supervisor



ISOMETRIC 35°16′

P.J. SCHMITT PARCEL #1



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P.J. SCHMITT PARCEL #2

DEPTH (FT.)	0 to 4	4 to 6	6 to 8	0 to 2	4 to 7	7 to 8	0 to 4	4 to 6	6 to 8	>
SAMPLE NO.	44	48	4C	5 A	5B	5C	6 A	6B	39	FILL SAND SAND CLAY
9		(4)		4 A	(2)	4B <1.0	5A <1.0			

