FORMER COMMANDER OIL TERMINAL
1 COMMANDER SQUARE
OYSTER BAY, NEW YORK
NYSDEC BCP ID: C130244

SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION WORK PLAN

SUBMITTED TO:

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Remediation
SUNY Stony Brook
50 Circle Road
Stony Brook, New York 11790-3409

PREPARED FOR:

Commander Terminals Holdings, LLC
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PWGC Project Number: CTH1901

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

P.W. Grosser Consulting, Inc. (PWGC) has prepared the following Supplemental Remedial Investigation Work Plan (SRIWP) to outline procedures and a scope of work intended to further delineate impacted areas of concern at the Former Commander Oil Terminal site ("Site") located at 1 Commander Square, Oyster Bay, New York.

The Applicant, Commander Terminals Holdings, LLC, has been accepted into the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation's (NYSDEC) Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) as a volunteer as set forth in a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement (BCA), dated September 24, 2020 (Site No. C130244). As such, the proposed Supplemental Remedial Investigation (SRI) is intended to further delineate potential areas of concern within the property boundary and evaluate whether off-site adjacent properties may be impacted.

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2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

2.1 Site Description

The site is located at 1 Commander Square, Oyster Bay, New York. The site is located within the Town of Oyster Bay and Nassau County. The site is identified as Section 27, Block 16, Lots 2, 3, 4, and 5 in the Nassau County Tax Map. The Site measures approximately 3.17 acres and is bounded by a commercial property (boat storage, shellfish farm) to the north, White's Creek to the south, Oyster Bay Harbor to the east, and Bay Avenue to the west.

A Site Location Map is included as **Figure 1**. A Site Plan is included as **Figure 2**.

2.2 Site History

Based on review of historic imagery (Sanborn fire insurance maps, aerial photos, topographic maps), the property was initially developed some time prior to 1897, which is the earliest available historical image of the site (topographic map and Sanborn map). Usage subsequent to 1897 is as follows:

- 1897 to 1909 – the eastern portion of the property is used as a sawmill. The western portion of the property is occupied by residential dwellings.
- 1915 to 1922 – the central and eastern portions of the site are used as an ice plant and coal yard. The western portion of the site is occupied by residential dwellings.
- 1928 - the central and eastern portions of the site are used as an ice plant. The western portion of the site is occupied by residential dwellings.
- 1938 to 1958 – the eastern portion of the site is occupied by Commander Oil with 12 ASTs containing fuel oil, gasoline and kerosene. The central portion of the site is occupied by an ice plant and the western portion of the site is occupied by residential dwellings.
- 1962 to 2022 – the entire site is occupied by a Major Oil Storage Facility (MOSF) with 21 ASTs present. The MOSF was active through May 2022. The MOSF operator (Global Partners LP) ceased operations in May 2022; the MOSF has been vacant since that time.
- 2022 to present - Change of Use applications were submitted to NYSDEC in July and August 2022 to allow for the paved parking areas and driveways at the site to be used for equipment storage and vehicle parking for a marine engineering and boating company.

2.3 Regional Geology/Hydrogeology

The geologic setting of Long Island is well documented and consists of crystalline bedrock composed of schist and gneiss overlain by layers of unconsolidated deposits. Immediately overlying the bedrock is the Raritan Formation, consisting of the Lloyd sand confined by the Raritan Clay Member. The Lloyd sand is an aquifer and consists of discontinuous layers of gravel, sand, sandy and silty clay, and solid clay. The

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Raritan Clay is a solid and silty clay with: few lenses of sand and gravel; abundant lignite and pyrite; and gray, red or white in color.

Above the Raritan Clay lies the Magothy Formation. The Magothy Aquifer consists of layers of fine to coarse sand of moderate to high permeability, with inter-bedded lenses of silt and clay of low permeability resulting in areas of preferential horizontal flow. Therefore, this aquifer generally becomes more confined with depth. The Magothy Aquifer is overlain by the Upper Glacial Aquifer. The Upper Glacial Aquifer is the water table aquifer at this location and is comprised of medium to coarse sand and gravel with occasional thin lenses of fine sand and brown clay. This aquifer extends from the land surface to the top of the Magothy and, therefore, is hydraulically connected to the Magothy Aquifer.

2.4 Site Geology/Hydrogeology

Based on previous investigations at the Site, stratigraphy at the property, from the surface down, consists of fill material and silty sand from grade to an organic peat layer that is present at depths ranging from approximately six to ten feet below grade. The thickness of the organic peat layer appears to range from approximately two to five feet. Beneath the peat layer soils consist of a mix of fine to coarse grained sands and gravel to approximately 30 feet below grade. The depth to groundwater beneath the site ranges from approximately three to seven feet below grade across the site. Groundwater beneath the site appears to flow toward the southeast (above the peat layer) and east-northeast (below the peat layer); a 2011 tidal study performed at the site indicated that tidal influence on groundwater flow is limited to the aquifer formation below the peat layer.

2.5 Current Site Use

The Site is currently utilized for vehicle parking and equipment storage for a marine engineering and boating company. The previously operational MOSF consists of 21 large capacity ASTs, a fueling rack, office building and garage building. Tanks and associated piping were emptied when Global ceased operations at the site in May 2022. Decommissioning of the MOSF will be performed in conjunction with remedial action under the BCp.

2.6 Future Site Use

The proposed plan for the project is to investigate and remediate the site as part of redevelopment. Development plans have not been finalized for the site; however, the future re-development is expected to consist of a mixed use (commercial and residential) development.

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2.7 Previous Environmental Reports

Multiple environmental investigations and assessments have previously been performed at the site. Additionally, groundwater monitoring and sampling related to open NYSDEC spill incidents is performed on a quarterly basis. Relevant reports are summarized below and were previously provided to NYSDEC.

2.7.1 Baseline Environmental Site Assessment dated (November 10, 2008)

Environmental Compliance Services, Inc. (ECS) performed a Baseline Environmental Site Assessment in November 2008. The scope of work included installation of soil borings and monitoring wells, and collection of groundwater samples. Findings of the report include the following:

- Petroleum (BTEX and MTBE) and CVOC impact exceeding Unrestricted Use SCOs was detected in soils throughout the eastern and central portions of the site.
- Petroleum (BTEX and MTBE) and CVOC impact exceeding NYSDEC AWQs was detected in groundwater throughout the eastern and central portions of the site.
- In general, the Baseline ESA findings indicated that petroleum impact to soil and groundwater was primarily present beneath the central and southeastern portions of the site, while CVOC impact to soil and groundwater was primarily present beneath the north-central and central portions of the site.

The CVOC impact identified during this Baseline ESA appears to be related to the surface spill of TCE that occurred in 1995 (spill no. 9925216) which was closed by NYSDEC and subsequently re-opened after the current property owner reported the presence of CVOCs to NYSDEC following completion of the Baseline ESA.

2.7.2 CVOC Source Area Remediation and Groundwater Assessment (January 2011)

Kleinfelder East Inc. (Kleinfelder) performed remediation and groundwater sampling in the suspected CVOC source area in January 2011. The scope of work included the removal of impacted soils, collection of endpoint soil samples, installation and sampling of groundwater vertical profiles, and installation and sampling of monitoring wells. Findings of the report include the following:

- Approximately 58 tons of CVOC impacted soils were removed from a 15 by 40-foot area near the northern property boundary. Due to vapor emissions during excavation (elevated levels of vinyl chloride) use of a foam vapor suppressant was required within the excavation. Excavation depths were limited by the presence of shallow groundwater and the presence of concrete slabs below grade. Six endpoint soil samples were collected from the excavation prior to backfilling; three of the six endpoint samples contained petroleum or CVOC impact above Unrestricted Use SCOs.
- Seven temporary groundwater vertical profiles were installed. Groundwater samples were collected at a minimum of three depth intervals at each vertical profile location. CVOCs at

concentrations exceeding their respective AWQS were detected in at least one depth interval at each vertical profile location including samples collected as deep as 32 feet below grade.

- Three groundwater monitoring wells were installed above the peat layer. CVOCs at concentrations exceeding their respective AWQS were detected in each of these wells.

2.7.3 Phase I ESA (August 2019)

PWGC prepared a Phase I ESA for the site in July 2019. Work was conducted in accordance with the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard E 1527-13 (Standard Practices for Environmental Site Assessment: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process), 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 312 (Standards and Practices for All Appropriate Inquiry; Final Rule). Findings of the Phase I ESA are summarized below:

PWGC evaluated the findings associated with the subject property and identified multiple Recognized Environmental Conditions (RECs) with respect to the subject property, as summarized below:

- NYSDEC Spill #85-00426 is an active spill onsite which corresponds to the presence of petroleum impact in the soil and groundwater on the eastern portion of the property including the presence of free product in monitoring wells and free product seeping past the seawall and into Oyster Bay Harbor. The impact of this spill has been monitored routinely and remedial efforts including product removal and chemical oxidation have been applied. However, the impacts of the spill are still present onsite and remains an environmental concern.
- NYSDEC Spill #99-25216 is an active spill onsite which corresponds to the presence of chlorinated solvent impact in the soil and groundwater on the eastern portion of the property. The spill originally occurred in 1995 when approximately 300 gallons of trichloroethene was released to the surface while filling up a coolant storage tank. NYSDEC database notes indicate that most of the surficial spill was cleaned up, but no post cleanup subsurface sampling was performed at that time. The spill was closed by NYSDEC in August 2005 but re-opened in June 2009 after a Baseline ESA at the site identified chlorinated solvent impact in soil and groundwater which was reported to NYSDEC by the current property owner. Remedial activities since 2009 have involved the removal of approximately 125 tons of hazardous soils from the spill area and the installation of a groundwater treatment system. However, the impacts of the spill are still present onsite and contamination from this spill has possibly migrated into the adjacent property to the north.
- The site appears to have been historically used for industrial purposes, including lumber processing (sawmill), coal storage, and gasoline, diesel, and fuel-oil storage. Lumber processing is commonly associated with the use of heavy machinery and the use of metals and/or creosote for wood preserving. Coal storage can impact the subsurface with heavy metals and VOCs, especially if coal was staged directly on the ground surface. Prior to approximately 2005, the site operated as

a MOSF storing and distributing gasoline, fuel-oil, and diesel fuel. Currently, the site is used for only fuel-oil and diesel fuel storage and distribution as it remains an active MOSF. Additionally, three active 275-gallon heating oil ASTs are present onsite to accommodate the heating systems associated with the buildings. Although the ASTs onsite were not identified to be in poor condition, the prolonged used as a MOSF with several ASTs and frequent filling and distribution events occurring, it cannot be ruled out that the sites use as a MOSF has impacted the subsurface.

- The subject site is identified in the database report as a RCRA generator. This RCRA listing appears to be associated with the generation of hazardous chlorinated solvent waste associated with the former gasoline vapor coolant system, remedial activities associated with NYSDEC Spill #99-25216, and waste associated with the groundwater treatment system. The RCRA listing is associated with chlorinated solvent impact onsite which is an environmental concern.
- The subject site has the potential for vapor encroachment due to the documented active TCE and petroleum spills at the site. Such impact can off gas into the vapor phase and cause vapor intrusion issues within onsite buildings.
- The adjacent property to the north was identified to have been used historically for coal storage and to have contained two gasoline USTs onsite. Coal storage can impact the subsurface with contaminants namely heavy metals and VOCs, especially if coal was staged directly on the ground surface, and gasoline USTs are prone to leaks which can impact the subsurface. If potential impact from the coal storage and/or the gasoline UST impacted groundwater, it cannot be ruled out that contamination associated with the potential impact has migrated onto the subject property.

2.7.4 *Limited Subsurface Investigation Report (July 2020)*

PWGC performed a Limited Subsurface Investigation (LSSI) at the site in July 2020. The LSSI consisted of the collection of soil and groundwater samples from beneath the western portion of the site (Tax Lots 4 & 5). Findings of the LSSI included the following:

- A geophysical survey identified one approximately 1,000-gallon UST abandoned in place on the eastern side of the garage building.
- Petroleum related VOC and SVOC impact above NYSDEC RRSCOs and/or POGSCOs was identified in soil samples collected surrounding the tank containment dike.
- Petroleum related VOC and SVOC impact above NYSDEC standards was identified in groundwater samples collected from south and east (downgradient) of the tank containment dike.
- CVOC impact above NYSDEC standards was not detected in groundwater samples collected as part of the LSSI.

2.7.5 *Remedial Investigation (2021)*

PWGC performed a Remedial Investigation (RI) at the site documented in a report dated September 2021. The scope of work for the RI included a geophysical survey, and collection and analysis of soil, groundwater and soil vapor samples. The RI was performed in accordance with PWGC's December 2020 RI Work Plan (RIWP) that was approved by NYSDEC in a letter dated February 18, 2021. Findings of the RI included the following:

- The geophysical survey identified one anomaly indicative of a potential underground storage tank (UST) near the eastern side of the garage building. No additional anomalies were identified.
- A total of 19 soil borings were installed at the site throughout three AOCs. A minimum of one soil sample was collected from each boring location. Analytical results identified VOCs, SVOCs and metals at concentrations exceeding their respective UUSCOs and/or RRSCOs as follows:
    - VOC impact consists of intermingled CVOC and petroleum impact. CVOC impact is generally located beneath the northern portion of the site. CVOC impact extends beneath the peat layer in this area, albeit at lower concentrations than above the peat layer. Petroleum impact is distributed across the central and southeastern portions of the site and appeared to be limited to the soils above the peat layer with the exception of one sample location near the northern property boundary.
    - SVOC impact at the site appeared to consist of isolated pockets of PAH impact distributed across the site.
    - Metals impact consists primarily of lead and mercury across the site, as well as isolated detections of arsenic, copper and zinc. The suspected CVOC source area was identified as a hotspot of arsenic, copper, lead, mercury and zinc impact. Areas in the northern portion of the site in the vicinity of borings SB011 (4,670 ppm) and SB012 (1,800 ppm), the southeastern portion of the site in the vicinity of borings SB003 (4,670 ppm) and SB017 (881 ppm) were identified as lead hotspots.
- A total of 16 groundwater samples were collected from seven existing monitoring wells, three temporary groundwater sampling points, and two newly installed cluster wells. Analytical results identified VOCs, SVOCs, metals, PFAS and 1,4-dioxane at concentrations exceeding their respective AWQS or guidance values as follows:
    - VOC impact to groundwater consisted of intermingled CVOC and petroleum impact extending from the north central property boundary to the southeast. CVOC and petroleum impact above NYSDEC standards was detected within 50 feet of the southeastern property boundary adjacent to White's Creek and Oyster Bay Harbor. Petroleum impact was generally limited to groundwater above the peat layer, while CVOC impact extended as deep as 35 feet below grade at the northern property boundary.
    - SVOC impact appeared to be limited to a small area near the suspected CVOC source area.

- Dissolved metal impact appeared to be limited to naturally occurring metals (iron, magnesium, manganese, sodium) typically found in Long Island groundwater.
- PFOA and PFOS impact above current guidance values was identified across the site. PFOA and PFOS were generally limited to groundwater above the peat layer, with the exception of one detection at 35 feet below grade at the northern property boundary. Elevated PFOA and PFOS concentrations were detected in multiple samples collected from along the northern (up gradient) property boundary. This includes the highest individual PFOA and PFOS concentrations detected at the site, indicating that PFAS impact may be a regional issue related to an offsite source.
- 1,4-dioxane impact was detected in groundwater near the suspected CVOC source area beneath the northern portion of the site.

- Four soil vapor samples were collected from areas outside of the previous documented CVOC plume. VOC concentrations detected in soil vapor were high enough to potentially trigger the need for vapor intrusion mitigation at one location (SV004), where elevated concentrations of TCE and cis-1,2-dichloroethene were detected. Soil vapor sample SV004 was the sample location located the closest to the CVOC source area on the northeastern portion of the site; TCE and cis-1,2-dichloroethene impact above applicable standards was detected in soil and groundwater in the vicinity of this soil vapor sample. Elevated CVOC concentrations were not detected in the soil vapor samples collected from beneath the western portion of the site which were the samples collected the closest to nearby residential properties. The lack of CVOC impact in soil vapor samples from these samples is consistent with the lack of CVOC impact to soil and groundwater in these areas.

In a letter dated June 6, 2023, NYDEC indicated that an SRI would be required at the site to further delineate the extent of soil, groundwater and soil vapor impact at the site.

2.7.6 Site Status Update Report – First Quarter 2023 (May 2023)

PWGC currently performs routine groundwater monitoring under the NYSDEC spills program, which is documented in quarterly status reports submitted to NYSDEC. As of the date of this SRIWP the First Quarter 2023 Quarterly Status Report is the most recent quarterly report prepared available for the site.

Routine monitoring and remediation during the first quarter 2023 consisted of monthly gauging of onsite monitoring wells for the presence of light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL), quarterly collection of groundwater samples from 13 monitoring wells (wells containing LNAPL excluded from sampling), operation, monitoring and maintenance (OM&M) inspection of an onsite groundwater pump and treat (GWPT) system and an onsite ozone in-situ chemical oxidation (ISCO) remedial system, OM&M of an oil

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absorbent boom at the northeast corner of the seawall. Findings of first quarter 2023 monitoring and relevant historical information in the report included the following:

- LNAPL was monitored and recovered from seven monitoring points: RW-1, MW-6, MW-14, MW-15, MW-18, MW-19 and MW-27.
- BTEX compounds were detected at concentrations exceeding their respective AWQS's in samples collected from five of 13 monitoring wells (MW-9, MW-15, MW-16, MW-20, and MW-28). Total BTEX concentrations ranged from non-detect to 224 ppb.
- CVOCs were detected at concentrations exceeding their respective AWQS's in samples collected from 12 of 13 monitoring wells (all except MW-15). Total CVOC concentrations ranged from non-detect to 497,900 ppb.
- The ISCO system was turned off on September 6, 2022, due to an ozone generator fault alarm. The system was down awaiting repair during first quarter 2023.
- The groundwater pump and treat (GWPT) system was shut down for winterization during the first quarter.
- Northeast corner sheen abatement included biweekly inspections of the absorbent boom and trenching to exhume and replace the oil-only absorbent material and bentonite from the base of the concrete wall conducted on March 13, 2023.

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3.0 STANDARDS CRITERIA AND GUIDANCE

Based on previous investigations at the site, the primary chemicals of potential concern (COPC) to be encountered at the site are VOCs, SVOCs, metals and PFAS related to the historical usage of the site as an oil terminal and/or the presence of historic fill material.

Applicable regulations at NYSDEC 6 NYCRR Part 375 provide soil cleanup objectives (SCOs) for Unrestricted Use, or restricted use based on the intended usage of the property. Restricted use SCOs include: Residential, Restricted Residential (single family houses not permitted), Commercial, or Industrial. Although the initial goal of the cleanup at the site was to achieve Track 1 status, based on impact identified during the 2021 RI, it is unlikely that Track 1 standards will be achieved, and it is likely that a Track 2 or Track 4 cleanup will be implemented, therefore soil sample results will be compared to the Restricted Residential SCOs, as the likely future intended use of the site is mixed use commercial/residential.

Groundwater sample results will be compared to the NYSDEC Class GA Ambient Water Quality Standards (AWQS) as specified in the Technical Operation and Guidance Series (TOGS 1.1.1) Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values and its addendums, including the February 2023 addendum which includes Guidance Values for 1,4-dioxane, and PFAS compounds PFOA and PFOS.

Soil vapor, indoor air and outdoor Air results will be compared to the Air Guideline Values (AGVs) and Soil Vapor/Indoor Air Decision Matrices specified in NYSDOH Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York and its updates.

PFAS soil data will be compared to the Guidance Values specified in NYSDEC's Sampling, Analysis, and Assessment of Per-And Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Under NYSDEC's Part 375 Remedial Programs (April 2023).

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4.0 OBJECTIVES SCOPE AND RATIONALE

Based on NYSDEC's comments on the Draft RIR, the scope of work for this SRI will include the following:

- Collection and analysis of additional soil samples from RI soil boring locations.
- Installation of additional cluster wells throughout the site, and collection and analysis of groundwater samples from each.
- Collection and analysis of additional soil vapor samples and evaluation of potential soil vapor intrusion within the existing office building.
- Additional evaluation of PFAS impact in AFFF testing areas.

4.1 Additional Soil Delineation

To further delineate soil impact identified during the RI, PWGC will install soil borings at the following RI soil boring locations:

SB003	SB004	SB005	SB010
SB011	SB012	SB014	SB017

Soil boring locations and RI analytical results are illustrated in **Figure 3**.

4.1.1 Sampling Protocol

Soil borings will be installed utilizing a Geoprobe® direct-push drill rig outfitted with a macro-core sampler and dedicated acetate liners. Soils will be collected continuously from ground surface to 20 feet below grade, or until no evidence of impact (PID response, etc.) is observed, whichever is shallower.

Soils will be classified by a hydrogeologist using the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) and recorded in a soil boring log. Boring logs will include USCS characterization data and field screening results.

Soil sample depths, analyses and rationale are as follows:

- SB003 – one sample collected from 3-5 feet bgs during the RI with VOCs exceeding POGWSCOs and metals exceeding RRSCOs. Based on this, two additional soil samples will be collected from 5 to 20 feet bgs: one from the interval exhibiting the greatest degree of impact, and one from a deeper two-foot interval exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB003 will be analyzed for VOCs and metals.
- SB004 – one sample collected from 0-2 feet bgs during the RI with VOCs and metals exceeding POGWSCOs. Based on this, two additional soil samples will be collected from 2 to 20 feet bgs: one from the interval exhibiting the greatest degree of impact, and one from a deeper two-foot interval

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exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB004 will be analyzed for VOCs and metals.

- SB005 – one sample collected from 3-5 feet bgs during the RI with VOCs exceeding POGWSCOs and SVOCs exceeding RRSCOs. Based on this, two additional soil samples will be collected from 5 to 20 feet bgs: one from the interval exhibiting the greatest degree of impact, and one from a deeper two-foot interval exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB005 will be analyzed for VOCs and metals.
- SB010 – samples collected from 4-6 feet bgs and 8-10 feet bgs during the RI. VOCs, SVOCs and metals exceeded RRSCOs in the 4-6 foot sample. There were no VOC RRSCO exceedances in the 8-10 foot sample; however that sample was not analyzed for SVOCs or metals. Based on this, two additional soil samples will be collected: one from 8-10 feet bgs, and one from a deeper two-foot interval exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB010 will be analyzed for SVOCs and metals.
- SB011 – samples collected from 4-6 feet bgs and 8-10 feet bgs during the RI. VOCs and metals exceeded RRSCOs in the 4-6 foot sample. There were no VOC RRSCO exceedances in the 8-10 foot sample; however that sample was not analyzed for metals. Based on this, two additional soil samples will be collected: one from 8-10 feet bgs, and one from a deeper two-foot interval exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB011 will be analyzed for metals.
- SB012 – samples collected from 5-7 feet bgs and 11-13 feet bgs during the RI. VOCs and metals exceeded RRSCOs in the 5-7 foot sample. VOCs exceeded RRSCOs in the 11-13 foot sample; however that sample was not analyzed for metals. Based on this, three additional soil samples will be collected, one from 11-13 feet bgs, and two will be collected from 13 to 20 feet bgs; one from the two-foot interval exhibiting the greatest degree of impact, and one from a deeper two-foot interval exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB013 will be analyzed for metals only (11-13 foot sample) and VOCs and metals in the deeper samples.
- SB014 – one sample collected from 2-4 feet bgs during the RI with VOCs exceeding POGWSCOs. Based on this, two additional soil samples will be collected from 4 to 20 feet bgs: one from the interval exhibiting the greatest degree of impact, and one from a deeper two-foot interval exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB014 will be analyzed for VOCs.
- SB017 – samples collected from 2-4 feet bgs and 8-10 feet bgs during the RI. VOCs exceeded POGWSCOs and metals exceeded RRSCOs in the 2-4 foot sample. There were no VOC UUSCO exceedances in the 8-10 foot sample; however that sample was not analyzed for metals. Based on this, two additional soil samples will be collected: one from 8-10 feet bgs, and one from a deeper two-foot interval exhibiting no evidence of impact. Samples from location SB017 will be analyzed for metals.

4.1.2 Sample Analysis

Laboratory analysis will be targeted based on the compounds detected at each location during the 2021 RI, and will include the following, as specified above:

- TCL VOCs by USEPA Method 8260
- TCL SVOCs by USEPA Method 8270
- TAL Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7471

Soil samples collected for VOCs will be discrete samples (non-composite and non-homogenous) collected in Terra-core (or equivalent) sampling devices to minimize VOC loss.

4.2 Additional Groundwater Delineation

To further delineate groundwater impact identified during the RI, PWGC will install six additional cluster wells throughout the site.

Proposed cluster well locations and RI analytical results are illustrated in **Figure 4**.

4.2.1 Cluster Well Installation

Cluster wells will be installed using a rotary drill rig outfitted for hollow stem auger (HSA) drilling. Cluster wells will consist of three one-inch monitoring wells of varying depths within one borehole.

Due to high levels of shallow CVOC impact at the site , efforts will be made to avoid cross contamination from shallow deeper depths. Drilling Equipment will be properly decontaminated prior to well installation, and bentonite seals will be installed between each cluster interval. However, it should be noted that due to the level of CVOC impact previously detected at the site, some cross contamination between shallow and deep may be unavoidable.

Cluster wells will be constructed of one-inch diameter schedule 40 PVC with five-foot screen sections with 0.010-inch slot size. The annulus around each screen section will be filled with #2 morie sand (or equivalent), to one foot above the well screen. A two-foot bentonite seal will be installed between each screen section. Wells screens will be set with one interval above the peat layer (approximately 5 to 10 feet below grade) and two intervals below the peat layer (approximately 20 to 25 and 30 to 35 feet below grade).

Cluster wells will be finished with flush mount curb boxes. Monitoring well construction logs will be prepared for each monitoring well.

4.2.2 *Cluster Well Development*

Following installation, cluster wells will be developed by over-pumping to restore the hydraulic properties of the aquifer. Well development will continue until the turbidity of the groundwater is less than or equal to 50 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs), or when pH, temperature, and conductivity measurements stabilize. Stabilization is considered achieved when three consecutive readings of these field parameters are within five percent of each other over a period of 15 minutes. Monitoring well development water will be containerized for off-site disposal.

4.2.3 *Cluster Well Sampling*

Groundwater samples will be collected from each new cluster well using a peristaltic pump in compliance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Low Stress (Low Flow) Purging and Sampling Procedure for The Collection of Groundwater Samples from Monitoring Wells (September 2017). New high-density polyethylene (HDPE) tubing will be used for each sample. Monitoring well purging data will be recorded in a well sampling log.

4.2.4 *Sample Analysis*

Groundwater samples will be analyzed for:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260 (Part 375 List)
- SVOCs by USEPA Method 8270 (Part 375 List)
- PFAS by USEPA Method 1633
- 1,4-Dioxane by USEPA Method 8270-SIM

4.3 Additional Soil Vapor Delineation

To further delineate soil vapor impact identified during the RI, PWGC will install four additional soil vapor sampling points throughout the site, and perform a soil vapor intrusion evaluation within the existing office building.

Soil vapor sampling point installation and sample collection will be performed in accordance with the NYSDOH Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York (October 2006).

Proposed soil vapor sampling points, proposed sub slab soil vapor/indoor sampling locations, and RI analytical results are illustrated in **Figure 5**.

4.3.1 *Soil Vapor Sample Point Installation*

Exterior sampling points will be installed using a Geoprobe® direct-push drill rig or manually driven rods to approximately one foot above the water table. Sub Sampling points will be constructed of a dedicated

stainless-steel screen fitted with inert tubing (e.g. polyethylene or Teflon®) to grade. Porous, inert backfill material (e.g., glass beads, washed #1 crushed stone, etc.) will be added to create a sampling zone 1 to 2 feet in length. The sampling point will be sealed above the sampling zone with bentonite slurry for a minimum distance of three feet (if possible, depending on the depth top groundwater) to prevent outdoor air infiltration and the remainder of the borehole will be backfilled with clean material.

Sub-slab vapor points will be installed no more than two inches below the bottom of the floor slab utilizing a hammer drill to create the opening in the slab. Porous, inert backfill material (e.g., glass beads, washed #1 crushed stone, etc.) will be added to create a sampling zone. A seal will be created around the sub-slab vapor point using hydrated bentonite (or equivalent) to prevent infiltration of ambient air into the sub-slab vapor sample.

4.3.2 Soil Vapor Sampling Protocol

Soil vapor samples will be collected not less than 24 hours after installation. Prior to sampling approximately two to three probe volumes will be purged at a flow rate less than 0.2 liters per minute. VOC concentrations will be recorded during purging utilizing a PID. As part of the vapor intrusion evaluation, a tracer gas will be used in accordance with NYSDOH protocols to serve as a quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) device to verify the integrity of the soil vapor probe seal. Helium will be used as the tracer gas and a box will serve to keep it in contact with the probe during testing. A portable monitoring device will be used to analyze a sample of soil vapor for the tracer prior to sampling. If the tracer sample results show a significant presence of the tracer, the probe seals will be adjusted to prevent infiltration. At the conclusion of the sampling round, tracer monitoring will be performed a second time to confirm the integrity of the probe seals.

Soil vapor samples will be collected using six-liter SUMMA® canisters fitted with a pre-set flow regulator (approximately 8.3 milliliter per minute (mL/min)). The laboratory will provide batch certified-clean canisters with an initial vacuum of approximately 26 inches of mercury (in. of Hg) for sample collection and flow regulators pre-set to provide uniform sample collection over an approximate two-hour sampling period. Sample collection will be ceased (i.e., the valve on the canister closed) when approximately 2 in. of Hg vacuum remains in the canister, leaving a vacuum in the canister as a means for the laboratory to verify the canister did not leak while in transit.

4.3.3 Indoor/Outdoor Air Sampling Protocol

One indoor air sample will be collected from within the office building at the same location as the sub-slab sample location. One outdoor (ambient) air sample will be collected from the upwind property boundary

(as determined based on weather conditions the day of sampling). Indoor and outdoor air samples will be collected from the breathing zone (approximately three to five feet above floor level).

Indoor and outdoor air samples will be collected using six-liter SUMMA® canisters fitted with a pre-set flow regulator (approximately 8.3 milliliter per minute (mL/min)). The laboratory will provide batch certified-clean canisters with an initial vacuum of approximately 26 inches of mercury (in. of Hg) for sample collection and flow regulators pre-set to provide uniform sample collection over an approximate two-hour sampling period. Sample collection will be ceased (i.e., the valve on the canister closed) when approximately 2 in. of Hg vacuum remains in the canister, leaving a vacuum in the canister as a means for the laboratory to verify the canister did not leak while in transit.

4.3.4 Sample Analysis

Soil vapor and air samples will be analyzed for VOCs by USEPA Method TO-15.

4.4 PFAS Soil Evaluation

Groundwater sampling performed during the 2021 RI identified elevated concentrations of PFOA and PFOS throughout the site. However, no elevated PFOA or PFOS concentrations were detected in soils samples collected during the RI. The fire suppression system that was in use when the site was in operation as an oil terminal used PFAS based aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) as a fire suppressant. Based on information provided by the previous oil terminal operator (Global Partners LP) and obtained via Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request to the Nassau County Fire Marshal (see **Appendix A**):

- It appears that testing of the AFFF fire suppression system was limited to areas within the tank containment dikes.
- The fire suppression system for the fueling racks did not use an AFFF based system.
- According to Global, AFFF was reportedly removed with a vac-truck after system tests were complete.

4.4.1 PFAS Sampling Protocol

To evaluate potential PFAS impact to soil, surficial soil samples will be collected from within the tank containment dikes and the fire suppression foam storage room. Sample locations will be biased toward low lying areas where spent AFFF would have been likely to pool during fire suppression system testing. A total of seven borings will be installed with a minimum of two soil samples from each boring location submitted for laboratory analysis.

Reported AFFF testing areas and proposed boring locations are illustrated in **Figure 6**.

Surficial soil samples will be collected using a stainless-steel hand auger, or similar. Soils will be collected continuously from ground surface to approximately three feet bgs. A minimum of two soil samples from each boring location, o to 6 inches bgs and 6 to 36 inches bgs, will be submitted for laboratory analysis.

4.4.2 Sample Analysis

Soil samples will be analyzed for PFAS by USEPA Method 1633.

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5.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN

This Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) presents the objectives, functional activities, methods, and QA/QC requirements associated with sample collection and laboratory analysis for characterization activities. The QAPP follows requirements detailed in DER-10, Section 2.

5.1 Project Organization

The investigative efforts defined in this RIWP will be implemented by PWGC on behalf of Commander Terminals Holdings, LLC. The following identifies the responsibilities of various organizations supporting the RI:

- The NYSDEC Project Manager (Yildiz Palumbo) will be responsible for reviewing and approving this work plan, coordinating approval of requested modifications, and providing guidance on regulatory requirements.
- The PWGC Program Manager (James Rhodes and/or Paul Boyce) will provide technical expertise for review of the project plans, reports and ongoing field activities.
- The PWGC Quality Assurance Manager (Andrew Lockwood) will confirm the quality of work associated with the project is in accordance with all project plans.
- PWGC Project Manager (Thomas Melia) will be responsible for the day-to-day project management, task leadership, and project engineering support and for the planning and implementation of RI activities. The Project Manager is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of this RI work plan are implemented. The project manager will also act as the Site Health and Safety Manager (HSM).
- PWGC Field Team Leader (Issac White or designee) will be responsible for sample collection, oversight of subcontractor personnel, and coordination of daily field activities. The Field Team Leader will act as the Site Health and Safety Officer ensuring implementation of the Site Health and Safety Plan.
- A NYSDOH Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP) certified laboratory (to be determined) will be contracted to perform required analyses and reporting, including Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) Category B Deliverables, which will allow for data validation.
- An independent third-party data validator (to be determined) will be contracted to perform data validation and prepare a Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) in accordance with Section 5.7.
- Subcontractors will perform surveying, drilling, and/or sampling at the direction of the Field Team Leader in accordance with this work plan.

5.2 Laboratory Analysis

Requirements for sample analysis are described below. All samples will be submitted to a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory for analysis. Analytical methods, preservation, container requirements, and holding times are summarized below:

ANALYTICAL METHODS (SOIL)

Analyte/ Analyte Group	Matrix	Method/ SOP	Container(s) (number, size & type per sample)	Preservation	Preparation Holding Time	Analytical Holding Time	Estimated Number of Samples to be Collected
TAL Metals	Soil	EPA 6010C	1 x 2 oz, glass	Metals ex	6 months	6 months	12
TCL VOCs	Soil	EPA 8260C	3 x 40 ml VOA, glass vial	1 x Methanol 2 x DI H_2O Cool ≤ 4 °C	48 hours	14 Days	10
TCL SVOCs	Soil	EPA 8270D	1 x 8 oz, glass	Cool ≤ 4 °C	14 days	40 days	4
PFAS	Soil	EPA 1633	1 x 8 oz, glass	None	14 days	28 days	6
1,4-Dioxane*	Soil	EPA 8270D	1 x 8 oz, glass	Cool ≤ 4 °C	14 days	40 days	4
*If necessary, SIM Mode will be used to meet the required detection limit of 0.1 ppm							

ANALYTICAL METHODS (GROUNDWATER)

Analyte/ Analyte Group	Matrix	Method/ SOP	Container(s) (number, size & type per sample)	Preservation	Preparation Holding Time	Analytical Holding Time	Estimated Number of Samples to be Collected
VOCs	Water	EPA 8260C	3 x 40 ml VOA, glass vial	HCl Cool ≤ 4 °C	48 hours	14 Days	18
SVOCs	Water	EPA 8270D	2 x 1000 ml, amber glass	Cool ≤ 4 °C	7 days	40 days	18
PFAS	Water	EPA 1633	4 x 250 ml HDPE, unlined cap	Cool < 4 °C	14 days	28 days	18
1,4-Dioxane*	Water	EPA 8270D SIM Mode	2 x 1000 ml, amber glass	Cool ≤ 4 °C	7 days	40 days	18
*SIM Mode to be used to meet required detection limit of 0.35 ug/L							

ANALYTICAL METHODS (SOIL VAPOR/AIR)

Analyte/ Analyte Group	Matrix	Method/ SOP	Container(s) (number, size & type per sample)	Preservation	Preparation Holding Time	Analytical Holding Time	Estimated Number of Samples to be Collected
VOCs*	Soil Vapor/Air	EPA TO-15	1 x 6L SUMMA	None	30 Days	30 Days	7
*If necessary, SIM Mode will be used to meet the required detection limits.							

Reporting limits for PFAS compounds should be less than or equal to 2 ng/L (ppt) for aqueous samples and 0.5 µg/kg (ppb) for solid samples. Reporting limits for 1,4-dioxane should be less than or equal to 0.35 ug/l (ppb) for aqueous samples and 0.1 mg/kg (ppm) for solid samples.

In accordance with the NYSDOH-Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York (Oct. 2006, and revised versions), indoor and ambient air sample laboratory reporting limits for five compounds, namely trichloroethene; cis 1,2-dichloroethene; 1,1-dichloroethene; carbon tetrachloride and vinyl chloride are required to be 0.20 micrograms per cubic meter (µg/m3) or less. These detection limits can be achieved by using EPA Method TO-15, Select Ion Monitoring (SIM).

5.2.1 Soil Samples

Soil samples will be collected as described in Sections 4.1 and 4.4. Analysis will conform to NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) Category B data deliverables in accordance with NYSDEC DER-10, Appendix 2B, 1.0 (b), including calibration standards, surrogate recoveries, and chromatograms.

5.2.2 Groundwater Samples

Groundwater samples will be collected as described in Section 4.2. Analysis will conform to NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) Category B data deliverables in accordance with NYSDEC DER-10, Appendix 2B, 1.0 (b), including calibration standards, surrogate recoveries, and chromatograms.

5.3 Field/Laboratory Data Control Requirements

Quality Control (QC) procedures will be followed in the field and at the laboratory to facilitate that reliable data are obtained. When performing field sampling, care shall be taken to prevent the cross-contamination of sampling equipment, sample bottles, and other equipment that could compromise sample integrity. QC samples will include the following:

- Blind Duplicates – one per 20 environmental samples for each matrix sampled.
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) - one per 20 environmental samples for each matrix sampled.
- Equipment Blank – one for each sample methodology.
- Field Blank – one per day when PFAS samples are collected.
- Trip Blank – one per cooler containing VOC samples.

ESTIMATED QA/QC SAMPLE FREQUENCY

QA/QC Sample Type	Est. Total Soil Samples	Est. Days of Soil Sampling	Est. Total Soil QA/QC Samples	Est. Total Groundwater Samples	Est. Days of Groundwater Sampling	Est. Total Groundwater QA/QC Samples
Blind Duplicate	20	3	1	18	2	1
MS/MSD	20	3	1	18	2	1
Equipment Blank	20	3	2	18	2	1
Field Blank	20	3	1	18	2	2
Trip Blank	20	3	2	18	2	2

QA/QC Sample analysis will conform to NYSDEC ASP Category B data deliverables in accordance with NYSDEC DER-10, Appendix 2B, 1.0 (b), including calibration standards, surrogate recoveries, and chromatograms.

5.4 Special Sampling Considerations for PFAS Sampling

There are several potential sources of PFAS that could contribute to the cross-contamination of environmental samples collected during the RI. Weatherproof clothing, pens, logbooks, cosmetics, personal hygiene products, insect repellents, and sampling equipment could contain PFAS that could lead to false positive sampling results.

To ensure that the analytical results obtained during the RI are representative of the actual site conditions several measures should be taken:

- Collection of appropriate field QA/QC samples (blanks, duplicates, equipment rinseate samples, etc.) as detailed in Section 5.3.
- Analysis by the analytical laboratory using established laboratory QA/QC procedures and methods as detailed in Section 5.3.
- During decon, non-dedicated equipment to be used for PFAS sampling will be rinsed with PFAS free water supplied by the laboratory. Equipment will be allowed to fully air dry before use.
- New high-density polyethylene (HDPE) tubing shall be used at each sample location.
- Groundwater samples will be collected in laboratory supplied HDPE containers.

- New nitrile gloves shall be worn between each sample interval.
- Only clean cotton or synthetic clothes shall be worn – preferably washed more than six times, and without the use of fabric softeners. No waterproof or insecticide treated clothing, boots or rain jackets made or treated with Teflon products shall be used at the collection site. This includes all Gore-Tex® and Tyvek® products.
- Do not apply moisturizers or hand creams to hands or face on the day of sampling. No sunblock or insect repellants. Do not bring packaged food to the work site or use aluminum foil.
- Field notes shall be taken using a computer tablet or by using ink pens on non-water proof plain paper attached to a metal clipboard. Do not use Sharpies or markers. Transcribe field notes to Chain-of-Custody forms and official field books when back in the office after the collection process.
- For groundwater samples use only laboratory supplied 250 ml polypropylene sample bottles. Sample bottles should be pre-preserved by the laboratory, if dictated by the analysis method.
- Print labels before going into the field and apply to the sample containers.
- Use only laboratory supplied PFAS-free water for trip, field and equipment blanks.
- Place each sample container in a separate polypropylene zip-lock bag.
- For the shipping coolers, use only regular crushed ice packaged in polypropylene zip-lock plastic bags.
- Use only laboratory supplied shipping coolers that were used to ship sample containers for this project. Tape the cooler shut before shipping samples to the laboratory.

5.5 Sample Identification

Each sample will be identified with a set of information relating individual sample characteristics. Required information consists of sample designation, depth, date, time, and matrix. Examples of sample IDs are shown below.

- SB001 (0-2') (soil sample, boring 001 from 0 to 2 feet)
- GW001 (6-8') (groundwater sample, soil boring 001 from 6 to 8 feet)
- MW004 (groundwater sample, permanent monitoring well 004)
- CW001 (10-15') (groundwater sample, cluster well 001, 10 to 15 foot interval)
- SV001 (soil vapor point 001)
- SS001 (sub-slab vapor point 001)
- IA001 (indoor air sample 001)
- AA001 (ambient air quality sample 001)

Sample frequency, locations, depths, and nomenclature may change subject to field decisions and professional judgment.

5.6 Chain-of-Custody, Sample Packaging and Shipment

Each day that samples are collected, a chain-of-custody/request for analysis form will be completed and submitted to the laboratory with samples to be analyzed. A copy of the chain-of-custody will be retained by the Project Manager. The chain-of-custody will include the project name, sampler's signature, sample IDs, date and time of sample collection, and analysis requested.

Samples will be packaged and shipped in a manner that maintains sample preservation requirements during transport (i.e., ice to keep samples cool until receipt at the laboratory), ensures that sample holding times can be achieved by the laboratory, and prevents samples from being tampered with.

If a commercial carrier ships samples, a bill of lading (waybill) will be used as documentation of sample custody. Receipts for bills of lading and other documentation of shipment shall be maintained as part of the permanent custody documentation. Commercial carriers are not required to sign the chain-of-custody as long as it is enclosed in the shipping container and evidence tape (custody seal) remains in place on the shipping container.

5.7 Data Usability and Validation

The main purpose of the data is for use in defining the extent of contamination at the site, to aid in evaluation of potential human health and ecological exposure assessments, and to support remedial action decisions. Based upon this, data usability and validation will be performed as described below. Complete data packages will be archived in the project files, and if deemed necessary additional validation can be performed using procedures in the following sections.

5.7.1 Data Usability and Validation Requirements

Data usability and validation are performed on analytical data sets, primarily to confirm that sampling and chain-of-custody documentation are complete, sample IDs can be tied to specific sampling locations, samples were analyzed within the required holding times, and analyses are reported in conformance with NYSDEC ASP, Category B data deliverable requirements as applicable to the method utilized.

5.7.2 Data Usability and Validation Methods

A designee of the PWGC Project Manager will complete a data usability evaluation for the data collected during the RI and a data usability summary report (DUSR) will be prepared. The DUSR will be prepared in accordance with NYSDEC DER-10, Appendix 2B.

Independent third-party data validation will be performed on 5% of the sample data, or on one sample from each sample delivery group (SDG), whichever is greater. Data validation will be performed by a qualified subcontractor independent of the project.

5.8 Field Equipment Calibration

Equipment will be inspected and approved by the Field Team Leader before being used. Equipment will be calibrated to factory specifications, if required. Monitoring equipment will be calibrated following manufacturers recommended schedules. Daily field response checks and calibrations will be performed as necessary (e.g., PID calibrations) following the manufacturer's standard operating procedures. Equipment calibrations will be documented in a designated field logbook.

5.9 Equipment Decontamination

In order to minimize the potential for cross-contamination, non-dedicated drilling and sampling equipment shall be properly decontaminated prior to and between sampling/drilling locations.

5.9.1 General Procedures

Drilling equipment will be decontaminated in a designated area. Sampling equipment and probes will be decontaminated in an area covered with plastic sheeting near the sampling location. Waste material generated during decontamination activities will be containerized, stored and disposed of in accordance with the procedures detailed in Section 5.10. Decontamination of sampling equipment shall be kept to a minimum, and wherever possible, dedicated sampling equipment shall be used. Personnel directly involved in equipment decontamination shall wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

5.9.2 Drilling Equipment

Drilling equipment shall be decontaminated prior to performance of the first boring and between all subsequent borings. This shall include hand tools, casing, augers, drill rods, temporary well material and other related tools and equipment. Water used during drilling and/or steam cleaning operations shall be from a potable source.

5.9.3 Sampling Equipment

Sampling equipment (e.g., trowels, knives, split-spoons, bowls, hand augers, etc...) will be decontaminated prior to each use as follows:

- Laboratory-grade glassware detergent and tap water scrub to remove visual contamination.
- Generous tap water rinse.
- Distilled water rinse.

5.9.4 *Meters and Probes*

All meters and probes that are used in the field (other than those used solely for air monitoring purposes, e.g., PID meters) will be decontaminated between uses as follows:

- Laboratory-grade detergent and tap water solution wash.
- Tap water rinse.
- Distilled water rinse (triple rinse).

5.10 Management of Investigation Derived Waste

Waste materials generated from the field operations may consist of soil cuttings, purge water, and miscellaneous solid materials such as personal protective equipment (PPE) and supplies. Investigative derived waste (IDW) generated during field operations will be disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations.

Soil cuttings generated from soil boring and well installation activities will be stored in 55-gallon drums. Drums will be labeled to indicate the source of the material and will be stored in a designated area on-site. Soil cores and cuttings will be field screened using a PID, while performing drilling operations. Drummed material will be disposed of at an off-site disposal facility. Following receipt of the analytical results, recommendations for disposition of the drummed material will be provided to the NYSDEC.

Development and purge water generated during the field activities will be stored in a portable holding tank and/or 55-gallon drums. Drums will be labeled to indicate the source of the fluid and will be stored in a designated area on-site. Drummed groundwater will be sampled to determine if discharge to the surface of the site is appropriate or off-site disposal is required. Following receipt of the groundwater sampling results, recommendations for disposition of the water will be provided to NYSDEC.

5.11 Field Documentation

Documentation will take place on either appropriate forms or in a dedicated site logbook. Permanent black or blue ink will be used to record information in the logbook. Errors in field documentation will be lined through, initialed, dated, and corrected. Forms will be kept by the PWGC Field Team Leader during the field activities. Field activities will be documented in the field logbook. The logbook will contain waterproof pages that are consecutively numbered and be permanently bound with a hard cover. Upon completion of daily activities, unused portions of pages will be lined-through and initialed.

The primary purpose of the field logbook is to document the daily field activities and to provide descriptions of each activity. All entries in the field logbook will be recorded and dated by person making the entry.

6.0 REPORTING

SRI data will be incorporated into a revised RIR. The revised RIR will include the methods and findings of the investigation activities performed as outlined in this work plan. The report will identify specific contamination concentrations throughout each media (e.g., soil, groundwater, etc.), delineate the extent of contamination in soil and groundwater, evaluate potential exposure pathways, and provide conclusions and recommendations for additional investigation and/or remedial action. Electronic copies of the Investigation Report will be submitted to the NYSDEC along with hard copies. Analytical results of the investigation will be submitted in the electronic data delivery (EDD) format through the Department's environmental information management system.

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7.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY

Field operations will be performed in accordance with the health and safety requirements to be provided in the site-specific project Health and Safety Plan (HASP) dated October 2020. The HASP is included as **Appendix B**. The HASP outlines the requirements for training, medical surveillance, daily tailgate meetings, emergency response, and accident and injury reporting.

Activity hazard analyses (AHAs) have been completed for identified work activities planned for the investigation.

The PWGC Field Team Leader will be responsible for implementing the HASP, completing the daily tailgate safety meetings and performing necessary Industrial Hygiene (IH) monitoring as specified in the HASP.

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8.0 COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

Community air monitoring to provide measures for protection for the downwind community from potential airborne contaminants as a direct result of the Remedial Investigation will be performed in accordance with the project Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) dated October 2020. The CAMP is included as **Appendix C**.

The Community Air Monitoring Plan will be implemented and executed in accordance with the New York State Department of Health's (NYSDOH) Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan.

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FIGURES

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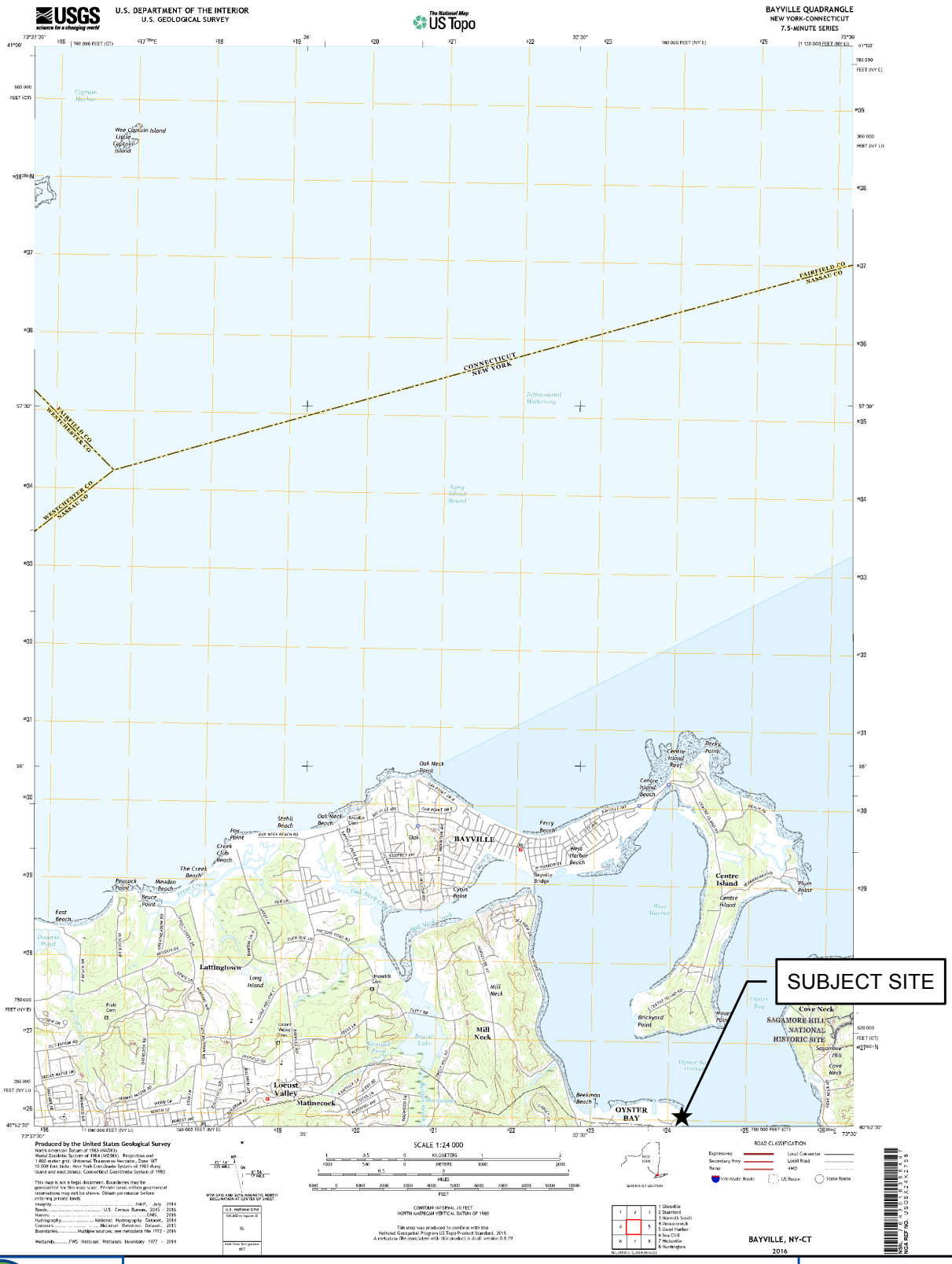

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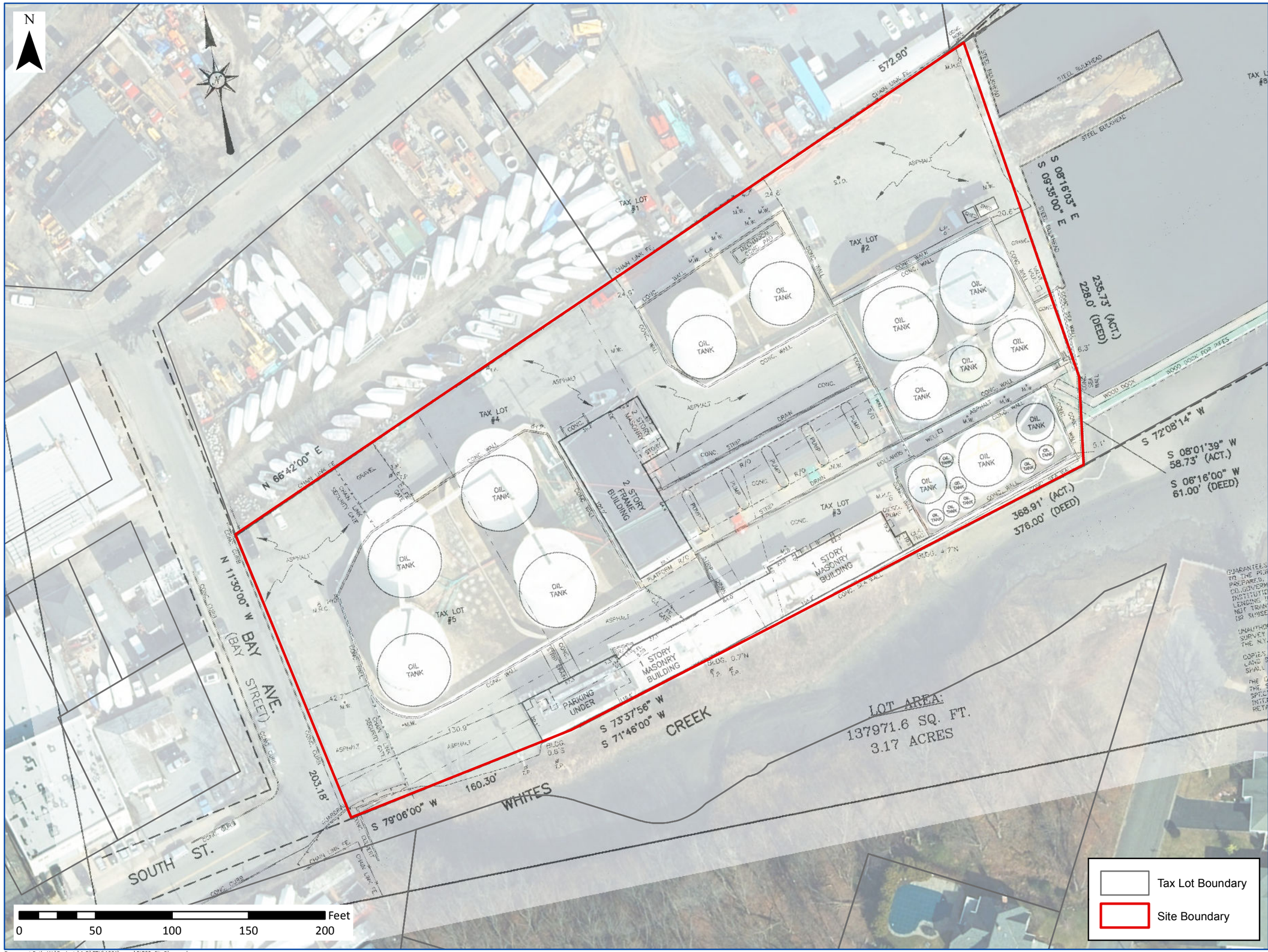
SITE LOCATION

1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, NY

0 ¼ ½ Miles

Project:	CTH1901
Date:	7/17/2019
Designed by:	TM
Drawn by:	TS
Approved by:	TM
Figure No:	1

Document Path: W:\Projects\A-D\CTH\1901\maps\FIG01_SiteLocation.mxd



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DRAWING PREPARED FOR:

REVISION	DATE	INITIAL	COMMENTS

DRAWING INFORMATION:

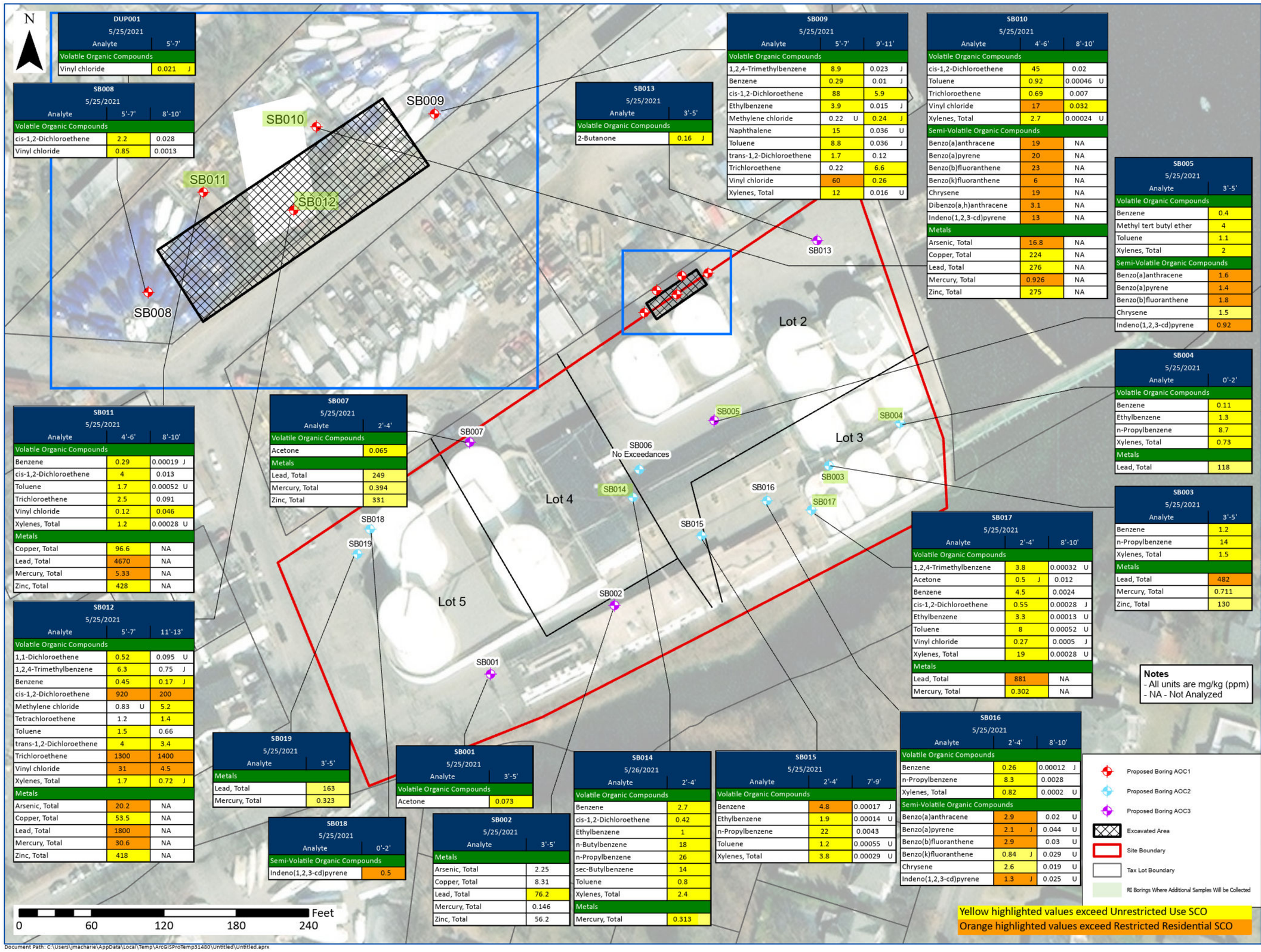
Project:	CTH1901	Designed by:	TM
Date:	7/16/2019	Drawn by:	TS
Scale:	AS SHOWN	Approved by:	TM

SITE PLAN

1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, NY

FIGURE NO:

2



DUP001
5/25/2021

Analyte	5'-7'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Vinyl chloride	0.021 J

SB008
5/25/2021

Analyte	5'-7'	8'-10'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2.2	0.028
Vinyl chloride	0.85	0.0013

SB011
5/25/2021

Analyte	4'-6'	8'-10'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
Benzene	0.29	0.00019 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4	0.013
Toluene	1.7	0.00052 U
Trichloroethene	2.5	0.091
Vinyl chloride	0.12	0.046
Xylenes, Total	1.2	0.00028 U
Metals		
Copper, Total	96.6	NA
Lead, Total	4670	NA
Mercury, Total	5.33	NA
Zinc, Total	428	NA

SB012
5/25/2021

Analyte	5'-7'	11'-13'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.52	0.095 U
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	6.3	0.75 J
Benzene	0.45	0.17 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	920	200
Methylene chloride	0.83 U	5.2
Tetrachloroethene	1.2	1.4
Toluene	1.5	0.66
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	4	3.4
Trichloroethene	1300	1400
Vinyl chloride	31	4.5
Xylenes, Total	1.7	0.72 J
Metals		
Arsenic, Total	20.2	NA
Copper, Total	53.5	NA
Lead, Total	1800	NA
Mercury, Total	30.6	NA
Zinc, Total	418	NA

SB007
5/25/2021

Analyte	2'-4'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Acetone	0.065
Metals	
Lead, Total	249
Mercury, Total	0.394
Zinc, Total	331

SB019
5/25/2021

Analyte	3'-5'
Metals	
Lead, Total	163
Mercury, Total	0.323

SB018
5/25/2021

Analyte	0'-2'
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.5

SB001
5/25/2021

Analyte	3'-5'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Acetone	0.073

SB002
5/25/2021

Analyte	3'-5'
Metals	
Arsenic, Total	2.25
Copper, Total	8.31
Lead, Total	76.2
Mercury, Total	0.146
Zinc, Total	56.2

SB014
5/26/2021

Analyte	2'-4'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzene	2.7
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.42
Ethylbenzene	1
n-Butylbenzene	18
n-Propylbenzene	26
sec-Butylbenzene	14
Toluene	0.8
Xylenes, Total	2.4
Metals	
Mercury, Total	0.313

SB015
5/25/2021

Analyte	2'-4'	7'-9'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
Benzene	4.8	0.00017 J
Ethylbenzene	1.9	0.00014 U
n-Propylbenzene	22	0.0043
Toluene	1.2	0.00055 U
Xylenes, Total	3.8	0.00029 U

SB009
5/25/2021

Analyte	5'-7'	9'-11'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	8.9	0.023 J
Benzene	0.29	0.01 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	88	5.9
Ethylbenzene	3.9	0.015 J
Methylene chloride	0.22 U	0.24 J
Naphthalene	15	0.036 U
Toluene	8.8	0.036 J
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.7	0.12
Trichloroethene	0.22	6.6
Vinyl chloride	60	0.26
Xylenes, Total	12	0.016 U

SB013
5/25/2021

Analyte	3'-5'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
2-Butanone	0.16 J

SB010
5/25/2021

Analyte	4'-6'	8'-10'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	45	0.02
Toluene	0.92	0.00046 U
Trichloroethene	0.69	0.007
Vinyl chloride	17	0.032
Xylenes, Total	2.7	0.00024 U
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds		
Benzo(a)anthracene	19	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	20	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	23	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6	NA
Chrysene	19	NA
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	3.1	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	13	NA
Metals		
Arsenic, Total	16.8	NA
Copper, Total	224	NA
Lead, Total	276	NA
Mercury, Total	0.926	NA
Zinc, Total	275	NA

SB017
5/25/2021

Analyte	2'-4'	8'-10'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.8	0.00032 U
Acetone	0.5 J	0.012
Benzene	4.5	0.0024
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.55	0.00028 J
Ethylbenzene	3.3	0.00013 U
Toluene	8	0.00052 U
Vinyl chloride	0.27	0.0005 J
Xylenes, Total	19	0.00028 U
Metals		
Lead, Total	881	NA
Mercury, Total	0.302	NA

SB016
5/25/2021

Analyte	2'-4'	8'-10'
Volatile Organic Compounds		
Benzene	0.26	0.00012 J
n-Propylbenzene	8.3	0.0028
Xylenes, Total	0.82	0.0002 U
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds		
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.9	0.02 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.1 J	0.044 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.9	0.03 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.84 J	0.029 U
Chrysene	2.6	0.019 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.3 J	0.025 U

SB005
5/25/2021

Analyte	3'-5'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzene	0.4
Methyl tert butyl ether	4
Toluene	1.1
Xylenes, Total	2
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.6
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.8
Chrysene	1.5
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.92

SB004
5/25/2021

Analyte	0'-2'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzene	0.11
Ethylbenzene	1.3
n-Propylbenzene	8.7
Xylenes, Total	0.73
Metals	
Lead, Total	118

SB003
5/25/2021

Analyte	3'-5'
Benzene	1.2
n-Propylbenzene	14
Xylenes, Total	1.5
Metals	
Lead, Total	482
Mercury, Total	0.711
Zinc, Total	130

Notes
- All units are mg/kg (ppm)
- NA - Not Analyzed

Proposed Boring AOC1
Proposed Boring AOC2
Proposed Boring AOC3
Excavated Area
Site Boundary
Tax Lot Boundary
RI Borings Where Additional Samples Will be Collected

Yellow highlighted values exceed Unrestricted Use SCO
Orange highlighted values exceed Restricted Residential SCO

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Date:	8/1/2023	Drawn by:	PH
Scale:	AS SHOWN	Approved by:	TM

RI Soil Data + Boring Locations

1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, NY

FIGURE NO:

3

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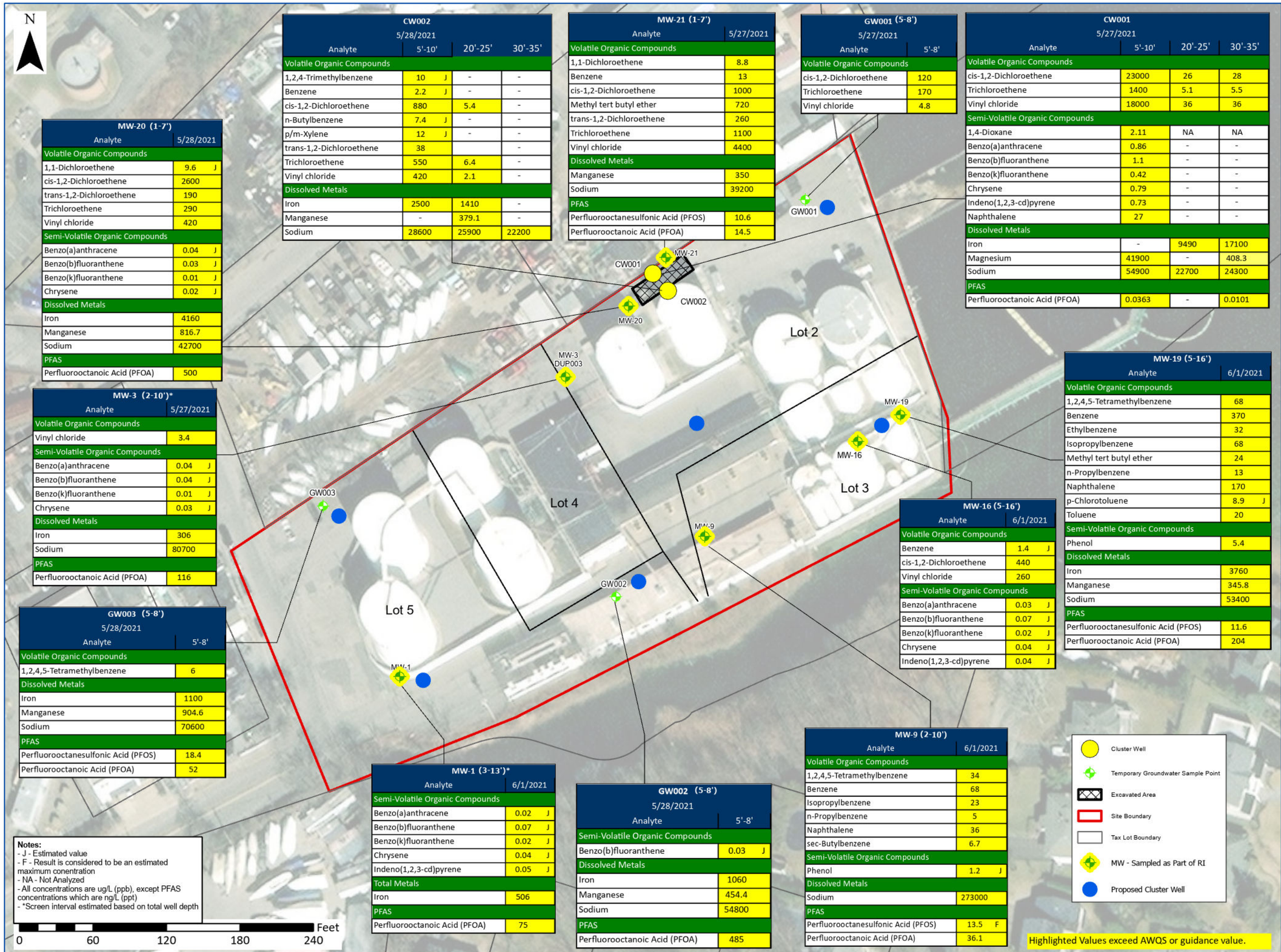

CW002
5/28/2021

Analyte	5'-10'	20'-25'	30'-35'
Volatile Organic Compounds			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	10 J	-	-
Benzene	2.2 J	-	-
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	880	5.4	-
n-Butylbenzene	7.4 J	-	-
p/m-Xylene	12 J	-	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	38		-
Trichloroethene	550	6.4	-
Vinyl chloride	420	2.1	-
Dissolved Metals			
Iron	2500	1410	-
Manganese	-	379.1	-
Sodium	28600	25900	22200

MW-21 (1-7')

Analyte	5/27/2021
Volatile Organic Compounds	
1,1-Dichloroethene	8.8
Benzene	13
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1000
Methyl tert butyl ether	720
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	260
Trichloroethene	1100
Vinyl chloride	4400
Dissolved Metals	
Manganese	350
Sodium	39200
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS)	10.6
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	14.5

GW001 (5-8')
5/27/2021

Analyte	5'-8'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	120
Trichloroethene	170
Vinyl chloride	4.8

CW001
5/27/2021

Analyte	5'-10'	20'-25'	30'-35'
Volatile Organic Compounds			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	23000	26	28
Trichloroethene	1400	5.1	5.5
Vinyl chloride	18000	36	36
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds			
1,4-Dioxane	2.11	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.86	-	-
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.1	-	-
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.42	-	-
Chrysene	0.79	-	-
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.73	-	-
Naphthalene	27	-	-
Dissolved Metals			
Iron	-	9490	17100
Magnesium	41900	-	408.3
Sodium	54900	22700	24300
PFAS			
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	0.0363	-	0.0101

MW-20 (1-7')

Analyte	5/28/2021
Volatile Organic Compounds	
1,1-Dichloroethene	9.6 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2600
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	190
Trichloroethene	290
Vinyl chloride	420
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.04 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.03 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.01 J
Chrysene	0.02 J
Dissolved Metals	
Iron	4160
Manganese	816.7
Sodium	42700
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	500

MW-19 (5-16')

Analyte	6/1/2021
Volatile Organic Compounds	
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	68
Benzene	370
Ethylbenzene	32
Isopropylbenzene	68
Methyl tert butyl ether	24
n-Propylbenzene	13
Naphthalene	170
p-Chlorotoluene	8.9 J
Toluene	20
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Phenol	5.4
Dissolved Metals	
Iron	3760
Manganese	345.8
Sodium	53400
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS)	11.6
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	204

MW-3 (2-10')*

Analyte	5/27/2021
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Vinyl chloride	3.4
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.04 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.04 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.01 J
Chrysene	0.03 J
Dissolved Metals	
Iron	306
Sodium	80700
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	116

MW-16 (5-16')

Analyte	6/1/2021
Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzene	1.4 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	440
Vinyl chloride	260
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.03 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.07 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.02 J
Chrysene	0.04 J
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.04 J

GW003 (5-8')
5/28/2021

Analyte	5'-8'
Volatile Organic Compounds	
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	6
Dissolved Metals	
Iron	1100
Manganese	904.6
Sodium	70600
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS)	18.4
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	52

MW-1 (3-13')*

Analyte	6/1/2021
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.02 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.07 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.02 J
Chrysene	0.04 J
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.05 J
Total Metals	
Iron	506
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	75

GW002 (5-8')
5/28/2021

Analyte	5'-8'
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.03 J
Dissolved Metals	
Iron	1060
Manganese	454.4
Sodium	54800
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	485

MW-9 (2-10')

Analyte	6/1/2021
Volatile Organic Compounds	
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	34
Benzene	68
Isopropylbenzene	23
n-Propylbenzene	5
Naphthalene	36
sec-Butylbenzene	6.7
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	
Phenol	1.2 J
Dissolved Metals	
Sodium	273000
PFAS	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS)	13.5 F
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	36.1

Notes:
- J - Estimated value
- F - Result is considered to be an estimated maximum conentration
- NA - Not Analyzed
- All concentrations are ug/L (ppb), except PFAS concentrations which are ng/L (ppt)
- *Screen interval estimated based on total well depth

Cluster Well
Temporary Groundwater Sample Point
Excavated Area
Site Boundary
Tax Lot Boundary
MW - Sampled as Part of RI
Proposed Cluster Well

Highlighted Values exceed AWQS or guidance value.

Document Path: W:\Projects\A-D\CTH\1901\maps\RI\RI\RI.aprx

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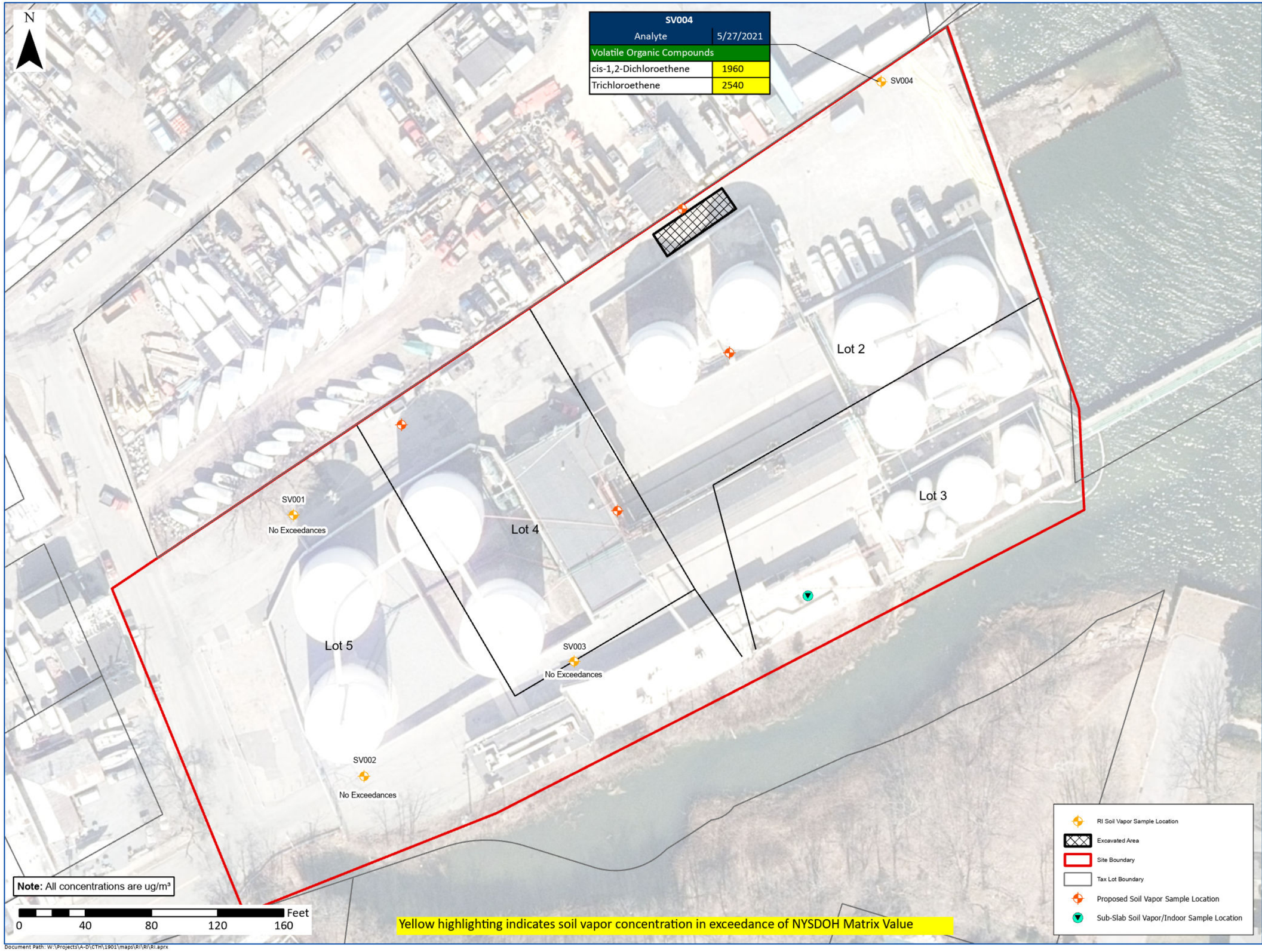
RI Groundwater Data + Proposed Well Locations

1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, NY

FIGURE NO:

4



SV004	
Analyte	5/27/2021
Volatile Organic Compounds	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1960
Trichloroethene	2540

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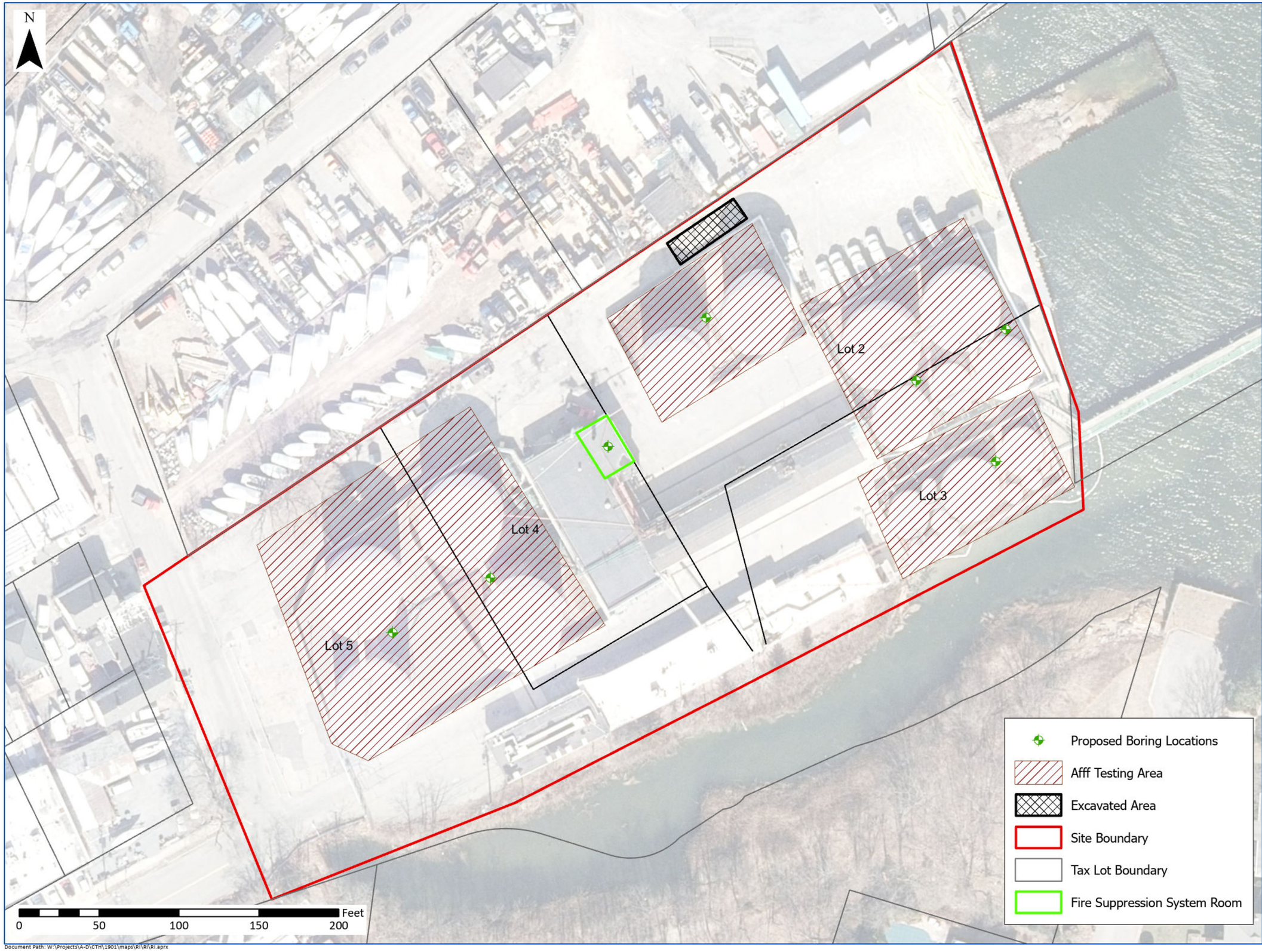
RI Soil Vapor Data + Proposed Soil Vapor Sample Locations

1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, NY

FIGURE NO:

5

Document Path: W:\Projects\A-D\CTH\1901\maps\RI\RI\RI.aprx



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Reported Afff Testing Areas and Proposed Boring Locations

1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, NY

FIGURE NO:

6

APPENDIX A

AFFF TESTING DOCUMENTATION

P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING, INC • P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING ENGINEER & HYDROGEOLOGIST, PC
631.589.6353 • WWW.PWGROSSER.COM • PWGC.INFO@PWGROSSER.COM
BOHEMIA • MANHATTAN • SARATOGA SPRINGS • SYRACUSE • SHELTON, CT

Gmail

Thomas Melia <thomasm@pwgrosser.com>

Nassau County FOIL - DO NOT REPLY

1 message

NassauCountyFoils@nassaucountyny.gov <NassauCountyFoils@nassaucountyny.gov> Wed, Jun 28, 2023 at 8:49 AM
To: thomasm@pwgrosser.com

NASSAU COUNTY
LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK

Nassau County FOIL Request
Fire Commission - Hazardous Materials Division

Dear **Thomas Melia**,

Below is a copy of the foil request you have recently submitted for your records:

FOIL Reference Number: 332981

Department:	Fire Commission - Hazardous Materials Division
Requested Records:	All records related to the testing of the fire suppression foam system at Commander Oil Terminal, One Commander Square, Oyster Bay, New York. Specifically, we are requesting information related to locations on the property where fire fighting foam was discharged during testing, and when such testing occurred.

First Name:	Thomas	Last Name:	Melia
Address:	630 Johnson Avenue, Suite 7		
City:	Bohemia	State:	NEW YORK Zip: 11716
Email Address:	thomasm@pwgrosser.com		
Phone Number:	6315896353		

You have thirty (30) business days from receipt of a denial of access to records to appeal to:

FOIL APPEALS OFFICER
COUNTY OF NASSAU
OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ATTORNEY
Ralph G. Caso Executive and Legislative Building
One West Street
Mineola, New York 11501-4820

Thank you.

Nassau County
https://www.nassaucountyny.gov/

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20108424

Test Type	LOADING RACK EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM TEST
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	O'MALLEY, BRYAN
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Aug 16, 2021, 12:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	BULK STORE FACILITY LOAD RACK TEST
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	-
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments: $550.00
Processing Status: Scheduled
Unit: #2324255
Created: May 28, 2021, 2:28:37 PM
Modified By: OmalleyB
Last Updated: Aug 16, 2021, 3:42:03 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20108425

Test Type	BULK TANK FOAM TEST
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	O'MALLEY, BRYAN
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Aug 16, 2021, 12:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	BULK STORE FACILITY FIXED FOAM TEST
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	-
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments: $550.00
Processing Status: Scheduled
Unit: #2324256
Created: May 28, 2021, 2:29:58 PM
Modified By: OmalleyB
Last Updated: Aug 16, 2021, 3:43:48 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20097441

Test Type	LOADING RACK EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM TEST
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FORAN, STEPHEN, KERN, STEVEN, O'BRIEN, JOHN, O'MALLEY, BRYAN, PIGNATARO, DOMINIC, SCHURR, ROBERT, TALENTO, THOMAS
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Jul 27, 2020, 12:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	BULK STORE FACILITY LOAD RACK TEST
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	-
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments:	$550.00
Processing Status:	Scheduled
Unit:	#2324255
Created:	Jun 30, 2020, 10:18:22 AM
Modified By:	SchurrR
Last Updated:	Jul 27, 2020, 3:01:38 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20086409

Test Type	BULK TANK FOAM TEST
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D., MARCIANO, MICHAEL, ROCHON, MATTHEW
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Nov 8, 2019, 11:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	BULK STORE FACILITY FIXED FOAM TEST
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	-
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments:	$550.00
Processing Status:	Scheduled
Unit:	#2324256
Created:	Jul 29, 2019, 6:20:21 PM
Modified By:	FlowerJ
Last Updated:	Nov 8, 2019, 2:55:14 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20086409

Test Type	BULK TANK FOAM TEST
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D., MARCIANO, MICHAEL, ROCHON, MATTHEW
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Nov 8, 2019, 11:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	BULK STORE FACILITY FIXED FOAM TEST
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	-
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments:	$550.00
Processing Status:	Scheduled
Unit:	#2324256
Created:	Jul 29, 2019, 6:20:21 PM
Modified By:	FlowerJ
Last Updated:	Nov 8, 2019, 2:55:14 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20086408

Test Type	LOADING RACK EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM TEST
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D., MARCIANO, MICHAEL, ROCHON, MATTHEW
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Nov 1, 2019, 10:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	BULK STORE FACILITY LOAD RACK TEST
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	-
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments:	$550.00
Processing Status:	Scheduled
Unit:	#2324255
Created:	Jul 29, 2019, 6:17:50 PM
Modified By:	FlowerJ
Last Updated:	Nov 8, 2019, 2:52:14 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20075463

Test Type	AUTO EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D.
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Aug 20, 2018, 10:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	F/C AUTO FIRE SUPP INSPECTION
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	TONY CASSANDRO
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	516-922-2600 **Ext** 1
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments: $550.00
Processing Status: Scheduled
Unit: #2324256
Created: Aug 14, 2018, 3:46:49 PM
Modified By: FlowerJ
Last Updated: Aug 20, 2018, 1:37:51 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20075463

Test Type	AUTO EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D.
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Aug 20, 2018, 10:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	F/C AUTO FIRE SUPP INSPECTION
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	TONY CASSANDRO
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	516-922-2600 **Ext** 1
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments: $550.00
Processing Status: Scheduled
Unit: #2324256
Created: Aug 14, 2018, 3:46:49 PM
Modified By: FlowerJ
Last Updated: Aug 20, 2018, 1:37:51 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20064897

Test Type	AUTO EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D.
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Aug 30, 2017, 11:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	BULK STORE FACILITY LOAD RACK TEST - 200
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	-
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments:	$550.00
Processing Status:	Scheduled
Unit:	#2324256
Created:	Aug 9, 2017, 2:02:30 PM
Modified By:	FlowerJ
Last Updated:	Aug 30, 2017, 2:59:10 PM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20052823

Test Type	AUTO EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D.
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Aug 29, 2016, 10:00:00 AM
Fee Codes	SYSTEM INSPECTION
Fee	$550.00
Contact Name	ANTHONY CASSANDRA
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	-
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments:	$550.00
Processing Status:	Scheduled
Unit:	#2324255
Created:	Jul 20, 2016, 4:55:31 PM
Modified By:	FlowerJ
Last Updated:	Aug 29, 2016, 11:44:47 AM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMANDER TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20042441

Test Type	AUTO EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM
Result	**PASS**
Fire Marshals	FLOWER JR, JERRY D., ODWAZNY, MATTHEW
Division	Industrial
Test Date	Sep 18, 2015, 10:30:00 AM
Fee Codes	F/C AUTO FIRE SUPP INSPECTION
Fee	$450.00
Contact Name	TONY CASSANDRO
Contact Email	-
Phone Number 1	516-922-7600
Phone Number 2	-
Fax	-
Paid	Yes
Fee Exempt	No
Locked	No

Payments:	$450.00
Processing Status:	Scheduled
Unit:	#2324256
Created:	Sep 21, 2015, 6:28:21 PM
Modified By:	FlowerJ
Last Updated:	Sep 23, 2015, 8:24:36 AM

Tests/Inspections for #23007 (GLOBAL COMPANIES-COMMAN TERMINAL - 1 COMMANDER SQ, OYSTER BAY, NY, 11771)

View Test/Inspection #20041539

Test Type AUTO EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM
Result PASS
Fire Marshals FLOWER JR, JERRY D., ODWAZNY, MATTHEW
Division Industrial
Test Date Sep 18, 2015, 9:30:00 AM
Fee Codes F/C AUTO FIRE SUPP INSPECTION
Fee $450.00
Contact Name TONY CASSANDRO
Contact Email -
Phone Number 1 516-922-7600
Phone Number 2 -
Fax -
Paid Yes
Fee Exempt No
Locked No

Payments: $450.00
Processing Status: Scheduled
Unit: #2324256
Created: Aug 31, 2015, 5:33:47 PM
Modified By: FlowerJ
Last Updated: Sep 18, 2015, 3:28:37 PM

APPENDIX B

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING, INC • P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING ENGINEER & HYDROGEOLOGIST, PC
631.589.6353 • WWW.PWGROSSER.COM • PWGC.INFO@PWGROSSER.COM
BOHEMIA • MANHATTAN • SARATOGA SPRINGS • SYRACUSE • SHELTON, CT

FORMER COMMANDER OIL TERMINAL
1 COMMANDER SQUARE
OYSTER BAY, NEW YORK
NYSDEC BCP ID: C130244

HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN

SUBMITTED TO:

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Remediation
SUNY Stony Brook
50 Circle Road
Stony Brook, New York 11790-3409

PREPARED FOR:

Commander Terminals Holdings, LLC
255 South Street
Oyster Bay, New York 11771

PREPARED BY:

P.W. Grosser Consulting, Inc.
630 Johnson Avenue, Suite 7
Bohemia, New York 11716
Phone: 631-589-6353
Fax: 631-589-8705

James Rhodes, PG, COO jimr@pwgrosser.com
Thomas Melia, PG, Sr. Project Manager thomasm@pwgrosser.com

PWGC Project Number: CTH1901

OCTOBER 2020

P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING, INC.
PROJECT No. CTH1901
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Brownfield Site No. C130244

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Former Commander Oil Terminal
1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, New York

SUBMITTED:
October 2020

PREPARED FOR:

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Remediation
SUNY Stony Brook
50 Circle Road
Stony Brook, New York 11790-3409

ON BEHALF OF:

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255 South Street
Oyster Bay, New York 11771

PREPARED BY:

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Bohemia, New York 11716

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HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN
FORMER COMMANDER OIL TERMINAL
NYSDEC BCP ID: C130244

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APPENDICES

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1.0 STATEMENT OF COMMITMENT

On-site employees may be exposed to risks from hazardous conditions related to Remedial Investigation (RI) activities to be performed at the Former Commander Oil Terminal project site. P.W. Grosser Consulting Inc.'s (PWGC's) policy is to minimize the possibility of work-related injury through awareness and qualified supervision, health and safety training, medical monitoring, use of appropriate personal protective equipment, and the following activity specific safety protocols contained in this Health and Safety Plan (HASP). PWGC has established a guidance program to implement this policy in a manner that protects personnel to the maximum reasonable extent.

This HASP, which applies to PWGC personnel actually or potentially exposed to safety or health hazards, describes emergency response procedures for actual and potential physical and chemical hazards. This HASP is also intended to inform and guide personnel entering site work zones. Persons are to acknowledge that they understand the potential hazards and the contents of this Health and Safety policy by signing off on receipt of their individual copy of the document. Contractors and suppliers are retained as independent contractors and are responsible for ensuring the health and safety of their own employees.

PWGC may require that its personnel take certain precautions in accordance with this HASP, and PWGC requests that others protect their personnel in a manner that they deem necessary or sufficient.

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2.0 INTRODUCTION AND SITE ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

This document describes the health and safety guidelines developed by PWGC at the request of the "Volunteer" for the proposed RI to be performed at the Former Commander Oil Terminal project site ("the site") to protect on-site personnel, visitors, and the public from physical harm and exposure to hazardous materials or wastes. In accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR Part 1910.120 Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) Final rule, this HASP, including the attachments, addresses safety and health hazards relating to each phase of site operations and is based on the best information available. The HASP may be revised by PWGC at the request of the Volunteer, and/or regulatory agency upon receipt of new information regarding site conditions. Changes will be documented by written amendments signed by PWGC's project director, project manager and/or site safety officer.

2.1 Training Requirements

Personnel entering the exclusion zone or decontamination zone must meet the training requirements for hazardous waste site operations and emergency response operations in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120(e).

Each subcontractor and supplier working on the job must provide the site safety officer with training documentation for its personnel upon request.

2.2 Medical Monitoring Requirements

PWGC personnel and visitors entering the exclusion zone or decontamination zone must have completed appropriate medical monitoring required under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120(f). Medical monitoring enables a physician to monitor each employee's health, physical condition, and his fitness to wear respiratory protective equipment and carry out on-site tasks.

Evidence of compliance with additional medical monitoring requirements for this site must also be included upon request.

2.3 Fit Test Requirements

Personnel and visitors entering a work zone using a negative pressure air purifying respirator (APR) must have successfully passed a qualitative respirator fit test in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 or the American National Standards Institute (ANSI).

Fit testing documentation is the responsibility of each subcontractor. Documentation of PWGC's personnel fit-testing is maintained on file. PWGC does not anticipate the need for work to be performed using APR's.

2.4 Site Safety Plan Acceptance, Acknowledgement and Amendments

The project superintendent and the site safety officer are responsible for informing personnel (P.W. Grosser employees and/or owner or owners representatives) entering a work area of the contents of this plan and ensuring that each person signs the safety plan acknowledging the on-site hazards and procedures required to minimize exposure to adverse effects of these hazards. A copy of the Acknowledgement Form is included in **Appendix A**.

Site conditions may warrant an amendment to the HASP. Amendments to the HASP are acknowledged by completing forms included in **Appendix B**.

2.5 Daily Safety Meetings

Each day before work begins; the site safety officer will hold safety (tailgate or tool box) meetings to ensure that on-site personnel understand the site conditions and operating procedures and to address safety questions and concerns. Meeting minutes and attendance will be recorded. Personnel eligible to enter a work zone must attend the meetings. Project staff will discuss and remedy health and safety issues at these meetings.

2.6 Key Personnel – Roles and Responsibilities

The following PWGC key personnel are planned for this project:

- PWGC Project Director — Mr. James Rhodes
- PWGC Project Manager — Mr. Thomas Melia
- PWGC Site Safety Officer — Mr. Nick Russell, or assignee

The PWGC project manager is responsible for overall project administration and, with guidance from the PWGC site safety officer, for supervising the implementation of this HASP. The site safety officer will conduct daily (tail gate or tool box) safety meetings at the project site and oversee daily safety issues. Each subcontractor and supplier (defined as an OSHA employer) is also responsible for the health and safety of its employees. If there is any dispute about health and safety or project activities, on-site personnel will attempt to resolve the issue. If the issue cannot be resolved at the site, then the project manager will be consulted.

The PWGC site safety officer is also responsible for coordinating and enforcing health and safety activities on-

site. The site safety officer must meet the emergency response and hazardous materials training requirements of OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910.120; must have completed OSHA supervisor training, 29 CFR 1910.120 (e) 4; and must have appropriate experience to the related site work. The site safety officer is authorized to suspend the site work based on safety concerns, and is responsible for the following:

1. Educating personnel about information in this HASP and other safety requirements to be observed during site operations, including, but not limited to, decontamination procedures, designation of work zones and levels of protection, air monitoring, fit testing, and emergency procedures dealing with fire and first aid.
2. Coordinating site safety decisions with the project manager.
3. Designating exclusion, decontamination and support zones (work zones) on a daily basis.
4. Monitoring the condition and status of known on-site hazards and maintaining and implementing the air quality monitoring program specified in this HASP.
5. Maintaining the work zone entry/exit log and site entry/exit log.
6. Maintaining records of safety problems, corrective measures and documentation of chemical exposures or physical injuries (the site safety officer will document these conditions in a bound notebook and maintain a copy of the notebook on-site).

The person who observes safety concerns and potential hazards that have not been addressed in the daily safety meetings should immediately report their observations/concerns to the site safety officer or appropriate key personnel.

3.0 SITE BACKGROUND AND SCOPE OF WORK

The site is located at 1 Commander Square, Oyster Bay, New York. The site is located within the Town of Oyster Bay and Nassau County. The site is identified as Section 27, Block 16, Lots 2, 3, 4, and 5 in the Nassau County Tax Map. The Site measures approximately 3.17 acres and is bounded by a commercial property (boat storage, shellfish farm) to the north, White's Creek to the south, Oyster Bay Harbor to the east, and Bay Avenue to the west.

The Site is currently utilized as a Major Oil Storage Facility (MOSF) operated by Global Commander Oyster Bay. The MOSF consists of 21 large capacity ASTs, a fueling rack, office building and garage building.

The proposed plan for the project is to investigate and remediate the site as part of redevelopment. Development plans have not been finalized for the site; however, the future re-development is expected to consist of a mixed use (commercial and residential) development.

PWGC prepared a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) in August 2019. The Phase I ESA identified the following Recognized Environmental Conditions (RECs) associated with the subject property:

- Two open NYSDEC spill incidents at the subject property related to petroleum and chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs.
- Historical usage of the subject property for commercial/industrial purposes since the late 1800s.
- Onsite generation of RCRA hazardous wastes associated with the CVOC spill incident.
- Potential vapor encroachment related to the active petroleum and CVOC spill incidents.
- Historical usage of the adjacent property to the north for commercial/industrial purposes.

Based on investigations performed at the site to date, the primary contaminants of concern for the site are VOCs in soil and groundwater exceeding applicable NYSDEC standards.

Soil – soils beneath the site have been documented to contain petroleum related VOC and CVOC impact exceeding Unrestricted Use SCOs. The primary CVOC source area in soil appears to be located along the northern property boundary near the central portion of the site, with CVOC impacted groundwater exceeding NYSDEC Ambient Water Quality Standards (AWQS) extending to the southeast from that area. Petroleum impacted soils have been identified throughout the central and southeastern portions of the site.

Groundwater – groundwater beneath the central and eastern portions of the site has been documented to contain petroleum LNPAL and dissolved petroleum impact exceeding NYSDEC AWQSs above the peat layer, and dissolved CVOC impact exceeding NYSDEC AWQSs both above and below the peat layer to a depth of at least 32 feet below grade.

Soil Vapor – to date, soil vapor samples have not been collected from the site.

4.0 HAZARD ASSESSMENT

This section identifies the hazards associated with the proposed scope of work, general site operations which may also be conducted at site, and the standard operating procedures (SOPs) that should be implemented to reduce the hazards; identifies general physical hazards that can be expected at most sites; and presents a summary of documented or potential chemical hazards at the site. Every effort must be made to reduce or eliminate these hazards. Those that cannot be eliminated must be guarded against using engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment.

4.1 Activity-Specific Hazards and Standard Operating Procedures

4.1.1 Drilling and Probing Operations

Soil borings and/or groundwater monitoring wells using Geoprobe® direct push technology and/or rotary drilling technology will be installed as part of the proposed subsurface investigation. PWGC and/or subcontractors shall follow the standard drilling protocols included as **Appendix C**.

4.1.2 Work in Extreme Temperatures

Work under extremely hot or cold weather conditions requires special protocols to minimize the chance that employees will be affected by heat or cold stress. As necessary, PWGC shall follow the heat and cold stress safety protocols included as **Appendix D**.

4.1.3 Dust Control and Monitoring

Dust generated during work activities may contain contaminants associated with the site characteristics. Dust generation is not anticipated during the subsurface investigation. In the event that fugitive dust is generated, PWGC shall control the dust by wetting the working surface with water, or other approved method of dust suppression.

4.2 Chemical Hazards

Historic environmental investigations at the subject site have identified elevated VOCs in soil and groundwater at the site. The primary routes of exposure to contaminants in soil are inhalation, ingestion and absorption.

Appendix E includes information sheets for the potential chemicals that may be encountered at the site.

4.2.1 Respirable Dust

The subsurface investigation activities are not anticipated to generate particulate dust; however dust may be generated from vehicular traffic and/or other construction activities. If visible observation detects elevated levels of dust, a program of wetting will be employed by the site safety officer. If elevated dust levels persist,

the site safety office will employ dust monitoring using a particulate monitor (Miniram or equivalent). If monitoring detects concentrations greater than 150 µg/m3 over daily background, the site safety officer will take corrective actions as defined herein, including the use of water for dust suppression and if this is not effective, requiring workers to wear APRs with efficiency particulate air (HEPA) cartridges.

Absorption pathways for dust and direct contact with soils will be mitigated with the implementation of latex gloves, hand washing and decontamination exercises when necessary.

4.2.2 Organic Vapors

Based upon historical environmental investigations, VOCs impact is present at the site. Therefore, drilling/excavation activities may cause the release of organic vapors to the atmosphere. The site safety officer will monitor organic vapors with a Photoionization Detector (PID) during drilling activities to determine whether organic vapor concentrations exceed action levels shown below.

PID Response	Action
Sustained readings of 5 ppm or greater	Shut down drilling equipment and allow area to vent. Resume when readings return to background
Sustained readings of 5 ppm or greater that do not subside after venting	Implement Vapor Release Plan (Section 9.8). Re-evaluate respiratory protection as upgrade may be required.

4.3 General Site Hazards

Applicable OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120(m) standards for illumination shall apply. Work is to be conducted during daylight hours whenever possible.

Electrical power must be provided through a ground fault circuit interrupter. Equipment that will enter an excavation must be suitable and approved (i.e. intrinsically safe) for use in potentially explosive environments. Applicable OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Subpart K standards for use of electricity shall apply.

Work where there is a fall hazard will be performed using appropriate ladders and/or protection (e.g. body harness and lifeline). All work should be conducted at the ground surface or in trench excavations.

In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.151(c), workers involved in operations where there is the risk of eye injury, (chemical splash, etc.), must have ready access to an approved eye wash unit. Protective eye wear shall be donned in Level D, when directed by the site safety officer.

Operations where there is a potential for fire will be conducted in a manner that minimizes risk. Non-sparking tools and fire extinguishers shall be used or available as directed by the site safety officer when work is in potentially explosive atmospheres. Ignition sources shall be removed from work areas. Explosion-proof instruments and/or bonding and grounding will be used to prevent fire or explosion when the site safety officer directs their use.

Overhead and underground utilities shall be identified and/or inspected and appropriate safety precautions taken before conducting operations where there is potential for contact or interference.

5.0 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal protective equipment (PPE) shall be selected in accordance with the site air monitoring program, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120(c), (g), and 1910.132. Protective equipment shall be NIOSH-approved and respiratory protection shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910.133 and 1910.134 specifications; head protection shall conform to 1910.135; eye and face protection shall conform to 1910.133; and foot protection shall conform to 1910.136. The only true difference among the levels of protection from D thru B is the addition of the type of respiratory protection.

PWGC anticipates that work performed under the scope of the proposed Phase II investigation will be conducted in Level D PPE.

5.1 Level D

Level D PPE shall be donned when the atmosphere contains no known hazards and work functions preclude splashes, immersion, or the potential for inhalation of, or contact with, hazardous concentrations of harmful chemicals. Level D PPE consists of:

- Standard work uniform, coveralls, or Tyvek (as needed).
- Steel toe and steel shank work boots (or equivalent).
- Hard hat.
- Gloves (as needed).
- Safety glasses.
- Hearing protection (as needed)
- Equipment replacements are available as needed.

5.2 Level C

Level C PPE shall be donned when the concentrations of measured total organic vapors in the breathing zone exceed background concentrations (using a portable PID, or equivalent), but are less than 5 ppm. The specifications on the APR filters used must be appropriate for contaminants identified or expected to be encountered. Level C PPE shall be donned when the identified contaminants have adequate warning properties and criteria for using APR have been met. Level C PPE consists of:

- Chemical resistant or coated Tyvek coveralls.
- Steel toe and steel shank work boots (or equivalent).
- Chemical resistant over boots or disposable boot covers.

- Disposable inner gloves (surgical gloves).
- Disposable outer gloves.
- Full-face APR fitted with organic vapor/dust and mist filters or filters appropriate for the identified or expected contaminants.
- Hard hat.
- Splash shield (as needed)
- Ankles/wrists taped with duct tape.

The site safety officer will verify if Level C is appropriate by checking organic vapor concentrations using compound and/or class-specific detector tubes.

5.3 Level B

Level B PPE shall be donned when the contaminants have not been identified and/or the concentrations of unknown measured total organic vapors in the breathing zone exceed 5 ppm (using a portable OVA, or equivalent). Level B PPE shall be donned if the IDLH of a known contaminant is exceeded. If a contaminant is identified or is expected to be encountered for which NIOSH and/or OSHA recommend the use of a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) when that contaminant is present, Level B PPE shall be donned even though the total organic vapors in the breathing zone may not exceed 5 ppm. Level B shall be donned for confined space entry, and when the atmosphere is oxygen deficient (oxygen less than 19.5%) or potentially oxygen deficient. If Level B PPE is required for a task, at least three people shall be donned in Level B at any one time during that task. PPE shall only be donned at the direction of the site safety officer. Level B PPE consists of:

- Supplied air SCBA or air line system with five-minute egress system.
- Chemical resistant or coated Tyvek coveralls.
- Steel toe and steel shank work boots (or equivalent).
- Chemical resistant over boots or disposable boot covers.
- Disposable inner gloves (surgical gloves).
- Disposable outer gloves.
- Hard hat.
- Ankles/wrists taped with duct tape.

The exact PPE ensemble is decided on a site-by-site basis by the PWGC Health and Safety Officer with the intent to provide the most protective and efficient worker PPE.

5.4 Activity Specific Levels of Personal Protection

The required level of PPE is activity-specific and is based on air monitoring results (Section 7.0) and properties of identified or expected contaminants. It is expected that all site work will be performed in Level D. If air monitoring results indicate the necessity to upgrade the level of protection engineering controls (i.e. Facing equipment away from the wind and placing site personnel upwind of excavations, active venting, etc.) will be implemented before requiring the use of respiratory protection.

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6.0 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

Equipment and PPE exiting the exclusion zone must be decontaminated or properly discarded upon exit. Personnel must enter and exit the exclusion zone through the decontamination area. The exclusion and decontamination zones may change depending on the nature of the site work. Plastic bags containing personal protective clothing and equipment will be placed in designated receptacles.

Boots and other potentially contaminated garments that have come in contact with hazardous materials will be cleaned in wash tubs with detergent/water solution and rinsed with water and must remain on site. The wash water, rinse water, and residues will be collected and properly stored until sampling results are received and the final method of disposal can be determined. Disposable PPE, including spent respirator cartridges and canisters, will be properly bagged and disposed. Contaminated boots, clothing, and equipment (e.g. leather boots, equipment carrying straps) that cannot be decontaminated will be disposed of with the disposable garments or left on site in the decontamination area.

The ***minimum*** measures for Level B doffing and decontamination are:

1. Deposit equipment on plastic drop cloths.
2. Scrub outer boots and gloves with a water and detergent solution and rinse.
3. Remove outer boots and outer gloves. Discard disposable outer garments in receptacle provided.
4. Remove SCBA and face piece and place on rack provided.
5. Remove Tyvek/outer garment and place in receptacle provided.
6. Remove inner gloves and deposit in receptacle provided.
7. Shower/wash face and hands.

The ***minimum*** measures for Level C doffing and decontamination are:

1. Deposit equipment on plastic drop cloths.
2. Scrub outer boots and gloves (if worn) with a water and detergent solution and rinse.
3. Remove outer boots and outer gloves. Discard disposable outer garments in receptacle provided.
4. Remove Tyvek/outer garment and place in receptacle provided.
5. Remove first pair of inner gloves.
6. Remove respirator (using "clean" inner gloves) and place on rack provided.
7. Remove last pair of inner gloves and deposit in receptacle provided.

8. Shower/wash face and hands.

The second to last item to be removed is the APR, and the last item to be removed is the last of several pairs of surgical gloves. Wearing several pairs of inner gloves permits layers to be removed as needed during various stages of the doffing procedure, and if the APR inadvertently becomes contaminated, inner gloves guard against bare hands contacting the APR.

Equipment that comes into contact with site contaminants is decontaminated according to manufacturer specifications. Decontamination is done in the exclusion or decontamination zones. Rented equipment is photographed after decontamination.

7.0 AIR MONITORING AND ACTION LEVELS

Air monitoring will be performed for protection for on-site workers and the downwind community (i.e., off-site receptors including residences, businesses, and on-site workers not directly involved in the remedial work) from potential airborne contaminant releases resulting from remedial activities at the site. Air monitoring will be used to help to confirm that the remedial work will not spread contamination off-site through the air.

Perimeter air monitoring will be performed in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) for the site included as Appendix E of the RI Work Plan. Air monitoring will be performed for protection for on-site workers as described below.

7.1 Work Zone Monitoring

Respirable dust will be monitored using a MiniRAM Model PDM-3 aerosol monitor (or equivalent) and air will be monitored for VOCs with a MiniRAE 2000 PID (or equivalent) during intrusive activities such as excavation and drilling. Monitoring will be performed continuously during intrusive activities and hourly, at a minimum, otherwise. Upwind readings will be recorded at least twice daily to determine background concentrations at the site.

Monitoring Instrument	**Monitoring Location**	**Monitoring Frequency**	**Action Level (above background)**	**Action**
PID	Work Area	Continuous during intrusive activities; hourly, at a minimum, otherwise	<5ppm*	Level D PPE, continue work
			≥5ppm, ≤50ppm*	Level C PPE, notify PM/HSM
			>50ppm*	Stop work, notify PM/HSM
Particulate monitor	Work Area	Continuous during intrusive activities; hourly, at a minimum, otherwise	≤150 µg/m3	Continue work
			>150 µg/m3	Take corrective actions (see below)
*Sustained levels in the breathing zone for a minimum of 5 minutes				

If particulate monitoring detects concentrations greater than 150 µg/m3 over daily background, the site safety officer will take corrective actions as defined herein, including the use of water for dust suppression and if this

is not effective, requiring workers to wear APRs with efficiency particulate air (HEPA) cartridges.

7.2 Air Monitoring Recordkeeping

The field team lead will document air monitoring data in a log book. Data will include instrument used, calibration date, wind/weather conditions and work activities.

7.3 Calibration Requirements

The PID will be calibrated daily, prior to the start of work. Calibration details (i.e., date, time, span gas, etc…) will be recorded in a log book.

8.0 SITE CONTROL

8.1 Work Zones

The primary purpose of site controls is to establish the perimeter of a hazardous area, to reduce the migration of contaminants into clean areas, and to prevent access or exposure to hazardous materials by unauthorized persons. When operations are to take place involving hazardous materials, the site safety officer will establish an exclusion zone, a decontamination zone, and a support zone. These zones "float" (move around the site) depending on the tasks being performed on any given day. The site safety officer will outline these locations before work begins and when zones change. The site safety officer records this information in the site log book. It is expected that for subsurface investigation activities, identification of an exclusion zone, decontamination zone, and support zone will not be necessary.

Tasks requiring OSHA 40-hour Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response Operations training are carried out in the exclusion zone. The exclusion zone is defined by the site safety officer but will typically be a 50-foot area around work activities. Gross decontamination (as determined by the site Health and Safety Officer) is conducted in the exclusion zone; all other decontamination is performed in the decontamination zone or trailer.

Protective equipment is removed in the decontamination zone. Disposable protective equipment is stored in receptacles staged in the decontamination zone, and non-disposable equipment is decontaminated. All personnel and equipment exit the exclusion zone through the decontamination zone. If a decontamination trailer is provided the first aid equipment, an eye wash unit, and drinking water are kept in the decontamination trailer.

The support zone is used for vehicle parking, daily safety meetings, and supply storage. Eating, drinking, and smoking are permitted only in the support zone. When a decontamination trailer is not provided, the eye wash unit, first aid equipment, and drinking water are kept at a central location designated by the site safety officer.

8.2 General Field Safety and Standard Operating Procedures

PWGC's policy is to control hazards at all site areas by limiting entrance to exclusion zones to essential personnel and by implementing the following rules:

- Non-essential (as judged by the site safety officer) personnel and unauthorized persons will not enter the exclusion or decontamination zone.

- Before entering the exclusion or decontamination zones, all personnel must be familiar with emergency response procedures (Section 9.0), site safety locations, first aid and communication equipment, and the location of the map to the hospital and the list of emergency telephone numbers.
- The buddy system will be used at all times by field personnel in the exclusion zone; no one is to perform work within the exclusion zone alone. When in Level D or C, visual contact or radio contact shall be maintained at all times.
- Contact with contaminated and potentially contaminated surfaces should be avoided. Walk around (not through) puddles and discolored surfaces. Do not kneel on the ground or place equipment on the ground. Protect equipment from contamination.
- Eating, drinking, or smoking is permitted only in designated areas in the support zone.

Each worker must be supplied with and maintain his/her own personal protective equipment.

9.0 CONFINED SPACE

OSHA published a Final Rule on permit-required confined spaces on January 14, 1993, for General Industry at 29 CFR 1910.146 et seq., with an implementation date of April 15, 1993. The rule specifically excludes agriculture, construction, or shipyard employment. Confined space entry and work within confined spaces is not anticipated to be performed under the proposed scope of work. However, if confined space work is conducted it will be performed in accordance with the applicable OSHA regulations. OSHA defines confined space as:

1. is large enough and so configured that an employee can bodily enter and perform assigned work;
2. has limited or restricted areas for entry or exit (for example, tanks, vessels, silos, storage bins, hoppers, vaults, and pits are spaces that may have limited entry); and
3. is not designed for continuous worker occupancy.

OSHA further requires that an "entry supervisor" (the site designated safety officer) decide at the time of entry whether the space is permit-required or non-permit required space. The site safety officer will monitor the space two hours prior to entry and continuously during work to ensure that the atmosphere is not hazardous. OSHA defines as hazardous atmosphere as:

1. Flammable gas, vapor, or mist in excess of 10 percent of its lower explosive limit (LEL);
2. Airborne combustible dust at a concentration that meets or exceeds its LEL;NOTE: This concentration may be approximated as a condition in which the dust obscures vision at a distance of 5 feet (1.52 m) or less.
3. Atmospheric oxygen concentration below 19.5 percent or above 23.5 percent;
4. Atmospheric concentration of any substance for which a dose or a permissible exposure limit is published in Subpart G, Occupational Health and Environmental Control, or in Subpart Z. Toxic
5. and Hazardous Substances, of this part and which could result in employee exposure in excess of its dose or permissible exposure limit;
6. Any other atmospheric condition that is immediately dangerous to life or health.

A space is non-permit required if none of the above defined hazardous conditions are present. OSHA requires that an attendant (e.g., an individual stationed outside one or more spaces who monitors the entrants and who performs air monitoring of the space(s)) be assigned to each space. The attendant is not allowed to perform any direct rescue related duties, but is there to communicate with the entrant and call for rescue procedures if required.

The following protocol applies when PWGC employees must enter a confined space:

- The site safety officer evaluates the space and site conditions to determine whether the space must be considered "confined".
- If so, the site safety officer monitors the space for hazardous atmospheres prior to entry and fills out a pre-entry checklist (**Appendix F**) to determine whether an entry-permit is required.
- If there is no hazardous atmosphere, the space will be continuously monitored during the entry to assure that the atmosphere remains non-hazardous.
- If the space contains a hazardous atmosphere, an entry permit (**Appendix F**) will be prepared and the space will only be entered in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.146.

10.0 CONTINGENCY PLAN/EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Site personnel must be prepared in the event of an emergency. Emergencies can take many forms: illnesses, injuries, chemical exposure, fires, explosions, spills, leaks, releases of harmful contaminants, or sudden changes in the weather.

Emergency telephone numbers and a map to the hospital (Figure 1) will be posted in the command post. Site personnel should be familiar with the emergency procedures, and the locations of site safety, first aid, and communication equipment.

10.1 Emergency Equipment On-site

Private telephones:	Site personnel.
Two-way radios:	Site personnel where necessary.
Emergency Alarms:	On-site vehicle horns*.
First aid kits:	On-site, in vehicles or office.
Fire extinguisher:	On-site, in office or on equipment.

* Horns: Air horns will be supplied to personnel at the discretion of the project manager or site safety officer.

10.2 Emergency Telephone Numbers

General Emergencies – Police/Fire Department/Ambulance	911
Local Emergency Medical Center (Syosset Hospital)	1-516-496-6400
National Response Center	1-800-424-8802
Poison Control	1-212-340-4494
NYSDEC Spills Division	1-800-457-7362
NYSDEC Division of Environmental Remediation	1-631-444-0240
PWGC Project Director, James Rhodes	1-631-589-6353
PWGC Project Manager, Thomas Melia	1-631-589-6353
PWGC Site Safety Officer, Nick Russell (or assignee)	1-516-351-5787

A copy of this page shall be posted in the office and a copy is provided in **Appendix G**.

10.3 Personnel Responsibilities During an Emergency

The project manager is primarily responsible for responding to and correcting any emergency situations. However, in the absence of the project manager, the site safety officer shall act as the project manager's on-site designee and perform the following tasks:

- Take appropriate measures to protect personnel including: withdrawal from the exclusion zone, evacuate and secure the site, or upgrade/downgrade the level of protective clothing and respiratory protection;
- Ensure that appropriate federal, state, and local agencies are informed and emergency response plans are coordinated. In the event of fire or explosion, the local fire department should be summoned immediately. If toxic materials are released to the air, the local authorities should be informed in order to assess the need for evacuation;
- Ensure appropriate decontamination, treatment, or testing for exposed or injured personnel;
- Determine the cause of incidents and make recommendations to prevent recurrence; and,
- Ensure that all required reports have been prepared.

The following PWGC key personnel are planned for this project:

- PWGC Project Director — Mr. James Rhodes
- PWGC Project Manager — Mr. Thomas Melia
- PWGC Site Safety Officer — Mr. Nick Russell, or assignee

10.4 Medical Emergencies

A person who becomes ill or injured in the exclusion zone will be decontaminated to the maximum extent possible. If the injury or illness is minor, full decontamination will be completed and first aid administered prior to transport. First aid will be administered while waiting for an ambulance or paramedics. A Field Accident Report (**Appendix G**) must be filled out for any injury.

A person transporting an injured/exposed person to a clinic or hospital for treatment will take the directions to the hospital and information on the chemical(s) to which they may have been exposed (**Appendix G**).

10.5 Fire or Explosion

In the event of a fire or explosion, the local fire department will be summoned immediately. The site safety officer or his designated alternate will advise the fire commander of the location, nature and identification of the hazardous materials on-site. If it is safe to do so, site personnel may:

- Use firefighting equipment available on site.
- Remove or isolate flammable or other hazardous materials that may contribute to the fire.

10.6 Evacuation Routes

Evacuation routes established by work area locations for each site will be reviewed prior to commencing site operations. As the work areas change, the evacuation routes will be altered accordingly, and the new route will be reviewed.

Under extreme emergency conditions, evacuation is to be immediate without regard for equipment. The evacuation signal will be a continuous blast of a vehicle horn, if possible, and/or by verbal/radio communication.

- When evacuating the site, personnel will follow these instructions:
- Keep upwind of smoke, vapors, or spill location.
- Exit through the decontamination corridor if possible.
- If evacuation through the decontamination corridor is not possible, personnel should remove contaminated clothing once they are in a safe location and leave it near the exclusion zone or in a safe place.
- The site safety officer will conduct a head count to ensure that all personnel have been evacuated safely. The head count will be correlated to the site and/or exclusion zone entry/exit log.
- If emergency site evacuation is necessary, all personnel are to escape the emergency situation and decontaminate to the maximum extent practical.

10.7 Spill Control Procedures

Spills associated with site activities may be attributed to project specific heavy equipment and include gasoline, diesel and hydraulic oil. In the event of a leak or a release, site personnel will inform their supervisor immediately, locate the source of spillage and stop the flow if it can be done safely. A spill containment kit including absorbent pads, booms and/or granulated speedy dry absorbent material will be available to site personnel to facilitate the immediate recovery of the spilled material. Daily inspections of site equipment components including hydraulic lines, fuel tanks, etc. will be performed by their respective operators as a preventative measure for equipment leaks and to ensure equipment soundness. In the event of a spill, site personnel will immediately notify the NYSDEC (1-800-457-7362), and a spill number will be generated.

10.8 Vapor Release Plan

If work zone organic vapor (excluding methane) exceeds 5 ppm, then a downwind reading will be made either 200 feet from the work zone or at the property line, whichever is closer. If readings at this location exceed 5 ppm over background, the work will be stopped.

If 5 ppm of VOCs are recorded over background on a PID at the property line, then an off-site reading will be taken within 20 feet of the nearest residential or commercial property, whichever is closer. If efforts to mitigate the emission source are unsuccessful for 30 minutes, then the designated site safety officer will:

- contact the local police;
- continue to monitor air every 30 minutes, 20 feet from the closest off-site property. If two successive readings are below 5 ppm (non-methane), off-site air monitoring will be halted.
- All property line and off site air monitoring locations and results associated with vapor releases will be recorded in the site safety log book.

APPENDIX A
SITE SAFETY ACKNOWLEDGMENT FORM

SITE SAFETY ACKNOWLEDGMENT FORM

This form serves as documentation that field personnel have read, or have been informed of, and understand the provisions of the HASP/EAP. It is maintained on site by the FTL/SHSO as a project record. Each field team member shall sign this section after site-specific training is completed and before being permitted to work on site.

I have read, or have been informed of, the Health and Safety Plan/Emergency Action Plan and understand the information presented. I will comply with the provisions contained therein.

Name (Print and Sign)	Date

APPENDIX B
SITE SAFETY PLAN AMENDMENTS

SITE SAFETY PLAN AMENDMENT FORM

SITE SAFETY PLAN AMENDMENT NUMBER: _____

SITE NAME: _____

REASON FOR AMENDMENT: _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURES: _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

REQUIRED CHANGES IN PPE: _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____ _____

SITE SAFETY OFFICER DATE

_____ _____

PROJECT MANAGER DATE

_____ _____

PROJECT DIRECTOR DATE

APPENDIX C
DRILLING PROTOCOLS

SAFETY PROCEDURES DURING THE OPERATION OF DRILLING/PROBING MACHINESINCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:

- All site personnel should know the location of the rig emergency shut-off switch prior to beginning operations.
- The rig should be inspected prior to operation to ensure that it is in proper working condition and that all safety devices are functioning.
- Each rig should have a first-aid kit and fire extinguisher which should be inspected to ensure that they are adequate.
- All operators should wear, at a minimum, hard hats, steel-toe safety shoes or boots, gloves and safety glasses. Additional clothing and protective equipment may be required at sites where hazardous conditions are likely. Clothing must be close fitting, without loose ends, straps, draw strings or belts or other unfastened parts that might catch on moving machinery.
- Work areas should be kept free of materials, debris and obstruction, and substances such as grease or oil that could cause a surface to become slick or otherwise hazardous.
- Prior to drilling, the site must be checked to determine whether it can accommodate the rig and supplies and provide a safe working area.
- The drill rig mast (derrick) must be lowered prior to moving between drilling locations.
- The drill rig masts should not be raised if the rig will not be at least 20 feet away from overhead utilities.
- The location of underground utilities should be determined prior to erecting the rig.
- The drill rigs must be properly erected, leveled and stabilized prior to drilling.
- The operator must shut down the vehicle engine before leaving the vicinity of the machine.
- All personnel not directly involved in operating the rig or in sampling should remain clear of the drilling equipment when it is in operation.
- All unattended boreholes must be adequately covered or otherwise protected to prevent trip and fall hazards. All open boreholes should be covered, protected or backfilled as specified in local or state regulations.
- When climbing to or working on a derrick platform that is higher than 20 feet, a safety climbing device should be used.
- The user of wire line hoists, wire rope and hoisting hardware should be as stipulated by the American Iron and Steel Institute Wire Rope User's Manual.
- The rig should be operated in a manner which is consistent with the manufacturers' ratings of speed, force, torque, pressure, flow, etc. The rig and tools should be used for the purposes for which they were intended.

APPENDIX D
HEAT/COLD STRESS PROTOCOLS

HEAT STRESS

Heat Stress (Hyperthermia)

Heat stress is the body's inability to regulate the core temperature. A worker's susceptibility to heat stress can vary according to his/her physical fitness, degree of acclimation to heat, humidity, age and diet.

1. Prior to site activity, the field team leader may make arrangements for heat stress monitoring (i.e., monitoring heart rate, body temperature, and body water loss) during actual site work if conditions warrant. In addition, the FTL is to ensure that each team member has been acclimatized to the prevailing environmental conditions, that personnel are aware of the signs and symptoms of heat sickness, that they have been adequately trained in first aid procedures, and that there are enough personnel on-site to rotate work assignments and schedule work during hours of reduced temperatures. Personnel should not consume alcoholic or caffeinated beverages but rather drink moderate levels of an electrolyte solution and eat well prior to commencing site work.
2. Although there is no specific test given during a baseline physical that would identify a person's intolerance to heat, some indicators are tobacco or medication use, dietary habits, body weight, and chronic conditions such as high blood pressure or diabetes.
3. *Heat cramps*, caused by profuse perspiration with inadequate fluid intake and salt replacement, most often afflict people in good physical condition who work in high temperature and humidity. Heat cramps usually come on suddenly during vigorous activity. Untreated, heat cramps may progress rapidly to heat exhaustion or heat stroke. First aid treatment: remove victim to a cool place and replace lost fluids with water.
4. Thirst is not an adequate indicator of heat exposure. Drinking fluid by itself does not indicate sufficient water replacement during heat exposure. A general rule, the amount of water administered should replace the amount of water lost, and it should be administered at regular intervals throughout the day. For every half pound of water lost, 8 ounces of water should be ingested. Water should be replaced by drinking 2 – 4 ounce servings during every rest period. A recommended alternative to water is an electrolyte drink split 50/50 with water.
5. Heat exhaustion results from salt and water loss along with peripheral pooling of blood. Like heat cramps, heat exhaustion tends to occur in persons in good physical health who are working in high temperatures and humidity. Heat exhaustion may come on suddenly as dizziness and collapse. Untreated, heat exhaustion may progress to heat stroke.

6. Treatment for heat exhaustion: Move the victim to a cool environment (e.g. air-conditioned room/car), lay victim down and fan him/her. If the air-conditioning is not available, remove the victim to a shaded area, remove shirt, and fan. If symptoms do not subside within an hour, notify 911 to transport to hospital.
7. Heat stroke results from the body's inability to dissipate excess heat. A true medical emergency that requires immediate care, it usually occurs when one ignores the signs of heat exhaustion and continues strenuous activities. Working when the relative humidity exceeds 60% is a particular problem. Workers in the early phase of heat stress may not be coherent of they will be confused, delirious or comatose. Changes in behavior, irritability and combativeness are useful early signs of heat stroke.
8. Treatment of heat stroke: Move the victim to a cool, air-conditioned environment. Place victim in a semi-reclined position with head elevated and strip to underclothing. Cool victim as rapidly as possible, applying ice packs to the arms and legs and massaging the neck and torso. Spray victim with tepid water and constantly fan to promote evaporation. Notify 911 to transport to hospital as soon as possible.

SYMPTOMS OF HEAT STRESS

Heat cramps are caused by heavy sweating with inadequate fluid intake. Symptoms include;

- Muscle cramps
- Cramps in the hands, legs, feet and abdomen

Heat exhaustion occurs when body organs attempt to keep the body cool. Symptoms include;

- Pale, cool moist skin
- Core temperature elevated 1-2o
- Thirst
- Anxiety
- Rapid heart rate
- Heavy sweating
- Dizziness
- Nausea

Heat stroke is the most serious form of heat stress. Immediate action must be taken to cool the body before serious injury and death occur. Symptoms are;

- Red, hot, dry skin
- Lack of perspiration
- Seizures
- Dizziness and confusion
- Strong, rapid pulse
- Core temperature of 104o or above
- Coma

HEAT STRESS INDICATORS

Heat stress indicator:	When to measure:	If Exceeds:	Action:
Heart rate (pulse)	Beginning of rest period	110 beats per minute	Shorten next work period by 33%
Oral temperature	Beginning of rest period	99°F (after thermometer is under tongue for 3 minutes) 100.6°F (after thermometer is under tongue for 3 minutes)	Shorten next work period by 33% Prohibit work in impermeable clothing
Body Weight	1. Before workday begins 2. After workday ends		Increase fluid intake

COLD STRESS

Cold stress (Hypothermia)

In hypothermia the core body temperature drops below 95°F. Hypothermia can be attributed to a decrease in heat production, increased heat loss or both.

Prevention

Institute the following steps to prevent overexposure of workers to cold:

1. Maintain body core temperature at 98.6oF or above by encouraging workers to drink warm liquids during breaks (preferably not coffee) and wear several layers of clothing that can keep the body warm even when the clothing is wet.
2. Avoid frostbite by adequately covering hands, feet and other extremities. Clothing such as insulated gloves or mittens, earmuffs and hat liners should be worn. To prevent contact frostbite (from touching metal and cold surfaces below 20°F), workers should wear gloves. Tool handles should be covered with insulating material.
3. Adjust work schedules to provide adequate rest periods. When feasible, rotate personnel and perform work during the warmer hours of the day.
4. Provide heated shelter. Workers should remove their outer layer(s) of clothing while in the shelter to allow sweat to evaporate.
5. In the event that wind barriers are constructed around an intrusive operation (such as drilling), the enclosure must be properly vented to prevent the buildup of toxic or explosive gases or vapors. Care must be taken to keep a heat source away from flammable substances.
6. Using a wind chill chart such as the one included below, obtain the equivalent chill temperature (ECT) based on actual wind speed and temperature. Refer to the ECT when setting up work warm-up schedules, planning appropriate clothing, etc. Workers should use warming shelters at regular intervals at or below an ECT of 20°F. For exposed skin, continuous exposure should not be permitted at or below an ECT of -25°F.

FROSTBITE

Personnel should be aware of symptoms of frostbite/hypothermia. If the following symptoms are noticed in any worker, he/she should immediately go to a warm shelter.

Condition	Skin Surface	Tissue Under Skin	Skin Color
Frostnip	Soft	Soft	Initially red, then white
Frostbite	Hard	Soft	White and waxy
Freezing	Hard	Hard	Blotchy, white to yellow-grey to grey

1. Frostnip is the incipient stage of frostbite, brought about by direct contact with a cold object or exposure of a body part to cool/cold air. Wind chill or cold water also can be major factors. This condition is not serious. Tissue damage is minor and the response to care is good. The tip of the nose, tips of ears, upper cheeks and fingers (all areas generally exposed) are most susceptible to frostnip.
2. Treatment of frostnip: Care for frostnip by warming affected areas. Usually the worker can apply warmth from his/her bare hands, blow warm air on the site, or, if the fingers are involved, hold them in the armpits. During recovery, the worker may complain of tingling or burning sensation, which is normal. If the condition does not respond to this simple care, begin treatment for frostbite.
3. Frostbite: The skin and subcutaneous layers become involved. If frostnip goes untreated, it becomes superficial frostbite. This condition is serious. Tissue damage may be serious. The worker must be transported to a medical facility for evaluation. The tip of the nose, tips of ears, upper cheeks and fingers (all areas generally exposed) are most susceptible to frostbite. The affected area will feel frozen, but only on the surface. The tissue below the surface must still be soft and have normal response to touch. DO NOT squeeze or poke the tissue. The condition of the deeper tissues can be determined by gently palpating the affected area. The skin will turn mottled or blotchy. It may also be white and then turn grayish-yellow.
4. Treatment of frostbite: When practical, transport victim as soon as possible. Get the worker inside and keep him/her warm. Do not allow any smoking or alcohol consumption. Thaw frozen parts by immersion, re-warming in a 100°F to 106°F water bath. Water temperature will drop rapidly, requiring additional warm water throughout the process. Cover the thawed part with a dry sterile dressing. Do not puncture or drain any blisters. NOTE: Never listen to myths and folk tales about the care of frostbite. Never rub a

frostbitten or frozen area. Never rub snow on a frostbitten or frozen area. Rubbing the area may cause serious damage to already injured tissues. Do not attempt to thaw a frozen area if there is any chance it will be re-frozen.

5. General cooling/Hypothermia: General cooling of the body is known as systemic hypothermia. This condition is not a common problem unless workers are exposed to cold for prolonged periods of time without any shelter.

Body Temp (°F)	Body Temp (°C)	Symptoms
99-96	37-35.5	Intense uncontrollable shivering
95-91	35.5-32.7	Violent shivering persists. If victim is conscious, has difficulty speaking.
90-86	32.6-30	Shivering decreases and is replaced by strong muscular rigidity. Muscle coordination is affected. Erratic or jerkey movements are produced. Thinking is less clear. General comprehension is dulled. There may be total amnesia. The worker is generally still able to maintain the appearance of psychological contact with his surroundings.
85-81	29.9-27.2	Victim becomes irrational, loses contact with his environment, and drifts into a stupor. Muscular rigidity continues. Pulse and respirations are slow and the worker may develop cardiac arrhythmias.
80-78	27.1-25.5	Victim becomes unconscious. He does not respond to the spoken word. Most reflexes cease to function. Heartbeat becomes erratic
Below 78	Below 25.5	Cardiac and respiratory centers of the brain fail. Ventricular fibrillation occurs; probably edema and hemorrhage in the lungs; death.

6. Treatment of hypothermia: Keep worker dry. Remove any wet clothing and replace with dry clothes, or wrap person in dry blankets. Keep person at rest. Do not allow him/her to move around. Transport the victim to a medical facility as soon as possible.

PWGC
CLIENT DRIVEN SOLUTIONS

COOLING POWER OF WIND ON EXPOSED FLESH EXPRESSED AS AN EQUIVALENT TEMPERATURE (UNDER CALM CONDITIONS)

Estimated wind Speed (in mph)	Actual Temperature Reading (°F)P											
	50	40	30	20	10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60
	Equivalent Chill Temperature (°F)											
Calm	50	40	30	20	10	0	-10	-20	-30	-40	-50	-60
5	48	37	27	16	6	-5	-15	-26	-36	-47	-57	-68
10	40	28	15	4	-9	-24	-33	-46	-58	-70	-83	-95
15	36	22	9	-5	-18	-32	-45	-58	-72	-85	-99	-112
20	32	18	4	-10	-25	-39	-53	-67	-82	-96	-110	-121
25	30	16	0	-15	-29	-44	-59	-74	-88	-104	-118	-133
30	28	13	-2	-18	-33	-48	-63	-79	-94	-109	-125	-140
35	27	11	-4	-20	-35	-51	-67	-82	-98	-113	-129	-145
40	26	10	-6	-21	-37	-53	-69	-85	-100	-116	-132	-146
(Wind speeds greater than 40 mph have little additional effect.)	LITTLE DANGER in < hr with dry skin. Maximum danger of false sense of security.				INCREASING DANGER Danger from freezing of exposed flesh within one minute			GREAT DANGER Flesh may freeze within 30 seconds.				
	Trench foot and imersion foot may occur at any point on this chart											

Developed by U.S. Army Research Institute of Environmental Medicine, Natick, MA.

(1) Reproduced from American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1985-1986, p.01.

APPENDIX E
CHEMICAL HAZARDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 23-Mar-2012 **Revision Date** 18-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 3

1. Identification

Product Name **1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene**

Cat No. : **AC138370000; AC138370050; AC138371000; AC138372500; AC138375000**

CAS-No 95-93-2
Synonyms Durene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Emergency Telephone Number
For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable solids	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
Flammable solid

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	95-93-2	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects No information available.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

Flash Point 73 °C / 163.4 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No information available

Explosion Limits
Upper No data available
Lower No data available

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Combustible material.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
0	2	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Environmental Precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid
Appearance	Beige
Odor	No information available
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	78 - 82 °C / 172.4 - 179.6 °F
Boiling Point/Range	196 - 197 °C / 384.8 - 386.6 °F
Flash Point	73 °C / 163.4 °F
Evaporation Rate	Not applicable
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	160 mmHg @ 140 °C
Vapor Density	Not applicable
Specific Gravity	No information available
Solubility	No information available
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	C10 H14
Molecular Weight	134.22

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	LD50 = 6989 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	95-93-2	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known
STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed No information available

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	Not listed	LC50 = 30 mg/L 48h	Not listed	EC50 = 0.47 mg/L 48h

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	4.17

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1325
Proper Shipping Name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN1325
Proper Shipping Name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN1325
Proper Shipping Name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 4.1

Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1325
Proper Shipping Name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group II

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	95-93-2	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)
X - Listed
'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories
Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	95-93-2	X	-	202-465-7	X	X	X	X	KE-33556

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations Not applicable

U.S. Department of Transportation
Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Moderate risk, Grade 2

16. Other information

Prepared By	Regulatory Affairs Thermo Fisher Scientific Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com
Creation Date	23-Mar-2012
Revision Date	18-Jan-2018
Print Date	18-Jan-2018
Revision Summary	This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

TCI AMERICA

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision number: 3
Revision date: 08/18/2015

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Benz[a]anthracene
Product code: B0017

Product use: For laboratory research purposes.
Restrictions on use: Not for drug or household use.

Company:
TCI America
9211 N. Harborgate Street
Portland, OR 97203 U.S.A.
Telephone:
+1-800-423-8616 / +1-503-283-1681
Fax:
+1-888-520-1075 / +1-503-283-1987
e-mail:
sales-US@TCIchemicals.com
www.TCIchemicals.com

Emergency telephone number:
Chemical Emergencies:
TCI America (8:00am - 5:00pm) PST
+1-503-286-7624
Transportation Emergencies:
Chemtrec 24-Hour
+1-800-424-9300 (U.S.A.)
+1-703-527-3887 (International)
Responsible department:
TCI America
Environmental Health Safety and Security
+1- 503-286-7624

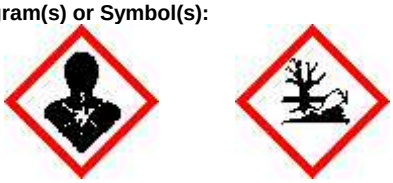
2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Haz Com: CFR 1910.1200:
Germ Cell Mutagenicity [Category 2]
Carcinogenicity [Category 2]
Aquatic Hazard (Acute) [Category 1]
Aquatic Hazard (Long-Term) [Category 1]

Signal word: Warning!

Hazard Statement(s):
Suspected of causing cancer
Suspected of causing genetic defects
Very toxic to aquatic life
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Pictogram(s) or Symbol(s):



Precautionary Statement(s):

[Prevention] Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
[Response] If exposed: Call a poison center or doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
[Storage] Store locked up.
[Disposal] Dispose of contents and container in accordance with US EPA guidelines for the classification and determination of hazardous waste listed in 40 CFR 261.3. (See Section 13)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture: Substance
Components: Benz[a]anthracene
Percent: >98.0%(GC)
CAS Number: 56-55-3
Molecular Weight: 228.29

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Formula: $C_{18}H_{12}$
Synonyms: Benzanthrene , Tetraphene

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Call emergency medical service. Effects of exposure (inhalation) to substance may be delayed. Inhalation of vapors or contact with substance will result in contamination and potential harmful effects. Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Skin contact: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Effects of exposure (skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Eye contact: In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention. Move victim to fresh air. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Effects of exposure to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Ingestion: Effects of exposure (ingestion) to substance may be delayed. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If a person vomits place them in the recovery position so that vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Rinse mouth. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Symptoms/effects:

Acute: No data available
Delayed: May cause heritable genetic damage in humans. Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Immediate medical attention: CAUTION: Victim may be a source of contamination. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Use first aid treatment according to the nature of the injury. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray, or alcohol-resistant foam. Consult with local fire authorities before attempting large scale fire fighting operations.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Hazardous combustion products: These products include: Carbon oxides
Other specific hazards: Closed containers may explode from heat of a fire.

Special precautions for fire-fighters:
Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Containers may explode when heated. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural fire fighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it may not be effective in spill situations. Wear chemical protective clothing which is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (Section 8). Warn unnecessary personnel to move away. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Ensure adequate ventilation. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Personal protective equipment: Splash goggles. Wear protective clothing (chemical resistant suit and chemical resistant boots). Dust respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent. Wear protective gloves (nitrile).

Emergency procedures: Prevent dust cloud. Do not clean-up or dispose except under supervision of a specialist. In case of a spill and/or a leak, always shut off any sources of ignition, ventilate the area, and excercise caution. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Warn personnel to move away. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Dike far ahead of spill; use dry sand to contain the flow of material. Ventilate the area.
Environmental precautions:
Keep away from living quarters. Environmental hazard. Do not let product enter drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Manipulate under an adequate fume hood. Avoid contact - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Normal measures for preventive fire protection. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Keep container dry. Handle and open container with care. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. When using do not eat, drink, or smoke. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Conditions for safe storage: Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatibles. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Avoid prolonged storage periods.

Storage incompatibilities: Store away from oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits: No data available

Appropriate engineering controls:
Handle only in a fully enclosed system and equipment. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ventilation is normally required when handling or using this product. Eyewash fountains should be provided in areas where there is any possibility that workers could be exposed to the substance. Follow safe industrial engineering/laboratory practices when handling any chemical.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Dust respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.
Hand protection: Wear protective gloves.
Eye protection: Safety glasses.
Skin and body protection: Wear protective clothing (chemical resistant suit and chemical resistant boots).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state (20°C): Solid
Form: Crystal - Powder
Color: White - Yellow
Odor: No data available
Odor threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: 161°C (322°F)
Boiling point/range: 438°C (820°F)
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Relative density: No data available
Kinematic Viscosity: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log P_{ow}) 5.79

Flash point: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): No data available

pH: No data available
Vapor pressure: 6.7×10^{-7}Pa /20°C
Vapor density: No data available
Dynamic Viscosity: No data available

Evaporation rate: (Butyl Acetate = 1) No data available

Autoignition temperature: No data available
Flammability or explosive limits:
Lower: No data available
Upper: No data available

Solubility(ies):

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not Available.
Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. (See Section 7)
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: No hazardous reactivity has been reported.
Conditions to avoid: Avoid excessive heat and light.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous Decomposition Products: No data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

RTECS Number: CV9275000

Acute Toxicity:
ivn-rat LD50:>200 mg/kg

ivn-mus LDLo:10 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation:
No data available

Serious eye damage/irritation:
No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization:
No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity:
dna-mus-skn 192 umol/kg

dni-hmn-oth 10 umol/L

mmo-sat 4 ug/plate (-S9)

Carcinogenicity:

imp-mus TDLo:80 mg/kg

skn-mus TDLo:18 mg/kg

scu-mus TDLo:2 mg/kg

IARC: Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans) .

NTP: b (Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens).

OSHA: No data available

Reproductive toxicity:
No data available

Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye contact, Ingestion, Skin contact.
Symptoms related to exposure:
No specific information is available in our data base regarding the toxic effects of this material for humans. However, exposure to any chemical should be kept to a minimum. Always follow safe industrial hygiene practices and wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Potential Health Effects:
No specific information available; skin and eye contact may result in irriatation. May be harmful if inhaled or ingested.
Target organ(s): No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Fish:	No data available
Crustacea:	48h LC50:0.0975 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Algae:	No data available

Persistence and degradability:	No data available
Bioaccumulative potential (BCF):	560 - 18000
Mobillity in soil:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log P_{ow})	5.79
Soil adsorption (Koc):	545000 - 1870000
Henry's Law: constant (PaM^3/mol)	0.8

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal of product: Recycle to process if possible. It is the generator's responsibility to comply with Federal, State and Local rules and regulations. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. This section is intended to provide assistance but does not replace these laws, nor does compliance in accordance with this section ensure regulatory compliance according to the law. US EPA guidelines for Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. The product should not be allowed to enter the environment, drains, water ways, or the soil.

Disposal of container: Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Other considerations: Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

DOT (US)

UN number:	Proper Shipping Name:	Class or Division:	Packing Group:
UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.	9 Miscellaneous hazardous material	III

IATA

UN number:	Proper Shipping Name:	Class or Division:	Packing Group:
UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.	9 Miscellaneous hazardous material	III

IMDG

UN number:	Proper Shipping Name:	Class or Division:	Packing Group:
UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.	9 Miscellaneous hazardous material	III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA 8b.):
This product is ON the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA Hazardous substance and Reportable Quantity:

SARA 313: Listed
SARA 302: Not Listed

State Regulations

State Right-to-Know

Massachusetts Listed
New Jersey Listed
Pennsylvania Listed
California Proposition 65: Listed

Other Information

NFPA Rating:

Health: 2
Flammability: 0
Instability: 0

HMIS Classification:

Health: 2
Flammability: 0
Physical: 0

International Inventories

WHMIS hazard class: D2B: Materials causing other toxic effects. (Toxic)
EC-No: 200-280-6

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: 08/18/2015
Revision number: 3

16. OTHER INFORMATION

TCI chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our SDS are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated SDS for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, face mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state and local regulations.

Safety Data Sheet – Benzene

Revision Nr: 3
Issue date: 15/12/2014
Supersedes: 12/08/2011

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Chemical name	:	benzene
EC Index	:	601-020-00-8
EC No	:	200-753-7
CAS No.	:	71-43-2
REACH registration No.	:	01-2119447106-44
Formula	:	C6H6

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Specific use(s) : Use as an intermediate

The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Transcor Energy
Parc de L'Alliance, Boulevard de France 7
1420 Braine-L'Alleud , Belgium
Telephone +32 2 663 19 00
Telefax: +32 2 675 49 99
E-mail: reach@transcor.be

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone : +32 3 575 03 30 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.)

IRELAND (REPUBLIC OF) National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	+353 18 37 99 64/+353 1 809 21 66
UNITED KINGDOM National Poisons Information Service (Newcastle Centre) Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre, Wolfson Unit	0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

CLP-Classification : The product is classified as hazardous in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
Muta. 1B	H340
Carc. 1A	H350
STOT RE 1	H372
Asp. Tox. 1	H304

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.1.2. Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Classification : This substance is classified as hazardous according to 67/548/EEC.

F; R11
Xn; R65
T; R48/23/24/25
Xi; R36/38
Carc.Cat.1; R45
Muta.Cat.2; R46

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms :

GHS02 GHS07 GHS08

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H340 - May cause genetic defects.
H350 - May cause cancer.
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements :
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

2.2.2. Labelling according to Directives (67/548 - 1999/45)

Not relevant

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards : Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment :
Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC
Benzene	(CAS No.) 71-43-2 (EC No) 200-753-7 (EC Index) 601-020-00-8 (REACH-no) 01-2119447106-44-0099	100	F; R11 Xn; R65 T; R48/23/24/25 Xi; R36/38 Carc.Cat.1; R45 Muta.Cat.2; R46

Substance name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Benzene	(CAS No.) 71-43-2 (EC No) 200-753-7 (EC Index) 601-020-00-8 (REACH-no) 01-2119447106-44-0099	100	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Full text of R- and H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing.
Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Get immediate medical advice/attention.

In case of ingestion : Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Additional advice : First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps.
When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Treat symptomatically.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. The following symptoms may occur: Dizziness Drowsiness Unconsciousness Headache Nausea Convulsions Shortness of breath.

Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. The following symptoms may occur: Dry skin Pain erythema (redness).
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation. The following symptoms may occur: Redness, pain.
Ingestion	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. The following symptoms may occur: Abdominal pain Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Sore throat.
Other adverse effects	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause cancer. May cause genetic defects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, Dry extinguishing powder, Carbon dioxide
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons	:	Strong water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Specific hazards	:	Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode. Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Volatile organic compounds

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters	:	Special protective equipment for firefighters. In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Dispose according to legislation. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Evacuate area. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. Provide adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.
Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.
Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.
Use only non-sparking tools.

For emergency responders : Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place.
Personal protection equipment: see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow to enter into ground-water, surface water or drains.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use foam on spills to minimise vapours.
Stop leak if safe to do so.
Dam up.
Clean-up methods - small spillage: Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents)., Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).
Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal
Clean-up methods - large spillage: Large spills should be collected mechanically (remove by pumping) for disposal., Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Large spills should be collected mechanically (remove by pumping) for disposal.
Use only explosion-proof equipment.
Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling : Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protective equipment as required.
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Do not breathe vapour/spray.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Take any precaution to avoid mixing with incompatible materials.
See also section 10
Ensure proper process control to avoid excess waste discharge (temperature, concentration, pH value, time).
Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
Obtain special instructions before use.
(Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.)
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.
Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.
Use only non-sparking tools.

The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such.

Advices on general occupational hygiene : Keep good industrial hygiene.
Wash hands before breaks and immediately after using the product.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Keep work clothes separately.
Take off contaminated clothing.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage : Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Do not store near or with any of the incompatible materials listed in section 10.
Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Packaging materials : Keep/Store only in original container.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Intermediate.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit values :

Benzene (71-43-2)		
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	1 ppm
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	1 ppm
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
France	VME (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VME (ppm)	1 ppm (restrictive limit)
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,19 mg/m³
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	1,0 ppm
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	2,5 ppm
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³ (manufacturing, commercialization, and use restrictions under REACH; worker protection to carcinogens in the workplace)

Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	1 ppm (manufacturing, commercialization, and use restrictions under REACH; worker protection to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens in the workplace)
Switzerland	VME (mg/m³)	1,6 mg/m³
Switzerland	VME (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	9,75 mg/m³ (calculated)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	3 ppm (calculated)
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	1,6 mg/m³
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	1 ppm
Hungary	MK-érték	3 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	1 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	9 mg/m³ (calculated)
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	3 ppm (calculated)
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	1 ppm
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m³)	19 mg/m³
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	6 ppm
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (AN) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (AN) (ppm)	1 ppm
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	6 mg/m³
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)	3 ppm
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	1,6 mg/m³
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)	1,5 mg/m³
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	9 mg/m³
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	3 ppm

Recommended monitoring procedures : Personal air monitoring
Room air monitoring

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection equipment : The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Half-face mask (EN 140)
Full face mask (EN 136)
Filter type: AP (EN 141)
The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant

		concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. (EN 137)
Hand protection	:	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) ,Suitable material:,NBR (Nitrile rubber) (> 0.45 mm, BTT > 30 min.),PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol) (BTT > 480 min.),Fluoropolymers (BTT > 480 min.),The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.
Eye protection	:	Use suitable eye protection. (EN166): Goggles
Body protection	:	Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Chemical resistant safety shoes
Thermal hazard protection	:	Not required under normal use. Use dedicated equipment.
Engineering control measures	:	The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such. Provide adequate ventilation. Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Safe handling: see section 7 . Transfer and handle product only in closed systems. Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and safety showers are closely located to the working place. Store locked up. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded. Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water. Comply with applicable Community environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	clear
Odour	:	characteristic
Odour threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	5,49 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	80,09 °C
Flash point	:	11 °C
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable, liquid
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	< No data available
Vapour pressure	:	10 kPa (20 °C) 100 kPa (79.9 °C)
Vapour density	:	No data available

Density	:	0,8765 g/cm³ (20 °C)
Relative density	:	No data available
Water solubility	:	≈ 1,88 g/l (23.5 °C)
Solubility in different media	:	Justification for data waiving not relevant
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	:	2,13
Auto-ignition temperature	:	498 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity	:	0,604 mPa.s (25 °C)
Explosive properties	:	Not applicable The study does not need to be conducted because there are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties present in the molecule.
Oxidising properties	:	Not applicable The classification procedure needs not to be applied because there are no chemical groups present in the molecule which are associated with oxidising properties.

9.2. Other information

Surface tension	:	Justification for data waiving not relevant

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Reference to other sections: 10.4 & 10.5

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	:	The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Safe handling: see section 7

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials	:	Oxidising substances, Strong acids, Halogens, Safe handling: see section 7

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	:	Reference to other sections: 5.2

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Benzene (71-43-2)	
LD50/oral/rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50/dermal/rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
ATE CLP (vapours)	44,5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
pH: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
pH: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.
LOAEL, Oral, Rat: 25 mg/kg bw/day

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)
NOAEC, Inhalation: 960 mg/m³
NOAEC, Developmental toxicity, Inhalation, Rat: 32 mg/m³

STOT-single exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information

Reference to other sections: 4.2,Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics,For further information see section 4

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Benzene (71-43-2)	
LC50 fish 1	eco mg/l (96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	10 mg/l (48h)
ErC50 (algae)	100 mg/l (72 h)
LOEC (chronic)	1,6 mg/l
NOEC (chronic)	3 mg/l Invertebrates.
NOEC chronic fish	0,8 mg/l
NOEC chronic crustacea	3 mg/l
NOEC chronic algae	≈
Additional information	ErC10, Biomass, 72h, algae: 10 mg/l ErC10, Growth rate, 72h, algae: 34 mg/l IC50, 24h, micro-organisms: 13 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability : Readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation : Low potential
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water : 2,13
Bioconcentration factor (BCF) : < 10

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility :
Surface tension : Justification for data waiving

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB data :

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information :

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product waste: : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.
Safe handling: see section 7
Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling
Recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration
If recycling is not possible, eliminate in accordance with local valid waste disposal regulations

Contaminated packaging : Never use pressure to empty container.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
Dispose according to legislation.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC : This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number : 1114

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name : BENZENE
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : BENZENE
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : BENZENE
Proper Shipping Name (ADN) : BENZENE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.3.1. Overland transport

Class(es) : 3 - Flammable liquid
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 33
Classification code : F1

ADR/RID-Labels : 3 - Flammable liquid

14.3.2. Inland waterway transport (ADN)

Class (UN) : 3

14.3.3. Transport by sea

Class or Division : 3 - flammable liquids

14.3.4. Air transport

Class or Division : 3 - flammable liquids

14.4. Packing group

Packing group : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special precautions for user : No data available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	:
3. Liquid substances or mixtures which are regarded as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	: Benzene
5. Benzene	: Benzene
28. Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as Carcinogen category 1A or 1B (Table 3.1) or Carcinogen category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows: Carcinogen category 1A (Table 3.1)/Carcinogen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 1 Carcinogen category 1B (Table 3.1)/Carcinogen category 2 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 2	: Benzene

29. Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as Germ cell Mutagen category 1A or 1B (Table 3.1) or Mutagen category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows: Mutagen category 1A (Table 3.1)/Mutagen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 3 Mutagen category 1B (Table 3.1)/Mutagen category 2 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 4	: Benzene
40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or not.	: Benzene
This product contains an ingredient according to the candidate list of Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation 1907/2006/EC.	: none
Authorisations	: Not applicable

15.1.2. National regulations

DE : WGK	: 3
NL : ABM	: 2 - May cause heritable genetic damage.,3 - May cause cancer.
NL : NeR (Nederlandse emissie Richtlijn)	: Organic substances in vapour or gaseous form

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment : For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases:

Asp. Tox. 1	: Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 1A	: Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
Eye Irrit. 2	: Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	: Flammable liquids, Category 2
Muta. 1B	: Germ cell mutagenicity, hazard categories 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	: Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 1	: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1
H225	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	: Causes skin irritation.
H319	: Causes serious eye irritation.
H340	: May cause genetic defects.
H350	: May cause cancer.
H372	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
R11	: Highly flammable.
R36/38	: Irritating to eyes and skin.
R45	: May cause cancer.
R46	: May cause heritable genetic damage.
R48/23/24/25	: Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation,

		in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R65	:	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
F	:	Highly flammable
T	:	Toxic
Xi	:	Irritant
Xn	:	Harmful

Key literature references and sources for data	:	CSR
Safety datasheet sections which have been updated	:	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16
Abbreviations and acronyms	:	ABM = Algemene beoordelingsmethodiek ADN = Accord Européen relatif au Transport International des Marchandises Dangereuses par voie de Navigation du Rhin ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation according to 1272/2008/EC IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LEL = Lower Explosive Limit/Lower Explosion Limit UEL = Upper Explosion Limit/Upper Explosive Limit REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals BTT = Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time) DMEL = Derived minimal effect level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EC50 = Median Effective Concentration EL50 = Median effective level ErC50 = EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate ErL50 = EL50 in terms of reduction of growth rate EWC = European Waste Catalogue LC50 = Median lethal concentration LD50 = Median lethal dose LL50 = Median lethal level NA = Not applicable NOEC = No observed effect concentration NOEL: no-observed-effect level NOELR = No observed effect loading rate NOAEC = No observed adverse effect concentration NOAEL = No observed adverse effect level N.O.S. = Not Otherwise Specified OEL = Occupational Exposure Limits - Short Term Exposure Limits (STELs) PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration Quantitative structure-acivity relationship (QSAR) STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity TWA = time weighted average VOC = Volatile organic compounds WGK = Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class under German Federal Water Management Act)

The contents and format of this SDS are in accordance with EEC Commission Directive 1999/45/EC, 67/548/EC, 1272/2008/EC and EEC Commission Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH) Annex II.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. The conditions or methods of

handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020 **Revision Number** 2

1. Identification

Product Name **Benzo[a]pyrene**

Cat No. : **15856**

CAS-No 50-32-8
Synonyms Benzo[def]chrysene.; 3,4-Benzopyrene; 3,4-Benzpyrene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company
Alfa Aesar
Thermo Fisher Scientific Chemicals, Inc.
30 Bond Street
Ward Hill, MA 01835-8099
Tel: 800-343-0660
Fax: 800-322-4757
Email: tech@alfa.com
www.alfa.com

Emergency Telephone Number
During normal business hours (Monday-Friday, 8am-7pm EST), call (800) 343-0660.
After normal business hours, call Carechem 24 at (866) 928-0789.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin Sensitization	Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
May cause an allergic skin reaction
May cause genetic defects
May cause cancer
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
Wear protective gloves
Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice
Skin
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
Storage
Store locked up
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	> 96

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects None reasonably foreseeable. . May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available
Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature Not applicable
Explosion Limits
Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust formation.

Environmental Precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid dust formation.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Benzo[a]pyrene		TWA: 0.2 mg/m³		

Legend

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Powder Solid
Appearance	Dark yellow
Odor	aromatic
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	Not applicable
Melting Point/Range	175 - 179 °C / 347 - 354.2 °F
Boiling Point/Range	495 °C / 923 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	No information available
Evaporation Rate	Not applicable
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No information available
Vapor Density	Not applicable
Specific Gravity	No information available
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	C20H12
Molecular Weight	252.31

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Oxidizing agent

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Group 1	Reasonably Anticipated	A2	X	A2

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
NTP: (National Toxicity Program)
Known - Known Carcinogen
Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen
A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known
STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information
Benzo[a]pyrene	Group III Chemical	Not applicable	Not applicable

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Benzo[a]pyrene	6.06

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a

hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Benzo[a]pyrene - 50-32-8	U022	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Technical Name Benzo[a]pyrene
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)
X - Listed
'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	X	-	200-028-5	X	-	-	X	KE-05-0184

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	> 96	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Benzo[a]pyrene	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Benzo[a]pyrene	1 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Carcinogen	0.06 µg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Benzo[a]pyrene	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Email: tech@alfa.com
www.alfa.com

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020
Print Date 14-Feb-2020
Revision Summary SDS authoring systems update, replaces ChemGes SDS No. 50-32-8/1.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Benzo(b)fluoranthene**

Other means of identification

Item N-11165

Recommended use For Laboratory Use Only

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Chem Service, Inc.

Address 660 Tower Lane
West Chester, PA 19380
United States

Telephone Toll Free 800-452-9994
Direct 610-692-3026

Website www.chemservice.com

E-mail info@chemservice.com

Emergency phone number Chemtrec US 800-424-9300
Chemtrec outside US +1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 1

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		205-99-2	100

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Collect spillage. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits	No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Use personal protective equipment as required.

Skin protection	
Hand protection	Use personal protective equipment as required.
Other	Use personal protective equipment as required.
Respiratory protection	Use personal protective equipment as required.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Solid. Crystalline Solid
Color	Pale yellow
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	334.4 °F (168 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	0.0000001 kPa at 25 °C
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	6.6
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Molecular formula	C20-H12
Molecular weight	252.32 g/mol

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not available.
Chronic effects	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

6.6

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. (Benzo(b)fluoranthene RQ = 1 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	9
Packing group	III
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	8, 146, 335, A112, B54, IB8, IP3, N20, T1, TP33
Packaging exceptions	155
Packaging non bulk	213
Packaging bulk	240

IATA

UN number	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Benzo(b)fluoranthene)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	9L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Benzo(b)fluoranthene)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-A, S-F
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

DOT; IATA; IMDG

General information	DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	100

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112(r) (40 CFR 68.130)

Priority pollutant
Toxic pollutant

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: Special hazard

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2) Listed: July 1, 1987

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-29-2015

Version # 01

NFPA ratings Health: 0
Flammability: 0
Instability: 0

Disclaimer The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.

Persons not specifically and properly trained should not handle this chemical or its container. This product is furnished FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY! Our products may NOT BE USED as drugs, cosmetics, agricultural or pesticide products, food additives or as household chemicals.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is intended only for use with Chem Service, Inc. products and should not be relied on for use with materials from any other supplier even if the chemical name(s) on the product are identical! Whenever using an SDS for a solution or mixture the user should refer to the SDS for every component of the solution or mixture. Chem Service warrants that this SDS is based upon the most current information available to Chem Service at the time it was last revised. THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE, AND CHEM SERVICE, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This SDS is provided gratis and CHEM SERVICE, INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR CONTINGENT DAMAGES.

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This product is furnished FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 03-May-2012 **Revision Date** 19-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 4

1. Identification

Product Name **Benzo[ghi]perylene**

Cat No. : **AC105550000; AC105550050; AC105550250; AC105551000**

CAS-No 191-24-2
Synonyms 1,12-Benzoperylene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Emergency Telephone Number
For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
Classification under 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label Elements
None required

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %

Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects No information available.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available
Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No information available

Explosion Limits
Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
0	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.
Environmental Precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Avoid dust formation. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid
Appearance	Yellow
Odor	No information available
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	276 - 280 °C / 528.8 - 536 °F
Boiling Point/Range	> 500 °C @ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	No information available
Evaporation Rate	Not applicable
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No information available
Vapor Density	Not applicable
Specific Gravity	No information available
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	C22 H12
Molecular Weight	276.33

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Excess heat. Exposure to light. Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed No information available

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Persistence and Degradability Insoluble in water May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Benzo(ghi)perylene	6.58

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Technical Name Benzo(ghi)perylene
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	-	-	-

Legend:
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)
X - Listed
'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	-	-	205-883-8	-	-	-	-	-

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	>95	1.0 0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Benzo(ghi)perylene	-	-	-	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Benzo(ghi)perylene	5000 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Benzo(ghi)perylene	X	X	X	X	-

U.S. Department of Transportation
Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date 03-May-2012
Revision Date 19-Jan-2018
Print Date 19-Jan-2018
Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

Toronto Research Chemicals
products for innovative research

Safety Data Sheet - Version 5.0

Preparation Date 7/15/2014
Latest Revision Date (If Revised) 12/7/2017
SDS Expiry Date 12/5/2020

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier

Chemical Name Benzo[k]fluoranthene

Catalogue # B203560

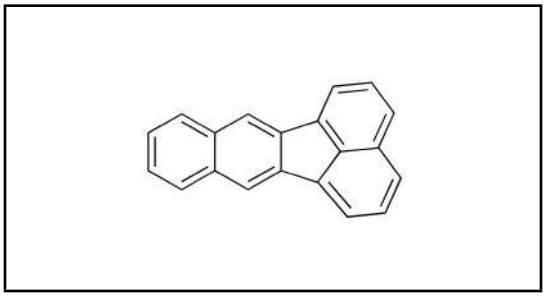
1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Product Uses To be used only for scientific research and development. Not for use in humans or animals.

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company Toronto Research Chemicals
2 Brisbane Road
Toronto, ON M3J 2J8
CANADA

Telephone +14166659696
FAX +14166654439
Email orders@trc-canada.com



1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency# +1(416) 665-9696 between 0800-1700 (GMT-5)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

WHMIS Classification (Canada)

D2A Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects
Carcinogen

WHMIS Symbols (Canada)

2.1/2.2 Classification of the Substance or Mixture and Label Elements

GHS Hazards Classification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity (Category 1B)
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment, Acute Hazard (Category 1)
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment, Long-Term Hazard (Category 1)

GHS Hazards Identification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Signal Word Danger

GHS Hazard Statements

H350	May cause cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

GHS Precautionary Statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

P308/P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3 Unclassified Hazards/Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No data available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Molecular Formula: $C_{20}H_{12}$ **Molecular Weight:** 252.31

CAS Registry #: 207-08-9 **EC#:** 205-916-6

Synonyms

11,12-Benzofluoranthene; 2,3,1',8'-Binaphthylene; 8,9-Benzfluoranthene; 8,9-Benzofluoranthene; Dibenzo[b,jk] fluorene

3.2 Mixtures

Not a mixture.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

General Advice

If medical attention is required, show this safety data sheet to the doctor.

If Inhaled

If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician.

In Case of Skin Contact

Wash affected area with soap and water. Consult a physician if any exposure symptoms are observed.

In Case of Eye Contact

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

If Swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting unless advised to do so by a physician or Poison Control Center. Seek medical attention.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2.2) and/or section 11.

4.3 Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for Firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further Information

No data available.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Method and materials for containment and cleaning up
Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.
Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

Conditions for safe storage
Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.
Keep in a dry place.

Storage conditions: Refrigerator

7.3 Specific End Uses

For scientific research and development only. Not for use in humans or animals.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Contains no components with established occupational exposure limits.

8.2 Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls
A laboratory fumehood or other appropriate form of local exhaust ventilation should be used to avoid exposure.

Personal Protective Equipment
All recommendations below are advisory in nature and a risk assessment should be performed by the employer/end user prior to use of this product. The type of protective equipment must be selected based on the amount and concentration of the dangerous material being used in the workplace.

Eye/Face Protection
Safety goggles or face shield. All equipment should have been tested and approved under appropriate standards, such as NIOSH (US), CSA (Canada), or EN 166 (EU).

Skin Protection
Gloves should be used when handling this material. Gloves are to be inspected prior to use. Contaminated gloves are to be removed using proper glove removal technique so that the outer surface of the glove does not contact bare skin. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in compliance with good laboratory practices and local requirements.

Gloves used for incidental exposures (splash protection) should be designated as “chemical resistant” by EU standard EN 374 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material. Unrated gloves are not recommended.
Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Sol-Vex nitrile gloves style 37-175, 15 mil thickness.
Penetration time has not been determined.

Gloves used for prolonged direct exposure (immersion) should be designated “chemical resistant” as per EN 734 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material.
Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Viton/Butyl gloves style 38-612, 4/8 mil thickness.
Penetration time has not been determined.

These recommendations may not apply if the material is mixed with any other chemical, or dissolved into a solution. A risk assessment must be performed to ensure the gloves will still offer acceptable protection.

Body Protection
Fire resistant (Nomex) coveralls or chemical-resistant bodysuit (laminated Tychem SL or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection
Recommended respirators are NIOSH-approved N100 or CEN-approved FFP3 particulate respirators. These are to be only used as a backup to local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls. If the respirator is the only means of protection, a full-face supplied air respirator must be used.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

A) Appearance **B) Odour**

Light Yellow Solid

C) Odour Threshold
No data available

D) pH
No data available

E) Melting Point/Freezing Point
213-215°C

F) Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range
No data available

G) Flash point
No data available

H) Evaporation Rate
No data available

I) Flammability (Solid/Gas)
No data available

J) Upper/Lower Flammability/Explosive Limits
No data available

K) Vapour Pressure
No data available

L) Vapour Density
No data available

M) Relative Density
No data available

N) Solubility
Chloroform (Slightly)

O) Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water
No data available

P) Auto-Ignition Temperature
No data available

Q) Decomposition Temperature
No data available

R) Viscosity
No data available

S) Explosive Properties
No data available

T) Oxidizing Properties
No data available

9.2 Other Information
no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity
No data available.

10.2 Chemical Stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
No data available.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid
No data available.

10.5 Incompatible Materials
Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products
In the event of fire: See section 5. **Other decomposition products:** No data available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

A) Acute Toxicity
Oral LD50: No data available.
Dermal LD50: No data available.
Inhalation LC50: No data available.

B) Skin Corrosion/Irritation
No data available

C) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation
No data available

D) Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
No data available

E) Germ Cell Mutagenicity
No data available

F) Carcinogenicity
Probable human carcinogen.
This compound has been designated by the IARC as Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans.

G) Reproductive Toxicity/Teratogenicity
No data available

H) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No data available

I) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No data available

J) Aspiration Hazard

No data available

K) Potential Health Effects and Routes of Exposure

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin

May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes

May cause eye irritation.

L) Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2.2) and/or section 11.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties of this material have not been thoroughly investigated.

M) Additional Information

RTECS: DF6350000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data available.

12.2 Persistance and Degradability

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

No data available.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

A) Product

Product may be burned in an incinerator equipped with afterburner and scrubber. Excess and expired materials are to be offered to a licensed hazardous material disposal company. Ensure that all Federal and Local regulations regarding the disposal and destruction of this material are followed.

B) Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of as above.

C) Other Considerations

Product is not to be disposed of in sanitary sewers, storm sewers, or landfills.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number

DOT (US): UN3077 IATA: UN3077 IMDG: UN3077 ADR/RID: UN3077

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

DOT (US)/IATA:

Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Benzo[k]fluoranthene)

IMDG/ARD/RID:

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Benzo[k]fluoranthene)

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)

DOT (US): 9 IATA: 9 IMDG: 9 ADR/RID: 9

14.4 Packing Group

DOT (US): III	IATA: III	IMDG: III	ADR/RID: III

14.5 Environmental Hazards

DOT (US): None	IATA: None	IMDG: None	ADR/RID: None

14.6 Special Precautions for User

None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of WHMIS (Canada), OSHA 1910.1200 (US), and EU Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (European Union).

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

A) Canada

DSL/NDSL Status: This product is not listed on the Canadian DSL/NDSL.

B) United States

TSCA Status: This product is not listed on the US EPA TSCA.

C) European Union

ECHA Status: This product is not registered with the EU ECHA.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Revision History

Original Publication Date: 7/15/2014

16.2 List of Abbreviations

LD50	Median lethal dose of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population.
LC50	Medial lethal concentration of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population.
LDLo	Lowest known lethal dose
TDLo	Lowest known toxic dose
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

16.3 Further Information

Copyright 2015. Toronto Research Chemicals Inc. Copies may be made for internal use only. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge, but is to be only used as a guide. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Please take all due care when handling this product.

Fisher Scientific

Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 10-Feb-2015 **Revision Number** 1

1. Identification

Product Name **Chrysene, 98%**

Cat No. : **AC224140010; AC224140050; AC224145000**

Synonyms Benzo(a)phenanthrene; 1,2,5,6-Dibenzonaphthalene.; 1,2-Benzophenanthrene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against No Information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company
Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Entity / Business Name
Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Emergency Telephone Number
For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
Suspected of causing genetic defects
May cause cancer

Precautionary Statements
Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition / information on ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Chrysene	218-01-9	98

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation Move to fresh air.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects No information available.
Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point
Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No information available
Explosion Limits
Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

None known

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
0	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions See Section 12 for additional ecological information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up No information available.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Ensure adequate ventilation.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Chrysene		TWA: 0.2 mg/m³	

Component	Quebec	Mexico OEL (TWA)	Ontario TWAEV
Chrysene			TWA:

Legend

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid
Appearance	Light cream
Odor	No information available
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	
Melting Point/Range	250 255 °C
Boiling Point/Range	°C @ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No information available
Vapor Density	No information available
Relative Density	No information available
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available

Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	No information available
Molecular Formula	C18H12
Molecular Weight	228.29

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use conditions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Chrysene	218-01-9	Group 2B	Not listed	A3	X	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed No information available

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Chrysene	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	1.9 mg/L EC50 = 2 h

Persistence and Degradability No information available
Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility No information available.

Component	log Pow
Chrysene	5.91

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Chrysene - 218-01-9	U050	-

14. Transport information

DOT
UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,SOLID, N.O.S.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

TDG
UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,SOLID, N.O.S.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IATA
UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,SOLID, N.O.S.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO
UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,SOLID, N.O.S.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Chrysene	X	X	-	205-923-4	-		-	-	X	-	X

Legend:
X - Listed
E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance
R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.

Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Chrysene	218-01-9	98	1.0 0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Chrysene	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Not applicable

CERCLA
Not applicable

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Chrysene	100 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Chrysene	218-01-9	Carcinogen	0.35 µg/day	Carcinogen

State Right-to-Know

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Chrysene	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ):	N
DOT Marine Pollutant	N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

Canada
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS Hazard Class D2A Very toxic materials

16. Other information

Prepared By
Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 10-Feb-2015
Print Date 10-Feb-2015
Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS)

Disclaimer

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End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 22-Sep-2009 **Revision Date** 23-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 3

1. Identification

Product Name **cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene**

Cat No. : **AC113380000; AC113380025; AC113380100; AC113380500**

Synonyms cis-Acetylene dichloride.

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Emergency Telephone Number
For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Respiratory system.	

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Harmful if swallowed
Harmful if inhaled

Causes serious eye irritation
Causes skin irritation
May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Response
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
Inhalation
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
Skin
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Ingestion
Rinse mouth
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
Fire
Explosion risk in case of fire
Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance
Evacuate area
Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
Store in a closed container
Store locked up
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
None identified

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	97

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.
Most important symptoms and effects	Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Dry chemical. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No information available
Flash Point	6 °C / 42.8 °F
Method -	No information available
Autoignition Temperature	440 °C / 824 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper	12.80%
Lower	9.70%
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Hydrogen chloride gas.
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions	Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.
Environmental Precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
Methods for Containment and Clean Up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Storage

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	TWA: 200 ppm			TWA: 200 ppm

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection

No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	aromatic
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	-80 °C / -112 °F
Boiling Point/Range	60 °C / 140 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	6 °C / 42.8 °F
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	12.80%
Lower	9.70%
Vapor Pressure	201 mmHg @ 25 °C
Vapor Density	3.34 (Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity	1.280
Solubility	No information available
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available

Autoignition Temperature	440 °C / 824 °F
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	No information available
Molecular Formula	C2 H2 Cl2
Molecular Weight	96.94

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air. Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Bases

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2), Hydrogen chloride gas

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	Not listed	Not listed	EC50 = 721 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 905 mg/L 30 min	Not listed

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1150
Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN1150
Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN1150
Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1150
Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)
X - Listed
'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	-	X	205-859-7	-	X	X	X	KE-10124

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	X	-	X	-	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By
Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date 22-Sep-2009
Revision Date 23-Jan-2018
Print Date 23-Jan-2018
Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 06-Aug-2010 **Revision Date** 17-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 6

1. Identification

Product Name **Ethylbenzene**

Cat No. : **O2751-1**

CAS-No 100-41-4
Synonyms Ethylbenzol; Phenylethane

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company
Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number
CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).	
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
Highly flammable liquid and vapor
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Harmful if inhaled
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Suspected of causing cancer
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Keep cool
Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice
Inhalation
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Skin
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction
Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Most important symptoms and effects Breathing difficulties. . Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause central nervous system depression

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

Flash Point 22 °C / 71 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 432 °C / 810 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 6.8%

Lower 1.2%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available

Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
3	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information. Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take

precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m³ (Vacated) STEL: 125 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m³ TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³	IDLH: 800 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 545 mg/m³	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 545 mg/m³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	aromatic
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	-95 °C / -139 °F
Boiling Point/Range	136 °C / 276.8 °F
Flash Point	22 °C / 71 °F
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	6.8%
Lower	1.2%
Vapor Pressure	No information available
Vapor Density	No information available
Specific Gravity	0.860
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available

Autoignition Temperature	432 °C / 810 °F
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	No information available
Molecular Formula	C8 H10
Molecular Weight	106.17

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg (Rat)	15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	17.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation May cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Group 2B	Not listed	A3	X	Not listed

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)
STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause central nervous system depression

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Ethylbenzene	EC50: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L, 96h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L, 72h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: > 438 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: = 4.6 mg/L, 72h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 4.2 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 32 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 7.55 - 11 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 9.6 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata)	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	EC50: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Insoluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Ethylbenzene	3.2

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1175
Proper Shipping Name ETHYLBENZENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN1175
Proper Shipping Name ETHYLBENZENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No	UN1175
Proper Shipping Name	ETHYLBENZENE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No	UN1175
Proper Shipping Name	ETHYLBENZENE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed The product is classified and labeled according to EC directives or corresponding national laws The product is classified and labeled in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Ethylbenzene	X	X	-	202-849-4	-		X	X	X	X	X

Legend:
X - Listed
E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance
R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	>95	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Ethylbenzene	X	1000 lb	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Ethylbenzene	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Ethylbenzene	1000 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen	54 µg/day 41 µg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Ethylbenzene	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Serious risk, Grade 3

16. Other information

Prepared By
Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date 06-Aug-2010
Revision Date 17-Jan-2018
Print Date 17-Jan-2018
Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

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End of SDS

AccuStandard, Inc.
125 Market St., New Haven, CT 06513 USA
Tel: 203-786-5290 Fax: 203-786-5287

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 - Product Identifiers

Catalog Name: H-157N

Description: Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

CAS No.: 193-39-5

1.2 - Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture

Laboratory Chemical Reference Material

1.3 - Supplier Details

Company: AccuStandard, Inc.
125 Market St.
New Haven, CT 06513 USA

Telephone Number: 203-786-5290

Fax: 203-786-5287

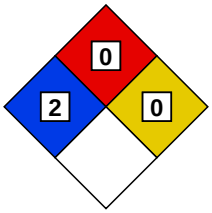
Email: edocs@accustandard.com

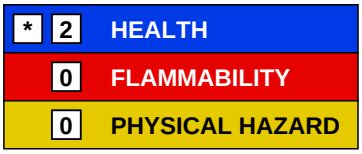
1.4 - Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Phone #: AccuStandard, Inc.
1-203-786-5290
Hours: Monday to Friday 8:00am to 5:00pm EST

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 - GHS Label Elements





Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Codes:

H302 - Harmful if swallowed. (Acute toxicity, oral, category 4)

H332 - Harmful if inhaled. (Acute toxicity, inhalation, category 4)

H335 - May be irritating to mucous membrane and upper respiratory system. (Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Respiratory tract irritation, category 3)

H350 - This product is or contains a component that is classified (ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OSHA) as a possible cancer hazard. (Carcinogenicity, category 1B)

Precautionary Codes:

P202 - This product should only by used by persons trained in the safe handling of hazardous chemicals.

P235 - Store in a cool dry place.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing.

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION *- continued*

2.1 - GHS Label Elements *- continued*

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally. Eye wash and safety equipment should be readily available.

P284 - Respiratory Protection: If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see TLV/PEL), or a risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use of a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised. Use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN14387) respirator cartridges in absence of proper environmental control. Always use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Engineering and/or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

P310 - Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If conscious, give water freely.

P338 - Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove and contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers.

P360 - Skin contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

P404 - Store in a tightly closed container.

2.2 - Other Hazards

2.2.1 - Symptom of Exposure Health/Environment

Harmful.

Environmental hazard.

2.2.2 - Potential Health Effects

May be irritating to eyes.

May be irritating to skin.

May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. (Acute toxicity, dermal, category 5)

May be irritating to mucous membrane and upper respiratory system. (Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Respiratory tract irritation, category 3)

Harmful if inhaled. (Acute toxicity, inhalation, category 4)

Harmful if swallowed. (Acute toxicity, oral, category 4)

2.2.3 - Routes of Entry

Inhalation, ingestion or skin contact.

2.2.4 - Carcinogenicity

California Proposition 65 cancer hazard.

This product is or contains a component that is classified (ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OSHA) as a possible cancer hazard. (Carcinogenicity, category 1B)

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / ANALYTES DATA

Description: Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Synonyms: o-Phenylenepyrene; IP; 2,3-Phenylenepyrene

Molecular Weight: 276.34

Molecular Formula: C22H12

EC#: 205-893-2

			ACGIH -TLV (mg/m³)			OSHA -PEL (mg/m³)		
Analyte	CAS Number	% Concentration	TWA	STEL	Skin	TWA	STEL	Skin
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	100.000						

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 - First Aid Procedures - General

Get medical assistance for all cases of overexposure.

4.2 - Eye Contact

Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove and contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. (P338)

4.3 - Skin Contact

Skin contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. (P360)

4.4 - Inhalation

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.5 - Ingestion

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If conscious, give water freely. (P310)

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 - Flammable Properties

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

5.2 - Extinguishing Media

Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray when fighting fires involving this material.

5.3 - Protection of Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 - Spill Response

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate Personal protection. Prevent contact with skin or eyes. Ventilate area. Avoid raising dust. Take up and containerize for proper disposal. Flush spill area with water. Comply with Federal, State, and local regulations.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a tightly closed container. (P404)

Store in a cool dry place. (P235)

Use with adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe dust. (P260)

Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. (P262)

Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

This product should only by used by persons trained in the safe handling of hazardous chemicals. (P202)

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS

8.1 - Engineering Controls/PPE

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally. Eye wash and safety equipment should be readily available. (P264)

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS *- continued*

8.2 - General Hygene Considerations

Respiratory Protection: If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see TLV/PEL), or a risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use of a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised. Use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN14387) respirator cartridges in absence of proper environmental control. Always use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Engineering and/or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Material should be handled or transferred in an approved fume hood or with adequate ventilation.

Compatible chemical-resistant protective gloves must be worn to prevent skin contact. Inspect gloves prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique to avoid contact with product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash hands thoroughly and dry.

Use eye protection tested and approved under the appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU).

All recommendations are advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and/or safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use, such as concentration and amount of the substance in the workplace. Any recommendation should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use of the product.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Solid

Odor: N/A

Odor Threshold: N/A

pH: N/A

Melting Point: 150 - 153 °C

Boiling Point: 497 - 498 °C

Flash Point: 477 °F / 247 °C

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): N/A

Flammability Class: N/A

Lower Flammability Level: N/A

Upper Flammability Level: N/A

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/A

Specific Gravity: 1.38 g/cm3

Solubility in Water: Insoluble

Partition Coefficient: log Pow: 6.58

Autoignition Temperature: N/A

Decomposition Temperature: N/A

Viscosity: N/A

VOC Content: N/A

Percent Volatile: N/A

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizers

Hazardous Decomposition: Oxides of carbon

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY *- continued*

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Condition to Avoid: Excessive heat

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Human Health Toxicity

See section 2 for specific toxicological information for the ingredients of this product.

LD50 (Oral): N/A

LD50 (Dermal) : N/A

LC50 (Inhalation): N/A

As a class of compounds, PAHs are considered to be harmful to human health.

WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer.

No other information related to the toxicological properties of this product is available at this time.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Toxicity

By complying with sections 6 and 7 there should be no release to the environment.

LC50 (Fish): N/A

EC50 (Aquatic Invertebrate): N/A

BCF: N/A

As a class of compounds, PAHs are considered to be harmful to the environment.

No other information related to the ecological properties of this product is available at this time.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recycle or incinerate at any EPA approved facility or dispose in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Empty containers must be triple-rinsed prior to disposal.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transportation Information (DOT/IATA)

UN Number: NR

Class: NR

Packing Group: NR

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated for Transport

Poison by Inhalation: No

Marine Pollutant: No

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer.

This product is subject to SARA section 313 reporting requirements.

The CAS number of this product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

For laboratory, research and development use only. Not for manufacturing or commercial purposes.

In addition to federal and state regulations, local regulations may apply. Check with your local regulatory authorities.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

This document has been designed to meet the requirements of OSHA, ANSI, GHS and CHIPs regulations. Chemicals are classified using the Globally Harmonized System for Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

The statements contained herein are offered for informational purposes only and are based on technical data that we believe to be accurate. The manufacturer will not assume any liability for the accuracy and completeness of this information. Final determination of the suitability of the material is the responsibility of the user. Although certain hazards are described herein, the user should not presume that these are the only hazards that exist. Since conditions and manner of use are outside of the manufacturers control, we make

NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND ASSUME NO LIABILITY RESULTING FROM ITS USE.

Legend : N/A = Not Available ND = Not Determined NR = Not Regulated

Alteration of any information contained herein without written permission from the manufacturer is strictly prohibited.

HMIS/NFPA HAZARD INDEX

0 - Minimal
1 - Slight
2 - Moderate
3 - Serious
4 - Severe

* - Additional Hazard

GHS HAZARD INDEX

Category 1 - Most Severe
Category 5 - Least Severe

**** End of Document ****

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 28-May-2009 **Revision Date** 17-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 3

1. Identification

Product Name **tert-Butyl methyl ether**

Cat No. : **E127-4; XXE127RS200; NC1240503; XXE127U200LI; NC1568440; E127RS1350ASME; NC1561779**

CAS-No 1634-04-4
Synonyms 2-Methyl-2-methoxy propane; MTBE; Methyl tert-butyl ether

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company
Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number
CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Lungs.	

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Causes skin irritation
May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Keep cool
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Response
Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell
Inhalation
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
Skin
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction
Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
Store locked up
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other hazards
Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04-4	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects Breathing difficulties. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point -28 °C / -18.4 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 224 °C / 435.2 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 15.1 vol %

Lower 1.6 vol %

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available

Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only under a chemical fume hood. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Storage Flammables area. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container tightly

closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	TWA: 50 ppm			

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Engineering Measures Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	-110 °C / -166 °F
Boiling Point/Range	54 - 56 °C / 129.2 - 132.8 °F
Flash Point	-28 °C / -18.4 °F
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	15.1 vol %
Lower	1.6 vol %
Vapor Pressure	268 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	0.2
Specific Gravity	0.740
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	224 °C / 435.2 °F
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	0.36 mPa.s at 20 °C
Molecular Formula	C5 H12 O
Molecular Weight	88.15

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methyl tert-butyl ether	LD50 = 2963 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 85 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04-4	Not listed	Not listed	A3	Not listed	Not listed

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects Mutagenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Lungs

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information
Methyl tert-butyl ether	Group III Chemical	Not applicable	Not applicable

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Methyl tert-butyl ether	800 mg/L EC50 > 72 h 184 mg/L EC50 = 96 h	887 mg/L LC50 96 h 100 mg/L LC50 96 h 929 mg/L LC50 96 h 672 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50 = 11.4 mg/L 30 min EC50 = 8.23 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 9.67 mg/L 15 min	EC50: = 542 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.06

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2398
Proper Shipping Name METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN2398
Proper Shipping Name METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN2398
Proper Shipping Name METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2398
Proper Shipping Name METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Methyl tert-butyl ether	X	X	-	216-653-1	-		X	X	X	X	X

Legend:
X - Listed
E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance
R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule

T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04-4	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Methyl tert-butyl ether	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1000 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Methyl tert-butyl ether	X	X	X	X	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Serious risk, Grade 3

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date 28-May-2009
Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Print Date	17-Jan-2018
Revision Summary	This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

1 Identification

Product identifier

Product name: n-Butylbenzene

Stock number: A10910, L07039
CAS Number:
104-51-8
EC number:
203-209-7
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.
Identified use: SU24 Scientific research and development

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Manufacturer/Supplier:
Alfa Aesar
Thermo Fisher Scientific Chemicals, Inc.
30 Bond Street
Ward Hill, MA 01835-8099
Tel: 800-343-0660
Fax: 800-322-4757
Email: tech@alfa.com
www.alfa.com
Information Department: Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Emergency telephone number:
During normal business hours (Monday-Friday, 8am-7pm EST), call (800) 343-0660. After normal business hours, call Carechem 24 at (866) 928-0789.

2 Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)


GHS02 Flame

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
Hazards not otherwise classified No information known.

Label elements
GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Hazard pictograms


GHS02

Signal word Warning
Hazard statements
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
WHMIS classification
B3 - Combustible liquid

Classification system
HMIS ratings (scale 0-4)
(Hazardous Materials Identification System)

Health (acute effects) = 1
Flammability = 2
Physical Hazard = 1

Other hazards
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT: Not applicable.
vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical characterization: Substances
CAS# Description:
104-51-8 n-Butylbenzene
Identification number(s):
EC number: 203-209-7

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures
After inhalation
Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm.
Seek immediate medical advice.
After skin contact
Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
Seek immediate medical advice.
After eye contact Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
After swallowing Seek medical treatment.

(Contd. on page 2)

Product name: n-Butylbenzene

(Contd. of page 1)

Information for doctor
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing agents Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
If this product is involved in a fire, the following can be released:
Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
Advice for firefighters
Protective equipment:
Wear self-contained respirator.
Wear fully protective impervious suit.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
Ensure adequate ventilation
Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).
Prevention of secondary hazards: No special measures required.
Reference to other sections
See Section 7 for information on safe handling
See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

Handling
Precautions for safe handling
Keep container tightly sealed.
Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed containers.
Ensure good ventilation at the workplace.
Information about protection against explosions and fires: Keep ignition sources away.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage
Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: No special requirements.
Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from oxidizing agents.
Further information about storage conditions:
Keep container tightly sealed.
Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers.
Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Additional information about design of technical systems:
Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute.

Control parameters
Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.
Additional information: No data

Exposure controls
Personal protective equipment
General protective and hygienic measures
The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed.
Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
Maintain an ergonomically appropriate working environment.
Breathing equipment: Use suitable respirator when high concentrations are present.
Recommended filter device for short term use:
Use a respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) as a backup to engineering controls. Risk assessment should be performed to determine if air-purifying respirators are appropriate. Only use equipment tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (USA) or CEN (EU).
Protection of hands:
Impervious gloves
Check protective gloves prior to each use for their proper condition.
The selection of suitable gloves not only depends on the material, but also on quality. Quality will vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Material of gloves Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)
Penetration time of glove material (in minutes) 480
Glove thickness 0.7 mm
Eye protection: Safety glasses
Body protection: Protective work clothing.

9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties
General Information
Appearance:

Form:	Liquid
Odor:	Aromatic
Odor threshold:	Not determined.
pH-value:	Not determined.
Change in condition	
Melting point/Melting range:	-88 °C (-126 °F)
Boiling point/Boiling range:	181-183 °C (358-361 °F)
Sublimation temperature / start:	Not determined
Flash point:	59 °C (138 °F)

(Contd. on page 3)

Product name: n-Butylbenzene

(Contd. of page 2)

Flammability (solid, gaseous)	Not determined.
Ignition temperature:	410 °C (770 °F)
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Auto igniting:	Not determined.
Danger of explosion:	Not determined.
Explosion limits:	
Lower:	0.8 Vol %
Upper:	5.8 Vol %
Vapor pressure at 23 °C (73 °F):	1.33 hPa (1 mm Hg)
Density at 20 °C (68 °F):	0.86 g/cm³ (7.177 lbs/gal)
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapor density	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Solubility in / Miscibility with	
Water at 20 °C (68 °F):	0.012 g/l
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined.
Viscosity:	
dynamic:	Not determined.
kinematic:	Not determined.
Other information	No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No information known.
Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: Decomposition will not occur if used and stored according to specifications.
Possibility of hazardous reactions Reacts with strong oxidizing agents
Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity: The Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) contains acute toxicity data for this substance.
LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification: No data
Skin irritation or corrosion: May cause irritation
Eye irritation or corrosion: May cause irritation
Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
Germ cell mutagenicity: No effects known.
Carcinogenicity: No classification data on carcinogenic properties of this material is available from the EPA, IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH.
Reproductive toxicity: No effects known.
Specific target organ system toxicity - repeated exposure: No effects known.
Specific target organ system toxicity - single exposure: No effects known.
Aspiration hazard: No effects known.
Subacute to chronic toxicity: No effects known.
Additional toxicological information: To the best of our knowledge the acute and chronic toxicity of this substance is not fully known.

Carcinogenic categories
OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration) Substance is not listed.

12 Ecological information

Toxicity
Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
Additional ecological information:
General notes:
Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.
Avoid transfer into the environment.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT: Not applicable.
vPvB: Not applicable.
Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods
Recommendation Consult state, local or national regulations to ensure proper disposal.
Uncleaned packagings:
Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

UN-Number	
DOT, IMDG, IATA	UN2709
UN proper shipping name	
DOT	Butyl benzenes
IMDG, IATA	BUTYLBENZENES
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT	

Class	3 Flammable liquids.
Label	3
Class	3 (F1) Flammable liquids

(Contd. on page 4)

Product name: n-Butylbenzene

(Contd. of page 3)

Label **IMDG, IATA**	3
	
Class **Label**	3 Flammable liquids. 3
Packing group **DOT, IMDG, IATA**	III
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user **EMS Number:**	Warning: Flammable liquids F-E,S-D
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
DOT **Marine Pollutant (DOT):**	No
UN "Model Regulation":	UN2709, Butyl benzenes, 3, III

15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Hazard pictograms

GHS02

Signal word Warning
Hazard statements
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

National regulations
All components of this product are listed in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical substance Inventory.
All components of this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).
SARA Section 313 (specific toxic chemical listings) Substance is not listed.
California Proposition 65
Prop 65 - Chemicals known to cause cancer Substance is not listed.
Prop 65 - Developmental toxicity Substance is not listed.
Prop 65 - Developmental toxicity, female Substance is not listed.
Prop 65 - Developmental toxicity, male Substance is not listed.
Information about limitation of use: For use only by technically qualified individuals.
Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations
Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to the REACH Regulations (EC) No. 1907/2006. Substance is not listed.
The conditions of restrictions according to Article 67 and Annex XVII of the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) for the manufacturing, placing on the market and use must be observed.
Substance is not listed.
Annex XIV of the REACH Regulations (requiring Authorisation for use) Substance is not listed.
Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them, and should make independent judgement of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees. This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Material Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.

Department issuing SDS: Global Marketing Department
Date of preparation / last revision 12/09/2015 / -
Abbreviations and acronyms:
ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
DOT: US Department of Transportation
IATA: International Air Transport Association
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA)
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
EPA: Environmental Protection Agency (USA)
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 3

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 01-May-2012 **Revision Date** 16-Jan-2019 **Revision Number** 4

1. Identification

Product Name **Phenanthrene**

Cat No. : **AC130090000; AC130090050; AC130090500; AC130095000**

CAS-No 85-01-8
Synonyms No information available

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Emergency Telephone Number
For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute oral toxicity	Category 4

Label Elements

Signal Word
Warning

Hazard Statements
Harmful if swallowed

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
Rinse mouth
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Get medical attention. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects None reasonably foreseeable.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available
Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No information available

Explosion Limits
Upper No data available
Lower No data available

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
1	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust formation.

Environmental Precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid dust formation.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Phenanthrene		TWA: 0.2 mg/m³		

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid
Appearance	Beige
Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	95 - 101 °C / 203 - 213.8 °F
Boiling Point/Range	336 °C / 636.8 °F
Flash Point	No information available
Evaporation Rate	Not applicable
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	1 mmHg @ 116 °C
Vapor Density	Not applicable
Specific Gravity	1.063
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	C14 H10
Molecular Weight	178.23

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Phenanthrene	1.8 g/kg (Rat)	Not listed	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known
STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed No information available

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Phenanthrene	Not listed	LC50 = 3.2 mg/L 96h	Not listed	LC50 = 0.35 mg/L 48h

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Phenanthrene	4.5

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN3077
Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.*
Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name	Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	9
Packing Group	III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)
X - Listed
'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories
Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	X	-	201-581-5	X	X	X	X	KE-28202

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	>95	1.0 0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Phenanthrene	-	-	-	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Phenanthrene	5000 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Phenanthrene	X	X	X	-	-

U.S. Department of Transportation
Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N

DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	N
U.S. Department of Homeland Security	This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade	No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By	Regulatory Affairs Thermo Fisher Scientific Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com
Creation Date	01-May-2012
Revision Date	16-Jan-2019
Print Date	16-Jan-2019
Revision Summary	This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 3

1. Identification

Product Name **sec-Butylbenzene**

Cat No. : **AC107860000; AC107860050; AC107860500; AC107862500**

CAS-No 135-98-8
Synonyms 2-Phenylbutane

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Emergency Telephone Number
For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word
Warning

Hazard Statements
Flammable liquid and vapor
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Skin
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction
Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
None identified

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	> 99

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects Difficulty in breathing. . Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Dry chemical. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 45 °C / 113 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 415 °C / 779 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper	6.90%
Lower	0.80%
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	2	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Environmental Precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	-75 °C / -103 °F
Boiling Point/Range	173 - 174 °C / 343.4 - 345.2 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	45 °C / 113 °F
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	6.90%
Lower	0.80%
Vapor Pressure	1.33 hPa @ 19 °C
Vapor Density	4.62
Specific Gravity	0.860
Solubility	No information available
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	415 °C / 779 °F
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	No information available
Molecular Formula	C10 H14
Molecular Weight	134.22

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
sec-Butylbenzene	LD50 = 2240 µL/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 16 mL/kg (Rabbit)	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains.

Persistence and Degradability Insoluble in water May persist based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
sec-Butylbenzene	4.24

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No	UN2709
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III

TDG

UN-No	UN2709
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III

IATA

UN-No	UN2709
Proper Shipping Name	BUTYLBENZENES
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No	UN2709
Proper Shipping Name	BUTYLBENZENES
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)
X - Listed
'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories
Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	X	-	205-227-0	X	X	X	X	KE-04204

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
sec-Butylbenzene	X	-	X	-	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By
Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018
Print Date 19-Jan-2018
Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009 **Revision Date** 17-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 4

1. Identification

Product Name **Toluene**

Cat No. : **T326F-1GAL; T326P-4; T326S-20; T326S-20LC**

CAS-No 108-88-3
Synonyms Tol; Methylbenzene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company
Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number
CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).	
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Target Organs - Kidney, Liver, spleen, Blood.	
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
Highly flammable liquid and vapor
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Suspected of damaging the unborn child
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Wear eye/face protection
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Keep cool
Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice
Inhalation
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Skin
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction
Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

WARNING. Reproductive Harm - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Toluene	108-88-3	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Risk of serious damage to the lungs.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Most important symptoms and effects Breathing difficulties. Causes central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 4 °C / 39.2 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 535 °C / 995 °F

Explosion Limits
Upper 7.1 vol %
Lower 1.1 vol %

Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO_2)
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
3	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m³ Ceiling: 300 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 375 mg/m³ STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 560 mg/m³	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 188 mg/m³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	aromatic
Odor Threshold	1.74 ppm
pH	Not applicable
Melting Point/Range	-95 °C / -139 °F

Boiling Point/Range	111 °C / 231.8 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	4 °C / 39.2 °F
Evaporation Rate	2.4 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	7.1 vol %
Lower	1.1 vol %
Vapor Pressure	29 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	3.1
Specific Gravity	0.866
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	535 °C / 995 °F
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	0.6 mPa.s @ 20 °C
Molecular Formula	C7 H8
Molecular Weight	92.14

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong bases, Halogenated compounds

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Toluene	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat) 1 h

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Toluene	108-88-3	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects Not mutagenic in AMES Test

Reproductive Effects Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

Developmental Effects Developmental effects have occurred in experimental animals.

Teratogenicity Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)
STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Liver spleen Blood

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Causes central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Contains a substance which is:. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Toluene	EC50: = 12.5 mg/L, 72h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: > 433 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	50-70 mg/L LC50 96 h 5-7 mg/L LC50 96 h 15-19 mg/L LC50 96 h 28 mg/L LC50 96 h 12 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	EC50: = 11.5 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) EC50: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Toluene	2.7

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Toluene - 108-88-3	U220	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1294
Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN1294
Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN1294
Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE
Hazard Class 3

Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1294
Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Toluene	X	X	-	203-625-9	-		X	X	X	X	X

Legend:
X - Listed
E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance
R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Toluene	108-88-3	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Toluene	X	1000 lb	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Toluene	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Toluene	1000 lb 1 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental	-	Developmental

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Toluene	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Serious risk, Grade 3

16. Other information

Prepared By
Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009
Revision Date 17-Jan-2018
Print Date 17-Jan-2018
Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer
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End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 03-Feb-2010 **Revision Date** 14-Jul-2016 **Revision Number** 2

1. Identification

Product Name **Trichloroethylene**

Cat No. : **T340-4; T341-4; T341-20; T341-500; T403-4**

Synonyms Trichloroethene (Stabilized/Technical/Electronic/Certified ACS)

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company
Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number
CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Skin Sensitization	Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).	
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Target Organs - Kidney, Liver, Heart, spleen, Blood.	

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Suspected of causing genetic defects
May cause cancer
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice
Inhalation
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Skin
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

3. Composition / information on ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	100

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a

	pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Most important symptoms/effects	None reasonably foreseeable. May cause allergic skin reaction. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No information available
Flash Point	No information available
Method -	No information available
Autoignition Temperature	410 °C / 770 °F
Explosion Limits	
Upper	10.5 vol %
Lower	8 vol %
Oxidizing Properties	Not oxidising
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Containers may explode when heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products
Hydrogen chloride gas Chlorine Phosgene Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO_2)
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions	Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Environmental Precautions	Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
Methods for Containment and Clean Up	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling	Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from light. Do not store in aluminum containers.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Trichloroethylene	TWA: 10 ppm STEL: 25 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 50 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 270 mg/m³ Ceiling: 200 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 200 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 1080 mg/m³ TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 1000 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 535 mg/m³ STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 1080 mg/m³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	Characteristic
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	-85 °C / -121 °F
Boiling Point/Range	87 °C / 188.6 °F
Flash Point	No information available
Evaporation Rate	0.69 (Carbon Tetrachloride = 1.0)
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	10.5 vol %
Lower	8 vol %
Vapor Pressure	77.3 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	4.5 (Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity	1.460
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	410 °C / 770 °F
Decomposition Temperature	> 120°C
Viscosity	0.55 mPa.s (25°C)

Molecular Formula C2 H Cl3
Molecular Weight 131.39

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Light sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Amines, Alkali metals, Metals,

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen chloride gas, Chlorine, Phosgene, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information
Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Trichloroethylene	LD50 = 4290 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 4920 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg (Rabbit) LD50 = 29000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 26 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	Group 1	Reasonably Anticipated	A2	X	Not listed

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)
Known - Known Carcinogen
Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects Mutagenic effects have occurred in humans.

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system (CNS)
STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Liver Heart spleen Blood

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not empty into drains. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Trichloroethylene	EC50: = 175 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: = 450 mg/L, 96h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: 39 - 54 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 31.4 - 71.8 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 0.81 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 115 mg/L 10 min EC50 = 190 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 235 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 410 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 975 mg/L 5 min	EC50: = 2.2 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Trichloroethylene	2.4

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Trichloroethylene - 79-01-6	U228	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1710
Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE
Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN1710
Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE
Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN1710
Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1710
Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE
Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Trichloroethylene	X	X	-	201-167-4	-		X	X	X	X	X

Legend:
X - Listed
E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance
R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

Component	TSCA 12(b)
Trichloroethylene	Section 5

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	100	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Trichloroethylene	X	100 lb	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Trichloroethylene	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Not applicable

CERCLA
This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Trichloroethylene	100 lb 1 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	Carcinogen Developmental Male Reproductive	14 µg/day 50 µg/day	Developmental Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Trichloroethylene	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date 03-Feb-2010
Revision Date 14-Jul-2016
Print Date 14-Jul-2016
Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Vinyl Chloride

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Vinyl Chloride

Chemical name : vinyl chloride

Other means of identification : chloroethylene; Ethene, chloro-; Chloroethene; Vinyl chloride, monomer; Ethene, chloro- (vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride monomer; Monochloroethylene; Monochloroethene; Ethylene monochloride; VCM; VC

Product type : Gas.

Product use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym : chloroethylene; Ethene, chloro-; Chloroethene; Vinyl chloride, monomer; Ethene, chloro- (vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride monomer; Monochloroethylene; Monochloroethene; Ethylene monochloride; VCM; VC

SDS # : 001067

Supplier's details : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates
259 North Radnor-Chester Road
Suite 100
Radnor, PA 19087-5283
1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone : 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (liver) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable gas.
May form explosive mixtures with air.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May cause frostbite
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
May cause cancer.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (liver)

Precautionary statements

General : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe gas.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance

Chemical name : vinyl chloride

Other means of identification : chloroethylene; Ethene, chloro-; Chloroethene; Vinyl chloride, monomer; Ethene, chloro-(vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride monomer; Monochloroethylene; Monochloroethene; Ethylene monochloride; VCM; VC

Product code : 001067

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : 75-01-4

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
vinyl chloride	100	75-01-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe gas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
vinyl chloride	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).** TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).** STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. **OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).** STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Gas. [COLORLESS GAS OR LIQUID (BELOW 7 F) WITH A PLEASANT ODOR AT HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. [NOTE: SHIPPED AS A LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GAS.]

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : -153.8°C (-244.8°F)

Boiling point : -13.4°C (7.9°F)

Critical temperature : 158.45°C (317.2°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: -78°C (-108.4°F)
Open cup: -78°C (-108.4°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 3.8%
Upper: 29.3%

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : 2.2 (Air = 1)

Specific Volume (ft ^{3}/lb) : 6.25

Gas Density (lb/ft ^{3}) : 0.16129 (21.1°C / 70 to °F)

Relative density : Not applicable.

Solubility : Not available.

Solubility in water : 1.1 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : 1.38

Auto-ignition temperature : 472°C (881.6°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not applicable.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Molecular weight : 62.5 g/mole

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion : -18924336 J/kg

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
vinyl chloride	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
vinyl chloride	Category 2	Not determined	liver

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
vinyl chloride	1.38	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Vinyl chloride; Ethene, chloro-	75-01-4	Listed	U043

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1086	UN1086	UN1086	UN1086	UN1086
UN proper shipping name	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED

Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information

DOT Classification : **Reportable quantity** 1 lbs / 0.454 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
Limited quantity Yes.
Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg.
Special provisions 21, B44, T50

TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125
ERAP Index 3000
Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden

IATA : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: vinyl chloride
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: vinyl chloride

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 311/312

Classification : Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	vinyl chloride	75-01-4	100
Supplier notification	vinyl chloride	75-01-4	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : This material is listed.

New York : This material is listed.

New Jersey : This material is listed.

Pennsylvania : This material is listed.

California Prop. 65

⚠ **WARNING**: This product can expose you to Vinyl chloride, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Vinyl chloride	Yes.	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : This material is listed or exempted.

Canada : This material is listed or exempted.

China : This material is listed or exempted.

Europe : This material is listed or exempted.

Japan : **Japan inventory (ENCS)**: This material is listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.

Malaysia : This material is listed or exempted.

New Zealand : This material is listed or exempted.

Philippines : This material is listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted.

Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : This material is listed or exempted.

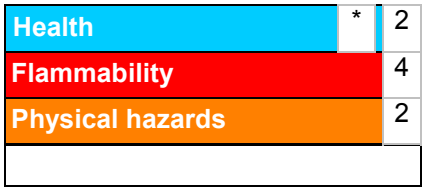
Section 15. Regulatory information

United States : This material is listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1	Expert judgment
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas	Expert judgment
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (liver) - Category 2	Expert judgment

History

Date of printing : 7/9/2018

Date of issue/Date of revision : 7/9/2018

Date of previous issue : 10/11/2016

Version : 0.02

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

Section 16. Other information

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

APPENDIX F
CONFINED SPACE ENTRY CHECKLIST/PERMIT

PWGC
CLIENT DRIVEN SOLUTIONS

CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PERMIT

Confined Space □	Hazardous Area □	Non Permit Required □

Notes: No work will be performed unless the space meets non permit requirements
Permit valid 8 hours only. All copies of permit will remain at this job site until job is completed.
A single entry permit can be filled out prior to start of daily work.
SAFETY STANDBY PERSON IS REQUIRED FOR ALL CONFINED SPACE WORK

Site Location and Description:_____
Purpose of Entry:_____
Supervisor(s) in charge of Crew:_____

Requirements	**Date**	**Time**	**Requirements**	**Date**	**Time**
Lock Out/De-energize/try-out			**Full Body Harness w/"D" Ring**		
Line(s) Broken-capped-blanked			**Emergency Escape Retrieval**		
Purged-Flush and Vent			**Lifelines**		
Ventilation			Fire Extinguishers		
Secure Area (Post and Flag)			Lighting (Explosive Proof)		
Breathing Apparatus			Protective Clothing		
Resuscitator-Inhalator			Respirator(s) (Air Purifying)		
Standby Safety Personnel			Burning and Welding Permit		

BOLD DENOTES MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS TO BE COMPLETED & REVIEWED PRIOR TO ENTRY
Items that do not apply enter N/A in the blank

Monitoring Tests	Permissible Entry Levels	Results (record every 30 minutes beginning ½ hour prior to entry)							
Oxygen	19.5 to 23.5%								
LEL	Below 10%								
Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S)	10ppm† 15ppm‡								

†Short term exposure limit (STEL)
‡8 hour Time weighted average (TWA)

Monitoring Equipment

_____
Type Model # Serial #

_____
Type Model # Serial #

Safety standby person(s):_____

Supervisor authorizing entry:_____

APPENDIX G
EMERGENCY INFORMATION

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS

General Emergencies – Police/Fire Department/Ambulance	911
Local Emergency Medical Center (Syosset Hospital)	1-516-496-6400
National Response Center	1-800-424-8802
Poison Control	1-212-340-4494
NYSDEC Spills Division	1-800-457-7362
NYSDEC Division of Environmental Remediation	1-631-444-0240
PWGC Project Director, James Rhodes	1-631-589-6353
PWGC Project Manager, Thomas Melia	1-631-589-6353
PWGC Site Safety Officer, Nick Russell (or assignee)	1-516-351-5787

Document Path: W:\Projects\A-D\CTH\1901\maps\FIG01_HospitalRoute.mxd

PWGC
CLIENT DRIVEN SOLUTIONS
P.W. Grosser Consulting Engineer & Hydrogeologist, PC
630 Johnson Ave., Suite 7
Bohemia, NY 11716
Ph: 631-589-6353 • Fax: 631-589-8705
pwgc.info@pwgrosser.com

HOSPITAL ROUTE

1 Commander Square, Oyster Bay, NY
TO
Syosset Hospital: 221 Jericho Turnpike, Syosset, NY

Miles
0 0.55 1.1 1.65 2.2

Project:	CTH1901
Date:	10/21/2020
Designed by:	TM
Drawn by:	PH
Approved by:	TM
Figure No:	1

INCIDENT / NEAR MISS REPORT AND INVESTIGATION - PAGE 1 OF 2
TYPE OF INCIDENT - CHECK ALL THAT APPLY
☐ INJURY/ILLNESS ☐ VEHICLE DAMAGE ☐ PROPERTY DAMAGE ☐ FIRE ☐ SPILL/RELEASE ☐ PERMIT EXCEEDENCE ☐ NEAR MISS ☐ OTHER
GENERAL INFORMATION
PROJECT NAME: DATE OF REPORT: REPORT NO.:
DATE OF INCIDENT: TIME: DAY OF WEEK:
LOCATION OF INCIDENT:
WEATHER CONDITIONS: ADEQUATE LIGHTING AT SCENE? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N/A
DESCRIBE WHAT HAPPENED (STEP BY STEP - USE ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)
AFFECTED EMPLOYEE INFORMATION
NAME: EMPLOYEE: ☐ YES ☐ NO
HOME ADDRESS:
SOCIAL SECURITY NO.: HOME PHONE NO.:
JOB CLASSIFICATION: YEARS IN JOB CLASSIFICATION:
HOURS WORKED ON SHIFT PRIOR TO INCIDENT: AGE:
DID INCIDENT RELATE TO ROUTINE TASK FOR JOB CLASSIFICATION? ☐ YES ☐ NO
INJURY/ILLNESS INFORMATION
NATURE OF INJURY OR ILLNESS:
OBJECT/EQUIPMENT/SUBSTANCE CAUSING HARM:
FIRST AID PROVIDED? ☐ YES ☐ NO
IF YES, WHERE WAS IT GIVEN: ☐ ON-SITE ☐ OFF-SITE
IF YES, WHO PROVIDED FIRST AID:
WILL THE INJURY/ILLNESS RESULT IN: ☐ RESTRICTED DUTY ☐ LOST TIME ☐ UNKNOWN

INCIDENT / NEAR MISS REPORT AND INVESTIGATION - PAGE 2 OF 2 REPORT NO.
MEDICAL TREATMENT INFORMATION
WAS MEDICAL TREATMENT PROVIDED? ☐ YES ☐ NO
IF YES, WAS MEDICAL TREATMENT PROVIDED: ☐ ON-SITE ☐ DR.'S OFFICE ☐ HOSPITAL
NAME OF PERSON(S) PROVIDING TREATMENT:
ADDRESS WHERE TREATMENT WAS PROVIDED:
TYPE OF TREATMENT:
VEHICLE AND PROPERTY DAMAGE INFORMATION
VEHICLE/PROPERTY DAMAGED:
DESCRIPTION OF DAMAGE:
SPILL AND AIR EMISSIONS INFORMATION:
SUBSTANCE SPILLED OR RELEASED: FROM WHERE: TO WHERE:
ESTIMATED QUANTITY/DURATION:
CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE? ☐ YES ☐ NO
REPORTABLE TO AGENCY? ☐ YES ☐ NO SPECIFY:
WRITTEN REPORT: ☐ YES ☐ NO TIME FRAME:
RESPONSE ACTION TAKEN:
PERMIT EXCEEDENCE
TYPE OF PERMIT: PERMIT #:
DATE OF EXCEEDENCE: DATE FIRST KNOWLEDGE OF EXCEEDENCE:
PERMITTED LEVEL OR CRITERIA:
EXCEEDENCE LEVEL OR CRITERIA:
REPORTABLE TO AGENCY? ☐ YES ☐ NO SPECIFY:
WRITTEN REPORT: ☐ YES ☐ NO TIME FRAME:
RESPONSE ACTION TAKEN:
NOTIFICATIONS
NAMES OF PERSONNEL NOTIFIED: DATE/TIME:
CLIENT NOTIFIED: DATE/TIME:
AGENCY NOTIFIED: DATE/TIME:
CONTACT NAME:
PERSONS PREPARING REPORT
EMPLOYEE'S NAME:(PRINT) SIGN:
SUPERVISOR'S NAME:(PRINT) SIGN:

INVESTIGATIVE REPORT			
DATE OF INCIDENT:	DATE OF REPORT:	REPORT NUMBER:	
INCIDENT COST: ESTIMATED: $_____		ACTUAL: $_____	
OSHA RECORDABLE(S): ☐ YES ☐ NO # RESTRICTED DAYS ____ # DAYS AWAY FROM WORK ____			
CAUSE ANALYSIS			
IMMEDIATE CAUSES - WHAT ACTIONS AND CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTED TO THIS EVENT?			
BASIC CAUSES - WHAT SPECIFIC PERSONAL OR JOB FACTORS CONTRIBUTED TO THIS EVENT?			
ACTION PLAN			
REMEDIAL ACTIONS - WHAT HAS AND OR SHOULD BE DONE TO CONTROL EACH OF THE CAUSES LISTED?			
ACTION	PERSON RESPONSIBLE	TARGET DATE	COMPLETION DATE
PERSONS PERFORMING INVESTIGATION			
INVESTIGATOR'S NAME: (PRINT)	SIGN:	DATE:	
INVESTIGATOR'S NAME: (PRINT)	SIGN:	DATE:	
INVESTIGATOR'S NAME: (PRINT)	SIGN:	DATE:	
MANAGEMENT REVIEW			
PROJECT MANAGER: (PRINT)	SIGN:	DATE:	
COMMENTS:			
H&S MANAGER: (PRINT)	SIGN:	DATE:	
COMMENTS:			

EXAMPLES OF IMMEDIATE CAUSES

<u>Substandard Actions</u> <u>Substandard Conditions</u>

1. Operating equipment without authority
2. Failure to warn
3. Failure to secure
4. Operating at improper speed
5. Making safety devices inoperable
6. Removing safety devices
7. Using defective equipment
8. Failure to use PPE properly
9. Improper loading
10. Improper placement
11. Improper lifting
12. Improper position for task
13. Servicing equipment in operation
14. Under influence of alcohol/drugs
15. Horseplay

1. Guards or barriers
2. Protective equipment
3. Tools, equipment, or materials
4. Congestion
5. Warning system
6. Fire and explosion hazards
7. Poor housekeeping
8. Noise exposure
9. Exposure to hazardous materials
10. Extreme temperature exposure
11. Illumination
12. Ventilation
13. Visibility

EXAMPLES OF BASIC CAUSES

Personal Factors

1. Capability
2. Knowledge
3. Skill
4. Stress
5. Motivation
6. Work Standards
7. Wear and tear
8. Abuse or misuse

Job Factors

1. Supervision
2. Engineering
3. Purchasing
4. Maintenance
5. Tools/equipment

MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS FOR CONTROL OF INCIDENTS

1. Leadership and administration
2. Management training
3. Planned inspections
4. Task analysis and procedures
5. Task observation
6. Emergency preparedness
7. Organizational rules
8. Accident/incident analysis
9. Personal protective equipment
10. Health control
11. Program audits
12. Engineering controls
13. Personal communications
14. Group meetings
15. General promotion
16. Hiring and placement
17. Purchasing controls

APPENDIX C

COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING, INC • P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING ENGINEER & HYDROGEOLOGIST, PC
631.589.6353 • WWW.PWGROSSER.COM • PWGC.INFO@PWGROSSER.COM
BOHEMIA • MANHATTAN • SARATOGA SPRINGS • SYRACUSE • SHELTON, CT

FORMER COMMANDER OIL TERMINAL
1 COMMANDER SQUARE
OYSTER BAY, NEW YORK
NYSDEC BCP ID: C130244

COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

SUBMITTED TO:

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Remediation
SUNY Stony Brook
50 Circle Road
Stony Brook, New York 11790-3409

PREPARED FOR:

Commander Terminals Holdings, LLC
255 South Street
Oyster Bay, New York 11771

PREPARED BY:

P.W. Grosser Consulting, Inc.
630 Johnson Avenue, Suite 7
Bohemia, New York 11716
Phone: 631-589-6353
Fax: 631-589-8705

James Rhodes, PG, COO — jimr@pwgrosser.com
Thomas Melia, PG, Sr. Project Manager — thomasm@pwgrosser.com

PWGC Project Number: CTH1901

OCTOBER 2020

P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING, INC.
PROJECT No. CTH1901
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Brownfield Site No. C130244

COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

Former Commander Oil Terminal
1 Commander Square
Oyster Bay, New York

SUBMITTED:
October 2020

PREPARED FOR:

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Remediation
SUNY Stony Brook
50 Circle Road
Stony Brook, New York 11790-3409

ON BEHALF OF:

Commander Terminals Holdings, LLC
255 South Street
Oyster Bay, New York 11771

PREPARED BY:

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COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN
FORMER COMMANDER OIL TERMINAL
NYSDEC BCP ID: C130244

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CLIENT DRIVEN SOLUTIONS PHONE: 631.589.6353 PWGROSSER.COM 630 JOHNSON AVENUE, STE 7 BOHEMIA, NY 11716
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) provides measures for protection for the downwind community (i.e., off-site receptors including residences, businesses, and on-site workers not directly involved) from potential airborne contaminant releases resulting from investigation and/or remedial action at the Former Commander Oil Terminal site.

The action levels specified herein require increased monitoring, corrective actions to abate emissions, and/or work shutdown. Additionally, the CAMP helps to confirm that the investigation and/or remedial work did not spread contamination off-site through the air. The CAMP will be implemented as follows:

- Continuous monitoring will be required for all ground intrusive activities and during the demolition of contaminated or potentially contaminated structures. Ground intrusive activities include, but are not limited to, soil/waste excavation and handling, test pitting or trenching, and the installation of soil borings or monitoring wells.
- Periodic monitoring for VOCs will be required during non-intrusive activities such as the collection of soil and sediment samples or the collection of groundwater samples from existing monitoring wells. Periodic monitoring during sample collection might reasonably consist of taking a reading upon arrival at a sample location, monitoring while opening a well cap or overturning soil, monitoring during well baling/purging, and taking a reading prior to leaving a sample location. In some instances, depending upon the proximity of potentially exposed individuals, continuous monitoring may be required during sampling activities. Examples of such situations include groundwater sampling at wells on the curb of a busy urban street, in the midst of a public park, or adjacent to a school or residence.

The primary concerns for this site are SVOCs, metals and dust particulates.

1.1 Regulatory Requirements

This CAMP was established in accordance with the following requirements:

- New York State Department of Health's (NYSDOH) Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan: This guidance specifies that a community air-monitoring program shall be implemented to protect the surrounding community and to confirm that the work does not spread contamination off-site through the air.

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2.0 AIR MONITORING

The following sections contain information describing the types, frequency and location of real-time monitoring.

2.1 Real-Time Monitoring

This section addresses the real-time monitoring that will be conducted within the work area, and along the site perimeter, during intrusive activities such as excavation, product recovery, manipulation of soil piles, extraction of sheet piling, etc.

Air monitoring data will be documented in a site logbook by the designated site safety officer. PWGC's site safety officer or delegate must ensure that air monitoring instruments are calibrated and maintained in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All instruments will be zeroed daily and checked for accuracy. A daily log will be kept. If additional monitoring is required, the protocols will be developed and appended to this plan.

2.1.1 Air Monitoring Equipment

Air will be monitored for VOCs with a MiniRAE 2000 PID (or equivalent). This instrument is appropriate to measure the types of contaminants known or suspected to be present, and is capable of calculating 15-minute running average concentrations, which will be compared to the levels specified in Section 2.1.2

Fugitive respirable dust will be monitored using a MiniRAM Model PDM-3 aerosol monitor (or equivalent). This instrument is capable of measuring particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in size (PM-10), is capable of integrating over a period of 15 minutes (or less) for comparison to the airborne particulate action level, and is equipped with an audible alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level specified in Section 2.1.3.

2.1.2 VOC Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions

Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) will be monitored at the downwind perimeter of the immediate work area (i.e., the exclusion zone) on a continuous basis. Upwind concentrations should be measured at the start of each workday and periodically thereafter to establish background conditions. VOC monitoring Action Levels are as described below:

- If the ambient air concentration of total organic vapors at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone exceeds 5 parts per million (ppm) above background for the 15-minute average, work activities must be temporarily halted and monitoring continued.
- If the total organic vapor level readily decreases (per instantaneous readings) below 5 ppm over

background, work activities can resume with continued monitoring.

- If total organic vapor levels at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone persist at levels in excess of 5 ppm over background but less than 25 ppm, work activities must be halted, the source of vapors identified, corrective actions taken to abate emissions, and monitoring continued. After these steps, work activities can resume provided that the total organic vapor level 200 feet downwind of the exclusion zone or half the distance to the nearest potential receptor or residential/commercial structure, whichever is less - but in no case less than 20 feet, is below 5 ppm over background for the 15-minute average.
- If the organic vapor level is above 25 ppm at the perimeter of the work area, activities must be shutdown.

All 15-minute readings will be recorded and be available for NYSDEC and/or NYSDOH personnel to review. Instantaneous readings, if any, used for decision purposes will also be recorded.

2.1.3 Particulate Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions

Particulate concentrations will be monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeters of the exclusion zone at temporary particulate monitoring stations. In addition, fugitive dust migration should be visually assessed during all work activities. Particulate monitoring Action Levels are as described below:

- If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter (mcg/m3) greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques must be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques provided that downwind PM-10 particulate levels do not exceed 150 mcg/m3 above the upwind level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.
- If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than 150 mcg/m3 above the upwind level, work must be stopped and a re-evaluation of activities initiated. Work can resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within 150 mcg/m3 of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

All 15-minute readings will be recorded and be available for NYSDEC and/or NYSDOH personnel to review. Instantaneous readings, if any, used for decision purposes will also be recorded.

3.0 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Requirements for Work within 20 Feet of Potentially Exposed Individuals or Structures

When work areas are within 20 feet of potentially exposed populations or occupied structures, the continuous monitoring locations for VOCs and particulates must reflect the nearest potentially exposed individuals and the location of ventilation system intakes for nearby structures. The use of engineering controls such as vapor/dust barriers, temporary negative-pressure enclosures, or special ventilation devices should be considered to prevent exposures related to the work activities and to control dust and odors. Consideration should be given to implementing the planned activities when potentially exposed populations are at a minimum, such as during weekends or evening hours in non-residential settings.

- If total VOC concentrations opposite the walls of occupied structures or next to intake vents exceed 1 ppm, monitoring should occur within the occupied structure(s). Background readings in the occupied spaces must be taken prior to commencement of the planned work. Any unusual background readings should be discussed with NYSDOH prior to commencement of the work.
- If total particulate concentrations opposite the walls of occupied structures or next to intake vents exceed 150 mcg/m3, work activities should be suspended until controls are implemented and are successful in reducing the total particulate concentration to 150 mcg/m3 or less at the monitoring point.
- Depending upon the nature of contamination and remedial activities, other parameters (e.g., explosivity, oxygen, hydrogen sulfide, carbon monoxide) may also need to be monitored. Response levels and actions should be pre-determined, as necessary, for each site.

3.2 Requirements for Indoor Work with Co-Located Residences or Facilities

Unless a self-contained, negative-pressure enclosure with proper emission controls will encompass the work area, all individuals not directly involved with the planned work must be absent from the room in which the work will occur. Monitoring requirements shall be as stated above under “Special Requirements for Work Within 20 Feet of Potentially Exposed Individuals or Structures” except that in this instance “nearby/occupied structures” would be adjacent occupied rooms. Additionally, the location of all exhaust vents in the room and their discharge points, as well as potential vapor pathways (openings, conduits, etc.) relative to adjoining rooms, should be understood and the monitoring locations established accordingly. In these situations, it is strongly recommended that exhaust fans or other engineering controls be used to create negative air pressure within the work area during remedial activities. Additionally, it is strongly recommended that the planned work be implemented during hours (e.g. weekends or evenings) when building occupancy is at a minimum.

4.0 VAPOR SUPPRESSION TECHNIQUES

Vapor suppression techniques must be employed when action levels warrant the use of these techniques.

The techniques to be implemented for control of VOCs from stockpiled soil or from the open excavation will include one or more of the following:

- Cover with plastic.
- Cover with “clean soil”.
- Application of hydro-mulch material*.
- Limit working hours to favorable wind and temperature conditions.

*This material is a seedless version of the hydro-seed product commonly used by commercial landscaping contractors to provide stabilization and rapid grow-in of grasses or wild flowers along highways, embankments and other large areas. Hydro-mulch can be sprayed over open excavation areas, temporary stockpile areas and loaded trucks, as necessary. This is a highly effective method for controlling odors, because the release of odors is sealed immediately at the source.

5.0 DUST SUPPRESSION TECHNIQUES

Reasonable dust-suppression techniques must be employed during all work that may generate dust, such as excavation, grading, and placement of clean fill. The following techniques were shown to be effective for controlling the generation and migration of dust during remedial activities:

- Wetting equipment and excavation faces;
- Spraying water on buckets during excavation and dumping;
- Hauling materials in properly covered containers; and,
- Restricting vehicle speeds to 10 mph.

Using atomizing sprays will prevent overly wet conditions, conserve water, and offer an effective means of suppressing fugitive dust. It is imperative that utilizing water for suppressing dust will not create surface runoff.

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6.0 DATA QUALITY ASSURANCE

6.1 Calibration

Instrument calibration shall be documented in the designated field logbook. All instruments shall be calibrated before each shift. Calibration checks may be used during the day to confirm instrument accuracy. Duplicate readings may be taken to confirm individual instrument response.

6.2 Operations

All instruments shall be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Manufacturers' literature, including an operations manual for each piece of monitoring equipment will be maintained on-site by the FTL/HSO for reference.

6.3 Data Review

The Field Team Leader FTL/HSO will interpret all monitoring data based on the action levels specified in Sections 2.1.2 and 2.1.3 and his/her professional judgment. The FTL/HSO shall review the data with the HSM to evaluate the potential for worker exposure, upgrades/downgrades in level of protection, comparison to direct reading instrumentation and changes in the integrated monitoring strategy.

Monitoring and sampling data, along with all sample documentation will be periodically reviewed by the HSM.

7.0 RECORDS AND REPORTING

All readings must be recorded and available for review by personnel from NYSDEC and NYSDOH. Should any of the action levels be exceeded, the NYSDEC Division of Air Resources must be notified in writing within five (5) working days.

The notification shall include a description of the control measures implemented to prevent further exceedances.

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