LANGAN

Technical Memorandum

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| То: | Shaun Bollers – NYSDEC |
|-------|--|
| From: | Jason Hayes, P.E., LEED ^{AP} |
| Info: | Bronx Point LIHTC LLC Mimi Raygorodetsky, Julia Leung, Woo Kim - Langan |
| Date: | March 18, 2021 |
| Re: | Remedial Design Document – Groundwater Treatment Plan Bronx Point 575 Exterior Street Bronx, New York BCP Site No: C203117 Langan Project No: 170480801 |

This Remedial Design Document presents an in-situ treatment plan to remediate petroleumrelated volatile organic compounds (VOC) and naphthalene in groundwater at the Bronx Point Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) site located at 575 Exterior Street (Block 2356, Lots 2, 6, and 10) in Bronx, New York (the site). This document supplements the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC)-approved May 11, 2020 Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP). The site is about 194,700 square feet in area and is a vacant, asphalt- and concretepaved lot with one remnant steel loading structure in the western part of the site. A site location map is presented as Figure 1 and a site plan is presented as Figure 2.

The RAWP describes the following remedial measures to address petroleum-related impacts in groundwater:

- Excavation and off-site disposal of the top 2 feet of historic fill across the site and petroleum-contaminated source material at depths beyond 2 feet in select areas to the groundwater table.
 - Soil above the groundwater table containing odors, staining, elevated photoionization detector (PID) readings, and/or petroleum-related VOCs above Title 6 of the New York Codes, Rules, and Regulations (6 NYCRR) Part 375 Protection of Groundwater (PGW) Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCO) will be removed as part of the remedial action.
- Decommissioning and removal of any potential underground storage tanks (UST), if encountered, in accordance with NYSDEC Program Policy: Technical Guide for Site Investigation and Remediation (DER-10) 5.4(b)(5) Confirmation endpoint soil samples

will be collected from the base and sidewalls of UST excavations after any petroleumimpacted soil, if identified, is excavated and removed.

• In-situ treatment of groundwater (subject of this memorandum) via temporary injection points within an area of about 43,500 square feet in the central part of the site to treat petroleum-related VOCs and naphthalene in groundwater

1.0 SITE BACKGROUND

The site is underlain by a historic fill layer predominately consisting of black, brown, and gray sand with varying amounts of clay, silt, organics, gravel, slag, brick, tar pieces, wood, glass, concrete, cobble, plastic, and shell fragments to a maximum depth of about 24 feet below grade surface (bgs). The historic fill layer is underlain by native soil consisting of varying amounts of sand, silt, and clay. Bedrock was encountered during a geotechnical investigation between 65 and 87 feet bgs. Depth to groundwater is between 5.85 and 13.05 feet bgs (corresponding to el. 0.74 feet and 1.78 feet¹, respectively). Groundwater generally flows north/northwest towards the Harlem River (western perimeter of the site), as shown in the groundwater elevation contour map presented as Figure 3.

The March 6, 2020 Remedial Investigation Report (RIR) provides a description of contaminant distribution throughout the site. Evidence of petroleum-like contamination was observed in soil and groundwater during the Remedial Investigation (RI), including petroleum-like odors in purged groundwater and staining, odors, and PID readings above background in soil between 12.5 and 16 feet bgs. Petroleum-impacted groundwater was identified in MW07 and is the focus of this memorandum. The contaminants of concern (COC) addressed by the proposed in-situ groundwater remedy are the petroleum-related VOC, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, and the petroleum-related SVOC, naphthalene.

The highest concentrations of 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene and naphthalene were detected at 7.57 micrograms per liter [μ g/L] and 14.2 μ g/L, respectively, in a groundwater sample collected from MW07, located in the central portion of the site. Groundwater sample locations and analytical results are presented in Figure 4.

Based on the lack of petroleum-related VOCs and/or naphthalene above NYSDEC SGVs in surrounding monitoring wells (MW03, MW04, MW06, MW08, MW12, and MW13), in-situ remedial treatment will be performed within an area of about 43,500 square feet centered on MW07. The target treatment depth will be from the top of the groundwater table to the bottom

¹ Datum referenced is the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) which is approximately 1.1 feet above mean sea level datum at Sandy Hook, New Jersey as defined by the United States Geologic Survey (USGS NGVD 1929). Site elevations were obtained from a topographical survey prepared by Langan in December 2017.



of the screened interval of the well at MW07 (about 8 feet to 15 feet bgs below the groundwater table).

2.0 IN-SITU REMEDIATION TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION

2.1 Oxygen Release Compound (ORC Advanced[®])

An oxygen release compound (ORC) produces a controlled release of molecular oxygen for an extended period of time. The Regenesis ORC Advanced[®] is a formulation of calcium oxy-hydroxide that produces a controlled release of molecular oxygen for a period of up to 12 months upon hydration. The oxygen supports microbial communities that transform petroleum hydrocarbons into benign compounds (e.g., carbon dioxide and water). The application of ORC Advanced[®] to the subsurface can enhance biological activity, which accelerates the rate of naturally-occurring aerobic biodegradation in groundwater. Attachment 1 includes the Safety Data Sheets (SDS) and a product sheet for the selected product.

2.2 Remedy Selection and Implementation

Source Removal, Backfill, and Injections of ORC Advanced®

Soil above the groundwater table containing odors, staining, elevated PID readings, and/or petroleum-related VOCs above PGW SCOs (i.e., source material) will be removed as part of the remedial action. Over-excavated areas will be backfilled with clean fill meeting the lower of PGW and RURR SCOs. Following excavation and removal of source material and backfill with clean fill, about 7,200 pounds of ORC Advanced[®] will be mixed with water and applied via 90 temporary direct-push injection points to depths between 15 and 23 feet bgs within the treatment area as a polishing measure. The radius of treatment around each injection point is estimated to be about 10 feet.

Temporary injection points will be installed in two zones (Zone 1 and Zone 2), with the higher aerial frequency of injection points in the zone around MW07 (Zone 1) and lower frequency of injection points in the zone farther to MW07 (Zone 2). Each zone is defined as follows:

| Zone | Distance from MW07 (feet) | No. of Injection Points | Spacing (feet) |
|------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | 0 to 40 | 25 | 15 |
| 2 | 40 to 205 | 65 | 20 (north-south) & 30 (east-west) |

A flexible hose will extend from a mixing tank to an injection pump, and then to an injection manifold at direct push locations. The injection record shall include the rate, pressure, volume,



and injection depth at each location. The groundwater treatment area and proposed injection point locations are shown on Figure 5. Application recommendations are included as Attachment 2.

3.0 MONITORING

Monitoring will consist of baseline (RI groundwater data), post-injection, and confirmation groundwater sampling at the location of monitoring well MW07 (see Figure 5).

Monitoring at MW07 will include collection of one groundwater sample for NYSDEC Part 375 VOCs via United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) method 8260C and naphthalene via USEPA method 8270D. A duplicate, field blank, and trip blank sample will also be analyzed during each sampling event. Geochemical parameters (e.g., dissolved oxygen [DO], oxidation-reduction potential [ORP], specific conductivity, pH, temperature, turbidity) will be recorded during each sampling event

The first post-injection monitoring event will be performed about two weeks after completion of the ORC Advanced[®] injections, and quarterly (3 months later) thereafter for one year. If monitoring well MW07 is destroyed during construction activities, MW07 will be re-installed in accordance with the procedures outlined in the April 10, 2019 Remedial Investigation Work Plan (RIWP). Monitoring activities may be discontinued before one year if there are two or more successive events with petroleum-related VOCs and naphthalene below the NYSDEC SGVs in groundwater. Monitoring will not be discontinued without written approval from the NYSDEC.

Technical Memorandum

4.0 CERTIFICATION

I, Jason Hayes, PE, certify that I am currently a NYS registered professional engineer as defined in 6 NYCRR Part 375 and that this Technical Memorandum was prepared in accordance with all applicable statutes and regulations and in substantial conformance with DER-10 and that all activities were performed in full accordance with the DER-approved work plan and any DERapproved modifications.

SON HAYES NYS Professional Engineer 089491



Attachments

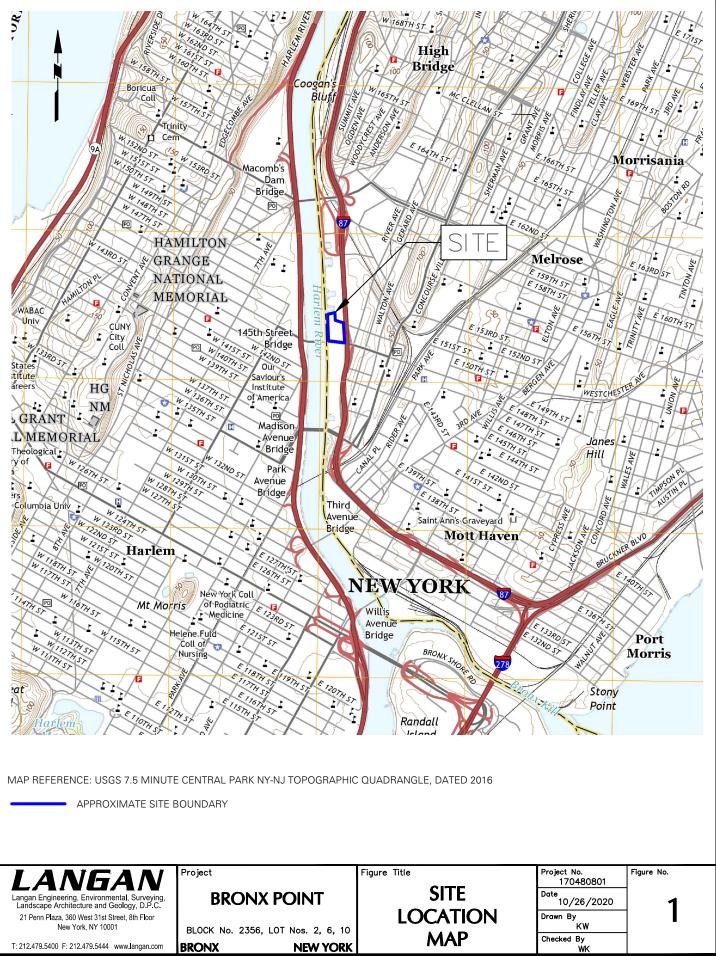
Attachment 1: SDS and Product Sheet Attachment 2: Regenesis Application Recommendations

Figures

Figure 1: Site Location Map Figure 2: Site Plan Figure 3: Groundwater Elevation Contour Map Figure 4: Groundwater Sample Location and Analytical Results Map Figure 5: Treatment Area Location Plan

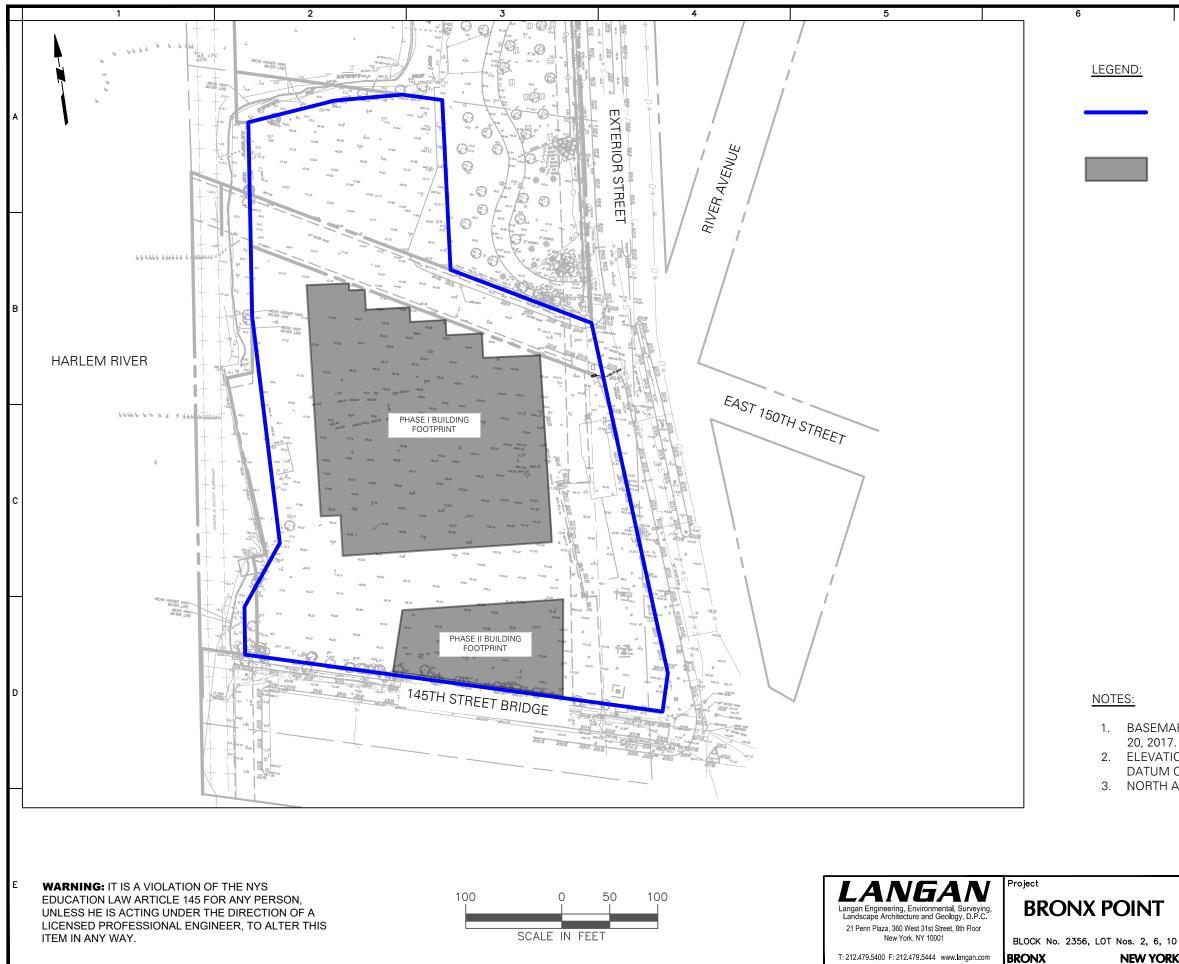
LANGAN

FIGURES



Filename: Wangan.com/data/NYC/data8/170480801/Cadd Data - 170480801/2D-DesignFiles/Environmental/Treatability Memo/Figure 1 - Site Location Map.dwg Date: 11/18/2020 Time: 11:03 User: rbaikind Style Table: Langan.stb Layout: ANSIA-BP

© 2019 Landa



APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY

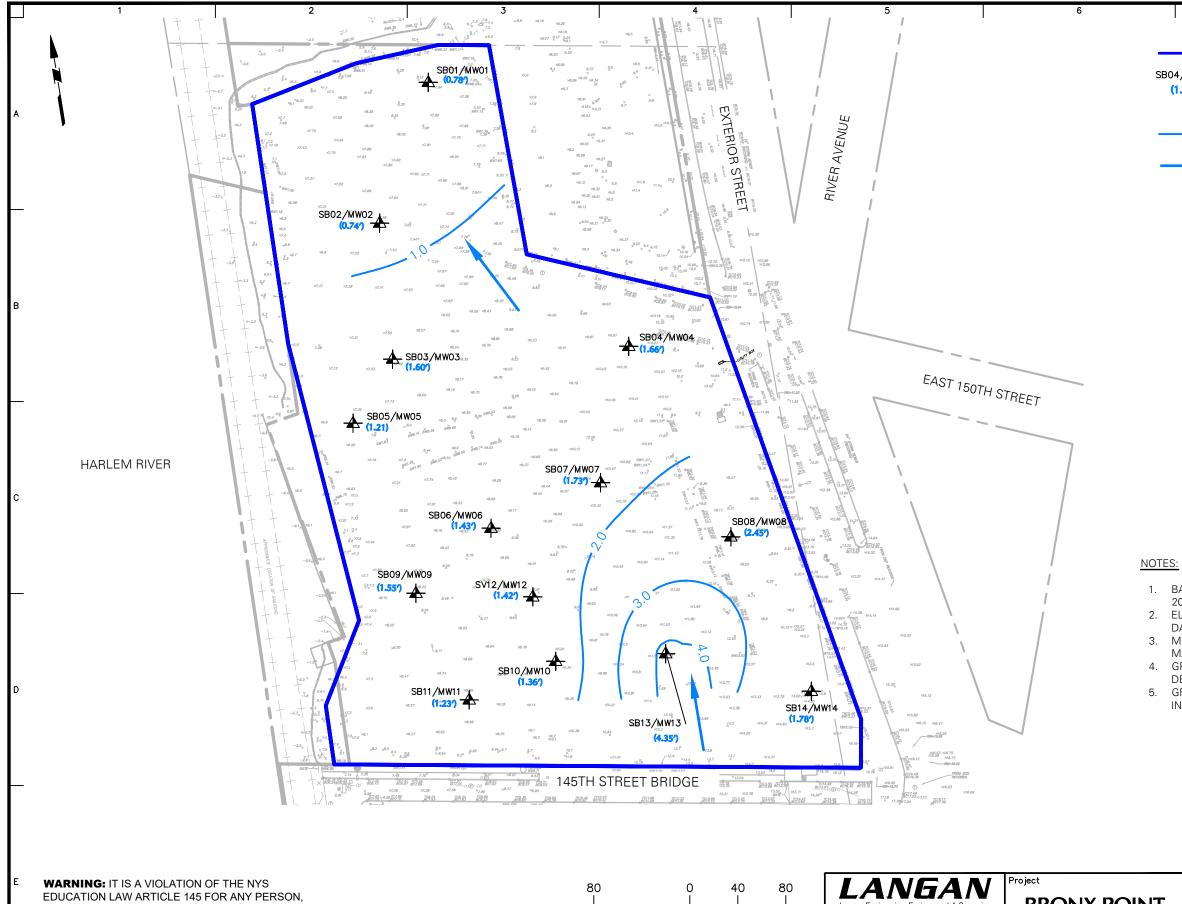
PROPOSED BUILDING FOOTPRINTS

1. BASEMAP SOURCE: SURVEY PREPARED BY LANGAN DATED OCTOBER

2. ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88).

3. NORTH ARROW SHOWS TRUE NORTH.

| | Figure Title | Project No. | Figure No. | |
|-------|--------------|--------------------|------------|-------|
| | | 170480801 | | |
| Г | | Date 06/11/2019 | 2 | |
| 3, 10 | SITE PLAN | Drawn By KW | Z | 00000 |
| ORK | | Checked By WK | | 01000 |



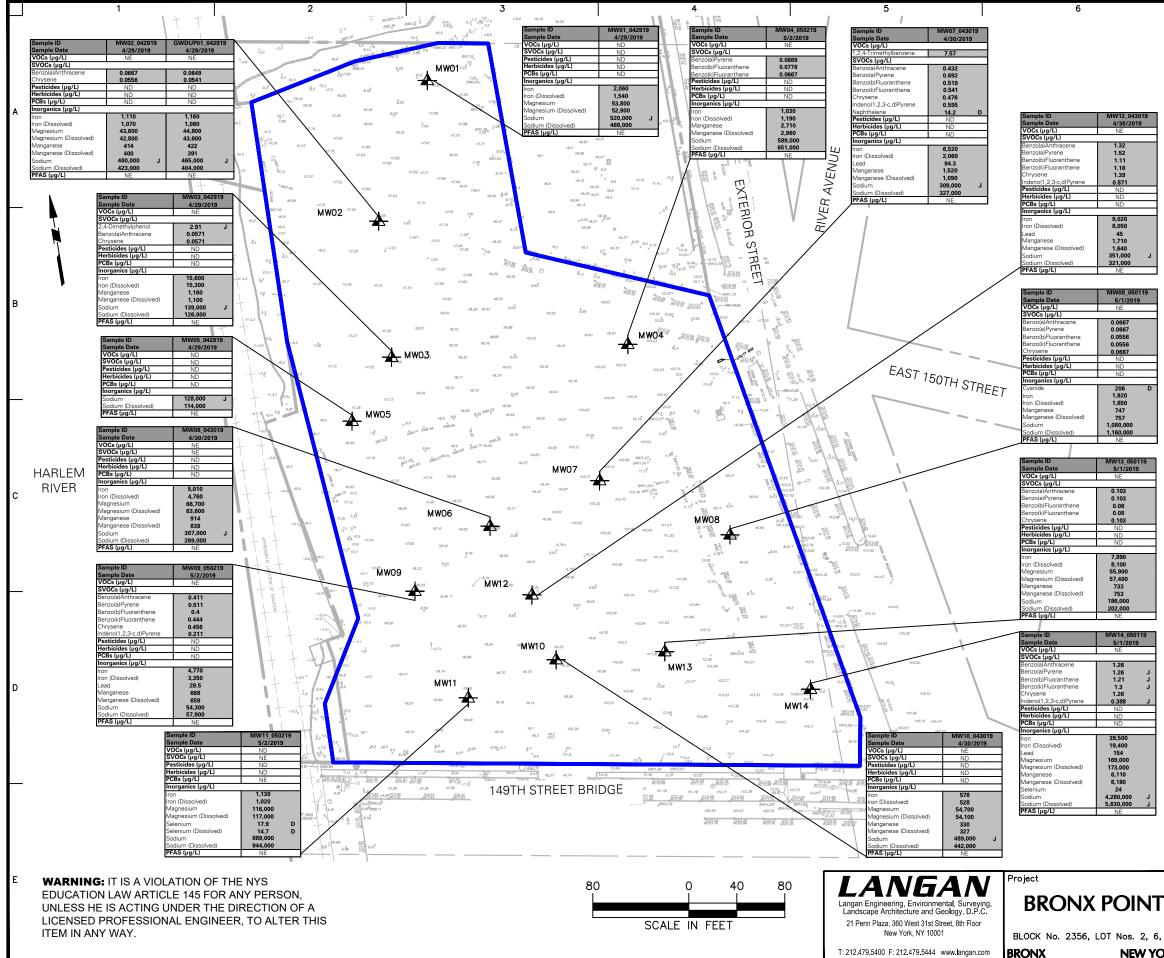
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|---|--------------------|---|-------------------|----|
| | LEGEND | | | |
| | | APPROXIMATE SITE BO | DUNDARY | |
| | 4/MW04 1.66') 🛧 | LANGAN 2019 MONITC (GROUNDWATER ELEV | | ЛС |
| | - 2.0 | GROUNDWATER CONT | OUR ELEVATION | |
| _ | | INFERRED GROUNDW | ATER FLOW DIRECTI | ON |
| | | | | |

- 1. BASEMAP SOURCE: SURVEY PREPARED BY LANGAN DATED OCTOBER 20, 2017.
- 2. ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88).
- 3. MONITORING WELL ELEVATIONS WERE SURVEYED BY LANGAN ON MAY 1, 2019.
- 4. GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON
- DEPTH-TO-GROUNDWATER MEASUREMENTS TAKEN ON MAY 2, 2019. 5. GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOURS ARE PRESENTED IN 1.0 FOOT INTERVALS.

| | Figure Title | Project No. 170480801 | Figure No. |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| OINT | GROUNDWATER | Date 05/23/2019 | ່າ |
| No. 0 0 10 | ELEVATION CONTOUR | Drawn By RB | 5 |
| Nos. 2, 6, 10 | MAP | Checked By | |
| NEW YORK | | JL | |



Filename: \\langan.com\data\NYC\data\170480801\Cadd Data - 170480801\2D-DesignFiles\Environmental\Treatability Memo\Figure 4 - Groundwater Sample Location and Analytical Results Map.dwg Date: 11/18/2020 Time: 11:07 User: rbalkind Style Table:

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APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY



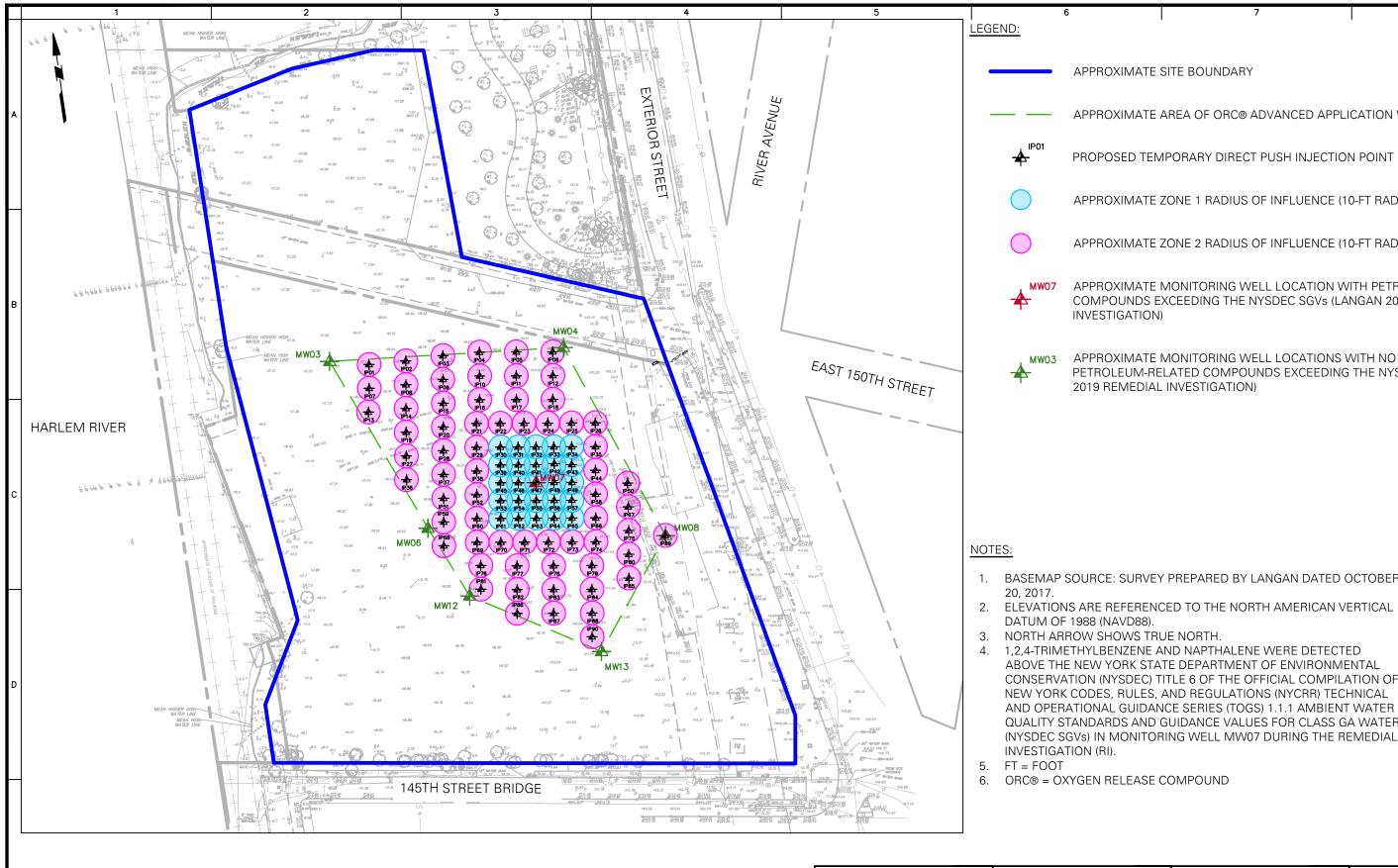
RI MONITORING WELL LOCATION (LANGAN 2019)

| Analyte | NYSDEC SGVs |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| VOCs (µg/L) | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 5 |
| SVOCs (µg/L) | - |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 1 |
| Benzo(a)Anthracene | 0.002 |
| Benzo(a)Pyrene | 0 |
| Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 0.002 |
| Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 0.002 |
| Chrysene | 0.002 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)Pyrene | 0.002 |
| Naphthalene | 10 |
| Metals (µg/L) | |
| Cyanide | 200 |
| Iron | 300 |
| Lead | 25 |
| Magnesium | 35,000 |
| Manganese | 300 |
| Selenium | 10 |
| Sodium | 20,000 |

NOTES:

- 1. BASEMAP SOURCE: SURVEY PREPARED BY LANGAN DATED OCTOBER 20, 2017.
- ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN 2. VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88).
- З. GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS ARE COMPARED TO THE NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION (NYSDEC) TITLE 6 OF THE OFFICIAL COMPILATION OF NEW YORK CODES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS (NYCRR) TECHNICAL AND OPERATIONAL GUIDANCE SERIES (TOGS) 1.1.1 AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES FOR CLASS GA WATER (NYSDEC SGVS).
- ANALYTES DETECTED ABOVE THE NYSDEC SGVS ARE 4 BOLDED AND SHADED.
- 5. VOC = VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND
- SVOC = SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND 6.
- 7. PFAS = PER- AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES
- ug/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER 8.
- ND = NOT DETECTED 9.
- 10. NE = NOT EXCEEDED
- 11. D = THE CONCENTRATION REPORTED IS A RESULT OF A DILUTED SAMPLE
- 12. J = THE ANALYTE WAS DETECTED ABOVE THE METHOD DETECTION LIMIT (MDL), BUT BELOW THE REPORTING LIMIT (RL); THEREFORE, THE RESULT IS AN ESTIMATED CONCENTRATION.
- 13. RI = REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

| | Figure Title | Project No. | Figure No. | |
|------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | 170480801 | | |
| - | GROUNDWATER SAMPLE | Date | | |
| | LOCATION AND | 10/27/2020 | I / I | |
| | | Drawn By | 4 | uen |
| . 10 | ANALYTICAL RESULTS | ĸw | _ | 6 |
| | MAP | Checked By | | 11 8 |
|)rk | | WK | | 50 |



WARNING: IT IS A VIOLATION OF THE NYS EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 145 FOR ANY PERSON, UNLESS HE IS ACTING UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TO ALTER THIS ITEM IN ANY WAY.



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APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY

APPROXIMATE AREA OF ORC® ADVANCED APPLICATION VIA INJECTION POINTS

PROPOSED TEMPORARY DIRECT PUSH INJECTION POINT LOCATION

APPROXIMATE ZONE 1 RADIUS OF INFLUENCE (10-FT RADIUS; 15-FT SPACING)

APPROXIMATE ZONE 2 RADIUS OF INFLUENCE (10-FT RADIUS: 20-FT SPACING)

APPROXIMATE MONITORING WELL LOCATION WITH PETROLEUM-RELATED COMPOUNDS EXCEEDING THE NYSDEC SGVs (LANGAN 2019 REMEDIAL

APPROXIMATE MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS WITH NO PETROLEUM-RELATED COMPOUNDS EXCEEDING THE NYSDEC SGVs (LANGAN 2019 REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION)

1. BASEMAP SOURCE: SURVEY PREPARED BY LANGAN DATED OCTOBER

2. ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL

4. 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE AND NAPTHALENE WERE DETECTED ABOVE THE NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION (NYSDEC) TITLE 6 OF THE OFFICIAL COMPILATION OF NEW YORK CODES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS (NYCRR) TECHNICAL AND OPERATIONAL GUIDANCE SERIES (TOGS) 1.1.1 AMBIENT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE VALUES FOR CLASS GA WATER

| | Figure Title | Project No. | Figure No. |
|-------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| | | 170480801 | |
| | TREATMENT AREA | Date | _ |
| | | 11/13/2020 | <u> </u> |
| | LOCATION PLAN | Drawn By | J |
| 5. 10 | | LE | |
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ATTACHMENT 1

SAFETY DATA AND PRODUCT SHEET

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| 1. Identification | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Product identifier | Oxygen Release Compound Advanced (OF | RC Advanced®) | |
| Other means of identification | None. | | |
| Recommended use | Soil and Groundwater Remediation. | | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier | /Distributor information | | |
| Company name | Regenesis | | |
| Address | 1011 Calle Sombra | | |
| | San Clemente, CA 92673 USA | | |
| General information | 949-366-8000 | | |
| E-mail | CustomerService@regenesis.com | | |
| Emergency phone number | For Hazardous Materials Incidents ONLY (spi CHEMTREC 24/7 at: | ll, leak, fire, exposure or accident), call | |
| USA, Canada, Mexico | (+)1-800-424-9300 | | |
| International | (+)1-703-527-3887 | | |
| 2. Hazard identification | | | |
| Physical hazards | Oxidising solids | Category 2 | |
| Health hazards | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 | |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 1 | |
| | Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure | Category 3 respiratory tract irritation | |
| Label elements | | | |
| | | | |
| Signal word | Danger | | |
| Hazard statement | May intensify fire; oxidiser. Causes skin irritati respiratory irritation. | on. Causes serious eye damage. May cause | |

| | respiratory irritation. |
|--------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Other hazards | None known. |
| Supplemental information | None. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|---|---|-----------------------|
| Calcium peroxide | | 1305-79-9 | ≥75 |
| Calcium hydroxide | | 1305-62-0 | ≤25 |
| Dipotassium Phosphate | | 7758-11-4 | <5 |
| Monopotassium Phosphate | | 7778-77-0 | <5 |
| Composition comments | All concentrations are in percent by weight ur | nless otherwise indicated. | |
| 4. First-aid measures | | | |
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwe | | eathing. Call a POI |
| Skin contact | IF ON CLOTHING: rinse immediately contam removing clothes. Rinse skin with water/show advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing | inated clothing and skin with ver. If skin irritation occurs: Ge | |
| Eye contact | Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Con | | |
| Ingestion | Never give anything by mouth to a victim who mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting oc get into the lungs. Get medical attention if syn | curs, keep head low so that s | |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include vision. Permanent eye damage including blin tract, skin and eyes. Skin irritation. May cause | dness could result. Dusts may | |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and tre Symptoms may be delayed. | at symptomatically. Keep vict | im under observati |
| General information | Take off all contaminated clothing immediate Ensure that medical personnel are aware of t protect themselves. Wash contaminated cloth | he material(s) involved, and ta | |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water spray, fog (flooding amounts). Foam. I | Dry chemical powder. Carbon | dioxide (CO2). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | None known. | · · | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Greatly increases the burning rate of combus heated. During fire, gases hazardous to healt metal oxides. | | |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full p | rotective clothing must be wo | rn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breath so without risk. Use water spray to cool unop | | m fire area if you ca |
| Specific methods | Cool containers exposed to flames with wate | r until well after the fire is out. | |
| General fire hazards | May intensify fire; oxidiser. Contact with com | bustible material may cause fi | re. |
| 6. Accidental release meas | sures | | |
| Dama an al mus a sufficient | Kaan unnaaanan pamannal away. Kaan na | and a support frame and upperind a | fanill/laak Kaan a |

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Ventilate the contaminated area. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. | |
|--|---|--|
| | Large Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Following product recovery, flush area with water. | |
| | Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. | |
| | Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Place all material into loosely covered plastic containers for later disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. | |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. | |
| 7. Handling and storage | | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Keep away from heat. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Avoid contact with water and moisture. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Keep away from heat. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not store near combustible materials. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). | |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

| Components | Туре | Value |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |
| Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupati | onal Health & Safety Code, Scl | hedule 1, Table 2) |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |
| Canada. British Columbia OELs. Safety Regulation 296/97, as ame | • • • | s for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |
| Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 21 | 7/2006, The Workplace Safety | And Health Act) |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |
| Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control | of Exposure to Biological or C | hemical Agents) |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |
| Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry | of Labor - Regulation respecti | ng occupational health and safety) |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |

| Components | Туре | Value |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | 15 minute | 10 mg/m3 |
| | 8 hour | 5 mg/m3 |
| iological limit values | No biological exposure limits noted for | the ingredient(s). |
| ppropriate engineering ontrols | Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not bee established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the OEL (occupational exposu- limit), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep expos- below the recommended exposure limits. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. | |
| dividual protection measure | s, such as personal protective equipme | nt |
| Eye/face protection | Use dust-tight, unvented chemical safe | ty goggles when there is potential for eye contact. |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gl include rubber, neoprene, nitrile or vito | oves. Frequent change is advisable. Recommended gloves n. |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant cl | othing. |
| Respiratory protection | limits (where applicable) or to an accept | airborne concentrations below recommended exposure otable level (in countries where exposure limits have not otor must be worn. Recommended use: Wear respirator with |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective cle | othing, when necessary. |
| eneral hygiene onsiderations | clothing promptly. Always observe goo | ner combustible materials. Remove and wash contaminated d personal hygiene measures, such as washing after g, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing antaminants. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Appearance | |
| Physical state | Solid. |
| Form | Powder. |
| Colour | White to pale yellow. |
| Odour | Odourless. |
| Odour threshold | Not available. |
| рН | 12.5 (3% suspension/water) |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | Not available. |
| Flash point | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Oxidizer. |
| Upper/lower flammability or expl | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit – upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | Not available. |
| Vapour density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Oxygen Release Compound Advanced | d (ORC Advanced®) |

| Solubility(ies) | |
|--|------------------|
| Solubility (water) | Slightly soluble |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | 275 °C (527 °F) |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Bulk density | 0.5 - 0.9 g/ml |
| Explosive limit | Non-explosive. |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Decomposes on heating. Product may be unstable at temperatures above: 275°C/527°F. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Reacts slowly with water. |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat. Moisture. Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Bases. Salts of heavy metals. Reducing Agents. Combustible material. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Oxygen. Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2). Steam. Heat. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. | |
|--|--|--|
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye damage. | |
| Ingestion | Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. | |

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62 | 2-0) | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 7340 mg/kg |
| Dipotassium Phosphate (CAS 77 | 58-11-4) | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye damage | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation | on | |
| Canada - Alberta OELs: Irri | tant | |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS | 3 1305-62-0) | Irritant |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Not a respiratory sensitiser. | |
| Skin sensitisation | This product is not expected | to cause skin sensitisation. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate mutagenic or genotoxic. | product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are |
| Carcinogenicity | This product is not considere | d to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. |

| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
|--|--|
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | Due to the physical form of the product it is not expected to be an aspiration hazard. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
| | |

12. Ecological information

| Ecotoxicity | The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Components | Species | | Test Results | |
| Dipotassium Phosphate (CA | S 7758-11-4) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | | |
| Acute | | | | |
| Algae | EC50 | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | > 100 mg/l, 72 Hours | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia magna | 118.9 mg/l, 48 Hours | |
| Fish | LC50 | Oryzias latipes | > 100 mg/l, 96 Hours | |
| Persistence and degradability | Decompo biodegrad | | contains inorganic compounds which are not | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating. | | | |
| Mobility in soil | This substance has very low solubility in water and low mobility in the environment. | | | |
| Other adverse effects | None known. | | | |
| 13. Disposal consideration | ons | | | |
| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. | | | |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. | | | |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. | | | |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: | | | |

| products | Disposal instructions). |
|------------------------|--|
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

14. Transport information

| TDG | |
|------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1457 |
| UN proper shipping name | CALCIUM PEROXIDE |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 5.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | II |
| Environmental hazards | No |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | |
| UN number | UN1457 |
| UN proper shipping name | Calcium peroxide |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 5.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | II |
| Environmental hazards | No |
| ERG Code | 5L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |

IMDG

| UN number | UN1457 |
|--------------------------------|---|
| UN proper shipping name | CALCIUM PEROXIDE |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 5.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Ш |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No |
| EmS | F-G, S-Q |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Transport in bulk according to | Not applicable. |
| Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and | |
| the IBC Code | |

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto Protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Calcium peroxide (CAS 1305-79-9)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |
| | | |

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

| Issue date |
|---------------|
| Revision date |
| Version No. |
| Disclaimer |

12-October-2015 09-January-2019 02

Regenesis cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



ORC Advanced[®] Technical Description

ORC Advanced[®] is an engineered, oxygen release compound designed specifically for enhanced, *in situ* aerobic bioremediation of petroleum hydrocarbons in ground-water and saturated soils. Upon contact with groundwater, this calcium oxyhydroxide-based material becomes hydrated producing a controlled release of molecular oxygen (17% by weight) for periods of up to 12 months on a single application.

ORC Advanced decreases time to site closure and accelerates degradation rates up to 100 times faster than natural degradation rates. A single ORC Advanced application can support aerobic biodegradation for up to 12 months with minimal site disturbance, no permanent or emplaced above ground equipment, piping, tanks, power sources, etc are needed. There is no operation or maintenance required. ORC Advanced provides lower costs, greater efficiency and reliability compared to engineered mechanical systems, oxygen emitters and bubblers.



Example of ORC Advanced

ORC Advanced provides remediation practitioners with a significantly faster and highly effective means of treating petroleum contaminated sites. Petroleum hydrocarbon contamination is often associated with retail petroleum service stations resulting from leaking underground storage tanks, piping and dispensers. As a result, ORC Advanced technology and applications have been tailored around the remediation needs of the retail petroleum industry and include: tank pit excavations, amending and mixing with backfill, direct-injection, bore-hole backfill, ORC Advanced Pellets for waterless and dustless application, combined ISCO and bioremediation applications, etc.

For a list of treatable contaminants with the use of ORC Advanced, view the Range of Treatable Contaminants Guide

Chemical Composition

- Calcium hydroxide oxide
- Calcium hydroxide
- Monopotassium phosphate
- Dipotassium phosphate

Properties

- Physical state: Solid
- Form: Powder
- Odor: Odorless
- Color: White to pale yellow
- pH: 12.5 (3% suspension/water)



ORC Advanced[®] Technical Description

Storage and Handling Guidelines

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight

Store in original tightly closed container

Store in a well-ventilated place

Do not store near combustible materials

Store away from incompatible materials

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation in places where dust is formed

HandlingMinimize dust generation and accumulationKeep away from heatRoutine housekeeping should be instituted to
ensure that dust does not accumulate on surfacesObserve good industrial hygiene practicesTake precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles
materialsKeep away from clothing and other combustible
materialsAvoid contact with water and moistureAvoid prolonged exposureWear appropriate personal protective equipment

Applications

- Slurry mixture direct-push injection through hollow rods or direct-placement into boreholes
- In situ or ex situ slurry mixture into contaminated backfill or contaminated soils in general
- Slurry mixture injections in conjunction with chemical oxidants like RegenOx or PersulfOx
- Filter sock applications in groundwater for highly localized treatment
- Ex situ biopiles

Health and Safety

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection. Please review the <u>ORC Advanced Safety Data Sheet</u> for additional storage, usage, and handling requirements.



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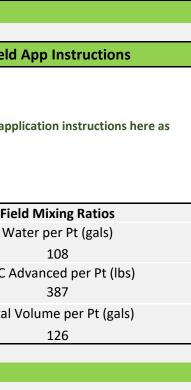
ATTACHMENT 2

REGENESIS APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

LANGAN



| | ct Info | | ORC Advan | ced [®] Application De | sign Summary |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Bronx Point Bronx NV | | | | | Field |
| Bronx NY | | | ORCA injection a | Direct Push | Field |
| ORCA injection area | | | Application Method | 20 | Input special app |
| Prepared For: | | | Spacing Within Rows (ft) | 25 | |
| Langan Woo Kim Target Treatment Zone (TTZ) Info Unit Value | | | Spacing Between Rows (ft) Application Points | 90 | |
| Target Treatment Zone (TTZ) Info | ft ² | | | | needed. |
| Treatment Area | | 43,500 | Areal Extent (square ft) | 43,500 | |
| Top Treat Depth | ft | 10.0 | Top Application Depth (ft bgs) | 10 | |
| Bot Treat Depth | ft | 20.0 | Bottom Application Depth (ft bgs) | 20 | |
| Vertical Treatment Interval | ft | 10.0 | ORC Advanced to be Applied (lbs) | 34,800 | Fie |
| Treatment Zone Volume | ft ³ | 435,000 | ORC Advanced per point (lbs) | 387 | W |
| Treatment Zone Volume | су | 16,111 | Percent Slurry | 30% | |
| Soil Type | | sand | Volume Water (gals) | 9,730 | ORC A |
| Porosity | cm ³ /cm ³ | 0.33 | Volume ORC Advanced (gals) | 1,566 | |
| Effective Porosity | cm ³ /cm ³ | 0.20 | Total Application Volume (gals) | 11,296 | Total |
| Treatment Zone Pore Volume | gals | 1,073,829 | Injection Volume per Point (gals) | 126 | |
| Treatment Zone Effective Pore Volume | gals | 650,805 | | | |
| Fraction Organic Carbon (foc) | g/g | 0.002 | | Technical Notes/Discuss | ion |
| Soil Density | g/cm ³ | 1.7 | | | |
| Soil Density | lb/ft ³ | 108 | | | |
| Soil Weight | lbs | 4.7E+07 | | | |
| Hydraulic Conductivity | ft/day | 25.0 | | | |
| Hydraulic Conductivity | cm/sec | 8.82E-03 | | | |
| Hydraulic Gradient | ft/ft | 0.003 | | | |
| GW Velocity | ft/day | 0.38 | | | |
| GW Velocity | ft/yr | 137 | | | |
| Sources of Oxygen Demand | Unit | Value | | Assumptions/Qualificati | ons |
| Dissolved Phase Contaminant Mass | lbs | 54 | | | |
| Sorbed Phase Contaminant Mass | lbs | 185 | In generating this preliminary estimate, Regenesis rel | | |
| Reduced Metals (Fe2+ and Mn2+) Mass | lbs | 269 | Using this information as input, we performed calcula of the mass of product and subsurface placement red | - | |
| BOD mass equivalent | lbs | 45 | | | |
| COD mass equivalent | lbs | 179 | | | |
| Total Mass Contributing to O ₂ Demand | lbs | 732 | REGENESIS developed this Scope of Work in reliance | upon the data and profession | al judgments provided by |
| Stoichiometric Demand | Unit | Value | earlier environmental site assessment(s). The fees a | • | • |
| Stoichiometric O ₂ Demand | lbs | 996 | proprietary formulas and thus may not conform to bi | | |
| Stoichiometric ORC Advanced Demand | lbs | 5,859 | reimbursement directly from any government agency | | |
| Application Dosing | Unit | Value | where REGENESIS may serve as a supplier or subcont | | |
| | | | the services performed or products provided by REG Scope of Work and associated charges are in complia | | |
| | | | supplier or subcontractor to an entity which seeks re | | nment, REGENESIS does |
| ORC Advanced to be Applied | lbs | 34,800 | to be presented any claim for payment to the Goverr | iment. | |
| | | | Prepared By: Nai | me-Title | |
| | | | Date: 12/ | 17/2020 | |



formation provided by others. ationships to generate an estimate

d by those whom completed the generated through REGENESIS' REGENESIS does not seek overnment"). In any circumstance in the Government for all or part of ing reimbursement to ensure the o submission. When serving as a es not knowingly present or cause