
REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT

for

363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET Brooklyn, New York

Tax Map Block 452, Lots 1 and 15
NYCOER Project No. 13EH-A196K
NYSDEC Spill No. 05-01697
NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Site No. C224173
USEPA No. 422395.DE.02

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Remedial Investigation Report (RIR) has been prepared by Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. (Langan) on behalf of LSG 363 Bond Street, LLC (Lightstone) for the properties at 363 Bond Street and 388 Carroll Street located in the Carroll Gardens neighborhood of Brooklyn, New York (site). The site was entered into the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) by Lightstone and BCP site No. C224173 was assigned to the site.

This RIR summarizes the Remedial Investigation completed at the site in accordance with the 10 July 2013 Remedial Investigation Workplan (RIWP) which was approved by the NYSDEC on 26 July 2013. The RI included completion of a geophysical survey and the collection of soil, groundwater, and soil vapor samples between 28 August 2013 and 17 September 2013. The RI was completed to address the environmental concerns identified in previous environmental investigations associated with NYSDEC Spill Nos. 05-01697 (363 Bond Street) and 04-00876 (388 Carroll Street) and to supplement the results reported during previous sub-surface investigations.

1.1 Site Description and Current Usage

The Site is located in the Carroll Gardens neighborhood of Brooklyn, New York and is identified as Block 452, Lots 1 and 15 on the New York City Tax Map. A Site location map is provided as Figure 1 and a Site plan of the properties is provided as Figure 2. The Site consists of the two parcels as discussed below.

The property at 363 Bond Street (Tax Block 452, Lot 1) is located northeast of the intersection of Bond Street and First Street. The approximately ±0.68-acre site contains a one-story vacant, light industrial building. The site is bounded to the north by the 388 Carroll Street subject property and a one-story building and associated parking that is operated by the City of New York as an EMS station (located along Carroll Street), to the east by the Gowanus Canal followed by a one-story industrial and manufacturing building, to the south by First Street followed by an active redevelopment site, and to the west by Bond Street followed by a three-story mixed-use commercial and residential building and a six-story residential building.

The property at 388 Carroll Street (Tax Block 452, Lot 15) is located southeast of the intersection of Carroll Street and the Gowanus Canal. The approximately ±0.67-acre site is currently vacant. The site was recently improved with a two-story residential building. Five above ground storage tanks (ASTs) within concrete secondary containment structures used to store fuel oil were previously located at the site. Two of these vacant secondary containment structures remained at the site until recent demolition. The site is bound to the northeast by Carroll Street followed by a four-story industrial and manufacturing building and associated parking lot, to the southeast by the Gowanus Canal followed by a one-story industrial and manufacturing building, to the southwest by the subject property at 363 Bond Street, and to the northwest by a one-story building and associated parking that is operated by the City of New York as an EMS station and a two-story residential building.

1.2 Proposed Development Plan

The proposed use of the Site will consist of constructing a 5 to 12-story mixed use commercial and residential building with a partial basement occupying almost the entire footprint of the subject properties. The basement level of the building will be occupied by a parking garage, basketball court and building amenities and the first floor will be occupied by residential and commercial spaces. The partial below-grade level is located on the northern portion of Lot 1 and the southwestern portion of Lot 15. In addition to the building plans, a waterfront esplanade will be developed along the Gowanus Canal shoreline. In order to construct the esplanade, a new corrugated steel sheet pile bulkhead will be installed across the entire length of the development area. The subject properties are zoned as M1-4/R7-2, industrial and manufacturing and medium-density apartment house residential. Additionally, the subject properties are zoned in a Special Mixed Use District established to encourage the investment in and enhance the vitality of existing neighborhoods with mixed residential and industrial uses in close proximity.

1.3 Surrounding Property Use

The surrounding area consists of industrial, commercial, and residential uses. A residential building, an EMS station, and commercial and manufacturing buildings are located to the north of the subject properties. Commercial, industrial, and manufacturing buildings are located to the south of the subject properties. To the east is the Gowanus Canal followed by industrial facilities.

Bond Street is located to the west of the subject properties followed by multi-family residential buildings. The majority of surrounding properties have a M1-4/R7-2, industrial and manufacturing zoning designation or a R6B, mixed residential and commercial building zoning designation.

2.0 SITE PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2.1 Topography

The elevation of the Site in the Brooklyn Highway Vertical Datum ranges from 9.20' to -1.91'. The topography of the Site and the surrounding area slopes to the east towards the Gowanus Canal which directly abuts the site to the east.

2.2 Geology

The "Generalized Surficial Geology of New York" map by the New York State Museum State Geological Survey indicates that the surficial geology at the site consists of till and the "Geologic Map of New York – Lower Hudson Sheet" by the New York State Museum State Geological Survey indicates that the site is underlain by glacial and alluvial deposits. According to the "New York Bedrock and Engineering Geologic Map" by Charles A. Baskerville, the bedrock consists of the Hartland Formation, consisting of interbedded units of schist, granite, and amphibole.

A Preliminary Geotechnical Evaluation was completed for the neighboring property at 365 Bond Street by Langan in October 2004. The evaluation consisted of advancement and analysis of four test borings. The evaluation identified a surficial fill layer consisting of brown, coarse to fine sand with varying amounts of silt, gravel, brick, cinders, concrete, and wood varying in thickness from 7 to 12-feet. Underlying the surficial fill layer is a gray organic clay layer ranging from 8- to 13-feet in thickness containing trace amounts of wood fibers, shells, and sand. A 5-foot thick layer of red-brown peat was observed interbedded within the organic clay layer in one of the borings. Below the clay layer a brown and grayish-brown fine to coarse sand was identified. The natural sand deposit becomes coarser and contains increasing amounts of gravel with depth. Two of the borings contained 2- to 3-foot thick layers of clay inter-bedded in the natural sand.

Soil borings completed at the Site during the Due Diligence / Phase II Investigation in August 2012 and Remedial Investigation (RI) in September 2013 confirmed that a layer of historic fill consisting of sand and silt is present from the surface to between 6 and 11-feet below ground surface (bgs) at 363 Bond Street and 388 Carroll Street. A clay layer was observed underlying the historic fill in LSB-1 through LSB-4 and LSB-27. A geotechnical investigation completed by Langan at the Site in March and April 2013 revealed a 10- to 14-foot thick historic fill layer underlain by clay in borings LB-1 through LB-5, SLB-3, and BLB-3. Additionally, the clay layer was identified in borings completed during the Phase II Investigation by ELM including SB-1 through SB-5 and MW-1 through MW-5 (363 Bond Street) and SB-1 through SB-12 (388 Carroll Street). Boring logs from the Langan Phase II Investigation, Remedial Investigation, and geotechnical investigation, and the /Phase II Investigation completed by ELM were reviewed to evaluate the presence of the clay aquitard in the subsurface across the site. Based on this information a clay elevation contour map was developed and is provided as Figure 3.

2.3 Hydrogeology

Groundwater has generally been observed to be between 2.7 and 9.5-feet bgs at the Site due to the variability of the site topography. During the Remedial Investigation groundwater was observed to be between 5.5 and 12-feet bgs. Although there is a 6-foot fluctuation between high and low tide at the mouth of Gowanus Bay (entrance to the canal), a one-week groundwater level monitoring event completed with an In-Situ Level TROLL 700 water level meter at the property immediately to the south of the Site between 26 June and 3 July 2013 revealed that groundwater elevation is minimally affected by tidal changes. Groundwater elevation data is provided in Appendix B. The groundwater flow direction is towards the canal to the northeast. A groundwater contour map is provided as Figure 4.

2.4 Wetlands

There are no wetlands or waters of the U.S. within the limits of the subject property; however, the site is bound to the east by the Gowanus Canal. The Gowanus Canal is mapped by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) as Littoral Zone (LZ). The limits of the open water area associated with the Gowanus Canal have been delineated based on the elevation of mean high water (MHW) and spring high water (SHW). The

elevation of MHW within the Gowanus Canal adjacent to the project site is reported to be 0.34 feet (Brooklyn Highway Datum) while spring high water is reported to be 0.68 feet. Mean high water and SHW are bound by the existing bulkhead which parallels the Lot 15 property boundary.

3.0 SITE BACKGROUND AND PREVIOUS INVESTIGATION RESULTS

Prior to the completion of the RI, the following environmental work plans and reports were developed for the subject properties:

- *Soil Investigation - 388 Carroll Street*, dated November 1997, prepared by Cosmos Environmental Services;
- *Soil Sampling Report – 388 Carroll Street*, dated September 2002, prepared by Tradewinds;
- *Environmental Investigation – 388 Carroll Street*, October 2002, prepared by North Atlantic;
- *Phase II Investigation Report – 388 Carroll Street*, dated May 6, 2005, prepared by ELM;
- *Phase II Investigation Report – 363 Bond Street*, dated May 31, 2005, prepared by ELM;
- *Remedial Action Plan – 363-365 Bond Street and 388 Carroll Street*, dated February 3, 2009, Prepared by ELM;
- *Gowanus Canal Remedial Investigation Report, Volume 1 dated January 2011, prepared by HDR, CH2M Hill, GRB Environmental Services Inc., prepared for USEPA*
- *Draft Subsurface Investigation Summary Report*, dated 13 September 2011, prepared by PW Grosser Consulting, Inc.;
- *Remedial Action Plan – 388 Carroll Street*, dated July 2011, prepared by PW Grosser Consulting, Inc.;
- *Bulkhead Replacement – 388 Carroll Street letter, dated 25 October 2011, prepared by PW Grosser;*
- *Phase I Environmental Assessment – 363 Bond Street*, dated February 2012, prepared by PW Grosser;
- *Phase I Environmental Assessment – 388 Carroll Street*, dated February 2012, prepared by PW Grosser;
- *Soil Sampling – 388 Carroll Street*, dated April 2012, completed by Zeb Environmental; and,
- *Limited Phase II Environmental Investigation Report – Proposed 363-365 Bond Street Redevelopment*, dated October 2012, prepared by Langan

- *Revised Remedial Investigation Workplan – Proposed 363 Bond Street Redevelopment*, dated 10 July 2013, prepared by Langan

3.1 Previous Investigation Results

Areas of Concern (AOCs) identified in the reports listed in section 4.0 are shown on Figure 2, a historic sampling summary table is provided in Table 1, and historic sample locations are shown on Figure 5. Historical soil analytical results compared to current NYSDEC Brownfields Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs) are provided in Tables 2 and 3 and are summarized on Figure 6. Historical groundwater analytical results are summarized in Tables 4 and 5 and are shown on Figure 7. Soil, groundwater, and soil vapor analytical results collected at the site during Langan's Phase II Investigation are included with the RI analytical results in Tables 6, 7, and 8, respectively, and are summarized on Figures 8, 9, and 10, respectively.

Detailed discussions of the previous environmental investigation reports and their conclusions were provided in the Revised Remedial Investigation Work Plan (RIWP) for the Proposed 363 Bond Street Development prepared by Langan and dated 10 July 2013 that was approved by the NYSDEC on 26 July 2013. Summaries of previous environmental investigation results specific to on-site areas of concern are provided below.

Former ASTs

Review of historic Sanborn Maps identified five large diameter containment vessels on the 388 Carroll Street property that were associated with former above-ground oil storage tanks for the previous oil terminal operations. As part of the ELM Phase II investigation 12 soil borings and six test pits were completed and soil samples were collected from the shallow overburden fill material between 3- to 7-feet bgs. Elevated concentrations of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and metals above NYSDEC SCOs were detected in the shallow vadose zone. Petroleum impacts (odors, staining or elevated PID readings) were identified in all 12 boring locations and in five of the six test pit locations. Light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) was observed at SB-8, SB-10, and TP-6. Based on these results, the impacts observed for PAHs and metals were consistent with those typically associated with historic fill. Elevated concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), PAHs, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and dissolved metals above the NYSDEC Groundwater Quality

Standards (GWQS) were detected in five of the seven in groundwater samples collected at the site.

Petroleum Impacted Hotspots

Based on the results of the ELM Phase II investigations four petroleum impacted "hotspots" were identified at the Site and NYSDEC Spill Nos. 04-00876 and 0-501697 were issued on 25 April 2004 and 11 May 2005 respectively. Three of hotspots are located on the north central and southeastern portion of the 388 Carroll Street site. The two northernmost hotspots were combined into an area designated as AOC-1 and the third is designated as AOC-2. An area designated as AOC-3 is located in the central portion of the 363 Bond Street site.

AOC 1 and 2

P.W. Grosser submitted a RAP to the NYSDEC and NYCDEP in July 2011 that proposed excavation of onsite hotspots to a depth of 2-feet into groundwater (7-feet bgs). Completion of the excavations was proposed to extend to the soil which exhibit no evidence of petroleum impacts and were to be confirmed by post-excavation soil sampling. This RAP was approved by the NYSDEC in a letter dated 19 July 2011.

A subsequent investigation was completed by ZEB Environmental in April 2012 to further delineate the hotspot areas at 388 Carroll Street. Soil samples were collected at depths ranging from 3 to 8-feet bgs. The results of the investigation determined that several VOCs and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) were detected above NYSDEC SCOs. Additionally, as a result of this investigation, the original northernmost two hotspots were expanded and combined into a single excavation area (AOC-1) and the AOC-2 area was expanded to the extents of the petroleum impacted material as shown on the Figure 2.

AOC 3

As part of the ELM Phase II investigation for the 363 Bond Street property, soil samples were collected primarily from within the shallow vadose zone between 1- to 6-feet bgs and below the groundwater table (saturated zone) between 6- to 16-feet bgs. Elevated concentrations of VOCs, PAHs, and metals above NYSDEC SCOs were detected in soil both the shallow vadose zone and the saturated zone. Petroleum impacts (staining, odors, elevated PID readings and

LNAPL) were identified in all boring locations. LNAPL was reported at boring locations MW-5 and SB-1. Elevated concentrations of VOCs, SVOCs, and total and dissolved metals above the NYSDEC GWQS were detected in groundwater at the site in MW-2, MW-4, and MW-5.

Based on these results ELM prepared a RAP dated February 2009 that identified that the area in the central portion of the 363 Bond Street property would be excavated to remove the area of free product that was identified (AOC 3). Soil stabilization in the areas to the east and west of this excavation area was proposed.

Langan completed additional sampling at the 363 Bond Street portion of the site during the August 2012 Phase II Investigation in the area of AOC-3 to provide further delineation of petroleum impacted soils to the north and west in these areas. The results revealed that PAHs were detected above the NYSDEC SCOs. During the sampling 1.5-feet of LNAPL was noted on groundwater at MW-5, located within the extents of AOC-3.

Gasoline USTs (AOC-5)

The potential presence of two gasoline USTs was identified on historic Sanborn Fire Insurance maps on the western portion of the 363 Bond Street property within the footprint of the current building.

As part of the Langan Phase II Investigation, two soil borings and one soil vapor sample were completed downgradient of the suspected former USTs. The soil analytical results revealed marginal exceedances of the SCOs for VOCs, SVOCs, and lead. Additionally, LNAPL was observed in soil at boring LSB-1.

Soil gas sample results in the vicinity of the former USTs, revealed that elevated concentrations of chlorinated VOCs (tetrachloroethylene [PCE], trichloroethylene [TCE], and chloroform) are present below the existing building. Based on the absence of these VOCs in soil and groundwater in this area, the source of these impacts in soil gas is unknown.

USEPA Coal Tar Study

The results of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Remedial Investigation of the Gowanus Canal in the areas of the site were presented in a January 2011 Gowanus Canal Remedial Investigation Report. As part of the investigation, coal tar impacts were identified within the canal adjacent to the 388 Carroll Street site and two groundwater monitoring wells (MW-36 and MW-43) were installed at 388 Carroll Street. The results of this investigation identified coal tar NAPL at the MW-43 location at a depth of approximately 20-feet below the groundwater table, which corresponds to approximately 30- to 32-feet bgs. Based on these results, PW Grosser completed a subsurface investigation at 388 Carroll Street to further delineate the extent of the soil impacts in the vicinity of MW-43 as documented in the Draft Subsurface Investigation Summary Report dated 13 September 2011. Eleven soil borings were advanced to a depth of approximately 35-feet bgs to investigate the sediment at the site. Thin lenses of impacted soil containing NAPL were observed in three of the soil samples collected (GP-01, GP-05, and GP-08) approximately 25-feet bgs and in one of the soil samples collected (GP-10) at approximately 30-feet bgs between MW-43 and the Gowanus Canal. A fingerprint analysis of the NAPL identified the product as coal tar/creosote. Soil samples collected as part of this investigation did not report exceedances of the Unrestricted Use SCOs.

In a letter dated September 2012, the USEPA identified that groundwater monitoring wells were installed on the 400 Carroll Street (MW-36 and MW-43) property. According to the 2011 USEPA Remedial Investigation Report, MW-36 and MW-43 were installed to a depth of approximately 38-feet bgs, and MW-5 and MW-6 were installed to a depth of approximately 35-feet bgs (approximately 30 feet below the water table) to assess the potential of deep impacts to the canal from the sites. Based on the results of their investigation and the investigation completed by PW Grosser in 2011, it was determined that the NAPL impacts identified on the 388 Carroll Street site were localized and minimal and although the presence of these impacts may have originated from the canal, remediation was determined to be required to address the potential for these areas to impact the canal. The remedial approach identified in the USEPA letter and that are currently planned for the Site include a sealed steel bulkhead on the outboard side of the existing timber bulkhead to isolate these impacts both to and from the canal. Details of the sheeting design were

provided to the USEPA in the Bulkhead Work Plan prepared by Langan dated February 2014.

Historic Fill

Based on the results of shallow soil sampling completed throughout the site, historic fill material is present above the confining clay layer at both properties. This fill material is impacted by PAHs, SVOCs and metals at concentrations typical of historic urban fill. Some impacts associated with the presence of petroleum-based LNAPL have been documented within this material and are identified as hot spot areas (as discussed above).

4.0 REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

Langan conducted the RI field investigation between 28 August 2013 and 17 September 2013, in accordance with the procedures set-forth in the NYSDEC approved RIWP, dated 10 July 2013. The RI field investigation included the following activities:

- Geophysical survey, using ground penetrating radar and electromagnetics to clear boring and test pit locations for utilities and subsurface obstructions and for identification of underground piping networks associated with the historic use of the Site;
- Completion of ten direct-push soil borings (LSB-7 through LSB-10, LSB-21 through LSB-25, LSB-27) and associated soil sampling, and analysis;
- Completion of four groundwater monitoring wells (LMW-6, LMW-7, LMW-9, and LMW-10)and associated sampling and analysis;
- Sampling and analysis of five existing groundwater monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-5);
- Completion of twenty co-located sub-slab soil vapor and deep soil vapor monitoring points (LSV-1 through LSV-5 and LSV-16 through LSB-20) and completion of five individual soil vapor monitoring points (LSV-11 through LSV-15) and associated sampling, and analysis;
- Excavation of three test pits (TP-1 to TP-3) and collection of associated groundwater and soil samples for LNAPL fingerprinting analysis; and,
- Surveying of soil borings, groundwater monitoring wells, and soil vapor sampling locations.

The results of the geophysical survey are provided in Section 4.2. Soil, groundwater, and soil vapor sampling procedures are discussed in Sections 4.3, 4.4, and 4.5,

respectively, and analytical results of soil, groundwater, and soil vapor sampling are discussed in Section 5.1.2., 5.2, and 5.3. Quality assurance procedures that were implemented during this investigation are discussed in Section 4.6. Test pit excavation and sampling procedures and analytical results are discussed in Section 4.3.3 and 4.3.4, respectively.

A summary of sampling rationale, locations, depths, and analyses is provided in Table 1. The locations of all soil and groundwater samples collected during the 2013 Remedial Investigation are shown on Figure 5. A summary of the laboratory analytical results for soil, groundwater, and soil vapor are provided in Tables 6, 7, and 8, respectively, and summarized on Figures 8, 9, and 10, respectively. All samples were analyzed by a New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP)-certified laboratory. Laboratory analytical results will be submitted to the NYSDEC as an electronic data deliverable (EDD) per the NYSDEC Environmental Data Submission requirements following submission of this RIR.

4.1 Investigation Rationale

An investigation of soil, groundwater, and soil vapor was conducted in accordance with the NYSDEC-approved RIWP to further characterize the Site, for delineation of previously identified AOCs to allow for mass excavation of associated material, and to comply with New York City Office of Environmental Remediation (NYCOER) requirements for (E)-designated properties. The following section provides details of the rationale for the RI completed at the Site.

Ten soil borings, four groundwater monitoring wells (to supplement the five existing groundwater monitoring wells), and 25 soil vapor points were installed at the Site. From these sampling locations, 17 soil samples (including two field duplicate samples), 11 groundwater samples (including two field duplicate samples), and 26 soil vapor samples (including one field duplicate sample) were collected to provide further Site characterization and to delineate the following AOCs:

- Former ASTs
- AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area – 363 Bond Street;
- AOC-5: Former UST Area – 363 Bond Street.

A total of nine shallow soil samples (including one field duplicate) were collected from approximately 0- to 2-foot bgs to provide site-wide characterization of shallow fill (LSB-23 was collected from 2- to 4-foot bgs and LSB-24 was collected from 0- to 4-foot bgs due to poor soil recovery in the respective borings in the 0- to 2-foot bgs interval). Five soil samples were collected from the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to provide delineation of AOC-3 and AOC-5 and three soil samples (including one field duplicate) were collected at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to provide overall Site assessment of soils and to address potential impacts from the former ASTs. Four groundwater monitoring wells (LMW-6, LMW-7, LMW-9 and LMW-10) were installed to a maximum depth of 15-foot bgs or to a depth which corresponded to approximately two-feet into the clay layer and with sufficient screen length to allow for screening across the groundwater table so that the potential presence of LNAPL could be assessed, and 11 groundwater samples (including two duplicate groundwater samples) were collected from these new monitoring well locations and the previously installed monitoring wells. Twenty-five soil vapor sampling points (15 deep vapor points and 10 sub-slab vapor points) were installed to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor. The following provides a detailed rationale for sample collection completed during this RI.

Site-wide Characterization

- One shallow sample (0- to 2-foot bgs) was collected from LSB-7, LSB-9, LSB-10, LSB-21, LSB-22, and LSB-27 and two shallow samples were collected from LSB-22 (including one field duplicate) to provide overall Site assessment of shallow soils;
- Soil borings LSB-21, LSB-22, LSB-25, and LSB-27 were completed as groundwater monitoring wells LMW-5, LMW-6, LMW-7, and LMW-9, respectively, to provide overall Site assessment of groundwater.
- Existing monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4 and MW-5 were sampled to provide overall site assessment of groundwater.
- Temporary soil vapor points LSV-1, LSV-2, LSV-3, LSV-4, LSV-5, LSV-16, LSV-17, LSV-18, LSV-19 and LSV-20 were installed immediately below the slab within the building at 363 Bond Street to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor;

- Temporary deep soil vapor points were installed at 5-feet bgs (or the depth identified as 1-foot above the groundwater at time of installation) and co-located with the sub-slab soil vapor points at LSV-1, LSV-2, LSV-3, LSV-4, LSV-5, LSV-16, LSV-17, LSV-18, LSV-19, and LSV-20 to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor;
- LSV-11, LSV-12, LSV-13, LSV-14, and LSV-15 were installed as deep soil vapor points at 5-feet bgs (or the depth identified as 1-foot above the groundwater at time of installation) outside of the former buildings at 388 Carroll Street to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor.

Former ASTs

Based on the results of the previous environmental investigations, delineation of soil and groundwater impacts has been completed on the 388 Carroll Street Site; however, additional soil, groundwater, and soil vapor sampling was completed as part of this RI to refine the extents of proposed excavation areas.

- One soil sample was collected from LSB-27 and two samples were collected from LSB-21 (including one field duplicate) at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to provide overall Site assessment of soils and to address potential impacts from the former ASTs at the 388 parcel;
- LMW-9 and LMW-10 were installed on the south side of 388 Carroll Street to address potential impacts from the former ASTs and to provide overall site assessment of groundwater; and,
- LSV-11, LSV-12, LSV-13, LSV-14, and LSV-15 were installed as deep soil vapor points at 5-feet bgs (or the depth identified as 1-foot above the groundwater at time of installation) outside of the former buildings at 388 Carroll Street to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor and to address potential impacts from the former ASTs.

Petroleum Impacted Hotspots (AOC-1, AOC-2, AOC-3)

As identified above, soil impacts have been delineated at AOC-1 and AOC-2 in areas measuring 6,455 and 2,385 square feet, respectively, and extend vertically to the limits of the clay and depth to groundwater at a depth of approximately 7-feet bgs. Soil vapor sampling was completed as part of this RI to further refine proposed excavation areas for this AOC.

- LSV-11, LSV-12, LSV-13, LSV-14, and LSV-15 were installed as deep soil vapor points at 5-feet bgs (or the depth identified as 1-foot above the groundwater at time of installation) outside of the former buildings at 388 Carroll Street to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor and to address potential impacts from the former ASTs.

Based on the results of the previous investigations that have been completed for AOC-3, additional soil and groundwater delineation was completed during this RI to delineate the extent of petroleum impacted area. In addition, in order to assess the presence of LNAPL in the groundwater at the MW-5 location, an additional groundwater monitoring well was installed within this AOC.

- One shallow sample was collected from LSB-23 (2- to 4-feet bgs) and LSB-24 (0- to 4-feet bgs) at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to provide overall Site assessment of soils and to complete the horizontal and vertical delineation of the AOC-3;
- One sample was collected from LSB-9 and LSB-22 at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to complete the horizontal and vertical delineation of the AOC-3;
- LMW-6 was installed on the north side of 363 Bond Street to delineate impacts from AOC-3;
- MW-5 was sampled to delineate impacts at AOC-3; and,
- Three test pits (TP-1 through TP-3) were completed to confirm the spatial extents of LNAPL in AOC-3 and one groundwater and one soil sample were collected for fingerprinting analysis of the LNAPL.

Gasoline USTs (AOC-5)

Based on the results of the Phase II Investigation completed by Langan, impacts to soil and groundwater from the gasoline USTs have been identified and additional delineation of these impacts was completed as part of the RI. Additionally, soil vapor samples were collected in this AOC to address the PCE and TCE impacts that were detected as part of Langan's Phase II Investigation as well as part of the site wide characterization of soil vapor.

- One sample was collected from LSB-7, LSB-8 and LSB-25 at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to complete vertical and horizontal delineation of AOC-5;
- LMW-7 was installed along the western side of 363 Bond Street to delineate impacts from AOC-5;

Deviations from the RIWP sampling program resulting from field conditions encountered during the RI are discussed in Section 9.

4.2 Utility Clearance and Geophysical Survey

The geophysical survey was completed on 28 August 2013 by Nova Geophysical Services (Nova) of Douglaston, NY using ground penetrating radar, electromagnetic, and comprehensive subsurface utility surveying equipment. The purpose of the geophysical survey was to clear and mark proposed environmental sampling locations and to identify any USTs, anomalies, and subsurface structures (including piping networks) that may exist on site. A copy of the geophysical investigation report is provided in Appendix A.

The geophysical survey investigation identified the following:

- Anomalies located along the western portion of the building at 363 Bond Street associated with two gasoline USTs, including a confirmed vent pipe.
- A partial basement located beneath the northwest corner of the building at 363 Bond Street. The partial basement was not accessible at the time of the geophysical survey.
- A fill port and a second vent pipe located on the sidewalk adjacent to the western portion of the building at 363 Bond Street and in close proximity to cellar doors leading into the partial basement. Nova was unable to determine if the fill port and second vent pipe are associated with the gasoline USTs or potential AST(s) in the partial basement as the area was inaccessible at the time of the geophysical survey.
- Anomalies located along the southern portion of the yard at 388 Carroll Street (adjacent to the boundary with 363 Bond Street). Due to limited access, Nova was unable to investigate the area further. According to the September 2011 Draft Subsurface Investigation Report completed by PW Grosser, test pits completed in this area identified large chunks of concrete that appeared to be former building footers or building slabs at approximately six-foot bgs. Test pit locations completed by PW Grosser are shown on Figure 5.
- Minor scattered anomalies located throughout the surveyed areas consistent with the presence of subsurface utilities and or historic piping networks.
- Interconnected on-site floor drains (363 Bond Street) that connect to the sewer system located along Bond Street.

The geophysical survey was completed across the entire site with the exception of the partial basement located beneath the northwest corner of the building at 363 Bond Street and an area of thickly matted vegetation along the western boundary of 388 Carroll Street. Additionally, accessibility in the grove of trees in the middle of 388 Carroll Street was limited. Figures and photographs illustrating the findings of the geophysical investigation are provided in the Geophysical Engineering Survey Report provided as Attachment A.

Following the completion of drilling activities, access to the partial basement was granted. At that time Langan observed two, 1,000-gallon fuel oil tanks located in the partial basement and associated with the additional fill port and vent pipe.

Deviations from the RIWP resulting from the geophysical survey are discussed in Section 9.

4.3 Soil Investigation

4.3.1 Soil Boring Sampling Methodology

Between 6 and 13 September 2013, ten soil borings (LSB-7, LSB-8, LSB-9, LSB-10, LSB-21, LSB-22, LSB-23, LSB-24, LSB-25, and LSB-27) were installed at the Site by PAL Environmental Services of Long Island City, New York (PAL). The boring logs are included in Appendix C and the soil boring locations advanced as part of this RI are shown on Figure 8.

All soil borings were advanced with direct-push drilling methods utilizing a Geoprobe™ 420 Mobile (due to site access restrictions to the 363 Bond Street building) or Geoprobe™ 7822 DT drill rig. Borings were advanced to approximately 15-feet below sidewalk grade or to refusal. Soils were collected continuously to the boring termination depth using a Geoprobe™ macrocore sampler in 2-, 4- or 5-foot increments using disposable acetate liners.

A Langan engineer provided full time oversight of the soil boring activities, screened the soil samples for environmental impacts, and collected environmental samples for laboratory analyses. Soils were screened for organic vapors with a photoionization detector (PID) and evaluated for visual and olfactory indications of environmental impacts. Soil descriptions were

recorded on boring logs and are provided in Appendix C. All non-dedicated drilling equipment was decontaminated between each boring. Drill cuttings were containerized in UN/DOT-approved 55-gallon for later off-Site disposal. All work complied with the procedures identified in the site-specific investigation HASP found in Appendix D of the RIWP.

4.3.2 Soil Boring Sample Collection/Analyses

A total of 17 soil samples (including two field duplicate samples) were collected from the ten soil borings advanced as shown on Table 1. Nine samples were collected from shallow soils, with seven collected from the 0- to 2-foot interval below existing sidewalk grade, one collected from 0- to 4-feet below existing grade due to poor soil recovery and one collected from 2- to 4-feet bgs due to poor soil recovery. In addition, eight soil samples were collected from the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact.

Samples were collected in laboratory-supplied containers and were sealed, labeled, and immediately placed in a cooler containing ice (to maintain a temperature of approximately 4 degrees Celsius) for delivery to York Analytical Laboratories, Inc. of Stratford, Connecticut (York), a NYSDOH ELAP-certified analytical laboratory. Soil samples were analyzed for the following:

- Target compound list VOCs via USEPA Method 8260;
- Target compound list SVOCs via USEPA Method 8270;
- Pesticides via USEPA Method 8081;
- PCBs via USEPA Method 8082; and,
- Target Analyte List metals via USEPA Methods 6010 and 7473.

4.4 Test Pit Sample Methodology

Between 12 and 16 September 2013, three test pits (TP-1 through TP-3) were excavated at the Site by PAL to confirm the spatial extents of LNAPL in AOC-3. All three test pits locations were installed within the AOC-3 area within the building at 363 Bond Street. The test pit logs are included in Appendix C and the test pit locations are shown on Figure 5.

The test pits were advanced to target general locations of previously identified or suspected soil contamination and LNAPL. The test pits were excavated to approximately 1-foot deeper than the observed groundwater depth or approximately 6.5- to 8.5-feet bgs.

A Langan engineer provided full time oversight of the test pit activities, screened the samples for environmental impacts, and collected environmental samples for laboratory analyses. Soils were screened for organic vapors with a PID and evaluated for visual and olfactory indications of environmental impacts. All non-dedicated equipment was decontaminated between each test pit. Excavated test pit materials were placed on plastic sheeting while screening activities took place. Upon completion of these activities, the excavated material was returned to the test pit in the general order it was excavated so that surface material was placed on top and potentially contaminated material was buried. Work complied with the procedures identified in the site-specific investigation HASP found in Appendix D of the RIWP.

4.4.1 Test Pit Sample Collection Analyses

Three samples, one from each test pit, were collected from the depth corresponding to the groundwater interface or approximately 5.5- to 7.5-feet bgs. Groundwater samples were collected from TP-1 and TP-2 and a soil sample was collected from TP-3 for the completion of fingerprint analyses of the LNAPL. Dedicated plastic trowels and laboratory-supplied glass jars were used to collect sample materials.

Samples were collected in laboratory-supplied containers and were sealed, labeled, and immediately placed in a cooler containing ice (to maintain a temperature of approximately 4 degrees Celsius) and submitted under chain-of-custody to York for the following analysis:

- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon (TPH) identification via USEPA Method 3550B

As no LNAPL was observed in the TP-2 groundwater sample, the sample was not analyzed by York; therefore, only two test pits samples, TP-1 and TP-3 were analyzed for TPH identification.

4.5 Groundwater Investigation

4.5.1 Monitoring Well Installation Methodology

On 12 and 13 September 2013, four groundwater monitoring wells (LMW-6, LMW-7, LMW-9, and LMW-10) were installed at the Site by PAL. Soil borings LSB-22 and LSB-25 were completed as 1-inch temporary flush-mounted groundwater monitoring wells LMW-6 and LMW-7, respectively. Soil borings LSB-27 and LSB-21 were completed as 2-inch permanent, flush-mounted groundwater monitoring wells LMW-9 and LMW-10, respectively. The well construction logs are included in Appendix C and the well locations installed as part of this RI, along with existing monitoring well locations on the Site, are shown on Figure 5.

LMW-6 and LMW-7 were installed to a depth of 16-feet bgs, which corresponded to the approximate termination depth of soil borings LSB-22 and LSB-25. The wells were constructed with 1-inch diameter threaded, flush-joint, Schedule 40 PVC casing with approximately 15-feet of 0.010-inch slotted well screen. The annulus around the well screen was filled with a #1 sand pack to approximately one-foot above the well screen, followed by a bentonite seal to the ground surface.

LMW-9 was installed to a depth of 15-feet, which corresponded to approximately five-feet into the clay layer and the termination depth of soil boring LSB-27. The well was constructed with 2-inch diameter threaded, flush-joint, Schedule 40 PVC casing with approximately 10-feet of 0.010-inch slotted well screen. The annulus around the well was filled with a #1 sand pack to approximately one-foot above the well screen, followed by a bentonite seal to the ground surface. The well was completed with a flush mounted well cover.

LMW-10 was installed to a depth of 9-feet bgs, which corresponded to the approximate termination depth of soil boring LSB-21. Refusal was encountered at the LSB-21 at the base of the former AST containment structure. The well was constructed with 2-inch diameter threaded, flush-joint, Schedule 40 PVC casing with approximately five-feet of 0.010-inch slotted well screen. The annulus around the well was filled with a #1 sand pack to approximately 3-feet above the well screen, followed by a bentonite

seal to the ground surface. The well was completed with a flush mounted well cover.

Monitoring wells LMW-6, LMW-7, LMW-9, and LMW-10 were developed on 13 September 2013 by purging groundwater with a submersible pump until the purged water appeared free of visible sediment.

On 6, 7 and 8 November 2013, the horizontal and vertical control used to locate and transfer elevations to all monitoring wells on Site (including existing monitoring wells) was surveyed with a Trimble RTK GPS Unit, referencing the New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) cooperative base station network. The horizontal coordinates and elevations for these wells were located via conventional survey methods and were used to determine groundwater flow direction and horizontal gradient.

4.5.2 Groundwater Sampling Collection/Analyses

On 16 and 17 September 2013, depths to groundwater were measured using an oil/water interface probe and 11 groundwater samples (including two duplicate groundwater samples) were collected using a peristaltic pump and dedicated Teflon tubing from the newly installed monitoring wells (LMW-6, LMW-7, LMW-9 and LMW-10) and existing monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, and MW-5). Monitoring wells were sampled in accordance with NYSDEC Draft DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation, dated December 2002, and Sampling Guidelines and Protocols, dated March 1991. Low flow sampling parameter sheets are provided in Appendix C.

Samples were collected in laboratory-supplied containers and were sealed, labeled, and immediately placed in a cooler containing ice (to maintain a temperature of approximately 4 degrees Celsius) and submitted under chain-of-custody to York for analysis. Groundwater samples were analyzed for the following parameters:

- Target compound list volatile organic compounds via USEPA Method 8260;
- Target compound list semi-volatile organic compounds via USEPA Method 8270;

- Pesticides via USEPA Method 8081;
- PCBs via USEPA Method 8082; and,
- Target Analyte List metals (total and dissolved) via USEPA Methods 6010 and 7473.

4.6 Soil Vapor Investigation

4.6.1 Soil Vapor Sampling Point Installation and Methodology

Between 9 and 12 September 2013, 15 deep soil vapor points (LSV-1 through LSV-5, LSV-11 through LSV-15, and LSV-16 through LSV-20) were installed at the Site by PAL Environmental Services of Long Island City, New York. The soil vapor sampling locations are shown on Figure 5.

A Geoprobe™ was used to advance the tooling to the desired depth (approximately 1-foot above the groundwater table) and stainless steel sampling points were installed. The points were constructed with a six-inch long double woven stainless steel soil gas sampling mesh attached to Teflon-lined polyethylene tubing, and drilling sand was installed around the screen, with additional sand up to six-inches above the top of the screen. The remaining annular space was backfilled to grade with hydrated bentonite. The soil gas screens were set at between 2.5- to 4-feet bgs or approximately 1-foot above the observed water table at the time of installation.

On 9 and 10 September 2013, ten co-located, sub-slab soil vapor points (LSV-1 through LSV-5 and LSV-16 through LSV-20) were installed within the building at 363 Bond Street using a Bosch hammer drill equipped with a 0.5-inch bit. Teflon-lined polyethylene tubing was installed to 1-foot bgs or approximately six-inches beneath the slab and sealed using modeling clay.

4.6.2 Soil Vapor Sampling Collection/Analysis

Between 9 and 12 September 2013, 26 soil vapor sampling points (15 deep vapor points, 10 sub-slab vapor points, and one field duplicate sample) were installed to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor and characterization of soil vapor associated with the former ASTs. In addition, two ambient air samples were collected for quality assurance and control. Soil vapor sampling logs are included in Appendix C.

In accordance with the RIWP, a tracer gas test was performed on all soil vapor sampling points using helium gas to confirm the integrity of the clay seals prior to sampling. A detection of helium in the sample tubing would indicate that the seal was compromised and must be repaired.

With the seal confirmed, a PID (which pumps air at approximately 0.2 liters per minute) was attached to the polyethylene tubing, and a total volume of at least three times that of the tubing and screen setup was purged (approximately 1.5 liters). The purged soil vapor was also screened with a PID capable of detecting organic soil vapors at a detection level within the parts per billion (ppb) range and the values were recorded in field sampling sheets. After purging was complete, a laboratory-supplied 6-liter Summa canister with a flow controller (with a laboratory-set flow rate of 0.05 liters per minute) was attached to the polyethylene tubing. Each Summa canister arrived from the lab with approximately 30-inches of mercury vacuum. Sampling was commenced by fully opening the canister valve. The sample was collected over a period of approximately 120 minutes. When the canister vacuum dropped below 5 inches of mercury, the sample was stopped by closing the valve.

Soil vapor samples were submitted under chain-of-custody to York for analysis of VOCs by USEPA Method TO-15.

4.7 Quality Assurance/Quality Control

During the RI, field blanks, trip blanks, field duplicate samples, and ambient air samples were collected and submitted for laboratory analysis for QA/QC. Analytical results for QA/QC samples for soil, groundwater, and soil vapor are provided in Tables 9, 10, and 11, respectively. During the course of the investigation, the following QA/QC samples were collected:

Soil samples:

- One field duplicate sample;
- One field blank sample;
- One matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) sample;
- One trip blank sample per shipped cooler containing soil samples to be analyzed for VOCs.

Groundwater samples:

- One field duplicate sample;
- One field blank sample;
- One MS/MSD sample;
- One trip blank sample per shipped cooler containing groundwater samples to be analyzed for VOCs.

Soil vapor samples:

- One field duplicate sample;
- One ambient air sample per day of soil vapor sampling.

4.7.1 Laboratory Analysis and Data Validation

As indicated above, laboratory analyses of soil, groundwater, and soil vapor samples were conducted by York, a NYSDOH, ELAP-approved laboratory. Laboratory analyses were conducted in accordance with USEPA SW-846 methods and NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) B deliverable format. All data was provided in the Department's Electronic Data Deliverable (EDD) EQulS format.

QA/QC procedures required by the NYSDEC ASP and SW-846 methods were followed, including initial and continuing instrument calibrations, standard compound spikes, surrogate compound spikes, and analysis of other samples (blanks, laboratory control samples, and matrix spikes/matrix spike duplicates). The laboratory provided sample bottles which were pre-cleaned and preserved in accordance with the SW-846 methods. Where there were differences in the SW-846 and NYSDEC ASP requirements, the NYSDEC ASP took precedence.

Data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA validation guidelines for organic and inorganic review. Validation included the following:

- Verification of QC sample results (both quantitative and qualitative);
- Verification of sample results (both positive hits and non-detects);
- Recalculation of 10% of all investigation sample results; and,
- Preparation of Data Usability Summary Reports (DUSRs).

The DUSRs were prepared in accordance with DER-10 and reviewed by the Program Quality Assurance Monitor (PQAM). The DUSRs present the results of the data validation, including a summary assessment of laboratory data packages, sample preservation and chain of custody procedures, and completeness for each analytical method. The DUSRs are included as Appendix D, and a discussion of data usability is included in Section 5.4.

4.8 Field Equipment Decontamination

All drilling equipment including the drilling rig, augers, bits, rods, tools, etc., were cleaned with a thorough non-phosphate detergent (e.g., Alquinox) and water wash and fresh water rinse, before beginning work and between boring locations. Direct contact with the ground was avoided. The back of the drill rig and all tools, augers, and rods were decontaminated at the completion of the work and prior to leaving the Site.

Decontamination occurred at the sampling location and all liquids were contained in buckets. Between rinses, equipment was placed on polyethylene sheets avoiding contact with the ground. Water collected from the decontamination activities was collected in 55-gallon drums and managed as described in Section 4.9.

4.9 Management of Investigation-Derived Waste

Soil boring cuttings were containerized in UN/DOT-approved 55-gallon for later off-Site disposal. Personal protective equipment and contaminated supplies were also stored in UN/DOT-approved drums. Decontamination and well development/purging fluids were placed in UN/DOT approved fluid drums with closed tops.

4.10 Community Air Monitoring

Langan conducted community air monitoring and fugitive dust and particulate monitoring in compliance with the NYSDOH Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) and NYSDEC DER-10. The CAMP is summarized in greater detail in the HASP included in Appendix D of the RIWP. General CAMP information including real-time air monitoring for dust and VOCs at the perimeter of the hot zone is presented in the following paragraphs.

Periodic monitoring for VOCs was conducted during non-intrusive activities such as the collection of groundwater samples. Periodic monitoring included obtaining measurements upon arrival at a location, when opening a monitoring well cap, when bailing/purging a well, as well as upon departure from the location. Continuous monitoring for VOCs and dust was conducted during all ground intrusive activities (i.e., soil boring and monitoring well installation). Upwind concentrations of VOCs and dust were recorded at the start of each workday, and periodically thereafter, to establish background concentrations. VOCs and dust were monitored continuously at the downwind perimeter of the work zone, which was established at a point on the site where the general public or site employees may be present.

Monitoring of VOCs was conducted with a PID equipped with a 10.6 eV lamp. Dust emissions were monitored using a Thermo MIE DR-4000 DataRam, real-time monitoring equipment capable of measuring particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in size and capable of integrating over a period of 15 minutes (or less) for comparison to the airborne particulate action level. The particulate level threshold was never exceeded for a continuous 15-minute period. No dust suppression measures were necessary.

5.0 OBSERVATIONS AND RESULTS

This section summarizes the findings of the RI. Based upon the analytical results of the RI, engineering controls, institutional controls, and/or site-specific SCOs will be developed which will be protective of public health and the environment.

5.1 Soil Investigation Findings

5.1.1 General Field Observations

Soil borings completed during the RI at the Site confirmed that a layer of historic fill consisting of sand and silt is present from the surface to between 6- and 11-feet bgs at 363 Bond Street and 388 Carroll Street. A clay layer was observed underlying the historic fill in LSB-27 at approximately 10-feet bgs. Additional observations of the clay layer are discussed in Section 2.2. Groundwater was encountered between 5.5- and 12-feet bgs in the soil borings and test pits completed at the Site.

A secondary slab was encountered between 4- and 6-feet bgs in soil borings LSB-9 LSB-10, LSB-23, and LSB-24, all located within the eastern portion of the building at 363 Bond Street. The presence of a secondary slab was confirmed in all three test pit locations, TP-1, TP-2 and TP-3. Boring refusal was encountered at these 4 locations at the elevation of the secondary slab.

PID readings above background were observed in all of the borings except for LSB-22, as readings could not be taken at that location due to heavy rain during drilling. The following provides the maximum PID readings (ranging from 3.1 to 955 ppm) in the remaining borings:

Boring	Depth (ft bgs)	PID Reading (ppm)
LSB-7	10	3.1
LSB-8	4.5	706
LSB-9	0.5	791
LSB-10	1	41.3
LSB-21	N/A*	N/A
LSB-22	6	527
LSB-23	4	3.1
LSB-24	0	N/A
LSB-25	6	955
LSB-27	5.5	66.3

*PID readings were not collected due heavy rain.

Additionally, higher PID readings were observed in several borings but were attributed to very wet soil, rain or high humidity rather than the presence of VOCs as minimal or no odors were observed at the time the readings were collected.

NAPL was identified by Langan at the Site at the following sample locations: TP-1 at 5.4-feet bgs, TP-3 at 6-feet bgs, and LSB-22 at 4-feet bgs. A summary of NAPL observations from the RI and previous investigations is provided in Figure 11.

5.1.2 Analytical Results Overview

The proposed future use of the Site will be mixed-use commercial and residential; therefore soil analytical results were compared to the Title 6,

New York Code of Rules and Regulations, Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs) Soil analytical results are presented in Table 6 and summarized on Figure 8. The results are summarized below and organized by sampling rationale as follows:

- Unrestricted Use SCOs and Restricted Use Residential SCOs,
- Restricted Residential SCOs, and
- Restricted Commercial and Restricted Industrial SCOs.

5.1.2.1 AOC-3 Proposed Excavation Area – 363 Bond Street

Four samples were collected from LSB-9, LSB-22, LSB-23, and LSB-24 at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to complete the horizontal and vertical delineation of AOC-3. LSB-9 (4- to 6-foot bgs) and LSB-22 (4- to 6-foot bgs) were collected from the interval which exhibited the greatest impacts. LSB-23 (2- to 4-foot bgs) and LSB-24 (0- to 4-foot bgs) were collected from these accessible intervals due to poor sample recovery from the borings.

VOCs

VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in the sample collected at LSB-9 including 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, benzene, ethylbenzene, and toluene. VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LSB-9 and LSB-22 including cis-1,2-dichloroethylene, TCE, and m&p-xylene. Additionally, the VOC acetone was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in the samples collected at LSB-23 and LSB-24.

No VOCs were detected in exceedances of the Restricted Use Residential, Restricted Residential, Restricted Commercial, or Restricted Industrial SCOs.

SVOCs

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use and/or Restricted Use Residential SCOs in LSB-9 including acenaphthene, dibenzofuran, and fluorene.

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in LSB-9 including fluoranthene, naphthalene, phenanthrene, and pyrene and in LSB-22 and LSB-23 including benzo(k)fluoranthene and chrysene. Additionally, the SVOC indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in LSB-23.

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs in LSB-9, LSB-22, and LSB-23 including benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, and benzo(b)fluoranthene. Additionally, the SVOCs benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs in LSB-9 and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Industrial SCOs in LSB-9 and LSB-23.

Pesticides

The pesticide 4,4'-DDE was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LSB-24.

PCBs

No PCBs were detected in exceedances of the NYSDEC SCOs in any of the samples collected.

Metals

Zinc was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use and/or Restricted Use Residential SCOs in all of the soil samples collected. Copper was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LSB-22 and LSB-24 and lead was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs at LSB-22, LSB-23, and LSB-24.

Mercury was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs at LSB-9.

Lead was detected in exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at LSB-9. Mercury was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at LSB-22. Cadmium was detected in exceedances of the Restricted

Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs at LSB-9, LSB-23, and LSB-24.

5.1.2.2 AOC-5 Former UST Area – 363 Bond Street

Three samples were collected from LSB-7, LSB-8 and LSB-25 at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to complete the horizontal and vertical delineation of AOC-5. LSB-7 (13- to 15-foot bgs) and LSB-25 (5.5- to 7.5-foot bgs) were collected from the intervals exhibiting the greatest evidence of impacts. LSB-8 (10- to 12-foot bgs) was collected from the interval directly above the groundwater interface.

VOCs

Acetone, a common laboratory artifact, was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs at LSB-8 and LSB-25. VOCs including cis-1,2-dichloroethylene, ethylbenzene, m&p-xylene, and TCE were detected in exceedances of the Unrestricted Use SCOs at LSB-25. No VOCs were detected in exceedances of the Restricted Use Residential or Restricted Residential SCOs.

No VOCs were detected in exceedances of the Restricted Commercial or Restricted Industrial SCOs.

SVOCs

No exceedances of any of the SCOs for SVOCs were detected in LSB-8. Benzo(k)fluoranthene and chrysene were detected in exceedances of the Restricted Use Residential SCOs in LSB-7 and acenaphthene, dibenzofuran, and naphthalene were detected in exceedances of the Unrestricted Use and/or Restricted Use Residential SCOs in LSB-25.

Benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in LSB-7 and benzo(k)fluoranthene, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, and pyrene were detected in exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs in LSB-25.

Benzo(a)pyrene was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Industrial SCOs in LSB-7 and LSB-25. Benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene,

chrysene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs in LSB-25.

Pesticides

No pesticides were detected in exceedances of the NYSDEC SCOs in any of the samples collected.

PCBs

No PCBs were detected in exceedances of the NYSDEC SCOs in any of the samples collected.

Metals

No exceedances of the NYSDEC SCOs were detected in LSB-7. Lead was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LSB-8.

Lead was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in LSB-25.

No exceedances of the Restricted Commercial or Restricted Industrial SCOs were detected in any of the samples collected.

5.1.2.3 Former ASTs

Three samples (including one field duplicate) were collected from LSB-21 and LSB-27 at the groundwater interface or the depth interval which exhibited the greatest evidence of impact to provide overall Site assessment of soils and to address potential impacts from the former ASTs. LSB-21 (7- to 9-foot bgs) and LSB-27 (5- to 7-foot bgs) were both sampled from the intervals which exhibited the greatest evidence of impacts.

VOCs

Acetone, a common laboratory artifact, was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs LSB-21 and vinyl chloride was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs LSB-27. No other VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use, Restricted Use Residential, or Restricted Residential SCOs.

No VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs.

No VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial or Restricted Industrial SCOs.

SVOCs

No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the NYSDEC SCOs in any of the samples collected.

Pesticides

No pesticides were detected in exceedance of the NYSDEC SCOs in any of the samples collected.

PCBs

No PCBs were detected in exceedance of the NYSDEC SCOs in any of the samples collected.

Metals

No metals were detected in exceedance of the NYSDEC SCOs in any of the samples collected.

5.1.2.4 Site Characterization

Nine shallow samples (including 1 field duplicate) were collected from the 0- to 2-foot bgs interval of LSB-7, LSB-9, LSB-10, LSB-21, LSB-22, LSB-23, LSB-24 and LSB-27 to provide overall Site assessment of shallow soils.

VOCs

Acetone, a common laboratory artifact, was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in four of the soil samples collected. No other VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use or Restricted Use Residential.

No VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs.

No VOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial or Restricted Industrial SCOs.

SVOCs

Benzo(k)fluoranthene was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Use Residential SCOs in LSB-22.

Benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in LSB-23.

Benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial or Restricted Industrial SCOs in LSB-23. No other exceedances of the NYSDEC SCOs for SVOCs were detected in any of the samples collected.

Pesticides

Pesticides detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs included 4,4'-DDE in LSB-10, LSB-22, and LSB-24 and 4,4'-DDT in LSB-22. No other exceedances of the NYSDEC SCOs for pesticides were detected in any of the samples collected.

PCBs

Aroclor 1254 was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in the soil sample collected from LSB-7.

Aroclor 1254 was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in LSB-9.

No other exceedances of the NYSDEC SCOs for PCBs were detected in any of the samples collected.

Metals

Copper was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LSB-9 and LSB-24. Lead was detected in exceedances of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LSB-9, LSB-23, and LSB-24. Mercury was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LB-9. Nickel was detected in exceedances of the Unrestricted Use SCOs in LSB-9, LSB-22, and LSB-23. Zinc was detected in exceedance of the Unrestricted Use and/or the Restricted Use Residential SCOs in LSB-9, LSB-22, LSB-23, and LSB-24.

Lead and mercury were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in LSB-22.

Cadmium was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs in LSB-9, LSB-23, and LSB-24. Copper was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in LSB-22.

5.2 Groundwater Investigation Findings

Analytical results for groundwater were compared to NYSDEC Division of Water Technical and Operation Guidance Series 1.1.1 Ambient Water Quality Standards (TOGS) and Part 703 Surface Water and GWQS and Groundwater Effluent Limitations for Class GA groundwater. Groundwater analytical results are presented in Table 7 and summarized on Figure 9. Results in exceedance of the GWQS are summarized below and organized by sampling rationale:

5.2.1 AOC-3 Proposed Excavation Area – 363 Bond Street

Monitoring well LMW-6 was installed and sampled in order to delineate impacts associated with AOC-3. Monitoring well MW-5 was proposed as a sampling location to assess site characterization of groundwater, but based on analytical results not being representative of general Site characteristics, MW-5 results are being used to further characterize groundwater impacts associated with AOC-3. A duplicate sample was collected from MW-5.

VOCs

VOCs detected in exceedance of the GWQS in both samples collected include 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, benzene, ethylbenzene, isopropylbenzene (cumene), n-propylbenzene, o-xylene (1,2-dimethylbenzene), and toluene. VOCs 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (mesitylene) and vinyl chloride were detected in MW-5.

SVOCs detected in exceedance of the GWQS in both samples include acenaphthene and naphthalene. SVOCs anthracene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, fluoranthene, fluorene, indeno(1,2,3-C,D)pyrene, phenanthrene, and pyrene were detected in exceedances of the GWQS in MW-5.

Pesticides

Pesticides were not detected in exceedance of the GWQS in either of the groundwater samples collected.

PCBs

PCBs were not detected in exceedance of the GWQS in either of the samples collected.

Metals

Metals detected in exceedance of the GWQS in both samples include total and dissolved aluminum, total and dissolved iron, total lead, total and dissolved magnesium, and total and dissolved selenium.

LNAPL

LNAPL was observed at MW-5 during the RI at a thickness of 0.1-feet.

5.2.2 AOC-5 Former UST Area

Monitoring well LMW-7 was sampled in order to delineate impacts associated with AOC-5.

VOCs

VOCs detected in exceedance of the GWQS include 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (mesitylene), ethylbenzene, isopropylbenzene (cumene), n-butylbenzene, n-propylbenzene, o-xylene (1,2-dimethylbenzene), sec-butylbenzene, and toluene.

SVOCs

Naphthalene is the only SVOC that was detected in exceedance of the GWQS in the LMW-7 groundwater sample.

Pesticides

Pesticides were not detected in exceedance of the GWQS in the LMW-7 groundwater sample.

PCBs

One PCB, Aroclor 1254, was detected in exceedance of the GWQS in the LMW-7 groundwater sample.

Metals

Metals detected in exceedance of the GWQS include total iron, total lead, total and dissolved magnesium, and total and dissolved manganese.

LNAPL

LNAPL was observed in LMW-7 at a thickness of 3.0-feet.

5.2.3 Site Groundwater Characterization

Monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, LMW-9 and LMW-10 were sampled to provide overall site assessment of groundwater. In addition, LMW-9 and LMW-10 were sampled to address potential impacts from the former ASTs located at 388 Carroll Street. A duplicate sample was collected from MW-3.

VOCs

VOCs detected in exceedance of the GWQS include 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (MW-4), acetone (MW-3), benzene (LMW-9), cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (LMW-9), isopropylbenzene (cumene) (MW-3), n-butylbenzene (MW-3), n-propylbenzene (MW-3), TCE (LMW-9), and vinyl chloride (LMW-9). Acetone, a common laboratory artifact, was detected in exceedance of the GWQS in one of the groundwater samples collected.

SVOCs

SVOCs were not detected in exceedance of the GWQS in any of the groundwater samples collected.

Pesticides

Pesticides were not detected in exceedance of the GWQS in any of the groundwater samples collected.

PCBs

PCBs were not detected in exceedance of the GWQS in any of the groundwater samples collected.

Metals

Metals detected in exceedance of the GWQS include total and dissolved aluminum, total and dissolved iron, total and dissolved magnesium, total and dissolved manganese, and total and dissolved selenium.

5.3 Soil Vapor Investigation Findings

The following compounds are potentially associated with former site operations and were considered for the potential vapor intrusion condition:

- Benzene
- Toluene
- Ethylbenzene
- M&P-Xylenes
- O-Xylene
- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- 1,1-Dichloroethene
- Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)
- Trichloroethylene (TCE)

Analytical results for soil vapor were compared to the NYSDOH October 2006 Soil Vapor Intrusion Guidance Document, the NYSDOH Study of Volatile Organic Chemicals in Air of Fuel Oil Heated Home Upper Fence Criteria and the USEPA 2001 Building Assessment and Survey Evaluation (BASE) Database using Summa Canister Method. Soil vapor analytical results are presented in Table 8 and summarized on Figure 10. Results in exceedance of NYSDOH or USEPA criteria are summarized below.

5.3.1 Site Characterization

Sub slab soil vapor sampling locations LSV-1, LSV-2, LSV-3, LSV-4, LSV-5, LSV-16, LSV-17, LSV-18, LSV-19 and LSV-20 were sampled to provide overall Site assessment of soil vapor. Additionally, deep soil vapor points LSV-1, LSV-2, LSV-3, LSV-4, LSV-5, LSV-11, LSV-12, LSV-13, LSV-14, LSV-15, LSV-16, LSV-17, LSV-18, LSV-19 and LSV-20 were sampled to provide potential soil vapor gradients between the samples collected directly above groundwater and those impacts detected in subslab samples as well as for site characterization purposes in areas where buildings were not present. As a QA/QC measure, two ambient air samples were

collected, Ambient-1 from the indoor air at 363 Bond Street and Ambient-3 from the outdoor air at 388 Carroll Street.

VOCs

One or more VOCs were detected in exceedance of the NYSDOH and/or USEPA criteria in all of the soil vapor samples collected.

Target VOCs detected in exceedance of the NYSDOH and/or USEPA criteria included benzene, ethylbenzene, m&p xylenes, o xylene, total xylenes, PCE, TCE, and toluene. PCE and TCE were detected at concentrations in soil vapor that would require an active sub-slab depressurization system be installed as part of the new construction.

5.4 LNAPL Fingerprint Findings

The soil sample collected from TP-3 for fingerprinting analysis identified the LNAPL as diesel and an unidentified hydrocarbon. The groundwater sample collected from TP-1 for fingerprinting analysis identified the LNAPL as hydraulic fluid.

5.5 Data Usability

Data validation was performed in accordance with the USEPA Region II and USEPA CLP data validation guidelines for organic and inorganic data review and the specific requirements of the analytical methods. Validation included the following:

- Verification of QC sample results (both qualitative and quantitative).
- Verification of sample results (both positive hits and non-detects).
- Recalculation of 10% of all investigative sample results.
- Preparation of Data Usability Summary Reports (DUSRs).

The DUSRs was prepared in accordance with DER-10 and reviewed by the Program Quality Assurance Monitor (PQAM) before issuance. The DUSRs presented the results of data validation, including a summary assessment of laboratory data packages, sample preservation and chain of custody procedures, and a summary assessment of deficiencies for each analytical method. A detailed assessment of each sample delivery group (SDG) will follow. DUSRs for the RI are provided in Appendix D.

Data validation was performed by Langan's in-house Project Chemist/Risk Assessor. Final ASP B-like laboratory reports were provided by York for all samples collected during the Due Diligence/Phase II and Remedial Investigations. Validation included, but was not limited to, a review of the following:

- Custody Documentation
- Holding Times
- Surrogate Recoveries
- Internal Standard Areas
- Matrix Spike Recoveries/Spike Duplicate Recoveries and Relative Percent Differences (RPDs)
- Method, Field, and Trip blank Samples
- Laboratory Control Spike/Laboratory Control Duplicate Recoveries and RPDs
- Instrument Tunes
- Initial and Continuing Calibrations and Calibration Verifications
- Field Duplicate Precision
- Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Serial Dilution
- Laboratory Duplicate Samples
- CRI/CRA Standards

No data was flagged as unusable. Some data qualifiers were appended to the reported results, which have been included in the respective data summary tables (Tables 6, 7, and 8). Copies of the DUSRs are included in Appendix D.

6.0 NATURE AND EXTENT OF CONTAMINATION

This section discusses the preliminary nature and extent of soil, groundwater, and soil vapor contamination at the Site based on the findings of the RI and previous investigations. Summaries of all historic soil and groundwater sampling results are provided in tables 2, 3, 4, and 5 and are shown on figures 6 and 7. Summaries of the most recent Remedial Investigation soil, groundwater, and soil vapor sampling results (including the results of the Langan's Phase II Investigation) are provided in tables 6, 7, and 8 respectively and are shown on figures 8, 9 and 10.

6.1 Soil

Contaminants of concern (COCs) have been identified at the Site associated with the historic fill material and petroleum impacts from historic operations at the Site. As the NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program objective will be to achieve Track 4 cleanup standards it is anticipated that site-specific clean up criteria will be established for COCs at the Site. Therefore, a summary of all historical

results that exceed the NYSDEC Restricted Commercial SCOs is provided below. The Restricted Commercial SCOs were selected as the standard due to the first floor of the proposed building being designated for commercial use. A summary of all historical results that exceed the NYSDEC Restricted Residential SCOs is also provided.

VOCs

No VOCs were detected in exceedances of the Restricted Residential or Restricted Commercial SCOs in any of the samples collected at the site. Petroleum related VOCs (primarily benzene, toluene and xylene) were detected above Unrestricted Use Objectives (UUOs) in areas identified as hot spots; however, at only one sample location (SB-3 at 6 to 8 feet bgs) did any VOC results exceed Unrestricted Residential Use Standards (benzene marginally exceeded the criteria at a concentration of 3.1 ppm). SB-3 is located downgradient of AOC-2 and was collected at a depth within saturated soils. TCE and associated breakdown products were detected at limited locations throughout the site above UUOs but were not detected above Unrestricted Residential Standards at any sample location.

SVOCs

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in 40 soil samples collected at the site and in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in 37 samples collected at the site.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-1** at SB-3, SB-4, SB-5, TP-1, TP-6, P-5, P-6, P-7, P-8, P-9, P-12, and TP-3.

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in AOC-1 at P-7, P-8, P-9, P-12, and TP-3 including benzo(a)anthracene (1,100 ug/kg – 3,030 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,110 ug/kg – 2,760 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (915 ug/kg – 3,570 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in SB-3, SB-4, SB-5, TP-1, TP-6, P-5, and P-6. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-1 at P-8, P-9, P-12, and TP-3 including benzo(a)pyrene (1,460 ug/kg – 5,840 ug/kg) and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (668 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at SB-3, SB-4, SB-5, TP-1, TP-6, P-5, P-6, and P-7. All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted

Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-1 were identified between 3.5- and 5.0-feet bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from immediately to the east, west, and south of AOC-1 at SB-1, SB-2, SB-11, SB-12, P-10, TP-1, TP-6, and TP-7. SVOCs exceeding the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected to the immediate east and west of AOC-1 in SB-1, SB-11, P-10, and TP-1 including benzo(a)anthracene (1,800 ug/kg – 4,100 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,600 ug/kg – 4,500 ug/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (5,700 ug/kg), chrysene (4,200 ug/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (480 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (582 ug/kg – 1,100 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in SB-2, SB-12, TP-6, and TP-7. SVOCs exceeding the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected immediately to the east and west of AOC-1 in SB-1, SB-11, and TP-1 including benzo(a)pyrene (1,700 ug/kg – 11,000 ug/kg) and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (1,800 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at SB-2, SB-12, P-10, TP-6, or TP-7. All exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs immediately to the east and west of AOC-1 were detected between 3- and 5-foot bgs and exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs immediately to the east and west of AOC-1 were detected between 4- and 5-foot bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-2** at TP-5, P-3, SB-8, and SB-9.

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in AOC-2 at SB-9, TP-5, and P-3 including benzo(a)anthracene (1,500 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (2,700 ug/kg – 5,500 ug/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (5,300 ug/kg – 11,900 ug/kg), chrysene (7,500 ug/kg – 10,500 ug/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (540 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (920 ug/kg – 3,800 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs at SB-8. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-2 at TP-5, P-3, and SB-9 including benzo(a)anthracene (7,500 ug/kg – 11,300 ug/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (1,700 ug/kg – 14,600 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (10,400 ug/kg), and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (1,700 ug/kg – 3,870 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in SB-8. All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted

Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-2 were identified between 1.5- and 5-foot bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from the immediate east, west, and north of AOC-2 at TP-8, P-1B, P-2, P-4, TP-4, and SB-10. SVOCs exceeding the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected in samples collected immediately to the east, west, and north of AOC-2 in SB-10, P-1B, P-2, P-4, and TP-8 including benzo(a)anthracene (1,040 ug/kg – 4,300 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,010 ug/kg – 3,300 ug/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (4,200 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (644 ug/kg – 2,000 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected in TP-4. SVOC exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in samples collected immediately to the east and west of AOC-2 in SB-10, P-2, P-4, and TP-8 including benzo(a)pyrene (1,090 ug/kg – 4,000 ug/kg) and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (710 ug/kg – 860 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in TP-4 and P-1B. All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs immediately to the east, west, and north of AOC-2 were identified between 1- and 5-foot bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-3** at LSB-4, LSB-9, LSB-22, SB-1, and MW-5.

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in AOC-3 at all five sample locations including acenaphthene (200,000 ug/kg), anthracene (270,000 ug/kg), benzo(a)anthracene (1,660 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,240 ug/kg), benzo(g,h,i)perylene (200,000 ug/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (11,200 ug/kg), chrysene (10,200 ug/kg – 18,000 ug/kg), fluoranthene (180,000 ug/kg – 245,000 ug/kg), fluorene (200,000 ug/kg), naphthalene (105,000 ug/kg – 300,000 ug/kg), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (503 ug/kg – 718 ug/kg), phenanthrene (190,000 ug/kg – 279,000 ug/kg), and pyrene (110,000 ug/kg – 198,000 ug/kg). SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-3 at all five sample locations including benzo(a)anthracene (10,400 ug/kg – 340,000 ug/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (1,320 ug/kg – 330,000 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (11,000 ug/kg – 210,000 ug/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (74,500 ug/kg – 270,000), chrysene (61,000 ug/kg – 410,000 ug/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (3,900 ug/kg – 84,000 ug/kg),

fluoranthene (950,000 ug/kg), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (26,300 ug/kg – 170,000 ug/kg), phenanthrene (1,100,000 ug/kg), and pyrene (890,000 ug/kg). All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-3 were identified between 1- and 15-feet bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from immediately to the west and east of AOC-3 at LSB-3, LSB-23, LSB-24, and MW-4. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs immediately to the west of AOC-3 at LSB-3 and LSB-23 including benzo(a)anthracene (1,580 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,490 ug/kg – 4,960 ug/kg), chrysene (6,090 ug/kg – 9,590 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (762 ug/kg – 3,550 ug/kg). NO SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs to the immediate east of AOC-3 at MW-4 and LSB-24. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs to the immediate west of AOC-3 at LSB-3 and LSB-23 including benzo(a)anthracene (6,450 ug/kg – 11,700 ug/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (1,410 ug/kg – 9,820 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (9,010 ug/kg), and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (1,310 ug/kg – 1,670 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at MW-4 and LSB-24 to the immediate east of AOC-3. All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs immediately to the west of AOC-3 were detected between 2- and 14-feet bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-5** at LSB-1, LSB-25, and SB-5.

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs at all sample locations including anthracene (151,000 ug/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (10,000 ug/kg – 39,700 ug/kg), chrysene (13,000 ug/kg), dibenzofuran (62,100 ug/kg), fluoranthene (160,000 ug/kg – 473,000 ug/kg), naphthalene (102,000 ug/kg), phenanthrene (162,000 ug/kg), and pyrene (149,000 ug/kg – 340,000 ug/kg). SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at all sample locations including benzo(a)anthracene (11,000 ug/kg – 168,000 ug/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (16,000 ug/kg – 152,000 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (11,000 ug/kg – 150,000 ug/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (76,700 ug/kg), chrysene (74,800 ug/kg – 166,000 ug/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (3,200 ug/kg – 36,900 ug/kg), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (7,600 ug/kg – 89,900 ug/kg), and phenanthrene (539,000 ug/kg). All SVOC exceedances of the

Restricted Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-5 were identified between 5.5- and 9.5-feet bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from the immediate east and south of AOC-5 at LSB-2, LSB-7, LSB-8, and MW-3. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs to the immediate east of AOC-5 at LSB-2 and LSB-7 including benzo(a)anthracene (2,010 ug/kg – 2,670 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,230 ug/kg – 3,000 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (594 ug/kg – 1,910 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs for SVOCs were detected to the south of AOC-5 at LSB-8 and MW-3. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs to the immediate east of AOC-5 at LSB-2 and LSB-7 including benzo(a)pyrene (1,980 ug/kg – 3,080 ug/kg) and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (686 ug/kg – 774 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at MW-3 or LSB-8 to the immediate south of AOC-5. All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs to the immediate east of AOC-5 were identified between 6.5- and 15-feet bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis were collected from the vicinity of the **former ASTs** at LSB-21, LSB-27, TP-1, TP-7, SB-2, SB-3, and P-4. Exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs for SVOCs were detected at P-4 and TP-1 including benzo(a)anthracene (1,360 ug/kg – 2,400 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,010ug/kg – 2,400 ug/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (480 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (780 ug/kg – 1,100 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected in any of the other samples collected. Exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs for SVOCs were detected at P-4 and TP-1 including benzo(a)pyrene (1,150 ug/kg – 2,800 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in any of the other samples collected. All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs in the vicinity of the former ASTs were identified between 3.5- and 5-feet bgs.

Soil samples for SVOC analysis that are not in the vicinity of AOC-1 and AOC-2 at 388 Carroll Street were collected at TP-3, SB-6, and SB-7. SVOCs were not detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential or Restricted Commercial SCOs in any of the samples collected. Soil samples for SVOC analysis that are not in the vicinity of AOC-3 and AOC-5 at 363 Bond Street were collected at

LSB-10, SB-2, SB-3, SB-4, MW-1, and MW-2. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs at MW-2, SB-2, SB-3, and SB-4 including benzo(a)anthracene (1,900 ug/kg – 3,700 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (1,600 ug/kg – 2,800 ug/kg), benzo(k)fluoranthene (5,100 ug/kg – 19,000 ug/kg), chrysene (4,300 ug/kg – 30,000 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1,800 ug/kg – 3,100 ug/kg). SVOCs were not detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs at LSB-10. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at MW-2, SB-2, SB-3, and SB-4 including benzo(a)anthracene (8,200 ug/kg – 26,000 ug/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (2,200 ug/kg – 26,000 ug/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (15,000 ug/kg – 19,000 ug/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (570 ug/kg – 6,800 ug/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (12,000 ug/kg – 15,000 ug/kg). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at LSB-10 and MW-1. All SVOC exceedances of the Restricted Residential and Restricted Commercial SCOs not in the vicinity of AOC-1 and AOC-2 were detected between 1- and 12-feet bgs.

Pesticides

Pesticides were detected at only seven sample locations above UUOs, but were not detected above Unrestricted Use Residential Standards at any sample location.

PCBs

PCBs were detected above UUOs at only three soil boring locations. With the exception of one sample at LSB-9, no exceedances of Restricted Residential SCOs were reported. Aroclor 1254 was detected in exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-3 at LSB-9 (6,240 ug/kg) from 0- to 2-feet bgs. PCBs were not detected above Unrestricted Use SCOs in the deeper sample (4- to 6-feet) collected at the LB-9 location.

Metals

Metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in 17 soil samples collected at the site and in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in 16 soils samples collected at the site.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-1** at SB-3, SB-4, TP-1, and TP-6.

Metals exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected in AOC-1 at SB-3 and TP-6 including magnesium (856,000 ug/kg) and mercury (1,900 ug/kg)

– 2,700 ug/kg). No metals exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected in SB-4 or TP-1. Metals exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in AOC-1 at SB-3, TP-1, and TP-6 including arsenic (20,000 ug/kg – 43,200 ug/kg). No metals exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in SB-4. All metals exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected between 2.7- and 5-feet bgs and all metals exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected between 0.5- and 5-feet bgs.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from immediately to the east and west of AOC-1 at SB-1, SB-11, and SB-12. The only metal that was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs was mercury (840 ug/kg) in SB-1 from 4- to 5-feet bgs. No exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected SB-11 or SB-12. No metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in any of the samples collected.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-2** at SB-8 and TP-5.

The only metal that was detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs was mercury (1,600 ug/kg) in TP-5 from 1.5- to 3-feet bgs. No metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in SB-8. No metals exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in either of the samples collected.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from the immediate north and east of AOC-2 at TP-4 and SB-10. No metals exceedances of the Restricted Residential or Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in either of the samples collected.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-3** at LSB-9, LSB-22, SB-1, and MW-5. Metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs at SB-1, LSB-9, and LSB-22 including cadmium (4,700 ug/kg), lead (489,000 ug/kg – 572 ug/kg), and mercury (828 ug/kg – 2,010 ug/kg). Metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-3 at LSB-9, LSB-22, and MW-5 including arsenic (80,300 ug/kg), barium (1,060,000 ug/kg), cadmium (62,300 ug/kg – 213,000 ug/kg), copper (487,000 ug/kg – 2,680,000 ug/kg), lead (1,420,000 ug/kg – 2,990,000 ug/kg), and mercury (4,320 ug/kg – 19,500 ug/kg). No metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs at SB-1. All metals

exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs in AOC-3 were detected between 0- and 6-foot bgs and all metals exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-3 were identified between 0- and 9.5-foot bgs.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from immediately to the west and east of AOC-3 at LSB-23, LSB-24, and MW-4. Exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCO were detected for mercury (840 ug/kg – 1,600 ug/kg) at MW-4 from 6- to 14-foot bgs. Exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs for metals were detected in all three samples collected including arsenic (17,000 ug/kg), barium (502,000 ug/kg), cadmium (21,000 ug/kg – 50,000 ug/kg), and lead (1,290,000 ug/kg). All metals exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs to the immediate east and west of AOC-3 were identified between 0- and 8-foot bgs.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from within the extents of **AOC-5** at SB-5 and soil samples for lead analysis were collected from within the extents of AOC-5 at LSB-1 and LSB-25. Metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs in SB-5, LSB-1, and LSB-25 including lead (430,000 ug/kg – 582,000 ug/kg) and mercury (2,400 ug/kg). An exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCO for arsenic (39,200 ug/kg) was detected in AOC-5 at SB-5. No other metals were detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in AOC-5. All exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs for metals in AOC-5 were detected between 5.5- and 8-foot bgs and the exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs was detected between 7- and 8-foot bgs.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from the immediate east and south of AOC-5 at MW-3 and LSB-7. No exceedances of the Restricted Residential or Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected at either sample location.

Soil samples for metals analysis were collected from the vicinity of the **former ASTs** at SB-3. Exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected at SB-3 for lead (856,000 ug/kg) and mercury (1,900 ug/kg) from 5- to 7-foot bgs. Exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected at SB-3 for arsenic (43,200 ug/kg) between 5- and 7-foot bgs.

Soil samples for metals analysis that are not in the vicinity of AOC-1 and AOC-2 at 388 Carroll Street were collected at SB-6 and TP-3. The only exceedance of the Restricted Residential SCOs detected was for mercury (1,200 ug/kg) from 4-

to 6-feet bgs at SB-6. Metals were not detected in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs in either of the samples collected. Soil samples for metals analysis that are not in the vicinity of AOC-3 and AOC-5 at 363 Bond Street were collected at LSB-10, SB-2, SB-3, SB-4, MW-1, and MW-2. Exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected MW-2 and SB-3 including lead (674,000 ug/kg – 851,000 ug/kg) and mercury (970 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs were detected in MW-1 and LSB-10. Exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected at MW-2, SB-2, and SB-4 including arsenic (51,500 ug/kg), cadmium (32,400 ug/kg), copper (354,000 ug/kg), lead (1,450,000 ug/kg), and mercury (9,900 ug/kg). No exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs were detected in LSB-10, MW-1, and SB-3. All exceedances of the Restricted Residential SCOs for metals were detected between 1- and 10-feet bgs and all exceedances of the Restricted Commercial SCOs for metals were detected between 1- and 12-feet bgs.

LNAPL

LNAPL and/or sheen was identified in soil at 11 sample locations. Sheen was observed within the extents and in the vicinity of AOC-1 at SB-2 (2- and 8-feet bgs), SB-3 (4-feet bgs) and SB-5 (2-feet bgs). LNAPL was observed within the extents of and in the vicinity of AOC-2 at SB-8 (3.5-feet bgs) and SB-10 (8-feet bgs) with a thickness of approximately 0.5-feet. LNAPL and/or sheen was observed within the extents of AOC-3 at TP-1 (5.4-feet bgs), MW-5 (7- and 8-feet bgs), LSB-22 (4-feet bgs), and SB-1 (2- and 4-feet bgs) at a thickness ranging between 0.1- and 0.5 feet. LNAPL and/or sheen was observed within the extents and in the vicinity of AOC-5 at LSB-1 (8- and 10-feet bgs) and LSB-8 (8-feet bgs) with a thickness of approximately 0.67 feet. NAPL observations are provided on Figure 11.

6.2 Groundwater

The RI identified groundwater impacts associated with historic operations in portions of the Site. A summary of exceedances of the GWQS reported at monitoring well locations throughout the site is provided below.

VOCs

VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in 16 of the samples collected (corresponding to 13 unique sample locations).

VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-1** at SB-3 including benzene (1.7 ug/l). VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected to the east of AOC-1 at SB-11 including benzene (33 ug/l), toluene (5.5 ug/l), and mixed xylenes (17 ug/l).

VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-2** at MW-1 including benzene (3.2 ug/l).

VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-3** at MW-5 and LMW-6 including 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (24 ug/l - 160 ug/l), 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene) (42 ug/l), benzene (39 ug/l - 59 ug/l), cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (450 ug/l), ethylbenzene (11 ug/l - 64 ug/l), isopropylbenzene (cumene) (14 ug/l - 16 ug/l), n-propylbenzene (11 ug/l - 17 ug/l), o-xylene (14 ug/lg - 93 ug/l), toluene (6.1 ug/l - 38 ug/l), mixed xylenes (94 ug/l), and vinyl chloride (10 ug/l - 11 ug/l). VOCs were detected in groundwater samples collected from MW-2 and MW-4 to the west and east of AOC-3 including naphthalene (23 ug/l) and benzene (1 ug/l).

VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-5** at LMW-7 including 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (6,000 ug/l), 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (1,900 ug/l), ethylbenzene (360 ug/l), isopropylbenzene (410 ug/l), n-butylbenzene (580 ug/l), n-propylbenzene (610 ug/l), o-xylene (3,200 ug/l), sec-butylbenzene (320 ug/l), and toluene (1,800 ug/l). VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected to the south of AOC-5 at MW-3 including acetone (130 ug/l), isopropylbenzene (14 ug/l), n-butylbenzene (6.8 ug/l), and n-propylbenzene (19 ug/l).

VOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells in the vicinity of the **former ASTs** at SB-2 and LMW-9 including benzene (1.9 ug/l - 8.8 ug/l), cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (8.1 ug/l), TCE (6.6 ug/l), and vinyl chloride (4.6 ug/l). No VOCs were detected in LMW-10.

VOCs were detected marginally in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells not in the vicinity of AOCs only at SB-7 including benzene (1 ug/l - 8.8 ug/l). VOCs were not detected in monitoring wells MW-1, SB-7, and SB-12.

SVOCs

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in eight of the samples collected (corresponding to six unique sample locations).

No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-1** at SB-3. SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected to the east of AOC-1 at SB-11 including acenaphthene (89 ug/l), benzo(a)anthracene (2 ug/l), chrysene (1 ug/l), and naphthalene (10 ug/l).

NO SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-2** at MW-1.

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-3** at MW-5 and LMW-6 including acenaphthene (63.9 ug/l – 1,020 ug/l), anthracene (507 ug/l – 675 ug/l), benzo(a)anthracene (10 ug/l – 376 ug/l), benzo(b)fluoranthene (214 ug/l – 242 ug/l), benzo(k)fluoranthene (184 ug/l – 236 ug/l), chrysene (11 ug/l – 346 ug/l), fluoranthene (1,130 ug/l – 1,360 ug/l), fluorene (59 ug/l – 1,030 ug/l), indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (57.8 ug/l – 84.7 ug/l), naphthalene (139 ug/l – 43,700 ug/l), phenanthrene (110 ug/l – 2,250 ug/l), pyrene (866 ug/l – 976 ug/l), 2,4-dimethylphenol (260 ug/l), o-cresol(s) (2-methylphenol) (47 ug/l), and phenol (7 ug/l). SVOCs were detected in groundwater samples collected from MW-2 and MW-4 to the west and east of AOC-3 including naphthalene (23 ug/l).

SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from **AOC-5** at LMW-7 including naphthalene (43,700 ug/l). No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected to the south of AOC-5 at MW-3.

No SVOCs were detected in exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells in the vicinity of the **former ASTs** at SB-2, LMW-9, and LMW-10.

SVOCs were detected in marginal exceedance of the GWQS in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells not in the vicinity of AOCs at SB-7 including benzo(a)anthracene (0.6 ug/l). SVOCs were not detected in monitoring wells MW-1, SB-7, and SB-12.

Pesticides

No pesticides were detected in exceedances of the GWQS.

PCBs

Aroclor 1254 was detected in exceedances of the GWQS at LMW-7 in AOC-5 (9.35 ug/l).

Metals

Metals were detected in exceedances of the GWQS in 22 of the samples collected (corresponding to 15 unique sample locations) including total aluminum (10 ug/l – 1,150 ug/l), dissolved aluminum (12 ug/l – 28 ug/l), total antimony (8.3 ug/l), total arsenic (35.7 ug/l – 930 ug/l), dissolved arsenic (30.5 ug/l), total barium (8,680 ug/l), total cadmium (16.4 ug/l – 134 ug/l), dissolved cadmium (15.3 ug/l), total iron (426 ug/l – 25,200 ug/l), dissolved iron (504 ug/l – 5,110 ug/l), total lead (27 ug/l – 109,000 ug/l), dissolved lead (135 ug/l), total magnesium (38,400 ug/l – 406,000 ug/l), dissolved magnesium (40,500 ug/l – 409,000 ug/l), total manganese (544 ug/l – 4,650 ug/l), dissolved manganese (512 ug/l – 4,480 ug/l), total selenium (11 ug/l – 19 ug/l), dissolved selenium (11 ug/l – 50 ug/l), total sodium (28,400 ug/l – 187,000 ug/l), and dissolved sodium (29,000 ug/l – 184,000 ug/l).

LNAPL

Additionally, LNAPL and/or sheen was identified in groundwater at five groundwater sample locations and in two test pits. LNAPL and/or sheen was identified in AOC-1 at TP-6 (0.5-feet thick), in AOC-3 at TP-3 (0.1-feet thick), TP-2 (sheen), and MW-5 (0.1-feet thick), and in AOC-5 at LMW-7 (3.0-feet thick) and MW-3 (0.5-feet thick). NAPL observations are provided on Figure 11.

6.3 Soil Vapor

The following compounds are potentially associated with former site operations and were considered for the potential vapor intrusion condition:

- Benzene
- Toluene
- Ethylbenzene
- M&P-Xylenes
- O-Xylene
- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- 1,1-Dichloroethene
- Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)
- Trichloroethylene (TCE)

Target VOCs detected in exceedance of the NYSDOH and/or USEPA criteria included benzene (10 ug/m³ – 850 ug/m³), ethylbenzene (23 ug/m³ – 690 ug/m³), m&p xylenes (22 ug/m³ – 2,000 ug/m³), o-xylene (8.3 ug/m³ – 590 ug/m³), total xylenes (12 ug/m³), PCE (17 ug/m³ – 4,160 ug/m³), TCE (13 ug/m³ – 56,000 ug/m³), and toluene (46,000 ug/m³ – 2,000 ug/m³). Petroleum-related VOCs in soil vapor were identified throughout the Site corresponding to the presence of petroleum-related VOCs detected in groundwater throughout the Site. CVOCs were detected in soil vapor throughout the Site at higher concentrations that would typically be anticipated based on the concentrations of CVOCs detected in groundwater.

The PCE concentrations ranging between 17 ug/m³ – 4,160 ug/m³ were compared to Matrix 2 of the NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Guidance document and accordingly, concentrations detected above 100 ug/m³ require monitoring and concentrations detected above 1,000 ug/m³ require mitigation. No further action is required for concentrations detected below 100 ug/m³. The TCE concentrations ranging between 13 ug/m³ – 56,000 ug/m³ were compared to Matrix 1 of the NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Guidance document and accordingly, concentrations detected between 50 ug/m³ and 250 ug/m³ require monitoring and concentrations detected above 250 ug/m³ require mitigation. No further action is required for concentrations detected below 50 ug/m³.

Soil vapor analytical results revealed that mitigation is required in AOC-3 and AOC-5.

7.0 FATE AND TRANSPORT OF COPCS

The soil/fill and groundwater sample analytical results were incorporated with the physical characterization of the Site to evaluate the fate and transport of constituents of primary concern (COPCs) in Site media. The mechanisms by which the COPCs can migrate to other areas or media are briefly outlined below.

7.1 Fugitive Dust Generation

Volatile and non-volatile chemicals present in soil can be released to ambient air as a result of fugitive dust generation. Under the proposed future residential and commercial land use, the Site would be covered by a composite cover capping system consisting of structures, concrete, and vegetation. However, since fugitive dusts may be generated during construction activities, this migration pathway is potentially relevant and should be mitigated with a

Community Air Monitoring Program which will incorporate Site perimeter dust monitoring and dust suppression techniques, accordingly.

7.2 Volatilization

Volatile chemicals present in soil/fill, groundwater, and soil gas may be released to ambient or indoor air either from or through the soil/fill underlying current or future building structures. Volatile chemicals typically have a low organic-carbon partition coefficient (K_{oc}), low molecular weight, and a high Henry's Law constant.

VOCs were detected in site soils above 6 NYCRR Part 375 unrestricted use SCOs. Elevated concentrations of PCE and TCE are present in soil vapor and exceedances of the NYSDOH and USEPA criteria were detected in all of the soil vapor samples for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (collectively known as BTEX compounds). Additionally, VOCs were detected in site groundwater at concentrations above the Class GA GWQS. As these exceedances are located within the footprint of the proposed building, a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) is being proposed for all occupied structures proposed on the Site to mitigate a potential exposure pathway.

7.3 Surface Water Runoff

Erosion and transport of surface soils and associated sorbed chemicals in surface water runoff is a potential migration pathway. Chemicals in subsurface soil and groundwater could be potentially transported during excavation or construction activities; however, potential surface water runoff is being addressed by the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) prepared by AKRF Engineering, P.C. and dated October 2013. Under the proposed future residential and commercial land use, the entire Site will be covered by a composite cover capping system consisting of structures, concrete, and vegetation; stormwater runoff will be collected in on-site and off-site catch basins. Stormwater from the building will be collected and treated by a Vortechs treatment system prior to discharge to the canal. Stormwater will be conveyed via overland flow directly to the canal from the waterfront esplanade which will be part of the site composite capping system.

7.4 Leaching

Leaching refers to chemicals present in soil/fill migrating downward to groundwater as a result of infiltration of precipitation. Excavation and off-Site disposal of a significant amount of impacted soil/fill from the Site to address the presence of identified petroleum impacts will mitigate potential leaching of

chemicals to groundwater. Those COPCs remaining on Site below the composite cover system will consist mostly of metals and PAHs compounds that are primarily associated with the fill and are not considered highly mobile. Under the proposed future residential commercial land use, the entire Site will be covered by a composite cover capping system consisting of structures, concrete, and landscaped areas that will be placed on 2-feet of clean fill material, minimizing the infiltration of water through the fill material. As such, leaching is not considered a potential migration pathway for this Site.

7.5 Groundwater Transport

The groundwater flow direction at the Site is towards the Gowanus Canal to the east. Chemicals detected in on-site groundwater above GWQS may be transported across the Site via this pathway. The Interim Remedial Action (IRM) activities proposed in the October 2013 IRM Workplan (IRMWP) prepared by Langan will effectively remove potential source areas of contamination. Additionally, as part of the overall site remediation four significant portions of the site (AOCs 1, 2, 3, and 5) will be excavated to remove these potential source areas of contamination.

As groundwater in Brooklyn is not used as a potable water source, on-site and off-site exposure via ingestion of contaminated groundwater is unlikely.

7.6 Exposure Pathways

Based on the analysis of chemical fate and transport provided above, the pathways through which Site COPCs could reach receptors off-Site at significant exposure point concentrations are volatilization; and, to a lesser extent, fugitive dust emissions via physical disturbance of subsurface soil particles and surface water migration.

The fugitive dust emissions potential will be mitigated during construction activities via the implementation of a CAMP and perimeter dust and volatile organic compound monitoring, dust management practices and engineered controls. As previously discussed, under the proposed future land use, the majority of the Site would be covered by structures, concrete, asphalt, and landscaped areas which will be underlain by 2-feet of clean fill, making fugitive dust emissions less likely.

Volatilization and groundwater transport exposure pathways are anticipated to be mitigated by the use of engineered and institutional controls (i.e. vapor barrier and SSDS) and groundwater use restriction.

Best Management Practices (BMP) for soil erosion and surface water runoff shall be selected to minimize erosion and sedimentation off-site from the start of the remediation to the completion of the development.

8.0 QUALITATIVE HUMAN EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT

A Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment was conducted in accordance with Appendix 3B of the NYSDEC DER-10, Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation, dated May 2010. The assessment includes an evaluation of potential sources and migration pathways of site contamination, potential receptors, exposure media, and receptor intake routes and exposure pathways.

8.1 Site Conditions

The Site consists of two parcels and is identified as Block 452, Lots 1 and 15 on the New York City Tax Map. The property at 363 Bond Street (Tax Block 452, Lot 1) consists of an irregularly shaped lot that is approximately ± 0.68 -acres and is improved with a one-story vacant, light industrial building. The property at 388 Carroll Street (Tax Block 452, Lot 15) consists of an irregularly-shaped vacant lot that is approximately ± 0.67 -acres and is currently vacant.

The proposed use of the Site will consist of constructing a 5- to 12-story mixed use commercial and residential building occupying almost the entire footprint of the subject properties. The basement level of the building will be occupied by a parking garage, basketball court and building amenities, the first floor will be occupied by residential and commercial spaces. The partial below-grade level is located on the northern portion of Lot 1 and the southwestern portion of Lot 15. In addition to the building plans, a waterfront esplanade will be developed along the Gowanus Canal shoreline. In order to construct the esplanade, a new corrugated steel sheet pile bulkhead will be installed across the entire length of the development area.

The environmental conditions at the Site for soil, groundwater, and soil vapor (the exposure media) were described in Section 7. Soil COPCs include VOCs, PAHs, SVOCs and metals in historic fill throughout the Site. Groundwater COPCs include VOCs, PAHs, PCBs, and dissolved metals. Soil vapor COPCs include several chlorinated and petroleum-related VOCs.

8.2 Conceptual Site Model

A conceptual site model has been developed based on the findings of the Site subsurface investigations. The purpose of the conceptual site model is to develop a simplified framework for understanding the distribution of impacted

materials, potential migration pathways, and potentially complete exposure pathways, as discussed below.

8.2.1 Potential Sources of Contamination

Potential sources of contamination at the Site have been identified in Section 3.1 based on investigations completed for the Site. The potential sources of contamination include contaminants from documented historic urban fill material (primarily metals and SVOCs), the presence of two gasoline USTs located along the western area of the Site located in AOC-5, free phase petroleum associated with active NYSDEC spills, and petroleum-impacted soil and groundwater related to the former use of the Site including extensive industrial and manufacturing operations such as an oil terminal, a salvage yard, and a marine equipment storage yard at 388 Carroll Street and an asphalt and cement works, a paint manufacturer, and an automotive repair shop and garage and 363 Bond Street. Petroleum-related VOCs that were identified in groundwater were also identified in soil gas at the site in the designated AOC areas. Chlorinated VOCs were also detected at limited locations at low concentrations in groundwater and at elevated concentrations in soil gas. The source of the petroleum is the former c Site operations and the elevated CVOC concentrations in soil gas may be the result of contributing offsite sources.

8.2.2 Exposure Media

The media that may have been impacted by the above sources include soil, groundwater, and soil gas. Site soil has been impacted by the former historical operations and/or the nature of the historic fill. Analytical data collected to date indicates that the historic fill underlying the Site is contaminated with SVOCs and metals. LNAPL-impacted soil and groundwater are present in AOC-1, AOC-2, AOC-3 and AOC-5 and historic fill is present throughout the Site. Soil gas results indicate the presence of petroleum-related VOCs throughout the Site, the source of which is historic Site operations and CVOC concentrations with potential on and offsite sources. A review of soil, groundwater, and soil vapor analytical results is provided in Section 6.0 (Nature and Extent of Contamination).

As elevated concentrations of petroleum-related VOCs were detected in soil within the extents of the AOCs, petroleum-related VOCs were

detected in groundwater in the vicinity of the AOCs, and isolated CVOCs were detected in groundwater, there is potential for vapors to accumulate under the proposed building slab as the foundation will be above the groundwater table.

8.2.3 Receptor Populations

The Site is currently vacant and access is prevented by a locked construction fence that is located at the perimeter of the property, preventing public access; therefore, human receptors are limited to construction workers who have temporary job trailers on the 388 Carroll Street site. During site development, human receptors are limited to construction and remediation workers, authorized guests visiting the Site and the public adjacent to the Site. Under future conditions, receptors will include the new building tenants, workers, and visitors to the residential and commercial properties including children.

8.2.4 Potential Exposure Pathways – On-Site

Potential pathways to human receptors include direct contact (dermal absorption), ingestion, and inhalation of identified contaminants of concern (COCs). An evaluation of potential exposure pathways is provided below.

Current Site Conditions

Soil at the Site has been contaminated with VOCs, SVOCs, and metals. The Site surface cover is composed of a concrete building slab and an at grade unpaved lot. Human exposure to contaminated soil is possible at the Site and the potential migration pathway is likely complete for dermal absorption, inhalation and ingestion. In order to limit this exposure, activity is limited to authorized workers and guests.

Groundwater is impacted with VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs and metals. Groundwater was encountered between approximately 5.5- and 12-foot bgs during the RI and flows to the northeast towards the Gowanus Canal, located adjacent to the eastern property boundary. LNAPL is also present in AOCs 2, 3 and 5. Because groundwater in New York City is not used as a potable water source, there is no completion of the exposure pathway under current site conditions.

Soil vapor samples were collected from 25 locations across the Site. Soil vapor results indicate the presence of VOCs at concentrations that are

above the NYSDOH October 2006 Vapor Intrusion Guidance Matrix 1 and Matrix 2 criteria for mitigation. Current Site activities are limited to pre-demolition and IRM Site visits within the building. Indoor air samples were not collected because the existing building is vacant and will be demolished; therefore, the exposure pathway to on-Site workers under current conditions has not been fully evaluated.

Exposure prevention is discussed in Section 8.3.

8.2.5 Construction/Remediation Condition

Construction and remediation activities at the Site may result in potential exposures to Site contaminants. Soil at the Site has primarily been contaminated with VOCs, SVOCs, and metals. Construction and remedial activities include construction of foundation components the partial below grade parking garage structure, and excavation and removal of impacted soil. Therefore, the potential exists for exposure of soil COCs to construction and remediation workers via dermal absorption, ingestion, and inhalation of particulate matter. In addition, activities may result in exposure to the public adjacent to the Site through potential generation and off-site migration of dust containing Site COCs.

Site groundwater has been contaminated with VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, and metals. Groundwater may be encountered during excavation activities by workers, and there is potential for exposure to groundwater COCs for construction workers via dermal absorption, ingestion, or inhalation.

Soil vapor results indicated the presence of VOCs. Therefore, the potential exists for exposure to soil vapor COCs for construction and remediation workers via inhalation. Activities may also result in exposure to the public adjacent to the Site through volatilization of vapors into the air and potential off-site migration.

Exposure prevention during construction and remediation is discussed in Section 8.3.2.

8.2.6 Proposed Future Conditions

The proposed development will include residential and commercial use. Upon completion of the new development, most of the footprint of the Site will be capped with the concrete building basement slab/foundation with a waterproofing/vapor barrier. The remainder of the Site (sidewalks, paved walkways, and landscaped areas of the waterfront esplanade) will be

capped with a demarcation layer and two foot clean fill soil cover system. These barriers will prevent direct human exposure to impacted soil and groundwater that may be left in place. The majority of the petroleum impacts in AOCs 1, 2 and 3 will be addressed via the excavation and off-site disposal of petroleum impacted soils. Additionally, the gasoline-impacted soil and groundwater remediation in AOC 5 will be completed via the excavation and disposal of grossly impacted material and the use of an SVE system and LNAPL recovery wells, thus reducing COC concentrations.

The presence of VOCs in the soil and groundwater creates potential for VOCs vapors to volatilize and potentially accumulate in the proposed building and impact future users. Points of exposure include potential cracks in the foundation of the proposed development. Routes of exposure may include inhalation of vapors entering the building. This pathway will be addressed via the installation of a SSDS within the future building.

There is no risk of ingesting groundwater COCs, since the Site and surrounding areas obtain their drinking water supply from surface water reservoirs located upstate and not from groundwater; therefore, the groundwater will not be pumped from wells or intended for consumption.

8.2.7 Potential Exposure Pathways – Off-Site

Soils have the potential to be transported off-site by wind in the form of dust or on the tires of vehicles or equipment leaving the Site during development and remediation activities. Metal impacts to groundwater are considered a regional problem; however, VOC and SVOC impacts to the groundwater are attributed to the historic petroleum release and/or industrial uses at the Site.

The potential off-site migration of site contaminants is not expected to result in a complete exposure pathway for current, construction and remediation, or future conditions for the following reasons:

- CAMP air monitoring will be conducted for particulates (i.e., dust) and VOCs during all intrusive activities as part of a community air monitoring program. Dust and/or vapor suppression techniques will be employed to limit potential for off-site migration of site soils and vapors.
- Vehicle tires and undercarriages will be washed as necessary prior to leaving the Site to prevent tracking material off-site.

- The Site is located in a highly urbanized area with continuous impervious (i.e. concrete) surface covering.
- Groundwater in New York City is not used as a potable water source.

8.3 Evaluation of Human Health Exposure

Based upon the conceptual site model and the review of environmental data, complete on-site exposure pathways appear to be present based on the current, construction and remediation, and future conditions. The complete exposure pathways indicate there is a risk of exposure to humans from Site contaminants via exposure to soil, groundwater, and soil vapor.

Complete exposure pathways have the following five elements: 1) a contaminant source; 2) a contaminant release and transport mechanism; 3) a point of exposure; 4) a route of exposure; and 5) a receptor population. A discussion of the five elements comprising a complete pathway as they pertain to the Site is provided below.

8.3.1 Current Conditions

Contaminant sources include the on-site historic fill, LNAPL, and petroleum-impacted fill, soil vapor, and contaminated groundwater. Contaminant release and transport mechanisms include contaminated soil transported as dust and volatilization of contaminants from the soil and groundwater matrices to the soil vapor phase, and existing soil vapor contaminants. Construction is ongoing at the Site and current site conditions are addressed in Section 8.3.2.

8.3.2 Construction/Remediation Activities

During development and remediation activities, points of exposure include disturbed and exposed contaminated soil during excavation, contaminated dust and organic vapors arising from the excavation activities, and contaminated groundwater that may be encountered during excavation operations. Routes of exposure include ingestion and dermal absorption of contaminated soil and groundwater, inhalation of organic vapors arising from contaminated soil and groundwater, and inhalation of dust arising from contaminated soil. The receptor population includes the construction and remediation workers and, to a lesser extent, the public adjacent to the Site. All five elements exist; therefore, completed exposure pathways are present. However, the risk can be minimized by applying appropriate health

and safety measures, such as monitoring the air for organic vapors and dust, using vapor and dust suppression measures, maintaining site security, and wearing the appropriate PPE.

Potential exposures would be of short duration limited only to intrusive activities. In accordance with a HASP, a Soil Management Plan, and a CAMP, measures such as conducting an air-monitoring program, donning PPE, and applying vapor and dust suppression measures to prevent off-site migration of contaminants during construction will be implemented. Such measures would prevent completion of these potential migration pathways.

All construction and remediation work to be completed at the site will be conducted under a site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) which includes workzone air monitoring and a Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) which will serve to prevent onsite and offsite exposure to contaminants at the Site.

8.3.3 Future (Post-Construction) Conditions

Contaminant release and transport mechanisms include volatilization of contaminants from soil vapor or the groundwater matrix to the soil vapor phase. Points of exposure include potential cracks in the foundation slab of the proposed development. Routes of exposure may include inhalation of vapors entering the building; these routes may not exist depending on the effectiveness of the remediation. The receptor population includes the building tenants, residential property employees, and visitors. The possible routes of exposure will be mitigated by proper installation of soil vapor mitigation measures (e.g., SVE and a vapor barrier with an active SSDS) and the impermeable (concrete) site cap.

8.4 Human Health Exposure Assessment Conclusions

The following conclusions were developed from this human health exposure assessment:

1. There is a moderate risk of exposure during the construction and remediation activities. This risk can be minimized by following the appropriate health and safety, vapor and dust suppression, and site security measures. All construction and remediation work to be completed at the site will be conducted under a site-specific HASP which includes workzone air monitoring and a CAMP which will serve to prevent onsite and offsite exposure to contaminants at the Site.

2. The existence of a complete exposure pathway for Site contaminants to human receptors during proposed future conditions is unlikely, as a large quantity of contaminated soils will be excavated for off-site disposal, and a continuous impervious site cap will be installed below the building footprint. The potential pathway for soil vapor intrusion into the building would be addressed through the use of soil vapor intrusion mitigation measures (e.g., SVE and a vapor barrier with an active SSDS).
3. It is unlikely that a complete exposure pathway exists for the migration of site contaminants to off-site human receptors for current, construction phase, or future conditions. A HASP, CAMP, and control measures will be used during construction to prevent completion of this pathway.

8.5 Potential Ecological Risks

Upon completion of the new development, most of the footprint of the Site will be capped with the concrete building basement slab/foundation with a waterproofing/vapor barrier. The remainder of the Site (sidewalks, paved walkways, and landscaped areas of the waterfront esplanade) will be capped with a demarcation layer and two foot clean fill soil cover system. As such, no unacceptable ecological risks are anticipated under the anticipated future use scenario.

The NYSDEC's decision key contained in Appendix 3C of DER-10 (NYSDEC, 2010) was utilized to evaluate whether or not performance of a Fish and Wildlife Resources Impact Analysis was needed.

Review of the NYSDEC's internet-based Environmental Resources Management Resource Mapper suggests that the Site and adjacent properties do not contain state-regulated freshwater wetlands and rare plants and/or rare animals; however, the site is bound to the east by the Gowanus Canal. The proposed remedial activities will effectively remove potential source areas of contamination and the contemplated remedial approach will include a steel bulkhead on the outboard side of the existing timber bulkhead to isolate remaining impacts both to and from the canal. Details of the sheeting design will be provided in a Remedial Action Workplan for the site. As such, there is no evidence that contamination present at the Site has the potential to migrate to and impact potential off-Site ecological resources. Therefore, a Fish and Wildlife Resources Impact Analysis was not needed based on interpretation of NYSDEC guidance (DER-10 Appendix 3C).

9.0 DEVIATIONS FROM RI WORK PLAN

The following is a list of deviations from the NYSDEC-approved RIWP due to site conditions and constraints:

LSB-5 and LSB-6 were not advanced due to a partial basement identified during the geophysical survey. The partial basement was not accessible during RI field activities. However, soil borings LSB-2 and LSB-3 completed during the Phase II Investigation were installed near the southernmost extents of the partial basement and represent the northernmost accessible boring locations.

LSB-10, LSB-23, and LSB-24 were not advanced deeper than 4-feet bgs due to a secondary slab within portions of the building at 363 Bond Street. Therefore, a second sample was not collected from the groundwater interface or depth of greatest impact at these borings.

LMW-6 and LMW-7 were installed as 1-inch temporary wells rather than permanent monitoring wells because of vertical clearance restrictions within the building at 363 Bond Street which limited access for necessary drilling equipment.

10.0 RI SUMMARY/CONCLUSIONS

Based on the data and analyses presented in the preceding sections, Langan offers the following summary and conclusions:

Stratigraphy

Soil at the site consists of an up to 12-foot thick layer of historic urban fill consisting of sand with varying amounts of silt, gravel, brick, cinders, concrete, and wood underlain by an 8- to 14-foot thick clay layer. The clay is underlain by a fine to coarse sand that becomes coarser and contains increasing amount of gravel with depth.

AOC-1 & AOC-2

Analytical results have revealed that soil in AOC-1 and AOC-2 are impacted with SVOCs exceeding the NYSDEC Restricted Residential SCOs including benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene and exceeding the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs including benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene. In addition, AOC-1 and AOC-2 are impacted with metals

exceeding the Restricted Residential SCOs including magnesium and mercury and exceeding the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs including arsenic. No VOCs or pesticides were detected above the Restricted Residential or Restricted Commercial SCOs. A summary of all soil analytical results for the site are provided on Figure 12. Additionally, LNAPL and/or sheen were identified in soil in four locations within the extents and in the vicinity of these AOCs as shown on Figure 11.

Analytical results have revealed that groundwater in AOC-1 and AOC-2 is impacted with low-level benzene and metals above the GWQS. A summary of all groundwater analytical results for the site are provided on Figure 13. Additionally, a sheen was identified on groundwater in one location within these AOCs as shown on Figure 11.

Analytical results have revealed that soil vapor in AOC-1 and AOC-2 are impacted with petroleum-related VOCs above the NYSDOH and/or USEPA criteria. CVCOs PCE and TCE were not detected above concentrations for which the NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Guidance Matrices 1 and 2 require mitigation.

Soil, groundwater, and soil vapor samples collected at the Site to date have sufficiently delineated the extents of the contamination contained within these AOCs. Delineation of soil is complete at AOC-1 and AOC-2, as analytical results for contaminants of concern SVOCs and metals are substantially lower in the samples collected immediately outside of the AOC extents than those collected within the extents and are representative of typical historic fill concentrations. The analytical results for samples collected within the AOC extents are indicative of petroleum impacts. Additionally, all observed LNAPL impacts are contained within the extents of the AOCs with the exception of SB-10 which, due to the detection of what at what depth, will be incorporated into AOC-2. The remediation of soil and groundwater for these AOCs will be addressed by excavation and a groundwater monitoring program which will be discussed in a Remedial Action Workplan (RAWP) being developed for the Site. Petroleum-related soil vapor impacts will be addressed by the installation of a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) that will be installed beneath the footprint of the building as proposed in the IRMWPs.

AOC-3

Analytical results have revealed that soil in AOC-3 is impacted with SVOCs exceeding the NYSDEC Restricted Residential SCOs including acenaphthene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(g,h,i)perylene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene,

fluoranthene, fluorene, naphthalene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, phenanthrene, and pyrene and with SVOCs exceeding the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs including benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, fluoranthene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, phenanthrene, and pyrene. In addition, AOC-3 is impacted with metals exceeding the Restricted Residential SCOs include cadmium, lead, and mercury and exceeding the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs including arsenic, barium, cadmium, lead, copper, and mercury. PCBs were detected at only one location in exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs. No VOCs or pesticides were detected above the Restricted Residential or Restricted Commercial SCOs. A summary of all soil analytical results for the site are provided on Figure 12. Additionally, LNAPL was identified in soil in four locations within the extents of the AOC as shown on Figure 11.

Analytical results have revealed that groundwater in AOC-3 is impacted with VOCs, SVOCs, and metals above the GWQS. A summary of all groundwater analytical results for the site are provided on Figure 13. Additionally, LNAPL and/or sheen were observed on groundwater at two locations within the extents of the AOC as shown on Figure 11.

Analytical results have revealed that soil vapor in AOC-3 is impacted with petroleum-related VOCs in addition to CVOCs above the NYSDOH and/or USEPA criteria. Specifically, PCE and TCE were detected above concentrations for which the NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Guidance Matrices 1 and 2 require mitigation. Soil vapor impacts will be addressed via the installation of a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) that will be installed beneath the footprint of the building as proposed in the IRMWP.

Soil, groundwater, and soil vapor samples collected at the Site to date have sufficiently delineated the extents of the contamination contained within this AOC. Delineation of soil is complete at AOC-3 as analytical results for contaminants of concern SVOCs and metals are substantially lower in the samples collected immediately outside of the AOC extents than those collected within the extents, and are representative of typical historic fill concentrations. The analytical results for samples collected within the AOC extents are indicative of petroleum impacts. In addition, the single PCB exceedance of the Restricted Commercial SCOs is located within the extents of AOC-3. All observed LNAPL impacts are also contained within the extents of the AOC. As proposed in the NYSDEC-approved October 2013 IRMWP, LNAPL impacts in soil and groundwater in AOC-3 will be addressed via multi-phase extraction (MPE) using a high vacuum air

extraction system to remove LNAPL, contaminated groundwater, and vapor from the subsurface. Impacts identified in this AOC that will not be addressed by the IRMWP will be addressed by excavation which will be discussed in a RAWP being developed for the Site.

AOC-5

Analytical results have revealed that soil in AOC-5 is impacted with SVOCs exceeding the NYSDEC Restricted Residential SCOs including anthracene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzofuran, fluoranthene, naphthalene, phenanthrene, and pyrene and exceeding the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs including benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, phenanthrene, and pyrene. In addition, AOC-5 is impacted with metals exceeding the Restricted Residential SCOs including lead and mercury and exceeding the Restricted Commercial and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs for arsenic. No VOCs or pesticides were detected above the Restricted Commercial SCOs. A summary of all soil analytical results for the site are provided on Figure 12. Additionally, LNAPL was identified in soil in two locations within the extents and in the vicinity of the AOC as shown on Figure 11.

Analytical results have revealed that groundwater in AOC-5 is impacted with VOCs, one SVOC, one PCB, and metals above the GWQS. Specifically, the VOC impacts are indicated of gasoline impacts. A summary of all groundwater analytical results for the site are provided on Figure 13. Additionally, LNAPL was observed on groundwater at one location within the extents of the AOC and at one location to the south of this AOC as shown on Figure 11.

Analytical results have revealed that soil vapor in AOC-5 is impacted with petroleum-related VOCs in addition to CVOCs above the NYSDOH and/or USEPA criteria. Specifically, PCE and TCE were detected above concentrations for which the NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Guidance Matrices 1 and 2 require mitigation. Soil vapor impacts will be addressed via the installation of a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) that will be installed beneath the footprint of the building as proposed in the IRMWP.

Soil, groundwater, and soil vapor samples collected at the Site to date have sufficiently delineated the extents of the contamination contained within this AOC. Delineation of soil is complete at AOC-5 as analytical results for contaminants of concern SVOCs and metals are substantially lower in the samples collected immediately outside of the AOC

extents than those collected within the extents and are representative of typical historic fill concentrations. The analytical results for samples collected within the AOC extents are indicative of petroleum impacts. Additionally, all observed LNAPL impacts are contained within the extents of the AOC with the exception of LNAPL observed at MW-3. As proposed in the NYSDEC-approved October 2013 IRMWP, LNAPL recovery and gasoline-impacted soil and groundwater remediation using soil vapor extraction (SVE) and LNAPL recovery wells is currently being completed at the Site. Impacts identified in this AOC and LNAPL impacts to the south of this AOC that are not currently being addressed by the IRMWP will be addressed by excavation which will be discussed in a RAWP being developed for the Site.

Coal Tar Impacts

Based on the results of the investigation completed at the site by PW Grosser and the proposed remedial approach discussed in Section 3.0, no further delineation of the DNAPL impacts are proposed for these impacts.

Former ASTs

As detailed in Section 6.1, soil in the vicinity of the former ASTs is impacted with concentrations of SVOCs and metals typical of historic urban fill and no petroleum impacts are evident. Groundwater in this area is impacted with low concentrations of petroleum-related VOCs, the highest concentration of which was detected at downgradient temporary well location SB-11/TW. Sporadic detections of naturally occurring metals (aluminum, antimony, iron, magnesium, and manganese) and SVOC benzo(a)anthracene were the only other COCs detected in the area of the former ASTs and downgradient. As such, no further delineation of this area is proposed. The identified soil impacts will be addressed by the proposed excavation, and any remaining groundwater impacts present subsequent to source removal will be addressed by natural attenuation monitoring that will be detailed in a groundwater monitoring program to be included in the RAWP.

Historic Fill and Site-Wide Impacts

As discussed in preceding sections, soil at the Site is impacted with SVOCs, metals, and one PCB above the NYSDEC Restricted Residential, Restricted Commercial, and/or Restricted Industrial SCOs. The remainder of the soil at the site is impacted with VOCs, SVOCs, and pesticides, and metals at concentrations typical of historic urban fill. As the fill material is located site wide, further delineation of this material is not proposed. The presence of fill material will be addressed by development of a Construction Soil

Management Plan and capping associated with redevelopment of the site to prevent direct contact and inhalation exposure. Isolated areas exhibiting anomalously high concentration of SVOCs, metals, and one PCB will be addressed by excavation within the AOCs as discussed above.

Additionally, groundwater at the Site is impacted with VOCs, SVOCs, metals, and one PCB, and soil vapor at the Site is impacted with VOCs at concentrations which require mitigation according to the NYSDOC Vapor Intrusion Guidance document. Contamination in specific areas of concern will be addressed by interim remedial measures as discussed above. Impacts not associated with the AOCs and not addressed by the interim remedial measures will be addressed in a RAWP being developed for the Site.

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TABLES

**TABLE 1
SAMPLE SUMMARY
363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET
Brooklyn, New York**

363 Bond Street

Environmental Liability Management of New York, LLC Phase II Investigation (2005)			
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Analyses
Soil	MW-1/3-4	7'-8'	VOCs SVOCs Pesticides PCBs Metals
	MW-1/9-10	9'-10'	
	MW-2/1-3	1'-3'	
	MW-2/9-10	9'-10'	
	MW-3/4-6	4'-6'	
	MW-3/13-15	13'-15'	
	MW-4/6-8	6'-8'	
	MW-4/12-14	12'-14'	
	MW-5/7.5-9.5	7.5'-9.5'	
	MW-5/13-15	13'-15'	
	SB-1/1-4	1'-4'	
	SB-1/10-12	10'-12'	
	SB-2/6-8	6'-8'	
	SB-2/10-12	10'-12'	
	SB-3/6-8	6'-8'	
	SB-3/10-12	10'-12'	
	SB-4/9-10.5	9'-10.5'	
	SB-4/14-16	14'-16'	
	SB-5/5-7	5'-7'	
	SB-5/7-8	7'-8'	
Groundwater	MW-1	7.89'	
	MW-2	5.41'	
	MW-4	11.66'	
	MW-5	10.42'	

388 Carroll Street

Cosmos Environmental Services (1997)			
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Analyses
Soil	TP-1	---	VOCs SVOCs
	TP-3	---	
	TP-6	---	
	TP-7	---	
	TP-8	---	
Groundwater	Composite	---	VOCs
	PPW-3	---	

Tradewinds (2002)			
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Analyses
Soil	NE Corner	---	VOCs SVOCs
	NW Corner	---	
	SE Corner	---	
	SW Corner	---	
Groundwater	W1	---	VOCs

Environmental Liability Management of New York, LLC Phase II Investigation (2004)			
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Analyses
Soil	SB-1/4-5	4'-5'	VOCs SVOCs PCBs Metals
	SB-3/6-7	5'-7'	
	SB-4/3-5	3'-5'	
	SB-6/4-6	4'-6'	
	SB-8/6-7	5'-7'	
	SB-10/1-3	1'-3'	
	SB-11/4-5	4'-5'	
	SB-12/2-4	2'-4'	
	SB-2/9-10	9'-10'	
	SB-5/19-20	19'-20'	
	SB-7/14-15	14'-15'	
	SB-9/3-5	3'-5'	
	SB-11/14-15	14'-15'	
	TP-1/0.5-3	0.5'-3'	
	TP-1/3-3.5	3'-3.5'	
	TP-3/4-7	4'-7'	
	TP-4/4-5	4'-5'	
	TP-5/1.5-3	1.5'-3'	
	TP-6/2.7-4.7	2.7'-4.7'	
	Groundwater	MW-1	
SB-2/TW		---	
SB-3/TW		---	
SB-6/TW		---	
SB-7/TW		---	
SB-11/TW		---	
SB-12/TW		---	

P.W. Grosse Consulting, Inc / P.W. Grosse Consulting Engineer & Hydrogeologist, PC (2011)			
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Analyses
Soil	GP-02	25'-30'	VOCs SVOCs
	GP-04	25'-30'	
	GP-10	25'-30'	
	GP-11	25'-30'	

Zeb Environmental (2012)			
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Analyses
Soil	P-9	3.5'-5'	VOCs SVOCs
	P-9	6.5'-7'	
	P-10	3'-4'	
	P-10	7'-8'	
	P-12	4'-5'	
	P-1B	4'-5'	
	P-1B	6'-7'	
	P-2	4'-5'	
	P-2	6'-7'	
	P-3	3.5'-5'	
	P-3	7'-7.5'	
	P-4	3.5'-5'	
	P-4	6'-7'	
	P-5	3.5'-5'	
	P-5	7'-7.5'	
	P-6	4'-4.5'	
	P-6	6.5'-7'	
	P-7	4'-5'	
	P-7	7'-7.5'	
	P-8	4'-5'	
P-8	7'-7.5'		

Langan Phase II Due Diligence Investigation (2012)						
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Boring Termination (ft. bgs)	Rationale	Analyses	
Soil	LSB-1	7.5' - 9.5'	15'	AOC-5 Delineation	VOCs	
	LSB-2	6.5' - 8.5'	15'		SVOCs	
	LSB-2	11.5' - 13.5'	15'		Lead	
	LSB-3	6' - 8'	15'		AOC-3 Delineation	VOCs
	LSB-3	12' - 14'	15'			SVOCs
Groundwater	LSB-4	7' - 9'	12'	Site Characterization	VOCs	
	MW-2	7'	-		SVOCs	
Soil Vapor	MW-5	10'	-	Site Characterization	VOCs	
	LSV-1	Sub-slab	-			
	LSV-2	Sub-slab	-			

Langan Remedial Investigation (2013)							
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Boring Termination (ft. bgs)	Rationale	Analyses		
Soil	LSB-7	0' - 2'	16'	Site Characterization	VOCs SVOCs Pesticides PCBs Metals		
	LSB-9	0' - 2'	6'				
	LSB-10	0' - 2'	4'				
	LSB-22	0' - 2'	16'				
	LSB-23	2' - 4'	4'			Site Characterization	Pesticides PCBs
	LSB-24	0' - 4'	4'				
	LSB-9	4' - 6'	6'			AOC-3 Delineation	Metals
	LSB-22	4' - 6'	16'				
	LSB-7	13' - 15'	16'			AOC-5 Delineation	VOCs, SVOCs, Lead
	LSB-8	10' - 12'	14'				
LSB-25	5.5' - 7.5'	14'					
Groundwater	TP-3	7.5'	-	AOC-3 Characterization	Petroleum Fingerprint		
	MW-1	9'	-				
	MW-2	7'	-				
	MW-3	12'	-				
	MW-4	14'	-				
	MW-5	12'	-				
	LMW-6	12'	-				
Groundwater	LMW-7	12.5'	-	AOC-3 Delineation	Total Metals Dissolved Metals		
	TP-1	5.4'	-			AOC-5 Delineation	Petroleum Fingerprint
Soil Vapor	LSV-1	1'	-	Site Characterization	VOCs		
	LSV-2	1'	-				
	LSV-3	1'	-				
	LSV-4	1'	-				
	LSV-5	1'	-				
	LSV-16	1'	-				
	LSV-17	1'	-				
	LSV-18	1'	-				
	LSV-19	1'	-				
	LSV-20	1'	-				
	LSV-1	4'	-				
	LSV-2	3'	-				
	LSV-3	4'	-				
	LSV-4	4'	-				
	LSV-5	4'	-				
	LSV-16	4'	-				
	LSV-17	4'	-				
	LSV-18	4'	-				
	LSV-19	3.5'	-				
	LSV-20	4'	-				

Langan Remedial Investigation (2013)					
Matrix	Location	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Boring Termination (ft. bgs)	Rationale	Analyses
Soil	LSB-21	0' - 2'	10'	Site Characterization	VOCs, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Metals
	LSB-27	0' - 2'	15'		
	LSB-21	7' - 9'	10'		
	LSB-27	5' - 7'	15'		
Soil Vapor	LSV-11	3'	---	Site Characterization	VOCs
	LSV-12	3'	---		
	LSV-13	3'	---		
	LSV-14	3'	---		
	LSV-15	2.5'	---		
Groundwater	LMW-9	10'	---	Site Characterization	VOCs, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Metals
	LMW-10	12'	---		

NOTES:
 Indicates a previous investigation
 AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street
 AOC-5: Former UST Area - 363 Bond Street

TABLE 3
HISTORICAL SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

388 CARROLL STREET
Brooklyn, New York

CAS No.	Subpart 375-6 (Revised Brownfields)					Environmental Liability Management (ELM) of New York, LLC																		
	Unrestricted Use Objectives		Protection of Public Health			SB-114-5	SB-114-6	SB-114-7	SB-114-8	SB-114-9	SB-114-10	SB-114-11	SB-114-12	SB-114-13	SB-114-14	SB-114-15	SB-114-16	SB-114-17	SB-114-18	SB-114-19	SB-114-20			
	Residential	Restricted - Residential	Restricted - Commercial	Restricted - Industrial	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004	10/25/2004				
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																								
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	680	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.58 U	650 U	580 U	0.61 U	110 U	420 U	420 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	270	19,000	28,000	240,000	480,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.47 U	650 U	580 U	0.49 U	110 U	200 U	270 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	330	100,000	100,000	500,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.47 U	650 U	580 U	0.49 U	110 U	200 U	390 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-17-3	2,300	3,100	60,000	60,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.38 U	650 U	580 U	0.61 U	76 U	300 U	330 U
1,2-Dichloroethane (cis)	156-59-2	250	59,000	100,000	1,000,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.35 U	650 U	580 U	0.37 U	88 U	350 U	330 U
1,2-Dichloroethane (trans)	156-60-5	190	100,000	100,000	500,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.7 U	650 U	580 U	0.74 U	60 U	240 U	280 U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	87-61-6	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
96-18-4	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
95-63-6	3,600	47,000	52,000	190,000	380,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	8,400	47,000	52,000	190,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-Isopropyltoluene	99-87-6	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acetone	67-64-1	50	100,000	100,000	500,000	1700 U	48 U	1100 J	3,600 J	15,000	1,200 J	16 J	7900 U	140	1500 U	8500 U	25	45	820 J	1500 U	68	240 U	2,200 J	2,400 J
Benzene	71-43-2	60	100,000	100,000	500,000	1700 U	48 U	1100 J	3,600 J	15,000	1,200 J	16 J	7900 U	140	1500 U	8500 U	25	45	820 J	1500 U	68	240 U	2,200 J	2,400 J
n-Butylbenzene	104-51-8	12,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	—	—	—	—	72 J	17	310 J	620,000 U	6.4 U	620 U	19	3200 U	7.5 J	620 U	3400 U	10	2.1 J	650 U	580 U	3 J	45 U	180 U	340 J
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	750	1,400	2,400	22,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.35 U	650 U	580 U	0.37 U	68 U	270 U	300 U
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	1,100	100,000	100,000	500,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.47 U	650 U	580 U	0.49 U	54 U	210 U	230 U
Chloroform	67-66-3	370	10,000	49,000	350,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.7 U	650 U	580 U	0.74 U	68 U	270 U	300 U
Diethylbenzene-p	105-65-7	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1,000	30,000	41,000	390,000	8100	2.9 J	77 J	110,000 J	1.9 J	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	73	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.59	650 U	580 U	15	59 U	640 J	900 J
p-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Isopropyl Benzene	98-82-8	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
n-Propyltoluene	99-87-4	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK / 2-butanone)	78-93-3	120	100,000	100,000	500,000	670 U	17 U	690 U	620 U	13 U	620 U	17 U	3200 U	62 U	620 U	3400 U	18 U	0.7 U	650 U	580 U	0.74 U	200 U	770 U	850 U
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	50	51,000	100,000	500,000	110 JB	9.2 B	120 JB	110 JB	5.7 JB	110 JB	7.2 JB	3400 JB	32 B	98 JB	540 JB	6.9 JB	1.4 B	130 JB	110 JB	1.5 B	160 JB	710 JB	870 JB
1-Methyl-2-pentene	109-10-1	—	—	—	—	670 U	17 U	690 U	620 U	13 U	620 U	17 U	3200 U	62 U	620 U	3400 U	18 U	0.47 U	650 U	580 U	0.49 U	110 U	410 U	410 U
Naphthalene	91-20-3	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Propylbenzene-n	103-65-1	3,900	100,000	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	11,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tert-Butylbenzene	98-05-6	5,900	100,000	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	1,300	5,500	19,000	150,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	6 J	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.7 U	650 U	580 U	0.74 U	52 U	200 U	220 U
Toluene	108-88-3	700	100,000	100,000	500,000	220 J	1.3 J	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	24 J	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.7 U	650 U	580 U	0.74 U	44 U	180 U	370 U
Trichloroethane	79-01-6	10,000	21,000	40,000	400,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.35 U	650 U	580 U	0.37 U	68 U	270 U	300 U
Tetramethylbenzene-1,2,4,5	95-93-2	—	—	—	—	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.35 U	650 U	580 U	0.37 U	67 U	270 U	290 U
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	20	210	900	13,000	670 U	8.7 U	690 U	620 U	6.4 U	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	31 U	620 U	3400 U	8.9 U	0.35 U	650 U	580 U	0.37 U	67 U	270 U	290 U
1,2-Xylene (o-Xylene)	95-47-4	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,3-Xylene (m-Xylene)	108-38-3	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Xylene (m,p-Xylene)	108-38-3	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Xylene (total)	1330-20-7	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	620 J	8.9	220 J	410 J	5.6	620 U	8.7 U	3200 U	280	280 J	3400 U	8.9 U	180	650 U	580 U	42	110 U	2,200 J	1,100 J
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																								
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	1,100	100,000	100,000	500,000	1700 U	570 U	450 U	400 U	400 U	410 U	570 U	410 U	3200 U	1600 U	1800 U	590 U	64 U	420 U	370 U	67 U	65 U	63 U	140 U
1,2-Diphenylbenzene	122-66-7	—	—	—	—	1700 U	570 U	450 U	400 U	400 U	410 U	570 U	410 U	3200 U	1600 U	1800 U	590 U	64 U	420 U	370 U	67 U	65 U	63 U	140 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	—	—	—	—	1000 J	570 U	450 U	400 U	400 U	410 U	570 U	410 U	3200 U	1600 U	1800 U	590 U	64 U	420 U	370 U	67 U	65 U	63 U	140 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	—	—	—	—	1000 J	570 U	450 U	400 U	400 U	410 U	570 U	410 U	3200 U	1600 U	1800 U	590 U	64 U	420 U	370 U	67 U	65 U	63 U	140 U
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-6	—	—	—	—	1700 U	570 U	450 U	400 U	400 U	410 U	570 U	410 U	3200 U	1600 U	1800 U	590 U	130 U	420 U	370 U	140 U	130 U	130 U	290 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	100-67-9	—	—	—	—	1700 U	570 U	450 U	400 U	400 U	410 U	570 U	410 U	3200 U	1600 U	1800 U	590 U	130 U	420 U	370 U	140 U	130 U	130 U	290 U
2,6																								

TABLE 3
HISTORICAL SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

388 CARROLL STREET
Brooklyn, New York

Consultant: Sample ID: Laboratory Sample Number: Sampling Date: Sampling Depth (ft): Units:	Subpart 375-6 (Revised Brownfields)					Cosmos Environmental										Tradewinds						
	CAS No.	Unrestricted Use Objectives	Residential	Protection of Public Health		F#	TP-1	TP-3	TP-4	TP-7	TP-8	Composite	NE Corner	NW Corner	SE Corner	SW Corner						
				Restricted - Residential	Restricted - Commercial												Restricted - Industrial	C974508/1	C974508/2	C974508/3	C974508/4	C974508/5
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																						
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-65-6	680	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	10.7	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	270	19,000	240,000	480,000	1,000,000	9.38	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2-Dichloroethane	75-35-4	330	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	11.1	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2-Dichloroethane (cis)	107-66-2	20	2,300	3,100	NA	NA	11.8	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2-Dichloroethane (trans)	156-59-2	250	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	10.8	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	156-60-5	190	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	10.7	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	87-61-6	—	—	—	—	—	10.3	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	96-18-4	—	—	—	—	—	10.5	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	—	—	—	—	—	10.9	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3,600	47,000	52,000	190,000	380,000	12.8	U	1,100	55	110	140	250	NA	5	U	5	U	190	U	35	U
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	8,400	47,000	52,000	190,000	380,000	12.7	U	290	150	70	65	120	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
4-Isopropyltoluene	99-87-6	—	—	—	—	—	12.6	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Acetone	67-64-1	50	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	39.8	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Benzene	71-43-2	60	4,900	41,000	60,000	1,000,000	11	U	2,100	270	190	130	1,300	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
n-Butylbenzene	104-51-8	12,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	12.6	U	4,300	1,100	1,900	1,000	990	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	—	—	—	—	—	7.89	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	760	1,400	2,400	22,000	44,000	10.6	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	1,100	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	12.5	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Chloroform	67-66-3	370	10,000	49,000	350,000	700,000	11.8	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Diethylbenzene-p	105-05-5	—	—	—	—	—	11.8	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1,000	30,000	41,000	390,000	780,000	10.4	U	1,200	95	120	50	360	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
p-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	—	—	—	—	—	12.5	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Isopropyl Benzene	98-82-8	—	—	—	—	—	12.4	U	4,200	1,200	490	520	1,100	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
m-Isopropyltoluene	99-87-6	—	—	—	—	—	12.8	U	220	70	60	610	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK / 2-butanone)	78-93-3	120	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	21.3	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	50	51,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	89	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	—	—	—	—	—	10.8	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	—	—	—	—	—	8.15	U	2,100	380	290	310	350	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
Propylbenzene-n	103-65-1	3,900	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	11.4	U	8,400	2,000	310	840	1,400	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
Sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	11,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	12.8	U	5,600	1,100	2,600	890	1,100	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
Ter-Butylbenzene	85-06-6	5,900	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	12.2	U	2,500	1,200	390	390	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	1,300	5,500	19,000	300,000	300,000	34.2	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Toluene	108-88-3	700	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	11.1	U	780	110	190	130	280	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	470	20,000	400,000	600,000	1,000,000	10.2	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Tetramethylbenzene-1,2,4,5	95-93-2	—	—	—	—	—	36.6	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	20	210	900	13,000	27,000	12.9	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,2-Xylene (o-Xylene)	95-47-8	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	12.9	U	280	50	60	65	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
1,3-Xylene (m-Xylene)	108-38-3	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	24.5	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	U	5	U	5	U	5	U	
Xylene (m,p-Xylene)	108-38-3	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	24.5	U	2,400	270	350	290	650	NA	10	U	10	U	10	U	10	U
Xylene (total)	1330-20-7	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	NA	U	2,700	310	410	350	750	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																						
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	1,100	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	36.2	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
1,2-Dichloroethane	122-66-7	—	—	—	—	—	35.4	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	—	—	—	—	—	48.9	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	—	—	—	—	—	46.5	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-6	—	—	—	—	—	35.6	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	—	—	—	—	—	49	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	—	—	—	—	—	48.3	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	—	—	—	—	—	20.2	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	—	—	—	—	—	44.7	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	—	—	—	—	—	115	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	20,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	49.4	U	1,900	650	300	U	500	U	5,600	NA	170	300	330	460		
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	40.3	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Anthracene	120-12-7	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	52.2	U	1,500	210	300	U	300	U	3,900	NA	250	610	370	1,300		
Benzo (a) anthracene	56-55-3	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,000	11,000	49.6	U	2,400	1,100	300	U	300	U	4,300	NA	770	1,200	1,200	2,700		
Benzo (a) pyrene	50-32-8	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,000	11,000	61.1	U	2,800	1,500	300	U	300	U	3,700	NA	580	1,500	1,500	2,500		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	205-99-2	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,000	11,000	48.7	U	2,400	1,500	300	U	300	U	3,300	NA	1,800	1,800	1,800	3,400		
Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	191-24-2	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	89.6	U	1,100	600	300	U	300	U	1,300	NA	650	1,200	830	1,900		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	207-05-9	800	1,000	3,900	5,000	11,000	89.2	U	2,400	950	300	U	300	U	3,300	NA	420	750	680	1,600		
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6																					

**TABLE 4
SUMMARY OF HISTORICAL GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS
363 BOND STREET
Brooklyn, New York**

Consultant: Sample ID: Langan Sample Number: Laboratory Sample Number: Sampling Date: Sampling Depth (ft): Units:		CAS No.	Ground Water Quality Standards ug/l	Environmental Liability Management of New York, LLC (ELM)																
				MW-1		MW-2		MW-4		MW-5										
				209387-001 4/28/2005	209387-002 4/28/2005	209387-003 4/28/2005	209387-004 4/28/2005	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q							
Total Metals																				
Aluminum	7429-90-5	3	97.7 J	92 U	92 U	92 U	924													
Antimony	7440-36-0	3	5.4 U	5.4 U	5.4 U	5.4 U	5.4 U													
Arsenic	7440-38-2	25	3.9 U	10 J	3.9 U	35.7 J														
Barium	7440-39-3	1000	145	224	21.9	157														
Beryllium	7440-41-7	3	ND	ND	ND	ND														
Boron	7440-42-8	—																		
Cadmium	7440-43-9	5	1.1 U	1.1 U	16.4	1.7 J														
Calcium	7440-70-2	—	87,900	108,000	70,300	28,300														
Chromium	7440-47-3	50	1.3 U	1.3 U	1.3 U	21.2														
Cobalt	7440-48-4	—	1.8 U	2.1 J	1.8 U	7.1 J														
Copper	7440-50-8	200	4.3 U	4.3 U	8.3 J	17.2														
Iron	7439-89-6	300	5,990	3,730	270	3,600														
Iron and Manganese	7493-89-6/7439-96-8	—	6,946	4,274	330	3,771														
Lead	7439-92-1	25	3 U	3.6 J	3 U	227														
Magnesium	7439-95-4	35000	10,600	32,800	5,800	23,500														
Manganese	7439-96-5	500	956	544	60	171														
Mercury (elemental)	7439-97-6	—	0.07 U	0.07 U	0.07 U	0.49														
Nickel	7440-02-0	100	1.9 U	4.1 J	3.7 J	43.2														
Potassium	7440-09-7	—	14,000	50,300	6,550	79,100														
Sodium	7440-23-5	20000	105,000	155,000	28,400	187,000														
Thallium	7440-28-0	0.5	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U														
Vanadium	7440-62-2	—	1.5 U	1.5 U	5.7 J	19.8														
Zinc	7440-66-6	2000	11 U	11 U	27 J	165														
Dissolved Metals																				
Antimony	7440-36-0	3	5.4 U	5.4 U	5.4 U	5.4 U														
Arsenic	7440-38-2	25	3.9 U	7.5 J	3.9 U	30.5 J														
Barium	7440-39-3	1000	110	158	20.9	123														
Cadmium	7440-43-9	5	1.1 U	1.1 U	15.3	1.1 U														
Calcium	7440-70-2	—	91,400	107,000	73,100	27,600														
Chromium	7440-47-3	50	1.3 U	1.3 U	1.3 U	16.5														
Cobalt	7440-48-4	—	1.8 U	2.4 J	1.8 U	6.5 J														
Copper	7440-50-8	200	4.3 U	4.3 U	5.1 J	6.2 J														
Iron	7439-89-6	300	1,290	54 U	70.9 J	1,830														
Iron and Manganese	7493-89-6/7439-96-8	—	2,267	512	132.1	1,982														
Lead	7439-92-1	25	3 U	3 U	3 U	135														
Magnesium	7439-95-4	35000	11,200	32,200	5970	23,200														
Manganese	7439-96-5	500	977	512	61.2	152														
Nickel	7440-02-0	100	1.9 U	4.6 J	3.9 J	41.9														
Potassium	7440-09-7	—	15100	50,400	6690	80,300														
Sodium	7440-23-5	20000	111,000	156,000	29,000	184,000														
Thallium	7440-28-0	0.5	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U														
Vanadium	7440-62-2	—	1.5 U	1.5 U	5.2 J	17.1														
Zinc	7440-66-6	2000	11 U	11 U	34.9 J	62.9														

NOTES:

Groundwater Quality Standards are a combination of values from the NYSDEC Part 703, Table 1 (cf. section 703.5), last revised 17 January 2008 and NYSDEC Technical & Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.1.1 Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values and Groundwater Effluent Limitations, last revised June 2004.

— : No criteria established

J: Estimated value

U: Indicates that the result is lower than the MDL

B: Analyte detected in the method blank

C: GC target hit confirmed by Mass Spectrometry

Sample data were provided in the Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street by ELM dated May 2005.

Italicized and **Bold results** indicate method detection limit (MDL) exceedances of the most stringent criteria.

TABLE 6
SUMMARY OF LANGAN SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS
363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase: Address: Location ID: Sample ID: Sample Date: Sampling Depth/VOC Sampling Depth (ft bgs): Units:	CAS No.	Subpart 375-6 SCOs (Revised Brownfields) Protection of Public Health					Due Diligence 363 Bond Street						
		Unrestricted Use Objectives	Residential	Restricted - Residential	Restricted - Commercial	Restricted - Industrial	LSB-1	LSB-2	LSB-2	LSB-3	LSB-3	LSB-4	LSB-4
							002/001 8/21/2012 7.5-9.5/8-8.5 ug/kg Q	003/004 8/21/2012 6.5-8.5/6.5-7 ug/kg Q	005/006 8/21/2012 11.5-13.5/11.5-12 ug/kg Q	007/008 8/22/2012 6-8/6-6.5 ug/kg Q	009/010 8/22/2012 12-14/12-12.5 ug/kg Q	011/012 8/22/2012 7-9/8.5-9 ug/kg Q	013/014 8/22/2012 7-9/8.5-9 ug/kg Q
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)													
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	680	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	310 U	5.4 U	5.5 U	270 U	320 U	280 U	330 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	270	19,000	26,000	240,000	480,000	310 U	5.4 U	5.5 U	270 U	320 U	280 U	330 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	330	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	310 U	5.4 U	5.5 U	270 U	320 U	280 U	330 U
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3,600	47,000	52,000	190,000	380,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	20	2,300	3,100	30,000	60,000	61 U	1.1 U	1.1 U	55 U	64 U	56 U	67 U
1,4-Dioxane (P-Dioxane)	123-91-1	100	9,800	13,000	130,000	250,000	7700 U	130 U	140 U	6800 U	8000 U	7000 U	8300 U
Acetone	67-64-1	50	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	217 J	25.4	35.7	550 U	640 U	560 U	670 U
Benzene	71-43-2	60	2,900	4,800	44,000	89,000	20.2 J	1.1 U	1.1 U	55 U	64 U	12 J	36 J
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	760	1,400	2,400	22,000	44,000	310 U	5.4 U	5.5 U	270 U	320 U	280 U	330 U
Chloroform	67-66-3	370	10,000	49,000	350,000	700,000	310 U	5.4 U	5.5 U	270 U	320 U	280 U	330 U
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	250	59,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	68.1 J	5.4 U	5.5 U	37.6 J	320 U	135 J	188 J
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1,000	30,000	41,000	390,000	780,000	2,260	1.1 U	1.1 U	55 U	64 U	151	310
M And P Xylenes	179601-23-1	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	17,100	1.1 U	1.1 U	55 U	64 U	437	875
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	78-93-3	120	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	610 U	11 U	11 U	550 U	640 U	560 U	670 U
P-Cymene (P-Isopropyltoluene)	CYMP	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Toluene	108-88-3	700	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	18.4 J	1.1 U	1.1 U	55 U	64 U	38.1 J	83.7
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	190	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	310 U	5.4 U	5.5 U	270 U	320 U	50.1 J	62.2 J
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	79-01-6	470	10,000	21,000	200,000	400,000	60.5 J	5.4 U	5.5 U	75 J	21.1 J	280 U	330 U
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	20	210	900	13,000	27,000	310 U	5.4 U	5.5 U	270 U	320 U	280 U	330 U
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)													
2-Methylphenol (O-Cresol)	95-48-7	330	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	1,500	67 U	68 U	71 U	74 U	74 U	78 U
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	20,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	72,200	184	235	759	1810	975	291
Anthracene	120-12-7	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	151,000	604	740	1180	3230	1490	552
Benzo(A)Anthracene	56-55-3	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,600	11,000	168,000	2,670	2,620	1,580	6,450	1,660	989
Benzo(A)Pyrene	50-32-8	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,100	152,000	3,080	2,910	1,410	6,170	1,320	902
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	205-99-2	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,600	11,000	150,000	3,000	2,840	1,490	4,960	1,240	754
Benzo(G,H,I)Perylene	191-24-2	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	96,000	2,100	1,910	802	3,680	731	539
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	207-08-9	800	1,000	3,900	56,000	110,000	76,700	1,360	1,370	722	4,510	864	619
Chrysene	218-01-9	1,000	1,000	3,900	56,000	110,000	166,000	2,670	2,580	1,550	6,090	1,580	1,030
Cresols, M & P	MEPH1314	330	34,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	4,600	67 U	68 U	71 U	74 U	74 U	78 U
Dibenz(A,H)Anthracene	53-70-3	330	330	330	560	1,100	36,900	774	686	300	1,310	309	201
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	7,000	14,000	59,000	350,000	1,000,000	62,100	90.4	104	448	1170	335	156
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	473,000	5640	5240	5030	16200	4970	2480
Fluorene	86-73-7	30,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	84,200	231	260	924	2050	1110	361
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	330	330	1,200	6,000	12,000	700 U	67 U	68 U	71 U	74 U	74 U	78 U
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	193-39-5	500	500	500	5,600	11,000	89,900	1,910	1,750	762	3,550	718	503
Naphthalene	91-20-3	12,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	102,000	56.3	77.1	291	1040	1010	242
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	800	2,400	6,700	6,700	55,000	3,500 U	330 U	340 U	360 U	370 U	370 U	390 U
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	539,000	1910	2360	5370	13300	6150	2290
Phenol	108-95-2	330	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	1,910	67 U	68 U	71 U	74 U	74 U	78 U
Pyrene	129-00-0	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000	340,000	4300	4330	3280	12100	3250	2000
Pesticides													
Gamma Chlordane	12789-03-6	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	3	1,800	8,900	62,000	120,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	3	1,700	7,900	47,000	94,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)													
PCB-1254 (Aroclor 1254)	11097-69-1	100	1,000	1,000	1,000	25,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total PCBs	1336-36-3	100	1,000	1,000	1,000	25,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Metals													
Antimony	7440-36-0	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	7440-38-2	13,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	7440-39-3	350,000	350,000	400,000	400,000	10,000,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Beryllium	7440-41-7	7,200	14,000	72,000	590,000	2,700,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	7440-43-9	2,500	2,500	4,300	9,300	60,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Calcium	7440-70-2	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium, Total	7440-47-3	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cobalt	7440-48-4	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	7440-50-8	50,000	270,000	270,000	270,000	10,000,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Iron	7439-89-6	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	7439-92-1	63,000	400,000	400,000	1,000,000	3,900,000	435,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Magnesium	7439-95-4	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Manganese	7439-96-5	1,600,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	7439-97-6	180	810	810	2,800	5,700	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7440-02-0	30,000	140,000	310,000	310,000	10,000,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Potassium	7440-09-7	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Selenium	7782-49-2	3,900	36,000	180,000	1,500,000	6,800,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Silver	7440-22-4	2,000	36,000	180,000	1,500,000	6,800,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sodium	7440-23-5	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	7440-62-2	—	—	—	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	7440-66-6	109,000	2,200,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Notes:
 Subpart 375-6 SCOs (Revised Brownfields) criteria are from the NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Objective Tables 375-6.8(a) and 375-6.8(b), last revised 14 December 2006.
 ft bgs - feet below ground surface
 NA: Not analyzed
 U: The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
 J: The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
 UJ: The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.

Italicized and **Bold results** indicate Reporting Limits (RL) greater than or equal to the most stringent criteria.
 Data has been subject to third party validation.

TABLE 7
SUMMARY OF LANGAN GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS
363 BOND STREET AND 400 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase: Address: Location ID: Sample ID: Sample Date: Sample Depth (ft bgs): Units:	CAS No.	Ground Water Quality Standards ug/l	Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation				
			363 Bond Street MW-2 031 8/30/2012 7	363 Bond Street MW-2 134-MW-2-20130913 9/13/2013 7	363 Bond Street MW-4 29 8/30/2012 10	363 Bond Street MW-4 156-MW-4-20130917 9/17/2013 14	363 Bond Street MW-1 151-MW-1-20130917 9/17/2013 9	363 Bond Street MW-3 143-MW-3-20130916 9/16/2013 12	363 Bond Street MW-3 145-DUP-1-20130916 9/16/2013 12	363 Bond Street MW-5 148-MW-5-20130917 9/17/2013 12	363 Bond Street MW-5 149-DUP-2-20130917 9/17/2013 12	363 Bond Street LMW-6 147-LMW-6-20130917 9/17/2013 12	363 Bond Street LMW-7 150-LMW-7-20130917 9/17/2013 12.5	400 Carroll Street LMW-9 154-LMW-9-20130917 9/17/2013 12	400 Carroll Street LMW-10 155-LMW-10-20130917 9/17/2013 10	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q
			ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																					
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	5	NA	0.071 U	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	5	1 U	0.024 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	5	1 U	0.17 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane	76-13-1	5	5 U	0.074 U	5 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	1	1 U	0.07 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	5	1 U	0.044 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	5	1 U	0.044 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	5	NA	0.11 U	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5	NA	0.068 U	NA	8.6	1.3	5 U	0.4 J	160	160	24	6,000	0.32 J	0.48 J	0.48 J	0.48 J	0.48 J	0.48 J		
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	96-12-8	0.04	10 U	0.46 U	10 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene Dibromide)	106-93-4	0.0006	2 U	0.15 U	2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	3	1 U	0.071 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.6	1 U	0.12 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	1	1 U	0.051 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene)	108-67-8	5	NA	0.059 U	NA	2.1	0.4 J	5 U	0.2 U	42	42	1.8 J	1,900	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	3	1 U	0.048 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	3	1 U	0.048 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
1,4-Dioxane (P-Dioxane)	123-91-1	—	130 U	4.1 U	130 U	40 U	40 U	1000 U	40 U	400 U	400 U	200 U	20000 U	40 U	40 U	40 U	40 U	40 U	40 U		
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	50	5 U	0.24 U	5 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Acetone	67-64-1	50	10 U	1.5 U	10 U	1 U	1 U	130 U	1 U	10 U	10 U	8.1 J	500 U	1.3 J	1.5 J	1.5 J	1.5 J	1.5 J	1.5 J		
Acrolein	107-02-8	5	NA	0.81 U	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	5	NA	0.73 U	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Benzene	71-43-2	1	1 U	0.044 U	0.39 J	0.33 J	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	39	39	39	100 U	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9		
Benzoic Acid	65-85-0	—	NA	25.6 U	NA	25.6 U	26.3 U	26.3 U	29.4 U	1470 U	1390 U	128 U	53800 U	30.3 U	28.6 U	28.6 U	28.6 U	28.6 U	28.6 U		
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	50	1 U	0.054 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Bromoform	75-25-2	50	4 U	0.079 U	4 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Bromomethane	74-83-9	5	2 U	0.2 U	2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	60	2 U	0.065 U	2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	7.8 J	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	5	1 U	0.085 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	5	1 U	0.063 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Chloroethane	75-00-3	5	1 U	0.09 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Chloroform	67-66-3	7	1 U	0.079 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Chloromethane	74-87-3	—	1 U	0.076 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.22 J	0.22 J	0.22 J	0.22 J		
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	5	1 U	0.069 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	0.4	1 U	0.067 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	50	1 U	0.053 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Dibromomethane	74-95-3	5	NA	0.12 U	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	5	5 U	0.092 U	5 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5	1 U	0.057 U	1 U	0.56	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	63	64	11	360	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.5	1 U	0.12 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	98-82-8	5	2 U	0.056 U	1.3 J	1.4 J	0.32 J	14 J	1.1 J	16	15	14	410	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68		
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	—	5 U	0.62 U	5 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	78-93-3	50	10 U	1 U	10 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	12 U	0.5 U	5 U	5 U	2.5 U	250 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U		
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	5	2 U	0.26 U	2 U	1 U	1 U	25 U	1 U	10 U	10 U	5 U	500 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U		
N-Butylbenzene	104-51-8	5	NA	0.083 U	NA	1.2	0.2 U	6.8 J	0.24 J	17	17	3	580	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
N-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	5	NA	0.068 U	NA	0.98	0.2 U	19 J	0.37 J	17	16	11	610	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.54		
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	95-47-6	5	1 U	0.05 U	0.25 J	4.5	0.98	5 U	0.34 J	90	93	14	3,200	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	5	NA	0.05 U	NA	1.3	0.71	5 U	0.66 J	4.2 J	4.2 J	2.3 J	320	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58		
Styrene	100-42-5	5	5 U	0.043 U	5 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
T-Butylbenzene	98-06-6	5	NA	0.05 U	NA	1.1	1.5	5 U	0.65 J	2.5 J	2.5 J	1 U	100 U	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97		
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	75-65-0	—	NA	6.1 U	NA	2	0.5 U	12 U	0.5 U	5 U	5 U	4.4 J	250 U	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3		
Tert-Butyl Methyl Ether	1634-04-4	10	0.31 J	0.48 U	0.53 J	0.2 U	0.42 J	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	5	1 U	0.07 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1		
Toluene	108-88-3	5	1 U	0.042 U	1 U	3	0.31 J	5 U	0.2 U	31 J	30 J	6.1 J	1,800	0.23 J	0.23 J	0.23 J	0.23 J	0.23 J	0.23 J		
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	5	1 U	0.085 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67		
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	0.4	1 U	0.06 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	5 U	0.2 U	2 U	2 U	1 U	100 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U		

TABLE 7
SUMMARY OF LANGAN GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS
363 BOND STREET AND 400 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase: Address: Location ID: Sample ID: Sample Date: Sample Depth (ft bgs): Units:	CAS No.	Ground Water Quality Standards ug/l	Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		Due Dilligence		363 Bond Street		363 Bond Street		363 Bond Street		363 Bond Street		363 Bond Street		363 Bond Street		400 Carroll Street		400 Carroll Street					
			363 Bond Street MW-2 031 8/30/2012 7	363 Bond Street MW-2 134-MW-2-20130913 9/13/2013 7	363 Bond Street MW-4 29 8/30/2012 10	363 Bond Street MW-4 156-MW-4-20130917 9/17/2013 14	363 Bond Street MW-1 151-MW-1-20130917 9/17/2013 9	363 Bond Street MW-3 143-MW-3-20130916 9/16/2013 12	363 Bond Street MW-3 145-DUP-1-20130916 9/16/2013 12	363 Bond Street MW-5 148-MW-5-20130917 9/17/2013 12	363 Bond Street MW-5 149-DUP-2-20130917 9/17/2013 12	363 Bond Street LMW-6 147-LMW-6-20130917 9/17/2013 12	363 Bond Street LMW-7 150-LMW-7-20130917 9/17/2013 12.5	400 Carroll Street LMW-9 154-LMW-9-20130917 9/17/2013 12	400 Carroll Street LMW-10 155-LMW-10-20130917 9/17/2013 10													
			ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q		
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																												
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	2	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	2	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	5	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	2	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	2	21	U	2.56	U	21	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	5	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	5	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	5	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	2	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	—	1	U	2.56	U	1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	41.6	J	2.94	UJ	1890		1480		95.4		61000		3.03	U	2.86	U
2-Methylphenol (O-Cresol)	95-48-7	2	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	5	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	2	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
3- And 4- Methylphenol (Total)	MEPH3MEPH4	—	NA		2.56	U	NA		2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	5	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	5	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	59-50-7	2	5.2	U	NA		5.2	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	5	5.2	U	NA		5.2	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	5	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	2	10	U	2.56	U	10	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	20	3.4		2.97		1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	1.93	J	0.694	J	1,020		781		63.9		108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	—	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.726	J	0.0588	UJ	50.6	J	47.8	J	0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Anthracene	120-12-7	50	1.2		0.779		1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.347	J	0.0588	UJ	675		507		9.13	J	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Atrazine	1912-24-9	7.5	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Benidine	92-87-5	5	NA		10.3	U	NA		10.3	U	10.5	U	10.5	U	11.8	U	588	U	556	U	51.3	U	21500	U	12.1	U	11.4	U
Benzo(A)Anthracene	56-55-3	0.002	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.0588	U	376		356		0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Benzo(A)Pyrene	50-32-8	—	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.0588	U	253	J	254	J	0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.002	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.0588	U	242	J	214	J	0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Benzo(G,H,I)Perylene	191-24-2	—	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.0588	U	64.1	J	41.1	J	0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.002	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.0588	U	236	J	184	J	0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Benzyl Butyl Phthalate	85-68-7	50	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Biphenyl (Diphenyl)	92-52-4	5	1	U	2.56	U	1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane	111-91-1	5	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether (2-Chloroethyl Ether)	111-44-4	1	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) Ether	108-60-1	5	NA		2.56	U	NA		2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	117-81-7	5	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Caprolactam	105-60-2	—	2.1	U	2.56	UJ	2.1	U	2.56	UJ	2.63	UJ	2.63	UJ	2.94	UJ	147	UJ	139	UJ	12.8	UJ	5380	U	3.03	UJ	2.86	U
Carbazole	86-74-8	—	1	U	2.56	U	1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	295		288		12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.002	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.0588	U	346		310		0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Dibenz(A,H)Anthracene	53-70-3	—	1	U	0.0513	U	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.0588	U	53.5	J	34.4	J	0.256	U	108	U	0.0606	U	0.0571	U
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	—	5.2	U	2.56	U	5.2	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	717		139		12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Diethyl Phthalate	84-66-2	50	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Dimethyl Phthalate	131-11-3	50	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Di-N-Butyl Phthalate	84-74-2	50	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Di-N-Octylphthalate	117-84-0	50	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.1	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.94	U	147	U	139	U	12.8	U	5380	U	3.03	U	2.86	U
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	50	2		1.13		1	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.305	J	0.0588	UJ	1,360		1,130		6.							

TABLE 7
SUMMARY OF LANGAN GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS
363 BOND STREET AND 400 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase: Address: Location ID: Sample ID: Sample Date: Sample Depth (ft bgs): Units:	CAS No.	Ground Water Quality Standards ug/l	Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		Due Dilligence		Remedial Investigation		
			363 Bond Street MW-2 031 8/30/2012 7	363 Bond Street MW-2 134-MW-2-20130913 7 9/13/2013	363 Bond Street MW-4 29 8/30/2012 10	363 Bond Street MW-4 156-MW-4-20130917 14 9/17/2013	363 Bond Street MW-1 151-MW-1-20130917 9 9/17/2013	363 Bond Street MW-3 143-MW-3-20130916 12 9/16/2013	363 Bond Street MW-3 145-DUP-1-20130916 12 9/16/2013	363 Bond Street MW-5 148-MW-5-20130917 12 9/17/2013	363 Bond Street MW-5 149-DUP-2-20130917 12 9/17/2013	363 Bond Street LMW-6 147-LMW-6-20130917 12 9/17/2013	363 Bond Street LMW-7 150-LMW-7-20130917 12.5 9/17/2013	400 Carroll Street LMW-9 154-LMW-9-20130917 12 9/17/2013	400 Carroll Street LMW-10 155-LMW-10-20130917 10 9/17/2013				
			ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l	Q	ug/l
Pesticides																			
Aldrin	309-00-2	ND	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Alpha Bhc (Alpha Hexachlorocyclohexane)	319-84-6	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Alpha Endosulfan	959-98-8	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Alpha-Chlordane	5103-71-9	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Beta Bhc (Beta Hexachlorocyclohexane)	319-85-7	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Beta Endosulfan	33213-65-9	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Chlordane	57-74-9	0.05	NA	0.0471 UJ	NA	0.04 UJ	0.0457 U	0.05 UJ	0.0471 U	0.0457 UJ	0.0457 U	0.04 UJ	0.552 U	0.0432 UJ	0.0444 U	NA	0.0471 UJ	0.0457 U	0.05 UJ
Delta Bhc (Delta Hexachlorocyclohexane)	319-86-8	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.004	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Endosulfan Sulfate	1031-07-8	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Endrin	72-20-8	ND	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Endrin Aldehyde	7421-93-4	5	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Endrin Ketone	53494-70-5	5	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Gamma Bhc (Lindane)	58-89-9	-	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.04	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Heptachlor Epoxide	1024-57-3	0.03	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	35	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
P,P'-Ddd	72-54-8	0.3	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
P,P'-Dde	72-55-9	0.2	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
P,P'-Ddt	50-29-3	0.2	NA	0.00118 UJ	NA	0.001 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ	0.00118 U	0.00114 UJ	0.00114 U	0.001 UJ	0.0138 U	0.00108 UJ	0.00111 U	NA	0.00118 UJ	0.00114 U	0.00125 UJ
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.06	NA	0.118 UJ	NA	0.1 UJ	0.114 U	0.125 UJ	0.118 U	0.114 UJ	0.114 U	0.1 UJ	1.38 U	0.108 UJ	0.111 U	NA	0.118 UJ	0.114 U	0.125 UJ
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)																			
Pcb-1016 (Aroclor 1016)	12674-11-2	0.09	NA	0.0588 UJ	NA	0.05 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U	0.0588 U	0.0571 UJ	0.0571 U	0.05 UJ	0.69 U	0.0541 U	0.0556 U	NA	0.0588 UJ	0.0571 U	0.0625 U
Pcb-1221 (Aroclor 1221)	11104-28-2	0.09	NA	0.0588 U	NA	0.05 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U	0.0588 U	0.0571 UJ	0.0571 U	0.05 UJ	0.69 U	0.0541 U	0.0556 U	NA	0.0588 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U
Pcb-1232 (Aroclor 1232)	11141-16-5	0.09	NA	0.0588 U	NA	0.05 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U	0.0588 U	0.0571 UJ	0.0571 U	0.05 UJ	0.69 U	0.0541 U	0.0556 U	NA	0.0588 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U
Pcb-1242 (Aroclor 1242)	53469-21-9	0.09	NA	0.0588 U	NA	0.05 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U	0.0588 U	0.0571 UJ	0.0571 U	0.05 UJ	0.69 U	0.0541 U	0.0556 U	NA	0.0588 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U
Pcb-1248 (Aroclor 1248)	12672-29-6	0.09	NA	0.0588 U	NA	0.05 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U	0.0588 U	0.0571 UJ	0.0571 U	0.05 UJ	0.69 U	0.0541 U	0.0556 U	NA	0.0588 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U
Pcb-1254 (Aroclor 1254)	11097-69-1	0.09	NA	0.0588 UJ	NA	0.05 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U	0.0588 U	0.0571 UJ	0.0571 U	0.05 UJ	9.35 U	0.0541 U	0.0556 U	NA	0.0588 UJ	0.0571 U	0.0625 U
Pcb-1260 (Aroclor 1260)	11096-82-5	0.09	NA	0.0588 UJ	NA	0.05 U	0.0571 U	0.0625 U	0.0588 U	0.0571 UJ	0.0571 U	0.05 UJ	0.69 U	0.0541 U	0.0556 U	NA	0.0588 UJ	0.0571 U	0.0625 U
Metals																			
Aluminum	7429-90-5	3	NA	38	NA	10	10 UJ	10 J	1,150 J	37 J	198 J	448 J	219 UJ	502	145	NA	38	10 UJ	10 J
Aluminum (Dissolved)	7429-90-5	3	NA	10 U	NA	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U	12 U	10 U	28 U	10 U	14 U	10 U	NA	10 U	10 U	10 U
Barium	7440-39-3	1000	NA	830	NA	128	291	460	380	540	575	271	327	131	325	NA	830	128	291
Barium (Dissolved)	7440-39-3	1000	NA	712	NA	129	239	348	207	454	509	193	321	130	320	NA	712	129	239
Calcium	7440-70-2	-	NA	234000	NA	160000	121000	238000	118000	94900	99700	88200	601000	615000	218000	NA	234000	160000	121000
Calcium (Dissolved)	7440-70-2	-	NA	235000	NA	161000	123000	221000	117000	104000	107000	90300	607000	616000	218000	NA	235000	161000	123000
Chromium, Total	7440-47-3	50	NA	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	7	5 U	5 U	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U
Chromium, Total (Dissolved)	7440-47-3	50	NA	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	6	5 U	5 U	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U
Cobalt	7440-48-4	-	NA	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	25	5 U	5 U	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U
Cobalt (Dissolved)	7440-48-4	-	NA	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	26	5 U	5 U	5 U	NA	5 U	5 U	5 U
Copper	7440-50-8	200	NA	3 U	NA	3 U	3 U	3 U	3 U	7	5	14	3 U	3 U	3 U	NA	3 U	3 U	3 U
Copper (Dissolved)	7440-50-8	200	NA	3 U	NA	3 U	3 U	3 U	3 U	3 U	3 U	7	3 U	3 U	3 U	NA	3 U	3 U	3 U
Iron	7439-89-6	300	NA	5,230	NA	5,120	2,530	25,200 J	14,500 J	3,180	3,400	3,000	5,940	707	1,890	NA	5,230	5,120	2,530
Iron (Dissolved)	7439-89-6	300	NA	64 J	NA	5,110	57	2,450 J	504 J	900	766	1,020	82	185	1,790	NA	64 J	57	2,450 J
Lead	7439-92-1	25	NA	13	NA	3 U	3 U	3 U	3 U	3	3	27	3	4	5	NA	13	3 U	3 U
Lead (Dissolved)	7439-92-1	25	NA	3 U	NA	3 U	3 U	3 U	3 U	3 U	5	4	3 U	4	3 U	NA	3 U	3 U	3 U
Magnesium	7439-95-4	35000	NA	91,900	NA	31700	32200	20800	76,000 J	74,800 J	79,200	40,800	406,000	217,000	50,400	NA	91,900	31700	32200
Magnesium (Dissolved)	7439-95-4	35000	NA	91,100	NA	32100	32100	20200	73,800 J	80,600 J	83,400	40,500	409,000	221,000	50,000	NA	91,100	32100	32100
Manganese	7439-96-5	500	NA	1,750	NA	651	963	4,650 J	811 J	294	316	221	757	139	668	NA	1,750	651	963
Manganese (Dissolved)	7439-96-5																		

TABLE 8
SUMMARY OF LANGAN SOIL VAPOR ANALYTICAL RESULTS
363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase: Address: Location ID: Sample ID: Sample Date: Sampling Depth (ft bgs): Units:	CAS No.	NYSDOH ¹ ug/m3	USEPA ² 90th Percentile ug/m3	Due Diligence				Remedial Investigation											
				363 Bond Street LSV-1	363 Bond Street LSV-2	363 Bond Street LSV-1	363 Bond Street LSV-1	363 Bond Street LSV-2	363 Bond Street LSV-2	363 Bond Street LSV-3	363 Bond Street LSV-3	363 Bond Street LSV-3	363 Bond Street LSV-3	363 Bond Street LSV-4	363 Bond Street LSV-4	363 Bond Street LSV-4	363 Bond Street LSV-5	363 Bond Street LSV-5	363 Bond Street LSV-16
				033 8/30/2012 0.5 ug/m3 Q	034 8/30/2012 0.5 ug/m3 Q	095-LSV-1-20130910 9/10/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	121-LSV-1-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	090-LSV-2-20130909 9/9/2013 3 ug/m3 Q	115-LSV-2-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	094-LSV-3-20130910 9/10/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	112-LSV-3-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	098-LSV-4-20130910 9/10/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	118-LSV-4-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	122-DUP-1-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	089-LSV-5-20130909 9/9/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	117-LSV-5-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	097-LSV-16-20130910 9/10/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	119-LSV-16-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																			
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.38	—	3.2 U	3.2 U	7.3 U	9.9 U	7.7 U	15 U	7 U	7 U	6.9 U	11 U	6.9 U	8.1 U	11 U	8.8 U	7 U	
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	0.4	—	3.2 U	3.2 U	7.1 U	9.7 U	7.5 U	15 U	6.8 U	6.9 U	6.8 U	11 U	6.8 U	7.9 U	10 U	8.6 U	6.9 U	
Benzene	71-43-2	13	9.4	3.2	1.9 J	5.7 U	7.8 U	10	12 U	28	6.1	5.5 U	8.6 U	5.5 U	7.7	10	7 U	5.5 U	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	6.4	5.7	3.5 U	3.4 J	7.8 U	11 U	8.2 U	16 U	7.5 U	7.5 U	7.4 U	12 U	7.4 U	8.7 U	23	9.5 U	7.5 U	
M And P Xylenes	79601-23-1	11	22.2	4.3	7.4	16 U	22	16 U	33 U	15 U	15 U	15 U	23 U	15 U	17 U	100	19 U	15 U	
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	95-47-6	7.1	7.9	1.7 J	4.8	7.8 U	12	8.2 U	16 U	7.5 U	8.3 U	7.4 U	12 U	7.4 U	8.7 U	98	9.5 U	7.5 U	
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	2.5	15.9	4,160	1,010	180	17 U	420	400 J	1,600	2,400 J	3,700	1,400 J	740 J	300	340 J	2,700	1,100 J	
Toluene	108-88-3	57	43	4.5	8.7	6.8 U	22	16	14 U	16	18	34	41	24	16	56	8.2 U	9.8	
Total Xylenes	133-02-07	11	22.2	6.1	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	79-01-6	0.46	4.2	379	2,180	240	77 J	940	780 J	5,700	4,900 J	1,300	550 J	300 J	1,400	5,400 J	1,300	480 J	

Investigation Phase: Address: Location ID: Sample ID: Sample Date: Units:	CAS No.	NYSDOH ¹ ug/m3	USEPA ² 90th Percentile ug/m3	Remedial Investigation														
				363 Bond Street LSV-17	363 Bond Street LSV-17	363 Bond Street LSV-18	363 Bond Street LSV-18	363 Bond Street LSV-19	363 Bond Street LSV-19	363 Bond Street LSV-20	363 Bond Street LSV-20	388 Carroll Street LSV-11	388 Carroll Street LSV-12	388 Carroll Street LSV-13	388 Carroll Street LSV-14	388 Carroll Street LSV-15		
				096-LSV-17-20130910 9/10/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	120-LSV-17-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	099-LSV-18-20130910 9/10/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	113-LSV-18-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	093-LSV-19-20130910 9/10/2013 3.5 ug/m3 Q	114-LSV-19-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	088-LSV-20-20130909 9/9/2013 4 ug/m3 Q	116-LSV-20-20130912 9/12/2013 1 ug/m3 Q	109-LSV-11-20130911 9/11/2013 3 ug/m3 Q	111-LSV-12-20130911 9/11/2013 3 ug/m3 Q	110-LSV-13-20130911 9/11/2013 3 ug/m3 Q	108-LSV-14-20130911 9/11/2013 3 ug/m3 Q	107-LSV-15-20130911 9/11/2013 2.5 ug/m3 Q		
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																		
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.38	—	11 U	8.6 U	6.9 U	9.4 U	8.4 U	6.9 U	8.5 U	10 U	10 U	8.3 U	9.9 U	8.3 U	8.3 U		
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	0.4	—	11 U	8.5 U	6.8 U	9.2 U	8.3 U	6.8 U	8.3 U	10 U	10 U	8.1 U	9.7 U	8.1 U	8.1 U		
Benzene	71-43-2	13	9.4	35	6.8 U	45	7.4 U	41	5.5 U	10	16	8.2 U	850	190	190	89		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	6.4	5.7	12 U	9.3 U	7.4 U	10 U	9 U	7.4 U	9.1 U	11 U	310	690	450	320	150		
M And P Xylenes	79601-23-1	11	22.2	24 U	19 U	15 U	20 U	18 U	15 U	24	27	1,200	2,000	1,900	1,800	700		
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	95-47-6	7.1	7.9	12 U	9.3	8.9	10 U	9 U	7.4 U	10	13	190	430	340	590	120		
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	2.5	15.9	74	430 J	1,100	17 J	14 U	22 J	170	2,800 J	17 U	18	17 U	14 U	68		
Toluene	108-88-3	57	43	20	10	46	8.8 U	16	11	31	25	1,500	2,000	1,700	1,100	790		
Total Xylenes	133-02-07	11	22.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	79-01-6	0.46	4.2	200	1,600 J	680	13 J	120	110 J	6,400	56,000 J	6.9 U	5.5 U	6.6 U	5.5 U	30		

Notes:
 1: NYSDOH 2006: Study of Volatile Organic Chemicals in Air of Fuel Oil Heated Homes (Upper Fence criteria)
 2: USEPA 2001: Building Assessment and Survey Evaluation (BASE) Database using Summa Canister Method, 90th Percentile Criteria
 — : No criteria identified
 NA - Compound not analyzed
 U: The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
 J: The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
 UJ: The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the RL; however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
Italicized and **Bold results** indicate the Reporting Limit (RL) is greater than or equal to the most stringent criteria.
 Data has been subject to third party validation.

Table 9
Soil Sample QA/QC Results
363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase:		DUE DILIGENCE										REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION																			
Sample ID:	027	061-FB-1-20130904		070-FB-2-20130905		077-FB-3-20130906		091-FB-4-20130909		127-FB-5-20130912		172-FB-20140129		062-TB-1-20130904		071-TB-2-20130905		078-TB-3-20130906		092-TB-4-20130909		126-TB-5-20130912		133-TB-6-20130913		171-TB-20140129		179-TB-20140130			
Sample Date:	8/27/2012	9/4/2013		9/5/2013		9/6/2013		9/9/2013		9/12/2013		1/29/2014		9/4/2013		9/5/2013		9/6/2013		9/9/2013		9/12/2013		9/13/2013		1/29/2014		1/30/2014			
Units:	ug/l	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q		
Chemical Name	CAS No.	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q	Result	Q		
SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS																															
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	122-66-7	NA		2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,3,4,6-TETRACHLOROPHENOL	58-90-2	5.1	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	95-95-4	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	88-06-2	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	UJ	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	105-67-9	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	21	U	2.56	UJ	3.03	UJ	2.56	UJ	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	121-14-2	2.1	U	2.56	UJ	3.03	UJ	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	606-20-2	2.1	U	2.56	UJ	3.03	UJ	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	91-58-7	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2-CHLOROPHENOL	95-57-8	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	91-57-6	1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2-METHYLPHENOL (O-CRESOL)	95-48-7	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2-NITROANILINE	88-74-4	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
2-NITROPHENOL	88-75-5	5.1	U	2.56	UJ	3.03	UJ	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
3- AND 4- METHYLPHENOL (TOTAL)	MEPH3MEPH	NA		2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	91-94-1	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
3-NITROANILINE	99-09-2	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	21	U	2.56	UJ	3.03	UJ	2.56	UJ	2.63	UJ	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	101-55-3	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	59-50-7	5.1	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-CHLOROANILINE	106-47-8	5.1	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	7005-72-3	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-METHYLPHENOL (P-CRESOL)	106-44-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-NITROANILINE	100-01-6	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
4-NITROPHENOL	100-02-7	10	U	2.56	UJ	3.03	UJ	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
ACENAPHTHENE	83-32-9	1	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0606	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
ACENAPHTHYLENE	208-96-8	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0606	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
ACETOPHENONE	98-96-2	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
ANTHRACENE	120-12-7	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0606	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZALDEHYDE	100-52-7	5.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZIDINE	92-87-5	NA		10.3	UJ	12.1	UJ	10.3	UJ	10.5	UJ	10.5	UJ	10	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	56-55-3	1	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0606	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.0526	U	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZO(A)PYRENE	50-32-8	1	U	0.0513	U	0.0606	U	0.0513	U	0.0526	U	0.0526	U	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	1	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0606	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	191-24-2	1	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0606	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	207-08-9	1	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0606	U	0.0513	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.0526	UJ	0.05	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BENZYL BUTYL PHTHALATE	85-68-7	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BIPHENYL (DIPHENYL)	92-52-4	1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHANE	111-91-1	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BIS(2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER (2-CHLOROETHYL ETH)	111-44-4	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BIS(2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ETHER	108-60-1	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	117-81-7	2.1	U	2.56	U	3.03	U	2.56	U	2.63	U	2.63	U	2.5	U	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA	
CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	2.1	U	2.56	UJ	3.03	UJ	2.56	UJ	2.63	UJ	2.63	UJ	2.5	U	NA</															

Table 10
Groundwater Sample QA/QC Results
363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase:		DUE DILIGENCE				REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION			
Sample ID:		043	045	146-TB-7-20130916	153-TB-8-20130917	183-FB-20140206	184-TB-20140206		
Sample Date:		8/31/2012	8/31/2012	9/16/2013	9/17/2013	2/6/2014	2/6/2014		
Units:		ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS									
	CAS No.								
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	630-20-6	NA	NA	0.2	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	71-55-6	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	79-34-5	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE	76-13-1	5	U	5	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	79-00-5	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	75-34-3	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	75-35-4	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROETHANE	87-61-6	5	U	5	U	NA		NA	
1,2,4-TRICHLOROETHANE	120-82-1	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROETHENE	63697-18-7	5	U	5	U	NA		NA	
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	96-12-8	10	U	10	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE (ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE)	106-93-4	2	U	2	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	95-50-1	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	107-06-2	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	78-87-5	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (MESITYLENE)	108-67-8	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
1,3-DICHLOROETHANE	541-73-1	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,4-DICHLOROETHANE	106-46-7	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	130	U	130	U	40	U	40	U
2,2-OXYBIS(2-CHLOROPROPANE)	39638-32-9	2.1	U	NA		NA		NA	
2-HEXANONE	591-78-6	5	U	5	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
ACETONE	67-64-1	10	U	10	U	1.7	UB	1	UJ
ACROLEIN	107-02-8	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
ACRYLONITRILE	107-13-1	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
BENZENE	71-43-2	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	NA		NA		NA		27.8	U
BENZYL ALCOHOL	100-51-6	NA		NA		NA		2.78	U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	74-97-5	5	U	5	U	NA		NA	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	75-27-4	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
BROMOFORM	75-25-2	4	U	4	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	2	U	2	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	2	U	2	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	56-23-5	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CHLOROETHANE	108-90-7	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CHLOROETHENE	75-00-3	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CHLOROFORM	67-66-3	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CHLOROMETHANE	74-87-3	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	156-59-2	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-01-5	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	5	U	5	U	NA		NA	
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	124-48-1	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
DIBROMOMETHANE	74-95-3	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	75-71-8	5	U	5	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	87-68-3	1	U	NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE (CUMENE)	98-82-8	2	U	2	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
M AND P XYLENES	79601-23-1	NA		NA		0.5	U	0.5	U
M,P XYLENES	179601-23-1	1	U	1	U	NA		NA	
METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	5	U	5	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (2-BUTANONE)	78-93-3	10	U	10	U	0.5	U	0.5	U
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE (4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE)	108-10-1	5	U	5	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	5	U	5	U	NA		NA	
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	75-09-2	2	U	2	U	1	UJ	1	U
N-BUTYLBENZENE	104-51-8	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	103-65-1	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
O-XYLENE (1,2-DIMETHYLBENZENE)	95-47-6	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
P-CYME (P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE)	CYMP	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	135-98-8	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
STYRENE	100-42-6	5	U	5	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
T-BUTYLBENZENE	98-06-6	NA		NA		0.2	U	0.2	U
TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	NA		NA		0.5	U	0.5	U
TERT-BUTYL METHYL ETHER	1634-04-4	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
TETRACHLOROETHANE (MIXED)	12408-10-5	2.1	U	NA		NA		NA	
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (PCE)	127-18-4	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
TOLUENE	108-88-3	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-60-5	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-02-6	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	79-01-6	1	U	1	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	75-69-4	5	U	5	U	0.2	U	0.2	U
VINYL CHLORIDE	75-01-4	1	U	1	U	0.5	U	0.5	U
XYLENES, TOTAL		NA		NA		0.6	U	0.6	U
SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS									
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	122-66-7	NA		NA		NA		2.78	U
2,3,4,6-TETRACHLOROPHENOL	58-90-2	5.2	U	NA		NA		NA	
2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	95-95-4	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	88-06-2	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	105-67-9	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	121-14-2	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	606-20-2	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	91-58-7	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2-CHLOROPHENOL	95-57-8	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	91-57-6	1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2-METHYLPHENOL (O-CRESOL)	95-48-7	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2-NITROANILINE	88-74-4	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
2-NITROPHENOL	88-75-5	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
3- AND 4- METHYLPHENOL (TOTAL)	MEPH3MEPH	NA		NA		NA		2.78	U
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	91-94-1	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
3-NITROANILINE	99-09-2	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	101-55-3	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	59-50-7	5.2	U	NA		NA		NA	
4-CHLOROANILINE	106-47-8	5.2	U	NA		NA		NA	
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	7005-72-3	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
4-METHYLPHENOL (P-CRESOL)	106-44-5	2.1	U	NA		NA		NA	
4-NITROANILINE	100-01-6	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
4-NITROPHENOL	100-02-7	10	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
ACENAPHTHENE	83-32-9	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
ACENAPHTHYLENE	208-96-8	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
ACETOPHENONE	98-86-2	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
ANTHRACENE	120-12-7	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
BENZALDEHYDE	100-52-7	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
BENZIDINE	92-87-5	NA		NA		NA		11.1	U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	56-55-3	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	50-32-8	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	191-24-2	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	207-08-9	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
BENZYL BUTYL PHTHALATE	86-68-7	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
BIPHENYL (DIPHENYL)	92-52-4	1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHANE	111-91-1	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
BIS(2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER (2-CHLOROETHYL ETHER)	111-44-4	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
BIS(2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ETHER	108-60-1	NA		NA		NA		2.78	U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	117-81-7	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
CARBAZOLE	86-74-8	1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
CHRYSENE	218-01-9	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
CRESOLS, M & P	MEPH1314	NA		NA		NA		NA	
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	53-70-3	1	U	NA		NA		0.0556	U
DIBENZOFURAN	132-64-9	5.2	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	84-66-2	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	131-11-3	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	84-74-2	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
DI-N-OCTYLPHTHALATE	117-84-0	2.1	U	NA		NA		2.78	U
FLUORANTHENE	206-44-0	1	U	NA	</				

Table 10
Groundwater Sample QA/QC Results
363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase: Sample ID: Sample Date: Units:	DUE DILIGENCE				REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION							
	043		045		146-TB-7-20130916		153-TB-8-20130917		183-FB-20140206		184-TB-20140206	
	8/31/2012	Q	8/31/2012	Q	9/16/2013	Q	9/17/2013	Q	2/6/2014	Q	2/6/2014	Q
	ug/l		ug/l	ug/l		ug/l		ug/l		ug/l		ug/l
PESTICIDES												
ALDRIN	309-00-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ALPHA BHC (ALPHA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	319-84-6	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ALPHA ENDOSULFAN	959-98-8	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ALPHA-CHLORDANE	5103-71-9	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
BETA BHC (BETA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	319-85-7	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
BETA ENDOSULFAN	33213-65-9	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
CHLORDANE	57-74-9	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
DELTA BHC (DELTA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	319-86-8	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
DIELDRIN	60-57-1	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	1031-07-8	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ENDRIN	72-20-8	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	7421-93-4	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ENDRIN KETONE	53494-70-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
GAMMA BHC (LINDANE)	58-89-9	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
GAMMA-CHLORDANE	12789-03-6	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
HEPTACHLOR	76-44-8	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	1024-57-3	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
METHOXYCHLOR	72-43-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
P,P'-DDD	72-54-8	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
P,P'-DDE	72-55-9	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
P,P'-DDT	50-29-3	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
TOXAPHENE	8001-35-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
PCBs												
PCB-1016 (AROCLOR 1016)	12674-11-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
PCB-1221 (AROCLOR 1221)	11104-28-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
PCB-1232 (AROCLOR 1232)	11141-16-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
PCB-1242 (AROCLOR 1242)	53469-21-9	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
PCB-1248 (AROCLOR 1248)	12672-29-6	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
PCB-1254 (AROCLOR 1254)	11097-69-1	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
PCB-1260 (AROCLOR 1260)	11096-82-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
TOTAL PCBs	1336-36-3	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
METALS												
ALUMINUM	7429-90-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ANTIMONY	7440-36-0	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ARSENIC	7440-38-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
BARIUM	7440-39-3	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
BERYLLIUM	7440-41-7	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
CADMIUM	7440-43-9	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
CALCIUM	7440-70-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	7440-47-3	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
COBALT	7440-48-4	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
COPPER	7440-50-8	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
IRON	7439-89-6	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
LEAD	7439-92-1	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
MAGNESIUM	7439-95-4	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
MANGANESE	7439-96-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
MERCURY	7439-97-6	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
NICKEL	7440-02-0	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
POTASSIUM	7440-09-7	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
SELENIUM	7782-49-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
SILVER	7440-22-4	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
SODIUM	7440-23-5	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
THALLIUM	7440-28-0	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
VANADIUM	7440-62-2	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA
ZINC	7440-66-6	NA		NA		NA		NA		NA		NA

NOTES:
 J: Estimated value
 U: Indicates that the result is lower than the MDL
 B: Analyte detected in the method blank
 C: GC target hit confirmed by Mass Spectrometry

Data has been subject to third party validation.

Table 11
Soil Vapor Sample QA/QC Results
363 BOND STREET AND 388 CARROLL STREET
 Brooklyn, New York

Investigation Phase		DUE DILIGENCE				REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION			
Location ID:		AMBIENT-1		AMBIENT-2		AMBIENT-1		AMBIENT-3	
Sample ID:		032		039		087-AMBIENT-1-20130909		106-AMBIENT-3-20130911	
Sample Date:		8/30/2012		8/30/2012		9/9/2013		9/11/2013	
Units:		ug/m ³ Q		ug/m ³ Q		ug/m ³ Q		ug/m ³ Q	
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	CAS No.								
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	71-55-6	1.1	U	1.1	U	0.55	U	0.55	U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	79-34-5	1.4	U	1.4	U	0.7	U	0.7	U
1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE	76-13-1	1.5	U	1.5	U	0.78	U	0.78	U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	79-00-5	1.1	U	1.1	U	0.55	U	0.55	U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	75-34-3	0.81	U	0.81	U	0.41	U	0.41	U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	75-35-4	0.79	U	0.79	U	0.4	U	0.4	U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	120-82-1	1.5	U	1.5	U	0.75	U	0.75	U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	0.48	J	48		5.3		0.9	
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE (ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE)	106-93-4	1.5	U	1.5	U	0.78	U	0.78	U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	95-50-1	1.2	U	1.2	U	0.61	U	0.61	U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	107-06-2	0.81	U	0.81	U	0.41	U	0.41	U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	78-87-5	0.92	U	0.92	U	0.47	U	0.47	U
1,2-DICHLOROTETRAFLUOROETHANE	76-14-2	1.4	U	1.4	U	0.71	U	0.71	U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (MESITYLENE)	108-67-8	0.98	U	15		1.8		0.5	U
1,3-BUTADIENE	106-99-0	0.44	U	0.44	U	4.3		0.44	U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	541-73-1	1.2	U	1.2	U	0.61	U	0.61	U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	106-46-7	1.2	U	1.2	U	0.61	U	0.61	U
1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	0.72	U	0.72	U	0.37	U	0.37	U
2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE	540-84-1	0.93	U	56.5		NA		NA	
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	95-49-8	1	U	1	U	NA		NA	
2-HEXANONE	591-78-6	0.82	U	0.82	U	0.42	U	0.42	U
4-ETHYLTOLUENE	622-96-8	0.98	U	12		4.9		2.5	U
ACETONE	67-64-1	9.5		37.5		16		16	
ALLYL CHLORIDE (3-CHLOROPROPENE)	107-05-1	0.63	U	0.63	U	NA		NA	
BENZENE	71-43-2	0.3	J	16		12		1	
BENZYL CHLORIDE	100-44-7	1	U	1	U	0.53	U	0.53	U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	75-27-4	1.3	U	1.3	U	0.63	U	0.63	U
BROMOETHENE	593-60-2	0.87	U	0.87	U	NA		NA	
BROMOFORM	75-25-2	2.1	U	2.1	U	1.1	U	1.1	U
BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	0.78	U	0.78	U	0.39	U	0.39	U
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	0.62	U	0.62	U	0.32	U	0.32	U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	56-23-5	1.3	U	1.3	U	0.32	U	0.32	U
CHLOROBENZENE	108-90-7	0.92	U	0.92	U	0.47	U	0.47	U
CHLOROETHANE	75-00-3	0.53	U	0.53	U	0.27	U	0.27	U
CHLOROFORM	67-66-3	0.98	U	0.98	U	0.5	U	0.5	U
CHLOROMETHANE	74-87-3	0.78		1.1		1.3		0.88	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	156-59-2	0.79	U	0.79	U	0.4	U	0.4	U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-01-5	0.91	U	0.91	U	0.46	U	0.46	U
CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	0.69	U	15		2.5		0.6	
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	124-48-1	1.7	U	1.7	U	0.82	U	0.82	U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	75-71-8	1.6		2.7		2.3		1.7	
ETHANOL	64-17-5	6.6		160	E	NA		NA	
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	4.3		0.72	U	0.37	U	0.37	U
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	0.87	U	33		4.8		0.71	
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	87-68-3	2.1	U	2.1	U	1.1	U	1.1	U
ISOPROPANOL	67-63-0	3.2		1.4		0.25	U	2.8	
M AND P XYLENES	79601-23-1	0.78	J	120		18		2	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (2-BUTANONE)	78-93-3	1		3.5		5.1		2.7	
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE (4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE)	108-10-1	0.82	U	0.82	U	0.42	U	0.42	U
METHYL METHACRYLATE	80-62-6	0.82	U	0.82	U	0.42	U	0.42	U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	75-09-2	0.87		1.3		1.7		1.6	U
N-HEPTANE	142-82-5	0.82	U	38		0.42	U	1	
N-HEXANE	110-54-3	0.7	U	54.6		9.6		1.8	
O-XYLENE (1,2-DIMETHYLBENZENE)	95-47-6	0.87	U	43		6.1		0.84	
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	0.52	J	3.8		13		1.8	
STYRENE	100-42-5	0.85	U	0.43	J	0.43	U	0.43	U
TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	0.61	U	0.61	U	NA		NA	
TERT-BUTYL METHYL ETHER	1634-04-4	0.72	U	0.72	U	0.37	U	0.37	U
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE(PCE)	127-18-4	1.4		0.88		0.69	U	2.1	
TETRAHYDROFURAN	109-99-9	0.59	U	0.59	U	4.7		0.3	U
TOLUENE	108-88-3	4.9		143		27		3.8	
TOTAL XYLENES	133-02-07	0.78	J	162		NA		NA	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	156-60-5	0.79	U	0.79	U	0.4	U	0.4	U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	10061-02-6	0.91	U	0.91	U	0.46	U	0.46	U
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	79-01-6	0.21	U	0.21	U	1.1		0.27	U
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	75-69-4	1	J	1.5		1.4		0.97	
VINYL ACETATE	108-05-4	0.7	U	0.7	U	0.36	U	0.36	U
VINYL CHLORIDE	75-01-4	0.51	U	0.51	U	0.26	U	0.26	U

NOTES:

NA - Compound not analyzed

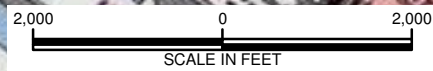
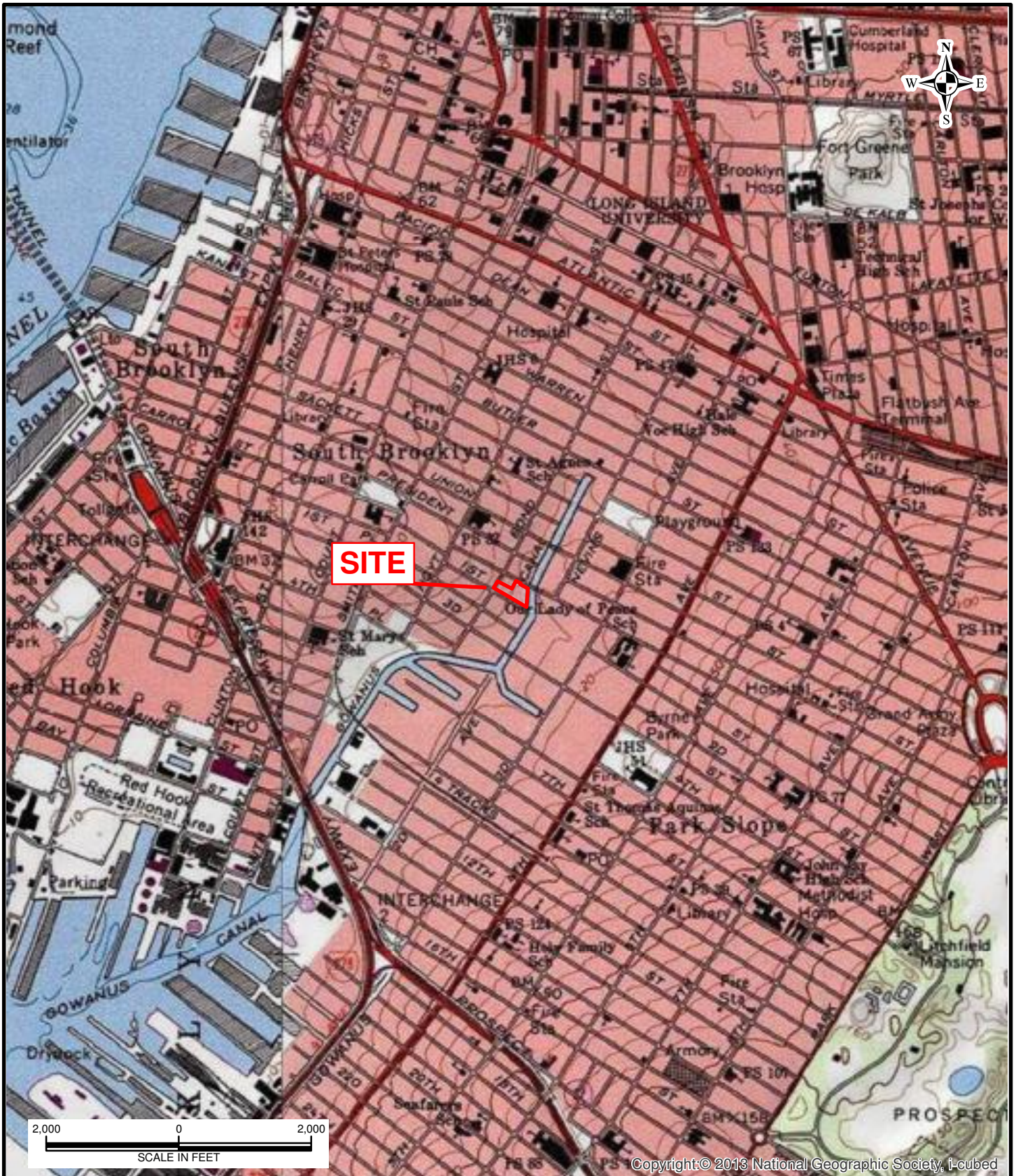
U: The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.

J: The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.

UU: The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the RL; however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.

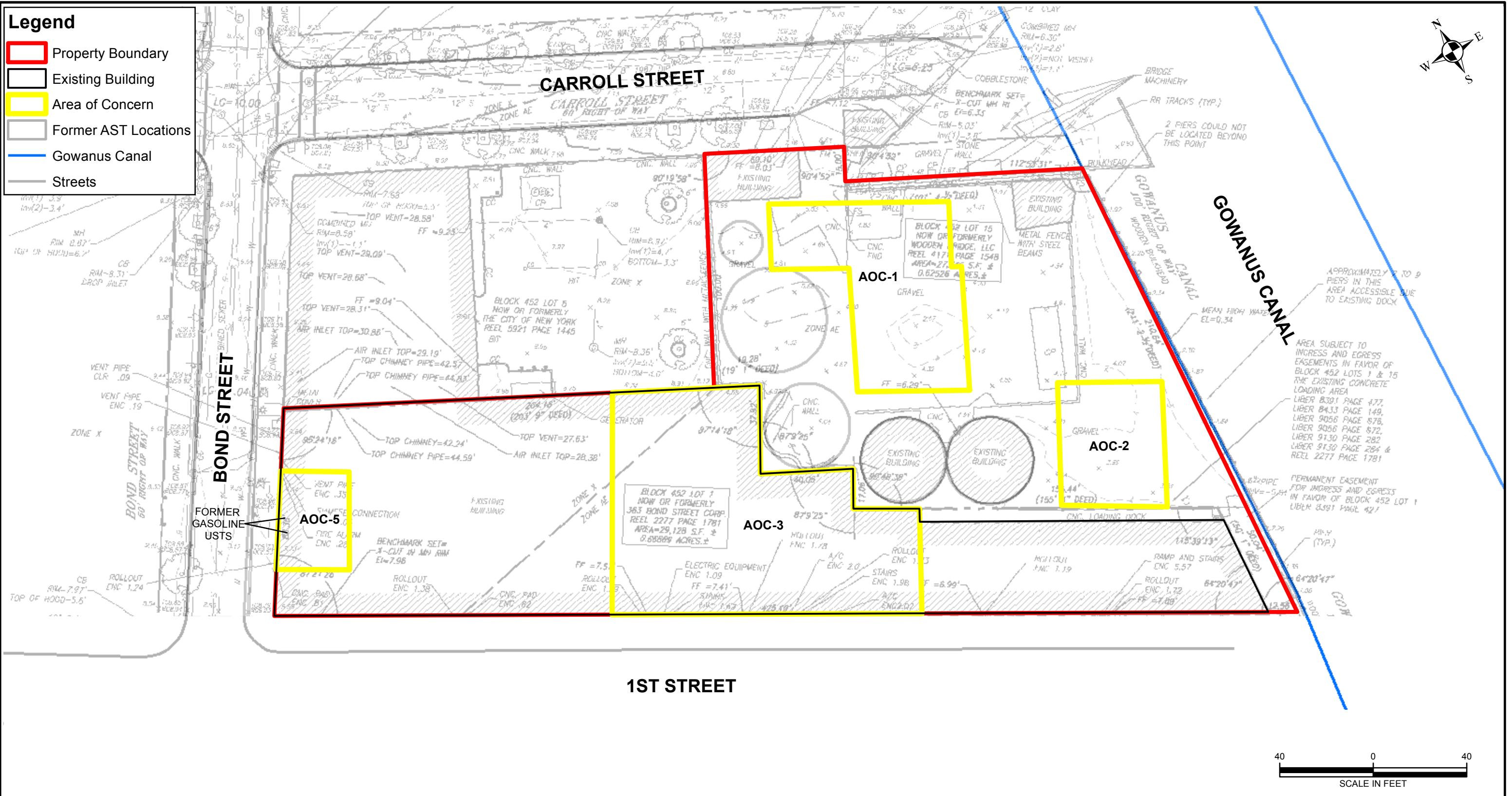
Data has been subject to third party validation.

FIGURES



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<p>River Drive Center 1, 619 River Drive Elmwood Park, NJ 07407-1338 T: 201.794.6900 F: 201.794.0366 www.langan.com</p> <p>Langan Engineering & Environmental Services, Inc. Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. Langan International LLC Collectively known as Langan</p> <p>NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400</p>	Project	Drawing Title	Project No.	Figure	
	<p>PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT</p> <p>BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15</p> <p>BROOKLYN</p> <p>KINGS COUNTY NEW YORK</p>	<p>SITE LOCATION MAP</p>	100287503	<p>1</p>	
			Date		10/19/2012
			Scale		1"=2000'
			Drawn By		amf
Last Revised	5/9/2014				



- Notes:
- Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street (May 2005); and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
 - AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street; AOC-5: Former UST Area
 - Site survey from "Topographic & Boundary Survey," by Langan, dated 18 January 2013.

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 NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400

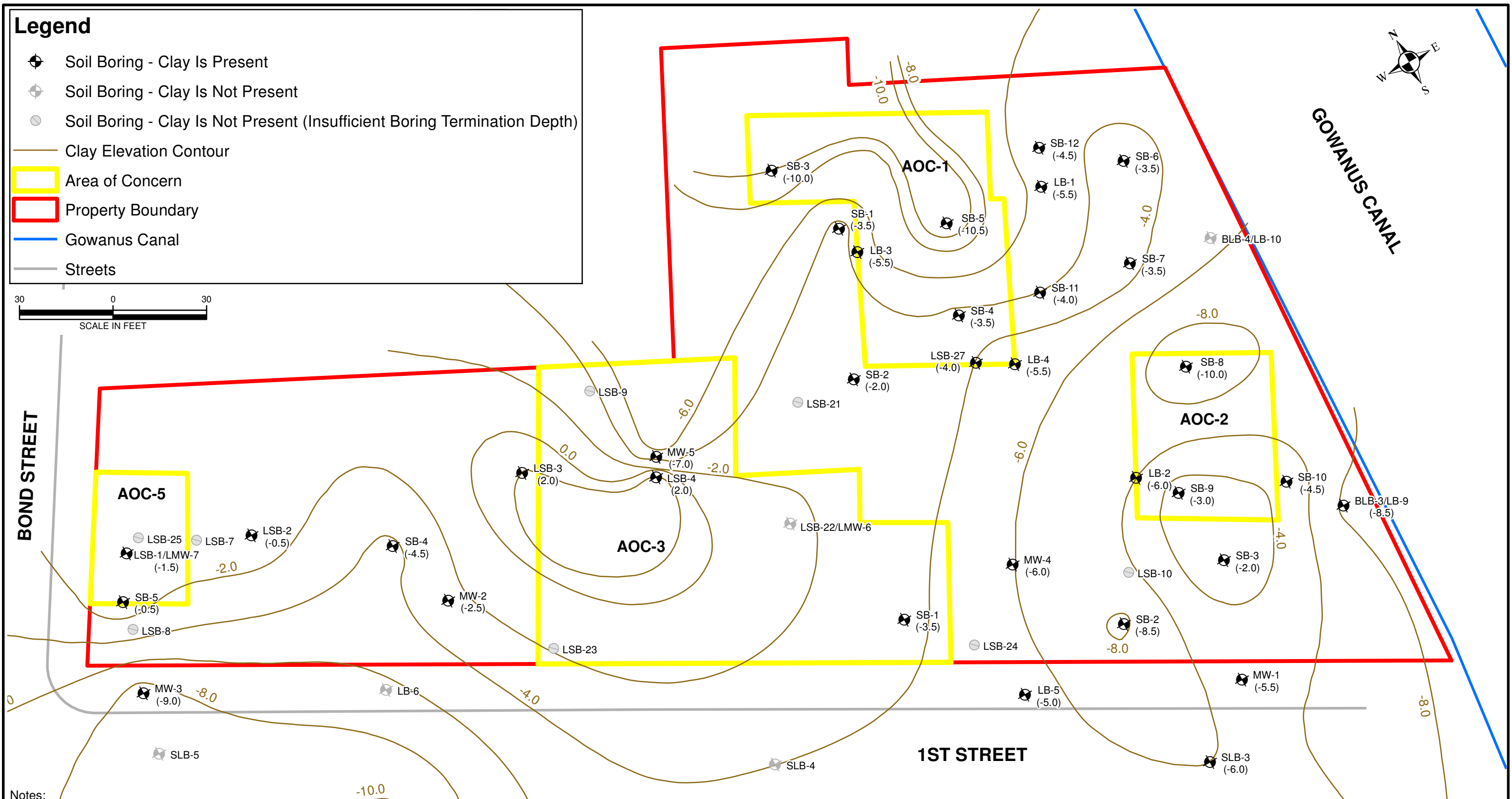
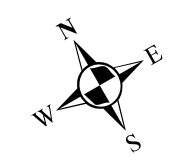
Project
PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT
 BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15
 BROOKLYN
 KINGS COUNTY NEW YORK

Drawing Title
SITE PLAN

Project No.	100287501	Figure 2
Date	5/6/2014	
Scale	1"=40'	
Drawn By	atr	
Last Revised	5/13/2014	

Legend











- Soil Boring - Clay Is Present
- Soil Boring - Clay Is Not Present
- Soil Boring - Clay Is Not Present (Insufficient Boring Termination Depth)
- Clay Elevation Contour
- Area of Concern
- Property Boundary
- Gowanus Canal
- Streets

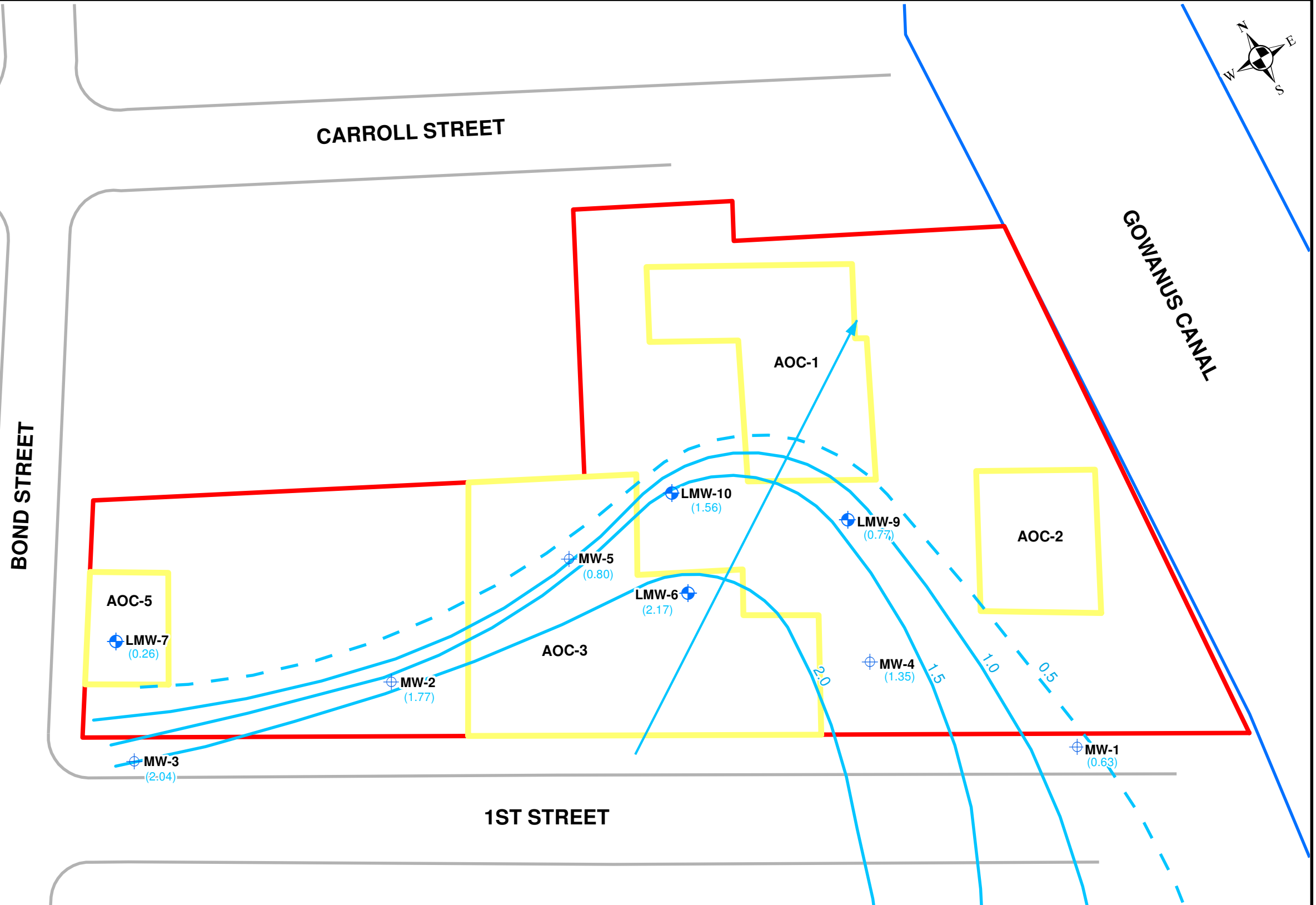


- Notes:
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 - All ELM sample locations are approximate and based on the reports identified in Note 1.
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 - Clay elevation information obtained from Langan environmental and geotechnical boring logs and boring logs provided in the reports identified in Note 1.
 - Elevations are provided in Brooklyn Highway Datum.


 <small>River Drive Center 1, 619 River Drive Elmwood Park, NJ 07407-1338 T: 201.794.6900 F: 201.794.0366 www.langan.com</small> <small>Langan Engineering & Environmental Services, Inc. Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. Langan International LLC Collectively known as Langan</small> <small>NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400</small>	PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15 BROOKLYN KINGS COUNTY NEW YORK	Drawing Title SUBSURFACE CLAY LAYER ELEVATION CONTOUR MAP	Project No. 100287503 Date 11/12/2013 Scale 1"=30' Drawn By amf Last Revised 5/27/2014	Figure 3
		Path: \\Langan.com\data\EP\data5\100287501\ArcGIS\ArcMap_Documents\2014-05 - NYSDEC RIR (363 Bond-388 Carroll)\Figure 3 - Clay Elevation Contour Map.mxd		

Legend

-  Monitoring Well Location (ELM)
-  Monitoring Well Location (Langan)
-  Groundwater Elevation Contour
-  Inferred Groundwater Elevation Contour
-  Groundwater Flow Direction
-  (2.04) Groundwater Elevation
-  Property Boundary
-  Area of Concern
-  Gowanus Canal
-  Streets



- Notes:**
1. Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street (May 2005); and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
 2. All ELM sample locations are approximate and based on the reports identified in Note 1.
 3. AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street; AOC-5: Former UST Area

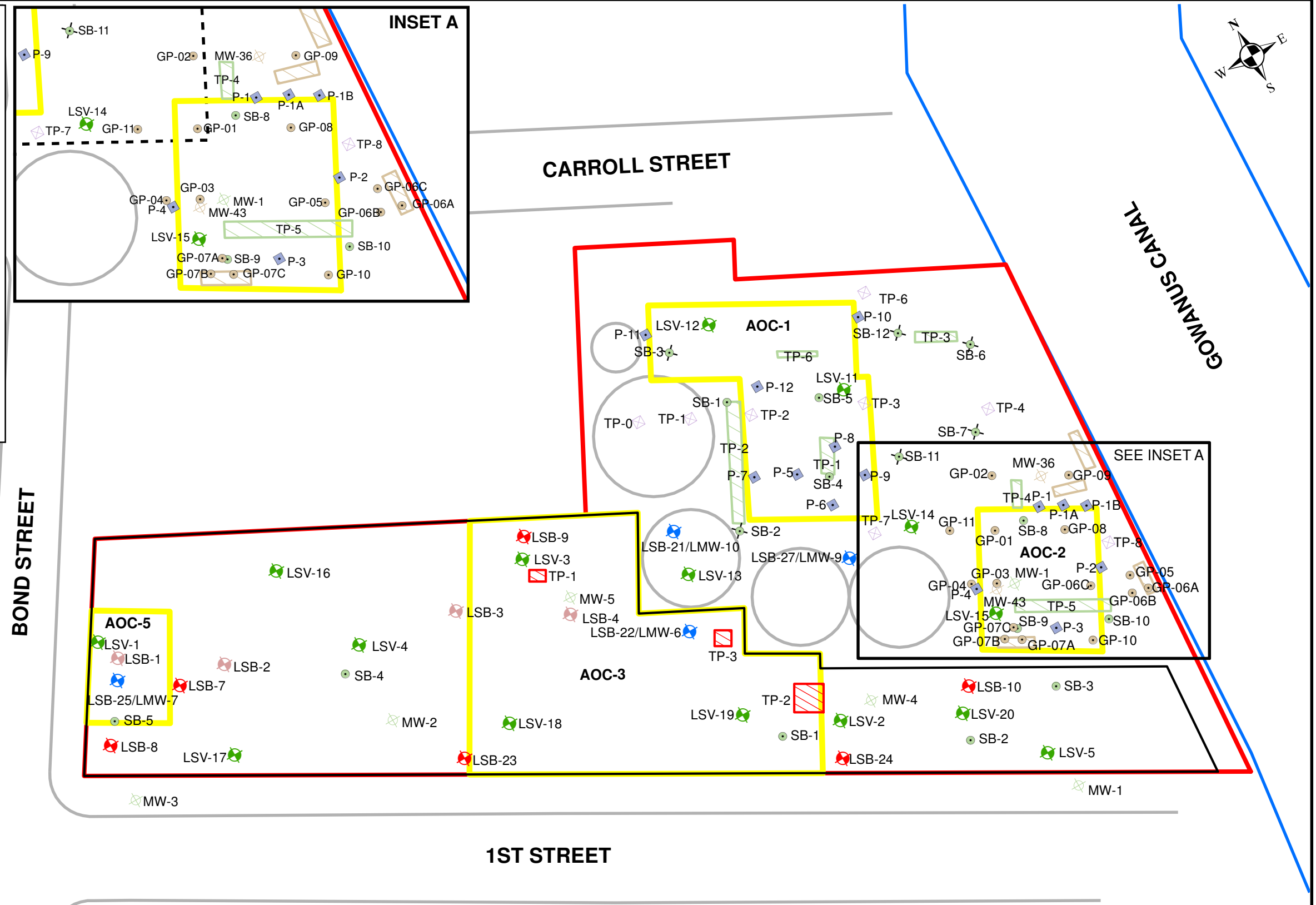
 <small>River Drive Center 1, 619 River Drive Elmwood Park, NJ 07407-1338 T: 201.794.6900 F: 201.794.0366 www.langan.com</small> <small>Langan Engineering & Environmental Services, Inc. Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. Langan International LLC Collectively known as Langan</small> <small>NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400</small>	Project PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15 BROOKLYN	Drawing Title GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR MAP	Project No. 100287503	Figure 4
	KINGS COUNTY	NEW YORK	Date 11/12/2013	Scale 1"=40'
			Drawn By amf	
			Last Revised 5/27/2014	

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Existing Building
- Former AST Locations
- Gowanus Canal
- Street Extents
- Areas of Concern (AOCs)

Sample Locations

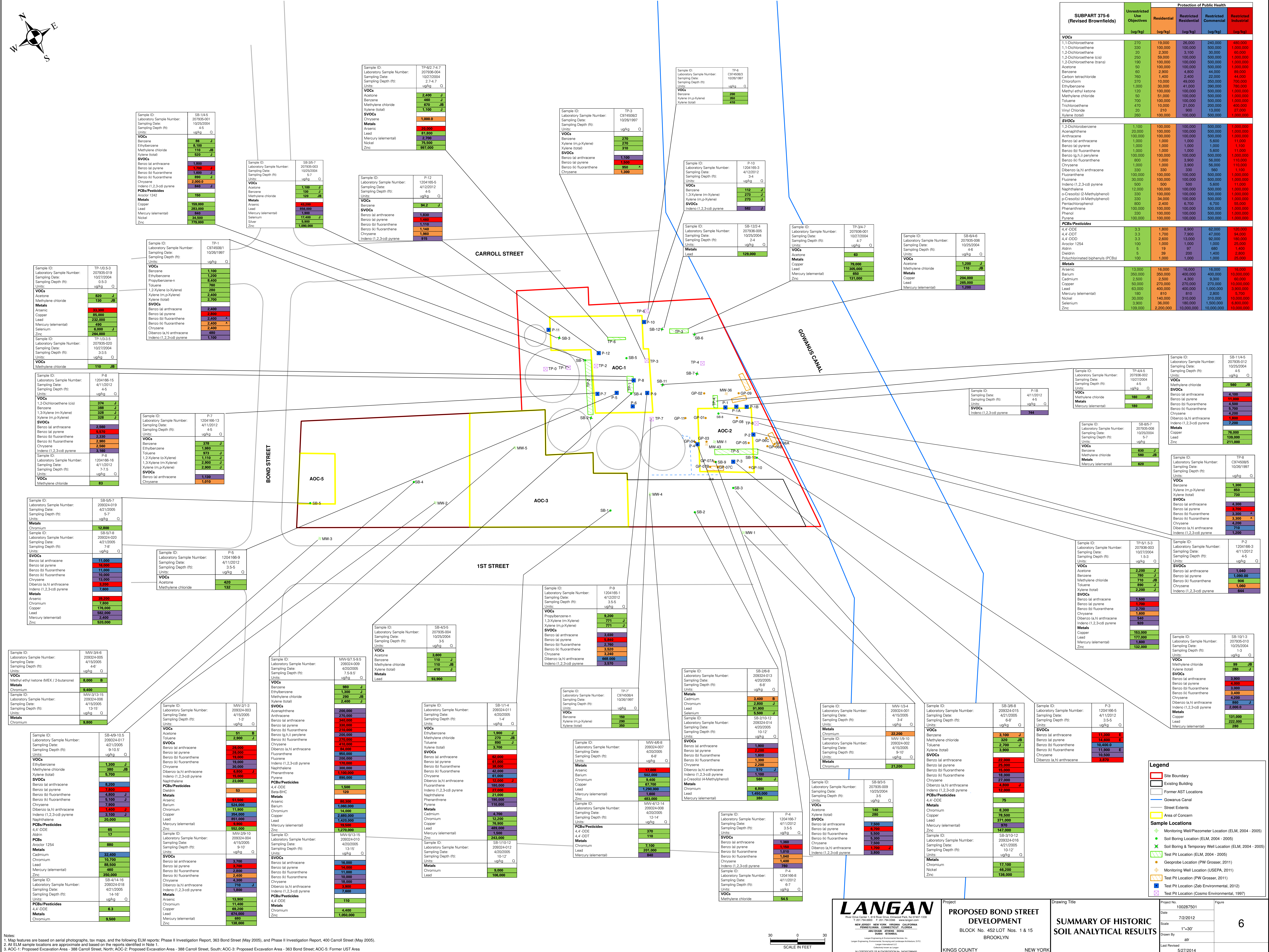
- + Monitoring Well/Piezometer Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)
- Soil Boring Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)
- ✕ Soil Boring & Temporary Well Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)
- Test Pit Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)
- Geoprobe Location (PW Grosser, 2011)
- + Monitoring Well Location (USEPA, 2011)
- Test Pit Location (PW Grosser, 2011)
- + Test Pit Location (Zeb Environmental, 2012)
- + Test Pit Location (Cosmo Environmental, 1997)
- + Soil Vapor Point Location (Langan Due Diligence Investigation, 2012)
- + Soil Boring Location (Langan Due Diligence, 2012)
- + Soil Vapor Point Location (Langan Remedial Investigation, 2013)
- + Monitoring Well Location (Langan Remedial Investigation, 2013)
- + Soil Boring Location (Langan Remedial Investigation, 2013)
- Test Pit Location (Langan, 2013)



Notes:

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- All ELM sample locations are approximate and based on the reports identified in Note 1.
- AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street; AOC-5: Former UST Area

 <small>River Drive Center 1, 619 River Drive Elmwood Park, NJ 07407-1338 T: 201.794.6900 F: 201.794.0366 www.langan.com</small> <small>Langan Engineering & Environmental Services, Inc. Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. Langan International LLC Collectively known as Langan</small> <small>NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400</small>	Project PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15 BROOKLYN	Drawing Title SAMPLE LOCATION PLAN	Project No. 100287503	Figure 5
	KINGS COUNTY	NEW YORK	Date 11/6/2012	Scale 1"=40'
			Drawn By amf	
			Last Revised 5/27/2014	



Notes:
 1. Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 383 Bond Street (May 2005), and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
 2. All ELM sample locations are approximate and based on the reports identified in Note 1.
 3. AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 383 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 383 Bond Street; AOC-4: Former UST Area

LANGAN
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 Fax: 212 512 2001
 www.langan.com

Project: PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT
 BLOCK No. 452 LOT Nos. 1 & 15
 BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Drawing Title: SUMMARY OF HISTORIC SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Project No.	100287501	Figure	6
Date	7/2/2012	Scale	1"=30'
Drawn by	atf	Last Revised	5/27/2014



Sample ID:	MW-5
Laboratory Sample Number:	209387-004
Sampling Date:	4/28/2005
Units:	ug/l Q
VOCs	
1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	450
Benzene	59
Ethylbenzene	19 J
Toluene	38
Vinyl Chloride	320
Xylene (mixed)	94
SVOCs	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	260
Acenaphthene	90 J
Benzo(a)anthracene	10 J
Chrysene	11 J
Fluorene	59 J
Naphthalene	620
o-Cresol(s) (2-Methylphenol)	47 J
Phenanthrene	110 J
Phenol	7 J
Total Metals	
Aluminum	924
Arsenic	35.7 J
Iron	3,600
Lead	227
Sodium	187,000
Dissolved Metals	
Arsenic	30.5 J
Iron	1,830
Lead	135
Sodium	184,000

CARROLL STREET

BOND STREET

Sample ID:	SB-3/W
Laboratory Sample Number:	207935-014
Sampling Date:	10/27/2004
Units:	ug/l Q
VOCs	
Benzene	1.7 J
Metals	
Iron	426

Sample ID:	SB-12/TW
Laboratory Sample Number:	207935-018
Sampling Date:	10/27/2004
Units:	ug/l Q
Metals	
Iron	1,540
Magnesium	38,400

Sample ID:	SB-6/TW
Laboratory Sample Number:	207935-015
Sampling Date:	10/27/2004
Units:	ug/l Q
VOCs	
Benzene	1 J
Metals	
Antimony	8.3 J
Iron	4,900
Magnesium	141,000
Manganese	621

Sample ID:	SB-2/TW
Laboratory Sample Number:	207935-013
Sampling Date:	10/27/2004
Units:	ug/l Q
VOCs	
Benzene	8.8

Sample ID:	SB-7/TW
Laboratory Sample Number:	207935-016
Sampling Date:	10/27/2004
Units:	ug/l Q
SVOCs	
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.6 J
Metals	
Iron	3,540

Sample ID:	SB-11/TW
Laboratory Sample Number:	207935-017
Sampling Date:	10/27/2004
Units:	ug/l Q
VOCs	
Benzene	33
Toluene	5.5
Xylene (mixed)	17
SVOCs	
Acenaphthene	89
Benzo(a)anthracene	2 J
Chrysene	1 J
Naphthalene	10 J
Metals	
Aluminum	379 B
Iron	751

Sample ID:	MW-1
Laboratory Sample Number:	207936-006
Sampling Date:	10/25/2004
Units:	ug/l Q
VOCs	
Benzene	3.2 J
Metals	
Aluminum	114 J
Iron	10,100
Manganese	3,870

Sample ID:	MW-2
Laboratory Sample Number:	209387-002
Sampling Date:	4/28/2005
Units:	ug/l Q
SVOCs	
Naphthalene	23
Total Metals	
Iron	3,730
Manganese	544
Sodium	155,000
Dissolved Metals	
Manganese	512
Sodium	156,000

Sample ID:	MW-4
Laboratory Sample Number:	209387-003
Sampling Date:	4/28/2005
Units:	ug/l Q
VOCs	
Benzene	1 J
Total Metals	
Cadmium	16.4
Sodium	28,400
Dissolved Metals	
Cadmium	15.3
Sodium	29,000

Sample ID:	MW-1
Laboratory Sample Number:	209387-001
Sampling Date:	4/28/2005
Units:	ug/l Q
Total Metals	
Aluminum	97.7 J
Iron	5,990
Manganese	956
Sodium	105,000
Dissolved Metals	
Iron	1,290
Manganese	977
Sodium	111,000

Legend

- Property Boundary
- Existing Building
- Former AST Locations
- Area of Concern
- + Monitoring Well Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)
- x Temporary Well Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)
- Gowanus Canal
- Streets



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 Langan International LLC
 Collectively known as Langan

NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400

Project

**PROPOSED BOND STREET
 DEVELOPMENT**
 BLOCK No. 452, LOT No. 1 & 15
 BROOKLYN

KINGS COUNTY

Drawing Title

**SUMMARY OF
 HISTORIC GROUNDWATER
 ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

NEW YORK

Project No.
100287501

Date
7/2/2012

Scale
1"=75'

Drawn By
atr

Last Revised
5/27/2014

Figure

7

- Notes:
- Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street (May 2005) and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
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SUBPART 375-6 (Revised Brownfields)	UNRESTRICTED USE OBJECTIVES (ug/kg)	RESTRICTED USE SOIL CLEANUP OBJECTIVES			
		Protection of Public Health			
		Restricted Residential Use (ug/kg)	Restricted Residential (ug/kg)	Restricted Commercial (ug/kg)	Restricted Industrial (ug/kg)
VOCs					
T, 2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3,600	47,000	52,000	190,000	380,000
Acetone	50	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Benzene	60	2,900	4,800	44,000	89,000
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	250	59,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Ethylbenzene	1,000	30,000	41,000	390,000	780,000
M And P Xylenes	260	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Toluene	700	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	470	10,000	21,000	200,000	400,000
Vinyl Chloride	20	210	900	13,000	27,000
SVOCs					
2-Methylphenol (O-Cresol)	330	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Acenaphthene	20,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Anthracene	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Benzo(A)Anthracene	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,600	11,000
Benzo(A)Pyrene	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,100
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,600	11,000
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	800	1,000	3,900	56,000	110,000
Chrysene	1,000	1,000	3,900	56,000	110,000
Cresols, M & P	330	34,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Dibenz(A,H)Anthracene	330	330	330	560	1,100
Dibenzofuran	7,000	14,000	59,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Fluoranthene	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Fluorene	30,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	500	500	500	5,600	11,000
Naphthalene	12,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Phenanthrene	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Phenol	330	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Pyrene	100,000	100,000	100,000	500,000	1,000,000
Pesticides					
4,4'-Dde	3.3	1,800	8,900	62,000	120,000
4,4'-Ddt	3.3	1,700	7,900	47,000	94,000
PCBs					
PCB-1254 (Aroclor 1254)	100	1,000	1,000	1,000	25,000
Metals					
Cadmium	2,500	2,500	4,300	9,300	60,000
Copper	50,000	270,000	270,000	270,000	10,000,000
Lead	63,000	400,000	400,000	1,000,000	3,900,000
Mercury	180	810	810	2,800	5,700
Zinc	109,000	2,200,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000

Phase:	Location:	RIFS
074-LSB-25	074-LSB-25	20130906
Sample ID:	074-LSB-25	20130906
Sample Date:	9/6/2013	5:5-7.5
Sampling Depth (ft):	5.5-7.5	ug/kg
Units:	ug/kg	Q
VOCs		
Acetone	270	J
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	440	J
Ethylbenzene	1100	
M and P Xylenes	2000	
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	480	
SVOCs		
Acenaphthene	20200	
Benzo(A)Anthracene	75100	
Benzo(A)Pyrene	71300	
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	41300	
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	39700	
Chrysene	74800	
Dibenzofuran	18500	J
Fluoranthene	160000	
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	19700	
Naphthalene	49200	
Phenanthrene	162000	
Pyrene	149000	
Metals		
Lead	430000	

Phase:	Location:	RIFS
075-LSB-8	075-LSB-8	20130906
Sample ID:	075-LSB-8	20130906
Sample Date:	9/6/2013	10-12
Sampling Depth (ft):	10-12	ug/kg
Units:	ug/kg	Q
VOCs		
Acetone	320	J
Metals		
Lead	168,000	

Phase:	Location:	RIFS	RIFS
072-LSB-7	072-LSB-7	20130906	073-LSB-7
Sample ID:	072-LSB-7	20130906	073-LSB-7
Sample Date:	9/6/2013	13-15	9/6/2013
Sampling Depth (ft):	0-2	13-15	0-2
Units:	ug/kg	Q	ug/kg
SVOCs			
Benzo(A)Anthracene	351	2,010	
Benzo(A)Pyrene	382	1,980	
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	335	1,230	
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	203	1,160	
Chrysene	353	1,900	
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	121	594	J
PCBs			
PCB-1254 (Aroclor 1254)	330	19.9	U

Phase:	Location:	RIFS
076-LSB-23	076-LSB-23	20130906
Sample ID:	076-LSB-23	20130906
Sample Date:	9/6/2013	2-4
Sampling Depth (ft):	2-4	ug/kg
Units:	ug/kg	Q
VOCs		
Acetone	65	J
SVOCs		
Benzo(A)Anthracene	11,700	
Benzo(A)Pyrene	9,820	
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	9,010	
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	11,700	
Chrysene	9,590	
Dibenz(A,H)Anthracene	1,670	J
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	3,230	
Metals		
Cadmium	21,000	
Lead	167,000	
Zinc	197,000	

Phase:	Location:	RIFS	RIFS	RIFS
081-LSB-22	081-LSB-22	20130909	083-DUP-2	082-084-LSB-22
Sample ID:	081-LSB-22	20130909	083-DUP-2	082-084-LSB-22
Sample Date:	9/9/2013	9/9/2013	9/9/2013	9/9/2013
Sampling Depth (ft):	0-2	0-2	4-6	0-2
Units:	ug/kg	Q	ug/kg	Q
VOCs				
Acetone	79	48	790	U
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	4.3	3.2	1700	
M and P Xylenes	4.3	3.2	1000	
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	6.2	9.4	1500	J
SVOCs				
Benzo(A)Anthracene	754	1000	10400	J
Benzo(A)Pyrene	851	991	11700	J
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	753	878	13000	J
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	1100	1350	11200	J
Chrysene	773	998	10200	J
Pesticides				
P,P'-DDE	4.39	2.69	2.15	U
P,P'-DDE	9.56	7.73	2.15	U
Metals				
Copper	487000	J	1090000	J
Lead	656000	J	572000	J
Mercury	828	J	2010	J
Nickel	61700	J	35400	J
Zinc	2670000	J	874000	J
			1680000	

Phase:	Location:	RIFS
086-LSB-24	086-LSB-24	20130909
Sample ID:	086-LSB-24	20130909
Sample Date:	9/9/2013	0-4
Sampling Depth (ft):	0-4	ug/kg
Units:	ug/kg	Q
VOCs		
Acetone	150	
Pesticides		
P,P'-DDE	3.44	
Metals		
Cadmium	50,000	
Copper	135,000	
Lead	110,000	
Zinc	691,000	

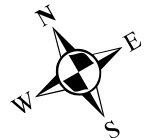
Phase:	Location:	RIFS	RIFS
002/001	LSB-1	002/001	002/001
Sample ID:	002/001	8/21/2012	8/21/2012
Sample Date:	8/21/2012	7.5-9.5/6.5	ug/kg
Sampling Depth (ft):	7.5-9.5/6.5	ug/kg	Q
Units:	ug/kg	Q	
VOCs			
Acetone	217	J	
Ethylbenzene	2260		
M and P Xylenes	17,100		
SVOCs			
2-Methylphenol (O-Cresol)	1,500		
Acenaphthene	72,200		
Anthracene	151,000		
Benzo(A)Anthracene	165,000		
Benzo(A)Pyrene	152,000		
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	150,000		
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	76,700		
Chrysene	166,000		
Dibenz(A,H)Anthracene	36,900		
Dibenzofuran	62,100		
Fluoranthene	473,000		
Fluorene	84,200		
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	85,500		
Naphthalene	102,000		
Phenanthrene	53,9000		
Phenol	1,910		
Pyrene	340,000		
Metals			
Lead	435,000		

Phase:	Location:	RIFS	RIFS
008	LSB-3	008	010
Sample ID:	008	8/22/2012	8/22/2012
Sample Date:	8/22/2012	6-8	12-14
Sampling Depth (ft):	6-8	ug/kg	Q
Units:	ug/kg	Q	
VOCs			
Benzo(A)Anthracene	1,580	6,450	
Benzo(A)Pyrene	1,410	6,170	
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	1,490	4,960	
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	722	4,510	
Chrysene	1,550	6,090	
Dibenz(A,H)Anthracene	300	1,310	
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	762	3,550	

Phase:	Location:	RIFS	RIFS
004	LSB-2	004	006
Sample ID:	004	8/21/2012	8/21/2012
Sample Date:	8/21/2012	6.5-8.5	11.5-13.5
Sampling Depth (ft):	6.5-8.5	ug/kg	Q
Units:	ug/kg	Q	
VOCs			
Benzo(A)Anthracene	2,670	2,620	
Benzo(A)Pyrene	3,680	2,910	
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	3,000	2,840	
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	1,390	1,270	
Chrysene	2,570	2,590	
Dibenz(A,H)Anthracene	774	688	
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	1,910	1,750	

Phase:	Location:	RIFS	RIFS	RIFS
081-LSB-22	081-LSB-22	20130909	083-DUP-2	082-084-LSB-22
Sample ID:	081-LSB-22	20130909	083-DUP-2	082-084-LSB-22
Sample Date:	9/9/2013	9/9/2013	9/9/2013	9/9/2013
Sampling Depth (ft):	0-2	0-2	4-6	0-2
Units:	ug/kg	Q	ug/kg	Q
VOCs				
Acetone	79	48	790	U
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	4.3	3.2	1700	
M and P Xylenes	4.3	3.2	1000	
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	6.2	9.4	1500	J
SVOCs				
Benzo(A)Anthracene	754	1000	10400	J
Benzo(A)Pyrene	851	991	11700	J
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	753	878	13000	J
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	1100	1350	11200	J
Chrysene	773	998	10200	J
Pesticides				
P,P'-DDE	4.39	2.69	2.15	U
P,P'-DDE	9.56	7.73	2.15	U
Metals				
Copper	487000	J	1090000	J
Lead	656000	J	572000	J
Mercury	828	J	2010	J
Nickel	61700	J	35400	J
Zinc	2670000	J	874000	J
			1680000	

Phase:	Location:	RIFS	RIFS
094-LSB-9	LSB-9	094-LSB-9	094-LSB-9
Sample ID:	094-LSB-9		



Legend	
	Property Boundary
	Existing Building
	Former AST Locations
	Gowanus Canal
	Streets
	Area of Concern
	Monitoring Well Location (Langan)
	Monitoring Well Location (ELM)

Location:	MW-5 (363 BOND)	MW-5 (363 BOND)
Sample ID:	148-MW-5-20130917	149-DUP-2-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310643-02	1310643-03
Sampling Date:	9/17/2013	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	12	12
Units:	ug/l	Q
VOCs		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	160	160
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene)	42	42
Benzene	39	39
Ethylbenzene	63	64
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	16	15
N-Propylbenzene	17	16
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	90	93
Toluene	31	30
Vinyl Chloride	11	10
Svocs		
Acenaphthene	1,020	781
Anthracene	675	507
Benzo(A)Anthracene	376	338
Benzo(B)Fluoranthene	242	214
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	236	184
Chrysene	346	310
Fluoranthene	1,360	1,130
Fluorene	1,030	800
Indeno(1,2,3-C,D)Pyrene	84.7	57.8
Naphthalene	1,880	1,460
Phenanthrene	2,250	1,900
Pyrene	976	866
Metals		
Aluminum	37	198
Aluminum (Dissolved)	12	10
Iron	3,180	3,400
Iron (Dissolved)	900	766
Lead	27	30
Magnesium	74,800	79,200
Magnesium (Dissolved)	80,600	83,400
Selenium	13	14
Selenium (Dissolved)	47	39

Location:	LMW-10
Sample ID:	155-LMW-10-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310643-01
Sampling Date:	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	10
Units:	ug/l
Metals	
Aluminum	145
Iron	1,890
Iron (Dissolved)	1,790
Magnesium	50,400
Magnesium (Dissolved)	50,000
Manganese	668
Manganese (Dissolved)	658
Selenium	11
Selenium (Dissolved)	18

Location:	LMW-6
Sample ID:	147-LMW-6-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310643-01
Sampling Date:	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	12
Units:	ug/l
VOCs	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	24
Benzene	39
Ethylbenzene	11
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	14
N-Propylbenzene	11
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	14
Toluene	6.1
Svocs	
Acenaphthene	63.9
Naphthalene	139
Metals	
Aluminum	448
Aluminum (Dissolved)	28
Iron	3,000
Iron (Dissolved)	1,020
Lead	31
Magnesium	40,800
Magnesium (Dissolved)	40,500
Selenium	19
Selenium (Dissolved)	50

Location:	LMW-9
Sample ID:	154-LMW-9-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310643-01
Sampling Date:	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	12
Units:	ug/l
VOCs	
Benzene	1.9
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	8.1
Trichloroethylene (Tce)	6.6
Vinyl Chloride	4.6
Metals	
Aluminum	502
Aluminum (Dissolved)	14
Iron	707
Magnesium	217,000
Magnesium (Dissolved)	221,000

Location:	LMW-7
Sample ID:	150-LMW-7-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310643-04
Sampling Date:	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	12.5
Units:	ug/l
VOCs	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	6,000
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene)	1,900
Ethylbenzene	360
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	410
N-Butylbenzene	580
N-Propylbenzene	610
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	3,200
Sec-Butylbenzene	320
Toluene	1,800
Svocs	
Naphthalene	43,700
PCBs	
Pcb-1254 (Aroclor 1254)	9.35
Metals	
Iron	5,940
Lead	39
Magnesium	406,000
Magnesium (Dissolved)	409,000
Manganese	757
Manganese (Dissolved)	805

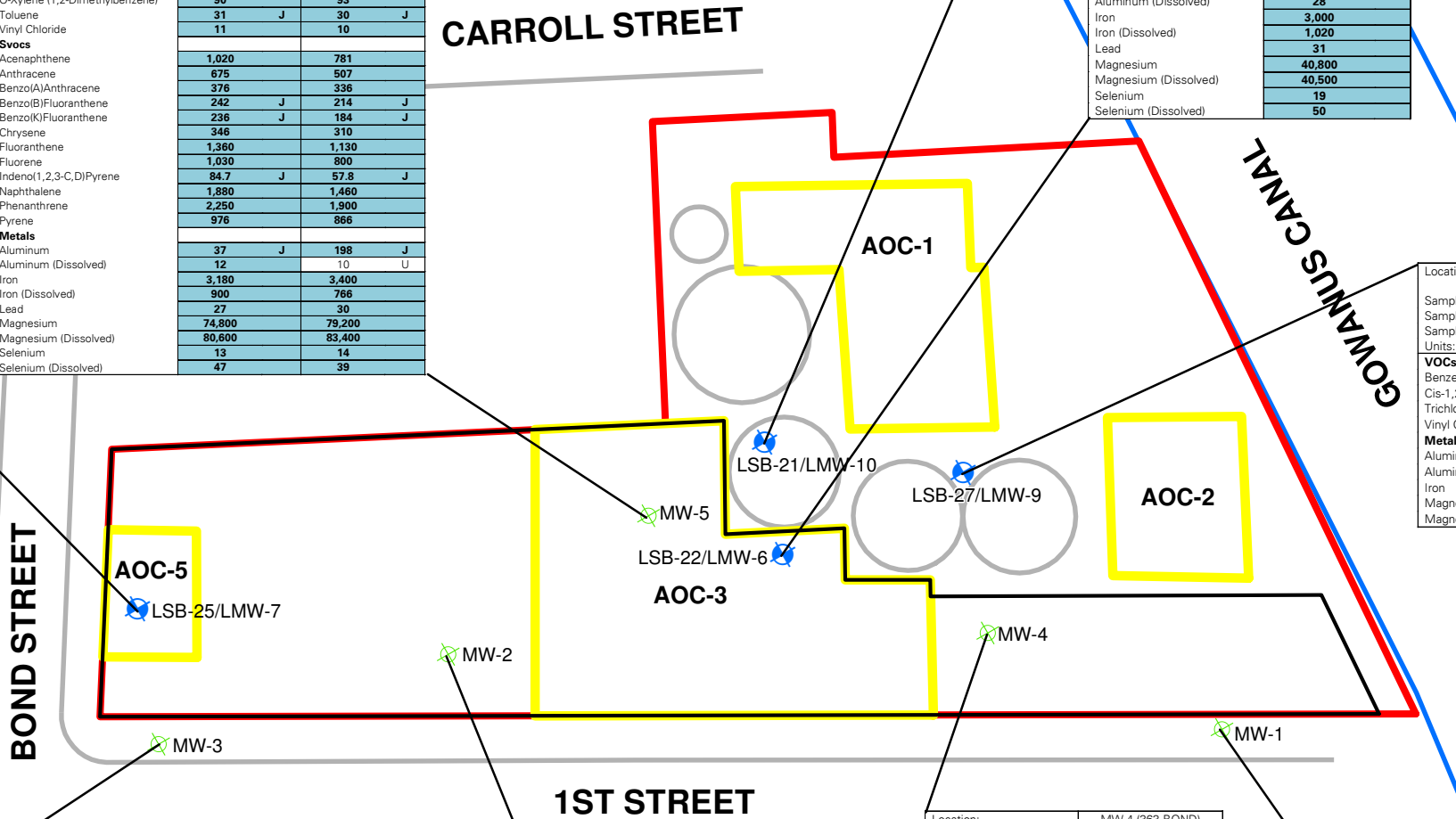
Location:	MW-3 (363 BOND)	MW-3 (363 BOND)
Sample ID:	143-MW-3-20130916	145-DUP-1-20130916
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310588-04	1310588-05
Sampling Date:	9/16/2013	9/16/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	12	12
Units:	ug/l	Q
VOCs		
Acetone	130	1
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	14	1.1
N-Butylbenzene	6.8	0.24
N-Propylbenzene	19	0.37
Metals		
Aluminum	10	1,150
Iron	25,200	14,500
Iron (Dissolved)	2,450	504
Manganese	4,650	811
Manganese (Dissolved)	4,480	741
Selenium	10	11
Selenium (Dissolved)	10	21

Location:	MW-2 (363 BOND)
Sample ID:	134-MW-2-20130913
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310554-04
Sampling Date:	9/13/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	7
Units:	ug/l
Metals	
Aluminum	38
Iron	5,230
Magnesium	91,900
Magnesium (Dissolved)	91,100
Manganese	1,750
Manganese (Dissolved)	1,730
Selenium	13
Selenium (Dissolved)	11

Location:	MW-4 (363 BOND)
Sample ID:	156-MW-4-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310722-03
Sampling Date:	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	1/14/1900
Units:	ug/l
VOCs	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	8.6
Metals	
Aluminum	10
Iron	5,120
Iron (Dissolved)	5,110
Manganese	651
Manganese (Dissolved)	659

Location:	MW-1 (363 BOND)
Sample ID:	151-MW-1-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310643-05
Sampling Date:	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	9
Units:	ug/l
Metals	
Iron	2,530
Manganese	963
Manganese (Dissolved)	936

NYSDEC Part 703 Groundwater Quality Objectives	Ground Water Quality Standards (ug/l)
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	
1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5
Acetone	50
Benzene	1
Ethylbenzene	5
Isopropyl Benzene	5
Propylbenzene-n	5
N-Butylbenzene	5
Sec-Butylbenzene	5
Toluene	5
Trichloroethylene	5
Vinyl Chloride	2
Xylene (mixed)	5
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)	
Acenaphthene	20
Anthracene	50
Benzo(a)anthracene	5
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.002
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.002
Chrysene	5
Fluoranthene	50
Fluorene	5
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.002
Naphthalene	10
Phenanthrene	5
Pyrene	50
PCBs	
Aroclor 1254	0.09
Metals	
Aluminum	
Iron	300
Lead	25
Magnesium	35,000
Manganese	300
Selenium	10



Notes:
 1. Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street (May 2005) and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
 2. All ELM sample locations are approximate and based on the reports identified in Note 1.
 3. AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street; AOC-5: Former UST Area.

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NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400

Project
PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT
 BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15
 BROOKLYN

Drawing Title
SUMMARY OF LANGAN GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Project No. 100287501
 Date 5/8/2014
 Scale 1"=75'
 Drawn By atr
 Last Revised 5/27/2014

Figure 9



Legend

- Property Boundary
- Existing Building
- Former AST Locations
- Gowanus Canal
- Streets
- Area of Concern
- ⊕ Soil Vapor Points (Langan, 2012-2013)

CARROLL STREET

BOND STREET

1ST STREET

GWANUS CANAL

Location:			
LSV-3			
Sample ID:	094-LSV-3-20130910	112-LSV-3-20130912	
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310407-02	1310489-03	
Sampling Date:	9/10/2013	9/12/2013	
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	4	1	
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	
Benzene	28	6.1	
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	1600	2400	J
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	5700	4900	J

Location:	
LSV-12	
Sample ID:	111-LSV-12-20130911
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310441-06
Sampling Date:	9/11/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	3
Units:	ug/m3 Q
Benzene	850
Ethylbenzene	690
M and P Xylenes	2000
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	430
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	18
Toluene	2000

Location:	
LSV-11	
Sample ID:	109-LSV-11-20130911
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310441-04
Sampling Date:	9/11/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	3
Units:	ug/m3 Q
Ethylbenzene	310
M and P Xylenes	1200
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	190
Toluene	1500

Location:	
LSV-13	
Sample ID:	110-LSV-13-20130911
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310441-05
Sampling Date:	9/11/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	3
Units:	ug/m3 Q
Benzene	190
Ethylbenzene	450
M and P Xylenes	1900
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	340
Toluene	1700

Location:	
LSV-14	
Sample ID:	108-LSV-14-20130911
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310441-03
Sampling Date:	9/11/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	3
Units:	ug/m3 Q
Benzene	190
Ethylbenzene	320
M and P Xylenes	1800
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	590
Toluene	1100

Location:	
LSV-19	
Sample ID:	107-LSV-15-20130911
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310441-02
Sampling Date:	9/11/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	2.5
Units:	ug/m3 Q
Benzene	89
Ethylbenzene	150
M and P Xylenes	700
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	120
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	68
Toluene	790
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	30

Location:			
LSV-16			
Sample ID:	097-LSV-16-20130910	119-LSV-16-20130912	
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310407-05	1310489-06	
Sampling Date:	9/10/2013	9/12/2013	
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	4	1	
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	2700	1100	J
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	1300	480	J

Location:			
LSV-1			
Sample ID:	033	095-LSV-1-20130910	121-LSV-1-20130912
Laboratory Sample Number:	JB15244-2	1310407-03	1310489-01
Sampling Date:	8/30/2012	9/10/2013	9/12/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	0.5	4	1
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q
M and P Xylenes	4.3	16	22
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	1.7	7.8	12
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	4160	180	17
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	379	240	77

Location:			
LSV-20			
Sample ID:	088-LSV-20-20130909	116-LSV-20-20130912	
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310347-02	1310489-10	
Sampling Date:	9/9/2013	9/12/2013	
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	4	1	
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	
Benzene	10	16	
M and P Xylenes	24	27	
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	10	13	
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	170	2800	J
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	6400	56000	J

Location:			
LSV-17			
Sample ID:	096-LSV-17-20130910	120-LSV-17-20130912	
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310407-04	1310489-07	
Sampling Date:	9/10/2013	9/12/2013	
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	4	1	
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	
Benzene	35	6.8	U
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	12	9.3	U
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	74	430	J
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	200	1600	J

Location:			
LSV-5			
Sample ID:	089-LSV-5-20130909	117-LSV-5-20130912	
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310347-03	1310489-05	
Sampling Date:	9/9/2013	9/12/2013	
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	4	1	
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	
Benzene	7.7	10	
Ethylbenzene	8.7	23	
M and P Xylenes	17	100	
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	8.7	98	
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	300	340	J
Toluene	16	56	
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	1400	5400	J

Location:			
LSV-4			
Sample ID:	098-LSV-4-20130910	118-LSV-4-20130912	122-DUP-1-20130912
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310407-06	1310489-04	1310489-11
Sampling Date:	9/10/2013	9/12/2013	9/12/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	4	1	1
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	3700	1400	740
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	1300	550	300

Location:			
LSV-2			
Sample ID:	034	090-LSV-2-20130909	115-LSV-2-20130912
Laboratory Sample Number:	JB15244-3	1310347-04	1310489-02
Sampling Date:	8/30/2012	9/9/2013	9/12/2013
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	0.5	3	1
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q
Benzene	1.9	10	12
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	1010	420	400
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	2180	940	780

Location:			
LSV-18			
Sample ID:	099-LSV-18-20130910	113-LSV-18-20130912	
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310407-07	1310489-08	
Sampling Date:	9/10/2013	9/12/2013	
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	4	1	
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	
Benzene	45	7.4	U
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	8.9	10	U
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	1100	17	J
Toluene	46	8.8	U
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	680	13	J

Location:			
LSV-19			
Sample ID:	093-LSV-19-20130910	114-LSV-19-20130912	
Laboratory Sample Number:	1310407-01	1310489-09	
Sampling Date:	9/10/2013	9/12/2013	
Sampling Depth (ft bgs):	3.5	1	
Units:	ug/m3 Q	ug/m3 Q	
Benzene	41	5.5	U
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	14	22	J
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	120	110	J

	NYSDOH ¹ (ug/m3)	USEPA 2001 ² 90th Percentile (ug/m3)
Benzene	13	9.4
Ethylbenzene	6.4	5.7
M And P Xylenes	11	22.2
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	7.1	7.9
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	2.5	15.9
Toluene	57	43
Total Xylenes	11	22.2
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	0.46	4.2



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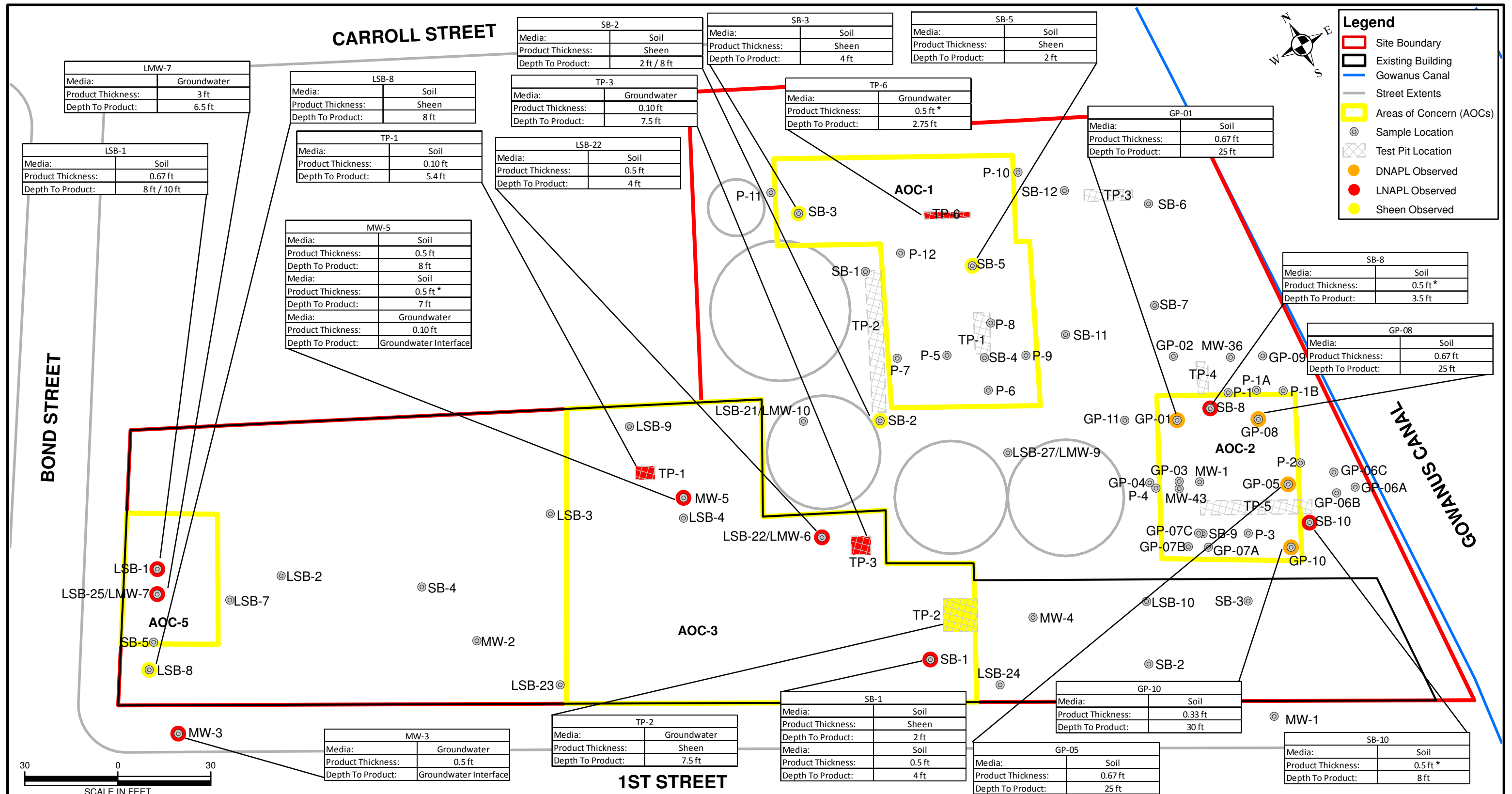
NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400

Project
PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT
 BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15
 BROOKLYN
 KINGS COUNTY NEW YORK

Drawing Title
SUMMARY OF LANGAN SOIL VAPOR ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Project No. 100287501
 Date 10/25/2012
 Scale 1"=75'
 Drawn By amf
 Submission Date 5/27/2014
 Figure 10

Notes:
 1. Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street (May 2005) and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
 2. AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 400 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 400 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street; AOC-5: Former UST Area.



Notes:

- Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street (May 2005); and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
- All ELM sample locations are approximate and based on the reports identified in Note 1.
- AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street; AOC-5: Former UST Area

* A specific product thickness was not provided. Therefore, an approximation of 0.5 feet has been provided.

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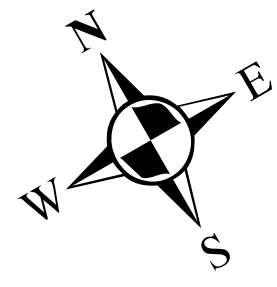
NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24GA27996400

Project
PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT
 BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15
 BROOKLYN

KINGS COUNTY NEW YORK

Drawing Title
SUMMARY OF NAPL OBSERVATIONS

Project No.	100287503	Figure	11
Date	11/6/2012		
Scale	1"=30'		
Drawn By	amf		
Last Revised	5/27/2014		



- Legend**
- Site Boundary
 - Existing Building
 - Building Features
 - Former AST Locations
 - Gowanus Canal
 - Street Extents
 - Area of Concern
 - + **Sample Locations**
 - + Monitoring Well Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)
 - + Soil Boring & Temporary Well Location (ELM, 2004 - 2005)

Sample ID:	MW-5	Location:	MW-5 (363 BOND)	MW-5 (363 BOND)
Laboratory Sample Number:	209387-004	148-MW-5	148-DUP-2	20130917
Sampling Date:	4/28/2005	1310643-02	1310643-03	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft):	12	12	12	12
Units:	ug/l	Q	Q	Q
VOCs				
1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	450			
Benzene	59			
Ethylbenzene	19			
Toluene	38			
Vinyl Chloride	320			
Xylene (mixed)	94			
SVOCs				
2,4-Dimethylphenol	260			
Acenaphthene	90			
Benzo(a)anthracene	10			
Chrysene	11			
Fluorene	59			
Naphthalene	620			
o-Cresol(s) (2-Methylphenol)	47			
Phenanthrene	110			
Pyrene	7			
Total Metals				
Aluminum	924			
Arsenic	35.7			
Iron	3,600			
Lead	227			
Sodium	187,000			
Dissolved Metals				
Arsenic	30.5			
Iron	1,830			
Lead	135			
Sodium	184,000			

Location:	LMW-7
Sample ID: <td>150-LMW-7-20130917</td>	150-LMW-7-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>1310643-04</td>	1310643-04
Sampling Date: <td>9/17/2013</td>	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft): <td>12.5</td>	12.5
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	6,000
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene)	1,300
Ethylbenzene	360
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	410
N-Butylbenzene	580
N-Propylbenzene	610
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	3,200
Sec-Butylbenzene	1,800
Toluene	1,200
SVOCs <td></td>	
Naphthalene	43,700
PCBs <td></td>	
PCB-1254 (Aroclor 1254)	9.35
Metals <td></td>	
Iron	5,940
Lead	29
Magnesium	406,000
Magnesium (Dissolved)	409,000
Manganese	757
Manganese (Dissolved)	805

Location:	MW-3 (363 BOND)	MW-3 (363 BOND)
Sample ID: <td>143-MW-3-20130916</td> <td>145-DUP-1-20130916</td>	143-MW-3-20130916	145-DUP-1-20130916
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>1310689-04</td> <td>1310689-05</td>	1310689-04	1310689-05
Sampling Date: <td>9/16/2013</td> <td>9/16/2013</td>	9/16/2013	9/16/2013
Sample Depth (ft): <td>12</td> <td>12</td>	12	12
Units: <td>ug/l</td> <td>Q</td>	ug/l	Q
VOCs <td></td> <td></td>		
Acetone	130	1
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	14	1.1
N-Butylbenzene	6.8	0.24
N-Propylbenzene	19	0.37
Metals <td></td> <td></td>		
Aluminum	10	1,150
Iron	25,200	14,500
Iron (Dissolved)	2,450	504
Manganese	4,650	811
Manganese (Dissolved)	4,480	741
Selenium	10	11
Selenium (Dissolved)	10	21

Sample ID:	MW-2	Location:	MW-2 (363 BOND)
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>209387-002</td> <td>134-MW-2-20130913</td> <td>1310554-04</td>	209387-002	134-MW-2-20130913	1310554-04
Sampling Date: <td>4/28/2005</td> <td>9/13/2013</td> <td>7</td>	4/28/2005	9/13/2013	7
Sample Depth (ft): <td>12</td> <td>7</td> <td>Q</td>	12	7	Q
Units: <td>ug/l</td> <td>Q</td> <td>Q</td>	ug/l	Q	Q
SVOCs <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Naphthalene	23		
Total Metals <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Aluminum	544		
Iron	155,000		
Manganese	512		
Manganese (Dissolved)	156,000		
Metals <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Aluminum	38		
Iron	5,230		
Magnesium	91,500		
Magnesium (Dissolved)	91,700		
Selenium	1,730		
Selenium (Dissolved)	13		

Location:	LMW-6
Sample ID: <td>147-LMW-6-20130917</td>	147-LMW-6-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>1310643-01</td>	1310643-01
Sampling Date: <td>9/17/2013</td>	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft): <td>12</td>	12
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	24
Benzene	39
Ethylbenzene	11
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	14
N-Propylbenzene	11
O-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	14
Toluene	6.1
SVOCs <td></td>	
Acenaphthene	63.9
Naphthalene	139
Metals <td></td>	
Aluminum	448
Aluminum (Dissolved)	28
Cobalt	25
Cobalt (Dissolved)	26
Iron	3,000
Iron (Dissolved)	1,020
Lead	31
Magnesium	40,800
Magnesium (Dissolved)	40,500
Selenium	19
Selenium (Dissolved)	50

Sample ID:	MW-4
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>209387-003</td>	209387-003
Sampling Date: <td>4/28/2005</td>	4/28/2005
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
Benzene	1
Total Metals <td></td>	
Cadmium	16.4
Sodium	28,400
Dissolved Metals <td></td>	
Cadmium	15.3
Sodium	29,000

Location:	MW-4 (363 BOND)
Sample ID: <td>156-MW-4-20130917</td>	156-MW-4-20130917
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>1310722-03</td>	1310722-03
Sampling Date: <td>9/17/2013</td>	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft): <td>1/14/1900</td>	1/14/1900
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	8.6
Metals <td></td>	
Aluminum	10
Iron	5,120
Iron (Dissolved)	5,110
Manganese	651
Manganese (Dissolved)	659
Iron	5,120
Manganese	651

Sample ID:	MW-1	Location:	MW-1 (363 BOND)
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>209387-001</td> <td>151-MW-1-20130917</td> <td>1310643-05</td>	209387-001	151-MW-1-20130917	1310643-05
Sampling Date: <td>4/28/2005</td> <td>9/17/2013</td> <td>9</td>	4/28/2005	9/17/2013	9
Sample Depth (ft): <td>12</td> <td>9</td> <td>Q</td>	12	9	Q
Units: <td>ug/l</td> <td>Q</td> <td>Q</td>	ug/l	Q	Q
Total Metals <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Aluminum	97.7		
Iron	5,990		
Manganese	956		
Dissolved Metals <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Aluminum	1,290		
Iron	977		
Manganese	111,000		

Location:	LMW-9
Sample ID: <td>154-LMW-9-20130917</td>	154-LMW-9-20130917
Sample Date: <td>9/17/2013</td>	9/17/2013
Sample Depth (ft): <td>12</td>	12
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
Benzene	1.9
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	8.1
Trichloroethylene (Tce)	6.6
Vinyl Chloride	4.6
Metals <td></td>	
Aluminum	502
Aluminum (Dissolved)	14
Iron	707
Magnesium	217,000
Magnesium (Dissolved)	221,000

Sample ID:	SB-6/TW
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>207935-015</td>	207935-015
Sampling Date: <td>10/27/2004</td>	10/27/2004
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
Benzene	1
Metals <td></td>	
Antimony	8.3
Iron	4,900
Magnesium	141,000
Manganese	621

Sample ID:	SB-7/TW
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>207935-016</td>	207935-016
Sampling Date: <td>10/27/2004</td>	10/27/2004
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
SVOCs <td></td>	
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.6
Metals <td></td>	
Iron	3,540

Sample ID:	SB-11/TW
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>207935-017</td>	207935-017
Sampling Date: <td>10/27/2004</td>	10/27/2004
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
Benzene	33
Toluene	5.5
Xylene (mixed)	17
SVOCs <td></td>	
Acenaphthene	89
Benzo(a)anthracene	2
Chrysene	1
Naphthalene	10
Metals <td></td>	
Aluminum	379
Iron	751

Sample ID:	MW-1
Laboratory Sample Number: <td>207936-006</td>	207936-006
Sampling Date: <td>10/25/2004</td>	10/25/2004
Units: <td>ug/l</td>	ug/l
VOCs <td></td>	
Benzene	3.2
Metals <td></td>	
Aluminum	114
Iron	10,100
Manganese	3,870

NYSDEC Part 703 Groundwater Quality Objectives	Ground Water Quality Standards (ug/l)
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	
1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5
Acetone	50
Benzene	1
Ethylbenzene	5
Isopropyl Benzene	5
Propylbenzene-n	5
N-Butylbenzene	5
Sec-Butylbenzene	5
Toluene	5
Trichloroethylene	5
Vinyl Chloride	2
Xylene (mixed)	5
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	2
Acenaphthene	20
Anthracene	50
Benzo(a)anthracene	5
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.002
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.002
Chrysene	5
Fluoranthene	50
Fluorene	5
Naphthalene	10
o-Cresol(s) (2-Methylphenol)	2
Phenanthrene	5
Pyrene	50
PCBs	
Aroclor 1254	0.09
Metals	
Aluminum	3
Antimony	3
Arsenic	25
Cadmium	5
Iron	300
Iron and Manganese	500
Lead	25
Magnesium	35,000
Manganese	300
Selenium	10
Sodium	20,000



Notes:
 1. Map features are based on aerial photographs, tax maps, and the following ELM reports: Phase II Investigation Report, 363 Bond Street (May 2005) and Phase II Investigation Report, 400 Carroll Street (May 2005).
 2. All ELM sample locations are approximate and based on the reports identified in Note 1.
 3. AOC-1: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, North; AOC-2: Proposed Excavation Area - 388 Carroll Street, South; AOC-3: Proposed Excavation Area - 363 Bond Street; AOC-5: Former UST Area.

LANGAN

River Drive Center 1, 619 River Drive, Elmwood Park, NJ 07407-1338
 T: 201.794.6900 F: 201.794.0366 www.langan.com

NEW JERSEY NEW YORK VIRGINIA CALIFORNIA
 PENNSYLVANIA CONNECTICUT FLORIDA

ABU DHABI ATHENS DOHA
 DUBAI ISTANBUL

Langan Engineering & Environmental Services, Inc.
 Langan Engineering, Environmental, Planning and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C.
 Langan International LLC
 Collectively known as Langan

NJ CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 24G42798-600

Project
PROPOSED BOND STREET DEVELOPMENT
 BLOCK No. 452, LOT Nos. 1 & 15
 BROOKLYN

KINGS COUNTY NEW YORK

Drawing Title
SUMMARY OF ALL GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Project No. 100287501
 Date 5/8/2014
 Scale 1"=30'
 Drawn By atr
 Last Revised 5/27/2014

Figure
13

APPENDIX A

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY REPORT

GEOPHYSICAL ENGINEERING SURVEY REPORT
COMMERCIAL /
INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS

363 – 365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street,
Brooklyn, New York

NOVA PROJECT NUMBER
13-0720


DATED
September 9, 2013

PREPARED FOR:

LANGAN

River Drive Center 1
619 River Drive
Elmwood Park, NJ 07407-1338
www.langan.com

PREPARED BY:

The logo for NOVA Geophysical Engineering features a vertical blue bar on the left side, composed of a grid of small circles. The word "NOVA" is written in a large, bold, brown serif font. Below it, "GEOPHYSICAL ENGINEERING" is written in a smaller, bold, brown sans-serif font. Underneath that, "Subsurface Mapping Solutions" is written in a regular weight, brown sans-serif font.

NOVA
GEOPHYSICAL
ENGINEERING
Subsurface Mapping Solutions

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Douglaston, New York 11362
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NOVA GEOPHYSICAL SERVICES

SUBSURFACE MAPPING SOLUTIONS

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September 9, 2013

Amanda Forsburg
Senior Staff Scientist

LANGAN

River Drive Center 1
619 River Drive
Elmwood Park, NJ 07407-1338
Direct: 201.398.4899 x4276
Mobile: 201.615.9726
Email: aforsburg@langan.com

Re: Geophysical Survey Report Commercial /
Industrial Properties - Buildings
363-365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street,
Brooklyn, New York

Dear Ms. Forsburg:

Nova Geophysical Services (NOVA) is pleased to provide findings of our geophysical surveys at the above referenced project sites located at 363-365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, New York (the "Sites"). Please see attached Geophysical Survey map for more details.

INTRODUCTION TO GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY

NOVA performed a Geophysical survey consisting of Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR), Electromagnetic (EM) surveys and comprehensive subsurface utility (CSUL) surveys at the project Site. The purpose of this survey is to clear and mark proposed environmental boring locations and to identify any underground storage tanks (USTs), anomalies, and subsurface structures that maybe located at the proposed boring areas at the project site on August 27th & 28th, 2013.

The equipment selected for this investigation will be included a CSUL Pipe and Cable Locator (an magnetic detector), Ditch-Witch utility locator, Electromagnetic detector (Geonics EM61), Software and Sensor's 250 MHz ground-penetrating radar (GPR).

A GPR system consists of a radar control unit, control cable and a transducer (antenna). The control unit transmits a trigger pulse at a normal repetition rate of 250 MHz. The trigger pulse is sent to the transmitter electronics in the transducer via the control cable. The transmitter electronics amplify the trigger pulses into bipolar pulses that are radiated to the surface. The transformed pulses vary in shape and frequency according to the transducer used. In the subsurface, variations of the signal occur at boundaries where there is a dielectric contrast (void, steel, soil type, etc.). Signal reflections travel back to the control unit and are represented as color graphic images for interpolation.

GEOPHYSICAL METHODS

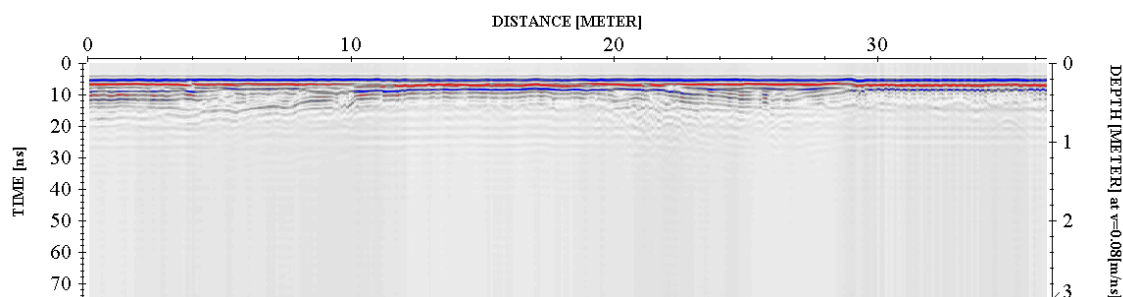
The project site was first screened using the Geonics(tm) electromagnetic detector by carrying the instrument over the boring locations at the site in 5' x 5' traverses. When evidence of anomalies were observed, the Ditch-witch(tm) utility locator was then used to determine if the anomalies were utilities or other large sub-surface metal objects. Finally, GPR profiles were collected over each metal-detector anomaly and inspected for reflections, which could be indicative of major anomalies.

GPR data profiles were collected for the areas of the Site specified by the client. The surveyed area consisted of paved and none paved areas.

DATA PROCESSING

In order to improve the quality of the results and to better identify subsurface anomalies NOVA processed the collected data. The processes flow is briefly described at this section.

Step 1. Import raw RAMAC data to standard processing format

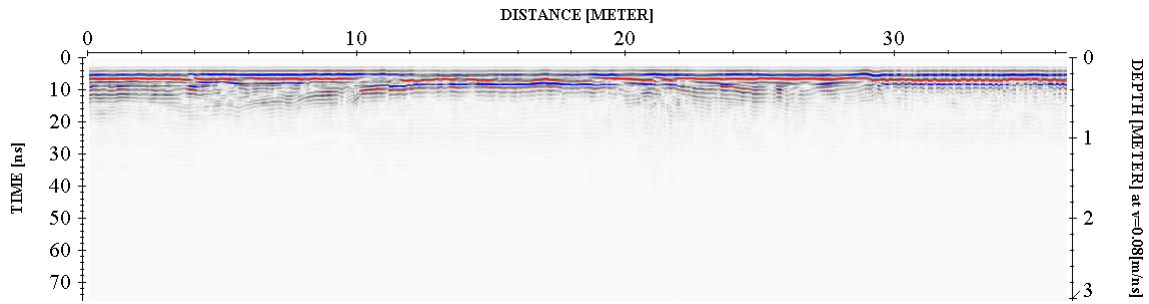


GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY REPORT

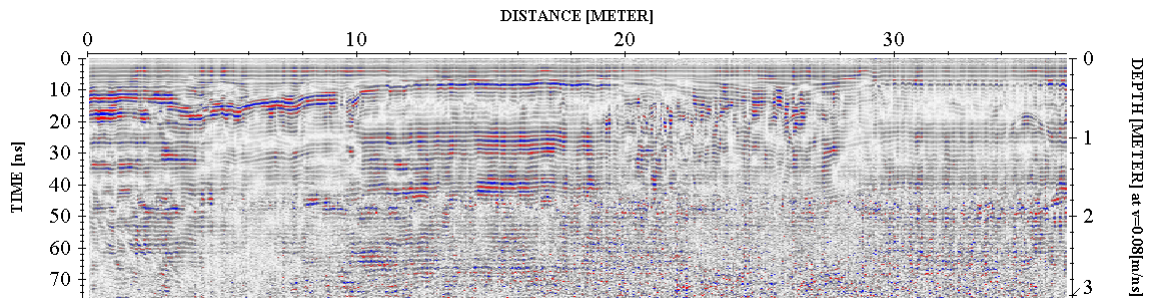
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Commercial-Properties / Buildings
363-365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street
Brooklyn, New York

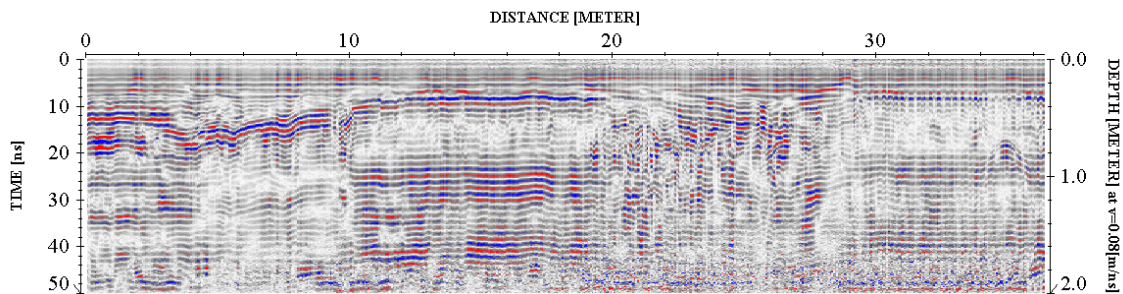
Step 2. Remove instrument noise (*dewow*)



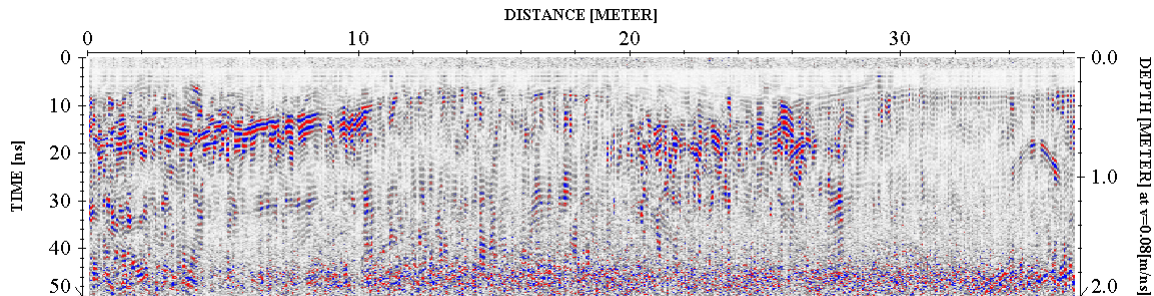
Step 3. Correct for attenuation losses (*energy decay function*)



Step 4. Remove static from bottom of profile (*time cut*)



Step 5. Mute horizontal ringing/noise (subtracting average)



The above example shows the significance of data processing. The last image (step 5) has higher resolution than the starting image (raw data – step 1) and describes the subsurface anomalies more accurately.

PHYSICAL SETTINGS

Nova observed following physical conditions at the time of the survey:

The weather: Mostly sunny

Temp: 83 & 85 degrees

Surface: Paved with Concrete and non-paved areas.

Geophysical Noise Level (GNL): Geophysical Noise Level (GNL) was medium to high due to site building settings with reinforcement, on-site storage, limited or no access at the time of the survey.

RESULTS

The results of the geophysical survey identified following at the project Site:

- Geophysical survey identified anomalies located along the western portion of the 363 Bond Street area (building) along Bond Street. Further evaluation of this anomaly with the CSUL, it confirmed that it was associated with the vent pipe which was also located at the same area.

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY REPORT

LANGAN

Commercial—Properties / Buildings
363-365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street
Brooklyn, New York

- Geophysical survey identified additional anomalies located along the eastern portion of the project area (365 Bond Street) underneath the unpaved area of the site. Based on their reflection rates and proximity, these anomalies were located approximately 3 to 5 feet below ground surface.
- Geophysical survey identified anomalies along the southern portion of the project site located at 400 Carroll Street adjacent to the project site building located at 363 Bond Street. Due to limited access, NOVA could not verify the nature of these anomalies.
- Geophysical survey identified minor anomalies located throughout of the surveyed areas. Based on their reflection rate and proximity, they were consistent with subsurface utilities (water, sewer and etc.). All of these anomalies were clearly marked on the field during the survey.
- Geophysical survey identified additional vent pipe and fill port located along the western portion of the project site located at 363 Bond Street. Due to no access to the basement (partial basement) at the time of the survey, NOVA could not verify whether these lines are associated with an UST or AST located in the basement.
- Geophysical survey identified scattered anomalies located throughout of the project areas. None of these anomalies were consistent with any major subsurface USTs or other structures.
- Geophysical survey confirmed that all of the on-site floor drains were interconnected with their final destination to the municipal sewer system located along the Bond Street, 2nd Street and Carroll Street.
- Nova cleared and marked all of the proposed boring areas located throughout of the project area.
- Geophysical Survey Plan portrays the areas investigated during the geophysical survey.

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY REPORT

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Commercial-Properties / Buildings
363-365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street
Brooklyn, New York

• If you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.
Sincerely,

NOVA Geophysical Services



Levent Eskicakit, P.G., E.P.
Project Engineer

Cc Lindsay Deckard, Langan
Christopher McMahon Langan

Attachments:

Figure 1 Site Location Map
Geophysical Survey Plan
Geophysical Images

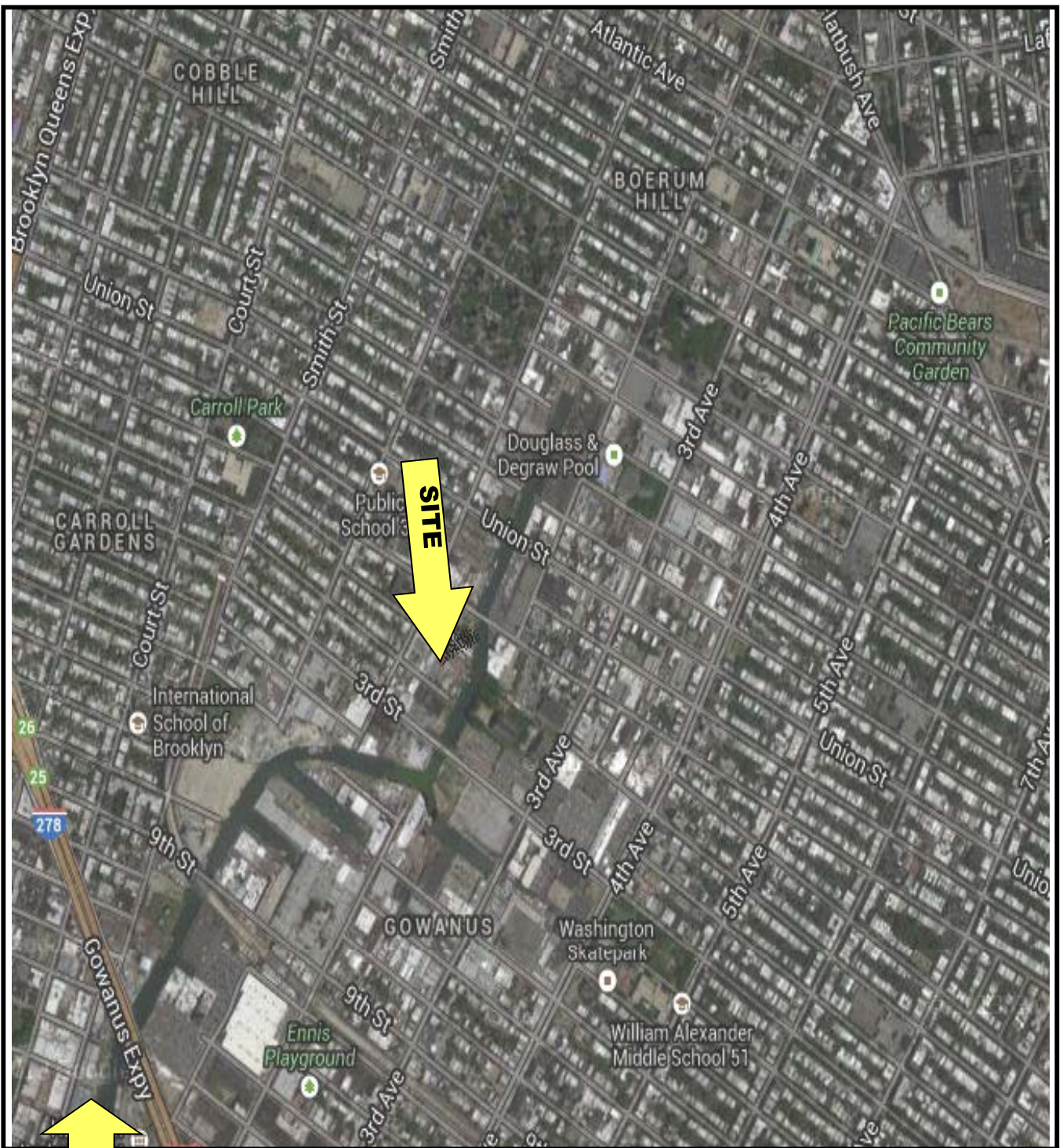


FIGURE 1

SITE LOCATION MAP

SITE: **Commercial Properties**
 363, 365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street
 Brooklyn, New York

SCALE: See Map

NOVA

Geophysical Services

Subsurface Mapping Solutions

56-01 Marathon Pkwy, PO Box 765, Douglaston, NY11362
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NOTES


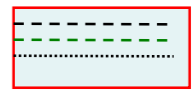
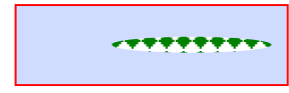
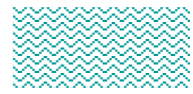

1- All anomalies were marked in the field.

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY PLAN


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 Douglaston, New York 11362
 Phone (347) 556-7787 * Fax (718) 261-1527
www.nova-gsi.com

SITE : Commercial Buildings
 363-365 Bond Street, Brooklyn, New York
 CLIENT Langan Engineering & Environmental, Inc.
 SCALE See Map
 DATE August 27th & 28th, 2013

INFORMATION

	Project Area		Underground Lines/Pipes/Utilities
	Anomaly (Former Foundation Structures)		Minor Anomaly detected with GPR
	Anomalies (Detected with EM)		



 No Access
(Partial Basement)


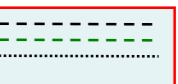



NOTES
1- All anomalies were marked in the field.

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY PLAN

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SITE : Commercial/ Industrial Properties
365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, New York
CLIENT Langan Engineering & Environmental, Inc.
SCALE See Map
DATE August 27th & 28th, 2013

INFORMATION

	GPR/EM Surveyed Areas		Underground Lines/Pipes/Utilities
	Vent Pipe / Floor Drain		Minor Anomaly detected with GPR
	Major Anomaly		

GEOPHYSICAL IMAGES

Commercial / Industrial Properties

363-365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, New York

August 27th & 28th, 2013

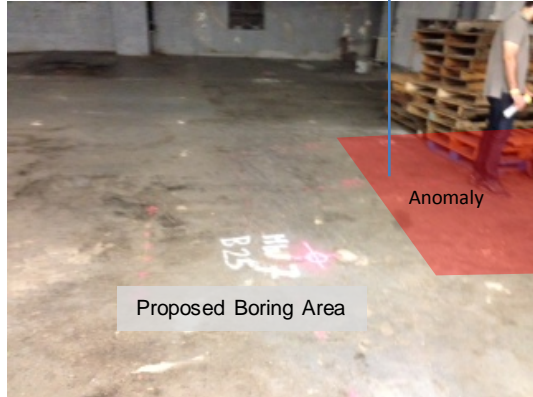
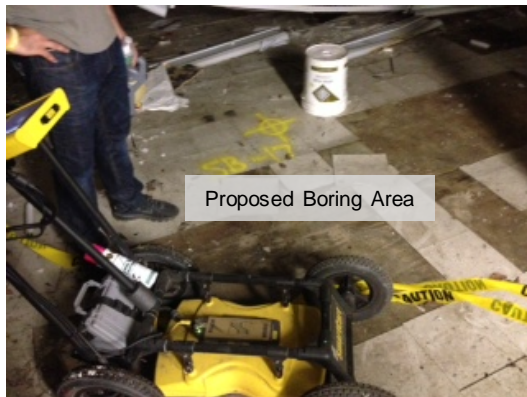
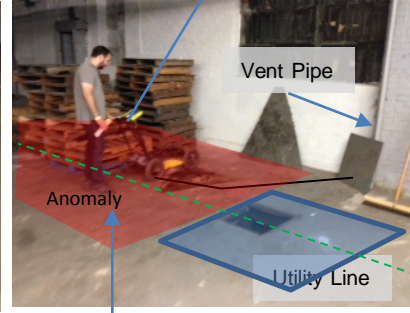


GEOPHYSICAL IMAGES

Commercial / Industrial Properties

363-365 Bond Street & 400 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, New York

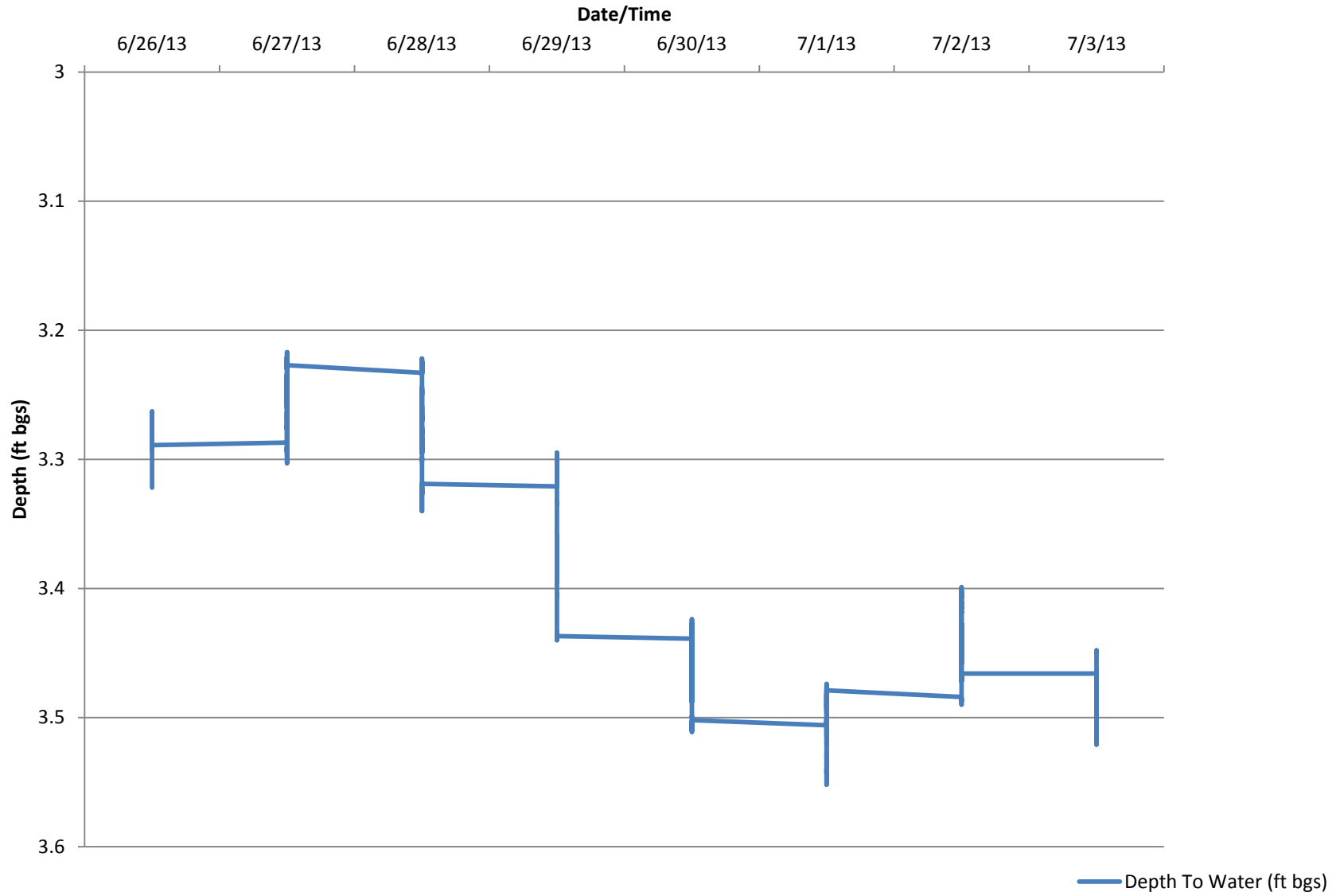
August 27th & 28th, 2013



APPENDIX B

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION DATA

Depth to Water at LMW-3



APPENDIX C

FIELD LOGS

PROJECT <u>PROPOSED BOND ST.</u>		PROJECT NO. <u>100287501</u>	
LOCATION <u>363 BOND ST.</u>		ELEVATION AND DATUM	
DRILLING AGENCY <u>PHL</u>		DATE STARTED <u>06 SEP 13</u>	DATE FINISHED <u>06 SEP 13</u>
DRILLING EQUIPMENT <u>GEOPROBE 7022T (0'-4') & GEOPROBE 420 MOBILE (4'-)</u>		COMPLETION DEPTH <u>16'</u>	ROCK DEPTH
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT <u>4 1/4" 1/4"</u>		NO. SAMPLES	DIST. <u>2</u> UNDIST. <u>-</u> CORE <u>-</u>
CASING <u>4' x 1 1/4" & 2' x 1 1/4"</u>		WATER LEVEL	FIRST <u>12'</u> COMPL. <u>-</u> 24 HR. <u>-</u>
CASING HAMMER <u>-</u>	WEIGHT	FOREMAN <u>JEREMY & TONY</u>	
SAMPLER <u>4' x 1" & 2' x 1" ACETATE LINERS</u>		INSPECTOR <u>LINDSAY DECKARD</u>	
SAMPLER HAMMER <u>-</u>	WEIGHT	DROP	

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES				REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG	TYPE	RECOVER	REMARKS	
0.6	0'-1' CONCRETE [DRY]					BACKGROUND PID READING = 0.6 PPM	
0.6	1'-4' BROWN F-H SAND, SOME SILT, TRACE CLAY, MICA, F GRAVEL [MOIST]	1				SAMPLE 072/LSB-7 @ 0-2' VOCs @ 1.5'-2.0'	
0.6		2			21"		
0.6		3					
0.8		4					
0.4		4					
0.8	4'-6' SAME AS 1'-4' ABOVE	4				BACKGROUND PID READING = 0.8 ^{VED} 0.6 PPM	
0.8		5			16"		
0.8		6					
0.9		6					
0.6	6'-6.5' SAME AS 1'-4' ABOVE	6				BACKGROUND PID READING = 0.6 PPM	
0.8	6.5'-8' BLACK M-C SAND, SOME G GRAVEL, SILT, CLAY, TRACE MICA, WOOD/ORGANICS [MOIST]	7			17"	6.5'-8' FANT ODOR	
1.5		8					
0.6	8'-10' SAME AS 6.5'-8' ABOVE	8				8'-10' FANT ODOR	
0.9		9			7"		
1.2		10					
1.1		10					
1.3		11			24"	ODOR	
3.1	10'-12' F. C SAND (MOSTLY COARSE) BLACKISH BROWN, SOME ANGULAR COARSE GRAVEL, TRACE WOOD/ORGANICS, SILT, MICA [MOIST]	11					
1.7		12				BW @ 12'	
2.3	12'-14' SAME AS 10'-12' ABOVE [WET]	12				PID READINGS OF 9999 + MAY BE INACCURATE, RECOVERY VERY WET w/ SLIGHT ODOR	
1.9		13			15"	SAMPLE 073/LSB-7 @ 13'-15'	
1.0		14				w/ VOCs @ 14.0'-14.5'	
9999							
9999							

JOB NO. 100287501
DATE 06 SEP 13

LOG OF BORING NO. LSB-7

SHEET 2 OF 2

PID (PPH)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES				REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG	TYPE	RECOVERY	PENETR. RESIST. BL/6 IN.	
4476	14'-15' SAME AS 10'-12' ABOVE [WET]	14					HIGH PID READING, FANT ODOR, SOIL RECOVERY VERY WET.
704	15'-16' BROWNISH BLACK SILT, SOME CLAY, F SAND, TRACE GRAVEL [WET]	15			24		
725 1706 T052		16					

REWRITE



LOG OF BORING

LSB-8

SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST. REDEVELOPMENT			PROJECT NO. 100287501		
LOCATION 363 BOND ST.			ELEVATION AND DATUM —		
DRILLING AGENCY PAL		DATE STARTED 06/SEP/13		DATE FINISHED 06/SEP/13	
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 420 MOBILE			COMPLETION DEPTH 14'		ROCK DEPTH —
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 1 1/4"			NO. SAMPLES	DIST.	UNDIST. —
CASING 2" x 1 1/4"			WATER LEVEL	FIRST 10'-11"	COMPL. —
CASING HAMMER —	WEIGHT	DROP	FOREMAN JEREMY		
SAMPLER 2" x 1" ACETATE LINER			INSPECTOR LINDSAY DEUKARD		
SAMPLER HAMMER —	WEIGHT	DROP			

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			TR. LOC.	TYPE	REC'D. R.	REMETR. RESIST.	BLIND	
1.8	0'-2' CONCRETE [DRY]							BORING LOCATED IN AREA OF CRACKED/DEPRESSED/DAMAGED CONCRETE FLOORING
2.4		1						
1.5								
1.5		2						2'-4' SLIGHT ODOR
1.2	2'-3' BROWN M SAND - SOME C GRAVEL, SILT [MOIST]							
0.9	3'-4' BROWNISH BLACK M SAND, SOME SILT [MOIST]	3						VERY STRONG ODOR #4.5' 6-6.5'
103								
104	4'-6.5' GREYISH YELLOW C GRAVEL, SOME SAND, SILT, TRACE CLAY	4						VERY STRONG ODOR
210								
107	U.S. -8 CHOIST	5						VERY STRONG ODOR
163	U.S. -8 SAME AS 3'-4' ABOVE							
273		6						VERY STRONG ODOR
22.3	4'-6' SAME AS 3'-4' ABOVE							
706		7						POOR RECOVERY - WET MOST LIKELY GW, BUT ALSO GREYISH SILVER SHEEN
349								
303	8'-10' BROWNISH BLACK F SAND, SOME SILT, F GRAVEL, TRACE CLAY [WET] w/ SHEEN	8						GW @ 10'-11' VERY STRONG ODOR
174								
280		9						SAMPLE 075/LSB 8 @ GW INTERFACE 10'-12' w/ VOCs @ 11.5'-12'
300								
335	10'-12' BROWNISH GREY SILT, SOME F SAND, SOME CLAY [WET] w/ SHEEN	10						NO ODOR, NO SHEEN
45								
46		11						
26.5								
231		12						
351								
8.7	12'-14' BROWN M SAND, SOME SILT, TRACE CLAY [WET]	12						
13.2								
13.4		13						
11.1								
	END BORING	14						

6'0" }
4'6" }

45
64

PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST REDEVELOPMENT		PROJECT NO. 100287501	
LOCATION 363 BOND ST.		ELEVATION AND DATUM	
DRILLING AGENCY PAL		DATE STARTED 09SEP13	DATE FINISHED 09SEP13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 420 MOBILE		COMPLETION DEPTH 6' BGS	ROCK DEPTH
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2' x 1 1/4", 1 1/4"		NO. SAMPLES	DIST. 2 UNDIST. - CORE -
CASING		WATER LEVEL	FIRST 5' COMPL. - 24 HR. -
CASING HAMMER -	WEIGHT	FOREMAN TONY & MIKE	
SAMPLER 2' x 1" ACETATE SLEEVE		INSPECTOR LINDSAY DECKARD	
SAMPLER HAMMER -	WEIGHT	DROP	

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG	TYPE	RECOVERY	REMARKS	BLG/IN.	
0.2 421 791 151 129	0'-0.5' CONCRETE (DRY) 0.5'-2.0' YELLOWISH BROWN w/ SOME BLACK STREAKS) M-C SAND, SOME SILT, TRACE GRAVEL (MOIST)	1						SAMPLE 079/LSB-9 @ 0'-2' w/ VOCs @ 1'-1.5'
0.3	2'-4' REDDISH BROWN SAND, SOME SILT, GRAVEL (MOIST)	2						POOR RECOVERY - 1ST ATTEMPT 2'-4', REFUSAL @ 3' (ROCK FRAGMENTS)
78.1 50.2 51.6 147 295	4'-5.5' REDDISH BROWN M-C SAND, SOME C. GRAVEL, PEICE, TRACE SILT (WET) 5.5'-6' BLACK WOOD (MOIST) SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS	3						AW @ 5' STRONG ODOR @ 5.5'-6' SAMPLE 080/LSB 9 @ 4'-6', VOC @ 5.5'-6' HIT REFUSAL @ 6', TWICE END OF BORING @ 6' BGS
		4						
		5						
		6						
		7						
		8						
		9						
		10						
		11						
		12						
		13						
		14						



PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST. REDEVELOPMENT		PROJECT NO. 100287501	
LOCATION 303 BOND ST		ELEVATION AND DATUM —	
DRILLING AGENCY PAL		DATE STARTED 09SEP13	DATE FINISHED 09SEP13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 420 MOBILE		COMPLETION DEPTH 4' BGS	ROCK DEPTH —
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 1 1/4"	NO. SAMPLES	DIST. 1	UNDIST.
CASING 2' x 1 1/4"	WATER LEVEL	FIRST	COMPL.
CASING HAMMER —	WEIGHT	DROP	
SAMPLER 2" x 1" ACETATE SLEEVE		FOREMAN TONY & MIKE	
SAMPLER HAMMER —	WEIGHT	DROP	
		INSPECTOR LINDSAY DECARDS	

PID (PPH)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES				REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG	TYPE	RECON. FT.	PERCENT PENETR. BLUB IN.	
2.6	0'-1.5' CONCRETE [DRY]						
11.6	0.5' - 2.0' BLACK C SAND, SOME C GRAVEL, BRICK, TRACE SILT [MOIST]	1					Faint odor 1.5' - 2.0' SAMPLE OBS/LSB-10 0-2' w/ VOCs @ 1'-1.5'
4.13		2					
32.3	2-4' BROWN C SAND, SOME C GRAVEL, BRICK, TRACE SILT [MOIST]	3					Faint odor HIT REFUSAL @ 4' BGS 3x END OF BORING.
3.8		4					
4.2		5					
2.4		6					
5.3		7					
1.1		8					
0.8		9					
		10					
		11					
		12					
		13					
		14					



PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST. REDEVELOPMENT			PROJECT NO. 100287501		
LOCATION 400 CARROLL ST.			ELEVATION AND DATUM -		
DRILLING AGENCY PAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES			DATE STARTED 12SEP13		DATE FINISHED 12SEP13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 7822 DT			COMPLETION DEPTH 10' BGS		ROCK DEPTH
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2 1/4"			NO. SAMPLES	DIST	UNDIST
CASING 5' x 2 1/4"			WATER LEVEL	FIRST	COMPL.
CASING HAMMER -			WEIGHT -	DROP -	CORE
SAMPLER 5' x 1"			FOREMAN JEREMY		
SAMPLER HAMMER -			WEIGHT -	DROP -	INSPECTOR LINDSAY DECKARD

PID* (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOGS	TYPE	RECOVERY	VELOCITY	PERCENT	
-	0'-5' FILL - TAN, F-M SAND (DRY)	1						SAMPLE 123/LSB-21 @ 0'-2' w/ VOCs @ 1.5'-2'
-		2						
-		3						
-		4						
-	5'-7' SAME AS 0'-5' ABOVE	5						1/2" LENS OF BLACK SAND w/ SLIGHT OIL @ 8.5'-8.55'
-	7'-10' SAME AS 0'-5' ABOVE (WET)	6						SAMPLE 124/LSB-21 @ 7'-9' w/ VOCs @ 8.5'-9'
-		7						GW @ 7'
-		8						SAMPLE 125/DUP-3 @ 7'-9' w/ VOCs @ 8.5'-9'
-		9						
-		10						REFUSAL @ 10' BGS. REPOSITION. SECOND REFUSAL @ 10 BGS
-	END OF BORING	11						- REFUSAL POSSIBLY CONCRETE BASE OF SILO. BORING IS LOCATED W/IN SILO FOOTPRINT.
-		12						
-		13						* TOO WET FOR PID, POURING RAIN
-		14						

JOB NO. 100287501
DATE 09SEP13

LOG OF BORING NO. LSB-22

SHEET 2 OF 2

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG	TYPE	RECOVERY	PERCENT RECOVERY	BLANK	
128 119 78.0 82.7 79.3	14'-16' SAME AS 9'-10' ABOVE	14 15 16				18"	STRONG ODOUR	

PROJECT BOND ST. PROPOSED REDEVELOPMENT		PROJECT NO. 100287501	
LOCATION 363 BOND ST.		ELEVATION AND DATUM —	
DRILLING AGENCY PAL		DATE STARTED 06SEP13	DATE FINISHED 09SEP13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 420 MOBILE		COMPLETION DEPTH —	ROCK DEPTH —
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 1 1/4"		NO. SAMPLES	DIST. 1 UNDIST — CORE —
CASING 2" x 1 1/4"		WATER LEVEL	FIRST — COMPL. — 24 HR. —
CASING HAMMER —	WEIGHT —	DROP —	
SAMPLER 2" x 1" ACETATE LINER		FOREMAN JEREMY & TONY	
SAMPLER HAMMER —		INSPECTOR LINDSAY DEUKARD	

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOC.	TYPE	RECOVERY	DEPTH	BLK.	
1.8	0'-1' CONCRETE (DRY)							NO SAMPLE 0'-2' (LOW RECOVERY)
2.6	1'-2' YELLOW M-C SAND, SOME GRAVEL (MOIST)	1				3"		
9.1								
0.9		2						SAMPLE D76/LSB-23 @ 2'-4' VOCs @ 3'-3.5' (NOT ENOUGH RECOV. FROM 0'-2')
1.7	2'-4' REDDISH BROWN M-C SAND, SOME BRICK, GRAVEL, TRACE SILT, MICA (MOIST)	3				8"		REFUSAL TWICE @ 4' BGS - MOVED BORING, REATTEMPTED BORING REFUSAL 3RD TIME @ 4' BGS
3.3								SIGHT ODOR
2.7		4						- BORING STOPPED AT COB 09SEP13
3.1		5						- REATTEMPT BORING 09SEP13 REFUSAL @ 4' BGS FOR 4TH TIME. END BORING @ 4' BGS.
		6						
		7						
		8						
		9						
		10						
		11						
		12						
		13						
		14						

PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST. REDEVELOPMENT		PROJECT NO. 100287501	
LOCATION 363 BOND ST		ELEVATION AND DATUM -	
DRILLING AGENCY PAL		DATE STARTED 01/SEP/13	DATE FINISHED 01/SEP/13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 420 MOBILE		COMPLETION DEPTH 4' BGS	ROCK DEPTH -
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 1 1/4"		NO. SAMPLES	DIST. 1 UNDIST. - CORE -
CASING 2' x 1 1/4"		WATER LEVEL	FIRST - COMPL. - 24 HR. -
CASING HAMMER -	WEIGHT	FOREMAN TODD & MIKE	
SAMPLER 2' x 1" ACETATE SLEEVE		INSPECTOR LINDSAY DECKARD	
SAMPLER HAMMER -	WEIGHT	DROP	

PIL (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING SLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. DRUG	TYPE	RECOVERY	REMARKS	REMARKS	
0.0	0-1.5' CONCRETE [DRY]							POOR RECOVERY POOR RECOVERY SAMPLE 086 / LSB-24 0'-4' 0-4' DUE TO POOR RECOVERY POOR RECOVERY 3.5'-4' REFUSAL @ 4' BGS 3x END OF BORING
0.0	1.5-2' REDDISH BLACK M-C SAND, SOME BEAN, GRAVEL, TRACE SILT [DRY]	1			4'			
0.0		2						
0.0	2-4' SAME AS 1.5'-2' ABOVE				3'			
0.0		3						
0.0		4						
0.0		5						
0.0		6						
0.0		7						
0.0		8						
0.0		9						
0.0		10						
0.0		11						
0.4		12						
		13						
		14						

PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST REDEVELOPMENT			PROJECT NO. 100287501		
LOCATION 363 BOND ST.			ELEVATION AND DATUM —		
DRILLING AGENCY PAL			DATE STARTED 06SEP13		DATE FINISHED 06SEP13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 420 MOBILE			COMPLETION DEPTH 11'		ROCK DEPTH —
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 1 1/4"			NO. SAMPLES	DIBT. 1	UNDIST. —
CASING 2' x 1 1/4'			WATER LEVEL	FIRST 11'	COMPL. —
CASING HAMMER		WEIGHT	DROP	FOREMAN JEREMY & TONY	
SAMPLER 2' x 1" ACETATE LINER			INSPECTOR LINDSAY DEUKARD		
SAMPLER HAMMER		WEIGHT	DROP		

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. OF	TYPE	RECOVERY	PERCENT	REMARKS	
2.4	0'-2' CONCRETE (DRY)							BACKGROUND PID READING = 0.8 PPM Faint odor 1'-2'
3.2	0'-1'							
3.0	1'-2' BROWN F-H SAND, SOME GRAVEL, SILT (MOIST)	1						
6.4								
35.2	2'-4' SAME AS 1'-2' ABOVE	2						ODOR
65.3								
47.5		3						
29.6								
76.1	4'-5.5' SAME AS 1'-2' ABOVE	4						STRONG ODOR @ 5.5'-6.0'
14.0	5.5'-6.0' BLACK F SAND, SOME SILT, CLAY TRACE F GRAVEL (MOIST)	5						SAMPLE OF LSB-25 @ 5.5'-7.5' w/ VOCs @ 5.5'-6.0'
24.3								STRONG ODOR
9.5.5		6						
24.5	6'-8' SAME AS 5.5'-6.0' ABOVE							
27.7		7						
40.4								
29.8		8						
16.3	8'-16' SAME AS 5.5'-6' ABOVE							STRONG ODOR
15.3		9						
19.0								
23.0		10						
79.5	10'-11' SAME AS 5.5'-6" ABOVE							
12.5	11'-12' BROWN F SAND, SOME SILT, CLAY TRACE F GRAVEL (WET)	11						GW @ 11'
18.7								
10.5		12						
-		13						NO RECOVERY - WET
-		14						

PROJECT BOND ST. PROPOSED REDEVELOPMENT			PROJECT NO. 10287501		
LOCATION 400 CARROLL ST.			ELEVATION AND DATUM		
DRILLING AGENCY PHL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES			DATE STARTED 13SEP13		DATE FINISHED 13SEP13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEO PROBE 7822 NT			COMPLETION DEPTH 15'		ROCK DEPTH
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2 1/4"			NO. SAMPLES	DIST.	UNDIST
CASING 5' x 2 1/4"			WATER LEVEL	FIRST	COMPL.
CASING HAMMER			WEIGHT	DROP	FOREMAN
SAMPLER 5' x 2" ACETATE W/PER			INSPECTOR		
SAMPLER HAMMER			WEIGHT	DROP	24 HR.

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES				REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. OF SAMPLES	TYPE	RECOVERY	REMARKS	
0.6	0'-4.5' FILL - BROWN M-C SAND, SOME C GRAVEL, BRICK, TRACE SILT [DRY]	1					PAINT ODOR 0'-4.5' SAMPLE 12B/LSB-27 0'-2' w/ VOCs 0.5'-1.0'
1.3							
0.4							
1.2							
0.2	4.5'-5' CONCRETE [DRY]	2					HIT REFUSAL B/TWN 4'-5' SX. MOVED BORING & ADVANCED REFUSAL = CONCRETE
2.2							
3.7							
3.0							
3.2	5'-6' FILL - BLACKISH BROWN M-C SAND, SOME GRAVELS CONCRETE, SILT, TRACE CLAY [MOIST]	3					ODOR 5'-6' SAMPLE 12A/LSB-27 5'-7' w/ VOCs @ 5'-5.5'
2.3							
33.3							
66.8							
9.3	6'-8' BROWN F-M SAND, SOME SILT, TRACE CLAY [MOIST] WET	4					GW @ 7'-8'
4.7							
3.0							
1.0							
0.8	8'-10' BROWNISH GREY CLAY, SOME ORGANICS (WOOD, ROOTS, LEAVES) [MOIST]	5					FULL RECOVERY NO ODOR NO ORGANICS
0.7							
0.2							
0.4							
1.2	10-15' BROWNISH GREY CLAY, [MOIST]	6					
1.1							
1.2							
0.9							
0.9		7					
0.7		8					
0.7		9					
0.5		10					
0.5		11					
		12					
		13					
		14					

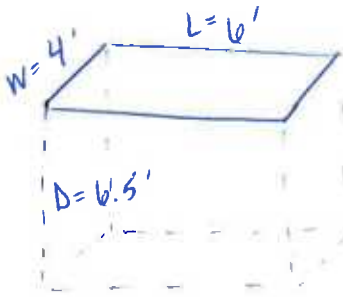
JOB NO. 100287501
DATE 13SEP13

LOG OF BORING NO. LSB-27

SHEET 2 OF 2

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES				REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG.	TYPE	RECOV. FT.	PENETR. RESIST. BLU. IN.	
0.4	END OF BORING	14					SEE PAGE 1
0.6		15					

PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST REDEVELOPMENT			PROJECT NO. 100287501		
LOCATION 303 BOND ST			ELEVATION AND DATUM -		
DRILLING AGENCY PAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES			DATE STARTED 12 SEP 13		DATE FINISHED 12 SEP 13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT			COMPLETION DEPTH 12.5'		ROCK DEPTH -
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT			NO. SAMPLES	DIST.	UNDIST.
CASING			WATER LEVEL	FIRST	24 HR.
CASING HAMMER	WEIGHT	DROP	FOREMAN MIKE		
SAMPLER			INSPECTOR MADSY DEWAR		
SAMPLER HAMMER	WEIGHT	DROP			

(PPM) PID	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES					REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG	TYPE	REDSK. FT.	PENETR. RESIST.	BUS IN.	
~1.9 @ surface 1 pit	0' - 0.5' CONCRETE [DRY]	1						 <p>TP-1 LOCATED 5' SE OF LSV-3.</p> <p>LD COLLECTED A JAR OF GW & PRODUCT FOR LANGAN REVIEW - NO LAB ANALYSIS.</p> <p>→ CORRECTION 10 SEP 13 - CLIENT WANTS GW/PRODUCT BUN FOR FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS</p>
	0.5' - 4.5' FILL - SAND, CONCRETE DEBRIS, BOULDERS, METAL DEBRIS [DRY]	2						
	4.5' - 5.4' SILT, SAND [MOIST]	3						
	WET GW @ 5.4'	4						
	5.4' - 5.5' PRODUCT (20.1')	5						
	5.5' - 4.5' GW	6						
	BOTTOM OF TEST PIT	7						
		8						
		9						
		10						
		11						
		12						
		13						
		14						

TEST PIT



JOB NO. 100287501

LOG OF BORING NO. TP-2

DATE 16 SEP 13

SHEET 1 OF 1

PLD (PPH)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES				REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOC.	TYPE	RECOV. FT.	PENETR. RESIST BL/IN.	
x600 SURFACE OF PIT	0'-0.5' CONCRETE [DRY]						
	0.5'-4' SANDY FILL w/ BRICK, GRAVEL [DRY]	1 2 3					
	4'-4.5' CONCRETE (2ND FOUNDATION) [DRY]	4					
	4.5'-7.4' BLACKISH BROWN SILTY SAND, SOME F GRAVEL, CLAY [MOIST]	5 6 7					
9999+ SAMPLE MATERIAL	BOTTOM OF TEST PIT	8 9				GW @ 7.4' COLLECT SAMPLE FOR FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS	

TP-3



JOB NO. 100287501

LOG OF BORING NO. TP-3

DATE 16 SEP 13

SHEET 1 OF 1

PID (PPM)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH SCALE	SAMPLES			REMARKS (DRILLING FLUID, DEPTH OF CASING, CASING BLOWS, FLUID LOSS, ETC.)
			NO. LOG.	TYPE	RECOV. FT. PENETR. RESIST. BLU IN.	
~122 @ Surface of PT	0'-1' CONCRETE [DRY]					
	1'-10' BLACKISH BROWN SAND, SOME BRICK, COARSE GRAVEL WOOD [GHOST]	1 2 3 4 5				
	6'-8.8' BLACKISH BROWN SILTY CLAY, SOME WOOD, SAND, GRAVEL [WET] / GW & PRODUCT	6 7 8				GW @ 7.5' COLLECT SAMPLE
9999 + OF SAMPLE MATERIAL	BOTTOM OF TEST PIT					COLLECT SAMPLE

WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY

TEMPORARY 1" WELL Well No. LMW-7 (USB-25)

PROJECT <u>PROPOSED BOND ST REDEVELOPMENT</u>		PROJECT NO. <u>100287501</u>									
LOCATION <u>363 BOND ST.</u>		ELEVATION AND DATUM —									
DRILLING AGENCY <u>PAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES</u>		DATE STARTED <u>12SEP13</u>	DATE FINISHED <u>12SEP13</u>								
DRILLING EQUIPMENT <u>GEOPROBE 7822 DT</u>		DRILLER <u>JEREMY</u>									
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT <u>2 1/4" SACRIFICIAL</u>		INSPECTOR <u>WINDSAY DECKARD</u>									
METHOD OF INSTALLATION <u>PUSH</u>											
METHOD OF WELL DEVELOPMENT —											
TYPE OF CASING <u>PVC</u>	DIAMETER <u>1"</u>	TYPE OF BACKFILL MATERIAL —									
TYPE OF SCREEN <u>PVC</u>	DIAMETER <u>1"</u>	TYPE OF SEAL MATERIAL <u>— (TEMP WELL)</u>									
BOREHOLE DIAMETER <u>2 1/4"</u>		TYPE OF FILTER MATERIAL <u>FILPRO</u>									
TOP OF CASING <u>AGS</u>	ELEVATION	DEPTH	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">WELL DETAILS</th> <th>SOIL CLASSIFICATION</th> <th>DEPTH</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2"> </td> <td><u>SEE BORING USB-25</u></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	WELL DETAILS		SOIL CLASSIFICATION	DEPTH			<u>SEE BORING USB-25</u>	
WELL DETAILS		SOIL CLASSIFICATION		DEPTH							
		<u>SEE BORING USB-25</u>									
TOP OF SEAL <u>AGS</u>	ELEVATION	DEPTH									
TOP OF FILTER <u>AGS</u>	ELEVATION	DEPTH									
TOP OF SCREEN <u>1' BGS</u>	ELEVATION	DEPTH									
BOTTOM OF BORING <u>16' BGS</u>	ELEVATION	DEPTH									
SCREEN LENGTH <u>15'</u>											
SLOT SIZE <u>10</u>											
GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS											
ELEVATION <u>11'</u>	DATE <u>06SEP13</u>										
ELEVATION	DATE										
ELEVATION	DATE										
ELEVATION	DATE										
ELEVATION	DATE										
ELEVATION	DATE										

WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY

TEMPORARY 1" WELL

Well No. UHW-6 (USB-22)

PROJECT <u>PROPOSED BOND ST. REDEVELOPMENT</u>		PROJECT NO. <u>100287501</u>							
LOCATION <u>363 BOND ST.</u>		ELEVATION AND DATUM <u>-</u>							
DRILLING AGENCY <u>PAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES</u>		DATE STARTED <u>12SEP13</u>	DATE FINISHED <u>12SEP13</u>						
DRILLING EQUIPMENT <u>GEORPPE 7822 BT</u>		DRILLER <u>JKREMY</u>							
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT <u>2 1/4" SACRIFICIAL</u>		INSPECTOR <u>WUDPHY DEWARD</u>							
METHOD OF INSTALLATION <u>PUSH</u>									
METHOD OF WELL DEVELOPMENT <u>-</u>									
TYPE OF CASING <u>PVC</u>		DIAMETER <u>1"</u>							
TYPE OF SCREEN <u>PVC</u>		DIAMETER <u>1"</u>							
BOREHOLE DIAMETER <u>2 1/4"</u>		TYPE OF BACKFILL MATERIAL <u>-</u>							
		TYPE OF SEAL MATERIAL <u>(TEMP WELL)</u>							
		TYPE OF FILTER MATERIAL <u>FILPRO</u>							
TOP OF CASING	ELEVATION	DEPTH	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>WELL DETAILS</th> <th>SOIL CLASSIFICATION</th> <th>DEPTH</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="10"> </td> <td rowspan="10">SEE USB-22 BIRING LOG</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	WELL DETAILS	SOIL CLASSIFICATION	DEPTH		SEE USB-22 BIRING LOG	
WELL DETAILS	SOIL CLASSIFICATION	DEPTH							
	SEE USB-22 BIRING LOG								
		TOP OF SEAL		ELEVATION	DEPTH				
		TOP OF FILTER		ELEVATION	DEPTH				
		TOP OF SCREEN		ELEVATION	DEPTH				
		BOTTOM OF BORING		ELEVATION	DEPTH				
		SCREEN LENGTH							
		SLOT SIZE							
		GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS							
		ELEVATION	DATE						
		ELEVATION	DATE						
ELEVATION	DATE								
ELEVATION	DATE								
ELEVATION	DATE								
ELEVATION	DATE								

WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY

Well No. LMW-9 (LSB-27)

PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST REDEVELOPMENT		PROJECT NO. 100287501	
LOCATION 400 CARRON ST.		ELEVATION AND DATUM -	
DRILLING AGENCY PAE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES		DATE STARTED 13SEP13	DATE FINISHED 13SEP13
DRILLING EQUIPMENT GEOPROBE 7822 DT		DRILLER JEREMY	
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 1 1/4" AUGER HEAD		INSPECTOR LINDSAY DECKARD	
METHOD OF INSTALLATION HOLLOW STEM AUGER			
METHOD OF WELL DEVELOPMENT PUMP & SURGE			
TYPE OF CASING PVC	DIAMETER 2"	TYPE OF BACKFILL MATERIAL -	
TYPE OF SCREEN PVC	DIAMETER 2"	TYPE OF SEAL MATERIAL BENTONITE PELETS	
BOREHOLE DIAMETER 1 1/4"		TYPE OF FILTER MATERIAL FILPRO SUPERIOR QUARTZ FILTRATION MEDIA	
TOP OF CASING AGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	
TOP OF SEAL AGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	
TOP OF FILTER 1'	ELEVATION	DEPTH	
TOP OF SCREEN AGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	
BOTTOM OF BORING 15'	ELEVATION	DEPTH	
SCREEN LENGTH 10'			
SLOT SIZE 10			
GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS			
ELEVATION 7'	DATE 13SEP13		
ELEVATION 7'-8' (LSB-27)	DATE 13SEP13		
ELEVATION	DATE		
ELEVATION	DATE		
ELEVATION	DATE		
ELEVATION	DATE		

WELL DETAILS

SOIL * CLASSIFICATION

DEPTH

0-6' FILL (DRY)

6' DARK BLACKISH BROWN SAND & SILT w/ ONCE (H.A.S.T.)

BW @ 7'

8'-15' CLAY (H.A.S.T.) NO ONDR

*SEE LSB-27 BORING LOG

WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY

Well No. LHW-10 (USB-21)

PROJECT PROPOSED BOND ST. REDEVELOPMENT		PROJECT NO. 100287501																																																
LOCATION 400 CAYMAN ST		ELEVATION AND DATUM -																																																
DRILLING AGENCY PAZ ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES		DATE STARTED 12SEP13	DATE FINISHED 12SEP13																																															
DRILLING EQUIPMENT Geoprobe 7822 DT.		DRILLER JEREMY																																																
SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4 1/4" AUGER HEAD		INSPECTOR LINDSAY DEKARD																																																
METHOD OF INSTALLATION HOLLOW STEM AUGER																																																		
METHOD OF WELL DEVELOPMENT PUMP & SURGE																																																		
TYPE OF CASING PVC	DIAMETER 2"	TYPE OF BACKFILL MATERIAL -																																																
TYPE OF SCREEN PVC	DIAMETER 2"	TYPE OF SEAL MATERIAL BENTONITE PELLETS																																																
BOREHOLE DIAMETER 4 1/4"		TYPE OF FILTER MATERIAL FILPRO SUPERIOR QUARTZ FILTRATION MEDIA																																																
TOP OF CASING AGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">WELL DETAILS</th> <th>SOIL CLASSIFICATION</th> <th>DEPTH</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="6"> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>TOP OF SEAL AGS</td> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DEPTH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TOP OF FILTER AGS</td> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DEPTH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TOP OF SCREEN 4' BGS</td> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DEPTH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BOTTOM OF BORING 9' BGS</td> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DEPTH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SCREEN LENGTH 5' BGS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SCREEN SIZE 10</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS</td> <td rowspan="6"> GW @ 7' </td> </tr> <tr> <td>ELEVATION 7' BGS</td> <td>DATE 12SEP13</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DATE</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DATE</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DATE</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>ELEVATION</td> <td>DATE</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	WELL DETAILS		SOIL CLASSIFICATION	DEPTH					TOP OF SEAL AGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	TOP OF FILTER AGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	TOP OF SCREEN 4' BGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	BOTTOM OF BORING 9' BGS	ELEVATION	DEPTH	SCREEN LENGTH 5' BGS				SCREEN SIZE 10				GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS			GW @ 7'	ELEVATION 7' BGS	DATE 12SEP13		ELEVATION	DATE		ELEVATION	DATE		ELEVATION	DATE		ELEVATION	DATE	
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LOW FLOW SAMPLING FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

Project: Bond Street Redevelopment	Site Location: 363 Bond Street	Well No: MW-3	Date: 9/15/13
Job Number: 100287501	Weather:	Sampling Crew: CBM-LD	
Initial Depth to Water (ft): 5.25	Well Depth (ft): 15	Pump Intake Depth (ft): 12	

TIME	TEMP. °C	pH (std. Units)	COND. (uS)	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	DO (mg/l - %)	DTW (ft)	Q (ml/m)	NOTES color, odor etc.
1409	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Began pumping
1413	22.12	6.46	1.47	-116	19.7	0.76	5.80	100	
1418	22.47	6.45	1.51	-137	23.3	0.43	6.10	100	
1423	22.60	6.45	1.60	-143	16.6	0.34	6.40	100	
1428	22.63	6.45	1.77	-146	15.0	0.29	6.61	100	
1433	22.59	6.45	1.85	-146	5.0	0.29	6.62	100	
1443	22.65	6.45	1.98	-146	2.5	0.26	6.80	100	
1448	22.58	6.45	2.02	-146	2.1	0.28	6.85	100	
1452	22.49	6.45	2.07	-146	1.8	0.24	6.90	100	
1457	22.51	6.45	2.08	-146	2.2	0.24	6.95	100	
1502	22.54	6.46	2.09	-146	2.0	0.23	7.02	100	
1510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sample taken

+/- 0.1 pH +/- 3% +/- 10 MV +/- 10 NTU +/- 10% <0.3' drawdown

Analytical Program

TCL-V0+10	PP-V0+15	MBTE	Phenols	Notes: Sample ID #143 and MW-3/MS/MSD Sample ID #144 + DUA1
TCL-BN+15	PP-BN+15	TBA	Others	
TCL-AE+5	PP-AE+10	Cyanide	PCE	
TCL-BNA+20	PP-BNA+25	TPH	TCE	
TCL-Pesticides	PP-Pesticides	TDS	cis-DCE	
TCL+30	PP-Metals	TSS	trans-DCE	
TAL	PP+40	TOX	VC	
TAL-Metals	PCB	TOC	Pb	



PROPOSED BOND ST REDEVELOPMENT
 CHERON GARDENS

LOW FLOW SAMPLING FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

365 BOND ST.

HW-4

17 SEP 13

Project: NHTP Interchange 8 Site	Site Location: East Windsor, NJ	Well No: HW-4	Date: 8/6/2013
Job Number: 100312801	Weather: 60.5 SUNNY WEA	Sampling Crew: CBM-10	
Initial Depth to Water (ft): 1.5'	Well Depth (ft): 110.105'	Pump Intake Depth (ft): 14'	

TIME	TEMP. °C	pH (std. Units)	COND. µS/cm	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	DO (mg/l - %)	DTW (ft)	Q (ml/m)	NOTES color, odor etc.
1615	19.09	9.22	3.02	-32	216	1.69	7.30	280	SLIGHT ODOOR GREYISH BROWN
1620	19.51	8.36	3.15	-102	43.8	1.20	7.46	300	" " VERY LIGHT BROWN
1625	19.49	8.03	3.24	-108	7.4	1.04	7.38	270	" " " "
1630	19.49	7.78	3.31	-113	7.7	0.91	7.37	270	" " " "
1635	19.49	7.58	3.38	-116	1.4	0.83	7.42	270	" " " "
1645	19.49	7.40	5.41	-119	2.0	0.76	7.46	280	" " " "
1650	BEGIN SAMPLING								

Analytical Program							Notes:
TCL-VO+10	PP-VO+15	MBTE	Phenols				FIELD FILTER METAL DISEP
TCL-BN+15	PP-BN+15	TBA	Others				
TCL-AE+5	PP-AE+10	Cyanide	PCE				
TCL-BNA+20	PP-BNA+25	TPH	TCE				
TCL-Pesticides	PP-Pesticides	TDS	cis-DCE				
TCL+30	PP-Metals	TSS	trans-DCE				
TAL	PP+40	TOX	VC				
TAL-Metals	PCB	TOC	Pb				



CARLEW GARDENS

LOW FLOW SAMPLING FIELD PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

3103 BOND ST.

LHW-7

17 SEP 13

Project: Interchange 8 Site	Site Location: East Windsor, NJ	Well No: MW-1	Date: 8/28/13
Job Number: 100312001	Weather: 50 S. SUNNY, WINDY	Sampling Crew: GEM-44	
Initial Depth to Water (ft): 9.54'	Well Depth (ft): 15'	Pump Intake Depth (ft): INITIAL=12', FINAL=14.5'	

TIME	TEMP. °C	pH (std. Units)	COND. (µS/cm)	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	DO (mg/l - %)	DTW (ft)	Q (ml/m)	NOTES color, odor etc.
1135	20.77	8.11	27.4	-179	0.0	1.01	13.19	250	STRONG GASOLINE ODOOR
LD STOPS PUMP - ONLY RECOVERING PRODUCT (DOT) (LD) LD ADDS 2' TUBING & RESTARTS PUMP.									
1145	20.84	8.50	19.1	-152	800	4.31	-	50	114 DRAWDOWN, LD
1215 (M)							-10.5 (OD)		OF PUMP & ALLOWS NO VOLUME PUMPED
1315	20.53	9.09	22.7	-124	310	2.90	10.5		
LD STOPS PUMP - TUBING FILLED w/ SEDIMENT LD TO INSERT NEW TUBING @ 12' BGS									
1335	20.97	8.96	26.2	-81	800	3.85	12.01	260	BROWN WOOLY GW CLEAR
1340	21.83	9.14	22.2	-81	800	2.48	12.18	260	" " " "
1345	21.77	9.11	23.7	-34	0	2.29	12.18	260	" " " "
1350	21.84	8.84	18.1	-76	0	3.24	12.62	260	" " " "
1355	21.88	8.78	23.9	-106	0	3.23	12.42	260	" " " "
1400	21.89	8.76	24.4	-105	0	3.45	12.63	260	" " " "
1405	21.93	8.57	25.6	-81	0	3.52	12.61	260	" " " "
1410	21.94	8.42	24.7	-85	0	3.60	12.64	260	" " " "
1415	21.96	8.31	23.8	-78	0	3.63	12.62	260	" " " "
1420									LD BEGINS SAMPLING

TURNS YELLOW AT ON TOP ODOOR

+/- 0.1 pH +/- 3% +/- 10 MV +/- 10 NTU +/- 10% <0.3' drawdown

Analytical Program

TCL-VO+10	PP-VO+15	MBTE	Phenols	Notes: PRODUCT 6.58' - 9.57'
TCL-BN+15	PP-BN+15	TBA	Others	
TCL-AE+5	PP-AE+10	Cyanide	PCE	
TCL-BNA+20	PP-BNA+25	TPH	TCE	
TCL-Pesticides	PP-Pesticides	TDS	cis-DCE	
TCL+30	PP-Metals	TSS	trans-DCE	
TAL	PP+40	TOX	VC	
TAL-Metals	PCB	TOC	Pb	



SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 363 BOND ST

Samplers: WINDSAY DEUKARD

Date: 10SEP13

Sample #	098	099			
Location	LSV-4	LSV-18			
Summa Canister ID	# 22	V65			
Flow Controller ID	Y-4	Y-3			
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	4'	4'			
Additional Tubing Added	YES - How much NO	YES - How much NO	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much
Purge Time (Start)	1042	1053			
Purge Time (Stop)	1045	1056			
Total Purge Time (min)	3	3			
Purge Volume	1 TEDLAR BAG	1 TEDLAR BAG			
PID Test of Purge Air	0.0 PPB	0.0 PPB			
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	0 PPM	0 PPM			
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	69.3%	31.9%*			
Pressure Gauge - before sampling (in Hg)	-25.5	-30			
Sample Time (Start)	1049	1104			
Sample Time (Stop)	1340	1346			
Total Sample Time (min)	171	162			
Pressure Gauge - after sampling	0	-3			
Sample Volume	6L	6L			
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-	-			
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-	-			
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	AMBIENT-1	AMBIENT-1			
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling	60°-70°, LOW HUMIDITY, BREEZY, SUNNY				
General Comments	*FOR LSV-18 COULD NOT GET HELIUM LEVEL IN SHROUD ABOVE 31.9%. - POSSIBLE LEAK IN SHROUD OR CANISTER LOW ON HELIUM				

LANGAN

SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 400 CARROLL ST.

Samplers: LINDSAY DEWARD

Date: 11 SEP 13

Sample #	106	107	108	109	110
Location	AMBIENT-3	LSV-15	LSV-14	LSV-11	LSV-13
Summa Canister ID	Y83	MAX 21	S02	Y58	S18
Flow Controller ID	Y30	Y21	Y31	Y11	T-10
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	AGS	2.5'	2.5' 3'	3'	3'
Additional Tubing Added	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much
Purge Time (Start)	-	1040	1058	1124	1230
Purge Time (Stop)	-	1044	1102	1127	1234
Total Purge Time (min)	-	4	4	3	4
Purge Volume	-	TEDLAR BAG	TEDLAR BAG	TEDLAR BAG	TEDLAR BAG
PID Test of Purge Air	-	93 PPB	542 PPB	2375 PPB 763 PPB	324 PPB
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-	3350 PPM	0 PPM	3175 PPM	725 PPM
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-	71.6 %	74.6 %	78.5 %	58.2 %
Pressure Gauge - before sampling (in. Hg.)	L-30	L-30	L-30	-29.5	L-30
Sample Time (Start)	0854	1050	1106	1139	1239
Sample Time (Stop)	1440	1245	1325	1359	1439
Total Sample Time (min)	394	115	139	140	120
Pressure Gauge - after sampling (in. Hg.)	-18.5	-6	-9.5	-9	-7
Sample Volume	6L	6L	6L	6L	6L
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-	-	-	-	-
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-	-	-	-	-
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	-	AMBIENT-3	AMBIENT-3	AMBIENT-3	AMBIENT 3
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling	90's, HUMID (BEFORE & DURING)				
General Comments					

SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 363 BOND ST / PROPOSED BOND ST REDEVELOPMENT

Samplers: LD

Date: 09SEP13

Sample #	087	088	089	090	
Location	<u>AMBIENT-1</u>	<u>AMBIENT-1</u>	<u>LSV-20</u>	<u>LSV-5</u>	<u>LSV-2</u>
Summa Canister ID	<u>509</u>	<u>Y78</u>	<u>Y80</u>	<u>Y64</u>	
Flow Controller ID	<u>Y-27</u>	<u>Y-19</u>	<u>Y43</u>	<u>Y39</u>	
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	<u>-</u>	<u>4' BGS</u>	<u>4' BGS</u>	<u>3' BGS</u>	
Additional Tubing Added	<u>NO/</u> YES - How much	<u>NO/</u> YES - How much	<u>NO/</u> YES - How much	<u>NO/</u> YES - How much	<u>NO/</u> YES - How much
Purge Time (Start)	<u>-</u>	<u>1404</u>	<u>1446</u>	<u>1504</u>	
Purge Time (Stop)	<u>-</u>	<u>1409</u>	<u>1449</u>	<u>1508</u>	
Total Purge Time (min)	<u>-</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	
Purge Volume	<u>-</u>	<u>1 TEBLAR BAG</u>	<u>1 TEBLAR BAG</u>	<u>1 TEBLAR BAG</u>	
PID Test of Purge Air	<u>-</u>	<u>797 PPB</u>	<u>0 PPB</u>	<u>0 PPB</u>	
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	<u>-</u>	<u>86.1% 0.0 PPM</u>	<u>0.0 PPM</u>	<u>0.0 PPM</u>	
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	<u>-</u>	<u>86.1%</u>	<u>71.9%</u>	<u>79.1%</u>	
Pressure Gauge - before sampling	<u>-30+ in.Hg.</u>	<u>-30+ in.Hg.</u>	<u>-27 in.Hg.</u>	<u>-30+ in.Hg.</u>	
Sample Time (Start)	<u>1330</u>	<u>1418</u>	<u>1453</u>	<u>1514</u>	
Sample Time (Stop)	<u>1732</u>	<u>1731</u>	<u>1700</u>	<u>1728</u>	
Total Sample Time (min)	<u>242</u>	<u>194</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>134</u>	
Pressure Gauge - after sampling	<u>-21.5 in.Hg.</u>	<u>-26.5 in.Hg.</u>	<u>-6 in.Hg.</u>	<u>-6.5 in.Hg.</u>	
Sample Volume	<u>6L</u>	<u>6L</u>	<u>6L</u>	<u>6L</u>	
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	<u>YES/NO</u>	<u>YES/NO</u>	<u>YES/NO</u>	<u>YES/NO</u>	<u>YES/NO</u>
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	<u>-</u>	<u>AMBIENT-1</u>	<u>AMBIENT-1</u>	<u>AMBIENT-1</u>	
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling	<u>70's, SUNNY, LOW HUMIDITY</u>				
General Comments	<u>-30+ = VACUUM GAUGE WAS PART 30 in.Hg. - SPECIFIC INITIAL VACUUM PRESSURE UNKNOWN (i.e. PRESSURE ≤ 30 in.Hg.)</u>				

SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 363 BOND ST - PROPOSED BOND ST. REDEVELOPMENT

Samplers: LINDSAY DEUKARD

Date: 10SEP13

Sample #	LSV-19	LSV-3	LSV-1	LSV-17	LSV-16
Location	093	094	095	096	097
Summa Canister ID	Y69	Y55	S13	S04	S24
Flow Controller ID	Y23	Y9	T6	Y47	T-1
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	3.5'	4'	4'	4'	4'
Additional Tubing Added	YES - How much <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES - How much <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES - How much <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES - How much <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES - How much <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO
Purge Time (Start)	0818	0840	0932	1000	1031
Purge Time (Stop)	0822	0844	0936	1003	1034
Total Purge Time (min)	4	4	4	3	3
Purge Volume	1 TEDLAR BAG	1 TEDLAR BAG	1 TEDLAR BAG	1 TEDLAR BAG	1 TEDLAR BAG
PID Test of Purge Air	0.0 PPB	0.0 PPB	0.0 PPB	0.0 PPB	0.0 PPB
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	0 PPM	0 PPM	1100 PPM	650 PPM	0 PPM
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	79.1%	75.2%	69.1%	71.6%	73.2%
Pressure Gauge - before sampling in. Hg.	2-30	2-30	-26	-28.5	-30
Sample Time (Start)	0827	0847	0939	1007	1036
Sample Time (Stop)	1116	1147	1149	1232	1226
Total Sample Time (min)	169	180	130	165	110
Pressure Gauge - after sampling in. Hg.	-7	-5	-1.5	-12	-7
Sample Volume	6L	6L	6L	6L	6L
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	YES/ <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES/ <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES/ <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES/ <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES/ <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-	-	-	-	-
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-	-	-	-	-
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	AMBIENT-1	AMBIENT-1	AMBIENT-1	AMBIENT-1	AMBIENT-1
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling	70'S, DRY 09SEP13, HUMID 10SEP13				
General Comments					

SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 400 CARROLL ST.

Samplers: LINDSAY DECKARD

Date: 11SEP13

Sample #	111				
Location	LSV-12				
Summa Canister ID	25				
Flow Controller ID	T-4				
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	3'				
Additional Tubing Added	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much
Purge Time (Start)	1210				
Purge Time (Stop)	1214				
Total Purge Time (min)	4				
Purge Volume	TEDLAR BAG				
PID Test of Purge Air	791 PPB				
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	4875 PPM				
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	70.6%				
Pressure Gauge - before sampling (in. Hg)	-28.5				
Sample Time (Start)	1220				
Sample Time (Stop)	1420				
Total Sample Time (min)	120				
Pressure Gauge - after sampling (in. Hg)	-2				
Sample Volume	6L				
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO	YES/NO
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-				
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-				
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	AMBIENT-3				
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling	90's, HUMID (BEFORE & DURING)				
General Comments					

SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 303 BOND STREET & 400 CARROLL

Samplers: CHRISTINE MADSEN

Date: SEPTEMBER 12, 2013

Sample #	112	113	114	115	116
Location	LSV-3	LSV-18	LSV-19	LSV-2	LSV-20
Summa Canister ID	S06	17	9	YAL005	Y01
Flow Controller ID	T-7	01090	5001	5027	Y22
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	1'	1'	1'	1'	1'
Additional Tubing Added	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'
Purge Time (Start)	1340	1357	1413	1426	1443
Purge Time (Stop)	1343	1400	1416	1429	1446
Total Purge Time (min)	3	3	3	3	3
Purge Volume	1L	1L	1L	1L	1L
PID Test of Purge Air	219 PPb	97 PPb	142 PPb	130 PPb	395 PPb
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	10250 ppm	100 ppm	2875 ppm	0 ppm	3%
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	60%	65%	65%	60%	65%
Pressure Gauge - before sampling	-30	<-30	<-30	<-30	-30
Sample Time (Start)	1343	1400	1417	1429	1447
Sample Time (Stop)	1544	1614	1617	1639	1647
Total Sample Time (min)	121	134	120	130	126
Pressure Gauge - after sampling	-5	-10	-9	-10.5	-9.5
Sample Volume	6L	6L	6L	6L	6L
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	YES / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	YES / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	YES / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	YES / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	YES / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-	-	-	-	-
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-	-	-	-	-
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	ambient-1	ambient-1	ambient-1	ambient-1	ambient-1
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling					
General Comments					

LANGAN

SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 303 BOND STREET & 400 CARROLL

Samplers: CHRISTINE MADSEN

Date: SEPTEMBER 12, 2013

Sample #	118	122	119	120	121
Location	LSV-4	DUP-1	LSV-16	LSV-17	LSV-1
Summa Canister ID	526	23	514	516	523
Flow Controller ID	Y20	Y20	Y45	Y-1	Y-16
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	1'	1'	1'	1'	1'
Additional Tubing Added	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES - How much ~1'
Purge Time (Start)	1223	1223	1240	1302	1320
Purge Time (Stop)	1226	1226	1243	1305	1323
Total Purge Time (min)	3	3	3	3	3
Purge Volume	1L	1L	1L	1L	1L
PID Test of Purge Air	140 PPb	140 PPb	140 PPb	143 PPb	120 PPb
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	2.7%	2.7%	4.2%	75 PPM	150 PPM
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	60%	60%	65%	65%	65%
Pressure Gauge - before sampling	-27.5	-28	-24.5	-30	-29
Sample Time (Start)	1228	1228	1245	1307	1329
Sample Time (Stop)	1430	1430	1430	1510	1523
Total Sample Time (min)	122	122	111	123	114
Pressure Gauge - after sampling	-9	-5	-3.5	-8	-7
Sample Volume	6L	6L	6L		
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	YES / NO	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-	-	-	-	-
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-	-	-	-	-
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	Ambient-1	Ambient-1	Ambient-1	Ambient-1	Ambient-1
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling					
General Comments	Parent sample of DUP-1 = 118/LSV-4				

LANGAN

SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: 303 BOND & 400 CARROLL

Samplers: CHRISTINE MADSEN

Date: SEPTEMBER 12, 2013

Sample #	117				
Location	LSV-5				
Summa Canister ID	V57A				
Flow Controller ID	Y-40				
Sample Depth (b.g.s.)	1'				
Additional Tubing Added	NO/ <input checked="" type="radio"/> YES - How much ~1'	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much	NO/ YES - How much
Purge Time (Start)	1505				
Purge Time (Stop)	1508				
Total Purge Time (min)	3				
Purge Volume	1L				
PID Test of Purge Air	252PPb				
Initial Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	2.11				
Initial Tracer Gas Results in shroud	601				
Pressure Gauge - before sampling	29				
Sample Time (Start)	1509				
Sample Time (Stop)	1709				
Total Sample Time (min)	120				
Pressure Gauge - after sampling	-10				
Sample Volume	6L				
Canister Pressure Went to Ambient Pressure?	YES <input checked="" type="radio"/> NO	YES / NO	YES / NO	YES / NO	YES / NO
Final Tracer Gas Results in sampling line	-				
Final Tracer Gas Results in shroud	-				
Associated Ambient Air Sample Number	Ambient 1				
Weather 24 hours before and during sampling					
General Comments					

APPENDIX D

DATA USABILITY SUMMARY REPORTS

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Emily Strake, Langan Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

Date: November 6, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Samples Collected September 6, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil samples collected on September 6, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services ("Langan") at the Carroll Gardens site located in Brooklyn, New York ("the site"). The soil samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories, Inc. located in Stratford, Connecticut (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10854) for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), pesticides, metals, mercury, and percent solids using the analytical methods specified below.

- Target Compound List (TCL) VOCs + Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) by SW-846 Method 8260B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C (rev 3, 12/1996)
- PCBs by SW-846 Method 8082 (rev 0, 12/1996)
- Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081A (rev 1, 12/1996)
- Target Analyte List (TAL) Metals by SW-846 Method 6010B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- Mercury by SW-846 Method 7473 (rev 0, 2/2013)
- Percent solids by Standard Method SM2540G (1997)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0306	13I0306-01	072-LSB-7-20130906	9/6/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals

Technical Memorandum

Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Samples Collected Sept 6, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501
November 6, 2013 Page 2 of 8

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0306	13I0306-02	073-LSB-7-20130906	9/6/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0306	13I0306-03	074-LSB-25-20130906	9/6/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Lead
13I0306	13I0306-04	075-LSB-8-20130906	9/6/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Lead
13I0306	13I0306-05	076-LSB-23-20130906	9/6/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0306	13I0306-06	077-FB-3-20130906	9/6/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0306	13I0306-07	078-TB-3-20130906	9/6/2013	VOCs

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-34, "Trace Volatile Data Validation" (February 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-35, "Semivolatile Data Validation" (March 2013, Revision 2), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-36, "Pesticide Data Validation" (May 2013, Revision 4), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-37, "PCB Aroclor Data Validation" (May 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-2a, "ICP-AES Data Validation" (December 2012, Revision 15), USEPA Region II SOP #HW2c, "Mercury and Cyanide Data Validation," the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review" (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008), and the "National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Data Review" (USEPA-540R-10-011, January 2010).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, sample preservation, sample extraction and digestion, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, matrix spike/spike duplicate recoveries, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, overall system performance, serial dilutions, and dual column performance.

Technical Memorandum

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

Project Sample ID	Analysis	Analyte	CAS No.	Validator Qualifier
072-LSB-7-20130906	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
072-LSB-7-20130906	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	J
073-LSB-7-20130906	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
073-LSB-7-20130906	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	J
074-LSB-25-20130906	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
074-LSB-25-20130906	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	J
075-LSB-8-20130906	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
075-LSB-8-20130906	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	J
075-LSB-8-20130906	VOCs	METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	J
075-LSB-8-20130906	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ

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Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
075-LSB-8-20130906	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
075-LSB-8-20130906	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
075-LSB-8-20130906	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
075-LSB-8-20130906	SVOCs	CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	UJ
076-LSB-23-20130906	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
076-LSB-23-20130906	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	J
076-LSB-23-20130906	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2- METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
076-LSB-23-20130906	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
076-LSB-23-20130906	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
076-LSB-23-20130906	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
076-LSB-23-20130906	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
076-LSB-23-20130906	SVOCs	CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (2.0)
077-FB-3-20130906	VOCs	ISOPROPYLBENZENE (CUMENE)	98-82-8	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2- METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	193-39-5	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	56-55-3	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	191-24-2	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	SVOCs	BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	207-08-9	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	P,P'-DDE	72-55-9	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	ALDRIN	309-00-2	UJ

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Data Usability Summary Report
 For Carroll Gardens
 Brooklyn, New York
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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	ALPHA BHC (ALPHA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	319-84-6	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	ALPHA-CHLORDANE	5103-71-9	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	BETA BHC (BETA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	319-85-7	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	DELTA BHC (DELTA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	319-86-8	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	BETA ENDOSULFAN	33213-65-9	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	GAMMA BHC (LINDANE)	58-89-9	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	GAMMA-CHLORDANE	12789-03-6	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	1024-57-3	UJ
077-FB-3-20130906	Pest	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	118-74-1	UJ
078-TB-3-20130906	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (2.0)
078-TB-3-20130906	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
078-TB-3-20130906	VOCs	ISOPROPYLBENZENE (CUMENE)	98-82-8	UJ

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument VOA2 displayed a relative response factor (RRF) less than the control limit (i.e., 0.005) for 1,4-dioxane at 0.002. The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/11/2013 at 7:40 displayed a RRF less than the control limit at 0.002. 1,4-Dioxane is a poor performer (USEPA 2008 NFG); associated results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ" on the basis of professional judgment.

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Data Usability Summary Report
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Method blank sample BI30547-BLK1 displayed a positive detection for acetone at 1.0 µg/L. The associated positive sample results were qualified as "U" at the sample concentration or the reporting limit.

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/12/2013 at 7:43 displayed percent differences (%Ds) greater than the control limit with positive biases for TBA, acetone and 2-butanone at 28%, 42.1% and 41.2%, respectively. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J."

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument VOA3 displayed percent relative standard deviations (RSDs) greater than the control limit for TBA, n-propylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene and sec-butylbenzene at 39.11%, 26.77%, 20.03%, 21.10%, and 23.66%, respectively. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J" and non-detects are qualified "UJ."

SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

Laboratory control sample/control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) BI30556-BS1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for benzoic acid and caprolactam. In addition, the LCS/LCSD relative percent difference (RPD) for caprolactam was greater than the control limit at 33.9%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument BNA#1 displayed a RSD greater than the control limit for benzidine at 40.15%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/13/2013 at 6:48 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit with negative biases for hexachlorocyclopentadiene at 62.5%, 2,4-dinitrophenol at 51.1%, and 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol at 47.9%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on BNA5 displayed RSDs greater than the control limit for acenaphthene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene and benzo(g,h,i)perylene at 20.90%, 20.70%, 25.05%, 26.61%, and 24.92%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

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Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
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The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/13/2013 at 9:59 displayed a %D greater than the control limit with a negative bias for indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene at 25.8%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081A:

LCS BI30407-BS1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for aldrin (35.9%), alpha-BHC (34.9%), beta-BHC (38.3%), delta-BHC (35.7%), gamma-BHC (35.9%), gamma-Chlordane (37.8%), alpha-Chlordane (36.8%), 4,4'-DDE (37.2%) endosulfan II (39.9%), and heptachlor epoxide (38.5%). The associated field blank sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

Method blank sample BI30512-BLK1 displayed a positive detection for acetone at 0.0032 mg/kg. The associated sample results were orders of magnitude greater than the blank concentrations; no qualification is required.

LCS/LCSD sample BI30512-BS1 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for methyl acetate, 1,4-dioxane, and 2-butanone. In addition, the LCS/LCSD RPD for TBA was greater than the control limit at 33%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

Sample 074-LSB-25-20130906 displayed a surrogate recovery greater than the upper control limits for nitrobenzene-d5 at a 20X dilution. The surrogate recovery was affected by dilution and qualification of the data is not necessary.

LCS/LCSD BI30556-BS1 displayed RPDs greater than the control limit for 2,4-dinitrophenol at 23.1% and 4-nitrophenol at 50.1%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

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The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/13/2013 at 6:48 displayed a %D greater than the control limit with a positive bias for benzidine at 132.7%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

Metals by SW-846 Method 6010B:

Multiple initial and continuing calibration blanks displayed negative detections for sodium with absolute values slightly greater than the reporting limit and positive detections for potassium greater than the reporting limit. The associated positive detections were orders of magnitude greater than the blank amounts and were not impacted by loss of instrument sensitivity, bias or drift.

ICP serial dilution sample 076-LSB-23-20130906 displayed a percent difference greater than the control limit (i.e., 10%) for sodium at 23.2%. The sample concentrations were less than 50X the MDL; no qualification is required.

Comments:

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter. All laboratory data packages met ASP Category B requirements.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Emily Strake
Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Emily Strake, Langan Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

Date: November 8, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Samples Collected September 9, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil samples collected on September 9, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services ("Langan") at the Carroll Gardens site located in Brooklyn, New York ("the site"). The soil samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories, Inc. located in Stratford, Connecticut (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10854) for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), pesticides, metals, mercury, and percent solids using the analytical methods specified below.

- Target Compound List (TCL) VOCs + Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) by SW-846 Method 8260B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C (rev 3, 12/1996)
- PCBs by SW-846 Method 8082 (rev 0, 12/1996)
- Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081A (rev 1, 12/1996)
- Target Analyte List (TAL) Metals by SW-846 Method 6010B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- Mercury by SW-846 Method 7473 (rev 0, 2/2013)
- Percent solids by Standard Method SM2540G (1997)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0342	13I0342-01	079-LSB-9-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals

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Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
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Langan Project No.: 100287501
November 8, 2013 Page 2 of 16

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0342	13I0342-02	080-LSB-9-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0342	13I0342-03	081-LSB-22-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0342	13I0342-04	082-084-LSB-22-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0342	13I0342-07	085-LSB-10-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0342	13I0342-08	086-LSB-24-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0342	13I0342-05	083-DUP-2-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0342	13I0342-09	091-FB-4-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Metals
13I0342	13I0342-10	092-TB-4-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-34, "Trace Volatile Data Validation" (February 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-35, "Semivolatile Data Validation" (March 2013, Revision 2), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-36, "Pesticide Data Validation" (May 2013, Revision 4), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-37, "PCB Aroclor Data Validation" (May 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-2a, "ICP-AES Data Validation" (December 2012, Revision 15), USEPA Region II SOP #HW2c, "Mercury and Cyanide Data Validation," the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review" (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008), and the "National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Data Review" (USEPA-540R-10-011, January 2010).

Technical Memorandum

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, sample preservation, sample extraction and digestion, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, matrix spike/spike duplicate recoveries, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, overall system performance, serial dilutions, field blanks, trip blanks, and dual column performance.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

Project Sample ID	Analysis	Analyte	CAS No.	Validator Qualifier
079-LSB-9-20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
079-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	UJ
079-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
079-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
079-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
079-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	UJ
079-LSB-9-20130909	Metals	SODIUM	7440-23-5	J
080-LSB-9-20130909	VOCs	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (MESITYLENE)	108-67-8	J
080-LSB-9-20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
080-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
080-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2- METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
080-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	UJ
080-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
080-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	DIBENZ(A,H)ANTHRACENE	53-70-3	J
080-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
080-LSB-9-20130909	SVOCs	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	193-39-5	J
080-LSB-9-20130909	Metals	SODIUM	7440-23-5	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2- METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	ANTHRACENE	120-12-7	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	UJ
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	56-55-3	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(A)PYRENE	50-32-8	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	191-24-2	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZYL BUTYL PHTHALATE	85-68-7	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	117-81-7	J

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081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	CHRYSENE	218-01-9	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	DIBENZ(A,H)ANTHRACENE	53-70-3	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	FLUORENE	86-73-7	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	193-39-5	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	PHENANTHRENE	85-01-8	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Pest	P,P'-DDE	72-55-9	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Pest	P,P'-DDT	50-29-3	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	PCBs	PCB-1260 (AROCOR 1260)	11096-82-5	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	ANTIMONY	7440-36-0	UJ
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	ARSENIC	7440-38-2	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	BERYLLIUM	7440-41-7	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	CHROMIUM, TOTAL	7440-47-3	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	COBALT	7440-48-4	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	COPPER	7440-50-8	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	IRON	7439-89-6	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	NICKEL	7440-02-0	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	SODIUM	7440-23-5	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	ZINC	7440-66-6	J
081-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	MERCURY	7439-97-6	J
082-084-LSB-22- 20130909	VOCs	CHLOROETHANE	75-00-3	UJ
082-084-LSB-22- 20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
082-084-LSB-22- 20130909	SVOCs	BIPHENYL (DIPHENYL)	92-52-4	UJ
082-084-LSB-22- 20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
082-084-LSB-22- 20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	UJ
082-084-LSB-22- 20130909	SVOCs	2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	91-57-6	J
082-084-LSB-22- 20130909	SVOCs	2-METHYLPHENOL (O- CRESOL)	95-48-7	UJ

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082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	3- AND 4- METHYLPHENOL (TOTAL)	MEPH3MEPH4	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	4-NITROANILINE	100-01-6	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	4-NITROPHENOL	100-02-7	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	ACENAPHTHENE	83-32-9	J
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	ACETOPHENONE	98-86-2	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	ANTHRACENE	120-12-7	J
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZALDEHYDE	100-52-7	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	207-08-9	J
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(A)PYRENE	50-32-8	J
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	DIBENZ(A,H)ANTHRACENE	53-70-3	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	DIBENZOFURAN	132-64-9	J
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	DIETHYL PHTHALATE	84-66-2	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	FLUORENE	86-73-7	J
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	62-75-9	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	UJ

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082-084-LSB-22-20130909	SVOCs	PHENOL	108-95-2	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	Pest	All Pesticides	--	UJ
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	IRON	7439-89-6	J
082-084-LSB-22-20130909	Metals	SODIUM	7440-23-5	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	95-95-4	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	88-06-2	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	105-67-9	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	2-CHLOROPHENOL	95-57-8	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	2-METHYLPHENOL (O-CRESOL)	95-48-7	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	2-NITROPHENOL	88-75-5	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	3- AND 4- METHYLPHENOL (TOTAL)	MEPH3MEP H4	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	4-NITROPHENOL	100-02-7	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	ANTHRACENE	120-12-7	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	56-55-3	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(A)PYRENE	50-32-8	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	191-24-2	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	BENZYL BUTYL PHTHALATE	85-68-7	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	117-81-7	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	CHRYSENE	218-01-9	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	FLUORENE	86-73-7	J

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083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	193-39-5	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	PHENANTHRENE	85-01-8	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	SVOCs	PHENOL	108-95-2	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	Pest	P,P'-DDE	72-55-9	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Pest	P,P'-DDT	50-29-3	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	PCBs	PCB-1260 (AROCLOR 1260)	11096-82-5	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	ANTIMONY	7440-36-0	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	ARSENIC	7440-38-2	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	BERYLLIUM	7440-41-7	UJ
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	CHROMIUM, TOTAL	7440-47-3	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	COBALT	7440-48-4	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	COPPER	7440-50-8	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	IRON	7439-89-6	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	NICKEL	7440-02-0	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	SODIUM	7440-23-5	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	ZINC	7440-66-6	J
083-DUP-2-20130909	Metals	MERCURY	7439-97-6	J
085-LSB-10-20130909	VOCs	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (MESITYLENE)	108-67-8	J
085-LSB-10-20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	95-95-4	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	88-06-2	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	105-67-9	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2-CHLOROPHENOL	95-57-8	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2-METHYLPHENOL (O- CRESOL)	95-48-7	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2-NITROPHENOL	88-75-5	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	3- AND 4- METHYLPHENOL (TOTAL)	MEPH3MEP H4	UJ

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085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	4-NITROPHENOL	100-02-7	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	PHENOL	108-95-2	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
085-LSB-10-20130909	Metals	SODIUM	7440-23-5	J
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	95-95-4	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	88-06-2	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	105-67-9	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2-CHLOROPHENOL	95-57-8	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2-METHYLPHENOL (O-CRESOL)	95-48-7	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2-NITROPHENOL	88-75-5	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	3- AND 4- METHYLPHENOL (TOTAL)	MEPH3MEP H4	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	4-NITROPHENOL	100-02-7	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	PHENOL	108-95-2	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	ATRAZINE	1912-24-9	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
086-LSB-24-20130909	SVOCs	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	193-39-5	J
091-FB-4-20130909	VOCs	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	VOCs	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (MESITYLENE)	108-67-8	UJ

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091-FB-4-20130909	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (2.1)
091-FB-4-20130909	VOCs	N-PROPYLBENZENE	103-65-1	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	VOCs	SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	135-98-8	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	ACENAPHTHENE	83-32-9	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	56-55-3	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	191-24-2	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	207-08-9	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	SVOCs	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	193-39-5	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	Pest	DELTA BHC (DELTA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	319-86-8	UJ
091-FB-4-20130909	Metals	SODIUM	7440-23-5	UJ
092-TB-4-20130909	VOCs	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	UJ
092-TB-4-20130909	VOCs	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (MESITYLENE)	108-67-8	UJ
092-TB-4-20130909	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (2.0)
092-TB-4-20130909	VOCs	N-PROPYLBENZENE	103-65-1	UJ
092-TB-4-20130909	VOCs	SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	135-98-8	UJ
092-TB-4-20130909	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

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Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

Matrix spike/spike duplicate (MS/SD) sample 082-084LSB-22-20130909 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for chloroethane (38.7%/49.7%). The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

Laboratory control sample/control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) BI30473-BS1 displayed a recovery greater than the control limit for 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene at 117%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J."

Method blank sample BI30547-BLK1 displayed a positive detection for acetone at 1.0 µg/L. The associated positive sample results were qualified as "U" at the reporting limit or the sample concentration.

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument VOA3 displayed percent relative standard deviations (RSDs) greater than the control limit for TBA at 39.11%, n-propylbenzene at 26.77%, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene at 20.03%, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene at 21.10%, and sec-butylbenzene at 23.66%. The associated sample results were non-detects and are qualified as "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument VOA3 displayed a RSD greater than the control limit for TBA at 33.25%. The associated sample results were non-detects and are qualified as "UJ."

SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument BNA5 displayed RSDs greater than the control limit for benzoic acid, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, 2,4-dinitrophenol, pentachlorophenol and benzidine at 42.31%, 75.52% and 41.00%, 22.67%, and 31.69%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

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MS sample 082-084-LSB-22-20130909 did not recover or displayed percent recoveries less than the lower control limit for several analytes: 1,1'-biphenyl, anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(a)anthracene, 2,4-dichlorophenol, 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol, chrysene, 2,4-dinitrophenol, fluoranthene, fluorene, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, 3&4-methylphenols, 2-methylphenol, 4-nitroaniline, 4-nitrophenol, acetophenone, 2-methylnaphthalene, n-nitrosodimethylamine, pentachlorophenol, atrazine, diethyl phthalate, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, phenanthrene, pyrene, phenol, benzaldehyde, and caprolactam. The associated non-detect sample results are qualified as "UJ."

Samples 083-DUP-2-20130909, 085-LSB-10-20130909 and 086-LSB-24-20130909 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for acid-extractable surrogates 2,4,6-tribromophenol and 2-fluorophenol. The results for acid-extractable compounds were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

LCS/LCSD sample BI30556-BS1 did not recover for benzoic acid and displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for caprolactam at 18.8% and 13.4%. In addition, the LCS/LCSD relative percent difference (RPD) was greater than the control limit at 33.9%. The associated non-detect sample results were qualified as "UJ."

LCS sample BI30541-BS1 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for atrazine at 3.02%. The associated non-detect sample results were qualified as "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument BNA#5 displayed RSDs greater than the control limit for acenaphthene at 20.9%, benzo(a)anthracene at 20.7%, benzo(b)fluoranthene at 25.05%, benzo(k)fluoranthene at 26.61%, and benzo(g,h,i)perylene at 24.92%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/13/2013 at 21:59 displayed a percent difference (%D) greater than the control limit with a negative bias for indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene at 25.8%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

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The initial calibration analyzed on instrument BNA#1 displayed a RSD greater than the control limit for benzidine at 40.15%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/13/2013 at 18:48 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit with negative biases for hexachlorocyclopentadiene at 62.5%, 2,4-dinitrophenol at 51.1%, and 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol at 47.9%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/16/2013 at 9:28 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit with a positive bias for indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene and dibenz(a,h)anthracene at 29.3% and 32.9%, respectively. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J."

Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081B:

LCS/LCSD BI30558-BS1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for delta-BHC at 39.6% and 34.5%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

MS/SD sample 082-084-LSB-22-20130909 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for gamma-Chlordane, alpha-Chlordane, 4,4'-DDE, heptachlor epoxide, aldrin, beta-BHC, delta-BHC, gamma-BHC, 4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDT, dieldrin, endosulfan I, endosulfan II, endosulfan sulfate, endrin, and heptachlor. In addition, the MS/SD RPDs for multiple constituents exceeded the control limit. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

Sample 082-084-LSB-22-20130909 displayed a recovery for surrogate tetrachloro-m-xylene less than the lower control limit (i.e., 30%) at 23.5%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

Metals by SW-846 Method 6010B:

MS sample 082-084-LSB-22-20130909 displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for iron at 126%. The associated positive sample result is qualified as "J."

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The continuing calibration blank analyzed on 9/11/2013 displayed a negative detection for sodium with an absolute value greater than the reporting limit at -282 µg/L. The associated non-detect sample result is qualified as "UJ."

The serial dilution analyzed in conjunction with sample batch BI30469 displayed a %D greater than the control limit (i.e., 10%) for thallium at 31.5%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

MS/SD sample 082-084LSB-22-20130909 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for 2-hexanone and 4-methyl-2-pentanone. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

LCS/LCSD BI30473-BS1 displayed a RPD greater than the control limit for chloroethane at 31.2%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

LCS sample BI30547-BS1 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for 1,4-dioxane, 2-butanone, methyl acetate at 143%, 133%, and 166% respectively. In addition, the LCSD displayed a recovery for methyl acetate greater than the control limit at 134% and a LCS/LCSD RPD greater than the control limit for TBA at 33%. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification is not required.

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/11/2013 at 7:42 displayed a %D greater than the control limit with a positive bias for TBA at 27.3%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

Samples 080-LSB-9-20130909 and 082-084-LSB-22-20130909 displayed surrogate recoveries less than the lower control limits for analyses performed at 50X and 50X dilutions, respectively.

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The surrogate recoveries were affected by dilution and qualification of the data is not necessary.

Sample 081-LSB-22-20130909 did not recover for acid-extractable surrogate 2,4,6-tribromophenol. The remaining two acid-extractable surrogates recovered within control limits; qualification is not necessary.

MS sample 082-084-LSB-22-20130909 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for acenaphthene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(g,h,i)perylene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, isophorone, 2-methylnaphthalene, 4-nitroaniline, n-nitrosodiphenylamine, benzoic acid, and 3-nitroaniline. In addition, multiple MS/SD RPDs exceeded acceptance criteria. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/13/2013 at 10:03 displayed a %D greater than the control limit with a positive bias for benzidine at 29.6%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no further action is required.

LCS/LCSD sample BI30556-BS1 displayed RPDs greater than the control limit for 2,4-dinitrophenol at 23.1% and 4-nitrophenol at 50.1%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

The continuing calibrations analyzed on 9/13/2013 at 18:48 and 9/16/2013 at 9:28 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit at 132.7% and 42.9%, respectively. The associated sample results were previously qualified; no further action is required.

Metals by SW-846 Method 6010B:

Multiple initial and continuing calibration blanks displayed negative detections for sodium with absolute values slightly greater than the reporting limit and positive detections for potassium and sodium above the reporting limit. The associated positive detections were orders of magnitude greater than the blank amounts and were not impacted by loss of instrument sensitivity, bias or drift.

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The serial dilution analyzed in conjunction with sample batch B130468 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit (i.e., 10%) for iron and potassium at 15.2% and 13.0%, respectively. The initial sample results were less than 50X the MDL and the reported field blank sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

Comments:

A field duplicate and parent sample pair (083-DUP-2-20130909 and 081-LSB-22-20130909) was collected and analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, metals, and pesticides. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 2X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 50%. Results for antimony, arsenic, beryllium, chromium, cobalt, copper, iron, nickel, zinc, mercury, 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDT, PCB-1260, anthracene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(g,h,i)perylene, benzyl butyl phthalate, bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, chrysene, fluorene and phenanthrene did not meet the precision criteria and are qualified as estimated.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter. All laboratory data packages met ASP Category B requirements.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Emily Strake
Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

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To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Emily Strake, Langan Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

Date: November 5, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report – 13I0494
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Samples Collected September 12, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil samples collected on September 12, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the site”). The soil samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories, Inc. located in Stratford, Connecticut (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10854) for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), pesticides, and percent solids (%S) using the analytical methods specified below.

- NYSDEC Part 375 VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- NYSDEC Part 375 SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C (rev 3, 12/1996)
- Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081B (rev 2, 11/2000)
- Percent solids by Standard Method SM2540G (1997)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0494	13I0494-01	123-LSB-21-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides
13I0494	13I0494-02	124-LSB-2120130912	9/12/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides
13I0494	13I0494-03	125-DUP-3-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides
13I0494	13I0494-04	126/TB-5	9/12/2013	VOCs

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<i>SDG</i>	<i>Lab Sample ID</i>	<i>Client Sample ID</i>	<i>Sample Date</i>	<i>Analytical Parameters</i>
13I0494	13I0494-05	127/FB-5	9/12/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-34, "Trace Volatile Data Validation" (February 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-35, "Semivolatile Data Validation" (March 2013, Revision 2), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-36, "Pesticide Data Validation" (May 2013, Revision 4), and the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review" (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, sample preservation, sample extraction, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, matrix spike/spike duplicate recoveries, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, overall system performance, dual column performance, field blank, field duplicate and trip blank sample results.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.

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U – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.

NJ – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

Project Sample ID	Analysis	Analyte	CAS No.	Validator Qualifier
123-LSB-21-20130912	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
123-LSB-21-20130912	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (0.012)
123-LSB-21-20130912	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ
123-LSB-21-20130912	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
123-LSB-21-20130912	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
123-LSB-21-20130912	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
124-LSB-2120130912	VOCs	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	UJ
124-LSB-2120130912	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
124-LSB-2120130912	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (0.033)
124-LSB-2120130912	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ
124-LSB-2120130912	VOCs	CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	J
124-LSB-2120130912	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
124-LSB-2120130912	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
124-LSB-2120130912	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
125-DUP-3-20130912	VOCs	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	J
125-DUP-3-20130912	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
125-DUP-3-20130912	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	J
125-DUP-3-20130912	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
125-DUP-3-20130912	VOCs	CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	J
125-DUP-3-20130912	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
125-DUP-3-20130912	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
125-DUP-3-20130912	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
126/TB-5	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (2.2)
126/TB-5	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ
126/TB-5	VOCs	N-PROPYLBENZENE	103-65-1	UJ
126/TB-5	VOCs	SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	135-98-8	UJ
126/TB-5	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
127/FB-5	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (2.0)
127/FB-5	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ
127/FB-5	VOCs	N-PROPYLBENZENE	103-65-1	UJ
127/FB-5	VOCs	SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	135-98-8	UJ
127/FB-5	VOCs	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	75-65-0	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLO PENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	ACENAPHTHENE	83-32-9	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	191-24-2	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	207-08-9	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	CAPROLACTAM	105-60-2	UJ
127/FB-5	SVOCs	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	UJ

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor

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deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

Method blank samples BI30652-BLK1 and BI30653-BLK1 displayed positive detections for acetone at 1.0 µg/L and 0.0066 mg/kg, respectively. Results greater than the reporting limit (RL) but less than 2X the RL were qualified as "U" at the sample concentration. Results less than the RL are qualified as "U" at the RL.

The initial calibration analyzed on 9/4/2013 at 09:01 displayed a percent relative standard deviation (RSD) greater than the control limit (i.e., 20%) for bromomethane at 24.72%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J" and non-detects are qualified "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on 9/4/2013 at 09:01 displayed a relative response factor (RRF) less than the control limit (i.e., 0.005) for 1,4-dioxane at 0.004. The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/16/2013 at 7:43 displayed an RRF less than the control limit at 0.004. 1,4-Dioxane is a poor performer (USEPA 2008 NFG); associated results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ" on the basis of professional judgment.

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument VOA3 displayed RSDs greater than the control limit for bromomethane (26.58%), TBA (39.11%), n-propylbenzene (26.77%) and sec-butylbenzene (23.66%). The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

Matrix spike sample 123-LSB-21-20130912 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for benzoic acid at 11.7%. The associated sample result was non-detect and is qualified as "UJ."

Laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) BI30781-BS1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limits for benzoic acid (no recovery) and caprolactam (16.4% and 14.1%, respectively). The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

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The initial calibration analyzed on instrument BNA#1 displayed a RSD greater than the control limit (i.e., 20%) for benzidine at 40.15%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/17/2013 at 9:17 displayed a %D greater than the control limit with a negative bias for benzoic acid at 26.7%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/18/2013 at 9:14 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit (i.e., 25%) with negative biases for benzoic acid and hexachlorocyclopentadiene at 26.9% and 46.3%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument BNA5 displayed RSDs greater than the control limit for acenaphthene, oentachlorophenol, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene and benzo(g,h,i)perylene at 20.9%, 77.3%, 25.05%, 26.61%, and 24.92%, respectively. The associated non-detect results in the field blank sample were qualified as "UJ."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

LCS/LCSD BI30652-BS1 displayed percent recoveries greater than the control limit (i.e., 130%) for methyl acetate at 147% and 143%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/16/2013 at 7:43 displayed percent deviations (%Ds) greater than the control limit with positive biases for TBA and 1,1-dichloroethene at 26.9% and 28.6%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

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SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

LCS/LCSD BI30361-BS1 displayed RPD greater than the control limit for benzo(k)fluoranthene at 38.2%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

LCS/LCSD BI30781-BS1 displayed RPD greater than the control limit for hexachlorocyclopentadiene at 29.9%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

The continuing calibrations analyzed on 9/17/2013 at 9:17 and 9/18/2013 at 9:14 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit with a positive biases for benzidine at 44.9% and 129.6%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

Comments:

A trip blank sample and a field blank sample were submitted with this sample delivery group. Both blanks displayed positive detections for acetone attributable to laboratory method blank contamination. The field blank also displayed a positive detection for methylene chloride. The associated samples were non-detect for methylene chloride; therefore, contamination did not result from field decontamination procedures.

A field duplicate and parent sample pair (125-DUP-3-20130912 and 124-LSB-2120130912) was collected and analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, and pesticides. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 2X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 50%. Results for 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, acetone and carbon disulfide did not meet the precision criteria and are qualified as estimated.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter. All laboratory data packages met ASP Category B requirements.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

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Brooklyn, New York
Soil Samples Collected Sept 12, 2013
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Signed:



Emily Strake
Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

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Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Emily Strake, Langan Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

Date: November 5, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report – 13I0538
For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Samples Collected September 13, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil samples collected on September 13, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the site”). The soil samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories, Inc. located in Stratford, Connecticut (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10854) for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), pesticides, and percent solids (%S) using the analytical methods specified below.

- NYSDEC Part 375 VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- NYSDEC Part 375 SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C (rev 3, 12/1996)
- Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081B (rev 2, 11/2000)
- Percent solids by Standard Method SM2540G (1997)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0538	13I0538-01	128-LSB-27-20130913	9/13/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides
13I0538	13I0538-02	129-LSB-27-20130913	9/13/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides
13I0538	13I0538-03	133-TB-6-20130913	9/13/2013	VOCs

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Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-34, "Trace Volatile Data Validation" (February 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-35, "Semivolatile Data Validation" (March 2013, Revision 2), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-36, "Pesticide Data Validation" (May 2013, Revision 4), and the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review" (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, sample preservation, sample extraction, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, matrix spike/spike duplicate recoveries, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, overall system performance, dual column performance, and trip blank sample results.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

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If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
128-LSB-27-20130913	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (0.052)
128-LSB-27-20130913	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	95-95-4	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	88-06-2	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	120-83-2	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	105-67-9	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2-CHLOROPHENOL	95-57-8	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2-METHYLPHENOL (O-CRESOL)	95-48-7	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2-NITROPHENOL	88-75-5	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	3- AND 4- METHYLPHENOL (TOTAL)	MEPH3MEPH4	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	4-NITROPHENOL	100-02-7	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	UJ
128-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	PHENOL	108-95-2	UJ
129-LSB-27-20130913	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
129-LSB-27-20130913	VOCs	ACETONE	67-64-1	U (0.030)
129-LSB-27-20130913	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ
129-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	51-28-5	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
129-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	534-52-1	UJ
129-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	BENZIDINE	92-87-5	UJ
129-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	BENZOIC ACID	65-85-0	UJ
129-LSB-27-20130913	SVOCs	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	77-47-4	UJ
133-TB-6-20130913	VOCs	1,4-DIOXANE (P-DIOXANE)	123-91-1	UJ
133-TB-6-20130913	VOCs	BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	UJ

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

Method blank samples BI30667-BLK1 and BI30703 displayed positive detections for acetone at 0.0044 mg/kg and 0.0059 mg/kg, respectively. Results greater than the reporting limit (RL) but less than 2X the RL were qualified as "U" at the sample concentration. Results less than the RL are qualified as "U" at the RL.

The initial calibration analyzed on 9/4/2013 at 09:01 displayed a percent relative standard deviation (RSD) greater than the control limit (i.e., 20%) for bromomethane at 24.72%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J" and non-detects are qualified "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on 9/4/2013 at 09:01 displayed a relative response factor less than the control limit (i.e., 0.005) for 1,4-dioxane at 0.004. The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/17/2013 at 8:35 displayed an RRF less than the control limit at 0.004. 1,4-Dioxane is a poor performer (USEPA 2008 NFG); associated results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ" on the basis of professional judgment.

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SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

Sample 128-LSB-27-20130913 displayed surrogate recoveries less than the lower control limit (i.e., 10%) for 2-fluorophenol and 2,4,6-tribromophenol at 9.52% and 0.995%, respectively. The associated acid-extractable compounds were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

Laboratory control sample/control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) BI30671-BS1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for 2,4-dinitrophenol at 31.2% and 46.4%, respectively. In addition, the LCS/LCSD relative percent difference (RPD) was greater than the control limit at 39.2%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The initial calibration analyzed on instrument BNA#1 displayed a RSD greater than the control limit (i.e., 20%) for benzidine at 40.15%. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/17/2013 at 15:27 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit with negative biases for benzoic acid, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, 2,4-dinitrophenol, and 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol at 54.1%, 57.1%, 56.2%, and 56.7%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and are qualified as "UJ."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B:

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/17/2013 at 8:35 displayed a percent deviation (%D) greater than the control limit (i.e., 40%) with a positive bias for acetone at 54.4%. The associated positive detections were previously qualified on the basis of method blank contamination; no further action is required.

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SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C:

LCS/LCSD BI30671-BS1 a RPD greater than the control limit for 4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol at 36.5%. The associated sample results were non-detect and the LCS/LCSD samples recovered within control; no qualification is required.

The continuing calibration analyzed on 9/17/2013 at 15:27 displayed a %D greater than the control limit with a positive bias for benzidine at 53.1%. The associated sample results were non-detect; no qualification is required.

Comments:

A trip blank sample was submitted with this sample delivery group and was non-detect for target analytes.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter. All laboratory data packages met ASP Category B requirements.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Emily Strake
Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

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To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Alan Fleisher, Langan Staff Chemist

Date: November 7, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0588
Brooklyn, New York
Groundwater Samples Collected September 16, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of groundwater samples collected on September 16, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), pesticides, PCBs, total and dissolved metals, and mercury using the analytical method specified below.

- VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C (rev 3, 12/1996)
- Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081B (rev 2, 2/2007)
- PCBs by SW-846 Method 8082A (rev 1, 2/2007)
- Metals by SW-846 Method 6010C (rev 3, 2/2007)
- Mercury by SW-846 Method 7473 (rev 0, 2/2007)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0588	13I0588-01	139-LMW-5-20130916	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I0588	13I0588-02	140-LMW-8-20130916	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury

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<i>SDG</i>	<i>Lab Sample ID</i>	<i>Client Sample ID</i>	<i>Sample Date</i>	<i>Analytical Parameters</i>
13I0588	13I0588-03	142-PZ-1-20130916	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I0588	13I0588-04	143-MW-3-20130916	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I0588	13I0588-05	145-DUP-1-20130916	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I0588	13I0588-06	146-TB-7-20130916	9/16/2013	VOCs

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-34, "Trace Volatile Data Validation (February 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-35, "Semivolatile Data Validation (March 2013, Revision 2), the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, USEPA Region II SOP #HW-2, "Metals Data Validation (September 2006, Revision 13), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-36, "Pesticide Data Validation (May 2013, Revision 4), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-37, "PCB Aroclor Data Validation (May 2013, Revision 3), "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008), and "National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Data Review (USEPA-540R-10-011, January 2010).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, canister certification, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, serial dilutions, dual column imprecision, overall system performance, trip blank samples, and field duplicate samples.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

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- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

Project Sample ID	Analysis	Analyte	CAS No.	Validator Qualifier
139-LMW-5-20130916	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	Anthracene	120-12-7	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	Naphthalene	91-20-3	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	SVOCs	Pyrene	129-00-0	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	Pesticides	All Results	—	UJ
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Total Potassium	7440-09-7	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Total Sodium	7440-23-5	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Total Calcium	7440-70-2	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Total Iron	7439-89-6	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Total Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Total Manganese	7439-96-5	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Potassium	7440-09-7	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Sodium	7440-23-5	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Barium	7440-39-3	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Calcium	7440-70-2	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Iron	7439-89-6	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
139-LMW-5-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Manganese	7439-96-5	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	VOCs	All positive detections	---	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	VOCs	All non-detects	---	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	Anthracene	120-12-7	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	Naphthalene	91-20-3	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	SVOCs	Pyrene	129-00-0	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	Pesticides	All Results	---	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	PCBs	All Results	---	UJ
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Total Potassium	7440-09-7	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Total Sodium	7440-23-5	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Total Calcium	7440-70-2	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Total Iron	7439-89-6	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Total Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Total Manganese	7439-96-5	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Potassium	7440-09-7	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Sodium	7440-23-5	J

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Barium	7440-39-3	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Calcium	7440-70-2	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Iron	7439-89-6	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
142-PZ-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Manganese	7439-96-5	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	U (2.0)
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	Bromoform	75-25-2	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	n-Butylbenzene	104-51-8	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	p-Isopropyltoluene	99-87-6	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	VOCs	tert-Butylbenzene	98-06-6	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Anthracene	120-12-7	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Fluorene	86-73-7	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Pyrene	129-00-0	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
140-LMW-8-20130916	SVOCs	Naphthalene	91-20-3	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	Pesticides	All Results	---	UJ
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Total Potassium	7440-09-7	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Total Sodium	7440-23-5	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Total Calcium	7440-70-2	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Total Iron	7439-89-6	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Total Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Total Manganese	7439-96-5	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Potassium	7440-09-7	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Sodium	7440-23-5	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Barium	7440-39-3	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Calcium	7440-70-2	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Iron	7439-89-6	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
140-LMW-8-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Manganese	7439-96-5	J
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	Bromoform	75-25-2	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	J
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	n-Butylbenzene	104-51-8	J
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	J
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	p-Isopropyltoluene	99-87-6	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	tert-Butylbenzene	98-06-6	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Anthracene	120-12-7	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Naphthalene	91-20-3	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Fluorene	86-73-7	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Pyrene	129-00-0	J
143-MW-3-20130916	SVOCs	Phenanthrene	85-01-8	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Pesticides	All Results	---	UJ
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Total Potassium	7440-09-7	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Total Sodium	7440-23-5	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Total Calcium	7440-70-2	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Total Iron	7439-89-6	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Total Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Total Manganese	7439-96-5	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Potassium	7440-09-7	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Sodium	7440-23-5	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Barium	7440-39-3	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Calcium	7440-70-2	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Iron	7439-89-6	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
143-MW-3-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Manganese	7439-96-5	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Freon 113	76-13-1	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	2-Butanone	78-93-3	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Acrolein	107-02-8	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Benzene	71-43-2	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Bromomethane	74-83-9	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Chloroethane	75-00-3	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Chloroform	67-66-3	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Chloromethane	74-87-3	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Methyl acetate	79-20-9	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	TBA	75-65-0	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	n-Butylbenzene	104-51-8	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	VOCs	tert-Butylbenzene	98-06-6	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Anthracene	120-12-7	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Naphthalene	91-20-3	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Fluorene	86-73-7	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Pyrene	129-00-0	UJ
145-DUP-1-20130916	SVOCs	Phenanthrene	85-01-8	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Potassium	7440-09-7	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Sodium	7440-23-5	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Barium	7440-39-3	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Calcium	7440-70-2	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Iron	7439-89-6	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Dissolved Manganese	7439-96-5	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Total Potassium	7440-09-7	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Total Sodium	7440-23-5	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Total Calcium	7440-70-2	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Total Iron	7439-89-6	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Total Magnesium	7439-95-4	J
145-DUP-1-20130916	Metals	Total Manganese	7439-96-5	J

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

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VOCs by SW-846 8260B:

Method blank samples BI30900-BLK1 and BI30920-BLK1 displayed positive detections for acetone at 2.5 µg/L and 2.9 µg/L, respectively. The associated positive detections were qualified as non-detect, "U," at the QL.

Sample 145-DUP-1-20130916 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for surrogate compound 1,2-dichloroethane-d4 at 76.2%. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ." The sample also displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for surrogate compound p-bromofluorobenzene at 177%. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J."

Sample 142-PZ-1-20130916 displayed internal standard areas less than the lower control limit for fluorobenzene, chlorobenzene-d5, 1,2-dichlorobenzene-d4 at 32.4%, 31.7%, and 28.8%, respectively. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J" and non-detects were qualified as "UJ."

Samples 140-LMW-8-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916 displayed internal standard areas less than the lower control limit for 1,2-dichlorobenzene-d4 at 39.5% and 46.6%, respectively. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J" and non-detects were qualified as "UJ."

Samples 139-LMW-5-20130916, 140-LMW-8-20130916, 142-PZ-1-20130916, and 143-MW-3-20130916 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for surrogate compound tetrachloro-m-xylene at 19.6%, 20.3%, 25.0%, and 27.0%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

The field duplicate/parent sample pair (145-DUP-1-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916) displayed imprecision greater than the control limit for acetone. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 1X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 35%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J" and non-detects are qualified "UJ."

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SVOCs by SW-846 8270C:

LCS/LCSD BI30781-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for caprolactam at 16.4% and 14.1%, respectively. Benzoic acid did not recover in the LCS/LCSD. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

The field duplicate/parent sample pair (145-DUP-1-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916) displayed imprecision greater than the control limit for 2-methylnaphthalene, acenaphthene, acenaphthylene, anthracene, fluoranthene, fluorene, naphthalene, phenanthrene, and pyrene. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 1X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 35%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J" and non-detects are qualified "UJ."

PCBs by SW-846 8082A:

Sample 142-PZ-1-20130916 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for surrogate compound tetrachloro-m-xylene at 26.5%. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

Dissolved Metals by SW-846 6010C:

Serial dilution Y3I1801-SRD1 displayed percent differences (%Ds) greater than the control limit for potassium and sodium at 15.3% and 21.6%, respectively. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J."

The field duplicate/parent sample pair (145-DUP-1-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916) displayed imprecision greater than the control limit for barium, calcium, iron, magnesium, manganese, potassium, and sodium. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 1X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 35%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J."

Total Metals by SW-846 6010C:

Serial dilution Y3I1802-SRD2 displayed %Ds greater than the control limit for potassium and sodium at 16.1% and 20.1%, respectively. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J."

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The field duplicate/parent sample pair (145-DUP-1-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916) displayed imprecision greater than the control limit for aluminum, calcium, iron, magnesium, manganese, potassium, and sodium. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 1X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 35%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J" and non-detects are qualified "UJ."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 8260B:

Trip blank sample 146-TB-7-20130916 displayed a positive detection for acetone at 1.7 $\mu\text{g/L}$. The result was qualified as non-detect on the basis of method blank detections; the result was not used to assess data based on sample transport contamination.

Samples 142-PZ-1-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for surrogate compound 1,2-dichloroethane-d4 at 160% and 134%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required.

Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) sample 140-LMW-8-20130916 displayed recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) outside of control limits for several compounds. Data are not qualified on the basis of MS/MSD recoveries and RPDs alone.

MS/MSD sample 143-MW-3-20130916 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limits for several compounds. Data are not qualified on the basis of MS/MSD recoveries alone.

LCS/LCSDs BI30900-BS1/BSD1 and BI30920-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limits for several compounds. The associated positive detections were previously qualified based on surrogate recoveries; further qualification was not required.

SVOCs by SW-846 8270C:

MS/MSD samples 140-LMW-8-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916 displayed recoveries

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outside of control limits for several compounds. Data are not qualified on the basis of MS/MSD recoveries alone.

Pesticides by SW-846 8081B:

MS/MSD sample 143-MW-3-20130916 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for beta-BHC at 478% and 624%, respectively. Data are not qualified on the basis of MS/MSD recoveries alone.

Dissolved Metals by SW-846 6010C:

Continuing calibration blank Y3I1801-CCB2 displayed positive detections for potassium and sodium at 0.06 µg/mL and 0.6 µg/mL, respectively. Continuing calibration blank Y3I1801-CCB3 displayed a positive detection for sodium at 0.3 µg/mL. The associated positive detections were greater than 5X the blank concentration; qualification was not required.

MS sample 140-LMW-8-20130916 displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for selenium at 126%. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required.

Total Metals by SW-846 6010C:

Continuing calibration blank Y3I1802-CCB2 displayed positive detections for potassium and sodium at 0.06 µg/mL and 0.6 µg/mL, respectively. Continuing calibration blank Y3I1802-CCB3 displayed a positive detection for sodium at 0.3 µg/mL. The associated positive detections were greater than 5X the blank concentration; qualification was not required.

Comments:

Several samples were analyzed at a dilution to bring target analytes within the linear range of the instrument calibration.

A field duplicate/parent sample pair (145-DUP-1-20130916 and 143-MW-3-20130916) was collected and analyzed for all parameters. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 1X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 35%. All analytes met the precision criteria with the exception of the results described above.

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On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Alan Fleisher
Staff Chemist

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Emily Strake, Langan Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

Date: May 13, 2014

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0593
Brooklyn, New York
Soil and Oil Samples Collected September, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil and oil samples collected on September 12 and 16, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) fingerprinting using the analytical method specified below.

- TPH Fingerprinting by NYSDOH 310-14

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0593	13I0593-01	135-TP-3-20130916-Soil	9/16/2013	TPH
13I0593	13I0593-04	138-TP-1-20130912	9/12/2013	TPH

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with the “National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review” (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the

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originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, target compound identification and quantification, and overall system performance.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Qualification Summary:

Data did not require qualification.

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

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Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. No minor deficiencies were identified.

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. No other deficiencies were identified.

Comments:

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

Field blank samples results were not subject to review.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Emily Strake
Project Chemist/Risk Assessor

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Alan Fleisher, Langan Staff Chemist

Date: November 7, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0643
Brooklyn, New York
Groundwater Samples Collected September 17, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of groundwater samples collected on September 17, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), pesticides, PCBs, total and dissolved metals, and mercury using the analytical method specified below.

- VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C (rev 3, 12/1996)
- Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081B (rev 2, 2/2007)
- PCBs by SW-846 Method 8082A (rev 1, 2/2007)
- Metals by SW-846 Method 6010C (rev 3, 2/2007)
- Mercury by SW-846 Method 7473 (rev 0, 2/2007)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0643	13I0643-01	147-LMW-6-20130917	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I064	13I0643-02	148-MW-5-20130917	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury

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<i>SDG</i>	<i>Lab Sample ID</i>	<i>Client Sample ID</i>	<i>Sample Date</i>	<i>Analytical Parameters</i>
13I064	13I0643-03	150-LMW-7-20130917	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I064	13I0643-04	151-MW-1-20130917	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I064	13I0643-05	149-DUP-2-20130917	9/16/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I064	13I0643-06	152-LMW-1-20130917	9/17/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I064	13I0643-07	153-TB-8-20130917	9/17/2013	VOCs

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-34, "Trace Volatile Data Validation (February 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-35, "Semivolatiles Data Validation (March 2013, Revision 2), the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, USEPA Region II SOP #HW-2, "Metals Data Validation (September 2006, Revision 13), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-36, "Pesticide Data Validation (May 2013, Revision 4), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-37, "PCB Aroclor Data Validation (May 2013, Revision 3), "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008), and "National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Data Review (USEPA-540R-10-011, January 2010).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, canister certification, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, serial dilutions, dual column imprecision, overall system performance, trip blank samples, and field duplicate samples.

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As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

Project Sample ID	Analysis	Analyte	CAS No.	Validator Qualifier
147-LMW-6-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
147-LMW-6-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
147-LMW-6-20130917	VOCs	2-Butanone	78-93-3	UJ
147-LMW-6-20130917	VOCs	Toluene	108-88-3	J
147-LMW-6-20130917	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
147-LMW-6-20130917	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
147-LMW-6-20130917	Pesticides	All Results	---	UJ
147-LMW-6-20130917	PCBs	All Results	---	UJ
147-LMW-6-20130917	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
148-MW-5-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
148-MW-5-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
148-MW-5-20130917	VOCs	2-Butanone	78-93-3	UJ
148-MW-5-20130917	VOCs	Toluene	108-88-3	J
148-MW-5-20130917	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
148-MW-5-20130917	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
148-MW-5-20130917	Pesticides	All Results	---	UJ
148-MW-5-20130917	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
148-MW-5-20130917	PCBs	All Results	---	UJ
149-DUP-2-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ
149-DUP-2-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
149-DUP-2-20130917	VOCs	2-Butanone	78-93-3	UJ
149-DUP-2-20130917	VOCs	Toluene	108-88-3	J
149-DUP-2-20130917	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
149-DUP-2-20130917	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
149-DUP-2-20130917	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
150-LMW-7-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ
150-LMW-7-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
150-LMW-7-20130917	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	UJ
151-MW-1-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ
151-MW-1-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
151-MW-1-20130917	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
151-MW-1-20130917	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
151-MW-1-20130917	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	UJ
152-LMW-1-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ
152-LMW-1-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
152-LMW-1-20130917	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
152-LMW-1-20130917	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
152-LMW-1-20130917	Metals	Total Aluminum	7429-90-5	J
153-TB-8-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ
153-TB-8-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ

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Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 8260B:

Laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate BI30909-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for acetone at 37.2% and 40.2%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

LCS/LCSD BI30998-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limits for acetone (33.3 and 37.6%, respectively) and methylene chloride (69.9% and 72.2%, respectively). The associated positive detection was qualified as "J" and non-detects were qualified as "UJ." The LCS displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for 2-butanone at 60.0%. The associated results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ." The LCSD displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for toluene at 81.9%. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J."

SVOCs by SW-846 8270C:

LCS BI30835-BS1 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for caprolactam at 22.9%. Benzoic acid did not recover in the sample. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

Pesticides by SW-846 8081B:

Surrogate compounds decachlorobiphenyl and tetrachloro-m-xylene recovered below the lower control limits in samples 147-LMW-6-20130917 (10.9% and 22.4%, respectively) and 148-MW-5-20130917 (24.9% and 21.4%, respectively). The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

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PCBs by SW-846 8082A:

Sample 147-LMW-6-20130917 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for surrogate compounds tetrachloro-m-xylene and dechlorobiphenyl at 23.5% and 23.4%, respectively. The associated sample results were qualified as "UJ."

Sample 148-MW-5-20130917 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for surrogate compound decachlorobiphenyl at 21.9%. The associated sample results were qualified as "UJ."

Total Metals by SW-846 6010C:

The field duplicate/parent sample pair (149-DUP-2-20130917 and 148-MW-5-20130917) displayed an absolute difference greater than the control limit for aluminum at 161 µg/L. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J" and non-detects were qualified as "UJ."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 8260B:

Method blank sample B130998-BLK1 displayed a positive detection for acetone at 1.1 µg/L. The associated positive result was greater than 5X the blank concentration; qualification was not required.

LCS/LCSD B130909-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for methyl acetate at 166% and 146%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required.

LCS/LCSD B130998-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for methyl acetate at 142% and 148%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required. The LCS/LCSD displayed a relative percent difference (RPD) greater than the control limit for styrene at 38.0%. The LCS and LCSD recoveries were within control limits; qualification was not required.

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SVOCs by SW-846 8270C:

Sample 148-MW-5-20130917 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for surrogate compound phenol-d5 at 5.31%. The sample also displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for surrogate compound nitrobenzene-d5 at 114%. Only one base/neutral and one acid surrogate were outside of control limits; based on professional judgment data were not qualified.

Sample 150-LMW-7-20130917 displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for surrogate compound 2-fluorobiphenyl at 126%. Surrogate compounds 2-fluorophenol, phenol-d5, nitrobenzene-d5, and 2,4,6-tribromophenol did not recover in the sample. The sample was analyzed at a 100X dilution; qualification was not required.

Pesticides by SW-846 8081B:

LCS/LCSD B130882-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries and RPDs outside of control limits for several compounds. The associated sample results were previously qualified based on surrogate recoveries; further qualification was not required.

Comments:

Several samples were analyzed at a dilution to bring target analytes within the linear range of the instrument calibration.

A field duplicate/parent sample pair (149-DUP-2-20130917 and 148-MW-5-20130917) was collected and analyzed for all parameters. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 1X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 35%. All analytes met the precision criteria with the exception of the results described above.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

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For Carroll Gardens
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Signed:



Alan Fleisher
Staff Chemist

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Alan Fleisher, Langan Staff Chemist

Date: November 7, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0722
Brooklyn, New York
Groundwater Samples Collected September 17, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of groundwater samples collected on September 17, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), pesticides, PCBs, total and dissolved metals, and mercury using the analytical method specified below.

- VOCs by SW-846 Method 8260B (rev 2, 12/1996)
- SVOCs by SW-846 Method 8270C (rev 3, 12/1996)
- Pesticides by SW-846 Method 8081B (rev 2, 2/2007)
- PCBs by SW-846 Method 8082A (rev 1, 2/2007)
- Metals by SW-846 Method 6010C (rev 3, 2/2007)
- Mercury by SW-846 Method 7473 (rev 0, 2/2007)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0722	13I0722-01	154-LMW-9-20130917	9/17/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury
13I0722	13I0722-02	155-LMW-10-20130917	9/17/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury

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<i>SDG</i>	<i>Lab Sample ID</i>	<i>Client Sample ID</i>	<i>Sample Date</i>	<i>Analytical Parameters</i>
13I0722	13I0722-03	156-MW-4-20130917	9/17/2013	VOCs; SVOCs; Pesticides; PCBs; Total and Dissolved Metals; Mercury

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-34, "Trace Volatile Data Validation (February 2013, Revision 3), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-35, "Semivolatile Data Validation (March 2013, Revision 2), the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, USEPA Region II SOP #HW-2, "Metals Data Validation (September 2006, Revision 13), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-36, "Pesticide Data Validation (May 2013, Revision 4), USEPA Region II SOP #HW-37, "PCB Aroclor Data Validation (May 2013, Revision 3), "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review (USEPA-540R-08-01, June 2008), and "National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Data Review (USEPA-540R-10-011, January 2010).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, canister certification, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, serial dilutions, dual column imprecision, overall system performance, trip blank samples, and field duplicate samples.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.

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U – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.

NJ – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
154-LMW-9-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
154-LMW-9-20130917	VOCs	2-Butanone	78-93-3	UJ
154-LMW-9-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
154-LMW-9-20130917	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
154-LMW-9-20130917	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
154-LMW-9-20130917	Pesticides	All Results	—	UJ
155-LMW-10-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	U (2.0)
155-LMW-10-20130917	VOCs	2-Butanone	78-93-3	UJ
155-LMW-10-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
155-LMW-10-20130917	VOCs	Toluene	108-88-3	UJ
155-LMW-10-20130917	Metals	Dissolved Selenium	7782-49-2	J
155-LMW-10-20130917	Metals	Total Selenium	7782-49-2	J
156-MW-4-20130917	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	UJ
156-MW-4-20130917	VOCs	2-Butanone	78-93-3	UJ
156-MW-4-20130917	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	UJ
156-MW-4-20130917	SVOCs	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	UJ
156-MW-4-20130917	SVOCs	Caprolactam	105-60-2	UJ
156-MW-4-20130917	Pesticides	All Results	—	UJ

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Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 8260B:

Laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) BI30998-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control for acetone at 33.3% and 37.6%, respectively. The associated sample result was non-detect and was qualified as "UJ." The LCS/LCSD displayed recoveries less than the lower control limits for methylene chloride at 69.9% and 72.2%, respectively. The LCS displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for 2-butanone at 60.0%. The LCSD displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for toluene at 81.9%. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

LCS/LCSD BI31071-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limits for acetone (32.9% and 30.5%) and methylene chloride (71.9% and 72.3%, respectively). The associated positive detection was qualified as "J" and non-detects were qualified as "UJ." The LCS displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for 2-butanone at 61.4%. The associated sample result was non-detect and was qualified as "UJ."

Method blank sample BI30998-BLK1 displayed a positive detection for acetone at 1.1 µg/L. The associated sample result was qualified as non-detect, "U," at the QL.

SVOCs by SW-846 8270C:

LCS/LCSD BI30978-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for caprolactam at 14.7% and 16.4%, respectively. Benzoic acid did not recover in the LCS/LCSD. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

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Pesticides by SW-846 8081B:

Samples 154-LMW-9-20130917 and 156-MW-4-201300917 displayed recoveries less than the lower control limit for surrogate compound tetrachloro-m-xylene at 20.3% and 25.9%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

Dissolved Metals by SW-846 6010C:

Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) sample 154-LMW-9-20130917 displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for selenium at 128%. The associated positive result was qualified as "J."

Total Metals by SW-846 6010C:

Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) sample 154-LMW-9-20130917 displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for selenium at 126%. The associated positive result was qualified as "J."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by SW-846 8260B:

LCS/LCSD BI30998-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for methyl acetate at 142% and 148%, respectively. The associated sample result was non-detect; qualification was not required. The LCS/LCSD displayed a relative percent difference (RPD) greater than the control limit for styrene at 38.0%. The LCS and LCSD recoveries were within control limits; qualification was not required.

LCS/LCSD BI31071-BS1/BSD1 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for methyl acetate at 152% and 162%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required.

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SVOCs by SW-846 8270C:

Sample 156-MW-4-20130917 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for surrogate compound phenol-d5 at 8.86%. Only one surrogate was outside of control limits; based on professional judgment, data were not qualified.

Dissolved Metals by SW-846 6010C:

MS/MSD sample 154-LMW-9-20130917 displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for antimony at 126%. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required.

Comments:

Several samples were analyzed at a dilution to bring target analytes within the linear range of the instrument calibration.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Alan Fleisher
Staff Chemist

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Alan Fleisher, Langan Staff Chemist

Date: November 4, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0347
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Vapor and Ambient Air Samples Collected September 9, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of four soil gas and ambient air samples collected on September 9, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using the analytical method specified below.

- Full List VOCs by EPA Compendium Method TO-15 (1/1999)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0347	13I0347-01	087/AMBIENT-1	9/9/2013	VOCs
13I0347	13I0347-02	088-LSV-20-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs
13I0347	13I0347-03	089-LSV-5-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs
13I0347	13I0347-04	090-LSV-2-20130909	9/9/2013	VOCs

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-31, “Validating Volatile Organic Analysis of Ambient Air in Canister by Method TO-15” (October 2006, Revision 4) and the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program,

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"National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review (USEPA-540R-08-01), June 2008).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, canister certification, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, and overall system performance.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

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For Carroll Gardens
Brooklyn, New York
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Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. No minor deficiencies were identified.

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. No other deficiencies were identified.

Comments:

Several samples were analyzed at a dilution to bring target analytes within the linear range of the instrument calibration.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Alan Fleisher
Staff Chemist

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Alan Fleisher, Langan Staff Chemist

Date: November 6, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0407
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Vapor and Ambient Air Samples Collected September 10, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil gas samples collected on September 10, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using the analytical method specified below.

- Full List VOCs by EPA Compendium Method TO-15 (1/1999)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0407	13I0407-01	093-LSV-19-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-02	094-LSV-3-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-03	095-LSV-1-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-04	096-LSV-17-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-05	097-LSV-16-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-06	098-LSV-4-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-07	099-LSV-18-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-09	101-LSV-6-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-10	102-LSV-24-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-11	103-LSV-10-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-12	104-LSV-25-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs
13I0407	13I0407-13	105-LSV-9-20130910	9/10/2013	VOCs

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Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-31, "Validating Volatile Organic Analysis of Ambient Air in Canister by Method TO-15" (October 2006, Revision 4) and the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review (USEPA-540R-08-01), June 2008), and the Quality Assurance Project Plans for each Site (Langan 2013).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, canister certification, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, and overall system performance.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently

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valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

Project Sample ID	Analysis	Analyte	CAS No.	Validator Qualifier
097-LSV-16-20130910	VOCs	MTBE	1634-04-4	UJ
103-LSV-10-20130910	VOCs	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	76-13-1	J
103-LSV-10-20130910	VOCs	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	J
103-LSV-10-20130910	VOCs	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	J
103-LSV-10-20130910	VOCs	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	J
103-LSV-10-20130910	VOCs	o-Xylene	95-47-6	J
103-LSV-10-20130910	VOCs	m & p-Xylenes	79601-23-1	J
104-LSV-25-20130910	VOCs	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	J
104-LSV-25-20130910	VOCs	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	J
104-LSV-25-20130910	VOCs	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	J
104-LSV-25-20130910	VOCs	o-Xylene	95-47-6	J
104-LSV-25-20130910	VOCs	m & p-Xylenes	79601-23-1	J
105-LSV-9-20130910	VOCs	MTBE	1634-04-4	UJ

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by USEPA TO-15:

Laboratory control sample (LCS) B130624-BS2 displayed a recovery less than the lower control limit for MTBE at 44.5%. The associated sample results were non-detect and were qualified as "UJ."

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Samples 103-LSV-10-20130910 and 104-LSV-25-20130910 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for internal standard chlorobenzene-d5 146% and 154%, respectively. The associated positive detections were qualified as "J."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by USEPA TO-15:

LCS B130624-BS2 displayed a recovery greater than the upper control limit for 1,4-dioxane at 154%. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required.

Samples 102-LSV-24-20130910, 103-LSV-10-20130910, and 104-LSV-25-20130910 displayed recoveries greater than the upper control limit for internal standard 1,4-difluorobenzene at 141%, 141%, and 145%, respectively. The associated sample results were non-detect; qualification was not required.

Comments:

Several samples were analyzed at a dilution to bring target analytes within the linear range of the instrument calibration.

Sample 100/AMBIENT-2 was not analyzed by the laboratory because the vacuum gauge on the canister only moved from -30 in. Hg to -23 in. Hg during sampling. The level of dilution would not have produced a meaningful result.

Samples 098-LSV-4-20130910 and 104-LSV-25-20130910 had final canister vacuums of 0 in. Hg. This may indicate that the flow rates were high and the samples are skewed toward the beginning of the sampling period.

Sample 102-LSV-24-20130910 had a canister with a vacuum gauge that did not move during sampling.

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On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Alan Fleisher
Staff Chemist

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Alan Fleisher, Langan Staff Chemist

Date: November 6, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0441
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Vapor and Ambient Air Samples Collected September 11, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil gas samples collected on September 11, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using the analytical method specified below.

- Full List VOCs by EPA Compendium Method TO-15 (1/1999)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0441	13I0441-01	106-AMBIENT-3-20130911	9/11/2013	VOCs
13I0441	13I0441-02	107-LSV-15-20130911	9/11/2013	VOCs
13I0441	13I0441-03	108-LSV-14-20130911	9/11/2013	VOCs
13I0441	13I0441-04	109-LSV-11-20130911	9/11/2013	VOCs
13I0441	13I0441-05	110-LSV-13-20130911	9/11/2013	VOCs
13I0441	13I0441-06	111-LSV-12-20130911	9/11/2013	VOCs

Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-31, “Validating Volatile Organic Analysis of Ambient Air in Canister by Method TO-15” (October 2006, Revision 4), the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, “National

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Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review (USEPA-540R-08-01), June 2008), and the Quality Assurance Project Plans for each Site (Langan 2013).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, canister certification, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, and overall system performance.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

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Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
106-AMBIENT-3-20130911	VOCs	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	U (1.6)

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by USEPA TO-15:

Method blank sample BI30725-BLK2 displayed a positive detection for methylene chloride at 0.35 µg/m³. The associated positive detection was less than 5X the blank concentration and was qualified as non-detect, "U," at the sample result.

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. No other deficiencies were identified.

Comments:

Several samples were analyzed at a dilution to bring target analytes within the linear range of the instrument calibration.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

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Signed:



Alan Fleisher
Staff Chemist

2700 Kelly Road, Suite 200 Warrington, PA 18976 T: 215.491.6500 F: 215.491.6501
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1569 Doylestown, PA 18901

To: Chris McMahon, Langan Project Geologist

From: Alan Fleisher, Langan Staff Chemist

Date: November 5, 2013

Re: Data Usability Summary Report
For Carroll Gardens – 13I0489
Brooklyn, New York
Soil Vapor and Ambient Air Samples Collected September 12, 2013
Langan Project No.: 100287501

This memorandum presents the findings of an analytical data validation of the data generated from the analysis of soil gas samples collected on September 12, 2013 by Langan Engineering and Environmental Services (“Langan”) at the Carroll Gardens Site located in Brooklyn, New York (“the Site”). The samples were analyzed by York Analytical Laboratories (NYSDOH ELAP registration # 10894) located in Stratford, Connecticut for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using the analytical method specified below.

- Full List VOCs by EPA Compendium Method TO-15 (1/1999)

Table 1, below, summarizes the laboratory and client sample identification numbers, sample collection dates, and analytical parameters subject to review.

Table 1: Sample Summary

SDG	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Sample Date	Analytical Parameters
13I0489	13I0489-01	121-LSV-1-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-02	115-LSV-2-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-03	112-LSV-3-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-04	118-LSV-4-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-05	117-LSV-5-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-06	119-LSV-16-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-07	120-LSV-17-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-08	113-LSV-18-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-09	114-LSV-19-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-10	116-LSV-20-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs
13I0489	13I0489-11	122-DUP-1-20130912	9/12/2013	VOCs

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Validation Overview

This data validation was performed in accordance with USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) #HW-31, "Validating Volatile Organic Analysis of Ambient Air in Canister by Method TO-15" (October 2006, Revision 4) and the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, "National Functional Guidelines for Superfund Organic Methods Data Review (USEPA-540R-08-01), June 2008).

Validation includes reconstruction of the analytical data to verify that data are easily traceable and sufficiently complete to permit logical reconstruction by a qualified individual other than the originator. Items subject to review in this memorandum include holding times, canister certification, instrument tuning, instrument calibration, laboratory blanks, laboratory control samples, system monitoring compounds, internal standard area counts, target compound identification and quantification, chromatograms, overall system performance, and field duplicate samples.

As a result of the review process, the following qualifiers may be assigned to the data in accordance with the USEPA's guidelines and best professional judgment:

- R** – The sample results are unusable due to the quality of the data generated because certain criteria were not met. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.
- J** – The analyte was positively identified and the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- UJ** – The analyte was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the reporting limit (RL); however, the reported RL is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- U** – The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected at a level greater than or equal to the level of the RL or the sample concentration for results impacted by blank contamination.
- NJ** – The analysis indicates the presence of an analyte that has been "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value represents its approximate concentration.

If any validation qualifiers are assigned these qualifiers should supersede any laboratory-applied qualifiers. Data that is not qualified as a result of this data validation is considered acceptable on the basis of the items specified for review. Data that is qualified as "R" are not sufficiently

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valid and technically supportable to be used for data interpretation. Data that is otherwise qualified due to minor data quality anomalies are usable, as qualified.

Table 2: Validator-applied qualification

Project Sample ID	Analysis	Analyte	CAS No.	Validator Qualifier
121-LSV-1-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
121-LSV-1-20130912	VOCs	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	J
121-LSV-1-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	J
121-LSV-1-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
121-LSV-1-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
115-LSV-2-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
115-LSV-2-20130912	VOCs	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	J
115-LSV-2-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	UJ
115-LSV-2-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
115-LSV-2-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
115-LSV-2-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
112-LSV-3-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
112-LSV-3-20130912	VOCs	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	J
112-LSV-3-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	J
112-LSV-3-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
112-LSV-3-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
112-LSV-3-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
118-LSV-4-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
118-LSV-4-20130912	VOCs	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	J
118-LSV-4-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	UJ
118-LSV-4-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
118-LSV-4-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
118-LSV-4-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
117-LSV-5-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
117-LSV-5-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	J
117-LSV-5-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
117-LSV-5-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
117-LSV-5-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
119-LSV-16-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
119-LSV-16-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	J
119-LSV-16-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
119-LSV-16-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
119-LSV-16-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
120-LSV-17-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
120-LSV-17-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	UJ
120-LSV-17-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
120-LSV-17-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
120-LSV-17-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
113-LSV-18-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
113-LSV-18-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	UJ
113-LSV-18-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
113-LSV-18-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
113-LSV-18-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
114-LSV-19-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
114-LSV-19-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	J
114-LSV-19-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
114-LSV-19-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
114-LSV-19-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
116-LSV-20-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
116-LSV-20-20130912	VOCs	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	J
116-LSV-20-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	J
116-LSV-20-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
116-LSV-20-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
116-LSV-20-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	UJ
122-DUP-1-20130912	VOCs	Acetone	67-64-1	J
122-DUP-1-20130912	VOCs	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	J

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<i>Project Sample ID</i>	<i>Analysis</i>	<i>Analyte</i>	<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Validator Qualifier</i>
122-DUP-1-20130912	VOCs	n-Hexane	110-54-3	J
122-DUP-1-20130912	VOCs	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	J
122-DUP-1-20130912	VOCs	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	J
122-DUP-1-20130912	VOCs	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	J

Major Deficiencies:

Major deficiencies include those that grossly impact data quality and necessitate the rejection of results. No major deficiencies were identified.

Minor Deficiencies:

Minor deficiencies include anomalies that directly impact data quality and necessitate qualification, but do not result in unusable data. The section below describes the minor deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by USEPA TO-15:

The field duplicate/parent sample pair (122-DUP-1-20130912 and 118-LSV-4-20130912) displayed imprecision greater than the control limit for acetone, cis-1,2-dichloroethylene, n-hexane, tetrachloroethylene, trichloroethylene, and vinyl acetate. For results less than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the absolute difference is less than $\pm 1X$ the RL. For results greater than 5X the RL, analytes meet the precision criteria if the RPD is less than or equal to 35%. The associated positive detections are qualified as "J" and non-detects are qualified "UJ."

Other Deficiencies:

Other deficiencies include anomalies that do not directly impact data quality and do not necessitate qualification. The section below describes the other deficiencies that were identified.

VOCs by USEPA TO-15:

Method blank sample BI30730-BLK1 displayed a positive detection for methylene chloride at $0.35 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The associated positive detections were greater than 5X the blank concentration; qualification was not required.

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Comments:

Several samples were analyzed at a dilution to bring target analytes within the linear range of the instrument calibration.

Samples 112-LSV-3-20130912, 117-LSV-5-20130912, 116-LSV-20-20130912, and 112-DUP-1-20130912 were re-analyzed at higher dilutions except for trichloroethene. Only results from the initial analysis should be used for data interpretation.

On the basis of this evaluation, the laboratory appears to have followed the specified analytical methods with the exception of errors discussed above. If a given fraction is not mentioned above, that means that all specified criteria were met for that parameter.

All data are considered usable, as qualified. In addition, completeness, defined as the percentage of analytical results that are judged to be valid, is 100%.

Signed:



Alan Fleisher
Staff Chemist