#### NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

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March 13, 2020

Mr. Terry Young ARCADIS of New York One Lincoln Center, Suite 300 110 West Fayette Street Syracuse, New York 13202

> Re: IRM Design Work Plan Red Hook 3 – NYSDEC Brownfield Site #C224213 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, NY 11231

Dear Mr. Young

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (the Department) and the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) have reviewed the IRM Design Work Plan for the Red Hook 3 Properties site, dated December 2019, which was prepared by ARCADIS of New York on behalf of BT Red Hook LLC. Based on our review and receiving the Tidal wetlands, SPDES equivalent and LI Well permits, the IRM design workplan is approved.

Please sign and seal the workplan and resubmit the final document. Please also ensure a final copy is placed in the document repositories. If you have any questions, feel free to contact me at 518-402-0163 or at chris.heller@dec.ny.gov.

Sincerely,

Chris Heller

Project manager

Remedial Bureau A

(Jus Veller

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BT Red Hook, LLC

# INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE DESIGN WORK PLAN - RED HOOK 3

Site No. C224213 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, New York

March 2020

#### Certification

I, Terry W. Young, PE, certify that I am currently a New York State registered professional engineer and that this *Interim Remedial Measure Design Work Plan – Red Hook 3* was prepared in accordance with all applicable statutes and regulations and in substantial conformance with the DER *Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation* (DER-10).



Tay

Date <u>March 18, 2020</u>

# INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE DESIGN WORK PLAN - RED HOOK 3

Site No. C224213 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, New York

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# **CONTENTS**

Acı	onyn	ns and	Abbreviations	iii
1	Intro	Introduction		
	1.1	IRM D	WP Organization	2
	1.2	Backg	round	3
		1.2.1	Site Description	3
		1.2.2	Site History	4
		1.2.3	Previous Investigations	4
		1.2.4	RI/SRI Conclusions	5
2	Site Remedy Basis			8
	2.1	Reme	dial Action Objectives	8
	2.2	Reme	diation Areas	9
	2.3	Identif	ication of Site Remedy Components	10
		2.3.1	ISS Treatability Study	11
		2.3.2	Proposed Remedial Components	13
3	Prop	oosed S	Site Remedy	15
	3.1	Propo	sed IRM	15
		3.1.1	Pre-Design Confirmation Soil Borings	15
		3.1.2	DNAPL Excavations	16
	3.2	In-Situ	ı Treatment	18
		3.2.1	Engineered ABOx Overview	18
		3.2.2	Engineered ABOx Implementation	19
	3.3	Propo	sed Additional Site Remedy Components	19
4	Exc	avation	IRM Permits and Approvals	20
5	Excavation IRM Design Submittals and Schedule			21
	5.1	1 95% Excavation IRM Design Submittal		
	5.2	2 Final 100% Excavation IRM Design Submittal		
	5.3	Excav	ation IRM Design Schedule	21
6	Refe	erences	3	23

# **TABLES**

Table 1	Report Organization (in text)
Table 2	Remedial Action Objectives (in text)
Table 3	Proposed Site Remedy Components (in text)
Table 4	Preliminary Excavation IRM Schedule (in text)

## **FIGURES**

Figure 1	Site Location Map
Figure 2A	Site Map with Block and Lot Boundaries
Figure 2B	Adjoining Properties
Figure 3	Monitoring Wells and Soil Borings by Arcadis and Others – Supplemental Remedial Investigation and Prior
Figure 4	Supplemental Remedial Investigation Soil Borings Advanced by Arcadis Showing Visible NAPL Impacts
Figure 5	Pre-Design Confirmation Soil Boring Locations and Locations Showing NAPL
Figure 6	Revised Proposed Limits of Excavation

# **APPENDICES**

- A Selected Remedial Investigation/Supplemental Remedial Investigation Figures
- B Project Correspondence

#### ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ABOx anaerobic biological oxidation

AESI Atlantic Environmental Solutions, Inc.

AMSL above mean sea level

Arcadis Arcadis of New York, Inc.

ASTM ASTM International

BCA Brownfield Cleanup Agreement

BCP Brownfield Cleanup Program

BFS blast furnace slag

bgs below ground surface

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

CAMP Community Air Monitoring Plan

CERP Community Environmental Response Plan

cm/sec centimeters/second

COPC constituents of potential concern

DER Division of Environmental Remediation

DWP Design Work Plan

DNAPL dense non-aqueous-phase liquid

ft feet

ft/ft feet per foot

gpm gallons per minute

HHEA Human Health Exposure Assessment

IRM Interim Remedial Measure

ISS in-situ solidification

NAPL non-aqueous phase liquid

NSZD natural source zone depletion

NYCDEP New York City Department of Environmental Protection

NYCRR New York Codes, Rules and Regulations

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

NYSDOH New York State Department of Health

PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

#### INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE DESIGN WORK PLAN - RED HOOK 3

PC Portland cement

PPE personal protective equipment

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RH3 Red Hook 3 RH4 Red Hook 4

RI Remedial Investigation

SCG standards, criteria, and guidance

SCOs Soil Cleanup Objectives

SMP Site Management Plan

SPDES State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

SRB sulfate reducing bacteria

SRI Supplemental Remedial Investigation

SRIWP Supplemental Remedial Investigation Work Plan

SVOC semi-volatile organic compounds

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

UCS unconfined compressive strength

VOC volatile organic compounds

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This Interim Remedial Measure Design Work Plan (IRM DWP) has been prepared for the Red Hook 3 (RH3) Brownfield Site (New York State Department of Environmental Conservation [NYSDEC] Brownfield Site No. C224213), hereafter referred to as the "RH3 Site" or simply "RH3," located at 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street in Brooklyn, New York (Figures 1 and 2A, the latter including block and lot boundaries). The RH3 Site is subject to a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement among Red Hook Industrial Center, LLC (the most recent previous site owner and Volunteer in the Brownfield Cleanup Program [BCP]); BT Red Hook, LLC (site owner as of December 19, 2018); and NYSDEC. RH3 was entered into the BCP in August 2015 via an agreement between Red Hook 212, LLC (owner prior to Red Hook Industrial Center, LLC); and NYSDEC.

This IRM DWP has been prepared by Arcadis of New York, Inc. (Arcadis) on behalf of BT Red Hook, LLC, in accordance applicable provisions of the NYSDEC's Division of Environmental Remediation (DER) *Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation* (DER-10; NYSDEC 2010). Additionally, this IRM DWP includes revisions to address NYSDEC comments (letter dated November 26, 2019) to the Arcadis IRM DWP draft submittal of October 2019.

This IRM DWP presents the basis for and a description of the components proposed to represent the remedy for the RH3 Site, and identifies the anticipated remedial design content for the Excavation IRM component of the proposed remedy. As identified in previous documents for this Site (Arcadis 2018b and Arcadis 2019a), based on discussions with NYSDEC mobile non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL; source material) is the main driver for remediation and the impacts deeper than 15 feet below ground surface (bgs) can typically be managed in-situ (15 feet is the depth used to determine the appropriate land use category for a site; 6NYCRR Part 375-1.8(g)(6)(iii)). The overall remedial goal for the Site is to meet the requirements of the BCA and obtain the Certificate of Completion so that this land can be revitalized.

At this time, property redevelopment plans are in progress for the RH3 Site, as well as the adjacent Red Hook 4 (RH4) Brownfield site (No. C224214) (**Figure 2B**). As discussed with NYSDEC, during a March 1, 2019 meeting at NYSDEC's Albany office between representatives from NYSDEC, New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH), BT Red Hook, LLC and Arcadis, in light of the redevelopment, a dense NAPL (DNAPL) excavation Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) is proposed as a significant component of the remedy for the RH3 Site. Based on NYSDEC's August 27, 2019 comment letter and other considerations, a more aggressive Excavation IRM than proposed in earlier versions of the Draft RH3 IRM DWP is presented herein, and it includes removal of additional DNAPL locations and in-situ treatment.

As discussed during the September 9, 2019 meeting the more aggressive RH3 IRM was developed to achieve the following: 1) address NYSDEC comments; 2) facilitate timely approval to support initiation of the public comment period for the IRM in December 2019, while avoiding project delays; and 3) meet BT Red Hook, LLC's redevelopment schedule which includes completing the ongoing RH4 Excavation IRM (substantial completion estimated for December 2019) and then initiating the RH3 IRM beginning in January 2020. The proposed IRM described herein would address the DNAPL (source) areas and would be implemented in conjunction with a site-wide ground surface cover (i.e., Engineering Control [EC]), Institutional Controls (ICs) and a Site Management Plan (SMP) to address remaining impacts.

Collectively, the proposed remedial components provide a comprehensive BCP Track 4 remedy for the RH3 Site that is fully protective of human health and the environment. A Track 4 remedy, as defined in Title 6 of New York Codes, Rules and Regulations (6 NYCRR) Part 375-3.8(e)(4) and detailed in NYSDEC Policy CP-51 *Soil Cleanup Guidance* (CP-51; NYSDEC 2010b), includes site-specific clean-up objectives or approaches for soil and may include the use of long-term institutional or engineering controls to address all media. Additionally, the proposed remedial components detailed herein are consistent with current and anticipated future zoning for the commercial/industrial nature of the property, which allows for manufacturing and certain commercial uses.

A Remedial Investigation (RI) and Supplemental Remedial Investigation (SRI) for the RH3 Site were conducted to delineate the nature and extent of impacts and assess the associated potential impacts to human health and the environment. Additionally, a qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment (HHEA) was conducted. The RI, HHEA, and SRI work and the associated results and assessments, are detailed in the following:

- Remedial Investigation Report Red Hook 3 prepared by Atlantic Environmental Solutions, Inc. (AESI), dated October 31, 2017 (AESI 2017a).
- Human Health Exposure Assessment Red Hook 3 prepared by Arcadis, dated October 2018 (Arcadis 2018a), and approved by NYSDEC in a letter dated March 19, 2019.
- Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report Red Hook 3 Revised prepared by Arcadis, dated March 2019 (Arcadis 2019a), and approved by NYSDEC in a letter dated April 5, 2019.

As detailed in the SRI Report, the nature and extent of site-related impacts to the environment have been adequately characterized to fulfill the applicable requirements of the BCA. Based on the findings of the SRI and the HHEA, no imminent threat to human health or the environment has been identified.

Based on the results of the SRI and HHEA, and the discussions and meetings between BT Red Hook, LLC, the NYSDEC, and Arcadis, an Excavation IRM to address DNAPL through removal and in-situ treatment is proposed. The basis for and a description of the proposed IRM activities, in conjunction with a site-wide ground surface cover (e.g., one-foot clean soil cover, building, pavement), ICs, and SMP to provide a comprehensive Track 4 BCP remedy for the RH3 Site, are provided in the following sections of this IRM DWP.

# 1.1 IRM DWP Organization

**Table 1 - Report Organization** 

Section	Description
Section 1 – Introduction	Presents relevant background information, including a summary of Site impacts.
Section 2 – Site Remedy Basis	Presents the basis for the comprehensive Site remedy proposed in this IRM DWP.
Section 3 – Proposed Site Remedy	Presents a description of the proposed Site remedy, including results of the pre-design confirmation soil boring program implemented in

Section	Description	
	2019, after completion of the SRI, to confirm the absence/presence of NAPL-saturated source material along the originally proposed IRM excavation limits and provide a basis for the revised proposed limits identified herein. These limits were discussed during the September 9, 2019 meeting among representatives from NYSDEC, BT Red Hook, LLC, and Arcadis.	
Section 4 – Excavation IRM Permits and Approvals	Identifies the anticipated permit equivalencies, permits and approvals necessary to implement the Excavation IRM.	
Section 5 – Excavation IRM Design Submittals and Schedule	Identifies the remedial design documents to be prepared in support of the Excavation IRM and presents the anticipated project schedule for completing the Excavation IRM and implementing the Site remedy.	
Section 6 – References	Presents a list of documents used to support preparation of this IRM DWP.	

#### 1.2 Background

This section summarizes Site background information relevant to the development and evaluation of remedial alternatives, including Site description, Site history, and RI/SRI conclusions. Details are presented in the RI and SRI Reports.

#### 1.2.1 Site Description

The RH3 Site is an approximately 9.1-acre paved, irregularly L-shaped parcel located within a mixed industrial, commercial, and residential area in an urban setting (**Figure 1**). The RH3 Site is zoned for manufacturing as M2-1, which allows manufacturing and certain commercial uses. RH3 consists of four adjoining parcels (**Figures 2A** and **2B**) bounded to the northeast by Wolcott Street (approximately 750-

foot frontage) with NYSDEC Brownfield Site C224214 beyond (RH4 Site); to the southeast by Ferris Street (approximately 250-foot frontage) with NYSDEC Brownfield Site C224256 across Ferris Street (145-65 Wolcott Street Site); to the south and southwest by Dikeman Street; and to the west and northwest by Buttermilk Channel (approximately 900-foot frontage). Three buildings were or are currently located on RH3 (building demolition underway as part of property redevelopment by BT Red Hook, LLC), as follows:

- A vacant, three-story, brick warehouse, constructed circa 1920 and occupying a footprint of approximately 100,000 square feet.
- A vacant, single-story, metal-sided warehouse constructed circa
   1995 and occupying approximately 50,000 square feet.



Historical map circa 1780 superimposed over current topography showing Red Hook 3 and adjoining Red Hook 4 boundaries of historical low water line.

 A vacant single-story, masonry-sided building, formerly occupied by U.S. government offices (United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives and United States Drug Enforcement Administration), occupying approximately 37,000 square feet.

Areas not occupied by buildings are covered with impervious surfaces including pavement, concrete, or asphalt. A steel retaining wall is located along the bulkhead along Buttermilk Channel. Elevation across the RH3 Site ranges from approximately 8 feet above mean sea level (AMSL) at the extreme eastern corner near the intersection of Ferris and Wolcott Streets, to 11 feet AMSL along the retaining wall at the western/northwestern boundary along Buttermilk Channel. Portions of the RH3 Site where buildings do not front the street are enclosed by a fence with locking gates.

#### 1.2.2 Site History

The RH3 Site has a long history of commercial and industrial development dating to the late 1800s. Historical documentation indicates that the property now occupied by RH3 was below the mean water line in the late 1700s/early 1800s and was subsequently filled. Prior uses include fertilizer and chemical manufacturing, tar manufacturing, tar and resin storage, shipyard/repair, and newspaper production. Historical uses of adjoining and surrounding properties include oil refining, lumber and grain storage, drydock and boat repair, and manufacture and storage of lubricating oils.

#### 1.2.3 Previous Investigations

Numerous investigations have been conducted by others at RH3, the findings of which are summarized in the following documents:

- Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA), 68 Ferris Street, Brooklyn, NY (Roux Associates, Inc., November 2007)
- Phase I ESA, 212 Wolcott Street, Brooklyn, NY (Roux Associates, Inc., November 2007)
- Phase II ESA, 212 Wolcott Street/68 Ferris Street, Brooklyn, NY (Langan Engineering and Environmental Services, Inc., P.C., April 2012)
- Preliminary Geotechnical Review, 212 Wolcott Street (aka 68 Ferris Street, Brooklyn, NY "The Project") (Langan Engineering and Environmental Services, Inc., P.C., April 2012)
- Phase I ESA, 212 Wolcott Street and 68 Ferris Street, Brooklyn, NY (Langan Engineering and Environmental Services, Inc., P.C., May 2012)
- Phase I ESA, 242/300 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, NY (Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. [Langan], April 2015)

- Limited Phase II Environmental Site Investigation, 242/300 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, NY (Langan, May 2015)
- Remedial Investigation Report, Red Hook 3, 68 Ferris Street (Block 573, Lot 100), 100 Ferris Street (Block 573, Lot 1), 242-300 Coffey Street (Block 595, Lot 70), NYSDEC BCP Site C224213 (AESI 2017b)

#### 1.2.4 RI/SRI Conclusions

This section presents the findings and conclusions presented in the RI and SRI Reports. **Figure 3** shows the soil boring and monitoring well locations.

#### 1.2.4.1 Local Geology/Hydrogeology

RH3 is in the Red Hook section of Brooklyn at an elevation of approximately 8 to 11 feet AMSL. This section of Brooklyn is in an area that was historically below the water line and is currently underlain by fill (sand, silt, gravel, concrete, and asphalt) that extends to approximately 10 to 15 feet bgs.

Bedrock was not encountered in borings advanced to a maximum depth of 80 feet bgs by Arcadis in 2017 and 2018 or AESI in 2017. Borings advanced by Arcadis in 2017 and 2018 penetrated a surficial layer of fill sitewide across RH3. A discontinuous layer of sand, silt and gravel underlain by a soft deposit of interbedded clayey silt and fine sand was encountered along portions of the site adjacent to Buttermilk Channel and to a lesser extent along Wolcott Street. A dense silt and clay were found below these layers in similar regions of RH3 but was not present within the central and southern portion of the site. Underlying these units is a thick deposit of predominantly sand with trace amounts of silt and gravel. In the southern portion of the site this sand unit typically becomes siltier.

Data from borings installed by Arcadis and others were used to construct geologic cross sections provided in the SRI Report. The cross-section location map showing three cross-section transects in plan view and the associated cross-section maps are presented in **Appendix A**.

The water table beneath RH3 occurs at approximately 4.5 to 11 feet bgs and is tidally influenced. Gauging data from well pairs with the deeper wells screened below the silt/clay layer indicate a potentiometric surface approximately 0.5 to 1 foot lower than the adjacent, shallow-screened wells suggesting a downward hydraulic gradient.

Groundwater contour maps presented in the SRI Report (copies provided in **Appendix A**) show a dynamic pattern with apparent flow direction reversals, as would be expected in a tidally influenced environment. The measured hydraulic gradient ranges from approximately 0.0029 to 0.0073 feet per foot (ft/ft) in deep-screened wells and 0.0047 to 0.05 ft/ft in shallow-screened wells.

There are no groundwater supply wells located at or in the vicinity of the RH3 Site. New York City's drinking water is supplied from reservoirs located in upstate New York.

#### 1.2.4.2 Conceptual Site Model

As presented in the NYSDEC-approved SRI Report (Arcadis 2019a), the SRI is the culmination of numerous subsurface investigations conducted at RH3 over the past six years and effectively addressed

the following principal data gaps: 1) defining the vertical and horizontal extent of DNAPL, which is the main driver for remediation; and 2) collecting information to support the remedial alternatives review required under the BCA. After completing the SRI 2018, a pre-design confirmation soil boring program was completed in 2019 pursuant to NYSDEC's request (Section 3.1.1).

As shown on **Figures 4** and 5, DNAPL impacts are generally concentrated beneath and proximate to the former metal warehouse location. Based on data generated by AESI (2017b) and Arcadis, concentrations of NAPL-related constituents in groundwater are generally limited to the DNAPL-impacted zone.

Field and analytical data indicate that DNAPL resembling petroleum tar is present at depths of 7 to 25 feet bgs beneath the eastern and southeastern portions of RH3 and extends beneath Wolcott Street (**Figures 4** and **5**). Impacts in Wolcott Street (beyond the RH3 Site boundary) are found at depths of 11 to 20 feet bgs and have a similar chemical signature as the deeper impacts on RH4. Additionally, as discussed during the September 9, 2019 meeting at NYSDEC's Albany office, further forensic analysis of the data obtained during the SRI indicate differences in the distribution of biomarkers suggesting the RH3 DNAPL is different that the RH4 DNAPL.

Although DNAPL impacts in Wolcott Street (between RH3 and RH4) are shallower than the impacts on RH4, a defined horizontal or vertical conduit or pathway from RH3 and Wolcott Street to RH4 was not identified based on the results of the extensive subsurface investigation activities conducted on RH3 (by Arcadis and others). The investigation activities were conducted over a period of more than seven years and included sampling 22 monitoring wells, drilling/characterizing 114 soil borings prior to and during the SRI, and drilling/characterizing 75 soil borings post-SRI to confirm DNAPL extent and obtain waste characterization data required for off-site treatment/disposal purposes.

Groundwater data (AESI 2017b and Arcadis 2018; see groundwater analytical figures in the AESI Remedial Investigation Report dated October 2017 and included in **Appendix A**), combined with minimal DNAPL thickness in monitoring wells (MW-1, LMW-2) suggest minimal DNAPL mobility.

As detailed in the SRI Report (Arcadis 2019a), seven synoptic monitoring well gauging events were conducted by Arcadis at the RH3 Site between April 2018 and September 2018. During that period, measurable DNAPL (maximum thickness 0.12 ft) was identified in two of the 22 monitoring wells: 0.1 ft DNAPL in MW-1 on June 1, 2018; and 0.05 ft to 0.12 feet in LMW-2 on September 10 and 11, 2018. Since completing the SRI, Arcadis conducted two additional synoptic monitoring well gauging events (February 7, 2019 and March 27, 2019) during which no measurable NAPL was identified in any of the 22 monitoring wells.

#### 1.2.4.3 Human Health Exposure Assessment

The NYSDEC-approved HHEA (Arcadis 2018a) presents a qualitative exposure assessment characterizing the exposure setting, evaluates fate and transport pathways, and identifies potentially complete exposure pathways. NYSDEC's approval was provided in letter to Arcadis dated March 19, 2019 (NYSDEC 2019). Conclusions presented in the HHEA are summarized below.

Metals and PAHs at concentrations exceeding SCOs are common in the historical fill on RH3 that
extends to approximately 10 to 15 feet bgs (i.e., from ground surface to approximately 10 feet below
the water table). Urban fill similar to that placed at the RH3 Site is ubiquitous throughout Brooklyn and
elsewhere in New York City.

#### INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE DESIGN WORK PLAN - RED HOOK 3

- Under current conditions, there is no complete exposure pathway to surface soil because the RH3 Site is covered with impervious surfaces (i.e., buildings, pavement, concrete, and asphalt).
- Future construction and/or utility workers may be exposed to impacted soil and/or groundwater. If
  construction or utility workers engage in intrusive activities whereby an impervious surface covering
  RH3 is removed, potential exposures would likely be mitigated through the use of appropriate health
  and safety measures. These additional measures have been successfully implemented at numerous
  sites throughout New York State.
- Groundwater is not used as a potable resource at the RH3 Site under current conditions and is not anticipated to be used under future conditions.
- Based on a current commercial use scenario at the GSO building and the uncertainty associated with the 2017 indoor air and soil gas data sets provided in the Remedial Investigation Report (AESI 2017b), additional evaluation was recommended in the HHEA to assess the potential for exposure to chemicals of potential concern in indoor air from a subsurface source.
- Under a future use scenario, if buildings are constructed, it is recommended that potential vapor mitigation strategies be evaluated.

#### 2 SITE REMEDY BASIS

This section presents the basis for the components proposed to represent the comprehensive remedy for the RH3 Site, and includes the Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs). Meeting the RAOs is part of a NYSDEC threshold criterion (overall protectiveness of public health and the environment) for remedy selection (NYSDEC 2010a).

# 2.1 Remedial Action Objectives

The RAOs presented in the following table have been identified for the RH3 Site through consideration of the results presented in the SRI Report and are consistent with the generic RAOs listed on NYSDEC's website (<a href="http://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/67560.html">http://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/67560.html</a>).

#### **Table 2 - Remedial Action Objectives**

#### **RAOs for Soil**

- 1. Prevent ingestion/direct contact with contaminated soil.
- Prevent inhalation of or exposure from contaminants volatilizing from contaminants in soil.
- Prevent migration of contaminants that would result in groundwater or surface water contamination.

#### **RAOs for Groundwater**

- Prevent ingestion of groundwater with contaminant levels exceeding drinking water standards.
- 2. Prevent contact with, or inhalation of volatiles, from contaminated groundwater.
- 3. Restore the groundwater aquifer to pre-disposal/pre-release conditions, to the extent practicable.
- 4. Remove the source of groundwater or surface water contamination.

#### **RAO for Soil Vapor**

 Mitigate impacts to public health resulting from the potential for soil vapor intrusion into future buildings at a site.

The RAOs, in combination with results of the NYSDEC-approved HHEA (Arcadis 2018a) and the extensive subsurface investigation activities conducted at RH3 over the past seven years, have been used to identify the following aspects of the RH3 Site that form the basis for the proposed remedy presented in this IRM DWP. These aspects need to be addressed for the RH3 Site remedy to be comprehensive and fully protective of human health and the environment:

DNAPL source material (Figure 5). As previously identified, based on discussions with NYSDEC and
as identified in the SRI Report, Arcadis understands that free-phase DNAPL (source material) is the
main driver for remediation and that impacts deeper than 15 feet bgs can typically be managed in-

situ. As shown on **Figure 5**, DNAPL impacts are generally concentrated beneath and proximate to the former metal warehouse location. No recoverable NAPL has been identified in any of the RH3 monitoring wells.

- Exceedances of NYSDEC unrestricted use SCOs (6 NYCRR Part 375; and NYSDEC 2010b) outside
  of the DNAPL areas.
- Although future groundwater usage is not anticipated, groundwater use limitations (as set forth in an Environmental Easement) will be required for this Site. As detailed in the SRI Report, the concentrations of NAPL-related constituents in groundwater are generally limited to the DNAPL areas (see groundwater analytical figures in the AESI Remedial Investigation Report dated October 2017 and included in Appendix A). Dissolved phase groundwater impacts will be minimized by addressing DNAPL source material, and the soluble constituents of NAPL (e.g., benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes [BTEX] and naphthalene) are amenable to natural decay processes that will be enhanced by in-situ treatment (Section 3.2). No additional remedial action for groundwater is required.
- Construction and utility workers may be exposed to groundwater and/or soil during intrusive activities.
  Additional health and safety measures are required to reduce the potential for future construction and
  utility workers exposure to impacted materials and these measures have been successfully
  implemented at numerous sites throughout New York State.
- Potential for volatiles in the subsurface to migrate into indoor air via vapor intrusion should a building be constructed at the Site. Some VOC analytes were identified in the HHEA as constituents of potential concern (COPC) in groundwater based on comparison to risk-based levels protective of indoor air exposure by future building occupants. Accordingly, the following was identified in the HHEA: should a future building be constructed at the Site, an evaluation of potential vapor mitigation strategies is recommended. As discussed during the March 1, 2019 meeting at NYSDEC's Albany office (among representatives from NYSDEC, NYSDOH, BT Red Hook, LLC and Arcadis), BT Red Hook, LLC will incorporate vapor intrusion mitigation measures in the redevelopment plans for the property.

As noted above, addressing these aspects of the RH3 Site form the basis for the proposed remedy presented in this IRM DWP. Under the terms and conditions of the BCA, BT Red Hook, LLC is not responsible for the remediation of off-site contamination because it is a Volunteer (as defined in 6 NYCRR Part 375-3.2). As Volunteer, BT Red Hook, LLC is responsible to take reasonable steps to control reasonably accessible off-site migration of any contamination. NAPL was observed during the RH3 SRI activities at two off-site investigation locations (**Figure 4**). The remediation (DNAPL source) areas for the RH3 Site are identified in the following section, followed by a discussion of the revised proposed Site remedy components. Site remedy components have been developed based on their ability to meet the RAOs and effectively address Site-specific aspects (identified above) to provide overall protectiveness of public health and the environment.

#### 2.2 Remediation Areas

As identified above, remediation is required to address DNAPL source areas. As shown on **Figure 5**, DNAPL impacts are generally concentrated beneath and proximate to the former metal warehouse location. Based on the results of the SRI and prior investigation activities and discussions with NYSDEC and

NYSDOH (including a March 1, 2019 meeting at NYSDEC's Albany office), two remediation areas (**Figure 5**) were proposed in the March 2019 Draft IRM DWP to address DNAPL source areas to 15 feet bgs (depth used to determine the appropriate land use category for a site; 6NYCRR Part 375-1.8(g)(6)(iii)), pending results of the pre-design confirmation soil boring program to confirm excavation limits (Section 3.1.1). These areas encompassed all the on-site locations where DNAPL was observed in soil, during or prior to the SRI completed in 2018, at 15 feet bgs or shallower, except for the following:

- Visible NAPL was observed in soil boring A-RH3-B13 (located on the west side of Dikeman Street, across from the former metal warehouse), where NAPL was only observed at 14.5 ft bgs. NAPL was not observed in the proximate borings, including co-located boring A-RB-DB2.
- Visible NAPL was observed at three locations near the GSO Building (Figure 4) and these areas
  were identified as potential excavation areas during discussions with NYSDEC that occurred prior to
  and during the SRI. These were "potential" areas because the existing data were inconclusive
  regarding the presence of visible NAPL. Data obtained subsequent to completing the SRI
  demonstrates that remediation is not required, as discussed most recently with NYSDEC during an
  April 25, 2019 meeting with Arcadis and summarized below:
  - As part of the recent waste characterization sampling required for off-site treatment/disposal of soil, two soil borings were drilled in each of the potential excavation areas at locations proximate to the inconclusive SRI observations regarding the presence of NAPL. No NAPL was observed in these four waste characterization soil borings.
  - Measurable DNAPL has not been identified in monitoring well LMW-2 since completing the SRI; and during the SRI, minimal DNAPL was identified only on September 10 and 11, 2018. Since completing the SRI, Arcadis has conducted two additional synoptic monitoring well gauging events (February 7, 2019 and March 27, 2019) during which no measurable NAPL was identified in any of the 22 monitoring wells, including LMW-2 (see Section 1.2.4.2 for additional details).

NYSDEC agreed during the April 25, 2019 meeting that these locations near the GSO Building are not source areas and therefore remediation is not required.

# 2.3 Identification of Site Remedy Components

Site remedy components were identified based on their ability to meet the RAOs and be implemented in a time frame supportive of rapid property redevelopment. To facilitate identification of appropriate remedy components, an in-situ solidification (ISS) bench-scale treatability test was conducted as described in the *Supplemental Remedial Investigation Work Plan – Red Hook 3 (SRIWP)*, submitted by Arcadis on July 11, 2018 (Arcadis 2018b) and approved by NYSDEC on July 26, 2018. ISS is well-established remediation technology that typically involves in-situ mixing of pozzolanic and/or cementitious materials with (into) impacted soil to form a low-permeability solid monolith, thereby reducing NAPL mobility and leaching potential to surrounding groundwater.

Provided in the section below is a description of the ISS treatability study and associated results and conclusions, followed by a description of the proposed remedial components for the RH3 Site.

#### 2.3.1 ISS Treatability Study

#### 2.3.1.1 ISS Treatability Study Description

Arcadis conducted a bench-scale treatability test to facilitate a timely evaluation of ISS to address soils impacted with DNAPL at the RH3 Site. The treatability testing was conducted at the Arcadis Treatability Laboratory in Durham, North Carolina (Treatability Laboratory). ISS of NAPL impacted soils collected from the RH3 Site during the SRI were evaluated and optimized through the addition ground-granulated blast furnace slag (BFS) and/or Portland cement (PC). The addition of pozzolanic admixtures will result in strength gain and hydraulic conductivity reduction within the solidified soil, thus reducing the mobility of DNAPL and limiting leaching potential to surrounding groundwater.

To understand the ability of ISS to achieve the specified goals under varying soil types with visible NAPL, soil from three borings were collected during the RH3 SRI for use in the treatability study. Discrete five-foot intervals from each boring were individually packaged into plastic Ziploc bags and containerized within plastic five-gallon buckets with screw-top lids for shipment to the Treatability Laboratory. Individual containers of site potable water for RH3 (consistent with the water source that would be used during full-scale ISS implementation) were also collected and utilized for the treatability study.

Upon receipt at the Treatability Laboratory, the discrete intervals from each boring were weighed and qualitatively assessed by Treatability Laboratory staff for geotechnical characteristics and degree of NAPL impacts. Following initial characterization, selected individual bagged samples were composited together to create a composite sample.

Soil samples used to create the RH3 composite sample were first screened using a 3/8" sieve to remove oversize material. The composite sample was homogenized within a 12-gallon plastic bucket by mixing with a ½-inch drive steel mixing auger mounted to an electric variable speed drill. From the soil homogenate, a one-gallon plastic bucket was filled to be submitted for baseline geotechnical characterization. Duplicate moisture content samples were also processed in-house for the composite samples using the gravimetric oven-drying method. Baseline geotechnical characterization of the composite sample was performed by Geotechnics, Inc. in Raleigh, NC.

A total of six ISS test mixes for the RH3 composite sample were investigated in this bench scale study, each with unique admixture addition rates. Test mixes included either PC only, or a combination of PC and BFS. Regionally available Type I/II PC and BFS (NewCem) were obtained from LaFarge North America. Admixtures and their respective addition rates were selected based upon the assessment of the degree of NAPL present within the soils, geotechnical characterization results, as well as Arcadis' previous experience with ISS at other DNAPL-impacted sites.

Admixture addition rates were based on soil dry mass and added to each mix as a dry powder, immediately followed by Site potable water. Potable mixing water additions were based on slump performance (described below). Each mix was then thoroughly homogenized in a stainless-steel mixing bowl using a Hobart Model HL-200 planetary mixer.

Final mix workability was quantitatively determined through slump testing. During slump determination, the test mix is loaded into an inverted cone, and the slump is measured as the difference between the initial sample height and final sample height after the cone is gently removed.

A miniature slump cone test, derived from ASTM International (ASTM) Method C143-00, was used to measure the slump of each mix, as a standard slump cone is not feasible for laboratory scale studies due to a large sample volume requirement. A miniature slump cone has a height of 150 millimeters (mm), a bottom diameter of 100 mm, and a top diameter of 75 mm. This miniature slump measurement was then converted to a standard slump measurement using the following equation, as determined by Malusis et al. (2008):

 $S_S = 60 + 1.8S_M$ ,  $S_S = Standard Slump$  $S_M = Miniature Slump$ 

Based upon Arcadis' previous experience with ISS technology, a standard slump measurement of 4 to 7 inches was targeted as representing a workable mix. Following slump testing, the mixes were transferred to a series 2-inch by 4-inch plastic geotechnical molds. Molds were tapped continuously during filling to preclude the entrainment of air bubbles within the cured sample. Filled molds were cured in a humid environment inside large airtight Ziploc bags at ambient room temperature until further processing.

At seven days of curing, Geotechnics tested one mold from each mix for unconfined compressive strength (UCS) by ASTM D1633. At 28 days of curing, Geotechnics performed UCS testing on each mix in duplicate. Following the review of UCS testing results, two mixes for RH3 DNAPL were selected from the 6 available mixes for hydraulic conductivity analysis by ASTM D5084. When selecting two mixes for hydraulic conductivity testing, Arcadis considered technical performance in comparison to the defined characteristics of treated soil and economic considerations associated with the dosage rate of the admixtures.

#### 2.3.1.2 ISS Treatability Study Conclusions

The RH3 composite soil sample was assessed by Treatability Laboratory staff to have noticeable hydrocarbon odor. Within certain discrete intervals of each location, visible NAPL was observed coating soil particles.

The composite was classified as "Silty Sand". Loss on ignition and testing indicated 99.3% ash content and 0.7% organic matter. Water content (17.7%) and specific gravity (2.76) were also measured for the composite. Atterberg limits testing was not possible on the composite, as the soil was classified as "non-plastic material".

Test mixes had standard slump values within a range of 4.49 to 5.13 inches, representing workable mixes as identified above. Results of geotechnical performance testing (UCS and hydraulic conductivity) demonstrated that all test mixes developed strength exceeding the 30 psi target (Arcadis 2018b) at seven days of curing. At 28 days of curing, mixes containing a combination of PC and BFS showed greater strength than those containing PC only at identical total cement addition rates. This is attributed to the slower hydration and greater cement paste density of blended cement when compared with PC alone.

Based on the results of UCS testing, two mixes were selected for hydraulic conductivity analysis by ASTM D5084. Each of the mixes tested for hydraulic conductivity met the hydraulic conductivity goal identified in the SRIWP of 1.0x10<sup>-6</sup> centimeters/second (cm/sec) maximum.

Based on these findings, Arcadis expects that a mix design of 3% Type I/II Portland cement plus 3% ground-granulated blast furnace slag cement by soil dry weight would achieve the minimum strength (30

psi) and maximum hydraulic conductivity (1.0x10<sup>-6</sup> cm/sec) goals in site soils based on the two composite soil types investigated during this bench scale treatability study. No significant improvements in hydraulic conductivity performance were associated with higher addition rates of cementitious admixtures in the soil samples tested.

#### 2.3.1.3 Evaluation of ISS as a RH3 Remedial Component

ISS is an established remedial technology to reduce the mobility of NAPL and limit leaching to surrounding groundwater. The results of the ISS bench-scale treatability test indicate that the key performance goals of UCS and hydraulic conductivity could be achieved for the DNAPL at RH3.

As a containment technology, ISS is considered less favorable than removal and/or treatment based on NYSDEC's hierarchy of preference for addressing identifiable sources of contamination (NYSDEC 2010a). Although excavation of the DNAPL source areas is complicated by a number of factors, including the presence of shallow groundwater, it is feasible and would meet the NYSDEC preferred remedial approach of removal. Additionally, excavation can be implemented in a timely manner which is favorable to property redevelopment. Accordingly, ISS is eliminated from further consideration for RH3.

#### 2.3.2 Proposed Remedial Components

Proposed remedial components for the RH3 Site are summarized in the following table. These remedial components, when combined, provide a Site remedy that is fully protective of human health and the environment.

Table 3 - Proposed Site Remedy Components

General Response Action	Technology Type	Technology Process Option
Institutional Controls	Institutional Controls	Deed restriction or environmental easement for RH3 to limit exposure, restrict the use of groundwater, and govern future uses of the land, including procedures for excavating soils and removing groundwater
In-Situ Containment/Control	Site Cover	Existing and/or new ground surface cover consisting of structures (buildings, pavement, sidewalk, etc.) or 1-foot thick cover of soil that meets applicable NYSDEC SCOs
Removal	Excavation	Physical removal of DNAPL source material areas

#### INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE DESIGN WORK PLAN - RED HOOK 3

General Response Action	Technology Type	Technology Process Option
In-Situ Treatment	Engineered Anaerobic Biological Oxidation (ABOx)	ABOx (enhanced biodegradation) through subsurface emplacement of gypsum to provide a long-term source of sulfate to facilitate the ongoing ABOx of petroleum tarrelated impacts
Off-Site Management, Treatment or Disposal of Generated Materials	Off-Site Disposal; Thermal Treatment/Destruction; Recycling; Energy Recovery	Solid waste or hazardous waste landfills; low temperature thermal desorption; fuel blending; recycled use of materials (e.g., metal), incineration; use as supplemental fuel source at approved energy recovery facilities

The remedial technologies were combined into a proposed Site remedy that comprehensively achieves the best balance of the NYSDEC remedy evaluation criteria set forth in 6 NYCRR 375-1.8(f), which including the following two threshold criteria: 1) overall protectiveness of public health and the environment; and 2) compliance with applicable standards, criteria and guidance (SCGs). These threshold criteria are satisfied by the proposed Site remedy described in the following section.

#### 3 PROPOSED SITE REMEDY

This section presents a general description of the remedy proposed to be implemented for the RH3 Site. As noted in Section 1, based on discussions and meetings between BT Red Hook, LLC, the NYSDEC, and Arcadis a DNAPL Excavation IRM is proposed to address DNAPL source areas through removal and in-situ treatment. The IRM will be implemented in conjunction with engineering/institutional controls to constitute a comprehensive Site remedy.

#### 3.1 Proposed IRM

The proposed DNAPL Excavation IRM is described below, followed by a description of the additional Site remedy components.

#### 3.1.1 Pre-Design Confirmation Soil Borings

To confirm the proposed original March 2019 IRM excavation limits shown on **Figure 5**, a pre-design confirmation soil borings program was completed, pursuant to NYSDEC's request (letter dated May 24, 2019; copy provided in **Appendix B**). The objective of the program was to confirm the absence/presence of NAPL-saturated source material along the proposed IRM excavation limits.

As discussed during the July 2, 2019 conference call among representatives from NYSDEC, NYSDOH, and Arcadis, excavation horizontal limits were confirmed based on visual observations made from borings (confirmation and previously drilled borings). The terminal depth for the confirmation soil borings was 30 feet bgs, which was 10 to 15 feet deeper than the March 2019 proposed excavation depths per NYSDEC's request (NYSDEC April 29, 2019 email; copy provided in **Appendix B**).

Drilling for the pre-design confirmation soil boring program was completed on May 23, 2019 and the surveyed locations are shown on **Figure 5**. As shown on the figure, step-out confirmation soil borings from the originally proposed excavation limits were drilled, as necessary, based on observations of DNAPL-saturated source material. A detailed description of the pre-design confirmation soil borings program, including soil boring and photograph logs, was presented in an Arcadis letter to NYSDEC dated June 28, 2019 (copy provided in Appendix B). The conclusions of the program were discussed during a July 2, 2019 conference call among representatives from NYSDEC, NYSDOH, and Arcadis. Subsequent additional communications occurred between NYSDEC and Arcadis, prior to submittal of the July 2019 version of the Draft RH3 IRM DWP to NYSDEC.

In a letter dated August 27, 2019 (**Appendix B**), NYSDEC provided comments in response to conversations with Arcadis regarding the proposed excavation limits and the July 2019 Draft RH3 IRM DWP. NYSDEC's comment letter identified 12 locations that would remain "un-remediated" based on the excavation limits in the July 9, 2019 Draft RH3 IRM DWP and specifies that these locations "will require long term monitoring and possible additional remedial action (in addition to institutional controls)". These locations are identified on **Figures 5** and **6** (yellow highlights). Each of the locations is deeper than 15 feet below ground surface, which is the depth used to determine the appropriate land use category for a site (6NYCRR Part 375-1.8(g)(6)(iii)). Based on the NYSDEC's comments, the results of a September 9, 2019 meeting with NYSDEC in Albany to discuss a proposed, revised remedy, and communications

subsequent to the meeting, the proposed components of the RH3 Excavation IRM, described below, include DNAPL excavation and in-situ treatment.

#### 3.1.2 DNAPL Excavations

The proposed DNAPL excavation areas are beneath and proximate to the former metal warehouse location and the excavation depths vary from 15 feet bgs to 24 feet bgs, as shown on **Figure 6.** As noted on the figure (Note 6), the proposed excavation depths are below original grade at the time of or prior to the SRI completed in 2018. The total estimated volume to be excavated is approximately 7,000 cubic yards.

The excavations will require support systems and the associated NYC Department of Buildings (NYCDOB) Permits. Because the water table beneath RH3 occurs at approximately 5 to 11 feet bgs, excavation dewatering will also be required, including an on-site water treatment system for treatment and discharge of water generated during excavation activities. Treated water will be discharged to surface water (Buttermilk Channel) under a State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) permit equivalent. Excavated materials will be direct loaded for off-site treatment/disposal at an approved facility, to the extent possible, using the results of the waste characterization sampling program to be completed in the near-term.

During excavation and material handling activities, odor and dust control methods will be employed. Long-duration foam spray and/or other vapor/odor control measures will be used to suppress odors and volatile organic vapors originating from excavation areas and excavated materials, as needed. The project specific, NYSDEC-approved Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP; Arcadis 2019b) will be followed throughout implementation of these activities to document and address (as needed) airborne particulate levels, volatile organic vapor concentrations, and odors resulting implementation of the IRM.

Excavated areas will be backfilled with appropriate fill that meets DER-10 requirements and is suitable for property redevelopment.

An IRM Design Submittal for the DNAPL excavations and in-situ treatment (Section 3.2) will be prepared consistent with the requirements set-forth in the BCA, DER-10, and 6 NYCRR Part 375. As further detailed in Section 5, this will include (but not be limited to) the following documents:

- A set of engineering design drawings and technical specifications that represent an accurate identification of existing Site conditions and an illustration of the proposed work.
- A Health and Safety Plan (HASP) prepared in accordance with the most recently adopted and applicable general industry (29 CFR 1910) and construction (29 CFR 1926) standards of the federal Occupation Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), as well as other federal, state or local applicable statues or regulations.

#### 3.1.2.1 Excavation IRM Preparation Activities

Excavation IRM preparation activities will include (but are not limited to) the following:

Complete decommissioning of monitoring wells (Figure 3), in accordance with NYSDEC's guidance
 CP-43 Groundwater Monitoring Well Decommissioning Policy (NYSDEC 2009). These wells were

decommissioned in May 2019, as documented in the Arcadis Well Decommissioning Report dated August 30, 2019 (**Appendix B**).

- Obtain additional waste characterization data (if necessary) and secure approvals for off-site treatment/disposal of excavated material.
- Perform utility mark-out, protection and relocation within and proximate to the IRM excavation areas.

#### 3.1.2.2 Excavation IRM Implementation Activities

The Excavation IRM implementation will include (but is not limited to) the activities briefly described below, with full implementation details to be addressed in the remedial design.

- Set-up and permit a temporary water treatment system for on-site treatment and discharge of water generated during excavation activities. As identified previously, the excavations will generally extend more than 10 feet into the water table, requiring excavation support systems and dewatering. Preliminary calculations for the estimated excavation dewatering (pumping) rates range from 50 to 250 gallons per minute (gpm). The variability of the pumping rate is dependent on a number of considerations, including the areal extent and depth of excavation, as well as the type of excavation support system. The estimated dewatering rate will be determined during the remedial design.
- Obtain water quality data (as necessary) to permit the temporary on-site treatment system that will
  discharge treated water generated during excavation activities. Water will be treated to meet the
  requirements for discharge to surface water (Buttermilk Channel) under a SPDES permit equivalent.
- Install excavation support systems.
- Excavate the DNAPL source areas, located proximate to and beneath the former metal warehouse location (**Figure 6**).
- Excavated materials destined for off-site treatment/disposal will be direct-loaded for off-site
  treatment/disposal, to the extent possible. Excavated materials that cannot be direct loaded will
  stockpiled and managed in an onsite temporary containment area, in accordance with the remedial
  design, until transported off-site for treatment/disposal.
- Dewater and/or amend excavated materials with an appropriate soil drying agent (e.g., Portland cement), as needed, to remove free liquids prior to transporting the materials off site for treatment/disposal.
- Employ odor and dust control methods during the excavation. Long-duration foam spray and/or other
  vapor/odor control measures will be used to suppress odors and volatile organic vapors originating
  from the excavation and the excavated materials, as needed. The CAMP (Arcadis 2019b) will be
  followed during the Excavation IRM to document and address (as needed) the airborne particulate
  levels, volatile organic vapor concentrations, and odors resulting from implementation of the IRM.
- Implement a decontamination program during the Excavation IRM in accordance with the remedial design, which will set forth the following: 1) decontamination procedures for personnel and personal protective equipment (PPE); 2) decontamination procedures for construction equipment, materials, and vehicles; 3) treatment/disposal of residual waste from decontamination; and 4) monitoring procedures to evaluate the effectiveness of decontamination.

- Transport excavated materials to an appropriate off-site treatment/disposal facility(ies) permitted to
  accept the materials. Each vehicle will be inspected before it leaves the Site and cleaned of visible
  soil or debris within an on-site temporary decontamination area, in accordance with the remedial
  design.
- Treat water generated during excavation on-site and discharge to Buttermilk Channel in accordance with permit equivalent requirements.
- Restore excavated areas with appropriate fill that meets DER-10 requirements and is suitable for the
  property development. Additionally, as described in the following section, backfill will be amended
  with gypsum at a concentration of up to 5% by dry weight from the bottom of each excavation to
  approximately 5 feet bgs (i.e., saturated zone, incorporating the approximate seasonal high water
  table).
- Demobilize all equipment and materials from the Site.

#### 3.2 In-Situ Treatment

In-situ treatment through Engineered Anaerobic Biological Oxidation (ABOx) will consist of subsurface emplacement of gypsum (calcium sulfate dihydrate [CaSO<sub>4</sub>\*2H<sub>2</sub>O]) to provide a long-term source of sulfate to facilitate the ongoing ABOx of petroleum tar-related impacts at the Site. Provided below is a description of the in-situ treatment work to emplace sulfate (non-oxygen electron acceptor) by amending the backfill with gypsum within the saturated zone for each of the excavation areas. Sulfate addition via gypsum will stimulate indigenous sulfate reducing bacteria (SRB) populations to degrade petroleum tar-related constituents, capitalizing on existing anaerobic (reduced) subsurface conditions to enhance the ongoing natural source zone depletion (NSZD).

#### 3.2.1 Engineered ABOx Overview

ABOx is biological degradation of petroleum hydrocarbons in the absence of oxygen. Engineered ABOx for this Site will use sulfate, a non-oxygen electron acceptor, in the form of sparingly soluble gypsum to provide a long-term electron acceptor. The resultant increase in sulfate from the gypsum emplacement will facilitate the degradation of dissolved phase constituents, which enhances NAPL dissolution.

Gypsum is sparingly soluble (solubility 2,400 milligrams/liter [1,300 milligrams/liter as sulfate]) and will dissolve gradually over a long period of time (years). The gypsum is expected to dissolve to its solubility, and then SRB will respire the sulfate while oxidizing dissolved phase petroleum tar-related constituents. As the dissolved phase petroleum tar-related constituents decrease, more NAPL and adsorbed phase mass will dissolve into the groundwater in a dynamic equilibrium. Similarly, as the dissolved sulfate is respired by the SRB, more gypsum will dissolve.

Emplacement of gypsum will not result in permanent or widespread secondary water quality effects. Short-term effects of gypsum emplacement on groundwater chemistry will include an initial increase in sulfate concentrations before consumption by SRB, an increase in the population of SRB, and precipitation of metal sulfides as sulfate is reduced to sulfide in the presence of naturally occurring metals. Long-term effects on groundwater chemistry are expected to be minimal due to consumption of the sulfate and the reaction byproducts. As identified in existing project related reports, including the Remedial Investigation (RI) Report

(AESI 2017a) and HHEA (Arcadis 2018a), people are not drinking the groundwater because the area is served by a public water supply that is not influenced by the Site, there are no groundwater supply wells located at or in the vicinity of the Site, and New York City's drinking water is supplied from reservoirs located in upstate New York.

#### 3.2.2 Engineered ABOx Implementation

Each of the IRM excavation areas will be backfilled to grade with off-site general fill that complies with the Remedial Design (including NYSDEC DER-10), and gypsum will be mixed within the backfill to provide a long-term source of sulfate and facilitate the ongoing degradation of petroleum tar-related constituents at the Site. The saturated backfill (i.e., extending below the groundwater elevation) will be amended with gypsum at a concentration of up to 5% by dry weight from the bottom of each excavation to approximately 5 feet bgs (i.e., saturated zone, incorporating the approximate seasonal high water table). The general fill and gypsum will be thoroughly blended to create a homogenous mixture within the specified depth interval prior to achieving appropriate compaction. The balance of each excavation area will be backfilled with the general fill.

The in-situ treatment work will be conducted in accordance with the IRM Remedial Design, including current Arcadis Site-specific HASP and CAMP.

### 3.3 Proposed Additional Site Remedy Components

In conjunction with the above IRM components, the following are the proposed additional Site remedy components for RH3:

- Engineering Control in the form of a ground surface cover (e.g., 1-foot thick cover of soil that meets
  applicable NYSDEC SCOs, building, asphalt, sidewalk, etc.). A ground cover (asphalt) currently
  exists on the Site.
- Potential Engineering Control in the form of vapor mitigation measures (e.g., vapor barrier) if a building(s) is to be constructed onsite.
- Institutional Controls (e.g., deed restrictions or environmental easements) to govern future development and limit use of groundwater, as well as manage subsurface activities. Institutional controls will be established following the completion of the IRM construction activities.
- SMP that will (in general) document protocols and requirements to manage exposure to
  contamination remaining at the Site, including (but not necessarily limited to) the following activities:
  future subsurface activities (e.g., excavation); methods for reducing and repairing disturbances or
  damage to the ground surface cover; proper management of potentially impacted material
  encountered during future subsurface activities; and periodic inspection, certification and reporting.
  The SMP will be prepared in accordance with current NYSDEC guidance.

#### 4 EXCAVATION IRM PERMITS AND APPROVALS

The Excavation IRM design will be developed to meet applicable SCGs, permits, and approvals. In addition to NYSDEC review/approval of the Excavation IRM design submittals (details provided in Section 5), permits and approvals will be necessary to implement the Excavation IRM.

Section 1.10 of DER-10 (Exemptions from Obtaining NYS and Local Permits and Other Authorizations) specifies that exemptions may be granted from state and local permits required for the implementation of remedial construction activities, provided that the substantive requirements of the permit programs are followed. The Excavation IRM Design will be prepared to meet such requirements and other applicable local, state, and federal rules and regulations. An initial summary of the potential Excavation IRM agreements/permits/approvals is provided below (additional permits and approvals may be identified during the development of the Excavation IRM Design).

- Effluent Discharge Permit Approval for groundwater discharge to surface water (Buttermilk Channel) under a SPDES permit equivalent.
- Long Island Well Permit Equivalent Approval for groundwater withdrawal is required when the total withdrawal capacity of a well or wells on one property is over 45 gpm.
- Tidal Wetlands Permit Equivalent Approval for activities (i.e., discharge of treated water into Buttermilk Channel) in tidal wetlands and their adjacent areas.
- Special Flood Hazard Zone Based on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) National Flood Insurance Program Flood Insurance Rate Map Number 3604970192F, Panel Number 0192, Suffix F dated September 5, 2007, the Site is located within Zones AE and X. Zone AE is designated the area of Special Flood Hazard Zone, which is defined as an area subject to flooding by the 1 percent annual chance flood. Zone X is designated for areas of 0.2 percent annual chance flood; areas of 1 percent annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1 percent annual chance flood. Accordingly, federal and local flood management laws and regulations are potentially applicable to certain IRM construction activities (e.g., excavation). The need to obtain construction permits and/or approvals for conducting work within the Special Flood Hazard Zone will be evaluated and identified during the remedial design.
- Roadway/Sidewalk Permits Local and/or state traffic permits (e.g., temporary occupancy of street for equipment, sidewalk closure, etc.) may be required to implement the Excavation IRM.
- Miscellaneous Plans and Approvals Additional plans/approvals will be prepared/obtained as necessary to implement the Excavation IRM (e.g., NYCDEP's Construction Noise Mitigation Plan, Cranes and Derricks Permit, etc.).

# 5 EXCAVATION IRM DESIGN SUBMITTALS AND SCHEDULE

This section identifies the information anticipated to be included in the Excavation IRM Design. The Excavation IRM will be conducted in accordance with the NYSDEC-approved design documents, under the supervision and control of BT Red Hook, LLC, and will be performed to the satisfaction of the NYSDEC in accordance with the BCA. Accordingly, consistent with the requirements set forth in that document and DER-10, it is anticipated that the following IRM remedial design submittals will be prepared:

- 95% IRM Design Submittal
- Final 100% IRM Design Submittal

The contents of each IRM design submittal are presented below.

## 5.1 95% Excavation IRM Design Submittal

The 95% Excavation IRM Design Submittal will incorporate the elements of the IRM into a set of plans and specifications, generally including the following information:

- Set of engineering design drawings and technical specifications that represent an accurate
  identification of existing site conditions and an illustration of the proposed work. The design drawings
  will provide provisions to facilitate coordination with redevelopment activities, to the extent
  necessary/practicable, to minimize adverse impacts to the redevelopment schedule.
- HASP prepared in accordance with the most recently adopted and applicable general industry (29 CFR 1910) and construction (29 CFR 1926) standards of the federal Occupation Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), as well as other federal, state or local applicable statues or regulations.

BT Red Hook, LLC has an existing RH3 Citizen Participation Plan (CPP), dated December 2019 that was approved by NYSDEC.

# 5.2 Final 100% Excavation IRM Design Submittal

Following NYSDEC review of the 95% Excavation IRM Design Submittal, the Final 100% Excavation IRM Design Submittal will be produced. The Final 100% Excavation IRM Design Submittal will address NYSDEC comments (if any), be stamped and signed by an Arcadis Professional Engineer (PE) registered in the State of New York.

# 5.3 Excavation IRM Design Schedule

The preliminary anticipated schedule for completing the activities identified in this IRM DWP regarding the Excavation IRM is presented below and was developed with the NYSDEC. BT Red Hook, LLC and Arcadis will continue to coordinate with NYSDEC to facilitate completion of the milestones, including scheduling of periodic project team meetings and conference calls.

#### INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE DESIGN WORK PLAN - RED HOOK 3

Table 4 - Preliminary Excavation IRM Schedule

Activity	Anticipated Milestone Date
Draft IRM Design Work Plan	Submitted to NYSDEC March 2019; Revised submittals to NYSDEC June 3, 2019, July 9, 2019, October 10, 2019, and December 4, 2019
NYSDEC IRM Fact Sheet	Issue December 2019
IRM 30-day Public Comment Period	December 2019 - January 2020
IRM Design Submittal	Submit to NYSDEC December 2019
NYSDEC IRM Design Approval	January 2020
Implement DNAPL Excavation IRM	January - June 2020

This preliminary Excavation IRM schedule is dependent on many factors including (but not limited to), NYSDEC approval of the proposed Site remedy and receipt of NYSDEC comments on project submittals. The regular communication and interaction with NYSDEC that is ongoing will continue throughout this project to facilitate submittal development/approvals and effectively advance this project forward. Following completion of the IRM construction activities, a Construction Completion Report (CCR) will be prepared on behalf of BT Red Hook, LLC in accordance with DER-10 to document the IRM. The CCR will include the certification identified in DER-10, Section 1.5. The CCR will be included in the Final Engineering Report (FER) that document the complete remedial program for the RH3 Site, which as proposed herein, includes DNAPL excavation, Site-wide ground surface cover (engineering control), institutional controls (e.g., environmental easement or deed restriction), and SMP. Future Site activities would then be conducted in accordance with a SMP and institutional controls to be established for the Site.

A final remedy for the Site will be selected in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 375, and documented in a remedial action plan and NYSDEC decision document.

#### 6 REFERENCES

AESI. 2017a. Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Report – Red Hook 3 and Red Hook 4. March.

AESI. 2017b. Remedial Investigation Report, Red Hook 3, 68 Ferris Street (Block 573, Lot 100), 100 Ferris Street (Block 573, Lot 1), 242-300 Coffey Street (Block 595, Lot 70), NYSDEC BCP Site C224213. October.

Arcadis. 2018a. Human Health Exposure Assessment – Red Hook 3, Site No. C224213, 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, Kings County, New York. October.

Arcadis. 2018b. Supplemental Remedial Investigation Work Plan – Red Hook 3. July.

Arcadis. 2019a. Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report - Red Hook 3 Revised, Site No. C224213, 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, Kings County, New York. March.

Arcadis. 2019b. Community Air Monitoring Plan, Red Hook 3 Site No. C224213, 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street and Red Hook 4 Site No. C224214, 44 and 62 Ferris Street/219 Sullivan Street, Borough of Brooklyn, Kings County, New York. Revised September.

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NYSDEC. 2019. Human Health Exposure Assessment Approval Letter from NYSDEC to Arcadis. March 19, 2019.

NYSDEC. 2019. IRM Draft Design Work Plan Comment Letter from NYSDEC to Arcadis. May 24, 2019.

# **FIGURES**

DIVIGROUP: EBC-IMDV DBILD: L.POSENAUER PM: C.GERACI TM: J.RODDY LYR: ON='OFF="REF"
DISIBIM 360 DossANA - UNITED PARCEL SERVICERED HOOK 3 DESIGNZ0191B0033893 3003/01-DWGIRMDWP-01-SITE LOCATION dwg LAYOUT: 1 SAVED: 3/27/2019 8:42 AM ACADVER: 23.0S (LMS TECH) PAGESETUP: --- PLOTSTYLETABLE: PLTFULL.CTB PLOTTED:

#### LEGEND:

- MONITORING WELL
- SOIL BORING
- SOIL BORING (NOT SURVEYED)
- SOIL VAPOR MONITORING POINT
- SOIL VAPOR MONITORING POINT (NOT SURVEYED)

SITE BOUNDARY

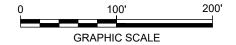
-x- FENCE

UTILITY POLES

TarGOST® TAR-SPECIFIC GREEN OPTICAL SCREENING TOOL

#### NOTES:

- BORING/WELL LOCATIONS AND PHYSICAL FEATURES BASED ON SURVEYS CONDUCTED BY DPK LAND SURVEYING, LLC ON OCTOBER 27, 2017 AND SEPTEMBER 26, 2018.
- PROPERTY BOUNDARIES OBTAINED FROM FIGURE ENTITLED "ALTA/NSPS LAND TITLE SURVEY" (LANGAN APRIL 4, 2017).
- 3. BORING LOCATIONS SHOWN IN GRAY WERE NOT FIELD LOCATED OR SURVEYED BY ARCADIS AND WERE DIGITIZED FROM FIGURES PROVIDED BY AESI AND LANGAN
- 4. "TGHP" INDICATES A TarGOST® LOCATION ONLY.
- 5. TGHP#-GP" INDICATES A GEOPROBE BORING ADVANCED IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO A TarGOST® LOCATION; HOWEVER, THE TarGOST® LOCATION IS NOT SHOWN. FOR EXAMPLE, A-RH3-TGHP4-GP WAS ADVANCED IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO TarGOST® LOCATION A-RH3-TGHP4.
- SOIL BORINGS AND TarGOST® LOCATIONS WITH AN "A-" PREFIX WERE ADVANCED BY ARCADIS.



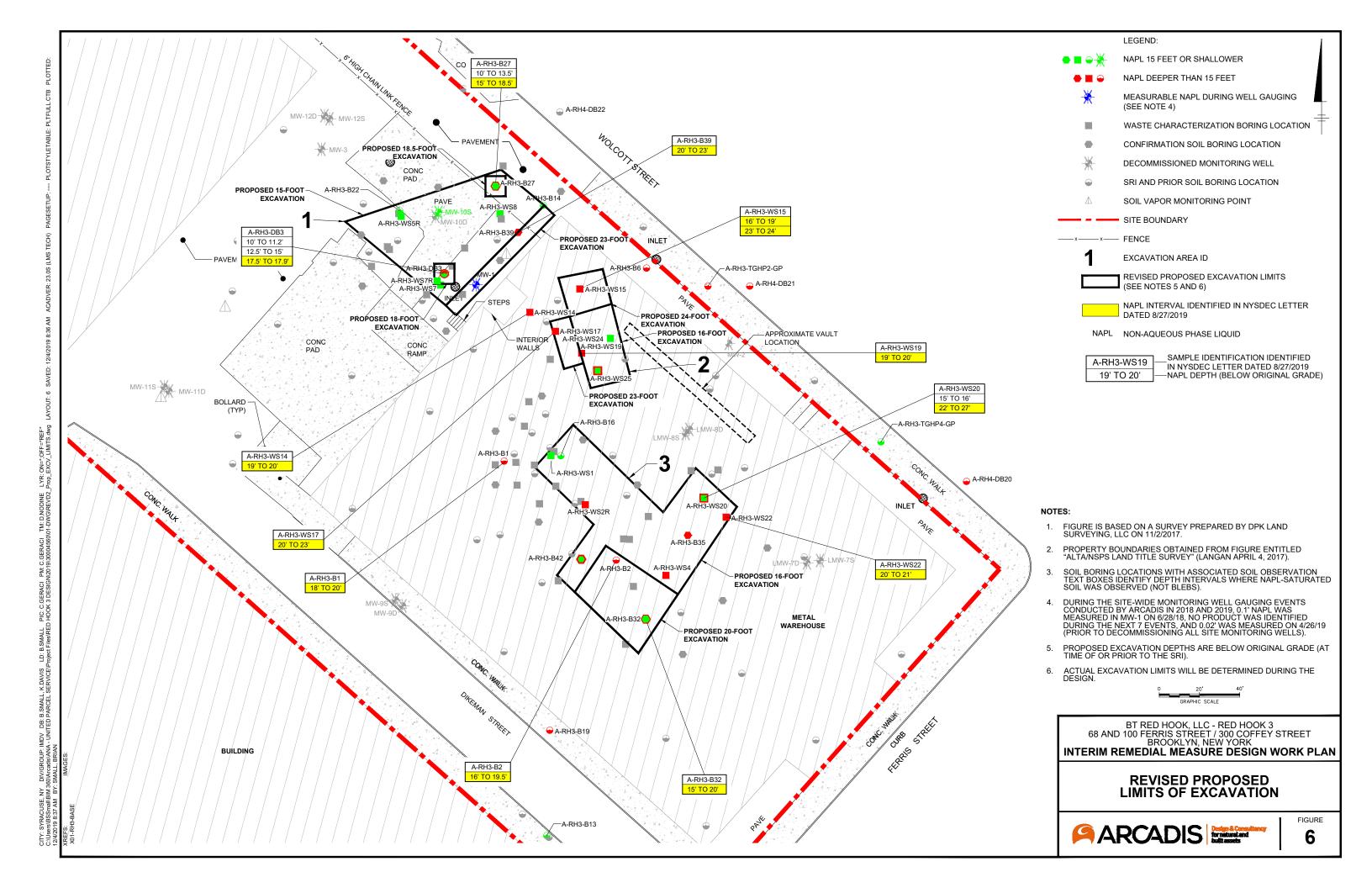
BT RED HOOK, LLC - RED HOOK 3 68 AND 100 FERRIS STREET / 300 COFFEY STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURE DESIGN WORK PLAN

MONITORING WELLS AND SOIL BORINGS BY ARCADIS AND OTHERS - SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND PRIOR

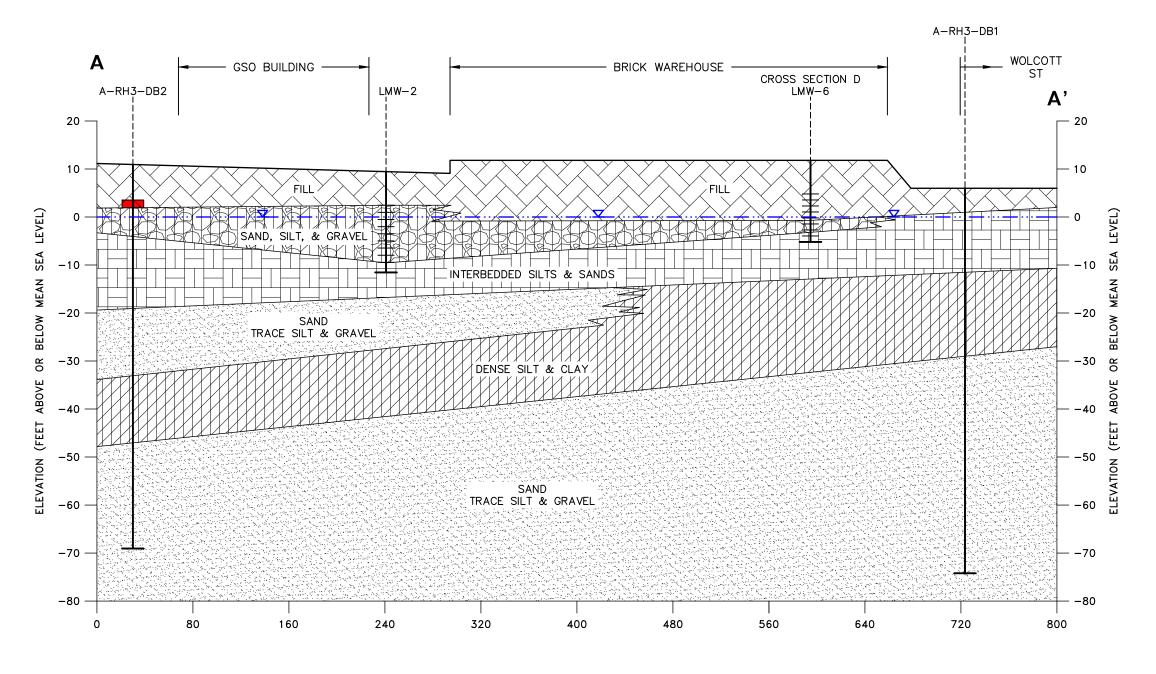


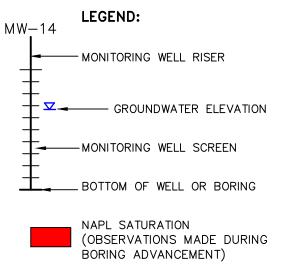
FIGURE



# **APPENDIX A**



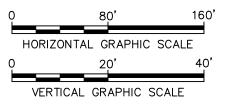




# SAND, SILT & GRAVEL DENSE SILT & CLAY SAND - TRACE SILT & GRAVEL INTERBEDDED SILTS & SANDS

## NOTES:

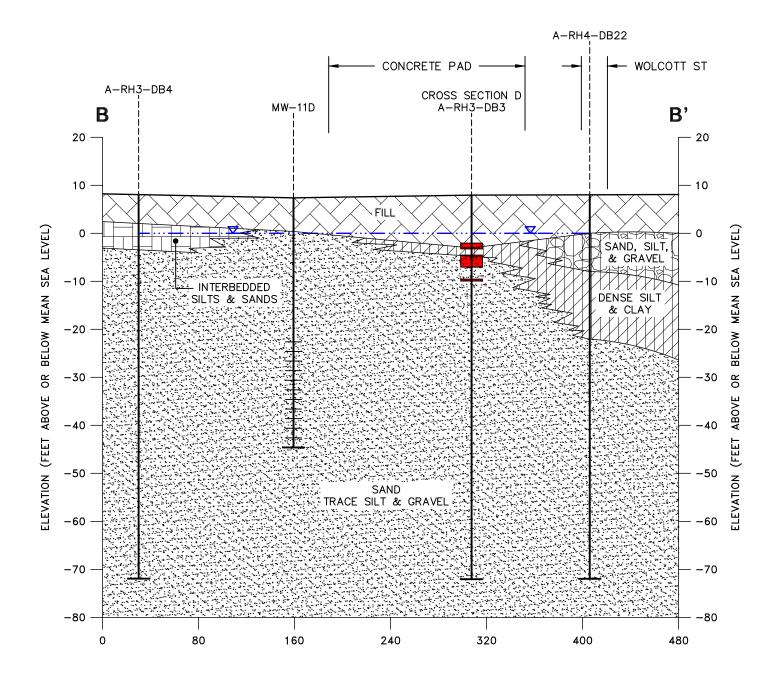
- 1. GROUNDWATER TABLE DEPICTED ON FIGURE IS APPROXIMATE AND IS INFLUENCED BY THE TIDE.
- 2. COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM NEW YORK LONG ISLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE NAD 83.
- 3. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON THE NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NAVD) OF 88.
- 4. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 5. SOIL LAYERS AND GEOLOGICAL CONTACT LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND INFERRED BETWEEN BORING LOCATIONS.

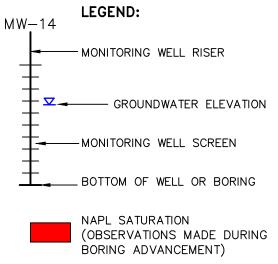


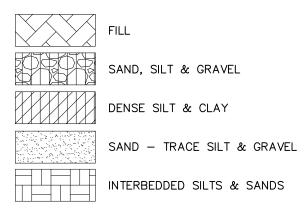
BT RED HOOK, LLC - RED HOOK 3 68 AND 100 FERRIS STREET/242 AND 300 COFFEY STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

**GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION A-A'** 



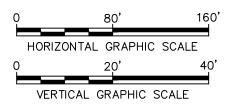






### **NOTES:**

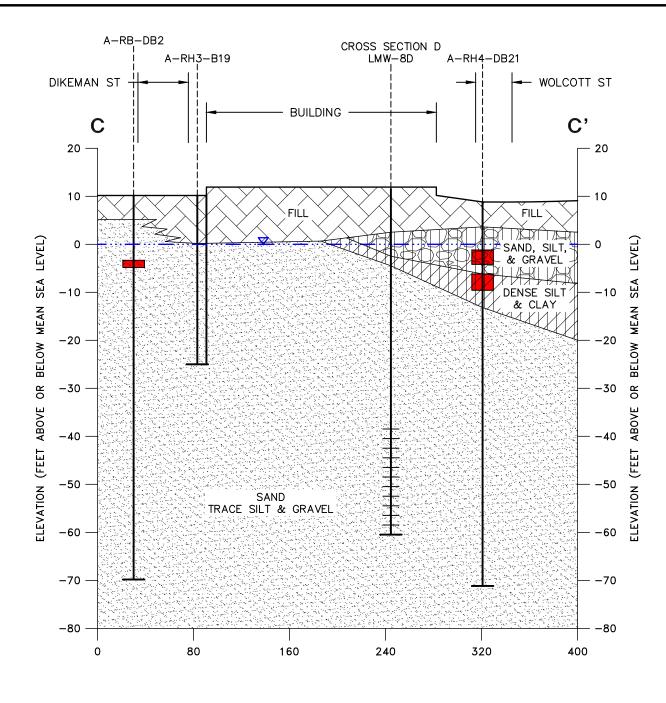
- 1. GROUNDWATER TABLE DEPICTED ON FIGURE IS APPROXIMATE AND IS INFLUENCED BY THE TIDE.
- 2. COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM NEW YORK LONG ISLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE NAD 83.
- 3. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON THE NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NAVD) OF 88.
- 4. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 5. SOIL LAYERS AND GEOLOGICAL CONTACT LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND INFERRED BETWEEN BORING LOCATIONS.

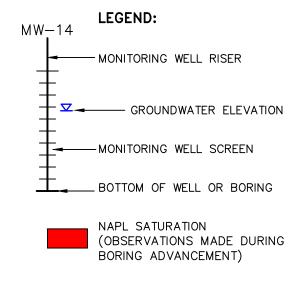


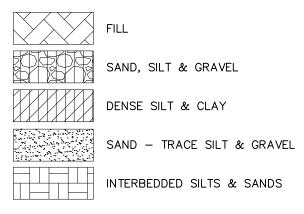
BT RED HOOK, LLC - RED HOOK 3 68 AND 100 FERRIS STREET/242 AND 300 COFFEY STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

**GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION B-B'** 



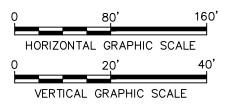






### **NOTES:**

- 1. GROUNDWATER TABLE DEPICTED ON FIGURE IS APPROXIMATE AND IS INFLUENCED BY THE TIDE.
- 2. COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM NEW YORK LONG ISLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE NAD 83.
- 3. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON THE NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NAVD) OF 88.
- 4. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 5. SOIL LAYERS AND GEOLOGICAL CONTACT LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND INFERRED BETWEEN BORING LOCATIONS.



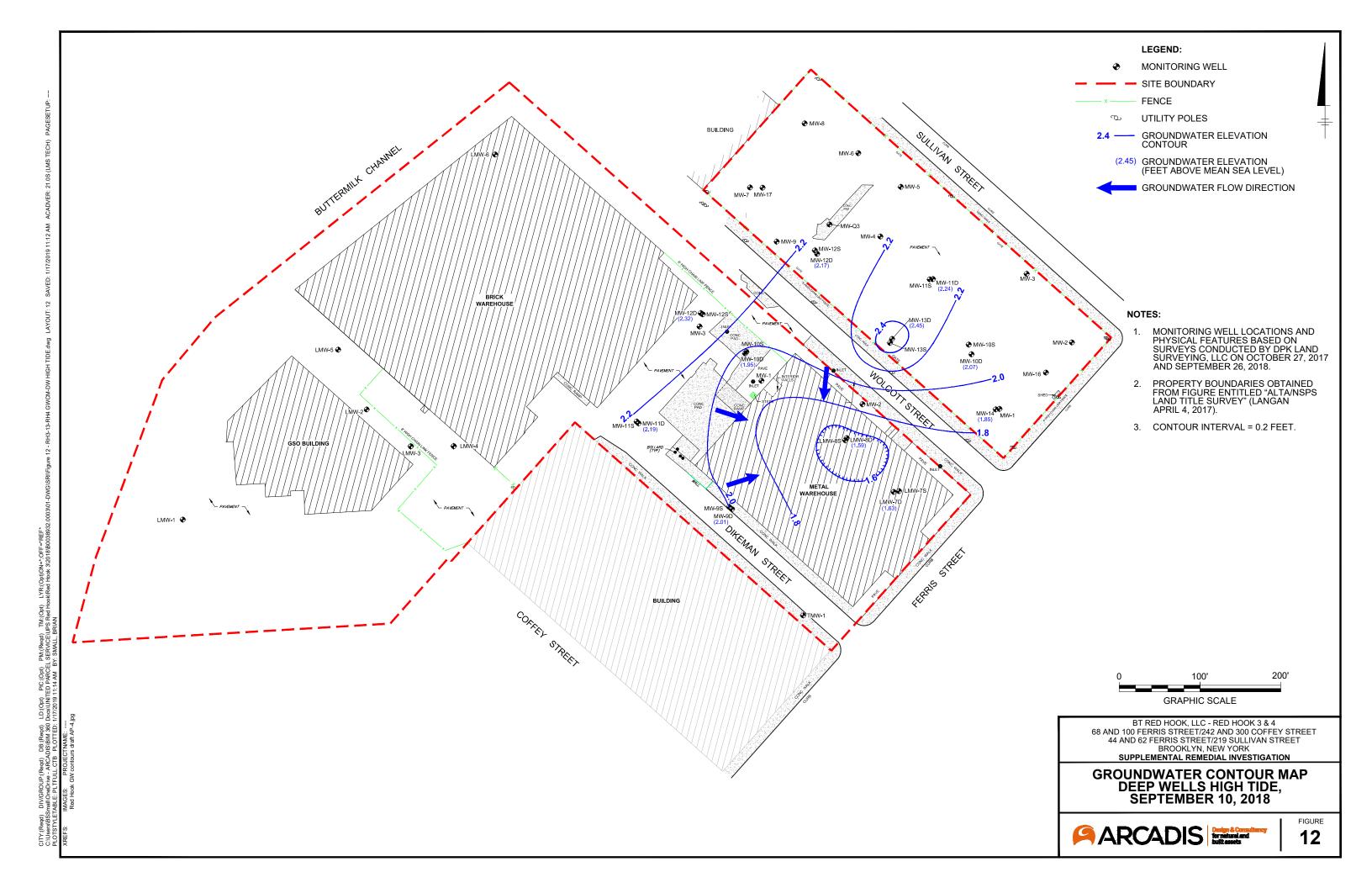
BT RED HOOK, LLC - RED HOOK 3 68 AND 100 FERRIS STREET/242 AND 300 COFFEY STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

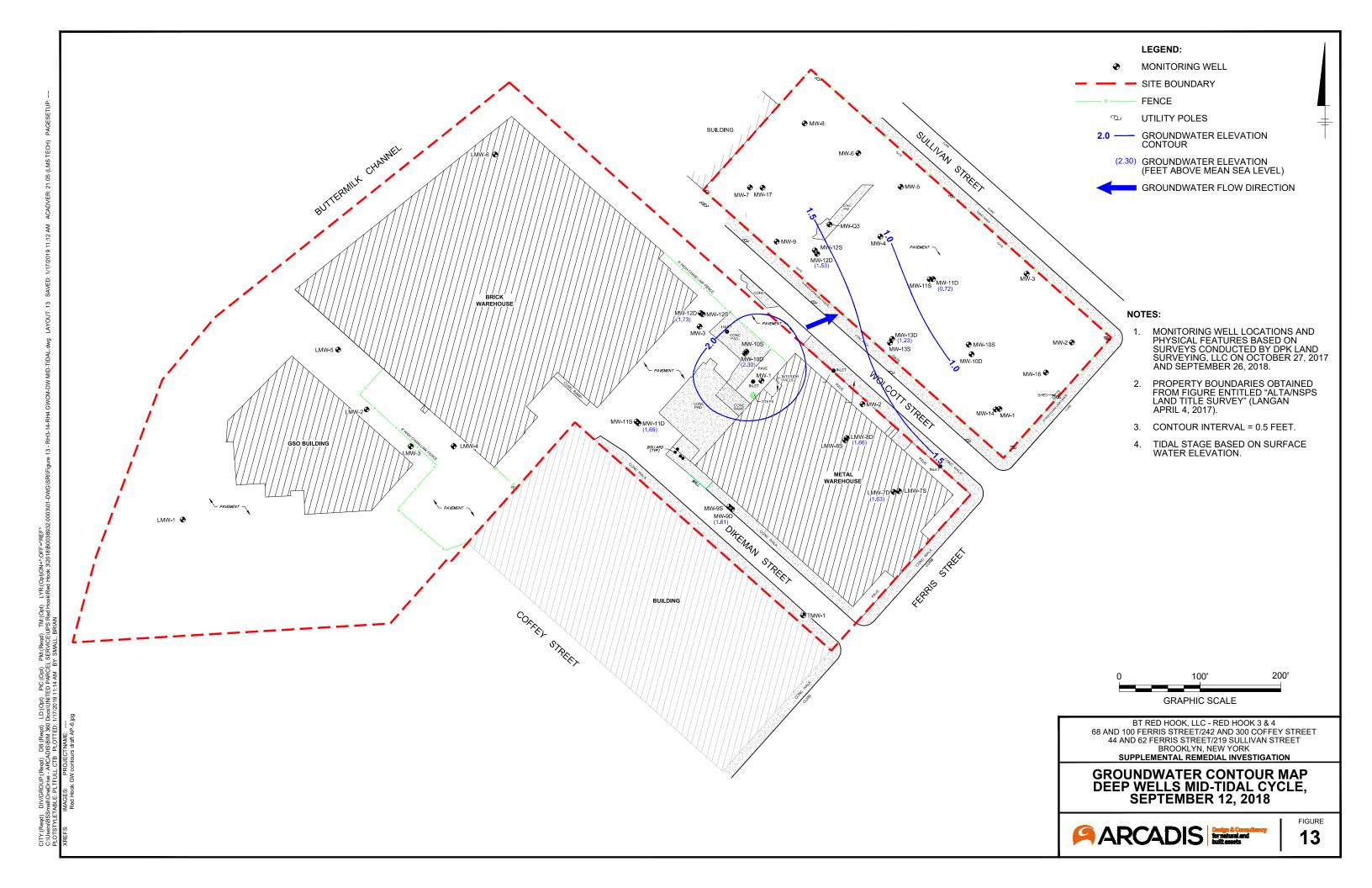
**GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION C-C'** 

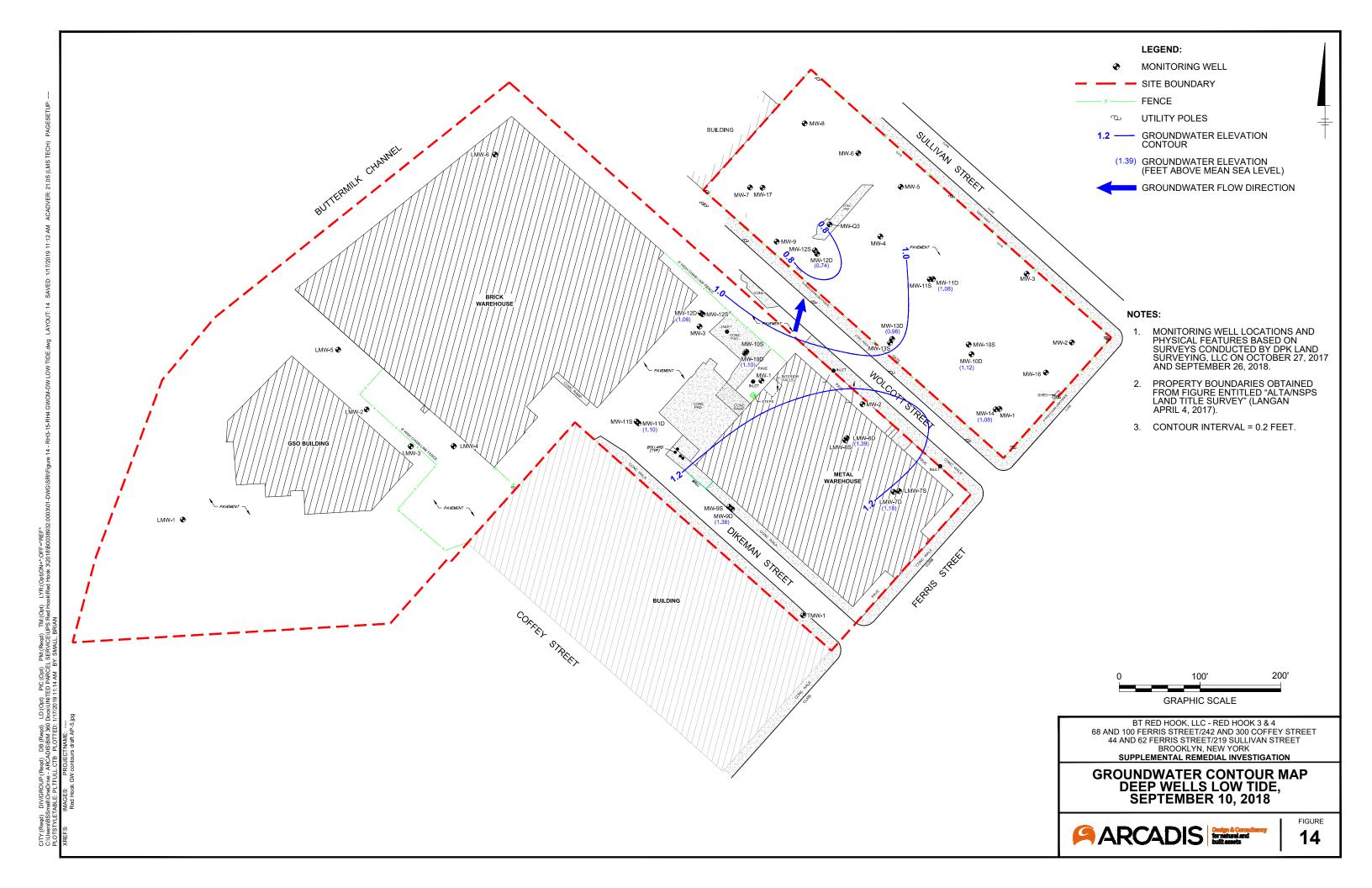


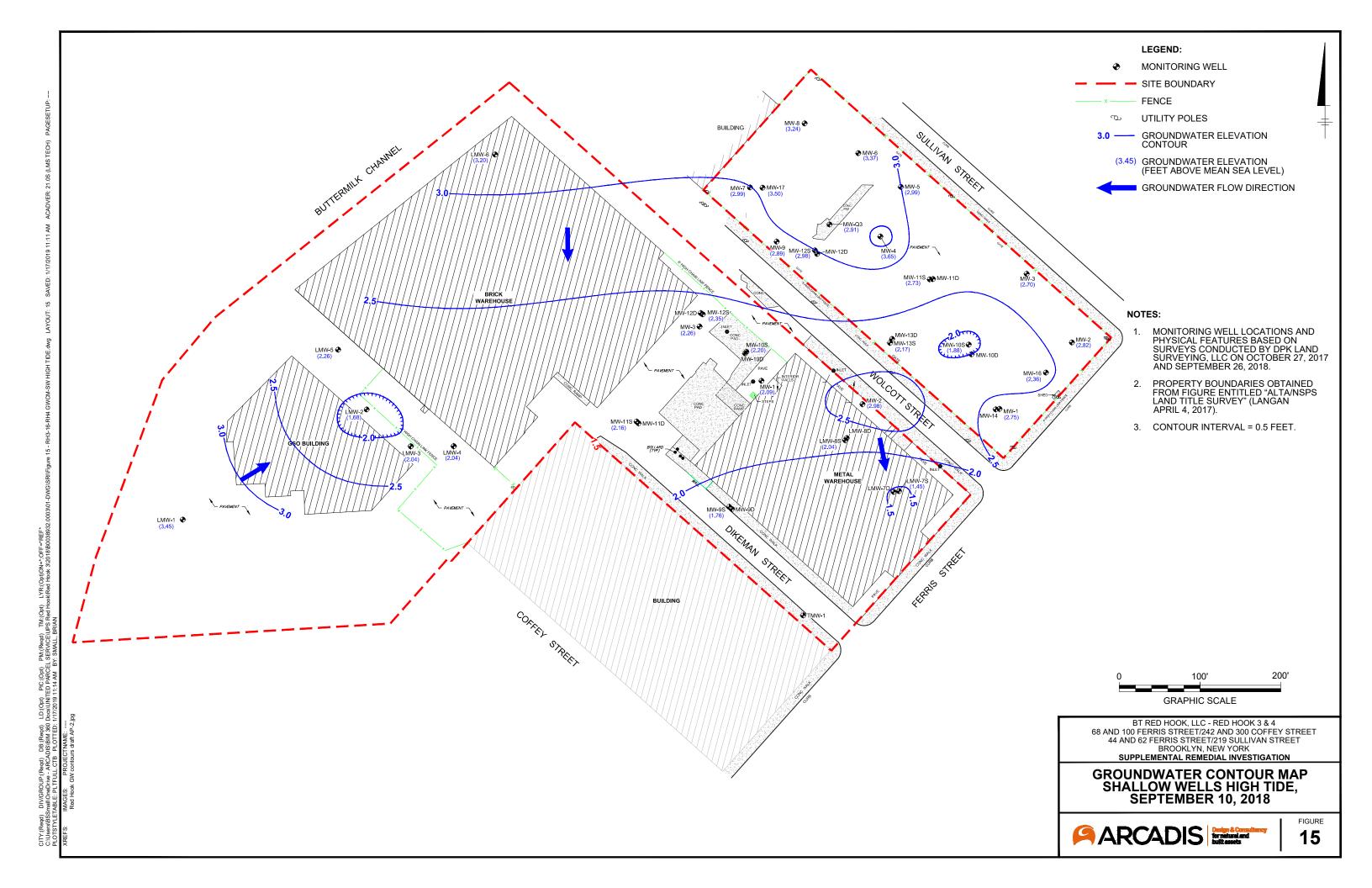


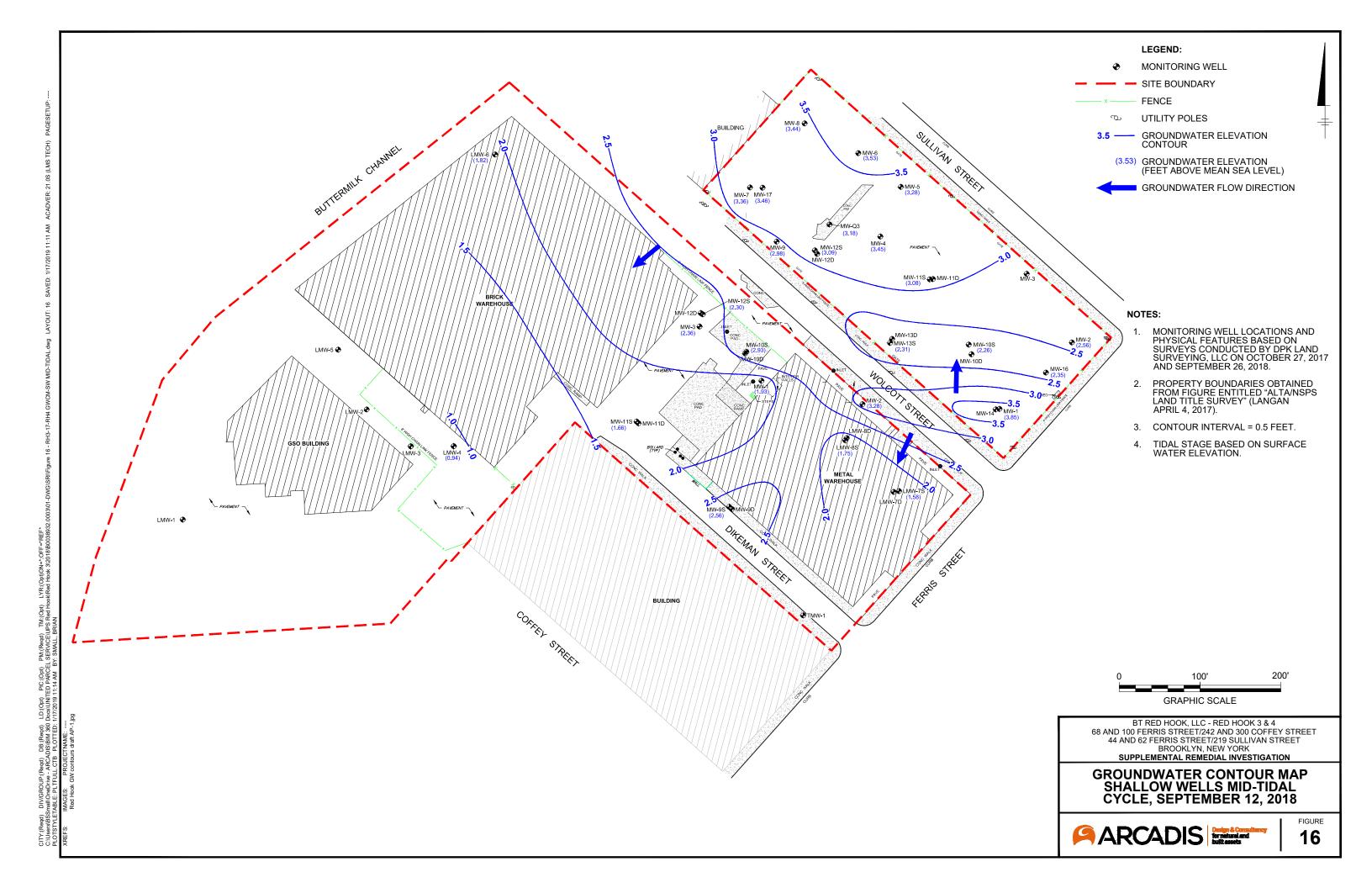
CROSS SECTION B A-RH3-DB3

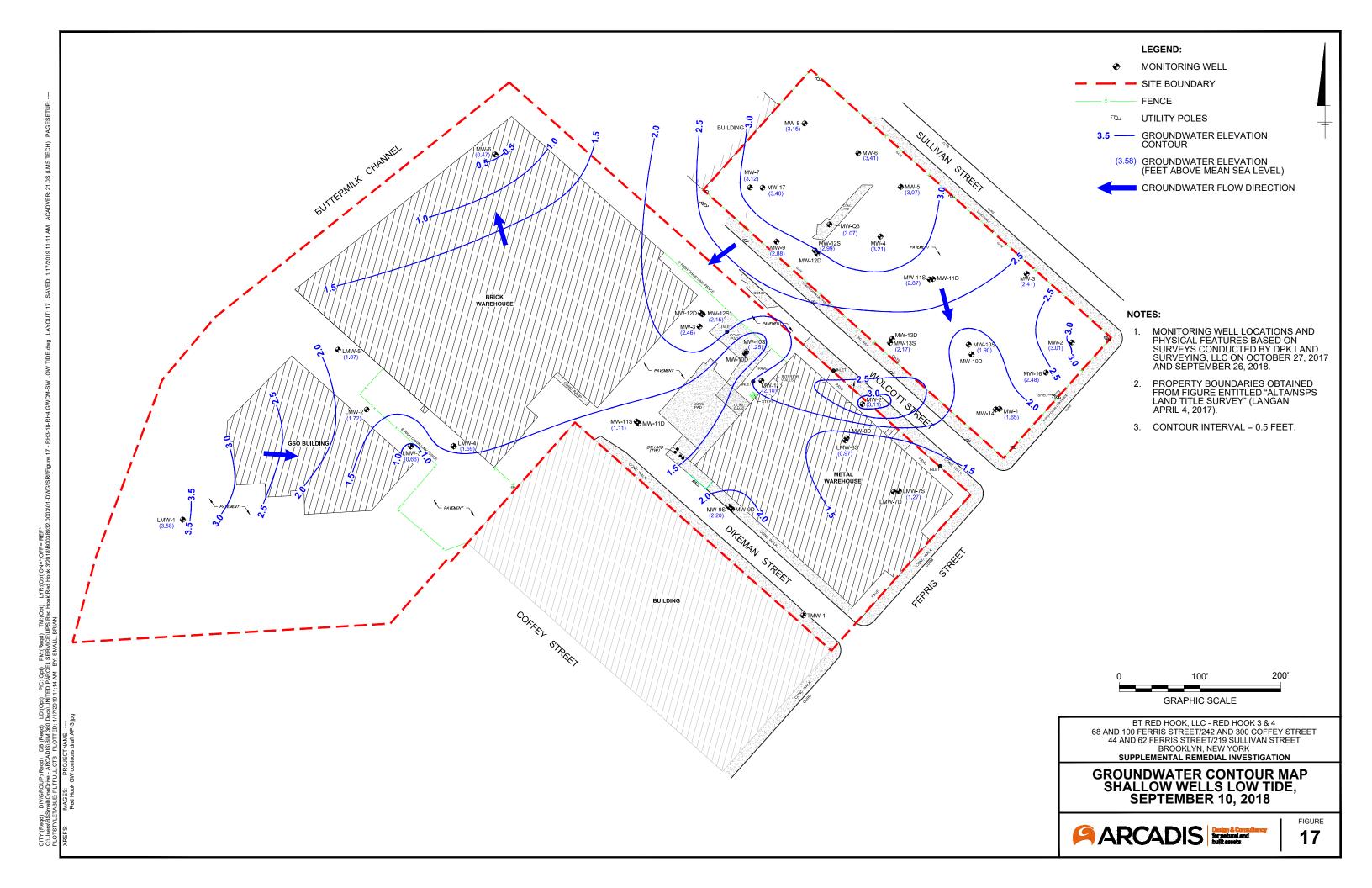


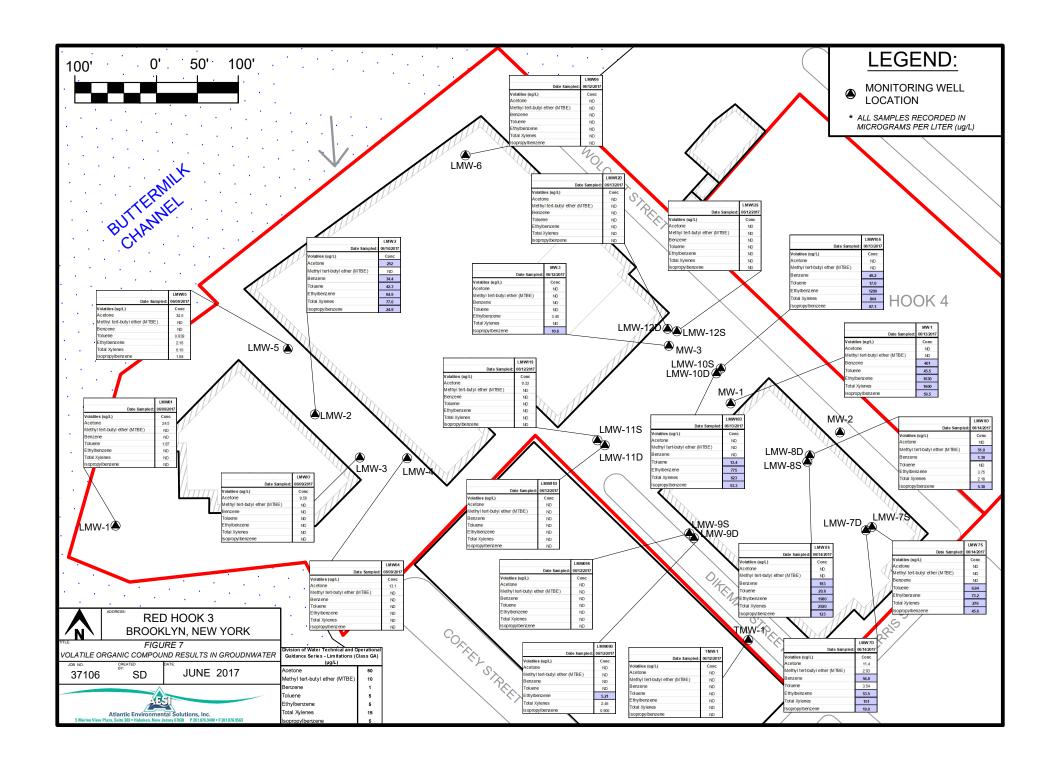


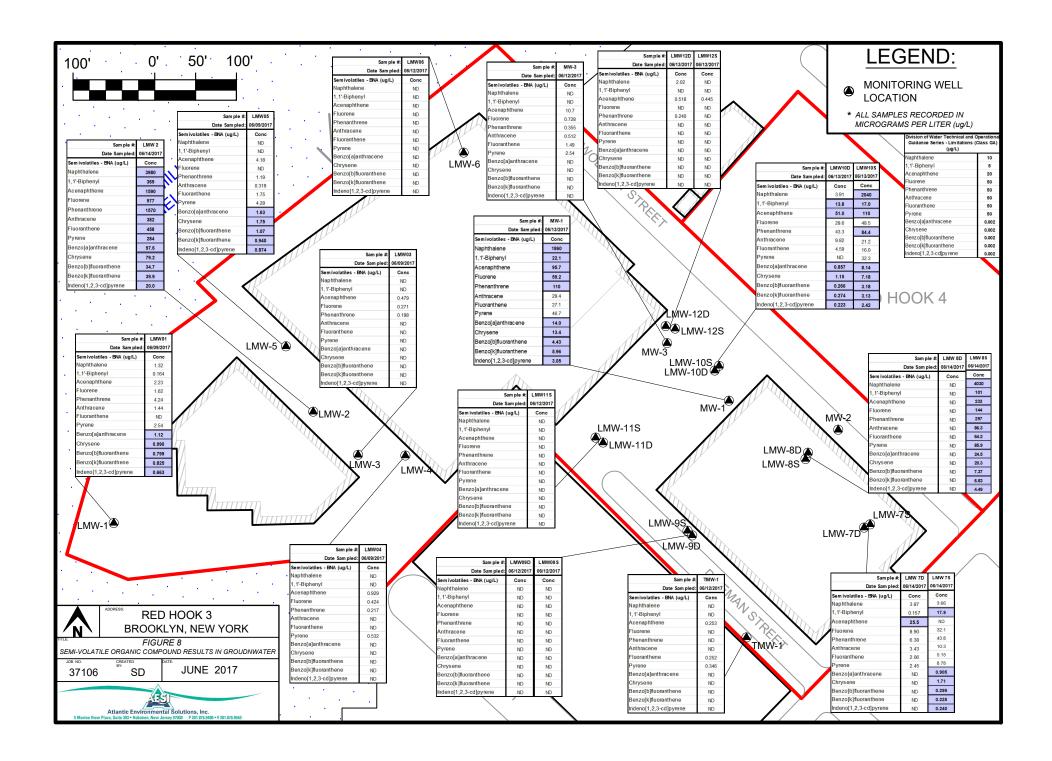


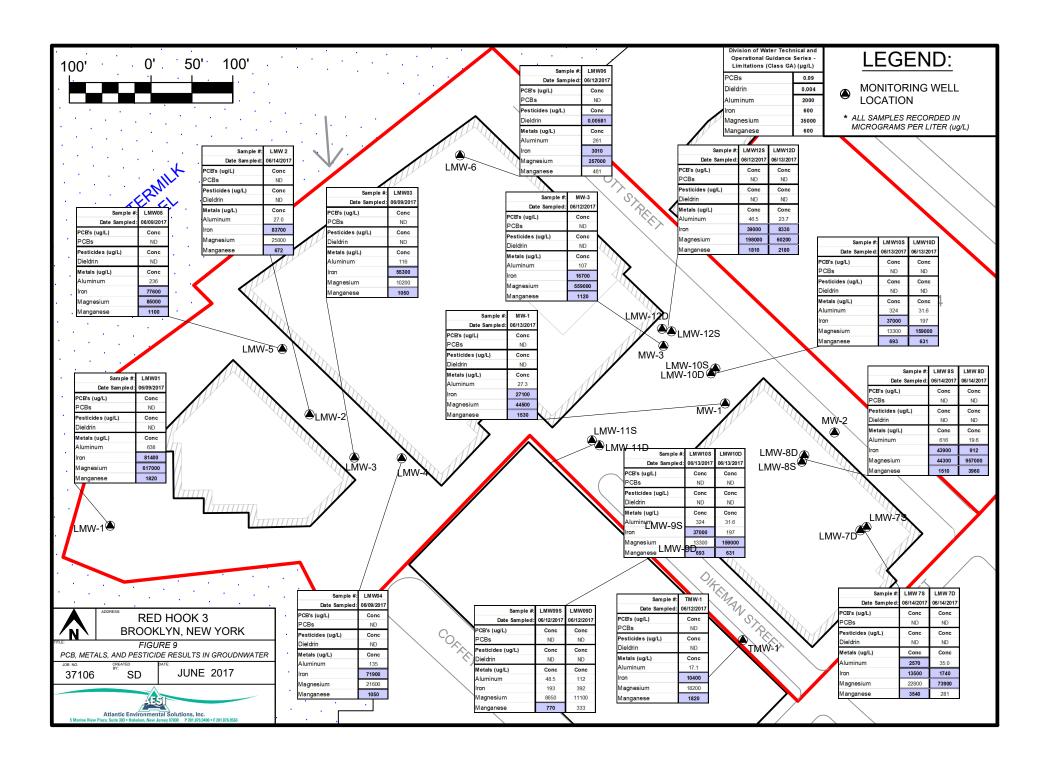


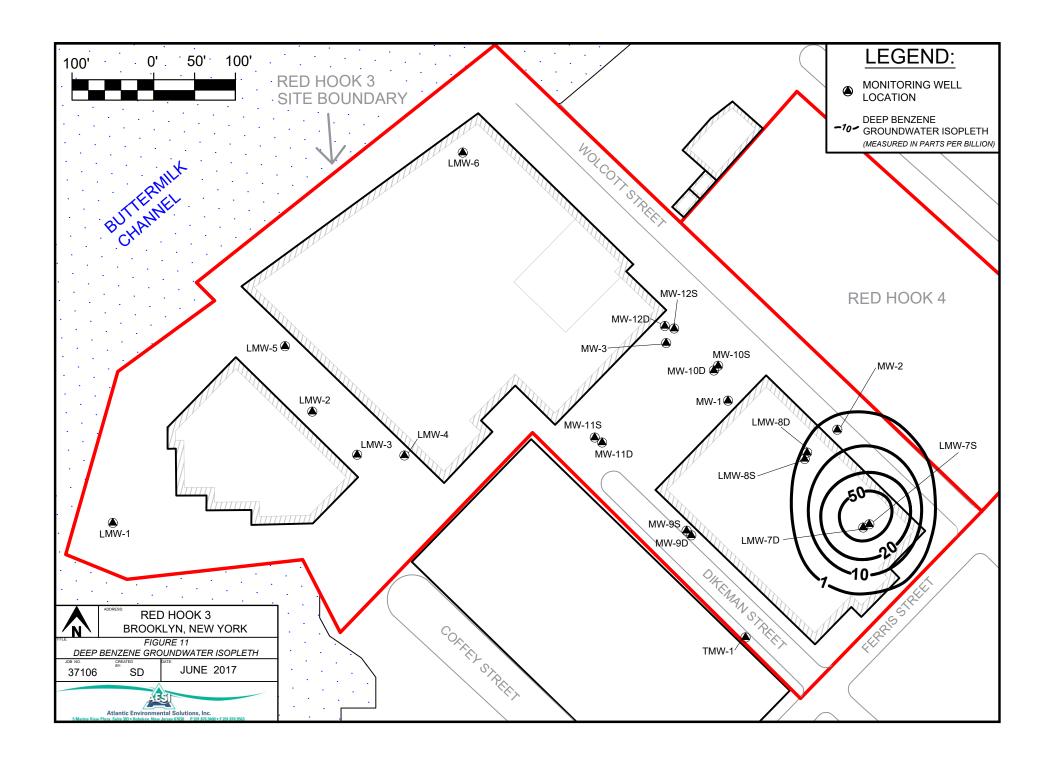


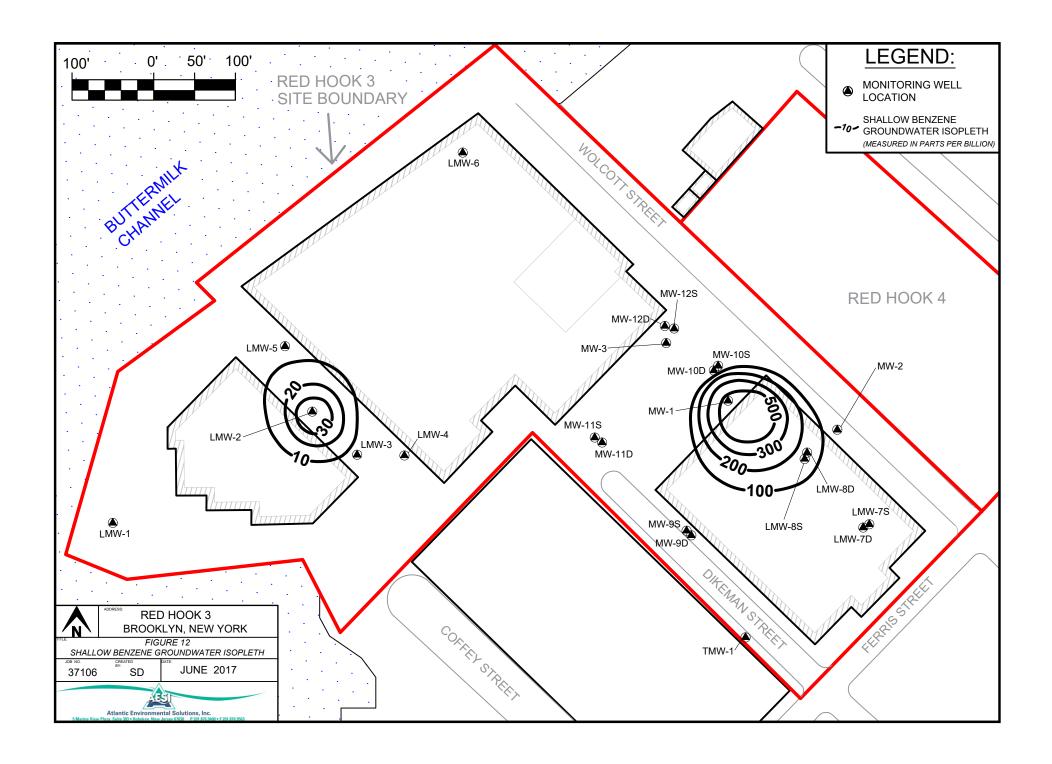


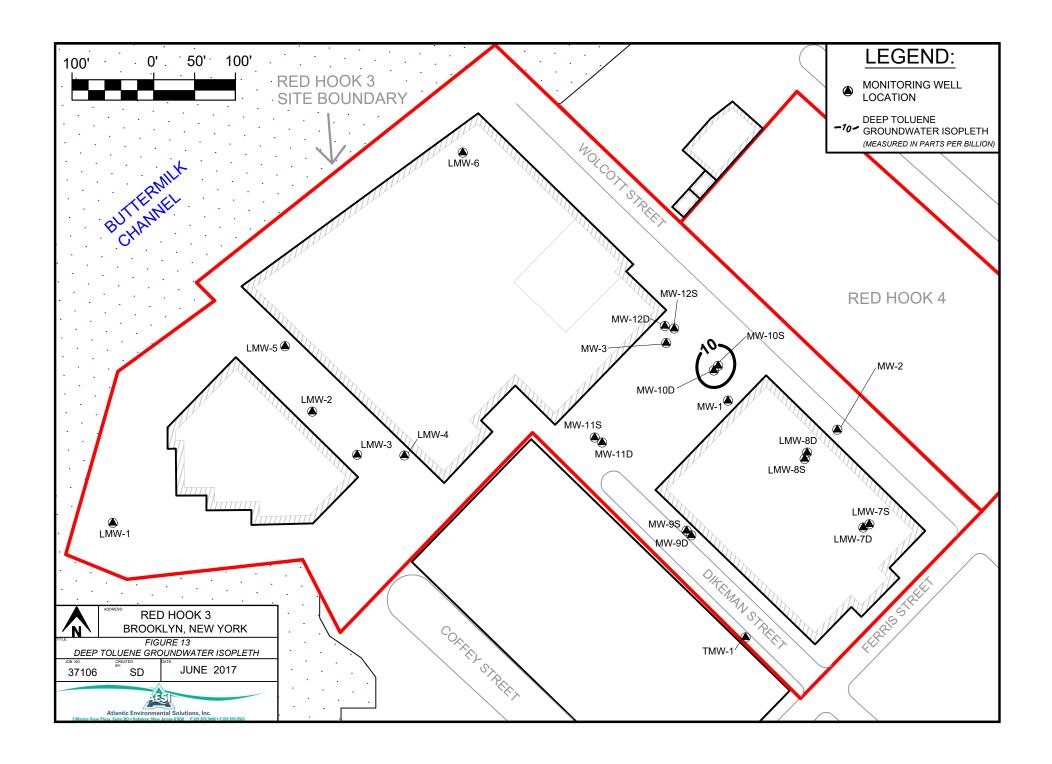


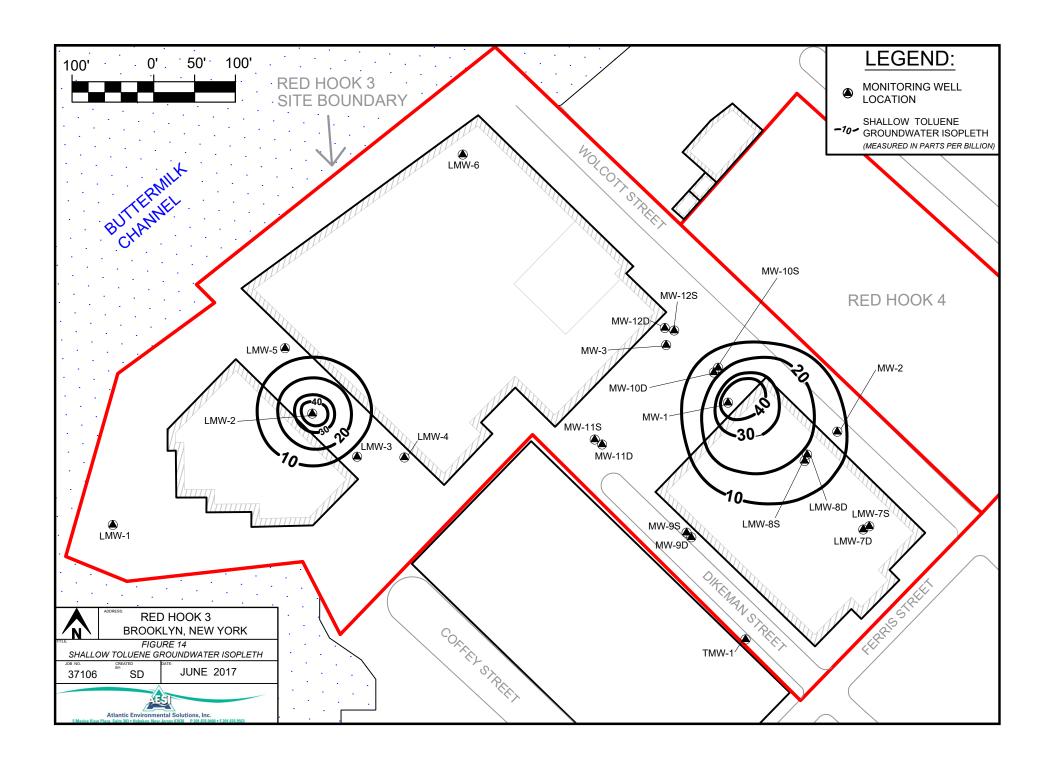


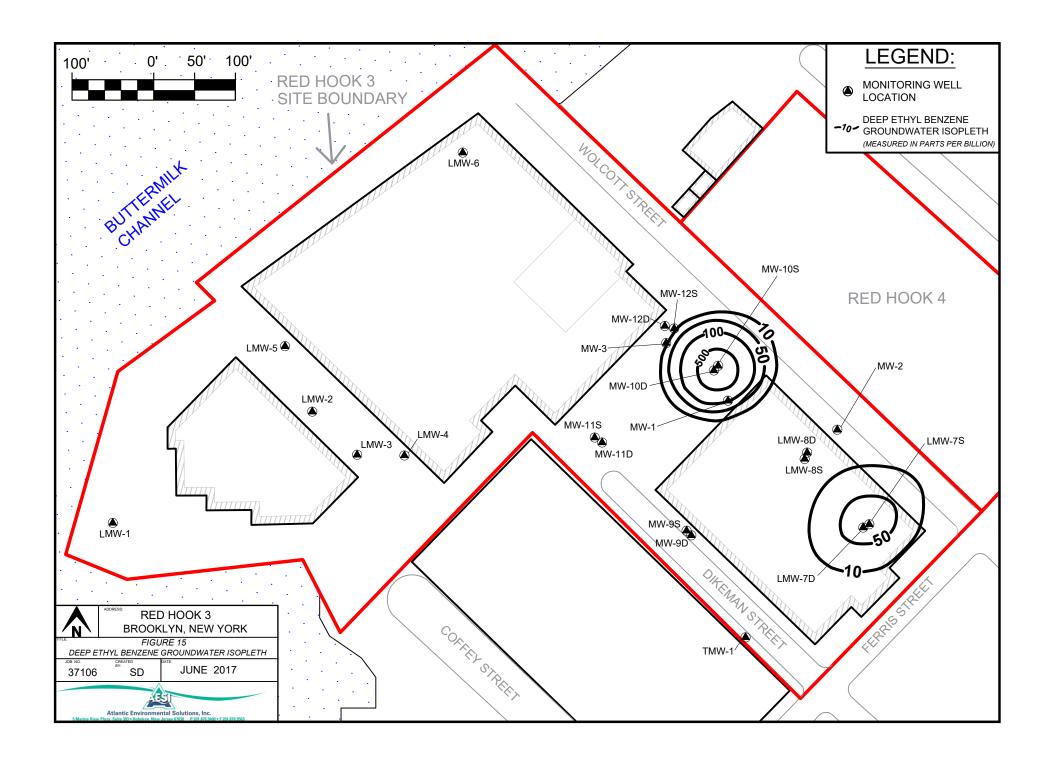


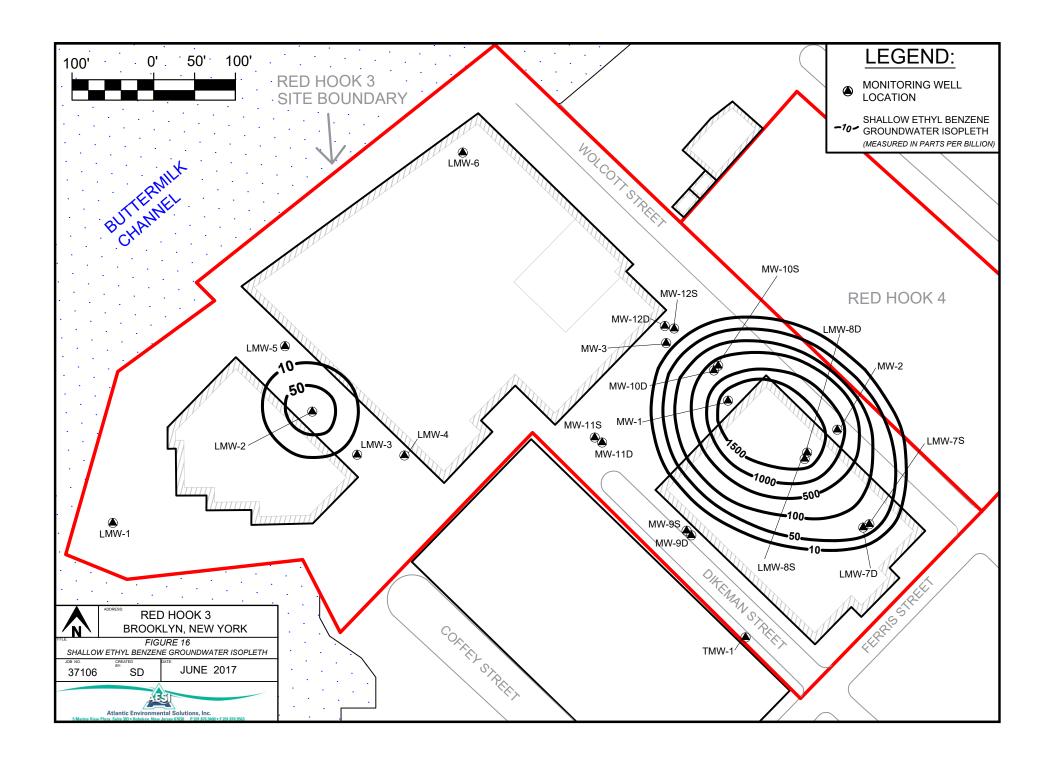


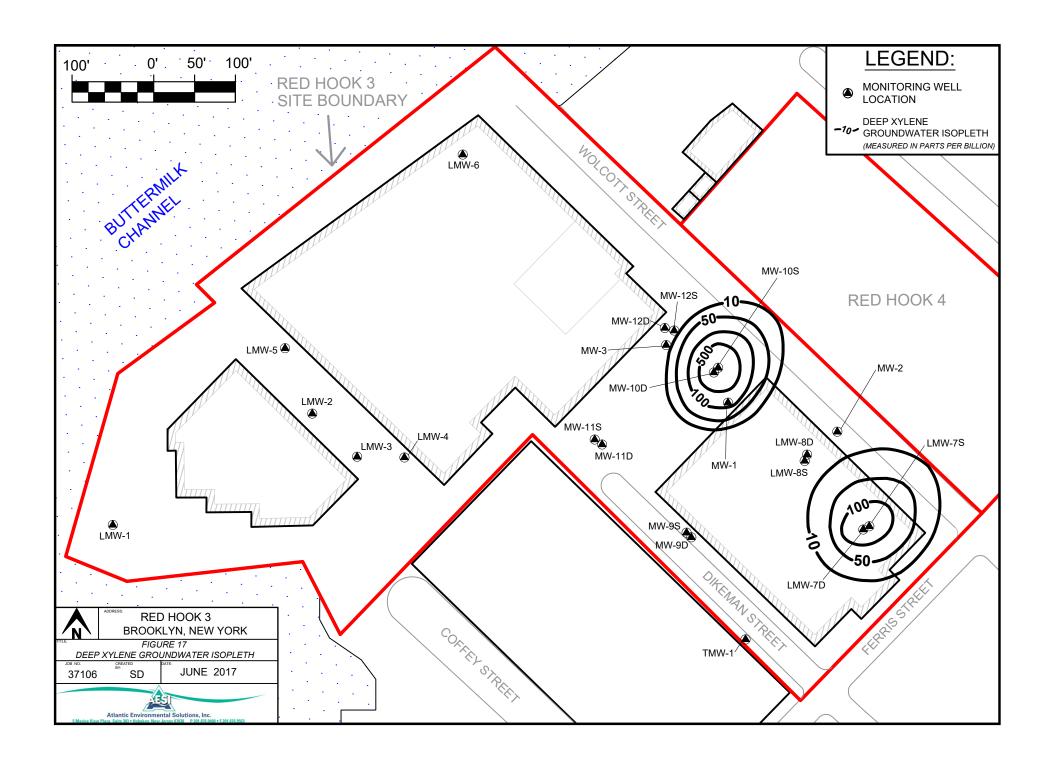


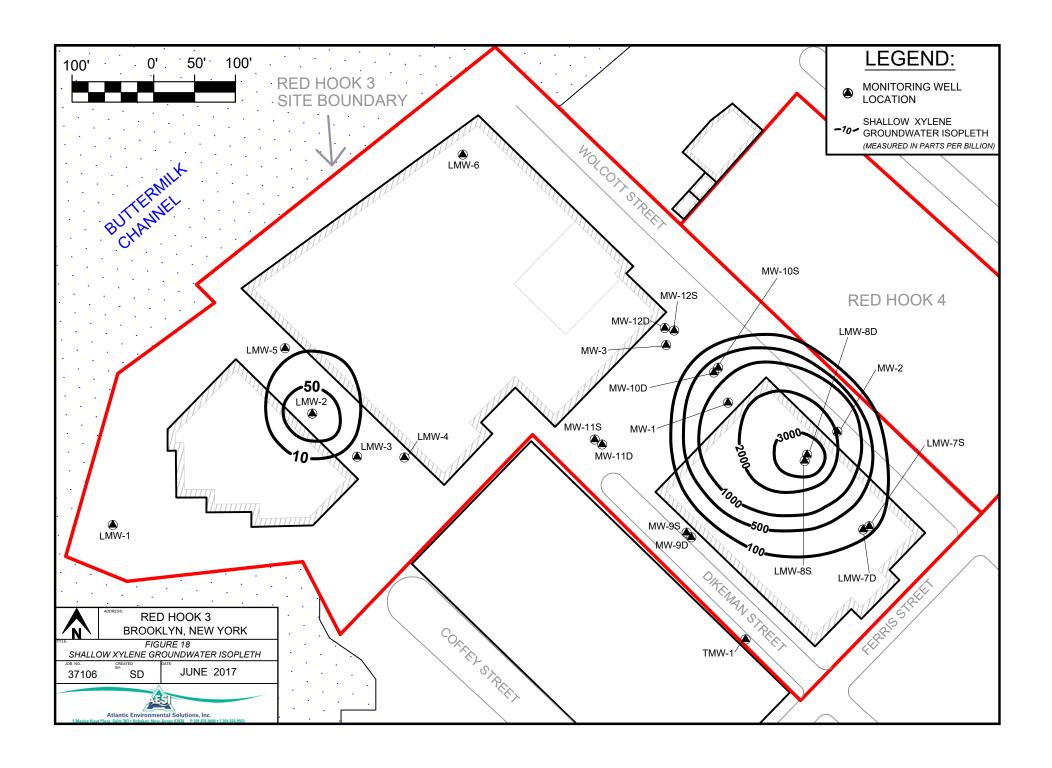


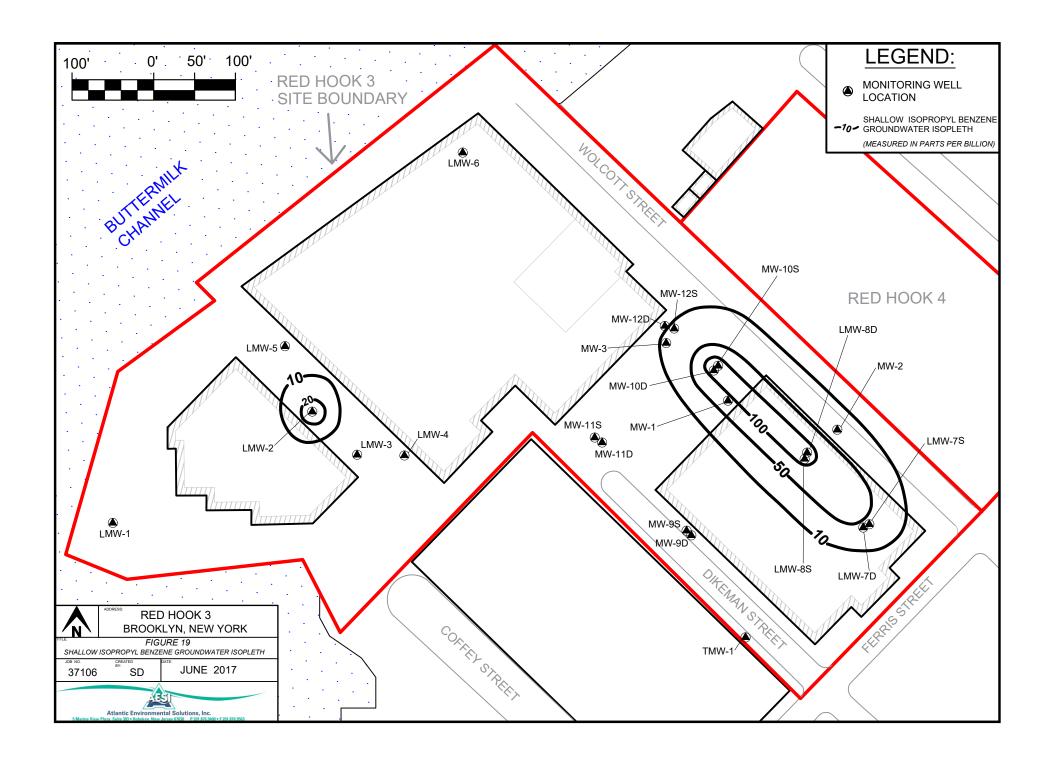












# **APPENDIX B**

**Project Correspondence** 

From: Heller, Chris O (DEC) To: Geraci, Catherine

Cc: Obrecht, Eric R (DEC); Young, Terry W; Devery, Hugh; Korik, Andrew

Subject: RE: Red Hook - Proposed Confirmation Soil Borings

Date: Monday, April 29, 2019 9:11:43 AM Attachments: RH3 proposed confirmation soil borings.pdf

RH4 proposed confirmation soil borings.pdf

#### Cathy,

Based on the figures that Andy submitted on Friday, we would like to add a minimum 3 additional soil borings based on the results of the soil borings. Attached are figures for both Red hook 3 and 4 where we would like those additional soil borings to be generally located.

The additional soil borings on Red Hook 3 would be located on the southeastern border of the of the proposed parking lot excavation. Due to the close proximity of the monitoring wells and borings where NAPL was identified and the proposed excavation boundary, we would like to ensure that there is no NAPL source material extending outside that boundary.

The additional soil boring on Red Hook 4 would be located on the northern edge of the larger proposed excavation area. Based on the figures provided there was 2 soil borings previously installed by either AESI or Langan but not surveyed by ARCADIS. Based on the soil borings provided by ARCADIS in the SRIR, NAPL was identified in boring A-RH4-DB16 at 6-8 feet. This boring is the closest surveyed soil boring to the additional request confirmation boring.

The terminal depth that would be required for Red Hook 4 would be 20 feet. The depth of the proposed excavations are 15 feet, so having boring depths to 20 feet would ensure that the proposed limits would address all of the source NAPL.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Chris

**From:** Geraci, Catherine < Catherine. Geraci@arcadis.com>

**Sent:** Friday, April 26, 2019 1:26 PM

**To:** Heller, Chris O (DEC) < Chris. Heller@dec.ny.gov>

Cc: Obrecht, Eric R (DEC) <eric.obrecht@dec.ny.gov>; Young, Terry W <Terry.Young2@arcadis.com>;

Devery, Hugh < Hugh. Devery@arcadis.com>; Korik, Andrew < Andrew. Korik@arcadis.com>

**Subject:** Red Hook - Proposed Confirmation Soil Borings

**Importance:** High

Hi Chris,

Many thanks to you and Eric for meeting with Terry and me yesterday. We felt that the meeting was very helpful, and appreciate your time and support on these projects.

Based on our discussions, Arcadis understands that NYSDEC, with NYSDOH, will provide a comment letter regarding the Draft IRM Design Work Plans for the Red Hook 3 (RH3) and Red Hook 4 (RH4) Sites next week. We further understand that the major NYSDEC comment is installation of additional borings to confirm the proposed IRM excavation limits (both horizontal and vertical) identified in the draft work plans.

Because of the fast-tracked Red Hook project schedules and given that a direct-push drill rig is currently on-site, we are addressing this NYSDEC comment in advance of receiving the comment letter. As requested during the meeting, provided below is the proposed approach for the confirmation soil borings based on the details discussed during our meeting. Please note that Andy Korik will be providing the two referenced figures shortly, in a separate email.

- 1. The objective of the confirmation borings will be to confirm the absence/presence of NAPL-saturated source material along the proposed excavation limits identified in the Draft IRM Design Work Plans. No laboratory analytical data are necessary.
- 2. Excavation horizontal limits will be confirmed based on visual observations made from soil borings installed 30' on center. The 30' on center confirmation soil borings will include new borings and existing borings located along the proposed excavation limits, except where installation of borings and/or horizontal excavation advancement would not occur (e.g., active utilities, site boundaries, etc.). See Figures 1 (RH3) and Figure 2 (RH4) for the proposed additional soil boring locations (figures to be provided in a separate email from Andy Korik). These figures also show existing soil boring locations, including those drilled as part of the two recent waste characterization sampling events required for off-site soil treatment/disposal. All waste characterization soil borings were drilled to 15' bgs, except within the proposed excavation area inside the Metal Warehouse those borings were drilled to 20' bgs, except for two borings where refusal was encountered at 12' bgs.
- 3. Step-out confirmation soil borings will be drilled, as necessary, based on observations (if any) of NAPL-saturated source material.
- 4. No confirmation soil borings are proposed for the RH4 excavation area located along Sullivan Street because 16 waste characterization soil borings have been drilled in this area, primarily to meet the requirements provided by the disposal facilities to delineate D008 (lead) material, and NAPL was not observed in any of the borings drilled along the proposed excavation limits.
- 5. Excavation vertical limits identified in the Draft IRM Design Work Plans are 15 feet below ground surface (bgs) for all excavation areas, except for the one below the existing metal warehouse on RH3 which is proposed to be 20 feet bgs because it is higher than surrounding grade. Based on our meeting, we understand that the proposed excavation depths need to be confirmed by advancing RH3 borings to 30' bgs, and RH4 borings to 15' or perhaps 20' bgs. We kindly request that NYSDEC identify the terminal boring depth required for RH4.

- 6. RH3 Potential Excavation Areas Near Former GSO Building As presented in the RH3 Draft IRM Design Work Plan, two potential excavation areas were identified near the Former GSO Building based on discussions with NYSDEC that occurred prior to and during the Supplemental Remedial Investigation (SRI). Since completion of the SRI, four (4) additional borings have been drilled in each of these potential excavation areas (8 borings total) at locations proximate to the inconclusive SRI observations regarding the presence of NAPL (attached Figure 1). These additional borings were drilled during the recent waste characterization sampling events; the most recent one was completed yesterday (4/25). No NAPL was observed in any of these eight (8) additional borings. As such, and consistent with discussions during yesterday's meeting, excavation of these two areas is not required.
- 7. The field work associated with the confirmation soil borings will be conducted consistent with the applicable details provided in the NYSDEC-approved SRI Work Plans for these sites. In addition, we plan to provide daily field summary reports to NYSDEC, and then document the findings in a letter report upon completion of the confirmation soil borings.
- 8. We plan to start the confirmation boring drilling on Monday, April 29.

We trust that this proposal meets your expectations and as noted above in Item 4, please identify the terminal depth required for the RH4 confirmation soil borings.

Please contact me or Andy Korik should you have any questions. Thank you.

Best regards, Cathy

M. Cathy Geraci | Principal Engineer | Catherine.Geraci@arcadis.com Arcadis | Arcadis of New York, Inc.
110 West Fayette Street, Suite 300, Syracuse, NY | 13202 | USA
T. +1 315 671 9567 | M. +1 315 882 1529

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### NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

**Division of Environmental Remediation, Remedial Bureau A** 625 Broadway, 12th Floor, Albany, NY 12233-7015 P: (518) 402-9625 I F: (518) 402-9627 www.dec.ny.gov

May 24, 2019

Ms. Catherine Geraci ARCADIS of New York One Lincoln Center, Suite 300 110 West Fayette Street Syracuse, New York 13202

> Re: IRM Draft Design Work Plan Red Hook 3 – NYSDEC Brownfield Site #C224213 68 and 100 Ferris Street, 242 and 300 Coffey St. Brooklyn, Kings County, New York 11231

Dear Ms. Geraci

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (the Department) and the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) have reviewed the IRM Draft Design Work Plan for the Red Hook 3 Properties site, dated March 2019, which was prepared by ARCADIS of New York on behalf of BT Red Hook LLC. Please revise the report per the following comments and submit for review and approval.

- As discussed in our meeting on 4/25/19, Additional soil borings are to be installed along the proposed excavation boundaries to a depth below the proposed excavation limits to ensure that all the NAPL source material is within these boundaries and defined vertically. Please provide the details of the proposed confirmations soil borings, as well as the figures depicting the locations of these borings. When completed please provide a detailed figure of the surveyed locations and boring logs.
- In section 1.2.4.3 it is mentioned that if buildings were to be constructed on site, it
  is recommended that vapor mitigation strategies be evaluated. Please mention
  this potential for vapor mitigation strategies in section 3.2 under engineering
  controls.

In section 2.2, in the first bullet paragraph it says NAPL was not observed in the proximate borings, including co-located boring A-RH3-RB2. On figure 4 or 5



there is no boring with the name A-RH3-RB2. The collocated boring with A-RH3-B13 on those figures is A-RB-DB2.

- In section 3.1.1, please include that that the IRM design will be completed in accordance with NYCRR Part 375 in addition to the BCA and DER-10.
- In section 3.1.1.2, the fifth bullet point states "Excavated materials destined for off-site treatment/disposal will be direct-loaded for off-site treatment/disposal, to the extent possible". Please include a plan for excavated material that can not be directly loaded for offsite treatment and disposal.
- In section 3.1.1.2, please include decontamination procedures that will be implemented during excavation activities.
- In section 3.1.1.2, seventh bullet, please include the community air monitoring plan as an appendix to the document.
- In section 4 please indicate that a Long Island withdrawal permit or permit equivalent will need to be obtained.
- Page 16, second bullet point, 7<sup>th</sup> line it says, "levees from 1 percent annual chance food". I believe that it is supposed to be flood instead.
- In section 5.3, please note that a final remedy will be selected for the and will be documented in a remedial action plan and NYSDEC Decision Document.
- From our discussion on 5/1/19, if there is no previously installed discharge point that can be utilized during dewatering activities and a new discharge point needs to be installed, a US Army Corps of Engineers Sections 10 Rivers and Harbors act permit would need to be completed and approved.

As we also discussed on April 25, given that there will be redevelopment activities onsite e.g. building demolition, utility installations, etc., there is potential that onsite workers and the public could encounter and be exposed to contaminated materials during ground intrusive activities. The state will require that an interim site management plan, including a soil excavation and management plan, a plan for evaluating and addressing the potential for soil vapor intrusion, a worker health and safety plan and a community air monitoring plan, be developed and approved in advance of these activities to avoid potential shutdown.

Please make these revisions and resubmit within 30 days of receiving this letter. If you have any questions, feel free to contact me at 518-402-0163 or at chris.heller@dec.ny.gov.

Sincerely,

Chris Heller

Project manager

Remedial Bureau A

(Aus Heller

Division of Environmental Remediation

Ecc: S. Silfer, UPS

A. Korik, ARCADIS

H. Devery, ARCADIS

E. Obrecht, NYSDEC

J. O'Connell, NYSDEC Region 2

J. Deming / W. Kuehner, NYSDOH

From: Heller, Chris O (DEC)
To: Geraci, Catherine

Cc: Korik, Andrew; Devery, Hugh; Young, Terry W; Obrecht, Eric R (DEC)

Subject: RE: C224213 & C224214 Red Hook 3 & 4 IRM Draft Design work plan comments and preliminary draft fact

sheets

**Date:** Friday, May 24, 2019 1:25:30 PM

Attachments: image002.png

image003.png

### Cathy,

It will be acceptable to add some additional details regarding management of excavated materials that cannot be directed loaded, decontamination procedures during IRM implementation, and community air monitoring. Full details regarding these topics will need to be provided before any of the IRM excavations could begin. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Chris

**From:** Geraci, Catherine < Catherine. Geraci@arcadis.com>

**Sent:** Friday, May 24, 2019 12:16 PM

To: Heller, Chris O (DEC) < Chris. Heller@dec.ny.gov>

**Cc:** Korik, Andrew <Andrew.Korik@arcadis.com>; Devery, Hugh <Hugh.Devery@arcadis.com>; Young, Terry W <Terry.Young2@arcadis.com>; Obrecht, Eric R (DEC) <eric.obrecht@dec.ny.gov> **Subject:** RE: C224213 & C224214 Red Hook 3 & 4 IRM Draft Design work plan comments and preliminary draft fact sheets

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Hi Chris,

Thank you for the comment letters. One follow-up question...regarding the comments requesting details/plans regarding management of excavated materials that cannot be directed loaded, decontamination procedures during IRM implementation, and community air monitoring.

Based on our 5/7 telephone conversation, I understood that it was acceptable to add some additional detail regarding each of these topics into the Red Hook 3 and 4 IRM Draft Design Work Plans, but full details including the CAMP, could be in the remedial design submittal to NYSDEC for each Site. Please see attached email and advise – thank you.

Also attached are preliminary draft fact sheets developed using the NYSDEC template that you provided in a previous email.

We very much appreciate NYSDEC's responsiveness to the Red Hook projects.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions or something needed.

Thanks,

From: Heller, Chris O (DEC) < Chris.Heller@dec.ny.gov>

Sent: Friday, May 24, 2019 9:18 AM

**To:** Geraci, Catherine < <u>Catherine.Geraci@arcadis.com</u>>

**Cc:** Korik, Andrew <<u>Andrew.Korik@arcadis.com</u>>; Devery, Hugh <<u>Hugh.Devery@arcadis.com</u>>; Wendy Kuehner < wendy.kuehner@health.ny.gov>; Justin Deming < justin.deming@health.ny.gov>; Obrecht, Eric R (DEC) <eric.obrecht@dec.ny.gov>; sslifer@ups.com; O'Connell, Jane H (DEC) <jane.oconnell@dec.ny.gov>

Subject: C224213 & C224214 Red Hook 3 & 4 IRM Draft Design work plan comments

Cathy,

Attached are the comments letters for the IRM Draft design work plans for both Red Hook 3 & Red Hook 4. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Chris

### **Chris Heller**

Engineer Trainee, Division of Environmental Remediation

**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation** 

625 Broadway 12<sup>th</sup> Fl, Albany, NY 12233-7015 P: 518-402-0163 | Chris.Heller@dec.ny.gov

www.dec.ny.gov | F | | | |





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Mr. Chris Heller
Project Manager
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Remedial Bureau A
Division of Environmental Remediation
625 Broadway, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor
Albany, NY 12233-7015

Subject:

Confirmation Soil Borings
Red Hook 3 – NYSDEC Brownfield Site #C224213
68 and 100 Ferris Street, 242 and 300 Coffey Street
Brooklyn, Kings County, New York 11231

Dear Mr. Heller:

Pursuant to our meeting on April 25, 2019 and as identified in the Draft Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) Design Work Plan (Work Plan; June 2019) prepared by Arcadis of New York, Inc. (Arcadis), this letter documents the confirmation soil boring program recently completed at the above-reference site. The objective of the program was to confirm the proposed IRM excavation limits identified in the Work Plan by determining the absence/presence of non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) saturated source material along the proposed limits.

Horizontal excavation limits for Red Hook 3 were confirmed based on visual observations made from borings (confirmation and previously drilled borings) located approximately 30 feet on center, except where installation of borings and/or horizontal excavation advancement did not occur because of the site boundary parallel to Wolcott Street and the proximate gas line. The terminal depth for the confirmation soil borings was 30 feet below ground surface (bgs), which is 10 to 15 feet deeper than the proposed excavation depths per the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation's (NYSDEC's) request (NYSDEC April 29, 2019 email to Arcadis).

Drilling for the pre-design confirmation soil boring program was completed on May 23, 2019 and the surveyed locations are shown on the figure provided in Attachment 1. As shown on the figure, step-out confirmation soil borings were drilled, as necessary, based on observations of NAPL-saturated source material along some of the proposed excavation limits. The soil boring and photograph

Arcadis of New York, Inc.
One Lincoln Center
110 West Fayette Street
Suite 300
Syracuse
New York 13202
Tel 315 446 9120
Fax 315 449 0017
www.arcadis.com

**ENVIRONMENT** 

Date: June 28, 2019

Catherine Geraci

Phone: 315.671.9567

Email: Catherine.Geraci@arcadis.com

Our ref:

B0038994.0003

Mr. Chris Heller New York State Department of Environmental Conservation June 28, 2019

logs for the confirmation soil boring program are provided in Attachments 2 and 3, respectively.

Accordingly, and as discussed during conference call amongst representatives from NYSDEC, the New York State Department of Health and Arcadis, modifications to the Red Hook 3 excavation limits identified in the Work Plan are necessary. Under separate cover, additional information (e.g., figure with Red Hook 3 NAPL intervals identified and geologic cross-sections spanning both Red Hook 3 and Red Hook 4) will be provided to NYSDEC to assist in determining the modified Red Hook 3 IRM excavation boundaries and facilitate our conference call scheduled for July 2, 2019.

BT Red Hook, LLC and Arcadis appreciate the NYSDEC's continued attention to this project and look forward to our conference call. In the interim, if you have any questions, please contact me at (315) 671-9567 or at catherine.geraci@arcadis.com.

Sincerely,

Arcadis of New York, Inc.

Cathy Geraci

Principal Environmental Engineer

M. Cathy Geran

## Copies

Moniqua Williams, BT Red Hook, LLC Eric Obrecht, NYSDEC Terry Young, PE, Arcadis Hugh Devery, Arcadis Andrew Korik, Arcadis

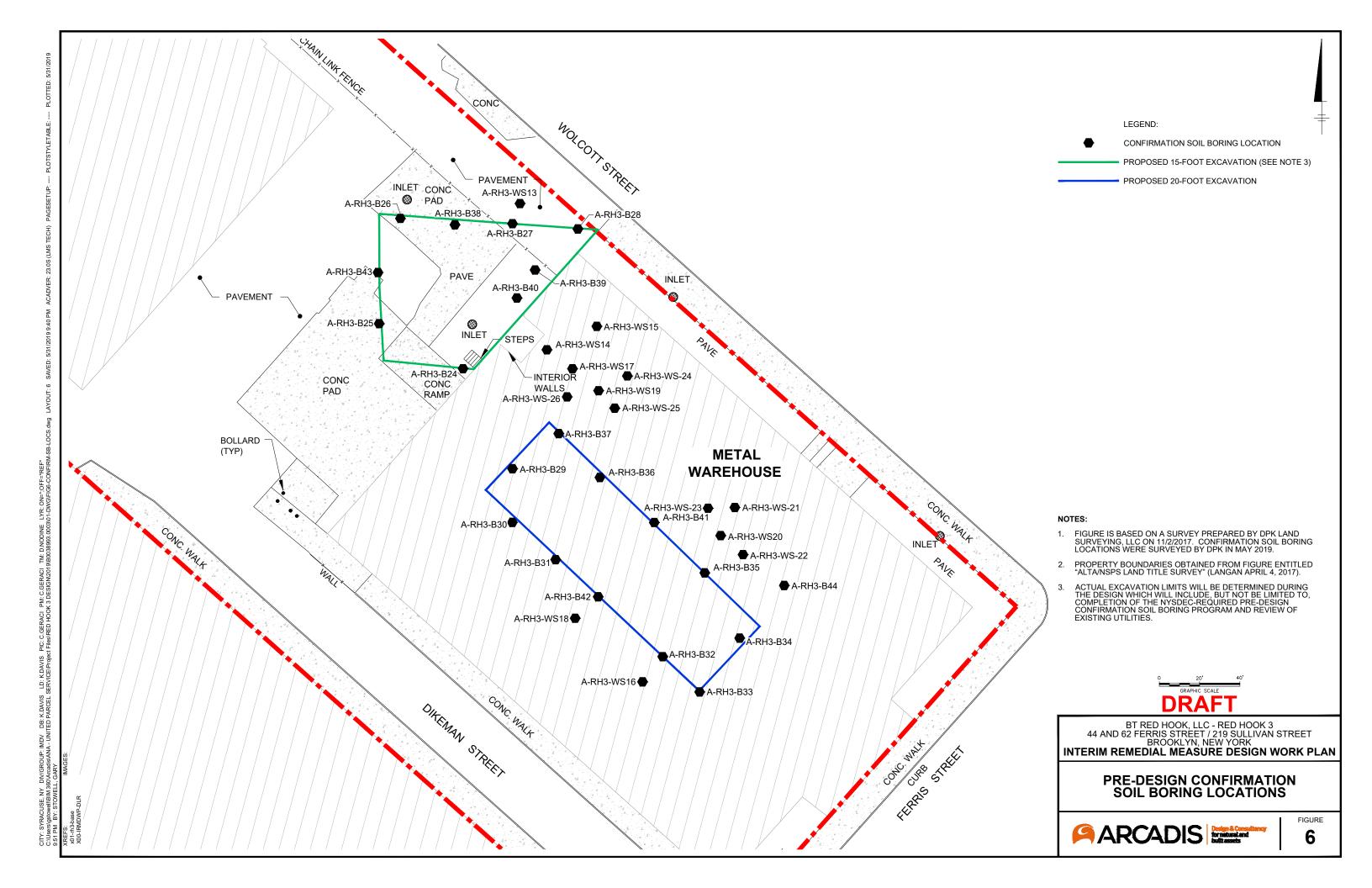
Enclosures:

## **Attachments**

- 1 Confirmation Soil Boring Locations Figure (from Arcadis' June 2019 Draft IRM Design Work Plan)
- 2 Confirmation Soil Boring Logs
- 3 Confirmation Soil Boring Photolog

## **ATTACHMENT 1**

**Confirmation Soil Boring Locations Figure (from Arcadis' June 2019 Draft IRM Design Work Plan)** 



## **ATTACHMENT 2**

**Confirmation Soil Boring Logs** 

Date Start/Finish: 4/30/19 - 5/3/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186838.91 Easting: 979591.30 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 9.28' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B24

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	10 -								
-	1				10.2 69.5			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. ASPHALT.  Brown fine to coarse SAND, some subangular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt and Concrete fragments, poorly sorted, loose, moist.  Subrounded Gravel, odor.	
-	- 5-	NA	0-5	NA	983.2 1,045				
<del>-</del> 5	-				0.0			Little fine to coarse angular Gravel and Brick.	
-	-	1	5-10	1.2	162.0 139.9				
<b>-</b> 10	0-				24.2 145.8			Dark gray SILT, some fine Sand, trace fine angular Gravel, soft, wet, slight odor, slight iridescent sheen.	- <b>-</b>
- -	-	2	10-15	3.3	52.5 4.4			Red brown very fine to medium SAND, some Clay, trace fine to coarse subangular Gravel,	Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets
<b>-</b> 15	-5 <b>-</b>				0.0			low plasticity, moist.  Red brown fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moist, slight odor.	
9	Α	³.R	CAI	5.0	2,714  Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/14/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B24.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	Elodityli, N1												
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction				
	_				173.0			Red brown fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moist, slight odor, slight iridescent sheen from 16-19' bgs.	Boring backfilled to				
=	_	3	15-20	5.0	44.5				grade with bentonite pellets				
=	-				31.1								
-	-10 -				3.4				5				
- 20	-				333.3			Wet.					
-	_				392.7								
-	-	4	20-25	5.0	490.7			Red brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, wet, odor.					
-	-		20 20	0.0	41.9								
-	-15 <b>-</b>				160.9								
<del>-</del> 25	_							Slight odor, slight iridescent sheen from 25-27' bgs.					
-	_				133.9								
-	_				45.5								
-	_	5	25-30	5.0	30.4								
-	-20 <del>-</del>				4.4								
30-					7.2			End of having at 00 km					
-								End of boring at 30' bgs.					
-	_												
	_												
_	_												
<del></del> 35	-25 <del>-</del>												
								<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	L = above mean sea level;				
C	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs t clearing.	rom observation during hand				
		•	- "	- • •	- 1 2211								
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 Date:
 6/14/2019

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 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 4/30/19 - 5/9/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186861.23 Easting: 979549.74 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 7.58' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

NA

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B25

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
- -	10 -							Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
	-				0.0		××	Weathered CONCRETE, BRICK, and GRAVEL.  Gray fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, Brick, and Concrete, dry.	
-	5 <b>-</b>	NA	0-5	NA	0.0			Red brown fine to coarse SAND, some Brick and Slag, little fine to coarse subangular Gravel, moist.	
<b>-</b> -5	<u>-</u>				0.0	_		Fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moderately dense, odor.	
-	-				0.0			Wet at 7' bgs; staining from 7-12' bgs.	
-	0-	1	5-10	3.0	49.6 92.3				
10	-				299.8 85.6	_			
-	- -5 <b>-</b>	2	10-15	3.5	6.3 92.0				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets
-	-				21.1				
<b>-</b> 15	_	3	15-20	5.0	0.0	-		Brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, dense, wet, iridescent sheen from 15-17' bgs.	
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	Design for na built	gn & Cons atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs is clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/14/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B25.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	BIOONIII, NT												
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction				
	_				0.0			Brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, dense, wet, iridescent sheen from 15-17' bgs.	Boring backfilled to				
-	-10 <b>-</b>	3	15-20	5.0	0.0				grade with bentonite pellets				
-					0.0								
-	-												
- 20	-				0.0			Brown fine to coarse SAND, poorly sorted, wet.	- 5				
-	-				0.0								
_	-				0.0			Brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, wet.					
	-15 <b>-</b>	4	20-25	5.0	0.0			Brown very line to line SAND, well sorted, wet.					
	-				0.0								
	_				0.0								
<b>—</b> 25	_				0.0								
_	_				0.0				=				
-	-20 <b>-</b>	5	25-30	NA	0.0								
-	20		20 00										
_					0.0								
30					0.0			End of boring at 30' bgs.	H				
-	-							Life of boiling at 50 bys.					
-	-												
_	-25 <b>-</b>												
	-												
	-												
<del></del> 35	-												
						<u>I</u>		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	L = above mean sea level;				
ARCADIS Design & Consultancy for natural and built assets								No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	rom observation during hand				
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Date Start/Finish: 4/30/19 - 5/3/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Easting: 979560.23 Casing Elevation: Surface Elevation:

Northing:

6.90' AMSL

186913.36

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B26

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
- -								Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
					0.0			Hand-cleared from U-5 bgs. CONCRETE.	
•	5 <b>-</b>				0.0			Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, little fine to coarse subangular Gravel, trace Silt, moist.	
	3 <b>-</b>	NA	0-5	NA	20.2				
					9.2			Some Gravel, Brick, Slag, and Ash.	
					10.2				
-5					112.1			Brown SILT, some fine to coarse SAND, soft, moist.	1
	0-				19.1			Dark gray fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, Brick, and Ash, poorly sorted, moist.	
		1	5-10	2.8	142.5			Dark gray brown very fine to fine Silty SAND, soft, wet, slight iridescent sheen, slight odor.	
					462.5				
					30.1				
-10					7.5				
	-5 <b>-</b>				8.1				Boring backfilled to
		2	10-15	5.0	3.9				grade with bentonite pellets
					2.5				
					3.5			Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, poorly sorted, wet.	- 5
- 15		3	15-20	4.6	0.0			Red brown fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet.	
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built			Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B26.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
					0.0			Red brown fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet.	Boring backfilled to
-	-10 <b>-</b>	3	15-20	4.6	0.0				grade with bentonite pellets
_					2.0				=
-					1.0			Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, trace fine angular Gravel, poorly sorted, wet.	
- 20					0.0			Grayish red brown fine to coarse SAND, well sorted, wet.	
-	-15 <del>-</del>				0.0				
-	-15 -	4	20-25	4.6	0.0				
-					0.0				
_ 25					0.0				
	-				0.0				
	-20 <b>-</b>				0.0				
_	_	5	25-30	5.0	0.0			Grayish red brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, wet.	
_	-				0.0				
- 30	-				0.0				
_	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.	
_	-25 <b>-</b>								
-	_								
-	_								
<del></del> 35	-								
	_								
								<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	
G	Α	R	CAI	DIS	Design for no built	in & Cons atural and assets	sultancy	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	from observation during hand
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 6/27/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-B26.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 4/30/19 - 5/3/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186907.31 Easting: 979615.84 Casing Elevation:

NA Surface Elevation: 8.19' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B27

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	10 -								
0	-				10.8		***	Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. ASPHALT.  Brown very fine to coarse SAND, some subangular Gravel and Pebbles, extensive Brick	-
-					6.1			fragments throughout, moist.	
	-	NA	0-5	NA	2.2				
_	5 <b>-</b>				27.8				
-	-				7.8				
<b>—</b> 5	_				51.1			Fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, Brick, and Slag, trace Silt, moist, slight odor.	
-	_				93.3				
-		1	5-10	3.0	810.4			Dark gray brown fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet, slight odor, some iridescent	- =
_	0-				267.5			sheen.	
	-				346.8				
<del>-</del> 10	-				184.4			Dark gray brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, saturated with golden NAPL, wet.	
-	-				150.7				Boring backfilled to
-	-	2	10-15	5.0	103.7				grade with bentonite pellets
-	-5 <b>-</b>				32.1			Dark gray SILT, little fine SAND, soft, wet.	. =
-	-				45.5				
<b>-</b> 15	-	3	15-20	3.2	203.0	1		Brown CLAY, little fine Sand, high plasticity, wet, some golden NAPL.	1 5
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	Design for name built	gn & Con: atural an assets		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	non-aqueous phase liquid.

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/14/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B27.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B27 Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

30' bgs

Borehole Depth:

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction		
	_				44.9			Brown CLAY, little fine Sand, high plasticity, wet, some golden NAPL.	Boring		
-	_								Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite		
-	10	3	15-20	3.2	66.9				pellets		
	-10 <del>-</del>				43.7			Brown fine to coarse SAND, trace Clay, poorly sorted, wet.	<u>-</u>		
	-				54.4						
- 20	-				58.7	-		Gray brown fine to medium SAND, trace coarse rounded Gravel, well sorted, wet.			
-	-				98.5						
	-	4	20-25	NA	228.3						
-	-15 <del>-</del>				152.5						
-	_				96.8						
<b>-</b> 25	_				332.9	-		Brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, wet, slight iridescent sheen from 25-27' bgs.			
-	_				261.1						
=	_	_	05.00		34.9						
-	-20 <b>-</b>	5	25-30	NA	34.9				5		
-					22.5						
20					43.8						
	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.			
-	-										
-	-										
-	-25 <b>-</b>										
-	_										
<b>—</b> 35											
	<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.										
G	Λ	D	CAI	סוכ	Desig	gn & Cons atural and assets	ultancy	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing.			
	/_	\L			built	assets	-				
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Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/14/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B27.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 4/30/19 - 5/6/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186908.12 Easting: 979648.21 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 9.00' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B28

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-	8)	03	В	ii.	,	)		
					0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, trace Silt, Brick, and Ash, moist.	
	-				0.0				
	-	NA	0-5	NA	2.1			Little Gravel, no Ash.	
	5 <b>-</b>				17.8				
	_				394.3 8.5			Brown fine to coarse SAND, trace fine to coarse Gravel and Brick, poorly sorted, moist.	
	-				284.8				
	=	1	5-10	3.2	57.5			Black very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, staining, wet.	
	0-				231.0				
)	_				169.9			Black and dark gray very fine to fine SAND, some Silt, wet, odor, slight sheen, black	
	-				94.5			staining.	
	-	2	10-15	NA	251.1 469.1				Boring backfilled grade with bentonite
	-	۷	10-13	INA	69.9				pellets
	-5 <b>-</b>				103.1			Gray brown fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet.	
5	_	2	15-20	NA	451.2			Very fine to fine SAND, little Silt, well sorted, saturated, black staining, slight sheen.	
3	Α	R	CAI	DIS	Design for na built			Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs f clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/11/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B28.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B28 Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

30' bgs Borehole Depth:

	DIOUNJI, NT												
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction				
					536.9			Very fine to fine SAND, little Silt, well sorted, saturated, black staining, slight sheen.	Boring backfilled to				
-	-	3	15-20	5.0	151.6			Gray brown CLAY, trace fine Sand, high plasticity, moderately stiff, moist.	grade with bentonite pellets				
-	-				54.7				policio				
-	-10 <del>-</del>				51.7								
<b>—</b> 20	_				56.7	-		Trace fine angular Gravel.					
_	_				0.0								
	_				0.0								
		4	20-25	5.0	0.0			Gray brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet.					
-	-				0.0								
-	-15 <del>-</del>				0.0								
<b>-</b> 25	-				0.0			Gray brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet.					
-	_												
-	_				0.0								
-	_	5	25-30	5.0	0.0								
_	-20 -				0.0				<b>=</b>				
20					0.0								
- 30	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.					
-	-												
-	-												
-	-												
-	-25 <del>-</del>												
<b>-</b> 35	_												
								<b>_</b>					
G	Δ	ιR	CAI	DIS	S Pesig for na built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs is clearing.					
Projec	ct: B0	ากรลด	93.0010.0	0100		Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/11/201						

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/11/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B28.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/7/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186789.36 Easting: 979615.77 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.50' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B29

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
-0	-				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Dark brown to very dark gray very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium subangular to rounded Gravel and Pebbles, trace Granules, Silt, and Brick fragments, poorly sorted,	
-	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0			loose, dry.	
-	_				0.0				
-	_				0.0				
<b>-</b> 5	_				0.5	_			
Ē	5 <b>-</b>				0.0				
-	_	1	5-10	3.5	0.0			Dark grayish brown very fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt and Granules, poorly sorted, Brick from 7-8' bgs.	1
-	_				0.0				
•	_				0.0				
10	_				0.4				
•	o <b>-</b>				0.0				Boring backfilled to
	-	2	10-15	2.5	0.0				grade with bentonite pellets
	-				0.0			SILT, some Clay, trace very fine Sand, medium to high plasticity, well sorted, dense, wet.	
<b>-</b> 15	-				0.0				
	-	3	15-20	4.6	0.0			Very dark brown to very dark gray very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, medium dense, wet.	
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Designation of the built			Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AM PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million;  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/14/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B29.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

30' bgs

Borehole Depth:

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction	
Depl	Elev	Sam	Sam	Reco	PID	Anal			_	
	-5 <b>-</b>				0.0			Very dark brown to very dark gray very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, medium dense, wet.	Boring backfilled to grade with	
	_	3	15-20	4.6	0.0				bentonite pellets	
	_				0.0			Odor from 18-30' bgs.		
	_				8.2					
- 20	-				57.2					
	-10 <b>-</b>				56.7					
	-	4	20-25	4.6	4.9					
	-				1.1					
	_				1.7				퉏	
<b>-</b> 25	_				5.8			Slight stain at 25.5' bgs.		
	-15 <b>-</b>				671.7					
	_	5	25-30	4.6	276.0					
	_				278.9					
	_				41.7					
- 30	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.		
-	-20 -									
-	_									
-	_									
-	_									
<del>-</del> 35	-									
		l		l		<u> </u>		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million;	L = above mean sea level;	
G	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing.	rom observation during hand	
Project:         B0038993.0010.00100         Created/Edited by:         N. Smith         Date:         6/14/2										

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/14/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B29.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/2/19 - 5/6/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186762.74 Easting: 979615.72 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.53' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B30

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Deptn (teet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
0	-							Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
	-				0.0				
	10 -				0.0			Dark red brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subrounded Gravel, poorly sorted, dry.	
	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
	-				0.0				
	_				0.0				
5	_				1.3			Light brown to gray SILT and very fine SAND, trace Granules, poorly sorted, dense, moist.	
	5 <b>-</b>				0.0				
		1	5-10	2.5	0.1				
		'	3-10	2.5	0.0				
10					1.7				
	_				0.1				
	o <b>-</b>				0.0				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite
	-	2	10-15	4.5	0.0			Reddish brown SILT, some Clay, medium plasticity, well sorted, very dense, moist.	bentonite pellets
	_				0.0				
15	-				0.0				
13	-	3	15-20	4.0	1.0			Dark gray very fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, medium dense, well sorted, wet, strong odor.	
								<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	L = above mean sea level;
0	Δ	P	CAI	פור	Desig for n	gn & Con atural an	sultancy <b>d</b>	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs f clearing.	rom observation during hand

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/11/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B30.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	DIOUNIYII, NT												
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction				
	-5 <b>-</b>				8.7			Dark gray very fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, medium dense, well sorted, wet, strong odor.	Boring backfilled to				
-	-	3	15-20	4.0	173.2				grade with bentonite pellets				
	_				1,972				5				
	-				>15,000								
<b>-</b> 20	-				>15,000			Staining on liner from 20-28' bgs.					
-	-10 <b>-</b>				>15,000								
	-	4	20-25	5.0	>15,000								
-	-				769.1								
<b>-</b> 25	-				616.0								
_	-				>15,000								
_	-15 <del>-</del>	5	25-30	5.0	2,392 565.6								
-	_		20 00	0.0	590.3			Gray very fine SAND and SILT, well sorted, dense, moist, strong odor.					
-	_				616.6		•						
- 30	_						:-	End of boring at 30' bgs.					
-	-20 <b>-</b>												
-	_												
-													
-	-												
<b></b> 35	-												
	-												
G	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing.												
Proje	ct: B0	003899	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/11/2019				

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/11/2019Data File:A-RH3-B30.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/6/19 - 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186744.26 Easting: 979637.19 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.53' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 20' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B31

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-					0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -	NA	0-5	NA	0.0			Very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, Brick, and Ash, dry.	
-5 - -	5 -	1	5-10	4.2	0.4			Black fine to coarse SAND, some Slag and Ash, trace fine Gravel, dry.  Red brown Clayey fine SAND, low plasticity, moist.	
10  	- o-	2	10-15	5.0	0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4			Red brown CLAY, trace fine Sand, high plasticity, moist.	Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets
<b>-</b> 15	Δ	3 <b>R</b>	15-20	5.0	0.4  Design for na built		sultancy	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B31.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B31 Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

**Borehole Depth:** 

20' bgs

	Diodity, 141									
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction	
	-5 <b>-</b>				0.4			Red brown SILT, some fine to coarse Sand, trace fine angular Gravel, soft, wet.	Boring backfilled to	
=								Red brown CLAY, trace fine SAND, high plasticity, wet.	grade with bentonite	
-	_	3	15-20	5.0	0.4				pellets	
_	-				0.4					
	_				0.6			Dark red brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, wet.		
- 20	_							Refusal; end of boring at 20' bgs.		
-	10 -									
-	-10 <del>-</del>									
-	-									
	_									
-	_									
<del>-</del> 25	_									
-										
-	-15 <del>-</del>									
	_									
-	_									
-	_									
<b>—</b> 30										
-	_									
_	-20 <b>-</b>									
	-									
•	_									
-										
<b>—</b> 35	_									
	_									
	<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.									
0	Pesign & Consultancy for natural and built assets							No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.		
Proje	ct: B0	00389	93.0010.0	00100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/18/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B31.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/6/19 - 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186696.21 Easting: 979690.24 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.55' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B32

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-								
					0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium subangular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt, poorly sorted, loose, dry.	
_	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-	=				0.0				
<b>-</b> 5	_				0.0	1		Trace Brick and Coal fragments from 5-7' bgs.	
_	5-				0.0				
_	-	1	5-10	3.8	0.0			Grayish brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, moderately loose, strong odor.	- - -
<b>-</b> 10	_				0.0				
-	-				2,308				- Daries
-	0-	2	10-15	3.8	691.0 654.4			Wet at 12' bgs.	Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets
-	_				4,631				
<b>-</b> 15	_	3	15-20	4.0	12,595 15,000	_		Staining and small amount of NAPL from 15-20' bgs.	
9	Δ		CAI	DIS			sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	non-aqueous phase liquid.

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B32.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B32 Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

30' bgs

Borehole Depth:

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

	(JSL)	ber			(mda				
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-5 <b>-</b>	o)	0)	L.	15,000	٩		Grayish brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, moderately loose, strong odor, staining and small amount of NAPL from 15-20' bgs.	Boring backfilled to
	_	3	15-20	4.6	15,000				grade with bentonite pellets
	_				15,000				
_ 20	_				7,185				
-	_				1,667				
-	-10 -				724.5				
-	_	4	20-25	4.6	637.4			Trace to little Silt from 23-25' bgs.	
-	-				342.3				
- 25					230.9				
-	-15 <del>-</del>				268.5				
-	_	5	25-30	4.2	138.4				
-	_				82.1				
30	_				233.5				
	-							End of boring at 30' bgs.	
-	-20 <b>-</b>								
-	_								
-	_								
<b>-</b> 35	_								
	_							Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS	L = above mean sea level;
Ø	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for na built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL =  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs t clearing.	
Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Create								Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/18/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B32.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/6/19 - 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186678.75 Easting: 979708.56

Casing Elevation: Surface Elevation: 11.52' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B33

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
	-				NA			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				NA			Very dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium subangular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt and Brick fragments, poorly sorted, loose, dry	y.
-	_	NA	0-5	NA	NA				
-	_				NA				
<b>-</b> 5	=				NA				
_5	_				NA				
_	5 <b>-</b>				NA				
_	_	1	5-10	2.5	NA			Brown to grayish brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, medium dense, slight or	dor.
-	_				NA				
<b>-</b> 10	-				NA				
	-				NA				
	o <b>-</b>				NA				Boring backfilled to grade with
	_	2	10-15	3.3	NA				bentonite pellets
	_				NA				
<del></del> 15	_				NA			Wat at 15' han	
	_	3	15-20	4.6	NA				
9	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for n built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; APID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' by clearing. The PID malfunctioned during drilling at this boring.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B33.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	3L)	er			m)				
et bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	nt/Type	/ (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation	Sample F	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Head		Geologic Column		
	-5 <b>-</b>				NA			Brown to grayish brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, medium dense, slight odor.	Boring backfilled to
	-	3	15-20	4.6	NA				grade with bentonite pellets
	-				NA				=
- 20	-				NA				
	_				NA				
	-10 <del>-</del>				NA				
-	_	4	20-25	4.6	NA				
-	_				NA				들
<b>-</b> 25	-				NA				
-	_				NA				
-	-15 <del>-</del>				NA				
-	-	5	25-30	NA	NA				Ē
-	-				NA				
- 30					NA			End of boring at 30' bgs.	E
-	-								
-	-20 <b>-</b>								
-	1								
-									
<del>-</del> 35									
								<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	SL = above mean sea level;
G	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for name built	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing. The PID malfunctioned during drilling at this boring.	
Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Cre								Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/18/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-B33.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/6/19 - 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186705.39 Easting: 979728.39 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.52' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B34

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

							1		<u></u>
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	1 1								
Ů	_				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Very dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium subangular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt, poorly sorted, loose, dry.	
-	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-	_				0.0				
-	_				0.0				
<b>—</b> 5	_				18.3				
-	5 <b>-</b>				16.6				
_	-	1	5-10	4.2	16.8			Brown to gray very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, medium dense.	
-	_				20.0				
-	_				20.3				
<del></del> 10	_				24.2	_			
-	o <b>-</b>				41.9				Boring backfilled to
-	_	2	10-15	5.0	40.6				grade with bentonite pellets
-	_				74.6				
-	=				67.1				
<b></b> 15	-	3	15-20	5.0	84.3			Wet at 15' bgs.	
Ø	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Designation Desi	gn & Con atural an assets		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AM: PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B34.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	D.00	JKIYII,	.,,							
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction	
	-5 <b>-</b>				114.0			Brown to gray very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, medium dense.	Boring backfilled to	
-	-	3	15-20	5.0	344.8				grade with bentonite pellets	
	-				359.0					
_	-				105.9				들	
<del>-</del> 20	-				251.1					
-	-10 <del>-</del>				NA					
-	_	4	20-25	4.8	109.8					
-	_				64.9					
-	-				172.7				들	
<del></del> 25	_				69.7					
_	-15 <del>-</del>				86.7					
-	-	5	25-30	5.0	91.9					
_	-	-			112.4					
20	-				105.8				直	
- 30	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.		
_	-20 <b>-</b>									
-	_									
-										
-	-									
<b>-</b> 35	-									
	-									
6	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing.									
	<b>,</b> ,	VI X			<b>J</b> built	assets				
Proie	ct: B0	00389	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019	

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/18/2019Data File:A-RH3-B34.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/6/19 - 5/13/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186737.73 Easting: 979711.09 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.72' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B35

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	1 1							Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
	-				0.0				
	10 -				0.0			Brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, Slag, and Brick, trace Silt, poorly sorted, dry.	들
	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
	_				0.0				
-	_				0.0				들
<b>-</b> 5	_				0.0			Dark brown to black fine to coarse SAND, some Slag and Ash, trace fine angular Gravel, poorly sorted, dry.	
	5 <b>-</b>				13.3				
	_	1	5-10	3.2	21.5				
					92.3				=
					47.2				
-10					123.6				
	o <b>-</b>				74.1			Brown very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, slight staining.	Boring backfilled to
		2	10-15	3.5	70.2				grade with bentonite pellets
					>15,000				
	_				>15,000				
<b>-</b> 15		3	15-20	5.0	128.8			Brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet, heavy staining.	
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Pesign for na built	gn & Con: atural an assets		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing.	non-aqueous phase liquid.

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/18/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B35.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

Data File: A-RH3-B35.dat

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Elevation (feet AMSL) PID Headspace (ppm) Sample Run Number Analytical Sample Geologic Column Sample/Int/Type Depth (feet bgs) Recovery (feet) Well/Boring Stratigraphic Description Construction Brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet, heavy staining, golden brown NAPL from 16-16.5' bgs. Boring backfilled to grade with 309.6 -5 bentonite 3 15-20 5.0 335.6 Brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, trace Silt, wet; staining from 17.5-28' bgs. pellets 303.6 345.4 - 20 423.3 -10 222.0 4 20-25 5.0 81.4 68.0 25 168.9 96.0 -15 5 25-30 5.0 96.3 70.2 107.4 End of boring at 30' bgs. -20 35  $\label{eq:bgs} \begin{tabular}{ll} bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid. \\ \end{tabular}$ Remarks: No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand ARCADIS clearing. Project: B0038993.0010.00100

Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/18/2019
Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186785.02 Easting: 979659.10 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.65' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B36

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
	=				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 <b>–</b>				0.0			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, Concrete, Slag, and Brick, dry. [FILL]	1
-		NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-					0.0				
-	_				0.0				
<b></b> 5	_				0.9			Black fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, trace fine Gravel, soft, moist, slight odor.	
-	5 <b>-</b>				3.2				
-	_	1	5-10	2.8	48.2				
-	_				73.3				
-					65.5				
-10	_				3.3	1		Black fine to coarse SAND, trace fine angular Gravel, Concrete, Brick, and Slag, moist, slight odor.	
-	0-				12.5				Boring backfilled to
-	_	2	10-15	3.5	5.1				grade with bentonite pellets
	_				23.3				
	_				1.7				5
<b></b> 15	_	3	15-20	5.0	121.9	1		Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, well sorted, wet, odor.	
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Pesig for na built			Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/27/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B36.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	Brooklyn, NY										
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction		
	-5 <b>-</b>				84.4			Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, well sorted, wet, odor.	Boring backfilled to		
-		3	15-20	5.0	380.3				grade with bentonite pellets		
-					239.6						
-											
- 20	_				93.6			Red brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, wet, golden brown staining on liner.	- 5		
-					93.1						
-	-10 <b>-</b>				192.6						
-	_	4	20-25	5.0	286.1						
-	-				95.6						
<del></del> 25	-				31.0						
_	-				25.5				=		
	-15 <b>-</b>				53.9						
	-	5	25-30	5.0	6.9						
-	-				55.6				=		
=	_				46.3				를		
- 30	-							End of boring at 30' bgs.			
-	-20 <del>-</del>										
-											
-											
-											
<del></del> 35											
								Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS	L = above mean sea level;		
G	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S   Design for na built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	from observation during hand		
Proie	et B0	0389	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019		

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/27/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-B36.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/6/19 - 5/10/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186806.75 Easting: 979638.71 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.57' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B37

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

et bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	ıt/Type	(feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Sample	Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction	
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation	Sample F	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Head	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column			
- -	-									
	ı				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.		
	10 -				0.0			Dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium angular Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt, poorly sorted, loose, moist.		
_	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0					
	-				0.0					
	_				0.0				들	
<b>—</b> 5	-				120.4			Very fine to fine SAND, poorly sorted, moderately loose, moist, strong odor.		
	5 <b>-</b>				117.5					
	_	1	5-10	2.3	741.2			Some crushed Stone at 7' bgs.		
_	-				4,497			Some Gravel at 8' bgs.		
-	_				1,697					
-10	_				89.7			Dark gray very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, wet, strong odor.		
	0-				1,075				Boring backfilled to	
-	_	2	10-15	4.2	168.8				grade with bentonite pellets	
-	_				743.2					
	_				857.2					
<b>-</b> 15	_	3	15-20	4.2	357.2			Staining and sheen from 15-17.5' bgs		
9	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing.									

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B37.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

30' bgs

Borehole Depth:

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-5 <b>-</b>				1,030			Dark gray very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, wet, strong odor, staining and sheen from 15-17.5' bgs.	Boring backfilled to
-	_	3	15-20	4.2	1,287				grade with bentonite pellets
-	_				1,287				
-	_				1,238				뒫
- 20	_				2,491				
	-10 -				654.9				
	=	4	20-25	4.2	3,805				
	_				659.9				
	_				362.0				들
<b>-</b> 25	_				382.3				
	-15 <del>-</del>				720.7				
	-	5	25-30	2.3	277.3				
	_				193.6				
30	_				360.6				들
	-							End of boring at 30' bgs.	
	-20 <b>-</b>								
	_								
	_								
<del></del> 35	_								
	_								
								<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL =	
9	Δ	R	CAI		S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs t clearing.	rom observation during hand
Proje	Project: B0038993.0010.00100							Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/18/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B37.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/9/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186910.20 Easting: 979587.28 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 7.54' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B38

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	10 -	6	6	Œ	a.	ď	O		
	_				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
	-				0.0			Brown very fine to medium SAND, some fine to medium angular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt, poorly sorted, loose, moist.	
	5 <b>-</b>	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
	_				0.0				
	-				0.0				
	-				0.0			Dark brown fine to medium SAND, some angular to subangular Gravel, trace Silt, poorly sorted, loose, moist. [FILL]	
	-				0.0				
	0-	1	5-10	1.0	0.0				
	-				0.0				
0	-				0.6				
J					0.0			Gray very fine to fine SAND, some Silt, well sorted, moderately dense, wet, slight odor.	
	-				427.9				Boring backfilled to grade with
	-5 <b>-</b>	2	10-15	3.5	125.6				grade with bentonite pellets
	-				0.0				
5	-				0.4				
	_	3	15-20	3.2	0.0				
0	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Designation of the built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy nd	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B38.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B38 Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Borehole Depth:

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

30' bgs

⊨									
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	_				0.0			Gray very fine to fine SAND, some Silt, well sorted, moderately dense, wet, slight odor.	Boring
-									backfilled to grade with bentonite
-	-10 <b>-</b>	3	15-20	3.2	0.0				pellets
	_				0.0			Grayish brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, moist, slight	
	_				0.0			odor.	5
- 20									뒫
-					0.0				
	_				0.0				ㄹ
	-15 <b>-</b>	4	20-25	5.0	0.0				
	_				0.0				
}									
<del>-</del> 25					0.0				
	-				0.0				
	-				0.0				
	-20 <b>-</b>	5	25-30	3.0	0.0				
-					0.0				
-					0.0				
- 30	_				0.0				H
	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.	
	_								
	-25 <b>-</b>								
-									
-									
<b>-</b> 35	_								
	_								
					l	<u> </u>	ı	<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	SL = above mean sea level;
C	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs t clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/18/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B38.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/7/19 - 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186887.82 Easting: 979627.01 Casing Elevation: NA

Surface Elevation: 9.58' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B39

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction	
-	10 -				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. ASPHALT.  Dark brown very fine to medium SAND, some fine to medium subangular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, loose, dry, slight odor.	- =	
-	5-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0			Gravei and Peobles, loose, dry, slight odor.		
-5 - -	-	1	5-10	2.1	0.0 0.0 584 649.0			Dark gray very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moderately loose, strong odor.  Wet at 7' bgs. Iridescence and staining from 7-15' bgs.		
- 10 - -	-	2	10-15	2.5	522.7 719.1 169.2 2,064				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets	
<b>-</b> 15	-5 - 2,565									

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B39.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

		JKIYII,									
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction		
	_				166.6			Gray SILT, some Clay, medium to high plasticity, dense, moist, odor.	Boring backfilled to		
	_	3	15-20	1.7	101.7				backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets		
	_				70.6			Grayish brown to dark gray very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moderately loose, wet, odor.			
_ 20	-10 <del>-</del>				61.2						
_	-				>15,000			NAPL from 20-23' bgs.			
-	-	4	20-25	4.2	>15,000 4,062						
-	_		20 20	2	373						
<b>-</b> 25	-15 <b>-</b>				399.1						
-	-				700.2						
-	_	- 5	25-30	4.6	284.3 126.1						
-	_				195.1						
	-20 <del>-</del>				45.5						
-	-							End of boring at 30' bgs.			
-	-										
<b>-</b> 35	-25 <b>-</b>										
G	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing.										
Proje	ct: B0	03899	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019		

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/18/2019Data File:A-RH3-B39.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/7/19 - 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186873.93 Easting: 979617.98 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 9.22' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B40 Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	10 -							Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. ASPHALT.	
	-				0.0		***	Dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium subangular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, loose, dry, slight odor. [FILL]	- F
	-				0.0			Graver and 1 cooles, loose, dry, signification. [1 index]	
	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				늘
	-				0.0				
-	5 <b>-</b>				0.0				
<b>-</b> 5	-				464.1			Dark gray very fine to medium SAND, little Silt, well sorted, medium dense, strong odor, tar-like substance from 5-6' bgs.	- 5
-	_				349.1				
-	_	4	F 40	2.1	890.2			Wet at 7' bgs; sheen from 7-19' bgs.	
-	_	1	5-10	2.1					
-	o <b>-</b>				756.4				
-10	_				427.9				
-	_				3,720				
-	-				1,420				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite
-		2	10-15	2.9	1,682				pellets
-	-5 <b>-</b>				486.2				
<del></del> 15	- J <b>-</b>				244.6				
	_	3	15-20	4.6	197.5				
9	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B40.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

30' bgs

**Borehole Depth:** 

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	_		0)		134.1	_		Dark gray very fine to medium SAND, little Silt, well sorted, medium dense, wet, strong odor, sheen from 7-19' bgs.	Boring backfilled to
-	_	3	15-20	4.6	61.3				grade with bentonite pellets
	-				1,657				
- 20	-10 <del>-</del>				738.5			Dark gray very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, medium dense, wet, staining from 19-28' bgs.	
-	_				3,161				
-	_	4	20-25	3.3	>15,000 3,501				
-	-				974.0				
-	-15 <b>-</b>	-			1,956				
<del>-</del> 25	_				494.1				
	-				365.2				
	_	5	25-30	NA	171.6				
	-				162.9				
20	-20 -				41.3				들
	-							End of boring at 30' bgs.	
	_								
-	-								
-	-25 <b>-</b>								
<b>-</b> 35									
								Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS	SI = ahove mean sea level.
G	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for na built:	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing.	
Projec	ct: BC	ากรถด	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/18/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B40.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/13/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186762.70 Easting: 979686.04 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.65' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

NA

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B41

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
-0					0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-					0.0			Brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, Slag, and Brick, poorly sorted, dry.	1
-	10 -	NI A	0-5	NA	0.0				
-		NA	0-5	NA					틸
-	-				0.0				
<b>-</b> 5	-				0.0	-		Dark brown and black fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, Slag, Ash,	- 5
-	-				11.8			and Brick, poorly sorted, dry.	틀
-	5 <b>-</b>				6.6				
-	-	1	5-10	3.0	6.3				
-	-				6.2				5
<del>-</del> 10	-				40.0				
	_				82.9				
	0-				32.2			Black SILT, trace fine Sand, soft, wet.	Boring backfilled to
	_	2	10-15	3.0	48.2				grade with bentonite pellets
	_				20.3				
	_				15.4			Red brown and dark gray SILT, some fine Sand, soft, moist.	] [
<b>-</b> 15	_	3	15-20	5.0	50.7				
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AM PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/19/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B41.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-5 <del>-</del>				144.4			Red brown and dark gray SILT, some fine Sand, soft, moist.	Boring backfilled to
-	-	3	15-20	5.0	10.6				grade with bentonite pellets
_					66.5				
-	-								
- 20	_				92.0			Red brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining.	
-	=				134.1				뒫
-	-10 -				75.8				
-	-	4	20-25	5.0	100.1				
	_				34.5				틸
- 25	_				43.5				
_ 25	_				55.6				
-	-15 <del>-</del>				63.7				
-	-	5	25-30	5.0	81.2				
-					43.2				
_					32.5				
30-								End of boring at 30' bgs.	<u> </u>
-	_								
-	-20 -								
-									
-	_								
<del></del> 35	-								
	-							Demontor has a holour ground surface MA a net and include AMS	N = chave mean ass terrals
G	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for na built	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing.	
Drois			2 0040 0					Created/Edited by: N. Craith	Dete: 6/10/2010

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/19/2019Data File:A-RH3-B41.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/10/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186725.88 Easting: 979658.25 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.53' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B42

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
- -	- -						<b>24</b> 24 1		
	-				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium angular Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt, poorly sorted, loose, moist. [FILL]	
	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-	-				0.0				
_	-				0.0				
<b>—</b> 5					33.6				
-	5 <b>–</b>				121.8				
	_	1	5-10	3.5	44.5			Reddish brown SILT and CLAY, medium to high plasticity, well sorted, dense, moist, slight odor.	
_	-				11.6				
10	_								
-	_				8.2				
-	0-				161.1				Boring backfilled to grade with
-	-	2	10-15	5.0	74.5				bentonite pellets
-	-				379.9				
<b>-</b> 15	-				190.1				
	-	3	15-20	5.0	>15,000				=
6	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for na built	gn & Cons atural and assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	non-aqueoous phase liquid.

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/12/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B42.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

30' bgs

**Borehole Depth:** 

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-5 <b>-</b>				>15,000			Dark gray very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, moderately loose, wet, strong odor, heavy staining from 15-23' bgs, NAPL saturation from 15-18' bgs.	Boring backfilled to
	_	3	15-20	5.0	>15,000				grade with bentonite pellets
	-				>15,000				
_ 20	_				>15,000				
_ 20	_				>15,000				
	-10 <b>-</b>				>15,000				틸
	-	4	20-25	4.6	>15,000				
	_				3,657				
_ 25	-				1,082				
_ 25	-				731.6				
-	-15 <b>-</b>				1,679				
	=	5	25-30	NA	3,569				
	=				2,336				
	_				890.4				틸
-30								End of boring at 30' bgs.	
-	-20 <b>-</b>								
-	_								
-	-								
-	-								
<del></del> 35	-								
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I	I .	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL =	SL = above mean sea level; non-aqueoous phase liquid.
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for na built.	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	
Project: B0038993.0010.00100 C								Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/12/2019

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/12/2019 Data File: A-RH3-B42.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/9/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186886.53 Easting: 979549.14 Casing Elevation: NA

Surface Elevation:

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

7.20' AMSL

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B43

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	10 -								
					0.0		× ×	Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. ASPHALT and GRAVEL.	
	-				0.0			Brown very fine to medium SAND, some fine to medium angular to subangular Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt, loose, moist.	
-	5 <b>-</b>	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
	-				0.0				
-	-				0.0				
<b>—</b> 5					0.0			Dark gray very fine SAND and SILT, well sorted, wet, odor, heavy staining.	
	-				0.0				
	0-	1	5-10	0.5	0.0				
					0.0				
10					0.0				
-10					78.2				
					0.0				Boring backfilled to
	-5 <b>-</b>	2	10-15	5.0	0.0			Grayish brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, wet.	grade with bentonite pellets
	-				0.0				
<b>-</b> 15					0.0				
		3	15-20	4.2	0.0				
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Pesig for ni built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy Id	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/12/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B43.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

(sb	t AMSL)	Number	/pe	∋t)	ce (ppm)	nple	umr		Well/Boring
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Construction
	1				0.0			Grayish brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, wet.	Boring backfilled to
	-10 <del>-</del>	3	15-20	4.2	0.0				grade with bentonite pellets
					0.0				
_ 20					0.0				
	-				0.0				
					0.0				
	-15 <b>-</b>	4	20-25	4.2	0.0				
	_				0.0				
<b>-</b> 25					0.0				
-					0.0				
-	-20 <b>-</b>				0.0				
-	_	5	25-30	5.0	0.0				
-					0.0				
<del>- 30</del>					0.0			End of boring at 30' bgs.	E
-	_								
-	-25 <b>-</b>								
-	-								
-	-								
<b>-</b> 35	-								
								Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	SL = above mean sea level;
G	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Pesig formation	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs to clearing.	rom observation during hand
Projec	rt: B0	03899	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/12/2019

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/12/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-B43.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/23/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186731.49 Easting: 979750.49 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.50' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 25' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-B44

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
-0	_				0.0			Hand-cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Dark red brown fine to coarse SAND, trace fine angular Gravel, Slag, and Brick, poorly sorted, dry.	
-	10								
-	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-	-				0.0				
<b>-</b> -5	-				0.0				
	_				1.2				
=	5 <b>-</b>				2.2			Red brown fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moist.	
-		1	5-10	3.0	1.1				
-					0.9				
-	-				4.1				=
-10					3.9	1		SILT, some fine Sand, soft, wet.	
-					3.9				
-	0-				7.5				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite
-	_	2	10-15	3.5	15.0				pellets
_	-				4.3			N. f. J. f. OAND J. O''.	
<b>-</b> 15	-				88.4			Very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, staining.	
13	_	3	15-20	5.0	101.5				
Ø	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	Design for n built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.	

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-B44.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 25' bgs

	BIOONIJI, NT												
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction				
	-5 <b>-</b>				133.7			Very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, staining.	Boring backfilled to				
=	=	3	15-20	5.0	75.5				backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets				
-	_				41.2				5				
-													
<b>-</b> 20					15.6								
-	-				90.2								
	-10 <b>-</b>				49.0								
	-	4	20-25	5.0	12.2								
	-				11.2				5				
-	-				6.0								
- 25	-						5.5.5.5	Refusal; end of boring at 25' bgs.					
•	-15 <b>-</b>												
	ı												
- 30	-												
	-												
	-20 <b>-</b>												
	_												
	-												
	_												
<b>-</b> 35	-												
		I	1	I		I	I .	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	L = above mean sea level;				
9	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	Design for na built:	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	No analytical samples collected. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs clearing.					
roje	ct: B0	03899	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019				

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/27/2019Data File:A-RH3-B44.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/7/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186920.71 Easting: 979619.54 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 8.09' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 28.5' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS13

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	10 -								
-0	-				0.0		×××	Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. ASPHALT and GRAVEL.	
-	_				0.0		×	Brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium subangular to subrounded Gravel and Pebbles, trace Silt, poorly sorted, loose, dry.	1
-	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-	5 <b>-</b>	IVA	0-0	IVA	0.0				
-	-								
<b>-</b> -5	_				0.0	-		Fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moderately dense, odors.	- 5
-	_				26.0	V			
-	-				NA	ΙΛ.		Wet at 7' bgs.	
-	o <b>-</b>	1	5-10	2.1	102.4				
-					186.9	17			
-10					234.0	ΙΧ.		Significant staining at 10' bgs.	
-	-	2	10-15	0.4	141.1				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets
_	-5 <b>-</b>								
<b>-</b> 15	-	3	15-20	4.6	20.3				
9	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 9-10' bgs, and 20-21' bgs for analysis of volatile organic contermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-28.5' bgs) composite sar waste disposal parameters.	aring. Samples collected from 6-7' mpounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith Date: 6/14/2019 Data File: A-RH3-WS13.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 28.5' bgs

					ı				
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	_				6.1			Fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moderately dense, odors.	Boring backfilled to
=	-				1.9			Lish Associate A	grade with bentonite pellets
=	-10 <b>-</b>	3	15-20	4.6				Light to grayish brown SILT and very fine SAND, well sorted, medium to low plasticity, dense, moist, odors.	penets
-	_				0.9				
<b>-</b> 20	_				1.0	\/		Light grayish brown fine to medium SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, moist.	
-	_				0.0	<u> </u>			뒫
-	-				0.0				
_	-15 <b>-</b>	4	20-25	4.2	0.0				
	-15 -				0.0				
0.5	•				0.0				
<b></b> 25	-				NA				
-	-	5	25-28.5	3.0	NA				
-	_				NA				
=	-20 <b>-</b>								
=	_							Refusal; end of boring at 28.5' bgs.	
<del>-</del> 30	_								
-	-								
-	_								
-	-25 <b>-</b>								
-	_								
<del></del> 35									
								<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.	SL = above mean sea level;
G	Δ	R	CAI	DI:	S Design for na built	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 9-10' bgs, and 20-21' bgs for analysis of volatile organic cointermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-28.5' bgs) composite sar waste disposal parameters.	mpounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),
Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Cre								Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/14/2019

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/14/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS13.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/8/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186848.27 Easting: 979632.88 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.64' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS14

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Well/Boring Stratigraphic Description Construction
-	_ _ 							
	_				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.
	10 -				0.0			Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, Concrete, Slag, and Brick, dry. [FILL]
	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0			틸
	_				0.0			
-	_				0.0			
<b>—</b> 5	_				>15,000	X		Gray very fine to medium SAND, trace Pebbles, poorly sorted, dry, slight odor.
	5 <b>-</b>				956			
	_	1	5-10	5.0	1,640			틸
	_				3,706			Brown very fine SAND and SILT, well sorted, dense, moist, odor.
-	_				345.0			
-10	_				155.6			Dark gray very fine to coarse, SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, poorly sorted, moist.
	o <b>-</b>				2,693			Boring backfilled to
	_	2	10-15	4.2	2,509			grade with bentonite pellets
	_				>15,000			
	-				10,499			
<b>-</b> 15	_	3	15-20	1.8	1,433	1		Brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, wet, strong odor, staining.
				•				Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.
9	PARCADIS Design & Consultancy for natural and built assets							Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Samples collected from 5-6' bgs, 19-20' bgs, and 24-25' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs), intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposal parameters.

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS14.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	Brooklyn, NY												
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction				
-	-5	3	15-20	1.8	>15,000 >15,000 >15,000 >15,000	Y		Brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, moderately dense, wet, strong odor, staining.  NAPL from 19-20' bgs.	Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets				
- 20	-10 <b>-</b>	4	20-25	4.1	1,022 12,670 >15,000 >15,000	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \							
- 25 - -	-15 <b>-</b>	5	25-30	4.2	>15,000 >15,000 2,380 639 967 541	Ι.Χ.							
- 30 - - - 35	-20 -							End of boring at 30' bgs.					
			<b>CAI</b>		S Design for na builts	i <mark>n &amp; Con:</mark> atural an assets		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 19-20' bgs, and 24-25' bgs for analysis of volatile organic contermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samp waste disposal parameters.  Created/Edited by: N. Smith	non-aqueous phase liquid.  aring. Samples collected from 5-6' ompounds. Shallow (1-7' bos).				

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/27/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS14.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/14/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186859.87 Easting: 979657.59 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.50' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS15

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
-0	_				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0		O O	Gray coarse angular GRAVEL, some Concrete, loose, dry.	1
}					0.0		• 0	Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium Gravel and Pebbles, poorly sorted,	-
-	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0			loose, moist.	<b>=</b>
	-				0.0				
	_				0.0				
<b>-</b> 5	_				82.0			Dark gray fine to medium SAND, little Silt, well sorted, moderately dense, wet, odor.	
-	5 <b>–</b>				123.1	X			
	_	1	5-10	0.5	70.6				
<u> </u>					52.6				
-					383.8				
-10									
-					482.3				
-	0-				1,908				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite
-	-	2	10-15	2.5	825.5				pellets
	-				687.5				
	-				360.9			Dark gray SILT, some fine Sand, well sorted, dense, wet, odor.	
15	_	3	15-20	2.5	324.5				
9	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Designation of the built	gn & Con atural an assets		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AM PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cl bgs, 16-17' bgs, and 28-29' bgs for analysis of volatile organic intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite sam waste disposal parameters.	= non-aqueous phase liquid. learing. Samples collected from 6-7' compounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS15.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-5 <b>-</b>	3	15-20	2.5	13,176 1,850 713.8	X		Dark gray SILT, some fine Sand, well sorted, dense, wet, odor.  NAPL from 16-19' bgs.  Dark gray fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moderately dense, wet.	Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets
_ 20	-10 <b>-</b>	4	20-25	4.5	1,332 513.2 865.8			NAPL from 23-24' bgs. Staining from 25-30' bgs.	
- 25	- -15 - -	5	25-30	5.0	1,260 893.6 512.9 1,664	X			
	-20 -							End of boring at 30' bgs.	
			<b>CA</b> I		S Design for no built	gn & Cons atural an assets		Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clebgs, 16-17' bgs, and 28-29' bgs for analysis of volatile organic cointermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samp waste disposal parameters.  Created/Edited by: N. Smith	non-aqueous phase liquid.  aring. Samples collected from 6-7' compounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/18/2019Data File:A-RH3-WS15.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/13/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186683.75 Easting: 979680.26 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.51' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS16

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

							_		
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
	-				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, trace Silt, poorly sorted, moist.	
}		N/A	0.5	NIA.	0.0				5
-		NA	0-5	NA	0.0				뒫
-	-				0.0				
<b>-</b> 5	-				0.0				
	_				0.0	X		Dark brown to black fine to coarse SAND, some Slag and Ash, trace fine angular Gravel, dry.	
	5 <b>-</b>				0.0				5
	_	1	5-10	4.2	0.0			Gray brown very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moist.	
	_				3.6				
-					0.0				=
-10	-				0.0			Fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moist to wet.	
-	0				0.0				Doring Paring
-	υ-				0.0				Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite
-		2	10-15	3.8	0.0				pellets
-	-				7.6				5
- 15	-				60.6				
13	_	3	15-20	5.0	0.2			Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, slight staining, odor. Wet at 15' bgs.	
9	Δ	ιR	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	i <mark>sultanc</mark> y	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 19-20' bgs, and 20-21' bgs for analysis of volatile organic c intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samp waste disposal parameters.	aring. Samples collected from 5-6' ompounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/14/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS16.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

tion: Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Elevation (feet AMSL) PID Headspace (ppm) Sample Run Number Analytical Sample Geologic Column Sample/Int/Type Depth (feet bgs) Recovery (feet) Well/Boring Stratigraphic Description Construction Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, slight staining, odor. Boring backfilled to grade with 9.4 bentonite 31.7 pellets 3 15-20 5.0 52.1 238.5 - 20 Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining, amber color in saturated pore space. -10 1,618 4 1,295 20-25 5.0 771.1 1.143 25 Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, strong odor, slight staining 168.1 -15 255.5 5 25-30 5.0 214.6 152.9 447.0 End of boring at 30' bgs. -20 35  $\label{eq:bgs} \begin{tabular}{ll} bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million. \end{tabular}$ Remarks: Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Samples collected from 5-6' bgs, 19-20' bgs, and 20-21' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs), intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of ARCADIS waste disposal parameters.

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/14/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS16.dat
 Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/10/19 - 5/13/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186838.85 Easting: 979645.52 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.65' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS17

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction	
-										
-	-									
ŭ	_				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.		
-	10 -				0.0			Very dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium Gravel and Pebbles, poorly sorted, loose, moist, slight odor.	1 5	
-	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0					
	_				63.7					
-	_				157.8				들	
<b>-</b> 5	_				193.5			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, trace Slag, Brick, and Silt, dry, slight odor.	]	
_	5 <b>-</b>				79.2	X				
_	-	1	5-10	2.5	77.7					
_	_				235.7					
<b>-</b> 10	_				339.3					
_	_				140.2					
-	0-				174.1			Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, trace fine to coarse angular Gravel and Silt, wet, slight staining.	Boring backfilled to grade with	
-	_	2	10-15	2.5	177.6				bentonite pellets	
-	_				166.5					
<del></del> 15	_				162.4					
	_	3	15-20	2.6	66.7				=	
9	bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Samples collected from 6-7' bgs, 19-20' bgs, and 24-25' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs), intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposal parameters.									

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS17.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	BIOUNIYII, NT													
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction					
	-5 <b>-</b>				252.8			Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, trace fine to coarse angular Gravel and Silt, wet, slight staining.	Boring backfilled to					
-	_	3	15-20	2.6	251.6 193.3	V			grade with bentonite pellets					
_ 20	-				194.1	Į Å		Dark brown very fine to medium SAND, well sorted, wet, NAPL from 20-23' bgs.						
-	-10 -				34.4 40.2			Dark Brown very line to medium GAND, well sorted, well, twa E from 20-25 bgs.						
	_	4	20-25	5.0	458.2									
	_				551.9									
25	_				619.7	X								
<b>-</b> 25	_				214.8			Staining from 25-27' bgs.						
	-15 <b>-</b>				178.0									
	_	5	25-30	5.0	298.7									
	_				366.7									
	_				326.6				들					
- 30								End of boring at 30' bgs.						
	-20 -													
	_													
	_													
	ı													
<del>-</del> 35	_													
G	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Pesign for na built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 19-20' bgs, and 24-25' bgs for analysis of volatile organic or intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samp waste disposal parameters.	non-aqueous phase liquid.  aring. Samples collected from 6-7' compounds. Shallow (1-7' bos).					
Proje	ct: B0	0389	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019					

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/27/2019Data File:A-RH3-WS17.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/14/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186715.25 Easting: 979646.87 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.57' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

NA

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS18

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs) Sample Run Number Sample/Int/Type Recovery (feet) Analytical Sample Geologic Column upplications and a second a second and a second a seco	Well/Boring Construction								
Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.									
Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, Slag, and Brid poorly sorted, dry.	ck,								
- NA 0-5 NA 0.0	<u> </u>								
Black fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, poorly sorted, dry.									
Red brown CLAY, some fine Sand, low plasticity, stiff, moist.									
	틸								
0- 0.0 Red brown very fine to medium SAND, trace Sand, well sorted, wet.	Boring backfilled to grade with beatraite								
2 10-15 4.2 0.0	bentonite pellets								
-15									
- 3 15-20 5.0 0.0 <b>3</b>									
bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above r PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Samp bgs, 18-19' bgs, and 23-24' for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shall intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected waste disposal parameters.									

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS18.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	DIOURIYII, NT													
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction					
	-5 <b>-</b>				0.0			Red brown very fine to medium SAND, trace Sand, well sorted, wet.	Boring backfilled to					
_	_				>15,000			Staining from 17-19' bgs.	grade with bentonite pellets					
-	-	3	15-20	5.0	>15,000	X								
-	_				>15,000	_/\_								
<b>-</b> 20	_				1,002			Gray very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, odor, staining from 20-27' bgs.	- 5					
_	-10 -				7,668									
-	_	4	20-25	5.0	>15,000									
-		•	20 20	0.0	>15,000	$\forall$								
-					>15,000	$\perp \Delta$								
<del>-</del> 25	_													
-	-				10,727									
_	-15 <del>-</del>				1,572									
-	-	5	25-30	5.0	2,056									
=	-				881.2									
- 30	-				1,018			End of boring at 30' bgs.						
-	-							End of burning at 50 bgs.						
_	-20 -													
_	_													
	-													
<del></del> 35	=													
	_													
Remains ARCADIS Design & Consultancy for natural and built assets								Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 18-19' bgs, and 23-24' for analysis of volatile organic comp intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samp waste disposal parameters.	enon-aqueous phase liquid. earing. Samples collected from 6-7' bounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),					
Proie	ct: B0	0389	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019					

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/27/2019Data File:A-RH3-WS18.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/14/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186827.98 Easting: 979658.44 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.65' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

NA

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS19

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

							<u> </u>	
Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-								
				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
10 -				0.0			Brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel and Brick, poorly sorted, dry.	
_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
_				0.0				
_				0.0				
_				0.0			Red BRICK, some fine to coarse SAND and Gravel, poorly sorted, dry. [FILL]	
5 <b>-</b>				0.0	X			
-	1	5-10	4.0	0.0	_/\_		Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, Concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.	
1				70.24				
-				>15,000				
				9,135				
0-				>15,000			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, poorly sorted, wet, staining.	Boring backfilled to
_	2	10-15	3.2	>15,000				grade with bentonite pellets
_				>15,000				
				>15,000	X			
_	3	15-20	4.2	3,075	/ \		Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, wet, staining from 15-17' bgs.	
				l	I	<u>  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</u>	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS	SL = above mean sea level; non-aqueous phase liquid.
PARCADIS Design & Consultancy for natural and built assets							Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 14-15' bgs, and 22-23' for analysis of volatile organic comp	aring. Samples collected from 6-7' ounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),
	10	- NA - NA - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	- NA 0-5 - NA 0-5 - 1 5-10 - 2 10-15 - 2 3 15-20	- NA 0-5 NA - NA 0-5 NA - 1 5-10 4.0 - 2 10-15 3.2 - 3 15-20 4.2	- NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - 1 5-10 4.0 0.0 - 1 5-10 4.0 0.0 - 2 10-15 3.2 >15,000 - 2 10-15 3.2 >15,000 - 3 15-20 4.2 3,075	- NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - 1 5-10 4.0 0.0 - 1 5-10 4.0 0.0 - 2 10-15 3.2 >15,000 - 2 10-15 3.2 >15,000 - 3 15-20 4.2 3.075	- NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - NA 0-5 NA 0.0 - 1 5-10 4.0 0.0 - 1 5-10 4.0 0.0 - 2 10-15 3.2 >15,000 - 3 15-20 4.2 3,075	Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.  Brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel and Brick, poorly sorted, dry. [FILL.]  Red BRICK, some fine to coarse SAND and Gravel, poorly sorted, dry. [FILL.]  Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, Concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Dark gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, Concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, Concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  To 24  >15,000  Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, Concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Brown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Brown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, moist.  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, poorly sorted, dry, [FILL.]  Gravel prown fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, concrete, and Ash, trace angular Gravel, poorly sorted, dry, [FILL.]

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS19.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

		Jikiyii,							
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-5 <b>-</b>				4,579			Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, wet, staining from 15-17' bgs.	Boring backfilled to
	_		15-20	4.0	3,879				grade with bentonite pellets
	-	3	13-20	4.2	>15,000				
_ 20	_				>15,000			NAPL from 19-20' bgs.	
_	-10 -				4,808 >15,000			Dark gray brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, staining from 20-29' bgs.	
-	-10 -	4	20-25	5.0	>15,000	Y			
-	_				6,735	$\perp \Lambda$			
-	_				5,039				
<del></del> 25	_				790.7				
-	-15 <b>-</b>				674.9				
	_	5	25-30	5.0	566.9				들
	_				602.9				
	_				565.1				
30	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.	
	-20 <b>-</b>								
	_								
_	_								
<b>-</b> 35	_								
	_								
C	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs, 14-15' bgs, and 22-23' for analysis of volatile organic comp intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samp waste disposal parameters.	non-aqueous phase liquid.  aring. Samples collected from 6-7' ounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs),
Proje	ct. DC	)U380	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/18/2019Data File:A-RH3-WS19.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/14/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Jimmy McGill **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186756.19 Easting: 979719.01 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.64' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

NA

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS20

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	- - -								
	_				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
	10 -				0.0			Brown to black fine to coarse SAND, some Ash, Slag, Brick, trace fine Gravel and Silt, dry.	1 5
	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
	_				0.0				
	_				0.0				
<b>-</b> 5	_				0.0				
	5 <b>-</b>				0.0	X			
-	_	1	5-10	3.2	45.4	_/\_			
-	_				180.4				
-	_				0.0				
-10	_				4.3	_			
	o <b>-</b>				33.8			Brown SILT, soft, trace fine SAND, moist.	Boring
-	_	2	10-15	3.0	43.4				backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets
-	_				386.6			Dark brown Silty fine SAND, trace fine to coarse Gravel, moist.	1
-	_				4,092		<u> </u>	Slight staining from 14-15' bgs.	
<b>-</b> 15	_	. 3	15-20	5.0	1,388		T _	Dark brown very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining, NAPL from 15-16' bgs.	
				l	l	<u> </u>	<u>  • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</u>	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AM PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL =	SL = above mean sea level; - non-aqueous phase liquid.
G	PARCADIS Design & Consultancy for natural and built assets							Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle from observation during hand clearing. Samples collected from analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs), inte (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of v	6-7' bgs, 17-18' bgs, and 23-24' for rmediate (7-20' bgs), and deep
Design	-t. D.	0000	22 0040 0	0400				Considered (Editor delice). N. Consider	D-t 0/07/0040

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS20.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	2.00	Jitiyii,										
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction			
	-5 <del>-</del>				5,916			Very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet.	Boring backfilled to			
-	_				>15,000	X			grade with bentonite pellets			
	_	3	15-20	5.0	4,559							
-	_				>15,000							
- 20	_				8,229							
-	-10 <del>-</del>				>15,000							
	_	. 4	20-25	5.0	>15,000			Heavy staining and NAPL from 22-27' bgs				
-	_				>15,000	X						
-	_				2,810	_/\_						
<b>—</b> 25	_				7,077				들			
-					2,885							
-	-15 <del>-</del>	5	25-30	5.0	540.9							
-					1,736							
-	-				823.9							
- 30					020.0			End of boring at 30' bgs.	E			
-	-											
-	-20 <del>-</del>											
-	-											
-	-											
<del>-</del> 35	-											
	_											
C	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing.											
Proie	ct. B0	00389	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019			

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/27/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS20.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/21/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186770.14 Easting: 979726.01 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.57' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS21

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

						_			
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
- -	-								
	_				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Brown and black fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, some Slag, Brick, Ash, and Asphalt, poorly sorted, dry.	
-		NA	0-5	NA	0.0				들
-					0.0				
-					0.0				
<b>-</b> 5					0.0	1			
=	5 <b>-</b>				1.2				
-	5-	1	5-10	3.2	0.0				
-		'	5-10	3.2	0.8				들
-									
-10	-				6.7	-			
-	-				20.2				
-	0-				14.8			Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, some Silt, poorly sorted, wet.	Boring backfilled to grade with bentonite
-	=	2	10-15	4.0	27.0				pellets
-	=				52.4				
<b>-</b> 15	_				503.3			Dark brown fine to course CAND trace City possity conted was allight oder	
	_	3	15-20	4.3	204.4			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, poorly sorted, wet, slight odor.	
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Pesig for n built	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle 17-17.5' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallov composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposa	earing. Sample collected from v (1-7' bgs) and deep (7-20' bgs)

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS21.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	Біос	,										
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction			
	-5 <b>-</b>				188.7			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, poorly sorted, wet, slight odor.	Boring backfilled to			
-	_				1,161	X		Brown very fine to fine SAND, well sorted, wet, some staining.	grade with bentonite pellets			
-		3	15-20	4.3	700.5				penets			
-	-				722.5							
<b>-</b> 20	-				539.2	-		Trace Silt, heavy staining from 20-23' bgs.				
-	-				1,611				틸			
-	-10 <del>-</del>				569.9							
_	=	4	20-25	5.0	244.8				=			
	=				239.9							
<b>-</b> 25	-				248.5							
23	-				247.5			Heavy staining from 25-28' bgs.				
	-15 <b>-</b>				283.2							
-	-	5	25-30	5.0	766.5							
-	-				306.5							
-	-				271.1							
<del>- 30</del> -	_						*****	End of boring at 30' bgs.	<u> </u>			
-	-20 <del>-</del>											
-	_											
-												
-	-											
<del>-</del> 35	=											
	_							Remarks: bgs = below ground surface: NA = not applicable/available: AMS	L = above mean sea level:			
G	bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Sample collected from 17-17.5' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallow (1-7' bgs) and deep (7-20' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposal parameters.											
Proje	ct: B0	0389	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019			

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/27/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS21.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/21/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186746.77 Easting: 979730.07 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.63' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 22' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS22

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	-								
	1				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	П
-	10 -				0.0			Brown and black fine to coarse SAND, some Slag, Brick, and Ash, trace fine to coarse angular Gravel, poorly sorted, dry.	
	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-					0.0				
_	=				0.0				
<b>—</b> 5	_				0.0				
-	5 <b>-</b>				0.0				
_	_	1	5-10	3.5	0.0				
_	_				0.0			Brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, dry.	
1.0	-				0.0				
<del></del> 10	_				0.0				
-	o <b>-</b>				4.5			Brown SILT, some fine to medium SAND, wet.	Boring backfilled to
-	_	2	10-15	3.5	21.2				grade with bentonite pellets
-	_				130.2			Dark brown very fine to coarse SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, moist.	
	_				106.8				
<b></b> 15	=	3	15-20	5.0	2,506			Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, little Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining from 15-18' bgs.	
9	Δ	R	CAI	DIS	S Pesig for na built	gn & Cons atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle 16-16.5' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallow composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposa	non-aqueous phase liquid. aring. Sample collected from (1-7' bgs) and deep (7-20' bgs)

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS22.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 22' bgs

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
	-5 <b>-</b>				2,539	Χ		Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, little Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining from 15-18' bgs.	Boring backfilled to
Ē	-				1,232				grade with bentonite pellets
=	-	3	15-20	5.0	907				
-	-				1,863				
- 20	_				902.5			NAPL from 20-21' bgs.	=
-	-10 <b>-</b>	4	20-22	2.7	1,211				
	_							Refusal; end of boring at 22' bgs.	
	=								
<b>-</b> 25	_								
	=								
-	-15 <b>-</b>								
-	-								
E	-								
<b>—</b> 30	-								
-	-								
-	-20 <b>-</b>								
-	-								
-	_								
<b>-</b> 35	_								
	=							Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS	SI = ahove mean sea level·
G	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S   Design for na built	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL =  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle 16-16.5' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Shallow composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposa	non-aqueous phase liquid. aring. Sample collected from (1-7' bgs) and deep (7-20' bgs)
Projec	ct: B0	03899	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/27/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS22.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/21/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186769.76 Easting: 979712.75 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.56' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith

Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS23

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
- -	EF	Sa	S	Re	ā	An	99		
-0	-				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	=
-	10 -				0.0			Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some Brick, Ash, Concrete, and Slag, trace fine angular Gravel, poorly sorted, dry.	
-	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
•	_				0.0				
	_				0.0				틸
<b>-</b> 5	-				0.0				
	5 <b>-</b>				0.0				
		1	5-10	3.5	110.4				
	_				378.2			Odor from 8-11' bgs.	
-10	_				59.7				
	_				850.6			Considerate for the control CAMP control (the control	
	0-				469.9			Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, odor.	Boring backfilled to grade with
	_	2	10-15	3.2	523.0				bentonite pellets
	_				674.4				
<b>-</b> 15	-				534.5			Dark brown fine to medium SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining, blebs from	
	-	3	15-20	5.0	60.5			15-16.5' bgs.	=
9	Δ	ιR	CAI	DIS	S Pesig for na built	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. A deep (7-20' bg for analysis of waste disposal parameters.	non-aqueous phase liquid. aring. Sample collected from 18-19'

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS23.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

	<b>D</b> 100	JKIYII,										
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction			
	-5 <b>-</b>				1,311			Dark brown fine to medium SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining, blebs from 15-16.5' bgs.	Boring backfilled to			
-	_				1,300				grade with bentonite pellets			
-	_	3	15-20	5.0	2,831	X						
-	_				945.6							
<del>-</del> 20	_				450.7			Very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, liner stained (no staining in soil), wet.				
-	-10 <del>-</del>				821.7							
-	_	4	20-25	5.0	300.3							
-	_				229.5							
-	-				324.8							
<del></del> 25	_				145.3							
-	-15 <b>-</b>				89.1							
-	_	5	25-30	5.0	69.0							
	_				83.9							
	-				331.0							
- 30	_							End of boring at 30' bgs.				
-	-20 <del>-</del>											
-	_											
	-											
	-											
<b>—</b> 35	-											
								Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL =	SL = above mean sea level; non-aqueous phase liquid.			
C	Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Sample collected from 18-19' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. A deep (7-20' bgs) composite sample was collected for analysis of waste disposal parameters.											
Proje	rt. BC	00389	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/18/2019			

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/18/2019Data File:A-RH3-WS23.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/22/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186835.30 Easting: 979672.72 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.44' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS24

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
-	- - -								
	-				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, trace Brick and Slag, poorly sorted, dry.	1
-	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-					0.0				
-					0.0				
<b>—</b> 5	_				0.0				
-	5 <b>-</b>								
_	5				0.0				
=		1	5-10	1.2	5.7				
-					6.1				
10					248.1	17		Dark brown SILT, some fine to coarse Sand, soft, wet, odor, staining, NAPL from 10-11'	
_					399.1	$\Lambda$		bgs.	
-	0-				124.6				Boring backfilled to grade with
-	-	2	10-15	1.2	252.6				bentonite pellets
-	-				28.8				
<del></del> 15	-				33.2				
	_	3	15-20	4.0	56.5			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, some staining.	
9	Α	R	CAI	DIS	S Design for no built	gn & Con: atural an assets	sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AM: PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle bgs and 21-22' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. I (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of w	enon-aqueous phase liquid.  earing. Samples collected from 10-11' intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/18/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS24.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Elevation (feet AMSL) PID Headspace (ppm) Sample Run Number Analytical Sample Geologic Column Sample/Int/Type Depth (feet bgs) Recovery (feet) Well/Boring Stratigraphic Description Construction Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, some staining. Boring backfilled to grade with 105.1 White fine to coarse angular GRAVEL (crushed quartz), poorly sorted, dry. Dark brown very fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, slight staining. bentonite 61.5 pellets 3 15-20 4.0 11.3 87.8 20 Very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, slight odor and staining. -10 4 118.9 20-25 5.0 34.6 266.1 25 54.1 -15 218.3 5 25-30 5.0 80.9 170.6 154.7 End of boring at 30' bgs. -20 35  $bgs = below \ ground \ surface; \ NA = not \ applicable/available; \ AMSL = above \ mean \ sea \ level; \ PID = photoionization \ detector; \ ppm = parts \ per \ million; \ NAPL = non-aqueous \ phase \ liquid.$ Remarks: Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Samples collected from 10-11' bgs and 21-22' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep ARCADIS (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposal parameters.

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/18/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS24.dat
 Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/23/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: Easting: 979666.45 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.58' AMSL

186819.32

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS25

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Well/Boring Stratigraphic Description Construction	
_	-								
	_				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse subangular Gravel, trace Brick and Concrete, poorly sorted, dry.	
	-	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-	_				0.0				
-	_				0.0				
<b>—</b> 5	_				8.8				
-	5 <del>-</del>				49.6				
_	_	1	5-10	3.7	129.0				
-	_				40.4				
	_				32.5				
-10	-				101.7			Very fine to medium SAND, some Silt, well sorted, wet, heavy staining.	
	o-				52.3			Boring backfil	led to
_	_	2	10-15	3.5	51.7			grade bentor pellets	nite
_	_				138.9				
<b></b> 15	-				239.7				
	_	3	15-20	5.0	129.5			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, poorly sorted, wet, heavy staining, NAPL from 15-17.5' bgs.	
9	Δ	ιR	CAI	DIS	S Design for many built			Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Shallow (1-7' bgs), intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis waste disposal parameters.	s of

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS25.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

=												
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction			
	-5 <b>-</b>				69.9			Dark brown fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, poorly sorted, wet, heavy staining, NAPL from 15-17.5' bgs.	Boring backfilled to			
-					124.9			Dark brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, some staining.	grade with bentonite pellets			
-		3	15-20	5.0	398.0			Dark brown very line to line SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, some staining.	points			
-	-								=			
<del>-</del> 20	-				395.6							
-	-				186.4							
-	-10 -				313.6							
-	-	4	20-25	5.0	41.4				5			
_	-				49.7				틸			
<b>-</b> 25	_				71.8							
	_				78.9							
	-15 <b>-</b>				90.8				틸			
	_	5	25-30	5.0	87.0							
	_				96.7							
-	_				55.3				5			
- 30	-							End of boring at 30' bgs.				
-	-20 <b>-</b>											
-	-											
-	_											
-	-											
<del>-</del> 35	_											
G	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.  Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Shallow (1-7' bgs), intermediate (7-20' bgs), and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposal parameters.											

Project:B0038993.0010.00100Created/Edited by:N. SmithDate:6/27/2019Data File:A-RH3-WS25.datTemplate:geoprobe analytical.ldfx8Page:2 of 2

Date Start/Finish: 5/22/19

**Drilling Company:** Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc.

Driller's Name: Chris Iodice **Drilling Method:** Direct Push

Sampling Method: 2-inch x 5-foot Macro-core

Rig Type:

Geoprobe 6610

Northing: 186824.92 Easting: 979642.89 Casing Elevation:

Surface Elevation: 11.66' AMSL

Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Descriptions By: N. Comrie, C. Goldsmith Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS26

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC

Location: 68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY

Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction
_	-								
	-				0.0			Hand cleared from 0-5' bgs. CONCRETE.	
-	10 -				0.0			Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse angular Gravel, some Brick, Slag, and Concrete, trace Silt, poorly sorted, dry.	
	_	NA	0-5	NA	0.0				
-	_				0.0				
-	_				0.0				
<b>—</b> 5					45.0				
_	5 <b>-</b>				168.1				
	_	1	5-10	1.5	83.9				
-	_				125.3				
-	_				133.6				
<del></del> 10	-				167.3				
	o <b>-</b>				192.5				Boring backfilled to
	_	2	10-15	1.8	70.0				grade with bentonite pellets
	-				96.4				
_ 15	_				70.7				
<del></del> 15	-	3	15-20	4.0	396.7			Gray brown CLAY, some fine Sand, low plasticity, moist, slight odor.	
Pesign & Consultancy for natural and built assets							sultancy d	Remarks: bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMS PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand cle 18-19' bgs and 20-21' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compodeep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis	non-aqueous phase liquid. aring. Samples collected from unds. Intermediate (7-20' bgs) and

Project: B0038993.0010.00100 Created/Edited by: N. Smith 6/27/2019 Date: Data File: A-RH3-WS26.dat Template: geoprobe analytical.ldfx8 Page: 1 of 2

Client: BT Red Hook, LLC Well/Boring ID: A-RH3-WS26

Site Location:

68 and 100 Ferris Street/ 242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, NY Borehole Depth: 30' bgs

Brooklyn, 141										
Depth (feet bgs)	Elevation (feet AMSL)	Sample Run Number	Sample/Int/Type	Recovery (feet)	PID Headspace (ppm)	Analytical Sample	Geologic Column	Stratigraphic Description	Well/Boring Construction	
	-5 <b>-</b>	5 <b>–</b>			194.9			Gray brown CLAY, some fine Sand, low plasticity, moist, slight odor.	Boring	
-				182.1				backfilled to grade with bentonite pellets		
=	_	3	15-20	4.0	318.7	X				
-					481.8	_/\_		Dark gray brown fine to medium SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet, staining from 19-25' bgs.	-	
- 20	0 -				228.2	Y	V	Dark gray brown very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt, well sorted, wet.		
-	_				41.9					
-	-10 -	4	20-25	5.0	33.8					
-	_		20 20	0.0	61.7					
-	_				22.7					
<b>-</b> 25	_				473.5	_		Blebs from 25-28' bgs; slight odor from 25-30' bgs.		
-	_				207.2					
-	-15 <del>-</del>	5	25-30	5.0	465.2					
-	_				44.5					
=	_				56.2					
30-								End of boring at 30' bgs.	<u> </u>	
-	-									
-	-20 -									
_	-									
_	_									
<b></b> 35	-									
	_									
	<b>Remarks:</b> bgs = below ground surface; NA = not applicable/available; AMSL = above mean sea level; PID = photoionization detector; ppm = parts per million; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid.									
C	Soil descriptions from 0-5' bgs from observation during hand clearing. Samples collected from 18-19' bgs and 20-21' bgs for analysis of volatile organic compounds. Intermediate (7-20' bgs) and deep (20-30' bgs) composite samples were collected for analysis of waste disposal parameters.									
Proje	ct: DC	)U380	93.0010.0	0100				Created/Edited by: N. Smith	Date: 6/27/2019	

 Project:
 B0038993.0010.00100
 Created/Edited by:
 N. Smith
 Date:
 6/27/2019

 Data File:
 A-RH3-WS26.dat
 Template:
 geoprobe analytical.ldfx8
 Page:
 2 of 2

# **ATTACHMENT 3**

**Confirmation Soil Boring Photolog** 



Hand-Cleared Upper 5 Feet (Typical)



A-RH3-B24: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B25: Staining at 7 to 12 Feet



A-RH3-B26: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B27: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B27: NAPL at 10 to 13.5 Feet



A-RH3-B27: NAPL at 15 to 18.5 Feet



A-RH3-B28: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



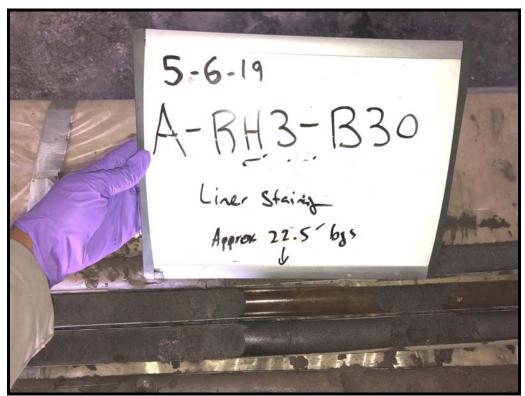
A-RH3-B28: Staining and Slight Sheen at 10 to 14 Feet and 15 to 17 Feet



A-RH3-B29: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B30: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B30: Staining in Liner at 22.5 Feet



A-RH3-B31: 5- to 20-Foot Soil Cores (Refusal at 20 Feet)



A-RH3-B32: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B32: Close-up of Staining and Small Amount of NAPL in 15- to 20-Foot Interval



A-RH3-B33: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B34: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B35: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B35: Close-up of Golden Brown NAPL at 16 to 16.5 Feet



A-RH3-B36: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B36: Close-up of Staining from 20 to 30 Feet



A-RH3-B37: Concrete Core – Typical of Locations Inside Warehouse



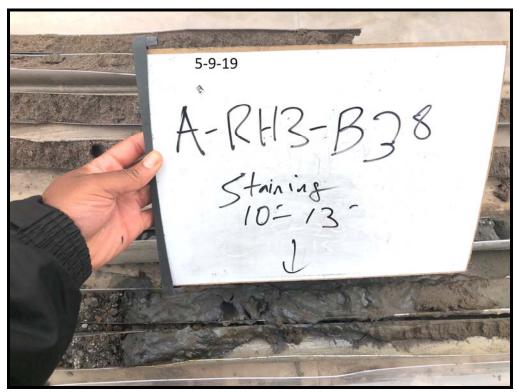
A-RH3-B37: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B37: Close-up of Sheen and Staining at 15 to 17.5 Feet



A-RH3-B38: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B38: Staining at 10 to 13 Feet



A-RH3-B39: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores with Iridescence and Staining at 7 to 15 Feet



A-RH3-B39: Close-up of NAPL in 20- to 23-Foot Interval



A-RH3-B40: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores with Sheen 7 to 19 Feet and Staining 19 to 28 Feet



A-RH3-B41: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B41: Staining at 20 to 21 Feet



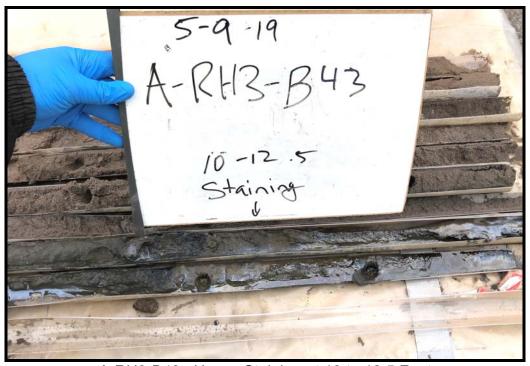
A-RH3-B42: NAPL at 15 to 18 Feet



A-RH3-B42: Close-up of NAPL at 15 to 18 Feet



A-RH3-B43: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-B43: Heavy Staining at 10 to 12.5 Feet



A-RH3-B44: 5- to 25-Foot Soil Cores (Refusal at 25 Feet)



A-RH3-B44: Showing Close-up of Staining in a Portion of 13.5- to 25-Foot Interval



A-RH3-WS13: 5- to 15-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS13: 15- to 20-Foot Soil Core



A-RH3-WS13: 20- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



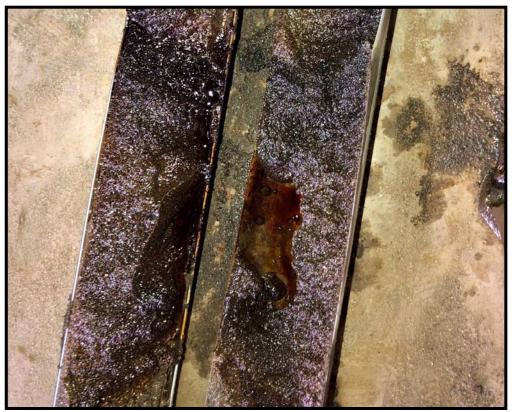
A-RH3-WS14: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores with Staining from 15 to 30 Feet



A-RH3-WS14: Close-up of NAPL at 19 to 20 Feet



A-RH3-WS15: 5- to 25-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS15: Close-up of NAPL in 23- to 24-Foot Interval



A-RH3-WS16: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS16: Close-up of Staining in 20- to 25-Foot Interval



A-RH3-WS17: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS17: NAPL at 20 to 23 Feet



A-RH3-WS17: Close-up of NAPL at 20 to 23 Feet and Staining at 25 to 27 Feet



A-RH3-WS18: 5- to 20-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS18: 20- to 30-Foot Soil Cores Showing Stained Soil and Liner at 20 to 25 Feet



A-RH3-WS19: 5- to 25-Foot Soil Cores Showing Staining 11 to 17 Feet



A-RH3-WS19: 20- to 30-Foot Soil Cores Showing Staining at 20 to 29 Feet



A-RH3-WS19: NAPL at 19 to 20 Feet



A-RH3-WS20: 10- to 25-Foot Soil Cores



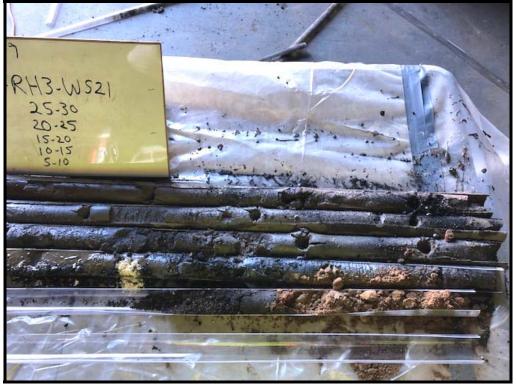
A-RH3-WS20: Close-up of NAPL at 15 to 16 Feet and 22 to 27 Feet



A-RH3-WS21: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS21: Close View 1 with Staining at 17 to 23 Feet and 25 to 28 Feet



A-RH3-WS21: Close View 2



A-RH3-WS22: 0- to 25-Foot Soil Cores (Refusal at 22 Feet)



A-RH3-WS22: Close-up of NAPL at 20 to 21 Feet (Upper Sleeve)



A-RH3-WS23: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS23: Close-up of Blebs at 15 to 16.5 Feet



A-RH3-WS24: 5- to 25-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS24: 5- to 25-Foot Close View 1



A-RH3-WS24: 5- to 25-Foot Close View 2



A-RH3-WS24: 20- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS24: NAPL at 10 to 11 Feet (Middle Sleeve)



A-RH3-WS25: 5- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS25: Close-up of NAPL at 15 to 17.5 Feet (Middle Sleeve)



A-RH3-WS26: 5- to 20-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS26: 20- to 30-Foot Soil Cores



A-RH3-WS26: Staining at 20 to 22 Feet (Lower Sleeve) and Blebs 25 to 28 Feet (Upper Sleeve)

#### NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Division of Environmental Remediation, Remedial Bureau A 625 Broadway, 12th Floor, Albany, NY 12233-7015 P: (518) 402-9625 | F: (518) 402-9627 www.dec.ny.gov

August 27, 2019

Mr. Terry Young ARCADIS of New York One Lincoln Center, Suite 300 110 West Fayette Street Syracuse, New York 13202

> Re: Red Hook 3 Revised IRM Design Work Plan Comments Red Hook 3 – NYSDEC Brownfield Site #C224213 68 and 100 Ferris Street, 242 and 300 Coffey St. Brooklyn, Kings County, New York 11231

Dear Mr. Young

The following comments are in response to our on-going conversation regarding the excavation limits and the 7/9/19 revised IRM design workplan for the Red Hook 3 properties.

 The current planned excavation limits do not address all the NAPL source material that was identified during the confirmation soil boring event. The current proposal only addresses NAPL down to 15 ft outside the metal warehouse and 18 ft inside the area of the metal warehouse for various reasons, most prevalent being limitations given the amount of dewatering required.

Based upon the definition of a source material in DER-10 the contamination identified during the investigation and subsequent boring confirmation investigation meets the definition of a source. The photologs depict flowing NAPL product or grossly contaminated media. Other factors which the Department considers make it necessary to address NAPL to the extent feasible is that it continues to be a source to groundwater contamination and maybe migrating offsite.

The 15-foot depth of excavation limit does not apply. The regulations specifically state that contaminant specific SCOs for all soils above bedrock shall not apply at a depth greater than 15 feet bgs provided that:

(1) soils below 15 feet do not represent a source

The planned excavation addresses only the upper 15 ft. of NAPL source area leaving additional source material at greater depths. The following borings identified NAPL source material that would remain un-remediated. This constant



#### NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

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source of groundwater contamination will require long term monitoring and possible additional remedial action (in addition to institutional controls).

A-RH3-B27 (15-18.5 ft), A-RH3-B39 (20-23 ft), A-RH3-DB3 (17.5-17.9 ft), A-RH3-WS14 (19-20 ft), A-RH3-WS15 (18-19 and 23-24 ft), A-RH3-WS17 (20-23 ft), A-RH3-WS19 (19-20 ft), A-RH3-B1 (18-20 ft), A-RH3-B2 (18-19.5 ft), A-RH3-B32 (18-20 ft), A-RH3-WS20 (22-27 ft), A-RH3-WS22 (20-21 ft)

A fundamental remedial goal and baseline consideration found in the Remedy Selection Chapter of DER 10 states that an identifiable source of contamination shall be addressed by the remedial program. It then describes a hierarchy of preference with removal and/or treatment of NAPL and grossly contaminated media being first. Groundwater contamination must also be addressed by the remedial program with source removal and control being preferred.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact me at 518-402-0163 or at chris.heller@dec.ny.gov.

Sincerely,

Chris Heller

Project manager Remedial Bureau A

Division of Environmental Remediation

Wis Heller

Ecc: H. Devery, ARCADIS

C. Geraci, ARCADIS

R. DeCandia, NYSDEC

E. Obrecht, NYSDEC

J. O'Connell, NYSDEC Region 2

J. Deming / W. Kuehner, NYSDOH



Mr. Chris Heller
Project Manager
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Remedial Bureau A, Section B
Division of Environmental Remediation
625 Broadway, 12th Floor
Albany, NY 12233-7015

Arcadis of New York, Inc. One Lincoln Center 110 West Fayette Street Suite 300 Syracuse New York 13202

Tel 315 446 9120 Fax 315 449 0017 www.arcadis.com

Subject:

Monitoring Well Decommissioning Red Hook 3 68 and 100 Ferris Street, 242 and 300 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, New York Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) #224213

**ENVIRONMENT** 

Date:

August 30, 2019

Contact:

Andrew Korik

hone:

315 671 9323

Email

Andrew.Korik@arcadis.com

Our ref: 30004527

#### Dear Mr. Heller:

On behalf of BT Red Hook, LLC, Arcadis of New York, Inc. (Arcadis) hereby presents this summary of monitoring well decommissioning associated with the above-referenced site. On May 6 and May 8, 2019, all on-site wells (**Table 1 and Figure 1**) were decommissioned in accordance with New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) CP-43 (*Groundwater Monitoring Well Decommissioning Policy*, dated November 2009) and our letter to NYSDEC dated April 17, 2019. The letter was approved by NYSDEC in an email dated April 29, 2019. Note that all wells were grouted on May 6, with removal of curb boxes and completion of surface restorations on May 8.

Grouting of Wells – Twenty-two monitoring wells, each of 2-inch diameter PVC construction, were decommissioned using the grouting in-place well decommissioning method identified in CP-43, which required tremie-grouting a cement-bentonite grout mixture from the bottom up. Due to difficulty pumping the grout, additional water was used in the mix. Potable water for grouting was provided by Arcadis' well decommissioning subcontractor, EnviroTrac, which obtained the water from the municipal water supply at their office in Yaphank (Suffolk County), New York. After emplacing cement-bentonite grout, the upper 3 to 4 feet of the PVC well riser was extracted from the ground at MW-2 and MW-3; however, the PVC risers were found to be encased in cement up into the curb-boxes at the remaining 20 locations and thus the top of the PVC risers was not removed. CP-43 forms are provided in Attachment 1, and a photolog is provided in Attachment 2. After grouting the screens and risers, the flush-mounted curb boxes were removed using a jackhammer or crowbar, the void space filled to

Mr. Chris Heller New York State Department of Environmental Conservation August 30, 2019

grade with concrete, and the surface restored consistent with the surrounding surface material (e.g., cold-patch).

**Management of Waste** – Concrete and asphalt generated during the decommissioning activities were staged on site for later disposal as demolition debris. Metal and PVC debris were managed by EnviroTrac as municipal solid waste and disposed off site.

Should you have any questions regarding the well decommissioning, please do not hesitate to contact me at 315.671.9323 or Andrew.korik@arcadis.com.

Sincerely,

Arcadis of New York, Inc.

Archew Kamik

Andrew Korik
Principal Scientist

Copies:

Moniqua Williams, BT Red Hook, LLC Hugh Devery, Arcadis

Enclosures:

#### **Table**

1 Monitoring Well Decommissioning Details

#### **Figure**

1 Monitoring Well Decommissioning

#### **Attachments**

- 1 Well Decommissioning Logs (CP-43 Forms)
- 2 Photolog

### **TABLE**



BT Red Hook, LLC – Red Hook 3 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, New York

RED HOOK 3 MONITORING WELLS	DECOMMISSIONED ON MAY 6, 2019
Well ID	Measured Depth to Bottom of Well(feet bgs)
LMW-1	14.78
LMW-2	20.78
LMW-3	14.51
LMW-4	19.08
LMW-5	19.42
LMW-6	16.69
LMW-7S	17.60
LMW-7D	48.46
LMW-8S	19.60
LMW-8D	71.04
MW-9S	18.02
MW-9D	48.68
MW-10S	19.66
MW-10D	45.98
MW-11S	16.24
MW-11D	50.69
MW-12S	15.64
MW-12D	50.46
MW-1	15.05
MW-2	15.15
MW-3	13.25
TMW-1	19.32

#### Notes:

bgs - below ground surface

Wells were grouted on May 6, 2019. Well pads were removed and the surface patched on May 8.

### **FIGURE**

### **ATTACHMENT 1**

Well Decommissioning Logs (CP-43 Forms)

SITE NAME: Arcalis-Red Howk # }

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: Repthok#3
INSPECTOR: My
DATE/TIME: O YOU/19/1200
WEII ID.: CMI

West A March 1997	YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	<u> </u>	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?	<i>\\\\</i>	
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)		!
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	Lmw-1	
SIDEACE SEAL DRESENTS	YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENTS (IC. 1)	\ <u>\</u>	ļ
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)		<u> </u>
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	_ <u> </u>	1
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	metu	1
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	MARK	1
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	Oll	<u> </u>
(Motor)	YES	NQ
LOCK PRESENT?	125	1 7
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	<del></del>	<del></del>
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	<u> </u>	/
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	<u> </u>	1
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		
MEACURE WELL DEPTH EDOMAGE ACURDIC DON'THE		0
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	14.7	
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	4.47	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):		_
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	PYL	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	<u>Jooch</u>	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		_
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overh	1	
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NE	ead	
	CESSARY.	
Behand Secrity gute.		<del></del>
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden	1. etc.)	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	-,,	
Agai IL		
TISANA C		
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT		
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
EMARKS:		

Site Name: Arcadis - Red Hook #3	Well I.D.: LMW-(
Site Location: 68 Ferris St. Brooklyn, NY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Envirolar	Inspector: MM
	Date: 05/06/19
DECOMMISSIONING DATA	HADI V COLLDS A ANGLE
(Fill in all that apply)	WELL SCHEMATIC*  Depth  (feet)
OVERDRILLING Interval Drilled Drilling Method(s) Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed	5
Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing	
CASING PULLING Method employed Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)	
CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated	14-75
GROUTING Interval grouted (FBLS) If of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.)	
Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.)  Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)  Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)  Volume of grout prepared (gal.)  Volume of grout used (gal.)	
COMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including.
	interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole, well stickup, etc.

SITE NAME: Arzal's - Red Hook # 3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: Bed Hook # 3
INSPECTOR: NUM
DATE/TIME: OS/OG/W/1232
WEII ID.: NAW-2

WELL VICIOLES (IC	YES NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?	V
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	LMW-Z
CURE A CE CE A L DEPOSE MA	YEŞ NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	V
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED	,
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	Markela
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	Marel
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	F 4 5 227
The state of the s	VEC INO
LOCK PRESENT?	YES NO
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	<del></del>
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes,describe below)	17
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	
WEST ARYSONING FORM A ASSISTED.	L
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	20:78
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	Tola
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	21/3
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	DVC
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	Good
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	<u> </u>
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, or	
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF	verneau
	NECESSARY.
Believed security quite, Behind building.	<u> </u>
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a gai	rden etc.)
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	
Acial alt	
nspinari -	· <del>-</del>
	<del>_</del>
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT	
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	
EMARKS:	

Site Name: Archis Red Hook #3.	Well I.D.: LMW-Z
Site Location: 68 Ferry 36 Brooklyn WY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Emwora	Inspector: MM
3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Date: 05/06/19
	Date. Osyotype
DECOMMISSIONING DATA	WELL SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that apply)	Depth
	(feet)
<u>OVERDRILLING</u>	0
Interval Drilled	
Drilling Method(s)	
Borehole Dia. (in.)	
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)	
Depth temporary casing installed	
Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing	
wienlod of histalling	
CASING PULLING	5 0 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
Method employed Man tocks	
Casing retrieved (feet)	
Casing type/dia. (in)	
CASING PERFORATING	
Equipment used	
Number of perforations/foot	7  2
Size of perforations	
nterval perforated	
GROUTING	120 - 12
nterval grouted (FBLS)  f of batches prepared	
For each batch record:	20, 2
Quantity of water used (gal.)	$  1 \rangle$
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	145 -
Cement type Partland	
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	
olume of grout prepared (gal.)	
olume of grout used (gal.)	
	<b>_</b>
OMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including:
	interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,
	well stickup, etc
	7

#### FIGURE 1

SITE NAME: Arcadis-Red Howr #3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.:

INSPECTOR:

DATE/TIME:

WEll ID.:

VMUI-3

WELL VISIBLES (If set annulla directions below)	YES NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?	
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	<u> </u>
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL;	CMW-3
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	YES NO
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED	. ~
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	Marhole
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	port meter
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
MEASORE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (IIICIES):	5 '
LOCK DESCRITS	YES NO
LOCK PRESENT?	<u> </u>
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	17
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	
MEACURE WELL REPUBLICATION AND A CURRING PORTE (B)	14.51
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	5.83
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	211
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	AVE
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	_Grack
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, over	erhead
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF	NECESSARV
Behind Security Force Behind Building.	NECESSART,
15enth security 1 th, 13entha outloning	
	<del></del>
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a gard	den etc.)
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	2011, 0101/
Ar shall	
Asphalt	
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT	
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	
. B. and amount and kind and h	
EMARKS:	

Site Name: Areadis - Red HOOK # 3	Well I.D.: LMW-3
Site Location: 68 Fern 3 St. Brooklyn NY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Francounc	Inspector: Mul
	Date: 05/06/19

DECOLO (ICOLO) ID	<u> </u>		
DECOMMISSIONING DATA		1	CHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that apply)		Depth	, ,
OVERDRILLING Interval Drilled Drilling Method(s) Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing  CASING PULLING		(feet)	
Method employed	therelitadis	<u> \\\</u> ]	1/2
Casing retrieved (feet)			
Casing type/dia. (in)	Prc/2"		$ \mathscr{C} $
CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated		15	14.51
<u>GROUTING</u>			
Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared	0-14.51	] ,	
For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)	40 230 Portland 10-15 		
COMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant deconir	minaja dala dala dala di
		interval overdrilled, interval g	
		<del></del>	

Drilling Contractor

SITE NAME: Avendis - Red Hook &;

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME: OC

WEILID.:

		,
	YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	V	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)		
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	MW4	
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	<u> </u>	<del> </del>
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	4	
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)		perhole
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	inetal	Men in the
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	<b>11</b> 11	
	YES	NO
LOCK PRESENT?	11.5	
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	<del></del> -	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	<u> </u>	
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		<u> </u>
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	19,0	 98
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	4.4	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):		
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	PVC	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:		
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	<u> 61000</u>	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overh	nead	
nower lines, proximity to permanent strugtures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOGATION ON BACK, IF NI	FCESSARV	
Acces Grand, booken sear ty gate behand brick builde		
Day year	<del>)</del>	
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garder	- ata )	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	1, 616.)	
		<del></del>
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT		
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
	<u></u>	
	·····	
EMARKS:		
DIMANA,		

Site Name: Arceding Red Howk ++3	Well I.D.: LMW-4
Site Location: 68 Ferry St. Brooklyn NY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Eurovala	Inspector:
•	Date: 05/00/19

DECOMMISSIONING		WEL	L SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that apply)		Depth	
OVERDRILLING		(feet)	
Interval Drilled			1//
Drilling Method(s)		1 ]	1//
Borehole Dia. (in.)			1/2
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)			1/1
Depth temporary casing installed		3 _	[6]
Casing type/dia. (in.)			$\Gamma A$
Method of installing	<u> </u>		//
CASING PULLING	Л	-	
Method employed	Hand texty	10	
Casing retrieved (feet)			%
Casing type/dia. (in)	PVL/2"		[%]
CASING PERFORATING		-	//
Equipment used		10	1/21
Number of perforations/foot		<del>" " " " "  </del>	1%
Size of perforations		$\neg$	%
Interval perforated			%
<u>GROUTING</u>		70 -	11/1
Interval grouted (FBLS)	0-19.08		1 19.00
# of batches prepared	1	$\dashv$	
For each batch record:		$\dashv$	
Quantity of water used (gal.)	40		
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	250	コ	
Cement type	Fortland		,
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	10-15		
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)			<b>i</b> i
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	45		
Volume of grout used (gal.)	Legal!		
COMMENTS:	<del></del>	* Sketch in all relevant	decommissioning data, including:
			erval grouted, casing left in hole,
	<del></del>		or on Progress' castilk terr in noic.
^		well stickup, etc.	
X / 11			<u> </u>

SITE NAME: Arcado - Red Hook # 3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: Bed Hook # 3
INSPECTOR: INLINE
DATE/TIME: OSTOGO19 1222
WEILID.: LINE 15

WELL VICIDI EQUIC		YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)			
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		<u>/</u>	<u> </u>
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	Į		
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	LN	W-5	<u> </u>
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?		YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	ŀ		<u> </u>
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	ţ	V	
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED			
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)		Mayhoh	٠
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:		metal	•
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):		311	
•	Ľ	YES	NO.
LOCK PRESENT?	<u> </u>	120	
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?			
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?			
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	<u> </u>		<del>-7</del>
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	t		
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):		19.4	7.
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	_	7.19	<del>~~~</del>
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	_	71	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	_	11/1	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	_	(none)	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	_		
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	_		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, or	verhead		
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IT	NECESS	ARY.	
nehind Spurity gate, Behind buildings			
	-		
			<del></del>
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a ga	adan ata )		
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	ruen, etc.)		
MSPhalt			
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
vimoti, vate pro, val.).			
EMARKS:	<u> </u>		

Site Name: M/childs - Red Hook # 3	Well I.D.: LMW-5
Site Location: 68 Ferris St. Branklyn NY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Enwooder	Inspector: MW
	Date: 05/06/19
DECOMMISSIONING DATA (Fill in all that apply)	WELL SCHEMATIC* Depth (feet)
OVERDRILLING Interval Drilled Drilling Method(s) Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing	5
CASING PULLING Method employed Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)	
CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated	
interval grouted (FBLS)  for each batches prepared  Quantity of water used (gal.)  Quantity of cement used (lbs.)  Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)  Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)  Yolume of grout prepared (gal.)  Yolume of grout used (gal.)	70 - 19.42
COMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including: interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole, well stickup, etc.

## SITE NAME: Arcali3 - Red HOOK #3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: Real Hook #43

INSPECTOR:
DATE/TIME: OSTO 6

WEILID.:

1506/14/1120

	YEŞ NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?	1
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	LMW-6
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	YES NO
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN COOR CONDITIONS (15 famous describe below)	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	<i>V</i>
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED	
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	Markete
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	Metal
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	5"
	YES NO
LOCK PRESENT?	
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	
	1//6
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	16.69
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	9.46
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	之 り
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	AVL
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	LARON
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, over	لممط
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF N	
Incide Sawity yoth Inside Brit Builing	LCLOOMY I.
the town of your langue or or our any	
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garde	en. etc.)
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	, ,
Asphalt.	
18/1400	
DENTIFICANTALE ADDITION OF THE STATE OF THE	
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT	
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	
EMARKS:	

Site Name: Arcalis - Red two	K #3	Well I.D.: LMU	V-6
Site Location: 68 Ferri SK	Brooklyn NY	Driller:	
Drilling Co.: Env. to &al		Inspector: May	/
		Date: 05/06/	la
DECOMMISSIONIN			CHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that ap	pply)	Depth	
OVERDRILLING		(feet)	
Interval Drilled		<del>-                                   </del>	
Drilling Method(s)			<b>//</b>
Borehole Dia. (in.)	<del></del>	] -	<b>//</b>
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)		_	
Depth temporary casing installed			
Casing type/dia. (in.)			6
Method of installing			
CASING PULLING		1 -	Z
Method employed	Harl tern S.	$  \cap  $	1/
Casing retrieved (feet)	TRAIR COST >		16/
Casing type/dia. (in)	AVL/2"		18
. , ,	<del>4 1 ~ 4</del>		
CASING PERFORATING		ا ا	
Equipment used		<u> </u>	
Number of perforations/foot			16
Size of perforations Interval perforated			// //
interval perforated	<u></u>		16.69
<u>GROUTING</u>		160 -	
interval grouted (FBLS)	0-16.69		
f of batches prepared			
For each batch record:			
Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	40	4	
Cement type	250 A		
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	Portland	$\dashv$	
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	10-15	-	
olume of grout prepared (gal.)	45	$\dashv$	
olume of grout used (gal.)	10 get	┦.	
	90		
OMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant decon	nmissioning data, including:
		interval overdrilled, interval	grouted, casing left in hole,
		well stickup, etc.	
<u> </u>			
* / // 11			

#### FIGURE 1

SITE NAME: Arcali) - Red took & B

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME: WEII ID.:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)			†
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		1	
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)			
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	LM	lw-75	)
01 The Lamber La		YE8	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?		/	
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)		1/2	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	İ		<u></u>
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED			
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)		markele	
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	•		<del>'</del> ——
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):		metil 811	
MENOGIAS (NOTECTIVE CHOING INSIDE DIAMETER (HICIES).	r		170
LOCK PRESENT?	}	YES	NO
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	- 1		<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	ļ		
	1		
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)		/	./
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	Ĺ	V	
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	1	7.60	)
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	ŗ	4.42	<del></del>
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	-	2"	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	-	PVL	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	-	Grook	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	-		
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	-	<u> </u>	
ROALWETT TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		-	
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions,	overhead		
nower lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK,	TE NECES	SARV	
One te - mi de netal suildry.	ii IVECEO	oruci.	
		<del>.</del>	
	· · · · ·		
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a g	arden etc	)	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	,	,	
We.			
Canerate.		<del> </del>	
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
PMARKO.			
EMARKS:			

Well I.D. LMW-75
Driller:
Inspector: Mun
Date: 05/06/14.

DECOM MOCIONING	2.72.4		
DECOMMISSIONING		l .	SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that app	oly)	Depth	1 1
OVERDRILLING Interval Drilled Drilling Method(s) Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing		(feet) 2	
CASING PULLING Method employed Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)	Hand-toods.	10 =	
CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated		15	
GROUTING Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)	0-17.60 1 40 750 Portland 10-15 45 9 val.	20 =	17.60
COMMENTS:			ommissioning data, including: ral grouted, casing left in hole,

Drilling Contractor

SITE NAME: Arcards - Red Hook #3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: INSPECTOR: Red Hovec #3

INSPECTOR: MM DATE/TIME: 05/06/19

WEII ID.:

<u>MM</u> 5/<u>06/19</u> 0928

······································	YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)		
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)		
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	LMn	1-7D
CLIDEACE CEAL DREGENITO	YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENCE (15		
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)		
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)		<u></u>
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	many	1,
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	Meta	
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	8"	
The state of the s	YES	NO
LOCK PRESENT?	123	100
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	<u> </u>	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	-	
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	<u> </u>	
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		
WESS INSTITUTE OF THE PROPERTY		
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	48	.46
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	9	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	2	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	Pro	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:		
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	Gund	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		
TO COMPANY OF CALLETING OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead	ead.	
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NE	CESSARY	
Onsite - inside metal building	OLDO: HTT.	
of the same of the same	-	
	<u>,</u>	<del></del>
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden	etc )	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	, (10.)	
Concrete	10	
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT		
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
REMARKS:		

Site Name: Arcadis - Red Hook #3	Well I.D.: (MW-77)
Site Location: 68 Farris St. Brooklyn, NY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: EnviroTrue Ltd.	Inspector: MM
	Date: 05/66/19
DECOMMISSIONING DATA	WELL SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that apply)	Depth
OVERDRILLING	(feet)
Interval Drilled	
Drilling Method(s)	
Borehole Dia. (in.)	
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)	
Depth temporary casing installed	1 <u>/0</u> ]
Casing type/dia. (in.)	
Method of installing	
CASING PULLING	
Method employed	20 ]
Casing retrieved (feet)	$  \frac{n}{n} -   /  $
Casing type/dia. (in)	
CASING PERFORATING	
Equipment used	<u>30</u>
Number of perforations/foot	
Size of perforations Interval perforated	
interval perforated	
GROUTING	40
Interval grouted (FBLS) O-48.46	
# of batches prepared /	
For each batch record:	
Quantity of water used (gal.)  40	1 48.46
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	50
Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)  Reflect 10-15 lbs	
Quantity of behicitie used (lbs.)  Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	
Volume of grout used (gal.)	
	——————————————————————————————————————
COMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including:
	interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,
	well stickup, etc.

SITE NAME: Areal 5 - Red HOOK # 3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.:

INSPECTOR:

DATE/TIME:

OSTOGRAF 084/3

WEII ID.:

WEIV-85

	YES NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?	V
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	
(**************************************	
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	LMW-85
	YE8 NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	7/
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	<del></del>
	<del></del>
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED	
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	marhole
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	instal
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	84
	YES NO
LOCK PRESENT?	
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	,
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	7 1
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	7
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet);	19160
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	9,46
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	711
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	PVC.
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	G1040
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	
DPACENTE ACCESS TO MEN A STATE OF THE STATE	
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, or	
power lines, proximity to permanent structures etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF	NECESSARY.
Onsite, inside metal buildity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a ga	rden, etc.)
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	
	<del></del>
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT	
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	
lagration.	
EMARKS:	

1 1	
Site Name: Arcauls - Ral Hook #3	Well I.D.: LMW-85
Site Location: 68 Ferris SE Brooklyn NY.	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Eurotry	Inspector: MM
	Date: 05/06/12,
DECOMMISSIONING DATA	WELL SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that apply)	Depth
(FF-7)	(feet)
OVERDRILLING	
Interval Drilled	
Drilling Method(s)	
Borehole Dia. (in.)	
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed	
Casing type/dia. (in.)	
Method of installing	
CASING PULLING	
Method employed	
Casing retrieved (feet)	
Casing type/dia. (in)	
CASING PERFORATING	
Equipment used	
Number of perforations/foot	<del>-                                   </del>
Size of perforations	
Interval perforated	
GROUTING	70 7 19.66
Interval grouted (FBLS)	<b>│</b>
# of batches prepared	-   -
For each batch record:	
Quantity of water used (gal.)	
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	
Cement type Pertland	
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)  Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	
Volume of grout used (gal.)	
112 gar.	<b>_</b>
COMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including:
	interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,
	well stickup, etc.
	<del></del>

SITE NAME: Arcal'3 - Red Hook # FIGURE 1

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.:

INSPECTOR:

WEII ID.:

DATE/TIME: 08/06/14/0856

WELL MODERA (IC	·  -	YES_	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?			
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	L		1
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	LN	1 W81	<u> </u>
CLIDE A CE CE LL DIRECTIVITO	L	YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	<u> </u>	_/_	
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	L		ļ <u>.</u>
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	L		<u> </u>
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED			
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	7	nuho	0.
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:		netel	<u>C</u>
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	- +	<del>-4</del>	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	YES	NQ.
LOCK PRESENT?			1
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	F-		
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	<u> </u>		
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	-		1
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		V	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ACT COURT WITH A PROTECT OF CO. C.		<u></u>	2/1
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	_	71.0	
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	_	9.20	<u> </u>
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):		ν"_	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:		INL	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:		Grood	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE		<u> </u>	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES			
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, or	overhead		
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETOH OF LOCATION ON BACK, I	IF NECESS.	ARY.	
onsite, Inside metal building.			
3			
OFFICE WAY A GENERAL OF			
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a g	arden, etc.)		
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.			
Corvete.			
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
		<u>~</u>	
DATABLE.			
EMARKS:			

Site Name: Arealis-Red Hook # 3	Well I.D.: LMW-80
Site Location: 68 Ferris JE. Grobly NY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Ewivo fax	Inspector: MM
	Date: 05/06/19

DECOMMISSIONING DATA		WELL SCHEMATIC*		
(Fill in all that apply)				
	(feet)			
r	<del></del>			
<del></del>		(//		
	<b>-</b>	$ \mathcal{U} $		
	<b>∫</b>	V/		
	112.5	1//		
	<del>`                                   </del>	1/2		
	-	<i>G</i>		
<del></del>				
		$ \mathscr{C} $		
Hard Tools	1 23 ]	1/2		
		19/		
PVLIZ		1/4		
	1 , -	$ \mathscr{C}_{\ell} $		
	37.5			
	1 -			
		2//		
	150 7			
		$ \mathscr{Y} $		
0-71.04	i — — —	17/2		
	1625			
	-	14/		
	-	19/4		
70.10	-			
45	1-1/	J.OU		
3814	/)	74 '		
	·	h		
	* Sketch in all relevant decor	nmissioning data, including:		
		grouted, casing left in hole,		
	well stickup, etc.	-		
	-	ļ		
	Hand Tooks	Depth (feet)		

SITE NAME: Arcaylor - Red Hook I ]

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.:

WEII ID.:

INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME:

	YES	Ю
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)		
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)		
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	MW-95	
	YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?		
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)		
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)		
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	My hole	·
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	Metal	
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	5"	_
,	YES	NO/
LOCK PRESENT?		V
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	1	<del></del>
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	<del></del>	
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)		1
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	18 0	>
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	10100	<u></u>
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	AVC	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	(-v = 1	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	Crood	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		
TO ALIGH TO ONDEROROUND OR OVERHEAD OTHER LESS		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, ove	rhead	
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF 1	VECESSARY.	
Access Grosse, behind Security gate.		
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a gard	len, etc.)	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	, ,	
Concrete		
Carlore		
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT		
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
A COLUMN TO THE		
		·
EMARKS:		
LIVIANA).		

a				
Site Name: Arcular - 120 Hook #	3	Well I.D.: Mu	Well I.D.: MW-95	
Site Location: 68 Ferry 5 & Brooklyn Wf.		Driller:		
Drilling Co.: Environce	<del></del>	Inspector: May		
	<u> </u>	Date: 05/06/		
		Dail. Official.	<u> </u>	
DECOMMISSIONING		1	WELL SCHEMATIC*	
(Fill in all that app	ly)	Depth		
OVERDRILLING		(feet)		
Interval Drilled		<del>  0                                 </del>		
Drilling Method(s)		-	42	
Borehole Dia. (in.)			4/	
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)			%	
Depth temporary casing installed		15 -	6	
Casing type/dia. (in.)	<u> </u>		<b>1</b>	
Method of installing				
-			2	
CASING PULLING			16	
Method employed	Have tools			
Casing retrieved (feet)	7		<b>[</b> //_]	
Casing type/dia. (in)	fuc/z"			
CASING PERFORATING				
Equipment used		1 (5 -		
Number of perforations/foot	<del></del>	<del>-                                   </del>	$ \mathcal{L} $	
Size of perforations				
Interval perforated				
ODOLITRIO			18.02	
GROUTING	- <del>                                     </del>			
Interval grouted (FBLS)	0-18.02			
f of batches prepared For each batch record:		-		
Quantity of water used (gal.)	40	-		
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	2.50	$\dashv$		
Cement type	Per tlank	— <b>–</b>		
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	10-15			
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	<del></del>			
olume of grout prepared (gal.)	45		<b>!</b>	
olume of grout used (gal.)	10 gm1.	J		
	J		_	
COMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant decor	nmissioning data, including:	
		interval overdrilled, interval	grouted, casing left in hole,	
		well stickup, etc.		

SITE NAME: Areal's - Ral HOOK #3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.:
INSPECTOR:

Ral Hoore &

DATE/TIME: 05/06/14/10
WEILID.: MW-47

	YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	V	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?	1/	
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	· i/	
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	Mn1-91	Ò
The state of the s	YE,8	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	<del></del>	110
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)		_
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)		
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED	_	
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	menhol	,
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	metal	<u> </u>
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	5"	<del></del>
MEMORIE TROTTE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (IIIciles).	<u> </u>	NO
LOCK PRESENT?	YES	NO_
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	<del> </del>	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	<u> </u>	
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	<del>                                     </del>	<del>-7-</del>
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		
	//0	
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	48.0	00
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	7.46	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):		
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	PVC	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	<u>_6,022.</u>	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE		
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overh	ead	
power lings, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NE	ECESSARY.	
Access Grood, Believed Schwitz ante		
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garder		
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	ι, εισ.)	
		,
Convete		
		<u> </u>
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT		
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
EMARKS:		

Site Name: Arralix Ral Honk #3	Well I.D.: MW-40
Site Location: 68 Ferry Street Brooklyn	
Drilling Co.: Envertal	_
Drining Co WWW.	Inspector: NW  Date: 05/06/14
	Date: 03/Co/10
DECOMMISSIONING DATA	WELL SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that apply)	Depth
OVERDRILLING	(feet)
Interval Drilled	
Drilling Method(s)	·
Borehole Dia. (in.)	┧
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)	
Depth temporary casing installed	17.5
Casing type/dia. (in.)	
Method of installing	
CASING PULLING	
Method employed Hawton!	1   25
Casing retrieved (feet)	
Casing type/dia. (in)	
CASING PERFORATING	
Equipment used	37.5 -
Number of perforations/foot	
Size of perforations	
Interval perforated	
<u>GROUTING</u>	50 - 44
Interval grouted (FBLS)  0-48.68	50 7 48.68
# of batches prepared	
For each batch record:	
Quantity of water used (gal.)	
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	
Cement type Partland	
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	
Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)  78 as 1.	
1 20 MI -	
COMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including

Drilling Contractor

Department Representative

well stickup, etc.

interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,

SITE NAME: Arcach's - Red Hook 743

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME:

WEILID.:

	YES, NO	
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)		_
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		_
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)		_
WEEL SOOM TO THE TOTAL THAT I (IT HOL, SECTION ACTUAL TOWARD) ON OACK)		
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	MW-105	
OVER A COLOR OF A COLO	YES NO	<u> </u>
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?		
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)		
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)		
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	Machole.	
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	wtal	
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	- NONA!	_
The state of the s	YES NO	_
LOCK PRESENT?	1123 110	_
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	<u> </u>	_
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	<del></del>	
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes,describe below)	<del>- + 7</del>	
WELL MEASURING DODIT VISIDLES		
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		_
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	19.66	
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	501	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):		
WELL CASING MATERIAL.	24	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	PVC	_
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	baod	_
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE		_
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		_
DESCRIPE ACCESS TO HELL (I. I. I		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, or	verhead	
power lines, proximity to permanent structures etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, II	F NECESSARY.	
Muls good, believed security gate.		
3 , 3		
	<del>-</del>	_
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a ga	orden etc.\	_
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	inden, etc.)	
Conjete		
		_
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT		
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
		_
		_
EMARKS:		
LLITE HUGO,		
		_

Site Name: Agran 3 - Ral Hook # 3	Well I.D.: MW-LOS
Site Location: 68 Ferry St. Brooklyn, N.Y.	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Enwrotac	Inspector: AM
	Date: 05/06/19

DECOMMISSIONIN	GDATA	WELL	SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that ap		Depth	SCHEWATIC
( up	P <sup>(</sup> )	(feet)	1 1
<u>OVERDRILLING</u>			1 1
Interval Drilled		<del></del>	///
Drilling Method(s)		<b> </b>	1/2
Borehole Dia. (in.)	-	-	1/2
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)	<del></del>		[%]
Depth temporary casing installed	···		10
Casing type/dia. (in.)			<i>Y</i>
Method of installing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	4/
			16
CASING PULLING		1	
Method employed	Hard Tools	10	1 %
Casing retrieved (feet)	100.3	<del></del>	19/
Casing type/dia. (in)	316/2"	] -	1%
	1		///
CASING PERFORATING			[//.]
Equipment used		15	A CANADORE
Number of perforations/foot			AND THE
Size of perforations			
Interval perforated			[/ <sub>1</sub> ]
			[1//2]
GROUTING		120	19.66
Interval grouted (FBLS)	0-19.66.		1 7,66
# of batches prepared		1 7	
For each batch record:			
Quantity of water used (gal.)	40		
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	570		
Cement type	Parithen		
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	10-15		
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)			]
Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)	45		1 [ ]
votatile of grout used (gai.)	1 ll gad-		
COLO ESTENDO	7	1	
COMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant deco	mmissioning data, including:
		interval overdrilled, interva	l grouted, casing left in hole,
		well stickup, etc.	

SITE NAME: Archel 3 - Red Hook # 3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME: 05/04/

WEII ID.:

WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below) WELL LD. VISIBLE? WELL LO CATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)  WELL LD. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:  WELL LD. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:  WELL LD. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:  WELL CASING AND OR CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below) PROTECTIVE CASING (In GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)  HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED.  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable) PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable) PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN PEET (If applicable)  TYPE OF THE APPLICATION OF THE APPLICATION OF THE APPLICATION OF THE APPLICAT		
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MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  PLUS Grown Bellines, Describe Grown and Field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOT WITH ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  PLUS Grown Bellines, Describe Grown and Field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOT WITH ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	ME AGUIDE MINI LI DEDITIUDI CALL DE LOUIDI LO DO DATA DE LA CALIDADA DEL CALIDADA DE LA CALIDADA DE LA CALIDADA DEL CALIDADA DE LA CALIDADA DEL CA	#1 = C1
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  FLUIS Grown Bellines Secrets Guille (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LINIWISK  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent struckfres, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ALLIES Graw, Bellew Selwitz galt.  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  Language  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		<del>***</del>
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE		DVC
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent struckfres, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ALLES Grand, Belline Security gate.  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONG WILL  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		Ozcok
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ALLES Grand, Bellew Security gall.  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONGER  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LINUARY  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT  (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LINUARY  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT  (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig. natural obstructions, overh	ead
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONG WITH  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT  (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.): ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK. IF NF	CESSARY.
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONG OF THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONG OF THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	Augus brond Lakeral Sounts auto.	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONG CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT  (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	THE STATE STATE OF THE STATE OF	<del></del>
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONG CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT  (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LONG CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT  (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on payement, in a garden	. etc.)
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		, 5.0.)
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT (e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):		
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.);	LOUI OF DEC	
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.);		
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.);	DENTIFY ANY NEARRY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION IF PRESENT	
EMARKS:	v.g. Gas station, sait pile, etc.,	
EMARKS:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EMARKS:		
EMARKS:		
	EMARKS:	

Site Name: Arcado - Gel Hook #3	Well I.D.: MW-100
Site Location: 68 Ferry St. Brookly N.	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Funtation	Inspector: MM
•	Date: 05/06/19

DECOMMISSIONING	GDATA	J WEI	L SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that ap		Depth	DE SCHEIMHTIE
		(feet)	1 1
<u>OVERDRILLING</u>			
Interval Drilled			VII
Drilling Method(s)			1/6
Borehole Dia. (in.)			<i>W</i>
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)		12.5	10/2k
Depth temporary casing installed		12.3	<b>//</b> /
Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing			
Memod of instanting		_	
CASING PULLING	_		[7]
Method employed	14 Popular	0:	///
Casing retrieved (feet)	17000 (1801)	<del>-4-3</del>	
Casing type/dia. (in)	AV//2"	$\vdash$	[2//]
	(* VL/) ~	' - I	%
CASING PERFORATING			%
Equipment used		37.5	%
Number of perforations/foot			
Size of perforations			126/
Interval perforated			450
GROUTING		13	"%
		<del></del>	
Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared	0-45.98	_	
For each batch record:		$\dashv$	
Quantity of water used (gal.)	40	-	
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	250	$\dashv$	
Cement type	Portlad		
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	10-15	$\dashv$	<b>i l</b>
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)		$\neg$	
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	45		]
Volume of grout used (gal.)	7.5 gal.		1 1
COMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant	decommissioning data, including:
			terval grouted, casing left in hole,
		well stickup, etc.	

SITE NAME: Arraly-Red HODK #3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: Red INSPECTOR: MATE/TIME: 05/06/

WEII ID.:

05/06/19/0974

		YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)			
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		V .	
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	- 1		
WEEL BOOKHOW MATCH STIL MAI : (II not, sketch actual location on back)	L		<u> </u>
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	Mi.	V-115	
WEEL I.D. ASTI ATTEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	, , v		1 220
CUDEACE CEAL DEPOSITIO	ļ.	YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?			
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	ļ	1/	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	l		<u> </u>
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		,,,,,,,,,	
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	-	nal d	
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	-	Marhola	-
	-	metu_	
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	-	8	
LOCKED DOM: TO	L L	YES	_ Ŋ0
LOCK PRESENT?	L		V
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	L		
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	Γ		
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	<u> </u>		V
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		7	
	_		
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):		16:	24
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	_	4.56	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	_	7/1	,
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	_	<u> </u>	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	-	Grand	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE		J1000	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	_	<del></del>	
TROALMITT TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	_		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL, (Include accessibility to trust accessibility to			
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, o			
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, II	F NECES:	SARY.	
Acres Good, believed Seewity gate.			
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a ga	arden, etc.)	)	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	, ,		
Asphalt.			
713/210000			
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
org. Gus stanton, sure price, etc.).			
EMARKS:			

Site Name: Areals - Red Hook # 3	Well I.D.: MW-115
Site Location: 68 Ferris 3th Brooklyn	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Environce	Inspector: MWI
	Date: /)5/06/19,

DEGOVA AGGIOVINI	C D ( T)	1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111	
DECOMMISSIONING		<b> </b>	CHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that ap	piy)	Depth	1 1
OVERDRILLING Interval Drilled Drilling Method(s) Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing  CASING PULLING Method employed		(feet) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)	WC/2"		
CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated		70	16.29
GROUTING Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	0-16,24 10 250 Partland 10-15		
Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)	agai.	=	
COMMENTS:		<ul> <li>Sketch in all relevant decome interval overdrilled, interval g well stickup, etc.</li> </ul>	

SITE NAME: Ar cal. 3 - Red HOOK #7  MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG	SITE ID.: INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME:	RULLA
NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM	WEII ID.:	MUN
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	YE	S NO
WELL 1.D. VISIBLE?		
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)		
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	nw-	110
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	YES	S NO
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	·	<del>//</del>
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)		
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		-
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	mi	inhole
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	Vn	etal
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	5	1(
LOCK PRESENT?	YES	NO
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	<del></del>	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)		<del>                                      </del>
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	$\mathcal{G}$	0.69
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):		43
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	- <del>2</del> '	1
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	PVC	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	(naz	<del></del>
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE		
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES		_
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions,	overhead	
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK,		
Acces Grand region Sensitive mate.		
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a	garden, etc.)	<del></del>
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	o,,	

(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):

REMARKS:

Site Name: Arcall - Red Hook # 3	Well I.D.: MW-110
Site Location: 68 1917 St. Growling 114.	Driller:
Drilling Co.: 1 MANOGRA	Inspector: Mu1
4	Date: 0576/P
	Date. Office of 4
DECOMMISSIONING DATA	WELL SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that apply)	Depth
OVERDRILLING	(feet)
Interval Drilled	
Drilling Method(s)	-
Borehole Dia. (in.)	
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)	
Depth temporary casing installed	1,2,5
Casing type/dia. (in.)	— <b>–</b>
Method of installing	
CASINO DI II I DIO	
CASING PULLING Method employed Hack tory	
Casing retrieved (feet)	
Casing type/dia. (in)	
to to the second	
CASING PERFORATING	
Equipment used	37.5
Number of perforations/foot	
Size of perforations	
Interval perforated	
<u>GROUTING</u>	50 -   1/4
Interval grouted (FBLS)	50.69
# of batches prepared	
For each batch record:	
Quantity of water used (gal.) 40	
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	625
Cement type  Description of the control of the cont	
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)  Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	
Talaman of annual management of the state of	
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)  Volume of grout used (gal.)  28441.	
20 10001	
COMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including:
	interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,
	well stickup, etc
^	Total Guerra, Suc.

SITE NAME: Arculis - Red Hook #5

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.:

WEII ID.:

Red HOOK # 3

INSPECTOR: NATE/TIME: 057/06

MW, 106/19/ 07 78

		YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)		7	
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?			
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)			
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	MW.	123	
OLIDDA GE GDAY DDEGRAM		YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?		V	
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)			
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)		V	
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED			
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)		Michale	
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:			
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):		metas 8"	
		YES	NQ.
LOCK PRESENT?			V
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?			
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?			
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)			_/_
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?		V	
MEACIDE WELL DEBTHEROMANEACHDING DODIE (P)		30-1	a !
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):		15.6	4
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):		<u>4) a [7</u>	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):		<u> </u>	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:		PVC.	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	•	GLOOL	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE		-	_
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	-		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, or	verhead		
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, II	NECES	SARY.	
Access good, Ing. de Seun ity gate.			
NO CONTROLLEY AND A CON			
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a ga	rden, etc	.)	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.			
- that			
• 4			
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.);			
EMARKS:			
our interest			

Site Name: Arcan 3 - Red Hook # 3	Well I.D.: Min-125
Site Location: 68 Ferr. 7 St. Brownlyn NY.	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Engrotal	Inspector: MM
	Date: 05/06/19

		Date: 03/06	71-7
DECOMMISSIONING	C DATA	T WEI	L SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that ap		Depth	L SCHEMATIC.
OVERDRILLING Interval Drilled		(feet)	
Drilling Method(s)			
Borehole Dia. (in.)			[%]
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)			
Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.)		<u> </u>	
Method of installing		-	///
CASING PULLING	1		
Method employed	Hal Took.	10 ]	<i> </i>
Casing retrieved (feet)	<b>A</b>		<b>W</b>
Casing type/dia. (in)	PVC/7"		
CASING PERFORATING			
Equipment used		1 15 -	
Number of perforations/foot			15.64
Size of perforations			"""
Interval perforated			
GROUTING		20 -	
Interval grouted (FBLS)	0-15.64		
# of batches prepared	1		
For each batch record:	<del> </del>		
Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	40		
Cement type	250	' ——   —	
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	portlent	$\dashv$	
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)	1017	$\dashv$	
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	45		
Volume of grout used (gal.)	9 941.		
	7		
COMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant de	ecommissioning data, including:
	. <u></u> .	interval overdrilled, inte	rval grouted, casing teft in hole,
		well stickup, etc	
- Ox - A - I.			

SITE NAME: Arcadis- Red Hook 43

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

		YES	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)			
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?			
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)			·
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	M	W-120	)
		YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?			L
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	İ		
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)			
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED			
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	•	Mahok	,
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:		metal	
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	•	5"	_
——————————————————————————————————————	(	YES	NO
LOCK PRESENT?	]	1.00	, <u>~</u>
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	İ		-
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	ŀ		
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	}		
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	ŀ		*
MEACIDE WELL DEDTH EDOM MEACHDING DODIT (F).	_	4-4n 1	17
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	-	50,6	16
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	-	5,00	)
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	-	0//	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	-	PVL	
	-	670EA	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	_		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions,	overhead		
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.) /ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK,		SARY	
	H IVECED	02411	
Hupes Grad, Bahn Security gate.			
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a g	 ⊵arden, etc	<u> </u>	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	,,	,	
A , 1			
Asplut.			
	<del></del>		
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
DEMARKS.			
REMARKS:			-
			_

<del></del>	
Site Name: Arcadis - Red Hook #3	Well I.D.: MW-12D
Site Location: 68 Ferry St. Brooklyn, N. V.	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Envirobal	Inspector: MM
	Date: OSTOCIA

Interval perforated  GROUTING Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared Por each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)  Volume of grout used (gal.)	DECOMMISSIONIN	• •		SCHEMATIC*
Drilling Method(s) Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing  CASING PULLING Method employed Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)  CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated  GROUTING Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)  * Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,		ply)	(feet)	
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.) Method of installing  CASING PULLING Method employed Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)  CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval protect (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of vater used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)  COMMENTS:   1 2.5  1 2.5  1 37.5  Solution  4 37.5  Solution  5 3.4  COMMENTS:  * Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing teft in hole,	Drilling Method(s)			
Method employed Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)  CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated  GROUTING Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)  * Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,	Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.)		12.5	
Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations Interval perforated  GROUTING Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)  Volume of grout used (gal.)  *Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including: Interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,	Method employed Casing retrieved (feet)	Hand Took	25	
Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)  *Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,	Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations		37.5	
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)  Cement type  Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)  Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)  Volume of grout prepared (gal.)  Volume of grout used (gal.)  Volume of grout used (gal.)  *Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,	Interval grouted (FBLS) # of batches prepared For each batch record:	0-50-46	<u>50</u> =	53.46
* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,	Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.) Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	Partland 10-15	62.5	
interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,		1 28 gel ·	* Sketch in all relevant deco	ommissioning data, including:
	. 0 11		interval overdrilled, interva	• ,

SITE NAME: Arcadiz-Redtook #3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: Rul Hook 1 7
INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME: OSTOS/WO822
WEll ID.:

	YES NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	1/
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?	1
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	$M\omega-1$
	YES NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?	77
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)	
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED	سسسه
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)	mehole
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:	Anastril
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	metal 8
The state of the s	YES NO
LOCK PRESENT?	120 1 19
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?	
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	15.05
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	5.10
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	24
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	Grose
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	ChOO F
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, over	
power lines, proximity to pegmanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF N	nead Ecces ( DV
And the second of the structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF IN	ECESSARY.
Acces Great, behand Searity gate.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garde	en, etc.)
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	
MS Phalt	
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT	
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	
EMADVC.	<del></del>
EMARKS:	

Site Name: Arcaliz - Red Hook #3	Well I.D.: MW-1	
Site Location: 68 Ferr JS6 Broklyn	Driller:	
Drilling Co.: Entiro the	Inspector: MW	
	Date: 05/06/19	

			<del></del>
DECOMMISSIONIN	G DATA	WELL.	SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that ap	pply)	Depth	o chiam the
OVER DRIVE DEC		(feet)	
OVERDRILLING		<u> </u>	
Interval Drilled			1/1
Drilling Method(s)			
Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)			%
Depth temporary casing installed			121
Casing type/dia. (in.)			//
Method of installing	<del> </del>		1//
The state of motioning		I —	1//
CASING PULLING		-	16/2
Method employed	Hand tools	I/O	$ \mathscr{U}_{\ell} $
Casing retrieved (feet)	-		19/
Casing type/dia. (in)	PV1 /2"	1 -	<i>[[/_i</i>
		1	
<u>CASING PERFORATING</u>		<u> </u>	1/2
Equipment used		115	1'41
Number of perforations/foot			15.05
Size of perforations			1 1 105
Interval perforated			
GROUTING		120	
Interval grouted (FBLS)	A 10-6		
# of batches prepared	0-15.05	1 -	
For each batch record:		<b>!</b>	
Quantity of water used (gal.)	40		
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	7.50	-	1 1
Cement type	Antten	<del>-</del>	
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	10-15		
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)		-	
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	45	-	
Volume of grout used (gal.)	8 gal.	l	
	3		
COMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant decor	nmissioning data, including:
		interval overdrilled, interval	grouted, casing left in hole,
		welf stickup, etc.	
- A			
1/11/1/2	<u> </u>		
Orilling Contractor	-	Department Representative	

SITE NAME: Arcardis - Red Hook# FIGURE 1

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: INSPECTOR:

DATE/TIME: WEII ID.:

WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL LO VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE WELL VISIBLE? WELL VISIBLE WE				
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	METAL Home to WA		YES	NO
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)	WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)	•	V/	<u> </u>
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:  SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?  SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)  PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)  HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)  PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:  MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK FUNCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?  IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead sower lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ACCESS TOWELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead sower lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ACCESS TOWELL: SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			<u> </u>	
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?  SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)  PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)  HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED.  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)  PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:  MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK FUNCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?  IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well D is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE.  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.): ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **OURSELL CASING:** ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION	WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)			
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SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)  PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)  HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED	CLIDEACE CEAL INDECENTO		YES	NO
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)  HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED.  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable) PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:  MCASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK PUNCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK? IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PROXIMITY TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  MILLERS DOWN OF PRESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCK PUNCTION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCK PURCHASHOP TO ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	CLIDEACE SEAL COMMETERATE (IC., 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		<u> </u>	
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED.  TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)  PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:  MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK FUNCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?  IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE.  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead cower lines, proximity to permangnt structures, etc.): ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **ILLUST TOWN OF MEASURING POINT (Feet):  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  **DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  **DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  **DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)	DROTECTIVE CARRIE BLOOD CONDITIONS (IS In the second below)		1	<b> </b>
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TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable) PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:  WEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK PROCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK? IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  **RUCKES** STOMMATERIAL**  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  **CONTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED		-	
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:  MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK FUNCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?  IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead cower lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.): ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ALLEES GOOD, OVER HEAD LINES ADJANT TO WELL WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT  e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)		MANAMA	
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):  LOCK PRESENT?  LOCK FUNCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?  IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well D is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead bower lines, proximity to permangent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ALLEES GOOD, OVER MEAN DOWN INC.  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED;  CARLLEL WALL WALL WALL AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED;  CARLLEL WALL WALL WALL AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED;  CARLLEL WALL WALL WALL AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED;  CARLLEL WALL WALL WALL WALL WALL WALL WALL	PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:			
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LOCK FUNCTIONAL?  DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?  IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ACCESS TOWELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ACCESS TOWELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ACCESS TOWELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTOR TION REQUIRED.  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTOR TION REQUIRED.  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	LOCK PRESENT?	ľ	110	
DD YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?  IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)  WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?  MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):  MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ALLERS JOH, Overhead former lines holdent to well bout an a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CONCELL WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CONCELL WELL SETTING (FOR EXAMPLE) AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CONCELL WELL SETTING (FOR EXAMPLE) AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CONCELL WELL SETTING (FOR EXAMPLE) AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CONCELL WELL SETTING (FOR EXAMPLE) AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CONCELL WELL SETTING (FOR EXAMPLE) AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CONCELL WELL SETTING (FOR EXAMPLE) AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	LOCK FUNCTIONAL?			
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MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):  WELL CASING MATERIAL:  PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:  ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE  PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES.  DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, overhead power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF NECESSARY.  ALCERS GOOD, Overhead found I was Adjaunt for well located.  DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CANADA ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CANADA ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  CANADA SASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet);		6.56	
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DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED,  Concrete well pail in Asplant  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.) ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON DACK	overnead	CADN	
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCATE SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.  LOCATE SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a garden, etc.)  DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	Attended to permanent structures, etc.), ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK,	IF NECES	SARY.	١
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	- Mices good, Overnew power I was harpilled to	2 Well	10cm	10/1.
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):				<del></del>
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on payament, in a	garden etc	<u> </u>	
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF DESTOR ATION DESTURED	garden, etc.	.)	
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED,			
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	Converte well paid in Aspune			
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):				
e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):	DENTIFY AND ADDITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR			
	e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
		<del></del> -		
LIVIARAS,				<del></del>
	MALUMO,			
			· <u> </u>	

Site Name: Accords - hear Honk #3	Well I.D.: MW-Z
Site Location: 68 Ferris St. Grooklyn, DY	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Embobae	Inspector: MM
	Date: 05/06/19

			-E. DD/
DECOMMISSIONIN	G DATA	<u> </u>	WELL SCHEMATIC*
(Fill in all that ap		Depth	WEEL SCHEMATIC
ì		(feet)	1 1
OVERDRILLING		$\int \widetilde{\mathcal{D}}$	
Interval Drilled		—	h 1/1
Drilling Method(s)			- 4' Namael 1/
Borehole Dia. (in.)	<del></del>	1	- Rey 07.17 1//
Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)		<u> </u>	- 11.800/1300   //
Depth temporary casing installed		1 5	<b>-</b>   ₩/-
Casing type/dia. (in.)	<del>                                     </del>		<b>⊣</b> [///]
Method of installing		1	<b>⊣</b>   <i>' /</i>
	<del></del>		$\dashv$ $ l/_{\ell} $
CASING PULLING		1	$\dashv$ $ \mathscr{Y}_{\ell} $
Method employed	Harton 1	10	<b>⊢</b>  '(/ <sub>k</sub>
Casing retrieved (feet)	161	<del>-</del>	<del>- </del>  \langle \langle \langle
Casing type/dia, (in)	2" PVL	1	<b>⊢</b>  1/2
			<b>-</b>  %
CASING PERFORATING			-  1/2
Equipment used		1 15	<b>⊣</b>  %
Number of perforations/foot		<del></del>	- 1660
Size of perforations			- 15.15
Interval perforated			$\dashv$ $\mid$ $\mid$ $\mid$
		1	- ! !
GROUTING		17	-
Interval grouted (FBLS)	0-15.15	<del>-                                    </del>	-
# of batches prepared	1		-
For each batch record:	<del></del>	ļ	$\dashv$
Quantity of water used (gal.)	40		
Quantity of cement used (lbs.)	250		<b>-</b>
Cement type	Portland		$\dashv$ $\mid$ $\mid$
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	10.15		-
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)			<b>-</b>
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)	45		
Volume of grout used (gal.)	8 1608		<b>-</b>
	300		
COMMENTS:		* Sketch in all i	relevant decommissioning data, including:
			• •
			rilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,
		well stickup, e	tc.
All		<del></del>	
- Dunky/			
Drilling Contractor	-	Department Rep	presentative
V -			

#### FIGURE 1

SITE NAME: Areal 3-Red HOOK #3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.: INSPECTOR: DATE/TIME:

WEII ID.:

		_	
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)		YES	NO
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		1	<del> </del>
WELL LOCATION MATCH CITE MADO (10 and 14 and			
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)		<i>"</i>	
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	MI	1-3	
		YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?		1	1.,0
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)		1	
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)			
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED			
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)		41.4.1	./.
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:		Marke	ne_
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):		Molal	
TELESCOTE CASING MASIDE DIAMETER (INCIRES):	i	84	T 110
LOCK PRESENT?		YES	NO
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?			<u> </u>
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?			
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)			
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?			,
WEEL HEASTINGTOINT VISIBLE:	l		
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):		12 7	
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	-	15.23	<del></del>
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	-	21.0°C	·
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	-	2"	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	-	PVC	
ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen all a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (if well ID is seen a LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER A LIDENTIEN A CARROTTER ATTACH ID MADVED (i	-	Cropix	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	-		
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	-		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL (Include accessibility to beauty accessibility to beauty)			
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK,	overhead		
A star of the permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK,	IF NECES	SARY.	
Access Good inside security gate.			
,			
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a g	garden, etc.	.)	<del></del> _
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	•	,	
Asphalt.			
DENITIES AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND			
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
	-		
EMARKS:			
		<del>-</del>	

Site Name: Arcails - Red Hook #3		Well I.D.: NW-3
Site Location: 68 Ferris St. Blo	oklyn NY.	Driller:
Drilling Co.: Enviro bae		Inspector: MVII
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date: 195706/14
DECOMMISSIONIN	CDATA	WELL COURS A STOCK
(Fill in all that ap		WELL SCHEMATIC* Depth
OVERDRILLING		(feet)
Interval Drilled		
Drilling Method(s)		
Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n) Depth temporary casing installed Casing type/dia. (in.)		1 Se Passed
Method of installing		
CASING PULLING Method employed Casing retrieved (feet) Casing type/dia. (in)	Hard Topols  Aut 52"  PUC/ 2"	
CASING PERFORATING Equipment used Number of perforations/foot Size of perforations interval perforated		15.23
GROUTING  nterval grouted (FBLS)  of batches prepared	0-13.25	
For each batch record: Quantity of water used (gal.) Quantity of cement used (lbs.) Cement type Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)	40 250 portial	
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.) Volume of grout prepared (gal.) Volume of grout used (gal.)	45 8 gal	
OMMENTS:		* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including:
		interval overdrilled, interval grouted, casing left in hole,
		well stickup, etc.
~ A H .		

SITE NAME: Aval 3 Red Hock # 3

#### MONITORING WELL FIELD INSPECTION LOG NYSDEC WELL DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM

SITE ID.:
INSPECTOR:
DATE/TIME: 05/01/14/1030

WEILID.:

		YEŞ	NO
WELL VISIBLE? (If not, provide directions below)		129	110
WELL I.D. VISIBLE?		<del>//-</del>	-
WELL LOCATION AATOMOTER AADOMO			
WELL LOCATION MATCH SITE MAP? (if not, sketch actual location on back)			
WELL ID ACT ADDITABLE ON DOCTOOTIVE CLODIC OF HIDIT	Tn	1w-1	
WELL I.D. AS IT APPEARS ON PROTECTIVE CASING OR WELL:	• •	, 	
CLIDE A CIP OF ALL DRECEDING		YES	NO
SURFACE SEAL PRESENT?			
SURFACE SEAL COMPETENT? (If cracked, heaved etc., describe below)	ı		
PROTECTIVE CASING IN GOOD CONDITION? (If damaged, describe below)		V	
HEADSDACE DEADING () AND DISTRIB CONTRIGED			
HEADSPACE READING (ppm) AND INSTRUMENT USED			
TYPE OF PROTECTIVE CASING AND HEIGHT OF STICKUP IN FEET (If applicable)		Merko	
PROTECTIVE CASING MATERIAL TYPE:		5"1	<u> </u>
MEASURE PROTECTIVE CASING INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches):	_	5 4	
	[	YES	NO
LOCK PRESENT?	[		
LOCK FUNCTIONAL?			-
DID YOU REPLACE THE LOCK?	Γ		<del>-</del>
IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT THE WELL IS DOUBLE CASED? (If yes, describe below)	Γ		V
WELL MEASURING POINT VISIBLE?	Ī		
	_		
MEASURE WELL DEPTH FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):		19.3	_
MEASURE DEPTH TO WATER FROM MEASURING POINT (Feet):	_	9.54	
MEASURE WELL DIAMETER (Inches):	_	2"	
WELL CASING MATERIAL:	_	PVL	
PHYSICAL CONDITION OF VISIBLE WELL CASING:	_	GOOD	
ATTACH ID MARKER (if well ID is confirmed) and IDENTIFY MARKER TYPE	_	-	
PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES	_		
	-		
DESCRIBE ACCESS TO WELL: (Include accessibility to truck mounted rig, natural obstructions, over	erhead		
power lines, proximity to permanent structures, etc.); ADD SKETCH OF LOCATION ON BACK, IF	NECES:	SARY.	
ALLOSS Great, behird Sever ty gate.			
7 300			
DESCRIBE WELL SETTING (For example, located in a field, in a playground, on pavement, in a gard	den etc	١	
AND ASSESS THE TYPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED.	1011, CIC.	,	
AND ASSESS THE TIPE OF RESTORATION REQUIRED,			
Conwell			
DENTIFY ANY NEARBY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION, IF PRESENT			
(e.g. Gas station, salt pile, etc.):			
v.E. Gas station, sait pile, etc.).			
EMARKS:			

Site Name: Aradis Ral Hook #3	Well I.D.: TMW-1			
Site Location: M 68 Fans-St. Brooklyn, NV	Driller:			
Drilling Co.: A EN NOTORE	Inspector: MM			
	Date: OON C. R			
DECOM MAGNOVING BATA	- vaji			
DECOMMISSIONING DATA (Fill in all that apply)	WELL SCHEMATIC*  Depth			
(1 iii iii aii iiiat appiy)	(feet)			
OVERDRILLING				
Interval Drilled				
Drilling Method(s)				
Borehole Dia. (in.) Temporary Casing Installed? (y/n)				
Depth temporary casing installed				
Casing type/dia. (in.)				
Method of installing				
CASING PULLING				
Method employed  Casing retrieved (feet)				
Casing tetrieved (feet)  Casing type/dia. (in)				
Custing type data. (III)				
CASING PERFORATING				
Equipment used	$\lfloor \frac{l}{l} \rfloor = \lfloor \frac{l}{l} \rfloor$			
Number of perforations/foot				
Size of perforations Interval perforated				
interval periorated				
<u>GROUTING</u>	120 -			
Interval grouted (FBLS)	1832			
# of batches prepared				
For each batch record:				
Quantity of water used (gal.)  Quantity of cement used (lbs.)				
Compatitions				
Quantity of bentonite used (lbs.)				
Quantity of calcium chloride used (lbs.)				
Volume of grout prepared (gal.)				
Volume of grout used (gal.)				
COMMENTS	<u> </u>			
COMMENTS:	* Sketch in all relevant decommissioning data, including:			
	interval overdrilled, interval grouted, easing left in hole,			
1	well stickup, etc.			
Drilling Contractor	Danariment Penyapontativo			
V V	Department Representative			

### **ATTACHMENT 2**

Photolog



LMW-1 with PVC Riser Grouted



LMW-1 Surface Completion



LMW-2 with PVC Riser Grouted



LMW-2 Surface Completion



LMW-3 with PVC Riser Grouted



LMW-3 Surface Completion with Cold-Patch



LMW-4 PVC Screen and Riser in Process of Grouting (Typical)



LMW-4 with PVC Riser Grouted



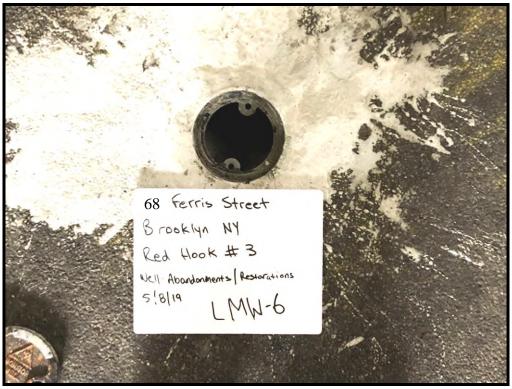
LMW-4 Surface Completion with Cold-Patch



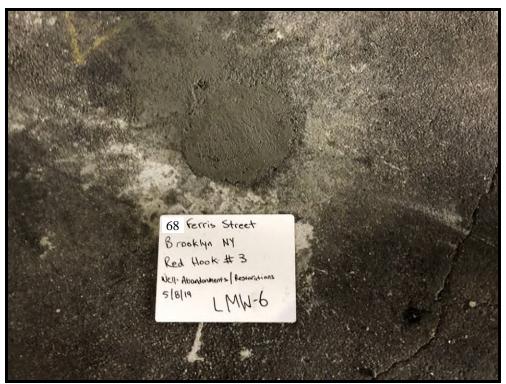
LMW-5 with PVC Riser Grouted



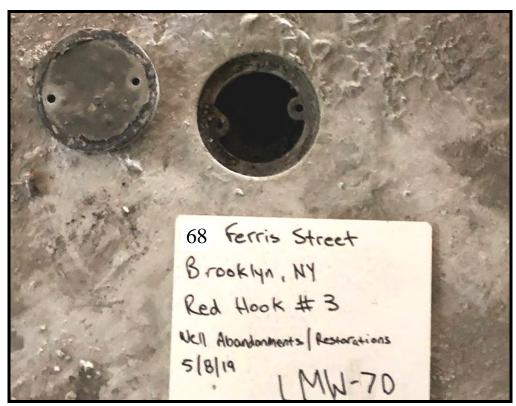
LMW-5 Surface Completion with Cold-Patch



LMW-6 (Inside Brick Warehouse) with PVC Riser Grouted



LMW-6 Surface Completion with Cement



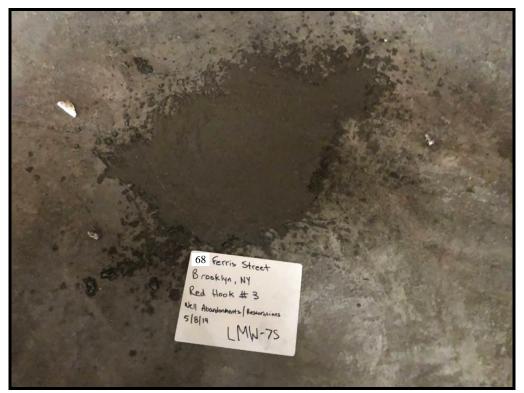
LMW-7D (Inside Blue Warehouse) with PVC Riser Grouted



LMW-7D Surface Completion with Cement



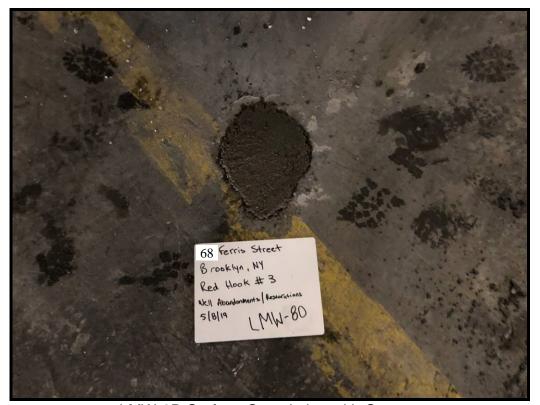
LMW-7S (Inside Blue Warehouse) PVC Screen and Riser in Process of Grouting



LMW-7S Surface Completion with Cement



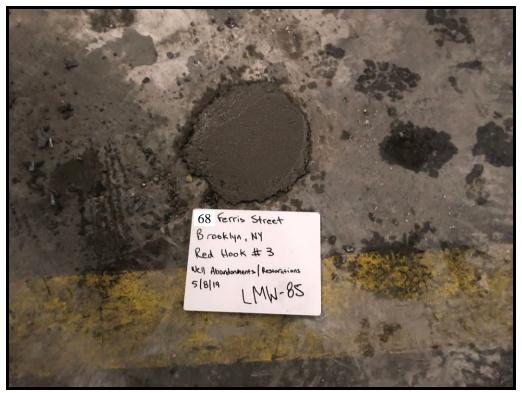
LMW-8D (Inside Blue Warehouse) with Grouting in Progress



LMW-8D Surface Completion with Cement



LMW-8S (Inside Blue Warehouse) with PVC Riser Grouted



LMW-8S Surface Completion with Cement



MW-1 with PVC Riser Grouted



MW-1 Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-2 with PVC Riser Grouted



MW-2 Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-3 with PVC Riser Grouted



MW-3 Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-9D with PVC Riser Grouted



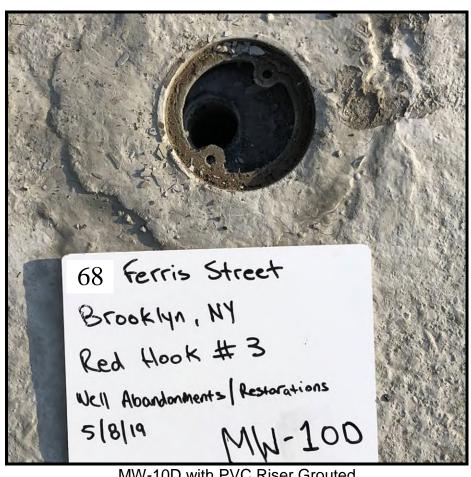
MW-9D Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-9S with PVC Riser Grouted



MW-9S Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-10D with PVC Riser Grouted



MW-10D Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-10S with PVC Screen and Riser in Process of Grouting



MW-10S Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-11D with PVC Screen and Riser in Process of Grouting



MW-11D Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-11S with PVC Riser Grouted



MW-11S Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-12D with PVC Screen and Riser in Process of Grouting



MW-12D Surface Completion with Cold Patch



MW-12S with PVC Riser Grouted



MW-12S Surface Completion with Cold Patch



TMW-1 with PVC Riser Grouted



TMW-1 Surface Completion with Cold Patch



Mr. Chris Heller Project Manager – Remediation Bureau A New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor Albany, NY 12233-7015

Subject:

Red Hook 3 – Revised Draft Interim Remedial Measure Design Work Plan NYSDEC Brownfield Site #C224213 68 and 100 Ferris Street/242 and 300 Coffey Street Brooklyn, Kings County, New York 11231

#### Dear Chris:

This letter has been prepared in response to the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation's (NYSDEC's) comments on the July 9, 2019 revised Draft Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) Design Work Plan (DWP) for the above-referenced site, which were provided in an August 27, 2019 letter. Based on the NYSDEC's comments, the results of a September 9, 2019 meeting with NYSDEC in Albany to discuss a proposed, revised remedy, and communications subsequent to the meeting, Arcadis has attached a revised Draft IRM DWP. Provided below is background information, followed by responses to specific items offered in NYSDEC's comment letter and details regarding the proposed, revised Red Hook 3 (RH3) IRM.

#### Background:

As the NYSDEC is aware, the previously proposed excavation IRM for the RH3 Site (July 9, 2019 revised Draft IRM DWP) was the culmination of more than 7 years of investigation activities, which included:

- Installing and sampling 22 monitoring wells, including 6 well pairs in and around the location of the former Metal Warehouse, where the proposed excavation areas are located
- Drilling/characterizing 114 soil borings prior to and during the Supplemental Remedial Investigation (SRI) completed in 2018 and documented in the SRI Report approved by NYSDEC in a letter dated April 5, 2019
- Drilling 75 soil borings post-SRI to confirm dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) extent and obtain waste characterization data required for off-site treatment/disposal purposes

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Environment

Date:

October 10, 2019

Contact:

Terry Young, PE

Phone:

315.671.9478

Email:

Terry.young2@arcadis.com

Our ref:

30034367.01

Mr. Chris Heller New York State Department of Environmental Conservation October 10, 2019

The results of this extensive investigation revealed:

- Delineated, identifiable potential source areas
- Recoverable DNAPL did not accumulate in any of 22 RH3 groundwater monitoring wells
- Groundwater concentrations diminish rapidly with distance from borings with observed DNAPL
- RH3 has downward hydraulic gradient
- A defined horizontal or vertical conduit or pathway from RH3 and Wolcott Street to RH4 was not identified for DNAPL impacts
- RH3 DNAPL and the RH4 DNAPL have a similar chemical composition but are different in appearance and have subtle differences in the distributions of biomarkers, suggesting that the RH3 DNAPL is different than the RH4 DNAPL
- No complete exposure pathways exist, except for future construction and/or utility workers

These findings along with communications with the NYSDEC were used to offer a technically sound proposed remedy in the July 9, 2019 Draft IRM DWP that supports commercial redevelopment of the property. Specifically, the proposed remedy was an aggressive Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) Track 4 remedy that would remove approximately 6,000 cubic yards (CY) of source material as an IRM, and be combined with institutional controls and an engineering control in the form of a ground surface cover to provide a comprehensive site remedy. It should be noted that the July 9, 2019 Draft IRM DWP submission included revisions to the prior (June 3, 2019) IRM DWP submittal in order to:

- 1) Address NYSDEC comments (letter dated May 24, 2019);
- Provide results of the pre-design confirmation soil boring program, as discussed during the July 2, 2019 conference call among representatives from NYSDEC, New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH), and Arcadis; and
- 3) Address modifications identified in NYSDEC's July 3, 2019 email as needed before the Draft IRM DWP can be placed in the repository for public comments. In an effort to facilitate timely completion of the required modifications and placement of the Draft IRM DWP in the public repository, Arcadis provided a follow-up email to NYSDEC on July 5, 2019 to identify the specific text edits to be made in the revised submittal that was submitted on July 9, 2019.

Proposed IRM revisions offered in this letter and the attached Draft IRM DWP represent the fourth round of revisions and are based on the NYSDEC's August 27, 2019 comment letter and the meeting held with NYSDEC on September 9, 2019 to discuss the revised remedy described in the attached IRM DWP.

#### Responses to NYSDEC's August 27, 2019 Comment Letter:

NYSDEC's comment letter identifies 12 locations that would remain "un-remediated" based on the excavation limits in the July 9, 2019 Draft IRM DWP and specifies that these locations "will require long term monitoring and possible additional remedial action (in addition to institutional controls)". Each of these locations is deeper than 15 feet below ground surface, which is the depth used to determine the appropriate land use category for a site (6NYCRR Part 375-1.8(g)(6)(iii)). Although NYSDEC's assertion in the letter that these locations are a "constant source of groundwater contamination" is not supported by the findings of the extensive investigation activities completed under the NYSDEC's direction, a more aggressive RH3 IRM has been developed. As discussed with NYSDEC, the more aggressive RH3 IRM was developed to achieve the following: 1) address NYSDEC comments; 2) facilitate timely approval to

Mr. Chris Heller New York State Department of Environmental Conservation October 10, 2019

support initiation of the public comment period in October 2019, while avoiding project delays; and 3) meet BT Red Hook, LLC's redevelopment schedule which includes completing the ongoing RH4 Excavation IRM (substantial completion estimated for December 2019) and then initiating the RH3 IRM beginning in January 2020. The more aggressive RH3 IRM was discussed during the September 9, 2019 meeting, is summarized below and detailed in the attached IRM DWP.

#### Proposed Revised RH3 IRM:

Based on the NYSDEC's August 27, 2019 comment letter, the September 9, 2019 meeting and communications subsequent to the meeting, we have updated the IRM RDWP to provide modifications to the remedy that address the NYSDEC's comments. As discussed during our September 9, 2019 meeting, we propose to address NAPL locations identified in NYSDEC's comment letter through removal, as well as in-place treatment.

The proposed RH3 IRM consists of the following:

- Excavate an additional estimated 1,000 CY to address 8 of the 12 potential source locations identified in NYSDEC's letter (total estimated RH3 excavation volume is 7,000 CY)
- In-place treatment through Engineered Anaerobic Biological Oxidation (ABOx), which consists of subsurface emplacement of gypsum (calcium sulfate dihydrate [CaSO<sub>4</sub>\*2H<sub>2</sub>O]) to provide a long-term source of sulfate to facilitate the ongoing degradation of petroleum tar-related impacts at the RH3 Site. Each of the IRM excavation areas will be backfilled to grade with off-site general fill that complies with the Remedial Design (including NYSDEC DER-10), and gypsum will be mixed within the backfill placed within the saturated zone. Backfill will be amended with gypsum at a concentration of up to 5% by dry weight from the bottom of each excavation to approximately 5 feet bgs (i.e., saturated zone, incorporating the approximate seasonal high water table). The general fill and gypsum will be thoroughly blended to create a homogenous mixture within the specified depth interval prior to achieving appropriate compaction. The balance of each excavation area will be backfilled with the general fill.

This remedial approach is consistent with that recently completed at another site located in Brooklyn with similar site impacts and redevelopment plans (Former Dangman Park MGP Site, No. 224047).

We appreciate NYSDEC's attention to this project and support for advancing the RH3 IRM in January 2020. Please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

Arcadis of New York, Inc.

Terry Young, PE

Vice President of Engineering

Mr. Chris Heller New York State Department of Environmental Conservation October 10, 2019

#### Copies:

George Heitzman, PE, NYSDEC
Rob DeCandia, PE, NYSDEC
Eric Obrecht, NYSDEC
Justin Deming, NYSDOH
Wendy Kuehner, PE NYSDOH
Moniqua Williams, BT Red Hook, LLC
Hugh Devery, Arcadis
Cathy Geraci, Arcadis

Enclosures:

#### **Attachments**

1 Revised Draft IRM DWP

#### NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Division of Environmental Remediation, Remedial Bureau A 625 Broadway, 12th Floor, Albany, NY 12233-7015 P: (518) 402-9625 | F: (518) 402-9627 www.dec.ny.gov

November 26, 2019

Mr. Terry Young ARCADIS of New York One Lincoln Center, Suite 300 110 West Fayette Street Syracuse, New York 13202

> Re: Red Hook 3 Revised IRM Work Plan Comments Red Hook 3 – NYSDEC Brownfield Site #C224213 68 and 100 Ferris Street, 242 and 300 Coffey St. Brooklyn, Kings County, New York 11231

Dear Mr. Young

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (the Department) and the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) have reviewed the IRM Draft Work Plan for the Red Hook 3 Properties site, dated March 2019, which was prepared by ARCADIS of New York on behalf of BT Red Hook LLC. Please revise the report per the following comments and submit for review and public comment.

- In section 4 include the Tidal wetlands permit to the list of IRM permits.
- Figure 5 shows the locations where NAPL was identified during confirmation sampling. Only the locations inside the previously proposed excavation limits follow the legend showing NAPL shallower and deeper than 15 feet. Please modify the figure to follow the legend for all boring locations where NAPL was identified.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact me at 518-402-0163 or at chris.heller@dec.ny.gov.

Sincerely.

Chris Heller

Project manager

Remedial Bureau A

(Jus Veller

Division of Environmental Remediation

### NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

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Ecc: H. Devery, ARCADIS

C. Geraci, ARCADIS

R. DeCandia, NYSDEC

J. O'Connell, NYSDEC Region 2

S. McLaughlin / W. Kuehner, NYSDOH



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