

OFFSITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

8 WALWORTH STREET BROOKLYN, NY NYSDEC SITE C224239

PREPARED FOR

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File No. 134860-002

Certification

This report documents the offsite investigation activities conducted at the Site at 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York.

I, James M. Bellew, certify that I am currently a Qualified Environmental Professional as defined in 6 NYCRR Part 375 and that this Revised Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report¹ was prepared in accordance with all statutes and regulations and in substantial conformance with the DER Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (DER-10) and that all activities were performed in full accordance with the DER-approved work plan(s) and any DER-approved modifications.

James M. Bellew, Senior Associate

James M. Belle

11 June 2021

Date

¹ Certification applies to remedial investigation activities conducted after the execution of the Brownfield Cleanup Agreement dated [1 March 2018].



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List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

Α

AA Alternatives Analysis

AAR Alternatives Analysis Report
Alpha Alpha Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

AOCs Areas of Concern

ASP Analytical Services Protocol
AWQS Ambient Water Quality Standards

В

BCA Brownfield Cleanup Agreement
BCP Brownfield Cleanup Program

bgs below ground surface

C

cis-1,2-DCE cis-1,2-dichloroethene COCs Contaminants of Concern

CP-51 Commissioners Policy-51 (specifically "October 2010 NYSDEC Commissioners

Policy 51")

CSM Conceptual Site Model

CVOCs chlorinated volatile organic compounds

D

1,1-DCA 1,1-dichloroethane
1,1-DCE 1,1-dichlroethene
DCE Dichloroethene

DER-10 Division of Environmental Remediation-10 (specifically "May 2010 NYSDEC

Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation")

DOT Department of Transportation
DUSR Data Usability Summary Report

Ε

EBC Environmental Business Consultants
Eastern Eastern Environmental Solutions
EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Н

FER Final Engineering Report
Haley & Aldrich Haley & Aldrich of New York

М

MS Matrix Spike

MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate
MDL method detection limit
mg/kg milligrams per kilogram



Ν

NYCRR New York Codes, Rules and Regulations
NY-MCL New York Maximum Concentrations Limit

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

NYSDOH New York State Department of Health

Ρ

PCB polychlorinated biphenyl

PCE perchloroethene/tetrachloroethene
PFAS Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances

PFOA Perfluorooctanoic Acid
PVC polyvinyl chloride
PWG P.W. Grosser Consulting
PID Photoionization Detector

Q

QA/QC Quality Assurance/Quality Control
QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan

QHHEA Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment

R

RA Remedial Action

RAWP Remedial Action Work Plan

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RCSCOs Restricted Commercial Soil Cleanup Objectives

RI Remedial Investigation

RIR Remedial Investigation Report
RIWP Remedial Investigation Work Plan

S

SCG Standards, Criteria and Guidelines

SCO Soil Cleanup Objective

Site the property located at 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York

SMP Site Management Plan

SRI Supplemental Remedial Investigation

SRIR Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report
SRIWP Supplemental Remedial Investigation Work Plan

SSDS Sub-Slab Depressurization System SVOC Semi-Volatile Organic Compound

Т

1,1,1-TCA 1,1,1-trichloroethane
TCE trichloroethene
TCL Target Compound List

Techtronic Techtronics Ecological Corporation

TOGS 1.1.1 Technical and Operational Guidance Series 1.1.1 (Specifically "June 1998

NYSDEC Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series 1.1.1



Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values, Class GA for the

protection of a source of drinking water modified per the April 2000 addendum")

TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Toldos Yehudah LLC trans-1,2-DCE trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

U

μg/kg micrograms per kilogram μg/L micrograms per liter

μg/m³ micrograms per cubic meter
USGS United States Geologic Survey

UUSCOs Unrestricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives

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VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds



1. Introduction

This Offsite Investigation Report (OIR) was developed by Haley & Aldrich of New York (Haley & Aldrich) on behalf of Toldos Yehudah LLC (Toldos Yehudah) for the property located at 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York (the Site). This OIR was prepared as an addendum to the Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report (SRIR) submitted to New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) in November 2020. The Site, identified as Block 1715 Lot 33 on the New York City tax map, is 3,910-square feet (sf) and is bounded by a vacant lot to the north, a warehouse to the south, Walworth Street to the east, and a vacant lot to the west. The Site location is shown in Figure 1 and the Site boundaries and surrounding land use is shown in Figure 2.

The Site is currently in the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) identified as NYSDEC Site Number C224239 with Toldos Yehudah listed as a participant. The Site was operated by Techtronics Ecological Corporation (Techtronics) from 1962 through the 1990s. The Site is also identified in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) database as a Large Quantity Generator under RCRA ID NYD000824334.

The activities detailed in this OIR were completed on 31 March through 2 April 2021 and were implemented in accordance with the "Offsite Investigation Work Plan" (OIWP) approved by NYSDEC on 18 February 2021 and provided in Appendix A.

1.1 PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES

As part of the BCP requirements, a Remedial Investigation (RI) was conducted at the Site from November 2018 through February 2019. A Remedial Investigation Report (RIR), dated 9 September 2019, was submitted to NYSDEC by Environmental Business Consultants (EBC). On 12 November 2019, NYSDEC responded to EBC's submission noting the RIR indicated the presence of elevated chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs) in soil, groundwater, and soil vapor at the Site. Based on the RIR findings, NYSDEC requested additional vertical delineation of the nature and extent of CVOC contamination both on and offsite. In addition, an investigation of offsite properties was requested by NYSDEC in the RIR comments included in the 17 January 2020 response letter from the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH), as well as comments discussed during an onsite meeting attended by Haley & Aldrich and NYSDEC on 26 February 2020. The Offsite Investigation Work Plan (OIWP) addressed the aforementioned comments by investigating offsite groundwater and soil. The Offsite Investigation Report is submitted in addendum to the Supplemental Remedial Investigator Report (SRIR) submitted to NYSDEC on 25 November 2020.



2. Site Background

2.1 SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The Site, identified as Block 1715 Lot 33 on the New York City tax map, is 3,910 square feet and bounded by a vacant lot to the north, a warehouse to the south, Walworth Street to the east, and a vacant lot to the west. The Site location is shown on Figure 1. Existing Site features and surrounding land use are shown on Figure 2. The Site is currently a vacant one-story warehouse encompassing the entire lot, and the land is currently zoned as manufacturing M1-2. The Site is located in an urban area surrounded by light industrial, commercial, and residential properties served by municipal water.

2.2 GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Stratigraphy observed during the Offsite Investigation from the surface down consists of historical fill material to depths as great as 4 to 5 feet, underlain by fine to medium sand with varying amounts of silt to approximately 15 feet below grade (ft bgs). From 15 to 45 ft bgs, brown to gray fine to coarse grained sands and gravels were observed and contained cobbles. Depth to groundwater ranged from 15 to 16 ft bgs and groundwater flow is from the north-northwest to the south-southeast.

2.3 SITE HISTORY

The Site was developed as early as 1887 with a one-story residence and shed on the south side of the property, a two-story storefront building with a single story garage in the middle of the Site along Walworth Street, and a three-story residence on the north side of the Site. The surrounding vicinity was primarily developed with residences, commercial buildings, and industrial/manufacturing use facilities. The Site remained largely unchanged through the early 1900s.

By 1918, the adjoining property to the west was occupied by a junk yard and was developed into an indoor parking garage by 1935. The Site remained developed with residences until 1950, when only the two-story residential structure and sheds remained present on the south side of the property. A one-story warehouse used for chemical drum storage was erected on the north side of the Site by 1965 and the northern and southern adjacent properties were used for paint storage and mixing in the mid-1960s. By 1977, the two-story residence to the north was no longer present, but the chemical drum warehouse remained. In 1982, the Site was redeveloped with the existing one-story warehouse building, occupied by Techtronics, and utilized for the mixing and storage of paints and other coatings. The adjoining property to the north was partially included in the Techtronics facility and labeled as "Techtronics A" with the 8 Walworth Site reported as "Techtronics B." Techtronics ceased operations in the 1900s. The Site and neighboring properties have remained largely unchanged through the present.

Previous environmental investigations and regulatory history of the Site are detailed in the SRIWP submitted to NYSDEC in March 2020 and the Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report (SRIR) submitted to NYSDEC in November 2020.



2.4 REDEVELOPMENT PLANS

The redevelopment plan includes construction of a four-story mixed-use commercial and community facility. The proposed redevelopment will not include a cellar space. The upper floors will reach 57 feet above grade. A bulkhead will extend above the top of the fourth floor to 67 feet above grade. The first floor will consist of a lobby, worship areas, mechanical and meter rooms, an elevator, and bathrooms. The second through fourth floors will be used for storage and office space totaling 11 storage units and 15 offices. Each floor will be equipped with two bathrooms. A bulkhead located on the roof will house the elevator and machine rooms.

2.5 REGIONAL LAND USE

The Site is located in a mixed use residential, commercial, and light industrial area. The Site is bounded by a vacant lot to the north, a warehouse to the south, Walworth Street to the east beyond which are warehouse buildings and a vacant lot to the west. The vacant lot to the north, 480 Flushing Avenue, and the vacant lot to the west, 11 Spencer Street, are both currently enrolled in the NYSDEC BCP due to similar contaminants of concern. Eight schools or daycare facilities are located within one-quarter mile radius of the Site. The properties immediately surrounding the Site are zoned M1-2. The vacant lot to the north, 480 Flushing Avenue, and the vacant lot to the west, 11 Spencer Street, are both currently enrolled in the NYSDEC BCP due to similar contaminants of concern.

2.6 SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

Haley & Aldrich implemented the activities of the approved SRIWP in June and July 2020. Based on the results of SRI, the following conclusions have been identified:

- 1. Contaminants of concern for the Site are primarily CVOCs including TCE, PCE and cis-1,2,-dichloroethene which impact soil, groundwater and soil vapor.
- 2. There is a source area of contamination located on the northwestern portion of the site in the vicinity of MW02.
- 3. The origin of the CVOC contamination source is unknown but is likely attributed to former operations by Techtronics, a paints and coatings manufacturer. Additional impact to Site coming from the upgradient adjoining properties, 480 Flushing Avenue, and 11 Spencer Street, is highly probable due to the direction of groundwater flow from north-northwest to south-southeast. Analytical results of the SRI also provide further evidence of the presence of comingling groundwater plumes throughout the area as noted in previous investigations for the adjoining properties.
- 4. The on-Site CVOC contamination has been both horizontally and vertically delineated. CVOC concentrations dissipate in groundwater with depth throughout the Site indicating contamination is highest at the groundwater interface and smear zone.
- 5. Offsite contamination is likely partially a result of former and current area operations including adhesive manufacturing, tannery operations, foundry operations and casting cleaning and grinding operations.

Further details of the SRI were provided in the revised SRIR submitted to NYSDEC in November 2020.



3. Remedial Investigation Approach

3.1 PROJECT TEAM

A project team for the Site was created based on qualifications and experience with personnel suited for successfully completion of the project.

The NYSDEC Case Manager/Project Manager was Mr. Aaron Fisher. The Case Manager/Project Manager was responsible for overseeing the successful completion of the project work and adherence to the approved SRIWP on behalf of NYSDEC.

James Bellew was the Qualified Environmental Professional and Principal in Charge for this work. In this role, Mr. Bellew was responsible for the overall completion of each task as per the requirements outlined in this work plan and in accordance with the DER-10 guidance.

Mari Conlon was the Haley & Aldrich Project Manager for this work. In this role, Ms. Conlon managed the day-to-day tasks, including coordination and supervision of field engineers and scientists, adherence to the work plan and oversight of project schedule. As the Project Manager, Ms. Conlon was responsible for communications with the NYSDEC Case Manager regarding project status, schedule, issues and updates for project work.

Zachary Simmel was the field engineer responsible for implementing the field effort for this work. Mr. Simmel's responsibilities included implementing the work plan activities and directing the subcontractors to ensure successful completion of field activities.

The drilling subcontractor was Eastern Environmental Solutions (Eastern). Eastern provided a Geoprobe operator to implement the scope of work of the approved OIWP.

Samples were collected in laboratory prepared sample bottles (pre-preserved when appropriate), placed in ice-packed coolers maintained at approximately 4 degrees Celsius under standard chain of custody procedures and transported to Alpha Analytical Laboratories, Inc. (Alpha) of Westborough, Massachusetts (Certification No. 07010T). Alpha was responsible for analyzing the samples as per the analyses and methods identified in the approved OIWP.

3.2 SOIL BORING INSTALLATION AND SOIL SAMPLING

Two soil borings were installed to 45 ft bgs by a track-mounted sonic drill rig (Geoprobe®) operated by Eastern. Soil samples were collected from above the groundwater interface at 13 to 15 ft bgs using a stainless steel trowel or sampling spoon which was decontaminated after each use. Samples were collected directly into laboratory-provided clean bottle ware. VOC grab samples were collected using terra cores.

Soil was logged continuously by an engineer. The presence of staining, odors, if any, and photoionization detector response was noted.



Soil samples were analyzed for:

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 5035;
- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) using EPA Method 8082; and
- Total Metals (including hexavalent chromium) by EPA Method 3050B

As per NYDSEC DER-10 requirements, soil samples were collected for emerging contaminants. Soil collected from 13 to 15 ft bgs in both soil borings were analyzed for:

- NYSDEC and Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) List (21 compounds) by USEPA Method 537.1; and
- 1,4-dioxane by USEPA Method 8270

Samples analyzed for PFAS and 1,4-dioxane were collected and analyzed in accordance with the NYSDEC issued January 2020 "Guidelines for Sampling and Analysis of PFAS" and the June 2019 "Sampling for 1,4-dioxane and Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Under DECs Part 375 Remedial Programs," respectively. Soil boring locations are shown in Figure 3.

3.3 PERMANENT MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION AND GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

Two-inch clustered permanent monitoring wells were installed in two offsite locations. Monitoring wells were installed using an 8140LS Sonic drill rig operated by Eastern using 8-inch diameter casing. Monitoring well clusters included a shallow well screened from 10 to 20 feet bgs, an intermediate well screened from 30 to 35 feet bgs and a deep well screened from 40 to 45 feet bgs. Groundwater was encountered at approximately 15 to 16 feet bgs. In each cluster, the intermediate and deep wells were installed into one casing and the shallow well was installed in another casing. Wells were installed with two inches of annular space, with flush mount manhole covers and concrete pads. Wells were screened with 0.010-inch slotted PVC. Wells were installed with #00 Morie or equivalent placed to a minimum of 2 feet above the screen, and a bentonite seal was placed directly above the filter pack. Installation included use of sonic drilling techniques. Well construction logs are provided in Appendix B. One monitoring well cluster was installed per day as detailed in the daily reports submitted to NYSDEC included in Appendix C.

Monitoring wells were developed by surging a pump. Development was completed until the water turbidity measured 50 nephelometric turbidity units (NTU) or less or 10 well volumes were removed, if possible. Well development logs are provided in Appendix D.

The well casings were surveyed by a New York State licensed surveyor on 14 May 2021. Monitoring well locations are shown in Figure 3. During surveying, Haley & Aldrich performed a synoptic monitoring well gauging event of the offsite monitoring wells and the onsite monitoring wells installed as part of the SRI. Results of the gauging event are provided in Appendix E. Groundwater flows from north-northwest to south-southeast. A groundwater contour map is provided in Figure 4.



Groundwater monitoring wells were sampled utilizing low flow sampling procedures for groundwater sampling. Prior to sampling each monitoring well the water level was measured using an electronic water level meter. Groundwater from each well was purged using low pumping rates (less than 500 milliliters per minute) to limit drawdown of the water level. Peristaltic and bladder pumps were used during this groundwater sampling event. Dedicated disposable field equipment used at each well included high density polyethylene and silicon tubing. The bladder pumps were decontaminated, and the bladders were replaced between monitoring wells. Wells were purged until turbidity, pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, and specific conductivity stabilized. Field measurements collected from the flow cell were logged and are included in Appendix F.

Samples were collected from the shallow, intermediate, and deep zones of monitoring wells MW-06 and MW-07 and were analyzed for:

- TCL Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) using EPA method 8260;
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) using EPA Method 8280A;
- NYSDEC Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) List (21 compounds) by EPA Method 537;
- 1,4-dioxane by EPA method 8270 SIM.

Samples analyzed for PFAS and 1,4-dioxane were collected and analyzed in accordance with the NYSDEC issued January 2020 "Guidelines for Sampling and Analysis of PFAS" and the June 2019 "Sampling for 1,4-dioxane and Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Under DECs Part 375 Remedial Programs," respectively.

3.3.1 Deviations from the OIWP

Offsite soil vapor sampling was not conducted during this investigation due to access issues. A formal access request was sent via certified mail to the owners of several properties in the vicinity of the subject Site in January 2021. A response was only received from 490 Flushing LLC, the owner of Block 1717 Lots 26, 29, 31 allowing access to the property. Details of requests and the response are included in the OIWP.

In the comments received from NYSDEC regarding the OIWP on 18 February 2021, NYSDEC stated that a field survey/observation, an Indoor Air Quality Questionnaire, and a Building Inventory form of 490 Flushing Avenue must be completed and submitted to the NYSDEC and the NYSDOH prior to any SVI sampling.

A confirmation and request for date of access was sent via certified mail to 490 Flushing Avenue in February 2021 as well as a second copy delivered in person by H&A personnel to the property on 16 March 2021. The confirmation and request for access date was left under the door as no tenants were available at the building. No response was received to date. While on Site completing the installation of groundwater monitoring wells on 31 March 2021, field staff made an inquiry at the property regarding access to complete the Indoor Air Questionnaire, building inventory, and subsequent vapor sampling. The building owner stated no access would be provided to the interior of the building and would only permit sampling in the sidewalks adjacent to the building. NYSDEC was notified of this via email on 30 March 2021.



3.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL

The Offsite Investigation was conducted in accordance with Haley & Aldrich's Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) provided in Appendix B of the SRIR. Haley & Aldrich's sampling program included several types of quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples and measures to ensure the usability of the data. QA/QC samples included equipment rinsate/field blanks, trip blanks, sample duplicates, and matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates (MS/MSDs).

When applicable, the sample result summary tables list the laboratory method detection limit (MDL) at which a compound was non-detectable. The laboratory results were reported to the sample-specific practical quantitation limit (PQL), equal to the sample-specific MDL, supported by the instrument calibrations.

The reliability of laboratory data is supported by compliance with sample holding times and laboratory MDLs below cleanup criteria. The accuracy and precision of the laboratory analytical methods were maintained by using calibration and calibration verification procedures, laboratory control samples, and surrogate, matrix, and analytical spikes. A review of the laboratory data packages indicates that holding times were met and no significant non-conformance issues were reported. Details of the laboratory report are provided in Appendix G. Data was validated as detailed in Section 6.4 and summarized in Data Usability Summary Reports (DUSRs) included in Appendix H.

3.5 REPORTING

Daily reports were provided to NYSDEC including a summary of Site activities, investigation progress updates, and photographs of field work. The submitted daily reports are included in Appendix C.

3.6 INVESTIGATION DERIVED WASTE

Soil cuttings generated during monitor well installation was separated and placed into sealed and labeled Department of Transportation (DOT)-approved 55-gallon drum pending characterization and offsite disposal. Groundwater purged from the monitoring wells during development and sample collection was placed into DOT -approved 55-gallon drum pending offsite disposal.



4. Health and Safety

The work outlined above was completed under a Site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) in accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) regulations. Work was completed in Modified Level D personal protective equipment (PPE).

The offsite investigation activities were conducted in accordance with a Site-specific Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). CAMP data was provided to NYSDEC in the daily reports included in Appendix C.



5. Contaminants of Concern and Nature and Extent of Contamination

5.1 APPLICABLE STANDARDS

Soil analytical results were compared to NYSDEC 6NYCRR Part 375 UUSCOs and RRSCOs.

Groundwater analytical results were compared to 6NYCRR Part 703.5 NYSDEC AWQS.

5.2 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS

Tables 1 through 1d summarize the analytical results from the soil sampling event. Figure 5 shows a summary of exceedances in soil results. Details of the soil boring logs are provided in Appendix I.

Volatile Organic Compounds

No VOCs were detected in soil samples above the UUSCOs or RRSCOs. Tetrachloroethene was detected above method detection limits in sample B06 (13-15') at 0.0028 mg/kg but not exceeding standards. No other VOCs were detected in any soil sample above method detection limits.

Polychlorinated biphenyls

PCBs were not detected in soil samples above method detection limits.

Emerging Contaminants

1,4-dioxane was not detected above method detection limits in any soil sample.

Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS) was detected in B06 (13-15') above the method detection limit at 0.00121 mg/kg. No other perfluorinated alkyl acids (PFOA/PFAS) were detected above method detection limits in any soil sample.

Metals

Trivalent chromium was detected in both samples above method detection limits, but not exceeding UUSCOs or RRSCOs. Hexavalent chromium was not detected above method detection limits in any soil sample. Several other metals including arsenic, barium, copper, lead, manganese, nickel, and zinc were detected in both borings above method detection limits but not exceeding UUSCOs or RRSCOs.



5.3 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING RESULTS

Tables 2a through 2c summarize the analytical results from the groundwater sampling event. Figure 6 shows a summary of exceedances in groundwater results. Sample logs are provided in Appendix F.

Volatile Organic Compounds

CVOCs, including PCE and TCE and daughter products were detected in both groundwater monitoring well clusters. PCE and was detected at a maximum concentration of 210 μ g/L in MW06-I and TCE was detected at a maximum concentration of 140 μ g/L in MW06-S. Cis-1,2-dichloroethene was detected at a maximum concentration of 530 μ g/L in MW06-S and chloroform was detected at a maximum concentration of 10 μ g/L in MW06-I. Several other daughter products were found specifically in MW06-S, including 1,1-DCA (13 μ g/L), 1,1,1-trichloroethane (9.2 μ g/L), vinyl chloride (210 μ g/L), and 1,1-DCE (7.4 μ g/L). PCE and TCE were also detected in the MW07 well cluster with maximum concentrations of both in MW07-D at 110 μ g/L and 13 μ g/L respectively.

Additionally, several petroleum related VOCs were detected above AWQS in the MW07 well cluster only, with the greatest concentrations detected in MW07-D. Toluene (6.4 μ g/L), ethylbenzene (8 μ g/L), naphthalene (15 μ g/L), o-xylene (20 μ g/L), 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (7.8 μ g/L) were detected in MW07-D only. 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene was detected in both MW07-I and MW07-D at a maximum concentration of 7.8 μ g/L in MW07-D and p/m-xylene was also detected in both wells at a maximum concentration of 35 μ g/L in MW07-D.

Polychlorinated biphenyls

No PCBs were detected above the method detection limit in any groundwater sample.

Emerging Contaminants

Emerging contaminants 1,4-dioxane and PFOA/PFAS were compared to the New York Maximum Concentrations Limit (NY-MCL) for drinking water, adopted by NYSDOH in July 2020.

1,4-dioxane was detected above method detection limits in MW06-S at 0.534 μ g/L below the NY-MCL. 1,4-dioxane was not detected above method detection limits in any other sample.

PFOA/PFAS compounds were detected above the NY-MCL for drinking water of 0.01 μ g/L in each groundwater sample analyzed for these contaminants. Elevated PFOA/PFAS compounds include Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA), Perfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA), Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid (PFBS), Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA), Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA), Perfluorobeptanoic Acid (PFHpA), Perfluoroctanoic Acid (PFOA), and Perfluoroctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS). The total concentration of PFAS compounds ranged from 0.0528 μ g/L in MW07-I to a maximum concentration of 0.551 μ g/L in MW06-S.

Figure 7 shows a summary of exceedances in emerging contaminant groundwater results.



5.4 DATA VALIDATION

DUSRs were created to confirm the compliance of methods with the protocols described in the NYSDEC ASP. DUSRs are provided in Appendix H.

5.5 DATA USE

Validated analytical data, supplied in ASP Category B Data Packages in Appendix G, have been submitted to the NYSDEC EQuIS database in an Electronic Data Deliverable package.



6. Conceptual Site Model

Results of the Offsite Investigation confirm aspects of the conceptual site model developed in the SRIR including definition of the areas of concern, potential on-site sources and considerations regarding offsite sources.

Based on the analytical results of the Offsite Investigation, CVOC contamination is present in groundwater offsite with concentrations significantly decreasing with distance from the Site. Results from the monitoring well cluster MW06, located on the western sidewalk most proximal to the Site, show significantly lowered concentrations of CVOCs than concentrations present at the Site. At MW06 the highest concentrations of CVOCs and daughter products are observed at the shallow and intermediate depths. Concentrations of CVOCs are decreased in MW07 resulting in only PCE and TCE present above AWQS with all daughter products absent.

Additionally, several petroleum related VOCs are present at concentrations above the AWQS in the MW07 well cluster. Since petroleum related VOCs are present in MW07 but not MW06 or on the Site in significant measure this indicates that there is likely an offsite source of petroleum related impacts possibly from the other historical industrial and manufacturing facilities currently and formerly operating in the area.



7. Human Health and Environmental Risk Evaluation

The results from the Offsite Investigation confirm the findings of the Human Health and Environmental Risk Assessment detailed in the SRIR submitted to NYSDEC on 25 November 2020.



8. Conclusions and Recommendations

8.1 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the analytical results of the Offsite Investigation, it appears that CVOC contamination is present offsite with concentrations significantly decreasing with distance from the Site. CVOC contamination is greater in the MW06 cluster closer to the site and appears to decrease in MW07. Additionally, petroleum related VOCs present in the MW07 well cluster indicates that there is likely an offsite source of petroleum related impacts possibly from the other historical industrial and manufacturing facilities currently and formerly operating in the area.

8.2 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on the results of this Offsite Investigation, it has been confirmed that CVOC contamination is present offsite. In order to proceed with the redevelopment of the Site, Haley & Aldrich is evaluating the utilization of a combination of remedial techniques to prevent migration of contamination downgradient. Applicable strategies and technologies may include, but are not limited to, source removal, in-situ remediation of groundwater and soil vapor, and installation of downgradient engineering controls. Viable technologies will need to be further evaluated for protection of public health downgradient of the Site.



References

- Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report, Prepared by Haley & Aldrich of New York, prepared for Toldos Yehudah, LLC and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, November 2020
- 2. Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, 12-18 Walworth Street, December 2007, Prepared by P.W. Grosser Consulting, Prepared for AAA Group
- 3. Soil Vapor Intrusion Report 8 Walworth Street, May 2017, Prepared by Environmental Business Consultants, Prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
- 4. Brownfield Cleanup Program Application. 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York, June 2017, Prepared by Toldos Yehudah, LLC & Environmental Business Consultants, Prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
- 5. Remedial Investigation Report 8 Walworth Street Site, September 2019, Prepared by Environmental Business Consultants, Prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
- 6. Program Policy DER-10, "Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation," May 2010, Prepared by New York State Department of Environmental Conservation



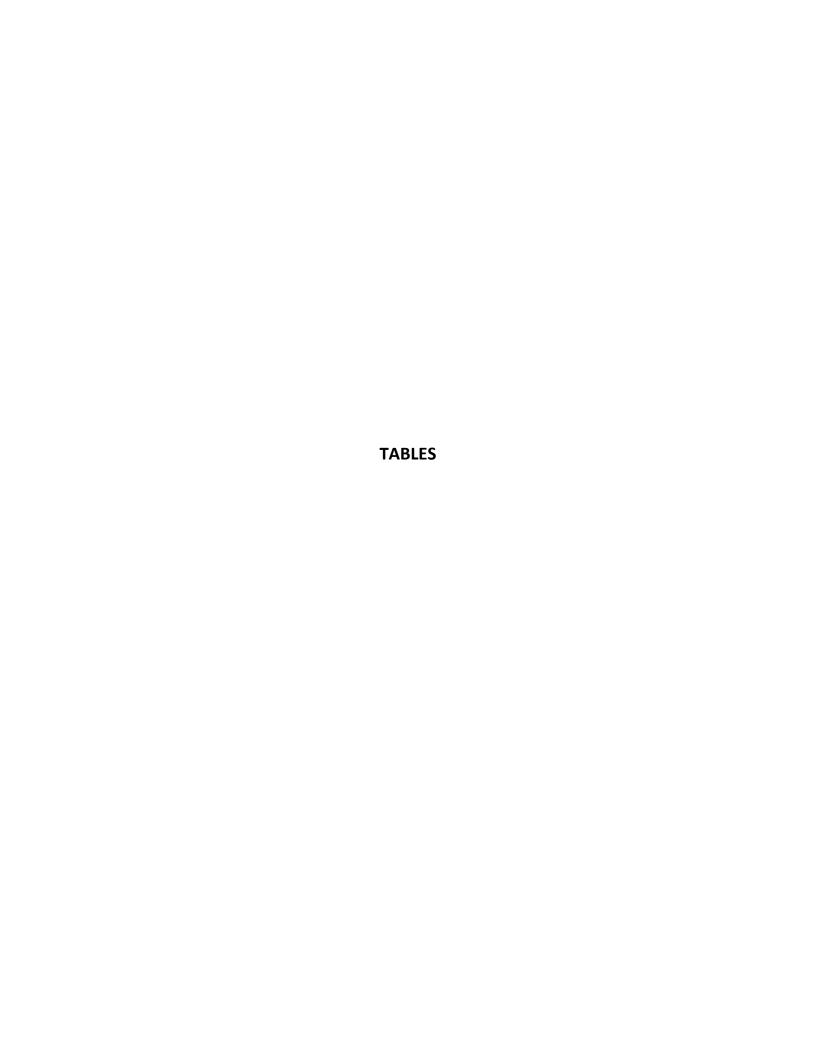


Table 1a. Offsite Investigation Volatile Organic Compound Analytical Results in Soil 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY BCP Site C224239

LOCATION				B07 (13-15')		B07 (13-15')		B06 (13-15')		DUP-033121	_
SAMPLING DATE LAB SAMPLE ID				3/30/2021 L2115845-01		3/31/2021 L2116132-03		3/31/2021		3/31/2021 L2116132-02	
SAMPLE TYPE				L2115845-01 SOIL		SOIL		L2116132-01 SOIL		SOIL	
SAMILE III	NY-RESRR	NY-UNRES	Units	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual
Volatile Organics by EPA 5035											
Methylene chloride	100		mg/kg	0.0086	U	i		0.0046	U	0.0044	U
1,1-Dichloroethane	26		mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride	49 2.4		mg/kg mg/kg	0.0026 0.0017	U	-	-	0.0014 0.00091	U	0.0013 0.00088	U
1,2-Dichloropropane	2.4	0.70	mg/kg	0.0017	Ü		-	0.00091	U	0.00088	Ü
Dibromochloromethane			mg/kg	0.0017	Ü	-	-	0.00091	Ü	0.00088	Ü
1,1,2-Trichloroethane			mg/kg	0.0017	U	·	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
Tetrachloroethene	19		mg/kg	0.00086	U	-	-	0.0028		0.003	
Chlorobenzene	100	1.1	mg/kg	0.00086	U	-	-	0.00046	U	0.00044	U
Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane	3.1	0.02	mg/kg mg/kg	0.0069 0.0017	U	-	-	0.0036 0.00091	U	0.0035 0.00088	U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100		mg/kg	0.00017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
Bromodichloromethane	100	0.00	mg/kg	0.00086	Ü	_	-	0.00046	Ü	0.00044	Ü
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene			mg/kg	0.00086	U	-	-	0.00046	U	0.00044	U
1,3-Dichloropropene, Total			mg/kg	0.00086	U	-	-	0.00046	U	0.00044	U
1,1-Dichloropropene			mg/kg	0.00086	U	-	-	0.00046	U	0.00044	U
Bromoform 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			mg/kg mg/kg	0.0069 0.00086	U	-	-	0.0036 0.00046	U	0.0035 0.00044	U
Benzene	4.8	0.06	mg/kg	0.00086	U	-	-	0.00046	U	0.00044	U
Toluene	100		mg/kg	0.0000	Ü	-	-	0.00091	Ü	0.00088	Ü
Ethylbenzene	41	1	mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
Chloromethane			mg/kg	0.0069	U	-	-	0.0036	U	0.0035	U
Bromomethane		0.00	mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
Vinyl chloride Chloroethane	0.9	0.02	mg/kg mg/kg	0.0017 0.0034	U	-	-	0.00091 0.0018	U	0.00088	U
1,1-Dichloroethene	100	0.33		0.0034	U		-	0.00018	U	0.0018	U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100		mg/kg	0.0026	Ü	-	-	0.0014	Ü	0.0013	Ü
Trichloroethene	21		mg/kg	0.00086	U	-	-	0.00031	J	0.00026	J
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	100		mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	49		mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene Methyl tert butyl ether	13		mg/kg mg/kg	0.0034 0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018 0.0018	U	0.0018 0.0018	U
p/m-Xylene	100	0.93	mg/kg	0.0034	U		-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
o-Xylene			mg/kg	0.0017	Ü	-	-	0.00091	Ü	0.00088	Ü
Xylenes, Total	100	0.26	mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100	0.25	mg/kg	0.0017	U	,	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
1,2-Dichloroethene, Total			mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
Dibromomethane Styrene			mg/kg mg/kg	0.0034 0.0017	U	-	-	0.0018 0.00091	U	0.0018 0.00088	U
Dichlorodifluoromethane			mg/kg	0.0017	Ü		-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
Acetone	100	0.05		0.017	Ü	-	-	0.0091	Ü	0.0088	Ü
Carbon disulfide			mg/kg	0.017	U	1	-	0.0091	U	0.0088	U
2-Butanone	100	0.12		0.017	U	i		0.0091	U	0.0088	U
Vinyl acetate			mg/kg	0.017	U	-	-	0.0091	U	0.0088	U
4-Methyl-2-pentanone 1,2,3-Trichloropropane	-		mg/kg mg/kg	0.017 0.0034	U	-	-	0.0091 0.0018	U	0.0088 0.0018	U
2-Hexanone			mg/kg	0.0034	U		-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
Bromochloromethane			mg/kg	0.0034	Ü	-	-	0.0018	Ü	0.0018	Ü
2,2-Dichloropropane			mg/kg	0.0034	U	·	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,2-Dibromoethane			mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
1,3-Dichloropropane	1		mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	+		mg/kg		U	-	-	0.00046	= C	0.00044	U
Bromobenzene n-Butylbenzene	100	12	mg/kg mg/kg	0.0034 0.0017	U	-	-	0.0018 0.00091	U	0.0018 0.00088	U
sec-Butylbenzene	100		mg/kg	0.0017	U		-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
tert-Butylbenzene	100		mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	Ü
o-Chlorotoluene			mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
p-Chlorotoluene			mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane			mg/kg	0.0052	U	-	-	0.0027	U	0.0026	U
Hexachlorobutadiene Isopropylbenzene	+		mg/kg mg/kg	0.0069 0.0017	U	-	-	0.0036 0.00091	U	0.0035 0.00088	U
p-Isopropyltoluene	+		mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
Naphthalene	100	12		0.0069	Ü	-	-	0.0036	Ü	0.0035	Ü
Acrylonitrile			mg/kg	0.0069	U	-	-	0.0036	U	0.0035	U
n-Propylbenzene	100	3.9	mg/kg	0.0017	U	-	-	0.00091	U	0.00088	U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	1		mg/kg	0.0034	U		-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.4	mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	52 52		mg/kg mg/kg	0.0034 0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018 0.0018	U	0.0018 0.0018	U
1,4-Dioxane	13		mg/kg	0.0034	U		-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
p-Diethylbenzene	 	<u> </u>	mg/kg	0.0034	Ü	-	-	0.0018	Ü	0.0018	Ü
p-Ethyltoluene			mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene			mg/kg	0.0034	U	-	-	0.0018	U	0.0018	U
Ethyl ether trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene			mg/kg mg/kg	0.0034 0.0086	U	-	- 1	0.0018 0.0046	U	0.0018 0.0044	U

Notes:

NY-RESRR: New York NYCRR Part 375 Restricted-Residential Criteria

NY-UNRES: New York NYCRR Part 375 New York Unrestricted use Criteria

U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample

J- Estimated result

Table 1b. Offsite Investigation Polychlorinated Biphenyls Analytical Results in Soil

8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY BCP Site C224239

LOCATION				B07 (13-15')		B07 (13-15')		B06 (13-15')		DUP-033121	
SAMPLING DATE				3/30/2021		3/31/2021		3/31/2021		3/31/2021	
LAB SAMPLE ID				L2115845-01		L2116132-03		L2116132-01		L2116132-02	
SAMPLE TYPE				SOIL		SOIL		SOIL		SOIL	
	NY-RESRR	NY-UNRES	Units	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC											
Aroclor 1016	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1221	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1232	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1242	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1248	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1254	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1260	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1262	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
Aroclor 1268	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U
PCBs, Total	1	0.1	mg/kg	0.0365	U	-	-	0.0361	U	0.0368	U

Notes:

NY-RESRR: New York NYCRR Part 375 Restricted-Residential Criteria NY-UNRES: New York NYCRR Part 375 New York Unrestricted use Criteria

U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample

J- Estimated result

Table 1c. Offsite Investigation Metals Analytical Results in Soil

8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY BCP Site C224239

LOCATION				B07 (13-15')		B07 (13-15')		B06 (13-15')		DUP-033121	
SAMPLING DATE				3/30/2021		3/31/2021		3/31/2021		3/31/2021	
LAB SAMPLE ID				L2115845-01		L2116132-03		L2116132-01		L2116132-02	
SAMPLE TYPE				SOIL		SOIL		SOIL		SOIL	
	NY-RESRR	NY-UNRES	Units	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual
Total Metals	•										
Aluminum, Total			mg/kg	5160		-	-	5530		5410	
Antimony, Total			mg/kg	4.29	U	-	-	4.43	U	4.2	U
Arsenic, Total	16	13	mg/kg	1.25		-	-	1.32		1.23	
Barium, Total	400	350	mg/kg	42.4		-	-	42.3		40.7	
Beryllium, Total	72	7.2	mg/kg	0.369	J	-	-	0.372	J	0.378	J
Cadmium, Total	4.3	2.5	mg/kg	0.378	J	-	-	0.363	J	0.344	J
Calcium, Total			mg/kg	620		-	-	694		704	
Chromium, Total			mg/kg	15.1		-	-	14.3		16.7	
Cobalt, Total			mg/kg	6.87		-	-	7.84		7.32	
Copper, Total	270	50	mg/kg	13.3		-	-	12.8		11.6	
Iron, Total			mg/kg	17600		-	-	19400		17900	
Lead, Total	400	63	mg/kg	7.28		-	-	5.95		5.57	
Magnesium, Total			mg/kg	1750		-	-	1820		1940	
Manganese, Total	2000		mg/kg	412		-	-	385		352	
Mercury, Total	0.81		mg/kg	0.07	U	-	-	0.074	U	0.074	U
Nickel, Total	310	30	mg/kg	11.3		-	-	11.4		11.2	
Potassium, Total			mg/kg	1130		-	-	1180		1250	
Selenium, Total	180	3.9	mg/kg	1.72	J	-	-	1.77	U	1.68	U
Silver, Total	180	2	mg/kg	0.859	U	-	-	0.885	U	0.84	U
Sodium, Total			mg/kg	118	J	-	-	89.2	J	87.7	J
Thallium, Total			mg/kg	1.72	J	-	-	1.77	U	1.68	U
Vanadium, Total			mg/kg	26.2		-		26.3		25	
Zinc, Total	10000	109	mg/kg	29		-	-	30.9		30	
General Chemistry											
Chromium, Trivalent	180	30	mg/kg	15		-	-	14		17	
Solids, Total			%	90		87.9		90		89.8	
Chromium, Hexavalent	110	1	mg/kg	0.889	J	-	-	0.889	U	0.891	U

Notes:

NY-RESRR: New York NYCRR Part 375 Restricted-Residential Criteria

NY-UNRES: New York NYCRR Part 375 New York Unrestricted use Criteria

J- Estimated result

U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample

Table 1d. Offsite Investigation Emerging Contaminants Analytical Results in Soil 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY BCP Site C224239

LOCATION					B06 (13-15')		DUP-033121		B07 (13-15')	
SAMPLING DATE					3/31/2021		3/31/2021		3/31/2021	
LAB SAMPLE ID					L2116132-01		L2116132-02		L2116132-03	
SAMPLE TYPE					SOIL		SOIL		SOIL	
	NY-RESC	NY-RESRR	NY-UNRES	Units	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual
Perfluorinated Alkyl Acids by Isotope Dilution										
Perfluorobutanoic Acid (PFBA)				mg/kg	0.000503	U	0.0005	U	0.000532	U
Perfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA)				mg/kg	0.000503	J	0.0005	U	0.000532	U
Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid (PFBS)				mg/kg	0.000251	U	0.00025	U	0.000266	U
Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA)				mg/kg	0.000503	J	0.0005	U	0.000532	U
Perfluoroheptanoic Acid (PFHpA)				mg/kg	0.000251	כ	0.00025	כ	0.000266	U
Perfluorohexanesulfonic Acid (PFHxS)				mg/kg	0.000251	J	0.00025	U	0.000266	U
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)				mg/kg	0.000043	7	0.00025	כ	0.000062	J
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (6:2FTS)				mg/kg	0.000503	כ	0.0005	כ	0.000532	U
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic Acid (PFHpS)				mg/kg	0.000503	כ	0.0005	כ	0.000532	U
Perfluorononanoic Acid (PFNA)				mg/kg	0.000251	J	0.00025	J	0.000266	U
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS)				mg/kg	0.00121		0.000478		0.000266	U
Perfluorodecanoic Acid (PFDA)				mg/kg	0.000251	J	0.00025	U	0.000266	U
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecanesulfonic Acid (8:2FTS)				mg/kg	0.000503	U	0.0005	J	0.000532	U
N-Methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic Acid (NMeFOSAA)				mg/kg	0.000503	כ	0.0005	כ	0.000532	U
Perfluoroundecanoic Acid (PFUnA)				mg/kg	0.000503	כ	0.0005	כ	0.000532	U
Perfluorodecanesulfonic Acid (PFDS)				mg/kg	0.000503	כ	0.0005	כ	0.000532	U
Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (FOSA)				mg/kg	0.000503	כ	0.0005	כ	0.000532	U
N-Ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic Acid (NEtFOSAA)				mg/kg	0.000503	כ	0.0005	כ	0.000532	U
Perfluorododecanoic Acid (PFDoA)				mg/kg	0.000503	J	0.0005	U	0.000532	U
Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTrDA)				mg/kg	0.000503	U	0.0005	U	0.000532	U
Perfluorotetradecanoic Acid (PFTA)				mg/kg	0.000503	J	0.0005	U	0.000532	U
PFOA/PFOS, Total				mg/kg	0.00125	J	0.000478		0.000062	J
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS										
1,4-Dioxane	130	13	0.1	mg/kg	0.028	U	0.027	U	-	-

Notes: NY-RESC: New York NYCRR Part 375 Commercial Criteria

NY-RESRR: New York NYCRR Part 375 Restricted-Residential Criteria NY-UNRES: New York NYCRR Prat 375 New York Unrestricted Use Criteria

U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample

J- Estimated result

Table 2a. Offsite Investigation Volatile Organic Compound Analytical Results in Groundwater 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY BCP Site C224239

LOCATION			MW06-S		MW06-S		MW06-I		MW06-I		MW06-D		MW07-S	
SAMPLING DATE			4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021	
LAB SAMPLE ID			L2116506-01		L2116506-01 R1		L2116506-02		L2116506-02 R1		L2116506-03		L2116506-04	
SAMPLE TYPE	NY-AWQS	Ti	WATER Results	Qual	WATER Results	01	WATER Results	01	WATER Results	Qual	WATER Results	Qual	WATER Results	Qual
Volatile Organics by GC/MS	N1-AWQ5	Units	Results	Quai	Resuits	Qual	Results	Qual	Resuits	Quai	Resuits	Quai	Resuits	Quai
Methylene chloride	5	ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
1,1-Dichloroethane		ug/l	13			-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Chloroform		ug/l	7.8		-	-	10		-	-	8		2.5	U
Carbon tetrachloride		ug/l	1.2	U	-	-	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U
1,2-Dichloropropane		ug/l ug/l	2.5 1.2	U	-	-	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U
Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ug/l	3.8	U	-	-	1.5	U	-	-	1.5	U	1.5	Ü
Tetrachloroethene		ug/l	18		-	-	210	E	210		150	Ü	7.5	<u> </u>
Chlorobenzene		ug/l	6.2	U		-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Trichlorofluoromethane		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.6		1.2	U	,	-	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ug/l	9.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		ug/l ug/l	1.2 1.2	U	-	-	0.5 0.5	U	-	-	0.5 0.5	U	0.5 0.5	U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		ug/l	1.2	Ü	-	-	0.5	Ü	-	-	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü
1,3-Dichloropropene, Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ug/l	1.2	Ü	-	-	0.5	Ü	-	-	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü
1,1-Dichloropropene		ug/l	6.2	U		-	2.5	J	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Bromoform		ug/l	5	U	-	-	2	U	-	-	2	U	2	U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ug/l	1.2	U	-	-	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U
Benzene Toluene		ug/l ug/l	1.2 6.2	U	-	-	0.22 0.74	J	-	-	0.21 2.5	J	0.5 2.5	U
Ethylbenzene		ug/l ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	0.74	J	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Chloromethane		ug/l	6.2	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü
Bromomethane	5	ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Vinyl chloride		ug/l	210			-	0.44	J	-	-	0.1	J	1	U
Chloroethane		ug/l	6.2	U		-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
1,1-Dichloroethene		ug/l	7.4 6.2	U	-	-	0.5 2.5	U	-	-	0.5 2.5	U	0.5	U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene Trichloroethene		ug/l ug/l	140	U	-	-	45	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5 2.8	U
1.2-Dichlorobenzene		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		ug/l	6.2	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ū
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		ug/l	6.2	U	ı	-	2.5	J	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Methyl tert butyl ether		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
p/m-Xylene		ug/l	2.6	J	-	-	3.2		-	-	2.4	J	2.4	J
o-Xylene Xylenes, Total		ug/l	6.2 2.6	J	-	-	1.8 5	J	-	-	1.6 4	J	1.6	J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		ug/l ug/l	530	E	530	-	10	J	-	-	4.5	J	2.5	U
1,2-Dichloroethene, Total		ug/l	530	_	-	-	10		-	-	4.5		2.5	Ü
Dibromomethane		ug/l	12	U	-	-	5	U	-	-	5	U	5	U
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.04		6.2	U	-	-	2.5	٥	-		2.5	U	2.5	U
Acrylonitrile		ug/l	12	U	-	-	5	U	-	-	5	U	5	U
Styrene		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Dichlorodifluoromethane Acetone		ug/l ug/l	12 12	U	-	-	5 5	U	-	-	5 1.6	J	5 5	U
Carbon disulfide		ug/l	12	Ü	-	-	5	Ü	-	-	5	U	5	Ü
2-Butanone		ug/l	12	Ü		-	5	Ü	-	-	5	Ü	5	Ü
Vinyl acetate		ug/l	12	U	,	-	5	U	-	-	5	U	5	U
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		ug/l	12	U	-	-	5	U	-	-	5	U	5	U
2-Hexanone		ug/l	12	U	-	-	5	U	-	-	5	U	5	U
Bromochloromethane 2,2-Dichloropropane		ug/l ug/l	6.2 6.2	U	-	-	2.5 2.5	U	-	-	2.5 2.5	U	2.5 2.5	U
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.0006		5	U	-	-	2.3	Ü		-	2.3	U	2.3	U
1,3-Dichloropropane		ug/l	6.2	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		ug/l	6.2	U	ı	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Bromobenzene		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
n-Butylbenzene		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
sec-Butylbenzene		ug/l	2.8	J	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
tert-Butylbenzene o-Chlorotoluene		ug/l ug/l	6.2 6.2	U	-	-	2.5 2.5	U	-	-	2.5 2.5	U	2.5 2.5	U
p-Chlorotoluene		ug/l	6.2	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	0.04		6.2	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	Ü
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.5	ug/l	6.2	U	1	-	2.5	J	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Isopropylbenzene		ug/l	6.2	U	ı	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
p-Isopropyltoluene		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	υ-	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
Naphthalene n-Propylbenzene		ug/l ug/l	6.2 6.2	U	-	-	1.3 2.5	J	-	-	1.2 2.5	J	2.5 2.5	U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		ug/l	6.2	U	-	-	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ug/l	6.2	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ug/l	6.2	Ü	ı	-	0.85	J	-	-	0.71	J	2.5	Ü
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		ug/l	2.4	J	-	-	3.9		-	-	3		2.1	J
		ug/l	620	U	-	-	250	U	-	-	250	U	250	U
1,4-Dioxane						-	0.05	J		-	0.7		2	U
p-Diethylbenzene		ug/l	14	- 11			0.85	J	-		0.7	J	2	
p-Diethylbenzene p-Ethyltoluene	_	ug/l	5	U	-	-	2.6		-	-	2		1.3	J
p-Diethylbenzene				U U				U				U		

Notes:
Yellow highlight indicates exceedance of AWQS
NY-AWQS: New York TOGS 111 Ambient Water Quality Standarc
U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample
J- Estimated result
E- Analyte exceeds rande of the caliration curve and/or linear range of the instrur

Table 2a. Offsite Investigation Volatile Organic Compound Analytical Results in Groundwater 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY BCP Site C224239

LOCATION			MW07-I		MW07-D		DUP-04012021	1	DUP-04012021		FIELD BLAN	K	TRIP BLANI	K	
SAMPLING DATE			4/1/2021		3/31/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/202		4/1/202		
LAB SAMPLE ID			L2116506-05		L2116134-01		L2116506-06		L2116506-06 R1		L2116506-0	7	L2116506-08		
SAMPLE TYPE			WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		Field Blan		Trip Blan	k	
N 1 (1) 0 1 1 00 110	NY-AWQS	Units	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	
Volatile Organics by GC/MS Methylene chloride	5	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	_	I - I	2.5	ΙU	2.5	U	
1.1-Dichloroethane		ug/i ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Chloroform		ug/l	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	9.9	-	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	
Carbon tetrachloride		ug/l	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü	
1,2-Dichloropropane		ug/l	1	Ü	1	Ü	1	Ü	-	-	1	Ŭ	1	Ŭ	
Dibromochloromethane		ug/l	0.5	U	0.5	U	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ug/l	1.5	U	1.5	U	1.5	U	-	-	1.5	U	1.5	U	
Tetrachloroethene	5	ug/l	5.2		110		240	Е	200		0.5	U	0.19	J	
Chlorobenzene		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Trichlorofluoromethane		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,2-Dichloroethane		ug/l	0.5	U	0.5	U	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		ug/l	0.5 0.5	U	0.5 0.5	U	0.5 0.5	U	-	-	0.5 0.5	U	0.5 0.5	U	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		ug/l ug/l	0.5	U	0.5	U	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U	
1,3-Dichloropropene, Total	0.4	ug/l	0.5	U	0.5	U	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U	
1,1-Dichloropropene	5	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Bromoform		ug/l	2.3	U	2.3	U	2.3	Ü	-	-	2.3	U	2.3	U	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ug/l	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü	-	-	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü	
Benzene		ug/l	0.5	Ü	0.49	J	0.23	J	-	- 1	0.5	Ü	0.5	Ü	
Toluene		ug/l	1.2	J	6.4		0.87	J	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ū	
Ethylbenzene		ug/l	1.5	J	8		0.79	J	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Chloromethane		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Bromomethane		ug/l	0.76	J	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Vinyl chloride		ug/l	1	U	1	U	0.47	J	-	-	1	U	11	U	
Chloroethane		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,1-Dichloroethene		ug/l	0.26	J	0.5	U	0.5	U	-	-	0.5	U	0.5	U	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Trichloroethene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene		ug/l	9.8 2.5	U	13 2.5	U	52 2.5	U	-	-	0.5 2.5	U	0.5 2.5	U	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		ug/l ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		ug/l	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü		-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	
Methyl tert butyl ether		ug/l	2.5	Ü	2.5	IJ	2.5	Ü	-	- 1	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	
p/m-Xylene		ug/l	6.2		35		3.4		-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	
o-Xylene		ug/l	3.6		20		2	J	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Xylenes, Total		ug/l	9.8		55		5.4	J	-	- 1	2.5	U	2.5	U	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5	ug/l	1.8	J	3.3		12		-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,2-Dichloroethene, Total		ug/l	1.8	J	3.3		12		-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Dibromomethane		ug/l	5	U	5	U	5	U	-	-	5	U	5	U	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.04		2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Acrylonitrile		ug/l	5	U	5	U	5	U	-	-	5	U	5	U	
Styrene		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Dichlorodifluoromethane Acetone		ug/l ug/l	<u>5</u>	U	5 3.2	J	5 1.9	J	-		<u>5</u>	U	5 5	U	
Carbon disulfide		ug/l	5	U	5	U	5	U	-	-	5	Ü	5	Ü	
2-Butanone		ug/l	5	Ü	5	Ü	5	Ü	-	-	5	Ü	5	Ü	
Vinyl acetate		ug/l	5	Ü	5	Ü	5	Ü	-	- 1	5	Ü	5	Ü	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		ug/l	5	Ü	5	Ü	5	Ü	-	-	5	Ŭ	5	Ŭ	
2-Hexanone	50	ug/l	5	Ü	5	Ū	5	Ü	-	-	5	Ü	5	Ü	
Bromochloromethane		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
2,2-Dichloropropane	5	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.0006		2	U	2	U	2	U	-	-	2	U	2	U	
1,3-Dichloropropane		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Bromobenzene		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
n-Butylbenzene		ug/l	2.5	U	0.8	J	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
sec-Butylbenzene	-	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	J	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
tert-Butylbenzene	5	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-		2.5	U	2.5	U	
o-Chlorotoluene p-Chlorotoluene		ug/l ug/l	2.5 2.5	U	2.5 2.5	U	2.5 2.5	U	-	-	2.5 2.5	U	2.5 2.5	U	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	0.04		2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Hexachlorobutadiene		ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
Isopropylbenzene		ug/l	2.5	U	1.4	J	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
p-Isopropyltoluene		ug/l	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	
Naphthalene		ug/l	3		15		1.4	J	-	-	2.5	Ü	2.5	Ü	
n-Propylbenzene		ug/l	0.72	J	3.5		2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	5	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	5	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ug/l	1.5	J	7.8		0.98	J	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5	ug/l	6.8		37	\Box	4		-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
1,4-Dioxane		ug/l	250	U	250	U	250	U	-	-	250	U	250	U	
p-Diethylbenzene		ug/l	1.4	J	6.9		0.87	J	-	-	2	U	2	U	
p-Ethyltoluene		ug/l	4.5	.	24		2.6		-	-	2	U	2	U	
1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene	5	ug/l	0.61	J	2.8	I I	2	U	-	-	2	U	2	U	
Ethyl ether	_	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	5	ug/l	2.5	U	2.5	U	2.5	U	-	-	2.5	U	2.5	U	

Itans-1,4-Dichioro-Z-Duterie | Jugri |
Notes:
Yellow highlight indicates exceedance of AWQS
NY-AWQS: New York TOGS 111 Ambient Water Quality Standarc
U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample
J- Estimated result
E- Analyte exceeds rande of the caliration curve and/or linear rang

Table 2b. Offsite Investigation Polychlorinated Biphenyls Analytical Results in Groundwater 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY BCP Site C224239

LOCATION			MW06-S		MW06-I		MW06-D		MW07-S		MW07-I		MW07-D		DUP-04012021		FIELD BLANK	
SAMPLING DATE			4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		3/31/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021	
LAB SAMPLE ID			L2116506-01		L2116506-02		L2116506-03		L2116506-04		L2116506-05		L2116134-01		L2116506-06		L2116506-07	
SAMPLE TYPE			WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		Field Blank	
	NY-AWQS	Units	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual										
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC																		
Aroclor 1016	0.09	ug/l	0.071	כ	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	J	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U
Aroclor 1221	0.09	ug/l	0.071	כ	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	J	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U
Aroclor 1232	0.09	ug/l	0.071	כ	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	J	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U
Aroclor 1242	0.09	ug/l	0.071	כ	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	J	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U
Aroclor 1248	0.09	ug/l	0.071	כ	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	J	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U
Aroclor 1254	0.09	ug/l	0.071	כ	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	J	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U
Aroclor 1260	0.09	ug/l	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	С	0.071	U	0.071	С	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.07	J
Aroclor 1262	0.09	ug/l	0.071	Ū	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	Ū	0.071	Ū	0.071	U
Aroclor 1268	0.09	ug/l	0.071	Ū	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	Ū	0.071	U	0.071	Ū	0.071	Ū	0.071	U
PCBs, Total		ug/l	0.071	U	0.071	U	0.071	С	0.071	Ū	0.071	U	0.071	Ū	0.071	U	0.07	J

Notes:
Yellow highlight indicates exceedance of AWQS
NY-AWQS: New York TOGS 111 Ambient Water Quality Standards criteria
U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample
J- Estimated result

- E- Analyte exceeds rande of the caliration curve and/or linear range of the instrument

Table 2c.Offsite Investigation Emerging Contaminants Analytical Results in Groundwater 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY

BCP Site C224239

LOCATION			MW06-S		MW06-I		MW06-D		MW07-S		MW07-I		MW07-D)	DUP-04012021		FIELD BLANK	(
SAMPLING DATE			4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021		3/31/2021		4/1/2021		4/1/2021	1
LAB SAMPLE ID]	L2116506-01		L2116506-02		L2116506-03		L2116506-04		L2116506-05		L2116134-01		L2116506-06		L2116506-07	7
SAMPLE TYPE			WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		WATER		Field Blank	ĸ
	NY-MCI U	Jnits	Results	Qual	Results	Qual	Results	Qual										
1,4 Dioxane by 8270D-SIM																		
1,4-Dioxane	1 u	ıg/l	0.534		0.138	J	0.0688	J	0.139	U	0.0738	J	0.0683	J	0.138	J	0.139	U
Perfluorinated Alkyl Acids by Isotope Dilution																		
Perfluorobutanoic Acid (PFBA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00635		0.00824		0.00874		0.0131		0.0119		0.0106		0.0082		0.00175	U
Perfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.0152		0.0227		0.0242		0.0387		0.0253		0.0305		0.0218		0.00175	U
Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid (PFBS)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00333		0.00411		0.0047		0.0137		0.00688		0.00431		0.00429		0.00175	U
Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.013		0.0159		0.0184		0.0232		0.0186		0.0221		0.016		0.00175	U
Perfluoroheptanoic Acid (PFHpA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.0141		0.0134		0.0143		0.0126		0.00983		0.0184		0.013		0.00175	U
Perfluorohexanesulfonic Acid (PFHxS)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00155	7	0.00487		0.00525		0.00185		0.00249		0.00567		0.00497		0.00175	U
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.0935		0.0561		0.0598		0.0489		0.0379		0.0683		0.0574		0.000218	J
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (6:2FTS)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00179	J	0.00137	J	0.0018	כ	0.00245		0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00153	J	0.00175	U
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic Acid (PFHpS)	0.01 u		0.00259		0.00177	U	0.0018	כ	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
Perfluorononanoic Acid (PFNA)	0.01 u		0.00319		0.0027		0.00281		0.00185		0.00277		0.00395		0.00252		0.00175	U
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.457		0.0168		0.0149		0.00848		0.0149		0.02		0.0173		0.000748	J
Perfluorodecanoic Acid (PFDA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00103	J	0.00177	U	0.0018	U	0.00182	U	0.000812	J	0.000909	J	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecanesulfonic Acid (8:2FTS)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00179	J	0.00177	U	0.0018	כ	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
N-Methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic Acid (NMeFOSAA)			0.000668	٦	0.00177	U	0.0018	כ	0.000818	J	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
Perfluoroundecanoic Acid (PFUnA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.000232	JF	0.00177	U	0.0018	J	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
Perfluorodecanesulfonic Acid (PFDS)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00179	U	0.00177	U	0.0018	U	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (FOSA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.0176	F	0.00177	U	0.0018	כ	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
N-Ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic Acid (NEtFOSAA)	0.01 u		0.0136	F	0.00177	U	0.0018	U	0.00178	JF	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
Perfluorododecanoic Acid (PFDoA)	0.01 u		0.00179	U	0.00177	U	0.0018	U	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTrDA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00179	U	0.00177	U	0.0018	U	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
Perfluorotetradecanoic Acid (PFTA)	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.00179	U	0.00177	U	0.0018	U	0.00182	U	0.00178	U	0.00184	U	0.00183	U	0.00175	U
PFOA/PFOS, Total	0.01 u	ıg/l	0.551		0.0729		0.0747		0.0574		0.0528		0.0883		0.0747		0.000966	J

MCL- Maximum Contaminant Level

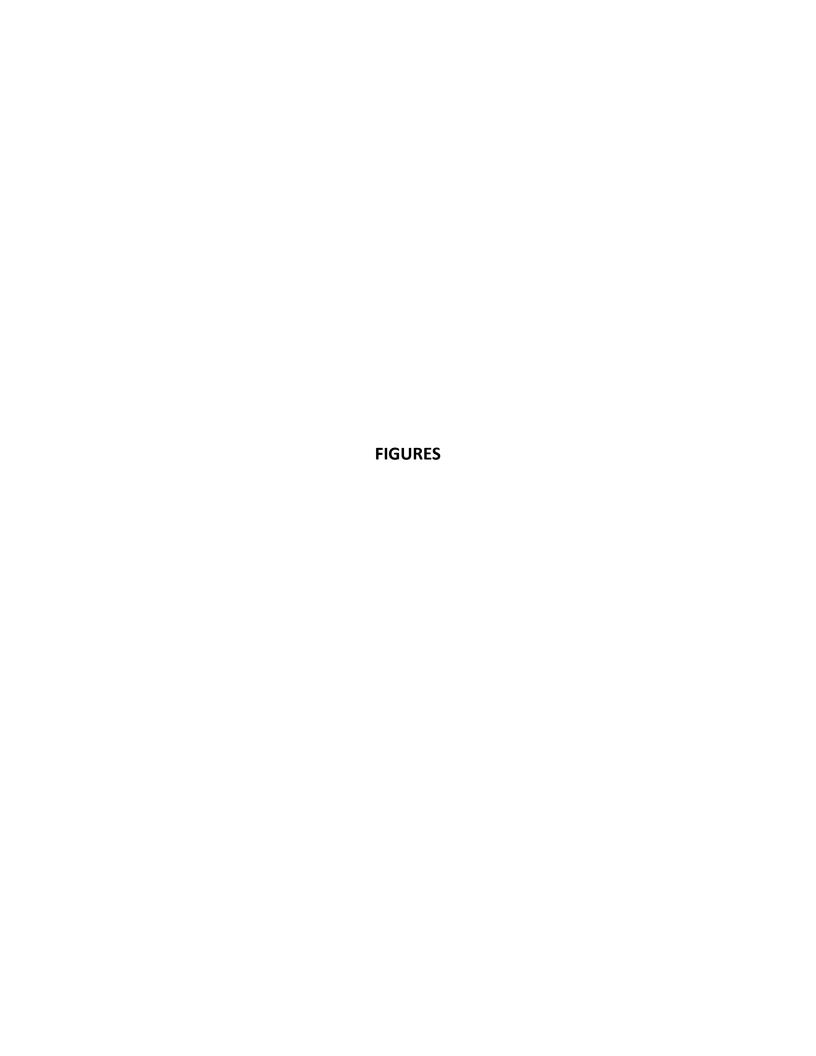
MCL for drinking water as per July 2020 New York State Department of Health

U- Not detected at the reported detection limit for the sample

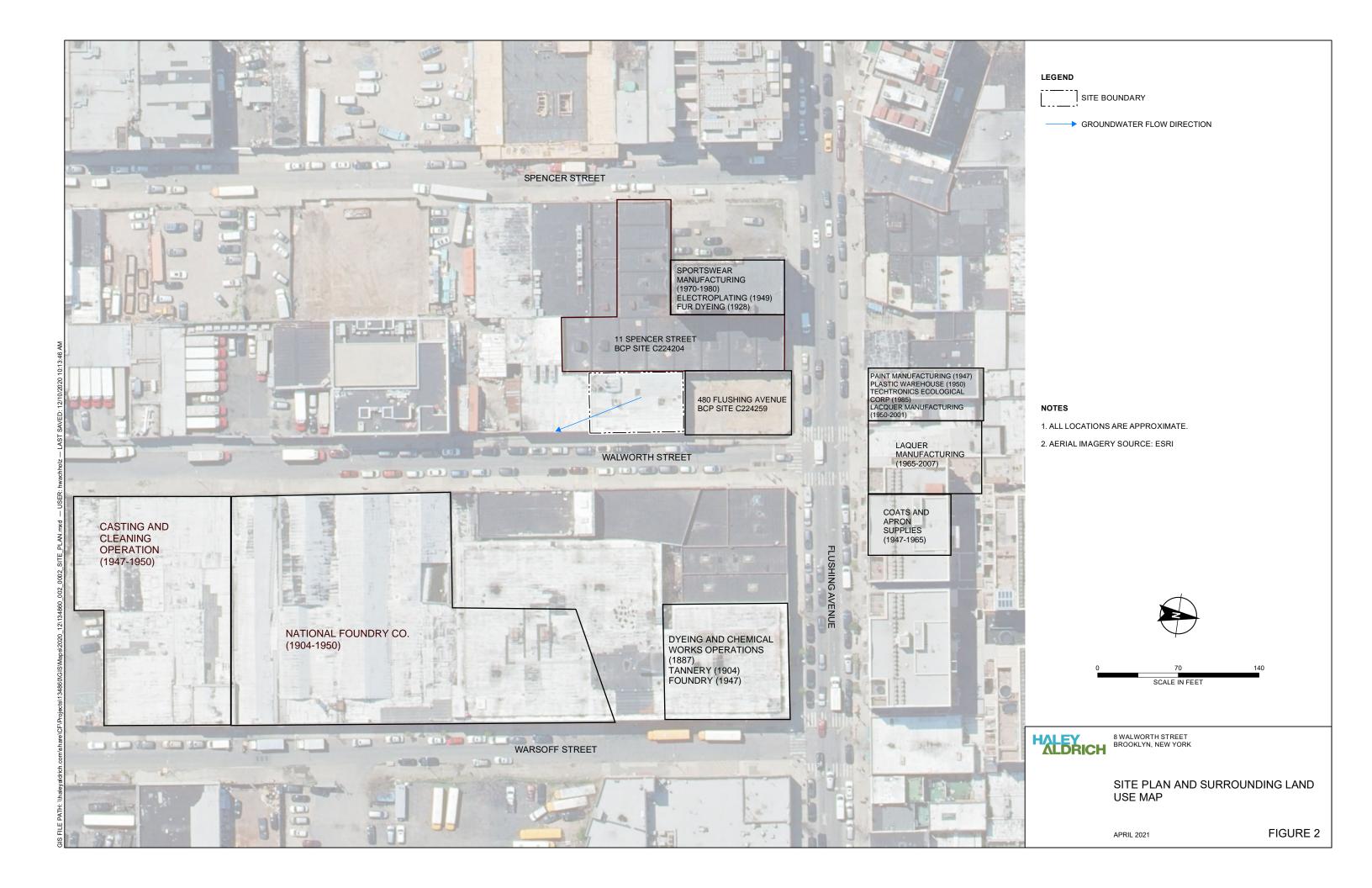
J- Estimated result

F- Ratio of quantifier ion response to qualifier ion response falls outside

of the laboratory criteria. Results are estimated maximum concentration

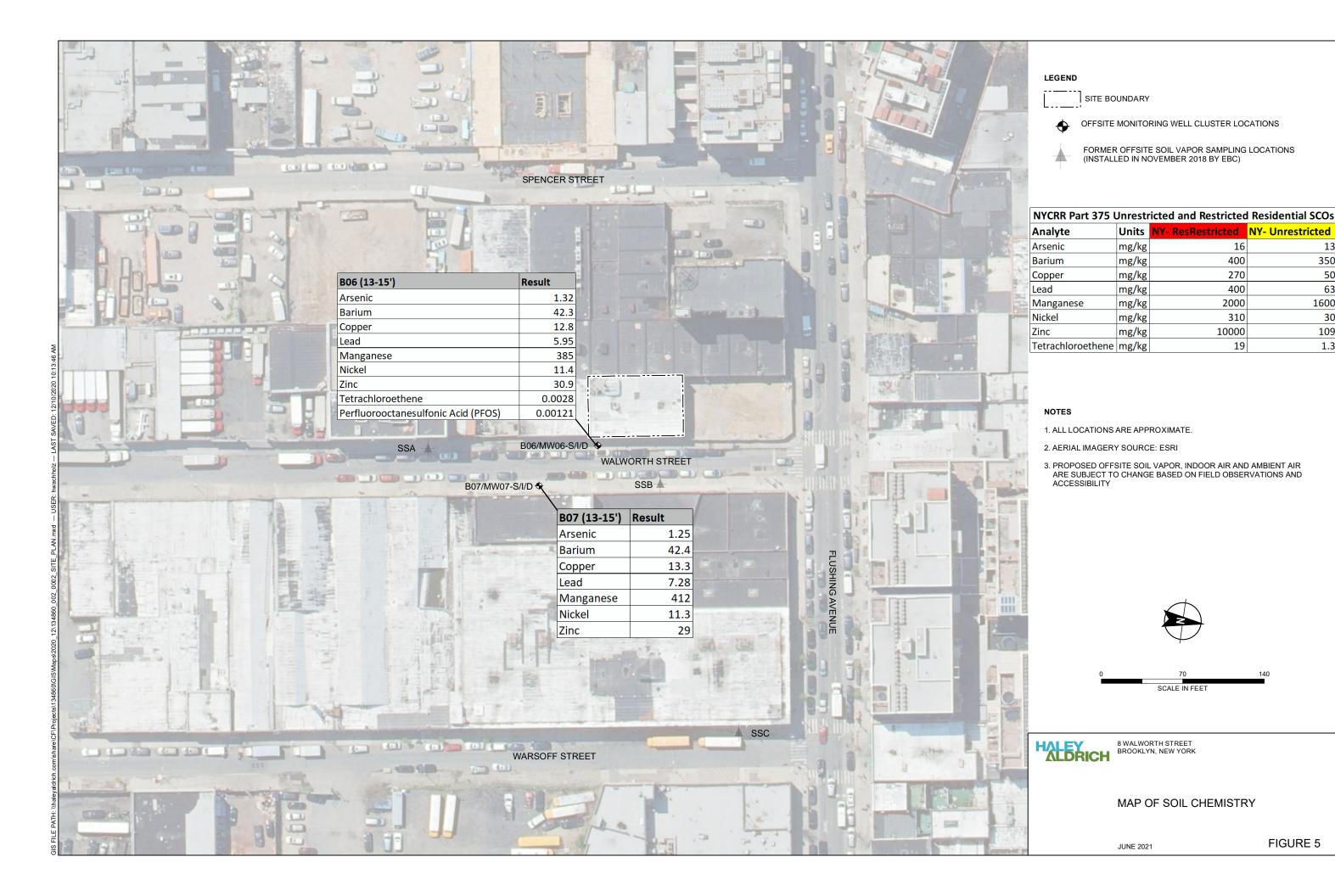






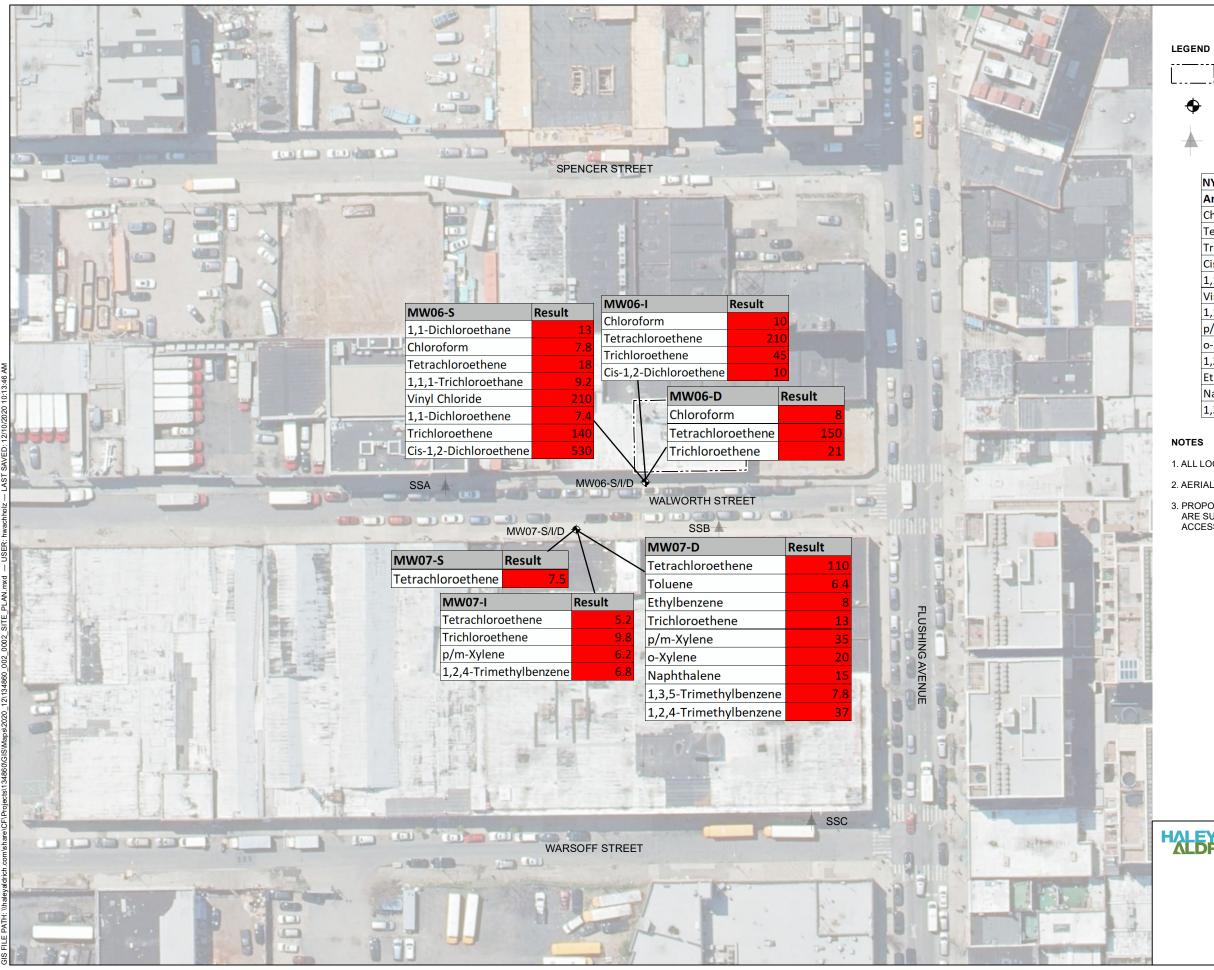






1.3

FIGURE 5



SITE BOUNDARY



OFFSITE MONITORING WELL CLUSTER LOCATIONS

FORMER OFFSITE SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING LOCATIONS (INSTALLED IN NOVEMBER 2018 BY EBC)

NY TOGS 111 Ambient Water Quality Standards				
Analyte	Units	NY AWQS		
Chloroform	μg/L	7		
Tetrachloroethene	μg/L	5		
Trichloroethene	μg/L	5		
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/L	5		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/L	5		
Vinyl Chloride	μg/L	2		
1,1-Dichloroethene	μg/L	5		
p/m-Xylene	μg/L	5		
o-Xylene	μg/L	5		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	μg/L	5		
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	5		
Naphthalene	μg/L	10		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	μg/L	5		

- 1. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 2. AERIAL IMAGERY SOURCE: ESRI
- 3. PROPOSED OFFSITE SOIL VAPOR, INDOOR AIR AND AMBIENT AIR ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE BASED ON FIELD OBSERVATIONS AND **ACCESSIBILITY**





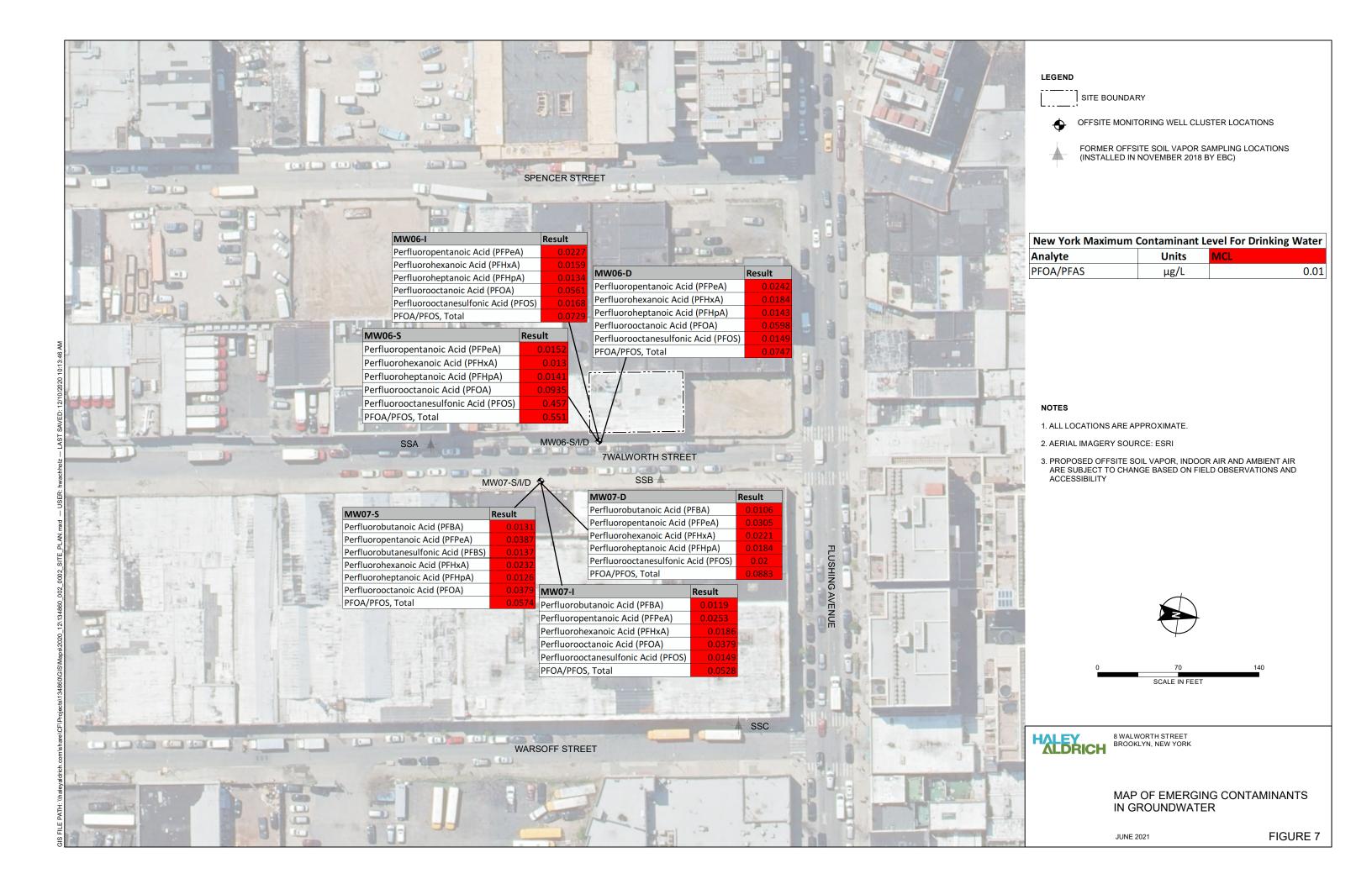


8 WALWORTH STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

MAP OF GROUNDWATER CHEMISTRY

JUNE 2021

FIGURE 6



APPENDIX A

Offsite Investigation Work Plan



HALEY & ALDRICH OF NEW YORK 237 W 35th Street 16th Floor New York, NY 10123 646.518.7735

OFFSITE INVESTIGATION WORK PLAN

8 WALWORTH STREET BROOKLYN, NY NYSDEC SITE C224239

PREPARED FOR

TOLDOS YEHUDAH, LLC BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

PREPARED BY:

Mari C. Conlon, P.G.

Project Manager

Haley & Aldrich of New York

Mari Cate Coulon

REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY:

James M. Bellew Senior Associate

Haley & Aldrich of New York

File No. 134860-002



HALEY & ALDRICH OF NEW YORK 237 W 35th Street 16th Floor New York, NY 10123 646.518.7735

4 March 2021 File No. 134860-002

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233

Attention: Mr. Aaron Fisher

Subject: Offsite Investigation Work Plan

8 Walworth Street Brooklyn, New York NYSDEC Site 224239

Dear Mr. Fisher:

On behalf of Toldos Yehudah, LLC (Toldos Yehudah), Haley & Aldrich of New York (Haley & Aldrich) is submitting for the review and approval of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) this revised Offsite Investigation Work Plan (OIWP) for properties surrounding 8 Walworth Street located in the Bedford Stuyvesant neighborhood of Brooklyn, New York (Site). This OIWP has been developed in accordance with and based on the NYSDEC (6 NYCRR) Part 375 Brownfield Cleanup Regulations dated December 2006, the "Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation" (DER-10 dated May 2010) and the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York dated October 2006.

Please do not hesitate to contact us if there are any questions regarding this submittal or any other aspects of the project.

Sincerely yours,

HALEY & ALDRICH OF NEW YORK

James M. Bellew Senior Associate Mari C. Conlon, P.G. Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Fischel Miller, Toldos Yehudah, LLC
Heide Dudek, NYSDEC, Section Chief
Jane O'Connell, NYSDEC, RHWRE
Angela Martin, NYSDOH Project Manager
Scarlet Mclaughlin, NYSDOH, Region 2 Chief

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1. Introduction

On behalf of Toldos Yehudah, LLC (Toldos Yehudah), Haley & Aldrich of New York (Haley & Aldrich) has prepared this Offsite Investigation Work Plan (OIWP) as an addendum to the Supplemental Remedial Investigation Work Plan (SRIWP) for 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York (Site) submitted to New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) in March 2020 and approved on 1 May 2020. The Site, identified as Block 1715 Lot 33 on the New York City tax map, is 3,910-square feet (sf) and is bounded by a vacant lot to the north, a warehouse to the south, Walworth Street to the east, and a vacant lot to the west.

The Site is currently in the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) identified as NYSDEC Site Number 224239 with Toldos Yehudah is listed as a participant. The Site was operated by Techtronics Ecological Corporation from 1962 through the 1990s. The Site is also identified in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act database as a Large Quantity Generator under Handler ID NYD000824334.

1.1 PURPOSE

As part of the BCP requirements, a Remedial Investigation (RI) was conducted at the Site from November 2018 through February 2019. A Remedial Investigation Report (RIR), dated 9 September 2019, was submitted to NYSDEC by Environmental Business Consultants (EBC). On 12 November 2019, NYSDEC responded to EBC's submission noting the RIR indicated the presence of elevated chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs) in soil, groundwater and soil vapor at the Site. Based on the RIR findings, NYSDEC requested additional vertical delineation of the nature and extent of CVOC contamination both on and offsite. In addition, an investigation of offsite properties was requested by NYSDEC in the RIR comments included in the 17 January 2020 response letter from the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH), as well as comments discussed during an onsite meeting attended by Haley & Aldrich and NYSDEC on 26 February 2020. This OIWP will address the aforementioned comments by investigating offsite groundwater and soil vapor.

The proposed activities included herein will evaluate the potential for offsite groundwater and vapor migration/vapor intrusion at neighboring properties surrounding the Site.



2. Background

2.1 CURRENT LAND USE

The Site is currently improved with a vacant one-story warehouse constructed in 1982 and accessed from Walworth Street to the east.

2.2 SITE HISTORY

The Site was developed as early as 1887 with a one-story residence and shed on the south side of the property, a two-story storefront building with single story garage in the middle of the Site along Walworth Street, and a three-story residence on the north side of the Site. The surrounding vicinity was primarily developed with residences, commercial buildings and industrial/manufacturing use facilities. The Site remained largely unchanged through the early 1900s.

By 1918 the adjoining property to the west was occupied by a junk yard and developed into an indoor parking garage structure by 1935. The Site remained developed with residences until 1950 when only the two-story residential structure and sheds remained present on the south side of the property. A one-story warehouse used for chemical drum storage was erected on the north side of the Site by 1965 and the northern and southern adjoining properties were used for paint storage and mixing in the mid-1960s. By 1977 the two-story residence to the north was no long present but the chemical drum warehouse remained. In 1982, the site was redeveloped with the existing one-story warehouse building, occupied by Techtronics Ecological Corp. (Techtronics) and utilized for the mixing and storage of paints and other coatings. The adjoining property to the north was partially included in the Techtronics facility and labeled as "Techtronics A" with the 8 Walworth site reported as "Techtronics B." Techtronics ceased operations in the 1990s. The Site and neighboring properties have remained largely unchanged through the present.

Previous environmental investigations and regulatory history of the Site are detailed in the SRIWP submitted to NYSDEC in March 2020 and the Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report (SRIR) submitted to NYSDEC in November 2020.

2.3 REGIONAL LAND USE

The Site is located in a mixed use residential, commercial and light industrial area. The Site is bounded by a vacant lot to the north, a warehouse to the south, Walworth Street to the east beyond which are warehouse buildings and a vacant lot to the west. The vacant lot to the north, 480 Flushing Avenue, and the vacant lot to the west, 11 Spencer Street, are both currently enrolled in the NYSDEC BCP due to similar contaminants of concern. Eight schools or daycare facilities are located within one-quarter mile radius of the Site. The properties immediately surrounding the Site are zoned M1-2. The vacant lot to the north, 480 Flushing Avenue, and the vacant lot to the west, 11 Spencer Street, are both currently enrolled in the NYSDEC BCP due to similar contaminants of concern.



2.4 SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

Haley & Aldrich implemented the activities of the approved SRIWP in June and July 2020. Based on the results of SRI, the following conclusions have been identified:

- 1. Contaminants of concern for the Site are primarily CVOCs including TCE, PCE and cis-1,2,-dichloroethene which impact soil, groundwater and soil vapor.
- 2. There is a source area of contamination located on the northwestern portion of the site in the vicinity of MW02.
- 3. The origin of the CVOC contamination source is unknown but is likely attributed to former operations by Techtronics, a paints and coatings manufacturer. Additional impact to Site coming from the upgradient adjoining properties, 480 Flushing Avenue and 11 Spencer Street, is highly probable due to the direction of groundwater flow from north-northwest to south-southeast. Analytical results of the SRI also provide further evidence of the presence of comingling groundwater plumes throughout the area as noted in previous investigations for the adjoining properties.
- 4. The on-Site CVOC contamination has been both horizontally and vertically delineated. CVOC concentrations dissipate in groundwater with depth throughout the Site indicating contamination is highest at the groundwater interface and smear zone.
- 5. Offsite contamination is likely partially a result of former and current area operations including adhesive manufacturing, tannery operations, foundry operations and casting cleaning and grinding operations.

Further details of the SRI were provided in the revised SRIR submitted to NYSDEC in November 2020.



3. Offsite Investigation

This section describes the field activities to be conducted during the offsite investigation and provides the sampling scope, objectives, methods, anticipated number of samples, and sample locations. The following activities will be conducted to evaluate the potential for offsite groundwater and vapor migration/vapor intrusion at neighboring properties surrounding the Site.

3.1 CONSIDERATIONS REGARDING OFFSITE SOURCES

As detailed in the SRIR, the origin of the CVOC contamination source is unknown but is likely the historic operations by Techtronics, a paints and coatings manufacturer, contributed to the plume. While an onsite source area was identified through the RI activities, it should be noted that the surrounding area was formerly used for manufacturing which could indicate additional source areas with migrating impacts. Of note, the vacant lot to the north, 480 Flushing Avenue (Techtronics Site A), and the vacant lot to the west, 11 Spencer Street (Delta Metals), are both located upgradient from the Site and currently enrolled in the NYSDEC BCP due to similar contaminants of concern. An elevated hit of PCE at 23,000 μ g/L in shallow groundwater from an offsite well (MW1607) installed to 20 feet (ft) at 11 Spencer Street indicates a possible offsite upgradient source and comingling with the 8 Walworth plume. In addition, the anomalous elevated concentrations of PCE and TCE detected in MW05-I potentially indicate another upgradient source area on the 480 Flushing Avenue property located north of the Site.

While groundwater was found to flow to the south-southeast, it is notable that properties downgradient from the site include an adhesive manufacturer (still in operation), a tannery, a foundry and a casting cleaning and grinding operation. A site plan indicating the historic operations in the area is shown as Figure 1.

3.2 OFFSITE GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

To evaluate the offsite groundwater impacts, Haley & Aldrich will oversee the installation of two permanent groundwater monitoring well clusters located southeast of the Site. Proposed locations are shown in Figure 2.

3.2.1 Monitoring Well Installation

Two-inch (in.) permanent monitoring wells will be installed in two well cluster locations as shown on Figure 2. Wells will be installed with a flush mount manhole cover and will be screened with 0.010-in. slotted PVC from bisecting the groundwater interface, 30 to 35 feet below grade surface (bgs), and 40 to 45 feet bgs. Annular space surrounding the screen will be filled with #0 or #00 Morie sand or equivalent placed to one foot above the screen interval. A one foot (minimum) of hydrated bentonite seal will be placed directly above the filter pack to isolate the sample interval.. Well clusters will be installed with two inches of annular space surrounding the well casing. The remainder of the borehole will be grouted and the monitoring wells completed to grade. A proposed well construction log is provided in Appendix A.

Within 24 hours of installation, the monitoring wells will be developed or pumped until the column of water in the well is free of visible sediment, and the pH, temperature, turbidity, and specific conductivity



have stabilized. Development will be completed until the water turbidity is 50 nephelometric turbidity units (NTU) or less or 10 well volumes are removed, if possible. If 50 NTUs is not achieved and stabilized within the removal of the first 10 well volumes, NTUs must be stabilized for three consecutive readings. The well casings will be surveyed within 0.01-foot accuracy by a New York State licensed surveyor into the previously used datum for the onsite wells installed during the Supplemental Remedial Investigation. Groundwater elevation of all off-site and on-site monitoring wells must be measured during a synoptic gauging event.

3.2.2 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater samples will be collected from each location under low flow/low stress sampling procedures. Wells will be purged at 100 milliliters per minute (mL/min) to a maximum of 500 mL/min. During purging, the water level will be monitored approximately every five minutes, or as appropriate. A steady flow rate will be maintained that results in drawdown of 0.3 ft or less. The rate of pumping will not exceed the natural flow rate conditions of the well.

During the purging of the well, field indicator parameters (pH, temperature, conductivity, oxidation-reduction (redox) reaction potential (ORP), dissolved oxygen (DO), and turbidity) will be monitored and recorded approximately every five minutes. Stabilization is considered to be achieved when the final groundwater flow rate is achieved, and three consecutive readings for each parameter are within the following limits:

- pH: 0.1 pH units of the average value of the three readings;
- Temperature: 3 percent of the average value of the three readings;
- Conductivity: 0.005 milliSiemen per centimeter (mS/cm) of the average value of the three readings for conductivity <1 mS/cm and 0.01 mS/cm of the average value of the three readings for conductivity >1 mS/cm;
- ORP: 10 millivolts (mV) of the average value of the three readings;
- DO: 10 percent of the average value of the three readings; and
- Turbidity: 10 percent of the average value of the three readings, or a final value of less than 50 nephelometric turbidity units (NTU).

Upon stabilization groundwater samples will be collected into laboratory provided bottle ware and kept on ice in coolers. Samples will be sent to Alpha Analytical Laboratories of Westborough, MA, a New York State ELAP certified environmental laboratory, under proper chain of custody protocol.

3.2.3 Sample Analysis

Groundwater samples will be analyzed for the following parameters:

- TCL Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) using EPA method 8260;
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) using EPA Method 8280A;
- NYSDEC Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) List (21 compounds) by EPA Method 537;
 and
- 1,4-dioxane by EPA method 8270 SIM.



3.3 OFFSITE SOIL SAMPLING

Soils will be logged continuously by a geologist or engineer using the Unified Soil Classification System. The presence of staining, odors and photo ionization detector (PID) response will be noted in soil boring logs which will be included in an Offsite Investigation Report. Soil samples will be collected at the groundwater interface and any interval(s) where visual, olfactory, and/or elevated PID measurements are observable.

3.4 OFFSITE SOIL VAPOR INTRUSION INVESTIGATION

As per the comments discussed in the 17 January 2020 response letter from the NYSDOH, Haley & Aldrich sent a formal access request via certified mail to the owners of the following properties:

- Block 1716, Lot 18
- Block 1717, Lot 26
- Block 1717, Lot 29
- Block 177, Lot 6
- Block 1717, Lot 31
- Block 1717, Lot 34

A response was received from 490 Flushing Avenue LLC, the owner of block 1717 Lots 26, 29 and 31 allowing access to the property. The property is a warehouse and manufacturing facility operated by Sure-Kol Refrigerator Company Inc. No additional responses were received. A second access request letter was submitted to the unresponsive property owners via certified mailings on 28 January 2021. A copy of the access request letter and certified mailing receipts are provided in Appendix B.

3.4.1 Previous Offsite Soil Vapor Sampling

During the Remedial Investigation conducted by EBC in 2018, three offsite soil vapor samples were collected offsite at a depth of 1 to 2 inches below the base of the existing sidewalk slab. Soil vapor sample locations for SSA, SSB and SSC are shown in Figure 2.

Total petroleum-related VOCs (BTEX compounds) were detected in two of the three off-site soil vapor samples with a maximum concentration of $36.54 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$. CVOCs were detected in all three off-site soil vapor samples with concentrations ranging from $3.60 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ to $7.66 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$. CVOCs were significantly higher in SSB (located in the sidewalk to the east adjacent of the Site), with 1,1,1- Trichlorethane detected at $3.14 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$, PCE detected at $3,690 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and TCE detected at $1,570 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$.

3.4.2 Sample Plan

A field survey / observation and the Indoor Air Quality Questionnaire and Building Inventory form will be performed and submitted to the NYSDEC and NYSDOH prior to SVI sampling. Multiple SVI sampling locations may be required on the property to properly address potential soil vapor intrusion concerns. Final location(s) will be determined in coordination with NYSDEC and NYSDOH. Sample locations will be coordinated with property owners and operators but biased towards areas where occupants spend a majority of time (i.e. offices, operation areas, etc.). A majority of the building appears to be warehouse space with limited occupancy. Upon access to the Site, we will evaluate if an additional location should



be evaluated, however, it is noted that the historic operations of this property may also be a contributor to any potential contamination encountered.

3.4.3 Sub-Slab Vapor Sampling

Samples will be collected in accordance with the Final Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York (NYSDOH October 2006). A Sub-slab vapor probe will be installed to a depth of 2 in. beneath the existing building slab. The implant will be installed by drilling a ½ in. hole through the concrete slab with a handheld drill and then inserting a ¼ in. polyethylene tube. Seal integrity will be verified with a tracer gas (helium) test and one to three volumes of air will be purged from the implant prior to sample collection.

Samples will be collected in 2.7 liter Summa canisters that have been certified clean by the laboratory. Samples will be collected for a period of eight hours concurrently with an indoor air sample, as per the NYSDOH soil vapor intrusion guidance, and flow rate for both purging and sampling will not exceed 0.2 L/min. Field personnel will record Summa canister and flow controller identification numbers, sample date, sample start time, sample start vacuum, sample end time and sample end vacuum. Sample end vacuum will be between 5-8 in. mercury.

3.4.4 Indoor and Ambient Air Sampling

Indoor and ambient air samples will be collected in 2.7 liter Summa canisters that have been certified clean by the laboratory. Samples will be collected for a period of eight hours and flow rate for sampling will not exceed 0.2 L/min. Field personnel will record Summa canister and flow controller identification numbers, sample date, sample start time, sample start vacuum, sample end time and sample end vacuum. Sample end vacuum will be between 5-8 in. mercury. Summa canisters will be set at approximately 4-5 ft above grade in the breathing zone.

3.4.5 Sample Analysis

Samples will be analyzed for VOCs using USEPA Method TO-15. Samples will be sent to Alpha Analytical Laboratories of Westborough, MA, a New York State ELAP certified environmental laboratory, under proper chain of custody protocol.



4. Quality Assurance and Quality Control

Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) procedures will be used to provide performance information with regard to accuracy, precision, sensitivity, representation, completeness, and comparability associated with the sampling and analysis for this investigation. Field QA/QC procedures will be used (1) to document that samples are representative of actual conditions at the Site and (2) identify possible cross-contamination from field activities or sample transit. Laboratory QA/QC procedures and analyses will be used to demonstrate whether analytical results have been biased either by interfering compounds in the sample matrix, or by laboratory techniques that may have introduced systematic or random errors to the analytical process.

QA/QC procedures are defined in the Quality Assurance Project Plan included in Appendix C of the SRIWP.



5. Data Use

5.1 DATA SUBMITTAL

Analytical data will be supplied in ASP Category B Data Packages. If more stringent than those suggested by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the laboratory's in house QA/QC limits will be utilized. Validated data will be submitted to the NYSDEC EQuIS database in an electronic data deliverable (EDD) package.

5.2 DATA VALIDATION

Data packages will be sent to a qualified data validation specialist for evaluation of accuracy and precision of the analytical results. A Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) will be created to confirm the compliance of methods with the protocols described in the NYSDEC Analytical service Protocol (ASP). DUSRs will summarize and confirm usability of the data for project related decisions. Data validation will be completed in accordance with the DUSR guidelines from NYSDEC Division of Environmental Remediation.



6. Project Team

The project team will be organized as stated in the SRIWP submitted to NYSDEC in March 2020.



7. Health and Safety

A Site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) has been prepared in accordance with NYSDEC and NYSDOH guidelines and is provided as Appendix E of the SRIWP. The HASP includes a description of health and safety protocols to be followed by Haley & Aldrich field staff during implementation of the remedy, including monitoring within the work area, along with response actions should impacts be observed. The HASP has been developed in accordance with Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) 40 CFR Part 1910.120 regulatory requirements for use by Haley & Aldrich field staff that will work at the Site during planned activities. Contractors or other personnel who perform work at the Site are required to develop their own HASP and procedures of comparable or higher content for their respective personnel in accordance with relevant OSHA regulatory requirements for work at hazardous waste Sites as well as general industry as applicable based on the nature of work being performed.



8. Reporting

Daily reports will be submitted to NYSDEC and NYSDOH summarizing the Site activities completed during the investigation. Daily reports will include a Site figure, a description of Site activities, a photo log and CAMP data. Daily reports will be submitted the following morning after Site work is completed.

Following completion of the offsite investigation a summary will be provided to NYSDEC in an Offsite Investigation Report to support implementation of proposed remedial action. The report will include:

- Summary of the activities;
- Figure showing sampling locations;
- An updated groundwater contour map with data from a synoptic gauging event of all on and offsite shallow monitoring wells;
- Tables summarizing laboratory analytical results;
- Laboratory analytical data reports;
- Field sampling data sheets;
- Findings regarding the nature and extent of vapor migration and vapor intrusion offsite;
- DUSRs and confirmation of EDD submittal to the NYSDEC EQuIS database; and
- Conclusions and recommendations.



9. Schedule

The Site owner plans to implement this OIWP promptly upon approval from the NYSDEC.

Anticipated Offsite Investigation Schedule			
OIWP Submission	December 2020 (Completed)		
OIWP Revised Submission	March 2021		
NYSDEC Approval of OIWP	March 2021		
Site Mobilization for Offsite Investigation	March 2021		
Submission of Offsite Investigation Report	April-May 2021		



References

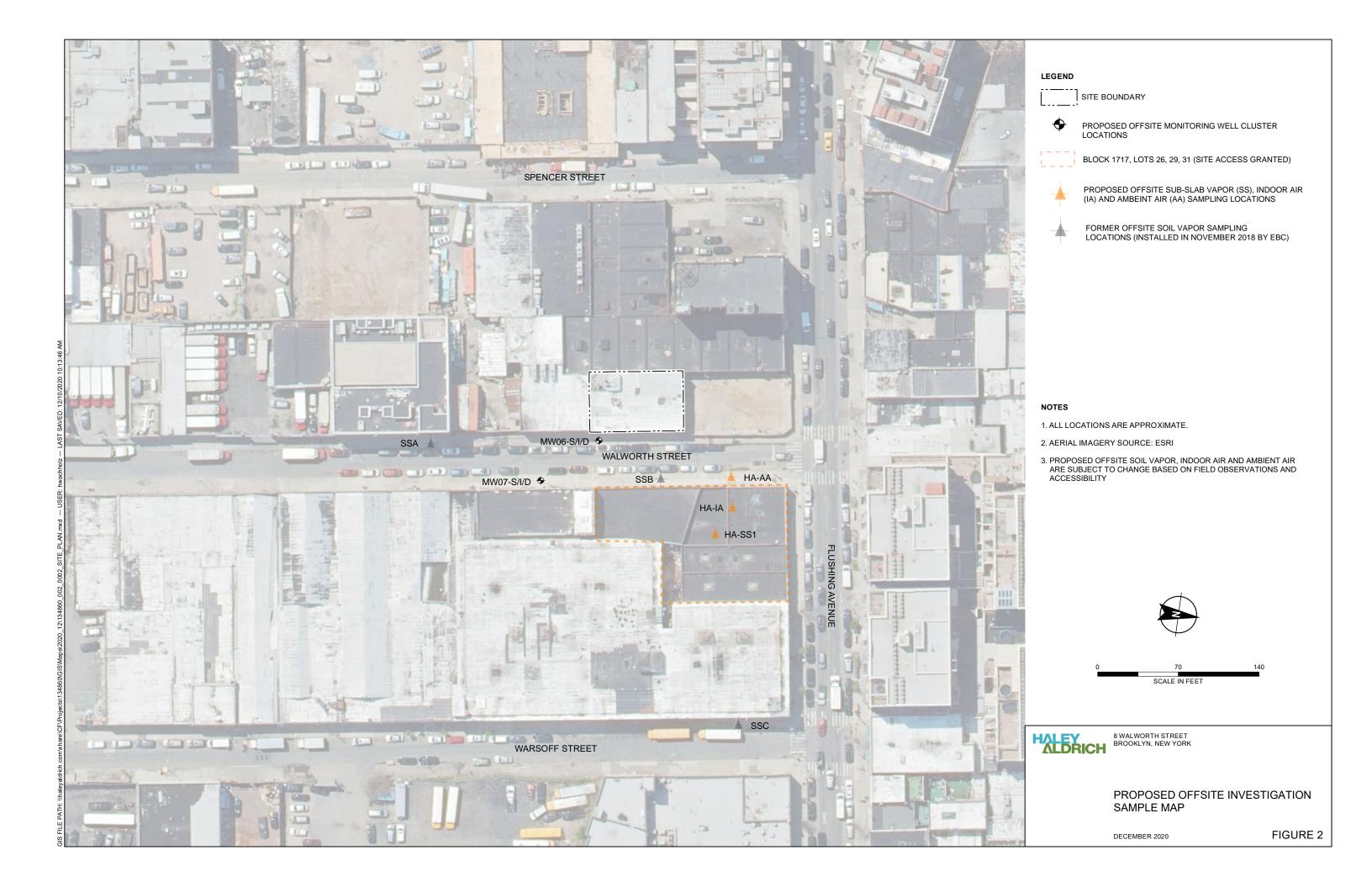
- 1. Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, 12-18 Walworth Street, December 2007, prepared by P.W. Grosser Consulting, Prepared for AAA Group.
- 2. Soil Vapor Intrusion Report 8 Walworth Street, May 2017, Prepared by Environmental Business Consultants, prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.
- 3. Brownfield Cleanup Program Application. 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York, June 2017, Prepared by Toldos Yehudah, LLC & Environmental Business Consultants, prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.
- 4. Remedial Investigation Report 8 Walworth Street Site, September 2019, Prepared by Environmental Business Consultants, Prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.
- 5. Supplemental Remedial Investigation Work Plan 8 Walworth Street, March 2020, prepared by Haley & Aldrich of New York, Prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.
- 6. Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report 8 Walworth Street, November 2020, prepared by Haley & Aldrich of New York, Prepared for the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.
- 7. Program Policy DER-10, "Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation," May 2010, prepared by New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.
- 8. "Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York" October 2006, prepared by New York State Department of Health.

Investigation Plan\2021-0223_8 Walworth Offsite Investigation Plan-F3.docx



FIGURES





APPENDIX A

Proposed Well Construction Log



HALEY.		ORSER	VATION WE	I.I.	Well No.
ALDRICH			LATION REPO		Boring No.
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street - C		THI I CITE I		33860-002
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Br			PROJECT MGR.	Mari Conlon
CLIENT				FIELD REP.	
CONTRACTOR DRILLER				DATE INSTALLED WATER LEVEL	
Ground El. El. Datum	ft	Location		□ Gua	rd Pipe dway Box
SOIL/ROCK CONDITIONS	BOREHOLE BACKFILL		Type of protective cover/lock	(circle one): Manhole Cover	r
			Ground Surface Type of protective casi Inside Diameter	ng: S	Grout Bentonite Seal #00 Morie or Equivalent teel Guard Pipe 12.0 in
			Type of riser pipe: Inside diameter of Depth of bottom of	riser pipe	chedule 40 PVCin
			Type of screen Screen gauge or size of Diameter of screen		ne Slotted PVC
			Depth of bottom of we	ll screen	ft
			Type of backfill aroun		Morie or Equivalent (to 1 ft above screen)
	om of Exploration) lepth from ground surface in feet)		Depth of bottom of we	ll screen/borehole ot to Scale)	ft
COMMENTS:					

APPENDIX B

Access Request Letter and Certified Mailings





XX January 2021

Haley & Aldrich of New York 237 West 35th Street, 16th Floor New York, NY 10123

[Property Owner Address]

Re: Access to Block XX, Lot XX

To Whom it My Concern:

Haley & Aldrich of New York (Haley & Aldrich) is writing to you as a **second** attempt to request access to your property to perform a vapor intrusion study as requested by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) in connection with ongoing investigation occurring at 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY. Please note all work will be completed at no cost to the property owner.

The 8 Walworth Street site is currently in the NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) identified as NYSDEC Site Number C224239. Based on the findings of a Remedial Investigation Report (RIR) submitted by a former environmental consultant to NYSDEC in September 2019, the NYSDOH issued an Off-Site Soil Vapor Intrusion Investigation Recommendations letter which requested a soil vapor intrusion survey be completed at several neighboring properties including yours. Additional site details including environmental and health assessment summaries can be found in the NYSDEC environmental site remediation database by entering Site ID C224239.

To complete the intrusion survey and address the request from the NYSDOH, we would need access to your building for a period of 1-2 days. Procedures to complete this survey would include sub-slab vapor sampling, indoor air sampling and compilation of a product inventory for your facility. The sub-slab vapor sampling procedure would require drilling an approximate half-inch diameter hole in the concrete slab of your building's lowest level (i.e. first floor or cellar) which would be patched to grade to replicate the remaining slab after sample collection. Indoor air sampling would require a sampling device be placed in the breathing zone (3-5 feet above ground surface) in lowest occupied level of the building. The product inventory would comprise of a list of the products and chemicals stored in or at the property which could influence sample results. Please note results of the sampling will be provided to you upon completion.

Attached is a Frequently Asked Questions list from NYSDOH and an access request response with pre-paid envelope for return. For further information, the case managers for this project include NYSDEC case manager, Aaron Fischer (Aaron.Fischer@dec.ny.gov) and NYSDOH case manager, Angela Martin (Angela.Martin@health.ny.gov).

Please contact us at the undersigned to arrange a time for access or with further questions.

Sincerely yours,
HALEY & ALDRICH OF NEW YORK

James M. Bellew Senior Associate (646) 277-5686 jbellew@haleyaldrich.com

mconlon@haleyaldrich.com

Project Manager

(646) 277-5688

Property Acce	ess Response:
Re: Access to	Block XX, Lot XX
l,	, affiliated with,
have received	the access request to conduct a Soil Vapor Intrusion Study at the above referenced property as
requested by	the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and New York State
Department o	of Health (NYSDOH) in connection with ongoing investigation occurring at 8 Walworth Street,
Brooklyn, NY.	After consideration:
	Access will be provided to the property.
	Access will not be provided to the property.
Signature	
Date	
Please Provid	e Your Contact Information:
Email:	

Day Time Phone: _____









APPENDIX B

Well Construction Diagram

HALEY ALDRICH

OBSERVATION WELL INSTALLATION REPORT

Well No. SHALLOW

ALDRICH	II	NSTALL	ATION REP	ORT	Boring No.
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street - 0			H&A FILE NO.	134860-002
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Br	rooklyn, NY		PROJECT MGR.	Mari Conlon
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah			FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel
CONTRACTOR	Eastern Environmenta	al Solutions Inc.		DATE INSTALLED	3/30/21-3/31/21
DRILLER				WATER LEVEL	
Ground El.	ft	Location			Guard Pipe
El. Datum					Roadway Box
SOIL/ROCK CONDITIONS	BOREHOLE BACKFILL		Type of protective cover/lock (c	circle one): Manhole C	over
				,	
			Ground Surface		Grout
			_		Bentonite Seal
					#00 Morie or Equivalent
			Type of protective casing	g:	Steel Guard Pipe
			Inside Diameter		12.0 in
			T		G 1 1 1 40 PM/G
			Type of riser pipe:		Schedule 40 PVC
			Inside diameter of rise	er pipe	in
			Type of screen	Mad	chine Slotted PVC
			Screen gauge or size of o	-	0.010 in
			Diameter of screen	penings	2.0 in
			Type of backfill around s	screen #0 or #0	0 Morie or Equivalent (to 1 ft
					above screen)
			Depth of bottom of well s	screen/borehole	20.0 ft
	m of Exploration) pth from ground surface in feet)	to Scale)			
COMMENTS:	par nom ground surface in idet)	to scarc)			

Well No. **OBSERVATION WELL** ALDRICH INTERMEDIATE/DEEP Boring No. INSTALLATION REPORT PROJECT 8 Walworth Street - Offsite Investigation 134860-002 H&A FILE NO. PROJECT MGR. LOCATION 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY Mari Conlon CLIENT Toldos Yehudah FIELD REP. Zach Simmel CONTRACTOR 3/30/21-3/31/21 Eastern Environmental Solutions Inc. DATE INSTALLED DRILLER WATER LEVEL Ground El. **Guard Pipe** El. Datum Roadway Box SOIL/ROCK **BOREHOLE** CONDITIONS BACKFILL Type of protective cover/lock (circle one): Manhole Cover Ground Surface Bentonite Seal #00 Morie or Equivalent Steel Guard Pipe Type of protective casing: Inside Diameter 12.0 in Type of riser pipe: Schedule 40 PVC Inside diameter of riser pipe Machine Slotted PVC Type of screen 0.010 Screen gauge or size of openings in Diameter of screen 2.0 in Depth of bottom of well screen 35.0 ft Type of backfill around screen #0 or #00 Morie or Equivalent (to 1 ft above screen) Depth of bottom of well screen/borehole 45.0 ft (Bottom of Exploration) (Numbers refer to depth from ground surface in feet) (Not to Scale) COMMENTS:

APPENDIX C

Daily Reports



							Page	1	of	1
Project	NYSDEC Site C224239 - 8 V	Valworth Street Offsit	e Investigation		Report No.	20				
Location	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn	ı, NY			Date	3/30/2021				
Client	Toldos Yehuda, LLC				Page	1	of		1	
Contractor	Eastern Environmental Solut	tions			File No.	134860-002				
Veather	Mostly Sunny				Temperature	45-55°				
645 7 Simmal	P. S. Commisso of H.P. A. on site	Fostown Environmen	atal Calutions (Eas	otown) on oi						
	& S.Commisso of H&A on site	e, Eastern Environmer	itai Solutions (Eas	stern) on si	ie					
650 Health & S		nobilizina duill uia ond	Laquinment to MX	W 07						
	g air monitoring equipment, n	noomzing arm rig and	i equipment to Mix	VV -U /						
	r MW-07 locations to 5 ft bgs	. C	D .:!! D!.							
	ing soil boring at MW-07 with		onic Drill Rig							
	ter encountered at 14 ft bgs;		1.4. 41. 1	1 4. 4			. 11			
	ade at 490 Flushing Avenue fo							uture	-	
	ling. Owner stated no access v			building an	d would only pe	ermit samplin	g in the			_
	ent to the building. NYSDEC									
•	soil logging at MW-07 and beg	gin installation of well	casing							
	of H&A on site									-
	W07-I to 35 ft bgs, setting MW	V07-D to 45 ft bgs								
	ing MW-07-I and MW-07-D									
	of H&A off site									-
	allation of MW07-S									
	W07-S to 20 ft bgs									
	p and preparation, breakdow	n air monitoring equi	pment							
515 All off site										
ield Represent	ative(s)	Time on site								
Z Simmel		8.5								
S Commisso		8.5								

8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY 134860-002 Air Monitoring Log

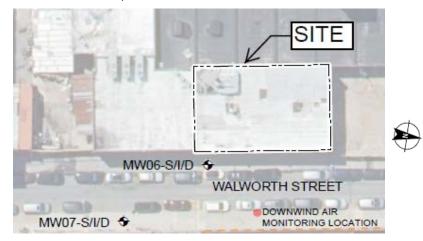
Date: 3/30/2021
Personnel: Z. Simmel

Weather: Mostly Sunny Humidity: 44%

Temperature: 45-55° F
Wind Direction: N

Particulate Background: No visible dust
PID Background (ppm): 0.0

Site Map:



	Dust Particulates		PID	Notes
Time	Visual Dust (Y/N)	PID (ppm)	Odors (Y/N)	Activities/Additional Monitoring
700	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
715	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
730	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
745	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
800	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
815	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
830	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
845	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
900	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
915	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
930	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
945	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1000	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1015	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1030	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1045	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1100	N	0.1	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1115	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary

8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY 134860-002 Air Monitoring Log

	Dust Particulates		PID	Notes
Time	Visual Dust (Y/N)	PID (ppm)	Odors (Y/N)	Activities/Additional Monitoring
1130	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1145	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1200	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1215	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1230	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1245	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1300	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1315	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1330	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1345	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1400	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1415	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1430	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1445	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary



Date Photographs Taken: 30 March 2021



Photo 1: View of well installation at MW07.



Photo 3: View of air monitoring.



Photo 2: View of Geoprobe 8140LS Sonic Drill Rig.



Photo 4: View of setting MW07.



							Page	1	of	1
Project	NYSDEC Site C224239 - 8	Walworth Street Off	fsite Investigation		Report No.	21				
Location	8 Walworth Street, Brookly	n, NY			Date	3/31/2021				
Client	Toldos Yehuda, LLC				Page	1	of		1	
Contractor	Eastern Environmental Sol	utions			File No.	134860-002				
Weather	Partly Cloudy				Temperature	52-60°				
0645 Z.Simme	l & S.Commisso of H&A on si	ite. Eastern Environr	mental Solutions (Eastern) or	ı site					
	ing air monitoring equipment			2450011) 01	- 5.00					
	ll development at MW07	,								
	ar MW06 locations to 5 ft bgs									
	illing soil boring at MW06 wit		Sonic Drill Rig							
	of bottleware error for PFAS	-		oratories: d	ecision made to	remobilize an	d recolle	ct sar	nple	
	te bottleware at end of day	, (-	,						
	vater encountered at 14 ft bgs	: collect B06(13-15') a	and field duplicate	e						
	e well development at MW07	,		-						
	e soil logging at MW06 and be	gin installation of we	ell casing: begin lo	w flow san	noling at MW07	-D				
	1W06-I to 35 ft bgs, setting M		g,g		-F8					
	stallation of MW06-S	THOU D TO TO TO ME								
	1W07-D, MW07-D(MS) and M	MW07-D(MSD)								
	TW06-S to 20 ft bgs	(11,0)								
	ll development at MW06									
	ze to B07 to collect B07(13-15	') for PFAS into pror	ner hottleware							
	07(13-15') for PFAS	y tor 11718 into proj	per bottle ware							
	up, demobilize rig and install	manhole covers								
1500 Eastern o	•	mamore covers								
	e well development at MW06									
1545 H&A off										
1545 116/11 011	sice									
Field Dan	atativo(s)	Time on sit-								
Field Represer	itauve(s)	<u>Time on site</u>								
Z Simmel S Commisso		9								
s commisso		9								

8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY 134860-002 Air Monitoring Log

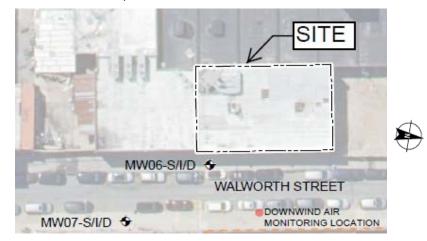
Date: 3/31/2021
Personnel: Z. Simmel

Weather: Partly Cloudy
Humidity: 72%

Temperature: 52-60° F
Wind Direction: NE

Particulate Background: No visible dust
PID Background (ppm): 0.0

Site Map:



	Dust Particulates		PID	Notes
Time	Visual Dust (Y/N)	PID (ppm)	Odors (Y/N)	Activities/Additional Monitoring
645	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
700	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
715	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
730	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
745	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
800	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
815	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
830	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
845	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
900	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
915	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
930	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
945	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1000	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1015	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1030	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1045	N	0.1	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1100	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary

8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY 134860-002 Air Monitoring Log

	Dust Particulates		PID	Notes
Time	Visual Dust (Y/N)	PID (ppm)	Odors (Y/N)	Activities/Additional Monitoring
1115	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1130	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1145	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1200	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1215	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1230	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1245	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1300	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1315	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1330	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1345	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1400	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary
1415	N	0.0	N	No additional particulate monitoring necessary



8 Walworth Street Brooklyn, NY File No. 134860-002

Date Photographs Taken: 31 March 2021



Photo 1: View of well installation at MW06.



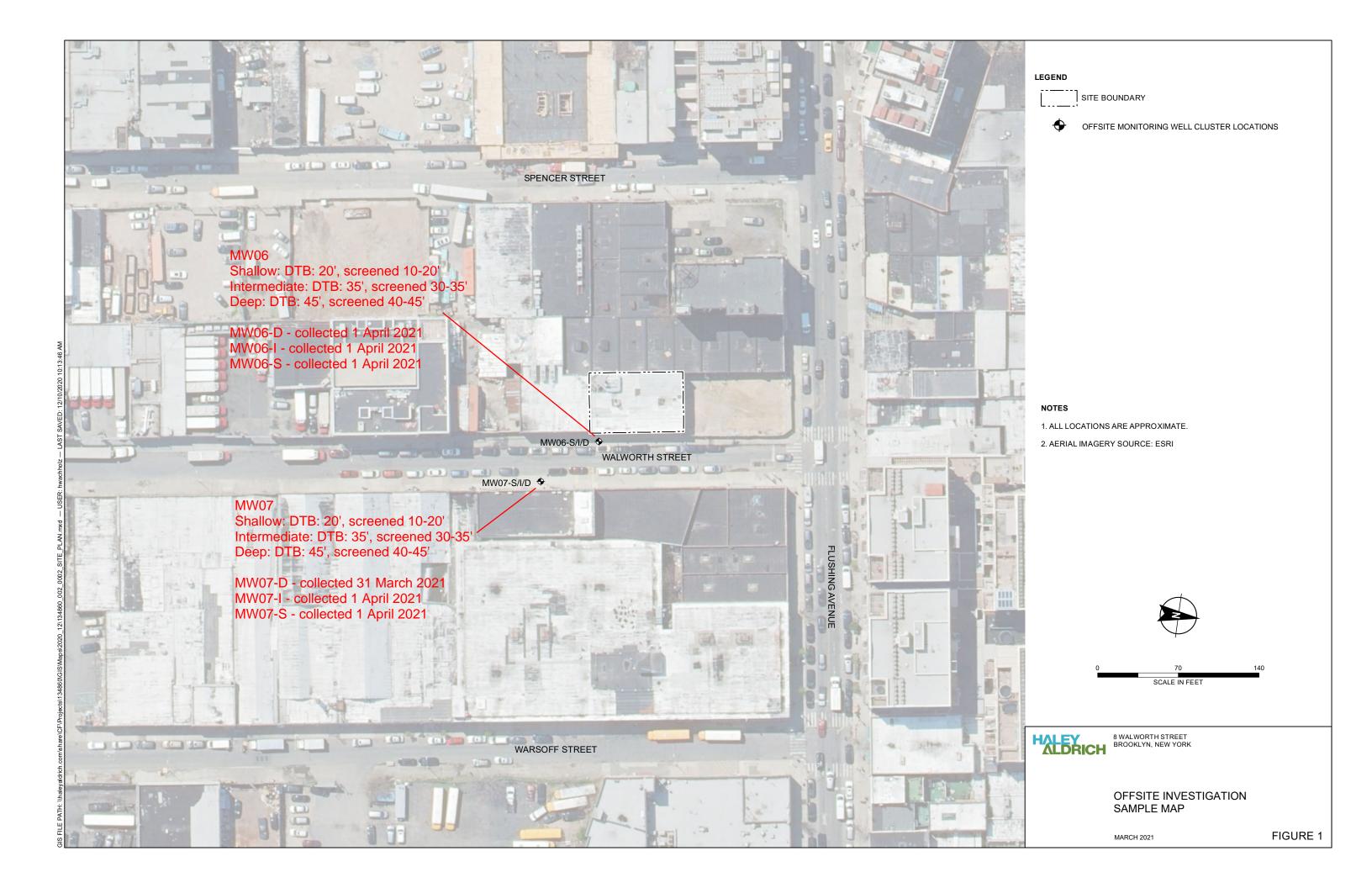
Photo 3: View of MW06 well cluster.



Photo 2: Alternate view of well installation at MW06.



					Page	1 (of	1
Project	NYSDEC Site C224239 - 8 V	Valworth Street Offsite Investigation	Report No.	22	-			
Location	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn	, NY	Date	4/1/2021				
Client	Toldos Yehuda, LLC		Page	1	of		1	
Contractor	Eastern Environmental Solu	tions	File No.	134860-002				
Veather	Cloudy, rain		Temperature	45-50°				
800 Z Simmel	& S.Commisso of H&A on sit	e						\exists
	ng up low flow sampling equi							-
	ng up low now sampling equi	pment						
	nple at MW06-D							_
	flow sampling at MW06-I							-
	nple at MW06-I							-
	flow sampling at MW06-S							_
	nple at MW06-S							_
	flow sampling at MW07-I							_
	nple at MW07-I							_
	flow sampling at MW06-S							
	nple at MW06-S							-
500 Collect fie								-
	ш папк ration and cleanup, drum pui	ego water						
.600 S.Commis		ge natei						-
	so onsite i samples to Alpha Analytical							
.630 Z.Simmel								_
oso Z.Siiiiilei	onsite							-
								_
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ield Represen	ative(s)	Time on site						
Z Simmel		8.5						
Commisso		8						



8 Walworth Street Brooklyn, NY File No. 134860-002

Date Photographs Taken: 1 April 2021



Photo 1: View of low flow sampling set up.



Photo 2: View of drum storage area.

APPENDIX D

Well Development Log

HALEV	WELL D			Well No. MW06-S
ALDRICH	WELL D	EVELU	PMENT LOG	Comments
				Whale pump
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street Offsite Inv	vestigation	DEVELOPMENT DATE	3/31/2021
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn	, NY	DEVELOPMENT START	1330
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah LLC		DEVELOPMENT END	1400
H&A FILE NO.	134860-002		WELL DEPTH (FT)	20
PROJECT MANAGER	Mari Conlon		STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT)	14.41
FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel		WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT)	5.59
DATE INSTALLED	3/31/2021		WELL VOLUME (GAL)	0.911
DRILLER	Eastern Environmental Solut	ions, Inc.	TOTAL VOLUME PURGED (GAL)	6
Time	Time Elapsed (min)	Volume (gal)	Color	
1335	5	0.75	Turbid/silty	
1340	10	1	Turbid/silty	
1345	15	1	Turbid/silty	
1350	20	1	Cloudy	
1355	25	1	Semi-Clear	
1400	30	1	Clear	Turbidity <50 NTU

UNI EV	WELLD			Well No. MW06-I
ALDRICH	WELLD	EVELU	PMENT LOG	Comments Whale pump
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street Offsite In	vestigation	DEVELOPMENT DATE	3/31/2021
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn	, NY	DEVELOPMENT START	1510
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah LLC		DEVELOPMENT END	1530
H&A FILE NO.	134860-002		WELL DEPTH (FT)	35
PROJECT MANAGER	Mari Conlon		STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT)	14.34
FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel		WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT)	20.66
DATE INSTALLED	3/31/2021		WELL VOLUME (GAL)	3.368
DRILLER	Eastern Environmental Solut	ions, Inc.	TOTAL VOLUME PURGED (GAL)	40
Time	Time Elapsed (min)	Volume (gal)	Color	Comments
1515	5	10	Light brown	
1520	10	10	Light brown	
1525	15	10	Semi-clear	
1530	20	10	Semi-clear	Over 10 well volume purged

HVI EA	WELLD		PMENT LOG	Well No. MW06-D
ALDRICH	WELLD	PMENT LUG	Comments Whale pump	
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street Offsite Inv	vestigation	DEVELOPMENT DATE	3/31/2021
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn	, NY	DEVELOPMENT START	1440
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah LLC		DEVELOPMENT END	1510
H&A FILE NO.	134860-002		WELL DEPTH (FT)	45
PROJECT MANAGER	Mari Conlon		STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT)	14.34
FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel		WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT)	30.66
DATE INSTALLED	3/31/2021		WELL VOLUME (GAL)	4.998
DRILLER	Eastern Environmental Solut	ions, Inc.	TOTAL VOLUME PURGED (GAL)	60
Time	Time Elapsed (min)	Volume (gal)	Color	Comments
1445	5	10	Silty/light brown	
1450	10	10	Light brown	
1455	15	10	Cloudy	
1500	20	10	Cloudy	
1505	25	10	Semi-clear Semi-clear	
1510	30	10	Clear	Over 10 well volume purged

HVI EA	WEII D	TVEL O	PMENT LOG	Well No. MW07-S
ALDRICH		EVELU	FMENT LOG	Comments
				Whale pump
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street Offsite In	vestigation	DEVELOPMENT DATE	4/1/2021
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyr	n, NY	DEVELOPMENT START	1420
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah LLC		DEVELOPMENT END	1450
H&A FILE NO.	134860-002		WELL DEPTH (FT)	20
PROJECT MANAGER	Mari Conlon		STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT)	15
FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel		WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT)	5
DATE INSTALLED	3/30/2021		WELL VOLUME (GAL)	0.815
DRILLER	Eastern Environmental Solut	tions, Inc.	TOTAL VOLUME PURGED (GAL)	5.5
Time	Time Elapsed (min)	Volume (gal)	Color	Comments
1425	5	0.5	silty/light brown	
1430	10	1	silty/light brown	
1435	15	1	cloudy	
1440	20	1	cloudy	
1445	25	1	semi-clear	
1450	30	1	clear	Turbidity <50 NTU

HALEY ALDRICH	WELL D	EVELO	PMENT LOG	Well No. MW07-I Comments
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street Offsite In	vestigation	DEVELOPMENT DATE	Whale pump 3/31/2021
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn		DEVELOPMENT START	0830
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah LLC	*	DEVELOPMENT END	0855
H&A FILE NO.	134860-002		WELL DEPTH (FT)	35
PROJECT MANAGER	Mari Conlon		STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT)	14.8
FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel		WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT)	20.2
DATE INSTALLED	3/30/2021		WELL VOLUME (GAL)	3.293
DRILLER	Eastern Environmental Solut	ions, Inc.	TOTAL VOLUME PURGED (GAL)	45
Time	Time Elapsed (min)	Volume (gal)	Color	Comments
0835	5	10	Turbid/silty	
0840	10	10	Turbid/silty	
0845	15	10	Semi-clear Semi-clear	
0850	20	10	Semi-clear	
0855	25	5	Clear	Over 10 well volume purged

HAI EV	WELLD	EVELO	PMENT LOG	Well No. MW07-D
ALDRICH		EVELU	FINENT LUG	Comments Whale pump
PROJECT	8 Walworth Street Offsite Inv	vestigation	DEVELOPMENT DATE	3/31/2021
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn	, NY	DEVELOPMENT START	0750
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah LLC		DEVELOPMENT END	0820
H&A FILE NO.	134860-002		WELL DEPTH (FT)	45
PROJECT MANAGER	Mari Conlon		STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT)	14.80
FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel		WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT)	30.2
DATE INSTALLED	3/30/2021		WELL VOLUME (GAL)	4.923
DRILLER	Eastern Environmental Solut	ions, Inc.	TOTAL VOLUME PURGED (GAL)	55
Time	Time Elapsed (min)	Volume (gal)	Color	Comments
0755	5	10	Turbid	
0800	10	10	Semi-clear Semi-clear	
0805	15	10	Semi-clear	
0810	20	10	Semi-clear Semi-clear	
0815	25	10	Clear	
0820	30	5	Clear	Over 10 well volumes

APPENDIX E

Synoptic Monitoring Well Gauging Log



Synoptic Monitoring Well Gauging Log

PROJECT 8 Walworth Street Environmental Services

LOCATION 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY

CLIENT Toldos Yehudah, LLC

H&A FILE NO. 134860-002 PROJECT MANAGER Mari Conlon

FIELD REP. M. Knapik
GAUGING DATE 5/14/2021

WEATHER 66°F, Sunny

		_		1
MONITORING WELL ID	TIME	DEPTH TO WATER (FT BELOW TOC)	TOP OF CASING (FT)	GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (FT)
MW-01(S)	7:10	15.58	13.95	-1.63
MW-01(I)	7:12	15.55	13.99	-1.56
MW-02(S)	7:18	15.68	14.07	-1.61
MW-02(I)	7:20	15.63	14.05	-1.58
MW-02(D)	7:21	15.62	14.04	-1.58
MW-03(S)	7:25	15.51	13.97	-1.54
MW-03(I)	7:27	15.68	14.05	-1.63
MW-03(D)	7:29	15.50	14.04	-1.46
MW-04(S)	7:37	15.69	14.07	-1.62
MW-04(I)	7:38	15.67	14.08	-1.59
MW-04(D)	7:40	15.60	14.05	-1.55
MW-05(S)	7:44	15.60	14.06	-1.54
MW-05(I)	7:47	15.42	14.04	-1.38
MW-05(D)	7:48	15.64	14.07	-1.57
MW-06(S)	8:50	15.08	13.30	-1.78
MW-06(I)	8:51	14.92	13.20	-1.72
MW-06(D)	8:52	15.01	13.26	-1.75
MW-07(S)	9:05	15.11	13.32	-1.79
MW-07(I)	9:06	15.19	13.45	-1.74
MW-07(D)	9:07	15.15	13.43	-1.72

Comments:

- 1. Monitoring wells MW-01 through MW-05 were surveyed by NY Land Surveyors on 23 July 2020.
- 2. Monitoring wells MW-06 and MW-07 were surveyed by NY Land Surveyors on 14 May 2021.
- 3. Wells were gauged on 14 May 2021
- 4. Elevation refers to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88).
- 5. All dimensions are in US survey feet.

APPENDIX F

Groundwater Sampling Logs

LOW FLOW SAMPLING PURGE LOG

Well No. MW06-S

Comments

PROJECT	8 Walworth Street Offsite Investigation	DATE SAMPLED:	4/1/2021
LOCATION	8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY	START TIME:	1210
CLIENT	Toldos Yehudah LLC	SAMPLE TIME:	1250
H&A FILE NO.	134860-002	PUMP:	Bladder
PROJECT MANAGER	Mari Conlon	WELL DEPTH (FT)	20
FIELD REP.	Zach Simmel	STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT)	14.48
DATE INSTALLED	3/31/2021	WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT)	5.52
DRILLER	Eastern Environmental Solutions, Inc.	WELL VOLUME (GAL)	0.900

	Depth to	Purge Rate	Cumulative Purge	Temperature			Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity	ORP	
Time (24 Hr)	Water (ft)	(mL/min)	Volumge (gal)	(degrees Celsius)	pН	Conductivity (µs/cm)	(mg/L)	(NTU)	(mv)	Comments
1215	14.49	200	0.26	10.8	7.06	0.69	2.92	259	-75	
1220	14.50	200	0.52	11.0	6.99	0.64	2.30	51.1	-85	
1225	14.50	200	0.78	11.02	6.97	0.623	2.16	21.7	-88	
1230	14.50	200	1.04	11.03	6.96	0.611	1.91	14.4	-90	
1235	14.50	200	1.3	11.06	6.97	0.595	1.65	15.2	-94	
1240	14.52	200	1.56	11.07	6.96	0.59	1.42	9.4	-96	
1245	14.52	200	1.82	11.09	6.96	0.583	1.39	6.8	-96	
1250	14.52	200	2.08	11.13	6.96	0.584	1.32	9.1	-99	

LOW FLOW SAMPLING PURGE LOG

Well No. MW06-I

Comments

PROJECT DATE SAMPLED: 8 Walworth Street Offsite Investigation 4/1/2021 LOCATION 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY **START TIME:** 1050 CLIENT Toldos Yehudah LLC **SAMPLE TIME:** 1140 134860-002 Bladder H&A FILE NO. **PUMP:** 35 PROJECT MANAGER Mari Conlon WELL DEPTH (FT) 14.34 Zach Simmel FIELD REP. STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT) DATE INSTALLED 20.66 3/31/2021 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT) DRILLER WELL VOLUME (GAL) 3.368 Eastern Environmental Solutions, Inc.

	Depth to	Purge Rate	Cumulative Purge	Temperature			Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity	ORP	
Time (24 Hr)	Water (ft)	(mL/min)	Volumge (gal)	(degrees Celsius)	pН	Conductivity (µs/cm)	(mg/L)	(NTU)	(mv)	Comments
1055	14.34	500	0.66	12.76	7.76	0.86	4.14	300	-130	
1100	14.34	500	1.32	13.24	7.72	0.90	3.28	240	-132	
1105	14.34	500	1.98	13.23	7.61	0.929	2.79	200	-143	
1110	14.34	500	2.64	13.31	7.51	0.974	2.26	133	-148	
1115	14.34	500	3.3	13.34	7.49	0.993	1.90	110	-155	
1120	14.32	500	3.96	13.34	7.47	1.01	1.64	80.0	-161	
1125	14.32	500	4.62	13.36	7.45	1.04	1.45	66.2	-163	
1130	14.32	500	5.28	13.39	7.43	1.06	1.30	57.3	-168	
1135	14.32	500	5.94	13.36	7.46	1.04	1.17	52.3	-175	

LOW FLOW SAMPLING PURGE LOG

Well No. MW06-D

Comments

PROJECT DATE SAMPLED: 8 Walworth Street Offsite Investigation 4/1/2021 LOCATION 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY **START TIME:** 0920 CLIENT Toldos Yehudah LLC **SAMPLE TIME:** 1010 134860-002 Bladder H&A FILE NO. **PUMP:** 45 PROJECT MANAGER Mari Conlon WELL DEPTH (FT) 14.41 Zach Simmel FIELD REP. STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT) DATE INSTALLED 30.59 3/31/2021 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT) DRILLER WELL VOLUME (GAL) 4.986 Eastern Environmental Solutions, Inc.

	Depth to	Purge Rate	Cumulative Purge	Temperature			Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity	ORP	
Time (24 Hr)	Water (ft)	(mL/min)	Volumge (gal)	(degrees Celsius)	pН	Conductivity (µs/cm)	(mg/L)	(NTU)	(mv)	Comments
0925	14.25	400	0.52	12.26	7.36	1.21	4.10	416	-124	
0930	14.40	400	1.04	12.44	7.36	1.20	3.35	218	-128	
0935	14.20	400	1.56	12.5	7.37	1.20	3.13	192	-125	
0940	14.40	400	2.08	12.58	7.36	1.21	2.74	101	-128	
0945	14.42	400	2.6	12.55	7.41	1.20	2.76	112	-121	
0950	14.40	400	3.12	12.56	7.36	1.20	2.58	73.0	-122	
0955	14.41	400	3.64	12.59	7.38	1.19	2.80	118	-111	
1000	14.41	400	4.16	12.54	7.42	1.16	3.20	127	-95	
1005	14.41	400	4.68	12.54	7.40	1.17	3.20	130	-93	

LOW FLOW SAMPLING PURGE LOG

Well No. MW07-S

Comments

PROJECT DATE SAMPLED: 8 Walworth Street Offsite Investigation 4/1/2021 LOCATION 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY **START TIME:** 1420 CLIENT Toldos Yehudah LLC **SAMPLE TIME:** 1455 134860-002 Bladder H&A FILE NO. **PUMP:** 20 PROJECT MANAGER Mari Conlon WELL DEPTH (FT) Zach Simmel 14.58 FIELD REP. STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT) DATE INSTALLED 5.42 3/30/2021 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT) DRILLER WELL VOLUME (GAL) 0.883 Eastern Environmental Solutions, Inc.

Time (24 Hr)	Depth to Water (ft)	Purge Rate (mL/min)	Cumulative Purge Volumge (gal)	Temperature (degrees Celsius)	рН	Conductivity (µs/cm)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	ORP (mv)	Comments
1425	17.36	500	0.66	12.66	7.04	5.28	3.57	2.4	-1	
1430	17.40	500	1.32	12.66	7.1	2.96	4.07	38.1	-3	
1435	17.65	500	1.98	12.71	7.11	2.21	3.87	36.2	-3	
1440	17.77	500	2.64	12.74	7.06	1.99	3.41	31.6	-4	
1445	17.95	500	3.3	12.80	7.03	1.96	3.03	32.3	-7	
1450	18.06	500	3.96	12.90	7.01	1.94	2.81	31.2	-8	

ALDRICH

LOW FLOW SAMPLING PURGE LOG

Well No.

MW07-I Comments

PROJECT DATE SAMPLED: 4/1/2021 8 Walworth Street Offsite Investigation 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY LOCATION 1310 **START TIME:** CLIENT Toldos Yehudah LLC SAMPLE TIME: 1355 134860-002 Bladder H&A FILE NO. **PUMP:** 35 PROJECT MANAGER Mari Conlon WELL DEPTH (FT) FIELD REP. 13.93 Zach Simmel STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT) DATE INSTALLED 3/30/2021 21.07 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT) 3.434 DRILLER Eastern Environmental Solutions, Inc. WELL VOLUME (GAL)

	Depth to	Purge Rate	Cumulative Purge	Temperature			Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity	ORP	
Time (24 Hr)	Water (ft)	(mL/min)	Volumge (gal)	(degrees Celsius)	pН	Conductivity (µs/cm)	(mg/L)	(NTU)	(mv)	Comments
1315	14.65	500	0.66	13.66	6.94	5.810	2.70	18.5	23	
1320	14.61	500	1.32	13.81	6.91	5.860	2.48	19.5	24	
1325	14.61	500	1.98	13.89	6.88	5.96	1.96	29.2	21	
1330	14.60	500	2.64	13.95	6.86	5.97	1.67	22.4	21	
1335	14.60	500	3.3	13.97	6.90	5.98	1.40	9.3	17	
1340	14.60	500	3.96	13.96	6.88	5.98	1.28	6.2	15	
1345	14.60	500	4.62	13.95	6.89	5.98	1.12	3.4	13	
1350	14.60	500	5.28	13.95	6.87	5.99	0.96	2.1	8	

ALDRICH

LOW FLOW SAMPLING PURGE LOG

Well No.

MW07-D

Comments

PROJECT DATE SAMPLED: 3/31/2021 8 Walworth Street Offsite Investigation LOCATION 1200 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY **START TIME:** CLIENT Toldos Yehudah LLC SAMPLE TIME: 1240 134860-002 Bladder H&A FILE NO. **PUMP:** 45 PROJECT MANAGER Mari Conlon WELL DEPTH (FT) FIELD REP. 14.53 Zach Simmel STATIC WATER LEVEL (FT) DATE INSTALLED 3/30/2021 30.47 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT) DRILLER Eastern Environmental Solutions, Inc. WELL VOLUME (GAL) 4.967

	Depth to	Purge Rate	Cumulative Purge	Temperature			Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity	ORP	
Time (24 Hr)	Water (ft)	(mL/min)	Volumge (gal)	(degrees Celsius)	pН	Conductivity (µs/cm)	(mg/L)	(NTU)	(mv)	Comments
1205	14.58	500	0.66	14.74	6.5	1.03	3.55	14.3	6	
1210	14.58	500	1.32	14.62	7.02	1.07	2.59	11.3	-22	
1215	14.58	500	1.98	14.57	7.16	1.08	2.34	9.2	-29	
1220	14.54	500	2.64	14.53	7.17	1.09	2.09	8.8	-39	
1225	14.54	500	3.3	14.50	7.20	1.10	1.96	8.2	-46	
1230	14.54	500	3.96	14.48	7.23	1.10	1.85	6.8	-50	
1235	14.54	500	4.62	14.47	7.25	1.10	1.71	3.3	-54	
1240	14.55	500	5.28	14.45	7.26	1.10	1.60	2.9	-61	

APPENDIX G

Analytical Laboratory Reports

(SHAREFILE)

APPENDIX H

Data Usability Summary Reports





Data Usability Summary Report

Project Name: 8 Walworth Street

Project Description: Groundwater Samples

Sample Date(s): 31 March through 1 April 2021

Analytical Laboratory: Alpha Analytical, LLC - Westborough, MA

Validation Performed by: Santa McKenna Validation Reviewed by: Katherine Miller

Validation Date: 2 June 2021

Haley & Aldrich, Inc. prepared this Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) to summarize the review and validation of the samples described above. The analytical results for Sample Delivery Group(s) (SDG) listed below were reviewed to determine the data's usability:

- 1. Sample Delivery Group Number L2116134 (Alpha)
- 2. Sample Delivery Group Number L2116506 (Alpha)
- 3. Precision and Accuracy

This data validation and usability assessment was performed per the guidance and requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) *National Functional Guidelines* (NFG) for Organic Data Review and Sampling, Analysis, and Assessment of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Under New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC)'s Part 375 Remedial Programs and the project-specific Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP), herein referred to as the specified limits (see references section). Written in 2020, the QAPP referenced the NFG written at the time. Data in this report has been reviewed against the most recent NFG.

Data reported in this sampling event were reported to the laboratory method detection limit (MDL). Results found between the MDL and RL are flagged "J" as estimated.

Sample data were qualified in accordance with laboratory's standard operating procedures (SOP). The results presented in each laboratory report were found to be compliant with the data quality objectives for the project and therefore usable; any exceptions are noted in the following pages.

For more detailed quality control (QC) information see Explanations section.



1. Sample Delivery Group Number L2116134 (Alpha)

1.1 SAMPLE MANAGEMENT

This DUSR summarizes the review of SDG number L2116134, dated 8 April 2021. Samples were collected, preserved, and shipped following standard chain of custody (COC) protocol. Samples were also received appropriately, identified correctly, and analyzed according to the COC.

Analyses were performed on the following samples:

Sample ID	Sample Type	Lab ID	Sample Collection Date	Matrix	Methods
MW07-D	N	L2116134-01	3/31/2021	GW	A, B, C, D

Meth	od Holding Time		
Α.	Volatile Organic	EPA 8260C	14 days preserved: 7
A.	Compounds	EPA 8280C	days unreserved
В.	Polychlorinated	EPA 8082A	7 days extraction; 40
В.	Biphenyls	EPA 0002A	days analysis
	1,4-Dioxane	EPA 8270D SIM	7 days extraction; 40
C.		EPA 6270D SIWI	days analysis
D	Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl	Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID	14 days extraction; 28
D.	Substances (PFAS)	Alphia 154,ECMSMS-ID	days analysis**

^{*#} days/# days notation indicates the holding time is # days for extraction and then an additional 3 days for analysis.

1.2 CASE NARRATIVE

The laboratory report case narrative lists various additional quality control issues such as internal standard exceedances and initial calibration verification (ICV) and/or continuing calibration verification (CCV) exceedances. Since these additional quality control issues were not required as per the QAPP, these quality control issues were not reviewed.

1.3 HOLDING TIMES/PRESERVATION

The samples arrived at the laboratory at the proper temperature and were prepared and analyzed within the holding time and preservation criteria specified per method protocol.

Cooler temperature on arrival to the laboratory was: 4.5 degrees Celsius.

1.4 REPORTING LIMITS AND SAMPLE DILUTIONS

No dilutions were performed for the analysis of the samples in this report.

1.5 SURROGATE RECOVERY COMPLIANCE

Refer to section E 1.2. The percent recovery (%R) for each surrogate compound added to each project sample were determined to be within the laboratory specified QC limits.



^{**}Holding time specified by NYSDEC.

1.6 LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLES

<u>Refer to section E 1.3</u>. Compounds associated with the laboratory control samples/laboratory control sample duplicates (LCS) analyses exhibited recoveries and RPDs within the specified limits with the following exceptions:

Sample Type	Method	Batch ID	Analyte	%R	Qualifier	Affected Samples
			Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	132%	1/01	
LCS	Alpha 134,LCMSMS- ID	WG1481987-2	N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic Acid (NMeFOSAA)	135%	וט/נו	L2116134-01
			Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTrDA)	133%	1/01	

1.7 MATRIX SPIKE SAMPLES

Refer to section E 1.4. The sample(s) below were used for matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD):

Lab Sample Number	Matrix Spike/ Matrix Spike Duplicate Sample Client ID	Method(s)	
WG1482442-6/7 MS/MSD	L2116134-01	EPA 8260C, EPA 8260C, EPA 8270D SIM, Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID	

The MS/MSD recoveries and the RPD between the MS and MSD results were within the specified limits with the following exceptions:

Sample Type	Method	Parent Sample Number	Analyte	%R/RPD	Qualifier	Affected Samples	
		L2116134- 01	Tetrachloroethene	0%	J	L2116134-01	
MSD EPA	EPA 8260C		o-Chlorotoluene	140%	None	None, sample is ND	
	Alpha MS/MSD 134,LCMSMS- ID		Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	136%	า/กา		
MS/MSD			N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic Acid (NMeFOSAA)	134%	1/UJ	L2116134-01	
			Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	136%	וח/ו		

1.8 BLANK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

<u>Refer to section E 1.5</u>. Method blank samples had no detections, indicating that no contamination from laboratory activities occurred.



1.9 DUPLICATE SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Refer to section E 1.6. No client samples were used for laboratory duplicate analysis in this SDG.

No field duplicates were collected in this data set.

1.10 PFAS SAMPLE PREPARATION

<u>Refer to section E 1.14</u>. The reviewer confirmed solid phase extraction (SPE) was used for sample preparation. No data qualification required.

1.11 PFAS IDENTIFICATION

Refer to section E 1.15. Ion ratios were reviewed and were within the laboratory specified limits.

The laboratory's SOP was reviewed and the reviewer confirmed that, when applicable, the laboratory's procedure is to sum the branched and linear peaks.

1.12 EXTRACTION INTERNAL STANDARDS

<u>Refer to section E 1.16</u>. Recoveries were reviewed and found to be within the limits of 50 to 150 percent of the ICAL midpoint standard/ initial CCV, with the following exceptions:

Sample ID	Lab ID or Batch ID	Standard Name	%Recovery	Qualifier	Affected Samples
MW07-D	MW07-D	M8FOSA	23%	J/UJ FOSA	MW07-D

1.13 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE AND OVERALL ASSESSMENT

The results presented in this report were found to comply with the data quality objectives for the project and the guidelines specified by the analytical method. Based on the review of this report, the data are useable and acceptable as no data was rejected. A summary of qualifiers applied to this SDG are shown below.

Sample ID	Analyte	Reported Result	Validated Result	Reason for Qualifier
L2116134-01	Tetrachloroethene	110	110 J	MSD %R low
	Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	3.95	3.95 J	MS and LCS %R high
	N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic Acid (NMeFOSAA)	ND	ND UJ	MS and LCS %R high
	Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTrDA)	ND	ND UJ	LCS %R high
	Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	ND	ND UJ	MS %R high
	Perfluorooctane Sulfonamide (FOSA)	ND	ND UJ	Extracted internal standard %R low



2. Sample Delivery Group Number L2116506 (Alpha)

2.1 SAMPLE MANAGEMENT

This DUSR summarizes the review of SDG number L2116506, dated 15 April 2021 Samples were collected, preserved, and shipped following standard chain of custody (COC) protocol. Samples were also received appropriately, identified correctly, and analyzed according to the COC. Issues noted with sample management are listed below:

• L2116506-03R: The sample was re-analyzed due to QC failures in the original analysis. The results of the re-analysis are reported.

Analyses were performed on the following samples:

Sample ID	Sample Type	Lab ID	Sample Collection Date	Matrix	Methods
MW06-S	N	L2116506-01	4/1/2021	GW	A, B, C, D
MW06-I	N	L2116506-02	4/1/2021	GW	A, B, C, D
MW06-D	N	L2116506-03	4/1/2021	GW	A, B, C, D
MW07-S	N	L2116506-04	4/1/2021	GW	A, B, C, D
MW07-I	N	L2116506-05	4/1/2021	GW	A, B, C, D
DUP-04012021	FD	L2116506-06	4/1/2021	GW	A, B, C, D
FIELD BLANK	FB	L2116506-07	4/1/2021	WQ	A, B, C, D
TRIP BLANK	ТВ	L2116506-08	4/1/2021	WQ	А

Meth	Method Holding Time			
Α.	Volatile Organic	EPA 8260C	14 days preserved: 7	
A.	Compounds	EPA 8200C	days unreserved	
B.	Polychlorinated	EPA 8082A	7 days extraction; 40	
Б.	Biphenyls	EPA 000ZA	days analysis	
C.	1,4-Dioxane	EPA 8270D SIM	7 days extraction; 40	
C.		EPA 6270D SIW	days analysis	
7	Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl	Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID	14 days extraction; 28	
D.	Substances (PFAS)	Alphia 154,LCiviSiviS-ID	days analysis**	

^{*#} days/# days notation indicates the holding time is # days for extraction and then an additional 3 days for analysis.

2.2 CASE NARRATIVE

The laboratory report case narrative lists various additional quality control issues such as internal standard exceedances and initial calibration verification (ICV) and/or continuing calibration verification (CCV) exceedances. Since these additional quality control issues were not required as per the QAPP these quality control issues were not reviewed.



^{**}Holding time specified by NYSDEC.

2.3 HOLDING TIMES/PRESERVATION

The samples arrived at the laboratory at the proper temperature and were prepared and analyzed within the holding time and preservation criteria specified per method protocol.

Cooler temperature on arrival to the laboratory was: 3.6 degrees Celsius.

2.4 REPORTING LIMITS AND SAMPLE DILUTIONS

All dilutions were reviewed and found to be justified.

In cases when multiple dilutions were reported per sample, the reviewer chose the lowest dilution with results still within the calibration range and rejected the alternative result.

2.5 SURROGATE RECOVERY COMPLIANCE

Refer to section E 1.2. The percent recovery (%R) for each surrogate compound added to each project sample were determined to be within the laboratory specified QC limits.

2.6 LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLES

<u>Refer to section E 1.3</u>. Compounds associated with the laboratory control samples/laboratory control sample duplicates (LCS/LCSD) analyses exhibited recoveries and RPDs within the specified limits.

2.7 MATRIX SPIKE SAMPLES

Refer to section E 1.4. The sample(s) below were used for matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD):

Lab Sample Number	Matrix Spike/ Matrix Spike Duplicate Sample Client ID	Method(s)
WG1482761-3	L2116506-01	Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID

The MS recoveries were within the specified limits.

2.8 BLANK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

<u>Refer to section E 1.5</u>. Method blank samples had no detections, indicating that no contamination from laboratory activities occurred with the following exceptions:

Blank Type	Batch ID	Analyte Detected in Blank	Concentration (µg/L)	Qualifier	Affected Samples
Method Blank	1482160-1	Aroclor 1260	0.064 J	RL U	L2116506-07

The analysis of the blank samples for field quality control was free of target compounds, with the following exceptions:



Blank Type	Date of Blank	Analyte Detected in Blank	Concentration (µg/L)	Qualifier	Affected Samples
Trip Blank	4/1/2021	Tetrachloroethene	0.19 J	RL U	L2116506-01 through 06
		Aroclor 1260	0.071 J	NA	None, samples ND
	4/1/2021	Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	0.218 J	NA	None, samples are >10x blank result
Field Blank		Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS)	0.748 J	J+	L2116506-02 through 06 (None L2116506-01; sample is >10x blank result)

2.9 DUPLICATE SAMPLE ANALYSIS

<u>Refer to section E 1.6</u>. The following sample(s) were used for laboratory duplicate analysis and the RPDs were all below 30 percent (or the absolute difference rule was satisfied if detects were less than 2x the RL)

Lab Sample Number	Laboratory Duplicate Sample Client ID	Method(s)
WG1482761-4	L2116506-02	Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID

The following sample(s) were used for field duplicate analysis. RPDs were all below 35 percent for water (or the absolute difference rule was satisfied if detects were less than 5x the RL).

Primary Sample ID	Duplicate Sample ID	Method(s)
MW06-I	DUP-04012021	EPA 8260C, EPA 8260C, EPA 8270D SIM, Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID

2.10 PFAS SAMPLE PREPARATION

<u>Refer to section E 1.14</u>. The reviewer confirmed solid phase extraction (SPE) was used for sample preparation. No data qualification required.

2.11 PFAS IDENTIFICATION

<u>Refer to section E 1.15</u>. Ion ratios were reviewed and were within the laboratory specified limits with the following exceptions:

Sample ID	Analyte	Qualifier	Affected Samples
	N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	J NEtFOSAA	L2116506-01
L2116506-01	Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (FOSA)	J FOSA	L2116506-01
	Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	J PFUnA	L2116506-01
L2116506-04	N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	J NEtFOSAA	L2116506-04



The laboratory's SOP was reviewed and the reviewer confirmed that, when applicable, the laboratory's procedure is to sum the branched and linear peaks.

2.12 EXTRACTION INTERNAL STANDARDS

Refer to section E 1.16. Recoveries were reviewed and found to be within the limits of 50 to 150 percent of the ICAL midpoint standard/ initial CCV, with the following exceptions:

Sample ID	Lab ID or Batch ID	Standard Name	%Recovery	Qualifier	Affected Samples	
		M2-6:2FTS	211%	J/UJ 6:2 FTS		
MW06-S	L2116506-01	M2-8:2 FTS	188%	J/UJ 8:2 FTS	L2116506-01	
		M8FOSA	14%	J/UJ FOSA		
		M2-6:2FTS	168%	J/UJ 6:2 FTS		
MW06-1	L2116506-02	M2-8:2 FTS	167%	J/UJ 8:2 FTS	L2116506-02	
		D3-NMeFOSAA	48%	J/UJ NMeFOSAA		
MW06-D	L2116506-03R	M2-6:2FTS	166%	J/UJ 6:2 FTS	L2116506-03R	
ט-1010000	L2110500-03K	M2-8:2 FTS	180%	J/UJ 8:2 FTS	L2116506-03R	
		M2-6:2FTS	217%	J/UJ 6:2 FTS		
MW07-S	L2116506-04	M2-8:2 FTS	221%	J/UJ 8:2 FTS	L2116506-04	
		D3-NMeFOSAA	44%	J/UJ NMeFOSAA		
		M2-6:2FTS	184%	J/UJ 6:2 FTS		
MW07-I	L2116506-05	M2-8:2 FTS	192%	J/UJ 8:2 FTS	L2116506-05	
		M8FOSA	10%	J/UJ FOSA		
		M2-6:2FTS	204%	J/UJ 6:2 FTS		
DUP- 04012021	L2116506-06	M2-8:2 FTS	208%	J/UJ 8:2 FTS	L2116506-06	
		M8FOSA	21%	J/UJ FOSA		

2.13 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE AND OVERALL ASSESSMENT

The results presented in this report were found to comply with the data quality objectives for the project and the guidelines specified by the analytical method. Based on the review of this report, the data are useable and acceptable. A summary of qualifiers applied to this SDG are shown below.

Sample ID	Analyte	Reported Result	Validated Result	Reason for Qualifier
MW06-S		18	1.2 U	
MW06-I	- Tetrachloroethene	210	0.5 U	
MW06-D		150	0.5 U	
MW07-S		7.5	0.5 U	Field Blank Detection
MW07-I		5.2	0.5 U	
DUP-04012021		240	0.5 U	
MW06-1		16.8	16.8 J+	



Sample ID	Analyte	Reported Result	Validated Result	Reason for Qualifier
MW06-D		14.9	14.9 J+	
MW07-S	Perfluorooctane	8.48	8.48 J+	
MW07-I	sulfonate (PFOS)	14.9	14.9 J+	
DUP-04012021		17.3	17.3 J+	
FIELD BLANK	Aroclor 1260	0.16 J	0.071 U	Method Blank detection
	N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	13.6 F	13.6 J	
MW06-S	Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (FOSA)	17.6 F	17.6 J	Ion ratio not within
	Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	0.232 JF	0.232 J	specified limits
MW07-S	N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	1.78 JF	1.78 J	
	6:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	
MW06-S	8:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	
	FOSA	17.6 F	17.6 J	
	6:2 FTS	1.37 J	1.37 J	
MW06-1	8:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	
	NMeFOSAA	ND U	ND UJ	
MW06-D	6:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	
ט-פטייייו	8:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	Extracted internal
	6:2 FTS	2.45	2.45 J	standard recovery not
MW07-S	8:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	within specified limits
	NMeFOSAA	ND U	ND UJ	
	6:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	
MW07-I	8:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	
	FOSA	ND U	ND UJ	
	6:2 FTS	1.53 J	1.53 J	
DUP-04012021	8:2 FTS	ND U	ND UJ	
	FOSA	ND U	ND UJ	

3. Precision and Accuracy

Refer to section E 1.7. Some measurement of analytical accuracy and precision was reported for each method with the site samples.



Explanations

The following explanations include more detailed information regarding each of the sections in the DUSR above. Not all sections in the Explanations are represented:

E 1.2 Surrogate Recovery Compliance

 Surrogates, also known as system monitoring compounds, are compounds added to each sample prior to sample preparation to determining the efficiency of the extraction procedure by evaluating the percent recovery (%R) of the compounds.

E 1.3 Laboratory Control Samples

 The laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) analyses are used to assess the precision and accuracy of the analytical method independent of matrix interferences.

E 1.4 Matrix Spike Samples

- Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) data are used to assess the precision and accuracy of the analytical method and evaluate the effects of the sample matrix on the sample preparation procedures and measurement methodologies.
- For inorganic methods, when a matrix spike recovery falls outside of the control limits and the sample result is less than four times the spike added, a post digestion spike (PDS) is performed.

• E 1.5 Blank Sample Analysis

- Method blanks are prepared by the analytical laboratory and analyzed concurrently with the project samples to assess possible laboratory contamination.
- Field blanks are prepared to identify contamination that may have been introduced during field activity. Equipment blanks are prepared to identify contamination that may have been introduced while decontaminating sampling equipment. Trip blanks are prepared when volatile analysis is requested to identify contamination that may have been introduced during transport.

E 1.6 Laboratory and Field Duplicate Sample Analysis

- The laboratory duplicate sample analysis is used by the laboratory at the time of the analysis to demonstrate acceptable method precision. The RPD or absolute difference was evaluated for each duplicate sample pair to monitor the reproducibility of the data.
- The field duplicate sample analysis is used to assess the precision of the field sampling procedures and analytical method. The RPD or absolute difference was evaluated for each duplicate sample pair to monitor the reproducibility of the data.

E 1.7 Precision and Accuracy

- Precision measures the reproducibility of repetitive measurements. In a laboratory environment, this will be measured by determining the relative percent difference (%RPD) found between a primary and a duplicate sample. This can be an LCS/LCSD pair, a MS/MSD pair, a laboratory duplicate performed on a site sample, or a field duplicate collected and analyzed concurrently with a site sample.
- Accuracy is a statistical measurement of the correctness of a measured value and includes components of random error (variability caused by imprecision) and systematic error. In a laboratory environment, this will be measured by determining the percent recovery (%Rec) of certain spiked compounds. This can be assessed using LCS, BS, MS, and/or surrogate recoveries.



• E 1.14 PFAS Sample Preparation

Analysis of PFAS requires specific sample preparation. Aqueous samples must be prepared using Solid Phase Extraction (SPE), unless samples are known to contain high PFAS concentrations or the samples are injected directly into the LC/MS/MS instrument. Samples with > 1% solids may require centrifugation prior to SPE. The entire sample plus bottle rinsate must be extracted using SPE. If high PFAS concentrations are known, the samples may alternately be prepared using serial dilution performed in duplicate. If prepared by serial dilution, there must be documented project approval for this deviation.

E 1.15 PFAS Identification

- Identification of PFAS requires dual confirmation. The chemical derivation of the ion transitions must be documented. A minimum of two ion transitions per analyte are required (except for PFBA and PFPeA). Ratios of the quantitation ion to the confirmation ion should be calculated for samples and be within 50-150% of the ratios of the quantitation ion to the confirmation ion for standards.
- Identification of PFAS requires the proper assessment of branched and linear peaks.
 Standards for both isomers are not currently available for every PFAS compound, resulting in the common error of quantifying the area of only the branched or the linear isomers, which results in erroneous concentrations.

E 1.16 Extraction Internal Standards

 Analysis of PFAS by isotope dilution includes the use of internal standards, which are stable isotope analogs of the PFAS compounds of interest added to each sample prior to extraction of the sample matrix. Matrix interferences that affect the quantification of the internal standard will affect the calculated target compound concentrations.



Glossary

Not all of the following symbols, acronyms, or qualifiers occur in this document.

Sample Types:

EB Equipment Blank Sample
FB Field Blank Sample
FD Field Duplicate Sample
N Primary Sample
TB Trip Blank Sample

Units:

μg/kg microgram per kilogramμg/L microgram per liter

μg/m3 microgram per cubic meter
 mg/kg milligram per kilogram
 mg/L milligram per liter

ppb v/v parts per billion volume/volume

pCi/L picocuries per liter

Matrices:

AA Ambient Air
GS Soil Gas
GW/WG Groundwater
QW Water Quality
IA Indoor Air
SE Sediment

– SO Soil

WQ Water Quality control matrix

Table Footnotes

NA Not applicableND Non-detectNR Not reported

Abbreviations

%D Percent Difference %R Percent Recovery

– %RSD Percent Relative Standard Deviation

Abs Diff
 Absolute Difference

VOC
 Volatile Organic Compounds
 SVOC
 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds
 BPJ
 Best Professional Judgement
 CCB
 Continuing Calibration Blank
 CCV
 Continuing Calibration Verification
 CCVL
 Continuing Calibration Verification Low

COC Chain of Custody

CRI Collision Reaction InterfaceDUSR Data Usability Summary Report

EMPC Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

GC Gas Chromatograph



GPC Gel Permeation Chromatography

ICAL Initial Calibration

ICB Initial Calibration Blank

ICP/MS
 Inductively Coupled Plasma/ Mass Spectrometry

ICV Initial Calibration VerificationICVL Initial Calibration Verification Low

IPA Isopropyl Alcohol

LCS/LCSD Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

MDL Laboratory Method Detection Limit
 MS/MSD Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate

ND Non-Detect

NFG National Functional Guidelines

GC/MS Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry

BS Blank Spike

TIC
 Tentatively Identified Compound

PCB Polychlorinated BiphenylPDS Post Digestion Spike

PEM
 Performance Evaluation Mixture
 PFAS
 Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances
 QAPP
 Quality Assurance Project Plan

QC Quality Control

RL Laboratory Reporting Limit
 RPD Relative Percent Difference
 TPU Total Propagated Uncertainty

RT Retention Time

RRF Relative Response FactorsSDG Sample Delivery Group

SOP Laboratory Standard Operating Procedures

SPE Solid Phase Extraction

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



Qualifiers

The qualifiers below are from the USEPA National Functional Guidelines and the data in the DUSR may contain these qualifiers:

Concentration (C) Qualifiers:

- U The compound was analyzed for but not detected. The associated value is either
 the compound quantitation limit if not detected by the analytical instrument or
 could be the reported or blank concentration if qualified by blank
 contamination. This can also be displayed as less than the associated compound
 quantitation limit (<RL or <MDL), or "ND".
- B The compound was found in the sample and its associated blank. Its presence in the sample may be suspect.

Quantitation (Q) Qualifiers:

- E The compound was quantitated above the calibration range.
- D The concentration is based on a diluted sample analysis.

• Validation Qualifiers:

- J The compound was positively identified; however, the associated numerical value is an estimated concentration only.
- J+ The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high.
- J- The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased low.
- UJ The compound was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit; however, the reported limit is estimated and may or may not represent the actual limit of quantitation.
- NJ The analysis indicated the presence of a compound for which there is presumptive evidence to make a tentative identification; the associated numerical value is an estimated concentration only.
- R The sample results were rejected as unusable; the compound may or may not be present in the sample.
- S Result is suspect. See DUSR for details.



References

- 1. United States Environmental Protection Agency, 2017a. National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Methods Data Review. EPA-540-R-2017-001. January.
- 2. United States Environmental Protection Agency, 2017b. National Functional Guidelines for Organic Superfund Methods Data Review. EPA-540-R-2017-002. January.
- 3. Haley & Aldrich, Inc, 2020. Quality Assurance Project Plan, 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. March.
- 4. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). Sampling, Analysis, and Assessment of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances Under NYSDEC's Part 375 Remedial Programs, 2021. January.







Data Usability Summary Report

Project Name: 8 Walworth Street Project Description: Soil Samples

Sample Date(s): 30 and 31 March 2021

Analytical Laboratory: Alpha Analytical, LLC – Westborough, MA

Validation Performed by: Santa McKenna and Sarah Mass

Validation Reviewed by: Katherine Miller

Validation Date: 2 June 2021

Haley & Aldrich, Inc. prepared this Data Usability Summary Report (DUSR) to summarize the review and validation of the samples described above. The analytical results for Sample Delivery Group(s) (SDG) listed below were reviewed to determine the data's usability:

- 1. Sample Delivery Group Number L2115845 (Alpha)
- 3. Precision and Accuracy

This data validation and usability assessment was performed per the guidance and requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) *National Functional Guidelines* (NFG) for Inorganic Data Review and National Functional Guidelines (NFG) for Organic Data Review and Sampling, Analysis, and Assessment of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Under New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC)'s Part 375 Remedial Programs and the project-specific Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP), herein referred to as the specified limits (see references section). Written in 2020, the QAPP referenced the NFG written at the time. Data in this report has been reviewed against the most recent NFG.

Data reported in this sampling event were reported to the laboratory method detection limit (MDL). Results found between the MDL and RL are flagged "J" as estimated.

Sample data were qualified in accordance with laboratory's standard operating procedures (SOP). The results presented in each laboratory report were found to be compliant with the data quality objectives for the project and therefore usable; any exceptions are noted in the following pages.

For more detailed quality control (QC) information see Explanations section.



1. Sample Delivery Group Number L2115845 (Alpha)

1.1 SAMPLE MANAGEMENT

This DUSR summarizes the review of SDG number L2115845, dated 6 April 2021. Samples were collected, preserved, and shipped following standard chain of custody (COC) protocol. Samples were also received appropriately, identified correctly, and analyzed according to the COC. Issues noted with sample management are listed below:

• L2115845-01: The sample was received in an inappropriate container for the PFAS analysis. The analysis was cancelled at the client's request.

Analyses were performed on the following samples:

Sample ID	Sample Type	Lab ID	Sample Collection Date	Matrix	Methods
B07 (13-15')	N	L2115845-01	3/31/2021	SO	A, B, C, D, E

Meth	Method Holding Time				
A.	Volatile Organic Compounds	EPA 8260C	14 days		
В.	Polychlorinated Biphenyls	EPA 8082A	14 days		
C.	Total Analyte Metals	EPA 6010D	180 days		
D.	Hexavalent Chromium	EPA 7196A	180 days		
E.	1,4-Dioxane	EPA 8270D SIM	14 days		

1.2 CASE NARRATIVE

The laboratory report case narrative lists various additional quality control issues such as internal standard exceedances and initial calibration verification (ICV) and/or continuing calibration verification (CCV) exceedances. Since these additional quality control issues were not required as per the QAPP.

1.3 HOLDING TIMES/PRESERVATION

The samples arrived at the laboratory at the proper temperature and were prepared and analyzed within the holding time and preservation criteria specified per method protocol.

Cooler temperature on arrival to the laboratory was: 5.4 degrees Celsius.

1.4 REPORTING LIMITS AND SAMPLE DILUTIONS

All dilutions were reviewed and found to be justified. Dilutions were required to bring calibration of target analytes within calibration range, matrix interference, or foaming at the time of purging.

1.5 REPORTING BASIS (WET/DRY)

Refer to section E 1.1. Per the QAPP requirements, data in this SDG were reported on a wet/dry weight basis.



Percent solid results were reviewed and found to be within limits.

1.6 SURROGATE RECOVERY COMPLIANCE

Refer to section E 1.2. The percent recovery (%R) for each surrogate compound added to each project sample were determined to be within the laboratory specified QC limits.

1.7 LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLES

<u>Refer to section E 1.3</u>. Compounds associated with the laboratory control samples/laboratory control sample duplicates (LCS/LCSD) analyses exhibited recoveries and RPDs within the specified limits.

1.8 MATRIX SPIKE SAMPLES

<u>Refer to section E 1.4</u>. No client samples were used for matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) analysis in this SDG.

1.9 BLANK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

<u>Refer to section E 1.5</u>. Method blank samples had no detections, indicating that no contamination from laboratory activities occurred with the following exceptions:

Blank Type	Batch ID	Analyte Detected in	Concentration (mg/kg)	Qualifier	Affected Samples
	WG1481841-5	Bromomethane	1.7 J	NA	None comple is ND
Method Blank	WG1480840-1	Antimony	0.240 J	IVA	None, sample is ND
	WC1400040 4	Iron	0.436 J	DLU	12445045.04
	WG1480840-1	Sodium	7.69 J	RL U	L2115845-01

1.10 DUPLICATE SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Refer to section E 1.6. No client samples were used for laboratory duplicate analysis in this SDG.

No field duplicates were collected in this data set.

1.11 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE AND OVERALL ASSESSMENT

The results presented in this report were found to comply with the data quality objectives for the project and the guidelines specified by the analytical method. Based on the review of this report, the data are useable and acceptable. A summary of qualifiers applied to this SDG are shown below.

Sample ID	Analyte	Reported Result	Validated Result	Reason for Qualifier
L2115845-01	Iron	17600	4.29 U	Method Blank Detection
L2115845-01	Sodium	118 J	172 U	Method Blank Detection



2. Sample Delivery Group Number L2116132 (Alpha)

2.1 SAMPLE MANAGEMENT

This DUSR summarizes the review of SDG number 2116132, dated 14 4 2021. Samples were collected, preserved, and shipped following standard chain of custody (COC) protocol. Samples were also received appropriately, identified correctly, and analyzed according to the COC.

Analyses were performed on the following samples:

Sample ID	Sample Type	Lab ID	Sample Collection Date	Matrix	Methods
B06 (13- 15')	N	L2116132-01	3/31/2021	SO	A, B, C, D, E, F
DUP- 033121	FD	L2116132-02	3/31/2021	SO	A, B, C, D, E, F
B07 (13- 15')	N	L2116132-03	3/31/2021	SO	F

Method Holding Time					
Α.	Volatile Organic Compounds	EPA 8260C	14 days		
В.	Polychlorinated Biphenyls	EPA 8082A	14 days		
N C.	Total Analyte Metals	EPA 6010D	180 days		
D.	Hexavalent Chromium	EPA 7196A	180 days		
E.	1,4-Dioxane	EPA 8270D SIM	14 days		
	Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl		14 days		
F.	Substances (PFAS)	Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID	extraction; 40		
			days analysis**		

^{*#} days/# days notation indicates the holding time is # days for extraction and then an additional 3 days for analysis.

2.2 CASE NARRATIVE

The laboratory report case narrative lists various additional quality control issues such as internal standard exceedances and initial calibration verification (ICV) and/or continuing calibration verification (CCV) exceedances. Since these additional quality control issues were not required as per the QAPP

2.3 HOLDING TIMES/PRESERVATION

The samples arrived at the laboratory at the proper temperature and were prepared and analyzed within the holding time and preservation criteria specified per method protocol.

Cooler temperature on arrival to the laboratory was: 4.5 degrees Celsius.



^{**}Holding time specified by NYSDEC.

2.4 REPORTING LIMITS AND SAMPLE DILUTIONS

All dilutions were reviewed and found to be justified. Dilutions were required to bring calibration of target analytes within calibration range, matrix interference, or foaming at the time of purging.

2.5 REPORTING BASIS (WET/DRY)

Refer to section E 1.1. Per the QAPP requirements, data in this SDG were reported on a dry weight basis.

Percent solid results were reviewed and found to be within limits.

2.6 SURROGATE RECOVERY COMPLIANCE

Refer to section E 1.2. The percent recovery (%R) for each surrogate compound added to each project sample were determined to be within the laboratory specified QC limits.

2.7 LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLES

<u>Refer to section E 1.3</u>. Compounds associated with the laboratory control samples/laboratory control sample duplicates (LCS/LCSD) analyses exhibited recoveries and RPDs within the specified limits with the following exceptions:

Sample Type	Method	Batch ID	Analyte	%Recovery	Qualifier	Affected Samples
LCS/LCSD	8260C	WG1482398-3/4	Bromomethane	169%/154%	NA	None samples are ND

2.8 MATRIX SPIKE SAMPLES

Refer to section E 1.4. The sample(s) below were used for matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD):

Lab Sample Number	Matrix Spike/ Matrix Spike Duplicate Sample Client ID	Method(s)
L2116132-02	DUP-033121	EPA 7196A

The MS/MSD recoveries and the RPD between the MS and MSD results were within the specified limits.

2.9 BLANK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

<u>Refer to section E 1.5</u>. Method blank samples had no detections, indicating that no contamination from laboratory activities occurred.

2.10 DUPLICATE SAMPLE ANALYSIS

<u>Refer to section E 1.6</u>. No client samples were used for laboratory duplicate analysis in this SDG.

The following sample(s) were used for field duplicate analysis. For PFAS, RPDs were all below 30% (or the absolute difference rule was satisfied if detects were less than 2x the RL). For other methods, RPDs



were all below 50 percent for soil (or the absolute difference rule was satisfied if detects were less than 5x the RL).

Primary Sample ID	Duplicate Sample ID	Method(s)
L2116132-01	L2116132-02	Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID, EPA 8260C, EPA 8082A, EPA 6010D, EPA 7196A, EPA 8270D SIM

Field Duplicate RPD Calculations:

Method(s): Alpha 134,LCMSMS-ID						
Analyte	Primary Sample ID	Duplicate Sample ID	% RPD	Qualification		
(ng/g)	L2116132-01	32-01 L2116132-02		Quannication		
Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS)	1.21	0.478	NA	J/UJ, Abs Diff > RL		
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	0.043	0.25 U	NA	None, Abs. Diff. < RL		

2.11 CONFIRMATION COLUMN REVIEW

<u>Refer to section E 1.8</u>. All samples were non-detect (ND) for tributyl phosphate; therefore, a confirmation curve was not performed.

2.12 PESTICIDE/POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS CLEANUP PROCEDURE CHECKS

Refer to section E 1.10. Recoveries were reviewed and found to be within limits.

2.13 PFAS SAMPLE PREPARATION

<u>Refer to section E 1.14</u>. The reviewer confirmed solid phase extraction (SPE) was used for sample preparation. No data qualification required.

Solid samples must be homogenized thoroughly prior to subsampling. The reviewer confirmed all solid samples were homogenized by the laboratory.

2.14 PFAS IDENTIFICATION

Refer to section E 1.15. Ion ratios were reviewed and were within the limits of 50 to 150 percent and the signal to noise ratios were \geq 3 for all ions used for quantitation, with the following exceptions:

Sample ID	Analyte	Qualifier	Reason	Affected Samples
L2116132- 01	L-perfluorooctanoic acid (L-PFOA)	J PFOA	Ion ratio	L2116132-01

Peaks were reviewed and the reviewer confirmed that, when applicable, the laboratory summed the branched and linear peaks.



2.15 EXTRACTION INTERNAL STANDARDS

Refer to section E 1.16. Recoveries were reviewed and found to be within the limits of 50 to 150 percent of the ICAL midpoint standard/ initial CCV, with the following exceptions:

Sample ID	Lab ID or Batch ID	Standard Name	%Recovery	Qualifier	Affected Samples
B06 (13-	L2116132-01	D2-NMeFOSAA	12%	J/UJ NMeFOSAA	L2116132-01
15')	L2110132-01	D5-NEtFOSAA	25%	J/UJ NEtFOSAA	L2110132-01
DUP-	12116122 02	D2-NMeFOSAA	16%	J/UJ NMeFOSAA	L2116132-02
033121	L2116132-02	D5-NEtFOSAA	22%	J/UJ NEtFOSAA	L2116132-02
B07 (13-	12116122 02	D2-NMeFOSAA	48%	J/UJ NMeFOSAA	L2116132-03
15')	L2116132-03	D5-NEtFOSAA	48%	J/UJ NEtFOSAA	L2116132-03

2.16 GAS CHROMATOGRAPH/MASS SPECTROMETER INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECKS

Refer to section E 1.17. Ion abundance criteria were within the specified limits.

2.17 CALIBRATION BLANKS

Refer to section E 1.18. Calibration blanks had no detections.

2.18 INTERFERENCE CHECK SAMPLES AND INDUCTIVELY COUPLED PLASMA/MASS SPECTROMETRY TUNE

Refer to section E 1.19. Percent recoveries were within the specified limits.

The tune check was reviewed, and the resolution of the mass calibration was within 0.1 unified atomic mass unit (u) and the Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) less than 5 percent.

The CRI, when used, verifies the reporting limit for each analyte with control limits of 70 to 130 percent, or 50 to 150 percent. The CRI and/or the RL standard checks were within limits.

2.19 INITIAL CALIBRATION

<u>Refer to section E 1.20.</u> Proper concentrations for standards were used for the instruments and Relative Response Factors (RRF) and Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) were within the specified limits.

The initial calibration curves were reviewed for all reported parameters and were found to be within limits.

2.20 INITIAL AND CONTINUING CALIBRATION VERIFICATION

<u>Refer to section E 1.21</u>. RRFs and the Percent Difference (%D) were reported and were within the specified limits with the following exceptions:



Туре	Instrument	Date	Time	Analyte	%D/RRF	Action
ICV	VOA111	4/2/2021	09:10	Chloroethane	-36.6%	Qualify data UJ

Percent Recovery (%R) were reviewed and were found to be within limits.

2.21 INTERNAL STANDARDS

<u>Refer to section E 1.22</u>. Area response and retention time [organics] or percent relative intensity were reviewed and found to be within the specified limits.

2.22 TARGET ANALYTE IDENTIFICATION

A review of the sample chromatographs and retention times for all organic compounds indicated no problems with target compound identification.

2.23 SAMPLE RESULT VERIFICATION

A portion of the sample result(s) were tracked through the relevant sample preparation steps, raw data outputs, transcriptions, conversions and/or calculations and have been confirmed to be accurate and representative of the site.

2.24 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE AND OVERALL ASSESSMENT

The results presented in this report were found to comply with the data quality objectives for the project and the guidelines specified by the analytical method. Based on the review of this report, the data are useable and acceptable as no data was rejected. A summary of qualifiers applied to this SDG are shown below.

Sample ID	Analyte	Reported Validated Result Result		Reason for Qualifier			
L2116132-01	Chloroethane	3.6 U	3.6 UJ	Calibration verification			
L2116132-02	Ciliordethane	3.5 U	3.5 UJ	outside Limits			
L2116132-01	Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS)	1.21	1.21 J	Field Duplicate calculations			
	Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	0.043 J	0.043 J	Ion ratio outside of acceptance limits			
L2116132-01	N-	ND U	ND UJ				
L2116132-02	methylperfluorooctane	ND U	ND UJ	Extracted internal			
L2116132-03	sulfonamido acetic acid (NMeFOSAA)	ND U	ND UJ	standards, ICAL, and ICV outside of acceptance limits			
L2116132-01	N-	ND U	ND UJ	Extracted internal standards			
L2116132-02	ethylperfluorooctane	ND U	ND UJ	and ICV outside of			
L2116132-03	sulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	ND U	ND UJ	acceptance limits			



3. Precision and Accuracy

Refer to section E 1.7. Some measurement of analytical accuracy and precision was reported for each method with the site samples.



Explanations

The following explanations include more detailed information regarding each of the sections in the DUSR above. Not all sections in the Explanations are represented:

E 1.1 Reporting Basis (Wet/Dry)

- Soil samples can be reported on either a wet (as received) or dry weight basis. Dry
 weight data indicate calculations were made to compensate for the moisture content of
 the soil sample.
- Percent (%) solids should be appropriately considered when evaluating analytical results for non-aqueous samples. Sediments with high moisture content may or may not be successfully analyzed by routine analytical methods. Samples should have ≥ 30% solids to be appropriately quantified.

E 1.2 Surrogate Recovery Compliance

 Surrogates, also known as system monitoring compounds, are compounds added to each sample prior to sample preparation to determining the efficiency of the extraction procedure by evaluating the percent recovery (%R) of the compounds.

E 1.3 Laboratory Control Samples

 The laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) analyses are used to assess the precision and accuracy of the analytical method independent of matrix interferences.

E 1.4 Matrix Spike Samples

- Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) data are used to assess the precision and accuracy of the analytical method and evaluate the effects of the sample matrix on the sample preparation procedures and measurement methodologies.
- For inorganic methods, when a matrix spike recovery falls outside of the control limits and the sample result is less than four times the spike added, a post digestion spike (PDS) is performed.

E 1.5 Blank Sample Analysis

- Method blanks are prepared by the analytical laboratory and analyzed concurrently with the project samples to assess possible laboratory contamination.
- Analysis of PFAS compliant with QSM 5.3 Table B-15 requires instrument blanks that are prepared by the analytical laboratory and analyzed concurrently with the project samples to assess contamination that could occur in the LC/MS/MS instrument.

• E 1.6 Laboratory and Field Duplicate Sample Analysis

- The laboratory duplicate sample analysis is used by the laboratory at the time of the analysis to demonstrate acceptable method precision. The RPD or absolute difference was evaluated for each duplicate sample pair to monitor the reproducibility of the data.
- The field duplicate sample analysis is used to assess the precision of the field sampling procedures and analytical method. The RPD or absolute difference was evaluated for each duplicate sample pair to monitor the reproducibility of the data.

E 1.7 Precision and Accuracy

 Precision measures the reproducibility of repetitive measurements. In a laboratory environment, this will be measured by determining the relative percent difference (%RPD) found between a primary and a duplicate sample. This can be an LCS/LCSD pair,



- a MS/MSD pair, a laboratory duplicate performed on a site sample, or a field duplicate collected and analyzed concurrently with a site sample.
- Accuracy is a statistical measurement of the correctness of a measured value and includes components of random error (variability caused by imprecision) and systematic error. In a laboratory environment, this will be measured by determining the percent recovery (%Rec) of certain spiked compounds. This can be assessed using LCS, BS, MS, and/or surrogate recoveries.

• E 1.8 Confirmation Column Review

- When analyzing for pesticides and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB), compound identification based on single-column analysis should be confirmed on a second column or supported by at least one other qualitative technique. When confirmed on a second column, the relative percent difference (RPD) should not exceed 40%.
- E 1.10 Pesticide/Polychlorinated Biphenyls Cleanup Procedure Checks
 - Analyzing for pesticides or PCBs often requires cleanup procedures be performed on the samples. Florisil cartridges use polarity to isolate pesticides and PCBs from the sample matrix. The performance of each lot of cartridges must be evaluated every 6 months. The performance check solution must contain 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol and the mid-point concentration of INDA or INDC. The %R for the target analytes and surrogates must be between 80 and 120% and <5% for 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol.</p>
 - Gel Permeation Chromatography (GPC) cleanup is used for the cleanup of non-aqueous sample extracts and for aqueous sample extracts that contain high molecular weight components that interfere with the analysis of the target analytes. The retention time (RT) shift for bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate and perylene must be < 5% and the %R for each target analytes in the GPC calibration verification must be within 80 to 120%.</p>
 - Pesticide/Aroclor sulfur cleanup procedures remove elemental sulfur from sample extracts prior to analysis. If not removed, sulfur may cause a rise in the chromatographic baseline, preventing accurate analyte identification and quantitation.
- E 1.11 Pesticide Gas Chromatograph performance Check
 - Analyzing for pesticides on a Gas Chromatograph (GC)/Electron Capture Detector instrument requires performance checks to ensure adequate resolution and instrument sensitivity. Two performance checks are required: the resolution check mixture and the performance evaluation mixture.
 - The resolution check mixture (RESC) is analyzed at the beginning of every initial calibration sequence on each GC column. If Individual Standard Mixture C (INDC) is used, the resolution between two adjacent peaks must be ≥80.0% for all analytes on the primary column and ≥ 50.0% for the confirmation column. If Individual Standard Mixture A and B (INDA/INDB) are used, the resolution must be ≥ 60.0%.
 - The performance evaluation mixture (PEM) is analyzed at the beginning and at the end of the ICAL sequence. The resolution between any two adjacent peaks must be:
 - ≥ 90% on each GC column when using INDA/INDB
 - \geq 80% for the primary and \geq 50% for the secondary column when using INDC



The percent breakdown is the amount of decomposition that 4,4-DDT and Endrin undergo when analyzed on the GC column and cannot exceed 20% individually or 30% combined.

E 1.14 PFAS Sample Preparation

Analysis of PFAS requires specific sample preparation. Aqueous samples must be prepared using Solid Phase Extraction (SPE), unless samples are known to contain high PFAS concentrations or the samples are injected directly into the LC/MS/MS instrument. Samples with > 1% solids may require centrifugation prior to SPE. The entire sample plus bottle rinsate must be extracted using SPE. If high PFAS concentrations are known, the samples may alternately be prepared using serial dilution performed in duplicate. If prepared by serial dilution, there must be documented project approval for this deviation.

E 1.15 PFAS Identification

- Identification of PFAS requires dual confirmation. The chemical derivation of the ion transitions must be documented. A minimum of two ion transitions per analyte are required (except for PFBA and PFPeA). Ratios of the quantitation ion to the confirmation ion should be calculated for samples and be within 50-150% of the ratios of the quantitation ion to the confirmation ion for standards.
- Identification of PFAS also requires the proper assessment of branched and linear peaks.
 Standards for both isomers are not currently available for every PFAS compound,
 resulting in the common error of quantifying the area of only the branched or the linear isomers, which results in erroneous concentrations.

E 1.16 Extraction Internal Standards

 Analysis of PFAS by isotope dilution includes the use of internal standards, which are stable isotope analogs of the PFAS compounds of interest added to each sample prior to extraction of the sample matrix. Matrix interferences that affect the quantification of the internal standard will affect the calculated target compound concentrations.

• E 1.17 Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer Instrument Performance Checks

 When analyzing organic compounds, the instrument performance check solution known as Bromofluorobenzene for volatiles or Decafluorotriphenylphosphine for semi-volatiles is run every 12 hours to ensure adequate mass resolution, identification, and sensitivity, and to document this level of performance prior to analyzing any sequence of standards or samples.

E 1.18 Calibration Blanks

- Calibration blanks help determine the validity of the analytical results by determining
 the presence and magnitude of contamination resulting from laboratory activities or
 baseline drift during analysis. Initial Calibration Blanks are analyzed after the standards
 and prior to the Initial Calibration Verification (ICV) sample. Continuing Calibration
 Blanks (CCB) are analyzed immediately after every Continuing Calibration Verification
 (CCV) sample.
- E 1.19 Interference Check Samples and Inductively Coupled Plasma/Mass Spectrometry Tune
 - Inorganic analysis requires an interference check sample be run to determine the
 validity of the analytical results based on the instrument's ability to overcome
 interferences typical of those found in samples. Percent recoveries of the interferents or
 analytes must be between 80 and 120%.



- Inorganic analysis performed by a mass spectrometer also requires an Inductively Coupled Plasma/Mass Spectrometry (ICP/MS) tune check that serves as an initial demonstration of instrument stability and precision.
- The Contract Laboratory Program no longer requires the Contract Required Quantitation Limit Check Standard (CRI) for inorganic analysis, which is run after calibrations, though some laboratories still provide the CRI as well as the required RL standard check.

E 1.20 Initial Calibration

- Organic methods require an initial calibration to ensure the instrument is capable of producing acceptable qualitative and quantitative data. Standards of varying concentrations are run to create a calibration curve, which is then used to ensure the validity of compound quantitation.
- Inorganic methods require an Initial Calibration to ensure the instrument is capable of producing acceptable qualitative and quantitative data. Instruments should be calibrated each time the instrument is set up and after CCV failure. A blank and at least five standards of varying concentrations should be run to create a calibration curve. At least one of these must be at or below the RL but above the method detection limit (MDL).
- The curve must have a correlation coefficient of ≥0.995 and the calculated percent differences (%D) for all non-zero standards must be within ±30% of the true value.
- For PFAS analysis in compliance with NYSDEC Part 375, the initial calibration should contain a minimum of five standards for linear fit and six standards for quadratic fit. The relative standard deviation (RSD) for a quadratic fit calibration should be less than 20% and the R2 value should be greater than 0.990 for a linear fit calibration. The low-level calibration standards should be within 50-150% of the true value and the mid-level calibration standards should be within 70-130% of the true value.

• E 1.21 Initial and Continuing Calibration Verification

- Organic methods require an additional ICV and CCV to ensure that the instrument continues to meet the sensitivity and linearity criteria to produce acceptable qualitative and quantitative data throughout each analytical sequence. CCVs must be run at the beginning and end of every 12-hour period of operation.
- Inorganic methods require an ICV and CCV to ensure that the instrument continues to meet the sensitivity and linearity criteria to produce acceptable qualitative and quantitative data throughout each analytical sequence. Initial calibrations must be run each time the instrument is set up and after each CCV failure. ICVs are analyzed immediately after initial calibration to verify ICAL accuracy, and CCVs are analyzed every two hours during an analytical sequence. %R is reported and must be within the specified limits (90 to 110%).

E 1.22 Internal Standards

- Internal standards are compounds added to each sample by the laboratory prior to volatile [OR] metals sample analysis to ensure that instrument sensitivity and response are stable during each analysis.
- Internal standards are compounds added to each sample by the laboratory prior to metals sample analysis to ensure that instrument sensitivity and response are stable during each analysis. Yttrium (89) is the only internal standard used for the atomic emission spectrometry metals analysis performed by method USEPA 200.7 [OR] USEPA 6010. The lab uses a single internal standard to make sure they are getting good intake of the sample into the instrument. Corrections are not made to any of the elements' responses based on this standard.



• E 1.23 Serial Dilutions

– Inorganic analysis requires a serial dilution analysis, which determines whether significant physical or chemical interferences exists because of the sample matrix. If the original sample concentration is greater than 50x the MDL, the %D must be ≤ 10%.



Glossary

Not all of the following symbols, acronyms, or qualifiers occur in this document.

Sample Types:

EB Equipment Blank Sample
FB Field Blank Sample
FD Field Duplicate Sample
N Primary Sample
TB Trip Blank Sample

Units:

μg/kg microgram per kilogramμg/L microgram per liter

μg/m3 microgram per cubic meter
 mg/kg milligram per kilogram
 mg/L milligram per liter

ppb v/v parts per billion volume/volume

pCi/L picocuries per liter

Matrices:

AA Ambient Air
GS Soil Gas
GW/WG Groundwater
QW Water Quality
IA Indoor Air
SE Sediment

SOSoil

WQ Water Quality control matrix

Table Footnotes

NA Not applicableND Non-detectNR Not reported

Abbreviations

%D Percent Difference %R Percent Recovery

– %RSD Percent Relative Standard Deviation

Abs Diff
 Absolute Difference

VOC
 Volatile Organic Compounds
 SVOC
 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds
 BPJ
 Best Professional Judgement
 CCB
 Continuing Calibration Blank
 CCV
 Continuing Calibration Verification
 CCVL
 Continuing Calibration Verification Low

COC Chain of Custody

CRI Collision Reaction InterfaceDUSR Data Usability Summary Report

EMPC Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

GC Gas Chromatograph



GPC Gel Permeation Chromatography

ICAL Initial Calibration

ICB Initial Calibration Blank

ICP/MS Inductively Coupled Plasma/ Mass Spectrometry

ICV Initial Calibration VerificationICVL Initial Calibration Verification Low

IPA Isopropyl Alcohol

LCS/LCSD Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

MDL Laboratory Method Detection Limit
 MS/MSD Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate

ND Non-Detect

NFG National Functional Guidelines

GC/MS Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry

BS Blank Spike

TIC
 Tentatively Identified Compound

PCB Polychlorinated BiphenylPDS Post Digestion Spike

PEM
 Performance Evaluation Mixture
 PFAS
 Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances
 QAPP
 Quality Assurance Project Plan

QC Quality Control

RL Laboratory Reporting Limit
 RPD Relative Percent Difference
 TPU Total Propagated Uncertainty

RT Retention Time

RRF Relative Response FactorsSDG Sample Delivery Group

SOP Laboratory Standard Operating Procedures

SPE Solid Phase Extraction

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



Qualifiers

The qualifiers below are from the USEPA National Functional Guidelines and the data in the DUSR may contain these qualifiers:

Concentration (C) Qualifiers:

- U The compound was analyzed for but not detected. The associated value is either
 the compound quantitation limit if not detected by the analytical instrument or
 could be the reported or blank concentration if qualified by blank
 contamination. This can also be displayed as less than the associated compound
 quantitation limit (<RL or <MDL), or "ND".
- B The compound was found in the sample and its associated blank. Its presence in the sample may be suspect.

Quantitation (Q) Qualifiers:

- E The compound was quantitated above the calibration range.
- The concentration is based on a diluted sample analysis.

• Validation Qualifiers:

- J The compound was positively identified; however, the associated numerical value is an estimated concentration only.
- J+ The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high.
- J- The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased low.
- UJ The compound was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit; however, the reported limit is estimated and may or may not represent the actual limit of quantitation.
- NJ The analysis indicated the presence of a compound for which there is presumptive evidence to make a tentative identification; the associated numerical value is an estimated concentration only.
- R The sample results were rejected as unusable; the compound may or may not be present in the sample.
- S Result is suspect. See DUSR for details.



References

- 1. United States Environmental Protection Agency, 2017a. National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Methods Data Review. EPA-540-R-2017-001. January.
- 2. United States Environmental Protection Agency, 2017b. National Functional Guidelines for Organic Superfund Methods Data Review. EPA-540-R-2017-002. January.
- 3. Haley & Aldrich, Inc, 2020. Quality Assurance Project Plan, 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, New York. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. March.
- 4. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). Sampling, Analysis, and Assessment of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances Under NYSDEC's Part 375 Remedial Programs, 2021. January.



APPENDIX I

Soil Boring Logs

HALEY TE							ST BO	ORING	Par	BORING NO.							
PROJECT 8 Walworth Street Offsite Investigation LOCATION 8 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, NY CLIENT Toldos Yehudah, LLC CONTRACTOR Eastern Environmental Solutions DRILLER P. Slavin							H&A FILE NO. PROJECT MGR. FIELD REP. DATE STARTED DATE FINISHED						Page 1 of 1				
Elevation			Datum	NAVD-88		ng Loc			outside 8 W								
ltem		Casing	g Sampl	er Core Ba	rrel Rig N		k Model	8140LS			Hammer Type	Drillin		Casing Adva			
Type		-				Tru	_	Tripod		Cat-Head	□ Safety	ı –	entonite	Type Method	Depth		
						AT\		Geoprobe Air Track		Winch Roller Bit	DoughnutAutomatic	_	olymer one	Sonic			
Hammer Fa								All Hack		Cutting Head	Drilling Notes:	E 14	one				
Depth (ft.)	Recovery (ample ID	Sample	Depth (ft		d <u> </u>	Visu		dentification & Descri			PID (ppm)				
- 0 -	3.5							ete e brown silty S	SAND, no od		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0						
- 5 -	3						5-10' Loose	brown silty S	AND, trace		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0						
10								e brown silty	SAND, trace			0.0					
	B06 (13-15')													0.0			
	3.5	P-03312021	1.	3-15							0.0						
							N . C	1				0.0					
15								ndwater at 15 y-brown well :				0.0					
							no odor, we		graueu SAIN			0.0					
	4											0.0					
														0.0			
20													0.0				
		20-35' Brown well graded SAND with gravel, mps 1 1/2 in, no odor, wet									0.0						
	4												0.0				
	7	4								0.0							
25													0.0				
_ 23 _														0.0			
	4.5													0.0			
	4.5													0.0			
20														0.0			
30														0.0			
														0.0			
	4													0.0			
														0.0			
35							35-45' Brov	vn well grade	d SAND with	gravel, mps 3 1/2 in, no	odor, wet			0.0			
														0.0			
	3.5													0.0			
														0.0			
40														0.0			
														0.0			
	4													0.0			
						B06 installed to 45 ft							0.0				
45		_			-		B06 installe	ed to 45 ft						0.0			
		Water	r Level Data		1				Sample II)			Summa	arv	-		
Date	Time	Elapsed	Depth in feet to:					O Open End Rod Overburden (Linear						-			
3/31/2021		Time (hr.)		of Boring				T U S		Tube ed Sample on Sample	Rock Cored (Li Number of San				2		
2.21.2021	+	 	+	*				G	Geonrobe		BORING NO						

*NOTE: Maximum Particle Size is determined by direct observation within the limitations of sampler size.

NOTE: Soil descriptions based on a modified Unified Soil Classification System method of visual-manual identification as practiced by Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

HAI EV										BORING NO.								
HALEY TE							ST BORING REPORT							B07				
															1 of 1			
PROJECT												FILE NO.		134860-002				
LOCATIO												ECT MGR.						
Toldos Yehudah, LLC										FIELD			nmel/Sarah Comr					
CONTRACTOR Eastern Environmental Solutions P. Slavin												STARTED		3/30/2021				
		P. Slavin	-					a:1 11			DATE	FINISHED	3/30/2021					
Elevation		tt. Casing	Datum	NAVD-88		ng Loc		Sidewalk outsi	ide 19 W	alworth Street	Han	mor Tuno	Dril	lina Mud	Casina	Advance		
tem Type		- Casing	San	pler Core Ba	arrei Rigik	Tru		Tripod		Cat-Head	Пап	Safety	Drii	lling Mud Bentonite		thod Depth		
Inside Dian	neter (in.)					ΑT					_	Doughnut	_	Polymer		•		
	ammer Weight (lb.) -						ick 🗖								S	onic		
Hammer Fa	r Fall (in.)								Drilling	g Notes:								
Depth (ft.)	Recovery (ft.) Sa	mple ID	Sample	e Depth (ft)		Visual-M	lanual Id	entification & Desci	ription				PID (ppm)			
0		_																
							0-4" Concr		D with te	ace gravel, no odor, d	rv. FIL I				0.0			
	3						5 L0080	4"-5' Loose brown silty SAND with trace gravel, no odor, dry, FILL							0.0			
															0.0			
5														0.0				
							5-10' Loose	brown fine to med	dium SA!	ND with silt, no odor,	dry			0.0				
	4													0.0				
															0.0			
10	10													0.0				
					10-14' Medium dense brown silty SAND with trace clay and gravel, mps 1 in, no odor, moist							0.3						
4 B07 (13-15')				1	13-15		morst								0.7			
						14-15' Large cobbles present							0.0					
15						Note: Groundwater at 15'							0.0					
							15-20' Med	ium dense brown s	silty SAN	D with gravel, mps 1	in, no ode	or, wet			0.0			
	4.5														0.0			
															0.0			
20							20-25' Gray-brown poorly graded GRAVEL with cobbles, mps 3 1/2 in, no odor, wet								0.0			
							20-25' Gra	y-brown poorly gr	aded GR	vet	0.0							
	4														0.0			
															0.0			
25									**** · · ·						0.0			
							25-30' Brown well graded SAND with gravel, mps 1 1/2 in, no odor, wet								0.0			
	4														0.0			
															0.0			
30							20 25' B		ND.	1 1:	d				0.0			
					30-35' Brown well graded SAND with gravel, mps 1 in, no odor, wet								0.0					
	4.5														0.0			
															0.0			
35		-		-			35 40! D	un wall aradad CA	ND veitel	gravel, mps 3 in, no o	dor wat				0.0			
							55-40 Brov	vii weii graded SA	ATO WITH	g1 avei, mps 3 m, no 0	uor, wet				0.0			
	4														0.0			
															0.0			
40							40. 45! D		CDAVE	with sand and cobbl		1/2:			0.0			
							40-45 Brov	vn poorty graded (GKAVEI	. with sand and cobbi	es, mps 3	1/2 III, NO OUC	or, w		0.0			
	4														0.0			
							D07: . "	14- 45 6							0.0			
45							B07 installed to 45 ft						_	0.0				
Water Level Data						Sample ID						Sum	mary					
		Depth in feet to:												. =				
Date	Time	Elapsed Time (hr.) Bottom of Boring Water				ır			pen End			erburden (Lir ock Cored (Lir				45 0		
		Time (hr.)	Dottor	J. Dorning	Boring Water		T Thin Wall TubeU Undisturbed Sample					imber of Sam				2		
3/30/2021				45 ft	15		S Split Spoon Sample											
					G Geoprobe					ORING NO.			B07					

*NOTE: Maximum Particle Size is determined by direct observation within the limitations of sampler size.

NOTE: Soil descriptions based on a modified Unified Soil Classification System method of visual-manual identification as practiced by Haley & Aldrich, Inc.