

# SITE CHARACTERIZATION WORK PLAN – ADDENDUM

# 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site – Site #C224308A

811-817 Lexington Ave. Brooklyn NY 11221 Brooklyn, Kings County, New York

# Prepared For:

Contract# D009808, Work Assignment No. 33 New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233-7012

# Prepared By:

HRP Associates, Inc. 1 Fairchild Square, Suite 110 Clifton Park, NY 12065

HRP #: DEC1033.P3

Issued On: October 19, 2022



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.0	INTE	RODUCTION:	1
	1.1	Site Description and Background Information	1
	1.2	Site Geology and Hydrogeology	2
	1.3	Previous Investigations and Remedial Actions	2
	1.4	Areas of Concern (AOC)	4
2.0	SITE	CHARACTERIZATION SCOPE OF WORK	5
	2.1	Permit Acquisition, Utility Clearance, and Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) Survey	5
	2.2	Soil Vapor Point Installation	
	2.3	Sub-Slab SVI Investigations	
	2.4	Survey of Investigation Locations	
	2.5	Analytical Data Quality Evaluation	7
	2.6	Site Characterization Report (SCR)	7
	2.7	Project Schedule	7
3.0	REFE	RENCES	9



# **Figures**

Figure 1 Site Location

Figure 2 Site Plan and Proposed Investigation Locations

Figure 3 Surrounding Property Use

# **Tables**

Table 1 Historical Property Use and Relevant Findings

Table 2 Sampling Summary

Table 3 Analytical Methods/Quality Assurance Summary

# **Appendices**

Attachment A Site-specific Health and Safety Plan Attachment B Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP)



#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On May 16, 2022, HRP Associates, Inc. (HRP) was authorized to complete this New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Work Assignment (WA) No. 35 (D009808-33) for Site Characterizations (SCs) for eight P-Sites located in Region 2 (New York, New York). This Work Plan Addendum summarizes site-specific background information and a scope of work for the 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site SC (Site No. C224308A). This document is intended to supplement information provided in HRP's SC Work Plan prepared for the Region 2 SVI Off-Site dated August 29, 2022. The focus of the SC is to characterize potential impacts to off-site receptors related to chlorinated volatile organic compound (CVOC) contamination which has been identified in on-site soil, groundwater, and soil vapor. The scope of work for the SC, discussed herein, was developed based on HRP's review of previous investigations conducted between November 2017 and August 2022 as well as discussions and planning with NYSDEC staff.

# 1.1 Site Description and Background Information

The off-site area surrounding the 811-817 Lexington Avenue Site (#C224308), located at 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY, (**Figure 1**, referred to hereinafter as "the Site") is the focus of this investigation. The 0.35-acre Site consists of two contiguous tax parcels (Block 1622, Lots 51 and 56) that total 15,500 square feet. Lot 51 previously consisted of an 8,000 square-foot, split level one-and two-story industrial building which was demolished as part of Site remediation and redevelopment. Lot 56 consists of a 7,500 square-foot asphalt paved parking lot. The Site is currently vacant. The Site is depicted on **Figure 2**.

The property is zoned R6B (residential) according to the New York City (NYC) Department of City Planning (DCP). Properties surrounding the Site are part of a mixed multi-family residential and commercial neighborhood. The areas surrounding the property include:

- North: Residential properties (0 ft), a community garden (0 ft), a daycare center (30 ft), followed by Greene Avenue.
- South: Lexington Avenue, a church (60 ft), a six-story addiction treatment center (60 ft), residential properties (60 ft), and a daycare (170 ft).
- East: A five story residential apartment building (0 ft), followed by other residential properties and Patchen Avenue.
- West: A two story food bank and social service center (0 ft), followed by residential properties.

Site history was detailed in the September 2020 Remedial Investigation (RI) report and the August 2022 Pre-Design Investigation (PDI) report prepared by Gallagher Bassett Technical Services (GBTS). The Site was originally developed with a two-story dwelling and stables constructed prior to 1888 and was later occupied by an electroplating and iron works facility, which was demolished sometime between 1908 and 1924, at which time a split-level building was constructed on Lot 51. Lot 51 has historically been occupied by a commercial garage (1928 – 1940), a laundry facility (1940s), and various commercial uses, including electronics and food packers (1949 – 1997), and has been vacant since 1997. Lot 56 was occupied by a three-story industrial building constructed



between 1908 and 1924. Lot 56 has historically been occupied by a metal stamping operation (1934), a rayon dyeing and finishing operation (1940-1960), and rubber manufacturing and ribbon dyeing operation (1960). This building on Lot 56 was demolished in 1966 and was used as a paved parking lot thereafter.

The Site is currently vacant. Redevelopment plans for this Site include a four-story affordable senior citizen housing facility and on-site parking. The building is to include a basement to be utilized for offices, storage space, and a mechanical room.

Surrounding properties of interest and their historic uses are presented on **Table 1**. Current and historical property use is depicted on **Figure 3**.

# 1.2 Site Geology and Hydrogeology

Elevation at the Site ranges from approximately 52 feet to 56 feet above mean sea level (amsl). Topography of the Site and surrounding area is relatively flat.

The United States Geological Survey (USGS) "Bedrock and Engineering Geologic Maps of New York County and Parts of Kings and Queens Counties, New York, and Parts of Bergen and Hudson Counties, New Jersey" indicate the bedrock underlying the Sites is part of the Hartland Formation, a mica-schist and quartz feldspar granulite. Bedrock is overlain by unconsolidated coastal plain deposits belonging to the Upper Cretaceous Monmouth Group, Matawan Group, and Magothy Formation which consist of silty clay, glauconitic sandy clay, sand, and gravel (Fisher et al.,1970). According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey, the Site and surrounding area are mapped as Urban Land.

According to previous investigation reports, Site soils generally consist of fill materials (which include concrete, cinders, and coal) to a maximum depth of 13 feet below grade (fbg) underlain by variable texture sands and silts with some gravel and cobbles, considered to be native soils. Bedrock was not encountered during previous investigations, which advanced soil borings to a maximum depths of 61 fbg.

During the RI, depth to groundwater was encountered at depths ranging from 41 to 44 fbg and was determined to flow to the southeast.

#### 1.3 Previous Investigations and Remedial Actions

In preparation of this work plan HRP reviewed the following previous investigation reports and associated documents:

- Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA), prepared by ALC Environmental, dated November 15, 2017.
- Phase II Environmental Site Investigation, prepared by ALC Environmental, dated January 23, 2018.
- Report of Geotechnical Investigation, prepared by Whitestone Associates, dated January 30, 2018.



- Supplemental Subsurface Investigation Report, prepared by ALC Environmental, dated August 30, 2019.
- RI Report, prepared by GBTS, dated February 2020.
- Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP), prepared by GBTS, dated February 2020.
- Decision Document, prepared by the NYSDEC, dated February 2021.
- PDI Report, prepared by GBTS, dated August 2022.

In 2017, ALC Environmental conducted a Phase I ESA at the Site which identified several Recognized Environmental Conditions (RECs) including the potential presence of a reported 1,500-gallon No. 2 fuel oil underground storage tank (UST) and the operational history of the Site and surrounding area (discussed in **Section 1.2** above). To investigate these RECs, ALC conducted a Phase II investigation and a supplemental subsurface investigation (2017 and 2019 respectively) which evaluated impacts to soil and soil vapor. The investigations identified semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), metals, and pesticides in soil at concentrations exceeding NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs). Soil vapor sampling completed as part of the investigations identified tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene (TCE) and petroleum related VOCs in soil vapor. Additionally, during a 2017 geotechnical investigation, a UST was located in a test pit on the southeastern portion of the Site.

Following investigations by ALC, GBTS completed a RI in 2019 and a PDI in 2021 which included installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells and additional soil and soil vapor sampling. Findings from the RI and PDI are summarized below:

- Impacted fill materials were identified from surface to depths of 10-13 fbg. Fill material
  was found to contain metals and SVOCs (primarily polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
  [PAHs]) at concentrations exceeding Unrestricted Use (UU) and Restricted Residential Use
  (RRU) SCOs. The metal and SVOC impacts were attributed by GBTS to poor quality fill
  material.
- CVOCs (primarily PCE and TCE) were identified in groundwater and soil vapor at concentrations exceeding NYSDEC Standards, Criteria, and Guidance (SCGs). PCE and TCE were detected at trace concentrations in soil samples (below UU SCOs), however a source area of PCE and TCE impacts was not identified.
- PCE and TCE were detected in groundwater samples collected throughout the Site at concentrations exceeding Technical Operation and Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.1.1 Class GA criteria. PCE and TCE were detected at maximum concentrations of 22 and 23 micrograms per liter (µg/L), respectively. Metals including chromium and hexavalent chromium were also detected at concentrations exceeding TOGS 1.1.1 Class GA criteria. GBTS concluded that chromium impacts to groundwater may be attributable to historical wastewater releases from on-site electroplating operations.
- PCE and TCE were detected in soil vapor samples collected throughout the Site. Maximum concentrations of PCE and TCE were found in the northwest portion of the Site (11,000 micrograms per cubic meter [μg/m³] and 750 μg/m³ respectively), with lower concentrations found in other portions of the Site. TCE was detected in soil vapor at concentrations at which the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Soil Vapor/Indoor Air matrices recommend mitigation (greater than 6 μg/m³) at the north,



Site Characterization Work Plan – Addendum 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site, Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue, City of Brooklyn, NY Page 4 of 8

south, east, and west Site boundaries. Petroleum related compounds including benzene and toluene were also detected in soil vapor, with the highest concentrations found in the southern portion of the Site.

GBTS prepared a RAWP which recommended a Track 2 remedy for the Site. The selected Site remedy was memorialized in a Decision Document prepared by NYSDEC and is to include removal and disposal of impacted fill material, removal of any USTs encountered, installation of a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) beneath the future Site building, and implementation of in-situ chemical oxidation (ISCO) and/or an air sparge/soil vapor extraction (AS/SVE) system. Upon completion of remediation activities, Site engineering and institutional controls will be enforced by a Site Management Plan (SMP) and an environmental easement.

# 1.4 Areas of Concern (AOC)

Based on the findings of previous investigations, and discussion with NYSDEC and NYSDOH, the evaluation of potential exposure pathways from on-site soil vapor contaminants (primarily the CVOCs TCE and PCE) to off-site receptors through SVI, is the primary focus of this SC. Results from previous investigations indicate that TCE is present at concentrations at which NYSDOH Soil Vapor/Indoor Air matrices recommend mitigation across the Site. Off-site Soil Vapor Intrusion (SVI) exposure pathways have not been evaluated by investigations conducted to date. Therefore, the potential for SVI in buildings surrounding the Site have been identified as the areas of concern AOCs for this SC. Properties surrounding the Site which represent potential receptors include two daycare centers to the northeast and southwest of the Site, a foodbank/social services center to the west of the Site, a church and addiction treatment center, each to the south of the Site, and residential properties located to the north, south, east and west of the Site. The AOCs (proposed SVI investigation locations) are depicted on **Figure 2**.

Additional AOCs warranting further characterization may be identified during the implementation of the SC.



#### 2.0 SITE CHARACTERIZATION SCOPE OF WORK

In order to investigate the AOCs described above, HRP proposes the completion of sub-slab Soil Vapor/Indoor Air investigations in buildings surrounding the Site and the installation of off-site soil vapor points. Based on the results of investigation described in this scope of work, additional investigation activities may be recommended.

The work summarized below is to be completed in accordance with the Region 2 SVI Off-Site SC Work Plan dated August 29, 2022, HRP's generic field activities plan (FAP), Health and Safety Plan (HASP), Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) on-file with the NYSDEC, and DER-10 *Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (May 2010)*. Sample handling, decontamination procedures, and disposal of investigation derived waste (IDW) related to the scope of work below are to be performed in accordance with the above referenced work plans.

Proposed investigation locations are depicted on **Figure 2**. Sample types and locations are summarized on **Table 2** and sample Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) details (analyses, containers, hold times etc.) are summarized on **Table 3**. The site-specific HASP is provided in **Attachment A**. The Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) that details procedures for air monitoring during intrusive activities is included in **Attachment B**.

The scope of work for the 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site SC is summarized below.

# 2.1 Permit Acquisition, Utility Clearance, and Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) Survey

Prior to performing intrusive work, HRP will perform the following activities:

- Obtain all New York City Department of Transportation (NYCDOT) permits necessary to install soil borings, monitoring wells, and soil vapor points in the right-of-way (city sidewalks).
- Call in underground utility clearance through NYS Code Rule 753/Dig Safe System.
- Complete a GPR Survey within a 10-foot radius of each proposed boring location to ensure boring areas are clear of obstructions and identify any other potential AOCs.

#### 2.2 Soil Vapor Point Installation

In an effort to assess the migration of gaseous vadose zone contamination and investigate potential impacts to off-site receptors HRP proposes the following activities:

- Install up to 3 soil vapor points in the right-of-way. A direct push drill rig will be used to advance soil borings to a maximum depth of 10 fbg. Proposed soil vapor point locations are depicted on **Figure 2**.
- For the purpose of determining depth to water (if present) and identifying potential sources of impacts to soil vapor quality, soil samples will be collected continuously, logged, and screened using a calibrated PID.
- Soil vapor points are to be constructed using 6-inch steel screens and nylon, Teflon, or Teflon-lined tubing. Soil vapor points will be backfilled with No. 0 filter sand and finished



- with a 2-foot bentonite seal and an 8-inch road box. Soil vapor points will be set at a depth of one foot above the water table or 10 fbg, whichever comes first.
- Collect soil vapor samples from each of the three soil vapor points for laboratory analysis.
  Duplicate soil vapor samples will be collected at a frequency of one per 20 samples.
  Ambient outdoor air samples will be collected at a frequency of one sample per day. Up to 5 air samples (3 soil vapor, 1 duplicate soil vapor, 1 outdoor air) will be analyzed for VOCs via EPA Method TO-15 by an ELAP laboratory selected from the NYSDEC call-out contract. Soil vapor samples will be collected in 6-liter summa canisters equipped with two-hour regulators.

# 2.3 Sub-Slab SVI Investigations

In order to identify CVOC impacts to potential receptors, HRP proposes the following activities:

- Completion of sub-slab SVI investigations at up to nine off-site structures. A selection of properties proposed for solicitation are depicted on **Figure 2**.
- Sub-slab SVI investigations will be completed in accordance with NYSDOH's Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006 and will include collection of sub-slab soil vapor samples and air samples and the completion of a NYSDOH Indoor Air Quality Questionnaire and Building Inventory.
- Sub-slab soil vapor points will be installed by advancing a ¼-inch drill bit immediately below the slab (anticipated one foot or less) using a handheld electric hammer drill. Subslab soil vapor points will be installed, leak tested, and sampled in accordance with NYSDOH's Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006.
- SVI air and sub-slab soil vapor samples will be collected using 6-liter summa canisters fitted
  with 8-hour regulators (for commercial and industrial use buildings) or 24-hour regulators
  (for buildings which include residential use on any floor) and analyzed for VOCs via EPA
  Method TO-15. Additionally, indoor air samples will be analyzed for TCE, cis-1,2-DCE, 1,1dichloroethane (1,1-DCA), carbon tetrachloride, and vinyl chloride via EPA Method TO-15
  Selective Ion Monitoring (SIM) analysis.
- Up to two sets of SVI samples will be collected per structure. Each set of samples will include one sub-slab soil vapor sample, 1 basement indoor air sample (if applicable), and 1 first floor indoor air sample.
- Up to 60 air samples (18 sub-slab, 18 first floor indoor air, 18 basement indoor air, three outdoor air, three duplicate), will be analyzed for VOCs via EPA Method TO-15. Duplicate soil vapor samples will be collected at a frequency of one per 20 samples. Ambient outdoor air samples will be collected at a frequency of one sample per day.
- Paired sub-slab soil vapor/indoor air locations will be determined in the field at the time of the building inspection. Locations will be selected in accordance with Section 2.6.2 of the NYSDOH's Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006. Paired samples will be installed and collected in central locations away from building footing foundations and if possible, biased towards the Site/source of soil vapor impacts.



Other factors which may impact SVI sample locations include presence of flooring (tile or wood flooring), building operations/traffic, and chemical storage locations.

 Draft results from the sub-slab SVI sampling events, including completed Indoor Air Quality Questionnaires and Building Inventories, and laboratory analytical data will be provided to NYSDEC and NYSDOH on receipt. Final results will be provided to NYSDEC and NYSDOH as part of the SC Report, discussed in Section 2.5 below.

# 2.4 Survey of Investigation Locations

Locations of sub-slab soil vapor points will be surveyed at the Site using handheld global positioning system (GPS) equipment and by measuring off permanent structures and features (swing-ties). All location data collected by HRP will be included on-site base maps and entered into the NYSDEC's EQuIS database.

# 2.5 Analytical Data Quality Evaluation

As per the Region 2 SVI Off-Site SC Work Plan, all laboratory analysis will be completed by an Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) laboratory selected by NYSDEC. The selected laboratory will provide data deliverables in formats acceptable to the NYSDEC and data validator (NY ASP B and NYSDEC EQuIS formats). All laboratory data will be reviewed by a third-party data validator according to the requirements referenced in the generic Region 2 SVI Off-Site SC Work Plan and HRP's Generic QAPP.

#### 2.6 Site Characterization Report (SCR)

An SCR will be prepared as part of this WA following completion of the field activities. The SCR will provide a description of the field activities, present data collected during field characterization, present a physical description of the Site including geology and hydrogeology, and provide an analysis and interpretation of the available data in the context of existing Site conditions. The report will include tabulated laboratory analytical results, Site maps and a discussion of contaminant concentrations, including a comparison to NYSDEC SCGs as described in Section 3.13 of DER-10.

In the event that SVI or other investigation activities are performed on private property, two versions of the SCR will be submitted, a standard SCR, and a version in which addresses of off-site properties have been redacted.

#### 2.7 Project Schedule

This SC will be performed according to the following time frames (includes estimated review times for reports by the Department), understanding that the schedule may compress as best as circumstances may allow. A summary table is included below.



CATEGORY	TASK	START	END
Task 1 — Preliminary Activities	Work Plan, QAPP, HASP (Includes Department Review and Approval)	7/01/2022	10/31/2022
Task 2 — Investigation, Environmental	Off-site Property Access and NYCDOT Permit Acquisition	10/31/2022	11/30/2022
Sampling, and Implementation	SVI Sampling to be Completed During Heating Season	11/15/2022	3/31/2023
Task 3 – Site Characterization Report (SCR)	Report Preparation and Submittal	12/15/2022	6/01/2023



#### 3.0 REFERENCES

ALC Environmental. November 2017. Phase I Environmental Site Assessment for 811-817 Lexington Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11221.

ALC Environmental. January 2018. Phase II Environmental Site Investigation for 811-817 Lexington Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11221.

ALC Environmental. January 2018. Supplemental Subsurface Investigation Report for 811-817 Lexington Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11221.

Fisher, D.W., et. al., 1970, Geologic Map of New York, New York State Museum and Science Service, Map and Chart Series No. 15.

Gallagher Bassett Technical Services. February 2020. Remedial Action Work Plan. NYSDEC BCP Site No. C224308.

Gallagher Bassett Technical Services. February 2020. Remedial Investigation Report. NYSDEC BCP Site No. C224308.

Gallagher Bassett Technical Services. August 2022. Pre-Design Investigation Report. NYSDEC BCP Site No. C224308.

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Division of Environmental Remediation, DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation, May 2010.

New York State Department of Health, Center for Environmental Health, Bureau of Environmental Exposure Investigation, Final Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006, Updated May 2017.

Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey. <a href="http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/">http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/</a>. Accessed [9/15/2022].

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation, National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review, January 2017.

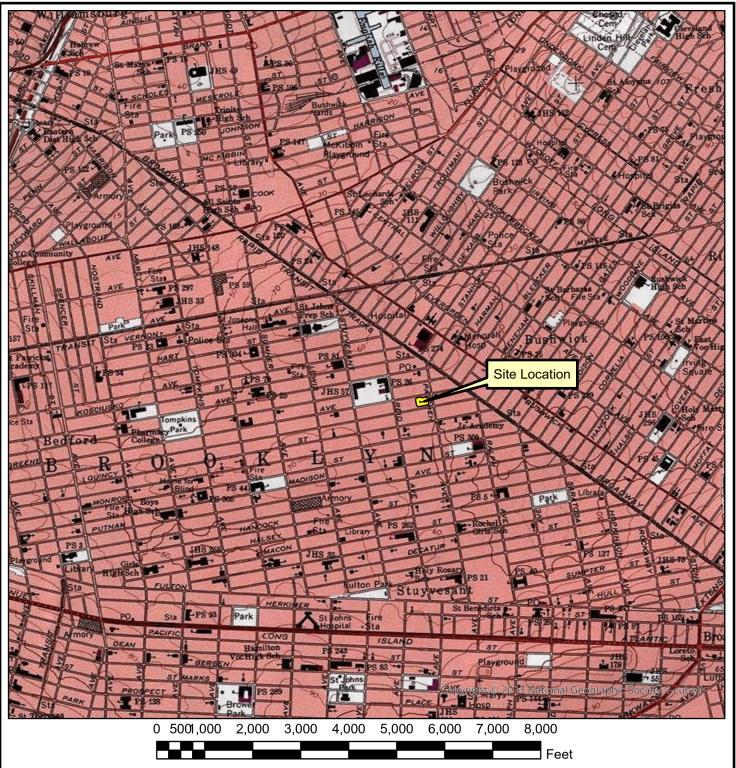
Whitestone Associates. January 2018. Report of Geotechnical Investigation. Proposed Four-Story Building 811 Lexington Avenue, Borough of Brooklyn, Kings County, New York.



# **FIGURES**



Ν



1:24,000

Figure 1

Site Location 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site Brooklyn, New York HRP # DEC1033.P2 Scale 1" = 2,000'



USGS Quadrangle Information Quad ID: 40073-F8 Name: Brooklyn, New York Date Rev: 1976 Date Pub: 1979





ONE FAIRCHILD SQUARE SUITE 110 CLIFTON PARK, NY 12065 (518) 877-7101 HRPASSOCIATES.COM



North

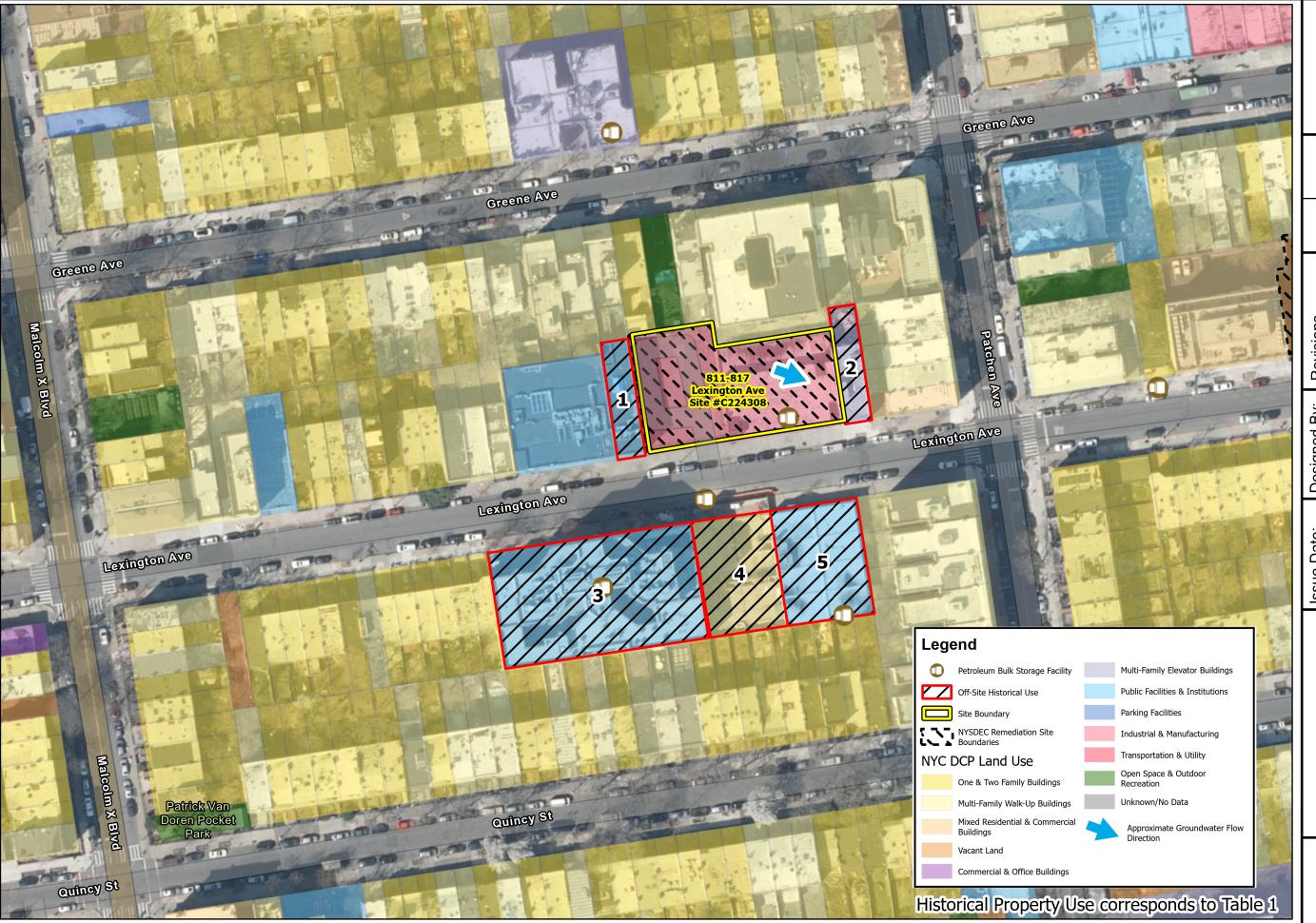
80

Revisions Date , O N Reviewed By: PWM Designed By: CMS Drawn By: CMS

Project No: DEC1033.P2 lssue Date: 8/23/2022 Site Plan and Proposed Investigation Locations

Figure No.

Site Plan and



MOVE YOUR ENVIRONMENT FORWARD

ONE FAIRCHILD SQUARE SUITE 110 CLIFTON PARK, NY 12065 (518) 877-7101 HRPASSOCIATES.COM



40 80

_				- 1 0	,,
Revisions	No. Date				
Designed By:	CMS	Drawn By:	CMS	Reviewed By:	Z Z
Issue Date:	8/23/2022	Project No:	DEC1033.P2	Sheet Size:	11X1 <i>/</i>

Surrounding Property Use

811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue Brooklyn, New York

Figure No.

3

# **TABLES**



# Table 1 **Historical Property Use and Relevant Regulatory Findings**

811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site NYSDEC Site No. C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue Brooklyn, New York 11221

Map ID	Distance from Site Boundary (ft)	Address	Historic Use	Years Listed	Relevant Regulatory Findings					
	On-Site On-Site									
			Electroplating and Iron Works (Lots 51+ 56)	1908						
			Commercial Garage (Lot 51)	1928-1940						
		811-817 Lexington Avenue (Site No	Laundry (Lot 51)	1949						
-	-	C224308A)	Various Light Industry (Lot 51)	1949-1997	LQG - 2021 of D008 PBS 2-333344					
			Metal Stamping (Lot 56)	1934						
			Rayon Dyeing/Finishing (Lot 56)	1949-1960						
			Rubber Stamping and Ribbon Dyeing (Lot 56)	1960						
		Of	f-Site (within 300 ft)							
	0	0 803 Lexington Avenue	Battery Service	1928						
1			Automotive Repair	1928-1932	-					
			Wire and Metal Products	1960						
2	0	819 Lexington Avenue	Automotive Repair	1908-1934/1985-1994	_					
_		515 Lexington / Wende	Metal Finishing	1960-1973						
			Foundry	1908-1934	SQG - 2017 of D001, D002,					
3	60	754-760 Lexington Avenue	Various Light Industry	1928-1985	D009, D024, P042, P075,					
			Addiction Treatment	2000-Present	U123, U205					
4	60 770-774 Lexington Avenue		Machine Shop	1932-1951	Non-Generator - 2007 Historic generator of D002, D004,					
4	60	60 770-774 Lexington Avenue	Metal Painting	1960-1994	D007, D010					
5	60	775-780 Lexington Avenue	Bed Spring Mfg.	1949-1973	-					

# Notes:

Distance from Site boundary to off-site locations measured from nearest point of each property line/site boundary

LQG = Large Quantity Generator

SQG = Small Quantity Generator

VSQG = Very Small Quantity Generator

CESQG = Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator

D001 = Ignitable Waste

D002 = Corrosive Waste

D004 = Arsenic

D007 = Chromium

D008 = Lead

D018 = Benzene

D024 - M-cresol

P042 = 1,2 Benzenediol, 4-[1-hydroxy-2(methylamino)ethyl]-, (R)-(OR) Epineherine

P075 = Nicotine, & Salts (OR) Pyridine, 3-(1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)-,(S)-, & Salts

U123 = Formic Acid (C,T)

U205 = Selenium Sulfinde (OR) Selenium Sulfide SES2 (R,T)

PBS = Petroleum Bulk Storage, NYSDEC Database



#### Table 2 **Sampling Summary Site Characterization**

811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site NYSDEC Site # C224308A 811-817 Lexington Ave. Brooklyn, NY 11221

Activity/ Matrix	Number of Sample Locations	Proposed Sample Locations	Number of Samples to be Collected	Analyses
	3	Up to 3 soil vapor points installed in the right of way	5 (3 soil vapor samples, 1 duplicate soil vapor sample, 1 outdoor ambient air)	VOCs by EPA Method TO-15  QA/QC: 1 duplicate soil vapor sample per 20 samples
Soil Vapor	9	Soil Vapor Intrusion (SVI) investigations in up to 9 structures with 2 sample sets collected per structure, including: 1 first floor indoor air samples, 1 basement indoor air samples, and 1 sub-slab soil vapor samples per structure; 1 outdoor air sample per day of sampling	60 (18 sub-slab soil vapor, 36 indoor air; 3 outdoor air, 3 duplicates)	VOCs by EPA Method TO-15 Indoor Air Samples: TCE, cis-1,2-DCE, 1,1-DCA, carbon tetrachloride, vinyl chloride via EPA Method TO-15 SIM QA/QC: 1 duplicate soil vapor sample per 20 samples

Acronym List:

1,1-DCA= 1,1-dichloroethane cis-1,2-DCE= cis-1,2-dichloroethene

TCE= Trichloroethene SIM= Selective Ion Monitoring VOCs= Volatile organic compounds

# Table 3 Analytical Methods/Quality Assurance Summary Site Characterization

811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site NYSDEC Site # C224308A 811-817 Lexington Ave. Brooklyn, NY 11221

						Container	s per Sample	Prese	rvation Requ	uirements	
Parameter	Matrix	Number of Samples (including Field QC)	Preparation Method	Analytical Method	No.	Size	Туре	Temp.	Light Sensitive	Chemical	Maximum Holding Time
SOIL VAPOR/AMBIENT AIR											
VOCs	Soil Vapor, Air	65	NA	EPA TO-15	1	6-Liter	summa canister, 2- hour, 8-hour, or 4- hour regulator	NA	No	NA	30 days (summa canister)
TCE, cis-1,2-DCE, 1,1-DCA, carbon tetrachloride, vinyl chloride	Indoor Air	36	NA	EPA TO-15 SIM	1	6-Liter	summa canister, 8- hour or 24-hour regulator	NA	No	NA	30 days (summa canister)

Acronym List: 1,1-DCA= 1,1-dichloroethane cis-1,2-DCE= cis-1,2-dichloroethene TCE= Trichloroethene SIM= Selective Ion Monitoring VOCs= Volatile organic compounds

# ATTACHMENT A Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan





# SITE-SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)

# 811-817 Lexington Avenue – Site #C224308A

Brooklyn, New York, 11221

# **Prepared For:**

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233 Contract #D009808

# Prepared By:

HRP Associates, Inc. 1 Fairchild Square, Suite 110 Clifton Park, NY 12065

HRP #: DEC1033.P3

Issued On: October 7, 2022

Addendum Number	Date Issued	Reason For Modification



#### **DISCLAIMER**

HRP Associates, Inc. does not guarantee the health or safety of any person entering this site. Due to the potential hazards of this site and the activity occurring thereon, it is not possible to discover, evaluate, and provide protection for all possible hazards which may be encountered. Strict adherence to the health and safety guidelines set forth herein will reduce, but not eliminate, the potential for injury at this site. The health and safety guidelines in this plan were prepared specifically for this site for use and should not be used on any other site.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

This Addendum to HRP's Generic Health and Safety Plan has been prepared under the supervision of, and has been reviewed by, a Certified Safety Professional (CSP) certified by the Board of Certified Safety Professionals.

David Webster, CSP BCSP # CSP-38036



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.0	EMERGE	ENCY CONTACTS/PLANNING	1
2.0	INTROD	UCTION	2
	2.2 Si	urpose and Scope Ite Information and Areas of Environmental Concern (AEOCs) ackground and Project Description	.2
3.0	AREAS C	OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN (AOEC)	6
		cope of Workurvey of Investigation Locations	
4.0	HAZARD	O ANALYSIS	8
	4.2 Cl	azard Analysis Summary/Minimization	.9
5.0	ENGINE	ERING CONTROL MEASURES/GENERAL SAFETY1	2
		ir Monitoring	
6.0	PERSON	IAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)1	3
	6.1 Le	evel of Protection	.3
7.0	DECONT	TAMINATION1	5
	7.1 D	econtamination Procedures1	.5
		mergency Decontamination	
8.0	EMERGE	ENCY ACTION PLAN/SPILL RESPONSE1	6
9.0	TRAINII	NG/MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE1	7
	9.1 Tı	raining Requirements	.7
		re-Entry Briefing	
		orning Safety (Tailgate) Meeting1 edical Surveillance1	
10.0	AUTHOR	RIZATIONS1	9
11.0	FIELD T	EAM REVIEW2	0
12.0	APPROV	/ALS2	1



# **Figures**

Figure 1 Site Location Map
Figure 2 Site Plan with AOECs

Figure 3 Route and Map to Nearest Hospital and Medical Center

### **Tables**

Table 1a Chemical Hazards Known or Suspected On-Site Table 1b Physical Hazards Known or Suspected On-Site

Table 2 HASP Acceptance and Site Visitor Log

#### **Appendices**

Appendix A Safety and Logistics Planning Call Log Appendix B Personnel Log

Appendix C Supervisor's Investigation Report

Appendix D Daily Job Brief Record
Appendix E Equipment Calibration Log

Appendix F COVID-19 Health and Safety Guidelines

Appendix G Safety Data Sheets (for chemicals brought to the site)



#### 1.0 EMERGENCY CONTACTS/PLANNING

The Health and Safety Officer (HSO) will coordinate the entry and exit of response personnel in the event of an emergency. The following information, including directions to the nearest hospital shall be posted at the Site. When contacting the local authorities, be sure to provide: your name, facility name, full address, telephone number, and the nature of the emergency.

<u>Emergency Phone Numbers</u> 473 President Street Brooklyn, NY	
Emergency Contact	Phone Number
Fire, Ambulance, Police Emergency:	911
NYCPD 81st Precinct Police Department (routine calls):	718-574-0411
FDNY EMS Station 32- Fire Department (routine calls):	718-222-1290
Woodhull Hospital:	718-250-8000
Poison Control Center:	1-800-222-1222
DEC spills hotline:	1-800-457-7362
National Response Center:	800-424-8802
Project Manager: David Stoll	518-526-2322
Site Safety Officer: Patrick Montuori	845-531-9490
NYSDEC Project Manager: Marnie Chancey	518-402-3262

Map and directions to the following medical facilities are provided in **Figure 3**:

> **Woodhull Hospital-** located at 760 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY (approximately 1.3 miles from the work site)

First Aid, Fire Protection, Emergency Response Equipment Storage Locations					
First Aid Kit:	In Vehicle				
Fire Extinguisher:	In Vehicle				
Eye Wash (Bottle):	In Vehicle				
Spill Kit:	In Vehicle				
Hand Sanitizer:	In Vehicle				
Hand Washing Station:	In Vehicle				

A Safety and Logistics Planning call will be held prior to conducting any intrusive activities at the site. Representatives from HRP Associates, Inc. (HRP) and each subcontractor will attend the call to discuss logistical and safety challenges general to the scope of work and specific to the Site. This call is documented on the Safety and Logistics Planning Call Log in **Appendix A.** 



#### 2.0 INTRODUCTION

# 2.1 Purpose and Scope

This Health and Safety Plan (HASP) addresses the health and safety practices that will be employed by HRP. personnel and our subcontractors participating in the Site Characterization (SC) that will be performed at the site. The SC will be comprised of several tasks to evaluate the environmental condition of the Site and the surrounding area, including installation of soil borings, soil vapor points, and monitoring wells to collect soil, air, and groundwater samples.

This HASP has been developed in accordance with HRP's Generic Safety and Health Program as required under the Occupation Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA's) Hazardous Waste Operations Standard (29 CFR 1910.120). This Plan has been developed to establish minimum standards necessary for onsite investigation activities to protect the health and safety of HRP personnel. HRP site personnel have received the required level of training and field experience as required under subpart (e) of the Standard and have received medical examinations in accordance with HRP's medical surveillance program as required under subpart (f) of the Standard. No other personnel will be permitted in the Exclusion Zone unless they have received training and medical surveillance under the Standard.

HRP personnel and associated contractors shall be familiar with this HASP prior to conducting proposed site work. This plan must be present on site and be available for reference/inspection when the subject site work is being conducted.

#### 2.2 Site Information and Areas of Environmental Concern (AEOCs)

#### 2.2.1 Site Information and Description

**Site Name**: 811-817 Lexington Avenue

Site Address: 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY

**Site Contact**: Marnie Chancey, NYSDEC

**Phone Number**: 518-402-3262

# 2.3 Background and Project Description

The 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site SC will focus on the area surrounding one active Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) Site (referred to hereinafter as "the Site") located on adjoining lots in the Bedford-Stuyvesant neighborhood of Brooklyn, New York. The Site includes two contiguous tax parcels (Block 1622, Lots 51 and 56) that total 15,500 square feet. Lot 51 is 8,000 square feet with a vacant split level one and two story former industrial building, which has been demolished. Lot 56 is 7,500 square feet and consists of an asphalt paved parking lot.

The 811-817 Lexington Avenue Site is to be redeveloped as a new four-story senior affordable-housing residential building.



The location of the Site is depicted on **Figure 1**.

According to available historical records and previous environmental reports (discussed below), the Site operations at the three Sites included the following (dates are approximate based on available listings):

- Electroplating and ironworks (1888-1908).
- Commercial garage (1928-1940).
- Laundry facility (1940-1949).
- Multiple uses (1949-1997).
- Metal stamping (1934).
- Rayon dyeing and finishing (1940-1960).
- Rubber manufacturing and ribbon dyeing (1960).
- Parking lot (1976-2022).
- Metal manufacturing (1969-1992).

Previous investigations identified the presence of chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs) (primarily trichloroethylene (TCE)), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), metals, and pesticides in soil solids and/or vapor on the Site above applicable New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) standards, criteria, and guidance (SCGs).

The purpose of the SC is to determine soil gas/vapor quality in this area to determine whether the Site conditions pose a risk to public health and the environment. In accordance with DER-10 *Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (May 2010),* the primary objectives of the SC scope of work are to:

- Investigate the identified areas of concern (AOCs) associated with the Site and determine if they have resulted in surface or subsurface contamination and evaluate the extent of the contamination, if any;
- Obtain geologic and hydrogeologic data from the Site. The specific information that should be collected and/or verified includes soil types (or fill), depth to groundwater, groundwater flow direction, subsurface geology, bedrock characteristics, etc. Determine if applicable SCGs contained in NYSDEC DER-10 and set forth for the Site are contravened;
- Preliminarily delineate the vertical and horizontal extent of contaminated groundwater, if any;
- Establish a baseline for any remedial work that will be necessary to address impacted media; and
- Determine if the site represents a threat to public health or the environment.



# 2.3.1 Personnel Designations

The following personnel are designated to perform the stated project activities and to ensure that the requirements of this HASP are met. The same person may fill more than one role, and/or serve as an alternate in the absence of the designated team member.

The following personnel are designated to perform the stated project activities and to ensure that the requirements of this HASP are met. The same person may fill more than one role, and/or serve as an alternate in the absence of the designated team member. All subcontractors must have received the required level of training and field experience as required under subpart (e) of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120 and OSHA 29 CFR 1926.65 for Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER).

<b>Project Team Member</b>	Responsibilities and Tasks
Patrick Montuori (or Qualified Alternate Safety Officer)	<ul> <li>HSO – HRP Associates, Inc.</li> <li>Ensuring all site work is being performed in accordance with HRP Associates, Inc. Safety Program, as well as in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.</li> <li>Directing and implementing HRP's HASP.</li> <li>Reviewing the Subcontractor's HASP and being aware of the hazards detailed therein.</li> <li>Conduct a job orientation meeting and routine safety meetings for HRP Associates, Inc. employees and subcontractors, as applicable.</li> <li>Provide copies of these inspections, recordkeeping/personnel logs to the engineer/contractor as required.</li> <li>Ensuring all project personnel have been adequately trained in the recognition and avoidance of unsafe conditions.</li> <li>Authorizing Stop Work Orders that shall be executed upon the determination of an imminent health and safety concern, and will notify the appropriate contacts upon issuance of this order.</li> <li>Authorizing work to resume, upon approval from the Contractor.</li> <li>Directing activities, as defined in the HRP's and the Contractor's written HASP, during emergency situations.</li> <li>Providing personnel monitoring where applicable.</li> <li>Ensuring that adequate personal protective equipment and first aid supplies are available.</li> <li>Ensure site security, to the extent practicable.</li> <li>Ensure accident victims are promptly cared for, and the incident is investigated and properly reported.</li> </ul>
David Stoll (Site Supervisor/ Project Manager)  Jessica Kruczek (Alternate Site Supervisor)	<ul> <li>Site Supervisor/Project Manager – HRP Associates, Inc.</li> <li>Monitor and assist the site Health and Safety officer.</li> <li>Maintain appropriate rules, regulations and codes at the job site.</li> <li>Provide advance safety planning for all activities through the use of scheduling and administrative controls.</li> <li>Obtain site-specific health and safety information and communicate that information with the appropriate personnel (i.e. contractors, client, etc.)</li> <li>Report all injuries, illnesses and other incidents to the Director of Safety.</li> <li>Ensure all HRP personnel are trained and qualified to perform site work.</li> </ul>



Project Team Member	Responsibilities and Tasks
Site Workers	Site Workers
(Subcontractors)	- Read and work in accordance with this HASP.
	- Report all unsafe work practices to the HSO.
	- Report all incidents, including near-misses to the HSO.
	- Work in a safe manner.
	- Provide Designated Competent Person
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ree and subcontractor responsibilities (as applicable) can be found in the HRP Generic
Health and Safety Plan.	

Health and Safety Plan.  $\underline{1}$  A list of site workers will be maintained in the Personnel Log (**Appendix B**)  $\underline{2}$  Supervisors Investigation Report included as (**Appendix C**)



#### 3.0 AREAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN (AOEC)

# 3.1 Scope of Work

The scope of work for the 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site SC is summarized below.

Property Access, Underground Utility Clearance and Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR)

Prior to performing intrusive work, HRP will perform the following activities:

- Obtain all New York City Department of Transportation (NYCDOT) permits necessary to install soil borings, monitoring wells, and soil vapor points in the right-of-way (city sidewalks).
- Call in underground utility clearance through NYS Code Rule 753/Dig Safe System.
- Complete a GPR survey within a 10-foot radius of each proposed boring location to ensure boring areas are clear of obstructions and identify any other potential AOCs.

#### Soil Vapor Point Installation

In an effort to assess the migration of gaseous vadose zone contamination and investigate potential impacts to off-site receptors HRP proposes the following activities:

- Install up to 4 soil vapor points in the right-of-way. A direct push drill rig will be used to advance soil borings to a maximum depth of 10 ft bg. Proposed soil vapor point locations are depicted on **Figure 2**.
- For the purpose of determining depth to water (if present) and identifying potential sources of impacts to soil vapor quality, soil samples will be collected continuously, logged, and screened using a calibrated PID.
- Soil vapor points are to be constructed using 6-inch steel screens and nylon, Teflon, or Teflon-lined tubing. Soil vapor points are to be backfilled with No. 0 filter sand and finished with a 2-ft bentonite seal and an 8-inch road box. Soil vapor points will be set at a depth of one foot above the water table or 10 ft bg, whichever comes first.
- Collect soil vapor samples from each of the 4 soil vapor points for laboratory analysis.
   Duplicate soil vapor samples will be collected at a frequency of one per 20 samples.
   Ambient outdoor air samples will be collected at a frequency of one sample per day. Up to 6 air samples (4 soil vapor, 1 duplicate soil vapor, 1 outdoor air) will be analyzed for VOCs via EPA Method TO-15 by an ELAP laboratory selected from the NYSDEC call-out contract.

#### Sub-Slab SVI Investigations

In order to identify CVOC impacts to potential receptors, HRP proposes the following activities:

- Completion of sub-slab SVI investigations at up to nine off-site structures. A selection of properties proposed for solicitation are depicted on **Figure 2**.
- Sub-slab SVI investigations will be completed in accordance with NYSDOH's Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006 and will include



- collection of sub-slab soil vapor samples and air samples and the completion of a NYSDOH Indoor Air Quality Questionnaire and Building Inventory.
- Sub-slab soil vapor points will be installed by advancing a ¼-inch drill bit immediately below the slab (anticipated one foot or less) using a handheld electric hammer drill. Sub-slab soil vapor points will be installed, leak tested, and sampled in accordance with NYSDOH's *Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, October 2006.*
- SVI air and sub-slab soil vapor samples will be collected using 6-liter summa canisters fitted with 8-hour or 24-hour regulators (depending on property use) and analyzed for VOCs via EPA Method TO-15.
- Up to two sets of SVI samples will be collected per structure. Each set of samples will include 1 sub-slab soil vapor sample, 1 basement indoor air sample (if applicable), and 1 first floor indoor air sample.
- Up to 60 air samples (18 sub-slab, 18 first floor indoor air, 18 basement indoor air, 3 outdoor air, 3 duplicate), will be analyzed for VOCs via EPA Method TO-15. Duplicate soil vapor samples will be collected at a frequency of one per 20 samples. Ambient outdoor air samples will be collected at a frequency of one sample per day.

# 3.2 Survey of Investigation Locations

Locations of sub-slab soil vapor points will be surveyed at the Site using handheld global positioning system (GPS) equipment and by measuring off permanent structures and features (swing-ties). All location data collected by HRP will be included on-site base maps and entered into the NYSDEC's EQuIS database.



#### 4.0 **HAZARD ANALYSIS**

The project hazard analysis below identifies the hazards that are anticipated to be encountered by the project team.

Physical Hazards Present	☐ Electricity	☐ Ionizing radiation		
	☐ Trips/Falls/Floor openings	Non-Ionizing radiation		
	☐ Holes/Pits	Lasers		
		○ Overhead hazards		
	☐ Heat	Noise     Noise		
	☐ Cold	☐ Visible dust		
	☐ Vibration			
		☐ Other		
Health/Chemical Hazards Present <sup>1</sup>	_	Oxidizer		
	□ Dust/Fumes/Particulates	Corrosive		
	Flammable/Combustible	Toxic		
	Compressed gas	Highly Toxic		
	☐ Explosive	☐ Irritant		
	☐ Water reactive	Sensitizer		
	Unstable	Carcinogen/Mutagen		
	Contact with contaminated media	Other		
	M.,			
	Heavy machinery	☐ Trenching/excavation		
	☑ Drilling	☐ Elevated heights/man lifts		
	☐ Water operations	Scaffolding		
	Mobile equipment	Ladders		
Environmental/Equipment	Road work	Confined spaces		
Hazards Present	Railroad work	Energized equipment		
	Forklifts	Overhead hazards		
	Power tools	Drums/container handling		
	☐ Welding	☐ Insects/rodents/snakes		
	Gas cylinders	☐ Biological hazards		
	Overhead/underground utilities	☐ Other		
	⊠ Security Issues	Off hour shifts		
Personal Safety	☐ Remote setting	☐ Dangerous wildlife/animals		
Considerations	☐ Employees working alone	☐ Limited cell phone service		
	Limited lighting	Other		
<sup>1</sup> <b>Table 1</b> (following the text of this HASP) provides a list of chemical substances for reference, along with odor				
threshold, permissible exposure limit (PEL), threshold limit value (TLV), OSHA ceiling, IDLH concentration, route of				
exposure and symptoms of acute exposure, if any.				

Details of specific hazards associated with individual tasks will be discussed in the Daily Job Brief Record (**Appendix D**).



#### 4.1 **Hazard Analysis Summary/Minimization**

HRP's Corporate Health & Safety Plan (in conjunction with this HASP) will be cross-referenced in order to obtain the safe work practice procedures for mitigating and preventing project site hazards identified in the table above. Job site hazard prevention and minimization information can be found in Section 3 of HRP's Generic Health & Safety Plan.

#### **Confined Spaces**

Only properly trained HRP personnel are authorized to enter confined spaces. Confined space entry may be performed by subcontractors who have the proper training and experience to conduct this work. Confined space entry is not anticipated during the SC.

#### **Excavations**

It is HRP's policy to ensure that for excavation projects the subcontracted environmental contractor will provide a competent person to perform daily and as needed inspections of excavation sites. This policy will be conveyed through the subcontract agreement with the environmental contractor. At a minimum HRP will provide our employees involved with construction projects with awareness level training regarding excavation hazards and notify the subcontracted firm if any obvious excavation safety hazard exists during on-site activities.

#### Chemical Hazards

Hazardous chemicals known or suspected to be onsite are listed in **Table 1a** (follows text). **Table** 1a includes Chemical name, odor threshold OSHA PEL, ACGIH TLV, OSHA STEL, IDLH Concentrations, routes of exposure and symptoms of acute exposure. Chemicals likely to be encountered during site work are highlighted.

#### **Physical Hazards**

Physical hazards known or suspected to be onsite are listed in **Table 1b** (follows text). **Table 1b** includes description of potential hazards, methods to identify/minimize them, potential for occurrence and potentially affected tasks.

#### 4.2 **Changes in Conditions or Scope**

Should conditions or the scope of work described herein change significantly; a HASP Addendum will be completed.

#### 4.3 **Monitoring Procedures**

Air monitoring will be used to determine the concentrations of various chemicals while working in the exclusion zone to evaluate worker exposure to contaminated media. In order to determine potential health hazards and to determine the level of personal protection needed during sampling activities within the AOCs, a Photoionization Detector (PID) will be periodically operated to monitor air quality for the purpose of ensuring minimal exposure to volatile organic compounds (VOCs). Monitoring of atmospheres adjacent to on-going excavations and around the treatment area shall also be conducted with a PID.



The following environmental monitoring instruments/procedures shall be used on-site at the specified intervals.

#### **Instrument/Procedure**

#### **Sampling Interval**

Photoionization Detector (PID) in the breathing zone

Periodically as deemed by HSO

Background ambient air levels will be established outside the exclusion zone prior to commencement of site work. Ambient air sampling will occur in the breathing zone of site workers for comparison to the action levels (described below). Additionally, air sampling will be conducted in the vicinity of any intrusive exploration (i.e., near excavations, trenches, etc.) to determine if any contaminants are present.

The following *Action Levels* will be used:

Instrument	<b>Action Level</b>	Level of Protection or Action Required
PID	No reading above background	<ul> <li>No action required.</li> <li>Continue PID monitoring.</li> <li>(Modified) Level D protection.</li> </ul>
PID	Up to 5 ppm above background	<ul> <li>Evacuate exclusion zone.</li> <li>Recheck levels after 15 minutes.</li> <li>If levels are sustained, reassess.</li> <li>Use engineering controls to lower breathing zone vapors.</li> <li>Level C protection (at the HSO direction).</li> </ul>
PID	>5 ppm above background	<ul> <li>Evacuate exclusion zone.</li> <li>Recheck levels after 15 minutes.</li> <li>Use engineering controls to lower breathing zone vapors.</li> <li>If levels are sustained, contact Safety Manager, and reevaluate HASP.</li> </ul>

When an action level is equaled or exceeded, the work area should be evacuated, and the area retested with the sampling device. If the appropriate action level continues to be exceeded, the HSO will have to assess the use of engineering controls to lower vapor levels or availability of required increased personal protection equipment before authorizing re-entry.

Calibration of all instruments will occur at least once per day, when in use. An equipment calibration log is included in **Appendix E.** 

#### Community Air Monitoring

To ensure the protection of receptors surrounding the site HRP has developed and will implement a Community Air Monitoring Program (CAMP), which requires real time monitoring of volatile organics and dust during the remedial investigation.

Particulate concentrations will be monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeters of the exclusion zone at temporary particulate monitoring stations. The particulate monitoring will



HRP Health and Safety Plan 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site, Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY Page 11 of 22

be performed using real-time monitoring equipment capable of measuring particulate matter less than ten micrometers in size (PM-10) and capable of integrating over a period of 15 minutes (or less) for comparison to the airborne particulate action level. The equipment will be equipped with an audible alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level. In addition, fugitive dust migration will be visually assessed during all work activities.

If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter (mcg/m³) greater than the background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques will be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.

If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than 150 mcg/m³ above the upwind level, work will be stopped, and a re-evaluation of activities initiated. Work can resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within 150 mcg/m³ of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

When an action level is equaled or exceeded, the work area should be evacuated, and the area retested with the sampling device. If the appropriate action level continues to be exceeded, the HSO will have to assess the use of engineering controls to lower vapor levels or availability of required increased personal protection equipment before authorizing re-entry.

Calibration of all instruments will occur at least once per day, when in use.



### 5.0 ENGINEERING CONTROL MEASURES/GENERAL SAFETY

### 5.1 Air Monitoring

In order to determine potential health hazards and to determine the level of personal protection needed during drilling, excavation and sampling activities within the AOCs, a PID will be periodically operated to monitor air quality for the purpose of ensuring minimal exposure to VOCs. Please refer to Section 4 of this plan for specific air monitoring procedures/action levels.

### 5.2 Protective Zones

Prior to commencement of work in area of suspected contamination, protective zones specific for each phase of the Plan will be established by the HSO if necessary, prior to the start of field work. The purpose of the protective zones is to prevent potential cross-contamination of adjacent areas as well as to protect project personnel from exposure to contaminated areas.

Protective zones shall be delineated as follows:

- <u>Exclusion Zone:</u> This is the contaminated area in which intrusive activities are performed. The AOEC is located within this area. A single access point for entrance and exit should be established and maintained, if possible. This zone should be delineated from the Contaminant Reduction Zone via perimeter cones or caution tape, or other applicable method. The Exclusion Zone delineation and any necessary modifications will be based on site conditions.
- <u>Contaminant Reduction Zone:</u> This zone is a transition zone located between the Exclusion Zone and the Support Zone and is utilized to decontaminate personnel and equipment.
- <u>Support Zone:</u> This zone will be utilized by equipment and vehicle storage and will be kept free of contaminated material. The HSO will determine the location of this zone. In the event of a site evacuation, the rally point will be <u>on the sidewalk entrance to the Site on Lexington Avenue</u> (**Figure 2**). The designated rally point may be relocated by the HSO based on project or site conditions. All site workers will be notified of any relocation prior to implementation.



### 6.0 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

### 6.1 Level of Protection

Based on the nature and extent of site contamination and the scope of work for the project, it is anticipated HRP personnel and their contractors will have minimal contact with contaminated media. Therefore, the minimal level of protection for HRP personnel during the conduct of all the environmental work performed at the site will be Level D PPE, and will generally consist of the PPE listed below:

- Steel toe/shank work boots.
- Hard hat, as necessary.
- Safety vest, as necessary.
- Coveralls/Tyvek, as necessary.
- Safety glasses/goggles/face shield, as necessary.
- Hearing protection, as necessary.

If site conditions warrant, an upgrade to Level C PPE may be required (refer to Section 4.3 for the appropriate *Action Levels*) then the contractors will make Level C PPE readily available. Level C PPE generally includes:

- Full face, air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
- Same as Level D, but also includes Tyvek taped pant/boot and glove/shirt.

If it is determined protection beyond Level C is required, HRP will re-evaluate the HASP as well as the site conditions, and will revise the HASP as required. The following table provides a summary of the minimum level of PPE required on site:

Description	Level of P	rotection <sup>1</sup>
Description	D	С
Body		
Work Clothes	R	R
Chemical Protective Suit (Tyvek)	0	R
Visibility Vest	O <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>2</sup>
Apron	0	0
Fall Protection	O <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>2</sup>
Head		
Hard Hat	R	R
Head Warmer	0	0
Eyes & Face		
Safety Glasses	R	R
Goggles (based on hazard)	0	R
Face Shield	0	0
Ears		
Plugs or Muffs	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>



Doggrintian	Level of Protection <sup>1</sup>			
Description	D	С		
Hands & Arms				
Work Gloves	R	O <sup>2</sup>		
Chemical Resistant Gloves (Nitrile)	0	R		
Insulated Gloves	0	0		
Foot				
Work Boots/Steel Toe Boots	R	R		
Chemical Resistant Boots	0	0		
Disposable Boot Covers	0	0		
Respiratory Protection <sup>3</sup>				
1/2 Mask Air Purifying Respirator (APR) or Full face APR	NA	R		
Dust Protection	0	NA		
Powered APR	NA	NA		
SCBA/Supplied Air Respirator	NA	NA		

**R** = Required, **O** = Optional, **NA** = Not Applicable

The following table provides a general description of potential field activity tasks to be performed and associated (recommended) PPE. The use of this PPE may or may not vary depending on site conditions and will be addressed at the time of task assignment by the HSO.

Task Description	Invasive (Y/N)	Protection Level
<u>Site Mobilization</u> - Surveying, fence and barrier installation, hay bale installation, decon and work zone set up, soil staging areas preparation.	N	Level D
Soil and Water Sampling - Drilling, sampling, soil moving as needed.	Y	Modified Level D or Level C – Respirator as needed based on monitoring. Eye protection required during collection of any liquid sample
Soil Excavation, Staging and Load-Out	Y	Modified Level D – or Upgrade to Level C dependent on monitoring
<u>Decontamination</u> - Truck dry sweeping, decon pressure wash of equipment, PPE change out.	Y	Modified Level D – or Upgrade to Level C dependent on monitoring
<u>Waste Management</u> - Soil load-out for off-site disposal, water removal for disposal, PPE disposal.	Y	Modified Level D – or Upgrade to Level C dependent on monitoring
Site Control (Exclusion, Decontamination, Support Zones)	N	Modified Level D – or Upgrade to Level C dependent on monitoring
<u>Communications</u> - Use of hand signals, backup alarms, and voice.	N	NA
Site Restoration	Y	Level D



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The level of protection identified here does not include the necessary equipment for entering confined spaces. Refer to Moran Environmental Recovery's Safety Manual Confined Space Program for atmospheric sampling protocols and breathing and rescue equipment necessary for those operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The use of this PPE may or may not be required depending on site conditions/location and will be addressed at the time of task assignment by the HSO.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Respiratory protection necessary to protect against VOC, dusts/particulates and not oxygen deficient atmospheres.

### 7.0 **DECONTAMINATION**

#### 7.1 Decontamination Procedures

All personnel and equipment leaving the exclusion zone must be properly cleaned and decontaminated. When there is evidence of chemical contamination during the site operations, all personnel will be decontaminated under the direction of the HSO. Clean-up and/or decontamination of personnel shall consist of washing off excessively soiled PPE with a disinfectant detergent scrub and water. At the very least, all personnel should wash their hands and face before leaving the exclusion zone. After washing, all disposable clothing (Tyvek, gloves, etc.) will be removed and placed in a double lined plastic bag.

Sampling tools and any other non-disposable items will be decontaminated between sampling points, and at the direction of HRP personnel, to prevent cross-contamination of work areas or environmental samples, as applicable.

### 7.2 Emergency Decontamination

If immediate medical attention is required in an emergency, decontamination will be performed after the victim has been stabilized. If a worker has been exposed to an extremely toxic or corrosive material, then emergency decontamination will consist of flushing with copious amounts of water. If the victim cannot be decontaminated because it will interfere with emergency medical aid being administered, then the victim should be wrapped with plastic or other available items (i.e. an uncontaminated coverall) to reduce potential contamination of other personnel or medical equipment.

If a site worker has been overcome by heat related illness, then any protective clothing should be removed immediately. In the case of non-medical emergency evacuation, decontamination should be performed as quickly as possible, unless instant evacuation is necessary to save life or prevent injury.

### 7.3 Personal Hygiene

All employees will be required to wash hands and face prior to eating, smoking, drinking and going to the bathroom. Workers will be required to remove contaminated PPE and clothing prior to leaving the Contaminant Reduction Zone. All field personnel should avoid contact with potentially contaminated substances such as puddles, pools, mud, etc.

Additional personal hygiene requirements, intended to prevent the spread of the novel corona virus to site workers will be in effect during site activities. These procedures include mobile handwashing stations and the requirement for site workers to wear face coverings. Additional details are included in **Appendix H**.



### 8.0 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN/SPILL RESPONSE

In the event of a worker injury, fire, explosion, spill, flood, or other emergency that threatens the safety and health of site workers, the following procedure will be followed:

- 1. If the emergency originates within the work area covered by this Plan, the HRP HSO shall act as the Emergency Coordinator. The emergency evacuation signal <u>is an air horn or a loud yell</u>. All emergency situations (including worker injuries, no matter how small) will be reported to the HSO, who will determine the appropriate emergency response, up to and including evacuation. Only the HSO may initiate evacuation of the work area. The HSO will be responsible for reporting any emergency situation to the appropriate authorities, using a telephone or other appropriate method.
- 2. In the case of an evacuation, site workers will exit the site along the safest route(s) and assemble with team members at a safe rally point. Those workers in the Exclusion Zone will follow the emergency decontamination procedures outlined in Section 7.2. Accounting of all site personnel will be conducted by the HSO using the personnel log at a location determined by the HSO.
- 3. HRP personnel are not permitted to participate in handling the emergency. Fire and medical emergencies will be handled by the local fire department and ambulance service. In the case of a spill of hazardous materials the NYSDEC will be contacted.
  - In addition, the HSO/Project Manager must advise the site contact that the New York Spill Hotline should be contacted and, if the spill quantity is greater than the Reportable Quantity (RQ) under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) and/or the Superfund Amendments and Re-authorization Act (SARA), the National Response Center (NRC) and Local Emergency Planning Committee should also be contacted. If the spill begins to flow overland and threatens to contaminate a storm drain or surface water, HRP personnel may attempt to contain and isolate the spill using any available resources, but only if, in the judgment of the HSO, such action will not expose the workers to dangerous levels of hazardous substances and is necessary to preserve life or property. In the event that a spill of material of any amount threatens to reach navigable waters, the NRC shall be contacted.
- 4. Once initial emergency procedures to protect worker safety and health have been addressed, and control of emergency has been completed, the HSO will complete an Investigation Report and submit this form to the appropriate personnel (HRP and/or client contact).
- 5. All site workers will be familiarized with the above procedures during the pre-entry briefing to be conducted before site work begins.



### 9.0 TRAINING/MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE

### 9.1 Training Requirements

All HRP and HRP subcontractor personnel who enter the work zone and/or Exclusion Zone must have successfully completed the 40-hour or 24-hour training requirement outlined in 29 CFR 1910.120(e). If the 40-hour or 24-hour training of any person occurred more than 12 months prior to commencement of work, then that person must have attended an 8-hour refresher course within the 12 months prior to commencement of work. If respirators are in use in the Exclusion Zone, then all personnel must have undergone respirator training and a fit test within the last 12 months. Training certificates and records for HRP employee(s) are on file at HRP. All other contractors will be required to supply written proof of training before being allowed into the Exclusion Zone.

### 9.2 Pre-Entry Briefing

Prior to commencement of work in an area of suspected contamination, HRP's HSO will conduct a pre-entry briefing with on-site contractors, which will include the following:

- Name of the HSO and person responsible for the visitor log.
- Description of the parcel as well as location of emergency telephones and the location/boundaries of the Exclusion Zone, Contamination Reduction Zone, and Support Zone, if established.
- Review of hospital locations and directions.
- Review of tasks to be conducted within the parcel by the site workers.
- Review of the Emergency Action Plan and rally point, including the nearest emergency communications and telephone numbers.
- The nature, level, and degree of anticipated hazards (physical and chemical) involved in the site work.
- Required PPE.
- Decontamination procedures.

The HSO should also, at this time, ensure that all on-site HRP and HRP subcontractor personnel have read the HASP and signed the last page of the original (Section 11.0). If additional information on the site becomes available, the HSO will call additional briefings as necessary.

### 9.3 Morning Safety (Tailgate) Meeting

The HRP HSO will conduct a safety overview meeting at the beginning of each workday on the site. The meeting will be given in addition to any tailgate meetings that the subcontractor conducts. A summary of the meeting topics signed by the personnel attending the meeting is included in **Appendix D**.



HRP Health and Safety Plan 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site, Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY Page 18 of 22

#### **Medical Surveillance** 9.4

All HRP and HRP subcontractor personnel entering the Exclusion Zone must have had a physical within the 12 months prior to commencement of site work. A physician's written opinion regarding fitness for work for each employee including work limitations, if any, is on file at HRP, as applicable. A written opinion for all other site personnel must be supplied prior to commencement of site work to the HRP HSO. Any work limitations for site personnel, or relevant medical information (i.e. allergic reactions to medication) should be included in this Plan.



HRP Health and Safety Plan 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site, Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY Page 19 of 22

### 10.0 AUTHORIZATIONS

Personnel authorized to enter the Exclusion Zone include the personnel listed in Section 2.4. Persons not listed in Section 2.4 may enter the Exclusion Zone only if the appropriate training and medical fitness certifications have been supplied to either the HRP Project Manager or Health and Safety Manager and the HSO or his/her designee on site has approved site entry. All personnel entering or leaving the Exclusion Zone must sign in and sign out with the recordkeeper.



### 11.0 FIELD TEAM REVIEW

All HRP personnel shall sign below after reading this HASP and shall agree with the following statement:

"I have read and understand this site-specific Health and Safety Plan. I will comply with the provisions set forth therein."

Printed Name	Signature	Date



HRP Health and Safety Plan 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site, Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY Page 21 of 22

1	2.	0	)	Æ	١	P	P	P	₹	0	V		4	L	S
---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---

This plan meets the minimum requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120 and 29 CFR 1929.65 and has been written for specified site conditions, dates, and personnel, and must be amended if conditions change. By their signature, the undersigned certify that this HASP is approved and will be utilized during activities at the project.

Satrik Monteroni	09/19/22
Patrick Montuori	Date
On-Site Health and Safety Officer	
David Stoll, PG	<u>09/19/22</u> Date
Project Manager	
Dail Wille	09/19/22
David Webster, CSP	Date
Certified Safety Professional	
Subcontractor:	
I have been provided a copy of this HASP for review.	
Name	Date
Representing:	
The Designated Competent person representing [subcontractor]	at the site will be

HRP Health and Safety Plan 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site, Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY Page 22 of 22

Any alternate Competent Person will be noted in the Daily Job Brief Record (Appendix D).

ADDITIONAL APPROVALS (or Re-Approvals)								
Name:	Date:							



# FIGURE 1 Site Location Map



Site Location 8,000 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site

ONE FAIRCHILD SQUARE

CLIFTON PARK, NY 12065

(518) 877-7101 HRPASSOCIATES.COM

## FIGURE 2

Site Plan with Areas of Environmental Concern







ONE FAIRCHILD SQUARE SUITE 110 CLIFTON PARK, NY 12065 (518) 877-7101

HRPASSOCIATES.COM



0 40 80

lssue Date: Designed By: Revisions
8/23/2022 CMS No. Date
Project No: Drawn By: CMS
DEC1033.P2 CMS
Sheet Size: Reviewed By: PWM

Site Plan and Proposed Investigation Locations 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue Brooklyn, New York

Figure No.

2

## FIGURE 3

Route and Map to Nearest Hospital and Medical Center

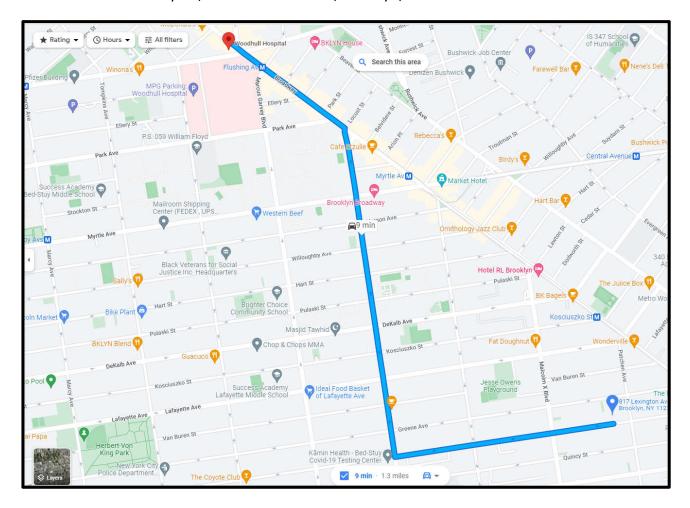


### **DIRECTIONS TO WOODHULL HOSPITAL**

**Total Estimated Time**: 9 minutes **Total Estimated Distance**: 1.3 miles

Begin at: 817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY

End at: Woodhull Hospital, 121 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, NY





## TABLE 1a

Chemical Hazards Known or Suspected On-Site



				TABLE 1a			
		СНЕМІ	CAL HAZARDS I	KNOWN OR SU	SPECTED ON-S	ITE	
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	44 ppm	350 ppm	350 ppm		700 ppm	Inh, Ing, Con	Head, Lass, CNS, Derm
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		10 ppm	10 ppm		[100 ppm]	Inh, Ing, Abs, Con	Eyes, Nose Irrit, Resp Irrit, CNS, Liver, Kidney Damage, Derm, [Carc]
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene		25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	25 ppm	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ND	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Nose, Throat, Resp Sys, Bron, Hyprochronic Anemia, Head, Drow, Ftg, Dizz, Nau, Inco, Vomit, Conf, Chemical Pneu (aspir lig)
1,1' Biphenyl	0.0062 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 ppm	0.2 ppm		100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh	
1,1-Dichloroethane	120 ppm	100 ppm	100 ppm		3,000 ppm	Inh, Ing, Con	CNS Depres, Skin Irrit, Liver, Lung and Kidney Damage
1,1-Dichloroethylene	500 ppm		5 ppm			Inh, Con	CNS depress, Resp, [Carc]
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	50 ppm	50 ppm	25 ppm		200 ppm	Inh, Ing, Abs, Con	Irrit, Resp
1,2-Dichloroethylene	26-87 ppm	200 ppm	200 ppm		1,000 ppm	Inh, Ing, Con	Vomit, Irrit Eyes, Resp Sys; CNS Depres
1,2-Dichloropropane	130-190 ppm	75 ppm	75 ppm		[400 ppm]	Inh, Con, Ing	Eye irritation, Drow, light- headedness; irritated skin, [Carc]
1,3-Dichlorobenzene							
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	20 ppm	75 ppm	10 ppm		[150 ppm]	Inh, Ing	[Carc], Eye Irrit, swelling around eye, headache, nausea, vomiting
1-Methylnaphthalene	0.02 ppm						
2,4-Dichlorophenol	1.4007 mg/m <sup>3</sup>						
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0.001 mg/m <sup>3</sup>						
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.01 ppm						
2-Methylphenol (o-cresol) [skin]	1.4 mg/L	5 ppm	5 ppm		250 ppm	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Confusion, depression, Resp Fail; difficulty breathing, irregular rapid respiration, weak pulse; skin, eye burns; dermatitis
3, 3'-Dichlorobenzidine		None				Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Sens, Derm, Head, Dizz, Burns, GI Upset, [Carc]



				TABLE 1a			
		СНЕМІ	CAL HAZARDS H	KNOWN OR SU	SPECTED ON-S	ITE	
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>
4-Isopropyltoluene						Con, Inh, Ing	Defat, Eryt
Acenephthene	0.5048 mg/m <sup>3</sup>						
Acenaphthylene							
Acetone	47.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1,000 ppm	500 ppm		2,500 ppm	Ing, Inh, Con	Head, Dizz; Irrit Eyes, Nose, Throat; Derm, CNS, Depress, Derm
Acetonitrile	70 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	40 ppm	20 ppm		500 ppm	Inh, Ing, Abs, Con	Asphy; Nau, Vomit; Chest Pain; Weak, Stupor, Convuls; Eye Irrit
Aldrin		0.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Head, Dizz, Nau, Vomit, Mal, Myo, [Carc]
Anthracene (Coal Tar Pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	Derm, bron, [carc]
Antifreeze		50 ppm	100 mg/m³ (aerosol)		ND	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Nose, Throat, Nau, Vomit, Abdom Pain, Lass, Dizz, Stup, Conv, CNS, Depres, Skin Sen
Arsenic		0.010 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		[5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Abs, Inh, Con, Ing	Derm; GI; Resp Irrit; ulceration of nasal septum; Resp, Irrit, Hyper Pig of Skin, [Carc]
Barium (elemental)		0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		50 mg/m³ (barium components)	Inh, Ing, Con	Resp. Irrit, GI, Muscle Spasm, Eye Irrit, Slow Pulse; skin burns
Benzene*	4.7 ppm	1 ppm	0.5 ppm	5 ppm	[500 ppm]	Inh, Ing, Abs, Con	Irrit Eyes, Nose, Throat; Head, Nau, Derm, Ftg, Anor, Lass, [Carc]
Benzo(a)anthracene (coal tar pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	[Carc], Derm, Bron
Benzo(a)pyrene (coal tar pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	[Carc], Derm, Bron
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (coal tar pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	[Carc], Derm, Bron
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (coal tar pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	[Carc], Derm, Bron



				TABLE 1a								
	CHEMICAL HAZARDS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED ON-SITE											
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>					
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (coal tar pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	[Carc], Derm, Bron					
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate**	N/A	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	[5,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Ing, Con	[Carc], Irrit Eyes					
Cadmium (dust)		0.005 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Lowest concentratio n feasible 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		[9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Ing	CNS, Resp, Irrit, Vomit, Cough, Head, Chills, Nau, Diarr, Pulm Edema, Dysp, Chest Tight, [Carc]					
Carbazole						Inh						
Carbon disulfide	0.1-0.2 ppm	20 ppm	1 ppm	30 ppm	500 ppm	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Diz, Head,Ftg, Ner, anorexia, trembling hands, loss of fine motor coord, gastritis, eye, skin burns, Derm					
Carbon Tetrachloride***	21.4 ppm	10 ppm	5 ppm	25 ppm	[200 ppm]	Inh, Abs, Con, Ing	CNS Depres, Nau, Vomit, Irrit, Irrit Eyes, Skin, Drow, Dizz, [Carc]					
Chlorobenzene***	0.98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	75 ppm	10 ppm		1,000 ppm	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit, Drow, CNS, Depres, Eyes, Skin, Nose, Inco.					
Chloroform***	85 ppm	50 ppm	10 ppm	50 ppm	[500 ppm]	Inh, Ing. Con, Abs	Dizz, Dullness, Nau, Head, Ftg, Irrit Eyes, Skin, Conf, [Carc]					
Chromium		1 mg/m³	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Sens Derm					
Chrysene (coal tar pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	Derm, Bron, [Carc]					
Cis-1-2-Dichloroethylene		200 ppm	200 ppm		1000 ppm	Inh, Con, Ing	Irrit Eyes, Resp, CNS Depress					
Copper (dusts and mists) (fumes)		1 mg/m³ 0.1 mg/m³	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Ing, Con	Vomit, Derm, CNS, Irrit, Derm, Nau, Taste (metallic)					
Cyanide	0.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (10 min)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Ing, Abs, Con	Weak, Head, Nau, Conf, Cyan					
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene						Inh, Ing						
Dichloromethane	540 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	25 ppm	50 ppm	125 ppm	[2,300 ppm]	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, lass, drow, dizz, Numb, tingl, Nau, [Carc]					



				TABLE 1a								
	CHEMICAL HAZARDS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED ON-SITE											
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>					
Diethylphthalate**		None	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		N.D.	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Nose, Throat, Head, Dizz, Nau, Lac, Possible Polyneur, Vestibular Dysfunc, Pain, Numb, lass, Spasms in Arms and Legs					
Di-n-octylphthalate						Inh, Ing, Con						
Dimethylpthalate		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		2,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit, Resp, Abdom					
Ethyl Benzene*	8.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	100 ppm	100 ppm	125 ppm	700 ppm	Inh, Abs, Con	Head. Irrit, Derm, Narc., Irrit Eyes, Skin; Coma					
Fluoranthene		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			Ing, Inh	[Carc]					
Fluorine*	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.1 ppm	1 ppm	2 ppm	25 ppm	Inh, Con						
Fuel Oil/#2			300 ppm			Inh, Abs, Ins, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Derm, Head, Ftg, Blurred Vision, Dizz, Conf					
Ideno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				Ing, Inh						
Lead (inorganic forms and dust as Pb)****		0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit, Cns, Vomit, Narco, Weak, Pall, Insom, Lass, Abdom, Constip					
Mercury (organic alkyl compounds) [skin]		0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin; Cough & Chest Pain, Bron Pneu, Tremor, Insom, Irrty, Indecision, Head, Ftg, Weak, Stomatitis, Salv, GI Dist, Anor, Low-wgt, Ataxia					
Mercury (compounds)		0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin; Cough & Chest Pain, Bron Pneu, Tremor, Insom, Irrty, Indecision, Head, Ftg, Weak, Stomatitis, Salv, GI Dist, Anor, Low-wgt, Ataxia					
Methanol	13.1150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	200 ppm	200 ppm		6,000 ppm	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Resp, Head, drow, dizz, Nau, Vomit, vis dist, Optic, derm					
Methyl Ether						Inh	Poison					
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)***	0.7375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	200 ppm	200 ppm	300 ppm	3,000 ppm	Inh, Con, Ing	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Nose, Throat, Head, Dizz, Vomit, Derm					



				TABLE 1a			
		CHEMI	CAL HAZARDS I	KNOWN OR SU	SPECTED ON-S	ITE	
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>
Methylene Chloride	540 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	25 ppm	50 ppm	125 ppm	[2,300 ppm]	Inh, Ing, Con, Abs	Ftg, Weak, dizz, drow, Numb, Tingle [carc], Irrit Eyes, Skin, Nau
Mineral Spirit	20 ppm	500 ppm	100 ppm		20,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Nose, Throat, Dizz, Derm, Chemical pneu
Methyl tert butyl ether (MTBE)			50 ppm			Inh, Abs	
Naphtha	0.86 ppm	100 ppm	400 ppm		1,000 ppm	Inh, Con, Ing	Light Head, Drow, Irrit, Derm, Irrit Eyes, Skin, Nose
Naphthalene*	0.084 ppm	10 ppm	10 ppm	15 ppm	250 ppm	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Eye irritation; headache; confusion, excitement, malaise (vague feeling of ill-being); nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain; irritated bladder; profuse sweating; renal shutdown; dermatitis
Nickel (metal)		1 mg/m³	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		[10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Ing, Con	Head, Verti, Nau, Vomit, Pain, Cough, Weak, Convuls, Delirium, Pneu, ,[Carc]
Nitrobenzene	0.0235 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 ppm	1 ppm		200 ppm	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Anoxia, Derm, Anem, Methem
n-Butylbenzene							
n-Propylbenzene							
PCBs 42% chlorine (Aroclor 1242)		1 mg/m³ (skin)	1 mg/m³ (skin)		[5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Chloracne, Liver Damage [carc]
PCBs 54% chlorine (Aroclor 1254)		0.5 mg/m³ (skin)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)		[5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes; Chloracne, Liver Damage [carc]
Petroleum Distillates		500 ppm	100 ppm		[1,100 ppm]	Inh, Ing, Con	Dizz, Drow, Head, Dry Skin, Nau, Irrit Eyes, Nose, Throat, [Carc]
Phenanthrene (Coal Tar Pitch)		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	Derm, bron, (carc)



TABLE 1a										
	CHEMICAL HAZARDS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED ON-SITE									
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>			
Phenol**	0.1786 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 ppm	5 ppm		250 ppm	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Nose, Throat, Anor, Low Wgt, Weak Musc Ache, Pain, Dark Urine, Cyan, Liver, Kidney Dam- age, Skin, Burns, Derm, Ochronosis, Tremor, Convuls, Twitch			
Pyrene		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			[80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Con	[Carc]			
Sec-Butylbenzene										
Selenium	N/A	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Unknown	1 mg/m³	Inh, Ing, Con	Irrit, Head, Fever, Chills, Skin/Eye Burns, Metallic Taste, GI, Dysp, Bron			
Silver (metal and soluble compounds as Ag)		0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Metal = 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Soluble 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Ing, Con	Blue-gray Eyes, Nasal Septum, Throat, Skin; Irrit, Ulcer, Skin, GI Dist			
Tetrachloroethylene (a.k.a. perchloroethylene)***	4.68 ppm	100 ppm	25 ppm	200 ppm	[150 ppm]	Inh, Ing, Con, Abs	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Nose, throat, Resp. Nau, flush face, Neck, dizz, inco, head, drow, eryth, [Carc]			
Toluene*	2.14 ppm	200 ppm	50 ppm	300 ppm	500 ppm	Inh, Abs, Ins, Con	Resp, Irrit, Ftg, Conf, Dizz, Head, Derm, Euph, Head, Dilated Pupils, Lac, Ner, Musc FTg, Insom, Pares, Derm, lass			
Petroleum Distillates (naphtha)	10 ppm	100 ppm	400 ppm		1,000 ppm	Con, Inh, Ing				
Trans 1,2- Dichloroethylene	0.3357 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	200 ppm	200 ppm		1,000 ppm	Inh, Con	Irrit, Resp, CNS depress			
Trichloroethylene	21.4 ppm	100 ppm	50 ppm	200 ppm	[1,000 ppm]	Inh, Con, Abs, Ing	Head, Vert, Nau, Vomit, Derm, Vis Dist, Tremors, Som, Nau, Irrit Eyes, Skin, Card Acc., Ftg, [Carc]			
Trichlorofluoromethane	28 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1,000 ppm	1,000 ppm		2,000 ppm	Inh, Con, Ing	Inco, trem, derm, card, asph, frost			
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	45 ppm	1,000 ppm	1,000 ppm	1,250 ppm	2,000 ppm	Inh, Con, Ing	Irrit Skin, throat, Drow, Derm, CSN, Depress			



				TABLE 1a						
	CHEMICAL HAZARDS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED ON-SITE									
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>			
Vinyl Chloride***	10-20 ppm	1 ppm	1 ppm	5 ppm	ND	Inh, Con	Lass, Abdom, Gi Bleeding; Hepatomegaly; Pallor or Cyan of Extremities; Liq: Frostbite; [Carc]			
VM&P Naphtha (petroleum naphtha)			300 ppm		ND	Con, Ing, Inh	Irrit Eyes, Nose, Throat, Dizz, drow, head, nau, dry skin, chem. Pneumonitis			
Xylene*	4.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	100 ppm	100 ppm	150 ppm	900 ppm	Inh, Ing, Abs, Con	Dizz, Drow, Irrit, Excite, Nau, Vomit, Eyes, Skin, Nose, Throat			
Zinc (oxide)		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh	Dry Throat, Cough, Chills, Tight Chest, Blurred Vision			
4,4' DDD						Ing, Inh, Con				
4,4' DDE						Ing, Inh, Con				
4,4' DDT	5.0725 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 mg/m³	1 mg/m³		[500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit Eyes, Skin, Pares, Tongue, Lips, Face, Trem, Anxi, Dizz, Conf, Mal, Head, Lass, Conv, Paresi Hands, Vomit, [Carc]			
Aldrin		0.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		[25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Head, Dizz, Nau, Vomit, Mal, Myo [Carc]			
Chlordane [skin]	0.0084 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		[100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Blurred vision, confusion, delirium, cough; abdominal pian, nausea, vomiting diarrhea; irritability, tremor, convulsions [Carc]			
EDB	76.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	20 ppm		30 ppm	[100 ppm]	Inh, Abs	Resp. Irr, Eye Irr. [Carc]			
Endosulfan I Endosulfan II		0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		N.D.	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Irrit, Skin, Nau, Conf, Agit, Flush, Dry, Trem, Conv, Head			
Endosulfan Sulfate			0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			Ing, Con				
Endrin	1.8 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> ppm	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.1 mg/m <sup>-3</sup>		2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	Epil Conv, Stup, Head, Dizz, Abdom, Nau, Vomit, Insom, Agress, Conf, Drow, Lass, Anor			
Endrin Aldehyde	1.8 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> ppm					Inh, Con				
Endrin Ketone										



	TABLE 1a CHEMICAL HAZARDS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED ON-SITE								
CONTAMINANT	ODOR THRESHOLD	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	TLV (ACGIH)	OSHA CEILING <sup>2</sup> /STEL	IDLH CONC.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE <sup>3</sup>		
Heptachlor	0.02 ppm	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		[35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Inh, Abs, Ing, Con	In animals, Trem, Conv, [Carc]		
Heptachlor epoxide	0.02 ppm		0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			Ing, Inh	Trem, Conv, [Carc]		
Hydrogen Cyanide(Hydrocyanic Acid)	0.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 ppm (11 mg/m³)	4.7 ppm	4.7 ppm	50 ppm	Con, Inh, Ing, Abs	Asphy & death at high levels; Weak, Head, Conf, Nau, Vomit, Incr. Rate and Depth of Respiration or Respiration Slow and Gasping		

### **NOTES**

- \* = Constituent found in ETPH
- \*\*=Constituent found in Acid/Base/Neutral Extractable Compounds
- \*\*\*=Constituent found in Volatile Organic Compounds
- \*\*\*\*=Constituent found in Leaching Lead

<sup>1</sup>PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit. If no PEL is available, then the NIOSH Threshold Limit Value (TLV) should be used, if available.

<sup>2</sup>Ceiling limit or Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL), if available. Again, the NIOSH TLV may be used if no OSHA standard exists.

<sup>3</sup>Abbreviations are contained on the next page

[ ] = Potential Occupational Carcinogen

ND = Not Been Determined



### **ABBREVIATIONS**

abdom = Abdominal abs = Absorption

aggress = Aggressiveness

agit = Agitation anor = Anorexia

anos = Anosmia (loss of the sense of smell)

Anxi = anxietyanem - Anemia aspir = Aspiration asph - asphyxia bron = Bronchitis

bron pneu = Bronchitis pneumonitis [carc] = Potential occupational carcinogen

Card = Cardiac arrhythmias CNS = Central nervous system

conf = Confusion constip = Constipation

con = Skin and/or eye contact

conv = Convulsions corn = Corneal cyan = Cyanosis defat = Defatting

depres = Depressant/Depression

derm = Dermatitis diarr = Diarrhea dist = Disturbance dizz = Dizziness drow = Drowsiness dry = Dry mouth

dysp = Dyspnea (breathing difficulty)

emphy = Emphysema

epil-conv = Epileptiform convulsions

eryth = Erythema euph = Euphoria fib = Fibrosis frost = frostbite ftg = Fatigue flush = Flushing GI = Gastrointestinal head = Headache

hyperpig = Hyperpigmentation

inco = Incoordination ing = Ingestion inh = Inhalationini = Iniurv insom = Insomnia irrit = Irritation

irrty = Irritability

lac = Lacrimination (discharge of tears) lass = Lassitude (weakness, exhaustion)

li-head = Lightheadedness

liq = Liquid

low-wgt = Weight loss

mal = Malaise (vague feeling of discomfort)

malnut = Malnutrition

methem = Methemoglobinemia myo = Myochonic (jerks of limbs) mg/m = milligrams/cubic meter muc memb = Mucous membrane

mus ftg = Muscle fatigue

narco = Narcosis nau = Nausea ner = Nervousness numb = Numbness

optic = Optic nerve damage (blindness)

pall = Facial pallor parap = Paralysis ppm = Parts per million pares = Paresthesia paresi = Paresis

peri neur = Peripheral neuropathy

pneu = Pneumonitis prot = Proteinuria pulm = Pulmonary

peri neur = Peripheral neuropathy

pneu = Pneumonia prot = Proteinuria pulm = Pulmonary repro = Reproductive resp = Respiratory

skin sen = skin sensitization

salv = Salvation

som = Somnolence (sleepiness unnatural

drowsiness)

subs = Substernal (occurring beneath the

sternum) stup = Stupor sys = System tingle = tingle limbs trem - Tremors verti = Vertigo

vis dist = Visual disturbance

vomit = Vomiting weak = Weakness



## TABLE 1b

Physical Hazards Known or Suspected On-Site



TABLE 1b PHYSICAL HAZARDS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED ON-SITE									
Description of Hazard	Description of Hazard Methods to Identify and Minimize Potential for Occurrence Tasks								
1. Operating Heavy Equipment	<ul> <li>Utilizing proper equipment operation methods</li> <li>Maintain safe clearance distances</li> <li>High visibility clothing or vest</li> <li>Wear appropriate eye/ear protection according to manufacturer's recommendations</li> </ul>	Moderate	Observation of Excavation/Sampling						
2. Inclement weather	<ul> <li>Determine probable weather conditions prior to arrival at site</li> <li>Avoid working during hurricanes, blizzards, persistent heavy rain or snow, close thunderstorms</li> </ul>	Moderate	Observation of Excavation/Sampling						
3. Heat/cold Stress	<ul> <li>Determine probable weather conditions prior to arrival at site</li> <li>Wear proper clothing</li> <li>Monitoring of yourself and team mates</li> <li>Drink plenty of fluids</li> <li>Utilize work breaks as often as necessary</li> <li>Avoid working in extreme cold conditions</li> </ul>	Moderate	Observation of Excavation/Sampling						
Slip, trip, and fall hazards     caused by irregular and loose     rocky topography	<ul> <li>Wear appropriate footwear to increase traction when possible</li> <li>Be aware of surroundings</li> </ul>	Low	Observation of Excavation/Sampling						



TABLE 1b PHYSICAL HAZARDS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED ON-SITE								
Description of Hazard	Methods to Identify and Minimize	Potential for Occurrence	Potentially Affected Tasks					
5. Utilities	<ul> <li>Complete a Call Before You Dig markout prior to the work start date</li> <li>Obtain buried private lines information from and clear sampling locations with Site Contact</li> <li>Avoid using heavy equipment or drill rig in close proximity to overhead utilities</li> <li>Inspect sampling areas for Call Before You Dig markings; inspect catch basins and manholes to determine buried pipeline directions prior to sampling</li> <li>Avoid sampling within area of pavement cuts that may be indicative of buried lines</li> </ul>	Moderate	Observation of Excavation/Sampling					
6. Vehicle Traffic	<ul> <li>Wear appropriate high visibility clothing</li> <li>Block off the work area to prevent vehicles from entering</li> </ul>	Moderate	High Traffic areas					
7. Inhalation of Volatiles	<ul> <li>Implement and adhere to action levels stipulated in air monitoring program for volatile organics</li> <li>Wear appropriate protective equipment</li> <li>Report potential exposure symptoms immediately</li> <li>Utilize engineering controls such as fans</li> </ul>	Low	Observation of Excavation/Sampling					
8. Skin contact with volatile organic compounds, semi volatile organic compounds, metals, TPHs, PCBs, pesticides, cyanide	<ul> <li>Wear appropriate protective clothing</li> <li>Follow proper decontamination procedures</li> <li>Report potential exposure symptoms immediately</li> </ul>	Low	Observation of Excavation/Sampling					



## APPENDIX A

Safety and Logistics Planning Call Log



### Safety and Logistics Call Log DEC009808



	of Call				
	Assignment Number / Task Site Name and Number				
DEC	orte name and number	-			
Name	es of Attendees (and phone #s)	:			
HRP			9	Subcontractors	
	HRP PM			Driller Contact	-
	HRP SSO			Utility Survey	
	HRP Other			Surveyor	
	HRP Other HRP Other			Construction Other	
	TIKE Other			Other	
DEC	DEC PM			Other	
	DEC Othor				
Brief	Description Scope of Work (	Task Specific	c):	Use additional forms	for additional tasks.
Logis	sitics:				
Date o	of Work:				
	o Meet:				
	ontact (phone):				
	cation of Site Contact made by:		(15)		
Descri	be any unusal site-specific conditio	ns/logistics her	e (if any):	-	
				Notes below as ne	eded:
	Water Needed? Source Confirmed	<b>ქ</b> ?	Y / N		
	Electricity Needed? Source Confir	med?	Y / N		
	Water Storage Needed?		Y / N		
	Water Discharges? Permits Neede	ed/Attained?	Y / N		
	Air Monitoring - CAMP?		Y/N		
\\/ill +b	nere be intrusive work?	Y / N			
	ons marked in the field?	Y / N			
	ode Rule 753/Dig Safe System:	Ticket Numb	er:		
	- 1	Confirmed th		t complete? Y/N	
				, , ,	
Antici	pated Subsurface Conditions (Geold	ogy, Utilites, etc	c.):		
	pated Depth to Groundwater:				
Will N	APL/Product be Present:	Y/N Des	cribe:		

### Safety and Logistics Call Log DEC009808

Will there be any other parties entering the work zones? Describe control measures:

Lab and Equipment: Equipment:	Y/N	PID IP Water Other:	Level Indicato	or CAMP F	Pumps controllers Survey Eq. GPS
Lab Analytical Required:	Y/N	VOCs SVOCs Other:	Metals PFA	AS 1,4D	PCBs Pest/Herb
Media Tested:		nent Groundw ple collection m		e Water Su	ub-slab[soil] Vapor Indoor Air
Bottle Order Received/ Check How will samples be conveyed		Y/N			
Sample TAT? Standard	24 hr TAT	48 hr TAT	Other:		
Review Site - Specific H Site Constituents of C (circle)			c <b>HASP to b</b> SVOCs	<b>e provido</b> PFAS	ed prior to all parties): 1,4-Dioxane
		metals Asbestos Lead Biologicals	pesticides	herbicides PCBs Other:	
Site Setting:	<u>Urban</u> Traffic Overhead Uti High Voltage Confined Spa	ilities	<u>Unoccupied</u> Crime Underground Flood/Tidal	Plants Utilities	Animals Vectors  Large Equipment  Limited Access
Task-Specific Chemica PPE Level (circle): Glove types: Other	D C	В А	Modifications		Y/ N
Safe to Work Alone: Other Precautions:	•	Describe:			
COVID 19 Protocols to be Ob	served:	Y/N			
Waste Containment: How/ where will materials be	e contained, la	belled, stored, c	or disposed?		

### **Miscellaneous:**

## APPENDIX B Personnel Log



PERSONNEL LOG								
Name	Representing	Date	Time In	Time Out				



## APPENDIX C Supervisor's Investigation Report





# **INCIDENT REPORT**

# **Section 1.0: Complete By Employee and Project Manager**

(provide to Human Resources Manager)

Incident Case No. \_\_\_\_\_

Employee Name:	Age:	Time employee	Weather Conditions:
Employee Title/Position:	Sex:	began work:	
	□ Female		Date of Report:
Department:	- □ Male	Date of Incident:	
Office Location:		Time of Incident:	Time Report Completed:
Supervisor:		Time or incluent.	Time Report Completed.
Employee Address:	Location of Incident:		
Street:	Address:		
City/Town: Zip Code:	City/Town: State:		
Zip Code:	State:		
Phone Number:			
Type of Incident:			
□ Motor Vehicle Accident or	□ Near Miss or	□ Injury occurred du	ring routine work
□ Company or □ Personal Vehicle?		First-Aid performed on-	site? Yes / No
,		Other Medical Attention	
Time lost from work? Yes / No Num	ber of Hours: or	Number of Days	
If injuries occurred, list names and describe		Number of Days:	r of injured:
	nature, degree, and body	part injured. Number	or injured
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
Complete Section 3.0			
WITNESS STATEMENT:			
WHAT HAPPENED AND WHAT WAS THE EMI	DI OVEE DOING REFORE ?	THE INCIDENT	
OCCURRED?	LOTEL DOING DELONE I	LE TINCIDEIN I	
		De	scribe what took place?
		14/1	1.6 11.6
WHAT WAS THE EMPLOYEE DOING WHEN T	THE INCIDENT OCCURRE		o was at fault for vehicle accidents, citation?
WHAT WAS THE ENLEGIED DOING WHEN	THE INCIDENT OCCURREN	): 	accidents, citation.
		Was r	ower equipment involved,
NAME AT AMAGE THE EMPLOYEE DOING AFTER T	THE INCIDENT OCCURRE	22	if so, describe?
WHAT WAS THE EMPLOYEE DOING AFTER 1	HE INCIDENT OCCURRE	J?	



WHAT WAS THE NATURE OF THE INJURY OR :	ILLNESS?		
		affecte Exam	us the body part that was ed and how it was affected — be specific ples: strained lower back; nemical burn on hand
WHAT WAS THE ROOT CAUSE OF THE INCIDE	NT?		
List other individual involved in Section 3.		Job Wł	I the facts by studying the and situation involved. Question by use of HY - WHAT - WHERE - WHEN - WHO - HOW
COULD INCIDENT HAVE BEEN AVOIDED?	HOW?	noise fatigue	there other factors (e.g., , ventilation, illumination, e, age, medical conditions) ontributed to the accident?
WAS TRAINING FOR THE WORK ACTIVITY PRO	OVIDED:		WARNING SIGNS OR
TYPE:		LABELS	S POSTED:
DATES:			
WHAT SHOULD BE DONE? HOW CAN INCIDE	NT BE AVOIDED IN THE FUTURE?	EQUIP NEEDE AVAILA	
WHAT HAVE YOU DONE THUS FAR?			
		depend	or recommend action, ding upon your authority. up – was action effective?
HOW WILL THIS IMPROVE OPERATIONS?			
		Eli	OBJECTIVE minate job hindrances
Completed by:	Reviewed by:		Date



# Section 2.0: Complete By Supervisor or Human Resources Manager

Role (witness, observer, injured, participant, etc.):

Address:

Phone Number

Name:

Department.

Role:	Addre	55.	
	Phone	e Number	
Name: Role:	Addre	SS:	
	Phone	e Number	
Name: Role:	Addre	SS:	
	Phone	e Number	
Name: Role:	Addre	ss:	
	Phone	e Number	
Name: Role:	Addre	ss:	
	Phone	e Number	
Are corrective actions warranted?   Corrective Actions. List long term actions to	□ No If s	so, proceed with corrective action list	Target date of
be taken as a result of incident (use additional sheets if needed)	How was	s the corrective action implemented?	completion
OHSM Name:		CHSO Name:	
OHSM Signature:		CHSO Signature:	

4s1\shared\Data\W\WYDEC - NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION\NEW YORK\MULTIPLE SITES\DEC1033P2\WP\811-817 Lexington Avenue - Off-site\HASP\2022\_1005 HASP 811-817 Lexington Ave.docx

End of incident report. Section 4.0 is to be completed and maintained by the Human Resources

# **Section 4.0: Complete By Human Resources Manager**

<b>Incident Re</b>	eport Case	No.	

The information on this page is considered CONFIDENTIAL and must be treated as such. This page will only be available to Human Resources Department or the employee's supervisor.

Insured Name:	Employee Hire Dates: Start at Company: Current Position:
Policy Number:	Is employee a company: Owner, Officer, Neither.
Employee Soc. Sec. No.:	Marital Status: Spouse Name:
Was Employee Pay Interrupted, or paid in full for time:	Employee Pay Period: Weekly, Bi-Weekly, Monthly, Other (specify)
Employee Compensated by hourly or salary? Wage Information: (tips, bonuses, commission)	Typical No. of hours worked per day, hours per week  Typical Start of day time, end of day time
Date of Stop Work:  Date Returned to Work:	How often has employee visited doctor/hospital?
Doctor: Authorized by Co.: Y / N Street: City/Town: Zip Code: Phone Number: Authorized by Co.: Y / N	Hospital: Street: City/Town: Zip Code: Phone Number: Authorized by Co.: Y /N
Was the employee treated in an emergency room? □ Yes □ No	Was employee hospitalized overnight as an in-patient?  □ Yes □ No If so, for how many days?

# APPENDIX D Daily Job Brief Record



# **JOB BRIEF RECORD**

			811-817 Le	exinaton	Avenue, Brooklyn, NY		DEC1033.P2		
Person	Conducting		Site Name/				HRP Client Nar	ne/Job #	<i>‡</i>
Marnie	Chancey (518)-402-32	62					David Stoll (51	8) 526-2	322
	Contact/Phone	<u> </u>	HRP H&S F	Rep.		_	HRP Superviso		
Date/T	ime		Number At	tending			Weather		
Desigr	nated Competent Per	son:							
Descri	ption of Work:								
Δtten	i <b>dees</b> (use additional s	heets as neede	۳۲).						
Atten	Name	incess as need	.u).		Company			Signat	cure
Eme	rgency Telephone	Numbers			DLICE / AMBULANCE:				
	Hospital N	ame & Locati	on: <b>W</b>	oodhul	l Hospital, 760 Broad	way, Br	ooklyn, NY		
	NYSDEC Spill Line:			ational I	Response Center: 80	0-424-8	802 CBYD:	800-92	2-4455
	•	Safety Manag			th: 864.289.0311 150				
		,							
HAZA	RDS								
	Toxic	☐ Extreme	Cold/Heat		Soil Excavation		Vehicle Traffic		Powerwashing
	Corrosive	☐ Drains/S	ımps		Tank Excavation		Hot Work		Elevated Work Area
	Flammable	☐ Sharp Ob	jects		Trenching		Vac Truck		Live Electrical Circuits
	Combustible	☐ Drilling in	Soil		Floor Holes		Ladders		Pneumatic Tools
	Reactive	Lighting			Working on/near Water		Noise		Drum Handling
	Path Waste	☐ Slips/Trip	s/Falls		Underground/Overhead		Lifting		Abrasive Blasting
	Asbestos	☐ Lead			Utilities				
DEDC	ONAL SAFETY								
		□ CAD//	Egraca Battla		CCDA	□ <b>∧</b> :	r Durifying Dosnirat	or Cortrid	
	Supplied Air Respirator		Egress Bottle		SCBA		r Purifying Respirat		ye
	Fully Encapsulating Suit	☐ Flash St			NOMEX (flam resistant)		otected Coveralls,	ı ype:	
	Overboots	_	Lanyard		Hardhats		uter Gloves, Type:		
	Safety Glasses		al Goggles		Face Shield		ner Gloves, Type:		<u> </u>
	Reflective Vests	☐ Eye Wa			Safety Shower		rst Aid Kit		☐ PFD's
	Hearing Protection	☐ Evacuat	ion Plan		Communications		operly Sloped	Excavati	ion/



HRP Health and Safety Plan 811-817 Lexington Avenue Off-Site, Site #C224308A 811-817 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, NY

FIRE S	SAFETY							
	Fire Extinguishers  Equipment Grounded & Bon  Smoking Area Designated Lo  Fire Hose Laid Out	nded $\square$	Hot Work Permit Non-Sparking Tools		_	nition Sources Area, Location:	☐ Explosion-Proof Equipment ☐ Area Kept Wet	
ISOLA	ATE EQUIPMENT  Establish Exclusion Zone/Tr  Stop Transfers  GFCIS	affic Cones [ [	<ul><li>☐ Work Signs</li><li>☐ Caution Tape Are</li><li>☐ Temporary Fenci</li></ul>	ea	☐ LockOu	<b>EQUIPMENT</b> at/TagOut nent Grounded		Non-Conductive Tools FR Suits/Coveralls
AIR M	IONITORING	Type of	f Meter:			Date last c	alibrate	ed:
	SUBSTANCE	LEVEL	B MAX.	ACTIO	N LEVEL/LE	/EL C MAX.		LEVEL D MAX.
Healtl	h & Safety Comments	/ Topics &	Safety Rules Re	viewed	/ Question	s / Concerns:		
Contar	minants of Concern:							
HEALT	H & SAFETY SIGNATURI	E:				Date	::	
Is ther	re a Site-Specific or Gene	eric Health &	Safety Plan availa	ble on-sit	e? Yes	s No [		
	HAZARD ZONES NOT A	APPLICABLE,	GENERAL WORK	AREA				
	Level D	ed Level D	Level C					
Anythi	ng above Level C, forem	ıan should us	e a Confined Spac	e Permit,	Form.			
Note:	HOT WORK requires a contaminant of concer							M must record at least one are expected.
LEVEL Respira	C ator Type:							
[	Name		Zone		Time In	Time Out		Decon Type

Before performing Level C work, ALL employees must review HRP's Respiratory Protection Program - a copy of which must be on-site along with a HASP.

# APPENDIX E Equipment Calibration Log



EQUIPMENT C	ALIBRATION LOG	
Instrument	Calibration Date	Calibrated By



# APPENDIX F

COVID-19 Health and Safety Guidelines



# COVID19 SITE SPECIFIC HASP ADDENDUM

This addendum will remain in effect until what time the CDC, NIAID, and/or Surgeon General guidance is provided that removes the heightened awareness of social distancing, hand washing, and other protocols in response to COVID-19.

# **NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SUPPLIES**

- Hand sanitizer (minimum 60% alcohol)
- Squeeze bottles of water (if no running water at job site)
- Soap
- Disinfectant (for tools, vehicles, common areas, etc.)
- Caution tape, cones or similar to set up social distancing boundaries as needed

# **EMPLOYEE HEALTH PROTECTION – ZERO TOLERANCE**

The following applies to both HRP employees and contracted staff working on behalf of the HRP or the client.

- ZERO TOLERANCE FOR SICK WORKERS REPORTING TO WORK. IF YOU ARE SICK, STAY HOME! IF YOU FEEL SICK, GO HOME! IF YOU SEE SOMEONE SICK, SEND THEM HOME!
- If you are exhibiting any of the symptoms below, you are to report this to your supervisor (via phone, text or email) right away, and head home from the job site or stay home if already there.

If you notice a co-worker showing signs or complaining about such symptoms, he or she should be directed to their supervisor (via phone, text or email) and asked to leave the project site immediately.

**COVID-19 Typical Symptoms:** 

- o Fever
- o Cough
- o Shortness of Breath
- Sore Throat
- o Loss of taste or smell
- Prior to starting a shift, each employee will verbally self-certify to their supervisor that they:
  - o Have no signs of a fever or a measured temperature above 100.3 degrees or greater, a cough or trouble breathing within the past 24 hours.
  - o Have not had "close contact" with an individual diagnosed with COVID-19. "Close contact" means living in the same household as a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, caring for a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, being within 6 feet of a person who has tested positive for COVID-19 for about 15 minutes, or coming in direct contact with secretions (e.g., sharing utensils, being coughed on) from a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, while that person was symptomatic.
  - Have not been asked to self-isolate or quarantine by their doctor or a public health official.
  - These self-certifications may be documented at the request of the site owner
- Workers that are working in a confined space or inside a closed building envelope will have to be temperature screened by a Medical Professional or designated individual. Such screening shall be performed out of public view to respect privacy and results are kept private.
- Employees exhibiting symptoms or unable to self-certify should be directed to leave the work

site and seek medical attention and applicable testing by their health care provider. They are not to return to the work site until cleared by a medical professional.

# GENERAL ON-THE-JOB GUIDANCE TO PREVENT EXPOSURE & LIMIT THE TRANSMISSION OF THE VIRUS

# All Job Sites

- o No touching or direct contact with other individuals, including handshaking.
- Wash hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or alternatively when soap and water are not available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% ethanol or 70% isopropanol
- o A "No Congregation" policy is in effect, individuals must implement social distancing by maintaining a minimum distance of 6-feet from all other individuals
- Avoid face to face meetings critical situations requiring in-person discussion must follow social distancing
- Conduct all meetings via conference calls, if possible. Do not convene meetings of more than 10 people. Recommend use of cell phones, texting, web meeting sites and conference calls for project discussion
- o Be sure to use your own water bottle, and do not share
- o To avoid external contamination, bring food from home
- Maintain Social Distancing separation during breaks and lunch.
- To avoid sharing germs, please clean up after yourself. DO NOT make others responsible for moving, unpacking and packing up your personal belongings
- o If you or a family member is feeling ill, stay home!

# Multi-person job sites (i.e. HRP and subcontractors, etc.)

- o Contractor and Field Offices are to be locked down to all but authorized personnel
- Each jobsite should develop cleaning and decontamination procedures that are posted and shared (if multi-person job site). These Procedures must cover all areas including trailers, gates, equipment, vehicles, etc. and shall be posted at all entry points to the sites, and throughout the project site.
- All individual work crew meetings/tailgate talks should be held outside and follow social distancing
- o Please keep all crews a minimum of 6' apart at all times to eliminate the potential of cross contamination
- At each job briefing/tool box talk, employees are asked if they are experiencing any symptoms, and are sent home if they are
- Each jobsite should have laminated COVID-19 safety guidelines and handwashing instructions (last page of this addendum)
- All restroom facilities/porta-potties should be cleaned and handwashing stations must be provided with soap, hand sanitizer and paper towels
- All surfaces should be cleaned at least twice a day, including desk, work stations, door handles, laptops, etc.
- All common areas and meeting areas are to be regularly cleaned and disinfected at least once a day but preferably twice a day
- Single person job sites (just one HRP employee, no subs, vendors, etc.)
  - o It is that person's responsibility to clean and disinfect all tools and reusable supplies upon return to the office

- o Cover coughing or sneezing with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash and wash hands, if no tissue is available then cough into your elbow
- o Avoid touching eyes, nose, and mouth with your hands

# **WORK SITE RISK PREVENTION PRACTICES**

- At the start of each shift, confirm with all employees that they are healthy.
- All employees will be required to wear gloves (either latex or cut resistant depending on the task at hand)
- Use of eye protection is required (Safety glasses or googles at a minimum with or without face shields).
- In work conditions where required social distancing is impossible to achieve, affected employees shall be supplied PPE including as appropriate a standard face covering, gloves, and eye protection.
- All employees shall drive to work site/parking area in a single occupant vehicle. No one should ride together in the same vehicle
- When entering a machine or vehicle which you are not sure you were the last person to enter, make sure that you wipe down the interior and door handles with disinfectant prior to entry
- In instances where it is possible, workers should maintain separation of 6' from each other per CDC guidelines.
- Multi person activities will be limited where feasible (two person lifting activities)
- Large gathering places on the site such as shacks and break areas will be eliminated and instead small break areas will be used with seating limited to ensure social distancing.
- Contact the cleaning person for your office trailer or office space and ensure they have proper COVID- 19 sanitation processes. Increase their cleaning visits to daily
- Clean all high contact surfaces a minimum of twice a day in order to minimize the spread of germs in areas that people touch frequently. This includes but is not limited to desks, laptops and vehicles

**Wash Stations:** All sites without ready access to an indoor bathroom or running water MUST install Wash Stations or provide other means for handwashing

- Install hand wash stations with hot water, if possible, and soap at fire hydrants or other water sources to be used for frequent handwashing for all onsite employees.
- All onsite workers must help to maintain and keep stations clean
- If a worker notices soap or towels are running low or out, immediately notify supervisors
- Garbage barrels will be placed next to the hand wash station for disposal of tissues/towels
- If no other alternative exists, bring squeeze bottles with water and soap (only authorized for single employee job sites)

Please Note: This document is not intended to replace any formalized procedures currently in place within the site specific HASP or any job related contracts.

Where this guidance does not meet or exceed the standards put forth by the state, municipality, site owner, contractor or subcontractor, everyone shall abide by the most stringent procedure.

A site-specific COVID-19 Officer (also known as the Health and Safety Officer) shall be designated for every site.

# Print and post at each job site

COVID-19/ Health and Safety Officer Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Phone Number:













Any issue of non-compliance with these guidelines shall be a basis for pausing the work. The Health and Safety Officer will address corrective actions with the subcontractor. Any additional issues of non-conformance may be subject to action against the subcontractor's prequalification and certification status.

# APPENDIX G

Safety Data Sheets (for chemicals brought to the site)



according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.08.2015 **Revision**: 12.10.2015

Trade Name: Alconox

# 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade Name: Alconox

Synonyms:

Product number: Alconox

1.2 Application of the substance / the mixture : Cleaning material/Detergent

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

ManufacturerSupplierAlconox, Inc.Not Applicable

Alconox, Inc. 30 Glenn Street White Plains, NY 10603 1-914-948-4040

# **Emergency telephone number:**

ChemTel Inc

North America: 1-800-255-3924 International: 01-813-248-0585

# 2 Hazards identification

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008, 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3 and amendments.

# Hazard-determining components of labeling:

Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate Sodium tripolyphosphate Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate

# 2.2 Label elements:

Skin irritation, category 2. Eye irritation, category 2A.

#### Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Warning

#### Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

# **Precautionary statements:**

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13.

according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.08.2015 **Revision**: 12.10.2015

# Trade Name: Alconox

Additional information: None.

**Hazard description** 

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC): None

# Information concerning particular hazards for humans and environment:

The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version.

# Classification system:

The classification is according to EC regulation No. 1272/2008, 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3 and amendments, and extended by company and literature data. The classification is in accordance with the latest editions of international substances lists, and is supplemented by information from technical literature and by information provided by the company.

# 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Chemical characterization: None

3.2 **Description**: None

# 3.3 Hazardous components (percentages by weight)

Identification	Chemical Name	Classification	Wt. %
<b>CAS number:</b> 7758-29-4	Sodium tripolyphosphate	Skin Irrit. 2 ; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	12-28
<b>CAS number:</b> 68081-81-2	Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate	Acute Tox. 4; H303 Skin Irrit. 2 ; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	8-22
<b>CAS number:</b> 7722-88-5	Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate	Skin Irrit. 2 ; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	2-16

# 3.4 Additional Information: None.

# 4 First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: None.

#### After inhalation:

Maintain an unobstructed airway.

Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position.

#### After skin contact:

Wash affected area with soap and water.

Seek medical attention if symptoms develop or persist.

# After eye contact:

Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes.

Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing.

Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.

# After swallowing:

Rinse mouth thoroughly.

Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort, or vomiting persists.

according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.08.2015 **Revision**: 12.10.2015

# Trade Name: Alconox

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

No additional information.

# 5 Firefighting measures

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing agents:

Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: None

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture :

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

# **Protective equipment:**

Wear protective eye wear, gloves and clothing.

Refer to Section 8.

#### 5.4 Additional information :

Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor and aerosols.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

# 6 Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures :

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Ensure air handling systems are operational.

# **6.2** Environmental precautions:

Should not be released into the environment.

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Wear protective eye wear, gloves and clothing.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections: None

# 7 Handling and storage

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid breathing mist or vapor.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or use personal products when handling chemical substances.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s):

No additional information.

according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.08.2015 **Revision**: 12.10.2015

Trade Name: Alconox

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection





# 8.1 Control parameters :

7722-88-5, Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate, OSHA TWA 5 mg/m3.

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls:

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling.

# Respiratory protection:

Not needed under normal conditions.

#### **Protection of skin:**

Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance.

# Eye protection:

Safety goggles or glasses, or appropriate eye protection.

# General hygienic measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color):	White and cream colored flakes - powder	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not determined or not available. Not determined or not available.
Odor:	Not determined or not available.	Vapor pressure at 20°C:	Not determined or not available.
Odor threshold:	Not determined or not available.	Vapor density:	Not determined or not available.
pH-value:	9.5 (aqueous solution)	Relative density:	Not determined or not available.
Melting/Freezing point:	Not determined or not available.	Solubilities:	Not determined or not available.
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Not determined or not available.	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup):	Not determined or not available.	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined or not available.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined or not available.	Decomposition temperature:	Not determined or not available.

according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.08.2015 **Revision**: 12.10.2015

Trade Name: Alconox

Flammability (solid, gaseous):

Not determined or not available.

Not determined or not determined or not determined or not available.

Density at 20°C:

Not determined or not available.

# 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: None

10.2 Chemical stability: None

10.3 Possibility hazardous reactions : None

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None

10.5 Incompatible materials: None

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: None

# 11 Toxicological information

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

# **Acute Toxicity:**

Oral:

: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg oral rat - Product .

Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Causes skin irritation. .

# Serious eye damage/irritation:

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Causes serious eye irritation .

Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate: Rabbit - Risk of serious damage to eyes .

Respiratory or skin sensitization: No additional information.

Carcinogenicity: No additional information.

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer): None of the ingredients are listed.

NTP (National Toxicology Program): None of the ingredients are listed.

**Germ cell mutagenicity:** No additional information. **Reproductive toxicity:** No additional information.

STOT-single and repeated exposure: No additional information.

Additional toxicological information: No additional information.

# 12 Ecological information

according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.08.2015 Revision: 12.10.2015

# Trade Name: Alconox

# 12.1 Toxicity:

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Fish, LC50 1.67 mg/l, 96 hours.

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Aquatic invertebrates, EC50 Daphnia 2.4 mg/l, 48 hours.

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Aquatic Plants, EC50 Algae 29 mg/l, 96 hours.

Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate: Fish, LC50 - other fish - 1,380 mg/l - 96 h.

Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate: Aquatic invertebrates, EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 391 mg/l - 48

h.

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability: No additional information.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: No additional information.
- **12.4 Mobility in soil:** No additional information.

General notes: No additional information.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

**PBT:** No additional information. **vPvB:** No additional information.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No additional information.

# 13 Disposal considerations

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods (consult local, regional and national authorities for proper disposal) Relevant Information:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities. (US 40CFR262.11).

# 14 Transport information

14.1	<b>UN Number:</b> ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA		None
14.2	UN Proper shipping name: ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA		None
14.3	ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA	Class: Label: LTD. QTY:	None None None
,	US DOT Limited Quantity Exception:		None
	Bulk: RQ (if applicable): None Proper shipping Name: None Hazard Class: None Packing Group: None Marine Pollutant (if applicable): N additional information.	0	Non Bulk: RQ (if applicable): None Proper shipping Name: None Hazard Class: None Packing Group: None Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No additional information.

according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.08.2015 **Revision**: 12.10.2015

Trade	e <b>Name</b> : Alconox	
	Comments: None	Comments: None
14.4	Packing group: ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA	None
14.5	Environmental hazards :	None
14.6	Special precautions for user:	None
	Danger code (Kemler):	None
	EMS number:	None
	Segregation groups:	None
	<u> </u>	
14.7	The state of the s	II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.
	The state of the s	II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.
	Transport in bulk according to Annex	II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.  None
	Transport in bulk according to Annex  Transport/Additional information:	

# 15 Regulatory information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture. North American

# SARA

Section 313 (specific toxic chemical listings): None of the ingredients are listed.
Section 302 (extremely hazardous substances): None of the ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Clean up and Liability Act) Reportable

**Spill Quantity**: None of the ingredients are listed.

# TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

**Inventory**: All ingredients are listed. **Rules and Orders**: Not applicable.

# Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer: None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females: None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males: None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity: None of the ingredients are listed.

# Canadian

# Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

# EU

REACH Article 57 (SVHC): None of the ingredients are listed.

according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.08.2015 Revision: 12.10.2015

#### Trade Name: Alconox

Germany MAK: Not classified.

#### **Asia Pacific**

#### **Australia**

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS): All ingredients are listed.

#### China

Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC): All ingredients are listed.

# Japan

Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS): All ingredients are listed.

#### Korea

Existing Chemicals List (ECL): All ingredients are listed.

#### **New Zealand**

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZOIC): All ingredients are listed.

# **Philippines**

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): All ingredients are listed.

#### **Taiwan**

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCI): All ingredients are listed.

# 16 Other Information

# Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

# **Summary of Phrases**

# Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13.

#### **Manufacturer Statement:**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**NFPA:** 1-0-0

 $\textbf{Safety Data Sheet} \\ \text{according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3}$ 

**Effective date**: 12.08.2015 **Revision**: 12.10.2015

Trade Name: Alconox

**HMIS:** 1-0-0

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 5.2 Revision Date 02/24/2014 Print Date 11/13/2016

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Distilled water

Product Number : 07-6061

Brand : Katayama OEM Partner

REACH No. : A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance

or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not

require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later

registration deadline.

CAS-No. : 7732-18-5

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich

3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103

USA

Telephone : +1 800-325-5832 Fax : +1 800-325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

# 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

# 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula : H2O H<sub>2</sub>O Molecular Weight : 18.02 g/mol CAS-No. : 7732-18-5 EC-No. : 231-791-2

No ingredients are hazardous according to OSHA criteria.

No components need to be disclosed according to the applicable regulations.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### If inhaled

If not breathing give artificial respiration

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

no data available

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

no data available

# 5.4 Further information

The product itself does not burn.

# **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For personal protection see section 8.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

no data available

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No special storage conditions required.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

# Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

# 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# Personal protective equipment

# Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method:

EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

# Respiratory protection

No special protective equipment required.

# Control of environmental exposure

Prevent product from entering drains.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: liquid Appearance

Colour: colourless

no data available b) Odour Odour Threshold no data available

d) Hq 6.0 - 8.0 at 25 °C (77 °F)

Melting point/freezing

point

0.0 °C (32.0 °F)

f) Initial boiling point and

100 °C (212 °F) - lit.

boiling range

Flash point not applicable h) Evapouration rate no data available Flammability (solid, gas) no data available Upper/lower no data available

flammability or explosive limits

Vapour pressure no data available Vapour density no data available

1.000 g/cm3 at 3.98 °C (39.16 °F) m) Relative density

Water solubility completely miscible Partition coefficient: nno data available

octanol/water

p) Auto-ignition no data available temperature

Decomposition no data available temperature

Viscosity no data available r) s) Explosive properties no data available Oxidizing properties no data available t)

# 9.2 Other safety information

no data available

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

no data available

Inhalation: no data available

Dermal: no data available

no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

no data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as

probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

# Reproductive toxicity

no data available

no data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

no data available

# **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

# **Additional Information**

RTECS: ZC0110000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

no data available

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

not applicable

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Taking into account local regulations the product may be disposed of as waste water after neutralisation.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

#### **IMDG**

Not dangerous goods

# IATA

Not dangerous goods

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

REACH No. : A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance

or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not

require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later

registration deadline.

# **SARA 302 Components**

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

# **SARA 313 Components**

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

# SARA 311/312 Hazards

No SARA Hazards

# **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

# Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

CAS-No. Revision Date

Water 7732-18-5

**New Jersey Right To Know Components** 

CAS-No. Revision Date

Water 7732-18-5

# California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

# **HMIS Rating**

Health hazard: 0
Chronic Health Hazard:
Flammability: 0
Physical Hazard 0

# **NFPA** Rating

Health hazard: 0
Fire Hazard: 0
Reactivity Hazard: 0

# **Further information**

Copyright 2014 Sigma-Aldrich Co. LLC. License granted to make unlimited paper copies for internal use only. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

# **Preparation Information**

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

Version: 5.2 Revision Date: 02/24/2014 Print Date: 11/13/2016

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 1 of 8

# **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name : Hydrochloric Acid, ACS

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25358
Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific 9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

# Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

# **Emergency telephone number:**

Fisher Science Education Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture:



#### Corrosive

Serious eye damage, category 1 Corrosive to metals, category 1 Skin corrosion, category 1B



# Irritant

Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure, category 3

Corr. Metals 1 Corr. Skin 1B Eye Damage 1 STOT. SE 3

Signal word: Danger

#### **Hazard statements:**

May be corrosive to metals Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May cause respiratory irritation

# **Precautionary statements:**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

Keep out of reach of children

Read label before use

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Keep only in original container

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

Wash skin thoroughly after handling

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

**Effective date:** 01.08.2015 Page 2 of 8

# **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Store in corrosive resistant stainless steel container with a resistant inner liner

Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Other Non-GHS Classification:

# WHMIS





# **NFPA/HMIS**





HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

# SECTION 3 : Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:			
CAS 7647-01-0	Hydrochloric Acid, ACS	30-50 %	
CAS 7732-18-5	Water	50-70 %	
		Percentages are by weight	

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# **Description of first aid measures**

After inhalation: Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Seek medical attention if irritation or coughing persists.

After skin contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes.Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.Immediately seek medical attention.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Flush thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 01.08.2015 Page 3 of 8

# **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

minutes.Remove contact lenses while rinsing.Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

**After swallowing:** Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Have exposed individual drink sips of water. Immediately seek medical attention.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Inhalation may cause irritation to nose and upper respiratory tract, ulceration, coughing, chest tightness and shortness of breath. Higher concentrations cause tachypnoea, pulmonary oedema and suffocation. Ingestion may cause corrosion of lips, mouth, oesophagus and stomach, dysphagia and vomiting. Pain, eye ulceration, conjunctival irritation, cataracts and glaucoma may occur following eye exposure. Erythema and skin irritation, as well as chemical burns to skin and mucous membranes may arise following skin exposure.; Potential sequelae following ingestion of hydrochloric acid include perforation, scarring of the oesophagus or stomach and stricture formation causing dysphagia or gastric outlet obstruction. In some cases, RADS may develop. Respiratory symptoms may take up to 36 hours to develop. Symptoms of burning sensation, cough, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, spasm, inflammation, edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema. Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin.

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Provide SDS to Physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing agents:** Use water, dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam

# For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include carbon oxides or other toxic vapors. If in contact with metals toxic fumes may be released.

# Advice for firefighters:

**Protective equipment:** Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8. Wear respiratory protection.

**Additional information (precautions):** Thermal decomposition can produce poisoning chlorine. Hydrochloric acid reacts also with many organic materials with liberation of heat. Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

# **SECTION 6 : Accidental release measures**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure that air-handling systems are operational.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Should not be released into environment. Prevent from reaching drains, sewer, or waterway.

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Always obey local regulations. If necessary use trained response staff or contractor. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Containerize for disposal. Refer to Section 13. Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Cover spill with soda ash or calcium carbonate. Mix and add water to form slurry. Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.

#### Reference to other sections:

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 4 of 8

# **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

# Precautions for safe handling:

Prevent formation of aerosols. Never use hot water and never add water to the acid.Do not allow contact between hydrochloric acid, metal, and organics.Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8. Prevent contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Follow proper disposal methods. Refer to Section 13. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Use only in well ventilated areas.Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from incompatible materials. Provide ventilation for containers. Keep container tightly sealed. Containers for hydrochloric acid must be made from corrosion resistant materials: glass, polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride, carbon steel lined with rubber or ebonite.

# SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection









**Control Parameters:** 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric Acid, ACGIH: 2 ppm Ceiling

7647-01-0, Hydrochloric Acid, NIOSH: 5 ppm Ceiling; 7 mg/m3 Ceiling

**Appropriate Engineering controls:** Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the

airborne concentrations of vapor and mists below the applicable

workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be

available in the immediate vicinity of handling.

**Respiratory protection:** Not required under normal conditions of use. Where risk assessment

shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. When necessary use NIOSH approved

breathing equipment.

**Protection of skin:** Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Select

glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Wear

protective clothing.

**Eye protection:** Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Tightly fitting safety goggles.

**General hygienic measures:** Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and

immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes,

and clothing. Before rewearing wash contaminated clothing.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,color):	Clear, colorless liquid.	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Non Explosive Non Explosive
Odor:	Pungent odor	Vapor pressure:	5.7mmHg @ 0C
Odor threshold:	0.3 - 14.9 mg/m3	Vapor density:	1.27 (Air=1)
pH-value:	< 1	Relative density:	1.0 - 1.2

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 5 of 8

# **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

Melting/Freezing point:	- 74 C	Solubilities:	Miscible
Boiling point/Boiling range:	81.5 - 110 C	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not Determined
Flash point (closed cup):	Not Applicable	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not Determined
Evaporation rate:	>1.00	Decomposition temperature:	Not Determined
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	non combustible	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic:Not Determined b. Dynamic: Not Determined

**Density**: Not Determined **Hydrochloric Acid:**MW is36.46

# SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity:**Reacts violently with bases and is corrosive.

**Chemical stability:** No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

**Possible hazardous reactions:**Attacks many metals in the presence of water forming flammable explosive gas (hydrogen).Reacts violently with oxidants forming toxic gas (chlorine).

**Conditions to avoid:**Incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials:**Bases, Amines, Alkali metals, Metals, permanganates (potassium permanganate), Fluorine, Metal acetylides, Hexalithium disilicide.

**Hazardous decomposition products:**Hydrogen chloride gas.Carbon oxides.

# SECTION 11 : Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:				
Inhalation:	7647-01-0	LD50 Rat 3124 ppm/hour		
Oral:	7647-01-0	LD50 Rat 238 - 277 mg/kg		
Dermal:	7647-01-0	LD50 Rabbit >5010 mg/kg		
Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.				
Corrosion Irritation:				
Dermal:	7647-01-0	Skin - rabbit Result: Causes burns.		
Ocular:	7647-01-0	Eyes - rabbit Result: Corrosive to eyes		
Sensitization:		No additional information.		
Single Target Organ (STOT):		7647-01-0: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.		
Numerical Measures:		No additional information.		
Carcinogenicity:		No additional information.		
Mutagenicity:		No additional information.		

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 6 of 8

# **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

Reproductive Toxicity: No additional information.

# SECTION 12 : Ecological information

# **Ecotoxicity**

7647-01-0: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Gambusia affinis (Mosquito fish) - 282 mg/l - 96 h (Hydrochloric acid)

Persistence and degradability: Bioaccumulative potential:

Mobility in soil:

Other adverse effects:

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# Waste disposal recommendations:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or open water.It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of empty containers as unused product. Product or containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN-Number**

1789

# **UN proper shipping name**

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

# Transport hazard class(es)



# Class:

8 Corrosive substances

Packing group: II

**Environmental hazard:** 

Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user:

# SECTION 15 : Regulatory information

# United States (USA)

# SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Acute

# SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

7647-01-0 Hydrochloric Acid

# RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients is listed

# TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 7 of 8

#### **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

#### CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

7647-01-0 Hydrochloric Acid 5000 lbs

#### Proposition 65 (California):

#### Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Canada

#### Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

# Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

# Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

7647-01-0 Hydrochloric Acid

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

#### GHS Full Text Phrases:

# Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 01.08.2015 Page 8 of 8

# **Hydrochloric Acid, ACS**

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

Effective date: 01.08.2015 Last updated: 03.20.2015

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 Page 1 of 7

#### Nitric Acid, 3M

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Nitric Acid, 3M

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25860

Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific 9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

#### Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

Fisher Science Education Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture:



#### Oxidizing

Oxidizing liquids, category 3



#### Corrosive

Serious eye damage, category 1 Skin corrosion, category 1B

Ox. liq. 3

Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin Corr. 1B

Eye Damage 1

Signal word : Danger

# Hazard statements:

May intensify fire; oxidizer

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Causes serious eye damage

#### **Precautionary statements:**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

Keep out of reach of children

Read label before use

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

Keep/Store away from clothing/combustible materials

Wash skin thoroughly after handling

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 Page 2 of 7

#### Nitric Acid, 3M

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

In case of fire: Use agents recommended in section 5 for extinction

Store locked up

Dispose of contents/container to ...

#### Other Non-GHS Classification:

# **WHMIS**





NFPA/HMIS





HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

# SECTION 3 : Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:		
CAS 7697-37-2	Nitric Acid	26.03 %
CAS 7732-18-5	Deionized Water	73.97 %
		Percentages are by weight

#### **SECTION 4 : First aid measures**

## **Description of first aid measures**

After inhalation: Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists.

After skin contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. Rinse or flush skin/hair gently with water for at least 30 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Rinse or flush eye gently with water for at least 30 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids. Seek immediate medical attention (ophthalmologist)

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 Page 3 of 7

#### Nitric Acid, 3M

**After swallowing:** Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Have exposed individual drink sips of water. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort or vomiting persists.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Headache, Shortness of breath.Irritation/burns, all routes of exposure.May cause severe burns, blindness and/or permanent damage. May cause burns, deep penetrating ulcerations of the skin, delayed tissue destruction, redness, pain. May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea;

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician.

#### **SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing agents:** Does not burn. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.If in laboratory setting, follow laboratory fire suppression procedures. Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition

#### For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include carbon oxides or other toxic vapors. Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

#### Advice for firefighters:

#### **Protective equipment:**

**Additional information (precautions):** Move product containers away from fire or keep cool with water spray as a protective measure, where feasible.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from ignition sources. Protect from heat. Stop the spill, if possible. Contain spilled material by diking or using inert absorbent. Transfer to a disposal or recovery container.

# **Environmental precautions:**

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization per Section 13

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan procedures. Collect liquids using vacuum or by use of absorbents. Place into properly labeled containers for recovery or disposal. If necessary, use trained response staff/contractor.

# Reference to other sections:

#### **SECTION 7 : Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Prevent formation of aerosols. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan. Use only in well ventilated areas. Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas. No smoking. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Keep container tightly sealed. Store with like hazards. Storage class (TRGS 510): Oxidizing

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 Page 4 of 7

#### Nitric Acid, 3M

hazardous materials

#### SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection









**Control Parameters:** 7697-37-2, Nitric Acid, NIOSH 4 ppm STEL; 10 mg/m3 STEL 7697-37-2, Nitric Acid, NIOSH 2 ppm TWA; 5 mg/m3 TWA

7697-37-2, Nitric Acid, ACGIH 4 ppm STEL 7697-37-2, Nitric Acid, ACGIH 2 ppm TWA

**Appropriate Engineering controls:** Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

the immediate vicinity of use/handling.Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational

Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.

**Respiratory protection:** Not required under normal conditions of use. Use suitable respiratory

protective device when high concentrations are present. Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. For spills,

respiratory protection may be advisable.

**Protection of skin:** The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/

the substance/ the preparation being used/handled. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and

the degradation.

**Eye protection:** Safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

**General hygienic measures:** The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling

chemicals. Keep away from food, beverages and feed sources.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands

before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale

gases/fumes/dust/mist/vapor/aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and

skin.

#### **SECTION 9 : Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance (physical state,color):	colorless liquid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not Determined Not Determined
Odor:	strong acrid	Vapor pressure:	49 hPa (37 mmHg) at 50 °C (122 °F)
Odor threshold:	0.29 ppm	Vapor density:	2.5 (Air = 1)
pH-value:	<1.0	Relative density:	1.413 g/cm3 at 20 °C (68 °F)
Melting/Freezing point:	-41.6°C (-42.9°F)	Solubilities:	Soluble
Boiling point/Boiling range:	120.5 °C (248.9 °F)	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not Determined
Flash point (closed cup):	Not Determined	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not Determined

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 Page 5 of 7

#### Nitric Acid, 3M

Evaporation rate:	Not Determined	Decomposition temperature:	Not Determined
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	Not Determined	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic:Not Determined b. Dynamic: Not Determined
<b>Density</b> : Not Determined			

#### SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity:**Oxidizer.Reacts violently with alcohol, organic material, turpene, charcoal. Violent reaction with Nitric acid + Acetone and Sulfuric acid. Nitric Acid will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic, corrosive and flammable vapors. (Nitric acid, fuming)

**Chemical stability:**No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Possible hazardous reactions: Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire

**Conditions to avoid:**excess heat.combustible materials.Incompatible Materials.

**Incompatible materials:**Highly reactive with alkalis.Reactive with reducing agents. combustible materials.

organic materials, metals. Acids. Reducing agents. aldehydes.

Hazardous decomposition products: Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

# SECTION 11 : Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:			
Inhalation:	67 ppm 4 h	Inhalation LC50 Rat	
Chronic Toxicity: No	o additional information.		
Corrosion Irritation	:		
Dermal:		Rabbit: Corrosive	
Ocular:		Rabbit: Corrosive to eyes	
Dermal:	Section 2	Classified as causing severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Ocular:	Section 2	Classified as causing serious eye damage	
Sensitization:		No additional information.	
Single Target Organ (STOT):		No additional information.	
Numerical Measures:		No additional information.	
Carcinogenicity:		No additional information.	
Mutagenicity:		No additional information.	
Reproductive Toxicity:		Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.	

# SECTION 12 : Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability**: Readily degradable in the environment.

**Bioaccumulative potential:** 

**Mobility in soil**: Aqueous solution has high mobility in soil.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 Page 6 of 7

#### Nitric Acid, 3M

#### Other adverse effects:

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### Waste disposal recommendations:

Product/containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system or open water. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Consult federal state/ provincial and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of waste material that may incorporate some amount of this product.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN-Number**

2031

# **UN proper shipping name**

Nitric Acid

#### Transport hazard class(es)



#### Class:

8 Corrosive substances

Packing group: II

**Environmental hazard:** 

Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user:

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **United States (USA)**

#### SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Acute, Chronic

#### SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

7697-37-2 Nitric Acid

#### RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients is listed

# TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

#### CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

7697-37-2 Nitric acid 1000 lbs

# Proposition 65 (California):

# Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 Page 7 of 7

#### Nitric Acid, 3M

#### Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Canada

#### Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

# Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

# Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

7697-37-2 Nitric Acid

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

**Effective date**: 12.29.2014 **Last updated**: 03.23.2015

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 1 of 8

#### Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25426A

Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific
9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

#### Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

Fisher Science Education Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture:



# **Flammable**

Flammable liquids, category 2



#### Toxic

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation), category 3



#### **Health hazard**

Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure, category 1

AcTox Dermal. 3 Flammable liq. 2 AcTox Oral. 3

AcTox Inhaln. 3

Stot SE. 1

Signal word : Danger

#### Hazard statements:

Highly flammable liquid and vapour Toxic if swallowed Toxic in contact with skin Toxic if inhaled Causes damage to organs

#### **Precautionary statements:**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand Keep out of reach of children Read label before use **Effective date:** 01.08.2015 Page 2 of 8

#### Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Wash skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Specific measures (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Store locked up

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13

#### Other Non-GHS Classification:

#### **WHMIS**







#### **NFPA/HMIS**





HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

# SECTION 3 : Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:		
CAS 67-56-1	Methanol	>90 %

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 3 of 8

#### Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

Percentages are by weight

#### **SECTION 4 : First aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

**After inhalation:** Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Get medical assistance. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen

**After skin contact:** Wash affected area with soap and water. Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.

**After eye contact:** Protect unexposed eye. Rinse or flush eye gently with water for at least 15-20 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned

**After swallowing:** Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Have exposed individual drink sips of water. Dilute mouth with water or milk after rinsing.Get medical assistance.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Poison. Toxic by ingestion, absorption through skin and inhalation, potentially causing irreversible effects. Irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. Irritation- all routes of exposure. Shortness of breath. Nausea. Headache. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Cannot be made non-poisonous. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, and diarrhea. Central nervous system disorders. Skin disorders, preexisting eye disorders, gastrointestinal tract; Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects by inhalation, ingestion or absorption through skin. Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals. May cause adverse kidney and liver effects

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing agents:** Dry chemical, foam, dry sand, or Carbon Dioxide. Water spray can keep containers cool.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water may be ineffective.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated

#### Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment: Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.

**Additional information (precautions):** Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautions against static discharge.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above. Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Should not be released into environment.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

If necessary use trained response staff or contractor. Remove all sources of ignition. Contain spillage and then

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 4 of 8

#### Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

collect. Do not flush to sewer. Absorb with a noncombustible absorbent material such as sand or earth and containerize for disposal. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Follow proper disposal methods. Refer to Section 13.

#### Reference to other sections:

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling:

Use in a chemical fume hood. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Take precautions against static discharge.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Keep container tightly sealed. Store with like hazards. Protect from freezing and physical damage.

#### SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection







Control Parameters: 67-56-1, Methanol, ACGIH: 250 ppm STEL; 200 ppm TWA

67-56-1, Methanol, NIOSH: 250 ppm STEL; 325 mg/m3 STEL 67-56-1, Methanol, NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA

**Appropriate Engineering controls:** Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Ensure that dust-handling systems (exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed to prevent the escape of dust into the work

area.

**Respiratory protection:** Use in a chemical fume hood. If exposure limit is exceeded, a full-face

respirator with organic cartridge may be worn.

**Protection of skin:** Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Select

glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation.

**Eye protection:** Safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

General hygienic measures: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the

eyes and skin.Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices.Perform routine

housekeeping.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,color):	Clear colorless liquid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	6 31
Odor:	Alcohol	Vapor pressure:	128 hPa @ 20°C
Odor threshold:	Not Available	Vapor density:	1.11
pH-value:	Not Available	Relative density:	0.79
Melting/Freezing point:	-98°C	Solubilities:	Miscible at 20 °C

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 5 of 8

# Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

Boiling point/Boiling range:	64.7°C @ 760mmHg	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not Available
Flash point (closed cup):	12°C	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	455°C
Evaporation rate:	5.2	Decomposition temperature:	Not Available
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	Flammable	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic:Not Available b. Dynamic: Not Available
Density: Not Available			

# SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity:** Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

**Chemical stability:**Stable under normal conditions.

**Possible hazardous reactions:** None under normal processing.

**Conditions to avoid:**Excess heat, Incompatible Materials, flames, or sparks.

**Incompatible materials:** Oxidizing agents, reducing agents, alkali metals, acids, sodium, potassium, metals as

powders, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, powdered magnesium, and aluminum.

Hazardous decomposition products:carbon monoxide, formaldehyde.

# **SECTION 11 : Toxicological information**

Acute Toxicity:			
Dermal:	(rabbit)	LD-50 15800 mg/kg	
Oral:	(rat)	LD-50 5628 mg/kg	
Inhalation:	(rat)	LC-50 130,7 mg/l	
Chronic Toxicity: No	additional information.		
Corrosion Irritation	:		
Ocular:		Irritating to eyes	
Dermal:		Irritating to skin	
Sensitization:		No additional information.	
Single Target Orgai	ı (STOT):	Classified as causing damage to organs:Eyes, skin, optic nerve, gastrointestinal tract, central nervous system, respiratory system, liver, spleen, kidney, blood	
Numerical Measure	s:	No additional information.	
Carcinogenicity:		Teratogenicity: has occurred in experimental animals.	
Mutagenicity:		Mutagenetic effects have occurred in experimental animals.	

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 01.08.2015 Page 6 of 8

#### Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

Reproductive Toxicity:

Developmental Effects
(Immediate/Delayed) have occurred in experimental animals

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Freshwater Fish: 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 28200 mg/L

Freshwater Fish: 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 19500 - 20700 mg/L

Freshwater Fish: 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: >100 mg/L Freshwater Fish: 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 18 - 20 mL/L

Freshwater Fish: 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13500 - 17600 mg/L

**Persistence and degradability**: Not persistant. **Bioaccumulative potential**: Not Bioaccumulative.

Mobility in soil: Aqueous solution has high mobility in soil.

Other adverse effects:

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste disposal recommendations:

Methanol RCRA waste code U154. Do not allow product to reach sewage system or open water. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Absorb with a noncombustible absorbent material such as sand or earth and containerize for disposal. Provide ventilation. Have fire extinguishing agent available in case of fire. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification.

## SECTION 14 : Transport information

#### **UN-Number**

UN1230

#### **UN proper shipping name**

Methanol

# Transport hazard class(es)



# Class:

3 Flammable liquids



# Class:

6.1 Toxic substances

Packing group: II

**Environmental hazard:** 

Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user:

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 7 of 8

#### Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

#### **United States (USA)**

#### SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Acute, Chronic, Fire

#### SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

67-56-1 Methanol

#### RCRA (hazardous waste code):

67-56-1 Methanol RCRA waste code U154

#### TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

#### CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

67-56-1 Methanol 5000 lbs

# Proposition 65 (California):

#### Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

## Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

67-56-1 Methanol

#### Canada

# Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

# Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

67-56-1 Methanol

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 01.08.2015 Page 8 of 8

# Methanol, Lab Grade, 4L

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

**Effective date** : 01.08.2015 **Last updated** : 03.27.2015

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.14.2014 Page 1 of 7

#### Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name : Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25881

Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific 9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

#### Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

Fisher Science Education Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture:



#### Corrosive

Serious eye damage, category 1 Corrosive to metals, category 1 Skin corrosion, category 1B

Skin Corr. 1B Eye corr. 1 Metal Corr. 1

Signal word: Danger

#### **Hazard statements:**

May be corrosive to metals

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Causes serious eye damage

#### **Precautionary statements:**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

Keep out of reach of children

Read label before use

Keep only in original container

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash ... thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

**Effective date**: 12.14.2014 Page 2 of 7

#### Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Store in a corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner Store locked up Dispose of contents/container to ...

# Other Non-GHS Classification:

#### WHMIS



#### NFPA/HMIS





HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

#### SECTION 3 : Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:			
CAS 1310-73-2	Sodium Hydroxide		2 %
CAS 7732-18-5	Deionized Water		98 %
		Perce	entages are by weight

# **SECTION 4 : First aid measures**

# **Description of first aid measures**

After inhalation: Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists. If breathing difficult, give oxygen.

After skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash affected area with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort persist.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Immediately get medical assistance.

After swallowing: Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Have exposed individual drink sips of water. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort or vomiting persists.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation, Nausea, Headache, Shortness of breath.;

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.14.2014 Page 3 of 7

#### Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician.

#### **SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing agents:** If in laboratory setting, follow laboratory fire suppression procedures. Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition

# For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include carbon oxides or other toxic vapors. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Sodium oxides.

#### Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment: Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus.

**Additional information (precautions):** Move product containers away from fire or keep cool with water spray as a protective measure, where feasible.

#### **SECTION 6 : Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Transfer to a disposal or recovery container. Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from ignition sources. Protect from heat.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization per Section 13

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan procedures. Place into properly labeled containers for recovery or disposal. If necessary, use trained response staff/contractor. Collect liquid and dilute with water. Neutralize with dilute acid solutions. Decant water to drain with excess water. Absorb with suitable material. Dispose of remaining solid as normal refuse. Always obey local regulations.

#### Reference to other sections:

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage due to corrosiveness to metal. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands after handling. Do not mix with acids. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Use only in well ventilated areas.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Protect from freezing and physical damage. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Store with Corrosives.

# SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection





according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.14.2014 Page 4 of 7

#### Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

**Control Parameters:** 1310-73-2, Sodium Hydroxide, OSHA PEL TWA 2 mg/m3

1310-73-2, Sodium Hydroxide, ACGIH TLV TWA 2 mg/m3

**Appropriate Engineering controls:** Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

the immediate vicinity of use/handling.Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or dusts (total/respirable) below the applicable workplace exposure limits

(Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.

**Respiratory protection:** Not required under normal conditions of use. Use suitable respiratory

protective device when high concentrations are present. Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. For spills,

respiratory protection may be advisable.

**Protection of skin:** The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/

the substance/ the preparation being used/handled. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and

the degradation.

**Eye protection:** Safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

**General hygienic measures:** The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling

chemicals. Keep away from food, beverages and feed sources.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands

before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale

gases/fumes/dust/mist/vapor/aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and

skin.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,color):	Clear, colorless liquid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Non Explosive Non Explosive
Odor:	Odorless	Vapor pressure:	14mmHg @ 20C
Odor threshold:	Not Determined	Vapor density:	>1
pH-value:	Alkaline	Relative density:	Approx 1
Melting/Freezing point:	Approx 0°C	Solubilities:	Soluble in Water
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Approx 100°C	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not Determined
Flash point (closed cup):	Not Determined	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not Determined
Evaporation rate:	Not Determined	Decomposition temperature:	Not Determined
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	Not Determined	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic:Not Determined b. Dynamic: Not Determined
<b>Density</b> : Not Determined	Density: Not Determined		

#### SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity:

**Chemical stability:** No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Possible hazardous reactions:

Conditions to avoid:Incompatible materials, excess heat

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.14.2014 Page 5 of 7

#### Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

**Incompatible materials:** acids, Organic materials, Chlorinated solvents, Aluminum, Phosphorus, Tin/tin oxides, Zinc

Hazardous decomposition products: sodium oxides, hydrogen. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

# **SECTION 11 : Toxicological information**

Acute Toxicity: No additional information.			
Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.	Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.		
Corrosion Irritation: No additional information			
Sensitization: No additional information.			
Single Target Organ (STOT): No additional information.			
Numerical Measures: No additional information.			
Carcinogenicity: No additional information.			
Mutagenicity: No additional information.			
Reproductive Toxicity: No additional information.			

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability: Readily degradable in the environment.

Bioaccumulative potential: Not Bioaccumulative.

Mobility in soil:

Other adverse effects:

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# Waste disposal recommendations:

Product/containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system or open water.It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Consult federal state/ provincial and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of waste material that may incorporate some amount of this product.Neutralize with dilute acid solutions.

# SECTION 14 : Transport information

#### **UN-Number**

1824

# **UN proper shipping name**

Sodium hydroxide solution

#### Transport hazard class(es)



Class:

8 Corrosive substances

Packing group: II

**Environmental hazard:** 

Transport in bulk:

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.14.2014 Page 6 of 7

#### Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

# Special precautions for user:

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### United States (USA)

#### SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

#### SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

#### RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients is listed

#### TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

#### CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

1310-73-2 Sodium Hydroxide 1000 lb

# Proposition 65 (California):

#### Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Canada

# Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

# Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

1310-73-2 Sodium Hydroxide

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 12.14.2014 Page 7 of 7

#### Sodium Hydroxide, 0.5M

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

**Effective date**: 12.14.2014 **Last updated**: 03.25.2015



Revision date: 05-16-2014

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 1. Identification

Product identifier: SODIUM BISULFATE

Other means of identification Product No.: 7432, 3534

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: Not available. Restrictions on use: Not known.

#### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company Name: Avantor Performance Materials, Inc. Address: 3477 Corporate Parkway, Suite 200

Center Valley, PA 18034

Telephone:

Customer Service: 855-282-6867

Fax:

Contact Person: Environmental Health & Safety e-mail: info@avantormaterials.com

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

24 Hour Emergency: 908-859-2151

Chemtrec: 800-424-9300

#### 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### Hazard classification

#### **Health hazards**

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

# Label elements

# Hazard symbol:



Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statement:** Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Precautionary statement**

**Prevention:** Wear eye protection/face protection.

Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call

a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.



Revision date: 05-16-2014

Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:

None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical identity	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
SODIUM BISULFATE (HYDRATED FORM)		10034-88-5	90 - 100%

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

General information: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Show this safety data sheet

to the doctor in attendance.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth thoroughly. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation

persists after washing.

**Eye contact:** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician

or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Symptoms:** Causes serious eye damage.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment:** Treat symptomatically.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

**General fire hazards:** No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

## Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

# Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting

procedures:

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Cool containers exposed to

flames with water until well after the fire is out.



Revision date: 05-16-2014

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in

enclosed spaces, SCBA.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Keep unauthorized personnel away. Use personal protective equipment.

See Section 8 of the MSDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

up:

Sweep up and place in a clearly labeled container for chemical waste.

Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Notification Procedures:** Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Inform

authorities if large amounts are involved.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into

drains, water courses or onto the ground.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dust. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any

including any incompatibilities:

Keep containers tightly closed. Store in cool, dry place. Store in a well-

ventilated place.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

None of the components have assigned exposure limits.

Appropriate engineering

controls

No data available.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**General information:** Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used.

Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an

acceptable level.

**Eye/face protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection:

Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact.

**Other:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory protection:** In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection.

**Hygiene measures:** Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Always observe good personal

hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned.



Revision date: 05-16-2014

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state: Solid

Form: Crystals or powder.

Color: Colorless Odor: Odorless

No data available. Odor threshold:

1.4 pH: 58 °C Melting point/freezing point:

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available. Flash Point: No data available. No data available. **Evaporation rate:** Flammability (solid, gas): No data available.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%): No data available. Flammability limit - lower (%): No data available. No data available. Explosive limit - upper (%): **Explosive limit - lower (%):** No data available. Vapor pressure: No data available. Vapor density: No data available.

Relative density: 2.1 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water: 670 g/l

No data available. Solubility (other): Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No data available. No data available. Auto-ignition temperature: **Decomposition temperature:** No data available. Viscosity: No data available.

Other information

Molecular weight: 138.08 g/mol

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability: Material is unstable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. The substance is hygroscopic

and will absorb water by contact with the moisture in the air.

Conditions to avoid: Contact with incompatible materials. Moisture. Avoid conditions which

create dust.

Incompatible materials: Strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

Sulfur dioxide gas may be liberated from the product.

# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.



Revision date: 05-16-2014

**Inhalation:** May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

**Skin contact:** May cause irritation.

**Eye contact:** Causes serious eye damage.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

**Product:** No data available.

**Dermal** 

**Product:** No data available.

Inhalation

**Product:** No data available.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Product:** No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** May cause skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Product:** Not a skin sensitizer.

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** This substance has no evidence of carcinogenic properties.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro

**Product:** No mutagenic components identified

In vivo

**Product:** No mutagenic components identified

Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** No components toxic to reproduction

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**Product:** No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**Product:** No data available.

Aspiration hazard

Product: Not classified

Other effects: None known.



Revision date: 05-16-2014

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity:** 

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

**Product:** No data available.

Aquatic invertebrates

**Product:** No data available.

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

**Product:** No data available.

**Aquatic invertebrates** 

**Product:** No data available.

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants** 

**Product:** No data available.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

**Product:** There are no data on the degradability of this product.

**BOD/COD** ratio

**Product:** No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)** 

**Product:** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)
Product:
No data available.

**Mobility in soil:** The product is water soluble and may spread in water systems.

Other adverse effects: The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous.

However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills

can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions:** Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local

laws.

Contaminated packaging: Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even

after container is emptied.



Revision date: 05-16-2014

14. Transport information	

DOT

UN number: UN 3260

UN proper shipping name: Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.(SODIUM BISULFATE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class(es): 8
Label(s): 8
Packing group: III
Marine Pollutant: No

**IMDG** 

UN number: UN 3260

UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.(SODIUM

**BISULFATE**)

Transport hazard class(es)

 Class(es):
 8

 Label(s):
 8

 EmS No.:
 F-A, S-B

 Packing group:
 III

 Marine Pollutant:
 No

**IATA** 

UN number: UN 3260

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.(SODIUM BISULFATE)

Transport hazard class(es):

Class(es): 8
Label(s): 8

Marine Pollutant: No
Packing group: III

# 15. Regulatory information

# **US federal regulations**

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Superfund amendments and reauthorization act of 1986 (SARA)

#### **Hazard categories**

Χ	Acute (Immediate)		Chronic (Delayed)		Fire		Reactive		Pressure Generating
---	-------------------	--	-------------------	--	------	--	----------	--	---------------------

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

# SARA 304 Emergency release notification

None present or none present in regulated quantities.



Revision date: 05-16-2014

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Chemical identity Threshold Planning Quantity

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

# **US state regulations**

# **US. California Proposition 65**

No ingredient regulated by CA Prop 65 present.

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

No ingredient regulated by NJ Right-to-Know Law present.

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

#### US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

No ingredient regulated by PA Right-to-Know Law present.

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

#### **Inventory Status:**

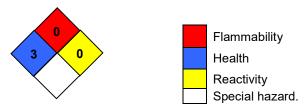
Australia AICS:
Canada DSL Inventory List:
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:
Japan (ENCS) List:
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):
Canada NDSL Inventory:
Philippines PICCS:
US TSCA Inventory:
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:
Japan ISHL Listing:

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:

On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory Not in compliance with the inventory. On or in compliance with the inventory Not in compliance with the inventory. Not in compliance with the inventory. On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory Not in compliance with the inventory. Not in compliance with the inventory.

## 16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

#### **NFPA Hazard ID**



Hazard rating: 0 - Minimal; 1 - Slight; 2 - Moderate; 3 - Serious; 4 - Severe

**Issue date:** 05-16-2014



Revision date: 05-16-2014

**Revision date:** No data available.

Version #: 1.0

**Further information:** No data available.

**Disclaimer:** THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

SHEET (MSDS/SDS) WAS PREPARED BY TECHNICAL PERSONNEL BASED ON DATA THAT THEY BELIEVE IN THEIR GOOD FAITH

JUDGMENT IS ACCURATE. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION PROVIDED

HEREIN IS PROVIDED "AS IS," AND AVANTOR PERFORMANCE MATERIALS MAKES AND GIVES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES REGARDING SUCH INFORMATION AND THE PRODUCT

TO WHICH IT RELATES, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, OR

STATUTORY, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES OF

ACCURACY, COMPLETENESS, MERCHANTABILITY, NON-

INFRINGEMENT, PERFORMANCE, SAFETY, SUITABILITY, STABILITY, AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND ANY WARRANTIES ARISING FROM COURSE OF DEALING, COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, OR USAGE OF TRADE. THIS MSDS/SDS IS INTENDED ONLY AS A GUIDE TO THE APPROPRIATE PRECAUTIONARY HANDLING OF THE MATERIAL BY A PROPERLY TRAINED PERSON USING THIS PRODUCT, AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE COMPREHENSIVE AS TO THE MANNER AND CONDITIONS OF USE, HANDLING, STORAGE, OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT. INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING THIS MSDS/SDS MUST ALWAYS EXERCISE THEIR OWN INDEPENDENT JUDGMENT IN DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATENESS OF SUCH ISSUES.

ACCORDINGLY, AVANTOR PERFORMANCE MATERIALS ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR THE USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION. NO SUGGESTIONS FOR USE ARE INTENDED AS, AND NOTHING HEREIN SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS, A RECOMMENDATION TO INFRINGE ANY EXISTING PATENTS OR TO VIOLATE ANY FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, OR FOREIGN LAWS. AVANTOR PERFORMANCE MATERIALS REMINDS YOU THAT IT IS YOUR LEGAL DUTY TO MAKE

ALL INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS/SDS AVAILABLE TO YOUR

EMPLOYEES.

# ATTACHMENT B

Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP)



# **Community Air Monitoring Plan**

This Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) requires real-time monitoring for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and particulates (i.e., dust) at the downwind perimeter of each designated work area when certain activities are in progress during remedial activities at the site. The CAMP is not intended for use in establishing action levels for workers respiratory protection. Rather, its intent is to provide a measure of protection for the downwind community (i.e., off-site receptors including residences and businesses and on-site workers not directly involved with the subject work activities) from potential airborne contaminant releases as a direct result of investigative and remedial work activities. The action levels specified herein require increased monitoring, corrective actions to abate emissions, and/or work shutdown. Additionally, the CAMP helps to confirm that work activities did not spread contamination off-site through the air. The CAMP was developed in accordance with Appendices 1A & 1B of DER-10, included at the end of this CAMP.

Reliance on the CAMP should not preclude simple, common-sense measures to keep VOCs, dust, and odors at a minimum around the work areas.

Depending on the nature of known or potential contaminants at the site, real-time air monitoring for VOCs and/or particulate levels at the perimeter of the exclusion zone or work area will be necessary.

**Continuous monitoring** will be required for all <u>ground intrusive</u> activities. Ground intrusive activities include, but are not limited to, soil/waste excavation and handling, test pitting or trenching.

**Periodic monitoring** for VOCs will be required during <u>non-intrusive</u> activities such as the collection of soil and groundwater samples. "Periodic" monitoring during sample collection might reasonably consist of taking a reading upon arrival at a sample location, monitoring while opening a well cap or overturning soil, monitoring during well baling/purging, and taking a reading prior to leaving a sample location. In some instances, depending upon the proximity of potentially exposed individuals, continuing monitoring may be required during sampling activities.

# **Particulate Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions**

Particulate concentrations will be monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeters of the exclusion zone at temporary particulate monitoring stations. The particulate monitoring will be performed using real-time monitoring equipment capable of measuring particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in size (PM-10) and capable of integrating over a period of 15 minutes (or less) for comparison to the airborne particulate action level. The equipment will be equipped with an audible alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level. In addition, fugitive dust migration will be visually assessed during all work activities.

- If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter (mcg/m³) greater than the background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques will be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.
- If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than 150 mcg/m³ above the upwind level, work will be stopped and a re- evaluation of activities initiated. Work can resume provided that dust suppression measures

and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within 150 mcg/m<sup>3</sup> of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

• All readings will be recorded and be available for State (DEC and DOH) personnel to review.

# **VOC Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions**

VOCs will be monitored at the downwind perimeter of the immediate work area (i.e., the exclusion zone) on a continuous basis or as otherwise specified. Upwind concentrations will be measured at the start of each workday and periodically thereafter to establish background conditions. The monitoring work will be performed using a photo ionization detector (PID) equipped with a 10.2 eV bulb. The PID will be calibrated at least daily for the contaminant(s) of concern or for an appropriate surrogate. The equipment will be capable of calculating 15-minute running average concentrations, which will be compared to the levels specified below.

- If the ambient air concentration of total organic vapors at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone exceeds 5 parts per million (ppm) above background for the 15- minute average, work activities must be temporarily halted and monitoring continued. If the total organic vapor level readily decreases (per instantaneous readings) below 5 ppm over background, work activities can resume with continued monitoring.
- If total organic vapor levels at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone persist at levels in excess of 5 ppm over background but less than 25 ppm, work activities will be halted, the source of the vapors identified, corrective actions taken to abate emissions, and monitoring continued. After these steps, work activities can resume provided that the total organic vapor level 200 feet downwind of the exclusion zone or half the distance to the nearest potential receptor or residential/commercial structure, whichever is less- but in no case less than 20 feet, is below 5 ppm over background for the 15-minute average.
- If the organic vapor level is above 25 ppm at the perimeter of the work area, activities will be shutdown.
- All 15-minute readings will be recorded and be available for State (DEC and DOH) personnel to review. Instantaneous readings, if any, used for decision purposes will also be recorded.

# <u>Special Requirements for Work Within 20 Feet of Potentially Exposed Individuals or Structures</u>

When work areas are within 20 feet of potentially exposed populations or occupied structures, the continuous monitoring locations for VOCs and particulates must reflect the nearest potentially exposed individuals and the location of ventilation system intakes for nearby structures. The use of engineering controls such as vapor/dust barriers, temporary negative-pressure enclosures, or special ventilation devices should be considered to prevent exposures related to the work activities and to control dust and odors. Consideration should be given to implementing the planned activities when potentially exposed populations are at a minimum, such as during weekends or evening hours in non-residential settings.

If total VOC concentrations opposite the walls of occupied structures or next to intake vents
exceed 1 ppm, monitoring should occur within the occupied structure(s). Depending upon the
nature of contamination, chemical-specific colorimetric tubes of sufficient sensitivity may be
necessary for comparing the exposure point concentrations with appropriate pre-determined
response levels (response actions should also be predetermined). Background readings in the
occupied spaces must be taken prior to commencement of the planned work. Any unusual
background readings should be discussed with NYSDOH prior to commencement of the work.

- If total particulate concentrations opposite the walls of occupied structures or next to intake vents exceed 150 mcg/m3, work activities should be suspended until controls are implemented and are successful in reducing the total particulate concentration to 150 mcg/m3 or less at the monitoring point.
- Depending upon the nature of contamination and remedial activities, other parameters (e.g., explosivity, oxygen, hydrogen sulfide, carbon monoxide) may also need to be monitored. Response levels and actions should be pre-determined, as necessary, for each site.

#### Special Requirements for Indoor Work with Co-Located Residences or Facilities

Unless a self-contained, negative-pressure enclosure with proper emission controls will encompass the work area, all individuals not directly involved with the planned work must be absent from the room in which the work will occur. Monitoring requirements shall be as stated above under "Special Requirements for Work Within 20 Feet of Potentially Exposed Individuals or Structures" except that in this instance "nearby/occupied structures" would be adjacent occupied rooms. Additionally, the location of all exhaust vents in the room and their discharge points, as well as potential vapor pathways (openings, conduits, etc.) relative to adjoining rooms, should be understood and the monitoring locations established accordingly. In these situations, it is strongly recommended that exhaust fans or other engineering controls be used to create negative air pressure within the work area during remedial activities. Additionally, it is strongly recommended that the planned work be implemented during hours (e.g. weekends or evenings) when building occupancy is at a minimum.

# Appendix 1A New York State Department of Health Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan

# Overview

A Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) requires real-time monitoring for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and particulates (i.e., dust) at the downwind perimeter of each designated work area when certain activities are in progress at contaminated sites. The CAMP is not intended for use in establishing action levels for worker respiratory protection. Rather, its intent is to provide a measure of protection for the downwind community (i.e., off-site receptors including residences and businesses and on-site workers not directly involved with the subject work activities) from potential airborne contaminant releases as a direct result of investigative and remedial work activities. The action levels specified herein require increased monitoring, corrective actions to abate emissions, and/or work shutdown. Additionally, the CAMP helps to confirm that work activities did not spread contamination off-site through the air.

The generic CAMP presented below will be sufficient to cover many, if not most, sites. Specific requirements should be reviewed for each situation in consultation with NYSDOH to ensure proper applicability. In some cases, a separate site-specific CAMP or supplement may be required. Depending upon the nature of contamination, chemical- specific monitoring with appropriately-sensitive methods may be required. Depending upon the proximity of potentially exposed individuals, more stringent monitoring or response levels than those presented below may be required. Special requirements will be necessary for work within 20 feet of potentially exposed individuals or structures and for indoor work with co-located residences or facilities. These requirements should be determined in consultation with NYSDOH.

Reliance on the CAMP should not preclude simple, common-sense measures to keep VOCs, dust, and odors at a minimum around the work areas.

# Community Air Monitoring Plan

Depending upon the nature of known or potential contaminants at each site, real-time air monitoring for VOCs and/or particulate levels at the perimeter of the exclusion zone or work area will be necessary. Most sites will involve VOC and particulate monitoring; sites known to be contaminated with heavy metals alone may only require particulate monitoring. If radiological contamination is a concern, additional monitoring requirements may be necessary per consultation with appropriate DEC/NYSDOH staff.

**Continuous monitoring** will be required for all <u>ground intrusive</u> activities and during the demolition of contaminated or potentially contaminated structures. Ground intrusive activities include, but are not limited to, soil/waste excavation and handling, test pitting or trenching, and the installation of soil borings or monitoring wells.

**Periodic monitoring** for VOCs will be required during <u>non-intrusive</u> activities such as the collection of soil and sediment samples or the collection of groundwater samples from existing monitoring wells. "Periodic" monitoring during sample collection might reasonably consist of taking a reading upon arrival at a sample location, monitoring while opening a well cap or

Final DER-10 Page 204 of 226

overturning soil, monitoring during well baling/purging, and taking a reading prior to leaving a sample location. In some instances, depending upon the proximity of potentially exposed individuals, continuous monitoring may be required during sampling activities. Examples of such situations include groundwater sampling at wells on the curb of a busy urban street, in the midst of a public park, or adjacent to a school or residence.

# **VOC Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions**

Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) must be monitored at the downwind perimeter of the immediate work area (i.e., the exclusion zone) on a continuous basis or as otherwise specified. Upwind concentrations should be measured at the start of each workday and periodically thereafter to establish background conditions, particularly if wind direction changes. The monitoring work should be performed using equipment appropriate to measure the types of contaminants known or suspected to be present. The equipment should be calibrated at least daily for the contaminant(s) of concern or for an appropriate surrogate. The equipment should be capable of calculating 15-minute running average concentrations, which will be compared to the levels specified below.

- 1. If the ambient air concentration of total organic vapors at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone exceeds 5 parts per million (ppm) above background for the 15-minute average, work activities must be temporarily halted and monitoring continued. If the total organic vapor level readily decreases (per instantaneous readings) below 5 ppm over background, work activities can resume with continued monitoring.
- 2. If total organic vapor levels at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone persist at levels in excess of 5 ppm over background but less than 25 ppm, work activities must be halted, the source of vapors identified, corrective actions taken to abate emissions, and monitoring continued. After these steps, work activities can resume provided that the total organic vapor level 200 feet downwind of the exclusion zone or half the distance to the nearest potential receptor or residential/commercial structure, whichever is less but in no case less than 20 feet, is below 5 ppm over background for the 15-minute average.
- 3. If the organic vapor level is above 25 ppm at the perimeter of the work area, activities must be shutdown.
- 4. All 15-minute readings must be recorded and be available for State (DEC and NYSDOH) personnel to review. Instantaneous readings, if any, used for decision purposes should also be recorded.

# Particulate Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions

Particulate concentrations should be monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeters of the exclusion zone at temporary particulate monitoring stations. The particulate monitoring should be performed using real-time monitoring equipment capable of measuring particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in size (PM-10) and capable of integrating over a period of 15 minutes (or less) for comparison to the airborne particulate action level. The equipment must be equipped with an audible alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level. In addition, fugitive dust migration should be visually assessed during all work activities.

Final DER-10 Page 205 of 226

- If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter (mcg/m<sup>3</sup>) greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques must be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques provided that downwind PM-10 particulate levels do not exceed 150 mcg/m<sup>3</sup> above the upwind level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.
- If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than 150 mcg/m<sup>3</sup> above the upwind level, work must be stopped and a re-evaluation of activities initiated. Work can resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within 150 mcg/m<sup>3</sup> of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.
- All readings must be recorded and be available for State (DEC and NYSDOH) and County Health personnel to review.

December 2009

Final DER-10 Page 206 of 226 May 2010

# Appendix 1B **Fugitive Dust and Particulate Monitoring**

A program for suppressing fugitive dust and particulate matter monitoring at hazardous waste sites is a responsibility on the remedial party performing the work. These procedures must be incorporated into appropriate intrusive work plans. The following fugitive dust suppression and particulate monitoring program should be employed at sites during construction and other intrusive activities which warrant its use:

- Reasonable fugitive dust suppression techniques must be employed during all site activities which may generate fugitive dust.
- Particulate monitoring must be employed during the handling of waste or contaminated soil or when activities on site may generate fugitive dust from exposed waste or contaminated soil. Remedial activities may also include the excavation, grading, or placement of clean fill. These control measures should not be considered necessary for these activities.
- Particulate monitoring must be performed using real-time particulate monitors and shall monitor particulate matter less than ten microns (PM10) with the following minimum performance standards:
  - (a) Objects to be measured: Dust, mists or aerosols;
  - (b) Measurement Ranges: 0.001 to 400 mg/m3 (1 to 400,000 :ug/m3);
- (c) Precision (2-sigma) at constant temperature: +/- 10 :g/m3 for one second averaging; and +/- 1.5 g/m3 for sixty second averaging;
  - (d) Accuracy: +/- 5% of reading +/- precision (Referred to gravimetric calibration with SAE fine test dust (mmd= 2 to 3 :m, g= 2.5, as aerosolized);
    - (e) Resolution: 0.1% of reading or 1g/m3, whichever is larger;
    - (f) Particle Size Range of Maximum Response: 0.1-10;
    - (g) Total Number of Data Points in Memory: 10,000;
- (h) Logged Data: Each data point with average concentration, time/date and data point number
- (i) Run Summary: overall average, maximum concentrations, time/date of maximum, total number of logged points, start time/date, total elapsed time (run duration), STEL concentration and time/date occurrence, averaging (logging) period, calibration factor, and tag number;
- Alarm Averaging Time (user selectable): real-time (1-60 seconds) or STEL (15 minutes), alarms required;
  - (k) Operating Time: 48 hours (fully charged NiCd battery); continuously with charger;
  - (l) Operating Temperature: -10 to 50° C (14 to 122° F);
- (m) Particulate levels will be monitored upwind and immediately downwind at the working site and integrated over a period not to exceed 15 minutes.
- In order to ensure the validity of the fugitive dust measurements performed, there must be 4. appropriate Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC). It is the responsibility of the remedial party to adequately supplement QA/QC Plans to include the following critical features: periodic instrument calibration, operator training, daily instrument performance (span) checks, and a record keeping plan.
  - The action level will be established at 150 ug/m3 (15 minutes average). While conservative, 5.

this short-term interval will provide a real-time assessment of on-site air quality to assure both health and safety. If particulate levels are detected in excess of 150 ug/m3, the upwind background level must be confirmed immediately. If the working site particulate measurement is greater than 100 ug/m3 above the background level, additional dust suppression techniques must be implemented to reduce the generation of fugitive dust and corrective action taken to protect site personnel and reduce the potential for contaminant migration. Corrective measures may include increasing the level of personal protection for on-site personnel and implementing additional dust suppression techniques (see paragraph 7). Should the action level of 150 ug/m3 continue to be exceeded work must stop and DER must be notified as provided in the site design or remedial work plan. The notification shall include a description of the control measures implemented to prevent further exceedances.

- 6. It must be recognized that the generation of dust from waste or contaminated soil that migrates off-site, has the potential for transporting contaminants off-site. There may be situations when dust is being generated and leaving the site and the monitoring equipment does not measure PM10 at or above the action level. Since this situation has the potential to allow for the migration of contaminants off-site, it is unacceptable. While it is not practical to quantify total suspended particulates on a real-time basis, it is appropriate to rely on visual observation. If dust is observed leaving the working site, additional dust suppression techniques must be employed. Activities that have a high dusting potentialsuch as solidification and treatment involving materials like kiln dust and lime--will require the need for special measures to be considered.
- The following techniques have been shown to be effective for the controlling of the generation and migration of dust during construction activities:
  - (a) Applying water on haul roads:
  - (b) Wetting equipment and excavation faces;
  - (c) Spraying water on buckets during excavation and dumping;
  - (d) Hauling materials in properly tarped or watertight containers;
  - (e) Restricting vehicle speeds to 10 mph;
  - (f) Covering excavated areas and material after excavation activity ceases; and
  - (g) Reducing the excavation size and/or number of excavations.

Experience has shown that the chance of exceeding the 150ug/m3 action level is remote when the above-mentioned techniques are used. When techniques involving water application are used, care must be taken not to use excess water, which can result in unacceptably wet conditions. Using atomizing sprays will prevent overly wet conditions, conserve water, and provide an effective means of suppressing the fugitive dust.

The evaluation of weather conditions is necessary for proper fugitive dust control. When extreme wind conditions make dust control ineffective, as a last resort remedial actions may need to be suspended. There may be situations that require fugitive dust suppression and particulate monitoring requirements with action levels more stringent than those provided above. Under some circumstances, the contaminant concentration and/or toxicity may require additional monitoring to protect site personnel and the public. Additional integrated sampling and chemical analysis of the dust may also be in order. This must be evaluated when a health and safety plan is developed and when appropriate suppression and monitoring requirements are established for protection of health and the environment.

Final DER-10 Page 208 of 226 May 2010