

February 2, 2023

Ronnie E. Lee, P.E. NYSDEC Department of Environmental Remediation 625 Broadway Albany, NY 12233-7016

Re: Pre-Design Investigation Work Plan

737 4th Avenue, Brooklyn, NY

BCP #C224332

Dear Mr. Lee,

P.W. Grosser Consulting Engineer & Hydrogeologist, P.C. (PWGC) has prepared this Pre-Design Investigation Work Plan (PDIWP) to collect additional soil samples at the above referenced site. A Site Location Map is included as **Figure 1** and a Site Plan is included as **Figure 2**.

The purpose of this additional sampling is to more finely tune remedial excavation depths. A preliminary remedial excavation depth figure has been included in the February 2023 Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP).

This PDIWP will follow the same procedures and be supported by the same supporting documents as the original Remedial Investigation Work Plan (RIWP) was. Specifically, the resumes are included as **Attachment A**, the Health and Safety Plan (HASP) is included as **Attachment B**, and the Community Air Monitoring Plan is included as **Attachment C**.

The proposed locations of additional sampling are illustrated on **Figure 3** and includes 25 new soil borings. The samples will be collected as discrete grab samples at the depths listed in the table below. A total of 90 samples are anticipated to be collected.

Sample IDs	Sample Depth (feet)	Base Elevation (feet)	Sample Elevation (feet)
PDI001, PDI005	3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	37	34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24
PDI002 – PDI004	11, 13	37	26, 24
PDI006, PDI026	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11	37	36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26
PDI007 - PDI010	1, 3	36	35, 33
PDI019 – PDI021			
PDI011 – PDI014 PDI018	1, 3, 5	34	33, 31, 29
PDI015 – PDI016 PDI024 – PDI025	1, 3, 5, 7	32	31, 29, 27, 25
PDI017 PDI022 – PPDI023	1, 3, 5, 7, 9	34	33, 31, 29, 27

Based on the existing analytical data, analyses of these additional samples will be limited based on the contaminants of concern which are generally semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) and metals. In

P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING, INC. P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING ENGINEER & HYDROGEOLOGIST, P.C.

PHONE: 631.589.6353 630 JOHNSON AVENUE, STE 7
PWGROSSER.COM BOHEMIA, NY 11716



limited locations, PCBs were also detected at a concentration that exceeded the intended soil cleanup objectives (SCOs) for restricted residential. Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were also detected at concentrations exceeding Protection of Groundwater SCOs for compounds that exceeded groundwater standards; however, they are not impacting remedial excavation depths so are not a part of this investigation. The following are the analytical methods:

- TCL SVOCs by USEPA method 8270
- TAL Metals by USEPA method 6010/7471
- PCBs by USEPA method 8082 (for PDI005 through PDI007 samples only)

The QA/QC sampling will follow the same procedures and frequency as the original RIWP. Assuming that the 103 above listed samples are the only samples collected, it is assumed that the following QA/QC samples will be collected:

- Blind Duplicates one per 20 soil samples (5 blind duplicate proposed).
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) one per 20 soil samples (5 MS/MSD proposed).
- Equipment Blank one per day (3 samples proposed).

Daily reports will be submitted for the additional investigation effort and following receipt of analytical results, Pre-Design Investigation Report will be submitted to NYSDEC for review.

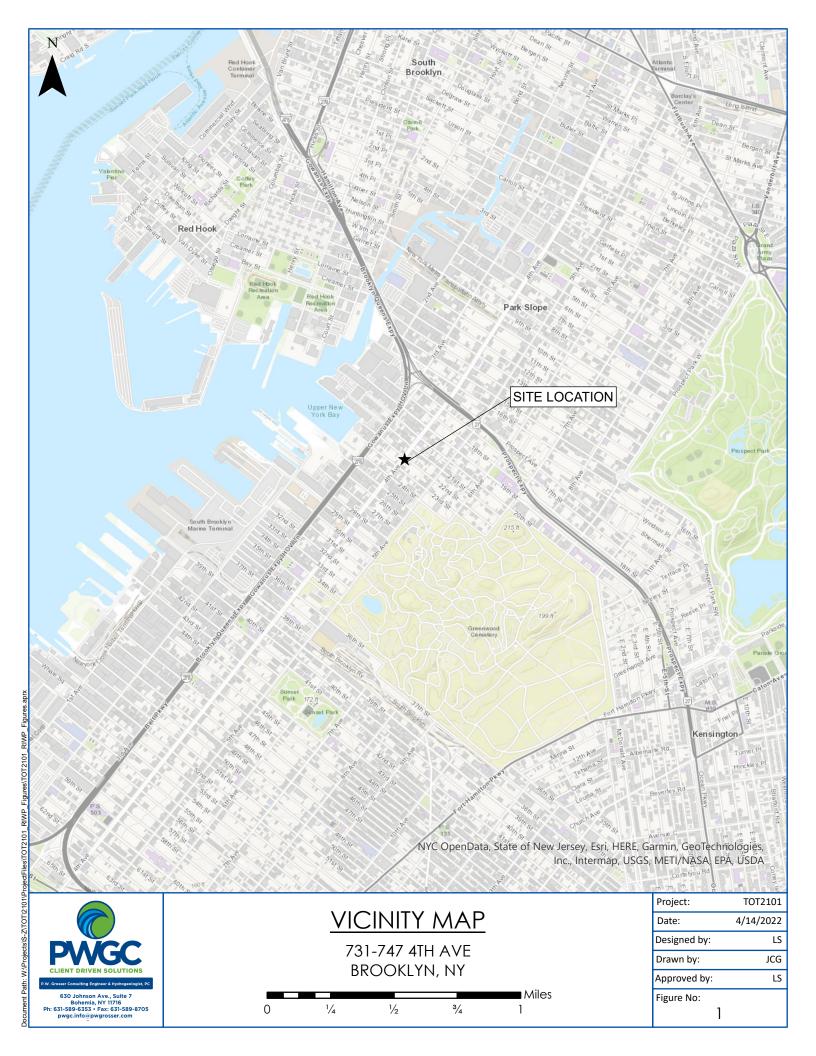
Sincerely,

P.W. Grosser Consulting

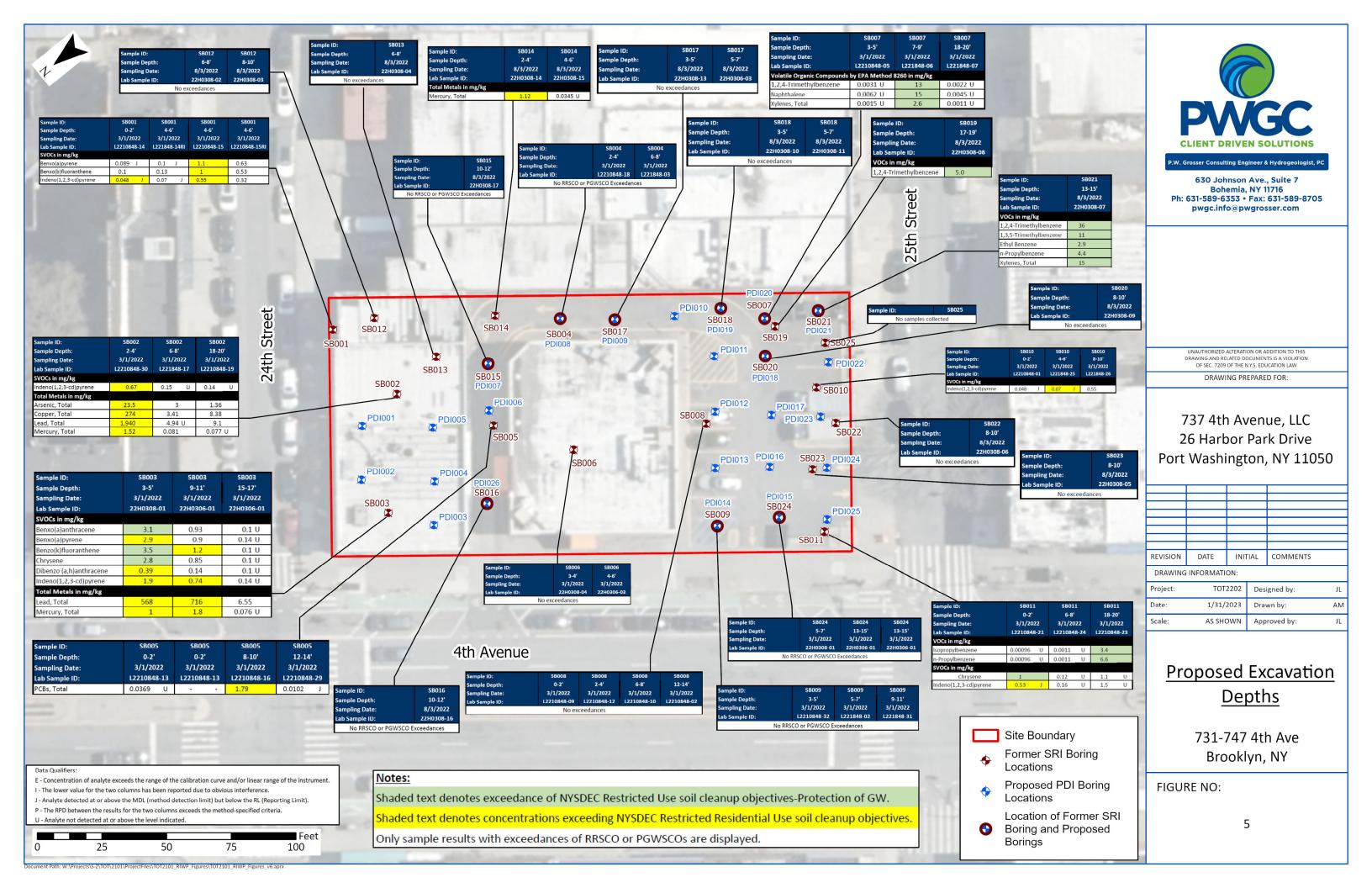
Jennifer Lewis, PG Vice President



FIGURES









ATTACHMENT A



Paul K. Boyce, PE, PG · PRESIDENT/CEO

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

PWGC: 27 years

AREAS OF EXPERTISE

Water Resource/Supply Design Civil Site Design Remedial System Design Geothermal Systems Groundwater Hydrology Groundwater Modeling

EDUCATION & TRAINING/CERTIFICATION

MS, Environmental Engineering, Polytechnic University, NY (now NYU) BS, Civil Engineering, SUNY Buffalo, NY Professional Engineer, NY, PA New York State Professional Geologist OSHA HAZWOPER 40-hr (29CRR 1910.120)

AFFILIATIONS

American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) NYS Society of Professional Engineers American Council of Engineering Companies (ACEC) Long Island Professional Geologists Association American Water Works Association (AWWA) National Groundwater Association (NGWA)



PROFILE

An environmental engineering professional Mr. Boyce has amassed an impressive portfolio of successful project in the New York Metropolitan region. He is an expert at providing public and private clients with targeted analyses, designs, modeling services, investigations, master planning development, construction oversight, regulatory, and sustainability consulting.

For more than two decades at PWGC, Mr. Boyce has been immersed in some of the most innovative and successful environmental engineering projects on Long Island, playing key roles in developments that have improved the region's economy and environment. Whether using cutting-edge geothermal technology to assist Amneal Pharmaceuticals in the development of its base of operations in Yaphank or conducting detailed groundwater modeling at Brookhaven National Laboratory, his client expertise covers a wide spectrum of applications including targeted design and analysis, groundwater modeling, environmental investigations, construction oversight, and sustainability consulting.

Overall, Mr. Boyce develops project-specific civil and environmental engineering designs, implementation strategies and project management plans. He is an expert on the design and construction oversight related to the application of geothermal technologies. He assists clients with selecting the appropriate system and location, feasibility assessment, design preparation, system development and startup.

In his tenure at PWGC, Mr. Boyce has earned an industry-recognized reputation for his ability to assess project parameters and design and developing economical environmental engineering solutions that meet the stringent demands of our clients.

NOTABLE PROJECTS

Mr. Boyce's responsibilities with regards to lead sampling and analysis include interpretation of regulatory requirements and federal action levels as they pertain to lead in potable systems, investigations into causes for high lead concentrations in drinking water, recommending solutions to remedy high lead levels, cost estimates for lead treatment strategies, designs for remedial solutions involving flushing, plumbing material replacements and chemical treatment and water chemistry modeling. He provided coordination and supervision of field teams performing lead sample collection. Mr. Boyce was the regulatory agency liaison for all parties involved.



NYC School Construction Authority (SCA)

Discolored Water Investigations and Remedies at Numerous Schools across New York City - Notable projects included: 229K, 163K, R062, Q316. Mr. Boyce's responsibilities included aiding STV and SCA in investigating causes, overseeing field investigation services, water quality sampling, metallurgy of pipe sections, water quality/chemistry analyses, recommending remedies, report preparation, oversight of remedy implementation and follow-up samplings.

Disinfection Oversight - Mr. Boyce's responsibilities included overseeing field teams who were responsible for witnessing disinfection of potable water systems at new or renovated school buildings.

Disinfection Specification Update - Mr. Boyce was responsible for updating the SCA's standard disinfection specification for potable water systems.

Brooklyn Army Terminal Pre-K Site - Incoming potable water into the leased space was experiencing bacteriological issues. Mr. Boyce was responsible for investigating the cause and designing a remedy which consisted of new piping system and filtration units.

Lead Sampling - Mr. Boyce served as a lead consultant to SCA for a major sampling program of all schools in the New York City school system. His responsibilities included assembling lead sampling teams, coordinating and scheduling sampling events with STV and SCA, coordinating with analytical laboratories, review sampling results and consulting with SCA regarding results and potential remedies.

Diocese of Rockville Center

Lead Sampling - Mr. Boyce was responsible for overall project management and coordination of sampling for lead in the potable drinking water systems at more than 25 Long Island Catholic schools in Nassau and Suffolk Counties. His responsibilities included coordinating field sampling teams, working directly with individual school staffs, reviewing lead results and recommending remedies. Once a remedy was implemented, Mr. Boyce oversaw follow-up sampling. Mr. Boyce is the primary point of contact for Senior Diocese management staff.

Northwell Health - Long Island Jewish Medical Center (LIJMC), New Hyde Park, NY Environmental Policy & Procedures for the Prevention of Legionella Contamination

Mr. Boyce's responsibilities for this project included researching local, state, and federal legionella standards and guidelines and updating a pre-existing environmental policy and procedures manual for the prevention of legionella contamination in LIJMC healthcare facilities. Mr. Boyce coordinated with the New York State Health Department to determine the present status of legionella updates on the state level. Following extensive research on revisions undertaken to various guidelines and standards pertinent to legionella, Mr. Boyce updated the routine legionella sampling program, disinfection procedures, maintenance and long-term control measures to prevent legionellae contamination and the requirements for the development of a water safety management program.

Water Resource Management

Ross School, East Hampton, NY

Master Planning & Campus Design - Mr. Boyce provided civil engineering design services to develop a master plan for the private school campus, which was to be a "one of a kind," transforming the school into a state-of-the-art learning institution, situated in a rural, wooded groundwater recharge area.

Civil Engineering Services - Civil engineering and consulting were provided for grading, drainage, utility layout, roadways, parking, site lighting, athletic playing fields, irrigation, water supply, sanitary, wastewater collection, and open loop geothermal heating/cooling water systems. Throughout the project, Mr. Boyce collaborated with other project consultants, foremost planners, architects, landscape architects, MEP engineers, surveyors, contractors, the construction manager and the school administration. He oversaw and participated in the conceptualization and preliminary design of the campus' proposed layout, which included eco-friendly engineering designs consulting/development and integration of civil engineering design aspects with other important features such as academic programs, architecture, landscaping and pedestrian walkways.

Environmental Engineering Services - The campus was to be as green as possible utilizing available eco-friendly technologies for the most environmentally sensitive and appealing design. The campus' sensitive environmental location as well as sanitary density issues required a sewage treatment plant. Mr. Boyce investigated and evaluated different sewage treatment technologies capable to meet the school's projected needs functionally, aesthetically and academically. Mr. Boyce took into consideration some sustainability goals and follow regulatory requirements.

Environmental Consulting/Conceptual Design Services After researching the latest sewage treatment technologies, Mr. Boyce recommended to the master planning team and school administration a wastewater treatment system that naturally treats sewage and industrial waste to re-use quality that met the Master Plan goals: aesthetics, economic/environmental advantages and well below regulatory discharge standards. The panel accepted his recommendation and he created conceptualized layouts, sited for possible plant locations and designed a preliminary ecologically engineered sewage collection system.

Geothermal Well System Design - Mr. Boyce managed the site assessment, design, construction oversight and preparation of O&M manuals for the systems and conducted a feasibility study of using open-loop geothermal systems to heat and cool two of the school's most prominent buildings - The Center for Well Being (Bldg. 5) and the Media Pavilion (Bldg. 2). He researched local hydrogeological and groundwater quality conditions and analyzed the effects of required flow rates on a nearby Suffolk County Water Authority (SCWA) well field. Mr. Boyce employed Groundwater Vistas by ESI, to create a detailed 3-dimensional model for the area. His analysis illustrated the potential effects of supply and recharge wells on (1) each other, (2) nearby neighboring shallow wells, (3) the SCWA well field, and (4) the local water table (The model also took into account of the local groundwater divide). Once he had demonstrated that operating two separate open-loop geothermal well systems in close proximity would not have an impact, he prepared the engineering report for the NYS Department of Environmental Conservation, along with the appropriate Long Island Well permit applications for approval.



Northwell Health - Glen Cove Hospital, Glen Cove, NY

Northwell Health - Glen Cove Hospital, Glen Cove, NY, Geothermal Wells Project - As project manager, Mr. Boyce prepared the feasibility study, well permits, construction documents, oversaw the construction and fieldwork for the installation of a 400 GPM open-loop groundwater heat pump system. Before design, Mr. Boyce conducted the study to assess the feasibility of augmenting the AC's geothermal well system; he investigated size and location options for new wells and prepared construction cost estimates based on minimizing potential conflicts with existing site constraints and the likelihood of regulatory agency approval. He determined that expansion to the existing system would be feasible based on cost, local hydrogeology, and his modeling results. He advised the client that construction would cause significant disruptions to the hospital's daily operations. In accordance with NYSDEC guidelines, he investigated the potential effects of the proposed project on a nearby inactive hazardous waste site, obtained baseline water quality data, estimated aquifer characteristics to refine and calibrate the model and drafted a design and construction plan of a test and monitoring well to determine local geologic conditions. As liaison between NSUH, the NYSDEC, and the local regulatory agencies, Mr. Boyce established that a scaled-down, relocated system would have negligible effects on the hazardous waste site, and consequently, obtained approval for the proposed construction. NSUH selected Mr. Boyce to design, plan, and oversee the construction of the new system, which involved developing the design and strategy for a supply and recharge well system with inter-connecting process piping, detailed hydraulic analyses, sizing the various system components, and coordination with other project consultants on the installation of piping and process equipment.

Water Supply & Treatment

Suffolk County Department of Public Works, Yaphank, NY

Timber Point Country Club, Great River, Water Supply System & Irrigation Well Upgrades - Mr. Boyce directed the well's condition assessment, including pump test, to determine capacity and water quality and prepared specifications/plans to upgrade supply well with new pump and motor. Further, he designed new piping configurations to integrate an irrigation well with distribution and cross-connection to the Suffolk County Water Authority and specified new variable frequency drive for well pump motor.

West Sayville Golf Course, Sanitary System Improvements - Mr. Boyce oversaw construction phases through completion including, supervised design, development of permitting, bidding and administrative buildings sub-surface sanitary disposal

Peconic Dunes Park, Peconic, NY, Water Distribution System Improvements - Mr. Boyce supervised design/development of permitting, bidding, and construction documents to upgrade the existing water distribution system's components including backflow prevention devices water mains/meters, hydrants, and internal plumbing. Further, he oversaw construction phase services through to completion.

BOMARC Police Firing Range Westhampton, Drainage Improvements - Mr. Boyce directed design/development of permitting, bidding, and construction documents for drainage conditions improvements (i.e. stormwater collection/conveyance systems, new recharge system), and oversaw construction phase services through to completion.

Suffolk County Fire Academy, Yaphank, Water Supply Well Improvements - Mr. Boyce supervised design/development of bidding and construction documents for the re-circulated supply system. This included: physical/chemical rehabilitation, electrical service upgrades, a new motor starter, and replacement of a diesel driven booster pump with an electrically operated one, as well as the deep well vertical turbine pump and motor with a new submersible pumping unit. He managed construction phase services (administration, observation) to project completion.

SUNY Stony Brook, Sewer District 21, Groundwater Modeling Study, Stony Brook NY - Mr. Boyce performed a 3-d numerical groundwater modeling to estimate flow path and travel time of sewage treatment plant effluent from recharge basins to the Long Island Sound and prepared an engineering report documenting findings and modeling results.

Water Authority of Great Neck North, Nassau County, NY

Weybridge Road Clearwell Design - Mr. Boyce prepared a design for a new air stripper clearwell, upgraded the booster pump, piping, controls modifications, coordinated with NCDOH, and performed cost estimates. The design is completed and NCDOH has approved it, however, funding constraints have put the project on hold.

SCADA System Design - Mr. Boyce prepared a design for a new Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition System. He prepared bidding and construction documents, providing construction administration and observation services, and cost estimates.

Emergency Water Main Replacement, Berkshire Road - Mr. Boyce prepared design, construction and bidding documents for emergency water main replacements, expedited NCDOH review and approval, and provided PE certification services.

Air Stripper Cap at Watermill Lane - Mr. Boyce coordinated with contractor and WAGNN regarding design and sizing of appropriate air exit cap atop existing air stripper at Watermill Lane treatment plant.

Valve Book Review/Updates - Mr. Boyce updated valve location sketches as new valves are being installed in the distribution

Municipal Supply Well Design, Well #14 - Mr. Boyce oversaw the design services for the new 1,400 gpm municipal supply well. The design included an engineering report for NYSDEC and NCDOH review/approval, preparation of plans and specifications for a new well, associated piping, well house, electric, controls, instrumentation, chemical treatment, safeties, etc. Project is just underway as of Sept 2007. Construction phase services will also be provided.

Weybridge Road Ground Storage Tank Replacement - Mr. Boyce lead the project team charged with designing a new 500,000gallon steel ground storage tank to replace a deteriorated and dilapidated existing 400,000-gallon ground storage tank. The team prepared bidding/construction documents, inclusive plans and specifications, obtained NCDOH approval, provided construction administration and oversight services.



General Consulting Services - Mr. Boyce attended Board of Directors meetings to present monthly engineering report, assist with hydrogeological issues, contaminant fate and transport concerns, well maintenance, water main rehabilitation, etc.

Hampton Bays Water District, Suffolk, NY

Well Field Construction & Integration - Mr. Boyce prepared the structural, mechanical, and electrical designs for a new well field including two pump stations. In addition to construction plans and specifications, Mr. Boyce oversaw the integration of a new well field with an existing distribution system via hydraulic analyses and guided the client through the regulatory agency review and approval process. In a subsequent project phase, he partook in creating the layout of several residential water main projects, for which he analyzed the proposed water main layouts and prepared conceptual designs based on Health Department and ISO

Caustic Feed Systems Design - Mr. Boyce was responsible for the design of caustic feed systems at all eight District supply wells. He prepared existing conditions drawings by conducting field visits to obtain the necessary information. He then designed caustic feed systems consisting of double-walled underground storage tanks, piping, metering pumps, safety interlocks, controls, alarms and injection equipment to raise the ambient pH of the groundwater withdrawn from the shallow aquifer system to between seven and eight and a half. He was responsible for preparing plans and specifications, obtaining Health Department approval, and then overseeing the construction administration and observation aspects of the project.

Isolated Pressure Zone Design - Mr. Boyce was responsible for designing an isolated pressure zone in an area that was experiencing chronic low-pressure conditions within the District's distribution system. He worked with existing distribution system maps and survey data to identify the boundaries of the proposed zone, he worked with available hydraulic data to estimate pressure conditions and developed a planned approach on how to isolate the zone and create a booster pumping station to raise pressures within the zone to acceptable levels. Mr. Boyce was responsible for preparing the project plans and specifications that included a new packaged booster pumping station, water main and valve work, electrical service and site work. The SCDHS approved the plans and the pressure zones were constructed closely to his design and construction cost

Good Samaritan Hospital, West Islip NY

Well Turbidity Study - After review of existing water quality data, Mr. Boyce recommended sampling and analyses for additional parameters. He applied a water quality model, using the existing raw water quality data. To achieve optimal water quality pHlevel, hardness, and alkalinity, he performed trial and error solutions using a numerical model. Different treatment chemicals were included in the model in various combinations or by themselves. Concluding modeling efforts led to a realistic chemical concentration.

Copper & Lead Desktop Study - The results of the study Mr. Boyce performed served to identify the possible cases for turbid water condition and proposing alternative options for corrective actions to restore acceptable water quality. He presented each alternative for evaluation and comparison to determine most advantageous choice, based on potential for success, technical complexity, and cost. In addition, he prepared a treatment specification and coordinated with an experienced well driller, resulting in a successful chemical treatment, and restoration of the water quality to acceptable conditions.

Town of Oyster Bay, Syosset, NY

Potable Water Supply System Upgrade Design & Compliance Management Services - As Project Manager, Mr. Boyce coordinates inspection and assessment services for the town's Tobay Beach Park & Marina potable water supply system. PWGC focuses on the water supply system's status of compliance with NYSDOH, NCDOH, 10-State Standards, and provides feasible engineering designs to in response to the town's objectives: Safe, potable water for Tobay Beach patrons, in an economically sound fashion. Mr. Boyce managed the authoring of a feasibility report and selected/recommended minimum corrections and system upgrades. In addition, he prepared the design of a dry-briquette calcium hypochlorite chlorination system and other upgrades at Well House 3 of the Tobay Beach Park & Marina. To date, he continues to provide engineering services and design specifications for wellhead improvements. He also directs PWGC water quality monitoring and assessment services at the beach to determine compliance with local and state health department water quality and equipment guidance.

Civil Site

Three Mile Harbor Boat Yard, East Hampton, NY

Site Planning Analysis - After evaluating site conditions, Mr. Boyce recommended feasible improvements to enhance an existing boat yard facility. He investigated local zoning/building codes, sized/located sanitary facilities, sized/designed layout and arrangement of parking facilities, sized/located/orientated a new proposed structure to house a marine shop, offices, storage, and industrial space. He effectively addressed critical issues such as the site's location in a harbor protection area and no public water access, which put severe constraints on sizing and locating the sanitary facilities. He prepared plans and reports delineating suitable site alternatives and requirements for implementation in compliance with regulatory agencies and utility companies.

Inlet Seafood, East Hampton, NY

Site Plan Application - As senior engineer, Mr. Boyce designed and coordinated the preparation of site-plan application drawings for the commercial/industrial fishing marina looking to expand the site from a commercial to a multiple use area that included retail, restaurant, and commercial fishing. He managed civil/site concerns, which included grading, drainage, sanitary, water supply, utilities, parking, traffic controls, site lighting, and building locations/elevations. Mr. Boyce worked with the owners and other project consultants to conceptualize and plan the site layout for optimum use and compliance with local zoning and building codes. In addition, he prepared site-plan application drawings for the Town Planning Board and local regulatory



agencies. He supervised development of designs and bidding/construction documents for new water mains/services/flow meters, hydrants, and drinking water fountains. Mr. Boyce oversaw construction, and supervised wetlands delineation and permitting with the NYSDEC through to project completion.

Jay Construction Corp, NY

Pile Foundation Designs for Residential Homes - Mr. Boyce was responsible for designing foundations for four residential homes in Patchogue, New York. The design included investigating existing soil conditions, reviewing architectural plans, sizing piles based on soil conditions, locating piles based on architectural layout, determining number of piles based on loads including selfweight, building dead, live, snow and wind load, and worst-case combination of loads based on building code. He created designs for reinforced concrete pile caps in accordance with ACI requirements and created foundation walls to serve as grade beams between pile caps. In addition, Mr. Boyce prepared construction documents including plans and specifications and acted as the primary client contact throughout the project.

Times Square Construction, New York, NY Geotechnical Report for 47 East 34th Street Building Construction - Mr. Boyce oversaw a rock core boring program, characterized rock core samples and developed a geotechnical report based upon findings of the rock core boring program. He provided foundation recommendations for a new 38 story residential building being erected upon Manhattan schist on the east side of midtown Manhattan. Mr. Boyce assisted with the rock anchor design and specification. He supervised and managed field observation services for rock anchor testing. Supervised and managed the September 2007 design and development of a foundation waterproofing system.

Storm Water Management

Benjamin Beechwood, LLC, Arverne Urban Renewal Area (URA), Far Rockaway, NY

Design/Engineering Management Services, Stormwater Collection & Conveyance System - Mr. Boyce managed the design and siting of a stormwater collection and conveyance system for an 80+ acre development along the south shore of Queens County. He coordinated catch basins locating, grading design, sizing interconnected piping networks and tie-ins with the local NYC storm sewer system. Mr. Boyce was also responsible for incorporating BMP's in the system design.

Stormwater Quality Impact Assessment on Local Surface Water Body - Mr. Boyce was responsible for determining stormwater roadway run-off concentrations for TPH's, suspended solids, metals, coli forms, pH, and dissolved oxygen. To estimate the influence of these parameters on the nearby canal basins into which they were to be discharged, he employed chemical and mathematical relations using chemical properties and mass balances based on flow rates and tidal flushing volumes to estimate potential effects. Subsequently, he assisted in preparing the stormwater portion section of a Draft Environmental Impact Statement.

NYSDOT, Kensico Reservoir Route, Westchester, NY

120 Expansion Stormwater Management System Stormwater Quality Pre-Construction Baseline Assessment - Mr. Boyce directed the roadway run-off sampling of 15 storm events and 5 outfalls along the Reservoir. He oversaw installation of automated sampling equipment to monitor weather conditions, sampling events, and system/statistical data analyses for a stormwaterrunoff quality report.

Allied Aviation Services, LaGuardia Airport, NY

Storm water Sediment & pH Control Investigation, LaGuardia Airport, Queens, NY - Mr. Boyce was responsible for reviewing and investigating an ongoing problem of storm water discharge to a surface water body with a too high solids content level. Storm water runoff collected at the fuel tank farm for LGA is passed through a treatment system to remove oils and organic contaminants. Under severe rainfall events, the treated storm water effluent had been discharged to the adjacent harbor with unusually high amounts of suspended solids, which were temporary violations of the facility's State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit. To find a cost-effective solution for the continuing problem, he evaluated various alternatives from in line cartridge filters, to settling tanks, to storm drain separators. Aside from cost, he considered other restrictions, such as limited space for installation, maintenance, durability, and reliability. Mr. Boyce studied peak hydrologic events and recommended the most efficient and effective treatment option for the owner to implement. Elevated pH of the discharged treated storm water effluent presented an unexpected, and separate, water quality issue. In addition, he was responsible for investigating the cause of the problem and recommending a course of corrective action.

AIL Systems Inc, Deer Park, NY

Recharge Basin Size Analysis - To assess the feasibility of reclaiming land used for recharge purposes, to sell or alter its land use, Mr. Boyce analyzed the industrial facility's existing cooling water recharge system. His analysis included an investigation of the facility's hydrological and drainage characteristics, and the existing storm water handling facilities' capability to accommodate various storm events. Mr. Boyce reviewed local building codes to make sure any proposed alterations could handle the minimum required storm events. He investigated the cooling water discharge rates to the recharge basins, to determine how much of the existing basins were required to handle the cooling water. With his report, AIL Systems was able to effectively evaluate its real estate options.



Groundwater Remediation

Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY

Engineering Services for the Glass Holes & Animal Chemical Pits CERCLA Remedial Excavation - Mr. Boyce prepared the excavation plan and design drawings for a remedial excavation of over 50 individual waste pits at the client's site. He managed the waste pits' initial delineation, oversaw the geophysical survey using electromagnetic survey equipment, and prepared the excavation plan detailing technical guidelines for the hazardous waste site's remediation. The plan provided direction for the removal/recovery of organic, inorganic, biological and radioactive buried wastes, as well as explosive, reactive, and corrosive materials. His engineering drawings detailed excavation layout, work/stockpiling areas, grading, drainage, haul routes, utilities, and site restoration. He acted as a field engineer during the field operations, oversaw excavation/waste removal, stockpilling, characterization and segregation of excavated materials, and monitored daily logistics for field crews.

Mercury-Contaminated Soil Treatment Alternatives Evaluation Report - Mr. Boyce's report evaluated various appropriate remedial treatment technologies, including visual and technical system descriptions, a comparison study of each alternative's technology, treatment process efficiency in the types, quantities and concentrations of mercury present in the soil, as well as the overall economics and cost effectiveness. He called attention to the presence of other contaminants such as organics and radioactive parameters and studied the available technologies. He also presented recommendations for a soil stabilization process and options for the remediated soil's disposal.

OUIII Western South Boundary Remedial System Design - Mr. Boyce was responsible for assisting in selecting the appropriate remedial technology for a groundwater pump treatment system for a volatile organic contaminant plume clean up. He suggested appropriate technologies and reviewed them from a feasibility standpoint. He recommended the most applicable one, based on effectiveness, available capital and O&M costs, implementation, reliability, operation, and maintenance. Mr. Boyce was then responsible for preparing a portion of the design of the recommended treatment technology, which included sizing and optimizing the primary treatment equipment (4-foot diameter x 35-foot tall air stripping tower).

Ash Pits Capping -Mr. Boyce was responsible for preparing the design of a capping system for an area formerly used as incinerator ash repository. He conducted the initial investigation to assess the area's extent by reviewing old aerial photographs, digging test pits, and conducting interviews with BNL personnel. Once he had delineated and surveyed the area, Mr. Boyce designed a soil-cap cover system in accordance with NYSDEC regulations to prevent surface exposure to ash and to minimize rainfall infiltration through the area. He was responsible for repairing design/construction drawings that included grading, drainage, slope stabilization details, limits of clearing and coverage and site restoration work such as fencing, roadways, signage, etc.

Minmilt Realty, Farmingdale NY

Groundwater & Soil Remediation Systems Design - Mr. Boyce evaluated, selected and designed appropriate remediation systems to cleanup a large industrial solvent plume that had contaminated nearby soil and groundwater. The chosen groundwater remediation consisted of an air-stripping tower, granular activated carbon (GAC) filters for off gas treatment and recharge structures; the soil treatment system was a soil-vapor extraction system (SVE) and GAC filters. Mr. Boyce's design responsibilities included sizing and selecting remediation system equipment, structural, mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, well, controls and instrumentation design. Mr. Boyce also performed three-dimensional numerical groundwater modeling to evaluate the effectiveness of the proposed groundwater remediation system and to size and locate a series of deep and shallow wells. Mr. Boyce prepared plans and specifications, a technical report for the NYSDEC detailing the choice of the specific components overall design process. He was involved in the construction administration and oversight of the remediation systems and was responsible for reviewing and approving shop drawings and performing routine construction observation services.

Brentwood Water District (BWD) Air Stripper, Plant No. 2, Brentwood, NY

Treatment Alternatives Study & System Design - As Project Engineer, Mr. Boyce conducted the treatment alternatives study for a VOC contaminated well field at BWD. The study ultimately recommended air stripping as the most effective and cost efficient technology to treat groundwater withdrawn from Plant No. 2. Upon the study's completion and acceptance, he prepared the design for the treatment system, which encompassed mechanical, electrical, structural, hydraulic, architectural and site components. Specific design components included an 11' diameter by 30' packed bed depth aluminum air stripper, a 100,000gallon ground storage clearwell, and booster pumps. Specific design aspects include restaging an existing well pump, electrical service upgrade, a new natural gas engine generator set, stripping tower enclosure and three existing pumping stations refinish. Mr. Boyce prepared the plans and specifications, which were approved by the SCDHS and ultimately used to construct the air stripper and related facilities. Following the design phase of the project Mr. Boyce was responsible for providing construction administration and observation services.

Nitrate Study & Analysis - Mr. Boyce prepared a statistical analysis to compare increasing groundwater nitrate concentrations with pumpage from Plant No. 2 of the BWD. The analysis involved compiling water quality data to measure levels in three wells of Plant No. 2, reviewing the data, and using statistical methods to forecast the water quality of pumpage from the aquifers utilized by the BWD. He superimposed pumpage data from Plant No. 2 over his water quality findings to create a trend analysis, which showed nitrate concentrations fluctuated in the different wells based on pumpage. Mr. Boyce recommended available treatment technologies which eventually would be necessary to slow the deterioration rate of water quality caused by nitrate level changes. He advised that, based on the statistical analysis, establishing pumping sequences would slow the rate of water quality deterioration. His report also included estimates for when treatment of nitrate will become necessary and appropriate treatment technologies available.



Roanoke Sand & Gravel, Mid Island, NY

Sand Mining Design and Permitting - As the primary client contact, Mr. Boyce oversaw the application submittal to the Town of Brookhaven and NYSDEC to expand mining operations at an existing sand and gravel mine. The scope of services included assembling engineering drawings for proposed mining operations by excavating deeper through the bottom; preparing an engineering report addressing environmental, geotechnical and hydrogeological issues; preparing volume estimates to determine how much more sand and gravel could be mined by expanding the operations at the existing site and acting as regulatory liaison for the client.

PUBLICATIONS

- Not Just a Chemical Interaction: Complementary Roles of Geologist & Engineer on a Hazardous Waste Remediation Project at BNL (5th Conference: Metropolitan & Long Island Association of Prof'l Geologists (M/LIPAG, 04/98, SUNY Stony Brook)
- Much Ado About Mercury: Evaluation of Treatment Options for Mercury Contaminated Soil at Brookhaven Nat'l Laboratory (BNL) (6th Conference, M/LIPAG, 04/99, SUNY Stony Brook)
- Open-Loop Geothermal Well Systems on Long Island (10th Conference, M/LIPAG, 04/03, SUNY Stony Brook)



Andrew Lockwood, PG, LEP.

SR. VICE PRESIDENT

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

PWGC: 15 years PRIOR: 17 years

AREAS OF EXPERTISE

Phase I and Phase II Environmental Site Assessments PFAS and other emerging contaminants Petroleum Spill site investigation/remediation **CERCLA** sites

NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program/Environmental Restoration Program Environmental/Regulatory Compliance (Investigation/Remediation Mgmt) Radiological Characterization & Remediation Chemical, Radiological/Mixed Waste Management & Disposal Groundwater Treatment System (Planning, Design, O&M) Client Representation & Regulatory Liaison Environmental Program Mgmt (Planning, Monitoring, Safety)

EDUCATION & TRAINING/CERTIFICATION

BA Geology, SUNY Potsdam, NY Licensed Professional Geologist - NYS Licensed Environmental Professional (LEP), State of Connecticut "D&D of Research Reactors & Other Small Nuclear Facilities" Certificate (Argonne Nat'l Laboratory, 11/2001) DOE Radiological Worker I & III OSHA Health & Safety 40-hr, Supervision 8-hr 30-hr OSHA Construction Safety Training,2009 Advanced Radioactive Material Shipper Certification Training, 2004 Advanced Hazardous Waste Shipper Certification Training, 2004 ISOCS Measurements Using the Inspector, Canberra Industries, Inc, 1999 Groundwater Pollution & Hydrogeology, Princeton University, 1990 Project Leadership Course, PCI Global Inc., 2001



PROFILE

Mr. Lockwood specializes in planning and managing CERCLA/NYSDEC remedial investigations/Feasibility Studies, Phase I and Phase II ESAs, Brownfields Cleanup Program (BCP) projects, and nuclear facility decontamination & decommissioning (D&D). He has worked at numerous DOE and DOD facilities in more than a dozen states across the country managing remedial investigation/feasibility study projects involving the generation of radiological, hazardous and mixed waste. They include multiyear projects that involved complex investigations, remediation and waste management issues. Mr. Lockwood manages PWGCs environmental group, overseeing a staff of more than 30 professionals.

Mr. Lockwood has over 30 years of experience managing environmental investigation and remediation projects including CERCLA RI/FS sites, NYSDEC BCP sites, NYCDEP "E" sites, Municipal Landfill permitting and closure, and environmental investigations for real estate transactions. Mr. Lockwood's clients range from large governmental agencies to small real estate developers. He has performed work across the eastern United States under numerous federal, state, and local regulatory agencies.

NOTABLE PROJECTS

Suffolk County Fire Training Facility - Yaphank, NY-RI/FS

Mr. Lockwood manages the ongoing RI/FS for the Suffolk County fire training facility in Yaphank, NY. The 28-acre site is in the NYSDEC's inactive hazardous waste site program. The site was listed as a NYS Class 2 Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Site in August 2017. The primary contaminants of concern are in a class of chemicals referred to as per and poly fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). The specific PFAS of interest are primarily perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA). The presence of these compounds is the result of the use of the Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AFFF) at the site. Mr. Lockwood was responsible for the preparation of the Citizens Participation Plan, Records Search Report, RI Work Plan, Quality Assurance Project Plan and Health and Safety Plan. The RI field work included delineation of PFAS in soil on-site and in groundwater both on and off site. In addition, site specific protection of groundwater soil cleanup objectives were calculated (no soil cleanup standards are available in NYS). PWGC is currently preparing a feasibility study with alternatives to address both soil and groundwater contamination at the site.

P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING, INC. P.W. GROSSER CONSULTING ENGINEER & HYDROGEOLOGIST, P.C.

PHONE: 631.589.6353 630 JOHNSON AVENUE, STE 7 PWGROSSER.COM BOHEMIA, NY 11716



Wertheim National Wildlife Refuge - Shirley, NY-POET System Design and O&M

Three Point of Entry Treatment (POET) Systems were designed and installed at the refuge, one in a maintenance garage and two in residential buildings located within the refuge. The POET Systems were designed to remove per and poly fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) that were detected in the groundwater supply wells servicing the three structures. Mr. Lockwood was responsible for the preparation of an Engineering Report and Operations and Maintenance Manuals for the systems. PWGC oversaw the installation and start up testing of the systems and is performing the scheduled system sampling to ensure that the systems are functioning as designed.

Carmans River - Shirley, NY-Surface Water and Biota Monitoring

Mr. Lockwood managed the investigation of per and poly fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in surface water and biota within the Carmans River and other water bodies within Suffolk County. Mr. Lockwood prepared a Biota Monitoring Work Plan/QAPP that included the collection of surface water and biota samples (eels, blue crabs, white perch, and clams) for PFAS analysis. He prepared a Biota Monitoring Report detailing the results of the investigation.

Gabreski Airport - Westhampton Beach, NY

Mr. Lockwood managed a field investigation to investigate the presence of per and poly fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in groundwater discovered during routine O&M monitoring of a NYSDEC BCP site. Vertical profile wells were installed upgradient and downgradient of the site. The Investigation is ongoing.

Brookhaven National Laboratory - Upton, NY

Mr. Lockwood served over 10 years as Project Manager on various CERCLA projects for BNL Environmental Restoration Division (ERD). He has managed diverse projects for BNL's Groundwater, Surface, and Reactor Groups. On his most recent projects for the Reactor Group, Mr. Lockwood provided project management services on four remediation projects over a 3-year period with budgets totaling more than 15 million dollars. In addition, he has prepared or assisted in the preparation of site-specific project documents such as work plans, sampling and analysis plans, quality assurance project plans, health and safety plans, records of decision (ROD), completion reports, final status surveys, remedial investigations (RI) and feasibility studies (FS). He has prepared contract documents, including request for proposals (RFP's), scopes of work (SOWs), and contract specifications for both large- and small-scale procurements and has acted as the technical representative on multiple contracts, ensuring the contract scope is being completed.

Mr. Lockwood combines his technical background with his in-depth knowledge of BNL's protocols and procedures to prepare schedules and cost estimates for baseline and fiscal year budgeting and tracking, provide short-term assistance to help BNL complete Baseline Change Proposals, and long-term assistance to manage remedial projects.

Project Manager- Fan Houses and Stack Silencer D&D, Underground Utilities Removal, Perimeter Area Soil Remediation Projects - Mr. Lockwood managed multiple remediation projects at BNL between 2008 and 2011. Project involved overseeing demolition of radiologically contaminated above ground and below ground structures, preparation of project documents including Remedial Action Work Plans, Sampling and Analysis Plans, and Completion Reports. The projects involved the disposition of complex waste streams. He was the primary interface with regulatory agencies and DOE. Mr. Lockwood was responsible for completing the projects on schedule and within the allocated budget. All projects were successfully completed.

Project Manager - Chemical Holes Remediation Project - Mr. Lockwood was involved with the Chemical Holes project since 1995. He served as the project Field Engineer performing and/or overseeing the characterization of the site including soil and groundwater sampling as well as geophysical surveys using EM-51, EM-61, Rapid Geophysical Surveyor (RGS) and multiple GPR surveys to locate the 55 individual waste pits. Pilot Testing for selected remedies was conducted and included in-situ vitrification, excavation, and containment using cement/polymer injection. He participated in the selected remedy, large-scale excavation and disposal, overseeing excavations of the waste pits at the site. He served as the Project Manager for the post-excavation characterization and disposal, wastes generated included mixed, waste, cylinders, liquid mixed waste, and mixed waste soil (mercury). More than 15,000 yd3 of waste was successfully transported for disposal and the site released with no radiological controls, he was responsible for the characterization, management, treatment, transport, and disposal of complex waste streams

Project Manager - Former Hazardous Waste Management Facility Project - Utilizing his knowledge of chemical and radiological characterization, CERCLA, and DOE procedures and protocols, Mr. Lockwood managed the characterization, and implementation, of a remedial design at a 12-acre site formerly used as the primary facility for the storage, treatment, and packaging of hazardous, radioactive, and mixed waste at BNL. His responsibilities included the development of project plans, project scope and detailed schedule, resource needs and budget estimates. The project involved the characterization of buildings with both hazardous and radiological contamination, their D&D and transport and disposal to permitted facilities. In addition, characterization of the 12-acre facility was performed which included soil, groundwater and sediment sampling, at NYS delineated wetland located within the facility, for chemical and radiological contamination. A remedial design was prepared which included the excavation of approximately 11,000 yd3 of radiologically contaminated soil and sediment and the restoration of the site. As project manager, Mr. Lockwood was responsible for the daily management of this project including preparation of contract specifications, procurement documents and budget forecasting and management. He was responsible for the preparation or approval of all project documents from characterization, contracting, through implementation of the remedial action. Mr. Lockwood coordinated the successful completion of the project tasks overseeing subcontractors and support from other BNL divisions.



Project Engineer OU III Strontium-90 Pilot Study Design - Mr. Lockwood prepared a Pre-Design Characterization Work Plan to support the preparation of a Pilot Study Design for the remediation of Strontium-90 (sr-90) contaminated groundwater at BNL. Groundwater south of the former Chemical/Animal Pits had been impacted with sr-90 at concentrations exceeding NYSDEC groundwater standards. The purpose of the investigation was to delineate the concentrations within and extent of the sr-90 plume. Mr. Lockwood implemented

the plan prepared the Pre-Design Characterization Report, and participated in the successful completion of the Pilot Study, which led to the installation of a permanent remedy using resin vessels to remove sr-90 from the groundwater.

Special Projects Manager BNL Waste Management Facility - Mr. Lockwood provided technical services support to the BNL Environmental and Waste Management Services Division. His responsibilities included project planning and implementation of the characterization, packaging, and disposal unknown radioactive sources (including TRU Waste). Mr. Lockwood prepared technical work documents (TWDs) for the D&D of radiologically contaminated equipment including the Building 801 D-Tanks Pipe Removal project and the Building 865 Compactor Repair. He also prepared TWDs for the sampling of low level radioactive liquid wastes in the Bldg. 810/811 storage tanks. Mr. Lockwood prepared maintenance procedures for the facilities infrastructure. Mr. Lockwood prepared and implemented a TWD for the Central Steam Plant Outfall Soil Excavation, Transportation, and Disposal, including preparation of sampling plans, delineation of lead impacted soils, review of contractor deliverables and oversight of the excavation and performance of confirmatory sampling and reporting.

Field Engineer Brookhaven Linear Isotope Producer (BLIP) Investigation - The BLIP facility is used for the production of radioisotopes used in the medical field. Targets are introduced into the beam line produced by a linear accelerator. The facility was constructed with an earthen beam stop. Mr. Lockwood participated in the preparation of a work plan to characterize the nature and extent of soil and groundwater contamination associated with the operation of the facility. Sodium-22 and tritium were identified as the primary contaminants of concern. The extent of the radiological contaminants was identified and a report detailing the results of the investigation prepared.

Field Engineer OU I Western South Boundary Groundwater Remediation System Design - Mr. Lockwood oversaw the implementation of the Characterization Work Plan installing temporary and permanent groundwater monitoring well points to delineate the extent of contamination within the Western South Boundary groundwater contamination plume at the BNL site. Mr. Lockwood oversaw the preparation of the Remedial Design Documents and construction of the groundwater treatment system identified in the design.

Field Engineer Magothy Characterization Project - Mr. Lockwood oversaw the implementation of the Characterization Work Plan installing temporary and permanent groundwater monitoring well points to delineate the extent of contamination within the Magothy aguifer beneath the BNL site.

Brownfield Cleanup (BCP)/Environmental Restoration Program (ERP)

Mr. Lockwood manages BCP and ERP projects for both private and municipal clients. He prepares applications, technical documents, and interfaces with NYSDEC project managers to ensure project schedule and scope meet NYSDEC's requirements for approval of incentives/reimbursements. These sites require preparation of BCP and ERP applications, technical work plans, RI reports, human health and ecological assessments, remedial alternatives reports (FS), citizens participation plans, public meetings and completion reports. Under contract with the Suffolk County department of Health Services (SCDHS) and the Department of Public Works (DPW), Mr. Lockwood assists the County in managing the technical aspects of County owned sites in the NYSDEC Brownfields Cleanup and Environmental Restoration Programs. These sites include former United State Air Force Disposal Sites and former industrial and gasoline service station sites which are currently vacant or unused because the redevelopment of the sites are hampered by historical site uses which have contaminated soil and groundwater.

New York City "E" Designation Sites

In response to the recent rezoning activities in NYC the NYC Department of Environmental Protection (NYCDEP) oversees environmental investigation and remediation at suspect sites prior to redevelopment. Mr. Lockwood develops scopes of work for environmental investigation required to redevelop the "E" designated property. He prepares work plans and HASP reports; which DEP must approve prior to the start of work. To assess the soil quality, he coordinates and oversees subsurface investigations (including geophysical surveys and soil and groundwater sampling programs). Based on the findings he develops and implements remedial strategies and prepares Remedial Action Plans for NYCDEP approval.

Phase I & Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA)

Project Management - Mr. Lockwood managed Phase I & II ESA's preparation, implementation, and completion. Mr. Lockwood performs these services for a variety of clients including banks, developers and municipalities. For each project, he provides a customized scope of work and relevant documentation to provide clients with pertinent information. He performs Phase I & Phase II ESA's for private clients, environmental attorneys, municipalities, and lending institutions for use in property transactions according to ASTM Standards.

Lowe's Home Center

Mr. Lockwood manages Phase II environmental investigations and remediation for Lowe's Home Centers. Mr. Lockwood is one of a team of consultants who manages site development activities at properties identified by Lowe's as potential development sites. These sites include previously developed sites with past commercial and industrial, including one used as a Municipal Solid Waste Landfill. Each site has a unique environmental issues and regulatory involvement. Mr. Lockwood prepares environmental reports, engineering designs and conducts remedial activities to support redevelopment of the sites.



GTJ-Group/Green Bus Lines, Inc - Queens/Brooklyn, NY

Hydrogeology/Environmental/Civil Engineering Services & Compliance Stipulation Agreement -- Services range from Site Remediation Management & Baseline Environmental Report Preparation (Project Coordination, Oversight, Sample Collection) at large bus facilities.

Mr. Lockwood conducted site/facility investigations and provided, on an accelerated time schedule, site investigations and remedial action planning and design for dissolved and free phase groundwater contamination treatment systems.

NYSDEC Spill Program Compliance - In 2005, an Oil Delivery Company had caused a substantial Oil Spill at one of the client's depots; the new release brought attention to outstanding issues required under an existing Stipulation Agreement, although Cleanup tasks were in compliance. The NYSDEC issued a new Order of Consent, with an accelerated time schedule. Under Mr. Lockwood direction, the PWGC team completed an accelerated Site Assessment (delineating the extent of LNAPL and dissolved contamination at the site) and submitted a Remedial Action Plan and preliminary treatment system design to meet the accelerated schedule. Mr. Lockwood managed PWGC construction oversight of the selected remedy and performed operation/maintenance of the remedial system.

PA, City Industries Superfund Site - Winter Park, FL.

Mr. Lockwood managed the preparation of work plans, health and safety plans, project schedule, and budget estimate. He coordinated and supervised soil boring/monitoring well installations and soil and groundwater sampling activities. Analyses were conducted for volatile organics, semi-volatile organics, and chlorinated compounds. Mr. Lockwood served as the primary author of the PA report.

Department of Transportation Facilities - Nashville, TN.

Managed RIs and prepared RI reports and CAPs at several Department of Transportation facilities in Tennessee. Investigations included preparation of work plans, installation of boring and monitoring well networks, and preparation of an RI report. The CAPs included the performance of aquifer pumping tests. The RI report contained options for recovery and treatment of soil and groundwater contamination with dissolved and free phase petroleum compounds. Mr. Lockwood served as primary author of the RI reports and CAP.

Loring AFB Operable Unit 5 RI - Caribou, ME

Field Team Leader for the RI Investigation, Loring AFB - The field effort extended over six months and included the complete investigation of three separate sites. Field activities included the installation of Geoprobes® (250), soil borings (50), and monitoring wells (25) including three multiport Westbay wells; and groundwater, stormwater, and sediment sampling. Mr. Lockwood's responsibilities included preparation of Statements of Work, client interface, and RI report preparation.



Jennifer Lewis, PG • SR. PROJECT MANAGER

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

PWGC: 14 years

AREAS OF EXPERTISE

NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program Management NYCOER Brownfield and "E" Designation Management Work Plan/Report Preparation Phase I & II Environmental Site Assessments Underground Injection Structure Remediation **Underground Storage Tank Remediation** Water, Soil, Air Sampling Data Management & Interpretation Vapor Barrier Inspections Well (Monitoring, Abandonment, Surveying) Groundwater Remediation via Chemical Injection Field Actions/Work (QA/QC, Protocol, Oversight, Documentation) Laboratory Data Analyses Field Work (Protocol, Oversight, Documentation) Remedial Investigations QA/QC Site Investigation/Analysis Health & Safety Monitoring



EDUCATION & TRAINING/CERTIFICATION

MBA, CUNY Baruch, New York, NY BS, Geology, SUNY Stony Brook, NY AA, Liberal Arts, Suffolk County Community College, Selden, NY Licensed Professional Geologist - NYS OSHA Health & Safety 8-hr Supervisor, 40-hr HazWoper Construction Management Certification

ASTM Training on Phase I and Phase II Environmental Site Assessments for Commercial Real Estate

PROFILE

As a Senior Project Manager, Ms. Lewis Ms. Lewis has assisted property buyers, sellers and developers navigate potential environmental concerns, petroleum spills, the New York State (NYS) Brownfield Cleanup Program, the New York City (NYC) E-Designation Program/Voluntary Cleanup Program requirements during property transactions and site development. Ms. Lewis's roles on these projects has included planning, conducting, and reporting soil/groundwater investigations, air quality studies, and instituting remedial measures. Her clients, ranging from developers to attorneys to municipal agencies, benefit from her expertise in overseeing Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs), Remedial Investigations, cost to cure estimates for financial institutions, and Brownfields projects. Ms. Lewis coordinates with clients and attorneys to prepare plans for approval by federal, state, and local agencies (e.g., Remedial Action Plans, Health and Safety Plans, Investigation Work Plans, Interim Remedial Measures) and monitors each project's day-to-day progress to meet the client's objectives and regulatory requirements.

NOTABLE PROJECTS

Phase I & II Environmental Site Assessment

Ms. Lewis manages Phase I & II ESA preparation, implementation, and completion. For each project, she provides a customized scope of work and relevant documentation to provide clients with pertinent information. She performs Phase I & Phase II ESAs for private clients, environmental attorneys, municipalities, and lending institutions for use in property transactions according to ASTM Standards.

Brownfield Redevelopment

AvalonBay Communities, Inc. - Former Darby Drug Facility, Rockville Centre, NY - NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program Implementation During Development - The Former Darby Drugs Distribution Center was a commercial warehouse formerly occupied by a textile company which was a source of PCE contamination to soil and groundwater beneath the site. The site was enrolled in the NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP). Ms. Lewis implemented an Interim Remedial Measure which included a sophisticated soil excavation and dewatering program within a warehouse, chemical injections into the



groundwater, and UIC remediation. Ms. Lewis then documented the Interim Remedial Measure effort and prepared an Alternatives Analysis and a Remedial Action Work Plan to provide a scope for additional remediation and a Final Engineering Report and a Site Management Plan to document the results of the remedial action and protective steps to follow for the future use of the site.

Brownfield Redevelopment

Coney Island Realty - NYSDEC BCP Site - During the Interim Remedial Measure Phase, Ms. Lewis coordinated the soil excavation, community air monitoring, and sampling activities. Ms. Lewis also prepared reports detailing the Supplemental Remedial Investigation and Interim Remedial Measure, as well as the Remedial Action Work Plan to provide a scope for additional remediation and a Final Engineering Report and a Site Management Plan to document the results of the remedial action and protective steps to follow for the future use of the site. Ms. Lewis has continued overseeing the routine operation and maintenance of a soil vapor extraction system operating at the site.

Suffolk County Department of Public Works (SCDPW) - Suffolk County, NY

UIC Remediation - Ms. Lewis was responsible for maintaining a UIC structure database for SCDPW and conducting UIC investigations and remediations as part of the planned upgrade of SCDPW site sanitary upgrades. Ms. Lewis coordinated closely with SCPWS, SCDHS, and contractors to conduct this work efficiently and within budget.

Brookhaven National Laboratory - Upton, NY

OUIII Western South Boundary/OUI South Boundary Vertical Profiles and Monitoring Well Installation

Ms. Lewis provided sampling services and hydrogeologic oversight for multiple vertical profiles, as part of the on-site OUIII plume evaluation. Her responsibilities included the collection of groundwater samples during sampling. She was responsible for construction observation and documentation for 3 monitoring well installations. After installation, wells were developed by pumping and surging. Ms. Lewis documented field activities and verified the work that was performed in accordance with BNL's Standard Operating Procedures and Project Work Plans. She conducted daily tailgate safety meetings, completed BNL's daily field reports and reported to BNL's Project Manager at the completion of each day.

Pratt Institute - Brooklyn, NY

Well Installation - Ms. Lewis provided over-site for the installation of a geothermal test well. She generated boring logs, documented soil characteristics, and classified in accordance with USGS' Monthly/Quarterly Groundwater/Air Sampling.

Well Monitoring - Ms. Lewis performs routine monitoring and sampling of air and groundwater, and product removal if necessary, at various sites. In addition to the fieldwork at these sites, Ms. Lewis analyzes the data and prepares a site plan and a quarterly report detailing the results and future recommendations.

Brookhaven National Laboratory - Upton, NY

Environmental Protection Division: Groundwater Protection and Remediation - Ms. Lewis supervised the installation of multiple vertical profiles via geoprobe to monitor strontium-90, tritium, and volatile organic compound (VOC) plumes on site. Her responsibilities included the collection of groundwater samples during sampling. Ms. Lewis documented field activities and verified the work that was performed in accordance with BNL's Standard Operating Procedures and Project Work Plans. She conducted daily tailgate safety meetings, completed BNL's daily field reports and reported to BNL's Project Manager at the completion of each day.

Newark-Liberty International Airport

The Automotive Fueling Station at Newark-Liberty Airport is the site of a UST failure regulated by the NJDEP Site Remediation Program. Ms. Lewis performs routine groundwater monitoring and sampling as well as supplemental remedial activities at the site. Ms. Lewis is also responsible for coordinating field activities with regulators and assisting with preparation of periodic Status Reports. Field work and reporting is completed in accordance with NJDEP Technical Requirements for Site Investigation 7.26E.

New York City Housing Authority - New York City, NY

Sub-Surface Investigations - Ms. Lewis performs environmental assessments associated with site specific NYSDEC spill files in order to delineate petroleum and tetrachloroethene impacts. Specifically, collection of soil, groundwater, and sub-surface air samples, oversight of monitoring well installations, preparation and submittal of site assessment reports, and coordination with NYCHA staff and regulatory agencies.

NYCDEP/NYCOER "E" Designation Sites - New York City, NY

RAP & HASP enforcement, air monitoring for particulates and VOCs - Ms. Lewis's services focus on coordinating remedial investigations, preparation of Remedial Investigation Reports, preparing a Remedial Action Scope of Work that considers the contaminants identified at the site as well as the intended use and building design, coordinating the remediation, and documenting the results of the remediation. Ms. Lewis, with the assistance of the architect and mechanical engineer of record, has also prepared Remedial Action Work Plans and Installation Reports for Air and Noise "E"s.

Former Penetrex Remedial Investigation

Ms. Lewis oversaw a chemical injection at a former dry cleaning facility utilizing a Geoprobe® that drilled down to 50 feet below grade and pulled the rods up during the injection.



USEPA Superfund Site

Treatment System O&M

Ms. Lewis provided assistance with the remediation efforts of the down-gradient pond system and oversight of the down-gradient recovery well installation for the USEPA Superfund remediation project. Additional duties included sampling backfill material brought on-site and overseeing the backfilling and compaction of excavations. Allstate Insurance Company - NY Wide

Residential/Commercial Fuel Oil Spills Oversight & Reporting - Ms. Lewis oversees fieldwork for projects such as petroleum spill remediation. She completes spill reports, and coordinates with contractors and the NYSDEC to ensure that the project stays on schedule, is compliant with regulatory guidelines, and meets the client's goals.

UIC Control Programs - Suffolk and Nassau Counties, NY

Remediation Oversight - Ms. Lewis has been overseeing the remediation activities of dry wells (Class V wells) at multiple sites for various clients throughout Suffolk and Nassau Counties. She performs endpoint sampling of storm drains and sanitary systems, coordinates and performs sampling in conjunction with the SCDHS and NCDH, and ensures proper soil and sediment removal during VacTruck operations.

Rechler Equity Partners - Melville, NY

250 Miller Place, Hicksville, NY - The subject site, a large commercial property and formerly used by a circuit board manufacturer and trucking company, had a history of chemical uses (i.e. chlorinated solvents, diesel fuel, and gasoline). To determine if subsurface soils had been impacted, PWGC conducted a Phase Il investigation for a potential buyer. Ms. Lewis was present during the Phase II and oversaw the project's subsurface investigation-phase. She directed the Geoprobe® operator, and participated in the preparation of the Phase II investigation report. In addition, Ms. Lewis observed the follow-up investigation and remediation performed by the current property owner's consultant.

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA)

Phase II ESA preparation, implementation, and completion - Ms. Lewis provides a customized scope of work and relevant documentation to provide clients with pertinent information. She performs Phase II ESAs for private clients, environmental attorneys, municipalities, and lending institutions for use in property transactions according to ASTM Standards.

Franklin Hospital - Valley Stream, NY

Water Sampling - Ms. Lewis collected water samples from the dialysis treatment suite and from a sink in order to determine the source of a bacterial contamination.



James Rhodes, PG · coo

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

PWGC: 27 years PRIOR: 5 years

AREAS OF EXPERTISE

Brownfields/Redevelopment Management Environmental Compliance Management Property/Real Estate Due Diligence Expert - Transaction & Environmental Site Assessment & Reuse Analysis Environmental & Remedial Investigations - Soil/Groundwater and Air Quality

EDUCATION & TRAINING/CERTIFICATION

MS, Earth Science/Hydrogeology, Adelphi University, NY BS, Geology, SUNY Oneonta, NY Executive Education (ACEC) Leading Professional Service Firms - Harvard Business School Licensed Professional Geologist - NYS Phase I Environmental Inspector - Environmental Assessment Association Professional Geologist - American Institute of Professional Geologists Licensed Real Estate Salesperson - NY OSHA HAZWOPER 40-hr.



PROFILE

In 2017, James Rhodes was named PWGC's Chief Operating Officer. In this role Mr. Rhodes is responsible for the operations of the business, working in tandem with the CEO and President. Roles will vary by industry but they will typically be involved in day every-day management, particularly business strategy, business planning and monitoring business performance. The COO provides leadership, management and vision necessary to ensure that the firm has the proper operational controls, administrate and reporting procedures and people systems in place to effectively grow the organization and ensure financial strength and operating efficiency. The position accomplishes this through respectful, constructive and energetic communications styles guided by the objectives of the company.

Prior to his promotion, Mr. Rhodes led PWGC's Environmental Unit. There he utilized his 30 years' experience as an expert in managing environmental concerns unique to the real estate market, serving public and private sectors. Through his tenure he has provided guidance to associates and clients, maintains established working relationships with regulators at multiple levels of government. His expertise enables clear communication on project requirements and speeds the approval process.

Mr. Rhodes' expertise in environmental remediation and redevelopment fields includes environmental site assessments (ESA), such as Phase I/II ESAs, RI/FS, NYS Brownfield studies, NYC "E" Designation Program, and cost to cure estimates for real estate tax purposes. His experience with soil and groundwater investigations, air quality studies and remedial measures has benefitted clients that include attorneys and developers, insurance companies and municipal agencies. His resourcefulness to pinpoint key environmental concerns quickly helps avoid unexpected delays and cost overruns, benefitting the client.

NOTABLE PROJECTS

PWGC Environmental Real Estate Sector Services

Phase I & Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) Management - As Program Director for Property Transactions & Real Estate Environmental Management Services & Support for PWGC, Rhodes oversees Phase I & II ESA planning, implementation and completion. He ensures that each ESA is tailored to client needs and long-term goals. For each project, a targeted scope of work and relevant documentation is prepared for clients to allow them to make cost-effective business decisions. PWGC typically performs more than 60 Phase I & Phase II ESA's annually with clients that include attorneys, lending institutions and municipalities. Given his experience, Rhodes provides clients workable environmental solutions for real estate issues. Under his management, PWGC Phase I/II reports are recognized by peers and clients for effectively utilizing escrow agreements, environmental insurance and cost-to-cure estimates. Mr. Rhodes acts as the Project Director for these projects and is the main liaison with the SCDHS. As part of his duties, Mr. Rhodes participated in meetings with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation and collaborated with SCDHS to streamline the brownfield restoration process.

Garvies' Point Redevelopment Project

RXR-Glen-Isle Partners, LLC - Mr. Rhodes has been acting as project director overseeing numerous environmental consulting programs for this major waterfront redevelopment project in the City of Glen Cove. PWGC was brought into the project to perform full spectrum environmental due diligence services for the waterfront area when RXR Realty, LLC entered into the project. The waterfront area includes sites in both the New York State and Federal Superfund programs - including the Li



Tungsten and Captain's Cove sites - and the initial due diligence services, which focused on current remedial status and what needed to be completed in order for the redevelopment to proceed. Over the last several years, PWGC has been working closely with the development team including RXR-Glen-Isle Partners, LLC, the City of Glen Cove, regulatory agencies including the NYSDEC, NYSDOH, NCDH, and USEPA to move the project toward redevelopment. Towards this goal, PWGC continues to work with and coordinate services of other consultants to obtain the necessary information to allow the project to proceed. To accomplish this goal, PWGC has prepared numerous plans and reports including a work plan to address data gaps throughout the multiple parcels along the waterfront. The subsurface investigation performed under this plan included more than 200 soil borings to fully characterize the site to eliminate data gaps, which will allow the project to obtain environmental insurance. PWGC has been involved in all aspects of environmental consulting on this project as it readies for redevelopment including evaluation of site specific soil cleanup objectives, SWPPP preparation and oversight, petroleum remediation oversight, radiological monitoring plan preparation, MARSSIM survey support services, building demolition support services, geotechnical support services, TOGS sampling support services, waste characterization and disposal oversight, and dredge spoil characterization and handling. Project related documents prepared by PWGC include the Data Gap Workplan and Report, Visual Stained Petroleum Soil Remediation Report, Synthetic Precipitation Leachate Procedure (SPLP)/Red Flag Area Characterization Plan and Report. Li Tungsten Existing Condition Report and Captains Cove Existing Condition Report. PWGC continues to provide field oversight services for all aspect of the project, including health and safety and community air monitoring services.

Bellport Gas Station-Bellport, NY

Brownfield's Consulting Support Services - This Suffolk County Brownfields site is currently in the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Environmental Restoration Program. Mr. Rhodes oversaw the preparation of a remedial investigation work plan and the Remedial Investigation/Alternative Analysis report. In addition, an Interim Remedial Measure was performed and a final Remedial Action Plan with NYSDEC was negotiated. He submitted a final site management plan with an environmental easement. The site has been remediated and PWGC continues to monitor the site as required.

Avalon Bay Communities - Rockville Center, NY

Brownfields Project Management - & Planning - As project director, Mr. Rhodes provided technical support and acted as a liaison between the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC), the Village of Rockville Centre, the site's previous owner and new owner, Avalon Bay Communities. He was an advocate for Avalon Bay's needs and goals to redevelop the former industrial site as residential in meetings with NYSDEC and collaborated with the client and project team to develop the most effective strategy to streamline the project's representation with the state under the BCP program. Mr. Rhodes provided invaluable guidance in regard to the project's scope of work and documentation preparation, which included work plans, sampling and RI reporting. He was instrumental in obtaining all permits to complete the IRM work plan as well as throughout the performance of the IRM. The site then went to final remedial action work plan, design and oversight of final remediation, completion of site management plan and easement, which was first project of its type on Long Island to obtain COC and was a winner of ACEC Diamond Award for engineering excellence.

Expeditors c/o Cargo Ventures LLC - Inwood, NY Environmental Site Assessment, Remediation, & Redevelopment - Mr. Rhodes supervised the investigation, remediation and redevelopment of a New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) designated spill site on 4.25 acres at a former Shell Oil terminal located along Negro Bar Channel in Inwood, NY. As part of this multifaceted project,

Suffolk County Department of Health Services (SCDHS)

Brownfield Program Engineering Consulting Services Agreement - Through a competitive bidding process, PWGC was chosen by SCDHS as its engineering consultant related to County-owned Brownfield sites. Currently, PWGC is working on five sites for SCDHS in various stages of the Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP). These sites are in both the municipal Environmental Restoration Program (ERP) and BCP in situations where the county assumed responsibility for the site. PWGC prepared a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment and documented historic environmental work performed at the site to satisfy requirements from associated lending institutions. Rhodes oversaw the completion of a subsurface investigation to determine site conditions to prepare appropriate NYSDEC-approved Corrective and Remedial Action Plans. Further, he oversaw the removal of petroleum-impacted soils, which resulted in an excavation measuring 60,000 square feet and more than 40,000 tons of impacted soils processed.

Benjamin Beechwood, LLC, Arverne Urban Renewal Area (URA) - Far Rockaway, NY Consulting Services, Multi-Site Phase II Planning & Management - As project director, Mr. Rhodes collaborated with representatives from Benjamin Beechwood, LLC and served as liaison to the New York City Departments of Environmental Protection (NYCDEP) and Housing Preservation and Development (HPD) effectively advocating for their project goals. He supervised environmental due diligence for the development of the site - measuring 25 city blocks wide - and prepared the scope of work for a multi-site Phase II investigation. The result was incorporated into project documents along with work plans, health and safety plans, special area management, and submitted to NYCDEP and HPD. Once approved, Rhodes coordinated with NYCDEP on extensive geophysical and geo-probe investigations, test pits and soil pile characterizations. He directed the multi-faceted project, with tank removals and NYSDEC spill closures, successfully clearing the way for the area's redevelopment and revitalization.

Town of Babylon - Wyandanch, NY

Phase II Site Investigation & Redevelopment - Mr. Rhodes worked with the Town of Babylon's Community Development Agency and private interests, which resulted in the first new supermarket built in the hamlet of Wyandanch in more than 20 years. Rhodes developed a soil and groundwater investigation scope that revealed low tetrachloroethane (PCE) levels in the soil and



higher levels in the groundwater generated by a dry cleaner formerly located at the site. Rhodes documented the PCE was degrading naturally and only low-impact levels were migrating off-site. To determine the off-site plumes' real and potential effect, PWGC conducted an extensive well survey down-gradient of the property to identify potential receptors of the off-site groundwater contamination. The results prompted the Town of Babylon to connect potentially affected residences to public water, safeguarding the contaminant pathway and clearing the site for redevelopment.

Groundwater Specialists, Inc. - Ronkonkoma, NY

QA/QC for Phase I & II Engineering Oversight Services - To assure quality of the remedial investigation, Mr. Rhodes reviewed the proposed work plan, analyses; progress and activities monitoring for the soil-boring program; monitoring well installation; groundwater sampling; and spot-checking of field records. He further reviewed the third party's data evaluation, risk assessment, draft report, and results' documentation to assure completeness and rationality; and assisted the client with the sealing of the final report upon approval.

Village of Lindenhurst - Lindenhurst, NY

Environmental Site Assessment for Property Redevelopment - Mr. Rhodes acted as liaison between Village of Lindenhurst officials and the Suffolk County Department of Health Services (SCDHS) representatives during the environmental assessment facet of a condemnation proceeding ordered by the Village as part of the site's proposed redevelopment into a court complex. Faced with access issues during the initial Phase I and II, PWGC collected enough evidence for SCDHS to obtain a court order for gaining entry to the property. Working in conjunction with the SCDHS, Mr. Rhodes finalized a scope of work and tasks, divided between PWGC and SCDHS personnel. Information collected in the joint venture documented the site's environmental integrity allowing for formulating the proper remedial action plan.

Krumenacker Florist and Nursery - Amityville, NY

Phase II Investigation & Site Remediation - After reviewing an existing Phase I report, Mr. Rhodes performed a Phase II

Carlly into regulatory compliance and clear the path for future development. The investigation and site remediation to bring the facility into regulatory compliance and clear the path for future development. The Phase II strategy focused on specific areas of concern that could negatively affect the client in the form of greater expense and unexpected delays. The environmental concerns focused on an existing Class V Underground Injection Control Well, underground gasoline storage tanks, potential environmental assessment format issues and impacted soils beneath the former greenhouse. During the greenhouse demolition, Rhodes met with regulatory agencies to ensure that on-going soil sampling and health and safety measures met regulatory requirements.

New York City "E" Designation and Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP)
In response to the rezoning activities in New York City, its Office of Environmental Remediation (NYCOER) oversees environmental investigation and remediation at suspect sites prior to redevelopment. Rhodes develops scopes of work for environmental investigation required to redevelop the "E" designated property. He oversees Phase I & II work plans, Health and Safety Plan and Construction Health and Safety Plan, which NYCOER must approve prior to the start of work. To assess the soil quality he coordinates and oversees subsurface investigations, including geophysical surveys and soil and groundwater sampling programs. Based on the findings, Rhodes develops and implements remedial strategies and prepares Remedial Action Plans for NYCOER approval. Rhodes provides technical oversight and support on vapor intrusion mitigation, such as vapor barriers and sub-slab depressurization systems, and is experienced with New York State Department of Health requirements on evaluating soil vapor intrusions.

Current NYCOER VCP projects Mr. Rhodes is overseeing include a nine-story affordable housing development for Phipps Houses and a 12-story residential complex in Harlem, NY for HAP Investment Developers, which also includes an affordable housing component

Mr. Rhodes is also currently overseeing sites within the NYCOER "E" Program. He is working with Bizzi & Partners Development, LLC, in NYC's SoHo location, which will be redeveloped into a 25-story, mixed-use, high-end residential building. And in Long Island City, Mr. Rhodes is working with the Lightstone Group on the redevelopment of a former taxi site, which is being developed into a 10-story mixed-use facility.

Sive, Paget & Riesel, PC (SPR) - New York, NY

Expert Evaluation & Analysis, Carnegie Hill, New York, NY - The law firm of Sive, Paget & Riesel, PC contracted Rhodes to provide an environmental engineering evaluation to determine the source of petroleum contamination in a commercial corridor. A previous investigation conducted by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) contractor identified SPR's client as the responsible party for an oil spill negatively affecting an adjacent building. He used the evaluation of previous reports, proper closure of a 10,000 gallon underground storage tank (UST), and cross match analysis of fuel oil to compare chemical fingerprints of several sources. PWGC prepared a comprehensive project document to illustrate hydrogeologic cross sections, a study of the bedrock, UST construction details, hydrographs and photos. The comprehensive document ultimately proved favorable for the client.

Baumann Bus site, Francis S. Gabreski Airport - Westhampton Beach, NY
UIC Investigation/Remediation - Through New York State's "Rebuild Now" Program, Mr. Rhodes oversaw the investigation/remediation for Underground Injection Control (UIC) sites on 58 acres at Suffolk County's Francis S. Grabreski Airport, a 1,500 acre former US Air Force base in Westhampton. A 2004 site investigation revealed elevated levels of semivolatile organic compounds. Through analysis of historical maps and geophysical methods, a remedial work plan was prepared for the site to properly locate, characterize and close more than 100 UIC sites. Mr. Rhodes provided technical support to verify protocols on local, state and federal levels, corresponded with the County to negotiate the scope of work, provided quality assurance and verified that all work was done in accordance associated guidelines permitting site redevelopment. PWGC's efforts included a supplemental remedial investigation, final remedial design and preparation of a site management plan and



post remedial monitoring, which is allowing for the development of the Hampton Business District business park by Plainview, NY-based Rechler Equities.

In addition to be UIC work, Mr. Rhodes oversaw remediation efforts at Gabreski associated with the Suffolk County Department of Health Services Brownfield Program, which is administered by PWGC. Other projects successfully completed by Mr. Rhodes and PWGC, or nearing completion, under the Brownfield Program include the Blue Point Laundry site in Blue Point, the Canine Kennel at Gabreski Airport and the Ronkonkoma Wallpaper site in Ronkonkoma.

Jain Center of America - Lake Success, NY

Sub-Surface Investigation Review - Mr. Rhodes reviewed a subsurface investigation of a former gasoline station. While adhering to Village of Lake Success requirements to address past environmental problems at the site, he supported client efforts to obtain construction approval for the property. As part of the SEQRA review process, the Village required the client perform a subsurface investigation. After a review of Nassau County records, Mr. Rhodes discovered an open UIC file resulting from an acceptable endpoint result having not been obtained. He designed a subsurface investigation to address the UIC issue, the former gasoline spill, a sanitary system at the site, and other environmental concerns resulting in an expedited review process.

Penetrex Processing, Glenwood Landing - New York

Subsurface Investigation, NYS Class II Inactive Hazardous Waste Site - As project principal, Mr. Rhodes lead the investigation of an inactive hazardous waste site in accordance with a New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC)-approved work plan, which included sub-slab vapor and indoor air sampling and a sub-slab depressurization system. In addition, he oversaw the preparation of a feasibility study for the site that NYSDEC used to prepare a proposed remedial action plan, which lead to a Record of Decision.

Allstate Insurance Services - Hauppauge, NY

Spill Site Project Management - Mr. Rhodes oversees multiple residential fuel oil spills a year in New York City, Westchester, Nassau, and Suffolk Counties and Upstate New York on behalf of Allstate Insurance Services. He directs PWGC's Allstate team in providing technical oversight to document that spill remediation performed by the homeowner's contractor sufficiently addresses the contamination present and to achieve closure by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). He ensures professional representation at all levels, and coordination with the NYSDEC and the environmental contractor. PWGC addresses all spills in a timely fashion, effectively reducing or eliminating Allstate's liability in such cases.

Sub-Surface Investigation Management & Client Representation Texaco Station, NY - Mr. Rhodes reviewed and supervised a sub-surface investigation to determine whether two underground storage tanks at a Texaco gas station were the potential source of soil and groundwater contamination under remediation at the time. He reviewed existing site data and supervised a subsurface investigation to determine the responsible party. The investigation showed the two storage tanks were not the source of contamination and that the current remediation system appeared ineffective.

Water Authority of Great Neck North - Great Neck NY

Groundwater Study - As project manager, Mr. Rhodes directed multiple studies using groundwater models in conjunction with the Nassau County Department of Public Works, to evaluate the pumpage of Great Neck's public water supply wells for potential for saltwater intrusion to determine the most favorable locations for a proposed well field. Rhodes used the results to prepare an aquifer management plan (AMP) for the authority that described short-term and long-term pumping scenarios. By following the AMP, the Authority has indicated the advancement of multiple saltwater wedges has slowed and/or ceased. He also prepared the water supply application and engineering report for the installation of new wells located off of the Great Neck Peninsula, which was part of the Authority's long term plans contained in the AMP.

John deCuevas, et al. v. East Hampton Golf Club, LLC, et al - East Hampton, NY

Expert Evaluation - Mr. Rhodes conducted an investigation to assess the potential environmental impact of a golf course development on the groundwater resource and to provide testimony on behalf of John DeCuevas. He researched and evaluated the hydrogeologic characteristic beneath the site, local groundwater quality concerns and potential chemical usage of the future golf course. The evaluation identified the potential for groundwater impact and the threat to nearby private drinking water wells from the proposed development. The findings prompted the two parties to agree on the development of a groundwater monitoring program to protect the private wells. Further, the golf course implemented an Integrated Pest Management program to control chemical use at the site. After developing the monitoring program that includes two wells required by Suffolk County Department of Health Services (SCDHS), Rhodes reviewed the data to determine if impacts had occurred and submitted his findings with SCDHS for incorporation in the county's database.

Fong and Wong, PC - New York, NY

New Best Cleaners & Tailors, Inc., Centereach, NY, Environmental Investigation & Remediation - He provided professional consulting services and expert testimony for the attorney who represented the site lessee in litigation with the property owner over the environmental condition and a lease buy-out agreement. He oversaw the soil and groundwater study to evaluate potential impacts and determine multiple sources of contamination, and remediation of sources associated with the dry cleaners, and participated in an on-site meeting with the presiding judge to demonstrate the conditions at the site first hand.

Minmilt Realty - East Farmingdale, NY

Remedial Project Management - As field manager, Mr. Rhodes coordinated a full remedial investigation and provided technical direction during the installation of a deep monitoring well - 180 feet - and defined the vertical extent of contamination and



hydrophobic dyes to determine the movement of dense non-aqueous phase liquids (DNAPL) using groundwater quality screening. He prepared the RI/FS report and oversaw the operation and maintenance of the system.

Computer Circuits - Hauppauge, NY

Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) - Mr. Rhodes was a project director for a characterization of a contamination's nature and extent at the former Computer Circuits industrial site, a US Environmental Protection Agency Superfund Site. He coordinated the use of multiple geophysical techniques to determine if unknown buried objects such as drums, tanks, or leaching structures existed. Techniques employed during the course of the project were interior/exterior soil borings, multiple drilling/probe methods, EnCore™ sampler, to preserve VOC sample integrity, and off-site groundwater vertical profile sampling to depths in excess of 200 feet below grade. PWGC utilized an on-site laboratory grade gas chromatograph to screen both soil and groundwater samples and followed New York State Department of Environmental Conservation procedures during the investigation.

Brookhaven National Laboratory - Upton, NY

Major Cesspools Closure - Mr. Rhodes coordinated sampling efforts to comply with the EPA and States regulated UIC program for the closure. He monitored closely the full ASP-B protocol and, after analysis of laboratory data, submitted reports to the client.

Village of Sands Point, NY

Hydrogeologic Investigation - To assess the impact of proposed irrigation wells on the surrounding area, Mr. Rhodes determined the potential screen zones of the wells, considered potentially vulnerable to salt water intrusion. In addition, he assessed the impact on nearby public supply wells operated by the Village.

PUBLICATIONS & PRESENTATIONS

The Significance of the New Brownfields Legislation (NY Real Estate Journal, 03/04; Business Industry Connection (BIC), 03/04 issue)

Brownfields: Timing is Everything (Empire State Report, 09/2004)

Watershed Strategy & Management as a Most Valuable Resource (Watershed Conference, 1996)

Watershed Management for a Limited Coastal Aquifer System (North American Water and Environment Congress '96)

Project Team Summary

LDC personnel have hands-on experience in the areas of data validation, laboratory QA/QC, CLP SOWs, and environmental laboratory analyses. As documented in the resumes of our staff, the project team has significant experience with USACE and DoD protocols, current technology, SW-846, and all methods stated in the SOW.

LDC is presenting the following staff to perform key roles for this contract. The key staff of the project team and their experience are as follows:

Stella Cuenco, Principal Chemist/Operations Manager
 Project Role: Principal Chemist/Program Manager
 Data Validation Experience: 24 years

Overall Laboratory and Data Validation Experience: 30 years

B.S. Chemistry, University of the Philippines, 1991

Ms. Cuenco has over 30 years of environmental laboratory and data validation experience under DoD and EPA guidelines. Her experience includes performance of data validation in gas chromatography/mass spectrometry for volatile and semivolatile organics and extensive Navy and EPA data review and data verification for all organic and inorganic analyses. Her laboratory experience includes hands-on CLP and SW-846 GC/MS methods.

Pei Geng, Senior Chemist/Project Manager
 Project Role: Senior Organic Data Validator
 Data Validation Experience: 23 years

Overall Laboratory and Data Validation Experience: 30 years

M.S. Chemistry, Sam Houston University, 1989

Ms. Geng will perform the role of organic data validator for this project. She will perform data validation for GC/MS and gas chromatography analyses and serve as a peer reviewer in the initial validation review process.

Ms. Geng has over 30 years of environmental laboratory and data validation experience. Her experience includes performance of data validation in the gas chromatography area for volatile and semivolatile organics and extensive DoD data review and data verification for all organic analyses. Her laboratory experience includes hands-on CLP and SW-846 GC/MS methods.

Richard M. Amano, Principal Chemist
 Project Role: Senior Technical Reviewer/Director
 Data Validation Experience: 29 years

Overall Laboratory and Data Validation Experience: 41 years

B.S. Biochemistry, UCLA, 1979

Mr. Amano has over 40 years of environmental laboratory, QA/QC, and data validation experience. He has managed data validation projects using the DoD QSM data validation guidelines for the past twenty years. Prior to founding LDC in 1991, he directed two major laboratories, Analytical Technologies, Inc. and Brown and Caldwell, from 1983 to 1991. His data validation experience includes oversight and direction of major efforts for Superfund sites, DoE sites, Navy RI/FS projects, Army Corps of Engineers investigations, and AFCEE/AFCEC projects. He also has overseen several laboratory audits for major analytical testing programs for the Navy, Texaco, and

Hewlett-Packard. His laboratory experience includes hands-on CLP and SW-846 GC/MS analysis, direction of GC/MS (including TO-14 air analyses) and radiochemistry groups, dioxins method development, and complex GC data interpretation of Aroclors. He has performed expert witness support for litigation purposes.

 Christina Rink-Ashdown, Inorganic Chemist/Project Manager Project Role: Inorganic Data Validator/Project Manager Data Validation Experience: 11 years Overall Laboratory and Data Validation Experience: 13 years

B.S. Biology, University of California, San Diego 2006

Ms. Rink-Ashdown will perform the role of day to day Project Manager for this project. She will monitor schedules, compliance of validation to the Required Guidelines, perform routine surveillance activities such as generation of non-conformance reports, validator training and QA reports to management.

Ms. Rink-Ashdown has over 13 years combined environmental laboratory and data validation experience. Her experience includes performance of data validation in the trace metals, radiochemistry, and wet chemistry areas for major Federal and commercial projects. Her laboratory experience includes hands-on CLP and SW-846 ICP/CVAA analysis and overall technical review of data deliverables.

Ms. Rink-Ashdown specializes in the data validation of radiochemistry, trace metals, wet chemistry, and methyl mercury and analyses under MARLAP and USEPA functional guidelines or equivalent protocol. Over the past two years, she has worked under various DoD, CERCLA and EPA data validation guidelines for the various CERCLA, Navy, Army Corps, AFCEE/AFCEC and commercial projects. She is also certified as a "Radiometric Data Validation Specialist" through course work and testing by the Radiochemistry Society.

Linda Ta, Chemist / Project Manager

Project Role: Chemist

Data Validation Experience: 2 years

Overall Laboratory and Data Validation Experience: 7 years

B.S. Geology, CSU Long Beach, 2012

Ms. Ta has 7 years combined environmental laboratory and data validation experience. She is proficient in data validation for GC and GCMS methods for Level II and III.

Ms. Ta has so far become responsible for writing project data quality assessment reports (DQAR), has learned to use ADR for validation, and is in training to perform ERPIMS database tasks.

Kevin Kha, Junior Project Manager
 Project Role: Project Management Assistance
 Data Validation Experience: 4 years

Overall Laboratory and Data Validation Experience: 4 years B.A. Marine Sciences and Integrative Biology, UC Berkeley, 2014

Mr. Kha has 4 years of data validation experience and specializes in the use of LDC Automated Data Review (ADR) software for validation, contract compliance screening, building eQAPPs libraries, and writing data validation reports (DVR) for projects utilizing ADR. He also builds eQAPPs and performs validation in the FUDSChem database, as well as data submission tasks in the ERPIMS database. He is also proficient in data validation for general chemistry and ICP/ICP-MS metals for Levels II through IV.

Tony Rommelfanger, Data Control Manager Project Role: Data Custodian

Mr. Rommelfanger will perform the role of data custodian for this project. He will perform the log-in of all data packages into the LDC tracking system. This system will generate spreadsheets for identifying all samples, their collection date, analysis performed, matrix, and report due date. Upon the completion of each delivery order, he will archive and catalog all reports and data in a secured storage area.

Mr. Rommelfanger has over 28 years of experience in laboratory and data management experience. He has experience in organizing, logging in, and tracking data packages for technical staff.

Resumes of Key Staff

- Stella Cuenco, Senior Chemist
- Pei Geng, Senior Chemist
- Richard Amano, Principal Chemist
- Christina Rink-Ashdown, Inorganic Chemist
- Linda Ta, Chemist

RESUME STELLA S. CUENCO

EDUCATION

B.S. Chemistry, 1991 University of the Philippines (UP)

PROFESSIONAL HISTORY

Laboratory Data Consultants, Inc. Senior Chemist 1996 to present

Ceimic Corporation GC/MS Chemist 1996

Analytical Technologies, Inc. GC/MS VOA Group Leader 1992 to 1996

Analytical Technologies, Inc. GC/MS Chemist 1991 to 1992

Natural Products Research, UP Research Assistant 1990 to 1991

REPRESENTATIVE EXPERIENCE

Ms. Cuenco has over 30 years combined environmental laboratory and data validation experience. Her experience includes performance of data validation in the GC and GC/MS areas for major Federal projects. She has performed large validation projects under Boeing, Navy Southwest, Northwest and Pacific Division, EPA Region IX ESAT, USACE and AFCEE/AFCEC programs. Her laboratory experience includes hands-on CLP and EPA analysis of GC and GC/MS volatile organic compounds.

Specifically, Ms. Cuenco has over 24 years organic data validation experience using USEPA (including Region III) functional guidelines and other applicable documents.

As senior chemist with LDC, Ms. Cuenco specializes in the data validation and contract compliance screening of gas chromatography-mass spectrometry analyses as well as gas chromatography analyses. She has a thorough knowledge and understanding of gas chromatography and gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GCMS) and high resolution GCMS methods referenced in EPA CLP, SW-846, EPA 500, 600 and 1600 series documents. She has performed large data validation under Boeing, Navy Southwest and Pacific Divisions and EPA Region IX ESAT, USACE and AFCEE/AFCEC projects.

Ms. Cuenco has over 6 years experience in an environmental laboratory performing the analysis of organic parameters.

- As GC/MS chemist at Ceimic Corporation, a full service environmental analytical chemistry facility, Ms. Cuenco performed GC and GC/MS volatile analyses. She was responsible for the final reporting of analytical data for this section.
- As GC/MS VOA Group Leader at Analytical Technologies Inc., a full service environmental analytical chemistry facility, Ms. Cuenco was responsible for all GC/MS functions which included overseeing daily operations, training staff, final reporting of analytical data, and compliance with method requirements.
- As research assistant at Natural Products Research, UP, Ms. Cuenco researched chemical literature for plants with known medicinal properties as well as performed microbiological and pharmacological tests on plant extracts.

RESUME PEI GENG

EDUCATION

M.S. Organic Chemistry, 1989 Sam Houston State University

B.S. Environmental Chemistry, 1983 Nankai University

PROFESSIONAL HISTORY

Laboratory Data Consultants, Inc. Senior Chemist 1997 to present

Ceimic Corporation GC/MS and GC Chemist 1996 to 1997

PACE Analytical Service Inc. GC/MS and GC Chemist 1990 to 1996

REPRESENTATIVE EXPERIENCE

Ms. Geng has over 30 years combined environmental laboratory and data validation experience. Her experience includes performance of data validation in the GC and GC/MS areas for major Federal projects. She has performed large validation projects under Boeing, Navy Southwest, Northwest and Pacific Division, EPA Region IX ESAT, USACE and AFCEE/AFCEC programs. Her laboratory experience includes hands-on CLP and EPA analysis of GC and GC/MS volatile organic compounds.

Specifically, Ms. Geng has over 23 years organic data validation experience using USEPA CLP (including Region III) functional guidelines and other applicable documents.

• As chemist with LDC, Ms. Geng specializes in the data validation and contract compliance screening of gas chromatography-mass spectrometry analyses as well as gas chromatography analyses. She has a thorough knowledge and understanding of gas chromatography and gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GCMS) and high resolution GCMS methods referenced in EPA CLP, SW-846, EPA 500, 600 and 1600 series documents. She has performed large data validation under Boeing, Navy Southwest and Pacific Divisions and EPA Region IX ESAT, USACE and AFCEE/AFCEC projects.

Ms. Geng has over 7 years of experience in an environmental laboratory performing the analysis of organic parameters.

- As both a GC and GC/MS chemist at Ceimic Corporation, a full service environmental analytical chemistry facility, Ms. Geng performed GC and GC/MS volatile and semivolatile analyses.
- As both a GC and GC/MS chemist at PACE Analytical Service Inc., a full service environmental analytical chemistry facility, Ms. Geng performed GC and GC/MS volatile and semivolatile analyses as well as overseeing the final reporting of analytical data, and compliance with method requirements.

RESUME RICHARD M. AMANO

EDUCATION

B.S. Biochemistry University of California, Los Angeles, 1979

A.A. Chemistry El Camino College, 1977

PROFESSIONAL HISTORY

Laboratory Data Consultants, Inc. Program Manager/Principal Scientist 2011-present President/Principal Chemist, 1991 to 2011

Analytical Technologies, Inc Laboratory Director 1986 to 1991

Brown & Caldwell Laboratory Supervisor 1983 to 1986

West Coast Technical Service Senior Chemist 1980 to 1983

University of California, Los Angeles Laboratory Technician 1979 to 1980

REPRESENTATIVE EXPERIENCE

Mr. Amano has over 41 years of combined environmental laboratory, QA/QC, laboratory auditing, data management, environmental software development, and data validation experience. Prior to founding LDC in 1991, he directed to two major laboratories, Analytical Technologies, Inc. (San Diego) and Brown and Caldwell. His experience includes oversight and direction of major QA/QC and data validation efforts for confidential petroleum spill projects, Boeing sites, Superfund sites, DoE sites, Navy RI/FS projects, Army Corps of Engineers investigations, and AFCEE/AFCEC projects. He has also overseen several laboratory audits for major analytical testing programs and large scale environmental software development for the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

Specifically, Mr. Amano has over 29 years of experience with validation of organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analyses using USEPA, Navy, USACE, DoD, AFCEE/AFCEC, and other applicable guidance documents.

- As program manager/principal scientist with LDC, Mr. Amano provides management and technical support to the data validation, data quality, and software group. He oversees and directs all environmental software projects developed for the USACE. Additionally, he acts as the primary LDC/USACE contract manager for software development projects. He is the primary author of the nationally distributed Automated Data Review (ADR) software used by the USACE, Navy, DTSC, and commercial clients.
- As President/principal chemist with LDC, Mr. Amano provided management and technical support to the data validation, data quality, and software group. He provided technical support in the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical areas. Under several major QA/QC and data validation programs, he provided, as needed, a final review of data validation and assessment reports. Mr. Amano specializes in the evaluation, validation, and interpretation of environmental testing data. Additional responsibilities include laboratory QA/QC and NELAC audits, implementation and support of QA/QC programs and data management support for engineering firms, environmental lab training, consultation on LIMS data base designs for environmental laboratories, and expert witness litigation support. Mr. Amano has managed and directed several major data validation and QA/QC projects for Army Corps, Navy, Air Force, and commercial contracts. Industrial projects include major petroleum oil spill related data validation and assessment of hydrocarbon analyses. The DoD projects include Southwest Division CLEAN 1 (Jacobs Engineering/IT Corporation/CH2M Hill), Southwest Division CLEAN 2 (Bechtel National), Pacific Northwest Division CLEAN (URS Greiner), Southern Division CLEAN (ABB Environmental), Atlantic Division CLEAN (EA Engineering), Southwest (OHM Remediation), Pacific Division CLEAN (Earth Tech), Division RAC AFCEE/AFCEC Mather AFB (Montgomery Watson), AFCEE/AFCEC Pease AFB (Bechtel Environmental), AFCEE/AFCEC England AFB (Law Environmental), Army Corps Travis AFB (CH2M Hill), Army Corps Hawthorne Army Depot (Tetra Tech), Nevada Test Site (IT Corp), and Army Corps Fort Ord (Harding Lawson). He provided oversight and direction for major USACE environmental software development including Automated Data Review (ADR), FUDSFORUM, MRSPP, and FUDSCHEM. He has a thorough knowledge and understanding of EPA CLP, SW-846, EPA 500, EPA 900, and EPA 600 series methods. He additionally has supported attorneys as an expert witness and has taught data integrity and lab ethics courses for several organizations.

Mr. Amano has over 12 years environmental laboratory experience in commercial laboratories supervising or performing the analyses of organic, inorganic, and radiochemical parameters.

- As laboratory director and technical director of Analytical Technologies, Inc, a full service environmental analytical chemistry facility, Mr. Amano was responsible for all facets of operations. These responsibilities include direct technical input for GC, GC/MS, and inorganic operations, personnel selection, assisting in method development, and selection of non-routine analysis. In addition, Mr. Amano was responsible for supervision of the 80 scientists employed at ATI's San Diego laboratory with all group supervisors, quality assurance and safety coordinators reporting directly to him. Mr. Amano has managed numerous analytical testing programs including the North Island Navy Confirmation Study, Miramar Air Force Base Confirmation Study, and investigations at several of the EPA Superfund sites. His environmental expertise focuses on the chemical testing related to hazardous waste investigations, site remediation, and groundwater monitoring programs.
- While at Brown & Caldwell, Mr. Amano's responsibilities encompassed supervision of daily operations of the laboratory, personnel staffing, technical advisor for operation of

the gas chromatograph/mass spectrometer (GC/MS) section, maintenance of QA/QC programs, and coordination between engineers, clients, and laboratory analysts. Additionally, he supervised the daily operation of all radiochemistry activities which included alpha, beta, and radium analyses.

 At West Coast Technical Service, Mr. Amano was responsible for daily operation and quality control of the GC/MS group. Mr. Amano was highly involved with the USEPA hazardous waste contracts. Some special projects included dioxin selected ion monitoring analysis, EPA method 624 and 625 validation studies, and low level drinking water evaluations.

TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS

"Understanding the Workings of an Environmental Laboratory" Southern California Department of Health Services, 1984 Hargis & Associates, Inc, La Jolla, CA, 1987 Hargis & Associates, Inc, Tucson, AZ, 1987 Westec Services, San Diego, CA, 1987 Applied Hydrogeologic, Inc, San Diego, CA 1989

"Data Validation, QA/QC, and Environmental Analysis"
Van, Waters, and Rogers, Seattle, WA, 1990
ERC Environmental, Honolulu, HI, 1991
Harding Lawson Associates, Honolulu, HI, 1991
Pacific Division Naval Engineering Group, Honolulu, HI, 1991
OHM, Irvine, CA, 1996
Southwest Division Naval Engineering Group, San Diego, CA, 1996
Navy Public Works Center, San Diego, CA 1996

"GC versus GC/MS"
J.H. Kleinfelder & Associates, Artesia, CA 1986
Hargis & Associates, Inc, La Jolla, CA 1987

"Analytical Methods and QA/QC Procedures for Environmental Analysis"
County of San Diego Department of Health Services, San Diego, CA 1989
Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Diego, CA 1990
ERC Environmental, San Diego, CA 1990
Mittlehauser Corporation, Laguna Hills, CA 1991

"Hydrocarbon Testing Related to Underground Storage Tanks (UST)"
San Diego County DOHS, San Diego, CA, 1986
J.H. Kleinfelder & Associates, Artesia, CA 1986
Woodward Clyde Consultants, San Diego, CA 1987

Engineering Enterprises, Long Beach, CA 1987

"Quality Control/Quality Assurance in Laboratories"
Assoc of Hazardous Materials Professionals, Anaheim, CA 1986
R.L. Stollar & Associates, Santa Ana, CA 1989

"The Influence of Sample Matrix on Environmental Analysis"
Assoc of Hazardous Materials Professionals, San Diego, CA 1990

- "Comparison of Air Sampling Media"
 Assoc of Hazardous Materials Professionals, Anaheim, CA 1991
- "Building a Second Generation LIMS for Commercial Laboratory Operations" Pittsburgh Conference, New York, NY, 1990 (Invited Speaker)
- "Employment Outlook in Environmental Laboratories" Southern California American Chemical Society, 1985
- "Opportunities in the Environmental Lab in the 1990's" American Chemical Society, 1990
- "Data Validation of Radiochemical Analyses" Hargis + Associates, La Jolla, CA 1991
- "Detection Limits MDL, PQL, RDL, LOD?" Analytical Technologies, Inc., 1991
- "Poor QA/QC or Laboratory Fraud: Have labs crossed the fine line?" Environmental Professionals Organization, Newport Beach, CA 1996
- "Electronic Data Deliverables and Automated Data Review/Validation" Army Corps of Engineers, Sacramento District, Sacramento, CA 1996
- "Navy Environmental Data Transfer Standards" Kleinfelder, San Diego, CA 1997
- "Laboratory QA/QC Update for DoD Programs" ACTLabs, Long Beach, CA 1997

LECTURING AND TEACHING

"Instrumental Analysis of Hazardous Materials" University of California, San Diego 1988 - 1995

"Field Monitoring & Laboratory Analysis of Hazardous Materials"

University of California, San Diego 1995 - 1998

California State Fullerton, Guest Lecturer, 1985 & 1990

San Diego State University, Hydrology Department, Guest Lecturer, 1988

"EPA Level 4 Data Validation" Workshop Applied Geotechnology, Inc., Bellevue, WA, 1993

"Environmental Analyses in the 90's" National University, Guest Lecturer, 1993

"Data Quality Objectives for Federal Environmental Programs" University of California, San Diego 1993

"Data Integrity and Data Management for Federal Environmental Programs"

University of California, San Diego 1994

"Laboratory QA/QC and Electronic Data Requirements for DoD Programs" University of California, San Diego 1995

"Application and Utilization of Department of Defense (DoD) Guidance Documents" University of California, San Diego 1996

"Laboratory Quality Assurance for Department of Defense Programs" University of California, San Diego 1997

PUBLICATIONS

"Managing an Environmental Chemistry Laboratory for Profit", John H. Taylor, Jr and Richard M. Amano, Journal of Chromatographic Science, 1987

MEMBERSHIPS AND AFFILIATIONS

American Chemical Society

Association of Hazardous Materials Professionals, (Steering Committee 1988-1994)
Association of California Testing Laboratories, (Board Member 1989-1991)
County of San Diego, Site Assessment and Mitigation Technical Forum (Steering Committee 1990-2000)

American Society Quality Control (1992-2005)

FOUNDATIONS

Golf for Autistic Children in America (GACA), Founder/President (2011)

RESUME CHRISTINA RINK-ASHDOWN

EDUCATION

BS Biology, 2006 University of California, San Diego

PROFESSIONAL HISTORY

Laboratory Data Consultants, Inc. Inorganic Chemist 2009 to present

Enviromatrix Analytical, Inc. Metals Chemist 2007 to 2009

REPRESENTATIVE EXPERIENCE

Ms. Rink-Ashdown has over 13 years combined environmental laboratory and data validation experience. Her experience includes performance of data validation in the trace metals, radiochemistry, and wet chemistry areas for major Federal and commercial projects. Her laboratory experience includes hands-on CLP and SW-846 ICP/CVAA analysis and overall technical review of data deliverables. Specifically, Ms. Rink-Ashdown has over 6 years inorganic and radiochemistry data validation experience using USEPA (including Region III) functional guidelines and other applicable documents.

As chemist with LDC, Ms. Rink-Ashdown specializes in the data validation of trace metals, wet chemistry, methyl mercury and radiochemistry analyses using USEPA functional guidelines or equivalent protocol. She has worked under various CERCLA and EPA data validation guidelines for the various CERCLA, Navy, Army Corps, AFCEE/AFCEC and commercial projects. She is certified as a "Radiometric Data Validation Specialist" through course work and testing by the Radiochemistry Society. Ms. Rink-Ashdown has validated over 2,000 samples for various isotopes in the last two years.

Ms. Rink-Ashdown has over 2 years of environmental laboratory experience in a laboratory performing the analyses of inorganic parameters.

As lead inorganic chemist at Enviromatrix Analytical, Inc., Ms. Rink-Ashdown managed the inorganic chemistry section which performed techniques such as atomic absorption and inductively coupled argon plasma spectrometry. These analyses were performed from methods referenced in EPA CLP, SW-846, and Standard Methods documents.

RESUME LINDA TA

EDUCATION

B.S. Geology, 2012 California State University Long Beach

PROFESSIONAL HISTORY

Laboratory Data Consultants, Inc. Chemist and Project Manager July 2018 to present

Eurofins Calscience Project Manager Assistant 02/2014-07/2018

Eurofins Calscience Chemist 10/2013-02/2014

REPRESENTATIVE EXPERIENCE

Ms. Ta has more than 2 years of experience at LDC, she is proficient in data validation for GC and GCMS methods for Level II and III.

As a project manager with LDC, Ms. Ta assists the other project managers through
project set-up, validation, report review, and writing project data quality assessment
reports. Ms. Ta is also in training to perform ADR validation and ERPIMS database
tasks. She is also the administrative support specialist for LDC Advantage secure data
sharing portal where she assists with project and client set-up.

Ms. Ta has 5 years of experience in an environmental laboratory performing the analysis of organic parameters.

- As a GC/MS chemist at Eurofins Calscience, a full service environmental analytical chemistry facility, Ms. Ta performed GC/MS volatile analyses using various EPA Methods in accordance with standard operating procedures. Ms. Ta utilized Agilent Chemstation and Laboratory Information Management Systems (LIMS) to analyze and report data.
- As a Project Manager Assistant at Eurofins Calscience, Ms. Ta assisted multiple Project Managers to oversee all laboratory functions for various projects. In addition, she managed several minor projects for various Environmental consultants. She served as the secondary point of contact for clients, ensured that Chain of Custodies are accurate and analyses are logged in correctly, directed preparation of bottle orders, scheduled pickups and deliveries, coordinated subcontracted analyses, provided quality control review of project-related documents and compliance to project criteria, worked closely with lab group supervisors and executive managers in planning new projects and managed ongoing analytical work. Ms. Ta evaluated analytical data, prepared project case narratives and summaries, compiled laboratory reports for external validation, and worked closely with chemists and lab group supervisors in resolving quality assurance

and quality control issues. She prepared detailed project billing and generated multiple Electronic Data Deliverables. She was also responsible for training new Project Manager Assistants on various PM tasks, data review and compilation of laboratory Level III/IV QC Data Deliverables.

Below is a partial listing of clients and projects which Ms. Ta has assisted:

- -Department of Defense Sites
 - Edwards AFB
 - George AFB
 - Vandenberg AFB
- -SSFL NASA
- -BP/ARCO
- -Aerospace Company

Below is a listing of various database management software which Ms. Ta has extensive training on:

- -ERPIMS
- -EQUIS
- -Envirodata
- -NEDD
- -ADR
- -Geotracker



ATTACHMENT B

737 4th AVENUE SITE 731-747 4th AVENUE BROOKLYN, NEW YORK SITE #C224332

Health and Safety Plan

Submitted To:



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation 47-20 21st Street Long Island City, NY 11101

Prepared For:

737 4th Avenue, LLC 26 Harbor Park Drive Port Washington, NY 11050

Prepared By:



P.W. Grosser Consulting Inc. 630 Johnson Avenue, Suite 7 Bohemia, NY 11716 Phone: 631-589-6353

Fax: 631-589-8705

Jennifer Lewis, PG, Vice President

JenniferL@pwgrosser.com

PWGC Project Number: TOT2101



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FIGURES

Figure 1 Hospital Route Map

APPENDICES

Appendix A Site Safety Plan Acknowledgement Form Appendix B Site Safety Plan Amendment Form

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1.0 STATEMENT OF COMMITMENT

Onsite employees may be exposed to chemical contaminants of concern identified within the soil/fill during the planned remedial investigation activities to be performed on the 731 to 747 4th Avenue site. PWGC's policy is to minimize the possibility of work-related exposure through awareness and qualified supervision, health and safety training, use of appropriate PPE, and the following activity specific safety protocols contained in this Health and Safety Plan (HASP). PWGC has established a guidance program to implement this policy in a manner that protects personnel to the maximum reasonable extent.

This HASP describes emergency response procedures for actual and potential chemical hazards. Persons are to acknowledge that they understand the potential hazards and the contents of this Health and Safety policy by signing off on receipt of their individual copy of the document. Contractors and suppliers are retained as independent contractors and are responsible for ensuring the health and safety of their own employees as it relates to general construction practices.



2.0 INTRODUCTION AND SITE ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

This document describes the health and safety guidelines developed by PWGC at the request of 737 4th Avenue, LLC for the proposed RI to be performed at the 731 to 747 4th Avenue site to protect on-site personnel, visitors, and the public from exposure to potential hazardous materials or wastes. In accordance with the most recently adopted and applicable Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 1910.120 Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response Final rule and 29 CFR 1926 Construction Safety Standards, this HASP, including the attachments, addresses safety and health hazards relating to each phase of site operations and is based on the best information available. The HASP may be revised by PWGC at the request of 737 4th Avenue, LLC upon receipt of new information regarding site conditions. Changes will be documented by written amendments.

2.1 Site Safety Plan Acceptance, Acknowledgement, and Amendments

The project superintendent and the site safety officer are responsible for informing personnel entering the work area of the contents of this plan and ensuring that each person signs the safety plan acknowledging the on-site hazards and procedures required to minimize exposure to adverse effects of these hazards. A copy of the Acknowledgement Form is included as **Appendix A**. Site conditions may warrant an amendment to the HASP. Amendments to the HASP are acknowledged by completing the form in **Appendix B**.

2.2 Daily Safety Meetings

Each day before work begins; the site safety officer will hold safety (tailgate or toolbox) meetings to ensure that onsite personnel understand the site conditions and operating procedures and to address safety questions and concerns. Meeting minutes and attendance will be recorded. Project staff will discuss and remedy health and safety issues at these meetings.

2.3 Key Personnel – Roles and Responsibilities

The following key personnel are planned for this project:

- Project Manager Ms. Jennifer Lewis, PG or alternate
- Site Safety Officer Mr. Michael Pecoraro or alternate

The project manager is responsible for overall project administration and, with guidance from the site safety officer, for supervising the implementation of this HASP. The site safety officer will conduct daily



(tail gate or toolbox) safety meetings at the project site and oversee daily safety issues. Each subcontractor and supplier (defined as an OSHA employer) is also responsible for the health and safety of its employees. If there is any dispute about health and safety or project activities, on-site personnel will attempt to resolve the issue. If the issue cannot be resolved at the site, then the project manager will be consulted.

The site safety officer is responsible for the following:

- Educating personnel about information in this HASP and other safety requirements to be observed during site operations, including, but not limited to, designation of work zones and levels of protection and emergency procedures dealing with fire and first aid.
- Coordinating site safety decisions with the project manager.
- Monitoring the condition and status of known on-site hazards specified in this HASP.
- Maintaining records of safety problems, corrective measures and documentation of chemical exposures or physical injuries (the site safety officer will document these conditions in a bound notebook and maintain a copy of the notebook on-site).

The person who observes safety concerns and potential hazards that have not been addressed in the daily safety meetings should immediately report their observations/concerns to the site safety officer or appropriate key personnel.



3.0 HAZARDS OF THE SITE

3.1 Chemical Hazards

Safety data sheets for the known and suspected chemicals that may be encountered at the site are included as Appendix C.

3.1.1 Soil

VOCs, SVOCs, and metals exceeding Unrestricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs) were detected in soils throughout the site. VOC contaminants of concern (COCs) include benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene (BTEX) compounds – these concentrations were detected in two samples between 20 and 22 feet below grade. SVOCs appear to largely be related to the presence of historic fill material, although may also be associated with on-site fuel oil storage tanks, with total SVOCs ranging between less than detection limits in the deeper samples up to 385.76 mg/kg in shallower samples. The primary metal COCs included arsenic (maximum of 17.3 mg/kg), barium (maximum of 517 mg/kg), chromium (maximum of 50.8 mg/kg), mercury (maximum 3.57 mg/kg), lead (maximum of 2,740 mg/kg), and cadmium (maximum of 210 mg/kg).

3.1.2 Groundwater

Groundwater sampling was limited to VOCs collected from previously installed monitoring wells on the southern section of the Site. Samples were collected from nine of these wells. Three monitoring wells on the upgradient portion of the Site contained BTEX compounds that exceeded NYSDEC TOGS 1.1.1 Ambient Water Quality Standards (AWQS).

3.1.3 Soil Vapor

Sub-slab soil vapor sampling was conducted across the northern section of the Site. Multiple VOCs were detected in each soil vapor sample. Petroleum related compounds, such as benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene, and/or xylenes were detected in each soil vapor sample at relatively low concentrations as well as one detection of tetrachloroethene (PCE) in one soil vapor sample.

3.2 Biological Hazards

Work will be performed in an urban environment; however, during the course of the project, there is potential for workers to come into contact with biological hazards such as animals, insects, and plants.



3.2.1 Animals

The Site is located in a predominantly urban area. It is possible that dogs, cats, rats, and mice may be present. Workers shall use discretion and avoid all contact with animals.

3.2.2 Insects

Insects, such as mosquitoes, ticks, bees, and wasps may be present during certain times of the year. Workers will be encouraged to wear repellents and PPE, if deemed necessary, when working in areas where insects are expected to be present.

During the months of April through October, particular caution must be exercised to minimize exposure to deer ticks and the potential for contracting Lyme disease. Specific precautionary work practices that are recommended include the following:

- Cover your body as much as possible. Wear long pants and long-sleeved shirts. Light color clothing makes spotting of ticks easier.
- Try to eliminate possible paths by which the Deer Tick may reach unprotected skin. For example, tuck bottoms of pants into socks or boots and sleeves into gloves. (Duct tape may be utilized to help seal cuffs and ankles). If heavy concentrations of ticks or insects are anticipated or encountered, Tyvek coveralls may be utilized for added protection when the potential for heat stress is not a concern.
- Conduct periodic and frequent, (e.g., hourly), surveys of your clothing for the presence of ticks.
 Remove any tick, save it and report to the clinic with the tick.
- Use insect /tick repellents that contain the chemical DEET (n,n-Diethyltoluamide). Apply repellents in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations. These repellents are readily available and include such brands as Deep Woods OFF and Maximum Strength OFF.

3.2.3 Plants

The site is currently vacant; however, portions of the exterior may contain poison ivy, sumac and oak may be present on site. The FTL/SHSO should identify the susceptible individuals. Worker shall avoid all contact with these plants.



3.3 Physical Hazards

Most safety hazards are discussed in the Activity Hazard Analyses (AHA) in Appendix B for the different phases of the project. In addition to the AHAs, general work rules and other safety procedures are described in Section 11.0 of this HASP.

3.3.1 Temperature Extremes

3.3.1.1 Heat Stress

Heat stress is a significant potential hazard, which is greatly exacerbated with the use of PPE in hot environments. The potential hazards of working in hot environments include dehydration, cramps, heat rash, heat exhaustion, and heat stroke.

3.3.1.2 <u>Cold Stress</u>

At certain times of the year, workers may be exposed to the hazards of working in cold environments. Potential hazards in cold environments include frostbite, trench foot or immersion foot, hypothermia as well as slippery surfaces, brittle equipment, and poor judgment.

PWGC's Heat/Cold Stress Protocols are specified in **Appendix D**.

3.3.2 Steam, Heat, and Splashing

Exposure to steam/heat/splashing hazards can occur during steam cleaning activities. Splashing can also occur during well development and sampling activities. Exposure to steam/heat/splashing can result in scalding/burns, eye injury, and puncture wounds.

3.3.3 Noise

Noise is a potential hazard associated with the operation of heavy equipment, drill rigs, pumps and engines. Workers will wear hearing protection while in the work zone when these types of machinery are operating.

3.3.4 Fire and Explosion

When conducting excavation or drilling activities, the opportunity of encountering fire and explosion hazards may exist from encountering underground utilities, from the use of diesel engine equipment, and other potential ignition sources. During dry periods there is an increased chance of forest and brush fires starting at the job site. If these conditions occur no smoking will be permitted at the site and all operations involving potential ignition sources will be monitored continuously (fire watch).



3.3.5 Manual Lifting/Material Handling

Manual lifting of heavy objects may be required. Failure to follow proper lifting technique can result in back injuries and strains. Back injuries are a serious concern as they are the most common workplace injury, often resulting in lost or restricted work time, and long treatment and recovery periods.

3.3.6 Slips, Trips, and Falls

Working in and around the site will pose slip, trip and fall hazards due to slippery surfaces that may be oil covered, or from rough terrain, surfaces that are steep inclines, surfaced debris, or surfaces which are wet from rain or ice. Falls may result in twisted ankles, broken bones, head trauma or back injuries.

3.3.7 Heavy Equipment Operation

An excavator/backhoe will be used to excavate where required. Working with or near heavy equipment poses many potential hazards, including electrocution, fire/explosion, being struck by or against, or pinched/caught/crushed by, and can result in serious physical harm.

3.3.8 Electrocution

Encountering underground utilities may pose electrical hazards to workers. Additionally, overhead electrical lines can be a concern during drilling operations. Potential adverse effects of electrical hazards include burns and electrocution, which could result in death.



4.0 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

PPE shall be selected in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120(c), (g), and 1910.132. Protective equipment shall be National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) approved and respiratory protection shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910.133 and 1910.134 specifications; head protection shall conform to 1910.135; eye and face protection shall conform to 1910.133; and foot protection shall conform to 1910.136. The only true difference among the levels of protection from D thru B is the addition of the type of respiratory protection. It is anticipated that work will be performed in Level D PPE.

4.1 Level D

Level D PPE shall be donned when the atmosphere contains no known hazards and work functions preclude splashes, immersion, or the potential for inhalation of, or contact with, hazardous concentrations of harmful chemicals. Level D PPE consists of:

- standard work uniform, coveralls, or Tyvek*, as needed;
- steel toe work boots;
- hard hat;
- gloves, as needed;
- safety glasses;
- hearing protection;
- equipment replacements are available as needed.

4.2 Level C

Level C PPE shall be donned when the concentrations of measured total organic vapors in the breathing zone exceed background concentrations (using a portable PID, or equivalent), but are less than 5 ppm. The specifications on the air purifying respirator (APR) filters used must be appropriate for contaminants identified or expected to be encountered. Level C PPE shall be donned when the identified contaminants have adequate warning properties and criteria for using APR have been met. Level C PPE consists of:

- chemical resistant or coated Tyvek* coveralls;
- steel-toe work boots;
- chemical resistant over boots or disposable boot covers;

^{*}Tyvek shall not be worn when sampling for PFAS.



- disposable inner gloves (surgical gloves);
- disposable outer gloves;
- full face APR fitted with organic vapor/dust and mist filters or filters appropriate for the identified or expected contaminants;
- hard hat;
- splash shield, as needed; and,
- ankles/wrists taped with duct tape.

The site safety officer will verify if Level C is appropriate by checking organic vapor concentrations using compound and/or class-specific detector tubes.

4.3 Level B

Level B PPE shall be donned when the contaminants have not been identified and/or the concentrations of unknown measured total organic vapors in the breathing zone exceed 5 ppm (using a portable PID, or equivalent). Level B PPE shall be donned if the Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health (IDLH) of a known contaminant is exceeded. If a contaminant is identified or is expected to be encountered for which the NIOSH and/or OSHA recommend the use of a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) when that contaminant is present, Level B PPE shall be donned even though the total organic vapors in the breathing zone may not exceed 5 ppm. Level B shall be donned for confined space entry, and when the atmosphere is oxygen deficient (oxygen less than 19.5%) or potentially oxygen deficient. If Level B PPE is required for a task, at least three people shall be donned in Level B at any one time during that task. PPE shall only be donned at the direction of the site safety officer. Level B PPE consists of:

- supplied air SCBA or airline system with five-minute egress system;
- chemical resistant coveralls;
- steel-toe work boots:
- chemical resistant over boots or disposable boot covers;
- disposable inner gloves;
- disposable outer gloves;
- hard hat; and,
- ankles/wrists taped.

^{*}Tyvek shall not be worn when sampling for PFAS.



The exact PPE ensemble is decided on a site-by-site basis by the PWGC Health and Safety Officer with the intent to provide the most protective and efficient worker PPE.



5.0 CONTINGENCY PLAN

Site personnel must be prepared in the event of an emergency. Emergencies can take many forms: illnesses, injuries, chemical exposure, fires, explosions, spills, leaks, releases of harmful contaminants, or sudden changes in the weather.

Emergency telephone numbers and a map to the hospital (Figure 1) will be posted in the command post. Site personnel should be familiar with the emergency procedures, and the locations of site safety, first aid, and communication equipment.

5.1 Emergency Equipment Onsite

Private telephones: Site personnel.

Two-way radios: Site personnel where necessary.

Emergency Alarms: Onsite vehicle horns*.

First aid kits: Onsite, in vehicles or office.

Fire extinguisher: Onsite, in office or on equipment.

5.2 Emergency Telephone Numbers

•	General Emergencies	911
•	New York City Police	911
•	NYU Langone Hospital Brooklyn	1-718-630-7000
•	NYSDEC Spills Division	1-800-457-7362
•	NYSDEC Hazardous Waste Division	1-718-482-4996
•	NYCDEP	1-212-639-9675
•	NYC Department of Health	1-212-788-4711
•	NYC Fire Department	911
•	National Response Center	1-800-424-8802
•	Poison Control	1-212-764-7667

A copy of this page shall be posted in the office.

^{*} Horns: Air horns will be supplied to personnel at the discretion of the project superintendent or site safety officer.



5.3 Personnel Responsibilities During an Emergency

The project manager is primarily responsible for responding to and correcting any emergency situations. However, in the absence of the project manager, the site safety officer shall act as the project manager's on-site designee and perform the following tasks:

- Take appropriate measures to protect personnel;
- Ensure that appropriate federal, state, and local agencies are informed, and emergency response plans are coordinated. In the event of fire or explosion, the local fire department should be summoned immediately. If toxic materials are released to the air, the local authorities should be informed in order to assess the need for evacuation;
- Ensure appropriate decontamination, treatment, or testing for exposed or injured personnel;
- Determine the cause of incidents and make recommendations to prevent recurrence; and,
- Ensure that all required reports have been prepared.

5.4 Medical Emergencies

A person who becomes ill or injured, first aid will be administered while waiting for an ambulance or paramedics. A Field Accident Report (Appendix E) must be filled out for any injury.

A person transporting an injured/exposed person to a clinic or hospital for treatment will take the directions to the hospital and information on the chemical(s) to which they may have been exposed.

5.5 Fire or Explosion

In the event of a fire or explosion, the local fire department will be summoned immediately. The site safety officer or his designated alternate will advise the fire commander of the location, nature and identification of the hazardous materials on-site. If it is safe to do so, site personnel may:

- use firefighting equipment available on site; or,
- remove or isolate flammable or other hazardous materials that may contribute to the fire.

5.6 Evacuation Routes

Evacuation routes established by work area locations for each site will be reviewed prior to commencing site operations. As the work areas change, the evacuation routes will be altered accordingly, and the new route will be reviewed.



Under extreme emergency conditions, evacuation is to be immediate without regard for equipment. The evacuation signal will be a continuous blast of a vehicle horn, if possible, and/or by verbal/radio communication. When evacuating the site, personnel will follow these instructions:

- Keep upwind of smoke, vapors, or spill location.
- Exit through the decontamination corridor if possible.
- If evacuation through the decontamination corridor is not possible, personnel should remove contaminated clothing once they are in a safe location and leave it near the exclusion zone or in a safe place.
- The site safety officer will conduct a head count to ensure that all personnel have been evacuated safely. The head count will be correlated to the site and/or exclusion zone entry/exit log.
- If emergency site evacuation is necessary, all personnel are to escape the emergency situation and decontaminate to the maximum extent practical.



FIGURES





HEALTH AND SAFETY WORK PLAN

APPENDIX A Site Safety Plan Acknowledgement Form



SITE SAFETY PLAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT FORM

I have been informed and understand the procedures set forth in the HASP and amendments:

Printed Name	Signature	Representing	Date



HEALTH AND SAFETY WORK PLAN

APPENDIX B
Site Safety Plan Amendment Form



SITE SAFETY PLAN AMENDMENT FORM

Site Safety Plan Amendment #		
Site Name:		
Reason for Amendment:		
Alternative Procedures:		
Required Changes in PPE:		
Project Superintendent	Date	
Health & Safety Consultant	Date	
Site Safety Officer	 Date	



HEALTH AND SAFETY WORK PLAN

APPENDIX C
Safety Data Sheets

Version 1.1

Effective Date 01.08.2012 Regulation 1907/2006/EC

Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier

Material Name : Fuels, diesel, no.2 CAS 68476-34-6

REACH Registration No. : 01-2119475502-40-0005

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product Use : Please refer to Ch16 and/or the annexes for the registered

uses under REACH.

Uses Advised Against : This product must not be used in applications other than those

recommended in Section 1, without first seeking the advice of the supplier. This product is not to be used as a solvent or cleaning agent; for lighting or brightening fires; as a skin

cleanser.

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Trading Rotterdam B.V.

Weena 70

3012 CM Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 10 441 5000

Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet

TRsds@shell.com

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

+44 (0)151 350 4595

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)	
Hazard classes / Hazard categories	Hazard Statement
Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226

Version 1.1

Effective Date 01.08.2012 Regulation 1907/2006/EC

Safety Data Sheet

Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304
Acute toxicity, Category 4; Inhalation	H332
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated	H373
exposure, Category 2; Blood.; Liver.; Thymus.	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment,	H411
Category 2	

67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC				
Hazard Characteristics	R-phrase(s)			
Harmful.; Dangerous for the environment.;	R20; R38; R40; R51/53; R65			
Carcinogenic, category 3.; Irritant.				

Classification triggering

components

: Contains fuels, diesel.

2.2 Label Elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Symbol(s) :









Signal Words : Danger

CLP Hazard Statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation. H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H373: May cause damage to organs or organ systems through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Fuels, diesel, no.2 CAS 68476-34-6

Version 1.1

Effective Date 01.08.2012 Regulation 1907/2006/EC

Safety Data Sheet

CLP Precautionary statements

Prevention : P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. -

No smoking.

P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Response : P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician. P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

Disposal: : P501: Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste

site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Labeling according to Directive 1999/45/EC / 67/548/EEC

EC Symbols : Xn Harmful.

N Dangerous for the environment.





EC Classification : Harmful. Dangerous for the environment. Carcinogenic,

category 3. Irritant.

EC Risk Phrases : R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R40 Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

EC Safety Phrases : S2 Keep out of the reach of children.

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special

instructions/safety data sheets.

S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice

immediately and show this container or label.

2.3 Other Hazards

Safety Hazards : May ignite on surfaces at temperatures above auto-ignition

Fuels, diesel, no.2 CAS 68476-34-6

Version 1.1

Effective Date 01.08.2012 Regulation 1907/2006/EC

Safety Data Sheet

temperature. Vapour in the headspace of tanks and containers may ignite and explode at temperatures exceeding autoignition temperature, where vapour concentrations are within the flammability range. Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire.

Other Information : This product is intended for use in closed systems only.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance

CAS No. : 68476-34-6

3.2 Mixtures

Mixture Description : A distillate oil having a minimum viscosity of 32,6 SUS at 37,7

oC (100 oF). Product is not a mixture according to regulation

1907/2006/EC.

Hazardous Components

Classification of components according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Chemical Name	CAS No.	EINECS	REACH Registration No.	Conc.
Fuels, diesel, no.2	68476-34-6	270-676-1	01-2119475502-40	100,00%

Chemical Name	Hazard Class & Category	Hazard Statement
Fuels, diesel, no.2	Flam. Liq., 3; Asp. Tox., 1; Acute Tox.,	H226; H304; H332; H315;
	4; Skin Corr., 2; Carc., 2; STOT RE, 2;	H351; H373; H411;
	Aquatic Chronic, 2;	

Classification of components according to 67/548/EEC

Chemical Name	CAS No.	EINECS	REACH Registration No.	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Conc.
Fuels, diesel,	68476-34-6	270-676-1	01-	Xn, N, Xi	R20; R38;	100,00%
no.2			2119475502-		R40; R65;	
			40		R51/53	

Additional Information: Refer to chapter 16 for full text of EC R-phrases.

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport

to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

Eye Contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion : If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest

medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. Give nothing

by mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. The onset of respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after

exposure.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

5.1 Extinguishing Media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon

dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Do not use water in a jet. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the

foam

5.2 Special hazards : Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex

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arising from the substance or mixture

mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Oxides of sulphur. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Flammable vapours may be present

even at temperatures below the flash point.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Additional Advice

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations. Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures 6.2 Environmental Precautions Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

: Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment (of product and fire fighting water) to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

6.3 Methods and Material for Containment and Clean Up

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or reclamation in

accordance with local regulations.

Additional Advice : Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Local authorities

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should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Maritime spillages should be dealt with using a Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (SOPEP), as required by MARPOL Annex 1 Regulation 26.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Material Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions

: Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Prevent spillages. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Never siphon by mouth. Contaminated leather articles including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse. For comprehensive advice on handling, product transfer, storage and tank cleaning refer to the product supplier.

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Earth all equipment. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. When using do not eat or drink. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Tank storage: Tanks must be specifically designed for use with this product. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.

Keep in a bunded area with a sealed (low permeability) floor, to provide containment against spillage. Prevent ingress of water.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Please refer to Ch16 and/or the annexes for the registered uses under REACH.

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Additional Information : Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage

facilities are followed.

Product Transfer : Avoid splash filling. Wait 2 minutes after tank filling (for tanks

such as those on road tanker vehicles) before opening hatches or manholes. Wait 30 minutes after tank filling (for large storage tanks) before opening hatches or manholes. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling. Contamination resulting from product transfer may give rise to light hydrocarbon vapour in the headspace of tanks that have previously contained gasoline. This vapour may explode if there is a source of ignition. Partly filled containers present a greater hazard than those that are full, therefore handling, transfer and sampling

activities need special care.

Recommended Materials : For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless

steel.

Unsuitable Materials : Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or

container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the

manufacturer.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex.

8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

None established.

Material	Source	Type	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Fuels, diesel, no.2	ACGIH	TWA(Inhala ble fraction and vapor.)		100 mg/m3	as total hydrocarbons
	ACGIH	SKIN_DES(I nhalable fraction and vapor.)			Can be absorbed through the skin.as total hydrocarbons

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Material	Source	Hazard Designation
Fuels, diesel, no.2	ACGIH	Confirmed animal carcinogen
		with unknown relevance to
		humans.

Biological Exposure Index (BEI)

No biological limit allocated.

Derived No Effect Levels (DNEL/DMEL) Table

Component	Exposure Route	Exposure Type	Application Area	Value
		(long/short)		
Fuels, diesel	Inhalation	acute, systemic effects	Worker	4300 mg/m3/15 mins (aerosol)
	Dermal	long term, systemic effects	Worker	2,9 mg/kg 8h
	Inhalation	long term, systemic effects	Worker	68 mg/m3/8h (aerosol)
	Inhalation	acute, systemic effects	Consumer	2600 mg/m3/15 mins (aerosol)
	Dermal	long term, systemic effects	Consumer	1,3 mg/kg 24h
	Inhalation	long term, local effects	Consumer	20 mg/m3/24h (aerosol)

PNEC related information

Substance is a hydrocarbon with a complex, unknown or variable composition. Conventional methods of deriving PNECs are not appropriate and it is not possible to identify a

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single representative PNEC for such substances.

8.2 Exposure Controls General Information

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Use sealed systems as far as possible. Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Occupational Exposure Controls

Personal Protective

Equipment

: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye Protection : Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).

Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand Protection : Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.

Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN374 for

chemical resistance and EN407 for heat resistance).

Body protection : Chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and apron (where

risk of splashing).

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations

to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. All respiratory protection equipment and use must be in accordance with local regulations. Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65 °C (149 °F)]

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meeting EN14387.

Thermal Hazards : Not applicable.

Monitoring Methods : Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing

zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also

be appropriate.

Environmental Exposure Controls

Environmental exposure

control measures

: Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

Consumer Exposure Controls

Exposure Control

Measures for Consumers

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to EN374 and provide

employee skin care programmes.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Clear amber. Liquid.
Odour : Hydrocarbon.
Odour threshold : Data not available
pH : Not applicable.

Initial Boiling Point and : ca. 174 - 384 °C / 345 - 723 °F

Boiling Range

Melting / freezing point : Data not available Pour point : -25 - -15 °C / -13 - 5 °F Flash point : > 55 °C / 131 °F

Upper / lower Flammability : 0,6 - 7,5 %(V)

or Explosion limits

Ignition temperature : 225 - 230 °C / 437 - 446 °F

Vapour pressure : 4 hPa

Specific gravity : Data not available

Density : 0,809 - 0,875 g/cm3 at 15 °C / 59 °F

Bulk density : Data not available

Water solubility : Negligible.

Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

n-octanol/water partition

coefficient (log Pow)

: 2,66 - 6,0

Dynamic viscosity : Data not available

Kinematic viscosity : 1,5 - 4,5 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F

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Vapour density (air=1) : Data not available Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) : Data not available Flammability : Data not available

9.2 Other Information

Other Information : Data not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity : Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of

Hazardous Reactions

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

10.5 Incompatible

Materials

10.6 Hazardous

Decomposition Products

Data not available

: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

: Strong oxidising agents.

: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Thermal decomposition is highly

dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative

degradation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Basis for Assessment : Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the

components and the toxicology of similar products.

Likely Routes of : Skin and eye contact

Exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur through inhalation or following

accidental ingestion.

Acute Oral Toxicity : Low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat

Acute Dermal Toxicity : LD50 >2000 mg/kg , Rabbit

Acute Inhalation Toxicity : Harmful if inhaled. LC50 > 1.0 - <= 5.0 mg/l / 4 h. Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation : Irritating to skin.

Serious eye : Expected to be slightly irritating. damage/irritation

Respiratory Irritation: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the

respiratory system.

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Respiratory or skin

sensitisation **Aspiration Hazard** : Not expected to be a sensitiser.

: Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may

cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Positive in in-vitro, but negative in in-vivo mutagenicity assays. Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect. Repeated skin contact

has resulted in irritation and skin cancer in animals.

Reproductive and **Developmental Toxicity** Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure

Not expected to be a developmental toxicant. Not expected to

impair fertility. Not classified.

May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure. Blood. Thymus. Liver.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment : Information given is based on a knowledge of the components

and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

12.1 Toxicity

Acute Toxicity : Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l LL/EL50 expressed

as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous

test extract.

Fish Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Aquatic crustacea Algae/aguatic plants Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l

Chronic Toxicity

Fish

Microorganisms

NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.01 - <= 0.1 mg/l (based on

: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

modeled data)

NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.1 - <= 1.0 mg/l (based on Aquatic crustacea

modeled data)

12.2 Persistence and

degradability

Readily biodegradable. Persistent per IMO criteria. International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition: "A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distils at a

temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof."

12.3 Bioaccumulative

Potential

Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

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12.4 Mobility : Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but a significant

proportion will remain after one day. If product enters soil, one or more constituents will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Floats on water. Large volumes may penetrate

soil and could contaminate groundwater.

12.5 Result of PBT and

vPvB assesment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not

considered to be PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other Adverse

Effects

Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage

organisms.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC): 13 07 01 fuel oil and diesel.

Local Legislation : EU Was

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and

must be complied with.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land transport (ADR/RID):

ADR

14.1 UN number : 1202 14.2 UN proper shipping : GAS OIL

name

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14.3 Transport hazard : 3

class(es)

14.4 Packing group Ш Danger label (primary risk) 3

14.5 Environmental **Environmentally Hazardous**

hazards

14.6 Special precautions for :

user

Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

RID

1202 14.1 UN number 14.2 UN proper shipping **GAS OIL**

14.3 Transport hazard 3

class(es)

14.4 Packing group Ш Danger label (primary risk) 3

14.5 Environmental **Environmentally Hazardous**

hazards

14.6 Special precautions for

user

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

Inland waterways transport (ADN):

14.1 UN number 1202 14.2 UN proper shipping GAS OIL

name

14.3 Transport hazard 3

class(es)

14.4 Packing group Ш Danger label (primary risk) 3 Danger label (subsidiary N2 risk)

14.5 Environmental

hazards

Environmentally Hazardous

14.6 Special precautions for

user

Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Sea transport (IMDG Code):

14.1 UN number UN 1202 14.2 UN proper shipping **GAS OIL**

name

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14.3 Transport hazard :

class(es)

14.4 Packing group : III 14.5 Marine pollutant : Yes

3

Ш

14.6 Special precautions for :

user

Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Air transport (IATA):

14.1 UN number : 1202 14.2 UN proper shipping : Gas oil

name

14.3 Transport hazard : 3

class(es)

14.4 Packing group :

14.6 Special precautions for

user

Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution Category : Not applicable.
Ship Type : Not applicable.
Product Name : Not applicable.
Special Precaution : Not applicable.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulatory Information

15.2 Chemical Safety

: A Chemical Safety Assessment was performed for this

Assessment

substance.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

R-phrase(s)

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R20 Harmful by inhalation. R38 Irritating to skin.

R40 Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

CLP Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

Uses - Worker

Title : Manufacture of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as an intermediate

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Distribution of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel

- Professional

Uses - Consumer

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Title : Use as a fuel

- Consumer

Recommended Restrictions on Use (Advice Against) This product must not be used in applications other than those recommended in Section 1, without first seeking the advice of the supplier. This product is not to be used as a solvent or cleaning agent; for lighting or brightening fires; as a skin cleanser.

Additional Information

This document contains important information to ensure the safe storage, handling and use of this product. The information in this document should be brought to the attention of the person in your organisation responsible for advising on safety matters.

Other Information

Further Information : This product is intended for use in closed systems only.

MSDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product.

MSDS Version Number : 1.1

MSDS Effective Date : 01.08.2012

MSDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

MSDS Regulation Disclaimer

Regulation 1907/2006/EC

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property

of the product.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure occitatio - Worke	Exposure Scenario - Worker	
Gas Oils (vacuum,hydrocracked and distillate fuels)		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Manufacture of substance - Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 1, ERC 4, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1	
Scope of process	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of substance in product.	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
applicable to all activities.	Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance. Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff

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	are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems).	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems).	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling.	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk closed loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Bulk open loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Laboratory activities.	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk product storage.	Store substance within a closed system.
t-	

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 2,8E+07		2,8E+07
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0,021		0,021
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 6,0E+05		6,0E+05

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Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	2,0E+06
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	•
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	•
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	3,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air
emissions and releases to soil	goo,
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	90.3
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the	0
required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	94,1
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	0 1, 1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	3,3E+06
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	-,
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	10.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	1
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	

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During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - Worker		
Gas Oils(vacuum,hydrocracked and distillate fuels)		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Use as an intermediate - Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 6A, ESVOC SpERC 6.1a.v1	
Scope of process	Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of substance in product.	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures applicable to all activities.	Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.
	Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff

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	are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems).	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems).	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling.	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk closed loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Bulk open loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Laboratory activities.	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk product storage.	Store substance within a closed system.
	1

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.	Predominantly hydrophobic.	
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	3,5E+05
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		0,043
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/)	/ear):	1,5E+04

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Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	5,0E+04
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	3,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process	
release estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air
emissions and releases to soil	_
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	80
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	51,7
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the	0
required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	94,1
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	94,1
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	,
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	4,1E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	,
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	I .
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g	
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Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is generated.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - worker		
Gas Oils(vacuum,hydrocracked and distillate fuels)		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Distribution of substance - Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 1, ERC 2, ERC 3, ERC 4, ERC 5, ERC 6A, ERC 6B, ERC 6C, ERC 6D, ERC 7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1	
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of substance	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
in product.	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures applicable to all activities.	Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance. Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff

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	are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems).	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems).	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling.	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activities.	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk closed loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Bulk open loading and unloading.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Drum and small package filling.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	2,8E+07

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Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,002
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	5,6E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1,9E+05
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-06
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha-	arges, air
emissions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	9,6
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the	0
required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,9E+06
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
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Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - Worker	
Gas Oils(vacuum,hydrocracked and distillate fuels)	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures - Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3, SU 10 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 14, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of substance in product.	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure
	n 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). ard of occupational hygiene has been implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures applicable to all activities.	Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

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	Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems).	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems).	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Process sampling.	No other specific measures identified.
Drum/batch transfers.	Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Bulk transfers.	Handle substance within a closed system. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Mixing operations (open systems).	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Drum/batch transfers.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Laboratory activities.	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

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	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	2,8E+07
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	0,0011
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y	rear):	3,0E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1,0E+05
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not in	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution fa	ctor:	100
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
	ocess (after typical onsite RMMs	1,0E-02
	nissions Directive requirements):	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to		2,0E-05
RMM):		
	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
	easures at process level (source) to pre	event release
	s sites thus conservative process	
release estimates used.		
	and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air
emissions and releases to s		T
	sure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
	ved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		
wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)		0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide		60,0
the required removal efficience		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the		0
required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)		
Prevent discharge of undissol	ved substance to or recover from onsite	

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wastewater.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	6,8E+05
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	e local and/or regional
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
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Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

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Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - Worker	
Gas Oils(vacuum,hydrocracked and distillate fuels)	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as a fuel - Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 7, ESVOC SpERC 7.12a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of substance	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
in product.	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures applicable to all activities.	Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance. Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective

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	equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk transfers.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Drum/batch transfers.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use as a fuel(closed systems).	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Handle substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.	Predominantly hydrophobic.	
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	4,5E+06
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0,34		0,34
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		1,5E+06
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 5,0E+06		5,0E+06
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year): 300		300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10		10
Local marine water dilution factor: 100		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		

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Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-03	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process		
release estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge	arges, air	
emissions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.		
Onsite waste water treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	95	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	97,7	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the	60,4	
required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)		
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite		
wastewater.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	97,7	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	5,5E+06	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.		
Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessm	ent.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

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Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - Worker			
Gas Oils(vacuum,hydrocracked and distillate fuels)			
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE		
Title	Use as a fuel - Professional		
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 22 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 9A, ERC 9B, ESVOC SpERC 9.12b.v1		
Scope of process	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.		

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of substance	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
in product.	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures applicable to all activities.	Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance. Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of exposure potential and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective

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	equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; provide regular health surveillance as appropriate; identify and implement corrective actions.
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk transfers.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Drum/batch transfers.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Refueling.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use as a fuel(closed systems).	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). , or: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental I	Exposure
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage use	ed in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		6,7E+06
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		0,0005
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		3,3E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		9,2E+03
Frequency and Duration	of Use	
Continuous release.		

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Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	303
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
	100
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	4.05.04
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	8,3
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the	0
required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	94,1
treatment (%)	0 1,1
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94,1
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	1,4E+05
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.	
Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.	

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Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 3					EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
	4.1				

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Safety Data Sheet

Exposure Scenario - Consumer

Exposure Scenario - Consumer					
Gas Oils(vacuum,hydrocracked and distillate fuels)					
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE				
Title	Use as a fuel - Consumer				
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 21 Product Categories: PC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 9A, ERC 9B, ESVOC SpERC 9.12c.v1				
Scope of process	Covers consumer uses in liquid fuels.				

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES

Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa at STP		
Concentration of substance in product.	Unless otherwise stated:		
	Covers concentrations up to 100 %		
Amounts Used			
Unless otherwise stated:			
	<u>.</u>		
for each use event, covers ar	37.500		
covers skin contact area (cm	420		
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Unless otherwise stated:			
	·		
covers use up to (times/day of use):		0,143	
	·		
Covers use up to (hours/event): 2			

Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Fuels. Liquid: Automotive Refuelling.	Covers concentration up to (%): 100 %		
	Covers use up to (days/year): 52 day/year		
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use		

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	covers skin contact area up to 210 cm2			
	For each use event, covers amount up to 37.500 g.			
	Covers outdoor use.			
	Covers use in room size of 100 m3			
	Covers exposure up to 0,05 hours/event			
Fuels. Liquid, Garden Equipment - Use.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %			
	covers use up to 26 day/year			
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use			
	For each use event, covers amount up to 750 g.			
	Covers outdoor use.			
	Covers use in room size of 100 m3			
	Covers exposure up to 2,00 hours/event			
Fuels. Liquid: Garden Equipment - Refuelling.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %			
	covers use up to 26 day/year			
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use			
	covers skin contact area up to 420 cm2			
	For each use event, covers amount up to 750 g.			
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical			
	ventilation.			
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3			
	Covers exposure up to 0,03 hours/event			

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Expos	ure				
Substance is complex UVCB.						
Predominantly hydrophobic.						
Amounts Used						
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1				
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	1,6E+07				
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	0,0005				
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y	/ear):	8,2E+03				
Maximum daily site tonnage (2,3E+04					
Frequency and Duration of Use						
Continuous release.						
Emission Days (days/year):	365					
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management						
Local freshwater dilution factor	10					
Local marine water dilution fa	100					
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure						
Release fraction to air from w	1,0E-04					
Release fraction to wastewate	1,0E-05					
Release fraction to soil from v	1,0E-05					

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Safety Data Sheet

Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant				
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94,1			
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	3,5E+05			
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000			
Conditions and Massures related to external treatment of waste for disposal				

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.

Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION				
Section 3.1 - Health					
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise					
indicated.					

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users

should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).



TCI AMERICA SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision number: 1 **Revision date: 07/06/2018**

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane

Product code: T0695

For laboratory research purposes. Product use: Restrictions on use: Not for drug or household use.

Company: TCI America

9211 N. Harborgate Street Portland, OR 97203 U.S.A.

Telephone:

+1-800-423-8616 / +1-503-283-1681 Fax:

+1-888-520-1075 / +1-503-283-1987

e-mail:

sales-US@TCIchemicals.com www.TCIchemicals.com

Emergency telephone number:

Chemical Emergencies:

TCI America (8:00am - 5:00pm) PST

+1-503-286-7624

Transportation Emergencies:

Chemtrec 24-Hour

+1-800-424-9300 (U.S.A.) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

Responsible department:

TCI America

Environmental Health Safety and Security

+1-503-286-7624

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Haz Com: CFR 1910.1200:

WHMIS 2015:

Acute Toxicity - Oral [Category 4] Acute Toxicity - Inhalation [Category 4] Skin Corrosion/Irritation [Category 2] Eye Damage/Irritation [Category 1] Carcinogenicity [Category 2] Aquatic Hazard (Acute) [Category 3]

Signal word: Danger!

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled Hazard Statement(s):

Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye damage Suspected of causing cancer Harmful to aquatic life

Pictogram(s) or Symbol(s):







Precautionary Statement(s): [Prevention]

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing mist, vapors or spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and face

thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, face protection.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with plenty [Response] of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call

a poison center or doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Store locked up. [Storage]

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national regulations (e.g. US: 40

CFR Part 261, EU:91/156/EEC, JP: Waste Disposal and Cleaning Act, etc.).

Hazards not otherwise classified:

[Disposal]

[HNOC]

None.

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane TCI AMERICA Page 2 of 5

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture: Substance

Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane

 Percent:
 >99.0%(GC)

 CAS RN:
 630-20-6

 Molecular Weight:
 167.84

 Chemical Formula:
 C2H2Cl4

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.

Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get

medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Get medical advice/attention.Rinse mouth.

Symptoms/effects:

Acute: Pain. Redness.

Delayed: No data available

Indication of any immediate medical attention:

Not available.

Notes to physician: No data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, foam, water spray, carbon dioxide.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical:

Hazardous combustion products:

Other specific hazards:

Take care as it may decompose upon combustion or in high temperatures to generate poisonous fume.

These products include: Carbon oxides Halogenated compounds WARNING: Highly toxic HCl gas is produced during combustion.

Advice for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus if possible.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Entry to non-involved personnel should be controlled around the leakage area by roping off,

etc.

Environmental precautions:

Methods and materials for containment

and cleaning up:

Prevent product from entering drains.

Absorb spilled material in a suitable absorbent (e.g. rag, dry sand, earth, saw-dust). In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding. Adhered or collected material should be promptly

disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Handling is performed in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective equipment. Prevent

generation of vapour or mist. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

Use a closed system if possible. Use a ventilation, local exhaust if vapour or aerosol will be generated.

Avoid all contact!

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool and dark place.

Store locked up.

Store away from incompatible materials such as oxidizing agents.

Packaging material: Comply with laws.

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane TCI AMERICA Page 3 of 5

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Appropriate engineering controls: Follow safe industrial engineering/laboratory practices when handling any chemical. Install a closed

system or local exhaust. Also install safety shower and eye bath.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Half or full facepiece respirator, self-contained breathing apparatus(SCBA), supplied air respirator, etc.

Use respirators approved under appropriate government standards and follow local and national

regulations.

Hand protection: Impervious gloves.

Eye protection: Safety goggles. A face-shield, if the situation requires.

Skin and body protection: Impervious protective clothing. Protective boots, if the situation requires.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state (20°C): Liquid Form: Clear

Colorless - Almost colorless

Odour: No data available
Odor threshold: No data available
Odour threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available No data available pH: Boiling point/range: 131°C (268°F) Vapour pressure: No data available. No data available Vapour density: Decomposition temperature: No data available Relative density: 1.56 **Dynamic Viscosity:** No data available

Kinematic viscosity: No data available

Log Pow: No data available Evaporation rate(Butyl No data available

Acetate=1):

Flash point: No data available Autoignition temperature: No data available

Flammability(solid, gas): No data available Flammability or explosive limits:

Lower: No data available
Upper: No data available

Solubility(ies):

[Water] No data available

[Other solvents]
Soluble: Ether, Alcohols, Benzene, Acetone, Chloroform

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Stable under proper conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: No special reactivity has been reported.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Hydrogen chloride

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane TCI AMERICA Page 4 of 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

RTECS Number: KI8450000

Acute Toxicity:

ihl-rat LC50:2100 ppm/4H orl-rat LD50:670 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation:

No data available

Serious eye damage/irritation:

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity:

mmo-sat 10 ug/plate (+/-S9) msc-mus-lym 200 mg/L

Carcinogenicity: No data available

IARC: Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic

NTP: No data available

OSHA: No data available

Reproductive toxicity: No data available

Target organ(s): No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

to humans).

Ecotoxicity:

Fish: No data available
Crustacea: No data available
Algae: No data available

Persistence / degradability:

Bioaccumulative potential(BCF):

Mobility in soil

No data available No data available

Log Pow:

Soil adsorption (Koc):

Henry's Law (PaM ³/mol):

No data available
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal of product: Recycle to process if possible. It is the generator's responsibility to comply with Federal, State and

Local rules and regulations. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. This section is intended to provide assistance but does not replace these laws, nor does compliance in accordance with this section ensure regulatory compliance according to the law. US EPA guidelines for identification and listing of Hagardens Weste are listed in 40 CER Ports 361. The product should not

Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. The product should not be allowed to enter the environment, drains, water ways, or the soil.

Disposal of container: Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Other considerations: Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane TCI AMERICA Page 5 of 5

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Packing Group:

UN2810 Toxic, liquids, organic, n.o.s 6.1 Toxic material.

<u>IATA</u>

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Packing Group:

UN2810 Toxic liquid, organic, n.o.s 6.1 Toxic material. II

IMDG

UN UN2810 Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Packing Group:

numb Toxic liquid, organic, n.o.s 6.1 Toxic material. III er:

EmS number: F-A, S-A

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA 8b.):

This product is ON the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA Hazardous substance and Reportable Quantity:

SARA 313: Listed SARA 302: Not Listed

State Regulations
State Right-to-Know

Massachusetts
New Jersey
Pennsylvania
California Proposition 65:
Listed
Listed

Other Information

NFPA Rating:HMIS Classification:Health:2Health:2Flammability:0Flammability:0Instability:0Physical:0

International Inventories

 Canada: DSL
 On DSL

 EC-No:
 211-135-1

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: 07/06/2018 Revision number: 1

TCI chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our SDS are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated SDS for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, face mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state and local regulations.



Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

* * *Section 1 - IDENTIFICATION* * *

Product Identifier: METHYL CHLOROFORM

Trade Names/Synonyms

MTG MSDS 219; 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE; ALPHA-TRICHLOROETHANE; AEROTHENE TT; METHYLTRICHLOROMETHANE; METHYLCHLOROFORM; TRICHLOROMETHYLMETHANE;

TRICHLOROETHANE; ETHANE, 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE; CHLORTEN; 1,1,1-TRICHLORETHANE; UN

2831; C2H3Cl3

Chemical Family

halogenated, aliphatic

Recommended Use

industrial

Restrictions on Use

None known.

Manufacturer Information

MATHESON TRI-GAS, INC. 150 Allen Road, Suite 302 Basking Ridge, NJ 07920 General Information: 1-800-416-2505

Emergency #: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
Outside the US: 703-527-3887 (Call collect)

SDS ID: MAT14370

* * *Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION* * *

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4

Skin Corrosion / Irritation, Category 2

Eye Damage / Irritation, Category 2A

Toxic to Reproduction, Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure, Category 1 (central nervous system and heart)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure, Category 3 (respiratory system)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure, Category 1 (central nervous system, heart, and liver)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure, Category 2 (brain, lungs, and nervous system)

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute Hazard, Category 2

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 2

Hazardous for the ozone layer, Category 1

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word

DANGER

SDS ID: MAT14370

Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

Hazard Statement(s)

Harmful if inhaled

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Causes damage to central nervous system and heart.

May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Causes damage to central nervous system, heart, and liver through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May cause damage to brain, lungs, nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere

Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment.

Response

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.

* * *Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS* * *

CAS	Component	Percent
71-55-6	METHYL CHLOROFORM	100

Component Related Regulatory Information

This product may be regulated, have exposure limits or other information identified as the following: Trichloroethane (25323-89-1).

* * *Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES* * *

Description of Necessary Measures

Inhalation

If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin

Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

SDS ID: MAT14370

Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

Eyes

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Then get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. If person is unconscious, turn head to side. Get medical attention immediately.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute

respiratory tract irritation, skin irritation, eye irritation, central nervous system depression, central nervous system damage, heart damage

Delayed

central nervous system damage, heart damage, liver damage, reproductive effects, lung damage, brain damage, nervous system damage

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

For inhalation, consider oxygen.

* * *Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES* * *

Suitable Extinguishing Media

carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical, water spray

Large fires: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not scatter spilled material with high-pressure water streams.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Slight fire hazard.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Combustion: hydrogen chloride, phosgene, oxides of carbon

Fire Fighting Measures

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Stay away from the ends of tanks. For tank, rail car or tank truck, evacuation radius: 800 meters (1/2 mile).

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear full protective fire fighting gear including self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure.

* * *Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES* * *

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Stop leak if possible without personal risk. **Small spills:** Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. **Large spills:** Dike for later disposal. Remove sources of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).

Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

* * *Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE* * *

Precautions for Safe Handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment.

SDS ID: MAT14370

Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Incompatibilities combustible materials, bases, metals, oxidizing materials

* * *Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION* * *

Component Exposure Limits

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

ACGIH: 350 ppm TWA

450 ppm STEL

Europe: 100 ppm TWA; 555 mg/m3 TWA

200 ppm STEL; 1110 mg/m3 STEL

OSHA (Final): 350 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA (Vacated): 350 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA

450 ppm STEL; 2450 mg/m3 STEL

NIOSH: 350 ppm Ceiling (15 min); 1900 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)

Component Biological Limit Values

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

ACGIH: 40 ppm Medium: end-exhaled air Time: prior to last shift of workweek Parameter: Methyl

chloroform; 10 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of workweek Parameter: Trichloroacetic acid (nonspecific, semi-quantitative); 30 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: Total trichloroethanol (nonspecific, semi-quantitative); 1 mg/L Medium: blood Time:

end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: Total trichloroethanol (nonspecific)

IDLH

700 ppm

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes/Face Protection

Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a faceshield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin Protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Glove Recommendations

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory Protection

The following respirators and maximum use concentrations are drawn from NIOSH and/or OSHA.

700 ppm

Any supplied-air respirator.

Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions -

Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

SDS ID: MAT14370

Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece that is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Escape -

Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front-mounted or back-mounted organic vapor canister.

Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.

* * *Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES* * *

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: clear, colorless liquid

Color:colorlessPhysical Form:volatile liquidOdor:sweet odorOdor Threshold:44 - 100 ppmpH:Not availableMelting/Freezing Point:-32 °C

Boiling Point: 74 °C Flash Point: >93.3 °C

Decomposition: Not available **Evaporation Rate:** 5.0 (butyl acetate=1)

LEL: 7.5 % **UEL**: 12.5 %

Vapor Pressure:100 mmHg @ 20 °CHenry's Law Constant:0.072 atm-cu m/mole @ 25°C

 Vapor Density (air = 1):
 4.55
 Specific Gravity (water=1):
 1.3390

 Water Solubility:
 0.078 % @ 25 °C
 Log KOW:
 2.49

KOC: 17823.79 estimated from water Auto Ignition: 537 °C

solubility

Viscosity:0.858 cP @20 °CVolatility:100%Molecular Weight:133.40Molecular Formula:C-H3-C-Cl3

Other Property Information

No additional information is available.

Solvent Solubility

Soluble: acetone, benzene, chloroform, methanol, ethanol, carbon disulfide, ether, carbon tetrachloride, heptane

* * *Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY* * *

Reactivity

No reactivity hazard is expected.

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will not polymerize.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

Incompatible Materials

combustible materials, bases, metals, oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomposition

Combustion: hydrogen chloride, phosgene, oxides of carbon

Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

* * *Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION* * *

Acute and Chronic Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published:

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit >15800 mg/kg; Inhalation LC50 Rat 18000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat >2000 mg/kg

RTECS Acute Toxicity (selected)

The components of this material have been reviewed, and RTECS publishes the following endpoints:

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

Inhalation: 24400 mg/m3 Inhalation Cat LC50; 29492 ppm/10 minute(s) Inhalation Mouse LC50;

3911 ppm/2 hour Inhalation Mouse LC50

20000 ppm/2 hour Inhalation Rat LC50; 14250 ppm/7 hour Inhalation Rat LC50; 17000

SDS ID: MAT14370

ppm/4 hour Inhalation Rat LC50

Acute Toxicity Level

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

Slightly Toxic: inhalation, dermal absorption, ingestion

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation

irritation, changes in blood pressure, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, mood swings, loss of coordination, blood disorders, heart disorders, kidney damage, liver damage, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma, heart damage, reproductive effects

Ingestion

irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, stomach pain, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, loss of coordination, kidney damage, liver damage, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma, reproductive effects

Skin Contact

irritation (possibly severe)

Eye Contact

irritation

Immediate Effects

respiratory tract irritation, skin irritation, eye irritation, central nervous system depression, central nervous system damage, heart damage

Delayed Effects

central nervous system damage, heart damage, liver damage, reproductive effects, brain damage, lung damage, nervous system damage

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

heart or cardiovascular disorders, kidney disorders, liver disorders, skin disorders and allergies

Irritation/Corrosivity Data

respiratory tract irritation, skin irritation, eye irritation

RTECS Irritation

The components of this material have been reviewed, and RTECS publishes the following endpoints:

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

450 ppm/8 hour Eyes Man; 100 mg Eyes Rabbit mild; 2 mg/24 hour Eyes Rabbit severe; 5 gm/12 day(s) intermittent Skin Rabbit mild; 20 mg/24 hour Skin Rabbit moderate

SDS ID: MAT14370

Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

Local Effects

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

Irritant: inhalation, skin, eye

Target Organs

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

central nervous system

Respiratory Sensitization

No data available.

Dermal Sensitization

No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Component Carcinogenicity

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 20 [1979] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

RTECS Mutagenic

The components of this material have been reviewed, and RTECS publishes data for one or more components.

Reproductive Effects Data

Available data characterizes this substance as a reproductive hazard.

RTECS Reproductive Effects

The components of this material have been reviewed, and RTECS publishes the following endpoints:

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

2100 ppm Inhalation Rat TCLo (6 hour, pregnant 1-20 day(s)); 7000 ppm Inhalation Rat TCLo (3 hour, pregnant 13-19 day(s)); 43 mg/kg Oral Rat TDLo (pregnant 1-22 day(s), 21 day(s))

RTECS Tumorigenic

The components of this material have been reviewed, and RTECS publishes data for one or more components.

Additional Data

Alcohol may enhance the toxic effects. Stimulants such as epinephrine may induce ventricular fibrillation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

central nervous system, heart, respiratory system

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

central nervous system, heart, liver, brain, lungs, nervous system

Aspiration Hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

* * *Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION* * *

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity
METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

Fish: 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 35.2 - 50.7 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Lepomis macrochirus: 57 - 90 mg/L [static] (juvenile); 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: 56 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 52.9 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 69.7 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 91 - 126

SDS ID: MAT14370

mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 46 - 59 mg/L [static]

Algae: 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >500 mg/L

Invertebrate: 48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: >530 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 2384 mg/L; 48

Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 9.7 - 12.8 mg/L [Static]

Persistence and Degradability

This material may biodegrade in soil and water.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioconcentration potential in aquatic organisms is low based on BCF value of 0.7-4.9.

Mobility

Expected to have high mobility in soil.

* * *Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS* * *

Disposal Methods

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Component Waste Numbers

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

RCRA: waste number U226

* * *Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION* * *

US DOT Information

Shipping Name: 1,1,1-Trichloroethane

UN/NA #: UN2831 Hazard Class: 6.1 Packing Group: III

Required Label(s): 6.1

IMDG Information

Shipping Name: 1,1,1-Trichloroethane

UN #: UN2831 Hazard Class: 6.1 Packing Group: III

Required Label(s): 6.1

* * *Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION* * *

Component Analysis

U.S. Federal Regulations

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302/304 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

METHYL CHLOROFORM (71-55-6)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categories

Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: Yes Fire: No Pressure: No Reactive: No

SDS ID: MAT14370

Material Name METHYL CHLOROFORM

U.S. State Regulations

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA
METHYL CHLOROFORM	71-55-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Not regulated under California Proposition 65

Component Analysis - Inventory

1			040	110	•			PН		1/5	011	
	Component		CAS	US	CA	EU	AU	РН	JP	KR	CN	NZ
	METHYL CHLC	DROFORM	71-55-6	Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

* * *Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION* * *

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU -Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CN - China; CPR -Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR - Korea; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LOLI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database: MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace: MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits: NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR -New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RID -European Rail Transport; RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; US -**United States**

Other Information

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End of Sheet MAT14370



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 22-Sep-2009 Revision Date 25-Apr-2019 Revision Number 6

1. Identification

Product Name Vinylidene chloride, stabilized

Cat No.: AC172290000; AC172290010; AC172290025; AC172290250

CAS-No 75-35-4

Synonyms 1,1-Dichloroethylene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids
Category 1
Acute oral toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors
Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 2
Carcinogenicity
Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)
Category 2

Target Organs - Nasal Cavities, Liver.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

Causes serious eye irritation

Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear eye/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Vinylidene chloride	75-35-4	>95
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	0.02

4. First-aid measures

Eve Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention. Inhalation

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Difficulty in breathing. . Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically Notes to Physician

Fire-fighting measures

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water mist may be used to cool closed Suitable Extinguishing Media

containers. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

No information available **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

-25 °C / -13 °F **Flash Point**

Method -No information available

Autoignition Temperature 520 °C / 968 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 16.5% Lower 8.4%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Extremely flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Formaldehyde, peroxides. Hydrogen chloride gas.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health **Flammability** Instability Physical hazards N/A 2 4 1

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment, Collect spillage.

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not subject to

grinding/shock/friction. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. To avoid ignition of vapors by static

electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Storage Refrigerator/flammables. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from light. May

form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Keep under nitrogen. Keep containers

tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Vinylidene chloride	TWA: 5 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 1 ppm		TWA: 5 ppm
		(Vacated) TWA: 4 mg/m ³		7 7
4-Methoxyphenol	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	(Vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation,

especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by **Eye/face Protection**

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard **Respiratory Protection**

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid Colorless **Appearance** Odor aromatic

Odor Threshold No information available 7 2.5 g/l aq.sol -122 °C / -187.6 °F

Boiling Point/Range 31.2 - 32 °C / 88.2 - 89.6 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point -25 °C / -13 °F **Evaporation Rate** No information available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Melting Point/Range

 Upper
 16.5%

 Lower
 8.4%

Vapor Pressure665 mbar @ 20 °CVapor Density3.4 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity 1.218

SolubilityNo information availablePartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature520 °C / 968 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosity.377 mPa.s at 15 °C

Molecular FormulaC2 H2 Cl2Molecular Weight96.94

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous polymerization may occur upon depletion of

inhibitor. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive. Light sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Excess heat. Exposure

to air. Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Finely powdered metals, oxygen, Peroxides, Metals,

copper, Finely powdered metals, Acids

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Formaldehyde, peroxides, Hydrogen

chloride gas

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization may occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

 Oral LD50
 Category 4. ATE = 300 - 2000 mg/kg.

 Vapor LC50
 Category 4. ATE = 10 - 20 mg/l.

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Vinylidene chloride LD50 = 1500 mg/kg (Rat)		Not listed	LC50 = 1.66 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
	LD50 = 200 mg/kg (Rat)		LC50 = 6350 ppm (Rat) 4 h
4-Methoxyphenol	1600 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation May cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. The table below indicates whether each agency

has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Vinylidene chloride	75-35-4	Group 2B	Not listed	Not listed	X	Not listed
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects Ames test: positive.

No information available. **Reproductive Effects**

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known

STOT - repeated exposure Nasal Cavities Liver

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

No information available **Endocrine Disruptor Information**

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for

complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component			Microtox	Water Flea	
Vinylidene chloride	Not listed	LC50: 161 - 179 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 57 - 91 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 85 - 117 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 > 2000 mg/L 17 h	LC50: 62 - 110 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna) LC50: 9.0 - 14.0 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)	
4-Methoxyphenol	Not listed	LC50: = 28.5 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 84.3 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 3.66 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 4.30 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 4.61 mg/L 30 min	Not listed	

No information available Persistence and Degradability

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow	
Vinylidene chloride	2.02	
4-Methoxyphenol	1.3	

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component		RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes		
	Vinylidene chloride - 75-35-4	U078	-		

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1303

Proper Shipping Name VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, STABILIZED

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

<u>TDG</u>

UN-No UN1303

Proper Shipping Name VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, STABILIZED

Hazard Class
Packing Group

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1303

Proper Shipping Name VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, STABILIZED

Hazard Class
Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1303

Proper Shipping Name VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, STABILIZED

Hazard Class 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class P
Packing Group |

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

	Component CAS-No		TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags	
1	Vinylidene chloride	75-35-4	Х	ACTIVE	-	
ı	4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Χ	ACTIVE	-	

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Vinylidene chloride	75-35-4	X	-	200-864-0	X	X	Х	Χ	KE-10122
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	X	-	205-769-8	Χ	Х	X	Χ	KE-23353

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

ONIA VIU								
Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %					
Vinylidene chloride	75-35-4	>95	1.0					

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component		CWA - Hazardous CWA - Reportable Substances Quantities		CWA - Priority Pollutants	
Vinylidene chloride	e X	100 lb	X	X	

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Vinylidene chloride	X		-

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Vinylidene chloride	100 lb 1 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Vinylidene chloride	75-35-4	Carcinogen	0.88 μg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Vinylidene chloride	X	X	X	X	X
4-Methoxyphenol	Χ	X	Х	-	Х

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product contains the following DHS chemicals:

Legend - STQs = Screening Threshold Quantities, APA = A placarded amount

Component	DHS Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standard
Vinylidene chloride	Release STQs - 10000lb

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 22-Sep-2009

 Revision Date
 25-Apr-2019

 Print Date
 25-Apr-2019

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

Revision	Date	25-Ap	r-20	19
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End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier 1,1-Dichloropropene

Other means of identification

Item N-10125 **CAS** number 563-58-6 Recommended use Not available. **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Chem Service, Inc. Company name 660 Tower Lane **Address**

West Chester, PA 19380

United States

Toll Free Telephone 800-452-9994

> Direct 610-692-3026

Website www.chemservice.com E-mail info@chemservice.com

Chemtrec US 800-424-9300 **Emergency phone number**

Chemtrec outside US +1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 Category 3 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral **Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary statement

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof Prevention

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all Response

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Rinse mouth. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information 100% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 100% of the

mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 100% of the mixture

Material name: 1,1-Dichloropropene

consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
1,1-Dichloropropene		563-58-6	100

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without

advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

and precautions for firefig
Fire fighting

equipment/instructions
Specific methods

General fire hazards

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area).

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

N-10125 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-05-2018 Issue date: 11-19-2014

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

This substance has no PEL, TLV, or other recommended exposure limit.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers

are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropria

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection not required.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state
Form
Color
Colorless
Odor
Not available.

Odor threshold
Not available.

Melting point/freezing point
Liquid
Colorless
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

168.8 - 170.6 °F (76 - 77 °C)

range

Flash point 32.0 °F (0 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 3.2 kPa (77 °F (25 °C))

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Density 1.186 g/ml **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Molecular formulaC3-H4-Cl2Molecular weight110.98 g/molOxidizing propertiesNot oxidizing.

Percent volatile 100 % VOC 100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

InhalationNo adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.Skin contactNo adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.Eye contactDirect contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if swallowed. Not known.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. **Serious eye damage/eye** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

Material name: 1,1-Dichloropropene

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste codeThe waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN2047

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Dichloropropenes

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group ||

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T4, TP1

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN2047

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Dichloropropenes

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Material name: 1,1-Dichloropropene

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

Not established.

IMDG

UN number UN2047

UN proper shipping name **DICHLOROPROPENES**

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-D **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,1-Dichloropropene (CAS 563-58-6) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

Material name: 1,1-Dichloropropene

N-10125 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-05-2018 Issue date: 11-19-2014

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Clean Water Act (CWA) Hazardous substance Toxic pollutant Section 112(r) (40 CFR

68.130)

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

Inventory name

US state regulations California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material

is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region

Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 11-19-2014 09-05-2018 **Revision date**

Version # 02

United States & Puerto Rico

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Material name: 1,1-Dichloropropene

N-10125 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-05-2018 Issue date: 11-19-2014

Yes

On inventory (yes/no)*

Disclaimer

Chem Service, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.

Persons not specifically and properly trained should not handle this chemical or its container. This product is furnished FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY! Our products may NOT BE USED as drugs, cosmetics, agricultural or pesticide products, food additives or as household chemicals.

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Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 13.10.2017 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
Registration number (REACH) 01-2119472135-42-xxxx

EC number 202-436-9

Index No

CAS number 95-63-6

Additional relevant and available information Pseudocumene

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses industrial use (SCC)

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

DHC Solvent Chemie GmbH Timmerhellstraße 28 D-45478 Mülheim an der Ruhr Germany

Telephone: +49 (208) 9940-0 Telefax: +49 (208) 9940-150

Competent person responsible for the safety data

sheet

e-mail (competent person) productsafety@dhc-solvent.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

Poison centre	
Country	Telephone
United Kingdom	+44 1235 239670

Vanessa Manz

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
flammable liquid	Cat. 3	(Flam. Liq. 3)	H226
acute toxicity (inhal.)	Cat. 4	(Acute Tox. 4)	H332
skin corrosion/irritation	Cat. 2	(Skin Irrit. 2)	H315
serious eye damage/eye irritation	Cat. 2	(Eye Irrit. 2)	H319
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	Cat. 3	(STOT SE 3)	H335
aspiration hazard	Cat. 1	(Asp. Tox. 1)	H304
hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	Cat. 2	(Aquatic Chronic 2)	H411



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 13.10.2017 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

Remarks

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

Substance with a community indicative occupational exposure limit value.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08, GHS09









Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Vapour heavier than air, may form an explosive mixture in air: it may be ignited at some distance away from the spill resulting in flashbacks. Flowing product can create electrostatic charge, resulting sparks may ignite or cause an explosion.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 13.10.2017 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Name of substance 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Registration number (REACH) 01-2119472135-42-xxxx

EC number 202-436-9 CAS number 95-63-6

Index No

Molecular formula C9H12

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Choking and suffocation risks. Deficits in perception and coordination, reaction time, or sleepiness.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

carbon dioxide (CO2), BC-powder, foam, alcohol resistant foam, water mist

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

Hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Keep containers cool with water spray.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Avoid inhaling sprayed product. Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage (sawdust., kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder).

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials. - covering of drains

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

• Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Warning

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 13.10.2017 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

• Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice

· Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

Suitable materials and coatings for container/equipment: Carbon Steel, Stainless Steel, Polyester, Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA)

Unsuitable Materials and Coatings for container/equipment: Butyl Rubber, Natural Rubber, Ethylene-propylene-diene monomer (EPDM), Polystyrene, Polyethylene, Polyacrylonetrile.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See attached exposure scenarios

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Source
DE	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	AGW	20	100	40	200	TRGS 900
EU	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	IOELV	20	100			2017/164/ EU
GB	aromatics	95-63-6	WEL		500			EH40/200 5
IE	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	OELV	20	100			S.I. No. 619 of 2001

Notation

TWA

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period **STEL**

unless otherwise specified.

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours timeweighted average.

Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

· human health values

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects	
DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	
DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects	
DNEL	16,171 mg/kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	29.4 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	acute - systemic effects	
DNEL	29.4 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	chronic - local effects	
DNEL	15 mg/kg	human, oral	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	9,512 mg/kg	human, dermal	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	29.4 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects	

environmental values

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compart- ment	Exposure time
PNEC	0.12 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.12 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	2.41 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	13.56 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediments	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	13.56 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediments	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	2.34 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.12 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the appliance of appropriate working methods take priority over the use of personal protective equipment.

Safety and necessary control measures vary according to exposure conditions. Appropriate measures are:

Open windows, door, to allow sufficient ventilation. If this is not possible employ a fan to increase air ex-

Open windows, door, to allow sufficient ventilation. If this is not possible employ a fan to increase air ex change (see attached exposure scenarios).

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment) Eye/face protection

Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection

hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Short-term contact with the skin: Disposable gloves

Long-term contact with the skin: Gloves with long cuffs

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 13.10.2017 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

· type of material

NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber, FKM: fluoro-elastomer

material thickness

0.40 mm.

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Body protection:

Suitable protective clothing: Flame resistant clothing

Suitable safety shoes: Anti static safety shoes according to EN 345 S3

Respiratory protection

For activities in enclosed areas at elevated temperatures of the substance, local extraction or explosion protected ventilation equipment is recommended. In case this is not sufficient for the intended use, then apply a suitable respiratory protection according to EN 140 type A or better (see exposure scenarios).

Environmental exposure controls

Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid
Colour colourless
Odour characteristic

Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value) not determined Melting point/freezing point -43.77 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range 169.4 °C at 101.3 kPa Flash point 44 °C at 101.3 kPa

Explosive limits

lower explosion limit (LEL)
upper explosion limit (UEL)
6.4 vol%

Vapour pressure 0.3 kPa at 25 $^{\circ}$ C Density 0.88 9 /_{cm³} at 20 $^{\circ}$ C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 57 $^{\text{mg}}$ / $_{\text{l}}$ at 25 $^{\circ}$ C

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW)

This information is not available.

Auto-ignition temperature 500 °C

Viscosity

• kinematic viscosity 0.843 mm²/s at 20 °C



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

Explosive properties

in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

risk of ignition

if heated

risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure (see below "Conditions to avoid").

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use only non-sparking tools.

10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No known hazardous decomposition products.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

• Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

inhalation: vapour 11 ^{mg}/_l/4h

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
oral	LD50	6,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

• Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

• Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Information on likely routes of exposure

If on skin. If inhaled.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
LC50	7.72 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
EC50	2.356 ^{mg} / _I	algae	96 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

BCF 243

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

List of wastes

Proposed waste code(s) for the used product:

07 01 04x Other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number **1993**

14.2 UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical name 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 (flammable liquids)

14.4 Packing group III (substance presenting low danger)

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

• Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

UN number 1993

Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical name (hazardous constituents) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Class
Classification code
F1
Packing group
III

Danger label(s) 3 + "fish and tree"





Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 274, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

Transport category (TC) 3

Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E

Hazard identification No 30

Emergency Action Code 3YE

• International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 1993
Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., (1,2,4-tri-

methylbenzene), 3, III, 44°C c.c., MARINE POLLUT-

ANT

Class 3



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 13.10.2017 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

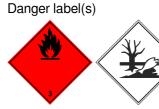
Marine pollutant

Packing group

yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Ш

3 + "fish and tree"



Special provisions (SP) 223, 274, 955

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Stowage category A

• International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 1993

Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Class 3

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group III
Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A3

E1

10 L

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)
 - Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Name of substance	CAS No	Wt%	Type of registration	No
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		100	1907/2006/EC annex XVII	3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		100	1907/2006/EC annex XVII	40

• List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)

not listed

• 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes
E2	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 2)	200	500	57)

Notation

57) Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Chronic 2.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 13.10.2017 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

• Limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle refinishing products (2004/42/EC, Deco-Paint Directive)

VOC content 100 %

• Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)

VOC content 100 %

• Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) - Annex II

not listed

• Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

• Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (WFD)

not listed

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation.

CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS).

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL).

ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP).

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China.

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances.
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory.
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances.
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory.

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)
1.3	Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Christian Knappe	Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Vanessa Manz
1.4		Poison centre: change in the listing (table)
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)
2.2		Precautionary statements - disposal: change in the listing (table)
6.2	Environmental precautions: Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.	Environmental precautions: Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.
8.1		Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits): change in the listing (table)
11.1		Information on likely routes of exposure: If on skin. If inhaled.
15.1		Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII: change in the listing (table)
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)
16		Abbreviations and acronyms: change in the listing (table)
16	Key literature references and sources for data: - Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU - Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP, EU GHS) - See attached exposure scenarios http://www.dhc-solvent.de/dhc_sdbreach.html http://www.dhc-solvent.de/en/dhc_sdbreach.html Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). International Air Transport Association (IATA).	Key literature references and sources for data: - Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU - Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP, EU GHS) - The exposure scenarios are available at www.dhc-solvent.de in the Service section. Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). International Air Transport Association (IATA).
16		Disclaimer: This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product. The information concerning legal regulations can lay no claim to completeness. In addition to this, other provisions may also apply to the product.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2017/164/EU	Comission Directive establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AGW	Workplace exposure limit



Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
S.I. No. 619 of 2001	Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TRGS 900	Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte (TRGS 900)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 25.02.2016 (GHS 1)

Key literature references and sources for data

- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP, EU GHS)
 The exposure scenarios are available at www.dhc-solvent.de in the Service section.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). International Air Transport Association (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product. The information concerning legal regulations can lay no claim to completeness. In addition to this, other provisions may also apply to the product.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 26-Sep-2009 Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 **Revision Number 4**

1. Identification

Product Name Mesitylene

Cat No.: AC161320000; AC161320010; AC161320025; AC161320050;

AC161322500

CAS-No 108-67-8

Synonyms 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Acros Organics Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Category 3 Flammable liquids Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Mesitylene Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Response

Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Skin

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposa

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	97-99

Mesitylene Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention. Risk of

serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call

a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim

lean forward.

Most important symptoms and

effects

. Difficulty in breathing. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness: Symptoms may be

delayed: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may

be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 44 °C / 111.2 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 550 °C / 1022 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 6.00% **Lower** 1.00%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards320N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 Mesitylene

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment, Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene			TWA: 25 ppm	
			TWA: 125 mg/m ³	

Legend

NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations

and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield. **Eye/face Protection**

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure. Skin and body protection

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid **Appearance** Colorless Odor aromatic

Odor Threshold No information available No information available Melting Point/Range -45 °C / -49 °F

Boiling Point/Range 163 - 166 °C / 325.4 - 330.8 °F @ 760 mmHg

44 °C / 111.2 °F Flash Point **Evaporation Rate** No information available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

6.00% Upper

Mesitylene Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Lower 1.00%

Vapor Pressure2.5 mbar @ 20 °CVapor Density4.1 (Air = 1.0)Specific Gravity0.868Solubilityslightly soluble

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition Temperature

No data available

550 °C / 1022 °F

Decomposition Temperature

No information available
No information available

Molecular Formula C9 H12 Molecular Weight 120.19

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Nitric acid

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product InformationNo acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Component		LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	s,5-Trimethylbenzene LD50 = 5000 mg/kg (Rat)		LC50 = 24 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzen	108-67-8	Not listed				
е						

Mutagenic Effects Not mutagenic in AMES Test

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 Mesitylene

Category 1 **Aspiration hazard**

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness: Symptoms may be delayed: Symptoms of

delayed

overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Not listed	LC50: = 3.48 mg/L, 96h (Pimephales promelas)	Not listed	EC50: = 50 mg/L, 24h (Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2325

Proper Shipping Name 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class 3 Ш **Packing Group**

TDG

UN2325 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

IATA

UN-No UN2325

Proper Shipping Name 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class Packing Group

Ш

IMDG/IMO **UN-No**

UN2325

Proper Shipping Name 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	Х	ACTIVE	-

Mesitylene Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed
'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	Х	-	203-604-4	Χ	X	Х	Х	KE-34411

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Χ	=	=	=	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Moderate risk, Grade 2

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 26-Sep-2009

 Revision Date
 18-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 18-Jan-2018

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

Mesitylene Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 05-May-2009 Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name 1,4-Dioxane

Cat No.: D111-4; D111-4LC; D111-500; D56S-4; D116-4; D116-200

CAS-No 123-91-1 Synonyms Diox

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 2
Carcinogenicity

Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category 3
Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS), Eyes.
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 2

Category 2

Target Organs - Kidney, Liver.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

1,4-Dioxane Revision Date 18-Jan-2018



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear eye/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

May form explosive peroxides

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

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Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if

victim indested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate

medical attention is required.

Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Ingestion

Most important symptoms and

effects

Notes to Physician

Breathing difficulties. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically

Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed

containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water may be ineffective

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F

No information available Method -

Autoignition Temperature 355 °C / 671 °F

Explosion Limits

22% Upper Lower 2%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. May form explosive peroxides. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) peroxides

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	1	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Take precautionary **Personal Precautions**

measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological

information.

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use

spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle under an inert atmosphere. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. If peroxide formation is suspected, do

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 1.4-Dioxane

not open or move container. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Wash hands

before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert **Storage**

atmosphere. Flammables area. May form explosive peroxides. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened

remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
1,4-Dioxane	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 25 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm
	Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 90 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 1 ppm	TWA: 90 mg/m ³
		Skin	Ceiling: 3.6 mg/m ³	STEL: 100 ppm
		TWA: 100 ppm		STEL: 360 mg/m ³
		TWA: 360 mg/m ³		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by **Eye/face Protection**

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid **Appearance** Colorless

Odor Petroleum distillates **Odor Threshold** No information available 6-8 500 g/l ag.sol

12 °C / 53.6 °F Melting Point/Range

Boiling Point/Range 101 °C / 213.8 °F @ 760 mmHg

12 °C / 53.6 °F Flash Point **Evaporation Rate** No information available Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 22% Lower 2%

1,4-Dioxane Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Vapor Pressure 41 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 3 Specific Gravity 1.034

Solubility

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Soluble in water

No data available

355 °C / 671 °F

No information available

1.32 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Molecular FormulaC4 H8 O2Molecular Weight88.11

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged

periods. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Halogens

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions May form explosive peroxides.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
1,4-Dioxane	5170 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 7600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	48.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h	
	4200 mg/kg (Rat)			

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

Acetonitrile: Tetrachloroethylene

Irritation Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Group 2B	Reasonably	A3	Х	Not listed
		·	Anticipated			

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer) IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 1,4-Dioxane

Mutagenic Effects No information available

No information available. **Reproductive Effects**

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS) Eyes

STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Liver

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

No information available **Endocrine Disruptor Information**

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
1,4-Dioxane	Not listed	LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 610 mg/L 5 min	EC50 = 163 mg/L 48h
		(Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 668 mg/L 15 min	_
		LC50: 10306 - 14742 mg/L,	EC50 = 733 mg/L 30 min	
		96h static (Pimephales	_	
		promelas)		
		LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h		
		flow-through (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h		
		semi-static (Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)		

Persistence and Degradability Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
1,4-Dioxane	-0.42

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
1,4-Dioxane - 123-91-1	U108	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1165 **Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 1,4-Dioxane

Hazard Class 3 Ш

Packing Group

TDG

UN-No UN1165 **Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

IATA

UN-No UN1165 **Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE

Hazard Class Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1165 **Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

	Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Ī	1,4-Dioxane	Х	Х	-	204-661-8	-		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ

Legend:

X - Listed

- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

Not applicable **TSCA 12(b)**

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	>95	0.1

See section 2 for more information SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
1,4-Dioxane	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous

substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability

1,4-Dioxane Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
1,4-Dioxane	100 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Carcinogen	30 μg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
1,4-Dioxane	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Serious risk, Grade 3

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 05-May-2009

 Revision Date
 18-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 18-Jan-2018

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 04-Jun-2010 Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name Acenaphthene

Cat No.: AC201340000; AC201340050; AC201341000; AC201345000

CAS-No 83-32-9

Synonyms 1,2-Dihydroacenaphthylene; Naphthyleneethylene; 1,8-Ethylenenaphthalene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause respiratory irritation

•



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and

effects

No information available.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO 2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 135 °C / 275 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 450 °C / 842 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards210N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions
Environmental Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product

label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure

limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations

and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

·

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid
Appearance Brown

Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No information available

pH Not applicable

Melting Point/Range 90 - 95 °C / 194 - 203 °F

Boiling Point/Range 279 °C / 534.2 °F Flash Point 135 °C / 275 °F Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper
Lower
No data available
No data available
Vapor Pressure
Vapor Density
Not applicable
10 mmHg @ 131 °C
Not applicable

Specific Gravity 1.060
Solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

No data available
450 °C / 842 °F
No information available

Viscosity
Not applicable
C12 H10

Molecular FormulaC12 H10Molecular Weight154.21

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Excess heat. Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Metals, Strong acids

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acenaphthene	LD50 = 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

IrritationNo information availableSensitizationNo information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposureSTOT - repeated exposure
Respiratory system
None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
	EC50: 0.23 - 1.15 mg/L, 96h	LC50: 1.3 - 2.1 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 0.509 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 0.58 mg/L 15 min	EC50: 1.102 - 1.475 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna) EC50: = 3.45 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) EC50: = 41 mg/L, 48h
		LC50: 0.6 - 0.75 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		(Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Acenaphthene	4.43

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Technical Name Acenaphthene

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	S-No TSCA TSCA Inventory notifica Active/Inactive		TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	Χ	ACTIVE	_

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	X	-	201-469-6	X	X	Χ	Χ	KE-10602

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	>95	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	
Acenaphthene	-	-	X	X	

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Not applicable

Acenaphthene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

Health Administration

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs	
Acenaphthene	100 lb	-	

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Acenaphthene	Х	Х	X	=	=

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 04-Jun-2010

 Revision Date
 19-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 19-Jan-2018

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 5.6 Revision Date 05/24/2016 Print Date 01/23/2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Acenaphthylene

Product Number : 416703 Brand : Aldrich

CAS-No. : 208-96-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich

3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103

USA

Telephone : +1 800-325-5832 Fax : +1 800-325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Skin irritation (Category 2), H315 Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

!>

Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

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P280 Wear protective gloves. P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if vou feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P332 + P313 P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P362 P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula : C₁₂H₈

Molecular weight : 152.19 g/mol
CAS-No. : 208-96-8
EC-No. : 205-917-1

Hazardous components

Component	Classification	Concentration
Acenaphthylene		
	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye	<= 100 %
Irrit. 2A; STOT SE 3		
	H315, H319, H335	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Normal measures for preventive fire protection. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

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Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum laver thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method:

EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

For nuisance exposures use type P95 (US) or type P1 (EU EN 143) particle respirator. For higher level protection use type OV/AG/P99 (US) or type ABEK-P2 (EU EN 143) respirator cartridges. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Form: solid

b) Odour No data available Odour Threshold No data available d) рН No data available

Melting point/freezing

point

Melting point/range: 78 - 82 °C (172 - 180 °F) - lit.

Initial boiling point and

280 °C (536 °F) - lit.

boiling range

122.0 °C (251.6 °F) - closed cup Flash point

h) Evaporation rate No data available No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower

flammability or explosive limits No data available

Vapour pressure No data available No data available Vapour density

m) Relative density 0.899 g/mL at 25 °C (77 °F)

n) Water solubility No data available Partition coefficient: n-No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

No data available

Aldrich - 416703 Page 4 of 8 q) Decomposition No data available temperature

r) Viscosity No data availables) Explosive properties No data available

t) Oxidizing properties No data available

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Mouse - 1,760 mg/kg

Remarks: Autonomic Nervous System:Other (direct) parasympathomimetic. Respiratory disorder Blood: Hemorrhage.

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as

probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as

probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

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known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: AB1254000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 3077 Class: 9 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. (Acenaphthylene)

Reportable Quantity (RQ): 5000 lbs

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Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	1993-04-24
Pennsylvania Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	1993-04-24
New Jersey Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	1993-04-24
California Prop. 65 Components		
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the	CAS-No.	Revision Date
State of California to cause cancer. Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	2007-09-28
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the	CAS-No.	Revision Date
State of California to cause cancer. Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	2007-09-28

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity
Eye Irrit. Eye irritation
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Irrit. Skin irritation

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2
Chronic Health Hazard: *
Flammability: 1
Physical Hazard 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 2

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Fire Hazard: 1
Reactivity Hazard: 0

Further information

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Preparation Information

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

Version: 5.6 Revision Date: 05/24/2016 Print Date: 01/23/2017

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 19-May-2010 Revision Date 07-Apr-2020 Revision Number 5

1. Identification

Product Name Acetophenone

Cat No. : A22-500

CAS-No 98-86-2

Synonyms Methyl Phenyl Ketone; 1-Phenylethanone; Hypnone (Certified)

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Company One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids Category 4
Acute oral toxicity Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Combustible liquid Harmful if swallowed Causes serious eye irritation

Acetophenone



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None identified

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetophenone	98-86-2	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Most important symptoms and

effects Notes to Physician tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Transfer and the second of the

Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may

Acetophenone

be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

77 °C / 170.6 °F **Flash Point**

Method -No information available

Autoignition Temperature 535 °C / 995 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 6.7 vol % 1.1 vol % Lower

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Physical hazards Health **Flammability** Instability N/A 2 2 0

Accidental release measures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all **Personal Precautions**

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Should not be released into the environment. **Environmental Precautions**

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Remove all sources of ignition.

7. Handling and storage

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not Handling

get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open

flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from Storage

heat, sparks and flame.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Acetophenone	TWA: 10 ppm			TWA: 10 ppm

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations

and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceLight yellowOdoraromatic

Odor Threshold
pHNo information available
No information availableMelting Point/Range19.6 °C / 67.3 °F

Boiling Point/Range 202 °C / 395.6 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 77 °C / 170.6 °F

Evaporation Rate No information available

Flammability (solid,gas)

Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 6.7 vol %

 Lower
 1.1 vol %

 1.2 mbor
 1.2 mbor

Vapor Pressure1.3 mbar @ 20°CVapor DensityNo information available

Specific Gravity 1.028

SolubilitySoluble in waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature535 °C / 995 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity1.8 mPa.s at 20 °CMolecular FormulaC8 H8 OMolecular Weight120.15

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Acetophenone

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetophenone	900 mg/kg (Rat)	3300 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 > 2.130 mg/L (Rat) 8 h
	815 mg/kg (Rat)		

Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acetophenone	98-86-2	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects Not mutagenic in AMES Test

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental EffectsNo information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

delayed

uelayeu

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetophenone	Not listed	Brachydanio rerio: LC50 =	EC50 = 15.5 mg/L 15 min	EC50 = 162 mg/L 48h
1		155 mg/L 96h	_	_

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Acetophenone	1.7

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes	
Acetophenone - 98-86-2	U004	-	

Acetophenone

14. Transport information

DOTNot regulatedTDGNot regulatedIATANot regulatedIMDG/IMONot regulated

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Acetophenone	98-86-2	X	ACTIVE	TP

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TP - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a proposed TSCA Section 4 test rule

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

China, X = listed, Australia, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (ECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetophenone	98-86-2	Х	-	202-708-7	Χ	X	Х	Х	KE-28355

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

O/ (((/ C) C)			
Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Acetophenone	98-86-2	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Acetophenone	X		-

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

ComponentHazardous Substances RQsCERCLA EHS RQsAcetophenone5000 lb-

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

	344444					
Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island	
Acetophenone	X	X	X	X	X	

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Moderate risk, Grade 2

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 19-May-2010

 Revision Date
 07-Apr-2020

 Print Date
 07-Apr-2020

Revision Summary SDS sections updated. 16.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<u>1.1.</u> **Product identifier**

Chemical name benzene **EC Index** 601-020-00-8 EC No 200-753-7 CAS No. 71-43-2

01-2119447106-44 REACH registration No.

C6H6 Formula

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Specific use(s) Use as an intermediate

> The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be

handled as such.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Transcor Energy Company

Parc de L'Alliance, Boulevard de France 7

1420 Braine-L'Alleud, Belgium Telephone +32 2 663 19 00 Telefax: +32 2 675 49 99 E-mail: reach@transcor.be

Emergency telephone number

+32 3 575 03 30 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, Emergency telephone

7 days per week.)

IRELAND (REPUBLIC OF)

National Poisons Information Centre

Beaumont Hospital +353 18 37 99 64/+353 1 809 21 66

UNITED KINGDOM

National Poisons Information Service

(Newcastle Centre) 0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)

Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre,

Wolfson Unit

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1.

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

CLP-Classification The product is classified as hazardous in accordance with Regulation

(EC) No. 1272/2008.

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Muta. 1B H340 Carc. 1A H350 STOT RE 1 H372 Asp. Tox. 1 H304



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Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.1.2. Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Classification : This substance is classified as hazardous according to 67/548/EEC.

F; R11 Xn; R65

T; R48/23/24/25 Xi; R36/38 Carc.Cat.1; R45 Muta.Cat.2; R46

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms :







GHS02

GHS08

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H340 - May cause genetic defects.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Precautionary statements : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

2.2.2. Labelling according to Directives (67/548 - 1999/45)

Not relevant

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards : Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment :

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances



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Substance name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC
Benzene	(CAS No.) 71-43-2 (EC No) 200-753-7 (EC Index) 601-020-00-8 (REACH-no) 01-2119447106- 44-0099	100	F; R11 Xn; R65 T; R48/23/24/25 Xi; R36/38 Carc.Cat.1; R45 Muta.Cat.2; R46

Substance name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Benzene	(CAS No.) 71-43-2 (EC No) 200-753-7 (EC Index) 601-020-00-8 (REACH-no) 01-2119447106- 44-0099	100	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Full text of R- and H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing.

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.

Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

In case of ingestion : Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Additional advice : First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with

cramps.

When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Treat symptomatically.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. The

following symptoms may occur: Dizziness Drowsiness Unconsciousness

Headache Nausea Convulsions Shortness of breath.



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Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure. The following symptoms may occur: Dry skin Pain

erythema (redness).

: Causes serious eye irritation. The following symptoms may occur: Eye contact

Redness, pain.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes damage to organs

> through prolonged or repeated exposure. The following symptoms may occur: Abdominal pain Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation,

nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Sore throat.

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May Other adverse effects

cause cancer. May cause genetic defects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media <u>5.1.</u>

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, Dry extinguishing powder, Carbon

dioxide

Extinguishing media which must not be used : Strong water jet

for safety reasons

<u>5</u>.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

: Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting. Specific hazards

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures

with air.

Vapours can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they

can ignite, flash back, or explode. Hazardous combustion products:

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Volatile organic compounds

Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters : Special protective equipment for firefighters.

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Dispose according to legislation.

Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Evacuate area.

Stay upwind/keep distance from source.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition



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sources. No smoking.

Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.

Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.

Use only non-sparking tools.

For emergency responders : Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and

disposal are in place.

Personal protection equipment: see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter into ground-water, surface water or drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective

authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Use foam on spills to minimise vapours.

Stop leak if safe to do so.

Dam up.

Clean-up methods - small spillage: Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents)., Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

ciosed and sultable containers for disposal.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or

universal binding agents).

Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal Clean-up methods - large spillage: Large spills should be collected mechanically (remove by pumping) for disposal., Collect in closed and

suitable containers for disposal.

Large spills should be collected mechanically (remove by pumping) for

disposal.

Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling

: Provide adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with incompatible materials.

See also section 10

Ensure proper process control to avoid excess waste discharge

 $(temperature,\,concentration,\,pH\,\,value,\,time).$

Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Obtain special instructions before use.

(Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.)

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.

Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools

etc.

Use only non-sparking tools.



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The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH

Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such.

Advices on general occupational hygiene : Keep good industrial hygiene.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after using the product.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Keep work clothes separately. Take off contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage : Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Do not store near or with any of the incompatible materials listed in

section 10.

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of

spillage.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

Packaging materials : Keep/Store only in original container.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Intermediate.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit values

Benzene (71-43-2)		
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	1 ppm
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	1 ppm
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
France	VME (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VME (ppm)	1 ppm (restrictive limit)
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,19 mg/m³
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	1,0 ppm
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	2,5 ppm
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³ (manufacturing, commercialization, and use restrictions under REACH; worker protection to carcinogens in the workplace)



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Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	1 ppm (manufacturing, commercialization, and use restrictions under REACH; worker protection to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens in the workplace)
Switzerland	VME (mg/m³)	1,6 mg/m³
Switzerland	VME (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	9,75 mg/m³ (calculated)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	3 ppm (calculated)
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	1,6 mg/m³
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	1 ppm
Hungary	MK-érték	3 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	1 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	9 mg/m³ (calculated)
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	3 ppm (calculated)
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	1 ppm
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m³)	19 mg/m³
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	6 ppm
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (AN) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (AN) (ppm)	1 ppm
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	6 mg/m³
Norway	Gjennomsnittsverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)	3 ppm
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	1,6 mg/m³
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3,25 mg/m³
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)	1,5 mg/m³
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	0,5 ppm
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	9 mg/m³
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	3 ppm

Recommended monitoring procedures : Personal air monitoring Room air monitoring

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection equipment : The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the

concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific

workplace.

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Half-face mask (EN 140) Full face mask (EN 136) Filter type: AP (EN 141)

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant



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concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when

handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained

breathing apparatus must be used. (EN 137)

Hand protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) ,Suitable

material:,NBR (Nitrile rubber) (> 0.45 mm, BTT > 30 min.),PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol) (BTT > 480 min.),Fluoropolymers (BTT > 480 min.),The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and

quantity of hazardous substances.

Eye protection : Use suitable eye protection. (EN166): Goggles

Body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

Chemical resistant safety shoes

Thermal hazard protection : Not required under normal use.

Use dedicated equipment.

Engineering control measures : The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions

as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH

Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Safe handling: see section 7.

Transfer and handle product only in closed systems.

Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and safety showers are

closely located to the working place.

Store locked up.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.

Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools

etc.

Environmental exposure controls : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Comply with applicable Community environmental protection

legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid
Colour : clear

Odour : characteristic
Odour threshold : No data available
pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : $5,49 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Initial boiling point and boiling range : $80,09 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Flash point : $11 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable, liquid
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : < No data available
Vapour pressure : 10 kPa (20 °C)
100 kPa (79.9 °C)

100 kPa (79.9 °C

Vapour density : No data available



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Density : $0.8765 \text{ g/cm}^3 (20 ^{\circ}\text{C})$ Relative density : No data available Water solubility : $\approx 1.88 \text{ g/l} (23.5 ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Solubility in different media : Justification for data waiving

not relevant

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water : 2,13 Auto-ignition temperature : 498 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity : 0,604 mPa.s (25 °C)

Explosive properties : Not applicable

The study does not need to be conducted because there are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties present in the

molecule.

Oxidising properties : Not applicable

The classification procedure needs not to be applied because there are no chemical groups present in the molecule which are associated with

oxidising properties.

9.2. Other information

Surface tension : Justification for data waiving

not relevant

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Reference to other sections: 10.4 & 10.5

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability : The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.
Safe handling: see section 7

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials : Oxidising substances, Strong acids, Halogens, Safe handling: see section

7

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Reference to other sections: 5.2

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)



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 Benzene (71-43-2)

 LD50/oral/rat
 > 2000 mg/kg

 LD50/dermal/rabbit
 > 5000 mg/kg

 ATE CLP (vapours)
 44,5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

pH: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

pH: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

met.)

Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

LOAEL, Oral, Rat: 25 mg/kg bw/day

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

NOAEC, Inhalation: 960 mg/m³

NOAEC, Developmental toxicity, Inhalation, Rat: 32 mg/m³

STOT-single exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information

Reference to other sections: 4.2, Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics, For further information see section 4

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Benzene (71-43-2)		
LC50 fish 1	eco mg/l (96 h)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	10 mg/l (48h)	
ErC50 (algae)	100 mg/l (72 h)	
LOEC (chronic)	1,6 mg/l	
NOEC (chronic)	3 mg/l Invertebrates.	
NOEC chronic fish	0,8 mg/l	
NOEC chronic crustacea	3 mg/l	
NOEC chronic algae	*	
Additional information	ErC10, Biomass, 72h, algae: 10 mg/l ErC10, Growth rate, 72h, algae: 34 mg/l IC50, 24h, micro-organisms: 13 mg/l	



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12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability : Readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

3

Bioaccumulation : Low potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water : 2,13 Bioconcentration factor (BCF) : < 10

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

Surface tension : Justification for data waiving

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB data :

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information :

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product waste: : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.

Safe handling: see section 7

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling

Recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration

If recycling is not possible, eliminate in accordance with local valid waste

disposal regulations

Contaminated packaging : Never use pressure to empty container.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Dispose according to legislation.

List of proposed waste codes/waste

designations in accordance with EWC

: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for

which the product was used.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number : 1114

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name : BENZENE
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : BENZENE
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : BENZENE
Proper Shipping Name (ADN) : BENZENE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.3.1. Overland transport

Class(es) : 3 - Flammable liquid

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 33 Classification code : F1



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ADR/RID-Labels : 3 - Flammable liquid



14.3.2. Inland waterway transport (ADN)

Class (UN) : 3

14.3.3. Transport by sea

Class or Division : 3 - flammable liquids

14.3.4. Air transport

Class or Division : 3 - flammable liquids

14.4. Packing group

Packing group : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special precautions for user : No data available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

3. Liquid substances or mixtures which are regarded as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in

Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 : Benzene 5. Benzene : Benzene

28. Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as Carcinogen category 1A or 1B (Table 3.1) or Carcinogen category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows: Carcinogen category 1A (Table 3.1)/Carcinogen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 1 Carcinogen category 1B (Table 3.1)/Carcinogen category 2 (Table 3.2) listed in

Appendix 2 : Benzene



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29. Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as Germ cell Mutagen category 1A or 1B (Table 3.1) or Mutagen category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows: Mutagen category 1A (Table 3.1)/Mutagen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 3 Mutagen category 1B (Table 3.1)/Mutagen category 2 (Table

3.2) listed in Appendix 4 : Benzene

40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of

Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or not. : Benzene

This product contains an ingredient according to the candidate list of Annex XIV of the REACH

Regulation 1907/2006/EC. : none

Authorisations : Not applicable

15.1.2. National regulations

DE: WGK : 3

NL: ABM : 2 - May cause heritable genetic damage...3 - May cause cancer.

NL: NeR (Nederlandse emissie Richtlijn) : Organic substances in vapour or gaseous form

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment : For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases:

Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 1A : Carcinogenicity, Category 1A

Eye Irrit. 2 : Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquids, Category 2

Muta. 1B : Germ cell mutagenicity, hazard categories 1B

Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

STOT RE 1 : Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H340 : May cause genetic defects.
H350 : May cause cancer.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

R11 : Highly flammable.

R36/38 : Irritating to eyes and skin.

R45 : May cause cancer.

R46 : May cause heritable genetic damage.

R48/23/24/25 : Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation,



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in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R65 : Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

F : Highly flammable

T : Toxic Xi : Irritant Xn : Harmful

Key literature references and sources : CSR

for data

Safety datasheet sections which have : 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16

been updated

Abbreviations and acronyms : ABM = Algemene beoordelingsmethodiek

ADN = Accord Européen relatif au Transport International des Marchandises

Dangereuses par voie de Navigation du Rhin

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises

Dangereuses par Route

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation according to 1272/2008/EC

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LEL = Lower Explosive Limit/Lower Explosion Limit UEL = Upper Explosion Limit/Upper Explosive Limit

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

BTT = Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time)

DMEL = Derived minimal effect level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EC50 = Median Effective Concentration

EL50 = Median effective level

ErC50 = EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate ErL50 = EL50 in terms of reduction of growth rate

EWC = European Waste Catalogue LC50 = Median lethal concentration

LD50 = Median lethal dose LL50 = Median lethal level NA = Not applicable

NOEC = No observed effect concentration

NOEL: no-observed-effect level

NOELR = No observed effect loading rate

NOAEC = No observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL = No observed adverse effect level

N.O.S. = Not Otherwise Specified

OEL = Occupational Exposure Limits - Short Term Exposure Limits (STELs)

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
Quantitative structure-acivity relationship (QSAR)

STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity TWA = time weighted average VOC = Volatile organic compounds

WGK = Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class under German Federal Water

Management Act)

The contents and format of this SDS are in accordance with EEC Commission Directive 1999/45/EC, 67/548/EC, 1272/2008/EC and EEC Commission Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH) Annex II.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. The conditions or methods of



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handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.



Safety Data Sheet - Version 5.0

Preparation Date 7/15/2014

Latest Revision Date (If Revised) 12/7/2017

SDS Expiry Date 12/5/2020

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier

Chemical Name Benzo[k]fluoranthene

Catalogue # B203560

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Product UsesTo be used only for scientific research and development. Not for use in humans or animals.

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company Toronto Research Chemicals

2 Brisbane Road Toronto, ON M3J 2J8

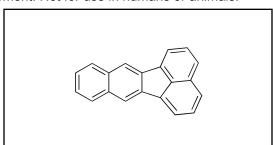
CANADA

Telephone +14166659696 **FAX** +14166654439

Email orders@trc-canada.com

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency# +1(416) 665-9696 between 0800-1700 (GMT-5)



2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

WHMIS Classification (Canada)

D2A Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

Carcinogen

WHMIS Symbols (Canada)



2.1/2.2 Classification of the Substance or Mixture and Label Elements

GHS Hazards Classification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity (Category 1B)

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment, Acute Hazard (Category 1)

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment, Long-Term Hazard (Category 1)

GHS Hazards Identification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Signal Word Danger

GHS Hazard Statements

H350 May cause cancer. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

GHS Precautionary Statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

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2.3 Unclassified Hazards/Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No data available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Molecular Formula: C₂₀H₁₂ Molecular Weight: 252.31

CAS Registry #: 207-08-9 **EC**#: 205-916-6

Synonyms

11,12-Benzofluoranthene; 2,3,1',8'-Binaphthylene; 8,9-Benzfluoranthene; 8,9-Benzofluoranthene; Dibenzo[b,jk]

fluorene

3.2 Mixtures

Not a mixture.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

General Advice

If medical attention is required, show this safety data sheet to the doctor.

If Inhaled

If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician.

In Case of Skin Contact

Wash affected area with soap and water. Consult a physician if any exposure symptoms are observed.

In Case of Eye Contact

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

If Swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting unless advised to do so by a physician or Poison Control Center. Seek medical attention.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2.2) and/or section 11.

4.3 Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for Firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further Information

No data available.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

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Method and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Keep in a dry place.

Storage conditions: Refrigerator

7.3 Specific End Uses

For scientific research and development only. Not for use in humans or animals.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Contains no components with established occupational exposure limits.

8.2 Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

A laboratory fumehood or other appropriate form of local exhaust ventilation should be used to avoid exposure.

Personal Protective Equipment

All recommendations below are advisory in nature and a risk assessment should be performed by the employer/end user prior to use of this product. The type of protective equipment must be selected based on the amount and concentration of the dangerous material being used in the workplace.

Eye/Face Protection

Safety goggles or face shield. All equipment should have been tested and approved under appropriate standards, such as NIOSH (US), CSA (Canada), or EN 166 (EU).

Skin Protection

Gloves should be used when handling this material. Gloves are to be inspected prior to use. Contaminated gloves are to be removed using proper glove removal technique so that the outer surface of the glove does not contact bare skin. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in compliance with good laboratory practices and local requirements.

Gloves used for incidental exposures (splash protection) should be designated as "chemical resistant" by EU standard EN 374 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material. Unrated gloves are not recommended.

Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Sol-Vex nitrile gloves style 37-175, 15 mil thickness.

Penetration time has not been determined.

Gloves used for prolonged direct exposure (immersion) should be designated "chemical resistant" as per EN 734 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material.

Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Viton/Butyl gloves style 38-612, 4/8 mil thickness.

Penetration time has not been determined.

These recommendations may not apply if the material is mixed with any other chemical, or dissolved into a solution. A risk assessment must be performed to ensure the gloves will still offer acceptable protection.

Body Protection

Fire resistant (Nomex) coveralls or chemical-resistant bodysuit (laminated Tychem SL or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection

Recommended respirators are NIOSH-approved N100 or CEN-approved FFP3 particulate respirators. These are to be only used as a backup to local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls. If the respirator is the only means of protection, a full-face supplied air respirator must be used.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

A) Appearance

B) Odour

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Light Yellow Solid

C) Odour Threshold

No data available

E) Melting Point/Freezing Point

213-215°C

G) Flash point

No data available

I) Flammability (Solid/Gas)

No data available

K) Vapour Pressure

No data available

M) Relative Density

No data available

O) Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available

Q) Decomposition Temperature

No data available

S) Explosive Properties

No data available

9.2 Other Information

no data available

No data available

Hq (D

No data available

F) Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range

No data available

H) Evaporation Rate

No data available

J) Upper/Lower Flammability/Explosive Limits

No data available

L) Vapour Density

No data available

N) Solubility

Chloroform (Slightly)

P) Auto-Ignition Temperature

No data available

R) Viscosity

No data available

T) Oxidizing Properties

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

No data available.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

No data available.

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

In the event of fire: See section 5. Other decomposition products: No data available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

A) Acute Toxicity

Oral LD50: No data available.

Dermal LD50: No data available.

B) Skin Corrosion/Irritation

No data available

C) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

No data available

D) Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

No data available

E) Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No data available

F) Carcinogenicity

Probable human carcinogen.

This compound has been designated by the IARC as Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans.

G) Reproductive Toxicity/Teratogenicity

No data available

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Inhalation LC50: No data available.

H) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No data available

I) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No data available

J) Aspiration Hazard

No data available

K) Potential Health Effects and Routes of Exposure

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin

May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes

May cause eye irritation.

L) Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2.2) and/or section 11.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties of this material have not been thoroughly investigated.

M) Additional Information

RTECS: DF6350000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data available.

12.2 Persistance and Degradability

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

No data available.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

A) Product

Product may be burned in an incinerator equipped with afterburner and scrubber. Excess and expired materials are to be offered to a licensed hazardous material disposal company. Ensure that all Federal and Local regulations regarding the disposal and destruction of this material are followed.

B) Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of as above.

C) Other Considerations

Product is not to be disposed of in sanitary sewers, storm sewers, or landfills.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number

DOT (US): UN3077 IATA: UN3077 IMDG: UN3077 ADR/RID: UN3077

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

DOT (US)/IATA:

Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Benzo[k]fluoranthene)

IMDG/ARD/RID:

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Benzo[k]fluoranthene)

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)

DOT (US): 9 IATA: 9 IMDG: 9 ADR/RID: 9

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14.4 Packing Group

DOT (US): III IATA: III IMDG: III ADR/RID: III

14.5 Environmental Hazards

DOT (US): None IATA: None IMDG: None ADR/RID: None

14.6 Special Precautions for User

None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of WHMIS (Canada), OSHA 1910.1200 (US), and EU Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (European Union).

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

A) Canada

DSL/NDSL Status: This product is not listed on the Canadian DSL/NDSL.

B) United States

TSCA Status: This product is not listed on the US EPA TSCA.

C) European Union

ECHA Status: This product is not registered with the EU ECHA.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Revision History

Original Publication Date: 7/15/2014

16.2 List of Abbreviations

LD50 Median lethal dose of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population.

LC50 Medial lethal concentration of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population.

LDLo Lowest known lethal dose TDLo Lowest known toxic dose

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP National Toxicology Program

RTECS Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

16.3 Further Information

Copyright 2015. Toronto Research Chemicals Inc. Copies may be made for internal use only. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge, but is to be only used as a guide. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Please take all due care when handling this product.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name 1,2-Benzanthracene

Cat No.: AC105250000; AC105250010; AC105252500

Synonyms Benzóa!anthracene; Tetraphene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

May cause cancer



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	99

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under

the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Call a physician immediately. Clean mouth with water.

Most important symptoms and

effects

No information available.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO 2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

Upper

Not applicable

No data available

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 1,2-Benzanthracene

Lower No data available Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
0	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Up

	7. Handling and storage
Handling	Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation.
Storage	Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. **Engineering Measures**

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

Physical and chemical properties

Powder Solid **Physical State**

Appearance Beige Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold No information available pH No information available

Melting Point/Range 158 - 161 °C / 316.4 - 321.8 °F

Boiling Point/Range 437.6 °C / 819.7 °F Flash Point No information available Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableVapor PressureNo information availableVapor DensityNot applicable

Specific Gravity
Solubility
No information available
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
No data available

Autoignition Temperature Not applicable

Decomposition TemperatureNo information available

ViscosityNot applicableMolecular FormulaC18 H12Molecular Weight228.29

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product InformationNo acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

 Irritation
 No information available

 Sensitization
 No information available

CarcinogenicityThe table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	Group 2B	Reasonably	A2	Х	A2
			Anticipated			

Mutagenic Effects Ames test: positive.

Reproductive EffectsNo information available.

Developmental EffectsNo information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposureSTOT - repeated exposure
None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters	EU - Endocrine Disruptors -	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor	
	Candidate List	Evaluated Substances	Information	
Benz[a]anthracene	Group III Chemical	Not applicable	Not applicable	

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Benz[a]anthracene	Not listed	Not listed	EC50 = 0.26 mg/L 15 min	LC50: = 0.01 mg/L, 96h Static (Daphnia magna) EC50: = 0.0042 mg/L, 48h
				(Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Benz[a]anthracene	5.61

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Benz[a]anthracene - 56-55-3	U018	=

14. Transport information

DOT Not regulated Not regulated

IATA

JN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.*

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	Χ	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

	Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
ı	Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	-	X	200-280-6	-	-	-	Х	-

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	99	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances			CWA - Priority Pollutants
Benz[a]anthracene	-	-	-	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous

substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability

Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Benz[a]anthracene	10 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3	Carcinogen	0.033 µg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

	Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Γ	Benz[a]anthracene	X	X	X	X	Х

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N

DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 **Print Date** 19-Jan-2018

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Other means of identification

Item N-11165

Recommended use For Laboratory Use Only

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Chem Service, Inc.
Address 660 Tower Lane

West Chester, PA 19380

United States

Telephone Toll Free 800-452-9994

Direct 610-692-3026

Website www.chemservice.com
E-mail info@chemservice.com

Emergency phone number Chemtrec US 800-424-9300

Chemtrec outside US +1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazardsCarcinogenicityCategory 1Environmental hazardsHazardous to the aquatic environment, acuteCategory 1

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 1

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		205-99-2	100

Material name: Benzo(b)fluoranthene N-11165 Version #: 01 Issue date: 04-29-2015 *Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Eve contact

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Most important Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

medical attention and special treatment needed

Indication of immediate

General information IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Collect spillage. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Use personal protective equipment as required.

N-11165 Version #: 01 Issue date: 04-29-2015

Skin protection

Use personal protective equipment as required. Hand protection Other Use personal protective equipment as required. Use personal protective equipment as required. Respiratory protection

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Solid. Physical state

Form Solid. Crystalline Solid

Color Pale yellow Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. pН 334.4 °F (168 °C) Melting point/freezing point

range

Not available. Flash point Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Initial boiling point and boiling

(%)

Not available.

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

0.0000001 kPa at 25 °C Vapor pressure

Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient 6.6

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. Not available. **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

C20-H12 Molecular formula Molecular weight 252.32 g/mol

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Material name: Benzo(b)fluoranthene

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

InhalationNo adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.Skin contactNo adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.Eye contactDirect contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. **Serious eye damage/eye** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Chronic effects Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

6.6

Mobility in soil No data available.

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Material name: Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN3077

UN proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. (Benzo(b)fluoranthene RQ = 1 LBS)

Transport hazard class(es) Class

9 Subsidiary risk 9 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

8, 146, 335, A112, B54, IB8, IP3, N20, T1, TP33 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 213 Packaging non bulk 240 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN3077 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Benzo(b)fluoranthene)

9 **Class** Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 9L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed.

IMDG

UN3077 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Benzo(b)fluoranthene)

Class 9 Subsidiary risk Ш **Packing group Environmental hazards**

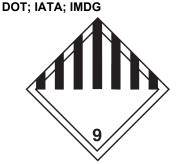
Marine pollutant No. F-A, S-F

EmS

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code



DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. **General information**

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	100

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Clean Water Act (CWA)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Priority pollutant Toxic pollutant

Section 112(r) (40 CFR

68.130)

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: Special hazard

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)

Material name: Benzo(b)fluoranthene

N-11165 Version #: 01 Issue date: 04-29-2015

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Benzo(b)fluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2) Listed: July 1, 1987

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No
Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) No
New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes
Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-29-2015

Version # 01

NFPA ratings Health: 0

Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.

Persons not specifically and properly trained should not handle this chemical or its container. This product is furnished FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY! Our products may NOT BE USED as drugs, cosmetics, agricultural or pesticide products, food additives or as household chemicals.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is intended only for use with Chem Service, Inc. products and should not be relied on for use with materials from any other supplier even if the chemical name(s) on the product are identical! Whenever using an SDS for a solution or mixture the user should refer to the SDS for every component of the solution or mixture. Chem Service warrants that this SDS is based upon the most current information available to Chem Service at the time it was last revised. THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE, AND CHEM SERVICE, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This SDS is provided gratis and CHEM SERVICE, INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR CONTINGENT DAMAGES.

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This product is furnished FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY.

Material name: Benzo(b)fluoranthene

No



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020 Revision Number 2

1. Identification

Product Name Benzo[a]pyrene

Cat No.: 15856

CAS-No 50-32-8

Synonyms Benzo[def]chrysene.; 3,4-Benzopyrene; 3,4-Benzpyrene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Alfa Aesar

Thermo Fisher Scientific Chemicals, Inc.

30 Bond Street

Ward Hill, MA 01835-8099

Tel: 800-343-0660 Fax: 800-322-4757 **Email:** tech@alfa.com

www.alfa.com

Emergency Telephone Number

During normal business hours (Monday-Friday, 8am-7pm EST), call (800) 343-0660.

After normal business hours, call Carechem 24 at (866) 928-0789.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin SensitizationCategory 1Germ Cell MutagenicityCategory 1BCarcinogenicityCategory 1AReproductive ToxicityCategory 1B

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Wear protective gloves

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	> 96

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and

feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

Not applicable

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards210N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust

formation.

Environmental PrecautionsDo not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities

should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed **Up**

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not

get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid dust formation.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Benzo[a]pyrene		TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³		

Legend

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StatePowder SolidAppearanceDark yellowOdoraromatic

Odor Threshold No information available

pH Not applicable

 Melting Point/Range
 175 - 179 °C / 347 - 354.2 °F

 Boiling Point/Range
 495 °C / 923 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point No information available

Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableVapor PressureNo information available

Vapor Density Not applicable

Specific GravityNo information availableSolubilityInsoluble in waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data available

Autoignition Temperature Not applicable

Decomposition TemperatureNo information available

ViscosityNot applicableMolecular FormulaC20H12Molecular Weight252.31

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Oxidizing agent

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020 Benzo[a]pyrene

Irritation No information available

Sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Group 1	Reasonably	A2	X	A2
			Anticipated			

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program) NTP: (National Toxicity Program) Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

No information available. **Developmental Effects**

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

No information available **Aspiration hazard**

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters	EU - Endocrine Disruptors -	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor
	Candidate List	Evaluated Substances	Information
Benzo[a]pyrene	Group III Chemical	Not applicable	Not applicable

Other Adverse Effects

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Benzo[a]pyrene	6.06

13. Disposal considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a **Waste Disposal Methods**

hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Benzo[a]pyrene - 50-32-8	U022	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Technical Name Benzo[a]pyrene

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	X	1	200-028-5	X	ı	1	Χ	KE-05-0184

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	> 96	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Benzo[a]pyrene	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Benzo[a]pyrene	1 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

	Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Γ	Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Carcinogen	0.06 μg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

	Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Γ	Benzo[a]pyrene	Χ	X	Х	X	Χ

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Email: tech@alfa.com

www.alfa.com

Revision Date 14-Feb-2020 Print Date 14-Feb-2020

Revision Summary SDS authoring systems update, replaces ChemGes SDS No. 50-32-8/1.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 03-May-2012 Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name Benzo[ghi]perylene

Cat No.: AC105550000; AC105550050; AC105550250; AC105551000

CAS-No 191-24-2

Synonyms 1,12-Benzoperylene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Classification under 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label Elements

None required

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

_	O	11 . C	The second of the second of the second
٠,٢	Composition	/Information on	Ingredients
J .	COLLOGICALI		HIGH CONCINS

Component	CAS-No	Weight %

Benzo[ghi]perylene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and

effects

No information available.

No information available

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards010N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions
Environmental Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean Avoid dust formation. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not let **Up** this chemical enter the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Benzo[ghi]perylene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

Handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product

label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure

limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face ProtectionWear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory ProtectionNo protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid Appearance Yellow

Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No information available
No information available
No information available

pH No information available

Melting Point/Range 276 - 280 °C / 528.8 - 536 °F

Boiling Point/Range > 500 °C @ 760 mmHg **Flash Point** No information available

Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableVapor PressureNo information available

Vapor Density

Not applicable

Specific Gravity
Solubility
No information available
Insoluble in water
No data available
No data available

Autoignition TemperatureNo information availableDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity
Molecular Formula
Molecular Weight
Not applicable
C22 H12
276.33

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Excess heat. Exposure to light. Incompatible products.

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Benzo[ghi]perylene

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. Carcinogenicity

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	Not listed				

No information available **Mutagenic Effects**

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Other Adverse Effects

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Persistence and Degradability Insoluble in water May persist

No information available. **Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation**

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Benzo(ghi)perylene	6.58

Benzo[ghi]perylene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Technical Name Benzo(ghi)perylene

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	=	-	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	-	-	205-883-8	-	-	- 1	-	-

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	>95	1.0 0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Benzo[ghi]perylene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Benzo(ghi)perylene	-	-	-	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Benzo(ghi)perylene	5000 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Co	mponent	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Benzo	(ghi)perylene	X	X	X	X	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 03-May-2012

 Revision Date
 19-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 19-Jan-2018

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

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End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name Cadmium

Cat No. : C3-500

CAS-No 7440-43-9

Synonyms No information available

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable solids Category 2 Acute oral toxicity Category 4 Acute dermal toxicity Category 4 Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and Mists Category 2 Germ Cell Mutagenicity Category 2 Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive Toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 1

Target Organs - Kidney, Blood.

Combustible dust Yes

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable solid

May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Fatal if inhaled

Harmful if swallowed

Harmful in contact with skin

May cause respiratory irritation

Suspected of causing genetic defects

May cause cancer

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Fire

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance

Evacuate area

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer and Reproductive Harm - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component CAS-No Weight %

Cadmium	7440-43-9	100

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eve Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable. . Kidney disorders: May cause harm to the unborn child:

Blood disorders

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Fine dust dispersed in air may ignite. Dust can form an explosive mixture in air. Pyrophoric properties of solids and liquids. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Highly toxic fumes

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards410N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Environmental Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities

should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid dust

formation. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Do not

ingest.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert

atmosphere.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Cadmium	TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.002 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 0.3 mg/m³ Ceiling: 0.6 mg/m³ (Vacated) STEL: 0.3 ppm TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ TWA: 5 µg/m³	IDLH: 9 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.002 mg/m ³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering MeasuresUse only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eve/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area

and clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding

stuffs.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateSolidAppearanceSilverOdorOdorless

Odor ThresholdNo information availablepHNo information available

Melting Point/Range 321 °C / 609.8 °F

Boiling Point/Range 765 °C / 1409 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point No information available

Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableVapor PressureNo information available

Vapor DensityNot applicableSpecific Gravity8.64 @ 25°CSolubilityInsoluble in waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition TemperatureNo information available

Decomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity Not applicable

Molecular FormulaCdMolecular Weight112.40

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Avoid dust formation. Exposure to air or moisture over

prolonged periods.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Sulfur oxides

Hazardous Decomposition Products Highly toxic fumes

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Component Information

Component information								
	Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation				
	Cadmium	LD50 = 2330 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	$LC50 = 25 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ (Rat) } 30 \text{ min}$				

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Group 1	Known	A2	l x	A2

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program) NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects Possible risk of irreversible effects

Reproductive Effects Possible risk of impaired fertility. May cause harm to the unborn child.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposureSTOT - repeated exposure
Respiratory system
Kidney Blood

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Kidney disorders: May cause harm to the unborn child: Blood disorders

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information



Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Cadmium	Not listed	LC50: 0.0004 - 0.003 mg/L,	Not listed	EC50: = 0.0244 mg/L, 48h
		96h (Pimephales promelas)		Static (Daphnia magna)
		LC50: = 0.016 mg/L, 96h		
		LC50: = 21.1 mg/L, 96h		
		flow-through (Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		LC50: = 0.24 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: = 4.26 mg/L, 96h		
		semi-static (Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: = 0.002 mg/L, 96h		
		(Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: = 0.006 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss)		
		LC50: = 0.003 mg/L, 96h		

	flow-through (Oncorhynchus	
	mykiss)	

Persistence and Degradability

No information available

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility No information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLIDS, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Proper technical name
Hazard Class
Subsidiary Hazard Class
Packing Group
Cadmium
6.1
4.1
I

TDG

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group

IATA

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.1 Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2930

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group |

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Cadmium	Х	Х	-	231-152-8	-		Χ	-	Χ	Х	KE-0439
											7

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Cadmium

Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b)

Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Cadmium	7440-43-9	100	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Cadmium	-	-	X	Х

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Cadmium	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

Component	Specifically Regulated Chemicals	Highly Hazardous Chemicals
Cadmium	5 μg/m³ TWA	-
	2.5 µg/m³ Action Level	

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Cadmium	10 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Carcinogen	0.05 μg/day	Developmental
		Developmental		Carcinogen
		Male Reproductive		_

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Cadmium	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Cadmium Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date17-Jan-2018Print Date17-Jan-2018

Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SDS #: 237

Revision Date: January 26, 2016

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

SECTION 1 — CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Signal Word WARNING

Chromium Metal

Flinn Scientific, Inc. P.O. Box 219, Batavia, IL 60510 (800) 452-1261

Chemtrec Emergency Phone Number: (800) 424-9615

Pictograms

SECTION 2 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard class: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity (Category 1). Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (H410).



Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) is an IARC Group 3-Not Classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

SECTION 3 — COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	Formula	Formula Weight	Concentration
Chromium	7440-47-3	Cr	52	
Synonyms: Chrome				

SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention (P308+P313).

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing (P304+P340).

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician (P301+P310+P330).

SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Nonflammable, noncombustible metal.

NFPA Code

Moderate fire hazard in the form of dust.

None established

In case of fire: Use a tri-class dry chemical fire extinguisher.

SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Remove all ignition sources and water. Sweep up the spill, place in a sealed bag or container, and dispose. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete. See Sections 8 and 13 for further information.

SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE

Flinn Suggested Chemical Storage Pattern: Inorganic #1. Store with metals and metal hydrides.

Use only in a hood or well-ventilated area (P271).

SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling (P264). Use only in a hood or well-ventilated area (P271).

Exposure guidelines: PEL 1 mg/m³ (OSHA); TLV 0.5 mg/m³ (ACGIH)

SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Silver, metallic solid. Odorless.

Soluble: Strong alkalies and acids, except nitric.

Melting point: 2680 °C

Melting point: 1900 °C

Specific gravity: 7.0-7.3

SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Avoid contact with strong acids and strong oxidizers.

Shelf life: Indefinite, if stored properly.

SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute effects: Toxic, irritant. ORL-RAT LD $_{50}$: N.A. Chronic effects:N.A. IHL-RAT LC $_{50}$: N.A. Target organs: N.A. SKN-RBT LD $_{50}$: N.A.

SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data not yet available.

SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Please review all federal, state and local regulations that may apply before proceeding.

Flinn Suggested Disposal Method #27f is one option.

SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Shipping name: Not regulated. Hazard class: N/A. UN number: N/A.

SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA-listed, EINECS-listed (231-157-5), RCRA code D007.

SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is for guidance and is based upon information and tests believed to be reliable. Flinn Scientific, Inc. makes no guarantee of the accuracy or completeness of the data and shall not be liable for any damages relating thereto. The data is offered solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification. The data should not be confused with local, state, federal or insurance mandates, regulations, or requirements and CONSTITUTE NO WARRANTY. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the science instructor to be in accordance with applicable local, state or federal laws and regulations. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product(s) described are beyond the control of Flinn Scientific, Inc. and may be beyond our knowledge. FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THIS PRODUCT(S).

N.A. = Not available, not all health aspects of this substance have been fully investigated.

Consult your copy of the Flinn Science Catalog/Reference Manual for additional information about laboratory chemicals.

Revision Date: January 26, 2016



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 22-Sep-2009 Revision Date 23-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene

Cat No.: AC113380000; AC113380025; AC113380100; AC113380500

Synonyms cis-Acetylene dichloride.

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids

Acute oral toxicity

Category 4

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category 2

Category 2

Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed Harmful if inhaled

Causes serious eye irritation Causes skin irritation May cause respiratory irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Response

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Ingestion

Rinse mouth

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Fire

Explosion risk in case of fire

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance

Evacuate area

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Store in a closed container

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None identified

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	97

4. First-aid measures
Till Stald Medsales

Eve Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the evelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Inhalation

Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Ingestion

Most important symptoms and

effects

Notes to Physician

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Water mist may be used to cool closed **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

containers. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

No information available **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

6 °C / 42.8 °F **Flash Point**

Method -No information available

440 °C / 824 °F **Autoignition Temperature**

Explosion Limits

12.80% Upper Lower 9.70%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride gas.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health **Flammability** Instability Physical hazards 2 3 0 N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact

with skin, eyes or clothing.

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not flush into surface water or **Environmental Precautions**

sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition.

Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Storage

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	TWA: 200 ppm			TWA: 200 ppm

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof **Engineering Measures**

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid **Appearance** Colorless aromatic Odor

No information available **Odor Threshold** рΗ No information available Melting Point/Range -80 °C / -112 °F

Boiling Point/Range 60 °C / 140 °F @ 760 mmHg

6 °C / 42.8 °F **Flash Point Evaporation Rate** No information available

Flammability (solid.gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

12.80% Upper Lower 9.70%

Vapor Pressure 201 mmHg @ 25 °C **Vapor Density** 3.34 (Air = 1.0)1.280

Specific Gravity

Solubility No information available Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available

Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity

No information available **Molecular Formula** C2 H2 Cl2

Molecular Weight 96.94

10. Stability and reactivity

None known, based on information available **Reactive Hazard**

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air.

Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

440 °C / 824 °F

No information available

Incompatible Materials Bases

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen chloride gas

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

delayed

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylen	156-59-2	Not listed				
е						

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available. No information available. **Developmental Effects**

No information available. **Teratogenicity**

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Other Adverse Effects

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12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	Not listed	Not listed	EC50 = 721 mg/L 5 min	Not listed
			EC50 = 905 mg/L 30 min	

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1150

Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

TDG UN-No

UN-No UN1150

Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IATA

UN-No UN1150

Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1150

Proper Shipping Name 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

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International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2		X	205-859-7	-	X	Χ	Χ	KE-10124

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

	Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Ī	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	X	-	X	-	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 22-Sep-2009

 Revision Date
 23-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 23-Jan-2018

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

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Revision Date 23-Jan-2018

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 - Product Identifiers

Catalog Name: H-135N

Description: Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

CAS No.: 53-70-3

1.2 - Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture

Laboratory Chemical Reference Material

1.3 - Supplier Details

Company: AccuStandard, Inc.

125 Market St.

New Haven, CT 06513 USA

Telephone Number: 203-786-5290

Fax: 203-786-5287

Email: edocs@accustandard.com

1.4 - Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Phone #: AccuStandard, Inc.

1-203-786-5290

Hours: Monday to Friday 8:00am to 5:00pm EST

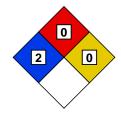
SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 - GHS Label Elements











Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Codes:

H302 - Harmful if swallowed. (Acute toxicity, oral, category 4)

H315 - Irritating to skin. (Skin corrosion/irritation, category 2)

H320 - Irritating to eyes. (Eye damage/irritation, category 2B)

H350 - California Proposition 65 Warning: This product contains a component (or components) that may cause cancer in a concentration greater than or equal to 0.1%.

H350 - This product is or contains a component that is classified (ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OSHA) as a possible cancer hazard. (Carcinogenicity, category 1B)

H371 - May cause liver damage. (Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, category 2)

H371 - May cause lung damage. (Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, inhalation) Category 2

H402 - Harmful to fish and other water organisms.

H413 - May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SDS Date: 10/13/2016 Page 1 of 6

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - continued

2.1 - GHS Label Elements - continued

Precautionary Codes:

P202 - This product should only by used by persons trained in the safe handling of hazardous chemicals.

P235 - Store in a cool dry place.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally. Eye wash and safety equipment should be readily available.

P284 - Respiratory Protection: If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see TLV/PEL), or a risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use of a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised. Use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN14387) respirator cartridges in absence of proper environmental control. Always use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Engineering and/or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

P338 - Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove and contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers.

P360 - Skin contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

P404 - Store in a tightly closed container.

2.2 - Other Hazards

2.2.1 - Symptom of Exposure Health/Environment

Harmful.

May cause lung damage. (Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, inhalation) Category 2

May cause liver damage. (Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, category 2)

Causes photosensitivity. Exposure to light can result in allergic reactions resulting in dermatologic lesions.

Bioaccumulation of this chemical may occur. It is strongly advised that this substance does not enter the environment.

Harmful to fish and other water organisms. (H402)

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. (H413)

2.2.2 - Potential Health Effects

Irritating to eyes. (Eye damage/irritation, category 2B)

Irritating to skin. (Skin corrosion/irritation, category 2)

May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. (Acute toxicity, dermal, category 5)

Irritating to mucous membrane and upper respiratory system.

May be harmful if inhaled. (Acute toxicity, inhalation, category 5)

Harmful if swallowed. (Acute toxicity, oral, category 4)

2.2.3 - Routes of Entry

Inhalation, ingestion or skin contact.

2.2.4 - Carcinogenicity

California Proposition 65 cancer hazard.

This product is or contains a component that is classified (ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OSHA) as a possible cancer hazard. (Carcinogenicity, category 1B)

California Proposition 65 Warning: This product contains a component (or components) that may cause cancer in a concentration greater than or equal to 0.1%.

SDS Date: 10/13/2016 Page 2 of 6

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / ANALYTES DATA

Description: Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

Synonyms: 1,2:5,6-Dibenzanthracene; 1,2:5,6-Dibenz(a)anthracene

Molecular Weight: 278.35 Molecular Formula: C22H14

EC#: 200-181-8 Index#: 601-041-00-2

			ACGIH -TLV (mg/m³)		OSHA -PEL (mg/m³)			
Analyte	CAS Number	% Concentration	TWA	STEL	Skin	TWA	STEL	Skin
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	100.000						

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 - First Aid Procedures - General

Get medical assistance for all cases of overexposure.

4.2 - Eye Contact

Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove and contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. (P338)

4.3 - Skin Contact

Skin contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. (P360)

4.4 - Inhalation

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.5 - Ingestion

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. ONLY induce vomiting at the instructions of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 - Flammable Properties

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

5.2 - Extinguishing Media

Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.

5.3 - Protection of Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 - Spill Response

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate Personal protection. Prevent contact with skin or eyes. Ventilate area. Avoid raising dust. Take up and containerize for proper disposal. Flush spill area with water. Comply with Federal, State, and local regulations.

SDS Date: 10/13/2016 Page 3 of 6

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a tightly closed container. (P404)

Store in a cool dry place. (P235)

Do not breathe dust. (P260)

Use with adequate ventilation.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. (P262)

Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

This product should only by used by persons trained in the safe handling of hazardous chemicals. (P202)

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS

8.1 - Engineering Controls/PPE

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally. Eye wash and safety equipment should be readily available. (P264)

8.2 - General Hygene Considerations

Respiratory Protection: If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see TLV/PEL), or a risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use of a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised. Use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN14387) respirator cartridges in absence of proper environmental control. Always use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Engineering and/or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Material should be handled or transferred in an approved fume hood or with adequate ventilation.

Compatible chemical-resistant protective gloves must be worn to prevent skin contact. Inspect gloves prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique to avoid contact with product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash hands thoroughly and dry.

Use eye protection tested and approved under the appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU).

All recommendations are advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and/or safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use, such as concentration and amount of the substance in the workplace. Any recommendation should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use of the product.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Crystalline solid

Odor: N/A

Odor Threshold: N/A

pH: N/A

Melting Point: 504 °F / 262 °C Boiling Point: 975 °F / 524 °C

Flash Point: N/A

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): N/A

Flammability Class: N/A

Lower Flammability Level: N/A Upper Flammability Level: N/A

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/A Specific Gravity: 1.28 g/cm3

SDS Date: 10/13/2016 Page 4 of 6

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES - continued

Solubility in Water: Insoluble
Partition Coefficient: log Pow: 6.5
Autoignition Temperature: N/A
Decomposition Temperature: N/A

Viscosity: N/A
VOC Content: N/A

Percent Volatile: Negligible

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizers

Hazardous Decomposition: Oxides of carbon Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Condition to Avoid: Excessive heat

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Human Health Toxicity

See section 2 for specific toxicological information for the ingredients of this product.

LD50 (Oral): N/A LD50 (Dermal): N/A LC50 (Inhalation): N/A

Dibenz[a,h]anthracene produced carcinomas in mice following oral or dermal exposure and injection site tumors in several species and has induced DNA damage and gene mutations in bacteria.

WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer. No other information related to the toxicological properties of this product is available at this time.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Toxicity

By complying with sections 6 and 7 there should be no release to the environment.

LC50 (Fish): N/A

EC50 (Aquatic Invertebrate): N/A

BCF: N/A

The potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is considered high.

No other information related to the ecological properties of this product is available at this time.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recycle or incinerate at any EPA approved facility or dispose in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Empty containers must be triple-rinsed prior to disposal.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transportation Information (DOT/IATA)

SDS Date: 10/13/2016 Page 5 of 6

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION - continued

UN Number: UN3077 UN Shipping Class: 9 UN Packing Group: III

UN Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Dibenz(a,h)anthracene)

Poison by Inhalation: No Marine Pollutant: No

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer.

This product is subject to SARA section 313 reporting requirements.

The CAS number of this product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

For laboratory, research and development use only. Not for manufacturing or commercial purposes.

In addition to federal and state regulations, local regulations may apply. Check with your local regulatory authorities.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

This document has been designed to meet the requirements of OSHA, ANSI, GHS and CHIPs regulations.

The statements contained herein are offered for informational purposes only and are based on technical data that we believe to be accurate. The manufacturer will not assume any liability for the accuracy and completeness of this information. Final determination of the suitability of the material is the responsibility of the user. Although certain hazards are described herein, the user should not presume that these are the only hazards that exist. Since conditions and manner of use are outside of the manufacturers control, we make

NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND ASSUME NO LIABILITY RESULTING FROM ITS USE.

Legend: N/A = Not Available ND = Not Determined NR = Not Regulated

Alteration of any information contained herein without written permission from the manufacturer is strictly prohibited.

HMIS/NFPA HAZARD INDEX

- 0 Minimal
- 1 Slight
- 2 Moderate
- 3 Serious
- 4 Severe
- * Additional Hazard

GHS HAZARD INDEX

Category 1 - Most Severe Category 5 - Least Severe

**** End of Document ****

SDS Date: 10/13/2016 Page 6 of 6



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 06-Aug-2010 Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 **Revision Number** 6

1. Identification

Product Name Ethylbenzene

O2751-1 Cat No.:

CAS-No 100-41-4

Ethylbenzol; Phenylethane **Synonyms**

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids Category 2 Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 4 Carcinogenicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS). Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Harmful if inhaled May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Ethylbenzene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Ethylbenzene

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention. Aspiration

into lungs can produce severe lung damage.

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a Ingestion

physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim

lean forward.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Breathing difficulties. . Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause central nervous system

depression

Treat symptomatically Notes to Physician

Fire-fighting measures

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed Suitable Extinguishing Media

containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

22 °C / 71 °F **Flash Point**

Method -No information available

432 °C / 810 °F **Autoignition Temperature**

Explosion Limits

Upper 6.8% Lower 1.2%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available

Sensitivity to Static Discharge

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
3	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of

ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary **Environmental Precautions**

sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information. Collect spillage.

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take

Ethylbenzene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

•

precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat

and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 800 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
		(Vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 435 mg/m ³
		(Vacated) STEL: 125 ppm	TWA: 435 mg/m ³	STEL: 125 ppm
		(Vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m ³	STEL: 125 ppm	STEL: 545 mg/m ³
		TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 545 mg/m ³	
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face ProtectionWear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdoraromatic

Odor Threshold

pH

No information available

No information available

pH No information available
Melting Point/Range -95 °C / -139 °F
Boiling Point/Range 136 °C / 276.8 °F
Flash Point 22 °C / 71 °F

Evaporation RateNo information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 6.8% **Lower** 1.2%

 Vapor Pressure
 No information available

 Vapor Density
 No information available

Specific Gravity 0.860

Solubility Slightly soluble in water Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available

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Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight 432 °C / 810 °F No information available No information available

C8 H10 106.17

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg (Rat)	15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	17.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation May cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Group 2B	Not listed	A3	Χ	Not listed

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects

No information available.

Developmental Effects

No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Ethylbenzene

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause central nervous system depression

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

delayed

Do not empty into drains. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Ethylbenzene	EC50: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L, 96h	LC50: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min	EC50: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L, 48h
	static (Pseudokirchneriella	static (Oncorhynchus	EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	(Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)	mykiss)		
	EC50: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L, 72h	LC50: = 4.2 mg/L, 96h		
	static (Pseudokirchneriella	semi-static (Oncorhynchus		
	subcapitata)	mykiss)		
	EC50: > 438 mg/L, 96h	LC50: = 32 mg/L, 96h static		
	(Pseudokirchneriella	(Lepomis macrochirus)		
	subcapitata)	LC50: 7.55 - 11 mg/L, 96h		
	EC50: = 4.6 mg/L, 72h	flow-through (Pimephales		
	(Pseudokirchneriella	promelas)		
	subcapitata)	LC50: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50: = 9.6 mg/L, 96h static		
		(Poecilia reticulata)		

Persistence and Degradability

Insoluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Ethylhenzene	3.2

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1175 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name ETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class 3 **Packing Group** Ш

TDG

UN-No UN1175

Proper Shipping Name ETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class 3 Ш **Packing Group**

IATA

Ethylbenzene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

UN-No UN1175

Proper Shipping Name ETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1175

Proper Shipping Name ETHYLBENZENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed The product is classified and labeled according to EC directives or corresponding national laws The product is classified and labeled in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC

International Inventories

	Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Γ	Ethylbenzene	Х	Χ	-	202-849-4	-		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	>95	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Ethylbenzene	X	1000 lb	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Ethylbenzene	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Ethylbenzene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Ethylbenzene	1000 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen	54 μg/day	Carcinogen
1			41 µg/day	

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Ethylbenzene	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Serious risk, Grade 3

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 06-Aug-2010

 Revision Date
 17-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 17-Jan-2018

Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 09-Feb-2016 Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name Fluorene

Cat No.: AC156130000; AC156130250; AC156131000; AC156135000

CAS-No 86-73-7

Synonyms Diphenylenemethane

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust Yes

Label Elements

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Precautionary Statements

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Fluorene	86-73-7	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and

effects

d None reasonably foreseeable.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 151 °C / 303.8 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

Not applicable

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

None known.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018 **Fluorene**

Health **Flammability** Instability Physical hazards N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust

formation.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to **Environmental Precautions**

contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities

should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Up

7. Handling and storage

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not Handling

get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid dust formation.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product Storage

label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed.

Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure

limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by **Eye/face Protection**

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure. Skin and body protection

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Powder Solid **Appearance** Beige Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold No information available рΗ No information available

112 - 116 °C / 233.6 - 240.8 °F **Melting Point/Range** 298 °C / 568.4 °F @ 760 mmHg **Boiling Point/Range**

151 °C / 303.8 °F **Flash Point** Not applicable **Evaporation Rate**

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper No data available Lower No data available 13 hPa @ 146 °C **Vapor Pressure Vapor Density** Not applicable

Specific Gravity 1.200

SolubilityInsoluble in waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition TemperatureNot applicable

Decomposition TemperatureNo information available

ViscosityNot applicableMolecular FormulaC13 H10Molecular Weight166.22

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use conditions

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Fluorene	86-73-7	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Fluorene	EC50 = 3.4 mg/L/96h	LC50 = 0.82 mg/L/96h	Not listed	Not listed

Persistence and Degradability

May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Fluorene	4.18

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Technical NameFluoreneHazard Class9Packing GroupIII

TDG

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Fluorene	86-73-7	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Fluorene	86-73-7	Х	-	201-695-5	Х	X	Х	Χ	98-3-1078

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Fluorene	86-73-7	>95	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

	Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Ī	Fluorene	-	-	-	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous

substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability

Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Fluorene	5000 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Compo	nent	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Fluore	ene	X	X	X	-	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date 09-Feb-2016 **Revision Date** 18-Jan-2018

Print Date

18-Jan-2018

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 08-Nov-2010 Revision Date 16-Jan-2019 Revision Number 6

1. Identification

Product Name Fluoranthene

Cat No.: AC119170000; AC119170250; AC119171000; AC119175000

CAS-No 206-44-0

Synonyms Benzo[j,k]fluorene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute oral toxicity Category 4

Label Elements

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point Not applicable

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

Revision Date 16-Jan-2019 **Fluoranthene**

Upper No data available No data available Lower Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health **Flammability** Instability Physical hazards 2 0 0 N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust

formation.

Should not be released into the environment. **Environmental Precautions**

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed Up

containers for disposal.

Handling and storage

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid Handling

dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product Storage

label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations **Engineering Measures**

and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear appropriate protective eveglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by **Eye/face Protection**

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure. Skin and body protection

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard Respiratory Protection

> EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Revision Date 16-Jan-2019 **Fluoranthene**

Physical State Powder Solid **Appearance** Liaht areen Odorless Odor

Odor Threshold No information available

Not applicable

109 - 111 °C / 228.2 - 231.8 °F 384 °C / 723.2 °F **Melting Point/Range**

Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Not applicable

Evaporation Rate No information available Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

No data available Upper Lower No data available **Vapor Pressure** No information available **Vapor Density** No information available **Specific Gravity** No information available

Solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available

Autoignition Temperature No information available **Decomposition Temperature** No information available **Viscosity** No information available

C16 H10 **Molecular Formula Molecular Weight** 202.25

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stable under normal conditions. Stability

Incompatible products. **Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials** Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

None under normal processing. **Hazardous Reactions**

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Fluoranthene LD50 = 2 g/kg (Rat)		LD50 = 3180 mg/kg (Rabbit)	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

No information available Irritation Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	Not listed				

Revision Date 16-Jan-2019 **Fluoranthene**

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

No information available. **Teratogenicity**

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and No information available

delayed

No information available **Endocrine Disruptor Information**

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for

complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

	Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Fluoranthene Not listed		Oncorhynchus mykiss:	Not listed	EC50: 0.78 mg/L 20h	
			LC50=0.0077 ma/L 96h		_

Persistence and Degradability No information available

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility

Component	log Pow
Fluoranthene	5.1

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Fluoranthene - 206-44-0	U120	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Technical Name Fluoranthene

Hazard Class 9 Ш **Packing Group**

TDG

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class Ш **Packing Group**

IATA

UN-No UN3077

Fluoranthene Revision Date 16-Jan-2019

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3077

Proper Shipping Name Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	-	Х	205-912-4	-	Х	X	Х	-

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	>95	1.0 0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component		CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
	Fluoranthene	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Not applicable

Health Administration

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability

Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Fluoranthene	100 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

CERCLA

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island

Fluoranthene Revision Date 16-Jan-2019

Fluoranthene	X	X	X	=	=

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 08-Nov-2010

 Revision Date
 16-Jan-2019

 Print Date
 16-Jan-2019

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 - Product Identifiers

Catalog Name: H-157N

Description: Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

CAS No.: 193-39-5

1.2 - Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture

Laboratory Chemical Reference Material

1.3 - Supplier Details

Company: AccuStandard, Inc.

125 Market St.

New Haven, CT 06513 USA

Telephone Number: 203-786-5290

Fax: 203-786-5287

Email: edocs@accustandard.com

1.4 - Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Phone #: AccuStandard, Inc.

1-203-786-5290

Hours: Monday to Friday 8:00am to 5:00pm EST

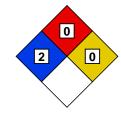
SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 - GHS Label Elements











Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Codes:

H302 - Harmful if swallowed. (Acute toxicity, oral, category 4)

H332 - Harmful if inhaled. (Acute toxicity, inhalation, category 4)

H335 - May be irritating to mucous membrane and upper respiratory system. (Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Respiratory tract irritation, category 3)

H350 - This product is or contains a component that is classified (ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OSHA) as a possible cancer hazard. (Carcinogenicity, category 1B)

Precautionary Codes:

P202 - This product should only by used by persons trained in the safe handling of hazardous chemicals.

P235 - Store in a cool dry place.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing.

SDS Date: 11/10/2016 Page 1 of 6

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - continued

2.1 - GHS Label Elements - continued

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally. Eye wash and safety equipment should be readily available.

P284 - Respiratory Protection: If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see TLV/PEL), or a risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use of a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised. Use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN14387) respirator cartridges in absence of proper environmental control. Always use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Engineering and/or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

P310 - Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If conscious, give water freely.

P338 - Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove and contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers.

P360 - Skin contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

P404 - Store in a tightly closed container.

2.2 - Other Hazards

2.2.1 - Symptom of Exposure Health/Environment

Harmful.

Environmental hazard.

2.2.2 - Potential Health Effects

May be irritating to eyes.

May be irritating to skin.

May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. (Acute toxicity, dermal, category 5)

May be irritating to mucous membrane and upper respiratory system. (Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Respiratory tract irritation, category 3)

Harmful if inhaled. (Acute toxicity, inhalation, category 4)

Harmful if swallowed. (Acute toxicity, oral, category 4)

2.2.3 - Routes of Entry

Inhalation, ingestion or skin contact.

2.2.4 - Carcinogenicity

California Proposition 65 cancer hazard.

This product is or contains a component that is classified (ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OSHA) as a possible cancer hazard. (Carcinogenicity, category 1B)

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / ANALYTES DATA

Description: Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Synonyms: o-Phenylenepyrene; IP; 2,3-Phenylenepyrene

Molecular Weight: 276.34 Molecular Formula: C22H12

EC#: 205-893-2

			ACGIH -TLV (mg/m³)			OSHA -PEL (mg/m³)		
Analyte	CAS Number	% Concentration	TWA	STEL	Skin	TWA	STEL	Skin
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	100.000						

SDS Date: 11/10/2016 Page 2 of 6

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 - First Aid Procedures - General

Get medical assistance for all cases of overexposure.

4.2 - Eye Contact

Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove and contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. (P338)

4.3 - Skin Contact

Skin contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. (P360)

4.4 - Inhalation

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.5 - Ingestion

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If conscious, give water freely. (P310)

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 - Flammable Properties

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

5.2 - Extinguishing Media

Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray when fighting fires involving this material.

5.3 - Protection of Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 - Spill Response

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate Personal protection. Prevent contact with skin or eyes. Ventilate area. Avoid raising dust. Take up and containerize for proper disposal. Flush spill area with water. Comply with Federal, State, and local regulations.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a tightly closed container. (P404)

Store in a cool dry place. (P235)

Use with adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe dust. (P260)

Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. (P262)

Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

This product should only by used by persons trained in the safe handling of hazardous chemicals. (P202)

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS

8.1 - Engineering Controls/PPE

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally. Eye wash and safety equipment should be readily available. (P264)

SDS Date: 11/10/2016 Page 3 of 6

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS - continued

8.2 - General Hygene Considerations

Respiratory Protection: If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see TLV/PEL), or a risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use of a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised. Use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN14387) respirator cartridges in absence of proper environmental control. Always use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Engineering and/or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Material should be handled or transferred in an approved fume hood or with adequate ventilation.

Compatible chemical-resistant protective gloves must be worn to prevent skin contact. Inspect gloves prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique to avoid contact with product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash hands thoroughly and dry.

Use eye protection tested and approved under the appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU).

All recommendations are advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and/or safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use, such as concentration and amount of the substance in the workplace. Any recommendation should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use of the product.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Solid

Odor: N/A

Odor Threshold: N/A

pH: N/A

Melting Point: 150 - 153 °C Boiling Point: 497 - 498 °C Flash Point: 477 °F / 247 °C

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): N/A

Flammability Class: N/A

Lower Flammability Level: N/A Upper Flammability Level: N/A

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/A Specific Gravity: 1.38 g/cm3 Solubility in Water: Insoluble

Partition Coefficient: log Pow: 6.58 Autoignition Temperature: N/A Decomposition Temperature: N/A

Viscosity: N/A
VOC Content: N/A
Percent Volatile: N/A

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizers

Hazardous Decomposition: Oxides of carbon

SDS Date: 11/10/2016 Page 4 of 6

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY - continued

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur Condition to Avoid: Excessive heat

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Human Health Toxicity

See section 2 for specific toxicological information for the ingredients of this product.

LD50 (Oral): N/A LD50 (Dermal): N/A LC50 (Inhalation): N/A

As a class of compounds, PAHs are considered to be harmful to human health.

WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer. No other information related to the toxicological properties of this product is available at this time.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Toxicity

By complying with sections 6 and 7 there should be no release to the environment.

LC50 (Fish): N/A

EC50 (Aquatic Invertebrate): N/A

BCF: N/A

As a class of compounds, PAHs are considered to be harmful to the environment.

No other information related to the ecological properties of this product is available at this time.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recycle or incinerate at any EPA approved facility or dispose in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Empty containers must be triple-rinsed prior to disposal.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transportation Information (DOT/IATA)

UN Number: NR

Class: NR

Packing Group: NR

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated for Transport

Poison by Inhalation: No Marine Pollutant: No

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer.

This product is subject to SARA section 313 reporting requirements.

The CAS number of this product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

For laboratory, research and development use only. Not for manufacturing or commercial purposes.

In addition to federal and state regulations, local regulations may apply. Check with your local regulatory authorities.

SDS Date: 11/10/2016 Page 5 of 6

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

This document has been designed to meet the requirements of OSHA, ANSI, GHS and CHIPs regulations. Chemicals are classified using the Globally Harmonized System for Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

The statements contained herein are offered for informational purposes only and are based on technical data that we believe to be accurate. The manufacturer will not assume any liability for the accuracy and completeness of this information. Final determination of the suitability of the material is the responsibility of the user. Although certain hazards are described herein, the user should not presume that these are the only hazards that exist. Since conditions and manner of use are outside of the manufacturers control, we make

NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND ASSUME NO LIABILITY RESULTING FROM ITS USE.

Legend: N/A = Not Available ND = Not Determined NR = Not Regulated

Alteration of any information contained herein without written permission from the manufacturer is strictly prohibited.

HMIS/NFPA HAZARD INDEX

- 0 Minimal
- 1 Slight
- 2 Moderate
- 3 Serious
- 4 Severe
- * Additional Hazard

GHS HAZARD INDEX

Category 1 - Most Severe Category 5 - Least Severe

**** End of Document ****

SDS Date: 11/10/2016 Page 6 of 6



SDS #: 432

Revision Date: January 26, 2016

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

SECTION 1 — CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Signal Word DANGER

Lead

Flinn Scientific, Inc. P.O. Box 219, Batavia, IL 60510 (800) 452-1261

Chemtrec Emergency Phone Number: (800) 424-9908

Pictograms

SECTION 2 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard class: Acute toxicity, oral and inhalation (Category 4). Harmful if swallowed or inhaled (H302+H332). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product (P270). Avoid breathing dust and fumes (P261).



Hazard class: Carcinogenicity (Category 2). Suspected of causing cancer (H351). Obtain special instructions before use (P201). Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood (P202). Use personal protective equipment as required (P281). Elemental lead is a possible human carcinogen (IARC-2B).



Hazard class: Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A). May damage fertility or the unborn child (H360).

Hazard class: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (Category 2). May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (H373). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product (P270).

SECTION 3 — COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	Formula	Formula Weight	Concentration
Lead Forms: foil, sheets, shot, strips, and wire.	7439-92-1	Pb	207.19	

SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention (P308+P313).

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing (P304+P340).

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician (P301+P310+P330).

SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Finely divided lead dust is flammable.

NFPA Code

Molten metal may release toxic fumes of lead.

None established

In case of fire: Use a tri-class dry chemical fire extinguisher.

SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Sweep up, place in sealed bag or container and dispose. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete. See Sections 8 and 13 for further information.

SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE

Flinn Suggested Chemical Storage Pattern: Inorganic #1. Store with metals and metal hydrides.

Use fume hood when handling powder form.

SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use fume hood when handling powder form.

Exposure guidelines: PEL/TLV 0.05 mg/m³ (OSHA/ACGIH)

SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Heavy, ductile, gray solid. Odorless.

Soluble: Dilute nitric acid. Insoluble in water.

Lead wire also contains 1% antimony (CAS #7440-36
Specific gravity: 11.35

0)

SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Avoid strong acids, ammonium nitrate, hydrogen peroxide, sodium azide, zirconium, sodium acetylide, and chlorine. Shelf life: Indefinite, if stored properly.

SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute effects: Convulsions, seizures, weakness, muscle ORL-Pigeon LDL₀: 160 mg/kg SKN-RBT LD₅₀: N.A.

cramps, methemoglobinemia. IHL-Human LCL₀: 10 ug/m³

Chronic effects: Anemia, reproductive hazard, possible Lead is an IARC Category 2B; Possibly carcinogenic to

arcinogen. humans. Lead is classified by NTP as Reasonably

Target organs: Nerves, brain, blood, kidneys,
Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

female/male reproductive system

SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Accumulates in soil and water. Bioaccumulates in animals. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Please review all federal, state and local regulations that may apply before proceeding.

Flinn Suggested Disposal Method #27d is one option.

SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Shipping name: Not regulated. Hazard class: N/A. UN number: N/A.

SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA-listed, EINECS-listed (231-100-4), RCRA code D008.

SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is for guidance and is based upon information and tests believed to be reliable. Flinn Scientific, Inc. makes no guarantee of the accuracy or completeness of the data and shall not be liable for any damages relating thereto. The data is offered solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification. The data should not be confused with local, state, federal or insurance mandates, regulations, or requirements and CONSTITUTE NO WARRANTY. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the science instructor to be in accordance with applicable local, state or federal laws and regulations. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product(s) described are beyond the control of Flinn Scientific, Inc. and may be beyond our knowledge. FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OR

EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THIS PRODUCT(S).

N.A. = Not available, not all health aspects of this substance have been fully investigated.

N/A = Not applicable

Consult your copy of the Flinn Science Catalog/Reference Manual for additional information about laboratory chemicals.

Revision Date: January 26, 2016



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 20-Aug-2014 Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name Mercury (Certified ACS)

Cat No.: M141-1LB; M141-6LB

Synonyms Colloidal mercury; Hydrargyrum; Metallic mercury

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against

Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Corrosive to metals

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Reproductive Toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 1

Category 1

Category 1

Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS), Kidney.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

May be corrosive to metals

Fatal if inhaled

May damage the unborn child

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear respiratory protection

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Skin

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water

Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING. Reproductive Harm - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Mercury	7439-97-6	100

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if

victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate

medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms and

effects

No information available.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

Fire-fighting measures

Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire. **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method -No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

No data available Upper No data available Lower Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Very toxic. Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Mercury oxide Highly toxic fumes

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Up

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
4	0	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Environmental Precautions

Methods for Containment and Clean Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in Handling

eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Storage

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Mercury	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³	(Vacated) TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³
	Skin	Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	
		(Vacated) STEL: 0.03 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m ³	
		Skin		
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m ³		

Mercury (Certified ACS)

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined

areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation

location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face ProtectionWear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceSilverOdorOdorless

Odor ThresholdNo information availablepHNo information availableMelting Point/Range-38.87 °C / -38 °FBoiling Point/Range356.72 °C / 674.1 °FFlash PointNo information availableEvaporation RateNo information available

Flammability (solid,gas)

No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

UpperNo data availableLowerNo data availableVapor Pressure0.002 mmHg @ 25 °C

Vapor Density 7.0

Specific Gravity
13.59 (H2O=1)
Solubility
Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
No data available

Autoignition TemperatureNo information availableDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosityNo information available

Molecular Formula Hg
Molecular Weight 200.59

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Ammonia, Metals, Halogens

Mercury (Certified ACS)

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Hazardous Decomposition Products Mercury oxide, Highly toxic fumes

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component Information Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Mercury	7439-97-6	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects May cause harm to the unborn child.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure

None known

STOT - repeated exposure Central nervous system (CNS) Kidney

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Other Adverse Effects

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

This product contains the following substance(s) which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Mercury	Not listed	0.9 mg/L LC50 96h	Not listed	EC50: = 5.0 μg/L, 96h
•		0.18 mg/L LC50 96h		(water flea)
		0.16 mg/L LC50 96h		, ,
		0.5 mg/L LC50 96h		

Persistence and Degradability No information available

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

No information available. Mobility

13. Disposal considerations

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Mercury (Certified ACS)

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Mercury - 7439-97-6	U151	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2809 Proper Shipping Name MERCURY

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

<u>TDG</u>

UN-No UN2809
Proper Shipping Name MERCURY

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN2809
Proper Shipping Name MERCURY

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2809
Proper Shipping Name MERCURY

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Mercury	Х	Χ	-	231-106-7	-		Χ	-	Χ	Χ	Χ

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b)

Component	TSCA 12(b)
Mercury	Section 5

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Mercury	7439-97-6	100	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Mercury	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Mercury	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Mercury	1 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Compone	ent	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Mercury	/	7439-97-6	Developmental	-	Developmental

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Mercury	X	X	Χ	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

	16. Other information
D	Description Affects

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 20-Aug-2014

 Revision Date
 17-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 17-Jan-2018

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Mercury (Certified ACS)

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 26-Sep-2009 Revision Date 06-Feb-2020 Revision Number 5

1. Identification

Product Name m-Xylene

Cat No.: AC610470000; AC610471000

CAS-No 108-38-3

Synonyms 1,3-Dimethylbenzene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids
Category 3
Acute dermal toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Category 3
Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled May cause respiratory irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Skin

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
m-Xylene	108-38-3	>95

4 Firs	t-aid measures
11 1 11 0	ala moasaros

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call

a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim

lean forward.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may

be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 25 °C / 77 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 465 °C / 869 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 7.0% **Lower** 1.1%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards330N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Up

Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open

flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take

precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
m-Xylene	TWA: 100 ppm		IDLH: 900 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
	STEL: 150 ppm		TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm
			TWA: 435 mg/m ³	
			STEL: 150 ppm	
			STEL: 655 mg/m ³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eve/face ProtectionWear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene MeasuresHandle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdoraromatic

Odor Threshold

No information available

No information available

pH No information availated Melting Point/Range -48 °C / -54.4 °F

Boiling Point/Range 139 - 139 °C / 282.2 - 282.2 °F

Flash Point 25 °C / 77 °F

Evaporation Rate

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 7.0% **Lower** 1.1%

0.7

Vapor Pressure 8 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density3.66Specific Gravity0.864

Solubility
Slightly soluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Slightly soluble in water
No data available
465 °C / 869 °F
No information available
0.62 mPa.s at 20 °C

Molecular Formula C8 H10 Molecular Weight 106.17

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
m-Xylene	LD50 = 5 g/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 12.18 g/kg (Rabbit) LD50 = 14100 µL/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 5984 ppm (Rat) 6 h

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes and skin Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
m-Xylene	108-38-3	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects

No information available.

Developmental Effects

No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system
STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
m-Xylene	EC50: = 4.9 mg/L, 72h static	LC50: = 12.9 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	EC50: 2.81 - 5.0 mg/L, 48h
	(Pseudokirchneriella	semi-static (Poecilia	_	Static (Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)	reticulata)		
		LC50: = 8.4 mg/L, 96h		
		semi-static (Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss)		
		LC50: 14.3 - 18 mg/L, 96h		
		flow-through (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		·		

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely

Bioaccumulation/ AccumulationNo information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Is not likely mobile in the

environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
m-Xylene	3.2

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1307
Proper Shipping Name XYLENES
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

_TDG

UN-No UN1307
Proper Shipping Name XYLENES
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN1307
Proper Shipping Name XYLENES
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1307 Proper Shipping Name XYLENES Hazard Class 3

Packing Group

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
m-Xylene	108-38-3	Χ	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Ш

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
m-Xylene	108-38-3	Х	-	203-576-3	X	X	Х	Χ	KE-35428

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
m-Xylene	108-38-3	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories S

See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

OVA (Olean Water Act)				
Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
m-Xylene	X	-	-	-

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
m-Xylene	X		-

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
m-Xvlene	1000 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
m-Xylene	X	X	X	X	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N

DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 26-Sep-2009

 Revision Date
 06-Feb-2020

 Print Date
 06-Feb-2020

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name

NAPHTHALENE

Synonyms

NAPHTHALENE CRUDE 78 DEGREE; NAPHTHALENE INTERMEDIATE 79 DEGREE; NAPHTHALENE REFINED 80 DEGREE; COAL TAR NAPHTHALENE

Chemical Family

polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons

Product Use

Intermediate process chemical.

Restrictions on Use

None known.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

KOPPERS INC.

436 Seventh Avenue

Pittsburgh, PA 15219-1800

Mfg Contact: 412-227-2001 (SDS Requests: 866-852-5239)

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (Outside USA: +1 703-527-3887)

Emergencies: (Medical in USA): 877-737-9047

Emergencies: (Medical Outside of USA): 651-632-9269

E-mail: naorgmsds@koppers.com

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Flammable Liquids - Category 4

Acute Toxicity - Oral - Category 4

Acute Toxicity - Dermal - Category 4

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Skin Sensitization - Category 1A

Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 2

Carcinogenicity - Category 1B

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 1 (blood , eyes , respiratory system , Hematopoietic

 $System\ , Cardiovascular\ system\ , Central\ Nervous\ System\ , kidneys\ , liver\)$

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 1 (Hematopoietic System , Cardiovascular system ,

Central Nervous System , respiratory system , liver , kidneys , bone marrow)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2 (lungs , liver)

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute - Category 1

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Chronic - Category 1

GHS Label Elements

Symbol(s)



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306







Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statement(s)

Combustible liquid.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surfaces - No smoking.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves.

Response

In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Collect spillage.

If exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Rinse mouth.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment (see label).

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other Hazards

Heated material may cause thermal burns.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Component Name	Percent
91-20-3	Naphthalene	94.5-100
95-15-8	Benzo[b]thiophene	1.6-1.9
91-22-5	Quinoline	1.6-1.9
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	0.1-1.6
1319-77-3	Cresol	0.2-1.2
90-12-0	1-Methylnaphthalene	0.1-0.6
108-68-9	3,5-Xylenol	0.3-0.4
95-13-6	Indene	0.1-0.3

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin

Wash skin with soap and water or use a waterless handcleaner while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. For thermal burns, cool affected areas as quickly as possible by drenching or immersing in water until material solidifies. Get immediate medical attention.

Eves

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Then get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

Not a likely route of exposure. If burns occur, treat as thermal burns. Do NOT induce vomiting. If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth to unconscious or convulsive person. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute

Harmful if swallowed Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. Causes damage to organs.

Delaved

Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, dry sand, earth, water spray, regular foam, Large fires: Use water spray, fog or regular foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use water jets.

Special Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Moderate fire hazard. Vapor/air mixtures are explosive above flash point. The vapor is heavier than air. Vapors or gases may ignite at distant ignition sources and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

oxides of carbon

Fire Fighting Measures

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out. Directly spraying water or foam onto hot burning product may cause frothing. For fires in cargo or storage area: Cool containers with water from unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles until well after fire is out. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion byproducts. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear full protective fire fighting gear including self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure.

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Avoid inhalation or contact. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, or confined areas. In Canada, report releases to provincial authorities, municipal authorities, or both, as required. If this product is spilled or leaked into the environment, the CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4) reportable quantity is 100 pounds, and requires National Response Center notification.

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid breathing vapors of heated materials. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only in well ventilated area. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water, or a waterless handcleaner, after skin contact and before eating, drinking, using tobacco products, or restrooms. Contaminated clothing should be removed and laundered before reuse. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Label all containers. Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames. Store in a cool, dry place. Protect from physical damage. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Incompatible Materials

oxidizing materials

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits

Nonbthalana	Naphthalene 91-20-3				
гларишане	71-20-3				
ACGIH:	10 ppm TWA				
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route				
OSHA (US):	10 ppm TWA ; 50 mg/m3 TWA				
Mexico:	Skin - potential for cutaneous absorption				
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6				
Mexico:	0.5 ppm TWA [VLE-PPT]				
	Skin - potential for cutaneous absorption				
1-Methylnaphthalene	90-12-0				
Mexico:	0.5 ppm TWA [VLE-PPT]				
	Skin - potential for cutaneous absorption				
3,5-Xylenol	108-68-9				
ACGIH:	1 ppm TWA inhalable fraction and vapor				
Indene	95-13-6				
ACGIH:	5 ppm TWA				
NIOSH:	10 ppm TWA ; 45 mg/m3 TWA				

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

Naphthalene (91-20-3)

Time: end of shift Parameter: 1-Naphthol with hydrolysis plus 2-Naphthol with hydrolysis (nonquantitative, nonspecific)

Engineering Controls

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Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Ensure adequate ventilation. Ventilation equipment should be explosion-resistant if explosive concentrations of material are present. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment Eye/face protection

ANSI Z87.1-1989 approved safety glasses with side shields. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area. For the molten form: A face shield is recommended.

Skin Protection

Wear protective clothing to prevent contact. Contaminated clothing should be removed and laundered before reuse. In the molten form: Wear appropriate heat resistant clothing.

Respiratory Protection

If the applicable TLVs and/or PELs are exceeded, use canister or cartridge respirators, which are MSHA/NIOSH-approved, with organic vapor cartridges and high-efficiency particulate filters.

Glove Recommendations

Wear appropriate gloves. In the molten form: Wear appropriate heat resistant gloves.

Protective Materials

chemical resistant material, heat resistant material

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	forms crystals during cooling	Physical State	liquid
Odor	mothball odor	Color	Not available
Odor Threshold	0.003 ppm	рН	Not available
Melting Point	77 - 80 °C	Boiling Point	218 °C
Boiling Point Range	Not available	Freezing point	Not available
Evaporation Rate	<1 (Ether = 1)	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature	526 °C	Flash Point	>80 °C
Lower Explosive Limit	0.9 % (by volume)	Decomposition temperature	Not available
Upper Explosive Limit	5.9 % (by volume)	Vapor Pressure	0.187 mmHg @ 20 °C
Vapor Density (air=1)	4.42	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.028 at 4 °C
Water Solubility	0.003 wt%	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Viscosity	Not available	Kinematic viscosity	Not available
Solubility (Other)	Not available	Density	1.162 g/cc at 4 °C
Log KOW	3.7 at 25 °C	Physical Form	liquid when loaded, solid at room temperature, changes from solid to liquid as temperature increases
Volatility by Volume	>99 %	Molecular Weight	Not available

Other Information

No additional information is available.

Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No reactivity hazard is expected.

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will not polymerize.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

oxides of carbon

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled.

Skin Contact

Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Eve Contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed.

Acute and Chronic Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published:

Naphthalene (91-20-3)

Oral LD50 Rat 1110 mg/kg

Dermal LD50 Rabbit 1120 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50 Rat >340 mg/m3 1 h

Quinoline (91-22-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 331 mg/kg



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Dermal LD50 Rabbit 540 µL/kg

3,5-Xylenol (108-68-9)

Oral LD50 Rat 608 mg/kg

Dermal LD50 Rabbit 2000 mg/kg

Product Toxicity Data

4	Acute Toxicity Estima								
	Dermal	1110 mg/kg							

Dermal	1110 mg/kg
Oral	1013 mg/kg

Immediate Effects

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. Causes damage to organs.

Delayed Effects

Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Irritation/Corrosivity Data

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory Sensitization

No data available.

Dermal Sensitization

May cause allergic skin reaction.

Component Carcinogenicity

Naphthalene	91-20-3				
ACGIH:	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans				
IARC:	RC: Monograph 82 [2002] (Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans))				
NTP:	NTP: Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen				
Quinoline 91-22-5					
IARC:	Monograph 121 [in preparation] (Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans))				
OSHA:	Present				
3,5-Xylenol	108-68-9				
ACGIH:	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans				

May cause cancer.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Tumorigenic Data

No data available

Reproductive Toxicity

No data available for the mixture.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

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Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

blood, eyes, respiratory system, hematopoietic system, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

hematopoietic system, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, bone marrow, lungs.

Aspiration hazard

No data available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

respiratory disorders, skin disorders, eye disorders, blood system disorders

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity

Naphthalene	01-20-3							
Fish:	LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 5.74 - 6.44 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 1.6 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 0.91 - 2.82 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 1.99 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 31.0265 mg/L [static]							
Invertebrate:	LC50 48 h Daphnia magna 2.16 mg/L IUCLID ; EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 1.96 mg/L [Flow through] EPA ; EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 1.09 - 3.4 mg/L [Static] EPA							
Quinoline	91-22-5							
Fish:	LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 77.8 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 46 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 40 mg/L [static]							
Algae:	EC50 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus 84 mg/L [static] EPA ; EC50 96 h Desmodesmus subspicatus 90 mg/L [static] EPA							
Invertebrate:	EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 28.5 mg/L IUCLID ; EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 45.9 - 57.3 mg/L [Static] EPA							

Algal Toxicity

Naphthalene: 0.4 mg/L 72 hours EC50 Skeletonema costatum.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential

This material is believed not to bioaccumulate due to low water solubility. BCF for fish is 168.

Mobility

The product has poor water-solubility.

Other Toxicity

No data available.

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposai N	tetnoas		



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Component Waste Numbers

This product is classified as a Listed Hazardous Waste U165 as Naphthalene, upon disposal. This product may be classified as a Hazardous Waste for Toxicity Code D026 (Cresols) based on TCLP results.

Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT Information:

Shipping Name: NAPHTHALENE, MOLTEN

Hazard Class: 4.1 UN/NA #: UN2304 Packing Group: III Required Label(s): 4.1 Marine pollutant

Further information: This material contains reportable quantity (RQ) Hazardous Substances. Applicable shipping

classification

IATA Information: Marine pollutant

Further information: Air shipment is prohibited.

TDG Information:

Shipping Name: NAPHTHALENE, MOLTEN

Hazard Class: 4.1 UN#: UN2304 Packing Group: III Required Label(s): 4.1 Marine pollutant

International Bulk Chemical Code

This material does not contain any chemicals required by the IBC Code to be identified as dangerous chemicals in bulk.

Further information

US DOT Reportable Quantities NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3) 100 lbs RQ; 45.4 kg RQ; STCC Code: 2814149 , HAZ STCC: 4917473 . ERG # 133

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

Naphthalene	91-20-3				
SARA 313:	0.1 % de minimis concentration				
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ				



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Quinoline	91-22-5					
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration					
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ					

SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C) reporting categories

Flammable; Carcinogenicity; Acute toxicity; Skin Corrosion/Irritation; Respiratory/Skin Sensitization; Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation; Specific Target Organ Toxicity; Germ Cell Mutagenicity

U.S. State Regulations

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Quinoline	91-22-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Indene	95-13-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)



WARNING

This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, Quinoline, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component Analysis - Inventory

Naphthalene (91-20-3)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Benzo[b]thiophene (95-15-8)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	NSL	No	Yes	EIN	No	Yes	No	Yes

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
IN REFICIT COTT	17121	112	1 11	III ILCI	1 11	VIV (Diait)

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Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

No

Quinoline (91-22-5)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Cresol (1319-77-3)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

3,5-Xylenol (108-68-9)



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Indene (95-13-6)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW	VN (Draft)
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

U.S. Inventory (TSCA)

Listed on inventory.

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Ratings

Health: 2 Fire: 2 Instability: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Summary of Changes

SECTION 2: Hazard identification. SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients. SECTION 4: First aid measures. SECTION 11: Toxicological information.

Preparation Date

7/19/2018

Revision date

1/3/2020

Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EC – European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN - European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substance Inventory; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; F - Background (for Venezuela Biological Exposure Indices); IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; ISHL - Japan



Material Name: NAPHTHALENE SDS ID: 00228306

Industrial Safety and Health Law; IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR KECI Annex 1 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL); KR KECI Annex 2 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL), KR - Korea; LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/ Lethal Concentration; KR REACH CCA - Korea Registration and Evaluation of Chemical Substances Chemical Control Act; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LLV - Level Limit Value; LOLI - List Of LIstsTM - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; MX - Mexico; Ne- Non-specific; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL - Non-Domestic Substance List (Canada); NTP -National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL-Permissible Exposure Limit; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH-Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; Sc - Semi-quantitative; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TCCA - Korea Toxic Chemicals Control Act; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TH-TECI - Thailand -FDA Existing Chemicals Inventory (TECI); TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TW - Taiwan; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; UN/NA - United Nations /North American; US - United States; VLE - Exposure Limit Value (Mexico); VN (Draft) - Vietnam (Draft); WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada).

Other Information

Disclaimer:

The information set forth in this Safety Data Sheet does not purport to be all-inclusive and should be used only as a guide. While the information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate, the company makes no warranty regarding such information and recommendations and disclaims all liability from reliance thereon.

Page 14 of 14 Issue date: 2020-03-31 Revision 3 Print date: 2020-04-01



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 15-Jun-2010 Revision Date 31-Jul-2019 **Revision Number** 7

1. Identification

Product Name o-Xylene

Cat No.: O5081-4; O5081-4LC; O5081-500; O5081FB-200; DO5081-500

CAS-No 95-47-6

1,2-Dimethylbenzene (Certified) **Synonyms**

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA:

800-424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA:

001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids Category 3 Category 4 Acute dermal toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 4 Skin Corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2

Target Organs - Liver.

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Harmful in contact with skin Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation Harmful if inhaled

May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Response

Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Skin

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Revision Date 31-Jul-2019 o-Xylene

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
o-Xylene	95-47-6	>95

4. First-aid measures

If symptoms persist, call a physician. **General Advice**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get **Eye Contact**

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur. Risk of serious damage to the lungs.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a

physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim

lean forward.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting Treat symptomatically

Notes to Physician

Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed

containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

31 °C / 87.8 °F **Flash Point**

Method -No information available

Autoignition Temperature 465 °C / 869 °F

Explosion Limits

6.7 vol % Upper Lower 0.9 vol %

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Physical hazards Health **Flammability** Instability N/A 3 0

Revision Date 31-Jul-2019 o-Xylene

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of

ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Do not flush into surface

water or sanitary sewer system.

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid Handling

> ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary

measures against static discharges.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat Storage

and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
o-Xylene	TWA: 100 ppm		IDLH: 900 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
	STEL: 150 ppm		TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm
			TWA: 435 mg/m ³	
			STEL: 150 ppm	
			STEL: 655 mg/m ³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard **Respiratory Protection**

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid Colorless **Appearance** aromatic Odor

No information available **Odor Threshold**

pH Not applicable
Melting Point/Range -25 °C / -13 °F

Boiling Point/Range 143 - 145 °C / 289.4 - 293 °F

Flash Point 31 °C / 87.8 °F

Evaporation Rate 0.7

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 6.7 vol %

 Lower
 0.9 vol %

 Vapor Pressure
 882 Pa @ 25 °C

Vapor Density 3.7 Specific Gravity 0.884

Solubility
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
Autoignition Temperature
Pecomposition Temperature
Viscosity

No information available
A65 °C / 869 °F
No information available
No information available

Molecular Formula C8 H10 Molecular Weight 106.17

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
o-Xylene	LD50 = 3608 mg/kg (Rat)	14100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 4330 ppm (Rat) 6 h

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

 Irritation
 Irritating to eyes and skin

 Sensitization
 No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
o-Xylene	95-47-6	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental EffectsNo information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure Live

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not empty into drains. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
o-Xylene	EC50: = 4.2 mg/L, 192h	LC50: 16.1 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	EC50: 2.61 - 5.59 mg/L, 48h
-	(Pseudokirchneriella	(Lepomis macrochirus)	_	Flow through (Daphnia
	subcapitata)	LC50: 13 mg/L/24h		magna)
	EC50: = 4.7 mg/L, 72h static	(Carassius auratus)		EC50: 0.78 - 2.51 mg/L, 48h
	(Pseudokirchneriella			Static (Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)			EC50: = 3.2 mg/L, 48h
				(Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Insoluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
o-Xylene	3.12

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1307
Proper Shipping Name XYLENES
Hazard Class 3

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN1307
Proper Shipping Name XYLENES
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1307
Proper Shipping Name Xylenes
Hazard Class 3

Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1307
Proper Shipping Name Xylenes
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

Ш

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	nent CAS-No TS		TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
o-Xylene	95-47-6	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

	Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Ī	o-Xylene	95-47-6	X	-	202-422-2	X	X	Х	X	KE-35429

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
o-Xylene	95-47-6	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

0117	Tolcali Water Acty				
	Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
o-Xylene		X	-	-	-

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS D	Data Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
o-Xylene	X		-

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
o-Xylene	1000 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component Massachusetts New Jersey Pennsylvania Illinois Rhode Island

o-Xylene	Χ	X	X	X	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 15-Jun-2010

 Revision Date
 31-Jul-2019

 Print Date
 31-Jul-2019

Revision Summary SDS sections updated. 11. 16.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET: PERCHLOROETHYLENE

IN CASE OF TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY CONTACT:

CHEMTREC:(800) 424-9300

LL OTHER INCLUDIES

ALL OTHER INQUIRIES:

(770) 904-7042 // www.ciscochem.com 266 Rue Cezzan Lavonia, GA 30553





1. IDENTIFICATION

SUBSTANCE: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

TRADE NAMES/SYNONYMS:

PERCHLOROETHYLENE; 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHYLENE; ETHYLENE TETRACHLORIDE; PERC;

TETRACHLORETHYLENE; PERCHLORETHYLENE; TETRACHLOROETHENE

CHEMICAL FAMILY: halogenated, aliphatic

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NFPA RATINGS (SCALE 0-4): HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

COLOR: colorless

PHYSICAL FORM: volatile liquid ODOR: faint odor, sweet odor

MAJOR HEALTH HAZARDS: respiratory tract irritation, skin irritation, eye irritation, central nervous system depression, cancer

hazard (in humans)

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

INHALATION:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: irritation, nausea, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular

heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, loss of coordination, blurred vision,

lung congestion, kidney damage, liver damage

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: irritation, nausea, stomach pain, loss of appetite, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, sleep disturbances, pain in extremities, loss of coordination, blurred vision, hormonal disorders, internal bleeding, heart damage, liver damage, birth defects, brain damage, tumors, cancer

SKIN CONTACT:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: irritation (possibly severe)

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: irritation

EYE CONTACT:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: irritation LONG TERM EXPOSURE: irritation

INGESTION:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: same as effects reported in short term inhalation LONG TERM EXPOSURE: same as effects reported in long term inhalation

3. COMPOSITION

COMPONENT: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

CAS NUMBER: 127-18-4 PERCENTAGE: 100.0

SDS: PERCHLOROETHYLENE Page: 1



Hazardous: YES

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

Ingestion:

Aspiration hazard. If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact

Wash skin with soap or mild detergent and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

Note to Physician:

Do not administer adrenaline or epinephrine to a victim of chlorinated solvent poisoning.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Negligible fire hazard.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.

FIRE FIGHTING: Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out. Stay away from the ends of tanks. For tank, rail car or tank truck, evacuation radius: 800 meters (1/2 mile).

FLASH POINT: No data available.

Special Information:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SOIL RELEASE:

Dig holding area such as lagoon, pond or pit for containment. Dike for later disposal. Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material.

WATER RELEASE:

Absorb with activated carbon. Remove trapped material with suction hoses. Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

OCCUPATIONAL RELEASE:

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Small liquid spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Large spills: Dike for later disposal. Remove sources of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources of heat or ignition. Isolate from flammable materials. Protect from direct sunlight. Wear special protective equipment (Sec. 8) for maintenance break-in or where exposures may exceed established exposure levels. Wash hands, face, forearms and neck when exiting restricted areas. Shower, dispose of outer clothing, change to clean garments at the end of the day. Avoid cross-contamination of street clothes. Wash hands before eating and do not eat, drink, or

Page: 2



smoke in workplace. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROECTION

Airborne Exposure Limits:

-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): 100 ppm (TWA), 200 ppm (ceiling),

300 ppm/5min/3-hour (max)

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

25 ppm (TWA), 100 ppm (STEL); listed as A3, animal carcinogen

Ventilation System:

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

If the exposure limit is exceeded, wear a supplied air, full-facepiece respirator, airlined hood, or full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection:

Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where dusting or splashing of solutions is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

CLOTHING: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. GLOVES: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

RESPIRATOR: The following respirators and maximum use concentrations are drawn from NIOSH and/or OSHA.

At any detectable concentration -

Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece that is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive- pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure- demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Escape -

Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front-mounted or back-mounted organic vapor canister. Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.

For Unknown Concentrations or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health -

Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece that is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive- pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure- demand or other positive-pressure mode. Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: liquid APPEARANCE: clear COLOR: colorless

PHYSICAL FORM: volatile liquid ODOR: faint odor, sweet odor MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 165.83 MOLECULAR FORMULA: C12-C-C-C12

BOILING POINT: 250 F (121 C) FREEZING POINT: -2 F (-19 C) VAPOR PRESSURE: 14 mmHg @ 20 C

SDS: PERCHLOROETHYLENE Page: 3



VAPOR DENSITY (air=1): 5.83

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water=1): 1.6227

WATER SOLUBILITY: 0.015%

PH: Not available

VOLATILITY: Not available ODOR THRESHOLD: 50 ppm

EVAPORATION RATE: 2.8 (butyl acetate=1)

COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not available

SOLVENT SOLUBILITY:

Soluble: alcohol, ether, benzene, chloroform, oils

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Slowly decomposed by light. Deteriorates rapidly in warm, moist climates.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition. Hydrogen chloride gas and phosgene gas may be formed upon heating. Decomposes with moisture to yield trichloroacetic acid and hydrochloric acid.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Incompatibilities:

Strong acids, strong oxidizers, strong alkalis, especially NaOH, KOH; finely divided metals, especially zinc, barium, lithium. Slowly corrodes aluminum, iron and zinc.

Conditions to Avoid:

Moisture, light, heat and incompatibles.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE:

IRRITATION DATA: 810 mg/24 hour(s) skin-rabbit severe; 500 mg/24 hour(s) skin-rabbit mild; 162 mg eyes-rabbit mild; 500 mg/24 hour(s) eyes-rabbit mild

TOXICITY DATA: 4100 ppm/6 hour(s) inhalation-rat LC50; >10000 mg/kg skin-rabbit LD50 (Dow); 2629 mg/kg oral-rat LD50

CARCINOGEN STATUS: NTP: Anticipated Human Carcinogen; IARC: Human Limited Evidence, Animal Sufficient Evidence, Group 2A; ACGIH: A3 -Confirmed Animal Carcinogen; EC: Category 2

LOCAL EFFECTS:

Irritant: inhalation, skin, eye

ACUTE TOXICITY LEVEL: Moderately Toxic: ingestion Slightly Toxic: inhalation

TARGET ORGANS: central nervous system

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: eye disorders, heart or cardiovascular disorders, kidney disorders, liver disorders, nervous system disorders, skin disorders and allergies

TUMORIGENIC DATA: Available.

MUTAGENIC DATA: Available.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS DATA: Available.

ADDITIONAL DATA: May be excreted in breast milk. Alcohol may enhance the toxic effects. Stimulants such as epinephrine may induce ventricular fibrillation.



12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY DATA:

FISH TOXICITY: 8430 ug/L 96 hour(s) LC50 (Mortality) Flagfish (Jordanella floridae)

INVERTEBRATE TOXICITY: 7500 ug/L 48 hour(s) EC50 (Immobilization) Water flea (Daphnia magna)

ALGAL TOXICITY: 509000 ug/L 96 hour(s) EC50 (Photosynthesis) Diatom (Skeletonema costatum)

FATE AND TRANSPORT:

BIOCONCENTRATION: 49 ug/L 1-21 hour(s) BCF (Residue) Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 3.43 ug/L

Environmental Fate:

When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into the soil, this material may leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material may biodegrade to a moderate extent. When released to water, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into water, this material is not expected to biodegrade. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals.

Environmental Toxicity:

The LC50/96-hour values for fish are between 1 and 10 mg/l. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are between 10 and 100 mg/l. This material is expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

Proper Shipping Name: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE Hazard Class: 6.1

UN/NA: UN1897 Packing Group: III

Information reported for product/size: 20L

International (Water, I.M.O.)

Proper Shipping Name: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE Hazard Class: 6.1

UN/NA: UN1897 Packing Group: III

Information reported for product/size: 20L

Proper shipping paperwork:

UN 1897, Tetrachoroethylene, 6.1, PG III

Marine Pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. REGULATIONS:

CERCLA SECTIONS 102a/103 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 302.4): TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

(PERCHLOROETHYLENE): 100 LBS RQ

SARA TITLE III SECTION 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES



(40 CFR 355 Subpart B): Not regulated.

SARA TITLE III SECTION 304 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 355 Subpart C): Not regulated.

SARA TITLE III SARA SECTIONS 311/312 HAZARDOUS CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C):

ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes FIRE: No REACTIVE: No

SUDDEN RELEASE: No

SARA TITLE III SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372.65): TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (PERCHLOROETHYLENE)

OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29 CFR 1910.119): Not regulated.

STATE REGULATIONS: California Proposition 65:

Known to the state of California to cause the following: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (PERCHLOROETHYLENE) Cancer (Apr 01, 1988)

CANADIAN REGULATIONS: WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: D2

NATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS:

U.S. INVENTORY (TSCA): Listed on inventory.

TSCA 12(b) EXPORT NOTIFICATION: Not listed. CANADA INVENTORY (DSL/NDSL): Not determined.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

Label Hazard Warning:

WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, LIVER AND KIDNEYS. SUSPECT CANCER HAZARD. MAY CAUSE CANCER. Risk of cancer depends on level and duration of exposure.

Label Precautions:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapor or mist.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Label First Aid:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases call a physician.

Product Use:

Laboratory Reagent.

CISCO provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no

representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product.

Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. CISCO MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS.



ACCORDINGLY, CISCO WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION.

Date Created: 5/18/2015 Date Updated: 6/11/2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 10-Feb-2015 Revision Number 1

1. Identification

Product Name Pyrene, ca 96%

Cat No.: AC157651000; AC157655000

Synonyms Benzo[def]phenanthrene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against No Information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Entity / Business Name

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane

Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information US call: 001-800-ACROS-01

/ Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 /

Europe: +32 14 57 52 99

CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 /

Europe:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Classification under 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label Elements

None required

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition / information on ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Pyrene	129-00-0	96.0

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Pyrene, ca 96% Revision Date 10-Feb-2015

Inhalation Move to fresh air.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects
Notes to Physician

No information available.
Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point °C

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

None known

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
1	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions See Section 12 for additional ecological information. Avoid release to the environment.

Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean No information available.

Up

7. Handling and storage

Handling Ensure adequate ventilation.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits

established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

Revision Date 10-Feb-2015 Pyrene, ca 96%

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure. Skin and body protection

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard **Respiratory Protection**

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Powder Solid Yellow **Appearance** Odorless Odor

No information available **Odor Threshold**

pН

156 °C Melting Point/Range

°C @ 760 mmHg **Boiling Point/Range**

Flash Point °C

Evaporation Rate No information available Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper No data available Lower No data available < 1 mmHg @ 20 °C **Vapor Pressure Vapor Density** No information available **Relative Density** No information available Solubility No information available No data available

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

No information available **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No information available **Viscosity** No information available

Molecular Formula C16H10 **Molecular Weight** 202.25

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible products. **Conditions to Avoid**

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use conditions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Component Information

Component LD50 Oral		LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Pyrene	2700 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	Not listed	

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Revision Date 10-Feb-2015 Pyrene, ca 96%

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

No information available Irritation Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Pyrene	129-00-0	group 3	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

No information available **Mutagenic Effects**

Reproductive Effects No information available.

No information available. **Developmental Effects**

No information available. **Teratogenicity**

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

No information available Aspiration hazard

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Other Adverse Effects

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Pyrene	Not listed	Oncorhynchus mykiss: LC50	Not listed	EC50 48h 1.8 mg/L
1		> 2mg/L 96h		FC50 48h 0.002-0.003 mg/L

Persistence and Degradability Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available No information available.

Mobility No information available.

Component	log Pow
Pyrene	4.88

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

	14. Transport information	
DOT TDG IATA	Not regulated	
TDG	Not regulated	
<u>IATA</u>	Not regulated	
IMDG/IMO_	Not regulated	
15. Regulatory information		

International Inventories

Pyrene, ca 96% Revision Date 10-Feb-2015

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Pyrene	Х	Χ	-	204-927-3	-		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	-

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

No
Fire Hazard

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

No
Reactive Hazard

No

Clean Water Act

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	
Pyrene			X	X	

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

Not applicable

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs		
Pyrene	5000 lb	5000 lb		

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

State Right-to-Know

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island	
Pyrene	X	X	X	X	-	

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Pyrene, ca 96% Revision Date 10-Feb-2015

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS Hazard Class Non-controlled

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 10-Feb-2015 Print Date 10-Feb-2015

Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS)

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name sec-Butylbenzene

Cat No.: AC107860000; AC107860050; AC107860500; AC107862500

CAS-No 135-98-8 Synonyms 2-Phenylbutane

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 sec-Butylbenzene



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Skin

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None identified

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component		CAS-No	Weight %
	sec-Butvlbenzene	135-98-8	> 99

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Clean mouth with water. Get medical attention. Ingestion

Most important symptoms and

effects

Notes to Physician

Difficulty in breathing. . Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting Treat symptomatically

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 sec-Butylbenzene

5. Fire-fighting measures

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Water mist may be used to cool closed **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

containers. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 45 °C / 113 °F

Method -No information available

Autoignition Temperature 415 °C / 779 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 6.90% Lower 0.80%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	2	0	N/A

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Take precautionary Handling

measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Storage Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Refer product specification and/or product

label for specific storage temperature requirement. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry

and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

sec-Butylbenzene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

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Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory ProtectionNo protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdorOdorless

Odor Threshold
pHNo information available
No information available

Melting Point/Range -75 °C / -103 °F

Boiling Point/Range 173 - 174 °C / 343.4 - 345.2 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 45 °C / 113 °F Evaporation Rate No information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 6.90% **Lower** 0.80%

Vapor Pressure 1.33 hPa @ 19 °C

Vapor Density 4.62 Specific Gravity 0.860

SolubilityNo information availablePartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature415 °C / 779 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosityNo information available

Molecular FormulaC10 H14Molecular Weight134.22

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 sec-Butylbenzene

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Component Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
sec-Butylbenzene	LD50 = 2240 μL/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 16 mL/kg (Rabbit)	Not listed		

Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	Not listed				

No information available **Mutagenic Effects**

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

None known STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains.

Persistence and Degradability Insoluble in water May persist based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
sec-Butylbenzene	4.24

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

sec-Butylbenzene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2709
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III
TDG

UN-No UN2709
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN2709

Proper Shipping Name BUTYLBENZENES

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2709

Proper Shipping Name BUTYLBENZENES

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

ſ	Component	CAS-No TSCA		TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Γ	sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	X	-	205-227-0	Х	X	Х	Χ	KE-04204

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

sec-Butylbenzene Revision Date 19-Jan-2018

Regulations

1							
	Component	Massachusetts New Jersey		Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island	
	sec-Butylbenzene	X	-	Х	=	-	

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Print Date 19-Jan-2018

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

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End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009 Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name Toluene

Cat No.: T326F-1GAL; T326P-4; T326S-20; T326S-20LC

CAS-No 108-88-3

Synonyms Tol; Methylbenzene

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids

Skin Corrosion/irritation

Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Reproductive Toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 2
Category 3

Target Organs - Kidney, Liver, spleen, Blood.

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Toluene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear eye/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Skir

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Indestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

WARNING. Reproductive Harm - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Toluene	108-88-3	>95

Toluene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur. Risk of serious damage to the lungs.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a

physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim

lean forward.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Breathing difficulties. Causes central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor

concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed

containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 4 °C / 39.2 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 535 °C / 995 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 7.1 vol %
Lower 1.1 vol %
Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards330N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of

ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 **Toluene**

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary

sewer system.

Handling

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by

static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take

precautionary measures against static discharges.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Storage

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm
		(Vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 188 mg/m ³
		Ceiling: 300 ppm	TWA: 375 mg/m ³	_
		(Vacated) STEL: 150 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm	
		(Vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m ³	STEL: 560 mg/m ³	
		TWA: 200 ppm		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use **Engineering Measures**

explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation,

especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by **Eye/face Protection**

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Long sleeved clothing. Skin and body protection

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid **Appearance** Colorless Odor aromatic **Odor Threshold** 1.74 ppm Not applicable **Melting Point/Range** -95 °C / -139 °F

Toluene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Boiling Point/Range 111 °C / 231.8 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 4 °C / 39.2 °F
Evaporation Rate 2.4 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 7.1 vol %

 Lower
 1.1 vol %

Vapor Pressure 29 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density3.1Specific Gravity0.866

SolubilityInsoluble in waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature535 °C / 995 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosity0.6 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Molecular Formula C7 H8
Molecular Weight 92 14

Molecular Weight 92.14

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong bases, Halogenated compounds

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information
Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Toluene	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat) 1 h

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Toluene	108-88-3	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects Not mutagenic in AMES Test

Reproductive Effects Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

Developmental EffectsDevelopmental effects have occurred in experimental animals.

Revision Date 17-Jan-2018 **Toluene**

Teratogenicity Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

Kidney Liver spleen Blood STOT - repeated exposure

No information available **Aspiration hazard**

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Causes central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Contains a substance which is:. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Toluene	EC50: = 12.5 mg/L, 72h	50-70 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	EC50: = 11.5 mg/L, 48h
	static (Pseudokirchneriella	5-7 mg/L LC50 96 h		(Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)	15-19 mg/L LC50 96 h		EC50: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L, 48h
	EC50: > 433 mg/L, 96h	28 mg/L LC50 96 h		Static (Daphnia magna)
	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	12 mg/L LC50 96 h		

Persistence and Degradability Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

No information available. **Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation**

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Toluene	2.7

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Toluene - 108-88-3	U220	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1294 **UN-No Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE Hazard Class** 3 Ш

Packing Group

TDG

UN1294 **UN-No Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE**

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

IATA

UN1294 **UN-No Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE**

Hazard Class

Toluene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1294
Proper Shipping Name TOLUENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

Ш

International Inventories

	Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Ī	Toluene	Χ	Х	-	203-625-9	-		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х

Legend:

X - Listed

- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b)

Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Toluene	108-88-3	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

o i i i i joi o i i i i i i i i i i i i				
Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Toluene	X	1000 lb	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Toluene	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Toluene	1000 lb 1 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Toluene Revision Date 17-Jan-2018

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental	-	Developmental

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Toluene	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Serious risk, Grade 3

	16. Other information
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Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 11-Jun-2009

 Revision Date
 17-Jan-2018

 Print Date
 17-Jan-2018

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 03-Feb-2010 Revision Date 14-Jul-2016 Revision Number 2

1. Identification

Product Name Trichloroethylene

Cat No.: T340-4; T341-4; T341-20; T341-500; T403-4

Synonyms Trichloroethene (Stabilized/Technical/Electronic/Certified ACS)

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin Corrosion/irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Skin Sensitization

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

Category 2

Category 1

Category 3

Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2

Target Organs - Kidney, Liver, Heart, spleen, Blood.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Suspected of causing genetic defects
May cause cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Trichloroethylene Revision Date 14-Jul-2016



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

3. Composition / information on ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	100

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a

Trichloroethylene Revision Date 14-Jul-2016

pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects None reasonably foreseeable. May cause allergic skin reaction. Inhalation of high vapor

concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle

pain or flushing

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing MediaUse water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available No information available

Autoignition Temperature 410 °C / 770 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 10.5 vol %
Lower 8 vol %
Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Containers may explode when heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen chloride gas Chlorine Phosgene Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

<u>NFPA</u>

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	1	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from

and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary

sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. **Up**

	7. Handling and storage
Handling	Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from light. Do not store in aluminum containers.

Revision Date 14-Jul-2016 **Trichloroethylene**

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Trichloroethylene	TWA: 10 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 50 ppm	IDLH: 1000 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
	STEL: 25 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 270 mg/m ³		TWA: 535 mg/m ³
		Ceiling: 200 ppm		STEL: 200 ppm
		(Vacated) STEL: 200 ppm		STEL: 1080 mg/m ³
		(Vacated) STEL: 1080		_
		mg/m³		
		TWA: 100 ppm		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined **Engineering Measures**

areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation

location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard **Respiratory Protection**

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if

exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid **Appearance** Colorless Characteristic Odor

Odor Threshold No information available

No information available -85 °C / -121 °F **Melting Point/Range**

Boiling Point/Range 87 °C / 188.6 °F Flash Point No information available

Evaporation Rate 0.69 (Carbon Tetrachloride = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 10.5 vol % Lower 8 vol %

Vapor Pressure 77.3 mbar @ 20 °C **Vapor Density** 4.5 (Air = 1.0)

1.460 **Specific Gravity**

Slightly soluble in water Solubility Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available **Autoignition Temperature** 410 °C / 770 °F

Decomposition Temperature > 120°C

0.55 mPa.s (25°C) **Viscosity**

Trichloroethylene Revision Date 14-Jul-2016

Molecular FormulaC2 H Cl3Molecular Weight131.39

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Light sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Amines, Alkali metals, Metals,

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen chloride gas, Chlorine, Phosgene, Carbon monoxide (CO₂), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Trichloroethylene	LD50 = 4290 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 4920 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg (Rabbit) LD50 = 29000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 26 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

No information available

 Irritation
 Irritating to eyes and skin

 Sensitization
 No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	Group 1	Reasonably	A2	Х	Not listed
1		·	Anticipated			

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

IARC: (International

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects Mutagenic effects have occurred in humans.

Reproductive Effects

No information available.

Developmental Effects

No information available.

Teratogenicity

No information available.

Revision Date 14-Jul-2016 **Trichloroethylene**

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system (CNS) STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Liver Heart spleen Blood

No information available **Aspiration hazard**

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest

pain, muscle pain or flushing

No information available **Endocrine Disruptor Information**

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not empty into drains. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Trichloroethylene	EC50: = 175 mg/L, 96h	LC50: 39 - 54 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 0.81 mg/L 24 h	EC50: = 2.2 mg/L, 48h
	(Pseudokirchneriella	static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 115 mg/L 10 min	(Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)	LC50: 31.4 - 71.8 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 190 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50: = 450 mg/L, 96h	flow-through (Pimephales	EC50 = 235 mg/L 24 h	
	(Desmodesmus	promelas)	EC50 = 410 mg/L 24 h	
	subspicatus)		EC50 = 975 mg/L 5 min	

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Trichloroethylene	2.4

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Trichloroethylene - 79-01-6	U228	=

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1710 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 6.1 **Packing Group** Ш

TDG

UN-No UN1710

Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 6.1 **Packing Group** Ш

IATA

UN-No UN1710

Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE

Trichloroethylene Revision Date 14-Jul-2016

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1710

Proper Shipping Name TRICHLOROETHYLENE

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Trichloroethylene	Χ	Χ	-	201-167-4	-		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

Component	TSCA 12(b)
Trichloroethylene	Section 5

SARA 313

OAKA 313			
Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	100	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Trichloroethylene	X	100 lb	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Trichloroethylene	X		-

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Not applicable

Trichloroethylene Revision Date 14-Jul-2016

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Trichloroethylene	100 lb 1 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following proposition 65 chemicals

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	Carcinogen	14 μg/day	Developmental
		Developmental	50 μg/day	Carcinogen
		Male Reproductive		_

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

	Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
ſ	Trichloroethylene	Χ	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

 Creation Date
 03-Feb-2010

 Revision Date
 14-Jul-2016

 Print Date
 14-Jul-2016

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Vinyl Chloride

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Vinyl Chloride

Chemical name

Other means of

: vinyl chloride

other means of identification

: chloroethylene; Ethene, chloro-; Chloroethene; Vinyl chloride, monomer; Ethene, chloro-(vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride monomer; Monochloroethylene; Monochloroethene;

Ethylene monochloride; VCM; VC

Product type

: Gas.

Product use

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym

: chloroethylene; Ethene, chloro-; Chloroethene; Vinyl chloride, monomer; Ethene,

chloro- (vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride monomer; Monochloroethylene;

Monochloroethene: Ethylene monochloride: VCM; VC

SDS#

: 001067

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone

: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (liver) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Extremely flammable gas.

May form explosive mixtures with air.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May cause frostbite

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

May cause cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (liver)

Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe gas.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

attention. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

identification

: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance
Chemical name : vinyl chloride

Other means of : vinyl chloride : chloroethylene; Et

: chloroethylene; Ethene, chloro-; Chloroethene; Vinyl chloride, monomer; Ethene, chloro-(vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride monomer; Monochloroethylene; Monochloroethene;

Ethylene monochloride; VCM; VC

Product code : 001067

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : 75-01-4

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
vinyl chloride	100	75-01-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated

clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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Vinyl Chloride

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

tments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe gas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
vinyl chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Gas. [COLORLESS GAS OR LIQUID (BELOW 7 F) WITH A PLEASANT ODOR AT

HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. [NOTE: SHIPPED AS A LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED

GAS.]

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

 Melting point
 : -153.8°C (-244.8°F)

 Boiling point
 : -13.4°C (7.9°F)

 Critical temperature
 : 158.45°C (317.2°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: -78°C (-108.4°F) Open cup: -78°C (-108.4°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 3.8% Upper: 29.3%

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Vinyl Chloride

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: 2.2 (Air = 1)

Specific Volume (ft ³/lb) : 6.25

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : 0.16129 (21.1°C / 70 to °F)

Relative density : Not applicable.

Solubility : Not available.

Solubility in water : 1.1 q/l

Solubility in water
Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

: 1.38

Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity

472°C (881.6°F)
Not available.
Not applicable.
Not available.
62.5 g/mole

Molecular weight Aerosol product

Flow time (ISO 2431)

Heat of combustion : -18924336 J/kg

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products

 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
vinyl chloride	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
vinyl chloride	Category 2	Not determined	liver

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
vinyl chloride	1.38	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Vinyl chloride; Ethene, chloro-	75-01-4	Listed	U043

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1086	UN1086	UN1086	UN1086	UN1086
UN proper shipping name	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED

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Vinyl Chloride

Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)		2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
	FLAMMABLE CAS	***	***	3	2
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

[&]quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information

DOT Classification : Reportable quantity 1 lbs / 0.454 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than

the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity)

transportation requirements. **Limited quantity** Yes.

Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg.

Special provisions 21, B44, T50

TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125

ERAP Index 3000

Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden

IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150

kg.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: vinyl chloride

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: vinyl chloride

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 **Class II Substances**

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 311/312

: Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance. Classification

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	vinyl chloride	75-01-4	100
Supplier notification	vinyl chloride	75-01-4	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : This material is listed. **New York** This material is listed. : This material is listed. **New Jersey Pennsylvania** : This material is listed.

California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to Vinyl chloride, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

		Maximum acceptable dosage level
Vinyl chloride	Yes.	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : This material is listed or exempted. Canada : This material is listed or exempted. China : This material is listed or exempted. : This material is listed or exempted. **Europe**

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.

: This material is listed or exempted. Malaysia **New Zealand** : This material is listed or exempted. : This material is listed or exempted. **Philippines** Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted. : This material is listed or exempted. **Taiwan**

Thailand Not determined.

Turkey : This material is listed or exempted.

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Vinyl Chloride

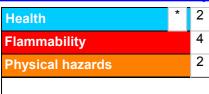
Section 15. Regulatory information

United States : This material is listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1	Expert judgment
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas	Expert judgment
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (liver) - Category 2	Expert judgment

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Vinyl Chloride

Section 16. Other information

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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HEALTH AND SAFETY WORK PLAN

APPENDIX D
Heat/Cold Stress Protocols

HEAT STRESS

Heat Stress (Hyperthermia)

Heat stress is the body's inability to regulate the core temperature. A worker's susceptibility to heat stress can vary according to his/her physical fitness, degree of acclimation to heat, humidity, age and diet.

- 1. Prior to site activity, the field team leader may make arrangements for heat stress monitoring (i.e., monitoring heart rate, body temperature, and body water loss) during actual site work if conditions warrant. In addition, the FTL is to ensure that each team member has been acclimatized to the prevailing environmental conditions, that personnel are aware of the signs and symptoms of heat sickness, that they have been adequately trained in first aid procedures, and that there are enough personnel on-site to rotate work assignments and schedule work during hours of reduced temperatures. Personnel should not consume alcoholic or caffeinated beverages but rather drink moderate levels of an electrolyte solution and eat well prior to commencing site work.
- Although there is no specific test given during a baseline physical that would identify a person's intolerance to heat, some indicators are tobacco or medication use, dietary habits, body weight, and chronic conditions such as high blood pressure or diabetes.
- 3. Heat cramps, caused by profuse perspiration with inadequate fluid intake and salt replacement, most often afflict people in good physical condition who work in high temperature and humidity. Heat cramps usually come on suddenly during vigorous activity. Untreated, heat cramps may progress rapidly to heat exhaustion or heat stroke. First aid treatment: remove victim to a cool place and replace lost fluids with water.
- 4. Thirst is not an adequate indicator of heat exposure. Drinking fluid by itself does not indicate sufficient water replacement during heat exposure. A general rule, the amount of water administered should replace the amount of water lost, and it should be administered at regular intervals throughout the day. For every half pound of water lost, 8 ounces of water should be ingested. Water should be replaced by drinking 2 4 ounce servings during every rest period. A recommended alternative to water is an electrolyte drink split 50/50 with water.

- 5. Heat exhaustion results from salt and water loss along with peripheral pooling of blood. Like heat cramps, heat exhaustion tends to occur in persons in good physical health who are working in high temperatures and humidity. Heat exhaustion may come on suddenly as dizziness and collapse. Untreated, heat exhaustion may progress to heat stroke.
- 6. Treatment for heat exhaustion: Move the victim to a cool environment (e.g. air-conditioned room/car), lay victim down and fan him/her. If the air-conditioning is not available, remove the victim to a shaded area, remove shirt, and fan. If symptoms do not subside within an hour, notify 911 to transport to hospital.
- 7. Heat stroke results from the body's inability to dissipate excess heat. A true medical emergency that requires immediate care, it usually occurs when one ignores the signs of heat exhaustion and continues strenuous activities. Working when the relative humidity exceeds 60% is a particular problem. Workers in the early phase of heat stress may not be coherent of they will be confused, delirious or comatose. Changes in behavior, irritability and combativeness are useful early signs of heat stroke.
- 8. Treatment of heat stroke: Move the victim to a cool, air-conditioned environment. Place victim in a semi-reclined position with head elevated and strip to underclothing. Cool victim as rapidly as possible, applying ice packs to the arms and legs and massaging the neck and torso. Spray victim with tepid water and constantly fan to promote evaporation. Notify 911 to transport to hospital as soon as possible.

TABLE 1

SYMPTOMS OF HEAT STRESS

Heat cramps are caused by heavy sweating with inadequate fluid intake. Symptoms include;

- Muscle cramps
- Cramps in the hands, legs, feet and abdomen

Heat exhaustion occurs when body organs attempt to keep the body cool. Symptoms include;

- Pale, cool moist skin
- Core temperature elevated 1-2°
- Thirst
- Anxiety

- Rapid heart rate
- Heavy sweating
- Dizziness
- Nausea

Heat stroke is the most serious form of heat stress. Immediate action must be taken to cool the body before serious injury and death occur. Symptoms are;

- Red, hot, dry skin
- Lack of perspiration
- Seizures
- Dizziness and confusion
- Strong, rapid pulse
- Core temperature of 104° or above
- Coma

TABLE 2

HEAT STRESS INDICATORS

Heat stress indicator	When to measure	If Exceeds	Action
Heart rate (pulse)	Beginning of rest period	110 beats per minute	Shorten next work period by 33%
Oral temperature	Beginning of rest	99°F (after thermometer is under tongue for 3 minutes)	Shorten next work period by 33%
		100.6°F	Prohibit work in impermeable clothing
	1. Before workday		
Body weight	begins (a.m.) 2. After workday		Increase fluid intake
	ends (p.m.)		

COLD STRESS

Cold stress (Hypothermia)

In hypothermia the core body temperature drops below 95°F. Hypothermia can be attributed to a decrease in heat production, increased heat loss or both.

Prevention

Institute the following steps to prevent overexposure of workers to cold:

- 1. Maintain body core temperature at 98.6°F or above by encouraging workers to drink warm liquids during breaks (preferably not coffee) and wear several layers of clothing that can keep the body warm even when the clothing is wet.
- 2. Avoid frostbite by adequately covering hands, feet and other extremities. Clothing such as insulated gloves or mittens, earmuffs and hat liners should be worn. To prevent contact frostbite (from touching metal and cold surfaces below 20°F), workers should wear gloves. Tool handles should be covered with insulating material.
- 3. Adjust work schedules to provide adequate rest periods. When feasible, rotate personnel and perform work during the warmer hours of the day.
- 4. Provide heated shelter. Workers should remove their outer layer(s) of clothing while in the shelter to allow sweat to evaporate.
- 5. In the event that wind barriers are constructed around an intrusive operation (such as drilling), the enclosure must be properly vented to prevent the buildup of toxic or explosive gases or vapors. Care must be taken to keep a heat source away from flammable substances.
- 6. Using a wind chill chart such as the one in Table 3, obtain the equivalent chill temperature (ECT) based on actual wind speed and temperature. Refer to the ECT when setting up work warm-up schedules, planning appropriate clothing, etc. Workers should use warming shelters at regular intervals at or below an ECT of 20°F. For exposed skin, continuous exposure should not be permitted at or below an ECT of -25°F.

Frostbite

Personnel should be aware of symptoms of frostbite/hypothermia. If the following symptoms are noticed in any worker, he/she should immediately go to a warm shelter.

Condition	Skin Surface	Tissue Under Skin	Skin Color
Frostnip	Soft	Soft	Initially red, then white
Frostbite	Hard	Soft	White and waxy
Freezing	Hard	Hard	Blotchy, white to yellow-gray to gray

- 1. Frostnip is the incipient stage of frostbite, brought about by direct contact with a cold object or exposure of a body part to cool/cold air. Wind chill or cold water also can be major factors. This condition is not serious. Tissue damage is minor and the response to care is good. The tip of the nose, tips of ears, upper cheeks and fingers (all areas generally exposed) are most susceptible to frostnip.
- 2. Treatment of frostnip: Care for frostnip by warming affected areas. Usually the worker can apply warmth from his/her bare hands, blow warm air on the site, or, if the fingers are involved, hold them in the armpits. During recovery, the worker may complain of tingling or burning sensation, which is normal. If the condition does not respond to this simple care, begin treatment for frostbite.
- 3. Frostbite: The skin and subcutaneous layers become involved. If frostnip goes untreated, it becomes superficial frostbite. This condition is serious. Tissue damage may be serious. The worker must be transported to a medical facility for evaluation. The tip of the nose, tips of ears, upper cheeks and fingers (all areas generally exposed) are most susceptible to frostbite. The affected area will feel frozen, but only on the surface. The tissue below the surface must still be soft and have normal response to touch. DO NOT squeeze or poke the tissue. The condition of the deeper tissues can be determined by gently palpating the affected area. The skin will turn mottled or blotchy. It may also be white and then turn grayish-yellow.
- 4. Treatment of frostbite: When practical, transport victim as soon as possible. Get the worker inside and keep him/her warm. Do not allow any smoking or alcohol consumption. Thaw frozen parts by immersion, re-warming in a 100°F to 106°F water bath. Water temperature will drop rapidly, requiring additional warm water throughout the process. Cover the thawed part with a dry sterile dressing. Do not puncture or drain any blisters.

NOTE: Never listen to myths and folk tales about the care of frostbite. *Never* rub a frostbitten or frozen area. *Never* rub snow on a frostbitten or frozen area. Rubbing the area may cause

serious damage to already injured tissues. Do not attempt to thaw a frozen area if there is any chance it will be re-frozen.

5. *General cooling/Hypothermia*: General cooling of the body is known as systemic hypothermia. This condition is not a common problem unless workers are exposed to cold for prolonged periods of time without any shelter.

Body Temperature	°C	Symptoms		
99-96	37-35.5	Intense, uncontrollable shivering		
95-91	35.5-32.7	Violent shivering persists. If victim is conscious, he has difficulty speaking.		
90-86	32-30	Shivering decreases and is replaced by strong muscular rigidity. Muscle coordination is affected. Erratic or jerkey movements are produced. Thinking is less clear. General comprehension is dulled. There may be total amnesia. The worker is generally still able to maintain the appearance of psychological contact with his surroundings.		
85-81 29.4-27.2 80-78 26.6-18.5		Victim becomes irrational, loses contact with his environment, and drifts into a stuporous state. Muscular rigidity continues. Pulse and respirations are slow and the worker may develop cardiac arrhythmias.		
		Victim becomes unconscious. He does not respond to the spoken word. Most reflexes cease to function. Heartbeat becomes erratic		
Below 78	25.5	Cardiac and respiratory centers of the brain fail. Ventricular fibrillation occurs; probably edema and hemorrhage in the lungs; death.		

6. Treatment of hypothermia: Keep worker dry. Remove any wet clothing and replace with dry clothes, or wrap person in dry blankets. Keep person at rest. Do not allow him/her to move around. Transport the victim to a medical facility as soon as possible.

TABLE 3⁽¹⁾
COOLING POWER OF WIND ON EXPOSED FLESH EXPRESSED
AS AN EQUIVALENT TEMPERATURE (UNDER CALM CONDITIONS)

	09		09-	-68	-95	-112	-121	-133	-140	-145	-146	Flesh	
	20		-50	-57	-83	66-	-110	-118	-125	-129	-132		
	40		-40	-47	-70	-85	96-	-104	-109	-113	-116	seconds.	
	30		-30	-36	-58	-72	-82	-88	-94	-98	-100	GREAT DANGER may freeze within 30 seconds.	
ding (°F)P	20	ature (°F)	-20	-26	-46	-58	-67	-74	62-	-82	-85	GREAT I	
erature Rea	10	Shill Temper	-10	-15	-33	-45	-53	-59	-63	-67	69-	R Danger ed flesh	+
Actual Temperature Reading (°F)P	0	Equivalent Chill Temperature (°F)	0	κ̈́	-24	-32	-39	-44	-48	-51	-53	INCREASING DANGER Danger from freezing of exposed flesh within one minute	cho sidt no
1	10		10	9	6-	8-	-25	-29	-33	-35	-37	INCREASING DA from freezing of e within one minute	taion yao to
	20		20	16	4	ငှ	-10	-15	-18	-20	-21	ım danger	TI COO Now 4
	30		30	27	15	တ	4	0	?-	4-	9	. Maximucurity.	orgina for
	40		40	37	28	22	18	16	13	7	10	LITTLE DANGER in < hr with dry skin. Maximum danger of false sense of security.	Trans to the property of the may profit at any point on this chart
	50		20	48	40	36	32	99	58	27	56	LITTLE in < hr w of false s	Tronch
Estimated	wind Speed	(in mph)	Calm	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	(Wind speeds greater than 40 mph have little additional effect.)	

Developed by U.S. Army Research Institute of Environmental Medicine, Natick, MA.

(1) Reproduced from American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1985-1986, p.01.



HEALTH AND SAFETY WORK PLAN

APPENDIX E Field Accident Report



FIELD ACCIDENT REPORT

This report is to be filled out by the designated Site Safety Officer after **EVERY** accident.

PROJECT NAME: _			_PROJECT. NO.:
Date of Accident:		Time:	_Report By:
Type of Accident (Che	eck One):		
	() Vehicular	() Personal	() Property
Name of Injured:			_DOB or Age
How Long Employed:			
Names of Witnesses:			
Description of Accide	nt:		
Action Taken:			
Did the Injured Lose A	Any Time?	How	Much (Days/Hrs.)?
	nt in Use at the Time	of the Accident	(Hard Hat, Safety Glasses, Gloves,
and Welfare Fund.)	·	, .	s his/her claims through his/her Health



ATTACHMENT C

737 4th AVENUE SITE 731-747 4th AVENUE BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11232 NYSDEC BCP SITE #C224332

Community Air Monitoring Plan

Submitted To:



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation 47-20 21st Street Long Island City, NY 11101

Prepared For:

737 4th Avenue, LLC 26 Harbor Park Drive Port Washington, NY 11050

Prepared By:



P.W. Grosser Consulting Inc. 630 Johnson Avenue, Suite 7 Bohemia, NY 11716 Phone: 631-589-6353 Fax: 631-589-8705

Jennifer Lewis, PG, Vice President

JenniferL@pwgrosser.com

PWGC Project Number: TOT2101



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) provides measures for protection for on-site workers and the downwind community (i.e., off-site receptors including residences, businesses, and on-site workers not directly involved in the remedial investigation) from potential airborne contaminant releases resulting from remedial activities performed at 731 to 747 4th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

The action levels specified herein require increased monitoring, corrective actions to abate emissions, and/or work shutdown. Additionally, the CAMP helps to confirm that the remedial investigation or actions did not spread contamination off-site through the air.

Based on previous investigations at the site, the primary concerns for this site are VOCs and dust particulates.



2.0 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

This CAMP was established in accordance with the following requirements:

- 29 CFR 1910.120(h): This regulation specifies that air shall be monitored to identify and quantify levels of airborne hazardous substances and health hazards, and to determine the appropriate level of protection for workers.
- New York State Department of Health's (NYSDOH) Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan: This
 guidance specifies that a community air-monitoring program shall be implemented to protect the
 surrounding community and to confirm that the work does not spread contamination off-site
 through the air.
- New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Division of Environmental Remediation (DER)-10, Appendix 1B – Fugitive Dust and Particulate Monitoring. This guidance provides a basis for developing and implementing a fugitive dust suppression and particulate monitoring program as an element of a site's health and safety program.



3.0 AIR MONITORING

The following sections contain information describing the types, frequency and location of real-time monitoring.

This section addresses the real-time monitoring that will be conducted within the work area, and along the site perimeter, during intrusive activities such as excavation, drilling, product recovery, manipulation of soil piles, extraction of sheet piling, etc.

3.1 Volatile-Organic Vapor Monitoring, Response-Levels, and Actions

Volatile organic vapors will be monitored at the upwind and downwind perimeter of the immediate work area on a continuous basis during invasive work. The monitoring work will be performed using equipment appropriate to measure the types of contaminants known or suspected to be present. The equipment will be calibrated at least daily for the contaminant(s) of concern or for an appropriate surrogate. The equipment will be capable of calculating 15-minute running average concentrations, which will be compared to the levels specified below.

- If the ambient air concentration of total organic vapors at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone exceeds 5 ppm above background for the 15-minute average, work activities will be temporarily halted and monitoring continued. If the total organic vapor level readily decreases (per instantaneous readings) below 5 ppm over background, work activities will resume with continued monitoring.
- If total organic vapor levels at the downwind perimeter of the work area persist at levels in excess of 5 ppm over background but less than 25 ppm, work activities will be halted, the source of vapors identified, corrective actions taken to abate emissions, and monitoring continued. After these steps, work activities will resume provided that the total organic vapor level 200 feet downwind of the work area or half the distance to the nearest potential receptor or residential/commercial structure, whichever is less - but in no case less than 20 feet, is below 5 ppm over background for the 15-minute average.
- If the organic vapor level is above 25 ppm at the perimeter of the work area, activities will be shutdown.

Time-weighted 15-minute readings will be recorded and be available for NYSDEC personnel to review. Instantaneous readings, if any, used for decision purposes will also be recorded.



3.2 Particulate Monitoring, Response-Levels, and Actions

Particulate concentrations will be monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeters of the work area at temporary particulate monitoring stations. The particulate monitoring will be performed using real-time monitoring equipment capable of measuring particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in size (PM-10) and capable of calculating 15-minute running average concentrations for comparison to the airborne particulate action level. The equipment will be equipped with an audible alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level. In addition, fugitive dust migration should be visually assessed during work activities.

- If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter (μg/m³) greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques will be employed. Work will continue with dust suppression techniques provided that downwind PM-10 particulate levels do not exceed 150 μg/m³ above the upwind level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.
- If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than 150 μg/m³ above the upwind level, work will be stopped, and a re-evaluation of activities initiated. Work will resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within 150 μg/m³ of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

Readings will be recorded and be available for NYSDEC personnel to review.

3.3 Odor and Dust Control

3.3.1 Odor Control

Necessary means will be employed to prevent on and offsite odor nuisances. At a minimum, procedures will include: (a) limiting the area of open excavations; (b) shrouding open excavations with tarps and other covers; and (c) use of foams to cover exposed odorous soils. If odors develop and cannot otherwise be controlled, additional means to eliminate odor nuisances will include: (d) use of chemical odorants in spray or misting systems.

This odor control plan is capable of controlling emissions of nuisance odors. If nuisance odors are identified, work will be halted, and the source of odors will be identified and corrected. Work will not resume until nuisance odors have been abated. NYSDEC will be notified of odor complaint events. Implementation of odor controls will be the responsibility of the contractor.



3.3.2 Dust Control

Dust management during invasive on-site work will include, at a minimum:

- Use of a dedicated water spray methodology for roads, excavation areas and stockpiles.
- Exercise extra care during dry and high-wind periods.
- Use of gravel or RCA on egress and other roadways to provide a clean and dust-free road surface.

This dust control plan is capable of controlling emissions of dust. If nuisance dust emissions are identified, work will be halted, and the source of dusts will be identified and corrected. Work will not resume until nuisance dust emissions have been abated. NYSDEC will be notified of dust complaint events. Implementation of dust controls will be the responsibility of the contractor.

3.4 Special Requirements for Work Within 20 Feet of Potentially Exposed Individuals or Structures

When work areas are within 20 feet of potentially exposed populations or occupied structures, the continuous monitoring locations for VOCs and particulates must reflect the nearest potentially exposed individuals and the location of ventilation system intakes for nearby structures. The use of engineering controls such as vapor/dust barriers, temporary negative-pressure enclosures, or special ventilation devices should be considered to prevent exposures related to the work activities and to control dust and odors. Consideration should be given to implementing the planned activities when potentially exposed populations are at a minimum, such as during weekends or evening hours in non-residential settings.

- If total VOC concentrations opposite the walls of occupied structures or next to intake vents exceed 1 part-per-million, monitoring should occur within the occupied structure(s). Depending upon the nature of contamination, chemical-specific colorimetric tubes of sufficient sensitivity may be necessary for comparing the exposure point concentrations with appropriate predetermined response levels (response actions should also be pre-determined). Background readings in the occupied spaces must be taken prior to commencement of the planned work. Any unusual background readings should be discussed with NYSDOH prior to commencement of the work.
- If total particulate concentrations opposite the walls of occupied structures or next to intake vents exceed 150 micrograms per cubic meter, work activities should be suspended until controls are implemented and are successful in reducing the total particulate concentration to 150 micrograms per cubic meter or less at the monitoring point.



 Depending upon the nature of contamination and remedial activities, other parameters (e.g., explosivity, oxygen, hydrogen sulfide, carbon monoxide) may also need to be monitored.
 Response levels and actions should be pre-determined, as necessary, for each site.



4.0 RECORD KEEPING

Copies of the CAMP monitoring logs for VOCs and dust particulates will be provided in the applicable report documenting the work activities conducted (the daily reports). If odor or dust suppression techniques were required, they will also be documented in the report. Daily reports will be submitted in a timely manner.