

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM (BCP)



ECL ARTICLE 27 / TITLE 14

DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

08/2013							
Section I. Requestor Information	Section I. Requestor Information						
NAME Northeast Treaters of New	NAME Northeast Treaters of New York, LLC						
ADDRESS 796 Schoharie Turnpike							
CITY/TOWN Athens		ZIP CODE 120	015				
PHONE (518) 945-2660	FAX (518) 945-2	2662	E-MAIL david@netreaters.com				
Is the requestor authorized to conduct business in New York State (NYS)? -If the requestor is a Corporation, LLC, LLP or other entity requiring authorization from the NYS Department of State to conduct business in NYS, the requestor's name must appear, exactly as given above, in the NYS Department of State's Corporation & Business Entity Database. A print-out of entity information from the database must be submitted to DEC with the application, to document that the applicant is authorized to do business in NYS. -Individuals that will be certifying BCP documents, as well as their employers, meet the requirements of Section 1,5 of DER-10: Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation and New York State Education Law. Documents that are not properly certified will not be approved under the BCP. Yes No							
NAME OF REQUESTOR'S REPRESENTATIV	EDavid Reed						
ADDRESS 796 Schoharie Turnpike							
CITY/TOWN Athens		ZIP CODE 120)15				
PHONE (518) 945-2660	FAX (518) 945-2662 E-MAIL david@netreaters.com						
NAME OF REQUESTOR'S CONSULTANT Rodney Aldrich, P.E., Sterling Environmental Engineering, P.C.							
ADDRESS 24 Wade Road							
CITY/TOWN Latham		ZIP CODE 121	110				
PHONE (518) 456-4900	fax (518) 456-35	32	E-MAIL rodney.aldrich@sterlingenvironmental.com				
name of requestor's attorney Kev	in M. Young, Esq.	., Young Sommer LL	.C				
ADDRESS 5 Palisades Drive							
CITY/TOWN Albany		ZIP CODE 122	205				
PHONE (518) 438-9907 ext. 225	FAX (518) 438-99	914	E-MAIL kyoung@youngsommer.com				
THE REQUESTOR MUST CERTIFY THAT HI CHECKING ONE OF THE BOXES BELOW:	E/SHE IS EITHER A PART	ICIPANT OR VOLUNTEER IN	ACCORDANCE WITH ECL 27-1405 (1) BY				
[✓]PARTICIPANT		VOLUNTEER A requestor other than a participant, including a requestor whose liability arises solely as a result of ownership, operation of or involvement with the site subsequent to the disposal of hazardous waste or discharge of petroleum. NOTE: By checking this box, the requestor certifies that he/she has exercised appropriate care with respect to the hazardous waste found at the facility by taking reasonable steps to: i) stop any continuing discharge; ii) prevent any threatened future release; and iii) prevent or limit human, environmental, or natural resource exposure to any previously released hazardous waste.					
Requestor Relationship to Property (check one): Previous Owner Current Owner If requestor is not the site owner, requestor will he-Proof of site access must be submitted for non]Yes No				

Section II. Property Information Check here if this application is to request significant chang Existing BCP site number:	es to proper	ty set forth	ı in an exi	sting BCA	A: 🗌		
PROPERTY NAME Northeast Treaters of New York, LLC							
ADDRESS/LOCATION 796 Schoharie Turnpike CITY/TOWN	Alhens		ZIP CO	DDE 1201	5		
MUNICIPALITY(IF MORE THAN ONE, LIST ALL): Town of Athens							
COUNTY Greene SITE SIZE	(ACRES) 1.68						
LATITUDE (degrees/minutes/seconds) 42 ° 17 ' 10 "	LONGITUDE	(degrees/minut	es/seconds) 7	'3 ° 50	19 🚟		
IIORIZONTAL COLLECTION METHOD SURVEY GPS MAP	HORIZONTA	L REFERENCI	е datum: N	IAD 83			
COMPLETE TAX MAP INFORMATION FOR ALL TAX PARCELS INCLUDED WITHIN THE PROPERTY BOUNDARIES ATTACH REQUIRED MAPS PER THE APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS Parcel Address Parcel No Section No Block No Lot No Acreage							
796 Schoharie Turnpike, Athens, NY 12015	104.00-4-30	104.00	4	30	13.17		
				1			
 Do the property boundaries correspond to tax map metes and boun If no, please attach a metes and bounds description of the property. Is the required property map attached to the application? (applicat Is the property part of a designated En-zone pursuant to Tax Law § For more information please see Empire State Development's web If yes, identify area (name) Percentage of property in En-zone (check one):	ion will not be 21(b)(6)? site.] 50-99% where the de	velopment	∐Ye	es No		
5. Property Description Narrative:							
See Attachment 1							
6. List of Existing Easements (type here or attach information) Easement Holder No easements exist on the subject property.	scription						
See Attachment 1	escription						
If any changes to Section II are required prior to application approval, a Initials of each Requestor:	a new page, in	itialed by ca	och requesto	or, must be	submitted.		

NI XIII II										
Section III. Current Property C	Owner/Operator Information	V 1								
owner's NAME Northeast Treate	ers of New York, LLC									
ADDRESS 796 Schoharie Turnp	ike									
CITY/TOWN Athens	DWN Athens ZIP CODE 12015									
PHONE (518) 945-2660	FAX (518) 945-2662	E-MAIL david@ne	treaters	.com						
OPERATOR'S NAME Northeast Treaters of New York, LLC										
ADDRESS 796 Schoharie Turnpike										
CITY/TOWN Athens	ZIP CODE 12()15								
PHONE (518) 945-2660	FAX (518) 945-2662	E-MAIL david@ne	treaters	.com						
Section IV. Requestor Eligibilit	y Information (Please refer to ECL § 2	27-1407)								
If answering "yes" to any of the following questions, please provide an explanation as an attachment. 1. Are any enforcement actions pending against the requestor regarding this site? 2. Is the requestor subject to an existing order relating to contamination at the site? 3. Is the requestor subject to an outstanding claim by the Spill Fund for this site? 4. Has the requestor been determined to have violated any provision of ECL Article 27? 5. Has the requestor previously been denied entry to the BCP? 6. Has the requestor been found in a civil proceeding to have committed a negligent or intentionally tortious										
Is the property, or was any portion o If yes, please provide relevant inform If yes please provide: Site #	f the property, listed on the NYS Registry of Ina Class # der ECL Article 27, Title 9, other than an Interi EPA ID Number:	ist? active Hazardous Waste m Status facility?	□ Yes	☑ No						
4. Is the property subject to a cleanup of If yes, please provide: Order #	order under navigation law Article 12 or ECL Artederal enforcement action related to hazardous v	ticle 17 Title 10?	☐ Yes	☑No ☑No						
Section VI. Project Description										
What stage is the project starting at?	✓ Investigation	emediation								
Please attach a description of the project	et which includes the following components:									
 Purpose and scope of the project Estimated project schedule 	See Section VI.	of Attachment 1.								

Section VII. Proper	ty's Environm	ental History	See	Section VII. of A	ttachment 1.	
Environmental Rep A Phase I environmental Materials: Standard Pract environmental reports rel	orts site assessment replace for Environme ated to contaminar	port prepared in accorda ntal Site Assessments: F its on or emanating from	to the requestor, please attaince with ASTM E 1527 (A Phase I Environmental Site the site. The requirements of ECL A	merican Society for 'Assessment Process)	, and all	
2. SAMPLING DATA: IN AFFECTED. LABORAT	NDICATE KNOWN ORY REPORTS SI	N CONTAMINANTS AN HOULD BE REFERENC	D THE MEDIA WHICH AF ED AND COPIES INCLUD	RE KNOWN TO HAV ED.	E BEEN	
Contaminant Category	Soil	Groundwater	Surface Water	Sediment	Soil Gas	
Petroleum						
Chlorinated Solvents						
Other VOCs						
SVOCs						
Metals	X (See Attachment 1)					
Pesticides						
PCBs						
Other*						
*Please describe:						
3. SUSPECTED CONTA AFFECTED. PROVIDE			TAMINANTS AND THE MENT.	EDIA WHICH MAY	HAVE BEEN	
Contaminant Category	Soil	Groundwater	Surface Water	Sediment	Soil Gas	
Petroleum						
Chlorinated Solvents						
Other VOCs						
SVOCs						
Metals	x (See Attachment 1)					
Pesticides						
PCBs						
Other*						
*Please describe:			N.		,	
	OR SUSPECTED SCHMENT.	OURCES OF CONTAM	INANTS (CHECK ALL TH	AT APPLY). PROVI	DE BASIS FOR	
Above Ground Pipeline or Tank ☐ Lagoons or Ponds ☐ Underground Pipeline or Tank ☐ Surface Spill or Discharge ☐ Routine Industrial Operations ☐ Dumping or Burial of Wastes ☐ Septic tank/lateral field ☐ Adjacent Property ☐ Drums or Storage Containers ☐ Seepage Pit or Dry Well ☐ Foundry Sand ☐ Electroplating ☐ Coal Gas Manufacture ☐ Industrial Accident ☐ Unknown						
5. INDICATE PAST LAN	ND USES (CHECK	ALL THAT APPLY):				
☐Coal Gas Manufacturi☐Pipeline Other: Wood Treatment Fa	ng□Manufacturin □Service Static	ng □Agricultural Co-		Salvage Yard Electroplating	□Bulk Plant □Unknown	
ADDRESSES AND TEI	LEPHONE NUMBI	ERS AS AN ATTACHMI	DPERATORS WITH NAME ENT. DESCRIBE REQUES OPERATOR. IF NO RELA	TOR'S	ONE".	

Section VIII. Contact List Information	See Section VIII.	of Attachment 1.						
Please attach, at a minimum, the names and addresses of the following:								
1. The chief executive officer and planning board chairperson of each county, city, tow located.	n and village in which	the property is						
2. Residents, owners, and occupants of the property and properties adjacent to the prop	2. Residents, owners, and occupants of the property and properties adjacent to the property.							
3. Local news media from which the community typically obtains information.								
4. The public water supplier which services the area in which the property is located.								
5. Any person who has requested to be placed on the contact list.								
6. The administrator of any school or day care facility located on or near the property.								
7. In cities with a population of one million or more, the local community board if the community board's boundaries (*note: per the 2010 census, New York City is the only ci	proposed site is located ty in NY with a population	within such over one million).						
8. The location of a document repository for the project (e.g., local library). In addition repository acknowledging that it agrees to act as the document repository for the pro-	n, attach a copy of a lett	er sent to the						
Section IX. Land Use Factors (Please refer to ECL § 27-1415(3))	See Section IX.	of Attachment 1.						
1. Current Use: ☐Residential ☐Commercial ☑ Industrial ☐Vacant ☐ Recreation Provide summary of business operations as an attachment.	nal (check all that app	oly)						
2. Intended Use Post Remediation: Unrestricted Residential Commercial Provide specifics as an attachment.	Industrial (check all t	hat apply)						
3. Do current historical and/or recent development patterns support the proposed use? (re: discussion of area land uses)	See #14 below	☑Yes ☐ No						
4. Is the proposed use consistent with applicable zoning laws/maps?		☑Yes □No						
5. Is the proposed use consistent with applicable comprehensive community master plan revitalization plans, designated Brownfield Opportunity Area plans, other adopted lan	ns, local waterfront nd use plans?	☑Yes □No						
6. Are there any Environmental Justice Concerns? (See §27-1415(3)(p)).		□Yes ☑No						
7. Are there any federal or state land use designations relating to this site?		✓Yes □No						
8. Do the population growth patterns and projections support the proposed use?		✓Yes □No						
9. Is the property accessible to existing infrastructure?		✓Yes □No						
10. Are there important cultural resources, including federal or state historic or heritage American religious sites within ½ mile?	sites or Native	✓Yes □No						
11. Are there important federal, state or local natural resources, including waterways, wi wetlands, or critical habitats of endangered or threatened species within ½ mile?	ldlife refuges,	✓Yes □No						
12. Are there floodplains within ½ mile?		□Yes ☑No						
13. Are there any institutional controls currently applicable to the property?		□Yes ☑No						
14. Describe the proximity to real property currently used for residential use, and to urba recreational areas in an attachment. See Section IX. of Attachment 1.	an, commercial, industr	al, agricultural, and						
15. Describe the potential vulnerability of groundwater to contamination that might mig	rate from the property, i	ncluding proximity						

Please see the corresponding section and question number in Attachment 1 for a detailed explanation of answers provided within this form.

to wellhead protection and groundwater recharge areas in an attachment. See Section IX. of Attachment 1.

16. Describe the geography and geology of the site in an attachment. See Section IX. of Attachment 1.

Secti	on X. State	ment of Certific	ation and Signatu	res		~
(Ву ге	By requestor who is an individual) If this application is approved, I acknowledge and agree to the general terms and conditions set forth in DER-32 Brownfield Cleanup Program Applications and Agreements and to execute a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement (BCA) within 60 days of the date of DEC's approval letter. I also agree that in the event of a conflict between the general terms and conditions of participation set forth in DER-32 and the terms contained in a site-specific BCA, the terms in the BCA shall control. I hereby affirm that information provided on this form and its attachments is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I am aware that any false statement made herein is punishable as a Class A misdemeanor pursuant to section 210.45 of the Penal Law. Date: Signature: Print Name: By an requestor other than an individual) I hereby affirm that I am Program Application was prepared by me or under my supervision and direction. If this application is approved, I technowledge and agree to the general terms and conditions set forth in DER-32 Brownfield Cleanup Program Applications and Agreements and to execute a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement (BCA) within 60 days of the date of EV approval letter. I also agree that in the event of a conflict between the general terms and conditions of participation set forth in DER-32 and the terms contained in a site-specific BCA, the terms in the BCA shall control. I hereby affirm that information provided on this form and its attachments is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I am aware that any false statement made herein is bunnishable as a Class A misdemeanor pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law. Date: One (1) paper copys, one paper copy with original signatures and one electronic copy in Portable Document Format (PDF) on a CD, must be sent to: Chief, Site Control Section New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation 625 Broadway Albany, NY 12233-7020 One (1) paper copy mu					
Clean of DE forth i inform	up Program A C's approval li in DER-32 and nation provided	pplications and Agreetter. I also agree the terms contained don this form and it	eements and to execute at in the event of a con I in a site-specific BCA s attachments is true an	a Brownfield Cleanup , flict between the genera , the terms in the BCA ad complete to the best of	Agreement (BCA) was terms and condition shall control. I herebof my knowledge and	ithin 60 days of the date ns of participation set by affirm that I belief. I am aware that
Date:		Signature:		Print Name:		
I here applic ackno Agree agree contai attach punish	by affirm that ation; that this wledge and ag ments and to e that in the ever ined in a site-sp ments is true a nable as a Clas	am Ires de la application was pre ree to the general te xecute a Brownfield at of a conflict betweetific BCA, the tern and complete to the bas A misdemeanor pu	pared by me or under norms and conditions set. Cleanup Agreement (I cen the general terms a ms in the BCA shall conset of thy knowledge as	(entity); that I ny supervision and dire- forth in DER-32 Brown 3CA) within 60 days of and conditions of partici- ntrol. I hereby affirm that and belief. I am aware to 45 of the Penal Law.	am authorized by that ction. If this application of the field Cleamup Progration of DEC's apparation set forth in DI that information proving that any false statements.	it entity to make this tion is approved, I am Applications and opproval letter. I also ER-32 and the terms ided on this form and its nt made herein is
of DEC's approval letter. I also agree that in the event of a conflict between the general terms and conditions of participations forth in DER-32 and the terms contained in a site-specific BCA, the terms in the BCA shall control. I hereby affirm that information provided on this form and its attachments is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I am award any false statement made herein is punishable as a Class A misdemeanor pursuant to section 210.45 of the Penal Law. Date: Signature: Print Name: (By an requestor other than an individual) Thereby affirm that I am resolved (title) of work as the centry; that I am authorized by that entity to make the application; that this application was prepared by me or under my supervision and direction. If this application is approved, I acknowledge and agree to the general terms and conditions set forth in DER-32 Brownfield Cleanup Program Applications and Agreements and to execute a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement (BCA) within 60 days of the date of DEC's approval letter. I als agree that in the event of a conflict between the general terms and conditions of participation set forth in DER-32 and the term contained in a site-specific BCA, the terms in the BCA shall control. Thereby affirm that information provided on this form an attachments is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I am aware that any false statement made herein is punishable as a Class A misdemeanor pursuant of Section 210.45 of the Penal Law. Date: Print Name: DAVID A. REED SUBMITTAL INFORMATION: Three (3) complete copies, one paper copy with original signatures and one electronic copy in Portable Document Format (PDF) of CD, must be sent to: Chief, Site Control Section New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation 625 Broadway Albany, NY 12233-7020						
SUBM	ITTAL INFO	RMATION:				
Three ((3) complete co	opies are required.				
•	Two (2) copi CD, must be	ies, one paper copy sent to:	with original signatures	and one electronic cop	y in Portable Docum	ent Format (PDF) on a
	New York St Division of E 625 Broadwa	tate Department of Environmental Remo	Environmental Conservediation	ation		
•	One (1) pape located. Plea	er copy must be sent use check our <u>websit</u>	to the DEC regional co e for the address of our	ontact in the regional of regional of	fice covering the cou	inty in which the site is
OR DE	PARTMENT US	E ONLY				
BCP SIT	E T&A CODE:_		LEAD OFFICE	:		

ATTACHMENT 1

DETAILED EXPLANATIONS FOR BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM APPLICATION

Section I. Requestor Information

New York State (NYS) Authorized Business – The Entity Information Report obtained from the NYS Department of State's Division of Corporations and Business Entity Database is provided as Attachment 2.

Section II. Property Information

Tax Parcel Information – See Attachment 3 for Figures and Maps, and see Attachment 4 for additional property deed and tax information.

- 2) See Attachment 3 for Figures and Maps.
- 5) Property Description Narrative Northeast Treaters of New York, LLC (hereinafter "Northeast Treaters") operates a pressure treated wood manufacturing facility located on approximately 13 acres on the north side of the Schoharie Turnpike in the Town of Athens, New York. The facility was originally constructed in 1977.

The facility was originally a saw mill. Atlantic Wood Industries, Inc. (AWII) began operating as a pressure treating wood manufacturing facility in 1979. The facility traditionally engaged in treating architectural and dimensional lumber with a preservative solution of chromated copper arsenate (CCA). For a period of time, the facility utilized CCA to pressure treat wood products, however, the facility switched to a non-hazardous preservative in 2003.

The existing facility consists of three (3) main buildings: the Lumber Stacking Building, the Process Building, and the Maintenance Building. The proposed Brownfield Cleanup area is restricted to the easternmost portion of the subject property in the location of the Process Building, where wood is treated within an 80 foot long by 6 foot diameter treatment cylinder. The Process Building also houses four (4) aboveground tanks, consisting of three (3) 18,000 gallon working tanks and an additional 4,800 gallon tank. These tanks are used to store non-hazardous products used in the pressure treating process. The facility is also equipped with several petroleum bulk storage tanks.

- 6) No easements exist on the subject property.
- 7) List of permits issued by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) or United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) relating to the subject property:

Permit	Issuing Agency	Permit ID Number	Status
Chemical Bulk Storage	NYSDEC	4-000073	Unreg./Closed
Petroleum Bulk Storage	NYSDEC	4-075647	Active
Multi-Sector General Permit	NYSDEC	NYR00B991	Active

Additionally, the facility has the status of an active Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator (CESQG) (USEPA Permit # NYD095240610).

Section III. Current Property Owner/Operator Information

No Explanations Necessary.

Section IV. Requestor Eligibility Information

No Explanations Necessary.

Section V. Property Eligibility Information

2) The subject property can be found in the NYSDEC Environmental Site Remediation Database under site code 420029 and is associated with the Potential Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA) Corrective Action classification code (abbreviated PR). This is a specialty classification code that is not related to the NYS Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites. This classification code is used for subject property as the property is subject to the requirements of RCRA pursuant to the CESQG permit associated with the subject property. The classification indicates the site is to be investigated and reviewed to determine if RCRA corrective action is necessary.

Section VI. Project Description

The owner seeks to modernize the existing plant while maintaining the current facility use in order to remain competitive, energy-efficient and current with today's health and safety standards. In order to implement the upgrade, the owner must construct a new building and associated spread footers with frost walls and piers. In order to construct spread footers with frost walls and piers, the owner must remove a portion of the existing concrete drip pad.

The key elements/improvements associated with the proposed facility modernization include:

- In-place capping of a 30 ft. by 57 ft. (1,710 square feet) northern section of the existing drip pad with asphalt pavement.
- Constructing a new 88 ft. x 200 ft. drip pad over the remaining portion of the existing drip pad.
- Constructing a new 88 ft. x 200 ft. building (Process Building) over the entire new drip pad.
- Installing modern, efficient pressure treating equipment over a steel containment structure.
- Consolidating existing bulk storage activities in the Process Building inside an improved secondary containment structure.
- Constructing a new 32 ft. x 50 ft. office outside the defined Brownfield Cleanup area to replace the existing offices.
- Limited site grading in the immediate vicinity of the Process Building.
- Implementing a plan to manage stormwater during the construction process.

A detailed project schedule is provided as Attachment 5.

Section VII. Property's Environmental History

1) The site has been extensively studied by NYSDEC, USEPA and the former site owner. These studies include: (a) a 1989 "corrective action prior to loss of interim status" (CAPT LOIS) inspection prepared by A.T. Kearney under contract with USEPA; (b) a 1993 preliminary RCRA facility assessment prepared by TRC under contract with USEPA; and (c) a report entitled *Modified Phase I Environmental Site Assessment and Compliance Audit* dated December 1995 prepared by Groundwater Technology, Inc. at the request of AWII for Northeast Treaters (hereinafter "Phase I Site Assessment"). The Phase I Site Assessment, prepared utilizing American Society for Testing and Materials: Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process (ASTM E 1527), provides a summary of environmental conditions and includes the results of surficial soil sampling at various locations, as well as the installation of borings to a depth of 13-22 feet. Samples were analyzed for total copper, total chromium, total arsenic, TCLP copper, TCLP chromium and TCLP arsenic.

Surface soils at the site were found to be impacted to varying degree. The Phase I Site Assessment concluded that "In the opinion of Groundwater Technology, based upon our extensive knowledge of environmental conditions at wood preservation facilities, the results of the analyses performed should not be considered to be of environmental concern."

The Phase I Site Assessment also notes a spill of approximately three (3) pounds of arsenic pentoxide occurred on May 2, 1990. The cleanup was completed under NYSDEC oversight. By letter dated August 21, 1990, the NYSDEC determined the cleanup was complete.

Of perhaps greater note, as a follow-up to the 1989 CAPT LOIS report, investigations of the site were conducted in 1997 and 1999. The first investigation focused on the area around the sump while the second evaluated broader site conditions. The latter investigation was conducted by KU Resources, Inc. pursuant to a work plan approved by NYSDEC. The final report, entitled *Report of Findings Sampling Visit Work Plan Implementation* dated April 1999 (hereinafter "KU Resources Report") provides a description of the sampling and reported analytical results. The sampling conducted by KU Resources focused on:

- CCA Solution Recycle Sump (south sump)
- Treating Cylinder Pit (north sump)
- Drip Pad
- Former Underground Tank

Background sampling was also performed. The KU Resources Report observes that the drip pad is compliant with RCRA Subpart W. The sampling results were interpreted to indicate no evidence of continuing releases. However, certain locations were observed with concentrations consistent with incidental drippage through routine handling of treated lumber and CCA. The report further concludes that the observed CCA in soil is not mobile due to the substantial thickness of natural, low permeability clay unit beneath the gravel fill at the surface. NYSDEC's review of the 1999 investigation and report is summarized by the NYSDEC in a June 13, 2000 letter which concludes the RCRA facility assessment determined that no RCRA corrective action was required and the owner/operator have met all obligations under the RCRA Corrective Action Program. Pursuant to the letter, residual contamination at the property is to be addressed by a closure program implemented at cessation of operations.

On June 23, 2014, Sterling Environmental Engineering, P.C. (STERLING) conducted focused sampling of the existing concrete drip pad and subsurface soils associated with the Northeast Treaters facility. The findings of this sampling investigation was summarized in the Sampling for Chromium and Arsenic in Drip Pad Concrete and Subsoils report and incorporated into the Drip Pad Work Plan, May 16, 2014 and revised September 3, 2014.

The results of the sample investigation can be interpreted to conclude that, during potential facility upgrades, portions of the concrete to be removed from the existing drip pad will be managed as a hazardous waste and must also be treated to meet the Universal Treatment Standards (UTS) to achieve compliance with the Land Disposal Restrictions (LDRs) prior to land disposal. Additionally, soils from beneath and adjacent to the drip pad removed during construction will be managed as non-hazardous solid waste, unless otherwise beneficially used within the Area of Concern.

All previous environmental reports associated with the subject property may be found in Attachment 6.

2) Sample data discussed in STERLING's Sampling for Chromium and Arsenic in Drip Pad Concrete and Subsoils report and Drip Pad Work Plan are summarized in Tables 1-3.

Sample data discussed in the KU Resources Report are summarized in Tables 4 and 5.

A statistical evaluation of the sample data discussed in the Phase I Assessment is summarized in Table 6.

The complete analytical reports associated with these summary tables are provided as Attachment 7. Note the analytical report associated with the Phase I Assessment is unavailable; however, sample data is provided within the Phase I assessment Report contained in Attachment 6.

Table 1: Concrete Sample Results - TCLP Metals
Northeast Treaters
June 23, 2014

Parameter	Arsenic (mg/L) Chromium (mg/L)
Debris Rule / Universal Treatment Standard	5		0.6	
Sample				
C-1A	0.0062	JВ	5.7	В
C-1B	0.015	JВ	5.3	В
C-1C	0.034	JВ	0.83	В
C-2A	0.0054	JВ	0.14	JВ
C-2B	0.0069	JВ	0.058	ЈΒ
C-2C	0.0073	J	0.077	JВ
C-3A	0.0058	JВ	4.3	В
C-3B	0.0060	JВ	0.25	ЈΒ
C-3C	0.013	JВ	0.88	В
C-4A	0.0063	JВ	6.9	В
C-4B	0.013	JВ	0.073	ЈΒ
C-4C	0.037	JВ	0.12	JВ

Bold indicates Debris Rule exceedance

- B Compound was found in the blank and sample
- J Result is less than the reporting limit but greater than or equal to the method detection limit and the concentration is an approximate value.

Table 2: Soil Sample Results - TCLP Metals
Northeast Treaters
June 23, 2014

Parameter	Arsenic (m	ng/L)	Chromium (mg/L)
Contained-in Determination Level	50		6	
Sample				
S-1A	0.85	В	0.054	JВ
S-1B	0.059	JВ	0.080	JВ
S-1C	0.0077	JВ	0.0084	JВ
S-1D	0.019	JВ	0.0073	JВ
S-1E	0.010	JВ	0.0069	JВ
S-2A	0.011	JВ	0.0068	JВ
S-2B	0.0078	JВ	0.0072	ЈΒ
S-2C	0.0094	JВ	0.0067	JВ
S-2D	0.0075	ЈΒ	0.014	JВ
S-2E	0.0068	JВ	0.0064	JВ
S-3A	0.011	JВ	0.018	JВ
S-3B	0.0047	ЈΒ	0.0074	JВ
S-3C	0.0062	JВ	0.0066	JВ
S-3D	0.0083	JВ	0.0074	JВ
S-3E	0.0095	JВ	0.0086	JВ
S-4A	0.016	JВ	0.0077	JВ
S-4B	0.25	ЈΒ	0.032	JВ
S-4C	0.17	JВ	0.010	JВ
S-4D	0.21	ЈΒ	0.013	ЈΒ
S-4E	0.27	JВ	0.015	JВ

Bold indicates Contained-in Determination Level exceedance

- B Compound was found in the blank and sample
- J Result is less than the reporting limit but greater than or equal to the method detection limit and the concentration is an approximate value.

Table 3: Soil Sample Results - Total Recoverable Metals
Northeast Treaters
June 23, 2014

Parameter	Arsenic (mg/kg)	Chromium (mg/kg)
Restricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives	Commerical/Industrial:	(Hexavalent/Trivalent) Commercial: 400/1,500 Industrial: 800/6,800
Sample		
S-1A	1430	1060
S-1B	95.3	316
S-1C	6.7	20.6
S-1D	17.1	37.3
S-1E	9.2	25.6
S-2A	26.0	11.7
S-2B	10.1	20.8
S-2C	8.0	17.3
S-2D	7.2	17.3
S-2E	8.4	16.7
S-3A	56.8	76.5
S-3B	7.5	24.9
S-3C	9.0	29.8
S-3D	6.7	19.9
S-3E	7.0	22.9
S-4A	78.0	55.0
S-4B	39.7	66.8
S-4C	53.2	46.2
S-4D	64.1	40.7
S-4E	52.6	47.3

Bold indicates Commercial Use Soil Cleanup Objective (SCO) exceedance

Table 4: Analytical Results Results Northeast Treaters November 1998

(Obtained from KU Resources Report)

Location	Depth Interval	Soil Material	Arsenic (mg/kg)	Total Chromium (mg/kg)	Hexavalent Chromium (mg/kg)
	(11.)	material	(rogreg)	(Ingrig)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Background					
C-B	3.5 - 4.0	Clay	6.6	29	<2.5
South Sump					2.1
C-5	4.5 - 5.5	Fill	7.5	39.9	<2.4
C-7	6.5 - 7.0	Fill	70.9	46.5	<2,2
C-7	7.0 - 7.5	Clay	10.6	41.8	<2.6
C-9	7.0 7.5	Fill	50.9	29.8	<2.1
C-9	7.5 - 8.0	Clay	6.7	36.9	<2.6
North Sump					
C-4	6.25 - 6.5	FIII	246	155	10
C-4	7.0 - 7.5	Clay	6.2	40.5	3.4
C-14	1.5 - 2.0	Fill	911	120	30.5
C-14	2.0 - 2.5	Clay	23.8	48.8	<2.6
C-10	7.0 - 7.5	Fill	404	312	42
C-10	7.5 - 8.0	Clay	21.3	348	4.3
Data Dad					
Drip Pad C-11	2.5 - 3.0	FIII	74.1	21,4	<2.1
C-11	3.0 - 3.5	Clay	10.8	42.8	<2.5
C-15	2.5 - 3.0	FIII	75	28.3	3.4
C-15	3.0 - 3.5	Clay	8.5	40.8	<2.5
C-13	2.0 - 2.5	Fill	9.2	730	<2.1
C-12 C-12	2.5 - 3.0	Clay	41.7	108	<2.5
	1.5 - 2.0	Fill	71.7	84.7	3.8
C-13 C-13	2.0 - 2.5	Clay	6.9	32.8	<2.5
C-13	2.0 - 2.0	Clay	0.0	02,0	
Underground Tank	1				
C-1	14.5 - 15.5	Fill	5.4	22.3	<2.5
C-1	15.5 - 16.0	Clay	8.6	34.2	<2.8
C-2	4.5 - 5.0	Fill	192	229	17.6
C-2	5.0 - 5.5	Clay	28:6	79.1	<2.6
C-3	4.25 - 4.5	Fili	662	580	21.6
C-3	4.5 - 5.25	Clay	22.1	47	<2.7
C-6	13.5 - 14.0	Fili	16	41.9	<2.4
C-6	14.0 - 14.5	Clay	8.5	42.5	<2.7
C-8	6.0 - 6.5	Fill	25.2	99	3.5
C-8	6.5 - 7.0	Clay	9.5	36.4	<2.7

Table 5: Summary of Soil Boring Sample Results Northeast Treaters October 1995

(Obtained from KU Resources Report)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	BK-1	B-3	B-4	B-5	B-2	B-1	B-9	B-7	B-6	B-8
Amenic	< 2.85	< 2.9	< 2.88	< 2.82	< 2.87	< 2.87	<3.25	< 2.95	< 2.95	< 2.86
Chromium	24	25.9	29	23.8	28.6	25.5	24.5	27.5	32.7	42.3
Hexavalent Chromium	< 4.98	< 5.23	< 5.37	< 5.26	<5.47	< 5.16	< 5.27	< 5.24	< 5.18	< 4.9

(All Table 5 results in mg/kg)

Table 6: Statistical Evaluation of Soil Data Comparison of Soil Metals Concentrations to Site Background Northeast Treaters June 1997

(Obtained from Phase I Assessment)

	Background	Site	t	Significance
Arsenic	4.6 (0.4)	16.1 (26.6)	0.60	NS
Chromium	33.0 (1.2)	32.1 (16.9)	-0.07	NS
Copper	33.0 (1.2)	26.6 (6.3)	-1.39	NS

Values represent mean (standard deviation)

t-statistic compared to t (0.95, 23) = 1.714 concentrations are greater than background if t-statistic is greater than t (0.95, 23)

NS - Not Significant

- 3) A review of the subject property's environmental history suggests that the property was extensively utilized as a wood treatment facility since it was initially developed in the mid-1970s. CCA was the primary preservative solution utilized by the facility until 2003 when the facility switched to a non-hazardous preservative. As such, CCA is the only suspected and known contaminant.
- 4) A review of the subject property's environmental history suggests that the property was extensively utilized as a wood treatment facility since it was initially developed in the mid-1970s. CCA was the primary preservative solution utilized by the facility until 2003 when the facility switched to a non-hazardous preservative. As such, there is reason to believe that contamination resulted from routine industrial handling of CCA and incidental spills and discharges associated with facility operations.

- 5) The property was extensively utilized as an industrial scale wood treatment facility since it was initially developed in the mid-1970s. For additional information refer to the Modified Phase I Report, dated December 1995, prepared by Groundwater Technology, Inc. and provided in Attachment 6.
- 6) Previous Owners: It is estimated that industrial activities at the subject property began in the mid-1970's when the subject property was transferred to Cross, Austin, & Ireland Lumber Co. by Erich A. Schubert & Karl O. Nie (no contact information available). The Modified Phase I suggests that the facility was built by Koppers Company, Inc. (contact info provided below). The subject property was acquired by AWII in 1978. Northeast Treaters obtained ownership of the subject property in January 1996 (see Attachment 4 for the Ownership Card associated with the subject property).

Facility Constructed By:

Koppers, Inc. (Formerly Koppers Company, Inc.) 436 Seventh Avenue Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15219 Phone: (412) 227-2001

(Requestor's Relationship: None)

Owner and Operator between 1975 and 1978:

Cross, Austin, and Ireland Lumber Company (Defunct) 1246 Grand Street
Brooklyn, New York 11211
Phone: Unavailable

(Requestor's Relationship: None)

Owner and Operator between 1978 and 1996:

Atlantic Wood Industries, Inc. P.O. Box 1608 Savannah, Georgia, 31402 Phone: (912) 964-1234 (Requestor's Relationship: None)

Note, Cox Industries, Inc. completed an asset purchase of AWII's wood treating plants and related operations in July 2012. Contact information for Cox Industries, Inc. is as follows:

Cox Industries, Inc. 860 Cannon Bridge Road Orangeburg, South Carolina 29115 Phone: (803) 534-7467 (Requestor's Relationship: None)

Section VIII. Contact List Information/Site Contact List (SCL)

1) Greene County: Shaun S. Groden

County Administrator 411 Main Street

Catskill, New York 12414

Warren Hart

Director of Economic Development, Tourism & Planning

411 Main Street

Catskill, New York 12414

Town of Athens: Joseph Iraci

Town Supervisor 2 First Street

Athens, New York 12052

Hal Brodie

Town Planning Board Chairman & Member

2 First Street

Athens, New York 12052

2) Site Property:

Tax ID: 104.00-4-30

Property Address: 796 Schoharie Turnpike

Athens, New York 12015

Owner: Northeast Treaters of New York, LLC.

796 Schoharie Turnpike, Athens, New York 12015

Occupants: Industrial Property/Owner Occupied

Adjacent Property to the North:

Tax ID: 104.00-4-32

Property Address: 243 Flats Road

Athens, New York, 12015

Owners: Thomas Mc Manus and Allison Smith

243 Flats Road, Athens, New York 12015

Occupants: Owner Occupied

Adjacent Property to the East:

Tax ID:

104.00-4-40

Property Address:

722 Schoharie Turnpike Athens, New York 12015

Owners:

David Hazen and Belkis Hazen

722 Schoharie Turnpike, Athens, New York 12015

Occupants:

Owner Occupied

Adjacent Property to the Southeast:

Tax ID:

104.00-4-26

Property Address:

770 Schoharie Turnpike Athens, New York 12015

Owners:

Charles Ford and Heather Ford

80 East Maple Ave, Suffern, New York 10901

Occupants:

Commercial Property (listed for sale)

Adjacent Property to the South:

Tax ID:

104.00-4-27.1

Property Address:

749 Schoharie Turnpike Athens, New York 12015

Owners:

Greene County IDA

270 Mansion Street, Coxsackie, New York 12051

Occupants:

Industrial Property/Owner Occupied

Adjacent Property to the Southwest:

Tax ID:

104.00-4-27.2

Property Address:

763 Schoharie Turnpike Athens, New York 12015

Owners:

Greene County IDA

270 Mansion Street, Coxsackie, New York 12051

Occupants:

Industrial Property/Owner Occupied

Adjacent Property to the West:

Tax ID:

104.00-4-39

Property Address:

296 Route 28

Athens, New York 12015

Owners:

Central Hudson Gas & Electric

284 South Avenue, Poughkeepsie, New York 12602

Occupants:

Vacant

3) Local news media:

Register-Star

1 Hudson City Centre

Suite 202

Hudson, NY 12534 Phone: (518) 828-1616

Email: editorial@registerstar.com

4) Public Water Supply:

Athens Village (PWS ID: 1900024)

Mayor Christian Pfister and Village Board

2 First Street Athens, NY 12015

E-Mail: christianp@mhcable.com

- 5) No person has requested to date to be placed on the contact list.
- 6) No school or day care facility is located within one (1) mile of the project site.
- 7) Not applicable.
- 8) Repository:

Ms. Bonnie Snyder Library Director D.R. Evarts Library 80 Second Street Athens, New York 12015

See Attachment 8 for a copy of the letter submitted to the D.R. Evarts Library acknowledging that it agrees to act as the document repository for the subject property.

Section IX. Land Use Factors

1) The subject property is zoned and currently used as industrial.

Wood product is currently treated within an 80 foot long by 6 foot diameter treatment cylinder in the Process Building. The cylinder is filled with a non-hazardous preservative solution and a vacuum is created to draw solution into the wood. After treatment under pressure, a vacuum in the cylinder extracts excess solution from the wood. After being removed from the cylinder, the wood is stacked in the Process Building.

The drip pad, including the concrete floor under the treatment cylinder, drains to a concrete sump. The entire existing drip pad is contained within the building. Sumps, located at each end of the treatment tube, collect excess solution from the treatment process and from the drip pad for recycling back into the wood treatment process. The sumps are constructed of concrete and are approximately 8 feet by 8 feet by 3 feet deep.

- 2) The intended use of the subject property is industrial for wood product treatment.
- 3) Yes. Also see answer to #14 below.
- 4) Yes. The Greene County Existing Land Use Map (see Attachment 3), dated June 2007, recognizes the past and current industrial use of the subject property. The post remediation property use is not proposed to change. The site is currently used for industry, is zoned for industrial use, and plans on continuing to be utilized for industrial purposes (see Attachment 9) after remediation.
- 5) Yes. Chapter Seven (7), *Industrial Sites and Facilities*, of the Greene County Comprehensive Economic Development Plan, dated July 2007, discusses a plan to establish an Industrial Park in Athens at and around the location of the subject property (see bottom of page 7-8 of Attachment 9).
- 6) No, there are no environmental justice concerns (see Attachment 10).
- 7) The subject property is designated as an Empire Zone [economic development zone] by New York State's Empire State Development (see the County's Tax Map provided in Attachment 3).
- 8) Yes. Also note the estimated Greene County population decreased slightly in 2012 2013.
- 9) Yes. The subject property is within one (1) mile from access to U.S. Route 9W, and is served by public water, electrical, and natural gas services. The facility currently utilizes an onsite septic system. Chapter Seven (7), *Industrial Sites and Facilities*, of the Greene County Comprehensive Economic Development Plan (see Attachment 9), dated July 2007, suggests there is a future potential to extend the municipal sewer system to serve the industrial park population of Athens where the Northeast Treaters Facility is located. Rail lines are located approximately 750 feet to the west of the subject property.
- 10) Yes, see map in Attachment 11. The map shows a half-mile buffer (dashed red line) around the subject property; NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP) archaeological sensitivity buffer areas (hashed lines with goldenrod border); and geocoded built resources in NYS OPRHP's inventory (black, red, and green squares). Note, the exact location of recorded archaeologic resources is not provided due to the sensitivity of these sites, and a buffer

distance of one-tenth mile to a half-mile is applied to each recorded archaeological resource depending on site classification. Below is a list of NYS OPRHP archaeological sensitive buffer areas within a half-mile of the property:

USN #	Name	Туре
03902.000007	POSSIBLE MOUND SITE, 2 LOCATIONS, SM#432	Precontact
03902.000222	ATHENS COMPRESSOR-ATHENS AIRSTRIP SITE (LOCI 1-16)	Precontact
03902.000282	Peckham Locus 1 Precontact Site	Precontact
03902.000283	Peckham Locus 2 Precontact Site	Precontact

No other known cultural resources are located within a half-mile of the site.

- 11) Yes. The site is located within a half-mile of Federal and State regulated Wetlands (Wetland No. HN-108; see Attachment 12). Further, the NYSDEC Nature Explorer tool indicates that the Stiff-Leaf Goldenrod, a flowering plant species, may be observed to the west of the project site. The Stiff-Leaf Goldenrod is listed as threatened in New York State, however, it is not listed Federally. Additional information regarding the Stiff-Leaf Goldenrod is provided as Attachment 12. No other important natural resources, including wildlife refuges and/or critical habitats, are located within a half-mile of the project site.
- 12) No. The subject property is not located within a half-mile of a floodplain. The subject property is mapped on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Number 36039C0287F. The area surrounding the subject property is mapped on FEMA FIRM Numbers 36039C0288F, 36039C0289F, and 36039CIND0A. FEMA FIRM Maps are provided as Attachment 13.
- 13) No institutional controls are applicable to the subject property.
- 14) Industrial sites adjacent to the property are located to the south and southwest. One Commercial site is located adjacent to the property to the southeast. Two (2) adjacent sites, located to the north and east of the subject property, are zoned residential. The adjacent site located to the west of the subject property is currently vacant. General land use within a half-mile of the subject property consists of a combination of industrial, commercial, residential, vacant, agricultural, and public services (see the Existing Land Use Map provided within Attachment 3). Note, sites adjacent to the subject property located to the east, north, west, southwest, and south are designated Empire Zones (see the County Tax Map provided in Attachment 3).
- 15) There are no known wellhead protection areas or groundwater recharge areas in the vicinity of the subject property [Source: Jane Thapa, Public Health Engineer at the New York State Department of Health; Tel. (518) 402-7711].
- 16) The geography and geology is summarized as follows:

The subject property slopes slightly towards the west as the easternmost portion of the property is located at an elevation of approximately 140 feet above mean sea level (amsl) and the westernmost portion of the property is located at an elevation of approximately 130 feet amsl. The surrounding topography located a half-mile to the north, south, and west of the subject property is relatively flat

and is at an elevation between 130 and 150 feet amsl. The area located a half-mile to the east of the subject property is at an elevation of approximately 200 feet amsl and slopes west towards the subject property.

The nearest surface water, a tributary to Murderers Creek, is located approximately 1,000 feet to the north of the subject property. Murderers Creek, a regulated Class C waterbody, is located approximately 1.6 miles to the north of the subject property and flows towards Sleepy Hollow Lake, located approximately 1.6 miles to the east of the subject property.

The geology of the site consists of Covington and Madalin soils to the west and Kingsbury and Rhinebeck soils to the east. The soils are derived from glaciolacustrine deposits and may be described as poorly drained with varying transmissivities. A complete Soil Resource Report obtained from the United States Department of Agriculture's Web Soil Survey is provided as Attachment 14.

Section X. Statement of Certification and Signatures

No Explanations Necessary.

2014-08\Brownfield Cleanup App\Attachment 1 - Application Explanation_100614.doc

ATTACHMENT 2

ENTITY INFORMATION REPORT FROM
NYS DEPARTMENT OF STATE DIVISION OF CORPORATIONS
& BUSINESS ENTITY DATABASE

NYS Department of State

Division of Corporations

Entity Information

The information contained in this database is current through September 29, 2014.

Selected Entity Name: NORTHEAST TREATERS OF NEW YORK, LLC

Selected Entity Status Information

Current Entity Name: NORTHEAST TREATERS OF NEW YORK, LLC

DOS ID #: 1991683

Initial DOS Filing Date: JANUARY 19, 1996

County: GREENE **Jurisdiction:** NEW YORK

Entity Type: DOMESTIC LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Current Entity Status: ACTIVE

Selected Entity Address Information

DOS Process (Address to which DOS will mail process if accepted on behalf of the entity)

NORTHEAST TREATERS OF NEW YORK, LLC 796 SCHOHARIE TURNPIKE ATHENS, NEW YORK, 12015

Registered Agent

NONE

This office does not require or maintain information regarding the names and addresses of members or managers of nonprofessional limited liability companies. Professional limited liability companies must include the name(s) and address(es) of the original members, however this information is not recorded and only available by viewing the certificate.

*Stock Information

of Shares

Type of Stock

\$ Value per Share

No Information Available

*Stock information is applicable to domestic business corporations.

Name History

Filing Date Name Type

Entity Name

JAN 19, 1996 Actual

NORTHEAST TREATERS OF NEW YORK, LLC

A **Fictitious** name must be used when the **Actual** name of a foreign entity is unavailable for use in New York State. The entity must use the fictitious name when conducting its activities or business in New York State.

NOTE: New York State does not issue organizational identification numbers.

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ATTACHMENT 3

SITE LOCATION MAP

SUBJECT PROPERTY MAP

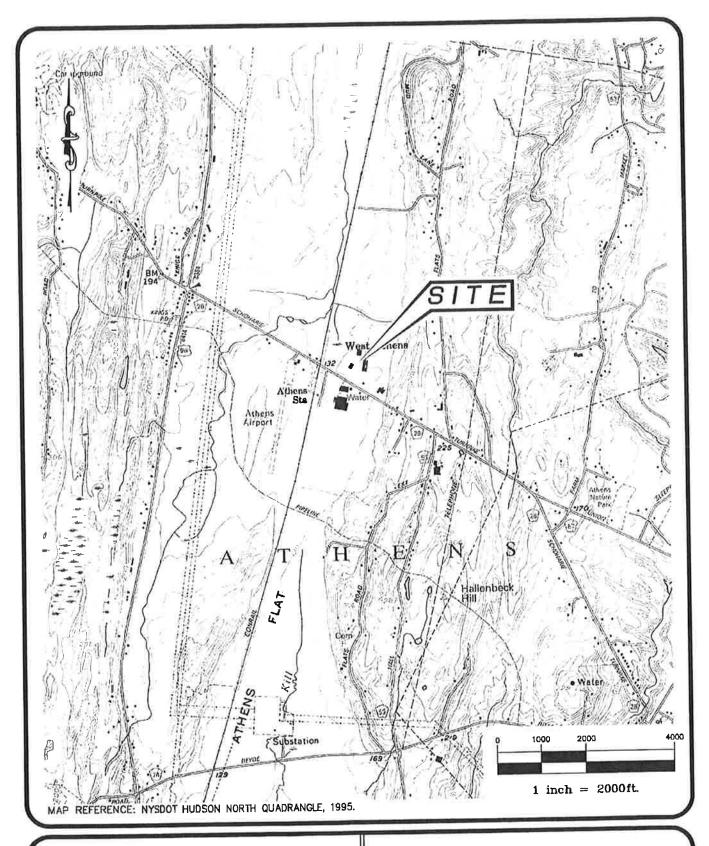
BROWNFIELD SITE MAP

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN RECOMMENDATIONS MAP EXCERPT

EXCERPT OF TAX MAP (TOWN OF ATHENS, GIS PUBLIC ACCESS DATABASE MAP)

GREENE COUNTY EXISTING LAND USE MAP

GREENE COUNTY SEWER AND WATER DISTRICT MAP





Sterling Environmental Engineering, P.C.

24 Wade Road + Latham, New York 12110

SITE LOCATION MAP

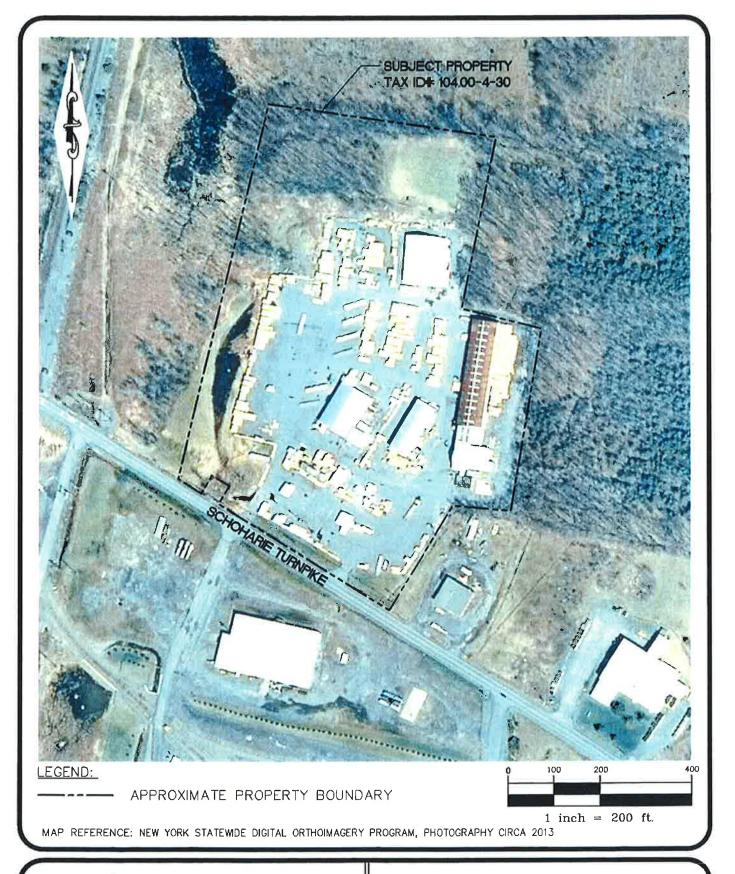
TOWN OF ATHENS

GREENE CO., N.Y.

PROJ. No.: 2014-08 DATE:

4/21/14 | SCALE:

1" = 2000' DWG. NO. 2014-08001 FIGURE



S ERLING

Sterling Environmental Engineering, P.C.

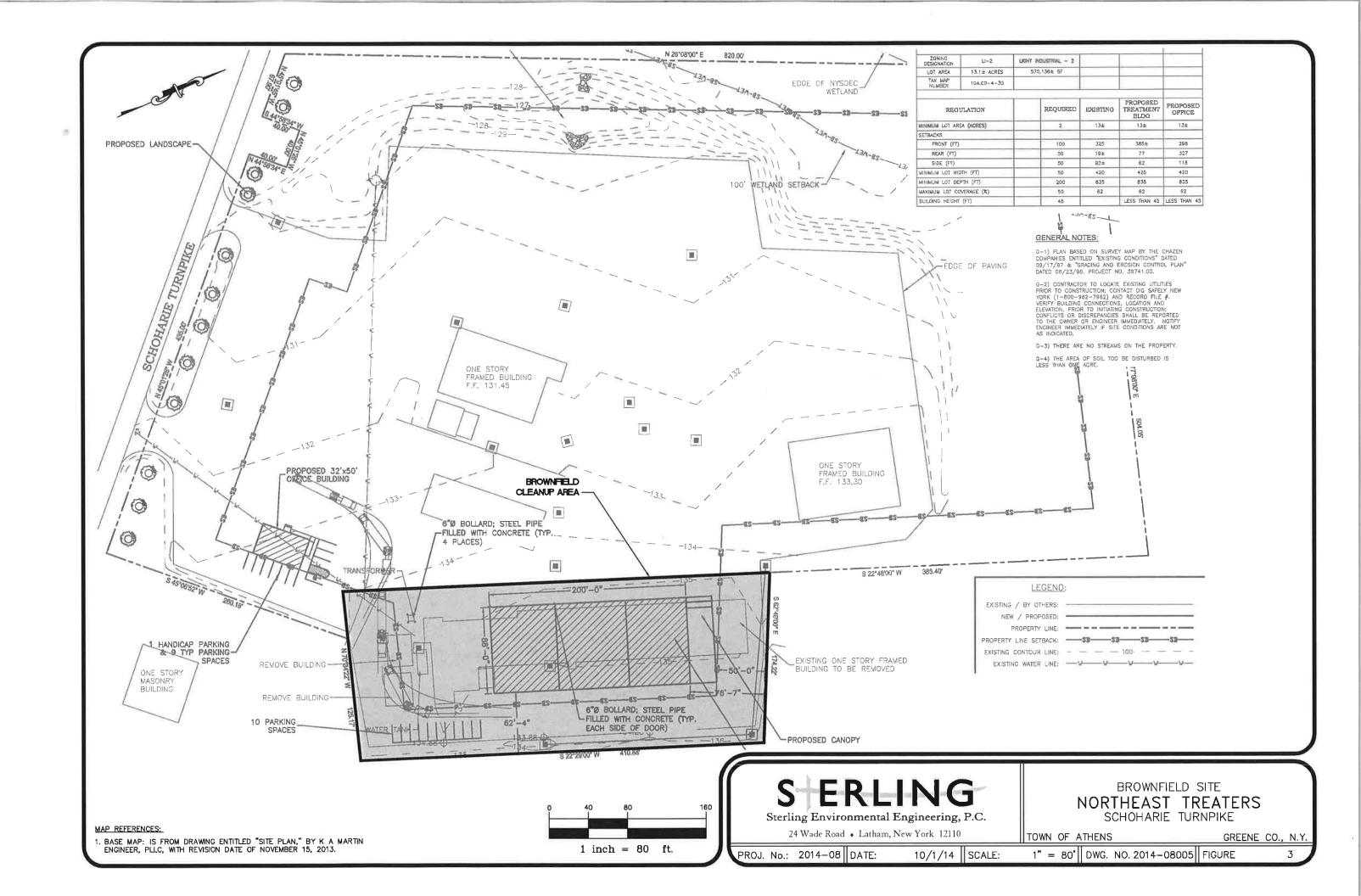
24 Wade Road + Latham, New York 12110

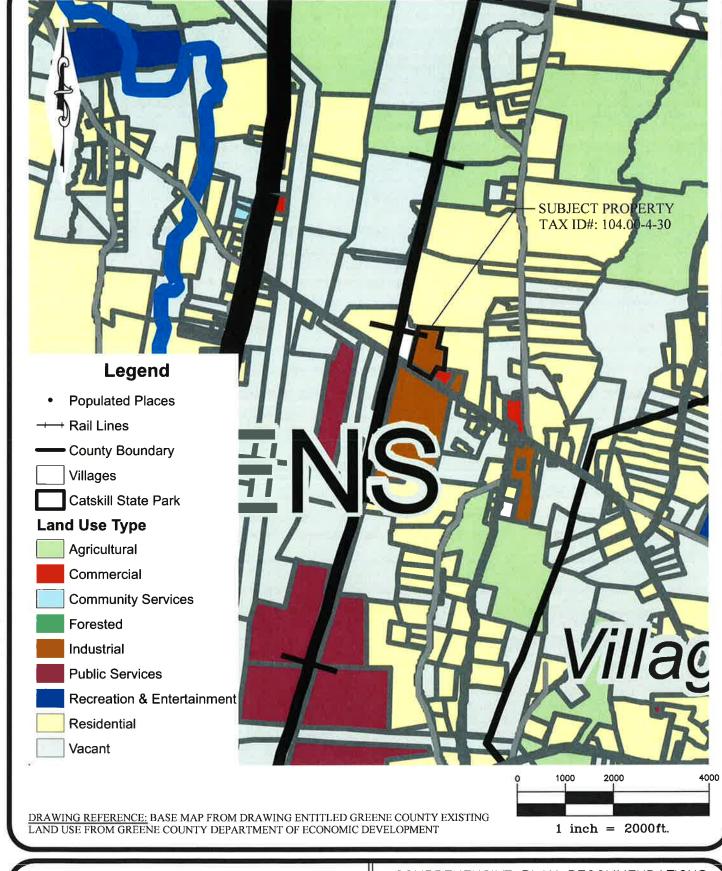
SUBJECT PROPERTY MAP

TOWN OF ATHENS

GREENE CO., N.Y.

PROJ. No.: 2014-08 DATE: 4/21/14 SCALE: 1" = 200' DWG. NO. 2014-08002 FIGURE 2





S ERLING

Sterling Environmental Engineering, P.C.

24 Wade Road • Latham, New York 12110

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN RECOMMENDATIONS MAP EXCERPT

NORTHEAST TREATERS
SCHOHARIE TURNPIKE

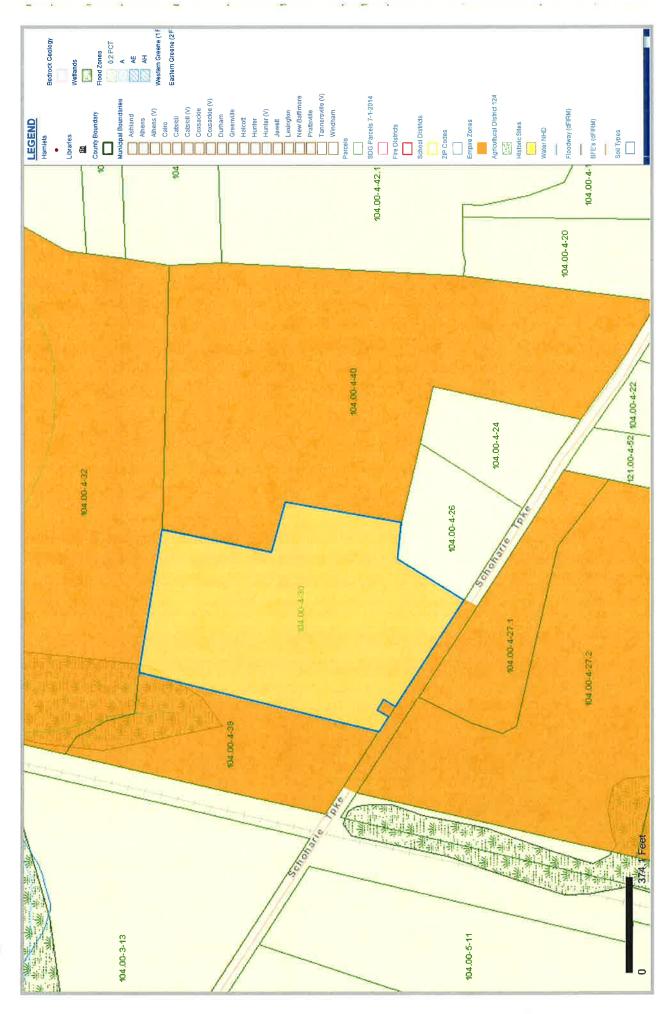
TOWN OF ATHENS

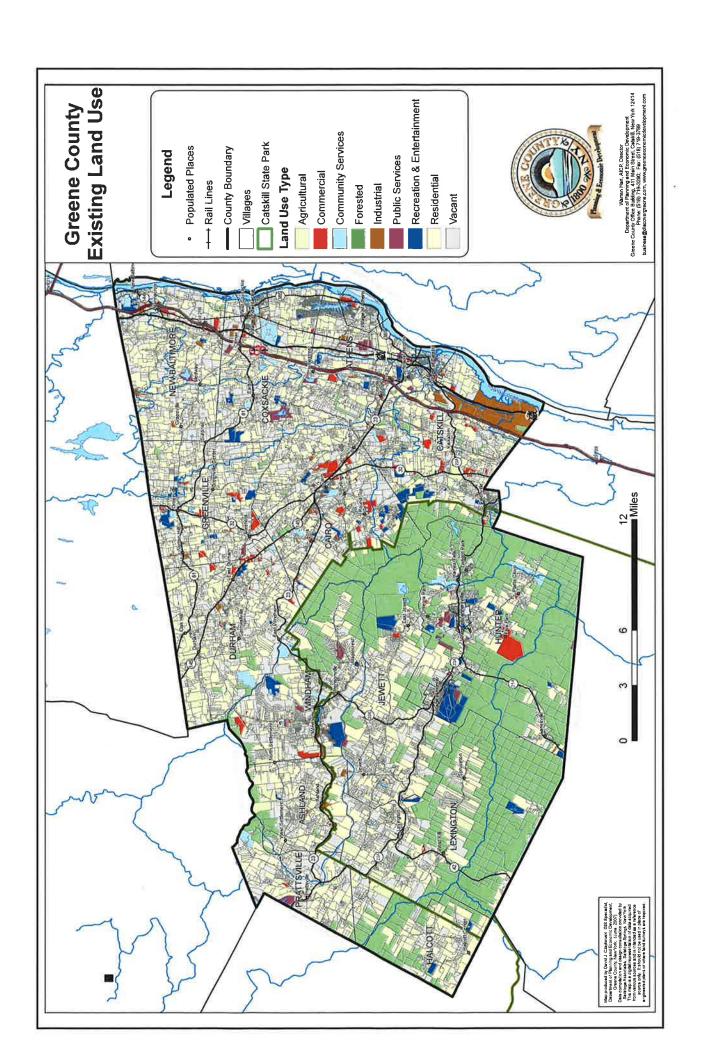
GREENE CO., N.Y.

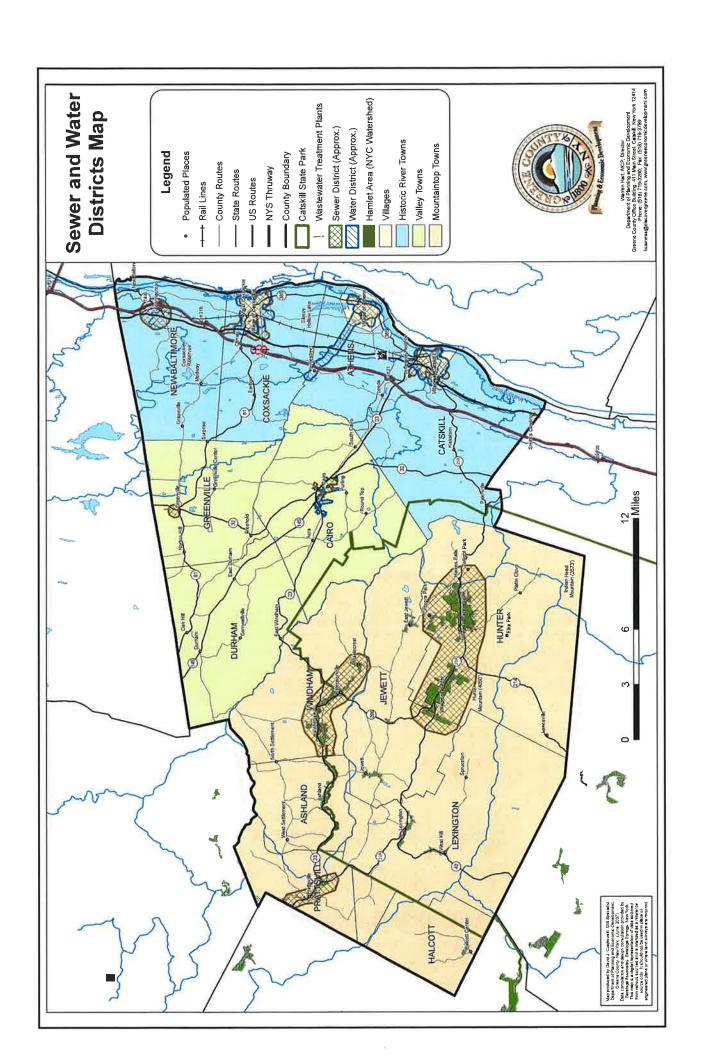
PROJ. No.: 2014-08 DATE: 10/1/14 SCALE: 1" = 2,000' DWG. NO. 2014-08004 FIGURE



796 Schoharie Turnpike, Town of Athens, New York







ATTACHMENT 4

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION REPORT & OWNERSHIP CARD FROM TOWN OF ATHENS (IMAGE MATE ONLINE DATABASE)

TAX DISTRICT		COORDINATE LOCATOR	MORtheast	heast	
TOWN OF ATHENS		63353	SECTION	BLOCK	LOT
-	000-0	\$83338	104.00	04	30
SUBDIVISION NAME			SUBDIVISION LOT NO.		STATUS
					200
		DIMENSIONS		Ž	Z 3 Z
LAND USE	SCHOOL DISTRICT	SPECIAL DISTRICT CODE			
400	192801	: AT3			
INMO	OWNER'S NAME AND ADDRESS		DATE, ACQUIRED	DEED BOOK,	PAGE NO.
ATLANTIC WOOD IND, INC	IND, ANC.		12/20/78	95 7	821
BOX 1608 SAVANNAH, GA.: 3140.2	31402				ţ,
Atlantic Wood Industries	Industrie	s Hnc.	11)30)85	593	305
Northeast	Tolosters	say my	96/æ/1	2/2	60
GREENE COUNTY PROPERTY MAP	PROPERTY M		GEOGRAPHIC INDE	PHIC IND	×

Form 1884S N.Y. DEED-WARRANTY with Lien Cov

Indenture,

Nineteen Hundred and Ninety-six

day of

ATLANTIC WOOD INDUSTRIES, INC., P.O. Box 1608, Savannah, Georgia 31402, a corporation organized under the laws of the United States of America

party of the first part, and NORTHEAST TREATERS OF NEW YORK, LLC, Schoharie Turnpike, Athens, NY 12015,

渾itnesseth that the party of the first part, in consideration of

of the second part.

- Dollar (\$1.00 ogsvc lawful money of the United States, and other good and valuable consideration
paid by the part y of the second part, does hereby grant and release unto the part y
of the second part, their heirs and assigns forever, all their heirs and assigns forever, all

ALL THAT CERTAIN PLOT, PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Town of Athens, County of Greene, State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the northerly right-of-way line of Schoharie Tumpike Road, said point marked by an iron pin, said pin further described as being 1/2 mile more or less southeasterly along said Schoharie Turnpike from U.S. Route 9W, thence from said point N, 45 degrees 01 minutes 26 seconds W, 542.90 feet to a point, said point being a painted notch in a large boulder, said point being on the division line of the lands of the granter herein to the East and the lands of the Central Hudson Electric and Gas Company to the West, thence along said division line N, 26 degrees 08 minutes 00 seconds E, 820.00 feet to a point, said point being an iron pipe marking the northwest corner of the grantor herein and the southwest corner of Kubovitz, thence along the division line of the lands now or formerly of Kubovitz to the North and the grantor herein the following four courses: S, 71 degrees 08 minutes 00 seconds E, 504.05 feet to an iron pin; S, 22 degrees 48 minutes 00 seconds W, 385.40 feet to an iron pin; S, 62 degrees 40 minutes 00 seconds E, 174.22 feet to a point, said point being a three-forked Elm tree, said tree witnessed by two iron pins set 10 feet from said tree and on the boundary lines marked by said tree; S, 22 degrees 29 minutes 00 seconds W, 410.88 feet to an iron pipe, thence along the division line of the lands of the Athens Garage and the lands of the grantor herein the following two courses to the point of beginning; N, 70 degrees 34 minutes 22 seconds W, 125.17 feet to an iron pin, S. 45 degrees 06 minutes 52 seconds W. 260.18 feet.

Excepting and reserving from the above a parcel of land 40 feet square conveyed to the Village of Athens by deed recorded in the Greene County Clerk's Office in Book 335, page 275, said parcel bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point situated on the northerly line of Schoharie Turnpike, said point being an iron pin, said pin further described as being S, 45 degrees 01 minutes 26 seconds E, 67.90 feet from a painted notch in a large boulder (as called in the description above), thence perpendicular to the northerly line of Schoharie Turnpike 40 feet to an iron pin, thence perpendicular to the previous course 40 feet to an iron pin, thence perpendicular to the previous course 40 feet to an iron pin situated on the northerly line of Schoharie Turnpike, thence N, 45 degrees 01 minutes 26 seconds W, 40 feet to the point of beginning.

The above description taken from a map and survey signed by Frank F. Ambrosio, L.S. 48971, and containing a net area of 13.17 acres and Tropsymphic Surgey of Example of Astronomy Month of the property of the control Manuasycklyck996x

Being the same premises conveyed to Atlantic Wood Industries, Inc. by the National Commercial Bank and Trust Company by deed dated December 20, 1978 and recorded in the Greene County Clerk's Office in Book 496 of Deeds at page 821.

This sale is made with the unanimous consent of grantor's Board of Directors in its regular course of business and does not include all or substantially all corporate assets.

LIBER 848 PAGE

63 Ungether with the appartenances and all the estate and rights of the party of the Jirst part in and to said premises,

To have and to hold the premises herein granted unto the party of the and assigns forever. of the second part,

And the party of the first part covenants as follows:
Birst, That the part y of the second part shall quietly enjoy the said premises;
Brennd, That the party of the first part will forever Anxion the title to said f

Chird. That, in Compilance with Sec. 13 of the Lien Law, the grantor will receive the consideration for this conveyance and will hold the right to receive such consideration as a trust fund to be applied first for the purpose of paying the cost of the improvement and will apply the same first to the payment of the cost of the improvement before using any part of the total of the same for any other purpose.

HECEIVED AN 2 4 1996

1032

In Presence of

遭 2 N 飞. _

In Witness Whereof, the party of the first part has ransock to component a raktock behoreus to afflority much theme presents to be signed by its duly authorized officer this 22nd day of January Nincteen Hundred and Ninety-six

Atlantic Wood Industries, Inc

State of 解論 警論 County of Albany

On this ZZvol day of Nineteen Hundred and Ninety-six

before me personally came

Jelliey A. Smigel

to me personally known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say that he resides in Tyloca Indiana, Georgia that he is the vice-provident of Atlanti Wood Indiana, in the corporation described in, and which executed, the within Instrument; that who know the corporation contained by and which executed, the within Instrument; that who know the corporation contained by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation; and that he signed name thereto by like order.

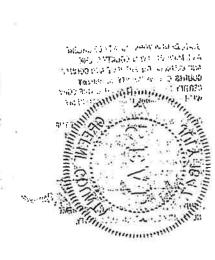
WILLIAM A. KUCHINSKI Notary Public, State of New York Reciding in Albany County Registration No. 4813006 My Commission Expires 12 1816

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF GREENE AS I, MICHAEL FLYNIL COUNTY CLERK AND CLERK OF THE SUPREME AND COUNTY COURTS, GREENE COUNTY DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I HAVE COMPARED THIS COPY WITH THE ORIGINAL THEREOF FILED IN MY

OFFICE ON 01/24/46 AND THAT THE SAME IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT THEREOF AND OF THE WHOLE OF SUCH ORIGINAL IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I HAVE HERE UNTO SET MY HAND AND AFFIXED THE SEAL SAID LO

COUNTY FLERK AND CLERK OF THE AND EQUITY COURTS, GREENE COUNTY.

님 1 S O TREATERS NORTHEAST







Help Log In

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Owner/Sales
Inventory
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SWIS:	192289	Tax ID:	104.00-4-30		
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Map Disclaimer





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F1995		Owners	hip I	nform	ation	
Name Address						3
Thomas	omas Mc Manus 243 Flats Rd Athens NY 12015			5		
Allison S	Smi	th		243 Flats Rd Athens NY 12015		
		Sale	Info	rmatio	n	
Sale Da	te	Price	Property Class		Sale Type	Prior Owner
7/17/199	93	\$72,000		322 - Rural vac>10		Bush, Jerry
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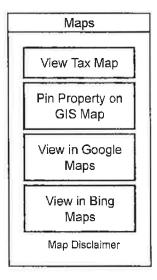
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Navigation Tools GIS Map Tax Maps | ORPS Links

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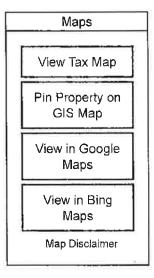
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Na	ame		Addres	S
David Haz	en		oharie Tpk NY 12015	
Belkis Haz	en		oharie Tpk NY 12015	
	Sale	Inform	ation	
Sale Date	Price	Property Class	Sale Type	Prior Owner
2/16/1996	\$100,000	240 - Rural res	Land & Building	Deslaurier, Robert
	Value Usable	Arms Length	Deed Book	Deed Page
	No	Yes	849	149

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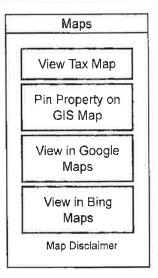
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DL	Name	80 East Ma	Address
Charles		80 East Ma Suffern NY	ple Ave

	Sa	le Inforn	nation	
Sale Date	Price	Property Class	Sale Type	Prior Owner
8/2/1990	\$90	433 - Auto body	Land & Building	Valentine, Mark
	Value Usable	Arms Length	Deed Book	Deed Page
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•	Ownership Card	







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SWIS:	192289	Tax	ID:	104.00-	4-27.1
	Owners	hip	Inform		
	Name			Address	
Greene C	ounty IDA		270 Man Coxsack	sio n St ie NY 120	51
	Sale	Inf	ormati	on	
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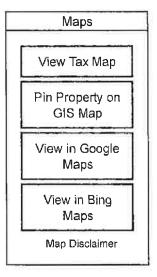
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Date		Class	Туре	Owner
1/4/2008	\$1,250,000	710 - Manufacture	Land & Building	Greene County IDA
	Value	Arms Length	Deed	Deed
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Help Log In

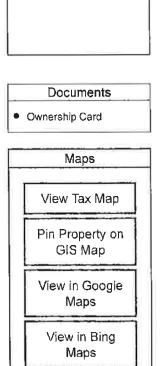
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SWIS:	192289	Tax ID:	104.00-4-27.2
	Owner	ship Infor	mation Address



Map Disclaimer

ATTACHMENT 5 PROJECT SCHEDULE

Northeast Treaters of New York, LLC Facility Modernization Schedule Updated 10/10/2014

Action	Days	Start	Finish
Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) Application	14	9/23/2014	10/7/2014
Remedial Investigation (RI) Submittal to DEC	28	9/23/2014	10/21/2014
BCP Public Comment	30	10/8/2014	11/7/2014
BCP Agreement	7	11/8/2014	11/15/2014
BCP Process / RI Sampling	46	11/15/2014	12/31/2014
RI Report	116	11/15/2014	3/11/2015
Remedial Design (RD)	45	3/1/2015	4/15/2015
RD Approval	30	4/15/2015	5/15/2015
Drip Pad Building Demolition	5	7/26/2015	7/31/2015
Final Engineering Report	61	8/1/2015	10/1/2015
Receive Certificate of Completion	72	10/1/2015	12/12/2015

ATTACHMENT 7

LABORATORY DATA

Attachment 7a: Centre Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

June 1997, Analytical Data

Attachment 7b: Accutest Laboratories

November 1998, Analytical Data

Attachment 7c: TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

July 2014, Analytical Data

Attachment 7a

Centre Analytical Laboratories, Inc. June 1997, Analytical Data



Page: 1

3048 Research Drive, State College PA 16801

814-231-8032

FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY GEOSCIENCE INC 120 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16801 Account Number: 165

Contact. SHANA TRITSCH

Date Received: 18-JUN-97
Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-97

Illent ID: BK-1

Lab ID. 515119-1

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			LIMIT		TOST DATE	ANALYE
PARAMETOR	00:75	RESULT	QUANTITATION	TOUT METROS		
HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/kg(dry)	< 4 98	438	EPA 7196	18 -JUN - 97	GAF
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Submitted by Centre Analytical Lars Inc. Reviewed and Approved by

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3048 Research Drive, State College PA 16801

814-231-8032

FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY GEOSCIENCE INC 120 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16801 ACCOUNT Number: 165

Contact: SHANA TRITSCH

Date Received: 18-JUN-97 Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-97

Client ID: B-1

Lab ID: L15119-6

Parameter	שוודב	RESULT	LIMIT OF QUANTITATION	TEST METHOD	TEST DATE	ANALYS
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Submitted by Centra Analytical Labs. Inc. Reviewed and Approved by:

Kevin J. Lloyd Laboratory Supervisor





Page: 5

3048 Research Drive, State College PA 16801

814-231-8032

FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY GEOSCIENCE INC 120 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16801 Account Number: 165

Contact: SHANA TRITSCH

Date Received: 18-JUN-97 Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-97

Client ID: B-2 Lab ID: L15119-5

			LIMIT			
PARAMETER	UNITS	result	OF QUANTITATION	TEST METHOD	TET :	TATE ANALYST
HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/kg(dry)	< 5.47	5.47	EPA 7196	18-JU	1-97 GAP
METALS ANALYSIS ARSENIC-TOTAL CHROMIUM-TOTAL	mg/kg(dry) mg/kg(dry)	< 2.87 28.6	2.87 .574	EPA 6010 EPA 6010	NU21 NU21	
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Submitted by Centre Analytical Labs. Inc. Reviewed and Approved by:

Kevin J. Lloyd Laboratory Supervisor





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3048 Research Drive, State College PA 16801

FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY GEOSCIENCE INC 120 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16801

Account Numbers 155

Contact: SHANA TRITSCH

Date Received: 18-JUN-97 Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-37

Client ID 3-3 Lap ID: L15119-2

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HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/kg(dry)	< 5,23	5.23	EPA 7196	2 18-JUN-97	GAF
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Submitted by Centre Analytical Labs, Inc. Reviewed and Approved by:

Kevin J. Gloya Laboratory Supervisor



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3048 Research Drive. State College PA 16801

814-231-8032

FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY TROSCIENCE INC 100 FADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16371 Account Number 165

Tontact: SHANA TRITCON

Date Received: 18-JUN-97 Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-97

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Lis ID 115117-1

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HEXAVALENT THROMIUM	τg, kg ⊴ <i>zy.</i>	- 3.37	5.37	EPA 7196	18-JUN-97	GAF
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Paris J Mari Laboratory Currenter



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3048 Research Drive. State College PA 16801

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FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY JECSCIENCE INC. 120 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16801 Account Number: 165

Contact: SHANA TRITSCH

Date Received_ 18-JUN-07 Date Reported, 24-JUN-07

Invoice Number: 14414

Late Collected: 17-JUN-97

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PARAMETER	CAF:T3 -	±2772	20020027302300	רבודד אבדונס	TEST DATE	RIALYS
HEKAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/kg·dr/+	< 5.26	5.26	EPA 7136	18-JUN-97	GAF
METALS ANALYSIS ARSENIC-TOTAL DEROMIUM-TOTAL	mg/kg/dry: rg/kg·dry:	× 2.82 23.8	2.32 .563	EPA 6010 EPA 6010	19-JUN-97	HWU HWU
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Submitted by Centre Analytical Lacs. Inc. Reviewed ind Approved by

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3048 Research Drive, State College PA 16801

814-231-8032

FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY GEOSCIENCE INC 120 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16801 Account Number: 165

Contact: SHANA TRITSCH

Date Received: 18-JUN-97 Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-97

Client ID: B-6

Lab ID: L15119-10

PARAMETER	UNITS	RESULT	LIMIT OF QUARTITATIC!!	TEST METHOS	TRST DATE	analyst

HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/kg(dry)	< 5.18	5.18	EPA 7196	18-JUN-97	GAF
METALS ANALYSIS ARSENIC-TOTAL CHROMIUM-TOTAL	mg/kg(dry) mg/kg(dry)	< 2.95 32.7	2.95 .591	EPA 6010 EPA 6010	19-JUN-97 19-JUN-97	HWU
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Submitted by Centre Analytical Labs, Inc. Reviewed and Approved by:

Revin J. Lloyd Laboratory Subervisor





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3048 Research Drive, State College PA 16801

814-231-8032

FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY GEOSCIENCE INC 120 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16801

Account Number: 165

Contact: SHANA TRITSCH

Date Received: 18-JUN-97 Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-97

Client ID: B-7

Lab ID: L15119-8

PARAMETER	CRITTS	RESULT	LIMIT OF CUARTITATION	TEST METHOD	TEST DATE	ANALYS
HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/kg(dry)	< 5.24	5 . 24	EPA 7196	18-JUN-9,7	GAF
METALS ANALYSIS ARSENIC-TOTAL CHROMIUM-TOTAL	mg/kg(dry) mg/kg(dry)	< 2.95 27.5	2.95	EPA 6010 EPA 6010	19-JUN-97 19-JUN-97	HWT.
PERCENT SOLIDS	¥	75.43	.21	SM 2540A	19-JUN-97	JWH
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Submitted by Centre Analytical Labs, Inc. Reviewed and Approved by:

Martin J. Gloyd Maccratory Supervisor



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3048 Research Drive. State College PA 16801

814-231-8032

FAX 814-231-1253

MITTANY GEOSCIENCE INC 100 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16661 ACCOUNT NUMBER 165

Involce Number: 14414

Tontact SHANA TRITECH

Date Callected: 17-JUN-97

Date Received: 14-JUN-37

Date Reported: 24-JUN-#7

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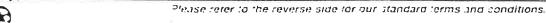
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3048 Research Drive. State College PA 16801

814-231-8032 FAX 814-231-1253

NITTANY DESCRENCE INC 121 RADNOR ROAD STATE COLLEGE , PA 16901 Account Summer: 165

Contact SHAMA TRITSCH

Date Received: 18-JUN-97 Date Reported: 24-JUN-97

Invoice Number: 14414

Date Collected: 17-JUN-37

Mient ID: 3-3

Las ID: 115113-7

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PARAMETER	271.72	FESTER	2EMATITATION	TECT METHOD	TEST CATE	AUALY.
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	19719 427		1	22A 7139	13-JUN-97	GAF
METALS ANALYSIS	- h	N 92 854	1			
ARSENIC-TOTAL DEROMIUM-TOTAL	mg/kg/dry.	< 1.35	1.35	EPA 5010	19-551-97	JWH
	mg/kg dry;	24.3	. 47 i	EPA 5010	19-503-37	JWH
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Submitted by Tentre Analytical Labs, Inc. Reviewed and Approved by:

Lungratury Supervisor



Geobrope, 2011 Round rod

NGS Proje	ot Number 272-00		Boring no.	BK-1	Sheat of
Project Lo	ortion Northea	st Treaters, Athens, NY	Sample nar	BK-1	
Operator	Ç. Rockweil	Geologiet S. Tritsch		RD-J	N. S. D. W.
Sampling :	location		Sampling Method Geoprobe	T, ii t	ring Linkti
	2			'Rme	Time
	See Figur	3	Headspace enalysis method None	0750	0815
			7,5,13	Date	Date
			Depth to water	6/17/97	6/17/97
			Surface conditions, other comments		
			Gravel and grass		
			Cloudy 60°		

Dep (tee	th 1)	Recovery in feet	Receivery in %	USCS abbrev.	Description of material and remarks	Samp e collected	Total
o O	То 4	a :- 4	100		10" topsoil		
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Geoprobe Soil Boring Log

NGS Proje	of Number 272-00	4	Horing o	o. B-1	Sheet of
Project Lo	estion Northea	st Treaters, Athens, NY	Sample	B-1	mrsika===
Operator	C. Rockwell	Geologist S, Tritsch		D-1	
Sampling	location		Sampling Method Geoprobe	5.1.01 B	onng Lmedi
	¥)			Time	Time
	See Figure		Headepace analysis method None	1130	1150
	000 19			Date	Date
			Depth to water Unknown	6/17/97	6/17/97
			Surface conditions, other comments		
			Hard gravel		
			Cloudy 65°		

						PID meas. (pp
Dept (feet	h) To	Recovery in feet	Recevery in Sa	Description of material and remarks	Sample	Total
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				Bottom 0.5' brown clay	327 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
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4	8	4		Hard brown clay	×	
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Sampling Method Geoprobe	Ltr	
Sampling Method Geoprobe	L Sr	
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	Ήmφ	'Time
Headspace analysis method Norté	1050	1115
	Date	Date
Depth to water	6/17/97	6/17/97
Surface conditions, other comments		
Gravel		
Cloudy 60°		
	Depth to water Burlace conditions, other comments Gravel	Headepace analysis method Norté 1050 Date Depth to water 6/17/97 Surface conditions, other comments Gravel

						PID meas, (ppm
h) To	Hecovery in Jest	Recovery in 5.	USCS apprev.	Description of material and remarks	Sample collected	fotal
4	1,8		gw-sw	Black sand-gravel fill	Parties.	77.00 AG 85
			СН	Bottom 0.4' hard brown clay		
					155 Mg	
					ori california susceptibles susceptibles susceptibles susceptibles susceptibles susceptibles	
8	4			Hard brown varved clay	×	
				Sample from 5.5-6		
		ē				
				200 COMP		
				# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		
				AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA AAAA		
					14.4	
			= =		3.35 J.	i i i
-	-	-		A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF		
	4	4 1,8	4 1.8	4 1.8 GW-SW	4 1.8 GW-SW Black sand-gravel fill CH Bottom 0.4' hard brown clay 8 4 Hard brown varved clay	4 1,8 GW-SW Black sand-gravel fill CH Bottom 0.4' hard brown clay 8 4 Hard brown varved clay Sample from 5.5-8

Reabtone som bound roa

NGS Project Number	272-004
Project Location	Northeast Treaters, Athens, NY
Operator C. Roc	kwell Geologist S. Tritsch

Boring no.	Sheet of		
B-3		1	
Sample nume			
B-3		-	

Sampling location	
æ	
See Figure	

Sampling Memod Geoprobe	Hating Cambri		
Headspace analysis method None	11me 0900	Time 0930	
None	Date	Date 6/17/97	
Depth to water	6/17/97		
Surface conditions, other comments			
Gravel			
Raining 60°			

							PID meas. (ppm
lee lee on	h D To	Recovery in feet	Recovery 12.	USCS abbrev	Description of material and remarks	Sample	Total
D	4	1.5	Tra-	gw-sw	Black sand and gravel fill		
					Bottom 6' wet		
-							
						. !!	
		2.7			Top 1.2' Same as above, possible fall in		
					Hard clay below	X	
			Ò		Sample for arsenic and total chromium 5.2-5.8	i is a	
					Hex chromium 5.8-6.2' bgs	9	
					ALL STATE OF THE S		
							10 11
							in the
							5
						4	and a
							1
							ė.
						V	C
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Geobrope, 2011 pottud roa

NGS Froject Number 272-004	Boring no.	B-4	Sheet of
Project Location Northeast Treaters, Athens, NY	Sample N	me B-4	
Operator C. Rockwell Geologist S. Tritsch			((
Sampling location	Sampling Method Geoprobe	Dilitt	pring Leesti
5000 1000 0000 V		Time	Tim●
	Headspace analysis method None	0930	1000
See Figure		Date	Date
	Depth to water	6/17/97	6/17/97
	Surface conditions, other comments		
	Gravel, flat		
	Raining 60°		

							PID muas, (pp
Dep (Inc	lli l) To	Recovery in feet	Hecovery 7 ° c	uscs ab>rev	Description of material and remarks	Sample collected	fotal
0	4	1.7		СН	0.9' fill		
					Hard brown and gray clay		
					ACCUSATION AND ACCUSA	2000	
						1 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	8	4		СН	Hard brown and gray (30%) clay	×	
					5.5-6.9 Hex chromium	1	
					5.9-6.4 arsenic and chromium	1,756	
-							
					AND THE PARTY OF T	7.14.15 	147 14 . 121 5au
	-						
_						1.5 1.5 1.9	10.1
			П			April 1 act	# 255 co
				1		r. H	20 V
-						1.27	113
					N		5 3K
							1.7
_							
_				\dashv			- Watte
	1		1				

Reobtone son bound roa

NG8 Project Number 272-D04	B	oring no. B-5	1 1
Project Location Northeast Treaters, Athens, NY	34	emple name B-5	
Operator C. Rockwell Geologist S. Tritsch			
Sampling location	Samping Method Geoprobe	stad	Lundi
The second secon	1000	Tim⊕	Time
d'	Headspace analysis method None	1015	1040
See Figure	1.5/1.5	Date	Date
	Depth to water	6/17/97	8/17/97
	Surface conditions, other comments		
	Gravel, flat		
	Raining 60°		
		- water	

	- 11					PID meas. (ppm
Dep (fee rom	lh I) To	Recovery In Red	in is USOS USOS	Description of material and remarks	Sample collected	lotal
0	4	0.4		Black gravel-sand fill		
123						
4	8	1.8		Top 1' black fill, possibly fall-in	5162A	
				Arsenic chromium bottom 6" and 6.5-7'	x	
				Hex chromlum 7-7.5		
					15 3 A	
		-				
_					(2) 77.5 (2) 1-51 (5) 1-51	
	-					
					43 Mg	
r)						i i
=						
						F. 14.4.
					-10; f	
			-			7, 5

272-004

NGS Project Number

Boring no. Sheet of 1 1 1

B-6

roject Loc		N	оппева	Treaters, A			_
Operator	Ċ.	Rockwe	ell	Geologist	S.	Tritsch	
Sampling k	extlor						
		*					
		¥.	lite				
-			lifte				
		¥.	lure				

Sampling Method Handprobe	Stat Form		
	11me 1440	1520	
Headapace analysis method None	Date	Date 6/17/97	
Depth to water	6/17/97	0/1//8/	
Surface conditions, other comments			
6" Concrete			
Inside building			
Cloudy 60s			

apt (cet	h L	Racováry r léel	L Serie	USCS abbrew.	Description of material and remarks	Sample	ID meas. (ppm
					Diselve and and arrival fill		
4	4	1	25	sw-gw	Black sand and gravel fill	\$2.50 Sec. 10	
_		_					1
	_						
						X	12
	7	2.92	100	СН	Brown varved clay	X	
					Sampled from 5-6'		
						120720	
	-						
_	-	-					
_	-	-	-				180
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						ALCOHOL: NAME OF THE PARTY OF T	
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NGS Project Number	272-004	
Project Location	Northeast Treaters, Athens, NY	
Operator C. Roc	Geologist S. Tritsch	

Boxing no. B-7	Sheet of
Sample name B-7	

Sampling Method Handprobe	2000	ring Famili	
That is a second	Time	Time	
teadspace analysis method None	1415	1420	
	Date	Date	
Depth to water	6/17/97	6/17/97	
Surface conditions, other comments			
6" Concrete			
Cloudy 65°	100000		

Dept (lee	h l) Ia	Recovery in teet	in ?:	USCS apprev.	Description of material and remarks	Sample collected	PID meas. (ppn fotal
Q.	4	2.5	<u>.</u>	СН	0.5' fill		7 AC
					Gray brown hard medium plasticity clay		2
4	7	27		СН	Same as above, wet brown gray	×	
					Hex Cr 5-5.5	7.7	Y
					Cr As 5.5-8.0		
			_				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	-						
							i. : 1111
						127.3	
	-					1	
						1	
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		†					,
						*(
		1		1-		8	

Gonbione pair parms --- a

NGS Project Number 272-004	Boring no.	B-8	Sheet of
Project Location Northeast Treaters, Athens, NY	Sample na	n● B-8	
Operator C. Rockwell Geologist S. Tritsch			ormų
Sampling location	Sampling Method Handprobe	Time	Time
¥1	Headepage enalysis method None	1530	1550
Şee Figure		Date	Date
	Dapit to water	6/17/97	6/17/97
	Burface conditions, other comments		
	Payement Inside building Cloudy 60		
			-

							FID meas, (ppm
lept fee	h) To	Recovery in feet	Recovery .n *e	USCS Spriew	Description of material and remarks:	Samp e	Total
0	4	0.5		sw-gw	Black sand and gravel fill	\$2,00,000 (2,00,000)	
		0.5					
	_		-				
		-				0	310
-		_	400	СН	Hard gray/brown clay	X	
	7_	3	100	CA			
					Sampled from 5-6'		
		-					
_		-	-	-			
_			-	-			
-	-	<u> </u>		-		- (3	
-		-	-				
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					5 v.		

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NGS Project Numbe	272-004	
Project Location	Northeas	st Treaters, Athens, NY
Operator C. Ro	ockwell	Geologist S. Tritach

Boring no.	Sheet of
B-9	1 1
Sample name	
B-9	

Sampling location		
	See Figure	
	2001.19=10	

Sampling Mathod Handprobe	Shirt Rumag Lumb			
Thursday	1330	1400		
Headspace analysis method None	Date	Date		
Depth to water	6/17/97	6/17/97		
Surface conditions, other comments				
6" Concrete				

							PID meas, (ppr
ept fee	h IL To	Recovery in feet	in %	abbrev.	Description of material and remarks	Sample collected	Total
	4	1.2	Œ,		Black sand-gravel fill-wet		
			+				
				7		159	
				1		200 13 200 1	
	8	3		СН	Top 1' fill	12.76	
	0	3		0.11	Gray wet clay, medium plasticity	X	
					Hex Cr 5.5-6		
	-			~~	Cr Arsenic 5-5.5	5 m	
						71.5	
	-					*: 33	
						1	
				_			, et
						•	
			-				<u></u>
-							
-		 				1 %	
_		-					
_		-					
_	+-		-			14	

Attachment 7b

Accutest Laboratories November 1998, Analytical Data



Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C1 14.5-15.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-1

Date Sampled: 11/12/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Percent Solids: 79.9

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Metals Analysis

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	5.4 22.3	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg	_		11/24/98 MFH 11/24/98 MI-II	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C1 14.5-15.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-1

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 79.9

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	<2.5 79.9	2.5	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C1 15.5-16.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-2R

Matrix:

Project:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 71.2

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	8.6 34.2	1.4 1.4	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B





Client Sample ID: C1 15.5-16.0 Lab Sample ID:

Matrix:

SO - Soil

E42068-2R

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 71.2

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.8 71.2	2.8	mg/kg %	1	12/17/98 MET 12/17/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C2 4.5-5.0

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-3

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 83.7

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	192 229	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			11/24/98 MFH 11/24/98 MFH	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C2 4.5-5.0 Lab Sample ID:

Matrix:

E42068-3

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 83.7

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	17.6 83.7	2.4	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C2 5.0-5.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-4R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 75.7

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	28.6 79.1	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg	_	_	12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Client Sample ID: C2 5.0-5.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-4R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 75.7

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.6 75.7	2.6	mg/kg %	1		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C3 4.25-4.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-5

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 82.0

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	662 580	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			11/24/98 MFH 11/24/98 MFH	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C3 4.25-4.5 Lab Sample ID:

Matrix:

E42068-5

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 82.0

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	21.6 82	2.4	mg/kg %	1		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C3 4.5-5.25 Lab Sample ID: E42068-6R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Percent Solids: 74.5

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	22.1 47.0	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C3 4.5-5.25 Lab Sample ID:

Matrix:

E42068-6R SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 74.5

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	<2.7 74.5	2.7	mg/kg %	1	12/17/98 MET 12/17/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C-4 6.25-6.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-30

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 85.9

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	246 155	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMC 12/03/98 MMC	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C-4 6.25-6.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-30

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 85.9

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	10.0 85.9	2.3	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C4 7'-7.5' Lab Sample ID:

E42068-7

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 78.6

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	6.2 40.5	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg	_		11/24/98 MFH 11/24/98 MFH	





Client Sample ID: C47'-7.5' Lab Sample ID:

E42068-7

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 78.6

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	3.4	2.5	mg/kg	I	12/01/98 MET	SW846 3060A/7196A
Solids, Percent	78.6		%	I	11/19/98 DM	EPA 160.3 M





Client Sample ID: C5 4.5-5.5 Lab Sample ID: E42068-8

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98
Date Received: 11/16/98
Percent Solids: 83.5

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	7.5 39.9	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMC 12/03/98 MMC	





Client Sample ID: C5 4.5-5.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-8

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 83.5

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.4 83.5	2.4	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C6 13.5-14.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-9

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 84.1

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	16.0 41.9	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMC 12/03/98 MMC	





Client Sample ID: C6 13.5-14.0 Lab Sample ID:

·E42068-9

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 84.1

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.4 84.1	2.4	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C6 14.0-14.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-10R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 72.8

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	8.5 42.5	1.4 1.4	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Client Sample ID: C6 14.0-14.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-10R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 72.8

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.7 72.8	2.7	mg/kg %	1		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page I of 1

Client Sample ID: C7 6.5-7.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-12

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 91.2

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	70.9 46.5	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMC 12/03/98 MMC	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C7 6.5-7.0 E42068-12

Lab Sample ID:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Matrix:

Percent Solids: 91.2

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.2 91.2	2.2	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C7 7.0-7.5 Lab Sample ID: E42068-13F

E42068-13R

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Matrix:

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 75.7

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	10.6 41.8	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846-6010B SW846-6010B



Client Sample ID: C7 7.0-7.5

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-13R

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 75.7

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	<2.6 75.7	2.6	mg/kg %	1	12/17/98 MET 12/17/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C8 6.0-6.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-14

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 83.3

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	25.2 99.0	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMC 12/03/98 MMC	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C8 6.0-6.5 Lab Sample ID: E42068-14

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 83.3

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	3.5 83.3	2.4	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M





Client Sample ID: C8 6.5-7.0 Lab Sample ID: E42068-151 E42068-15R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 74.5

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	9.5 36.4	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B





Client Sample ID: C8 6.5-7.0 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-15R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/12/98

Percent Solids: 74.5

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.7 74.5	2.7	mg/kg %	1		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C9 7.0-7.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-16

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 93.4

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	50.9 29.8	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg				C SW846 6010B C SW846 6010B





Client Sample ID: C9 7.0-7.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-16

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 93.4

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.1 93.4	2.1	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11:19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



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Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C9 7.5-8.0 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-17R

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 78.2

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	6.7 36.9	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg	_			SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C9 7.5-8.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-17R

Date Sampled: 11/13/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Percent Solids: 78.2

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.6 78.2	2.6	mg/kg %	I I		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C10 7.0-7.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-18

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 90.0

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	404 312	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMG 12/03/98 MMG	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C10 7.0-7.5

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-18

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 90.0

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	42.0 90	2.2	mg/kg %	1 I		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C10 7.5-8.0 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-19R

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

Matrix:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 76.9

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method =
Arsenic Chromium	21.3 348	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C10 7.5-8.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-19R

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

SO - Soil Matrix:

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 76.9

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	4.3 76.9	2.6	mg/kg %	1	12/17/98 MET 12/17/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C11 2.5-3.0

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-20

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 94.3

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed	Ву	Method
Arsenic Chromium	74.1 21.4	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg					SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C11 2.5-3.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-20

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received:

11/16/98

Percent Solids: 94.3

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	<2.1	2.1	mg/kg	1	12/01/98 MET	SW846 3060A/7196A
Solids, Percent	94.3		%	1	11/19/98 DM	EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C11 3.0-3.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-21R

Date Received: 11/16/98

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Percent Solids: 78.8

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	10.8 42.8	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846,6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C11 3.0-3.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-21R

Date Received: 11/16/98

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 78.8

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.5 78.8	2.5	mg/kg %	1 1		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C12 2.0-2.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-22 SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 93.3

Project:

Matrix:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	9.2 730	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MM6 12/03/98 MM6	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C12 2.0-2.5 Lab Sample ID:

E42068-22

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 93.3

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.1 93.3	2.1	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C12 2.5-3.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-23R

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 80.9

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	41.7 108	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			12/17/98 BB 12/17/98 BB	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C12 2.5-3.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-23R SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 80.9

Project:

Matrix:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	<2.5 80.9	2.5	mg/kg %	1 1		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C13 1.5-2.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-24

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

Project:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 94.0

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	71.7 84.7	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMC 12/03/98 MMC	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C13 1.5-2.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-24

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 94.0

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	3.8 94	2.1	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C13 2.0-2.5

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-25R

Date Sampled: 11/13/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

SO - Soil

Percent Solids: 80.5

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	6.9 32.8	1.2 1.2	mg/kg mg/kg			12/1///	SW846-6010B SW846-6010B





Client Sample ID: C13 2.0-2.5 Lab Sample ID: E42068-25R Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98 Percent Solids: 80.5

AWI-Athens, NY

General Chemistry

Project:

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	<2.5	2.5	mg/kg	I	12/17/98 MET	SW846 3060A/7196A
Solids, Percent	80.5		%	1	12/17/98 DM	EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C14 1.5-2.0

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-26

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 90.3

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	911 120	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MM 12/03/98 MM	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C14 1.5-2.0

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-26 SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 90.3

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	30.5 90.3	2.2	mg/kg %	1	12/01/98 MET 11/19/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C14 2.0-2.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-27R

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 77.2

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	23.8 48.8	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg	_		12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C14 2.0-2.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-27R

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 77.2

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.6 77.2	2.6	mg/kg %	1	12/17/98 MET 12/17/98 DM	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C15 2.5-3.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-28

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 93.2

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed B	Ву	Method
Arsenic Chromium	75.0 28.3	1.1 1.1	mg/kg mg/kg	***				SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C15 2.5-3.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-28

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 93.2

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent	3.4	2.1	mg/kg	1	12/01/98 мет	SW846 3060A/7196A
Solids, Percent	93.2		%	1	11/19/98 DM	EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C15 3.0-3.5

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

E42068-29R

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 11/13/98 Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 79.0

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	8.5 40.8	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg	1		12/17/98 вв 12/17/98 вв	SW846 6010B SW846 6010B



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: C15 3.0-3.5

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-29R

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

 $AWI\text{-}Athens,\ NY$

Percent Solids: 79.0

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.5 79	2.5	mg/kg %	1 1	=	SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: CB 3.5-4.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-11

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Percent Solids: 79.0

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Prep	Analyzed By	Method
Arsenic Chromium	6.6 29.0	1.3 1.3	mg/kg mg/kg			12/03/98 MMC 12/03/98 MMC	



Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: CB 3.5-4.0

Lab Sample ID:

E42068-11

Date Sampled: 11/13/98

Matrix:

SO - Soil

Date Received: 11/16/98

Project:

AWI-Athens, NY

Percent Solids: 79.0

Analyte	Result	RDL	Units	DF	Analyzed By	Method
Chromium, Hexavalent Solids, Percent	<2.5 79	2.5	mg/kg %	1		SW846 3060A/7196A EPA 160.3 M

Attachment 7c

TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc. July 2014, Analytical Data















Designee for

Lisa Shaffer, Project Manager II (716)504-9816

lisa.shaffer@testamericainc.com

TestAmerica

THE LEADER IN ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING

TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1 Client Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

TestAmerica Buffalo 10 Hazelwood Drive Amherst, NY 14228-2298

Tel: (716)691-2600

24 Wade Road

Latham, New York 12110

Attn: Mr. Vedran Cirkovic

Authorized for release by: 7/8/2014 11:08:04 AM

Jone Party

ANALYTICAL REPORT

.. LINKS

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Have a Question?



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The test results in this report meet all 2003 NELAC and 2009 TNI requirements for accredited parameters, exceptions are noted in this report. This report may not be reproduced except in full, and with written approval from the laboratory. For questions please contact the Project Manager at the e-mail address or telephone number listed on this page.

This report has been electronically signed and authorized by the signatory. Electronic signature is intended to be the legally binding equivalent of a traditionally handwritten signature.

Results relate only to the items tested and the sample(s) as received by the laboratory.

2

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Definitions/Glossary

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Qualifiers	
Metals	
Qualifier	Qualifier Description
В	Compound was found in the blank and sample.
J	Result is less than the RL but greater than or equal to the MDL and the concentration is an approximate value,
4	MS, MSD: The analyte present in the original sample is greater than 4 times the matrix spike concentration; therefore, control limits are not applicable.
Glossary	
Abbreviation	These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.
п	Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis
%R	Percent Recovery
CFL	Contains Free Liquid
CNF	Contains no Free Liquid
DER	Duplicate error ratio (normalized absolute difference)
Dil Fac	Dilution Factor
DL, RA, RE, IN	Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample
DLC	Decision level concentration
MDA	Minimum detectable activity
EDL	Estimated Detection Limit
MDC	Minimum detectable concentration
MDL	Method Detection Limit
ML	Minimum Level (Dioxin)
NC	Not Calculated
ND	Not detected at the reporting limit (or MDL or EDL if shown)
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
QC	Quality Control
RER	Relative error ratio
RL	Reporting Limit or Requested Limit (Radiochemistry)
RPD	Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points
TEF	Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Dioxin)
TEQ	Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Dioxin)

Case Narrative

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Job ID: 480-62517-1

Laboratory: TestAmerica Buffalo

Narrative

Job Narrative 480-62517-1

Comments

No additional comments.

Receipt

The samples were received on 6/24/2014 1:00 AM and 6/26/2014 1:30 AM; the samples arrived in good condition, properly preserved and, where required, on ice. The temperatures of the 2 coolers at receipt time were 2.4° C and 3.1° C.

Metals

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

General Chemistry

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

Organic Prep

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

1

Client Sample ID: S-1A						La	ab	Sample IL): 480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	1430		7.5	1.5	mg/Kg	5	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	1060		1.0		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.85	В	0.50	0.0032		1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.054	JB	0.50	0.0022	-	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-1B						La	ab	Sample ID): 480-62517
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	95.3		1.7	0,33	mg/Kg	1	苡	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	316		1,1	0,22	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.059	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,080	JB	0.50	0.0022	-	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-1C						La	ab	Sample IE): 480-6251 7
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	6.7		1.7	0.34	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	20.6		1,1	0,23	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0077	JB	0.50	0,0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0084	JB	0,50	0,0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-1D						La	ab	Sample IE): 480-62517
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	17.1		1,8	0,37	mg/Kg	1	#	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	37.3		1.2	0.24	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.019	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,0073	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-1E						La	ab	Sample I): 480-62517
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	9.2		1,6	0.32	mg/Kg	1	尊	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	25.6		1,1	0,21	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.010	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0069	JB	0.50	0,0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-2A						La	ab	Sample IE): 480-62517
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	26.0		1.3	0.27	mg/Kg	1	尊	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	11.7		0.90	0.18	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.011	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0068	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-2B						La	ab	Sample ID): 480-62517
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit			Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	10.1		1.6	0.33	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	20.8		1.1	0.22	mg/Kg	1	草	6010C	Total/NA

Page 5 of 45

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

TestAmerica Buffalo

7/8/2014

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	0.0078	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0072	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-2C						La	b	Sample ID	: 480-62517
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	8.0		1.6	0,32	mg/Kg	1	尊	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	17.3		1.1	0,22	mg/Kg	1	算	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0,0094	JB	0.50	0,0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0067	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-2D						La	b	Sample ID	: 480-62517
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	7.2		1.7	0.34	mg/Kg	1	尊	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	17:3		1.1	0.23	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0075	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,014	JB	0,50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-2E						Lat	S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	8.4		1.6	0.32	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	16.7		1.1	0.21	mg/Kg	1	草	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0,0068	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0064	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-3A						Lal	S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	56.8		1.5	0.31	mg/Kg	1	贷	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	76.5		1.0	0,21	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.011	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,018	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-3B						Lai	S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	7.5		1.9	0.38	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	24.9		1.3	0.26	mg/Kg	1	₿	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0047	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0074	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-3C						Lal	S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	9.0		2,1	0.42	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	29.8		1.4	0.28	mg/Kg	1	☆	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0062	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0066	JB	0.50	0.0022	ma/L	1		6010C	TCLP

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Client Sample ID: S-3D								•	480-62517-1
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	6.7		2,0	0,41	mg/Kg	1	菜	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	19.9		1.4	0,27	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0083	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,0074	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-3E						Lal	S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	7.0		1.9	0.38	mg/Kg	1	草	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	22.9		1.3	0,25	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0095	JB	0.50	0,0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0086	JB	0.50	0,0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-4A						Lat	s S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	78.0		1,2	0.24	mg/Kg	1	₿	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	55.0		0.81	0.16	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.016	JB	0.50	0,0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.0077	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-4B						Lal	s S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	_	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	39.7		1.7	0.34	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	66.8		1:1	0.23	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.25	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	3		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,032	JB	0,50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-4C						Lal	o S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	53.2		1.2	0.24	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	46.2		0.81	0.16	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0,17	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.010	JB	0,50	0.0022	mg/L	á		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: S-4D						Lai	o S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	64.1		1.5	0.30	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	40.7		0.99		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.21	JВ	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.013	JB	0,50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
lient Sample ID: S-4E						Lal	b S	ample ID:	480-62517-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	52.6		1.3	0.25	mg/Kg	1	菜	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	47.3		0.85	0.17	mg/Kg		₽	6010C	Total/NA

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

Detection Summary

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: S-4E (Cont	inued)					Lal	o S	ample ID:	480-62517-2
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	0.27	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,015	JB	0.50	0,0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-1A						Lá	ab	Sample I): 480-6270 1
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	7.6		1.3	0,26	mg/Kg	1	尊	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	262		0.88	0.18	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0,0062	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	5.7	В	0.50	0,0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-1B						Li	ab	Sample I): 480-62701
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	DII Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	740	-	2,6	0,53	mg/Kg	2	#	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	1610		0.88	0,18	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.015	JB	0,50	0,0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	5,3	В	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-1C						La	ab	Sample I): 480-62701
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	1290		7.2	1,4	mg/Kg	5	尊	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	726		0.96	0.19	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.034	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.83	В	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-2A						La	ab	Sample I	D: 480-62701
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	7.4		1.5	0,30	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	20.0		1.0	0.20	mg/Kg	1	¤	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0054	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.14	JB	0.50	0,0022	mg/L	3		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-2B						La	ab	Sample II): 480-62 7 01
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	8.6		1,5		mg/Kg	1	草	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	15.5		0.98		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0069		0.50	0.0032	•	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.058	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-2C						Li	ab	Sample II): 480-62701
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	6.7		1.4		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	13.1		0.94	0.19	mg/Kg	1	₿	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0073	J	0,50	0,0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,077	JВ	0.50	0.0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

TestAmerica Buffalo

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Detection Summary

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: C-3A						Lá	ab	Sample ID	: 480-62701-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	9.1		1,5	0,29	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	257		0,97	0.19	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.0058	JB	0.50	0.0032		1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	4.3		0.50	0.0022	•	1		6010C	TCLP
Chioman	4.0	5	0,00	537	g/ L	35			
Client Sample ID: C-3B						Lá	ab	Sample IE	: 480-62701-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	48.7		1,3	0,26	mg/Kg	1	尊	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	61.0		0.87	0.17	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0,0060	JB	0.50	0,0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0,25	JB	0.50	0,0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-3C						Li	ab	Sample I): 480-62701-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	88.5		1.6	0.31	mg/Kg	1	菜	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	96.0		1.0		mg/Kg	1	#	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.013	I B	0.50	0.0032		1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.88		0.50	0.0022	-	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-4A						Lal	b S	ample ID:	480-62701-1
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac		Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	8.5		1.4	0,29	mg/Kg	1	#	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	299		0.95	0.19	mg/Kg	1	Ü	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0,0063	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	6.9	В	0.50	0,0022	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-4B						La	b S	Sample ID:	480-62701-1
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	198		1,3	0.26	mg/Kg	1	苡	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	111		0.86	0.17	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.013	JВ	0.50	0.0032	mg/L	1		6010C	TCLP
Chromium	0.073		0.50	0.0022		1		6010C	TCLP
Client Sample ID: C-4C						La	b S	Sample ID:	480-62701-
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	448		1.4	0.29	mg/Kg	1	**	6010C	Total/NA
Chromium	237		0.96		mg/Kg	4	₩	6010C	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.037	JВ	0.50	0.0032		1		6010C	TCLP
	3,301					10		00100	TOLD

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

Chromium

TestAmerica Buffalo

TCLP

6010C

0.50

0.12 JB

0.0022 mg/L

Client Sample Results

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: S-1A							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-6	
Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:30									x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 96.5
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	1430		7,5	1,5	mg/Kg	Ö	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:21	5
Chromium	1060		1.0	0.20	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:29	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte		Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.85		0,50	0,0032	-		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:05	1
Chromium	0.054	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:05	1
Client Sample ID: S-1B							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-6	2517-2
Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:35								Matri	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 81.9
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	95.3		1.7	0.33	mg/Kg	₿	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:49	1
Chromium	316		1.1	0.22	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:49	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.059	JB	0.50	0,0032	-		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:09	1
Chromium	0.080	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:09	1
Client Sample ID: S-1C							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-6	2517-3
Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:40								Matri	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 78.7
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	6.7		1.7	0.34	mg/Kg	#	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:53	1
Chromium	20.6		1.1	0.23	mg/Kg	₩	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:53	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.0077		0.50	0.0032	-		07/01/14 11:11	07/02/14 15:59	1
Chromium	0.0084	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:11	07/02/14 15:59	1
Client Sample ID: S-1D							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-6	2517-4
Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:45								Matri	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 78.6
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	17.1		1.8	0.37	mg/Kg	☆	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:57	1
Chromium	37.3		1.2	0.24	mg/Kg	₩	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:57	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	_ D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.019	JB	0.50	0.0032			07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:21	1
Chromium	0.0073	JB	0,50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:21	1

Client Sample Results

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)

Client Sample ID: S-2A

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)

Chromium

Chromium

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: S-1E	Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-5
Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:50	Matrix: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00	Percent Solids: 75.1

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	9.2		1,6	0.32	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:01	1
Chromium	25.6		1.1	0.21	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:01	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	L								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fac
Arsenic	0.010	J B	0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:25	1

0.50

0,0022 mg/L

0.0069 JB

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-6

07/01/14 11:18 07/02/14 17:25

Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:30 Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 90.7 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	26.0	1,3	0.27	mg/Kg	B	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:13	1
Chromium	11.7	0,90	0.18	mg/Kg	₩	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:13	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCL	P							8.1.5

Analyte Result Qualifier MDL Unit Prepared Analyzed 0.50 0,0032 mg/L 07/01/14 11:18 07/02/14 17:30 0.011 JB **Arsenic** 07/02/14 17:30 0.50 0,0022 mg/L 07/01/14 11:18 Chromium 0.0068 JB

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-7 Client Sample ID: S-2B Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:35 Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 75.3

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	10.1		1.6	0.33	mg/Kg	<u> </u>	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:17	1
Chromium	20.8		1.1	0.22	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:17	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.0078	JB	0,50	0,0032	mg/L		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:20	1
Chi	0.0070	1.0	0.50	0.0022	ma/l		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:20	1

07/02/14 16:20 0.0072 JB Chromium 0.0022 mg/L Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-8 Client Sample ID: S-2C

Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:40 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

0.0067 JB

Percent Solids: 82.3

07/01/14 11:12 07/02/14 16:32

Matrix: Solid

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	8.0		1,6	0.32	mg/Kg	\$	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:21	1
Chromium	17.3		1,1	0,22	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:21	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.0094	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:32	1

0.50

0.0022 mg/L

Client Sample Results

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: S-2D Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:45							Lab Sample ID: 480-62517 Matrix: So				
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Solid	ds: 79.1		
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)											
Analyte	Result	Qualifler	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Arsenic	7.2		1.7	0.34	mg/Kg	<u>\$</u>	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:25	1		
Chromium	17.3		1.1	0.23	mg/Kg	₿	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:25	1		
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP											
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Arsenic	0.0075		0.50		mg/L		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:36	1		
Chromium	0.014	JB	0.50	0,0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:36	1		
Client Sample ID: S-2E							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-10		
Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:50								Matri	x: Solid		
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Solid	ds: 75.2		
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)											
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Arsenic	8.4		1,6	0.32	mg/Kg	*	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:29			
Chromium	16.7		1.1	0,21	mg/Kg	♯	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:29	1		
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP											
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Arsenic	0.0068	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:34	1		
Chromium	0.0064	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:34			
Client Sample ID: S-3A							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-11		
Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:30								Matri	x: Solic		
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 95.1		
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)											
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Analyte Arsenic	Result	Qualifier	RL 1,5	MDL 0.31	Unit mg/Kg	D	Prepared 06/26/14 13:15	Analyzed 06/30/14 13:33	Dil Fac		
		Qualifier		0.31							
Arsenic	56.8	Qualifier	1,5	0.31	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:33	3		
Arsenic Chromium	56.8 76.5	Qualifier Qualifier	1,5	0.31 0.21	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:33	3		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	56.8 76.5	Qualifier	1,5 1,0	0.31 0.21	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit	\$	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33	3		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	56.8 76.5 Result	Qualifier J B	1,5 1,0 RL	0,31 0.21 MDL	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	\$	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium	56.8 76.5 Result	Qualifier J B	1,5 1,0 RL 0.50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	\$	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38	Dil Fac		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic	56.8 76.5 Result	Qualifier J B	1,5 1,0 RL 0.50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	\$	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38	Dil Fac		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B	56.8 76.5 Result	Qualifier J B	1,5 1,0 RL 0.50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	\$	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solice		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35	56.8 76.5 Result	Qualifier J B	1,5 1,0 RL 0.50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	\$	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38 le ID: 480-62 Matri	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solice		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00	56.8 76.5 Result 0.011 0.018	Qualifier J B	1,5 1,0 RL 0.50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L		06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38 le ID: 480-62 Matri	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solice		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	56.8 76.5 Result 0.011 0.018	Qualifier J B J B	1,5 1,0 RL 0,50 0,50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	D -	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38 le ID: 480-62 Matri Percent Soli	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solic ds: 76.8		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	56.8 76.5 Result 0.011 0.018	Qualifier J B J B	1,5 1,0 RL 0,50 0,50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L		06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38 le ID: 480-62 Matri Percent Soli	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solic ds: 76.8		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium	56.8 76.5 Result 0.011 0.018	Qualifier J B J B	1,5 1.0 RL 0,50 0,50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	D 0	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp Prepared 06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38 le ID: 480-62 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 06/30/14 13:37	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solic ds: 76.8		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic	56.8 76.5 Result 0.011 0.018 Result 7.5 24.9	Qualifier J B J B	1,5 1.0 RL 0,50 0,50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032 0.0022 MDL 0.38 0.26	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	D 0	06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp Prepared 06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38 le ID: 480-62 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 06/30/14 13:37	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solic ds: 76.8		
Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-3B Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	56.8 76.5 Result 0.011 0.018 Result 7.5 24.9	Qualifier J B J B Qualifier	1,5 1,0 RL 0,50 0,50 0,50	0.31 0.21 MDL 0.0032 0.0022 MDL 0.38 0.26	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L mg/Kg mg/Kg	D 0 0	O6/26/14 13:15 O6/26/14 13:15 Prepared O7/01/14 11:18 O7/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp Prepared O6/26/14 13:15 O6/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:33 06/30/14 13:33 Analyzed 07/02/14 17:38 07/02/14 17:38 Ie ID: 480-62 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 06/30/14 13:37 06/30/14 13:37	Dil Fac 517-12 x: Solic ds: 76.8		

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: S-3C Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:40							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-629 Matri Percent Soli	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Som	us: 05.5
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)		0	-	1451	11-14		Democrati	Applyand	Dil Eo
Analyte		Qualifler	RL 2,1	MDL	•	— □	Prepared 06/26/14 13:15	Analyzed 06/30/14 13:41	Dil Fac
Arsenic	9.0		1.4		mg/Kg mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:41	
Chromium	29.8		1.4	0,20	mg/Kg		00/20/14 13:13	00/30/14 10.41	,
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.0062	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:51	1
Chromium	0.0066	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:51	ň
Client Sample ID: S-3D							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-14
Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:45							•		x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 69.7
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	6.7		2.0	0,41	mg/Kg	**	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:45	ă
Chromium	19.9		1.4	0.27	mg/Kg	₿	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:45	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte		Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.0083		0,50	0.0032	•		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:40	1
Chromium	0.0074	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:40	3
Client Sample ID: S-3E							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-15
Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:50								Matri	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 77.8
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	7.0		1.9		mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:50	
Chromium	22.9		1.3	0.25	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 13:50	3
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									_
Analyte		Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.0095		0.50	0.0032	•		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 16:44 07/02/14 16:44	1
Chromium	0.0086	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:12	07/02/14 15:44	1
Client Sample ID: S-4A							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-16
Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:15								Matri	ix: Solic
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Soli	ds: 94.9
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fa
Arsenic	78.0		1.2		mg/Kg	*	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:01	9
Chromium	55.0		0.81	0.16	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:01	i i
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Arsenic	0.016	JB	0.50	0.0032	_		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:55	9
Chromium	0.0077	LB	0.50	0,0022	ma/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:55	- 1

TestAmerica Buffalo

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: S-4B							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-17
Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:20								Matri	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Solid	ds: 73.6
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fac
Arsenic	39.7		1.7	0.34	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:05	3
Chromium	66.8		1.1	0,23	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:05	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.25	JB	0.50	0.0032	•		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:43	į.
Chromium	0.032	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 17:43	1
Client Sample ID: S-4C							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-18
Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:25								Matri	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Solid	ds: 92.5
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	53.2		1.2		mg/Kg	₿	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:09	1
Chromium	46.2		0.81	0.16	mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:09	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.17	JB	0.50	0.0032	•		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 18:00	1
Chromium	0.010	JB	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 18:00	1
Client Sample ID: S-4D							Lab Samp	le ID: 480-62	517-19
Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:30							_	Matri	x: Solid
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00								Percent Solid	ds: 95.5
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	64.1				11/-		06/26/14 13:15		
Chronium			1.5	0.30	mg/Kg	Þ	06/26/14 13.15	06/30/14 14:13	1
Chromium	40.7		1.5 0.99		mg/Kg mg/Kg	₽	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:13 06/30/14 14:13	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
	40.7	Qualifier			mg/Kg			06/30/14 14:13 Analyzed	Dil Fac
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	40.7		0.99	0.20 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg Unit mg/L	♡	06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 14:13 Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12	Dil Fac
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	40.7 Result	JB	0.99 RL	0.20 MDL	mg/Kg Unit mg/L	♡	06/26/14 13:15 Prepared	06/30/14 14:13 Analyzed	Dil Fac
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic	40.7 Result	JB	0.99 RL 0.50	0.20 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg Unit mg/L	♡	06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 14:13 Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12	Dil Fac
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E	40.7 Result	JB	0.99 RL 0.50	0.20 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg Unit mg/L	♡	06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 14:13 Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-628	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium	40.7 Result	JB	0.99 RL 0.50	0.20 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg Unit mg/L	♡	06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	06/30/14 14:13 Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-628	Dil Fac 1 517-20 x: Solic
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35	40.7 Result	JB	0.99 RL 0.50	0.20 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg Unit mg/L	♡	06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-62	Dil Fac 1 517-20 x: Solic
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00	40.7 Result 0.21 0.013	JB	0.99 RL 0.50	0.20 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	♡	06/26/14 13:15 Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18	Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-62	Dil Fac 517-20 x: Solid ds: 95.9
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	40.7 Result 0.21 0.013	JB	0.99 RL 0.50 0.50	0.20 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	D	Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp	Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-626 Matri Percent Solid	Dil Fac
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	40.7 Result 0.21 0.013	JB	0.99 RL 0.50 0.50	0.20 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L Unit	D D	Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp	Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-62: Matri Percent Solid	Dil Fac
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium	Result 0.21 0.013 Result 52.6	JB	0.99 RL 0.50 0.50 RL 1.3	0.20 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L Unit mg/Kg	D D	Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp Prepared 06/26/14 13:15	Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-62: Matri Percent Solid Analyzed 06/30/14 14:17	Dil Fac
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic	Result 0.21 0.013 Result 52.6 47.3	JB	0.99 RL 0.50 0.50 RL 1.3	MDL 0.032 0.0022	mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L Unit mg/Kg	D D	Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp Prepared 06/26/14 13:15	Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-62: Matri Percent Solid Analyzed 06/30/14 14:17	Dil Fac 1 517-20 x: Solid ds: 95.9
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	Result 0.21 0.013 Result 52.6 47.3	J B J B Qualifier	RL 0.50 0.50 0.50	MDL 0.032 0.0022	Unit mg/L mg/L Unit mg/Kg mg/Kg mg/Kg	D 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Prepared 07/01/14 11:18 07/01/14 11:18 Lab Samp Prepared 06/26/14 13:15 06/26/14 13:15	Analyzed 07/02/14 18:12 07/02/14 18:12 le ID: 480-62:	Dil Fac 1 1 517-20 x: Solid

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: C-1A							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-62	z <i>i</i> 0 1-1 x: Solid
Pate Collected: 06/25/14 13:00 Pate Received: 06/26/14 01:30								Percent Solid	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	Beault	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Analyte		Qualinei	1.3		mg/Kg	- · ·	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:13	
Arsenic Chromium	7.6 262		0.88		mg/Kg	¤	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:13	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	Posult	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fa
	0.0062		0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:12	
Arsenic Chromium	5.7		0.50	0.0022	•		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:12	
Client Sample ID: C-1B							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-6	2701-
Pate Collected: 06/24/14 13:00 Pate Received: 06/26/14 01:30								Matri Percent Soli	x: Solid ds: 89.
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)					11-7	_	Description	Analysed	Dil Fa
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54	Analyzed 07/01/14 15:03	DII Fa
Arsenic Chromium	740 1610		2,6 0,88		mg/Kg mg/Kg	Þ	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:17	,
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	Bassilf	Qualifier	RL	MDI	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Analyte			0.50	0.0032			07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:16	51110
Arsenic Chromium	0.015 5.3		0.50	0.0032	_		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:16	
							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-6	
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30							Lab Sam	•	x: Solid
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	Popult	Qualiflor	DI	MDI	Unit	D		Matri Percent Soli	x: Solid ds: 92.
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte		Qualifler	RL		Unit	D ¤	Prepared	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed	x: Solid ds: 92.9 Dil Fa
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	Result 1290 726	Qualifler	RL 7,2 0,96	1.4	Unit mg/Kg mg/Kg	D @		Matri Percent Soli	x: Solid ds: 92.9
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	1290 726		7.2 0.96	1.4 0.19	mg/Kg mg/Kg	φ Φ	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21	x: Solids: 92.
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	1290 726 Result	Qualifier	7,2 0,96 RL	1.4 0.19 MDL	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit	₽	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed	x: Solid ds: 92.9 Dil Fa
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	1290 726	Qualifier J B	7.2 0.96	1.4 0.19	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	φ Φ	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21	x: Solid ds: 92.9
Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic	1290 726 Result 0.034	Qualifier J B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50	1.4 0.19 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	φ Φ	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20	x: Solids: 92.9
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: C-2A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30	1290 726 Result 0.034	Qualifier J B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50	1.4 0.19 MDL 0.0032	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L	φ Φ	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20 07/03/14 14:20 ple ID: 480-6	Dil Fa
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: C-2A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	1290 726 Result 0.034 0.83	Qualifier J B B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50 0,50	1.4 0.19 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	D -	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52 Lab Sam	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20 07/03/14 14:20 ple ID: 480-6 Matri Percent Soli	Dil Fa Dil Fa 2701 - ix: Solids: 93.
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: C-2A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30	1290 726 Result 0.034 0.83	Qualifier J B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50 0,50	1.4 0.19 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	D D	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52 Lab Sam	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20 07/03/14 14:20 ple ID: 480-6 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed	Dil Fa Dil Fa Z701 - ix: Solids: 93.
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: C-2A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	1290 726 Result 0.034 0.83	Qualifier J B B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50 0,50	1.4 0.19 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52 Lab Sam Prepared 06/30/14 10:54	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20 07/03/14 14:20 ple ID: 480-6 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 13:25	Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: C-2A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	1290 726 Result 0.034 0.83	Qualifier J B B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50 0,50	1.4 0.19 MDL 0.0032 0.0022	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	D D	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52 Lab Sam	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20 07/03/14 14:20 ple ID: 480-6 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed	Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: C-2A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic	1290 726 Result 0.034 0.83 Result 7.4 20.0	Qualifier J B B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50 0,50	MDL 0.30 0.20	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52 Lab Sam Prepared 06/30/14 10:54	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20 07/03/14 14:20 ple ID: 480-6 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 13:25	Dil Fa Dil Fa 2701 - ix: Solids: 93.
Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte Arsenic Chromium Client Sample ID: C-2A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte Arsenic Chromium Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	1290 726 Result 0.034 0.83 Result 7.4 20.0	Qualifier J B B	7,2 0,96 RL 0,50 0,50 0,50	MDL 0.30 0.20	mg/Kg mg/Kg Unit mg/L mg/L Unit mg/Kg mg/Kg	D 0 0 0 0	Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54 Prepared 07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52 Lab Sam Prepared 06/30/14 10:54 06/30/14 10:54	Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 15:07 07/01/14 13:21 Analyzed 07/03/14 14:20 07/03/14 14:20 ple ID: 480-6 Matri Percent Soli Analyzed 07/01/14 13:25 07/01/14 13:25	Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa Dil Fa

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: C-2B Date Collected: 06/24/14 14:00							Lap Sam	ple ID: 480-62 Matri	2/U1∹ x: Solid
Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30								Percent Solid	ds: 92.
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	Dogula	Qualifies	RL	MDL	llait	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Analyte		Qualifier	1.5			— 	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:30	Dire
Arsenic Chromium	8.6 15.5		0,98	0.29 0.20	mg/Kg mg/Kg	₩	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:30	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Arsenic	0.0069		0.50	0.0032			07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:29	_
Chromium	0.058		0.50	0.0022	=		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:29	
Slight Samula ID: C 2C							Lah Sami	ple ID: 480-62	2701.
Client Sample ID: C-2C Date Collected: 06/24/14 14:30							Lab Sain	•	z <i>i</i> 0 1- x: Soli
Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30								Percent Solid	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Arsenic	6.7		1,4	0,28	mg/Kg	**	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:34	
Chromium	13.1		0.94	0,19	mg/Kg	₿	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:34	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fa
Arsenic	0.0073	J	0.50	0,0032	mg/L		07/02/14 10:35	07/03/14 15:55	
Chromium	0.077	JB	0,50	0,0022	mg/L		07/02/14 10:35	07/03/14 15:55	
Client Sample ID: C-3A Date Collected: 06/25/14 14:00 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30								ple ID: 480-6 Matri Percent Solid	x: Soli
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)	Beault	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fa
Analyte		Qualifier	1,5		mg/Kg	— a	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:38	Diri
Arsenic Chromium	9.1 257		0,97		mg/Kg	₽	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:38	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	B !!	0 -1/4-	ъ.	MO	Unit		Despessed	Amolymad	Dil Fa
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	0.0032		D	Prepared 07/02/14 10:52	Analyzed 07/03/14 14:33	DII F
Arsenic	0.0058	_	0,50 0,50	0.0032	•		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:33	
Chromium	4.3			340					
Client Sample ID: C-3B							Lab Sam	ple ID: 480-6	
Date Collected: 06/24/14 15:00 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30								Matri Percent Soli	x: Soli ds: 90.
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII F
Arsenic	48.7		1.3		mg/Kg	p	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:50	
Chromium	61.0		0.87	0.17	mg/Kg	₽	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:50	
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL		Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII F
Arsenic	0.0060	JB	0.50 0.50	0.0032 0.0022	-		07/02/14 10:52 07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:38 07/03/14 14:38	

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client Sample ID: C-3C	Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-9
Date Collected: 06/24/14 15:30	Matrix: Solid
Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30	Percent Solids: 91.4

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	88.5		1,6	0.31	mg/Kg	₽	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:54	1
Chromium	96.0		1.0	0,21	mg/Kg	₩	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:54	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Analyte Arsenic	Result 0.013		RL 0.50	MDL 0.0032		_ D	07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:50	DII Fac

Client Sample ID: C-4A	Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-10
Date Collected: 06/25/14 14:30	Matrix: Solid
Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30	Percent Solids: 92.9

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result Qu	ualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	8.5		1.4	0,29	mg/Kg	₩	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:58	1
Chromium	299		0.95	0.19	mg/Kg	₿	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 13:58	1

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.0063	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:54	- 1
Chromium	6.9	В	0,50	0.0022	mg/L		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:54	1

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-		
Matrix: Solid		

 Date Collected: 06/24/14 16:00
 Matrix: Solid

 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30
 Percent Solids: 91.9

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	198		1.3	0.26	mg/Kg	₩	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 14:02	1
Chromium	111		0_86	0.17	mg/Kg	₽	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 14:02	1
Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
									DII 1 40
Arsenic	0.013		0.50	0.0032	mg/L	- E	07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 14:59	1

Chromium	0.073 JB	0.50	0.0022 mg/L	07/02/14 10:52
Client Sample ID: C-4C				Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-12
Date Collected: 06/24/14 16:30				Matrix: Solid

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result Qua	ulifier RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	448	1.4	0.29	mg/Kg	₽	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 14:06	1
Chromium	237	0,96	0.19	mg/Kg	₽	06/30/14 10:54	07/01/14 14:06	1

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) - TCLP Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	0.037	JB	0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 15:03	1
Chromium	0.12	JB	0.50	0,0022	mg/L		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 15:03	1

TestAmerica Buffalo

Percent Solids: 91.9

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP)

Lab Sample ID: MB 240-136335/1-A	Client Sample ID: Method Blank
verification in the contraction of the contract	

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 136770

Chefft San	tpie ib. metriod blank
	Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 136335

Prep Batch: 136335

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	ND		1,5	0.30	mg/Kg		06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:13	1
Chromium	ND		1.0	0,20	mg/Kg		06/26/14 13:15	06/30/14 12:13	1

мв мв

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Lab Sample ID: LCS 240-136335/2-A Prep Type: Total/NA Matrix: Solid

Prep Batch: 136335 Analysis Batch: 136770

	Spike	LCS LCS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Added	Result Quali	fier Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
Arsenic	200	201,6	mg/Kg		101	80 - 120	
Chromium	20.0	20.19	mg/Kg		101	80 _ 120	

Client Sample ID: S-1A Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-1 MS Prep Type: Total/NA **Matrix: Solid**

Prep Batch: 136335 Analysis Batch: 136770 MS MS Sample Sample Spike

%Rec В Limits Analyte Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Unit ₩ 75 - 125 19.7 1073 4 mg/Kg 47 Chromium 1060

Client Sample ID: S-1A Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-1 MS Prep Type: Total/NA

Matrix: Solid Analysis Batch: 136770

MS MS %Rec. Spike Sample Sample Result Qualifler %Rec Limits Result Qualifier Added Unit D

Analyte 1430 197 1770 4 mg/Kg 175 75 - 125 Arsenic

Client Sample ID: S-1A Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-1 MSD Prep Type: Total/NA **Matrix: Solid**

Analysis Batch: 136770

Prep Batch: 136335 RPD MSD MSD Spike Sample Sample Limit Result Qualifier D %Rec Limits RPD Added Unit Analyte Result Qualifier

☼ -297 75 - 125 Chromium 1060 19.7 1005 4 mg/Kg

Client Sample ID: S-1A Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-1 MSD Prep Type: Total/NA **Matrix: Solid**

Prep Batch: 136335 Analysis Batch: 136770 MSD MSD %Rec. RPD Spike Sample Sample RPD Limit Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits Added Analyte Result Qualifier $\overline{\alpha}$ 75 - 125 15 20 mg/Kg 1521 4 1430 197 Arsenic

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Lab Sample ID: MB 240-136675/1-A

Prep Type: Total/NA **Matrix: Solid** Prep Batch: 136675 Analysis Batch: 136858 мв мв

ŔĹ MDL Unit Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac Result Qualifier Analyte 07/01/14 12:14 1.5 06/30/14 10:54 0.30 mg/Kg Arsenic ND 06/30/14 10:54 07/01/14 12:14 ND 1.0 0.20 mg/Kg Chromium

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 240-136675/2-A	Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample
Matrix: Solid	Prep Type: Total/NA

Analysis Batch: 136858							Prep	Batch: 136675
	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
Arsenic	200	183.9		mg/Kg		92	80 - 120	
Chromium	20.0	17.84		mg/Kg		89	80 - 120	

Lab Sample ID: MB 240-136849/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137045

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 136849

	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifler	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fac
Arsenic	ND		0,50	0.0032	mg/L		07/01/14 11:11	07/02/14 15:51	1
Chromium	0.00436	J	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/01/14 11:11	07/02/14 15:51	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 240-136849/3-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137045

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 136849

-	Spike	LCS LCS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Added	Result Qualit	fier Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
Arsenic	2.00	2.11	mg/L		106	50 - 150	
Chromium	0:200	0.199 J	mg/L		100	50 - 150	

Lab Sample ID: MB 240-136852/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137045

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 136852

	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	ND		0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 16:57	1
Chromium	0.00456	.Ü	0.50	0.0022	ma/L		07/01/14 11:18	07/02/14 16:57	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 240-136852/3-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137045

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 136852

, maryone battom to rose	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Arsenic	2,00	2,15		mg/L		107	50 - 150
Chromium	0.200	0.198	J	mg/L		99	50 - 150

Lab Sample ID: MB 240-137020/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137227

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 137020

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	ND		0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/02/14 10:35	07/03/14 15:47	1
Chromium	0.00550	J	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/02/14 10:35	07/03/14 15:47	1

MB MB

Lab Sample ID: LCS 240-137020/3-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137227

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 137020

Spike LCS LCS %Rec. Added Result Qualifier Unit %Rec Limits Analyte 50 - 150 2.00 2.21 mg/L 111 Arsenic

50 - 150

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 137029

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: TCLP

Prep Batch: 136849

Client Sample ID: S-1C

Client Sample ID: S-1C

Prep Type: TCLP

Prep Type: TCLP

Prep Batch: 136849

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Lab Sample ID: LCS 240-137020/3-A Prep Type: Total/NA

0.200

0.203 J

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137227

Prep Batch: 137020 LCS LCS %Rec. Spike Result Qualifier Unit %Rec Limits Added

mg/L

101

Lab Sample ID: MB 240-137029/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Chromium

Analysis Batch: 137227

мв мв MDL Unit Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac RL Result Qualifier Analyte 07/02/14 10:52 07/03/14 12:51 0.50 0.0032 mg/L ND Arsenic 07/02/14 10:52 07/03/14 12:51 0.0022 mg/L 0.50 Chromium 0.00475 J

Lab Sample ID: LCS 240-137029/3-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137227

Prep Batch: 137029 Spike LCS LCS %Rec. %Rec Limits Added Result Qualifier Unit Analyte 2.32 116 50 - 150 2.00 ma/L Arsenic 107 50 - 150 0.200 0.214 J mg/L Chromium

Lab Sample ID: LB 240-136749/1-B

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137045

LB LB

Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit Analyte 0.50 07/01/14 11:11 07/02/14 15:47 0.00369 J 0.0032 mg/L Arsenic 07/01/14 11:11 07/02/14 15:47 0.00627 J 0.50 0.0022 mg/L Chromium

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-3 MS

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137045

%Rec. Spike MS MS Sample Sample Limits %Rec Result Qualifier Unit D Analyte Result Qualifier Added 50 - 150 103 0.0077 JB 5.00 5.15 mg/L Arsenic 50 - 150 5.00 95 0.0084 JB 4.75 mg/L Chromium

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-3 MSD

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137045 MSD MSD

LB LB

0.00500 J

Result Qualifler

Prep Batch: 136849 %Rec. **RPD** Spike Sample Sample Limits **RPD** Limit Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Analyte 50 150 1 20 0.0077 JB 5.00 5.21 mg/L 104 Arsenic 2 20 97 50 - 150 0.0084 JB 5.00 4.84 mg/L Chromium

Lab Sample ID: LB 240-136748/1-B

Matrix: Solid

Analyte

Arsenic

Analysis Batch: 137045

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Prep Type: TCLP

Prepared

MDL Unit

0.0032 mg/L

Prep Batch: 136852

Dil Fac Analyzed 07/01/14 11:18 07/02/14 16:53

0.50 07/01/14 11:18 07/02/14 16:53 0.0022 mg/L 0.00652 J Chromium

0.50

RL

TestAmerica Buffalo

1

QC Sample Results

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Method: 6010C - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LB 240-136920/1-C

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137227

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: TCLP

Prep Batch: 137020

-	LB	LB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	ND		0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/02/14 10:35	07/03/14 15:43	1
Chromium	0.00493	J	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/02/14 10:35	07/03/14 15:43	1

Lab Sample ID: LB 240-136921/1-B

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 137227

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Prep Type: TCLP

Prep Batch: 137029

	LB	LB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fac
Arsenic	0.00461	J	0.50	0.0032	mg/L		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 12:47	1
Chromium	0.00735	J	0.50	0.0022	mg/L		07/02/14 10:52	07/03/14 12:47	1

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Metals

Prep Batch: 136335

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-1	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-1 MS	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-1 MSD	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-2	S-1B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-3	S-1C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-4	S-1D	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-5	S-1E	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-6	S-2A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-7	S-2B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-8	S-2C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-9	S-2D	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-10	S-2E	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-11	S-3A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-12	S-3B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-13	S-3C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-14	S-3D	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-15	S-3E	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-16	S-4A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-17	S-4B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-18	S-4C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-19	S-4D	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62517-20	S-4E	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
LCS 240-136335/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
MB 240-136335/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	

Prep Batch: 136675

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-1	C-1A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-2	C-1B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-3	C-1C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-4	C-2A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-5	C-2B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-6	C-2C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-7	C-3A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-8	C-3B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-9	C-3C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-10	C-4A	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-11	C-4B	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
480-62701-12	C-4C	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
LCS 240-136675/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
MB 240-136675/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	

Leach Batch: 136748

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-1	S-1A	TCLP	Solid	1311	-/
480-62517-2	S-1B	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-4	S-1D	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-5	S-1E	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-6	S-2A	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-10	S-2E	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-11	S-3A	TCLP	Solid	1311	

TestAmerica Buffalo

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Metals (Continued)

Leach Batch: 136748 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Ргер Туре	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-12	S-3B	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-13	S-3C	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-16	S-4A	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-17	S-4B	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-18	S-4C	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-19	S-4D	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-20	S-4E	TCLP	Solid	1311	
LB 240-136748/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	1311	

Leach Batch: 136749

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-3	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-3 MS	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-3 MSD	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-7	S-2B	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-8	S-2C	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-9	S-2D	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-14	S-3D	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62517-15	S-3E	TCLP	Solid	1311	
LB 240-136749/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	1311	

Analysis Batch: 136770

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-1	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-1	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-1 MS	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-1 MS	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-1 MSD	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-1 MSD	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-2	S-1B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-3	S-1C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-4	S-1D	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-5	S-1E	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-6	S-2A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-7	S-2B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-8	S-2C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-9	S-2D	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-10	S-2E	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-11	S-3A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-12	S-3B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-13	S-3C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-14	S-3D	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-15	S-3E	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-16	S-4A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-17	S-4B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-18	S-4C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-19	S-4D	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
480-62517-20	S-4E	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
LCS 240-136335/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633
MB 240-136335/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13633

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Metals (Continued)

Prep Batch: 136849

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-3	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
480-62517-3 MS	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
480-62517-3 MSD	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
480-62517-7	S-2B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
480-62517-8	S-2C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
480-62517-9	S-2D	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
480-62517-14	S-3D	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
480-62517-15	S-3E	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
LB 240-136749/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136749
LCS 240-136849/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	
MB 240-136849/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	

Prep Batch: 136852

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Ргер Туре	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-1	S-1A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-2	S-1B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-4	S-1D	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-5	S-1E	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-6	S-2A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-10	S-2E	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-11	S-3A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-12	S-3B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-13	S-3C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-16	S-4A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-17	S-4B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-18	S-4C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-19	S-4D	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
480-62517-20	S-4E	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
LB 240-136748/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136748
LCS 240-136852/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	
MB 240-136852/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	

Analysis Batch: 136858

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-1	C-1A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136675
480-62701-2	C-1B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701-2	C-1B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136675
480-62701-3	C-1C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136678
480-62701-3	C-1C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701-4	C-2A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136675
480-62701-5	C-2B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701-6	C-2C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701 - 7	C-3A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701-8	C-3B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701-9	C-3C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701-10	C-4A	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701 - 11	C-4B	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
480-62701-12	C-4C	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
LCS 240-136675/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667
MB 240-136675/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	13667

TestAmerica Buffalo

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Metals (Continued)

Leach	Batch:	136	920
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Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Ргер Туре	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-6	C-2C	TCLP	Solid	1311	
LB 240-136920/1-C	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	1311	

Leach Batch: 136921

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID		Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-1	C-1A		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-2	C-1B		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-3	C-1C		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-4	C-2A	*	TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-5	C-2B		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-7	C-3A		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-8	C-3B		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-9	C-3C		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-10	C-4A		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-11	C-4B		TCLP	Solid	1311	
480-62701-12	C-4C		TCLP	Solid	1311	
LB 240-136921/1-B	Method Blank		TCLP	Solid	1311	

Prep Batch: 137020

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-6	C-2C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136920
LB 240-136920/1-C	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136920
LCS 240-137020/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	
MB 240-137020/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	

Prep Batch: 137029

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-1	C-1A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-2	C-1B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-3	C-1C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-4	C-2A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-5	C-2B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-7	C-3A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-8	C-3B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-9	C-3C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-10	C-4A	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-11	C-4B	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
480-62701-12	C-4C	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
LB 240-136921/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	3010A	136921
LCS 240-137029/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	
MB 240-137029/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3010A	

Analysis Batch: 137045

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-1	S-1A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-2	S-1B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-3	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-3 MS	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-3 MSD	S-1C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-4	S-1D	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-5	S-1E	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852

TestAmerica Buffalo

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Metals (Continued)

Analysis Batch: 137045 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-6	S-2A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-7	S-2B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-8	S-2C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-9	S-2D	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-10	S-2E	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-11	S-3A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-12	S-3B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-13	S-3C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-14	S-3D	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-15	S-3E	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
480-62517-16	S-4A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-17	S-4B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-18	S-4C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-19	S-4D	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
480-62517-20	S-4E	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
LB 240-136748/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136852
LB 240-136749/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	6010C	136849
LCS 240-136849/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136849
LCS 240-136852/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136852
MB 240-136849/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136849
MB 240-136852/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	136852

Analysis Batch: 137227

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-1	C-1A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-2	C-1B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-3	C-1C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-4	C-2A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-5	C-2B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-6	C-2C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137020
480-62701-7	C-3A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-8	C-3B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-9	C-3C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-10	C-4A	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-11	C-4B	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
480-62701-12	C-4C	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
LB 240-136920/1-C	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137020
LB 240-136921/1-B	Method Blank	TCLP	Solid	6010C	137029
LCS 240-137020/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	137020
LCS 240-137029/3-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	137029
MB 240-137020/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	137020
MB 240-137029/2-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010C	137029

General Chemistry

Analysis Batch: 136308

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-1	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-1 DU	S-1A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-2	S-1B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

General Chemistry (Continued)

Analysis Batch: 136308 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Ргер Туре	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62517-3	S-1C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-4	S-1D	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-5	S-1E	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-6	S-2A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-7	S-2B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-8	S-2C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-9	S-2D	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-10	S-2E	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-11	S-3A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-11 DU	S-3A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-12	S-3B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-13	S-3C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-14	S-3D	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-15	S-3E	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-16	S-4A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-17	S-4B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-18	S-4C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-19	S-4D	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62517-20	S-4E	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	

Analysis Batch: 137041

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
480-62701-1	C-1A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-2	C-1B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-3	C-1C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-4	C-2A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-5	C-2B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-6	C-2C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-6 DU	C-2C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-7	C-3A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-8	C-3B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-9	C-3C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-10	C-4A	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-11	C-4B	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	
480-62701-12	C-4C	Total/NA	Solid	Moisture	

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Client Sample ID: S-1A

Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:30 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-1

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:05	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 12:29	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		5	136770	06/30/14 14:21	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-1B

Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-2

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:09	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Ргер	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 12:49	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		ñ	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-1C

Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:40 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-3

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136749	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136849	07/01/14 11:11	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 15:59	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 12:53	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-1D

Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:45 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-4

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:21	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 12:57	RKT	TAL CAN

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Client Sample ID: S-1D

Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:45 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-4

Matrix: Solid

ı		Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
ı	Ргер Туре	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
ı	Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-1E

Date Collected: 06/23/14 09:50 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-5

Matrix: Solid

Prep Type	Batch Type	Batch Method	Run	Dilution Factor	Batch Number	Prepared or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:25	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:01	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-2A

Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:30

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-6

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C			137045	07/02/14 17:30	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:13	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		9	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-2B

Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:35

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Lab Samp	le ID: 48	0-62517-7
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Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Ргер Туре	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136749	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136849	07/01/14 11:12	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 16:20	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:17	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Client Sample ID: S-2C

Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:40 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-8

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136749	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136849	07/01/14 11:12	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 16:32	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:21	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-9

Matrix: Solid

Client Sample ID: S-2D
Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:45
Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136749	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136849	07/01/14 11:12	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 16:36	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:25	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-2E

Date Collected: 06/23/14 10:50

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-10

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:34	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:29	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-3A

Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:30

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Lab S	ample	ID: 4	80-6251	7-11
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Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:38	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:33	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Lab Chronicle

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Analysis

Analysis

6010C

Moisture

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Client Sample ID: S-3B

Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-12

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Matrix: Solid

Lab Sample ID. 460-62517-12

Batch Dilution Batch Prepared Method Run Factor Number or Analyzed Analyst Lab Prep Type Type TAL CAN TCLP 1311 136748 06/30/14 17:50 SMH Leach ADS TAL CAN TCLP 3010A 136852 07/01/14 11:18 Prep TCLP Analysis 6010C 137045 07/02/14 17:47 **RKT** TAL CAN 3050B 06/26/14 13:15 DEE TAL CAN Total/NA Prep 136335

Client Sample ID: S-3C Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-13

1

136770

136308

06/30/14 13:37

06/26/14 11:00 BLW

RKT

TAL CAN

TAL CAN

Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:40 Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Total/NA

Total/NA

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:51	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:41	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-3D

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-14

Matrix: Solid

Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:45 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136749	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136849	07/01/14 11:12	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 16:40	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:45	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-3E Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-15

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Date Collected: 06/23/14 11:50 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136749	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136849	07/01/14 11:12	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 16:44	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 13:50	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

TestAmerica Buffalo

.......

Matrix: Solid

9

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Client Sample ID: S-4A

Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:15 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-16

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Ргер Туре	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:55	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 14:01	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-4B

Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:20 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00 Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-17

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 17:43	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 14:05	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-4C

Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:25

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-18

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 18:00	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 14:09	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: S-4D

Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:30

Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-19

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 18:12	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 14:13	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Lab Chronicle

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Lab Sample ID: 480-62517-20

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Matrix: Solid

Client Sample ID: S-4E Date Collected: 06/23/14 12:35 Date Received: 06/24/14 01:00

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136748	06/30/14 17:50	SMH	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			136852	07/01/14 11:18	ADS	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137045	07/02/14 18:16	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136335	06/26/14 13:15	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136770	06/30/14 14:17	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	136308	06/26/14 11:00	BLW	TAL CAN

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-1

Matrix: Solid

Client Sample ID: C-1A Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:00 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		3	137227	07/03/14 14:12	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:13	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-2 Client Sample ID: C-1B

Matrix: Solid

Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:00 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Ргер Туре	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:16	RKT	TAL ÇAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:17	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Ргер	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		2	136858	07/01/14 15:03	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-3 Client Sample ID: C-1C Matrix: Solid

Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:20	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:21	RKT	TAL CAN

TestAmerica Buffalo

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

Client Sample ID: C-1C

Date Collected: 06/24/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-3

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 92.9

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		5	136858	07/01/14 15:07	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-4

Matrix: Solid

Date Collected: 06/25/14 13:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

Client Sample ID: C-2A

Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:25	RKT	TAL CAN
Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:25	RKT	TAL CAN
Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN
	Type Leach Prep Analysis Prep Analysis	Type Method Leach 1311 Prep 3010A Analysis 6010C Prep 3050B Analysis 6010C	Type Method Run Leach 1311 Prep 3010A Analysis 6010C Prep 3050B Analysis 6010C	Type Method Run Factor Leach 1311 Prep 3010A Analysis 6010C 1 Prep 3050B Analysis 6010C 1	Type Method Run Factor Number Leach 1311 136921 Prep 3010A 137029 Analysis 6010C 1 137227 Prep 3050B 136675 Analysis 6010C 1 136858	Type Method Run Factor Number or Analyzed Leach 1311 136921 07/01/14 18:15 Prep 3010A 137029 07/02/14 10:52 Analysis 6010C 1 137227 07/03/14 14:25 Prep 3050B 136675 06/30/14 10:54 Analysis 6010C 1 136858 07/01/14 13:25	Type Method Run Factor Number or Analyzed Analyst Leach 1311 136921 07/01/14 18:15 DRJ Prep 3010A 137029 07/02/14 10:52 DEE Analysis 6010C 1 137227 07/03/14 14:25 RKT Prep 3050B 136675 06/30/14 10:54 DEE Analysis 6010C 1 136858 07/01/14 13:25 RKT

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-5 Client Sample ID: C-2B

Date Collected: 06/24/14 14:00 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

Matrix: Solid

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:29	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:30	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-6 Client Sample ID: C-2C

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Date Collected: 06/24/14 14:30

Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Ргер Туре	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136920	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137020	07/02/14 10:35	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 15:55	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:34	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

TestAmerica Buffalo

Lab Chronicle

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-7

Matrix: Solid

Client Sample ID: C-3A

Date Collected: 06/25/14 14:00 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:33	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:38	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-8

Matrix: Solid

Client Sample ID: C-3B
Date Collected: 06/24/14 15:00

Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:38	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		ã	136858	07/01/14 13:50	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: C-3C

Date Collected: 06/24/14 15:30

Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

Lab Samp	le ID:	480-6	2701-9
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Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab _
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:50	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 13:54	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: C-4A

Date Collected: 06/25/14 14:30

Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

Lab	Sample	ID:	480-6270	1-10

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:54	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		4	136858	07/01/14 13:58	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Lab Chronicle

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-11

Matrix: Solid

Client Sample ID: C-4B

Date Collected: 06/24/14 16:00 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 14:59	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 14:02	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	137041	07/02/14 11:42	AS	TAL CAN

Client Sample ID: C-4C

Date Collected: 06/24/14 16:30 Date Received: 06/26/14 01:30 Lab Sample ID: 480-62701-12

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
TCLP	Leach	1311			136921	07/01/14 18:15	DRJ	TAL CAN
TCLP	Prep	3010A			137029	07/02/14 10:52	DEE	TAL CAN
TCLP	Analysis	6010C		1	137227	07/03/14 15:03	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			136675	06/30/14 10:54	DEE	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010C		1	136858	07/01/14 14:06	RKT	TAL CAN
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		3	137041	07/02/14 13:52	AS	TAL CAN

Laboratory References:

TAL CAN = TestAmerica Canton, 4101 Shuffel Street NW, North Canton, OH 44720, TEL (330)497-9396

9

Certification Summary

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Laboratory: TestAmerica Buffalo

The certifications listed below are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date
New York	NELAP	2	10026	03-31-15

Laboratory: TestAmerica Canton

All certifications held by this laboratory are listed. Not all certifications are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date
California	NELAP	9	01144CA	06-30-14 *
California	State Program	9	2927	04-30-15
Connecticut	State Program	1	PH-0590	12-31-14
Florida	NELAP	4	E87225	06-30-14 *
Georgia	State Program	4	N/A	06-30-14 *
Illinois	NELAP	5	200004	07-31-14 *
Kansas	NELAP	7	E-10336	01-31-15
Kentucky (UST)	State Program	4	58	06-30-15
L-A-B	DoD ELAP		L2315	07-18-16
Minnesota	NELAP	5	039-999-348	12-31-14
Nevada	State Program	9	OH-000482008A	07-31-14 *
New Jersey	NELAP	2	OH001	06-30-15
New York	NELAP	2	10975	03-31-15
Ohio VAP	State Program	5	CL0024	10-31-15
Pennsylvania	NELAP	3	68-00340	08-31-14 *
Texas	NELAP	6		08-31-14 *
USDA	Federal		P330-13-00319	11-26-16
Virginia	NELAP	3	460175	09-14-14 *
Washington	State Program	10	C971	01-12-15
West Virginia DEP	State Program	3	210	12-31-14
Wisconsin	State Program	5	999518190	08-31-14 *

TestAmerica Buffalo

^{*} Certification renewal pending - certification considered valid.

Method Summary

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Method	Method Description	Protocol	Laboratory
6010C	Metals (ICP)	SW846	TAL CAN
Moisture	Percent Moisture	EPA	TAL CAN

Protocol References:

EPA = US Environmental Protection Agency

SW846 = "Test Methods For Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", Third Edition, November 1986 And Its Updates.

Laboratory References:

TAL CAN = TestAmerica Canton, 4101 Shuffel Street NW, North Canton, OH 44720, TEL (330)497-9396

TestAmerica Buffalo

Sample Summary

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Project/Site: NE Treater Project

TestAmerica Job ID: 480-62517-1

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Collected	Received
480-62517-1	S-1A	Solid	06/23/14 09:30	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-2	S-1B	Solid	06/23/14 09:35	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-3	S-1C	Solid	06/23/14 09:40	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-4	S-1D	Solid	06/23/14 09:45	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-5	S-1E	Solid	06/23/14 09:50	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-6	S-2A	Solid	06/23/14 10:30	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-7	S-2B	Solid	06/23/14 10:35	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-8	S-2C	Solid	06/23/14 10:40	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-9	S-2D	Solid	06/23/14 10:45	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-10	S-2E	Solid	06/23/14 10:50	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-11	S-3A	Solid	06/23/14 11:30	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-12	S-3B	Solid	06/23/14 11:35	06/24/14 01:00
180-62517-13	S-3C	Solid	06/23/14 11:40	06/24/14 01:00
180-62517-14	S-3D	Solid	06/23/14 11:45	06/24/14 01:00
180-62517-15	S-3E	Solid	06/23/14 11:50	06/24/14 01:00
180-62517-16	S-4A	Solid	06/23/14 12:15	06/24/14 01:00
180-62517-17	S-4B	Solid	06/23/14 12:20	06/24/14 01:00
180-62517-18	S-4C	Solid	06/23/14 12:25	06/24/14 01:00
180-62517-19	S-4D	Solid	06/23/14 12:30	06/24/14 01:00
480-62517-20	S-4E	Solid	06/23/14 12:35	06/24/14 01:00
480-62701-1	C-1A	Solid	06/25/14 13:00	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-2	C-1B	Solid	06/24/14 13:00	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-3	C-1C	Solid	06/24/14 13:30	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-4	C-2A	Solid	06/25/14 13:30	06/26/14 01:30
180-62701-5	C-2B	Solid	06/24/14 14:00	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-6	C-2C	Solid	06/24/14 14:30	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-7	C-3A	Solid	06/25/14 14:00	06/26/14 01:30
180-62701-8	C-3B	Solid	06/24/14 15:00	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-9	C-3C	Solid	06/24/14 15:30	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-10	C-4A	Solid	06/25/14 14:30	06/26/14 01:30
180-62701-11	C-4B	Solid	06/24/14 16:00	06/26/14 01:30
480-62701-12	C-4C	Solid	06/24/14 16:30	06/26/14 01:30

TestAmerica Albany				TectAmerica
25 Kraft Road Albany, NY 12205		Chain of	Chain of Custody Record	THE LEAGUES OF THE VACCOMICE OF THE STANS
of incommontal to	Sampler	19 10	Carrier Tracking No(s);	(DOC No.
Clear Catal	- Choose	5 Jul		Para:
Cilent Connect Mr. Vedran Cirkovic	rione:	<u>4 # 1</u>		Page 1 of 3
Company: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC				#con
Address: 24 Wade Road	Due Date Requested:		480-62517 Chain of Control	Preservation Codes:
City: Lathan	TAT Requested (days):		Cuestody	D-SACH MANAGEMENT OF A CONTROL
State, Zp: NY, 12110	Standard	後:		c Acid
Phone: 518-456-4900(Tel)	Por: Purchase Order not required	変.10		Friends S-HSSU-S
Emelt: Vedran.cirkovio@sterfingenvironmental.com	WO#:	N:30 6		1-loe J-Di Water
Project Name: NE Treater Project	Project fit. 48010042	P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	40 10	TE L-EDA Z-other (specify)
Shac	SSOW#	omes	V) de	Of co.
	Sample	-	M,EM,in	1edmu
Samula Idantification	Sample Date Time Garab)		- 20100	Special Instructions/Note:
The second secon	X	tion Code:	一	X
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S-1B		Solid		7.
5-16	1 9:4am	Solid		\$4
5-10	9:45a	Solid		修定
S-1 E	4:50a.	Solid		- Ed.
S-2A	10:3am	Solid		
5-28	10.35an	Solid		
2-36	10:40	Solid		
5-2 10	10:450	Solid		
5-2 E	1 10:50al	Solid		
		Solid		, 1 , 1
Possible Hazard Identification	an B Thimmen Redicionical		Sample Disposal (A fee may be assessed if samples are retained longer than 1 month) Return To Client Disposal By Leb Auchive For Month	re retained longer than 1 month)
Other (specify)			Special Instructions/QC Requirements:	
Empty Kit Relinquished by:	Date:	Г	Time:	
Relinquished by:	Deterting	- 1	Receive Fry	6-23-4 14:43 COMPANY
Rediriquish # by.	Date/Time:	Company	M	1614 0100 Company
	Dette/Time:	Company	Received by: Date/Time	
Custody Seals Infact: Custody Seal No.:		.*	Cooler Temperature(s) °C and Other Remarks:	3 件1

TestAmerica Albany

25 Kraft Road Albany, NY 12205

Chain of Custody Record

State Compared C	Second Continues Continues	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Client Information	Sumpler			Lab PM: Shaffer, Lisa	<u></u>		Carrier Tra	Carrier Tracking No(s):	0.410	COC No: 480-51222-13675.1	5.1
Section Company Comp	Analysis Requested Continue to the continu	Water Finds	Mr. Vedran Cirkovic	FIGURE			E-war. Isa.shaffer@	(testamerica	inc.com	_			agetof3	
A	Compared House Contract House Cont	Comparison Com	Company: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC					1	Analysis	Requested			ob #£	
Comparison Com	Control Cont	Section Control Cont	Address 24 Wade Road	Due Date	Requested:								Preservation Cod	No. Heren
NY, 1210 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	No. 17(1) No.	Second Column Second Colum	City. Latham	TAT Req	uested (days):								B-NaOH C-Zn Acetate	N-Name O-AshaO2
Sample S		Supple Company Compa	State, Zp: NY, 12110	方	indurd	16	 						2 2 1	P-Nazods Q-Nazods
Sample S		Sample S	Phone: 518-456-4900(Tel)	Port	se Order not required		 (9					3 .)	G - Amchior H - Ascorbic Acid	S-HZSO4 T-TSP Dodecatydrate
	Sample Date The Corpus Sample Martin (See 1) Ma		_				(6) N2000						I - Ice J - Di Water	U-Acetone V-MCAA
			Project Name: NE Treater Project		42		in (2)	_					K-EDIA L-EDA	W-ph4-5 Z-other(specify)
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Date/Time: Company Received by: Desertines:	Observed by: Detections: Detec	Chatrody SepiliNo: Chatrody SepiliNo: Chatrody	Ruithquishyd by	DeterTime			4	- Spranger	7	7	DataTie		0100	Company C
	Onsign the second Control of the Con	13	Semousished by:	Date/Time				Received by:	X		Desertin	id.		Company

Client Information Client Contect Clear Contect Statis Contect Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC Address: Statis Environmental Engineering PC For Address: C-1.B C-2.B C-2.B C-3.B C-3.B C-3.C	Phone:	480-62701 Chain of Custody Chain of Custody Chain of Custody Chain of Custody Chain of Custody Chain of Custody Chain of Custody	Page 1 of 2 Los 4: Preservation Codos: A - HZ, B - Hours B - Hours C - Zh Achasa D - Nair Acid E - Nair Acid
C4A C4B Possible Hazard Identification Non-Hazard Enamable Sah Intent Deliverable Requested: I, II, III, IV, Other (specify) Empty Kit Relinquished by: Rainquishad by: Rainquishad by: Angalana by: Grostopy Seels Inflace: Angalana by: Angalana by:	brown Tolological Date: 150 6/25/14 Company 1750 6/25/14 Company	Sample Disposal (A fee may be assessed if samples are rotained longer than 1 month) Special Instructions/CC Requirements: Time: Readwall for Requirements: Readwall for Regularities Readwall for Readwall for Regularities Readwall for Readwa	wined longer than 1 month) chive For Months 14 16:20 Company 14 0130 Company 14 0130 Company

SHIP LEADER IN TENTH OF MENTAL TRANSPORT **TestAmerica** 0 - Asvigoz P-Nazosa Q-Nazosos S-Nazosos S-UZSO4 U-Acetone V-MCA4 W-ph-A Special Instructions/Note: Sample Disposal (A fee may be assessed if samples are retained longer than 1 month)

Return To Client
Special Instructions/QC Requirements: DDC No: 480-51222-13675.2 Page 2 of 172 # C-2n Acetaba E-Natricasi E-Natricasi F-Natricasi G-Amchior H-Ascorbic Acid I--ice J-2n Waser K-EDTA 7 Analysis Requested Cooler Temperature(s) "C and Other Remerks: Chain of Custody Record Lab PMr. Shaffer, Lisa E E-Mas: Ilsa shaffer@lestamericainc.com Perform Meiken (Yesior No) Company Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Sample Type (C=comp, G=grab) Radiological 14/52/0 FO.#. Purchase Order not required WO.#. Sample 4:30 Date/Time: Jaknown Date/Time: Due Date Requested: Sample Date 6/24/14 Project #: 48010042 SSOW# Poison B Skin Imitant Deliverable Requested: I, II, III, IV, Other (specify Custody Seels Intact: Custody Seel No.:
A Yes A No vedran.cirkovic@sterlingenvironmental.com Sterling Environmental Engineering PC Possible Hazard Identification TestAmerica Albany Empty Kit Relinquished by: Client Information Vedran Cirkovic Albarry, NY 12205 ~4C hoject Name: NE Treater Project 518-456-4900(Tell) 24 Wade Road 25 Kraft Road State, Zp: NY, 12110 athem.

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Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

Job Number: 480-62517-1

Login Number: 62517 List Number: 1

Creator: Wienke, Robert K

List Source: TestAmerica Buffalo

Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity either was not measured or, if measured, is at or below background	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the sample IDs on the containers and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time.	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified	N/A	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
VOA sample vials do not have headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4") in diameter.	True	
If necessary, staff have been informed of any short hold time or quick TAT needs	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Sampling Company provided.	False	
Samples received within 48 hours of sampling.	True	
Samples requiring field filtration have been filtered in the field.	N/A	
Chlorine Residual checked.	N/A	

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14

Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client: Sterling Environmental Engineering PC

List Source: TestAmerica Buffalo

Job Number: 480-62517-1

Login Number: 62701 List Number: 1

Creator: Wienke, Robert K

Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity either was not measured or, if measured, is at or below background	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	ŷ.
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the sample IDs on the containers and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time.	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified	N/A	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
VOA sample vials do not have headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4") in diameter.	True	
If necessary, staff have been informed of any short hold time or quick TAT needs	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Sampling Company provided.	False	
Samples received within 48 hours of sampling.	True	81 =
Samples requiring field filtration have been filtered in the field.	N/A	
Chlorine Residual checked.	N/A	

ATTACHMENT 8 REPOSITORY LETTER



October 1, 2014

Ms. Bonnie Snyder Library Director D. R. Evarts Library 80 Second Street Athens, New York 12015

Subject: Document Repository

Brownfield Cleanup Program Northeast Treaters of NY, LLC. 796 Schoharie Turnpike Athens, New York 12015

STERLING File #2014-08

Dear Ms. Snyder,

Thank you for agreeing to act as the document repository for the Brownfield Cleanup Site located in the Town of Athens at 796 Schoharie Turnpike. As requested, we will contact you before forwarding repository documents to the D. R. Evarts Library when they become available.

As discussed, due to the limited space at your facility, we will attempt to minimize the physical space of repository documents by making project details and large documents available in CD-ROM format.

Please contact me should you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely yours,

STERLING ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING, P.C.

Rodey 2 addine

Rodney L. Aldrich, P.E.

Director of Environmental Services

rodney.aldrich@sterlingenvironmental.com

RLA/bc

Email/First Class Mail

James Quinn, P.E., NYSDEC Region 4 cc:

> Robert Schick, P.E., NYSDEC Central Office David Reed, Northeast Treaters, Athens, NY Greg Christy, Northeast Treaters, Athens, NY

Kevin Young, Young Sommer Beth Morss, Young Sommer

2014-08\Correspondence\Document Repository_ltr.doc
"Serving our clients and the environment since 1993"

ATTACHMENT 9

CHAPTER 7: INDUSTRIAL SITES AND FACILITIES

OF

GREENE COUNTY'S COMPREHENSIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLAN





Introduction

Greene County's "shovel-ready" business parks are one of its most important assets for economic development. As the county-sponsored business parks are built out, however, there will be a need for additional parks and sites to accommodate target industries attracted to the area as well as local businesses undergoing expansion. How and where should the County establish new business or industrial parks, and what steps will need to be taken to prepare them for future development? Are the existing parks suitable for potential target industries? And what are the criteria used by different sizes and types of companies in evaluating suitable sites?

To address these questions, this chapter of the Comprehensive Economic Development Plan examines Greene County's existing business parks, the sites that have been identified for future industrial development, and the requirements of the target industries identified earlier in the plan document. It concludes with a list of commercial and industrial development opportunities by subregion, as well as site assessment criteria to be used to establish new business and industrial parks in the County.

KEY FINDINGS

- Greene County has two county-sponsored business parks: Kalkberg Commerce Park and the Greene Business & Technology Park. Both of these parks have been approved by the State of New York as "shovel-ready," meaning that all environmental and infrastructure considerations have been fully addressed. Properties in the two parks have also received designation by the Greene County Legislature as Empire Zones.
- The Greene County Industrial Development Agency (GCIDA) has recently received as a donation the majority of sites in the Hudson Valley Business Park, located in the Town of Coxsackie. The Hudson Valley Business Park is not certified as "shovel-ready" as additional environmental studies and engineering plans are necessary. Additionally, there are significant environmental constraints within this Park which may limit the amount of viable land for development.
- Two future industrial park sites have been identified by the County: The Travco Industrial Property, located along the Schoharie Turnpike in the Town of Athens, along with lands surrounding the property including land adjacent to the New Athens Generating Facility; and the proposed Catskill Industrial Park, located along State Route 9W in the Town and Village of Catskill.
- Build Now-NY is a valuable state program that provides matching grants up to \$100,000 to help local communities pay for professional services such as engineering studies, environmental







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

assessments, legal support, and planning to bring business parks and industrial sites to shovel-ready status. The GCIDA has recently received \$172,500 in Build-Now NY funds for the Hudson Valley Business Park, Travco Industrial Property and the Greene County IDA Destination Retail & Business Park expansion north of Kalkberg.

- Over the past 2 years, absorption at the IDA parks has been at 20 acres per year. The GCIDA projects a minimum absorption rate of 20 to 25 acres per year. While this projection is conservative, absorption could increase based upon aggressive target industry marketing aligned with the recommended target industries report.
- Properties within the Greene County Empire Zone encompass a total of 1,260 acres, of which 285 acres are within existing industrial parks (see Map 2 in the Appendix). A total of 728 acres of Empire Zone-designated properties are developable for disposition. Within existing industrial parks, only a total of 70 acres of industrial sites are developable excluding portions that have been disposed, as well as environmental features such as wetlands, flood plains, hydric soils, steep slopes and other unbuildable areas. Currently, there is one 24 acre site within the Kalkberg Commerce Park and two sites within the Greene Business & Technology Park totaling 32 acres, available as shovel-ready sites.
- Using the current absorption rate of 20 to 25 acres per year, Greene County has less than 3 years of inventory of developable industrial sites and less than 2 years inventory of shovel-ready land. The use of Build-Now NY funds would help bring properties within the Empire Zones to shovel-ready status.
- The Target Industry and Resource Analysis identified business development opportunities in the 3 subregions to meet the needs of target industries. Most industrial development in the Historic River Towns would be comprised of medium- to large-sized operations ranging from 25,000 to 100,000 square feet of space. Opportunities for Valley Towns would mostly be for small- to medium-sized operations ranging from 5,000 to 50,000 square feet. Due to environmental and regulatory constraints, the Mountaintop Towns are generally not suited for mid- to large-sized operations, but could accommodate small operations with 2,000 to 5,000 square feet of space with the exception of large tourism destination type facilities.
- The majority of the existing industrial park development to date has been located in the Historic River Towns due to the availability of flat vacant land, transportation infrastructure (Route 9W and the NYS Thruway) and access to water and wastewater infrastructure. Future industrial development could be located in the Valley Towns, especially along the Route 23 and 145 corridors, but this subregion faces limitations with respect to water and wastewater infrastructure.







- Property tax revenue sharing is an innovative way of funding economic development in the County, providing a source for matching funds to leverage funds without future obligation to local taxpayers. The recent business park projects sponsored by the GCIDA demonstrate a progressive use of tax revenue sharing to cover the long term costs of measures required for environmental permitting, as well as the future investment in new infrastructure and planning for additional development. These real costs associated with development often result in a long-term burden to local governmental units as these responsibilities have to be met in the future. By using Empire Zone benefits, the tax sharing agreements benefit from the fact that the business park tenants pay 100% of their real property tax to the local taxing jurisdictions, with their savings rebated by NYS. In a traditional PILOT (Payment in Lieu of Taxes) agreement, the business park tenant would normally be charged a reduced tax rate for a period of years, reducing the initial revenue available for long term management of environmental mitigation requirements that were necessary to build the project.
- Key areas targeted for future commercial and industrial development in Greene County will have significant environmental, archeological and infrastructure limitations that must be addressed prior to large-scale development. Infrastructure, specifically water, sewer and transportation, presents significant limitations to support future growth and development. Infrastructure is not only available in limited geographic areas, but in most cases elements such as filtration, storage, transmission lines and other components are currently stressed. Several municipal suppliers of water and wastewater infrastructure are under consent order with limitations on additional hookups.
- There is a general lack of recognition that stormwater management is an infrastructure issue. While most recognize elements such as water, wastewater and roads as a component of infrastructure necessary for development, there is little understanding that stormwater systems will become an increasingly important issue.
- Environmental issues related to wetlands and habitat may be the single most significant limiting factor in those areas of Greene County that present the best sites based on other considerations such as transportation, infrastructure and topography. To address these issues effectively, Greene County will need to focus less on site by site mitigation strategies and work creatively with the GCSWCD as well as state and federal regulatory agencies to further develop and implement a more regionalized mitigation plan.







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

Summary Profile of Existing Industrial Parks in Greene County

Greene County currently has five primary areas that have been targeted for the development of industrial parks. These areas include fully shovel-ready business parks in the northeast corner of the County and former industrial areas that require various levels of redevelopment to meet current standards, as well as open, vacant, underutilized or undeveloped spaces that may or may not face significant challenges before they can be developed.

On one end of the spectrum, the County's two business parks (the Greene Business & Technology Park and the Kalkberg Commerce Park) offer completely "shovel-ready" space that has had all environmental and infrastructure considerations fully addressed. The Kalkberg Commerce Park and the Greene Business & Technology Park form part of the Greene County IDA Business Park, together with adjacent properties identified for industrial park development. In the middle of the range is the Hudson Valley Business Park, which has water, road and utility infrastructure in place, but is lacking stormwater and has extensive wetland mitigation issues that need to be addressed. In Athens, the Travco Industrial Property is anchored by a former industrial site that has some infrastructure in place, but still requires investigation of environmental issues for the development of a future Athens Industrial Park. The final site is the future Catskill Industrial Park, located in the Town and Village of Catskill, which has sewer and water infrastructure in close proximity, but may be constrained by transportation infrastructure, wetlands, topographical and other environmental issues. The site is comprised of a mix of existing development and open space.

Properties within the Greene County Empire Zone encompass a total of 1,260 acres, of which 285 acres are within existing industrial parks (see Map 2 in the Appendix). A total of 727 acres are developable within the Empire Zone-designated properties. Within the boundaries of existing industrial sites, only a total of 70 acres are developable. This excludes sites that have been disposed, areas/footprints occupied by existing facilities or industries on-site, as well as environmental features such as wetlands, flood plains, hydric soils, steep slopes and other unbuildable areas.

Currently, only 167 acres of industrial sites in Greene County are completely shovel-ready. These are the Greene Business & Technology Park and the Kalkberg Commerce Park. Of these shovel-ready sites only 50 acres are currently available for development. Other industrial parks are in various stages of shovel-readiness, with the Hudson Valley Business Park closest to being shovel-ready and the Travco and Catskill Industrial Parks needing substantial work. Identified properties within Empire Zones that are not shovel-ready should be brought to that status to increase the County's inventory of available industrial land.







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

The matrix below provides a summary of the Empire Zone designated sites and existing industrial parks with the shovel-ready status of each. The Empire Zone Map (Map 2) in the Appendix shows the Empire Zone boundaries and delineates existing industrial sites within the Empire Zones, as well as the location of environmental features. Maps 3 through 6 provide more detailed views of each of the four zone areas.

Summary	Status of I	Existing	Empire Zo	nes and E	Business/I	ndustrial F	arks in	Greene Cou	unty
			re Zone Bo					Industrial Si	
	Gross Acreage	Develop- able	Not Available	Environ- mental Features	Retail Uses	Gross Acreage	Develop- able	Not Available	Environ- mental Features
Shovel-Ready Parks	5								
Greene IDA Business Park* EZ Area 1	728	432	26	284					
Greene Business & Technology Park					24	105	21	26	48
Kalkberg Commerce Park					0	62	16	16*	29
Sub-Total	728	432	26	284	24	167	37	42	77
Partially Shovel-Red	ady								
Hudson Valley Business Park EZ Area 2	100	53	25	26	0	36	11	25	5
Sub-Total	100	53	25	26	0	36	11	25	5
Not Shovel-Ready									
Athens Industrial Park EZ Area 3	167	82	19	67	0	74	22	16	36
Catskill Industrial Park EZ Area 4	265	160	27	81	0	8	0	8	1
Sub-Total	432	242	46	148	0	82	22	24	3 <i>7</i>
Total	1,260	727	97	458	24	285	70	75	119

^{*16} acres in KCP was not included in the EZ boundary.

Note: Acreage determinations based on 2005 Empire Zone Application and Greene County Soil & Water District data. As further wetland delineation is completed, acreage numbers will be further refined.

THE GREENE COUNTY IDA BUSINESS PARK

Greene County's Empire Zone designation for the Greene County IDA Business Parks covers a total of 728 acres. Based on the GIS map layers provided by the GCDPED, the Empire Zone designation is comprised of 129 acres in the Greene Business & Technology Park (GBTP) and 62 acres in the Kalkberg Commerce Park (KCP). The Greene Business & Technology Park includes 105 acres of







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

industrial property and 24 acres set-aside for retail uses along Route 9W; the retail portion of the industrial park is not located within the Empire Zone. The balance of developable industrial lands at the two business parks stands at 24 acres at KCP and 32 acres at GBTP. With only 56 acres of shovel-ready industrial land available in the County, steps should be taken to have most of the Empire Zone designated sites shovel-ready for development. The two business parks are adjacent to 284 acres of habitat conservation lands owned by the Greene Land Trust. The Empire Zone designated area includes developable land that could be used for expansion. The GCIDA has also identified properties outside the Empire Zone that could be developed for industrial uses in the future. These are discussed in detail later in this chapter.

The Greene County IDA Business Parks are located within $\frac{1}{2}$ mile of the NYS Thruway. The northern portion of the site is located in the Town of New Baltimore, and is bordered to the west by exit 21B of the NYS Thruway. The southern portion is located in the Town of Coxsackie and fronts the 9W corridor to the west. A rail line borders the site's eastern edge at the southern portion of the site and traverses the northern portion of the property.

The area comprising the Greene County IDA Business Park is currently zoned Commercial/Industrial and is considered shovel-ready with water, sewer, gas, power, stormwater, and telecommunications infrastructure available. The southern portion of the business park has 10-inch waterpipes on-site, capable of delivering 1.8 million gallons per day (gpd), while the northern portion has a 400,000-gallon water tank. The Town of Coxsackie provides wastewater services, with treatment capacity for 1.2 million gpd. The GBTP and KCP also include stormwater infrastructure that meets or exceeds current state Phase II stormwater regulations.

The Greene IDA Business Park received Empire Zone designation in July 2006. Originally, zone benefits were accorded to businesses in the park through the Columbia County Empire Zone. With the Empire Zone designation, businesses relocating to the Greene County IDA Business Park could avail themselves of the various incentives associated with the Empire Zone. According to Greene County's 2005 Empire Zone Application, selling prices for the business park range from \$75,000 to \$100,000 per acre along the eastern edge to \$200,000 along the 9W corridor.

Current park occupants include the Save-A-Lot Distribution Center and Bank of Greene County at the Greene Business & Technology Park and National Bedding/Serta at the Kalkberg Commerce Park. Save-A-Lot operates a 332,000 square feet warehouse and has a proposed 70,000 square foot expansion. National Bedding/Serta has a 232,000 square feet manufacturing, office administration, and shipping facility. The Town of Coxsackie Zoning Code proscribes commercial zoning along the park's western edge, facing the 9W corridor for retail uses.







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

Operation and maintenance costs associated with the Greene Business & Technology Park and the Kalkberg Commerce Park facilities are currently funded via two mechanisms. First, the tenants in the business parks contribute to Operations & Maintenance (O&M) costs for items such as lighting and stormwater maintenance. Tenants are assessed their portion of these costs based on the percentage of shovel ready land they own in relation to the full park. The second mechanism used to fund O&M involves a Tax Revenue Sharing Agreement developed in conjunction with the local school district, the town(s) and Greene County. The agreement is based on sharing the net gain in real property taxation, and is applied to each individual development project. Under the agreement, the prior taxes paid based on the pre-development assessment are subtracted from the increase in taxes that results from the post-development assessment to determine "net" taxes. The increase in direct tax revenue is then split, with the GCIDA receiving 20% of the new tax revenue and the school, town(s) and County splitting the remaining 80%.

GCIDA revenue from the PILOT is primarily dedicated to the ongoing costs to meet the business park's mitigation requirements. Development of these business parks required substantial environmental mitigation, which carries an O&M cost in perpetuity. To meet the O&M requirements of the business park mitigation strategy, the GCIDA has taken some very creative steps to maximize cost efficiency and address mitigation O&M beyond the term of the tax sharing agreements. First, the GCIDA has partnered with the Greene County Soil & Water Conservation District (GCSWCD) to manage all environmental and stormwater requirements. The GCSWCD's involvement results in these services being provided at a very favorable cost, and the GCIDA benefits from the GCSWCD's ability to access other funding sources as well as achieve benefits from economy of scale as the GCSWCD integrates these requirements into other programs it manages.

Additionally, to manage the substantial set-aside of conservation lands required under the business park's state and federal permits, the GCIDA and GCSWCD formed an independent, non-profit land trust (Greene Land Trust) which owns and manages the conservation properties on behalf of the GCIDA. The GCIDA and Greene Land Trust (GLT) have entered into a 20-year agreement that corresponds with the term of the tax sharing agreement, and provides the mechanism by which the GCIDA utilizes shared tax revenues to fund O&M requirements. The agreement has addressed long term O&M (after the agreements end) by creating a stewardship escrow to which the GCIDA makes annual contributions. At the conclusion of the agreements after 20 years, the Stewardship Fund has been designed to provide adequate investment revenues to allow for the management of all environmental features with no future burden on the GCIDA or the municipalities. Shared tax revenue has also provided seed funding for leveraging funds and has been a source of matching funds.

It should also be noted that the GCIDA has adopted a policy of holding all municipalities harmless from property tax impacts during the development, sale and build out of the business parks. While the GCIDA is eligible for tax exempt status upon its acquisition of a parcel for development, it has







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

voluntarily chosen not to exercise this right in order to eliminate the impact to the local taxing jurisdictions during the period it takes to get the parks permitted and the first tenants in place. Once the GCIDA completes a business park and new tenants, who pay at least equal to or exceed the taxes contributed by the property pre-GCIDA purchase, are in place, the GCIDA obtains tax exempt status on the remaining lands to be developed. To date, the increased assessments and taxes paid by the initial tenant to each business park exceeded pre-development levels by a substantial margin. The local Towns have frozen the assessments on GCIDA lands acquired for development of business park for the period when the GCIDA is voluntarily paying the local property tax.

HUDSON VALLEY BUSINESS PARK

The Hudson Valley Business Park was a privately-developed business park that is now substantially under Greene County IDA ownership. Comprised of approximately 100 acres, the business park is located in the Town of Coxsackie and is situated 2.3 miles from exit 21B of the NYS Thruway. Approximately 60 acres of land remain for development, with the GCDIDA owning 50 of these acres and private ownership of the remaining 10 acres. The northern portion of the park ends close to the intersection of Plank Road and Bailey Street, while the southern edge borders Flint Mine Road. Greene County was awarded Empire Zone designation for the business park in July 2006. DynaBil Industries, an industrial manufacturer located adjacent to the Hudson Valley Business Park but within the Empire Zone Boundary, was certified by the County's Empire Zone Administrative Board in April of 2007. The GCIDA has also been recently awarded Build-Now NY funds for the site to bring it to shovel-ready status. Working with the GCSWCD, the GCIDA will address stormwater and wetland issues in 2007.

The Hudson Valley Business Park is currently zoned Industrial. Of the 100 acres within the Empire Zone designated boundary (Map 4), approximately 60 acres are available for development, especially for smaller-scale development with less than 50,000 square feet. The property has water, sewer, power, and telecommunications infrastructure; gas is available on-site. A rail spur is also available on-site.

Currently, business park occupants include the Brockway-Smith Company (a 140,000 square feet privately held window and door manufacturing and regional distribution facility), and Fast Track Steel (a steel erection company) and adjacent to the park is DynaBil Industries, a privately held state-of-the art aerospace facility that manufactures aircraft parts.

FUTURE ATHENS INDUSTRIAL PARK

The future Athens Industrial Park, based on the approved Empire Zone boundary, is comprised of approximately 167 acres and is located in the Town of Athens. The park is bordered to the west by







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

a rail line, while a portion of the park abuts Flats Road to the east. The Schoharie Turnpike runs across the business park, dividing it into two sections. The property's current zoning is a combination of Industrial, Commercial and Residential. The properties found within the boundaries of the Empire Zone (Map 5) are privately owned. The Greene County IDA has also received Build-Now NY funds to bring the Travco Industrial Property to shovel-ready status.

Approximately 82 gross acres of the Empire Zone designated site are potentially developable, excluding portions that are occupied by existing industries, as well as environmental features. Two buildings presently occupy the business park – an 84,000 square foot unit and a 24,250 square foot structure. The Empire Zone also includes the Northeast Treaters of New York, a pressure treating lumber company.

The property has direct access to a rail spur used by local companies under cooperative agreement. The site also has access to the Iroquois Pipeline, a major gas compression transmission facility. Water supply is available through a 10-inch water main capable of delivering 1.8 million gallons per day. While the park is not serviced by a municipal sewer system, the plan is to extend the service to the site due to failure of the on-site septic system which once had the capacity to serve a 700-person industrial park population. The GCSWCD doubts the acceptability of the system to the NYSDEC/NYSDOH and recommends the need to develop better wastewater infrastructure. GCSWCD communication with both NYSDEC and NYSDOH indicate that there are no records of any State Pollution Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) permit ever issued for the waste water system at the Travco site. Additionally, the site of the former septic system is now characterized as federal wetlands and would likely require extensive permitting and mitigation if redevelopment of the system was proposed. The lack of sewer infrastructure is also an issue that needs to be addressed to make the site shovel-ready based on Build-Now NY standards. Additionally, the presence of extensive wetlands present significant limitations at the Travco site beyond redevelopment of those areas already characterized by buildings or gravel lots. Mapping conducted in the fall of 2006, indicated that out of 60+/- acres of the parcel that comprises the Travco site, only 17+/- acres are not wetlands. This included the footprint of the two existing structures and the parking areas surrounding them. The Travco site needs to undergo the SEQRA process, secure planning board approvals, receive support from the community and elected officials as well as complete environmental assessments for the site.

FUTURE CATSKILL INDUSTRIAL PARK

The future Catskill Industrial Park is a 265-acre site located in the Town and Village of Catskill and is 2 miles from exit 21 of the NYS Thruway. Properties within the Empire Zone area (Map 6) are privately-owned. Unlike the other existing business parks, the Greene County IDA has to yet apply







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

for Build-Now NY funding to begin the process of bringing the park to shovel-ready status and there is limited information gathered on environmental and physical issues.

Approximately 160 gross acres of the 265-acre Empire Zone designated site are considered potentially developable to include environmental features, as well as properties occupied by existing businesses on-site. The Catskill Industrial Park is currently zoned with a combination of Industrial, Commercial and Rural Residential. Rezoning of rural residential parcels will have to be done as a step to bring the park to shovel-ready status. The Catskill Industrial Park has the advantage of having access to a rail line which bisects the entire length of the property. Casings Inc., a tire recycling company, occupies the northern portion of the area identified for Empire Zone designation. The Catskill Industrial Park is within the viewshed of the Olana State Historic Site, and siting of heavy industrial facilities could encounter opposition from the Olana Partnership, its supporters, and other environmental groups. The site is also challenged by environmental features that render a large portion of the site unbuildable. Water, sewer, transportation access and power capacity have yet to be verified.

Industrial Park Assessment

SITE ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

A set of criteria was developed that will serve as a toolbox that the County should use in evaluating existing business and industrial parks, as well as selecting sites for business and industrial parks. These encompass two sets of criteria:

- General Criteria. Moran, Stahl, & Boyer developed general guidelines for the selection of business and industrial parks from a site selector's perspective.
- Industry-Specific Site Criteria. Saratoga Associates developed a set of industry-specific technical criteria derived from Build-Now New York requirements. These criteria by type of use are important considerations in securing New York State funding for the purpose of developing shovel-ready sites.

GENERAL SITE SELECTION CRITERIA FOR BUSINESS/INDUSTRIAL PARKS

Usability of Land

The soil should be well-drained and structurally sound to support buildings and related infrastructure, while easily excavated for utility lines and other needs.







- The site should not contain wetlands, or wetlands must be located such that they are not disturbed during site excavation and operation, or impact soil conditions in areas where site improvements are installed.
- The site topography should be relatively flat and require minimal excavation in preparation for construction site improvements.

Access to Utilities

- Water, sewer, power, gas (optional), and high-speed telecommunications are either at the perimeter of the site or can economically be made available within three to six months.
- Capacity of utilities is adequate to support park activities (water flow rates, size of sewer lines and treatment plan capacity, available power, level of telecommunication capacity (e.g. T1, T3, etc. lines).

Adjacent Land Uses

- Avoid siting industrial parks in close proximity to schools, hospitals, nursing homes, residential neighborhoods and other sensitive areas. Establish minimum distances and use buffer zones with such uses as retail and commercial space.
- Have access to adjacent space that may allow for future expansion (a plus for marketing the site).

Highway Access

For significant truck and other vehicular traffic, the site should have good access to a primary highway. Access should be controlled by light or have a hand turn in the direction closest to the Thruway for ease of egress.

Community Support

- The land must be zoned for industrial and/or office use and have the support of the community at large to avoid any future uses.
- The local jurisdiction must be in agreement as to who will provide the sewer/water services, any joint development cost and other requirements.

INDUSTRY SPECIFIC SITE SELECTION CRITERIA

The matrix below provides the technical requirements that should be used to assess business/industrial parks by type of industry use. In addition to the matrix presented below, the Project Team developed forms that could be used to evaluate technical requirements for sites as well as buildings.









Industry	Site Criteria
,	5 acres minimum
	 Underground utilities
	Telecommunications & underground cables
Illink Took Beesensk 8	Presence of major university
High-Tech Research &	Presence of technical equipment support services
Development	High-density parking
	Location near an existing R&D park
	Access to airport
	Labor force skills
	 200 acres minimum
	Water: 3 million gallons per day (GPD) @ 80 PSI
	 Wastewater: 2.4 million gallons per day (GPD)
High-Tech Manufacturing	Electricity: from 2 separate sources @115 KV or 20 MW continuous
High-rech Manufacturing	Natural Gas: 2,000 MCF @ 8 PSI
	Adequate parking
	Ample truck & rail access
	 Proximity to Interstate or limited 4-lane U.S. highway
	■ 50 acres minimum
	Adequate parking
	 Ample truck & rail access
	Electricity: 25,000 KW peak demand;
Manufacturing	13,500,000 KWH/month, 13.8 KVA service voltage
Manoracioning	Water: 585,000 GPD
	Gas: 90,000 MFC/month average, 115,200 MCF/ month peak
	Sewer: 450,000 GPD to municipal treatment facility
	 Within 90 minutes of an airport hub or regional airport with direct service
	to a hub
	■ 10 acres minimum
	Adequate parking
	Direct truck & rail access
	Electricity: 5,500 KW peak demand; 3,000,000 KWH/month, 75%
Light Industrial	demand factor
	Natural gas: 50,000 therms or 5,000 MCF/month Water: 20,000 to 50,000 GPD, capable of processing 4,000 GPD of

	potable water Sewer: 20,000 to 40,000 GPD
	Human resources (quality & size of semi-skilled workforce)
	Telecommunications systems: T-1 to T-3;
	■ Long distance service at reduced cost — proximity to Point of Presence
Back Office	(POP)
Duck Office	Presence of Local Exchange Carriers (LECs)
	Lower real estate costs
	■ 100 to 150 square feet per workstation; each workstation to
	100 to 100 square reet per workstation, each workstation to







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

Industry	Site Criteria
	accommodate 2-3 employees for facility operating 18-24 hours daily Transportation access Utilities Ample parking: 10 spaces/1,000 square feet Time Zone sensitivity
Warehousing & Distribution	 50 acres minimum Within 15 miles of an Interstate or limited access to four-lane U.S. highway via truck route Access routes designated for 53-foot trucks Topography: little elevation change; outside 100-year FEMA flood plain Land parcels square to slightly rectangular with little or no outparcel intrusions affecting site utilization or traffic flows
Business Commerce Parks	 60 acres minimum (could be smaller on Mountaintop) Electricity: 14,000 KWH; 6,000,000 KWH/month, dual feed Natural Gas: 75,000 therms or 7,500 MCF/month Water: 62,000 GPD Sewer Flow: 62,000 GPD
Office Parks	 25 acres minimum (could be smaller on Mountaintop) Fiber SONET ring infrastructure Diverse, redundant, digital electronic Central Offices (COs) / Points of Presence (POPs) Electricity: 1,500 KWH; 810,000 KWH/month Water: 15,000 GPD Sewer: 15,000 GPD

THE GREENE COUNTY IDA MODEL

The Greene County IDA provided a set of principles that has contributed to its success in the development of industrial sites. These principles, as listed below, could serve as a model for other municipalities looking to develop industrial sites:

- Quality of community impacts quality of development;
- Quality of development impacts quality of community;
- Requiring businesses attracted to provide a "livable wage" as well as basic employee benefit package including medical insurance and retirement;
- Partnership with preservation and environmental community;







- Advisory Committee: Invite all views to the table;
- Enhance the community image and overall appearance;
- Use strict architectural and design standards to chase out bad development and encourage community support;
- Use strict standards to encourage good development: quality development is attracted to higher standards: Strict standards are embraced by the community, eliminates potential areas of conflict, and are good for local businesses;
- Do not settle for any development; be patient for the right companies; and
- Develop a vision, get community buy-in, and stay loyal to your commitments and standards.

SUITABILITY FOR TARGET INDUSTRIES

As part of the Comprehensive Economic Development Plan, the Project Team identified target industries for Greene County. Business size and resource requirements were identified for each target industry. Target industries included the following:

- Food Processing Dairy processing or ethnic baked goods.
- Printing and Related Support Operations Print flyers, promotional literature, corporate booklets, etc.
- Plastics and Rubber Molding of plastic and rubber parts, components and final products.
- Fabricated Metals and Machinery Products produced from the forming, machining and finishing of metals.
- **Electronic Components and Equipment** Production of sensors, components, subassemblies and finished equipment.
- Medical Devices Production of equipment, devices and supplies (wide range of products).
- Warehousing and Storage Receive/store/load or cross-dock operations operated by third party retailer/wholesaler.







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- Financial Services Back office support for bank/credit card operation or insurance company.
- Professional and Technical Services Legal, accounting, marketing services, management, engineering, R&D, software/systems, etc.
- **Emerging Technologies** Biotechnology (process technology), nanotechnology (process technology), energy equipment (materials forming and process technology), microelectronics/photonics (clean room process technology).

The GCDPED and GCIDA have identified the industry focus for each of the existing industrial parks.

- The Greene County IDA Business Park (Kalkberg Commerce Park and the Greene Business & Technology Park) currently has warehouse and distribution tenants on-site. The industrial park with its large acreage has the ability to accommodate different types of uses such as warehouse and distribution, office, retail and flex space for traditional and advanced manufacturing, as well as light assembly. The IDA is setting aside approximately 50 acres of the park for high-technology and light manufacturing uses.
- The Hudson Valley Business Park is focused on attracting small-scale development that would require less than 50,000 square feet and which would be easier to site given the environmental constraints. This business park is suited to office uses that cater to professional services, back office, and light manufacturing. Additionally, the GCIDA is giving consideration to allowing for future expansion needs of current key industries such as DynaBil Industries and Brockway-Smith Company.
- The future Athens Industrial Park is also suitable for office uses, light industrial and manufacturing, as well as small warehousing and storage operations that could support the needs of production and assembly.
- The future Catskill Industrial Park is focused on targeting commercial and office uses, manufacturing and a mix of other uses. Small warehousing and storage needs could also be allowed to support the needs of producers/manufacturers on site. The Catskill Industrial Park site is within the Olana viewshed and could possibly encounter opposition regarding siting heavy industrial uses on site. Site challenges such as the ravine within the identified Empire Zone boundaries may also limit the buildable area.

An assessment was conducted on the five existing business and industrial parks and their suitability for identified target industries. The process involved matching target industry requirements identified in







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

the Target Industry report, Build Now-NY Site Criteria, and existing site attributes in terms of acreage, location, Empire Zone benefits, zoning, site options, facility options, utilities, transportation access, and other considerations that include stormwater, wetlands, habitat, and existing tenants. A more detailed Industrial Park Assessment to determine suitability for target industries is found in the end of this chapter. The assessment found target industry suitability by park as follows:

Greene County I	DA Business Park		Hudson Valley		thens Industrial	C	atskill Industrial
Kalkberg	Greene Business		Business Park	ſſ	Park		Park
Commerce Park	& Tech Park						
 Electronic Comp Medical Devices Warehousing & Financial Services 	als & Machinery onents & Equipment s Storage es Technical Services	•	Printing & Related Support Operations Fabricated Metals & Machinery Electronic Components & Equipment Medical Devices Warehousing & storage Financial Services Professional & Technical Services Emerging Technologies (small scale) Supply Chains	•	Food Processing Printing & Related Support Operations Plastics & Rubber Fabricated Metals & Machinery Electronic Components & Equipment Medical Devices Warehousing & storage (small scale) Financial Services Professional & Technical Services Emerging Technologies (small scale) Supply Chains	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Food Processing Printing & Related Support Operations Plastics & Rubber Fabricated Metals & Machinery Electronic Components & Equipment Medical Devices Warehousing & storage (small scale) Financial Services Professional & Technical Services Emerging Technologies (small scale) Supply Chains







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

Getting Sites Shovel-Ready

Part of the industrial park assessment involved determining the shovel-readiness of existing business and industrial parks, as well as the steps that need to be completed to bring other sites to shovel-ready status. The assessment indicated that only Kalkberg Commerce Park and the Greene Business & Technology Park are shovel-ready and available to receive additional tenants and/or buyers, while the rest (Hudson Valley, Future Athens and Catskill Industrial Parks) are in various stages of shovel-readiness. All business parks have access to water and sewer, except for the Future Athens Industrial Park, which currently relies on on-site septic tanks. Approximately 7,136 lineal feet of sewer lines would be needed to connect the Future Athens Industrial Park to municipal sewer. An initial concept-level estimate indicates that approximately \$360,000 in funds would be needed to extend municipal sewer lines to the Travco site, based on 2006 prices.

Additionally, at all currently identified potential industrial sites, environmental constraints are likely to be the single most significant limiting factor to new development. In addition to the limitations resulting from the cost of site assessment and permitting, environmental mitigation is also very expensive. Greene County would substantially benefit from an aggressive strategy that deals with environmental issues on a broader, perhaps even county wide scale with less focus on the traditional site by site assessment and mitigation. While individual sites would still require appropriate due diligence on a project by project basis, by working on a broader scale, and fully integrating key partners such as the GCSWCD and local environmental interests, the county can expect to have a far more positive impact on future development. Additionally, working regionally and with experienced partners, can greatly improve the cost effectiveness of environmental assessment and mitigation. Greene County needs to take full advantage of the reputation of the GCSWCD and needs to work with the GCSWCD, GCIDA, GCDPED, GLT and the environmental community to build upon the successful model used by the GCIDA and GCSWCD at the GBTP and KCP sites.

Steps to bring these parks to shovel-ready status can be summarized as follows:

Hudson Valley Business Park

- Gas line has to be downsized to the Station.
- Stormwater Plan needed.
- Verify the presence of wetlands in the park and prepare a Wetlands Mitigation Plan.
- Confirm habitat with NYS Department of Environmental Conservation and prepare a habitat mitigation plan.

Athens Industrial Park

Reconfigure potential park boundaries to include land adjacent to the Athens Generating Facility and then rezone Residential to Commercial/Industrial where needed.









- Needs Planning Board approval.
- Needs SEQRA review.
- Needs Environmental Assessment.
- Stormwater Plan needed.
- Confirm gas and power capacity.
- Provide municipal sewer; extend sewer lines to the park.
- Install T-1 lines (telecom fiber).
- Verify the presence of wetlands in the park and prepare a Wetlands Mitigation Plan.
- Confirm habitat with NYS Department of Environmental Conservation and prepare a habitat mitigation plan.
- Build community consensus for the project with local government support.

Catskill Industrial Park

- Rezone Residential to Commercial/Industrial.
- Needs Planning Board approval.
- Needs SEQRA review.
- Needs Environmental Assessment.
- Stormwater Plan needed.
- Confirm water, sewer, gas and water capacity.
- Verify the presence of wetlands in the park.
- Prepare a Wetlands Mitigation Plan.
- Confirm habitat with NYS Department of Environmental Conservation.
- Apply for Build-Now NY funds.
- Build community consensus for the project with local government support.

The Industrial Park Assessment is summarized in the following matrix:

	Greene County II	DA Business Park	Hudson Valley	Athens Industrial	Catskill
	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Business Park	Park	Industrial Park
General Information	n				
Total EZ Designated Site	728	acres	100 acres	167 acres	265 acres
Total Developable (EZ)	432	acres	53 acres	82 acres	160 acres
Shovel-Ready	105 (excludes retail set-aside)	=	5 4 :	124	¥
Developable within Existing	21 (excludes retail				
Industrial Site	set-aside)				







	Greene County II	OA Business Park	Hudson Valley	Athens Industrial	Catskill
	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Business Park	Park	Industrial Park
Location	T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	T. & V. Catskill
Ownership	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA Controlled	Private/ Greene County IDA Controlled	Private	Private
Empire Zone Benefits	EZ Designation Granted	EZ Designation Granted	EZ Designation Granted	EZ Designation Granted	EZ Designation Granted
Zoning	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial	Industrial	Partially zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	Partially zoned Industrial, Commercial & Rural Residential
Current Target Markets	Larger development 200,000- 300,000 SF; Technology, light manufacturing, commercial, data center, retail	Small-scale development <50,000 SF; Professional, light Manufacturing, data center, back office	Small-scale development <50,000 SF; Professional, light manufacturing, data center, back office	Commercial, light industrial, small warehousing & distribution, light industrial back office	Commercial, light industrial, Manufacturing, mixed-use small warehousing & distribution
Shovel-Ready	Y	Υ	N	N	N
Build Now-NY	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Target Industry Sui	itability				
Food Processing	N	N	N	Υ	Υ
Printing & Related Support Operations	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Plastics & Rubber	N	N	N	Υ	Υ
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Electronic Components & Equipment	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Medical Devices	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ
Warehousing & Storage	Y	Υ	N	Y (small scale)	Y (small scale)
Financial Services	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Professional & Technical Services	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ
Emerging	Y	Y	Y (small scale)	Y (small scale)	Υ







	Greene County II	OA Business Park	Hudson Valley	Athens Industrial	Catskill
	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Business Park	Park	Industrial Park
Technologies					
Supply Chains	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ
Retail	Υ	Y	N	N	N
Shovel-Ready Requ	virements			•	
Zoning	Y	Y	Y	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Rural Residential
SEQRA	Y	Υ	N	N	N
Water	Y	Y	Y	Capacity unknown	Capacity unknown
Sewer	Υ	Υ	Y	On-site septic systems only	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ
Gas	Y	Υ	Gas/main distribution to site; needs to be downsized to station	Y	Unknown
Power	Y	Y	Y	Capacity unknown	Capacity unknown
Storm water	Υ	Y	Stormwater Plan Required	Stormwater Plan Required	Stormwater Plan Required
Wetlands	Y	Y	Delineation & Management Plan required	Delineation & Management Plan required	Delineation & Management Plan required
Habitat	Y	Y	Mapped; management plan underway	Mapped; management plan underway	Confirm endangered species w/ NYSDEC
Transportation					
Interstate	0.5 miles to 1-87; fronts Rt. 9W	0.5 miles to I-87; fronts Rt. 9W	2.3 miles to Exit 21B, I-87	3.4 miles to Exit 21, I-87	2 miles to Exit 21, I-87
Rail	No rail spur; adjacent to line	No rail spur; adjacent to line	Rail spur on-site	Direct access to rail line	Direct access to rail line
Air	40 minutes to Albany International Airport	40 minutes to Albany International Airport	40 minutes to Albany International Airport	40 minutes to Albany International Airport	40 minutes to Albany International Airport
Next Steps					
Zoning	Y	Y	Y	Rezone all residential to C/I	Rezone all rural residential to C/I
SEQRA	Υ	Υ	Required	Required	Required







	Greene County II	DA Business Park	Hudson Valley	Athens Industrial	Catskill
	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Business Park	Park	Industrial Park
Water	Y	Y	Y	Confirm water capacity	Confirm water capacity
Sewer	Υ	Y	Y	Municipal sewer preferred	Confirm sewer capacity
Telecom/Internet	Υ	Y	Y	Install T-1	Install T-1
Gas	Υ	Y	Gas line needs to be downsized to Station	Confirm gas capacity	Confirm gas line
Power	Y	Y	Y	Confirm power capacity	Confirm power capacity
Storm water	Y	Υ	Stormwater plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan Needed
Wetlands	Y	Y	Delineation & Management Plan required	Delineation & Management Plan required	Delineation & Management Plan required
Habitat	Υ	Υ	Confirm habitat w/ NYSDEC	Confirm habitat w/ NYSDEC	Confirm habitat w/ NYSDEC
Build-Now NY Funds	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Submit application

The Need For Additional Industrial Park Inventory

Greene County has a total inventory of approximately 1,260 acres of property in Empire Zone designated sites. Of this total gross acreage, approximately 727 are not developable, considering environmental features such as wetlands, streams, steep slopes, and hydric soils, and excluding property that has already been disposed. Within the Empire Zone designated areas, only 167 acres of industrial land are considered shovel-ready, particularly those within the Greene Business & Technology Park and the Kalkberg Commerce Park. Only 50+/- acres of shovel-ready land are available for development and disposition. With the current absorption of approximately 20 to 25 acres per year according to the GCIDA, the County has between $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 years of shovel-ready land in its inventory.









	Total Acreage	Total Developable	Absorption Rate	# Years Inventory
Total Empire Zones	1,260	727	20 – 25 acres/year	29
Shovel-Ready			4 700	
Greene Business & Tech Park	105	21	20 – 25 acres/year	.8
Kalkberg Industrial Park	62	16	20 – 25 acres/year	.6
Sub-Total	167	37		1.5
Partially Shovel-Ready				
Hudson Valley Business Park	100	53	20 – 25 acres/year	2.1
Sub-Total	100	53	201	2.1
Not Shovel-Ready	**			
Athens Industrial Park	167	82	20 – 25 acres/year	3.2
Catskill Industrial Park	265	160	20 – 25 acres/year	6.4
Sub-Total	432	242		9.6

The Greene County IDA has identified additional properties for industrial development in the future. These properties are located close to existing industrial parks, particularly the Greene IDA Business Parks (Greene Business & Technology and Kalkberg), as well as the future Athens Industrial Park. These identified sites are located in the Towns of New Baltimore, Coxsackie and Athens. Approximately 330 acres have been identified in addition to properties with Empire Zone designated sites (see Map 19 in the appendices for more detail). It is expected that all of these sites may present significant limitations due to the presence of wetlands.

While currently the market could absorb approximately 20 to 25 acres per year of industrial land, demand could increase should Greene County become successful in attracting new businesses in identified target industries. For example, Build-Now NY site selection criteria require a minimum of 50 acres for sites dedicated to manufacturing. There are several target industries identified in the Target Industry and Resource Analysis that might require larger sites. These include traditional manufacturing operations such as plastics injection molding, as well as advanced manufacturing industries, such as fabricated metal products, medical devices, and electronic components manufacturing.

Should the County experience success in attracting emerging technology industries, demand would likely come from nanotechnology-related industries than from other emerging industry clusters such as biotechnology, advanced materials, renewable energy, and information technology.

Although existing industrial parks are currently sited in the Historic River Town communities due to their proximity to the 9W corridor and the I-87 Thruway, the Greene County Target Industry and Resource Analysis identified industrial development opportunities for the Valley and Mountaintop Towns. Within the Valley subregion, potential industrial development could be sited in the







7. Industrial Sites and Facilities

Cairo/Greenville/Durham areas and along the Route 23, 32 and 145 corridors. The type of industrial development suitable for the Valley subregion would be business/office park settings that are lower-impact and lower-traffic in character, and would mainly be small to mid-size operations.

Any type of commercial and industrial development in the Mountaintop subregion will have to be of smaller scale and have smaller footprints of around 5,000 to 10,000 square feet due to limitations on flatter, developable land and the mountainous terrain of the region. The use of green technology is also recommended in keeping with the character of the Mountaintop Towns. Such development could be located in the communities of Windham and Hunter where water and sewer infrastructure exists. The NYC Watershed regulations also limit the type of development to those that would not in any way be a threat to drinking water. These regulations are discussed in the Land Use chapter of the Greene County Comprehensive Economic Development Plan. The following matrix summarizes the industrial development opportunities for the three subregions.







Busin	ess and Industrial Develop	ment Opportunities by Subr	egion
	Historic River Towns	Valley Towns	Mountaintop Towns
Tier I: Warehousing	Should need arise & labor force is available, additional parcels could be identified for warehousing & distribution.	Possible along the Catskill to Cairo corridor; need to modify zoning; Route 23 & Route 145 corridors.	Not suitable due to terrain; possibly small-scale for storage to support other uses.
Tier III: Traditional Manufacturing Operations	Mid- to large-size operations (25,000 - 50,000 SF with 50-300 employees).	Small- to mid-size operations (5,000 - 50,000 SF with 10-100 employees).	Small operations (2,000 – 5,000 SF with 5-10 employees).
Tier III: Advanced Manufacturing Operations	Mid-size operations (25,000 - 50,000 SF with 50-100 employees)	Small- to mid-size operations (5,000 - 25,000 SF with 10-50 employees).	Small operations (2,000 – 5,000 SF with 5-10 employees).
Tier IV: Emerging Technologies	Mid- to large-size operations (25,000 - 100,000 SF with 50-200 employees).	Small- to mid-size operations (5,000 - 25,000 SF with 10-50 employees).	Small operations (2,000 – 5,000 SF with 5-10 employees).
Tier V: Technical/Professional Services and Financial Services	Park dedicated to office.	Small- to mid-size operations (5,000 - 25,000 SF for 25-125 employees).	Small operations (2,000 – 5,000 SF for 10-25 employees).





			ĭ	FOOD PROCESSING				
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	l Parks	
Considerations	Target	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	<5 Employees	10 – 25 Employees	Light Industrial					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			10 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	T. & V. Catskill
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	Private
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved
Zoning			Must be zoned Light Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Rural Residential
Current Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center;	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center;	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Manufacturing; Mixed-use Small Warehousing/ Distribution
Shovel Ready				X	>	z	z	z
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site		>						
Industrial Park	X	>		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y	٠
Office Park				Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		

			F	FOOD PROCESSING				
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target I Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Facility Options								
Industrial Building	1,500 – 5,000 SF	10,000 – 15,000 SF		BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building				BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	Only if certified for food handling	Only if certified for food handling		Ϋ́	A A	∀ Z	Ϋ́	Ψ
Work from Home)		AN	ΑΝ	Ą	₹Z	Ϋ́Z	₹Z
Utilities								
Water	>	>-	20,000 – 50,000 GPD, capable of processing 4,000 GPD	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	,	>	20,000 – 40,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>	>	T-1 desirable	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis
Gas	>	>	50,000 therms or 5,000 mcf/mo.	γ (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/ station	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Power	X	Υ	5,500 KW peak demand; 3.0 million	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown

			Y	FOOD PROCESSING		Colorina Burinasa/ Industrial Darks	Darke	
					EXISTING DO	Isiness/ Industria	II Farks	
Considerations	Target I Require	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
			KWH/mo.					
Transportation								
Interstate	Access to courier service	Within 10 miles	Within 20 miles of Interstate	Y 0.5 mile to 1-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 2.3 miles from Exit 218, 1-87	Y 3.4 miles from Exit 21, I-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, I-87
Rail			Rail access not required but desirable	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
Air			Should be within 1.5 hour-drive of airport	40 min. from Albany International Airport	40 min. from Albany International Airport	40 min. from Albany International Airport	48 min. from Albany International Airport	48 min. from Albany International Airport
Other								
Stormwater				Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
Wetlands			Outside 100- year FEMA Floodplain	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
Habitat				Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC
Existing Tenants				Serta/National Bedding	Save-a-Lot Distribution Center; Bank of Greene County	Dynabil (aerospace); Brockway- Smith Co. (window mfg)	Northeast Treaters (pressure treating lumber)	Casings, Inc. (tire recycling)

			PRINTING & RE	PRINTING & RELATED SUPPORT OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS			
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target I Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	<5 Employees	10 – 25 Employees	Light Industrial					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			10 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	T. & V. Catskill
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	Private
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved
Zoning			Must be zoned Light Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Rural Residential
Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center;	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Manufacturing; Mixed-use Small Warehousing/ Distribution
Shovel Ready				>	>-	z	z	z
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site		Υ						
Industrial Park	>	>		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	+	>

			TAIN ING & AL	Existing & RELATED SOLFORI OF ENATIONS	Existing B	Existing Business/Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	idustry ments	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Office Park	>	>		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options								
Industrial Building	1,500 – 2,500 SF	10,000 – 20,000 SF		BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building				BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	Make sure of floor loading capacity for	Make sure of floor loading capacity for		∀ Z	₹	A Z	∀ Z	∀ Z
Work from Home	adoibile li	Adoiloin AN	4Z	₹Z	ĄZ	₹ Z	4 Z	₹ Z
Utilities								
Water	>	> -	20,000 – 50,000 GPD, capable of processing 4,000 GPD potable water	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	>-	>-	20,000 – 40,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>	> -	T-1 desirable	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; 1-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T- 1 available on need basis
Gas	>	>-	50,000 therms or 5,000 mcf/mo.	Y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Power	>	>	5,500 KW peak	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	>	>

			THINING & NE	FRINIING & RELATED SOFFORT OF EXAMINING	Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	arget Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
			demand; 3.0 million KWH/mo.				Capacity Unknown	Capacity Unknown
Transportation								
Interstate	Access to courier service	Within 10 miles	Within 20 miles of Interstate	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 2.3 miles from Exit 218, I-87	γ 3.4 miles from Exit 21, I-87	γ 2 miles from Exit 21, I-87
Rail			Rail access not required but desirable	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
			Should be within	30 min. from	30 min. from Albony	30 min. from Albany	38 min. from Albany	38 min. from Albany
Air			1.5 hour-drive of airport	International	International	International	International	International
Other								
Stormwater				Stormwater & Retention plan in	Stormwater & Retention plan	Stormwater	Stormwater	Stormwater
				place	in place	rian needed	rian needed	rian needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
			Outside 100-	Wetland	Wetland	Confirm wetlands;	Confirm wetlands;	Confirm wetlands;
Wotlands			year FEMA	Mitigation	Mitigation	Prepare	Prepare Wetlands	Prepare Wetlands
			Floodplain	Strategy	Strategy	Wetlands	Mitigation	Mitigation
				Completed	Completed	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Plan (if applicable)	Plan (if applicable)
				Habitat	Habitat	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
Labitat				Mitigation	Mitigation	Endangered	Endangered	Endangered
				Strategy Completed	Strategy Completed	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC
					Save-a-Lot	Dynabil	Northeast	
				Serta/National	Distribution	(aerospace);	Treaters	Casings, Inc.
Existing Tenants				Bedding	Center; Bank of Greene	Brockway- Smith Co.	(pressure treating	(tire recycling)
					County	(window mfg)	lumber)	

					Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	5 - 10 Employees	25 – 50+ Employees	Light Industrial					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			10 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				91	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	
Zoning			Must be zoned Light Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	
Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Worehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	
Shovel Ready				Υ	٨	z	z	
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site		\						
Industrial Park	¥	Υ		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	>-	>
Office Park				Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		

	PLASTICS & RUBBER:		LDING OF PLAS	MOLDING OF PLASTIC & RUBBER PARTS, COMPONENTS & FINAL PRODUCTS	TS, COMPONE	NTS & FINAL PRO	ODUCTS	
			VIA WOLLD LINE		EXISTING DI	EXISTING BUSINESS/ INDUSTRIAL PARKS	Parks	Castellill
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	arget Industry Requirements	Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Facility Options								
Industrial Building	2,500 – 5,000 SF	10,000 – 25,000 SF		BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building				BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	Make sure of floor loading	Make sure of floor loading		¥ Z	∀ Z	∢ Z	۷ Z	∢ Z
	equipment	equipment						
Work from Home	NA	ΝΑ	ΑΝ	Ϋ́Α	Ϋ́	∀ Z	Ϋ́	Ϋ́Z
Utilities								
Water	>	>	20,000 – 50,000 GPD, capable of processing 4,000 GPD	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	>	>	20,000 – 40,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>	>	T-1 desirable	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis
Gas	>	> -	50,000 therms or 5,000 mcf/mo.	γ (on-site) Cαραcity Unknown	γ (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/ station	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Power	>	>	5,500 KW peak demand;	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity	Y Capacity

	PLASTICS & RUBBER		OLDING OF PLAS	MOLDING OF PLASTIC & RUBBER PARTS, COMPONENTS & FINAL PRODUCTS Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	RTS, COMPONER Existing Bu	OMPONENTS & FINAL PRODUC Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	ODUCTS I Parks	
Considerations	Target I	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
			3.0 million KWH/mo.				Unknown	Unknown
Transportation								
Interstate	Within 10 miles	Within 10 miles	Within 20 miles of Interstate	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 2.3 miles from Exit 21B, I-87	Y 3.4 miles from Exit 21, 1-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, I-87
Rail		Y For raw material transport	Rail access not required but desirable	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
Air			Should be within 1.5 hour-drive of airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport
Other								
Stormwater				Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
Weflands			Outside 100- year FEMA Floodplain	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
Habitat				Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC
Existing Tenants				Serta/National Bedding	Save-a-Lot Distribution Center; Bank of Greene County	Dynabil (aerospace); Brockway- Smith Co. (window mfg)	Northeast Treaters (pressure treating	Casings, Inc. (fire recycling)
					COULLY	(WIIICOW IIICOW	5	717

					Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	<5 Employees	20 – 50+ Employees	Light Industrial					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	5	53	82	160
Total Acreage			10 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	T. & V. Catskill
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	Private
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved
Zoning			Must be zoned Light Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial / Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Rural Residential
Target Markets	7 2			Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Manufacturing; Mixed-use Small Warehousing/ Distribution
Shovel Ready				>	>	z	z	z
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site	,	,		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ \ \ \ \	\ /min/	>	>
Office Park	-	-		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	•	-

				Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target I. Require	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kaikberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Facility Options								
Industrial Building	2,500 – 5,000 SF	10,000 – 25,000 SF		BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building				BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	Make sure of floor loading capacity for	Make sure of floor loading capacity for		A X	∀ Z	∀ Z	∀ Z	₹
Work from Home	AN AN	AN	Ϋ́Z	¥	¥Z	₹Z	¥Z	₹ Z
Utilities								
Water	>-	>	20,000 – 50,000 GPD, capable of processing 4,000 GPD potable water	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	>	>	20,000 – 40,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>	>	T-1 desirable	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis
Gas	Y (Optional)	Y (Optional)	50,000 therms or 5,000 mcf/mo.	γ (on-site) Cαραcity Unknown	γ (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/ station	Y Capacity Unknown	γ Capacity Unknown
Power	>	\	5,500 KW peak demand;	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity	Y Capacity

			Existing Business/ Industrial Parks		Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	arget Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
			3.0 million KWH/mo.				Unknown	Unknown
Transportation								
interstate	Within 10 miles	Within 5 miles	Within 20 miles of Interstate	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to l-87 State Route 9W	γ 2.3 miles from Exit 218, I-87	γ 3.4 miles from Exit 21, I-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, I-87
Rail		Y For raw material transport	Rail access not required but desirable	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
į			Should be within 1.5 hour-drive	30 min. from Albany	30 min. from Albany	30 min. from Albany	38 min. from Albany	38 min. from Albany
			of airport	International Airport	International Airport	International Airport	International Airport	International Airport
Other								
				Stormwater &	Stormwater &	Stormwater	Stormwater	Stormwater
Stormwater				place	in place	Plan needed	Plan needed	Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
			Outside 100-	Wetland	Wetland	Confirm wetlands;	Confirm wetlands;	Confirm wetlands;
Wetlands			year FEMA	Mitigation	Mitigation	Prepare	Wetlands	Wetlands
			Floodplain	Strategy Completed	Strategy Completed	Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
				Habitat	Habitat	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
				Mitigation	Mitigation	Endangered	Endangered	Endangered
Habitat				Strategy Completed	Strategy Completed	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC
					Save-a-Lot	Dynabil	Northeast	
				Serta/National	Distribution	(aerospace);	Treaters	Casings, Inc.
Existing Tenants				Bedding	Center;	Smith Co	(pressure	(tire recycling)
					Doints of Greener	(window mfa)	limber)	

					Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	l Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	<5 Employees	20 – 50+ Employees	Light Industrial					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			10 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				91	21			
Location			*	T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	
Zoning			Must be zoned Light Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	
Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	
Shovel Ready				\	>	z	z	z
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site								
Industrial Park	>	>		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	>	\

					Existing B	Existing Business/Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target I Require	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Office Park				Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options								
Industrial Building	2,500 – 5,000 SF	10,000 – 25,000 SF		BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building				BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	>	>		ΑΝ	Ϋ́	₹Z	Ϋ́	₹ Z
Work from Home	NA	ΑN	ΑN	NA	NA	ΝΑ	NA	Ϋ́
Ufilities								
Water	>-	>	20,000 – 50,000 GPD, capable of processing 4,000 GPD potable water	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	>-	>	20,000 – 40,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>	>	T-1 desirable	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T- 1 available on need basis
Gas			50,000 therms or 5,000 mcf/mo.	γ (on-site) Capacity Unknown	γ (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/	Y Capacity Unknown	y Capacity Unknown
Power	>	>	5,500 KW peak demand; 3.0 million KWH/mo.	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Transportation								

					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	ndustry ements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Interstate	Within 10 miles	Within 5 miles	Within 20 miles of Interstate	Y 0.5 mile to 1-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	γ 2.3 miles from Exit 218, I-87	Y 3.4 miles from Exit 21, 1-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, I-87
Rail			Rail access not required but desirable	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
Air			Should be within 1.5 hour-drive of airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport
Other								
Stormwater				Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
Wetlands			Outside 100- year FEMA Floodoloin	Wetland Mitigation Strategy	Wetland Mitigation Strategy	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands
				Completed	Completed	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
				Habitat	Habitat	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
Habitat				Mitigation Strategy Completed	Mitigation Strategy Completed	Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC
					Save-a-Lot	Dynabil	Northeast	
Existing Tenants				Serta/National	Distribution Center;	(aerospace); Brockway-	Treaters (pressure	Casings, Inc.
					Bank of Greene County	Smith Co. (window mfa)	treating lumber)	(S)

		MEDICAL DE	DEVICES: PRODUCTION OF INSTRUMENTS, DEVICES & SUFFICES Existing Business/Indu		Existing Br	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	<5 Employees	20 – 50+ Employees	Light Industrial					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			10 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	
Zoning			Must be zoned Light Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	0.	
Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	
Shovel Ready				\	Υ	z	z	
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site								
Industrial Park	>-	>		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	>-	>

				Existing Business/ Indu	Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Office Park				Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options								
Industrial Building	2,500 – 5,000 SF	10,000 – 25,000 SF		BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building				BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	>	>		Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	₹
Work from Home	AA	Ϋ́Z	NA	ΑN	NA	ΑΝ	ΑΝ	Ϋ́
Utilities								
Water	>-	>	20,000 – 50,000 GPD, capable of processing 4,000 GPD potable water	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	>-	>	20,000 – 40,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>-	+	T-1 desirable	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T- 1 available on need basis
Gas	Y (Optional)	Y (Optional)	50,000 therms or 5,000 mcf/mo.	γ (on-site) Cαpαcity Unknown	γ (on-site) Cαpacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/ station	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Power	>-	>	5,500 KW peak demand; 3.0 million KWH/mo.	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Transportation								

		MEDICAL DE	VICES: PRODUC	DEVICES: PRODUCTION OF INSTRUMENTS, DEVICES & SUPPLIES	AENTS, DEVICES	& SUPPLIES		
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	l Parks	
Considerations	Target I Require	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Interstate	Within 10 miles	Within 5 miles	Within 20 miles of Interstate	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 2.3 miles from Exit 218, I-87	y 3.4 miles from Exit 21, I-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, 1-87
Rail			Rail access not required but desirable	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
Air			Should be within 1.5 hour-drive of airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport
Other								
Stormwater				Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
Wetlands			Outside 100- year FEMA Floodplain	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
Habitat				Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC
Existing Tenants				Serta/National Bedding	Save-a-Lot Distribution Center; Bank of Greene County	Dynabil (aerospace); Brockway- Smith Co. (window mfg)	Northeast Treaters (pressure treating lumber)	Casings, Inc. (tire recycling)

			WARE	WAREHOUSING & STORAGE	AGE			
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	75 - 100 Employees	300+ Employees	Warehouse/ Distribution					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			50 acres min.; Could support up to 1.0 million SF building	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	
Zoning				Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	,
Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	
Shovel Ready				\	>	z	z	

			WARE	WAREHOUSING & STORAGE	AGE			
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site								
Industrial Park	7	>		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	>	≻
Office Park				Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options								
Industrial Building	75,000 – 150,000+ SF	250,000+ SF		BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building				BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	>	>		ΑΝ	Ϋ́Α	Ϋ́Α	¥X	Ϋ́N
Work from Home	Ϋ́Z	Ą	Ϋ́Z	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	ĄZ	₹Z	₹
Utilities								
Water	>	>	2,500-4,000 gallons/min	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	>	>-	20,000 GPD min	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>-	>-	T-1 min.	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T- 1 available on need basis
Gas			8,300 CF/Hr. 175,000 Therms/yr. 4-6 inch high	Y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
			within 3 miles			station		
Power	>-	>	1,350 kW; 1,000,000	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown

			WARE	WAREHOUSING & STORAGE	AGE			
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	ıl Parks	
Considerations	Target I Require	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
			KWH/mo.; 15 kVA line; 3 miles of substation					
Transportation								
Interstate	Within a few miles	Within a few miles	Direct Access to Interstate; within 15 miles of Interchange	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	γ 2.3 miles from Exit 21B, I-87	Y 3.4 miles from Exit 21, 1-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, I-87
Rail	Y (Potentially for some operations)	Y (Potentially for some operations)	Access to rail preferable	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
				30 min. from	30 min. from	30 min. from	38 min. from	38 min. from
Air			Airport within 60 minutes	Albany International Airport	Albany International Airport	Albany International Airport	Albany International Airport	Albany International Airport
Other								
Stormwater				Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
Wetlands			Outside 100- year FEMA Floodplain	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
				Habitat	Habitat	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
Habitat				Mitigation Strategy	Mutigation Strategy	Species w/	Species w/	Species w/
				Completed	Completed	NYSDEC	NYSDEC	NYSDEC
				-	Save-a-Lot	Dynabil	Northeast	
Existing Tenants				Serta/National	Distribution	(aerospace);	regrers	(tire recycling)
				D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Bank of Greene	Smith Co.	treating	(6)

		WARE	VAREHOUSING & STORAGE	AGE			
				Existing B	usiness/Industrial	Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
				County	(window mfg)	lumber)	

			FINANCIA	FINANCIAL SERVICES: BACK OFFICE	COFFICE			
					Existing Br	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target I Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	50 - 100 Employees	150+ Employees	Office Park/Back Office					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			25 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	
Zoning				Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	
Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	
Shovel Ready				\	>	z	z	
Site Options								
Stand-Alone Site	\							

			FINANCIA	FINANCIAL SERVICES: BACK OFFICE	K OFFICE			
					Existing Br	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	dustry	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Industrial Park				Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	>	>
Office Park	\	¥		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options								
Industrial Building				BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	ВТЅ
Office Building	10,000 - 20,000+ SF	30,000+ SF		BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	\	Y		NA	NA	Ϋ́N	ΑN	ΝΑ
Work from Home	Y (some selected positions)	Y (some selected positions)		Ϋ́Z	₹ Z	∢ Z	Ą	∀ Z
Utilities								
Water	>-	>-	15,000 GPD	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	>-	>	15,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/internet	Y High Capacity	Y High Capacity	Y Fiber SONET ring infra Access to multiple T-1 lines Diverse, redundant, digital electronic Cos/PoPs	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T- 1 available on need basis
Gas			75,000 therms or 7,500 mcf/mo	y (on-site) Capacity	γ (on-site) Capacity	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
				Onkhown	UNKHOWH	aownsizea w/ station		

			FINANCIA	FINANCIAL SERVICES: BACK OFFICE	K OFFICE			
					Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Il Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	ndustry ements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Power	>	*	1,500 kW demand 810,000 kWh/mo. Dual service	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Transportation								
Interstate	Within a few miles (For commuters)	Within a few miles (For commuters)	Y Direct Access	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I-87 State Route 9W	Y 2.3 miles from Exit 218, I-87	Y 3.4 miles from Exit 21, I-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, I-87
Rail			Y Direct Access	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Adjacent to Rail	Y Direct Access	Y Direct Access
Air				30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	30 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport	38 min. from Albany International Airport
Other								
Stormwater				Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
Wetlands			Outside 100- year FEMA Floodplain	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Wetland Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Confirm wetlands; Prepare Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
Habitat				Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Habitat Mitigation Strategy Completed	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC	Confirm Endangered Species w/ NYSDEC
Existing Tenants				Serta/National Bedding	Save-a-Lot Distribution Center; Bank of Greene	Dynabil (aerospace); Brockway- Smith Co.	Northeast Treaters (pressure treating	Casings, Inc. (tire recycling)

			EX	Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
				County	(window mfg)	lumber)	

			PROF	ESSIONAL	PROFESSIONAL & TECHNICAL SERVICES	RVICES			
				Build		Existing Br	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	l Parks	
Considerations	Target In	Target Industry Requirements	ements	Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	Individual	5-10 Employees	25+ Employees	Office Park					
Total Empire Zone					728	83	100	167	265
Developable within EZ					432	53	82	160	
Total Acreage				25 acres min	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site					16	21			
Location					T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership					Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits					Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	
Zoning					Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	
Target Markets					Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	
Shovel Ready					\	>	z	z	

			PROF	FESSIONAL &	PROFESSIONAL & TECHNICAL SERVICES	ERVICES			
				Build		Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target In	Target Industry Requirements	ements	Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Site Options									
Stand-Alone Site									
Industrial Park					Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	>	>
Office Park	\	>	\		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options									
Industrial Building					BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building	500 SF	1,500 – 5,000 SF	7,500+SF		BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	>	>	>		¥Z	Ϋ́	Ϋ́Z	¥Z	Ϋ́Z
Work from Home	λ.	Y (some selected positions)	Y (some selected positions)		Ϋ́	Ą V	Ą	₹Z	₹ Z
Utilities									
Water	>	>	>-	15,000 GPD	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	,	λ	,	15,000 GPD	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	1SQ	DSL/T1 (for large file transfers)	DSL/T1 (for large file transfers)	Y High Capacity/ proximity to Point of Presence	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis
Gas					y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
							downsized w/		

			PROF	ESSIONAL &	PROFESSIONAL & TECHNICAL SERVICES	RVICES			
				Build		Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target Ind	Target Industry Requirements	ments	Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
							station		
Power	>-	*	Α.	1,500 KWH; 810,000 KWH/mo.	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Transportation									
Interstate		Depends on commuter draw	Within a few miles (For commuters)		Y 0.5 mile to I- 87 State Route 9W	Y 0.5 mile to I- 87 State Route 9W	Y 2.3 miles from Exit 21B, I-87	γ 3.4 miles from Exit 21, I-87	Y 2 miles from Exit 21, I- 87
					-	-	>-	>	>-
Rail					Adjacent to Rail	Adjacent to Rail	Adjacent to Rail	Direct Access	Direct Access
					30 min. from	30 min. from	30 min. from	38 min. from	38 min.
Ņ.					Albany	Albany	Albany	Albany	Albany
ŧ					International Airport	International Airport	International Airport	International	International Airport
Other									
Stormwater					Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater & Retention plan in place	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed	Stormwater Plan needed
SEORA					Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
-				Outside 100-year	Wetland Mitigation	Wetland Mirigation	Confirm wetlands; Prepare	Confirm wetlands; Prepare	Confirm wetlands; Prepare
Weilands				Floodplain	Strategy Completed	Strategy Completed	Wetlands Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)	Mitigation Plan (if applicable)
					Habitat	Habitat	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
ָּבָיָבָיָבָ בּיָבָיָבָרָ					Mitigation	Mitigation	Endangered	Endangered	Endangered
					Strategy Completed	Strategy Completed	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC
Existing Tenants					Serta/National	Save-a-Lot Distribution	Dynabil (gerospace).	Northeast	Casings, Inc.
,					pedding	DISILIBUIIOII	(lanndsolan)	ופחפוז	3=1

	PRO	JEESSIONAL 8	PROFESSIONAL & TECHNICAL SERVICES	ERVICES			
		Build		Existing B	usiness/ Industria	strial Parks	
Conciderations		Now-NY	Kalkberg	Greene	Hudson	Athens	Catskill
	Target Industry Requirements	Site	Commerce	Business &	Valley	Industrial	Industrial
		Criteria	Park	Tech Park	Business Park	Park	Park
				Center;	Brockway-	(pressure	recycling)
				Bank of	Smith Co.	treating	
				Greene	(window mfg)	lumber)	
				County			

			EMEK	EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES	GIES			
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	l Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	5 - 10 Employees	25+ Employees	High-Tech Manufacturing					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage			25 acres min.	62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application	Application Approved	
Zoning				Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	
Target Markets				Larger Development 200,000 – 300,000 SF; Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Technology; Light Manufacturing; Commercial; Back Office; Data Center; Retail	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF; Professional; Light Manufacturing; Data Center; Back Office	Commercial; Light Industrial; Small Warehousing/ Distribution; Back Office	
Shovel Ready				Υ.	٨	z	z	
Site Options	3							
Stand-Alone Site								
Industrial Park	>	×		Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	\	>

			EMER	EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES		Existing Business/Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
Office Park				Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options								
Industrial Building				BTŠ	BTS	втѕ	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building	2,500 – 5,000 SF	12,000+ SF		BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space	\	>		ĄZ	Ϋ́	¥	Ϋ́Z	Ϋ́
Work from Home Utilities				٧Z	Y Y	ΨZ	Ϋ́	¥
Water	>	>	20,000 GPD min.	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer	*	>	20,000 GPD min.	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet	>	>	T-1 min.	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T-1 available on need basis
Gas	Optional	Optional	Optional Demand: 9,300 CF/Hr. 194,000 therms/yr.	γ (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Y (on-site) Capacity Unknown	Gas/Main distribution line to site/ needs to be downsized w/ station	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Power	>	>	6,750 kW demand; within 3 miles of substation; 7,500 kVA	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Y Capacity Unknown	Y Capacity Unknown
Transportation								

			EMER	EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES	GIES			
					Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
Considerations	Target I Require	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	Y Within a	Y Within a	Y Within 20 miles	γ 0.5 mile to I-87	γ 0.5 mile to I-87	Y 2.3 miles from	Y 3.4 miles from	γ 2 miles from
Interstate	few miles (For	few miles (For	of Interchange; 5 miles of 4-	State Route 9W	State Route 9W	Exit 21B, I-87	Exit 21, I-87	Exit 21, I-87
	commuters)	commuters)	lane highway.					
			>	>	>-	\	>-	>-
Rail			Desirable	Adjacent to Rail	Adjacent to Rail	Adjacent to Rail	Direct Access	Direct Access
			60 min. to	30 min. from	30 min. from	30 min. from	38 min. from	38 min. from
::			airport	Albany	Albany	Albany	Albany	Albany
Ī				International	International	International	International	International
34.50				Airport	Airport	Airport	Airport	Airport
				Stormwater &	Stormwater &	Stormwater	Stormwater	Stormwater
Stormwater				Ketention pian in place	ketention plan in place	Plan needed	Plan needed	Plan needed
SEQRA				Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
						Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
				14/41	74/	5	wetlands;	wetlands;
			Outside 100-	Wetland	Werland	werlands;	Prepare	Prepare
Wetlands			year rewa	Mitigation	Mitigation	Prepare	Wetlands	Wetlands
			rioodpidin	Strategy	Strategy	werlands	Mitigation	Mitigation
				Сощріетей	Complered	/if/ii	Plan (if	Plan (if
						(ii applicable)	applicable)	applicable)
				Habitat	Habitat	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
12,12,1				Mitigation	Mitigation	Endangered	Endangered	Endangered
				Strategy	Strategy	Species w/	Species w/	Species w/
				Completed	Completed	NYSDEC	NYSDEC	NYSDEC
					Save-a-Lot	Dynabil	Northeast	
				Sorte /National	Distribution	(aerospace);	Treaters	المرابين
Existing Tenants				Rodolina Rodolina	Center;	Brockway-	(pressure	(tire recycling)
				Bulgge	Bank of Greene	Smith Co.	treating	(Billie lecycling)
					County	(window mfg)	lumber)	

	2	*not identitied in the	the Target Industry Analysis but targeted by the Greene County IDA tor its parks	alysis our rargerea o	Frieting R	isinece/ Industrial	Porks	
					Existing b	Existing business/ Industrial Parks	rarks	
Considerations	Target I Requir	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
	Not Identified	Not Identified	Retail					
Total Empire Zone				728	8	100	167	265
Developable within EZ				432	2	53	82	160
Total Acreage				62	105			
Total Available within Industrial Site				16	21			
Total Acreage for Retail Uses			15 acres min. 20 acres preferred	10	24	100	167	265
Acreage Available for Retail Uses					24			
Location				T. New Baltimore & Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Coxsackie	T. Athens	
Ownership				Greene County IDA	Greene County IDA	Private/ Greene County IDA	Private	
Empire Zone Benefits				Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	Application Approved	
Zoning			Must be zoned retail	Commercial/ Industrial	Commercial/ Industrial	Industrial; Town Comprehensive Plan in process	Partly zoned Industrial, Commercial & Residential	
				Larger Development 200,000 –	Technology; Light Manufacturing;	Small-scale devt. <50,000 SF;	Commercial; Light Industrial;	Commercial; Light Industrial; Manufacturing;
Target Markets				300,000 SF; Technology; Light	Commercial; Back Office; Data Center;	Professional; Light Manufacturing;	Small Warehousing/ Distribution;	Mixed-use Small Warehousing

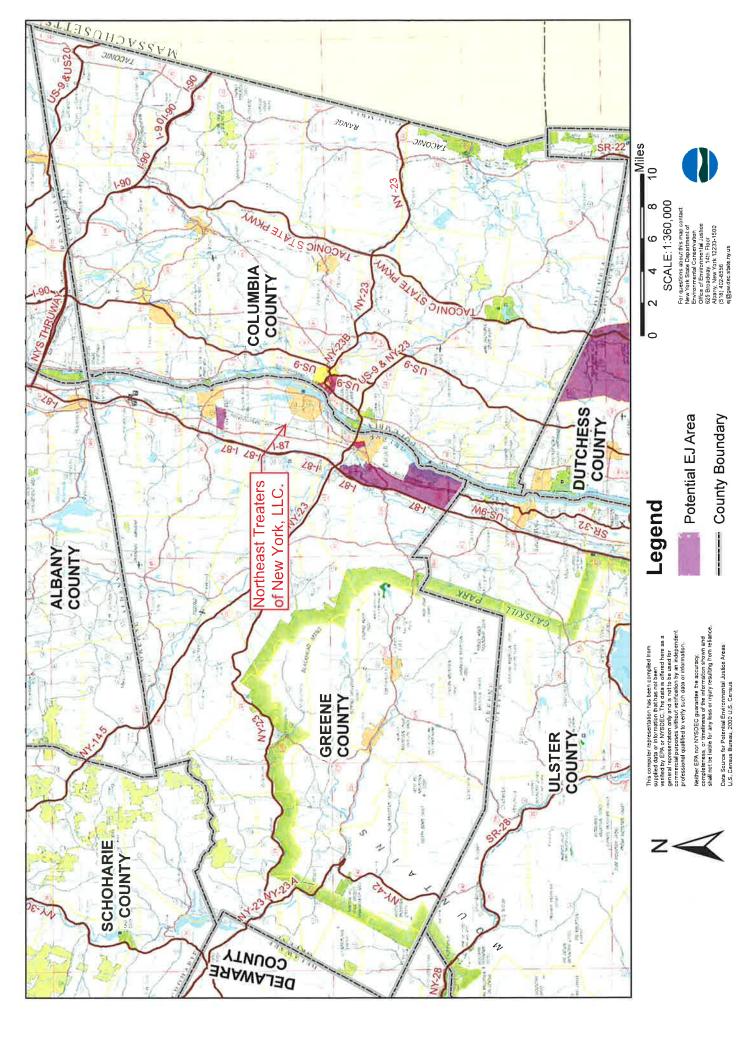
	3	and sell in the part of the pa				-	
				Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
			Commercial; Back Office:		Back Office		
			Data Center; Retail				
Shovel Ready			٨	>	z	z	z
Site Options							
Stand-Alone Site	-						
Industrial Park			Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)	X	>
Office Park			Y (mix)	Y (mix)	Y (mix)		
Facility Options							
Industrial Building			BTS	BTS	BTS	84,000 SF 24,520 SF	BTS
Office Building			BTS	BTS	BTS		
Rehab Space			Ϋ́Z	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́Z	Ϋ́Z
Work from Home			Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	¥Z
Retail Building		Max. Bldg. Height: 55ft; Max./ Bldg. Coverage 50%	BTS	BTS	ΑN	Ϋ́	Ž Ž
Utilities							
Water		Not identified	1.8 Million GPD	1.8 Million GPD	10" line/ 800,000 GPD excess capacity	1.8 Million GPD	Capacity Unknown
Sewer		Not identified	1.2 Million GPD	1.2 Million GPD	3" forced main/ 600,000 GPD excess capacity	On-site septic systems	Unknown
Telecom/Internet		Not identified	T-1 State Tel	T-1 State Tel	Fiber to site/ DSL at site/ T1 & DA-3 at site	Fiber backbone available along 1-87 & Conrail line;	Fiber backbone available along I-87 & Conrail line; T-

		Existing Business/ Industrial		Existing B	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	I Parks	
				0	Supplied to the supplied to th		
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business &	Hudson Valley	Athens	Catskill Industrial
				Tech Park	Business Park	Park	Park
						on need basis	need basis
			>	>	Gas/Main distribution line		
			1 -45)	(-4:/		>-	>
Gas		Not identified	(on-sire)	(out-sine)	o sile/ needs	Capacity	Capacity
			Capacity	Capaciry	10 De	Unknown	Unknown
			Unknown	Unknown	downsized w/ station		
						>	>
Power		Not identified	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	13,200 kVa	Capacity	Capacity
						Unknown	Unknown
Transportation							
	-	High visibility;	٨	*	>	>	>
Interstate		tulo:	0.5 mile to I-87	0.5 mile to I-87	2.3 miles from	3.4 miles from	2 miles from
		}	Fronts State	Fronts State	Exit 21B, I-87	Exit 21, 1-87	Exit 21, I-87
			Koute 9 W	Koute 9 W			
:			>-	>-	; - -	>	>
Kaii			Adjacent to Rail	Adjacent to Rail	Adjaceni 10 Rail	Direct Access	Direct Access
			30 min. from	30 min. from	30 min. from	38 min. from	38 min. from
.: ٧			Albany	Albany	Albany	Albany	Albany
5			International	International	International	International	International
Other			Tipodile.	DOG!IX	Indian	50.	
			Stormwater &	Stormwater &			
Stormwater			Retention plan in	Retention plan	Stormwater	Stormwater	Stormwater
			place	in place	rian needed	rian Needed	rian kequirea
SEQRA			Completed	Completed	Required	Required	Required
			T	14.747	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
		Outside 100-	weiland	Aveilaria	wetlands;	wellding;	wetlands;
Wetlands		year FEMA	Strategy	Strategy	Prepare	Wetlands	Prepare
		Floodplain	Sindey	on diegy	Wetlands	Mitigation	Wetlands
			Completed	Сомрієтей	Mitigation Plan	Minganon	Mitigation
1011111			Habitat	Habitat	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm
5 5 5			AAitigation	Witing tion	Francopred	Fndongered	Fndandered

	*not ide	ntified in the	Target Industry And	RETAIL * *not identified in the Target Industry Analysis but targeted by the Greene County IDA for its parks	y the Greene Coun	ry IDA for its park	S	
					Existing Bu	Existing Business/ Industrial Parks	l Parks	
Considerations	Target Industry Requirements	ustry	Build Now-NY Site Criteria	Kalkberg Commerce Park	Greene Business & Tech Park	Hudson Valley Business Park	Athens Industrial Park	Catskill Industrial Park
				Strategy Completed	Strategy Completed	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC	Species w/ NYSDEC
Site			Must be flat or slightly above grade; visible from major roads	Topography: min. 100/max. 140	Topography: min. 100/max. 140	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
Existing Tenants				Serta/National Bedding	Save-a-Lot Distribution Center; Bank of Greene County	Dynabil (aerospace); Brockway- Smith Co. (window mfg)	Northeast Treaters (pressure treating	Casings, Inc. (tire recycling)
County Population			At least 25,000	Greene County: 49,682 (2005 U.S. Census Bureau estimates)	Greene County: 49,682 (2005 U.S. Census Bureau estimates)	Greene County: 49,682 (2005 U.S. Census Bureau estimates)	Greene County: 49,682 (2005 U.S. Census Bureau estimates)	Greene County: 49,682 (2005 U.S. Census Bureau estimates)

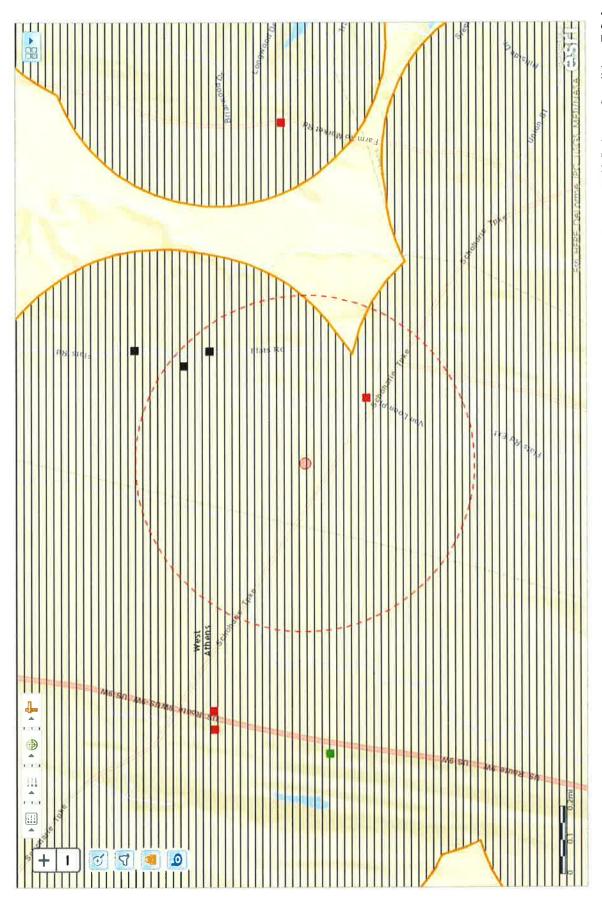
ATTACHMENT 10 ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE MAP

Potential Environmental Justice Areas in Columbia and Greene Counties, New York



ATTACHMENT 11 CULTURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION

796 Schoharie Turnpike, Town of Athens, Greene County, New York



indicate areas within 0.1 to 0.5 mi of recorded archaeological resources (distance depends on site classification). Solid squares represent built resources Screenshot captured September 26, 2014, by NYS OPRHP Digital Archive Program Assistant Matthew W. Shepherd using CRIS Release Candidate 7.0.4. Translucent red circle indicates location of 796 Schoharie Turnpike; dashed red line indicates 0.5-mile buffer. Hashed lines with goldenrod border (green = National Register-eligible; black = eligibility undetermined; red = not eligible).

ATTACHMENT 12 NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION



796 Schoharie Turnpike Sep 26, 2014

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater Freshwater Forested/Shrub Freshwater Emergent

Freshwater Pond

Estuarine and Marine

Riverine

Other

Riparian

Forested/Shrub Herbaceous

Riparian Status

Digital Data



This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

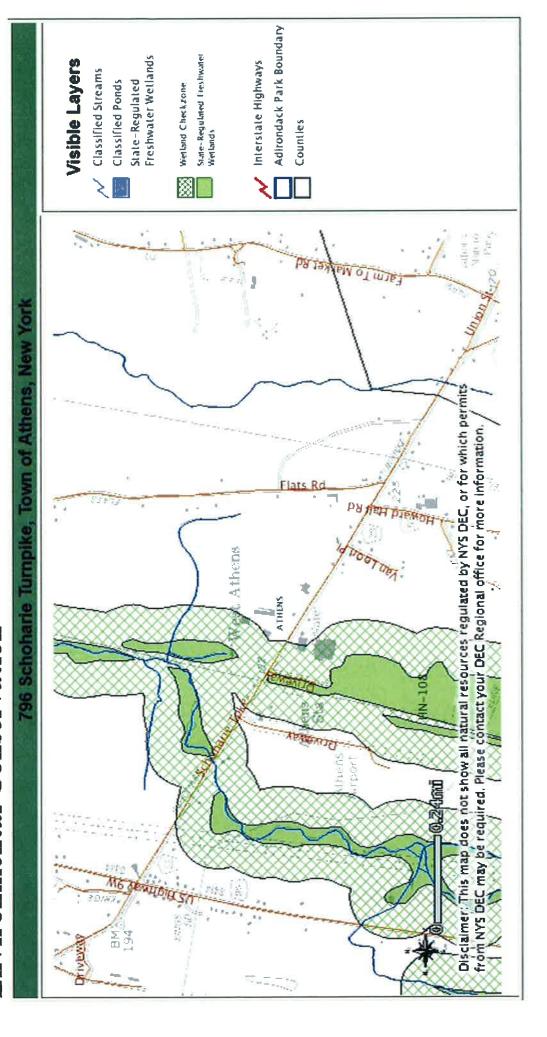
User Remarks:

म्ब्यून

Screenshot captured September 26, 2014.

New York State - Department of Environmental Conservation

Environmental Resource Mapper



New York Nature Explorer User Defined Results Report

Criteria: Selected Map Area



Note: Restricted plants and animals may also have also been documented in one or more of the Towns or Cities in which your user-defined area is located, but are not listed in these results. This application does not provide information at the level of Town or City on state-listed animals and on other sensitive animals and plants. A list of the restricted animals and plants documented at the corresponding county level can be obtained via the County link(s) on the original User Defined Search Results page. Any individual plant or animal on this county's restricted list may or may not occur in this particular user-defined area.

This list only includes records of rare species and significant natural communities from the databases of the NY Natural Heritage Program. This list is not a definitive statement about the presence or absence of all plants and animals, including rare or state-listed species, or of all significant natural communities. For most areas, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted, and this list should not be considered a substitute for on-site surveys.

Stiff-leaf Goldenrod



Solidago rigida



Photo credits: Stephen M. Young

Scientific Name Oligoneuron rigidum var.

rigidum

Family Name Asteraceae

Aster Family

Did you know?

The genus gets its name from the Latin solidus, "whole," referring to the reputed properties of the goldenrods to heal wounds. The specific name refers to its stiff leaves. Rare in the states along the east coast, this goldenrod is very common in the midwestern and prairie states where it blankets grasslands with its showy flat-topped flower stalks.

Summary

Protection Threatened in New York State, not listed federally.

This level of state protection means: listed species are those with: 1) 6 to fewer than 20 extant sites, or 2) 1,000 to fewer than 3,000 individuals, or 3) restricted to not less than 4 or more than 7 U.S.G.S. 7? minute topographical maps, or 4) listed as threatened by U.S. Department of the Interior.

Rarity G5T5, S2

A global rarity rank of G5T5 means: Secure globally - Both the species as a whole and the subspecies/variety are common in the world; widespread and abundant (but may be rare in some parts of its range).

A state rarity rank of S2 means: This plant is threatened/imperiled in New York because of rarity (typically 6-20 populations or few remaining individuals) or is vulnerable to extirpation from New York due to biological factors.

Conservation Status in New York

There are nine known populations and at least ten additional historical locations. This plant has been threatened by habitat conversation, mainly housing developments. Various invasive species have also had a negative impact.

Short-term Trends

There has been a short-term decrease in plant numbers because of development of some of the sites and other unknown causes. Some plants have been rescued at one site and transplanted to another area.

Long-term Trends

Long term numbers have stayed around ten populations with new discoveries offsetting the extirpation of historical records.

Conservation and Management

Threats

There have been development pressures on many of the sites. Residential development and highway construction have extirpated or fragmented some sites.

Conservation Strategies and Management Practices

This plant does very well in successional old fields and other grassland habitats. Should woody vegetation become established, the populations would likely begin to decline. This would support using a brush-hog to occassionally (i.e. once every 3-5 years) to clear the woody vegetation.

Research Needs

Research is necessary to determine which management practices are best at keeping populations healthy.

Habitat

A goldenrod of open areas on dry shaley slopes or on limestone bedrock; open areas among shrubby thickets and edge of grasslands over shallow, dry, sandy and rocky soils on limestone; dry post-agricultural successional habitats, usually on alkaline soils; successional fields on clay soils; rocky summit grasslands on alkaline and circum-neutral soils; grassland habitats on dry, clayey, stony soils; woodland edges between calcareous woodlands and successional old fields; and dry shaly hillsides and slopes (New York Natural Heritage Program 2004). Prairies, dry fields and hillsides; may spread along roadsides and railroads (Voss 1996). Prairies and other dry, open places, especially in sandy soil (Gleason and Cronquist 1991). Dry or gravelly open woods, thickets and prairies (Fernald 1970).

Associated Ecological Communities

Calcareous Talus Slope Woodland

An open or closed canopy community that occurs on talus slopes composed of calcareous bedrock such as limestone or dolomite. The soils are usually moist and loamy; there may be numerous rock outcrops.

Mowed Roadside/pathway

A narrow strip of mowed vegetation along the side of a road, or a mowed pathway through taller vegetation (e.g., meadows, old fields, woodlands, forests), or along utility right-of-way corridors (e.g., power lines, telephone lines, gas pipelines). The vegetation in these mowed strips and paths may be dominated by grasses, sedges, and rushes; or it may be dominated by forbs, vines, and low shrubs that can tolerate infrequent mowing.

Rocky Summit Grassland

A grassland community that occurs on rocky summits and exposed rocky slopes of hills. Woody plants are sparse and may be scattered near the margin of the community. Small trees and shrubs may be present at low percent cover.

Successional Old Field

A meadow dominated by forbs and grasses that occurs on sites that have been cleared and plowed (for farming or development), and then abandoned or only occasionally moved.

Other Probable Associated Communities

Limestone woodland
Red cedar rocky summit
Shale cliff and talus community
Successional shrubland

Associated Species

Butterfly Milkweed (Asclepias tuberosa)

Aster sagittifolius

Hay Sedge (Carex argyrantha)

Fescue Sedge (Carex brevior)

Bitternut Hickory (Carva cordiformis)

Flat-top Fragrant Goldenrod (Euthamia graminifolia)

White Ash (Fraxinus americana)

Violet Bush-clover (Lespedeza violacea)

Hophornbeam (Ostrya virginiana)

Virginia Creeper (Parthenocissus quinquefolia)

Talus Slope Beard-tongue (Penstemon digitalis)

Slender Mountain-mint (*Pycnanthemum tenuifolium*)

Burr Oak (Quercus macrocarpa)

Pin Oak (Quercus palustris)

Red Oak (Quercus rubra)

Staghorn Sumac (Rhus typhina)

Native Blackeyed Susan (Rudbeckia hirta)

Little Bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium)

Canada Goldenrod (Solidago canadensis)

Early Goldenrod (Solidago juncea)

Rough-leaf Goldenrod (Solidago rugosa)

Yellow Indiangrass (Sorghastrum nutans)

American Bladdernut (Staphylea trifolia)

American Basswood (Tilia americana var. americana)

American Elm (*Ulmus americana*)

Northern Prickly-ash (Zanthoxylum americanum)

Identification Comments

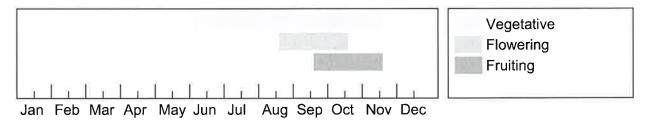
This is a tall, stiffly erect goldenrod with a thick fuzzy stem. It usually grows about 1 to 1.5 meters tall with many thick, coarse, fuzzy, gray-green, stiff leaves along the stem. The margins of the leaves have few or no teeth. The lower leaves are long and lance-shaped with long leaf stalks while the upper leaves are progressively shorter, upright, and clasp the stem. The bright yellow flower clusters at the top of the stem are more or less flat-topped.

Best Life Stage for Identifying This Species

This goldenrod may be identified from basal leaves or any vegetative portion of the plant. The best life stage for identification though is while the plants are flowering.

The Best Time to See

This goldenrod flowers between mid-August until early October with fruiting stalks persisting into late fall. While this plant can be identified vegetatively, it is easier to find when in flower. Surveys should be conducted in late summer to early fall.

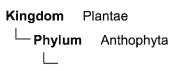


The time of year you would expect to find Stiff-leaf Goldenrod in New York.

Similar Species

A unique goldenrod that is easily distinguished from other goldenrods. The key characters of stiff-leaf goldenrod (*Solidago rigida*) are the flat-topped inflorescence, with stiff leaves that are hairy and ovate to elliptical (less than 3 times as long as broad).

Taxonomy



```
Class Dicots (Dicotyledoneae)

Order Asterales
Family Asteraceae (Aster Family)
```

Additional Common Names

Hard-leaved Goldenrod Rigid Goldenrod Stiff Goldenrod

Synonyms

Solidago rigida (L.)

Additional Resources

Links

New York Flora Atlas

http://www.newyork.plantatlas.usf.edu/Plant.aspx?id=286

USDA Plants Database

http://plants.usda.gov/java/profile?symbol=OLRIR

NatureServe Explorer

http://natureserve.org/explorer/servlet/NatureServe?searchName=SOLIDAGO+RIGIDA

Google Images

http://images.google.com/images?q=SOLIDAGO+RIGIDA

Illinois Wildflowers

http://www.illinoiswildflowers.info/prairie/plantx/stf goldenrodx.htm

Best Identification Reference

Gleason, Henry A. and A. Cronquist. 1991. Manual of Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, New York. 910 pp.

References

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Holmgren, Noel. 1998. The Illustrated Companion to Gleason and Cronquist's Manual. Illustrations of the Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, New York.

Keys, Jr.,J.; Carpenter, C.; Hooks, S.; Koenig, F.; McNab, W.H.; Russell, W.;Smith, M.L. 1995. Ecological units of the eastern United States - first approximation (cd-rom), Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. GIS coverage in ARCINFO format, selected imagery, and map unit tables.

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New York Natural Heritage Program

625 Broadway, 5th Floor, Albany, NY 12233-4757 Phone: (518) 402-8935 acris@nynhp.org This project is made possible with funding from:

- New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Hudson River Estuary Program
- Division of Lands & Forests, Department of Environmental Conservation
- New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation

Information for this guide was last updated on Mar 19, 2013 This guide was authored by

ATTACHMENT 13

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA) FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAPS (FIRMs)

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations ISFEs) and/or floodways have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report intal accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management. To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevation

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0" North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program, Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 19. The horizontal datum was NAO 83, GRS90 spheroid, Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries, These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.ngsa.gov or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey National Geodetic SSMC-3 #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (201) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from digital base map information shown of this First was derived into light of control holography provided by the New York State Office of Cyber Security & Critical Infrastructure Coordination. This information was produced as 30-centimeter resolution natural codor orthomagery from photography dated April 2004 and 30-centimeter resolution color infrared orthoimagery from photography dated April 2001.

Based on updated lopographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships or unrevised streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each

Contact the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-800-358-9616 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FEMA Map Service Center may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at http://www.msc.fema.gov/

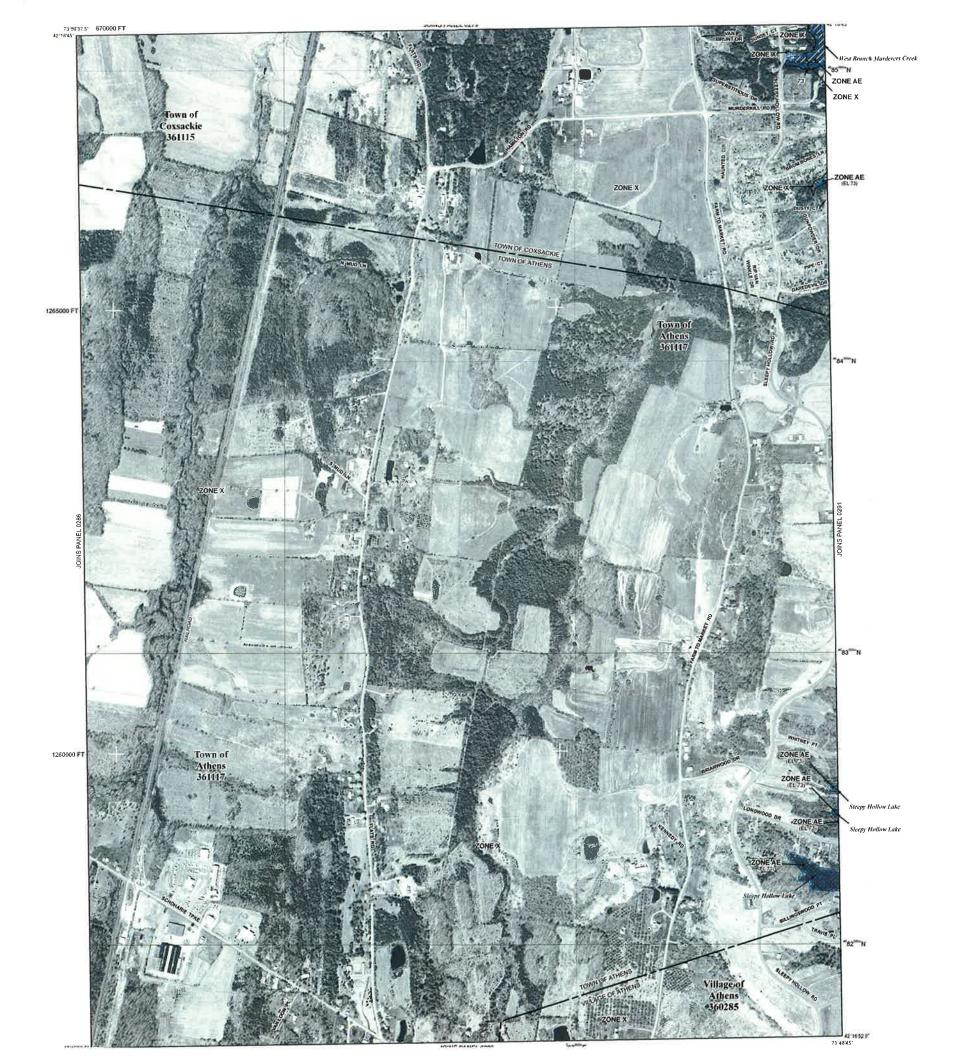
If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gov.







the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and FEMA As part of the effort, NYSDEC has joined in a Cooperative Technical Partnership agreement to produce and maintain FEMA's digital FIRM.



chance of being equized or exceeded in any given year. The Special Food Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance food. Area of Special Food Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, W, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface ZONE A hig Base Flood Eleveriers determined. Base Rood Elevations determined Fixed depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of altuval fan flooding, veloolties also Special Plood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood courtel system is being related to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.



• M1.5

MAP REPOSITORY

Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index

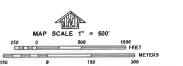
River Mile

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYMDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP MAY 15 2008

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISIONS TO THIS PANEL

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.



NFIP PRO [FL0:0]D

PANEL 0287F

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

for GREENE COUNTY, NEW YORK ALL JURISDICTIONS

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY

ATHENS, TOWN OF ATHENS, VILLAGE OF

COXSACKIE, TOWN OF 361115

PANEL 287 OF 531

MAP SUFFIX: F

(SEE MAP INCEX FOR PIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

Notice to User. The Map Number shown below should be used when psoing map orders. It is Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

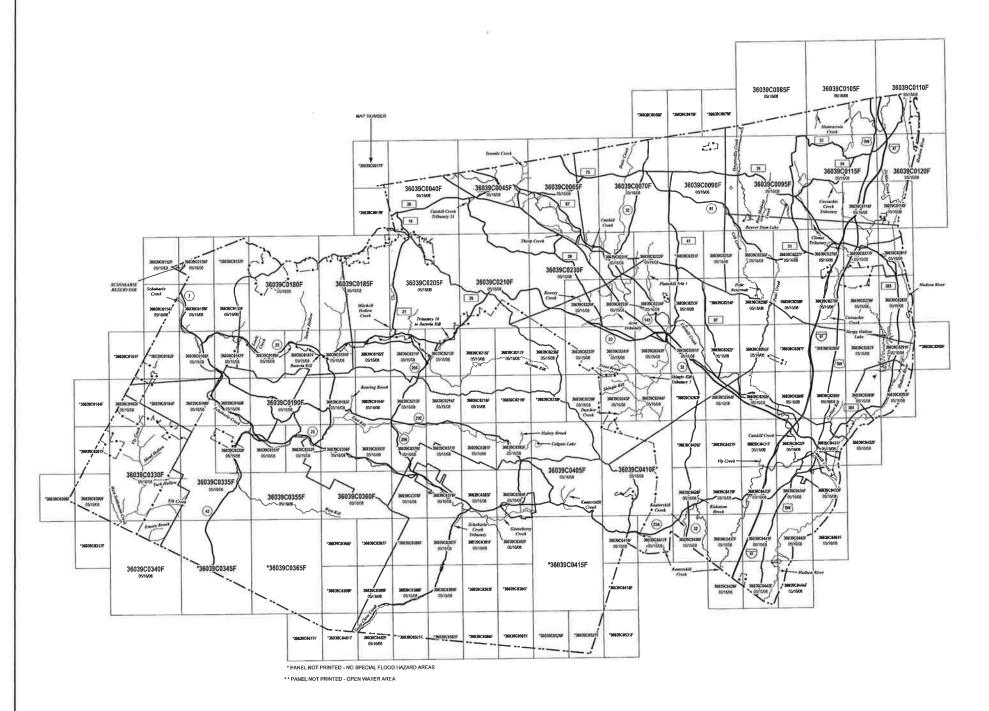


36039C0287F EFFECTIVE DATE

MAP NUMBER

NUMBER

360285



LISTING OF COMMUNITIES							
COMMUNITY NAME	COMMUNITY NUMBER	LOCATED ON PANELS	INITIAL NEIP MAP DATE	INITIAL FIRM DATE	MOST RECENT FIRM PANEL DATE		
ASHLAND, TOWN OF	350284	01571, 0159, 0167, 0180, 0185, 0188, 0167, 0190, 0191	NOVEMBER 1, 1974	APRIL 10, 1981	MAY 16, 2008		
ATHENS, TOWN OF	361117	0258, 0259, 0264, 0266, 02671, 0268, 0268, 02661, 0287, 0388, 0268, 0291, 02921, 0293, 0432, 0451, 0452	AUGUST 13, 1976	SEPTEMBER 3, 1982	MAY 16, 2006		
ATHENS, VILLAGE OF	360285	0287, 0289, 0291, 0293, 0452	OCTOBER 29, 1976	SEPTEMBER 6, 1989	MAY 15, 2008		
CAIRD, TOWN OF	360288	0210, 0217, 0229, 0230, 0231, 0232, 0233, 0234, 0238, 0237, 0238, 0239, 0241, 0242, 0243, 0244, 0251, 0253, 0254, 0253, 0261, 0262, 0263, 0264, 0264, 0268, 0405, 0410, 0420	DECEMBER 20, 1974	SEPTEMBER 6, 1989	MAY 16, 2008		
CATSKILL, TOWN OF	361116	02631, 0264, 0268, 0269, 0410, 0416, 0417, 04261, 04271, 0428, 0429, 0431, 0432, 0433, 0434, 0435, 0437, 0439, 0441, 0442, 0443, 0444, 0451, 0452, 0453, 0461	DECEMBER 27, 1974	FEBRUARY 16, 1990	MAY 16, 2008		
CATSKILL, VILLAGE OF	360287	0432, 0434, 0451, 0453	MARCH 1, 1974	SEPTEMBER 6, 1989	MAY 16, 2008		
COXSACKIE, TOWN OF	361115	0090, 0095, 0114, 0115, 0118, 0252, 0254, 0256, 0257, 0258, 0259, 02671, 0278, 0277, 0278, 0279, 0281, 0283, 02861, 0287, 0281, 02921	DECEMBER 6, 1974	SEPTEMBER 6, 1989	MAY 16, 2008		
COXSACKIE, VILLAGE OF	360268	0277, 0281, 0283	MARCH 8, 1974	DECEMBER 2, 1983	MAY 15, 2008		
DURHAM, TOWN OF	360289	00171, 00191, 0040, 0045, 0065, 0205, 0210, 0228, 0230, 0231, 0233	DECEMBER 13, 1974	JUNE 1, 1988	MAY 16, 2008		
GREENVILLE, TOWN OF	360290	00591, 0065, 0070, 00781, 00781, 0090, 0230, 0231, 0232, 02511, 0252, 0253, 02541	JULY 26, 1974	FEBRUARY 1, 1988	MAY 16, 2008		
HALCOTT, TOWN OF	360291	01441, 0163, 01641, 0168, 03071, 03081, 0309, 03171, 0330, 0335, 0340	FEBRUARY 14, 1975	NOVEMBER 4, 1983	MAY 16, 2008		
HUNTER, TOWN OF	360292	8366, 0367, 0369, 0376, 0377, 0378, 0379, 0361, 0382, 0383, 0384, 0386', 0387, 0386, 0389, 0394, 0392, 0383, 0384, 0405, 0410, 0415*, 0416, 0418', 0481', 0482, 0501*, 0502*, 0508*, 0507*, 0508*, 0527*, 0531'	JULY 9, 1976	FEBRUARY 2, 1983	MAY 16, 2008		
HUNTER, VILLAGE OF	360293	0376, 0377, 0378, 0379	AUGUST 16, 1974	DECEMBER 1, 1982	MAY 16, 2008		
JEWETT, TOWN OF	361114	0187, 0190, 0191, 0192, 0193, 0194, 0211, 0213, 0214, 0218, 0219, 0238, 0239, 0352, 0355, 0356, 0357, 0360, 0376, 0377, 0378, 0381, 0382, 0405	JANUARY 17, 1974	APRIL 4, 1963	MAY 16, 2008		
LEXINGTON, TOWN OF	360294	0163, 0164, 0157, 0168, 0169, 0186, 0187, 0190, 0330, 0332, 0335, 0340, 0345, 0.151, 0352, 0355, 0360, 03651, 03661, 03671, 03481, 0169, 0378, 03861, 04771, 04811, 0182	AUGUST 23, 1974	AUGUST 1, 1983	MAY 16, 2008		
NEW BALTIMORE, TOWN OF	360295	6079', 6065, 0090, 6095, 0105, 0110, 0114, 0115, 0118, 0120	DECEMBER 17, 1976	JULY 23, 1982	MAY 16, 2008		
PRATTSVILLE, TOWN OF	360296	0152, 0154, 0156, 01571, 0158, 0159, 01611, 01621, 0163, 01641, 0166, 0167, 0168, 0169, 0180	SEPTEMBER 20, 1974	MAY 16, 1983	MAY 16, 2008		
TANNERSVILLE, VILLAGE OF	360297	0384, 0392, 0405, 04151	JUNE 7, 1974	APRIL 18, 1953	MAY 16, 2008		
WINDHAM, TOWN OF	361401	00191, 0040, 0185, 0191, 0192, 0205, 0210, 0211, 0212, 0213, 0214, 0216, 0217, 0218, 02191, 0236, 02381	NOVEMBER 4, 1977	JUNE 1, 1988	MAY 16, 2008		

MAP REPOSITORIES

(Maps available for reference only, not for distribution.)

ASHLAND, TOWN OF: Town Hall 12094 Route 23 Ashland, New York 12407 ATHENS, TOWN OF: Town Hall 2 First Street Athens, New York 12015

ATHENS, VILLAGE OF: Village Hall 2 First Street Athens, New York 12015

CAIRO, TOWN OF: Town Hall 512 Main Street Cairo, New York 12413

CATSKILL, TOWN OF: Town Hall 439 Main Street Catskill, New York 12414

CATSKILL, VILLAGE OF: Village Hall 422 Main Street Catskill, New York 12414

COXSACKIE, TOWN OF:

COXSACKIE, VILLAGE OF: Village Hall Clerk's Office 119 Mansion Street Coxunction, New York 12051

DURHAM, TOWN OF Town Haff 7309 Route 81 Durham, New York 12422

GREENVILLE, TOWN OF: Town Hall Clerk's Office 73 Ida Smith Lane Greenville, New York 12083 HALCOTT, TOWN OF:

HUNTER, TOWN OF: HUNTER, VILLAGE OF:

JEWETT, TOWN OF: Municipal Building 3547 County Route 23C Jewett, New York 12444

LEXINGTON, TOWN OF:

Municipal Building 3542 Route 42 Lexington, New York 12452 NEW BALTIMORE, TOWN OF:

PRATTSVILLE, TOWN OF: Town Hall Supervisor's Office 14517 Main Street Prattsville, New York 12468

TANNERSVILLE, VILLAGE OF Village Hall
1 Park Lane
Tannersville, New York 12485

WINDHAM, TOWN OF: Town Half 371 State Route 296 Hensonville, New York 12439

MAP DATES

This FIRM Index displays the map date for each FIRM panel at the time that this Index was printed, Because this Index may not be dishibuted to unafferded communities in subsequent revisions, uses may determine the current map date for each FIRM panel by visibing the FIRM Amap Service Center weeker at http://misc.ferna.gov or by calling the Map Service Center at +00-018-9016.

NOTE TO USER

Future revisions to this FIRM Index will only be lissued to communities that are located on FIRM panels being revised. This FIRM Index therefore remains valid for FIRM panels deaded May 16, 2008 or earlier. Please refer to the "MOST" RECENT FIRM PANEL DATE" column in the Listing of Communities liabilies to determine the most recent FIRM MINEX date for each community.



MAP INDEX FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

GREENE COUNTY, NEW YORK
(ALL JURISDICTIONS)

(SEE LISTING OF COMMUNITIES TABLE)

MAP INDEX

MAP NUMBER 36039CIND0A



EFFECTIVE DATE MAY 16, 2008

Federal Emergency Management Agency

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Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections, The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program, Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 18. The horizontal datum was NAO 83, GRS80 spheroid, Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from digital orthophotography provided by the New York State Office of Cyber Security & Chical Infrastructure Coordination. This information was produced as 30-centimeter resolution natural color ortholimagery from photography dated April 2004 and 30-centimeter resolution color infrared ortholimagery from photography

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If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FBMA MAP (1-677-338-2627) or visit the FEMA website at http://www.lena.gov.







This digital FIRM was produced through a unique cooperative partnership between the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and FEMA As part of the effort, NYSDEC has joined in a Cooperative Technical Partnership agreement to produce and maintain FEMA's digital FIRM.



Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined:

ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alumbilifan flooding, resolutes also

Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 11% annual charce food by a flood control system that was subsequently desertified. Zone A3, indicates that the former fload control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual charce or greater flood.

Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood

Coastal food zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The foodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encreamment so that the US annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood beights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 195 annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with dramage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 195 angual chance flood,

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)

CERS areas and GPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas. 195 annual chance Roodplain boundary

0,2% annual chance floodplain boundary

Ecodyay toundary

Zone D boundary CERS and OPA boundary

Base Flood Elevation line and value: elevation in feet*

Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation (EL 987)

Referenced to the fronth American Vertical Dalum of 1958

(3)----(2)

Limited detail cross section line

Transect line

Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), Western Remisphere 87°07'45", 32°22'30"

1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone NAD 1933 UTM Zone 18N

600000 FT 5000-foot grid ticks: New York State Plane coordinate system, central (FIPSZONE 3101), Transverse Mercator projection

Berich mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel) DX5510 x

● M1.5

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDS FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP MAY 18, 2003

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at $1\cdot600\cdot638\cdot6620$.



PROGRAM FLOOD

PANEL 0289F

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

for GREENE COUNTY, NEW YORK ALL JURISDICTIONS

CONTAINS

COMMUNITY

ATHENS, TOWN OF

361117 ATHENS, VILLAGE OF 360285

PANEL 289 OF 531

MAP SUFFIX: F

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PAREL LAYOUT)



36039C0289F EFFECTIVE DATE

MAP NUMBER

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (ex-is) and/or moderallys have been overetimined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRML Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rotating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0" North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summany of Silliwater Devations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summany of Silliwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodigation management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the Boodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydrautic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program, Floodway ridths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 18. The horizontal datum was NAD 83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1993. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.nga.gov or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 NUAA. N/MS512 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from digital orthophotography provided by the New York State Office of Cyber Security & Critical Infrastructure Coordination. This information was produced as 30 certif dated April 2001.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unrevised streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps,

Corporate limits shown on this man are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each

Contact the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-800-358-9616 for information or available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FEMA Map Service Center may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at http://www.msc.fema.gov/

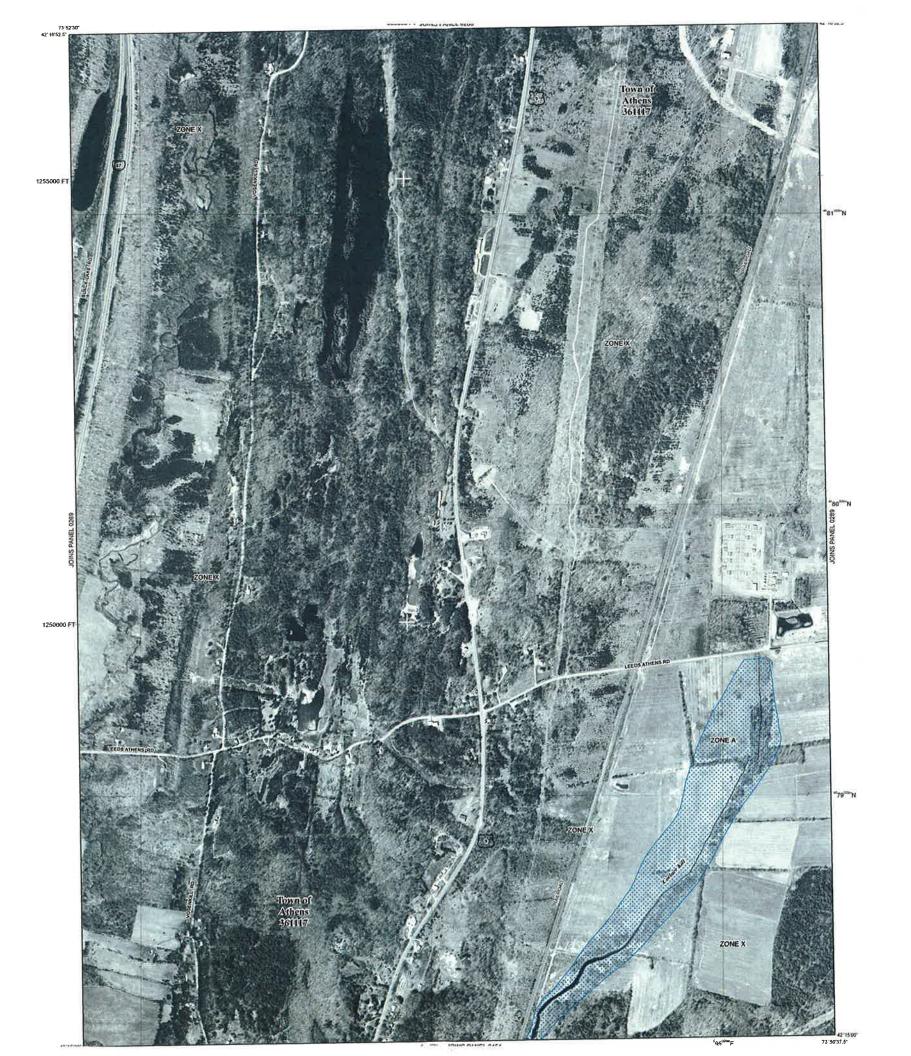
If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gov.







the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and FEMA. As part of the effort, NYSDEC has joined in a Cooperative Technical Partnership agreement to produce and maintain FEMA's digital FIRM.



Save Flood Elevations determined Floord depiths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Flood depths of £ to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined. Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently desertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.

ZONE AF ZONE AH ZONE AO ZONE AR ZONE A99 Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations Constal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined. ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Bevaluors determined. FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE ZONE X Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1.% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood. OTHER AREAS Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. ZONE D Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible. 7777 COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs) CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas. ~~~ 513 ~~~ (EL 987) -(A) 3 (2)----(2) 87°07'45", 32°22'30" "76 "N 600000 FT DX5510 x • M1.5

MAP REPOSITORY Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP MAY 16, 2008

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

1% annual chance floodplain boundary

0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary

Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones and boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood dispths or flood velocities.

Base Flood Bevation value where uniform within zone, elevation in feet."

Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), Western Herrisphere

1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18N

5000-foot god ticks: New York State Plane coordinate system, central (FIPSZONE 3101), Transverse Hercator projection

Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel)

Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet

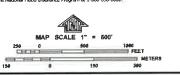
Floodway boundary Zone D boundary CBRS and OPA boundary

merican Vertical Datum of 1988

Cross section line

Transact line

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.





PANEL 0288F

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

for GREENE COUNTY, NEW YORK ALL JURISDICTIONS

COMMUNITY

ATHENS, TOWN OF

PANEL 288 OF 531

MAP SUFFIX: F (SEE MAP INCEX FOR FIRM PAHEL LAYOUT)

MAP NUMBER 36039C0288F

NUMBER

361117

EFFECTIVE DATE

ATTACHMENT 14 GREENE COUNTY SOIL RESOURCE REPORT



NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Greene County, New York

796 Schoharie Turnpike, Town of Athens, New York



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (http://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means

for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the

individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

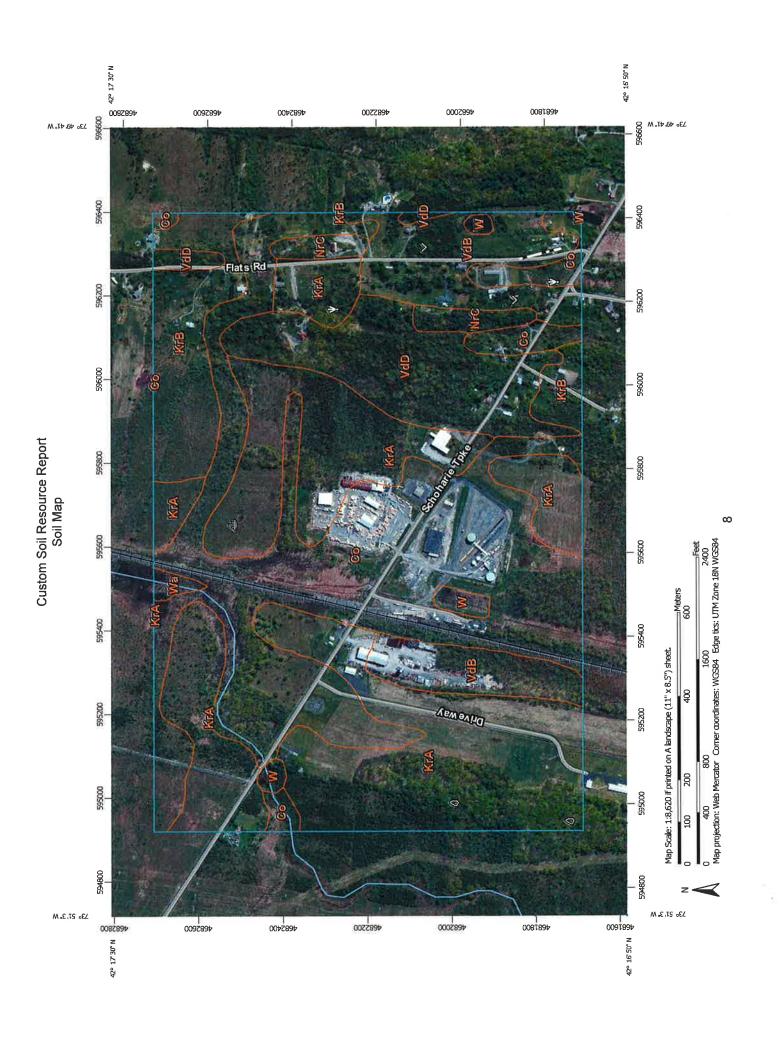
While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 19, 2010—May placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause compiled and digitized probably differs from the background Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map MAP INFORMATION Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Greene County, New York Version 12, Dec 16, 2013 calculations of distance or area are required. he version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Survey Area Data: measurements. or larger. 12, 2011 Special Line Features Streams and Canals Interstate Highways Aerial Photography Very Stony Spot Major Roads Local Roads Stony Spot **US Routes** Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Rails Water Features **Fransportation** Background MAP LEGEND W 8 包工 \triangleleft Ð ŧ Soil Map Unit Polygons Severely Eroded Spot Area of Interest (AOI) Miscellaneous Water Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Lines Closed Depression Marsh or swamp Perennial Water Mine or Quarry Special Point Features Rock Outcrop **Gravelly Spot** Slide or Slip Saline Spot Sandy Spot Lava Flow Sodic Spot **Borrow Pit** Gravel Pit Clay Spot Area of Interest (AOI) Sinkhole Blowout Landfill -1 K X 泽 0 Soils

of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Greene County, New York (NY039)					
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
Со	Covington and Madalin soils	127.5	34.1%		
KrA	Kingsbury and Rhinebeck soils, 0 to 3 percent slopes	131.6	35.2%		
KrB	Kingsbury and Rhinebeck soils, 3 to 8 percent slopes	28.0	7.5%		
NrC	Nassau channery silt loam, rolling, very rocky	6.6	1.8%		
VdB	Valois-Nassau complex, undulating	37.2	10.0%		
VdD	Valois-Nassau complex, hilly	37.5	10.0%		
W	Water	3.6	1.0%		
Wa	Wayland soils complex, non- calcareous substratum, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	1.4	0.4%		
Totals for Area of Interest		373.5	100.0%		

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the

contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Greene County, New York

Co—Covington and Madalin soils

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9sg1 Elevation: 50 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 44 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 170 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Covington and similar soils: 45 percent Madalin and similar soils: 30 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Covington

Setting

Landform: Depressions

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Calcareous clayey glaciolacustrine deposits or glaciomarine

deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay H2 - 7 to 28 inches: clay H3 - 28 to 60 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately low

(0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Description of Madalin

Setting

Landform: Depressions

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Clayey and silty glaciolacustrine deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 9 inches: silt loam H2 - 9 to 30 inches: silty clay H3 - 30 to 60 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Minor Components

Rhinebeck

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Vergennes

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Canandaigua

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Hudson

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Kingsbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

KrA—Kingsbury and Rhinebeck soils, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9sgx Elevation: 80 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 44 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 170 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Kingsbury and similar soils: 40 percent Rhinebeck and similar soils: 30 percent

Minor components: 30 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Kingsbury

Setting

Landform: Lake plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Calcareous, clayey glaciomarine deposits or glaciolacustrine

deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: clay loam H2 - 7 to 14 inches: silty clay loam

H3 - 14 to 36 inches: clay

H4 - 36 to 70 inches: stratified silty clay loam to silt loam to very fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately low

(0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 6 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Description of Rhinebeck

Setting

Landform: Lake plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Clayey and silty glaciolacustrine deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: silt loam

H2 - 7 to 19 inches: silty clay loam H3 - 19 to 32 inches: silty clay H4 - 32 to 60 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 6 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Minor Components

Hudson

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Shaker

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Covington

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Madalin

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Elmridge

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Vergennes

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

KrB—Kingsbury and Rhinebeck soils, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9sgy Elevation: 80 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 44 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 170 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Kingsbury and similar soils: 45 percent Rhinebeck and similar soils: 30 percent

Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Kingsbury

Setting

Landform: Lake plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Calcareous, clayey glaciomarine deposits or glaciolacustrine

deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: clay loam H2 - 7 to 14 inches: silty clay loam

H3 - 14 to 36 inches: clay

H4 - 36 to 70 inches: stratified silty clay loam to silt loam to very fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately low

(0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 6 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Description of Rhinebeck

Setting

Landform: Lake plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Clayey and silty glaciolacustrine deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: silt loam
H2 - 7 to 19 inches: silty clay loam
H3 - 19 to 32 inches: silty clay
H4 - 32 to 60 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 6 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonimigated): 3w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Minor Components

Elmridge

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Covington

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Hudson

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Madalin

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions

Vergennes

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

NrC—Nassau channery silt loam, rolling, very rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9sj6 Elevation: 600 to 1,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 44 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 170 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Nassau and similar soils: 70 percent Minor components: 30 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Nassau

Setting

Landform: Benches, till plains, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Channery loamy till derived mainly from local slate or shale

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

H1 - 1 to 4 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 4 to 19 inches: extremely channery silt loam H3 - 19 to 23 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Lordstown

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Arnot

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Tuller

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Oquaga

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

VdB—Valois-Nassau complex, undulating

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9skq Elevation: 600 to 1,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 44 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 170 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Valois and similar soils: 50 percent Nassau and similar soils: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Valois

Setting

Landform: Lateral moraines, end moraines, valley sides

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy till derived mainly from sandstone, siltstone, and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: gravelly loam
H2 - 8 to 34 inches: gravelly loam
H3 - 34 to 60 inches: gravelly silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 2 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Description of Nassau

Setting

Landform: Benches, till plains, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Channery loamy till derived mainly from local slate or shale

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

H1 - 1 to 4 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 4 to 19 inches: extremely channery silt loam H3 - 19 to 23 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Minor Components

Chenango

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Manlius

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Mardin

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Wellsboro

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

VdD—Valois-Nassau complex, hilly

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9skr Elevation: 600 to 1,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 44 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 170 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Nassau and similar soils: 40 percent Valois and similar soils: 40 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Valois

Setting

Landform: Lateral moraines, end moraines, valley sides Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy till derived mainly from sandstone, siltstone, and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: gravelly loam
H2 - 8 to 34 inches: gravelly loam
H3 - 34 to 60 inches: gravelly silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 2 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Description of Nassau

Setting

Landform: Benches, till plains, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Channery loamy till derived mainly from local slate or shale

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

H1 - 1 to 4 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 4 to 19 inches: extremely channery silt loam

H3 - 19 to 23 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Minor Components

Mardin

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Lordstown

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Chenango

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

W-Water

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9sl3

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 44 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 170 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Water: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Wa—Wayland soils complex, non-calcareous substratum, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2srgt Elevation: 160 to 1,970 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 70 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 180 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Wayland and similar soils: 60 percent

Wayland, very poorly drained, and similar soils: 30 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wayland

Setting

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Silty and clayey alluvium derived from interbedded sedimentary

rock

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: silt loam
Bg - 9 to 21 inches: silt loam
Cg1 - 21 to 28 inches: silt loam
Cg2 - 28 to 47 inches: silt loam
Cg3 - 47 to 54 inches: silt loam
Cg4 - 54 to 60 inches: silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: Frequent Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Very high (about 13.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w

Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D

Description of Wayland, Very Poorly Drained

Setting

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Silty and clayey alluvium derived from interbedded sedimentary

rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 9 inches: mucky silt loam Bg - 9 to 21 inches: silt loam Cg1 - 21 to 28 inches: silt loam Cg2 - 28 to 47 inches: silt loam Cg3 - 47 to 54 inches: silt loam Cg4 - 54 to 60 inches: silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 inches Frequency of flooding: Frequent Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water storage in profile: Very high (about 13.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w

Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D

Minor Components

Holderton

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

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Glossary

Many of the terms relating to landforms, geology, and geomorphology are defined in more detail in the "National Soil Survey Handbook."

ABC soil

A soil having an A, a B, and a C horizon.

Ablation till

Loose, relatively permeable earthy material deposited during the downwasting of nearly static glacial ice, either contained within or accumulated on the surface of the glacier.

AC soil

A soil having only an A and a C horizon. Commonly, such soil formed in recent alluvium or on steep, rocky slopes.

Aeration, soil

The exchange of air in soil with air from the atmosphere. The air in a well aerated soil is similar to that in the atmosphere; the air in a poorly aerated soil is considerably higher in carbon dioxide and lower in oxygen.

Aggregate, soil

Many fine particles held in a single mass or cluster. Natural soil aggregates, such as granules, blocks, or prisms, are called peds. Clods are aggregates produced by tillage or logging.

Alkali (sodic) soil

A soil having so high a degree of alkalinity (pH 8.5 or higher) or so high a percentage of exchangeable sodium (15 percent or more of the total exchangeable bases), or both, that plant growth is restricted.

Alluvial cone

A semiconical type of alluvial fan having very steep slopes. It is higher, narrower, and steeper than a fan and is composed of coarser and thicker layers of material deposited by a combination of alluvial episodes and (to a much lesser degree) landslides (debris flow). The coarsest materials tend to be concentrated at the apex of the cone.

Alluvial fan

A low, outspread mass of loose materials and/or rock material, commonly with gentle slopes. It is shaped like an open fan or a segment of a cone. The material was deposited by a stream at the place where it issues from a narrow mountain valley or upland valley or where a tributary stream is near or at its junction with the main stream. The fan is steepest near its apex, which points upstream, and slopes gently and convexly outward (downstream) with a gradual decrease in gradient.

Alluvium

Unconsolidated material, such as gravel, sand, silt, clay, and various mixtures of these, deposited on land by running water.

Alpha,alpha-dipyridyl

A compound that when dissolved in ammonium acetate is used to detect the presence of reduced iron (Fe II) in the soil. A positive reaction implies reducing conditions and the likely presence of redoximorphic features.

Animal unit month (AUM)

The amount of forage required by one mature cow of approximately 1,000 pounds weight, with or without a calf, for 1 month.

Aquic conditions

Current soil wetness characterized by saturation, reduction, and redoximorphic features.

Argillic horizon

A subsoil horizon characterized by an accumulation of illuvial clay.

Arroyo

The flat-floored channel of an ephemeral stream, commonly with very steep to vertical banks cut in unconsolidated material. It is usually dry but can be transformed into a temporary watercourse or short-lived torrent after heavy rain within the watershed.

Aspect

The direction toward which a slope faces. Also called slope aspect.

Association, soil

A group of soils or miscellaneous areas geographically associated in a characteristic repeating pattern and defined and delineated as a single map unit.

Available water capacity (available moisture capacity)

The capacity of soils to hold water available for use by most plants. It is commonly defined as the difference between the amount of soil water at field moisture capacity and the amount at wilting point. It is commonly expressed as inches of water per inch of soil. The capacity, in inches, in a 60-inch profile or to a limiting layer is expressed as:

Very low: 0 to 3 Low: 3 to 6 Moderate: 6 to 9 High: 9 to 12

Very high: More than 12

Backslope

The position that forms the steepest and generally linear, middle portion of a hillslope. In profile, backslopes are commonly bounded by a convex shoulder above and a concave footslope below.

Backswamp

A flood-plain landform. Extensive, marshy or swampy, depressed areas of flood plains between natural levees and valley sides or terraces.

Badland

A landscape that is intricately dissected and characterized by a very fine drainage network with high drainage densities and short, steep slopes and narrow interfluves. Badlands develop on surfaces that have little or no vegetative cover overlying unconsolidated or poorly cemented materials (clays, silts, or sandstones) with, in some cases, soluble minerals, such as gypsum or halite.

Bajada

A broad, gently inclined alluvial piedmont slope extending from the base of a mountain range out into a basin and formed by the lateral coalescence of a series of alluvial fans. Typically, it has a broadly undulating transverse profile, parallel to the mountain front, resulting from the convexities of component fans. The term is generally restricted to constructional slopes of intermontane basins.

Basal area

The area of a cross section of a tree, generally referring to the section at breast height and measured outside the bark. It is a measure of stand density, commonly expressed in square feet.

Base saturation

The degree to which material having cation-exchange properties is saturated with exchangeable bases (sum of Ca, Mg, Na, and K), expressed as a percentage of the total cation-exchange capacity.

Base slope (geomorphology)

A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the concave to linear (perpendicular to the contour) slope that, regardless of the lateral shape, forms an apron or wedge at the bottom of a hillside dominated by colluvium and slopewash sediments (for example, slope alluvium).

Bedding plane

A planar or nearly planar bedding surface that visibly separates each successive layer of stratified sediment or rock (of the same or different lithology) from the preceding or following layer; a plane of deposition. It commonly marks a change

in the circumstances of deposition and may show a parting, a color difference, a change in particle size, or various combinations of these. The term is commonly applied to any bedding surface, even one that is conspicuously bent or deformed by folding.

Bedding system

A drainage system made by plowing, grading, or otherwise shaping the surface of a flat field. It consists of a series of low ridges separated by shallow, parallel dead furrows.

Bedrock

The solid rock that underlies the soil and other unconsolidated material or that is exposed at the surface.

Bedrock-controlled topography

A landscape where the configuration and relief of the landforms are determined or strongly influenced by the underlying bedrock.

Bench terrace

A raised, level or nearly level strip of earth constructed on or nearly on a contour, supported by a barrier of rocks or similar material, and designed to make the soil suitable for tillage and to prevent accelerated erosion.

Bisequum

Two sequences of soil horizons, each of which consists of an illuvial horizon and the overlying eluvial horizons.

Blowout (map symbol)

A saucer-, cup-, or trough-shaped depression formed by wind erosion on a preexisting dune or other sand deposit, especially in an area of shifting sand or loose soil or where protective vegetation is disturbed or destroyed. The adjoining accumulation of sand derived from the depression, where recognizable, is commonly included. Blowouts are commonly small.

Borrow pit (map symbol)

An open excavation from which soil and underlying material have been removed, usually for construction purposes.

Bottom land

An informal term loosely applied to various portions of a flood plain.

Boulders

Rock fragments larger than 2 feet (60 centimeters) in diameter.

Breaks

A landscape or tract of steep, rough or broken land dissected by ravines and gullies and marking a sudden change in topography.

Breast height

An average height of 4.5 feet above the ground surface; the point on a tree where diameter measurements are ordinarily taken.

Brush management

Use of mechanical, chemical, or biological methods to make conditions favorable for reseeding or to reduce or eliminate competition from woody vegetation and thus allow understory grasses and forbs to recover. Brush management increases forage production and thus reduces the hazard of erosion. It can improve the habitat for some species of wildlife.

Butte

An isolated, generally flat-topped hill or mountain with relatively steep slopes and talus or precipitous cliffs and characterized by summit width that is less than the height of bounding escarpments; commonly topped by a caprock of resistant material and representing an erosion remnant carved from flat-lying rocks.

Cable yarding

A method of moving felled trees to a nearby central area for transport to a processing facility. Most cable yarding systems involve use of a drum, a pole, and wire cables in an arrangement similar to that of a rod and reel used for fishing. To reduce friction and soil disturbance, felled trees generally are reeled in while one end is lifted or the entire log is suspended.

Calcareous soil

A soil containing enough calcium carbonate (commonly combined with magnesium carbonate) to effervesce visibly when treated with cold, dilute hydrochloric acid.

Caliche

A general term for a prominent zone of secondary carbonate accumulation in surficial materials in warm, subhumid to arid areas. Caliche is formed by both geologic and pedologic processes. Finely crystalline calcium carbonate forms a nearly continuous surface-coating and void-filling medium in geologic (parent) materials. Cementation ranges from weak in nonindurated forms to very strong in indurated forms. Other minerals (e.g., carbonates, silicate, and sulfate) may occur as accessory cements. Most petrocalcic horizons and some calcic horizons are caliche.

California bearing ratio (CBR)

The load-supporting capacity of a soil as compared to that of standard crushed limestone, expressed as a ratio. First standardized in California. A soil having a CBR of 16 supports 16 percent of the load that would be supported by standard crushed limestone, per unit area, with the same degree of distortion.

Canopy

The leafy crown of trees or shrubs. (See Crown.)

Canyon

A long, deep, narrow valley with high, precipitous walls in an area of high local relief.

Capillary water

Water held as a film around soil particles and in tiny spaces between particles. Surface tension is the adhesive force that holds capillary water in the soil.

Catena

A sequence, or "chain," of soils on a landscape that formed in similar kinds of parent material and under similar climatic conditions but that have different characteristics as a result of differences in relief and drainage.

Cation

An ion carrying a positive charge of electricity. The common soil cations are calcium, potassium, magnesium, sodium, and hydrogen.

Cation-exchange capacity

The total amount of exchangeable cations that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality (pH 7.0) or at some other stated pH value. The term, as applied to soils, is synonymous with base-exchange capacity but is more precise in meaning.

Catsteps

See Terracettes.

Cement rock

Shaly limestone used in the manufacture of cement.

Channery soil material

Soil material that has, by volume, 15 to 35 percent thin, flat fragments of sandstone, shale, slate, limestone, or schist as much as 6 inches (15 centimeters) along the longest axis. A single piece is called a channer.

Chemical treatment

Control of unwanted vegetation through the use of chemicals.

Chiseling

Tillage with an implement having one or more soil-penetrating points that shatter or loosen hard, compacted layers to a depth below normal plow depth.

Cirque

A steep-walled, semicircular or crescent-shaped, half-bowl-like recess or hollow, commonly situated at the head of a glaciated mountain valley or high on the side of a mountain. It was produced by the erosive activity of a mountain glacier. It commonly contains a small round lake (tarn).

Clay

As a soil separate, the mineral soil particles less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. As a soil textural class, soil material that is 40 percent or more clay, less than 45 percent sand, and less than 40 percent silt.

Clay depletions

See Redoximorphic features.

Clay film

A thin coating of oriented clay on the surface of a soil aggregate or lining pores or root channels. Synonyms: clay coating, clay skin.

Clay spot (map symbol)

A spot where the surface texture is silty clay or clay in areas where the surface layer of the soils in the surrounding map unit is sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or coarser.

Claypan

A dense, compact subsoil layer that contains much more clay than the overlying materials, from which it is separated by a sharply defined boundary. The layer restricts the downward movement of water through the soil. A claypan is commonly hard when dry and plastic and sticky when wet.

Climax plant community

The stabilized plant community on a particular site. The plant cover reproduces itself and does not change so long as the environment remains the same.

Coarse textured soil

Sand or loamy sand.

Cobble (or cobblestone)

A rounded or partly rounded fragment of rock 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter.

Cobbly soil material

Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or partially rounded rock fragments 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter. Very cobbly soil material has 35 to 60 percent of these rock fragments, and extremely cobbly soil material has more than 60 percent.

COLE (coefficient of linear extensibility)

See Linear extensibility.

Colluvium

Unconsolidated, unsorted earth material being transported or deposited on side slopes and/or at the base of slopes by mass movement (e.g., direct gravitational action) and by local, unconcentrated runoff.

Complex slope

Irregular or variable slope. Planning or establishing terraces, diversions, and other water-control structures on a complex slope is difficult.

Complex, soil

A map unit of two or more kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or so small in area that it is not practical to map them separately at the selected scale of mapping. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas.

Concretions

See Redoximorphic features.

Conglomerate

A coarse grained, clastic sedimentary rock composed of rounded or subangular rock fragments more than 2 millimeters in diameter. It commonly has a matrix of sand and finer textured material. Conglomerate is the consolidated equivalent of gravel.

Conservation cropping system

Growing crops in combination with needed cultural and management practices. In a good conservation cropping system, the soil-improving crops and practices more than offset the effects of the soil-depleting crops and practices. Cropping systems are needed on all tilled soils. Soil-improving practices in a conservation cropping system include the use of rotations that contain grasses and legumes and the return of crop residue to the soil. Other practices include the use of green manure crops of grasses and legumes, proper tillage, adequate fertilization, and weed and pest control.

Conservation tillage

A tillage system that does not invert the soil and that leaves a protective amount of crop residue on the surface throughout the year.

Consistence, soil

Refers to the degree of cohesion and adhesion of soil material and its resistance to deformation when ruptured. Consistence includes resistance of soil material to rupture and to penetration; plasticity, toughness, and stickiness of puddled soil material; and the manner in which the soil material behaves when subject to compression. Terms describing consistence are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."

Contour stripcropping

Growing crops in strips that follow the contour. Strips of grass or close-growing crops are alternated with strips of clean-tilled crops or summer fallow.

Control section

The part of the soil on which classification is based. The thickness varies among different kinds of soil, but for many it is that part of the soil profile between depths of 10 inches and 40 or 80 inches.

Coprogenous earth (sedimentary peat)

A type of limnic layer composed predominantly of fecal material derived from aquatic animals.

Corrosion (geomorphology)

A process of erosion whereby rocks and soil are removed or worn away by natural chemical processes, especially by the solvent action of running water, but also by other reactions, such as hydrolysis, hydration, carbonation, and oxidation.

Corrosion (soil survey interpretations)

Soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that dissolves or weakens concrete or uncoated steel.

Cover crop

A close-growing crop grown primarily to improve and protect the soil between periods of regular crop production, or a crop grown between trees and vines in orchards and vineyards.

Crop residue management

Returning crop residue to the soil, which helps to maintain soil structure, organic matter content, and fertility and helps to control erosion.

Cropping system

Growing crops according to a planned system of rotation and management practices.

Cross-slope farming

Deliberately conducting farming operations on sloping farmland in such a way that tillage is across the general slope.

Crown

The upper part of a tree or shrub, including the living branches and their foliage.

Cryoturbate

A mass of soil or other unconsolidated earthy material moved or disturbed by frost action. It is typically coarser than the underlying material.

Cuesta

An asymmetric ridge capped by resistant rock layers of slight or moderate dip (commonly less than 15 percent slopes); a type of homocline produced by differential erosion of interbedded resistant and weak rocks. A cuesta has a long, gentle slope on one side (dip slope) that roughly parallels the inclined beds; on the other side, it has a relatively short and steep or clifflike slope (scarp) that cuts through the tilted rocks.

Culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI)

The average annual increase per acre in the volume of a stand. Computed by dividing the total volume of the stand by its age. As the stand increases in age,

the mean annual increment continues to increase until mortality begins to reduce the rate of increase. The point where the stand reaches its maximum annual rate of growth is called the culmination of the mean annual increment.

Cutbanks cave

The walls of excavations tend to cave in or slough.

Decreasers

The most heavily grazed climax range plants. Because they are the most palatable, they are the first to be destroyed by overgrazing.

Deferred grazing

Postponing grazing or resting grazing land for a prescribed period.

Delta

A body of alluvium having a surface that is fan shaped and nearly flat; deposited at or near the mouth of a river or stream where it enters a body of relatively quiet water, generally a sea or lake.

Dense layer

A very firm, massive layer that has a bulk density of more than 1.8 grams per cubic centimeter. Such a layer affects the ease of digging and can affect filling and compacting.

Depression, closed (map symbol)

A shallow, saucer-shaped area that is slightly lower on the landscape than the surrounding area and that does not have a natural outlet for surface drainage.

Depth, soil

Generally, the thickness of the soil over bedrock. Very deep soils are more than 60 inches deep over bedrock; deep soils, 40 to 60 inches; moderately deep, 20 to 40 inches; shallow, 10 to 20 inches; and very shallow, less than 10 inches.

Desert pavement

A natural, residual concentration or layer of wind-polished, closely packed gravel, boulders, and other rock fragments mantling a desert surface. It forms where wind action and sheetwash have removed all smaller particles or where rock fragments have migrated upward through sediments to the surface. It typically protects the finer grained underlying material from further erosion.

Diatomaceous earth

A geologic deposit of fine, grayish siliceous material composed chiefly or entirely of the remains of diatoms.

Dip slope

A slope of the land surface, roughly determined by and approximately conforming to the dip of the underlying bedrock.

Diversion (or diversion terrace)

A ridge of earth, generally a terrace, built to protect downslope areas by diverting runoff from its natural course.

Divided-slope farming

A form of field stripcropping in which crops are grown in a systematic arrangement of two strips, or bands, across the slope to reduce the hazard of water erosion. One strip is in a close-growing crop that provides protection from erosion, and the other strip is in a crop that provides less protection from erosion. This practice is used where slopes are not long enough to permit a full stripcropping pattern to be used.

Drainage class (natural)

Refers to the frequency and duration of wet periods under conditions similar to those under which the soil formed. Alterations of the water regime by human activities, either through drainage or irrigation, are not a consideration unless they have significantly changed the morphology of the soil. Seven classes of natural soil drainage are recognized—excessively drained, somewhat excessively drained, well drained, moderately well drained, somewhat poorly drained, poorly drained, and very poorly drained. These classes are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."

Drainage, surface

Runoff, or surface flow of water, from an area.

Drainageway

A general term for a course or channel along which water moves in draining an area. A term restricted to relatively small, linear depressions that at some time move concentrated water and either do not have a defined channel or have only a small defined channel.

Draw

A small stream valley that generally is shallower and more open than a ravine or gulch and that has a broader bottom. The present stream channel may appear inadequate to have cut the drainageway that it occupies.

Drift

A general term applied to all mineral material (clay, silt, sand, gravel, and boulders) transported by a glacier and deposited directly by or from the ice or transported by running water emanating from a glacier. Drift includes unstratified material (till) that forms moraines and stratified deposits that form outwash plains, eskers, kames, varves, and glaciofluvial sediments. The term is generally applied to Pleistocene glacial deposits in areas that no longer contain glaciers.

Drumlin

A low, smooth, elongated oval hill, mound, or ridge of compact till that has a core of bedrock or drift. It commonly has a blunt nose facing the direction from which the ice approached and a gentler slope tapering in the other direction. The longer axis is parallel to the general direction of glacier flow. Drumlins are products of

streamline (laminar) flow of glaciers, which molded the subglacial floor through a combination of erosion and deposition.

Duff

A generally firm organic layer on the surface of mineral soils. It consists of fallen plant material that is in the process of decomposition and includes everything from the litter on the surface to underlying pure humus.

Dune

A low mound, ridge, bank, or hill of loose, windblown granular material (generally sand), either barren and capable of movement from place to place or covered and stabilized with vegetation but retaining its characteristic shape.

Earthy fill

See Mine spoil.

Ecological site

An area where climate, soil, and relief are sufficiently uniform to produce a distinct natural plant community. An ecological site is the product of all the environmental factors responsible for its development. It is typified by an association of species that differ from those on other ecological sites in kind and/or proportion of species or in total production.

Eluviation

The movement of material in true solution or colloidal suspension from one place to another within the soil. Soil horizons that have lost material through eluviation are eluvial; those that have received material are illuvial.

Endosaturation

A type of saturation of the soil in which all horizons between the upper boundary of saturation and a depth of 2 meters are saturated.

Eolian deposit

Sand-, silt-, or clay-sized clastic material transported and deposited primarily by wind, commonly in the form of a dune or a sheet of sand or loess.

Ephemeral stream

A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows only in direct response to precipitation. It receives no long-continued supply from melting snow or other source, and its channel is above the water table at all times.

Episaturation

A type of saturation indicating a perched water table in a soil in which saturated layers are underlain by one or more unsaturated layers within 2 meters of the surface.

Erosion

The wearing away of the land surface by water, wind, ice, or other geologic agents and by such processes as gravitational creep.

Erosion (accelerated)

Erosion much more rapid than geologic erosion, mainly as a result of human or animal activities or of a catastrophe in nature, such as a fire, that exposes the surface.

Erosion (geologic)

Erosion caused by geologic processes acting over long geologic periods and resulting in the wearing away of mountains and the building up of such landscape features as flood plains and coastal plains. Synonym: natural erosion.

Erosion pavement

A surficial lag concentration or layer of gravel and other rock fragments that remains on the soil surface after sheet or rill erosion or wind has removed the finer soil particles and that tends to protect the underlying soil from further erosion.

Erosion surface

A land surface shaped by the action of erosion, especially by running water,

Escarpment

A relatively continuous and steep slope or cliff breaking the general continuity of more gently sloping land surfaces and resulting from erosion or faulting. Most commonly applied to cliffs produced by differential erosion. Synonym: scarp.

Escarpment, bedrock (map symbol)

A relatively continuous and steep slope or cliff, produced by erosion or faulting, that breaks the general continuity of more gently sloping land surfaces. Exposed material is hard or soft bedrock.

Escarpment, nonbedrock (map symbol)

A relatively continuous and steep slope or cliff, generally produced by erosion but in some places produced by faulting, that breaks the continuity of more gently sloping land surfaces. Exposed earthy material is nonsoil or very shallow soil.

Esker

A long, narrow, sinuous, steep-sided ridge of stratified sand and gravel deposited as the bed of a stream flowing in an ice tunnel within or below the ice (subglacial) or between ice walls on top of the ice of a wasting glacier and left behind as high ground when the ice melted. Eskers range in length from less than a kilometer to more than 160 kilometers and in height from 3 to 30 meters.

Extrusive rock

Igneous rock derived from deep-seated molten matter (magma) deposited and cooled on the earth's surface.

Fallow

Cropland left idle in order to restore productivity through accumulation of moisture. Summer fallow is common in regions of limited rainfall where cereal grain is grown.

The soil is tilled for at least one growing season for weed control and decomposition of plant residue.

Fan remnant

A general term for landforms that are the remaining parts of older fan landforms, such as alluvial fans, that have been either dissected or partially buried.

Fertility, soil

The quality that enables a soil to provide plant nutrients, in adequate amounts and in proper balance, for the growth of specified plants when light, moisture, temperature, tilth, and other growth factors are favorable.

Fibric soil material (peat)

The least decomposed of all organic soil material. Peat contains a large amount of well preserved fiber that is readily identifiable according to botanical origin. Peat has the lowest bulk density and the highest water content at saturation of all organic soil material.

Field moisture capacity

The moisture content of a soil, expressed as a percentage of the ovendry weight, after the gravitational, or free, water has drained away; the field moisture content 2 or 3 days after a soaking rain; also called *normal field capacity*, *normal moisture capacity*, or *capillary capacity*.

Fill slope

A sloping surface consisting of excavated soil material from a road cut. It commonly is on the downhill side of the road.

Fine textured soil

Sandy clay, silty clay, or clay.

Firebreak

An area cleared of flammable material to stop or help control creeping or running fires. It also serves as a line from which to work and to facilitate the movement of firefighters and equipment. Designated roads also serve as firebreaks.

First bottom

An obsolete, informal term loosely applied to the lowest flood-plain steps that are subject to regular flooding.

Flaggy soil material

Material that has, by volume, 15 to 35 percent flagstones. Very flaggy soil material has 35 to 60 percent flagstones, and extremely flaggy soil material has more than 60 percent flagstones.

Flagstone

A thin fragment of sandstone, limestone, slate, shale, or (rarely) schist 6 to 15 inches (15 to 38 centimeters) long.

Flood plain

The nearly level plain that borders a stream and is subject to flooding unless protected artificially.

Flood-plain landforms

A variety of constructional and erosional features produced by stream channel migration and flooding. Examples include backswamps, flood-plain splays, meanders, meander belts, meander scrolls, oxbow lakes, and natural levees.

Flood-plain splay

A fan-shaped deposit or other outspread deposit formed where an overloaded stream breaks through a levee (natural or artificial) and deposits its material (commonly coarse grained) on the flood plain.

Flood-plain step

An essentially flat, terrace-like alluvial surface within a valley that is frequently covered by floodwater from the present stream; any approximately horizontal surface still actively modified by fluvial scour and/or deposition. May occur individually or as a series of steps.

Fluvial

Of or pertaining to rivers or streams; produced by stream or river action.

Foothills

A region of steeply sloping hills that fringes a mountain range or high-plateau escarpment. The hills have relief of as much as 1,000 feet (300 meters).

Footslope

The concave surface at the base of a hillslope. A footslope is a transition zone between upslope sites of erosion and transport (shoulders and backslopes) and downslope sites of deposition (toeslopes).

Forb

Any herbaceous plant not a grass or a sedge.

Forest cover

All trees and other woody plants (underbrush) covering the ground in a forest.

Forest type

A stand of trees similar in composition and development because of given physical and biological factors by which it may be differentiated from other stands.

Fragipan

A loamy, brittle subsurface horizon low in porosity and content of organic matter and low or moderate in clay but high in silt or very fine sand. A fragipan appears cemented and restricts roots. When dry, it is hard or very hard and has a higher bulk density than the horizon or horizons above. When moist, it tends to rupture suddenly under pressure rather than to deform slowly.

Genesis, soil

The mode of origin of the soil. Refers especially to the processes or soil-forming factors responsible for the formation of the solum, or true soil, from the unconsolidated parent material.

Gilgai

Commonly, a succession of microbasins and microknolls in nearly level areas or of microvalleys and microridges parallel with the slope. Typically, the microrelief of clayey soils that shrink and swell considerably with changes in moisture content.

Glaciofluvial deposits

Material moved by glaciers and subsequently sorted and deposited by streams flowing from the melting ice. The deposits are stratified and occur in the form of outwash plains, valley trains, deltas, kames, eskers, and kame terraces.

Glaciolacustrine deposits

Material ranging from fine clay to sand derived from glaciers and deposited in glacial lakes mainly by glacial meltwater. Many deposits are bedded or laminated.

Gleyed soil

Soil that formed under poor drainage, resulting in the reduction of iron and other elements in the profile and in gray colors.

Graded stripcropping

Growing crops in strips that grade toward a protected waterway.

Grassed waterway

A natural or constructed waterway, typically broad and shallow, seeded to grass as protection against erosion. Conducts surface water away from cropland.

Gravel

Rounded or angular fragments of rock as much as 3 inches (2 millimeters to 7.6 centimeters) in diameter. An individual piece is a pebble.

Gravel pit (map symbol)

An open excavation from which soil and underlying material have been removed and used, without crushing, as a source of sand or gravel.

Gravelly soil material

Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or angular rock fragments, not prominently flattened, as much as 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) in diameter.

Gravelly spot (map symbol)

A spot where the surface layer has more than 35 percent, by volume, rock fragments that are mostly less than 3 inches in diameter in an area that has less than 15 percent rock fragments.

Green manure crop (agronomy)

A soil-improving crop grown to be plowed under in an early stage of maturity or soon after maturity.

Ground water

Water filling all the unblocked pores of the material below the water table.

Gully (map symbol)

A small, steep-sided channel caused by erosion and cut in unconsolidated materials by concentrated but intermittent flow of water. The distinction between a gully and a rill is one of depth. A gully generally is an obstacle to farm machinery and is too deep to be obliterated by ordinary tillage whereas a rill is of lesser depth and can be smoothed over by ordinary tillage.

Hard bedrock

Bedrock that cannot be excavated except by blasting or by the use of special equipment that is not commonly used in construction.

Hard to reclaim

Reclamation is difficult after the removal of soil for construction and other uses. Revegetation and erosion control are extremely difficult.

Hardpan

A hardened or cemented soil horizon, or layer. The soil material is sandy, loamy, or clayey and is cemented by iron oxide, silica, calcium carbonate, or other substance.

Head slope (geomorphology)

A geomorphic component of hills consisting of a laterally concave area of a hillside, especially at the head of a drainageway. The overland waterflow is converging.

Hemic soil material (mucky peat)

Organic soil material intermediate in degree of decomposition between the less decomposed fibric material and the more decomposed sapric material.

High-residue crops

Such crops as small grain and corn used for grain. If properly managed, residue from these crops can be used to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return large amounts of organic matter to the soil.

Hill

A generic term for an elevated area of the land surface, rising as much as 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of limited summit area and having a well defined outline. Slopes are generally more than 15 percent. The distinction between a hill and a mountain is arbitrary and may depend on local usage.

Hillslope

A generic term for the steeper part of a hill between its summit and the drainage line, valley flat, or depression floor at the base of a hill.

Horizon, soil

A layer of soil, approximately parallel to the surface, having distinct characteristics produced by soil-forming processes. In the identification of soil horizons, an uppercase letter represents the major horizons. Numbers or lowercase letters that follow represent subdivisions of the major horizons. An explanation of the subdivisions is given in the "Soil Survey Manual." The major horizons of mineral soil are as follows:

O horizon: An organic layer of fresh and decaying plant residue.

L horizon: A layer of organic and mineral limnic materials, including coprogenous earth (sedimentary peat), diatomaceous earth, and marl.

A horizon: The mineral horizon at or near the surface in which an accumulation of humified organic matter is mixed with the mineral material. Also, a plowed surface horizon, most of which was originally part of a B horizon.

E horizon: The mineral horizon in which the main feature is loss of silicate clay, iron, aluminum, or some combination of these.

B horizon: The mineral horizon below an A horizon. The B horizon is in part a layer of transition from the overlying A to the underlying C horizon. The B horizon also has distinctive characteristics, such as (1) accumulation of clay, sesquioxides, humus, or a combination of these; (2) prismatic or blocky structure; (3) redder or browner colors than those in the A horizon; or (4) a combination of these.

C horizon: The mineral horizon or layer, excluding indurated bedrock, that is little affected by soil-forming processes and does not have the properties typical of the overlying soil material. The material of a C horizon may be either like or unlike that in which the solum formed. If the material is known to differ from that in the solum, an Arabic numeral, commonly a 2, precedes the letter C.

Cr horizon: Soft, consolidated bedrock beneath the soil.

R layer: Consolidated bedrock beneath the soil. The bedrock commonly underlies a C horizon, but it can be directly below an A or a B horizon.

M layer: A root-limiting subsoil layer consisting of nearly continuous, horizontally oriented, human-manufactured materials.

W layer: A layer of water within or beneath the soil.

Humus

The well decomposed, more or less stable part of the organic matter in mineral soils.

Hydrologic soil groups

Refers to soils grouped according to their runoff potential. The soil properties that influence this potential are those that affect the minimum rate of water infiltration on a bare soil during periods after prolonged wetting when the soil is not frozen. These properties include depth to a seasonal high water table, the infiltration rate, and depth to a layer that significantly restricts the downward movement of water. The slope and the kind of plant cover are not considered but are separate factors in predicting runoff.

Igneous rock

Rock that was formed by cooling and solidification of magma and that has not been changed appreciably by weathering since its formation. Major varieties include plutonic and volcanic rock (e.g., andesite, basalt, and granite).

Illuviation

The movement of soil material from one horizon to another in the soil profile. Generally, material is removed from an upper horizon and deposited in a lower horizon.

Impervious soil

A soil through which water, air, or roots penetrate slowly or not at all. No soil is absolutely impervious to air and water all the time.

Increasers

Species in the climax vegetation that increase in amount as the more desirable plants are reduced by close grazing. Increasers commonly are the shorter plants and the less palatable to livestock.

Infiltration

The downward entry of water into the immediate surface of soil or other material, as contrasted with percolation, which is movement of water through soil layers or material.

Infiltration capacity

The maximum rate at which water can infiltrate into a soil under a given set of conditions.

Infiltration rate

The rate at which water penetrates the surface of the soil at any given instant, usually expressed in inches per hour. The rate can be limited by the infiltration capacity of the soil or the rate at which water is applied at the surface.

Intake rate

The average rate of water entering the soil under irrigation. Most soils have a fast initial rate; the rate decreases with application time. Therefore, intake rate for design purposes is not a constant but is a variable depending on the net irrigation application. The rate of water intake, in inches per hour, is expressed as follows:

Very low: Less than 0.2

Low: 0.2 to 0.4

Moderately low: 0.4 to 0.75 Moderate: 0.75 to 1.25 Moderately high: 1.25 to 1.75

High: 1.75 to 2.5

Very high: More than 2.5

Interfluve

A landform composed of the relatively undissected upland or ridge between two adjacent valleys containing streams flowing in the same general direction. An elevated area between two drainageways that sheds water to those drainageways.

Interfluve (geomorphology)

A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the uppermost, comparatively level or gently sloping area of a hill; shoulders of backwearing hillslopes can narrow the upland or can merge, resulting in a strongly convex shape.

Intermittent stream

A stream, or reach of a stream, that does not flow year-round but that is commonly dry for 3 or more months out of 12 and whose channel is generally below the local water table. It flows only during wet periods or when it receives ground-water discharge or long, continued contributions from melting snow or other surface and shallow subsurface sources.

Invaders

On range, plants that encroach into an area and grow after the climax vegetation has been reduced by grazing. Generally, plants invade following disturbance of the surface.

Iron depletions

See Redoximorphic features.

Irrigation

Application of water to soils to assist in production of crops. Methods of irrigation are:

Basin: Water is applied rapidly to nearly level plains surrounded by levees or dikes.

Border: Water is applied at the upper end of a strip in which the lateral flow of water is controlled by small earth ridges called border dikes, or borders.

Controlled flooding: Water is released at intervals from closely spaced field ditches and distributed uniformly over the field.

Corrugation: Water is applied to small, closely spaced furrows or ditches in fields of close-growing crops or in orchards so that it flows in only one direction.

Drip (or trickle): Water is applied slowly and under low pressure to the surface of the soil or into the soil through such applicators as emitters, porous tubing, or perforated pipe.

Furrow: Water is applied in small ditches made by cultivation implements. Furrows are used for tree and row crops.

Sprinkler: Water is sprayed over the soil surface through pipes or nozzles from a pressure system.

Subirrigation: Water is applied in open ditches or tile lines until the water table is raised enough to wet the soil.

Wild flooding: Water, released at high points, is allowed to flow onto an area without controlled distribution.

Kame

A low mound, knob, hummock, or short irregular ridge composed of stratified sand and gravel deposited by a subglacial stream as a fan or delta at the margin of a melting glacier; by a supraglacial stream in a low place or hole on the surface of the glacier; or as a ponded deposit on the surface or at the margin of stagnant ice.

Karst (topography)

A kind of topography that formed in limestone, gypsum, or other soluble rocks by dissolution and that is characterized by closed depressions, sinkholes, caves, and underground drainage.

Knoll

A small, low, rounded hill rising above adjacent landforms.

Ksat

See Saturated hydraulic conductivity.

Lacustrine deposit

Material deposited in lake water and exposed when the water level is lowered or the elevation of the land is raised.

Lake plain

A nearly level surface marking the floor of an extinct lake filled by well sorted, generally fine textured, stratified deposits, commonly containing varves.

Lake terrace

A narrow shelf, partly cut and partly built, produced along a lakeshore in front of a scarp line of low cliffs and later exposed when the water level falls.

Landfill (map symbol)

An area of accumulated waste products of human habitation, either above or below natural ground level.

Landslide

A general, encompassing term for most types of mass movement landforms and processes involving the downslope transport and outward deposition of soil and rock materials caused by gravitational forces; the movement may or may not involve saturated materials. The speed and distance of movement, as well as the amount of soil and rock material, vary greatly.

Large stones

Rock fragments 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) or more across. Large stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.

Lava flow (map symbol)

A solidified, commonly lobate body of rock formed through lateral, surface outpouring of molten lava from a vent or fissure.

Leaching

The removal of soluble material from soil or other material by percolating water.

Levee (map symbol)

An embankment that confines or controls water, especially one built along the banks of a river to prevent overflow onto lowlands.

Linear extensibility

Refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at $^{1}/_{3}$ - or $^{1}/_{10}$ -bar tension (33kPa or 10kPa tension) and oven dryness. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil. The volume change is the percent change for the whole soil. If it is expressed as a fraction, the resulting value is COLE, coefficient of linear extensibility.

Liquid limit

The moisture content at which the soil passes from a plastic to a liquid state.

Loam

Soil material that is 7 to 27 percent clay particles, 28 to 50 percent silt particles, and less than 52 percent sand particles.

Loess

Material transported and deposited by wind and consisting dominantly of silt-sized particles.

Low strength

The soil is not strong enough to support loads.

Low-residue crops

Such crops as corn used for silage, peas, beans, and potatoes. Residue from these crops is not adequate to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return little organic matter to the soil.

Mari

An earthy, unconsolidated deposit consisting chiefly of calcium carbonate mixed with clay in approximately equal proportions; formed primarily under freshwater lacustrine conditions but also formed in more saline environments.

Marsh or swamp (map symbol)

A water-saturated, very poorly drained area that is intermittently or permanently covered by water. Sedges, cattails, and rushes are the dominant vegetation in marshes, and trees or shrubs are the dominant vegetation in swamps. Not used in map units where the named soils are poorly drained or very poorly drained.

Mass movement

A generic term for the dislodgment and downslope transport of soil and rock material as a unit under direct gravitational stress.

Masses

See Redoximorphic features.

Meander belt

The zone within which migration of a meandering channel occurs; the flood-plain area included between two imaginary lines drawn tangential to the outer bends of active channel loops.

Meander scar

A crescent-shaped, concave or linear mark on the face of a bluff or valley wall, produced by the lateral erosion of a meandering stream that impinged upon and undercut the bluff.

Meander scroll

One of a series of long, parallel, close-fitting, crescent-shaped ridges and troughs formed along the inner bank of a stream meander as the channel migrated laterally down-valley and toward the outer bank.

Mechanical treatment

Use of mechanical equipment for seeding, brush management, and other management practices.

Medium textured soil

Very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or silt.

Mesa

A broad, nearly flat topped and commonly isolated landmass bounded by steep slopes or precipitous cliffs and capped by layers of resistant, nearly horizontal rocky material. The summit width is characteristically greater than the height of the bounding escarpments.

Metamorphic rock

Rock of any origin altered in mineralogical composition, chemical composition, or structure by heat, pressure, and movement at depth in the earth's crust. Nearly all such rocks are crystalline.

Mine or quarry (map symbol)

An open excavation from which soil and underlying material have been removed and in which bedrock is exposed. Also denotes surface openings to underground mines.

Mine spoil

An accumulation of displaced earthy material, rock, or other waste material removed during mining or excavation. Also called earthy fill.

Mineral soil

Soil that is mainly mineral material and low in organic material. Its bulk density is more than that of organic soil.

Minimum tillage

Only the tillage essential to crop production and prevention of soil damage.

Miscellaneous area

A kind of map unit that has little or no natural soil and supports little or no vegetation.

Miscellaneous water (map symbol)

Small, constructed bodies of water that are used for industrial, sanitary, or mining applications and that contain water most of the year.

Moderately coarse textured soil

Coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam.

Moderately fine textured soil

Clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.

Mollic epipedon

A thick, dark, humus-rich surface horizon (or horizons) that has high base saturation and pedogenic soil structure. It may include the upper part of the subsoil.

Moraine

In terms of glacial geology, a mound, ridge, or other topographically distinct accumulation of unsorted, unstratified drift, predominantly till, deposited primarily by the direct action of glacial ice in a variety of landforms. Also, a general term for a landform composed mainly of till (except for kame moraines, which are composed mainly of stratified outwash) that has been deposited by a glacier. Some types of moraines are disintegration, end, ground, kame, lateral, recessional, and terminal.

Morphology, soil

The physical makeup of the soil, including the texture, structure, porosity, consistence, color, and other physical, mineral, and biological properties of the various horizons, and the thickness and arrangement of those horizons in the soil profile.

Mottling, soil

Irregular spots of different colors that vary in number and size. Descriptive terms are as follows: abundance—few, common, and many; size—fine, medium, and coarse; and contrast—faint, distinct, and prominent. The size measurements are of the diameter along the greatest dimension. Fine indicates less than 5 millimeters (about 0.2 inch); medium, from 5 to 15 millimeters (about 0.2 to 0.6 inch); and coarse, more than 15 millimeters (about 0.6 inch).

Mountain

A generic term for an elevated area of the land surface, rising more than 1,000 feet (300 meters) above surrounding lowlands, commonly of restricted summit area (relative to a plateau) and generally having steep sides. A mountain can occur as a single, isolated mass or in a group forming a chain or range. Mountains are formed primarily by tectonic activity and/or volcanic action but can also be formed by differential erosion.

Muck

Dark, finely divided, well decomposed organic soil material. (See Sapric soil material.)

Mucky peat

See Hemic soil material.

Mudstone

A blocky or massive, fine grained sedimentary rock in which the proportions of clay and silt are approximately equal. Also, a general term for such material as clay, silt, claystone, siltstone, shale, and argillite and that should be used only when the amounts of clay and silt are not known or cannot be precisely identified.

Munsell notation

A designation of color by degrees of three simple variables—hue, value, and chroma. For example, a notation of 10YR 6/4 is a color with hue of 10YR, value of 6, and chroma of 4.

Natric horizon

A special kind of argillic horizon that contains enough exchangeable sodium to have an adverse effect on the physical condition of the subsoil.

Neutral soil

A soil having a pH value of 6.6 to 7.3. (See Reaction, soil.)

Nodules

See Redoximorphic features.

Nose slope (geomorphology)

A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the projecting end (laterally convex area) of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly divergent. Nose slopes consist dominantly of colluvium and slope-wash sediments (for example, slope alluvium).

Nutrient, plant

Any element taken in by a plant essential to its growth. Plant nutrients are mainly nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, sulfur, iron, manganese, copper, boron, and zinc obtained from the soil and carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen obtained from the air and water.

Organic matter

Plant and animal residue in the soil in various stages of decomposition. The content of organic matter in the surface layer is described as follows:

Very low: Less than 0.5 percent

Low: 0.5 to 1.0 percent

Moderately low: 1.0 to 2.0 percent Moderate: 2.0 to 4.0 percent High: 4.0 to 8.0 percent

Very high: More than 8.0 percent

Outwash

Stratified and sorted sediments (chiefly sand and gravel) removed or "washed out" from a glacier by meltwater streams and deposited in front of or beyond the end moraine or the margin of a glacier. The coarser material is deposited nearer to the ice.

Outwash plain

An extensive lowland area of coarse textured glaciofluvial material. An outwash plain is commonly smooth; where pitted, it generally is low in relief.

Paleoterrace

An erosional remnant of a terrace that retains the surface form and alluvial deposits of its origin but was not emplaced by, and commonly does not grade to, a present-day stream or drainage network.

Pan

A compact, dense layer in a soil that impedes the movement of water and the growth of roots. For example, *hardpan*, *fragipan*, *claypan*, *plowpan*, and *traffic pan*.

Parent material

The unconsolidated organic and mineral material in which soil forms.

Peat

Unconsolidated material, largely undecomposed organic matter, that has accumulated under excess moisture. (See Fibric soil material.)

Ped

An individual natural soil aggregate, such as a granule, a prism, or a block.

Pedisediment

A layer of sediment, eroded from the shoulder and backslope of an erosional slope, that lies on and is being (or was) transported across a gently sloping erosional surface at the foot of a receding hill or mountain slope.

Pedon

The smallest volume that can be called "a soil." A pedon is three dimensional and large enough to permit study of all horizons. Its area ranges from about 10 to 100 square feet (1 square meter to 10 square meters), depending on the variability of the soil.

Percolation

The movement of water through the soil.

Perennial water (map symbol)

Small, natural or constructed lakes, ponds, or pits that contain water most of the year.

Permafrost

Ground, soil, or rock that remains at or below 0 degrees C for at least 2 years. It is defined on the basis of temperature and is not necessarily frozen.

pH value

A numerical designation of acidity and alkalinity in soil. (See Reaction, soil.)

Phase, soil

A subdivision of a soil series based on features that affect its use and management, such as slope, stoniness, and flooding.

Piping

Formation of subsurface tunnels or pipelike cavities by water moving through the soil.

Pitting

Pits caused by melting around ice. They form on the soil after plant cover is removed.

Plastic limit

The moisture content at which a soil changes from semisolid to plastic.

Plasticity index

The numerical difference between the liquid limit and the plastic limit; the range of moisture content within which the soil remains plastic.

Plateau (geomorphology)

A comparatively flat area of great extent and elevation; specifically, an extensive land region that is considerably elevated (more than 100 meters) above the adjacent lower lying terrain, is commonly limited on at least one side by an abrupt descent, and has a flat or nearly level surface. A comparatively large part of a plateau surface is near summit level.

Playa

The generally dry and nearly level lake plain that occupies the lowest parts of closed depressions, such as those on intermontane basin floors. Temporary flooding occurs primarily in response to precipitation and runoff. Playa deposits are fine grained and may or may not have a high water table and saline conditions.

Plinthite

The sesquioxide-rich, humus-poor, highly weathered mixture of clay with quartz and other diluents. It commonly appears as red mottles, usually in platy, polygonal, or reticulate patterns. Plinthite changes irreversibly to an ironstone hardpan or to irregular aggregates on repeated wetting and drying, especially if it is exposed also to heat from the sun. In a moist soil, plinthite can be cut with a spade. It is a form of laterite.

Plowpan

A compacted layer formed in the soil directly below the plowed layer.

Ponding

Standing water on soils in closed depressions. Unless the soils are artificially drained, the water can be removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration.

Poorly graded

Refers to a coarse grained soil or soil material consisting mainly of particles of nearly the same size. Because there is little difference in size of the particles, density can be increased only slightly by compaction.

Pore linings

See Redoximorphic features.

Potential native plant community

See Climax plant community.

Potential rooting depth (effective rooting depth)

Depth to which roots could penetrate if the content of moisture in the soil were adequate. The soil has no properties restricting the penetration of roots to this depth.

Prescribed burning

Deliberately burning an area for specific management purposes, under the appropriate conditions of weather and soil moisture and at the proper time of day.

Productivity, soil

The capability of a soil for producing a specified plant or sequence of plants under specific management.

Profile, soil

A vertical section of the soil extending through all its horizons and into the parent material.

Proper grazing use

Grazing at an intensity that maintains enough cover to protect the soil and maintain or improve the quantity and quality of the desirable vegetation. This practice increases the vigor and reproduction capacity of the key plants and promotes the accumulation of litter and mulch necessary to conserve soil and water.

Rangeland

Land on which the potential natural vegetation is predominantly grasses, grasslike plants, forbs, or shrubs suitable for grazing or browsing. It includes natural grasslands, savannas, many wetlands, some deserts, tundras, and areas that support certain forb and shrub communities.

Reaction, soil

A measure of acidity or alkalinity of a soil, expressed as pH values. A soil that tests to pH 7.0 is described as precisely neutral in reaction because it is neither acid nor alkaline. The degrees of acidity or alkalinity, expressed as pH values, are:

Ultra acid: Less than 3.5 Extremely acid: 3.5 to 4.4 Very strongly acid: 4.5 to 5.0 Strongly acid: 5.1 to 5.5 Moderately acid: 5.6 to 6.0 Slightly acid: 6.1 to 6.5 Neutral: 6.6 to 7.3

Slightly alkaline: 7.4 to 7.8 Moderately alkaline: 7.9 to 8.4 Strongly alkaline: 8.5 to 9.0

Very strongly alkaline: 9.1 and higher

Red beds

Sedimentary strata that are mainly red and are made up largely of sandstone and shale.

Redoximorphic concentrations

See Redoximorphic features.

Redoximorphic depletions

See Redoximorphic features.

Redoximorphic features

Redoximorphic features are associated with wetness and result from alternating periods of reduction and oxidation of iron and manganese compounds in the soil. Reduction occurs during saturation with water, and oxidation occurs when the soil is not saturated. Characteristic color patterns are created by these processes. The reduced iron and manganese ions may be removed from a soil if vertical or lateral fluxes of water occur, in which case there is no iron or manganese precipitation in that soil. Wherever the iron and manganese are oxidized and precipitated, they

form either soft masses or hard concretions or nodules. Movement of iron and manganese as a result of redoximorphic processes in a soil may result in redoximorphic features that are defined as follows:

- 1. Redoximorphic concentrations.—These are zones of apparent accumulation of iron-manganese oxides, including:
 - A. Nodules and concretions, which are cemented bodies that can be removed from the soil intact. Concretions are distinguished from nodules on the basis of internal organization. A concretion typically has concentric layers that are visible to the naked eye. Nodules do not have visible organized internal structure; and
 - B. Masses, which are noncemented concentrations of substances within the soil matrix; and
 - C. Pore linings, i.e., zones of accumulation along pores that may be either coatings on pore surfaces or impregnations from the matrix adjacent to the pores.
- 2. Redoximorphic depletions.—These are zones of low chroma (chromas less than those in the matrix) where either iron-manganese oxides alone or both iron-manganese oxides and clay have been stripped out, including:
 - A. Iron depletions, i.e., zones that contain low amounts of iron and manganese oxides but have a clay content similar to that of the adjacent matrix; and
 - B. Clay depletions, i.e., zones that contain low amounts of iron, manganese, and clay (often referred to as silt coatings or skeletans).
- 3. Reduced matrix.—This is a soil matrix that has low chroma *in situ* but undergoes a change in hue or chroma within 30 minutes after the soil material has been exposed to air.

Reduced matrix

See Redoximorphic features.

Regolith

All unconsolidated earth materials above the solid bedrock. It includes material weathered in place from all kinds of bedrock and alluvial, glacial, eolian, lacustrine, and pyroclastic deposits.

Relief

The relative difference in elevation between the upland summits and the lowlands or valleys of a given region.

Residuum (residual soil material)

Unconsolidated, weathered or partly weathered mineral material that accumulated as bedrock disintegrated in place.

Rill

A very small, steep-sided channel resulting from erosion and cut in unconsolidated materials by concentrated but intermittent flow of water. A rill generally is not an obstacle to wheeled vehicles and is shallow enough to be smoothed over by ordinary tillage.

Riser

The vertical or steep side slope (e.g., escarpment) of terraces, flood-plain steps, or other stepped landforms; commonly a recurring part of a series of natural, steplike landforms, such as successive stream terraces.

Road cut

A sloping surface produced by mechanical means during road construction. It is commonly on the uphill side of the road.

Rock fragments

Rock or mineral fragments having a diameter of 2 millimeters or more; for example, pebbles, cobbles, stones, and boulders.

Rock outcrop (map symbol)

An exposure of bedrock at the surface of the earth. Not used where the named soils of the surrounding map unit are shallow over bedrock or where "Rock outcrop" is a named component of the map unit.

Root zone

The part of the soil that can be penetrated by plant roots.

Runoff

The precipitation discharged into stream channels from an area. The water that flows off the surface of the land without sinking into the soil is called surface runoff. Water that enters the soil before reaching surface streams is called ground-water runoff or seepage flow from ground water.

Saline soil

A soil containing soluble salts in an amount that impairs growth of plants. A saline soil does not contain excess exchangeable sodium.

Saline spot (map symbol)

An area where the surface layer has an electrical conductivity of 8 mmhos/cm more than the surface layer of the named soils in the surrounding map unit. The surface layer of the surrounding soils has an electrical conductivity of 2 mmhos/cm or less.

Sand

As a soil separate, individual rock or mineral fragments from 0.05 millimeter to 2.0 millimeters in diameter. Most sand grains consist of quartz. As a soil textural class, a soil that is 85 percent or more sand and not more than 10 percent clay.

Sandstone

Sedimentary rock containing dominantly sand-sized particles.

Sandy spot (map symbol)

A spot where the surface layer is loamy fine sand or coarser in areas where the surface layer of the named soils in the surrounding map unit is very fine sandy loam or finer.

Sapric soil material (muck)

The most highly decomposed of all organic soil material. Muck has the least amount of plant fiber, the highest bulk density, and the lowest water content at saturation of all organic soil material.

Saturated hydraulic conductivity (Ksat)

The ease with which pores of a saturated soil transmit water. Formally, the proportionality coefficient that expresses the relationship of the rate of water movement to hydraulic gradient in Darcy's Law, a law that describes the rate of water movement through porous media. Commonly abbreviated as "Ksat." Terms describing saturated hydraulic conductivity are:

Very high: 100 or more micrometers per second (14.17 or more inches per hour) High: 10 to 100 micrometers per second (1.417 to 14.17 inches per hour) Moderately high: 1 to 10 micrometers per second (0.1417 inch to 1.417 inches per hour)

Moderately low: 0.1 to 1 micrometer per second (0.01417 to 0.1417 inch per hour) Low: 0.01 to 0.1 micrometer per second (0.001417 to 0.01417 inch per hour) Very low: Less than 0.01 micrometer per second (less than 0.001417 inch per hour).

To convert inches per hour to micrometers per second, multiply inches per hour by 7.0572. To convert micrometers per second to inches per hour, multiply micrometers per second by 0.1417.

Saturation

Wetness characterized by zero or positive pressure of the soil water. Under conditions of saturation, the water will flow from the soil matrix into an unlined auger hole.

Scarification

The act of abrading, scratching, loosening, crushing, or modifying the surface to increase water absorption or to provide a more tillable soil.

Sedimentary rock

A consolidated deposit of clastic particles, chemical precipitates, or organic remains accumulated at or near the surface of the earth under normal low temperature and pressure conditions. Sedimentary rocks include consolidated equivalents of alluvium, colluvium, drift, and eolian, lacustrine, and marine deposits. Examples are sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, claystone, shale, conglomerate, limestone, dolomite, and coal.

Sequum

A sequence consisting of an illuvial horizon and the overlying eluvial horizon. (See Eluviation.)

Series, soil

A group of soils that have profiles that are almost alike, except for differences in texture of the surface layer. All the soils of a series have horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Severely eroded spot (map symbol)

An area where, on the average, 75 percent or more of the original surface layer has been lost because of accelerated erosion. Not used in map units in which "severely eroded," "very severely eroded," or "gullied" is part of the map unit name.

Shale

Sedimentary rock that formed by the hardening of a deposit of clay, silty clay, or silty clay loam and that has a tendency to split into thin layers.

Sheet erosion

The removal of a fairly uniform layer of soil material from the land surface by the action of rainfall and surface runoff.

Short, steep slope (map symbol)

A narrow area of soil having slopes that are at least two slope classes steeper than the slope class of the surrounding map unit.

Shoulder

The convex, erosional surface near the top of a hillslope. A shoulder is a transition from summit to backslope.

Shrink-swell

The shrinking of soil when dry and the swelling when wet. Shrinking and swelling can damage roads, dams, building foundations, and other structures. It can also damage plant roots.

Shrub-coppice dune

A small, streamlined dune that forms around brush and clump vegetation.

Side slope (geomorphology)

A geomorphic component of hills consisting of a laterally planar area of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly parallel. Side slopes are dominantly colluvium and slope-wash sediments.

Silica

A combination of silicon and oxygen. The mineral form is called quartz.

Silica-sesquioxide ratio

The ratio of the number of molecules of silica to the number of molecules of alumina and iron oxide. The more highly weathered soils or their clay fractions in warm-temperate, humid regions, and especially those in the tropics, generally have a low ratio.

Silt

As a soil separate, individual mineral particles that range in diameter from the upper limit of clay (0.002 millimeter) to the lower limit of very fine sand (0.05 millimeter). As a soil textural class, soil that is 80 percent or more silt and less than 12 percent clay.

Siltstone

An indurated silt having the texture and composition of shale but lacking its fine lamination or fissility; a massive mudstone in which silt predominates over clay.

Similar soils

Soils that share limits of diagnostic criteria, behave and perform in a similar manner, and have similar conservation needs or management requirements for the major land uses in the survey area.

Sinkhole (map symbol)

A closed, circular or elliptical depression, commonly funnel shaped, characterized by subsurface drainage and formed either by dissolution of the surface of underlying bedrock (e.g., limestone, gypsum, or salt) or by collapse of underlying caves within bedrock. Complexes of sinkholes in carbonate-rock terrain are the main components of karst topography.

Site index

A designation of the quality of a forest site based on the height of the dominant stand at an arbitrarily chosen age. For example, if the average height attained by dominant and codominant trees in a fully stocked stand at the age of 50 years is 75 feet, the site index is 75.

Slickensides (pedogenic)

Grooved, striated, and/or glossy (shiny) slip faces on structural peds, such as wedges; produced by shrink-swell processes, most commonly in soils that have a high content of expansive clays.

Slide or slip (map symbol)

A prominent landform scar or ridge caused by fairly recent mass movement or descent of earthy material resulting from failure of earth or rock under shear stress along one or several surfaces.

Slope

The inclination of the land surface from the horizontal. Percentage of slope is the vertical distance divided by horizontal distance, then multiplied by 100. Thus, a slope of 20 percent is a drop of 20 feet in 100 feet of horizontal distance.

Slope alluvium

Sediment gradually transported down the slopes of mountains or hills primarily by nonchannel alluvial processes (i.e., slope-wash processes) and characterized by particle sorting. Lateral particle sorting is evident on long slopes. In a profile sequence, sediments may be distinguished by differences in size and/or specific gravity of rock fragments and may be separated by stone lines. Burnished peds

and sorting of rounded or subrounded pebbles or cobbles distinguish these materials from unsorted colluvial deposits.

Slow refill

The slow filling of ponds, resulting from restricted water transmission in the soil.

Slow water movement

Restricted downward movement of water through the soil. See Saturated hydraulic conductivity.

Sodic (alkali) soil

A soil having so high a degree of alkalinity (pH 8.5 or higher) or so high a percentage of exchangeable sodium (15 percent or more of the total exchangeable bases), or both, that plant growth is restricted.

Sodic spot (map symbol)

An area where the surface layer has a sodium adsorption ratio that is at least 10 more than that of the surface layer of the named soils in the surrounding map unit. The surface layer of the surrounding soils has a sodium adsorption ratio of 5 or less.

Sodicity

The degree to which a soil is affected by exchangeable sodium. Sodicity is expressed as a sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) of a saturation extract, or the ratio of Na⁺ to Ca⁺⁺ + Mg⁺⁺. The degrees of sodicity and their respective ratios are:

Slight: Less than 13:1 Moderate: 13-30:1 Strong: More than 30:1

Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR)

A measure of the amount of sodium (Na) relative to calcium (Ca) and magnesium (Mg) in the water extract from saturated soil paste. It is the ratio of the Na concentration divided by the square root of one-half of the Ca + Mg concentration.

Soft bedrock

Bedrock that can be excavated with trenching machines, backhoes, small rippers, and other equipment commonly used in construction.

Soil

A natural, three-dimensional body at the earth's surface. It is capable of supporting plants and has properties resulting from the integrated effect of climate and living matter acting on earthy parent material, as conditioned by relief and by the passage of time.

Soil separates

Mineral particles less than 2 millimeters in equivalent diameter and ranging between specified size limits. The names and sizes, in millimeters, of separates recognized in the United States are as follows:

Very coarse sand: 2.0 to 1.0 Coarse sand: 1.0 to 0.5 Medium sand: 0.5 to 0.25 Fine sand: 0.25 to 0.10 Very fine sand: 0.10 to 0.05

Silt: 0.05 to 0.002 Clay: Less than 0.002

Solum

The upper part of a soil profile, above the C horizon, in which the processes of soil formation are active. The solum in soil consists of the A, E, and B horizons. Generally, the characteristics of the material in these horizons are unlike those of the material below the solum. The living roots and plant and animal activities are largely confined to the solum.

Spoil area (map symbol)

A pile of earthy materials, either smoothed or uneven, resulting from human activity.

Stone line

In a vertical cross section, a line formed by scattered fragments or a discrete layer of angular and subangular rock fragments (commonly a gravel- or cobble-sized lag concentration) that formerly was draped across a topographic surface and was later buried by additional sediments. A stone line generally caps material that was subject to weathering, soil formation, and erosion before burial. Many stone lines seem to be buried erosion pavements, originally formed by sheet and rill erosion across the land surface.

Stones

Rock fragments 10 to 24 inches (25 to 60 centimeters) in diameter if rounded or 15 to 24 inches (38 to 60 centimeters) in length if flat.

Stony

Refers to a soil containing stones in numbers that interfere with or prevent tillage.

Stony spot (map symbol)

A spot where 0.01 to 0.1 percent of the soil surface is covered by rock fragments that are more than 10 inches in diameter in areas where the surrounding soil has no surface stones.

Strath terrace

A type of stream terrace; formed as an erosional surface cut on bedrock and thinly mantled with stream deposits (alluvium).

Stream terrace

One of a series of platforms in a stream valley, flanking and more or less parallel to the stream channel, originally formed near the level of the stream; represents

the remnants of an abandoned flood plain, stream bed, or valley floor produced during a former state of fluvial erosion or deposition.

Stripcropping

Growing crops in a systematic arrangement of strips or bands that provide vegetative barriers to wind erosion and water erosion.

Structure, soil

The arrangement of primary soil particles into compound particles or aggregates. The principal forms of soil structure are:

Platy: Flat and laminated

Prismatic: Vertically elongated and having flat tops
Columnar: Vertically elongated and having rounded tops

Angular blocky: Having faces that intersect at sharp angles (planes)

Subangular blocky: Having subrounded and planar faces (no sharp angles)

Granular: Small structural units with curved or very irregular faces

Structureless soil horizons are defined as follows:

Single grained: Entirely noncoherent (each grain by itself), as in loose sand

Massive: Occurring as a coherent mass

Stubble mulch

Stubble or other crop residue left on the soil or partly worked into the soil. It protects the soil from wind erosion and water erosion after harvest, during preparation of a seedbed for the next crop, and during the early growing period of the new crop.

Subsoil

Technically, the B horizon; roughly, the part of the solum below plow depth.

Subsoiling

Tilling a soil below normal plow depth, ordinarily to shatter a hardpan or claypan.

Substratum

The part of the soil below the solum.

Subsurface layer

Any surface soil horizon (A, E, AB, or EB) below the surface layer.

Summer fallow

The tillage of uncropped land during the summer to control weeds and allow storage of moisture in the soil for the growth of a later crop. A practice common in semiarid regions, where annual precipitation is not enough to produce a crop every year. Summer fallow is frequently practiced before planting winter grain.

Summit

The topographically highest position of a hillslope. It has a nearly level (planar or only slightly convex) surface.

Surface layer

The soil ordinarily moved in tillage, or its equivalent in uncultivated soil, ranging in depth from 4 to 10 inches (10 to 25 centimeters). Frequently designated as the "plow layer," or the "Ap horizon."

Surface soil

The A, E, AB, and EB horizons, considered collectively. It includes all subdivisions of these horizons.

Talus

Rock fragments of any size or shape (commonly coarse and angular) derived from and lying at the base of a cliff or very steep rock slope. The accumulated mass of such loose broken rock formed chiefly by falling, rolling, or sliding.

Taxadiuncts

Soils that cannot be classified in a series recognized in the classification system. Such soils are named for a series they strongly resemble and are designated as taxadjuncts to that series because they differ in ways too small to be of consequence in interpreting their use and behavior. Soils are recognized as taxadjuncts only when one or more of their characteristics are slightly outside the range defined for the family of the series for which the soils are named.

Terminal moraine

An end moraine that marks the farthest advance of a glacier. It typically has the form of a massive arcuate or concentric ridge, or complex of ridges, and is underlain by till and other types of drift.

Terrace (conservation)

An embankment, or ridge, constructed across sloping soils on the contour or at a slight angle to the contour. The terrace intercepts surface runoff so that water soaks into the soil or flows slowly to a prepared outlet. A terrace in a field generally is built so that the field can be farmed. A terrace intended mainly for drainage has a deep channel that is maintained in permanent sod.

Terrace (geomorphology)

A steplike surface, bordering a valley floor or shoreline, that represents the former position of a flood plain, lake, or seashore. The term is usually applied both to the relatively flat summit surface (tread) that was cut or built by stream or wave action and to the steeper descending slope (scarp or riser) that has graded to a lower base level of erosion.

Terracettes

Small, irregular steplike forms on steep hillslopes, especially in pasture, formed by creep or erosion of surficial materials that may be induced or enhanced by trampling of livestock, such as sheep or cattle.

Texture, soil

The relative proportions of sand, silt, and clay particles in a mass of soil. The basic textural classes, in order of increasing proportion of fine particles, are sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay loam, clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, and clay. The sand, loamy sand, and sandy loam classes may be further divided by specifying "coarse," "fine," or "very fine."

Thin layer

Otherwise suitable soil material that is too thin for the specified use.

Till

Dominantly unsorted and nonstratified drift, generally unconsolidated and deposited directly by a glacier without subsequent reworking by meltwater, and consisting of a heterogeneous mixture of clay, silt, sand, gravel, stones, and boulders; rock fragments of various lithologies are embedded within a finer matrix that can range from clay to sandy loam.

Till plain

An extensive area of level to gently undulating soils underlain predominantly by till and bounded at the distal end by subordinate recessional or end moraines.

Tilth, soil

The physical condition of the soil as related to tillage, seedbed preparation, seedling emergence, and root penetration.

Toeslope

The gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. Toeslopes in profile are commonly gentle and linear and are constructional surfaces forming the lower part of a hillslope continuum that grades to valley or closed-depression floors.

Topsoil

The upper part of the soil, which is the most favorable material for plant growth. It is ordinarily rich in organic matter and is used to topdress roadbanks, lawns, and land affected by mining.

Trace elements

Chemical elements, for example, zinc, cobalt, manganese, copper, and iron, in soils in extremely small amounts. They are essential to plant growth.

Tread

The flat to gently sloping, topmost, laterally extensive slope of terraces, flood-plain steps, or other stepped landforms; commonly a recurring part of a series of natural steplike landforms, such as successive stream terraces.

Tuff

A generic term for any consolidated or cemented deposit that is 50 percent or more volcanic ash.

Upland

An informal, general term for the higher ground of a region, in contrast with a low-lying adjacent area, such as a valley or plain, or for land at a higher elevation than the flood plain or low stream terrace; land above the footslope zone of the hillslope continuum.

Valley fill

The unconsolidated sediment deposited by any agent (water, wind, ice, or mass wasting) so as to fill or partly fill a valley.

Variegation

Refers to patterns of contrasting colors assumed to be inherited from the parent material rather than to be the result of poor drainage.

Varve

A sedimentary layer or a lamina or sequence of laminae deposited in a body of still water within a year. Specifically, a thin pair of graded glaciolacustrine layers seasonally deposited, usually by meltwater streams, in a glacial lake or other body of still water in front of a glacier.

Very stony spot (map symbol)

A spot where 0.1 to 3.0 percent of the soil surface is covered by rock fragments that are more than 10 inches in diameter in areas where the surface of the surrounding soil is covered by less than 0.01 percent stones.

Water bars

Smooth, shallow ditches or depressional areas that are excavated at an angle across a sloping road. They are used to reduce the downward velocity of water and divert it off and away from the road surface. Water bars can easily be driven over if constructed properly.

Weathering

All physical disintegration, chemical decomposition, and biologically induced changes in rocks or other deposits at or near the earth's surface by atmospheric or biologic agents or by circulating surface waters but involving essentially no transport of the altered material.

Well graded

Refers to soil material consisting of coarse grained particles that are well distributed over a wide range in size or diameter. Such soil normally can be easily increased in density and bearing properties by compaction. Contrasts with poorly graded soil.

Wet spot (map symbol)

A somewhat poorly drained to very poorly drained area that is at least two drainage classes wetter than the named soils in the surrounding map unit.

Wilting point (or permanent wilting point)

The moisture content of soil, on an ovendry basis, at which a plant (specifically a sunflower) wilts so much that it does not recover when placed in a humid, dark chamber.

Windthrow

The uprooting and tipping over of trees by the wind.