GROUNDWATER CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION REPORT

HARBOR VIEW SQUARE 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK NYS BCP SITE NO. C738040

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GROUNDWATER CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION REPORT HARBOR VIEW SQUARE OSWEGO, NEW YORK

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

Acronym	Definition
AAR	Alternative Analysis Report
ACM	Asbestos Containing Material
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
bgs	Below Ground Surface
Contractor	Paragon Environmental Construction, Inc.
CAMP	Community Air Monitoring Plan
Department	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
DER-10	Division of Environmental Remediation Technical Guidance for Site Remediation and Investigation
DFARs	Daily Field Activity Reports
DUSRs	Data Usability Summary Reports
DER	Division of Environmental Remediation
D&B	D&B Engineers and Architects
EC	Engineering Control
ELAP	Environmental Laboratory Approval Program
Engineer	Holt Consulting
ERP	Environmental Restoration Program
HASP	Health and Safety Plan
IC	Institutional Control
IRM	Interim Remedial Measures
NAPL	Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid
NYCRR	New York Codes, Rules and Regulations
NYSDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
NYSDOH	New York State Department of Health
NYSDOL	New York State Department of Labor
OSHA	Occupational Health and Safety Administration
Owner	Harbor View Square, LLC
PCBs	Polychlorinated Biphenyls
PID	Photoionization Detector
PAHs	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
P.E.	Professional Engineer
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
ppm	Parts per Million
Project Manager	Synapse Risk Management, LLC
RAR	Remedial Alternatives Report
Ramie	Ramie Surveying, P.C.
RAOs	Remedial Action Objectives
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RD	Remedial Design

LIST OF ACRONYMS (continued)

Acronym	Definition
RI	Remedial Investigation
SAC	State Assistance Contract
SCOs	Soil Cleanup Objectives
Site	68 West First Street
SMP	Site Management Plan
SSV	Site-Specific Variance
SVMS	Soil Vapor Mitigation System
SVOCs	Semivolatile Organic Compounds
TCL	Targeted Compound List
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
UST	Underground Storage Tank
ug/m ³	Micrograms per Cubic Meter
ug/kg	Micrograms per Kilogram
VOCs	Volatile Organic Compounds

1.0 BACKGROUND AND SITE DESCRIPTION

1.1 Project Background

The Harbor View Square Site (Site) is located at 68 West First Street in the City of Oswego, New York (**Figure 1-1** – **Site Location Map**). The site is a 2.438-acre block bounded by West First Street to the east, West Second Street to the west, West Schuyler Street to the south, and Lake Street to the north (**Figure 1-2** – **Pre-Remediation Site Plan**). Note that the Site buildings shown in **Figure 1-2** were demolished to their concrete slabs between December 2018 and January 2019. **Figure 1-3** – **Site Plan** shows the site layout as of 2021. The Site was originally investigated under the Environmental Restoration Program (ERP) as Site No. E738040, but is now owned by Harbor View Square, LLC (Volunteer), and underwent remediation under the Brownfield Cleanup Program, (Site No. C738040). The Volunteer entered into a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement (BCA) (Index No. C738040-11-16) with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) in January 2017 for the Site. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation is managing the off-site contamination under Harbor View Square – Off-Site (Site No. C738040A), which includes the off-site groundwater plume and off-site soil vapor.

This Groundwater Construction Completion Report (CCR) has been prepared to document the remedial activities conducted at the Site in accordance with the site-specific Work Plan for Reagent Injection (Holt, 2021) approved by the NYSDEC, as well as the requirements set forth in NYSDEC's Division of Environmental Remediation Technical Guidance for Site Remediation and Investigation (DER-10). A Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization System CCR will be submitted for soil remediation efforts under a separate cover and both will be incorporated by reference, including a site management plan (SMP) by reference into a Final Engineering Report (FER) for the Site.

Remedial activities conducted at the Site were completed under the direction and guidance of Synapse Risk Management, LLC (Synapse) and Jeffrey R. Holt, P.E. (Holt), serving as the Engineer of Record for the Site. The information contained herein has been compiled by D&B Engineers and Architects, DPC (D&B) on behalf of the Volunteer utilizing all available information provided to both Synapse and the Engineer of Record, Jeffrey R. Holt, P.E.







HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



1.2 Site Description

The Site is a 2.438-acre parcel located in the City of Oswego, New York, which is identified as Tax Parcel Number 128.38-03-01 on Oswego County Tax Maps. A Site Boundary Survey including metes and boundary description of the Site and parcel certified by a surveyor licensed to practice in New York State is included as **Appendix A** – **Environmental Easement**. It should be noted that the included survey depicts an area approximately 2.438-acres in size which is subject to an environmental easement corresponding to the limits of the remediation performed at the Site that will be included in the Site Management Plan (SMP). The environmental easement for the Site prohibits the Site from being used for purposes other than restricted residential, commercial or industrial use, without the express written waiver of such prohibition by NYSDEC. The Site is currently being developed for restricted residential and commercial use.

The Oswego River is located approximately 390 feet to the east of the site, and flows north into Lake Ontario, which, at its nearest point, is located approximately 250 feet north of the site. The area to the west of the site is primarily residential. The area to the south contains a mixture of residential and commercial properties, and to the north there is a municipal parking area, a boat launch, a marina, a United States Coast Guard facility, and a marine museum located on property owned by the Oswego Port Authority. To the east and northeast are industrial properties, including a major oil storage facility, the City of Oswego West Side Excess Flow Management facility, and a cement shipping terminal.

Concurrently with the Site remedial activities discussed herein, the Site has been developed and consists of five on-site buildings including a mixed-use building (Building 1), three six-unit townhomes (Building 1, Building 2, and Building 3), and a maintenance building (**Figure 1-3** – **Site Plan**).

1.3 Site History and Previous Investigations

The Site was initially developed as Fort Oswego and was used as a military installation until approximately the mid-1840's (Pratt and Pratt, 2000). The Site has been used for industrial

purposes since at least 1880. Past industrial operations at the site include use as a tinware manufacturing facility, lumberyards, a planning mill, Oswego Casket Company, Global Match Company and machine shops. The Site was also a wire manufacturing facility which was owned and/or operated by the Flexo Wire Company in 1960 and the Copperweld Steel Company, Flexo Wire Division in 1972. The Phase IA Cultural Resource Survey (Pratt and Pratt, 2000) identifies a railroad and railroad sidings along the eastern portion of the Site as recently as the 1960's. These railroads were removed by the mid-1970's.

From the mid-1980's to the mid-1990's the City of Oswego took ownership of the Site. In 2003, the Site was occupied by the City of Oswego Department of Public Works (DPW), which operated a metal fabricating workshop, a woodworking shop and an automobile maintenance shop at the Site. The DPW also utilized the Site for seasonal storage of equipment, trucks and supplies. Redevelopment of the Site into a mixed-use residential and commercial property began in 2018. The existing Site building used by the DPW was demolished to prepare the Site for redevelopment. The four new buildings have been constructed as part of redevelopment and are in various stages of occupancy.

Prior uses that appear to have led to site contamination include solvent usage and disposal, reportedly associated with the wire drawing operations; coal storage, usage and coal ash disposal; and, metal working operations, including machining and annealing (heat treating). Several investigations of the subsurface Site conditions and evaluations of remedial alternatives have been performed to define the nature and extent of Site contamination resulting from previous industrial activities at the Site. The Remedial Investigation/Remedial Alternatives Report (RI/RAR) was issued by Clough Harbor Associates (CHA) in 2011 and the Supplemental Subsurface Investigation/Alternatives Analysis Report (SSI/AAR) was issued by O'Brien and Gere (OBG) in 2013. These investigation activities were done under the NYSDEC Environmental Restoration Program as Site Number E738040. Following these investigation activities, the NYSDEC issued Record of Decisions (RODs) in 2013: one ROD for OU-1: On-Site Area; and one for OU-2: Off-Site Area. These RODs presented the remedy selected by NYSDEC to address documented contamination at each OU.

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The Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) Site has only one operable unit. The primary contaminants of concern (COCs) for the Site groundwater include several chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs); specifically, tetrachloroethene (PCE) and trichloroethene (TCE) and their degradation products, which include 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE), cis-1,2-dichloroethene (cis-1,2-DCE), trans-1,2-dichloroethene (trans-1,2-DCE), and vinyl chloride (VC). Other COCs of interest include several metals including lead, mercury, arsenic, barium, chromium and copper, as well as polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

An Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) was conducted in 2009 at the Site based on conditions observed during the RI activities. The IRM consisted of the removal of a 550-gallon aboveground fuel oil storage tank (AST), removal of a 15,000-gallon buried railroad tank car as well as sludge that was present within the buried railroad tank car (i.e., underground storage tank [UST]) and debris that was present within both tanks.

The AST was located on the west side of the on-site building in a concrete block containment structure. There was no indication that a release had occurred from the tank. The tank was disposed of off-site as scrap metal. There were several small jars with a blue powder within the tank as well as a railroad flare. The materials were removed and containerized for proper off-site disposal.

The 15,000-gallon UST was located on the eastern side of the Site. Its original use is unknown, but it is believed to have been used for recirculation of solvents or waste disposal during operation of the on-site wire drawing facility. The UST appeared to be sound, but the connections and piping had apparently leaked and contaminated surrounding soils. The UST was reportedly underlain by a concrete slab, which was left in-place.

Approximately 4,258 gallons of sludge were removed from the UST along with debris such as wood, rocks and heating coils. The sludge and debris were disposed of off-site. The UST was cleaned prior to off-site disposal using water which was collected and disposed of off-site as well. Approximately 1 to 2 cubic yards of soil within the excavation were noted to exhibit an odor and generated elevated readings on a photoionization detector. A sample of this material was analyzed using the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure, and trichloroethene was detected in the leachate. This material was utilized to partially backfill the excavation.

Confirmatory samples collected following tank removal activities from the end of the excavations were analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs). The only VOC detected was TCE, which was detected in each sample at concentrations less than the unrestricted soil cleanup objective (SCO). Low levels of several polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAHs) were also detected in each of the four samples. For three of the samples, none of the PAHs were detected at concentrations that exceeded their unrestricted SCOs. For the other sample, two PAHs were detected at concentrations that slightly exceeded their unrestricted SCO and their SCO for the protection of public health for restricted residential use.

Above grade portions of the Site buildings shown on **Figure 1-2** were demolished by others in December 2018 and January 2019. These buildings included a one-story concrete slab-on-grade, steel-framed masonry building which covered approximately 20,900 square feet and an attached one-story building that covered approximately 780 square feet.

1.4 Nature and Extent of Pre-Remediation Impacts

The following provides an overview of the pre-remediation environmental conditions at the Site.

1.4.1 <u>Soil</u>

PAHs and metals were present in soil across the site at concentrations greater than Part 375 SCOs for the protection of public health for restricted residential use. In general, the levels were only slightly greater than the SCOs; however, a few isolated locations contained higher levels. Lead was detected in one location in the southeast corner of the Site at 38,800 parts per million (ppm), compared to its restricted residential SCO for the protection of public health of 400 ppm;

however, samples collected near this location had much lower levels of lead (maximum of 319 ppm), and the next highest lead concentration detected was 875 ppm. Mercury was detected at a maximum concentration of 52 ppm in one location, compared to its restricted residential SCO for the protection of public health of 0.81 ppm. Samples collected near this location had much lower levels of mercury, and the next highest level of mercury detected during the investigation was 4.5 ppm. Benzo(a)pyrene (a PAH) was detected at a maximum concentration of 4.9 ppm, compared to its restricted residential SCO of 1 ppm, and it exceeded 1 ppm in 7 out of 23 samples collected.

PCE, TCE and their degradation products in general were detected in soil at relatively low concentrations, but in some instances at concentrations which exceeded the SCOs for the protection of groundwater. The highest concentrations of VOCs were detected in samples collected to the east of the southern half of the former on-site building, which is also east of the utility lines connecting the former sump and the former 15,000-gallon UST. Of the VOCs detected, TCE was present at the highest concentrations; up to 1 ppm, compared to its SCO for the protection of groundwater of 0.47 ppm. Cis-1,2-DCE was detected at concentrations up to 0.49 ppm, compared to its SCO for the protection of groundwater of 0.25 ppm. Other degradation products of TCE were detected at lower concentrations or not at all in soil. PCE was detected less frequently than TCE, at a maximum concentration of 0.022 ppm, compared to its SCO for the protection of groundwater of 1.3 ppm.

1.4.2 <u>Groundwater</u>

The groundwater results were compared to the Standard Criteria or Guidance (SCG) for groundwater – Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values and Groundwater Effluent Limitations (TOGs 1.1.1) and 6 NYCRR Part 703, Surface Water and Groundwater Quality Standards and Groundwater Effluent Limitations. TCE was detected in groundwater at concentrations that ranged from 4.6 to 280 parts per billion (ppb). The detected TCE concentrations exceeded the SCG for groundwater of 5 ppb in 11 of 12 samples. The highest concentrations of TCE detected on-site were in samples collected from monitoring wells east of the southern sump. This suggests the primary source of groundwater contamination is located in

or near the southern portion of the former building, most likely the southern sump, and the groundwater contamination extends east from that area in the direction of groundwater flow.

In addition to TCE, its degradation products were also detected including: cis-1,2-DCE in nine of 12 samples at concentrations ranging from non-detect to 1,100 ppb (SCG of 5 ppb); trans-1,2-DCE in three of 12 samples at concentrations ranging from non-detect to 26 ppb (SCG of 5 ppb); 1,1-DCE in one sample at a concentration of 8 ppb (SCG of 5 ppb) and vinyl chloride in 3 of 12 samples at concentrations ranging from non-detect to 67 ppb (SCG of 2 ppb).

1.4.3 Soil Vapor

PCE, TCE and their degradation products were detected in 2010 and 2012 at elevated concentrations in soil vapor and sub-slab vapor on-site. TCE and PCE were detected in soil vapor and sub-slab vapor samples at concentrations up to 34,000 micrograms per cubic meter (ug/m³) and 590 ug/m³, respectively. Indoor air samples were not collected during the investigation, because the buildings were anticipated to be demolished.

2.0 SUMMARY OF THE GROUNDWATER REMEDIAL ACTION

2.1 Remedial Action Objectives

Based on the findings of RI/RAR and the SSI/AAR, the Site-wide Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs) identified in the 2013 ROD for the Site are:

Groundwater

RAOs for Public Health Protection

- Prevent ingestion of groundwater with contaminant levels exceeding drinking water standards. Remove the source of ground or surface water contamination.
- Prevent contact with, or inhalation of volatiles, from contaminated groundwater.

RAOs for Environmental Protection

- Restore ground water aquifer to pre-disposal/pre-release conditions, to the extent practicable.
- Remove the source of ground or surface water contamination.

<u>Soil</u>

RAOs for Public Health Protection

- Prevent ingestion/direct contact with contaminated soil.
- Prevent inhalation of or exposure from contaminants volatilizing from contaminants in soil.

RAOs for Environmental Protection

• Prevent migration of contaminants that would result in groundwater or surface water contamination.

<u>Soil Vapor</u>

RAOs for Public Health Protection

• Mitigate impacts to public health resulting from existing, or the potential for, soil vapor intrusion into buildings at a site.

2.2 Summary of the Selected Remedy

The selected remedy presented in the Record of Decision (ROD) for the Site, issued in November 2013 under the Environmental Restoration Program (ERP), Site ID E738040, included the following elements:

Remedial Design

A remedial design program was to be implemented to provide the details necessary for the construction, operation, optimization, maintenance, and monitoring of the remedial program.

Excavation

The ROD specified the excavation and off-site disposal of contaminant source areas, including the soil in and around the two sumps located within the former on-site building, soil surrounding the former underground storage tank (UST) and the soil surrounding the underground utility or process lines connected to the former 15,000-gallon UST. Excavation in these areas was to extend to bedrock or until endpoint samples indicate there is no soil remaining which contains VOCs at concentrations exceeding their soil cleanup objective for the protection of groundwater, as defined by 6 NYCRR Part 375-6.8. In addition, the concrete slab below the former UST was to be removed and further excavation conducted, if necessary. Soil to the east of the process lines connecting the southern building sump and the former UST was also to be excavated. It was estimated approximately 1,450 cubic yards of soil would be excavated from these areas identified above. These activities were conducted in 2019 and are documented in the Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization System CCR (Holt, April 2022).

Excavation Contingency

If any on-site buildings were demolished or areas of paving removed, soil excavation was to be conducted to address any additional source areas, if identified.

In-Situ Chemical Treatment

The ROD specified in-situ chemical treatment would be implemented to treat chlorinated VOCs in groundwater through injections to be conducted into bedrock. In addition, the ROD prescribed injections into the overburden, if necessary.

Cover System

A site cover system, consisting of asphalt pavement and concrete building slabs, existed over much of the Site at the time the ROD was written. That existing cover system was to be maintained to allow for restricted residential use of the site. Any Site redevelopment was to maintain a site cover and could consist either of the structures such as buildings, pavement, sidewalks comprising the site development or a soil cover in areas where the upper two feet of exposed surface soil will exceed the applicable soil SCOs. Where a soil cover was required, it would be a minimum of two feet of soil, meeting the SCOs for cover material as set forth in 6 NYCRR Part 375-6.7(d) for restricted residential use. The soil cover was to be placed over a demarcation layer, with the upper six inches of the soil of sufficient quality to maintain a vegetation layer. Any fill material brought to the site would meet the requirements for the identified site use as set forth in 6 NYCRR Part 375-6.7(d). These activities were conducted in 2019 and 2020 and are documented in the Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization System CCR (Holt, April 2022).

Vapor Mitigation

If the Site was redeveloped during the remedial action phase, the potential for soil vapor intrusion was to be evaluated for any buildings developed on the Site, and the recommended actions were to be implemented to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion. These activities are documented in the Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization System CCR (Holt, April 2022).

Institutional Controls

Institutional controls for the Site, in the form of an environmental easement for the controlled property, that require the remedial party or site owner to complete and submit to the Department a periodic certification of institutional and engineering controls in accordance with Part 375-1.8(h)(3). The environmental easement will allow for the development of the Site as restricted residential, commercial and industrial uses as defined by Part 375-1.8(g), although land use is subject to local zoning laws. The environmental easement will also restrict the use of groundwater as a source of potable or process water, without necessary water quality treatment as determined by the NYSDOH or County DOH; and required compliance with the Department approved Site Management Plan.

Site Management Plan

Implementation of a Site Management Plan to address remaining contamination in accordance with the requirements of the NYSDEC's DER-10 ("Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation"), dated May 2010, and the guidelines provided by the NYSDEC is required. This SMP must include the means for implementing the ICs and/or ECs that are required by the environmental easement for the Site.

2.3 Description of the Work Plan for Reagent Injection

Holt developed a Work Plan for Reagent Injection (Holt, August 2021) on behalf of the Volunteer, and in accordance with the ROD to set forth a technical scope of work for an ISCT pilot study to treat CVOCs in groundwater. The Work Plan for Reagent Injection is provided as **Appendix B** and summarized below.

Through subsurface investigations performed at the Site as part of the predesign investigation and documented in the Predesign Investigation Summary Report (Holt, April 2022), elevated concentrations of CVOCs have been identified in groundwater up to 50 feet below ground surface. The highest concentrations of CVOCs have been identified in groundwater between 15

and 30 feet below ground surface in the sandstone bedrock to the east of the southern half of the former on-site building, which is also east of the utility lines connecting the former sump and the former 15,000-gallon UST. Remedial excavation of surface soils in this area was completed in March 2019 and documented in the Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization System CCR (Holt, April 2022).

As described in the Work Plan, one injection well was to be installed and four monitoring wells were to be installed at distances of 5, 10, 15 and 20 feet from the injection well at cross gradient and downgradient locations (see **Figure 2-1**). Rock core samples were to be collected from three locations prior to the installation of the monitoring and injection wells. The final depths for the monitoring wells were to be based on fracture zones identified in the rock cores. The monitoring and injection wells were to be installed to a total depth of approximately 30 feet below ground surface (bgs) and constructed of 2-inch inner diameter (I.D.) Schedule 40 PVC pipe and screened from 15 feet to 30 feet bgs.

At each well location, a 10-inch diameter boring was to be drilled through the overburden soils and extending three feet into bedrock. This boring was lined with a 10-inch steel conductor pipe. A 6.625-inch outer diameter, 6.065-inch inner diameter Schedule 40 steel pipe was placed inside the 10-inch pipe. The 10-inch pipe was to be removed and the annulus between the outer 6-inch pipe was to be filled with grout using a tremie pipe from the bottom of the borehole to within 6 to 10 inches of the surrounding grade. If the 10-inch conductor pipe could not be removed, it was to be left in place. The annulus grout was to cure for at least 24 hours prior to drilling or coring the bedrock. A six-inch diameter boring was then to be drilled to total depth before constructing the monitoring/injection well.

For the wells that were cored, a hollow stem auger rig was to be used to continuously core the hole with an NQ wireline core drilling system. After the cores were reviewed, the Driller was to ream out the borings to a six-inch diameter using an air rotary drill rig. Those wells that were not cored were to be drilled with the air rotary drill rig.

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The injection well was to be installed to a total depth of approximately 30 feet below ground surface using an air rotary drill rig.

A minimum of seven days following successful development of the monitoring and injection wells, baseline groundwater samples were to be collected from the injection well, four new monitoring wells and existing monitoring well MW-4 for laboratory analysis for VOCs, metals, and select geochemical parameters.

For the chemical reagent injection, Regenesis Remediation Services was provided with site-specific geological, hydrogeological and groundwater analytical data to provide recommendations for the reduction of chlorinated VOCs in the groundwater at the Site. Based on their review of the data and their experience in performing in-situ groundwater remediation, a recommended reagent injection plan was developed. Regenesis recommended the injection of a wide distribution staged release, electron donor emulsion for anaerobic biodegradation combined with a sulfidated, colloidal zero-valent iron to extend the longevity of the chemical reduction of the groundwater contaminants. The estimate of the mass/volume of 3-D micro emulsion (3DME) and sulfidated colloidal zero-valent iron (SMZI) required was based on stoichiometric demand associated with chlorinated VOCs, terminal electron acceptors, and the minimum total organic carbon (TOC) distributed across the treatment area to enhance and support chlorinated solvent degradation. The calculated volume of 3DME assumed a TOC concentration of 200 mg/L would be required/provided to support biodegradation following the injections. The quantity of SMZVI selected was approximately 75% of the mass of 3DME to be injected. Additional materials, a safety factor, was included in the calculation to ensure adequate coverage. Finally, Regenesis's remedial design included the injection of an enriched microbial consortium containing species of dehalococcoides for anaerobic biodegradation bio-dechlor inoculum (BDI). The BDI was intended to assist with the treatment of undesirable anaerobic dechlorination intermediates (i.e., cis-1,2-DCE, VC).

Following the collection of baseline groundwater samples, the design called for 400 pounds of 3DMe and 300 pounds of SMZVI manufactured by Regenesis to be mixed with 1,869 gallons of water and pumped into the injection well at a controlled rate. Following injections of the 3DMe and SMZVI, 18 liters (or approximately 5 gallons) of BDI was to be injected concurrently with 175 gallons of deoxygenated water prepared using an oxygen scavenger such as sodium ascorbate, for a total volume of approximately 180 gallons of combined BDI and deoxygenated water.



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK

LEGEND APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY ROCK CORING LOCATION NONITORING WELL LOCATION EXISTING WELLS ACTUAL EXCAVATION AREA (APPROXIMATE) APPROXIMATE WORK ZONE AREA
NOTES: 1. 2021 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH FROM NYSGIS CLEARINGHOUSE WEBSITE. 2. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE. 3. RESULTS OF ROCK CORINGS WILL BE USED TO SELECT FINAL INJECTION WELL AND MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS. 4. BASED ON THE RESULTS OF THE FIRST 3 ROCK ORINGS, UP TO 2 ADDITIONAL ROCK CORINGS MAY BE COMPLETED AT THE PROPOSED MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS.
0 60' 120' GRAPHIC SCALE
INJECTION AND MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS

Post-injection groundwater monitoring was to consist of a minimum of three consecutive rounds of groundwater monitoring occurring approximately 30-, 60- and 90-days following the completion of the reagent injection program. Post-injection groundwater samples were to be collected from the injection well, four groundwater monitoring wells and existing well MW-4 for laboratory analysis for VOCs, metals, and select geochemical parameters.

3.0 REMEDIAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

3.1 Permits, Approvals and Notifications

The following permits, approvals and notifications were obtained as part of the remedial construction activities:

- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Injection Permit.
- City of Oswego Wastewater Discharge Permit for Temporary Discharge;

Copies of these permits are provided in Appendix C.

3.2 Site Preparation

The Contractor mobilized to the Site on September 20, 2021 and initiated site preparation activities. The following site preparation activities were undertaken by the Contractor as needed:

- Installation of temporary facilities and controls;
- Installation of sediment and storm water management controls;
- Completion of an underground utility survey.

3.2.1 <u>Temporary Facilities</u>

The Contractor initiated installation of the temporary facilities and controls at the Site as needed. This included temporary fencing, a decontamination pad and sanitation facilities.

3.2.2 <u>Temporary Utilities</u>

A temporary field office trailer was set up in the ground floor utility room of Building 4 at the Site during construction activities that provided temporary electrical utilities. Municipal potable water was obtained from a garden hose connected to Building 1 for use during drilling activities.

3.2.3 Site Security

A temporary perimeter construction fence with a locking gate was installed around the work area. Access to and from the work area was gained through an opening in the fencing that was closed and secured at the end of the work day. Only persons associated with the project were allowed admission to the work area. A sign-in sheet was maintained as a log of personnel on-site. No security incidents occurred during performance of the work.

3.2.4 <u>Storm Water, Erosion and Sediment Controls</u>

The Contractor installed sediment and storm water management controls at the Site including the installation of poly sheeting over a storm drain in the vicinity of work.

3.2.5 <u>Underground Utility Survey</u>

All underground utility work associated with any public or private utility services was initiated under a Dig Safe New York 811 request placed on September 13, 2021 (Call Ticket: 09131-001-722-00) by Summit Drilling Co. (Summit). The well locations were offset approximately three feet to the east to avoid a sewer line located in the proximity of the proposed location of the injection well IW-1. Summit hand cleared all five monitoring well/injection well locations to a depth of approximately 2 feet bgs prior to conducting well drilling activities.

3.3 Health and Safety

A site-specific HASP was prepared by Summit Drilling Co. in accordance with the requirements of the Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) for work conducted at the Site. The HASP was prepared to provide site-specific health and safety information, as well

as to provide minimum procedures for worker and community protection. All activities conducted as part of the remedy were implemented in accordance with the HASP.

3.3.1 <u>Personal Protective Equipment</u>

The level of PPE used during the performance of the work was Level D, including site preparation, drilling, groundwater sampling and injections. Level D required donning of field clothes, hard hats, safety glasses, safety shoes and gloves.

3.3.2 <u>Air Monitoring</u>

A Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) was implemented as part of the air monitoring program during all ground-intrusive work. Two perimeter air monitoring stations (one upwind and one downwind) were setup to continuously monitor air quality at the perimeter of the Site. Each station was equipped with a dust meter and organic vapor meter. The meters were setup to output results based on a 15-minute real-time average. The stations were positioned based on the current weather conditions.

Fugitive visible dust was a concern during the drilling activities. Particulate levels exceeded the action levels of 0.1 milligrams per cubic meter (mg/m³) requiring implementation of dust control measures on two occasions on September 28, 2021 and on one occasion on September 29, 2021. On all three occasions, mitigation measures were immediately taken to address the migration of dust from the work area. Based on the CAMP monitoring data, at no time during the work was the perimeter action level of 5 ppm for VOCs exceeded. A copy of the air monitoring data recorded is provided in **Appendix D**. Daily Field Activity Reports for the work completed are provided in **Appendix E**.

3.3.3 Decontamination

Personnel decontamination procedures were performed in accordance with the HASP and were specific to the Level of PPE used to perform the work, as well as type(s) of hazardous substances encountered while performing the work. Drilling equipment was decontaminated prior to moving between each well location using a hot water pressure washer within the temporary decontamination pad. Non-dedicated sampling equipment was decontaminated using an alconox solution and a clean water rinse. Water generated during decontamination procedures was transferred to and contained in 55-gallon drums.

3.4 Reagent Injection

The groundwater remedial activities were initiated on September 20, 2021. Summit, the Driller, mobilized to the Site to prepare for the installation of the injection and groundwater monitoring wells and for the injection of chemical reagent. Daily Field Activity Reports for the work completed are provided in **Appendix E**. The following provides a description of the work completed. Prior to conducting well drilling activities, a rectangular section of asphalt at each location was saw cut and removed to provide access to the subsurface materials.

3.4.1 <u>Bedrock Coring</u>

Continuous rock cores were collected from well locations IW-1, MW-6 and MW-7. An eight-inch diameter hollow stem auger was used to drill into shallow bedrock at each location. Bedrock was encountered at depths ranging between 3 feet and 7.5 feet below ground surface at the well locations as shown on **Table 3-1** (below). The hollow stem auger was left in place to serve as a temporary casing during the performance of rock coring. A NX-wireline coring system was utilized to collect the continuous core samples from each location. Potable water was utilized during the coring process. Upon completion of the coring, the borehole was filled with cement/bentonite grout to ground surface and the area was restored with asphalt. Based on a review of the bedrock cores, fracture zones were noted to between 15 and 30 feet below ground surface in each of the bedrock cores and therefore the depth of the injection and monitoring wells remained as proposed at 30 feet below ground surface. Boring logs are provided in **Appendix F**.

Table 3-1

	Depth to	Well Inner		Screen
Well ID	Bedrock (feet bgs)	Diameter (inches)	Well Depth (feet btor)	Length (feet)
MW-6	5	2	29.68	15
MW-7	7	2	29.86	15
MW-8	4	2	29.32	15
MW-9	3	2	29.68	15
IW-1	7.5	2	30.30	15

Monitoring/Injection Well Construction Details

Notes:

1. Well depths presented in this table were measured below top of riser (btor) following well development and prior to conducting pre-injection sampling activities on October 18, 2021.

3.4.2 Injection/Monitoring Well Installation

For the drilling of the injection and monitoring wells, a ten-inch diameter tricone roller bit was used to drill through the overburden to the top of bedrock. A ten-inch diameter conductor pipe was installed in the borehole from ground surface to the top of bedrock. A ten-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill through the bedrock to 8 to10 feet below ground surface. A six-inch diameter steel casing was installed within the ten-inch diameter borehole and the annulus was filled with cement/bentonite grout. After the cement/bentonite grout was allowed to cure for minimum time of 24-hours, a six-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill through bedrock from the bottom elevation of the steel surface casing to approximately 30feet below ground surface. A two-inch diameter PVC well screen and riser was installed within the borehole. The well screen was placed approximately 15 to 30 feet below ground surface. Gravel pack consisting of No. 2 well filter pack was placed in the annular space outside of the screen and riser from six inches below the screen to two feet above the screen. No. 00 filter pack was placed from the top of the No. 2 filter pack to six inches above the No. 2 filter pack. A bentonite seal, consisting of bentonite pellets and added potable water, was installed in the well annulus from the top of the No. 00 filter pack to two feet above the No. 00 filter pack. The bentonite seal was allowed to hydrate for at least one hour prior to grouting the well annulus with cement/bentonite grout. Approval to install six inches of No. 00 filter pack in the well anulus between the No. 2 filter pack and the bentonite seal for all the wells was provided verbally by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) project manager. Every well location was finished with a new 8-inch steel flush mount road box installed in a concrete pad that extended on all sides to the surrounding asphalt. Monitoring Well Construction Logs are provided in **Appendix F**.

3.4.3 Injection/Monitoring Well Development

The new injection and monitoring wells installed were developed between October 4, 2021 and October 5, 2021. Development included over-pumping with a submersible pump. A minimum of five well volumes was removed from each of the wells. Water generated during well development activities was transferred to and stored in 55-gallon drums.

3.4.4 Pre-Injection Groundwater Monitoring

Seven days after well development, groundwater samples were collected from the injection well (IW-1) and groundwater monitoring wells MW-4, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9. Groundwater level and total well depth measurements were obtained from each of the wells sampled except for MW-4. Groundwater levels were not measured from MW-4 due to the difficulty of collecting water levels from the positive displacement case hole samplers. Static water level measurements were made to the nearest 0.01 foot using a fixed reference point (top of 2-inch PVC riser). Prior to collection of groundwater level measurements, the headspace of the well was measured with a photoionization detector (PID) as soon as the well plug was removed. Downhole instruments were decontaminated between each measurement location. Groundwater samples were collected using low flow sampling procedures from the each of wells sampled except MW-4. Before the groundwater samples were collected from the injection well, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 field quality indicator parameters were monitored and allowed to stabilize. Stabilization is considered to be achieved when three consecutive readings are within the following limits:

- Turbidity 10% for values greater than 5 NTU, < 5 NTU is considered stabilized;
- Dissolved Oxygen 10% for values greater than 0.5 mg/L, < 0.5 mg/L is consider the stabilized;
- Specific Conductance 3%;

- $pH \pm 0.1$ unit;
- Oxidation/Reduction Potential ±10 millivolts.

The groundwater samples from MW-4 were collected in a similar manner and intervals as the June/July 2021 groundwater sampling event, which consisted of purging a calculated volume of water from each sampling interval and then recording field parameters. The well construction log and sampling procedures for MW-4 are included in the Predesign Investigation Summary Report (Holt, 2022). Collected groundwater samples were submitted to EurofinsTest America of Buffalo, New York a New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) certified laboratory for the following analysis:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
- Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
- Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
- Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
- Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
- Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
- Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method175);
- Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2;
- Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A; and
- Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D.

The results of the pre-injection field water quality indicator parameters are provided in **Table 3-2**. Laboratory analytical results are presented in **Table 3-3**. Laboratory analytical data package (SDG: J191067) is provided in **Appendix G**. Data validation checklist/report are provided in **Appendix H**. As shown on **Table 3-2**, pH ranged from 6.49 to 11.76, ORP ranged from -32 to 162 mV, specific conductivity ranged from 0.855 to 1.86 mS/cm, turbidity ranged from 0 to 283 NTUs and dissolved oxygen ranged from 0.1 to 8.15 mg/L.

3.4.5 Reagent Injection

AWT Environmental Services, Inc. performed the reagent injections at the Site. Prior to performing the reagent injection, spill containment was set up surrounding the trailer containing all stored liquids and equipment. The injection system was then tested with water prior to utilizing any reagents in the system. The initial startup allowed for system checking including any leaks in the piping, fittings, valves, flow meters or pumps. A leak check was conducted with a recirculating line set with restriction to gain pressure. Following the completion of the initial startup and potable water injection to prime the system, field personnel mixed the Regenesis 3DME/S-MZVI reagents in batches consisting of 4 gallons of 3DME, 2 gallons of S-MZVI and 150 gallons of potable water. This ratio varied slightly from the proposed design mix ratio of 3.9 gallons of 3DME and 1.6 gallons of S-MZVI for every 150 gallons of potable water. Injections were initiated on October 27, 2021 and continued through October 28, 2021.

The mixed 3DME/S-MZVI reagent was immediately pumped into the injection well. During the injection process, the following injection parameters were monitored and recorded: flow rate, injection pressure and injection volume. Injection began at a slow rate and the injection rate was increased based upon the injection pressure and system response. The injection flow rate ranged of from 3.6 to 10.56 gallons per minute (gpm) with an average flow rate of 7.5 gpm. The injection pressures ranged from 12 to 28 pounds per square inch (psi) with an average injection pressure of 21.79 psi. The system was checked continuously for leaks and proper operation. The total volume of 3DMe/SMZVI/potable water reagent mixture was 1905 gallons. Following these reagent injections, 31 gallons of deoxygenated water was used to rinse the mix tank and lines and pumped into the injection well.

3-8

Table 3-2

Harbor View Square 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York Pre-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

		Depth to Static Water Level (feet below	Temperature	н	Oxidation Reduction Potential	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens	Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per
Well ID	Date	top of riser)	(°C)	рн	(millivolts)	per centimeter)	(NIUS)	liter)
MW-4_1	3/4/2021	9.67	11.74	7.77	59	1.86	92.2	7.69
MW-4_1	6/30/2021		22.8	7.10	162	1.76	260.0	2.14
MW-4_2	3/4/2021	11.2	11.03	7.63		1.81	41.1	6.62
MW-4_2	6/30/2021		20.64	7.07	152	1.61	73.4	2.47
MW-4_3	3/4/2021	11.59	10.42	7.60	66	1.57	105.0	8.15
MW-4_3	6/30/2021		22.46	7.01	39	1.36	112.0	0.53
MW-4_4	3/4/2021	11.78	9.32	7.93	54	1.44	67.2	5.45
MW-4_4	6/30/2021		22.49	6.49	57	1.43	53.5	0.10
MW-4_5	3/4/2021	13.01	9.46	7.94	54	1.43	9.6	6.09
MW-4_5	6/30/2021		22.19	6.49	-32	1.70	73.4	0.89
IW-1	10/19/2021	9.84	19.48	7.47	132	1.14	0.0	0.52
IW-1	10/27/2021	8.61	13.85	9.00	136	0.895	6.8	3.36
MW-6	10/19/2021	9.22	17.71	10.47	54	0.855	0.0	2.40
MW-6	10/27/2021	9.38	15.58	9.96	14	1.08	2.2	1.93
MW-7	10/18/2021	13.14	18.05	9.51	86	0.99	23.3	4.01
MW-7	10/27/2021	9.61	14.78	11.76	-24	1.29	0.0	5.82
MW-8	10/18/2021	16.93	16.58	7.40	137	1.19	3.1	2.72
MW-8	10/27/2021	11.98	16.08	7.82	142	1.24	283.0	4.81
MW-9	10/19/2021	9.98	19.15	7.29	110	1.18	0.0	2.20
MW-9	10/27/2021	8.99	15.77	7.85	150	1.2	0.0	3.03

* Groundwater quality parameters were not measured from MW-4 during the October 18-19, 2021 groundwater sampling event. ---- Water levels not measured due to limitations with pdCHD and standard water level meters.

Table 3-3

Harbor View Square

68 West First Street, Oswego, New York

Pre-Injection Groundwater Monitoring Well Analytical Results

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	IW-1 10/19/21	MW-4_1 (15-20) 10/18/21	MW-4_2 (25-30) 10/18/21	MW-4_3 (35-40) 10/18/21	MW-4_4 (42-47) 10/19/21	MW-4_5 (50-53) 10/19/21	MW-6 10/19/21	MW-7 10/18/21	MW-8 10/18/21	MW-9 10/19/21	NYSDEC Class GA Standard or Guidance Value
VOCs in ug/l 1 1-Dichloroethene				441	56 /	981					5
Cis-1.2-Dichloroethylene	140	230	320	270	270	350 <u>5</u>	1200	2000	250	250	5
Tetrachloroethylene	<u></u> U	<u></u> U	<u>U</u>	<u></u> U	<u></u>	<u></u> U	<u>U</u>	<u></u> U	<u></u> U	<u></u> U	5
Trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	5
Trichloroethylene	890	1200	910	780	820	600	200	1200	25	19	5
Vinyl Chloride	U	U	U	<u>17</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>110</u>	82	<u>110</u>	55	<u>100</u>	2
Other in ug/l											
Acetylene	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.57 J	U	U	
Ethane	0.41 J	U	0.34 J	0.34 J	U	0.38 J	0.41 J	0.72 J	0.78 J	1.1	
Ethene	U	0.28 J	0.71 J	0.86 J	0.48 J	6.0	2.2	2.1	1.8	6.4	
Methane	4.8	9.3	25	24	4.2	61	64	13	22	61	
METALS in mg/l											
Arsenic	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.025
Barium	0.39	<u>1.3</u>	0.71	<u>1.3</u>	0.78	0.69	0.096	0.27	0.39	0.20	1
Cadmium	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.005
Chromium	U	0.0020 J	0.0013 J	0.0026 J	0.0013 J	U	0.028	0.0021 J	0.0015 J	U	0.05
Lead	U	0.0078 J	0.0061 J	0.0075 J	0.0055 J	U	U	U	U	U	0.025
Selenium	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.01
Silver	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.05
Mercury	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.0007
Ferric Iron	U	0.85	0.44	1.4	0.62	0.51	U	0.12	0.28	0.22	
Ferrous Iron	UJ	UJ	UJ	UJ	ÛĴ	UJ	UJ	UJ	UJ	UJ	
General Chemisty in mg/l											
Alkalinity, bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	176	185	193	181	198	212	52.7	82.4	206	236 T	
Alkalinity, carbonate (as CaCO3)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
Alkalinity, hydroxide (as CaCO3)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
Alkalinity, total (as CaCO3)	176	185	193	181	198	212	52.7	82.4	206	236 T	
Chloride (as Cl)	245	234	<u>260</u>	247	246	<u>347</u>	164	223	203	212	250
Nitrogen, nitrate (as N)	0.33	0.61	0.24	0.36	0.41	0.030 J	0.060	0.035 J	0.064	0.041 J	10
Nitrogen, nitrate-nitrite	0.37	0.64 B	0.27 B	0.39 B	0.41	0.078	0.12	0.035 BJ	0.098 B	0.075	10
Nitrogen, nitrite	0.045 BJ	0.032 BJ	0.033 BJ	0.032 BJ	U	0.048 BJ	0.060 B	UB	0.034 BJ	0.034 BJ	1
Sulfate (as SO4)	49.7	48.6	44.2	43.1	46.6	51.7	56.2	66.4	81.6	80.4	250
Sulfide	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.05
Dissolved Organic Carbon	3.5	4.8	4.1	4.5	19.3	9.1	3.7	3.2	3.8	3.5	
Total Organic Carbon	4.3	6.8	5.2	17.8	13.8	10.4	4.9	3.4	4.3	4.3	
Footnotes/Qualifiers: U: Analyzed for but not detected											

ug/I: Micrograms per liter mg/l: Milligrams per liter

J: Estimated value or limit

H: Bias High

UB Non detect based on blank results

Exceeds Class GA Standard or Guidance Value



J:_HazWaste\5277 (Synapse Risk Management)\Task 1 (Harbor View Square)\FER\Groundwater CCR\Tables\Revised Tables_FEB 22\Parent Files\Table 3-3_Presumed Validated.xls

Following the injections identified above, deoxygenated water was simultaneously pumped with the BDI into the injection well. The BDI was injected at a pressure of 20 pounds per square inch from a temperature-maintained culture keg with nitrogen gas, and the deoxygenated water was injected at a pressure of 18 pounds per square inch from a separate tank. After injecting all 18 liters of the BDI, it was determined that the total volume of BDI/deoxygenated water injected was 65 gallons or an approximate ratio of 3 liters of BDI to 10 gallons of deoxygenated water. This varied considerably from the proposed design mix of 1 liter of BDI to 10 gallons of deoxygenated water was pumped into the injection well. The details associated with the injection including the volume of material injected and the flow rates and injection pressures are provided in the **Table 3-4**.

During the injection of the chemical reagents, field water quality indicator parameters (i.e., temperature, ORP, conductivity, pH, DO and turbidity) were monitored from monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9. In addition, depth to water was also measured in each of these wells. A table summarizing the monitoring activities is presented in **Table 3-5**. As shown, each of the surrounding wells showed a rise in the water table during the injections with MW-6, MW-8 and MW-9 having water levels rise close to the ground surface. On October 27, 2021 packers were inserted in MW-6 and in MW-9 and on October 28, 2021 packers were inserted in MW-6, MW-9 and MW-8 to prevent water overflowing from the top of the well risers. Specific conductivity and pH within the wells remained relatively stable. Oxidation reduction potential (ORP) decreased significantly in all four monitoring wells indicating that the water quality went from an oxidizing environment to a reducing environment. Dissolved oxygen also decreased in three of the wells with it remaining fairly stable in MW-7. A reducing environment is needed to have anerobic biodegradation of the VOCs. Turbidity increased which is also shown by the appearance change from clear to cloudy in most wells.

3.4.6 Post Injection Groundwater Monitoring

Post injection groundwater monitoring occurred approximately 30-, 60- and 90-days following the completion of the reagent injection program. Groundwater samples were collected from the injection well and the four groundwater monitoring wells and existing well MW-4. Prior

to groundwater sampling, groundwater level measurements were obtained from each of the wells, except for MW-4 due to the difficulty of collecting elevations from the positive displacement case hole samplers. All water level measurements were made using a fixed reference point at each measurement location. In addition, prior to collection of groundwater level measurements, the headspace of the well was measured utilizing a PID as soon as the well cover was opened. Downhole instruments were decontaminated between each measurement location. The static water level was measured to the nearest 0.01 foot. Groundwater samples from the wells were collected using low-flow sampling procedures. Field water quality indicator parameters (i.e., temperature, ORP, conductivity, pH, DO and turbidity) were monitored for stabilization. The groundwater samples from MW-4 were collected in a similar manner and intervals as the June/July 2021 groundwater sampling event, which consisted of purging a calculated volume of water from each sampling interval and then recording field parameters. Collected groundwater samples were submitted to Test America of Buffalo, New York a New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) certified laboratory for the following analysis:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
- Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
- Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
- Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
- Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
- Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
- Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175);
- Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2;
- Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A; and
- Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D.
Table 3-4Harbor View Square68 West First Street, Owwego, New YorkReagent Injection Details

Well ID	Date	Time		ie	3DME/S-MZVI Injectate Mix: 150 gal water, 4 gal 3DME and 2 gal S-MZVI. (gallons)	Anaerobic Rinse Water Injected (gallons)	BDI Plus Injectate Mix: 3 Liters of BDI Plus and 10 gal. of Anaerobic Water (gallons)	Anaerobic Water Injected (gallons)	Flow Rate (gallons per minute)	Injection Pressure (pounds per square inch)
IW-1	10/27/2021	10:38	to	11:20	161				5	12
IW-1	10/27/2021	11:56	to	12:51	170				6.4	20
IW-1	10/27/2021	13:39	to	14:08	154				3.6	18
IW-1	10/27/2021	14:31	to	14:58	162				8.16	21
IW-1	10/27/2021	15:20	to	15:40	150				7.2	25
IW-1	10/27/2021	16:02	to	16:25	149				7.36	22
IW-1	10/27/2021	16:49	to	17:04	153				10.56	28
IW-1	10/28/2021	8:39	to	8:56	150				10	28
IW-1	10/28/2021	9:19	to	9:56	194				7	16
IW-1	10/28/2021	10:20	to	10:45	156				8.2	24
IW-1	10/28/2021	11:07	to	11:37	156				6.4	21
IW-1	10/28/2021	12:01	to	12:34	150	31			8.8	25
IW-1	10/28/2021	13:05	to	13:20			65			20
IW-1	10/28/2021	13:20	to	14:03				99	8.8	25
	-	Total	-	•	1905	31	65	99		
		Averag	ge						7.50	21.79

Notes:

1. Injectate mix for 3DME/S-MZVI varied slighly from the proposed design mix of 150 gal. of water, 3.9 gal. of 3DME, and 1.6 gal. of S-MZVI.

2. Injectate mix for BDI Plus varied from the proposed design mix of 1 liter of BDI Plus per 9.75 gal. of anaerobic water.

3. Following injecting the 18 liters of BDI Plus, the remaining anaerobic water was injected into IW-1.

Table 3-5Harbor View Square68 West First Street, Oswego, New YorkField Water Quality Indicator Parameters During Injection

			Depth to Water (ft			Oxidation Reduction	Specific Conductivity		Dissolved	
			below top of	Temp.		Potential	(milliSiemens/	Turibidity	Oxygen	
Well ID	Date	Time	riser)	(°C)	pН	(millivolts)	centimeter)	(NTUs)	(mg/l))	Appearance
MW-6	10/27/2021	8:30	9.38	15.58	9.96	14	1.08	2.2	1.93	Clear
MW-6	10/27/2021	10:45	8.88	17.84	10.15	69	0.9	80.7	3.11	
MW-6	10/27/2021	11:49	11.54	17.26	9.89	38	0.998	35.3	2.96	
MW-6	10/27/2021	12:50	10.97	19.34	8.71	86	1.04	2	2.03	
MW-6	10/27/2021	13:08	10.73							
MW-6	10/27/2021	14:05	10.5							
MW-6	10/27/2021	14:11	10.22							
MW-6	10/27/2021	14:33	9.81							
MW-6	10/27/2021	15:02	5.18	19.64	8.62	-157	1.1	1000	0.58	
MW-6	10/27/2021	17:38	0	17.15	8.96	-224	1.79	1000	1.05	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-6	10/28/2021	8:00	8.38	18.09	8.44	-319	1.53	1000	2.53	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-6	10/28/2021	14:53	3.16	18.59	8.34	-322	2.23	1000	0.75	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-7	10/27/2021	8:20	9.61	14.78	11.76	-24	1.29	0.0	5.82	Clear
MW-7	10/27/2021	11:05	11.26							
MW-7	10/27/2021	11:45	11.1	16.92	10.88	36	1.05	61.6	6.32	
MW-7	10/27/2021	12:50	11.38							
MW-7	10/27/2021	13:35	11.23	18.88	11.14	9	1.05	108.0	5.56	
MW-7	10/27/2021	14:10	11.99	19.46	11.24	-17	1.01	106.0	4.60	
MW-7	10/27/2021	15:16	12.11	19.64	11.26	-19	0.962	91.1	4.00	
MW-7	10/27/2021	15:27	13.26							
MW-7	10/27/2021	15:40	12.81							
MW-7	10/27/2021	16:11	12.33							
MW-7	10/27/2021	16:27	11.76							
MW-7	10/27/2021	16:56	11.29	17.57	11.73	-38	1.28	39.0	4.15	Clear
MW-7	10/28/2021	8:14	9.48	17.42	11.89	-63	1.39	56.3	5.05	Clear
MW-7	10/28/2021	8:30	10.47							
MW-7	10/28/2021	9:58	9.89							
MW-7	10/28/2021	10:50	9.13							
MW-7	10/28/2021	12:12	7.92							
MW-7	10/28/2021	12:48	7.28	18.51	12.01	-71	1.51	1.0	3.75	
MW-7	10/28/2021	14:10	5.71	18.22	11.85	-164	1.44	194.0	5.65	White Haze

Table 3-5Harbor View Square68 West First Street, Oswego, New YorkField Water Quality Indicator Parameters During Injection

			Depth to Water (ft	_		Oxidation Reduction	Specific Conductivity		Dissolved	
Well ID	Data	Time	below top of	Temp.		Potential (millivalta)	(milliSiemens/	Turibidity	Oxygen	A nn comon co
Well ID		11me	riser)	(°C)	рн	(millivoits)	centimeter)	(NTUS)	(mg /I))	Appearance
MW-8	10/27/2021	8:50	11.98	16.08	/.82	142	1.24	283	4.81	Light colored turbidity
MW-8	10/27/2021	11:10	11.84	17.07	7.(2	115	1.00	1.42	2.07	
MW-8	10/27/2021	11:36	10.98	17.26	/.63	115	1.22	143	3.07	
MW-8	10/27/2021	12:50	10.41			1.0.5	1.10			
MW-8	10/27/2021	13:25	10.04	19.21	7.72	106	1.18	210	4.03	
MW-8	10/27/2021	14:19	10.30	19.64	8.63	115	1.17	145	3.35	
MW-8	10/27/2021	14:27	9.23							
MW-8	10/27/2021	15:40	9.49							
MW-8	10/27/2021	16:13	8.44							
MW-8	10/27/2021	16:27	7.96							
MW-8	10/27/2021	17:03	6.78	17.59	8.88	79	1.24	136	3.04	White Cloudy
MW-8	10/28/2021	8:21	7.43	18.2	8.77	92	1.22	57.2	2.18	Tan Cloudy
MW-8	10/28/2021	9:03	7.58							
MW-8	10/28/2021	9:58	5.54	18.58	7.59	120	1.23	59.4	1.8	
MW-8	10/28/2021	10:50	4.4	19.35	7.46	49	1.26	44.9	2.44	
MW-8	10/28/2021	12:40	1.17	19.15	7.35	-3	1.26	145	1.27	
MW-8	10/28/2021	14:36	1	18.03	7.75	-81	1.41	701	0.65	Dark Turbidity
MW-9	10/27/2021	9:15	8.99	15.77	7.85	150	1.2	0	3.03	Clear
MW-9	10/27/2021	11:12	4.89							
MW-9	10/27/2021	11:28	3.38	16.49	8.53	54	1.15	318	2.00	
MW-9	10/27/2021	12:50	1.49							
MW-9	10/27/2021	13:15	2.23	19.52	8.11	107	1.13	995	2.81	
MW-9	10/27/2021	17:28	0.00	17.13	7.94	-37	1.34	1000	1.21	Dark turbidity
MW-9	10/28/2021	8:21	8.35	17.18	7.9	66	1.17	180	2.63	Clear
MW-9	10/28/2021	14:25	0.00	18.69	8.54	-100	1.23	1000	0.26	Dark Tubidity

Historical VOC analytical results and VOC analytical results from the pilot study monitoring activities are presented on **Figure 3-1**. The results of the pre-injection and 30-, 60- and 90-day pre- and post-injection field water quality indicator parameters are presented in **Table 3-6** and pre- and post-injection groundwater monitoring well analytical results are presented in **Table 3-7**. Laboratory analytical data packages are provided in **Appendix G** (Pre-Injection SDG: 480-1191067-1, 30-day SDG: J192911, 60-day SDGs: J193821 and J193853, 90-day SDG: J194530). Data validation checklists/reports are provided in **Appendix H**.

3.5 Off-Site Transportation and Disposal of Materials

All spent cuttings, drillings, drilling fluids, flushing water and development water were stored in DOT-approved 55-gallon "open top" drums located near the well during well construction. No cuttings, or water were allowed to flow on the site surface. At the completion of the work day, all materials were contained in the 55-gallon drums. Approximately 470 gallons of water was generated during well installation, development and sampling activities and was subsequently discharged to the City of Oswego's sanitary sewer on November 12, 2021 and November 13, 2021 in accordance with the City of Oswego Wastewater Discharge Permit for Temporary Discharge issued to the Volunteer based on historical analytical results. Drill cuttings generated during well installation were containerized, sampled, and disposed off-site in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Waste characterization included the analysis of one composite sample from the drill cuttings in the drums. All waste sampling was performed in accordance with the requirements of the selected disposal facility. The drill cuttings were transferred from the 55-gallon drums to a dump truck and transported by a Part 364 waste transporter for disposal at Bristol Hill Landfill in Fulton New York on February 15, 2022. The empty drums were placed in an onsite dumpster for recycling. Copies of the Part 364 waste transporter permit, waste manifest and associated analytical reports are provided in Appendix I. Used personal protective equipment, and disposable sampling equipment was disposed of offsite as municipal solid waste.



NYSDEC CLASS GA STANDARD OR						
GUIDANCE V	ALUE (UG/L)					
1,1-DCE	5					
Cis-1,2-DCE	5					
PCE	5					
Trans-1,2-DCE	5					
TCE	5					
Vinyl Chloride	2	1 /				
		Į.				

	SITE BOUNDARY
— st — 🗩	STORM SEWER (ARROW DEPICTS FLOW DIRECTION)
Всв	CATCH BASIN
@	MONITORING WELL
D	DOWNSTREAM DEFENDER

Table 3-6 Harbor View Square 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York Post-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

		Depth to Static Water Level			Oxidation Reduction	Specific Conductivity		Dissolved Oxygen	
		(feet below	Temperature		Potential	(milliSiemens	Turbidity	(milligrams per	
Well ID	Date	top of riser)	(°C)	pН	(millivolts)	per centimeter)	(NTUs)	liter)	Appearance/Observations
MW-4_1	11/12/2021		14.28	6.75	-97	0.341	22.9	9.47	Hazy Light Brown Turbidity
MW-4_1	11/30/2021		11.86	5.84	-153	1.630	13.7	4.36	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_1	12/29/2021		10.17	6.86	-156	1.650	10.2	4.62	Clear
MW-4_1	1/27/2022		9.08	7.25	-100	1.510	0.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_2	11/12/2021		14.24	6.74	-92	0.300	28.8	1.26	Hazy Light to Medium Brown Turbidty
MW-4_2	11/30/2021		10.66	6.00	-161	1.550	12.5	3.50	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_2	12/29/2021		12.54	6.65	-157	1.940	14.6	5.62	Meduium Turbidity, Medium Sheen
MW-4_2	1/27/2022		9.69	7.11	-87	1.650	0.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_3	11/12/2021		14.51	6.79	-104	0.364	78.5	9.84	Greyish Brown Tubidity with Bacterial Sheen
MW-4_3	11/30/2021		10.66	5.92	-158	1.750	25.3	3.92	Medium Turbidity, Moderate Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_3	12/29/2021		11.93	6.65	-159	1.910	14.9	4.67	Dark Turbidity, Medium Sheen
MW-4_3	1/27/2022		12.20	6.86	-81	1.650	0.0	0.27	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_4	11/12/2021		14.34	6.02	-104	2.170	428.0	0.00	Dark Grey Turbidty
MW-4_4	11/30/2021		11.37	5.91	-165	1.750	18.8	8.04	Dark Turbidity, Heavy Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_4	12/29/2021		11.02	6.56	-153	1.990	15.2	10.80	Dark Turbidity, Heavy Sheen
MW-4_4	1/27/2022		8.94	7.03	-86	1.660	0.0	1.53	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_5	11/12/2021		14.22	5.93	-78	2.780	884.0	0.10	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-4_5	11/30/2021		11.19	5.70	-135	2.050	94.8	2.92	Very Dark Turbidity, Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_5	12/29/2021		12.01	6.12	-110	1.970	17.8	10.21	Very Light Turbidity, Light Sheen
MW-4_5	1/27/2022		11.50	6.22	18	1.550	0.0	0.43	Dark Turbidity
IW-1*	10/19/2021	10.19	19.48	7.47	132	1.140	0.0	0.52	Clear
IW-1	11/13/2021	9.40	15.29	7.94	-513	1.580	62.0	0.00	Hazy Green
IW-1	11/30/2021	10.58	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
IW-1	12/28/2021	10.93	13.95	7.14	-352	2.050	5.2	1.00	Sheen
IW-1	1/27/2022	11.35	10.05	7.64	-365	1.830	0.0	0.35	Greenish Yellow
MW-6*	10/19/2021	9.54	17.71	10.47	54	0.855	0.0	2.40	Clear
MW-6	11/13/2021	9.69	14.92	6.39	-459	2.540	523.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-6	11/30/2021	10.50	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear
MW-6	12/28/2021	10.96	12.83	6.03	-131	1.720	21.1	0.94	Sheen
MW-6	1/27/2022	11.00	11.04	6.78	-201	1.390	20.9	0.34	Clear
MW-7*	10/18/2021	12.91	17.94	9.51	86	0.990	23.3	4.01	Clear
MW-7	11/13/2021	9.42	14.39	9.00	-287	0.936	0.0	0.00	Clear
MW-7	11/30/2021	10.52	13.22	10.95	-234	1.140	0.9	0.38	Clear
MW-7	12/28/2021	12.20	14.80	9.60	-368	1.030	9.4	1.18	Clear
MW-7	1/27/2022	13.75	10.98	9.60	-283	0.868	0.0	0.46	Slighly Cloudy White
MW-8*	10/18/2021	15.72	16.58	7.40	137	1.190	3.1	2.72	Clear
MW-8	11/13/2021	5.50	14.40	6.78	-137	1.370	23.1	0.00	Clear
MW-8	11/30/2021	9.38	14.95	6.80	-283	1.300	9.5	0.32	Light Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
MW-8	12/29/2021	10.43	14.86	7.14	-229	1.540	12.2	0.82	Light Sheen
MW-8	1/27/2022	10.55	10.50	6.95	-148	1.440	3.9	0.00	Clear
MW-9*	10/19/2021	10.05	19.15	7.29	110	1.180	0.0	2.20	Clear
MW-9	11/13/2021	5.23	15.29	6.73	-72	1.230	196.0	0.00	White Haze w/ Some Turbidity
MW-9	11/30/2021	9.41	15.66	6.45	-184	1.470	61.7	0.34	Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cookin Oil Odor
MW-9	12/29/2021	11.99	15.80	5.67	-//	1.530	10.5	0.67	Sheen
MW-9	1/27/2022	12.75	9.40	6.07	-89	1.430	0.0	0.56	Clear

* Pre-Injection Water Quality Parameters shown for IW-1, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9.

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	IW-1 10/19/21	IW-1 11/30/21	IW-1 12/28/21	IW-1 01/27/22	MW-4_1 (15-20) 10/18/21	MW-4_1 (15-20) 11/30/21	MW-4_1 (15-20) 12/29/21	MW-4_1 (15-20) 01/27/22	NYSDEC Class GA Standard or Guidance Value
VOCs in ug/l									5
Cis-1 2-Dichloroethylene	140	96 /	170	03 /	230	1100 1	930	640 1	5
Tetrachloroethylene	<u>140</u>	<u> </u>	<u>110</u>	<u> </u>	<u>230</u>	<u>1100</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>040</u>	5
Trans-1 2-Dichloroethene	Ű	U U	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	U U	U U	5
Trichloroethylene	890	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	1200	20 J	Ŭ	53	5
Vinyl Chloride	U	<u>16</u> <u>J</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	U	<u>110</u> J	<u>240</u>	<u>140</u>	2
Other in ug/l									
Acetylene	U	U	U	U	U	1.2 J	U	U	
Ethane	0.41 J	160	94 J	160 J	U	24	32 J	21 J	
Ethene	U	150	77 J	120 J	0.28 J	44	110 J	130 J	
Methane	4.8	3900	1900 JD	4500 JD	9.3	1600	2500 D	3200 D	
METALS in mg/l									
Arsenic	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.025
Barium	0.39	<u>2.3</u>	<u>1.8</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>2.1</u>	1
Cadmium	U	0.00052 J	U	U	U	0.00055 J	U	U	0.005
Chromium	U	0	U	U	0.0020 J	U	U	U	0.05
Lead	U	0.014	0.011	0.0081 J	0.0078 J	0.0067 J	U	0	0.025
Selenium	U	<u>0.011</u> <u>J</u>	<u>0.013</u>	U	U	0	0	0	0.01
Silver	U	0	U	0	U	U	0		0.05
Forric Iron	0	116	79.1	80.0	0.85	36.4	15.5	17.5	0.0007
Ferrous Iron		13.7.1	17.8 1	18.0	0.05	221	0.35 1	17.5	
	00	10.7 0	17.0 5	10.0 5	05	2.2 5	0.00 0	03	_
General Chemisty in mg/l									
Alkalinity, bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	176	739	56.6 J	321 J	185	360	289	311 J	
Alkalinity, carbonate (as CaCO3)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
Alkalinity, hydroxide (as CaCO3)	U U	700			U	U			
Alkalinity, total (as CaCO3)	176	739	56.6 J	321 J	185	360	289	311 J	
Chioride (as Ci) Nitrogen, pitrate (as Ni)	240	207	<u>207</u> 0.47	<u>301</u>	234	0.021	<u>297</u>	<u>337</u>	250
Nitrogen, nitrate (ds N)	0.33	0.037 J	0.47	00	0.01	0.021 J	0.038 J	0.020 J	10
Nitrogen nitrite	U.UT	0.037 5	0.045 1	111	U.U-4	0.021 J	0.030 J	0.020 J	1
Sulfate (as SO4)	49.7	U U	0.0+0.0	11	48.6	27.1	U U	49 .1	250
Sulfide	-10.1	U U	U U	U U	-0.0 []	2.7 0	U U		0.05
Dissolved Organic Carbon	35	580	427	329	48	162	112 J	84.4	
Total Organic Carbon	4.3	563	323	336	6.8	174	123 J	98.5	
	Foot	notes/Qualifiers:	ug/I: Micro	grams per liter		Analyzed for bu	it not detected		
			mg/I: Millig	rams per liter	J:	Estimated value	e or limit		
	Non detect base	sed on blank results							



J:_HazWaste\5277 (Synapse Risk Management)\Harbor View Square _ April 2022 Revisions_FINAL\GW CCR\Tables\10 +11 +12_2021_+01_2022_GW (v2)

D: Exceeded the calibration range reanalyzed and reported from a secondary dilution
Exceeds Class GA Standard or Guidance Value

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	MW-4_2 (25-30) 10/18/21	MW-4_2 (25-30) 11/30/21	MW-4_2 (25-30) 12/29/21	MW-4_2 (25-30) 01/27/22	MW-4_3 (35-40) 10/18/21	MW-4_3 (35-40) 11/30/21	MW-4_3 (35-40) 12/29/21	MW-4_3 (35-40) 01/27/22	NYSDEC Class GA Standard or Guidance Value
VOCs in ug/l					4.4.1				F
1,1-Dichloroethylene	320	880 1	800	510 1	4.4 J 270	270 1	710	680 1	5 5
Tetrachloroethvlene	<u>020</u> U	<u>000</u> U	U	<u>010</u> U	<u></u> U	<u>270</u> U	<u>110</u> U	<u>000</u>	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	U	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	U	Ŭ	Ŭ	5
Trichloroethylene	<u>910</u>	<u>25</u> <u>J</u>	U	U	<u>780</u>	<u>6.6</u> <u>J</u>	<u>7.1</u> J	U	5
Vinyl Chloride	U	<u>110</u> J	<u>190</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>50</u> J	<u>170</u>	<u>180</u>	2
Other in ug/l									
Acetylene	U	1.5 J	U	U	U	1.8 J	U	U	
Ethane	0.34 J	22	35 J	46 J	0.34 J	23	37 J	34 J	
Ethene	0.71 J	51	100 J	190 J	0.86 J	58	99 J	130 J	
Methane	25	1800	2800 D	6600 D	24	2000	3100 D	4800 D	
METALS in mg/l									
Arsenic	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.025
Barium	0.71	<u>2.3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2.2</u>	1
Cadmium		0	U	U		0	U	U	0.005
Chromium	0.0013 J	0.012	0 0044 1	0.0037.1	0.0026 J	0.010		0	0.05
Selenium		0.012	0.0044 J	0.0037 3	0.0075 5	0.010	0.0003 0	U U	0.025
Silver	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ű	Ŭ	Ű	U U	0.05
Mercury	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	0.0007
Ferric Iron	0.44	46.4	30.8	32.9	1.4	44.0	34.3	28.6	
Ferrous Iron	UJ	3.6 J	4.5 J	UJ	UJ	5.9 J	2.6 J	UJ	
General Chemisty in mg/l									
Alkalinity, bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	193	358	360	361 J	181	357	331	337 J	
Alkalinity, carbonate (as CaCO3)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
Alkalinity, hydroxide (as CaCO3)	U	U			U	U			
Alkalinity, total (as CaCO3)	193	358	360	361 J	181	357	331	337 J	
Chloride (as Cl)	<u>260</u>	<u>282</u>	<u>316</u>	<u>354</u>	247	<u>284</u>	<u>321</u>	<u>374</u>	250
Nitrogen, nitrate (as N)	0.24	0.074	0.14 J	UJ	0.30	0.039 J	0.14 J	UJ	10
Nitrogen, nitrate-nitrite	0.27 LIR	0.074	0.14 J	UJ	0.39	0.039 J ^+	0.14 J	00	10
Sulfate (as SO4)	44.2	0	U U	U U	43.1	U U	U U		250
Sulfide		U U	U U	U U		U U	U U	U U	0.05
Dissolved Organic Carbon	4.1	159	191 J	138	4.5	199	183 J	138	
Total Organic Carbon	5.2	189	197 J	176	17.8	204	204 J	140	
	Footnotes/Qualifiers: ug/I: Micrograms per liter U: Analyzed for but not detected								
		rams per liter	J:	Estimated value	e or limit				
			: No st	andard	UB:	Non detect base	ed on blank resu	ults	
			D: Exce	eded the calibra	tion range reana	lyzed and report	ed from a secor	ndary dilution	



Exceeds Class GA Standard or Guidance Value
J:_HazWaste\5277 (Synapse Risk Management)\Harbor View Square _ April 2022 Revisions_FINAL\GW CCR\Tables\10 +11 +12_2021_+01_2022_GW (v2)

VOCs in ug/l 5.6 J UJ U 9.8 J 1,1-Dichloroethene 270 780 J 720 450 J 350 Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene U U U U U U Tetrachloroethylene U U U U U U U Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene U U U U U U U Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene U U U U U U U U Trichloroethylene 820 21 J 7.4 J U 600 110	UJ <u>440</u> U U <u>15</u> <u>J</u> <u>1.6</u> J 1.6 J 12 76	U 210 U U 510 U 13 J	U 930 J U U 220	5 5 5 5 2
1,1-Dichloroethene 5.6 J UJ U U 9.8 J Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene 270 780 J 720 450 J 350 Tetrachloroethylene U U U U U U U Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene U U U U U U U Trichloroethylene 820 21 J 7.4 J U 600 Vinyl Chloride 14 110 J 140 110 110	1.6 J 12 76	U 210 U U 510 U 13 J	U 930 J U U U 220	5 5 5 5 2
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene 270 780 J 720 450 J 350 Tetrachloroethylene U U U U U U U U Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene U U U U U U U U Trichloroethylene 820 21 J 7.4 J U 600 Vinyl Chloride 14 110 J 140 110 110 110	1.6 J 12 76	210 U U 510 U 13 J	<u>930</u> U U U <u>220</u> U	5 5 5 2
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 0 <th>1.6 J 12 76</th> <th>U U <u>510</u> U 13 J</th> <th>220 U U</th> <th>5 5 2</th>	1.6 J 12 76	U U <u>510</u> U 13 J	220 U U	5 5 2
Trichloroethylene 820 21 J 7.4 J U 600 Vinyl Chloride 14 110 140 110 110 110	15 J 150 J 1.6 J 12 76	510 U 13 J	220 U	5 2
020 21 2 1.4 2 0 000 Vinyl Chloride 14 110 140 110 110	1.6 J 12 76	510 U 13 J	220 U	2
	1.6 J 12 76	U 13 J		
	1.6 J 12 76	U 13 J	U	
Other in ug/l	1.6 J 12 76	U 13 J	U	
Acetylene U 1.3 J U U U	12 76	13 J	00.1	
Ethane U 17 31 J 16 J 0.38 J	76		23 J	
Ethene 0.48 J 44 80 J 76 J 6.0		69 J	81 J	
Methane 4.2 1500 3000 D 4700 D 61	1200	2000 D	3900 D	
METALS in mg/l				
Arsenic U U U U U	U	U	U	0.025
Barium 0.78 <u>2.3</u> <u>2</u> <u>2.3</u> 0.69	<u>1.6</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>1.7</u>	1
Cadmium U 0.00053 J U U U	0.00061 J	U	U	0.005
Chromium 0.0013 J U U U U U	0.0034 J	U	U	0.05
Lead 0.0055 J 0.0080 J 0.0055 J 0.0046 J U	0.011	0.012	U	0.025
Selenium 0 0 0 0 0	U	U	U	0.01
	U	U	U	0.05
		0	U	0.0007
Ferric iron 0.62 47.2 31.9 34.3 0.51	//.3	86.7	16.3	
rerrous iron UJ 2.9 J 5.7 J 0.12 J UJ	J 2.9 J	19.3 J	UJ	
General Chemisty in mg/l				
Alkalinity, bicarbonate (as CaCO3) 198 375 356 389 J 212	556	387	220 J	
Alkalinity, carbonate (as CaCO3) U U U U U	U	U	U	
Alkalinity, hydroxide (as CaCO3) U U U	U		U	
Alkalinity, total (as CaCO3) 198 375 356 389 J 212	556	387	220 J	
Chloride (as Cl) 246 <u>282 316 373 347</u>	<u>265</u>	<u>278</u>	<u>445</u>	250
Nitrogen, nitrate (as N) 0.41 U 0.13 J 0.042 J 0.030 J	0.026 J	0.59 J	UJ	10
Nitrogen, nitrate-nitrite 0.41 0.076 0.13 J 0.042 J 0.078	0.026 J	0.67 J	UJ	10
Nitrogen, nitrite U 0.18 U U U	B U	0.076	U	1
Sulfate (as SO4) 46.6 U U U 51.7	8.5 J	U	2.0 J	250
Sulfide U U U U U	<u>1.2</u>	U	U	0.05
Dissolved Organic Carbon 19.3 209 205 J 164 9.1	1020	325 J	75.1	
Total Organic Carbon 13.8 209 202 J 169 10.4	927	334 J	69.9	
Footnotes/Qualifiers: ug/l: Micrograms per liter	U: Analyzed for bu	It not detected		
mg/I: Milligrams per liter	J: Estimated value	e or limit		



D: Exceeded the calibration range reanalyzed and reported from a secondary dilution

Exceeds Class GA Standard or Guidance Value

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	MW-6 10/19/21	MW-6 11/30/21	MW-6 12/28/21	MW-6 01/27/22	MW-7 10/18/21	MW-7 11/30/21	MW-7 12/28/21	MW-7 01/27/22	NYSDEC Class GA Standard or Guidance Value
VOCs in ug/I									-
1,1-Dichloroethene	U	0	U	0	0	UJ	0	0	5
CIS-1,2-DICITIOFOEthylene	<u>1200</u>	<u>1600</u> <u>J</u>	<u>3800</u>	<u>2700 J</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1600</u> <u>J</u>	<u>2500</u>	<u>3100 J</u>	5
Tetrachioroethylene	U	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	5
Trichloroethylene	200	0	U	0	1200	620 1	200	230	5
Vinvl Chloride	82	220 1	760	540	110	88 1	92	80	2
	<u>02</u>	220 5	<u>700</u>	<u>040</u>	<u>-110</u>	<u>00</u> <u>0</u>	<u>52</u>	00	2
Other in ua/l									
Acetylene	U	U	U	1.0 J	0.57 J	1.0 J	1.1 J	1.4 J	
Ethane	0.41 J	55	46 J	46 J	0.72 J	UB	U	U	
Ethene	2.2	87	110 J	180 J	2.1	3.2	2.7 J	4.9 J	
Methane	64	3500	2600 D	3400 D	13	25	20	28	
METALS in mg/l						0.012	0.014	0.011	0.025
Arsenic	0.006	14	16	15	0.27	0.012 J	0.014 J	0.011 J	0.025
Cadmium	0.090	0.00063	<u>1.0</u>	<u>1.5</u>	0.27	0.20	0.3	0.41	0.005
Chromium	0.028	0.00003 J	U	0	0.0021 1	0.0013	0	0	0.005
Lead	0.020	0.012			0.00213	0.0013 3	U U	U U	0.03
Selenium	U U	0.012	0.0000 0	0.0000 0	U U	U	U U	U U	0.020
Silver	Ű		Ŭ	U U	U U	U U	U U	U U	0.05
Mercury	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	0.0007
Ferric Iron	Ŭ	86.8	63.8	33.3	0.12	Ŭ	0.1	Ŭ	
Ferrous Iron	UJ	17.2 J	3 J	0.44 J	UJ	UJ	UJ	1.7 J	
General Chemisty in mg/l									
Alkalinity, bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	52.7	577	365	294 J	82.4	121	63	67.6 J	
Alkalinity, carbonate (as CaCO3)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
Alkalinity, hydroxide (as CaCO3)	U	U			U	U 101			
Alkalinity, total (as CaCO3)	52.7	5/7	305	294 J	82.4	121	03	07.0 J	
Chioride (as Ci) Nitrogen, pitroto (as Ni)	104	240	<u>201</u> 0.41	<u>2/4</u>	223	100	194	203	250
Nitrogen, nitrate (ds N)	0.000	0.068 1	0.41	0.022 J	0.035 J	0	0	00	10
Nitrogen, nitrite	U.12	0.000 J	0.40	0.022 3			U U		10
Sulfate (as SO4)	56.2	0.10 5	0.000	U U	66.4	43.0	28.3	17.8	250
Sulfide	U	U U	U U	U U	U	-0.0 U	1.2	11.0	0.05
Dissolved Organic Carbon	3.7	512	193	178	3.2	15.2	23.8	17.0	
Total Organic Carbon	4.9	523	248	136	3.4	14.9	23.1	17.9	
	Footno	otes/Qualifiers:	ug/I: Micro	grams per liter	- U:	Analyzed for bu	t not detected	•	
	mg/l: Milligrams per liter J: Estimated value or limit								
			: No st	andard	UB:	Non detect base	ed on blank resu	ults	
			D: Exce	eded the calibra	ation range reana	alyzed and repor	ted from a seco	ndary dilution	



Exceeds Class GA Standard or Guidance Value

J:_HazWaste\5277 (Synapse Risk Management)\Harbor View Square _ April 2022 Revisions_FINAL\GW CCR\Tables\10 +11 +12_2021_+01_2022_GW (v2)

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	MW-8 10/18/21	MW-8 11/30/21	MW-8 12/29/21	MW-8 01/27/22	MW-9 10/19/21	MW-9 11/30/21	MW-9 12/29/21	MW-9 01/27/22	NYSDEC Class GA Standard or Guidance Value
VOCs in ug/l									5
Cis-1 2-Dichloroethylene	250	97	100	981	250	170 /	160	120 /	5
Tetrachloroethylene	<u>200</u>	<u> <u>57</u> <u>5</u></u>	<u>100</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>200</u>	<u> 770 5</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>120</u> <u>0</u>	5
Trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	U	U	Ŭ	Ŭ	U	5
Trichloroethylene	25	8.7 J	10	2.6 J	19 J	33	11	Ŭ	5
Vinyl Chloride	55	<u>26</u> <u>J</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>35</u> J	<u>41</u>	<u>26</u>	2
Other in ug/l									
Fthane	0.78.1	UB	1.1	16.1	11	32	2.1	59	
Ethene	1.8	36	47	76 .1	6.4	8.9	32	65 J	
Methane	22	27	160 J	480	61	100	460 J	1900 D	
METALS in mg/l									
Arsenic	U	0.017	0.012 J	0.014 J	U	0.018	0.019	0.024	0.025
Barium	0.39	0.60	1	<u>1.3</u>	0.20	0.57	1	<u>1.7</u>	1
Cadmium	U	0.00058 J	U	U	U	0.00056 J	U	U	0.005
Chromium	0.0015 J	U	0.0014 J	U	U	0.0023 J	U	U	0.05
Lead	U	U	U	U	U	0.0040 J	0.005 J	0.0047 J	0.025
Selenium	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.01
Silver	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.05
Mercury	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0.0007
Ferric Iron	0.28	2.7	4	7.3	0.22	7.9	7.2	29.6	
Ferrous Iron	UJ	UJ	UJ	UJ	UJ	0.54 J	18.6 J	7.1 J	
General Chemisty in mg/l									
Alkalinity, bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	206	347	380	457 J	236	466	483	465 J	
Alkalinity, carbonate (as CaCO3)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
Alkalinity, hydroxide (as CaCO3)	U	U			U	100			
Alkalinity, total (as CaCO3)	206	347	380	457 J	236	466	483	465 J	
Chloride (as Cl)	203	203	210	190	212	1/2	1/4	1//	250
Nitrogen, nitrate (as N)	0.064	0.023 J		0.027 J	0.041 J	0.026 J	0.33 J	UJ	10
Nitrogen, nitrate-nitrite	UB	0.023 J	0.025 J	0.027 J	0.075	0.026 J	U.37 J		10
Nill Ogen, millile Sulfata (ap. SO4)	01.6 UB		0.021 J	U 50 J	90 4 UB	0	0.043 J	0.098 J	1
Sulfide	01.0	0.0 J	11.3 09 1	5.9 J	00.4	20	0	00	200
Dissolved Organic Carbon	38	<u>2.0</u> 53.4	<u>0.0</u> <u>5</u> 48.2 1	52 0	35	235	224 1	183	0.05
Total Organic Carbon	4.3	44.2	41.1 J	50.2	4.3	233	294 J 291 J	278	
	Footn	otes/Qualifiers:	ug/I: Micro	grams per liter	U:	Analyzed for	but not detect	ed	
			mg/I: Millig	rams per liter	J:	Estimated val	ue or limit		
			: No st	andard	UB:	Non detect ba	ased on blank	results	



D: Exceeded the calibration range reanalyzed and reported from a secondary dilution

Exceeds Class GA Standard or Guidance Value

J:_HazWaste\5277 (Synapse Risk Management)\Harbor View Square _ April 2022 Revisions_FINAL\GW CCR\Tables\10 +11 +12_2021_+01_2022_GW (v2)

Harbor View Square 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York Groundwater Monitoring Well Anlaytical Results for PFAS

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	IW-1 10/19/21	IW-1 01/27/22	MW-4_1 (15-20) 10/18/21	MW-4_1 (15-20) 01/27/22	Preliminary Target Levels (PTL) / Drinkning Water Standards (DWS)
PFAS in ng/l					
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecane Sulfonate (8:2)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane Sulfonate (6:2)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
2-(N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido) acetic acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
N-Ethyl-N-((heptadecafluorooctyl)sulphonyl) glycine	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid	3.1	4.6	3.7	5.0	100 PTL
Perfluorobutyric Acid (PFBA)	6.1	U	5	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecane Sulfonic Acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecanoic Acid (PFDA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorododecanoic Acid (PFDoA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptane Sulfonate (PFHpS)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptanoic Acid (PFHpA)	1.3 J	1.3 J	0.96 J	1.2 J	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanesulfonic Acid	3.7	1.7 J	1.4 J	1.7 J	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA)	2	UB	2.3	UB	100 PTL
Perfluorononanoic Acid	0.44 J	UJ	0.49 J	0.37 J	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonamide (FOSA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid (PFOS)	5	0.8 J I	4.5	3.2	10 DWS
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	2.7	2.1	2.7	3.1	10 DWS
Perfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA)	1.8 J	3.9	1.5 J	2.5	100 PTL
Perfluorotetradecanoic Acid (PFTeA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTriA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroundecanoic Acid (PFUnA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Total PFAS	26.14	14.4	22.55	17.07	500 PTL

PTL: Preliminary Target Levels DWS: Drinkning Water Standards Footnotes/Qualifiers:

ng/l: Nanogram per liter

U: Analyzed for but not detected

UB: Non detect based on blank result

Harbor View Square 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York Groundwater Monitoring Well Anlaytical Results for PFAS

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	MW-4_2 (25-30) 10/18/21	MW-4_2 (25-30) 01/27/22	MW-4_3 (35-40) 10/18/21	MW-4_3 (35-40) 01/27/22	Preliminary Target Levels (PTL) / Drinkning Water Standards (DWS)
PFAS in ng/l					
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecane Sulfonate (8:2)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane Sulfonate (6:2)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
2-(N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido) acetic acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
N-Ethyl-N-((heptadecafluorooctyl)sulphonyl) glycine	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid	3.9	5.1	4.4	4.5	100 PTL
Perfluorobutyric Acid (PFBA)	5.5	U	5.1	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecane Sulfonic Acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecanoic Acid (PFDA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorododecanoic Acid (PFDoA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptane Sulfonate (PFHpS)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptanoic Acid (PFHpA)	1.2 J	1.3 J	1.3 J	1.1 J	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanesulfonic Acid	2.6	1.7 J	2.1	1.4 J	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA)	4.1	UB	10	UB	100 PTL
Perfluorononanoic Acid	0.53 J	U	0.62 J	U	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonamide (FOSA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid (PFOS)	4.9	2.8	4.4	2.5	10 DWS
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	3.1	2.8	2.8	3.0	10 DWS
Perfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA)	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.5	100 PTL
Perfluorotetradecanoic Acid (PFTeA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTriA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroundecanoic Acid (PFUnA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Total PFAS	28.43	16.1	32.92	15	500 PTL

PTL: Preliminary Target Levels DWS: Drinkning Water Standards

ng/l: Nanogram per liter

U: Analyzed for but not detected

UB: Non detect based on blank result

Harbor View Square 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York Groundwater Monitoring Well Anlaytical Results for PFAS

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	MW-4_4 (42-47) 10/19/21	MW-4_4 (42-47) 01/27/22	MW-4_5 (50-53) 10/19/21	MW-4_5 (50-53) 01/27/22	Preliminary Target Levels (PTL) / Drinkning Water Standards (DWS)
PFAS in ng/l					
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecane Sulfonate (8:2)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane Sulfonate (6:2)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
2-(N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido) acetic acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
N-Ethyl-N-((heptadecafluorooctyl)sulphonyl) glycine	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid	3.6	4.6	3.1	3.4	100 PTL
Perfluorobutyric Acid (PFBA)	4.2 J	U	3.5 J	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecane Sulfonic Acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecanoic Acid (PFDA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorododecanoic Acid (PFDoA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptane Sulfonate (PFHpS)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptanoic Acid (PFHpA)	1.1 J	1.3 J	1.1 J	0.96 J	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanesulfonic Acid	2.1	1.5 J	1.7 J	1.1 J	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA)	7.9	UB	11	UB	100 PTL
Perfluorononanoic Acid	0.44 J	U	0.49 J	0.35 J	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonamide (FOSA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid (PFOS)	3.9	2.9	4.1	2.7	10 DWS
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.3	10 DWS
Perfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA)	1.9	2.6	1.7 J	UB	100 PTL
Perfluorotetradecanoic Acid (PFTeA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTriA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroundecanoic Acid (PFUnA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Total PFAS	28.04	15.7	29.59	10.81	500 PTL

PTL: Preliminary Target Levels DWS: Drinkning Water Standards

ng/l: Nanogram per liter

U: Analyzed for but not detected

UB: Non detect based on blank result

Harbor View Square 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York Groundwater Monitoring Well Anlaytical Results for PFAS

Sample ID Sample Depth (BG) Sampling Date	MW-6 10/19/21	MW-6 01/27/22	MW-7 10/18/21	MW-7 01/27/22	Preliminary Target Levels (PTL) / Drinkning Water Standards (DWS)
PFAS in ng/l					
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecane Sulfonate (8:2)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane Sulfonate (6:2)	U	U	0.99 J	U	100 PTL
2-(N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido) acetic acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
N-Ethyl-N-((heptadecafluorooctyl)sulphonyl) glycine	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid	3.5	5.0	3.5	3.4	100 PTL
Perfluorobutyric Acid (PFBA)	5.3	U	7.5	5.1 J	100 PTL
Perfluorodecane Sulfonic Acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecanoic Acid (PFDA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorododecanoic Acid (PFDoA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptane Sulfonate (PFHpS)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroheptanoic Acid (PFHpA)	0.94 J	1.0 J	1.9	1.4 J	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanesulfonic Acid	4.9	3.5	4.9	2.5	100 PTL
Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA)	1.6 J	UB	2.9	UB	100 PTL
Perfluorononanoic Acid	0.51 J	U	0.68 J	0.61 J	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonamide (FOSA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid (PFOS)	6.8	2.9	3.7	3.6	10 DWS
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	3.1	3.3	4.3	3.8	10 DWS
Perfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA)	1.4 J	2.8 J	4	2.6	100 PTL
Perfluorotetradecanoic Acid (PFTeA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTriA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluoroundecanoic Acid (PFUnA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Total PFAS	28.05	18.5	34.37	23.01	500 PTL

PTL: Preliminary Target Levels DWS: Drinkning Water Standards Footnotes/Qualifiers:

ng/l: Nanogram per liter

U: Analyzed for but not detected

UB: Non detect based on blank result

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Table 3-7Harbor View Square68 West First Street, Oswego, New York

Groundwater Monitoring Well Anlaytical Results for PFAS

Sample I Sample Depth (BC Sampling Da	D MW-8 6) te 10/18/21	MW-8 01/27/22	MW-9 10/19/21	MW-9 01/27/22	Preliminary Target Levels (PTL) / Drinkning Water Standards (DWS)
7FAS in ng/l					
H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecane Sulfonate (8:2)	U	U	0	0	100 PTL
H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane Sulfonate (6:2)	U	U	0	2.5 J	100 PTL
-(N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamido) acetic acid	U	U	0.92 J	U	100 PTL
I-Ethyl-N-((heptadecafluorooctyl)sulphonyl) glycine	U	U	0.69 J	U	100 PTL
Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid	2.8	3.0	2.6	1.9	100 PTL
erfluorobutyric Acid (PFBA)	14	12 J	13	U	100 PTL
erfluorodecane Sulfonic Acid	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
Perfluorodecanoic Acid (PFDA)	U	U	0.34 J	U	100 PTL
erfluorododecanoic Acid (PFDoA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
erfluoroheptane Sulfonate (PFHpS)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
erfluoroheptanoic Acid (PFHpA)	2.3	1.9	1.7 J	2.1	100 PTL
erfluorohexanesulfonic Acid	3.6	4.6	4.7	6.5 J	100 PTL
erfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA)	3.7	3.4 UB	3	UB	100 PTL
erfluorononanoic Acid	0.53 J	0.67 J	0.7 J	0.34 J	100 PTL
erfluorooctane Sulfonamide (FOSA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
erfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid (PFOS)	2.8	3.3	5.5	4.8	10 DWS
erfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)	3.6	4.0	3.9	3.8	10 DWS
'erfluoropentanoic Acid (PFPeA)	6.3	5.3	5.1	3.6	100 PTL
erfluorotetradecanoic Acid (PFTeA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
erfluorotridecanoic Acid (PFTriA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
erfluoroundecanoic Acid (PFUnA)	U	U	U	U	100 PTL
otal PFAS	39.63	38.17	42.15	25.54	500 PTL

PTL: Preliminary Target Levels DWS: Drinkning Water Standards Footnotes/Qualifiers:

ng/l: Nanogram per liter

U: Analyzed for but not detected

UB: Non detect based on blank result

3.6 Site Restoration

Immediately upon completion of the work, 55-gallon drums materials and supplies (i.e. orange construction fence, plywood) were staged in parking spaces located east of the work activities pending disposal and/or off-site transportation. Asphalt that was saw cut and removed to facilitate well installation was restored with a new 8-inch steel flush mount road box installed in a concrete pad that extended on all sides to the surrounding asphalt.

3.7 Conclusions/Recommendations

Based on the review of the post injection data, a reduction in TCE has been observed. A comparison of pre- and post-injection groundwater monitoring analytical results for TCE indicated that of the ten samples collected that exhibited TCE concentrations greater than 5 ug/L in pre-injection samples, only two exhibited TCE concentrations greater than 5 ug/L in post-injection samples. Seven of the ten samples collected exhibited non-detectable concentrations of TCE. Although TCE concentrations have been significantly reduced, elevated concentrations of DCE and VC are present as expected with anaerobic biodegradation.

The groundwater analytical results also indicate an increase in concentrations of ethane, ethene and methane. The increase in methane, in particular the injection well and nearby MW-4 and MW-6, may indicate that methanogenesis is occurring. Favorable concentrations of methane (>1,000 ug/L) remain in all monitoring well locations since the injections, except for side-gradient well MW-7 and downgradient well MW-8. Significant increases in alkalinity were observed following injections and remain, potentially resulting from the dissolution of carbonate minerals from the production of carbon dioxide during metabolism of the microorganisms, which is another factor indicating biodegradation is occurring. As sulfate is also an alternate election acceptor, sulfate reduction is also an indication that anaerobic biodegradation is occurring. The elevated concentrations of total organic carbon and negative oxidation/reduction potential observed in the 90-day groundwater monitoring also indicates the environment remains conducive to anaerobic biodegradation

The post-injection sampling results indicate that anerobic biodegradation is on-going at the Site. Reagent longevity of three years or greater has been observed at other sites. Continued groundwater monitoring will be performed in accordance with the approved Site Management Plan (SMP). Subsequent rounds of groundwater sampling will provide additional data to support the remedial design, the effectiveness of the continued biodegradation of chlorinated VOCs in groundwater, and a better understanding of the longevity of the reagents injected during the pilot study. A conceptual work plan for future injections, installation of additional injection wells and monitoring wells is provided in the SMP and will be modified based on the results of future groundwater sampling. The work plan for additional injections and monitoring will be provided to NYSDEC for review and approval prior to the performance of any additional injections.

4.0 INSTITUTIONAL AND ENGINEERING CONTROL PLAN

The Institutional and Engineering Control Plan is a component of the SMP which details the steps necessary to manage and implement the institutional and engineering controls for the Site consistent with the requirements of the ROD for the Site and DER-10 to protect human health and the environment. Details regarding most institutional controls and engineering controls (IC/EC) required for the site's remedial program are documented in the Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization Systems CCR. The IC/EC's that are pertinent to this report are those established to manage remaining contamination in the on-site groundwater.

4.1 Description of Institutional Controls

The site remedy requires that an environmental easement be placed on the property to (1) implement, maintain and monitor the Engineering Controls; (2) prevent future exposure to remaining contamination by controlling disturbances of the subsurface contamination; and, (3) limit the use and development of the site to restricted residential, commercial or industrial uses only.

The Environmental Easement for the site was executed by the Department on December 18, 2019 and filed with the Oswego County Clerk on January 2, 2020. The County Recording Identifier number for this filing is R-2020-000033. A copy of the Environmental Easement and proof of filing is provided in **Appendix A**.

4.2 Description of Engineering Controls

The Engineering Controls (EC) for the Site include a cover system, sub-slab depressurization systems, a stormwater treatment system (oil/water separator), ISCT injections and MNA. Details of the cover system, sub-slab depressurization systems, a stormwater treatment system (oil/water separator) are presented in the Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization Systems Construction Completion Report.

4-1

4.2.1 Groundwater Injections

The 90-day post-injection monitoring results show continued progress in achieving remedial goals for groundwater. The Site Management Plan includes provisions for injections and additional groundwater monitoring, as well as a conceptual draft injection work plan and implementation schedule that will be evaluated, updated and finalized for submission for NYSDEC approval.

5.0 **REFERENCES**

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (June 1998). *Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values and Groundwater Effluent Limitations*. Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.1.1.

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. Surface Water and Groundwater Quality Standards and Effluent Limitations, 6 NYCRR Part 703.

Pratt and Pratt Archaeological Consultants, Inc. (March 25, 2000). *Phase 1A Cultural Resource Survey, Bowling Center, City of Oswego, Oswego County, NY.*

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Division of Environmental Remediation (December 14, 2006). *Environmental Remediation Programs, 6 NYCRR Part* 375.

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Division of Environmental Remediation (May 2010). *DER-10/Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation*.

CHA (January 2011). Remedial Investigation/Remedial Alternatives Report, Former Flex-O-Wire Site, Oswego, New York, ERP Site #E7-38-040.

OBG (February 2013). Supplemental Subsurface Investigation/Alternatives Analysis Report, Flex-O-Wire Site, 68 W. First Street, Oswego, New York, ERP Site #E7-38-040.

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (November 2013). Record of Decision, 68 West First Street, Operable Unit Number 01: On-Site Area, Environmental Restoration Project, Oswego, Oswego County, Site No. E738040.

Holt (July 2018, Revised October 2018). Soil Remedial Action Work Plan, Harbor View Square, 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York, NYS BCP Site No. C738040.

Holt (August 2021), Work Plan for Reagent Injection, Harbor View Square, 68 West First Street, Operable Unit Number 01, Oswego, New York, NYS BCP Site No. C738040.

Holt (April 2022), Predesign Investigation Summary Report, Harbor View Square, 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York.

Holt (April 2022), Soil and Sub-Slab Depressurization System Construction Completion Report, Harbor View Square, 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York.

Holt (April 2022), *Site Management Plan, Harbor View Square, 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York.*

6.0 CERTIFICATIONS

I, Jeffrey, R. Holt, P.E., am currently a registered professional engineer licensed by the State of New York, I had primary direct responsibility for implementation of the remedial program activities, and I certify that construction activities were completed in substantial conformance with the Department-approved Work Plan For Reagent Injection.



57039

22

NYS Professional Engineer #

Date

2 Aow

Signature

APPENDIX A

ENVIRONMENTAL EASEMENT

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COUNTY CLERK'S RECORDING PAGE ***THIS PAGE IS PART OF THE DOCUMENT - DO NOT DETACH***



Recording:

INSTRUMENT #: R-2020-000033	Number of Pages Recording Fee/Cover Sheet Extra Name Charge TP 584 Cultural Ed Records Management - Coun Records Management - Stat	50.00 20.00 5.00 14.25 1.00 4.75
Receipt#: 20209129055	Sub Total:	95.50
Clerk: CCOLLINS Rec Date: 01/02/2020 12:18:05 PM Doc Grp: D	Transfer Tax Transfer Tax	0.00
Descrip: EASEMENT Num Pgs: 10	Sub Total:	0.00
Rec'd Frm: VANGUARD RESEARCH & TITLE SERVICES INC-LISA Party1: HARBOR VIEW SQUARE LLC Party2: PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK Town: OSWEGO	- Total: **** NOTICE: THIS IS NOT A	95.50 BILL ****
	***** Transfer Tax ***** Transfer Tax #: 1844 Exempt	
	Total:	0.00

Record and Return To:

GREGORY ALLEN 90 STATE STREET SUITE 1009 ALBANY NY 12207

I hereby certify that the within and foregoing was recorded in the Oswego County Clerk's Office

Michael C: Backus Oswego County Clerk

County: Oswego Site No: C738040 Brownfield Cleanup Agreement Index : C738040-11-16

ENVIRONMENTAL EASEMENT GRANTED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 71, TITLE 36 OF THE NEW YORK STATE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW

THIS INDENTURE made this 18th day of Jecuber, 2019 between Owner, Harbor View Square, LLC, having an office at 1201 East Fayette Street, Suite 26, Syracuse, New York 13210, County of Onondaga, State of New York (the "Grantor"), and The People of the State of New York (the "Grantee"), acting through their Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Conservation (the "Commissioner", or "NYSDEC" or "Department" as the context requires) with its headquarters located at 625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233,

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of New York has declared that it is in the public interest to encourage the remediation of abandoned and likely contaminated properties ("sites") that threaten the health and vitality of the communities they burden while at the same time ensuring the protection of public health and the environment; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of New York has declared that it is in the public interest to establish within the Department a statutory environmental remediation program that includes the use of Environmental Easements as an enforceable means of ensuring the performance of operation, maintenance, and/or monitoring requirements and the restriction of future uses of the land, when an environmental remediation project leaves residual contamination at levels that have been determined to be safe for a specific use, but not all uses, or which includes engineered structures that must be maintained or protected against damage to perform properly and be effective, or which requires groundwater use or soil management restrictions; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of New York has declared that Environmental Easement shall mean an interest in real property, created under and subject to the provisions of Article 71, Title 36 of the New York State Environmental Conservation Law ("ECL") which contains a use restriction and/or a prohibition on the use of land in a manner inconsistent with engineering controls which are intended to ensure the long term effectiveness of a site remedial program or eliminate potential exposure pathways to hazardous waste or petroleum; and

WHEREAS, Grantor, is the owner of real property located at the address of 68 West First Street in the City of Oswego, County of Oswego and State of New York, known and designated on the tax map of the County Clerk of Oswego as tax map parcel number: Section 128.38 Block 03 Lot 01, being the same as that property conveyed to Grantor by deed dated November 6, 2018 and recorded in the Oswego County Clerk's Office in Instrument No. R-2018-011737. The property subject to this Environmental Easement (the "Controlled Property") comprises approximately 2.438 +/- acres, and is hereinafter more fully described in the Land Title Survey dated July 29, 2019 prepared by Colin M. Kraft, L.L.S. of Land Lines Surveying, P.C., which will be attached to the Site Management Plan. The Controlled Property description is set forth in and attached hereto as Schedule A; and

WHEREAS, the Department accepts this Environmental Easement in order to ensure the protection of public health and the environment and to achieve the requirements for remediation established for the Controlled Property until such time as this Environmental Easement is

Environmental Easement Page 1

extinguished pursuant to ECL Article 71, Title 36; and

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants contained herein and the terms and conditions of Brownfield Cleanup Agreement Index Number: C738040-11-16, Grantor conveys to Grantee a permanent Environmental Easement pursuant to ECL Article 71, Title 36 in, on, over, under, and upon the Controlled Property as more fully described herein ("Environmental Easement").

1. <u>Purposes</u>. Grantor and Grantee acknowledge that the Purposes of this Environmental Easement are: to convey to Grantee real property rights and interests that will run with the land in perpetuity in order to provide an effective and enforceable means of encouraging the reuse and redevelopment of this Controlled Property at a level that has been determined to be safe for a specific use while ensuring the performance of operation, maintenance, and/or monitoring requirements; and to ensure the restriction of future uses of the land that are inconsistent with the above-stated purpose.

2. <u>Institutional and Engineering Controls</u>. The controls and requirements listed in the Department approved Site Management Plan ("SMP") including any and all Department approved amendments to the SMP are incorporated into and made part of this Environmental Easement. These controls and requirements apply to the use of the Controlled Property, run with the land, are binding on the Grantor and the Grantor's successors and assigns, and are enforceable in law or equity against any owner of the Controlled Property, any lessees and any person using the Controlled Property.

A. (1) The Controlled Property may be used for:

Restricted Residential as described in 6 NYCRR Part 375-1.8(g)(2)(ii), Commercial as described in 6 NYCRR Part 375-1.8(g)(2)(iii) and Industrial as described in 6 NYCRR Part 375-1.8(g)(2)(iv)

(2) All Engineering Controls must be operated and maintained as specified in the Site Management Plan (SMP);

(3) All Engineering Controls must be inspected at a frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP;

(4) The use of groundwater underlying the property is prohibited without necessary water quality treatment as determined by the NYSDOH or the Oswego County Department of Health to render it safe for use as drinking water or for industrial purposes, and the user must first notify and obtain written approval to do so from the Department;

(5) Groundwater and other environmental or public health monitoring must be performed as defined in the SMP;

(6) Data and information pertinent to Site Management of the Controlled Property must be reported at the frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP;

(7) All future activities on the property that will disturb remaining

Environmental Easement Page 2

County: Oswego Site No: C738040 Brownfield Cleanup Agreement Index : C738040-11-16

contaminated material must be conducted in accordance with the SMP;

(8) Monitoring to assess the performance and effectiveness of the remedy must be performed as defined in the SMP;

(9) Operation, maintenance, monitoring, inspection, and reporting of any mechanical or physical components of the remedy shall be performed as defined in the SMP;

(10) Access to the site must be provided to agents, employees or other representatives of the State of New York with reasonable prior notice to the property owner to assure compliance with the restrictions identified by this Environmental Easement.

B. The Controlled Property shall not be used for Residential purposes as defined in 6NYCRR 375-1.8(g)(2)(i), and the above-stated engineering controls may not be discontinued without an amendment or extinguishment of this Environmental Easement.

C. The SMP describes obligations that the Grantor assumes on behalf of Grantor, its successors and assigns. The Grantor's assumption of the obligations contained in the SMP which may include sampling, monitoring, and/or operating a treatment system, and providing certified reports to the NYSDEC, is and remains a fundamental element of the Department's determination that the Controlled Property is safe for a specific use, but not all uses. The SMP may be modified in accordance with the Department's statutory and regulatory authority. The Grantor and all successors and assigns, assume the burden of complying with the SMP and obtaining an up-to-date version of the SMP from:

Site Control Section Division of Environmental Remediation NYSDEC 625 Broadway Albany, New York 12233 Phone: (518) 402-9553

D. Grantor must provide all persons who acquire any interest in the Controlled Property a true and complete copy of the SMP that the Department approves for the Controlled Property and all Department-approved amendments to that SMP.

E. Grantor covenants and agrees that until such time as the Environmental Easement is extinguished in accordance with the requirements of ECL Article 71, Title 36 of the ECL, the property deed and all subsequent instruments of conveyance relating to the Controlled Property shall state in at least fifteen-point bold-faced type:

This property is subject to an Environmental Easement held by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation pursuant to Title 36 of Article 71 of the Environmental Conservation County: Oswego Site No: C738040 Brownfield Cleanup Agreement Index : C738040-11-16

Law.

(2)

F. Grantor covenants and agrees that this Environmental Easement shall be incorporated in full or by reference in any leases, licenses, or other instruments granting a right to use the Controlled Property.

G. Grantor covenants and agrees that it shall, at such time as NYSDEC may require, submit to NYSDEC a written statement by an expert the NYSDEC may find acceptable certifying under penalty of perjury, in such form and manner as the Department may require, that:

(1) the inspection of the site to confirm the effectiveness of the institutional and engineering controls required by the remedial program was performed under the direction of the individual set forth at 6 NYCRR Part 375-1.8(h)(3).

the institutional controls and/or engineering controls employed at such site:
(i) are in-place;

(ii) are unchanged from the previous certification, or that any identified changes to the controls employed were approved by the NYSDEC and that all controls are in the Department-approved format; and

(iii) that nothing has occurred that would impair the ability of such control to protect the public health and environment;

(3) the owner will continue to allow access to such real property to evaluate the continued maintenance of such controls;

(4) nothing has occurred that would constitute a violation or failure to comply with any site management plan for such controls;

(5) the report and all attachments were prepared under the direction of, and reviewed by, the party making the certification;

(6) to the best of his/her knowledge and belief, the work and conclusions described in this certification are in accordance with the requirements of the site remedial program, and generally accepted engineering practices; and

(7) the information presented is accurate and complete.

3. <u>Right to Enter and Inspect</u>. Grantee, its agents, employees, or other representatives of the State may enter and inspect the Controlled Property in a reasonable manner and at reasonable times to assure compliance with the above-stated restrictions.

4. <u>Reserved Grantor's Rights</u>. Grantor reserves for itself, its assigns, representatives, and successors in interest with respect to the Property, all rights as fee owner of the Property, including:

A. Use of the Controlled Property for all purposes not inconsistent with, or limited by the terms of this Environmental Easement;

B. The right to give, sell, assign, or otherwise transfer part or all of the underlying fee interest to the Controlled Property, subject and subordinate to this Environmental Easement;

5. Enforcement

A. This Environmental Easement is enforceable in law or equity in perpetuity by Grantor, Grantee, or any affected local government, as defined in ECL Section 71-3603, against

the owner of the Property, any lessees, and any person using the land. Enforcement shall not be defeated because of any subsequent adverse possession, laches, estoppel, or waiver. It is not a defense in any action to enforce this Environmental Easement that: it is not appurtenant to an interest in real property; it is not of a character that has been recognized traditionally at common law; it imposes a negative burden; it imposes affirmative obligations upon the owner of any interest in the burdened property; the benefit does not touch or concern real property; there is no privity of estate or of contract; or it imposes an unreasonable restraint on alienation.

B. If any person violates this Environmental Easement, the Grantee may revoke the Certificate of Completion with respect to the Controlled Property.

C. Grantee shall notify Grantor of a breach or suspected breach of any of the terms of this Environmental Easement. Such notice shall set forth how Grantor can cure such breach or suspected breach and give Grantor a reasonable amount of time from the date of receipt of notice in which to cure. At the expiration of such period of time to cure, or any extensions granted by Grantee, the Grantee shall notify Grantor of any failure to adequately cure the breach or suspected breach, and Grantee may take any other appropriate action reasonably necessary to remedy any breach of this Environmental Easement, including the commencement of any proceedings in accordance with applicable law.

D. The failure of Grantee to enforce any of the terms contained herein shall not be deemed a waiver of any such term nor bar any enforcement rights.

6. <u>Notice</u>. Whenever notice to the Grantee (other than the annual certification) or approval from the Grantee is required, the Party providing such notice or seeking such approval shall identify the Controlled Property by referencing the following information:

County, NYSDEC Site Number, NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Agreement, State Assistance Contract or Order Number, and the County tax map number or the Liber and Page or computerized system identification number.

Parties shall address correspondence to:

Site Number: C738040 Office of General Counsel NYSDEC 625 Broadway Albany New York 12233-5500

With a copy to:

Site Control Section Division of Environmental Remediation NYSDEC 625 Broadway Albany, NY 12233

All notices and correspondence shall be delivered by hand, by registered mail or by Certified mail and return receipt requested. The Parties may provide for other means of receiving and communicating notices and responses to requests for approval.

7. <u>Recordation</u>. Grantor shall record this instrument, within thirty (30) days of execution of this instrument by the Commissioner or her/his authorized representative in the office of the

recording officer for the county or counties where the Property is situated in the manner prescribed by Article 9 of the Real Property Law.

8. <u>Amendment</u>. Any amendment to this Environmental Easement may only be executed by the Commissioner of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation or the Commissioner's Designee, and filed with the office of the recording officer for the county or counties where the Property is situated in the manner prescribed by Article 9 of the Real Property Law.

9. <u>Extinguishment.</u> This Environmental Easement may be extinguished only by a release by the Commissioner of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, or the Commissioner's Designee, and filed with the office of the recording officer for the county or counties where the Property is situated in the manner prescribed by Article 9 of the Real Property Law.

10. <u>Joint Obligation</u>. If there are two or more parties identified as Grantor herein, the obligations imposed by this instrument upon them shall be joint and several.

11. <u>Consistency with the SMP</u>. To the extent there is any conflict or inconsistency between the terms of this Environmental Easement and the SMP, regarding matters specifically addressed by the SMP, the terms of the SMP will control.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has caused this instrument to be signed in its name.

Harbor View Square, LLC:

By: MM

Print Name: Berganin Lockroof

Title: A Merried Speley Date: 12/5/19

Grantor's Acknowledgment

STATE OF NEW YORK) ss: COUNTY OF Mondaga)

On the <u>5th</u> day of <u>becomber</u>, in the year 20 <u>19</u>, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared <u>Benjanuh beckup</u> personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name is (are) subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted, executed the instrument.

Notary Public - State of New York

NANCY J. MONAST Notary Public, State of New York Qualified In Onondaga County No. 01MO6297763 Commission expires March 3, 2022 THIS ENVIRONMENTAL EASEMENT IS HEREBY ACCEPTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, Acting by and Through the Department of Environmental Conservation as Designee of the Commissioner,

By:

Michael J. Ryan, Director Division of Environmental Remediation

Grantee's Acknowledgment

STATE OF NEW YORK)) ss: COUNTY OF ALBANY)

On the 18th day of 18th day of

Notary - State of New York

David J. Chiusano Notary Public, State of New York No. 01CH5032146 Qualified in Schenectady County Commission Expires August 22, 20

SCHEDULE "A" PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND, situate in the City of Oswego, County of Oswego and State of New York being more particularly bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of the north line of West Schuyler Street with the west line of West First Street;

Thence S 67° 38' 00" W, along the said north line of West Schuyler Street, a distance of 200.00 feet to the intersection of the north line of West Schuyler Street with the east line of West Second Street;

Thence N 22° 22' 00" W, along the east line of West Second Street, a distance of 531.00 feet to the intersection of the east line of West Second Street with the south line of Lake Street;

Thence N 67° 38' 00" E, along the south line of Lake Street, a distance of 200.00 feet to the intersection of the south line of Lake Street with the west line of aforesaid West First Street;

Thence S 22° 22' 00" E, along the west line of West First Street, a distance of 531.00 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Containing 106,200 square feet or 2.438 acres of land, more or less.



68 WEST FIRST STREET: TAX PARCEL NUMBER 128.38-03-01 (UNIT 1)

CALLED THE "PROPERTY"), MADE BY HOUSING VISIONS CONSULTANTS, INC. UNDER THE CONDOMINIUM ACT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, AS AMENDED (ARTICLE 9-B OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK), DATED NOVEMBER 6TH, 2018 AND RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK OF OSWEGO COUNTY ON THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2018 AS INSTRUMENT NUMBER 2018-011736 (HEREINAFTER CALLED THE "DECLARATION"), WHICH UNIT IS ALSO DESIGNATED AS UNIT 1, LOCATED ON PAGE A-100 OF THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR HARBOR VIEW SQUARE - BLDG. #1 AS CERTIFIED AND PREPARED BY PASSERO ASSOCIATES, AND FILED SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH SAID DECLARATION IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK OF OSWEGO COUNTY (HEREINAFTER CALLED THE "UNIT"), TOGETHER WITH OTHERS WITH THE USE OF THE COMMON ELEMENTS, AS DEFINED IN SAID DECLARATION. THE APPURTENANT INTERESTS OF UNIT 1 IN THE COMMON ELEMENTS IS 12%.

ALL TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND SITUATE IN THE CITY OF OSWEGO, COUNTY OF OSWEGO, STATE OF NEW YORK BEING MORE PARTICULARLY BOUNDED AND DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: BEGINNING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE NORTH LINE OF WEST SCHUYLER STREET WITH THE WEST LINE OF WEST FIRST STREET THENCE; S 67' 38' 00" W, ALONG THE NORTH LINE OF WEST SCHUYLER STREET, A DISTANCE OF 200.00 FEET TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE NORTH LINE OF WEST SCHUYLER STREET WITH THE EAST LINE OF WEST SECOND STREET THENCE; N 22' 22' 00" W, ALONG THE EAST LINE OF WEST SECOND STREET, A DISTANCE OF 531.00 FEET TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE EAST LINE OF WEST SECOND STREET WITH THE SOUTH LINE OF LAKE STREET THENCE; N 67' 38' 00" E, ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF LAKE STREET, A DISTANCE OF 200.00 FEET TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE SOUTH LINE OF LAKE STREET WITH THE WEST LINE OF AFORESAID WEST FIRST STREET THENCE; S 22' 22' 00" E, ALONG THE WEST LINE OF WEST FIRST STREET, A DISTANCE OF 531.00 FEET TO THE POINT AND PLACE OF BEGINNING

CONTAINING 106,200 SQUARE FEET OR 2.438 ACRES OF LAND MORE OR LESS

APPENDIX B

REAGENT INJECTION WORK PLAN

WORK PLAN FOR REAGENT INJECTION

HARBOR VIEW SQUARE 68 WEST FIRST STREET OPERABLE UNIT NUMBER: 01 OSWEGO, NEW YORK NYS BCP SITE NO. C738040

Prepared for:

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Prepared by:

SYNAPSE RISK MANAGEMENT 360 ERIE BOULEVARD EAST SYRACUSE, NEW YORK 13202

AUGUST 2021
HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYS BCP SITE NO. C738040 OPERABLE UNIT NUMBER: 01 OSWEGO, NEW YORK

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1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose

A. This Reagent Injection Work Plan provides the technical scope of work for installation of a bedrock injection well and four groundwater monitoring wells for the pilot study at the Harbor View Square site (Site), located at 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Site No. C738040, Operable Unit Number 01 (On-Site). The Site location is shown in Figure 1. This injection pilot study is being performed as part of the requirements set forth in the Record of Decision for the Site, issued by NYSDEC in November 2013.

1.2 Scope of Work

- A. The Applicant, Harbor View Square, LLC., will conduct a reagent injection pilot study at the Site. The pilot study shall include the installation of one injection well and four monitoring wells and the injection of reagents including (3-D Microemulsion, S-MZVI and BDI Plus) as described in the below sections. The reagents shall be provided by Regensis.
- B. All work shall be performed in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations. Noise levels shall, at all times, be maintained within the limits of local noise ordinances.
- C. All electrical work shall be in accordance with the standards and guidance of the National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety Code and with local codes which apply, including the requirements for hazardous locations.
- D. On-site work shall be performed during the normal business hours of 7 am to 6 pm.
- E. Materials brought to the Site shall be stored in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with seals and labels intact and legible. Temperature and humidity shall be maintained within ranges required by manufacturer's instructions. Periodic inspections will be conducted of stored materials and equipment to assure that materials and equipment are maintained under specified conditions and free from damage or deterioration. The Contractor shall submit a plan prior to mobilization specifying how they will store the materials to comply with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. All work on-site shall be performed in the presence of a Professional Engineer, or someone under the direct supervision of the Professional Engineer, Jeffrey Holt, P.E. The Engineering Certification is included as Appendix H.
- G. All work will be performed pursuant to the Site's Health and Safety Plan, included as Appendix A.

- H. The Site's Community Air Monitoring Plan, included as Appendix B, shall be implemented during all intrusive work at the Site.
- I. In general, the overall work to be performed shall be as follows:
 - 1. Constructing a decontamination pad;
 - 2. Constructing a reagent storage area and implementing the spill contingency plan;
 - 3. Decontaminating equipment and materials;
 - 4. Drilling injection well(s) and monitoring well(s);
 - 5. Development of injection well(s) and monitoring well(s);
 - 6. Mixing the reagents per the manufacturer's recommendations;
 - 7. Injecting the reagents via the newly-installed injection well(s);
 - 8. Monitoring injection performance including injection pressure, formational acceptance and surface daylighting;
 - 9. Site cleanup, restoration, and containment of cuttings/drillings, drilling fluid and well development water and disposal of cuttings, drilling fluid and well development water off-site;
 - 10. Removing temporary decontamination facilities; and
 - 11. Pre and post injection groundwater monitoring.

1.3 Schedule

A. The work will be performed two weeks after approval of the Work Plan in August 2021. Work will occur over a 10-day period followed by groundwater monitoring beginning in September 2021 as described in the sections below. The Construction Completion Report (CCR) will be submitted 90 days after the final sampling event.

1.4 Description of the Site

A. The Harbor View Square Site is a Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) Site located at 68 West First Street, Oswego, New York (see Figure 1). Operable Unit Number 01 is the On-Site area. The Site covers approximately 2.438 acres and consists of the block bounded by West First Street to the east, West Second Street to the west, West Schuyler Street to the south and Lake Street to the north (see Figure 2). The Site is owned by the Harbor View Square, LLC and is also referred to as the former Flexo Wire site.

- B. The generally flat-lying Site slopes gently to the east toward the Oswego River, located approximately 390 feet to the east. The river flows north into Lake Ontario, which, at its nearest point, is located approximately 250 feet north of the Site. The area to the west of the Site is primarily residential. The area to the south contains a mixture of residential and commercial properties, and to the north there is a municipal parking area, a boat launch, a marina, a United States Coast Guard facility, and a marine museum located on property owned by the Oswego Port Authority. To the east and northeast are industrial properties, including a major oil storage facility, the City of Oswego West Side Excess Flow Management facility and a cement shipping terminal.
- C. Contamination in the Site subsurface has been identified as chlorinated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and metals. Prior site usage that has led to site contamination includes solvent usage and disposal, reportedly associated with the wire drawing operations; coal storage, usage and coal ash disposal; and metal working operations, including machining and annealing.
- D. Through subsurface investigations performed at the Site, elevated concentrations of VOCs have been identified in groundwater up to 50 feet below ground surface. The highest concentrations of VOCs have been identified in groundwater between 15 and 30 feet below ground surface in the sandstone bedrock in the area of a former underground storage tank and process lines. Remedial excavation of surface soils in this area was completed in March 2019. The horizontal extent of these excavations is shown in Figure 2. Zones of potential injection were identified in the bedrock core logged during the installation of the existing bedrock well MW-1 (converted to a groundwater monitoring well from VA-RC-1) at approximately 13 and 25 feet below ground surface (bgs). The shallower zone (13 feet bgs) also corresponds to Hydrostratigraphic Unit 1 described in the report by Parsons (January 2021).

1.5 Reference to Standards and Regulations

- A. The latest revisions of standards of AWWA and ASTM shall apply as referenced herein.
- B. The Brownfield Cleanup Program, New York State Environmental Conservation Law, Article 27, Title 14.
- C. 6 NYCRR Part 375 Environmental Remediation Programs
- D. NYSDEC DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (May 2010);

1.6 Permits

- A. Applicant shall obtain permits required for obtaining water and constructing the wells (e.g., road opening, DOT, etc.).
- B. The Applicant has a UIC permit.

1.7 Utilities

- A. New York one call (1-800-962-7962) and the appropriate utility company will be notified no less than 48 hours prior to any work.
- B. All aboveground and buried utilities and structures will be identified and protected. As an added precaution, the first 5 feet below ground surface will be cleared using hand tools.

1.8 Environmental Protection

- A. All work shall be scheduled and conducted in a manner that will prevent the erosion of soil and release of soil and water in the work area. Control measures shall be provided, such as diversion channels, berms, sedimentation or filtration systems, silt fences or other special surface treatments as required to prevent the release of soil and water, and silting, muddying and contamination of surface waters, drainage ways, storm water collection systems and recharge basins. It should be noted that all of the work is being performed in paved areas so erosion control is not a concern. All necessary control measures shall be in place prior to performing Work.
- B. All necessary measures will be taken to prevent the migration of dust outside the pilot test injection area due to the work activities. No oil, calcium chloride or liquids other than liquids specifically approved by the Environmental Professional shall be used for dust control. An Environmental Professional is defined as a person, including a firm headed by such person, who possess sufficient specific education, training, and experience necessary to exercise professional judgement to develop opinions and conclusions regarding the presence of releases or threatened releases to the surface or subsurface of a site or off-site areas, sufficient to meet the objectives and performance factors of the areas of practice identified by this guidance.
- C. All waste resulting from work activities shall be removed and disposed at an approved facility in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.
- D. Disposal in and adjacent to the work area of any debris, wastes, effluent, trash, garbage, oil, grease, chemicals, etc. resulting from the work will not be permitted.
- E. All necessary measures shall be taken to control the release of odors and vapors.

1.9 Spill Control

- A. Equipment and trained personnel will be within the pilot test injection area to perform emergency measures necessary to contain, remove and clean up all spills generated from the work.
- B. In the event of a spill, immediate action will be taken in accordance with the Spill Contingency Plan, and federal, state and local laws and regulations. In addition, NYSDEC will be notified immediately of any spill and shall continuously inform NYSDEC of any and all actions implemented to comply with applicable requirements. The Spill Contingency Plan is included as Appendix G.
- C. Chemicals are expected to be stored on the site for no more than 30 days.

1.10 Security

- A. The Site will be secured with security fencing and a locking gate around the work area.
- B. A Site Entrance/Exit Log will be maintained and shall contain signed entry and exit record for project personnel and visitors. The log shall record time of entry and exit and firm of the individual. Persons not associated with the project will not be admitted on site.
- C. Appropriate warning signs will be hung from temporary fences. These fences will surround the work area and any breaks of gaps in the fences will be attended to immediately.

1.11 Health and Safety

- A. A Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan for the Site is attached as Appendix A, and it shall be followed by all on-site personnel. All on-site personnel shall have completed OSHA training and medical monitoring requirements for work on hazardous waste sites.
- B. A Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) is attached as Appendix B that includes concentration-based action levels, will be implemented as part of well installation and injection program. The CAMP will be implemented during ground intrusive activities. The plan complies with the requirements of the New York State Department of Health Generic Community Air Monitoring Plan.
- C. A Construction Health and Safety Plan (CHASP) will be prepared. Personnel performing remedial work will be required to read and comply with the requirements of the CHASP. The CHASP will be required to address all the appropriate federal, state and local regulatory requirements necessary to undertake and successfully complete implementation of the remedy. The CHASP will be prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.120 and any other applicable laws, rules, and regulations and will include the following items:

- 1. Health and safety organization, including résumés of personnel responsible for health and safety;
- 2. Project description and hazard assessment;
- 3. Training requirements;
- 4. Medical surveillance requirements;
- 5. Project control procedures;
- 6. Standard operating procedures and engineering controls;
- 7. Personnel protective equipment requirements;
- 8. Personnel hygiene and decontamination protocols;
- 9. Equipment decontamination procedures;
- 10. Air monitoring requirements;
- 11. Emergency equipment/first aid requirements;
- 12. Emergency responses/contingency procedures;
- 13. Heat and cold stress procedures;
- 14. Record keeping requirements; and
- 15. Community protection plan.

1.12 Submittals

- A. During drilling of each well, a complete log shall be maintained and submitted to NYSDEC as part of the construction completion report. The report shall include the following:
 - 1. The reference point for all depth measurements.
 - 2. The depth at which each change of formation occurs.
 - 3. The identification of the material of which each stratum is composed.
 - 4. The depth interval from and method which formation samples were taken.
 - 5. The depth at which hole diameters (bit sizes) change.
 - 6. Other pertinent data requested by the Engineer.

- B. During drilling of each well, a detailed daily driller's report shall be maintained and submitted as requested by the Engineer. The report will give a complete description of all formations encountered, number of feet drilled, number of hours on the job, shutdown due to breakdown, materials used, feet of casing set, and other pertinent data.
- C. During injection, a detailed daily report shall be maintained and submitted to the Engineer. The report shall include the following:
 - 1. Time and injection rate (flow rate) shall be recorded at the beginning of injection and each time there is a change in the injection rate.
 - 2. Injection pressure and injection totalizer (volume) shall be recorded at a frequency of 1 reading per 15 minutes of injection. Initial injection pressures should be within a range of between 10 and 20 pounds per square inch (PSI), to prevent the reagent to surface.
 - 3. Time at which each tank is emptied including approximate volume injected from the tank as read from volume markings on the tank.
- D. During the work, daily injection reports will be prepared that will include date; weather conditions, including wind direction; community air monitoring station locations; health and safety information, (e.g., personal protective equipment utilized, etc.); personnel on-site and tasks conducted; equipment on-site and tasks for which it was utilized; a summary of the volume of injectate mixed and injected; a photographic log; logs of deliveries; logs of loads of waste removed from the site with date, time, hauler name, license plate, destination, etc.; and any other pertinent information.
- E. Final logs of all borings will be prepared.

1.13 Meetings

- A. Following an initial pre-construction meeting, project meetings will be held once every week until it is agreed that the frequency can be changed. These meetings will be held virtually through a web-based meeting platform.
- B. During implementation of the pilot study, the Environmental Professional will provide full-time on-site inspection of the work, engage in day-to-day communications with the Contractor and maintain records and prepare meeting minutes, as appropriate.

1.14 Handling of Materials

A. All equipment, parts and materials shall be properly protected so that no damage or deterioration will occur during a prolonged delay from time of shipment until installation is completed, and the units and equipment are ready for operation.

- B. If water is used for drilling, potable water will be used and a waste storage tank or container for each well. The storage capacity shall be 50% greater than the anticipated drilling waste generated per borehole.
- C. All spent cuttings, drillings, drilling fluids (if used), flushing water and development water will be stored in a leak proof container located near the well during well construction. No cuttings, fluids (if used) or water shall be allowed to flow on the site surface. All cuttings shall be contained in DOT-approved 55-gallon "ring top" drums or approved equal. Fluids and waters will be containerized in a temporary storage tank.
- D. All waste generated will be containerized, sampled, characterized and disposed off-site in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. This includes, but is not limited to, drill cuttings, used personal protective equipment, decontamination wastewater and disposable sampling equipment. Waste characterization will include analysis of samples needed to make a "contained-in" determination. All waste sampling shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of the selected disposal facility. All waste will be containerized in leak proof, vapor tight Department of Transportation (DOT) approved 55-gallon "ring top" drums, or approved equal. All waste will be transported by a Part 364 waste transporter and will be properly disposed of at a facility authorized to accept the waste.

1.15 Site Cleanup

A. Immediately upon completion of the work, all equipment, materials and supplies will be removed from the Site of the work, remove all surplus materials and debris, fill in all holes or excavations, and grade the site to elevations of the surface levels which existed before work started.

1.16 Reporting

A. Upon completion of the final post-injection groundwater monitoring event (90 days), a Groundwater Construction Completion Report (CCR) will be prepared to document the pilot injection and present the data. It is anticipated that this CCR will also present the need for additional injections and/or additional monitoring.

2.0 MONITORING WELL AND INJECTION WELL INSTALLATION

2.1 Specifications of the Wells

- A. Monitoring Wells
 - 1. Four monitoring wells will be installed at 5, 10, 15 and 20 feet at cross gradient and downgradient locations from the injection well (see Figure 3). The final locations for the monitoring wells will be based on fracture zones identified in the rock core samples, which shall be collected from a minimum of three locations prior to the installation of the injection and monitoring wells. The monitoring wells shall be installed to a total depth of approximately 30 feet below ground surface.

At each well location, a 10-inch diameter boring will be drilled through the overburden soils and extending three feet into bedrock. This boring will be lined with a 10-inch steel conductor pipe. A 6.625-inch outer diameter, 6.065-inch inner diameter Schedule 40 steel pipe will then be placed inside the 10-inch pipe. The 10-inch pipe will be removed and the annulus between the outer 6-inch pipe will be filled with grout using a tremie pipe from the bottom of the borehole to within 6 to 10 inches of the surrounding grade. If the 10-inch pipe cannot be removed it will be left in place. The annulus grout will be left to cure for at least 24 hours prior to drilling or coring the bedrock. A six-inch diameter boring with then be drilled to total depth before constructing the monitoring well per the specifications shown in Figure 4.

For the wells that are cored, a hollow stem auger rig will be used to continuously core the hole with an NQ wireline core drilling system. The Driller will take necessary steps to ensure core integrity is maintained. Final monitoring well depth and screen length may vary based upon the Engineer's review of the rock core samples. After the cores have been reviewed, the Driller will ream out the borings to a six-inch diameter using an air rotary drill rig. Those wells that are not cored will be drilled with the air rotary drill rig. The following summarizes the specifications for each well.

Well ID	Well Inner Diameter (inches)	Approximate Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screen Length (feet)
MW-6	2	30	15
MW-7	2	30	15
MW-8	2	30	15
MW-9	2	30	15

- B. Injection Well
 - 1. The location of the injection well will be based on the fracture zones identified in the rock coring samples. The injection well shall be installed as shown on Figure 3 to a total depth of approximately 30 feet below ground surface using an air rotary drill rig. Driller will take necessary steps to ensure core integrity is maintained. The following summarizes the specifications for each well. Final injection well depth and screen length may vary based upon the Engineer's review of the rock coring samples.

Well ID	Well Inner Diameter (inches)	Approximate Well Depth (bgs)	Screen Length (feet)
IW-1	2	30	15

2.2 Well Construction

- A. Monitoring well and injection well schematics are shown on Figure 4.
- B. Clean equipment as per Section 2.9.
- C. Construction of monitoring wells/injection well may include the removal and excavation of pavement or concrete prior to initiation of drilling.
- D. Drill pipe lubrication if any shall be limited to vegetable shortening or approved equal.
- E. Drilling fluid (if used) shall only consist of potable water approved by the Engineer. No other fluids or additives shall be used unless approved by the Engineer.

2.3 Boring Logs

- A. Overburden and Bedrock
 - 1. Digital photographs will be taken of each interval along with identifying information (location, date, interval) written on a white board or similar means, prior to disturbing the sample.
 - 2. All sample intervals will be inspected and logged, and headspace screening will be performed on all intervals with a photoionization detector (PID).
 - 3. The amount of visual contamination present in soil or bedrock will be noted (none, stain, sheen, blebs, stringers, saturated, pooled). The following definitions will be used to define contamination:

- None: No visual evidence of contamination is seen.
- Stain: Soil is discolored un-naturally, apparently from site contaminants.
- Sheen: No measurable contamination is observed, but the sample exhibits a silvery or rainbow sheen indicative of a non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) layer molecules thick.
- Blebs: Discontinuous droplets/spots of contamination are observed.
- Stringers: Continuous, discrete, contamination pathways are observed.
- Saturated: Contamination is infused within the entire soil matrix.
- Pooled: Contamination (e.g., NAPL) is observed at significant thicknesses, separate from the soil or bedrock matrix.
- B. For overburden, continuous soil samples will be collected to the top of bedrock and visually classified. All soil cores collected will be described in writing as to: color (including the presence of mottling), grain size, sorting, cohesiveness, texture, moisture content/saturation, depth to water table, PID readings, presence of man-made objects such as brick fragments, metal scrap, or concrete, and the presence or absence of odors, staining, or other signs of contamination (e.g., coating on downhole tools, or lifting of contamination to the surface during sample recovery). If staining, discoloration, or contamination is noted along specific layers or other structures, the characteristics and stratigraphic position of these layers will be clearly noted.
- C. Bedrock core logs will include the following information: time required to drill each run and the run length, an estimate of the volume of drilling water lost during each run, the drill type and size, depth to water, indications of fluid flow, lithology, texture, color, recovery, weathering, fractures and breaks with an assessment if they are natural or mechanical, rock quality designation (RQD), PID readings, presence or absence of odors, staining, or other signs of contamination (e.g., coating on downhole tools, or lifting of contamination to the surface during sample recovery). If staining, discoloration, or contamination is noted along specific structures or fractures, the characteristics and stratigraphic position of these layers will be clearly noted, and any other pertinent information.

2.4 Rock Coring

A. Advance a minimum of three, and up to five, borings using a 4.25-inch diameter hollow stem auger to the overburden/bedrock interface in order to verify that consistent fractures in similar zones. If the fractures are not consistent in the first three rock cores, then up to two additional rock cores will be obtained and analyzed. The boreholes will be cored using NQ wireline drilling to a depth of 30 feet BGS.

- B. Upon recovery of the cores, each rock core shall be placed in wooden core boxes. The geologic characteristics shall be inspected and recorded. Each core box shall be labeled with the facility name, well I.D. and depth range.
- C. Upon completion of the coring, the rock borehole shall be reamed to six inches in diameter using an air rotary drill rig to depth of approximately 30 feet.

2.5 Well Casing and Screen

- A. Monitoring Wells
 - 1. The well riser shall be 2-inch inner diameter (I.D.) Schedule 40 PVC pipe. The well riser will be installed below the ground surface as shown in Figure 4. When installed, the surface casing shall be flush with the ground surface. The surface casing shall be joined by welding or through the use of outside threaded couplings.
 - 2. The 2-inch Schedule 40 PVC casing shall be flush threaded and joined by screwing the threaded joints together. No glue shall be used in the joining of casing sections. Well screens shall be new 2-inch diameter, Schedule 40 PVC, machine slotted, flush threaded on one end and sealed with a threaded PVC plug or sump on the other end. Slot size shall be 0.020-inch.
 - 3. Screens shall be attached to the casing by screwing the threaded joints together. No glue shall be used to join the screen to the casing (riser pipe).
- B. Injection Wells
 - 1. The well riser shall be 2-inch inner diameter (I.D.) Schedule 40 PVC pipe. The well riser shall be installed below the ground surface as shown in Figure 4. When installed, the surface casing shall flush with the ground surface. The surface casing shall be joined by welding or through the use of outside threaded couplings.
 - 2. The 2-inch Schedule 40 PVC casing shall be flush threaded and joined by screwing the threaded joints together. No glue shall be used in the joining of casing sections.
 - 3. Well screens shall be new 2-inch diameter, Schedule 40 PVC, machine slotted, flush threaded on one end and sealed with a threaded PVC plug or sump on the other end. Slot size shall be 0.030-inch.
 - 4. Screens shall be attached to the casing by screwing the threaded joints together. No glue shall be used to join the screen to the casing (riser pipe).
- C. Casing and appurtenances shall be clean and free of all oil, grease and any other organic contamination. All casing will be contained in factory sealed,

individually wrapped packaging prior to use. Casing that is not packaged or is removed from damaged packing must be decontaminated on-site prior to installation. All persons handling screens shall wear clean, disposable latex gloves to prevent possible cross contamination.

- D. Every effort shall be made to ensure casing plumbness and centralization within the borehole.
- E. Centralizers may be employed as an optional method of ensuring centralization and plumbness.

2.6 Gravel Pack

- A. A gravel pack will be placed around the outside of the screened section of the injection and monitoring wells.
- B. Screen gravel pack shall be No. 2 well gravel pack, 100 percent passing the No. 8 sieve and less than 2 percent passing the No. 25 sieve, as supplied by the U.S. Silica Company, or approved equal. The No. 2 well gravel pack shall be clean, washed and graded silica sand supplied in sealed bags.
- C. The pack shall be placed around the outside of the well screen by means of a tremie pipe or other method approved by the Environmental Professional to ensure that no bridging of the hole occurs and shall extend from the bottom of the borehole to a minimum of 2 feet above the top of the screen or as otherwise directed by the Environmental Professional.

2.7 Cement Bentonite Grout Mix

- A. The bentonite utilized for the cement/bentonite grout needed to set the surface casing shall be sodium-based bentonite. The cement utilized for the cement/bentonite shall be Portland Cement Types I or II.
- B. The cement bentonite grout mix ratio shall be 5 pounds bentonite, 94 pounds cement and 8.3 gallons of water. The target density is 13.9 pounds/gallon with an acceptable density range of 13.4 to 14.5 pounds/gallon.
- C. All grout shall be allowed to cure for a minimum of 24 hours or as necessary to provide a proper cure prior to starting the next phase of work.

2.8 Bentonite Seal

A. The bentonite shall be ¹/₂ inch diameter with a dry bulk density of 82 lbs. per cubic foot and containing a minimum of 90 percent sodium montmorillonite. The pellets shall be capable of swelling to 10 to 15 times their dry volume when hydrated with potable water. The bentonite pallets shall be Volclay Tablets as manufactured by CETCO Drilling Products, or approved equal.

- B. A bentonite seal shall be placed in the well by means of a tremie pipe or other method approved by the Engineer to ensure that no bridging of the hole occurs and shall extend from the top of the sand pack to a minimum of 2 feet above the sand pack, or as otherwise directed by the Engineer. In the event that bentonite pallets or chips are utilized for a bentonite seal above the water table, approved potable water shall be used for hydration.
- C. The bentonite seal shall be allowed to hydrate for a minimum of 1 hour prior to grouting of the well annulus.

2.9 Well Caps and Protective Covers

- A. Each well and well casing shall be protected from entry of foreign materials at all times and upon well completion fitted with a locking and flush mount steel road-box cover.
- B. Temporary well guard and identifying flagging shall be provided and installed immediately upon well completion and prior to development and removal of the drill rig from the well site.
- C. If the well is not complete at the end of the work day, the uncompleted borehole/well will be secured.
- D. Upon completion of the well, a vented PVC "J" plug will be installed into the 2-inch PVC inner casing.
- E. Upon completion of the well, a flushmount protective casing will be installed that can be secured with a lock.
- F. Protective casings shall be furnished with drain holes to prevent collection of water inside the protective casing.

2.10 Cleaning Procedures

- A. Sampling Equipment: All sampling equipment shall be, at a minimum, cleaned of all foreign matter, washed with a non-phosphate detergent, rinsed with potable water, then followed by a final rinse with distilled/deionized water in that order, or cleaned of foreign matter and steam cleaned at a temperature of 212°F and void of any external oils and greases prior to use in each well.
- B. Contact Equipment: All contact equipment including sample pumps and hoses shall be cleaned and flushed between uses. This cleaning process will consist of steam cleaning of pump casing and cables followed by a 10-gallon flush of potable water through the pump. A new length of dedicated high-density polyethylene tubing shall be used for each well and disposed of after use. The pump, tubing and cables shall always be placed on clean high-density polyethylene sheeting to avoid contact with ground surface.

- C. Drilling/Heavy Equipment: All drilling and heavy equipment including drill rigs, well casing and auger flights shall be cleaned after mobilization to and prior to demobilization from the project site and between individual locations on the site. The two options that are available and allowable to accomplish cleaning the heavy equipment include steam cleaning and manual scrub brushing and washing.
- D. All equipment shall be stored aboveground in a clean manner as approved by the Engineer. All downhole equipment shall be stored in such a manner as to prevent contact with the ground surface.
- E. Drilling fluid changes during borehole construction shall include cleaning of all drilling equipment in the manner described in this Section, in addition to the removal of drilling fluid in the borehole by flushing, bailing or air lift, as necessary to ensure clean fluid in the borehole.
- F. All water used for drilling and cleaning must be potable.
- G. A bermed and lined decontamination pad will be on-site on which to clean all equipment, materials and supplies. All decontamination fluids shall be contained, properly characterized, and disposed of off-site. The decontamination pad will be removed at the end of the drilling program.

2.11 Well Development

A. Each injection and monitoring well installed will be developed. Development shall be by airlift (in-line oil filter required), interrupted over-pumping with a submersible pump, surge block and bailer, or other methods approved by the Engineer. A minimum of five well volumes must be purged. Development shall continue until the well water is less than 50 NTUs as measured with a turbidity meter at minimum pumping rates of 5 gpm or until the Engineer approves cessation of development.

2.12 Well Acceptance Criteria

- A. A well shall be developed to the point that it is producing water free of drilling fluid additives (if used) and is sediment-free. Sediment-free shall be defined as not more than 50 NTUs as measured with a turbidity meter. A minimum of 5 well volumes will be purged during well development.
- B. In order to ensure that all wells are sufficiently straight a 1.5-inch diameter by 4-feet long dummy will be passed to the bottom of the PVC well screen to the bottom of the well.

3.0 REAGENT INJECTIONS

3.1 General

- A. The injections shall be performed in one phase.
- B. All wetted parts of the injection system shall be compatible with the reagent (i.e., 3-D Microemulsion, S-MZVI and BDI Plus) being injected. Material information sheets are provided in Appendix D.
- C. The injection system components shall be sized to efficiently perform the injections without constantly stopping to mix additional reagents.
- D. A secondary containment area lined with material that is resistant to the reagent being injected around the injection system and reagent storage area shall be constructed. The secondary containment area shall be capable of holding 110% of the total storage volume.
- E. All lines feeding any mixing tanks (reagent lines, water lines, etc.) and all lines used for injecting the mixed reagent shall be metered so that the volume transferred can be accurately measured. Secondary containment shall be provided for all lines to contain all spills/leaks.
- F. Potable water shall be used for chemical mixing and injection. Groundwater shall not be utilized as a water source.
- G. All hoses, conveyance piping cam locks, pressure gauges, flow meters and backflow preventers shall be compatible with the reagents.
- H. All fittings shall be leak proof and properly installed to prevent spills.
- I. A ball valve, globe valve and pressure gauge shall be provided on the injection line immediately prior to the injection well. Hose fittings shall be equipped with the ability to disconnect the hoses without having to unthread parts.
- J. The empty reagent containers shall be disposed of in accordance with all federal, state and local laws and regulations. At a minimum, at the completion of the reagent injection and prior to disposal off-site, the containers will be rinsed with 5 gallons of water and transfer the water to a mixing tank. The Contractor shall rinse each container 2 to 3 times. All rinsate shall be containerized and disposed of off-site in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local requirements.

3.2 Regenesis Reagent (3-D Microemulsion, S-MZVI, BDI Plus)

A. The reagent shall consist of 400 pounds of 3-D Microemulsion, 300 pounds of S-MZVI and 18 liters of BDI Plus as manufactured by Regenesis. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for the 3-D Microemulsion and S-MZVI are provided in Appendix C. The Regenesis Application Design Summary is provided in Appendix F.

- B. The 3-D Microemulsion, S-MZVI and BDI Plus shall be mixed with mix water in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations utilizing equipment recommended by the manufacturer. Please see Appendix E for application and handling guidelines.
- C. The reagent mixture shall be injected at the location shown on Figure 3. The following table presents the application summary of 3-D Microemulsion, S-MZVI and BDI Plus, including field mixing ratios for the injection point:

No. of Injection <u>Points</u>	3DME concentrate per point <u>(gals)</u>	Mix water per point <u>(gals)</u>	S-MZVI volume per point <u>(lbs)</u>	BDI Plus volume per point <u>(L)</u>	BDI Plus mix water volume per point <u>(gals)</u>
1	48	1,869	20	18	180

Total Volume: 2,122 gals

D. When delivering anaerobic microbes such as BDI, a volume of deoxygenated water using an oxygen scavenger such as sodium ascorbate will be prepared. The BDI is delivered independently of the 3DMe and ZVI. The 3DMe and ZVI will be injected into the well and then the BDI will be injected into the well. The exact volume of deoxygenated water used to deliver the BDI will be determined once the lithology of the zone is evaluated.

3.3 Injection

- A. The system will be tested with water prior to utilizing any reagents in the system. The initial startup will allow for system checking including any leaks in the piping, fittings, valves, flow meters or pumps. A leak check shall be conducted with a recirculating line set with restriction to gain pressure. Pressure will not exceed 20 pounds per square inch (psi). Leaks will be repaired before proceeding to reagent solution preparation and injection.
- B. Following the completion of the initial startup and potable water injection to prime the system, field personnel shall mix the Regenesis reagents in accordance with the mixing ratios provided in the table above.
- C. The mixed reagent will be pumped into the injection well. During the injection process, injection parameters to be monitored and recorded are flow rate, injection pressure and injection volume.
- D. Injection will begin at a slow rate and increase the injection rate based upon the injection pressure and system response. The initial injection rate shall be within a

range of between 10 and 20 psi to prevent the reagent from daylighting. The reagent injection sequencing will be based on field conditions encountered after mobilization. The system shall be checked continuously for leaks and proper operation, and pressure shall be monitored with a pressure gauge at the injection well head. The pressure is expected to increase, but shall not exceed 50 psi.

- E. During the reagent injection process groundwater will be monitored from two cross gradient monitoring wells, two downgradient monitoring wells and one existing upgradient FLUTe well. The monitoring wells will be monitored for field parameters such as a specific conductance, turbidity, pH, oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), and dissolved oxygen (DO). The intent of the parameter monitoring is to document any changes in specific conductance, turbidity and pH, that may be indicative of reagent communication in the upper groundwater unit in the cross-gradient and downgradient areas of the Site.
- F. At the completion of the injection, the injection system tanks will be rinsed with approximately 15 25 gallons of water. This process shall be repeated approximately 2 to 3 times. All rinsate shall be containerized and disposed of offsite in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local requirements.

3.4 **Pre-Injection Groundwater Monitoring**

- A. Groundwater samples will be collected from the injection well, four groundwater monitoring wells and existing well MW-4 (converted to a groundwater monitoring well from VA-RC-4). Groundwater sampling will not occur within seven days of well development. This monitoring will be performed by the Environmental Professional.
- B. Prior to groundwater sampling, each well will be surveyed by a New York State licensed surveyor. Groundwater level measurements will be obtained from each of the wells to be sampled. All water level measurements will be made using a fixed reference point at each measurement location. Prior to collection of groundwater level measurements, the headspace of the well will be measured utilizing a PID as soon as the well cover is opened. Downhole instruments will be decontaminated between each measurement location. The static water level will be measured to the nearest 0.01 foot.
- C. Groundwater samples from the wells to be sampled will be collected using lowflow sampling. Initially, the required purge volume will be calculated and once the minimum purge volume is removed the field quality indicator parameters (i.e. temperature, ORP, conductivity, pH, DO and turbidity) will be monitored. Indicator parameters will be monitored every 5 minutes or however long it takes to purge one flow cell volume, whichever is longer, and recorded in the field log. The well shall be considered stabilized and ready for sample collection when the indicator parameters have stabilized for three consecutive readings. If groundwater recovery is very slow, it may be necessary to wait several hours, or overnight, for sufficient volume to become available for the necessary sample

analyses. The groundwater sample from MW-4 (converted to a groundwater monitoring well from VA-RC-4) will be collected in a similar manner (monitoring parameters) and groundwater intervals as the March 2021 groundwater sampling event.

- D. Collected groundwater samples will be submitted to Test America of Buffalo, New York for the following analysis:
 - VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
 - Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
 - Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
 - Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
 - Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
 - Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
 - Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175);
 - Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2;
 - Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A;
 - Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D; and
 - Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) by USEPA Method 537.1.
- E. Test America of Buffalo, New York is a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory meeting the requirements for sample custody procedures, including cleaning and handling sample containers and analytical equipment, will be used to analyze samples collected during the site investigation. Upon receipt of shipped samples at the laboratory, the laboratory's sample custodian will inspect the samples for integrity and check the shipment against the chain-of-custody. Discrepancies are reported to the laboratory's project manager who contacts Synapse for resolution.

When the shipment and chain-of-custody are in agreement, the sample custodian will enter the samples into the Laboratory Information System and will assign each sample a unique laboratory number. This number will be affixed to each sample bottle. The sample custodian will then enter the sample and analysis information into the laboratory computer system.

The laboratory will implement the following standard operating procedures for laboratory/sample security within the laboratory facility:

- Samples are stored in a secure area;
- Access to the laboratory is through a monitored area;
- Visitors sign a visitor's log and are escorted while in the laboratory;
- Only the designated sample custodians have keys to the sample storage area(s); and,
- Transfers of samples in and out of storage are documented.

While in the laboratory, samples that require storage at $4^{\circ}C$ +/- $2^{\circ}C$ will be stored in a locked refrigerator unless they are being used for analysis. The laboratory's sample custodian will be responsible for sample storage and security to ensure that:

- Samples and extracts are stored for 60 days after the final analytical data report has been forwarded to Synapse. The samples, extracts, and sample digestion byproducts are then discarded in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration guidance; and
- Samples are not stored with standards or sample extracts.
- F. Appropriate Quality Assurance/Quality Assurance (QA/QC) samples including Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicates (MS/MSD), trip blanks, field blanks and equipment blanks in accordance with NYSDEC DER-10 and NYSDEC guidance for the Sampling, Analysis and Assessment of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances will be collected. Analytical methods and the quality assurance summary is provided in Table 1.
- G. All sampling will be performed in accordance with the requirements of NYSDEC DER-10 and NYSDEC guidance for the Sampling, Analysis and Assessment of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances will be collected and will be handled separately from other samples. The following guidelines will be observed during sampling events:
 - 1. Ensure field clothing, including boots, does not contain Gore-Tex or Tyvek.
 - 2. Gloves will be made of nitrile, no latex gloves will be worn.
 - 3. All safety boots are constructed of polyurethane or polyvinyl chloride.
 - 4. Field crews should avoid fabric softener use in clothing, cosmetics, moisturizers, hand cream, unauthorized sunscreen or insect repellent.
 - 5. There should be no Teflon or LDPE containing materials int eh sampling train, use HDPE, stainless steel, acetate, silicon or polypropylene.
 - 6. There will be no waterproof field books, plastic clipboards, binders or spiral hard cover notebooks on site.
 - 7. Fill coolers with only regular ice, no chemical ice packs.
 - 8. Sample containers and caps must be made of HDPE or polypropylene.
 - 9. Use PFAS-free water for decontamination with Alconox or Liquinox.

- 10. Restrict food to water and hydrations drinks in the staging areas away from sample collection points.
- 11. Use a pen to clearly label each collected sample with the sample ID, sample source, and the time and date of collection for accurate identification. No permanent marker should be used.
- H. Laboratory analytical reports will be provided to NYSDEC within 7 days of receipt from the laboratory.
- I. Laboratory deliverables shall conform to the NYSDEC's Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) Category B deliverables and will include an electronic data deliverable (EDD). All groundwater data will be validated and uploaded to the EQuIS database.

3.5 Post Injection Groundwater Monitoring

- A. A minimum of three consecutive rounds of groundwater monitoring occurring approximately 30, 60 and 90 days following the completion of the reagent injection program shall be completed.
- B. Groundwater samples will be collected from the injection well, four groundwater monitoring wells and existing well MW-4 (converted to a groundwater monitoring well from VA-RC-4). This monitoring will be performed by the Engineer.
- C. Prior to groundwater sampling, groundwater level measurements will be obtained from each of the newly installed wells. All water level measurements will be made using a fixed reference point at each measurement location. Prior to collection of groundwater level measurements, the headspace of the well will be measured utilizing a PID as soon as the well cover is opened. Downhole instruments will be decontaminated between each measurement location. The static water level will be measured to the nearest 0.01 foot.
- D. Groundwater samples from the wells to be sampled will be collected using lowflow sampling. Initially, the required purge volume will be calculated and once the minimum purge volume is removed the field quality indicator parameters (i.e. temperature, ORP, conductivity, pH, DO and turbidity) will be monitored. Indicator parameters will be monitored every 5 minutes or however long it takes to purge one flow cell volume, whichever is longer, and recorded in the field log. The well shall be considered stabilized and ready for sample collection when the indicator parameters have stabilized for three consecutive readings. If groundwater recovery is very slow, it may be necessary to wait several hours, or overnight, for sufficient volume to become available for the necessary sample analyses. The groundwater sample from MW-4 (converted to a groundwater monitoring well from VA-RC-4) will be collected in a similar manner (monitoring parameters) and groundwater intervals as the March 2021 groundwater sampling event.

- E. Sampling procedures and analytical requirements will be the same as specified in Section 3.4 of the Work Plan. Collected groundwater samples will be submitted to Test America of Buffalo, New York for the following analysis:
 - VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
 - Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
 - Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
 - Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
 - Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
 - Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
 - Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175);
 - Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2;
 - Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A;
 - Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D; and
 - PFAS by USEPA Method 537.1.

The first round of samples collected from the new monitoring wells will be analyzed for PFAS. An assessment will be made based on the analytical results of those samples as to the need for additional PFAS analysis of samples from later sampling rounds. Samples analyzed for PFAS will be handled separately from other samples. The following guidelines will be observed during PFAS sampling events:

- 1. Ensure field clothing, including boots, does not contain Gore-Tex or Tyvek.
- 2. Gloves will be made of nitrile, no latex gloves will be worn.
- 3. All safety boots are constructed of polyurethane or polyvinyl chloride.
- 4. Field crews should avoid fabric softener use in clothing, cosmetics, moisturizers, hand cream, unauthorized sunscreen or insect repellent.
- 5. There should be no Teflon or LDPE containing materials int eh sampling train, use HDPE, stainless steel, acetate, silicon or polypropylene.

- 6. There will be no waterproof field books, plastic clipboards, binders or spiral hard cover notebooks on site.
- 7. Fill coolers with only regular ice, no chemical ice packs.
- 8. Sample containers and caps must be made of HDPE or polypropylene.
- 9. Use PFAS-free water for decontamination with Alconox or Liquinox.
- 10. Restrict food to water and hydrations drinks in the staging areas away from sample collection points.
- 11. Use a pen to clearly label each collected sample with the sample ID, sample source, and the time and date of collection for accurate identification. No permanent marker should be used.
- F. Test America of Buffalo, New York is a NYSDOH ELAP certified laboratory meeting the requirements for sample custody procedures, including cleaning and handling sample containers and analytical equipment, will be used to analyze samples collected during the site investigation. Upon receipt of shipped samples at the laboratory, the laboratory's sample custodian will inspect the samples for integrity and check the shipment against the chain-of-custody. Discrepancies are reported to the laboratory's project manager who contacts Synapse for resolution.

When the shipment and chain-of-custody are in agreement, the sample custodian will enter the samples into the Laboratory Information System and will assign each sample a unique laboratory number. This number will be affixed to each sample bottle. The sample custodian will then enter the sample and analysis information into the laboratory computer system.

The laboratory will implement the following standard operating procedures for laboratory/sample security within the laboratory facility:

- Samples are stored in a secure area;
- Access to the laboratory is through a monitored area;
- Visitors sign a visitor's log and are escorted while in the laboratory;
- Only the designated sample custodians have keys to the sample storage area(s); and,
- Transfers of samples in and out of storage are documented.

While in the laboratory, samples that require storage at $4^{\circ}C +/- 2^{\circ}C$ will be stored in a locked refrigerator unless they are being used for analysis. The laboratory's sample custodian will be responsible for sample storage and security to ensure that:

- Samples and extracts are stored for 60 days after the final analytical data report has been forwarded to Synapse. The samples, extracts, and sample digestion byproducts are then discarded in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration guidance; and,
- Samples are not stored with standards or sample extracts.
- G. Appropriate Quality Assurance/Quality Assurance (QA/QC) samples including Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicates (MS/MSD), trip blanks, field blanks and equipment blanks in accordance with NYSDEC DER-10. Analytical methods and the quality assurance summary is provided in Table 1.
- H. All sampling will be performed by the Engineer in accordance with the requirements of NYSDEC DER-10.
- I. Laboratory analytical reports will be provided to NYSDEC within 7 days of receipt from the laboratory.
- J. Laboratory deliverables shall conform to the NYSDEC's Analytical Services Protocol (ASP) Category B deliverables and will include an electronic data deliverable (EDD). All groundwater data will be validated and uploaded to the EQuIS database.

FIGURES









HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK

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TABLES

TABLE 1

Analytical Methods/Quality Assurance Summary Table Harbor View Square 68 West First Street

Oswego, New York NYS BCP Site No. C738040

Sample Marix Type	Sample Frequency	Equipment Blank Frequency	Trip Blank Frequency	Analyitcal Parameters	Anaytical Method	Analytical Reporting Requirement	Reporting Limit	Matrix Spike Frequency	Field Duplicate Frequency	Sample Preservation	Sample Container Type and Volume	Method Hold Time
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	1 per cooler	VOCs	USEPA Method 8260C	Category B	1.00 ug/L	5%	5%	нсі	3 - 40 mL vials	14 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	NA	Metals	USEPA Method 6010C/7410	Category B	0.002-0.01 mg/L	5%	5%	NHO3	500 mL plastic	180 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	NA	Sulfate and Chloride	USEPA Method 300.1	Category B	2.00 and 0.50 mg/L	5%		None	60 mL plastic	28 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	NA	Sulfide	USEPA Method SM4500 S2	Category B	1.00 mg/L	5%		Zinc Acetate and NaOH	250 mL plastic	7 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	NA	Nitrate and Nitrite	USEPA Method 353.2	Category B	0.02 mg/L	5%		None	250 mL plastic	48 hours
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	NA	Ferric Iron	USEPA Method SM4500 FE	Category B	0.0075 mg/L	5%		None	125 mL plastic	IMMEDIATELY/180 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4		NA	Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene	USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175)	Coloren R	1.00 5.00 mm/l	5%		HCI	3-50 mL vials	14 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	NA	Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon	USEPA Method 9060A	Category B	1.00 mg/l	5%		HCI	2-40 mL vials	28 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	NA	NA	Total organic carbon	USEPA Method SM5310D	Category B	1.00 mg/l	5%		HCI	2-40 mL vials	28 days
Groundwater	MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, MW- 9, VA-RC-4	1 per cooler	NA	Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)	USEPA Method 537.1	Category B	2.00-5.00 ng/L	5%		None	(2) 250 mL polypropylene	14 days/40 days

APPENDIX A

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan for

Harbor View Square 68 West First Street Oswego, New York NYS BCP Site No. C738040

Prepared by:



Synapse Property Resources 360 Erie Boulevard East Syracuse, New York 13202

SYNAPSE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN REVIEW AND APPROVAL

CLIENT: <u>Harbor View Square, LLC</u>	SITE NAME: <u>Harbor View Square</u>
PROJECT NAME: Brownfield Cleanup Program Remediation	PROJECT NUMBER: <u>HSGV 24-16</u>
START DATE: April 15, 2017	END DATE: November 15, 2019

Roger R. cREIGHTON Project Manager	Signature:	Date:
Roger Creighton Synapse Health and Safety Coordinator	Signature:	Date:
Varies Site Health and Safety Officer	Signature:	Date:
<u>Brian Macrae</u> Managing Partner	Signature:	Date:

This Health and Safety Plan has been written for the use of Synapse Property Resources (*Synapse*) employees and approved *Synapse* subconsultants, subcontractors and clients.

Our work can be hazardous, and it is imperative that we never forget that! It is the intent of this document to address our risks. The health and safety guidelines in this Plan were prepared specifically for this site, its conditions, purposes, dates and personnel and must be amended if conditions change. This Plan must not be used on any other site without prior research by trained health and safety specialists.

Synapse claims no responsibility for its use by others for purposes unrelated to this project. This Plan will provide useful information to subcontractors and will assist them in developing their own HASP. Subcontractors and subconsultants should sign this plan (See Attachment 7) as an acknowledgement of hazard information and notice that they must ensure that the risks posed by work on this site are addressed. Synapse is readily available to assist subcontractors in identifying and addressing their employees' risks.
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ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 – Site Figures

Attachment 2 – Directions to Hospital

- Attachment 3 Incident Investigation Form & Root Cause Analysis Flow Chart
- Attachment 4 Utility Clearance Logs
- Attachment 5a Air Monitoring Equipment Calibration/Check Log
- Attachment 5b Air Monitoring Log
- Attachment 6 Daily Production Health & Safety Briefing
- Attachment 7 Acknowledgment & Agreement Form
- Attachment 8 Community Air Monitoring Plan (Bound Separately)

1.0 Objectives and Goals of this HASP

The purpose of this HASP is to:

- Document a proactive, scientific exposure assessment for this site and project that identifies and provides an understanding of health and safety risks.
- Document proactive precautions to avoid the risks and stay safe.

Our goal of this HASP is to:

- Complete site work described in the Remedial Work Plan without any incidents; no injuries, no illnesses, no impacts to the environment or to property and equipment. NONE! We have zero tolerance for incidents of any type. We expect all subcontractors and other project participants to share this goal.
- Comply with the provisions and requirements set forth by OSHA.

2.0 Scope of Work

The Scope of Work includes the implementation of the Brownfield Cleanup Program Remedial Work Plan (RWP), which will consist of a series of plans. This HASP was prepared for the use of Synapse personnel and subcontractors while performing the following tasks:

Bedrock Drilling and Sampling

This task will include observation of the installation of five bedrock holes at the site, as described in the Pre-Design Investigation Work Plan (PDIWP).

Archeological Survey

This task will consist of observation of the archeological survey. Several exploration trenches will be advanced in the area of the former Fort Oswego, as shown in Attachment 1.

Contaminated Soil Excavation and Clean Fill Placement

This task includes the excavation of existing contaminated site soils in the area of the former UST, beneath the former process lines, and beneath Sump 1 and Sump 2. Upon removal of the soils, soil samples will be collected from the excavation base and sidewalls. The collected samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis under standard chain-of-custody protocols to confirm all contamination was successfully removed. Synapse anticipates the excavation to extend to bedrock, expected to be between two and five feet below ground surface (bgs). If additional contamination remains on the bedrock surface, a remediating compound will be applied to the base of the excavation. The excavation will then be backfilled with certified clean fill, mechanically compacted into place.

Bedrock Injections

This task includes observation of injections into the bedrock. This plan will be updated to include the scope of work for the injection progam when it has been defined.

3.0 Background Information on the Project Site

The Site is located at 68 West First Street in the City of Oswego, Oswego County. The Site covers approximately 2.438 acres and consists of the block bounded by West First Street to the east, West Second Street to the west, West Schuyler Street to the south and Lake Street to the north. The northwestern portion of the site is covered by a one-story concrete slab-on grade, steel-framed masonry building which covers approximately 20,900 square feet. The primary contaminants of concern (COCs) for the site include several chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs); specifically tetrachloroethene (PCE) and trichloroethene (TCE) and their degradation products, which include 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE), cis-1,2-dichloroethene (cis-1,2-DCE), trans-1,2-dichloroethene (trans-1,2-DCE), and vinyl chloride (VC). Other COCs of interest include; several metals, including lead, mercury and others, as well as polycyclic organic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

4.0 Property Owner Safety Procedures

Not applicable.

5.0 Site Plan

A site plan is included in Attachment 1.

6.0 Emergency Response

If an incident occurs, the following steps will be taken

- The Site Health & Safety Officer (SHSO) will evaluate the incident and assess the need for assistance and/or evacuation.
- The SHSO will call for outside assistance as needed.
- The SHSO will act as liaison between the outside agencies and on-site personnel.
- The SHSO will ensure that the Project Manager (PM) and Synapse(HR) are notified of the incident; and
- The SHSO will take appropriate measure to stabilize the incident scene.

The SHSO must be familiar with the directions to the hospital given in Attachment 2.

Injury or Illness

If an injury or illness occurs, take the following action:

- Determine if emergency response (fire/ambulance) support is necessary. If so, dial **911**. Provide the location of the injured person and other details as requested. If it makes sense to take an individual to the hospital, follow the directions in **Attachment 2**.
- Get First Aid for the person immediately. Utilize first aid kit in vehicle. Also utilize the bloodborne pathogens kit. (Make sure you have both kits, or one combined kit).
- Notify the SHSO immediately. The SHSO is responsible for preparing and submitting the Incident/Near Miss Investigation Report to Synapse's within 24 hours of the incident, as well as notifying the employee's supervisor and Project Manager. Use the Incident/Near Miss Investigation Report and Root Cause Analysis Flowchart in Attachment 3. Synapse phone is (315) 475-3700. (Note: All incidents must be reported to Synapse within 24 hours, but the actual investigation need not be completed within 24 hours.)
- The SHSO will assume responsibility during a medical emergency until more qualified emergency response personnel arrive at the site.

First Aid Procedures for Minor Cuts, Scratches, Bruises, etc.

• Each occupational illness or injury shall be reported immediately by employees to SHSO. The SHSO will complete the Incident/Near Miss Investigation Report in **Attachment 4** and report the incident to Synapse.

Medical Cases Not Requiring Ambulance Service

- Medical cases normally not requiring ambulance services are injuries such as minor lacerations, minor sprains, etc.
- The SHSO will ensure prompt transportation of the injured person to a physician or hospital following the directions in **Attachment 2**.
- A representative of Synapse/sub-contractor should always drive the injured employee to the medical facility and remain at the facility until the employee is ready to return.
- If the driver of the vehicle is not familiar with directions to the hospital, a second person shall accompany the driver and the injured employee to the hospital
- If it is necessary for the SHSO to accompany the injured employee, provisions must be made to have another employee, properly trained and certified in first aid, to act as the temporary SHSO.
- If the injured employee is able to return to the jobsite the same day, he/she should bring with him/her a statement from the doctor containing such information as:

- Date
- Employee's name
- Diagnosis
- Date he/she is able to return to work, regular or light duty
- Date he/she is to return to doctor for follow-up appointment, if necessary
- Signature and address of doctor

If the injured employee is unable to return to the jobsite the same day, the employee who transported him should bring this information back to the jobsite and report it to Synapse at (315) 475-3700 and Synapse Health & Safety Coordinator, Roger Creighton at (315) 849-0905.

Emergency Cases Requiring Ambulance Services

- Medical cases requiring ambulance services would be such cases as severe head injuries, amputations, heart attacks, etc.
- Should ambulance service be necessary, the following procedures should be taken immediately.
 - Contact necessary ambulance service and company emergency services by dialing **911** and notify the SHSO for the site.
 - Administer first aid until ambulance service arrives.
 - While the injured employee is being transported, the SHSO should contact the medical facility to be utilized.
 - One designated representative should accompany the injured employee to the medical facility and remain at the facility until final diagnosis and other relevant information is obtained.

Death of an Individual or Hospitalization of Three or More Employees

The procedure as outlined in "First Aid and Medical Cases", above, should be followed. If the injured person dies, then SYNAPSE, local officials and coroner must be notified *immediately*. Synapse will notify the **local OSHA office within 8 hours of the incident or fatality** in the event of fatality or hospitalization of three or more employees.

Response to Spills or Cut Lines

Prevent problems by documenting the location of underground lines (e.g., product, sewer, telephone, fiber optic) before starting site work. If a line or tank is drilled through, or another leak occurs, document the event as soon as possible using the Incident Investigation Report in **Attachment 3. Notification of the event must be made to Synapse immediately**. Include dates, times, actions taken, agreements reached, and names of people involved. Use additional pieces of paper to document the event completely. The SHSO, PM and client must be notified immediately. The PM will notify the regulatory authority or utility as necessary.

In the event of a spill/release, follow this plan:

- 1. Stay upwind of the spill/release.
- 2. Wear appropriate PPE.
- 3. Turn off equipment and other sources of ignition.
- 4. Turn off pumps and shut valves to stop the flow/leak.
- 5. Plug the leak or collect drippings, when possible.
- 6. Use sorbent pads to collect product and impede its flow, if possible.
- 7. Call Fire Department immediately if fire or emergency develops.
- 8. Inform Synapse Project Manager about the situation.
- 9. Determine if the client wants Synapse to repair the damage or if the client will use an emergency repair contractor.
- 10. Based on agreements, contact emergency spill contractor for containment of free product.
- 11. Advise the client of spill discharge notification requirements and determine who will complete and submit forms. (Do not submit or report to agencies without the client's consent.) Document each interaction with the client and regulators and note, in writing; name, title, authorizations, refusals, decisions, and commitments to any action.
- 12. Do not transport or approve transportation of contaminated soils or product until proper manifests have been completed and approved. Be aware that soils / product may meet criteria for hazardous waste.
- 13. Do not sign manifests as generator of wastes; contact PM to discuss waste transportation.

Notifications – a spill/release requires completion of an Incident Investigation (II) as per Synapse's LPS program. The PM must involve the client/generator in the Incident Investigation process. Synapse's incident investigation form must be completed (see Attachment 3) and submitted to Synapse within 24 hours. The client/generator is under obligation to report to the proper government agencies. If the spill extends into waterways, the Coast Guard and the National Response Center (800) 424-8802 must be notified immediately by the client or with his permission.

All spills/releases must be reported to <u>NYSDEC Hotline at (800) 457-7362 immediately after spill/release identification.</u>

7.0 Contractor Emergency Action Plan

The SHSO will ensure that the Subcontractor/Contractor is capable of efficient evacuation/emergency response in the event of an emergency. Subcontractor/Contractor's employees will be trained by their employer in site-specific evacuation/emergency procedures, including alarm systems and evacuation plans and routes.

The Subcontractor/Contractor shall instruct its employees that in the event of an emergency such as a fire, release, or accident involving injuries, they are required to dial **911**. The reporting employee is to state the problem clearly and fully and remain on the line until dismissed by the operator.

Synapse staff and Subcontractor/Contractors working in an area where an emergency exists shall evacuate to a safe location, preferably upwind, away from the area and take attendance. The gathering location will be: <u>on the corner of West First and West Schuyler</u> <u>Streets.</u>

(If the emergency causes the route to a gate surrounding the site is closed, the Synapse staff and Subcontractor/Contractors shall move to an open area upwind of the hazard area, and remain there until instructed by emergency response personnel (i.e., police, fire, ambulance, paramedics, etc.) to do otherwise.)

Subcontractor/Contractor has the responsibility to account for its own employees and to provide such information immediately to emergency response personnel upon request.

Synapse staff and Subcontractor/Contractor may not reenter the emergency site without specific approval from emergency response personnel.

In the event of fire ignition in close proximity to Synapse staff and Subcontractor/Contractor's employees, those persons shall evacuate the area and notify emergency personnel unless the fire is readily extinguished with portable dry chemical equipment on-hand. When in doubt, emergency response personnel shall be notified.

8.0 Local Emergency Contact Names and Phone Numbers

DIRECTIONS AND MAP TO THE HOSPITAL – SEE ATTACHMENT 2

EMERGENCY CONTACTS	NAME	TELEPHONE NO.			
Hospital	Oswego Hospital	315-349-5511 (911)			
Ambulance	Oswego County Ambulance	315-592-4145 (911)			
Police	Oswego Police Department	315-343-1212 (911)			
Fire	Oswego Fire Department	315-343-2161 (911)			

9.0 Government Contact Names and Phone Numbers

AGENCY	NAME	TELEPHONE NO.
Utility Location	Dig Safe New York	(800) 526-0400
NYSDEC	NYSDEC Hotline	(800) 457-7362

10.0 Project Personnel and Relevant Information

A question about this project posed by neighbors, the press, or other interested parties should be directed immediately to:

Name: Matthew Hoskins Company: Synapse Phone: 315-475-3700

Subcontractors shall review and sign the form in Attachment 7 ACKNOWLEDGMENT & AGREEMENT FORM

				TRAINING	DATES
PROJECT JOB TITLE	NAME	TELEPHONE NO.	GENERAL PROJECT RESPONSIBILITIES		
				40 Hr HAZWOPER	8 Hr Refresher
Site Health and Safety Officer	Varies	Varies	Implementing this HASP. Has authority to stop work. Perform air quality tasks. Take charge of all incidents. Review subcontractor's HASP	Varies	varies
Project Manager	Roger Creighton	315-475-3700 315-254-8547cell	Overall financial and logistics. Contact client and subs to understand all hazards. Discuss with SHSO. Follow-up all incidents upon notice.	1995	2017
Project Staff	Varies	Varies	Conduct work in accordance with JSA and this HASP. Report all incidents and near misses immediately to Project Manager.	Varies	Varies
Subcontractor Cascade Environmental	Michael Jordan	802-229-1883 Office 802-498-3828 Cell	Responsible for coordination of the all bedrock cores and borings.	1996	2017
SYNAPSE Health & Safety Coordinator	Roger Creighton	315-475-3700 Office 315-254-8547 Cell	Respond with corporate resources to all incidents as appropriate. Assist in HASP review. Assist in incident investigation.	1996	2017
Synapse Managing Partner	Brian Macrae	315-475-3700 Office 315-254-8638 Cell	Assist with incident review, recordkeeping.	1994	2003

<u>11.0 Maximum Concentrations of Contaminants Identified Onsite</u>

Listed below are the maximum concentrations of primary contaminants of concern in the soil/groundwater that are expected to be encountered at the site.

Substance	Date of Sample	Media	Sample Concentration (Note units of measure, ppm)
PCE	2012	Soil	<25 mg/kg
TCE	2012	Soil	<25 mg/kg
1,1-DCE	2012	Groundwater	<25 mg/L
Cis-1,2-DCE	2012	Groundwater	<25 mg/L
Trans-1,2-DCE	2012	Groundwater	<25 mg/L

12.0 Potential Airborne Concerns

- A site specific Community Air Monitoring Plan has been prepared and is provided as Attachment 8, to be utilized in conjunction with this HASP and sets forth the following objectives:
 - 1. Protect human health and the environment form exposure to site contaminants associated with the soil boring activities set forth in the VCACWP.
 - 2. Minimize risk of exposure to offsite receptors to site contaminants potentially associated with the soil boring activities set forth in the VCACWP.

13.0 Detailed Project Steps with Hazard Assessments and Precautions

Traffic Control Plan:

(Incidents on sites have shown the need for a well-thought out traffic control plan. This plan must consider:

- Level of traffic activity on a site and provide for the safety of <u>all</u> workers on the site. E.g., a gasoline site that is open to the public should require sawhorse barricades to protect workers.
- Cones and caution tape have proven ineffective in a number of situations. Other traffic control precautions include candles, oversized cones with flags, placing vehicles between staff and the public, etc.
- We must cordon off as much space as is necessary to ensure our safety. This must be discussed with clients as it may mean closing down additional gasoline pumps or entrances to a factory, etc.
- Company and personal vehicles should be parked as far away from potential traffic as possible.
- How contractor heavy equipment, e.g., vacuum trucks, drill rigs, cranes, loader/diggers, etc will be parked and maneuvered around the site. All heavy equipment movements must be coordinated in advance to avoid incidents.
- Review local regulations for: formally developed traffic control plans signed by licensed individuals, police details, flagmen, hours of activity, closure of streets to move equipment, etc.)

Work on this project will be conducted during the hours: 7 A.M. & 7 P.M.

Shutoff valves/switches for utilities and products:

To be determined on site

<u>Jewelry safety</u>: Jewelry can be dangerous. Large ear rings, long necklaces, loose-fitting bracelets, rings, watches, etc. can become entangled in machinery and cause removal of limbs, as well as be conductive of electricity. Use caution and avoid unnecessary hazards!

NOTE: Synapse staff and subcontractors are not to enter an excavation without first contacting Roger Creighton, Health & Safety Coordinator (315) 475-3700.

Bedrock Borings

1 Job Steps	Personal Protective Equipment	3 Potential Hazard	Critical Actions
Clear boring locations.	Gather necessary PPE. PPE must include: reflective vest for traffic, steel toed and shank	Traffic hazards, overhead and underground installations,	 Reference Overhead and Underground Utility Checklist.
	shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, ear plugs/muffs, leather gloves for the	product releases, property damage, dealer inconvenience.	• Coordinate with facility contact (or designee) to minimize potential conflicts.
	non-chemical aspects of work; Chemical resistance PPE to include: full-face		 Review proposed locations against available construction drawings and known utilities, tanks, product lines, etc.
	appropriate gloves, and other PPE as needed.		 Mark out the proposed excavation locations.
			 Call underground utility locating service for public line location clearance, and get list of utilities being contacted. If necessary, coordinate private line locator for private property.
Cascade will set up necessary traffic control	Reflective vest, steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat (if required by job site).	Potentially can be struck by vehicle during placement.	 Use buddy system for placing traffic control.
		Vehicle accident as a result of improper traffic control equipment placement.	 Address traffic issues, as required.
Set up exclusion zone(s), stockpile area and establish		Injury or exposure to public or other onsite personnel. Slip/fall	Implement exclusion zone set-up instructions.
work areas/heavy equipment pathways.		hazards. Onsite vehicular accident with heavy equipment.	Set up clear walking paths between work stations.
Hand digging/post-holing where necessary to expose	Steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, hearing protection,	Damage to lines (and associated physical hazards or property	Use hand tools whenever possible.

Job Steps	Personal Protective Equipment	3 Potential Hazard	Critical Actions
and protect underground installations as needed.	reflective safety vest, and leather gloves for the non-chemical aspects of work.	damage). Back strain. Injury or vehicle damage from falling into holes.	 Use proper lifting techniques. Barricade/cover holes until job is complete.
Assist with set up of heavy equipment.	Wear reflective vest for traffic, steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, hearing protection devices, and leather gloves.	Damage caused by heavy equipment while accessing set- up location. Struck by equipment.	 Verify clear pathway to boring locations. Provide as-needed hand signals and guidance to driver to place rig. Visually inspect equipment (fire extinguisher on board, no oil or other fluid leaks, cabling and associated equipment in good condition, pressurized hoses secured with whip-checks or adequate substitute, jacks in good condition). Maintain eye contact with operator.
Commence borings	 Use PPE as follows: Level D (all the time): Safety glasses, hard hat, disposable ear plugs, long- sleeved shirts and pants, steel-toed boots. For contact with moist soil or liquid: Gloves: 0.008-inch gauge Nitrile gloves, leather work gloves Boot Covers: PVC, Neoprene or equivalent Chemical resistant Suit: Tyvek Upgrade to Level C (if necessary): Level D plus half-mask respirator with safety goggles or full face respirator Cartridges: Organic Vapor/HEPA Gloves: 0.008-inch gauge inner Nitrile gloves, with 0.11-inch gauge outer Nitrile gloves and leather work gloves Boot Covers: Neoprene Chemical Resistant Suit: PE Tyvek 	Heat or cold exposure, exposure to chemical hazards, hitting an underground or overhead utility, flammable or oxygen-deficient atmosphere from accumulated vapors, trip and fall, side wall cave-in, equipment failure, noise.	 Monitor weather conditions and take breaks as needed for cold or hot weather. Keep work area clear of tripping or slipping hazards. Perform periodic visual inspections of heavy equipment and keep it at least 5' from excavation edge, or one foot away from the edge for every foot of depth if greater than 5' deep. Perform necessary soil classification.
Collect samples in accordance with sampling plan. (samples to be analyzed on site by Cascade) General	Steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, hearing protection, reflective safety vest, and chemical resistant gloves.	Injury from heavy equipment. Exposure to site contaminants.	 Stay out of drill rig moving parts whenever possible. Use agreed-upon hand signals with heavy equipment operators. Monitor air around excavation in accordance with Section 12.
Typical work	Steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, hearing protection, reflective safety vest, and leather gloves for the non-chemical aspects of work. If you suspect that equipment is contaminated, wear chemical resistant gloves during decontamination of equipment.	Weather related incidents: automobile accidents, slips and falls.	 Check weather reports daily. Project visits will not be performed during inclement weather. Sampling may be performed during light rain mist. Wear raincoats. Drive at speed limit or less as needed to keep safe distance from vehicle in front, avoid short stops.

Job Steps	Personal Protective Equipment	Potential Hazard	Critical Actions
No eating, drinking, or smoking on-site.		Exposure to site contaminants	
No contact lenses on-site.			
A safety meeting will be held each day, even if there is only one person working on the project on any given day.			 Topics will always include the work scheduled for the day and restatement of the hazards and means to avoid them. Other topics may include sampling in general and advances in technology and how it may be applied to the project. Use Attachment 6 for logging the topics discussed.

Excavation Oversight

Job Steps	2 Personal Protective Equipment	3 Potential Hazard	4 Critical Actions
Clear excavation area.	Gather necessary PPE. PPE must include: reflective vest for traffic, steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, ear plugs/muffs, leather gloves for the non-chemical aspects of work; Chemical resistance PPE to include safety glasses, appropriate gloves, and other PPE as needed.	Traffic hazards, overhead and underground installations, product releases, property damage, dealer inconvenience.	 Reference Overhead and Underground Utility Checklist. Coordinate with facility contact (or designee) to minimize potential conflicts. Review proposed locations against available construction drawings and known utilities, tanks, product lines, etc. Mark out the proposed excavation locations. Call underground utility locating service for public line location clearance, and get list of utilities being contacted. If necessary, coordinate private line locator for private property.
Excavation contractor will set up necessary traffic control.	Reflective vest, steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat (if required by job site).	Potentially can be struck by vehicle during placement. Vehicle accident as a result of improper traffic control equipment placement.	 Use buddy system for placing traffic control. Address traffic issues, as required.
Set up exclusion zone(s), in the work area.		Injury or exposure to public or other onsite personnel. Slip/fall hazards. Onsite vehicular accident with heavy equipment.	 Implement exclusion zone set-up instructions. Set up clear walking paths between work stations.
Set up CAMP equipment	 Use PPE as follows: Level D (all the time): Safety glasses, hard hat, disposable ear plugs, long- sleeved shirts and pants, steel-toed boots. 	Heat or cold exposure, exposure to chemical hazards, hitting an underground or overhead utility, flammable or oxygen-deficient atmosphere from accumulated vapors, equipment failure, noise.	 Monitor weather conditions and take breaks as needed for cold or hot weather. Keep work area clear of tripping or slipping hazards. Perform periodic visual inspections of heavy equipment and keep it at least 5' from test pit edge.
Clean site/demobilize	Steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, hearing protection, reflective safety vest, and leather gloves for the non-chemical aspects of work.	Traffic. Safety hazard left on site. Lifting hazards.	 Use buddy system as necessary to remove traffic control. Leave site clean of refuse and debris. Notify station personnel of departure. Use proper lifting techniques or use mechanical assistance.
Package and deliver samples to lab		Bottle breakage (if any), back strain.	 Handle and pack bottles carefully (bubble wrap bags are helpful). Use proper lifting techniques.
<u>General</u>			
Typical work	Steel toed and shank shoes, hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, hearing protection, reflective safety vest, and leather gloves for the non-chemical aspects of work. If you suspect that equipment is contaminated, wear chemical resistant gloves	Weather related incidents: automobile accidents, slips and falls.	 Check weather reports daily. Project visits will not be performed during inclement weather. Sampling may be performed during light rain mist. Wear raincoats. Drive at speed limit or less as needed to keep safe distance from vehicle in front, avoid short stops.

Job Steps	Personal Protective Equipment	Potential Hazard	Critical Actions
	during decontamination of equipment.		
No eating, drinking, or smoking on-site.			
No contact lenses on-site.			
No facial hair that would interfere with respirator fit.			
A safety meeting will be held each day, even if there is only one person working on the project on any given day.			• Topics will always include the work scheduled for the day and restatement of the hazards and means to avoid them. Other topics may include sampling in general and advances in technology and how it may be applied to the project. Use Attachment 6 for logging the topics discussed.

14.0 Waste Characteristics

A. Waste Generation (Type(s)/Quantities Expected):

Anticipated (YES/NO): <u>YES</u>

Types: Liquid X Solid X Sludge Other (describe)

Quantity (Expected Volume): <u>1 Drum</u>

B. Characteristics (Expected):

Corrosive _____ Flammable/Ignitable _____ Radioactive _____ Toxic

Reactive _____ Unknown

Other (specify)

C. Packaging requirements for waste material (Expected):

- DOT-approved drums
- Baker tanks—water (possibly tankers if trucked off site)
- lined waste bins
- Excavated soil will be return to the excavation.
- D. Disposal and/or Treatment Methods Proposed:

Attachment 1

SITE PLAN



Attachment 2

DIRECTIONS TO OSWEGO HOSPITAL

Google Maps 68 W 1st St, Oswego, NY 13126 to Oswego Hospital

Drive 0.6 mile, 3 min



		Atta	achn	nent 3			
Incider Near-N	nt Inv ⁄Iiss I	vestigatio nvestigat	n/ zioi	n Report			
INCIDENT TYPE					Date	e of Incident:	
Fatality	Indus	trial Non-Recordable		Spill/Leak		General Liabi	lity
Lost Workday	Non-I	Industrial		Product Integrity		Criminal Acti	vity
LW Restricted Duty	Off-th	ne-Job Injury		Equipment		Notice of Vio	lation
OSHA Medical or Illness w/o LW	MVA			Business Interruption		Near Miss	
First Aid	Fire Fire		(TO	BE COMPLETED BY H	R)		
This report must be completed by the completed report must be reviewed and even if employee is not available to re- hours of the initial exam and any sub- After hours or weekends, please call H	te employee ad signed by eview and sig sequent exan Roger Creigh	's supervisor or Site the CEO and e-mail- gn. Employee or emp ns. Phone: 315-475 nton Cell: 315-254-8:	e Heal ed or i ployee -3700 547.	th and Safety Officer in faxed to the Health & Saf 's doctor must submit a 6 , Fax: 315-475-3780, E-M	nmediately fety Coord copy of th Mail: vden	y upon learnin linator within e doctor's rep narchi@synap	ng of the incident. The 24 hours of the incident, ort to Synapse within 24 oseriekmanagement.com.
EMPLOYER		1	·			:	
Company Name:							
Work Location Address where incident oc	curred:				Project	Name:	
EMPLOYEE							
Name:					SSN:		Birthdate:
Employment Status: 🔲 Full-Time 🗌	Part-Time	Hourly-As-Need	led	How lon	g in presen	t job?	
INJURY OR ILLNESS INFO							
Where did incident / near miss occur? (nu	mber, street, c	city, state, zip):					
County:	,				On Employ	ver's premises?	Yes No
Specific activity the employee was engage	d in when the	incident / near miss oc	curred:				
All equipment, materials, or chemicals the employee; the vapor inhaled or material sv	employee wa vallowed; wha	s using when the incide at the employee was lift	ent / ne ing, pu	ar miss occurred (e.g., the m lling, etc.):	achine emp	oloyee struck ag	ainst or which struck
Describe the specific injury or illness (e.g.	, cut, strain, fr	acture, skin rash, etc.):					
Body part(s) affected (e.g., back, left wrist	, right eye, etc	:.):					
Name and address of Health Care Provider	r (e.g., physici	an or clinic):					Phone No.:
If hospitalized, name and address of hospi	tal:						Phone No.:
Date of injury or onset of illness(MM/DD/	······································	/	Time	of event or exposure:		AM 🗌	PM
Time employee began work:	М 🗌 РМ	Did employee lose a	it least t date a	one full shift's work? bsent (MM/DD/YYYY)	/ /		
Has employee returned to work?	ular work	Restricted work] No,	still off work 🗌 Yes, da	te returned	(MM/DD/YYY	YY) / /
Did employee die? 🗌 No 🗌	Yes, date (MI	M/DD/YYYY)	/	/			
Date employer notified of incident / near n	niss: (MM/DI	D/YYYY) /	/				
To whom reported:							
Other workers injured/made ill in this ever	nt? 🗌 Yes	□ No					

Description of Incid	ent / Near M	liss: (Descri	be fully the	e incide	ent / ne	ar miss e	vents. T	'ell what h	appene	d and how i	;
nappeneu.)											
N <i>H</i> (N 7 1 • 1 A •									_		
Motor Venicle Accie	tent (MVA)	maany Vahiala?		No	Profe	essional Dri	ver?	∐ Yes L	No	t Situation.	
Total Tears Driving:		Vegers with Co			Oper Vahiala Tr	ation Type:			Equipm	ant #	
A	-:			v	enicle 1	ype.			Equipin		
Accident Location (street,	$C_{1}(y, state):$	D1-1-1-0		NT-	NI6 X/	-1-:-1 77		N	·····	NfE	4-1:4:
Hazardous Material?	Cuplity	Recordable?		NO .	No. of V	ehicles Tow	red	No. of Inju	iries:	No. of Fa	talities:
Broduct Name	Quality	, P	Product 2			Quantity		Product 3		Oue	ntity
Agency Notifications	Quantity	Ň	Jame	<u> </u>		Quantity	<u> </u>	Name		Qua	
Cost of Incident	\$										
Third Party Incider	its										
Name of Owner		A	ddress						Telephor	ne	
Description of Damage:											
Witness Name		A	ddress						Telephor	ne	
Witness Name	Contributin	A A Footores C	ddress	Decor	iho in I	Dotoil WI	hy Inoida	nt / Noon	Telephor	ne (
# Koot Cause and 1	Contributing	g ractors: C	onclusion	(Descr.	ibe m i	Detail wi	ny menue	ent / Near I		curred)	
2											
3											
4											
Root Cause(s) Analy	vsis (RCA):										
1. Lack of skill or knowled	lge				5. Cor	rect way tal	kes more tin	ne and/or requ	uires more	e effort	
2. Lack of or inadequate o	perational procee	dures or work sta	andards		6. Sho	ort-cutting st	andard proc	cedures is pos	itively rei	nforced or toler	ated
 Inadequate communicat standards 	ion of expectatio	ns regarding pro	ocedures or wo	ork	7. Pers	son thinks th idards	ere is no pe	ersonal benefi	t to alway	rs doing the job	according to
4. Inadequate tools or equi	pment				8. Unc	controllable					
# RCA #	Solution	(s): How to Prev	ent Incident /	Near Mis	ss From F	Reoccurring		Person Res	ponsible	Due Date	Closure Date
											Dute
Investigation Team	Members										
Name						Job Title]	Date	
Results of Solution V	Verification	and Validati	on								
Reviewed By						Lab Test				Data	
						JOU TILLE	Superviser				
						Other (nor					
						Juner (Hall	nc)				

Acknowledgment Signatures for Injuries/Illnesses							
Title	Signature	Date					
Health & Safety Coordinator: Roger Creighton							
Project Managers:							
Brian Macrae							
Paul Fisher							
Scott Matthews							
Chief Executive Officer: Vita DeMarchi							



Safe Performance Self Assessment

Before Beginning Any Activity/Task/Job, After an Incident or Near Miss, any Unusual Circumstances:



ASSESS the risk! What could go wrong? What is the worst thing that could happen if something does go wrong?

ANALYZE how to reduce the risk! Do I have all the necessary *Training* and *Knowledge* to do this job safely? Do I have all the proper *Tools* and *Personal* protective equipment?

ACT to ensure safe operations! Take necessary Action to ensure the job is done safely! Follow written procedures! Ask for assistance, if needed!

DO NOT PROCEED UNLESS EVERYTHING IS SAFE! For Everyone * Every Day * All the Time

Attachment 4 UTILITY CLEARANCE LOGS

Project:	Harbor View		
Location:	Oswego, New York	Date	

Instructions. This checklist has to be completed by a Synapse staff members and subcontractors as a safety measure to insure that all underground utility lines, other underground structures as well as above-ground power lines are clearly marked out in the area selected for boring or excavation. DRILLING OR EXCAVATION WORK MAY NOT PROCEED UNTIL (New Jersey One Call) HAS BEEN CONTACTED 72 HOURS PRIOR TO INVASIVE ACTIVITIES, FACILITY OPERATORS HAVE LOCATED UTILITIES WITHIN THE FACILITY, UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES ARE MARKED, AND THIS CHECKLIST HAS BEEN COMPLETED. As a final measure to prevent hitting buried utilities during drilling, field personnel must hand auger or post hole dig a five-foot hole at the potential drilling location before commencing drilling. Alternate techniques such as vacuum excavation are acceptable provided they will not damage any buried utilities.

Assignment of Responsibility. Synapse and Subcontractors are responsible for having underground utilities and structures located and marked. Preferably, the utility companies themselves should mark out the lines.

Drilling or Excavation Sites. Attach a map of the property showing the drilling or excavation sites. If sites are widely separated, attach several map(s) indicating the area(s) checked for underground utilities or underground structures and the location of above-ground power lines.

TYPE	NOT PRESENT	PRESENT	HOW MARKED ¹			
Petroleum products line						
Natural gas line						
Steam line						
Water line						
Sewer line						
Storm drain						
Telephone cable						
Electric power line						
Product tank						
Septic tank/drain field						
Other						
¹ Flags, paint on pavement, wooden stakes	, etc.					
Client Approval (with attached		COMPANY	BHONE			
linap)		COMPANY	PHONE			
Name and affiliation of person who marked out underground lines or structures.						
NAME	COMPANY		PHONE			
Synapse Risk Management, LLC						
Field Team Leader		Date Completed				

Utilities and Structures

SUBSURFACE CLEARANCE REVIEW (To Be Used For ANY Invasive Work)

Site #:			Synapse Project #:	Date:				
Bore	hole #	≠s Revi	ewed:	Clearance Performed by:				
Yes	Yes No Pre-Mobilization (Consultant Rep)							
		1.	Is a scaled site plan, map or drawing s to this form?	showing the proposed borehole locations a	ttached			
		2.	Does each borehole location allow for clear path for raising the mast and open	clear entry and exit, adequate workspace ating the drill rig and all support equipment	, and a ?			
		3.	Are all of the proposed borehole locat least 3 feet from any subsurface utilit here if plans not provided by client (ions and associated areas of pavement cu ies shown on client's building plans? PM nerefore not applicable to this job).	utting at 1 check			
		4.	Are all of the proposed borehole locat least 3 feet from any subsurface utilitie or other public property plan or site ma	ions and associated areas of pavement cuss shown on public right-of-way street impro p? PM check here if not applicable to the	utting at vement is job.			
		5.	Has the Facility Manager indicated no of the proposed borehole locations? (F	knowledge of any subsurface utilities within review locations with the Facility Manager).	n 3 feet			
		6.	Are all of the proposed borehole locat least 3 feet from any subsurface utilities PM to check here \square if applicable to this	ions and associated areas of pavement cus identified during a geophysical survey?	utting at			
		7.	Have all Utility Locating Service provide their facilities in the vicinity of the bore not have any facilities near the propose	ders notified by the public line locator mar nole locations or otherwise notified us that d borehole locations?	ked out they do			
		8.	Are all proposed borehole locations ar feet from a visual line connecting two s	d associated areas of pavement cutting at milar looking manhole covers?	least 3			
		9.	Are all proposed borehole locations an feet from a visual line perpendicular meters?	d associated areas of pavement cutting at to the street from the water, gas, and e	least 3 lectrical			
		10.	Are all proposed boring locations and pavement joints, curbs, crash posts, or	d associated areas of pavement cutting on other engineered structures?	clear of			
		11.	Does the pavement lack signs of previ differences in pavement texture or re determine the purpose of the previous	ous excavation (e.g. no pavement subside lief, no pavement patching)? If there are excavation and act accordingly.	nce, no e signs,			
		12.	Before drilling have you hand dug a h diameter of the hole greater than the probe is a handy tool that can also assi	ole to 5 feet below grade, if possible, and outer diameter of the drilling auger? Note st you in clearing boreholes.	d is the e: a tile			
		13.	Does the soil you encountered in the hard of clean gravel, clean sand, aggregat non-native looking material)?	and-dug hole appear to be native material (e base [gravelly sand with ~10% fines], c	i.e. free or other			
		14.	You know that buildings require utilities the expected utilities or have made sur-	Have you made sure that you have identiate the subscription of	tified all			
			DO NOT DRILL if you answe	ed "NO" to any of the above questions.				

- ٠
- Document the reason for a "NO" answer on the back of this form. Contact your supervisor for instructions and document instructed actions and results of actions on the back ٠ of this form.

Attachment 5a AIR MONITORING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION/CHECK LOG*

DATE	INSTRUMENT/ MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	BATTERY CHECK OK?	ZERO ADJUST OK?	CALIBRATION GAS (PPM)	READING (PPM)	LEAK CHECK	PERFORMED BY	COMMENTS

* Submit copies of logs to Health and Safety Coordinator, Roger Creighton within 24 hours, if a PEL is exceeded, or personal protective equipment level is upgraded at (315) 475-3700 or via email at rcreighton@synapseriskmanagement.com

Synapse Risk Management, LLC

Attachment 5b AIR MONITORING LOG

DATE	TIME	LOCATION	SOURCE/AREA/ BREATHING ZONE	INSTRUMENT	CONCENTRATION/UNITS	SAMPLED BY

* Submit copies of logs to the Health and Safety Coordinator, Roger Creighton within 24 hours, if a PEL is exceeded, or personal protective equipment level is upgraded at (315) 475-3700 or via email at rcreighton@synapseriskamnagement.com

Attachment 6

DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

Date:	
Start Time:	
Issues Discussed:	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
Atte	ndees
Print Name and Company	Signature
Mosting Conducted by:	
meeting conducted by:	
Name (Site Health and Safety Officer)	Signaturo
Name (Site Health and Salety Officer)	Signature

DISCUSSION IDEAS FOR THE DAILY PRODUCTION H&S MEETING

- Emergency response plan, emergency vehicle (full of fuel) and muster point
- □ Route to medical aid (hospital or other facility)
- □ Work hours, is night work planned?
- □ Hand signals around heavy equipment
- □ Traffic control
- Pertinent Legislation and Regulations
- Above and below ground utilities (energized or de-energized)
- □ Material Data Sheets (MSDS)
- □ To who, what, why, and when to report an incident
- □ Fire extinguisher and first aid kit locations
- Excavations, trenching sloping and shoring
- Dersonal protective equipment (PPE) and training
- □ Safety equipment and training
- □ Emergency telephone and telephone numbers (may not be 911)
- Eye wash stations and washroom locations
- Energy lock-out/tag-out procedures. Location of "kill Switches" etc.
- □ Weather restrictions
- □ Site security. Site hazards. Is special waste present.
- □ Traffic and people movements
- □ Working around machinery (both static and mobile)
- □ Sources of ignition, static electricity etc.
- Stings, bites, large animals and other naturally related injuries
- □ Working above grade
- □ Working at isolated sites
- Decontamination procedures (both personnel and equipment)
- □ Falls, trips, sprains and lifting injuries (how to prevent)
- □ Right to refuse unsafe work
- Adjacent property issues (residence, business, school, day care center)

Attachment 7

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT FORM

(All Synapse and subcontractor personnel must sign.)

"Zero Tolerance for Incident of ANY Kind. Work Together to Ensure A SAFE and High Quality Project

This Health and Safety Plan has been developed for the purpose of informing Synapse employees of the hazards they are likely to encounter on the project site, and the precautions they should take to avoid those hazards. Sub-contractors and other contractors at the site must develop their own Health and Safety Plan to address the hazards faced by their own employees. Synapse has provided a copy of this Plan to contractors in the interest of full disclosure of hazards of which we may be aware, and to satisfy Synapse's responsibilities under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication standard. Similarly, contractors are required to inform Synapse of any hazards of which they are aware or that the contractor's work on site might possibly pose to SYNAPSE employees, including (but not limited to) the Material Safety Data Sheets for chemicals the contractor may bring on-site. This plan should NOT be understood by contractors to provide information on all of the hazards to which a contractor's employees may be exposed as a result of their work.

I further certify that I have received training and medical surveillance according to the Health and Safety Plan and the OSHA Standard on Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (29 CFR 1910.120):

All parties conducting site activities are required to coordinate their activities and practices with the project Site Health and Safety Officer. Your signature below confirms that you have read and understand the hazards discussed in this Plan, and understand that sub-contractors and contractors must develop their own Health and Safety Plan for their employees. You also understand you could be prohibited by the Site Health and Safety Officer or other *Synapse* personnel from working on this project for not complying with any aspect of this Health and Safety Plan.

Name	Title	Signature	Company	Date

APPENDIX B

COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN

Community Air Monitoring Plan

HARBOR VIEW SQUARE 68 West First Street OSWEGO, NEW YORK

NYS BCP Site No. C738040

Prepared by:



Synapse Risk Management 360 Erie Boulevard East Syracuse, New York 13202

July 2018
COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN NYS BCP Site No. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET, OSWEGO, NEW YORK

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Disclaimer

This Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) was prepared by Synapse Risk Management (Synapse) for Housing Visions and is intended to be used during the implementation of the Pre-design Investigation at 68 West First Street in Oswego, New York. Any changes in project conditions and/or the scope of work will require a review and modification to this CAMP. Such changes will be completed in the form of an addendum to this plan or a revision of the plan.

The provisions of this plan are mandatory for all personnel assigned to the project. All visitors to the project site must also abide by the requirements of the plan. It should be acknowledged that the personnel of other consulting and/or contracted companies shall work in accordance with their own independent task-specific HASPs. The policies and procedures presented in this document shall not be construed to supercede any federal, state, or local regulations, and do not relieve any employer, agent, or invitee involved in the project from complying with applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

This CAMP is not intended or represented to be suitable for reuse by others on extensions of this or any other project. Any reuse without prior written approval or adaptation by Synapse will be at the user's sole risk and without liability and legal exposure to Synapse.

1 Introduction

This plan presents the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP), which was prepared by Synapse Risk Management (Synapse) to protect the community from any potential airborne releases that could result during field work associated with the Harbor View Square Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP).

This plan is consistent with requirements set forth in the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Division of Environmental Remediation, *Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation*, May 2010 (DER-10).

1.1 Objective

This CAMP identifies the air monitoring activities to be performed at the site during implementation of both non-intrusive and intrusive activities. The overall objectives of this CAMP are as follows:

- Prevent exposures to the public during the implementation of work activities over the course of the Harbor View Square BCP;
- Set forth the monitoring requirement and associated documentation; and
- Set forth guidance for potential contingency situations that may arise.

2 Air Monitoring

Air monitoring during the implementation of various work activities will include volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and particulate monitoring utilizing specialized instruments, visual observations for fugitive dust and documenting meteorological conditions on a daily basis. The monitoring locations, frequency and methods for monitoring VOCs and particulate are discussed in the following sections of this CAMP.

2.1 VOC Monitoring

Real time VOC monitoring will be conducted during non-invasive and invasive work activities conducted during various aspects of the BCP. The locations will be based on wind direction and frequency of the monitoring will be based the type of work being conducted. Below is breakdown of work activities that require continuous versus. periodic VOC monitoring.

Monitoring Type	Work Activities
Continuous	 Soil Borings or Monitoring Well Installation;
	 Soil Excavation;
	 Soil Loading
	 Test pits; and
	 Demolition of contaminated structures.
Periodic	 Groundwater sampling

The upwind location will be determined at the beginning of each work day with an initial VOC recording. If the wind direction changes during the course of the work, another VOC reading will be recorded at the new upwind location to establish baseline conditions. The downwind measurements will be recorded at the downwind perimeter of the work area. If the work activities are determined ort considered invasive then continuous monitoring will be conducted. If the work activities are considered non-invasive, then periodic monitoring for VOC will be sufficient.

Locations	Frequency	
Upwind perimeter	 Start of work day; and 	
	 New background measurements based on wind direction change. 	
Downwind perimeter	 Continuous for invasive work; and 	
	 Periodic for non-invasive work. 	

The VOC recording will be performed utilizing a photoionization detector (PID) that should be calibrated on a daily basis. The PID shall be adjusted to provide continuous

monitoring and integrating a 15-minute running average through the course of the work day.

2.2 Particulate Monitoring

The particulate monitoring will be conducted on a continuous basis and at varying locations based on wind direction. The upwind location will be determined at the beginning of each workday. If the wind direction changes through the course of the day a new upwind location will be established for baseline conditions.

Locations	Frequency
Upwind perimeter	Continuous
Downwind perimeter	Continuous

The particulate recordings will be conducted utilizing an instrument that can measure particles less than 10 micrometers (um) in size (PM-10). The particulate monitor should be programed to record in real time and set to have an alarm notification if an action level for particulate is exceeded during work activities (0.150 mg/m³).

2.3 Regional Meteorological Monitoring

Meteorological monitoring should be documented daily through the course of the work activities. Daily temperature, wind direction and general atmospheric conditions, such as clear / cloudy and rain / snow should be recorded

3 **Response and Action Levels**

3.1 VOCs

The real-time monitoring data (15-minute averages) will dictate specific work procedures and locations. The air monitoring devices to be used include:

- Photoionization Detector (PID) with a 10.6 millivolt lamp;
- MIE DATARAM 4000 to monitor particulate levels.

Levels	Actions
Total VOCs at downwind perimeter exceed background by 5 parts per million (ppm) (15-Min Average)	 Stop work activities & continue monitoring. Work activities can resume when levels reduce below 5 ppm.
Total VOCs at downwind perimeter exceed background levels between 5 ppm & 25 ppm (15-Min Average)	 Stop work activities & identify the source of the VOC exceedance & correct, continue monitoring. Continue work activities if VOCs 200 feet downwind of the site perimeter or ½ distance to the nearest structure is below 5 ppm (15-Min Average). Should not be less that 20-feet.
Total VOCs at the perimeter work area exceed 25 ppm (15-Min Average)	 Stop all work activities.

3.2 Particulate Monitoring

Real time particulate monitoring will be conducted by Synapse at the site perimeter. Particulate monitoring will be conducted utilizing a MIE DATARAM 4000 at a minimum frequency of once per hour consistent with TAGM 4031. The continuous particulate monitoring will be integrated over a 15-minute running average.

Levels	Actions
Particulate level at the downwind	 Implement dust suppression measures.
perimeter 0.1 milligrams per cubic meter	
(mg/m ³) greater than the up-wind location	
(15 min period).	
Visible dust observed leaving the	 Implement dust suppression measures.
perimeter.	
After implementation of dust suppression	 Stop all work.
measures, particulate levels at downwind	 Work activities can only resume if 0.150
perimeter greater than 0.150 mg/m ³ action	mg/m ³ action level are below at the
level.	downwind location and no visible dust.

4 Documentation

The following data will be recorded and documented daily when the CAMP is implemented:

- Daily calibration logs to document that instruments are working within the limits per the manufacturer;
- Weather conditions including temperature, wind direction, wind speed, other atmospheric condition, date and time;
- Logs of VOCs on a 15-minute average;
- Logs of continuous Particulate monitoring; and

5 References

This CAMP complies with applicable Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) regulations, and Synapse Health and Safety policies and procedures. This plan follows the guidelines established in the following:

- NYSDEC DER-10.
- NYSDEC Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum (TAGM) MWR-89-4031 entitled "Fugitive Dust Suppression and Particulate Monitoring Program and Inactive Hazardous Waste Site," dated October 27, 1989 (TAGM 4031).
- Standard Operating Safety Guides, EPA (Publication 9285.1-03, June 1992).
- Occupational Safety and Health Guidance Manual for Hazardous Waste Site Activities, NIOSH, OSHA, USCG, EPA (86-116, October 1985).
- Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910.120.
- Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1926.
- Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, DHHS, PHS, CDC, NIOSH, (2010).
- Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, ACGIH, (2013)
 - Documentation of any exceedance and corrective response.

FIGURES

Community Air Monitoring Plan Harbor View Square 68 West First Street Oswego, New York

July 2018

Figure 1 – Property Location Plan Figure 2 – Aerial Property Plan





APPENDIX C

SAFETY DATA SHEETS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	3-D Microemulsion® Factory Emulsified	
Other means of identification	None.	
Recommended use	Remediation of soils and groundwater.	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Company Name	Regenesis	
Address	1011 Calle Sombra	
	San Clemente, CA 92673	
Telephone	949-366-8000	
E-mail	CustomerService@regenesis.com	
Emergency phone number	CHEMTREC® at 1-800-424-9300 (International)	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye/face protection.
Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
HRC-PED	823190-10-9	50-51
Water	7732-18-5	35-36
Sodium lactate	72-17-3	13-14

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless otherwise indicated.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder. Foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Combustion products may include: carbon oxides, phosphorus compounds and metal oxides.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water spray should be used to cool containers.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Surfaces may become slippery after spillage. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for	Spilled product may create a slipping hazard.
containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Flush area clean with lots of water. Be aware of potential for surfaces to become slippery.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Recommended storage containers: plastic lined steel, plastic, glass, aluminum, stainless steel, or reinforced fiberglass.
- - - - - - - - - -	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits	No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.
Individual protection measure	s, such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear approved, tight fitting indirect vented or non-vented safety goggles where splashing is probable. Face shield is recommended.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Rubber or vinyl-coated gloves are recommended.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Form	Emulsion.	
Color	White.	
Odor	Odorless.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	212 °F (100 °C)	
Flash point	> 199.9 °F (> 93.3 °C) Closed Cup	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Relative density	1 - 1.2	
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility (water)	Soluble.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Undergoes hydrolysis in water to form lactic acid and soybean oil.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Bases. Acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may produce: carbon oxides, phosphorus compounds, metal oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of

information on likely routes of ex	posure
Inhalation	May cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Information on toxicological effe	cts
Acute toxicity	Not available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed.	I Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
12. Ecological information	
— · · · ·	

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. Material is readily degradable and undergoes hydrolysis in several hours. Persistence and degradability **Bioaccumulative potential** No data available. Not available. Mobility in soil Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

0,		
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. One or more components are not listed on TSCA.	Hazard Communication
TSCA Section 12(b) Export I	Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	
Not regulated.		
OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Not listed.		
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	nce List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Not listed.		
Superfund Amendments and Re	authorization Act of 1986 (SARA)	
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes	
	Fire Hazard - No	
	Pressure Hazard - No	
	Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	lous substance	
Not listed.		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List	
Not regulated.		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)	
Not regulated.		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
US state regulations		
US. Massachusetts RTK - Si	ubstance List	
Not regulated.		
US. New Jersey Worker and	Community Right-to-Know Act	
Not listed.		
US. Pennsylvania Worker ar	nd Community Right-to-Know Law	
Not listed.		
US. Rhode Island RTK		
Not regulated.		
US. California Proposition 6 California Safe Drinking V any chemicals currently li	5 Vater and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This ma sted as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.	aterial is not known to contain
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	09-April-2015
Revision date	-
Version #	01
Further information	HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	

Disclaimer

Regenesis cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	S-MicroZVI or S-MZVI
Other means of identification	None.
Recommended use	Remediation of contaminants in soil and groundwater.
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information
Company Name	Regenesis
Address	1011 Calle Sombra
	San Clemente, CA 92673 USA
General information	949-366-8000
E-mail	CustomerService@regenesis.com
Emergency phone number USA. Canada. Mexico	For Hazardous Materials Incidents ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), call CHEMTREC 24/7 at: 1-800-424-9300
International	1-703-527-3887
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Physical hazards	Not classified.
Health hazards	Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.
Label elements	
Hazard symbol	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statement	The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response	Wash hands after handling.
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name		CAS number	%
Glycerol		56-81-5	40 - 50
Zero valent iron		7439-89-6	30 - 50
Iron(II) sulfide		1317-37-9	1 - 4
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by w Components not listed are either non-	eight unless otherwise indicated. hazardous or are below reportable l	mits.
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if s	ymptoms develop or persist.	
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get me	edical attention if irritation develops a	and persists.

Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.	
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.	
5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Combustion products may include: carbon oxides, iron oxides.	
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.	
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.	
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.	
General fire hazards	This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn. When dry may form	

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	

combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautions for safe handlingAvoid prolonged exposure. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.Conditions for safe storage,
including any incompatibilitiesStore in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10
of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the i	ngredient(s).	
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to condition applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering control maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.		e matched to conditions. If er engineering controls to posure limits have not been
Individual protection measures, s	such as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).		

Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.	
Skin protection		
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing.	
Respiratory protection	n In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.	
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	Liquid.		
Form	Viscous metallic suspension.		
Color	Dark gray		
Odor	Slight.		
Odor threshold	Not available.		
рН	7 - 8 (When mixed with water) 10 (As shipped)		
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.		
Flash point	Not available.		
Evaporation rate	Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.		
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits		
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.		
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	Not available.		
Vapor density	Not available.		
Relative density	Not available.		
Solubility(ies)			
Solubility (water)	Not available.		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	Not available.		
Viscosity	3000 cP (77 °F (25 °C))		
Other information			
Explosive properties	Not explosive.		
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.		
10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.		
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.		

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Contact with acids will release highly flammable and highly toxic hydrogen sulfide gas. Can react with some acids with the evolution of hydrogen.	
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid drying out product. May generate combustible dust if material dries.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.	

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Spray mist may irritate the respiratory system. For dry material: Dust may irritate respiratory system.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause minor irritation.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 18700 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	27200 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may caus	e temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	1	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to ca	ause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
IARC Monographs. Overall I	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Not listed.		
NTP Report on Carcinogens	i	
Not listed.	d Substances (29 CEP 1910 1001	-1053)
Not regulated		-1000)
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to ca	ause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.	
Further information	Contains an ingredient known to individuals exhibited as respirator	produce adverse effects in a small percentage of hypersensitive y distress and allergic skin reactions.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.		
Components	Species Test Results		Test Results
Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	> 10000 mg/l, 24 Hours

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (log Kow)
Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)	-1.76
Mobility in soil	No data available.

Other adverse effects	None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.	
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.	
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).	
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Zero valent iron (CAS 7439-89-6)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	27-December-2018
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	

Disclaimer

Regenesis cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

APPENDIX D

MATERIAL INFORMATION SHEETS



3-D Microemulsion[®] Factory Emulsified Technical Description

3-D Microemulsion (3DME[®]) is comprised of a patented molecular structure containing oleic acids (i.e., oil component) and lactates/polylactates, which are molecularly bound to one another (figure 1). The 3DME molecule contains both a soluble (hydrophilic) and in-soluble (lipophilic) region. These two regions of the molecule are designed to be balanced in size and relative strength. The balanced hydrophilic/lipophilic regions of 3DME result in an electron donor with physical properties allowing it to initially adsorb to the aquifer material in the area of application, then slowly redistribute via very small 3DME "bundles" called micelles. These 3DME micelles spontaneously form within sections of the aquifer where concentrations of 3DME reach several hundred parts per million. The micelles' small size and mobility allow it to move with groundwater flow through the aquifer matrix, passing easily through the pore throats in between soil grains resulting in the further redistribution of 3DME within the aquifer. This allows for advective distribution of the oleic acids which are otherwise insoluble and unable to distribute in this manner, allowing for increased persistence of the lactate/polylactates component due to their initial attachment to the oleic acids.

Due to its patented molecular structure, 3DME offers far greater transport when compared to blended emulsified vegetable oil (EVO) products, which fail to distribute beyond the limits of pumping. 3DME also provides greater persistence when compared to soluble substrates such as lactates or simple sugars. The 3DME molecular structures capitalize on the best features of the two electron-donor types while at the same time, minimize their limitations. 3DME is delivered to the site as a ready-to-apply emulsion that is simply diluted with water to generate a large volume of a 3DME colloidal suspension.



Example of 3-D Microemulsion



FIGURE 1. THE 3-D MICROEMULSION MOLECULAR STRUCTURE

Suspension of 3DME generated by this mixing range from micelles on the order of .02 microns to .05 microns in diameter, to "swollen" micelles, (termed "microemulsions") which are on the order of .05 to 5 microns in diameter. Once injected into the subsurface in high volumes, the colloidal suspension mixes and dilutes in existing pore waters. The micelles/microemulsions on the injection front will then begin to sorb onto the surfaces of soils as a result of zeta potential attraction and organic matter within the soils themselves. As the sorption continues, the 3DME will "coat" pore surfaces developing a layer of molecules and in some cases a bilayer. This sorption process continues as the micelles/microemulsion moves outward and disassociates into their hydrophilic/hydrophobic components. The specialized chemistry of 3DME results in a staged release of electron donors: free lactate (immediate); polylactate esters (mid-range) and free fatty acids & fatty acid esters (long-term). Material longevity of three years or greater has been seen at most sites as determined from biogeochemical analyses.

For a list of treatable contaminants with the use of 3DME, view the Range of Treatable Contaminants Guide

Chemical Composition

- Hydrogen Release Compound Partitioning Electron Donor CAS #823190-10-9
- Sodium Lactate CAS# 72-17-3
- Water CAS# 7732-18-5



3-D Microemulsion[®] Factory Emulsified Technical Description

Properties

- Density Approximately 1.0 grams per cubic centimeter (relative to water)
- pH Neutral (approximately 6.5 to 7.5 standard units)
- Solubility Soluble in Water
- Appearance White emulsion
- Odor Not detectable
- Vapor Pressure None
- Non-hazardous

Storage and Handling Guidelines

Storage

Store in original tightly closed container

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place

Store away from incompatible materials

Recommended storage containers: plastic lined steel, plastic, glass, aluminum, stainless steel, or reinforced fiberglass

Handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing

Provide adequate ventilation

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment

Observe good industrial hygiene practices

Applications

- 3DME is diluted with water prior to application. Resulting emulsion has viscosity similar to water.
- Easily injects into formation through direct push injection points, injection wells or other injection delivery systems.

Application instructions for this product are contained here <u>3DME FE Application Instructions</u>.

Health and Safety

Material is food grade and relatively safe to handle. We recommend avoiding contact with eyes and prolonged contact with skin. OSHA Level D personal protection equipment including vinyl or rubber gloves, and eye protection are recommended when handling this product. Please review the Material Safety Data Sheet for additional storage, usage, and handling requirements here: <u>SDS-3DME FE</u>.



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S-MicroZVI Specification Sheet

S-MicroZVI Technical Description

S-MicroZVI[™] is an *In Situ* Chemical Reduction (ISCR) reagent that promotes the destruction of many organic pollutants and is most commonly used with chlorinated hydrocarbons. It is engineered to provide an optimal source of micro-scale zero valent iron (ZVI) that is both easy to use and delivers enhanced reactivity with the target contaminants via multiple pathways. S-MicroZVI can destroy many chlorinated contaminants through a direct chemical reaction (**see Figure 1**). S-MicroZVI will also stimulate anaerobic biological degradation by rapidly creating a reducing environment that is favorable for reductive dechlorination.

Sulfidated ZVI

S-MicroZVI is composed of colloidal, sulfidated zero-valent iron particles suspended in glycerol using proprietary environmentally acceptable dispersants. The passivation technique of sulfidation, completed using proprietary processing methods, provides unparalleled reactivity with chlorinated hydrocarbons like PCE and TCE and increases

its stability and longevity by minimizing undesirable side reactions. In addition to superior reactivity, S-MicroZVI is designed for easy handling that is unmatched by any ZVI product on the market. Shipped as a liquid suspension, S-MicroZVI requires no powder feeders, no thickening with guar, and pneumatic or hydraulic fracturing is not mandatory. When diluted with water prior to application, the resulting suspension is easy to inject using either direct push or permanent injection wells.



Figure 1: Chlorinated ethene degradation pathways and products. The top pathway with single line arrows represent the reductive dechlorination (hydrogenolysis) pathway. The lower pathway with downward facing double line arrows represent the beta-elimination pathway.

To see a list of treatable contaminants, view the S-MicroZVI treatable contaminants guide.



S-MicroZVI is Best in Class For		
	Longevity	
	Kinetics	
	Transport	



S-MicroZVI Specification Sheet

Chemical Composition	Properties
Iron, powders CAS 7439-89-6 Iron (II) sulfide CAS 1317-37-9 Glycerol CAS 56-81-8	 Physical State: Liquid Form: Viscous metallic suspension Color: Dark gray Odor: Slight pH: Typically 7-9 as applied Density: 15 lb/gal
Storage and Handling Guidelines	
 Storage: Use within four weeks of delivery Store in original containers Store at temperatures below 95F° Store away from incompatible materials 	 Handling: Never mix with oxidants or acids Wear appropriate personal protective equipment Do not taste or swallow Observe good industrial hygiene practices

Applications

S-MicroZVI is diluted with water on site and easily applied into the subsurface through low-pressure injections. S-MicroZVI can also be mixed with products like 3-D Microemulsion[®] or PlumeStop[®] prior to injection.

Health and Safety

The material is relatively safe to handle; however, avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. OSHA Level D personal protection equipment including: vinyl or rubber gloves and eye protection are recommended when handling this product. Please review the Safety Data Sheet for additional storage, and handling requirements here: S-MicroZVI SDS.



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BDI PLUS[®] Technical Description

Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM Plus (BDI PLUS[®]) is an enriched natural consortium containing species of Dehalococcoides sp. (DHC). BDI PLUS has been shown to simulate the rapid and complete dechlorination of chlorinated solvents such as tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene (TCE), dichloroethene (DCE) and vinyl chloride (VC) to non-toxic end products, ethene, carbon dioxide and water.

The culture also contains microbes capable of dehalogenating halomethanes (e.g., carbon tetrachloride and chloroform) and haloethanes (e.g., 1,1,1-TCA and 1,1-DCA) as well as mixtures of these contaminants.

Species of Dehalococcoides sp. (DHC)

For a list of treatable contaminants with the use of BDI PLUS, view the Range of Treatable Contaminants Guide

Chemical Composition

• Non-hazardous, naturally-occurring, non-altered anaerobic microbes and enzymes in a water-based medium.

Properties

- Appearance Murky, yellow to grey water
- Odor Musty
- pH 6.0 to 8.0
- Density Approximately 1.0 grams per cubic centimeter (0.9 to 1.1 g/cc)
- Solubility Soluble in Water
- Vapor Pressure None
- Non-hazardous

Storage and Handling Guidelines

Storage

Store in original tightly closed container

Store away from incompatible materials

Recommended storage containers: plastic lined steel, plastic, glass, aluminum, stainless steel, or reinforced fiberglass

Store in a cool, dry area at 4-5°C (39 - 41°F)

Material may be stored for up to 3 weeks at 2-4°C without aeration

Handling

Avoid prolonged exposure

Observe good industrial hygiene practices

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment







BDI PLUS[®] Technical Description

Applications

- BDI PLUS is delivered to the site in liquid form and is designed to be injected directly into the saturated zone requiring treatment.
- Most often diluted with de-oxygenated water prior to injection into either hydraulic push injection points or properly constructed injection wells.
- The typical dilution rate of the injected culture is 10 gallons of deoxygenated water to 1 liter of standard BDI PLUS culture.

Application instructions for this product are contained here **BDI PLUS Application Instructions**.

Health and Safety

Material is non-hazardous and relatively safe to handle; however avoid contact with eyes and prolonged contact with skin. OSHA Level D personal protection equipment including: vinyl or rubber gloves and safety goggles or a splash shield are recommended when handling this product. An eyewash station is recommended. Please review the Material Safety Data Sheet for additional storage, usage, and handling requirements here: <u>BDI PLUS SDS</u>.



949.366.8000

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APPENDIX E

REGENESIS APPLICATION AND MATERIAL HANDLING GUIDELINES



Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM PLUS (BDI PLUS[®]) Installation Instructions:

General Guidelines

Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM PLUS (BDI PLUS[®]) is an enriched natural microbial consortium containing species of Dehalococcoides. This microbial consortium has since been enriched to increase its ability to rapidly dechlorinate contaminants during *in situ* bioremediation processes. BDI PLUS has been shown to stimulate the rapid and complete dechlorination of compounds such as tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene (TCE), dichloroethene (DCE), and vinyl chloride (VC). BDI PLUS also contains microorganisms capable of degrading chloromethanes (carbon tetrachloride and chloroform) as well as chloroethanes like trichloroethane (TCA).

Recent trends in engineered bioremediation indicate that the treatment of chlorinated solvent contamination sometimes results in slow or incomplete degradation of the intermediate compounds. When faced with this circumstance, bioaugmentation with a microbial consortium such as BDI PLUS offers a solution to accelerate or simply make possible the complete dechlorination of these otherwise recalcitrant compounds.

REGENESIS[®] believes that the best approach to install BDI PLUS into the subsurface is by direct-push methods. This allows for the BDI PLUS solution to be applied directly into the aquifer material and provides greater coverage/treatment over the life of the project. As a minimum, the following equipment will be needed to perform this type of installation:

- Direct-push drilling unit
- Grout pump (e.g. Geoprobe GS 2000)
- Appropriate hose assembly including a fitting that links a hose from the grout pump to the directpush rods (provided by REGENESIS with shipment)
- One or more 55⁺ gallon water drums, fitted with an appropriate lid that has at least one bung hole (number of drums depends on size of application)
- Rotary transfer pump (or equivalent) with appropriate amount of hose to connect from 55-gal drum to hopper of grout pump (similar to Grainger No. 1P893, Fill-Rite model #FR112GR)
- Compressed Nitrogen gas tank with appropriate regulator (0 to 15 pounds per square inch (psi). A 300-ft³ tank should be sufficient for discharge of concentrated or non-concentrated kegs and for nitrogen sparging to deoxygenate batch water.
- Pressure washer (or equivalent) for cleaning

Material Packaging and Safety

BDI PLUS is a mixture of living bacteria including members of the Dehalococcoides genus that are capable of anaerobically degrading chlorinated contaminants. The culture has been tested to ensure that it is free of the most common pathogenic bacteria, but like all living cultures it should be handled with due care to prevent contamination of work surfaces or field personnel.

During installation activities, REGENESIS recommends that field personnel use at least level "D" personal protection equipment (PPE). A Materials Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) is sent with each shipment and should be reviewed before proceeding with installation activities.



Warning

- The BDI PLUS container is pressurized to 10 to 15 psi with nitrogen before shipping
- Wear suitable eye protection, gloves, respirator and protective clothing
- Gas cylinders used to dispense culture MUST be equipped with a proper pressure regulator
- During operation DO NOT exceed the containers maximum working pressure of 15 psi

Unpacking

- 1. Carefully remove the container from shipping cooler and stand upright. DO NOT use the plastic sight tube as a handle.
- 2. Carefully check the container, connectors, valves and tubing for any damage or defects. If defects or damage is observed, do not use. Report any damage to REGENESIS at 949.366.8000. A back up set of quick connects is provided in the packaging material.
- 3. Check and ensure that all valves are in the CLOSED position.

Storage

If the schedule of bacteria application requires adding the bacteria over a period of more than one day, the keg(s) should be stored at a temperature 2-4 °C, but freezing must be avoided. This can normally be achieved by storing the kegs under ice in the provided coolers. Keg should be pressurized with Nitrogen to pressure 10- 15 psi. before storing to ensure a tight seal on the keg cap.



Shipping

After completion of operation, please, ship cooler with keg and all attachments back to the following address:

Shaw Environmental, Inc. 17 Princess Road, Lawrenceville, NJ 08648

Specific Installation Procedures

1. The BDI PLUS must be added to the previously prepared "oxygen-free" water before it is installed in the subsurface. The desired amount of BDI PLUS should be carefully discharged into the 55-gal drum containing the appropriate amount of "oxygen free" water. The tables provided below indicates the amount of water that a given amount of BDI PLUS should be mixed with. The BDI PLUS must be added to "oxygen-free" water before it is installed in the subsurface. To ensure that the water has reached the desired anoxic state prior to mixing with BDI PLUS an appropriate amount of nitrogen sparging into the 55-gal drum containing a given amount of water at least one hour prior to adding the BDI PLUS. To ensure that a sufficient quantity of "oxygen free" water is available throughout the day, a large trough of "nitrogen sparged" water can be prepared and additional 55-gal drums can be filled from this trough. The water in the trough can be transferred to the 55-gal drums where the BDI is mixed with the water using a primed transfer pump.



Nitrogen sparging is accomplished by a gas sparging device equivalent to a fish tank aerator. Adjust the 300ft³ nitrogen tank pressure regulator to 3-5 psi and immerse the gas sparger to the bottom of the drum or trough. By internal convection and oxygen stripping processes, the oxygen levels should diminish within an hour. Be careful to not consume too much gas and not have nitrogen to empty the kegs. Keeping an eye on tank pressure loss and dissolved oxygen level will indicate when one can trim down on the sparge pressure and conserve the nitrogen.

BDI PLUS Dilution Chart

Volume of BDI PLUS	Volume of Water
5 liters	50 gal
1 liter	10 gal
Volume of BDI PLUS Concentrate	Volume of Water
0.5 liters	50 gal
0.1 liter	10 gal

- 2. The drive rod assembly should be fitted with a disposable tip on the first drive rod and pushed down to the desired depth. This process should be done in accordance with the manufacturer's standard operating procedure (SOP).
- 3. A sub-assembly connecting the delivery hose to the drive rods and pump should be used. The sub-assembly should be constructed in a manner that allows for the drive rods to be withdrawn while the material is being pumped.
- 4. Prior to connecting the hose to the sub-assembly a volume check should be completed to determine the volume and weight of product displaced with each pump stroke.
- After the drive rods have been pushed to the desired depth, the rod assembly should be with drawn three to six inches so that the disposable tip has room to be dropped.
 a. If an injection tool is used instead of an expendable tip, the application of material can take place without any preliminary withdrawal of the rods.
- 6. Fill the annular space of the drive rods with water. This will minimize the amount of air introduced to the system.
- 7. Insert the telescoping suction pipe on the rotary transfer pump into a bung hole on the lid of the 55-gal drum and make sure that the pipe reaches the bottom of the drum. If possible, attach the suction pipe to the bung hole with the 2" bung adapter to ensure that the pump remains securely in place while pumping the Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM mixture from the drum to the pump hopper.
- 8. Attach the hose to the outlet of the rotary transfer pump making sure that the opposite end of the hose reaches the pump hopper. Open the opposite bung hole on the drum lid to prevent a vacuum then pump the desired amount of BDI PLUS solution into the hopper of the pump.
- 9. Connect the hose from the grout pump to the drive rod assembly.
- 10. Start pumping the BDI PLUS product solution.
- 11. The initial volume of BDI PLUS solution pumped should only be enough to displace the water within the drive rods. Once this is done the actual injection can start.
- 12. Begin withdrawing the drive rods, in accordance with the manufacturer's SOP, and start pumping the BDI PLUS solution simultaneously. The dosage should be 0.1 liter per vertical foot or 1 gallon per vertical foot if prepared using the BDI dilution chart. The withdrawal rate should be such that it allows the appropriate quantity of material to be injected into each vertical foot of aquifer being


treated. The withdrawal rate should be slow to avoid creating a vacuum. This vacuum can potentially pull a small volume of material to the surface if the drive rods are withdrawn too quickly.

- 13. In less permeable soils such as clays and silts, there may be difficulty accepting the volume of estimated material. In this case REGENESIS recommends using a "step-wise" application approach. For this approach we suggest withdrawing the drive rods in one-foot increments and then injecting the quantity of material required per vertical foot.
- 14. Look for any indications of aquifer refusal such as:
 - Excessive pump noise or application pressure spikes (e.g. squealing)



- Surfacing of material through the injection point ("blow-by") If acceptance appears to be an issue it is critical that the aquifer is given enough time to equilibrate before breaking down the drive rods and/or removing the hose. The failure to do this can lead to excessive back flow of the BDI PLUS material on personnel, equipment, and the ground surface.
- 15. If BDI PLUS solution continues to "surface" after the drive rods have been completely removed from the borehole a plug may be necessary. Large diameter disposable tips or wood stakes have been used successfully for this purpose.
- 16. Drive rods should be disconnected after one rod (typically 4 feet in length) has been withdrawn. The drive rods should be placed in a bucket (or equivalent) after they have been disconnected.
- 17. Complete the installation of the BDI PLUS solution at the designated application rate across the entire targeted vertical interval.
- 18. After the injection is completed, an appropriate seal should be installed above the vertical interval where the BDI PLUS solution has been placed to prevent contaminant migration. Typically, bentonite powder or chips are used to create this seal. However, consultants should review local regulations before beginning field installation activities to confirm that this approach can be used.
- 19. Complete the borehole at the surface as appropriate using concrete or asphalt.
- 20. Repeat steps 7 through 19 until the entire application has been completed. If additional drums of de-oxygenated water are required, prepare as suggested in Step 1.
- 21. Prior to the installation of BDI PLUS, all surface and overhead impediments should be identified as well as the location(s) of any underground structure(s). Underground structures include but are not limited to: utility lines (gas, electrical, sewer, etc), drain piping, and landscape irrigation systems.
- 22. The planned injection locations should be adjusted in the field to account for impediments and obstacles.
- 23. The actual injection locations should be marked prior to the start of installation activities to facilitate the application process.
- 24. Using an appropriate pump to install the BDI PLUS product is very critical to the success of the application as well as the overall success of the project. Based on our experience in the field, REGENESIS strongly recommends using a pump that has a pressure rating of at least 1,000 psi and a delivery rate of at least 3 gallons per minute. If the application involves both HRC and BDI PLUS, two separate pumps may be required to facilitate the process. The pump used to deliver HRC to the subsurface should be in accordance with the specifications outlined in the General Guidelines section of the HRC Installation Instructions.



Additional Information

The internal workings of the grout pump can be cleaned easily by recirculating a solution of hot water and a biodegradable cleaner (e.g. Simple Green) through the pump and delivery hose(s). If additional cleaning and decontamination is required it should be conducted in accordance with the manufacturer's SOP and local regulatory requirements.

Note: REGENESIS assumes that all of the material (microorganisms) sent to a site for installation purposes will be used for that particular project and that no material (microorganisms) will be left over at the conclusion of the installation activities.

APPENDIX F

REGENESIS APPLICATION DESIGN SUMMARY



Project Info	ormation		3-D Microemulsion [®] , S-N	1ZVI [®] , CRS [®] , BDI [®] PI	us Application Design Summary
Harbor	view				
Oswe	ego		Pilot bedroo	:k	
Pilot be	drock		Treatment Type	Grid	
Prepare	d For:		Treatment Areal Extent (sq ft)	900	Input enocial application instructions have as
Syna	pse		Spacing Within Rows (ft)	30	input special application instructions here as
Target Treatment Zone (TTZ) Info	Unit	Value	Spacing Between Rows (ft)	30	needed.
Areal Extent	sq ft	900	DPT Injection Points	1	
Top Treat Depth	ft	15.0	Top Application Depth (ft bgs)	15	Field Mixing Ratios
Bot Treat Depth	ft	30.0	Bottom Application Depth (ft bgs)	30	3DME Concentrate per Pt (gals)
Vertical Treatment Interval	ft	15.0	3DME to be Applied (lbs)	400	48
Treatment Zone Volume	ft ³	13,500	3DME to be Applied (gals)	48	Mix Water per Pt (gals)
Treatment Zone Volume	су	500	3DME Mix %	3%	1869
Soil Type		bedrock	Volume Water (gals)	1,869	3DME Mix Volume per Pt (gals)
Porosity	cm ³ /cm ³	0.07	3DME Mix Volume (gals)	1,917	1917
Effective Porosity	cm ³ /cm ³	0.05	S-MZVI to be Applied (lbs)	300	S-MZVI Volume per Pt (gals)
Treatment Zone Pore Volume	gals	7,069	S-MZVI Volume (gals)	20	20
Treatment Zone Effective Pore Volume	gals	5,049	BDI Plus to be Applied (L)	18	BDI Volume per Pt (L)
Fraction Organic Carbon (foc)	g/g	0.005	BDI Plus Mix Water Volume (gals)	180	18.0
Soil Density	g/cm ³	2.6			
Soil Density	lb/ft ³	162			
Soil Weight	lbs	2.2E+06	Total Application Volume (gals)	2,122	Volume per pt (gals)
Hydraulic Conductivity	ft/day	2.0	Estimated Radius of Injection (ft)	14.8	2122
Hydraulic Conductivity	cm/sec	7.06E-04	Prepared by	r: Alana Miller	Volume per vertical ft (gals)
Hydraulic Gradient	ft/ft	0.005	Date	e: 8/5/2021	141
GW Velocity	ft/day	0.20		Technical Notes/Disc	ussion
GW Velocity	ft/yr	73			
Contaminant Mass	Unit	Value			
Dissolved Phase Contaminant Mass	lbs	0.14			
Sorbed Phase Contaminant Mass	lbs	2.82		Assumptions/Qualific	ations
Competing Electron Acceptor Mass	lbs	5.31	In generating this proliminany estimate Regene	sic rolied upon professional	judgment and site specific information provided by
Total Mass Contributing to H2 Demand	lbs	8.26	others. Using this information as input, we per	formed calculations based u	non known chemical and geologic relationships to
Mass Flux and 3DME Demand	Unit	Value	generate an estimate of the mass of product a	nd subsurface placement rec	guired to affect remediation of the site.
Groundwater Flux	L/day	127		'	'
Stoichiometric 3DME Demand	lbs	30	REGENESIS developed this scope of work in re-	mance upon the data and pro	pressional judgments provided by those whom
Total Mass Flux 3DME Demand	lbs	31	through REGENESIS' proprietary formulas and t	thus may not conform to hill	ing guidelines constraints or other limits on fees
Total 3DME Demand	lbs	62	REGENESIS does not seek reimbursement direc	tly from any government ag	ency or any governmental reimbursement fund (the
Application	n Dosing		"Government"). In any circumstance where RE	GENESIS may serve as a sup	plier or subcontractor to an entity which seeks
3-D Microemulsion to be Applied	lbs	400	reimbursement from the Government for all or	part of the services perform	ned or products provided by REGENESIS, it is the sole
S-MZVI to be Applied	lbs	300	responsibility of the entity seeking reimbursem	ent to ensure the Scope of V	Nork and associated charges are in compliance with and
BDI Plus to be Applied	liters	18	acceptable to the Government prior to submiss	sion. When serving as a supp	plier or subcontractor to an entity which seeks
			reimbursement from the Government, REGENE	SIS does not knowingly pres	sent or cause to be presented any claim for payment to
			The Government.		

APPENDIX G

SPILL CONTINGENCY PLAN



ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES PROPOSAL

Professional Contractors in Site Remediation, Decontamination and Waste Management

General Spill Containment Procedures for Remedial Material Injection

The remedial materials will be delivered to the site in totes and drums. The procurement, delivery, unloading and storage of these remedial materials will be performed by others.

The concentrated solution will be transferred from the storage area to a dilution tank and blended with dilution water from an onsite source. A liner will be placed at the customer's remedial material storage area upon which transfer of liquids to the mix system dilution tank will occur. Potable water will be draw from the onsite source and stored in a temporary holding tank and metered into the dilution system as needed. The dilution, delivery tanks, and AWT's dilution system will be spotted near the injection area for the duration of the delivery event. An enclosed trailer will house all remedial material handling and dilution equipment. Potable water and remedial material storage will be available to AWT from a source within 150' of the setup area for the delivery system.

The system would be mobilized and set in place on a containment liner with a perimeter berm. Where required, electric generators and a diesel air compressors would be staged with in the containment liner. During mobilization, all system components will be set up and made operational and a complete checkout of all system components run with potable water for a shakedown test to confirm system readiness.

The trailer would also be equipped with lighting for interior and adjacent operations as well as housing an eye wash station and safety shower facility.

Where lines are run out of the mix area to delivery locations, drip pans or five gallon buckets will be used to contain drips occurring during connection and disconnection of the lines to the injection locations.

At the end of each shift all injection gear will be rinsed down and rinse water will be contained as instructed by the customer. The appurtenant equipment will be removed from the work area and stowed in the injection trailer overnight. At the end of the project, all rinse water will be disposed of off-site in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local requirements.

EXPERIENCE = LONGEVITY = INTEGRITY = DIVERSITY = STABILITY P.O. Box 128, Sayreville, NJ 08871 • (732) 613-1660 • Fax (732) 613-1536 • www.awtenv.com

APPENDIX H

ENGINEERING CERTIFICATION

ENGINEERING CERTIFICATION

I, Jeffrey R. Holt, P.E., certify that I am currently a NYS registered professional engineer as defined in 6 NYCRR Part 375 and that this Work Plan for Pilot Scale Reagent Injection was prepared in accordance with all applicable statutes and regulations and in substantial conformance with the DER Technical Guidance for Site Investigations and Remediation (DER-10).

HOLT CONSULTING

Apple Clotolr

JEFFREY R. HOLT, P.E.

APPENDIX C

PERMITS, APPROVALS AND NOTIFICATIONS

	INVENTORY OF INJECTION WELLS								1. DATE PREP	PARED	(Year, Month, Day)	2. FACILITY ID NUMBER (To be		
\$	EF	A	UNITED S	STATES ENV	RONME	CONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY								completed by the permitting autionity)
			(This infor	mation is collected	l under the	authority of 1	the Safe Drink	king Water A	ict)					
3. FA		TY INFOR	MATION						4	4. LEGAL CONTACT INFORMATION				
NAME	E, ADI	DRESS, PHO	ONE NUMBER A	ND/OR EMAIL					N	IAME, A	DDRESS, ORGANIZ	ZATION, P	HONE NUMBER AND	/OR EMAIL
INDIA	AN CO	UNTRY	Yes	No					1	YPE	Owner	Operato	r	
5. LC	CAT	IONAL IN	IFORMATION											
Surfa	ace Lo	ocation									Latitude			
1/4 of	F		1/4 of	Section		Township		Range						
		ft. fron	n (N/S)	Line of quarter	section						Longitude			
		ft. fron	n (E/W)	Line of quarter	section.									
6. W			ATION:					rue -				N-		
AN TYF	D PE	COMM	NON-COMM		UC			PA	AN	COM	MENIS (Optional)):		
										-				
										-				
										-				
KEY:	AC = UC =	Active Under Const	truction AN	= Permanently Abar = Permanently Abar	idoned and idoned and	Approved by not Approved	d by State							
	TA =	Temporarily A	Abandoned											
Nam	e and	Official Tit	tle <i>(Please type</i>	or print)						•		Date S	ubmitted	
												1		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 7520-16

Use this form to provide inventory information about injection wells regulated under the Underground Injection Control Program.

DATE PREPARED: Enter date in order of year, month, and day.

FACILITY OR EPA ID NUMBER: This will be completed by EPA or the permitting authority.

NAME, ADDRESS, PHONE AND/OR EMAIL OF FACILITY: Enter the name and street address, city/town, state, and ZIP code of the facility. Also provide an email address (if available) and/or a phone number.

INDIAN COUNTRY: Check yes if the well is located in Indian country. Indian country (as defined in 18 U.S.C. 1151) includes: all land within the limits of any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the U.S. government; all dependent Indian communities within the borders of the U.S.; and all Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been extinguished.

NAME, ADDRESS, PHONE, ORGANIZATION, AND/OR EMAIL OF LEGAL CONTACT: Enter the name and street address, city/town, state, and ZIP code and the name of the organization to which the legal contact for any questions regarding the information provided belongs. Also provide an email address (if available) and/or a phone number.

LEGAL CONTACT TYPE: Check the appropriate box to indicate the type of legal contact (i.e., owner or operator). For wells operated by lease, the operator is the legal contact.

WELL LOCATION: Fill in the complete township, range, and section to the nearest quarter-quarter section. A township is north or south of the baseline, and a range is east or west of the principal meridian (e.g., T12N, R34W). Also include the distance, in feet, from the nearest north or south line and nearest east or west line of the quarter-section. Also, enter the **latitude** and **longitude** of the well in decimal degrees, to five or six places if possible; be sure to include a negative sign for the longitude of a well in the Western Hemisphere and a negative sign for the latitude of a well in the Southern Hemisphere. For an area permit, give the latitude and longitude of the approximate center of the area.

WELL CLASS AND TYPE: Enter the class (as defined in 40 CFR 144.6) and type of injection well. Use the most pertinent code selected from the list on the next page. When selecting type X, please explain in the comment space.

NUMBER OF WELLS: Enter the total number of **commercial** and **non-commercial** wells of each class/type, as applicable. A commercial facility is a single or multiple well facility that is specifically engaged in the business of injecting waste fluids generated by third party producers that is originated off-site and transported to the facility by truck for a fee or compensation.

TOTAL NUMBER OF WELLS: Enter the total number of injection wells of each specified class and type.

WELL OPERATION STATUS: Enter the number of wells under each operation status (use the key on the front of the form).

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: The public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.4 hours per response. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resource expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal Agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including the use of automated collection techniques to Director, Collection Strategies Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2822), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, D.C. 20460. Include the OMB control number in any correspondence. Do not send the completed forms to this address.

CLASS AND TYPE OF WELL

CLASS I: Wells that inject industrial and municipal waste, including hazardous waste, beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW.

Туре

- I Non-Hazardous Industrial Disposal Well.
- M Non-Hazardous Municipal Disposal Well.
- H Hazardous Waste Disposal Well injecting below the lowermost USDW.
- R Radioactive Waste Disposal Well.
- X Other Class I Wells (not included in Type "I," "M," "H," or "R").

CLASS II: Wells used to dispose of fluids which are brought to the surface in connection with oil or natural gas production; to inject fluids for enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; or to store hydrocarbons.

Туре

- A Annular Disposal Well.
- D Produced Fluid Disposal Well.
- H Hydrocarbon Storage Well (excluding natural gas).
- R Enhanced Recovery Well.
- X Other Class II Wells (not included in Type "A," "D," "H," or "R").

CLASS III: Wells that inject fluids for the extraction of minerals.

Туре

- G In Situ Gasification Well.
- M Solution Mining Well.
- S Sulfur Mining Well by Frasch Process.
- T Geothermal Well.
- U Uranium Mining Well (excluding solution mining of conventional mines).
- X Other Class III Wells (not included in Type "G," "M," "S," "T," "U," or "X").

CLASS IV: Wells that inject hazardous waste into/above USDWs.

Туре

- H Hazardous Facility Injection Well.
- R Remediation Well at RCRA or CERCLA site.

CLASS V: Wells not currently classified as Class I, II, III, IV, or VI.

Туре

- A Industrial Well.
- B Beneficial Use Well.
- C Fluid Return Well.
- D Sewage Treatment Effluent Well.
- E Cesspool (non-domestic).
- F Septic System.
- G Experimental Technology Well.
- H Drainage Well.
- I Mine Backfill Well.
- J Waste Discharge Well.



CITY OF OSWEGO WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT FOR TEMPORARY DISCHARGE Permit Period: November 10, 2021 – 15, 2021

PERMITTEE:HARBOR VIEW SQUARE, LLC**LOCATION:**88 WEST FIRST STREETOSWEGO, NEW YORK 13126

MAILING ADDRESS: HARBOR VIEW SQUARE, LLC 1201 EAST FAYETTE STREET SYRACUSE, NY, 13210

CONTACT PERSON: Roger Creighton, Senior Risk Manager 360 Erie Blvd. East Syracuse, NY 13202 315-849-0905

This Permit is granted, pursuant to the information submitted by **Synapse Risk Management, 360 Erie Blvd. East, Syracuse, NY 13202**, dated September 2018, February 2019 and March 2019, which confirms that all parameters required are compliant with the City's Sewer Use Ordinance, Pre-Treatment Regulations and applicable provisions of Federal or State Law. The groundwater to be discharged to the City Sanitary Collection System under this Permit has been collected from the same source as that monitored in 2019 and no further monitoring analyses are required

This Permit is not transferrable.

Therefore, **HARBOR VIEW SQUARE, LLC** is authorized:

To discharge Groundwater that has been collected from core drilling and is presently stored in thirty-two 55-gallon storage containers. The groundwater will be discharged to a City of Oswego Sanitary Sewer manhole located between the street and sidewalk at 88 West 1st Street, subject to the following conditions:

- A. The Groundwater will be pumped into the Sanitary Sewer system manhole as agreed upon, during the hours of 7 am 3 pm. on Friday, November 12, 2021. Appropriate measures shall be employed to protect the City Sewer from any other discharge and to ensure that the discharge hose is firmly secured in the manhole.
- B. Discharge Operations will not be permitted during rain events that may involve stormwater overflow at the City's Excess Flow Management Facility located adjacent to the Harbor View Square construction site. If such conditions are imminent, the Wastewater Treatment Department will notify the Permittee.
- C. The total amount of discharge is estimated to be no more than 1100 gallons.
- D. **Harbor View Square, LLC** agrees to provide the City with the actual amount of discharge, which shall be calculated based on the previous examination of the 55 gallon holding containers.
- E. Harbor View Square, LLC agrees to pay A Permit Fee of \$125.00, in addition to the rate of \$0.12 per gallon of discharge to the City Sanitary Sewer. This amount is payable on or before December 15, 2021. Payment is to be made to the City Chamberlain, 13 West Oneida Street, Oswego, NY, with the designation of Enterprise Fund in the memo line.

- F. Questions and/or concerns related to this Discharge Permit should be addressed to Ken Scherrieble, President (Camden Group) Phone: 914-489-4127; e-mail: info@camdengroupusa.com or John McGrath, Chief Operator (Westside WWTP) Phone: 315-342-8173; e-mail: labmanager@oswegony.org
- G. Upon completion of the permitted work, a Project Closeout Letter is to be forwarded to the Westside WWTP, c/o John W. McGrath, Chief Operator, 2 First Avenue, Oswego, NY 13123.

William J. Barlow Jr. Mayor City Hall – 13 West Oneida Street Oswego, New York

Toger Creift

Roger Creighton, Senior Risk Manager Synapse Risk Management, LLC Syracuse, NY 13202

APPENDIX D

COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING DATA

Tue, 21 st of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Tue, 21st of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Wed, 22nd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Wed, 22nd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc	. Total mg/m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)	³ AVG 15m	VOC	ppm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.01	0.0132	0.0273	0	O	O

 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Thu, 23rd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



© Netronix 2021

Description (FA04681) Location 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY 13126, USA

Thu, 23rd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Tue, 28th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Tue, 28th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Wed, 29th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 22:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc	. Total mg/m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 _{RS232(C)}	1³ AVG 15m	VO	C ppm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.013	0.02	0.2374	O	O	0.0015

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Wed, 29th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Thu, 30th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc	. Total mg/m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)	1³ AVG 15m	VOCI	ppm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.0121	0.0175	0.0462	O	O	O

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Thu, 30th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Fri, 1st of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc	Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 _{RS232(C)}				opm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX		MIN	AVG	MAX
0.012	0.0175	0.0352		O	O	0.0017

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Fri, 1st of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc	Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)				pm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm
MIN	AVG	MAX		MIN	AVG	MAX
0.0019	0.003	0.0055		O	O	O

 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Sat, 2nd of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc.	Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)				ppm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX		MIN	AVG	MAX
0.0169	0.023	0.0479		O	0	0.0633

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Sat, 2nd of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc	Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 _{RS232(C)}				pm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX		MIN	AVG	MAX
0.008	0.0128	0.0175		O	O	O

 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

Mon, 4th of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 17:53:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mon, 4th of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 17:47:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



APPENDIX E

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORTS



DATE: September 20, 2021

REPORT NO. 210920 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 2

PAGE NO. 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor	View Square		WEATHER	TIME	ТЕМР.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	ATION Oswego, New York			Clear	12:30	76°F	0.0	10-15	S
ATTACHMENTS	•	Photo Log		Cloudy	16:00	78°F	0.0	10-15	S
	•	Health and S	Safety Plan						
		Agreement I	Form						
		6						ļ	
SITE CONDITIONS:	: Dry.								
WORK GOAL: Mobi	lize to per	form rock cor	ing.						
			PERSO	ONNEL ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>				
NA	ME			AFFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland				D&B		12	2:30	<u> </u>	4:30
Jon Fitzsimmons				Spoleta				ļ	
Joshua Cook				NYSDEC				15:30	
George Anderson	eorge Anderson			Summit	15:45		16:30		
Michael Pierce				Summit			10:30		
			EQUIH	PMENT ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>				
ТҮРЕ			MODEL		ТҮРЕ			MODE	EL
CAMP Stations									
PID		MiniRA	E 3000+						
Hollow Stem Auger Drill I	Rig	Diedrich	D120						
			HEAI	LTH & SAFET	Y:		1		
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D]					E	IASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICI	E R: Tracey	Garland							
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performe	d in Level D Pl	PE.						



 DATE:
 September 20, 2021

 REPORT NO. 210920
 PAGE NO. 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at the Harbor View Square site (the Site) to provide oversight during the mobilization and setup for rock coring to be performed at the Site. D&B expected drilling company, Summit Drilling (Summit), to arrive to the Site at 13:00, however they did not arrive until 15:45.

Summit reviewed and agreed to the Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan. A signed copy of the Health and Safety Plan Acknowledgment and Agreement Form is attached.

D&B informed Summit and Spoleta that rock core could not commence until fencing was installed around the work area perimeter. Spoleta informed D&B that the fence would be installed the following day, on September 21, 2021.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Trong Lordand	SIGNATURE:
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:
Attachment 7

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT FORM

"Zero Tolerance for Incident of ANY Kind. Work Together to Ensure A SAFE and High Quality Project (All Synapse and subcontractor personnel must sign.)

understood by contractors to provide information on all of the hazards to which a contractor's employees may be exposed as a result of their work. SYNAPSE employees, including (but not limited to) the Material Safety Data Sheets for chemicals the contractor may bring on-site. This plan should NOT be Similarly, contractors are required to inform Synapse of any hazards of which they are aware or that the contractor's work on site might possibly pose to we may be aware, and to satisfy Synapse's responsibilities under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication standard address the hazards faced by their own employees. Synapse has provided a copy of this Plan to contractors in the interest of full disclosure of hazards of which and the precautions they should take to avoid those hazards. Sub-contractors and other contractors at the site must develop their own Health and Safety Plan to This Health and Safety Plan has been developed for the purpose of informing Synapse employees of the hazards they are likely to encounter on the project site

I further certify that I have received training and medical surveillance according to the Health and Safety Plan and the OSHA Standard on Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (29 CFR 1910.120):

All parties conducting site activities are required to coordinate their activities and practices with the project Site Health and Safety Officer. Your signature below confirms that you have read and understand the hazards discussed in this Plan, and understand that sub-contractors and contractors must develop their own Health and Safety Plan for their employees. You also understand you could be prohibited by the Site Health and Safety Officer or other Synapse personnel from ら まご olect for not complying with any aspect of this Health and Safety Plan

Name	Title	Signature	Company	Date
Hichcel Place	he line (rulal for	Summer Drilling	10/20/21
Goran Adaha	Dr. Nev	1 way and	Comment Opinity	were
FRED KSGNER	Druck	March C	Sumart' 1	9/22/25
John NUCKAUFI	have	C - 2 - 4	Symmil	0112721
And & Winns	helper	Halto Litt	Jumpit	9 12/21
	II			

Synapse Risk Management, LLC

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РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
IMG_0671	09-20-2021	View of the work area, facing west.

IMG_0671- View of the work area, facing west.





DATE: September 21, 2021

REPORT NO. 210921 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 2

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	PROJECT Harbor View Square			TIME	ТЕМР.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego, New York			7:00	63°F	0.0	10-15	S
ATTACHMENTS	 Daily Pr 	Cloudy	18:30	74°F	0.0	10-15	S	
	and Safe							
	 Site Lay Air Mon 							
	 <u>All Mollitoring Report</u> <u>Photo Log</u> 							
SITE CONDITIONS:	Dry.							
WORK GOAL: Perfo	rm rock coring at M	W-6.						
		PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>				
NAI	ME		AFFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland			D&B		7:00		18:30	
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta					
Matthew Hoskins			D&B		8:30		15:00	
George Anderson	eorge Anderson		Summit		7:00		18:30	
Michael Pierce			Summit		7:00		18:30	
		EOUIP	MENT ON SIT	TE:				
TVDE				TVDE			MODI	T
CAMP Stations		MODEL		1111			MODI	
PID	Min	iRAE 3000+						
Hollow Stem Auger Drill F	Rig Died	rich D120						
Hand Auger								
Cut-off saw	t-off saw STIHL TS-420							
		HEAL	TH & SAFETY	Y:				
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D 🛛					H	IASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	ER: Tracey Garland							
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed in Level	D PPE.						



 DATE:
 September 21, 2021

 REPORT NO. 210921
 PAGE NO. 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to perform oversight of rock coring by Summit Drilling (Summit), log rock cores, and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP).

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations. The topic of this day's safety meeting was traffic safety. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or dust concentrations exceeding the actions levels specified in the CAMP. D&B did not observe any visible dust outside of the immediate work area from work activities. Data recorded from the air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report.

The work area to perform the rock cores was established. Using chain link fence panels, D&B, Spoleta Construction (Spoleta) and Summit installed security fencing around the perimeter of the work area to create the exclusion zone. Summit constructed a square decontamination area composed of polyethylene sheeting held down and contained by 4 by 4 wood planks. D&Bt marked the locations to perform rock coring at injection well IW-1, and monitoring wells MW-6 and MW-7. To avoid a sewer line, these locations were offset three feet east from their locations proposed on Figure No. 3 in the Work Plan for Reagent Injection dated August 2021. Approximate locations of the rock cores, security fencing, and decontamination pad are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached.

The location of MW-7 was the first to be cored. A cut-toff saw was used to remove the asphalt and potable water was used to mitigate dust. After the asphalt was removed, Summit used a hand auger to remove overburden until refusal was encountered at approximately 1.7 feet below ground surface (bgs). Summit used an eight-inch diameter hollow stem auger drill bit to drill through overburden soil. Bedrock was encountered at approximately seven feet bgs. Summit continued boring the hollow stem auger into bedrock to approximately eight feet bgs (twelve inches into bedrock). The hollow stem auger drill was left in-place to serve as a temporary casing when rock coring was performed.

Summit used a NX-wireline coring system to collect continues rock core samples from the location of MW-7. Rock cores were collected from approximately eight to 28 feet bgs. Approximately 1,005 gallons of potable water was used during the coring. No drilling water used while rock coring returned to the surface through the borehole. The rock core was placed in labeled core boxes that were retained on-Site. All drilling spoils were contained and placed in 55-gallons steel drums that were retained on-Site. Summit plans to complete rock coring at MW-7 to 30 feet bgs on September 22, 2021.

D&B logged observations of the overburden soil and the rock core samples. All overburden soils appeared to be imported fill material composed of well rounded, well graded, brown sandy gravel with little to no moisture and did not display any signs of contamination or photoionization detector (PID) headspace readings indicating volatile organic compounds (VOCs) greater than 0.0 parts per million (ppm). Observations recorded while logging the bedrock core samples included time required to drill each run, run length, estimated of the volume of drilling water lost during each run, lithology, texture, sedimentary structures, color, recovery, weathering, fractures and breaks with an assessment if they are natural or mechanical, rock quality designation (RQD), and PID headspace readings. None of the PID headspace readings indicated VOC concentrations greater than 0.0 ppm and the were no odors or visible signs of contamination from the rock core samples.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Trany Judand	SIGNATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Attachment 6

Deter	
Date: (4-71-7)	
<u> </u>	
Start Time:	
7.00	
Issues Discussed:	
1. rather Josefy	
2.	
3	
4.	
5.	
Atte	ndees
Print Name and Company	Signature
Course Dream Simming	12/ March
Hichael Pierce sommit	Malal P=
Meeting Conducted by:	
Tracey Guland Dt B	A A
Name (Site Health and Safety Officer)	Signature Sym Hall
	- /

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DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

))

Synapse Risk Management, LLC



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



NOTES:

- 1. 2021 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH FROM NYSGIS CLEARINGHOUSE WEBSITE.
- 2. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
- RESULTS OF ROCK CORINGS WILL BE USED TO SELECT FINAL INJECTION WELL AND MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS.
- BASED ON THE RESULTS OF THE FIRST 3 ROCK ORINGS, UP TO 2 ADDITIONAL ROCK CORINGS MAY BE COMPLETED AT THE PROPOSED MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS.



Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report September 21, 2021

Tue, 21 st of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Tue, 21st of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20210921_092953	09-21-2021	Summit removing asphalt from the location of MW-7, facing north.
20210921_100638	09-21-2021	MW-7 after hand clearing.
20210921_100822	09-21-2021	The decontamination pad set up by Summit, facing east.
20210921_103941	09-21-2021	Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at MW-7 before bedrock was encountered.
20210921_104725	09-21-2021	Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at MW-7 after bedrock was encountered.
20210921_114210	09-21-2021	Summit coring rock at MW-7, facing west.
20210921_142636	09-21-2021	The rock core recovered from eight to 13 feet at MW-7, top starting from the lower right and the bottom on the upper left.
20210921_152017	09-21-2021	The rock core recovered from 13 to 18 feet at MW-7, top starting from the left in the center row running towards the bottom on the lower right.
20210921_163459	09-21-2021	The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at MW-7, top starting from the lower right and bottom on the upper left.
20210921_174844	09-21-2021	The rock core recovered from 23 to 28 feet at MW-7, top starting from middle of the center row running towards the bottom on the upper left.

20210921_092953– Summit removing asphalt from the location of MW-7, facing north.



20210921_100638- MW-7 after hand clearing.



20210921_100822- The decontamination pad set up by Summit, facing east.



20210921_103941- Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at MW-7 before bedrock was encountered.



20210921_104725- Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at MW-7 after bedrock was encountered.



20210921_114210- Summit coring rock at MW-7, facing west.



20210921_142636– The rock core recovered from eight to 13 feet at MW-7, top starting from the lower right and the bottom on the upper left.



20210921_152017- The rock core recovered from 13 to 18 feet at MW-7, top starting from the left in the center row running towards the bottom on the lower right.



20210921_163459- The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at MW-7, top starting from the lower right and



20210921_174844- The rock core recovered from 23 to 28 feet at MW-7, top starting from middle of the center row running towards the bottom on the upper left.





DATE: September 22, 2021

REPORT NO. 210922 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

FAGE NO. 1 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View Square			WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego	, New York		Rain	7:00	67°F	0.1"	10-15	S
ATTACHMENTS	 Daily Production Health and Safety Briefing Log Site Learnet Mark 			Rain	19:30	71°F	1.0"	10-15	S
	-	 <u>Site Layout Map</u> Air Monitoring Report 							
	•	Photo Log	<u> </u>						
SITE CONDITIONS: Wet									
WORK GOAL: Comp	olete rock	coring at MW	-6 and IW-1						
			PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	<i>"E:</i>				
NAN	ME		A	FFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland				D&B		7	:00	19:45	
Jon Fitzsimmons				Spoleta	oleta				
George Anderson	eorge Anderson			Summit 7:			00 19:45		19:45
Michael Pierce	ichael Pierce			Summit		7:00		19:45	
Joshua Cook	oshua Cook			NYSDEC		9:30		15:00	
			EQUIPA	MENT ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>				
TVPE			MODEL		TYPE			MODE	NL.
CAMP Stations			MODEL		1112				
PID		MiniRA	E 3000+						
Hollow Stem Auger Drill R	Rig	Diedrich	D120						
Hand Auger									
Cut-off saw	-off saw STIHL TS-420								
			HEAL	TH & SAFET	Y:				
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D]					H	IASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	ER: Tracey	Garland							
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performe	d in Level D PI	ΡĒ.						



 DATE: September 22, 2021

 REPORT NO. 210922

 PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee rock coring performed by Summit Drilling (Summit) at locations of MW-7 and IW-1, log rock cores, and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Approximate locations of the rock cores, security fencing, and decontamination pad are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations. The topic of this day's safety meeting was pinch points. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or dust concentrations exceeding the actions levels specified in the CAMP. D&B did not observe any visible dust outside of the immediate work area from work activities. Data recorded from the air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report.

Summit used a NX-wireline coring system to complete the collection of continuous rock core samples at MW-7 to 30.6 feet below ground surface elevation (bgs), continuing from worked perform on September 21, 2021, when MW-7 was cored to 28 feet bgs. Approximately 175 gallons of potable water was used during the coring today, and a total of approximately 1,180 gallons was used to core the entire borehole. No drilling water used while rock coring returned to the surface through the borehole. The rock core was placed in labeled core boxes that were retained on-Site. All drilling spoils were contained and placed in 55-gallons steel drums that were retained on-Site.

Before starting coring activities at IW-1, Summit decontaminated all equipment that was used within the borehole at MW-7. Decontamination was performed within the decontamination pad using a pressure washer with potable water. All water used during decontamination was contained within the decontamination pad.

Summit removed asphalt from the locations of IW-1 and MW-6. A cut-off saw was used to remove the asphalt and potable water was used to mitigate dust. After the asphalt was removed, Summit used a hand auger to remove overburden until refusal was encountered between one and two feet bgs at both locations.

At IW-1, an eight-inch diameter hollow stem auger drill bit to drill through surface soil to bedrock, which was encountered at approximately 7.5 feet bgs. Summit continued boring the hollow stem auger into bedrock to approximately eight feet bgs (six inches into bedrock). The hollow stem auger drill was left in-place to serve as a temporary casing when rock coring was performed.

Summit used a NX-wireline coring system to collect continuous rock core samples from the location of IW-1. Rock cores were collected from approximately eight to 30 feet bgs. Approximately 1,885 gallons of potable water was used to core the borehole. No drilling water returned to the surface through the borehole. The rock core was placed in labeled core boxes that were retained on-Site. All drilling spoils were contained and placed in 55-gallons steel drums that were retained on-Site.

D&B logged observations of the overburden soil and the rock core samples. All overburden soils appeared to be imported fill material composed of well rounded, well graded, brown sandy gravel with little to no moisture and did not display any signs of contamination or photoionization detector (PID) headspace readings indicating volatile organic compounds (VOCs) greater than 0.0 parts per million (ppm). Observations recorded while logging the bedrock core samples included time required to drill each run, run length, estimated of the volume of drilling water lost during each run, lithology, texture, sedimentary structures, color, recovery, weathering, fractures and breaks with an assessment if they are natural or mechanical, rock quality designation (RQD), and PID headspace readings. None of the PID headspace readings indicated VOC concentrations greater than 0.0 ppm and the were no odors or visible signs of contamination from the rock core samples.

After completing coring activities at MW-7 and IW-1, Summit decommissioned the boreholes by filling them from the bottom with cement/bentonite and topping with cold patch asphalt.

D&B ENGINEERS	DATE: September 22, 2021 REPORT NO. 210922 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3
AND ARCHITECTS	PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K
	NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040
DAILY	FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT
PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hosking, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Inouy Landond	SIGNATURE:
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:



DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

art Time: ``* ^*	
<u>are fino.</u> 1200	
sues Discussed:	
. Which pollets	
•	
	Attendees
Print Name and Company	Signature
Michal Perce Summit	Malalt
Game Arberson Sumit	By Gow
	Grand Contraction of the second secon
	3 ⁻¹
10 10	
Acating Conducted by	
Jame (Site Health and Safety Officer)	Signature A

Synapse Risk Management, LLC



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



Site Layout 9-22-21

Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report September 22, 2021

Wed, 22nd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



© Netronix 2021

Wed, 22nd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)			VOC	ppm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.01	0.0132	0.0273	0	0	O

 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

© Netronix 2021

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20210922_082114	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 28 to 30 feet at MW-7, top starting from the upper right running to the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_111609	09-22-2021	Summit decontaminating equipment used in the borehole for MW-7, facing west.
20210922_114409	09-22-2021	Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at IW-1 before bedrock was encountered.
20210922_133414	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from eight to 13 feet at IW-1, top starting from the lower right and the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_150101	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at IW-1, top starting from the center of the middle row running left to the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_170806	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at IW-1, top starting from the lower right and bottom on the upper left.
20210922_182110	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 23 to 28 feet at IW-1, top starting from middle of the second row running towards the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_190601	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 28 to 30 feet at IW-1, top starting from middle of the third row running towards the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_190607	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from IW-1 from 28 to 29.3 feet, shown as the top row.
20210922_190610	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from IW-1 from 29.3 to 29.6 feet, shown as the top row.
20210922_194552	09-22-2021	The work area at the end of the day, facing southwest.
20210922_194632	09-22-2021	The work area at the end of the day, facing northeast.

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20210922_082114	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 28 to 30 feet at MW-7, top starting from the upper right running to the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_111609	09-22-2021	Summit decontaminating equipment used in the borehole for MW-7, facing west.
20210922_114409	09-22-2021	Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at IW-1 before bedrock was encountered.
20210922_133414	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from eight to 13 feet at IW-1, top starting from the lower right and the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_150101	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at IW-1, top starting from the center of the middle row running left to the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_170806	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at IW-1, top starting from the lower right and bottom on the upper left.
20210922_182110	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 23 to 28 feet at IW-1, top starting from middle of the second row running towards the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_190601	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from 28 to 30 feet at IW-1, top starting from middle of the third row running towards the bottom on the upper left.
20210922_190607	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from IW-1 from 28 to 29.3 feet, shown as the top row.
20210922_190610	09-22-2021	The rock core recovered from IW-1 from 29.3 to 29.6 feet, shown as the top row.
20210922_194552	09-22-2021	The work area at the end of the day, facing southwest.
20210922_194632	09-22-2021	The work area at the end of the day, facing northeast.

20210922_082114 – The rock core recovered from 28 to 30 feet at MW-7, top starting from the upper right running to the bottom on the upper left.



20210922_111609 - Summit decontaminating equipment used in the borehole for MW-7, facing west.



20210922_114409 - Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at IW-1 before bedrock was encountered.



20210922_133414 – The rock core recovered from eight to 13 feet at IW-1, top starting from the lower right and the bottom on the upper left.



20210922_150101 – The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at IW-1, top starting from the center of the middle row running left to the bottom on the upper left.



20210922_170806 - The rock core recovered from 18 to 23 feet at IW-1, top starting from the lower right and bottom on the upper left.



20210922_182110 – The rock core recovered from 23 to 28 feet at IW-1, top starting from middle of the second row running towards the bottom on the upper left.



20210922_190601 – The rock core recovered from 28 to 30 feet at IW-1, top starting from middle of the third row running towards the bottom on the upper left.



20210922_190607 - The rock core recovered from IW-1 from 28 to 29.3 feet, shown as the top row.



20210922_190610 - The rock core recovered from IW-1 from 29.3 to 29.6 feet, shown as the top row.





DATE: September 23, 2021

REPORT NO. 210923 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 2

FAGE NO. 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT Harbor View Square			WEATHER	TIME	ТЕМР.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)	
LOCATION	Oswego, New York		Rain	7:00	70°F	0.1"	0-5	N	
ATTACHMENTS	 Daily Production Health and Safety Briefing Log Site Layout Map 		Cloudy	16:30	68°F	0.0"	0-5	Ν	
	<u>Air Monitor</u>	ing Report							
	■ <u>Photo Log</u>								
SITE CONDITIONS:	Wet								
WORK GOAL: Comp	plete rock coring at MW	7-6							
		PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>					
NAI	ME	A	AFFILIATION			ARRIVAL TIME		DEPARTURE TIME	
Fracey Garland			D&B		7:00		17:00		
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta						
George Anderson			Summit			7:00		16:30	
Michael Pierce		Summit			7:00		16:30		
		EOUIPA	MENT ON SIT	TE:					
CAMP Stations		MODEL		ТҮРЕ		MODEL		CL	
PID	MiniRA	F 3000+							
Hollow Stem Auger Drill F	Rig Diedrich	Diedrich D120							
		HEALT	TH & SAFET	Y:					
PPE REQUIRED: Level D				HASP? YES					
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	ER: Tracey Garland								
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed in Level D Pl	PE.							



 DATE:
 September 23, 2021

 REPORT NO. 210923
 PAGE NO. 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee rock coring performed by Summit Drilling (Summit) at the location of MW-6, log rock cores, and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Approximate locations of the rock cores, security fencing, and decontamination pad are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations. The topic of this day's safety meeting was slip and trip hazards. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or dust concentrations exceeding the actions levels specified in the CAMP. The CAMP station upwind from the work area, D&B #2, did not report VOC concentrations on this date because of a technical issue, however VOC levels detected from the downwind CAMP station were lower than action levels. D&B did not observe any visible dust outside of the immediate work area from work activities. Data recorded from the air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report.

Summit decontaminated all equipment that was used within the borehole before starting and after completing coring activities at MW-6. Decontamination was performed within the decontamination pad using a pressure washer with potable water. All water used during decontamination was contained within the decontamination pad.

At MW-6, an eight-inch diameter hollow stem auger drill bit was used to drill through bedrock which was encountered at approximately four feet bgs. Summit continued boring the hollow stem auger into bedrock to approximately five feet bgs (twelve inches into bedrock). The hollow stem auger drill was left in-place to serve as a temporary casing when rock coring was performed.

Summit used a NX-wireline coring system to collect continuous rock core samples from the location of MW-6. Rock cores were collected from approximately eight to 30.1 feet bgs. Approximately 2,775 gallons of potable water was used to core the entire borehole. No water used while rock coring returned to the surface through the borehole. The rock core was placed in labeled core boxes that were retained on-Site. All drilling spoils were contained and placed in 55-gallons steel drums that were retained on-Site.

D&B logged observations of the overburden soil and the rock core samples. All overburden soils appeared to be imported fill material composed of well rounded, well graded, brown sandy gravel with little to no moisture and did not display any signs of contamination or photoionization detector (PID) headspace readings indicating volatile organic compounds (VOCs) greater than 0.0 parts per million (ppm). Observations recorded while logging the bedrock core samples included time required to drill each run, run length, estimated of the volume of drilling water lost during each run, lithology, texture, sedimentary structures, color, recovery, weathering, fractures and breaks with an assessment if they are natural or mechanical, rock quality designation (RQD), and PID headspace readings. None of the PID headspace readings indicated VOC concentrations greater than 0.0 ppm and the were no odors or visible signs of contamination from the rock core samples.

After completing coring activities at MW-6, Summit decommissioned the borehole by filling it from the bottom with cement/bentonite and topped with cold patch asphalt.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY				
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.				
SIGNATURE: Inouy Jacand	SIGNATURE:				
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED					
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:				

Attachment 0

DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

Date: 9-23-21	
Start Time: 7.00	
Issues Discussed: 1. Cleantiness of trips styps 2. 3. 4	
5.	
Att	tendees Signature
Michael Pierre Summit	Malul K
Genge Anderson Summit	pm Man
	<i>V</i>
2	
Meeting Conducted by:	
trace Gull	1 MANA
Name (Site Health and Safety Officer)	Signature

Synapse Risk Management, LLC

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HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report September 23, 2021
Thu, 23rd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



© Netronix 2021

Description (FA04681) Location 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY 13126, USA

Thu, 23rd of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

© Netronix 2021

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20210923_071719	09-23-2021	Summit setting up to drill at MW-6, facing north.
20210923_074937	09-23-2021	Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at MW-6 before bedrock was encountered.
20210923_091141	09-23-2021	The rock core recovered from 15.2 to 20.2 feet at MW-6, top starting from the center of the third row and running to the upper left.
20210923_110949	09-23-2021	The rock core recovered from 10 to 15.2 feet at MW-6, top starting from the right side of the center row and the bottom on the upper left.
20210923_125141	09-23-2021	The rock core recovered from 15.2 to 20.2 feet at MW-6, top starting from the center of the middle third running to the bottom on the upper left.
20210923_140148	09-23-2021	The rock core recovered from 20.2 to 25.4 feet at MW-6, top starting from the lower right.
20210923_144755	09-23-2021	Summit rock coring at MW-6, facing north.
20210923_151257	09-23-2021	The rock core recovered from 25.4 to 30.2 feet at MW-6, top starting from the right side of the second row running towards the bottom on the left.
20210923_153401	09-23-2021	Summit decontaminating equipment to demobilize, facing east.
20210923_185910	09-23-2021	The rock core boxes stored on-Site.
20210923_190104	09-23-2021	Two drums of wastewater from monitoring wells, and three drums of drilling spoils generated from rock coring activities retained on-Site.
20210923_190312	09-23-2021	The work area at the end of the day, facing northeast.

20210923_071719- Summit setting up to drill at MW-6, facing north.



20210923_074937- Drilling spoils from the hollow stem auger at MW-6 before bedrock was encountered.



20210923_091141- The rock core recovered from five to ten feet at MW-6, top starting from the lower right and the



20210923_110949- The rock core recovered from 10 to 15.2 feet at MW-6, top starting from the right side of the center row and the bottom on the upper left.



20210923_125141- The rock core recovered from 15.2 to 20.2 feet at MW-6, top starting from the center of the third row and running to the upper left.



20210923_140148 - The rock core recovered from 20.2 to 25.4 feet at MW-6, top starting from the lower right.



20210923_144755- Summit rock coring at MW-6, facing north.



20210923_151257 – The rock core recovered from 25.4 to 30.2 feet at MW-6, top starting from the right side of the second row running towards the bottom on the left.



20210923_153401- Summit decontaminating equipment to demobilize, facing east



20210923_185910 - The rock core boxes stored on-Site.



20210923_190104– Two drums of wastewater from monitoring wells, and three drums of drilling spoils generated from rock coring activities retained on-Site.



20210923_190312 - The work area at the end of the day, facing northeast.





DATE: September 27, 2021

REPORT NO. 210927 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 2

PAGE NO. 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View Square		WEATHER	TIME	ТЕМР.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)	
LOCATION	Oswego, New York		Clear	13:00	77°F	0.0"	5-10	Ν	
ATTACHMENTS	• Health and S	Safety Plan	Cloudy	17:00	74°F	0.0"	5-10	N	
	<u>Acknowled</u>	gment and							
	 Photo Log 								
	<u>1 Hoto 105</u>								
SITE CONDITIONS	: Dry								
WORK GOAL: Mob	vilize Equipment.								
		PERSC	ONNEL ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>					
NA	ME		AFFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME	
Tracey Garland		D&B		13	3:00	17:00			
on Fitzsimmons			Spoleta						
Fred Kushner			Summit		10	5:00	17:00		
Andre Williams			Summit		16	5:00	17:00		
ohn Macriszewski			Summit		16	5:00	-	17:00	
ohua Cook			NYSDEC		13	13:35		13:45	
							ļ		
							ļ		
		Four							
		EQUIP	MENT ON SIT	<i>E</i> :					
TYPE Drill Dia	Diadrial	MODEL		TYPE			MODE	Ċ L	
	Diedrich	1 1-030-W II							
		HEAI	TH & SAFET	V.					
DDE DEOLUDED, Lava		IILAI	LIII & SAFEI L			I	IASD? VE	is.	
TTE REQUIRED: Level						I	IASI: 1E	ມ	
SITE SAFETY OFFICI	ER: Tracey Garland								
H & S NOTES: Site wor	rk performed in Level D P.	PE.							



 DATE:
 September 27, 2021

 REPORT NO. 210927

 PAGE NO. 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at the Harbor View Square site (the Site) to provide oversight during the mobilization and setup for drilling in support of well installations to be performed at the Site.

Summit reviewed and agreed to the Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan. A signed copy of the Health and Safety Plan Acknowledgment and Agreement Form is attached.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY		
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.		
SIGNATURE: Trong Ladand	SIGNATURE:		
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	Ŷ		
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:		

Attachment 7

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT FORM

"Zero Tolerance for Incident of ANY Kind. Work Together to Ensure A SAFE and High Quality Project (All Synapse and subcontractor personnel must sign.)

understood by contractors to provide information on all of the hazards to which a contractor's employees may be exposed as a result of their work. SYNAPSE employees, including (but not limited to) the Material Safety Data Sheets for chemicals the contractor may bring on-site. This plan should NOT be Similarly, contractors are required to inform Synapse of any hazards of which they are aware or that the contractor's work on site might possibly pose to we may be aware, and to satisfy Synapse's responsibilities under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication standard address the hazards faced by their own employees. Synapse has provided a copy of this Plan to contractors in the interest of full disclosure of hazards of which and the precautions they should take to avoid those hazards. Sub-contractors and other contractors at the site must develop their own Health and Safety Plan to This Health and Safety Plan has been developed for the purpose of informing Synapse employees of the hazards they are likely to encounter on the project site

I further certify that I have received training and medical surveillance according to the Health and Safety Plan and the OSHA Standard on Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (29 CFR 1910.120):

All parties conducting site activities are required to coordinate their activities and practices with the project Site Health and Safety Officer. Your signature below confirms that you have read and understand the hazards discussed in this Plan, and understand that sub-contractors and contractors must develop their own Health and Safety Plan for their employees. You also understand you could be prohibited by the Site Health and Safety Officer or other Synapse personnel from か まご olect for not complying with any aspect of this Health and Safety Plan

Name	Title	Signature	Company	Date
Hichcel Place	he line (rulal for	Summer Drilling	10/20/21
Goran Adaha	Dr. Nev	1 way and	Comment Opinity	were
FRED KSGNER	Druck	A C	Sumart' 1	9/22/25
John NUCKAUFI	have	C - 2 - 4	Symmil	0112721
And & Winns	helper	Halte Litt	Jumpit	9 12/21
	II			

Synapse Risk Management, LLC

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РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20210927_131712	09-27-2021	The work area at the start of the workday, facing east.
20210927_165735	09-27-2021	The work area at the end of the workday, facing southeast.

20210927_131712- The work area at the start of the workday, facing east.



20210927_165735- The work area at the end of the workday, facing southeast.





DATE: September 28, 2021

REPORT NO. 210928 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

FAGE NO. 1 OF 5

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View Square	2	WEATHER	TIME	ТЕМР.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego, New York		Cloudy	7:00	58°F	0.0"	10-15	N
ATTACHMENTS	 Daily Prod 	uction Health	Cloudy	18:00	60°F	0.0"	10-15	N
	and Safety	Briefing Log						
	 <u>Site Layou</u> Air Monito 	oring Report						
	 Photo Log 	<u><u>-</u><u>-</u></u>						
SITE CONDITIONS	: Dry							
WORK GOAL: Insta	Ill surface casing for M	W-7						
		PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	'E:				
NA	ME	I	AFFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland			D&B		7	:00		18:15
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta					
red Kushner		Summit		7	:30		18:15	
Andre Williams		Summit		7	:30	30 18:15		
ohn Macriszewski		Summit		7	.30 18:15			
		EQUIP	MENT ON SIT	<i>E:</i>		-		
ТҮРЕ		MODEL	G1 1 1 G	TYPE			MODE	L
CAMP Stations		E 2000	Skid Stee	er		Bobcat Te	550	-
	MiniRAE 3000+							
	Diedric	11 1-030-w II						
Hand Auger	стин	TS 420						
Cut-off saw	f saw STIHL TS-420							
Hot water Pressure washe		MI HSP-300-MGF	<u> </u>					
		HEAL	TH & SAFETY	/:				
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D					H	IASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICI	ER: Tracey Garland							
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed in Level D I	PPE.						



DATE: September 28, 2021 **REPORT NO.** 210928

PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee the installation of the surface casing for monitoring well MW-7 per the Reagent Injection Work Plan and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Work to install these wells was performed by Summit Drilling (Summit). Approximate locations of the wells are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The locations of wells IW-1, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9 were offset three feet east from their locations proposed on Figure No. 3 in the Work Plan for Reagent Injection dated August 2021. The chain-link fence used previously to establish the exclusion zone from September 21-23, 2021 was reused for this drilling effort also.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations in accordance with the CAMP. The topic of this day's safety meeting was high wind hazards. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds exceeding actions levels specified in the CAMP. Dust concentrations detected from air monitoring station D&B #1 exceeded action levels for dust at 9:35 and 12:25. Data recorded from both air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report. D&B also observed plumes of dust generated from drilling activities at 9:35 and 12:25 that were visible downwind to approximately 80 feet south from the work area. Summit stopped work immediately after each instance of visible dust at 9:35 and 12:25. The dust plumes were the result of a mechanical failure associated with a water pump on the drill rig used for dust control while drilling at MW-7. During both instances Summit stopped work and D&B informed Summit that dust controls need to be in-place. Summit later repaired the water pump.

Summit installed a containment area around the borehole for MW-7 before starting drilling activities. The containment consisted of polyethylene sheeting placed around the immediate vicinity of the borehole and a metal tub that was placed on top of the polyethylene sheeting. The bottom of the metal tub had a hole cut out of it where the borehole was drilled and the tub was used to catch drilling spoils. Summit installed a similar containment area around the location of MW-9 at the end of the day. Approximate locations of MW-9 and MW-7 are shown on Figure 1, attached.

Summit used a ten-inch diameter tricone roller drill bit to drill through overburden soil to top of bedrock. D&B screened the drilling spoils for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by measuring headspace VOC concentrations with a photoionization detector (PID). None of the headspace measurements indicated VOC concentrations greater than 0.0 parts-per-million from the overburden. Summit installed a ten-inch diameter conductor pipe in the borehole after reaching the top of bedrock, approximately seven feet bgs. Once the conductor pipe was set, Summit used a ten-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit to drill through the bedrock to a depth of 10 feet bgs. All drill cuttings and were containerized on-site in metal 55-gallon drums.

Summit installed the six-inch diameter steel casing for MW-7 after completing the ten-inch diameter borehole. Summit seated the casing into bedrock at the bottom of the borehole. After the casing was seated, Summit removed the ten-inch diameter conductor pipe and filled the annular space in the borehole outside of the casing with cement/bentonite grout. Approximately 100 gallons of grout was used to fill the annular space from approximately ten feet bgs to ten inches bgs. The casing for MW-1 was set and grouted in place at 14:00.

After the casing for MW-7 was installed, Summit worked to repair the water pump on the drill rig, and setup to install the casing at MW-9.

To secure the work area, Summit and D&B ensured the work area was enclosed by fencing at the end of the workday.



 DATE:
 September 28, 2021

 REPORT NO.
 210928

 PAGE NO.
 3 OF 3

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-011

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Trong Ladand	SIGNATURE:
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	*
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Attachment 6

DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

Date: 9-28-21	
Start Time: 7:30	
Issues Discussed: 1. hrmd Safety	
3.	
4. 5.	
Print Name and Company	Signature
Andre Williams Symmit	Adronation
MEOKISHNER SUMMIT	
John Marikuska Shum 12	All
-	
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-	
	\land
Meeting Conducted by: Tracky Carland P.+13	
Name (Site Health and Safety Officer)	Signature
	1 Alt

Synapse Risk Management, LLC



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK

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Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report September 28, 2021

Tue, 28th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Tue, 28th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20210928_092630	9-28-2021	Drilling spoils from MW-7
20210928_102415	09-28-2021	Summit installing the conductor pipe for MW-7, facing north.
20210928_102815	09-28-2021	Summit installing the conductor pipe for MW-7, facing north.
20210928_122222	09-28-2021	Dust generated while drilling at MW-7, facing east.
20210928_123823	09-28-2021	Summit installing the surface casing for MW-7, facing north.
20210928_180959	09-28-2021	The work area at the end of the workday, facing northeast.

20210928_092630 - Drilling spoils from MW-7ummit drilling to the install screen and riser for MW-8, facing northwest.



20210928_102415 - Summit installing the conductor pipe for MW-7, facing north.



20210928_102815 – Summit installing the conductor pipe for MW-7, facing north.



20210928_122222 - Dust generated while drilling at MW-7, facing east.



20210928_123823 - Summit installing the surface casing for MW-7, facing north.



20210928_180959 – The work area at the end of the workday, facing northeast.





DATE: September 29, 2021

REPORT NO. 210929 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 2

TAGE NO. 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K **NYSDEC SITE NO.** C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View Square	2	WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego, New York		Sunny	7:00	54°F	0.0"	0-5	S
ATTACHMENTS	 Daily Produ 	uction Health	Cloudy	5:00	62°F	0.0"	5-10	NW
	and Safety J	Briefing Log						
	 <u>Site Layout</u> Air Monitor 	<u>Map</u> ring Report						
	 <u>Photo Log</u> 	ing report						
SITE CONDITIONS:	Dry							
WORK GOAL: Insta	ll casings for monitorir	ng wells MW-6	and MW-9.					
		PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	TE:				
NAI	ME	l	AFFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland			D&B		7	:00		17:30
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta					
red Kushner		Summit		7	:00		17:30	
Andre Williams		Summit		7	:00		17:30	
ohn Macriszewski		Summit		7	:00		17:30	
							ļ	
		EQUIP	MENT ON SIT	<i>E</i> :				
ТҮРЕ		MODEL		TYPE Skid Steer			MODE	CL
CAMP Stations			Skid Stee	er		Bobcat Te	550	
PID	MiniRA	AE 3000+						
Drill Rig	Diedrich	h 1-650-W II				_		
Hand Auger	GERTH	T G 400				_		
Cut-off saw	off saw STIHL TS-420					_		
Hot Water Pressure Washe	r Mi-T-N	A HSP-300-MGF	1					
		HEAL	TH & SAFET	Y:				
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D					E	IASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	ER: Tracey Garland							
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed in Level D P	PPE.						



 DATE:
 September 29, 2021

 REPORT NO.
 210929

 PAGE NO.
 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee the installation of the surface casing for monitoring wells MW-6 and MW-9 per the Reagent Injection Work Plan and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Work to install these wells was performed by Summit Drilling (Summit). Approximate locations of the wells are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The locations of wells IW-1, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9 were offset three feet east from their locations proposed on Figure No. 3 in the Work Plan for Reagent Injection dated August 2021.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations in accordance with the CAMP. The topic of this day's safety meeting was slips trips and falls. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on Figure 1, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) exceeding actions levels specified in the CAMP. Dust concentrations detected from air monitoring station D&B #1 exceeded action levels for dust at 9:16 when Summit began drilling to install the casing for MW-9. Data recorded from both air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report. D&B observed a plume of dust generated from drilling activities at 9:16 that was visible downwind to approximately 10 feet north from the work area.

Summit removed the decontamination pad that was left on-Site during the previous week and placed its contents into metal 55-gallon drums retained on-Site.

Summit decontaminated all equipment used from the previous boreholes before and between drilling activities at MW-6 and MW-9. Decontamination was performed using a heated pressure washer within the metal tub used to contain drilling spoils and in 55-gallon steel drums. All water used for decontamination, drilling water, overburden soil and rock cuttings were transferred to 55-gallon steel drums between each borehole location and retained on-Site.

After hand clearing was completed, Summit used a ten-inch diameter tricone roller drill bit to extend the borings to top of bedrock, encountered five feet below ground surface elevation (bgs) at MW-6 and three feet bgs at MW-9. Once a conductor pipe was placed to the top of bedrock, Summit used a ten-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit to drill through bedrock to approximately nine feet bgs at MW-6 and 8.5 feet bgs at MW-9.

Summit installed the six-inch diameter steel surface casings for MW-6 and MW-9 to the bottom of the ten-inch diameter boreholes. After the casings were placed, Summit removed the ten-inch diameter conductor pipe and filled the annular space in the boreholes outside of the casings with cement/bentonite grout. Approximately 40 gallons of grout was used to fill the annular space at MW-9, and approximately 80 gallons of grout was used to fill the annular space at MW-6. The surface casing for MW-9 was set and grouted in place at 10:40, and the surface casing for MW-6 was set and grouted in place at 14:30.

After the casing for MW-6 was installed, Summit setup to install the casing for the injection well IW-1.

To secure the work area, Summit and D&B ensured the work area was enclosed by fencing at the end of the workday.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Trocy Jardand	SIGNATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	V
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Attachment 6

DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG Date: Start Time: :00 **Issues Discussed:** 1. them Slins ries 2. 3. 4. 5. Attendees Print Name and Company Signature rewilliams SUMMI ISHNER mm Summe Tohn Macousta Meeting Conducted by? Traceu borlind Name (Site Health and Safety Officer) Signature

Synapse Risk Management, LLC



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK

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Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report September 29, 2021

Wed, 29th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 22:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)			VOC ppm AVG 15m ppm miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)		
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.013	0.02	0.2374	O	O	0.0015

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

© Netronix 2021

Wed, 29th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION	
20210929_090021	9-29-2021	Dust generated while drilling MW-9, facing west.	
20210929_105800	09-29-2021	Drilling spoils and the casing installed at MW-9.	
20210929_142141	09-29-2021	Installing the surface casing for MW-6, facing west.	
20210929_172829	09-29-2021	The work area at the end of the day and Summit set up over IW-1, facing south.	

²⁰²¹⁰⁹²⁹_090021 - Dust generated while drilling MW-9, facing west.



20210929_105800 - Drilling spoils and the casing installed at MW-9.



20210929_142141 – Installing the surface casing for MW-6, facing west.



20210929_172829 - The work area at the end of the day and Summit set up over IW-1, facing south.




DATE: September 30, 2021

REPORT NO. 210930 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

TAGE NO. 1 OF 5

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K **NYSDEC SITE NO.** C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	OJECT Harbor View Square			TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)	
LOCATION	Oswego, New York		Light Rain	7:00	52°F	0.0"	5-10	NW	
ATTACHMENTS	 Daily 	Production Health	Cloudy	17:00	60°F	0.0"	5-10	NW	
	and S	afety Briefing Log							
	• $\frac{\text{Site L}}{\text{Air N}}$	<u>ayour</u> Ionitoring Report							
	■ Photo	Log							
SITE CONDITIONS:	Dry								
WORK GOAL: Insta	ll the surface cas	ing for monitoring we	ells IW-1 and in	nstall the scr	een and ri	ser for MW	/-7		
		PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>					
NAI	ME	A	AFFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME	
Tracey Garland			D&B		7	:00		18:00	
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta				<u> </u>		
Fred Kushner			Summit		7:00			18:00	
Andre Williams			Summit		7:00		18:00		
John Macriszewski			Summit		7:00		18:00		
Joshua Cook			NYSDEC			9:45		14:00	
							ļ		
							<u> </u>		
		EQUIPA	MENT ON SIT	'E:					
TYPE		MODEL	C1-: -1 C4	ТҮРЕ		Dahaat T	MODE	EL	
CAMP Stations		AiniDAE 2000	Skid Stee	er Draggung W	achan	Bobcat 1650			
PID Drill Dig	N	Milikae 5000+		Hot Water Pressure Washer		ner MI-1-M HSP-300-MGH			
		HEAL	TH & SAFET	Y:		1			
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D					H	IASP? YE	S	
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	ER: Tracey Garland	d							
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed in Lev	vel D PPE.							



DATE: September 30, 2021 **REPORT NO.** 210930

PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee installation of the surface casing for injection well IW-1 and the completion of monitoring well MW-7 per the Reagent Injection Work Plan and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Work to install these wells was performed by Summit Drilling (Summit). Approximate locations of the wells are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations. The topic of this day's safety meeting was line of fire hazards. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or dust concentrations exceeding the actions levels specified in the CAMP. Data recorded from the air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report.

Before drilling the surface casing borehole for IW-1, Summit decontaminated all equipment used within the borehole. Decontamination was performed using a heated pressure washer within the metal tub used to contain drilling spoils and in 55-gallon steel drums. All water used for decontamination, drilling water, overburden soil and rock cuttings were transferred to 55-gallon steel drums between each borehole location and retained on-Site

For IW-1, a ten-inch diameter tricone roller drill bit was used to drill through overburden to top-of-bedrock encountered approximately four feet below ground surface elevation (bgs). Once ten-inch diameter steel conductor pipe was placed to the top of bedrock, Summit used a ten-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit to drill from the top of bedrock to approximately ten-feet bgs. Summit informed D&B that the bedrock appeared to be weathered from four to seven feet bgs based on relatively lower resistance to penetration compared to bedrock at greater depths. While drilling, the soil and rock cuttings were purged from the borehole using air, and potable water was used in the borehole to mitigate dust.

Summit installed the six-inch diameter steel surface casings for IW-1 to the bottom of the ten-inch diameter borehole. After the casings were placed, Summit removed the ten-inch diameter conductor pipe and filled the annular space in the boreholes outside of the casings with approximately 50 gallons of cement/bentonite grout. The steel surface casing for IW-1 was grouted in-place at 9:40 am.

The surface casing had previously been installed for MW-7 on September 28, 2021. Before drilling MW-7 to total depth, Summit decontaminated all equipment used within the borehole. A six-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill through bedrock from the bottom elevation of the steel surface casing at approximately ten-feet bgs to approximately 30-feet bgs. Summit informed D&B that the bedrock provided low resistance to penetration by the drill at discrete depths indicating fractures or softer bedrock at approximately 14.5, 17, 20, and 26 feet bgs. While drilling, rock cuttings were purged from the borehole using air, and potable water was used in the borehole to mitigate dust.

Summit installed the two-inch diameter PVC well screen and riser for MW-7. The screen was placed from approximately 30 feet bgs to 15 feet bgs, consisting of two-inch diameter slotted PVC with a slot size of 0.020-inches. The screen was threaded to a two-inch diameter PVC riser installed from the top of the screen to the ground surface. Gravel pack consisting of No. 2 well filter pack was placed in the annular space outside of the screen and riser from six inches below the screen to two feet above the screen. No. 00 filter pack was placed from the top of the No. 2 filter pack to six inches above the No. 2 filter pack. A bentonite seal, consisting of bentonite pellets and added potable water, was installed in the well annulus from the top of the No. 00 filter pack. The bentonite seal was allowed to hydrate for at least one hour prior to grouting the well annulus with cement/bentonite grout. Approval to install six inches of No. 00 filter pack in the well annulus between the No. 2 filter pack and the bentonite seal for all the wells was provided verbally by Matthew Hoskins of D&B and verbally by Joshua Cook of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC).

To secure the work area, at the end of the workday Summit and D&B replaced sections of fencing that were removed.



 DATE:
 September 30, 2021

 REPORT NO.
 210930

 PAGE NO.
 3 OF 3

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-011

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Trowy Ladand	SIGNATURE:
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	<i>μ</i> -ε-εγ
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Attachment 6

DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

art Time: 7:00	
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ssues Discussed:	
the the write	
Vrussive Kelleake	
Atter	ndees
Print Name and Company	Signature
FRED KishNER SUMMIT	the
-John Nociteuski Summil-	1 de la companya de l
Andre Williams Summit	Forthe mlas
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Meeting Conducted by	
Weeting Conducted by:	1
CAMUL	1 10 100

Synapse Risk Management, LLC



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



3 Site Layout 9-30-2021 Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report September 30, 2021

Thu, 30th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)			VOCI	ppm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm)
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.0121	0.0175	0.0462	O	O	O

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

© Netronix 2021

Thu, 30th of Sep 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



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РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20210930_075718	9-30-2021	Drilling to install the surface casing for injection well IW-1, facing west.
20210930_091731	09-30-2021	Spoils from drilling to install the surface casing for injection well IW-1.
20210930_124402	09-30-2021	Drilling to complete monitoring well MW-7, facing northwest
20210930_134346	09-30-2021	Rock cuttings and drilling fluid from drilling to complete monitoring well MW-7.
20210930_135034	09-30-2021	Closeup view of pulverized rock cuttings from drilling to complete monitoring well MW-7.
20210930_171524	09-30-2021	The work area at the end of the day, facing northeast.

20210930_075718 - Drilling to install the surface casing for injection well IW-1, facing west.



20210930_091731 - Spoils from drilling to install the surface casing for injection well IW-1.



20210930_124402 - Drilling to complete monitoring well MW-7, facing northwest



20210930_134346 - Rock cuttings and drilling fluid from drilling to complete monitoring well MW-7..



20210930_135034 - Closeup view of pulverized rock cuttings from drilling to complete monitoring well MW-7.



 20210930_{171524} – The work area at the end of the day, facing northeast.





DATE: October 01, 2021

REPORT NO. 211001 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT Harbor View Square			WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)	
LOCATION	CION Oswego, New York		Cloudy	7:00	50°F	0.0"	0-5	NW	
ATTACHMENTS	Daily Produ	Clear	17:00	60°F	0.0"	5-10	NW		
	and Safety	Briefing Log							
	 Site Layout Air Monito 	ring Report							
	Photo Log	<u> </u>							
SITE CONDITIONS:	Dry								
WORK GOAL: Insta	ll screens and risers for	r monitoring we	lls MW-6 and	MW-9					
		PERSO	NNEL ON SI	TE:					
NAI	ME	A	FFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME	
Tracey Garland			D&B		7	:00	-	17:30	
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta						
Fred Kushner			Summit		7:00		17:30		
Andre Williams			Summit		7:00		17:30		
John Macriszewski			Summit		7:00		17:30		
		EQUIPN	MENT ON SI	TE:					
ТҮРЕ		MODEL		TYPE			MODE	L	
CAMP Stations			Skid Ste	Skid Steer			Bobcat T650		
PID	MiniRA	AE 3000+	Hot Wat	Hot Water Pressure Washer			Mi-T-M HSP-300-MGH		
Drill Rig	Diedric	h T-650-W II				_			
				17					
		HEAL	IH & SAFET	Y:		_			
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D					ŀ	IASP? YE	'S	
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	R: Tracey Garland								
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed in Level D F	PPE.							



DATE: October 01, 2021 **REPORT NO.** 211001

PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee the completion of monitoring wells MW-6 and MW-9, per the Reagent Injection Work Plan and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Work to install these wells was performed by Summit Drilling (Summit). Approximate locations of the wells are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations. The topic of this day's safety meeting was respirable dust. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or dust concentrations exceeding the actions levels specified in the CAMP. The upwind dust sensor, D&B #2, stopped reporting data at approximately 9:00 am due to a technical malfunction. D&B did not observe any visible dust from work activities outside of the immediate work area throughout the day. Data recorded from the air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report.

Before starting or continuing drilling activities at each well, Summit decontaminated all equipment used within the boreholes and constructed a containment system to contain drilling spoils. The containment system consisted of polyethylene sheeting placed on the ground surface overlain by a metal tub. The metal tub had a hole through its bottom that was placed where the borehole was drilled. All openings at the bottom of the metal tub were sealed with bentonite to ensure all liquids were contained. Decontamination was performed using a heated pressure washer within the metal tub and in 55-gallon steel drums. All water used for decontamination, drilling water, overburden soil and rock cuttings were transferred to 55-gallon steel drums between each borehole location and retained on-Site.

The surface casing for MW-6 was previously installed on September 29, 2021. A six-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill through bedrock from the bottom elevation of the steel surface casing at approximately nine-feet below ground surface elevation (bgs) to approximately 30-feet bgs. Summit informed D&B that the bedrock provided low resistance to penetration by the drill at discrete depths indicating fractures or softer bedrock at approximately 15, 17, 19, 26.5, and 28 feet bgs. While drilling, rock cuttings were purged from the borehole using air, and potable water was used in the borehole to mitigate dust.

The surface casing for MW-9 was previously installed on September 29, 2021. A six-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill through bedrock from the bottom elevation of the steel surface casing at approximately 8.5-feet bgs to approximately 30-feet bgs. Summit informed D&B that the bedrock provided low resistance to penetration by the drill at discrete depths indicating fractures or softer bedrock at approximately 12, 15.5, 20, 26.5, and 29 feet bgs. While drilling, rock cuttings were purged from the borehole using air, and potable water was used in the borehole to mitigate dust.

For both MW-6 and MW-9, the screens were placed from approximately 30 feet bgs to 15 feet bgs, consisting of two-inch diameter slotted PVC with a slot size of 0.020-inches. The screens were threaded to two-inch diameter PVC risers installed from the top of the screen to the ground surface. Gravel pack consisting of No. 2 well filter pack was placed in the annular space outside of the screen and riser from six inches below the screen to two feet above the screen. No. 00 filter pack was placed from the top of the No. 2 filter pack to six inches above the No. 2 filter pack. A bentonite seal, consisting of bentonite pellets and added potable water, was installed in the well annulus from the top of the No. 00 filter pack to two feet above the No. 00 filter pack. The bentonite seal was allowed to hydrate for at least one hour prior to grouting the well annulus with cement/bentonite grout.

 DATE: October 01, 2021

 REPORT NO. 211001

 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-011

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Inouy Lordand	SIGNATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Attachment

DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

Date: 10 - 1 - 2021	
Start Time: 7:00	
ssues Discussed: Regranhe Mot	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ο. Δff	lendees
Print Name and Company	Signature
molre Williams Summit	Anche Lulto
John Macrieusis Summer	allas
FRED KishNER JUMMAT	The second
S	
leeting Conducted by:	1
Name (Site Health and Safety Officer)	Signature University

Synapse Risk Management, LLC



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



NOTES:

- 1. 2021 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH FROM NYSGIS CLEARINGHOUSE WEBSITE.
- 2. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
- RESULTS OF ROCK CORINGS WILL BE USED TO SELECT FINAL INJECTION WELL AND MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS.
- BASED ON THE RESULTS OF THE FIRST 3 ROCK ORINGS, UP TO 2 ADDITIONAL ROCK CORINGS MAY BE COMPLETED AT THE PROPOSED MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS.



Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report October 1, 2021

Fri, 1st of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)			VOC ppm AVG 15m ppm miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)		
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.012	0.0175	0.0352	O	O	0.0017

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

© Netronix 2021

Fri, 1st of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 – 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 _{RS232(C)}			VOC F	pm AVG 15 miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)	<mark>m</mark> ppm
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
0.0019	0.003	0.0055	O	O	O

 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

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РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211001_072511	10-01-2021	The drill rig setup to start drilling at MW-6, facing southeast.
20211001_085243	10-01-2021	Drilling spoils from drilling to install the screen and riser for MW-6.
20211001_144626	10-01-2021	Drilling spoils from drilling to install the screen and riser for MW-9.
20211001_173252	10-01-2021	View of the work area at the end of the workday, facing south.

20211001_072511- The drill rig setup to start drilling at MW-6, facing southeast.



20211001_085243- Drilling spoils from drilling to install the screen and riser for MW-6.



20211001_144626 - Drilling spoils from drilling to install the screen and riser for MW-9.



20211001_173252 – View of the work area at the end of the workday, facing south.





DATE: October 02, 2021

REPORT NO. 211002 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

TAGE NO. 1 OF 5

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	PROJECT <u>Harbor View Square</u>			TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)	
LOCATION	Oswego, New York		Cloudy	7:00	57°F	0.0"	10-15	SE	
ATTACHMENTS Daily Production Health and Safety Briefing Log Site Layout Map Air Monitoring Report Falling Head Test Field		Cloudy	16:00	68°F	0.0"	0-5	SE		
	<u>Data</u> ■ Photo Log								
SITE CONDITIONS:	Dry					•			
WORK GOAL: Insta	ll the screen and riser fo	or IW-1. Install	the surface cas	sing for MW	-8. Perfor	m a falling	head test	from IW-1.	
		PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	TE:					
NAN	ME	А	FFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME	
Tracey Garland			D&B		7	:00	16:30		
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta		-				
Fred Kushner			Summit		7	:00	16:30		
Andre Williams			Summit		7	:00	16:30		
John Macriszewski			Summit			7:00		16:30	
		EQUIDI							
		EQUIPA		<i>E</i> :					
ТҮРЕ		MODEL		ТҮРЕ			MODEL		
CAMP Stations			Skid Stee	Skid Steer			Bobcat T650		
PID	MiniRA	E 3000+	Hot Water Pressure Washer			M1-T-M HSP-300-MGH			
Drill Rig	Diedrich	T-650-W II							
						-			
		HEALT	TH & SAFET	Y:		1			
PPE REQUIRED: Level				E	HASP? YE	S			
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	CR: Tracey Garland								
H & S NOTES: Site work	k performed in Level D PI	PE.							

DATE: October 02, 2021

REPORT NO. 211002

PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee the completion of injection well IW-1 and the installation of the surface casing for monitoring MW-8, perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP), and perform a falling head test from IW-1 to MW-6 and MW-7. Work to install these wells was performed by Summit Drilling (Summit). Approximate locations of the wells are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations. The topic of this day's safety meeting was right to refuse unsafe work. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or dust concentrations exceeding the actions levels specified in the CAMP. D&B did not observe any visible outside of the work area from work activities. Data recorded from the air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report.

Before drilling IW-1 to total depth and drilling to install the surface casing at MW-8, Summit decontaminated all equipment used within the boreholes. Decontamination was performed using a heated pressure washer within the metal tub used to contain drilling spoils and in 55-gallon steel drums. All water used for decontamination, drilling water, overburden soil and rock cuttings were transferred to 55-gallon steel drums between each borehole location and retained on-Site.

The surface casing had previously been installed for IW-1 approximately 10 feet below ground surface elevation (bgs) on September 30, 2021. A six-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill from the bottom of the steel surface casing to approximately 30-feet bgs. Summit informed D&B that the bedrock provided low resistance to penetration by the drill at discrete depths which indicated fractures or softer bedrock at approximately 12, 18, 20, 26 and 28 feet bgs. While drilling, rock cuttings were purged from the borehole using air, and potable water was used in the borehole to mitigate dust.

After the borehole was completed and before the screen and riser was installed for IW-1, D&B performed a falling head test from IW-1. Before starting the falling head test, D&B recorded the initial depths to water from IW-1, MW-6, and MW-7. D&B filled IW-1 with approximately 21.25 gallons of water from a garden hose at a rate of approximately five gallons-per-minute, to bring the water level to ground surface elevation. After IW-1 was filled, D&B measured the depth to water from IW-1, MW-6 and MW-7 for approximately one hour. Field data recorded from the falling head test is attached.

While D&B was performing the falling head test, Summit installed the six-inch diameter steel surface casing for MW-8. A teninch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill through overburden to top-of-bedrock at approximately four feet below ground surface elevation (bgs). Summit then placed a ten-inch diameter steel conductor pipe in the borehole from the top of bedrock elevation to the surface. After the conductor pipe was placed, Summit used a ten-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit to drill from the top of bedrock to approximately ten-feet bgs. Summit informed D&B that the bedrock appeared to be weathered from four to seven feet bgs based on relatively lower resistance to penetration compared to bedrock at greater depths. While drilling, the soil and rock cuttings were purged from the borehole using air, and potable water was used in the borehole to mitigate dust. After drilling the ten-inch diameter hole, Summit placed the six-inch diameter steel casing to the bottom of the borehole at approximately ten feet bgs to surface elevation. Summit removed the 10-inch diameter conductor pipe and used approximately 50 gallons of cement/bentonite grout to fill the annular space outside of the six-inch diameter casing within the ten-inch diameter borehole. The steel surface casing for MW-8 was grouted in-place at 16:00.

Summit installed the well screen and casing for IW-1 after D&B completed the falling head test. The screen was placed from approximately 30 feet bgs to 15 feet bgs, consisting of two-inch diameter slotted PVC with a slot size of 0.030-inches. The screen was threaded to a two-inch diameter PVC riser installed from the top of the screen to the ground surface. Gravel pack consisting of No. 2 well filter pack was placed in the annular space outside of the screen and riser from six inches below the screen to two feet above the screen. No. 00 filter pack was placed from the top of the No. 2 filter pack to six inches above the No. 2 filter pack. A bentonite seal, consisting of bentonite pellets and added potable water, was installed in the well annulus from the top of the No. 00 filter pack. The bentonite seal was allowed to hydrate for at least one hour prior to grouting the well annulus with cement/bentonite grout.

To secure the work area, at the end of the workday Summit and D&B replaced sections of fencing that were removed.

D&B Engineers and Architects	DATE: October 02, 2021 REPORT NO. 211002 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040
DAILY FI	ELD ACTIVITY REPORT
PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Froug Jardand	SIGNATURE:
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Attachment 6

DAILY PRODUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY BRIEFING LOG

tart Time:	7:00			
ssues Discu	Issed:	- an from the Colle		
2,		over unsure	- Marc.	
3.				
1.				
		Atter	dees	
	Print Name and Co	ompany	Si	gnature
John	Meersemin	Shari	Amo	300
Indre	Williams	summit	Andle for	Sty
FLED	Kalver	Sugar	The	
				<u>v</u>
			2	
v				
				a.
			2	
	¥	(e)		
	_			;
Meeting Con	ducted by:			1.1
Trace	1 Garlend		N	- Mattall
Vame (Site H	lealth and Safety (Officer)	Signature / I/A	MY PANA

* Synapse Risk Management, LLC



HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C73B040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report October 2, 2021

Sat, 2nd of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc.	Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)			VOC ppm AVG 15m ppm miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)				
MIN	AVG	MAX		MIN	AVG	MAX		
0.0169	0.023	0.0479		O	0	0.0633		

 Name
 D&B #1

 S/N
 0B425411

 Description
 (FA04681)

 Location
 33 1 st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

© Netronix 2021

Sat, 2nd of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 23:00:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mass Conc. Total mg/m ³ AVG 15m mg/m ³ DustTrak-8530 RS232(C)			VOC ppm AVG 15m ppm miniRAE 3000 RS232(A)				
MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX		
0.008	0.0128	0.0175	O	O	O		

 Name
 D&B #2

 S/N
 0B357616

 Description
 (FA04701)

 Location
 33 1st Ave, Oswego, NY

 13126, USA

© Netronix 2021



Falling Head Test Data Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Falling Head Test Field DataOctober 1, 2021						
Time	Seconds from filling IW-1 to Surface	IW-1 Depth To Water (Feet Below Ground Surface)	MW-6 Depth To Water (Feet Below Ground Surface)	MW-7 Depth To Water (Feet Below Ground Surface)		
13:03:00	-255	11.69 (Before Filling IW-1)	12.19 (Before Filling IW-1)	24.22 (Before Filling IW-1)		
13:07:15	0	0.00				
13:08:15	60	1.40				
13:09:15	120	2.37				
13:10:15	180	3.37				
13:11:15	240	4.05				
13:12:15	300	4.90				
13:14:30	435			24.22		
13:15:40	505		11.55			
13:17:15	600	7.11				
13:19:30	735			24.2		
13:20:40	805		11.08			
13:22:15	900	7.6				
13:25:40	1105		11.25			
13:26:40	1165			24.15		
13:27:15	1200	7.95				
13:30:40	1405		10.9			
13:31:40	1465			24.09		
13:32:15	1500	8.5				
13:35:40	3505			24.1		
13:37:15	1800	8.8				
13:40:40	2005		10.85			
13:41:40	2065			24.1		
13:42:15	2100	8.95				
13:45:40	2305		10.7			
13:55:40	2905		10.6			
13:56:55	2980	9.4				
13:58:10	3055			24.12		
14:02:15	3300	9.55				
14:03:00	3345		10.6			
14:04:00	3405			24.02		

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211002_100812	10-02-2021	Drilling to complete IW-1, facing west.
20211002_101028	10-02-2021	Soil cutting and drilling water from IW-1.

20211002_100812 - Drilling to complete IW-1, facing west.



20211002_101028 - Soil cutting and drilling water from IW-1.





DATE: October 04, 2021

REPORT NO. 211004 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

TAGE NO. 1 OF 5

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT Harbor View Square			WEATHER	TIME	ТЕМР.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	LOCATION Oswego, New York			7:00	64°F	0.0"	0-5	E
ATTACHMENTS	TTACHMENTS Daily Production Health and Safety Briefing Log Site Layout Map Air Monitoring Report Well Development Information		Light Rain	19:00	61°F	0.0"	5-10	E
SITE CONDITIONS:	Start dry. End wet.							
WORK GOAL: Instal	ll the screen and riser for	MW-8. Devel	lop wells. Inst	tall flush mo	unt road b	ox covers	for the we	lls.
		PERSON	NNEL ON SIT	TE:				
NAN	ME	А	FFILIATION		ARRIVA	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland			D&B		7:	:00		19:00
Jon Fitzsimmons			Spoleta		-			
Fred Kushner			Summit		7:	:00	-	19:00
Andre Williams			Summit		7:	00 19:00		19:00
		EQUIPM	IENT ON SIT	TE:				
TYPEMODCAMP StationsPIDMiniRAE 3000+Drill RigDiedrich T-650-V		MODEL 3000+ 7-650-W II	TYPE Skid Steer Hot Water Pressure Washer		MODEL Bobcat T650 Mi-T-M HSP-300-MGH			
				7.				
PPF REGURED. Laval			Ľ	IASP? VE	S			
SITE SAFETY OFFICE H & S NOTES: Site work	SITE SAFETY OFFICER: Tracey Garland H & S NOTES: Site work performed in Level D PPE.							



DATE: October 04, 2021 **REPORT NO.** 211004

PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee the completion of monitoring well MW-8 per the Reagent Injection Work Plan and perform air monitoring in accordance with the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Work to install these wells was performed by Summit Drilling (Summit). Approximate locations of the wells are shown on the Site Layout Map, attached.

Before work commenced for the day, D&B held a safety meeting with Summit and set up air monitoring stations. The topic of this day's safety meeting was overhead hazards. Air monitoring station D&B #1 was placed downwind from the work area and air monitoring station D&B #2 was placed upwind from the work area. Approximate locations where the air monitoring stations were placed is shown on the Site Layout Map, attached. The air monitoring stations did not detect concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or dust concentrations exceeding the actions levels specified in the CAMP. D&B did not observe any visible dust outside of the immediate work area from work activities. Data recorded from the air monitoring stations is provided in the attached Air Monitoring Report.

The surface casing had previously been installed for MW-8 on October 2, 2021. Before drilling MW-8 to total depth, Summit decontaminated all equipment used within the borehole. Decontamination was performed using a heated pressure washer within the metal tub used to contain drilling spoils and in 55-gallon steel drums. All water used for decontamination, drilling water, overburden soil and rock cuttings were transferred to 55-gallon steel drums between each borehole location and retained on-Site.

A six-inch diameter downhole hammer drill bit was used to drill through bedrock from the bottom elevation of the steel surface casing at approximately ten-feet below ground surface elevation (bgs) to approximately 30-feet bgs. Summit informed D&B that the bedrock provided low resistance to penetration by the drill at discrete depths which indicated fractures or softer bedrock at approximately 12, 15, 17, 20 and 25 feet bgs. While drilling, rock cuttings were purged from the borehole using air, and potable water was used in the borehole to mitigate dust.

Summit installed the two-inch diameter PVC well screen and riser for MW-8. The screen was placed from approximately 15 feet bgs to 30 feet bgs, consisting of two-inch diameter slotted PVC with a slot size of 0.020-inches. The screen was threaded to a two-inch diameter PVC riser installed from the top of the screen to the ground surface. Gravel pack consisting of No. 2 well filter pack was placed in the annular space outside of the screen and riser from six inches below the screen to two feet above the screen. No. 00 filter pack was placed from the top of the No. 2 filter pack to six inches above the No. 2 filter pack. A bentonite seal, consisting of bentonite pellets and added potable water, was installed in the well annulus from the top of the No. 00 filter pack. The bentonite seal was allowed to hydrate for at least one hour prior to grouting the well annulus with cement/bentonite grout.

Summit developed wells IW-1, MW-6, MW-7 and MW-9. Monitoring well MW-8 was not developed because there was no water in this well after it was installed on this date. Summit plans to develop MW-8 on October 5, 2021. D&B measured depth to water and total well depths at each of the wells that were developed before Summit began developing the wells. For each of the wells that were developed, Summit used a submersible pump to the bottom of the wells and purged groundwater greater than five well volumes from them. Water from each of the wells appeared to be clear by the time purging was stopped. All purge water from the wells was discharged into 55-gallon steel drums retained on-site. The total well depths, depths to groundwater before purging, and approximate volumes of purged from each well are provided in the Well Development Information, attached.


 DATE: October 04, 2021

 REPORT NO. 211004

 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

Summit installed the flush mount steel road box covers for IW-1, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9. The risers for each of the monitoring wells were cut low enough to easily fit J-plugs with locks on them and close the manhole lids. Summit did not cut the riser for IW-1 on this date, as it was sticking above the ground surface, and will cut it lower on October 5, 2021. PVC J-plugs were installed into each of the two-inch PVC risers and secured with locks keyed to lock # 2010. The steel road boxes were set into concrete screeded level with the surrounding ground surface. The tops of road boxes were embedded slightly lower than the surface to prevent potential damage by snowplows. Summit covered each of the road boxes with plastic sheeting at the end of the day to prevent rain from hitting the wet concrete.

Summit and D&B secured the work area with fencing to protect the wet concrete for the road boxes from being tampered with.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME: Matthew H. Hoskins, P.G.
SIGNATURE: Trong Lordand	SIGNATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	1-0-010
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:



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HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSBCP SITE NO. C738040 68 WEST FIRST STREET OSWEGO, NEW YORK



Harbor View Square NYDEC Site No. C738040

Air Monitoring Report October 4, 2021

Mon, 4th of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 17:53:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)



Mon, 4th of Oct 2021, 6:00:00 - 17:47:00 (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)





Well Developement Information Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Date: 10/4/2021

Drilling Contractor: Summit Drilling

-							, ,
Well ID	Starting Depth to Water (Feet Below Ground Surface)	Total Well Depth (Feet Below Ground Surface)	Purge Start Time	Purge Stop Time	Starting Well Volume (Gallons)	Approximate Volume Purged (Gallons of Groundwater)	Appearance of Purged Water at Purge Stop Time
IW-1	10.00	30.44	14:33	14:38	3.3358	20	Clear
MW-7	17.62	30.32	14:50	14:56	2.0726	10	Clear
MW-6	10.30	30.00	15:05	15:08	3.215	20	Clear
MW-9	12.34	30.05	15:16	15:21	2.8902	15	Clear

* Summit Drilling plans to develop monitoring well MW-8 on October 5, 2021.

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211004_083426	10-04-2021	Summit drilling to the install screen and riser for MW-8, facing northwest.
20211004_085759	10-04-2021	Drilling spoils from MW-8, facing north.
20211004_110428	10-04-2021	Summit decontaminating equipment used in MW-8, facing east.
20211004_150801	10-04-2021	Purging to develop monitoring well MW-6, facing northwest.
20211004_184703	10-04-2021	Well IW-1, MW-6, and MW-7 after flush-mount covers were installed, facing northwest.
20211004_184706	10-04-2021	Wells MW-8 and MW-9 after flush-mount covers were installed, facing northeast.
20211004_184714	10-04-2021	Steel drums retained on-Site, facing north.
20211004_185735	10-04-2021	View of the work area at the end of the workday, facing east.

20211004_083426- Summit drilling to the install screen and riser for MW-8, facing northwest.



20211004_085759- Drilling spoils from MW-8, facing north.



20211004_110428- Summit decontaminating equipment used in MW-8, facing east.



20211004_150801- Purging to develop monitoring well MW-6, facing northwest.



20211004_184703- Well IW-1, MW-6, and MW-7 after flush-mount covers were installed, facing northwest.



20211004_184706- Wells MW-8 and MW-9 after flush-mount covers were installed, facing northeast..



20211004_184714- Steel drums retained on-Site, facing north.



20211004_185735- View of the work area at the end of the workday, facing east.





DATE: October 18, 2021

REPORT NO. 211018 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor	View Square		WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego	o, New York		Cloudy	7:00	52°F	0.0	10-15	N
ATTACHMENTS		Depth to Wa	ater and Total	Rain	18:00	48°F	0.1	10-15	Е
		Well Depth	(Table 1);						
	•	<u>Groundwate</u>	<u>r Sampling</u>		18:00 4 18:00 4 npling. 1 SITE: 1 0N AI 1 1				
	-	<u>Chain of Cu</u>	stody						
SITE CONDITIONS:	Wet, Pav	red.							
WORK GOAL: Perfor	rm pre-inj	ection ground	lwater monitori	ng and sampli	ng.				
			PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	TE:				
NAN	Æ		А	FFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland				D&B		7	:00		18:00
			EOUIPA	MENT ON SIT	TE:				
			MODEL					MODI	
Түре			MODEL		ТҮРЕ			MODE	jL
Multi Parameter Water Qua	lity Meter	Horiba U	J-52						
Water Level Meter		Solinist	102 P4						
Nitrogen Tank									
pdCHS sampling manifold	and regula	tor FLUTe							
			HEALT	TH & SAFET	Y:				
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D]					ŀ	HASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	R: Tracey	Garland							
H & S NOTES: Site worl	k performe	d in Level D Pl	PE.						



 DATE: October 18 2021

 REPORT NO. 211018

 PAGE NO. 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) were at the Harbor View Square site (the Site) to perform pre-injection groundwater monitoring in accordance with the Reagent Injection Work Plan.

D&B measured depth to water and total well depth at injection well IW-1 and monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9 before starting sampling activities. Water levels could not be measured from MW-4 because the water level probe could not fit in tubing of the the FLUte positive displacement case hole sampler (pdCHS). The water level meter was decontaminated between each monitoring well location using an Alconox solution and deionized PFAS free water rinse. The depth to water and total well depth measurements are provided in Table 1, attached.

Before groundwater samples were collected from MW-4 greater than 11.4 liters of water was purged from each pdCHS interval in MW-4 with compressed nitrogen air at a regulated pressure of 30 pounds per square inch. The purged water was retained on-Site in 55-gallon steel drums. Water quality field parameters were not measured from MW-4 during this sampling event because the groundwater quality meter's flow through cell could not be filled with the FLUTe pdCHS. The pdCHS intervals in MW-4 were MW-4_1, MW-4_2, MW-4_3, MW-4_4 and MW-4_5. Groundwater samples were collected from MW-4_1, MW-4_2, and MW-4_3 with compressed nitrogen air at a regulated pressure of 16 pounds per square inch. Groundwater samples will be collected from MW-4_4 and MW-4_5.

Groundwater samples were collected from MW-7 and MW-8 using low flow purging and sampling procedures. These wells were purged and sampled using a peristaltic pump with dedicated silicone and high-density polyethylene (HDPE) tubing and groundwater quality field parameters were measured using a Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter. All water purged from these wells was retained on-Site in a 55-gallon steel drum. Field parameters measured while purging and sampling these wells are provided in the groundwater sampling records, attached. IW-1, MW-6 and MW-9 will be sampled on October 19, 2021.

All of the collected groundwater samples were submitted following standard chain-of-custody protocols to Eurofins/TestAmerica Service Center in Syracuse, New York for the following analysis:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
- Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
- Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
- Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
- Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
- Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
- Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175);
- Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2;
- Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A;
- Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D; and
- PFAS by USEPA Method 537.1.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME:
SIGNATURE: Trong Jordand	SIGNATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

HARBOR VIEW SQUARE NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040 DEPTH TO WATER AND TOTAL WELL DEPTH

Date:	3/4/	2021	10/18	/2021
Well ID	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below ground surface)	Depth of Interval (feet below ground surface)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)
MW-4_1	9.67	15 to 20		
MW-4_2	11.2	25 to 30		
MW-4_3	11.59	35 to 40		
MW-4_4	11.78	42 to 47		
MW-4_5	13.01	50 to 53		
IW-1			9.84	30.3
MW-6			9.22	29.68
MW-7			13.14	29.86
MW-8			16.93	29.32
MW-9			9.98	29.68

	Harbor Vier	~ Squi	are	DATE	10-18	-21	
WELL ID: SAMPLERS	MW-7	ey Gorlar	rd _	Time On-site:			Time Off-site:
Depth o Initial s	of well (feet from top tatic water level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)	29.86		Depth to $\frac{15}{(top)}$	<u>/30</u> of screen / bottom)
Purging M Airlift	ethod	Centrifugal	M 1 2	lell Volume Ca in casing in. casing:	llculation: ft. of wa ft. of wa	ter x 0.04 = ter x 0.16 =	gallons 2.712 gallons
Baller Peri Pu (dedica tubing)	Hore	Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	- 4 5 - 6	in. casing: in. casing: in. casing: in. casing:	ft. of wa ft. of wa ft. of wa ft. of wa	tter x $0.37 =$ tter x $0.65 =$ tter x 1 $02 =$ tter x 1 47 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons
volume of w	vater removed: <u>2 gav1</u> gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	Mno_+	purged	dry? yes	no 🔀
Field Tests	s Pump is	at low	St Setti	ny Tubi	hy discome	cho at 1	1:30
	Rate Water (ft)	[+/-0.1 units]	[3%]	(ms/cm) [3%]	(NTUs) [10% >5 NTU	(mg/l) [10% >0.5m	g/l] [+/- 10]
1100	14,12	11.81	17.48	1131	0.0	6.50	- 25
1/10	15.22	11,74	11,8	1.26	0.0	4,50	-5
1115	15.55	11.60	17,96	1119	918	4,52	5
1125	15.89	11.43	18,02	1.09	21.0	4.60	~1
1130	16.07	11:34	18.13	1,06	21.6	4,47	2
11:40	16.40	10,78	11,68	0974	13.9	4,45	- 16
11:45	10.58	10.50	17.86	0.947	15.1	4,78	35
(1.50) (Durgo Vo	Luma Zear Hent	10.24	17,95	0.963	21.6	4,42	43
Purge Ra	te (gph): 1,50	urging rime:	0.55	12.15		/	
		9					
Sampling Time of	f Sample Collection:	12:15			1		
Method	: =	Analys	es:				1
_	Stainless steel baile Teflon bailer Disp. Bladder Pump Disposable bailer		A Motals A MNA 100 A IFAS	ametrs.			
12:15 Observatio	17,94 9	T.SIPLI	8.05°C (D. 990 ms/cm	23.3 Nin	1 4.01 m/1	8 Gend
Well Ot	oservations:	9000	condition.	Qel			/.
Sample	description:	C4	Lav - Sov F	- ilain	`		
Fre	ee Product? yes		describe				
	Odor? yes		describe				
11:55	16,90	10.00	17.99	0.957	34,3	4.51	SG
17:00	17,19	9,72	18.05	0.961	39.5	4.10	AND
12:05	17.37	9.58	18,00	0.969	34.7	4.50	HITECIS, PC
13:10	17.64	9.56	18.03	0.980.978	26.2	4.45	80'

site <u>Harbor View</u>	Square	DATE	10-18-21	
WELL ID: NW - 8 SAMPLERS: Tracou Con	and	Time On-site:		Time Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from top of c Initial static water level (feet fro	casing/riser) m top of casing/riser)	29.32	Depth to	<u>15/30</u> of screen (top / bottom)
Purging Method Airlift Ce Bailer Po Peri Pump Dis (dedicated Bla	ntrifugal 1 s. Displ 3 sposable 4 udder Pump 5	Vell Volume Calculation in casing in. casing:	tion: ft. of water x 0.04 = ft. of water x 0.16 = ft. of water x 0.37 = ft. of water x 0.65 = ft. of water x 1.02 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons
tubing) X (Lo WPE volume of water removed; 25 gal.	>3 volumes: yes	in. casing:	ft. of water x 1.47 =	gallons
Time Purge Rate (ml/min) Depth to Water (ft) 400 10.0% 405 10.0% 1405 10.0% 1405 10.0% 1405 10.0% 1405 10.0% 14.5 10.0% 14.5 10.0% 14.5 10.0% 14.5 10.0% 14.3% 17.0% 14.3% 11.5%	pH Temp (c°) [+/-0.1 units] [3%] 7, 6 3 16. 3 2 7, 4 8 16. 54 7, 4 5 76. 56 7, 4 5 76. 57 16. 57 16. 57 1.3 9 16. 60 7, 40 16. 58	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] [10 3%] [10 3	Turbidity DC $(NTUs)$ (mg) $0\% > 5 NTUJ$ $[10\% > 0$ $1, G$ G, G S, S $4, 2$ $3, 7$ $3, 7$ $1, G$ $3, 7$ $3, 7$ $3, 7$ $1, G$ $3, 7$ $3, 7$ $3, 7$ $3, 1$ $2, 9$ $3, 1$ $2, 9$ $3, 1$ $2, 9$	$\begin{array}{c c} O & ORP (mv) \\ g/l \\ 9.5mg/l \\ \hline 0 & 171 \\ \hline 4 & 176 \\ \hline 9 & 152 \\ \hline 9 & 152 \\ \hline 0 & 4 & 139 \\ \hline 1 & 136 \\ \hline 2 & 137 \\ \hline 2 & 137 \\ \hline 1 & 136 \\ \hline 2 & 137 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Purge Volume: Purg Purge Rate (gph): Sampling Time of Sample Collection: Method: Stainless steel bailer Teflon bailer Disp. Bladder Pump Disposable bailer Dedicated pump and tub	ing Time: $13:55$ 47:30 Analyses: $VOCs$ 4 NoCs 4 NoCs	- 141:30	*	
Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes	Good Cundit Raih so°F no ↓ describe no ↓ describe no ↓ describe	Non		



10 Hazelwood Drive	Ch	ain of	f Cust	ody R	ecol	ġ			Sy	ğ	cn	00		10	urofins	o tradición de la composition. A composition de la co	turns fosting
Phone: 716-691-2600 Fax: 716-691-7991		•								H C	SC						
Client Information	Sampler.	(-arlen	2	Lab PI Scho	A: ve, Johi	R			area a		e de seu de la r	(s)oN 6		COC N 480-1	lo. 66563-36	495.1	
Client Contact Mr. Tracey Garland	Phone 315 J	413 1	(177	E-Mail John	Schove	@Euro	ofinset o	E		State	of Origin			Page	1 of 2		
Company D&B Engineers and Architects, P C.		Id	VSID.					Analy	sis Re	Setto	ted			# qof			
Address 5979 Fisher Road PO BOX 56	Due Date Requested:				1.1	-								Prese	rvation Co	des:	
City East Syracuse	TAT Requested (days):	0 100	11		-44									A HO	л. ОН	M - Hexan	e
State, Zip NY, 13057	Compliance Project:	V Ves V V	2 9			Alene			(000	······			(s	D - Na L - Na	Acctate the Acid HISO4	P - Na204 D - Na204 D - Na2S(45 03
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Project Name Harborview Square (D&B#5277-1)	Project # 48023439				e (Xes	3,9ned Jellu2	etite	T ,nod	nodraC	letoT ,	alc)_FE_C	ard Lis	nenisi Ti X Ti X Ti X Ti X Ti X Ti X Ti X Ti	A A	W - pH 4-	5 specify)
Site *	SSOW#				Sample	ane, Et	tiN-ster	nic Car	D pinsp	abillus	C_9te1	al, 3500	bnat2 ,	of cont			
			Sample Type	Matrix (^{Wewater} ,	MSM m	419 - Chid	itiN - 291	80141	10 - eeid	- 3-75-	litrite, Nit Alkalinity	-+3_D_C+	2439.A	nuper o			
Sample Identification	Sample Date	ample ((Time 0	C=comp, S=grab) er	S*solid. 0=waste/oll, *Tissue, A=Air)	Field F	300.0_2 70.002	363.2_P	0105WS	- 20808	0057WS	353.2_N 353.2_N	3600_Fe	PFC_ID/	N ISJOT	Special I	nstruction	s/Note.
		X	Preservatio	in Code:	Ŕ	Z	z	A	AA	CB	z	z		X			
L-MN	12-12-01	512	ى	Water	NX	メ	X	XX	×	X	×	×	×	4			
A-MW	11 12-81-01	04:1	9	Water	2	X	XX	XX	×	X	X	X	X	14			
MW-4-1- (15-20)	10-18-21 12	1:03	0	Water	2	イメ	ス	5	X	X	X	大	8	6			
MW-4-2- (25-30)	112-21-01	5:40	9	Water	2	XX	+	メ	よ	X	×	X	1	4			
MU-4-3-(35-40)	10-18-21 10	07:0	9	Water	Z,	XX	メ	X	1	X	Ì	X	X	Æ			
				Water									6				
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Possible Hazard Identification	son B Unknow	, [] Ra	diological		San	Dele Dis Return	sposal (A fee	may be	Dispo	sed if s	ample.	arerel	ained lor Archive Fo	iger than	1 month)	34
Deliverable Requested: 1, II, III, IV. Other (specify) A S	В				Spe	cial Inst	tructions	/QC Re	auirem	ents:							2
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A Yes A No												2	-17	Ā	H	Y	
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DATE: October 19, 2021

REPORT NO. 211019 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View	v Square	WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego, Ne	w York	Overcast	5:00	46°F	0.0	10-15	W
ATTACHMENTS	• Gro	oundwater Sampling	Light Rain	17:00	40°F	0.0	15-20	W
	Red Ch	<u>cords</u> ain of Custody	_					
	- <u>Cli</u>	ani of Custody						
SITE CONDITIONS	: Wet, Paved.							
WORK GOAL: Com	plete pre-inject	ion groundwater mo	nitoring and samp	ling.				
		PER	SONNEL ON SI	TE:				
NA	ME		AFFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland			D&B		5	:00		17:00
		EOU	IPMENT ON SI	TE:				
							MODI	
		MODEL		IYPE			MODE	JL
Multi Parameter Water Qu	ality Meter	Horiba U-52						
Water Level Meter		Solinist 102 P4						
Nitrogen Tank								
pdCHS sampling manifold	l and regulator	FLUTe						
		HE	ALTH & SAFET	<i>Y</i> :				
PPE REQUIRED: Level	ID 🛛					ŀ	HASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICI	E R: Tracey Garl	and						
H & S NOTES: Site wor	rk performed in l	Level D PPE.						



 DATE: October 19 2021

 REPORT NO. 211019

 PAGE NO. 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) were at the Harbor View Square site (the Site) to continue pre-injection groundwater monitoring in accordance with the Reagent Injection Work Plan. Groundwater samples from MW-4_1, MW-4_2, MW-4_3, MW-7, and MW-8 were previously collected on October 18, 2021.

Groundwater samples were collected from MW-4_4 and MW-4_5 with compressed nitrogen air at a regulated pressure of 16 pounds per square inch. On October 18, 2021, more than 11.4 liters of water was purged from each pdCHS interval. Water quality field parameters were not measured from MW-4 during this sampling event because the groundwater quality meter's flow through cell could not be filled with the FLUTe pdCHS.

Groundwater samples were collected from IW-1, MW-6 and MW-9 using low flow purging and sampling procedures. These wells were purged and sampled using a peristaltic pump with dedicated silicone and high-density polyethylene (HDPE) tubing, and groundwater quality field parameters were measured using a Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter. All water purged from these wells was retained on-Site in a 55-gallon steel drum. Field parameters measured while purging and sampling these wells are provided in the groundwater sampling records, attached.

The groundwater samples were submitted following standard chain-of-custody protocols to Eurofins/TestAmerica Service Center in Syracuse, New York for the following analysis:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
- Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
- Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
- Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
- Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
- Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
- Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175);
- Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2;
- Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A;
- Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D; and
- PFAS by USEPA Method 537.1.

A field duplicate sample was collected from IW-1 for all the analysis listed above. Matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate samples were collected for all the analysis listed above from MW-9. An equipment blank was collected for PFAS by USEPA Method 537.1 by running PFAS free water through unused HDPE and silicone tubing into the sample container.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME:
SIGNATURE: Trong Jardand	SIGNATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to client – date:

SITE	Harbor Vda	w Sque		DATE	10-19-21			
WELL ID: SAMPLERS:	TW-	Leg Gorling	(Time On-site:		T	Time Off-site:	
Depth of Initial sta	f well (feet from top c atic water level (feet	J of casing/riser) from top of casing	g/riser)	20.20	Dep	both to $\frac{15}{(top)}$	/ 30 / bottom)	
Purging Met Airlift Bailer Peri Pun (dedicate tubing)	np ed X	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	We 1 ir 2 ir 3 ir 4 ir 5 ir 6 ir	ell Volume Calc n casing n. casing: n. casing: n. casing: n. casing: n. casing:	t, of water ft, of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	$\begin{array}{c} x \ 0.04 = \\ x \ 0.16 = \\ x \ 0.37 = \\ x \ 0.65 = \\ x \ 1.02 = \\ x \ 1.47 = \end{array}$	gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons	
volume of wa	ter removed ∖_7∫ gal.	>3 volumes;	yes	no 🖌	purged dry	? yes	no X	
Time P f (m [3:50 [3:55 [4]00 [4]050 [4]000[4]000[4]000[4]000[4]000[4]000[4]000[4]000[4]00	Purge Rate N/min) Depth to Water (ft) Depth to Water (ft) Depth to Water (ft) Depth to User Could Coul	pH [+/-0.1 units] 7.85 7.75 7.69 7.69 7.69 7.69 7.69 7.69 7.69 7.69	Temp (c°) [3%] [9,94 [9,74 [9,74 [9,74 [9,52 [9,52 [9,48	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] [,07 [,07 [,07 [,07 [,07 [,07 [,07 [,07	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Turbidity} \\ (\text{NTUs}) \\ [10\% > 5 \text{ NTU}] \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc & \bigcirc \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc \\ & \bigcirc & \bigcirc$	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg, 2.02 0.6 0.59 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.52	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] [40 [136 [33 [32] 32] 32] 32] 32	1
Purge Volu Purge Rate Sampling Time of S	ime: 175 GulPi e (gph): 2.1 Sample Collection:	urging Time: 4'-3_5 4720	13:45 ⁻ 	- 14:39 DUP-1	5		Z	1
Method:	Stainless steel bailer Teflon bailer Disp. Bladder Pump Disposable bailer Dedicated pump and	Analyse:	s: VOCS Motals Z MNA Qui E PAFAS	IW nameters				L
Well Obs Weather/ Sample c	ervations: Temperature: description: Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes	 	describe describe describe	hòh ar 10	-15 Wesd	ł		10 10 10 10 10



SITE Sweden 2 Observe	on the back is		· <u></u>	10-19-	21	\sim
SITE Swellen & Chapm	an Harnor VW	en Jane DATE	9 - 2			
WELL ID: MW- (SAMPLERS: Trace	3 Contind	Time	On-site:		Time	e Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from t Initial static water level (f	op of casing/riser) eet from top of casing/ris		(68 54	Depi	th to <u> 5 / 3</u> (top / k	<u>50</u> of screen pottom)
Purging Method Airlift Bailer Peri Pump (dedicated tubing) HDPE volume of water removed:	Centrifugal Pos. Displ Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	Well Vol 1 in casir 2 in. casi 3 in. casi 4 in. casir 5 in. casir 6 in, casir	ume Calcula ig ng: <u>2014</u> ng: ng: ng:	tion: ft. of water s ft. of water s	x 0.04 = x 0.16 = 3.7 x 0.37 = x 0.65 = x 1.02 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons
gal. Field Tests fum Time Purge Depth Rate (ml/min) Water 8:20 /0.1 8:20 /0.1 8:25 /1.3 8:35 /1.8 6:35 /1.8	37 Volumes: yes to pH (ft) [+/-0.1 units] 37 9.7 8 144 10.02 $1.010.1410.263$ 10.35	$ \begin{array}{c} $	$ \frac{1}{2} $ ec. Cond. ns/cm) [3%] [1 $ \frac{9}{2} \frac{6}{6} $ $ \frac{9}{2} \frac{6}{6} $ $ \frac{9}{2} \frac{6}{6} $ $ \frac{884}{6} $	Turbidity (NTUs) 0% >5 NTU] 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 3.48 2.58 2.60 2.53 2.55	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] 137 118 101 88 75
8:45 12.8 8:50 13.32 3:55 13.9	4 10.41 10.48 1 4 10.47 1	17,13 C 7,39 O 7,71 C	.844 .846 .855	0,0 0,0 0,0	2.49 2.44 2.40	68 61 54
Purge Volume: 9~/ Purge Rate (gph): Sampling Time of Sample Collectio	Purging Time: 8	::15 - 8:	55			
Method: Stainless steel ba Teflon bailer Disp. Bladder Pu Disposable bailer Jedicated pump	Analyses: iller Y mp F and tubing	HOC LIST #1 VOC S HOC LIST #2 Meto HAS MN	ls A Parameters	<	\sum	
Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes	no de no de no de no de	escribe	10-15	N		



SITE Harbor Vier	w Squar	DATE	10-19-	-2/
WELL ID: SAMPLERS:	T. Gorlend	Time On-site:		Time Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from top of Initial static water level (feet fr	casing/riser) om top of casing/riser)	29.68	Depth to	<u>15 / 30</u> of screen (top / bottom)
Purging Method Airlift Cr Bailer Peri Peri Pump Di (dedicated Bl tubing) ✓ (L	entrifugal os. Displ isposable ladder Pump .ow Flow)	Well Volume Calcu 1 in casing 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 4 in. casing: 5 in. casing: 6 in. casing:	lation: ft. of water x 0.04 3ft. of water x 0.16 ft. of water x 0.37 ft. of water x 0.65 ft. of water x 1.02 ft. of water x 1.47	gallons gallons
volume of water removed:	>3 volumes: yes	no 🛨	purged dry? yes	no X
Time Purge Rate (ml/min) Depth to Water (ft) $10:35$ 10.7 ($_{0}$ $10:45$ 10.7 ($_{0}$ $10:45$ 12.64 $10:55$ 12.64 $10:55$ 13.11 10.55 13.51 10.65 13.87 11.05 13.87 11.05 13.87	$\begin{array}{c c} pH & Temp (c^{\circ} \\ \hline [+/-0.1 units] & [3\%] \\ \hline \hline 7,41 & 19,82 \\ \hline 7,33 & 19,18 \\ \hline 7,29 & 18,98 \\ \hline 7,29 & 19,09 \\ \hline 7,29 & 19,07 \\ \hline 7,29 & 19,10 \\ \hline 7,29 & 19,07 \\ \hline 7,29 & 19,15 \\ \hline \end{array}$) Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]], / 9], 2-0], 19], 19]	$\begin{array}{c c} \text{Turbidity} & (nTUs) & (r\\ (NTUs) & [10\% > 5 NTU] & [10\%] \\ \hline $\mathcal{O}_{-} O & \mathcal{O}_{-} \\ \hline $\mathcal{O}_{-} O & \mathcal{O}_{+} \\ \hline $\mathcal{O}_{+} O & $\mathcal{O}_{+} O & \mathcal{O}_{+} \\ \hline $\mathcal{O}_{+} O & \mathcal{O}_{+} \\ \hline $\mathcal{O}_{+} O & \mathcal	DO ORP (mv) ng/l) >0.5mg/l] [+/- 10] O / 179 22 176 ·31 175 89 172 32 168 33 158 27 115 20 110
Purge Volume: LogM Pur Purge Rate (gph): Sampling Time of Sample Collection: Method: Stainless steel bailer Teflon bailer Disp. Bladder Pump Disposable bailer Dedicated pump and to HDMZ Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes	analyses: <u>Analyses:</u> <u>X</u> NOCS <u>X</u> NoCS <u>X</u> Malal <u>X</u> Mulal <u>X</u> Mulal	- 11:10 MW-9 MW-9- MW-9_ MW-9_	-MS _MSD	
Odor? yes	no <u>X</u> describe			



Eurofins TestAmerica, Buffalo														1			
10 Hazelwood Drive Amherst. NY 14228-2298 Phone 716-691-2600 Fax 716-691-7991 PFA { →	BVTERO	Chain c	of Custo	ody Re	core	σ								euronn	1S En	rinomient Testin erica	10
Client Information	Sampler	PLO FOR	1 and	Lab PM Schov	e, John	<u>م</u>			A	ğ	見て	Q		OC No. 80-166563-	36495 2		
Client Contact Mr. Tracey Garland	Phone ZIS	412	1677	E-Mail: John.	schove(DEurofi	1set.cor		T	S.	5		LL LL	age.	0	01 (2)	
Company D&B Engineers and Architects, P.C.		>	OISMo					nalvs	is Rec	ueste				ob #:	2		T
Address 5879 Fisher Road PO BOX 56	Due Date Requeste	:pa			1.83								-	reservation (Codes:		T
City. SHORT East Syracuse	TAT Requested (da	ays): Cla	Luch											A - HCL 3 - NaOH	NZ (Hexane Jone	
State, Zip: NY, 13057 HOLD	Compliance Projec		S S ON	Τ	ouoliv	auauk			(200					0 - Lindele D - Nitric Acid E - NaHSO4		la204S Va2S03	
Phone. 315-413-1677(Tel)	PO# Purchase Order	r not required			1074.8	1224 10		(00)							2-2	1a2S203	
Email: Igariand@db-eng.com RCreghNon (2,54,104,2) C.C.	-# OM				(ON	9		T) Isto	, Disso								-
Project Name Harborview Square (D&B#5277-1)	Project # 48023439				110 28	tetlu2	trite	T ,nodi	ecific l	, Total		480-					
Site.	SSOW#:				SD (X	oride &	tiM-9161	isO oin) cinsp q2 stic	abiîlu2 D ater		/ ; : 	98010	Chain of Cu	Istody		
			Sample Type	Matrix (W=water, S=solid.	W/SW UL	28D - CHI	Pres - Niti A0747 ;	egiO - Orga	- soca - or	00_52_F - 1	- Alkalinity	DA - PFAS	Number	I			
Sample Identification	Sample Date	Sample Time	(C=comp, G=grab) BT	Oewaste/oli. Tissue, A=Air)	Perio	300.0	60100 363.2	ESWS	8260C	323°5	310.2	6FC_1	IstoT	Specia	al Instruc	ctions/Note:	
	X	X	Preservatio	n Code:	V	z	0 N	A	A	CB N	N	z	X			V	
1-4n/1	12-61-01	00:00	C	Water	2		\times		\times			X	9				
(2H-2H) - H- H-MM	12-12-01	5:48	Q	Water	2	X	X	X	X	F	Ŷ	XX	0				
MU-425 - (50-53)	12-19-01	6:28	C	Water	NO	X	X	X	XX	X	X	XX	6				
MW-6	12-12-01	8:55	O	Water	N Y	X	イ	メ	メイ	X	X	XX	2				
b-mW	12-6-01	01:11	9	Water	>	X	XX	×	X	X	X	XV	5	SW	+	Q SW	Τ
I-MC	10-19-21	[4:35	O	NOR	Z	X	XX	X	X	X	X	XX	6				
Equipment Blank	12-61-01	15:31	C C	viter	2							×	2				1
inip Blank	12-11-01		2	when	2				X				2				
A Ward																	
Pr	- Andrew Marting and Carlow Constraints of the Andrew Marting and												-				
Possible Hazard Identification					Samp	le Disp	osal (/	fee m	ay be a	ssesse	d if san	ples are	retaine	longer tha	in 1 mon	th)	
Deliverable Requested: 1, 11, 11, Other (specify)	OISON B UNKIN	nown h	adiological		Speci	Return al Instru	To Clie. Ictions/C	nt DC Req		lisposal its:	By Lab		Archiv	e For	4	lonths	
Empty Kit Relinquished by		Date:		E	ime:					Me	thod of SI	ipment:					T
Relinquished by:	Date/Time: 10-10	12-1	8:00	HOrner	Re	Sceives	5-24	13	2	-		ate/Time	17.	1800	Com	und in the second secon	T
Reinquished by RETYALI A	Date/Time 10.19.	21, 19	0 00.2	Mp And	Re	sceived by	Jal	lele				ate/Tang	20/	2.0		SALT	
Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.:				•	2	- Tam	- Josef Barrow	1000	0			dier me			Com	pany	
A Yes A No					3	JOIEL LEM	perature(s		en re	narks	ž	4	228				
											-				Ver	: 06/08/2021	1



DATE: October 27, 2021

REPORT NO. 211027 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-01K

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor V	View Square		WEATHE	R TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego	, New York		Clear	7:30	45°F	0.0"	5-10	NW
ATTACHMENTS	•	HASP Ackn	owledgement	Clear	18:00	53°F	0.0"	5-10	W
	_	and Agreem	ent Form						
	•	Depth to Gro	oundwater and						
		Parameters (Table 1)						
	•	Injection Lo	<u>g (Table 2)</u>						
	•	Photo Log							
SITE CONDITIONS:	: Dry.								
WORK GOAL: Over	rsee reagen	t injections a	nd monitor grou	undwater fie	ld parameter	5.			
			PERSO	NNEL ON S	ITE:				
NAN	ME		А	FFILIATIO	N	ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland				D&B		7	2:30		18:30
Ken Dannelkus				AWT		7	2:30		18:00
Aaron Owens				AWT		7	2:30		18:00
Matt Crans				Parsons		7	2:00		18:15
Shamus				Parsons		7	2:00		18:15
Jim				Parsons		7	2:00		18:15
Jeff Holt	Н	lolt Consultin	g	10	0:30		15:00		
			EQUIPN	IENT ON S	ITE:				
ТҮРЕ			MODEL		ТҮРЕ			MODE	EL
Multi-Parameter Water Qu	ality Meter	Horiba I	U-52	49 HF	Air Compres	sor	Atlas Co	pco XAS 1	85 KD7
Water Level Meter		Heron							
Peristaltic Pump		PINE							
			HEALT	TH & SAFE	TY:				
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D						I	HASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	ER: Tracey	Garland					•		
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed	l in Level D PI	PE.						

	D&B Engineers and Architects
--	---------------------------------

DATE: October 27, 2021

REPORT NO. 211027 **PAGE NO.** 2 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee reagent injections and monitor groundwater for field parameters during the reagent injections per the Reagent Injection Work Plan. The reagent injections were performed by AWT Environmental Services, Inc. (AWT). Parsons Corporation was on-Site to observe the reagent injections.

Before the starting work on 10/27/2021 D&B reviewed the Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) with AWT. After reviewing the HASP, AWT signed the HASP Acknowledgement and Agreement Form, attached.

Before starting the regent injections AWT set in place a containment liner consisting of black polyethylene sheeting with a perimeter berm below and around an enclosed trailer that contained all stored liquids, tanks, and dilution equipment. Drip pans were placed below the connections of all lines outside of the enclosed trailer.

Before AWT started the injections, D&B measured pre-injection depth to groundwater levels and pre-injection water quality parameters from the injection well IW-1 and the monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9. D&B also measured depth to groundwater and groundwater field parameters from these wells throughout the day while the injections were performed. The groundwater field parameters included temperature, pH, oxidation-reduction potential, specific conductivity, turbidity, and dissolved oxygen. These measurements were not performed from MW-4. D&B measured depth to water at each of the wells before measuring the groundwater field parameters. D&B measured groundwater field parameters by purging the groundwater through a flow through cell attached to a Horiba U-52 multi-parameter meter. Groundwater was purged using a peristaltic pump and tubing dedicated to each well. The purged water was retained on-Site in a 55-gallon steel drum. Depths to groundwater and groundwater field parameters recorded by D&B throughout the day are shown on Table 1, attached.

Before injecting reagents, AWT tested the injection system for leaks by running potable water that was supplied on-Site through the system at a pressure of 12 pound per square inch (psi) and no leaks were detected.

AWT began the reagent injections by injecting 3-D Microemulsion (3DMe) and S-MicroZVI (SMZVI) supplied by Regenesis to IW-1. The 3DMe and SMZVI were mixed to a mix design of four gallons of 3DMe, 2.4 gallons of SMZVI and 150 gallons of potable water. The potable water was municipal water supplied from an on-Site source. The 3DMe, SMZVI, and water were mixed inside the enclosed trailer, emulsified using a recirculation line to the mix tank, and pumped to IW-1 using a diaphragm pump. A flow meter and pressure gauge were attached on the line to IW-1 and monitored. AWT reported to D&B the times and volume that the 3DMe and SMZVI mix was injected, as well as the pressures at IW-1 and flow rates to IW-1. The reported injection times, volumes, pressures, and flow rates are provided in Table 2, attached.

At 13:35 D&B observed that the water level in monitoring well MW-9 was less than 1.5 feet below the ground surface and rising, then AWT plugged MW-9 with a packer to prevent water from overflowing to the surface. At 15:28 D&B observed that the water level in monitoring well MW-6 was less than one below the surface and AWT plugged MW-6 with a packer to prevent water from overflowing to the surface.

Parsons was on-Site to observe the injections. Parsons also measured depth to water and groundwater field parameters at monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9. Parsons measured groundwater field parameters by lowering a YSI ProDSS meter into the wells.

D&B Engineers and Architects	DATE: October 27, 2021 REPORT NO. 211027 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040				
PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY				
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME:				
SIGNATURE: Trowy Jordand	SIGNATURE:				
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED					
emailed draft / final to client- date:	hardcopy to client – date:				

Operations and Emergency Res All parties conducting site activi confirms that you have read an Health and Safety Plan for their working on this project for not co	eived training and medical surveill sponse (29 CFR 1910.120): rities are required to coordinate the nd understand the hazards discus r employees. You also understand complying with any aspect of this H	and to which a contractor s employed and according to the Health and eit activities and practices with the sed in this Plan, and understand you could be prohibited by the Sit ealth and Safety Plan.	Safety Plan and the OSHA Stand project Site Health and Safety Offic that sub-contractors and contractor e Health and Safety Officer or othe	ard on Hazardous Waste er. Your signature below s must develop their own Synapse personnel from
Name	litte	Signature	Company	Date
Acron Owers	Latury Develop		Awr	12/27/21 [2/27/01

Synapse Risk Management, LLC

40

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT FORM (All Synapse and subcontractor personnel must sign.)

"Zero Tolerance for Incident of ANY Kind. Work Together to Ensure A SAFE and High Quality Project

This Health and Safety Plan has been developed for the purpose of informing Synapse employees of the hazards they are likely to encounter on the project site, and the precautions they should take to avoid those hazards. Sub-contractors and other contractors at the site must develop their own Health and Safety Plan to address the bazards faced by their own employees. Suppose has provided a convolt this Dan to contractors in the interest of full disclosure of hazards of which

Depth to Groundwater and Water Quality Parameters Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Well ID	Date	Time	Depth to Water (feet below top of riser)	Temperature (°C)	рН	Oxidation Reduction Potential (millivolts)	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens per centimeter)	Turibidity (nephelometric turbidity units)	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per liter)	Appearance
IW-1	10/27/2021	8:00	8.61	13.85	9	136	0.895	6.8	3.36	Clear
MW-6	10/27/2021	8:30	9.38	15.58	9.96	14	1.08	2.2	1.93	Clear
MW-6	10/27/2021	10:45	8.88	17.84	10.15	69	0.9	80.7	3.11	
MW-6	10/27/2021	11:49	11.54	17.26	9.89	38	0.998	35.3	2.96	
MW-6	10/27/2021	12:50	10.97	19.34	8.71	86	1.04	2	2.03	
MW-6	10/27/2021	13:08	10.73							
MW-6	10/27/2021	14:05	10.5							
MW-6	10/27/2021	14:11	10.22							
MW-6	10/27/2021	14:33	9.81							
MW-6	10/27/2021	15:02	5.18	19.64	8.62	-157	1.1	1000	0.58	
MW-6	10/27/2021	17:38	0	17.15	8.96	-224	1.79	1000	1.05	Very Dark Turbidity
			1	1	r	T			1	1
MW-7	10/27/2021	8:20	9.61	14.78	11.76	-24	1.29	0	5.82	Clear
MW-7	10/27/2021	11:05	11.26							
MW-7	10/27/2021	11:45	11.1	16.92	10.88	36	1.05	61.6	6.32	
MW-7	10/27/2021	12:50	11.38			-				
MW-7	10/27/2021	13:35	11.23	18.88	11.14	9	1.05	108	5.56	
MW-7	10/27/2021	14:10	11.99	19.46	11.24	-17	1.01	106	4.6	
MW-7	10/27/2021	15:16	12.11	19.64	11.26	-19	0.962	91.1	4	
MW-7	10/27/2021	15:27	13.26							
MW-7	10/27/2021	15:40	12.81							
MW-7	10/27/2021	16:11	12.33							
MW-7	10/27/2021	16:27	11.76							
MW-7	10/27/2021	16:56	11.29	17.57	11.73	-38	1.28	39	4.15	Clear
			1	1						
MW-8	10/27/2021	8:50	11.98	16.08	7.82	142	1.24	283	4.81	Light Colored Turbidity
MW-8	10/27/2021	11:10	11.84							
MW-8	10/27/2021	11:36	10.98	17.26	7.63	115	1.22	143	3.07	
MW-8	10/27/2021	12:50	10.41							
MW-8	10/27/2021	13:25	10.04	19.21	7.72	106	1.18	210	4.03	
MW-8	10/27/2021	14:19	10.3	19.64	8.63	115	1.17	145	3.35	
MW-8	10/27/2021	14:27	9.23							
MW-8	10/27/2021	15:40	9.49							
MW-8	10/27/2021	16:13	8.44							
MW-8	10/27/2021	16:27	7.96							
MW-8	10/27/2021	17:03	6.78	17.59	8.88	79	1.24	136	3.04	White Cloudy
								-		
MW-9	10/27/2021	9:15	8.99	15.77	7.85	150	1.2	0	3.03	Clear
MW-9	10/27/2021	11:12	4.89	46.50	0.52		4.15	242	-	
IVIW-9	10/2//2021	11:28	3.38	16.49	8.53	54	1.15	318	2	
MW-9	10/27/2021	12:50	1.49	10				0.07		
MW-9	10/27/2021	13:15	2.23	19.52	8.11	107	1.13	995	2.81	
MW-9	10/27/2021	17:28	0	17.13	7.94	-37	1.34	1000	1.21	Dark Turbidity

Injection Log Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Well ID	Date	Time		Volume of 3DME and S-MZVI Mix Design ¹ Injected (Gallons)	Flow Rate (Gallons per Minute)	Injection Pressure (pounds per square inch)	Comments
IW-1	10/27/2021	10:38 to 1	1:20	161	5	12	Pressure increased to 5.2 psi at 11:04
IW-1	10/27/2021	11:56 to 1	2:51	170	6.4	20	
IW-1	10/27/2021	13:39 to 1	4:08	154	3.6	18	Flow Rate increased to 8.4 gpm at 13:45
IW-1	10/27/2021	14:31 to 1	4:58	162	8.16	21	
IW-1	10/27/2021	15:20 to 1	5:40	150	7.2	25	Flow Rate increased to 8.4 gpm at 15:34
IW-1	10/27/2021	16:02 to 1	6:25	149	7.36	22	
IW-1	10/27/2021	16:49 to 1	7:04	153	10.56	28	

¹**3DME and S-MZVI Mix Design**: 4 gallons of 3DME + 2 gallons of S-MZVI + 150 gallons of potable water.

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211027_100103	10-27-2021	AWT's mixing trailer, secondary containment, and connection to IW-1, facing northwest.
20211027_102605	10-27-2021	Buckets of SMZVI.
20211027_102625	10-27-2021	Barrel of 3DMe.
20211027_102630	10-27-2021	Inside the barrel of 3DMe.
20211027_103231	10-27-2021	Mixing tanks and lines inside AWT's trailer.
20211027_123922	10-27-2021	Inside the mixing tank for 3DMe and SMZVI.
20211027_155025	10-27-2021	View of MW-8 and MW-9 with a packer placed to plug MW-9, facing southeast.
20211027_155050	10-27-2021	View of the monitoring wells and injection well during the injection, facing west.
20211027_174318	10-27-2021	Dark turbid water purged from MW-6.
20211027_181836	10-27-2021	View of the work area at the end of the day.

20211027_100103 - AWT's mixing trailer, secondary containment, and connection to IW-1, facing northwest.



20211027_102605- Buckets of SMZVI.



20211027_102625 - Barrel of 3DMe..



20211027_102630 - Inside the barrel of 3DMe.



20211027_103231 - Mixing tanks and lines inside AWT's trailer.



20211027_123922 - Inside the mixing tank for 3DMe and SMZVI.



20211027_155025 - View of MW-8 and MW-9 with a packer placed to plug MW-9, facing southeast..



20211027_155050 - View of the monitoring wells and injection well during the injection, facing west.



20211027_174318 – Dark turbid water purged from MW-6.



20211027_181836 – View of the work area at the end of the day.





DATE: October 28, 2021

REPORT NO. 211028 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor V	iew Square		WEATHE	R TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)	
LOCATION	Oswego, I	New York		Clear	7:30	38°F	0.0"	0-5	Е	
ATTACHMENTS	• <u>I</u> <u>•</u> <u>I</u> • <u>I</u>	Depth to Gro Ground Wate Parameters (Injection Log Photo Log	oundwater and er Field Table 1) g (Table 2)	Clear	15:30	59°F	0.0"	5-10	E	
SITE CONDITIONS:	: Drv.							<u> </u>		
WORK GOAL: Over	rsee reagent	injections ar	nd monitor grou	undwater fie	ld parameter	·s.				
			PERSON	NNEL ON S	ITE:					
NA	ME		А	FFILIATIO	N	ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME	
Tracey Garland				D&B		7	:30		15:30	
Ken Dannelkus				AWT		7	:30		14:30	
Aaron Owens				AWT		7	2:30		14:30	
Matt Crans				Parsons		7	:30		14:15	
Shamus				Parsons 7:30 14				14:15		
			EQUIPM	IENT ON S	ITE:					
TYPE Multi-Parameter Water Qu Water Level Meter Peristaltic Pump	ality Meter	Horiba U Heron PINE	MODEL J-52	49 HF	TYPI Air Compres	sor	Atlas Co	MODEL Atlas Copco XAS 185 KD7		
			HEALT	TH & SAFE	TY:					
PPE REQUIRED: Level SITE SAFETY OFFICH H & S NOTES: Site wor	D ER: Tracey G	arland in Level D PP	PE.				H	IASP? YE	S	
	periorineu i									
DATE: October 28, 2021

REPORT NO. 211028 **PAGE NO.** 2 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) to oversee reagent injections and monitor groundwater for field parameters during the reagent injections per the Reagent Injection Work Plan. The reagent injections were performed by AWT Environmental Services, Inc. (AWT). Parson Corporation was on-Site to observe the reagent injections.

Before AWT started the injections, D&B measured pre-injection depth to groundwater levels and water quality parameters from the injection well IW-1 and the monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9. D&B also measured depth to groundwater and groundwater field parameters from these wells throughout the day while the injections were performed. The groundwater field parameters included temperature, pH, oxidation-reduction potential, specific conductivity, turbidity, and dissolved oxygen. These measurements were not performed from MW-4. D&B measured depth to water at each of the wells before measuring the groundwater field parameters. D&B measured groundwater field parameters by purging the groundwater through a flow through cell attached to a Horiba U-52 multi-parameter meter. Groundwater was purged using a peristaltic pump and tubing dedicated to each well. The purged water was retained on-Site in a 55-gallon steel drum. Depths to groundwater and groundwater field parameters recorded by D&B throughout the day are shown on Table 1, attached.

AWT completed injecting 3-D Microemulsion (3DMe) and S-MicroZVI (SMZVI) supplied by Regenesis to the injection well IW-1. The 3DMe and SMZVI were mixed to a mix design of four gallons of 3DMe, 2.4 gallons of SMZVI and 150 gallons of potable water. The potable water was municipal water supplied from an on-Site source. The 3DMe, SMZVI, and water were mixed inside the enclosed trailer, emulsified using a recirculation line to the mix tank, and pumped to IW-1 using a diaphragm pump. A flow meter and pressure gauge were attached on the line to IW-1 and monitored. AWT reported to D&B the times and volume that the 3DMe and SMZVI mix was injected as well as the pressures at IW-1 and flow rates to IW-1. The reported injection times, volumes, pressures, and flow rates are provided in Table 2, attached.

After completing the injections of 3DMe and SMZVI, AWT rinsed their lines and mix tank with 31 gallons of deoxygenated water and injected it into IW-1.

After the lines were rinsed, AWT injected Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM PLUS (BDI) supplied by Regenesis and deoxygenated water into IW-1. This was performed by simultaneously injecting 3 liters of BDI and 10 gallons of deoxygenated water at a time until a total of 18 liters of BDI was used. The BDI was injected at a pressure of 20 pounds per square inch from a temperature-maintained culture keg with nitrogen gas, and the deoxygenated water was injected at a pressure of 18 pounds per square inch from a separate tank. After using all 18 liters of the BDI, AWT injected 99 gallons of deoxygenated water to IW-1.

At 8:49 D&B observed that the water level in monitoring well MW-6 was less than one foot below the ground surface, and AWT plugged MW-6 with a packer to prevent water from overflowing to the ground surface. At 8:53 AWT plugged MW-9 with a packer after D&B observed that the water level in MW-9 was less than five feet below the ground surface and rising. At 12:50 D&B observed that the water level in MW-8 was less than one foot below the ground surface and AWT plugged MW-8 with a packer to prevent water from overflowing to the ground surface.

Parsons was on-Site to observe the injections. Parsons also measured depth to water and groundwater field parameters at monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9. Parsons measured groundwater field parameters by lowering a YSI ProDSS meter into the wells.

D&B Engineers and Architects	DATE: October 28, 2021 REPORT NO. 211028 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040				
PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY				
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME:				
SIGNATURE: Trowy Jardand	SIGNATURE:				
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED					
emailed draft / final to client- date:	hardcopy to client – date:				

Depth to Groundwater and Water Quality Parameters Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Well ID	Date	Time	Depth to Water (feet below top of riser)	Temperature (°C)	рН	Oxidation Reduction Potential (millivolts)	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens per centimeter)	Turibidity (nephelometric turbidity units)	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per liter)	Appearance
IW-1	10/28/2021	8:00	8.68							
IW-1	10/28/2021	15:07	5	17.06	7.94	-206	0.989	146	0.99	Clear
MW-6	10/28/2021	8:00	8.38	18.09	8.44	-319	1.53	1000	2.53	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-6	10/28/2021	14:53	3.16	18.59	8.34	-322	2.23	1000	0.75	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-7	10/28/2021	8:14	9.48	17.42	11.89	-63	1.39	56.3	5.05	Clear
MW-7	10/28/2021	8:30	10.47							
MW-7	10/28/2021	9:58	9.89							
MW-7	10/28/2021	10:50	9.13							
MW-7	10/28/2021	12:12	7.92							
MW-7	10/28/2021	12:48	7.28	18.51	12.01	-71	1.51	1	3.75	
MW-7	10/28/2021	14:10	5.71	18.22	11.85	-164	1.44	194	5.65	White Haze
MW-8	10/28/2021	8:21	7.43	18.2	8.77	92	1.22	57.2	2.18	Tan Cloudy
MW-8	10/28/2021	9:03	7.58							
MW-8	10/28/2021	9:58	5.54	18.58	7.59	120	1.23	59.4	1.8	
MW-8	10/28/2021	10:50	4.4	19.35	7.46	49	1.26	44.9	2.44	
MW-8	10/28/2021	12:40	1.17	19.15	7.35	-3	1.26	145	1.27	
MW-8	10/28/2021	14:36	1	18.03	7.75	-81	1.41	701	0.65	Dark Turbidity
MW-9	10/28/2021	8:21	8.35	17.18	7.9	66	1.17	180	2.63	Clear
MW-9	10/28/2021	14:25	0	18.69	8.54	-100	1.23	1000	0.26	Dark Tubidity and White Haze

Well I	D Date	Time	Volume of 3DME and S-MZVI Mix Design ¹ Injected (Gallons)	Volume of BDI and Deoxygenated Water Mix Design ² Injected (Gallons)	Volume of Deoxygenated Water Injected (Gallons)	Flow Rate (Gallons per Minute)	Injection Pressure (pounds per square inch)	Comments
IW-1	10/28/2021	8:39 to 8:56	150			10	28	
IW-1	10/28/2021	9:19 to 9:56	194			7	16	Flow rate fell to 2.5 gpm and increased pressure to 25 psi to increase flow rate to 7 gpm at 9:50
IW-1	10/28/2021	10:20 to 10:45	156			8.2	24	
IW-1	10/28/2021	11:07 to 11:37	156			6.4	21	
IW-1	10/28/2021	12:01 to 12:30	150			8.8	25	
IW-1	10/28/2021	12:31 to 12:34			31	8.8	25	
IW-1	10/28/2021	13:05 to 13:20		65			20	
IW-1	10/28/2021	13:20 to 14:03			99		18	

¹3DME and S-MZVI Mix Design: 4 gallons of 3DME + 2 gallons of S-MZVI + 150 gallons of potable water. ²BDI Plus and Deoxygenated Water Mix Design: 3 liters of BDI Plus + 10 gallons of deoxygenated water.

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211028_125302	10-28-2021	Setup for injecting BDI, facing south.

20211028_125302 - Setup for injecting BDI, facing south





DATE: November 12-13, 2021

REPORT NO. 211112 PAGE NO. 1 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

HASP? YES

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View Square	WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego, New York	Rain	8:30, 11/12	51°F	0.2"	5-10	W
ATTACHMENTS	 <u>Table 1 – Post Injection</u> 	Cloudy	19:30, 11/12	48°F	0.0"	0-5	Е
	Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters	Rain	13:00, 11/13	41°F	0.1"	15-20	Ν
	 Table 2 – Depths to Water 	Cloudy	20:00, 11/13	34°F	0.0"	5-10	W
	and Total Well Depths						
	 <u>Table 3 – Water Discharge</u> to Sanitary Sewer 	d					
	<u>Chain of Custody Record</u>						
	 <u>Field Observation Logs</u> <u>Photo Log</u> 						
SITE CONDITIONS:	Wet. The Site is paved						
WORK GOAL: Meas characterization sample	sure post-injection groundwater quality to from drums.	field paramet	ers, discharge	water fro	om drums,	collected	a soil waste

	PERSONNEI	L ON SITE:			
NAME	AFFIL	JATION	ARRIVAL TIME	DEPARTURE TIME	
Tracey Garland	D	&B	8:30 (11/12)	19:30 (11/12)	
Joshua Cook	NYS	SDEC	8:45 (11/12)	11:00 (11/12)	
Tracey Garland	D	&B	13:00 (11/13)	20:00 (11/13)	
	EQUIPMENT	T ON SITE:			
ТҮРЕ	MODEL	ТҮРЕ		MODEL	
Multi-Parameter Water Quality Meter	Horiba U-52				
Water Level Meter	Heron				
Peristaltic Pump	Geopump				
2" Submersible Pump					
100 micron filter bags	Pentair Industrial				

HEALTH & SAFETY:

PPE REQUIRED: Level D \boxtimes

SITE SAFETY OFFICER: Tracey Garland

H & S NOTES: Site work performed in Level D PPE.

D&B Engineers and Architects	DATE: November 12-13, 2021 REPORT NO. 211112 PAGE NO. 2 OF 3 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040				
DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT					

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at Harbor View Square (the Site) on November 12, 2021 and November 13, 2021 to discharge water from on-Site drums to the City of Oswego's sanitary sewer, collect one composite soil sample from the drums for waste characterization, and measure post-injection groundwater quality field parameters from injection well IW-1 and monitoring wells MW-4, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9.

D&B measured groundwater quality field parameters from each of the five intervals in MW-4 on November 12, 2021. D&B purged water from each interval in MW-4 and measured groundwater quality field parameters from the intervals until appeared that groundwater quality field parameters had stabilized. The groundwater quality field parameters were measured using a Horiba U-52 water quality meter by discharging groundwater water to a calibration cup and inserting the meters' sensors into the calibration cup. Visible turbidity of groundwater purged from MW-4 increased progressively with depth, such that groundwater purged from interval MW-4-_1, 15 to 20 feet below the ground surface (bgs), displayed hazy light brown and turbidity and groundwater purged from MW-4_5, 50 to 53 feet bgs, displayed very dark turbidity, while intervals between MW-4_1 and MW-4_5 displayed intermediate levels of turbidity. The groundwater quality parameters measured while purging and other observations are provided in the Field Observation Logs, attached. The final groundwater quality field parameter measurements and visible appearance of the groundwater are provided in Table 1, attached.

D&B measured groundwater quality field parameters from the injection well IW-1 and monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-9 on November 13, 2021. D&B measured depth to water and total well depth from these wells before purging from any of these wells. The measured depths to water and total well depth measurements are provided in Table 2, attached. D&B purged water from each of the wells using a peristaltic pump until it appeared that groundwater quality parameters had stabilized. The groundwater quality field parameters were measured from a flow cell using a Horiba U-52 multi parameter water quality meter. The groundwater quality parameters measured while purging and other observations are provided in the Field Observation Logs, attached. The final groundwater quality field parameter measurements and visible appearance of the groundwater are provided in Table 1, attached.

D&B discharged approximately 412 gallons of water from on-Site drums to the City of Oswego's sanitary sewer in accordance with the City of Oswego Wastewater Discharge Permit for Temporary Discharge issued to Harbor View Square, LLC. from November 10-15, 2021. There were thirty-two 55-gallon open top steel drums on-Site that had lids secured by bolted rings, five of the drums contained groundwater that was purged from on-Site wells during previous sampling events and twenty-seven of the drums contained soil, rock cuttings and water generated during on-Site drilling activities performed from September 20, 2021, to October 4, 2021. Before discharging, D&B removed the lids and measured depth of water above solid materials in the drums to calculate the volume water to be discharged, these calculations are shown on Table 3, attached. D&B was not permitted to discharge to the sanitary sewer system until after 14:00 on November 12, 2021, because rain caused stormwater overflow to the City's Excess Flow Management Facility. D&B used a two-inch submersible pump provided by Spoleta Construction to transfer water from the drums to a sanitary sewer manhole located within the Site, as directed by John McGrath, Chief Operator of the City of Oswego West Side Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP). D&B used 100-micron filter bags to filter the water discharged to the sanitary sewer manhole. After the water was removed from the drums D&B decontaminated the submersible pump and two-inch hose by running approximately 25 gallons of potable water with Alconox solution and then 30 gallons of potable water without Alconox solution through the pump and hose, this water was discharged to the sanitary sewer manhole. All contents were removed from six of the drums. Twenty-six remaining drums contained rock cuttings, soil, and polyethylene sheeting after water was removed.

After removing water from the 55-gallon drums, D&B collected one composite soil sample from the drums for waste characterization. A stainless-steel trowel was used to transfer equal amounts soil and rock cuttings from each of the twenty-six drums to a stainless-steel bowel. The contents were then mixed in the stainless-steel bowel until the sample was homogenous. The waste characterization sample, labeled SWC_2112_1, was collected on November 12, 2021, to be analyzed by USEPA Methods 9095B for Paint Filter, 6010C and 7470A for TCLP Metals and Mercury, 8260C for TCLP Volatiles, 1010A and 9045D for Flashpoint and pH, and 8082A for TCL PCBs by Eurofins TestAmerica of Buffalo, New York. D&B will relinquish the waste characterization sample following standard chain of custody procedures to the Eurofins TestAmerica Service Center in Syracuse, New York on November 15, 2021. The Chain of Custody Record for this sample is attached. D&B covered the drums with lids at the end of the day on November 12, 2021, and returned to the Site on November 13, 2021, to secure the lids with bolted rings.

D&B Engineers and Architects	DATE: November 12-13, 2021 REPORT NO. 211112 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01K NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040
PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME:
SIGNATURE: Thory Jarland	SIGNATURE:
□ ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client-date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Table 1Harbor View SquarePost-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

Well ID	Date	Depth to Static Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Temperature (°C)	рН	Oxidation Reduction Potential (millivolts)	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens per centimeter)	Turbidity (NTUs)	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per liter)	Appearance
MW-4_1	11/12/2021		14.28	6.75	-97	0.341	22.9	9.47	Hazy Light Brown Turbidity
MW-4_2	11/12/2021		14.24	6.74	-92	0.300	28.8	1.26	Hazy Light to Medium Brown Turbidty
MW-4_3	11/12/2021		14.51	6.79	-104	0.364	78.5	9.84	Greyish Brown Tubidity with Bacterial Sheen
MW-4_4	11/12/2021		14.34	6.02	-104	2.170	428.0	0.00	Dark Grey Turbidty
MW-4_5	11/12/2021		14.22	5.93	-78	2.780	884.0	0.10	Very Dark Turbidity
IW-1	11/13/2021	9.40	15.29	7.94	-513	1.580	62.0	0.00	Hazy Green
MW-6	11/13/2021	9.69	14.92	6.39	-459	2.540	523.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-7	11/13/2021	9.42	14.39	9.00	-287	0.936	0.0	0.00	Clear
MW-8	11/13/2021	5.50	14.40	6.78	-137	1.370	23.1	0.00	Clear
MW-9	11/13/2021	5.23	15.29	6.73	-72	1.230	196.0	0.00	White Haze w/ Some Turbidity

`

Table 2Harbor View SquareDepths to Water and Total Well Depths

Date:	3/4/2	2021	10/18,	/2021	10/27/2021	11/13/2021	
Well ID	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below ground surface)	Depth of Interval (feet below ground surface)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)
MW-4_1	9.67	15 to 20					
MW-4_2	11.2	25 to 30					
MW-4_3	11.59	35 to 40					
MW-4_4	11.78	42 to 47					
MW-4_5	13.01	50 to 53					
IW-1			9.84	30.3	8.61	9.40	29.22
MW-6			9.22	29.68	9.38	9.69	29.72
MW-7			13.14	29.86	9.61	9.42	29.90
MW-8			16.93	29.32	11.98	5.50	29.65
MW-9			9.98	29.68	8.99	5.23	29.74

Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040 Water Discharged To The Sanitary Sewer on 11/12/2021 and 11/13/2021

Depth of Water in Each Drum (ft)
2.5
2.2
2.2
2.1
2.0
1.9
1.3
1.3
1.0
0.7
0.7
0.6
0.6
0.3
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0

The Sanitary Sewer on 11/12/2021 and 11/13/2021	
Total of Depth of Water in Each Drum (<i>h</i>) (ft):	19.4
Radius of the Drums (r) (ft)	0.95
Total Volume Discharged from All Drums (ft ³) = $\pi r^2 h$:	55.1
Total Volume Discharged from All Drums (gal):	412
Gallons of water used for Decontamniation	55
Gallons of Water Purged to Measure Groundwater Quality	З
Field Paramters on 11/13/2021	5
Total Gallons of Water Discharged to the Sanitary Sewer	470

Field Observation Log

SITE	Harbo	ir View	Square	C		1-12-21			
WELL IE Sample	D:	W-4_ Tracey	Gorland		Time On-site:		Time	e Off-site:	
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	et from top o r level (feet f	f casing/riser) rom top of casin	ng/riser)	•	Dep	th to $\frac{15}{10}$	LD of screen	
Purging Method Centrifugal Well Volume Calculation: Airlift Centrifugal 2 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.16 = gallons Bailer Pos. Displ. 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons Peristaltic Disposable 6 in. casing: ft. of water x 1.47 = gallons Pump Bladder Pump (Low Flow) ft. of water x 1.47 = gallons Flute fight Fight F ft. of water x 1.47 = gallons									
volume o	of water remo	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no	19 19
103 103 103 10411 1103	Sts Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] 5_49 (0-(0-3) (0-(0-3) (0-(0-1) (0-7-5)	Temp (c°) [3%] 13.87 14.30 14.30 14.28	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 0297 0.306 0.306	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 3/, 4/ 27.6 [9, 6] 22, 9	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 2 - / 3 - 1,	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] 	-4-2
Purge Volume: $\lambda 3 = 1$ Purging Time: $10^{\circ}, \gamma_{0} - 11^{\circ}, 03^{\circ}$ Purge Rate (gph): Sampling Time of Sample Collection:									
Observa Well Wea Sam	ations Observatior ther/Temper ple descripti Free Produc Shee Odo	ns: rature: on: ct? yes n? yes or? yes		describe	- how n	turbilit	7		



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SITE		Harb	or View ?	Squar	DATE		11-21-2-1	- 11-	12-21
WELL II SAMPLE	D:	1W-4-2	2		Time O	n-site:	X	Tim	e Off-site:
् Dep	oth of well (fe	et from top o	of casing/riser)		4		De	oth to 25/3	30of screen
Initia	al static wate	er level (feet	from top of casir	ng/riser)				top / b	ottom
Purging Airli Bail Peri Pun (dec tubin	Method ft er staltic np dicated ng) f water rem	P	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow) LUte. pd.CHS	 	Well Volun 2 in. casing 3 in. casing 6 in. casing:	ne Calc : :	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
-		gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no		purged dry	? yes	no
Field Te Time 10 20 103 7 103 1	ests Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	рН [+/-0.1 units] Ц.Х() Ср.С.З Ц.ТЦ	Temp (c [°] [3%] 13. 97 14.3(14.7-4	Spec. (ms. [3] 2 () 0 () 0 ()	Cond. /cm) %] {11 337 300	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% > 5 NTU] 74.0 27.60 28.8	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 9.74 1.37 1.26	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] 100 92
Purge	Volume:	l gal D		10%20	- 10:50	1			
Purge I	Rate (gph):	" J _ FL	inging rime.	(• •					
Sampling Time Meth	g e of Sample (lod:	Collection:	Analyse						
	Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposat Dedicate	steel bailer ailer 5. Pump ble bailer d pump and	tubing	USEPA Me	thod 8260C T	el-vocs		J.	
Observa Well Weat Samj	tions Observation ther/Temper ole descriptio Free Produc Shee Odo	s: ature: on: t? yes r? yes r? yes	no no no	describe describe describe	win turk	velty	to ly h/f		



		Hashy					1	
SILE		Harnor	Vicu Ji	quare	DATE	11-12-2		
WELL IE SAMPLE		1-4-3 Tracas	Gordand		Time On-site:		Time	e Off-site:
55		1. uue	Jonard		2		35.1	40
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	et from top o r level (feet t	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)	<u>د.</u>	De	pth to 3472 top / b	of screen
Purging Airlit Baild Peri Pum (dec	Method ft er staltic np licated	() [E	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)		Well Volume Calc 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 6 in. casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons
tubir	ng)	- P	Lute packs	×				
volume c	of water remo	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	voj purged dry	? yes	no
Field Te	sts	D		T				
lime	Rate	Water (ft)	pH	lemp (c	(ms/cm)	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO (mg/l)	ORP (mv)
1033	(mi/min)		[+/-0.1 units]		[3%]	[10% >5 NTU]	[10% >0.5mg/l]	[+/- 10]
10.54			10.01	14.16	0470	- Pilio	5.67	-100
1/25			6.79	14/51	0.364	78.0	9,84	-164
							1.0 1	
Purge ' Purge l Samplin	Volume: Rate (gph): a	Pu	urging Time:	10;30-	11:25			
Time	e of Sample (Collection:	Non	l				
Meth	nod: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposab Dedicate	steel bailer liler 5. Pump ble bailer d pump and	Analyse	es: USEPAM 	ethod 8260C TCL VOGe			
Observa Well	tions Observation	s:			d.			
Weat	ther/Temper	ature:	.00	1110	Trate A A			
Sam	Free Produc	t? ves	no	describe	Immorin			
	Shee	n? yes	_ no	describe	Organ	r. 1b	locky	
	Odo	r? yes	no	describe	0		5	
				x.		1	B FNGINEEDS	
				1		6 AN	D	

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SITE		Har	bor Vileus	Stann _	DATE		2-2	
WELL II		J-4_L	Conclust		Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
3 3		puneg	Give		Q.		42	47
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir			De	pth to 401	b of screen
Purging	Method	·		• <u> </u>	ell Volume Calc	ulation:	·	
Airli	ft –	(Centrifugal	2	in. casing:	ft. of water	x 0.16 =	gallon
Peri	er	[20s. Displ. Disposable	3	in. casing:	tt. of water ft. of water	x 0.36 =	gallon
Pun	np	E	Bladder Pump	0.		III OF Water		gallol
(dec tubii	dicated na)	(Low Flow)	X				
			Flutener					
volume c	of water, rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
Field Te	ests	1						
Time	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH	Temp (c°)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm)	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO (mg/l)	ORP (mv)
1020			5.77	13.90	286	[10% >5 NTO]		-10a
10 48			5.97	11.19	2.83	431	0.75	- 97
11-16			402	14.34	2.17	428	0.00	-104
Purge V Purge I Sampline Time	Volume: 1 Rate (gph): g e of Sample	2 gal Pu		10:20 -	11:16			
Meth	nod: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Dis Disposal Dedicate	s steel bailer ailer p. Pump ole bailer od pump and	Analyse	 USEPA Methor 	H8260C TCL VOC	* ~		
Dbserva Well Weat	itions Observatior ther/Temper	ns: rature:						
Sam	ple descripti	on:	Dan	turbidity				
	Shee	n? yes	no	describe				
	Odd	or? yes	no	describe				
						1	X.	
						A	B ENGINEERS	
						AN	D	
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FIELD OBSERVATION LOG GROUNDWATER SAMPLING RECORD								
SITE		Harbor	View S	quere	DATE	11-12-21		
WELL ID: <u>MW-4-5</u> SAMPLERS: <u>Tracey Garlund</u> Time On-site: <u>Time Off-site</u> : Depth of well (feet from top of casing/riser). Initial static water level (feet from top of casing/riser).								
Purging Airlii Baile Peri Pur (deo tubir	Method ft er staltic np licated ng)	(Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump Low Flow) PULLE ALCE		Well Volume Ca 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 6 in. casing:	alculation: ft. of wate ft. of wate ft. of wate	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
	of water remo	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dr	/? yes	no
10,26 10,26 10,26 10,26 10,26	Sts Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] S.S.9 S.85 S.85 S.9 S.9 S.9 S.9 S.9 S.9 S.9 S.9 S.9 S.9	Temp (c° [3%] [3, 7 [4, 2] [4, 2] [4, 2]) Spec. Conc (ms/cm) [3%] 9 Z 8 8 2 2 8 2 2 7 8	$\begin{array}{c c} & \text{Turbidity} \\ & (\text{NTUs}) \\ & [10\% > 5 \text{ NTU}] \\ \hline & 931 \\ & 9110 \\ \hline & 884 \\ \hline \\ & & \\ \end{array}$	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 4.3/ 0.26 0.1()	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -/05 -77 -78
Purge Purge Samplin	Volume: Rate (gph): g	Ρι	urging Time:	10:20	0-11:11			
Time of Sample Collection:								
Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes no describe Sheen? yes no describe Odor? yes no describe								
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SITE	Ha	nher	View 5	gume_		11-13-2	27	
WELL II SAMPLI	D: ERS:	TW-	-1 Calus		Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Der Initi	oth of well (fe al static wate	eet from top er level (feet	✓ of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)	0 29.2	. <u>2,</u> De	pth to $\frac{15}{10}$	$\frac{50}{50}$ of screen
Purging Airli Bail Per Pun (deo tubi	y Method fft ler istaltic np dicated ng)	 	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	2 3 6	/ell Volume Calc in. casing: in. casing: in. casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume (of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft) 9.74	pH [+/-0.1 units] 8-01 794	Temp (c°) [3%] 15-44 15-29	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] ////////////////////////////////////	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 20-3	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] QQO O-O-O	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] 389 873
Purge Volume: 0.5g4/ Purging Time: 17:00 - 17:10 Purge Rate (gph): Sampling Sampling Now Method: Analyses: Stainless steel bailer USEPA Method 8260C TCL VOCs Pos. Disp. Pump Disposable bailer Dedicated pump and tubing Dedicated pump and tubing								
Well Wea Sam	Observatior ther/Temper ple descripti Free Produc Shee Odo	ns: ature: on: ct? yes n? yes pr? yes	no no no no	describe describe describe				



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	GR		RVATION LOC	CORD	_	
SITE Horber VI	ew Squar	ع [DATE	11-13-	21	
WELL ID: SAMPLERS:	(a Ly Garlus		Time On-site:	or 17	Tim	e Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from Initial static water level	top of casing/riser) feet from top of casir	ng/riser)	29,72	Dej	pth to $\frac{157}{top / b}$	30 of screen
Purging Method Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing)	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	We 2 ir 3 ir 6 in	II Volume Calc n. casing: n. casing: . casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume of water removed:	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
Field Tests Time Purge Deptil Rate (ml/min) Water	n to pH (ft) [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
18:00 100 10.0 18:00 100 10.0 18:10 100 11.1 18:10 100 11.1	9 6.45 6 6.45 2 6.59	10-9 12-472 14,67 14,97	2.81 2.67 2.54	10007 740 523	0.00	-38() -442 -4,9
Purge Volume: 0,759	/ Purging Time:	17:45	- /7	>57-	18:18	>
Sampling Time of Sample Collection	on:					
Method: Stainless steel b Teflon bailer Pos. Disp. Pump Disposable baile Dedicated pump	Analyse ailer , r and tubing	es: U SEPA Method 	82606 TCL V QC:	5		
Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes		describe describe describe				



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SITE		Harber	- News S	gane_	DATE	11-13-2	2/	
WELL IC SAMPLE): ERS:	lw - 7			Time On-site:		, Tim	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	et from top o er level (feet f	f casing/riser) from top of casin	g/riser)	29,90	Der	both to $\frac{15}{100}$ / b	30 of screen
Purging Airlit Baile Peri Pum (dec tubir	Method ft er staltic np dicated ng)		Centrifugal ^P os. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump Low Flow)	We 2 ir 3 ir 6 in	Il Volume Calci n. casing: n. casing: . casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume o	of water remo	gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
Time [(6:25 16:30 16:30	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] 8.75 C.98 G. 00	Temp (c°) [3%] [4. 30 [4. 30 [4. 39	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 0.962 0.950 0.936	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]][, 2, 2, [2, 0, 0	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] [12.5 [2.7] [2.6]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -/72 -//3 -287
Purge Purge Samplin Time	Volume: Rate (gph): g e of Sample	Collection:	irging Time:	16:20 - N	165 40			
Meth	nod: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposat Dedicate	s steel bailer ailer p. Pump ble bailer d pump and	Analyse	s: USEPA_Method 	8260C TCL-VOC:	7	A	
Observa Well Wea Sam	tions Observation ther/Temper ple description Free Product Shee Odo	IS:		describe describe describe				
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SITE	Ha	rbor Vi	ew Sque	ure	DATE	-13-21		
WELL II SAMPL	D:	NW-8 Traces	Garlante	<u> </u>	Time On-site:		Tim.	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	et from top o er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)	29,65	De	pth to //// top / b	<u>30</u> of screen ottom
Purging Method Centrifugal Well Volume Calculation: Airlift Centrifugal 2 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.16 = gallons Bailer Pos. Displ. 3 in. casing: ft. of water x 0.36 = gallons Peristaltic Disposable 6 in. casing: ft. of water x 1.47 = gallons Pump Bladder Pump (Low Flow) ft. of water x 1.47 = gallons								
volume o	of water remo	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
	Purge Rate (ml/min) 200 100	Depth to Water (ft) 8.0.5 4.00 9.97	pH [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%] Ц, (р. () Ц, <i>С. (</i>) Ц, <i>С. (</i>)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1.40 1.39 1.39	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 47, 1 29, 6 23, 1	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 0.00 0.00	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
		1 A						
Purge Purge Samplin Time Meth	Volume: \hat{D} Rate (gph): g of Sample (nod: Stainless Teflon ba	Collection:	urging Time:	ISTISTO	-/6:/0) <u>s</u>		
	Pos. Disposat	p. Pump ble bailef [*] d pump and	tubing		Voni			
Observa Well Wea Sam	ations Observation ther/Temper ple description Free Product Shee Odo	ature: on: ct? yes n? yes r? yes	no no no	describe describe describe	cr			



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AMPLERS:	MW- Tracey	Garlance	<u>}</u>	Fime On-site:		Tim-	e Off-site:
Depth of well (f Initial static wat	Seet from top of the set from top of top o	f casing/riser) from top of casin	g/riser)	29.74	De	pth to 15/	Cof screen
urging Method Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing)		Centrifugal ^P os. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump Low Flow)	We 3 ii 6 ir	ell Volume Calc n. casing: n. casing: n. casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
blume of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
eld Tests Time Purge Rate (ml/min) POT VO-25 TO 350	Depth to Water (ft) 7. (0 (8.50 01.42	pH [+/-0.1 units] (0 - 9 7 (0 - 7 8 (0 - 7 8 (0 - 7 8	Temp (c°) [3%]	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] [, 2] [, 2] [, 2] [, 2] [, 2] [, 2] [, 2]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 392 2090 1960	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 0.22 0.00 0.00	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] - 72 - 6 8 - 72
Purge Volume: (Purge Rate (gph) ampling Time of Sample Method: Stainles Teflon b	Collection:	irging Time: <u>NON</u> Analyse	14155. s: USEPA-Method		s	e and	
Disposa	ble bailer ed pump and	tubing		-			
servations	ns:	42 of	- clan	by dork tw	mety		

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a, Buffalo:		
TestAmeric	d Drive	14228-2298
Eurofins	10 Hazelwoo	Amherst, N

Chain of Custody Record

Contropins Environment Testing

Phone: 716-691-2600 Fax: 716-691-7991												America	0
Client Information	Sampler.	N Gur	and	Lab Pi Scho	A: ve, John F	~		-	Carley Vycking	JSI IN	COC No:	00744 4	
Client Contact. Mr. Tracey Garland	Phone: 315	413 10	110	E-Mail John	Schove@	Furnfinse	t com		State of Origin:		Page:	30/41.1	
Company: D&B Engineers and Architects P C	i.		-MSID:				1001		a lake	C.	Vage 1 of 1 Job #:		
Address: F870 Eicher Doord DO DOV Ec	Due Date Requested	ŧ				f	Ana	lysis Re	quested		Dreepristion	Codoo.	
event initial invalue no book bo City East Svraduse	TAT Requested (da)	1.0:(8/	-			mm					A - HCL	M - Hexane	
State, Zp. NY, 13057	Compliance Project	UTQ.	NOUNC	2)	No.	W1	HJ				D - NaUn C - Zn Acetate D - Nitric Acid	N - None O - AsNaO2 P - Na2O4S	
Phone: 315-413-1677(Tel) R Creighton O Synause/IC. Wh	P0#: 5277-1				<u></u> (spara	717				E - NaHSO4 F - MeOH G - Amchlor	Q - Na2SO3 R - Na2S2O3 S - H2SO4	e
Email: tgartand@db-eng.com, lobdota @db-wwg.com	:# OM				io) ot No	W	non				H - Ascorbic Aci I - Ice	 d T - TSP Dod U - Acetone V - MCAA 	ecahydrate
Project Name: Harbonview Square (D&B#5277-1)	Project #: 48023439				(40 58 597) 9	91.	150]				K - EDTA L - EDA	W - pH 4-5 Z - other (sp	ecify)
Ú.E.G.	SSOW#:				Sampl Source		1				officer:		
Sample Identification	Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type (C=comp, G=grab)	Matrix (w=water, g=solid, 0=waste/oll, 3T=TIssue, A=AIr)	S benefitered S M\Solution Baint File	8260C - TCLP Vo	10104, 9046D	10 1 701 - 1700			o tedmul listo		
	X	X	Preservat	tion Code:	ZXX	z z	Z				specia	I Insuructions/	Note:
SWL_21112-1	12-21-11	15:50	J	Solid	722	7	7				50		
											1		
R													
IN IT												I	
2									480-1	92422 Chain (f Custody	·	
									_ _	-			
								-					
Possible Hazard Identification					Sampl	e Dispos	al (A fe	e may be	assessed if s	amples are rei	ained longer tha	n 1 month)	
Deliverable Requested: I, II, II, IV, Other (specify)		11000	kauloiogical		Specia	Heturn 10	ons/QC	Requireme	Disposal By L nts:] 98	Archive For	Months	
Empty Kit Relinguished by:	-	Date:		ſ		<			Mathod o	Chinmont.			
Relinquished by Anon Live and al	Date/Time:	110.	2	Company C	Rec Rec	eived by:	K			Date/Time:	1 1 1	Company	
Relinquished by Relinquished by Relinquished by	Date/Time:	51 12		Company	C Rec	aived by:	K	1		Date/Time:	5	Company	7
Relinquished by:	Date/Time:		2	Company	Rec	eived by:	A	A	5	Date/Time	no alla	Company	16
Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.: A Yes A No					Coo	der Temper	alternet 6	and Other R	amarks:	キ い い	12		
												Ver: 06/08	/2021

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211112_095607	11-12-2021	View of MW-4 with FLUte system connected.
20211112_095620	11-12-2021	Flute system set up for MW-4, facing west.
20211112_114613	11-12-2021	View of MW-4 with FLUte system disconnected.
20211112_114837	11-12-2021	Water purged from MW-4 with intervals increasing in depth from left to right.
20211113_143231	11-13-2021	Drum of drilling cuttings before water was discharged.
20211113_195136	11-13-2021	Drums on-Site with empty drums at front center, facing east.
20211113_195737	11-13-2021	View of the Site, facing north.

20211112_095607- View of MW-4 with FLUte system connected.



20211112_095620 - Flute system set up for MW-4, facing west.



20211112_114613 - View of MW-4 with FLUte system disconnected.



20211112_114837 - Water purged from MW-4 with intervals increasing in depth from left to right.



20211113_143231 - Drum of drilling cuttings before water was discharged.



20211113_195136 - Drums on-Site with empty drums at front center, facing east.



20211113_195737 – View of the Site, facing north.





DATE: November 30, 2021

REPORT NO. 211130 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View	w Square		WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	Oswego, Ne	ew York		Light Snow	8:30	34°F	0.0	0-5	S
ATTACHMENTS		ble 1 - Den	oths to Water	Light Snow	17:00	34°F	0.0	0-5	S
	and	d Total We	ell Depths;						
	■ Ta	ble 2 – Pos	st Injection						
	<u>Fie</u>	eld Water C	<u>Quality</u>						
	■ Gr	<u>incator Para</u> oundwater	ameters: Sampling						
	Re	cords;	sumpting						
	■ <u>Ch</u>	ain of Cust	<u>tody</u>						
	• <u>Fig</u>	gure 1- Rad	lon Test Kit						
	■ <u>Ph</u>	oto Log							
SITE CONDITIONS: V	Wet, Paved.								
WORK GOAL: Perform	n 30-day pos	st-injection	groundwater 1	monitoring and	deploy rade	on test kit	s in Buildir	ng 1.	
			PERSON	NNEL ON SIT	<i>TE:</i>				
NAM	E		Α	FFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland				D&B		8	:20		17:00
Gunther Schnorr				D&B		8	:20		17:00
			FOUIPN	IFNT ON SIT	F ·				
		1	Lgenm		<i>L</i> .		1		
ТҮРЕ			MODEL		ТҮРЕ			MODE	ĽL
Multi Parameter Water Quali	ity Meter	Horiba U-	-52						
Water Level Meter	,	Solinist 10	02 P4						
Nitrogen Tank									
pdCHS sampling manifold a	nd regulator	FLUTe							
PID		MiniRae	3000						
			HEALT	TH & SAFET	Y:				
PPE REQUIRED: Level D							E	IASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICER	R: Tracey Gar	land							
H & S NOTES: Site work	performed in	Level D PPI	Е.						



 DATE: November 30, 2021

 REPORT NO. 211130

 PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at the Harbor View Square site (the Site) to perform 30-day post-injection groundwater monitoring in accordance with the Reagent Injection Work Plan and deploy radon test kits in Building 1.

After removing the J-plugs from IW-1, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9, D&B measured headspace volatile organic compound (VOC) concentrations in the wells using a Mini Rae 3000 photoionization detector (PID). PID VOC measurements were 32.6 parts per million (ppm) from IW-1, 30.1 ppm from MW-6, 10.52 ppm from MW-7, 1.5 ppm from MW-8, and 14.6 ppm from MW-9.

D&B measured depth to water and total well depth at injection well IW-1 and monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 before purging the wells. The water level meter was decontaminated between each monitoring well location using an Alconox solution and rinsed with potable water. The depth to water and total well depth measurements are provided in Table 1, attached.

Before groundwater samples were collected from MW-4, greater than 11.4 liters of water was purged from each pdCHS interval in MW-4 using compressed nitrogen air at a regulated pressure of 30 pounds per square inch. The pdCHS intervals in MW-4 were MW-4_1, MW-4_2, MW-4_3, MW-4_4 and MW-4_5. Groundwater quality field parameters were measured from each pdCHS interval by discharging groundwater water to a calibration cup for the Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter and inserting the meters' sensors into the calibration cup. Groundwater samples were collected from IW-1, MW-6. MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 using low flow purging and sampling procedures. These wells were purged and sampled using a peristaltic pump with dedicated silicone and high-density polyethylene (HDPE) tubing and groundwater quality field parameters were measured using a Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter and flow cell. All water purged from these wells was retained on-Site in a 55-gallon steel drum. The groundwater quality field parameters measured while purging, sample collection times, and other observations are provided in the Groundwater Sampling Records, attached. The final groundwater quality field parameters measured in Table 2, attached. Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) samples were collected from MW-6, and a blind duplicate sample (DUP-1) was collected from MW-8.

The groundwater samples were submitted following standard chain-of-custody protocols to Eurofins/TestAmerica Service Center in Syracuse, New York for the following analysis:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
- Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
- Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
- Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
- Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
- Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
- Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175)
- Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2
- Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A; and
- Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D.

D&B deployed two Pro-Lab, Inc Short-Term Radon Test Kits in the lowest floor of Building 1, following the directions provided with the radon test kits. Radon test kit 1 (R1) was deployed in the community room of the first floor of Building 1. Radon test kit 2 (R2) was deployed in the retail space in the northern section of the lowest floor of Building 1. Approximate locations where the test kits were deployed are shown on Figure 1, attached. D&B will return to the Site on December 2, 2021, to collect the radon test kits and mail them to Pro-Lab, Inc. for analysis.

D&B Engineers and Architects		DATE: November 30, 2021 REPORT NO. 211130 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040		
PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED B	Y		
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME:			
SIGNATURE: Thoug Lardand	SIGNATURE:			
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED				
emailed draft / final to client– date:	hardcopy to	client – date:		

Table 1Harbor View SquareDepths to Water and Total Well Depths

Date:	3/4/2	.021	10/18/	/2021	10/27/2021	11/13/	2021	11/30/	/2021
Well ID	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below ground surface)	Depth of Interval (feet below ground surface)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)
MW-4_1	9.67	15 to 20							
MW-4_2	11.2	25 to 30							
MW-4_3	11.59	35 to 40							
MW-4_4	11.78	42 to 47							
MW-4_5	13.01	50 to 53							
IW-1			9.84	30.3	8.61	9.40	29.22	10.58	29.25
MW-6			9.22	29.68	9.38	9.69	29.72	10.50	29.65
MW-7			13.14	29.86	9.61	9.42	29.90	10.52	29.89
MW-8			16.93	29.32	11.98	5.50	29.65	9.38	29.60
MW-9			9.98	29.68	8.99	5.23	29.74	9.41	29.72

Table 2 Harbor View Square Post-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

Well ID	Date	Depth to Static Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Temperature (°C)	рН	Oxidation Reduction Potential (millivolts)	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens per centimeter)	Turbidity (NTUs)	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per liter)	Appearance/Observations
MW-4_1	11/12/2021		14.28	6.75	-97	0.341	22.9	9.47	Hazy Light Brown Turbidity
MW-4_1	11/30/2021		11.86	5.84	-153	1.630	13.7	4.36	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_2	11/12/2021		14.24	6.74	-92	0.300	28.8	1.26	Hazy Light to Medium Brown Turbidty
MW-4_2	11/30/2021		10.66	6.00	-161	1.550	12.5	3.50	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_3	11/12/2021		14.51	6.79	-104	0.364	78.5	9.84	Greyish Brown Tubidity with Bacterial Sheen
MW-4_3	11/30/2021		10.66	5.92	-158	1.750	25.3	3.92	Medium Turbidity, Moderate Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_4	11/12/2021		14.34	6.02	-104	2.170	428.0	0.00	Dark Grey Turbidty
MW-4_4	11/30/2021		11.37	5.91	-165	1.750	18.8	8.04	Dark Turbidity, Heavy Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_5	11/12/2021		14.22	5.93	-78	2.780	884.0	0.10	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-4_5	11/30/2021		11.19	5.70	-135	2.050	94.8	2.92	Very Dark Turbidity, Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
IW-1	11/13/2021	9.40	15.29	7.94	-513	1.580	62.0	0.00	Hazy Green
IW-1	11/30/2021	10.58	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
MW-6	11/13/2021	9.69	14.92	6.39	-459	2.540	523.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-6	11/30/2021	10.50	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear
MW-7	11/13/2021	9.42	14.39	9.00	-287	0.936	0.0	0.00	Clear
MW-7	11/30/2021	10.52	13.22	10.95	-234	1.140	0.9	0.38	Clear
MW-8	11/13/2021	5.50	14.40	6.78	-137	1.370	23.1	0.00	Clear
MW-8	11/30/2021	9.38	14.95	6.80	-283	1.300	9.5	0.32	Light Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
MW-9	11/13/2021	5.23	15.29	6.73	-72	1.230	196.0	0.00	White Haze w/ Some Turbidity
MW-9	11/30/2021	9.41	15.66	6.45	-184	1.470	61.7	0.34	Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cookin Oil Odor

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SITE _	fla	rbor Vi	ew squa	e	DATE	11-30-21	1	
WELL ID SAMPLE	: <u>M</u> RS:	W-4_ Tracey	Gordand		Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site
Dept Initia	h of well (f I static wat	eet from top er level (feel	of casing/riser) t from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	pth to 15 / .	<u>20</u> of screen
Purging I Airlift Baile Peris Pump (dedid	Method r taltic cated		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)		Welt Volume Ca 2 in, casing: 3 in, casing: 6 in, casing:	ft. of wate	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volumo of	water rem		ELUTE PECHS	X				
volume or	3.3	gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
Field Tes	ts gu/ Purgez Rate (ml/min) 2. 2.9 3.3	Depth to Water (ft)	рН [+/-0.1 units] 	Temp (c° [3%] 10. 68 10. 43 11.97 11.86) Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1.6% 1.6% 1.72 1.4% 1.72	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% > 5 NTU] 1(-, 2) 22, 4 14, 9 13 = 7	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] -2-69 IU, 90 2, 97 2, 97 2, 97	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
Purge Vo Purge Ra Sampling Time of Method	blume: 3 ate (gph); f Sample (Stainless Teflon bai Pos. Disp Disposabl Dedicated Fluk fi ns servations	3gWl Pu Collection: steel bailer ler . Pump e bailer bump and t	urging Time: <u>I) ! 2 4</u> Analyse: <u>X</u> Analyse: Analy	LO: 22	MW-4_1 hod 8260C TCL VOC , 7470A for a meters	:24/ (15-20) Sitespeci	* F.c.lixd	
Sample	description e Product	iure: n: ? yes	Dipe d	describe	5-10 W, 31	60-		
ά)	Sheen Odor	yes X		describe	lisht bloc	ky Sheen		

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SITE	ł	larbar Vi	icus Squar	r		1-30-21		
WELL I SAMPL	D: .ERS:	W-M_	2 welling	<u> </u>	Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
De (nit	pth of well (f ial static wat	eet from top er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	pth to $\frac{257}{top / k}$	<u>3 O</u> of screen
Purginı Airl Bai Per Pur (de- tubi	g Method ift ler - istaltic - np dicated ing) _		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	2 3 6 i	ell Volume Calc in. casing: in. casing: n. casing:	culation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of wate	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume	of water rem 3.3	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
Field Te Time 11:3 (0 13:00)	Purge Rate (mHmin) 2.2 3.3	Depth_to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] S.O S.77 (und d	Temp (c°) [3%] [1, (e 12, 19 [0, (e 6	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1.(e7 1.7(e 4.5)	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 19,6 1,57,1 12.5	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] [0. @() [0. g-cf 3: 5 ()	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] - [17 - [66 - [4]
Purge \ Purge F	7 /olume: A Rate (gph):). 3 y . bu	rging Time:	10:2-5	- 13:0	2		
Sampling Time) of Sample (Collection:	13:02		MW-4_3	2. (25-	30)	
Metho Observati Well C Weath Sampl F	od: Stainless Feflon ba Disposabl Dedicated FUX Deservations Deservations Deservations Deservations Per/Tempera le description ree Product Sheen Odor	steel bailer iler Pump e bailer pump and t ture: ture: ? yes ? yes	Analyse:	S: USEPA Method MNA WA MNA WA Gescribe describe describe	B260C TCL VOCS 7470 A Ineturs Jour b for Jour ore	my shrew		

SITE Harb	or Vices Squer	L	DATE	11-30-21		
WELL ID:	J-LL 3 Tracey corla	nd _	Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Depth of well (feet Initial static water le	from top of casing/riser) evel (feet from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	pth to $\frac{35'}{top / b}$	4 Of screen
Purging Method Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing) volume of water remove	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	We 2 ii 3 ii 6 ir	ell Volume Calc n. casing: n. casing: n. casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
ga	I. >3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
Field Tests 944	Depth to pH Vater (ft) [+/-0.1 units] /~	Temp (c°) [3%] 1\L 42 12.39 10.60	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1.576 1.75	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% > 5 NTU] 2.5.3 1.5.2	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] S. 69 10-86 .3: 92	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -/28 -/(_0 -/58
Purge Volume: Purge Rate (gph):	Purging Time:		-13	:40		
Sampling Time of Sample Colle Method: Stainless ster Teflon bailer Pos. Disp. Pu Disposable b Dedicated pu L PULL M Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature Sample description:	ection: <u>3:40</u> Analyse: el bailer ump ailer mp and tubing UUS	s: USEPA Method UDIOC, 71 MNA Per -	MW-4 8260C TCL VOCS 170 A UM4	_3_(3	5-40)	
Free Product? ye	s no S	describe	urbiany			
Sheen? ye Odor? ye		describe Mot	Ercile block	\$		

1
SITE Harbor View	Square	C	DATE	11-30.2		
WELL ID: MW-4-4	Gerleve		Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from top o Initial static water level (feet f	f casing/riser) rom top of casing/ri	ser)		De	pth to 42/	47of screen ottom
Purging Method Airlift Bailer F Peristaltic B (dedicated ((tubing) 7	Centrifugal Pos. Displ <u>Disposable</u> Bladder Pump L OW Flow) LUH NLWI	We 2 in 3 in 6 in	Volume Calco casing: casing: casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume of water removed:	>3 volumes: yes		no	purged dry	? yes	no
Field Tests Go Time Purge (mt/sup) Depth to Water (ft) N:44 2. (o N:44 2. (o N:44 2. (o	pH [+/-0.1 units] S. 42 S. 65 S. 91	Temp (c°) [3%] [1.59 [2.14 [1.37]	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] \\73 ,82 73	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 2.4, 2 14, 2 18, 8	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 3 , 2, 1 3 , 2, 3 8, 0; 2-1	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -140 -167 -167
Purge Volume: Pur Purge Rate (gph): Sampling Time of Sample Collection: Method: Stainless steel bailer Teflon bailer Pos. Disp. Pump Disposable bailer Dedicated pump and tu PULL Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes	ging Time:	IO:25 SEPA Method 8 2010C,7470 WA Parala WA Parala Scribe scribe Scribe	- 141 260C TCL VOCS 14 425 262T 262T 262T 262T 262T 262T 262T 26	ls me		

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SITE	Flavbar Vu	un Squar	-e	DATE	11-30-2	
WELL ID: SAMPLERS;	MW-4_	5 in Corlind	Ĺ.	Time On-site:		Time Off-site:
Depth of Initial sta	well (feet from top tic water level (fee	o of casing/riser). et from top of cas	ing/riser)		Depth to	$\frac{SO/S7}{top / bottom}$ of screen
Purging Met Airlift Bailer Peristaltio Pump (dedicate tubing)	hod c d	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow) PLUTE ALCIS		Well Volume Calc 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 6 in. casing:	t. of water x 0. ft. of water x 0. ft. of water x 0. ft. of water x 1.	16 = gallons 36 = gallons 47 = gallons
volume of wat	er removed: S gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry? ye	s no
Field Tests Time Pu R (ml 10:4% 2 10:4% 2 14:45 4 Purge Volum	Bal Jarge Depth to Vater (ft) Vater (ft) 3 	pH [+/-0.1 units] 4,95 5,42 5;70	Temp (c°) [3%]]1.58]1.91]1.91]1.19	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 2.90 2.14 2.05	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% [10% >5 NTU] [109 1332 2 47,9 3 947,9 3 94,8 2	$\begin{array}{c c} DO & ORP (mv) \\ (mg/l) \\ 6 > 0.5mg/l] & [+/-10] \\ .20 & -/00 \\ 1/8 & -1/4 \\ .92 & -135 \\ \hline \\ $
Purge Rate (Sampling Time of San Method: Stai Pos Disp Disp Observations Well Observ Weather/Ter Sample desc Free Pro	gph): mple Collection: inless steel bailer on bailer . Disp. Pump bosable bailer iseted pump and ditions: mperature: cription: oduct? yes theen? yes	14;45 Analyses	USEPA Meth COOC 7 COOC 7 CMVVA	MW-L nod 8260C TCL VOCS 470A Parametos	1_5_ (5 m	0-53)
5	Odor? yes	no	describe	Streeting sheet	*	

8 9 32

SITE	Harbe	r V.eur	Square			30 2		
Well II Sample): ERS:	W-1 075			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (f oe t	of casing/riser) from top of ca si	ng/riser)	24,25 10.38	De	pth to / (top / i	of screen bottom)
Purg ing Airli	Method ft		Centrifugal	1 	Nell Volume Calo I in casing 2 in. casing: <u>ໂຊ</u> ໄ	culation: ft. of wate ft. of wate	r x 0.04 = r x 0.16 = <u>2.0</u>	gallons
Bail Peri (dec tubir	er Pump licated ng)	¥	Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	3 4 5 6	3 in. casing: in. casing: in. casing: in. casing:	ft. of wate ft. of wate ft. of wate ft. of wate	r x 0.37 = r x 0.65 = r x 1.02 = r x 1.47 =	galions galions galions galions galions
volume o	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no <u>-</u> X	purged dry	/? yes	no <u>X)</u>
Time	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm)	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv)
1440	~100	12.35	Q. CIC	13.70	1.67	5:6	1.783	-1002
1443		17.50	8.11	15,44	1.71	5.3	0.44	-775
1450		12.58	7.93	15.48	1.13	4.3	0,3(0	-247
(435		12.60	7.83	15,79	1.74	4.5	0,31	-311
1500		12.68	1.78	1570	1.83	5.1	0.28	-333
1505		12.68	7.77	15.29	1,85	4,9	0.28	-339
1510		12.69	7.76	15.09	1187	5.0	0.27	-343
			·					
Purge \ Purge F Sampling Time	Purge Volume: 1.190 Purging Time: 25 Purge Rate (gph): 1.99 Sampling							
Meth	od: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposab Dedicate 	s steel bailer ailer 5. Pump ble bailer d pump and f	Analyse	s: USEPA Methi VNC tals VNN to Puve	od 8260C TCL VOCS	5		
Observat Well (Weat Samp F	tions Observation her/Tempera ole descriptio Free Produc Sheer Odo	s: ature: on: d? yes n? yes r? yes	no +	describe describe	n Squars			



SITE	- How	for u	ensqu	ve		130/21		- <u>A. 1997</u>		
WELL ID Sample): <u>M</u> E RS: _	W-6 TS			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:		
D ep Initia	th of well (fe al sta tic wate	et from top o er level (feet f	f casing/riser) rom top of casir	<u>2</u> ıg/riser)	9.65	De	pth to /	of screen		
Purging Airlit Baik Peri	Method ft – er – Pump	F	Centrifugal ² os. Displ. Disposable	We 1 in 2 in 3 in 4 in	ell Volume Celo casing casing: <u>19</u> casing: casing:	ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.04 = x 0.16 = <u>3</u> x 0.37 = <u>-</u> x 0.65 = <u>-</u>	gallons gallons gallons gallons		
(d ed tubir	licated	E	Bladder Pump Low Flow)	5 in 6 in). casing: . casing:	ft. of water ft. of water	r x 1.02 ≓ r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons		
volume c 	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purg ed dry	? yes	no		
Field Te Time	Purge Rate	Depth to Water (ft)	рН	Temp (c°)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm)	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO (mg/l)	ORP (mv)		
	(ml/min)	11 10-	[+/-0.1 units]	[3%]	[3%]	[10% >5 NTU]	[10% >0.5mg/l]	[+/- 10]		
5 55		11.55	6.10	14.12	2.00	61,0	1.01	-132		
540	-	13.65	6.1	12:212	1 GR		0.23	-190		
142	dit	15.90	0.07	15 27	1.89	1.22	0,24	-107		
270		14/12	6.87	1550 1.83 4917 0.21 -193						
52		14110	Curra Ch	324	1'87	411	0,00	MGZ		
200		1045		172	li Co	79.(Cite			
								and the second		
Purge N Purge f ampling Time Meth	Volume: Rate (gph): g of Sample Mod: Stainless Tefion ba Pos. Disposat Disposat	Pu Collection: steel bailer ailer b. Pump ble bailer d pump and t	Analyse	s: USEPA Method KAIS MNA Peize 	8260C TCL VOCA	8				
)bserva Well Weat Sam	tions Observation ther/Temper ple description Free Product Shee Odo	s: ature: on: t? yes n? yes r? yes	000 W 241-2 0 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	describe	suth State	plug my cit		D&B Engine		

AND ARCHITECTS, P.C.

SITE	Hist	W Vier	Square			30/21	i .	
Well ID Sample	$\frac{1}{2}$	VI-7 55			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	th of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (feet f	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser),	29,89 10.57	De	pth to //	of screen
Purging Airlit Baik Peri (ded tubir	Method ft Pump licated ng) >>		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	We 1 ir 2 ir 2 ir 3 ir 4 ir 5 ir 6 ir	ell Volume Calo n casing n. casing: [4],3 n. casing: n. casing: n. casing: n. casing:	ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.04 = x 0.16 = 3.4 x 0.37 =	gailons gallons gailons gailons gallons gallons gallons
volume o	of water rem 2:80	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no X	purged dry	? yes	no 📐
Time	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	рН [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%]	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv)
1340	250	11.17	973	13 37	CV. SISLI	79	7.07	-170
1345		11.63	10.33	1449	6,990	20	0.97	-199
1350		11.98	10/07	14.52	1,07	2.0	0.60	-719
1355		17,40	10.76	14.43	1.03	1.5	0,47	-225
1400		12,70	10,85	14.27	1.11	Lil	0.35	-229
1405		13.00	10.29	14,00	1.13	let	0.36	-23/
1410		13.22	10.95	13.20	1.14	0,9	6.38	-234
								1
Purge Volume: ^{O, C} Purge Rate (gph): 1, 379 M								
Time	e of Sample (Collection:	1410					
Meth	od: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposab Dedicate	s steel bailer ailer p. Pump ble bailer d pump and	Analyse	USEPA Method 	8260C TCL VOC: EmefEJ	3		
Observa Well Weat Samp	tions Observation ther/Temper ole descriptio Free Produc Shee Odo	IS:		describe describe describe	Than flu	1105		

SITE	Huih	v V.ru	Squire			1/30/21		
Well ID Sample): ERS:	W-8			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	th of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (feet f	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)	29.60 9.38	De	pth to / (top / 1	of screen bottom)
Purging Airlif	Method ft	(Centrifugal	W 1 i	ell Volume Calc n casing	t. of water	x 0.04 =	
Baile Peri (ded tubir	er _ Pump _ licated ng) _		Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	3 ii 3 ii 4 ii 5 ii 6 ii	n. casing: n. casing: n. casing: n. casing: n. casing:	ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = <u></u> x 0.37 = x 0.65 = x 1.02 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons
volume o	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no <u>X</u>	purged dry	? yes	no
Time	Purge Rate	Depth to Water (ft)	pH	Temp (c°)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm)	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO (mg/l) [10% ≥0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv)
1776		1145		[3%]	134	5'5	1 34	-7/2
120		1110	$(0,) \neq$	10110	1.7	0.5	0.57	201
1230		17117	6.08	17.17	1.20	9.0	0135	-244
12110		13.97	6.70	10.00	1.20	91	0.00	-20.5
240		14.40	0.80	10-112	1.20		0.54	-202
149		14.92	6,00	0.74	1.50	11)	0.72	- 400
Purge V Purge F Sampling Time	Purge Volume: 18 Purging Time: 25 M Purge Rate (gph): 2.49 M Sampling Time of Sample Collection: 1245							
Meth	od: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposat Dedicate	s steel bailer ailer p. Pump ble bailer d pump and	Analyse	usepa Method Mirital S Mirital S Mirital S Mirital S	1 8260C TCL VOC: ~e F6~5	8		
Observa Well Weat Samp I	tions Observation her/Temper ble description Free Product Sheet Odo	is: Mature: Anticest on: Antice	no	J-ply, n st, s-16 su l Slight describe describe <u>Pl</u> describe <u>V</u>	Blocky "	Good		

D&B Engineers AND Architects, P.C

SITE	Harbo	- View	Squere			130/21		
Well IC Sample	D: <u>M</u> ERS: <u>G</u>	<u>w-9</u>			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	et from top o er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)	9.72	De	pth to // (top / I	of screen
Purging Airli Bail	Method ft	<u>- 85</u>	Centrifugal	W 1 2 3	/ell Volume Calo in casing in. casing: 20.	t. of water	$r \times 0.04 =$ $r \times 0.16 = 3.2$	gallons gallons gallons
Peri (dec tubi	Pump licated ng)	×	Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	4 6	in. casing: in. casing: in. casing:	ft. of wate	r x 0.65 = r x 1.02 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons
volume o	of water reme	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no <u>X</u>	purged dry	/? yes	no X
Time	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	рН [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%]	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
1110	2150	10.90	5.30	14.41	2.06	60.70	1.55	-60
1015		12,54	2,51	15,51	1.80	D3 : +	<u>a. 74</u>	-43
1125		14.10	6.40	15,50	1,49	1.4.0	0.45	-175
1130		14.78	6.45	15.53	1.46	627	0.38	-18Z
1135		14.81	6.45	15,66	1,47	61.7	0.34	-184
						·		
Purge V Purge I Sampling Time	Purge Volume: Lily Purging Time: 3cm Purge Rate (gph): 2,29p Sampling Time of Sample Collection: 1135							
Meth	od: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposab Dedicated	steel bailer iller b. Pump le bailer d pump and	tubing	s: USEPA Metho へいていていていてい 	d 8260C TCL VOC: Virime fots	\$ (55)		
Observa Well Weat Samp I	tions Observation her/Tempera ble descriptic Free Produc Sheer Odo	s: Wa ature: 3 on: 6 f? yes f? yes f? yes 7 f? yes 7	no viela	Alg Ad R 5-10 describe describe describe	bbar gaster sight Sheevi sochy sochy Sochy Carting	t; Good.		

=urofins TestAmerica, Buffalo					Seurofins Environment Testing
0 Hazebwood Drive	Chain of	Custody Rec	ord		America
hone: 716-691-2600 Fax: 716-691-7991	Sampler, Candiand	CHANNE Lab PM:	Intra D	Carrier Tracking No(s):	COC No: 480-168196-36495.1
Client Information	Phone: ALCOUCH CHINCH	E-Mail:		State of Origin:	Page: Page 1 of 2
Mr. Tracey Garland	Mel	/SID:			Job #:
D&B Engineers and Architects, P.C.	The second		Analysis Ke	luested	Preservation Codes:
Address: sa7a Fisher Road PO BOX 56	Due Date Requesteu.)	A - HCL M - Hexane
Covid a management of the covid and the covi	TAT Requested (days):	tom	e 	æ	C - Zn Acetate O - AsNaO2 D - Nitric Acid P - Na2O4S
Cast Cyrococc State, Zip:	Annullanna Drolact: A Yes A N	5	ylen	eş)	E - NaHSO4 Q - Na2SO3
NY, 13057	Compliance Project: A res A in	Ê	Acety C) /ed (I	valvte	G - Amchior S - H2SO4
Phone: 315-413-1677(Tel)	5277-1	No)	ne & /	24-ar	- Ice U - Acetone
Email: instruction of the Summer ICut	WO #	sor	No) ,Ether ate , Tota on, Di c List	tal E_D	K-EDTA V-MC-VA
Project Name:	Project #:	e (Ye	es on thank & Sulf itrite arbon Carb	le, To Calc :00_F	ontal C
Harborview Square (D&B#5277-1)	SSOW#:	mol	D (Y lie, E lide & te-N lie Ca anic	ulfid ate_ 1, 35	of course
Sile		d Sa	ethan Chlori Nitra A Organi - Org-	_F - S), Nitr Ilnity D_Ca	berc
		Type (vewater,	orm MS 175 - M _28D - 1 _Pres - C, 7470 10D - C A_Diss C - VOC	500_S2 2_Nitriti 2 - Aika _Fo+3_ _IUA - 1	al Num
	Sample Date Time	G=grab) BT=Tissue, A=Air)	Perf RSK 300.0 353.3 6010 SM5 9060	SM4 353. 310. 360 PFC	Special Instructions/Note:
Salliple Identification	X	Preservation Code:	XA N N D A A	CB N N N N	
MUL-4 1_ (15-20)	11-30-21 12:24	G Water	N X X X X X X X	XXXX	11
M/1/-H 7 (25-30)	11-30-21 13:02	G Water	NXXXXXXX	XXXX	0
MI.1-11 - (- 10)	11-30-21 13:40	G Water	NXXXXXX	XXXX	C
(211-14) H H-14W	11-30-21 H135	G Water	NXXXXXX	XXXXX	n
MW1-4 5 (57-53)	11-30-21 14:45	G Water	NXXXXX	CXXXX	
1.1.1. 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	11-30-21 16:00	G Water	NXXXXXX	XXXXX	SI MS + 18U
C-WW	11-30-21 1410	G Water	NXXXXXX	XXXXX	
MW-X	11-30-21 12:45	G Water	NYXXXXX	XXXXXXXX	
MILLO	11-30-21 11:35	G Water	NXTXXXX	XXXXX	
7.2-	11-30-21 15-10	G Water	NXXXXXX	X 7 7 7 X	
740-1	11-30-21 20:00	G Water	N 44 VYXX	NXIXIXI	retained longer than 1 month)
Possible Hazard Identification		Radiological	Return To Client	Disposal By Lab	Archive For Months
Deliverable Requested: I, II, III, IV, Other (specify)	ガラ	0	Special Instructions/QC Require	ments:	
Emoty Kit Relinquished by:	Date:		Time:	Method of Shipment	a Common of 1 M
Relinquished by	Date/Time: 11-20-2//18	Company)	HP Received by	Dr 1 Deler Junger	115-521008/12/05
Relinquished by:	Date/Time: /	Company	Received by:	Date/1me:	Cumpany
Relinquished by:	Date/Time:	Company	Received by:	Date/Time:	Company
Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.:			Cooler Temperatura(s) -C and Or	er Kemaiks.	Ver: 06/08/2021

100 m

🔆 eurofins

					America
Sampler. Tracos (service) 50	WIN Lab PM: Schove, Jo	hn R	Carrier Tracking No(s):	COC No: 480-1681	96-36495.2
Phone: 315-413-1677	E-Mail: John. Scho	ve@Eurofinset.com	State of Origin:	Page: Page 2 of	F2
PWSID		Analysis	Requested	Job #	
Due Date Requested:				Preservat	ion Codes:
TAT Requested (days):	IMA			A - HCL B - NaOH	M - Hexane
Compliance Project: A Yes A No	((ylene SOC)		D - Nitric Ad E - NaHSO	4 Q - Na2O4S
PO #: 5277-1	}	& Acet OC)		G - Amechio	R - Na2S2O3
WO #:	or No	thene e otal (T	lst	J - Di Wate	U - Acetone
Project #: 48023439	(Yes	ane,E Sulfat ite bon, T arbon	cific L Total IIC _FE_C	ainer: L- EDTA	W - pH 4-5 Z - other (specify)
SSOW#:	ample D (Ye	ne, Eti ide & te-Niti ic Car anic C	te Spe ulfide, ate_Ca		6
Sam	Matrix ered S	Metha - Chlor - Nitra OA Organ s - Org	ICs - Si 2_F - S te, Nitra allnity _D_Cal	ber of	
Tyj Sample (C=c. Sample Date Time G=cu	De (vrewater, S-solid, S-solid, Tab) ET-Theory Araby File Perform	RSK_175 800.0_28 853.2_Pn 6010C, 74 6060A_D	260C - \ 5M4500_ 563.2_Nit 10.2 - Al	otal Nu	
N N Pre	servation Code:	ANNDAA	ACBNNNN		
=	Water		X	Tal	a blowle
	Water			7	to blank
	Water				1 19-
	Water				
	Water				
	Sa	ample Disposal (A fee ma	be assessed if samples	are retained longer	than 1 month)
n B Unknown Radio	ogical	Return To Client	Disposal By Lab	Archive For	Months
AND CLATS	s	pecial Instructions/QC Requi	rements:		
V Date: /	Time		Method of Shipme	Ħ	
Date/TIME: 1-30-21 /18	W Company	Received by:	Date	12/12/1	15 Sconteeny CV/h
Date/Time:	Company	Received by:	Date/T	me:	Company
Date/Time:	Company	Received by:	Date/T	me	Company
	-	Cooler Temperature(s) °C and O	ther Remarks:		
					Ver: 06/08/2021
	Sampler, Transition of the second sec	Sample: Proce: 3/14/13-1/12-1/12-1/12-1/12-1/12-1/12-1/12-1	Sample Prom: Image: Image: Image: Sample Sorra: Image: Image: Image: Sample Sorra: Image: Image: Image: Sample Sample Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Image: Sample Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Image: Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Image: Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Image: Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Image: Sample Compleme Project: Image: Image: Image: Sample Compleme Project: Image: Imag	Senser. Charles Convergence C	Sample: Control (ColUMN: Column: Colum



РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211130_114850	11-30-2021	Measuring groundwater quality field parameters from MW-4.
20211130_151343	11-30-2021	Water purged from MW-4.
20211130_151357	10-30-2021	Clear water purged from IW-1.
20211130_151429	11-30-2021	FLUte sampling setup at MW-4.
20211130_165853	11-30-2021	One drum containing water purged during groundwater sampling shown on the bottom left. All other drums contain soil. facing east.

20211130_114850 - Measuring groundwater quality field parameters from MW-4.



20211130_151343 - Water purged from MW-4.



20211130_151357 – Clear water purged from IW-1.



20211130_151429 - FLUte sampling setup at MW-4..





20211130_165853 – One drum containing water purged during groundwater sampling shown on the bottom left. All other drums contain soil. facing east.



DATE: December 28-29, 2021

REPORT NO. 211228

PAGE NO. 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

PROJECT	Harbor View Squ	are	WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)
LOCATION	<u>Oswego, New Yo</u>	<u>rk</u>	Overcast	8:30 (12/28)	39°F	0.0	15-20	SW
ATTACHMENTS	• <u>Table 1</u> and Tota	Depths to Water	Overcast	15:00 (12/28)	39°F	0.0	15-20	W
	 Table 2 - Field Wa 	- Post Injection ater Quality	Light Rain	7:30 (12/29)	34°F	0.0	0-5	Ν
	■ <u>Indicator</u> ■ <u>Table 3</u> Field Wa	<u>· Parameters;</u> - <u>Pre-Injection</u> ater Ouality	Partly Cloudy	17:00 (12/29)	36°F	0.0	0-5	Ν
	Indicator ■ Groundy Basarda	Parameters vater Sampling						
	<u>Records:</u> <u>Chain of</u> <u>Photo Lo</u>	Custody og						
SITE CONDITIONS:	Wet, Paved.							
WORK GOAL: Perfor	rm 60-day post-inje	ction groundwater	monitoring.					
		PERSO	NNEL ON SIT	TE:				
NAM	Æ	А	FFILIATION		ARRIVA	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME
Tracey Garland			D&B		8:30 ((12/28)	15:0	0 (12/28)
Tracey Garland			D&B		7:30 ((12/29)	17:0	0 (12/29)
		EQUIPN	AENT ON SIA	TE:				
ТҮРЕ		MODEL		TYPE			MODE	L
Multi Parameter Water Oua	lity Meter Hori	ha 11-52						
Water Level Meter	Solii	nist 102 P4						
Nitrogen Tank								
pdCHS sampling manifold a	and regulator FLU	Те						
PID	Min	iRae 3000						
		HEALT	TH & SAFET	V.				
PPE REQUIRED: Level 1	D 🛛			- •		H	IASP? YE	S
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	R: Tracey Garland					L		
H & S NOTES: Site work	x performed in Level 1	D PPE.						



 DATE:
 December 28-29, 2021

 REPORT NO. 211228
 PAGE NO. 2 OF 2

 PROJECT NO.
 5277-01-01C

 NYSDEC SITE NO.
 C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at the Harbor View Square site (the Site) to perform 60-day post-injection groundwater monitoring in accordance with the Reagent Injection Work Plan.

After removing the J-plugs from IW-1, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9, D&B measured headspace volatile organic compound (VOC) concentrations in the wells using a Mini Rae 3000 photoionization detector (PID). PID VOC measurements were 22.1 parts per million (ppm) from IW-1, 10.6 ppm from MW-6, 13.4 ppm from MW-7, 0.5 ppm from MW-8, and 4.8 ppm from MW-9.

D&B measured depth to water and total well depth at injection well IW-1 and monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 before purging the wells. The water level meter was decontaminated between each monitoring well location using an Alconox solution and rinsed with potable water. The depth to water and total well depth measurements are provided in Table 1, attached.

Before groundwater samples were collected from MW-4, greater than 11.4 liters of water was purged from each pdCHS interval in MW-4 using compressed nitrogen air at a regulated pressure of 30 pounds per square inch. The pdCHS intervals in MW-4 were MW-4_1, MW-4_2, MW-4_3, MW-4_4 and MW-4_5. Groundwater quality field parameters were measured from each pdCHS interval by discharging groundwater water to a calibration cup for the Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter and inserting the meters' sensors into the calibration cup. Groundwater samples were collected from IW-1, MW-6. MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 using low flow purging and sampling procedures. These wells were purged and sampled using a peristaltic pump with dedicated silicone and high-density polyethylene (HDPE) tubing and groundwater quality field parameters were measured using a Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter and flow cell. All water purged from these wells was retained on-site in a 55-gallon steel drum. The groundwater quality field parameters measured while purging, sample collection times, and other observations are provided in the Groundwater Sampling Records, attached. The final groundwater quality field parameters measured in Table 2, attached. Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) samples were collected from MW-8, and a blind duplicate sample (DUP-1) was collected from IW-1.

The groundwater samples were submitted following standard chain-of-custody protocols to Eurofins/TestAmerica Service Center in Syracuse, New York for the following analysis:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
- Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
- Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
- Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
- Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
- Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
- Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175)
- Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2
- Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A; and
- Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D.

PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVIEWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRINT NAME:
SIGNATURE: Inouy Jurland	SIGNATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED	
emailed draft / final to client- date:	hardcopy to client – date:

Table 1
Harbor View Square
Depths to Water and Total Well Depths

Date:	3/4/2021		10/18/2021		10/27/2021	11/13,	/2021	11/30/	/2021	12/28/2021	
Well ID	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below ground surface)	Depth of Interval (feet below ground surface)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)
MW-4_1	9.67	15 to 20									
MW-4_2	11.2	25 to 30									
MW-4_3	11.59	35 to 40									
MW-4_4	11.78	42 to 47									
MW-4_5	13.01	50 to 53									
IW-1			9.84	30.3	8.61	9.40	29.22	10.58	29.25	10.93	29.30
MW-6			9.22	29.68	9.38	9.69	29.72	10.50	29.65	10.96	29.76
MW-7			13.14	29.86	9.61	9.42	29.90	10.52	29.89	12.20	29.90
MW-8			16.93	29.32	11.98	5.50	29.65	9.38	29.60	10.43	29.61
MW-9			9.98	29.68	8.99	5.23	29.74	9.41	29.72	11.99	29.75

Table 2 Harbor View Square Post-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

		Depth to Static Water Level (feet below	Temperature		Oxidation Reduction Potential	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens	Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per	
Well ID	Date	top of riser)	(°C)	pН	(millivolts)	per centimeter)	(NTUs)	liter)	Appearance/Observations
MW-4_1	11/12/2021		14.28	6.75	-97	0.341	22.9	9.47	Hazy Light Brown Turbidity
MW-4_1	11/30/2021		11.86	5.84	-153	1.630	13.7	4.36	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_1	12/29/2021		10.17	6.86	-156	1.650	10.2	4.62	Clear
MW-4_2	11/12/2021		14.24	6.74	-92	0.300	28.8	1.26	Hazy Light to Medium Brown Turbidty
MW-4_2	11/30/2021		10.66	6.00	-161	1.550	12.5	3.50	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_2	12/29/2021		12.54	6.65	-157	1.940	14.6	5.62	Meduium Turbidity, Medium Sheen
MW-4_3	11/12/2021		14.51	6.79	-104	0.364	78.5	9.84	Greyish Brown Tubidity with Bacterial Sheen
MW-4_3	11/30/2021		10.66	5.92	-158	1.750	25.3	3.92	Medium Turbidity, Moderate Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_3	12/29/2021		11.93	6.65	-159	1.910	14.9	4.67	Dark Turbidity, Medium Sheen
MW-4_4	11/12/2021		14.34	6.02	-104	2.170	428.0	0.00	Dark Grey Turbidty
MW-4_4	11/30/2021		11.37	5.91	-165	1.750	18.8	8.04	Dark Turbidity, Heavy Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_4	12/29/2021		11.02	6.56	-153	1.990	15.2	10.80	Dark Turbidity, Heavy Sheen
MW-4_5	11/12/2021		14.22	5.93	-78	2.780	884.0	0.10	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-4_5	11/30/2021		11.19	5.70	-135	2.050	94.8	2.92	Very Dark Turbidity, Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_5	12/29/2021		12.01	6.12	-110	1.970	17.8	10.21	Very Light Turbidity, Light Sheen
IW-1	11/13/2021	9.40	15.29	7.94	-513	1.580	62.0	0.00	Hazy Green
IW-1	11/30/2021	10.58	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
IW-1	12/28/2021	10.93	13.95	7.14	-352	2.050	5.2	1.00	Sheen
MW-6	11/13/2021	9.69	14.92	6.39	-459	2.540	523.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-6	11/30/2021	10.50	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear
MW-6	12/28/2021	10.96	12.83	6.03	-131	1.720	21.1	0.94	Sheen
MW-7	11/13/2021	9.42	14.39	9.00	-287	0.936	0.0	0.00	Clear
MW-7	11/30/2021	10.52	13.22	10.95	-234	1.140	0.9	0.38	Clear
MW-7	12/28/2021	12.20	14.80	9.60	-368	1.030	9.4	1.18	Clear
MW-8	11/13/2021	5.50	14.40	6.78	-137	1.370	23.1	0.00	Clear
MW-8	11/30/2021	9.38	14.95	6.80	-283	1.300	9.5	0.32	Light Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
MW-8	12/29/2021	10.43	14.86	7.14	-229	1.540	12.2	0.82	Light Sheen
MW-9	11/13/2021	5.23	15.29	6.73	-72	1.230	196.0	0.00	White Haze w/ Some Turbidity
MW-9	11/30/2021	9.41	15.66	6.45	-184	1.470	61.7	0.34	Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
MW-9	12/29/2021	11.99	15.80	5.67	-77	1.530	10.5	0.67	Sheen

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Table 3Harbor View SquarePre-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

		Depth to Static Water Level (feet below	Temperature		Oxidation Reduction Potential	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens	Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per
Well ID	Date	top of riser)	(°C)	pН	(millivolts)	per centimeter)	(NTUs)	liter)
MW-4_1	3/4/2021	9.67	11.74	7.77	59	1.86	92.2	7.69
MW-4_1	6/30/2021		22.8	7.10	162	1.76	260.0	2.14
MW-4_2	3/4/2021	11.2	11.03	7.63		1.81	41.1	6.62
MW-4_2	6/30/2021		20.64	7.07	152	1.61	73.4	2.47
MW-4_3	3/4/2021	11.59	10.42	7.60	66	1.57	105.0	8.15
MW-4_3	6/30/2021		22.46	7.01	39	1.36	112.0	0.53
MW-4_4	3/4/2021	11.78	9.32	7.93	54	1.44	67.2	5.45
MW-4_4	6/30/2021		22.49	6.49	57	1.43	53.5	0.10
MW-4_5	3/4/2021	13.01	9.46	7.94	54	1.43	9.6	6.09
MW-4_5	6/30/2021		19.65	7.70	-32	1.7	53.5	0.89
IW-1	10/19/2021	9.84	19.48	7.47	132	1.14	0.0	0.52
IW-1	10/27/2021	8.61	13.85	9.00	136	0.895	6.8	3.36
MW-6	10/19/2021	9.22	17.71	10.47	54	0.855	0.0	2.40
MW-6	10/27/2021	9.38	15.58	9.96	14	1.08	2.2	1.93
MW-7	10/18/2021	13.14	18.05	9.51	86	0.99	23.3	4.01
MW-7	10/27/2021	9.61	14.78	11.76	-24	1.29	0.0	5.82
MW-8	10/18/2021	16.93	16.58	7.40	137	1.19	3.1	2.72
MW-8	10/27/2021	11.98	16.08	7.82	142	1.24	283.0	4.81
MW-9	10/19/2021	9.98	17.71	10.47	54	0.855	0.0	2.40
MW-9	10/27/2021	8.99	15.77	7.85	150	1.2	0.0	3.03

* Groundwater quality parameters were not measured from MW-4 during the October 18-19, 2021 groundwater sampling event.

SITE	Have	er Vnus	gene	DATE	12-28-2	[
WELL ID: SAMPLERS:	Th Tro	1 - 1 Legi Garlan	6	Time On-site:		Tim	ne Off-site:
Depth of we Initial static	II (feet from top water level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)	29,30	De	pth'to <u>15 /</u> top / t	<u>30</u> of screen
Purging Method Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing)	d	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	e	Well Volume Calc 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 5 in. casing:	tulation: (.3) ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = 2 x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	2.94 gallons gallons gallons
volume of water r	removed: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no 📈	purged dry	? yes	no 🗡
Time Purge Rate (ml/mi 1:40 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40 1:20 1:40	e Depth to Water (ft) n) 11.95 12.02 p.10 12.16 12.20 p.10 12.16 12.37 12.37 12.46 2 Pt oh): 1.7 Dise Collection: ess steel bailer Disp. Pump sable bailer	pH [+/-0.1 units] (0, 4 (0) (0, 5 9) (0, 5 9) (0, 7 4) (0, 8 4) (0, 9 7) (0, 8 4) (0, 8 4) (0, 9 7) (0, 8 4) (0, 8 4) (0, 8 4) (0, 9 7) (0, 8 4) (0, 8 4) (0	Temp (c°) [3%] 13.39 13.47 13.53 13.65 13.65 13.65 13.74 13.74 13.75 13.95 10.55	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 2.12 2.12 2.13 2.06 2.05 2.	Turbidity (NTUs) [$10\% > 5$ NTU] [$11, 4/$ [$10, 2$ 8, 2 7, 5 6, 7 5, 2 5, 2 5, 2 5, 2	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 0.97 0.91 0.97 0.93 0.93 0.94 0.97 0.99 0.99 1.00	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -237 -253 -271 -293 -300 -309 -322 -336 -346 -352
Observations Well Observati Weather/Temp Sample descri Free Proc	ions: perature: ption: duct? yes een? yes dor? yes	tubing	describe describe describe	ast-			
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SITE	tla	wher Vie	w squa	Ne	DATE	12-28	-21	ļ	9) 43
WELL SAMPI	ID:	NW-6 True	sy Gov h	، م	Time On-site:		Tir	ne Off-site:	
De Inii	pth of well (tial static wa	feet from top ter level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)	29,76	De	epth to $\frac{15}{100}$	30 of screen	
Purgin Air Bai Pei Pui (de tub	g Method lift iler ristaltic mp idicated ing)	 X	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	2 3 6 in	ell Volume Calo in. casing: in. casing: n. casing:	culation: () ft. of wate ft. of wate ft. of wate	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	3 gallons gallons gallons	
volume	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no _/	purged dry	/? yes	no 📈	
10:30 10:35 10:40 10:45	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft) 12.94 13.03 13.97 13.97	pH [+/-0.1 units] 5 · 2 7 5 · 8 1 5 · 8 9 5 · 8 9 5 · 98 6 0 3	Temp (c°) [3%] 11. 92 12. 7 4 12. 7 5 12. 8 3	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1, 6 4 1, 6 1 1, 6 1 1, 6 1 1, 6 1 1, 7 2	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 3 4. 1 3 0 . 8 2 1. 6 2 1. 7 2 1. 1	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 1.11 0.82 0.97 0.94	ORP (mv) [+/-10] -64 -109 -120 -127 -127 -13/	ج ۲
Purge N Purge F Sampling Time Metho	Volume: Rate (gph): of Sample (Stainless Teflon ba Disposab Dedicated	1. 2 59 - I Pu 2. 5 Collection: steel bailer iler . Pump le bailer t pump and t	ubing	USEPA Method USEPA Method USEPA Method WNA parama	10:56 8260C TCL VOCS 170A Mcf Hrs.	- site spec	ific list		
Observati Well (Weath Sampi F	ions Dbservations ler/Tempera le descriptio ree Product Sheen Odor	s: ture: n: ? yes ? yes ? yes	PID : 10 J40F no no no	C MM C Vorcu describe describe describe	Darl Steels medines	e oils mer	trialan	WLM	7
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SITE	Hashar	View Squar	e	DATE	1-28-21		
WELL ID: SAMPLERS:	MW-7	Colus		Time On-site;		Tin	ne Off-site
Depth of v Initial stati	vell (feet from top ic water level (fee	o of casing/riser) et from top of casi	ng/riser)	29.90	Dept	th to $\frac{1S}{10}$	30 of screen
Purging Meth Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing)	nod 	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)		Vell Volume Calc 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: in. casing:	ulation: 7 ft. of water > ft. of water > ft. of water >	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume of wate	t removed; u Ø gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no 🗡	purged dry?	yes	no 🔍
Time Pur Ra (ml/n 13:15 13:20	rge te nin) 13.19. 14.19 14.19	pH [+/-0.1 units] 8.59 9.35 9.56 9.60	Temp (c°) [3%] 12, 18 12, 90 12, 9 § [2, 9 5	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] [.03 [.03 [.03] [.03]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 11, 2 14, 4 10, 4 9, 4	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 1.55 1.13 1.13 1.13	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] - 33/ - 36 / - 36 / - 36 g
Purge Volume Purge Rate (g ampling Time of Sam Method: Stain Teflo Pos. Dispo	e: 1. O. M. P ph): 3 ple Collection: nless steel bailer n bailer Disp. Pump psable bailer	urging Time:	USEPA Method Metal 8 MNA fund	130 18260C TCL VOCS GOLOC /747 Muters	0 A		
Dedic oservations Well Observa Weather/Tem Sample descr Free Pro Sh	tions: perature: iption: duct? yes neen? yes	PID: C	13. 4 ppm Juarcest- describe describe	340/2 Steen t do Madri	A Jum Anky - 0	<u>na soluto</u> Cle	the tanky bend



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Harbon Mine	GF	FIELD OBSI	ERVATION LOC SAMPLING RE	3 CORD		
SITE HANA	Junie		DATE	12-20	1-7.1	
	ew Squ	are				
SAMPLERS:	y Carlind		Time On-site:		Tim	ne Off-site
Depth of well (feet from to Initial static water level (fee	o of casing/riser). et from top of casi	ing/riser)	29,61	De	pth to 151	<u>JC</u> of screen
Purging Method Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing) X	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)		ell Volume Calc in. casing: <u>4</u> in. casing: n. casing:	culation: / 8 ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	f x 0.16 = 3. f x 0.36 =	.○子 gallons gallons gallons
volume of water removed: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no 🔨	purged dry	/? yes	no X
Field Tests						
Time Purge Rate (ml/min) Depth to Water (ft (ml/min) 8:10 11.36 8:10 13.68 8:15 14.96 8:35 14.96 8:35 14.96 8:35 14.96 8:35 14.96 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 8:37 14.86 8:36 14.86 9:05 14.86 9:05 14.86 9:05 14.86 9:05 14.86 9:05 14.86	pH [+/-0.1 units] 8:3,5 7:72 7:21 7:21 7:21 7:21 7:14 9 7:14 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Temp (c°) [3%] 13.06 13.43 13.13 13.17 13.16 13.23 8:05 - 46 USEPA Method 60/06 / 7 MA Vaculta	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1.50 1.52 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.54 1.54 1.54 1.54 1.54 1.54 1.54 1.54	Turbidity (NTUS) [10% > 5 NTU] 13.0 12.8 12.0 12.2 12.2 12.2 12.2 12.2 12.2	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] /.34 0.70 0.70 0.70 0.75 0.77 0.82	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] 178 211 220 224 227 229
Dedicated pump and Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes	no x no x	D & O S pA St describe describe describe	M 340 F Malter Clark	V Clee	<u>5</u> 5	

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SITE Ha	thor Vicu	, Soucre			12-29-2,	/	
WELL ID:	1W- Tracey	9 Gatard		Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site
Depth of well (Initial static wa	o feet from top ter level (fee	of casing/riser) t from top of casi	ng/riser)	H.99 2 11,49	Я.75 De	with to $\frac{15}{100}$ top / b	<u>20</u> of screen
Purging Method Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing)	\swarrow	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)		ell Volume Calc in. casing: <u>17, 1</u> in. casing: n. casing:	culation: <u>7/a</u> ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	$r \ge 0.16 = 2.$ $r \ge 0.36 =$	gallons gallons gallons
volume of water rem	ioved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no X
Time Purge Rate (ml/min) 10:40	Depth to Water (ft) 13.6 14.50 15.6 14.50 15.70 15.80 15.80 Collection: steel bailer ler Pump	pH [+/-0.1 units] 5.86 5.71 5.59 5.67 5.67 5.67 urging Time: [[';00 Analyses	Temp (c°) [3%] 13.14 13.51 13.44 13.44 13.49 13.49 13.49 13.38 10.30 10.30 USEPA Method	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 2.10 1.67 1.58 1.58 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.57 1.5	Turbidity (NTUS) [10% >5 NTU] 22.4 14.6 13.2 10.2 10.2	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 1, 9 7 0.83 0,81 0.76 0.71 0.67	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] - 39 - 66 - 66 - 66 - 72 - 72 - 77
Observations Well Observations	e bailer pump and t	ubing	- MNN VA - 4.8 pm	anent			
Weather/Tempera Sample description Free Product Sheen Odor?	ture:	no Z no Z no Z	describe	The "	F		
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SITE	1	larbarvy	en spudre		DATE	12-29-2	21	
WELL II SAMPL	D:	W-4_	1		Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Der Initi	oth of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)		Dej	oth to <u>15/2</u> top / b	of screen
Purging Airli Bail Per Pun (dec tubi	g Method Ift er istaltic np dicated ng)		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	W 2 3 6i	ell Volume Calc in. casing: in. casing: n. casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume o	of water remo	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
	ests Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] (e.7) (e.8)	Temp (c°) [3%] 12,1,5 [0.17	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1,70 1,65	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 12.1 [0-2	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 2.07 4.62	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -1.5-/ -1.5-6
Purge N Purge I Sampling Time	Volume: Rate (gph): g of Sample (Pu Collection:	urging Time:	11:30 ~	15:35		L	2
Meth 	od: Stainless Teflon ba Disposab Dedicated Dedicated Cons Observations her/Tempera ble descriptio Free Product Sheen Odor	steel bailer iler Pump le bailer pump and f s: ature: ? yes ? yes ? yes	Analyse	S: USEPA Method COIOC MNA describe describe describe describe	H 8260C TCL VOCS 7470A Med Manuars	åls		

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SITE		Unbu Vira	Sume		DATE		12-29-2	./
WELL I	D:MW-1	1-2 Trace	y-Gorland	1	Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Der Initi	oth of well (f ial static wat	eet from top er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	pth to 25/2 top / b	30 of screen
Purging Airli Bail Per Pun (dec tubi	Purging Method Airlift Centrifugal Bailer Pos. Displ. Peristaltic Disposable Pump Bladder Pump (dedicated (dedicated (Low Flow) tubing) PCHS volume of water removed:				Well Volume Calc 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 5 in. casing:	gallons gallons gallons		
volume o Field Te	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
Time	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] <u>`& & </u>	Temp (c°) [3%] [1, 7 3 12. 5 4	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] [4,5] [4.6]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 4,0 3 5. 62	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -/(C] -7(57)
Purge V Purge R Sampling Time Metho	Yolume: Rate (gph): of Sample (od: _ Stainless _ Teflon bai	Pu Collection:	rging Time:) S: USEPA Metho	od 8260C TCL VOCS		\leq	\geq
Observation Well O Weath	Pos. Disp Disposabl Dedicated PUTE 1 ons bservations er/Tempera	e bailer I pump and t CCHS	ubing	- MWA	paramuly	letais		5
Sample Fr	e description 'ee Product' Sheen' Odor'	n: 144 ? yes ? yes 7 ? yes	no no no	describe describe describe	turb & Shall medium			
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SITE	F	lorbor V	icus Squa	ane	DATE		12-29-2	2/
WELL I SAMPL	D: .ers:	W-4-5 Trace	- Garland		Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
De Init	pth of well (fe ial static wate	eet from top er level (feet	/ of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	pth to $\frac{35}{top / t}$	<u>40</u> of screen
Purging Airl Bai Per Pur (de tubi	g Method lift iler ristaltic mp dicated ing)		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	— 6	Vell Volume Calc 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: in. casing:	culation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume -	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
Field Tests Time Purge Rate (ml/min) Depth to Water (ft) pH Temp (c°) Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) Turbidity (NTUs) DO (mg/l) ORP (mv) 14/25 (ml/min) [4/-0.1 units] [3%] [3%] [10% >5 NTU] [10% >0.5mg/l] [+/- 10] 14/25 (g. 6 7, 12, 2 4, 1, 89, 15, 5, 2, 48, -/60 [10, 2 4, 67, -/59] -/60 14/150 (g. 6 7, 11, 93, 1, 97, 14, 9, 47, 67, -/59] -/59 -/60 14/150 (g. 6 7, 11, 93, 1, 97, 14, 9, 47, 67, -/59) -/59 -/60 14/150 (g. 6 7, 11, 93, 1, 97, 14, 9, 47, 67, -/59) -/59 -/59 14/150 (g. 6 7, 11, 93, 1, 97, 14, 9, 47, 67, -/59) -/59 -/59 14/150 (g. 6 7, 11, 93, 1, 97, 14, 9, 14, 67, -/59) -/59 -/59 14/150 (g. 6 7, 11, 93, 14, 94, 14, 16, 7, -/59) -/59 -/59 14/150 (g. 6 7, 11, 94, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10								
Purge V Purge F Sampling Time Meth Obserfvat Well C Weath Samp F	Volume: Rate (gph): of Sample C od: Stainless Teflon bai Dedicated Dedicated THATE M Tons Deservations her/Temperatile description ree Product Sheen Odor	Pu Collection: steel bailer ler Pump e bailer pump and t CUS : ture: ? yes ? yes	In the second se	S: USEPA Metho GOIOC M.N.A. M.N.A. describe describe describe	verpreters	iefaks Udun ple	un	

SITE Horbor Vie	~ Square	I		1	2-29-21	
WELL ID: MW-4- SAMPLERS: Tracel	L1 Gorland	- ,	Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from top Initial static water level (fee	o of casing/riser) et from top of casing	g/riser)		De	pth to $\frac{42}{top / b}$	17 of screen
Purging Method Airlift Bailer Peristaltic Pump (dedicated tubing)	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	We 2 in 3 in 6 in	Il Volume Calo n. casing: n. casing: n. casing:	culation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume of water removed:	>3 volumes: y	/es	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
Field Tests Time Purge Rate (ml/min) Depth to Water (ft) 13:50 14:10 14:10 14:10 14:10 14:10 Purge Volume: P Purge Rate (mp): P	pH [+/-0.1 units] (0.37 (0.56	Temp (c°) [3%] [2.() 2-]], 92	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]],94],94	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 17.8 15.2	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] (6.2.2. 10, 50	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] ~/45 -/53
Sampling Time of Sample Collection: Method: Stainless steel bailer Teflon bailer Pos. Disp. Pump Disposable bailer Dedicated pump and CHUTE PLUE Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes Sheen? yes	13:50 Analyses:	USEPA Method GOIOC/72 MWA Para MWA Para	2260C JCL VOCS 170 A Meter Inveters Dark S Dark blue	ils Hen		

D&B ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS, P.C.

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SITE	Harbo	n View	Square			12-29	- 2.1							
WELL SAMPL	ID:	W-4 Trai	eg Garlan	6	Time On-site:		Tin	ie Off-site:						
De Inil	pth of well (fe ial static wat	eet from top er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	epth to <u>SO</u> /	<u>5</u> of screen						
Purgin Air Bai Per Pur (de tub	g Method lift iler ristaltic np dicated ing)	FL	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	e	Well Volume Calc 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 5 in. casing:	culation: ft. of wate ft. of wate ft. of wate	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons						
volume -	of water rem <u> 3 (S</u>	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no						
	ests Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] (0.06 (0.17	Temp (c°) [3%] 11 s 80 12. 0 [Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] 1.95 1.97	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]]7,5]7,8	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]]3 10. Z. /	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] 						
Purge N Purge F Sampling Time Metho	Purge Volume: Purging Time: (1:30 - 13:15 Purge Rate (gph): Sampling Time of Sample Collection: 13-15 Method: Analyses: Stainless steel bailer Teflon bailer Pos. Disp. Pump Disposable bailer													
Observati Well C Weath Sampl F	PLUE PC ons beervations er/Temperat e description ree Product? Sheen? Odor?	Pyes		describe describe describe	therbidity	, light	shen.							

4

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. Ver. 06/08/2021													
*	a		Remarks:	and Other	fure(s) °C	r Tempera	Coole						Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.: ∆ Yes ∆ No
Company)ale/Time:	0				ved by:	Receiv		Company	·	8	Dale/Time:	Relinquished by:
company	ALEY I HITE.					rou by.			Combania	D.		1.15	
8/21/00-12/8	2/24		Ĩ	N	P	and her	Henen	あ		16:0	8-21	Date/Time:	Relinquished by Jraceus with all a
	ipment:	Method of Sh						Time)		Date:		Empty Kit Relinquished by:
			ents:	equiren	Ins/QC F	nstructio	pecial II	U.				5	Deriverable Requested, I, II, IV, Other (specify)
rchive ForMonths	ples are reta	al By Lab	Dispos	may be	al (A fee Client	Dispose turn To	ample Re	0	cal	Radiologi	nown		Non-Hazard Planmable Skin Initant Poison
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						-			Water				12/8/17
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I VOC THA Black							-		Water				TRIP BLAINK
5	×	XXC	x	2	XO	XX	X	>	Water	6	1330	12-28-2	MW-7
2	X	X	X	X	80	7	X	2	Water	C	10:50	12-28-2	MW-6.
2	7	XX	X	X	80	X	8		Water	0	12:00	2-28-21	Jw
17 Blind dualt case		X	Ŕ	X	X	X	X	~	Water	0	00.00	12-28-2	DUP-1
	z	Z	CB	A	DA	Z	A	X	vation Code:	Preser	X	X	5
Special Instructions/Note:	3600_Fe+3_D_C PFC_IDA - PFA	353.2_Nitrite, N 310.2 - Alkalinit	SM4600_S2_F -	9060A_Diss - O	6010C, 7470A SM6310D - Orga	300.0_28D - Chi 353.2_Pres - Nit	RSK_175 - Meth	Field Filtered	Matrix (W=water, 8=solid, 0=wasiekoli,	Sample Type {C=comp G≃grab	Sample Time	Sample Date	Sample Identification
of col	ai, 361 8, Stan	trate_	Sulfid	rganic Site S	inic Ci	oride	name, E	Samp				SOW#:	Site:
L-EDA Z- other (specify)	dard L	Calc	e, Tota	Carbo	arbon,	& Sulfa itrite	thane	le (Ye les or				10ject #: 18023439	Harbonview Square (D&B#5277-1)
I - fca U - Acetone J - DI Water V - MCAA	Jo Jat (21		1	n, Dis: Liet	Total (ite	Ethen	sor N No)				VO #	tgarland@db-eng.com labda.tax (Jdb-evy, Lorn "
G - Amchlor S - H2SO4 H - Ascorbic Acid T - TSP Dodecahydrate	analyi			solved	(TOC)		e & Ac	10)			×	0# 5277-1	15-413-1677(Tel) RC reighton e synupseiler com
E - NaHSO4 Q - Na2SO3	(asi			(DOC)			etylen			AN0)	ot: A Yes	Compliance Proje	NY, 13057
B - NaOH N - None C - Zn Acetate O - AsNaO2		2-					3	as in a			ays):	AT Requested (East Syracuse
A-HCI M-Hexane				2	-)	1	2	5 52			Ed:	Jue Date Reques	5879 Fisher Road PO BOX 56
Job #		ed	equest	/sis Ro	Anal			-		PWVSIU:			D&B Engineers and Architects, P.C.
Page: Page 1 of 2		f Origin:	State o		COM	Irofinset	ove@Eu	hn.Scho	or	67	473	mone: 3 IS-	Mr. Tracey Garland
COC No: 480-168922-36495.1	(s):	Tracking No	Carrier				ohn R	hove, J	85	Jurlan	eey (ampler. Tick	Client Information
Environment Testing America	1						ord	Reco	stody	ofCu	Chain	×	Amherst, NY 14228-2298 Phone: 716-691-2600 Fax: 716-691-7991
se eurofins			ē				I			1	•		Eurofins TestAmerica, Buffalo

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Custody Seals Intact: Δ Yes Δ No		Determination I .	Relinquisted by: JAUGWY WIWW	Relinquished by:	Construction of the state of th	Deliverable Requested: II III IV Other (specific)	Possible Hazard Identification		-	1	Trip Blank	h-MW Divid	MW- X	MW-4-5- (50-5-3)	MW-4-4-(H2-47)	MW-4-3- (35-40)	MW-4-2-(25-30)	MW-4-1-(15-20)		Sample Identification		Harborview Square (D&B#5277-1) Synapsellc.com	garland@db-eng.com	315-413-1677(Tel) abdutar db. cm com	NY, 13057		5879 Fisher Road PO BOX 56	D&B Engineers and Architects, P.C.	Mr. Tracey Garland	Client Information	Eurofins TestAmerica, Buffalo 10 Hazelwood Drive Amherst, NY 14228-2298 Phone: 716-691-2600 Fax: 716-691-7991
	Date/Time:	· ·	DaterTime 12-29-2118	Date:		ison B Unknown Radi						00:11 12-15-61	127921 8 40	12-29-21 13:15	122921 1356	Sein 12-26-41	129-21 15:00	1224-21 15:35		Sample Date Time G=	SSUW#	48023439	WU #	5277-1	Compliance Project: A Yes A No	TAT Requested (days):	Due Date Kequested:	PWQ	Phone 35 473 16	Sampler Tracey (Sorly	Chain of
	Сотралу	company	Of Q manual Dro	Time:	Spe	fological	/ San	Water	Water	Water	Water	G Water N	G water Y	G water N	G Water N	G Water N	G Water N	& Water N	reservation Code: XX	Imple Matrix ed // ype (Wewater, Comp, Second, Grab) BTrTseve, ArAb) El Perform	Samp SD (\	le (Ye fes or	s or N No)	0)		5			רך E-Mail: John.Schove	Schove, Joh	Custody Reco
Cooler Temperature(s) *C and Other R	Received by:	Received by:	Received by:		cial Instructions/QC Requireme	Return To Client	ple Disposal (A fee may be					XXXXXX	オドイメメス	メメインナイイ	アメメメメ	VXXXXXX	XXXXXXX	XXXXXXX	A N N D A A A	RSK_175 - Meth 300.0_28D - Chi 353.2_Pres - Nifi 5010C, 7470A SM6310D - Orge 9060A_Diss - Oi 8260C - VOCs -	ane, E oride (rate-N nic Ca ganic Site Sj	thane, Sulfa Itrite Irbon, Carbo	Ethene te Total (' n, Diss List	TOC)	etylene (DOC)		2 1 1 2 2 3	Analysis Re	e@Eurofinset.com	n R	2
Remarks;	Date/Time:	Date/Time:	Date/Fime.	Method of Shipment:	ents:	Disposal By Lab	assessed if samples are ret					XXXX	XXXXXX	KAR A	×××××		イメイドイ		CB N N, N N	SM4500_S2_F - 353.2_Nitrite, Ni 310.2 - Alkalinity 3500_Fe+3_D_C PFC_IDA - PFAS	Sulfid rate_(al, 350 , Stan	e, Tota Calc 0_FE_ dard L	D Ist (21	analyi	es)			quested	State of Orlgin:	Carrier Tracking No(s):	
. Ver. 0	Compar	Compar	31 /11 18 Jeanman			Archive For Mon	ained longer than 1 month)			11 - 11 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	2 VOL TEN A		SI WE TASI	[7]	2	5	7	9	X	Special Instructio	Other	L-EDA Z- other	J - Ice U - Acetu J - DI Water V - MCA	G - Amchlor S - H2SC H - Ascorbic Acid T - TSP	E - NaHSO4 Q - Na20	B - NaOH N - Hexa C - Zn Acetate O - AsNa	Preservation Codes:	Loop #	Page 401-2 IAP	COC No: 480-168922-36495.1	🖑 eurofins Enviro Ameri
6/08/2021	ν.	ny i i	WS-S.			iths					Inte									ns/Note:		r (specify)	Ane	04 Odecahvdrate	503 503	ane B BO2			T)	nment Testing ca

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РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
20211228_095317	12-28-2021	Dark oily material observed on the water level meter from MW-6.
20211228_121647	12-28-2021	Sheen observed in water purged from MW-1.
20211229_131735	12-29-2021	Measuring water quality field parameters from MW-4.

20211228_095317 - Dark oily material observed on the water level meter from MW-6.





20211229_131735 - Measuring water quality field parameters from MW-4.





DATE: January 26-27, 2022

REPORT NO. 220127 **PAGE NO.** 1 OF 3

FAGE NO. 1 OF 3

PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

				1									
PROJECT	Harbor View	<u>Square</u>		WEATHER	TIME	TEMP.	PRECIP.	WIND (MPH)	WIND (DIR)				
LOCATION	Oswego, Nev	w Yor <u>k</u>		Clear	20:00 (1/26)	-4°F	0.0	5-10	S				
ATTACHMENTS	• <u>Tab</u>	<u>le 1 - De</u>	epths to Water	Clear	23:00 (1/26)	-12°F	0.0	5-10	S				
	■ <u>Tab</u>	$\frac{1 \text{ otal W}}{1 \text{ e} 2 - \text{Pc}}$	ost Injection	Cloudy	8:30 (1/27)	3°F	0.0	0-5	S				
	<u>Fiel</u> Indi ■ <u>Tab</u> Fiel	<u>cator Pa</u> cator Pa le 3 – Pr d Water	<u>rameters:</u> e-Injection Quality	Overcast	19:15 (1/27)	28°F	0.0	10-15	S				
	■ <u>Indi</u> ■ <u>Gro</u> Rec	<u>cator Pa</u> undwate	rameters r Sampling										
	■ <u>Cha</u> ■ Pho	<u>in of Cu</u> to Log	<u>stody</u>										
SITE CONDITIONS:	Snow and ice	covered.											
WORK GOAL: Perfor	rm 90-day post	-injectio	n groundwater 1	nonitoring.									
			PERSON	NNEL ON SIT	TE:								
NAN	ME		А	FFILIATION		ARRIV	AL TIME	DEPAR	TURE TIME				
Tracey Garland				D&B		20:00	(1/26)	23:0	00 (1/26)				
Tracey Garland				D&B		8:30	(1/27)	19:3	50 (1/27)				
Gunther Schnorr				D&B		8:30	(1/27)	19:3	50 (1/27)				
EOUIPMENT ON SITE:													
EQUIPMENT ON SITE:													
ТҮРЕ			MODEL		ТҮРЕ			MODE	ι L				
Multi Parameter Water Qua	ality Meter	Horiba U	J-52										
Water Level Meter		Heron S	kinny Dipper										
Nitrogen Tank													
pdCHS sampling manifold	and regulator	FLUTe											
PID		MiniRa	e 3000										
			HEALT	H & SAFET	Y:		1						
PPE REQUIRED: Level	D 🛛						E	IASP? YE	S				
SITE SAFETY OFFICE	E R: Tracey Garla	und											
H & S NOTES: Site wor	k performed in L	evel D PI	PE.										


 DATE: January 26-27, 2022

 REPORT NO. 220127

 PAGE NO. 2 OF 3

 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C

 NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040

DAILY FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED AND OBSERVED

D&B Engineers and Architects (D&B) was at the Harbor View Square site (the Site) to perform 90-day post-injection groundwater monitoring in accordance with the Reagent Injection Work Plan.

D&B was on-Site on January 26, 2022, to observe site conditions prior to sampling. D&B observed that the monitoring wells were covered with snow. Monitoring well MW-4 was covered by a four-foot-tall snowbank and monitoring wells MW-8 and MW-9 were covered by a two-foot-tall snowbank. D&B used a hand shovel to expose the wells. D&B returned to the Site on January 27, 2022, to complete groundwater monitoring and sampling.

Monitoring wells MW-6 and MW-7 were filled with ice; D&B chipped away the ice to access the J-plugs and risers in these wells. The bolts for the cap on MW-6 were weathered and rounded; D&B replaced the bolts on this well with stainless steel bolts.

After removing the J-plugs from IW-1, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9, D&B measured headspace volatile organic compound (VOC) concentrations in the wells using a Mini Rae 3000 photoionization detector (PID). PID VOC measurements were 39.9 parts per million (ppm) from IW-1, 43.8 ppm from MW-6, 4.0 ppm from MW-7, 1.4 ppm from MW-8, and 6.9 ppm from MW-9.

D&B used a Heron Skinny Dipper water level meter to measure depth to water in the tag line of MW-4, but the water level meter could not be inserted greater than 1.1 feet into the line. D&B measured depth to water and total well depth at injection well IW-1 and monitoring wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 before purging the wells. The water level meter was decontaminated between each monitoring well location using an Alconox solution and rinsed with potable water. The depth to water and total well depth measurements are provided in Table 1, attached.

Before groundwater samples were collected from MW-4, greater than 11.4 liters of water was purged from each pdCHS interval in MW-4 using compressed nitrogen air at a regulated pressure of 30 pounds per square inch. The pdCHS intervals in MW-4 were MW-4_1, MW-4_2, MW-4_3, MW-4_4 and MW-4_5. Groundwater quality field parameters were measured from each pdCHS interval by discharging groundwater water to a calibration cup for the Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter and inserting the meters' sensors into the calibration cup. Groundwater samples were collected from IW-1, MW-6. MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 using low flow purging and sampling procedures. These wells were purged and sampled using a peristaltic pump with dedicated silicone and high-density polyethylene (HDPE) tubing and groundwater quality field parameters were measured using a Horiba U-52 multi-parameter water quality meter and flow cell. All water purged from these wells was retained on-site in a 55-gallon steel drum. The groundwater quality field parameters measured while purging, sample collection times, and other observations are provided in the Groundwater Sampling Records, attached. The final groundwater quality field parameters measured in Table 2, attached. Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) samples were collected from MW-9, and a blind duplicate sample (DUP-1) was collected from IW-1.

The groundwater samples were submitted following standard chain-of-custody protocols to Eurofins/TestAmerica Service Center in Syracuse, New York for the following analysis:

- VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B;
- Metals by USEPA Method 6010/7410;
- Sulfate and Chloride by USEPA Method 300.1;
- Sulfide by USEPA Method 376.2;
- Nitrate and Nitrite by USEPA Method 353.2;
- Ferric Iron by USEPA Method 200.7;
- Ethene, Ethane, Methane, Acetylene by USEPA Method 5021A (RSK Method 175)
- Alkalinity by USEPA Method 310.2
- Total organic carbon/dissolved carbon by USEPA Method 9060A; and
- Total organic carbon by USEPA Method SM5310D.

D&B Engineers and Architects		DATE: January 26-27, 2022 REPORT NO. 220127 PAGE NO. 3 OF 3 PROJECT NO. 5277-01-01C NYSDEC SITE NO. C738040
DAILY	FIELD ACTIVI	TY REPORT
PREPARED BY (OBSERVER)	REVI	EWED BY
PRINT NAME: Tracey G. Garland	PRIN	T NAME:
SIGNATURE: Thoug Jardand	SIGN	ATURE:
ADDITIONAL SHEETS USED		
emailed draft / final to client– date:	ha ha	ardcopy to client – date:

Table 1 Harbor View Square Depths to Water and Total Well Depths

Date:	3/4/2	2021	10/18/	/2021	10/27/2021	1 11/13/2021		11/30/2021	
Well ID	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below ground surface)	Depth of Interval (feet below ground surface)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)
MW-4_1	9.67	15 to 20							
MW-4_2	11.2	25 to 30							
MW-4_3	11.59	35 to 40							
MW-4_4	11.78	42 to 47							
MW-4_5	13.01	50 to 53							
IW-1			9.84	30.3	8.61	9.40	29.22	10.58	29.25
MW-6			9.22	29.68	9.38	9.69	29.72	10.50	29.65
MW-7			13.14	29.86	9.61	9.42	29.90	10.52	29.89
MW-8			16.93	29.32	11.98	5.50	29.65	9.38	29.60
MW-9			9.98	29.68	8.99	5.23	29.74	9.41	29.72

Date:	12/28,	/2021	1/27/2022		
Well ID	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	Static Depth to Water Level (feet below top of riser)	Total Well Depth (feet below top of riser)	
MW-4_1					
MW-4_2					
MW-4_3					
MW-4_4					
MW-4_5					
IW-1	10.93	29.30	11.35		
MW-6	10.96	29.76	11.00		
MW-7	12.20	29.90	13.75		
MW-8	10.43	29.61	10.55		
MW-9	11.99	29.75	12.75		

Table 2 Harbor View Square Post-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

		Depth to Static Water Level (feet below	Temperature		Oxidation Reduction Potential	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens	Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per	
Well ID	Date	top of riser)	(°C)	pН	(millivolts)	per centimeter)	(NTUs)	liter)	Appearance/Observations
MW-4_1	11/12/2021		14.28	6.75	-97	0.341	22.9	9.47	Hazy Light Brown Turbidity
MW-4_1	11/30/2021		11.86	5.84	-153	1.630	13.7	4.36	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_1	12/29/2021		10.17	6.86	-156	1.650	10.2	4.62	Clear
MW-4_1	1/27/2022		9.08	7.25	-100	1.510	0.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_2	11/12/2021		14.24	6.74	-92	0.300	28.8	1.26	Hazy Light to Medium Brown Turbidty
MW-4_2	11/30/2021		10.66	6.00	-161	1.550	12.5	3.50	Medium Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_2	12/29/2021		12.54	6.65	-157	1.940	14.6	5.62	Meduium Turbidity, Medium Sheen
MW-4_2	1/27/2022		9.69	7.11	-87	1.650	0.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_3	11/12/2021		14.51	6.79	-104	0.364	78.5	9.84	Greyish Brown Tubidity with Bacterial Sheen
MW-4_3	11/30/2021		10.66	5.92	-158	1.750	25.3	3.92	Medium Turbidity, Moderate Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_3	12/29/2021		11.93	6.65	-159	1.910	14.9	4.67	Dark Turbidity, Medium Sheen
MW-4_3	1/27/2022		12.20	6.86	-81	1.650	0.0	0.27	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_4	11/12/2021		14.34	6.02	-104	2.170	428.0	0.00	Dark Grey Turbidty
MW-4_4	11/30/2021		11.37	5.91	-165	1.750	18.8	8.04	Dark Turbidity, Heavy Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_4	12/29/2021		11.02	6.56	-153	1.990	15.2	10.80	Dark Turbidity, Heavy Sheen
MW-4_4	1/27/2022		8.94	7.03	-86	1.660	0.0	1.53	Dark Turbidity
MW-4_5	11/12/2021		14.22	5.93	-78	2.780	884.0	0.10	Very Dark Turbidity
MW-4_5	11/30/2021		11.19	5.70	-135	2.050	94.8	2.92	Very Dark Turbidity, Bacterial Sheen, Sour Odor
MW-4_5	12/29/2021		12.01	6.12	-110	1.970	17.8	10.21	Very Light Turbidity, Light Sheen
MW-4_5	1/27/2022		11.50	6.22	18	1.550	0.0	0.43	Dark Turbidity
IW-1	11/13/2021	9.40	15.29	7.94	-513	1.580	62.0	0.00	Hazy Green
IW-1	11/30/2021	10.58	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
IW-1	12/28/2021	10.93	13.95	7.14	-352	2.050	5.2	1.00	Sheen
IW-1	1/27/2022	11.35	10.05	7.64	-365	1.830	0.0	0.35	Greenish Yellow
MW-6	11/13/2021	9.69	14.92	6.39	-459	2.540	523.0	0.00	Dark Turbidity
MW-6	11/30/2021	10.50	15.50	6.81	-193	1.800	45.0	0.20	Clear
MW-6	12/28/2021	10.96	12.83	6.03	-131	1.720	21.1	0.94	Sheen
MW-6	1/27/2022	11.00	11.04	6.78	-201	1.390	20.9	0.34	Clear
MW-7	11/13/2021	9.42	14.39	9.00	-287	0.936	0.0	0.00	Clear
MW-7	11/30/2021	10.52	13.22	10.95	-234	1.140	0.9	0.38	Clear
MW-7	12/28/2021	12.20	14.80	9.60	-368	1.030	9.4	1.18	Clear
MW-7	1/27/2022	13.75	10.98	9.60	-283	0.868	0.0	0.46	Slighty Cloudy White
MW-8	11/13/2021	5.50	14.40	6.78	-137	1.370	23.1	0.00	Clear
MW-8	11/30/2021	9.38	14.95	6.80	-283	1.300	9.5	0.32	Light Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
MW-8	12/29/2021	10.43	14.86	7.14	-229	1.540	12.2	0.82	Light Sheen
MW-8	1/27/2022	10.55	10.50	6.95	-148	1.440	3.9	0.00	Clear
MW-9	11/13/2021	5.23	15.29	6.73	-72	1.230	196.0	0.00	White Haze w/ Some Turbidity
MW-9	11/30/2021	9.41	15.66	6.45	-184	1.470	61.7	0.34	Grey Turbidity, Light Bacterial Sheen, Used Cooking Oil Odor
MW-9	12/29/2021	11.99	15.80	5.67	-77	1.530	10.5	0.67	Sheen
MW-9	1/27/2022	12.75	9.40	6.07	-89	1.430	0.0	0.56	Clear

Table 3Harbor View SquarePre-Injection Field Water Quality Indicator Parameters

		Depth to Static Water Level (feet below	Temperature		Oxidation Reduction Potential	Specific Conductivity (milliSiemens	Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen (milligrams per
Well ID	Date	top of riser)	(°C)	pН	(millivolts)	per centimeter)	(NTUs)	liter)
MW-4_1	3/4/2021	9.67	11.74	7.77	59	1.86	92.2	7.69
MW-4_1	6/30/2021		22.8	7.10	162	1.76	260.0	2.14
MW-4_2	3/4/2021	11.2	11.03	7.63		1.81	41.1	6.62
MW-4_2	6/30/2021		20.64	7.07	152	1.61	73.4	2.47
MW-4_3	3/4/2021	11.59	10.42	7.60	66	1.57	105.0	8.15
MW-4_3	6/30/2021		22.46	7.01	39	1.36	112.0	0.53
MW-4_4	3/4/2021	11.78	9.32	7.93	54	1.44	67.2	5.45
MW-4_4	6/30/2021		22.49	6.49	57	1.43	53.5	0.10
MW-4_5	3/4/2021	13.01	9.46	7.94	54	1.43	9.6	6.09
MW-4_5	6/30/2021		19.65	7.70	-32	1.7	53.5	0.89
IW-1	10/19/2021	9.84	19.48	7.47	132	1.14	0.0	0.52
IW-1	10/27/2021	8.61	13.85	9.00	136	0.895	6.8	3.36
MW-6	10/19/2021	9.22	17.71	10.47	54	0.855	0.0	2.40
MW-6	10/27/2021	9.38	15.58	9.96	14	1.08	2.2	1.93
MW-7	10/18/2021	13.14	18.05	9.51	86	0.99	23.3	4.01
MW-7	10/27/2021	9.61	14.78	11.76	-24	1.29	0.0	5.82
MW-8	10/18/2021	16.93	16.58	7.40	137	1.19	3.1	2.72
MW-8	10/27/2021	11.98	16.08	7.82	142	1.24	283.0	4.81
MW-9	10/19/2021	9.98	17.71	10.47	54	0.855	0.0	2.40
MW-9	10/27/2021	8.99	15.77	7.85	150	1.2	0.0	3.03

* Groundwater quality parameters were not measured from MW-4 during the October 18-19, 2021 groundwater sampling event.

SITE	h	orbor	Utow Squ	are	DATE	11	17/22	
WELL I SAMPL	D:	W-4/-1	- T. (9 ,		Time On-site:	_	Tim	e Off-site:
Dej Initi	pth of well (fe ial static wate	eet from top o er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)		De	pth to <u>/////</u> top //b	<u>→</u> Oof screen ottom
Purging Airl Bai Per Pur (der tubi	g Method ift ler istaltic np dicated ing) of water rem	oved:	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)		/ell Volume Calc in. casing: in. casing: in. casing:	culation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of wate	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
Eiold To		gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
Time	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0,1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%]	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0,5mg/l]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
			1.25	9.08			0.00	-100
Purge P Purge I Samplin Time Meth Observat Well 0 Weat Samp	Volume: Rate (gph): g of Sample (od: Stainless 	Pu Collection: steel bailer iler Pump le bailer Pump and t pump and t pump and t pump and t s: ture: n: ? yes ? yes	tubing	USEPA Metho WA Mugals PAT Caurces describe describe	d 8260C TCL VOCS	s Aurge Jurn	A	

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SITE		H	arbor View	v Square	DATE	1/27	122	
WELL I SAMPL	D: ERS:	MW-4	42 56	<u> </u>	Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
De _l Initi	pth of well (fe ial static wate	eet from top er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)		De	pth to $\frac{25}{10}$ top / b	<u>30</u> of screen ottom
Purging Method Vell Volume Calculation: Airlift Centrifugal Bailer Pos. Displ. Peristaltic Disposable Pump Bladder Pump (dedicated (Low Flow) volume of water removed: Value of water removed:								gallons gallons gallons
- Fiold To		gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%] ۲۰۰۷ (۱۹۹۵)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] ご. の	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
Purge V Purge I Sampling Time	Volume: Rate (gph): g e of Sample (Pu Collection:	irging Time:	e				
Meth ——— Observat Well Weat Samp	od: Stainless Pos. Disp Disposab Dedicated State tions Observations her/Tempera ble descriptio Free Product Sheen Odor	steel bailer iler Pump le bailer pump and the pump an	Analyse	s: USEPAMethod MULAS DFAS describe describe describe describe		5		



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SITE	Flathar	Wew S	quar			-27-21	2	
WELL I SAMPL	D:	W-4-3		<u>(</u> 2,	Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
De Init	pth of well (fe ial static wate	eet from top er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	pth to <u>3574</u> top / b	of screen
Purging Airl Bai Per Pur (de- tubi	g Method ift ler ristaltic np dicated ing) of water com		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	We 2 ir 3 ir 6 in	Il Volume Calc n. casing: n. casing: . casing:	tulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	r x 0.16 = r x 0.36 = r x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
Field T	5.	gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	/? yes	no
	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%] [2. 2. (2)	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 0.0	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 0 : 2 ?	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] 8/
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Purge V Purge I	Volume: Rate (gph):	gal PL	Irging Time:	10:00 -	- 15:00			
Sampling Time	g of Sample (Collection:	15:00					
Meth Observat Well (Weath Samp F	od: Stainless Teflon bai Dos. Disp Disposabl Dedicated Dedicated Cons Observations her/Tempera ble description Tree Product Sheen Odor	steel bailer iler Pump e bailer I pump and t pump and t pump and t s: ture: ture: r: ? yes ? yes	Analyses	LUSEPA Method	3260C TCL VOCS			

SITE		Harbor L	Wen Squar	k	DATE	1-27-2	2	
WELL II SAMPL	D: <u>/</u> /// ERS:	-4-4		<u>,</u>	Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Der Initi	oth of well (fe al static wate	eet from top er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)		De	pth to $\frac{42}{10}$	1_Zof screen
Purging Airli Bail Per Pun (dec tubi	g Method ift ler istaltic np dicated ng)		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow) FLUTE PUMS	— 2 — 3 6 ii	ell Volume Calc in. casing: in. casing: n. casing:	tulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons
volume		gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
Field Te Time	ests Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units] てのろ	Temp (c°) [3%] & 9 4	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] (, () ()	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
						*.		
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Purge Purge I Samplin Time	Volume: 4 Rate (gph): g e of Sample (Collection:	urging Time:	10:00-1	3:40			1 1
Observa Well Weat Samp	iod: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposab Dedicated CPUN tions Observations her/Temperation	steel bailer iler D. Pump le bailer d pump and POLUS S: ature: ature: ature: ? yes ? yes	Analyse	s: USEPA Method What What What What What What What What	18260C TCL VOCS	5		³⁴ ja

SITE	Harts	or View	Square.			1-27-	22	
WELL ID: SAMPLER	.s:		<u>Mto 9.5</u> G.	- MW-4-	Time On-site:		Tir	ne Off-site:
Depth Initial s	of well (fe static wate	et from top er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casi	ng/riser)		De	pth to <u>50/</u> top /	5 3 of screen
Purging M Airlift Bailer Perista Pump (dedica tubing)	lethod altic ated)	bved:	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow) Flute pd C45	₩4 2 i 3 i 6 ir	ell Volume Calc n. casing: n. casing: n. casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons
	10	gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no
	s Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%] [(, CO	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 0, 4 3	ORP (mv) ^{(*} [+/- 10] <u>18</u>
Purge Vol Purge Rat Sampling Time of Method:	lume: 3. te (gph): Sample C Stainless Teflon bai Pos. Disp Disposabl Dedicated Servations /Tempera description e Product Sheen Odor	Sgal Pu Collection: steel bailer ler . Pump e bailer I pump and to bailer I pump and to ture: ture: ? yes ? yes	tubing	IO: 00 - 12: S: USEPA Method MAA for PEAS Hwb/L/Hy describe describe describe	20 8260C TCL VOCS UN HOURS	s she sputh	r bor	



SITE	le	the Vie	eu Squa	P		127/22			9 1
WELL IC SAMPLE): ERS:(W-1			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:	0
Dep Initia	th of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (feet f	f casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)	293	De	pth to $\frac{15}{(top / 1)}$	<u>3</u> of screen bottom)	
Purging Airlii	Method ft	C	Centrifugal	We 1 ir 2 ir	ell Volume Calo n casing n. casing:	culation: ft. of water 35 ft. of water	x 0.04 = x 0.16 = <u>(</u> , {	gallons ♂ [gallons	~
Baile Peri (ded tubir	er Pump licated ng)		Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump Low Flow)	3 in 4 in 5 in 6 in	n. casing:	ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.37 = x 0.65 = x 1.02 = x 1.47 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons gallons	
volume o	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no	purged dry	? yes	no	
Time	StS Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	рН [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%]	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]	
1615		13,60	8,51	9.02	1,91	60.7	1.74	-227	
1620		14.10	1.05	10:97	1,88	-11	0,50	5286	
1630		14.30	7,64	10:47	1,87	0.4	0.43	-316	
1035		14,50	7.62	10.52	1.27	0,0	0.41	-328	
1640		14,08	7.1.11	10:16	1124	0.0	0.36	-346	
11250		14.67	104	10105	1102		015)	~ 10)	
Purge \ Purge F Sampling Time	Volume: Rate (gph): g of Sample	Pu By Collection:	rging Time:	d		Tw. Du	-1 P1 Cd1	ected h	se!
Meth	od: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposat Dedicate	s steel bailer ailer 5. Pump ble bailer d pump and t	Analyse	s: USEPA Method PFAS MNA Motals	8260C TCL VOC	s ~			
Observat Well Weat Samp	tions Observation her/Temper ole descriptio Free Produc Sheer Odo	s: <u>6</u> c ature: <u>2</u> on: <u>Mo</u> d? yes n? yes r? yes	no X	yel Loby C 10-15 mpl W Volta describe describe describe	as it was	i Stamed			

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D&B Engineers AND Architects, P.C.

SITE AVM Gowanda		2/22
WELL ID: MUGG SAMPLERS: GTS	Time On-site:	Time Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from top of casing/riser) Initial static water level (feet from top of casing/riser)	29,76	Depth to <u>(top / bottom)</u> of screen
Purging Method Airlift Centrifugal Bailer Pos. Displ. Peri Pump Disposable (dedicated Bladder Pump (Low Flow)	Well Volume Calculation 1 in casing 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 4 in. casing: 5 in. casing: 6 in. casing:	Dn: ft. of water x $0.04 =$ gallons ft. of water x $0.16 =$ gallons ft. of water x $0.37 =$ gallons ft. of water x $0.65 =$ gallons ft. of water x $1.02 =$ gallons ft. of water x $1.47 =$ gallons
volume of water removed: gal. >3 volumes: yes	no <u>×</u>	purged dry? yes no X
Time Purge Rate (ml/min) Depth to Water (ft) pH Temp (c $15, 00$ $15, 00$ $15, 00$ 177 150 $15, 00$ $0, 07$ $10, 91$ 100 $15, 00$ $0, 07$ $10, 91$ 100 $15, 15$ $0, 07$ $10, 91$ 100 $15, 15$ $0, 07$ $10, 97$ 1015 $15, 56$ $0, 07$ $10, 97$ 1015 $15, 56$ $0, 07$ $10, 97$ 1020 $15, 156$ $0, 87$ $10, 97$ 1015 $15, 56$ $0, 87$ $10, 97$ 1020 $15, 156$ $0, 87$ $10, 97$ 1020 $15, 156$ $0, 87$ $10, 97$ 1020 $15, 156$ $0, 87$ $10, 97$ 1020 $15, 125$ $0, 88$ $10, 97$ 1020 $15, 756$ $0, 88$ $10, 97$ 1020 $15, 756$ $0, 88$ $10, 97$ 1000 $15, 756$ $0, 88$ $10, 97$ 10000 $10, 97$ $10, 97$ <	$ \begin{array}{c} \overset{\circ}{} & \text{Spec. Cond.} \\ (\text{ms/cm}) \\ [3\%] \\ \hline \\ 2 \\ \hline \\ 1, 27 \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 1, 27 \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 1, 30 \\ \hline \\ 1, 30 \\ \hline \\ 1, 31 \\ \hline \\ 1, 31 \\ \hline \\ 1, 35 \\ \hline \\ 1, 37 \\ \hline \\ 1, 34 \\ \hline 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
Purge Volume: Purging Time: Purge Rate (gph): 2.25 gph Sampling Time of Sample Collection: 1825		
Method: Analyses: Stainless steel bailer X Teflon bailer Y Pos. Disp. Pump Y Disposable bailer Y X Dedicated pump and tubing	lethod 8260C TCL VOCs	
Observations Well Observations: Weather/Temperature: Sample description: Free Product? yes Sheen? yes Odor? yes	ph sith (the	llod ath Ico



SITE	1-last	ov No.	v Squu	re		27/22		
WELL II SAMPLE	D: <u>M</u> ERS: <u>(</u>	W-7			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	oth of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (feet	of casing/riser) from top of casir	ng/riser)	29,90	De	pth to $\frac{1}{100}$	ottom
Purging Airli Bail Peri Pun (dec tubi	I Method ft er stałtic np licated (ng)	 X)	Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump (Low Flow)		ell Volume Calc in. casing: in. casing: n. casing:	ulation: ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x = 0.16 = 2.5 x = 0.36 =	gallons gallons gallons gallons
volume o –	of water rem	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes	no <u>X</u>	purged dry	? yes	no X
Time IU 450 IU 50 IU 50 IU 50 IU 50 IU 50 IU 50 IU 15 IU 15 </td <td>Volume: Rate (gph): g of Sample (nod:</td> <td>Depth to Water (ft) 15.30 15.22 16.20 17.09 19.35 00 19.35 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0</td> <td>рН [+/-0.1 units] 9,93 9,98 10,07 9,98 9,98 9,98 9,98 9,66 9,66 9,66 9,66</td> <td>Temp (c°) [3%] (0.69 (0.94 10.96 1.00 (1.07 1.04 (0.96 10.96</td> <td>Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] O. C. C. O. 84 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876</td> <td>Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 1719 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0</td> <td>DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 1, C C:62 0:62 0:62 0:65 0:65 0:69</td> <td>ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -28] -315 -312 -300 -203 -203 -203 -203 -203</td>	Volume: Rate (gph): g of Sample (nod:	Depth to Water (ft) 15.30 15.22 16.20 17.09 19.35 00 19.35 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	рН [+/-0.1 units] 9,93 9,98 10,07 9,98 9,98 9,98 9,98 9,66 9,66 9,66 9,66	Temp (c°) [3%] (0.69 (0.94 10.96 1.00 (1.07 1.04 (0.96 10.96	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%] O. C. C. O. 84 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876 O. 876	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU] 1719 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l] 1, C C:62 0:62 0:62 0:65 0:65 0:69	ORP (mv) [+/- 10] -28] -315 -312 -300 -203 -203 -203 -203 -203
Observa	Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Disp Disposat Dedicate tions	s steel bailer ailer 5. Pump ble bailer d pump and	tubing	USEPA Method PSAS Wietals WINA	1 8260C TCL VOC	s Ø _ 0	x A	
Well Weat Sam	Observation ther/Temper- ole description Free Product Sheer Odo	s:	10-102em 2304 14. ht NA.16 no X no X no X	MA Isleck MA Sutv describe describe describe	of ICeara Very light	nd pinelo	en topot	F. 50F



SITE	Herl	ger Vier	1 Squary	٤ [27/22		
Well ID Sample	ers:	W-8 673			Time On-site:		Tim	e Off-site:
Dep Initia	th of well (fe al static wate	eet from top o er level (feet f	f casing/riser) rom top of casir	ng/riser)	29,61	De	pth to $\frac{15}{100}$	bottom
Purging Airlit Baile Peri Pum (ded tubir	Method ft er staltic ip licated ng)		Centrifugal Pos. Displ. Disposable Bladder Pump Low Flow)	We 2 ir 3 ir 6 in	ll Volume Calc n. casing:역 n. casing: . casing:	ulation: <u>()(</u> ft. of water ft. of water ft. of water	x 0.16 = <u>7.0</u> x 0.36 = x 1.47 =	5 gallons gallons gallons
volume c	of water remo	oved: gal.	>3 volumes:	yes /	no <u>×</u>	purged dry	? yes	no X
Time	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Depth to Water (ft)	pH [+/-0.1 units]	Temp (c°) [3%]	Spec. Cond. (ms/cm) [3%]	Turbidity (NTUs) [10% >5 NTU]	DO (mg/l) [10% >0.5mg/l]	ORP (mv) [+/- 10]
1335		13.73	6.84	10.77	1.43	0.0	0,91 071 0.63	-12 6 -134 -137
1355		15.20	6.973	10.57	1.44	2,4	0.60	-146 -14E
Purge \ Purge I	Volume: Rate (gph):	Pu	Irging Time:					
Sampling Time	g of Sample	Collection:	1340					
Meth	od: Stainless Teflon ba Pos. Dis	s steel bailer ailer p. Pump	Analyse X X	USEPA Method PFAS Matale	8260C TCL VOC	5		

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T:\Syracuse Office\Technical\Updated Groundwater Sampling Record with parameters (002).doc

Disposable bailer

Observations

Well Observations:

Sample description:

Weather/Temperature:

Free Product? yes

Sheen? yes

Odor? yes

Dedicated pump and tubing

SITE Hurber V.en Squart	DATE 1/27/22	
WELL ID: MW 9 SAMPLERS: OJS	Time On-site:	Time Off-site:
Depth of well (feet from top of casing/riser) Initial static water level (feet from top of casing/riser)	29,40 Depth to	top / bottom
Purging Method Airlift Centrifugal Bailer Pos. Displ Peristaltic Disposable Pump Bladder Pump (dedicated (Low Flow) tubing)	Well Volume Calculation: 2 in. casing: 3 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 5 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 5 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 5 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 5 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 7 in. casing: 6 in. casing: 7 in. casi	16 = 2.7 gallons $36 = gallons$ $47 = gallons$ $47 = gallons$
volume of water removed: gal. >3 volumes: yes	no X purged dry? yes	s no
Time Purge Rate (ml/min) Depth to Water (ft) pH Temp (ft) 1040 13-19 5-68 9-89 1040 13-19 5-68 9-89 1040 13-19 5-68 9-89 1040 13-19 5-68 9-89 1040 14-27 5-43 10-14 1050 15-18 5-97 10-14 1055 15-18 5-97 10-14 1050 15-75 5-97 10-14 110 15-77 5-97 10-14 110 15-77 5-97 10-14 110 15-77 5-97 10-14 1110 15-77 5-97 10-14 1110 15-77 5-97 10-14 1110 15-77 5-97 10-14 1110 15-77 5-97 10-14 1110 15-77 5-97 10-14 1110 15-77 5-97 10-14 11120 2 2 M Sampling Treflon bailer PF-9 <td>$\begin{array}{c c} (c^{\circ}) & Spec. Cond. & Turbidity \\ (ms/cm) & (NTUs) & (10^{\circ}) \\ \hline [10^{\circ} > 5 NTU] & [10^{\circ}] \\ \hline \hline 1.65 & 3.0 & Z \\ \hline 1.45 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 1.45 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 1.44 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 1.44 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 1.44 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 1.44$</td> <td>DO (mg/l) 6>0.5mg/l] [+/- 10] .13 -35 .96 -76 .67 -76 .67 -80 .58 -87 .56 -89 .56 -89 .57 -80 .57 -70 .57 -70</td>	$\begin{array}{c c} (c^{\circ}) & Spec. Cond. & Turbidity \\ (ms/cm) & (NTUs) & (10^{\circ}) \\ \hline [10^{\circ} > 5 NTU] & [10^{\circ}] \\ \hline \hline 1.65 & 3.0 & Z \\ \hline 1.45 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 1.45 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 1.44 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 1.44 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 1.44 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \hline 1.44$	DO (mg/l) 6>0.5mg/l] [+/- 10] .13 -35 .96 -76 .67 -76 .67 -80 .58 -87 .56 -89 .56 -89 .57 -80 .57 -70 .57 -70
\Syracuse Office\Technical\Updated Groundwater Sampling Record with parameters (002).doc	D&B ENC AND ARCHITE	jineers cts. p.c.

1.10

Eurofins Buffalo													
10 Hazelwood Drive Amherst NY 14228-2298	Chair	of Cust	tody Re	scord							🐺 eurofin	S Environment Testing	
Phone: 716-691-2600 Fax: 716-691-7991			•					Ċ	1			America	
Client Information	Sampler Thoolo (ANANA	Lab PM Schov	e. John R				Cambr Tha	NOR NOC	B	COC No:		
Client Contact: Mr. Tracey Garland	Phone: 31524	Coll 21	John.	Schove@E	urofinset	mu		State of Or	G Pains	30	Page:	2.0490	
Company: D&B Engineers and Architects, P.C.		PWSID:				And			11 Cm		Job #:		-
Address. 5879 Fisher Road PO BOX 56	Due Date Requested:				F			nested		F	Preservation C	odes:	-
City: East Syracuse	TAT Requested (days):	7	Τ	1015							A - HCL B - NaOH	M - Hexane N - None	_
State, Zip: NY, 13057	Compliance Project: A Yes	ON O	Τ	əuəl			())				C - Zn Acetate D - Nitric Acid	0 - AsNaO2 P - Na2O4S	
Phone: 315-413-1677(Tel) R Croby http:// Syng.p.2.416Com	PO#: 5277-1			r Acety		(၁၀) Dav			(sətyls)	E - NaHSO4 F - MeOH G - Amchlor	Q - Na2SO3 R - Na2S2O3 S - H2SO4	
Email: Igariand@db-eng.com [bbbbkhp@)Ub-2N4. F.MM	:# OM		T	thene 8 (0)		OT) Isto	Dissol St			ns (21 an	H - Ascorbic Acid I - Ice	U - Acetone	
Project Name: Harborview Square (D&B#5277-1)	Project #: 48023439			V 10 1 V 10 1	etelltate ite	oT ,noi	,nodn, ciffic Li	IstoT Ic	0_37	tai.J br	J - U Water K - EDTA L - EDA	V - MCAA W - pH 4-5 Z - other (snerify)	
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		Sample	Matrix	etteM -	old) - Chio	A07	610 - 830 8 - 830	52_F - S ite, Nitr	3 D Cal	PFAS,	N N upet oj	HORT	
Sample identification	Samulo Dato Timo	e (C=comp,	Wwwater, 8=solid, 0=waste/oll,	SK-128 BLOGUL	182_0.00 enq_5.5i	N6310D	00 - 709	3.2_NIE	00_Fe+3	- Adi_o	nuN let		
		Preservat	ion Code:		z 38	VS A	Z8 4	se ze	Z 38	z bt	Sper	.Note:	
H inse Bound .	1-27-24 174	5 (2	Water		-					7	2 PCAS &	NG 81.16	-
Trip Blank	12-12-1	>	Water				×				2 WILL This	RLIK	-
-			Water	4				-				A MAR	
57/			Water							-			-
	, ,		Water					-					-
MON	10101					Z	F						1
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Possible Hazzrd Identification		Å				_				1	-		-
Non-Hazard Blammable Skin Irritant Poisc	on B Unknown	☐ Radiological)	Sample	Disposal	(A fee n	ay be a:	sessed	if sample	s are reta	ined longer thar	1 month)	1
Deliverable Requested: I, II, III, IV, Other (specify)	0			Special	Instruction	IS/QC Re	quiremen	ispusal E	y Lab	¥	rchive For	Months	-
Empty Kit Relingvished by:	Date:	-		Time:				Meth	od of Shipm	ent:			-
	Date/Time: 1-77	120:15	Company P	A Rece	weddy	171	11/2	-	Date	C S-	22 701	Company	
Relinquished by: KCZ19/12/	Date/Time: Date/Time:	005/1	Company	Rece	Wed by:	Wile			Date	D et	21/000	Company	-
Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.:			-	Cool	ar Temperatu	re(s) °C and	Other Rer	narks:					
A TES A NO		4		_					-				
		1										Ver: 06/08/2021	

РНОТО	DATE	DESCRIPTION
IMG_5080	1-27-2022	MW-6 filled with Ice.
IMG_5082	1-27-2022	The snowbank dug out to expose MW-4, facing south.
IMG_5084	1-27-2022	Snow removed to expose MW-8 and MW-9, facing east.
IMG_5092	1-27-2022	The water level meter inserted in the tag line of MW-4 as deep as it will go.
IMG_5094	1-27-2022	New stainless-steel bolts replaced on MW-6.

IMG_5080- MW-6 filled with Ice.



IMG_5082 - The snowbank dug out to expose MW-4, facing south.



IMG_5084- Snow removed to expose MW-8 and MW-9, facing east.



IMG_5092- The water level meter inserted in the tag line of MW-4 as deep as it will go.



IMG_5094 - New stainless-steel bolts replaced on MW-6.



APPENDIX F

BORING AND MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION LOGS

D&B Engineers and Architects, P.C.	Project No.: 5277 Project Name: Harbor View Square	Boring No.: BC-1 Sheet <u>1</u> of <u>2</u> Prepared By: Michael Frangione
Drilling Contractor: Cascade	Reviewed By: Matthew Hoskins, P.G.	Boring Completion Depth: 60'
Drill Rig: Boart Longyear 100cc MiniSonic	Drilling Method: Air Rotary (AR)	Ground Surface Elevation:
Date Started: 06/25/2019	Drive Hammer Weight: N/A	Boring Diameter: 2.5"
	Date Completed: 06/26/2019	

Depth				PID Per 6"	Sample Description
(ft.)	No.	Туре	Rec.	(ppm)	
0'-10'	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	VOID
10'-12'	1	AR	3.05'	0.0	10.00'-11.70': Concrete and Grout Plug.
				0.0	11.70'-13.05': Blueish-grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, with horizontal fracture at 12.70', no staining, no odor.
12'-13'	2	AR	1.1'	0.0	12.00'-13.00': Blueish-grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, with mechanical horizontal fractures at 12.15' and 12.20', no staining, no odor.
				0.0	13.00'-13.10': Recovery was pulverized into a Blueish-grey, clay-like paste, no staining, no odor.
13'-16'	3	AR	3.2'	0.0	13.00'-13.15': Greenish-grey SANDSTONE rubble, fine grained, thinly bedded, flakey texture, no staining, no odor
				0.0	13.15' -16.20': Greenish-grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, horizontal fractures at 13.19', 13.30', 14.07', 15.20',15.46' and 15.67. No staining, no odor.
16'-21'	4	AR	5'	0.0	16.00' -17.30': Greenish-grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, mechanical horizontal fracture at 17.10', no staining, no odor.
				0.0	17.30' -19.10': Blueish-dark grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, medium to thinly bedded, mechanical horizontal fracture at 18.82' with some red clay clasts.
				0.0	19.10' -21.00': Blueish-light grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, with vertical cracking or non-continuous fracturing from 19.96' – 20.36', mechanical horizontal fracture at 20.77', no staining, no odor.
21'-26'	5	AR	5.1'	0.0	21.00' -26.10': Greenish-grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, horizontal mechanical fractures at 21.20', 23.35', and 24.84', horizontal hairline fractures with trace green and red clasts of clay at 25.39', no staining, no odor.
26' -31'	6	AR	5.1'	0.0	26.00' -31.00': Greenish-grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, very thinly bedded, horizontal fractures at 26.75', 27.64', 28.67', and mechanical horizontal fractures at 26.18' and 26.40', no staining, no odor.
31'-36'	7	AR	4.9'	0.0	31.00' -35.90': Blueish-grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, horizontal fractures at 32.30' and 32.37' with trace grey clay imbedded within fractures, mechanical horizontal fractures at 35.30'and 35.80', no staining, no odor.

		De	&B EN	GINEERS	Project No.: 5277 Project Name: Harbor View	Boring No.: BC-1 Sheet <u>2</u> of <u>2</u>
		AN		CTC DC	Square	Prepared By: Michael Frangione
26' 44'	0		CHIII	2CTS, P.C.		fine grained think hadded herizentel
30 -4 1	0	АК	5.1	0.0	mechanical fractures at 36.13', no	staining, no odor.
				0.0	38.00' -40.00': Grey SANDSTONE, greenish-grey and red clasts of irre 38.05', 38.30', 38.97', and 39.60', r	fine grained, thinly bedded, moderate gular sized clay, horizontal fractures at o staining, no odor.
				0.0	40.00' -41.10': Grey SANDSTONE, fracture at 40.14', no staining, no o	fine grained, thinly bedded, horizontal dor.
41' -44'	9	AR	3.2'	0.0	41.00' -44.20': Blueish-grey SAND: mechanical horizontal fractures at 4 43.41', no staining, no odor	STONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, 1.25', 41.77', 42.30', 42.89', 43.20', and
44' -46'	10	AR	1.2'	0.0	44.00' -45.20': Blueish-grey SANDS mechanical horizontal fractures at 4	STONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, 4.09' and 45.05', no staining, no odor
46' -51'	11	AR	5.2'	0.0	46.00' -47.80': Grey SANDSTONE, horizontal fractures at 46.05', 46.24	fine grained, thinly bedded, mechanical ' no staining, no odor
				0.0	47.80' -48.40': Blueish-grey SANDS moderate horizontal fracturing with red clay clasts, rubble with flakey te odor.	STONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, moderate greenish-grey clay and trace exture at 48.06' -48.25', no staining no
				0.0	48.40' -51.20': Greenish-grey SAN horizontal fractures at 49.30, 49.40 at 48.33' and 49.75', no staining, no	DSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, , 49.98', mechanical horizontal fractures o odor.
51' -56'	12	AR	4.9'	0.0	51.00 -52.50': Blueish-grey SANDS continuous mechanical vertical frac	TONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, ture, no staining, no odor.
				0.0	52.50' -53.55': Blueish-grey SANDS greenish-grey clay and trace red cl horizontal fracture at 53.12', no sta	STONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, small ay clasts, rubble from 52.50' -52.80', ning, no odor.
				0.0	53.55' -59.90': Blueish-grey SAND staining, no odor.	STONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, no
56' -60'	13	AR	3.7'	0.0	56.00' -57.02': Blueish-grey SANDS staining, no odor.	STONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, no
				0.0	57.02' -58.00': Blueish-grey SAND rubble with flakey texture from 57.0 57.93', horizontal fractures at 57.15	STONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, 2' -57.15', drilling rubble from 57.74' - ', 57.30', and 57.45', no staining, no odor.
				0.0	58.0' -61.0': Blueish-grey SANDST non-continuous fracturing from 58.2 fracturing from 58.78' -59.08', horiz vertical fracture from 59.36' – 59.70	ONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, vertical 28' -58.78', vertical and horizontal ontal fracture at 59.30', mechanical ' no staining, no odor.
Sample DFN = (Type CORE	∍s: E Discre	e Fractu	re Network	NOTES: Bedrocl extracted with mi Extract was anal Lab using USEP renamed VA-RC	a samples were immediately crushed and crowave assisted extraction (MAE). /zed immediately by the on-site Mobile- A method 8260C. BC-1 was subsequently 1

		GR EN	NCIN	EEDC	Project No.: 5277	Boring No.: BC-2
		XD LI	NOIIN	LLKS	Project Name: Harbor View Square	Sheet <u>1</u> of <u>2</u>
	AN	ID				Prepared By: Michael Frangione
	AR	CHIT	FECTS	5. P.C.		
Drilling Cont	ractor	· Casca	ide	,	Reviewed By: Matthew Hoskins, P.G.	Boring Completion Depth: 60'
Drill Rig: Boa	rt I on	avear 1	00cc Mi	niSonic	Drilling Method: Air Rotary (AR)	Ground Surface Elevation:
Date Started	06/26	3/2019	0000 111		Drive Hammer Weight: N/A	Boring Diameter: 2.5"
Date Otarica.	00/20	5/2015			Date Completed: 06/28/2019	Doring Diameter. 2.0
					Date Completed. 00/20/2019	
Depth				PID	Sample De	escription
•				Per 6"	·	·
(ft.)	No.	Туре	Rec.	(ppm)		
0.0'- 8.0'	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	VOID	
8.0'-10.0'	1	AR	2.0'	0.0	8.00'-8.25': Concrete and Grout Plug.	
				0.0	8.25'-8.40': Grey SANDSTONE rubble, no staining, no odor.	light brown pulverized rock/sediment,
				0.0	8.40'-9.10': Greenish-grey SANDSTON horizontal fractures at 8.50', 8.70', 8.88 clasts most notably from 8.90'-9.00', no	IE, fine grained, thinly bedded, ', 9.00', and 9.10', sporadic red clay staining, no odor.
				0.0	9.10'-10.00': Greenish-grey SANDSTO staining, no odor.	NE, fine grained, thinly bedded, no
10.0'-13.0'	2	AR	3.0'	0.0	10.00'-12.64': Greenish-grey SANDST horizontal fracture at 10.16', mechanica 11.32', hairline horizontal fracture at 11	ONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, al horizontal fractures at 11.13' and .51', no staining, no odor.
				0.0	12.64'-13.00': Greenish-grey SANDST sporadic small to medium sized green a from 12.93'-13.00', no staining, no odo	ONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, with and red clay clasts, core is pulverized r.
13.0'-14.8'	3	AR	1.6'	0.0	13.00'-13.30': Drilling issues.	
				0.0	13.30'-14.60': Greenish-grey SANDST staining, no odor.	ONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, no
14.8'-20.0'	4	AR	5.2'	0.0	14.80'-20.00': Greenish-grey SANDST mechanical horizontal fractures at 16.5	ONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, 5' and 17.13', no staining, no odor.
20.0'-21.5'	5	AR	1.3'	0.0	20.00'-21.30': Grey SANDSTONE, fine horizontal fractures at 20.13', 20.68', 20	grained, thinly bedded, mechanical 0.78', and 21.05' no staining, no odor.
21.5'-24.5'	6	AR	2.8'	0.0	21.50'-24.30': Grey SANDSTONE, fine horizontal fractures at 21.86', 22.13', 22	grained, thinly bedded, mechanical 2.45' and 23.98' no staining, no odor.
24.5'-29.5'	7	AR	5.2'	0.0	24.50'-25.05': Grey SANDSTONE, fine 24.60'-24.70', no staining, no odor.	grained, thinly bedded, rubble from
				0.0	25.05'-25.50': Grey SANDSTONE, fine grey/green/red clay deposits, flakey tex horizontal fractures at 25.06', 25.16', 25	grained, thinly bedded, ture with weathered fractures, 5.35' and 25.40', no staining, no odor.
				0.0	25.50'- 29.70': Greenish-grey SANDST fracture at 25.95', mechanical horizonta and 29.40', no staining, no odor.	ONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, al fractures at 26.60', 26.66', 27.60'
I	1	1	ł	1		

	D8	kb Er	NGIN	EERS	Project No.: 5277 Project Name: Harbor View Square	Boring No.: BC-2 Sheet <u>2</u> of <u>2</u>	
	AN	D				Prepared By: Michael Frangione	
	AR	CHIT	TECTS	, P.C.			
29.5'-34.0'	8	AR	4.1'	0.0	29.50'-33.60': Grey SANDSTONE, fine small to medium sized green and red c 29.85' and 31.86', oblique fractures at 3 horizontal fractures at 33.06' and 33.30	grained, thinly bedded, with sporadic lay clasts, horizontal fractures at 30.40' and 32.87', mechanical)', no staining, no odor.	
34.0'-37.0'	9	AR	2.6'	0.0	34.00'-36.60': Grey SANDSTONE, fine fractures at 34.20' and 34.50', no staini	grained, thinly bedded, horizontal ng, no odor.	
37.0'-42.0'	10	AR	4.8'	0.0	37.00'-39.50': Grey SANDSTONE, fine mechanical fracture at 38.03', no staini	grained, thinly bedded, horizontal ng, no odor.	
				0.0	39.50'-40.10': Grey SANDSTONE, fine moderately dense small to medium gre fractures at 39.55', 39.72', 39.85', and	grained, thinly bedded, with en and red clay clasts, horizontal 40.09', no staining, no odor.	
				0.0	40.10'-41.80': Grey SANDSTONE, fine greenish-grey clay clast from at 39.77'- no staining, no odor.	grained, thinly bedded, with a large 39.87', mechanical fracture at 39.85',	
42.0'-45.0'	11	AR	3.4'	0.0	42.00'-45.40': Grey SANDSTONE, fine grained, thinly bedded, rubble from 42.20-42.30', horizontal fractures at 44.90' and 45.15', mechanical horizontal fractures at 42.82' and 45.21', no staining, no odor.		
45.0'-47.0'	12	AR	2.1'	0.0	45.00'-47.10': Grey SANDSTONE, fine fractures at 45.09', 45.91'and 46.01', th 45.41' and 45.92', mechanical horizont from 46.02'-46.86', no staining, no odo	grained, thinly bedded, horizontal in horizontal red and green clast at al fracture at 45.65', vertical fracturing r.	
47.0'-48.0'	13	AR	0.5'	0.0	47.00'-47.50': Grey SANDSTONE, fine mechanical fracture at 47.11', rubble fro	grained, thinly bedded, horizontal om 47.40'-47.50', no staining, no	
48.0'-51.0'	14	AR	3.3'	0.0	48.00'-51.30': Grey SANDSTONE, fine fracture at 49.70', horizontal mechanica and 51.10', large horizontal fractures w red green clay deposits from 50.40'-50.	grained, thinly bedded, horizontal al fracture at 48.35', 49.13', 50.33', ith weathering and flakey texture with .58', no staining, no odor.	
51.0'-56.0'	15	AR	5.3'	0.0	51.00'-52.75': Grey SANDSTONE, fine no odor.	grained, thinly bedded, no staining,	
				0.0	52.75'-53.15': Grey SANDSTONE, fine rubble mixed with clay from 52.75'-52.8 fracturing from 53.04'-53.14', no stainin	grained, thinly bedded, grey flakey 87', grey flakey clay with horizontal ng, no odor.	
				0.0	53.15'-56.30': Grey SANDSTONE, fine moderately dense green clay clasts fro horizontal fracture at 53.75', horizontal odor.	grained, thinly bedded, small m 53.78'-54.15', mechanical fracture at 54.60', no staining, no	
56.0'-60.0'	16	AR	3.9'	0.0	56.00'-59.9': Grey SANDSTONE, fine g green rubble from 57.40'-57.58', horizo and 59.00', no staining, no odor.	grained, thinly bedded, flakey red and ntal fractures at 56.35', 57.97', 58.09',	
Sample Type	s:				NOTES: Bedrock sa	mples were immediately crushed and	
DFN = CORE	Discre	ete Frac	ture Net	work	extracted with microv Extract was analyzed Lab using USEPA m renamed to VA-RC-2	wave assisted extraction (MAE). d immediately by the on-site Mobile- ethod 8260C. BC-2 was subsequently	

	D&B Engineers
	and Architects

Core Log and Well Construction Detail Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Page 1 of 1

D&B Project Number: 5277-01

Logged By: Tracey Garland

Surface Elevation: 262.89 ft. amsl

Date Started: 9/23/2021 Date Completed: 10/01/2021

Top of Riser Elevation: 262.57 ft amsl

sta So	Geolog	Geologist: Matthew Hoskins Drilling Contractor: Summit										
0 1 - Hollow stem auger to 5.00°. - Kelow stem auger to 5.00°. - Kelow stem auger at 1.1.50°. <t< td=""><td>Depth (feet)</td><td>Run #</td><td>Recovery</td><td>PID Headspace (VOC ppm)</td><td>Fluid Lost (gal)</td><td>RQD</td><td>Visual Classification</td><td colspan="5">MW-6 Well Constructon</td></t<>	Depth (feet)	Run #	Recovery	PID Headspace (VOC ppm)	Fluid Lost (gal)	RQD	Visual Classification	MW-6 Well Constructon				
4 1 0.25'-40°: Brown gravely clayey SAND, dy. 4.00'-5.00: Bedrok: Interface, utilings recovered as fine grained light colored fock find race, utilings recovered as fine grained light colored fock fine race, utilings recovered as fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. 6 - <t< td=""><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- Hollow stem auger to 5.00'.</td><td>FLUS</td><td>нм</td><td>DUNT</td><td>CAS</td><td>ING</td></t<>	0						- Hollow stem auger to 5.00'.	FLUS	нм	DUNT	CAS	ING
1 1		1					0.25'-4.00': Brown gravelly clayey SAND, dry.					
5 - Refusal with holow stem auger at 5.0°. 90 6 5.0°.9.4.2° Biulish gray and purple to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. 90 7 - Weathered horizontal fractures at 5.3°, 5.5°, 5.7°, 5.8° and 6.9°. 2° 8 2 53°/60° 0.0 500 90% 9 - Mechanical Break at 9.00°. - Mechanical Break at 9.00°. - Mechanical Break at 9.00°. 10 - Mechanical Break at 9.00°. - Mechanical Break at 9.00°. - Mechanical Break at 9.00°. 11 11 10.00°-15.21°. Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Horizontal fractures at 11.15°, 11.30°, 11.40°, and 11.60°. 14 - Horizontal fractures at 11.6°. - Horizontal fractures at 18.60° and 18.65°. - Mechanical break at 19.10°. 18 4 63°/63° 0.0 450 92% 21 - Horizontal fracture at 25.0° and horizontal fractures at 21.20°, 21.25°, 21.30° and 21.40°. YOU GIN 22 - Horizontal fracture at 25.0° - Horizontal fracture at 25.0° and 660°. - Weathered horizontal fractures at 21.20°, 21.25°, 21.30° and 21.40°. 18 - Horizontal fracture at 25.0° and horizontal fracture at 25.0° and horizo	4	1					colored rock flour, dry.	\rightarrow			H	-
6 7 2 53"/60" 0.0 500 90% 5.00'-842: Bluish gray and purple to greenish gray and purple to	5						- Refusal with hollow stem auger at 5.00'.	N S		R	Z U	Z
0 7 2 53'/60" 0.0 500 90%	6						5.00'-9.42': Bluish gray and purple to greenish gray argillaceous	ASI		SП	Z	Z
7 2 53"/60" 0.0 500 90% -Weathered horizontal fracture at 5.3'; 5.5'; 5.7'; 5.8' and 6.9'. 90% -Weathered horizontal fracture at 7.4'. 90% 2" <t< td=""><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>bedded.</td><td>L L</td><td></td><td>R</td><td>ы С</td><td>ы С</td></t<>	0						bedded.	L L		R	ы С	ы С
8 2 53"/60" 0.0 500 90% - Weathered horizontal fracture at 7.4". •	7						- Weathered horizontal fractures at 5.3', 5.5', 5.7', 5.8' and 6.9'.	Ë		Ś		
0 0	8	2	53"/60"	0.0	500	90%	- Weathered horizontal fracture at 7.4'.	S"S		٦		2"
9 . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. 10 . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. 11 . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. 12 . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. . Mechanical Break at 9.00'. 13	0									R.	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow
10 Image: Constraint of the constraint of thecos and theconstraint of the constraint of the constraint of thec	9						- Mechanical Break at 9.00'.			Ē		
10 10 10 10.00°-15.21: Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Horizontal fractures at 11.15', 11.30', 11.40', and 11.60'. (11.30'-11.40': Purple MUDSTONE, soft.) NOR 11 12 3 62.5" 0.0 925 90% -Horizontal fractures at 11.15', 11.30', 11.40', and 11.60'. (11.30'-11.40': Purple MUDSTONE, soft.) 0 0 0 14 14 -Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. -Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. 15.21'-20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. -Mechanical breaks at 16.25' and 16.60'. NULL NULL -Mechanical breaks at 10.25' and 16.60'. NULL NULL -Mechanical break at 19.10'. -Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. NULL NULL -Mechanical break at 19.10'. -Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. NULL NULL -Mechanical break at 19.10'. -Horizontal fracture at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. NULL NULL NULL NULL -Horizontal fracture at 24.70' -Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' NULL -Horizontal fracture at 24.70' -Mechanical break at 25.00' and borizontal fracture at 25.20' NULL -Horizontal fracture at 26.20' and 26.40'. -Horizontal fracture at 26.20' and 26.40'. -Horizontal fracture at 26.20' and 26.40'. 	10								AL	Z		
11	10						10.00'-15.21': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE	-	E SE	A		
12 3 62.5" 0.0 925 90% -Horizontal fractures at 11.15, 11.30', 11.40', and 11.60'. 11.30', 11.40', and 1	11						with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded.		EIN			
12 3 62.5"/62.5" 0.0 925 90% (11.30-11.40: Purple MUDSTONE, soft.) 13 14 15 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 15.21'.20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. 15.21'.20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE NULL NUL	10						- Horizontal fractures at 11.15', 11.30', 11.40', and 11.60'.		NTO	μ		
13 3 62.5" 0.0 925 90% - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. 14 - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. 15 - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. 16 - Horizontal fractures at 16.25' and 16.60'. - Horizontal fractures at 18.60' and 18.65'. - Mechanical breaks at 16.25' and 16.60'. 17 - Horizontal fractures at 18.60' and 18.65'. - Mechanical break at 19.10'. - Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 20 - Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. 21 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. 22 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. 23 5 60"/60" 0.0 450 92% - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. 24 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 26.20' and brizontal fracture at 25.20'. - Horizontal fracture at 26.20'. 26 - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'.	12	•	62.5"/				(11.30°-11.40°: Purple MODSTONE, soπ.)		BE	ź		
14 14 14 14 14 14 15 15 16 15 15 15 15.21*20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. 15.21*20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE N	13	3	62.5"	0.0	925	90%		\rightarrow	0000000		0000000	
14 - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. 15 15 - Horizontal fracture at 14.60'. 15.21'-20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Mechanical breaks at 16.25' and 16.60'. 16 - Mechanical breaks at 18.60' and 18.65'. - Mechanical break at 19.10'. - Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 19 - Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. - Horizontal fracture at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. YOOR 130' and 21.40'. 21 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' 23 5 60"/60" 0.0 450 92% - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' 24 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' YOOR 130' and 21.40'. 26 - Horizontal fracture at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Mechanical break at 26.80'. - Mechanical break at 26.80'.	4.4							AND		2		
15 10 10 10 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 15.21'-20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Mechanical breaks at 16.25' and 16.60'. 110	14						- Horizontal fracture at 14 60'	00 S.				
16 15.21'-20.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Mechanical breaks at 16.25' and 16.60'. NOV NOV NOV NOV NOV Participation Participation NOV Participation Participation NOV Participation Parting Participation Parting Participation <	15											
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17463"/63"0.045098%- Horizontal fractures at 18.60' and 18.65'. - Mechanical break at 19.10'. - Horizontal fracture at 19.70'.NOT AND THE AND T	16						with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Mechanical breaks at 16 25' and 16 60'					
18 4 63"/63" 0.0 450 98% - Horizontal fractures at 18.60' and 18.65'. - Mechanical break at 19.10'. - Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. Mochanical break at 19.10'. - Horizontal fracture at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. Mochanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20'. Mochanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20'. - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. Mochanical break at 26.80'. Mochanical break at 26.80'. Mochanical break at 26.80'.	17											
Io Horizontal fractures at 18.60' and 18.65'. Horizontal fractures at 19.10'. Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 20 20 20.46'-25.46': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Veathered horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. 21 5 60"/60" 0.0 450 92% Point purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Veathered horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. Vortice of the purple for the purple for the purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Veathered horizontal fracture at 24.70' Veathered horizontal fracture at 24.70' Horizontal fracture at 24.70' Horizontal fracture at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' Veathered horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. Veathered to thinly bedded. Veathered horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. Veathered horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. Veathered to thinly bedded. Veathered horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. Veathered horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. Veathered horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. Veathered horizontal fractures at 26.80'. Veathered horizon	10	4	63"/63"	0.0	450	98%				~	¥	
19 . Mechanical break at 19.10'. 20 . Mechanical break at 19.10'. 20 . Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 20 . Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 21 . Mechanical break at 19.10'. 22 . Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 21 . Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 22 . Horizontal fracture at 19.70'. 23 5 5 60"/60" 0.0 450 92% . Horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. . Horizontal fracture at 24.70' . Horizontal fracture at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' 25 . Horizontal fracture at 26.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' 26 . Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. . Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. . Horizontal fractures at 26.80'.	18						- Horizontal fractures at 18 60' and 18 65'			Ш	D V	
20 Image: Constraint of the second secon	19						- Mechanical break at 19.10'.			R	9	
20 Image: Constraint of the second secon							- Horizontal fracture at 19.70'.			SC	Ш	
21 with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Weathered horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. 22 - Weathered horizontal fractures at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' 24 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' 25 - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.00' - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. 26 - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Mechanical break at 26.80'.	20						20.46'-25.46': Bluish grav to greenish grav argillaceous SANDSTONE	-		Ű	$\mathbf{\bar{z}}$	
 Weathered horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. - Weathered horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. - Weathered horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'. - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Horizontal fractures at 26.80'. 	21						with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded.			Š	R	
22 5 60"/60" 0.0 450 92% - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 25.20' - Horizontal fracture at 25.20' - Horizontal fracture at 25.20' - Horizontal fracture at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' - Horizontal fractures							- Weathered horizontal fractures at 21.20', 21.25', 21.30' and 21.40'.			ш	U	
23 5 60"/60" 0.0 450 92% 24 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' 92% 25 - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' 92% 92% 26 - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Horizontal fractures at 26.80'. 92%	22							¥		ЯZ		X
24 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' Point of the provide of the	23	5	60"/60"	0.0	450	92%		ö		₩ 1	N	ö
24 - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' - Horizontal fracture at 25.20' 25 - Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' - Horizontal fracture at 24.70' 26 25.46'-30.29': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. 27 - Mechanical break at 26.80'. - Mechanical break at 26.80'.								Ż		9	2	K
25 Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20' Max Go 26 25.46'-30.29': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. 27 Mechanical break at 26.80'.	24						Horizontal fracture at 24 70'	Ш		S	Ö	
26 25.46'-30.29': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - 27 - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. - 27 - Mechanical break at 26.80'. -	25						- Mechanical break at 25.00' and horizontal fracture at 25.20'	8		ch	Z	8
26 with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. 0 27 - Horizontal fractures at 26.20' and 26.40'. - Mechanical break at 26.80'.							25.46'-30.29': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE			-in	l	
27 - Mechanical break at 26.80'.	26						with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded.			120		
	27						- Mechanical break at 26.80'.			0.0		
<u>28</u> 6 58"/58" 0.0 450 95%	28	6	58"/58"	0.0	450	95%						
- Weathered horizontal tractures at 28.20' and 28.30'.	29						- vveatnered horizontal fractures at 28.20' and 28.30'.				l	
30 - Mechanical break at 29.80'. Weathered horizontal fracture at 30.10'.	30						- Mechanical break at 29.80'. Weathered horizontal fracture at 30.10'.				l	

Notes: MW-6 was cored using a Diedrich D120 drill rig with a ten-inch diameter hollow stem auger to five feet and an NX-wireline coring system to 30.2 feet on 9/23/2021. MW-6 was installed using a Diedrich T-650-W II drill rig with a ten-inch diameter tricone roller to nine feet on 9/29/2021 and a six-inch diameter down-the-hole hammer to bottom on 10/01/2021. The surface elevation was surveyed by Land Lines Surveying, P.C. on November 5, 2021. D&B calculated the top of riser elevation by subtracting the vertical distance between the top of riser and ground surface from the surface elevation.



Core Log and Well Construction Detail Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Page 1 of 1

Date Started: 9/21/2021 Date Completed: 9/30/2021 Surface Elevation: 262.88 ft. amsI Top of Riser Elevation: 262.53 ft amsI

Logged By: = Tracey Garland
Geologist: Matthew Hoskins

6 31"/31"

30

0.0

90%

175

D&B Project Number: 5277-01

Geolog	Geologist: Matthew Hoskins Drilling Contractor: Summit														
Depth (feet)	Run #	Recovery	DIA	Headspace (VOC ppm)	Fluid Lost (gal)	RQD	Visual Classification	MW-7 Well Constructon							
0 7 8	-						 Hollow stem auger to 8.00'. 0.25'-7.00': Brown gravelly clayey SAND, dry. 7.00'-8.00': Bedrock interface, cuttings recovered as fine grained light colored rock flour, dry. Refusal with hollow stem auger at 8.00'. 		H MC	RISER					
9 10 11 12 13	2	54"/60"	0	0.0	380	87%	 8.00'-12.50': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Horizontal Fracture at 8.65'. Vertical fracture from 8.65 to 10.00'. Horizontal fractures at 10.00' and 10.05'. Horizontal fracture at 12.00'. (12.30'-12.40': Purple MUDSTONE, soft) - Mechanical break at 12.29'. 	VD ↓		ER DIAMETER PVC	2" 2" ↓	E SEAL 🕇 👔 🕻 🔩 CE			
14 15 16 17 18	3	60"/60"	0	0.0	180	95%	 13.00'-18.00': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple and green mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Horizontal fracture at 14.70'. Mechanical break at 17.80'. 	00 SAI		N 2" INNE		BENTONI			
19 20 21 22 23	4	57"/60"	0	0.0	170	78%	 18.00'-22.75': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Horizontal fracture at 18.20' Horizontal fractures at 20.50', 20.60', 20.75', 20.85' and 20.90'. Mechanical break at 21.10'. Mechanical break at 22.30'. 	ROCK		IT SIZE PVC SCREE	ELL GRAVEL PACK	ROCK			
24 25 26 27 28	5	60"/60"	0	0.0	275	100%	 23.00'-28.00': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Horizontal fracture at 24.25'. Horizontal fracture at 25.60'. Horizontal fracture at 26.90' Mechanical break at 27.60' 28.00'-30.60': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with 	BEDF		0.020-inch SLO	NO. 2 W	BED			
29							purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded.								

Notes: MW-7 was cored using a Diedrich D120 drill rig with a ten-inch diameter hollow stem auger to eight feet and an NX-wireline coring system to 30.6 feet from 9/21/2021 to 9/22/2021. MW-7 was installed using a Diedrich T-650-W II drill rig with a ten-inch diameter tricone roller to ten feet on 9/27/2021 and a six-inch diameter down-the-hole hammer to bottom on 9/30/2021. The surface elevation was surveyed by Land Lines Surveying, P.C. on November 5, 2021. D&B calculated the top of riser elevation by subtracting the vertical distance between the top of riser and ground surface from the surface elevation.

- Weathered hoizontal fractures at 29.20' and 29.40'.

- Mechanical break at 30.00'. 30.60': Bottom of rock core.

	D&B Engineers and Architects
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Well Construction Detail Harbor View Square NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Date Started: 10/02/2021

Date Completed: 10/04/2021

Surface Elevation: 263.11 ft. amsl

Top of Riser Elevation: 262.67 ft amsl

Logged By: Trace	y Garland
Geologist: Matthe	w Hoskins

D&B Project Number: 5277-01

Drilling	Contr	ractor:	Sumr	nit	Drill Rig: Diedrich T-650-W II
Depth (feet)	We	MW ell Cons	/-8 struc	ton	
0	FLUS	H MOU	NT CA	SING	
4			H	H	
5	ื่อ่	<u> </u>	EN	EN EN	
6	ASIN	SISE	CEN	ÚE M	
7	ELC	ြဂ်			
8	STEI	_ ₽	2"	2"	
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10					
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16	8			BE	
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18			×		
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21		PVC	₹ N		
22		ΠN	3RZ		
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24)R(Ö	Ш Х)R(
24	3EI	s u	2	3EC	
25		inc	2 Z		
26		20-			
27		0.0			
28					
20					
29					
30				(COCC)	

Notes: Top of bedrock was encountered at four feet. It appeared that bedrock was weathered from four to seven feet based on low resistance to drilling with a teninch diameter down-the-hole hammer drill bit. Drilling was performed with the ten-inch diamter down-the-hole hammer to ten feet on 10/02/2021. Drilling was completed from ten feet to bottom with a six-inch diameter down-the hole-hammer on 10/04/2021. The bedrock provided low resistance at 12, 15, 17, 20 and 25 feet. The surface elevation was surveyed by Land Lines Surveying, P.C. on November 5, 2021. D&B calculated the top of riser elevation by subtracting the vertical distance between the top of riser and ground surface from the surface elevation.

db	D&B Engineers and Architects
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Well Construction Detail **Harbor View Square** NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Date Started: 9/29/2021

Surface Elevation: 263.20 ft. ams

Elevation: 262.79 ft ams

Logged By: Tracey Garland Geologist: Matthew Hoskins

D&B Project Number: 5277-01

Date Co	mpleted	10/0)1/20	21	Top of Riser Elevation: 262.79 ft ams
Drilling	Contract	tor: S	Summ	nit	Drill Rig: Diedrich T-650-W II
Depth (feet)	Well C	MW- Cons	9 truct	on	
0	FLUSH N	10UN	T CAS	SING	
4				_	
5	SING	ĸ	EN	, Z E	
6		RISE	CEM	SEM	
7	STEE	N F			
8	<u>ت</u>	R P	2"	2"	
9		ШЦ	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	
10		AM			
11		D			
12		ĪN			
13		2. IV		EAL ↑	
14	→	0		UITE S	
15	SAND			ENTO	
16	8			B	
17					
18		z			
19		RE	ACK		
20		SSC	L P/		
21		PVG	₹ N		
22	×	ШN	GR	×	
23	00	TS		00	
24	DR	SLO	ME	DR	
25	8	ιch	0.	BE	
26		20-ir	Z		
27		0.0			
28					

Notes: Top of bedrock was encountered at three feet. It appeared that bedrock was weathered from three to five feet based on low resistance to drilling with a teninch diameter tricone roller drill bit. Drilling was performed with the ten-inch diameter tricone roller to 8.5 feet on 9/29/2021. Drilling was completed from 8.5 feet to bottom with a six-inch diameter down-the hole hammer on 10/01/2021. The bedrock provided low resistance at 12, 15.5, 20, 26.5 and 29 feet. The surface elevation was surveyed by Land Lines Surveying, P.C. on November 5, 2021. D&B calculated the top of riser elevation by subtracting the vertical distance between the top of riser and ground surface from the surface elevation.

29 30

	D&B Engineers
	and Architects

Core Log and Well Construction Detail **Harbor View Square** NYSDEC Site No. C738040

Well ID : IW-1 Page 1 of 1

D&B Project Number: 5277-01

Logged By: Tracey Garland

Date Started: 9/22/2021
Date Completed: 10/02/2021

Drilling Contractor: Summit

Surface Elevation: 262.87 ft. amsl Top of Riser Elevation: 262.55 ft amsl

Geologi	st: M	atthew Ho	skins			Drilling Contractor: Summit						
Depth (feet)	Run #	Recovery	PID Headspace (VOC ppm)	Fluid Lost (gal)	RQD	Visual Classification	IW-1 Well Constructo					
0 7 8	1					 Hollow stem auger to 5.00'. 0.25'-7.50': Brown gravelly clayey SAND, dry. 7.50'-8.00': Bedrock interface, cuttings recovered as fine grained light colored rock flour, dry. Refusal with hollow stem auger at 8.00'. 		MENT	RISER	CASII 2" ↔	<u>NG</u> 2" ↔	
9 10 11 12	2	58"/60"	0.0	550	93%	 8.00'-12.83': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. Weathered horizontal fractures at 9.03' and 9.05' Weathered horizontal fracture at 10.50'. Mechanical break at 11.00'. 	6" STEEL	CEI	IAMETER PVC		↑ BENTONITE SEAL	
13						- Horizontal fractures at 12.25', 12.30', 12.40' and 12.50'. 13.00'-18.00': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE	→ Q		NER D			
14 15 16 17	3	60"/ 60"	0.0	500	97%	with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Mechanical break at 14.80'. - Mechanical breaks at 17.60', 17.65' and 17.70'.	00 SAI		2" IN			
18 19 20						18.00'-23.00': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Horizontal fracture at 19.20'. Weathered horizontal fracture at 19.40'.			SCREEN	EL PACK		
21 22 23	4	60"/60"	0.0	380	82%	 Mechanical break at 20.70'. Horizontal fracture at 21.20'. Mechanical break at 22.00'. Horizontal fracture at 22.55'. Mechanical breaks at 22.75' and 22.90'. 	DROCK		T SIZE PVC	IELL GRAV	DROCK	
24 25 26 27	5	60"/60"	0.0	375	100%	23.00'-28.00': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded. - Weathered horizontal fracture at 23.60'. Mechnical break at 24.60'. -Weathered horizontal fracture at 25.50'.	B		0.030-inch SLO	NO. 2 M	B	
28	6	20"/24"	0.0	80	62%	- Horizontal fracture at 27.50' (27.50'-27.80': Green and purple MUDSTONE, soft.) 28.00'-30.00': Bluish gray to greenish gray argillaceous SANDSTONE with purple mudstone, fine grained, laminated to thinly bedded.						
30	0	22 /24	0.0	00	0270	- Horizontal fractures at 29.30',29.50', 29.75' and 29.90'. Bottom of core at 30']		

Notes: IW-1 was cored using a Diedrich D120 drill rig with a ten-inch diameter hollow stem auger to eight feet and an NX-wireline coring system to 30 feet on 9/22/2021. IW-1 was installed using a Diedrich T-650-W II drill rig with a ten-inch diameter tricone roller to ten feet on 9/30/2021 and a six-inch diameter downthe-hole hammer to bottom on 10/02/2021. The surface elevation was surveyed by Land Lines Surveying, P.C. on November 5, 2021. D&B calculated the top of riser elevation by subtracting the vertical distance between the top of riser and ground surface from the surface elevation.