PITTSFORD CANALSIDE PROPERTIES LLC 301 EXCHANGE BLVD ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14608 585.232,1760

August 11, 2006

Chief, Site Control Section NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Bureau of Technical Support 625 Broadway Albany, NY 12233-7020

RE: BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM APPLICATION: MONACO OIL COMPANY: PITTSFORD, NEW YORK 2nd SUBMISSION

SITE CONTROL SECTION CHIEF:

Here are three (3) revised copies of the Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) Application, one (1) PDF File of the Application, and one (1) PDF File of the Phase 1 ESA Report for the above referenced site. All BCPs have original signatures.

In reference to the deficiencies noted in your recent correspondence, we believe we have responded to each concern.

The following responses are cross-referenced with your recent communications:

Kelly Lewandowski's Letter of 8/7/06

Section II

- 1. The only address for the two parcels is 75 Monroe Avenue.
- 2. New Tax Map provided with detail requested.
- 3. Tax Map provided in 2 above is at 100' scale with north arrow. The entire site encompasses the proposed Brownfield boundary lines. Other map details requested included on map provided
- 4. Expanded Site Narrative provided
- 5. USGS 7.5 minutes quad map was included in prior application but no clearly labeled. New map has clear label

Section VI

1. Expanded Project Scope provided

Section IX

1. Questions 13 and 14 have been more fully answered.

Statement of Certification and Signatures

1. Complete

Charlotte Theobald email of 8/9/06

- 1. Phase 1 Assessment Report provided in hard copy and PDF formats.
- 2. Mary Jo Delconte's email address is <u>mdelconte@tritechehs.com</u> and has been include in Section I of BCP application.
- 3. Section IX has been altered to indicate that site is Vacant

If you require and additional information or have any questions associated with our approach or the BCP Application please contact our attorney, Ms. Terry Richman of Underberg & Kessler LLP (585.258.2829) or me (585.232.1760) at your first convenience.

Thank you for your time and attention concerning this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Consulting Associate

Cc: Terry Richman, Esq.; Jim Charles, Esq.; Bart Putzig, Anthony DiMarzo, MJ DelConte



NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION



BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM (BCP) APPLICATION

ECL ARTICLE 27/TITLE 14

		20212	COLD 21 / STEEL AT	DEPARTS	CHT USE ONLY
07/RS				INCP SHE &	
NAME Pittsford	Canalside	Properties LL	c ·		
	hange Boul				
CITY/TOWN Rocke	ster, New	lork	ZIP CODE 14	608	
PHONE 585-232-1		FAX 585-232-			markiventerprise
NAME OF REQUESTOR'S	EPERSON ATIV			AULIELZU	COL
ADORESS 301 Exch	mge Bouler		, viej		
CONTRACTOR	ter, New Yo		ZIP COOE 1	4608	
785-232-17	760	FAX 585-232~7	7220	E-MAIL business	onsulting@emsil.c
MAME OF REQUESTOR'S	COMBULTANT	Mary Joy Delco	inte Tritech		200 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02
ADDRESS 1100 Uni	versity Av		ALLEGA		
CITY/TOWN Rochest	er, New Yo	rk	ZIP CODE 14	1607	
PHONE 585-256-621	.1	FAX 585-256-6	244	EMAL mdelconte	@tritechehs.com
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ADDRESS 300 Band	ch and Los				
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585-258-28	29	FAX 585-258-2	821	EMAL trichmans	mderbergkessier.
THE REQUESTOR MUST CI CHECKING ONE OF THE B	EKTIPY THAT IT I COCES BELOW:	S EITHER A PARTICIPAL	NT OR VOLUNTEER IN ACCO		
PARTICIPANT A requester who either 1) was of featedous wants or disches requestible for the contember of sweezelds, operation of, or	ign of potesions or ion, unless the liabil	2) is otherwise a parson	XI VOLUMENTAL A requester other than a particle as a round of ownership, open disposal of hazanious weste or	tion of or involvement with the	on liability arises solely sale subsequent to the
	discharge of patrole		MOTE: By checking this ber appropriate case with sespect to remonship steps to: I) stop any release, and M) provent or limits any previously released has	n the hexaplose waste famil e continuing distances; (i) prove it haven, egylronnesial, er ma	t the facility by taking
Requestor Relationship to Prop					
	Current Owner	2 Potential /Future Pos			_ 1
If sequester is not the site over (Note: proof of site access ma	ict, stripstater will he at be submitted for a	ive access to the property (f htm-councis)	roughout the BCP project.	□ Yes	□ №

SITE/PROPERTY NAME: Monoco Oil Site	·		·····			·/
ADDRESS/LOCATION 75 Monroe Avenue	CITY/TOWN	Pittsfor	d, NY	ZIP C	ODE 145	34
MUNICIPALITY(IF MORE THAN ONE, LIST ALL):						
Town of Pittsford /	Village	of Pitts	sford			
COUNTY Monroe	SITE SIZE (ACRES) 6.0	acres T	own/1.5	acres '	Village
LATITUDE (degrees/minutes/seconds) 43"05'32.94N		LONGITUDE	(degrees/minu	tes/seconds)	77"31'1	2.94W
HORIZONTAL COLLECTION METHOD: GPS Carrier Pl	nase	HORIZONTA	L REFERENC	E DATUM;	151.17	
FOR EACH PARCEL, FILL OUT THE FOLLOWING TAX MAP INFO	RMATION (ii	more than three	parcels, attach	additional ini	(ormation)	
Percel Address 75 Monroe Avenue	P	arcel No	Section No.	Block No.	Lot No.	Acreage
Town Parcel (Only 1 Address)		151	17	3	3	6
Village Parcel		151	18	1	51	1.5
·						
1. Do the site boundaries correspond to tax map metes and	i bounds?			•	ΣY	es 🗆 No
If no, please attach a metes and bounds description of					- I	22 17 140
2. Is the required site map attached to the application? (ap		ill not be proc	cssed withou	rut site mar) (M Y	es 🗆 No
3. Is the site part of a designated En-zone pursuant to Tax				•	ΠY	
For more information go to:		•				
http://www.nylovesbiz.com/Productivity_Energy_and_Env	ironnænt/Bi	rownField_Re	developmer	nt/default.a	sp	
If yes, identify area (name)					<u>.</u>	
□50% □100% of the site is in the En-zone (check	cone)					
SITE DESCRIPTION NARRATIVE:						
Former Oil Depot and Asphalt Depot. Cocased in the year 2000. See More Def					e oper <i>e</i>	tion
List of Existing Easements (type here or attach information	n)	•••• <u>•</u>				
Easement Holder	Des	cription				
Conrail Formerly New York Central Railroad	Rai	lroad Ri	ght-of-W	ay		
List of Permits Relating to the Proposed Site (type here or	attach infon	mation)		·	······································	
Type Issuing Agency	Des	cription				
Nor	te					
	•					<u> </u>
nitials of each Requestor: C.KD						

	OWNER'S NAME (Fdifferent from requester) Monoco Oil Company, Inc. (Debtor in Possession)		
	ADDRESS P.O. Box 365 Monroe Avenue		
Ì	CITY/TOWN Pittsford, New York ZIP CODE 14534		
	PHONE Unknown FAX Unknown E-MAIL Unknown		
	OPERATOR'S NAME (if different from requester or owner) No operation at this time Monoco Oil		•
	ADDRESS Is the Former Operator	•	
	CITY/TOWN Same Address ZIP CODE		
	PHONE FAX E-MAIL		
İ	If answering "yes" to any of the following questions, please provide an explanation as an attachment.		
Ī	1. Are any enforcement actions pending against the requestor regarding this site?	□Yes	CXNo
ı	2. Is the site subject to an existing order for the contamination?	EYes	□No
1	3. Is the requestor subject to an outstanding claim by the Spill Fund for this site?	□Yes —	DNo
l	4. Has the requestor violated any provision of ECL Article 27?	□Yes	Othio
ı	5. Has the requestor been previously denied entry to the BCP?	□Yes	Dano
l	6. Has the requestor committed a negligent or intentionally tortuous act regarding hazardous waste or petroleum?	□Yes	(XINo
ı	7. Has the requestor been convicted of a criminal offense that involves a violent felony, fraud, bribery, perjury, theft, or offense against public administration?	□Yes ·	DIN ₀
	8. Has the requestor knowingly falsified statements or concealed material facts in a matter related to the Department?	□Yes	No
	 Has the requestor, based on the provisions of ECL Article 27-1407 (or a similar provision of federal or state law), committed an act or failed to act, and such act or failure to act could be the basis for denial of a BCP appl 	☐Yes	DENO
ŀ	Tank committee on an arrange of and and another arrange of a second of a secon		
ļ			
I	1. Is the site listed on the National Priorities List?	□Yes	DiNo
	2. Is the site listed on the NYS Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites? If yes, please provide: Site # Class #	□Yes	DiNo
	3. Is the site subject to a permit under ECL article 27, title 9, other than an Interim Status facility? If yes, please provide: Permit type: EPA ID Number: Permit expiration date: Permit expiration date:	□Yes	DENO
4		E lYes	□No
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Klycs	□No
	rr 3es, brease broatne expansament as an amendment.		
ľ	Please attach a description of the project which includes the following components:		
	Purpose and scope of the project Estimated project schedule Development of a Mixed Use Project including Residential, Commercial and Retail consistent Town and Village master plan. Estimated star Spring 2007 with completion in Spring 2009 See More Detailed Description Attached	with	

^{*} See Attached Letter

Materials: Standard Pr environmental reports	orts See Atta stal site assessment ractice for Environ s related to contam	ached Supplemen t report prepared in acco imental Site Assessment inants on or emanating	tal Information ordance with ASTM E 1: ts: Phase I Environments	527 (American Society al Site Assessment Pro	ocess), and all
2. Sampling Data: Indic				······································	
Contaminant Category	Soil	Groundwater	Surface Water	Sediment	Soil Gas
Petroleum	X	x			
Chlorinated Solvents	х	х			-
Other VOCs	x	х		· — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SVOCs	x	X			
Metals		***	<u> </u>		
Pesticides			-		
PCBs					-
Other*					-
*Please describe: See	attached Su	pplement informa	ation		_1
3. Suspected Contamins				av have been affected	
Contaminant Category	Soil	Groundwater	Surface Water	Sediment	Soil Gas
Petroleum	x	Х	T		
Chlorinated Solvents	ж	X	1		
Other VOCs	x	Х			
SVOCs	x	X			+
Metals			 		-
Pesticides					
PCBs					-
Other*					-
*Picase describe: See	attached Sur	polemental Infor			
4 INDICATE KNOWN OR SI					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Above Ground Pipeline or Ta			Underground Pipeline or Tani		: Discharge
Routine Industrial Operations Adjacent Property	_ `		Septic tank/lateral field Foundry Sand	Drums or Storag	ge Containers
Coal Gas Manufacture			Poundry Sand Unknown	Electroplating	
Other Former Oil V			- Онилоти		-
5. INDICATE PAST LAND US	SES:				
Coal Gas Massafacturing	Manufacturing	Agricultural Co-op	Dry Cleaner	Salvage Yard D	Buik Plant
Dripeline 3	Service Station	Clandfill	□ _{Tannery} □	Electroplatine Dr	Unknown
Other Former Liquid	<u>l Asphalt an</u>	d Petroleum Fue	1 Major Oil Sto	rage Facility	
A list of previous owner li each previous owner li 7. Operators See Sec	ers with names, las isted. If no relation oction 5 in S ators with names, l	nship, put "none"). iupplemental Inf last known addresses an	telephone numbers (des	·	

Please attach, at a minimum, the names and addresses of the following:

See Attached

The chief executive officer and zoning board chairperson of each county, city, town and village in which the site is located.

Residents, owners, and occupants of the site and properties adjacent to the site.

Local news media from which the community typically obtains information.

The public water supplier which services the area in which the site is located.

Any person who has requested to be placed on the site contact list.

The administrator of any school or day care facility located on or near the site.

The location of a document repository for the project (e.g., local library). In addition, attach a copy of a letter sent to the

repository acknowledging that it agrees to act as the document repository for the site.

Current Use: Residential Commercial Recreational (check all that app	ly)	•
Intended Use: Unrestricted Di Residential El Commercial D Industrial		
Please check the appropriate box and provide an explanation as an attachment if appropriate. Provide a copy of classifications, comprehensive zoning plan designations, and/or current land use approvals.	the local	zoning
dassincations, comprehensive zoning plan designations, and/or current tand use approvais.	Yes .	No
1. Do current historical and/or recent development patterns support the proposed use? (See #12 below re: discussion of area land uses)	X)	
2. Is the proposed use consistent with applicable zoning laws/maps? See letters from Town/Villag	e []	
3. Is the proposed use consistent with applicable comprehensive community master plans, local waterfront revitalization plans, designated Brownfield Opportunity Area plans, other adopted land use plans?	Ø	Ö
4. Are there any Environmental Justice Concerns? (See §27-1415(3)(p)).	۵	
5. Are there any federal or State land use designations relating to this site?		K J
6. Do the population growth patterns and projections support the proposed use?	1.	
7. Is the site accessible to existing infrastructure?	1	0
8. Are there important cultural resources, including federal or state historic or heritage sites or Native American religious sites proximate to the site?	0	K)
9. Are there important federal, state or local natural resources, including waterways, wildlife refuges, wetlands, or critical habitats of endangered or threatened species proximate to the site?	X I	
10. Are there floodplains proximate to the site?		K O
11. Are there any institutional controls currently applicable to the site?		10
12. Describe on attachment the proximity to real property currently used for residential use, and to urban, comme agricultural, and recreational areas. See Attached	rcial, ind	lustrial,
13. Describe on attachment the potential vulnerability of groundwater to contamination that might migrate from t proximity to wellhead protection and groundwater recharge areas. See Attached	he site, i	ncluding
14. Describe on attachment the geography and geology of the site. See Attached		

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Section VII. Site's Environmental History Supplemental Information

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NYSDEC Brownfield Application 75 Monroe Avenue, Pittsford, NY

Section VII. Site's Environmental History Supplemental Information

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Attachments

Figures

Figure 1: USGS 7.5 Minute Topographical Map Figure 2: Site Tax Map (Village of Pittsford) Figure 3: Site Tax Map (Town of Pittsford)

Figure 4. Site Drawing

Appendices

Appendix A: Site Photographs and Prior Drawings

Appendix B: Aerial Photographs (1994, 1980, 1971, 1966 and 1958)

Appendix C: Summary of Petroleum Tank Storage
Appendix D: Detailed Summary of Abstracts of Title
Appendix E: Summary of EPA Remedial Action

Appendix F: Summary of Historical Soil and Groundwater Sampling and Analyses

1. GENERAL

A complete Phase I Environmental Site Assessment ("Phase I ESA") report dated February 15, 2005 (ie, completed in conformance with ASTM Standard 1527-00) was submitted to the NYSDEC at the preliminary Brownfield Application meeting on February 23, 2005 held at the NYSDEC, Region 8 offices in Avon, New York. To the extent necessary, it will be updated by obtaining any additional information not previously available at the time of the Phase I ESA, as it may relate to future investigative and remedial efforts at the Site.

Pertinent information from the Phase I ESA related to addressing the questions in Section VII of the Brownfield Application (ie, Site's Environmental History) is discussed in the following sections, including attached Figures and Appendices.

All documentation obtained and reviewed, which is the basis for statements in the Phase I ESA and/or Section VII of the Brownfields Application, "Site's Environmental History", will be made available upon request.

2. LOCATION AND LEGAL DESCRIPTION

The Site is located at 75 Monroe Avenue in the Town and Village of Pittsford, Monroe County, New York 14534, encompasses approximately 7.5 acres and includes 1 building structure (see Figures 1-3 and photographs in Appendix A and aerial photographs in Appendix B). The Site encompasses 2 tax parcels that are generally irregular in shape. According to Town of Pittsford, the Town Tax Parcel is zoned commercial. According to the Village of Pittsford, the Village Tax Parcel is zoned category B-4, Canal waterfront business district.

The Tax Identification Numbers associated with the Site are indicated in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Tax Parcel Summary

Tax Parcel Number	Address	Size (acres)
151-17-3-3 Town of Pittsford	75 Monroe Avenue	6.0
151.18-1-51 Village of Pittsford	75 Monroe Avenue	1.5
	Total Acreage	7.5

2.1 Site and Vicinity Characteristics

The Site is located on Monroe Avenue, a main thoroughfare running East/West in the Town and Village of Pittsford. The Site elevation is approximately 478 feet based on United States Geologic Survey digital elevation data dated 2002. The Site area is generally flat. The local area slopes moderately from North/South and West/East with changes in elevation or topographic relief: increasing approximately 32 feet within a 1/2 mile radius South of the Site; decreasing approximately 53 feet within a ½ mile radius North of the Site; decreasing approximately 40 feet with ½ mile radius West of the Site; and decreasing approximately 20 feet within a ½ mile radius East of the Site. The Erie Canal is

immediately adjacent and North of the Site (ie, approximately 20 feet horizontally and 30 feet vertically).

Groundwater monitoring wells were and are currently located on-Site. No drinking water wells are located on-Site. Water wells are located within ¼ mile of the Site, and 1 public drinking water well is located greater than ¼ and less than ½ mile Southeast, generally up gradient from the Site.

The local area is a mix of commercial, municipal and residential properties.

2.2 Descriptions of Structures, Roads, and Other Improvements at the Site

The Site was first developed in the mid 1920s. The Site included operations involving petroleum storage and distribution in the early 1930s through approximately 1980 when the Site was reconfigured to storage and distribution of liquid asphalt, and fertilizer during the mid 1980s. Subsequent to the mid 1980s, the handling of petroleum products ceased with the exception of the storage of fuel for Site boiler systems, machines/equipment and vehicles. Rail lines were assumed to be constructed along the South part of the Site during the mid-1960s. Site operations ceased in the year 2000.

Approximately 25 petroleum/liquid asphalt tanks were previously located at the Site (see Summary of Petroleum Tank Storage in Appendix C).

The Site included various building structures including: a main building (ie, included a boiler, asphalt testing laboratory, storage area and office), a garage and structures over loading bay areas located on the Eastern part of the Site, in the area of the Village of Pittsford Tax Parcel; and 25 petroleum/asphalt storage tanks, 2 tank farm buildings, an oil water separator "API separator", boiler and equipment buildings located on the Western part of the Site, in the area of the Town of Pittsford Tax Parcel.

During the year 2000, the former garage was demolished, the storage tank near the Main Building and piping were dismantied and disposed of. During November 2002, the dismantling and removal of 7 aboveground storage tank, oil water separator and related piping, equipment and maintenance buildings commenced. When EPA arrived on-Site in April 2003, the entire terminal had already been demolished.

The Site currently includes only the main building located on the Village of Pittsford Tax Parcel. The area surrounding the building and along the length of the bio-cell is paved.

The Site maintained an oil water separator system for the purpose of collecting storm water runoff from the tank farm. A SPDES permit was in place covering the direct discharge of water to a nearby stream during operation of the Site. Various pipelines were uncovered during previous Site investigations and remedial activities. Rochester Gas and Electric supplies gas and electric to the Site. Monroe County supplies potable water to the Site.

2.3 Geology and Hydrogeology

Surface and shallow soil textures and types generally consist of silt loam, loamy fine sand and channery silt loam. Deeper soil types generally consist of silt loam, fine sand, silty clay, unweathered bedrock, very channery loam and gravel loam. The Site is not located in a flood plain.

Soils encountered during the previous Site investigations included fill deposit soils, ranging from 1.7 feet to 13 feet below ground surface, consisting of dark brown sand and gravel, with some wood, concrete, and metal debris, to red, gray, and red-brown mottled course to fine sand and gravel. A lacustrine soil deposit underlying the fill soil deposit consists of light brown, medium to fine sand, trace silt to gray medium to fine sand. An approximate 1 to 2 foot layer of brown and dark brown peat was encountered within the lacustrine deposit.

Groundwater is flowing generally North towards the Erie Barge Canal. However, no groundwater flow surveys were in records reviewed. Based upon our review of subsurface investigations previously performed at the Site, depth to groundwater is variable, generally ranging from 7.34 to 20.34 feet below ground surface.

Groundwater monitoring wells previously installed at the Site include MW1 through MW10. Soil borings previously drilled at the Site include GP1 through GP16. Groundwater monitoring wells MW1, MW4, MW5 and MW6, and soil borings GP3 through GP9 were damaged or destroyed during the demolition of storage tanks and facility structures during October through November 2002.

Twenty-one (21) test pits (ie, TP201 through TP221) were excavated as part of the Site closure investigation in February 2002. Further, 12 geoprobe borings were advanced including GQ101 through GQ111, and GQ107A. Groundwater monitoring wells were installed in borings GQ101 through GQ111.

Based upon our Site visit, the following groundwater monitoring wells are present on-Site: MW3, MW7 through MW10, and MW105 through MW108. The integrity of these wells and suitability for future Site investigations is currently not known.

3. PAST USES AT THE SITE AND SURROUNDING AREA

The Site was first developed in the mid 1920s. Site operations involved petroleum storage and distribution in the early 1930s through approximately 1980 when the Site was reconfigured to storage and distribution of liquid asphalt for major highway paving projects, and fertilizer during the mid 1980s, as a result of the impact of availability of natural gas. Subsequent to the mid 1980s, the handling of petroleum products ceased with the exception of the storage of fuel for Site boiler systems, machines/equipment and vehicles. Monoco Oil Company, Inc.'s business was primarily focused on accepting, testing, heating and distributing asphalt for customers of Warden Asphalt located in Pennsylvania.

Based upon our review of the Abstract of Title, rail lines were assumed to be constructed along the South part of the Site during the mid-1960s. Site operations ceased in February 2000.

The Abstracts of Title for the Site covered ownership and recordings regarding the Site from 1823 to August 26, 2004. Private and non-private recordings are summarized in Table 2 below.

A more detailed summary of the Abstracts of Title for the Site is included in Appendix D. Surrounding areas were previously used for residential, agricultural, commercial and municipal purposes.

Table 2. Summary of Abstract of Title

Table El Collinary Ol Abi		Time of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Entity	Organization Type	Type of Conveyance	Date
Individuals	N/A	Warranty Deed	1823-1930
Tide Water Oil Sales Corporation	Petroleum Stor- age and Distribution	Warranty Deed	1930
Tide Water Oil Company	Petroleum Stor- age and Distribution	Warranty Deed	1934
Tide Water Associated Oil Company	Petroleum Stor- age and	Warranty Deed	1936
(Note: EPA Pollution Report Dated June 3, 2003 Indicates that Getty Oil Purchased Tide Water Oil in 1953)	Distribution		
Monroe Coal & Oil, Inc./Monoco Oil Com- pany, Inc. (Gary Hurwitz, Norman Hurwitz, Raymond Hurwitz and Max Gu- mer (Former Stock Holder))	Petro- leum/Asphalt Storage and Dis- tribution	Warranty Deed	1967 (Filed Bankruptcy Chapter 11 in November 2002)
New York Central Rail- road Company (n/k/a) Conrail	Railroad Transportation	Bargain and Sale Deed	1967
Penn Central Transportation Company (n/k/a) Conrail	Railroad Transportation	Bargain and Sale Deed	1973

3.1 Past Uses of Hazardous Substances/Petroleum Products and Disposal Practices

3.1.1 General

Approximately 25 petroleum and/or liquid asphalt tanks and associated piping were present at the Site over the course of Monoco's ownership and operation of the Site, amounting to an approximate 12,800,700-gallon capacity. Prior to 1970, petroleum products were off-loaded from canal barges. Subsequent to 1970, petroleum products were delivered by railcar. Liquid nitrate fertilizer was stored in bulk quantities (le, 2 tanks) during the mid-1980s. This storage was discontinued subsequent to the discovery of minor leaks from one of the tanks.

The Site was a large quantity generator of hazardous waste (ie, EPA Identification Number NYD045606183).

A summary of tank numbers, contents, sizes, types, material of construction and installation dates is summarized in Table 3 below.

Table 3. Summary of Former Petroleum/Asphalt Storage Tanks

Tank No.	Tank Contents	Size (gallons)	UST/AST	Material of Construction	Year Installed
1	Asphalt	1,500,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1968
2	Asphalt	850,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1968
3	Asphalt	850,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel/ Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic	12/1968
4	Asphalt	2,200,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1970
5	Asphalt	2,200,000	AST	Steel Carbon/ Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic	12/1970
6	Asphalt	4,700,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel/ Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic	12/1974
7	Asphalt	150,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1980
8	Asphalt	112,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1980
9	Fuel Oil	4,200	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1988
10	Fuel Oil	10,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1895
11	Fuel Oil	4,000	AST	FRP Coated Steel	12/1985

Table 3. Summary of Former Petroleum/Asphalt Storage Tanks (Contd.)

Tank No.	Tank Con- tents	Size (gallons)	UST/AST	Material of Construction	Year Installed
12	Gasoline	4,000	UST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
13	Fuel Oil	10,000	UST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
14	Unknown	20,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
15	Unknown	20,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
16	Fuel Oil	20,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
17	Unknown	30,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
18	Unknown	30,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
19	Unknown	25,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
20	Unknown	25,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
21	Unknown	22,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1974
22	Fuel Oil	3,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
23	Fuel Oil	10,000	AST	Steel Carbon	12/1970
24	Fuel Oil	500	AST	Carbon Steel	11/1991
25	Fuel Oil	1,000	AST	Carbon Steel	11/1992

Storage tanks, an oil/water separator and related piping, equipment and maintenance buildings were removed from the Site during October through November 2002.

Tidewater Petroleum operated 2 underground gasoline/diesel tanks in the area of the March 1999 oil spill, where aboveground Tank Numbers 2 and 3 were located.

Storage tanks were constructed over compacted gravel, and the porosity of this material is suspected to have allowed an unknown amount of product to seep under the tanks and in surrounding soil.

3.2 Site Spill Records

On May 22, 1985, a spill of ammonium nitrate fertilizer from an aboveground storage tank (ie, NYSDEC Spill #8500734, unknown quantity) resulting from a "pin hole" in the tank was reported to the NYSDEC. Groundwater was indicated as affected. This spill was closed by the NYSDEC on June 1, 1986.

On June 23, 1990, the NYSDEC was notified that the nearby residential district had lodged complaints regarding significant odor from transfer activities of "non-PCB" oil (ie, NYSDEC Spill #9003377) at the Site. This spill was closed by the NYSDEC on June 23, 1990.

On November 13, 1993, the NYSDEC and Fire Department responded to a reported spill of waste oil (ie, NYSDEC Spill #9310051, unknown quantity) throughout a pipe area

near the railroad crossing, due to poor housekeeping. The affected area was repaired and corrective action was taken and the spill was closed by the NYSDEC on March 29, 1995.

On December 9, 1997, the NYSDEC was notified regarding on-going problems with significant odor from the transfer of liquid product (ie, NYSDEC Spill #9710316). This spill was closed by the NYSDEC on December 9, 1997.

On October 25, 2000, a spill of #6 fuel oil (ie, NYSDEC Spill #0070450) from above-ground storage tank piping near groundwater monitoring well MW-4 (ie, in the area of the former location of aboveground storage tank #1) during demolition activities involving the removal of old piping. The spill (ie, approximately 30 gallons) ran in the direction of the Erie Canal. Impacted soil and vegetation was removed. A pile of soil was observed in this approximate location and is potentially associated with excavation activities completed as a result of this spill. The NYSDEC spill record was indicated as last being updated on November 11, 2000, and remains open.

3.2.1 EPA Region II Spill Response

EPA responded to a #6 fuel oil spill of approximately 6,000 – 8,000 gallons in the containment area surrounding Tank Numbers 2 and 3 that occurred at the Site on March 8, 1999, and releases of oil that occurred over the course of 40 years causing widespread Site soli contamination and impacts to the Erie Barge Canal Immediately adjacent to the Site. The March 1999 spill was reportedly caused as a result of ice falling from the side of a large asphalt tank onto a ¾ inch #2 fuel oil line that serviced boilers that heated asphalt tanks on-Site. The pipe ruptured and #2 fuel oil entered the secondary containment area for the asphalt tank farm. Due to significant accumulations of snow and ice from blizzard conditions, the nature and extent of the release did not become apparent for several days. Monoco Oil Company notified its insurance carrier, Travelers Property Casualty of the incident.

The spill was first noticed on March 7 or 8, 1999, and was reported to the NYSDEC on March 21, 1999. The NYSDEC inspected the Site and determined that the March 1999 spill was #2 fuel oil rather than #6 fuel oil. EPA's remediation activities began in April 2003 and included excavation of impacted soil and on-Site bioremediation of approximately 20,000 cubic yards of contaminated soil. Extraction wells were installed to remove any oil that may have accumulated in subsurface rock layers beneath the Site. The project was proposed to be completed in a 12 to 18 month time-frame.

EPA's response and remedial activities were primarily addressing impacts to soil in the area of the Town of Pittsford Tax Parcel. Extensive groundwater sampling and analyses was not completed as part of their response and remedial activities, with the exception of removing and disposing of impacted groundwater encountered during excavation activities in the area of the March 1999 spiil and oil water separator system removal where the most significant soil and groundwater contamination was identified. EPA generated 22 Pollution Reports and a Summary of EPA Remedial Action is included in Appendix E.

EPA's Pollution Report dated July 4, 2003 indicated that contaminated soil was screened at 400 total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH). Contaminated soil screened at levels above 400 TPH were staged on-Site and disposed of off-Site. Contaminated soil

screened at 400 TPH and below was deposited into the various bio-cells (ie, 4) on-Site. Approximately 15,000 tons of contaminated soil was placed in the bio-cells constructed on-Site. Approximately 1,213 tons of contaminated soil was disposed of off-Site.

A 17% moisture rate was maintained in the bio-cells, and chemicals and nutrients were tilled into soil, and irrigated weekly beginning in August 2003 through October 2003. A permit to utilized canal water for bio-cell irrigation was obtained in July 2003. EPA's Pollution Report dated July 1, 2004 indicated that 90% of remedial activities were complete with a few hundred tons of contaminated soil to be screened and placed in the bio-cells.

According to EPA's Poliution Report dated July 16, 2004, analyses of soil samples (ie, approximately 28) indicated that the average TPH concentration (ie, parts per million or ppm) was 450 TPH, representing a reduction of 60 to 80% since the project began. EPA indicated that a final report indicating more detailed information, including analytical data would not be available until some time at the end of the first quarter 2005 and that the concentrations of TPH in the bio-cell area should be low enough so that the Site can be redeveloped approximately around that time. EPA's Pollution Report dated October 12, 2004 indicates that follow-up sampling will take place in the Spring of 2005.

3.3 Previous Site Investigations

A summary of all analytical data within records reviewed is included in Appendix F.

3.3.1 March 1999 Oil Spill (Former Area of Tank Numbers 2 and 3)

Analyses of groundwater collected from MW3 during the year 1999 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil. Analyses of groundwater collected from MW2 and MW3 during the years 1991 through 1999 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 3 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. During the year 2000, bio-culture was added to groundwater in MW3. Analyses of groundwater collected from MW3 during the years 2001 and 2002 indicated the presence of volatile organic compounds up to 1 order of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to MW2 and MW3.

Analyses of groundwater collected from MW5 during the year 1999 and 2000 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel and #6 fuel oil. Analyses of groundwater during the year 1995 (ie, MW5 only) and 1999 from MW5 and MW6 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 4 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to MW5 and MW6.

Analyses of groundwater collected from GP1 during the year 1999 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of lube oil/hydraulic oil, and in the year 2000, #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel. During the year 2000, bio-culture was added to groundwater in GP1. Analyses of groundwater collected from GP1 during the years 1999 and 2002 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 4 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Analyses of groundwater collected from GP1 during the year 2001 and 2002 indicated the presence of volatile organic compounds up

to 2 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to GP1.

Analyses of soil and groundwater collected from GP2 during the year 1999 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil, and during the year 2000, indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel. No other analyses were obtained relative to boring GP2. During the year 2000, bio-culture was added to groundwater in GP2.

White bailing groundwater from GP10 (ie, 3 different days), prior to sampling, a layer of free phase oil approximately 1.5 inches in thickness was observed. Analyses of groundwater collected from GP10 during the year 2000 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel. During the year 2000, bio-culture was added to groundwater in GP10. Analyses of groundwater collected from GP10 during the year 2002 indicated the presence of volatile organic compounds up to 2 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to boring GP10.

Analyses of soil collected from CS1 and CS2 during the year 1999 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel, and the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds within an order of magnitude of NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses was obtained relative to boring CS1 and CS2.

Analyses of soil collected from CS4 through CS6 during the year 1999 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil. Soil analyses collected from CS3 during the year 1999 did not indicate the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons. No other analyses were obtained relative to borings CS3 through CS6.

Analyses of soil collected from GQ109 through GQ111 during the year 2001 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 1 order of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to borings GQ109 through GQ111.

Analyses of soil from TP203 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 2 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Analyses of soil from TP203 during the year 2001 did not indicate the presence of volatile organic compounds above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to TP203.

Analyses of soil from TP208, TP209 and TP211 during the year 2001 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 1 order of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to TP208, TP209 and TP211.

The location of test pits TP222 through TP224 was not available at the time of this Phase I ESA, but are assumed to be located within the former bulk petroleum storage area or bioceil area. Analyses of soil collected from TP222 and TP223 during the year 2002 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of diesel fuel, and volatile and semi-volatile organic compounds up to 2 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Analyses of groundwater collected from TP222 during

the year 2002 indicated the presence of volatile organic compounds up to 1 order of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to TP222 through TP224.

EPA's spill response activities included the excavation of soil down to 20 feet below ground surface. Groundwater mixed with petroleum material bubbled into the excavation pit. Between 2,500 and 3,000 gallons of #6 heating oil was recovered and disposed of. Approximately 21,000 gallons of water with a 3-inch oil phase and 12,000 tons of contaminated soil were removed beginning on April 28, 2003, and disposed of.

EPA's May 8, 2003 report indicates that a 2,000-gallon underground storage tank with holes was uncovered that was completely filled with asphalt concrete and thick oil. This UST was found in the area of the March 1999 spill, near the former location of above-ground Tank Numbers 2 and 3. When excavating during June 2003, in response to the March 1999 spill, a different type of contamination was identified and determined to be aged gasoline and assumed to be associated with 2 underground gasoline/diesel tanks known by EPA to be formerly located on-Site when "Tidewater Petroleum" owned the Site (ie, approximately 1930 to 1967).

EPA's Pollution Report dated June 3, 2004 Indicates Tidewater Petroleum as a potentially responsible party relative to contamination found in Site soil and groundwater.

EPA's Pollution Report dated May 20, 2004 indicated that the concrete pad that formerly housed the #6 fuel oil tank was removed.

3.3.2 Underground Piping and Storage Tanks

EPA's Pollution Report dated May 8, 2003 indicates that 2 underground pipelines (ie, 1, 16", 100 linear feet) completely filled with asphalt cement was excavated and staged on-Site for disposal.

EPA's Pollution Report dated May 8, 2003 Indicated that a 2,000 gallon underground storage tank with holes containing a few tons of asphalt concrete and thick oil in the area of the March 1999 oil spill (ie, near Tank Numbers 2 and 3) was excavated, including contaminated soil and staged on-Site for disposal.

EPA's Pollution Report dated June 3, 2003 indicated that 2 underground gasoline/diesel tanks were located in the area of the March 1999 oil spill during the time that "Tidewater Petroleum" owned the Site (ie, from approximately 1930 to 1967).

EPA's Pollution Report dated July 4, 2003 indicated that a 6' diameter culvert pipe chase under the "in-plant roadway" running from the railcar loading area to the "#6 fuel oil tank" (ie, product and piping was disposed of off-Site in approximately September 2003), 100 later specified as 70 feet of "terra cotta" drain piping filled with asphalt cement (ie, removed and disposed of some time in August 2004), 2 sumps and a valve house were uncovered during remedial activities. These objects were excavated, staged on-Site and disposed of.

EPA's Pollution Report dated May 20, 2004 indicated that a buried pipeline was unearthed, originating 15 feet down, towards the West of the Site near the North berm. This pipe comes up vertically and makes a 90-degree turn into the berm of the Canal,

near the water level of the canal. EPA left this pipeline in place, as it appeared empty and leaving it in place "eliminated opening a flood-gate from the Canal".

EPA's Pollution Report dated July 1, 2004 indicated that a 8" corrugated metal pipe that ran from the former oil water separator was determined to be a water pipe, and further efforts to trace this pipe were discontinued.

Pipe extensions, presumably the valve stems and piping located in near the tank car unloading area identified in EPA's Pollution Report dated July 1, 2004, were visible South of the Main Building near the location of existing drainage basins. EPA indicated that approximately 50 cubic yards of impacted soll in this area was excavated and placed in the bio-cells.

Piping was also observed in the Western part of the Site near the Canal, presumably the pipeline discussed in EPA's Pollution Report dated May 20, 2004 above.

An undated drawing was obtained from the Village of Pittsford that shows historical underground piping at the Site, including a pipeline that ran parallel to the railroad, to a point at the Southeast corner of the Site. A drawing dated 1930 was obtained from the Village of Pittsford that indicates that an "office and service station" was located in this area. There is some potential that underground storage tanks may have been or still are present in this area.

3.3.3 Former Oil/Water Separator and Discharge Area

Analyses of groundwater collected from the area of the oil/water separator discharge during 1999 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel and lube oil/hydraulic fluid.

Analyses of groundwater collected from the area of the oil/water separator discharge (ie, SPDES Outfall) during the years 1999 and 2002, indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 4 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM Groundwater Standards. Analyses of groundwater collected from groundwater monitoring well MW1, located in the area of the oil/water separator, during the years 1991 through 1999, indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 4 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM Groundwater Standards.

Analyses of groundwater collected from the discharge area and MW1 during the years 1999, and discharge area in the year 2002 did not indicate the presence of volatile organic compounds above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No analytical data was obtained as part of this Phase I ESA regarding concentrations of petroleum contaminants in associated soil.

During the year 2002, approximately 949 gallons of liquid (ie, 85% water and 15% #2 fuel oil) was removed from the entrance and middle cells of the oil/water separator and properly disposed of.

EPA's Pollution Report dated July 30, 2003 indicated that the foundation of the oil water separator was excavated and 5000 gallons of oil-contaminated water was uncovered. This water was placed in the bio-cell and the foundation was broken up and used as fill on-Site.

EPA's Pollution Report dated July 1, 2004 indicated that a wet sump was installed in the area of the former oil water separator, and approximately 200,000 gallons of contaminated water was collected and placed in a frac tank where oil was separated from the collected water. Oil that was separated was properly disposed of and water was deposited into the bio-cell.

3.3.4 Former Operations Area

Former operations involving rail car unloading and filling, loading, storage (ie, garage), weighing (ie, scale), product heating (ie, boilers) and administration (ie, main building) were located East of the main petroleum storage area or bio-cell area.

Soil borings placed in this area include GP3 through GP9, and GP11S, and GQ105 through GQ108. Groundwater monitoring wells placed in this area include MW4, and MW7 through MW10.

Groundwater sample analyses for MW4 during the years 1999 and 2000 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil and lube oil/hydraulic oil, respectively. Groundwater sample analyses for the years 1991 through 1999 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 4 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. During the year 2000, bio-culture was added to groundwater in MW4.

Groundwater analyses for MW7 during the years 1999 and 2000 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel and #6 fuel oil. Pure product was encountered during the year 2000 groundwater sampling event. During the year 2000, bio-culture was added to groundwater in MW7. Groundwater analyses completed in the years 2001 and 2002 indicated the presence of volatile organic compounds up to 1 order of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to this well.

Groundwater sample analyses for the year 1999 from MW8 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil, and in the year 2000 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel. During the year 2000, bio-culture was added to groundwater in MW8. No other analyses were obtained relative to this well.

Groundwater analyses for the years 2001 and 2002 from MW9 indicated that presence of a single volatile organic compound (ie, benzene) within 1 order of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Groundwater analyses for the year 2002 from MW9 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 3 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards.

Groundwater sample analyses for the year 1999 from MW10 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil. Groundwater sample analyses for the year 2001 from MW10 indicated the presence of a single volatile organic compound (le, benzene) within 1 order of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. No other analyses were obtained relative to this well.

Soil analyses for the year 1999 from GP3 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel. No other analyses were obtained relative to this boring.

Soil and groundwater sample analyses for the years 1999 and 2000 from GP4 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #2 fuel oil/diesel fuel, and in 1999 indicated total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil. No other analyses were obtained relative to this boring.

For the year 1999, groundwater analyses from GP6, and soil analyses from GP8 Indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons indicative of #6 fuel oil. Soil analyses for the year 1999 from GP8 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds slightly (ie, within an order of magnitude) above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Groundwater analyses for the year 1999 from GP5 and GP6 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 3 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards.

Soil analyses for the year 1999 from GP9 did not indicate the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons.

Soil sample analyses for the year 2001 from GQ105 through GQ108 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds slightly (ie, up to 1 order of magnitude for 5 constituents) above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Soil analyses for the year 2001 from GQ105 through GQ107 dld not indicate the presence of volatile organic compounds above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards.

Groundwater sample analyses for the year 2002 from GQ105 and GQ107 indicated the presence of volatile organic compounds up to 2 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Groundwater sample analyses for the year 2002 from GQ105 and GQ107 indicates the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 4 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards in GQ105 and up to 3 orders of magnitude above NSYDEC TAGM 4046 Standards in GQ107.

Documentation reviewed as part of this Phase I ESA, did not indicate that soil or ground-water sample analyses was generated relative to tanks formerly located around the Site building (ie, Tank Numbers 22, 23 and 25). Therefore, it is not known if petroleum impacts to subsurface soil and/or groundwater occurred historically.

3.3.5 Drums and Containers

In the year 2002, test pit TP206 (ie, West of the former petroleum storage area or biocell) revealed the presence of approximately 4.5 feet of petroleum-coated wood, plastic, glass, and metal debris, approximately 3 to 7.5 feet below ground surface.

EPA's Pollution Report dated August 11, 2003 indicated that an area in the "West end" of the Site, presumably the same area, was identified where "numerous 5 gallon pails of roofing tar, felt padding, driveway blacktop patch and other items" were discovered. This area was marked for further investigation and the NYSDEC was notified.

Analyses of soil collected from test pit TP206 during 2001 indicated the presence of semi-volatile organic compounds up to 2 orders of magnitude above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Analyses of soil from boring GQ104 during 2001 indicated the pres-

ence of semi-volatile organic compounds at concentrations slightly (ie, up to 1 order of magnitude for 2 constituents) above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards and did not indicate the presence of volatile organic compounds above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. Analyses of groundwater collected from GQ104 during 2001 indicated the presence of a single volatile organic compound (ie, benzene) slightly above the NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standard.

A pile of soil with overgrown vegetation was observed along the Northeast edge, outside of the bio-cell in the former area of groundwater monitoring well MW4. No information was available indicating the origination of this soil or whether this soil contains petroleum contaminants.

Approximately 6 drums with unknown contents (ie, unlabeled) were observed. No staining was observed in proximity to these drums.

An aboveground storage tank was observed at the North side of the bio-cell that was being utilized by the EPA in conjunction with operating machines/equipment relative to remediation activities. No staining was observed in proximity to this tank.

4. POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 Existing Groundwater Monitoring Wells

Groundwater monitoring wells present on-Site include MW3, MW7 through MW10, and MW105 through MW108. The integrity of these wells and suitability for future Site investigations is currently not known. We recommend that these wells be examined to determine their suitability for future Site investigations.

There is significant potential that soil and groundwater in areas East of the biocell, primarily associated with the Village of Pittsford Tax Parcel, remain impacted above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. We recommend that confirmatory soil and groundwater sampling and analyses for petroleum contaminants be conducted relative to this area.

4.2 Biocell Area

Activity and use limitations may exist relative to bio-cell area due to the presence of petroleum contaminants in soil. Reportedly, additional soil analyses to determine TPH reduction in the bio-cells was conducted by EPA in the Spring of 2005. The EPA indicated that the bio-cell area could be developed in the Spring of 2005. However, groundwater conditions within the biocell area are currently unknown. The NYSDEC spill files (ie, #0070450 and #9870590) relative the to the March 1999 spill area remain open. We recommend that groundwater sampling and analyses be conducted in this area to determine levels of petroleum contaminants, if any.

4.3 Underground Storage Tanks and Piping

There is significant potential that underground piping, and some potential that underground storage tanks remain on-Site, particularly within the area of the Village of Pittsford Tax Parcel. Further, there is some potential that product may be contained in underground piping and tanks on-Site, and that soil and groundwater associated with such underground piping and tanks may have been impacted. We recommend that a geophysical study and excavation be conducted at the Site to determine the presence of underground piping and storage tanks, and that soil and groundwater sampling and analyses for petroleum contaminants be conducted relative to any piping and/or tanks encountered. Further, we recommend that the Site building be demolished prior to subsurface investigations, as several tanks were located in close proximity to the Site building, and it is likely that 1 or 2 underground tanks remain in this general area.

4.4 Former Oil Water Separator Area

There is some potential that petroleum contaminants in soil and groundwater associated with the oil/water separator and discharge area remain above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. We recommend that confirmatory soil and groundwater sampling and analyses for petroleum contaminants be conducted relative to these areas.

4.5 Drums and Containers

It is likely that buried drums and containers remain at the West end of the Site, and there is some potential that petroleum contaminants in soil and groundwater remain above NYSDEC TAGM 4046 Standards. We recommend that buried drums and containers in this area be removed and properly disposed of and that confirmatory soil and groundwater sampling and analyses for petroleum contaminants be conducted relative to this area.

The pile of soil observed along the Northeast edge, outside of the bio-cell in the former area of groundwater monitoring well MW4 may contain petroleum contaminants. We recommend that confirmatory soil samples be collected and analyzed to determine if off-Site disposal is required.

Based upon our Site visit, 6 drums with unknown contents (ie, unlabeled) were observed. We recommend that these drums be characterized and disposed of.

4.6 Asbestos-Containing Building Materials and Insulated Underground Piping

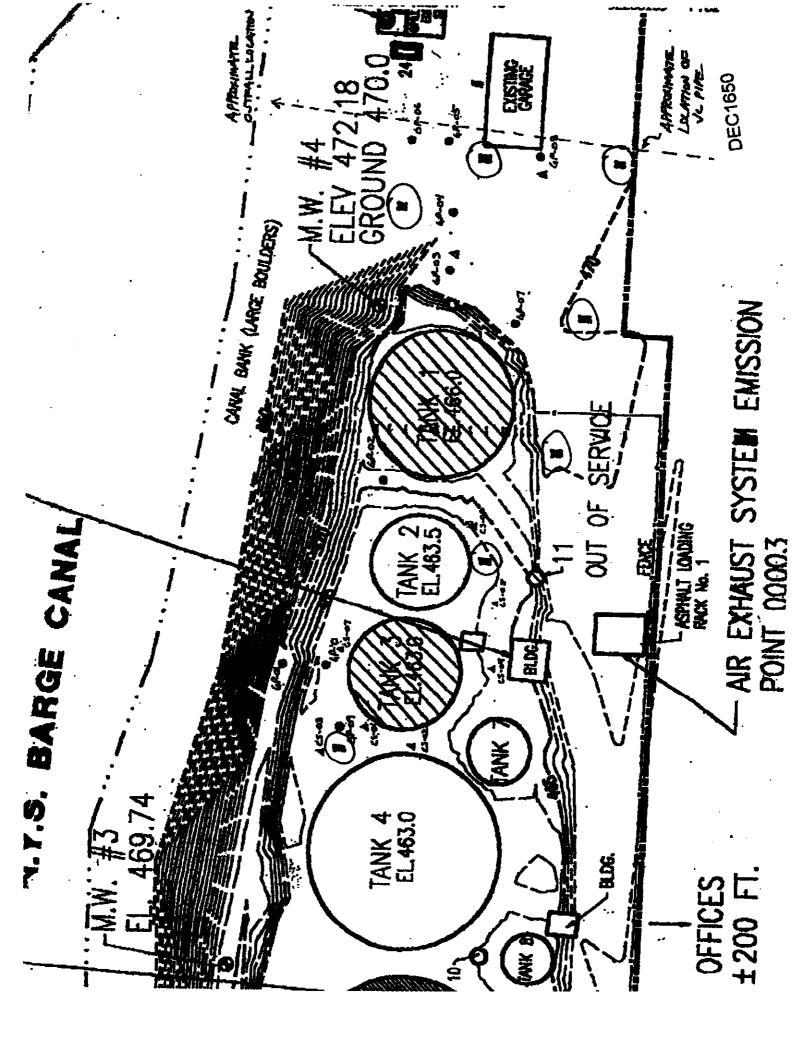
There is significant potential for building materials associated with the structure on-Site to be asbestos-containing. Suspected asbestos-containing materials could include: pipe insulation (ie, above and/or below ground) roofing shingles, tar, flashing, and patch; siding; flooring and mastic, wall board and joint material, and plaster. We recommend that a pre-demolition asbestos survey be conducted and that required abatement be completed prior to any demolition activities.

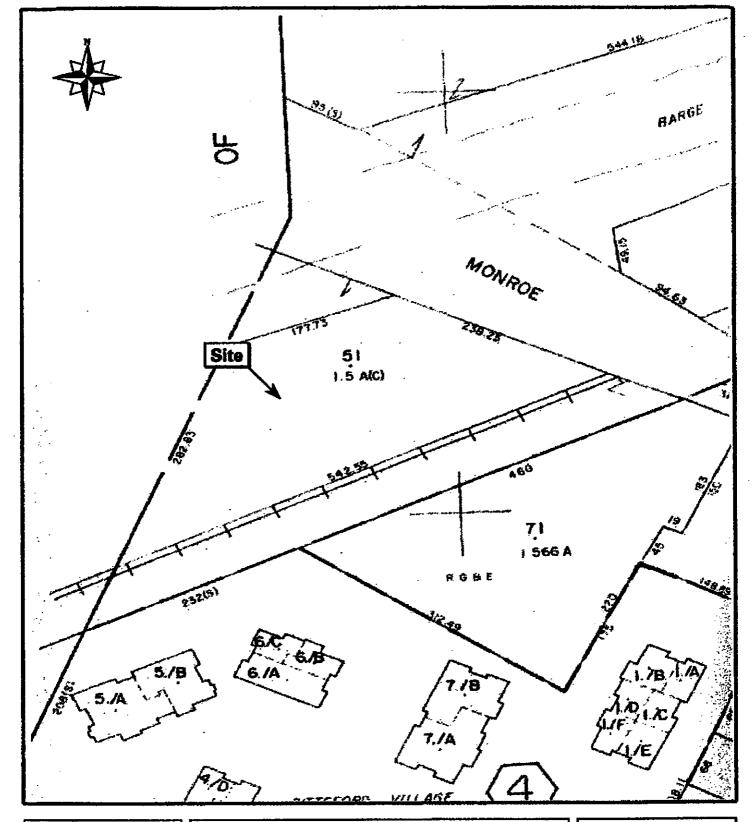
5. PREVIOUS OWNERS

A list of significant previous owners, available contact information and their relationship with the applicant is summarized in Table 4 below. Significant Operators are not known. However, previous owners identified below are assumed to have operated the Site.

Table 4. Summary of Previous Owners

Previous Owners Contact Information	Approximate Period of Ownership Relationship to the Applicant
Tidewater Oil Sales Corporation Tidewater Oil Company Tidewater Associated Oil Company Corporate Headquarters 1500 Hemstead Tumpike East Meadow, New York 11554 (516) 832 –8800	1930 - 1953 None
Getty Oil (Purchased Tidewater Oil in 1953) Corporate Headquarters 6305 NW Old Lower River Road Vancouver, WA 98660 (360) 693-1491	1953 - 1967 None
Raymond Hurwitz Monoco Oil Company f/k/a Monroe Coal & Oil, Inc. 75 Monroe Avenue Pittsford, New York 14534	1967 – 2002 (Filed Bankruptcy Chapter 11 in 2002) None
Raymond Hurwitz 6 Rambling Woods Pittsford, New York 14534 (585) 586-1296 (585) 507-3328	







1100 University Ave. Rochester, New York 14607 Tel: (585) 258-6211 Fax: (585) 258-6244

Figure 2

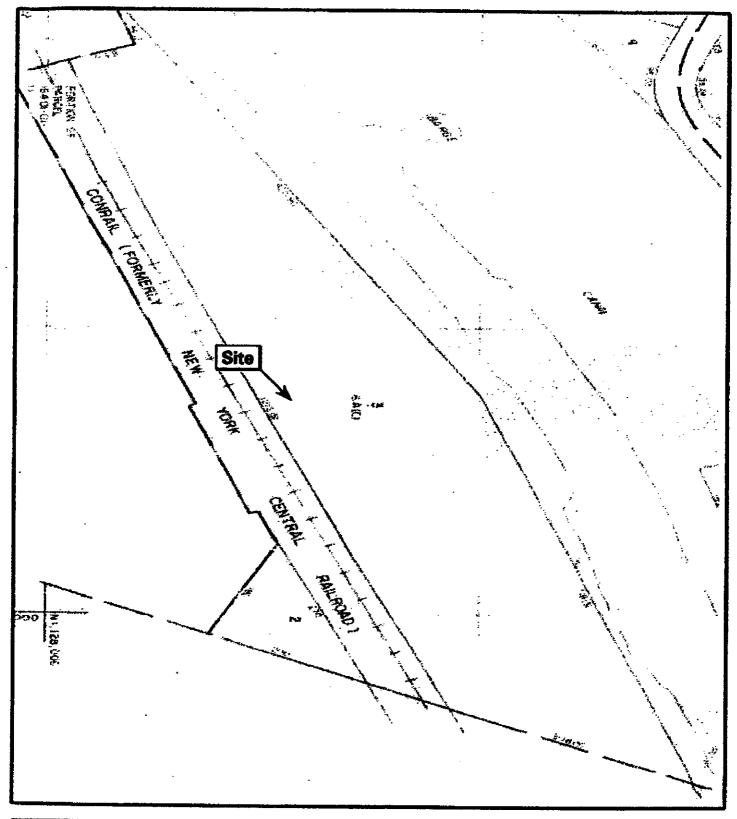
Tax Map 75 Monroe Avenue Pittsford, New York 14534 Tex ID: 151.18-1-51

Date: November 2004

Scale: None

Drawn by: AT

Map Source: Viliage of Pittsford/ Monroe County Tax Map





IFFIECH

1100 University Are. Rochester, New York 14607 Tel: (566) 256-6211 Fax: (565) 258-6244 Figure 3

Tax Map 75 Monroe Avenue Pittsford, New York 14534 Tax ID: 151.17-3-3 Date: November 2004

Scale: None

Drawn by: AT

Map Source: Town of Pittsford Monroe County Tax Map

SECTION VIII: CONTACT LIST INFORMATION

1.

- a. CHIEF EXECUTIVE
 - i. COUNTY OF MONROE: MAGGIE BROOKS, COUNTY EXECUTIVE
 - 39 WEST MAIN ST ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14614
 - ii. TOWN OF PITTSFORD: WILLIAM CARPENTER, SUPERVISOR 11 SOUTH MAIN ST, PITTSFORD, NEW YORK 14534
 - iii. VILLAGE OF PITTSFORD: BOB CORBY, MAYOR 21 NORTH MAIN STREET, PITTSFORD, NEW YORK 14534
- b. ZONING BOARD
 - i. COUNTY OF MONROE: TERRENCE SLAYBAUGH, PLANNING DIR
 - 39 WEST MAIN ST ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14614
 - ii. TOWN OF PITTSFORD: DAVID ROGACHEFSKY, CHAIRPERSON 11 SOUTH MAIN ST, PITTSFORD, NEW YORK 14534
 - iii. VILLAGE OF PITTSFORD: REMEJA MITCHELL, CHAIRPERSON 21 NORTH MAIN STREET, PITTSFORD, NEW YORK 14534
- 2. RESIDENTS AND OWNERS ADJACENT TO THE SITE
 - a. NEW YORK STATE CANAL CORPORATION
 - i. INTERCHANGE 23, RT. 9 W, ALBANY NY 12209
 - b. CONRAIL
 - i. 201 WEST MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103
 - c. SIXTY-SIX ASSOCIATES HALL (ACROSS MONROE AVE)
 - i. 4725 ST. TARES AVE, VERO BEACH FL 32967
- 3. DEMOCRAT AND CHRONICLE: NEWSPAPER
 - a. 55 EXCHANGE BLVD, ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14614
- 4. MONROE COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY
 - a. 475 NORRIS DRIVE, ROCHESTER, 14610
- 5. CONTACT LIST: NO RECORD AT TOWN OFFICES
- 6. PITTSFORD SUTHERLAND HIGH SCHOOL
 - a. PRINCIPAL: LIZ KONAR
 - i. 55 SUTHERLAND AVE, PITTSFORD, NY 14534
- 7. TOWN OF PITTSFORD: ATT: MS. MARJORIE SHELLY LIBRARY DIRECTOR
 - b. PITTSFORD COMMUNITY LIBRARY
 - c. 25 STATE STREET, PITTSFORD, NEW YORK 14534

SECTION IX LAND USE FACTORS

12. The site is bounded on the north New York State Canal Corporation land and the canal, on the east and south by the Conrail line and active rail line, on the west by Monroe Avenue, a State Highway.

The area surrounding the site is generally commercial in nature with an office park to the east of the railroad and commercial development immediately across Monroe Avenue to the north. The Barge Canal is used primarily for recreational purposes. The New York State department of Transportation has a depot along the canal immediately across the canal from the site

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Enforcement

Western Field Unit

270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14203-2999

Phone: (716) 851-7050 • FAX: (716) 851-7067

Website: www.dec.state.ny.us



FEB • 8 2006

February 7, 2006

Terry M. Richman, Esq. Underberg & Kessler 1800 Chase Square Rochester, New York 14604

Re:

State of New York v. Monoco Oil Company, Inc. et al. Index No. 99-10268

Dear Ms. Richman:

It is my understanding that you represent Mark IV Construction Co., Inc. which intends to develop through a related company, Pittsford Canal Property, LLC ("PCP"), the Monoco Oil Company, Inc. site which is the subject of the above litigation. You inquired whether PCP would be eligible to develop the site as a Volunteer under the Brownfield Cleanup Program ("BCP"). We discussed the fact that at present the site does not qualify as a brownfield site per Environmental Conservation Law ("ECL") §27-1405.2(e) since the site is the subject of the noted state enforcement action which is pending in New York State Supreme Court. This action has resulted in a judicial order requiring, among other things, that the defendants clean up the site and pay a \$100,000 civil penalty. It is my understanding that the defendants do not have the financial ability to perform the clean up or pay the civil penalty. Prior to exhausting the funds in a court-required escrow fund, the defendants did clean up part of the site. In addition, the United States Environmental Protection Agency spent over \$1,000,000 in cleaning up a significant portion of the site.

The Department ("DEC") and Assistant Attorney General ("AAG") Michael Myers who is prosecuting the case have discussed the appropriateness of the State requesting in light of the defendants' inability to pay that presiding Judge Frazee terminate the remedial portion of the Order so that the site would become eligible for the BCP. The State is willing to do so if the following sequence of events occurs:

• PCP applies for the BCP and signs a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement ("BCA")
committing it to performing a site investigation satisfactory to DEC;

- DEC reviews the application to determine if the site and PCP are otherwise eligible for the BCP.
- if the application is acceptable but for the remedial portion of Judge Frazee's Order, AAG
 Myers advises Judge Frazee that PCP is willing to foreclose on the property and presents
 to Judge Frazee a signed BCA which includes a commitment for the site investigation;
- AAG Myers advises Judge Frazee for the Department to accept PCP into the BCP and to sign the BCA, Judge Frazee must first terminate the remedial portion of the Order for the Department's action to be in compliance with ECL § 27-1405.2(e) and also advises Judge Frazee that the State has no objection to her doing so since the Order's defendants do not have the financial ability to perform the site's remedial program;
- Judge Frazee terminates the remedial portion of the Order; and
- DEC formally approves PCP's BCP application and signs the BCA.

AAG Myers would also advise Judge Frazee that the State recognizes that PCP is not committing to the site's remediation until after PCP reviews the results of the site investigation but the tax benefits under the BCP provide PCP with a powerful incentive to do so.

Please advise me if your client wishes to proceeded as noted above.

James Charles

Senior Attorney

truly yours.

JC:c:k H:C1237

cc: M. Myers

NEW YORK STATE

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM APPLICATION PITTSFORD CANALSIDE PROPERTIES LLC MONACO OIL SITE 75 MONROE AVE PITTSFORD, NY 14534

STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY

Monaco Oil Company, Inc., a corporation unrelated to the Applicant, operated the subject property for many years, with compliance issues. In 1999, a spill of 6,000 - 8,000 gallons of fuel oil occurred at the property ultimately entering the waters of the State Barge Canal. The USEPA performed a clean up of that spill. The State of New York brought an action in State Supreme Court to recover costs and to compel remediation. Monaco declared bankruptcy on November 18, 2002 and remains unable to reimburse the government or complete remedial activities at the site. Pittsford Canalside Properties, LLC intends to purchase the property and redevelop it. They are making this Brownfield application in order to conduct an environmental investigation within the Program. The US government and the State of New York have agreed to join with the Applicant in seeking to have State Supreme Court vacate the program ineligibility in the order.

PITTSFORD CANAL PROPERTIES LLC

301 EXCHANGE BLVD ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14608 585.232.1760

July 19, 2006

Ms. Marjorie Shelly
Library Director
Pittsford Community Library
24 State Street
Pittsford, NY 14534

RE: Confirmation of the Agreement of the Pittsford Community Library to become the Repository of Public Information for the Brownfield Cleanup Program associated with the Monaco Oil Site, 75 Monroe Avenue Pittsford, New York.

Dear Ms. Shelly:

I am writing to confirm that you have agreed to have the Pittsford Community Library located at 24 State Street Pittsford, New York become the location for the document repository associated with the Brownfield Cleanup Program administered by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation for the Monaco Oil Site located at 75 Monroe Avenue, Pittsford, New York.

Thank you for your willingness to have your library serve in this capacity. If you have any questions, please call me at you first convenience.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours

Timothy H. Poley Consulting Associate



To Whom It May Concern:

The Monaco property is a seven-acre parcel bounded by the Erie Canal, Monroe Avenue (NY Route 21) and the West Shore line of the CSX Railroad. The property straddles the boundary between the Village of Pittsford and Town of Pittsford. As mayor of the Village of Pittsford, I heartily endorse the proposal of Mark IV Development to redevelop the former Monaco property for residential use.

The commercial uses envisioned by the area's past commercial zoning are no longer practical. Because the Erie Canal has evolved into a prime regional resource, light industrial uses are no longer the highest and best use for one the community's last remaining undeveloped parcels located along the canal. Furthermore, the heavy traffic on Monroe Avenue combined with the site's awkward geometry, close proximity to a busy rail road grade crossing, and poor visibility preclude the development of a safe site entrance/exit for commercial truck and or motor vehicle traffic. Residential development will generate a substantially lower trip generation on the site than other commercial uses.

Residential use for the property was called for in the Village's Comprehensive Plan adopted in January of 2002. The plan was developed with broad based community input. There was a complete consensus on the Comprehensive Plan Committee and from residents that residential development would be more compatible with nearby residential neighborhoods and would be more in keeping with the village's historic visual character.

Please feel free to contact me if you have additional questions about this issue.

Bob Corby

Mayor

Village of Pittsford 21 North Main Street

Pittsford, New York 14534

(585) 586-4332

(mobile) 750-0739



RECEIVED APR 25 2006

April 24, 2006

Mr. Anthony DiMarzo
Pittsford Canalside Properties LLC
301 Exchange Boulevard
Rochester, NY 14608

Re: Development of the Monoco Oil Site

Dear Mr. DiMarzo:

It is my understanding that you are actively pursuing the ownership of the site previously used by Monoco Oil along the Canal in the Town of Pittsford and you plan to apply under the NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program to assist in your efforts to environmentally clean the site.

The property is currently zoned Commercial and the Town of Pittsford would eagerly entertain Pittsford Canal Properties applications for the development on the site consistent with the existing zoning and/or proposals for a high density mixed use development that would require rezoning of the site.

Both of these plans are consistent with the recently adopted Town and Village of Pittsford Local Waterfront Revitalization Program.

This property has been an issue for the Town and our residents for a long period of time and we would welcome your efforts to create a use that is beneficial to the community, economically sound, and aesthetically pleasing on this important and unique waterfront site. Please let me know if the Town can assist in anyway to help secure the cooperation of the NYSDEC.

Good luck.

Very truly yours.

William A. Carpenter Supervisor

Town of Pittsford

WAC: Imd

SECTION VI: PROJECT DESCRIPTION (SUPPLEMENT)

The project planned for the subject site at this time is a mixed-use project including residential, commercial, and retail components that will have primarily a residential focus. These usages are consistent with the Town of Pittsford and the Village of Pittsford's Comprehensive Master Plans and the recently adopted Town and Village Local Waterfront Revitalization Program. See letters attached from the Town Supervisor and the Village Mayor.

Currently the plans for the Town of Pittsford portion of the site includes residential components consisting of 2-3 story wood frame buildings with both flats and loft units with no basements and parking tucked beneath some or all of the footprints at approximately one half story. Depending upon local approvals some retail/commercial areas will be on the first floor of at least one of the residential buildings.

The number of units will be dependent upon final architectural and engineering design and local approvals from the Town. The expected number of residential units is between 100 to 200, again subject to the local approval process.

The standalone retail/commercial segment of the project is planned for the Village of Pittsford portion of the site with anticipated uses by a restaurant, bank, specialty retail store, or general office or a combination of the foregoing. The percentage mix of final end uses will depend upon the availability of tenants for those uses at the time of completion and Village regulatory requirements. The design will be a one to two story structure.

It is estimated that both sites will be constructed simultaneously and will commence as soon as possible after the BCP work plan is completed. It is estimated that the complete construction time frame will be over a period of 18 to 30 months upon receipt of DEC, and Town and Village planning and site plan approvals, SEQR review, etc. Construction has an estimated value of \$15 to \$25,000,000 dollars. A significant increase is local property taxes will result from these improvements.

MONOCO OIL SITE BCP APPLICATION #C838137

PITTSFORD CANALSIDE PROPERTIES LLC

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Section II - #4

The Site is located on at 75 Monroe Avenue, a main thoroughfare running East/West in the Town and Village of Pittsford (ie approximately 7.5 acres, see Photographs 1 through 14). The Site encompasses 2 tax parcels generally irregular in shape (ie, 151-17-3-3/Town of Pittsford, 6 acres; and 151.18-1-51/Village of Pittsford, 1.5 acres, see attached tax map). Currently there is 1 building on-Site that is located on the Village of Pittsford tax parcel. A bio-cell, constructed by EPA to remediate petroleum-impacted soil, is located on the Town of Pittsford tax parcel. A railroad runs along the South side of the Site, on both tax parcels.

The Village of Pittsford tax parcel is zoned Category B-4, Canal Waterfront Business District, and the Town of Pittsford tax parcel is zoned Commercial. Surrounding areas are currently being utilized for residential, agricultural, commercial and municipal purposes.

The Site is bounded on the East by Monroe Avenue, Tallbots (ie, a small specialty shopping mall) and Exxon Mobil Gas Station; on the West by undeveloped land/woodlands, including land presumed to be Pittsford School property; on the North by the Erie Canal; and on the South an RGE substation, Pittsford Village Green Office Park and Pittsford School property.

The Phase I Environmental Site Assessment completed in February 2005, provides additional detail regarding the description of the Site, including suspected underground piping and storage tanks, visible groundwater monitoring wells, and observed containers and a soil pile.

MONOCO OIL SITE BCP APPLICATION #C838137

PITTSFORD CANALSIDE PROPERTIES LLC

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Section IX - #13

Based upon the Phase I Environmental Site Assessment completed in February 2005, no information was available indicating the potential vulnerability of groundwater to contamination that might migrate from the Site with the exception of information in EPA's Pollution Reports, dated May 20, 2004 and July 1, 2004, generated as part of their response to the March 1999 oil spill at the Site. The report dated May 20, 2004 indicates the presence of an empty buried pipeline, approximately 15 feet down, along the North berm that was left in place by EPA to eliminate opening a flood-gate to the Canal. The report dated July 1, 2004 indicates the presence of an 8" corrugated metal pipe running from the former area of the oil water separator; EPA's efforts to trace this pipe were discontinued. The presence of such piping presumed to be in areas where groundwater has been impacted by petroleum contaminants may present the potential for groundwater contamination to migrate.

No information was available indicating the proximity of groundwater contamination to wellhead protection and groundwater recharge areas.

MONOCO OIL SITE BCP APPLICATION #C838137

PITTSFORD CANALSIDE PROPERTIES LLC

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Section IX - #14

The Site elevation is approximately 478 feet, and is generally flat. The local area slopes moderately from North/South and West/East with changes in elevation or topographic relief: increasing approximately 32 feet within a 1/2 mile radius South of the Site; decreasing approximately 53 feet within a ½ mile radius North of the Site; decreasing approximately 40 feet within ½ mile radius West of the Site; and decreasing approximately 20 feet within a ½ mile radius East of the Site.

The Erie Canal is immediately adjacent and North of the Site (ie, approximately 20 feet horizontally and 30 feet vertically). The Site is not located with a flood zone.

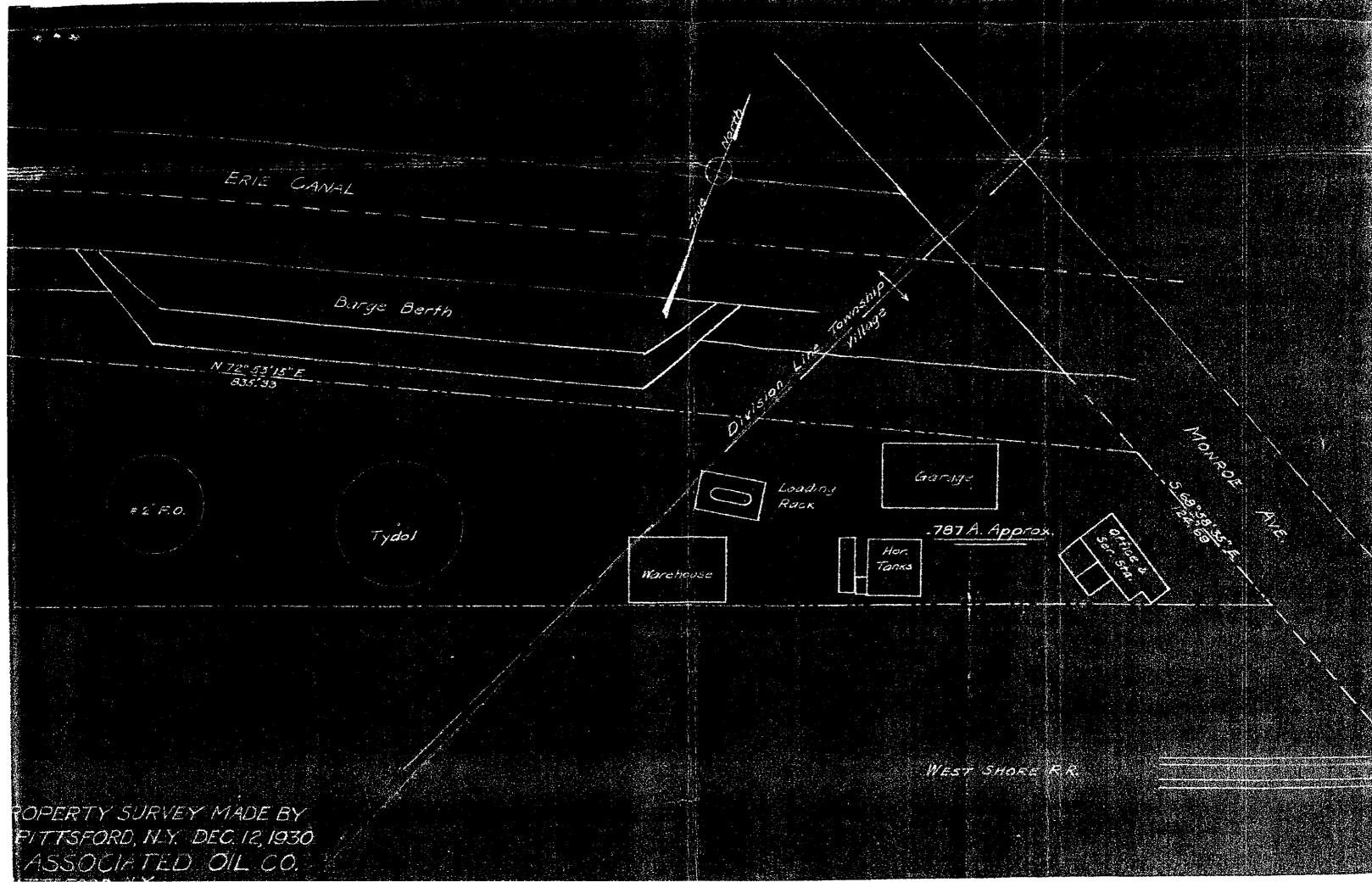
Soils encountered during previous environmental Site investigations and remediation included surface and shallow soil textures generally consisting of silt loam, loamy fine sand and channery silt loam. Deeper soil types generally consist of silt loam, fine sand, silty clay, unweathered bedrock, very channery loam and gravel loam.

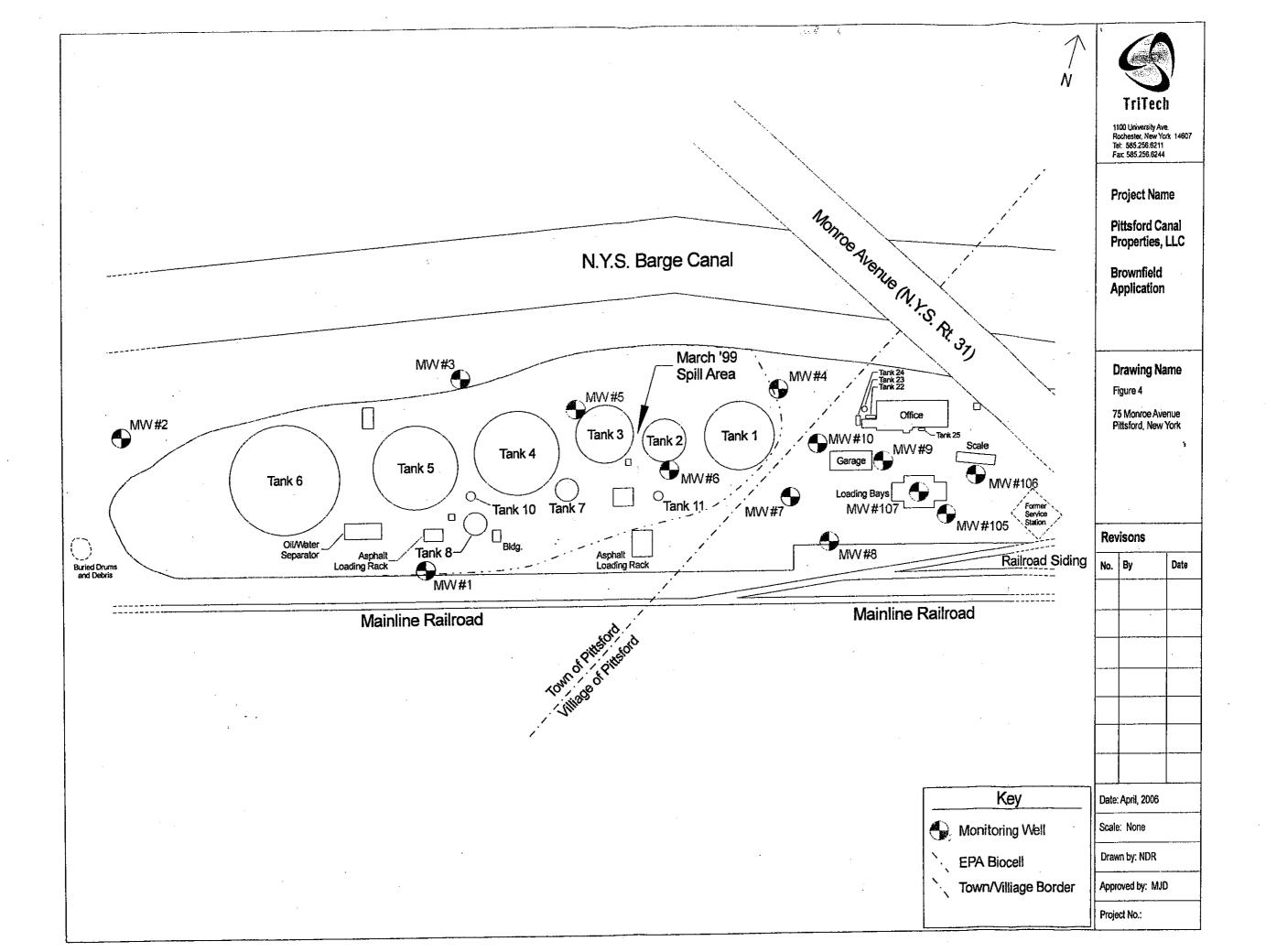
Further, soils encountered included fill deposit soils, ranging from 1.7 feet to 13 feet below ground surface, consisting of dark brown sand and gravel, with some wood, concrete, and metal debris, to red, gray, and red-brown mottled course to fine sand and gravel. A lacustrine soil deposit underlying the fill soil deposit consists of light brown, medium to fine sand, trace silt to gray medium to fine sand. An approximate 1 to 2 foot layer of brown and dark brown peat was encountered within the lacustrine deposit.

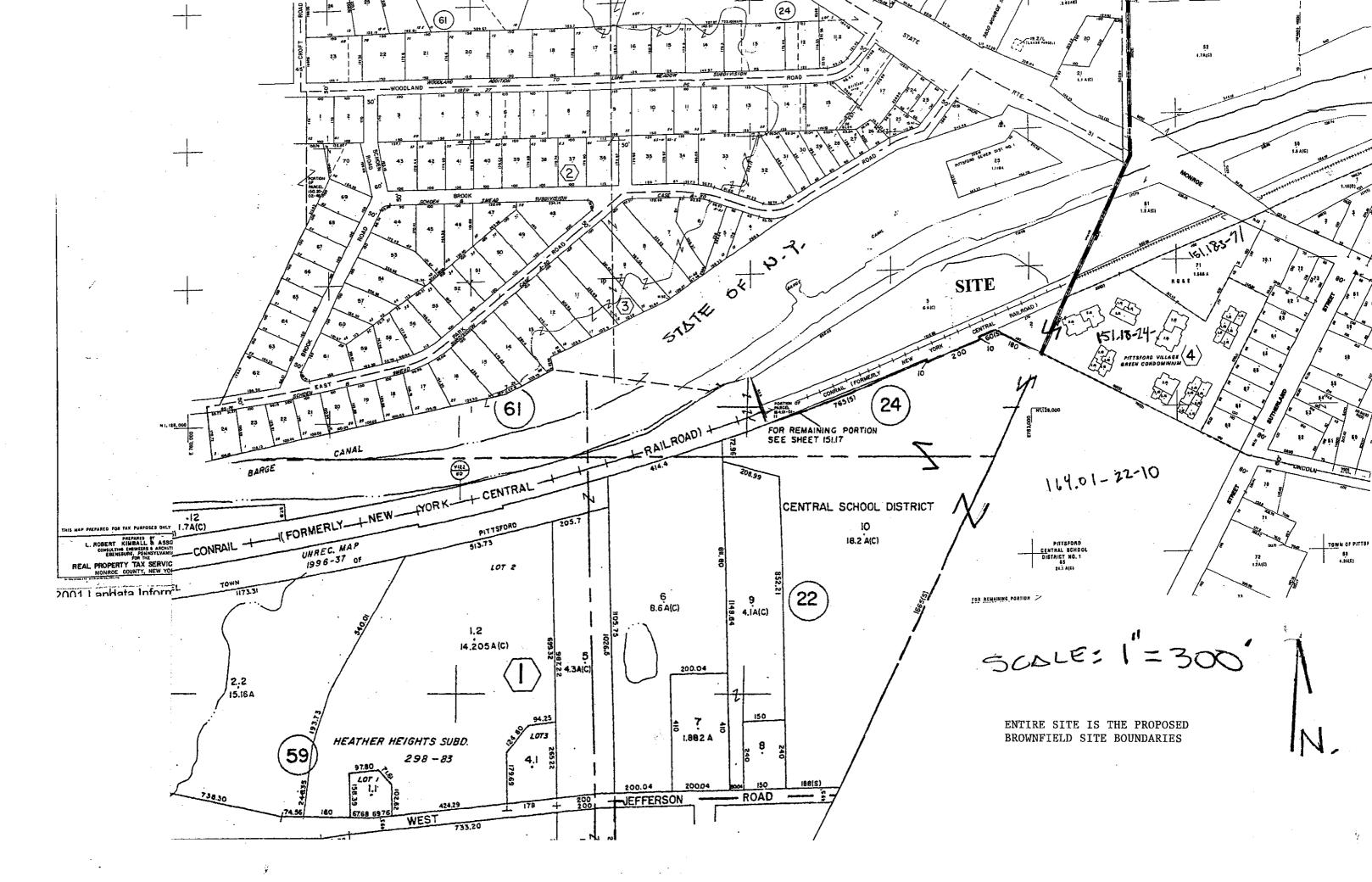
Groundwater is flowing generally North towards the Erie Barge Canal. Depth to groundwater is variable, generally ranging from 7.34 to 20.34 feet below ground surface.

There are no drinking wells located on Site. Water wells are located within ¼ mile of the Site, and 1 public drinking water well is located greater than ¼ mile and less than ½ mile Southeast of the Site, generally up-gradient. There are no Federal or State wetlands within ½ mile of the Site.

The Phase I Environmental Site Assessment completed in February 2005, provides additional detail regarding the geography and geology of the Site.







NYSDOT FACILITY N.Y.S. BARGE CANAL **●** GQ-102 ● GQ-103 ● GQ-109 MW-10 ● GQ-111 **■** GQ-106 MW-8 ● GQ-105 ET DE/ENES AUSCIN SATE MAN DE BUIDE (AL OF PETSFORCE -015. e01'14 **LEGEND** NOTE: Figure has been modified from Lu Engineers Figure 3 dated 4/21/99 ● GQ-103

Approximate location of Monitoring Well installed in geoprobe boring, by Marcor Remediation, Inc. under observation of GeoQuest Environmental and during the Facility Closure Investigation

Approximate location of Existing Site **Monitoring Wells**

GP-1

Note: 1) All locations are approximate

2) Approximate scale is one inch equals one hundred feet

SCALE: 1 = 100

FIGURE 5

DETAIL SHOWING EXISTING TOPOGRPAHY AND IMPROVEMENTS ON AUGUST 9, 2006 (Base drawing has been modified to delete site features which no longer exist) MONITORING WELL LOCATION **PLAN G**eoQuest

.TES PITTSFORD QUADRANGLE HE INTERIOR STATE OF NEW YORK NEW YORK-MONROE CO. URVEY DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC) 5470 II NE (ROCHESTER EAST); MI. TO N.Y. 96 293 32'30" 288 TWELVE CORNERS 1.4 MI. 77°30′ |780 000 FEET | XI.I MI TO N.Y. 4/1 Radio Towers (WARC) Radio O Towers P S