Lockheed Martin Information Systems & Global Solutions - Civil Environmental Services SERAS
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DATE:

July 18, 2016

TO:

Terrence Johnson, Ph.D., U.S. EPA/ERT Work Assignment Manager

THROUGH:

Kevin Taylor, SERAS Program Manager

Rick Leuser, SERAS Deputy Program Manager

FROM:

David Aloysius, PG/CPG, SERAS Sr. Hydrogeologist

SUBJECT:

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION:

CONSTRUCTION OF OIL INTERCEPTOR TRENCH

J&L STEEL/FUEL OIL SITE, TOWN OF CLIFTON, NEW YORK WORK ASSIGNMENT - SERAS 0-245: TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This technical memorandum presents specifications for construction of a free product (oil) interceptor trench along the south bank of the Little River at the former J&L Steel Site, located in the Town of Clifton, New York (NY). This work was performed by Lockheed Martin staff from the Scientific, Engineering, Response and Analytical Services (SERAS) contract in collaboration with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Environmental Response Team (ERT) Work Assignment Manager (WAM).

2.0 BACKGROUND

The J&L Steel Site is a former iron ore processing facility located on a 38 acre parcel located at the intersection of NY State Route 3 and St. Lawrence County Route 60 in the Town of Clifton, NY. The site includes several large abandoned buildings in various states of disrepair as well as numerous piles of mining and demolition debris. The buildings are surrounded by parking lots, access roads and unused rail spurs. The remainder of the site is partially wooded with the Little River flowing through the site from East to West. The site was previously used as an Iron Mining and Ore Processing Facility. The Defense Plant Corporation constructed the existing facility at the beginning of World War II. In 1946, J&L purchased the property from the War Assets Administration and continued its operations until approximately 1978 when the plant was permanently closed.

Fuel oil that was used by the operation of the facility was stored on site. A substantial quantity of this fuel oil leaked into the subsurface and subsequently discharged to the Little River. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) was responsible for the site for over 20 years.

During this period, NYSDEC oversaw a number of site investigation efforts and the implementation of a number of remedial efforts, including:

- Spill mitigation,
- Recovery of oil and contaminated sediments from the river,
- Impermeable liner installation along the river bank,
- Installation of a network of monitoring wells, and
- Installation and operation of oil recovery trenches and pumps.

An estimated 300,000 gallons of fuel oil has been recovered from the site. A number of years ago, State funding ran out resulting in the termination of further oil recovery efforts at the site.

The south bank of the Little River runs along the northern extent of the site. The average elevation of the river bottom is approximately 1,393 feet above mean sea level (AMSL). The top of the river bank ranges from approximately 1,410 to 1,400 feet AMSL and averages approximately 1,404 feet AMSL. Oil seeps have been observed in a number of areas along the bank.

Site Physical Characteristics

The area where construction will occur is relatively flat. Cobbles and large boulders extend from ground surface up to 10 feet in some areas along the proposed trench line, as observed in a number of previous test pits and borings. However, the average thickness of the cobbles and boulders is generally 5 feet or less. Unconsolidated materials beneath the boulders consist of sandy mine tailings (up to around 10 feet) and fluvial sands (beneath 10 feet). The depth to groundwater is generally less than 10 feet, which typically resides beneath the boulder layer. Bedrock is assumed to occur at depths greater than 30 feet.

The primary contaminant of concern at the site is No. 2 fuel oil, which contains both semi-volatile and volatile organic compounds (SVOCs/VOCs).

3.0 SITE PREPARATION AND PRE-TRENCH EXCAVATION

A critical component of the trench construction will be pre-trench excavation. Pre-trench excavation will be necessary in order to remove all boulders and other obstructions along the alignment of the trench. For this operation, an excavator shall be used to remove the boulders, which will be segregated from the finer-grained spoils. The finer-grained spoils will be placed back into the cut in a controlled manner, and periodically compacted to densities similar to the surrounding undisturbed materials. Additional on-site or off-site fill will more than likely be required to bring the cut areas up to surrounding grade.

4.0 TRENCH CONSTRUCTION OPTIONS

The below technical specification includes the minimum requirements for a Free Product (Oil) Interceptor Trench as constructed by the Bio-Polymer Slurry (BPS) Method. This specification does <u>not</u> cover another viable alternative; namely, One-Pass Trenching Technology. Each method has their unique set of merits and disadvantages. For example, with the BPS method, a slurry must be used to keep the excavation open in order to install coarse backfill material. However, vertical collection wells can be installed at the same time as the trench is being constructed. With one-pass trenching, a slurry is not necessary but the collection wells must be installed after trench completion using specialized drilling rigs with large diameter tooling. Regardless of which method is used, trench construction shall incorporate the following design parameters:

Length 1,300 feet (approximate)
Width 24 inches (average)
Depth 10 to 20 feet (depth varies with location). Average depth = 15 feet
Wells 12-inch diameter, Schedule 80 PVC pipe and factory slotted screens (50 slot or 0.05-inch) with bottom plugs, spaced at 100-foot intervals (12 total)

A conceptual design illustration of the interceptor trench is shown in Figure 1.

5.0 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

A. SCOPE OF WORK

This specification includes the minimum requirements for a Free Product Interceptor Trench and related work as constructed by the BPS Method and as specified hereinafter. The subcontractor shall provide and furnish all labor, infrastructure, equipment, material, and expertise for performing all operations as required to construct the trench. The interceptor trench shall be constructed with essentially vertical trench walls which shall be supported by an engineered, biodegradable slurry. A gravel backfill, geomembrane barrier (optional), and six 12-inch diameter slotted extraction wells (spaced at approximate 200-foot intervals) shall be placed into the trench, through the slurry. The slurry shall be degraded or broken down by the subcontractor and the trench system fully developed to eliminate any residual effects of the slurry.

Qualifications of Subcontractor

The subcontractor shall submit evidence and references from at least five similar projects to document their successful use of the BPS technique. This evidence will ensure that the Subcontractor will have sufficient expertise, experienced personnel, proven methodologies, and equipment to carry out the work as specified. In particular, the qualifications of an in-house or subcontracted BPS specialist shall be submitted, and approved by the EPA's Representative to supervise the construction, slurry preparations, slurry degradation, and quality control.

Design Parameters for Interceptor Trench

The free product interceptor trench shall incorporate the following design parameters:

Length 1,300 feet (approximate)
 Width 30 inches (average) 24 inches is acceptable
 Depth 10 to 20 feet (depth varies with location). Average depth = 15 feet
 Wells 12-inch diameter, Schedule 80 PVC pipe and factory slotted screen (12 total)

Descriptions of the overburden through which the trench is to be excavated are presented in the soil boring logs (SB7 through SB19, and SB23) attached in Appendix A. A plan view map of the site (showing the locations of profile lines) and two hydrogeologic cross sections (E lines) along the south bank of the Little River (proposed trench alignment) are attached in Appendix B.

B. SUBMITTALS

Qualifications

The subcontractor shall be a specialist in the construction of groundwater/oil interceptor trenches by the BPS Method. The subcontractor shall submit evidence and references from at least five similar projects. Project descriptions shall include depth, width, and length of the trench as well as a description of the permanent materials placed in the trench for groundwater and/or oil extraction. A brief history of each project shall include the type of slurry used, procedures for implementation, soil conditions, and any difficulties encountered in construction and trench development. Submit with the bid.

The BPS Specialist shall be knowledgeable and experienced in drainage trench construction using BPS Method. This experience shall include, but not necessarily be limited to: 1) the use and control of BPS in trench construction; 2) methods required to properly mix and degrade the BPS; 3) trench excavating and backfilling procedures; and 4) knowledge of construction equipment and materials testing as required for slurry trench construction. The specialist shall control the mixing, composition, placement, cleaning and maintenance of the BPS and backfill. The specialist shall supervise and ensure that the trench is continuous and freely-draining. The credentials of the trench specialist shall be submitted at least one week prior to starting trench construction.

Work Plan

The subcontractor shall submit a pre-construction work plan for approval by the EPA's Representative at least 14 days prior to the start of work. The work plan shall include the following items:

- Schedule: A schedule in sufficient detail to identify the major segments of the work. Starting and ending dates for all major work items shall be clearly identified.
- BPS Trench Construction Method: A detailed description of the methods of construction which shall include the excavation methods, slurry mixing and handling, material handling and placement, backfill placement, well/sump placement, optional geomembrane placement, etc.
- Equipment: A list of major equipment by type and capacity, which shall include excavator, slurry mixer, material handler, lifting equipment, and transport equipment.

Quality Control

The quality control plan shall be submitted along with the work plan. The plan shall include a list of test methods and minimum standards with which to gauge the quality of the work during construction, including slurry viscosity, depth measurements, control of well/sump verticality, etc.

The plan shall address the physical properties and manufacturer's stated properties for all permanent materials including manufacturer's certifications of quality, mill certificates, gradation test data, etc.

The plan shall state when all quality control data will be submitted to the EPA and the correction procedures to be employed in the case of substandard results.

C. MATERIALS REQUIREMENTS

Biodegradable Bio-Polymer

Biodegradable Bio-Polymer shall naturally degrade or be "broken down" to a non-toxic water solution once backfilling of the trench is complete. Degraded Bio-Polymer shall not materially reduce the trench wall transmissivity. The subcontractor shall submit the physical and chemical characteristics and properties of the Bio-Polymer with the quality control plan. Substances prohibited by local, state, or federal law shall not be contained in the Bio-Polymer. The biodegradable Bio-Polymer shall not form a filter cake on the trench walls which might decrease the transmissivity of the drainage trench/overburden interface. Unused Bio-Polymer slurry shall convert to water containing a small residual of non-toxic material once the drainage trench has been completed.

Water

The water used in preparing the Bio-Polymer slurry shall be fresh water. The water shall be free of excessive amounts of oil, acid, alkali, organic matter and other deleterious substances which could adversely affect the properties of the Bio-Polymer. Potential water sources shall be tested by the subcontractor prior to beginning trench excavation to assure that water of suitable characteristics for slurry preparation shall be used. Water used in preparing the Bio-Polymer slurry shall have the following minimum properties:

- 1. pH between 6 and 8
- 2. total dissolved solids less than 1,000 milligrams per liter (mg/L)
- 3. total hardness less than 250 mg/L

Slurry

The slurry for supporting the trench shall consist of a stable suspension of biodegradable Bio-Polymer in water. It is the responsibility of the subcontractor to insure that the slurry meets the necessary properties and monitor the slurry and the trench during excavation. The viscosity and pH of the slurry will additionally be monitored by the subcontractor to determine when breakdown of the slurry begins. The gel strength of the slurry shall be maintained at a high level so that hydrostatic pressure is transferred from the slurry to the trench walls.

Additives

Admixtures of softening agents, preservatives, or dispersants may be added to the slurry to permit efficient use of and proper workability of the slurry. The Bio-Polymer slurry may be modified as required for successful trench excavation. Any additives used must be biodegradable and broken down prior to completion of the trench cap. Chemical and physical properties and characteristics of any proposed additives shall be submitted with the quality control plan.

Geomembrane Barrier (optional)

High-density polyethylene (HDPE), 60 mil thickness (0.060 inch).

Backfill

Durable, clean, washed, and graded gravel shall be used to backfill the trench. Readily available, local materials should be used (e.g., #1A crushed gravel: 1/4-inch to 1/8-inch with a maximum size of 1/2-inch).

Vertical Wells

Vertical well materials shall be furnished and installed to accept extraction or skimming pumps and permit the free flow of oil and groundwater into the pumps. The well casings shall be constructed of 12-inch diameter, Schedule 80 PVC pipe. The casing shall be factory slotted or fitted with well screens with 0.05-inch slots (or roughly similar) and capped on the bottom. The casing shall be slotted from the trench bottom to approximately 3 feet below grade.

Manholes

Heavy-duty, flush-mount, square manholes with water-tight covers.

D. EQUIPMENT

General

The subcontractor shall furnish necessary mixing plant and equipment for trench construction. The equipment shall be of type and capacity to complete the work in an efficient manner, and shall be maintained in operable conditions at all times.

Trench Excavation

Equipment for excavating the slurry trench shall be approved earthmoving equipment such as an excavator and/or clamshell capable of performing the indicated work as specified herein. The equipment shall develop a live load surcharge that will produce no significant contribution to the instability of the trench. The equipment shall be capable of excavating to the required trench depth from the working platform. It shall be capable of excavating the required minimum width of the trench in a single pass of the excavating equipment (except where a wider excavation may be necessary to install the large diameter, vertical wells/sumps).

Slurry Mixing Plant

The subcontractor shall provide a slurry mixing plant containing the necessary equipment for preparing the Bio-Polymer slurry including a high-shear colloidal mixer capable of producing a stable suspension of Bio-Polymer in water. Pumps, valves, hoses, storage supply lines and other equipment shall be provided as required to adequately supply Bio-Polymer slurry to the trench. The slurry mixing plant shall be equipped with a high-speed/high-shear colloidal mixer (with a static agitator). Hydration ponds shall not be permitted.

E. EXECUTION OF THE WORK

General

The interceptor trench shall be constructed to the specified length, depths, and cross sections in accordance with these specifications, unless otherwise directed by the EPA's Representative.

Excavation

Trench excavation shall be maintained in an open condition by the BPS Method. Excavation shall be conducted in a manner which provides for a continuous, minimum width trench to the required depths along the centerline of excavation. The subcontractor shall excavate the trench immediately to the

minimum depth at the point where excavation is started. The EPA's Representative may direct the subcontractor to deepen a specific trench segment based on examination of spoils and shall approve the depth of each trench segment immediately after excavation. The trench shall be constructed without undue interruption until complete.

Mixing and Placing Slurry

The Bio-Polymer slurry shall be prepared by mixing water and biodegradable polymer. No slurry shall be made within the trench. The Bio-Polymer slurry shall be prepared in the mixing plant and hydrated in a tank with circulation until the resulting slurry appears homogeneous and meets quality control standards. Additives may be added to the slurry at the mixing plant. The slurry shall be constantly agitated until introduced into the trench. The slurry shall be supplied to the trench through pipelines which shall be extended as necessary to supply the excavation.

After the initial 3 feet of soil (overburden) has been excavated, the slurry shall then be introduced into the trench. Slurry in the open trench shall be maintained at a level sufficient to maintain trench stability and no more than 3 feet below the ground surface or less than 2 feet above the groundwater table until placement of vertical wells and backfill material is complete. The subcontractor shall have sufficient personnel, equipment, slurry storage equipment and stored slurry materials ready to raise the slurry level in the excavated trench during construction. Dilution of slurry by surface water shall be prevented. The quality of the slurry shall be maintained at all times, including periods of work stoppage.

Trench Stability

The subcontractor shall be responsible for maintaining the stability of the excavated trench for its full length and depth and shall be responsible for maintaining slurry densities and levels within specified limits. The subcontractor shall control surcharges from excavation and backfilling equipment, waste, berm construction, backfill stockpiles, and any other loading situations that may affect trench stability. It is the subcontractor's responsibility to ensure that any stockpiles do not affect the open trench stability and that open trench stability is maintained at all times. In the event of failure of the trench walls prior to completion of backfilling, the subcontractor shall, at their expense, re-excavate the trench and remove all material displaced into the trench and take corrective action to prevent further deterioration as directed by the EPA's Representative.

Geomembrane Barrier (optional)

As an option, a HDPE liner (60-mil thickness) can be installed on the downgradient side of the trench to restrict oil migration at shallow depths while allowing for unobstructed groundwater flow at greater depths. However, such a barrier is not an essential component of the design. In the case of a trench constructed in fine-grained native materials using a coarser-grained backfill, a *capillary barrier effect* will exist. Even without installation of an impermeable liner, the non-wetting oil will tend to be trapped in the trench due to the higher elevation of the capillary fringe in the formation on either side of the trench. As long as oil is periodically removed from the trench and not allowed to build up, oil migration downgradient of the trench would be precluded.

If installed, the bottom of the HDPE geomembrane shall extend to approximately 80% of the total trench depth, leaving an open interval at the bottom of the trench. The HDPE geomembrane shall be temporarily staked at ground surface on the downgradient side of the trench and lowered into the bio-polymer slurry (prior to trench backfilling) using weights attached to its bottom end to prevent it from floating in the bio-polymer slurry. The geomembrane panels shall be overlapped a minimum of 3 feet to create a continuous free product barrier. After installation, backfilling of the trench section being worked on can resume.

Backfilling

Backfilling of the trench shall commence as soon as practical and be continuous to minimize the area of trench supported only by slurry. The areas for the storage of backfill material shall be approved by the EPA's Representative and re-stored upon completion of work each day. The subcontractor shall backfill continuously from the beginning of the trench, in the direction of the excavation, to the end of the trench.

The backfill shall be placed into the trench in a manner that avoids trapping pockets of slurry and segregation of the gravel. The backfill shall be installed in the trench, through the slurry, by equipment which minimizes segregation of the gravel and the creation of voids. Initial backfill shall be placed to bed and anchor vertical wells. All backfill placed around vertical wells shall be gently placed from the surface to ensure proper bedding of the structure. Subsequent backfill may be placed by filling continuously through the slurry until a backfill slope develops. Free dropping of backfill through the slurry will not be permitted, other than bedding of structures.

Slurry Breakdown and Activation

After completion of backfilling, the slurry shall be degraded to water and residual material. Slurry modifiers shall be added as necessary to destroy the viscosity and filtrate properties of the slurry. The broken down slurry shall be oxygenated and pH-adjusted to promote slurry degradation and drainage activation. Water shall be flushed through the trench backfill material in order to remove residual material and to insure satisfactory hydraulic conductivity through the trench media.

Trench Surface Cover

After the trench is developed, the top of the trench shall be covered and backfilled to grade. If a HDPE geomembrane was installed, then the excess material can be folded over the backfill, completely covering it. If not, then a separate layer of non-woven geotextile shall be placed over the backfill to separate the backfill from an overlaying soil layer. A minimum of 3 feet of suitable (clayey) native soils (e.g. from the trench spoils) shall be compacted over the geotextile to bring the trench up to surrounding grade.

Vaults

Vaults will be installed over each well location and anchored in place using a suitable concrete mix.

Site Restoration

Upon the completion of placing the surface cover, the site surface will be restored and blended into the surrounding areas.

F. QUALITY CONTROL

The subcontractor shall be responsible to ensure that all work is performed to the standards established herein, subject to review and inspection by the EPA. All quality control records, routine tests, observations, and measurements shall be available for inspection by the EPA's Representative. The subcontractor shall bear the cost of all specified tests.

Submittals

The subcontractor shall make timely submittals of all required information to the EPA's Representative. The EPA may review and approve these submittals. Approval of any submittal does not relieve the subcontractor of the duty to perform the work to the standards specified.

Materials

The subcontractor shall submit data, tests, manufacturer's certificates, etc., to document the compliance of all materials to these specifications.

- Bio-Polymer: The subcontractor shall submit Material Safety Data Sheets for the Bio-Polymer
 materials and additives, prior to delivery of these materials to the site. Test data shall be
 submitted to document the physical and chemical properties of the Bio-Polymer slurry and
 degraded slurry.
- Water: Test records for water will include pH, total dissolved solids, and total hardness.
- Gravel: The supplier shall provide test results documenting the "gradation" of the gravel prior to construction. The subcontractor shall perform one additional gradation test for each 500 tons of backfill placed into the trench.
- Wells: The supplier shall provide a letter of certification indicating that the material delivered to the site complies with the specified properties.

Bio-Polymer Slurry

The slurry used for trench construction shall be tested each shift to ensure the ability of the slurry to stabilize the trench. The following tests shall be performed at the indicated minimum frequencies:

Viscosity 2 per shift
Density 2 per shift
pH 2 per shift

Samples of the slurry shall be obtained from both the trench and mixing plant for testing. Equipment and personnel for performing these tests shall be supplied by the subcontractor.

The degraded slurry and water in the trench shall be tested by the subcontractor to demonstrate the slurry has broken down. The subcontractor shall test and monitor the viscosity and pH of the slurry to verify degradation. In addition, the subcontractor shall pump and flush the trench until the pore volume of the trench has been circulated at least three (3) times.

Excavation

The subcontractor shall make measurements of the trench depth at least every 10 linear feet. All depth measurements shall be made from the working platform to the bottom of the trench. The subcontractor shall generate and maintain on site an as-built profile of the trench depth.

System Performance

The subcontractor shall verify the continuity of the system by pumping from a centrally located well/sump and observing an immediate drawdown in other wells/sumps in the system.

Records

Records shall be maintained by the subcontractor for all testing, measurements, observations, and inspections. Quality Control Reports shall be submitted to the EPA's Representative each day on a form acceptable to the EPA. These reports shall list all test results, measurements, and observations made of the work for that day.

Trench Contractors

Bio-polymer Slurry Trenches

Geo-solutions

http://www.geo-solutions.com/ 1250 5th Avenue New Kensington, PA 15068 724-335-7273

Remedial Construction Services (RECON)
http://www.reconservices.com/
950 West Valley Road, Suite 2802
Wayne, Pennsylvania 19087
484-367-5400

One-Pass Trenching Technology

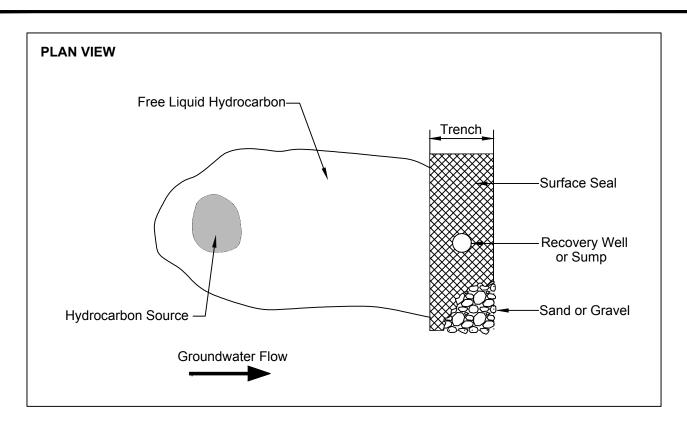
Dewind

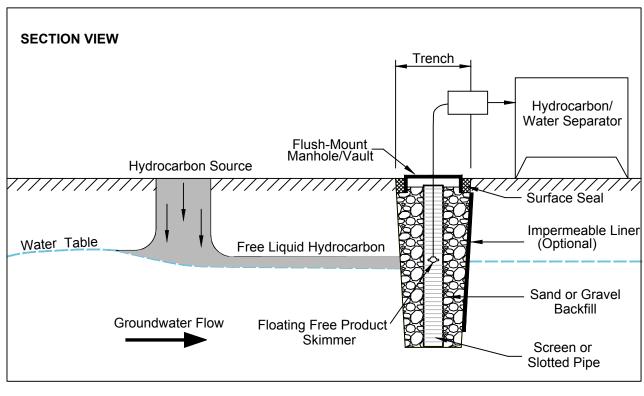
http://www.dewindonepasstrenching.com/ 9150 96th Street Zeeland, Michigan 49464 616-875-7580

Mersino

http://www.mersino.com/ 673 National Pike W Pittsburgh, PA 15417 866-637-7466







U.S. EPA Environmental Response Team
Scientific Engineering Response and Analytical Services

NOTE: Conceptual Design;
Not to Scale

EP-W-09-031 W.A.# 0 -**245** Figure 1
Interceptor Trench with Skimming Equipment
J&L Steel/Fuel Oil Site
Town of Clifton, New York

Appendix A

Soil Boring Logs J&L Steel/Fuel Oil Site Town of Clifton, New York Technical Memorandum July 2016

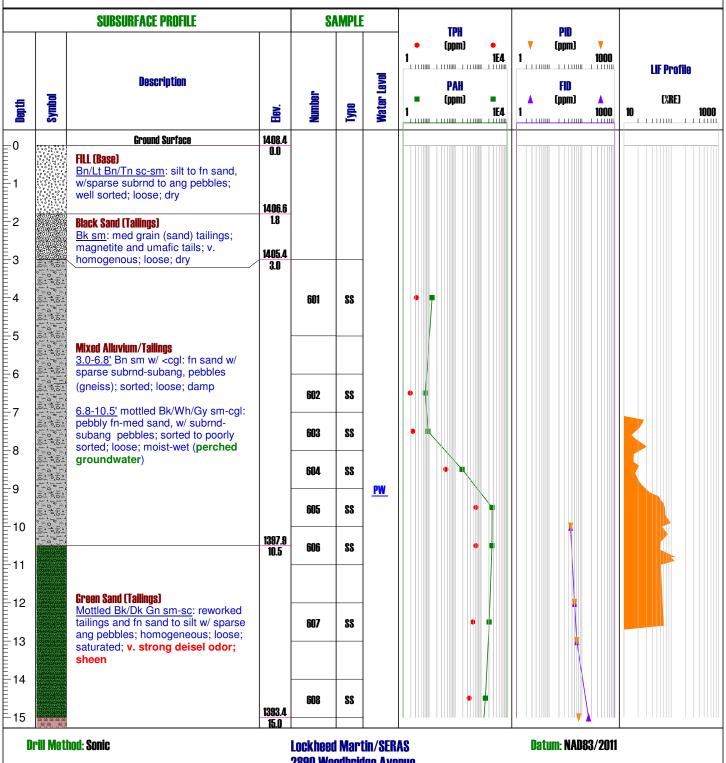
Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Northing: 1944181.4 **Easting: 361581.8 Elevation: 1408.36** Logged By: dge



Drill Date: 9/29/15

Hole Size: 6-inch

2890 Woodbridge Avenue **Edison, NJ 08520**

Checked by: dge

Sheet: 1 of 2

Drill Date: 9/29/15

Hole Size: 6-inch

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB01

Northing: 1944181.4 Easting: 361581.8 Elevation: 1408.36 Logged By: dge

Checked by: dge

Sheet: 2 of 2

SUBSURFACE PROFILE					AMPLE		TPH	PID	
mebril	Symbol	Description	Bev.	Number	Type	Water Level	• (ppm) • 1 1E4 PAH • (ppm) • 1 1E4	FID	LIF Profile (%RE) 10 100
6	745 747 747 747 747 747 747 747 747 747	Marsh Mat Dk Bn/Bn Organic Mat: abundant roots, grass, reeds, branches, twigs,		609	SS		•	•	
7	45 45 45 4 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	etc.	1391.4 17.0						
3				610	SS	<u>wt</u>	• •	•	
		Fluvial Sand		612	SS		• •		
)		17.0-19.2' mottled Bk/Wh/Gy sm- cgl: pebbly fn-med sand, w/ subrnd- subang pebbles; sorted to poorly		611	SS		•		
		sorted; loose; moist-wet (water table)		613	SS		• (
		19.2-20.0' mottled Bn/Wh/Gy med sm-cgl: med sand w/ gravels; sorted; loose; washed; saturated							
		20.0-25.0' mottled Bn/Wh/Gy sm: fn-med sand; well sorted; massive; loose; friable; saturated		614	SS		•)	
ŀ				615	SS		•	**	
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Dr	ill Meth	od: Sonic		Lockhee 2890 Wa				Datum: NAD83/2011	

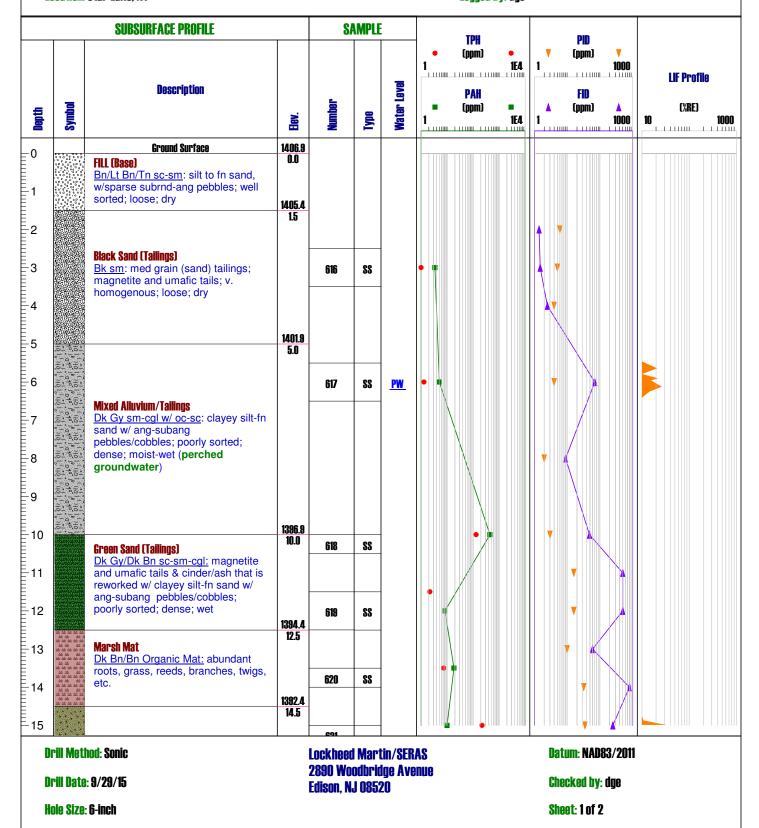
Edison, NJ 08520

Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944318.7 Easting: 361509.7 Elevation: 1406.86 Logged By: dge



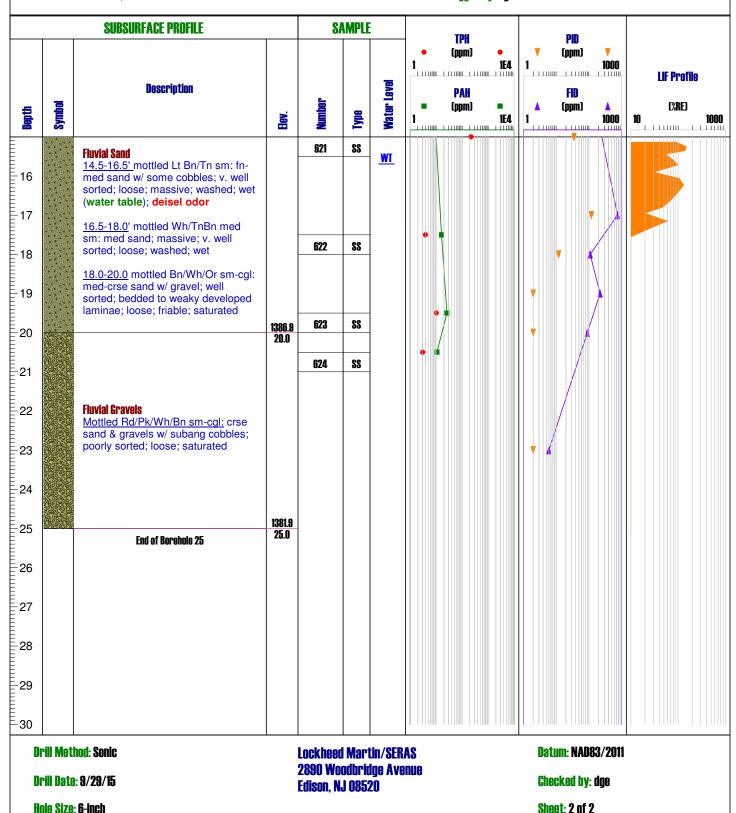
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB02

Northing: 1944318.7 Easting: 361509.7 Elevation: 1406.86 Logged By: dge

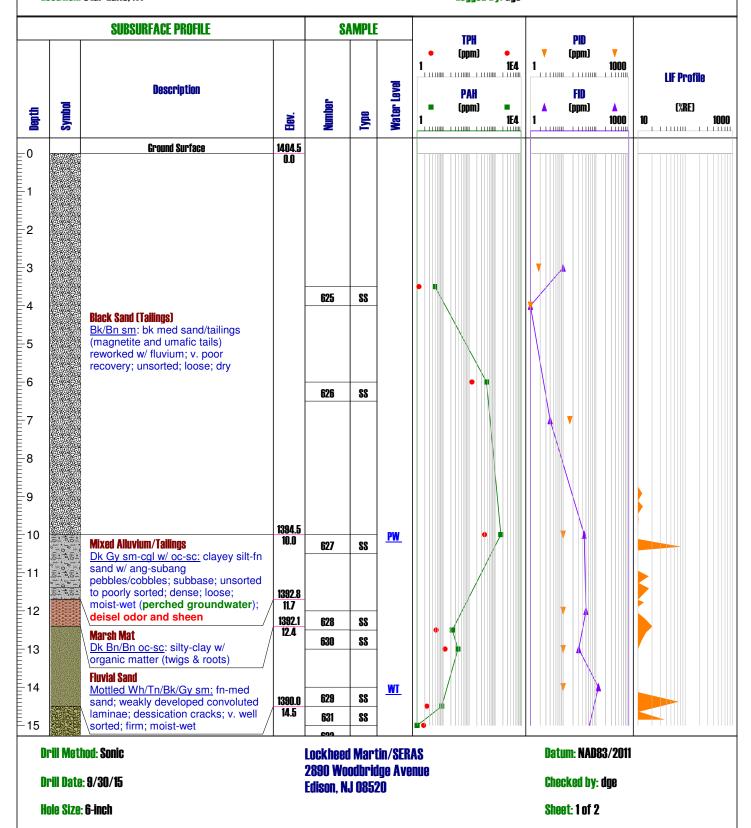


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944389 Easting: 361476.5 Elevation: 1404.46 Logged By: dge

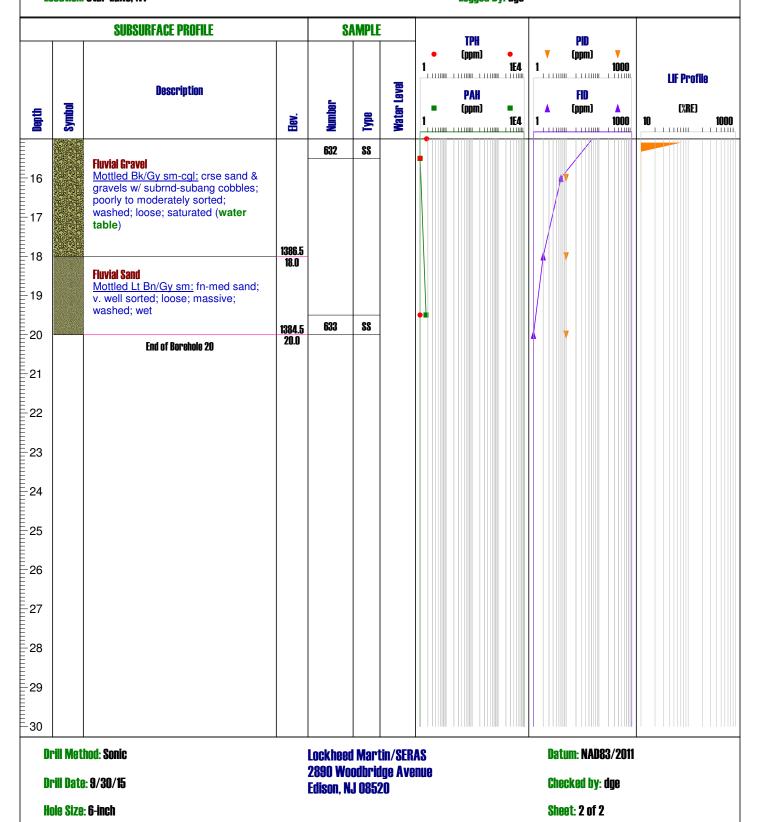


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944389 Easting: 361476.5 Elevation: 1404.46 Logged By: dge



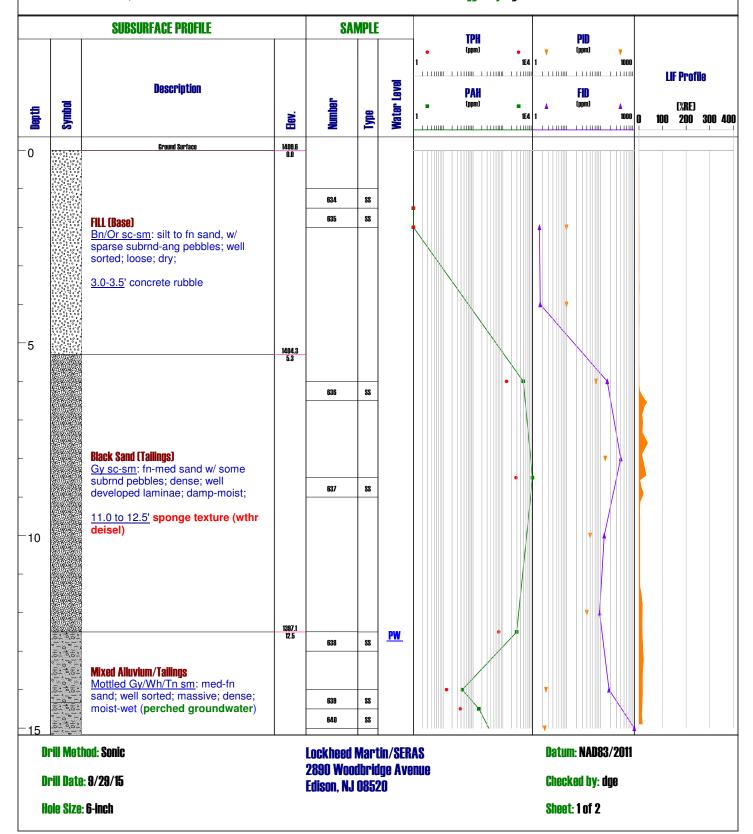
Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2 Drilling Co.:

Location: Star Lake, NY

Northing: 1944310.7 Easting: 361750.3 Elevation: 1409.59 Logged By: dge



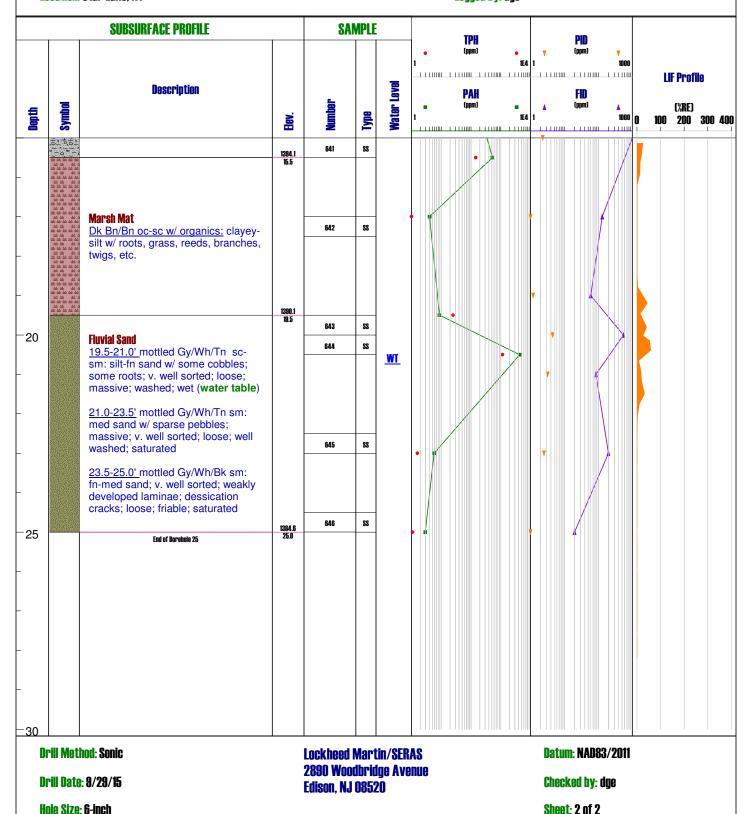
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2 Drilling Co.:

Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB04

Northing: 1944310.7 Easting: 361750.3 Elevation: 1409.59 Logged By: dge

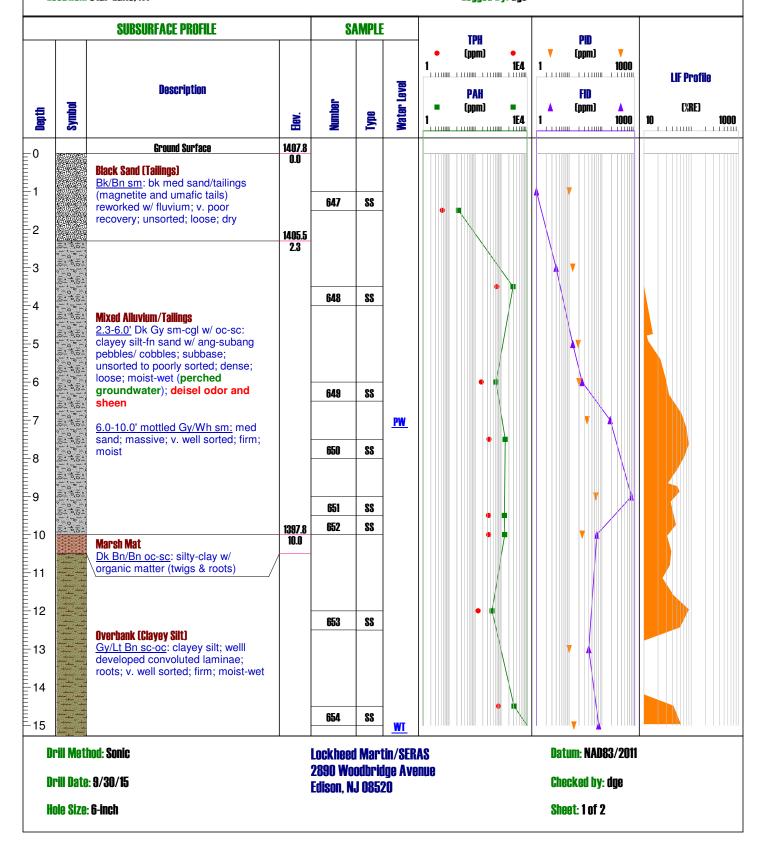


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944237.7 Easting: 361672.7 Elevation: 1407.78 Logged By: dge



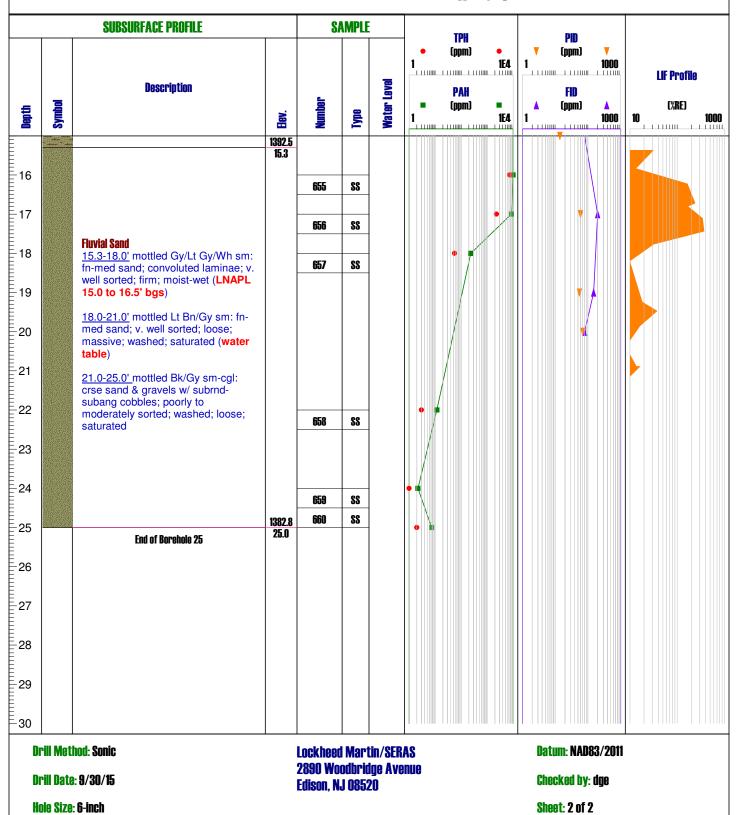
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB05

Northing: 1944237.7 Easting: 361672.7 Elevation: 1407.78 Logged By: dge



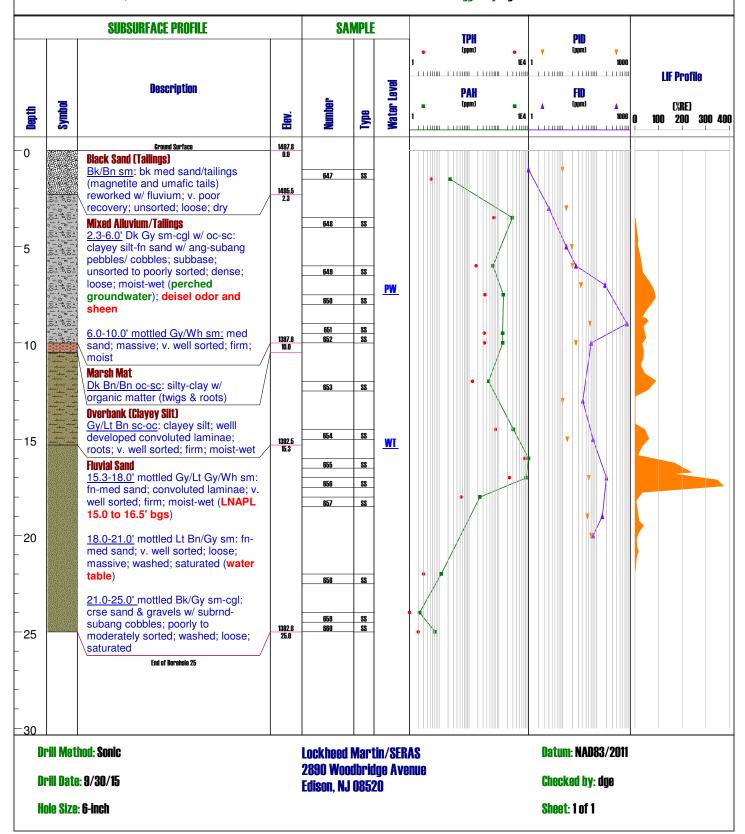
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake. NY

Log of Borehole SB05_pp

Northing: 1944237.7 Easting: 361672.7 Elevation: 1407.78 Logged By: dge

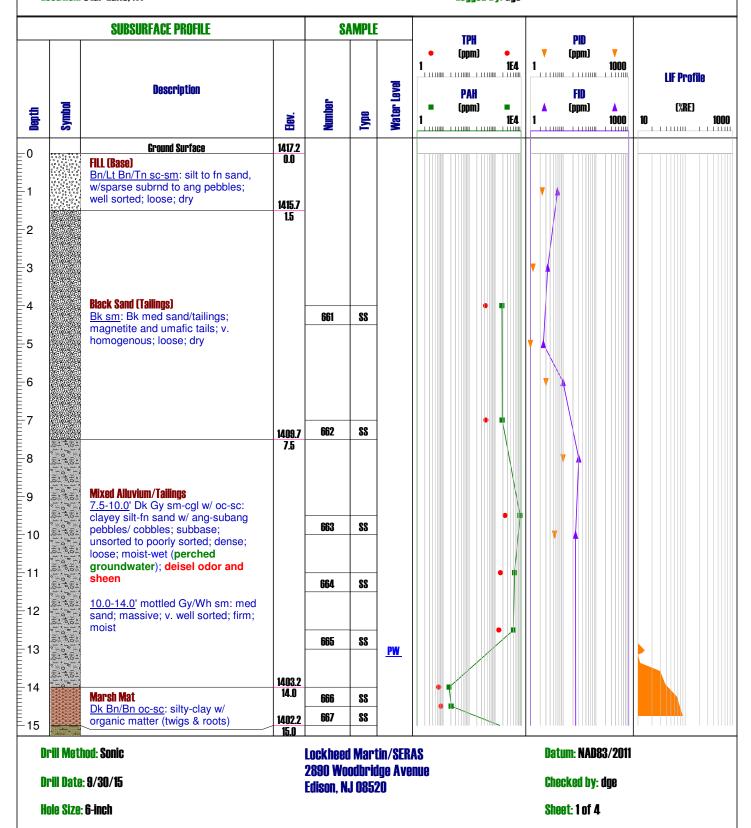


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

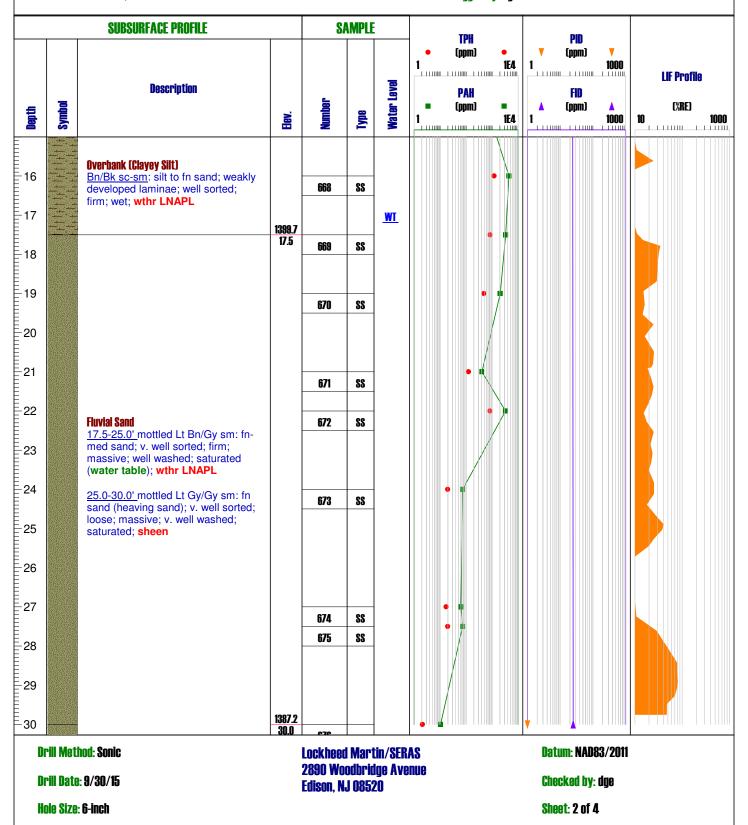


Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB06

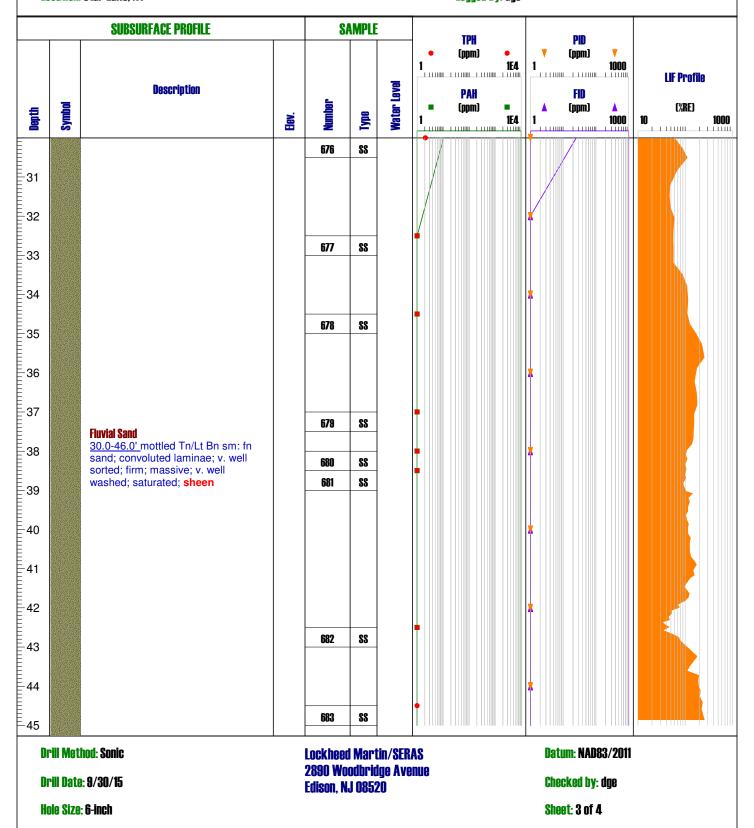


Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB06



Project No: 0-245

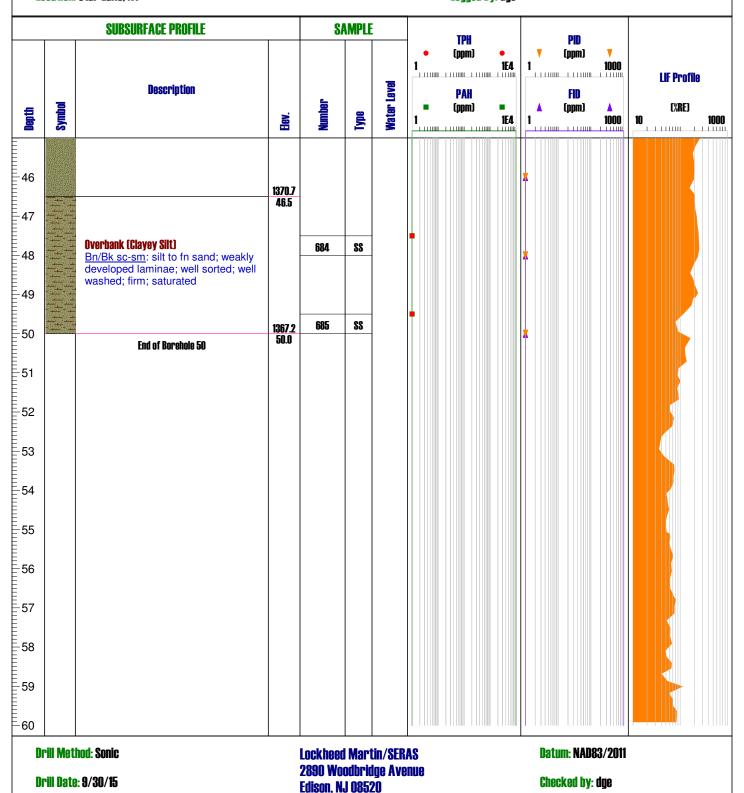
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944316.69 Easting: 361867.43 Elevation: 1417.15 Logged By: dge

Sheet: 4 of 4



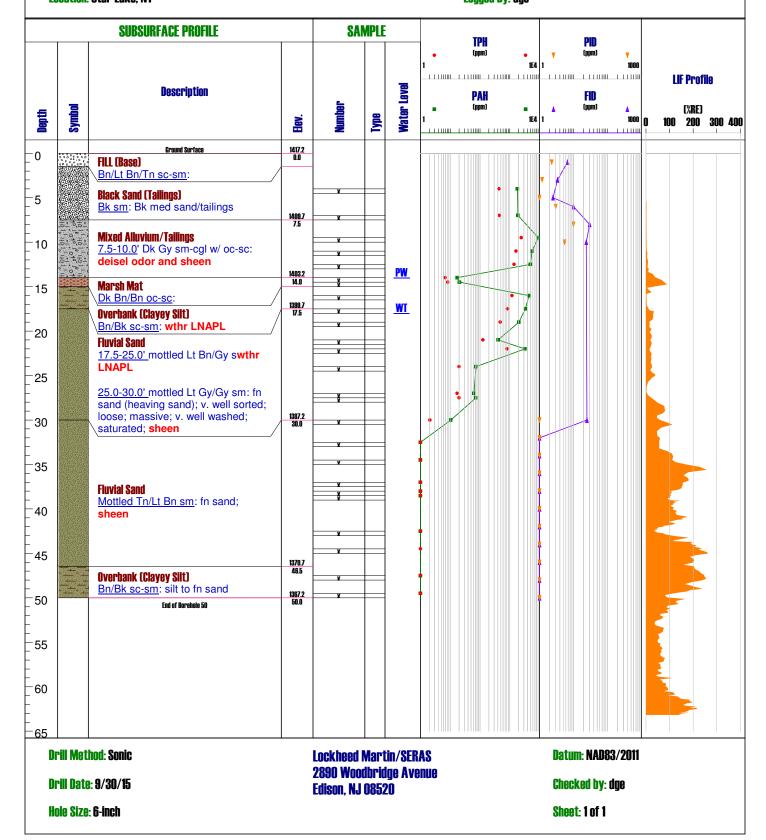
Log of Borehole SB06_pp

Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY



Project No: 0-245

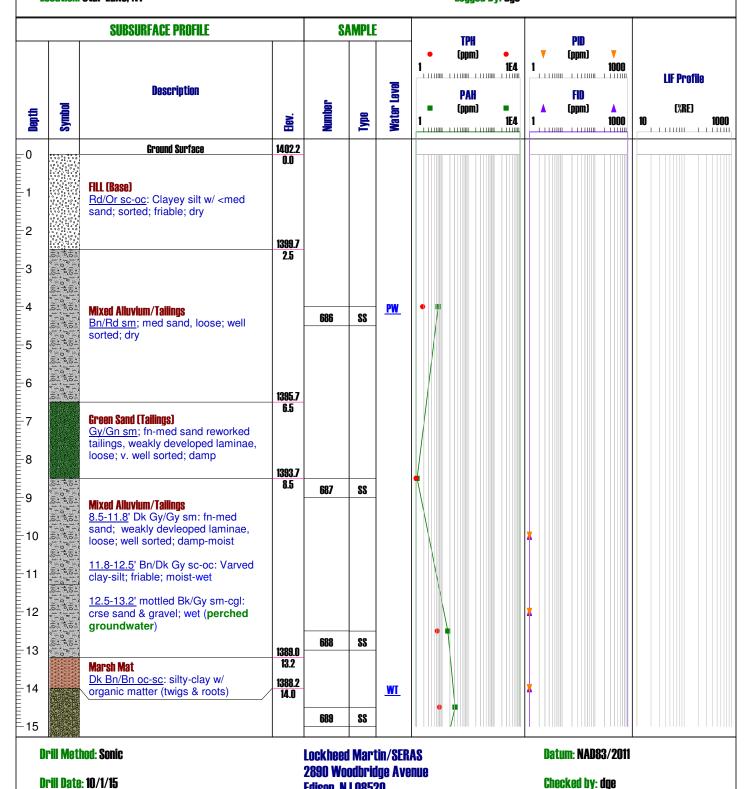
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Northing: 1944614.1 **Easting: 361850.2 Elevation: 1402.17** Logged By: dge



Edison, NJ 08520

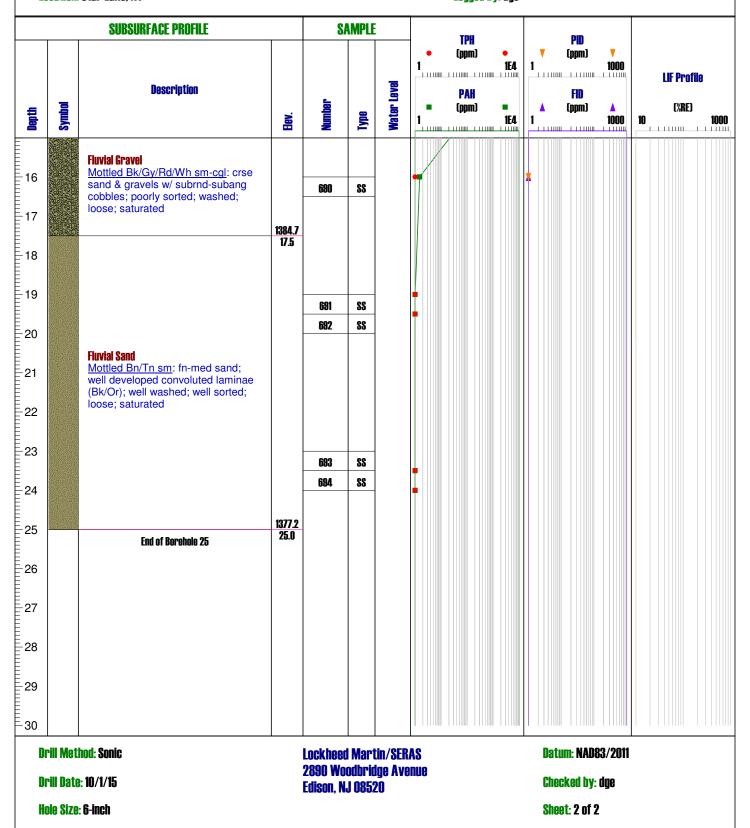
Sheet: 1 of 2

Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944614.1 Easting: 361850.2 Elevation: 1402.17 Logged By: dge

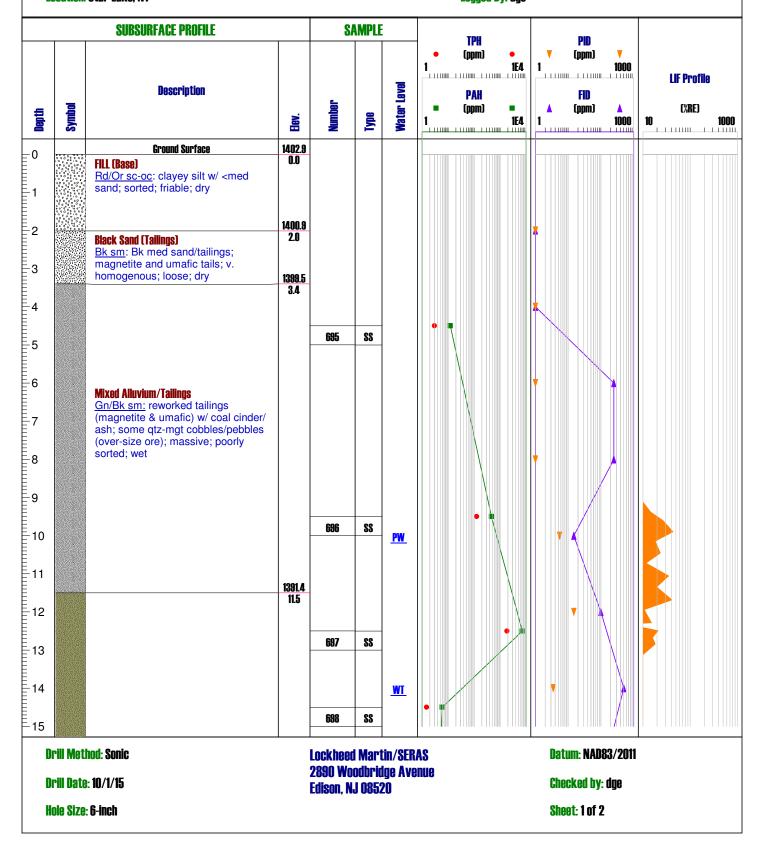


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944561.3 Easting: 361674.8 Elevation: 1402.9 Logged By: dge

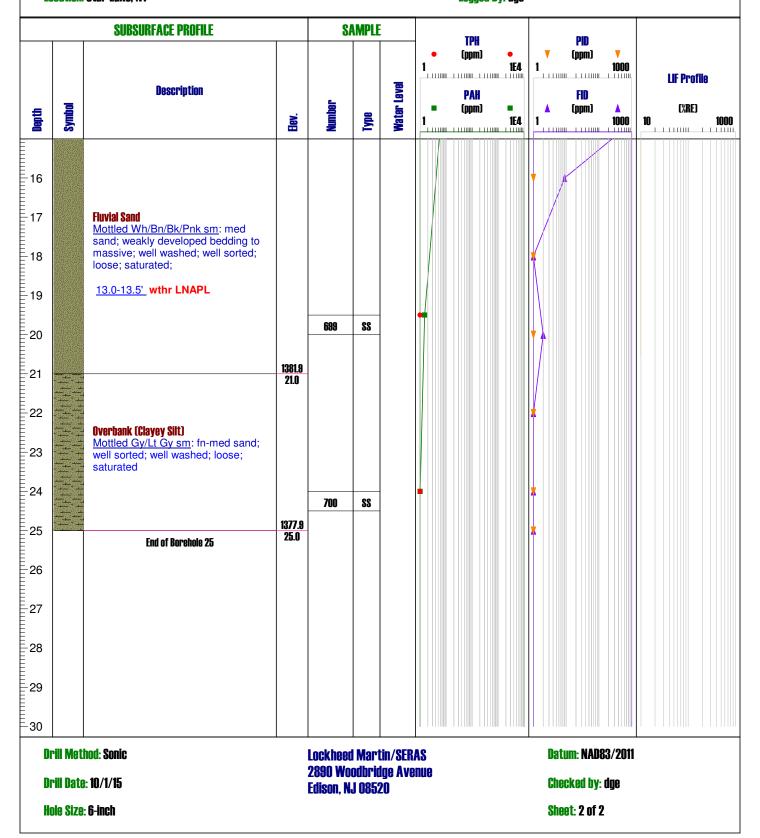


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944561.3 Easting: 361674.8 Elevation: 1402.9 Logged By: dge

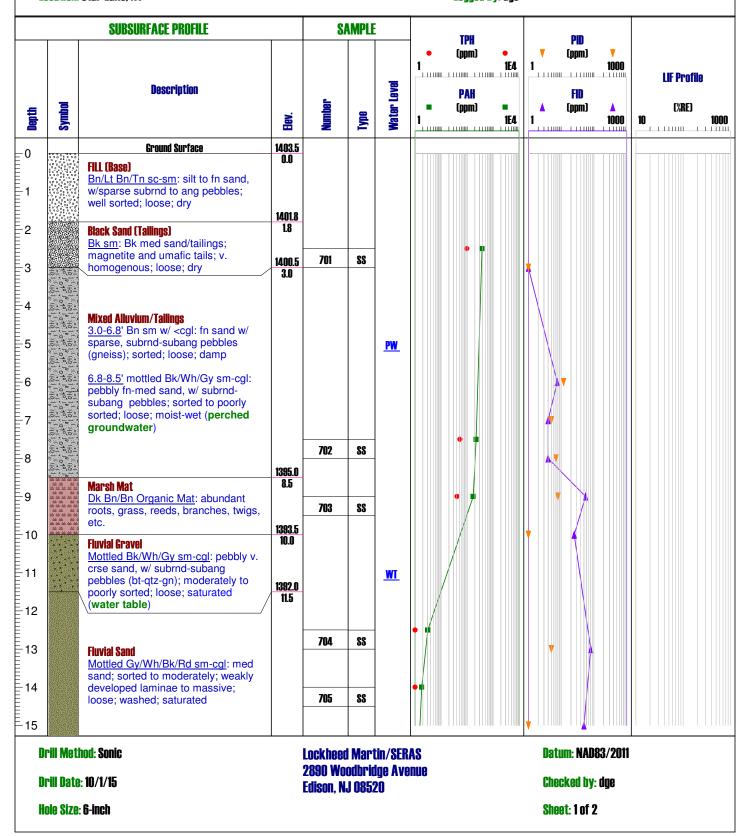


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944514 Easting: 361481.9 Elevation: 1408.36 Logged By: dge

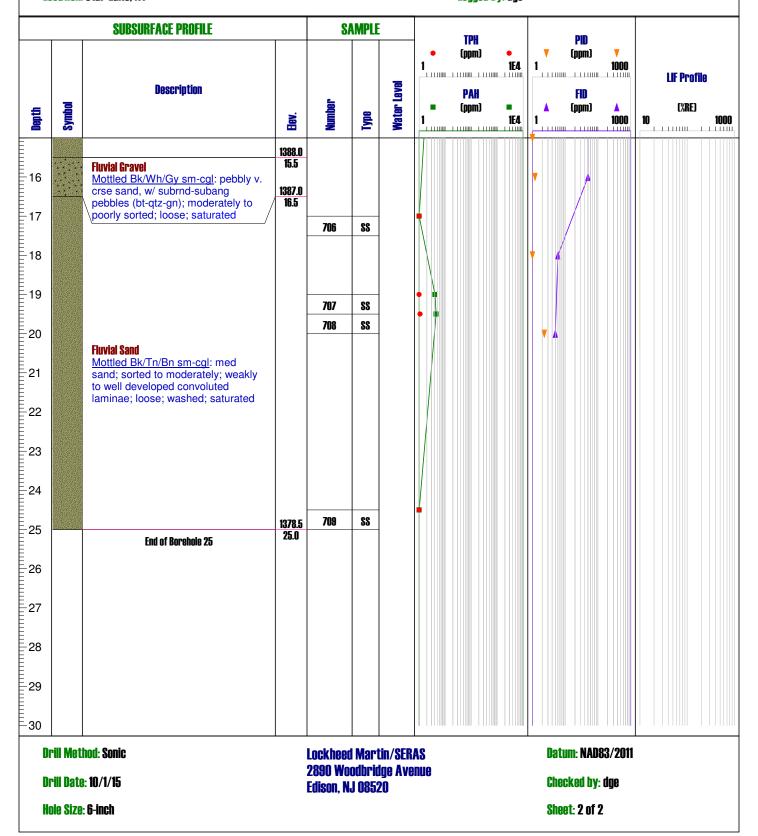


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944514 Easting: 361481.9 Elevation: 1408.36 Logged By: dge



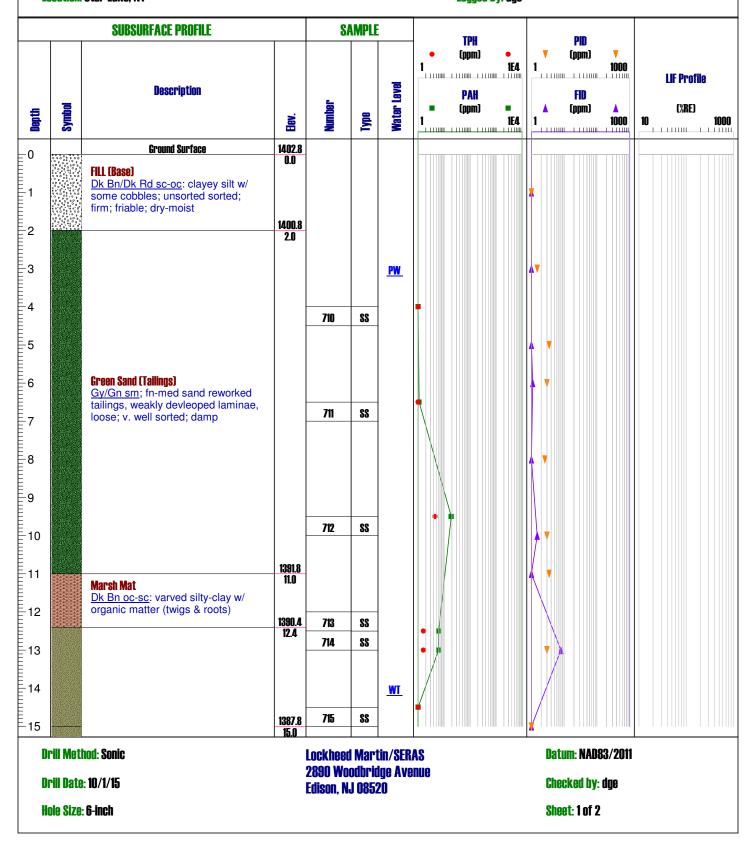
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB10

Northing: 1944447.8 Easting: 361291.8 Elevation: 1402.82 Logged By: dge



Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Northing: 1944447.8 Easting: 361291.8 Elevation: 1402.82 Logged By: dge

	SUBSURFACE PROFILE				SAMPLE			TDU		DID				
Depth	Symbol	Description	Bev.	Number	Type	Water Level		TPH (ppm) PAH (ppm)	• 1E4	1	FID (ppm)	<u>A</u> 1000	C 10	Profile (RE) 1000
17		Fluvial Sand 12.4-13.8' mottled Bk/Wh/Gy sm: fn-med sand; well washed; well sorted; loose; saturated (water table) 13.8-14.6' mottled Bk/Wh/Gy/Rd sm: crse sand; v. well washed; v. well sorted; loose; saturated Fluvial Sand 14.6-19.0' Gy sm-sc: fn sand to silt; well developed convoluted laminae; v. well washed; v. well sorted; loose; saturated	1383.8 19.0	716	SS									
22		Overbank (Clayey Silt) Mottled Tn/Or sc: silt; well developed convoluted laminae; v. well washed; v. well sorted; loose; firm; saturated		717 718	SS		•							
25		End of Borehole 25	1377.8 25.0											
28														
=30 Dr	ill Moti	nod: Sonic	Lookboo	cokhood Montin/SEPAS						Noturn, NAR09/9811				
		: 10/1/15	Lockheed Martin/SERAS 2890 Woodbridge Avenue Edison, NJ 08520							Datum: NAD83/2011 Checked by: dge				
	Hole Size: 6-inch					ZU					Sheet: 2 of 2			

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

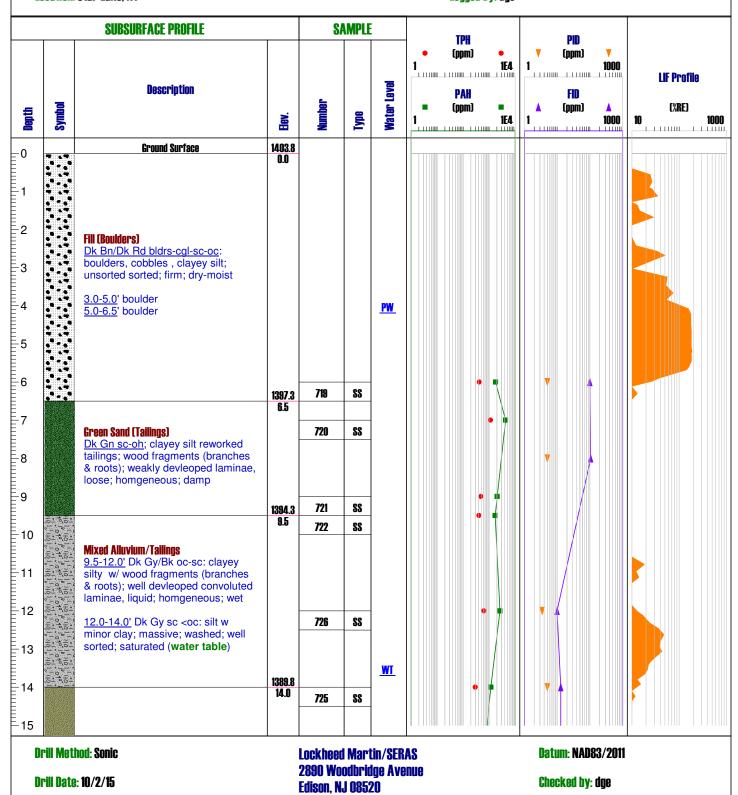
Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB11

Northing: 1944447.8 Easting: 361291.8 Elevation: 1403.79 Logged By: dge

Sheet: 1 of 2

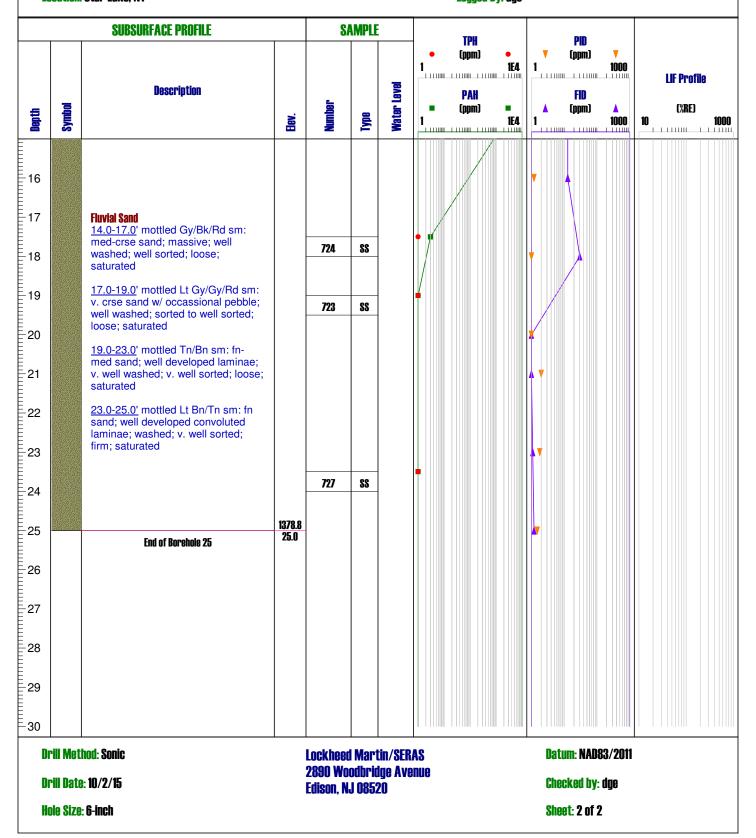


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944447.8 Easting: 361291.8 Elevation: 1403.79 Logged By: dge



Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

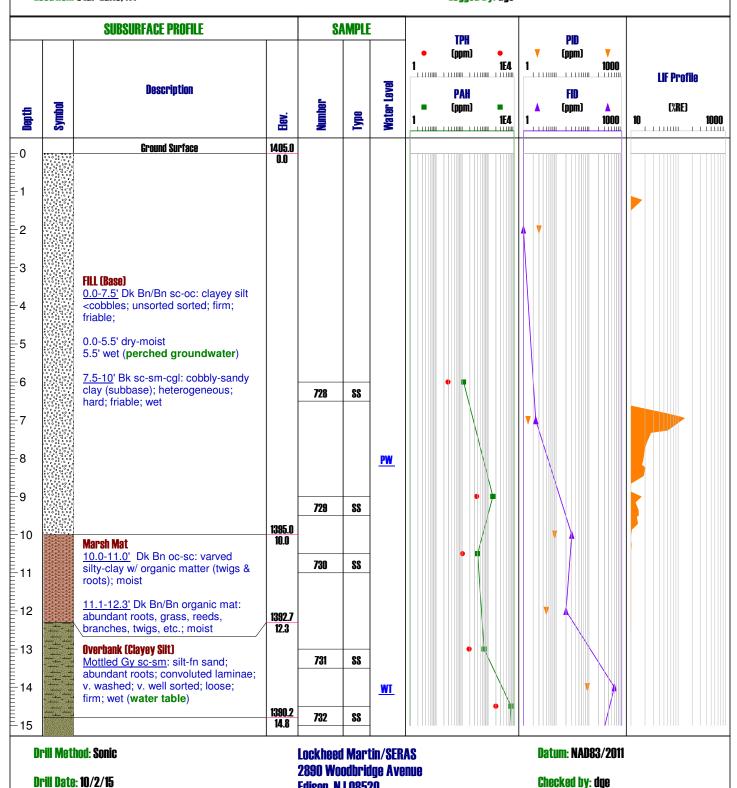
Client: EPA R2

Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB12

Northing: 1944322.1 **Easting: 360908.4 Elevation: 1405.03** Logged By: dge



Edison, NJ 08520

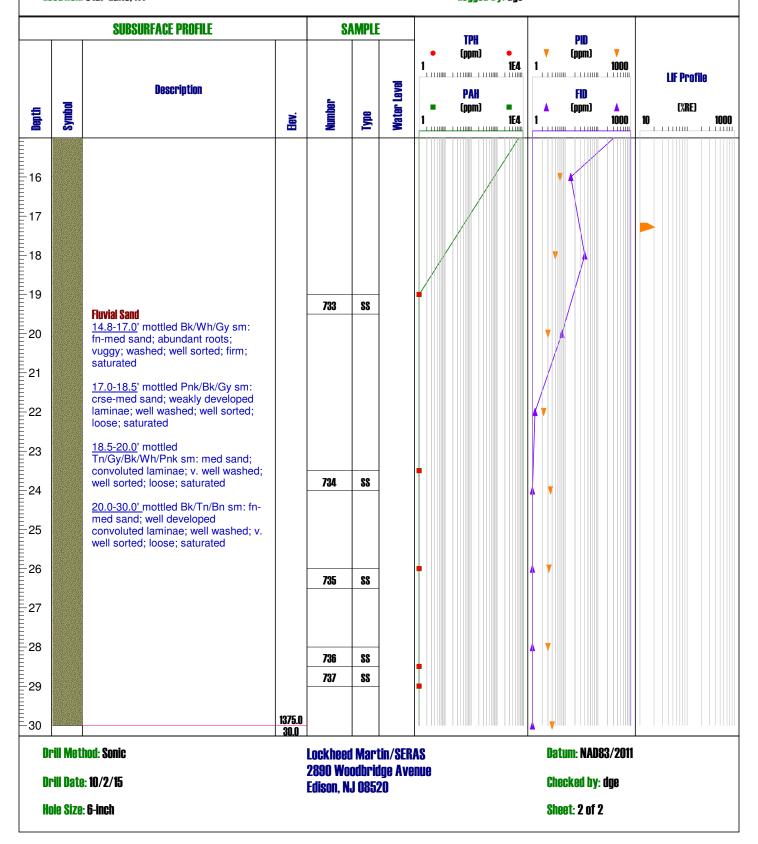
Sheet: 1 of 2

Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944322.1 Easting: 360908.4 Elevation: 1405.03 Logged By: dge

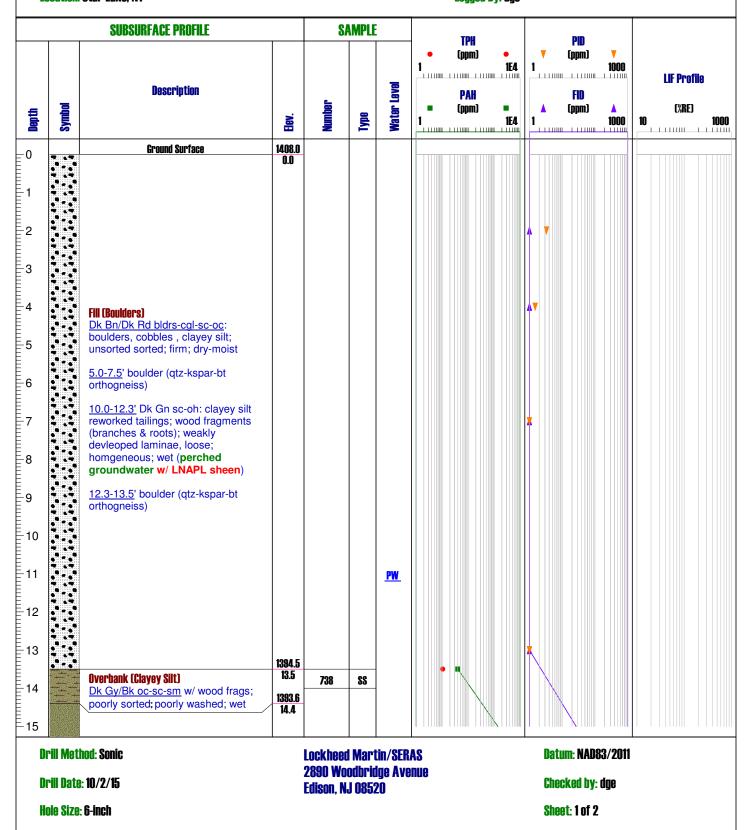


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944167.1 Easting: 360783.5 Elevation: 1407.99 Logged By: dge

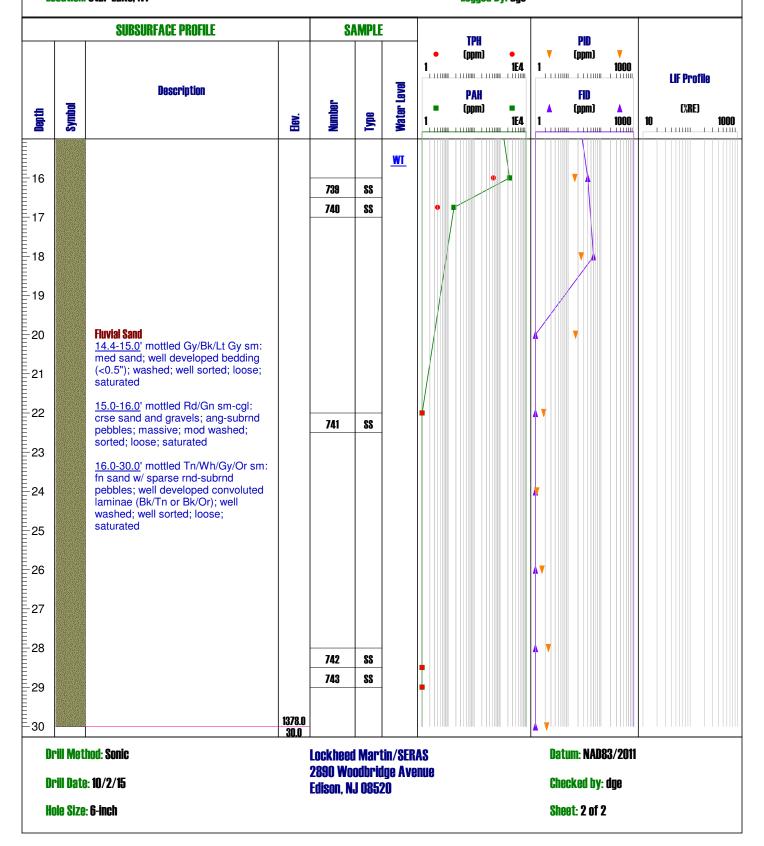


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944167.1 Easting: 360783.5 Elevation: 1407.99 Logged By: dge



Project No: 0-245

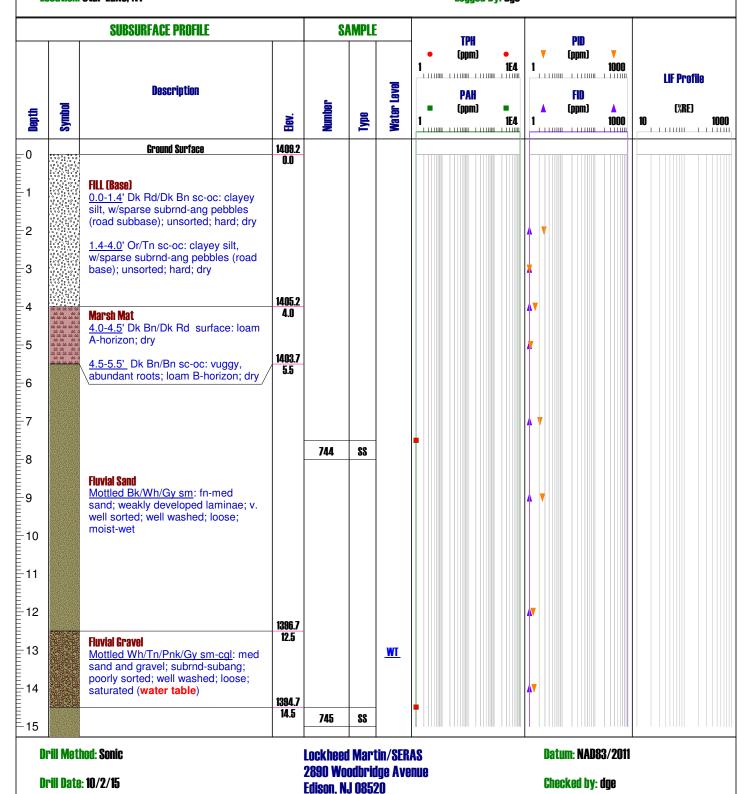
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944104 Easting: 360749.3 Elevation: 1408.36 Logged By: dge

Sheet: 1 of 2

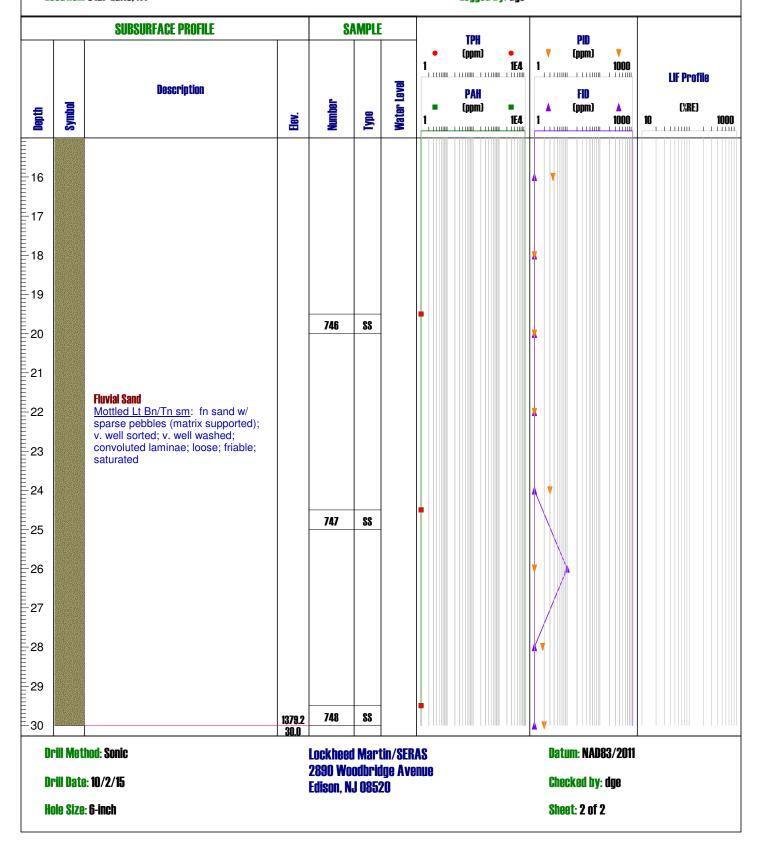


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944104 Easting: 360749.3 Elevation: 1408.36 Logged By: dge



Project No: 0-245

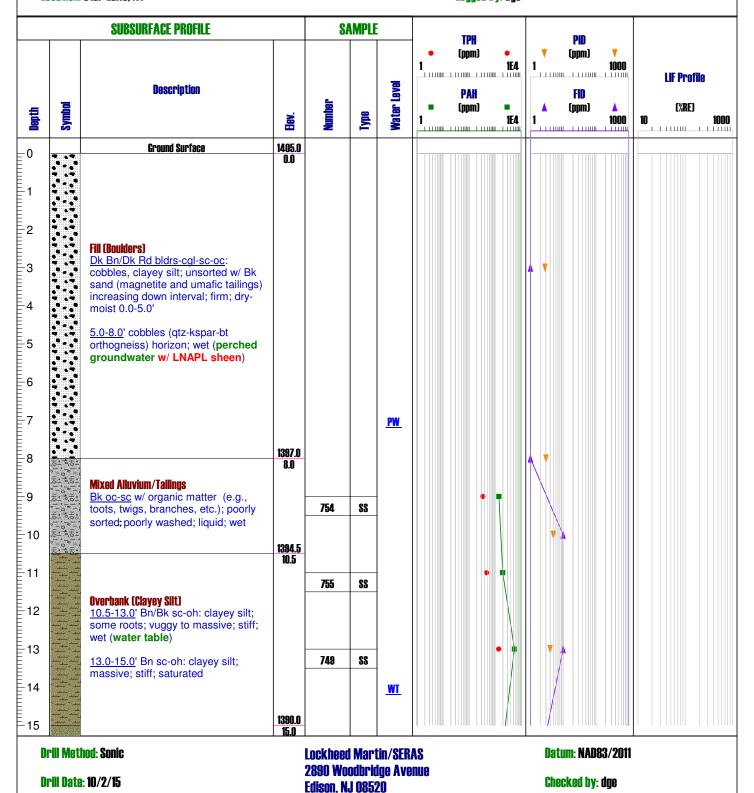
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944254.1 Easting: 360832.4 Elevation: 1405.03 Logged By: dge

Sheet: 1 of 2



Log of Boreh

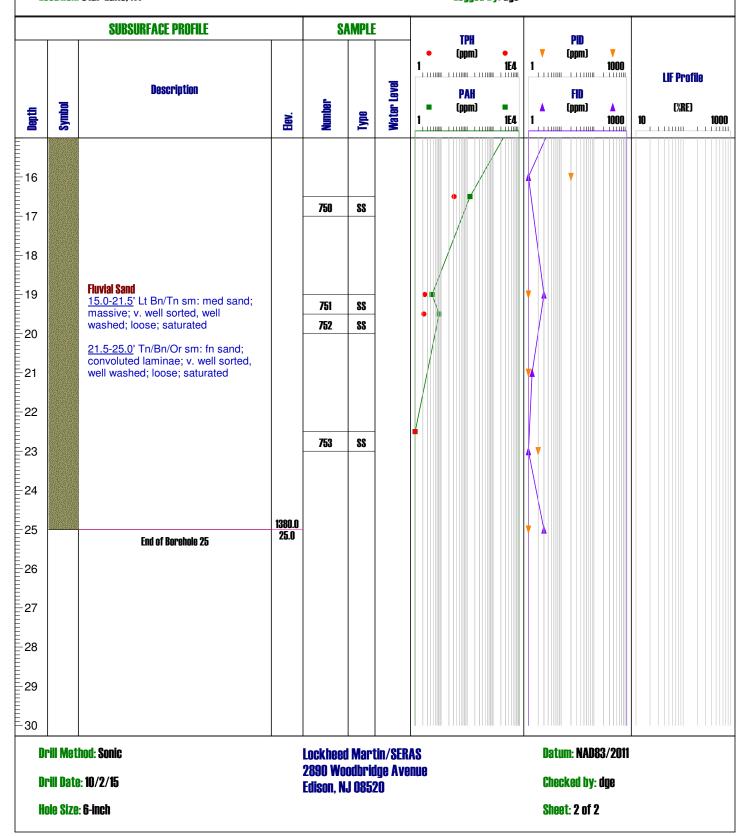
Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY **Log of Borehole SB15**

Northing: 1944254.1 Easting: 360832.4 Elevation: 1405.03 Logged By: dge

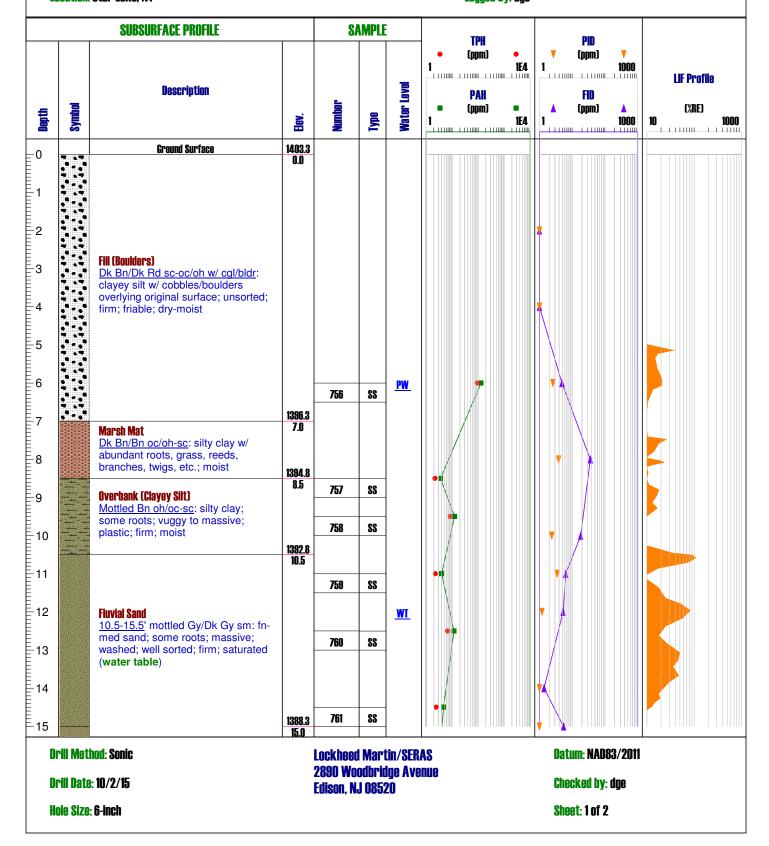


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944347 Easting: 361013.3 Elevation: 1403.33 Logged By: dge

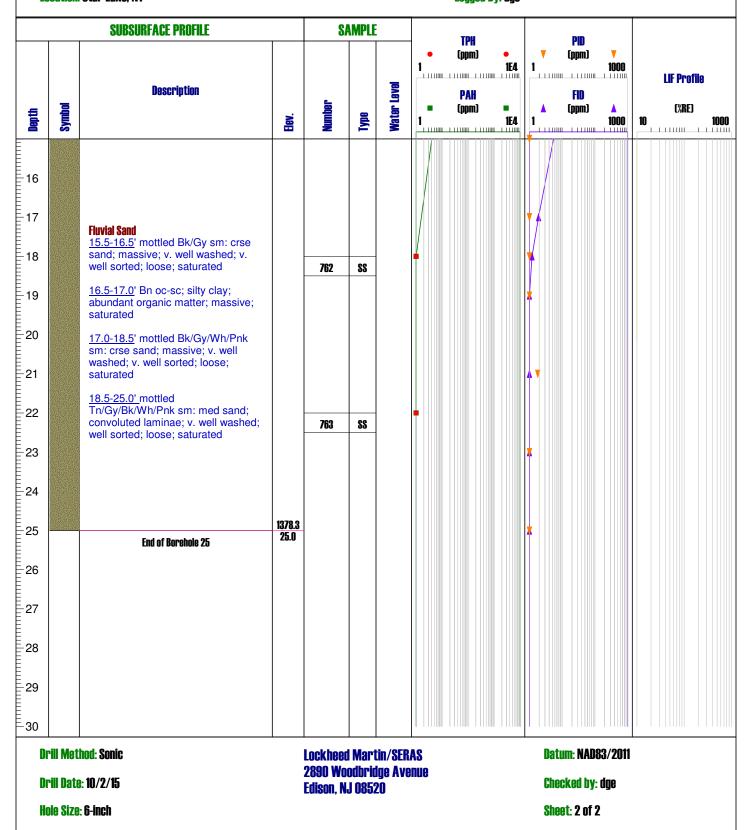


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944347 Easting: 361013.3 Elevation: 1403.33 Logged By: dge

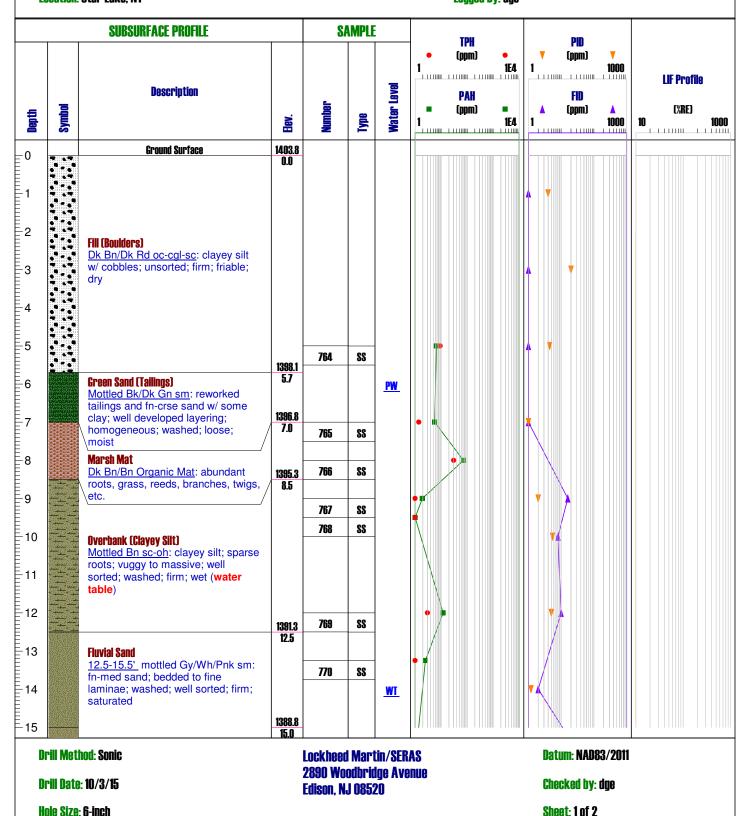


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944407.8
Easting: 361202
Elevation: 1403.77
Logged By: dge

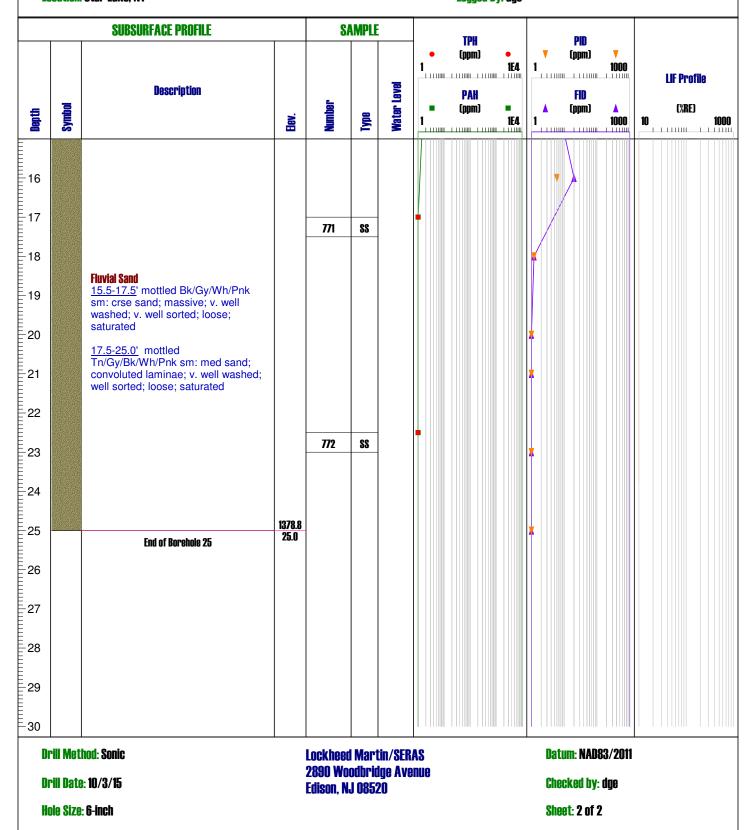


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944407.8 Easting: 361202 Elevation: 1403.77 Logged By: dge

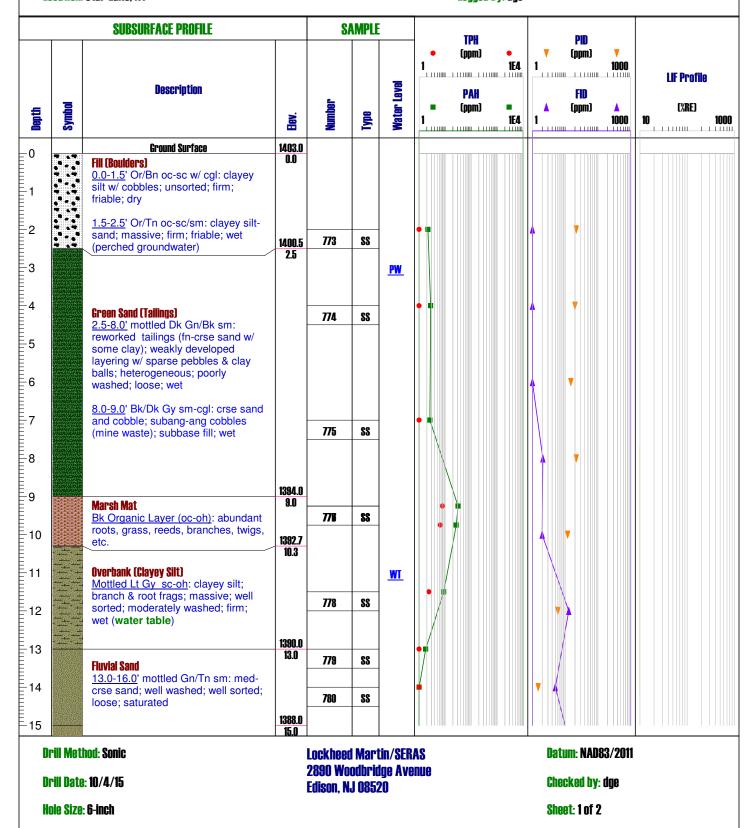


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944484 Easting: 361386.1 Elevation: 1403 Logged By: dge

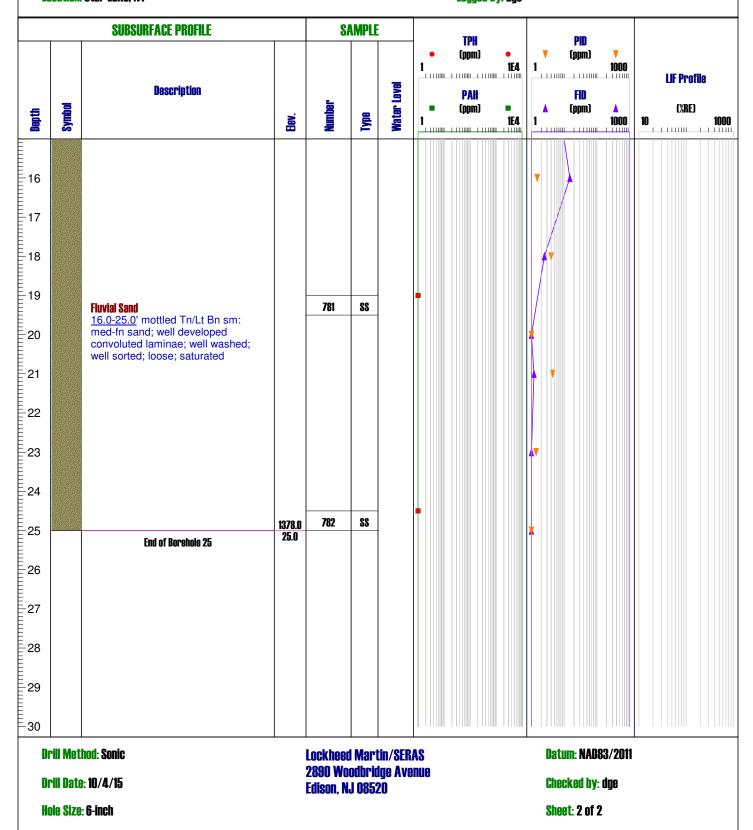


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944484 Easting: 361386.1 Elevation: 1403 Logged By: dge

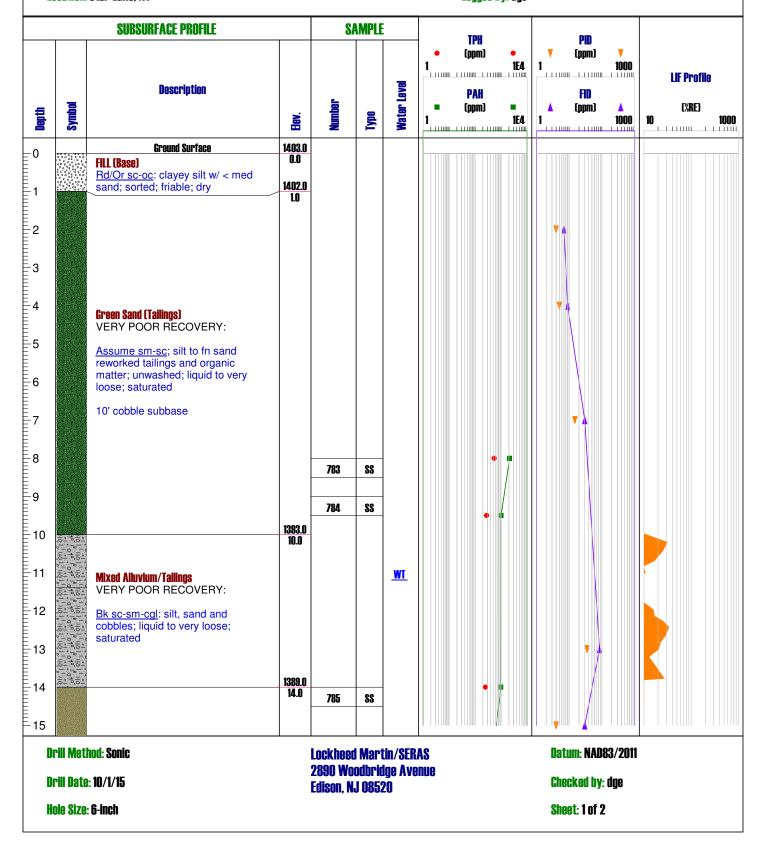


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944539.1 Easting: 361578.7 Elevation: 1403 Logged By: dge

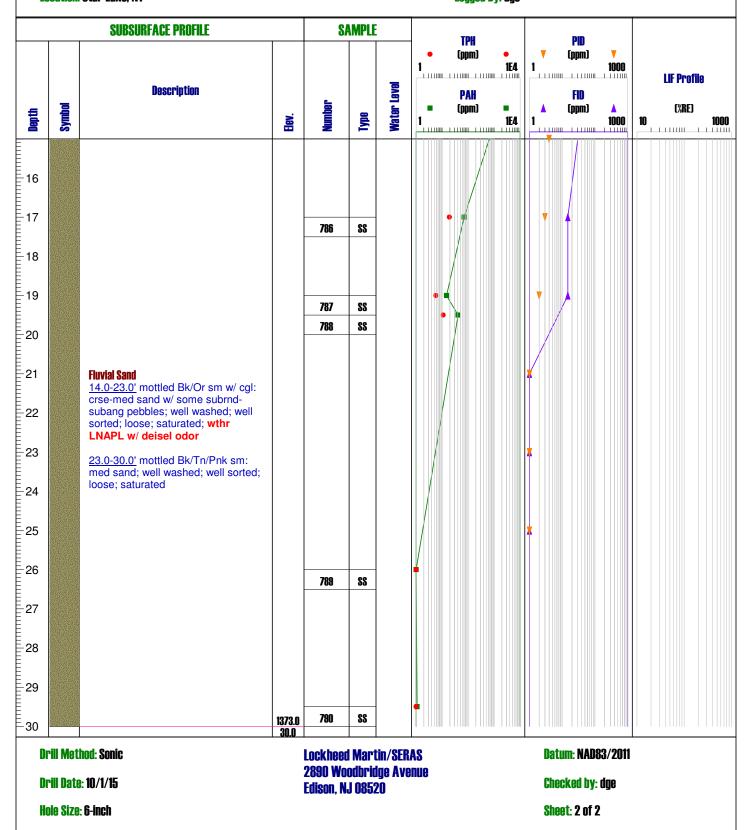


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944539.1 Easting: 361578.7 Elevation: 1403 Logged By: dge



Project No: 0-245

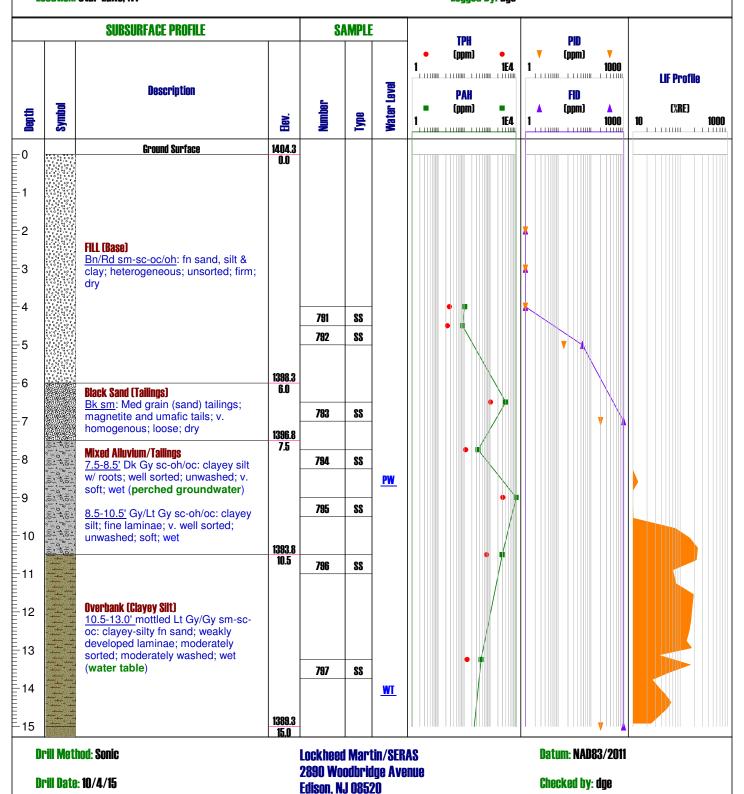
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944486.3 Easting: 361620.3 Elevation: 1404.3 Logged By: dge

Sheet: 1 of 2



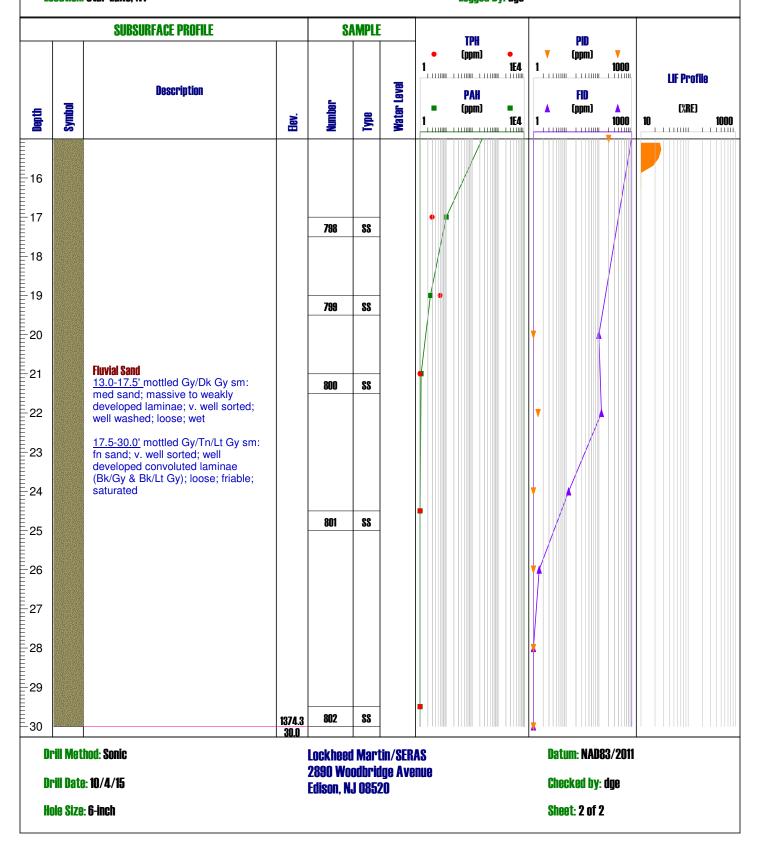
Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944486.3 Easting: 361620.3 Elevation: 1404.3

Logged By: dge

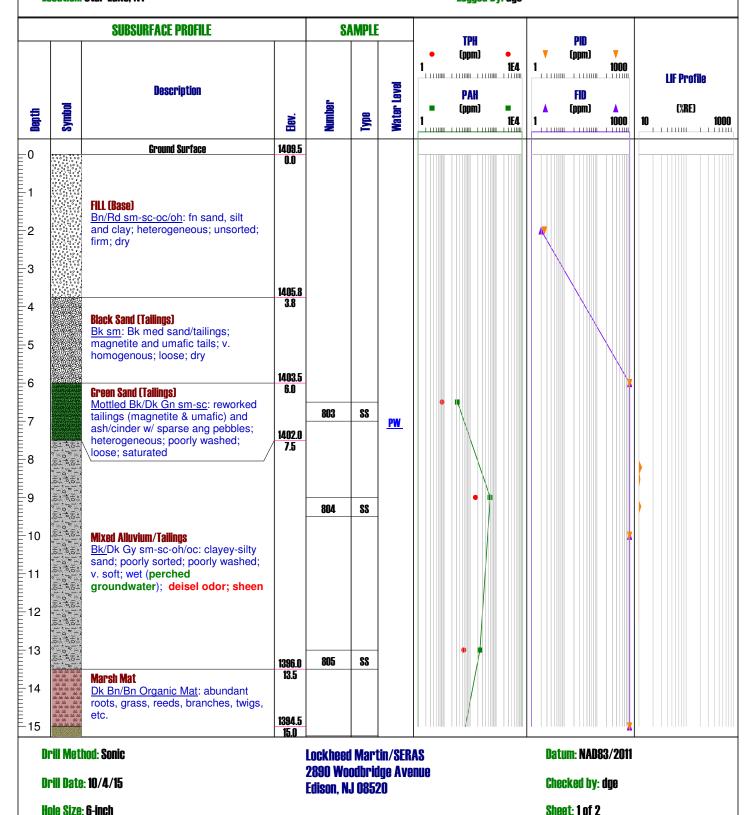


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944424.4 Easting: 361700.6 Elevation: 1409.54 Logged By: dge



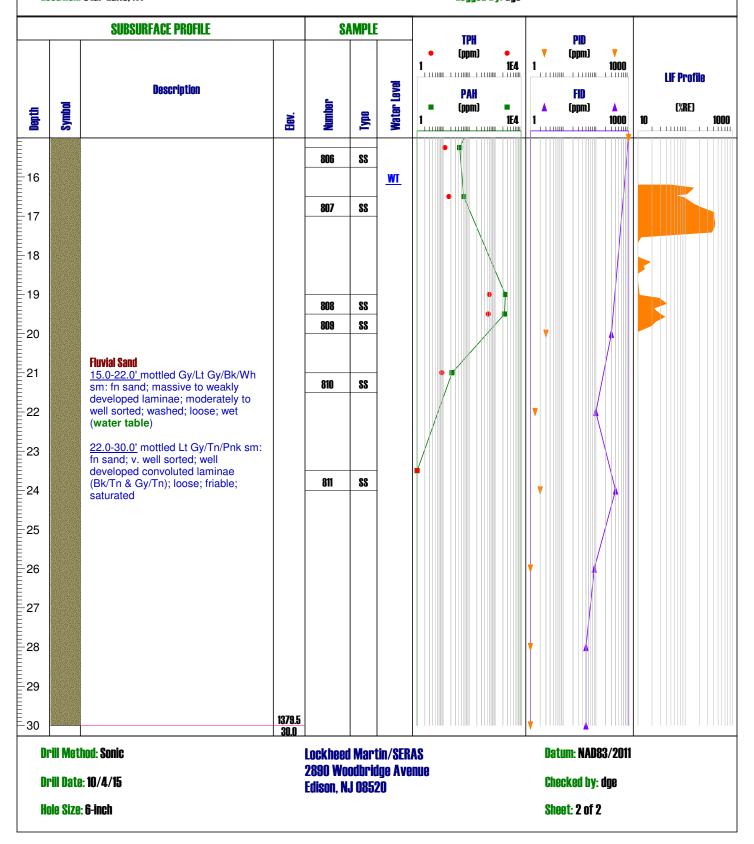
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB21

Northing: 1944424.4 Easting: 361700.6 Elevation: 1409.54 Logged By: dge

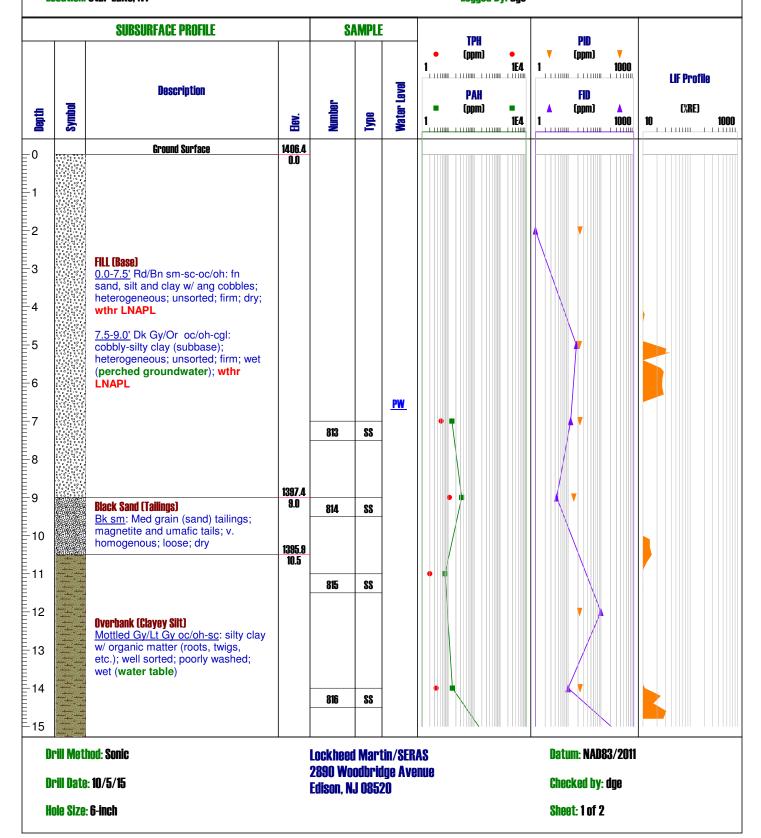


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944504.1 Easting: 361761.5 Elevation: 1406.36 Logged By: dge



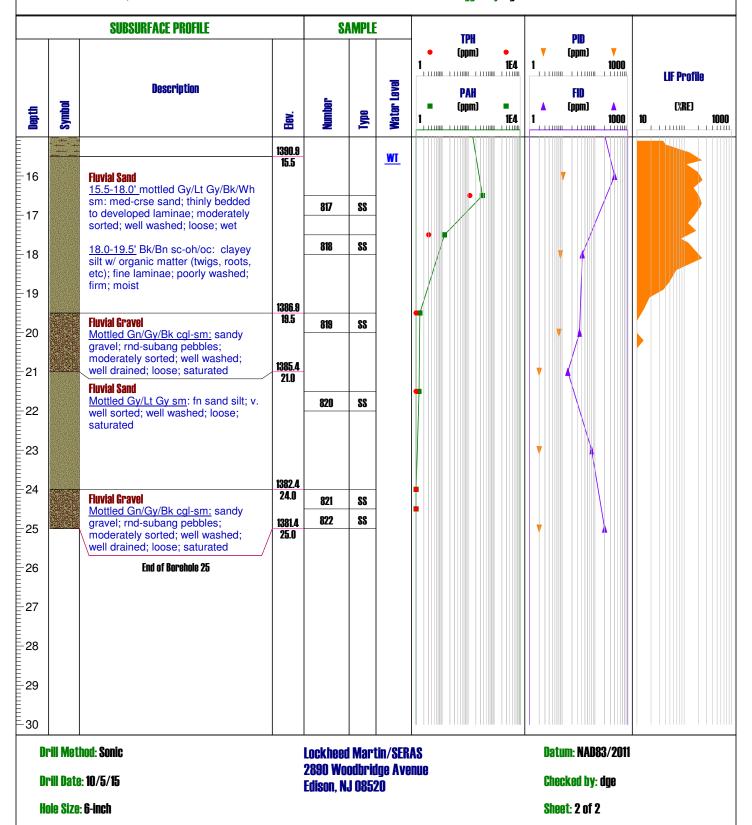
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB22

Northing: 1944504.1 Easting: 361761.5 Elevation: 1406.36 Logged By: dge



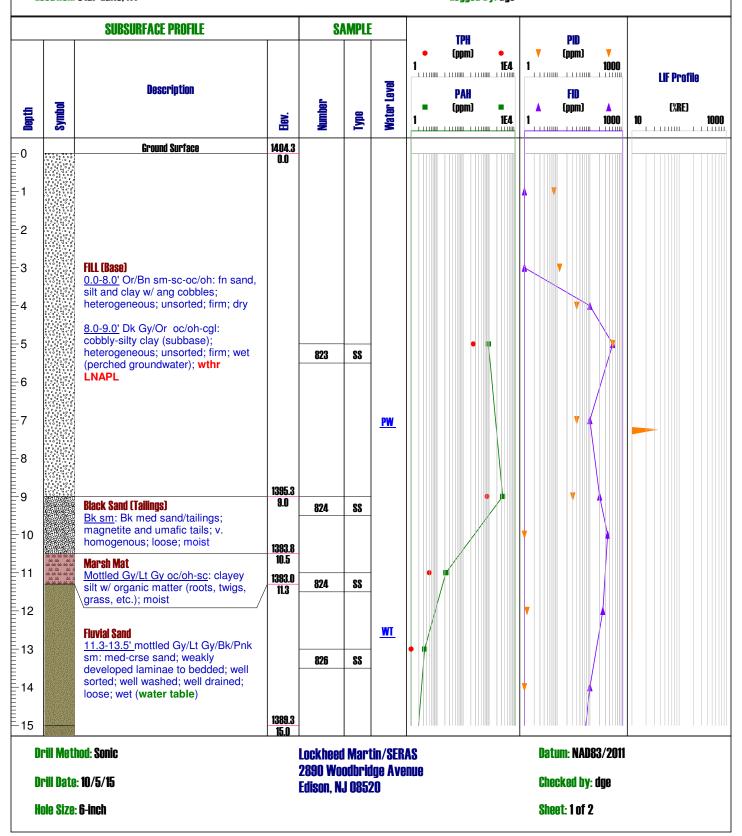
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole ERT3-D

Northing: 1944579.9 Easting: 361775.3 Elevation: 1404.3 Logged By: dge



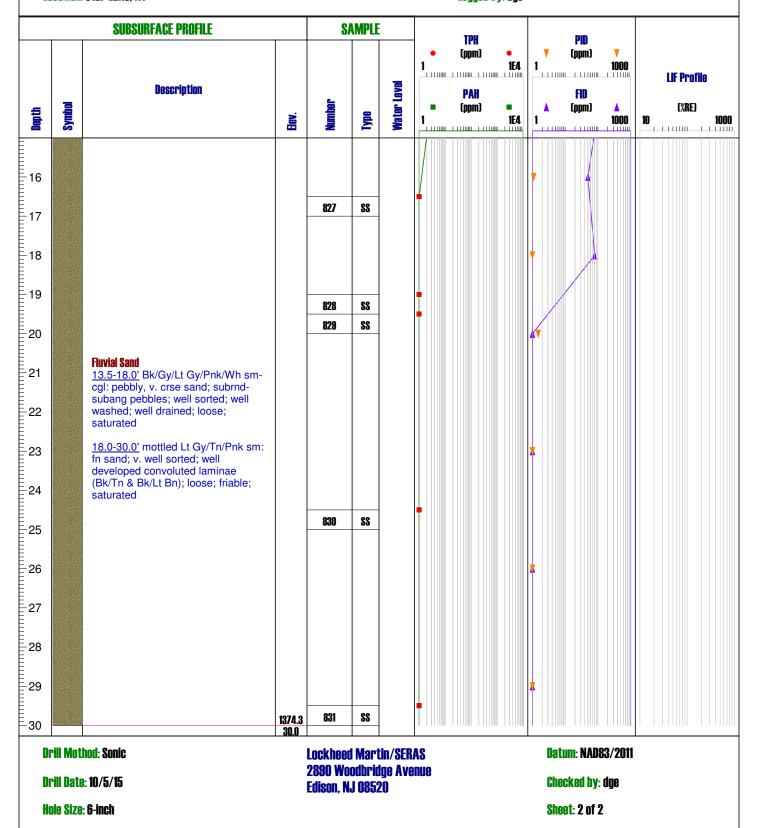
Log of Borehole ERT3-D

Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944579.9 Easting: 361775.3 Elevation: 1404.3 Logged By: dge



Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

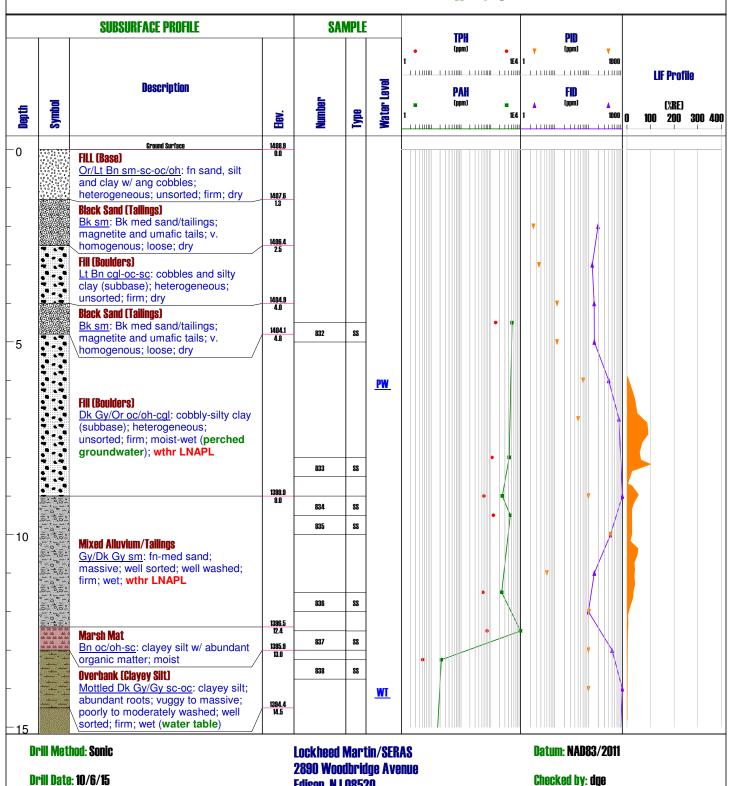
Client: EPA R2

Hole Size: 6-inch

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB24

Northing: 1944469.7 **Easting: 361894 Elevation: 1408.86 Logged By: dge**



Edison. NJ 08520

Sheet: 1 of 2

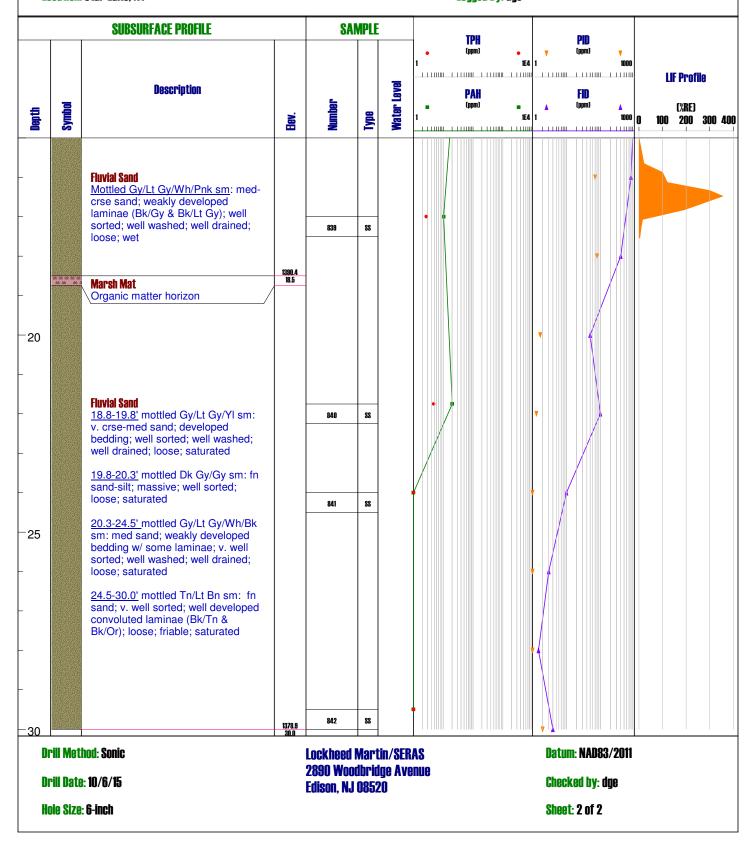
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB24

Northing: 1944469.7 Easting: 361894 Elevation: 1408.86 Logged By: dge



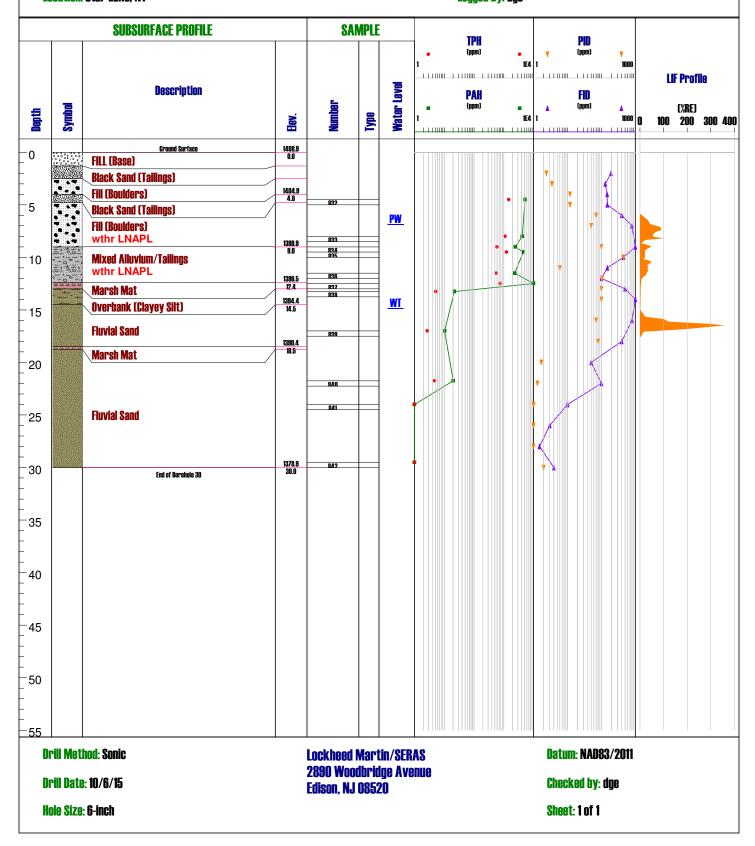
Log of Borehole SB24_pp

Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944469.7 Easting: 361894 Elevation: 1408.86 Logged By: dge

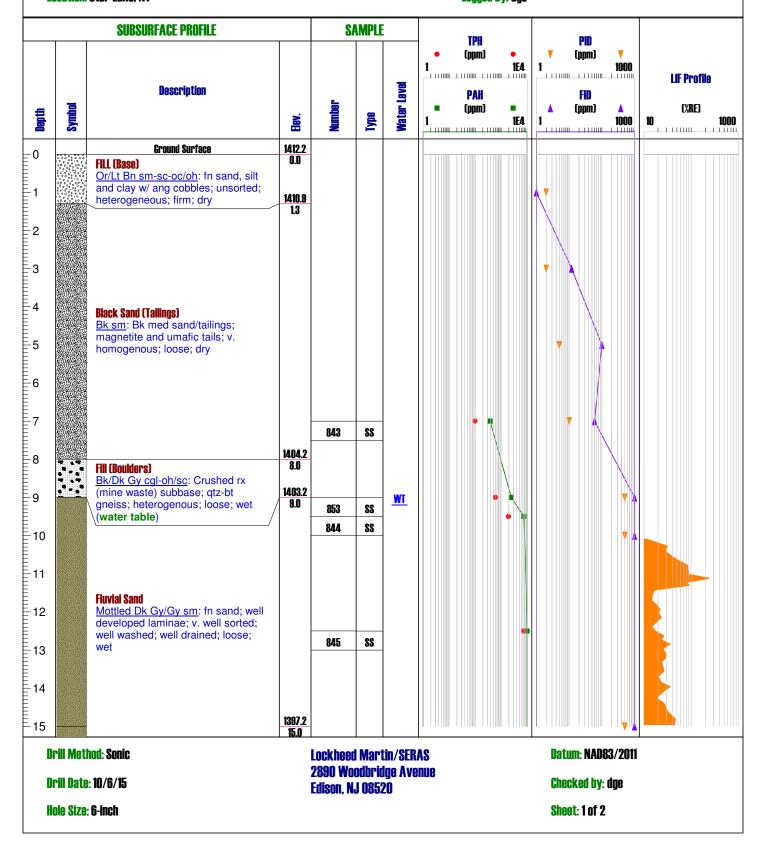


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944288.6 Easting: 361853 Elevation: 1412.17 Logged By: dge

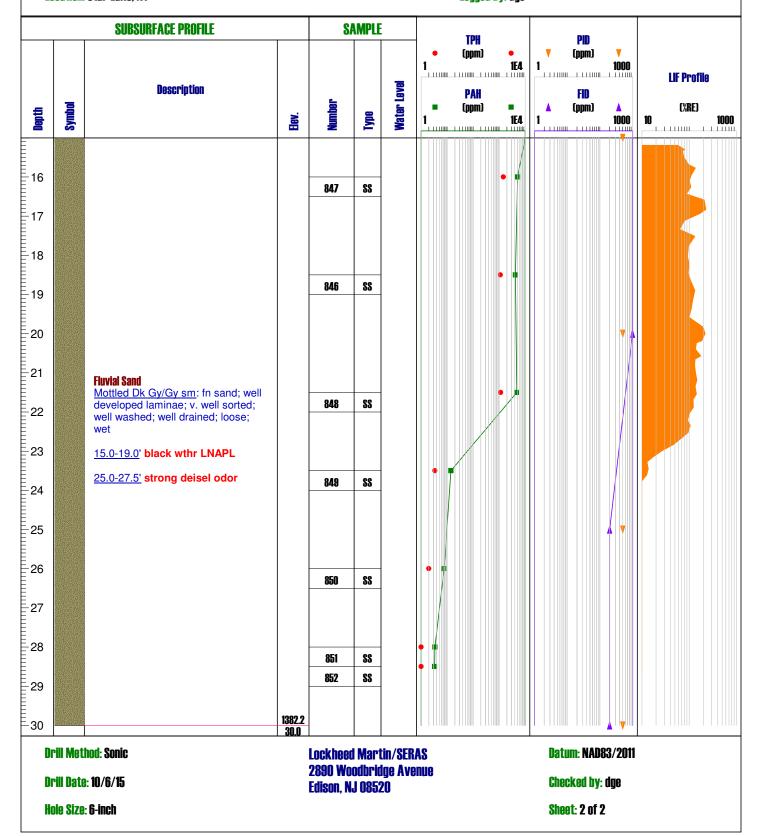


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944288.6 Easting: 361853 Elevation: 1412.17 Logged By: dge

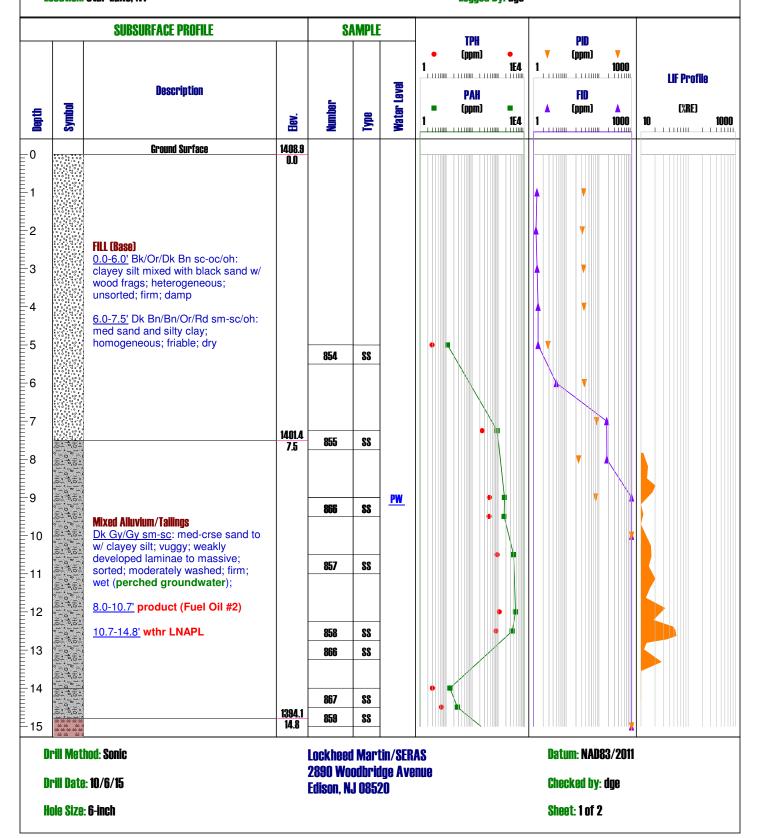


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944260.2 Easting: 361727.8 Elevation: 1408.86 Logged By: dge



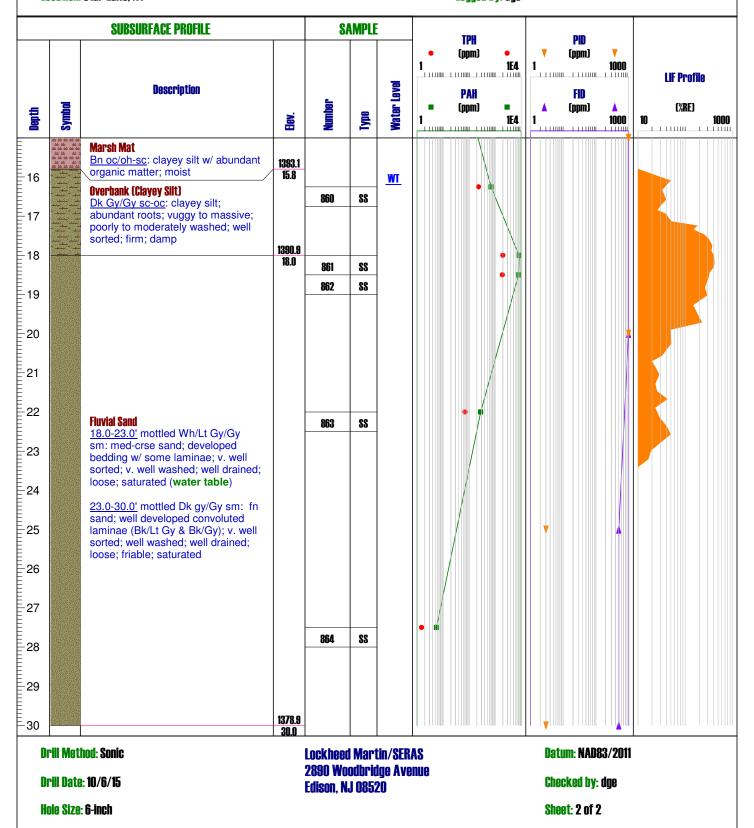
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB26

Northing: 1944260.2 Easting: 361727.8 Elevation: 1408.86 Logged By: dge



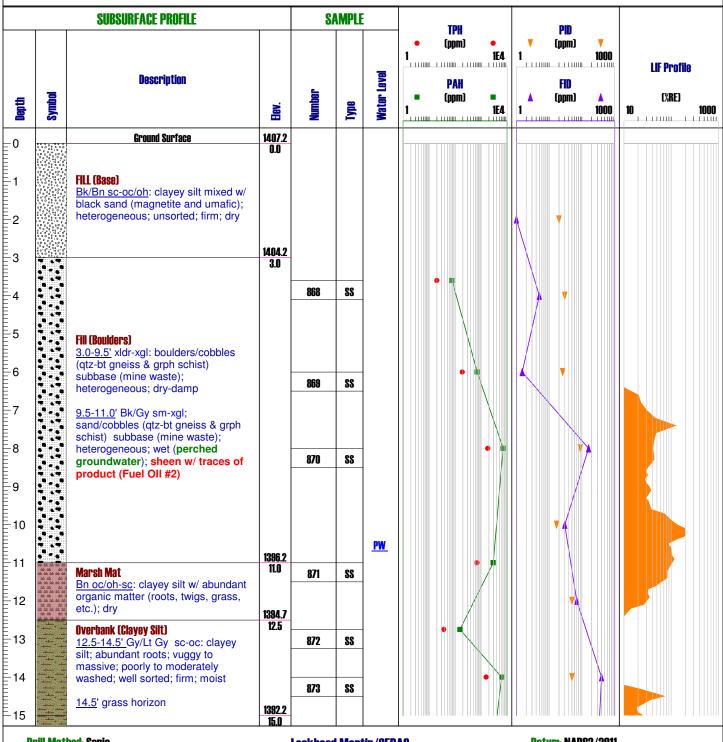
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB27

Northing: 1944265.7 **Easting: 361551.8 Elevation: 1407.22** Logged By: dge



Drill Method: Sonic

Drill Date: 10/6/15

Hole Size: 6-inch

Lockheed Martin/SERAS 2890 Woodbridge Avenue **Edison, NJ 08520**

Datum: NAD83/2011

Checked by: dge

Sheet: 1 of 2

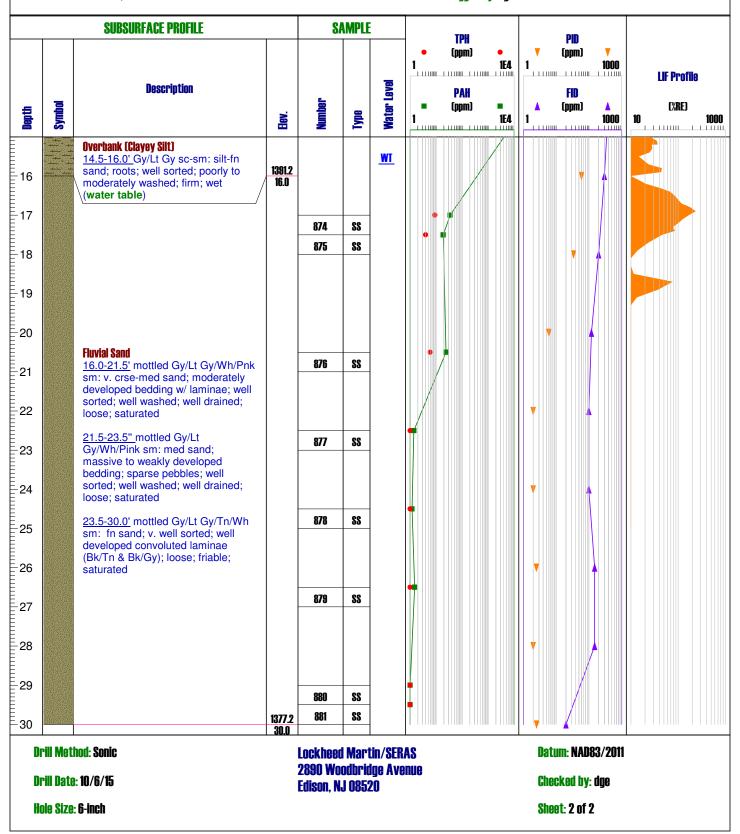
Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY

Log of Borehole SB27

Northing: 1944265.7 Easting: 361551.8 Elevation: 1407.22 Logged By: dge

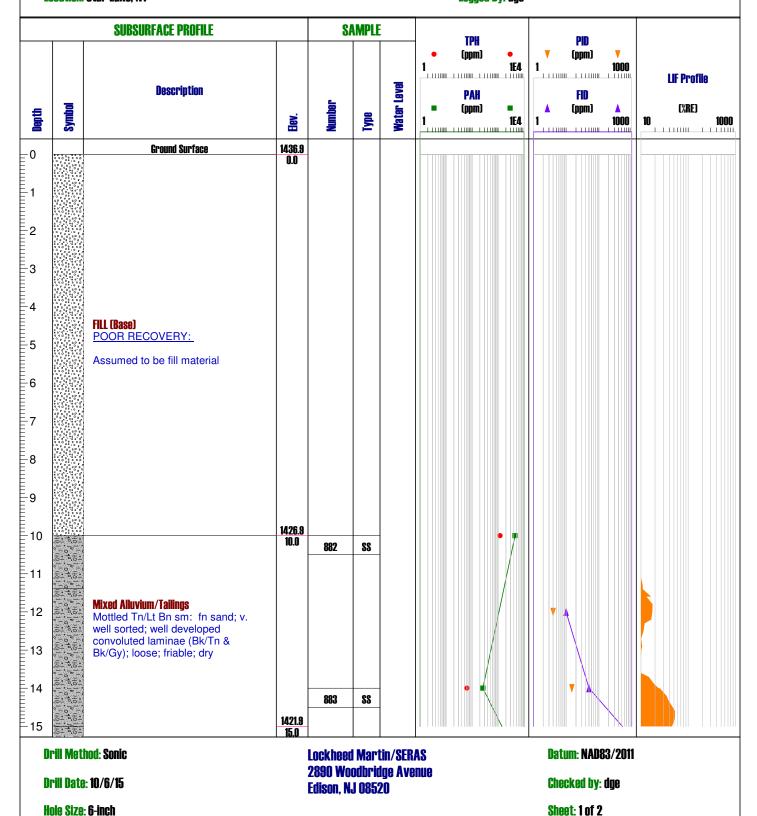


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944096 Easting: 361624.2 Elevation: 1436.94 Logged By: dge

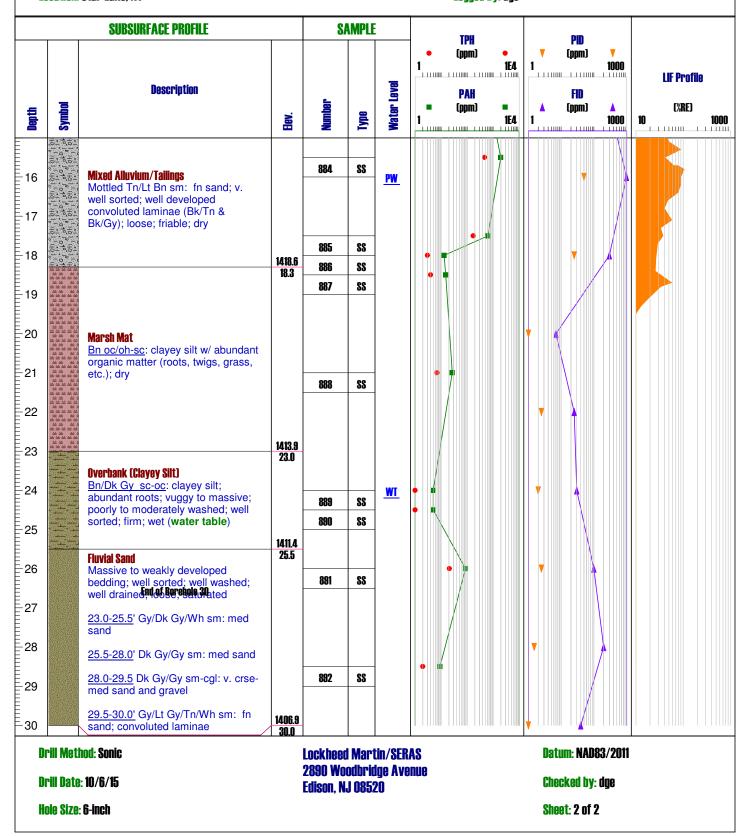


Project No: 0-245

Project: J&L Steel Fuel Oil Site

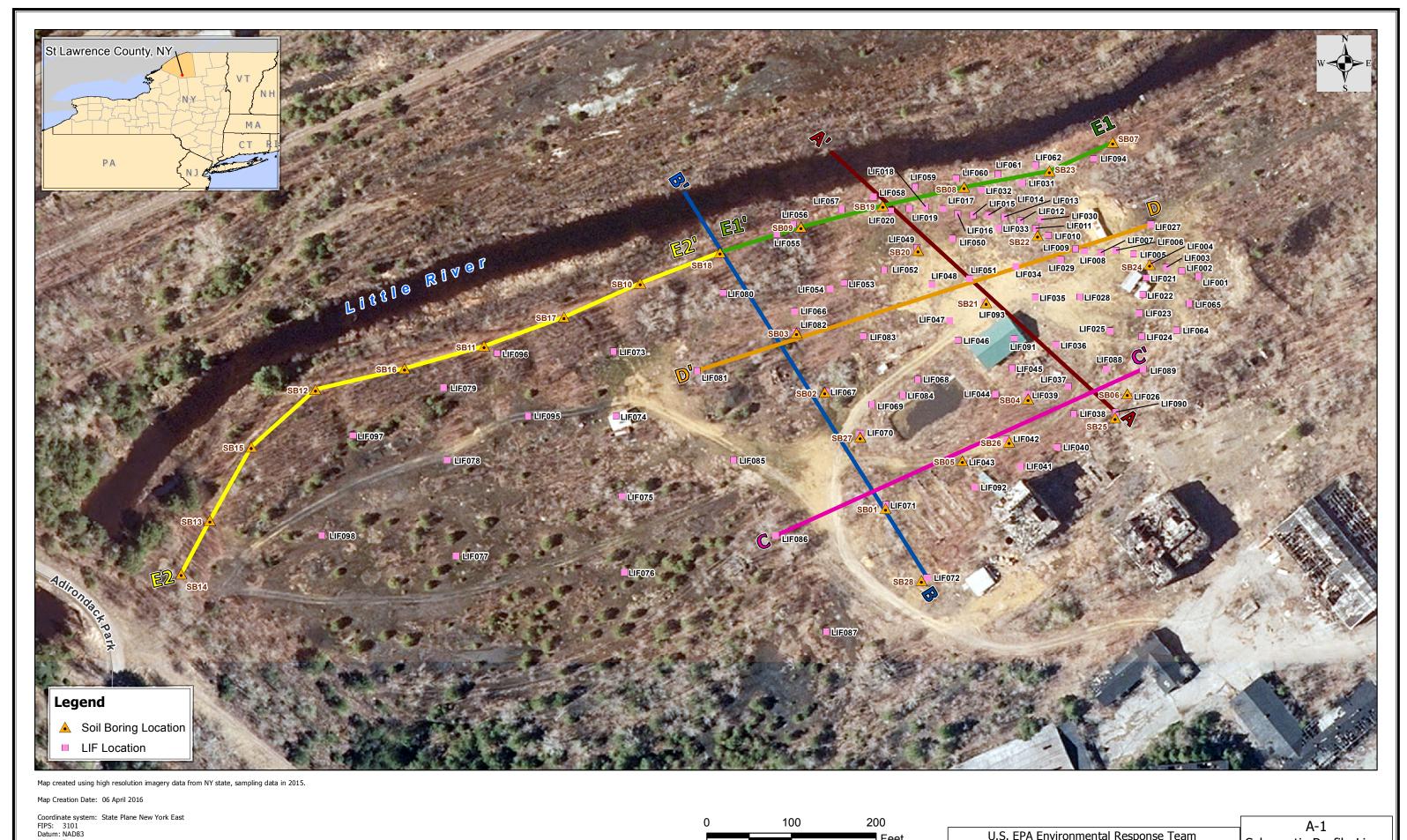
Client: EPA R2

Drilling Co.: Frontz Drilling Location: Star Lake, NY Northing: 1944096 Easting: 361624.2 Elevation: 1436.94 Logged By: dge



Appendix B

Hydrogeological Cross Sections J&L Steel/Fuel Oil Site Town of Clifton, New York Technical Memorandum July 2016



Data: g:\arcviewprojects\SERAS01\00-245
MXD file: g:\arcinfoprojects\SERAS01\SER00245_JnL_SteelFuelOilSite\Appendix/S\245_Profile_Lines_A-1.mxd

U.S. EPA Environmental Response Team Scientific Engineering Response and Analytical Services EP-W-09-031 W.A.# 0-245

Schematic Profile Lines J & L Steel Fuel Oil Site Clifton, New York

Schematic Profile E1-E1'

