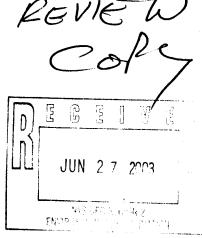


Setting the Standard in Environmental Engineering & Management



SUMMARY OF SITE INVESTIGATION

AND

PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION

FOR

DEXTER CHEMICAL, L.L.C. 845 EDGEWATER ROAD BRONX, NEW YORK

VOLUME 1
TEXT, TABLES, FIGURES, ATTACHMENTS

PERFORMED BY

THE WHITMAN COMPANIES, INC.

JUNE 2003

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SUMMARY OF SITE INVESTIGATION AND PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION

DEXTER CHEMICAL, L.L.C. 845 EDGEWATER ROAD BRONX, NEW YORK

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SUMMARY OF SITE INVESTIGATION AND PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION

DEXTER CHEMICAL, L.L.C. BRONX, NEW YORK

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report formally presents the results of soil and ground water sampling completed between July and September 2000 at Dexter Chemical L.L.C (Dexter), located at 845 Edgewater Road, Bronx, New York (Figure 1). The site work was completed as proposed in the approved New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) *Site Investigation Workplan* (July 1999) and under NYSDEC's Voluntary Agreement program.

Results provided in this report have been previously presented to the NYSDEC in various letter-reports. The September 2000 ground water sampling results were provided to the Department in a letter-report dated December 6, 2000. Soil analytical results and soil boring logs from the July 2000 sampling event were provided to the Department in letters dated July 2, 2001 and July 5, 2001 respectively.

In addition to the presentation of the July 2000 results, this report summarizes environmental data collected during November 1997, March 1998, December 2001, and November 2002. This data is presented in support of the overall conclusions reached for each potential area of environmental concern discussed in Section 6.0 of this report. This report concludes by presenting remedial actions for soil and ground water.

2.0 <u>SITE DESCRIPTION/HISTORY</u>

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2.1 Site Characteristics

The site is located at 819-845 Edgewater Road and 810-842 Whittier Street, Bronx, New York. The facility consists of six (6) buildings owned by Dexter Chemical LLC on approximately two (2) acres. The property is located in an industrial/manufacturing district of Hunts Point, Bronx, New York. Industrial facilities are located north and south of the property. A scrap metal yard is

1

located to the east and residential apartments and a sheet metal company are located west of the subject property. A site map is included as Figure 2.

The site is located on a flat coastal peninsula. The estimated elevation is approximately 20 feet above mean sea level. The Bronx River, located less than a 1,000 feet to the east, is the nearest surface water body. The depth to shallow ground water at Dexter varies from 5 to 12 feet below grade across the site.

Review of the 1896 and 1901 Sanborn Maps show that historically the Bronx River ran immediately adjacent to Edgewater Road. Subsequent maps show reclaimed land appearing between Edgewater Road and the River. The use of historic fill materials to raise the topographic elevation of areas near important waterways was a common practice that proceeded development. Site soils encountered during the advancement of multiple borings at the Dexter property show the characteristic profile of historic fill materials. The fill material observed consists of cinders, coal fragments, gravel and assorted debris (concrete, glass, wood, and brick fragments) in a sandy silt matrix. A distinct organic layer, identified as "meadow mat" is present at 13 to 16 feet below grade. This layer is indicative of native soils for the area.

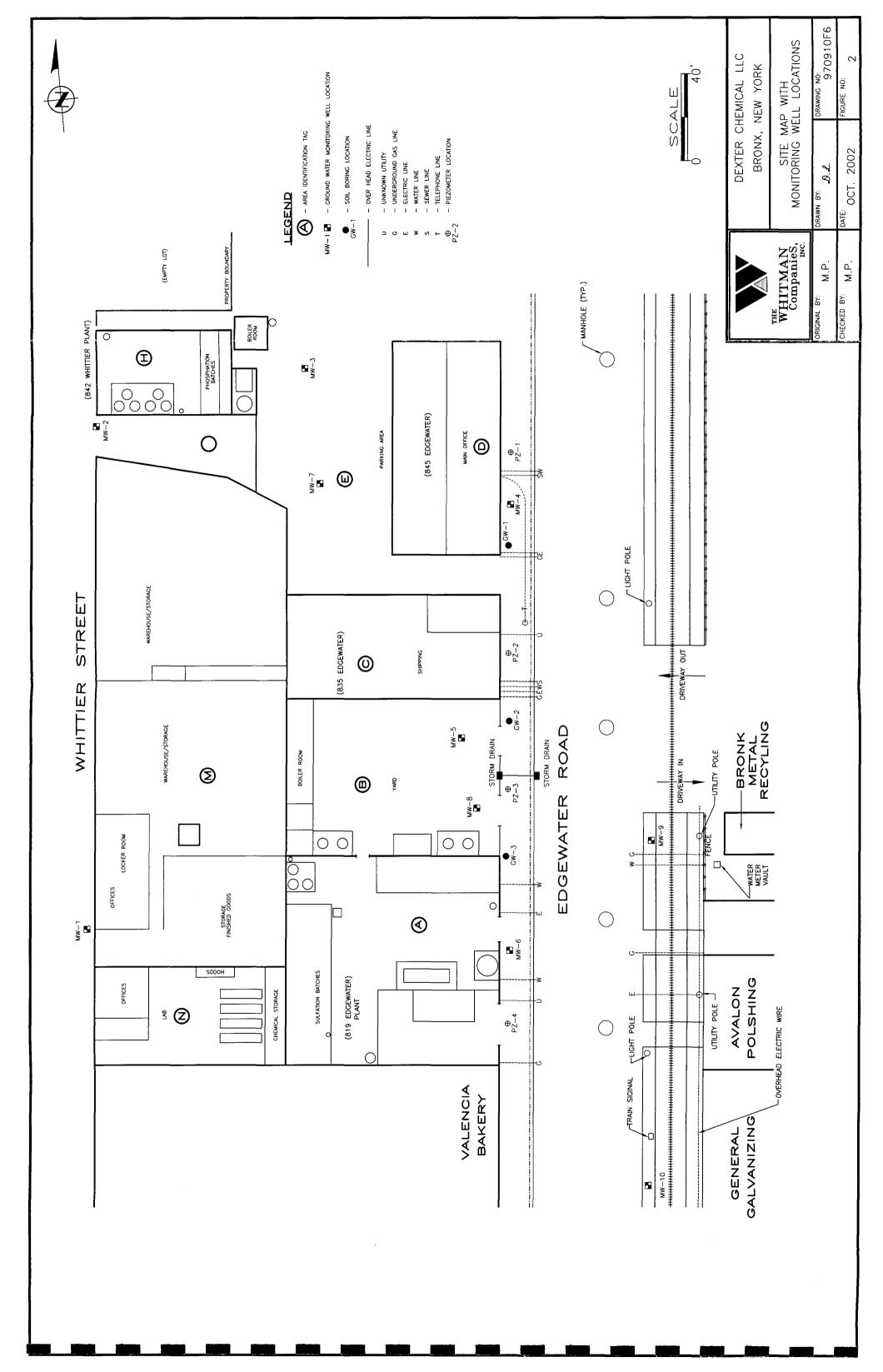
2.2 Past Operations and Chemical Usage

The site, according to Sanborn Maps, was occupied previously by a paint manufacturing company, metal works, door company and art craft table company in the 1950's. The types of raw materials/chemicals associated with these types of operations include but are not limited to:

- Solvents Toluene. Xylene, Acetone, Ethyl Benzene, Ketones, Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons
- Other Paint Thinners Mineral Spirits, Naphtha, Aliphatic Hydrocarbons and Ethyl Benzene

2.3 Current Operations and Chemical Usage

The site is now owned and operated by Dexter Chemical L.L.C, formerly known as Dexter Chemical Corporation. For approximately 40 years, Dexter manufactured specialty industrial organic chemical, predominately phosphation and sulfation batches, and various blending operations. A complete chemical inventory was previously provided in the Phase I Environmental Assessment (Whitman 1997).



3.0 PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

3.1 UST Closure Reports

Whitman reviewed two (2) reports prepared by EnviroSciences, Inc. regarding the removal of two (2) USTs in January 1993 and the decommissioning of eight (8) USTs in May 1995. The following is a summary of the tank closure activities:

January 1993:

Removal of 3,500 Gallon #2 Fuel Oil UST – formerly located in Area E

USED IN FORMATION Removal of 5,500 Gallon Isopar-M UST – formerly located in Area E

May 1995:

Decommissioning of 2,500 Gallon Methanol UST-formerly located in Area I

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Decommissioning of 2,000 Gallon Isopropanol UST-formerly located in Area B

Decommissioning of 1,500 Gallon Varsol UST-formerly located in Area B

USED

Decommissioning of 550 Gallon Diesel UST-formerly located in Area G (North of Area F) -- NOT

Decommissioning of two (2) 550 Gallon Gasoline USTs-formerly located in Area F

The on-site areas referred to are identified on Figure 2, Site Map.

3.2 Whitman Phase I

Whitman performed a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment/ Preliminary Assessment at the Dexter property in September 1997. During the assessment, Whitman identified several areas of potential environmental concern and recommended further investigation and/or corrective action. A copy of the Phase I Environmental Assessment was previously submitted to the Department.

3.3 Whitman Phase II

The Phase II Environmental Site Investigation activities were conducted by Whitman on November 18, 1997. Soil and grab ground water samples were collected to investigate the following areas of potential environmental concern (APECs):

- 1. 819 Edgewater Road Plant Subsurface Contamination
- 2. 5,000 Gallon No. 4 Heating Oil Underground Storage Tank (UST)
- Two (2) 3,500 Gallon Isopropyl Alcohol USTs.

The results of the initial investigation indicated the presence of ground water and soil contaminants with Volatile Organic Compounds (VOs), Base/Neutral Extractable Organic Compounds (BNs), and Priority Pollutant Metals (PPM), at concentrations above the NYSDEC recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives and Ground Water Standards/Criteria. A copy of the Phase II Environmental Site Investigation was previously submitted to the Department in January 1998.

3.4 Whitman Remedial Investigation

Whitman completed a remedial investigation in March 1998. The investigation consisted of seventeen (17) soil borings and the installation of six (6) groundwater monitoring wells throughout various locations of the site. The analytical results for the soil sampling further confirmed the presence of VOs, BNs and PPM in the fill materials. Two ground water monitoring points (MW-3 and MW-6) detected compound concentrations above the NYSDEC Ground Water Quality Criteria (GWQC). The result of this work was submitted to NYSDEC in the *Remedial Investigation Report* dated July 1998.

4.0 RESULTS OF JULY 2000 SITE INVESTIGATION

4.1 Introduction

Whitman's *Site Investigation Workplan* (dated July 1999) proposed the further evaluation of the site through the collection and analysis of both soil and ground water samples. Specifically, soil samples were proposed to be collected from:

- Area A (819 Edgewater Road Plant)
- Area B (819 Edgewater Road Plant)
- Area I (842 Whittier Plant Driveway/Yard)

In addition, Whitman proposed to install two (2) on site wells, one in the central portion of Area E (845 Edgewater Parking Area) and one between the existing wells identified as MW-5 and MW-6 (Area B). A grab ground water sample would be collected from one of the soil borings advanced in Area B. Finally, an offsite well was proposed to be installed across the street from 819 Edgewater Road.

4.2 Area A (819 Edgewater Road Plant)

4.2.1 Background and Description of Sampling

On July 21, 2000, Whitman collected samples from six borings, installed within the accessible areas of Building A (Figure 3). Using Geoprobe drilling equipment, a continuous core of soil was examined from each boring. Borings A-100, A-101, and A-103 were advanced to a depth of approximately 12 feet below grade surface. Borings A-102, A-104, and A-105 were advanced to a depth of approximately 20 feet bgs. At an approximate depth of 19 feet bgs native meadow mat was encountered in each of these deeper borings. Soils above the native materials were recorded as fill, containing cinders, brick and glass. Attachment 1 contains the boring logs.

Samples were collected from various depths to either document the level of soil contamination or to determine the extent of the clean zone. Several samples were collected from each boring (except A-100) and the samples considered most representative of the subsurface conditions were submitted for analysis of VO+10, BN+15 and mercury. Only one sample was collected from A-100, as it was evident from the field observations that contaminated soils were not present.

4.2.2 Analytical Results

The July 2000 soil results and previous Area A soil results are summarized by Tables 1A-1C. Laboratory Data Sheets for the July 2000 soil results are included as Attachment 2. The July 2000 QA/QC data package as presented by the laboratory is included as Volume 2, Part A.

The laboratory analytical data results were evaluated to provide an interpretation of data usability and reliability based upon adherence to quality control parameters. Based on this evaluation laboratory data is verified as technically complete.

4.2.3 Discussion of Analytical Results

Examination of Tables 1A-1C, Figure 3 and Attachment 1 shows the following:

1. Concentrations of Xylene, Ethylbenzene, Toluene, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,4 Dichlorobenzene, and Naphthalene were identified in several soil samples above the NYSDEC Recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives. Exceedances of these compounds are consistent with previous sampling results obtained for Area A.

- 2. Concentrations of Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) and Priority Pollutant Metals (PPM) were identified above NYSDEC Recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives. These exceedances are associated with historic fill and cinder materials used to raise the topographic elevation of the site prior to development and are not associated with current or past manufacturing operations.
- 3. A native meadow mat was encountered at an approximate depth of 19 feet below grade surface in borings A-102, A-104, and A-105. Samples collected of the meadow mat materials were all below NYSDEC Recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives.
- 4. Based on field observations and PID readings, soil contamination is concentrated in the 7 to 15 foot interval bgs.

4.3 Area B (819 Edgewater Road Plant)

4.3.1 Background and Description of Sampling

On July 21, 2000, Whitman collected samples from three borings advanced to eight feet in Area B as directed by the NYSDEC (Figure 4). Using Geoprobe drilling equipment, a continuous core of soil was examined and a log prepared for each boring. The July 2000 boring logs as well as historic Area B boring logs are provided as Attachment 3. Borings logs show the prevalence of black cinder and coal-like fill material that characterizes subsurface materials in the vicinity of Area B. Native grey-black clay with intermixed root fragments (meadow mat) occurs at approximately 15 feet below grade surface.

Samples were submitted to the laboratory for VO+10 and BN+15 compound analysis.

4.3.2 Analytical Results

The July 2000 soil results, and previous Area B results, are summarized by Tables 2A-2C. Laboratory Data Sheets for the July 2000 soil results are included as Attachment 2. The July 2000 QA/QC data package as presented by the laboratory is included as Volume 2, Part A.

The laboratory analytical data results were evaluated to provide an interpretation of data usability and reliability based upon adherence to quality control parameters. Based on this evaluation laboratory data is verified as technically complete.

4.3.3 Discussion of Analytical Results

Examination of Tables 2A-2C, Figure 4 and Attachment 3 shows the following:

- 1. Trichloroethene was detected in soil sample B-100 at a concentration of 770 ppb, marginally above the NYSDEC Recommended Soil Cleanup Objective of 700 ppb.
- 2. Several (PAHs) and Priority Pollutant Metal (PPM) compounds were identified above NYSDEC Recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives. As previously discussed, these exceedances are associated with the cinder and coal-like material used to raise the topographic elevation of the site prior to development and are not associated with current or past manufacturing operations.

4.4 Area I (842 Whittier Plant Driveway/Yard)

4.4.1 Background and Description of Sampling

On July 21, 2000, Whitman collected one soil sample from each of five borings advanced to eight feet in Area I as directed by the NYSDEC (Figure 5). Samples were collected using a Geoprobe direct push sampling device. Soil samples were collected at predetermined depths or from the interval exhibiting the highest PID readings. The July 2000 boring logs as well as historic Area I boring logs are provided as Attachment 4.

Samples were submitted to the laboratory for VO+10 and BN+15 compound analysis.

4.4.2 Analytical Results

The July 2000 soil results, along with previous Area I results, are summarized by Tables 3A-3C. Laboratory Data Sheets for the July 2000 soil results are included as Attachment 2. The laboratory QA/QC data packages are included as Volume 2, Part A.

The laboratory analytical data results were evaluated to provide an interpretation of data usability and reliability based upon adherence to quality control parameters. Based on this evaluation laboratory data is verified as technically complete.

4.4.3 Discussion of Analytical Results

Examination of Tables 3A-3C, Figure 5 and Attachment 4 shows the following:

- 1. Historically, concentrations of Xylene, Ethylbenzene, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,4 Dichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene and Naphthalene were identified in soil samples from Area I above the NYSDEC Recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives. The July 2000 sample results are consistent with previous sampling data reported at Area I. As stated previously, the presence of these compounds are the result of discharges that occurred related to historic manufacturing operations. No contaminants or discharges have originated from the present day chemical manufacturing operations at Dexter.
- 2. Several (PAHs) and Priority Pollutant Metal (PPM) compounds were identified above NYSDEC Recommended Soil Cleanup Objectives. These exceedances are associated with the historic fill used to raise the topographic elevation of the site prior to development, and are not associated with current or past manufacturing operations.

4.5 Ground Water

4.5.1 Well Installation and Sampling

As previously detailed in Whitman's October 10, 2000 letter-report entitled *Progress Report* #2, two ground water monitoring wells (MW-7 and MW-8) were installed at the subject site on September 6, 2000. The wells were installed by Aquifer Drilling & Testing, Inc., New Hyde Park, New York at locations identified on Figure 4 of Whitman's *Site Investigation Workplan*, dated July 1999. A log of soils encountered during well installation and well construction details are included as Attachment 5.

On September 27, 2000, ground water samples were collected from all on-site monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-8). All samples were laboratory analyzed for VO+10, BN+15 and PP Metals by STL-Envirotech, Edison, New Jersey. Well Sampling Worksheets are included as Attachment 6.

Measurements of depth to water level were collected and used to construct a ground water flow contour map (Figure 6).

4.5.2 Analytical Results

A summary of analytical results for the September 27, 2000 sampling event is presented by Tables 4A-4C. Laboratory Data Sheets are included as Attachment 7. A complete set of laboratory QA/QC data packages for the September 2000 ground water sampling event is included in Volume 2, Part B.

The laboratory analytical data results were evaluated to provide an interpretation of data usability and reliability based upon adherence to quality control parameters. Based on this evaluation laboratory data is verified as technically complete.

4.5.3 Discussion of Analytical Results

Examination of Tables 4A-4C and Figure 6 shows the following:

- Monitoring wells MW-3, MW-6 and MW-7 contained concentrations of volatile organic compounds above NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria. Concentrations of Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylene were identified in MW-6 above NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria. Elevated concentrations of Benzene, Chlorobenzene, and Xylene were identified in MW-7, and MW-3 contained an exceedance of Xylene.
- 2. Monitoring well MW-6 contained concentrations of three Base/Neutral compounds (1,2-Dichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, and Naphthalene) above NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria. All other monitoring wells were below NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria for Base/Neutral compounds.
- 3. Monitoring wells MW-7 and MW-8 contained a Lead concentration in excess of the NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria. The Lead concentrations identified in these wells are caused by the placement of wells in coal and cinder fill materials and the subsequent entrainment of fine-grained particles into these wells during sampling. Metal exceedances were not identified at any other monitoring well location.

5.0 ADDITIONAL GROUND WATER INVESTIGATION (2001-2002)

5.1 Background

The July 1999 *Site Investigation Workplan* included provisions for the installation of one off-site downgradient monitoring well (MW-9). Based on the results of the ground water investigation detailed in Section 4.5 of this report, Whitman proposed an off-site well location to the NYSDEC in a letter dated December 6, 2000.

The number of off-site downgradient wells needed to delineate ground water contamination and the exact placement of these wells was a matter of lengthy discussions between Whitman and NYSDEC. The outcome of these discussions was documented in a NYSDEC letter dated November 19, 2001. As outlined by the November 2001 letter, placement of off-site wells involved a two-step process: first, a series of temporary well points and piezometers were installed in the sidewalk running parallel to the downgradient edge of the Dexter Manufacturing Areas and Edgewater Road; then, based on the results of ground water sampling and ground water elevations, the locations of two off-site downgradient wells were selected.

Details of the installation and analytical results from temporary well points and piezometers were originally provided to NYSDEC in a report entitled *Progress Report* #7. Offsite well installation and sampling results were originally provided in a report entitled *Progress Report* #8. For convenience, these results are represented in Section 5.2 and 5.3 of this report.

5.2 Installation of Temporary Well Points and Piezometers (December 2001)

5.2.1 Introduction

As stated above, in response to the NYSDEC letter dated November 19, 2001, Whitman completed the installation of the three (3) temporary well points (Geoprobe type) and the installation of the four (4) piezometers. The temporary well points and piezometers were positioned at the NYDEC suggested locations (Figure 7).

5.2.2 Installation and Sampling of Temporary Well Points

On December 14, 2001, three temporary well points (GW-1, GW-2, and GW-3) were installed by Aquifer Drilling and Testing (ADT), Neptune, New Jersey under the supervision of Whitman. Soil boring logs of these points can be found in Attachment 8.

Immediately following installation, temporary well points were sampled and analyzed for Volatile Organic Compounds plus a library search (VOC+10) using EPA Method 8260 and Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds plus a library search (BN+15) using EPA Method 8270. The sample analysis was performed by STL-Envirotech Research, Inc., Edison, New Jersey (STL) a NYS Department of Health certified laboratory (ELAP# 11452).

The results of these sample analyses be found in Tables 5A and 5B. The laboratory data sheets and the complete laboratory QA/QC data package as presented by the laboratory were previously presented to NYSDEC. Discussion of analytical results is provided in Section 5.2.4.

5.2.3 Installation of Piezometers

On January 3, 2002, prior to the installation of the piezometers, a private utility markout was conducted by NAEVA Geophysics Inc., Congers, New York. The results of the private utility markout are shown on Figure 8.

On January 9 and 10, 2002, four (4), two-inch piezometers (PZ-1 through PZ-4) were installed by ADT under the supervision of Whitman (Figure 7). The log of soil materials encountered during piezometer installation can be found in Attachment 8.

5.2.4 Ground Water Sampling and Analytical Results

On January 22, 2002, piezometers were sampled using low-flow sampling techniques. The sampling purge sheets can be found in Attachment 9. The samples collected were analyzed for VOC+10 using EPA Method 8260 and BN+15 using EPA Method 8270. The results of these samples can be found in Tables 5A and 5B. Compounds present above NYSDEC Ground Water Standards are listed on Figure 9.

Sample analysis was performed by STL. The laboratory data sheets and the complete laboratory QA/QC data package as presented by the laboratory were previously presented to NYSDEC.

Examination of Tables 5A and 5B and Figure 9 indicate the following:

1. Ground water concentrations exceeding the NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria are limited to monitoring points installed adjacent to the southern portion of the Dexter property (i.e. PZ4, MW-6, and GW-3).

2. The marginally elevated concentrations of PAH compounds identified at PZ-1 and GW-1 are an artifact caused by the unavoidable entrapment of cinder and ash historic fill materials during the sampling process.

5.2.5 Groundwater Flow Direction

On January 22, 2002, depth to water measurements were taken from all of the monitoring wells and piezometers on-site. These measurements were used to calculate groundwater elevations (Table 6). A groundwater contour map was constructed using the January 22, 2002 elevations (Figure 10). As shown, groundwater flows toward the northeast. This flow direction is consistent with the location of the Bronx River, located 500 feet to the Northeast (Figure 1).

Ground water elevations from measuring points MW-2, MW-3 and PZ-6 were not used to construct the ground water flow direction map for reasons detailed below:

MW-2 has not been included in the contouring as the measured water levels in this well are biased low. Whitman has reviewed this well's location with respect to underground utilities and we believe that utilities in vicinity of this well intercept the ground water table and act to depress water level elevations in the immediate vicinity of MW-2.

MW-3 is located next to a catch basin that receives rainwater runoff from the building formerly identified as "F". This catch basin is constructed of concrete blocks and as a result of the leakage of stormwater from this catch basin an artificial ground water mound is created in the immediate vicinity of the catch basin and MW-3.

PZ-4 has not been included in the contouring, as the measured water level is abnormally low. Inclusion of PZ-4 would result in a component of ground water flow direction that trends uphill and away from the river.

In order to confirm the direction of groundwater flow, water level measurements were collected from all on-site monitoring wells and piezometers on May 31, 2002 and October 4, 2002 (Table 6). Ground water flow maps prepared using this data are presented as Figures 11 and 12. Examination of Figures 11 and 12 shows a ground water flow direction to the northeast, consistent with the location of the Bronx River, located 500 feet to the northeast.

5.2.6 Conclusions - Installation of Temporary Well Points and Piezometers

Analysis of eight (8) ground water samples in a line parallel to Edgewater Road confirms previous conclusions that ground water contamination is limited to a localized area immediately downgradient of Area A.

5.3 Installation of Off-Site Monitoring Wells (November 2002)

5.3.1 Introduction

In order to delineate the downgradient extent of ground water contamination identified by PZ-4 and MW-6, Dexter agreed to install two off-site monitoring wells at locations approved by the NYSDEC (Figure 13).

5.3.2 Installation of Off-Site Monitoring Wells

In preparation for the off-site monitoring well installation, on October 4, 2002 a private utility markout was conducted by NAEVA Geophysics Inc., Congers, New York. The results of the private utility markout can be seen on Figure 13.

On November 14, 2002, two (2) four-inch monitoring wells (MW-9 and MW-10) were installed by Environmental Probing Investigations (EPI) of Cream Ridge, New Jersey under the supervision of Whitman (Figure 13). The log of soil materials encountered during monitoring well installation can be found in Attachment 10.

5.3.3 Ground Water Flow Direction and Repair of MW-5 and MW-8

During past sampling and monitoring events, the well caps and well casings for monitoring wells MW-5 and MW-8 were observed to be damaged. On December 3, 2002, monitoring wells MW-5 and MW-8 were repaired and re-surveyed. The new elevations are presented on Table 6.

On December 3, 2002, depth to water measurements were taken from all the monitoring wells and piezometers. These measurements were used to calculate ground water elevations (Table 6). A groundwater contour map was constructed using these elevations (Figure 14).

Examination of Figure 14 shows the following:

- 1. The ground water flow direction is towards the northeast, consistent with the location of the Bronx River, located 500 feet to the northeast.
- 2. Off-site monitoring well, MW-9, is directly downgradient of monitoring points PZ-4 and MW-6.

5.3.4 Ground Water Sampling and Analytical Results

On December 3, 2002, the monitoring wells were sampled using low-flow sampling techniques. The sampling purge sheets can be found in Attachment 11. The samples collected were analyzed for Volatile Organic Compounds plus a library search (VOC+10) using EPA Method 8260 and Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds plus a library search (BN+15) using EPA Method 8270. The sample analysis was performed by Integrated Analytical Laboratories LLC, of Randolph New Jersey (IAL) a NYS Department of Health certified laboratory (ELAP# 11402). The results of these samples can be found in Tables 7A and 7B. The laboratory data sheets and laboratory QA/QC data packages as presented by the laboratory were previously presented to NYSDEC. Compounds present above NYSDEC Ground Water Standards are listed on Figure 15.

Examination of Tables 7A and 7B and Figure 15 indicate the following:

- 1. All VOC+10 and BN+15 compounds in the newly installed off-site monitoring wells, MW-9 and MW-10, are below NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria.
- 2. Ground water concentrations exceeding the NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria are limited to monitoring points located adjacent to the southern portion of the Dexter property (i.e. PZ-4 and MW-6).

5.3.5 Conclusions – Installation of Off-Site Monitoring Wells

Installation of two off-site monitoring wells and analysis of four (4) ground water samples confirms previous conclusions that ground water contamination at Dexter is limited to a localized area immediately downgradient of Area A in the vicinity of PZ-4 and MW-6.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

6.1 Area A

- Soil concentrations of several Volatile Organic (VO) compounds and a few lighter molecular weight Base/Neutral (BN) compounds above NYSDEC criteria were identified in this area. As discussed in previous reports, contamination does not originate from present day operations, but rather, from past manufacturing operations at Building A.
- 2. Soil concentrations of PAH's and PPM compounds were identified above NYSDEC criteria. These compounds are associated with the coal and cinder fill material used to raise the topographic elevation of the property prior to development.

6.2 Area B

1. Soil Concentrations of PAH's and PPM compounds were identified above NYSDEC criteria. These compounds are associated with the coal and cinder fill material used to raise the topographic elevation of the property prior to development.

6.3 Area I

- 1. Soil concentrations of several VO compounds and a few lighter molecular weight BN compounds above NYSDEC criteria were identified in this area. Contamination does not originate from present day operations, but rather, from past industrial operations.
- 2. Soil concentrations of PAH's and PPM compounds were identified above NYSDEC criteria. These compounds are associated with the coal and cinder fill material used to raise the topographic elevation of the property prior to development.

6.4 Ground Water

- 1. Monitoring wells MW-3 (Area I), MW-6 (Area A), MW-7 (Area I) and PZ-4 (Area A) contain ground water concentrations of VO compounds above NYSDEC criteria. As stated previously, contamination identified in the vicinity of these wells does not originate from present day operations, but rather from past manufacturing operations. Ground water in the vicinity of MW-6 and PZ-4 also contains elevated concentrations of lower molecular weight BN compounds.
- 2. Elevated concentrations of Lead were identified in MW-7 and MW-8. The Lead concentrations identified in these wells are caused by the placement of wells in coal and cinder fill materials and the subsequent entrainment of fine-grained particles into these wells during sampling.
- 3. Importantly, ground water results previously provided to the Department show that the elevated VO compounds identified in MW-3 and MW-7 are localized to the immediate vicinity of these wells and are delineated by downgradient monitoring points PZ-1, PZ-2, and MW-4.
- 4. Ground water results show that elevated VO and low molecular weight BN compounds identified in MW-6 and PZ-4 are delineated by downgradient wells PZ-2, MW-9 and MW-10. As shown by Tables 5A/5B and 7A/7B, VO and BN compounds have dropped significantly between 1/22/02 and 12/3/02 indicating that the processes of natural attenuation are in operation.

7.0 PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION

7.1 Evaluation of Human Health Exposure Pathways

Environmental investigation of the subject property reveals the presence of Volatile Organic Compounds, Base/Neutral Compounds, and PPM in soil and/or ground water. The contaminants found are attributed to historic fill and prior industrial operations.

The areas containing contamination above the NYSDEC soil and ground water guidelines (Areas A, B, and I) do not pose a significant environmental threat to human health for the following reasons:

- There are no downgradient ground water uses that could potentially be impacted by the localized contamination identified at the Dexter property.
- Potable water and process water supplies for the subject property and the downgradient properties are met by the public/municipal systems.
- The surface of the Dexter Chemical property is completely encapsulated with asphalt and concrete, preventing surface water penetration to the soil and ground water, thereby eliminating direct exposure to the contaminants by the employees.
- Contaminants in ground water are confined to two small areas of the site and are delineated by downgradient monitoring wells to concentrations below NYSDEC criteria. VO and BN compounds in MW-6 and PZ-4 have dropped significantly between 1/22/02 and 12/3/02 indicating that the processes of natural attenuation are in operation.
- Current industrial operations at Dexter utilize no chemicals or products containing the contaminants found in the soil and ground water. Therefore, it is clear that discharges of contaminants occurred in the past and that present (and future) industrial operations are not contributing additional soil or ground water contamination.

The absence of sensitive receptors downgradient of the site combined with localized onsite contamination encapsulated below grade eliminates the potential for a complete exposure pathway. The absence of any viable exposure pathway means that no human health impact results from contamination at the Dexter property.

7.2 Proposed Remedial Action For Soil

The Dexter Chemical Corporation/Dexter Chemical LLC property in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx has been used in manufacturing for many years. The owners and operators of the property plan to continue to operate the site for manufacturing.

Because the site is largely capped by concrete and asphalt pavement materials, and elevated soil concentrations are located several feet below grade surface, there is no exposure or risk to employees or site occupants from the on-site contamination. The profile of materials found in both soil and ground water samples indicates that materials presently used in manufacturing operations are not being discharged, and are not contributing in any way to the subsurface contamination.

Therefore, the proposed remediation for soil contamination is continued encapsulation as described below:

- All floor areas where manufacturing operations take place or where hazardous materials are handled will be thoroughly inspected for cracks, breaks or other discontinuities. All concrete and asphalt paved areas will be inspected, maintained and repaired as necessary.
- Outdoor paved surfaces will be repaired or repaved where pavement is found not to be intact.
- An inspection and maintenance program will be established to assure the future integrity of all areas of encapsulation.

7.3 Proposed Remedial Action For Ground Water

Volatile organic ground water contamination at Dexter has been found to be associated solely with prior manufacturing operations. Because ground water contamination is localized, delineated by nearby downgradient monitoring wells, and showing decreasing contaminant trends, it is evident that the processes of natural attenuation are in operation at the Dexter property.

It is proposed that natural attenuation, in concert with the encapsulation of all soil contaminants, be the primary means of ground water control and remediation at the Dexter property. To implement a program of ground water control by natural attenuation, the following procedures are recommended.

- Sample the existing monitoring well network annually for a period of two years to confirm the localized and delineated nature of the ground water contamination and to demonstrate the efficiency of the natural attenuation program.
- During sampling events, water level measurements will be collected to confirm ground water flow direction.
- Following the two-year monitoring period and approvals by NYSDEC for ground water control via natural attenuation, seal all existing monitoring wells.

TABLE 1A

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C.
Historic Summary of Volatile Organic Results for Soil
AEC-A

A-105C 218853 07/21/00 19-20 ug/kg	7	- CZ		2	4.1	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q N	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q N	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	9	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q	QN	100	Q	8.6	32	156.7	1,134
A-105B 218852 07/21/00 14-15 ug/kg	C		i c	2	QN	Q	ΩN	۵N	Q	Q	L 07	QN	QN	ND	QN	Q	Q	QN	Q	QN N	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN	260 J	Q	400	3,000	3730	21,020
A-105A 218851 07/21/00 7-8 ug/kg	2	2 5	Š	2	۵N	QN	.QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	QN	Q	Q	N	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q N	Q	QN	QN	ND	15,000 J	QN	58,000	410,000	483000	6,340,000
A-104C 218850 07/21/00 19-29 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 5	2	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	1,200 J	ND	QN	ND	1200	0
A-104B 218849 07/21/00 14-15 ug/kg	9	2 2	<u> </u>	J.7 J	QN	QN	QN .	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	0.8 J	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	1.7 J	QN	1.6 J	12	17.8	249
A-104A 218848 07/21/00 7-8 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 5	2 2	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN N	ON.	QN	5,000	17,000	22000	3,670,000
A-103A 218860 07/21/00 6-7 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 5	2 2	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	230	QN	2,600	12,000	14830	382,300
A-102D 218859 07/21/00 19-20 ug/kg	76	30	S S	2 2	6.7 J	QN	Q	Q	N	QN	N	QN	ON.	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	4.7	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	68	ND	5.9 J	22	164.3	1,114
A-102B 218857 07/21/00 14-15 ug/kg	4	2 2	2 2	2 2	2	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	N	QN	QN	Q	Q	ND	QN	Q	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	390	100	2,700	3190	252,000
A102A 218856 07/21/00 7-8 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 5	2 2	9	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QV	QN	QN	Q	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	5,900 J	29,000	34900	2,240,000
A-101 218847 07/21/00 7-8 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	28,000	QN	49,000	450,000	527000	7,920,000
A-100 218846 07/21/00 4-5 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	1.3 J	QN	U. 7.0	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	2.6	QN	J 8.0	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	N	1.2	QN	1.0 J	QN	QN	J 2.0	8.3	9.9
MW-6 49339 3/12/98 7-8 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	0	46,800
A-1 48925 03/10/98 20-21 ug/kg	4	2 2	2 2	S S	; - -	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	ო	QN	-	2	80	42
A-1 48923 03/10/98 4-6 ug/kg	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q	QV	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	430	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	360	7,200 *	3,200	25,000 *	36,190	1,710,000
ISB-3 33215 11/18/97 7-8' ug/kg	ğ	2 2	2 2		2	QV	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	QV	QV	QN	Q	QN	QN	QV	QV	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	ΩN	QN	QN	260,000	19,000	000'62	358,000	3,030,000
ISB-2 32213 11/18/97 7-8' ug/kg	2	2 9		2 5	2	QN	ND	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QV	QN	ND	QN	QN.	QN	Q	0	1,218,000
ISB-1 32211 11/18/97 7-9' ug/kg	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	<u>Q</u>	2	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q N	Q	QV	Q X	3,100	26,000	29,100	1,809,000
1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup Objective ug/kg	000	0061	SN C	1900	0009	NS	400	200	SN	NS	300	100	800	900	SN	SN	NS	700	Ą	NS	09	NS	SN	NS	1400	900	1500	1700	5500	1200		
Sample ID Lab Sample Number Sampling Date Sample Depth (feet) Units	VOLATILE COMPOUNDS	Chloromethane	Visit Photoc	Chloroethane	Methylene Chloride	Trichlorofluoromethane	1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-Dichloroethane	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Chloroform	1,2-Dichloroethane	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Carbon Tetrachloride	Bromodichloromethane	1,2-Dichloropropane	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	Trichloroethene	Dibromochloromethane	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Benzene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	Bromoform	Tetrachloroethene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Toluene	Chlorobenzene	Ethylbenzene	Xylene (Total)	Total Confident Conc.	Total Estimated Conc. VOA TICs

NS OF 7

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. Historic Summary of Base Neutral Organic Results for Soil AEC-A

Classical Property 1479 1486 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 14187 14184 1	Sample ID	1994 NYSDEC	1SB-1	ISB-2	ISB-3	A-1	MW-6	A-100	A-101	A-102A	A-102B 218857	A-102D	A-103A	A-104A	A-104B	A104-C	A-105A 218851	A-105B 218852	A-105C 218853
1,000 1,00	Sampling Date	Cleanup	11/18/97	11/18/97	11/18/97	03/10/98	3/12/98	02/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	02/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00
1,10, 1,10			.6-2	11.5	34'	20-21	7-8	4-5	7-8	7-8	14-15	19-20	6-7	7-8	14-15	19-20	7-8	14-15	19-20
1,000			ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
1,500 1,50	BASE NEUTRALS		:	!	:	:		!							:	:		<u> </u>	ğ
1,000	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	S C	2 :	2 :	2 :	Q :	O C	2 :	2	N :	 2 :	2 :	ON :	Q !	Q :	۵ :	2 2	2 5	
1,500 1,50	bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	200	2 4	N .	ND.	2 4		2 4	2 :	2 2	O 000	2 :	2 5	ON C	2 4	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2
The color of the	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0,00,1	ND 1960	307	13003	2 4	2 2	S S	2 :		2,300	2 :	-	2,200	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2
No. 10. No.	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	8,500	12003	431	28003	2 5	2 2	2 4				2 5		7,500	2 2	2 2		ב ב	2 2
No. 10. No.	his/2 chloroisopropul) office	006,7	4600	7807 ND	4500	2 2	2 2	2 2				2 2	_	2,000,41	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	N Nitrogo di a arabahamina	S V	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2	Ş	2 2	S S
	Hovachloroethane	2 0	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	S S	2 2
1,000 10	Nitrobenzene	000	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	C Z	2 2
1,000 1,00	InitioDelizerie	7 400	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	S
13.00 18.00 13.00 14.00 13.0	his/2-Chloroothow/mathana	0 V	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2		2 2	2 2	S
1,500 1,50	1.2.4-Cilioloetiloxy /illetilaile	3400	18000	3300	200	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2		Q (96	2 5	2 5	110 000	2 5	2 2	S	S) C
No.	Nanhthalene	13,000	28000	320	520	2 5	÷ 5	2 5	160 000		,	2 5	5 5	>		2 2	37.000	5 100	2
No.	Hexachlorobutations	000,51		250	320	2 5	- CN	2 2	200		_	2 5	7,100			2 2	S CN	2	2 2
2000	Hexachlorogyclopontaciono	2 0	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	007,4	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2
Company Comp	2-Chloronanhthalana	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	2	S
1,1000 MD	Dimethylphthalate	000	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2		2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 5	S	2) C	Q Q
1,000 1,00	Acenaphthylene	41 000	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	14	2 0	2 2	 2 Z	2 2	2 5	Z	S		S	S	2	2
Signor S	2 6-Dinitrotolliane	1000	2 2	2 5	<u> </u>) S	- CZ	S	2 5	S S	2 2	S S	Z Z	S S		S	Q	Q	Q
No.	Acenaphthene	20 000	400	2	2 2	2	2 2	S	S			Ş	S	S			2	Q	Q
1,100 1,00	2.4-Dinitrotoluene	SN	Q N	2	2	2	ON C	<u> </u>	S	2		<u> </u>	2	2	_	2	QN	QN	QN
No.	Diethylphthalate	7.100	1800.1	S	Q Q		- CZ	S	Q	S	2	2	Q	2	2	Q	Q	QN	QN
8 50000	4-Chlorophenylether	SN	QN	S	Q Z	2	S	S	2	2	2	2	Q	2	Q	2	Q	ND	ND
No.	Fluorene	20.000	400	2	Q	2	2	ND	2	2	2	2	Q	Q	1,500	Q	QN	QN	QN
No.	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	ND	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN
Second S	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	NS	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	ΩN
\$\text{Strictly}{\text{Strictly}}}} \end{tabular} NU N N N N N N N N N	Hexachlorobenzene	410	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	ND	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q
850 000 889 ND	Phenanthrene	20,000	1500	283	QN	18	37	Q	S	QN	Q	QN		Q	8,000	Q	Q	2	Ω
8 100 ND	Anthracene	20,000	891	Q	Q	Q	1	Q	Q	Q	QN .	QN	Q	Q	2,600	Q	Q	2	Q N
50,000 390 51 110 11	Di-n-butylphthalate	8,100	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q
5,0000 360 45 130 13 92 69 J ND ND ND 150 J ND ND <t< td=""><td>Fluoranthene</td><td>20,000</td><td>390</td><td>51</td><td>1107</td><td>Q</td><td>100</td><td></td><td>Q</td><td>Q</td><td>QN</td><td>Q</td><td></td><td>Q</td><td>10,000</td><td>QN</td><td>Q</td><td>Q</td><td>Q</td></t<>	Fluoranthene	20,000	390	51	1107	Q	100		Q	Q	QN	Q		Q	10,000	QN	Q	Q	Q
NS	Pyrene	20,000	360	45	1307	13	92		2	Q	Q	Q		Q.	10,000	2	<u>Q</u>		Ω N
S0,000 ND	Benzidine	SN	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	9	Q Q	Q	Q	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	2	Q
NS	Butyibenzylphthalate	20,000	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	Q ·	Ω N
224 210 40 ND	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	SN	2	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	9	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q :	Q :
1100 1100 311 ND	Benzo(a)anthracene	224	210	40	2	14	48		2	Q Q	Q	Q	Q :	Q :	2,000	<u>Q</u> :	9 :	Q :	Q :
Sologo 1200J SSO ND	Chrysene	400	1107	31J	Q.	Q	70		2	Q.	<u>Q</u>	Q N	Q :	Q :	6,800	Q :	Q :	Q :	Q :
20,000 ND	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	20,000	12003	530	2 :	2 :	82	Q :	2 :	2 :	Q :	O S	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 4	2 2	2 2
1,100 ND 400 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	Di-n-octylphthalate	50,000	2	ON S	2 :	2 :	Q i	Q :	2 5	Q (Q :	Q G	2 2	2 4	ON S	S :	2 9	2 2	2 2
1,100 ND 183 ND	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,100	O C	407	2 :	N :	0 :0		2 5	2 :	O .	<u> </u>	2 4	2 9	6.70 0.61	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2
Solution No.	Denzo(k)filluorantnene	1,100	2 2	<u> </u>	2 5	2 2	52	_	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2		2 2	7,500	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2
Solution Criteria 144 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	Delizo(a)pyrerie	3200	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	33	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	3,000	2 5	2 2	Š	S S
50,000 ND	Dibonz(a h)anthracene	14	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	5 0	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 5	S S	2 5	710	S S	Z Z	Ş	Z Z
53860 4286 11120 45 708.5 319 163500 54700 17437 0 6820 165700 62330 0 37000 5198 anuly Criteria Contaminant Contaminan	Benzo(q,h,i)perylene	20,000	2 2	2 2	2 2	2	37	2 2	2	2 2	2 2	2	Q Q	2	1 800	2	Q	2	9
anup Criteria Contaminant Con	Total Confident Conc. BN (s)		53860	4286	11120	45	708.5	319	163500	54700	17437	0	6820	165700	62330	0	37000	5198	0
- Exceeds NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Criteria - None Detected - No Standard for Individual Contaminant - Tentatively Identified Compounds	Total Estimated Conc. BN TICs (s)		2130000	354500	10900	29140	18830	1,300	8,380,000	6,180,000	367,000	502,000	205,100	7,620,000	73,300	461,000	2,990,000	175,000	554,000
None Detected No Standard for Individual Contaminant Tentatively Identified Compounds	- Exceeds NYSDEC Soil Cleaning	Criteria																	
- No Standard for Individual Contaminant - Tentatively Identified Compounds	- 1	S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C																	
- Tentatively Identified Compounds	١	ıminant																	
	4	S																Time	



<sup>None Detected
No Standard for Individual Contaminant
Tentatively Identified Compounds
The result is less than detection limit, but greater than zero</sup>

TABLE 1C

Historic Summary of Mercury and Metal Results for Soil Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. AEC-A

Sample ID	1994 NYSDEC	A-100	A-101	A-102A	A-102B	A-102D	A-103A	A-104A	A104-B	A104-C	A-105A	A-105B	A-105C
Lab Sample Number	Rec. Soil	218846	218847	218856	218857	218859	218860	218848	218849	218850	218851	218852	218853
Sampling Date	Cleanup	7/21/00	02/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	02/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00	07/21/00
Sampling Depth (feet)	Objective	4-5	2-8	7-8	14-15	19-20	6-7	2-8	14-15	19-20	2-8	14-15	19-20
Units	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
Mercury	0.1	0.07	5	20.0	0.16	ΩN	0.37	0.29	0.16	QN	0.13	. 7.0	QN
					-	_							

Exceeds NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Criteria
 None Detected

Sample ID Lab Sample Number Sampling Date Sample Depth Units	1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup Objective mg/kg	ISB-1 32211 11/18/97 7-9' mg/kg	ISB-2 32212 11/18/97 1-1.5' mg/kg	ISB-3 32214 11/18/97 3-4' mg/kg	A-1 48923 03/10/98 20-21 mg/kg	MW-6 49339 3/12/98 7 – 8 mg/kg
PRIORITY POLLUTANT METALS						
Antimony	SB	12.4	QN	ΩN	QN	QN
Arsenic	7.5	5.8	2	3.1	7.9	ΩN
Beryllium	0.16	0.23	0.52	0.47	0.89	0.46
Cadmium	_	0.44	QN	QN	Q	QN
Chromium	10	18.6	10	16.1	36.4	24
Copper	25	194	17.7	26	13.2	38.1
Lead	*SB	569	21.3	47.8	14.6	22
Mercury	0.1	0.64	90.0	0.19	QN	0.05
Nickel	13	14.2	17.2	14.2	26.4	17.7
Selenium	2	QN	ΩN	QN	QN	QN
Silver	SB	0.46	ΩN	Q	QN	ΩN
Thallium	SB	Q	ΩN	ΩN	QN	QN
Zinc	20	111	49.3	72.9	76.4	56.4

Results above 1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup Objective

None DetectedNo Standard g

NS ISB SB *Lead

- Interior Soil Boring (819 Edgewater Road Plant)

Site Background

Background levels for lead vary widely. Average levels in undeveloped, rural

areas may range from 4-61 ppm. Average background levels in metropolitan or suburban areas or near highways are much higher and typically range from 200-500 ppm.

THE WHITMAN COMPANIES, INC.

TABLE 2A

Historic Summary of Volatile Organic Results for Soil AEC - B Dexter Chemical, L.L.C.

Sample ID Lab Sample Number Sampling Date	1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup	B-1 4-6 48926 03/10/98	B-1 16-18 48927 03/10/98	B-2 1-2 48928 03/10/98	B-2 3-4 48929 03/10/98	B-3 1-2 48931 03/10/98	B-3 15-16 48932 03/10/98	B-4 3.5-4 48934 03/10/98	B-100 218842 07/20/00	B-101 218845 07/21/00	SB-200 227193 09/06/00
Sample Depth (feet) Units	Objective ug/kg	4-6 ug/kg	16-18 ug/kg	1-2 ug/kg	3-4 ug/kg	1-2 ug/kg	15-16 ug/kg	3.5-4 ug/kg	4-5 ug/kg	4-5 ug/kg	4-5 ug/kg
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS											
Chloromethane	1900	Q	ΩN	QN	۵N	Q	QN	ΩN	QN	QN	QN
Bromomethane	SN	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q.	Q	S N	Q Q	QN
Vinyl Chloride	200	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	160 J	QN	ل ل
Chloroethane	1900	Q	ΩN	QN	QN	QN	Q	ΩN	ŷ	QN	QN
Methylene Chloride	0009	QN	Q	0.7	2.0	QN N	3.4	1.2	QN	QN	ΩN
Trichlorofluoromethane	SN	Q N	Q	Q	QN N	N N	Q	ΩN	ÛN	QN	ΩN
1,1-Dichloroethene	400	QN N	Q	ΩN	Q N	Q N	ΩN	QN	QN	QN	ΩN
1,1-Dichloroethane	200	Q N	ΩN	Q	Q	QN	ΩN	QN	ÛN	Q	ON ON
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	SN	ON.	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	ÛN	Q	٦
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	SN	Q	ΩN	QN	Ω	QN	Ω	ND	()68	QN	4.9 J
Chloroform	300	Q N	Q	Q.	Ω	۵N	Q	ΩN	ΩN	QN	Q
1,2-Dichloroethane	100	Q	ΩN	Q N	QN	Q.	ΩN	ΩN	ΩN	QN	5.7
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	800	Q	ΩN	Q	Q.	Q.	Ω	ΩN	QN	QN	Q
Carbon Tetrachloride	009	Q	ΩN	Q	ΩN	Q	Q	Ω	Û	ΩN	Ω
Bromodichloromethane	SN	Q N	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	ON	Q	Q	Q.
1,2-Dichloropropane	SN	Q	۵N	Q	Q	QN	20	Q	Û	QN	6.3
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	SN	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	ON.	ND	ΩÑ	ND	Q
Trichloroethene	200	Q	QN	Q N	Q	QN	Ω	ND	770	QN	5.1
Dibromochloromethane	Ą V	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	ΩN	ΩN	ÛN	QN	Q
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	SN	Q	QN	Q N	ΩN	Q N	ΩN	ΩN	ÛN	Ω	Ω
Benzene	09	Q	Q	Q	Q Q	Q	6.7	Q	QN	Q	1.4
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	SN	Q	Ω	ND	Q	Q	Ω	Ω	ÛN	Q	Q
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	SN	Q	ΩN	Q	Q	QN	2	ND	û	Q N	Q
Bromoform	SN	Q	QN	QN	Q N	Q	Q.	ND	Q	QN	QN
Tetrachloroethene	1400	Q	ND	Q	Q N	ND	9	ND	201)	QN	Q
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	009	Q	ΩN	Q	ΩN	ΩN	ON ON	ND	Ŋ	Q N	Q
Toluene	1500	Q	160	9.0	Q.	0.7	25	τ-	ÛN	QN	1.9 J
Chlorobenzene	1700	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	ÛN	Q	Q
Ethylbenzene	2200	66	4.7	ΩN	ΩN	QN ND	170	Ω	49i)	210	6.2
Xylene (Total)	1200	140	4.4	ND	ND	ND	940	ND	1000	350 J	29
Total Confident Conc.		239	169.1	1.3	0.7	2.0	1204.3	2.2	3510	260	65.5
Total Estimated Conc. VOA TICs		467000	1600	0	0	12	4388	0	19,070	361,000	805

Exceeds NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Criteria
No Standard for Individual Contaminant
None Detected
Tentatively Identified Compounds
The result is less than detection limit, but greater than zero

TABLE 2B

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. Historic Summary of Base Neutral Organic Results for Soil AEC-B

Objective street 114	Sample ID	1994 NYSDEC Rec Soil	HO-1	HO-2	HO-3	B-1 16-18 48927	B-2 1-2 48928	B-2 3-4	B-3 1-2	B-3 15-16	B-4 3.5-4	B-100	B-101	SB-200
Colored Colo	Sampling Date	Cleanup	11/18/97	11/18/97	11/18/97	03/10/98	03/10/98	03/10/98	03/10/98	03/10/98	03/10/98	07/20/00	07/21/00	00/90/60
The property of the property o	Sample Depth (feet) Units	Objective ua/ka	3.4° ua/ka	4-6' ua/ka	4-6' ua/ka	16-18 ua/ka	1-2 ua/ka	3.4 ua/ka	1-2 ua/ka	15-16 IIQ/kg	3.5.4 un/kn	4-5 in/ka	4-5 ua/ka	4-5 ua/ka
No.	BASE NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS			6 6	6	S	2	66	e e	2	n n	662	C. C.	00
The control of the co	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	SN	Q	QN	ND	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q
The control of the co	bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	NS	Q	Q	Q N	2	Q	Q	Q.	Q	2	9	Q	ΩN
The control of the co	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,600	Ω :	Q :		Q :	2		Q.	2	2	_	Q.	Q N
Marcheller Mar	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	8,500	2 2	2 5		9 :	2 :	2 2	Q :	2 5	9 :		9 :	2 9
1,100	1,Z-Dichlorobenzene	006'/		Q .	2 2	2 5		2 5	Q :	150	Q :		Q (Q :
The color of the	bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	S S	2 2	2 4	2 2	2 4		2 2	Q (2 :	9 5		Q (
1,000 1,00	N-initroso-al-n-propylamine	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 4	2 2
Fig. 6. 1, 100 No. 10 N	Nitrokograne	S S	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2	O G	2 4	2 9
No.	Ricoborone	200 4 400	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2
The control of the co	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	S S.	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 5	Ş	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 5
13,000 5600 5600 570 620 35 35 450 110 1	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	3.400	2	2	C N) S	C Z	S	2 8	200	2 2	S	2 S	S
No.	Naphthalene	13,000	2600	510	620	36	26	09	110	240	2	300		260
Name	Hexachlorobutadiene	NS	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QV	Q N	2	2	QN	_	QN
Color Colo	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NS	Q	Q	Q	Q	QV	Q	2	2	2	Q	Q	Q
1000 ND	2-Chloronaphthalene	NS	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	S	2	2	2	2	9	2
1,000	Dimethylphthalate	2.000	QV	QN	QN	QN	Q	ND	QN	Q	Q	QN	Q	QN
1,000	Acenaphthylene	41,000	Q	Q	Q	26	74	440	120	54	Q.	84	Q	QV
Section Sect	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1,000	QV	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q
NS ND	Acenaphthene	20,000	270	QN	901	Q	42	QN	34	280	N	ر 170		120
Section No	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	NS	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	9	Ω̈́	Q	2	Q
NS N	Diethylphthalate	7,100	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	2	Q.	Q	9	Q
No.	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	NS	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	2	Q
Name	Fluorene	20,000	220	Q	190	59	99	230	44	2	Q	120 J	490 J	150
Fig. 10 Fig.	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	SN:	Q !	Q :	Q !	Q :	Q !	Q :	Q	2	2	Q :	2	Q :
Fig. 10 Fig.	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	SN	Q :	2 :	Q :	ON S	2 :	Q :	Q :	Q !	Q :	Q :	Q :	Q !
50,000 600 150 1100 150 1700 640 410 160 83 360 J 220 J A 8,0000 ND	Hexachlorobenzene	410	ON S	ON S	ON S	ON !	QN	ON I	Q	2	Q (QN	Q ;	Q N
Signature	Phenanthrene	50,000	009	150	1100	150	770	640	410	160	83	360	220 J	470
8.100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Antiliacene Di a bi di di di di di	50,000	2 4	2 2	61.5 61.4	44 <u>۲</u>	730	021	021	2 :	2 2	C 08	2 5	05.1
Solution 1103 1704 1705 170	Ol-11-butyipriirialate	9,100	140.	5 5	ON 99	ND 430	ND V	N 7	ND 202	ON 692	N 6	- ON 0	2 9	N ND
1,000 1,00	Dyrona	20,000	1,00	130	990	110	1200	310	07/	230	130	009	- NO	040
te 50,000 ND	Benzidine	OO,OC S.N.	S S	077 CN	SZS CN	2 2	0 CN	2 0		230 CN	2 5			OSO N
ine NS ND	Butylbenzylphthalate	20 000	2	S	S	Š	S S) S	S S	<u> </u>	2	<u>S</u>	2	S
thatate 50,000 ND	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	NS	2	g	2	2	2	Q.	2	9	2	Q	9	2
thalate 50,000 ND	Benzo(a)anthracene	224	Q	160	380	73	700	89	450	130	09	290	QN	Q
thalate 50,000 ND	Chrysene	400	QV	120	870	55	790	120	520	130	99	340 J	QV	QN
ne 50,000 ND ND <th< td=""><td>bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate</td><td>20,000</td><td>QN</td><td>QN</td><td>Q</td><td>QN</td><td>80</td><td>N</td><td>Q</td><td>QN</td><td>QN</td><td>QN</td><td>QN</td><td>Q</td></th<>	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	20,000	QN	QN	Q	QN	80	N	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q
ne 1,100 ND 66J ND 42 780 75 640 100 75 480 ND ne 1,100 ND 66J ND 350 ND 30 ND 40 320 ND rene 61 ND 57J 150J ND 260 30 170 ND ND ND ene 14 ND ND 63 ND ND </td <td>Di-n-octylphthalate</td> <td>20,000</td> <td>ND</td> <td>QN</td> <td>QN</td> <td>Q</td> <td>QN</td> <td>QN</td> <td>QN</td> <td>QN</td> <td>QN</td> <td>QN</td> <td>ND</td> <td>Q</td>	Di-n-octylphthalate	20,000	ND	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	Q
ne 1,100 ND 66J ND 350 ND 360 ND 450 120 ND 170 ND	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,100	ND	140	Q	42	780	75	640	100	75	480	Q	Q
rene 51 150 1150 ND 260 30 170 450 120 40 320 ND ND rene 3200 ND 57J 150J ND 260 30 170 ND ND 150 ND rene 50,000 ND 51J 150J ND 210 38 170 ND ND 120 J ND rene 50,000 ND 51J 150J 725 7781 2393 5058 2494 595 4515 2815 rene 369000 226000 336400 302400 1870 8030 12910 484400 2940 71,600 552,000	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1,100	N	66J	QN	QV	350	QN	300	QV	31	170	Q	Q
rene 3200 ND 57J 150J ND 260 30 170 ND ND 150 ND 63 ND	Benzo(a)pyrene	61	QN	100	180	31	640	12	450	120	40	320	QN	310
ene 14 ND ND ND 63 ND	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3200	QN	57.1	150.1	QN	260	30	170	Q	Q	150	Q	S
ne 50,000 ND 51J 150J ND 210 38 170 ND 120 J ND 725 7781 2393 5058 2494 595 4515 2815 36900 226000 336000 302400 1870 8030 12910 484400 2940 71,600 552,000	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	14	QN	QN	QN	Q	63	ND	Q.	QN	Q	QN	Q	2
6690 1590 4520 725 7781 2393 5058 2494 595 4515 2815 369000 226000 336000 302400 1870 8030 12910 484400 2940 71,600 552,000	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	50,000	ND	51J	1507	ND	210	38	170	QN	N	120 J	QN	Q
369000 226000 336000 302400 1870 8030 12910 484400 2940 71,600 552,000	Total Confident Conc.		0699	1590	4520	725	7781	2393	5058	2494	595	4515	2815	3130
	I otal Estimated BN IICs		369000	226000	336000	302400	1870	8030	12910	484400	2940	71,600	552,000	1313

Exceeds NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Criteria
 None Detected
 NS - No Standard for Individual Contaminant
 TICs - Tentatively Identified Compounds
 The result is less than detection limit, but greater than zero

G \Projects\9769\0Dexter\2000lnvest\his bn soil



Table 2C

Historic Summary of Metals Results for Soil Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. AEC-B

Sample ID Lab Sample Number Sampling Date Sample Depth Units	1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup Objective mg/kg	B-1 4-6 48926 03/10/98 4-6 mg/kg	B-1 16-18 48927 03/10/98 16-18 mg/kg	B-2 1-2 48928 03/10/98 1-2 mg/kg	B-2 3-4 48929 03/10/98 3-4 mg/kg	B-3 1-2 48931 03/10/98 1-2 mg/kg	B-3 15-16 48932 03/10/98 15-16 mg/kg	B-4 3.5-4 48934 03/10/98 3.5-4 mg/kg
PRIORITY POLLUTANT METALS								
Antimony	SB	4.	Q	Q.	QN	Q.	ΩN	7.1
Arsenic	7.5	3.9	8.3	3.1	2.9	2	5.7	5.8
Beryllium	0.16	0.17	0.63	0.7	0.51	0.34	0.42	
Cadmium	-	0.36	Q	Q.	Ω	S	Ω	Ω
Chromium	10	9.7	28.9	19.4	23.1	11.1	33.7	51.8
Copper	25	103	11.4	14.5	21.8	110	11.1	105
Lead	*SB	96	14.6	148	126	218	18.4	104
Mercury	0.1	9	Q.	Q	Q	Q	Ω	Ω Z
Nickel	13	11.6	18.6	13	15.7	13.3	23.5	34.7
Selenium	2	QN	QN	Q.	2	ΩN	Q.	Q.
Silver	SB	2	2	Q.	۵	Q	Q	Q N
Thallium	SB	Q.	ΩN	Q.	Q	ΩN	Q Z	Q
Zinc	20	214	50.9	9.87	232	207	ी 25	137

- Results above 1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup Objective

- None Detected SN

No Standard

- Interior Soil Boring (819 Edgewater Road Plant) ISB

Site Background

or suburban areas or near highways are much higher and typically range from Background levels for lead vary widely. Average levels in undeveloped, rural areas may range from 4-61 ppm. Average background levels in metropolitan 200-500 ppm. *Lead

TABLE 3A

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. Historic Summary of Volatile Organic Results for Soil AEC-I

Sample ID	1994 NYSDEC	E-2 1,5-2	E-2 2.5-3	E43-3.5	1-13.54	1-1 7.5-8	1-2 7.5-8	1-2 9.5-10	1-100	1-101	1-102	1-103	1-104
Lab Sample Number	Rec. Soil	48939	48940	48941	48946	48947	48949	48950	218839	218840	218841	218862	218863
Sampling Date	Cleanup	03/11/98	03/11/98	03/11/98	03/11/98	03/11/98	03/11/98	03/11/98	02/20/00	07/20/00	07/20/00	07/21/00	07/21/00
Sample Depth (feet)	Objective	1.5-2	2.5-3	3-3.5	3.54	7.5-8	7.5-8	9.5-10	7-8	2-6	7-8	7-8	7-8
Units	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS													
Chloromethane	1900	QN	N	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	ΩN
Bromomethane	NS	QV	ΩN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q.	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q
Vinyl Chloride	200	Q	S	Q	Q	QN	QN	Ω	96	QN	Q	ΩN	Q
Chloroethane	1900	2	QN	2	۵	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	ΩN	QN
Methylene Chloride	0009	4	QN	2	2.8	Q	2.3	2.5	ND	ل 1.0	J.0	J 6.0	Q
Trichlorofluoromethane	SN	2	QN	2	Q	Q	۵N	QN	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN
1,1-Dichloroethene	400	Q	QN	Q.	Q	Q	QN	QN N	QN	QN	QN	Ω	Q
1,1-Dichloroethane	200	Q	QN	2	Q	Q	QN	Q Q	Q	QN	Q	ΩN	Q
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	SN	Q	Q	Q	Q N	Q	QN	Q	76 J	QN	Q	Q	QN
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	SN	Q	QN	Q	0.7	Q	QN	-	1,300	0.5 J	Q	1.3	QN
Chloroform	300	Q	QN	Q	۵N	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q	Ω	QN
1,2-Dichloroethane	100	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	2	QN	QN
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	800	2	Q.	Q.	Q	Q	QN	ND	QN	QN	2	Q	QN
Carbon Tetrachloride	009	Q	QN	Q	۵	Q	Q.	Q	Q	QN	Q	Ω	QN
Bromodichloromethane	SN	Q.	Q	Q	Q	Ω	Q.	Ω	Ω	QN	Q.	Ω	QN
1,2-Dichloropropane	SN	Q.	2	ΩN	Ω	Q	Q.	Q	Q	Q	Ω	Q	QN
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	NS	Q.	9	QN	QN	Q	ND	Q N	Q	ΩN	Q	2	QN
Trichloroethene	700	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	O N	280	Q	Q	Q	QN
Dibromochloromethane	A A	2	2	2	Q	Q	Q	Q N	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	NS	2	Q	Q	Q.	Q	QN	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN
Benzene	09	Q	Q	Q	۵	9	ΩN	Q N	54 J	Q	Q	Ω	Q
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	NS	9	Q.	Q.	Ω	9	Q N	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	SN	2	Q.	Q.	Q	9	Ω	Q	Q N	Q	Q	Q	Ω N
Bromoform	SN	2	Q	Q	Q	2	ΔN	Q	Q.	S	2	Q N	ΩN
Tetrachloroethene	1400	Q	Q.	Q	Q	Q	ΩN	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	ΩN
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	009	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	ΩN	Q	Q	Q	9	Q	ON.
Toluene	1500	Q	Q	9.0	0.7	Q	~	8.0	180	1.3 J	2	J. 0	QN
Chlorobenzene	1700	Q	Q	QN	Q	2	9.6	6.1	480 J	2.5 J	2.6	2.2 J	2
Ethylbenzene	2200	64	ΩN	3.4	Q	8400	3.4	2.2	800	10	5.0	Q	1,100
Xylene (Total)	1200	680	4.5	24	0.7	45000	11	11	5,100	55	47	2.4	6,800
ifident Conc.		758	4.5	28	4.9	53400	27.3	23.6	8366	70.3	55.6	7.5	2000
Total Estimated Conc. VOA TICs		23200	350	221	7.8	497000	730	310	47,200	901	623	30	80,600

- Exceeds NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Criteria
NS - No Standard for Individual Contaminant
ND - None Detected
TICs - Tentatively Identified Compounds
J - The result is less than detection limit, but greater than zero

TABLE 3B

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. Historic Summary of Base Neutral Organic Results for Soil AEC-I

Sample ID	1994 NYSDEC	E-21.5-2	E-2 2.5-3	E-4 3-3.5	1-13.5-4	1.17.5-8	1-2 7.5-8	1-2 9.5-10	100	1-101	1-102	1-103	1-104
Lab Sample Number	Rec. Soil	48939	48940	48941	48946	48947	48949	48950	218839	218840	218841	218862	218863
Sample Depth (feet)	Objective	1.5-2	2.5-3	3-3.5	3.5-4	7.5-8	7.5-8	9.5-10	7-8	5-6	7-8	7-8	2.8 7.8 03/01
310	56.50	200	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	S. S.	S. S. S.	n Si	S. G.	S. S.	Suisa	S. S.	n S	D D	S. A.
BASE NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS													
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	SZ :	<u>Q</u> :	2	<u>Q</u> !	Q :	2	2	2 :	9 :	2	2	Q :	Q :
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	SN :	<u>Q</u> :	2 :	<u>Q</u> ;	2	Q :	9 :	9	ON :	Q !	Q ,	Q (2 :
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1600	Q :	2 :	73	63	1900	Q I	64	180 J	QN ;	92 J	88	Q 88
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	8500	Q i	2	300	320	14000	87	270	800	410	610	200	1,200
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2900	Q	2	Q :	34	0089	2	23	Q :	Q	2	2	2
bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	SN	Q	Q	Q	2	2	Q	Q	2	Q	2	2	2
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	SN	Q	Q	Q Q	2	<u>2</u>	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	2	2
Hexachloroethane	SN	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	2	Q	Q N	2	9	2	2
Nitrobenzene	200	2	Q	2	2	Q.	2	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q	Q	Q
Isophorone	4400	Q	2	2	Q	2	2	Q Z	<u>Q</u>	Q	9	2	2
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	SN	Q	Q.	9	Q	2	2	Q	Q	Q	9	2	2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	3400	99	2	120	180	110000	220	66	120	2	63	. 4,300	18,000
Naphthalene	13000	1200	30	160	37	18000	310	520	ر 150	f 0/9	160	2	2,400 J
Hexachlorobutadiene	NS	Q	Q	2	Q.	2	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q.	Q	Q	Q	Q
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NS	QN	Q.	Q	Q	2	2	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	Q
2-Chloronaphthalene	SN	QN	Q	QN	Q	2	Q	Q	Q	ΩN	2	QN	Q
Dimethylphthalate	2000	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
Acenaphthylene	41000	320	Q	84	32	260	Q	120	100	150 J	9	S	QN
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1000	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
Acenaphthene	20000	Q	2	170	140	530	Q	Q	180 J	130 J	Q	Q	2
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	NS	Q	2	Q	2	2	Q	Q	2	QV	2	9	2
Diethylphthalate	7100	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	2
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	NS	QN	2	Q	2	2	QN	S	2	Q	Q	Q	2
Fluorene	20000	270	9.4	240	110	750	QN	68	250 J	130 J	Q	Q	2
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	NS	Q	2	Q	Q	2	Q	2	Q	QV	Q	Q	2
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	NS	Q	Q	Q	QN	2	Ň	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	2
Hexachlorobenzene	410	Q	Q	Q	Q	Ω	Q	2	QN	Q	Q	QN	2
Phenanthrene	20000	1000	25	2000	870	3400	20	450	2,400	1,400	51 J	Q	Q
Anthracene	20000	63	Q	009	180	089	2	110	620 J	310	9	2	2
Di-n-butylphthalate	8100	Q	Q	Q	2	2	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	Q	Q
Fluoranthene	20000	470	13	3100	1000	1200	15	260	3,500	2,200	ر 27	Q	2
Pyrene	20000	430	9.6	2500	096	1200	15	510	3,000	2,300	64 J	45 J	480 J
Benzidine	SN	2	Q	Q	Q Z	2	2	2	Q	2	2	2	<u>Q</u>
Butylbenzylphthalate	20000	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	2	Q	2	2	2	2	Q N
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	A A	2	2	2	2	2	2	9	2	2	2	2	<u>Q</u>
Benzo(a)anthracene	224	230	2	1800	420	260	Ω	280	1,500	910	38	Q	<u>Q</u>
Chrysene	400	250	Q	1900	470	220	Q	290	1,700	1,200	35 J	<u>Q</u>	2
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	20000	2	Q	250	Q	2	Q	100	2	Ω	2	190	2
Di-n-octylphthalate	20000	<u>Q</u>	2	Q	2	2	2	<u>م</u>	2	Q	2	2	2
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1100	220	Q	1900	420	240	Q	310	2,100	1,300	52	9	2
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1100	86	Q	880	180	2	2	160	870	550	ול 15	2	2
Benzo(a)pyrene	61	150	Q	1600	350	210	Q	270	1,500	1,100	31	Q	2
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3200	86	Q	770	150	Q	Ω	130	830	650	2	Q	Q
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	14	Q	Q	210	46	2	Q	36	240	160	2	Q	Q
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	20000	88	QN	750	150	Q	ΩN	140	690 J	640 J	Q	ND	ND
Total Confident Conc.		4941	87	19407	6112	160250	299	4510	20730	14210	1288	5123	22080
Total Estimated BN TICs		38600	3690	161800	71230	1333000	35400	17210	59,200	12,210	27,030	279,800	1,365,000

NS TICs

Exceeds NYSDEC Soil Cleanup Criteria
None Detected
No Standard for Individual Contaminant
Tentatively Identified Compounds
The result is less than detection limit, but greater than zero

TABLE 3C

Historic Summary of Priority Pollutant Metal Results For Soil Dexter Chemical, L.L.C.

Sample ID Lab Sample Number Sampling Date Sample Depth Units	1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup Objective mg/kg	E-2 1.5-2 48939 03/11/98 1.5-2 mg/kg	E-2 2.5-3 48940 03/11/98 2.5-3 mg/kg	E-4 3-3.5 48941 03/11/98 3-3.5 mg/kg	1-1 3.5-4 48946 03/11/98 3.5-4 mg/kg	1-1 7.5-8 48947 03/11/98 7.5-8 mg/kg	1-2 7.5-8 48949 03/11/98 7.5-8 mg/kg	1-2 9.5-10 48950 03/11/98 9.5-10 mg/kg
PRIORITY POLLUTANT METALS								
Antimony	SB	1.2	ND	1.2	ND	ΩN	Q	QN
Arsenic	7.5	Q	Q	6.1	1.4	QN	1.7	1.6
Beryllium	0.16	0.79	0,77	0.31	0.53	0.56	0.61	0.53
Cadmium	-	QN	Q	Q	2	Q	Q	9
Chromium	10	22.5	32.9	9.3	22.8	37.7	66.4	28.9
Copper	25	37.2	67.2	19.4	29.4	92	23.3	22.1
Lead	SB1	14.2	80	49.8	27.2	13.3	9.7	15.8
Mercury	2	QN	QN	Q	ND	QN	Ω	QN
Nickel	13	26	26.7	0.6	17.5	24.3	30.2	43.7
Selenium	2	Ω	1.2	Q	Q	1.8	Q	Q
Silver	SB	Ω	QN	QV	Q.	Q	Q	QN
Thallium	SB	Q	Q	Q	Q	ΩN	QN	Q
Zinc	20	9.92	74	81.9	99	90.1	54.5	55.4

- Results above 1994 NYSDEC Rec. Soil Cleanup Objective

- None Detected

- No Standard N N N L

- Site Background

Background levels for lead vary widely. Average levels in undeveloped, rural areas may range from 4-61 ppm. Average background levels in metropolitan or suburban areas or near highways are much higher and typically range from 200-500 ppm.

TABLE 4A

Summary of Volatile Organic Compound Results For Ground Water Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. September 27, 200

Sample ID	1994 NYSDEC	WP-B-100	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6	NW-7	MW-8
Sampling Date Units	Criteria ug/L	07/20/00 ug/L	09/27/00 ug/L	09/27/00 ug/L	09/27/00 ug/L	09/27/00 09/27/00 ug/L	09/27/00 ug/L	09/27/00 ug/L	09/27/00 ug/L	09/27/00 ug/L
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS							***************************************			
Chloromethane	SN	QN	QN	N	QN	QN	Q	2	QN	Ω Z
Bromomethane	NS	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q
Vinyl Chloride	2	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q
Chloroethane	20	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	2
Methylene Chloride	2	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	2	Q	Q	Q
Trichlorofluoromethane	SN	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	2	Q	Q	QN
1,1-Dichloroethene	2	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	ΩN
1,1-Dichloroethane	9	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	2	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	SN	Q	Q	2.1	9.0	Q	Q	18	3.5	Ω Ω
Chloroform	7	Q	Q	Q Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	ΩN
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2	Q	2	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	ΩN
Carbon Tetrachloride	2	QN	Q.	QN	Q	Q	<u>Q</u>	QN	QN	Q
Bromodichloromethane	SN	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	ΩN
1,2-Dichloropropane	SN	Ω	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	65	Q	ΩN
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	Q	Q Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	9	2	Q	Q	Q
Trichloroethene	5	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	QN	1.8	Q	ND
Dibromochloromethane	20	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	SN	Q	Q.	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN
Benzene	2.0	Q	Q	4.0	0.3	Q	Q	34	1.7	9.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	SN	Ω	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	SN	<u>∩</u>	Q	Q	Q	Q N	Q	Q	Q	Q
Bromoform	SN	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN
Tetrachloroethene	2	Q	Q N	2	Q	Q	Q	4.0	QN	ΩN
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2	Ω	O N	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN
Loluene	2	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q	4.0	Q	Q.	34	0.5	Q
Chlorobenzene	5	2	Q	3.3	4.0	QN	Q	2	35	Q
Ethylbenzene	5	Q	Q	Q	1.6	Q	Q	39	8.0	QN
Xylene (Total)	5	2	Q.	0.8	16	ΩN	ND	180	15	1.4
Total Confident Conc. VOAs (s)		0	0	9.9	19.3	0	0	369.2	5.95	2.0
Total Estimated Conc. VOA TICs (s)		21	0	26	06	12	21	1047	128	36

⁻ Exceeds NYSDEC Ground Water Criteria
- None Detected
- No Standard



NS NS



TABLE 4B

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C.
Summary of Base Neutral Compound Results For Ground Water
September 27, 200

Sample IO	1994 NYSDEC	WP-B-100	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6	MW-7	MW-8
Sampling Date	Quality Criteria	7/20/00	9/27/00	9/27/00	9/27/00	9/27/00	9/27/00	9/27/00	9/27/00	9/27/00
- 1	ug/L	ng/L	ng/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
BASE NEUTRALS										
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	SN	QN.	Q	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q	QN	Q
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	SN	Q.	Q	Q	QN	2	Q	Q	QN	Q
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5	2	Q N	Q	QN	2	Q	1.6	1.4	Q
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	rc i	2	Q	Q	1.4	2	Ω	4.4	2.9	Q
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ر د	Q :	<u>a</u> :	<u>Q</u> :	Q.	2	<u>Q</u>	7.6	Q	Q.
bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	SS	2 :	۵ :	Q :	Q :	2 :	Q :	9 :	Q !	<u>2</u> :
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	SN	2 :	Q (Q :	Q i	<u>2</u> :	Q :	Q :	2	2 :
Hexachloroethane	S.	2 9	2 :	2 :	O S	2 2	Q.	Q S	2 :	2 :
Nitrobenzene	ഹ (2 9	2 2	Q (Q (2 :	Q :	Q :	2	2 :
Isophorone his/2 Chloroothososmothoso	00 20	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 :
1.2 4. Trichlorobenzene	2 4	2 2	2 2		0 8	2 2	2 9	? ₹	2 2	2 2
Naphthalene	, E	2 2	2 2	2 5	0.5 CN	2 2	9 9	.	5 -	2 2
Hexachlorobutadiene	s SZ	2	2	2	2 2	2 2	2 5	3 8	<u> 2</u>	2 2
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NS	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	2	2	2	2
2-Chloronaphthalene	SN	Q	QN	□	QN	Q.	QN	QN	Q	2
Dimethylphthalate	20	Q	QN	<u>Q</u>	QN	2	QN	QN	Q	2
Acenaphthylene	20	ΩN	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	2
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	S.	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q	2
Acenaphthene	20	QN	QN	<u>Q</u>	6.0	Q	Ω	Q.	Q	Q
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	NS	Q	Q	Q	Q	ΩN	Q	2	Q	2
Diethylphthalate	20	Ω	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	38	Q	8.0
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	SN	QN	Q	Q N	Q	Q	Q	Q	<u>Q</u>	2
Fluorene	20	Q :	2	Q :	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	2
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	S	Q (<u>2</u> :	Q :	Q :	Q :	9 !	<u>Q</u> !	Q !	2 :
4-Bromophenyl-phenylemer	S S	2 2	2 2	2 2	Q Q	2 2	2 2	Q (2 2
Phenanthrene	U.33	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5
Anthracene	S &	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 5
Di-n-butylohthalate	3 6	2	2 2	S	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	Ş	2 2
Fluoranthene	20	2	S	2	0.5	2	2	2	S	2
Pyrene	90	Q	Q	2	6.0	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q
Benzidine	NS	Q	Q	<u>Q</u>	2	Q	Q	QN	QV	9
Butylbenzylphthalate	20	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	NS	Q	2	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.002	2	9	2	<u>Q</u>	Q	2	Q N	Q	Q
Chrysene	0.002	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	2	<u>Q</u>	2	Q.	g	<u>Q</u>
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	20	2	2	Q.	7.7	Q N	Q	5.6	Q	2
Di-n-octylphthalate	20	Q Z	<u>_</u>	Q	Q N	Q Z	Q	Q	Q	Q
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.002	2	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	S
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.002	2	Q N	Q	Q	Q	2	9	2	S
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.002	۵ : 2 :	2	2	2	Q :	2	2	2	Q
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	200.0	2 2	Ž į	2 :	2 :	2 :	2 :	2 :	<u>Q</u> !	Q I
Benzo(a h i)pervlene) S 4	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2
Total Confident Conc. BN (s)		0	0) 	14.4	G	c	106.3	5.4	2 0
Total Estimated Conc. BN TICs (s)		0	c	306	069	0	٥	2331	597	2
)	,		333	,	,	- >	3	

Exceeds NY SDEC Ground Water Quality Criteria
ND - None Detected
NS - No Standard
J - Compounds present below laboratory quantitation limits



TABLE 4C

Summary of Priority Pollutant Metal Results For Ground Water Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. September 27, 200

Sample ID	NYSDEC Cleanup	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	WW-5	MW-6	WW-7	MW-8
	Critera for Ground Water	231797 09/27/00	231798 09/27/00	231799 09/27/00	231800 09/27/00	231801	231802	231803	231804
	ng/L	l/gn	l/gn	l/gn	I/6n	l/gn	l/gn	l/gn	l/bn
PRIORITY POLLUTANT METALS									
	ო	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q
	SN	QN	5.4	Q Z	Q	Q	9.1	QV	QN
	ო	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	0.3
	10	QN	QN	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q	9	QN	QN
	50	ΩN	Q	Q N	Q	3.9	8.9	8.1	9.2
	200	10.5	3.7	3.7	Q	5.1	3.2	30.5	14.6
	25	QN	QV	Q	3.1	15.9	3.1	78.1	69.2
	2	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q.	0.63	0.16
	NS	7.5	5.6	4.4	20.5	3.7	23.4	13.8	9.3
	9	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q _N
	S	Q	Q	Q.	<u>Q</u>	Q	Q	Q	Q
_	4	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q	QV	QN
	300	69.7	40.4	13.1	42.0	30.2	13.7	112	186

Results above NYSDEC Criteria
None Detected
No Standard



TABLE 5A

Summary of Volatile Organic Results for Ground Water Dexter Chemical, L.L.C.

Production of the control of	Sample ID Lab Sample Number	1998 NYSDEC Ground Water	PZ-1 328628	PZ-2 328629	PZ-3 328630	PZ-4 328631	MW-6 328632	GW-1 322116	GW-2 322117	GW-3 322118
Fee 55 ND	ling Date	Standards/Criteria ug/l	1/22/02 ug/l	1/22/02 ug/l	1/22/02 ug/l	1/22/02 ug/l	1/22/02 ug/l	12/14/01 ug/l	12/14/01 ug/l	12/14/01 ug/l
5.* ND	VOLATILE COMPOUNDS									
5.* ND	Chloromethane	5*	Q.	QN	Q	Q	Q	ND	Q	Q
2 ND	Bromomethane	2*	QN	QN	Q	QN	Ω	Q	Q	Q N
5.* ND	Vinył Chloride	2	QN	Q	Q	N N	1.5	Q	QN	5.6
5.* ND	Chloroethane	2*	QN	QN.	Q	Q	QN	Q	Q	2
5. ND	Methylene Chloride	5*	QN	QN.	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
5. ND	Trichlorofluoromethane	ۍ*	QN	Q.	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
5.* ND	1,1-Dichloroethene	\$2	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	Q
5* ND	1,1-Dichloroethane	\$2	QN O	Q	Q	9	Q	9	Q	2
5* ND	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	2*	Q.	Q	Q	QN.	QN	9	ΩN	Q
7 ND	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2*	Q	Q	2	22	56	Q	Q	2.7
5	Chloroform	7	QN	Q	2	9	Q	9	QN	9
5* ND	1,2-Dichloroethane	9.0	Q	Q.	Q	QN	QN	9	Q	QN
5 ND	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2*	QN	Q.	Q	QN	QN	9	ΩN	Q
50 ND S00 95 ND S04 (a) ND	Carbon Tetrachloride	2	QN	Q.	2	9	Q	9	Q	2
1 ND	Bromodichloromethane	20	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	9	QN	QN
50** ND	1,2-Dichloropropane	τ-	QN	Q	Q	280	98	Q	ΩN	9.7
50** ND	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.4 (a)	Q N	Q Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q N
50*** ND N	Trichloroethene	2*	Q	Q Q	Q	4	2.5	2	2	1.1
1 ND	Dibromochloromethane	20**	Q.	Ω	S	Q	QN	Ω	Q	Q.
1 ND	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		Q.	Q Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q.	Q N
0.4 (a) ND	Benzene	-	Q	Q.	Q	9.9	27	Q	2	8.8
NS	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.4 (a)	Q.	Ω	Q	QN	Q	QN	Q	Q.
50 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND S S S S S S S S	2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	NS	Q.	۵	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN
5* ND S5	Bromoform	20	Q.	Q	Q	QN	QN	Q	2	Q
5* ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND S5 73 ND S5 73 ND S5 73 ND S5 ND S5 ND	Tetrachloroethene	2*	ΩŽ	Ω	Q	QN	0.7	9	Q	QN
5* ND	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2,*	Ω	Ω	Q	QN	ΩN	Q	Q	QN
5* ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND S30 88 ND S5* ND ND ND ND 1.3 1500 470 ND ND 1.3 20976 783.7 0 (s)	Toluene	α,*	ON.	Ω	Q	55	73	Q	Q	9.4
5* ND ND ND 230 88 ND 5* ND ND 1.3 1500 470 ND ND 1.3 20976 783.7 0 (s) 12 16 526 3180 1013 0	Chlorobenzene	വ*	Ω	Q	Q	Q.	QN	Q	Q	2.8
5* ND ND 1.3 1500 470 ND ND (s) 1500 1013 0	Ethylbenzene	α,*	Q	<u>Q</u>	Q	230	88	Q	Q.	24
(s) 0 0 1.3 2097.6 783.7 0 (s) 12 16 526 3180 1013 0	Xylene (Total)	2*	ND	ND	1.3	1500	470	ND	ON	80
(s) 12 16 526 3180 1013 0	Total Confident Conc. VOAs (s)		0	0	1.3	2097.6	7.83.7	0	0	139
>	Total Estimated Conc. VOA TICs (s)		12	16	526	3180	1013	0	172	212

Results above 1998 NYSDEC Ground Water Standards/Criteria - GA Water Class
 None Detected

⁻ No Standard The principal organic contaminant standard for ground water applies to this substance.

 ^{**} Guidance Value only.
 (a) Applies to the sum of cis- and trans-1,3-dichloropropene.

TABLE 5B

Summary of Base/Neutral Extractable Organic Compound Results for Ground Water Dexter Chemical, L.L.C.

and comments.	Standards/Crienta Ug/I NS 3 3 NS NS 04 05 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1122221 122221 122221 1222221 12222221 1222222	1/22/02 1/22/02 ug/l	1/22/02 ug/l	1/22/02 1/22/02 ug/l	328632 1/22/02 ug/l	12/14/01 12/14/01 ug/l	12/14/01 ug/l	12/14/01
BASE NEUTRALS N-Nitrosodimetry/lamine bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	NS N	96 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	l/ôn	l/gn	ng/l	lgu	l/gn	l/gn	50.5
BASE NEUTRALS N-Nitrosodimethylamine bis(2-Chioroethyl) ether 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	N - 6 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 9 6 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2222222							ng/i
DASC NO INALO N-Nitrosodimethylamine bis(2-Chioroethyl) ether 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Chiorosopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-d-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	N - 6 6 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9								
bis(2-Chloroethy) ether 1,3-Dichloroethy) ether 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Chloroisopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-du-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	CN	S	Š	CN	Ç	Ç	Ç
1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Chloroisopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-dn-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	ი ი ი N N N N O O V ს ს ს	22222	2	2	2	2 2	2 2	2	2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene bis(2-chlorosopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	ო ო N N N O O O O O O O	2222	2	2	QN	2	2	Q	2.8
1,2-Dichlorobenzene bis(2-chlorosopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-d-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	ა N N ს 0 0 0 ს ს ს	999	Q	QN	ð	4.6	Q	Q	9.4
bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	NN NS 50.4 0.4	9 Q	2	Q	5.4	9.1	Q	Q	. 4
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	NS 5 0.4 50*	QN	2	S	S	2	2	2	2
Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	. 50.4 50.4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Nitrobenzene Isophorone	0.4 50* 5	QN	2	2	Q	2	2	2	2
Isophorone	. a a 50*	QN	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q
	വവ	Q	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	\$	Q.	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		Q	Q	Q	Q	11	QN	QN	8.7
Naphthalene	10*	0.3	Q	0.3	88	41	0.3	1.6	3.4
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.5	Q	Q	Q	ð	Q	QN	Q	Q
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	5	Q	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q	2	Q
2-Chloronaphthalene	10*	Q	9	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	Q
Dimethylphthalate	*09	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
Acenaphthylene	NS	Q	Q	Q.	QN	QN	2	Q	Q
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	5	QN	Q	Q	Q	Q	2	Q	Q
Acenaphthene	20.	Q	QN	0.7	2	QN	Q	3.6	0.2
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	5	Q	g	9	2	Q	9	Q	Q
Diethylphthalate	•09	Q	Q	Q	4	43	7	Q	1
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	SZ	Q	Q	9	Q	Q	Q	QN	Q N
Fluorene	20*	Q	Q	9:0	2	Q	QN	£.	Q N
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	\$0°	2	□	2	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	SZ :	2	Q Z	2	2	Q	Q	Q	Q
Hexachlorobenzene	0.04	Q.	Q	2	2	Q	Q —	Q	Q
Phenanthrene	20 .	0.3	<u>Q</u>	0.7	۲	Q	9.0	2	Q
Anthracene	2	Q !	2	2	2	Q	Q	2	Q
Di-n-butylphthalate	20	Q ő	<u>2</u> :	2 :	2 :	Q :	Q (2 :	9 :
Fluoranthene	20°	9.0	2 :	2 :	2 :	<u>Q</u> :	9.0	2 :	2 :
Pyrene	, 50 ,	χ. α	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	8:03	2 2	2 2
Defizition and the letter of t	- *0	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2
3.3'-Dichloroheozidine	g *	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 2
Benzo(a)anthracene	2000	5 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	, r	2 2	2 2
Chrysene	0.002	50	2 5	2 2	2 5	2 5) t	2 2	2 2
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	5	2	2	2	2	S	2	2	2
Di-n-octylphthalate	*05	Q	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	Q	Q
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.002	0.3	Q	Q.	Q	QN.	0.3	Q	Q
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.002	Q	Q	QN	Q	QN		Q	Q
Benzo(a)pyrene	SN	0.3	Q	Q.	Q	QN	0.3	Q.	Q.
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.002*	9	Q.	2	Q.	QN	Q	QN	Q.
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	SN	2 5	2	9 :	9 :	Q :	9 :	9 :	2
Total Confident Control DN (2)	NO.	2 0	2	200		ON	ON.	ON S	ON
Tatal Confident Conf. Biv (s)		3.0	0	2.3	1.08.1	1.80.1	10.9	0.5	40.1
Total Estimated Conc. BN TICs (s)		ח	0	33.2	0//9	6110	0	88/	591

⁻ Results above 1998 NYS DEC Ground Water Standards or Guidance Values ND
- None Detected
NS
- No Standard
- This water quality value represents a guidance value and has not been promulgated and placed into regulation.

TABLE 6

Depth to Water and Elevation Measurements Dexter Chemical, L.L.C.

WELL NUMBER	ELEVATION (ft*)	DEPTH TO WATER	GROUND WATER ELEVATION
NOMBLA		(ft)	(ff*)
October 2000			
MW-1	100.35	11.76	88.59
MW-2	98.56	10.92	87.64
MW-3	97.10	7.81	89.29
MW-4	93.27	5.32	87.95
MW-5	93.41	5.21	88.20
MW-6	94.50	6.18	88.32
MW-7	96.77	8.20	88.57
MW-8	93.74	5.46	88.28
PZ-1	93.01	NI	NI
PZ-2	93.27	NI	NI
PZ-3	93.57	NI	NI
PZ-4	94.27	NI	NI

NI - Not Installed

ary 22, 2002			
MVV-1	100.35	12.38	87.97
MW-2	98.56	11.51	87.05
MW-3	97.10	6.73	90.37
MW-4	93.27	6.33	86.94
MW-5	93.41	6.17	87.24
MW-6	94.50	7.15	87.35
MW-7	96.77	9.85	86.92
MW-8	93.74	6.36	87.38
PZ-1	93.01	6.09	86.92
PZ-2	93.27	6.18	87.09
PZ-3	93.57	6.35	87.22
PZ-4	94.27	7.35	86.92

MW-1	100.35	11.99	88.36
MW-2	98.56	11.08	87.48
MW-3	97.10	6.17	90.93
MW-4	93.27	5.45	87.82
MW-5	93.41	5.30	88.11
MW-6	94.50	6.21	88.29
MW-7	96.77	8.90	87.87
MW-8	93.74	5.59	88.15
PZ-1	93.01	5.24	87.77
PZ-2	93.27	5.36	87.91
PZ-3	93.57	5.48	88.09
PZ-4	94.27	6.45	87.82

MW-1	100.35	11.84	88.51
MW-2	98.56	10.81	87.75
MW-3	97.10	5.97	91.13
MW-4	93.27	5.20	88.07
MW-5	93.41	5.14	88.27
MW-6	94.50	6.15	88.35
MW-7	96.77	8.67	88.10
MW-8	93.74	5.38	88.36
PZ-1	93.01	4.67	88.34
PZ-2	93.27	5.17	88.10
PZ-3	93.57	5.30	88.27
PZ-4	94.27	6.28	87.99

December 3, 2002			
MW-1	100.35	11.97	88.38
MW-2	98.56	11.03	87.53
MW-3	97.10	6.64	90.46
MW-4	93.27	5.40	87.87
MW-5	93.41	5.32	88.09
MW-6	94.50	6.33	88.17
MW-7	96.77	8.87	87.90
MW-8	93.74	5.50	88.24
MW-9*	94.22	6.18	88.04
MW-10*	96.64	8.51	88.13
PZ-1	93.01	4.98	88.03
PZ-2	93.27	5.31	87.96
PZ-3	93.57	5.50	88.07
PZ-4	94.27	6.58	87.69

^{* -} Installed November 14, 2002

MW-5**	93.22	
MW-8**	93.51	

^{** -} Monitoring well casing repaired and re-surveyed December 3, 2002



TABLE 7A

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. Summary of Volatile Organic Results for Ground Water

Sample ID	1998 NYSDEC	MW-9	MW-10	MW-6	PZ-4
Lab Sample Number	Ground Water	9551-001	9551-002	9551-003	9551-004
Sampling Date	Standards/Criteria	12/3/02	12/3/02	12/3/02	12/3/02
Units	₩ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS					
Chloromethane	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromomethane	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	2	ND	ND	ND	1.05
Chloroethane	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichlorofluoromethane	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5*	ND	0.252	3.19	38.9
Chloroform	7	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	5	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromodichloromethane	50	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	1	ND	ND	7.17	290
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.4 (a)	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	5*	ND	ND	0.488	3.8
Dibromochloromethane	50**	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene	1	ND	ND	7.34	9.75
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.4 (a)	ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	NS	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	50	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	5*	ND	ND	ND	1.98
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	5*	ND	0.313	6.05	58.6
Chlorobenzene	5*	ND	1.47	0.578	ND
Ethylbenzene	5*	ND	0.329	9.58	195
Xylene (Total)	5*	ND	3.17	37	1280
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	3	ND	0.3	5.79	1.33
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	3	ND	0.608	2.54	8.49
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	3	ND	ND	0.937	ND
Total Confident Conc. VOAs (s)		0	6.442	80.7	1889
Total Estimated Conc. VOA TICs (s)		5	506.6	209.5	2764

- Results above 1998 NYSDEC Ground Water Standards/Criteria - GA Water Class

ND - None Detected

NS - No Standard

* The principal organic contaminant standard for ground water applies to this substance.

Guidance Value only.

(a) Applies to the sum of cis- and trans-1,3-dichloropropene.

TABLE 7B

Dexter Chemical, L.L.C. Summary of Base/Neutral Extractable Organic Compound Results for Ground Water

Sample ID	1998 NYS DEC	MW-9	MW-10	MW-6	PZ-4
Lab Sample Number	Ground Water	9551-001	9551-002	9551-003	9551-004
Sampling Date	Standards/Criteria	12/3/02	12/3/02	12/3/02	12/3/02
Units	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l
DAGE NEUTDALG					
BASE NEUTRALS	NC	ND	NID	l ND	NID
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	NS	ND	ND	ND	ND
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	1	ND	ND	ND 0.400	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	3	ND	ND	0.432	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	3	ND	ND	3	0.693
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	3	ND	0.34	1.49	4.13
bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	NS	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NS	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hexachloroethane	5	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nitrobenzene	0.4	ND ND	ND	ND	ND
Isophorone	50*	ND	ND	ND	ND
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	5	ND ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	5	ND	ND	ND	ND
Naphthalene	10*	ND	ND	3.68	44.6
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	5	ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Chloronaphthalene	10*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dimethylphthalate	50*	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	NS	ND	0.497	ND	ND
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	5	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	20*	ND	2.41	ND	0.734
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	5	ND 0.505	ND	ND	ND
Diethylphthalate	50*	0.505	ND	2.23	7.79
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	NS 50t	ND	ND	ND	ND
Fluorene	50* 50*	ND	2.15 ND	ND	ND
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine		ND	ND	ND	ND
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	NS 0.04	ND	ND ND	ND	ND
Hexachlorobenzene Phenanthrene	0.04	ND		ND	ND 0.400
	50*	ND	1.56	ND	0.489
Anthracene	5	ND	ND	ND	ND
Di-n-butylphthalate Fluoranthene	50 50*	ND ND	ND 0.497	ND	ND ND
	50*	ND ND	0.497	ND ND	ND ND
Pyrene Benzidine	1	ND ND	0.362 ND	ND	ND ND
Butylbenzylphthalate	50*	ND ND	ND	ND	ND ND
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	5*	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.002	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND
Chrysene	0.002*	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	5	ND	1.21	ND ND	1.41
Di-n-octylphthalate	50*	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.002	ND	ND	ND ND	ND
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.002	ND	ND	ND ND	ND
Benzo(a)pyrene	NS NS	ND	ND	ND ND	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.002*	ND	ND	ND ND	ND
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	NS	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	NS NS	ND ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Methylnaphthalene	NS	ND ND	ND	0.541	13.6
Dibenzofuran	NS NS	ND ND	ND	ND	0.989
Total Confident Conc. BN (s)	110	0.505	9.046	11.373	74,435
Total Estimated Conc. BN TICs (s)		0.303	347	239.8	1296

- Results above 1998 NYS DEC Ground Water Standards or Guidance Values

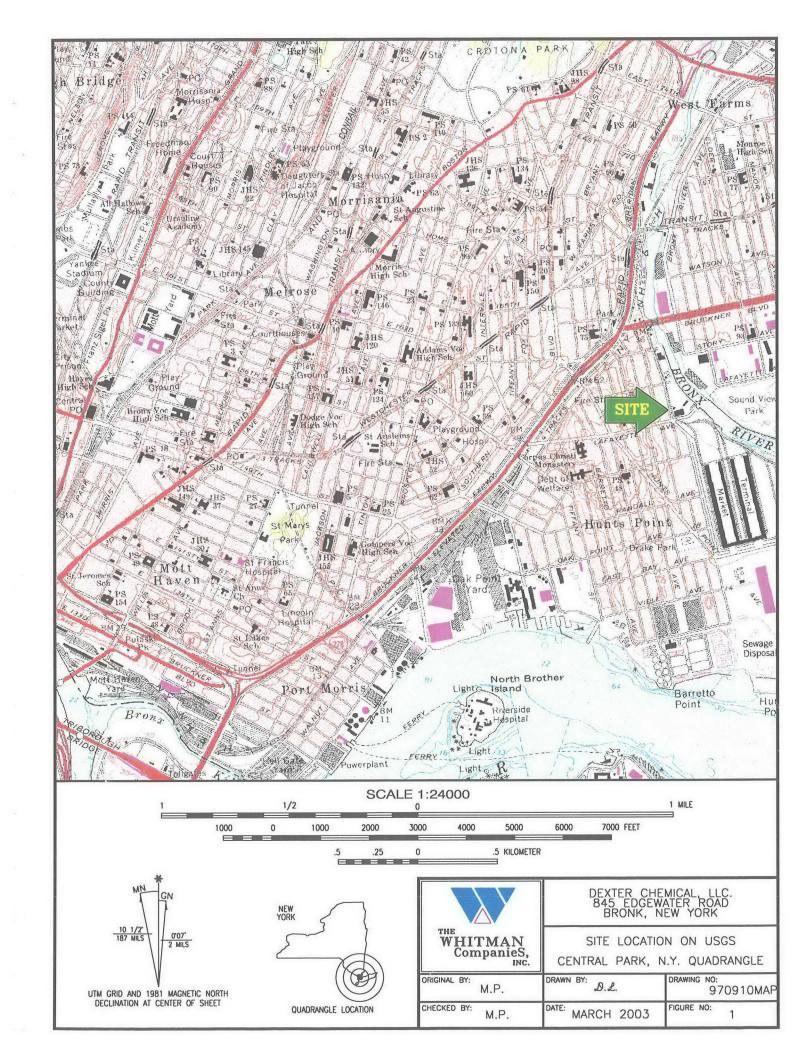
ND - None Detected

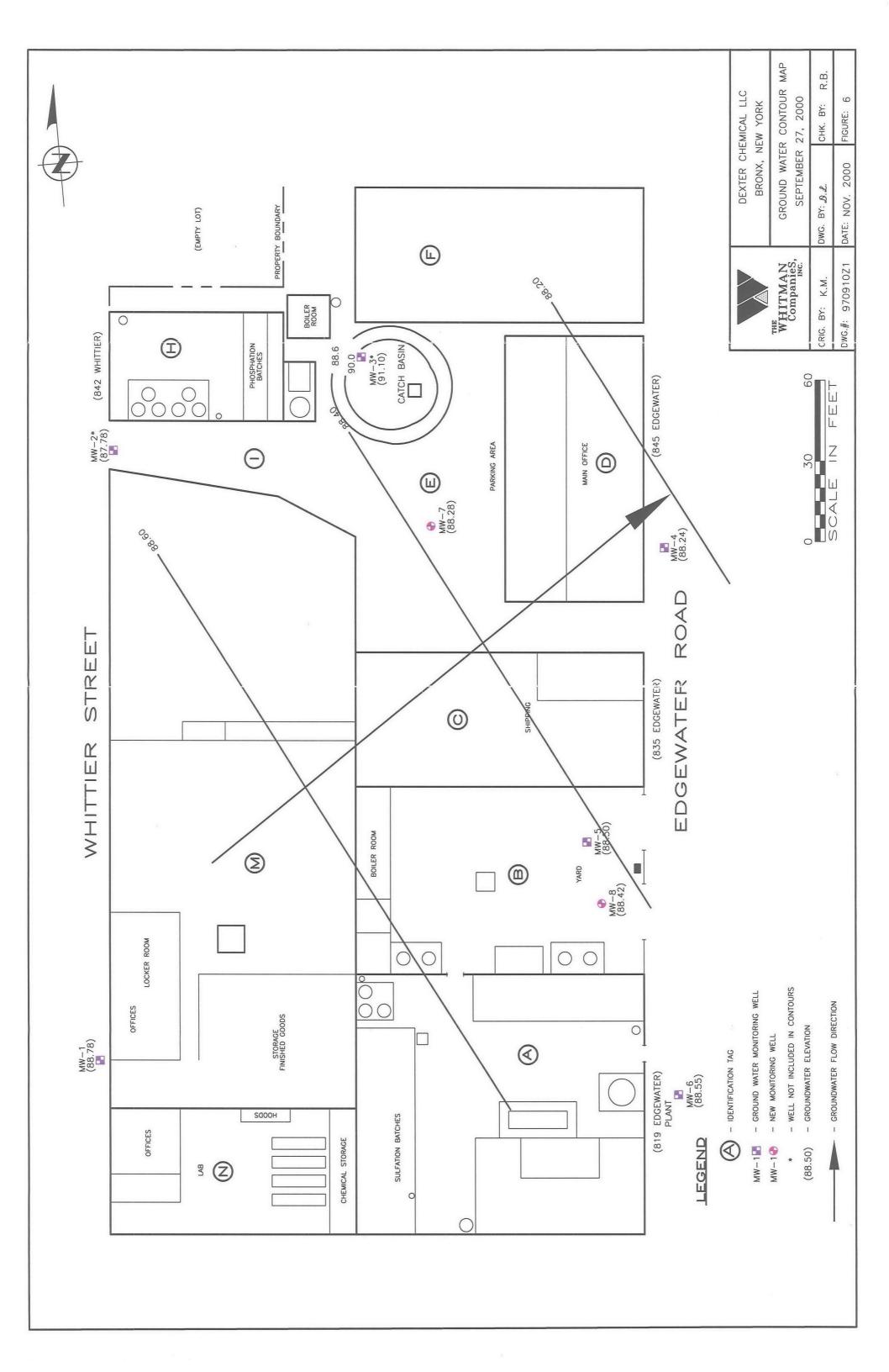
NS - No Standard

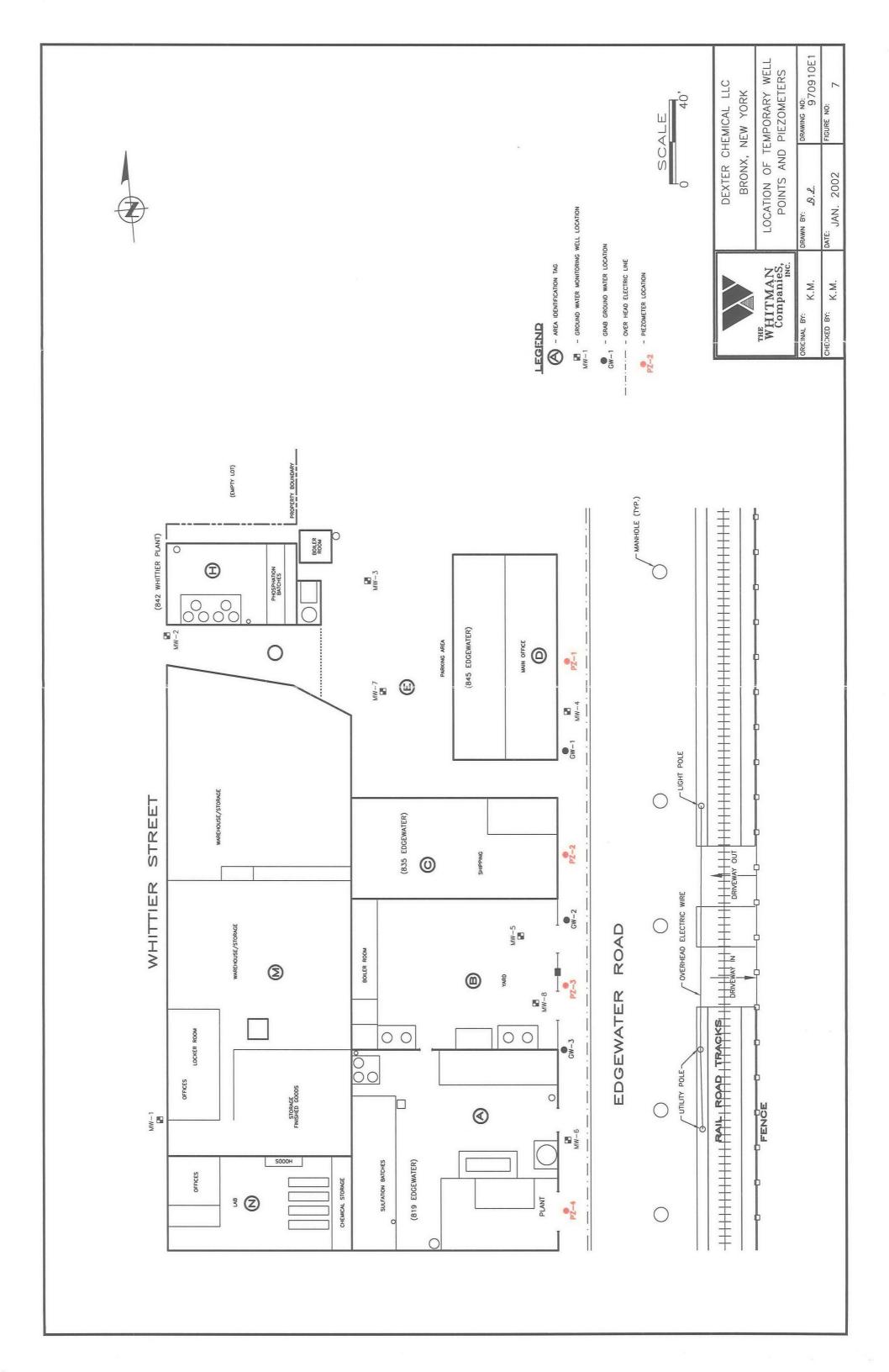
* - This water of

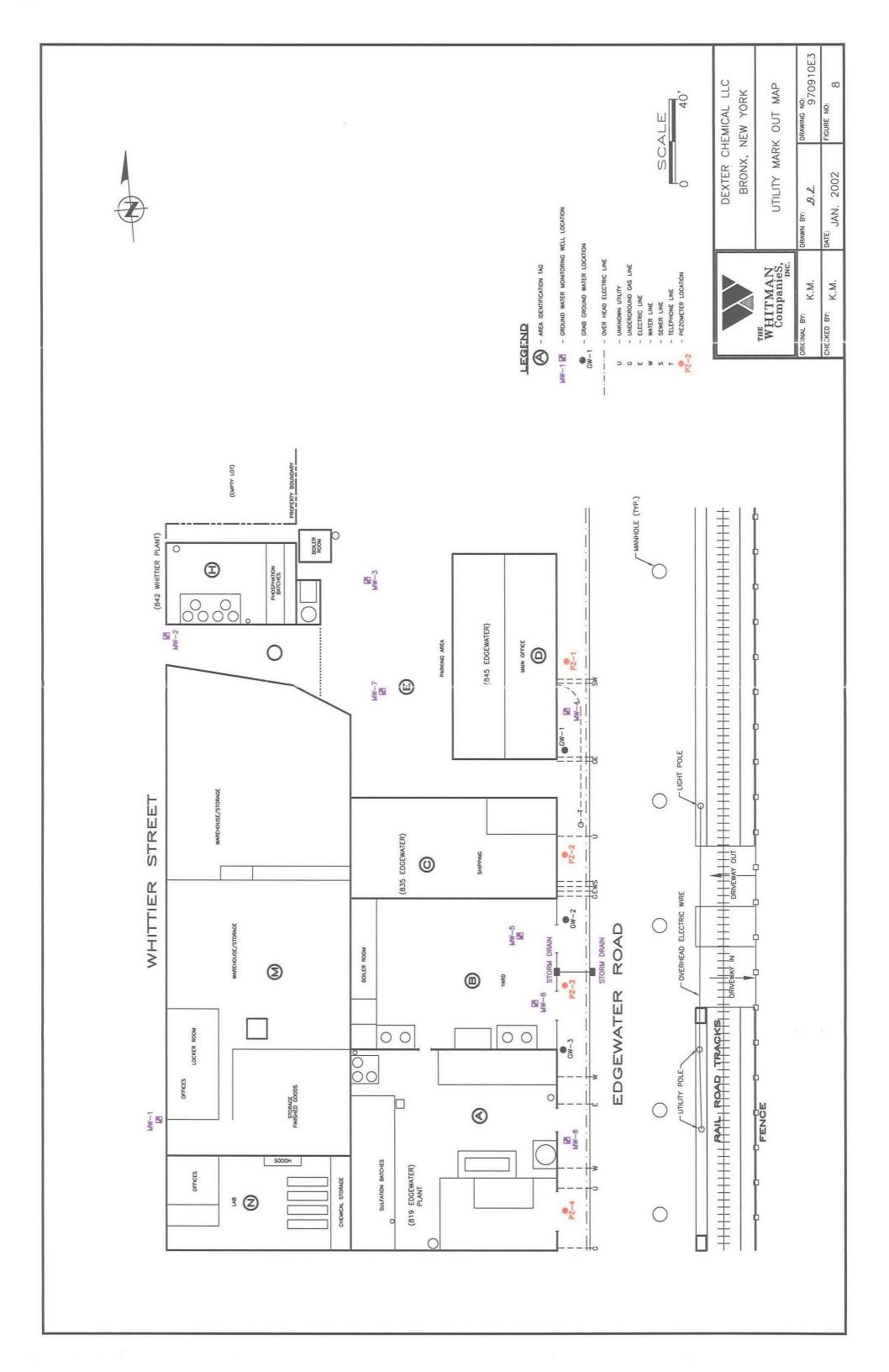
- This water quality value represents a guidance value and has not been promulgated and placed into regulation.

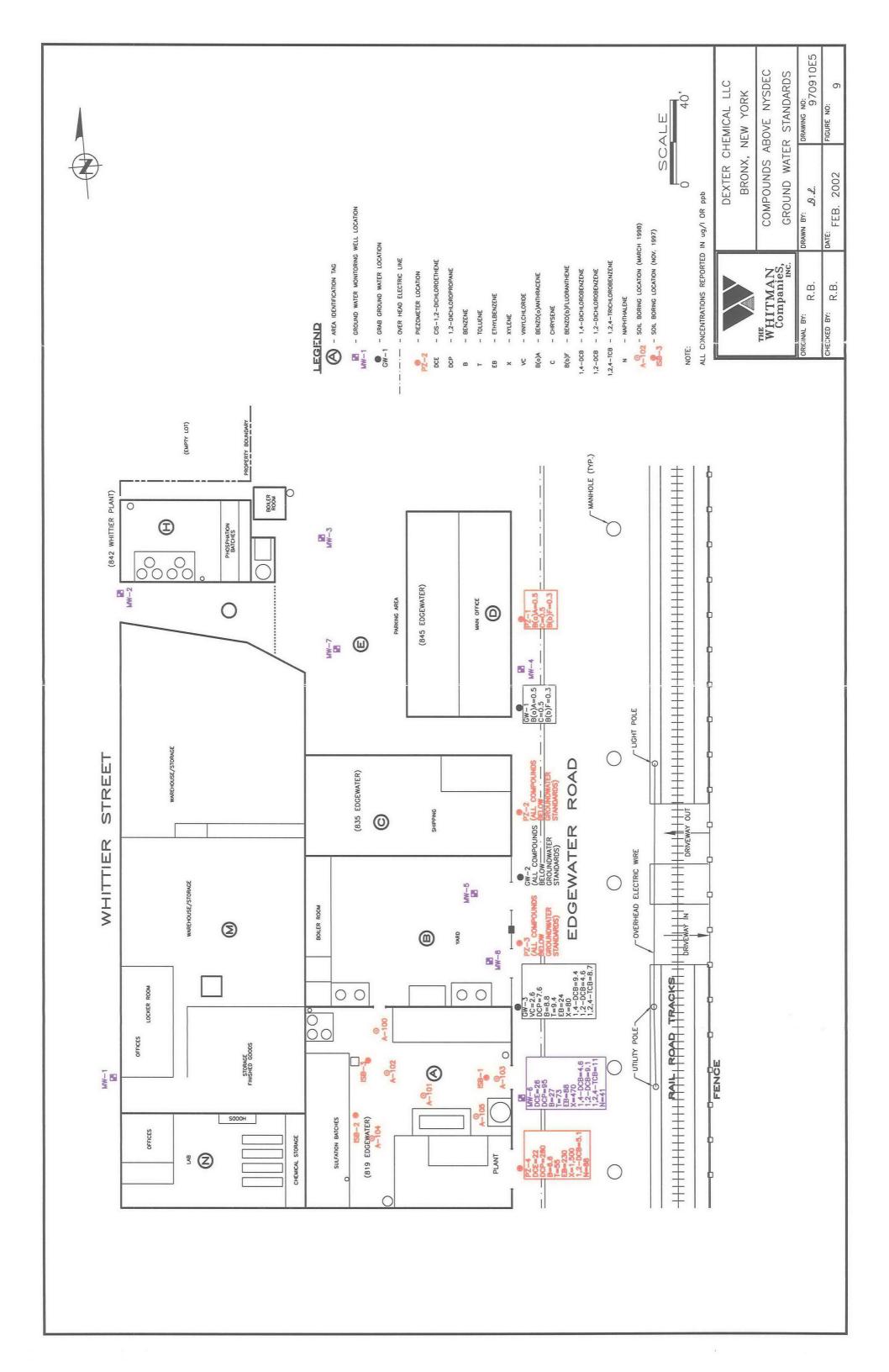


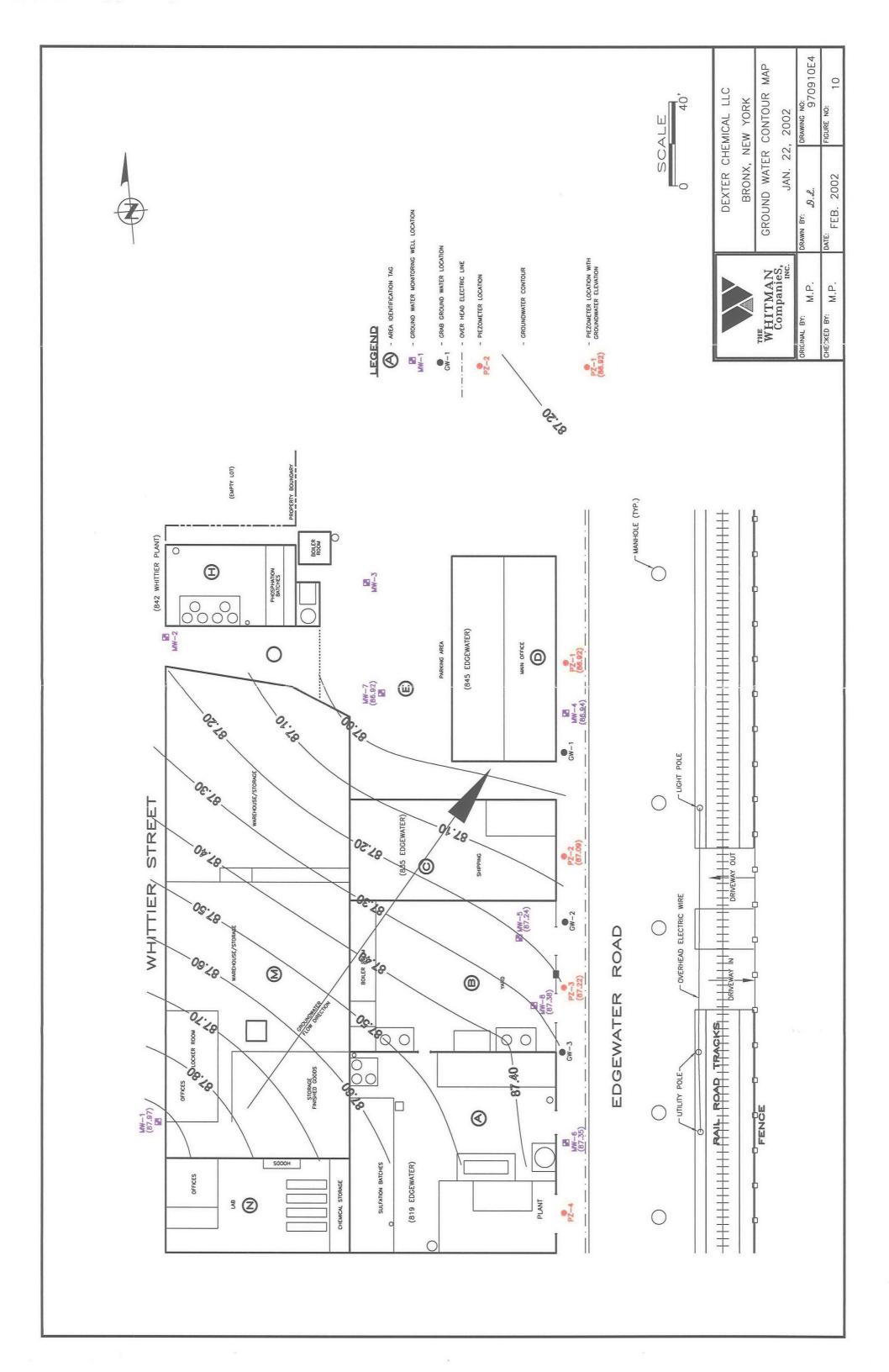


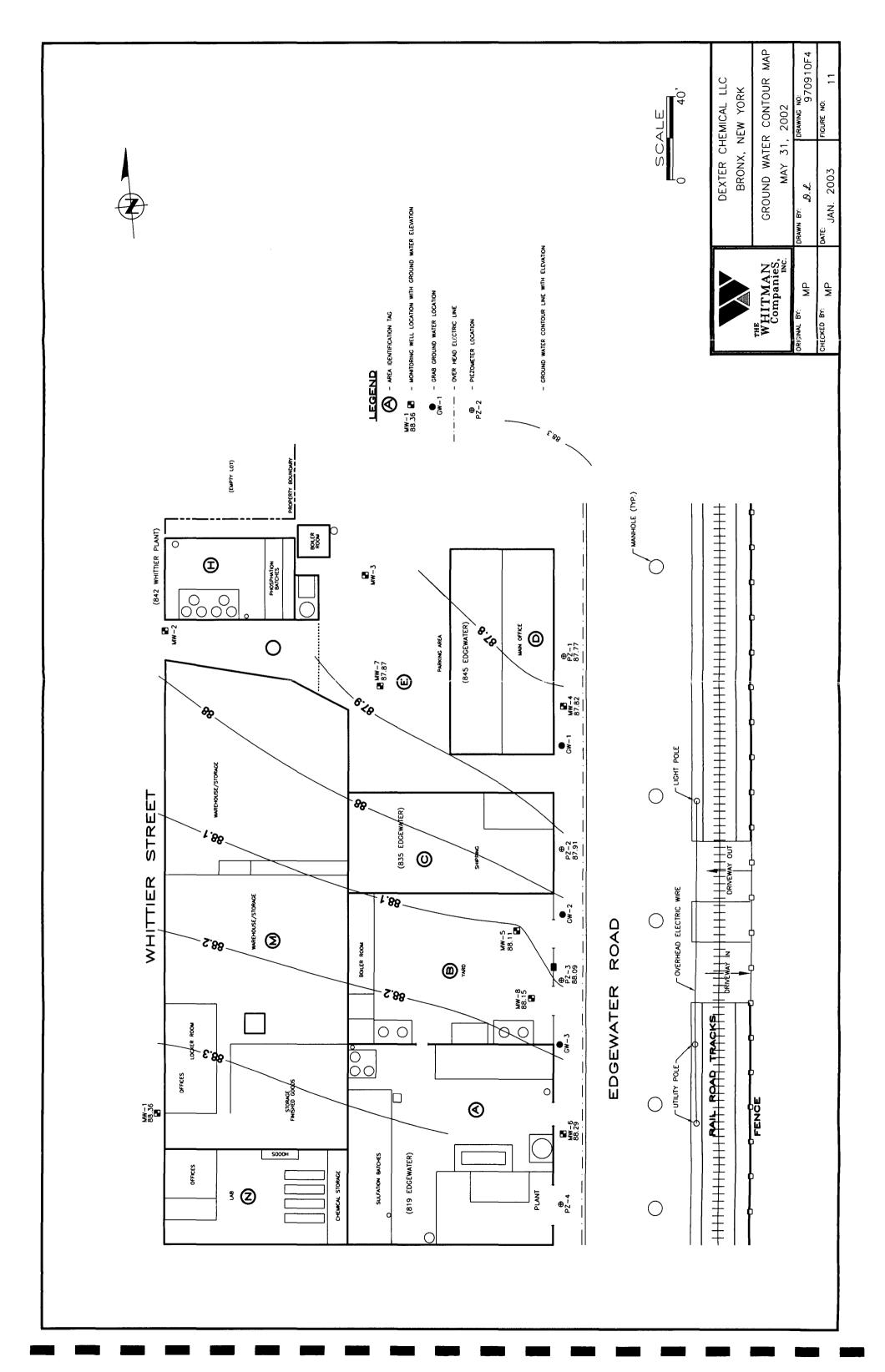


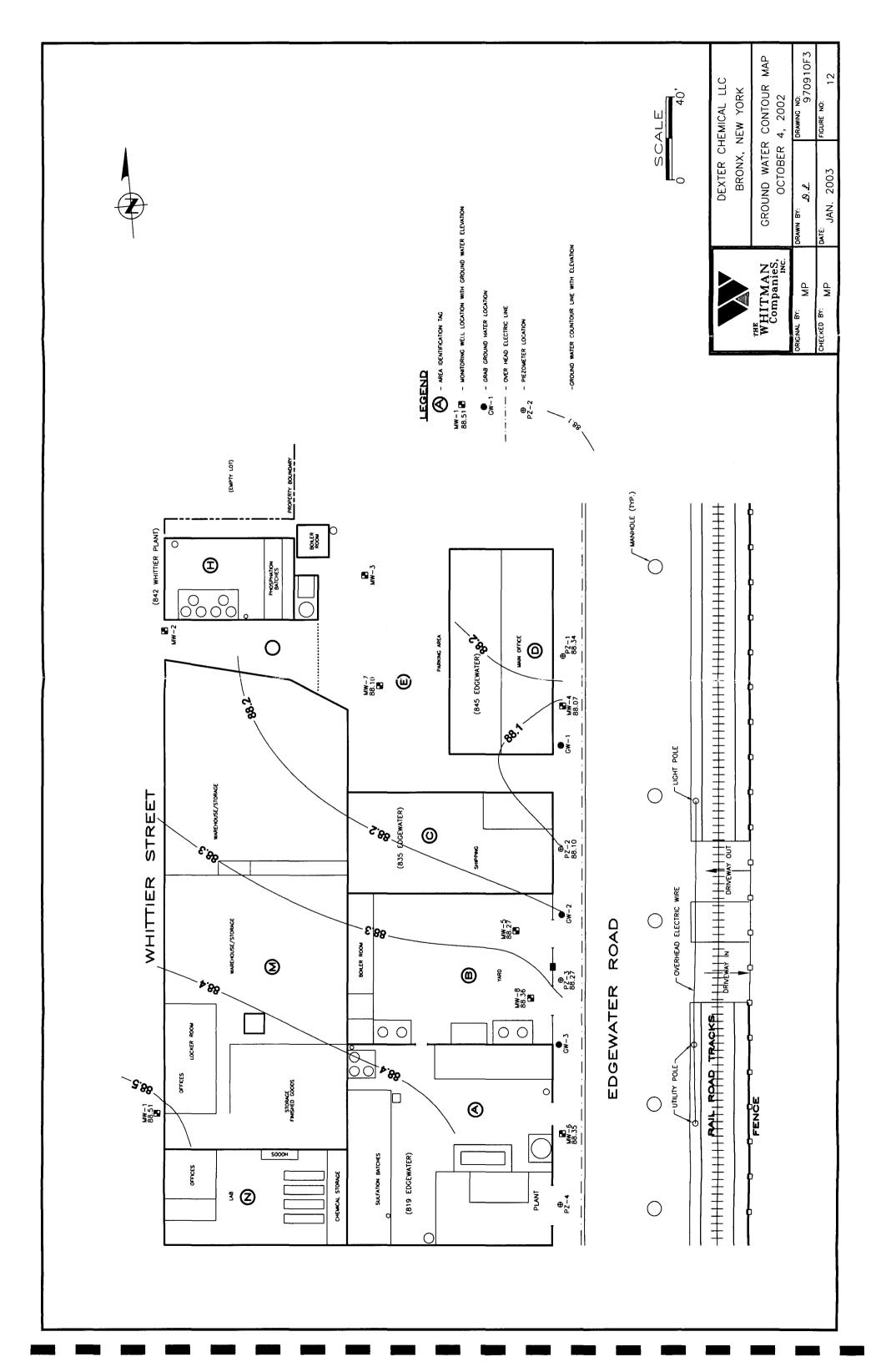


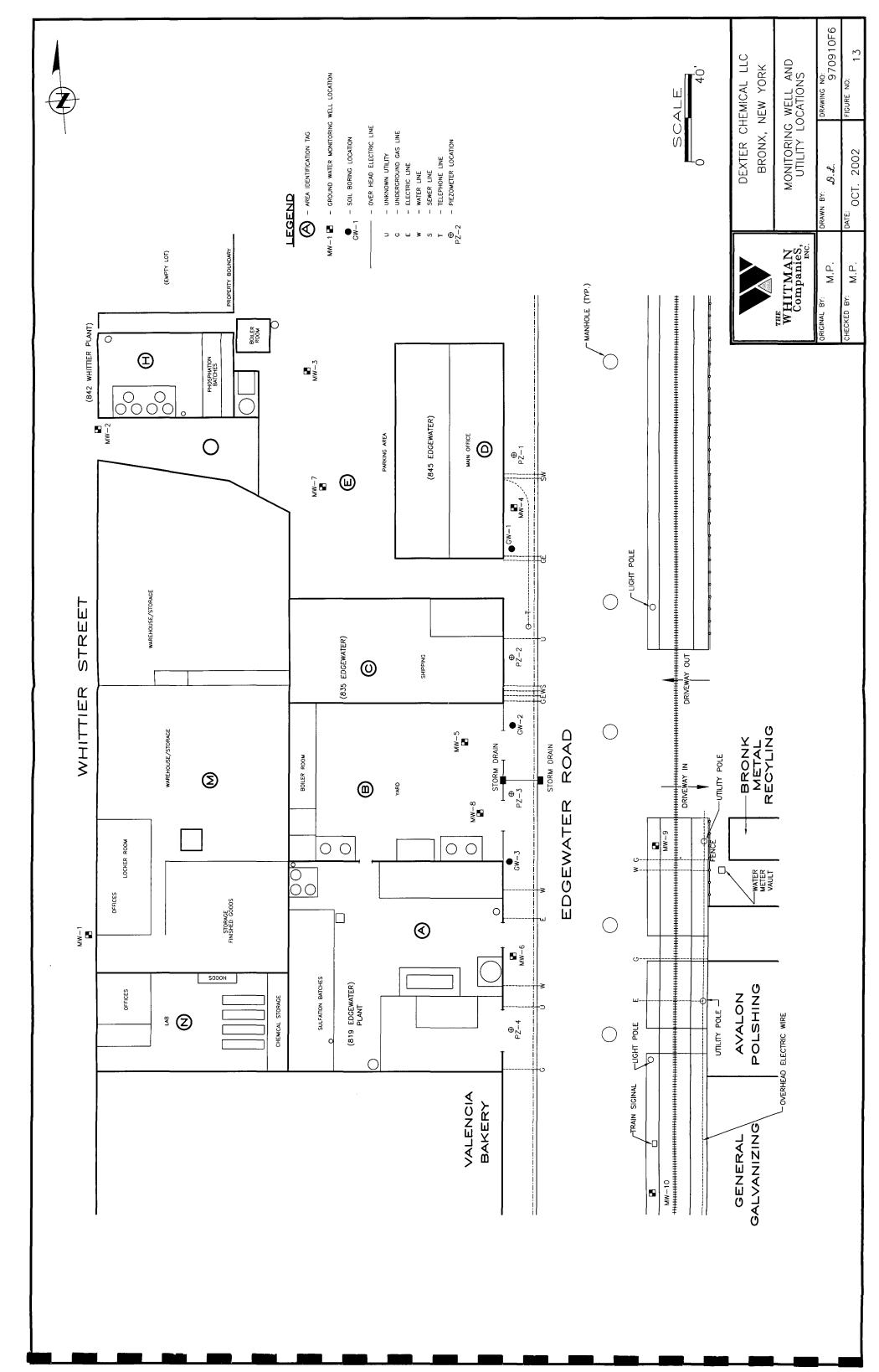


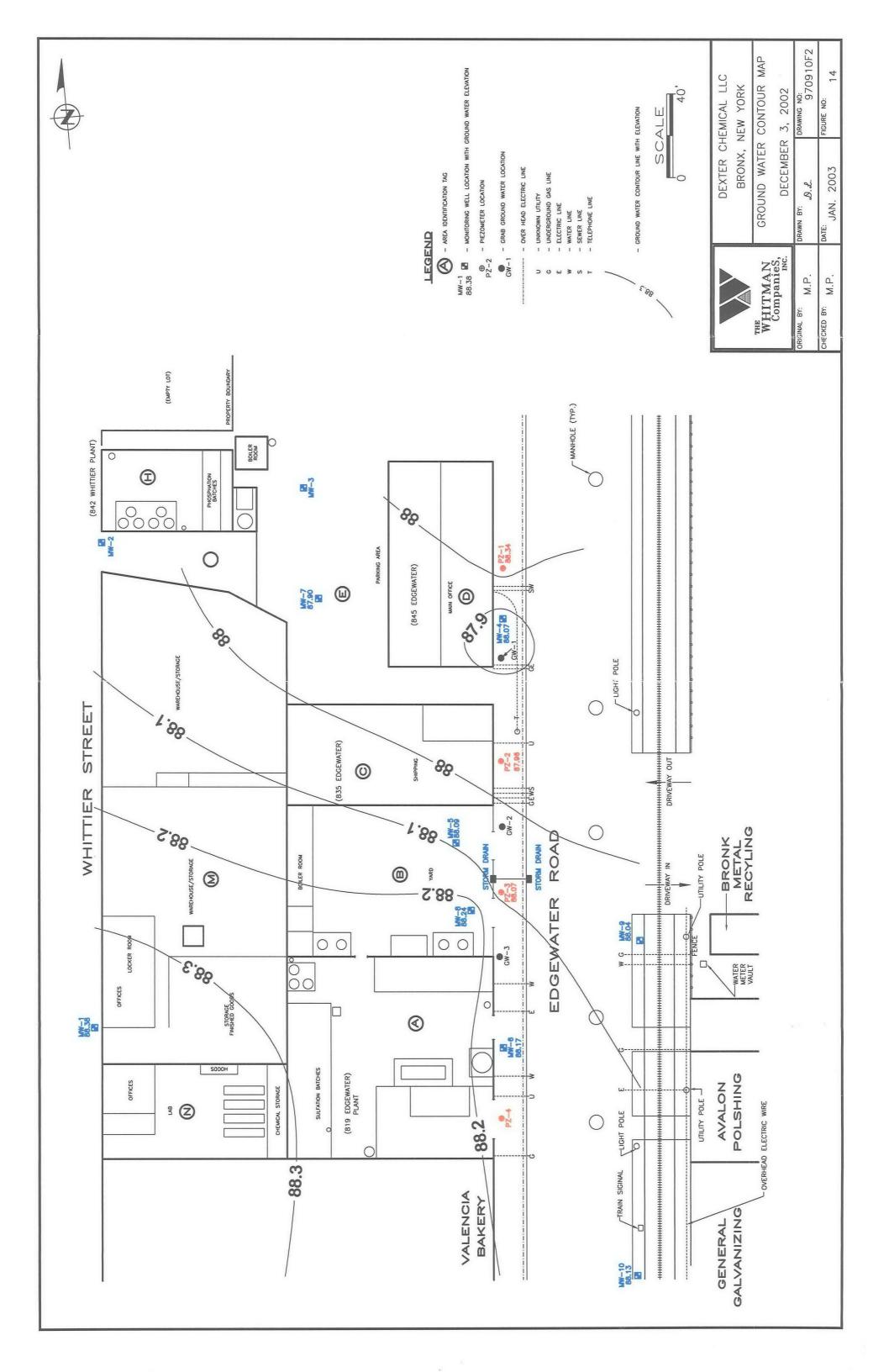


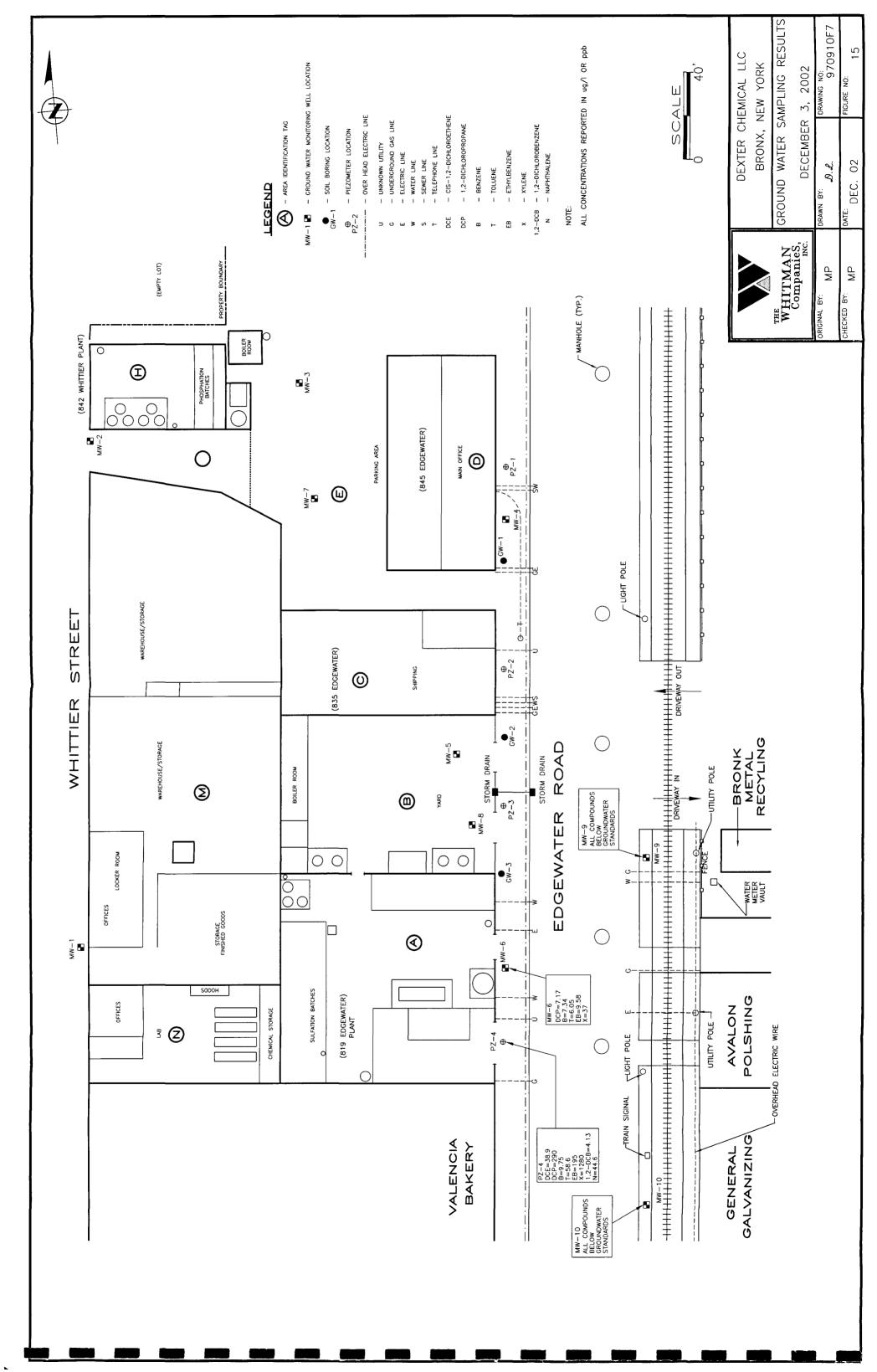












NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

In the Matter of the Implementation of a **Voluntary Cleanup Agreement** for: 819-845 Edgewater Road and 810-842 Whittier Street by: Dexter Chemical LLC, "Volunteer"

Site #: V00186-2 Index #: W2-0864-03-08

WHEREAS, the Department is responsible for the enforcement of the ECL and the NL and such laws provide the Department authority to enter into this Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Department has established a Voluntary Cleanup Program to address the environmental, legal, and financial barriers that hinder the redevelopment and reuse of contaminated properties;

WHEREAS, Volunteer represents, and the Department relied upon such representations in entering into this Agreement, that Volunteer's involvement with the Site is limited to the following: Volunteer is the current owner and operator of the Site;

WHEREAS, the parties are entering into this Agreement in order to set forth a process through which the Department will approve and the Volunteer will implement activities designed to address in whole or in part environmental contamination at the Site; and

WHEREAS, the Department has determined that it is in the public interest to enter into this Agreement as a means to address environmental issues at the Site with private funds while ensuring the protection of human health and the environment;

NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION OF AND IN EXCHANGE FOR THE MUTUAL COVENANTS AND PROMISES, THE PARTIES AGREE TO THE FOLLOWING:

I. <u>Site Specific Definitions</u>

For purposes of this Agreement, the terms set forth in the Glossary attached to, and made a part of, this Agreement shall have the meanings ascribed to them in that Glossary. In addition, for purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- A. "Contemplated Use": Restricted industrial use excluding day care, child care and medical care uses.
- B. "Existing Contamination": The contamination identified in the June 2003 report prepared by Whitman Companies entitled "Summary of Site Investigation and Proposed Remedial Action" that was submitted on behalf of Volunteer to the Department, including the following: volatile organic compounds ("VOCs") soil contamination in areas A and I of the Site; trichloroethene soil in area "B" of the Site; Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) and Priority Pollutant Metals (PPM) soil contamination in all historic fill areas; VOCs groundwater contamination in monitoring wells located immediately downgradient of areas "A" and "I" of the Site; and lead groundwater contamination in two monitoring wells that were placed in historic coal and cinder fill materials. The term also includes contamination identified during the implementation of this Agreement, the nature and extent of which were unknown or

From: Rosalie Rusinko
To: Agrawal, Hari
Date: 8/1/03 3:33PM

Subject: Re: Dexter - as requested to help you develop VCA

** Confidential **

Hari.

Is there a RI Report which I can reference in the VCA? I found a copy of a document dated June 2003 "Summary of Site Investigation and Proposed Remedial Action", is this the only report?

>>> Hari Agrawal 08/01/03 11:57AM >>>

The Volunteer is Dexter Chemical LLC, the current owner and operator of the site with offices located at 845 Edgewater Road, Bronx, NY 10474. The Volunteer is a PRP.

The site is located at 819 through 845 Edgewater Road and 810 through 842 Whittier Street, Bronx, New York. The property is located in an industrial/ manufacturing district of Hunts Point, Bronx, New York. Tax map identification is Block 2762, Lots 216, 224, 257, 294, 299 and 300. The street address of the site is: 845 Edgewater Road, Bronx, NY 10474.

The agreement shall supplement the existing VCA # V00186-2 and provide for remediation of contaminants present in onsite soils and groundwater, and shall also provide for remediation of any offsite impacts as a result of the past or ongoing release of site-related contaminants in the environment. The remedy shall include any remaining investigation necessary to design the remedy, the design, the implementation of the remedy, and any operation, maintenance, and monitoring necessary to return the site to its designated use with out causing any adverse public health and environmental impacts.

The site consists of approximately 2.2 acres. There are no wetlands or woodlands on the property. Bronx River is located 1000 ft east of the site. Dexter has been a chemical manufacturing plant for over 40 years. The site is contaminated with BTEX and PAHs likely from leaking USTs in the past, and chlorobenzene, lead and mercury from previous paint manufacturing operations . The contaminants are present in groundwater leaving the site.

The Department will develop a remedial action work plan in consultation with the NYSDOH, and the plan will be subject to public review and comments.

