# **APPENDIX C**

# REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES AT OPERABLE UNIT #2

Please note that initial site work and assessment was completed by Golder Associates, Inc. in conjunction with NYSDEC oversight of the project under the V.C.P. program. Golder has provided the documentation of this work in Draft Reports. As such the conclusions of the reports cannot be specifically relied upon; however the data collected during these activities has been used to help develop the conclusions of this certification.

# DRAFT REPORT ON REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES AT OPERATING UNIT #2 BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK

1800 Broadway - Buffalo, New York



Voluntary Cleanup Site No. V00663-9 Voluntary Agreement Index No. B9-0637-03-06





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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 General

Buffalo Business Park (BBP) is currently implementing a Voluntary Cleanup at their facility located at 1800 Broadway Avenue in the City of Buffalo, New York (Voluntary Site Cleanup # V00663-9). To accomplish this objective, BBP has entered into a Voluntary Cleanup Agreement with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) for the investigation and/or remediation of two operable units. Operable Unit #1 (OU #1) in the southwest central area of the Site consists of an area where soil contamination has been delineated. OU#1 underwent remedial activities in mid April, 2006 in the form of excavation and removal of contaminated soils. Operable Unit #2 (OU #2) is located along the southwest property boundary (Figure 1), and consists of an area where previous investigations have encountered contaminated groundwater. OU #2 underwent investigation activities in late August, 2007 through the installation of groundwater monitoring wells, groundwater level measurements, and groundwater sampling and analysis. OU #2 underwent additional investigation activities again in early October, 2007 when the vapor intrusion investigation was completed per the request of the NYSDEC.

# 1.2 Investigation Objectives

The objectives of the supplemental subsurface investigation activities at OU#2 were as follows:

- Further define groundwater flow direction at the Site in the area of OU#1 and the site building;
- Further define groundwater quality in the bedrock zone; and
- Ascertain if vapor intrusion potentially associated with volatile organic compounds in groundwater is a concern within the building located along the southern property boundary is a potential concern.

The following text provides a discussion of Golder Associates Inc's (Golder's) understanding of the site background work already completed, the scope of work, and the technical approach and procedures that were used to further evaluate potential impacts to groundwater and the potential for associated vapor intrusion impacts at the property.

# 1.3 Project Background

According to historic Sanborn maps, the site has been utilized as the Buffalo Industrial Park since 1961. Prior to 1961, the site was used for railroad transport/tracks associated with the Pullman Car Company from 1900 until at least 1950.

In December 1999, Lender Consulting Services (LCS) conducted a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA), and subsequently completed a Phase II soil and groundwater study (March, 2003). During 2001 and 2002, several soil and groundwater investigations were completed, consisting of 27 test borings and 27 groundwater monitoring points (3 permanent and 24 temporary). Soil and groundwater samples were collected and analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and select samples were also analyzed for RCRA metals and semi – volatile organic compounds (SVOCs). According to LCS, the investigations identified the presence of VOCs. Soils were found to contain tetrachloroethene and groundwater was found to contain tetrachloroethene, trichloroethene, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, trans-1,2-dichloroethene, methylene chloride and vinyl chloride.

Buffalo Business Park, Inc., acting as an Innocent Owner, agreed to participate in the NYSDEC Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP) and entered into a Voluntary Cleanup Agreement (VCA) for remedial investigation/remedial action under Voluntary Cleanup Site No. V00663-9 and Index No. B9-0637-03-06. This VCA was initiated upon Buffalo Business Park's submittal of a VCA application dated May 23, 2003.

In October 2003, LCS submitted a work plan for soil remedial activities to the NYSDEC for review and comment: Remedial Action Work Plan, Operable Unit # 1, Buffalo Business Park Site; 1800 Broadway, Buffalo, New York.

In addition, on April 2005, LCS submitted the following document for additional groundwater investigation: Investigation Work Plan, Operable Unit #2; Buffalo Business Park Site, 1800 Broadway, Buffalo, New York.

Subsequent to the submission these documents, BBP contracted LTP Services, Inc. (LTP) to review the documents, and evaluate alternatives to the proposed soil remedy, which was ex-situ soil vapor extraction. LTP, in conjunction with NYSDEC approval, proposed that the soil

removal activity focus on removal with off-site disposal of soils within a certified, engineered solid waste landfill. In April 11<sup>th</sup>, 2006, contaminated soils were removed from Operable Unit #1 (OU#1) at BBP to a depth of approximately 14 feet below ground surface (BGS). Overburden soils that were not contaminated were stockpiled for re-use as backfill. Confirmation soil samples were collected from the side walls of the excavation to confirm a clean closure. In addition, the overburden materials for six to ten feet were also sampled to evaluate the quality of the overburden materials for backfill purposes. Once "clean" conditions were established on April 17<sup>th</sup>, 2006 (below NYSDEC TAGM action levels) using the analytical results for side wall samples from the excavation, the excavation was backfilled with overburden materials stockpiled on site (also tested as "clean"), and overlain by crushed concrete, both of which were approved in advance by the NYSDEC.

# 1.4 Site Geologic and Hydrogeologic Setting

# 1.4.1 Geology

Several environmental studies have previously been conducted at BBP from which subsurface conditions have been generally characterized. The overburden materials are approximately 14 feet in thickness at BBP and consist of fill materials and overburden soils. The overburden consists of fill materials that are variable in thickness to an average depth of approximately two feet. Fill material is generally described as sands and gravel with some ash, brick, wood and railroad ties which is consistent with its past use as a rail yard. This is underlain by native materials consisting of brown gravelly sands with some silt. This material is laterally variable, but overburden material (fill and native materials) is generally 14 to 16 feet in thickness.

Bedrock is at approximately 14 to 16 feet below ground surface (BGS), and consists of gray, crystalline limestone, thought to be the Onondaga Limestone.

### 1.4.2 Hydrogeology

Groundwater is reportedly present in the overburden with groundwater flow direction reportedly to the south. Groundwater in bedrock reportedly flows to the southeast; however, the overburden and bedrock hydraulic zones are likely connected given the highly permeable nature of the overburden gravelly sands.

#### 2.0 SCOPE OF WORK GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

### 2.1 General

The following provides an overview of the investigative scope of work that was completed at OU #2:

- Installation of four groundwater monitoring wells (wells) into bedrock;
- Survey all well locations and tie control into four existing site bedrock wells;
- Develop and sample the four newly installed bedrock wells;
- Collect groundwater elevation information from the four newly installed bedrock wells and four existing bedrock wells;
- Analyze groundwater samples from the four newly installed bedrock wells for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) through the use of a subcontract laboratory;
- Investigate the potential soil vapor intrusion pathway into the structure located nearest to existing well MW 4; and
- Prepare a Site Investigation/Remedial Alternatives Report (SI/RAR) which summarizes the work performed, incorporates a Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment, and recommends an appropriate remedial alternative for groundwater (OU#2).

All work was completed in accordance with the Investigative Work Plan, which was approved in advance by the NYSDEC.

# 2.2 Bedrock Groundwater Investigation

#### 2.2.1 General Conditions

Groundwater analytical data collected as part of this investigation was used to further characterize groundwater conditions in bedrock. Four previously-installed bedrock groundwater wells (VCA-MW-1-BR, VCA-MW-2-BR, VCA-MW-3-BR, and VCA-MW-4-BR) are located within or immediately adjacent to OU #2 and were used as part of this investigation. To further characterize hydrogeologic conditions in bedrock, four new bedrock wells (VCA-MW-5-BR, VCA-MW-6-BR, VCA-MW-7-BR and VCA-MW-8-BR) were installed on BBP property and the

adjacent property immediately to the west. The locations of these wells are depicted on Photos 1 through 4, and Figure 2.

Field work was completed using Golder's standard health and safety plan (HASP) that was adopted for site-specific conditions, using Level D personal protective equipment. Ambient air, and soil samples derived from split barrel sampling during the drilling of overburden, were screened in the field with a photo ionization detector (PID) for VOCs with action levels that are found in Golder's health and safety plan. Additionally, continuous air monitoring of the driller's breathing zone was conducted during all drilling and rock coring activities.

Per the NYSDEC approved Work Plan, no soil or bedrock core samples were submitted to the contract laboratory for analysis as part of this investigation. Only groundwater samples were submitted for laboratory analysis.

# 2.2.2 Installation of Groundwater Monitoring Wells

The installation of four bedrock groundwater monitoring wells was performed to further characterize groundwater flow direction and groundwater quality at OU#2. This additional geologic and hydrogeologic information in conjunction with information collected from the four existing site bedrock wells was then be used to provide a better understanding of bedrock groundwater conditions, and to provide the most likely soil vapor sampling point(s) within the site building for purposes of completion of the soil vapor investigation.

New well locations were designed to provide a better understanding of groundwater flow direction in OU #2 and under the building, as well as the nature groundwater quality immediately up-gradient of OU #1. In addition, the new bedrock wells provided better understanding of groundwater quality near the building along the southern property boundary.

VCA-MW-5-BR is located on the western adjacent property (Family Dollar Store and Tops) approximately 45 feet north of the sidewalk along Broadway, and approximately 25 feet west of the Buffalo Business Park western property line.

VCA-MW-6-BR is located approximately 210 feet east of the northwest corner of the brick building that is located along the southern BBP property boundary. This well is located approximately 15 feet south into the building in an area with a vaulted ceiling.

VCA-MW-7-BR is located approximately 170 north of the sidewalk along Broadway, and approximately 60 feet west of the BBP property boundary.

VCA-MW-8-BR is located 10 feet south of the southeast corner of the Family Dollar Store approximately 25 feet west of the BBP property boundary.

Site Mark out

Prior to the start of drilling activities, the locations of the four new wells were marked out on the pavement and approved by the NYSDEC. Once the well locations were marked, the drilling subcontractor notified Dig Safely New York for the mark out of underground utilities. The site maintenance engineer was also contacted to review proposed drilling locations.

Prior to the commencement of drilling operations, Dig Safely New York was contacted for the mark out of underground utilities. The drillers were then notified by SJB's Drilling Manager that the site utilities were concentrated to the western side of the Tops/Family Dollar site, and that the utilities were unlikely to run beneath the slab of the building scheduled for drilling on BBP property.

#### Decontamination of Drilling Equipment

To minimize the potential for contamination/cross contamination of the wells from outside sources and/or the transport of potentially contaminated materials from the Site, the drilling equipment was decontaminated prior to the start of drilling activities, between well installations, and at the completion of drilling activities. In lieu of constructing a temporary decontamination (decon) pad, the drilling contractor was instructed by BBP personnel to use an on-site sewer grate, which was connected to a Buffalo Sewer Authority sewer and was permitted for discharge of investigation-derived liquid waste as part of remedial activities associated with OU#1. To accomplish this objective, the drilling contractor placed the drilling equipment, such as hollow stem augers, drill rods and core barrels, on a racking system attached to the side of the drill rig.

The drill rig was positioned such that this racking system was placed directly over the sewer grate. The drilling equipment was then decontaminated in place, using a steam cleaner.

# Investigation-Derived Waste

Solid and liquid material from drilling, equipment decontamination and well development generated as part of this investigation was placed in drums, and left in the custody of Buffalo Business Park. It is not the property of Golder, nor its drilling subcontractor.

### Borehole Drilling

The locations of the test borings for the installation of the four new bedrock wells are shown on Figure #2. Borings were advanced through fill and overburden materials to refusal on bedrock (ranging in depth from 13 to 17.5 feet below ground surface (bgs)) using 4<sup>1/4</sup>-inch inside diameter (I.D.) hollow stem augers (HSA). At each of the proposed well locations, the overburden was sampled at five-foot intervals (Standard Sampling) with 2-inch diameter by 24 inch long steel split-barrel sampler in general accordance with ASTM D 1586 (Standard Penetration Test).

A Golder geologist observed the drilling operation and recorded pertinent information, such as soil sample information, boring number, sample number, depth, blow counts, lithologic description, color, moisture, and soil headspace organic vapor measurements, in an engineer's bound field notebook or appropriate field logs.

Soil samples were collected from the split-barrel samplers and placed in glass jars. Head space readings were collected from each soil sample using a PID, and the samples were described and classified in the field by visual examination in general accordance with the Unified Soils Classification System (USCS). Field boring logs were prepared for each location, and are attached with this report as Appendix A.

Air monitoring of the drillers' breathing zone was conducted continuously during drilling operations. The air monitoring yielded no significant readings on the PID meter. However, drilling operations were conducted indoors at location VCA-MW6-BR. Although the PID yielded no significant organic vapor readings that would indicate poor air quality, the tenant of the facility (New York Frame) voiced concerns about air quality. Golder and the drilling

contractor employed several institutional controls to mitigate the perceived air quality issue, including venting the drill rig exhaust to the outdoors, and utilizing a large ventilation fan. Air monitoring logs are attached as Appendix B.

Upon encountering the top of bedrock and refusal, the HSAs were extracted from the borehole, and a 4-inch I.D. steel casing (temporary casing) was placed within the borehole and seated (advanced approximately 6") spun into the top of bedrock.

#### Rock Coring

A municipal water source on site was used to obtain clean, potable water for rock coring purposes. An HQ coring tool (3.7-inch outside diameter) was used to obtain a 2.5-inch diameter core from the upper 15 feet of bedrock. Coring of the bedrock was completed in general accordance with ASTM 2113 (Diamond Core Drilling for Site Investigation). The coring interval was modified at location VCA-MW6-BR due to New York Frame management's request that the coring operations be ceased; thus, only eight feet of rock core was obtained at this location. Rock coring logs are attached to this report as Appendix C.

During all coring activities, the coreholes were flushed with clean potable water that was recirculated. At the completion of drilling activities, water generated during coring activities was drummed as investigation-derived waste and treated as previously discussed.

Continuous core was collected, labeled, and stored for each well. A Golder on-site geologist maintained a record of the coring operations including, core recoveries, Rock Quality Designations (RQDs), and VOC measurements with a PID (Air Monitoring during Drilling Forms are attached as Appendix B). Upon completion of the coring and/or boring activities, detailed Subsurface Boring Logs were prepared for each boring which describe the observed lithologic information, well construction details, and pertinent drilling observations.

#### Bedrock Monitoring Well Installation

Bedrock monitoring wells were constructed using "certified clean" well materials. The newly drilled bedrock wells were completed by placing a ten-foot length (unless otherwise specified) of 2-inch diameter Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) screen with 0.010-inch machine-cut slots from the bottom of the borehole to approximately five feet below the top of bedrock. A 2-inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC riser completed each well from the top of the screen to the ground surface. Six inches of an appropriately-sized sand pack were placed in the bottom of the corehole, and around the screen from the bottom of the borehole to approximately two feet above the screen to complete a sand pack around the well screen. Bentonite chips were placed from the top of the sand upward for a minimum of 2 feet.

Cement/bentonite grout was tremied from the top of the bentonite to the ground surface. The bedrock monitoring wells were completed at grade with a 9-inch diameter flush mount curb box.

Monitoring well VCA-MW6-BR was modified to accommodate New York Frame's request to cease rock coring operations. Construction of this monitoring well was completed using five foot of well screen within a cored rock interval of eight feet. The well was then completed according to the above specifications.

A well construction diagram was prepared for each new boring that describes actual depth of the well along with construction details. The monitoring well installation logs are attached with this report as Appendix D.

# Monitoring Well Development

Following installation, the four newly-installed wells were developed by surging the open interval to remove drill cuttings and water introduced into the formations during installation. Surging was performed using a stainless steel bailer, which was also used to purge the water from the well. Development of the wells continued until groundwater sample parameters achieved stability. Well development data, including the duration of the development process, methods employed, and the volume of water removed, are included on the Well Development Logs, which are attached with this report. Water purged from the wells during the development process was

drummed and stored on site as investigative derived waste and treated as previously described in this report as Appendix E.

# **2.2.3** Survey

The new and existing monitoring well horizontal coordinates, top-of-casing elevations, and ground surface elevations were surveyed by Wendel-Duchsherer of Amherst, New York, a New York State-licensed surveyor. In addition, the coordinates for these wells were tied into a site reference (a fire hydrant located along the west fence line near monitoring well VCA-MW3-BR). The horizontal coordinates were measured from the northernmost point of the well casing to the closest 0.1-foot, and referenced to the site reference point(s). Elevations of ground surface and top-of-casing were to the closest 0.01 foot. The information obtained was tabulated and used for completion of well logs, schematics, and maps, and is summarized as Table 1.

# 2.2.4 Groundwater Sampling

Collection of Groundwater Samples for Laboratory Analysis

One round of groundwater samples was collected from the four newly-installed bedrock monitoring wells.

Prior to commencing sampling activities, Golder personnel determined the well's depth and static groundwater elevation and conducted a well-maintenance check. Following completion of these pre-sampling activities, the wells were purged of a minimum three well volumes (or until dry).

Following each removal of a minimum of three well volumes from each well, a sample of the purge water was measured for the following field parameters: pH, temperature, and specific conductivity. Well development was considered complete when these parameters had achieved stability. Groundwater samples were then collected for volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis using dedicated HDPE bailers and placed in clean glass vials supplied by the contract laboratory. Samples were then packed on ice in a cooler and delivered to Severn Trent Laboratories in Amherst for analysis under strict Chain of Custody protocols. Sample collection information for each groundwater sample is summarized in Appendix F.

#### Groundwater Elevation Measurement

One synoptic round of groundwater elevation measurements was obtained from the eight bedrock monitoring wells (four existing and four newly installed wells) that are part of this investigation on September 13, 2007. The measurements were obtained using an electronic water level meter. These data were used to construct a groundwater potentiometric surface map (Figure #3) for the bedrock flow zone at OU #2. Depth to groundwater and groundwater elevation information is summarized on Table 2.

# Laboratory Analysis of Groundwater Samples

Test America Laboratories in Amherst, New York performed all sample analyses for the bedrock investigation. No soil or bedrock core samples were sent to the contract laboratory for analysis. Four groundwater samples, along with the appropriate quality assurance/quality control samples, were analyzed by the contract laboratory as follows:

- VCA-MW-5-BR;
- VCA-MW-6-BR;
- VCA-MW-7-BR;
- VCA-MW-8-BR;
- Duplicate Sample (DUP);
- Matrix spike/ matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD); and
- Trip blank.

Groundwater samples were analyzed for target compound list VOCs by USEPA Method 8260 with NYSDEC ASP Category B Deliverable reporting. Sample results were received using standard turnaround times (10 business days).

#### Analytical Results

Groundwater sample results were compared to New York State Ambient Water Quality Standards/Guidance Values (TOGS 1.1.1.) and TAGM 3028 Groundwater Action Levels, and are presented in Table 3. Analytical results for the 5 groundwater samples (four wells plus one duplicate sample) indicated six organic parameters were noted as exceeding TOGS 1.1.1. and/or TAGM 3028 values in at least one sample. It should be noted that analyte concentrations

exceeded the instrument calibration ranges in the original samples collected from VCA-MW5-BR and VCA-MW7-BR. Therefore, these samples were diluted and re-analyzed to bring the concentrations within the calibration range of the laboratory instrument.

1,2-dichloroethylene (total), tetrachloroethylene, and trichloroethylene were detected in samples VCA-MW5-BR and VCA-MW7-BR at concentrations in exceedance of both TOGS 1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 guidance values. 1,1-dichloroethylene and vinyl chloride were detected in sample VCA-MW5-BR at concentrations in exceedance of both TOGS 1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 guidance values. Lastly, methylene chloride was detected in sample VCA-MW7-BR sample at concentrations in exceedance of both TOGS 1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 guidance values.

Low-level detections (at values below TOGS1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 values) were found in the groundwater samples as follows: cyclohexane, ethylbenzene, methylcyclohexane, toluene and xylene in sample VCA-MW5-BR; acetone, chloroform, cyclohexane, 1,2-dichloroethylene, and toluene in sample VCA-MW6-BR; and cyclohexane and methylcyclohexane in sample VCA-MW8-BR, and the associated duplicate sample.

### 3.0 SOIL VAPOR INTRUSION INVESTIGATION

### 3.1 General Considerations

Per the NYSDEC approved Investigative Work Plan, a soil vapor intrusion study was also completed. Prior to the completion of a soil vapor intrusion study, several steps were taken to assist with the management and investigation of potential soil vapor issues at the site. The first step toward management and mitigation of potential vapor intrusion was source removal, which was completed by removing contaminated soils at OU#1.

The second step in the evaluation and investigation of potential vapor intrusion into the Site structure south of OU#1 was the completion of the bedrock groundwater investigation for OU#2. The groundwater information collected from the bedrock investigation was used to provide additional information on groundwater flow direction, and VOC contaminant concentrations in groundwater under or immediately adjacent to the site structure. This information was then used to select the most likely sampling point for the completion of a soil vapor intrusion investigation within the site structure. The groundwater quality information from the old wells (VCA-MW1-BR through VCA-MW4-BR) was evaluated in conjunction with groundwater quality information from the newly installed groundwater monitoring (VCA-MW5-BR through VCA-MW8-BR). While the groundwater quality information from the old wells is not directly comparable to the groundwater quality information obtained from the new wells (different sampling events), this information is provided in Table 3 to lend understanding of the groundwater quality results from VCA-MW5-BR, which suggests that the best location to collect vapor intrusion information was southeast of VCA-MW4-BR, the most contaminated well. Thus, a vapor intrusion investigation was performed in the New York Frame business on October 4, 2007.

# 3.2 Vapor Intrusion Study Methods

The New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) vapor intrusion guidance is applicable for this project. Based upon the groundwater potentiometric surface map and contaminant concentrations map that was generated as part of Task 2, the following samples were collected as part of the Sub-Slab Vapor/Indoor investigation:

- A sub-slab soil vapor sample within the site structure in the area of estimated highest groundwater contaminant concentrations;
- An indoor air sample at a height of approximately three feet above the building floor in proximity to the sub-slab sampling location; and
- An outdoor air sample from a representative upwind location, at a height of approximately four to six feet above ground (breathing zone).

The following provides details of the pre-sampling documentation as well as the sampling methods that were used to collect the referenced samples. Per NYSDEDC direction, vapor and air samples were collected for an eight hour period. Sampling locations are depicted on Photos 5, 6, and 7.

This information is included in Appendix G.

# 3.2.1 Task 1a. Pre-sampling Documentation

Prior to the start of, and during completion of the Soil Vapor Intrusion Investigation, general site conditions were documented such as:

- Use of volatile chemicals in on-site processes and/or building maintenance;
- Use of heating and cooling systems during sampling;
- Sample locations in relationship to floor layout, chemical storage areas, sumps, drains, parts washers, HVAC system air supply and return registers, and underground utilities;
- General site layout including adjacent streets, driveways, building footings and paved areas;
- Weather conditions (i.e., precipitation, indoor and outdoor temperature and barometric pressure);
- Air flow patterns within the building; and
- Surface spills, stains, odors and PID measurements of the ambient air.

# 3.2.2 Task 1b. Sub-Slab Vapor Sampling

The sub-slab vapor sampling point was installed at a location within the building where the potential for ambient air infiltration via floor penetrations is minimal and out of the way of general pedestrian and vehicle traffic. Thus, prior to installation of the sub-slab vapor probe, the building floor was inspected and any observed penetrations (cracks, floor drains, underground utility perforations, sumps, etc.) were noted and recorded.

The sub-slab vapor probe installation was drilled with an electric hammer drill and a 5/8" masonry bit. Once the floor slab was penetrated, Teflon tubing was installed through the building slab and did not extend more than two inches into the sub-slab material. A non-VOC emitting sealant (modeling clay) was used to seal around the vapor probe. The sub-slab sample was collected in the following manner:

- 1. After installation of the probe, one to three volumes (i.e., the volume of the sample probe and tubing) were purged to assure the sample collected was representative of sub-slab conditions.
- 2. Flow rates for both purging and collecting did not exceed 0.2 liters per minute to minimize outdoor air infiltrations during sampling.
- 3. The vapor was collected using a Summa Canister or "MiniCan" (certified clean by the laboratory) using a regulator.
- 4. The sampling interval was for a period of approximately eight hours.

# 3.2.3 Task 1c. Indoor Air Sample

The indoor air sample was collected as follows:

- 1. The sample collection rate was consistent with that of the sub-slab sampling.
- 2. Flow rates for both purging and sampling were the same as for the sub-slab sample (0.2 liters per minute).
- 3. The indoor air was collected using a Summa Canister or "Mini" Can (certified clean by the laboratory) using a regulator.
- 4. The sampling interval was for a period of approximately eight hours.

# 3.2.4 Task 1d. Outdoor Air Sample

The outdoor air sample was collected as follows:

- 1. The sample collection rate was consistent with that of the sub-slab sampling.
- 2. Flow rates for both purging and sampling were the same as for the sub-slab sample (0.2 liters per minute).
- 3. The outdoor air was collected using a Summa Canister or "Mini" Can (certified clean by the laboratory) using a regulator.
- 4. The sampling interval was for a period of approximately eight hours.

# 3.3 Task 1e. Laboratory Analysis of Sub-Slab Vapor and Air Samples

Vapor and air samples (three samples) were analyzed by Centek Laboratories in Syracuse, New York for VOCs by USEPA Method TO-15. The sub-slab sample was analyzed with a detection limit of 0.25 micrograms per cubic meter (ug/m³), and all results were reported in (ug/m³). Results were evaluated and compared to draft guidance.

#### 4.0 DATA USABILITY SUMMARY REPORT

This report presents the findings of the data quality assessment performed on the analyses of environmental groundwater and air samples collected for the Buffalo Business Park Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP), Buffalo, New York as part of the OU #2 investigation. Samples for the sampling program were collected on August 31 and October 4, 2007. The chemical data for samples collected were validated to identify potential data quality issues which could affect the use of the data for decision making purposes.

A total of five primary groundwater samples, one duplicate, and one trip blank for quality control (QC) purposes, were collected for chemical analysis during this sampling events. In addition, three air samples were collected also collected as part of this investigation. Severn Trent Laboratories (STL) of Buffalo, New York, (groundwater samples) and Centek Laboratories, LLC of Syracuse, New York (air samples) performed chemical analyses of the respective samples following United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) method guidelines:

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) following USEPA SW846<sup>1</sup> Method 8260B <u>Volatile</u> Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) (December, 1996).
- VOCs following USEPA Compendium Method TO-15<sup>2</sup> <u>Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Air Collected in Specially-Prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS).</u> (January 1999).

Information regarding the sample point identifications, analytical parameters, QC samples, sampling dates, and contract laboratory sample delivery group (SDG) designations are summarized in Table 4.

Data were validated following guidelines provided by USEPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) National Functional Guidelines (NFG) for Organic Data Review (October 1999)<sup>3</sup> and NYSDEC DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation<sup>4</sup>, where applicable to USEPA SW846 Method 8260B. In general, chemical results for the samples collected at the site were qualified on the basis of outlying precision or accuracy parameters, or on the basis of

Footnotes 1-4 on Pages 27 and 28.

professional judgment. The following definitions provide brief explanations of the qualifiers which may have been assigned to data during the data validation process.

- **J** Analyte is present; however, the reported value may not be accurate or precise.
- *UJ* The analyte was not detected above the method detection limit. The associated detection limit is considered estimated.
- The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected above the method detection limit.

In general, the data generated during the Buffalo Business Park VCP sampling event met the QC criteria established in the respective USEPA methodology and guidelines. The following bulleted items highlight qualifications to specific parameters based on the validation procedures.

Although these qualifications were applied to some of the samples collected, the qualifications may have not been required or applied to all samples collected at the site. Table 2 summarizes all qualifications applied to the data for each sample collected.

- The trip blank was analyzed with head space in the vial. The VOC compound methylene chloride was detected in the trip blank. Methylene chloride was qualified as estimated (J).
- Ethylbenzene, m,p-xylene, o-xylene, styrene, tetrachloroethene, toluene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, and 1,4-dichlorobenzene were qualified estimated (J) due to outlying laboratory internal standard recoveries.

Based on the data validation, the analytical data for samples collected as part of the Buffalo Business Park VCP were determined to be acceptable (including estimated data) for their intended use. In general, all data collected met acceptable levels of accuracy and precision, based on Laboratory Control Samples, Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate samples, field duplicate samples and laboratory surrogate recoveries. In addition, the data completeness goal (i.e. the ratio of the amount of valid data obtained to the amount expected, including estimated data) was 100 percent.

### 5.0 INVESTIGATION RESULTS

# 5.1 Groundwater Investigation

Depth to groundwater is somewhat variable, but ranges from 4.9 feet BGS at VCA-MW-5 BR, to 15.73 feet BGS at VCA-MW-6BR. The groundwater table is relatively flat with a low gradient across most of the site and flow from north to south (Figure 3). As groundwater approaches the southernmost portion of the site, groundwater flow direction turns toward the southeast. The groundwater is steeply inclined in the southeast corner of the site with very high gradients, likely in response to the sunken portion of Broadway Avenue, which is approximately 15 to 20 feet lower than the site along the southeastern corner of the site. The groundwater table map (Figure 3) indicates that that the topographically low area of Broadway Avenue underpass is likely acting as a groundwater sink. Thus, contaminated groundwater from OU#2 is not likely to reach residents across Broadway Avenue, since they are also topographically higher than Broadway Avenue, and are likely sidegradient of OU#2 groundwater contamination.

# 5.2 Groundwater Analytical Results

Groundwater sample results were compared to New York State Ambient Water Quality Standards/Guidance Values (TOGS 1.1.1.) and TAGM 3028 Groundwater Action Levels, and are presented in Table 3. Analytical results for the 5 groundwater samples (four wells plus one duplicate sample) indicated six organic parameters were noted as exceeding TOGS 1.1.1. and/or TAGM 3028 values in at least one sample.

1,2-dichloroethylene (total), tetrachloroethylene, and trichloroethylene were detected in samples VCA-MW5-BR and VCA-MW7-BR at concentrations in exceedance of both TOGS 1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 guidance values. 1,1-dichloroethylene and vinyl chloride were detected in sample VCA-MW5-BR at concentrations in exceedance of both TOGS 1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 guidance values. Lastly, methylene chloride was detected in sample VCA-MW7-BR at concentrations in exceedance of both TOGS 1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 guidance values.

Low-level detections (at values below TOGS1.1.1. and TAGM 3028 values) were found in the groundwater samples as follows: cyclohexane, ethylbenzene, methylcyclohexane, toluene and

xylene in sample VCA-MW5-BR; acetone, chloroform, cyclohexane, 1,2-dichloroethylene, and toluene in sample VCA-MW6-BR; and cyclohexane and methylcyclohexane in sample VCA-MW8-BR, and the associated duplicate sample.

# 5.3 Results of the Vapor Intrusion Study

Twenty-seven volatile VOCs were detected in the sub-slab sample, 23 VOCs were detected in the indoor air sample, and 15 VOCs were detected in the outdoor sample. At the present time, the NYSDOH vapor intrusion document provides for seven VOCs, as described on two matrices within the 2006 NYSDOH Guidance document (Appendix G). Matrix 1 provides guidance for trichloroethene (TCE), vinyl chloride, and carbon tetrachloride. Matrix 2 provides guidance for 1,1,1–trichloroethane, 1,1–dichloroethane, cis–1,2–dichloroethene, and tetrachloroethylene.

#### 5.3.1 Matrix 1 Results

There are three VOCs that are presently addressed by NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Matrix #1. Carbon tetrachloride and vinyl chloride were not detected in the sub-slab, indoor air, or outdoor air samples that were collected as part of the vapor intrusion study. Trichloroethene was detected as follows:

•	Sub-slab	42.00 ug/m3
•	Indoor Air	1.60 ug/m3
•	Outdoor air	0.87 ug/m3

These vapor intrusion results for trichloroethene collectively fall into category #7 on Matrix #1, which is, "Monitor". NYSDOH guidance indicates that monitoring is needed to determine whether existing building conditions (e.g., positive pressure heating, ventilation and airconditioning systems) are maintaining the desired mitigation endpoint and to determine whether changes are needed. The type and frequency of monitoring is determined on a site-specific basis and building-specific basis, taking into account applicable environmental data and building operating conditions. Monitoring is an interim measure required to evaluate exposures related to soil vapor intrusion until contaminated environmental media are remediated.

#### 5.3.2 Matrix 2 Results

There are four VOCs that are presently addressed by NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Matrix #2. 1,1,1-trichloroethane and 1,1-dichloroethane were not detected in the sub-slab, indoor air, or outdoor air samples that were collected as part of the vapor intrusion study. Cis-1,1-dichloroethene was detected in the sub-slab sample, but was not detected in the indoor air or outdoor air samples. Tetrachloroethylene was detected in both the sub-slab and indoor air samples.

These vapor intrusion results for both cis-1,1-dichloroethene and tetrachloroethylene fall into category #2 on matrix #2, which is, "Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures".



# 6.0 QUALITATIVE EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT

# 6.1 Soils Exposure

In April of 2006, contaminated soils at Buffalo Business Park were excavated and removed from the site as part of remedial activities associated with OU#1. The contaminated soils were excavated, and the side walls of the excavation were sampled. Sample results indicated that the contaminated soils had been removed. The excavation was subsequently backfilled with clean fill, so there should be no potential exposure concerns associated with soils at OU#1.

### 6.2 Groundwater

Depth to groundwater at its shallowest point is approximately six feet BGS (at MW 5) with an average depth of approximately 8.1 feet BGS across the site (Table 2). Groundwater flow direction is to the southeast toward Broadway Avenue (Figure 3).

Groundwater in this area is not used as a water supply since the City of Buffalo is the source of drinking water. Thus, the potential for the consumption of groundwater in this area is unlikely.

The groundwater table is relatively flat across most of the site. As groundwater approaches the southern property boundary of the site, the groundwater surface is steeply inclined to the southeast, likely in response to sunken portion of Broadway Avenue, which is 15 to 20 feet lower than the site along the southeastern corner of the site. The groundwater potentiometric surface map (Figure 3) indicates that the topographically low area of Broadway Avenue underpass is likely acting as a groundwater sink. In addition, a major underground utility corridor is present along the southern property boundary along the northern side of Broadway Avenue. Because of the topographic low created by the Broadway Avenue underpass, and the bedding associated with the underground utilities corridor, it is unlikely that contaminated groundwater from OU#2 will reach residents across Broadway Avenue, since they are also topographically higher than Broadway Avenue, are sidegradient of OU#2 groundwater contamination, as well as the fact that groundwater is most likely intercepted by bedding associated with the underground utilities corridor. Based on this information, groundwater contamination associated with OU #2 will

likely only impact the westernmost portion of the southernmost building located within the Buffalo Business Park directly south of monitoring well VCA-MW4-BR.

Collectively the groundwater data indicates that the potential for exposure to contaminated groundwater north, west and south of OU#1 and OU#2 is unlikely. In addition, the likelihood of exposure to contaminated groundwater to the east of the site is unlikely, since the underpass area of Broadway Avenue appears to act as a groundwater sink. The downgradient boundaries of the groundwater contaminant plume have not been identified; however, there is potential for exposure for municipal workers when working on buried utilities within the underground utilities corridor that is present along the southern property boundary just north of Broadway Avenue.

# 6.3 Vapor Intrusion

Based on the results of the vapor intrusion study conducted as part of the OU#2 investigation, there is some evidence that within the westernmost section of the south site building there is potential for exposure to trichloroethene (TCE) through the inhalation of this VOC via the vapor intrusion pathway. This potential exposure is thought to be geographically very limited, since there was no TCE detected in groundwater at newly installed monitoring well VCA-MW6-BR.

### 7.0 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

### 7.1 Conclusions

Investigation and remedial activities at the Buffalo Business Park have been completed in accordance with NYSDEC approved work plans for both OU#1 and OU#2. As part of this work, the following has been conclusions are made:

- Investigative activities associated with OU#2 have been completed in accordance with the NYSDEC approved Investigative Work Plan;
- The source of contamination on site (contaminated soils at OU #1) has been removed;
- Groundwater contamination downgradient of OU#1 has been determined to be very localized, and was not found in the easternmost groundwater monitoring well that was installed (VCA-MW6-BR);
- Historic groundwater contamination at VCA-MW4-BR is likely from OU#1, the source of which has since been removed;
- The source of the groundwater contamination at VCA-MW5-BR may be from OU#1; however, hydrogeologic information provided from the groundwater potentiometric surface map (Figure 3) indicates that VCA-MW5-BR is likely sidegradient to OU#1;
- Groundwater contamination detected at VCA-MW7-BR is unlikely to be from OU#1, since this groundwater monitoring well is appears to be sidegradient of OU#1;
- The groundwater potentiometric surface map (Figure 3) indicates that the topographically low area of Broadway Avenue underpass is likely acting as a groundwater sink;
- It is unlikely that contaminated groundwater from OU#2 will reach residents across Broadway Avenue because of the topographic low created by the Broadway Avenue underpass;
- While the downgradient edge of the groundwater contaminant plume has not been delineated, there is a potential for exposure to contaminated groundwater when work is performed on underground utilities along the underground utilities corridor just north of Broadway Avenue;
- Exposure associated with work on underground utilities is typically of a short duration and would be regulated under applicable OSHA regulations;
- The results of the vapor intrusion study indicate that there is potential for exposure to TCE from the migration of soil vapors into the westernmost section of the southern site building; and

• This potential exposure is thought to be geographically very limited, since there was no TCE detected in groundwater at newly installed monitoring well VCA-MW6-BR, located approximately 50 feet east of the sub slab vapor sampling point.

### 7.2 Recommendations

No additional soil or groundwater investigation activities are recommended at this time.

However, Golder does recommend that additional vapor intrusion work is completed during the winter to ascertain the nature and extent of potential impacts to the south site building from TCE in soil gas. Another vapor intrusion sampling event is recommended during the winter heating months consisting of the following:

- One soil vapor sample at the previous location inside of New York Frame;
- One soil vapor sample near VCA-MW6-BR;
- One soil vapor sample within the adjoining business;
- Indoor ambient air samples at New York Frame and the adjoining business; and
- One outdoor air sample for background purposes.

# 8.0 CLOSURE

This document provides an overview of the field activities and analytical results of the OU#2 groundwater investigation and associated vapor intrusion study. Please contact the undersigned if you have questions or need additional information.

### GOLDER ASSOCIATES INC.

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  1800 Broadway and West Adjacent Commercial Property, 1770 Broadway; Buffalo new
  York; April 2005

#### DATA USABILITY SUMMARY REPORT REFERENCES

- <sup>1</sup> USEPA, 1996, Test methods for evaluating solid waste, physical/chemical methods (SW-846): 3rd edition, Environmental Protection Agency, National Center for Environmental Publications, Cincinnati, Ohio, accessed at URL <a href="http://www.epa.gov/epaoswer/hazwaste/test/sw846.htm">http://www.epa.gov/epaoswer/hazwaste/test/sw846.htm</a>.
- <sup>2</sup> USEPA, January 1999, Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air (TO-15):2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Environmental Protection Agency, National Center for Environmental Publications, Cincinnati, Ohio, accessed at URL <a href="http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/files/ambient/airtox/to-15r.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/files/ambient/airtox/to-15r.pdf</a>
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**NOVEMBER 2007** 

# DRAFT TABLE 1 063-9477 MONITORING WELL LOCATION AND ELEVATION SURVEY

# BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK, 1700 BROADWAY BUFFALO, NEW YORK

WELL NUMBER	NORTH COORDINATE	EAST COORDINATE	GROUND ELEV.	TOP OF CASING ELEV.	TOP OF RISER ELEV.	RISER SIZE
MW1	1056088.4	1088090.7	98.9	98.93	98.57	5" STEEL
MW2	1056103.7	1087873.3	99.5	99.51	99.16	5" STEEL
MW3	1056031.5	1087884.1	98.5	98.59	98.08	5" STEEL
MW4	1055985.2	1087914.9	98.1	98.17	97.84	5" STEEL
MW5	1055924.8	1087863.1	97.1	97.11	96.53	2" PVC
MW6	1055978.3	1088137.5	98.0	97.97	97.68	2" PVC
MW7	1056043.0	1087797.6	98.0	98.04	97.45	2" PVC
MW8	1056167.7	1087808.4	100.2	100.28	99.98	2" PVC

#### CONTROL TIE IN:

NW. BLDG. COR. 1055964.7 1087919.7 SW. BLDG. COR. 1056141.6 1087888.8 FIRE HYDRANT 1056010.4 1087874.2 (ELEVATION OF EAST BOLT ASSUMED 100.00')

HORIZONTAL CONTROL REFERENCE: NAD 83, U.S. SURVEY FEET, SUB-METER ACCURACY

VERTICAL CONTROL REFERENCE: ASSUMED

Survey performed bt Wendel Duchscherer on September 13, 2007

063-9477

# TABLE 2 GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK, 1700 BROADWAY BUFFALO, NEW YORK

DRAFT

WELL #	GROUND ELEV.	TOP OF CASING ELEV.	TOP OF RISER ELEV.	RISER SIZE	WATER LEVEL	WATER ELEVATION
MW1	98.89	98.93	98.57	5" Steel	7.4	91.49
MW2	99.49	99.51	99.16	5" Steel	7.56	91.93
MW3	98.54	98.59	98.08	5" Steel	7.08	91.46
MW4	98.10	98.17	97.84	5" Steel	6.73	91.37
MW5	97.12	97.11	96.53	2" PVC	5.81	91.31
MW6	98.00	97.97	97.68	2" PVC	15.73	82.27
MW7	97.98	98.04	97.45	2" PVC	6.36	91.62
MW8	100.24	100.28	99.98	2" PVC	8.63	91.61

Water Levels collected by Golder Associates, Inc. personnel on September 13, 2007.

**CONTROL TIE-IN:** 

NW. BLDG. CORNER. SW. BLDG. CORNER.

FIRE HYDRANT (ELEVATION OF EAST BOLT ASSUMED 100.00')

**VERTICAL CONTROL REFERENCE: ASSUMED AT 100.0 FEET** 

#### TABLE 3 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK VCP / OU#2 BUFFALO, NEW YORK

Well ID	NYS Ambient	Groundwater	VCA-MW5-BR	VCA-MW6-BR	VCA-MW7-BR	VCA-MW8-BR	VCA-MW8-BR
Lab ID Sample Date	Water Quality Standards/ Guidance Values (TOGS 1.1.1.) (June 1998)	Action Level TAGM 3028 (August 26, 1997)	A7983601 8/31/07	A7983604 8/31/07	A7983602 8/31/07	A7983603 8/31/07	(duplicate) A7983605 8/31/07
Volatiles (mg/L)							
Acetone	0.05	0.05		0.007			
Acetonitrile	NV	0.05					
Benzene	0.001	0.0007					
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.05	0.05					
Bromodichloromethane	0.05	0.05					
Carbon Disulfide	NV	0.005					
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.05	0.05					
Chlorobenzene	0.005	0.005					
Chloroethane	0.005	0.005					
Chloroform	0.007	0.007		0.0021			
Cyclohexane	† †	†	0.00056 J	0.00072 J		0.0018	0.0016
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.005	0.005					
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.0006	0.005					
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0007	0.005	0.012				
1,2-Dichloroethylene, Total	0.005	0.005	1.664	0.0019	0.021		
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.001	0.005					
Ethanol	NV	NV					
Ethylbenzene	0.005	0.005	0.00075 J				
Ethyl Ether	NV	0.05					
Ethylene Glycol	0.05	0.05					
Hexane	NV	0.05					
2-hexanone	0.05	0.05					
Isopropyl Alcohol	NV	NV					
Isopropyl Ether	NV	NV					
Methanol	NV	0.05					
Methyl Acetate	NV	NV					
Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)	0.005	0.005			0.011		
Methylcyclohexane	†	†	0.00061 J			0.0014	0.0013
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	Νν	0.05					
2-Methyl-1,3-dioxolane	0.05	0.05					
N-Butyl Alcohol	NV	0.05					
Tetrachloroethylene	0.005	0.005	18		1.3		
Tetrahydrofuran	0.05	0.05					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.001	0.005					
Toluene (Methylbenzene)	0.005	0.005	0.0018	0.00065 J			
Trichloroethylene	0.005	0.005	3.2	•	0.026		
Vinyl Chloride	0.0003	0.002	0.052				
Xylene, Total	0.005	0.005	0.00097 J				
TOTAL VOCs			22.93269	0.01237	1.358	0.0032	0.0029

#### Notes:

# GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK VCP / OU#2 BUFFALO, NEW YORK

Well ID	NYS Ambient	Groundwater	MW-1 BR	MW-2 BR	MW-3 BR	MW-4 BR	MW-4 BR
Lab ID Sample Date	Water Quality Standards/ Guidance Values (TOGS 1.1.1.) (June 1998)	Action Level TAGM 3028 (August 26, 1997)	A6176404 2/15/06	A6176403 2/15/06	A6176402 2/15/06	A6176401 2/15/06	(duplicate) A6176401FD 2/15/06
Volatiles (mg/L)							
Acetone	0.05	0.05					
Acetonitrile	NV	0.05					
Benzene	0.001	0.0007					
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.05	0.05					
Bromodichloromethane	0.05	0.05					
Carbon Disulfide	NV	0.005					
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.05	0.05					
Chlorobenzene	0.005	0.005					
Chloroethane	0.005	0.005					
Chloroform	0.007	0.007					
Cyclohexane	†	†		0.33			
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.005	0.005					
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.0006	0.005					
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0007	0.005					
1,2-Dichloroethylene, Total	0.005	0.005			0.28 J	1.44	1.43
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.001	0.005					
Ethanol	NV	NV					
Ethylbenzene	0.005	0.005					
Ethyl Ether	NV	0.05					
Ethylene Glycol	0.05	0.05					
Hexane	NV	0.05					
2-hexanone	0.05	0.05					
Isopropyl Alcohol	NV	NV					
Isopropyl Ether	NV	NV					
Methanol	NV	0.05					
Methyl Acetate	NV	NV					
Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)	0.005	0.005					
Methylcyclohexane	t	†		<b>0.11</b> J			
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ŇV	0.05					
2-Methyl-1,3-dioxolane	0.05	0.05					
N-Butyl Alcohol	NV	0.05					
Tetrachloroethylene	0.005	0.005	0.1	2.6	8.6	30	32
Tetrahydrofuran	0.05	0.05					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.001	0.005					
Toluene (Methylbenzene)	0.005	0.005	<b>0.006</b> J				
Trichloroethylene	0.005	0.005	0.005 J	<b>0.03</b> J	0.96	3.8	3.6
Vinyl Chloride	0.0003	0.002	• • • • •			<b>0.18</b> J	<b>0.17</b> J
Xylene, Total	0.005	0.005					
TOTAL VOCs	<u> </u>		0.111	3.07	9.84	35.42	37.2

#### Notes:

#### TABLE 4

#### SOIL VAPOR ANALYTICAL RESULTS AIR TOXIC TO15 COMPOUNDS BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK VCP/OU #2 SOIL VAPOR INTRUSION STUDY **BUFFALO, NEW YORK**

Official Name	Sub-Slab	Indoor Air	Outdoor Air
Sample Date	10/4/07	10/4/07	10/4/07
Sample ID	003A	001A	002A
	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)
Air Toxic TO15 (ug/m3)			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.98 J	0.92 J	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.91	ND	ND
1,2,4 - Trimethylbenzene	4.20 J	7.90 J	2.00 J
1,3,5 - Trimethylbenzene	2.40 J	4.30 J	1.10 J
2,2,4 - Trimethylpentane	2.8	7.90	ND
4 - Ethyltoluene	1.0	1.7	ND
Acetone	110	76	22.00
Benzene	4.9 J	7.8 J	0.88
Bromomethane	1.8	ND	ND
Carbon Disulfide	1.4	0.82	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform	0.60	ND	ND
Cyclohexane	8.10	4.50	0.42 J
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6.9	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	7.20 J	7.90 J	0.62 J
Freon 11	1.80	2.10	1.30
Freon 12	5.80	3.20	2.30
Heptane	9.20	7.00	ND
Hexane	16.00	6.80	ND
Isopropyl Alcohol	69.00	87.00	ND
m&p-Xylene	14.00 J	13.00 J	1.80 J
Methylene Chloride	5.20	0.74	0.60
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	21.00	5.20	4.20
o - Xylene	3.80 J	6.10 J	0.62 J
Styrene	5.60 J	3.20 J	0.52 J
Tetrachloroethylene	4.2 J	1.00 J	ND
Toluene	32.00 J	24.00 J	4.50 J
Trichloroethene	42.00 †	1.60	0.87
Vinyl Chloride	ND	ND	ND
Total VOC	263.69	195.18	43.73

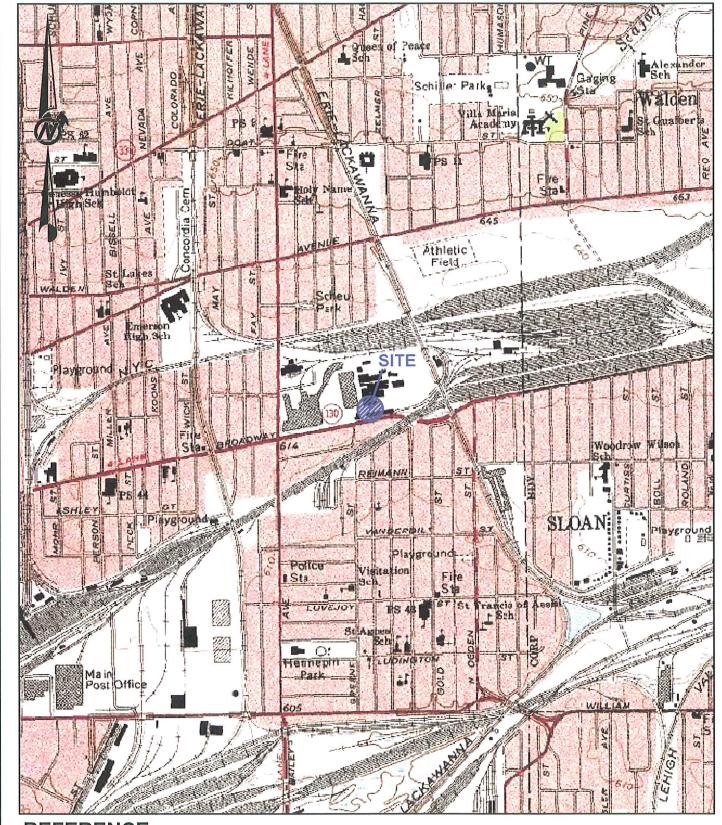
ppb/v=Parts per billion per volume ppt/v=Parts per trillion per volume ug/m3=Micrograms per cubic meter

Matrix 1 Compounds

Matrix 2 Compounds

ND = Not Detected

† = Compound is in exceedance of the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Guidance Value of 5.00 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.



### REFERENCE

1.) DRAWING WAS ADAPTED FROM THE USGS TOPOGRAPHIC QUADRANGLE OF BUFFALO NE, NEW YORK, DATED 1965, OBTAINED FROM www.topozone.com.

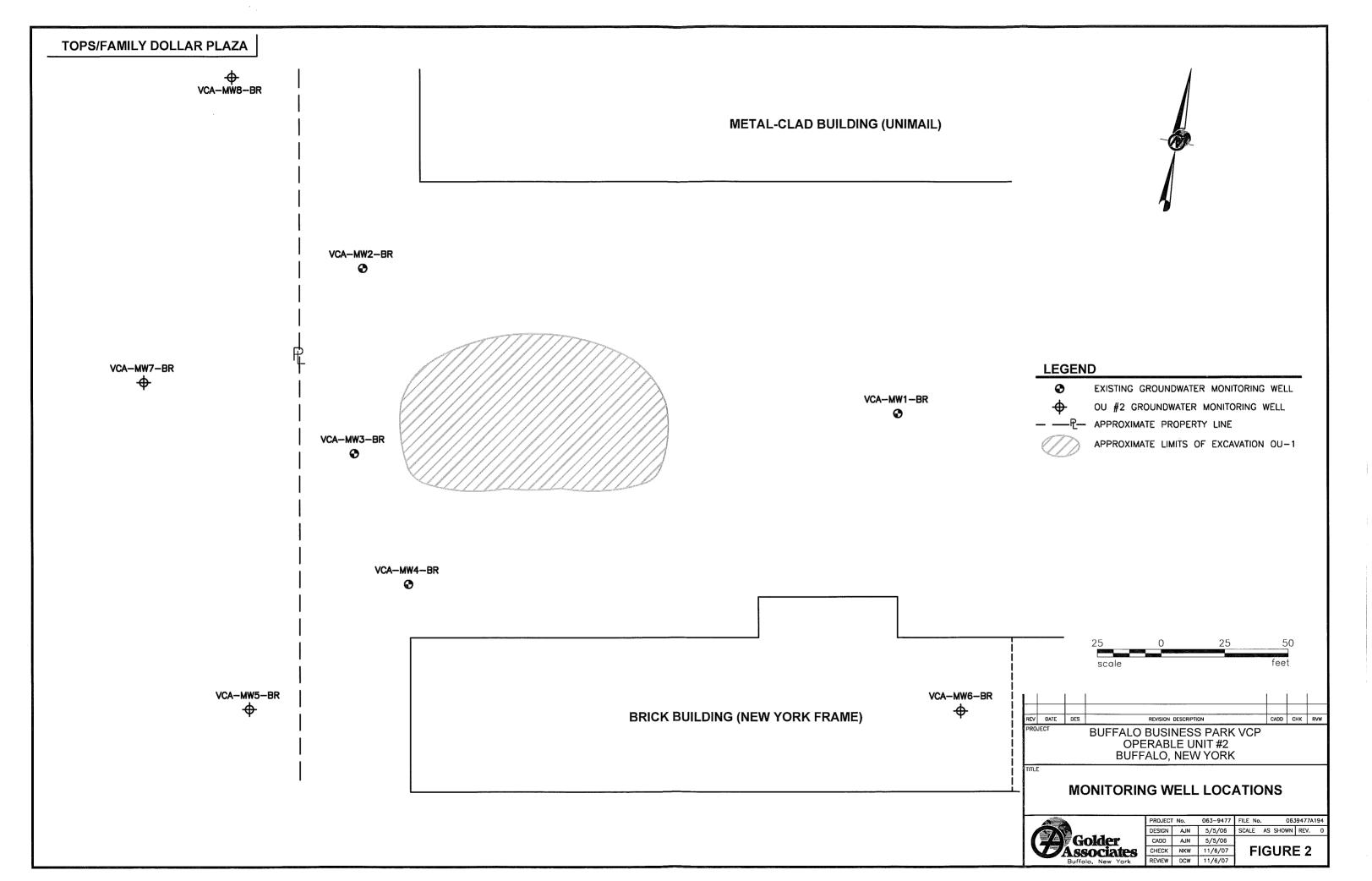


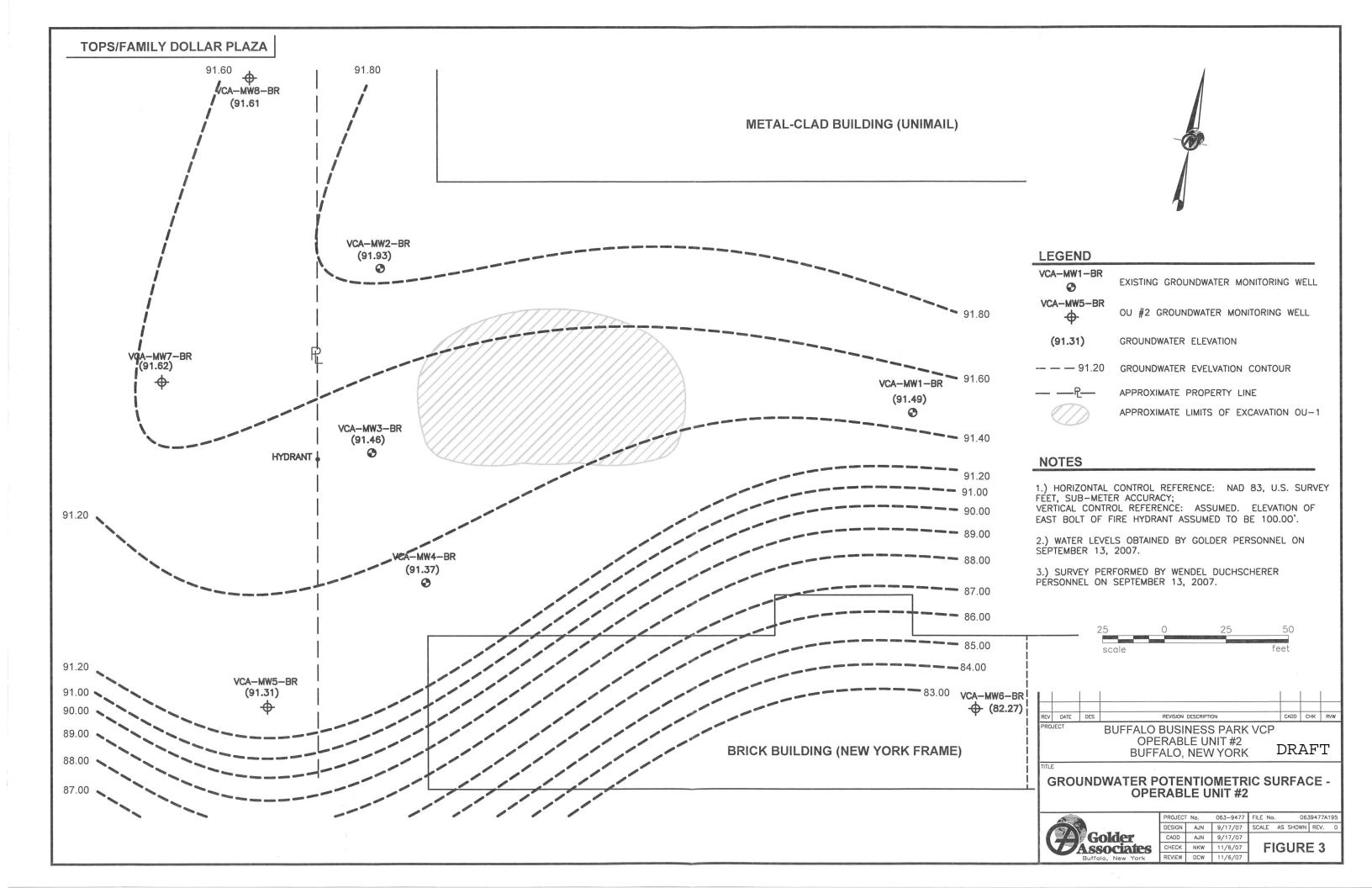
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Coldon			DATE	7/5/06	
gencial	hes		DESIGN	AJN	
iffalo, New Y	ork		CADD	AJN	
063947	CHECK				
063-9477	REVIEW		l E		
	SSOCIAI offalo, New Y		ssociates offolo, New York 0639477A100	Golder DESIGN SSOCIATES OFFICION New York  0639477A100  CHECK	DATE   7/5/06

## SITE LOCATION MAP

**BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK / VCP** 

FIGURE







#### LEGEND

SOIL VAPOR INVESTIGATION SAMPLE LOCATION

OU #2 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL -P- APPROXIMATE PROPERTY LINE



APPROXIMATE LIMITS OF EXCAVATION OU-1

→ VCA-MW5-BR

→ VCA−MW4−BR

INDOOR AIR

OUTDOOR AIR

SUBSLAB AIR

**BRICK BUILDING (NEW YORK FRAME)** 

REV DATE DES CADD CHK RVW REVISION DESCRIPTION

BUFFALO BUSINESS PARK VCP OPERABLE UNIT #2 BUFFALO, NEW YORK

DRAFT

**SOIL VAPOR INTRUSION INVESTIGATION** SAMPLE LOCATIONS

	PR
	DES
Golder Golder	CA
<b>V</b> Associates	CH
Buffalo, New York	RE

PROJECT	Γ No.	063-9477	FILE No.	06	39477A	196
DESIGN	AJN	10/5/07	SCALE A	S SHOWN	REV.	0
CADD	NLA	10/5/07				
CHECK			FIG	SURI	<b>Ξ</b> 4	
REVIEW			1			

November 2007



Photograph 1: Location of groundwater monitoring well VCA-MW5-BR.

November 2007



Photograph 2: Location of groundwater monitoring VCA-MW6-BR inside of New York Frame. (center of photograph).



Photograph 3: Location of groundwater monitoring well VCA-MW7-BR (center of photograph).

November 2007



Photograph 4: Location of groundwater monitoring VCA-MW8-BR in front of the Dollar Store.



Photograph 5: Outside air monitoring point for the vapor intrusion study. Cannister on mail box in center of photograph.



Photograph 6. Location of indoor air monitoring point on flat file cabinet in center of photograph.



Photograph 7. Location of sub-slab vapor monitoring point in store room. Cannister is on the floor in the center of the photograph.

## APPENDIX A

Field Boring Logs

			062	1	F	IEL	LD BOF	RING	LO	3
DEPT	'H HOLE 13'	_JOB NO			7_ Pi	ROJ	ECT_Buffo	lo Bus	iness l	Park VCP/OU #2 Invest./NY BORING NO.VC.A.MWF
DEPT	H SOIL DRILL 13'	_GA INS						_	-1/4"	ID Hollow Stem Augers SHEET 1 of 1 vices, Inc. SURFACE EL 47.1
DEPT	TH ROCK CORE 25' DIST. N/A US. N/A	_ WEATHE					ING CO RIG_ <u>C.M.I</u>	****		30111700 00.
1	H W. 44.0'				UI	T S	SAMPLER H	AMME	R 140.	DRILLER 8. BEOWN DATUM  LB. DROP 30" STARTED 8/23 - 94 5
1	WL. 1020						CASING HA			DROP_N/A COMPLETED \$\23\frac{101}{101}
			-							
	MPLE TYPES						ONS			SOIL DESCRIPTION - RANGE OF PROPORTION  "TRACE" - 0-5%
A.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S	AUGER SAMPLE CRUME OF SAMPLE DENISON SAMPLE PITCHER SAMPLE PITCHER SAMPLE ROCK CORE SLOTTED TUBE THIN-WALLED, DPEN THIN-WALLED, LISTON WASH SAMPLE	BL BLA BR BRC CA CAS CL CLA CLY CLA F FINI FRAG FRA GL GRA LYO LAY LI	CK OWN ARSE	M MIC MOT NP OG	WIC	DACEO	OUS ASTIC	SAT SD SIY SM TR WL	SAMPLE SATURAT SAND	
P.S. R.C.	PITCHER SAMPLE ROCK CORE ROCK TORE	CL CLA	REE SING LY LYEY GMENTS		OR OR	ANGE GANIC	RE-HYDRAULIC RE-MANUAL	SIY SM FM	SILTY	CONSISTENCY  EVEL LS LOGGE S SOFT OF HANNER CP LOGGE S STIFF OF RODS UN DENSE ST STIFF HANDER CP ST STIFF
T.O. T.P. W.S.	THIN-WALLED, OPEN THIN-WALLED, PISTON WASH SAMPIF	FRAG FRA	GMENTS VEL ERED LE	PH PM R RES RX	PR RE	ESSUP D SIDUA CK	RE-MANUAL	WL WH	WATER L WEIGHT I	EVEL LS LOOSE S SOFT OF HAMMER CP COMPACT FM FIRM OF RODS ON DENSE ST STIFF V V VRY H HARD
		DT 011	TE-	RX	RO	CK		WR Y	YELLOW	ÖF ROOS ST STIFF V VERY H HARD
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION		BLOWS/ FT.		NO.	TYPE	SAMPLES HAMM, BLOWS PER 6 IN. (FORCE)	RĘC/AT	DEPTH PID	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION AND BORING NOTES
Ė				:	1		10.15.	14		41" HED SILT SOME F. C. SAND + GRAVE! SOME CRAU
Ė			51.	=	51		360-260	7	0.0	to white stational drafts monst
Ė	•		l	=	1			24		wight ador (ML)
2			***********		ļ					3' slag at bottom
Εl				=	1					107 (1) (2)
F			•	=			۲		_	NOT SAMPLED
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E				=	1	ĺ	l			
<u>-</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				ļ			*****		
ĖΙ				:			11-7.	18,		Stir bro silty CLAY: IT to little f sand
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F. I				] =				24		
Ē l			***	=		3.00°.4°				
E <sub>8</sub>				] =					_	
Ē				=						NOT SAMPLED
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Εl				-						
-10	and the second section of the second			=						soft bro claudal SILT to silter CLAY some f
FΙ				-	c - 2		7.9.	12	0.0-	sand tr. to some f-c arrivel moist
F					53		15 24	24	_	(CL-ML)
12										
<u> </u>				]						NOT SAMPLED.
<u>-</u>	auget refusal	12'1000								in contract.
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22				=					-	
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FΙ				目					- 7	·
E										

Golder Associates

#### FIELD BORING LOG

DEPTH HOLE 45 つ JOB NO. 053-9477 PROJECT Buffalo Business Park VCP/OU #2 Invest./N	Y BORING NO.VCA-MWG-BR
DEPTH SOIL DRILL 45.5 GA INSP. AJN DRILLING METHOD 4-1/4" ID Hollow Stem Augers	SHEET1 of 1
DEPTH ROCK CORE 23.5 WEATHER N/A DRILLING CO. SJB Services, Inc.	SURFACE EL. 여왕, O
NO. DIST. N/A US. N/A TEMP. N/A DRILL RIG CME 45 DRILLER & STOWN	
DEPTH WL. 15-5- HRS. PROD. N/A WT. SAMPLER HAMMER 140_LB. DROP 30"	STARTED_8 28 1320
TIME WL. 1100 HRS. DELAYED N/A WT. CASING HAMMER N/A DROP N/A	COMPLETED <u>\$124_1600</u>

SAMPLE TYPES	ABBREVIATIONS	SOIL DESCRIPTION - RANGE OF PROPORTION
A.S. AUGER SAMPLE C.S. CHUNK SAMPLE C.S. CHUNK SAMPLE C.S. DEMISON SAMPLE P.S. PITCHER SAMPLE R.C. ROCK CORE S.T. SLOTTED TUBE T.O. THIN—WALLED, PENTON W.S. WASH SAMPLE	BL	SA SAMPLE "TRACE" - 0-5% SAT SATURATED SOME" - 12-30% SD SAMD "AND" - 30-50% SI SILTY SM SOME CONSISTENCY TR TRACE LEVEL LS LOSE S SOFT WH WAIER LEVEL LS LOSE S SOFT WR WEIGHT OF ROOS DN DENSE ST STIFF Y YELLOW VERY H HARD

	и ит		RX		ж			YELLOW	
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	BLOWS/ FT.		ND.	TYPE	SAMPLES HAMM. BLOWS PER 6 IN. (FORCE)	REC/AT1	DEPTH Olg	
									CORED concrete floor
- 1			3			- 4 4 4 4			to silt ary (SP)
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4									
- 4			∃						AND
			=		i	0 1	9/24		compact it has to bro. SILT : f SAND some
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			E			3.6	24		
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:			E						
•			$\blacksquare$						NOT SAMPLED
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	,s		3						
-			╡					-	
:	, v		- 1						
10									dense brown gray SILT little f sand tricked
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		·	3	i			12		
- 12		,				Season - Carl Carl Carl			
•			7						
-			E						
•			- 1						
14			3						NOT SAMPLED
- 14			E						
			4						
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	auger refusal @ 19.5' 695		-3						
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:			4						

#### FIFLD BORING LOG

			FIELD BOK	ING	LUG			
DEPTH HOLE 14.0  DEPTH SOIL DRILL 14.0  DEPTH ROCK CORE 29.0  NO. DIST. N/A US. N/A  DEPTH WL. N/A  TIME WL. N/A	_GA INSP _WEATHER_ _TEMP^ _HRS. PROI	AJN N/A N/A	DRILLING METHO DRILLING CO _DRILL RIGCALE WT. SAMPLER HA	DS : 85- AMME	I-1/4" ID Hollow  JB Services, Inc.  DRIL  R 140_LB. DRO	LER R. Brown	_SHEET1 of 1 _SURFACE EL. <u>日本・〇</u> _DATUM _STARTED <u>×12++</u> 1235	<u></u>
SAMPLE TYPES		ABB	REVIATIONS		SOIL		ANGE OF PROPORTION	N
A.S. AUGER SAMPLE C.S. CHUNK SAMPLE D.D. DRIVE OPEN MAPLE D.S. PRICHES SAMPLE R.C. ROCK CORE S.T. SLOTTED TUBE T.O. THIN-WALLED, PISTON W.S. WASH SAMPLE	BL BLACK BR BROWN C COARSE CA CASING CL CLAY CLY CLAYEY FRAG FRAGME GL GRAVEL LYD LAYERE LYD LAYERE	R	MEDIUM MICACEOUS MICACEOUS DE D	SAT SAT SIY SIY SIR WH WH WH WR Y	SAMPLE SATURATED SATURATED SALT SILT SILTY SOME TRACE WATER LEVEL WEIGHT OF HAMMER WEIGHT OF ROOS YELLOW	TRACE - LITTLE - SOME SOME SOME SOME SOME - SOME		·

	и ит		RX	RO	-		Y	YELLOW	V VERY H HAND
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	BLOWS/ FT.		NO.	TYPE	SAMPLES HAMM, BLOWS PER 6 IN. (FORCE)	REC/AT	DEPTH PIO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION AND BORING NOTES
-2		33	1111111111	1		6.16.	16/18	o.o <del>-</del>	6" asonalt/road base lose brn-aray bobrn. Fir sand and GRAVET Little silt alimoist (3P)
- 2			111111111					-	NOT SAMPLED
-6		12		2.		4-4-	17	o.O <b>.</b>	stiff brown claye, ISILT little francist
		12		7		8-10	2+		Frackures (ML)
-8			1111111					_	SHIF WOULD CLAYEY SILT FO SILTY CLAY
- 12		20	11111111	3		6·8· 12·13	24/24		uellow-orange mottling to to little I m and to f atavel moset (CL-ML)
- <del>'14</del>	auger refusal@1+0'		1						NOT SAMPLED.
- 16	mager regulate pro		111111111					-	
- 18								-	
- 20								-	
- 20 - 22								-	G
-			-						

Golder Associates

#### FIELD BORING LOG

DEPTH HOLE 17.5  DEPTH SOIL DRILL 17.5  DEPTH ROCK CORE 32.5  NO. DIST. N/A US. N/A  DEPTH WL. N/A	GA INSP. <u>AJN</u> DRILLIN WEATHER N/A DRILLIN TEMP. <u>N/A</u> DRILL I	IG METHOD 4-1/4" ID IG CO. SJB Service RIG CME- SF	Hollow Stem Augers es, Inc. DRILLER_ R. らっいつ	SHEET 1 of 1  SURFACE EL. 100.2  DATUM
TIME WL. N/A  SAMPLE TYPES	.HRS. PROD. N/A WT. SA .HRS. DELAYED N/A WT. CA ABBREVIATION	SING HAMMER N/A	B. DROP 30 DROP N/A SOIL DESCRIPTION - RA	_COMPLETED <u>*/2-4-133</u> 0

SAMPLE TYPES	ABBREVIATIONS	SOIL DESCRIPTION - RANGE OF PROPORTION
A.S. AUGER SAMPLE C.S. CHUNK SAMPLE D.O. DRIVE OPEN D.S. DENISON SAMPLE P.S. PITCHER SAMPLE R.C. ROCK CORE S.T. SIOTTED TUBE T.P. THIN-WALLED, PISTON W.S. WASH SAMPLE	BL BLACK M MEDIUM BR BROWN MIC MICACEOUS C COARSE MOT MOTHED CA CASING NP NON-PLASTIC CL CLAYEY OG GRANDE CLY CLAYEY ORG ORGANIC FRAG FRAGMENTS M PEDJURE-MANUAL CRAVEL R RED LYD LAYEED RES RESIDUAL LYD LAYEED RX ROCK	SAMPLE   "ITRACE" - 0 - 5%     SATURATED   SOME" - 12 - 30%     SATURATED   SOME" - 12 - 30%     SI

ELEV.		BLOWS/				SAMPLES			CALLED S DESCRIPTION AND DODING MOTEO
DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	FT.	, I	10. T	YPE	AMM, BLOWS PER 6 IN. (FORCE)	REC/ATT	DEPTH-	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION AND BORING NOTES
2-4		51		1		- 25 - 26.16	10, 18	0 £	1000E brown and gray mattled a SAND and for GRAVEL, little for sand dry (SP) ASPHALT/ROAD BASE
						12 - (0 -			NOT SAMPLED
-8		12		2		12-6- 6-4	10/24	0.0	MOT SAMPLED
·12 · 14		14		3		9-6· 8-9	22/24	0.0	Stiff brown to brown-Arall mother wellow CLAYET SILT tr.f. gravel tr.f. and some Arall May infilling of trachires, moist. (CL-ML) becomes wet P~12' bas  NOT SAMPLED
16		10	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	<del>{</del>		6·3· 7.10	20 2+		enopact brown oral SILTS (.SAND little faravel tr closs moist '(SM)  e16+ 2" thick a SAND; GRAVEL 10.105  met to satisfated
· 18 · 20 · 22	REFUSALC 17.5' LGS					, and	100	-	

Golder Associates

## APPENDIX B

**Air Monitoring Logs** 

#### AIR MONITORING DURING DRILLING

JOB NUMBE	R <u>063-9477</u> TUSED AND ID NUMBE	PACK VCP/OU#2	BORING NUMBER VCA MULT BR  AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 78° F  WIND SPEED 10 mph  WIND DIRECTION MATE
DATE	ON NUMBER <u>06-021:</u> Time	DEPTH OF AUGERS	INSTRUMENT READING
	11114	Nodelio	
×/23	0950	3.5'	0.0 ppm.
<ul><li>23</li><li>8/23</li><li>8/23</li></ul>	1000	€.0′	0.0 ppm
8/23	1010	12.0	0.0 ppm.
•.			
		·	
<del></del>			
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	*•		

#### AIR MONITORING DURING DRILLING

JOB NUMBE	R 063-9-177	PATH VCP/OU#2  ER ION Scrence PhoChe	BORING NUMBER VCA-MW6-BR  AMBIENT, TEMPERATURE & PF  WIND SPEED 0000
	ON NUMBER 06-021		WIND DIRECTION CODE
DATE	TIME	DEPTH OF AUGERS	INSTRUMENT READING
8/28	1345	20'	0.0ppm
8/28	1410	2.0°	0.0 ppm.
8/28	1+20	9.0'	0.0 ppm
8/28	1430	12.0	0.0 ppm
8/28	1455	15.5	0.0 ppm
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	·		
<i>y</i> .		·	
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			-

### AIR MONITORING DURING DRILLING

JOB NUMBER	R 063-9477	Park VCP/OU#2 RION Science Phoche 24	BORING NUMBER <u>VCA-MM17 RR</u> AMBIENT TEMPERATURE <u>85</u> *  WIND SPEED 20  WIND DIRECTION <u>M → E</u>	
DATE	TIME	DEPTH OF AUGERS	1	INSTRUMENT READING
8/24	1240	3'		0.0ppm
8/24	1250	6		0.0ppm
8/24	1300	9.5'		0.0 ppm
8/24	1310	140'		0.0 ppm:
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### AIR MONITORING DURING DRILLING

JOB NUMBE	BUHRAIO BUSIORSS PO ER 063-9477 IT USED AND ID NUMBE ON NUMBER 06-02	ER ION Science PhoCh	BORING NUMBER VCA MUS BR  AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 32°F  WIND SPEED > 5 mon  WIND DIRECTION
DATE	TIME	DEPTH OF Augers	INSTRUMENT READING
8/27	1255	3.0'	0.0 ppm
8/27	1305	4.0'	0.0 ppm
8/27	1310	9.0'	0.0 ppm
8/27	1315	15.0	0.0 ppm
8/27	1325	17.0	0.0 ppm
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## APPENDIX C

**Rock Coring Logs** 

VCA-MWS-BR

P	ROJECT: BUJFIRIO BUSINESS PATA ROJECT NO: 063-9477		DRILLING	з ме	тно	CORE	<u>MVJラ・E</u> ) OF DR いるA; ト	RILI	LHOLE	ATUM: OORDII	NATE	SN: 10	424.Z	CO E:	eet ? of 1 LLAR ELEV: 3 1087863.1
P.	OCATION: BUHAJO, NY		DRILL RI	G: _	CME	- 37			A.	ZIMUTH	l:			INC • Axial	CLINATION: 90°
ا پر	ROCK TYPE '	LOG	J.Joint F-Fault S-Shear B-Bedding	F	O-Foli L-Plar C-Curv J-Undi	nar I-In ed P-F	renular R	SM-Sm R-Roug VR-V.F r-Frac e-Iron	mooth CA-Calci gh CL- Clay Rough cture n Oxides	10		WEATHERING WINDEX	ISRM TRENGTH INDEX	<b>■</b> Diametra	NOTES
DEPTH SCALE (FEET)	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	ELEV DEPTH (FT)	RUN NO.	CORE RECOVERY	RQD	FHACTURES PER FOOT	$\vdash$	TYPE, SURFAC DESCRIPTION, AND wit CORE AXIS	E DIP	GRAPHIC LOG	E 0	R5 R6 R3 STF	POINT LOAD TESTS	WATER LEVELS INSTRUMENTATION
+	13-18- fresh to slightly								1, PL,R	8%					
	weathered, dark		-				3		1, I, R	85		†			
14	gray calcitic:						-		1, PL, R	85 45	\				
.	LIMESTONE,				5'		2								
15	tation of fractures	耳		1	5	83%		-	1. I. R 1. C. R	85 75					:
_	,	$\neg \neg$	•		′		2		1,0,12	80					
16						<u> </u>			1.I.A	80		MVU			some sediment
			<i>-</i> -				2		1, I, R	85					:
17										85		ļ		:	
			-				1		1,U,R						
- 12	18:23'- slightly weathered		-				۲		1 50 50						The second secon
40							5		J. Ph., CA	, ,					
19	LIMESTONE VOIL	_							1,71.5M 1,PL,SM	75 85		1			
- 1	Little sedimentation				5	69%	17		1.C, SM						
20	of fractures			2.	1	FAIR		٦,	1, X, R	45 85.					
-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			۲.	7	1-22	1								
21		-7-							MC,U,L	६०					
							1								
22									1, U, SM	85					
							1	-	J. PL.SM	65					
- 23	23' 28' fresty to stayty							-	1. PL. 5M	85					
	weathered dark aray.						2	-	J. C. R.	60	***				:
24	caletic limestons,				İ			٦.	1.C.R.	60				1	·
	near-gorizontal bedding,						2								
25	fractures.	工	-	.,		73%			1, U.SM	85					
-	*	7		3		FAIR	2		1, I.SM	75			!		
260						rax./		-	•						
		L					1		J.PL.SM						
27										50 85		]			
							5		1. I. R 1. PL.SM 1. I. R 2. PL.SM	175 85					
- 28		أ		*					.d. Fh. 590	<u>&amp;</u> .Z.					and a settle designation of the control of the settle state of the settle
		-													
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-	·												Lion: 2		
DR	ALE: 凡らられるMA ILLING CONTRACTOR: S&B Servica ILLER: Ron Grown	25				(	OGGED: A CHECKED: N DATE: 8/23	NK	W				UCS (psi) R1-150 R2-725 R2-3,500 R3-7,500 R4-15,000 R6-35,000		Golder

VCA-MWG-BR Sheet 1 of 1 RECORD OF DRILLHOLE DATUM: COORDINATES N: 10599783 COLLAR ELEV: 3 DRILLING METHOD: 4'4 I.D. HSA/HQ COPE PROJECT: Buffalo Business Park E: 1088157.7 DRILLING DATE: 8/28-8/24/07 PROJECT NO: 063 AHTT INCLINATION: 90 AZIMUTH: DRILLRIG: CME-45 LOCATION: BUffWO, NY AxialDiametra SM-Smooth R-Rough VR-V.Rough Fr-Fracture Fe-Iron Oxides ST-Stepped I-trregular P-Polished J-Joint FO-Foliation F-Faul PI -Planar WEATHERIN INDEX C-Curved U-Undulating B-Bedding NOTES DEPTH SCALE (FEET) K-Slickensided WATER LEVELS INSTRUMENTATION DISCONTINUITY DATA FRACTURES PER FOOT RUN NO. CORE RECOVERY DESCRIPTION \_ELEV DEPTH 3 GRAPHIC LOG Œ TYPE, SURFACE DESCRIPTION, AND DIP (FT) 15.5-20,5 - Slightly 1, PL, 5M -16 3 weathered, dark gray, 85 1, K, R CALCITIC LIMESTONE slightly fossiliferous, 17 J. PL.SM 90 horizontally to massively 97% 70% bedded, slightly styloli-- 18 1 J.U.R tized. 85 ( 85 1. I.R 6 19 85 125 J.Ph.5M J.Z.R. 80 2 20 J. Ph. SM 85 MC. I. L MC I.L 20.5 - 23.5 Eas. slightly 30 35 21 weathered, dark gray. 85.79 1.U,5M calcitic LIMESTONE, 100% 59% horizontally to massively J. PL.SM Z 80 - 2.2 1, C, 5M bedded, sliggery formifer 80 ous, -28 4 coring stopped due to 24 dispute with tenant@ 235 695. 26 27 28 29 30 LOGGED: \$ AJN **M**Golder SCALE: as shown CHECKED: NKW DRILLING CONTRACTOR: SJB SETVICES Associates DRILLER: Ron Brown DATE: 8 25 - 8 24 07

VCA-MW7-BR Sheet 1 of 1 RECORD OF DRILLHOLE COLLAR ELEV: 3 DRILLING METHOD: H'4 HSA; HQ COTE DATUM: PROJECT: BUSFALO BUSINESS PAIK PROJECT NO: 063-9477 LOCATION: BUSFALO, NY COORDINATES N: 105-60-43 E: 1087797.6 DRILLING DATE: 8/24/07 INCLINATION: 40° AZIMUTH: DRILL RIG: CME. 85 Axial
Diametra J-Joint F-Fault S-Shear B-Bedding FO-Foliation PL-Planar C-Curved U-Undulating ST-Stepped I-Irregular P-Polished K-Slickensided **HOCK TYPE** R-Rough
VR-V.Rough
Fr-Fracture
Fe-Iron Oxides . ISRM WEATHERIN SENGT NOEX DEPTH SCALE (FEET) NOTES WATER LEVELS INSTRUMENTATION DISCONTINUITY DATA FRACTURES PER FOOT CORE DESCRIPTION ELEV DEPTH Š HUN NO. TYPE, SURFACE RQD DESCRIPTION, AND DIP (FT) J. PL. SM 14' 14' fresh to slightly 88 2. 1, I, R weathered dark gray 15 calcitic LIMESTONE; J. PL.SM 80 45 horizontally bedded, 2 1, I, SM 77% J. PL.SM 80 96% 1 J. PL.R 85 4 J. PL.SM حرائ  $\bigcirc$ 1% J. PL. R. 5 19 24. stignily weathered A.PL.SM 75 dark grad calcula LIME J. Ph. SM 23 20 85 STONE , horizontally bed 2 PLISM ded, stagt sedimentation 105) 2 74% of fractures 21 2 PL. DA 6.5 15/75 3 2, I, R 1.4.5 80 Ú. 22 1.P.5M 20 1 becomes fossiliferais WELLSM 23 at bottom. 80 core brotten to fit 3. J. Flu, R 85. In box C Kil' J. I.R 20 2+1.29 slightly weathered, 85. 23 J.IR dark gray, calcitic LIME 25 STONE, HOTIZOGENLY to J.I,SM 85 2 massively bedded, slight J. PLISM 85 -24 J. PLISM fossil traces, slight 85 100 1 sedimentation of 3 70% 27 fractures. 1.1.3 J.PL.SM 85 7 508 508 509 LIL.R 28 1 PL SM core broken to fit -29

> LOGGED: AUN CHECKED: NKW

DATE: 8/24 - 8/27/07

FIGURE RECORD OF DRILLHOLE

Golder

Associates

UCS (psl) R1 150 R2 725 R2 3,500 R3 7,500 R4 15,000 R5 35,000

SCALE: as Shown

DRILLER: ROA Brown

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: SJB Services, Inc

VCA-MWS-BR Sheet 1 of RECORD OF DRILLHOLE COLLAR ELEV: 3 DRILLING METHOD: 44 I D. HSA/HQ. COPE DATUM: PROJECT: Buffalo Business Park, E: 1087808.+ COORDINATES N: 10560167.7 DRILLING DATE: 8/27/07 PROJECT NO: 063-9-177 LOCATION: BUFFULD, NY INCLINATION: 900 AZIMUTH: DRILL RIG: CME 85 Axial
Diametral SM-Smooth R-Rough VR-V.Rough Fr-Fracture Fe-Iron Oxides CA-Calcite CL- Clay ROCK TYPE ST-Stepped J-Jaint FO-Foliation F-Fault PL-Planar i-Irregular P-Polished S.Shear C<sub>2</sub>Curved DEPTH SCALE (FEET) B-Bedding U-Undulating NOTES K-Slickensided WATER LEVELS INSTRUMENTATION DISCONTINUITY DATA GRAPHIC FRACTURES PER FOOT RUN NO. CORE RECOVERY DESCRIPTION DEPTH 3 TYPE, SURFACE ROD DESCRIPTION, AND DIP (FT) WI CORE AXIS 1. I, 5M 175'-225'- slightly weary-1 ered, dark gray, calcitic 1,2,5M 85 LIMESTONE, horizontally 3 to massively bedded J.C.R 75 100 J. PL.SM some stylolitization in drill break @26.5 80 90% 1, I, PL, SM -20 20.5'-21.5' interval. 2 ×0 J. PL.SM 85 21 1 J.U.R 80 1 22.7-27.5 slightly to J. PL.SM 85 3 1, U,5M 23 moderately weathered. 75 1.C.R dark gray, calcitic LIME-A.PL.SM 80 STONE, some fossils, 24 4 J. IR. 85 some stylolites; slight 60 sedimentation of frac 45% 70% J.I.R 2 tures; horizontally to J.I.SM প্ত massively bedded, ver-MZ.I, L 80 tical fracture @ 25-30" 260 J, PL, SM 85 and 20.7.22.0". 1.I.R ঠ 85 J. PL.SM 27 2 60 1, I, R drill break **١, ٦. ٩** 27 5'-82 5' sirghtly to 28 3 J.I.R 85 moderately weathered, A. PL.SM 85 dark gray, calcitic, fos-J, PL, 5M 70 29 2 70 siliferous LIMESTONE, J, PL, SM horizontally to massively 98% 79% 1.1.R 80 bedded, some stylolites, 2 slight sedimentation 1.C.S 85 of fractures. 1 31 A, PL. SM 80 J.I.R 80 32 1 -32

Golder LOGGED: AAN CHECKED: NKW Associates DATE: 8/27/07 FIGURE

SCALE: 45 Shown

DRILLER: R Brown

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: S&B Services, Inc.

## APPENDIX D

**Monitoring Well Construction Diagrams** 

JOB NO	063-9477 PROJECT BUFFAL	O BUSINESS PARK VCP/OU#2 INVEST. WELL NO. V	CA-MW5-BR SHEET 1 of 1
GA INSP	AJN DRILLING METHOD	4 1/4" I.D. HSA/HQ ROCK CORE GROUND ELEV.	97.1 ft. WATER DEPTH 5.81 ft. bgs
WEATHER N	MOSTLY CLOUDY DRILLING COMPANY	SJB SERVICES, INC COLLAR ELEV.	3.0 ft. DATE/TIME 9/13/07 0830
76 TCUD 76	* F DRILL BIG CME-85	DRILLER R. BROWN STARTED 8	/24/07 0815 COMPLETED 8/24/07 0935
IEMP.	/ COORDINATESN1055924.8,	F1087863.1	DATE / TIME DATE / TIME
LOCATION ,	COORDINATES	MATERIALS INVENTORY	
	27.0		TOWER SEAL MEDIUM RENTONITE CHIPS
WELL CASIN	IG	I.f. WELL SCREEN 2.0 in, dig 10 I.f. BEN	TONITE SEAL MEDIUM BENTONITE OF S
CASING TYP	SCH. 40 PVC	SCREEN TYPE MACHINE SLOT PVC INST	TALLATION METHOD POOK THROUGH AUGENS
JOINT TYPE	FLUSH THREADED	SLOT SIZE0.01"FILT	ER PACK QTY.
GROUT QUA	WITTYYITIN	CENTRALIZERS <u>NOT USED</u> FILT	ER PACK TYPE #1-SIZE QUARTZ SAND
GROUT TYP	E CEMENT/BENTONITE	DRILLING MUD TYPE NOT USED INST	FALLATION METHOD POUR THROUGH AUGERS
		WELL OKETOLI	INICTALLATION NOTES
ELEV./DEPTH	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	WELL SKETCH	INSTALLATION NOTES
-		-	AUGERED WITH 4 1/4 I.D. HOLLOW
- -		STEEL CURB BOX LOCKING	STEM AUGER TO 13.0 FT. BELOW
<b>-</b>		WITH BOLTED	GROUND SURFACE (BGS). SAMPLED
1464.18	GROUND SURFACE	CAP	IN FIVE-FOOT INTERVALS FROM 0.0
- 0.0			FT TO 12.0 FT BGS. PLACED
-	<u>OVERBURDEN</u>	CONCRETE PAD	TEMPORARY STEEL CASING IN
<u>-</u> -	FILL UNIT		BOREHOLE AND ADVANCED IT 6"
=	0.0-3.0'		INTO BEDROCK. AUGERS REMOVED
-	Stiff, brown, SILT, some fine to coarse sand and fine gravel,	- Language Cementy - The Cemen	FROM BOREHOLE. CORED BEDROCK
	then broken rock fragments, coarse sand and gravel, some	BENTONITE   GROUT'S STORY	WITH HQ WIRELINE CORE TO 28.0 FT
_	stag, some white staining, dry	- 8"ø NOMINAL L	
-	to slightly moist.	BÓREHOLE TO THE STATE OF THE ST	BGS. CORE BARRELS REMOVED FROM
10.0	SILT TILL UNIT		COREHOLE. SAND POURED INTO
10.0	3.0'-17.5'		STEEL CASING FROM 28.0-27.4 FT
-	Stiff to soft, brown, CLAYEY	2"ø SCH. 40 PVC RISER	BGS. WELL MATERIALS PLACED IN
<del>-</del> -	SILT to SILTY CLAY, trace to little fine sand, trace to some	- 13.0	BOREHOLE USING 10 FT. OF WELL
_	fine to coarse gravel, little gray	BENTONITE CHIP	SCREEN, END CAP, 17.0 FT. OF WELL
-	clay infilling of fractures, trace yellow—orange mottling, moist.	SEAL 15.5 - SEAL 1	RISER AND LOCKING J-PLUG CAP
-		4"ø COREHOLE	FOR OVERALL LENGTH OF 27.0 FT.
-	ONONDAGA	17.4 - 1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	WELL MATERIALS PLACED TO 27.4
-	LIMESTONE		FT. BGS WITH THE TOP OF THE WELL
20.0	1		APPROXIMATELY 0.3 FT BGS. SAND
-	13.0'-EOC	2"ø MACHINE-	POURED INTO STEEL CASING
-	Fresh to slightly weathered, dark gray, calcitic LIMESTONE,	SLOT SCREEN O.01" SLOT	
	horizontally to massively		27.0-15.5 FT. BGS. BENTONITE CHIP
-	bedded, slightly fossiliferous, little sedimentation of		SEAL PLACED 15.5-13.0 FT. BGS.
-	fractures.	=	TEMPORARY STEEL CASING REMOVED.
_	1	27.4 – FILTER	CEMENT/BENTONITE GROUT ADDED
-		28.0 — SAND	13.0-0.5 FT. BGS. 8-INCH
-		END OF COREHOLE 28.0 FT. BGS	DIAMETER STEEL CURB BOX PLACED
<del>-</del> 30.0	[		INTO BOREHOLE TO GROUND
-		-	SURFACE. 16"X16"X 6" CONCRETE
-		-	PAD CONSTRUCTED AROUND CURB
-		_	BOX. STEEL WELL COVER PLACED ON
-		-	CURB BOX AND BOLTED INTO PLACE.
-		-	
- -	l .	-	•
		-	-
_		-	WELL DEVELOPMENT NOTES
-			WELL DEVELOPMENT NOTES
=		<u>:</u>	DATE DEVELOPED: 8/30-8/31/07
-		-	
- -		-	DEVELOPMENT METHOD:
-	]	<u>-</u>	STAINLESS STEEL BAILER
-		-	
<u>-</u> r	]	-	VOLUME PURGED: 42.5 GALS.
-		-	FOR FURTHER DETAILS SEE
-		<u>-</u>	ACCOMPANYING WELL DEVELOPMENT
-		-	FIELD RECORD.
_		-	TIELD NEODID.
-		-	
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JOB NO	063-9477 PROJECT BUFFAL	O BUSINESS PARK VCP/OU#2 INVEST. WELL NO	/CA-MW6-BR SHEET 1 of 1
GA INSP	AJN DRILLING METHOD	1/4" I.D. HSA/HQ ROCK CORE GROUND ELEV	/. 98.0 ft. WATER DEPTH 15.73 ft. bgs
WEATHER N	/A (INDOORS) DRILLING COMPANY	SJB SERVICES, INC COLLAR ELEV	3.0 ft. DATE/TIME 9/13/07 0845
TEMP. 76°	F DRILL RIG CME-45	DRILLER S. WOLKIEWICZ STARTED	8/28/07 1320 COMPLETED 8/28/07 1630
	COORDINATES N1055978.3,		DATE / TIME DATE / TIME
20011110117		MATERIALS INVENTORY	
WELL CASING	Gin. dia23.3	I.f. WELL SCREEN In. dia 5 I.f. BEI	NTONITE SEAL MEDIUM BENTONITE CHIPS
CASING TYP	SCH. 40 PVC	SCREEN TYPE MACHINE SLOT PVC INS	STALLATION METHOD POUR THROUGH AUGERS
JOINT TYPE	FLUSH THREADED	SLOT SIZESIFIL	TER PACK QTY. 2.0 BAGS
CROUT OUAL	NTITY	CENTRALIZERS NOT USED FIL	TER PACK TYPE #1-SIZE QUARTZ SAND
CROLLT TYPE	CEMENT/BENTONITE	DRILLING MUD TYPE NOT USED INS	STALLATION METHOD POUR THROUGH AUGERS
011001 111 2			
			THE TANK NOTES
ELEV./DEPTH	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	WELL SKETCH	INSTALLATION NOTES
-		STEEL CURB BOX	AUGERED WITH 4 1/4 I.D. HOLLOW
-		- CONCRETE FLOOR LOCKING	STEM AUGER TO 15.5 FT. BELOW
-		CORED PRIOR TO \	GROUND SURFACE (BGS). SAMPLED
1464.18	GROUND SURFACE	DRILLING) CAP	IN FIVE-FOOT INTERVALS FROM 0.0
- 0.0	OVERBURDEN		FT TO 12.0 FT BGS. PLACED
_		16"x16"X6" CONCRETE PADI	TEMPORARY STEEL CASING IN
-	FILL UNIT 0.6-3.0'		BOREHOLE AND ADVANCED IT 6"
-	Loose, brown, fine to coarse		INTO BEDROCK. AUGERS REMOVED
-	SAND AND GRAVEL, trace clay	8"ø NOMINAL BOREHOLE BENTONITE	FROM BOREHOLE. CORED BEDROCK
-	and silt, dry.	- GRÓUT	WITH HQ WIRELINE CORE TO 23.3 FT
-			BGS. CORE BARRELS REMOVED FROM
- 10.0	SILT TILL UNIT		COREHOLE. SAND POURED INTO
- 10.0 -	3.0'-15.5'		STEEL CASING FROM 23.3-22.8 FT
-	Compact to dense, light brown to brown to brown-gray, SILT	- I         V	BGS. WELL MATERIALS PLACED IN
-	and fine SAND to SILT, trace to some fine to coarse gravel,	- <u>                                    </u>	BOREHOLE USING 5 FT. OF WELL
~	trace clay, moist.	- III BENTONITE WAS A STATE OF THE STATE OF	SCREEN, END CAP, 17.6 FT. OF WELL
-		SEAL TIES AND THE RESEARCH TO	RISER AND LOCKING J-PLUG CAP
-	ONONDAGA	17.8 - 17.8 - 2"A MACHINE.	FOR OVERALL LENGTH OF 22.9 FT.
-	LIMESTONE	SLOT SCREEN	WELL MATERIALS PLACED TO 23.3
-		0.01" SLOT	FT. BGS WITH THE TOP OF THE WELL
20.0	15.5'-EOC	- 4"ø COREHOLE	APPROXIMATELY 0.3 FT BGS. SAND
-	Slightly weathered, dark gray, calcitic LIMESTONE, slightly	- #1 FILTER	POURED INTO STEEL CASING
_	fossiliferous, horizontally to massively bedded, slightly	22.8 - SAND	22.8-15.8 FT. BGS. BENTONITE CHIP
-	stylolitized.	END OF COREHOLE 23.3 FT. BGS	SEAL PLACED 15.8-13.0 FT. BGS.
-			TEMPORARY STEEL CASING REMOVED.
-			CEMENT/BENTONITE GROUT ADDED
_			13.0-0.5 FT. BGS. 8-INCH
-			DIAMETER STEEL CURB BOX PLACED
-		•	INTO BOREHOLE TO GROUND
-			SURFACE. 16"X16"X 6" CONCRETE
-		-	PAD CONSTRUCTED AROUND CURB
-			BOX. STEEL WELL COVER PLACED ON
=		- '	CURB BOX AND BOLTED INTO PLACE.
-			
-		-  -	
-			
-		<u>-</u>	WELL DEVELOPMENT NOTES
_			DATE DEVELOPED: 8/30/07
-		-	
-			DEVELOPMENT METHOD:
-		<u>-</u>	STAINLESS STEEL BAILER
-			
		:	VOLUME PURGED: 5.0 GALS.
-			FOR FURTHER DETAILS SEE
		=	ACCOMPANYING WELL DEVELOPMENT
-		-	FIELD RECORD.
-		=	- ILLD INLOOND.
-		:	E

JOB NO	063-9477 PROJECT BUFFAL	O BUSINESS PARK VCP/OU#2 INVEST. WELL NO. VC	CA-MW7-BR SHEET 1 of 1
GA INSP	AJN DRILLING METHOD	4 1/4" I.D. HSA/HQ ROCK CORE GROUND ELEV.	98.0 ft. WATER DEPTH 6.36 ft. bgs
		SJB SERVICES, INC COLLAR ELEV.	
		DRILLER R. BROWN STARTED 8,	
LOCATION	coordinates N1056043, E	1087797.6	DATE / TIME DATE / TIME
200/111011 /		MATERIALS INVENTORY	
WELL CASIN	is 2.0 in dia 27.6	I.f. WELL SCREENin, dia10I.f. BEN	TONITE SEAL MEDIUM BENTONITE CHIPS
CASING TYPE	SCH. 40 PVC	SCREEN TYPE MACHINE SLOT PVC INST	ALLATION METHOD POUR THROUGH AUGERS
JOINT TYPE	FLUSH THREADED	SLOT SIZEFILTI	ER PACK QTY3.0
GROUT OUA	NITY	CENTRALIZERS NOT USED FILTI	ER PACK TYPE #1-SIZE QUARTZ SAND
GROUT TYP	CEMENT/BENTONITE	DRILLING MUD TYPE NOT USED INST	TALLATION METHOD POUR THROUGH AUGERS
	and the second s	Marin .	
ELEV./DEPTH	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	WELL SKETCH	INSTALLATION NOTES
-		-	AUGERED WITH 4 1/4 I.D. HOLLOW
-		STEEL CURB BOX LOCKING	STEM AUGER TO 14.0 FT. BELOW
-		WITH BOLTED "J_PLUG"	GROUND SURFACE (BGS). SAMPLED
1464.18	GROUND SURFACE		IN FIVE-FOOT INTERVALS FROM 0.0
0.0	OVERBURDEN		FT TO 12.0 FT BGS. PLACED
-		6" THICK, 1'x1'	TEMPORARY STEEL CASING IN
-	FILL UNIT	- Common	BOREHOLE AND ADVANCED IT 6"
_	0.0-3.0' Loose, brown-gray to brown,		INTO BEDROCK. AUGERS REMOVED
-	fine to coarse SAND and	- BENTONITE L	FROM BOREHOLE. CORED BEDROCK
- -	GRAVEL, little silt, slightly moist.	GROUT   GROUT	WITH HQ WIRELINE CORE TO 28.4 FT
-	SILT TILL UNIT	BÓREHOLE	BGS. CORE BARRELS REMOVED FROM
_ - 10.0	3.0'-17.5'		COREHOLE. SAND POURED INTO
-	Stiff, brown, CLAYEY SILT to SILTY CLAY, trace to little fine		STEEL CASING FROM 28.4-28.0 FT
- -	to medium sand, trace fine	2"ø SCH. 40	BGS. WELL MATERIALS PLACED IN
-	gravel, trace organic clay, trace yellow—orange mottling, moist.		BOREHOLE USING 10 FT. OF WELL
- -	[	_ BENTONITE 🛭 🕽	SCREEN, END CAP, 17.3 FT. OF WELL
-	ONONDAGA	CHIP 16.0 -	RISER AND LOCKING J-PLUG CAP
- -	LIMESTONE	4"ø COREHOLE	FOR OVERALL LENGTH OF 27.6 FT.
-		18.0	WELL MATERIALS PLACED TO 28.0
20.0	14.0'-EOC		FT. BGS WITH THE TOP OF THE WELL
	Fresh to slightly weathered, dark gray, calcitic LIMESTONE,	2"ø MACHINE-	APPROXIMATELY 0.3 FT BGS. SAND
-	slightly fossiliferous,	SLOT SCREEN O,01" SLOT	POURED INTO STEEL CASING
-	horizontally to massively bedded, slightly fossiliferous,		28.0-16.0 FT. BGS. BENTONITE CHIP
-	slight sedimentation of fractures.	=	SEAL PLACED 16.0-14.0 FT. BGS.
-			TEMPORARY STEEL CASING REMOVED.
_		FILTER SAND	CEMENT/BENTONITE GROUT ADDED
-		SAND END OF COREHOLE 28.4 FT. BGS	14.0-0.5 FT. BGS. 8-INCH
30.0		- END OF COREHOLE 20,4 FT. BGS	DIAMETER STEEL CURB BOX PLACED
-		-	INTO BOREHOLE TO GROUND
_		-	SURFACE. 16"X16"X 6" CONCRETE
-			PAD CONSTRUCTED AROUND CURB
<u>-</u>		- 	BOX. STEEL WELL COVER PLACED ON
-		-	CURB BOX AND BOLTED INTO PLACE.
-		-	-
-			
<del>-</del>		-	WELL DEVELOPMENT NOTES
-			WELL DEVELOPMENT NOTES
<del>-</del>		-	DATE DEVELOPED: 8/31/07
- -		-	DEVELOPMENT METHOD
_		-	DEVELOPMENT METHOD:
		-	STAINLESS STEEL BAILER
-		-	70
-		-	VOLUME PURGED: 30 GALS.
<u>-</u>		-[	FOR FURTHER DETAILS SEE
-		[	ACCOMPANYING WELL DEVELOPMENT
_		-	FIELD RECORD.
		-	
I-	i l	-! <del>-</del> !	- <sub>1</sub>

	DC7 0477 PUEEA	LO BUSINESS PARK VCP/OU#2 INVEST WELL NO\	/CA_MW8_BR 1 of 1
10B NO. —	PROJECT BOTTA	A 1 (4" + D. HSA (HO. DOCK CORE	OR O # SHEET SHEET
GA INSP	DRILLING METHOD	4 1/4" I.D. HSA/HQ ROCK CORE GROUND ELEV	7. 96.0 1t. WATER DEPTH 9.00 1t. 093
WEATHER S	UNNY, CLEAR DRILLING COMPANY	SJB SERVICES, INC COLLAR ELEV	
TEMP. 82*	F DRILL RIG CME-85	DRILLER R. BROWN STARTED	DATE / TIME COMPLETED 8/24/U/ 1330 DATE / TIME
LOCATION /	COORDINATES N1056167.7		
		MATERIALS INVENTORY	
WELL CASIN	G	I.f. WELL SCREEN	NTONITE SEAL MEDIUM BENTONITE CHIPS
CASING TYP	E SCH. 40 PVC	SCREEN TYPE MACHINE SLOT PVC INS	STALLATION METHOD POUR THROUGH AUGERS
JOINT TYPE	FLUSH THREADED	SLOT SIZEO.01"FIL	TER PACK QTY
GROUT QUA	NTITY	CENTRALIZERS NOT USED FIL	TER PACK TYPE #1-SIZE QUARTZ SAND
GROUT TYPE	CEMENT/BENTONITE	DRILLING MUD TYPE NOT USED INS	TALLATION METHOD POUR THROUGH AUGERS
	DOWN TORON DEPONICTION	WELL SKETCH	INSTALLATION NOTES
ELEV./DEPTH	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	WEEL SKETCH	AUGERED WITH 4 1/4 I.D. HOLLOW
		STEEL CURB BOX	STEM AUGER TO 17.5 FT. BELOW
-		LUCKING LUCKING	-
		LID "J-PLUG"	GROUND SURFACE (BGS). SAMPLED
1464.18	GROUND SURFACE		IN FIVE-FOOT INTERVALS FROM 0.0
0.0	OVERBURDEN		FT TO 17.0 FT BGS. PLACED
<u>:</u>		6" THICK, 1'x1' CONCRETE PADZ	TEMPORARY STEEL CASING IN
:	FILL UNIT	E IIII	BOREHOLE AND ADVANCED IT 6"
_	0.0-8.0'		INTO BEDROCK. AUGERS REMOVED
-	Loose, brown to brown and gray mottled, medium to	CEMENT/ BENTONITE:	FROM BOREHOLE. CORED BEDROCK
:	coarse SAND and fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to	FI GROUT I	WITH HQ WIRELINE CORE TO 32.5 FT
-	medium sand, trace clay, dry	E BÓREHOLE	BGS. CORE BARRELS REMOVED FROM
	to slightly moist.		COREHOLE. SAND POURED INTO
- 10.0	SILT TILL UNIT		STEEL CASING FROM 32.5-32.0 FT
	3.0'-17.5'	E  2"ø sch. 40	BGS. WELL MATERIALS PLACED IN
-	Compact to stiff, brown to brown-gray, CLAYEY SILT to	FLITTER STATE OF THE PVC RISER 11 THE	BOREHOLE USING 10 FT. OF WELL
:	SILT and fine SAND, trace to	E BENTONITE THE STATE OF THE ST	SCREEN, END CAP, 21.3 FT. OF WELL
-	little fine gravel, trace fine sand, trace to some clay,		RISER AND LOCKING J-PLUG CAP
:	moist to wet.		FOR OVERALL LENGTH OF 31.6 FT.
-			WELL MATERIALS PLACED TO 32.0
	ONONDAGA		
20.0	LIMESTONE	4"ø COREHOLE	FT. BGS WITH THE TOP OF THE WELL
	LIMESTONE		APPROXIMATELY 0.3 FT BGS. SAND
<u>-</u>	17.5'-EOC	22.0 -	POURED INTO STEEL CASING
	Slightly to moderately		32.0-20.0 FT. BGS. BENTONITE
<u> </u>	weathered, dark gray, calcitic	[-] = [-] 2"ø MACHINE−	CHIP SEAL PLACED 20.0-18.0 FT.
·	LIMESTONE, slightly fossiliferous, horizontally to	SLOT SCREEN 0.01" SLOT	BGS. TEMPORARY STEEL CASING
_	massively bedded, slightly stylolitized, slight		REMOVED, CEMENT/BENTONITE GROUT
:	sedimentation of fractures		ADDED 18.0-0.5 FT. BGS. 8-INCH
30.0			DIAMETER STEEL CURB BOX PLACED
30.0		FILTER	INTO BOREHOLE TO GROUND
:		32.0 -	SURFACE, 16"X16"X 6" CONCRETE
- -		<u></u>	PAD CONSTRUCTED AROUND CURB
·		END OF COREHOLE 32.5 FT. BGS	BOX. STEEL WELL COVER PLACED ON
•		El	CURB BOX AND BOLTED INTO PLACE.
:		<b> </b>	
:		E	
		[	
<del>.</del>		F	WELL DEVELOPMENT NOTES
_		E	DATE DEVELOPED: 8/31/07
-		F	
		E	DEVELOPMENT METHOD:
- 1		<del> </del>	STAINLESS STEEL BAILER
: [		F	OTAMICE OF OTHER DATES.
		El	75 0410
		<u>[-</u> ]	VOLUME PURGED: 35 GALS.
<u>.</u>		H	FOR FURTHER DETAILS SEE
		El	ACCOMPANYING WELL DEVELOPMENT
<u>.                                    </u>		Ħ	FIELD RECORD.
:		E	
		FI	<b>-</b> }

## APPENDIX E

Well Development Field Records



## WELL DEVELOPMENT FIELD RECORD

EVELOPED BY	A 1.1	1330 TME		JOB NO. DATE OF IN COMPLETE!	ISTALL. D DEVEL.	003-9477 WELL NO. MW5  8/24/07 SHEET 1 OF 1  8/31/07 / 0930  DATE TIME
	.LA /	TME  8/30 /1330  TE TIME 08+2 8/31		AFTER DEV	EL.	0.9 /8/31/07/0910 DEPTH DATE TIME
VELL DEPTH: BEFORE	ロEVEL.	6/31 25.3		AFTER DEV	EL.	25-3 WELL DIA. (In) 2
TANDING WATER COL				STANDING	WELL VOLU	JME <u>3.32 / 9.48</u> gal. S <u>~2.0</u> gal.
SCREEN LENGTH	101			DRILLING \	WATER LOS	S <u>~20</u> yai.
		FIELD	PARAME	TERS		
DATE/TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (GALS)	SPEC. COND. (umhos/cm)	TEMP. (°F)	pH (s.u.)	OTHER	REMARKS
8/30 1370	H.O	940	61	*		turbid grad
8/30 1407	5.0	930	ムラ	*		nurbist, ara.
8/30 1-119	6.0	960	64	*		
8/30 1440	7.0	960	COH	*		turbid, It Arail
×/30 1505	10.0	940	64	*		
8/31 0850	3.7	940	<i>ω</i> 2_	7.1		Slightly turbed It gray color
8/31 0900	3.5	950	63	7.3	?	st. hurbid; It. May tint
E/31 0910	35	960	Lort	7.3-	1	light gray fint
						6
	42.5	= TOTAL	VOLUME R	EMOVED (	gal.) .	
DEVELOPMENT METH	HOD:	stainless ster				



## WELL DEVELOPMENT FIELD RECORD

DEVELOPED BY		ness Park Notaro		DATE OF I	NSTALL.	<u>\$ 50 07</u> SHEET <u>1</u> OF <u>1</u>
TARTED DEVEL.	8/31/07 / DATE	1350. TIME	-	COMPLETE	D DEVEL.	8/31/07 / 1630 DATE TIME
V.L. BEFORE DEVEL	40.09 / DEPTH D	<u>8/31 /1350</u> ATE TIME	-	AFTER DE\	/EL.	21.89 /2/31/07/1025 DEPTH DATE TIME
VELL DEPTH: BEFO	RE DEVEL.	22.63	_	AFTER DE	/EL.	22.64 WELL DIA. (In) 2
TANDING WATER				STANDING	WELL VOLU	JME $\frac{2.04}{6.12(3)}$ gal.
SCREEN LENGTH	COLUMN (FT.)	1	<b></b>	DRILLING	WATER LOS	JME <u>2.04/ω.12(3)</u> gal. SS <u>μόκορμο</u> gal.
	<del>  </del>	T				
	VOLLIME	FIEL	D PARAME	TERS		
DATE/TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (GALS)	SPEC. COND. (umhos/cm)	TEMP. (°F)	pH (s.u.)	OTHER	REMARKS
8/31 1405	2.5	640	67	7.9		turbid, brown - gravi
						111111111111111111111111111111111111111
8/31 1727	15	760	59	7.9	· 	
8/31 1625	1.0	820	60	7.7		
			<u> </u>			
			<del> </del>			
						N
						6
	5.0	= TOTAL \	OLUME RE	MOVED (g	al.)	



### WELL DEVELOPMENT FIELD RECORD

OB NAME	Buffalo Business Park ALN		_	JOB NO.		<u>8/27/07</u> SHEET 1 OF 1
EVELOPED BY			-	DATE OF INSTALL.		
TARTED DEVEL.	8/31/07 /	0935- TIME	<del>.</del>	COMPLETE	D DEVEL.	8/31/07 / 1145 DATE TIME
V.L. BEFORE DEVEL.	<u>(ο·(ο</u> ) Δ DEPTH D	8/31/07/0938 ATE TIME	-	AFTER DEV	EL.	7.1 /8/31 /11457 DEPTH DATE TIME
WELL DEPTH: BEFORE DEVEL. 27.48		_	AFTER DEVEL.		27.50 WELL DIA. (In) 2	
STANDING WATER COLUMN (FT.) 20.79			<b></b>	STANDING	WELL VOLL	JME $\frac{3.39 / 10.17(3)}{\sim 20}$ gal.
SCREEN LENGTH 10'			_	DRILLING '	WATER LOS	s <u>~ 20</u> gal.
		D PARAMETERS				
DATE/TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (GALS)	SPEC. COND. (umhos/cm)	TEMP. (°F)	pH (s.u.)	OTHER	REMARKS
z/31 1010	10.0	1040	LoLo	74		turbid It. Gray color.
'						
×/31 1030	7.0	1120	71	7.5		turbid; It, ara. I rolor
8/31 1045	5.0	1110	66	7.6		di turbid, it aray color
s/81 1100	5.0	1110	67	7.4		S. Eurbiz, It. Oras, Eint
8/31 1115	5.0	1140	67	7.+		st turbid; k pray tint
						·
						·
						12
	30	_ TOTAL \	JOHNE DE	MOVED (g	al l	



### WELL DEVELOPMENT FIELD RECORD

IOB NAI	ME	Buffalo Busio	ess Park	_	JOB NO.		063-9477 WELL NO. MW. 8
	PED <sub>,</sub> BY	Anthony J. No	tato	_		NSTALL.	조/2조/07 SHEET 1 OF 1
STARTE	D DEVEL.	Buffalo Busio Anthony of No 8/31/07 / DATE	12 <i>05</i> ПМЕ	<del>-</del>	COMPLETE	ED DEVEL.	x/31/07 / 1600 DATE TIME
W.L. BE	FORE DEVEL.	10.31 / DEPTH DA	/ 12 <i>0</i> 5 TE TIME	<del>-</del>	AFTER DE	VEL.	7-11 / /1612 DEPTH DATE TIME
VELL D	EPTH: BEFORE	E DEVEL.	31.76	_	AFTER DE	VEL.	
IDNATE	NG WATER CO	LUMN (FT.)	21.45	_	STANDING	WELL VOL	UME <u>3.50/10.50</u> gal.
CREEN	LENGTH	DLUMN (FT.)	·		DRILLING	WATER LOS	UME <u>3.50/10.50</u> gal. SS <u>~20/011</u> gal.
			•				·
		1			·		
		VOLUME	FIEL	D PARAM	ETERS		
DA	ATE/TIME	VOLUME REMOVED	SPEC, COND.	TEMP.	pН		REMARKS
07	116/11/16	(GALS)	(umhos/cm)	(°F)	(s.u.)	OTHER	
8/31	1440	15.0	£00	169	7.60		turbid: blue-gray color
		· ·					
s/31	1452	5.0	820	66	7.5		
-1			820	<u> </u>	7.4		
<u>5/31</u>	15,07	7.0	820	604	7.7		
×/31	15+12	5.0	820	64	7.5		turnid, gray tint
8/31	1557	4.0	810	64	75		startid gray tint
							, , ,
				-			
******							
				-			
							्री च
<u> </u>							é
		357	= TOTAL \	/OLLIME DE	MOVED (c	l	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	- TOTAL	VOLUME KE	INOVED (S	ai. <i>)</i>	
DEVELO	PMENT METH	OD:	purped until p	paramete	ers stabi	lized	
						,	
	•						
JOTEC:		alambad elem	יסמ ביווליב מא	or and	000K 0	1 C 1 4	f 2.1 ppm. Water also had
vUTE5:	BOLDE MI	ack particula	" M DUITO, OC	,, 00 10	DEW P	IU hit o	t 2.1 appro Nuller also had

### APPENDIX F

**Sample Collection Information Forms** 



GAI PROJECT NAME Buffalo	Business Park	GAI PROJECT NO.	063-9477			
SAMPLE ID. VCA-M	NS-BR	SOURCE CODES: RIVER OR S	STREAM, WELL) SOIL, OTHER (CIRCLE ONE)			
	PURGING IN	IFORMATION (IF APPLICA	ABLE)			
PURGE DATE (yy/mm/dd) CASING VOL.(Gal.) PURGING DEVICE (SEE BELOW)	08/31/07 _3.14 E	TIME (24 HR CLOCK) GAL. PURGED (Gal.) PURGING DEVICE MATERIAL	<u>のまその</u> ELAPSED HRS 1のチ 5.5. DEDICATED (YN)			
	SAMPLE	COLLECTION INFORMATI	ION			
SAMPLING DATE (yy/mm/dd) SAMPLING DEVICE (SEE BELOW) SAMPLING DEVICE MATERIAL	0 8/3 1/07 E HDPE	TIME (24 HR CLOCK) DEDICATED(V)/N) SAMPLE TYPE - GRAB/COMP	<u>ロタス</u> 学 MATRIX <u>G XI</u> FILTERED (Y(N)) POSITE (CIRCLE ONE)			
(A) AIR-LIFT PUMP (B) BLADDER PUMP (C) P						
	WELL INF	ORMATION (IF APPLICAE	BLE)			
REFERENCE POINT REF. PT. ELEV.(FT. MSL) DEPTH TO WATER (REF. PT.) GW. ELEV.(FT. MSL.)	TOR 96.53 	LAND ELEVATION (FT./MSL) WELL DEPTH (FT.) STICKUP (FT.) WELL DIAMETER (INCHES)	97.12 25.30 2.00			
		URMENTS (FOUR REPLIC	ATES)			
pH (STD)  SPEC. COND.(UMHOS/CM)  TEMPERATURE (Ø) ° F  OTHER (SPECIFY)	9 6 0 - 6 4	Sample 7.4				
	СОМ	MENTS/CALCULATIONS				
WEATHER CONDITIONS  Near's sund 1: 70°F  SAMPLE APPEARANCE  Clear to slightly burbid: hight areal trot						
2" DIA. CASING CONTAINS .163 Ga 4" DIA. CASING CONTAINS .652 Ga	ıl./Ft.					
		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A				
PLEASE INCLUDE SAMPLE BOTTLE SIZE, BO	TTLE COLOR, BOTTLE MATERIAL, P	RESERVATIVES AND ANALYTICAL METHO	DDS ON LABORATORY CUSTODY FORMS.			
SAMPLER SIGNATURE	dy 11 h		DATE 8 31 07			



GAI PROJECT NAME &	uffalo Business Park vcP	GAI PROJECT NO.	063-9477	
SAMPLE ID.	CA-MUNO-BR	SOURCE CODES: RIVE	ER OR STREAM (WELL) SOIL,	OTHER (CIRCLE ONE)
	PURGING	INFORMATION (IF AF	PLICABLE)	
PURGE DATE (yy/mm/dd) CASING VOL.(Gal.) PURGING DEVICE (SEE B		TIME (24 HR CLOCK) GAL, PURGED (Gal.) PURGING DEVICE MA	<u>5.</u>	SED HRS2.7/
	SAMPL	E COLLECTION INFO	RMATION	
SAMPLING DATE (yy/mm/o SAMPLING DEVICE (SEE S SAMPLING DEVICE MATE	BELOW)E	DEDICATED-(Y)N)	ユ <i>ゅちの</i> MATRI FILTEF ROCOMPOSITE (CIRCLE ONE)	IX <u>GW</u> RED (YM)
(A) AIR-LIFT PUMP (B) BLADDER F	PUMP (C) PERISTALTIC PUMP (D) SCOOP/SH	OVEL (E) BAILER (F) OTHER (SPE	CIFY)	
	WELL IN	NFORMATION (IF APP	LICABLE)	
REFERENCE POINT REF. PT. ELEV.(FT. MSL) DEPTH TO WATER (REF. GW. ELEV.(FT. MSL.)	<u> </u>	LAND ELEVATION (FT. WELL DEPTH (FT.) STICKUP (FT.) WELL DIAMETER (INC	22.60+	
	FIELD MEA	ASURMENTS (FOUR R	EPLICATES)	
pH (STD)  SPEC. COND.(UMH  TEMPERATURE (C  OTHER (SPECIFY)				
-	со	MMENTS/CALCULAT	ONS	
WEATHER CONDITIONS SAMPLE APPEARANCE	clear; sunn.]; ~76°	°F		
2" DIA. CASING CONTAINS 4" DIA. CASING CONTAINS	3 .163 Gal./Ft.			
PLEASE INCLUDE SAMPLE BOTTI	LE SIZE, BOTTLE COLOR, BOTTLE MATERIAL	L, PRESERVATIVES AND ANALYTIC	AL METHODS ON LABORATORY CUSTO	DDY FORMS.



GAI PROJECT NAME Buffalo f	Business Park, VCP	GAI PROJECT NO.	063-9477
SAMPLE ID. <u>vca-mn</u>	7.BR	SOURCE CODES: RIVER OR S	TREAM, WELL) SOIL, OTHER (CIRCLE ONE)
	PURGING II	NFORMATION (IF APPLICA	ABLE)
PURGE DATE (yy/mm/dd) CASING VOL.(Gal.) PURGING DEVICE (SEE BELOW)	8/31/07 _3.39 _E	TIME (24 HR CLOCK) GAL. PURGED (Gal.) PURGING DEVICE MATERIAL	1 0 1 0 ELAPSED HRS1.0
	SAMPLE	COLLECTION INFORMATI	ON
SAMPLING DATE (yy/mm/dd) . SAMPLING DEVICE (SEE BELOW) SAMPLING DEVICE MATERIAL  (A) AIR-LIFT PUMP (B) BLADDER PUMP (C) PE	E HDPE	TIME (24 HR CLOCK)  DEDICATED-(YN)  SAMPLE TYPE - GRAB COMP	1120 MATRIX GYU FILTERED (YN) OSITE (CIRCLE ONE)
(A) AIR-LIFT PUMP (B) BLAUDER FUMP (C) FE		FORMATION (IF APPLICAB	LE)
REFERENCE POINT REF. PT. ELEV.(FT. MSL) DEPTH TO WATER (REF. PT.) GW. ELEV.(FT. MSL.)	TOR 	LAND ELEVATION (FT./MSL) WELL DEPTH (FT.) STICKUP (FT.) WELL DIAMETER (INCHES)	<u>97.98</u> <u>27.50</u> 2.00
	FIELD MEAS	GURMENTS (FOUR REPLIC	ATES)
pH (STD)  SPEC. COND.(UMHOS/CM)  TEMPERATURE (C)  OTHER (SPECIFY)	1 1 H O		
	COM	MENTS/CALCULATIONS	
WEATHER CONDITIONS SAMPLE APPEARANCE	clear & sunnd; ~72° l		
2" DIA. CASING CONTAINS .163 Ga 4" DIA. CASING CONTAINS .652 Ga			
collect M5/M5D			
PLEASE INCLUDE SAMPLE BOTTLE SIZE, BO SAMPLER SIGNATURE	TTLE COLOR, BOTTLE MATERIAL, I	PRESERVATIVES AND ANALYTICAL METHO	DATE 8/31/07



GAI PROJECT NAME	Buffalo Business Park	GAI PROJECT	NO. <u>(</u>	063-9477	
SAMPLE ID.	VCA-MNJ8-BR	SOURCE CODE	S: RIVER OR STR	EAM, WELL SOIL, O	THER (CIRCLE ONE)
	Pl	JRGING INFORMATION	(IF APPLICAB	LE)	
PURGE DATE (yy/mm CASING VOL.(Gal.) PURGING DEVICE (SI	_3.50	GAL. PURGED (		ササロ ELAPSE ・多をも DEDICAT	O HRS. <u>1.20</u>
		SAMPLE COLLECTION	INFORMATION	N	
SAMPLING DATE (yy/ SAMPLING DEVICE (S SAMPLING DEVICE M	SEE BELOW)E	DEDICATED-(Y)	N)	ル1号 MATRIX FILTERE	D (YN)
(A) AIR-LIFT PUMP (B) BLAD	DER PUMP (C) PERISTALTIC PUMP (I	O) SCOOP/SHOVEL (E) BAILER (F) OTH	ER (SPECIFY)		
	,	WELL INFORMATION (IF	APPLICABLE	≣)	
REFERENCE POINT REF. PT. ELEV.(FT. M DEPTH TO WATER (F GW. ELEV.(FT. MSL.)	REF. PT.)	STICKUP (FT.)	T.)	100.24	
	FIE	LD MEASURMENTS (FO	UR REPLICAT	res)	
pH (STD) SPEC. COND.( TEMPERATUR OTHER (SPEC	UMHOS/CM) <u>&amp;</u> 1		-   ->		
<del></del>		COMMENTS/CALC	JLATIONS		
WEATHER CONDITIO		1,	dol		
2" DIA. CASING CONT 4" DIA. CASING CONT				-	
PLEASE INCLUDE SAMPLE	BOTTLE SIZE, BOTTLE COLOR, BOTT	LE MATERIAL, PRESERVATIVES AND A	NALYTICAL METHODS	ON LABORATORY CUSTOD	FORMS.
	$ \bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	lh.		D. 7.T.	WW The state of th

### APPENDIX G

**Phone Interview with New York Frame** 

& VI Study Field Notes

### TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

INCOMING OUTGO	ING_V_	
JOB: Bujfalo Busmess Park	ROUTE TO:	JOB NO: 063-9477
PERSON: GATY Crewison		DATE: 10/2/07.
FIRM: Buffaio Business Park		TIME: \$ 1735
PHONE NO:		BY: AIN
REMARKS: I called Gary for information on the types of	of chemical	s involved in the
process at New York Frame Gary conference		
York Frame According to Todd:		
- all mounting is done off-site; no large quantities	of adhesin	es are used /stored
on site - on-site chemicals are limited to manufacturers of	100 to 100 to 1	Ceare id dinebias
and lubricants	on carrers t	if spia achesives
- the front office is far removed from any process	work, and	I would be good for
indoot air sampling		A second
- there is an interior storage room adjacent t		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
that is walled on all four sides and far rea	moved from	1 process work This
would be good for sub-slab sampling.		
	44224	
ACTION DECLUBER.		
ACTION REQUIRED:		
	1.46.76.70.71	
·		

sunni è clear 0815 Golder on site for soil vapor idefusion 0825 - Galder begins drilling hole point uith hand drill Home Depot to tent Hammer drill hammer drill through concrete with 0915 Hole was cleared of drill enthings prior to installing teflor hold in hold just above si teflon hubing putated of ambient air (200 cm3) 0920 prior to connecting summa rhadot air sample set and placed on cabinet 0925 in back tight (sw) corner of shourcom buztipor air kampiel set and placed on malibox shourcom (north side of building) - Goldet haw heeds to perform hout if ambient air monitoring of sample i beations dir monitoring off of sample locations yields PID readings of 00 ppm at each incation PID readings at all locations 0,0 ppm 1225 Pib readings at all locations 10.01ppt1

NAPL - PD readings of 00 ppm when opening well and unite sampling PID reading in sample headspace 21 ppm peak sample will be brought back to office for examination. PID readings at all locations O.D porn 4130 1525 PID teadings at all locations old ppm vacuum at substab location is at 0 it landther 30 minutes before removing sample.

### APPENDIX H

NYSDOH Vapor Intrusion Matrices 1 and 2

# Soil Vapor/Indoor Air Matrix

## October 2006

	NI .	INDOOR AIR CONCENTRATION of COMPOUND (mcg/m³)	V of COMPOUND (mcg/m3)	
SUB-SLAB VAPOR CONCENTRATION of COMPOUND (mcg/m³)	< 0.25	0.25 to < 1	1 to < 5.0	5.0 and above
< 5	1. No further action	2. Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures	3. Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures	<ol> <li>Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures</li> </ol>
5 to < 50	5. No further action	6. MONITOR	7. MONITOR	8. MITIGATE
50 to < 250	9. MONITOR	10. MONITOR / MITIGATE	11. MITIGATE	12. MITIGATE
250 and above	13. MITIGATE	14. MITIGATE	15. MITIGATE	16. MITIGATE

## No further action:

Given that the compound was not detected in the indoor air sample and that the concentration detected in the sub-slab vapor sample is not expected to significantly affect indoor air quality, no additional actions are needed to address human exposures.

**Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures:**The concentration detected in the indoor air sample is likely due to indoor and/or outdoor sources rather than soil vapor intrusion given the concentration detected in the sub-slab vapor sample. Therefore, steps should be taken to identify potential source(s) and to reduce exposures accordingly (e.g., by keeping containers tightly capped or by storing volatile organic compound-containing products in places where people do not spend much time, such as a garage or outdoor shed). Resampling may be recommended to demonstrate the effectiveness of actions taken to reduce exposures.

Monitoring, including sub-slab vapor, basement air, lowest occupied living space air, and outdoor air sampling, is needed to determine whether concentrations in the indoor air or sub-slab vapor have changed. Monitoring may also be needed to determine whether existing building conditions (e.g., positive pressure heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems) are maintaining the desired mitigation endpoint and to determine whether changes are needed. The type operating conditions. Monitoring is an interim measure required to evaluate exposures related to soil vapor intrusion until contaminated environmental media and frequency of monitoring is determined on a site-specific and building-specific basis, taking into account applicable environmental data and building are remediated.

### MITIGATE:

preferential pathways in conjunction with installing a sub-slab depressurization system, and changing the pressurization of the building in conjunction with monitoring. The type, or combination of types, of mitigation is determined on a building-specific basis, taking into account building construction and operating conditions. Mitigation is considered a temporary measure implemented to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion until contaminated environmental media are remediated. Mitigation is needed to minimize current or potential exposures associated with soil vapor intrusion. The most common mitigation methods are sealing

## MONITOR / MITIGATE:

or mitigation may be recommended after considering the magnitude of sub-slab vapor and indoor air concentrations along with building- and site-

### ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR MATRIX 1

This matrix summarizes the minimum actions recommended to address current and potential exposures related to soil vapor intrusion. To use the matrix appropriately as a tool in the decision-making process, the following should be noted:

- [1] The matrix is generic. As such, it may be appropriate to modify a recommended action to accommodate building-specific conditions (e.g., dirt floor in basement, crawl spaces, etc.) and/or factors provided in Section 3.2 of the guidance (e.g., current land use, environmental conditions, etc.). For example, resampling may be recommended when the matrix indicates "no further action" for a particular building, but the results of adjacent buildings (especially sub-slab vapor results) indicate a need to take actions to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion. Additionally, actions more protective of public health than those specified within the matrix may be proposed at any time. For example, the party implementing the actions may decide to install sub-slab depressurization systems on buildings where the matrix indicates "no further action" or "monitoring." Such an action is usually undertaken for reasons other than public health (e.g., seeking community acceptance, reducing excessive costs, etc.).
- [2] Actions provided in the matrix are specific to addressing human exposures. Implementation of these actions does not preclude investigating possible sources of vapor contamination, nor does it preclude remediating contaminated soil vapors or the source of soil vapor contamination.
- [3] Appropriate care should be taken during all aspects of sample collection to ensure that high quality data are obtained. Since the data are being used in the decision-making process, the laboratory analyzing the environmental samples must have current Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) certification for the appropriate analyte and environmental matrix combinations. Furthermore, samples should be analyzed by methods that can achieve a minimum reporting limit of 0.25 microgram per cubic meter for indoor and outdoor air samples. For sub-slab vapor samples, a minimum reporting limit of 5 micrograms per cubic meter is recommended for buildings with full slab foundations, and 1 microgram per cubic meter for buildings with less than a full slab foundation.
- [4] Sub-slab vapor and indoor air samples are typically collected when the likelihood of soil vapor intrusion to occur is considered to be the greatest (i.e., worst-case conditions). If samples are collected at other times (typically, samples collected outside of the heating season), then resampling during worst-case conditions may be appropriate to verify that actions taken to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion are protective of human health.
- [5] When current exposures are attributed to sources other than soil vapor intrusion, the agencies should be given documentation (e.g., applicable environmental data, completed indoor air sampling questionnaire, digital photographs, etc.) to support a proposed action other than that provided in the matrix box and to support agency assessment and follow-up.
- [6] The party responsible for implementing the recommended actions will differ depending upon several factors, including the identified source of the volatile chemicals, the environmental remediation program, and site-specific and building-specific conditions. For example, to the extent that all site data and site conditions demonstrate that soil vapor intrusion is not occurring and that the potential for soil vapor intrusion to occur is not likely, the soil vapor intrusion investigation would be considered complete. In general, if indoor exposures represent a concern due to indoor sources, then the State will provide guidance to the property owner and/or tenant on ways to reduce their exposure. If indoor exposures represent a concern due to outdoor sources, then the NYSDEC will decide who is responsible for further investigation and any necessary remediation. Depending upon the outdoor source, this responsibility may or may not fall upon the party conducting the soil vapor intrusion investigation.

# Soil Vapor/Indoor Air Matrix 2

October 2006

		INDOOR AIR CONCENTRATION of COMPOUND (mcg/m³)	ION of COMPOUND (mcg/n	n³)
SUB-SLAB VAPOR CONCENTRATION of COMPOUND (mcg/m³)	> >	3 to < 30	30 to < 100	100 and above
< 100	1. No further action	2. Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures	3. Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures	<ol> <li>Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures</li> </ol>
100 to < 1,000	5. MONITOR	6. MONITOR / MITIGATE 7. MITIGATE	7. MITIGATE	8. MITIGATE
1,000 and above	9. MITIGATE	10. MITIGATE	11. MITIGATE	12. MITIGATE

### further action:

Given that the compound was not detected in the indoor air sample and that the concentration detected in the sub-slab vapor sample is not expected significantly affect indoor air quality, no additional actions are needed to address human exposures.

# Take reasonable and practical actions to identify source(s) and reduce exposures:

detected in the sub-slab vapor sample. Therefore, steps should be taken to identify potential source(s) and to reduce exposures accordingly (e.g., by keeping containers tightly capped or by storing volatile organic compound-containing products in places where people do not spend much time, such as a garage or he concentration detected in the indoor air sample is likely due to indoor and/or outdoor sources rather than soil vapor intrusion given the concentration outdoor shed). Resampling may be recommended to demonstrate the effectiveness of actions taken to reduce exposures.

### ONITOR

Monitoring, including sub-slab vapor, basement air, lowest occupied living space air, and outdoor air sampling, is needed to determine whether concentrations in the indoor air or sub-slab vapor have changed. Monitoring may also be needed to determine whether existing building conditions (e.g., positive pressure heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems) are maintaining the desired mitigation endpoint and to determine whether changes are needed. The type and frequency of monitoring is determined on a site-specific and building-specific basis, taking into account applicable environmental data and building operating conditions. Monitoring is an interim measure required to evaluate exposures related to soil vapor intrusion until contaminated environmental are remediated.

### AITIGATE:

Mitigation is needed to minimize current or potential exposures associated with soil vapor intrusion. The most common mitigation methods are sealing preferential pathways in conjunction with installing a sub-slab depressurization system, and changing the pressurization of the building in conjunction with operating conditions. Mitigation is considered a temporary measure implemented to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion until contaminated monitoring. The type, or combination of types, of mitigation is determined on a building-specific basis, taking into account building construction and environmental media are remediated.

## MONITOR / MITIGATE:

Monitoring or mitigation may be recommended after considering the magnitude of sub-slab vapor and indoor air concentrations along with building- and site-

See additional notes on page 2.

### **ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR MATRIX 2**

This matrix summarizes the minimum actions recommended to address current and potential exposures related to soil vapor intrusion. To use the matrix appropriately as a tool in the decision-making process, the following should be noted:

- [1] The matrix is generic. As such, it may be appropriate to modify a recommended action to accommodate building-specific conditions (e.g., dirt floor in basement, crawl spaces, etc.) and/or factors provided in Section 3.2 of the guidance (e.g., current land use, environmental conditions, etc.). For example, resampling may be recommended when the matrix indicates "no further action" for a particular building, but the results of adjacent buildings (especially sub-slab vapor results) indicate a need to take actions to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion. Additionally, actions more protective of public health than those specified within the matrix may be proposed at any time. For example, the party implementing the actions may decide to install sub-slab depressurization systems on buildings where the matrix indicates "no further action" or "monitoring." Such an action is usually undertaken for reasons other than public health (e.g., seeking community acceptance, reducing excessive costs, etc.).
- [2] Actions provided in the matrix are specific to addressing human exposures. Implementation of these actions does not preclude investigating possible sources of vapor contamination, nor does it preclude remediating contaminated soil vapors or the source of soil vapor contamination.
- [3] Appropriate care should be taken during all aspects of sample collection to ensure that high quality data are obtained. Since the data are being used in the decision-making process, the laboratory analyzing the environmental samples must have current Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) certification for the appropriate analyte and environmental matrix combinations. Furthermore, samples should be analyzed by methods that can achieve a minimum reporting limit of 3 micrograms per cubic meter for indoor and outdoor air samples. For sub-slab vapor samples, a minimum reporting limit of 5 micrograms per cubic meter is recommended.
- [4] Sub-slab vapor and indoor air samples are typically collected when the likelihood of soil vapor intrusion to occur is considered to be the greatest (i.e., worst-case conditions). If samples are collected at other times (typically, samples collected outside of the heating season), then resampling during worst-case conditions may be appropriate to verify that actions taken to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion are protective of human health.
- [5] When current exposures are attributed to sources other than soil vapor intrusion, the agencies should be given documentation (e.g., applicable environmental data, completed indoor air sampling questionnaire, digital photographs, etc.) to support a proposed action other than that provided in the matrix box and to support agency assessment and follow-up.
- [6] The party responsible for implementing the recommended actions will differ depending upon several factors, including the identified source of the volatile chemicals, the environmental remediation program, and site-specific and building-specific conditions. For example, to the extent that all site data and site conditions demonstrate that soil vapor intrusion is not occurring and that the potential for soil vapor intrusion to occur is not likely, the soil vapor intrusion investigation would be considered complete. In general, if indoor exposures represent a concern due to indoor sources, then the State will provide guidance to the property owner and/or tenant on ways to reduce their exposure. If indoor exposures represent a concern due to outdoor sources, then the NYSDEC will decide who is responsible for further investigation and any necessary remediation. Depending upon the outdoor source, this responsibility may or may not fall upon the party conducting the soil vapor intrusion investigation.

### APPENDIX I

**Test America Analytical Package (Groundwater)** 

Date: 09/05/2007 Time: 16:57:12

Rept: AN1246

Golder Associates-PO # 5420013 PO # 540013 GOLDER-SW8463 8260 - TCL VOLATILES - 25 ML- W

Client ID Job No Sample Date		DUP A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983605	TRIP BLANK A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983606	VCA-MW5-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983601	VCA-MW5-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983601DL
Analyte	Units	Sample Value	Reporting Limit	Sample Value	Reporting Limit	Sample Value	Reporting Limit	Sample Value	Reporting Limit
Acetone	1/9n	ON S	5.0	ON S	5.0	2 2	5.0	<b>Q Q</b>	1000
Bromodich oromethane	1,871	2 2		2	1.0	2	1.0	ON	200
Bromoform	UG/L	2	0.	QN.	1.0	2	0.7	2 9	200
Bromomethane	NG/L	요 :	1.0	9 9	0,0	2 9	- v	2 2	1000
2-Butanone	7/9/I	2 5	0.0	2 5	0.5	2 2	0,1	2 2	888
Carbon Disultide Carbon Tetrachloride	1 06/L	2 2	200	2 2	1.0	9	1.0	9	.200
Chlorobenzene	1/5n	QN	1.0	Q	1.0	2 :	0,0	2 9	500
Chloroethane	ng/L	2 5	0,0	99	0.0	2 2		2 2	200
Chlorotorm	06/L	2 5	0.0	2 2		8	0.	9	200
Cycl one chance	1, n	1.6	1.0	Q	1.0	0.56 J	1.0	2 :	200
1,2-Dibromoethane	UG/L	QN :	0.	9 9	0.0	2 9	0.0	2 2	382
Dibromochloromethane	106/1	2 5	200	2 2	0.0	2 2	2.2.	9	200
1, z-bibromo-3-cutoropiopane 11, 2-bichtorobenzene	UG/L	S 8		9	1.0	Q	1.0	8	200
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	U6/1	NO.	1.0	€ :	1.0	9 9	0.6	99	2000
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	16/L	<b>9</b> 9	0,0	<b>S</b>		2 9		2 2	200
Dichlorodifluoromethane	7/90 1/91	2 5		2 5	0.0	2		<u> </u>	200
1, 1-Dichloroethane	7/50 NG/L	2 9	.0.	8	1.0	QN.	1.0	S	200
1,1-Dichloroethene	1/5n	Q	1.0	9	1.0	12	0.0	ON COST	200
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	UG/L	9	0.0	2 9	0,0	1100 E		000	2002
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	7/97	99	) ·	2 5	0.0	± 2	0.0	2 8	200
,z-bicatoropropane  cis-1 3-bichloropropene	7/90 100/1	2 2		2	1.0	2	1.0	ON	200
trans-1,3-Dichloropene	UG/L	2	1.0	2	0.0	9 ?	0.0	2 9	200
Ethylbenzene	1/9/I	9 :	0.0	2 9	- 4	C (1.0	- r.	2 9	1000
2-Hexanone	UG/L	2 5		£ 5		9	1.0	9	200
Isopropylbenzene	U6/L	€ €		2 2	0.	9	1.0	8	500
Methyl acetate   Methylryc  obexade	187	1.3	1,0	9	1.0	0.61 J	1.0		200
Methylene chloride	10G/L	8	1.0	0.62 BJ	1.0	2		220 BD	200
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	UG/L	S	5.0	2	0.0	2 :	D. 4	2 5	000
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	UG/L	2	0.0	2 9	 	2 5	0.0	2 2	2002
Styrene	1/90	2 2		2 9	0.	2	1-0	QN	200
I, 1, 2, 2 - 1 et acirol detilatie   Tetrach loroethene	7/PC	2 8	.0:	2	1.0	4400 E	1.0	18000 D	200
Toluene	UG/L	9	1.0	2 9	0,0	æ			002
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	7/90	<b>S S</b>	D. C	2 5	, ,	2 2	200	9	200
1,1,1-1rlchloroethane	7/8/1 08/1	2 2	0.0	<u> </u>	1.0	QN	1.0	9	200

Date: 09/05/2007 Time: 16:57:12

Rept: AN1246

Golder Associates-PO # 5420013 PO # 540013 GOLDER-SW8463 8260 - TCL VOLATILES - 25 ML- W

Client ID Job No Sample Date		DUP A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983605	TRIP BLANK A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983606	VCA-MW5-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983601	VCA~MW5-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	A7983601DL
Analyte	Units	Sample Value	Reporting Limit	Sample Value	Reporting Limit	Sample Value	Reporting Limit	Sample Value	Reporting Limit
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluor UG/I Trichloroethene UG/I Trichloroethene UG/I Vinyl acetate UG/I Vinyl chloride UG/I Total Xylenes UG/I	ne/r ne/r ne/r ne/r	S S S S S	1.0 1.0 5.0 3.0	2 2 2 2 Q Q	1.0 1.0 1.0 5.0 1.0	ND ND 1900 E ND 52 5.2	7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0	ND ND 3200 D ND ND ND	200 200 200 1000 200 200 600
IS/SURROGATE(S) Chlorobenzene-D5 1,4-Difluorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-D4 Toluene-D8 p-Bromofluorobenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane-D4	*****	101 104 89 94 93	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120 66-137	100 102 88 88 92 92 109	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120 66-137	102 100 90 100 99	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120 66-137	104 107 92 97 95	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120

STL Buffalo

Golder Associates-PO # 5420013 PO # 540013 GOLDER-SW8463 8260 - TCL VOLATILES - 25 ML- W

Date: 09/05/2007 Time: 16:57:12

Rept: AN1246

603	ting	0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.
A7983603	Reporting Limit	
VCA-MW8-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
A7983602DL	Reporting Limit	6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
VCA-MW7-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
A7983602	Reporting Limit	899999999999999999999999999999999999999
VCA-MW7-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
A7983604	Reporting Limit	N
VCA-M46-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	7.0 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 9 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 9 6 6 6 7 7 9 6 6 6 9 6 6 9 6 6 6 9 6 6 9 6 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9
	Units	7/9n 7/9n 7/9n 7/9n 7/9n 7/9n 7/9n 7/9n
Client ID Job No Sample Date	Analyte	Acetone Benzene Bromodichloromethane Bromodichloromethane Caburanone Carbon Disulfide Carbon Tetrachloride Chloroberzene Chloromethane Chloromethane Chloromethane Chloromethane Chloromethane Chloromethane 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,1-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,2-Dichloropropene trans-1,2-Dichloropropene trans-1,2-Dichloropropene Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Ethylbenzene Methyl acetate Methyl acetate Methyl acetate Methyl-2-pentanone Methyl-1-Butyl Ether (MTBE) Styrene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,2-Tichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane

Date: 09/05/2007 Time: 16:57:12

Rept: AN1246

Golder Associates-PO # 5420013 PO # 540013 GOLDER-SW8463 8260 - TCL VOLATILES - 25 ML- W

A7983603	Reporting Limit	0.1.0 0.1.0 0.0.0 0.0.0	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120
VCA-MW8-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON O	96 100 85 107 103
A7983602DL	Reporting Limit	20 20 20 100 20 20	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120 66-137
VCA-MW7-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	ND ND 28 D ND ND ND ND	87 88 74 74 99 96
A7983602	Reporting Limit	10 10 50 10 30	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120 66-137
VCA-M47-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	N N 26 26 N N O N O N O N O N O N O N O O N O O N O O N O O N O	99 102 86 101 96 116
A7983604	Reporting Limit	3.00.00	50-200 50-200 50-200 71-126 73-120 66-137
VCA-MW6-BR A07-9836 08/31/2007	Sample Value	<u> </u>	96 99 97 98 111
	Units	1/5n 1/5n 1/5n 1/5n 1/5n 1/5n	26 26 26 26 26
Client ID Job No Sample Date	Analyte	rifluor.	Chlorobenzene-D5 1,4-Difluorobenzene-D4 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-D4 Toluene-D8 p-Bromofluorobenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane-D4

### APPENDIX J

**Centek Analytical Package (Vapor and Air)** 

### CENTEK LABORATORIES, LLC

143 Midler Park Drive \* Syracuse, NY 13206

Phone (315) 431-9730 \* Fax (315) 431-9731 \* Emergency 24/7 (315) 416-2751

NELAC Certificate No. 11830



Thursday, October 11, 2007

Mr. Norm Wohlabaugh Golder Associates 2221 Niagara Falls Blvd

Suite 9

Niagara Falls, NY 14304

TEL: 716-215-0650 FAX 716-215-0655

RE: BUF Business Park

Dear Mr. Norm Wohlabaugh:

OCT | 7 2007

Order No.: C0710010

Centek Laboratories, LLC received 3 sample(s) on 10/8/2007 for the analyses presented in the following report.

Analytical results relate to samples as received at laboratory. We do our best to make our reporting format clear and understandable and hope you are thoroughly satisfied with our services.

Centek Laboratories is distinctively qualified to meet your needs for precise and timely volatile organic compound analysis. We perform all analyses according to EPA, NIOSH or OSHA-approved analytical methods. Centek Laboratories is dedicated to providing quality analyses and exceptional customer service.

Please contact your client service representative, Michael Palmer at (315) 431-9730, if you would like any additional information regarding this report.

Thank you for using Centek Laboratories. This report can not be reproduced except in its entirety, without prior written authorization.

Sincerely,

Michael Palmer

Director of Client Services

**CLIENT:** 

Golder Associates

Project:

BUF Business Park

Lab Order:

C0710010

**Date:** 11-Oct-07

**CASE NARRATIVE** 

All method blanks, laboratory spikes, and/or matrix spikes met quality assurance objective except as indicated in the case narrative. All samples were received and analyzed within the EPA recommended holding times. Test results are not Method Blank (MB) corrected for contamination. Samples were analyzed using the methods outlined in the following references:

Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds, Compendium Method TO-15, January 1999.

Level I Level II Cat "B" LIKe	de			Vacuum	~ 1 m ≥	14520	1.											Express.	www.CentekLabs.com		· ·
S Park: 5ppbv 1ug/M3 +TCE.25 Company:	Invoice: North Mobile baugh		Phone: UAIVIC		Commens	detection limiti		0.27 /0/ 25.0									Date/Time Courier:	12	10/4/1800	70/0/01	
Sile Name: Bust. Business Project: Des. 9477 POlf: Des. 9477 Other:	9	4 1430t			1	VOC / TO-17	voc / 10-17	voc / ro-15						-	-			J. Jan.	THE STATE OF THE S	(Vence	
<b>Chain of Custody</b> Emergency: 315-416-2751.1416-2752	Company: Golder Associates, Loc. Renort: Ach. 1, 1, Notaro	ZZZ NIK Niegota	16: (716) 215	Fax: (110) 215-0077	Canister Regulator Number Number	233 245	421 395	474 251		-			-					Signature			
	AT Je %	35%			200% Date Sampled	10/1/04	20/4/01	10/4/07			-					-		Print Name	Anthony 4. Notaro	Soula	
Centek Laboratories, L 143 Midler Park Drive Syracuse, NY 13206	Phone; 315-431-9730 reax, 313-431 or Phone; 315-431-9730 reak Turnaround Time; One Surcharg	5 Business Days 4 Business Days	3 Business Days 2 Business Days	Next Day by 5pm Next Day by Noon	Same Day Sample ID	77	Indoor Air	QUEDOOR AIR	ווא סאוכימוס									Chain of Custody	Sampled by:	Received at Lab by:	

**Date:** 11-Oct-07

CLIENT:

Golder Associates

Lab Order:

C0710010

Project:

BUF Business Park

Lab ID:

C0710010-001A

Client Sample ID: Indoor Air Tag Number: 233,295

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit Q	ual Un	its DF	Date Analyzed
FIELD PARAMETERS		FLD			Analyst:
Vacuum Reading "Hg	-3		"Hg		10/4/2007
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY N	ETHOD TO15	TO-1	5		Analyst: <b>RJF</b>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.6	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.86	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,3-butadiene	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.15	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dioxane	ND	0.30	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	1.7	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
4-ethyltoluene	0.34	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
Acetone	31	6.0	ppb	V 20	10/9/2007
Allyl chloride	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
Benzene	2.4	3.0	J ppb	V 20	10/9/2007
Benzyl chloride	ND	0.15	ppb	V 1	10/8/2007
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.15	ppb'	V . 1	10/8/2007
Bromoform	ND	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
Bromomethane	ND	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
Carbon disulfide	0.26	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
Chloroethane	ND	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
Chloroform	ND	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
Chloromethane	ND	0.15	ppb'	V 1	10/8/2007
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15	ppb'		10/8/2007
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.15	ppb'		10/8/2007
Cyclohexane	1.3	0.15	bbp,	√ 1	10/8/2007
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.15	ppb'		10/8/2007
Ethyl acetate	ND	0.25	bbp,		10/8/2007
Ethylbenzene	1.8	0.15	ppb'		10/8/2007

- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- $JN \quad \ Non-routine \ analyte. \ Quantitation \ estimated.$
- S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

**Date:** 11-Oct-07

CLIENT:

Golder Associates

Lab Order:

C0710010

Project:

BUF Business Park

Lab ID:

C0710010-001A

Client Sample ID: Indoor Air

Tag Number: 233,295 Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit (	Qual Unit	s DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY M	ETHOD TO15	TO-	15		Analyst: <b>RJF</b>
Freon 11	0.36	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 113	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 114	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 12	0.64	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Heptane	1.7	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Hexane	1.9	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Isopropyl alcohol	35	3.0	ppbV	20	10/9/2007
m&p-Xylene	3.0	6.0	J ppbV	20	10/9/2007
Methyl Butyl Ketone	ND	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.7	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methylene chloride	0.21	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
o-Xylene	1.4	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Propylene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Styrene	0.73	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Tetrachloroethylene	0.15	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	0.15	ppbV	· 1	10/8/2007
Toluene	6.2	3.0	ppbV	20	10/9/2007
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Trichloroethene	0.29	0.040	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl acetate	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl Bromide	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Surr: Bromofluorobenzene	111	70-130	%RE	C 1	10/8/2007

lifiers	

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

Value above quantitation range

J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

**Date:** 11-Oct-07

CLIENT:

Golder Associates

Lab Order:

C0710010

BUF Business Park

Project: Lab ID:

C0710010-002A

Client Sample ID: Outdoor Air

**Tag Number:** 421,395

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit Q	ual Units	DF	Date Analyzed
FIELD PARAMETERS		FLD			Analyst:
Vacuum Reading "Hg	-4		"Hg		10/4/2007
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY N	ETHOD TO15	TO-15	i		Analyst: RJP
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.40	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.22	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,3-butadiene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dioxane	ND	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
4-ethyltoluene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Acetone	9.0	1.5	ppbV	5	10/9/2007
Allyl chloride	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Benzene	0.27	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Benzyl chloride	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Bromoform	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Bromomethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Carbon disulfide	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Chloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Chloroform	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Chloromethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15	ppb∨	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Cyclohexane	0.12	0.15	J ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Ethyl acetate	ND	0.25	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Ethylbenzene	0.14	0.15	J ppbV	1	10/8/2007

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.
- S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Date: 11-Oct-07

**CLIENT:** 

Golder Associates

Lab Order:

C0710010

Project:

**BUF Business Park** 

Lab ID:

C0710010-002A

Client Sample ID: Outdoor Air

**Tag Number: 421,395** 

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY M	ETHOD TO15	TO-	-15			Analyst: RJP
Freon 11	0.22	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 113	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 114	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 12	0.46	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Heptane	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Hexane	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Isopropyl alcohol	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
m&p-Xylene	0.40	0.30		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Butyl Ketone	ND	0.30		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.4	0.30		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	0.30		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methylene chloride	0.17	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
o-Xylene	0.14	0.15	J	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Propylene	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Styrene	0.12	0.15	J	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Toluene	1.2	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Trichloroethene	0.16	0.040		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl acetate	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl Bromide	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.15		ppbV	1	10/8/2007

70-130

%REC

Oua	lifi	are

Surr: Bromofluorobenzene

107

10/8/2007

Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

Η Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

JΝ Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.

Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

Value above quantitation range

Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

CLIENT: Lab Order:

C0710010

Golder Associates **BUF Business Park** 

Project: Lab ID:

C0710010-003A

Date: 11-Oct-07

Client Sample ID: Sub-slab Air

**Tag Number: 474,251** 

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit Qua	l Units	DF	Date Analyzed
FIELD PARAMETERS		FLD			Analyst:
Vacuum Reading "Hg	-3		"Hg		10/4/2007
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY M	ETHOD TO15	TO-15			Analyst: RJP
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.84	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.22	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.49	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,3-butadiene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.16	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dioxane	ND	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	0.59	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
4-ethyltoluene	0.20	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Acetone	46	6.0	ppbV .	20	10/9/2007
Allyl chloride	ND	0.15	Vdqq	1	10/8/2007
Benzene	1.5	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Benzyl chloride	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Bromoform	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Bromomethane	0.46	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Carbon disulfide	0.43	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.15	Vdqq	1	10/8/2007
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Chloroethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Chloroform	0.12	0.15 J	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Chloromethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.7	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Cyclohexane	2.3	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Ethyl acetate	ND	0.25	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Ethylbenzene	1.6	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007

- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- Η Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.
- Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- Value above quantitation range
- Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Date: 11-Oct-07

CLIENT:

Golder Associates

Lab Order: Project:

Lab ID:

C0710010

**BUF Business Park** C0710010-003A

Client Sample ID: Sub-slab Air

**Tag Number:** 474,251

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY MI	ETHOD TO15	TO-15			Analyst: <b>RJ</b> F
Freon 11	0.31	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 113	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 114	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Freon 12	1.2	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Heptane	2.2	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Hexane	4.4	3.0	ppbV	20	10/9/2007
Isopropyl alcohol	28	3.0	ppbV	20	10/9/2007
m&p-Xylene	3.2	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Butyl Ketone	ND	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	7.0	6.0	ppbV	20	10/9/2007
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	0.30	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Methylene chloride	1.5	0.15	ppb∨	1	10/8/2007
o-Xylene	0.87	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Propylene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Styrene	1.3	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Tetrachloroethylene	0.61	0.15	ppb∨	1	10/8/2007
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Toluene	8.4	3.0	ppbV	20	10/9/2007
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Trichloroethene	7.6	0.80	ppb∨	20	10/9/2007
Vinyl acetate	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl Bromide	ND	0.15	ppb∨	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.15	ppbV	1	10/8/2007
Surr: Bromofluorobenzene	107	70-130	%REC	1	10/8/2007

- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- Η Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.
- Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- Value above quantitation range
- Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

-

Lab Order:

C0710010

Project:

**CLIENT:** 

BUF Business Park

Golder Associates

Lab ID:

C0710010-001A

Date: 11-Oct-07

Client Sample ID: Indoor Air

**Tag Number:** 233,295 **Collection Date:** 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY N	TETHOD TO15	то	-15			Analyst: <b>RJP</b>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.83		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.83		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.62		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.1		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	7.9	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.62		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.70		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	4.3	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3-butadiene	ND	0.34		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.92	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dioxane	ND	1.1		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	7.9	0.71		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
4-ethyltoluene	1.7	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Acetone	76	14		ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
Allyl chloride	ND	0.48		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Benzene	7.8	9.7	J	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
Benzyl chloride	ND	0.88		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromoform	ND	1.6		ug/m3	1 .	10/8/2007
Bromomethane	ND	0.59		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Carbon disulfide	0.82	0.47		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.96		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.70		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloroethane	ND	0.40		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloroform	ND	0.74		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloromethane	ND	0.31		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.69		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Cyclohexane	4.5	0.52		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.3		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Ethyl acetate	ND	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Ethylbenzene	7.9	0.66		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 11	2.1	0.86		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 113	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 114	ND	1.1		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007

- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- $JN \quad \ \ Non-routine\ analyte.\ Quantitation\ estimated.$
- S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Golder Associates

CLIENT: Lab Order:

C0710010

Project:

BUF Business Park

Lab ID:

C0710010-001A

**Date:** 11-Oct-07

Client Sample ID: Indoor Air Tag Number: 233,295

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY MI	ETHOD TO15	TO-	-15			Analyst: <b>RJP</b>
Freon 12	3.2	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Heptane	7.0	0.62		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	ND	1.6		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Hexane	6.8	0.54		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Isopropyl alcohol	87	7.5		ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
m&p-Xylene	13	26	J	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
Methyl Butyl Ketone	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	5.2	0.90		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.55		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methylene chloride	0.74	0.53		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
o-Xylene	6.1	0.66		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Propylene	ND	0.26		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Styrene	3.2	0.65		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Tetrachloroethylene	1.0	1.0		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	0.45		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Toluene	24	11		ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.69		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Trichloroethene	1.6	0.22		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl acetate	ND	0.54		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl Bromide	ND	0.67		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.39		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- JN Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.
- S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

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Golder Associates

CLIENT: Lab Order:

C0710010

Client Sample ID: Outdoor Air

Date: 11-Oct-07

**Tag Number:** 421,395

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Project: BUF Business Park
Lab ID: C0710010-002A

Analyses	Result	Limit	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY N	METHOD TO15	то	-15			Analyst: <b>RJP</b>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.83		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.83		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.62		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.1		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	2.0	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.62		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.70		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.1	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3-butadiene	ND	0.34		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dioxane	ND	1.1		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	ND	0.71		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
4-ethyltoluene	ND	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Acetone	22	3.6		ug/m3	5	10/9/2007
Allyl chloride	ND	0.48		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Benzene	0.88	0.49		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Benzyl chloride	ND	0.88		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromoform	ND	1.6		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromomethane	ND	0.59		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Carbon disulfide	ND	0.47		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.96		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.70		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloroethane	ND	0.40		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloroform	ND	0.74		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloromethane	ND	0.31		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.69		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Cyclohexane	0.42	0.52	J	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.3		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Ethyl acetate	ND	0.92		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Ethylbenzene	0.62	0.66	J	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 11	1.3	0.86		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 113	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 114	ND	1.1		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007

- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- JN Non-routine analyte, Quantitation estimated.
- S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Date: 11-Oct-07

CLIENT:

Golder Associates

Lab Order:

C0710010

Client Sample ID: Outdoor Air

**Tag Number:** 421,395

Project: Lab ID: **BUF Business Park** C0710010-002A

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

nalyses	Result	Limit	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY METHOD TO15		TO-15				Analyst: RJP
Freon 12	2.3	0.75		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Heptane	ND	0.62		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	ND	1.6		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Hexane	ND	0.54		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Isopropyl alcohol	ND	0.37		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
m&p-Xylene	1.8	1.3		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Butyl Ketone	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	4.2	0.90		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	1.2		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.55		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methylene chloride	0.60	0.53		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
o-Xylene	0.62	0.66	J	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Propylene	ND	0.26		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Styrene	0.52	0.65	J	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	1.0		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	0.45		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Toluene	4.5	0.57		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.69		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Trichloroethene	0.87	0.22		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl acetate	ND	0.54		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl Bromide	ND	0.67		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.39		ug/m3	1	10/8/2007

- В Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded Н
- JΝ Non-routine analyte. Quantitation estimated.
- Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- Value above quantitation range
- Analyte detected at or below quantitation limits
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

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CLIENT: Lab Order:

C0710010

Project:

BUF Business Park

Golder Associates

Lab ID:

C0710010-003A

Date: 11-Oct-07

Client Sample ID: Sub-slab Air

**Tag Number: 474,251** 

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY METHOD TO15		TO-15			Analyst: RJF
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.83	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.83	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.62	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.1	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	4.2	0.75	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	1.2	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.92	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.91	0.62	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.70	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	2.4	0.75	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3-butadiene	ND	0.34	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.92	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.98	0.92	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
1,4-Dioxane	ND	1.1	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	2.8	0.71	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
4-ethyltoluene	1.0	0.75	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Acetone	110	14	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
Allyl chloride	ND	0.48	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Benzene	4.9	0.49	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Benzyl chloride	ND	0.88	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromoform	ND	1.6	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Bromomethane	1.8	0.59	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Carbon disulfide	1.4	0.47	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.96	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.70	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloroethane	ND	0.40	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloroform	0.60	0.74 J	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Chloromethane	ND	0.31	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6.9	0.60	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.69	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Cyclohexane	8.1	0.52	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.3	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Ethyl acetate	ND	0.92	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Ethylbenzene	7.2	0.66	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 11	1.8	0.86	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 113	ND	1.2	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Freon 114	ND	1.1	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007

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CLIENT:

Golder Associates

Lab Order: Project:

C0710010

BUF Business Park

Lab ID:

C0710010-003A

Date: 11-Oct-07

Client Sample ID: Sub-slab Air

**Tag Number:** 474,251

Collection Date: 10/4/2007

Matrix: AIR

Analyses	Result	Limit Qu	ıal Units	DF	Date Analyzed
1UG/M3 W/ 0.25UG/M3 TCE BY METHOD TO15		TO-15			Analyst: RJP
Freon 12	5.8	0.75	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Heptane	9.2	0.62	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	ND	1.6	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Hexane	16	11	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
Isopropyl alcohol	69	7.5	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
m&p-Xylene	14	1.3	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Butyl Ketone	ND	1.2	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	21	18	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	1.2	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	0.55	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Methylene chloride	5.2	0.53	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
o-Xylene	3.8	0.66	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Propylene	ND	0.26	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Styrene	5.6	0.65	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Tetrachloroethylene	4.2	1.0	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	0.45	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Toluene	32	11	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.60	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.69	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Trichloroethene	42	4.4	ug/m3	20	10/9/2007
Vinyl acetate	ND	0.54	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl Bromide	ND	0.67	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.39	ug/m3	1	10/8/2007

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