NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Office of Climate, Air, & Energy, Deputy Commissioner 625 Broadway, 14th Floor, Albany, New York 12233-1010 P: (518) 402-2794 | F: (518) 402-9016 www.dec.ny.gov

March 15, 2021

Mr. Walter Mugdan Acting Regional Administrator U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 290 Broadway, 26th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866

Dear Acting Administrator Mugdan:

On behalf of the Governor of the State of New York, I am submitting for approval by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision to incorporate revisions to Title 6 of the New York Codes, Rules, and Regulations (NYCRR) Part 231 and attendant revisions to 6 NYCRR Part 200 as adopted on January 19, 2021.

On October 12, 2011, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) submitted a revised SIP to EPA that included revisions to 6 NYCRR Part 231 that were based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. However, EPA did not approve certain portions of the revised 6 NYCRR Part 231 into the SIP because of policy changes to the underlying federal rule as well as changes related to two Supreme Court rulings that occurred after DEC's SIP submission. Consequently, 6 NYCRR Part 231, "New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modified Facilities," as adopted on January 19, 2021, includes revisions that conform to the updated and current federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings.

A public review process was held for the proposed SIP revisions. A "Notice of Proposed Rulemaking" that included information for three public hearings was published in the Environmental Notice Bulletin (ENB) and the New York State Register on February 12, 2020. Legislative public hearings on the proposed revisions to the regulations and the proposed subsequent submission as a SIP revision were scheduled to be held on April 14, 2020 in Albany; April 15, 2020 in Long Island City; and April 16, 2020 in Avon.

However, Governor Cuomo signed Executive Order No. 202, "Declaring a Disaster Emergency in the State of New York" on March 7, 2020 because of the COVID-19 pandemic. Consequently, the scheduled hearings were cancelled and the public comment period was extended by 30 days in order to allow the public enough time to submit written comments. The hearing cancellation and comment period extension notice was published in the April 1, 2020 ENB. No comments pertaining to the SIP revision were received by the DEC during the comment period.



The following documents are enclosed with this SIP revision:

- 1. Express Terms for 6 NYCRR Part 231, "New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities" and 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions," as proposed on February 12, 2020;
- 2. Notice of proposed rulemaking, including public hearing information, as published in the ENB and New York State Register on February 12, 2020;
- 3. Newspaper proofs of publication for the proposed rulemaking;
- 4. Notice of public hearing cancellation as published in the ENB on April 1, 2020;
- 5. Assessment of Public Comments for all comments received on the proposed rulemaking;
- 6. Certificate of Adoption dated January 19, 2021;
- 7. Express Terms for 6 NYCRR Part 231 and 6 NYCRR Part 200 as adopted on January 19, 2021; and
- 8. Notice of Adoption published in the ENB and New York State Register on February 10, 2021.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact Mr. Christopher LaLone, Acting Director, Division of Air Resources at (518) 402-8452.

Sincerely,

Jared Snyder

Deputy Commissioner

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Office of Climate, Air & Energy

Enclosures

c: R. Ruvo, EPA Region 2

C. LaLone

Express Terms

6 NYCRR PART 231, New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities

Existing sections 231-1.1 through 231-1.8 remain unchanged.

Existing sections 231-1.9 through 231-1.10 are amended to read as follows:

Section 231-1.9 Table 1.

'De minimis' emission limits

	'De minimis emission limit (tons
'Air contaminant'	per year)'
Carbon monoxide	100
Nitrogen oxides	40
Sulfur dioxide	40
[Pariculates] Particulates	25
Volatile organic compounds (for ozone nonattainment areas)	40
Lead	.6
Asbestos	0.007
Beryllium	0.0004
Mercury	0.1

Vinyl chloride	1
Fluorides	3
Sulfuric acid mist	7
Hydrogen sulfide	10
Total reduced sulfur	10
Reduced sulfur compounds	10

Section 231-1.10 Table 2.

Significant impacts for nonattainment areas

'Air contaminant'		'Significant impact'
	'PPM'	'Weight/Volume ¹ '
Sulfur dioxide		
Annual	0.0004	$1.0~\mu\mathrm{g/m^3}$
24-hour	0.0019	$5.0 \mu \text{g/m}^3$
3-hour	0.009	25.0 [μ/m^3] $\mu g/m^3$
Particulates		
Annual	-	$1.0 [\mu/m^3] \mu g/m^3$

24-hour	-	$5.0 [\mu/m^3] \mu g/m^3$
Nitrogen oxides		
Annual	0.0005	$1.0 \ [\mu/m^3] \ \mu g/m^3$
Carbon monoxide		
8-hour	0.45	0.5 mg/m ³
1-hour	1.8	2.0 mg/m ³

¹ Weight/volume values are referenced to 25°C and 760 mm mercury.

Existing sections 231-2.1 through 231-2.3 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-2.4 is amended to read as follows:

Section 231-2.4 Permit requirements.

Any proposed source project or proposed major facility which emits any nonattainment contaminant and is subject to this Subpart according to any applicability criterion contained in section 231-2.2 (a) of this Subpart must comply with the following permit requirements:

(a) 'Application requirements'.

(1) Proposed source project netting out of applicability. The applicant shall, as part of a permit application for any significant source project that does not result in a significant net emission increase, identify each emission unit from which an ERC was used in a net emission increase determination of non-applicability in accordance with the requirements of section 231-2.7 of this Subpart. This shall include the Page 3 of 106

name of the emission unit, emission unit identification number, and the mechanism proposed to effect the ERC ('i.e.', emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over-control of emissions beyond an acceptable limit).

- (2) Proposed source project or proposed major facility subject to this Subpart. As part of a permit application for a proposed source project or proposed major facility subject to this Subpart, the applicant shall:
 - (i) certify that all emission units which are part of any major facility located in New York State and under the applicant's ownership or control (or under the ownership or control of any entity which controls, is controlled by, or has common control with the applicant) are in compliance, or are on a schedule for compliance, with all applicable emission limitations and standards under Chapter III of this [title] <u>Title</u>; and
 - (ii) submit an analysis of alternative sites, sizes, production processes, and environmental control techniques which demonstrates that benefits of the proposed source project or proposed major facility significantly outweigh the environmental and social costs imposed as a result of its location, construction, or modification within New York State; and
 - (iii) submit a LAER analysis in accordance with section 231-2.5 of this Subpart for each nonattainment contaminant subject to this Subpart; and
 - (iv) for emissions of PM-10 or CO only:
 - ('a') submit a list of the offset sources (facilities) from which ERCs will be used as part of the emission offsets required pursuant to section 231-2.9(b) of this Subpart. This

list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number (if applicable) and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit); and

('b') submit an air quality impact evaluation in accordance with the provisions of section 231-2.9(d) of this Subpart; and

- ('c') submit a revised air quality impact evaluation, if the list changes after the department's 'Notice of Complete Application'. Also, a supplemental public notice and a 30-day comment period shall be required in accordance with section 231-2.10(c)(1) of this Subpart.
- (b) 'Permit issuance requirements'. Prior to issuance of a permit for a proposed source project or proposed major facility subject to this Subpart, the applicant shall:
 - (1) submit a list of offset sources (facilities) from which ERCs of VOC or [Nox] $\underline{NO_x}$ will be used as part of an internal offset or a required emission offset. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number (if applicable), and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over-control of emissions beyond an applicable limit). If a part or all of the list is submitted or if the list changes, after the department's 'Notice of Complete Application', then a supplemental public notice and a 30-day comment period in accordance with section 231-2.10(c)(1) of this Subpart shall be required;
 - (2) submit a 'Use of Emission Reduction Credits Form' (duly completed and signed by the Page 5 of 106

applicant and an authorized representative of the seller facility) to the department for each offset source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed source project or proposed major facility, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed to the proposed project or facility;

- (3) submit a copy of each modified permit establishing emission reduction credits, only for future reductions as defined in section 231-2.1 of this Subpart; and
- (4) for emissions of VOC or NO_x in an ozone nonattainment area, comply with the contribution demonstration required in section 231-2.9(e) of this Subpart.
- (c) 'Offset confirmation prior to commencement of operation'. At least 60 days prior to the date a proposed source project or proposed major facility commences operation, the applicant shall submit:
 - (1) the original ERC certificate(s) to document procurement of sufficient ERCs for required emission offsets. The original certificate(s) must be sent to the department at the address shown on the reverse side of the certificate. Copies of such certificates must also be sent to the appropriate department regional office;
 - (2) any changes to the list of offset sources included in the permit issued in subdivision (b) of this section. For each such change, the applicant must submit another 'Use of Emission Reduction Credits Form' signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the new offset source; and
 - (3) no less than 10 working days prior to the date the proposed source project or proposed major facility commences operation, a letter stating that the future reductions (as defined in section 231-2.1 of

this Subpart) identified in the list of offset sources have physically occurred.

Once the project commences operation, the ERCs will be deemed to be used and the Registry will be amended accordingly.

- (d) 'Reissuance of ERC certificates for canceled or abandoned projects'. Prior to commencement of operation of a proposed source project or proposed major facility, if the applicant submits a letter informing the department of the cancellation of the proposed source project or proposed major facility, the department will reissue a certificate to the applicant for the total tons per year of ERCs submitted to the department as offsets.
- (e) 'Permit revocation'. Any permit issued pursuant to this Subpart to a proposed source project or proposed major facility shall be subject to revocation pursuant to Part 621 of this Title if:
 - (1) construction is not commenced within 18 months from the date of issuance, excluding any period of time that the permit modification or preconstruction permit is subject to challenge in State or Federal court;
 - (2) construction is discontinued for a period of 18 months or more, excluding any period of time that the permit is subject to challenge in State or Federal court; or
 - (3) construction is not completed within a reasonable time acceptable to the department.

The department may extend the 18 month period upon a satisfactory showing [than] that an extension is justified. This provision does not apply to the time period between construction of the approved phases of a phased construction project; each phase must commence construction within 18 months of the projected and approved commencement date.

Existing sections 231-2.5 through 231-3.4 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-3.5 is amended to read as follows:

231-3.5 Source obligation.

(a) The issuance of a permit does not relieve any owner or operator of the responsibility to comply fully with applicable provisions of the State Implementation Plan.

(b) For the purposes of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part only, at such time that a particular facility becomes a major facility[,] or a modification becomes a NSR major modification solely by virtue of a relaxation in any enforceable limitation which was established after August 7, 1980, on the capacity of the facility or modification otherwise to emit a regulated NSR contaminant, such as a restriction on hours of operation, then the requirements of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part, as applicable, apply to the facility as though construction had not yet commenced on the facility.

- (c) Any owner or operator of a facility that proposes a project that involves a physical change or change in the method of operation that the owner or operator determines would be followed by a facility emissions increase that exceeds baseline actual emissions and that equals or exceeds any of the significant project thresholds in Subpart 231-13 of this Part, table 3, 4 or 6, must notify the department in writing of the proposed project prior to implementing the change if the owner or operator determines that the project does not constitute a modification because all the emission increases are attributable to independent factors in accordance with section [231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c')] 231-4.1(b)(42)(i)('c') of this Part. The notification shall include the following:
 - (1) a description of the change;
 - (2) the calculation of the projected emissions increase;
 - (3) the proposed date of the change; and

(4) an explanation of the factual basis for the conclusion that none of the projected emission increases are attributable to the proposed project.

Existing sections 231-3.6 through 231-3.7 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-3.8 is amended to read as follows:

231-3.8 Facility shakedown period.

Upon commencement of operation, as defined in section [231-4.1(b)(12)] 231-4.1(b)(13) of this Part, of a major facility or new or modified emission source(s) at an existing facility, the owner or operator is allowed a shakedown period for such major facility or modified emission source(s) according to the following provisions:

- (a) The shakedown period shall not exceed 180 days from the date of commencement of operation. <u>For existing facilities</u>, each emission source included in the project may have a separate date for commencement of <u>operation</u>. The department may specify a shakedown period of less than 180 days in a permit.
- (b) The total mass emissions during the shakedown period must be quantified, in a manner approved by the department, and are to be included in the calculation demonstrating compliance with the permitted annual limit in tons per year (tpy) of the facility or emission source(s).
- (c) Emission limits other than annual emission limitations do not apply to a major facility or new or modified emission source(s) at an existing facility during the shakedown period. However, the owner or operator must make all reasonable efforts to minimize emissions during the shakedown period.

Existing section 231-3.9 remains unchanged.

Existing section 231-3.10 through Subpart 231-4 is amended to read as follows:

231-3.10 Severability clause.

Each [section or portion thereof,] <u>provision</u> of this Part shall be deemed severable, and in the event that any [section, or portion thereof,] <u>provision</u> of this Part is held to be invalid, the remainder of this Part will continue in full force and effect.

Subpart 231-4 Definitions

231-4.1 Definitions.

- (a) Unless otherwise defined in this section, the general definitions of Parts 200 and 201 of this Title apply.
- (b) For the purposes of this Part the following definitions also apply:
- (1) 'Actual emissions'. For the purposes of determining the baseline concentration, and the calculation of air quality impacts according to section 231-12.2 of this Part, the actual rate of emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant from an emission source, as determined in accordance with the following subparagraphs:
 - (i) actual emissions as of a particular date shall equal the rate at which the emission source actually emitted the regulated NSR contaminant during the 24 consecutive month period which precedes the particular date and which is representative of normal emission source operation. The department will allow the use of a different time period upon a determination that it is more representative of normal facility operation. Actual emissions shall be calculated using the emission source's actual operating hours, production rates, and types of materials processed, stored, or combusted during the selected time period;
 - (ii) the department may presume that facility specific allowable emissions for the emission source are equivalent to the actual emissions of the emission source; and

- (iii) for any emission source that has not commenced operation on the particular date, actual emissions shall equal the potential to emit of the emission source on that date.
- (2) 'Adverse impact on visibility'. Visibility impairment which interferes with the management, protection, preservation or enjoyment of the visitor's visual experience of the Federal class I area. This determination must be made on a case-by-case basis taking into account the geographic extent, intensity, duration, frequency and time of visibility impairment.
- (3) 'Allowable emissions'. This definition applies only for the purposes of determining the baseline concentration and the calculation of air quality impacts according to section 231-12.2 of this Part. The emission rate of a facility calculated using the maximum rated capacity of the facility (unless the facility is subject to permit conditions which restrict the operating rate, or hours of operation, or both) and the most stringent of the following:
 - (i) the applicable standards as set forth in 40 [CFR] <u>Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)</u> parts 60 and 61; or
 - (ii) the applicable State implementation plan emissions limitation, including those with a future compliance date; or
 - (iii) the emission rate specified in a permit condition, including those with a future compliance date.

- (4) 'Baseline actual emissions'. The annual rate of emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant from an emission source determined as follows:
 - (i) The average rate (as defined in clauses ('a'), ('b'), ('c'), [and] ('d'), and ('e') of this subparagraph), in tpy, at which an emission source physically emitted the contaminant during its baseline period, determined by using the source's actual operating hours, production rates, and types of materials processed, stored, or combusted during the selected baseline period.
 - ('a') The average rate includes fugitive emissions to the extent quantifiable if the facility belongs to one of the source categories listed in section 201-2.1(b)(21)(iii) of this Title, and emissions associated with startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions.
 - ('b') The average rate must be adjusted downward to exclude any non-compliant emissions that occurred while the emission source was operating above any applicable emission limitation.
 - ('c') Except for electric utility steam generating units, the average rate must be adjusted downward to exclude any emissions that exceeded an emission limitation with which the emission source must currently comply, had such emission source been required to comply with such limitations during the baseline period. However, if an emission limitation is part of a maximum achievable control technology standard that the administrator proposed or promulgated under 40 CFR part 63, the baseline actual emissions rate need only be adjusted if the State has taken credit for such emissions reductions in an attainment demonstration or maintenance plan consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 51.165(a)(3)(ii)(G). For the purposes of a creditable emission increase or emission

reduction credit used for netting, currently means at the time that the increase or reduction actually occurred.

- ('d') For a regulated NSR contaminant, when a project involves multiple emissions sources, one baseline period must be used to determine the baseline actual emissions of the emission source(s) being modified. A different baseline period cannot be used for each regulated NSR contaminant.
- ('e') For multiple emission sources shutting down not in conjunction with a modification, a different baseline period may be used for each emission source.
- (ii) The applicant must use a reliable basis for quantifying the baseline actual emissions. Continuous emissions monitoring (CEM) data or stack test data approved by the department must be used if the facility is required to generate such data. Facilities required to submit annual emission statements in accordance with Subpart 202-2 of this Title must use the same method for determining baseline actual emissions as was used for the approved emission statements for the time period encompassing the baseline period, unless CEM or stack test data is available. If such data is not available, acceptable bases for quantifying baseline actual emissions include, but are not limited to, [emission statements,] EPA's AP-42 emission factors, and fuel and solvent purchase records, with department approval.
- (5) 'Baseline area'. Any intrastate area (and every part thereof), designated as attainment or unclassifiable under section 107 of the act, in which the major facility or NSR major modification establishing the minor facility baseline date would construct or would have an air quality impact equal to

or greater than 1 μ g/m³ (annual average) for NO₂, SO₂, or PM-10; or equal to or greater than 0.3 μ g/m³ (annual average) for PM-2.5.

- (i) Area redesignations under section 107 of the act cannot intersect or be smaller than the area of impact of any major facility or NSR major modification which establishes a minor facility baseline date.
- (ii) Baseline areas pursuant to established air quality control regions (AQCR) are [defined and listed in NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] available upon request to the department.
- (6) 'Baseline concentration'.
- (i) The ambient concentration level that exists in the baseline area at the time of the applicable minor facility baseline date. A baseline concentration is determined for each regulated NSR contaminant for which a minor facility baseline date is established and must include:
 - ('a') the actual emissions representative of facilities in existence on the applicable minor facility baseline date, except as provided in this subparagraph; and
 - ('b') the allowable emissions of major facilities that commenced construction before the major facility baseline date, but were not in operation by the applicable minor facility baseline date.
- (ii) The following will not be included in the baseline concentration and will affect the applicable maximum allowable increase(s):

- ('a') actual emissions from any major facility on which construction commenced after the major facility baseline date; and
- ('b') actual emission increases and decreases at any facility occurring after the minor facility baseline date.
- (7) 'Baseline period'. A period of time used to quantify a creditable emission increase, an ERC, or project emission potential. The baseline period consists of any 24 consecutive months within the five years immediately preceding the date identified below (if less than 24 consecutive months of operation exist, this period of operation must be used as the baseline period):
 - (i) for a creditable emission increase which has physically occurred, the date of the occurrence of the emission increase;
 - (ii) for an ERC which has physically occurred, the date of the occurrence of the emission reduction;
 - (iii) for a creditable emission increase or an ERC which is scheduled to occur in the future, the date of receipt by the department of the permit application which proposes to use the creditable emission increase or ERC;
 - (iv) for the calculation of project emission potential of a modification, the date of receipt by the department of a permit application for the modification; or

- (v) for a facility which fails to submit a permit application for a NSR major modification and begins actual construction of such modification, the department will determine an appropriate baseline period.
- (8) 'Begin actual construction'. In general, initiation of physical on-site construction activities on an emission source which are of a permanent nature. Such activities include, but are not limited to, installation of building supports and foundations, laying underground pipe work and construction of permanent storage structures. With respect to a change in method of operations, this term refers to those on-site activities other than preparatory activities which mark the initiation of the change.
- (9) 'Best available control technology (BACT)'. An emissions limitation based on the maximum degree of reduction for each air pollutant subject to regulation under the act which would be emitted from or which results from any proposed major facility or NSR major modification which the department, on a case-by-case basis, taking into account energy, environmental, and economic impacts and other costs, determines is achievable for such proposed major facility or NSR major modification through application of production processes or available methods, systems, and techniques, including fuel cleaning, clean fuels, or treatment or innovative fuel combustion techniques for control of such air pollutant. In no event shall application of BACT result in emissions of any air pollutant which would exceed the emissions allowed by any applicable standard established pursuant to section 7411 or 7412 of the [act] Act. Emissions from any source utilizing clean fuels, or any other means, to comply with this paragraph shall not be allowed to increase above levels that would have been required under this paragraph as it existed prior to enactment of the Clean Air Act amendments of 1990.
 - (10) 'Calendar year'. A period of one year beginning January 1st, and ending midnight December

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- (11) 'CO₂ equivalent (CO₂e)'. The sum of each of the six greenhouse gases (GHGs) multiplied by their respective global warming potentials. The global warming potentials can be found in Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.
- ([11]12) 'Commence construction'. The date on which the owner or operator has all necessary preconstruction approvals or permits (including those permits or approvals required under Federal air quality control laws and those which are part of the State Implementation Plan) and has either:
 - (i) begun, or caused to begin, a continuous program of actual construction, to be completed within a reasonable time as determined by the department; or
 - (ii) entered into binding agreements or contractual obligations, which cannot be canceled or modified without substantial loss to the owner or operator, to undertake a program of actual construction to be completed within a reasonable time as determined by the department.

With respect to a change in the method of operation, commence construction refers to those on-site activities other than preparatory activities which mark the initiation of the change.

- ([12]13) Commence(s) operation or commencement of operation.
- (i) the date that a proposed new or modified facility first emits or increases emissions of any regulated NSR contaminant to which this Part applies; or

- (ii) the date on which the facility shakedown period ends for a proposed modified facility which utilizes future ERCs for netting.
- ([13]14) 'Contemporaneous'. The time period used in a net emission increase determination for a regulated NSR contaminant as follows:
 - (i) except as stated in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph, the period beginning five years prior to the scheduled commence construction date of the new or modified emission source, and ending with the scheduled commence operation date. These dates must be proposed by an applicant in a permit application; and
 - (ii) in the severe ozone nonattainment area, for emissions of VOC or NO_x only, the five consecutive calendar year period which ends with the calendar year that the proposed modification is scheduled to commence operation, as stated by the applicant in a permit application; or
 - (iii) for facilities proposing to use an alternative operating scenario pursuant to Part 201 of this Title, the period beginning five years prior to the date of complete application (as defined in section 621.2 of this Title) for the permit modification and ending with the final permit issuance date.
- ([14]15) 'Creditable emission increase'. Any increase in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant in tpy from an existing major facility, other than such an increase from any proposed modification of the existing major facility that is under review by the department, which:
 - (i) results from a physical change in, or a change in the method of operation of an existing emission source(s), or the addition of a new emission source(s); and

(ii) for an existing emission source(s) is quantified as the difference between baseline actual emissions and projected actual emissions, and for a new emission source(s) is quantified based on the potential to emit of the emission source(s).

([15]16) 'Curtailment'. A restriction on the operation of an emission source at an existing facility included in a permit, which results in an emission reduction and reflects a partial reduction in hours of operation or capacity utilization of such emission source.

([16]17) 'Electric utility steam generating unit'. Any steam-electric generating unit constructed for the purpose of supplying more than one third of its potential electric output capacity and more than 25 megawatts of electrical output to any utility power distribution system for sale. Any steam supplied to a steam distribution system for the purpose of providing steam to a steam-electric generator that would produce electrical energy for sale is also considered in determining the electrical energy output capacity.

([17]18) 'Emission offset'. ERCs or emission reductions which are required to be obtained by a proposed new or modified facility, which is or will be located in a nonattainment area or an attainment area of the State within the ozone transport region, in order to obtain a permit to construct and/or operate a new or modified facility.

([18]19) 'Emission reduction credit, ERC'. The actual decrease in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, in tpy, determined in accordance with the requirements of Subpart 231-10 of this Part.

([19]20) 'Emission source shutdown'. For the purposes of establishing ERCs:

- (i) the permanent removal from service of an emission source, as reflected by a permit condition that formally prohibits the emission source from further operation, provided that it does not result in a facility shutdown; or
- (ii) the physical removal of an emission source at a facility as reflected by a permit modification that removes the emission source from the permit, provided that it does not result in a facility shutdown.
- ([20]21) 'Facility shutdown'. For the purposes of establishing ERCs, the permanent removal from service of all emission sources at a facility, as reflected by the surrender to the department of the applicable title V or State facility permit, or registration.
- ([21]22) 'Federal class I area'. All of the following areas which were in existence on August 7, 1977 shall be Federal class I areas and may not be redesignated:
 - (i) international parks;
 - (ii) national wilderness areas which exceed 5,000 acres in size;
 - (iii) national memorial parks which exceed 5,000 acres in size; and
 - (iv) national parks which exceed 6,000 acres in size.
- ([22]23) 'Federal land manager'. With respect to any class I lands of the United States, the secretary of the department with authority over such class I lands.

([23]24) 'Future reductions'. Reductions which are scheduled to occur subsequent to the issuance of a permit for a new or modified major facility using the reductions.

 $([24]\underline{25})$ 'Internal offset'. ERCs of volatile organic compounds (VOC) or NO_x , in the severe ozone nonattainment area only, from emission sources within the same existing major facility as a proposed NSR major modification, which physically occur on or after November 15, 1990. Such reductions must meet the requirements of this Part.

([25]26) 'Major facility baseline date'. This date is:

- (i) in the case of PM-10 and SO₂, January 6, 1975;
- (ii) in the case of nitrogen dioxide, February 8, 1988; or
- (iii) in the case of PM-2.5, October 20, 2010.

([26]27) 'Major PAL emission source'. For the purposes of Subpart 231-9 of this Part, any emission source located in an attainment area that emits or has the potential to emit 100 tpy or more of a PAL contaminant; or any emission source located in a nonattainment area that emits or has the potential to emit a PAL contaminant in an amount that is equal to or greater than the major facility threshold for the PAL contaminant.

([27]28) 'Minor PAL emission source'. For the purposes of Subpart 231-9 of this Part, an emission source that emits or has the potential to emit a PAL contaminant in an amount less than the significant Page 21 of 106

project threshold as listed in Subpart 231-13 of this Part or in the act, whichever is lower, for that PAL contaminant.

([28]29) 'Minor facility baseline date'. The earliest date after the trigger date on which a major facility or a NSR major modification subject to Subpart 231-7 or 231-8 of this Part submits a complete application (as defined in section 621.2 of this Title).

- (i) The trigger date is:
 - ('a') in the case of PM-10 and SO₂, August 7, 1977;
 - ('b') in the case of nitrogen dioxide, February 8, 1988; or
 - ('c') in the case of PM-2.5, October 20, 2011.
- (ii) The baseline date is established for each contaminant for which increments or other equivalent measures have been established if:
 - ('a') the area in which the proposed emission source or modification would construct is designated as attainment or unclassifiable under section 7407 of the act for the regulated NSR contaminant on the date of its complete application (as defined in section 621.2 of this Title); and
 - ('b') in the case of a major facility, the regulated NSR contaminant would be emitted at or greater than the major facility thresholds, or, in the case of a NSR major modification, there would be a significant net emissions increase of the regulated NSR contaminant.

- [(iii) The minor facility baseline dates for SO₂, NO_x, PM-10, and PM-2.5 are addressed in NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis.]
- ([29]30) 'Modification'. Any physical change in, or change in the method of operation of, a facility which results in a level of annual emissions (not including any emission reductions) in excess of the baseline actual emissions of any regulated NSR contaminant emitted by such facility or which results in the emission of any regulated NSR contaminant not previously emitted. A modification shall not include the following:
 - (i) routine maintenance, repair, or replacement as defined in Part 200 of this Title;
 - (ii) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under sections 2(a) and (b) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
 - (iii) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under section 125 of the act;
 - (iv) use of an alternative fuel at a steam generating unit to the extent that the fuel is generated from municipal solid waste;
 - (v) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a facility which:
 - ('a') the facility was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975 pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR part 51 subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or

- ('b') the facility is approved to use, pursuant to this Part, or which is included in a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21;
- (vi) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate, unless such change would be prohibited under any permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR part 51 subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; and
 - (vii) any change in ownership at a facility.
- ([30]31) 'Net emission increase'. The aggregate increase in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, other than GHGs, in tpy at an existing major facility resulting from the sum of:
 - (i) the project emission potential of the modification;
 - (ii) every creditable emission increase at the facility which is contemporaneous and for which an emission offset was not obtained; and
 - (iii) any ERC at the facility, or portion thereof, selected by the applicant which is contemporaneous and which was not previously used as part of an emission offset, an internal offset, or relied upon in the issuance of a permit under this Part.
- ([31]32) 'Nonattainment contaminant'. A regulated NSR contaminant emitted by an emission source located or proposed to be located in an area designated in Part 200 of this Title as nonattainment

for that contaminant. All of New York State is within the ozone transport region as designated by the act. Therefore, VOC and NO_x are treated as nonattainment contaminants statewide as precursors of ozone. [PM-2.5 precursors, SO₂ and NO_x, are treated as nonattainment contaminants in New York State's PM-2.5 nonattainment area.] PM-2.5 precursors are treated as nonattainment contaminants in areas within New York State that are designated as nonattainment for PM-2.5.

([32]33) 'NSR major modification'. Any modification of a major facility that would equal or exceed the applicable significant project threshold of a regulated NSR contaminant in table 3, table 4, or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part; and would result in a significant net emissions increase of that contaminant from the major facility.

- (i) Any modification with a project emission potential for VOC or NO_x that equals or exceeds the applicable significant project threshold or any net emissions increase at a major facility that is significant for VOC or NO_x shall be considered significant for ozone.
- (ii) This definition shall not apply with respect to a particular regulated NSR contaminant when the major facility is complying with the requirements under Subpart 231-9 of this Part for a PAL for that contaminant. Instead, the definition of PAL major modification shall apply.
- ([33]34) 'Offset ratio'. The ratio of a required ERC, on a nonattainment contaminant specific basis, to the project emission potential of a modification at an existing facility or the potential to emit of a new facility, as applicable.
- ([34]35) 'Permanent'. Permanent relative to an ERC from an emission source means that the reduction is irreversible through the life of the emission source except as provided in this Part.

([35]36) 'Plantwide applicability limitation (PAL)'. A facility-wide emission limitation for a regulated NSR contaminant at a major facility that is expressed in tpy and is included in the facility's permit.

([36]37) 'PAL contaminant'. The regulated NSR contaminant for which a PAL is established at a major facility.

([37]38) 'PAL effective date'. The date of issuance of the permit which establishes a PAL. The PAL effective date for a facility that undergoes a modification which increases a prior PAL is the date when the modification commences operation and begins to emit the PAL contaminant.

([38]39) 'PAL effective period'. The period beginning with the PAL effective date and ending 10 years later or, the date of expiration of the title V permit following the renewal of the title V permit which established the PAL, whichever is earlier. Thereafter, the effective period is 10 years from date of issuance of the title V permit. The effective period is not to exceed 10 years.

([39]40) 'PAL major modification'. Notwithstanding the definitions for NSR major modification and net emissions increase, any modification of a facility with a PAL that causes it to emit the PAL contaminant at a level equal to or greater than the PAL.

([40]41) 'Project emission potential'. Project emission potential is determined only for modifications at existing facilities.

- (i) For each regulated NSR contaminant, the project emission potential must consider only the proposed emission increases and is calculated as the sum of the following:
 - ('a') for new emission sources, the potential to emit of each emission source; and
 - ('b') for existing emission sources at a non-major facility, the difference between the baseline actual emissions and the potential to emit of the emission source; or
 - ('c') for existing emission sources at a major facility, the difference between the baseline actual emissions and the projected actual emissions of the emission source.
 - (ii) Project emission potential does not include secondary emissions.
- (iii) Fugitive emissions are not included in the project emission potential unless the facility belongs to one of the source categories listed in section 201-2.1(b)(21)(iii) of this Title.
- (iv) For emergency power generating stationary internal combustion engines, the project emission potential will be based on a maximum of 500 hours of operation per year per engine unless a more restrictive limitation exists in a permit or registration.
- ([41]42) 'Projected actual emissions'. The maximum annual rate, in tpy, at which an existing emission source is projected to emit a regulated NSR contaminant in any one of the five years (12-month period) following the date the source commences operation after a modification, or in any one of the 10 years following that date if the project involves increasing the emission source's design capacity or its potential to emit that regulated NSR contaminant and full utilization of the emission source would result

in exceeding the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, 4 or 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part or a significant net emissions increase at the major facility. Projected actual emissions are calculated only for existing major facilities.

- (i) In determining the projected actual emissions as defined in this section (before beginning actual construction), the owner or operator of the major facility:
 - ('a') must consider all relevant information, including but not limited to, historical operational data, the facility's own representations, the facility's expected business activity and the facility's highest projections of business activity, the facility's filings with the State or Federal regulatory authorities, and compliance plans under the approved State Implementation Plan;
 - ('b') must include fugitive emissions to the extent quantifiable if the facility belongs to one of the source categories listed in section 201-2.1(b)(21)(iii) of this Title, and emissions associated with startups and shutdowns; and
 - ('c') may exclude, in calculating any increase in emissions that results from the particular project, that portion of the emission source's emissions following the project that the existing emission source could have accommodated during the consecutive 24-month period used to establish the baseline actual emissions and that are also unrelated to the particular project.
- (ii) In lieu of using the method set out in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the owner or operator of the facility may elect to use the potential to emit of the emission source(s), in tpy.

([42]43) 'Quantifiable'. A reliable basis must exist for calculating the amount and the rate of the emissions increase or reduction, along with a description of the characteristics of such increase or reduction. The same method must be used to quantify emissions before and after the emissions increase or reduction, unless the department approves an alternate method.

([43]44) 'Reasonable further progress'. Annual incremental reductions in emissions of a nonattainment contaminant required by applicable regulations and implementation plans to ensure timely attainment of the corresponding national ambient air quality standard.

([44]45) 'Regulated NSR contaminant'. A regulated NSR contaminant is any one of the following:

- (i) any contaminant for which a national ambient air quality standard has been promulgated and any constituents or precursors for such contaminants identified under the act or by the administrator of the US EPA in a promulgated rule;
- (ii) any contaminant that is subject to any standard promulgated under section 111 of the [act] Act;
- (iii) any Federal class I or II substance subject to a standard promulgated under or established by title VI of the [Clean Air] Act; [or]
- (iv) any contaminant that otherwise is subject to regulation under the Act as defined in paragraph (50) of this subdivision; or

[(iv) any contaminant that otherwise is subject to regulation under the Clean Air Act; except that] (v) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (i) through (iv) of this paragraph, the term regulated NSR contaminant shall not include any or all hazardous air pollutants either listed in section 112 of the act or added to the list pursuant to section 112(b)(2) of the act, which have not been delisted pursuant to section 112(b)(3) of the act, are not regulated NSR contaminants unless the listed hazardous air pollutant is also regulated as a constituent or precursor of a criteria contaminant listed under section 108 of the act.

([45]46) 'Secondary emissions'. Emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant which will occur as a result of the construction or operation of a proposed new or modified facility, not including emissions from the proposed new or modified facility itself. Secondary emissions must be specific, well defined, quantifiable, and impact the same general area as the proposed new or modified facility which causes the secondary emissions. Secondary emissions include regulated NSR contaminant emissions from any offsite support facility which would not be constructed or increase its emissions except as a result of the construction or operation of the proposed new or modified facility. Secondary emissions do not include any emissions which come directly from a mobile source subject to any regulation under title II of the Clean Air Act, such as emissions from a motor vehicle or a train.

([46]47) 'Significant net emission increase'.

(i) A net emission increase of a nonattainment contaminant at an existing major facility that equals or exceeds the applicable significant net emissions increase threshold specified in tables 3 and 4 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part; or

(ii) a net emission increase of a regulated NSR contaminant at an existing major facility located in an attainment area or unclassifiable area under section 7407 of the act that equals or exceeds the applicable significant net emissions increase threshold specified in table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

([47]48) 'Significant PAL emission source'. An emission source that emits or has the potential to emit a PAL contaminant in an amount that is equal to or greater than the significant project threshold (as listed in Subpart 231-13 of this Part or in the act, whichever is lower) for that PAL contaminant, but less than the amount that would qualify the emission source as a major PAL emission source.

([48]49) 'Source reduction'. Any practice which reduces emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, other than a facility shutdown, emission source shutdown, curtailment, or over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit. Examples of source reduction would be reformulation of inks, paints, coatings, etc., which result in reductions beyond levels required by the most stringent applicable State or Federal emission limitation, or [replacement at the same location, or contiguous locations, of a source with another source which emits less to perform the same task, or] replacement or repair of valves, fittings, or other equipment to reduce fugitive emissions.

(50) 'Subject to regulation'. Any air pollutant that is subject to either a provision in the Act, or a nationally-applicable regulation codified by the Administrator of the US EPA in subchapter C of chapter I to Title 40 of the CFR, that requires actual control of the quantity of emissions of that pollutant, and that has taken effect and is operative to control, limit or restrict the quantity of emissions of that pollutant released from the regulated activity; provided, however, that the pollutant GHGs is subject to regulation if:

(i) The facility is a new major facility for a regulated NSR contaminant other than GHGs, and also has the potential to emit 75,000 tpy CO₂e or more or an emission increase in GHGs, calculated according to the project emission potential provisions of paragraph (41) of this subdivision; or

(ii) The facility is an existing major facility for a regulated NSR pollutant other than GHGs, and also will have a NSR major modification for a regulated NSR pollutant other than GHGs, and an emissions increase in GHGs, calculated according to the project emission potential provisions of paragraph (41) of this subdivision, of 75,000 tpy CO₂e or more.

([49] <u>51</u>) 'Surplus'. A reduction in emissions beyond levels prescribed by the most stringent applicable State or Federal emission limitation required by the act.

Existing section 231-5.1 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-5.2 through 231-5.3 are amended to read as follows:

231-5.2 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. The following information must also be included at the time the application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

(a) A certification that all emission sources which are part of any major facility located in New York State and under the applicant's ownership or control (or under the ownership or control of any entity which controls, is controlled by, or has common control with the applicant) are in compliance, or are on a schedule for compliance, with all applicable emission limitations and standards under Chapter III of this Title.

- (b) An analysis of alternative sites, sizes, production processes, and environmental control techniques which demonstrates that benefits of the proposed new or modified facility significantly outweigh the environmental and social costs imposed as a result of its location, construction, or modification within New York State.
 - (c) A LAER analysis in accordance with section 231-5.4 of this Subpart.
- (d) 'Emission offset information for VOC or NO_x'. At the time of the initial permit application or before the department issues a final permit determination, the applicant must submit:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of VOC or NO_x that will be used as required emission offsets. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit). All the proposed ERCs must be certified prior to the issuance of the final permit; and
 - (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed new or modified facility, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as emission offsets to the proposed new or modified facility; and

- (3) for emissions of VOC or NO_x in an ozone nonattainment area, <u>acceptable</u> documentation of compliance with the contribution demonstration required [according to the department's policy documents on air quality impact analyses] pursuant to Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (e) 'Emission offset information for PM-10 and PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x])'. The following information must be submitted at the time of the initial permit application:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of PM-10 or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) that will be used as required emission offsets. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit);
 - (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed new or modified facility, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as emission offsets to the proposed new or modified facility; and
 - (3) an air quality impact evaluation in accordance with the provisions of section 231-5.5(d) of this Subpart, Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures.

231-5.3 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following provisions apply:

- (a) The following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:
 - (1) the potential to emit of all applicable nonattainment contaminants of a proposed facility;
- (2) the potential to emit each applicable nonattainment contaminant of a modification at an existing non-major facility which has a project emission potential for any nonattainment contaminant that exceeds the major facility threshold for that contaminant; and
 - (3) any applicable LAER limitation.
- (b) A revised air quality impact evaluation must be submitted, if applicable, if the emission offset list changes after the department provides a notice of complete application in accordance with Part 621 of this Title, and a supplemental public notice must be provided in accordance with subdivision (c) of this section.
 - (c) 'Supplemental public notice requirements for ERCs used as emission offsets'.
 - (1) A supplemental public notice is required prior to final permit issuance if the list of facilities providing ERCs for emission offsets is changed or finalized after the date of the notice of complete application. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.
 - (2) A significant permit modification in accordance with Part 201 of this Title, and supplemental public notice are required if the list of facilities providing ERCs is changed after final permit issuance and prior to commencement of operation. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.

- (d) A petition for party status pursuant to the supplemental notice provisions based on an offer of proof that raises substantive and significant issues related to emission offset requirements of this Part will not be considered as late filed petitions for party status pursuant to Part 624 of this Title.
- (e) 'Offset confirmation prior to the commencement of operation'. At least 60 days prior to the date a proposed new or modified facility commences operation, the permittee must submit an application to the department if there are any proposed changes to the approved list of emission offset sources included in the permit for that facility. For each such change, the applicant must submit another use of emission reduction credits form signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the new offset source.
- (f) 'Future ERCs'. The permittee must submit prior to permit issuance a copy of each modified permit establishing future ERCs. The permittee must also submit [and] a letter to the department stating that the future reductions have physically occurred. The letter shall be submitted as follows:
 - (1) no less than 10 working days prior to the date the proposed new or modified facility commences operation, except for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s); or
 - (2) by the conclusion of the facility shakedown period, as identified under section 231-3.8 of this Part, for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s).
- (g) 'Canceled or abandoned projects'. Prior to the commencement of operation, a facility owner or operator may notify the department of their intention to abandon the project and request a return of ERCs committed for use as emission offsets. Following the department's approval of such request and rescission of the permit, the department will return the unused ERCs to the ERC Registry.

Existing section 231-5.4 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-5.5 through 231-6.1 are amended to read as follows:

231-5.5 Emission offset requirements.

- (a) 'Emission offset applicability'.
- (1) A proposed new facility which is subject to this Subpart must offset its potential to emit for each nonattainment contaminant for which it equals or exceeds the major facility threshold.
- (2) A proposed modification to an existing non-major facility must offset its project emission potential for each nonattainment contaminant for which the project emission potential equals or exceeds the major facility threshold.

(b) 'Offset ratio'.

- (1) An emission offset of VOC or NO_x as ozone precursors must exceed the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required, on a case-by-case basis, to provide an acceptable contribution demonstration as set forth in this section.
- (2) An emission offset of PM-10 must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section.

- (3) An emission offset of PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential of the same pollutant (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section. [Inter-pollutant trading may be used for offsetting direct emissions of PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO₂ and NO_x). Inter-pollutant offset ratios are as follows: one ton PM-2.5 offsets 200 tons NO_x, one ton PM-2.5 offsets 40 tons SO₂, 200 tons NO_x offsets one ton PM-2.5 and 40 tons SO₂ offsets one ton PM-2.5. The use of NO_x and SO₂ to offset one another is not allowed.]
- (c) 'Use of an ERC as part of an emission offset'. An ERC must meet the following conditions to be used as part of an emission offset:
 - (1) for NO_x , PM-10, or VOC emissions, ERCs must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990 but need not be contemporaneous;
 - (2) for PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO_2 and NO_x]) ERCs must have physically occurred on or after April 5, 2005 but need not be contemporaneous;
 - (3) an ERC, or portion thereof, must be included as a condition in the permit for the proposed new or modified facility for which the reduction is used.
- (d) 'Net air quality benefit and emission offset location for PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x])'. An emission offset of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) must meet the following:

- (1) Contribution demonstration. An emission offset may be obtained from the same nonattainment area in which a proposed new or modified facility is to be located. An emission offset may also be obtained from other nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for PM-10 or PM-2.5, as applicable, in the nonattainment area where the proposed new or modified facility is to be located. These other areas must be determined in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures.
- (2) Net air quality benefit demonstration. As part of a permit application, the applicant must submit an air quality impact evaluation for PM-10 and PM-2.5, as applicable, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures. The ambient air quality impact analysis must demonstrate that:
 - (i) the net impact of the proposed emissions increase and the emission offset provides for a net benefit, on balance, in the area affected by the proposed new or modified facility; and
 - (ii) for PM-10 and PM-2.5, the net impact in no case exceeds an applicable significant impact level of section 231-12.6 of this Part.
- (3) Interstate offsets. An emission offset of PM-10 or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]), may be obtained from areas of equal or higher classification [may be obtained from] located in another state, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place and the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subdivision are met.

- (e) 'Ozone nonattainment and emission offset location'. [The NYSDEC Guildelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures must be used by an applicant to find default acceptable VOC or NO_x offset source locations within New York State or to perform a case specific contribution demonstration. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x is subject to the following:
 - (1) Proposed new or modified facility located in an ozone nonattainment area.
 - (i) Intrastate offset sources. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x must be obtained from:

 ('a') the same ozone nonattainment area; or
 - ('b') other ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the proposed new or modified facility is to be located.
 - (ii) Interstate offset sources. An emission offset may be obtained from [other] ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification in another state, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the proposed new or modified facility is to be located and an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place. [The NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures may be used by an applicant to perform a case specific contribution demonstration.
 - (2) Proposed new or modified facility located in an attainment area of the state within the ozone transport region. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x may be obtained from any location within the ozone Page 40 of 106

transport region within New York State. Such an offset may also be obtained from another state in the ozone transport region, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place.

Subpart 231-6 Modifications to Existing Major Facilities in Nonattainment Areas and Attainment Areas of the State within the Ozone Transport Region

231-6.1 Applicability.

The requirements of this Subpart apply to the construction and/or operation of any proposed modification at an existing major facility located in a nonattainment area, or an attainment area of the State within the ozone transport region as follows:

- (a) For a modification with a project emission potential, calculated utilizing projected actual emissions, which does not equal or exceed the applicable significant project threshold in table 3 or table 4 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, the facility owner or operator must comply with the provisions of section 231-11.2 of this Part.
- (b) For a modification with a project emission potential which equals or exceeds the applicable significant project threshold in table 3 or table 4 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, but does not result in a NSR major modification, the facility owner or operator must comply with the provisions of section 231-6.2 of this Subpart.
- (c) For a modification which the facility determines will result in a NSR major modification, the facility owner or operator must comply with the provisions of this Subpart as appropriate.
- (d) 'Special applicability rules for modifications of existing major facilities in severe ozone nonattainment areas'.

(1) Modifications of facilities emitting less than 100 tpy. In the case of any major facility of VOC or NO_x (other than a facility which emits or has the potential to emit 100 tpy or more of VOC or NO_x), whenever any modification at the facility results in [an] a NSR major modification of VOC or NO_x from any discrete operation, emission source, or other regulated NSR contaminant emitting activity at the facility, such emission increase shall be considered as a modification for purposes of requiring a permit under this Part, except that such increase shall not be considered a modification for such purposes if the owner or operator of the facility elects to offset the emission increase by a greater reduction in emissions of VOC or NO_x , as applicable, from other operations, emission sources, or activities within the facility at an internal offset ratio of at least 1.3 to 1. If the owner or operator does not make such election, the modification shall be considered [an] a NSR major modification for such purposes, but in applying control requirements, BACT shall be substituted for LAER.

(2) Modifications of facilities emitting 100 tpy or more. In the case of any major facility of VOC or NO_x which emits or has the potential to emit 100 tpy or more of VOC or NO_x whenever any modification at the facility results in [an] a NSR major modification of VOC or NO_x from any discrete operation, emission source, or other contaminant emitting activity at the facility, such emission increase shall be considered a modification for purposes of requiring a permit under this Part, except that if the owner or operator of the facility elects to offset the emission increase by a greater reduction in emissions of VOC or NO_x , as applicable, from other operations, emission sources, or activities within the facility at an internal offset ratio of at least 1.3 to 1, the requirements of LAER shall not apply.

Existing section 231-6.2 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-6.3 through 231-6.7 are amended to read as follows:

231-6.3 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. The following information must also be included at the time a permit application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

- (a) A certification that all emission sources which are part of any major facility located in New York State and under the applicant's ownership or control (or under the ownership or control of any entity which controls, is controlled by, or has common control with the applicant) are in compliance, or are on a schedule for compliance, with all applicable emission limitations and standards under Chapter III of this Title.
- (b) An analysis of alternative sites, sizes, production processes, and environmental control techniques which demonstrates that benefits of the proposed project or proposed major facility significantly outweigh the environmental and social costs imposed as a result of its location, construction, or modification within New York State.
 - (c) A LAER analysis in accordance with section 231-6.5 of this Subpart.
- (d) 'Emission offset and internal offset information for VOC or NO_x'. At the time of the initial permit application or before the department issues a final permit determination for a NSR major modification, the applicant must submit:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of VOC or NO_x that will be used as an internal offset or required emission offset. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit). All the proposed ERCs must be certified prior to the issuance of the final permit;

- (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) to the department for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed modification, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as an internal offset or emission offset, as applicable, to the proposed modification; and
- (3) for emissions of VOC or NO_x in an ozone nonattainment area, documentation of compliance with the contribution demonstration required according to the department's policy documents on air quality impact analyses pursuant to Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (e) 'Emission offset information for PM-10 and PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x])'. The following information must be submitted at the time of the initial permit application for a NSR major modification:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) that will be used as required emission offsets. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit);
 - (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed modification, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as emission offsets to the proposed modification; and

(3) an air quality impact evaluation in accordance with the provisions of section 231-6.6(d) of this Subpart, Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] <u>department approved modeling procedures</u>.

231-6.4 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance for [an] <u>a</u> NSR major modification are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following provisions apply:

- (a) The following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:
- (1) the projected actual emissions or potential to emit, as appropriate, of each applicable nonattainment contaminant(s) for a proposed NSR major modification; and
 - (2) any LAER limitation.
- (b) A revised air quality impact evaluation must be submitted, if applicable, if the internal offset or emission offset list changes after the department provides a notice of complete application in accordance with Part 621 of this Title, and a supplemental public notice must be provided in accordance with subdivision (c) of this section.
 - (c) 'Supplemental public notice requirements for ERCs used as an internal offset or emission offset'.
 - (1) A supplemental public notice is required prior to final permit issuance, if the list of ERCs provided as internal offsets or emission offsets is changed or finalized after the date the notice of complete application. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.

- (2) A significant permit modification in accordance with Part 201 of this Title, and supplemental public notice are required if the list of facilities providing ERCs is changed after final permit issuance and prior to commencement of operation. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.
- (d) A petition for party status pursuant to the supplemental notice provisions based on an offer of proof that raises substantive and significant issues related to internal offset or emission offset requirements of this Part will not be considered as late filed petitions for party status pursuant to Part 624 of this Title.
- (e) 'Offset confirmation prior to the commencement of operation'. At least 60 days prior to the date a proposed modification commences operation, the permittee must submit an application to the department if there are any proposed changes to the approved list of internal offset or emission offset sources included in the permit for that facility. For each such change, the applicant must submit another use of emission reduction credits form signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the new offset source.
- (f) 'Future ERCs'. The permittee must submit prior to permit issuance a copy of each modified permit establishing future ERCs. The permittee must also submit [and] a letter to the department stating that the future reductions have physically occurred. The letter shall be submitted as follows:
 - (1) no less than 10 working days prior to the date the proposed new or modified facility commences operation, except for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s); or
 - (2) by the conclusion of the facility shakedown period, as identified under section 231-3.8 of this Part, for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s).

(g) 'Canceled or abandoned projects'. Prior to the commencement of operation, a facility owner or operator may notify the department of their intention to abandon the project and request a return of ERCs committed for use as an internal offset or emission offset. Following the department's approval of such request and rescission of the permit, the department will return the unused ERCs to the ERC Registry.

231-6.5 Lowest achievable emission rate (LAER).

- (a) For a proposed NSR major modification, LAER is required for each emission source which <u>is part of</u> the proposed modification and emits the applicable nonattainment contaminant.
- (b) In establishing the final LAER limit, the department may consider any new information, including recent permit decisions, or public comment received, subsequent to the submittal of a complete application.
 - (c) LAER will not be established in final form until the final permit is issued.

231-6.6 Emission offset requirements.

- (a) 'Emission offset applicability'. For a NSR major modification, the project emission potential must be offset.
 - (b) 'Offset ratio'.
 - (1) An emission offset of VOC or NO_x must exceed the corresponding project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required, on a case by case basis, to provide an acceptable contribution demonstration as set forth in this section.

- (2) An emission offset of PM-10 must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section.
- (3) An emission offset of PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential of the same pollutant (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section. [Inter-pollutant trading may be used for offsetting direct emissions of PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO₂ and NO_x). Inter-pollutant offset ratios are as follows: one ton PM-2.5 offsets 200 tons NO_x, one ton PM-2.5 offsets 40 tons SO₂, 200 tons NO_x offsets one ton PM-2.5 and 40 tons SO₂ offsets one ton PM-2.5. The use of NO_x and SO₂ to offset one another is not allowed.]
- (c) 'Use of an ERC as an emission offset'. An ERC must meet the following requirements to be used as an emission offset:
 - (1) for NO_x, PM-10, and VOC emissions, ERCs must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990 but need not be contemporaneous;
 - (2) for PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO_2 and NO_x), ERCs must have physically occurred on or after April 5, 2005 but need not be contemporaneous;

- (3) an ERC, or portion thereof, must be [established] <u>included as a condition</u> in the permit for the proposed NSR major modification for which the reduction is used.
- (d) 'Net air quality benefit and emission offset location for PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO_2 and NO_x])'. An emission offset of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO_2 and NO_x]) must meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Contribution demonstration. An emission offset may be obtained from the same nonattainment area in which a proposed NSR major modification is to be located. An emission offset may also be obtained from other nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for PM-10 or PM-2.5 in the nonattainment area where the proposed NSR major modification is to be located. These other areas must be determined in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures.
 - (2) Net air quality benefit demonstration. As part of a permit application, the applicant must submit an air quality impact evaluation for PM-10 and PM-2.5, as applicable, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures. The ambient air quality impact analysis must demonstrate that:
 - (i) the net impact of the proposed emissions increase and the emission offset provides for a net benefit, on balance, in the area affected by the proposed NSR major modification; and
 - (ii) for PM-10 and PM-2.5, the net impact in no case exceeds an applicable significant impact level set forth in section 231-12.6 of this Part.

- (3) Interstate offsets. An emission offset of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]), may be obtained from areas of equal or higher classification [may be obtained from] located in another state, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place and the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subdivision are met.
- (e) 'Ozone nonattainment and emission offset location'. [The NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures must be used by an applicant to find default acceptable VOC or NO_x offset source locations within New York State or to perform a case specific contribution demonstration. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x is subject to the following:
 - (1) Proposed NSR major modification located in an ozone nonattainment area.
 - (i) Intrastate offset sources. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x be obtained from:
 - ('a') the same ozone nonattainment area; or
 - ('b') other ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the proposed NSR major modification is to be located.
 - (ii) Interstate offset sources. An emission offset may be obtained from [other] ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification in another state, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the Page 50 of 106

proposed NSR major modification is to be located and an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place. [The NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures may be used by an applicant to perform a case specific contribution demonstration.

(2) Proposed NSR major modification located in an attainment area of the state within the ozone transport region. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x may be obtained from any location within the ozone transport region in New York State. Such an offset may also be obtained from another state in the ozone transport region, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place.

231-6.7 Internal offset requirements, severe ozone nonattainment area only.

This section represents a mechanism for avoiding a determination of applicability of this Part, for emissions of VOC or NO_x in the severe ozone nonattainment area only, in those instances where [an] a NSR major modification is proposed at an existing major facility and a net emission increase determination of non-applicability is not possible.

- (a) 'Internal offset applicability'. An internal offset shall be considered for purposes of determining applicability or degree of control required under section 231-6.1(d)(1) or (2) of this Subpart for a proposed NSR major modification.
- (b) Use of a NO_x or VOC ERC as part of an internal offset. An ERC shall meet the following conditions to be used as part of an internal offset:

- (1) an ERC shall come from an emission source within the same existing major facility as a proposed NSR major modification;
- (2) an ERC shall have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990, but need not be contemporaneous with a proposed NSR major modification for which the reduction is used; and
- (3) an ERC, or portion thereof, shall be included as a condition in the permit for the proposed NSR major modification for which the reduction is used.

Existing sections 231-7.1 through 231-7.2 remain unchanged.

Existing sections 231-7.3 through 231-7.5 are amended to read as follows:

231-7.3 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following information must be included with the permit application at the time the application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

- (a) 'Air quality impact analyses according to Subpart 231-12 of this Part'[.];
- (b) 'A BACT review in accordance with section 231-7.6 of this Part'[.];
- (c) 'Source impact analysis'. The applicant must demonstrate according to the provisions of Subpart 231-12 (Ambient Air Quality Impact Analysis) of this Part that allowable emission increases from the proposed new or modified facility, in conjunction with all other applicable emissions increases or reductions (including secondary emissions), would not cause or significantly contribute to air pollution in violation of:

- (1) any national ambient air quality standard in any air quality control region;
- (2) any applicable maximum allowable increase over the baseline concentration in any area; [and] or
- (3) any other applicable requirements identified in Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and section 231-7.4(f) of this Subpart including visibility and air quality related value (AQRV) analyses for Federal class I areas, as applicable[.];
- (d) 'Source information'. The applicant must submit all information necessary to perform any analysis or make any determination required under this section and Subpart 231-12 of this Part, including:
 - (1) a detailed description as to what system of continuous emission reduction is planned for the facility, emission estimates, and any other information necessary to determine that best available control technology would be applied;
 - (2) information on the air quality impacts, and the nature and extent of any or all general commercial, residential, industrial, and other growth which has occurred since August 7, 1977, in the area the facility would affect, upon request of the department; [and]
 - (3) a demonstration of the stack height, consistent with good engineering practice pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii) and section 231-7.4(e) of this Subpart[.]; and
 - (e) 'Additional impact analyses'.

- (1) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the impairment to visibility, soils and vegetation that would occur as a result of the proposed new or modified facility, and general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed new or modified facility. The owner or operator does not have to provide an analysis of the impact on vegetation if the vegetation has no ecological or significant commercial or recreational value[.];
- (2) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the air quality impact projected for the area as a result of general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed new or modified facility.

231-7.4 General requirements.

The following provisions are also applicable for the review of applications under this Subpart.

- (a) 'Ambient air increments'. Concentration limitations necessary to assure that in areas designated as Federal class I, class II, or class III, increases in any regulated NSR contaminant concentration over the baseline concentration do not exceed those listed in Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (b) 'Ambient air ceilings'. For any regulated NSR contaminant for a period of exposure, no concentration of that regulated NSR contaminant is allowed to exceed the lower of the following:
 - (1) the concentration permitted under the national secondary ambient air quality standard; or
 - (2) the concentration permitted under the national primary ambient air quality standard.
 - (c) 'Restrictions on area classifications and redesignation'.

- (1) All areas of the State are designated class II, but may be redesignated as provided in this subdivision.
 - (2) The following areas may be redesignated only as Federal class I:
 - (i) an area which as of August 7, 1977, exceeded 10,000 acres in size and was a national monument, a national primitive area, a national preserve, a national recreational area, a national wild and scenic river, a national wildlife refuge, a national lakeshore or seashore; and
 - (ii) a national park or national wilderness area established after August 7, 1977, which exceeds 10,000 acres in size.
- (3) The State may submit to the administrator a proposal to redesignate areas in the State as class I according to the provisions established by 40 CFR part 51.166.
- (d) 'Exclusions from increment consumption'.
- (1) The following concentrations must be excluded in determining compliance with the maximum allowable ambient air increment:
 - (i) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from the use of petroleum products, natural gas, or both by reason of an order in effect under section 2(a) and (b) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such an order;

- (ii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from using natural gas by reason of any applicable natural gas curtailment plan in effect pursuant to the Federal Power Act (or any other superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such plan;
- (iii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from construction of other temporary emission related activities at the facility;
- (iv) increase in concentrations attributable to new facilities outside the United States over the concentrations attributable to existing facilities which are included in the baseline concentration; and
- (v) for subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, no exclusion of such concentrations applies more than two years after the effective date which is applicable. If both such order and plan are applicable, no such exclusion applies more than five years after the later of such effective dates.
- (2) Concentrations attributable to the temporary increase in emissions of SO_2 , PM, or NO_x from facilities which are limited to less than one year in duration are excluded, provided the department:
 - (i) approves the time over which the temporary emissions increase of SO₂, PM, or NO_x would occur;
 - (ii) specifies that the time period for excluding certain contributions in accordance with this subdivision, is not renewable;

- (iii) allows no emissions increase from a facility which would:
- ('a') impact a Federal class I area or an area where an applicable increment is known to be violated; or
- ('b') cause a violation or contribute to a known violation of a national ambient air quality standard;
- (iv) requires limitations to be in effect at the end of the time period specified in accordance with this subdivision, which would ensure that the emissions levels from facilities would not exceed those levels occurring from such facilities before the exclusion was approved.
- (e) 'Stack heights'. The degree of emission limitation required for control of any regulated NSR contaminant under this Subpart must not be affected in any manner by:
 - (1) a stack height, not in existence before December 31, 1970, as exceeds good engineering practice, pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii); or
 - (2) any other dispersion technique not implemented before December 31, 1970.
 - (f) 'Requirements for sources impacting Federal class I areas'.
 - (1) Notice to EPA and Federal land manager. The department or the applicant, at the request of the department, shall submit a copy of the permit application and all relevant information to the EPA region 2 office and the Federal land manager within 30 days of receipt of the application.

- (2) Federal land manager. The Federal land manager and the Federal official charged with direct responsibility for management of such lands have an affirmative responsibility to protect the AQRVs (including visibility) of such lands and to consider, in consultation with the department, whether a proposed new or modified facility will have an adverse impact on such values.
- (3) Visibility analysis and AQRV analysis. The department must consider any analysis performed by the Federal land manager, provided prior to the date of publication of the draft permit that shows that a proposed new major facility may have an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV in any Federal class I area. Where the department finds that such an analysis does not demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV will result in the Federal class I area, the department must, in the notice of public hearing on the permit application, either explain its decision or give notice as to where the explanation can be obtained.
- (4) Denial of a permit based on adverse impact on AQRVs. The Federal land manager of any such lands may demonstrate to the department that the emissions from a proposed new or modified facility would have an adverse impact on the AQRVs (including visibility) of those lands, notwithstanding that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the proposed new or modified facility would not cause or significantly contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the department concurs with such demonstration, then it must not issue the permit.
- (5) Federal class I variances. The owner or operator of a proposed new or modified facility may demonstrate to the Federal land manager that the emissions from the new or modified facility would have no adverse impact on the air quality related values (including visibility) of any such lands, notwithstanding

that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the new or modified facility would cause or contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the Federal land manager concurs with such demonstration and so certifies, provided that the applicable requirements of this section are otherwise met, the State may issue the permit with such emission limitations as may be necessary to assure that emissions of SO₂, PM, and NO_x would not exceed the maximum allowable increases over minor source baseline concentration as listed in table 7 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

(6) SO₂ variance by [Governor] governor of the Federal class I area with Federal land manager's concurrence. The owner or operator of a proposed new or modified facility which cannot be approved under paragraph (4) of this subdivision may demonstrate to the governor of the Federal class I area that the new or modified facility cannot be constructed by reason of any maximum allowable increase for SO₂ for a period of 24 hours or less applicable to any Federal class I area, and that a variance under this clause would not adversely affect the air quality related values of the area (including visibility). The governor of the Federal class I area, after consideration of the Federal land manager's recommendation (if any) and subject to his or her concurrence, may, after notice and public hearing, grant a variance from such maximum allowable increase. If such variance is granted, the department will issue a permit to the new or modified facility, provided that the applicable requirements of this Subpart are otherwise met. In this instance, the SO₂ concentrations must meet the maximum allowable increase in SO₂ concentrations in table 8 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

231-7.5 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:

(a) the potential to emit of [a] <u>each regulated NSR contaminant with emissions greater than the applicable</u> <u>significant project threshold from the proposed facility;</u>

(b) the potential to emit of a modification at an existing non-major facility which has a project emission potential for any regulated NSR contaminant that exceeds the [major facility] <u>significant project</u> threshold for that contaminant; and

(c) any BACT limitations.

Existing sections 231-7.6 through 231-8.1 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-8.2 is amended to read as follows:

231-8.2 Netting.

This section sets forth the procedures for avoiding a NSR major modification, for all regulated NSR contaminants other than GHGs, where the proposed modification exceeds the significant project threshold(s) but does not result in a significant net emission increase.

- (a) 'General requirements'.
- (1) A net emission increase determination shall be confined to the appropriate contemporaneous period for a proposed modification.
 - (2) A net emission increase determination will only be allowed at an existing major facility.

- (3) Any creditable emission increase or ERC must be of the same class of regulated NSR contaminant. For example, only NO_x emissions shall be used for netting of new NO_x emissions, only PM-2.5 shall be used for netting of new PM-2.5 emissions.
- (4) Any creditable emission increase or ERC which is used in a net emission increase determination must occur at the same major facility as the proposed modification.
- (b) 'Permit requirements for netting'. A facility owner or operator which proposes a modification that does not result in a significant net emission increase, must:
 - (1) apply for and obtain a permit which establishes an emission limit that equals the projected actual emissions or potential to emit, as appropriate, of the modification of each regulated NSR contaminant(s) which exceed(s) the applicable significant project threshold;
 - (2) apply for and obtain a permit which establishes the ERCs relied on for the net emission increase determination, if the ERCs are not already approved by the department;
 - (3) submit a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant) for each source of ERCs to be used for netting;
 - (4) apply for and obtain a permit which complies with any additional requirements of Subpart 231-11 of this Part.
- (c) 'Re-evaluation of a prior net emission increase determination at a facility that was not significant'.

 The facility owner or operator must reevaluate the determination of the net emission increase of a prior Page 61 of 106

modification which did not result in a significant net emission increase if a proposed modification will commence

operation within the contemporaneous period of the prior modification. The facility owner or operator must

recalculate the net emission increase of the prior modification at the facility by including the project emission

potential of the proposed modification as a creditable emission increase. If the recalculated net emission increase

of the prior modification results in a significant net emission increase, taking into account the proposed

modification, the facility owner or operator must select one of the following options:

(1) submit a permit application and accept a condition prohibiting the proposed modification from

commencing operation until after the close of the contemporaneous period for the previously permitted

modification; or

(2) create additional ERCs according to the provisions of Subpart 231-10 of this Part at the facility

in an amount which ensures that the net emission increase of the prior modification, after taking into

account the creditable emission increase of the proposed modification does not result in a significant net

emission increase; or

(3) submit an application requesting modification of the permit for the prior modification which

reflects applicability of this Subpart. The facility owner or operator may not begin actual construction of

the prior modification or begin operation until the department approves the application and issues a permit

which incorporates the requirements of this Subpart.

Existing section 231-8.3 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-8.4 through 231-8.7 are amended to read as follows:

231-8.4 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following information must be included with the permit application for a NSR major modification, at the time the application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

- (a) 'An air quality impact analyses according to Subpart 231-12 of this Part'[.];
- (b) 'A BACT review in accordance with section 231-8.7 of this Subpart'[.];
- (c) 'Source impact analysis'. The applicant must demonstrate according to the provisions of Subpart 231-12 of this Part that allowable emission increases from the proposed modification, in conjunction with all other applicable emissions increases or reductions (including secondary emissions), would not cause or significantly contribute to air pollution in violation of:
 - (1) any national ambient air quality standard in any air quality control region;
 - (2) any applicable maximum allowable increase over the baseline concentration in any area; or
 - (3) any other applicable requirements identified in Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and section 231-8.5(f) of this Subpart including visibility and air quality related value (AQRV) analyses for Federal class I areas, as applicable[.];
- (d) 'Source information'. The applicant must submit all information necessary to perform any analysis or make any determination required under this section and Subpart 231-12 of this Part, including:

(1) a detailed description as to what system of continuous emission reduction is planned for the facility, emission estimates, and any other information necessary to determine that best available control technology would be applied;

(2) information on the air quality impacts, and the nature and extent of any or all general commercial, residential, industrial, and other growth which has occurred since August 7, 1977, in the area the facility would affect, upon request of the department; [and]

(3) a demonstration of the stack height, consistent with good engineering practice pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii) and section 231-8.5(e) of this Subpart[.]; and

(e) 'Additional impact analyses'.

(1) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the impairment to visibility, soils and vegetation that would occur as a result of the proposed modification, and general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed modification. The owner or operator does not have to provide an analysis of the impact on vegetation if the vegetation has no ecological or significant commercial or recreational value[.];

(2) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the air quality impact projected for the area as a result of general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed modification.

231-8.5 General requirements.

The following provisions are also applicable for the review of applications under this Subpart.

- (a) 'Ambient air increments'. Concentration limitations necessary to assure that in areas designated as Federal class I, class II, or class III, increases in any regulated NSR contaminant concentration over the baseline concentration do not exceed those listed in Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (b) 'Ambient air ceilings'. For any regulated NSR contaminant for a period of exposure, no concentration of that regulated NSR contaminant is allowed to exceed the lower of the following:
 - (1) the concentration permitted under the national secondary ambient air quality standard; or
 - (2) the concentration permitted under the national primary ambient air quality standard.
 - (c) 'Restrictions on area classifications and redesignation'.
 - (1) All areas of the State are designated class II as identified in department policy documents, but may be redesignated as provided in this subdivision.
 - (2) The following areas may be redesignated only as Federal class I:
 - (i) an area which as of August 7, 1977, exceeded 10,000 acres in size and was a national monument, a national primitive area, a national preserve, a national recreational area, a national wild and scenic river, a national wildlife refuge, a national lakeshore or seashore; and
 - (ii) a national park or national wilderness area established after August 7, 1977, which exceeds 10,000 acres in size.
 - (3) The State may submit to the administrator a proposal to redesignate areas in the State as class I according to the provisions established by 40 CFR part 51.166.

- (d) 'Exclusions from increment consumption'.
- (1) The following concentrations must be excluded in determining compliance with the maximum allowable ambient air increment:
 - (i) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from the use of petroleum products, natural gas, or both by reason of an order in effect under section 2(a) and (b) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such an order;
 - (ii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from using natural gas by reason of any applicable natural gas curtailment plan in effect pursuant to the Federal Power Act (or any other superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such plan;
 - (iii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from construction of other temporary emission related activities at the facility;
 - (iv) increase in concentrations attributable to new facilities outside the United States over the concentrations attributable to existing facilities which are included in the baseline concentration; and
 - (v) for subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, no exclusion of such concentrations applies more than two years after the effective date which is applicable. If both such order and

plan are applicable, no such exclusion applies more than five years after the later of such effective dates.

- (2) Concentrations attributable to the temporary increase in emissions of SO₂, PM, or NO_x from facilities which are limited to less than one year in duration are excluded, provided the department:
 - (i) approves the time over which the temporary emissions increase of SO_2 , PM, or NO_x would occur;
 - (ii) specifies that the time period for excluding certain contributions in accordance with this subdivision, is not renewable;
 - (iii) allows no emissions increase from a facility which would:
 - ('a') impact a Federal class I area or an area where an applicable increment is known to be violated; or
 - ('b') cause a violation or contribute to a known violation of a national ambient air quality standard;
 - (iv) requires limitations to be in effect at the end of the time period specified in accordance with this subdivision, which would ensure that the emissions levels from facilities would not exceed those levels occurring from such facilities before the exclusion was approved.
- (e) 'Stack heights'. The degree of emission limitation required for control of any regulated NSR contaminant under this Subpart must not be affected in any manner by:

- (1) a stack height, not in existence before December 31, 1970, as exceeds good engineering practice, pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii); or
 - (2) any other dispersion technique not implemented before December 31, 1970.
- (f) 'Requirements for sources impacting Federal class I areas:'
- (1) Notice to EPA and Federal land manager. The department or the applicant, at the request of the department, shall submit a copy of the permit application and all relevant information to the EPA region 2 office and the Federal land manager within 30 days of receipt of the application.
- (2) Federal land manager. The Federal land manager and the Federal official charged with direct responsibility for management of such lands have an affirmative responsibility to protect the AQRVs (including visibility) of such lands and to consider, in consultation with the department, whether a proposed new or modified facility will have an adverse impact on such values.
- (3) Visibility analysis and AQRV analysis. The department must consider any analysis performed by the Federal land manager, provided prior to the date of publication of the draft permit that shows that a proposed new major facility may have an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV in any Federal class I area. Where the department finds that such an analysis does not demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV will result in the Federal class I area, the department must, in the notice of public hearing on the permit application, either explain its decision or give notice as to where the explanation can be obtained.

- (4) Denial of a permit based on adverse impact on AQRVs. The Federal land manager of any such lands may demonstrate to the department that the emissions from a proposed [new or modified] modification to a facility would have an adverse impact on the AQRVs (including visibility) of those lands, notwithstanding that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the proposed [new or modified] modification to the facility would not cause or significantly contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the department concurs with such demonstration, then it must not issue the permit.
- (5) Federal class I variances. The owner or operator of a [proposed new or modified] facility proposing a modification may demonstrate to the Federal land manager that the emissions from the [new or modified] modification to the facility would have no adverse impact on the air quality related values (including visibility) of any such lands, notwithstanding that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the [new or modified] modification to the facility would cause or contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the Federal land manager concurs with such demonstration and so certifies, provided that the applicable requirements of this section are otherwise met, the State may issue the permit with such emission limitations as may be necessary to assure that emissions of SO₂, PM, and NO_x would not exceed the maximum allowable increases over minor source baseline concentration as listed in table 7 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.
- (6) SO₂ variance by governor of the Federal class I area with Federal land manager's concurrence. The owner or operator of a [proposed new or modified] facility <u>proposing a modification</u> which cannot be approved under paragraph (4) of this subdivision may demonstrate to the governor of the Federal class I area that the [new or modified] <u>modification to the</u> facility cannot be constructed by reason of any

maximum allowable increase for SO₂ for a period of 24 hours or less applicable to any Federal class I area, and that a variance under this paragraph would not adversely affect the air quality related values of the area (including visibility). The governor of the Federal class I area, after consideration of the Federal land manager's recommendation (if any) and subject to his <u>or her</u> concurrence, may, after notice and public hearing, grant a variance from such maximum allowable increase. If such variance is granted, the department will issue a permit to the [new or modified] facility, provided that the applicable requirements of this Subpart are otherwise met. In this instance, the SO₂ concentrations must meet the maximum allowable increase in SO₂ concentrations in table 8 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

231-8.6 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance for a NSR major modification are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:

- (a) The projected actual emissions or potential to emit, as appropriate, of each applicable regulated NSR contaminant(s) for a proposed NSR major modification.
 - (b) Any BACT limitations.

231-8.7 Best available control technology (BACT).

(a) For a proposed NSR major modification, BACT is required for each emission source that is part of the proposed modification, for all regulated NSR contaminants to be emitted by the proposed modification which equal or exceed the applicable significant [project] net emission increase threshold listed in table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part or, in the case of GHGs, the applicable significant project threshold in table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

(b) For phased construction projects, the determination of BACT must be reviewed and modified as appropriate at the latest reasonable time which occurs no later than 18 months prior to commencement of construction of each independent phase of the project. At such time, the applicant may be required to demonstrate the adequacy of any previous determination of BACT for the modification.

(c) In establishing the final BACT limit, the department may consider any new information, including recent permit decisions, or public comment received, subsequent to the submittal of a complete application.

(d) BACT will not be established in final form until the final permit is issued.

Existing sections 231-9.1through 231-9.4 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-9.5 is amended to read as follows:

231-9.5 Permit contents.

The following terms and conditions, at a minimum, must be included in a permit which establishes a PAL:

- (a) The PAL contaminant, the applicable facility-wide emission limitation in tpy, and required monitoring provisions consistent with this section.
 - (b) The effective date of the permit and the expiration date of the PAL (PAL effective period).
- (c) The emissions calculations to be used for compliance purposes. These calculations must include emissions from start-ups, shutdowns, and malfunctions.

(d) The procedures to convert the monitoring system data to monthly emissions and annual emissions based on a 12-month rolling total as required by this Subpart.
(e) 'Monitoring requirements'.
(1) General requirements.
(i) A requirement that the monitoring system accurately determines facility emissions of
the PAL contaminant in terms of mass per unit of time according to the criteria contained in the
following paragraphs of this section as applicable.
(ii) The PAL monitoring system must employ one or more of the four monitoring
approaches meeting the minimum requirements set forth in paragraph (2) of this subdivision. If
the facility utilizes CEMS to monitor a particular contaminant for which a PAL is sought, the
facility must use the CEMS data to demonstrate compliance with the PAL.
(2) Minimum performance requirements for approved monitoring approaches. The following are acceptable monitoring approaches when conducted in accordance with the minimum requirements in
paragraphs (3) through (9) of this subdivision:
(i) mass balance calculations for activities using coatings or solvents;
(ii) CEMS;
(iii) other monitoring systems as approved by the department; and
(iv) emission factors. Page 72 of 106

- (3) Mass balance calculations. A facility using mass balance calculations to monitor PAL contaminant emissions from activities using coating or solvents must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) provide a demonstrated means of validating the published content of the PAL contaminant that is contained in or created by all materials used in or at the emission source;
 - (ii) assume that the emission source emits all the PAL contaminant that is contained in or created by any raw material or fuel used in or at the emission source, if it cannot otherwise be accounted for in the process;
 - (iii) where the vendor of a material or fuel, which is used in or at the emission source, publishes a range of contaminant content from such material, the facility must use the highest value of the range to calculate the PAL contaminant emissions unless the department determines there is site specific data or a site specific monitoring program to support another content within the range.
- (4) CEMS. A facility using CEMS to monitor PAL contaminant emissions must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) CEMS must comply with applicable performance specifications found in either 40 CFR part 60, appendix B, or 40 CFR part 75.
 - (ii) CEMS must sample, analyze and record data at least every 15 minutes while the emission source is operating.

- (5) Other monitoring systems. A facility using other monitoring systems to monitor PAL contaminant emissions must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) the monitoring system must be based on current site specific data demonstrating a correlation between the monitored parameter(s) and the PAL contaminant emissions across the range of operation of the emission source; and
 - (ii) each monitoring system must sample, analyze, and record data at least every 15 minutes, or at another less frequent interval approved by the department, while the emission source is operating.
- (6) Emission factors. A facility using emission factors to monitor PAL contaminant emissions must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) all emission factors must be adjusted, if appropriate, to account for the degree of uncertainty or limitations in the factors development;
 - (ii) the emission source must operate within the designated range of use for the emission factor, if applicable; and
 - (iii) if technically practicable, any facility with a significant PAL emission source that relies on an emission factor to calculate PAL contaminant emissions must conduct validation testing to determine a site specific emission factor within six months of permit issuance, unless the department determines that testing is not required.

- (7) A facility owner or operator must record and report maximum potential emissions without considering enforceable emission limitations or operational restrictions for an emission source during any period of time that there is no monitoring data, unless another method for determining emissions during such periods is specified in the permit.
- (8) Notwithstanding the requirements in paragraphs (3) through (7) of this subdivision, where an owner or operator of a facility cannot demonstrate a correlation between the monitored parameter(s) and the PAL contaminant emissions rate at all operating points of the emission source, the department must include in the permit default value(s) for determining compliance with the PAL based on the highest potential emissions reasonably estimated at such operating point(s). Alternatively, the department must determine that operation of the emission source during circumstances where there is no correlation between monitored parameter(s) and the PAL contaminant emissions is a violation of the PAL.
- (9) Re-validation. All data used to establish the PAL contaminant must be re-validated through performance testing or other scientifically valid means approved by the department. Such testing must occur at least once every five years after issuance of the PAL.
- (f) 'Recordkeeping requirements'.
- (1) The facility must retain a copy of all records necessary to determine compliance with any requirement of this Subpart and of the PAL, including a determination of each emission source's 12-month rolling total emissions, for five years from the date of such record.
- (2) The facility must retain a copy of the following records for the duration of the PAL effective period plus five years:

- (i) a copy of the permit application and any applications for revisions to the PAL; and
- (ii) each annual certification of compliance pursuant to Part 201 of this Title and the data relied on for such certification.
- (3) The records must be maintained on-site or at an alternative location approved by the department. Such records may be retained in an electronic format.
- (g) 'Reporting and notification requirements'. Semi-annual monitoring reports and prompt deviation reports must be submitted to the department. The reports must meet the requirements in this section and Subpart 231-11 of this Part.
 - (1) Semi-annual report. The semi-annual report must be submitted to the department within 30 days of the end of each reporting period, and include the following:
 - (i) total annual emissions (tons/year) based on a 12-month rolling total for each month in the reporting period recorded pursuant to paragraph (f)(1) of this section.
 - (ii) all data relied upon, including, but not limited to, any quality assurance or quality control data, in calculating the monthly and annual PAL contaminant emissions;
 - (iii) a list of any emission sources modified or added to the major facility during the preceding six-month period;

- (iv) the number, duration, and cause of any deviations or monitoring malfunctions (other than the time associated with zero and span calibration checks), and any corrective action taken; and
- (v) a notification of [a] the shutdown of any monitoring system stating, whether the shutdown was permanent or temporary, the reason for the shutdown, the anticipated date that the monitoring system will be fully operational or replaced with another monitoring system, and whether the emission source monitored by the monitoring system continued to operate. [, and the] The notification shall also include a calculation of the emissions of the PAL contaminant [or the number determined by method included in the permit, as provided by] according to the provisions in paragraph (e)(7) of this section.
- (2) Deviation report. The major facility owner or operator must promptly submit a report of any deviations or exceedance of the PAL requirements, including periods where no monitoring is available. The deviation report must be submitted within the time limits prescribed by Part 201 of this Title and the Title V permit. A deviation report submitted in accordance with Subpart 201-6 of this Title will satisfy this reporting requirement. The report must contain, among other information required under Subpart 201-6 of this Title, identification of the owner or operator, the PAL requirement that experienced the deviation or that was exceeded, emissions resulting from the deviation or exceedance, and a signed statement by the responsible official as defined by the applicable title V permit certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the information contained in the report.
- (3) Re-validation results. The owner or operator must submit to the department the results of any re-validation test or method within three months after completion of such test or method.

(h) Provisions which implement the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting and notification requirements contained in this Subpart and any other requirements that the department deems necessary to implement and enforce the PAL.

Existing section 231-9.6 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-9.7 through 231-10.3 are amended to read as follows:

231-9.7 PAL renewals and expirations.

- (a) 'Permit renewal where PAL is not renewed'. The following provisions set forth the requirements for an application to renew a title V permit where a PAL will expire at the end of the PAL effective period and the facility has not included a request to renew the PAL in such application. The facility must continue to comply with the PAL until such time as the department issues a renewed title V permit.
 - (1) Application content. In addition to any other information required pursuant to this Chapter, the title V permit application must include a proposed allowable emission limitation for each emission source. Such emission limitations must be calculated by distributing the PAL of the facility among each emission source that is subject to an emission limitation under the PAL and must be adjusted to reflect any applicable requirements that became effective during the PAL effective period if the PAL was not previously adjusted.
 - (2) Permit content. In addition to any other requirements of this Chapter, a title V permit issued following the expiration of a PAL shall include the following provisions:

- (i) emission limits for each emission source on a 12-month rolling basis. The allowable emission limits shall be established in accordance with a distribution of the PAL that the department determines is appropriate; and
- (ii) a facility must demonstrate compliance with the allowable emission limitation(s) through the use of CEMS or other monitoring systems (source testing, emission factors, etc.) as the department may approve.
- (b) 'Permit renewal where a PAL is renewed'.
- (1) Application deadline. The application deadlines for renewal of the title V permits in Part 201 of this Title shall govern the application to renew a PAL.
- (2) Application content. The application to renew a permit with a PAL must contain the following information:
 - (i) the information required in section 231-9.2(a) through (c) of this Subpart;
 - (ii) a proposed PAL;
 - (iii) the sum of the potential to emit of all emission sources subject to the PAL with supporting documentation; and
 - (iv) any other relevant information the owner or operator submits to the department for consideration in determining the appropriate level for renewing the PAL.

- (3) PAL adjustment. In determining whether and how to adjust the PAL, the department must consider the options outlined below. All adjustments must comply with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph:
 - (i) if the emissions level calculated in accordance with section 231-9.4(a) through (d) of this Subpart is equal to or greater than 80 percent of the level of the existing PAL at the time of renewal, the department may renew the PAL at the same level, without considering the factors set forth in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph; or
 - (ii) the department may set the PAL at a level that the department determines is more representative of the baseline actual emissions of the facility, or is more appropriate considering air quality needs, advances in control technology, anticipated economic growth in the area, desire to reward or encourage voluntary emissions reductions at the facility, or other factors as specifically identified by the department [;].
 - (iii) notwithstanding subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph:
 - ('a') if the potential to emit of the facility is less than the PAL, the department must adjust the PAL to a level no greater than the potential to emit of the facility; and
 - ('b') the department cannot approve a renewed PAL higher than the current PAL, unless the facility has complied with the provisions of section 231-9.6(b) of this Subpart [;].
 - (iv) section 231-9.4(e) of this Subpart is inapplicable to the renewal of a PAL.

(4) If the compliance date for an applicable requirement occurs during the PAL effective period, and the department has not already adjusted the PAL to reflect such requirement, the PAL must be adjusted at the time of permit renewal.

Subpart 231-10 Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs)

231-10.1 General provisions.

- (a) An ERC may be used in a net emission increase determination, internal offset, or as an emission offset.
- (b) An ERC may be used as an internal offset or emission offset, as applicable, without time limit or restriction within New York State. In another state in the ozone transport region, an ERC may be used as an emission offset in accordance with that state's requirements if New York State has established a reciprocal trading agreement with that state.
- (c) An ERC, to be used for purposes of netting, must be the same regulated NSR contaminant as the emission increase requiring the ERC.
- (d) An ERC, to be used as an offset, must be the same regulated NSR contaminant as the emission increase requiring the ERC [, except for PM-2.5. An ERC of PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO₂ and NO_x) may be used as an offset for direct emissions of PM-2.5. In addition, direct emissions of PM-2.5 can be used to offset emissions of its presursors. These emission offsets must follow the ratio requirements of sections 231-5.5(b)(3) and 231-6.6(b)(3) of this Part.] unless a precursor is allowed under sections 231-5.5 or 231-6.6 of this Part.

- (e) In areas where NO_x is a regulated precursor for ozone and PM-2.5, NO_x offsets that occurred on or after April 5, 2005 and meet all applicable location requirements can be used to offset NO_x emissions in both ozone and PM-2.5 nonattainment areas, with the amount of offsets required determined by the higher of the applicable offset ratios.
- (f) An ERC may include emission reductions from control or elimination of fugitive emissions, provided these emissions are contained in the New York State emissions inventory.
- (g) An ERC, or portion thereof, which was used to avoid a determination of a significant net emission increase, as an internal offset, or as an emission offset cannot subsequently be used for demonstrating attainment with ambient air quality standards or reasonable further progress in a federally approved SIP.
- (h) An ERC, or portion thereof, which was used to avoid a determination of a significant net emission increase, cannot subsequently be used as an internal offset, emission offset, or in any subsequent netting determinations.
- (i) An ERC, or portion thereof, which was used as an internal offset or an emission offset cannot be used again for any purpose.
- (j) An ERC of NO_x, PM-10, or VOC used as an emission offset or for netting, for compliance with Subpart 231-5 or 231- 6 of this Part, must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990.
- (k) An ERC of PM-2.5 or SO₂ used as an emission offset or for netting, for compliance with Subpart 231-5 or 231-6 of this Part, must have physically occurred on or after April 5, 2005.

- (1) An ERC used as an internal offset for NO_x or VOC emissions must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990 but need not be contemporaneous.
- (m) The department will approve applications for ERCs submitted on or after the effective date of this regulation on an emission source basis. Applications submitted prior to the effective date of this regulation will be processed according to the provisions of Subpart 231-2 of this Part.
- (n) ERCs may be created from past or future emission reductions resulting from facility shutdown, emission source shutdown, curtailment, emission source reduction, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit, or any other reduction mechanism acceptable to the department.
- (o) The department may approve future emission reductions only if they are designated for a specific facility. The facility seeking to establish the future emission reductions must submit an application to the department for modification of its Part 201 permit. The permit of the facility proposing to use the future emission reductions must identify the source(s) of the reductions. The permit of the facility establishing the future emission reductions is subject to modification by the department to remove the approval of the future emission reductions if the facility proposing to use the future emission reductions does not commence construction within the time period specified in this Part, or if the applicant notifies the department of its intent to abandon the proposed new or modified facility and the applicant surrenders the permit prior to commencement of operation.
- (p) Emission reductions resulting from the shutdown of an unpermitted emission source which was subject to the requirement to obtain a permit pursuant to Part 201 of this Title will not be certified as ERCs.

(q) Unpermitted emission sources that are operational may be considered for ERCs in accordance with this Part subsequent to being permitted in accordance with Part 201 of this Title. 231-10.2 Determination of ERCs. Any decrease in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, in tpy, which: (a) is surplus, quantifiable, permanent, and enforceable [, and included in a Part 201 permit]; and (b) will result or resulted from a physical change in, or a change in the method of operation of an emission source subject to Part 201 of this Title: (1) is quantified as the difference between baseline actual emissions and the subsequent potential to emit; and (2) is approved in accordance with the provisions of this Part; or (c) will result or resulted from a physical change in, or a change in the method of operation of an emission source not subject to Part 201 of this Title, and is approved in accordance with the provisions of section 231-10.7 of this Subpart. 231-10.3 Applications for ERC approval. This section applies to applications for ERCs at sources subject to Part 201 of this Title. (a) 'Application procedures'.

- (1) For approval of ERCs from a facility subject to Subpart 201-5 or 201-6 of this Title, other than a facility shutdown, the facility owner or operator must submit an application for a permit modification.
- (2) For approval of ERCs from a registered facility, other than a facility shutdown, the owner or operator must apply for a State facility permit.
- (3) For approval of [ERC's] <u>ERCs</u> as a result of shutdown of a facility subject to Subpart 201-5 or 201-6 of this Title, the facility owner or operator must submit a written request to the department to discontinue the permit.
- (4) For approval of [ERC's] <u>ERCs</u> as a result of shutdown of a registered facility, the facility owner or operator must submit a written request to the department to discontinue the registration.
- (b) 'Application content'. A permit application involving ERCs must include the following information:
- (1) The signature of a responsible official or other representative authorized to act on behalf of the facility with respect to the ERCs.
- (2) A complete "emission reduction credit quantification form" with supporting documentation establishing that the emission reduction is surplus, quantifiable, permanent and enforceable.
 - (i) Surplus. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that the emission reduction for an emission source is in excess of any reduction required by RACT or MACT or any other regulations applicable to the emission source during the baseline period for the emission reduction. The determination of "surplus" is as follows:

- ('a') For an emission reduction which physically occurred prior to the State or Federal register publication date proposing RACT, MACT, or any other applicable requirements, the applicant is eligible for the full amount of the reduction. Otherwise, the applicant is eligible only for the baseline actual emissions reflecting RACT, MACT, or any other applicable emission limits.
- ('b') For a future reduction as defined in this Part, if the date of approval of the ERC is prior to the State or Federal Register publication date proposing RACT, MACT, or any other applicable requirements, then the applicant is eligible for the full amount of the reduction. Otherwise, the applicant is eligible only for the baseline actual emissions reflecting RACT, MACT, or any other applicable emission limits.
- ('c') For an emission source which has been granted a RACT variance, emissions in excess of the statutory RACT limit shall not be considered as surplus. In those instances, the emission source's actual operating parameters shall be used in conjunction with the statutory RACT limit to determine the baseline actual emissions.
- (ii) Quantifiable. The applicant must use a reliable basis for quantifying the reduction. Continuous emissions monitoring (CEM) data or stack test data approved by the department must be used if the facility is required to generate such data. Emission statements, EPA's AP-42 emission factors, and fuel and solvent purchase records, with department approval, are acceptable bases for quantifying baseline actual emissions if an applicant demonstrates to the department's satisfaction that CEM or stack test data are not available and that CEM or stack test data was not a permit requirement.

(iii) Permanent. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that all emission reductions will be permanent.

(iv) Enforceable.

- ('a') For a facility which submits a written request to the department to discontinue its permit or registration (facility shutdown) pursuant to this section, no further action is required.
- ('b') For an emission source shutdown where the facility will continue to operate, the applicant must apply for and obtain a permit modification in accordance with this section which reflects the permanent shutdown of the emission source through a permit condition prohibiting operation of the emission source, or physically removes the emission source from the permit.
- ('c') For an emission source which will continue to operate at the facility, the applicant must submit for department approval a monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting strategy that will be used to demonstrate that the emission reductions are verifiable. If approvable, the department will include terms and conditions in the operating permit which implement the applicant's strategy. If the department determines the strategy is incomplete or otherwise not approvable, the department may propose terms and conditions for the permit or as part of <u>a</u> proposed single source SIP revision as appropriate to ensure that the emission reductions are verifiable.

('d') Any permit modification must be processed in accordance with this Subpart.

Existing sections 231-10.4 through 231-10.7 remain unchanged.

Existing sections 231-10.8 through 231-11.2 are amended to read as follows:

231-10.8 [Replacement and relocation] <u>Relocation</u> of emission sources.

- [(a) ERCs for the replacement of an emission source with new similar equipment (connected to the existing stack or a new stack) must be quantified as the difference between:
 - (1) the baseline actual emissions of the emission source representing the old emission source; and
 - (2) the future potential to emit of the new emission source.
- (b)] The relocation of an emission source within the same facility would neither qualify for ERCs for the shutdown of the emission source nor be subject to this Subpart at the new location. However, the relocation must comply with all other applicable Parts of this Title and result in acceptable air quality impacts pursuant to section 200.6 of this Title.

Subpart 231-11 Permit and Reasonable Possibility Requirements

- 231-11.1 Permit requirements for new major facilities, NSR major modifications, and netting.
- (a) 'Permit application requirements'. In addition to the application requirements under Part 201 of this Title the following information must be included in the permit application for any new major facility, NSR major modification, or facility netting out of applicability, required to obtain a permit pursuant to this Part:

- (1) project description, location, design capacity, and typical operating schedule, including specifications and drawings showing its design and the plant layout, as applicable;
 - (2) a detailed schedule for construction, as applicable;
- (3) applicable calculations and supporting documentation of potential-to-emit for a new facility, and baseline actual emissions, projected actual emissions or potential-to-emit as applicable, project emission potential and net emissions increase determination for a modified facility. The information submitted must be sufficiently detailed to allow the department to verify the emissions calculation(s) and to determine the applicability status of the source with respect to this Part. If the calculation of projected actual emissions excludes emissions which an existing emission source could have accommodated during the consecutive 24-month period used to establish the baseline actual emissions and that are also unrelated to the particular project, detailed documentation of the calculation of the excluded emissions must be provided at the time of permit application in order for the exclusion of those emissions to be allowed in determining future compliance; and
- (4) proposed emission monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting provisions to establish compliance with the applicable requirements of this Part.
- (b) 'General permit conditions and terms of issuance'. Any new major facility, NSR major modification or facility netting out of applicability subject to this Part must comply with the requirements of section [201-6.5(a)] 201-6.4(a) of this Title and the following:
 - (1) within 30 days of commencement of construction, the applicant must notify the department in writing that construction has begun; and

- (2) the filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification or renewal, or of a notification by the permittee of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not authorize the permittee to undertake any action without department approval. The permittee shall not begin actual construction or operate a new or modified facility without department approval in accordance with this Chapter. Operation in a manner other than authorized by a permit shall be grounds for enforcement.
- (c) 'Permit conditions for monitoring'. Any permit issued in accordance with this Part must include the monitoring provisions required in section [201-6.5(b)] 201-6.4(b) of this Title.
- (d) 'Permit conditions for recordkeeping and reporting of compliance monitoring'. Any permit issued in accordance with this Part must include the recordkeeping and reporting of compliance monitoring provisions required in section [201-6.5(c)] 201-6.4(c) of this Title.
- (e) 'Compliance certification'. Any permit issued in accordance with this Part must include the compliance certification provisions required in section [201-6.5(e)] 201-6.4(e) of this Title and, if applicable, submission of documentation that the actual measured emissions less those attributed to independent factors such as demand growth are below the permitted projected actual emissions limit.
- 231-11.2 Reasonable possibility requirements for insignificant modifications.
- (a) The requirements of this section do not apply if potential-to-emit is used in lieu of projected actual emissions in determining the project emission potential for a proposed modification.

- (b) For a modification with a project emission potential [that does not utilize the] which, when added to all emissions [exclusion allowed] excluded under section [231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c')] 231-4.1(b)(42)(i)('c') of this Part, [and which] is less than 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, [or for a modification with a project emission potential which when added to emissions excluded in accordance with section 231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c') of this Part is less than 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part,] the facility owner or operator, in addition to complying with any requirements under Part 201 of this Title, must maintain the following information for a minimum of five years:
 - (1) a description of the modification;
 - (2) an identification of each new or modified emission source(s) including the associated processes and emission unit;
 - (3) the calculation of the project emission potential for each modified emission source(s) including supporting documentation; and
 - (4) the date the modification commenced operation.

These recordkeeping requirements apply to exempt and trivial activities but do not affect their exempt or trivial permitting status under Subpart 201-3 of this Title.

(c) For a modification with a project emission potential which, when added to any emissions excluded in accordance with section 231-4.1(b)(42)(i)('c') of this Part, [is less than 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, but] equals or exceeds 50 percent of

the applicable significant project threshold [when emissions excluded in accordance with section 231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c') of this Part are added and is less than the applicable significant project threshold, or for a modification with a project emission potential which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold] in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part and the project emission potential is less than the applicable significant project threshold, the facility owner or operator must submit an application to modify the facility permit under the minor permit provisions of Subpart 201-6 of this Title [or obtain a preconstruction permit under the provisions of Subpart 201-6 of this Title], and must:

- (1) maintain the following information for a minimum of five years:
 - (i) a description of the modification;
- (ii) an identification of each new or modified emission source(s) including the associated processes and emission unit;
- (iii) the calculation of the project emission potential for each modified emission source(s) including supporting documentation; and
 - (iv) the date the modification commenced operation.
- (2) monitor the emissions of each regulated NSR contaminant from the emission source(s) that will increase as a result of the modification, and calculate and maintain a record of the annual emissions, in tons per year on a calendar year basis, for a period of five years following resumption of regular operations after the modification, or for a period of 10 years following resumption of regular operations after the change if the modification increases the design capacity of or potential to emit the regulated NSR

contaminant at such emission source(s). <u>The calculation of actual emissions must use the same</u> methodology that was used in the application for the project; and

(3) submit a report to the department within 30 days after the end of each year during which records

must be generated in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subdivision. The report must contain:

(i) the name, address, and telephone number of the major facility;

(ii) the annual emissions as calculated pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subdivision; and

(iii) a comparison of actual annual emissions to the projected actual emissions and, if

applicable, an explanation as to why the actual annual emissions exceeded the projected actual

emissions.

Subpart 231-12 Ambient Air Quality Impact Analysis

This Subpart sets forth the procedures and requirements for the performance of an air quality impact analysis to determine whether a new or modified facility complies with quantified air quality levels, including air quality standards, PSD increments and monitoring deminimis levels, air quality related values, and significant

impact levels.

Existing section 231-12.1 remains unchanged.

Existing section 231-12.2 is amended to read as follows:

231-12.2 Modeling analysis methodologies.

- (a) The ambient impact analysis must follow the procedures in the applicable guidelines at 40 CFR part 51, appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models of the EPA and [the NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis available from the department.] a modeling protocol which has been approved by the department. Emissions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 used in a modeling analysis for this Part must include both the filterable and condensible fractions (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).
- (b) Where an air quality model specified in appendix W of 40 CFR part 51 is deemed inappropriate, the model may be modified or another model substituted. Such a modification or substitution of a model may be made on a case-by-case basis or, where appropriate, on a generic basis for a specific program. Written approval from the department must be obtained for any modification or substitution. In addition, use of a modified or substituted model shall be subject to public notice and opportunity for public comment, with the determination of a complete permit application, in accordance with Parts 201 and 621 of this Title.
- (c) For the purposes of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part, the owner or operator of the proposed new or modified facility must demonstrate that allowable emission increases from the proposed facility or modification, in conjunction with all other applicable emissions increases or reductions (including secondary emissions) would not, at a minimum, cause or contribute to air pollution in violation of:
 - (1) any national ambient air quality standard in any air quality control region;
 - (2) quantified air quality related values (AQRVs) including visibility for the applicable Federal class I areas; and

(3) any applicable maximum allowable PSD increment increase over the baseline concentration in any area, as defined in the following table:

'Contaminant'	'Maximum allowable increase
	(micrograms per cubic meter)'
Federal Class I	
Particulate matt	er:
PM-10,	annual arithmetic mean 4
PM-10,	24-hr maximum 8
PM-2.5,	annual arithmetic mean 1
PM-2.5,	24 hour maximum
Sulfur dioxide:	
Annual	arithmetic mean
24-hr m	aximum
3-hr ma	ximum
Nitrogen dioxid	le
Annual	arithmetic mean
Class II	
Particulate matt	eer:
PM-10,	annual arithmetic mean
PM-10,	24-hr maximum
PM-2.5,	annual arithmetic mean 4
PM-2.5,	24 hour maximum
Sulfur dioxide:	

Annual arithmetic mean
24-hr maximum
3-hr maximum
Nitrogen dioxide
Annual arithmetic mean
Class III
Particulate matter:
PM-10, annual arithmetic mean
PM-10, 24-hr maximum 60
PM-2.5, annual arithmetic mean 8
PM-2.5, 24 hour maximum
Sulfur dioxide:
Annual arithmetic mean
24-hr maximum
3-hr maximum
Nitrogen dioxide
Annual arithmetic mean

For any period other than an annual period, the applicable maximum allowable increase may be exceeded during one such period per year at any one location.

(d) The emission rates for any existing emission sources to be used for the analysis of increment increases in paragraph (c)(3) of this section can be based on representative actual emissions instead of the allowable

emission rates, provided the maximum actual rates under representative normal operations are used for short term increments. Any increment expansions analysis for the purposes of paragraph (c)(3) of this section must use representative actual short term and annual emissions instead of the allowable emissions.

(e) For the purposes of Subparts 231-5 and 231-6 of this Part, the owner or operator of the proposed new or modified facility must demonstrate that allowable emission increases from the proposed new or modified facility would not, at a minimum, cause or contribute to air pollution in violation of any national ambient air quality standard in any [non-attainment] nonattainment area in [accord] accordance with the significance levels in section 231-12.6 of this Subpart [significance levels].

(f) For the purposes of the required net air quality benefit analysis of Subparts 231-5 and 231-6 of this Part, the owner or operator of the proposed new or modified facility must use the allowable emission increases from the proposed new or modified facility. For the impact offsetting sources, this analysis must use representative actual short term and annual emissions corresponding to the averaging times of the standards. The modeling methods for conducting the net air quality benefit analyses [are provided in NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] must be approved by the department.

Existing section 231-12.3 remains unchanged.

Existing section 231-12.4 is amended to read as follows:

231-12.4 Exemption and waiver from onsite ('i.e.', site specific) air quality monitoring.

(a) The department may exempt a proposed new or modified facility from the requirements of section 231-12.3 of this Subpart with respect to monitoring for a particular regulated NSR contaminant, if:

(1) the emissions increase of the regulated NSR contaminant from the proposed new or modified facility would cause, in any attainment area, air quality impacts less than the following deminimis monitoring levels:

- (2) the concentrations of the regulated NSR contaminant in the area that the facility would affect are less than the concentrations listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision.
- (b) In cases where the source impacts are above the deminimis monitoring levels of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the department may waive the requirements of section 231-12.3 of this Subpart with respect to monitoring for a particular regulated NSR contaminant for which an applicant makes an acceptable showing that:

¹ No deminimis air quality level is provided for ozone. However, any net increase of 100 tons per year or more of NO_x or volatile organic compounds subject to Subpart 231-7 or Subpart 231-8 may be required to gather ambient air quality data according to the provisions of section 231-12.3.

- (1) representative existing ambient air monitoring data exists in the affected area and is of the quality and nature which demonstrates the current conditions of the area's air quality; or
- (2) representative ambient air monitoring data exists from a prior time period which can be demonstrated to be conservative ('i.e.' higher) in establishing the current conditions of the area's air quality.

Existing section 231-12.5 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-12.6 through 231-12.7 are amended to read as follows:

231-12.6 Significant impact levels in nonattainment areas.

For the purposes of Subparts 231-5 and 231-6 of this Part, a new or modified facility will be considered to cause or contribute to a violation of a national ambient air quality standard when such new or modified facility would, at a minimum, exceed the following significant impact levels (SILs) at any locality that does not or would not meet the applicable national standard:

Regulated NSR	Annual	Short Term Averaging Times (hours)			rs)
Contaminant	Average				
		24	8	3	1
SO_2	$1.0~\mu g/m^3$	5 μg/m ³		25 μg/m ³	7.8 μg/m ³
PM-10	$1.0~\mu g/m^3$	5 μg/m ³			
PM-2.5	$0.3 \ \mu g/m^3$	1.2 μg/m ³			

NO _x *	$1.0~\mu g/m^3$		7.5 μg/m ³
СО		500 μg/m ³	2000 μg/m ³

^{*} For the purposes of this table, NO₂ shall be the subset of NO_x that is modeled

231-12.7 Significant impact levels for facilities located in attainment areas.

For the purposes of an impact analysis in support of provisions of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part, the significant impact levels defined in section 231-12.6 of this Subpart will serve to determine whether a new or modified source will have a significant air quality impact or a contribution to potential standards violation or PSD increment exceedances in both the attainment area of the proposed project and in any adjacent [non-attainment] nonattainment areas. The levels in section 231-12.6 of this Subpart apply in all attainment areas in the State for the specific NSR contaminant and serve as the required modeling demonstration to show insignificant impacts for that contaminant. A showing that the maximum impacts from the proposed new or modified facility for any regulated NSR contaminant are below the lesser of these significant impact levels or the difference between the NAAQS and the background concentration for that regulated NSR contaminant will be deemed adequate as the required impact analysis to demonstrate that the source will not contribute to a standards violation or PSD increment exceedance for that regulated NSR contaminant. However, such a demonstration will not exclude the performance of any other required impact analysis to satisfy other applicable provisions of Subparts 231-5 to 231-8 of this Part, including the modeling for air quality related values in Federal class I areas.

Existing sections 231-12.8 through 231-13.1 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-13.2 is amended to read as follows:

231-13.2 - Table 2 - Major facility thresholds and offset ratios for PM nonattainment areas

Area/Contaminant Classification	Major Facility Threshold	Offset Ratio
	(tpy)	
Moderate		
PM-10 ¹	100	At least 1:1
No classification		
PM-2.5 ¹	100	At least 1:1
[PM-2.5 Precursors]		
$[SO_2]$	[100]	[At least 1:1]
$[NO_x]$	[100]	[At least 1:1]

¹ – both the filterable and condensible fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

Existing section 231-13.3 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-13.4 through 231-13.6 are amended to read as follows:

231-13.4 - Table 4 - Significant project thresholds, significant net emission increase thresholds, and offset ratios for PM nonattainment areas

Area/Contaminant	Significant Project	Significant Net	Offset Ratio
Classification	Threshold (tpy) ²	Emission Increase	
		Threshold (tpy)	
Moderate			
PM-10 ¹	15	15	At least 1:1
No classification			

PM-2.5 ¹	10	10	At least 1:1
[PM-2.5 Precursors]			
$[SO_2]$	[40]	[40]	[At least 1:1]
[NO _x]	[40]	[40]	[At least 1:1]

¹ – both filterable and condensible fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

231-13.5 - Table 5 - Major facility thresholds for attainment and unclassified areas

Contaminant	Major Facility Threshold
	(tpy) ¹
Carbon monoxide	100 / 250
Nitrogen oxides	100 / 250
Sulfur dioxide	100 / 250
Particulate matter	100 / 250
Particulate matter: PM-10 emissions ²	100 / 250
Particulate matter: PM-2.5 emissions ²	100 / 250
Ozone: as VOCs or NO _x	100 / 250
Lead (elemental)	100 / 250
Fluorides	100 / 250
Sulfuric acid mist	100 / 250
Hydrogen sulfide (H2S)	100 / 250
Total reduced sulfur (including H2S)	100 / 250

² - project emission potential threshold.

Reduced sulfur compounds (including H2S)	100 / 250
Municipal waste combustor organics (measured as total tetra	100 / 250
through octa-chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans)	
Municipal waste combustor metals (measured as particulate	100 / 250
matter)	
Municipal waste combustor acid gases (measured as sulfur	100 / 250
dioxide and hydrogen chloride)	
Municipal solid waste landfills emissions (measured as	100 / 250
nonmethane organic compounds)	
[Greenhouse gases]	[100 / 250
	and
	100,000 ³]
Any other regulated NSR contaminant	100 / 250

¹ - 100 tpy threshold applies if the facility is one of the source categories listed in section 201-

2.1(b)(21)(iii)('a') through ('z') of this Title.

231-13.6 - Table 6 - Significant project thresholds and significant net emission increase thresholds for attainment and unclassified areas

² – both filterable and condensible fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

^{[3} measured as CO₂ equivalents.]

Contaminant	Significant Project Threshold ¹ /
	Significant Net Emission
	Increase Threshold
Carbon monoxide	100 tpy
Nitrogen oxides	40 tpy
Sulfur dioxide	40 tpy
Particulate matter	25 tpy
Particulate matter: PM-10 emissions ²	15 tpy
Particulate matter: PM-2.5 emissions ²	10 tpy
Ozone: as VOCs or NO _x	40 tpy
Lead (elemental)	0.6 tpy
Fluorides	3 tpy
Sulfuric acid mist	7 tpy
Hydrogen sulfide (H2S)	10 tpy
Total reduced sulfur (including H2S)	10 tpy
Reduced sulfur compounds (including H2S)	10 tpy
Municipal waste combustor organics (measured as total	3.2 x 10-6 megagrams per year
tetra through octa-chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin and	(3.5 x 10-6 tpy)
dibenzofurans)	
Municipal waste combustor metals (measured as particulate	14 megagrams per year (15 tpy)
matter)	
Municipal waste combustor acid gases (measured as sulfur	36 megagrams per year (40 tpy)
dioxide and hydrogen chloride)	
	<u> </u>

Municipal solid waste landfills emissions (measured as	45 megagrams per year (50 tpy)
nonmethane organic compounds)	
Greenhouse gases	Any increase
	and
	75,000 tpy ^{3,4}
Any other regulated NSR contaminant	Any increase

^{1 –} project emission potential threshold.

Existing sections 231-13.7 through 231-13.8 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-13.9 is amended to read as follows:

231-13.9 Table 9 – Global warming potential values for calculating CO₂ equivalents.

Greenhouse Gas	Global Warming Potential
CO_2	1
CH ₄	[21] <u>25</u>
N ₂ O	[310] <u>298</u>
SF ₆	[23,900] <u>22,800</u>
Hydrofluorocarbons (HFC)	[12 to $11,700^1$] $\underline{12 \text{ to } 14,800^1}$
Perfluorocarbons (PFC)	[6,500 to 9,200 ¹] <u>6,288 to 17,700¹</u>

² – both filterable and condensible fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

³ measured as CO₂ equivalents.

⁴ – values only represent the Significant Project Threshold as netting is not allowed for greenhouse gases.

¹ see [74 FR 56395-56396, Table A-1,] <u>Table A-1 to Subpart A of 40 CFR Part 98</u> for specific values of HFC and PFC (see Table 1, section 200.9 of this Title).

Express Terms

6 NYCRR Part 200, General Provisions

Existing sections 200.1 through 200.8 remain unchanged.

Existing section 200.9, Table 1 is amended to read as follows:

Regulation	Referenced material	Availability
231-2.1(b)(24)(iii)	Further Continuing Appropriations Act of 1985, 42 U.S.C.	**
	Section 5903d (December 19, 1985)	
231-2.1(b)(31)(i)	Clean Air Act, Title IV, 42 U.S.C. Section 7651, as amended by	**
	Pub. L. 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-2.2(j)(1)	Clean Air Act, U.S.C. Section 7511a(f), as amended by Pub. L.	**
	101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-2.11(a)(2)(iii)	Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 7511a(b), (c), and (g), as	**
	amended by Pub. L. 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-3.1	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Part C and Part D of Subchapter I as	**
	amended by Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-3.4(a)] <u>231-3.3(a)</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7511a(f) as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-3.4(c)(2)] <u>231-3.3(c)(2)</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 107 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-3.7(b)] <u>231-3.6(b)</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 165(c) as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-4.1(b)(3)(i)	40 CFR Part 60 (July 1, 2006)	*

	40 CFR Part 61 (July 1, 2006)	*
231-4.1(b)(4)(i)(c)	40 CFR Part 63 (July 1, 2006)	*
	40 CFR Part 51.165(a)(3)(ii)(G) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-4.1(b)(5)	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 107 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-4.1(b)(5)(i)	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 107 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-4.1(b)(9)	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
	(November 15, 1990)	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7411 or 7412 as amended by	**
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(27)(ii)(a)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7407 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(29)(ii)(a)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(28)(iii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 125 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(30)(iii)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(28)(v)(a)] <u>231-</u>	40 CFR Part 52.21 (July 1, 2006)	*
4.1(b)(30)(v)(a)	40 CFR Part 51, Subpart I (July 1, 2006)	*
	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
[231-4.1(b)(28)(v)(b)] <u>231-</u>	40 CFR Part 52.21 (July 1, 2006)	*
4.1(b)(30)(v)(b)		
[231-4.1(b)(28)(vi)] <u>231-</u>	40 CFR Part 52.21 (July 1, 2006)	*
4.1(b)(30)(vi)		
	40 CFR Part 51, Subpart I (July 1, 2006)	*

	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
[231-4.1(b)(43)(i)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
4.1(b)(45)(i)	(November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(43)(ii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 111 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(45)(ii)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(43)(iii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Title VI as amended by Public Law	**
4.1(b)(45)(iii)	101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(43)(iv)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
4.1(b)(45)(iv)	(November 15, 1990)	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112(b)(2) as amended by	**
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112(b)(3) as amended by	**
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 108 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(44)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Title II as amended by Public Law	**
4.1(b)(46)	101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(45)(ii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7407 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(47)(ii)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(48)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
4.1(b)(50)	(November 15, 1990)	

231-7.3(d)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-7.4(c)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
231-7.4(e)(1)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-8.4(d)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-8.5(c)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
231-8.5(e)(1)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-9.5(e)(4)(i)	40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B (July 1, 2006)	*
231-12.2(a)	40 CFR Part 51, Appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models	*
	of the EPA ([July 1, 2006] <u>July 1, 2018</u>)	
231-12.2(b)	40 CFR Part 51, Appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models	*
	of the EPA ([July 1, 2006] <u>July 1, 2018</u>)	
231-12.3(f)	40 CFR Part 58, Appendix B (July 1, 2006)	*
231-13.9	[74 FR 56395-56396, Table A-1, (October 30, 2009)] 40 CFR	[+++] *
	Part 98, Table A-1 to Subpart A (July 2018)	

Existing section 200.10 remains unchanged.

Phone: (518) 402-8403 E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice of Proposed Rulemaking

6 NYCRR Part 231, New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities

Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS DEC) hereby gives notice of the following:

NYS DEC is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modified Facilities, and 200, General Provisions (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, NYS DEC submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, US EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included into New York's SIP.

In accordance with US EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, NYS DEC is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, NYS DEC petitioned US EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment with the 2006 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and US EPA correspondingly approved the petition in a final rulemaking on December 31, 2012. While the entire State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 nonattainment provisions in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

NYS DEC is also revising Part 231 to address US EPA's comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsets for both ozone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to US EPA for approval into New York's SIP.

Documents pertaining to this proposed rulemaking can be found on the Department's website at http://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/propregulations.html#public.

Written comments on the proposed rule may be submitted to the contact until 5:00 p.m. on April 21, 2020. For further information, contact: Steve Yarrington, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3254, Phone: (518) 402-8403, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revision may be obtained from Robert D. Bielawa, NYS DEC -Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov Written statements may be submitted until 5:00 pm on April 21, 2020.

A hearing for the proposed rule and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and is scheduled in a place that is reasonably accessible to persons with impaired mobility:

Date: 4/14/2020 **Time:** 11:00 a.m. **Location:** NYS DEC

625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B

Albany, NY 12233

Date: 4/15/2020 **Time:** 11:00 a.m.

Location: 1 Hunter's Point Plaza 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT

Long Island City, NY 11101

Date: 4/16/2020 **Time:** 11:00 a.m.

Location: 6274 Avon-Lima Road (Routes 5 and 20), Conference Room

Avon, NY 14414-9516

NYS DEC will provide interpreter services for deaf persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter services are required and should be submitted by April 7, 2020, to Richard McAuley, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3250, Phone: (518) 402-8438, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

For further information, contact:

Steve Yarrington NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources 625 Broadway Albany, NY 12233-3254

Phone: (518) 402-8403 E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice of Proposed Rulemaking 6 NYCRR Part 235, Consumer Products 6 NYCRR Part 200. General Provisions

Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS DEC) hereby gives notice of the following:

NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products" (Part 235), to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the state comply with federal Clean Air Act (CAA) requirements pertaining to attainment and maintenance of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) states. The proposed revisions include adding new categories and revising others in order to make the New York regulation consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearby states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 235-3, "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised definitions and product categories, and to remove obsolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendant changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions" (Part 200).

Part 235 will also be submitted to the United State Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State.

Documents pertaining to this <u>rulemaking</u> can be found on the Department's website at http://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/propregulations.html#public.

Written comments on the proposed rule may be submitted until 5:00 p.m. on April 21, 2020. For further information, contact: Kenneth A. Newkirk, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3250, Phone (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revision may be obtained from Robert D. Bielawa, NYS DEC -Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov Written statements may be submitted until 5:00 pm on April 21, 2020.

Hearings for the proposed rule and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and are scheduled in places that are reasonably accessible to persons with impaired mobility:

Date: 4/14/2020 Time: 11:00 a.m. Location: NYS DEC

625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B

Albany, NY 12233

Date: 4/15/2020 **Time:** 11:00 a.m.

Location: 1 Hunter's Point Plaza 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT

Long Island City, NY 11101

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Avon, NY 14414-9516

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For further information, contact:

formulated, manufactured and sold in compliance with the standards in the regulation, and that manufacturers produce compliant products. The revisions establish a single compliance date, January 1, 2021, for all categories subject to the rule.

3. COSTS

The Department does not anticipate any capital or annual costs to comply with the rule that are specife to rural areas of the state since product formulations under the regulation will apply to all areas of the state consistently. There are no specific cost impacts for public nor private entities in rural areas of the state.

4. MINIMIZING ADVERSE IMPACT

The rule is designed to minimize any adverse impacts on rural areas by applying consistently to all areas of the state. Manufacturers of consumer products have developed and market products that meet the proposed standards in California, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, and New Hampshire.

5. RURAL AREA PARTICIPATION

The Department developed the regulation after the Ozone Transport Commission developed the model rule to be applied to the northeast states. The OTC effort was undertaken to enable public and private interests to participate, to ease implementation of the regulations, and to provide consistent product formulations throughout the region.

Additionally, the Department will conduct public hearings in various locations around the state in order to serve all areas, including rural, and provide the opportunity to participate in the rule making process. Because the regulation applies consistently throughout the state, adoption or modification of procedural rules will be consistent throughout the state

6. INITIAL REVIEW

The initial review of this rule shall occur no later than in the third calendar year after the year in which the rule is adopted.

See OTC Website - http://www.otcair.org/document.asp? Fview =Formal Actions for document "MOU adoption of new regional controls[1][1].pdf"

Job Impact Statement

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products" (Part 235), to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the State comply with federal Clean Air Act (CAA) requirements pertaining to attainment and maintenance of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) states¹. The proposed revisions include adding new categories and revising others in order to make the New York regulation consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearby states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 235-3, "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised def nitions and product categories, and to remove obsolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendant changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions" (Part 200).

NATURE OF IMPACT

There will be little, if any impact on jobs and employment opportunities in the State. Manufacturers of consumer products have developed and market products that would meet these proposed standards in California, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland and New Hampshire, where rule limits identical to DEC's proposed rule have already been adopted.
2. CATEGORIES AND NUMBERS AFFECTED

There will be little, if any impact on any specific category of jobs or employment opportunities in the State. Retail outlets will continue to sell consumer products, with slight changes in formulation already developed for and available in California, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, and New Hampshire.

3. REGIONS OF ADVERSE IMPACT

The regulation applies statewide, and as such, there will be no disproportionate adverse impact on existing jobs, nor will it disproportionately promote the development of new employment opportunities. Therefore, the Department does not anticipate any region-specifc adverse impacts.

4. MINIMIZING ADVERSĖ IMPACT

The Department does not anticipate any significant adverse impacts on existing jobs nor on the promotion of new employment opportunities as a result of this rulemaking. Additionally, the Department has already undertaken efforts to minimize any potential impacts by conducting outreach with stakeholders and the Ozone Transport Commission states, and will review all public comments received during the rulemaking process

5. SELF-EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

The adoption of revised Part 235 is not expected to result in negative impacts to self-employment opportunities.

6. INITIAL REVIEW

The initial review of this rule shall occur no later than in the third calendar year after the year in which the rule is adopted.

See OTC Website - http://www.otcair.org/document.asp? Fview =Formal Actions for document "MOU adoption of new regional controls[1][1].pdf'

PROPOSED RULE MAKING HEARING(S) SCHEDULED

New Source Review Requirements for Proposed New Major Facilities and Major Modifications to Existing Facilities

I.D. No. ENV-06-20-00020-P

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE State Administrative Procedure Act, NOTICE is hereby given of the following proposed rule:

Proposed Action: Amendment of Parts 200 and 231 of Title 6 NYCRR.

Statutory authority: Environmental Conservation Law, sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105

Subject: New Source Review requirements for proposed new major facilities and major modifications to existing facilities.

Purpose: To conform to Federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings, correct typographical errors, and clarify rule language.

Public hearing(s) will be held at: 11:00 a.m., April 14, 2020 at Department of Environmental Conservation, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Rm. 129A/B, Albany, NY; 11:00 a.m., April 15, 2020 at Department of Transportation, One Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st St., Rm. 834, Long Island City, NY; 11:00 a.m., April 16, 2020 at Department of Environmental Conservation, 6274 Avon-Lima Rd., Rtes. 5 and 20, Conference Rm.,

Interpreter Service: Interpreter services will be made available to hearing impaired persons, at no charge, upon written request submitted within reasonable time prior to the scheduled public hearing. The written request must be addressed to the agency representative designated in the paragraph below.

Accessibility: All public hearings have been scheduled at places reasonably accessible to persons with a mobility impairment.

Substance of proposed rule (Full text is posted at the following State http://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/propregulations.html# public): The Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is proposing to amend Parts 200 and 231 of Title 6 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations of the State of New York, entitled "General Provisions" and "New Source Review of New and Modifed Facilities" respectively.

The Part 200 amendments will incorporate by reference updated versions of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 51 Appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models of the EPA and the list of Global Warming Potentials found in 40 CFR Part 98 Table A-1.

Existing Subparts 231-1 and 231-2 will be revised to correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-3 will be revised for clarif cation and to correct typographical errors

Existing Subpart 231-4 will be revised to clarify definitions of Baseline actual emissions, Baseline area, Minor facility baseline date, Net emission increase, Nonattainment contaminant, Regulated NSR contaminant, and Source reduction. Def nitions for "CO2 equivalent" and "Subject to regulation" will be added and inserted alphabetically. Subpart 231-4 will also be revised to correct a typographical error.

Existing Subpart 231-5 will be revised to remove references to inter-

pollutant trading ratios to offset direct emissions of particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) precursors and replace references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis.

Existing Subpart 231-6 will be revised to remove references to interpollutant trading ratios to offset direct emissions of PM-2.5 precursors, replace references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis, and correct typographical

Existing Subpart 231-7 will be revised to clarify the requirement to establish the potential to emit of contaminants in a permit condition and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-8 will be revised to remove the ability to use the netting provisions for greenhouse gases and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-9 will be revised to clarify the reporting and

notification requirements for plantwide applicability limits and correct

Existing Subpart 231-10 will be revised to remove references to interpollutant trading ratios to offset direct emissions of PM-2.5 precursors, clarify that the location requirements of all programs must be satisf ed when using a oxides of nitrogen (NOx) offset for multiple programs, clarify that decreases do not need to be included in a Part 201 permit for the creation of Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs), specify that sources with a variance for Reasonably Achievable Control Technology (RACT) can only obtain ERCs based on the statutory RACT limit, remove references to replacement of emission sources, and correct typographical errors.

ences to replacement of emission sources, and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-11 will be revised to update references to Part 201 and clarify the reasonable possibility provisions.

Existing Subpart 231-12 will be revised to replace references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis, replace the Signif cant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5 with a value of zero, add 1-hour Significant Impact Levels (SILs) for SO2 and NOx, clarify that impacts below the SILs is not always adequate, and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-13 will be revised to remove references to specifc PM-2.5 precursors, remove the reference to a major facility threshold for greenhouse gases, state netting is not allowed for greenhouse gases, and

greenhouse gases, state netting is not allowed for greenhouse gases, and

update the table of global warming potentials.

Text of proposed rule and any required statements and analyses may be obtained from: Steve Yarrington, NYSDEC, Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3254, (518) 402-8403, email: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Data, views or arguments may be submitted to: Same as above.

Public comment will be received until: April 21, 2020.

Additional matter required by statute: Pursuant to Article 8 of the State Environmental Quality Review Act, a Short Environmental Assessment Form, a Negative Declaration and a Coastal Assessment Form have been prepared and are on fle.

Summary of Regulatory Impact Statement (Full text is posted at the fol-State website: http://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/

propregulations.html# public):

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modif ed Facilities, and 200, General Provisions (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included in New York's SIP

Accordingly, the Department is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5).

The Department is also revising Part 231 to address EPA's comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials (GWPs), references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen (NOx) offsets for ozone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fx minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval into New York's SIP.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY

The statutory authority for these regulations is found in the New York State Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105.

LEGISLATIVE OBJECTIVES

Articles 1, 3 and 19 of the ECL set the overall legislative policy of reducing air pollution and providing clean air for the citizens of New York, as well as authorize the Department to adopt and enforce regulations to meet State and federal legislative objectives.

The federal Clean Air Act (Act or CAA) and its amendments are aimed at improving the quality of the Nation's air. The Act directs EPA to adopt public health- and welfare-based National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and requires states to develop SIPs which prescribe the measures needed to attain the NAAQS. The Act also mandates that SIPs contain a permitting program and a procedure to review new or modifed air pollution sources.

On November 17, 2010, EPA approved New York's NSR program and delegated authority to the Department to implement and enforce the program. The Department implements the NSR program under 6 NYCRR Part 231, which includes requirements for Prevention of Signif cant Deterioration (PSD) attainment area sources and Nonattainment New Source Review nonattainment area sources.

To meet the legislative objectives of the State and ensure that New York's NSR program remains consistent with the requirements of the Act, federal implementing regulations, and related court rulings, the Department is revising Part 231 as detailed below.

NEEDS AND BENEFITS

The Department is undertaking this rulemaking in response to EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter which indicated that portions of Part 231 required revision. Once these revisions are adopted through this rulemaking, Part 231 will be consistent with federal NSR rules - which will allow EPA to grant full approval of the State's Part 231 SIP approval request. The following paragraphs outline the various provisions of Part 231 that will be revised in this rulemaking.

Greenhouse Gases

On June 23, 2014, the U.S. Supreme Court issued a decision in Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA² which held that EPA may not require a stationary source to obtain an NSR or Title V permit solely on the basis of its GHG emissions (EPA refers to these types of sources as "GHG-only" sources). The Court also held that EPA may continue to require limitations on a source's GHG emissions, based on the application of Best Available Control Technology (BACT), if the source is required to have a PSD permit anyway due to emissions of other pollutants (EPA refers to these types of sources as "anyway" sources).

In response to the Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA decision, EPA issued a Guidance Memorandum³ for the interim processing of federal PSD and Title V permits. EPA stated that it will no longer apply or enforce those PSD and Title V federal regulatory provisions, or EPA-approved SIP provisions invalidated by the Court pertaining to "GHG-only" sources. EPA stated that it would continue to require "anyway" sources to apply BACT to their GHG emissions and will continue to use the 75,000 tons per year (tpy) signif cance threshold as its de minimis level for BACT applicability. On October 15, 2014, the Department issued a discretionary enforcement letter⁴ in accordance with the Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA decision and EPA's July 24, 2014 Guidance Memorandum.

Consistent with the Guidance Memorandum, EPA f nalized rulemakings on May 7, 2015⁵ and August 19, 2015⁶ to allow EPA and delegated authorities to rescind Title V and PSD permits for facilities and modifca tions that were major only for GHGs. EPA also removed the major source applicability threshold for PSD of 100,000 tpy of carbon dioxide equiva-

lents in the August 19, 2015 rulemaking.

In accordance with the Supreme Court ruling and attendant changes to the federal rule, the Department is revising Part 231 to remove the applicability of NSR to a stationary source when the source's major source status is based solely on its GHG emissions. Similarly, the Department is revising the applicability of NSR to modifications at existing major facilities so that a modification is not considered a major modification under Part 231 based solely on its GHG emissions.

Inter-Pollutant Trading Ratios

On July 21, 2011, EPA issued its memorandum "Revised Policy to Address Reconsideration of inter-pollutant Trading Provisions for Fine Particles (PM-2.5)". That memorandum states that the preferred trading ratios set forth in ÉPA's May 16, 2008 fnal rule were no longer acceptable without a suitable demonstration that the ratios will not cause a violation in the specifc nonattainment area. As a result, the Department is revising Part 231 to remove the EPA's preferred PM-2.5 inter-pollutant trading ratios for NOx and sulfur dioxide in accordance with the EPA memorandum.

Signifcant Impact Levels and Signifcant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5

In another Court decision, Sierra Club v. EPA⁷, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit vacated and remanded to EPA two portions of the PSD regulation regarding PM-2.5. The decision requires EPA to remove the provision that automatically exempts sources from CAA requirements if projected impacts are below Significant Impact Levels (SILs) for PM-2.5 or allows sources to avoid a one-year preconstruction air quality continuous monitoring requirement using a Signif cant Monitoring Concentration (SMC) for PM-2.5. The Department is revising Part 231 to conform to draft guidance issued by EPA on May 20, 2014, in order to comply with the Court's remand. In particular, the Department is replacing the SMC for PM-2.5 with a value of zero. Also, the Department reviewed EPA's draft guidance regarding PM-2.5 SILs and determined that the values included in Part 231 are still valid and no revisions are necessary.

Global Warming Potentials

In accordance with EPA's Part 231 SIP approval letter, the Department is also updating references to GWPs under Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 to match EPA's current list (See Table A-1, Subpart A of 40 CFR Part 98)

DEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis

Also, in accordance with EPA's SIP approval letter, the Department is revising Part 231 to remove existing references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis since the document can be changed without EPA review and, therefore, automatically approved into the New York SIP.

Use of NOx Offsets as Precursors to both Ozone and PM-2.5

To further address EPA's SIP approval letter, the Department is revising Part 231 to clarify that a facility must meet all applicable location requirements to use NOx offsets in areas of New York State that are designated nonattainment for both ozone and PM-2.5 in section 231-5.5 or 231-6.6.

Regulated industries are already required to obtain permits, keep records, submit reports, and comply with the provisions of Parts 201 and 231. Any increase in burden on regulated industries under this proposal is expected to be minor. The costs associated with incremental increases in activities already performed at facilities to comply with permitting regulations are also expected to be minimal.

The economic impacts will not apply to small businesses due to the nature of the regulation. The proposed regulation applies to major facilities and modifications to existing minor facilities that, in and of themselves, would exceed major source thresholds.

The impact to publicly owned facilities (State and local government owned), by the proposed changes to the NSR regulations, will be minimal. Most publicly owned facilities are minor in nature and would not be required to apply advanced emission control technologies. Modifications at most of the publicly owned facilities would likely be minor and not trigger the applicability to NSR.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT MANDATES

The adoption of the proposed amendments to Part 231 are not expected to result in any additional burdens on State or local governments beyond those currently incurred to comply with the requirements of the existing NSR process under Subpart 201-6 and Part 231. The proposed amendments do not constitute a mandate on State and local governments. NSR requirements apply equally to every entity that owns or operates a source that proposes a project with emissions greater than the applicability thresholds of Part 231.

PAPERWORK

The proposed amendments to Part 231 are not expected to entail any signifcant additional paperwork for the Department, industry, or State and local governments beyond that which is already required to comply with the Department's existing permitting program under Subpart 201-6 and existing NSR regulations under Part 231.
DUPLICATION

This proposal is not intended to duplicate any other federal or State regulations or statutes. The proposed revisions to Part 231 will conform the regulation to the federal requirements and attendant court decisions.

No other reasonable alternatives exist regarding the issues identifed by EPA. In order for Part 231 to be approved into New York's SIP, the changes outlined in EPA's SIP approval letter must be included in this rulemaking. Failure to comply with EPA's request may result in EPA imposing a Federal Implementation Plan with the necessary changes included.

FEDERAL STANDARDS

The proposed revisions to Part 231 are consistent with federal NSR standards.

COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

The proposed revisions do not create new compliance requirements or the need for a compliance schedule. The regulation will take effect 30 days after fnal publication in the State Register. Permits for new facilities and permit modifications for existing facilities will continue to be addressed upon submittal of a permit application by the facility owner and reviewed by the Department in accordance with applicable law.

Memo from John Filippelli, Director of the Clean Air and Sustainability Division in EPA's region 2 offce, to Steven Flint, Acting Director of the Division of Air Resources, dated June 1, 2016 (June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter)

Utility Air Regulatory Group v EPA, et al., 134 S.Ct. 2427 (U.S. Sup.Ct. June 23, 2014).

- See, Next Steps and Preliminary Views on the Application of Clean Air Act Permitting Programs to Greenhouse Gases Following the Supreme Court's Decision in Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA, EPA Memorandum from Janet G. McCabe, Acting Assistant Administrator, Offce of Air and Radiation, and Cynthia Giles, Assistant Administrator, Off ce of Enforcement and Compliance, to EPA Regional Administrators (July 24, 2014).
- https://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/legal protection pdf/discretionenforceltr.pdf, October 15, 2014, revised August 9, 2016 https:// www.dec.ny.gov/docs/air_pdf/discretionenforce16.pdf
- https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-05-07/pdf/2015-10628.pdf

- https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-08-19/pdf/2015-20501.pdf
- Sierra Club v EPA, et al., 705 F3d 458 (US Ct App Dist DC, January 22, 2013).

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

EFFECTS OF RULE:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Parts 200 and 231. The proposed rulemaking will apply statewide. The Department is undertaking this rulemaking in order to conform to federal New Source Review (NSR) rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included in

The revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modif ed major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. The revisions leave intact the major NSR requirements for application of Lowest Achievable Emission Rate (LAER) or Best Available Control Technology (BACT) as appropriate, modeling, and emission offsets. As a result of this rulemaking, emissions of Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) alone will not trigger NSR permitting requirements. GHGs will only be subject to NSR if the new or modified facility is subject to the Prevention of Significant Deterioration provisions and GHGs emissions are greater than the signif cant project threshold in Table 6 of Subpart 231-13. The list of Global Warming Potentials in Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 will also be updated to match EPA's current list in their Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule, 40 CFR Part 98 Table A-1. The specified precursors for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) will be removed and replaced with generic references to applicable precursors and the Signifcant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5 will be replaced with a value of zero. Many of the signif cant requirements are not changing: new or modifed major facilities will still have to undertake applicability reviews and in appropriate cases submit permit applications and undertake control technology reviews. These revisions will also correct existing typographical errors identif ed after the previous Part 231 rulemaking was completed and clarify specific sections of existing Part 231. The Department does not anticipate that any of the proposed rule revisions would adversely affect small businesses or local governments in the State

COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS:

There are no specific requirements in this rulemaking which apply exclusively to small businesses or local governments. As described above, the revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modified major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. Accordingly, these requirements are not anticipated to place any undue burden of compliance on small businesses and local governments. This proposed rulemaking is not a mandate on local governments. It applies to any entity that owns or operates a source that proposes a project with emissions greater than the applicability thresholds of this regulation.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES:

The professional services for any small business or local government that is subject to Part 231 are not anticipated to significantly change from the type of services which are currently required to comply with NSR requirements. The need for consulting engineers to address NSR applicability and permitting requirements for any new major facility or major modification proposed by a small business or local government will continue to exist.

COMPLIANCE COSTS:

Regulated industries are already required to obtain permits, keep records, submit reports and comply with the provisions of Parts 201 and 231. Any increase in burden on regulated industries under this proposal is expected to be minor. The costs associated with incremental increases in activities already performed at facilities to comply with permitting regulations are also expected to be minimal.

The economic impacts will not apply to small businesses due to the nature of the regulation. The proposed regulation applies to major facilities and modifications to existing minor facilities that, in and of themselves, would exceed major source thresholds.

The impact to publicly owned facilities (State and local government owned), by the proposed changes to the NSR regulations, will be minimal. Most publicly owned facilities are minor in nature and would not be required to apply advanced emission control technologies. Modifications at most of the publicly owned facilities would likely be minor and not trigger the applicability to NSR.

ECONOMIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL FEASIBILITY:

The proposed revisions do not substantially alter the requirements for subject facilities as compared to those requirements that currently exist. The revisions leave intact the major NSR requirements for application of LAER or BACT as appropriate, modeling, and emission offsets. Therefore, the Department believes there are no additional economic or technological feasibility issues to be addressed by any small business or local government that may be subject to the proposed rulemaking.

MINIMIZÍNG ADVERSE IMPÁCT:

The proposed rulemaking revisions as described above are not expected to create signif cant adverse impacts on any small business or local government. The proposed revisions will not alter the way the current regulations are implemented.

SMALL BÚSINESS AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT PARTICIPATION:

The Department held a stakeholder webinar on March 27, 2019 to present the proposed changes to the public and regulated community. The Department will also hold a public hearing during the public comment period, which will allow interested parties to submit comments. Small businesses and local governments will have the opportunity to attend this public hearing and submit comments.

Memo from John Filippelli, Director of the Clean Air and Sustainability Division in EPA's region 2 offce, to Steven Flint, Acting Director of the Division of Air Resources, dated June 1, 2016 (June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter)

Rural Area Flexibility Analysis
TYPES AND ESTIMATED NUMBERS OF RURAL AREAS:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Parts 200 and 231. The proposed rulemaking will apply statewide and all rural areas of New York State will be affected. The Department is undertaking this rulemaking in order to conform to federal New Source Review (NSR) rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included in New York's SIP¹

The revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modif ed major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. The revisions leave intact the major NSR requirements for application of Lowest Achievable Emission Rate or Best Available Control Technology as appropriate, modeling, and emission offsets. As a result of this rulemaking, emissions of Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) alone will not trigger NSR permitting requirements. GHGs will only be subject to NSR if the new or modif ed facility is subject to the Prevention of Signif cant Deterioration provisions and GHGs emissions are greater than the signif cant project threshold found in Table 6 of Subpart 231-13. The list of Global Warming Potentials in Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 will also be updated to match EPA's current list in their Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule, 40 CFR 98 Table A-1. The specifed precursors for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) will be removed and replaced with generic references to applicable precursors and the Signif cant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5 will be replaced with a value of zero. Many of the significant requirements are not changing: new or modif ed major facilities will still have to undertake applicability reviews and in appropriate cases submit permit applications and undertake control technology reviews. These revisions will also correct existing typographical errors identifed after the previous Part 231 rulemaking was completed and clarify specific sections of existing Part 231. The Department does not anticipate that any of the proposed rule revisions would adversely affect rural areas in the State.

REPORTING, RECORDKEEPING AND OTHER COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS; AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES:

There are no specific requirements in this rulemaking which apply exclusively to rural areas of the State. As described above, the revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modifed major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. As such, the professional services that will be needed by any facility located in a rural area are not anticipated to signif cantly change from the type of services which are currently required to comply with NSR requirements.

COSTS:

Regulated industries are already required to obtain permits, keep records, submit reports and comply with the provisions of Parts 201 and 231. Any increase in burden on regulated industries under this proposal is expected to be minor. The costs associated with incremental increases in activities already performed at facilities to comply with permitting regulations are also expected to be minimal. No specifc additional costs will be incurred by rural areas of the State.

MINIMIZING ADVERSE IMPACT:

The proposed rulemaking revisions as described above are not expected to create signif cant adverse impacts on rural areas. The proposed revisions will not alter the way the current regulations are implemented.

RURAL AREA PARTICIPATION:

The Department held a stakeholder webinar on March 27, 2019 to present the proposed changes to the public and regulated community. The Department will also hold a public hearing during the public comment period, which will allow interested parties to submit comments. Residents of rural areas of the State will have the opportunity to attend this public hearing and submit comments.

Memo from John Filippelli, Director of the Clean Air and Sustainability Division in EPA's region 2 offce, to Steven Flint, Acting Director of the Division of Air Resources, dated June 1, 2016 (June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter)

Job Impact Statement

NATURE OF IMPACT:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 200 and 231. The proposed rulemaking revisions will apply statewide. The amendments to the regulations are not expected to negatively impact jobs and employment opportunities in New York State.

The Department is undertaking this rulemaking in order to conform to federal New Source Review (NSR) rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included in New York's SIP

The revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modif ed major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State, including the major NSR requirements related to Lowest Achievable Emission Rate, Best Available Control Technology, modeling requirements, and emission offsets.

As a result of this rulemaking, emissions of Greenhouse Gases (GHGs)

alone will not trigger NSR permitting requirements. GHGs will only be subject to NSR if the new or modified facility is subject to the Prevention of Signif cant Deterioration provisions and the GHGs emissions increase is greater than the significant project threshold found in Table 6 of Subpart 231-13. The list of Global Warming Potentials in Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 will also be updated to match EPA's current list in their Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule, 40 CFR Part 98 Table A-1. The specifed precursors for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) will be removed and replaced with generic references to applicable precursors and the Signif cant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5 will be replaced with a value of zero. Many of the signif cant requirements are not changing: new or modifed major facilities will still have to undertake applicability reviews and in appropriate cases submit permit applications and undertake control technology reviews. These revisions will also correct existing typographical errors identifed after the previous Part 231 rulemaking was completed and clarify specific sections of existing Part 231. The Department does not anticipate that any of the proposed rule revisions would adversely affect jobs or employment opportunities in the State.

CATEGORIES AND NUMBERS AFFECTED:

Due to the nature of the proposed amendments to Part 231 as discussed above, no measurable negative effect on the number of jobs or employment opportunities in any specific job category is anticipated.

REGIONS OF ADVERSE IMPACT:

This rulemaking applies statewide and there are no regions of the State where the proposed revisions would have a disproportionate adverse impact on jobs or employment opportunities. The existing NSR requirements are not being substantially changed from those that currently exist.

MINIMIZING ADVERSE IMPACT:

The proposed rulemaking revisions as described above are not expected to create adverse impacts on existing jobs or promote the development of any new employment opportunities. The proposed revisions will not alter the way the current regulations are implemented.

Memo from John Filippelli, Director of the Clean Air and Sustainability Division in EPA's region 2 offce, to Steven Flint, Acting Director of the Division of Air Resources, dated June 1, 2016 (June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter)

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

Ambika Mohan being duly sworn hereby declares and says, that she is the Advertising Account Executive responsible for placing the attached advertisement for publication in the <u>Albany Times Union</u> for Miller advertising Agency, Inc; located in New York, NY, and that the <u>NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation –Notice of Public Hearing</u> advertisement, of which the annexed is a true copy, has been published in the said publication on the following issue date: <u>February 12, 2020</u>

Ambika Mohan

Subscribed to and Sworn before me

This 23rd day of June, 2020

Notary Public

Donna Perez

Notary Public State Of New York

No. 01PE6151365

Qualified In New York County

Commission Expires August, 14th - 2022

activity.

Notice of Formation of HPH

Milano, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 11/15/19. Office

location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent

of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: POB 268, Pomona, NY

10970. Purpose: any lawful

Notice of Formation of HPH Trio, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State

TU6t 4092185

Annabelle's Care & Transportation LLC. Filed 12/9/19. Office: Schenectady Co. SSNY

designated as agent for proc-ess & shall mail to: Dewitt P. Gibson, 2 Fuller St # 13, Schenectady,, NY 12305.

CHOCOLATE PICTURES LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 02/04/20. Of-fice: Albany County. SSNY

fice: Albany County. SSNY
designated as agent of the
LLC upon whom process
against it may be served.
SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, c/o Benjamin
Shweky, 2309 East 21st
Street, Brooklyn, NY 11229,
Purpose: Any lawful purpose.
TU6t 4097992

ECOVERSE INDUSTRIES,

LTD. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 10/11/2019. Office:

Albany County. Registered Agents Inc designated as agent of the LLC upon whom

process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to 90 STATE ST STE 700 # 40 ALBANY, NY

12207. Purpose: Any lawful

Innate Pictures, LLC. Art. of

Org. filed with the SSNY on

December 23, 2019. Office: Albany County. SSNY desig-

nated as agent of the LLC

upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 90 State Street, STE 700 Office 40 Albany, NY

12207. Purpose: Any lawful

LEADERSHIP ASPECTS, LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 02/04/20. Of-

fice: Albany County. SSNY designated as agent of the

clLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 75-08 184th Street, Fresh Meadows, NY 11366. Purpose: Any lawful purpose.

TU6t 4097994

Notice of formation of 805W3

LLC. Art. Of Org. filed with
the Secty of State of NY
(SSNY) on 01/08/20. Office in
Albany County. SSNY has
been designated as agent of
the LLC upon whom process
against it may be served.

SSNY shall mail process to
the LLC, 99 Wall St Ste 951

NEW YORK, NY, 10005. Purpose: Any lawful purpose:

pose: Any lawful purpose TU 6t 4093531

Notice of formation of AUDAZ

APPAREL LLC. Art. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 12/23/2019. Office: Albany

23/2019. Office: Albany County. SSNY designated as

agent of the LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 90

of process to the LLC, 90 States St, STE 700 Office 40,

Albany, NY. Purpose: Any

lawful purpose.

TU 6t(4091944)

Hirshmark Bridge LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 12/

12/19. Office location: Albany

County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom

as against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 1140 Broadway Ste 304, NY, NY 10001. Purpose: any lawful activity.

TU6t 4091269

Notice of Formation of HPH

Notice of Formation of HPH 2067, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 11/18/19. Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: DOB 268, Pomona, NY 10970. Purpose: any lawful

10970. Purpose: any lawful

Notice of Formation of HPH Chosen, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of

State (SSNY) on 11/15/19.
Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail

process to: POB 268, Pomona, NY 10970. Purpose: any lawful activity.

Notice of Formation of HPH Clayton, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of

State (SSNY) on 11/15/19. Office location: Albany Coun-

ty. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail

process to: POB 268, Pomo-na, NY 10970. Purpose: any lawful activity. TU6t 4092176

TUGt 4092176

Notice of Formation of HPH
Court, LLC. Arts of Org, filed
with New York Secy of State
(SSNY) on 11/15/19. Office
location: Albany County.
SSNY is designated as agent
of LLC upon whom process
against it may be served.
SSNY shall mail process to:
POB 268, Pomona, NY
10970. Purpose: any lawful
activity.

TUGt 4092179

Notice of Formation of HPH
Lenox, LLC. Arts of Org, filed
with New York Secy of State
(SSNY) on 11/15/19. Office
location: Albany County.
SSNY is designated as agent
of LLC upon whom process
against it may be served.
SSNY shall mail process to:
POB 268, Pomona, NY
10970. Purpose: any lawful
activity.

NOTICE OF FORMATION OF LIMITED LIABILITY

OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY. Name: R Dash Jiu Jitsu LLC. Articles of Or-

ganization filed with Secreta-

ry of State of New York (SSNY) on January 21, 2020.

Office location: Saratoga County. SSNY designed as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC at 15 Nostalgia Lane, Ballston Spa, NY 12020. Purpose: any lawful purpose

lawful purpose. TU 6t(4095430)

NOTICE OF FORMATION OF Luminotech, LLC. Art. of Org. filed with the NY Secre-tary of State (NYSS) on 12/ 10/19. Office: Albany County. NYSS is designated as agent

NYSS is designated as agent upon whom process may be served; NYSS shall mail service of process to NW Registered Agent LLC at 90 State Street Ste 700 Office 40, Albany, NY 12207. Purpose: Any lawful activity.

TU6t 4094238

Office location:

TU6t 4092179

TU6t 4092181

Saratoga

activity.

TU6t 4092171

TU6t 4092174

Formation of

purpose.

TU 6t 4098404

TU6t 4097992

Schenectady,,
Purpose: General

Co. SSNY designated as agent for process & shall mail to: Po Box 10873, Albany, NY ited Liability Company Name: NYCFOODCOMA

ed as agent of the LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail a

Albany County. LLC formed in Delaware (DE) on 07/23/18. SSNY designated as Formation filed with NJ Secy of State, 33 W. State St, Fl. 5, Trenton, NJ 00000 any lawful activity. TU6t 4095827 Trenton, NJ 08608. Purpose: agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail served. SSNY shall mail process to c/o Corporation Service Co., 80 State St., Albany, NY 12207-2543. DE addr. of LLC: 251 Little Falls Dr., Wilmington, DE 19808. Cert. of Form. filed with Secy, of State, John G. Townsend Bldg., 401 Federal St., Ste. 4, Dover, DE 19901. Purpose: Biotech. TU6t 4092356 Notice of Qualification of DJ3 DELAWARE, LLC Appl. for Auth. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on 12/27/19. Office location: Albany Coun-

ty. LLC formed in Delaware (DE) on 08/23/19. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon ignated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to c/o Corporation Service Co. (CSC), 80 State St., Albany, NY 12207-2543. DE addr. of LLC: CSC, 251 Little Falls Dr., Wilmington, DE 19808. Cert. of Form. filed with Secy. of State, 401 Federal St., Dover, DE 19901. Purpose: Any lawful activity. TU6t 4092353 Notice of Qualification of Tappan Street Associates LLC. Authority filed with NY Secy of State (SSNY) on 12/

process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to c/o Corporation

Service Co., 80 State St., Albany, NY 12207-2543. DE addr. of LLC: 251 Little Falls

Dr., Wilmington, DE 19808. Cert. of Form. filed with Secy. of State, 401 Federal St., Do-

ver, DE 19901. Purpose: Any lawful activity.
TU6t 4092355

Notice of Qualification of CEREVEL THERAPEUTICS,

LLC Appl. for Auth. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on 12/04/19. Office location:

30/19. Office location: Albany County. LLC formed in Dela-ware (DE) on 6/24/11. SSNY TU6t 4095841 Notice of Qualification of Tappan Street Partners LLC.

Authority filed with NY Secy of State (SSNY) on 12/30/19. Office location: Albany Coun-

Green Visor Bookkeeping Solutions LLC Arts. of Org. filed w/ SSNY 12/10/19. Off. in Albany Co. SSNY desig. as agt. of LLC whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail process to Accumera LLC, 911 Central Ave, #101, Albany, NY 12206. Purpose: Albany, Nr 12-2 any lawful activity TU6t 4091830 Notice of qualification of Lim-Name: NYCFOODCOMA, LLC. Articles of Org. filed with NY Secretary of State (SSNY) on January 7th, 2020 office location: Albany Coun-ty. SSNY has been designat-Notice of Qualification of CABAZON OZ FUND, LLC Appl. for Auth. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on 12/30/19. Office location: Albany County. LLC formed in Delaware (DE) on 12/27/19. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be

copy of process to the LLC at 168 Kennewyck Circle, Sling-erlands NY 12159. Purpose: For any lawful purpose. TU 6t (4094389) Notice of Qualification of PFI Notice of Qualification of Pri Holdings LLC. Authority filed with NY Secy of State (SSNY) on 6/5/19. Office lo-cation: Albany County. LLC formed in New Jersey (NJ) on 3/21/19. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to 1261 39th St, Fl. 3, Brooklyn, NY 11218. NJ address of LLC: 248 3rd St, Elizabeth, NJ 07206. Cert. of

Notice of Qualification of Tappan Street Partners Ideas Fund L.P. Authority filed with NY Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/6/20. Office location: Alba-ny County. LP formed in Del-aware (DE) on 5/23/17. SSNY is designated as agent aware (DE) on 5/23/17. SSNY is designated as agent of LP upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 33 Irving Pl., Fl. 3, NY, NY 10003. DE address of LP: 1013 Centre Rd, Ste 403-B, Wilmington, DE 19805. List of names and addresses of all general partners available general partners available from SSNY. Cert. of Limited Partnership filed with DE Secy of State, 401 Federal St, Ste 4, Dover, DE 19901. Purpose: any lawful activity. TU6t 4095842

Notice of Qualification of Unit Golani LLC. Authority filed with NY Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/14/20. Office location: Albany County. LLC formed in Delaware (DE) on 1 /3/20 SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 40 Pool Dr., Ros-lyn Hts, NY 11577. DE ad-dress of LLC: 1013 Centre Rd, Ste 403-B, Wilmington, DE 19805. Cert. of Formation filed with DE Secy of State, 401 Federal St, Ste 4, Dover, DE 19901. Purpose: any lawful activity. TU6t 4095845

Notice of Qual. of Melvin & Associates LLC. Auth. filed with SSNY on 1/7/20. Office location: Albany. LLC formed in DE on 1/2/20. SSNY desg. in DE on 1/2/20. SSNY desg. as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY mail process to: 80 State St., Albany, NY 12207. Arts. of Org. filed with DE SOS. Townsend Bldg. Dover, DE 19901. Any lawful Notice of Qual. of Mex Advantage Fleet Services, LLC. Auth. filed with SSNY on 11/ 27/19. Office location: Alba-

ny. LLC formed in GA on 2/ 1/16. SSNY desg. as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY mail process to: 5333 Bells Ferry Rd., Acworth, GA, 30102. Arts. of Org. filed with GA SOS. 2 MLK, Jr. Dr. Suite 313, Floyd West Tower Atlanta, GA 30334. Any lawful pur-

TIMES UNION • ALBANY, NEW YORK

ROTORMATIC LLC. Notice of Formation of a Limited Liability Company (LLC): Name: ROTORMATIC LLC, Articles Publication for SMS 426 LLC NOTICE OF FORMATION OF SMS 426, LLC. Article of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 03/21/19 Of-

ROTORMATIC LLC, Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) On November 15th 2019. Office Location: Albany County. SSNY has been designated as agent of the LLC upon whom process against is may be served. fice location: Albany County NY Sec. of State is designated as agent upon whom procmail service of process to SMS 426, LLC 43 James Street, Cohoes, NY 12047. Purpose: any lawful. lawful purpose. TU 6t(4092038) TU 6t(4092077)

against is may be served. SSNY shall mail a copy of process to: 720 4th Street Watervliet, NY 12189: Any

Notice is hereby given that a license, #2219714 has been applied for by Pla 2 Inc./Pla 2 Thai Restaurant to sell wine and beer at retail in a restaurant. Under the ABC law at 2568 West-ern Ave, Altamont, NY 12009, for on-premises consumption. RELIABLE STORAGE will sell at Public Auction for cash only all the personal property stored by: Michelle Hempstead, B33 (10x20) & A20 (10x15), David Hempstead 220N (10x15), Jordan Stanley, 520N (10x10), Natasha Reuter 425 (10 x 10)

Auction will take place online starting on Friday, February 21 2020 at 10 am, and will run until Sunday, March 10th 2019 noon . If you are listed above and wish to resolve this claim payment must be in FULL. Call Reliable Storage at (518) 496-7867 during normal business hours of Tues through Fri 8:30 am to 5 pm and Saturday 9 am to 1 pm. All past due amounts must be paid in full in cash and contents must be immediately vacated. (a clean out fee of \$200 will be held until unit is empty within the agreed upon time)

NOTICE OF FORMATION OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY ROADWAY PRESERVATION, LLC

Owner reserves the right to bid at auction, set reserves, reject any/all bids, cancel, postpone or adjourn sale.

The name of the limited liability company is **Roadway Preservation**, **LLC**. The Articles of Organization were filed on November 1, 2019, with the New York State Department of State. The

ber 1, 2019, with the New York State Department of State. The County within this State where the office of the company is to be located is Albany County. The Secretary of State is designated as agent of the company upon whom process against it may be served. The post office address to which the Secretary of State may mail a copy of any process against the company is 200 Church Street, Albany, New York 12207. The purpose of the business of the LLC is any lawful purpose permitted of a limited liability company in the State of New York.

TU6t 4092517 NOTICE OF SALE IN FORECLOSURE STATE OF NEW YORK SUPREME COURT: COUNTY OF ALBANY BANK OF AMERCIA, N.A. SUCCESSOR BY MERGER TO COUNTRY-WIDE, FSB, Plaintiff, vs. JOY MEKKATTE, et al. Defendants PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT In pursuance of a Judgment of

Foreclosure and Sale entered in the office of the County Clerk of Albany County on December 19, 2019, I, Aaron Louridas, Esq., the Referee named in said Judgment, will sell in one parcel at public auction on March 11, 2020 at the Albany County Courthouse, Front Lobby, 16 Eagle Street, Albany, County of Albany, State of New York, at 10:30 A.M., the premises described on the Indian County of Albany, 2020, 2021 Street, Albany, 11206 St. No. bed as follows: 390 2nd Street Albany, NY 12206 SBL No.: 65.55-6-10 ALL THAT TRACT OF PARCEL OF LAND situate in the City of Albany, County of Albany, State of New York The premises are sold subject to the provisions of the filed judg-ment, Index No. 1701/2010 in the amount of \$191,861.00 plus interest and costs. Brettanie L. Hart Saxton, Esq. Woods Oviatt Gilman LLP Plaintiff's Attorney 500 Bausch & Lomb Place Ro-chester, New York 14604 Tel.: 855-227-5072 67886 TU4t 4097803 Legal Notice Placement To place or cancel a legal notice

in the Times Union, please call 518-454-5543, or email your request to

tulegals@timesunion.com. The deadlines to place or cancel legal notices are: <u>Publication</u> <u>Deadline</u> MondayThursday, 1pm TuesdayFriday, 1pm WednesdayFriday, 4pm

ThursdayMonday, 1pm FridayTuesday, 1pm Saturday.....Wednesday, 1pm SundayWednesday, 1pm Legal Notices requesting proofs require an additional 24 hours in advance of regular legal notice deadlines. All legal notices will be confirmed prior to publication. Visit classifieds.timesunion.com

TIMES UNION

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) will hold a legislative Public Hearing on three

to search legal notices.

1: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law

(ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed repeal and replacement of 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Casoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles," with a revised regulation applicable to all gasoline transport vehicles and all gasoline dispensing Sites and Transport vehicles and all gasoline dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles."

"Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles." The Department proposes to repeal and replace 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles" to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from gasoline dispensing sites and transport vehicles in New York State. As part of this rulemaking, the Department also proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 200 to incorporate by reference applicable federal and California Air Resources Board (CARB) test methods; inspection procedures; and gasoline tanker truck marking, reporting and record retention provisions which are required by new Part 230. The emission reductions resulting from the proposed replacement of Part 230 and the revision to Part 200 are necessary to help the state demonstrate attainment of both the 2008

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

and 2015 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). This proposal will affect approximately 7,500 gasoline dispensing sites in New York State. In addition, the Department proposes to submit the new Part 230 as well as the revisions to Part 200 to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State. 2: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation hereby gives notice of the following:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, "New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modified Facilities," and 200, "General Provisions" (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included into New York's SIP.

In accordance with EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, the Department is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, the Department petitioned EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment with the 2006 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and EPA correspondingly approved the petition in a final rulemaking on December 31, 2012. While the entire State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 nonattainment provisions in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

The Department is also revising Part 231 to address EPA's comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsters for coone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval into New York's SIP.

3: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed revisions of 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products."

The Department's Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products" (Part 235), to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the state comply with federal Class of Air Act (CAA) requirements pertaining to attainment and maintenance of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAOS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) states. The proposed revisions include adding new categories and revising others in order to make the New York regulation consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearby states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 235-3, "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised definitions and product categories, and to remove obsolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendant changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200, Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State (NYS). Hearings for the proposed rules and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and are scheduled in places that are

reasonably accessible to persons	s with impaired mobilit	y:
Date	Time	Location
4/14/2020	11:00 am	NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233
4/15/2020	11:00 am	1 Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT, Long Island City, NY 11101
4/16/2020	11:00 am	6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516

		Long loland only, in the control
4/16/2020	11:00 am	6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516
		deaf persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter services are required and should be EC, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3250, (518) 402-8438, <u>air.regs@dec.ny.gov</u> .
		for the State Environmental Quality Review Act, the Department has prepared a Negative Declaration
stating that the proposed actions	will not have a signific	cant effect on the environment.
The Department invites all pers	ons, organizations, co	rporations, and government agencies that may be affected by the proposed revisions to attend the

4/16/2020	11:00 am	6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516
		deaf persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter services are required and should be IEC, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3250, (518) 402-8438, air.regs@dec.ny.gov.
		for the State Environmental Quality Review Act, the Department has prepared a Negative Declaration
stating that the proposed actions	s will not have a signifi	cant effect on the environment.
The Department invites all per-	enne organizatione co	innorations, and government agencies that may be affected by the proposed revisions to attend the

hearings. At each hearing, persons who wish to make a statement will be invited to speak. It is requested that oral statements also be submitted in writing. The Department will give equal weight to written and oral statements, and since a cumulative record will be compiled it is not necessary for interested parties to attend each hearing.

parties to attend each frearing.

Information on Part 230 may be obtained from Denise Prunier, P. E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251, telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

Information on Part 231 may be obtained from Steve Yarrington, NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3254, telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020. Information on Part 235 may be obtained from Kenneth A. Newkirk, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251 telephone, (518) 402-8396; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

437 JJ & J ASSOCIATES ARGENTUM OBLINIT LLC.

TO PLACE YOUR AD CALL 454-5000

LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 02/04/20. Office: Albany County. SSNY designated as agent of the LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 459 6th Avenue, Brooklyn, NY 11215. Purpose: Any lawful purpose. TUGt 4097996 57 PENN ST., LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 0 7/29/19. Office: Albany County. SSNY designated as

ty. SSNY designated as agent of the LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, PO Box 127, Lake Grove, NY 11755. Purpose: Any lawful TU 6t 4093178 ALTA EDITORIAL LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 01/28/20. Office: Albany

NY 11222. Purpose: Any lawful purpose. Notice of Formation of Public Square Management LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/17/20. Office location:

Notice of Formation of Rachel Ward, MD, PLLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/3/20. Of fice location: Albany County SSNY is designated as agent of PLLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 35 Ocean Pkwy, #1P, Brooklyn, NY 11218. Purpose:

State (SSNY) on 1/9/20. Of-fice location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 350 Lincoln Pl., #4E, Brooklyn, NY 11238. Purpose: any lawful activity.

Notice of Formation of Sandy Sales LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company

(LLC). Articles of Organiza-tion filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on (12/5/2019). Office location: 90 State Street Suite 700 County of Albany, SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: (90 State Street Suite 700, Office 40, Albany N.Y. 12227. Purpose: Albany N.Y. 12201... any lawful purpose. TU6t 4094900

Notice of formation of Scott's Dental Supply L.L.C. Certifi-cate of Authority filed with NY Dept. of State (DOS) on Sep-tember 10, 2019. Office locatember 10, 2019. Office loca-tion: Albany County, DOS is designated as agent upon whom process may be served. DOS shall mail serv-ice of process to InCorp Services, Inc., One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Suite 805-A, Albany, NY 12210-2822. InCorp Services, Inc. is designated as agent for SOP. Company is organized for any lawful pur-

TU 6t(4093132)
Notice of Formation of SUPERSONIC ATM LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company (LLC). Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York
(SSNY) on (01/03/20). Office
location: County of ALBANY.
SSNY is designated as agent
of LLC upon whom process
may be served. SSNY shall
mail copy of process to: 600 mail copy of process to: 600
Broadway STE 200 #992, Albany NY 12207. Purpose:
any lawful purpose.
TU6t 4094593 Notice of Formation of UES Bev Group LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 11/26/19.

NOTICE OF FORMATION of PGLC 14 LLC. Art of Org filed w/ Sec of State of NY (SSNY) TU6t 4097439

of Origin, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/9/20. Office location: Albany County.

against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 105 Mulberry St, Ste 202, NY, NY 10013. Purpose: any lawful activity. TU6t 4095831 Notice of Formation of Polizzi

Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as

Notice of Formation of Rachell Fleischmann Thera-pies LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/13/20. Office lo-cation: Albany County. SSNY

is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 511 Jarvis Ave, Far Rockaway, NY 11691. Purpose: any lawful TU6t 4095838

with New York Secy or State (SSNY) on 11/15/19. Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to:

SSNY shall mail process to:

DOB 268 Pomona, NY POB 268, Pomona, NY 10970. Purpose: any lawful TU6t 4092187 Notice of Formation of Kinyan 20 LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 12/17/19. Office location: Albany County.

location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 401 E. 34th St, #S33C, NY, NY 10016. Purpose: any lawful activity

Notice of formation of LOYAL ACQUISITIONS LLC Arts. Of Org. filed with NY Secy. of State (SSNY) on 12/13/2019. Office: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process 1785 EAST 19TH STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK, 11229 Purpose: any legal activity. TU6t 4094880

Notice of Formation of Maxim28B LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of

State (SSNY) on 1/7/20. Of-fice location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent

of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 660 Madison Ave, Ste 1700, NY, NY 10065. Purpose: any lawful activity. TU6t 4095817 Notice of Formation of Medicine Cabinet LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/10/20. Office location: Albany Countv. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail

TU6t 4095821 Notice of Formation of NAN-CY LYNN BURGOS, LCSW, PLLC . Arts. of Org. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on SEP 13, 2019 . Office location: Albany County. NS is designated as agent upon designated as agent upon whom process may be served, NS shall mail service of process (SOP) to NW Registered Agent LLC @ 90 State St STE 700 Office 40, NW Registered Agent LLC is designated as agent for SOP at 90 State St STE 700 Office 40, purpose: practice psychotherapy.

process to: 320 Leroy Ave, Cedarhurst, NY 11516. Pur-

pose: any lawful activity

NOTICE OF FORMATION of OPUS2 LLC. Art. of Org filed with Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/27/2020. Office: Albany

TU6t 4095465

1/27/2020. Office: Albany County. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail served. SSNY shall mail process to the LLC, c/o Gold-man Attorneys PLLC, 255 Washington Ave. Ext., Albany, NY 12205. Purpose: any loutstand the street of th lawful act/activity. TU6t 4096955 Notice of Formation of Pacesetter ACG LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 10/11/19.

Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom

process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 95 Chestnut Ridge Rd., Montvale, NJ 07645. Purpose: any lawful TU6t 4095824 Notice of Formation of Peppertree Venture LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 12/26/19. Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 1177 E. 24th St, Brooklyn, NY 11210. Purpose: any lawful activity.

TU6t 4092192

TU6t 4092192

on 1/17/20. Location: Albany County. New York Registered Agent LLC designated as agent for service of process on LLC. SSNY shall mail a copy of process to 90 State St. Ste 700 Office 40, Albany, NY 12207. Purpose: any lawful purpose. Notice of Formation of Places

SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process Holdings LLC. Articles of Org. filed with NY Secretary of State (SSNY) on 01/29/2020.

ty. SSNY is designated as agent upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to the LLC, 51 South Ave, 1st Floor, Cortland, NY 13045. Purpose: Any lawful purpose. TU6t 4097012

Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 02/04/20. Office: Albany County. SSNY designated as agent of the LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 150 Broadway, Suite 1703, New York, NY 10038. Purpose: Any lawful purpose. TU6t 4097990 BOBO'S CRAB SHACK LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 02/04/20. Office: Al-

bany County. SSNY designated as agent of the LLC nated as agent of the LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 2096 Starling Avenue, Bronx, NY 10462. Purpose: Any lawful purpose.

TU6t 4097991

C&A NY VENTURES LLC.

Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 01/07/20. Office: Al-

bany County. SSNY designated as agent of the LLC

upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall

mail copy of process to the LLC, 2113 East 74th Street, Brooklyn, NY 11234. Purpose: Any lawful purpose.

DONTOU LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 01/

07/20. Office: Albany County. SSNY designated as agent of the LLC upon whom process

against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 3605 28th Avenue, Astoria, NY 11103.

Purpose: Any lawful purpose. TU 6t 4093405

DRS 42-16 Broadway LLC

DRS 42-16 Broadway LLC Arts. of Org. filed w/ SSNY 12 /26/19. Exist Date: 1/1/20. Off. in Albany Co. SSNY desig. as agt. of LLC whom process may be served.

SSNY shall mail process to Accumera LLC, 911 Central Ave, #101, Albany, NY 12206. Purpose: any lawful activity. TU6t 4091843

DUJAMU PACIFIC, LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with the SSNY on 01/28/20. Office: Al-

bany County. SSNY designat-ed as agent of the LLC upon

whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail

copy of process to the LLC, 104 Avenue B, New York, NY 10009. Purpose: Any lawful

EQLL LLC. Filed 12/2/19. Of-

fice: Suffolk Co. SSNY designated as agent for process & shall mail to: 414 Old

nated as agent for process & shall mail to: 414 Old Farmingdale Rd, W Babylon, NY 11704. Registered Agent: United States Corporation Agents, Inc., 7014 13th Ave Ste 202, Bklyn, NY 11211. Purpose: General.

Lockhartann LLC. Filed 10/ 4/19. Office: Albany Co. SSNY designated as agent

for process & shall mail to: Lockhartann Llc, 64 Vander-bilt Ave, Staten Island,, NY 10304. Registered Agent:

United States Corporation Agents, Inc., 7014 13th Ave Ste 202, Bklyn, ny 11228. Purpose: General. TU 6t 4098359

NOLATTS, LLC, Arts, of Org.

filed with the SSNY on 01/ 28/20. Office: Albany County.

28/20. Office: Alidary County.
SSNY designated as agent of
the LLC upon whom process
against it may be served.
SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 70 Charlton
Street, Apartment 15C, New
York, NY 10014. Purpose:
Any lawful purpose:

Any lawful purpose.
TU6t 4096921

ABOVE RESEARCH LLC Art

ABOVE RESEARCH LLC. ATI Org filed 1/19/16. Ofc loc Al-bany Cty. SSNY desig, agent for svc/proc & shall mail to MLS, 911 Central Ave #344 Albany NY 12206. Purpose:

Any lawful activity. Current name of LLC: NEW AM-STERDAM REALTY HOLD-

Notice of Formation of AMR

Formation

TU6t 4096919

TU 6t 4098406

TU 6t 4093363

County. SSNY designated as agent of the LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the LLC, 155 Eckford Street, 1R, Brooklyn, TU6t 4096919

Albany County. SSNY is des-Albany County, SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 140 W. 69th St, #75C, NY, NY 10023. Purpose: any lawful activity. TU6t 4095835

TU6t 4095837 Notice of Formation of Revaya LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of

Notice of Formation of RJ Block Management, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 11/4/19. Office location: Albany County, SSNY is des-ignated as agent of LLC uses ignated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: POB 605, Pomona, NY 10970. Purpose: any louding activities. na, NT 100. lawful activity.

TU6t 4092195

TU 6t(4093132)

State (SSNY) on 11/26/19.
Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 230 5th Ave, #504, NY, NY 10001. Purpose: any lawful activity.
TU6t 4092198 Notice of Formation of Washington Ave Suites LLC. Arts of Org. filed with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 12/

23/19. Office location: Albany County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: Law Office of Stephen Buckley, PLLC 120 Broadway, Second Floor, Me-nands NY 12204. Purpose: nands NT 1222 any lawful activity. TU6t 4094573

TU6t 4094573

Notice of formation of XIUFENG LLC Articles of Org. filed with NY Secretary of State (NS) on 01/29/2020, office location: Albany County, NS is designated as agent upon whom process may be served, NS shall mail service of process (SOP) to Registered Agents Inc. @ 90 State St STE 700 Office 40, Registered Agents Inc. is designatered Agents Inc. is designatered Agents Inc. is designatered Agents Inc. is designatered Agents Inc. is designated. St STE 700 Office 40, Regis-tered Agents Inc. is designat-ed as agent for SOP at 90 State St STE 700 Office 40, purpose is any lawful purpose TU6t 4096841 Notice of formation of Ydrz Albany 234 Lark St LLC Arti-

Albany 234 Lark St LLC Articles of organization filed with the SSNY on 1/24/20.Office located in Albany county. SSNY has been designated for service of process.SSNY shall mail copy of any process served against the LLC to:The LLC 7522 137th St, Flushing NY 11367 Purpose: any lawful TU6t 4098028

Dover, DE 1999. Any lawful activity. TU6t 4092357

Notice of Qualification of AE-GIS SOLAR, LLC Appl. for Auth. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on 12/29/17. Office location: Albany Coun-ty. LLC formed in Delaware (DE) on 01/11/16. SSNY des-ignated as agent of LLC upon

Cert. of Form. filed with DE Secy. of State, P.O. Box 898, Dover, DE 19903. Purpose:

designated as agent of the LLC. SSNY shall mail a copy of any process to: Legalino Corporate Services Inc. 1967 Wehrle Drive suite 1 #086 Buffalo, NY 14221. Purpose:

Any lawful activity.
TU6t 4092124 Notice of formation of Union Arms LLC. Articles of Organization filed with SSNY on January 6th, 2020. Office location Schenectady SSNY desg. As agent of LLC upon

is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 33 Irving Pl., Fl. 3, NY, NY 10003. DE ad-dress of LLC: 1013 Centre Rd, Ste 403-B Wilmington, DE 19805. Cert. of Formation filed with DE Secy of State, 401 Federal St, Ste 4, Dover, DE 19901. Purpose: any law-

ty. LLC formed in Delaware (DE) on 6/24/11. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: 33 Irving PI, I. 3, NY, NY 10003. DE address of LLC: 1013 Centre Rd, Ste 403-B Wilmington, DE 19805 Cent of Expression. DE 19805, Cert, of Formation filed with DE Secy of State, 401 Federal St, Ste 4, Dover DE 19901. Purpose: any law-

Notice of Formation of AMR PARTNERS, LLC. Articles of Organization filed with Secretary of State New York (SSNY) on 01/21/2020. Office location: Albany County. SSNY designated as agent for service of process & shall mail same to 35 Fuller Rd., Suite 200, Albany, NY 12205. Purpose: Any lawful activity. TU 6t (4096933) Notice of formation of For Paws Home Care LLC. Art. of Org. filed with SSNY on 5/ 16/19. Albany County. SSNY

whom process against it may be served. SSNY mail proc-ess to 5970 Curry Road Ext., Schenectady, New York ess to 5970 Schenectady, New 12... 12303. Any lawful purpose. TU6t 4095550

Notice of Form. of Empowering Calm Mental Health Counseling NYC PLLC. Arts. of Org. filed with SSNY on 12 /27/19. Office location: Albany

ignated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to Allstate Corporate Services Corp., One Com-merce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Ste. 1008, Albany, NY 12260, regd. agent upon whom and at which process may be served. DE addr. of LLC: 9 E. Loockerman St., Ste. 311, Dover, DE 19901.

SSNY desg. as agent of PLLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY mail process to 115 Broadway, NY, NY, 10006. Any lawful purpose. TU6t 4094921

Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revisions may be obtained from Robert D. Bielawa, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

5 pm April 21, 2020.

The proposed regulation may be obtained from any of the following Department offices:

REGION 1 - NYSDEC Region One Headquarters, SUNY Stony Brook, 50 Circle Road, Stony Brook, NY 11790-3409, Attention: Shaun Snee

REGION 2 - Hunters Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Long Island City, NY 11101, Attention: Sam Lieblich

REGION 3 - 21 South Putt Corners Road, New Palz, NY 12561, Attention: George Sweikert

REGION 4 - 1130 North Westcott Rd., Schenectady, NY 12306, Attention: Ben Potter

REGION 5 - Hudson Street Extension, Box 220, Warrensburg NY 12885, Attention: James Coutant

REGION 6 - Watertown State Office Bldg, 317 Washington St., Watertown, NY 13601, Attention: Bob Jacobs

REGION 7 - 615 Erie Boulevard West, Syracuse, NY 13204-2400, Attention: Thomas Elter

REGION 8 - 6274 East Avon-Lima Road, Avon, NY 14414, Attention: Yuan Zeng

REGION 9 - 270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, NY 14202, Attention: Michael Emery

TU6t 4098028

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

Ambika Mohan being duly sworn hereby declares and says, that she is the Advertising Account Executive responsible for placing the attached advertisement for publication in the <u>Buffalo News</u> for Miller advertising Agency, Inc; located in New York, NY, and that the <u>NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation –Notice of Public Hearing</u> advertisement, of which the annexed is a true copy, has been published in the said publication on the following issue date: <u>February 12, 2020</u>

Ambika Mohan

Subscribed to and Sworn before me

This 23rd day of June, 2020

Notary Public

Donna Perez

Notary Public State Of New York

No. 01PE6151365

Qualified In New York County

Commission Expires August, 14th - 2022

10

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2/12/20

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Bids, Barks and Beers Fundraiser, Sat 3/7, 5p-8p @ Paddock Chevrolet Golf Dome. Food, drinks auction & more. Florida vacation winner will be drawn and announced. Details and tickets at

经存货仓益 CABIN FEVER BASKET RAFFLE

Saturday, February 22, 12-3 PM Zion United Church of Zion United Church o Christ, 15 Koenig Circle, Tonawanda; basket raffle, 50/50 draw, superheroes from WNY Justice League, crock-pot cookoff, snack/bake sale, facepainting

710 Auctions - General

ANDERSON - 838-8484 andersonauctioneers.com



PLACE AN AD 856-5555

764 Miscellaneous Notices

PUBLIC NOTICE

of Intent to Provide Transportation for Elderly Individuals with Disabilities Utilizing Federal Funds Transportation providers and other interested

764 Miscellaneous Notices 766 Bids & Proposals parties are hereby noti-

fled that Catholic Health System, Inc., 144 Gen-esee Street, Buffalo, NY 14203, is applying for a grant, under Section 5310 of Chapter 53 of Title 49, United States Code, to acquire and operate grant vehicles to provide specialized transportation services within Erie Coun ty to meet the needs of elderly individuals and in-dividuals with disabilities.

it bus, taxi, ambulette op-erators and other interest

erators and other interest-ed parties to participate in the development of pro-posed grant project and in the provision of enhanced transportation services to elderly individuals and in-dividuals and in-

dividuals with disabilities. Please contact John Bey er, 716-819-5101 within 15 calendar days of this

public notice to request

public notice to request a copy of the project proposed. Comments on proposed projects must be submitted to Catholic Health – LIFE, 55 Melroy Ave., Lackawanna, NY 14218, within 15 calendar days after receipt of the

days after receipt of the proposed project information.

PUBLIC NOTICE

On January 28, 2020, the Pennsylvania State Board of Pharmacy accepted the voluntary surrender of Mark Stephen Lenard, license no.: RP036691L, of Hamburg NY because

of Hamburg, NY, because he is unfit or unable to

ne is unit or unable to practice pharmacy by rea-son of a physical or mental disease or disability, by pleading guilty to a DWI and failing to get examined as ordered by the board.

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Sealed bids are requested by the Erie 2-Chautau-qua-Cattaraugus Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES) and Component Schools for The purpose of this notice is to invite private for-prof-

USED John Deere 244J Front Loader or equivalent

TO BIDDERS

SEALED BIDS

Bids will be received until February 24, 2020 at 11AM by the

Erie 2-Chautauqua-Cattaraugus BOCES 8685 Erie Rd. (Rt. 5) Angola, NY 14006 716-549-4454 x 4047 By: Linda Hessel By: Linda Hessel Bid Coordinator

at which time and place they will be publicly opened and read.

Specifications and bid forms may be obtained on-line at www.bidnetdirect.com vendor registration may be required.

Erie 2-Chautaugua-Erie 2-Chautuaqua-Cattaraugus Board of Cooperative Educational Services reserves the right to reject any and all bids, to waive any informalities therein and to hold all bids for a to hold all bids for a period of sixty days for proper analysis.

767 Liens

[BN] Thank You for your business

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your local job resource. **Crossword** / By Eugene Sheffer Solution time: 21 minutes

ACROSS

1 Thick chunk 5 Zodiac animal 8 Urban haze

12 French river 13 "Homeland" org.

14 Greet silently 15 Desperation football

pass 17 Persia, today

18 Face-to-face exams 19 Sock pattern

21 Sicilian peak 24 DDE predecessor

25 Toast toppings

28 Between jobs 30 Klutz

33 Carte lead-in

34 Agra's land 35 "CSI" evidence

36 Berlin's country Limit 1 Item \$50 or Less Private Party Items Only 3 Lines Per Ad (20-23 characters p/line) Ads Run 4 Sundays

37 Auction 38 Tennis score

39 Thither 41 Tend texts

43 White Rabbit's cry 46 Encrypted

50 Castle defense

51 "Downton Abbey"

character 54 Diarist Frank

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56 Concerning FREE Of Charge!!! 57 Hipsters of 1960s

London 58 Melancholy

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8 Big gulps

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10 Cameo shape

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4 Scarlett O'Hara, and

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NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) will hold a legislative Public Hearing

1: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed repeal and replacement of 6 NYCRR Part 230. "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles," with a revised regulation applicable to all gasoline transport vehicles and all gasoline dispensing sites that have gasoline storage tanks larger than 250 gallons: 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles."

The Department proposes to repeal and replace 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles" to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from gasoline dispensing sites and transport vehicles in New York State. As part of this rulemaking, the Department also proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 200 to incorporate by reference applicable federal and California Air Resources Board (CARB) test methods; inspection procedures; and gasoline tanker truck marking, reporting and record retention provisions which are required by new Part 230. The emission reductions resulting from the proposed replacement of Part 230 and the revision to Part 200 are necessary to help the state demonstrate attainment of both the 2008 and 2015 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). This proposal will affect approximately 7,500 gasoline dispensing sites in New York State. In addition, the Department proposes to submit the new Part 230 as well as the revisions to Part 200 to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State.

2: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, "New Source Review (NSR for New and Modified Facilities," and 200, "General Provisions" (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule (SIP) to the United States (SIP) to the Un rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included

In accordance with EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, the Department is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (6HGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, the Department petitioned EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment with the 2006 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and EPA correspondingly approved the petition in a final rulemaking on December 31, 2012. While the entire State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 nonattainment provisions in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the want that a nortion of New York State becomes classified as nonathalment for in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for

The Department is also revising Part 231 to address EPA's comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsets for ozone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval into New York's

3: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed revisions of 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products." The Department's Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products" (Part 235), to reduce

volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the votatile organic compound (Voc) emissions, implove an quanty, and promote regional consistency. The projected revisions will need to state comply with federal Clean Air Act (CAA) requirements pertaining to attainment and maintenance of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Dozone Transport Commission (OTC) states. The proposed revisions include adding new categories and revising others in order to make the New York requisition consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearby states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 235-3, "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised definitions and product categories, and to remove obsolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendant changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions" (Part 200). Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State (NYS).

Hearings for the proposed rules and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and are scheduled in places that are reasonably accessible to persons with impaired mobility:

Date	Time	Location
4/14/2020	11:00 am	NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233
4/15/2020	11:00 am	1 Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT, Long Island City, NY 11101
4/16/2020	11:00 am	6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516

The Department will provide interpreter services for deaf persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter services are required and should be submitted by, April 7, 2020, to Richard McAuley, NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3250, (518) 402-8438, air.regs@dec.ny.gov.

Pursuant to Part 617 of the implementing regulations for the State Environmental Quality Review Act, the Department has prepared a Negative Declaration stating that the proposed actions will not have a significant effect on the environment

The Department invites all persons, organizations, corporations, and government agencies that may be affected by the proposed revisions to attend the hearings. At each hearing, persons who wish to make a statement will be invited to speak. It is requested that oral statements also be submitted in writing. The Department will give equal weight to written and oral statements, and since a cumulative record will be compiled it is not necessary for interested parties to attend each hearing.

Information on Part 230 may be obtained from Denise Prunier, P. E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251, telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

Information on Part 231 may be obtained from Steve Yarrington, NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3254, telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020. Information on Part 235 may be obtained from Kenneth A. Newkirk, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251, telephone, (518) 402-8396; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020. Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revisions may be obtained from Robert D. Bielawa, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

The proposed regulation may be obtained from any of the following Department offices: REGION 1 - NYSDEC Region One Headquarters, SUNY Stony Brook, 50 Circle Road, Stony Brook, NY 11790-3409, Attention: Shaun Snee REGION 2 - Hunters Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Long Island City, NY 11101, Attention: Sam Lieblich REGION 3 - 21 South Putt Corners Road, New Paltz, NY 12561, Attention: George Sweikert

REGION 4 - 1130 North Westcott Rd., Schenectady, NY 12306, Attention: Ben Potter REGION 5 - Hudson Street Extension, Box 220, Warrensburg NY 12885, Attention: James Coutant
REGION 6 - Watertown State Office Bldg, 317 Washington St., Watertown, NY 13601, Attention: Bob Jacobs
REGION 7 - 615 Erie Boulevard West, Syracuse, NY 13204-2400, Attention: Thomas Elter

REGION 8 - 6274 East Avon-Lima Road, Avon, NY 14414, Attention: Yuan Zeng REGION 9 - 270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, NY 14202, Attention: Michael Emery

Puzzle Corner

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49 Salon jobs 52 Small battery

53 June honoree

В S 0 S 0 R 0 Η R K S Α Α S 0 Α T В 0 H0 В Α В Α Ε N Α Ν 0 Ε Ν С CN В B|R S Ε S Α Ε C R W Ζ 0 0 Ε SAN Ε Ρ R Α L Α

> U M

42

46

JUMBLE Unscramble these Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME By David L. Hoyt and Jeff Knurek **TFEAR** NUUCT **RIFAMF** ILLINOIS CHOSE THE SLOGAN "LAND OF LINCOLN" IN 1955 IN ORDER TO HONOR THE **SMEEAS** RESPECTED

Now arrange the circled letters ©2020 Tribune Content Agency, LLC to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. All Rights Reserved.

Print your answer here:

Yesterday's Jumbles: CLUMP HOARD MAINLY CA' Answer: It was easy raising funds for his business because investors wanted to - ACCOMPANY HIM

Cryptoquip

CAVITY

(Answers tomorrow)

The Cryptoquip is a substitution cipher in which one letter stands for another. you think that X equals O, it will equal O throughout the puzzle. Sing letters, short words and words using an apostrophe give you clues to locating vowels. Solution is by trial and error.

Today's Cryptoquip Clue: E equals T

EBME WVZ GMRC M STKEVDC AZ KVDDQDW M FTGUMDZ

EBME UKTRVFCJ ACCS AKTEB.

BC'J M ATVQYYTD-MQKC.

Yesterday's Cryptoquip: What would you call some ancient Germanic people who were tall and stately? The Grand Teutons

CRYPTOQUIP BOOK 2! Send \$4.50 (check/m.o.) to CryptoClassics Book 2, P.O. Box 536475, Orlando, FL 32853-6475

Word Game / BY KATHLEEN SAXE TODAY'S WORD — PROPHECY

 $(PROPHECY:\ PROF-eh-see:\ A\ prediction\ of\ something\ to\ come.)$ Average mark 25 words Time limit 40 minutes

Can you find 36 or more words in PROPHECY? The list will be published tomorrow.

YESTERDAY'S WORD — BILINGUAL bail bung billing bailing lain ailing gain baling blain ling gall alibi gill ball blini lingual align balling bluing glib lung

bull

RULES OF THE GAME: 1. Words must be of four or more letters. 2. Words tha acquire four letters by the addition of "s," such as "bats" or "dies," are not allow 3. Additional words made by adding a "d" or an "s" may not be used. For example if "bake" is used, "baked" or "bakes" are not allowed, but "bake" and "baking are admissible. 4. Proper nouns, slang words, or vulgar or sexually explicit words are not allowed. To contact Word Game creator Kathleen Saxe, write to Word Game, Kathleen Saxe, Universal Uclick, 1130 Walnut St., Kansas City, MO 64106 © 2020 United Feature Syndicate, Distributed by Universal Uclick for UFS

WONDERWORD

Ε Ε R

G

OUELLET

В R

By DAVID

HOW TO PLAY: All the words listed below appear in the puzzle — horizontally, vertically, diagonally and even backward. Find them, circle each letter of the word and strike it off the list. The leftover letters spell the WONDERWORD.

THE LION KING' (2019 FILM) BDNNOILE EWIHC REOPAABMUPJRZGU AYNNITUULD ROASDSHESIOAZUS NLLISBACHFN CCDCFDRRNIOEDYU M E A R E R T O A S R Y O C F OLIVERELGVOHOAA YLOTGNIKAEENHRS RLRSETHFLWNSDEA A A L A E E I C F F (E) J L V R CAFIEMNMIN®WIOA SLNIBUAHOE©LHLB

© 2020 Andrews McMeel Syndication www.wonderword.com

Alfre, Azizi, Beyoncé, Billy, Bonds, Brave, Bush, Care, Carter, Childhood, Chiwetel, Cubs, Donald, Earl, Eichner, Ejiofor, Favreau Film, Glover, Hope, Hyenas, James, Jaydon, Jeff, John, Jones, Kani, King, Knowles, Lion, Loved, McCrary, Mufasa, Musical, Nala, Nathanson, Oliver, Pumbaa, Rafiki, Rice, Rogen, Sarabi, Scar, Seth, Simba, Timon, Uncle, Walt Disney, Young, Zazu Yesterday's Answer: Hedge Fund

ZAZUKANJONĤDCGI

KNABMISSKJAYDON

Treasuries 13 through 29 can be purchased online at www.WonderWordBooks.com.

Wishing & Well®

2 6 3 8 5 6 7 F <u>H</u> S S Ε 0 M W Р Ε Α 8 3 5 8 2 7 3 6 5 3 Р R s o 7 2 6 5 4 6 4 3 5 3 8 3 8 Κ 0 Ε R Ε F Ε M U Α Т 7 8 5 8 8 6 С Т R R G 0 S I 5 8 3 6 7 3 2 5 Т N N LО L H O O O4 5 5 2 4 7 3 4 6 3 8 U R Ε S W E Т -G 2 6 2 5 4 7 4 2 4 6 2 4 2 ERSRNEUSDTS Т

numerical puzzle designed to spell out your fortune. Count the letters in your first name. If the number of letters is 6 or more, subtract 4. If the number is less than 6, add 3. The result is your key number. Start at the upper left-hand corner and check one of your key numbers, left to right. Then read the message the letters under the checked figures give you. © King Features Syndicate Inc. 2020 Worldrights reserved.

Here is a pleasant little game that will give you a message every day. It's a

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

Ambika Mohan being duly sworn hereby declares and says, that she is the Advertising Account Executive responsible for placing the attached advertisement for publication in the <u>Glens Falls Post Star</u> for Miller advertising Agency, Inc; located in New York, NY, and that the <u>NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation –Notice of Public Hearing</u> advertisement, of which the annexed is a true copy, has been published in the said publication on the following issue date: <u>February 12, 2020</u>

Ambika Mohan

Subscribed to and Sworn before me

This 23rd day of June, 2020

Notary Public

Donna Perez

Notary Public State Of New York

No. 01PE6151365

Qualified In New York County

Commission Expires August, 14th - 2022

LEGAL NOTICES

001

4/14/2020

4/15/2020

005

HAPPY ADS

Wednesday, February 12, 2020

WITH BOB JONES

©2020 Tribune Content Agency, LLC

Neither vulnerable, East deals

LEGAL NOTICES

001

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) will hold a legislative Public Hearing on three

1: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed repeal and replacement of 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles," with a revised regulation applicable to all gasoline transport vehicles and all gasoline dispensing sites that have gasoline storage tanks larger than 250 gallons: 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles."

Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles."

The Department proposes to repeal and replace 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles" to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from gasoline dispensing sites and transport vehicles in New York State. As part of this rulemaking, the Department also proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 200 to incorporate by reference applicable federal and California Air Resources Board (CARB) test methods; inspection procedures; and gasoline tanker truck marking, reporting and record retention provisions which are required by new Part 230. The emission reductions resulting from the proposed replacement of Part 230 and the revision to Part 200 are necessary to help the state demonstrate attainment of both the 2008 and 2015 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). This proposal will affect approximately 7,500 gasoline dispensing sites in New York State. In addition, the Department proposes to submit the new Part 230 as well as the revisions to Part 200 to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State.

2: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the nvironmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation hereby gives notice of the following:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, "New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modified Facilities," and 200, "General Provisions" (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included into New York's SIP.

approval letter that certain portions of Part 251 required revision before they could be included into New York Size.

In accordance with EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, the Department is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, the Department petitioned EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment that the 2006 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and EPA correspondingly approved the petition in a final rulemaking on December 31, 2012. While the entire State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 nonattainment provisions in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

The Department is also revising Part 231 to address EPAs comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsets for ozone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval into New York's SIP.

3. Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed revisions of 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products."

The Department's Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products." (Part 235), to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the state comply with federal Clean Air Act (CAA) requirements pertaining to attainment and maintenance of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) states. The proposed revisions include adding new categories and revising others in order to make the New York regulation consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearby states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 235-3, "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised definitions and product categories, and to remove obsolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendant changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions" (Part 200).

Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Implem

Hearings for the proposed rules and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and are scheduled in places that are easonably accessible to persons with impaired mobility.

The Department will provide interpreter services for deaf persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter services are required and should be ubmitted by, April 7, 2020, to Richard McAuley, NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3250, (518) 402-8438, <u>air.regs@dec.ny.gov.</u> Pursuant to Part 617 of the implementing regulations for the State Environmental Quality Review Act, the Department has prepared a Negativ Declaration stating that the proposed actions will not have a significant effect on the environment.

The Department invites all persons, organizations, corporations, and government agencies that may be affected by the proposed revisions to attend the hearings. At each hearing, persons who wish to make a statement will be invited to speak. It is requested that oral statements also be submitted in writing. The Department will give equal weight to written and oral statements, and since a cumulative record will be compiled it is not necessary for interested parties to attend each hearing.

Information on Part 230 may be obtained from Denise Prunier, P. E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251 telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

Information on Part 231 may be obtained from Steve Yarrington, NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3254, telephone (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020. Information on Part 235 may be obtained from Kenneth A. Newkirk, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251

Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revisions may be obtained from Robert D. Bielawa, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

HAPPY ADS

GOREN BRIDGE

NO EXCUSE

Long Island City, NY 11101

NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233

6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516

1 Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT,

Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State (NYS).

telephone, (518) 402-8396; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

005

The proposed regulation may be obtained from any of the following Department offices:

11:00 am

11:00 am

11:00 am

FT/PT SALES: Avg.\$30+ per hour

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- Basic Background Check

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001 **LEGAL NOTICES**

NOTICE OF SALE
SUPREME COURT COUNTY OF
WASHINGTON, WILMINGTON
SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY, FSB,
DOING BUSINESS AS CHRISTIANA TRUST, NOT IN ITS INDIVID-

ANA TRUST, NOT IN ITS INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY, BUT SOLELY AS
TRUSTEE FOR BCAT FOR BCAT
2014-4TT, Plaintiff, vs. THE UNKNOWN HEIRS-AT-LAW, NEXT
OF KIN, DISTRIBUTEES, EXECUTORS, ADMINISTRATORS,
TRUSTEES, DEVISEES, LEGATEES, ASSIGNEES, LIENORS,
CREDITORS, AND SUCCESSORS
IN INTEREST, AND GENERALLY
ALL PERSONS HAVING OR
CLAIMING, UNDER, BY OR
THROUGH THE DECEDENT
MARY ANN WOOD, ET AL.,
Defendant(s).
Pursuant to an Order Discharging

Defendant(s).
Pursuant to an Order Discharging the Guardian ad Litem and Military Attorney, Confirming Referee Report and Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale dated December 10, 2019, I, the undersigned Referee will sell at public auction at the Washington County Supreme Court, 383 Broadway, Fort Edward, NY on March 3, 2020 at 3:00 p.m., premises known as 12 Bridge Street, Fort Edward, NY. All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Incorporated Village of Fort Edward, County of Washington and State of New York, Section 171.5, Block 1 and Lot 12. Section 171.5, Block 1 and Lot 12.
Approximate amount of judgment is \$169,952.58 plus interest and costs. Premises will be sold subject to provisions of filed Judgment Index # 25802/2016.

Robert A. Regan, Esq., Referee Knuckles, Komosinski & Manfro, LLP, 565 Taxter Road, Suite 590, Elmsford, NY 10523, Attorneys for Plaintiff

Cash will not be accepted.
PUB: JANUARY 29, FEBRUARY 5, 12, 19, 2020

Sealed bids will be received as set forth in instructions to bidders until forth in instructions to bidders until 10:30 A.M. on Thursday, March 05, 2020 at the NYSDOT, Contract Management Bureau, 50 Wolf Rd, 1st Floor, Suite 1CM, Albany, NY 12232 and will be publicly opened and read. Bids may also be submitted via the internet using www.bidx.com. A certified cashier's check payable to the NYSDOT for the sum specified in the proposal or the sum specified in the proposal or a bid bond, form CONR 391, representing 5% of the bid total, must accompany each bid. NYS-DOT reserves the right to reject any

Electronic documents and Amendments are posted to www.dot.ny.go v/doing-business/opportunities /const-notices. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that all Amendments are incorporated into its bid. To receive notification of Amendments via e-mail you must submit a request to be placed on the Planholders List at www.dot.ny .gov/doing-business/opportunities /const-planholder. Amendments

may have been issued prior to your placement on the Planholders list. NYS Finance Law restricts communication with NYSDOT on procure-ments and contact can only be made with designated persons. Contact with non-designated persons or other involved Agencies will be considered a serious matter and may result in disqualification. Contact Robert Kitchen (518)457-2124. Contracts with 0% Goals are

contracts with 07% Godas are generally single operation contracts, where subcontracting is not expected, and may present direct bidding opportunities for Small Business Firms, including, but not limited to D The New York State Department of

Transportation, in accordance with the Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. 2000d to 2000d-4 and Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the Department of Transportation and Title 23 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 Title IV Program and Related 200, Title IV Program and Related Statutes, as amended, issued pur-suant to such Act, hereby notifies all who respond to a written Department solicitation, request for proposal or invitation for bid that it will affirmatively insure that in any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be affor-ded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability

origin, sex, age, disability
andicap and income status in
consideration for an award.
BIDDERS SHOULD BE ADVISED
THAT AWARD OF THESE CONTRACTS MAY BE CONTINGENT
UPON THE PASSAGE OF A
BUDGET APPROPRIATION BILL
BY THE LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF NEW
YORK.

Please call (518)457-2124 if a reasonable accommodation is needed to participate in the letting.
Region 01: New York State Department of Transportation

50 Wolf Rd, Albany, NY, 12232 D264218, PIN 121807, FA Proj RPS0-1218-073, Warren Co., As-phalt Concrete Milling and Resur-facing and Cold Recycling Asphalt Concrete on NY Route 9L in the Town of Queensbury., Bid Deposit: 5% of Bid (~ \$75,000.00), Goals: DBE: 8.00%

PUB: FEBRUARY 5, 12, 2020

001 **LEGAL NOTICES**

NOTICE TO BIDDERS
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Undersigned, on behalf of the Essex County Board of Supervi-sors, will accept sealed bids at the Office of the Purchasing Agent until 2:00 P.M. on March 4, 2020 for Elevator Maintenance.

The bids shall be opened publicly and read aloud on March 4, 2020 at 2:00 P.M. at the Office of the Purchasing Agent, 7551 Court Street, Elizabethtown, New York 12932.

Please contact the Purchasing Office at (518) 873-3330 for additional information concerning the bidding. Specifications and standard proposals for the proposed work may be obtained at the above address, or on the County's website at: https://www.co.essex.ny.us/bid-ders/publicbids.aspx.

All bids submitted in response to this notice shall be marked "SEALED BID – ELEVATOR MAIN-TENANCE" clearly on the outside of the envelope with the bidder's name and address.

and address.
Essex County affirmatively states that in regard to any contract entered into pursuant to these instructions, without regard to race, color, sex, religion, age, national origin, disability, sexual preference or Vietnam Era veteran status, disadvantaged and minority or women-owned business enterprises will be afforded equal opportunity to wolfer-owned ubusiness enter prises will be afforded equal opportunity to submit bids in response hereto. Dated: February 10, 2020 Linda M. Wolf, CPA Purchasing Agent Essex County Government Center 7551 Court Street PO Roy 217

7551 Court Street – PO Box 217 Elizabethtown, New York 12932 PUB: FEBRUARY 12, 2020

PUBLIC NOTICE
TOWN OF FORT ANN
Notice is hereby given that the
Town Board of the Town of Fort
Ann, Washington County, at a
regular meeting held on February
10, 2020, duly adopted, subject to
permissive referendum, a resolution, an abstract of which is as
follows:

follows:
RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE
TOWN OF FORT ANN TO NEGOTIATE AN AGREEMENT WITH
WASHINGTON COUNTY FOR APPRAISAL SERVICES, EXEMPTION
SERVICES AND AGREEMENT OF AND ASSESSMENT

The Town Board of the Town of Fort Ann, duly convened at regular session, having adopted a resolution authorizing the Town to negotiate with Washington County a shared services agreement for agreement for agreement for agreement for appraisal services, agreement for appraisal services, exemption services and assessment services in accordance with section 1537 of the NYS Real Property Tax Law. The resolution so adopted by the Town Board of the Town of Fort Ann is subject to permissive referendum in accordance with NYS Town Law Section

Barbara J. Winchell Fort Ann Town Clerk
PUB: FEBRUARY 12, 2020

STATE OF NEW YORK SUPREME

COURT COUNTY OF WARREN NOTICE OF SALE Index No. EF2018-65728 RJI NO.:56-1-2018-0552

PETER SHABAT

PIBINITY
-againstMICHAEL SWAN, ADMINISTRATOR CTA OF THE ESTATE OF
STEPHEN C. BRITTON, WORKERS' COMPENSATION BOARD
OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
JAY K. WASSERMAN, DDS, NEW
YORK STATE DEPARTEMTN OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, Defendants,

Defendants,
Pursuant to a Judgement of Foreclosure and Sale duly made in the
above action on the 3rd day of
January, 2020, I, the undersigned
Referee will sell at public auction at
the main entrance of the Warren
County Municipal Center, 1340
State Route 9, Lake George, New
York, on February 21, 2020 at 3:00
PM. premises know as Off Michelli PM, premises know as Off Michelli Road All that certain plot piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements erected, situate, lying and being in the Town of Lake George, County of Warren and State of New York, Section 264.08 Block 2 Lot 11. Approximate amount of Judgement \$240,647.04 plus interest and costs. Premises will be sold subject to provisions of filed Judgement Index No. EF2018-65728. Robert Gregor, Ref-

eree. Matte & Nenninger, P.C. Attorney for Plaintiff, 444 Glen Street, Glens Falls, NY 12801. 518-793-3843 January 16, 2020
/s/ Robert Gregor
Robert Gregor, Referee
MATTE & NENNINGER, P.C.
Attorneys for the Plaintiff
444 Glen Street
Glens Falls, New York 12801 Glens Falls, New York 12801 PUB: JANUARY 22, 29, FEBRU-ARY 5, 12, 2020





LEGAL NOTICES

WASHINGTON CITIMORTGAGE

against- JOPSEPH W. DENNISON AND MEGAN EDWARDS, et al Defendant(s). Pursuant to a Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale entered herein and dated November 29, 2019, I, the undersigned Paferee will sell at public auction at 19.59 feet; South West 105.36 feet; South East 25.59 feet; South West 239.13; South West 113.36 feet; THENCE South West 106.00 feet; RUNNING THENCE North West 156.50 feet.

Section: 97 Block: 3 Lot: 48 Said premises known as 17 COUN-TY ROUTE 12, GRANVILLE, NY Approximate amount of lien \$92,693.51 plus interest & costs. Premises will be sold subject to

Premises will be sold subject to provisions of filed Judgment and Terms of Sale.

If the sale is set aside for any reason, the Purchaser at the sale shall be entitled only to a return of the deposit paid. The Purchaser shall have no further recourse against the Mortgagor, the Mortgageer or the Mortgagee's attorney. Index Number 28552/2018.

JESSE ASHDOWN, ESQ., Referee David A. Gallo & Associates LLP Attorney(s) for Plaintiff

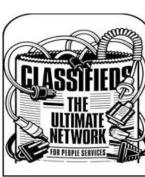
David A. Galio & Associates LLP Attorney(s) for Plaintiff 99 Powerhouse Road, First Floor, Roslyn Heights, NY 11577 File# 4722.2019 PUB: JANUARY 22, 29, FEBRU-

ARY 5, 12, 2020



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section, of course!

SUPREME COURT - COUNTY OF

per 29, 2019, 1, the undersigned Referee will sell at public auction at the Washington County Courthouse, 383 Broadway, Fort Edward, NY on February 26, 2020 at 12:30 p.m. premises situate on the west side of County Route 12 in the Town of Grapuille County of Town of Granville, County of Washington and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at a point at the northwest corner of the lands now or formerly of Candy J. Hurlburt (Book 789; Page 25); RUNNING THENCE North West 254.02 feet; North West 109.21 feet; North West 104 feet; THENCE in a porthaseter. 10+ feet; THENCE in a northeaster-ly direction, along the southern edge of the Mettowee River, as it winds and turns, a distance of 394+ feet THENCE South East 10+ feet, North East 372.12 feet; South East

A A J 9 ♥ Q 7 6 **♦ A 8 6 *** 10 8 4 2 WEST **EAST ↑** 76542 **∧** K ♥985 ♥ K J 4 **♦** J 4 **♦ K Q 10 7 3 ♣** A Q J 7 **4963** SOUTH

♠ O 10 8 3 ♥ À 10 3 2 ♦952 **♣** K 5

The bidding:

FAST SOUTH WEST NORTH **Pass** 10 Dbl Pass 2* Pass 30 Pass All pass

Opening lead: Jack of **◊**

South found himself in a terrible contract which was caused primarily by North's balancing double. A bid of one no trump in the balancing seat, sometimes called the pass out seat, shows a balanced hand with 11-14 points and usually a stopper in the enemy suit. It is an adjustment to normal bidding that allows you to compete on deals like this one.

The alternative, which is to let the opponents play at the one level, is not appealing. One no trump would have been a better choice for North South was an experienced player

005

HAPPY ADS

who went by the expert's creed: "The tact that your contract is hopeless is no excuse for going down in it". South ducked the opening diamond lead but won the diamond continuation with dummy's ace. He led a club from the board, and East stepped up with his ace, cashed a diamond, and led a low club to South's king. South led a low heart to dummy's queen as West ducked his king. A heart to the ace and another heart cleared the trumps. West won and shifted to a low spade. South called for dummy's ace, and when that felled the king from East, South claimed the balance and made

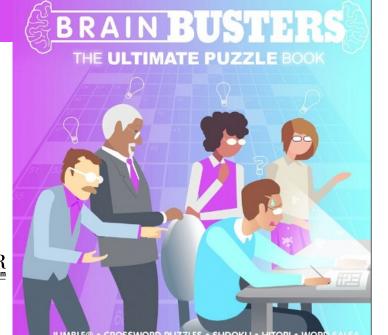
his contract. Well done!

How did South know to rise with dummy's ace of spades? West, who had passed his partner's opening bid, had shown up with the king and jack of hearts. He couldn't hold the king of spades as well, so playing the ace was the only hope.

(Bob Jones welcomes readers' responses sent in care of this paper. Please send your e-mail responses to tcaeditors@tribpub.com)

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COMING 02.12.20

POST*STAR poststar.com

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

Ambika Mohan being duly sworn hereby declares and says, that she is the Advertising Account Executive responsible for placing the attached advertisement for publication in the <u>New York Post</u> for Miller advertising Agency, Inc; located in New York, NY, and that the <u>NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation –Notice of Public Hearing</u> advertisement, of which the annexed is a true copy, has been published in the said publication on the following issue date: <u>February 12, 2020</u>

Ambika Mohan

Subscribed to and Sworn before me

This 23rd day of June, 2020

Notary Public

Donna Perez

Notary Public State Of New York

No. 01PE6151365

Qualified In New York County

Commission Expires August, 14th - 2022

NOTICES

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

1: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed repeal and replacement of 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles," with a revised regulation applicable to all gasoline transport vehicles and all gasoline dispensing sites that have gasoline storage tanks larger than 250 gallons: 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles."

The Department proposes to repeal and replace 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles" to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from gasoline dispensing sites and transport vehicles in New York State. As part of this rulemaking, the Department also proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 200 to incorporate by reference inclinated in and California Air Resources Board (CARB) test methods; inspection procedures; and gasoline tanker truck marking, reporting and record retention provisions which are required by new Part 230. The emission reductions resulting from the proposed replacement of Part 230 and the revision to Part 200 are necessary to help the state demonstrate attainment of both the 2008 and 2015 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). This proposal will affect approximately 7,500 gasoline dispensing sites in New York State. In addition, the Department proposes to submit the new Part 230 as well as the revisions to Part 200 to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State.

2: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation hereby gives

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, "New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modified Facilities," and 200, "General Provisions" (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included into New York's SIP.

In accordance with EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, the Department is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, the Department petitioned EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment with the 2006 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and EPA correspondingly approved the petition in a final rulemaking on December 31, 2012. While the entire State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 nonattainment provisions in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

The Department is also revising Part 231 to address EPA's comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsets for ozone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval

3: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed revisions of 6 NYCRR

The Department's Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products" (Part 235), to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the state comply with federal Clean Air Act (CAA) requirements pertaining to attainment and maintenance of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) states. The proposed revisions include adding new categories and revising others in order to make the New York regulation consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearby states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 235-3, "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised definitions and product categories, and to remove obsolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendan changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions" (Part 200).

Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State (NYS)

Hearings for the proposed rules and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and are scheduled in places that are reasonably accessible to persons with impaired mobility

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Date	Time	Location
4/14/2020	11:00 am	NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233
4/15/2020	11:00 am	1 Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT, Long Island City, NY 11101
4/16/2020	11:00 am	6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516

The Department will provide interpreter services for deaf persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter services are required and should be submitted by, April 7, 2020, to Richard McAuley, NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3250, (518) 402-8438,

Pursuant to Part 617 of the implementing regulations for the State Environmental Quality Review Act, the Department has prepared a Negative Declaration stating that the proposed actions will not have a significant effect on the environment.

The Department invites all persons, organizations, corporations, and government agencies that may be affected by the proposed revisions to attend the hearings. At each hearing, persons who wish to make a statement will be invited to speak. It is requested that oral statements also be submitted in writing. The Department will give equal weight to written and oral statements, and since a cumulative record will be compiled it is not necessary for interested parties to attend each hearing.

Information on Part 230 may be obtained from Denise Prunier, P. E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251, telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

Information on Part 231 may be obtained from Steve Yarrington, NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway. Albany NY 12233-3254, telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020 Information on Part 235 may be obtained from Kenneth A. Newkirk, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251, telephone, (518) 402-8396; email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm

Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revisions may be obtained from Robert D. Bielawa, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

The proposed regulation may be obtained from any of the following Department offices:

REGION 1 - NYSDEC Region One Headquarters, SUNY Stony Brook, 50 Circle Road, Stony Brook, NY 11790-3409, Attention: Shaun Snee **REGION 2** - Hunters Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Long Island City, NY 11101, Attention: Sam Lieblich

REGION 3 - 21 South Putt Corners Road, New Paltz, NY 12561, Attention: George Sweikert REGION 4 - 1130 North Westcott Rd., Schenectady, NY 12306, Attention: Ben Potter

REGION 4 - 1130 NOTIN WESICOL RU., Schenectacy, NY 12305, Altention: Berl Potter

REGION 5 - Hudson Street Extension, Box 220, Warrensburg NY 12885, Attention: James Coutant

REGION 6 - Watertown State Office Bldg, 317 Washington St., Watertown, NY 13601, Attention: Bob Jacobs

REGION 7 - 615 Erie Boulevard West, Syracuse, NY 13204-2400, Attention: Thomas Elter

REGION 8 - 6274 East Avon-Lima Road, Avon, NY 14414, Attention: Yuan Zeng

REGION 9 - 270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, NY 14202, Attention: Michael Emery

New York State Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report Public Comment Period Notice

In accordance with the provisions of the National Affordable Housing Act, the State of New York is making a draft of its Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) for program year 2019 available for public comment. The CAPER analyzes New York States' progress in implementing its HUD-approved Annual Action Plan for 2019. The public is invited to review the draft New York State CAPER and to offer comments on the document. The draft 2019 CAPER as published offer comments on the document. The draft 2019 CAPER, as published for public comment, will be available during the public comment period on the New York State Homes and Community Renewal (HCR) website at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested by e-mail at www.nyshcr.org. In addition, copies can be requested end on Wednesday, March 11, 2020. Written comments must be postmarked no later than March 11, 2020 and addressed to Rachel Yerdon, NYS HCR, Hampton Plaza, 38-40 State Street, Albany, NY 12207. E-mail comments must be sent be that date and e-mailed to: HCRConPln@nyshcr.org.

LEGAL NOTICES

Notice of formation of Wonscape International LLC, a domestic LLC Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on June 14, 2018 with N.Y.S. Office location: Nassau County. SSNY is designated as agent upon whom process against the LLC may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: The LLC, 366 North Broadway Suite 405, Jericho, NY 11753 Purpose:

Sell your home in the NYP Classifieds Call 212-930-8100 to place your ad

STATE OF CONNECTICUT SUPERIOR COURT JUVENILE MATTERS ORDER OF NOTICE

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE TO: Richard Delacruz, father of a male child born on 6/6/11 to Amanda G.

petition has been filed seeking:

Commitment of minor child(ren of the above named or vesting or custody and care of said child(ren above named in a lawful private or public agency or a suitable and worthy person.

The petition, whereby the court' ine petition, whereby the court's decision can affect your parental rights, if any, regarding minor child(ren) will be heard on 3/18/20 at 12:00 p.m. at SCJM, 7 Kendrick Ave., 3rd fl., Waterbury,

Therefore, ORDERED, that notice of the hearing of this petition be given by publishing this Order of Notice once, immediately upon receipt in the New York Post, a newspaper having a circulation in the town/city of New York.

> Honorable Barbara Aaron Pranvera Cirraga, OC 2/7/2020

RIGHT TO COUNSEL: Upon proof of inability to pay for a lawyer, the court will provide one for you at court expense. Any such request should be made immediately at the court office where your Hearing is

STATE OF CONNECTICUT Superior Court/Juvenile in ORDER OF NOTICE

NOTICE TO: Carlos Vega, father of a male child born on 7/17/2002, to Bernice S. in San Sebastian, PR where said child were born.

Of parts unknown.

A petition/motion has been filed

Commitment of minor child of the above named or vesting of custody and care of said child of the above named in a lawful

the above named in a lawful, private or public agency or a suitable and worthy person. The petition, whereby the court's decision can affect your parental rights, if any, regarding the minor child will be heard on: 3/10/2020 at: 10:00 a.m. at: Superior Court for Juvenile Matters, 239 Whalley Avenue, New Haven, CT 06511.

CT 06511.

Hearing on an Order of Temporary Custody will be heard on 2/14/2020 at: 10:00 a.m. at: 239 Whalley Ave., New Haven, CT 06511.

It is therefore, ORDERED, that notice of the hearing of this petition/motion be given by publishing this Order of Notice once immediately unon received. once, immediately upon receipt n the: **New York Post** a in the: New York Post a newspaper having a circulation in the town/city of: New York Hon. Bernadette Conway., Judge, Kathryn A. Coppola, 2/7/2020

Right to Counsel: Upon proof of inability to pay for a lawyer, the court will make sure that an attorney is provided to you by the Chief Public Defender. Request for an attorney should be made immediately in person, by mail, or by fax at the court office where your hearing is to be held.

PET PLACE

POMERANIAN PUPPIES

Adorable males and females, toy or teacup sizes, shots and papers.

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Beautiful Males & Females Price to Sell Call 718-887-5433

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ADORABLE, pure bred, toy & teacup sizes. Call 718-306-4136

ORECLOSURE NOTICES

NOTICE OF PUBLIC AUCTION SALE OF COOPERATIVE APARTMENT COLLATERAL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE: BY VIRTUE PICEASE HARE NOTICE: BY VIKIDE OF A DEFAULT UNDER A CERTAIN PROPRIETARY LEASE (THE "LEASE") BY AND BETWEEN ROSARIO GREER (THE "LESSEE") AND 543 West 160 STREET HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND CORPORATION (THE "LESSEE") HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND CORPORATION (THE "LESSOR"), COVERING APARTMENT 1A (THE "APARTMENT") LOCATED AT 543 WEST 160th STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10032, WHICH DEFAULT RESULTED IN THE TERMINATION OF THE LEASE, WILLIAM MANNION, LICENSED AUCTIONEER (DCA# 796322) and/or MATTHEW D. MANNION, LICENSED AUCTIONEER (DCA# 1434494) WILL SELL THE 250 SHARES OF STOCK OF THE LESSOR (THE "SHARES") APPURTENANT TO CENTRE STREET, NEW YORK, NEW

Apartment 1A Located at 543 West 160th Street, New York, New York 10032, And Monthly Maintenance \$529.38.

THIS SALE IS HELD TO ENFORCE THE RIGHTS OF THE LESSOR AS A HOLDER OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN THE SHARES AND LEASE HEREIN DESCRIBED BASED UPON HEREIN DESCRIBED BASED UPON THE NON-PAYMENT OF MAINTENANCE, LATE CHARGES, ADMINISTRATIVE AND LEGAL FEES. THE LESSOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO BID/PURCHASE AND REJECT ALL BIDS TO THE EXTENT THAT THE AMOUNT BID FOR THE APARTMENT IS NOT GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT OF THE PAST DIJE SIJM OWING. ON THE THAN THE AMOUNT OF THE PAST DUE SUM OWING ON THE APARTMENT. THIS SALE IS SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE SUCCESSFUL BIDDER BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE LESSOR. A BANK OR CERTIFIED CHECK OR MONEY ORDER PAYABLE TO SMITH, BUSS & PAYABLE 10 SMITH, BUSS & JACOBS, LLP, ESCROW ACCOUNT, (NO ENDORSED CHECKS OR ENDORSED MONEY ORDERS WILL BE ACCEPTED) IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO TEN PERCENT(10%) OF EQUAL TO TEN PERCENT(10%) OF THE SUCCESSFUL BID, IS REQUIRED AT KNOCKDOWN TO PURCHASE THE APARTMENT. NO CASH WILL BE ACCEPTED. ALL FUNDS MUST BE EXHIBITED TO THE AUCTIONEER PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF BIDDING, UNLESS PROPER FUNDS HAVE PEGN VERDIEGR VOLUMENT OF BEST VERDIEGR VOLUMENT OF BEST VERDIEGR VOLUMENT OF BIDDING, UNLESS PROPER FUNDS HAVE UNLESS PROPER FUNDS HAVE BEEN VERIFIED YOU WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO BID. THE BALANCE OF THE SUCCESSFUL BID IS PAYABLE AT CLOSING WHICH SHALL BE HELD WITHIN FORTY-SHALL BE HELD WITHIN FORTY-FIVE (45) DAYS OF THE AUCTION DATE, TIME BEING OF THE ESSENCE. FOR TERMS AND CONDITIONS CALL SMITH, BUSS & JACOBS, LLP AT (914) 476-0600 BETWEEN 3:00 - 5:00 P.M.

NAWYORKPOST

List your in Thursday's NYPHome



Natasha Rivera at 212-930-5748

Conforto: Ex-Astros welcome

By MIKE PUMA

PORT ST. LUCIE - Michael Conforto isn't about to dwell on who might have been involved in the Astros' illegal sign-stealing scheme and the im-

J.D. Davis and Jake Marisnick both played for the Astros in 2017 when electronic surveillance was used by the team to steal catchers' signs, but both are Mets now and Conforto doesn't want either to feel unwelcomed in the clubhouse.

"Our involvement with it was Carlos [Beltran] and we have kind of moved on from that, but I don't see us dwelling on that at all," Conforto said Tuesday. "I think J.D. and Jake, they are our guys now and moving forward they are going to be part of a winning season this year.

METS NOTES

"There's not going to be any animosity toward them. When you are in a team setting, any of these guys that are in here now they are our guys and that's the way winning teams are. They bring their guys in and we're one winning group. They will probably talk about it, but there won't be anything more from there."

New manager Luis Rojas acknowledged Jacob deGrom will "probably" be the Mets' Opening Day starter but wouldn't go beyond naming the two-time defending NL Cy Young Award winner to the rotation. DeGrom, Noah Syndergaard, Marcus Stroman, Steven Matz, Rick Porcello and Michael Wacha give the Mets six starting pitchers for five rotation spots.

"It probably won't be a surprise that Jake is probably Opening Day," Rojas said, "but we are not defining roles right now of two, three, four, five or sixth starter so we're not there yet."

➤ Yoenis Cespedes has been running and hitting, but Rojas indicated it's too early to say if the veteran outfielder might be a possibility to start the season with the Mets. Cespedes has missed the past 11/2 seasons, after undergoing surgery on both heels then sustaining multiple ankle fractures on his ranch trying to elude a wild boar.

McAdoo hits Jax-pot

Ben McAdoo is back in the big leagues.

The former Giants head coach — fired after going 13-15 over two seasons with Big Blue — will join the Jaguars as a quarterbacks coach, according to multiple reports.

McAdoo, 42, was hard-pressed to find work for the past two seasons but found some traction after this past season, having interviewed for a spot on the Browns' and Panthers' staffs and being in the running for the Jags' offensive coordinator gig. The job went to ex-Redskins head coach Jay Gruden instead.

A history coaching Aaron Rodgers and Eli Manning should give McAdoo some credibility as he works with upstart Gardner Minshew, the rookie QB who garnered plenty of attention with his heroics after stepping in for Nick Foles last season.

- Michael Blinn

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

Ambika Mohan being duly sworn hereby declares and says, that she is the Advertising Account Executive responsible for placing the attached advertisement for publication in the **Rochester Democrat & Chronicle** for Miller advertising Agency, Inc; located in New York, NY, and that the **NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation –Notice of Public Hearing** advertisement, of which the annexed is a true copy, has been published in the said publication on the following issue date: <u>February 12, 2020</u>

Ambika Mohan

Subscribed to and Sworn before me

This 23rd day of June, 2020

Notary Public

Donna Perez

Notary Public State Of New York

No. 01PE6151365

Qualified In New York County

Commission Expires August, 14th - 2022

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

Ambika Mohan being duly sworn hereby declares and says, that she is the Advertising Account Executive responsible for placing the attached advertisement for publication in the **Syracuse Post Standard** for Miller advertising Agency, Inc; located in New York, NY, and that the **NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation –Notice of Public Hearing** advertisement, of which the annexed is a true copy, has been published in the said publication on the following issue date: February 11, 2020

Ambika Mohan

Subscribed to and Sworn before me

This 23rd day of June, 2020

Notary Public

Donna Perez

Notary Public State Of New York

No. 01PE6151365

Qualified In New York County

Commission Expires August, 14th - 2022

gals/Public Notices

Other Legals

Other Legals

Other Legals

Other Legals

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) will hold a legislative Public Hearing

on three separate proposals: 1: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmenta Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed repeal and replacement of 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and

Transport Vehicles, "with a revised regulation applicable to all gasoline transport vehicles and all assoline dispensing sites that have gasoline storage tanks larger than 250 gallons: 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles."

The Department proposes to repeal and replace 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles." to reduce volatile The Department proposes to replace to NYCHR Part 230, Casonine Dispensing Sites and Transport vehicles to reduce Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from gasoline dispensing sites and transport vehicles in New York State. As part of this rulemaking, the Department also proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 200 to incorporate by reference applicable federal and California Air Resources Board (CARB) test methods; inspection procedures; and gasoline tanker truck marking, reporting and record retention provisions which are required by new Part 230. The emission reductions resulting from the proposed replacement of Part 230 and the revision to Part 200 are necessary to help the state demonstrate attainment of both the 2008 and 2015 corone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAGS). This proposal will affect approximately 7,500 gasoline dispensing sites in New York State. In addition, the Department proposes to submit the new Part 230 as well as the revisions to Part 200 to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State.

2: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation hereby gives notice

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, "New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modified Facilities," and 200, "General Provisions" (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implemention Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included

In accordance with EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, the Department is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, the Department petitioned EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment with the 2006 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and EPA correspondingly approved the petition in fair Julemaking on December 31, 2012. While the entire State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 nonattainment provisions in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future. PM-2.5 in the future.

The Department is also revising Part 231 to address EPA's comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsets for ozone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval into New York's SIP.

2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed revisions of 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products."

The Department's Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Part 235, "Consumer Products" (Part 235), to reduce The Department's Division of Air Resources (DAR) proposes to revise 6 MYCHR Part 235, Consumer Products (Part 235, 10 reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the state comply with federal Clean Air Act (CAA) requirements pertaining to attainment and maintenance of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) states. The proposed revisions include adding new categories and revising others in order to make the New York regulation consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearby states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 235-3, "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised definitions and product categories, and to remove obsolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendant changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions" (Part 200). $Part\ 235\ will\ also\ be\ submitted\ to\ EPA\ as\ a\ revision\ to\ the\ State\ Implementation\ Plan\ (SIP)\ for\ New\ York\ State\ (NYS).$

Hearings for the proposed rules and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and are scheduled in places that are reasonably accessible to persons with impaired mobility

	'	, , ,
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4/16/2020	11:00 am	6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516
The Department will a	arovido interpretor convio	as for deaf persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter convices are required

and should be submitted by, April 7, 2020, to Richard McAuley, NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3250, (518) 402-8438, Pursuant to Part 617 of the implementing regulations for the State Environmental Quality Review Act, the Department has prepared a

Negative Declaration stating that the proposed actions will not have a significant effect on the environment. The Department invites all persons, organizations, corporations, and government agencies that may be affected by the proposed revisions to attend the hearings. At each hearing, persons who wish to make a statement will be invited to speak. It is requested that oral statements also be submitted in writing. The Department will give equal weight to written and oral statements, and since a cumulative record will be compiled it is not necessary for interested parties to attend each hearing.

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Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revisions may be obtained from Robert D. Bielawa, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

The proposed regulation may be obtained from any of the following Department offices:

REGION 1 - NYSDEC Region One Headquarters, SUNY Story Brook, 50 Circle Road, Story Brook, NY 11790-3409, Attention: Shaun Snee REGION 2 - Hunters Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Long Island City, NY 11101, Attention: Sam Lieblich REGION 3 - 21 South Putt Corners Road, New Paltz, NY 12561, Attention: George Sweikert

REGION 4 1130 North Westcott Rd., Schenectady, NY 12306, Attention: Ben Potter
REGION 5 - Hudson Street Extension, Box 220, Warrensburg NY 12885, Attention: James Coutant
REGION 6 - Watertown State Office Bidg, 317 Washington St., Watertown, NY 13601, Attention: Bob Jacobs

REGION 7 - 615 Erie Boulevard West, Syracuse, NY 13204-2400, Attention: Thomas Elter REGION 8 - 6274 East Avon-Lima Road, Avon, NY 14414, Attention: Yuan Zeng REGION 9 - 270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, NY 14202, Attention: Michael Emery



Ben Walsh, Mayor

Jennifer Tifft, Deputy Commissioner

CITY OF SYRACUSE, NEW YORK DEPARTMENT OF NEIGHBORHOOD & BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT Announces the availability of the Scoping Document for the Draft Generic **Environmental Impact Statement – City of Syracuse Proposed Lead Ordinance**

NOTICE is hereby given that the City of Syracuse, as SEQRA Lead Agency, has determined the City of Syracuse Proposed Lead Ordinance may have a significant adverse impact on the environmental and has prepared a Draft Generic Environmental Impact Statement (GEIS). The Draft GEIS is available for public review and comment.

To review the Scoping Document, please visit the City of Syracuse, Dept. of Neighborhood & Business Development website at http://www.syrgov. net/Neighborhood and Business Development.aspx. The document will also be available at Dept. of Neighborhood & Business Development Office, 201 E. Washington Street, Suite 600, Syracuse, New York 13202. Written comments on the Draft Scoping Document will be accepted from February 5, 2020 through 4:30pm on March 5, 2020. Comments may be delivered in person, mailed or submitted by email to nbd@syrgov.net.

A public information meeting will be held to discuss the Draft GEIS on Wednesday, February 12, 2020 at 5:30pm in the Common Council Chambers, Third Floor, City Hall at 233 East Washington Street, Syracuse,

The City of Syracuse complies with 31 CFR Part 51 and does not discriminate in access to facilities, programs, services or activities on the basis of race, color, sex, creed, marital status, national origin or disability.



8454 Brewerton Road, LLC, Art. of Org. filed with SSNY 12/17/19. Off. loc.: SSNY Onondaga Co. SSNY designated as agent upon whom process may be served & shall mail: 8454 Brewerton Rd., Cicero, NY 13039. Purp.: any lawful.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS Sealed bids for the REPLACEMENT OF STREET 38) E ET (NYS BRIDGE OVER THE OWASCO
RIVER (BIN 2207090),
PIN 3756.37 for the
City of Auburn will be
received at the Engineering Department,
Momerical City Holl 24 neering Department, Memorial City Hall, 24 South Street, Auburn, New York, until 11:30 a.m. local time, on Tuesday March 3, 2020, and then at said time, publicly, opened 2020, and then at said time publicly opened and read in the City Council Chambers. There will be a nonmandatory pre-bid meeting at 10:00 a.m. local time, on Thursday February 13, 2020 in the City Council Chambers located on the 1st floor of Memorial City Hall, Auburn, New York. The Bidding and Contract Documents may be obtained

obtained

through the City of Au-

bidders is particularly called to the requirements as to conditions ments as to conditions of employment to be observed and prevailing wage rates to be paid under the contract. This Contract is Federally Funded and has a DBE goal of 10%. The Owner is an equal opportunity/affirmative action employer and has the following EEO Goals: Minority Participation Goal: 2.5% Women: 6.9% The Owner repation Goal: 2.5% Womer re-en: 6.9% The Owner re-serves the right to waive any informality or to reject any or all bids. No bidder may withdraw his/her bid within 45 days after the actual date of open-ing thereof. ing thereof.

auburnny.gov, under Bids/RFPs. Attention of

Ing tiereor.

Notice of Formation of The Green Flower Cannabis Company, LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 12/9/2019. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: Charlene M. Syers, 202 Turner Avenue., Syracuse, NY 13219. Purpose: any lawful purpose. 13219. Purpos lawful purpose.

Articles of Organization of Holfac Capital, tion of Holfac Capital, LLC ("LLC") were filed with Sec. of State of NY ("SSNY") on 11/18/2019. Office Co-cation: Onondaga County. SSNY has been designated as agent upon whom process against the LLC may be served. SSNY shall mail a copy of any process to, and the LLC's principal business location is, 4030 Abbey Rd Syracuse New York 13215. Purpose: any lawful busi-("SSNY") pose: any lawful busi-ness purpose

ATWAL SLEEP & WELL-NESS, LLC filed Arts. of Org. with the Sect'y of org. with the Sect'y of State of NY (SSNY) on 11/1/19. Office loca-tion, County of Ononda-ga. SSNY has been des-ignated as agent of the LLC upon whom proc-ess against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: Nathan J. Cook, Esq., 409 Taughannock Blvd, Itha-ca, NY 14850. Purpose: any lawful act.

AWAL, LLC, Art. of Org. filed with SSNY on 12/18/19. Off. loc.: Onondaga Co. SSNY designated as agent designated as agent upon whom process may be served & shall mail: 6207 Rossiter Rd., Jamesville, NY 13078.

B & C Storage will hold a public auction, post-ed online at www.stor ed online at www.stor agetreasures.com. The auction begins Febru-ary 12, 2020 at 4 PM and concludes Febru-ary 20, 2020 at 10 AM. All of the personal property stored by the following tenants at the locations listed be-low will be auctioned. B&C Storage, Nixon Park Dr, Syracuse, New York: Louise Gasparini DO5, Almando Marti-nez K14, Cherish Smith D05, Almando Martinez K14, Cherish Smith H19; B&C Storage, US Rt 11, Central Square, New York: Kristin Colins 108, Matt Hamacher 119, Heather LaBreck 255; B&C Storage, Morgan Road, Liverpool, New York: Brian Atwater E14, Mark Chetney H45, Kimberly Richards G21; Mark Chetney H45,
Kimberly Richards G21;
B & C Storage, Buckley
Road, North Syracuse,
New York: Grace
Mandish B12, Leah
Piotrowski F14,
Khadijah Sachok C13,
Janet Dumigan K09; B&
C Storage, Drott Drive,
East Syracuse, New
York: Bill Hinton D35 &
D40; B&C Storage, Box
Car Lane, Camillus,
New York Paulia
Donalson S30 & P39,
Abdo Husein S18, Michael Millimaci F03,
Robert Pangaro S21,

Robert Pangaro

serve a notice of appearance on the attor-neys for the Plaintiff within 20 days after the service of this Summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within 30 days after service is complete if this Summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York). the State of New York). In case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the Complaint. NOTICE YOU ARE IN DANGER OF LOSING YOUR HOME IF YOU DO NOT RESPOND TO THIS NOT RESPOND TO THIS SUMMONS AND COM-PLAINT BY SERVING A COPY OF THE ANSWER ON THE ATTORNEY FOR THE MORTGAGE FOR THE MORTGAGE
COMPANY WHO FILED
THIS FORECLOSURE
PROCEEDING AGAINST
YOU AND FILING THE
ANSWER WITH THE
COURT, A DEFAULT
JUDGMENT MAY BE EN-JUDIGMENI MAY BE ENTERED AND YOU CAN LOSE YOUR HOME. SPEAK TO AN ATTORNEY OR GO TO THE COURT WHERE YOUR CASE IS PENDING FOR ELIPTLIED INJECOPMA. **FURTHER** INFORMA-FURTHER INFORMATION ON HOW TO ANSWER THE SUMMONS AND PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY. SENDING MORTGAGE COMPANY WILL NOT STOP THIS FORECLOSURE AC-**FORECLOSURE** TION. YOU MUST RE-SPOND BY SERVING A COPY OF THE ANSWER

ON THE ATTORNEY FOR THE PLAINTIFF

NY) AND FILING THE

(MORTGAGE

Other Legals

NOTICE TO CITY OF SYRACUSE CERTIFIED M/WBE SUBCONTRACTORS/SUPPLIERS Hueber-Breuer Construction Co., Inc. is currently seeking subcontractor/supplier bids for the Clary Middle School and Expeditionary Learning Middle School (ELMS) Renovation Projects located at 100 Amidon Drive Syracuse NY. SUBMISSION: Bids should be emailed to Kim Neuman @ kneuman@ hueber-breuer.com and Bill Pellenz @ bpellenz@ hueber-breuer.com Bids are due 12 Noon on Thursday, March 5, 2020. Plans are available for viewing at Hueber-Breuer's office located at 148 Berwyn Ave Syracuse NY 13210 or on our ftp site (email kneuman@hueber-breuer.com for link). Plans can be obtained through Plan & Print 315-437-5111 www.planandprint.com, Syracuse Blue Print 315-476-4084 www.syracuseblueprint.com, or Liverpool Blueprint (WBE) 315-457-0472 www.liverpoolblue.com

Other Legals

Robert Pinkowski F17

INDEX NO.: 004534/

Date

premises is situate.
STATE OF NEW YORK
COURT:

COUNTY OF ONONDA-GA JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Associa-

balik, National Association, Plaintiff, -against-Benjamin A. Peckham, Sr., if living and if any be dead, any and all the heirs at law, next of kin, distributees, de-

or kin, distributes, devisees, grantees, trust-ees, lienors, creditors, assignees and successors in interest of any of the aforesaid defend-ants, next of kin, distributees, devisees, grantees trustees lie-

tributees, devisees, grantees, trustees, lie-

nors, creditors, assign-

residence are un-known to plaintiff, ex-

cept as herein stated; Suzanne M. Peckham, if living and if any be dead, any and all the heirs at law, next of kin, distributees, devisees grantees trust.

sees, grantees, trust-ees, lienors, creditors, assignees and succes-sors in interest of any of the aforesaid defend-ants, next of kin, dis-tributes.

nors, creditors, assignees and successors in interest of any of the

person, if they or any of them be dead, and

esidence are un-known to plaintiff, ex-

cept as herein stated;

United States of Ameri-United States of America o/b/o Internal Revenue Service; New York State Department of Taxation and Finance; John Doe #1 through

answer the Com-laint in this action and

to serve a copy of your answer, or, if the Com-

plaint is not served with this Summons, to

devisees, tributees, devisees, grantees, trustees, lie-

hus-

wives or wid-

ees and successors interest of any of the aforesaid classes of person, if they or any of them be dead, and

their respective

bands.

01/13/2020

WITH MORTGAGED

MENTAL

SUPPLE-

SUMMONS NOTICE PREM-Drexler

Mark Wheatley E13; B & C Storage, Rt. 48, Baldwinsville: Charles Demott E32, Suzanne Mortgage to secure \$116,348.00 and inter-States of Secure to Secure to Secure to Secure to Secure 17, 2008 in Book 15676 and Page 0940 and as Instrument No. 72509, covering premises known as 802 Drexler Street, Liverpool, New York 13088 – SBL #083.-04-10.0. The relief sought in the within action is a final judgment directing the sale of the premises described above to satisfy the debt secured by the Mortgage described above. The Plaintiff also seeks a deficiency. Freeley G05, Stadelmaier B19. Ed of formation **Notice** of formation Avicolli Limestone, LLC, Avicolli Limestone, LLC, limited liability company (LLC). Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of NY (SSNY) on 1/24/20. Office located in Onondaga County. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: shall mail process to: c/o The LLC, 100 Lime-stone Plaza, Fayette-ville, NY 13066. Purville, NY 13066. Purpose: any lawful act or activity. ciency judgment against the Defendants and for any debt secured by said Mortgage which is not satisfied by the precede of

ied by the proceeds of

the sale of said premises. To the above named Defendants, the foregoing Supplemental Summons with Notice is served upon you tice is served upon you by publication pursuant to an Order of the Hon. Kevin G. Young of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Onondaga, dated January 15, 2020 McCalla, Raymer, Leibert, Pierce, LLC /s/ Kyle Jacobs, Esq. 420 Lexington Avenue, Suite 840 New York, New York 10170 p. 347-286-7409 f. 347-286-7414 HELP FOR HOMEOWNERS IN Street, Liverpool, New York 13088 SBL #: 701k 13085 SBL #. 083.-04-10.0 Plaintiff designates Onondaga County as the place of trial; venue is based upon the county in which the mortgaged FOR HOMEOWNERS IN FORECLOSURE New FOR HOMEOWNERS IN FORECLOSURE New York State Law requires that we send you this notice about the foreclosure process. Please read it carefully. SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT You are in danger of losing your home. If you fail to respond to the Summons and Complaint in this and Complaint in this foreclosure action, you may lose your home. Please read the Summons and Complaint carefully. You should immediately contact an attorney or your local legal aid office to obtain advice on how to protect yourself. SOURCES OF INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE The State encourages and Complaint in this ows, if any, and all of whom and whose names and places of The State encourages you to become informed about your options in foreclosure. In addition to seeking assistance from an attorney or legal aid office, there are government agencies and non-profit organizations that you may contact for information about possible options, including trying to work The State encourages possible options, in-cluding trying to work with your lender during this process. To locate an entity near you, you may call the toll-free helpline maintained by the New York State Dethe New York State Department of Financial Services at 1-877-BANK-NYS (1-877-226-6597) or visit the department's website at: http://www.dfs.ny.gov RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO LEAVE YOUR HOME AT THIS TIME. You have the right to stay in your home during the fore-closure process. You their respective hus-bands, wives or wid-ows, if any, and all of whom and whose names and places of residence are unclosure process. You are not required to leave your home un-less and until your property is sold at auc-tion pursuant to a judg-ment of foreclosure and sale. Regardless of #6, and Jane Doe #1
through #6, the last
twelve names being fictitious, it being the intention of Plaintiff to
designate any and all
occupants, tenants,
persons or corporadesignate any and all occupants, tenants, persons or corporations, if any, having or claiming an interest in or lien upon the premises being foreclosed herein; Defendants, TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS: YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the Comwhether you choose to remain in your home, YOU ARE REQUIRED TO YOU ARE REQUIRED TO TAKE CARE OF YOUR PROPERTY and pay property taxes in accordance with state and local law. FORE-CLOSUPE PESCUE and local law. FURE-CLOSURE RESCUE SCAMS Be careful of people who approach you with offers to "sa-ve" your home. There are individuals who watch for notices of foreclosure actions in watch for notices of foreclosure actions in order to unfairly profit from a homeowner's distress. You should be extremely careful about any such promises and any suggestions that you pay them a fee or sign over your deed. State law requires anyone offering such services for profit to enter into a contract to enter into a contract which fully describes the services they will perform and fees they will charge, and which prohibits them from

> Notice of formation Notice of formation Sunnylea Farm LLC, limited liability company (LLC). Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of NY (SSNY) on 1/24/20. Office located in Madison County. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: c/o The process to: c/o The LLC, 5654 Rathbun Rd., Cazenovia, NY 13035. Purpose: any lawful act or activity.

taking any money from you until they have completed all such

promised services.

such

All Poets & Heroes, LLC, Art. of Org. filed with SSNY on 1/24/20. Off. loc.: Onondaga Co. SSNY designated as agent upon whom proc-ess may be served & shall mail: 7473 New Rte. 31, Baldwinsville, NY 13027. Purp.: any lawful.

Other Legals Other Legals

provements; communications improvements; safety & security improvements; ADA accessibility improvements, original furnishings, fixtures and equipment, architectural fees, and all other costs incidental to such work at a total estimated cost not to extinated cost not to ex-

such work at a total estimated cost not to exceed \$21,500,000 and obtain the necessary funds by using any available State aid and, to the extent necessary

to the extent necessary, the levy of a tax upon the taxable prop-

erty of the School District to be collected in annual installments in the years and in the amounts as the Board of Education shall describes and in articles.

NOTICE OF FILING ARTI-

pany served upon him is c/o Partnership Prop-erties, 2 Clinton

LeChase Construction cernase Construction
Services, LLC, an equal
opportunity employer,
is seeking interest for
bid proposals from
NYS Certified M/WBE
firms for the SUNY Upstate Medical University 3N Scope Reprocessing Project Syracuse ing Project, Syracuse, New York. Proposals will be accepted (Due to Bid Date Extension) through 12:00pm on 2/21/2020. Documents are available for review at LeChase Syracuse
Office, or on Syracuse
Blue Print Web site.
Proposals can be submitted to: troy.forbes@
lechase.com or fax to
315-423-0054 LeChase
Construction Syracuse ANSWER WITH THE COURT. THE OBJECT of the above captioned action is to foreclose a Construction Syracuse Office.

MBE/WBE/SDVOB Solicitation Bette & Cring, LLC, a General Contracting Firm, is soliciting bids from certified MBE/WBE and SDVOB Subcontractors and Suppliers for the Construct Addition, Renovate Bishop Hall, Bldg No. 009C project at SUNY Potsdam, which bids on February 25, 2020 at 2:00 PM. Our bids on February 25, 2020 at 2:00 PM. Quo-tations will be accept-ed at our Watertown office. Phone: (315)782-0074 Fax: (315)782-5159 Email: wtnestima ting@bettecring.com

NOTICE OF A SPECIAL NOTICE OF A SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MEETING OF VOTERS OF THE ONONDAGA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE ONONDAGA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT The Articles of Organization of said limited liability company were filed on November 26, filed on November 26, 2019, with the Secretary of State. The county within the state in which the limited liability company is to be located is the County of Onondaga. The Principal Business Location of the limited liability company is c/o Partner. DISTRICT HERERY GIVES NOTICE that pursuant to a Resolution adopted by the Board of Education of the District on Decem-ber 17, 2019, a special of the limited liability company is c/o Partnership Properties, 2 Clinton Square, Syracuse, New York 13202. The Secretary of State has been designated as agent of the limited liability company and the post office address within the state to which the Secretary of State shall mail a copy of any process against the limited liability company served upon him meeting of the quali-fied voters of said School District, County of Onondaga, State of New York, will be held in the Rockwell Elementary School Community Room and Junior/Senior High School Gymnasium in Nedrow, New York, on March 3, 2020 from 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., prevailing time, for the purpose of voting upon the following proposition: PROPOSITION Shall the Board of Education make renovatary School Community erties, 2 Clinton Square, Syracuse, New York 13202. The pur-pose of the business of the limited liability comcation make renovations tions and improve-ments to the Rockwell Elementary, Wheeler Elementary School,
Onondaga
Junior/Senior High pany is any lawful purpose. **DE** Golf Shop, LLC, a domestic Limited Liability Junior/Senior High School and the Industri-al Arts Facility, includ-ing, to the extent nec-essary for each build-ing, site and play-ground improvements; exterior restorations Company (LLC), filed with the Sec of State of NY on January 21, 2020. NY Office location: Onondaga County. SSNY is designated as agent upon whom exterior restorations and roof replacements; restorations window replacements: door/hardware replacements; interior renova-tions and replacements; asbestos abatement, mechanical, electrical and plumbing replacements and improvements; technology infrastructure improvements; communications improvements;

the years and in the amounts as the Board

of Education shall de-termine and in anticipa-tion of such tax shall the School District be authorized to issue up to \$21,500,000 of obli-cations of the School

to \$21,500,000 of obligations of the School District and levy a tax to pay the interest thereon when due. NO-TICE IS GIVEN that voting upon the foregoing Proposition will be by voting machine or pay.

voting machine or pa-per ballot and will take place on March 3, 2020 at the Rockwell El-ementary School Com-munity Room and Junior/Senior High

Junior/Senior High School Gymnasium in Nedrow, New York, from 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., prevailing time. NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that qualified voters may obtain appli-cations for absentee

ballots from the office of the School District clerk. Completed applications for absentee ballots must be re-

ballots must be received by the District Clerk no later than February 25, 2019 if the absentee ballot is to be mailed to the voter, or February 28, 2019 if the ballot is to be personally delivered to the voter. A listing of all persons to whom an absentee ballot is issued will be available for inspection by any qualified voter during

for inspection by any qualified voter during regular business hours

in the Office of the Clerk of the School Dis-

Clerk of the School District through February 28, 2019. NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the proposition set forth on the voting machine label or paper ballot shall appear as follows: PROPOSITION Shall the Board of Education make renova-

cation make renova-tions and improve-

ments to the Rockwell

Elementary, Wheeler Elementary School, O n o n d a g a Junior/Senior High School and the Industri-

al Arts Facility includ-ing, to the extent nec-essary for each build-ing, site and play-ground improvements;

exterior restorations and roof replacements;

window replacements; door/hardware replace-ments; interior renova-tions and replace-ments; asbestos abate-ment mechanical aloc

ment, mechanical, elec-

trical and plumbing re-

placements and improvements; technolo-

as agent upon whom process against the LLC may be served. SSNY shall mail a copy of any process against the LLC served upon him/her to Davies Law Firm, P.C., 210 E. Fayette St., Syracuse, NY 12302, Centeral Pross. 13202. General Purpos-Notice of formation Notice of formation MRL Consultant LLC, limited liability company (LLC). Articles of Orgunization filed with the Secretary of State of NY (SSNY) on 1/7/20. Office located in Onondaga County. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against safety & security improvements; ADA acprovenents, ADA accessibility improve-ments, original furnish-ings, fixtures and equip-ment, architectural fees, and all other costs incidental to such work at a total estimated cost not to exceed \$21,500,000 and obtain the possession whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: c/o The LLC, 5171 Leverett Lane, Fayette-ville, NY 13066. Purpose: any lawful act or activity funds by using any available State aid and, to the extent necessary, the levy of a tax upon the taxable property of the School District to be collected in annual installments in the years and in the activity.

Notice of Formation of 213 Green LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York State of New York (SSNY) on 4/6/2016. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: United States Corporation Agents, Inc., 7014 13th Ave Ste 202, Brooklyn, NY 11228. Purpose: any lawful purpose. lawful purpose.

Notice of Formation of 309 Nichols Ave., LLC. Arts of Org. filed with Secy. of State of NY Arts of Org. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on 12/19/19. Office location: Onondaga County. Princ. office of LLC: 7530 Plum Hollow Circle, Liverpool NY 13090. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to the LLC at process to the LLC at the addr. of its princ. office. Purpose: Any law-

Notice of Formation of 8092 Verbeck Drive LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company (LLC). Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 1/17/2020. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as a agent of LLC upon whom process may be whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail served. SSNY shall mall copy of process to: 8219 Turnstone Dr, Manlius, NY 13104. Purpose: any lawful purpose.

NOTICE OF FORMA-TION of Baby Bella Properties, LLC. Art. of Org. filed with NY Secretary of State (SSNY) 01/06/2020. Office location: Onondaga Coun-ty. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail

copy of process to: 7315 Lakeshore Rd, Cicero NY 13039. Purpose: Any lawful activi-Notice of Formation of

Notice of Formation of Cashpitch 21, LLC. Arts of Org. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on 12/10/19. Office lo-cation: Onondaga Coun-ty. Princ. office of LLC: 5100 Highbridge Street 19-C, Fayetteville, New York 13066. SSNY des-ignated as agent of LLC: ignated as agent of LLC upon whom process

Other Legals

against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to the LLC at the addr. of its princ. offul activity

Notice of Formation of CHI'SOUL 315, LLC. Arti-cles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York or state of New York (SSNY) on January 7, 2020. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to:
Rayshelle Burke, 236 W
Pleasant Ave, Ste 6,
Syracuse, NY 13205.
Purpose: any lawful purpose.

termine and in anticipation of such tax shall the School District be authorized to issue up to \$21,500,000 of obligations of the School NOTICE OF FORMATION of CHRISTOPHER MADDEN DESIGN, LLC. Articles of Organization filed with Sec of State of NY (SSNY) on 1/2/2020. Office location in Onondaga Co. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to the gations of the School District and levy a tax to pay the interest thereon when due. DATED: December 17, 2019 BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION ONONDAGA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT gations of the School copy of process to the LLC @ 124 Feldspar Drive, Syracuse, New York 13219. LLC formed for any lawful NOTICE OF FILING ARTI-CLES OF ORGANIZA-TION OF Central New York Associates II, LLC. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIV-EN that the name of the limited liability com-pany is Central New York Associates II, LLC. purpose

Notice of Formation of Notice of Formation of CJ's Seafoods, LLC. Ar-ticles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on November 4, 2019. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail serveu. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: 2726 Gardner Road, Fa-bius, NY 13063. Pur-pose: any lawful pur-pose.

Notice of Formation of Clear Path To Success Professional Development LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 1/27/20. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to 3793 Rivers Pointe Way Apt 7, Liverpool, NY 13090. Purpose: any lawful purpose. Notice of Formation of

Notice of Formation of CROSSROADS PARK DRIVE 4629, LLC. Arti-cles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 01/24/20. Of-free Opendage County fice: Onondaga County.
SNY is designated as
agent of the LLC upon
whom process against
it may be served. SSNY
shall mail copy of process to the LLC at: c/o
Gary H. Bell, 6357
Muskrat Bay Road,
Brewerton, NY 13029.
Purpose: any lawful
purpose. fice: Onondaga County.

Notice of Formation of Cukalevski Property LLC. Articles of Organi-zation filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 01/07/2020. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: 5967 E. Pine Grove Rd., Cicero, NY 13039. Pur-pose: any lawful pur-

Notice of Formation of Diligent Dental Billing LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 1/20/20. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: 4039 Pawnee Dr, Liverpose: any lawful purpose: any la zation filed with pose: any lawful pur-

NOTICE OF FORMA-TION OF DOMESTIC LIM-ITED LIABILITY COMPA-; Name of LLC: MADI SON FINANCIAL PLAN SOIN FINANCIAL PLANNING GROUP, LLC; Date of filing: January 7, 2020; Office of the LLC: Onondaga Co.; The NY Secretary of State has been designated as the group whom processes. agent upon whom proc agent upon wnom proc-ess may be served. NYSS may mail a copy of any process to the LLC at 525 Plum Street, Suite 101, Syracuse, New York 13204; Pur-pose of LLC: Any lawful purnose purpose.

Notice of Formation of Fulcrum Venture Services LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on January 23, 2020. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as spart of U.C. ignated as agent of LLC upon whom process upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of proc-ess to: 110 Walton Street, Apt 204, Syra-cuse, NY 13202. Pur-pose: any lawful pur-pose. pose.

Notice of formation of lona LLC Arts. of Org. filed with the Sect'y of State of NY (SSNY) on 11/13/2019. Office loca tion. County of Ononda ga. SSNY has been designated as agent of the LLC upon whom proc-ess against it may be served. SSNY shall mail process to: c/o The LLC, 5197 Forest Edge Dr, Syracuse, NY 13215. Purpose: any lawful act.

Notice of Formation of K9 Crate Escape LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 12/3/2019. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: 2115 Downer Street RD, Baldwins-Notice of Formation of er Street RD, Baldwins pose: any lawful purOther Legals

Notice of Formation of Kilo Papa Holdings, LLC. Articles of Organi-zation filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 11/27/2019. Office loca-tion: County of Ononda-ga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon as agent to LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: 3807 Bishop Hill Rd., Marcellus, 13108. Pur-pose: any lawful purpose.

Notice of Formation of Knick, LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 12/3/19. Office location: Onondaga County. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to 5049 Orangeport Road, Brewerton, NY 13029. Purpose: any lawful purpose.

Notice of Formation of Lahinch Lodge LLC Arti-cles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on 1/27/2020. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom proc ess may be served.
SSNY shall mail copy of process to: LLC, 4526 Wilderness Way, Syracuse, NY 13215. Purpose: any lawful purpose. pose.

NOTICE OF FORMATION OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, (LLC) Name: TOP THIS PIZZA Name: TOP THIS PIZZA
LLC. Articles of Organization filed with Secretary of State of New
York (SSNY) on January
8, 2020. Office location: Onondaga County. SSNY designated asagent of LLC upon
whom process against
it may be served. SSNY
shall mail a copy of
process to C/O The
LLC, 9664 Brewerton
Rd., Brewerton, NY Rd., Brewerton, NY 13029. Term: Perpetu-al. Purpose: Any activi-ty for which a limited liability company may be lawfully engaged un-der the laws of the State of New York.

NOTICE OF FORMA-TION of Nicolaos Hold-ings, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Compa-Limited Liability Company (LLC) with offices located in Onnolaga County, for the purpose of any lawful act or activity under the Limited Liability Company Law. The Articles of Organization were filed with the Secretary of the State of New York (SSNY) on January 23, 2020. SSNY is the agent designated to receive service of process on behalf of the LLC. SSNY shall mail a copy of such service of copy of such service of process to Panagiotis Mavrikidis, 1036 Mead-owbrook Drive, Syra-cuse, NY 13224.

Notice of Formation of Pro-Pave of CNY, LLC. Arts. of Org. filed with NY Dept. of State on 12/13/19. Office location: Onondaga County. NY Sec. of State descriptions of State descriptions of State descriptions. ignated agent of the LLC upon whom proc-ess against it may be served, and shall mail process to 225 John-son St, East Syracuse, NY 13057, the principal NY 13057, the principal pose: any lawful activi

Rios Trucking LLC. Arti-cles of Organization filed with the Secretar of State of New York (SSNY) on January 6, 2020. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon agent of LLC upo... whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to 110 Harding St Syracuse, NY 13208. Purpose: any lawful purpose.

Notice of Formation of Schreiber Industries
LLC. Articles of Organization filed with the
Secretary of State of
New York (SSNY) on
11/12/2019. Office location. County of Coordan 11/12/2019. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: 7675 Myers Rd, Kirkville, NY 13082. Purpose: any lawful purpose.

NOTICE OF FORMATION of Sofia Holdings,
LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company
(LLC) with offices located in Onondaga County, for the purpose of
any lawful act or activity under the Limited Liability Company Law ty under the Limited Liability Company Law. The Articles of Organization were filed with the Secretary of the State of New York (SSNY) on January 22, 2020. SSNY is the agent designated to receive service of process on behalf of the LLC. SSNY shall mail a copy of such service of process to Panagiotis process to Panagiotis Mavrikidis, 1036 Mead-owbrook Drive, Syracuse, NY 13224.

Compelling Capital LLC, Art. of Org. filed with SSNY on 12/11/19. Off. loc.: Onondaga Co. SSNY designated as agent upon whom process may be served & shall mail: Bond Schoeneck & King, One Lincoln Ctr., Syracuse, NY 13202. Purp.: any law-13202. Purp.: any law-

Notice of Formation of

Notice of Formation of Swee Realty LLC. Arti-cles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of New York (SSNY) on January 8, 2020. Office location: County of Onondaga. SSNY is designated as agent of LLC upon whom process may be served. SSNY shall mail copy of process to: 418 Seneca Drive, Syra-Seneca Drive, cuse, NY 13205. any lawful pur-

NEWSDAY AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

MILLER ADVERTISING 220 WEST 42ND STREET, 12TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10036

STATE OF NEW YORK)

Legal Notice No.

0021565925

:SS.:

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK)

Darryl Murphy of Newsday Media Group., Suffolk County, N.Y., being duly sworn, says that such person is, and at the time of publication of the annexed Notice was a duly authorized custodian of records of Newsday Media Group, the publisher of NEWSDAY, a newspaper published in the County of Suffolk, County of Nassau, County of Queens, and elsewhere in the State of New York and other places, and that the Notice of which the annexed is a true copy, was published in the following editions/counties of said newspaper on the following dates:

Wednesday

February 12, 2020

Nassau, Suffolk and Queens

SWORN to before me this 12 Day of February, 2020.

Dany Menst

Jason A. Neknez
Notary Public – State of New York
No. 01NE6219108
Qualified in Suffolk County
My Commission Expires 03/22/2022

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- Personals
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- Legal Services

DEADLINE INFORMATION

PERSONALS

Jermaine A. African American Male 37 yo Ronkon, 57ft 140lbs Contact Frenkle 561-507-6721 Missing Reward \$500

LEGAL NOTICES

Legal Notice # 21562454
Supreme Court, County of Queens, Matter of Betty Angler, A/V. Betty Lang an incapacitated Person. Purson Court and Person Purson Pur

Legal Notice # 21564198
Pappas Pediatric Dentistry,
PLL, Arts of Org. Filed With Sec. of Org. Filed With Sec. of State of NY (SSNY)
8/16/2019 Cty. Queens,
SSNY design as agent pany be served & shall mail process to 215-14 22nd RQ,
Baysido, NY 11360, Purpose:
Dentistry.

DEADLINE INFORMATION

Monday, 2/17

Tuesday, 2/18

Wednesday, 2/19

Legal Notice # 21562694 Notice of Formation of DAVE BERNI CLUBHOUSE SERVICES, LLC Arts. of Org. filed with Secy. of State of NY (SSNY) on 01/15/20. Office location: Queens County. SSNY designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be served. LLC upon whom process to David Berni, 6934 261st 5t. David Berni, 6934 261st 5t. Gien Oaks, NY 11004, Purpose: Any lawful activity.

pose: Any lawful activity.
Legal Notice P 21564374
Thom & Associates, LLC,
Arts of Org. filed with Sec.
of State of NY (SSNY) 1/
13/2019. Cty; Queens, SSNY
desig, as agent upon whom
process against may be
served shall mail process
process against may be
served shall mail process
Meadows, NY 1166, General
Purpose.

STATE OF THE STATE

DEADLINE INFORMATION

Friday, 2/14, 5pm - No Change

Friday, 2/14, 5pm - No Change

Friday, 2/14, 5pm

PRESIDENT'S DAY DEADLINES

The following are deadlines

for the President's Day Holiday:

The Classified Advertising Departmen will be closed on Monday, February 17

& will re-open on Tuesday, February 18th As always, you can visit us at newsday.com/classifieds to place an ad

Have a Happy Holiday

LEGAL NOTICES

Legal Notice # 21544000
NOTICE OF SALE
SUPPEME COURT COUNTY
OF QUEENS, CTF ASSET
MANAGEMENT, LLC, Plaintiff, vs. VADEWATTIE
PARAG, ET AL,
Defendant(s)

OF QUEENS, CTF ASSET
MANAGEMENT, LLC, Paintiff, vs. VADEWATTIE
PARAG, ET
AL, Defendant(s),
ET
AL, Defendant(s),

Legal Nettor 8 2154402

ANOTICE OF SALE

SUPREME COURT COUNTY
OF QUEENS, SELENE FIMANIMILIAN MEZETIN, ARRON
LE, PRIAITURI, ARRON
LEE, ET AL., Defendant(s),
Pursuant to a Judgment of
Foreclosure and Sale duly
filed on April 5, 2013, and an
Order Exercise and Sale duly
filed on April 5, 2013, and an
Order Exercise and Sale duly
filed on April 5, 2013, and an
Order Exercise and Sale duly
filed on April 5, 2015, and an
Order Exercise and Sale duly
filed on April 5, 2015, and an
Order Exercise and Sale duly
filed on April 5, 2015, and
the University of the Court
Supreme Court, Courtroom
5, 88-11 Sutphile Boulevard,
5, 2016 at 10:30 a.m., premises
Tenown as 215-31, Hollis Ave
Thomas April 5, 2015, and
being in the Borough of
Oqueens, County of Queen
City and State of New York,
order Court of Court of
Oqueens, County of Queen
City and State of New York,
by The State of New York,
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Kenneth Carmine@Suez.com.
Legal Notice of Formation of
Boynton. 18 LLC. Arts of Org.
filed with New York Secy of
State (SSNY) on 12/3/19.
Office location: Queens
County. SSNY is designated
as agent of LLC upon whom
process Sainst it may be
served. SSN 38 Bahall mail
set of the State of SNN 18 SNN 18 SNN 18
served. SSN 38 Bahall mail
set Hills. NY 11375. Purpose:
any lawful activity.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPLAINT
Of
KAREN GRANDO and RICHARD GRANDO, as Owners And/or
Owners pro have vice of a 35-foot recreational boat for ExonerPatitioners.

KAREN GRANDO and RICHARD GRANDO, as Owners And/or Owners pro hac vice of a 33-foot recreational boat for Exonergition from or Limitation of Liability, and the state of the Control of the Control of Control of

Legal Notice 3 215072500
MOTICE OF SALE
SUPPORTING TO SALE
OF QUEENS WELLS FARSANY NA USE STRUSTER FOR
NY SUPPORTINITY
LOAN TRUST 2011-WPL1
LO

that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements there on eracted, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Queens, County of Couens, County of Couens, County of Couens, County of Living of Liv

further recourse against the Mortgagor, the Mortgagee, the Mortgagee's attorney, or the Referee. Ruth Gursky, Esq., Referee Roach & Lin, P.C. FKA Peter T. Roach & Associates, P.C., 6901 Jericho Turnpike, Suite 240, Syosset, New York 11791, Attorneys for Plaintiff

Legal Notice 5 18289

Notice of Formation of Giber Taxi LLC. Arts of Org. filled with New York Secy of State (SSNY) on 1/2/30. Orfice location: Queens Courses of State (SSNY) on 1/2/30. SSNY 15 designated as agent of LLC upon whom process against it may be process of the State (SSNY) and the State (SSNY) are supposed to the State (SSNY) of SNY 1818 of

Legal Notice # 21562394
Notice of qualification of
Grand Asset Management,
LLC. Authority filed w/ Secy.
of State of NY (SSNY) on 07
/12/2019, Organized in Alaska on 07/11/2019, NY Off.
loc: Queen Cnty. SSNY designated as agent upon whom
process may be served.

Legal 2156592501

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) will hold a legislative Public Hearing on three

1: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Lav (EC.), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following legislative public hearings on the proposed repeal and replacement of 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Stes and Transport Vehicles," with a revised regulation applicable to all gasoline transport vehicles and all gasoline dispensing sites that have gasoline storage tanks larger than 250 gallons: 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Stes and Transport Vehicles."

toscome unspecting sites and transport venices.

The Department proposes to revision groups and replace 6 NYCRR Part 230, "Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles" to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from gasoline dispensing sites and transport vehicles in New York State. As part of this rulemaking, the Department also proposes to revision 6 NYCRP Rard 200 to incorporate by reference applicable federal and California Air Resources Board (California Sites and States) to the proposed repression of the California Air Resources Board (California Air Resources Board California Air Passources Board (California Air Passources Board California Air Californi

Plan (SIP) for New York State.

2: Pursuant to Sections 1-0101.3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation hereby gives notice of the following:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is revising 6 NTGRR Parts 231, New Source Review (NRS) for New and Modified Facilities, and 200. "General Provisions" (Condectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal RSR rule requirements and related count rulings.

On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included evisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal ASR rule. On June 1, 2016, Plan indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included into New Yorks SIP.

In accordance with PAIs June; 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, the Department is revising PAI 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHSs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, the Department petitioned EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment with the 2005 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and EPA correspondingly approved the petition in a final rulementing on December 31, 2012. While the entire State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 normalizationent provisions in Pair 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

The Department is also revising part 231 to address 27% comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion m guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsets for access and PM-2.5, Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typoge errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval into New Yorks SIP.

errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to EPA for approval into New Yorks SIP.

3: Pursuant to Sections 1-1013, -3001, -3091, -19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0001, 19-0002, 19-0003, 19-0005, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) will hold the following begistative public hearings on the proposed revisions of 6 NYCRR Part 225, "Consumer Products". (Part 235), to reduce volatile organic compound (VCC) emissions, improve air quality, and promote regional consistency. The proposed revisions will help the state comply with federal Clean Art Act (CAN) requirements persiming to attainment and maintenance of the cone National Ambert Art Eurity Standards (MAAGS), and maintain regional product consistency in accordance with a memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated June 3, 2010 among the Done Transport Commission (OTC) states. The proposed revisions include adding nex categories and revising others in order to make the New York regulation consistent with the OTC model rule and regulations adopted by nearty states. Additionally, 6 NYCRR Subpart 253–3: "Standards" (Subpart 235-3) will be updated to conform to the revised definitions and product categories, and to remove bosolete text and references. This proposal will also make attendant changes to 6 NYCRR Part 200. "General Provisions" (Part 200).

"General Provisions" (Part 200).

"Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Immementation Pun (SIP) for New York State (AYS). Part 235 will also be submitted to EPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for New York State (APYS)

Hearings for the proposed rules and attendant revisions to existing rules described above will be held as follows and are scheduled in places that are assorably accessible to persons with impaired mobility:

Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233
ASSERTION FOURT 129AVD, ANDENY, NT 12255
1st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT,
nd 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516

The Department will provide interpreter services for deal persons at no charge. Written requests for interpreter services are required and should be submitted by, April 7, 2020, to Richard McLuley, NYSDEC, 625 Broadway, Mbary NY 12233-2520, (518) 402-6143, air.nos.26dec.no.cov.

Pursuant to Part 17 of the implementing regulations for the State Environmental Duality Review Act, the Department has prepared a Negative Declaration stating that the proposed actions will not have a significant effect on the environment.

The Department invites all persons, organizations, corporations, and government agencies that may be affected by the proposed invisions to attend the hearings. At each hearing, persons who wish to make a statement will be invited to speak, it is requested that oral statements also be submitted in writing.

The Department will ge equal weight to written and oral statements, and alone a cumulative record will be compiled it is not necessary for interested parties to attend each hearing.

parties or action each treating.

Information on Part 230 may be obtained from Denise Prunier, P. E., MYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albarry NY 12233-3251, telephone, (518) 402-8403: email, air registroec ny ow. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

Information on Part 231 may be obtained from Steve Yarrington, NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albarry NY 12233-3254, telephone, (518) 402-8403; email, air registroec may be. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

Information on Part 235 may be obtained from Kenneth A. Newkirk, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Recources, 825 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251, telephone, (518) 402-8396, email, air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted until 5 pm April 21, 2020.

Requests for information and comments related to the SIP revisions may be obtained from Robert D. Bislawa, P.E., NYSDEC Division of Air Resources, 825 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov. Written statements may be submitted unbil 5 pm April 21, 2020. S pm April 21, 2020.
The proposed regulation may be obtained from any of the following Department offices:
REGION 1 - NYSDEC Region One Headquarters, SUHY Story Brook, 50 Circle Road, Story Brook, NY 11790-3409, Attention: Shaun Snee REGION 2 - Hunters Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Long Island City, NY 11101, Attention: Sam Liebich REGION 3 - 21 South Put Comers Road, New Patis, NY 12561, Attention: George Sweizert
REGION 3 - 130 North Westoott Rd, Schenectady, NY 12606, Attention: George Sweizert
REGION 5 - Hustoos Street Extension, Rox 220, Warrensburg NY 12695, Attention: James Courtant
REGION 5 - Nutsoon Street Extension, Rox x 20, Warrensburg NY 12695, Attention: James Courtant
REGION 5 - Watertown State Office Bidg, 317 Washington St., Waterlown, NY 13601, Attention: Bob Jacobs
REGION 7 - 615 Erie Boulevard West, Syracuse, NY 13204-2400, Attention: Thomas Etter
REGION 8 - SCAY East Avon-Luma Road, Avon, NY 14414, Attention: Youn Zeng
REGION 9 - 270 Milchigan Avenue, Burtalo, NY 14202, Attention: Michael Emery



New DEC Hearing Notices for 4/1/2020

New Permit Hearing Notices for April 1, 2020: None

New Rulemaking Hearing Notices for April 1, 2020: None

Notice of Extension of Public Comment Period and Cancellation of Public Hearings

Due to the unprecedented nature of Covid-19, Governor Cuomo has issued a PAUSE Order directing non-essential meetings/gatherings to b suspended or cancelled. See Executive Order 202 and subsequent additions. As a result, at this time the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS DEC) is cancelling the previously scheduled public hearings for the following proposed rulemakings and extending the comment periods for these rulemakings for 30 days.

Notice is hereby given that the hearing for revisions to 6 NYCRR Part 248 Use of Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel and Best Available Retrofit Technology for Heavy Duty Vehicles, scheduled for April 10, 2020, at 11:00 a.m. at NYS DEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233 is cancelled, and that the public comment period for this rulemaking is extended until Friday, May 15, 2020.

Comments may be submitted by mail to: James Bologna, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-3250, Phone: (518) 402-8292, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice is hereby given that the hearing for revisions to 6 NYCRR Part 225-1 Fuel Composition and Use- Sulfur-in-Fuel, scheduled for April 10, 2020 at 11:00 a.m. at NYS DEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233 is cancelled, and that the public comment period for this rulemaking is extended until Friday, May 15, 2020.

Comments may be submitted by mail to: Mike Jennings, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources,, 625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-3250, Phone: (518) 402-8403, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice is hereby given that the hearings for revisions to 6 NYCRR 230 Gasoline Dispensing Sites and Transport Vehicles scheduled for 4/14/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at NYS DEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233, 4/15/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at 1 Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT, Long Island City, NY 11101, and 4/16/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at 6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Routes 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516 are cancelled, and the public comment period for this rulemaking is extended until Thursday, May 21, 2020.

Comments may be submitted by mail to: Denise Prunier, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources,, 625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-3250, Phone: (518) 402-8403, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice is hereby given that the hearings for revisions to 6 NYCRR 231 New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities scheduled for 4/14/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at NYS DEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233, 4/15/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at 1 Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT, Long Island City, NY 11101, and 4/16/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at 6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516 are cancelled, and the public comment period for this rulemaking is extended until Thursday, May 21, 2020.

Comments may be submitted by mail to: Steve Yarrington, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources,, 625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-3254, Phone: (518) 402-8403, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice is hereby given that the hearings for revisions to 6 NYCRR 235 Consumer Products scheduled for 4/14/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at NYS DEC, 625 Broadway, Public Assembly Room 129A/B, Albany, NY 12233, 4/15/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at 1 Hunter's Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street, Room 834 NYSDOT, Long Island City, NY 11101, and 4/16/2020 at 11:00 a.m. at 6274 Avon-Lima Rd. (Rtes. 5 and 20), Conference Room, Avon, NY 14414-9516 are cancelled, and the public comment period for this rulemaking is extended until Thursday, May 21, 2020.

Comments may be submitted by mail to: Kenneth A. Newkirk, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources,, 625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-3250, Phone: (518) 402-8438, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Assessment of Public Comments

6 NYCRR Part 200, General Provisions,

6 NYCRR Part 231, New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities

Comment 1: The newly added section 231-4.1(b)(4)(i)(e) provides clarifications related to the determination of baseline actual emissions for multiple emission sources that had shutdown at a facility, but which are not part of a proposed modification. While, it is not clearly stated, it's the understanding of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that in this newly added section, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) meant to refer to those emission sources which shut down (i.e., decreased their emissions) during the contemporaneous period of a certain proposed modification. This new clause should be revised to add language to clarify that it also applies to (1) multiple emissions sources that decrease their emissions by means other than shutdowns, and (2) multiple emission sources that increase their emissions during the contemporaneous period of a certain proposed modification. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 1: The proposed changes to the definition of baseline actual emissions were intended to clarify that as long as the facility is not proposing a modification, baseline period determinations are completely independent. Since it is possible that multiple emission sources could take limits on their emissions simultaneously, the definition has been revised to not be exclusively for shutdown sources. The magnitude of an emission increase is determined when the increase occurs. Therefore, no revisions to the definition of baseline actual emissions is required for emission increases.

Comment 2: The newly added section 231-4.1(b)(11) needs to be clearer as to how carbon dioxide (CO₂) equivalents should be calculated. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 2: The proposed definition of CO₂ equivalent (CO₂e) was moved from Part 200 where it was added in 2011. Since there have been no issues implementing the definition, no changes will be made now.

Comment 3: We recommend adding a definition for greenhouse gases (GHGs) under Subpart 231-4. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 3: The term Greenhouse Gases is not specific to Part 231 and is defined at section 200.1(cu).

Comment 4: The newly added section at 231-4.1(b)(50)(i), which establishes the applicability criteria when GHGs emissions at a new major facility would be subject to regulation, should be revised by removing the reference to the calculation of emission increases in accordance with the project emission potential provisions of paragraph 41 since that is only applicable to existing sources. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 4: Existing minor facilities are covered by subparagraph (i) of the subject to regulation definition and are allowed to use project emission potential for calculating emission increases. The definition has been revised to state that that portion of the definition pertains to existing minor facilities.

Comment 5: Based on EPA's review, the language in section 231-8.7(a) could be interpreted to mean that a proposed modification must equal or exceed the significant net emission increase first and then Best Available Control Technology (BACT) applies to each emission source within that proposed modification. However, a proposed modification that would result in a significant net emissions increase, could include both, emission sources that increase their emissions, and emission sources that decrease their emissions. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 5: Only sources that increase emissions are part of the modification. A source that decreases emissions can be used in a netting analysis but would not be considered part of the modification and not subject to the requirement to install BACT.

Comment 6: Section 231-8.7(a) provides that in case of GHGs, BACT applies if the proposed modification experiences a significant emission increase, but it doesn't require a significant net emission increase. The Department should clarify whether its intention is to apply BACT to GHGs without a significant net emission increase in GHGs. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 6: The Department's intention is to apply BACT for GHGs for projects that increase GHG emissions by more than the significant project threshold of 75,000 tons and also result in another contaminant being subject to the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) regulation. Since netting requires a ton per year limit and increases of GHGs less than 75,000 tons per year do not meet the definition of subject to regulation, it is the Department's determination that GHGs are not subject to netting. Otherwise, a permit condition would be required limiting a contaminant that does not meet the definition of regulated NSR contaminant. Also, revised section 231-8.2 states our intention to not allow netting for GHGs.

Comment 7: EPA recommends revising Part 231 to be clear that particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) nonattainment provisions would only apply when New York State or a portion of the State will become nonattainment for PM-2.5. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 7: The applicability of the Department's nonattainment NSR regulation is based on the definition of nonattainment area at section 200.1(av). Any changes to nonattainment designations will be made to that definition.

Comment 8: The revised section 231-9.5 (g)(v) 'Reporting and notification requirements' provision of the proposed Part 231 deleted this clause: "or the number determined by method included in the permit, as provided by." Given that the deletion appears to be inconsistent with the requirements at 40 CFR §52.21(aa)(14(i)(f), please provide the rationale for the deletion. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 8: The requirements have not changed. The provision to use a method included in the permit is found is section 231-9.5(e)(7) which is referenced in section 231-9.5(g)(v). It was determined that repeating that requirement was unnecessary.

Comment 9: EPA recommends including a definition for the term "RACT [Reasonably Available Control Technology] variance" which is used in the newly added provision at section 231-10.3(c) or indicate other New York air regulations that define the term RACT variance. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 9: The term "RACT variance" has been replaced with a reference to a source specific RACT determination in 231-10.3(b)(2)(i)('c').

Comment 10: Two scenarios or provisions where there is a reasonable possibility that a project that is not part of a major modification (where an insignificant modification occurs), which were included in the State Implementation Plan (SIP) approved Part 231 version, were removed from the proposed revised Part 231 version. Thus, please provide a justification for removing the two provisions, and a demonstration that the revised section 231-11.2 of the proposed Part 231 is at least as stringent as the federal PSD regulations. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 10: The applicability of the reasonable possibility requirements has not changed. The prior version of section 231-11.2(b) stated that it was applicable to a modification that did not exclude emissions and was less than 50 percent of the threshold or to a modification that did exclude emissions and, when those emissions were added to the project's emissions, was less than 50 percent of the threshold. In either case, it is only applicable if emissions are less than 50 percent of the threshold. Therefore, there is no need to distinguish the two scenarios. Thus, only one scenario was proposed that covered both projects that exclude emissions and those that do not. The language in section 231-11.2(c) was revised in a similar way.

Comment 11: EPA would like to bring to the Department's attention that the PM-2.5 annual average Significant Impact Level (SIL) value of $0.3 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ has been modified by EPA for attainment areas. However, in 2013, due to a lawsuit from the Sierra Club, the D.C. Circuit vacated and remanded in part the PM-2.5 SIL. EPA thereafter did more evaluation and analyses and recommended a value of $0.2 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ for the annual SIL. An April 17, 2018 guidance document from EPA notes that States may use other values up to $0.3 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 11: The Department is aware of the April 17, 2018 guidance and has determined that the PM-2.5 SIL value of $0.3 \mu g/m^3$ is still valid for New York State.

Comment 12: The proposed Part 231 does not include a SIL for ozone. However, since in practice New York

State does not have any ozone attainment areas (due to the ozone transport region) it may not be relevant at this
time. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 12: The Department agrees that a SIL for ozone is not relevant until such time that ozone is treated as an attainment contaminant in New York State.

Comment 13: Regarding the added text in section 231-12.7 "Significant impact levels for facilities located in attainment areas" of the proposed Part 231 that says, "the lesser of" and "or the difference between the NAAQS [National Ambient Air Quality Standard] and background concentration for that regulated NSR [New Source Review] contaminant" are incorrect and should be removed. The text was correct without the additions. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 13: It is the Department's determination that ambient concentrations should remain below the NAAQS whenever possible. Therefore, since a project's maximum impact could be below an applicable SIL but still cause an ambient concentration greater than the NAAQS when added to the background concentration, the proposed revision was added to guard against this possibility.

Comment 14: Table 5 of section 231-13.5 should include a major facility threshold for GHGs of 75,000 tpy of CO₂e, so that it will be consistent with section 231-4 (b)(50) 'Subject to regulation' that states that a new major facility with a potential to emit of 75,000 tpy of CO₂e, which is major for a regulated NSR contaminant other than GHGs, is major for GHGs. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 14: Since GHGs alone are no longer considered in determining if a facility or project is subject to PSD, there is no representative major facility threshold for GHGs. Once one regulated NSR contaminant exceeds an applicable threshold in section 231-13.5, emissions for all other regulated NSR contaminants are compared to the values in section 231-13.6 which includes the 75,000 ton threshold for GHGs.

Comment 15: Based on our review, Part 231 does not establish that 40 tpy of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) or oxides of nitrogen (NOx) represent significant emissions or significant net increases for PM-2.5 emissions. Thus Part 231 should be revised to address this issue. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 15: Section 231-13.6 Table 6 has been revised to list SO₂ and NOx as precursors to PM-2.5 with 40 tpy thresholds.

Comment 16: While the term potential to emit is used in several places within Part 231, there is no definition of potential to emit included in Part 231. We recommend either including a potential to emit definition in Subpart 231-4 or referring to other New York State regulations which include such definition. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 16: The term potential to emit is not specific to Part 231 and is defined at section 200.1(bl).

Comment 17: While Part 231 refers to "project threshold" and "significant project threshold" in several places, Part 231 does not define these terms. We recommend revising Subpart 231-4 by including definitions for "project threshold" and "significant project threshold". (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 17: Tables in Subpart 231-13 are included for the various significant project thresholds and are referenced throughout Part 231. The Department has determined that no additional definitions are necessary.

Comment 18: Part 231 refers to the following terms: emission source, existing emission source, and new emission source in various provisions; however, it appears that these terms were not defined in Part 231. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 18: The term emission source is not specific to Part 231 and is defined at section 200.1(f). The terms existing and new do not have any special meaning for Part 231. If a source is at the facility prior to a modification, it is existing; if it is added in a modification, it is new. Similarly, if a facility is already permitted, it is existing; if it has never been permitted, it is new.

Comment 19: Based on our review, the criteria at 40 CFR § 52.21(b)(23)(iii) related to Class I areas was omitted from, both, the SIP approved Part 231 version and proposed Part 231 revisions. The Department should add this provision to Part 231 or provide justification why this provision should not be included in Part 231. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 19: There are no Class I areas located within 10 kilometers of New York State.

Therefore, that provision is not applicable.

Commenters

Environmental Protection Agency

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OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

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STATE OF NEW YORK

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

CERTIFICATE OF ADOPTION

AGENCY ACTION: 6 NYCRR Part 231, "New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities"; and Part 200, "General Provisions".

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), I, Basil Seggos, Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC), hereby certify that the amendments to 6 NYCRR Part 231, "New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities" and 6 NYCRR Part 200, "General Provisions" be adopted to read as on the attached original, and certify that this is the original thereof, as adopted by me on ________, to be effective 30 days after filling with the Department of State.

I further certify that prior notice, as required under the State Administrative Procedure Act, was published in the State Register on February 12, 2020 under Notice No. ENV-06-20-00020-P. I also further certify that due to the unprecedented nature of COVID-19, Governor Cuomo issued a PAUSE Order directing non-essential meetings/gatherings to be suspended or cancelled. See Executive Order 202 and subsequent additions. As a result, the Department cancelled all previously scheduled public hearings for this proposed rulemaking and extended the comment period for this rulemaking for 30 days. Notice of cancellation of hearings and extension of public comment period was given in the April 1, 2020 Environmental Notice Bulletin and the State Register.

Basil Seggos

Commissioner

Department of Environmental Conservation

DATED: ///a/v

Albany, New York



Revised Express Terms

6 NYCRR PART 231, New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities

Existing sections 231-1.1 through 231-1.8 remain unchanged.

Existing sections 231-1.9 through 231-1.10 are amended to read as follows:

Section 231-1.9 Table 1.

'De minimis' emission limits

	'De minimis emission limit (tons
'Air contaminant'	per year)'
Carbon monoxide	100
Nitrogen oxides	40
Sulfur dioxide	40
[Pariculates] Particulates	25
Volatile organic compounds (for ozone nonattainment areas)	40
Lead	<u>0</u> .6
Asbestos	0.007
Beryllium	0.0004
Mercury	0.1

Vinyl chloride	1
Fluorides	3
Sulfuric acid mist	7
Hydrogen sulfide	10
Total reduced sulfur	10
Reduced sulfur compounds	10

Section 231-1.10 Table 2.

Significant impacts for nonattainment areas

'Air contaminant'		'Significant impact'
	'PPM'	'Weight/Volume ¹ '
Sulfur dioxide		
Annual	0.0004	$1.0~\mu g/m^3$
24-hour	0.0019	$5.0~\mu g/m^3$
3-hour	0.009	25.0 [μ/m^3] $\mu g/m^3$
Particulates		
Annual	-	$1.0 [\mu/m^3] \mu g/m^3$

24-hour	-	5.0 [μ/m³] <u>μg/m³</u>
Nitrogen oxides		
Annual	0.0005	$1.0 [\mu/m^3] \mu g/m^3$
Carbon monoxide		
8-hour	0.45	0.5 mg/m ³
1-hour	1.8	2.0 mg/m ³

¹ Weight/volume values are referenced to 25°C and 760 mm mercury.

Existing sections 231-2.1 through 231-2.3 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-2.4 is amended to read as follows:

Section 231-2.4 Permit requirements.

Any proposed source project or proposed major facility which emits any nonattainment contaminant and is subject to this Subpart according to any applicability criterion contained in section 231-2.2 (a) of this Subpart must comply with the following permit requirements:

(a) 'Application requirements'.

(1) Proposed source project netting out of applicability. The applicant shall, as part of a permit application for any significant source project that does not result in a significant net emission increase, identify each emission unit from which an ERC was used in a net emission increase determination of non-applicability in accordance with the requirements of section 231-2.7 of this Subpart. This shall include the Page 3 of 106

name of the emission unit, emission unit identification number, and the mechanism proposed to effect the ERC ('i.e.', emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over-control of emissions beyond an acceptable limit).

- (2) Proposed source project or proposed major facility subject to this Subpart. As part of a permit application for a proposed source project or proposed major facility subject to this Subpart, the applicant shall:
 - (i) certify that all emission units which are part of any major facility located in New York State and under the applicant's ownership or control (or under the ownership or control of any entity which controls, is controlled by, or has common control with the applicant) are in compliance, or are on a schedule for compliance, with all applicable emission limitations and standards under Chapter III of this [title] <u>Title</u>; and
 - (ii) submit an analysis of alternative sites, sizes, production processes, and environmental control techniques which demonstrates that benefits of the proposed source project or proposed major facility significantly outweigh the environmental and social costs imposed as a result of its location, construction, or modification within New York State; and
 - (iii) submit a LAER analysis in accordance with section 231-2.5 of this Subpart for each nonattainment contaminant subject to this Subpart; and
 - (iv) for emissions of PM-10 or CO only:
 - ('a') submit a list of the offset sources (facilities) from which ERCs will be used as part of the emission offsets required pursuant to section 231-2.9(b) of this Subpart. This

list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number (if applicable) and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit); and

('b') submit an air quality impact evaluation in accordance with the provisions of section 231-2.9(d) of this Subpart; and

- ('c') submit a revised air quality impact evaluation, if the list changes after the department's 'Notice of Complete Application'. Also, a supplemental public notice and a 30-day comment period shall be required in accordance with section 231-2.10(c)(1) of this Subpart.
- (b) 'Permit issuance requirements'. Prior to issuance of a permit for a proposed source project or proposed major facility subject to this Subpart, the applicant shall:
 - (1) submit a list of offset sources (facilities) from which ERCs of VOC or [Nox] $\underline{NO_x}$ will be used as part of an internal offset or a required emission offset. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number (if applicable), and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over-control of emissions beyond an applicable limit). If a part or all of the list is submitted or if the list changes, after the department's 'Notice of Complete Application', then a supplemental public notice and a 30-day comment period in accordance with section 231-2.10(c)(1) of this Subpart shall be required;
 - (2) submit a 'Use of Emission Reduction Credits Form' (duly completed and signed by the Page 5 of 106

applicant and an authorized representative of the seller facility) to the department for each offset source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed source project or proposed major facility, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed to the proposed project or facility;

- (3) submit a copy of each modified permit establishing emission reduction credits, only for future reductions as defined in section 231-2.1 of this Subpart; and
- (4) for emissions of VOC or NO_x in an ozone nonattainment area, comply with the contribution demonstration required in section 231-2.9(e) of this Subpart.
- (c) 'Offset confirmation prior to commencement of operation'. At least 60 days prior to the date a proposed source project or proposed major facility commences operation, the applicant shall submit:
 - (1) the original ERC certificate(s) to document procurement of sufficient ERCs for required emission offsets. The original certificate(s) must be sent to the department at the address shown on the reverse side of the certificate. Copies of such certificates must also be sent to the appropriate department regional office;
 - (2) any changes to the list of offset sources included in the permit issued in subdivision (b) of this section. For each such change, the applicant must submit another 'Use of Emission Reduction Credits Form' signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the new offset source; and
 - (3) no less than 10 working days prior to the date the proposed source project or proposed major facility commences operation, a letter stating that the future reductions (as defined in section 231-2.1 of

this Subpart) identified in the list of offset sources have physically occurred.

Once the project commences operation, the ERCs will be deemed to be used and the Registry will be amended accordingly.

- (d) 'Reissuance of ERC certificates for canceled or abandoned projects'. Prior to commencement of operation of a proposed source project or proposed major facility, if the applicant submits a letter informing the department of the cancellation of the proposed source project or proposed major facility, the department will reissue a certificate to the applicant for the total tons per year of ERCs submitted to the department as offsets.
- (e) 'Permit revocation'. Any permit issued pursuant to this Subpart to a proposed source project or proposed major facility shall be subject to revocation pursuant to Part 621 of this Title if:
 - (1) construction is not commenced within 18 months from the date of issuance, excluding any period of time that the permit modification or preconstruction permit is subject to challenge in State or Federal court;
 - (2) construction is discontinued for a period of 18 months or more, excluding any period of time that the permit is subject to challenge in State or Federal court; or
 - (3) construction is not completed within a reasonable time acceptable to the department.

The department may extend the 18 month period upon a satisfactory showing [than] that an extension is justified. This provision does not apply to the time period between construction of the approved phases of a phased construction project; each phase must commence construction within 18 months of the projected and approved commencement date.

Existing sections 231-2.5 through 231-3.4 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-3.5 is amended to read as follows:

231-3.5 Source obligation.

(a) The issuance of a permit does not relieve any owner or operator of the responsibility to comply fully with applicable provisions of the State Implementation Plan.

(b) For the purposes of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part only, at such time that a particular facility becomes a major facility[,] or a modification becomes a NSR major modification solely by virtue of a relaxation in any enforceable limitation which was established after August 7, 1980, on the capacity of the facility or modification otherwise to emit a regulated NSR contaminant, such as a restriction on hours of operation, then the requirements of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part, as applicable, apply to the facility as though construction had not yet commenced on the facility.

- (c) Any owner or operator of a facility that proposes a project that involves a physical change or change in the method of operation that the owner or operator determines would be followed by a facility emissions increase that exceeds baseline actual emissions and that equals or exceeds any of the significant project thresholds in Subpart 231-13 of this Part, table 3, 4 or 6, must notify the department in writing of the proposed project prior to implementing the change if the owner or operator determines that the project does not constitute a modification because all the emission increases are attributable to independent factors in accordance with section [231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c')] 231-4.1(b)(42)(i)('c') of this Part. The notification shall include the following:
 - (1) a description of the change;
 - (2) the calculation of the projected emissions increase;
 - (3) the proposed date of the change; and

(4) an explanation of the factual basis for the conclusion that none of the projected emission increases are attributable to the proposed project.

Existing sections 231-3.6 through 231-3.7 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-3.8 is amended to read as follows:

231-3.8 Facility shakedown period.

Upon commencement of operation, as defined in section [231-4.1(b)(12)] 231-4.1(b)(13) of this Part, of a major facility or new or modified emission source(s) at an existing facility, the owner or operator is allowed a shakedown period for such major facility or modified emission source(s) according to the following provisions:

- (a) The shakedown period shall not exceed 180 days from the date of commencement of operation. <u>For existing facilities</u>, each emission source included in the project may have a separate date for commencement of <u>operation</u>. The department may specify a shakedown period of less than 180 days in a permit.
- (b) The total mass emissions during the shakedown period must be quantified, in a manner approved by the department, and are to be included in the calculation demonstrating compliance with the permitted annual limit in tons per year (tpy) of the facility or emission source(s).
- (c) Emission limits other than annual emission limitations do not apply to a major facility or new or modified emission source(s) at an existing facility during the shakedown period. However, the owner or operator must make all reasonable efforts to minimize emissions during the shakedown period.

Existing section 231-3.9 remains unchanged.

Existing section 231-3.10 through Subpart 231-4 is amended to read as follows:

231-3.10 Severability clause.

Each [section or portion thereof,] <u>provision</u> of this Part shall be deemed severable, and in the event that any [section, or portion thereof,] <u>provision</u> of this Part is held to be invalid, the remainder of this Part will continue in full force and effect.

Subpart 231-4 Definitions

231-4.1 Definitions.

- (a) Unless otherwise defined in this section, the general definitions of Parts 200 and 201 of this Title apply.
- (b) For the purposes of this Part the following definitions also apply:
- (1) 'Actual emissions'. For the purposes of determining the baseline concentration, and the calculation of air quality impacts according to section 231-12.2 of this Part, the actual rate of emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant from an emission source, as determined in accordance with the following subparagraphs:
 - (i) actual emissions as of a particular date shall equal the rate at which the emission source actually emitted the regulated NSR contaminant during the 24 consecutive month period which precedes the particular date and which is representative of normal emission source operation. The department will allow the use of a different time period upon a determination that it is more representative of normal facility operation. Actual emissions shall be calculated using the emission source's actual operating hours, production rates, and types of materials processed, stored, or combusted during the selected time period;
 - (ii) the department may presume that facility specific allowable emissions for the emission source are equivalent to the actual emissions of the emission source; and

- (iii) for any emission source that has not commenced operation on the particular date, actual emissions shall equal the potential to emit of the emission source on that date.
- (2) 'Adverse impact on visibility'. Visibility impairment which interferes with the management, protection, preservation or enjoyment of the visitor's visual experience of the Federal class I area. This determination must be made on a case-by-case basis taking into account the geographic extent, intensity, duration, frequency and time of visibility impairment.
- (3) 'Allowable emissions'. This definition applies only for the purposes of determining the baseline concentration and the calculation of air quality impacts according to section 231-12.2 of this Part. The emission rate of a facility calculated using the maximum rated capacity of the facility (unless the facility is subject to permit conditions which restrict the operating rate, or hours of operation, or both) and the most stringent of the following:
 - (i) the applicable standards as set forth in 40 [CFR] <u>Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)</u> parts 60 and 61; or
 - (ii) the applicable State implementation plan emissions limitation, including those with a future compliance date; or
 - (iii) the emission rate specified in a permit condition, including those with a future compliance date.

- (4) 'Baseline actual emissions'. The annual rate of emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant from an emission source determined as follows:
 - (i) The average rate (as defined in clauses ('a'), ('b'), ('c'), [and] ('d'), and ('e') of this subparagraph), in tpy, at which an emission source physically emitted the contaminant during its baseline period, determined by using the source's actual operating hours, production rates, and types of materials processed, stored, or combusted during the selected baseline period.
 - ('a') The average rate includes fugitive emissions to the extent quantifiable if the facility belongs to one of the source categories listed in section 201-2.1(b)(21)(iii) of this Title, and emissions associated with startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions.
 - ('b') The average rate must be adjusted downward to exclude any non-compliant emissions that occurred while the emission source was operating above any applicable emission limitation.
 - ('c') Except for electric utility steam generating units, the average rate must be adjusted downward to exclude any emissions that exceeded an emission limitation with which the emission source must currently comply, had such emission source been required to comply with such limitations during the baseline period. However, if an emission limitation is part of a maximum achievable control technology standard that the administrator proposed or promulgated under 40 CFR part 63, the baseline actual emissions rate need only be adjusted if the State has taken credit for such emissions reductions in an attainment demonstration or maintenance plan consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 51.165(a)(3)(ii)(G). For the purposes of a creditable emission increase or emission

reduction credit used for netting, currently means at the time that the increase or reduction actually occurred.

- ('d') For a regulated NSR contaminant, when a project involves multiple emissions sources, one baseline period must be used to determine the baseline actual emissions of the emission source(s) being modified. A different baseline period cannot be used for each regulated NSR contaminant.
- ('e') For multiple emission sources shutting down or taking limits not in conjunction with a modification, a different baseline period may be used for each emission source.
- (ii) The applicant must use a reliable basis for quantifying the baseline actual emissions. Continuous emissions monitoring (CEM) data or stack test data approved by the department must be used if the facility is required to generate such data. Facilities required to submit annual emission statements in accordance with Subpart 202-2 of this Title must use the same method for determining baseline actual emissions as was used for the approved emission statements for the time period encompassing the baseline period, unless CEM or stack test data is available. If such data is not available, acceptable bases for quantifying baseline actual emissions include, but are not limited to, [emission statements,] EPA's AP-42 emission factors, and fuel and solvent purchase records, with department approval.
- (5) 'Baseline area'. Any intrastate area (and every part thereof), designated as attainment or unclassifiable under section 107 of the act, in which the major facility or NSR major modification

establishing the minor facility baseline date would construct or would have an air quality impact equal to or greater than 1 μ g/m³ (annual average) for NO₂, SO₂, or PM-10; or equal to or greater than 0.3 μ g/m³ (annual average) for PM-2.5.

- (i) Area redesignations under section 107 of the act cannot intersect or be smaller than the area of impact of any major facility or NSR major modification which establishes a minor facility baseline date.
- (ii) Baseline areas pursuant to established air quality control regions (AQCR) are [defined and listed in NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] available upon request to the department.
- (6) 'Baseline concentration'.
- (i) The ambient concentration level that exists in the baseline area at the time of the applicable minor facility baseline date. A baseline concentration is determined for each regulated NSR contaminant for which a minor facility baseline date is established and must include:
 - ('a') the actual emissions representative of facilities in existence on the applicable minor facility baseline date, except as provided in this subparagraph; and
 - ('b') the allowable emissions of major facilities that commenced construction before the major facility baseline date, but were not in operation by the applicable minor facility baseline date.
- (ii) The following will not be included in the baseline concentration and will affect the applicable maximum allowable increase(s):

- ('a') actual emissions from any major facility on which construction commenced after the major facility baseline date; and
- ('b') actual emission increases and decreases at any facility occurring after the minor facility baseline date.
- (7) 'Baseline period'. A period of time used to quantify a creditable emission increase, an ERC, or project emission potential. The baseline period consists of any 24 consecutive months within the five years immediately preceding the date identified below (if less than 24 consecutive months of operation exist, this period of operation must be used as the baseline period):
 - (i) for a creditable emission increase which has physically occurred, the date of the occurrence of the emission increase;
 - (ii) for an ERC which has physically occurred, the date of the occurrence of the emission reduction;
 - (iii) for a creditable emission increase or an ERC which is scheduled to occur in the future, the date of receipt by the department of the permit application which proposes to use the creditable emission increase or ERC;
 - (iv) for the calculation of project emission potential of a modification, the date of receipt by the department of a permit application for the modification; or

- (v) for a facility which fails to submit a permit application for a NSR major modification and begins actual construction of such modification, the department will determine an appropriate baseline period.
- (8) 'Begin actual construction'. In general, initiation of physical on-site construction activities on an emission source which are of a permanent nature. Such activities include, but are not limited to, installation of building supports and foundations, laying underground pipe work and construction of permanent storage structures. With respect to a change in method of operations, this term refers to those on-site activities other than preparatory activities which mark the initiation of the change.
- (9) 'Best available control technology (BACT)'. An emissions limitation based on the maximum degree of reduction for each air pollutant subject to regulation under the act which would be emitted from or which results from any proposed major facility or NSR major modification which the department, on a case-by-case basis, taking into account energy, environmental, and economic impacts and other costs, determines is achievable for such proposed major facility or NSR major modification through application of production processes or available methods, systems, and techniques, including fuel cleaning, clean fuels, or treatment or innovative fuel combustion techniques for control of such air pollutant. In no event shall application of BACT result in emissions of any air pollutant which would exceed the emissions allowed by any applicable standard established pursuant to section 7411 or 7412 of the [act] Act. Emissions from any source utilizing clean fuels, or any other means, to comply with this paragraph shall not be allowed to increase above levels that would have been required under this paragraph as it existed prior to enactment of the Clean Air Act amendments of 1990.
 - (10) 'Calendar year'. A period of one year beginning January 1st, and ending midnight December

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- (11) 'CO₂ equivalent (CO₂e)'. The sum of each of the six greenhouse gases (GHGs) multiplied by their respective global warming potentials. The global warming potentials can be found in Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.
- ([11]12) 'Commence construction'. The date on which the owner or operator has all necessary preconstruction approvals or permits (including those permits or approvals required under Federal air quality control laws and those which are part of the State Implementation Plan) and has either:
 - (i) begun, or caused to begin, a continuous program of actual construction, to be completed within a reasonable time as determined by the department; or
 - (ii) entered into binding agreements or contractual obligations, which cannot be canceled or modified without substantial loss to the owner or operator, to undertake a program of actual construction to be completed within a reasonable time as determined by the department.

With respect to a change in the method of operation, commence construction refers to those on-site activities other than preparatory activities which mark the initiation of the change.

- ([12]13) Commence(s) operation or commencement of operation.
- (i) the date that a proposed new or modified facility first emits or increases emissions of any regulated NSR contaminant to which this Part applies; or

- (ii) the date on which the facility shakedown period ends for a proposed modified facility which utilizes future ERCs for netting.
- ([13]14) 'Contemporaneous'. The time period used in a net emission increase determination for a regulated NSR contaminant as follows:
 - (i) except as stated in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph, the period beginning five years prior to the scheduled commence construction date of the new or modified emission source, and ending with the scheduled commence operation date. These dates must be proposed by an applicant in a permit application; and
 - (ii) in the severe ozone nonattainment area, for emissions of VOC or NO_x only, the five consecutive calendar year period which ends with the calendar year that the proposed modification is scheduled to commence operation, as stated by the applicant in a permit application; or
 - (iii) for facilities proposing to use an alternative operating scenario pursuant to Part 201 of this Title, the period beginning five years prior to the date of complete application (as defined in section 621.2 of this Title) for the permit modification and ending with the final permit issuance date.
- ([14]15) 'Creditable emission increase'. Any increase in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant in tpy from an existing major facility, other than such an increase from any proposed modification of the existing major facility that is under review by the department, which:
 - (i) results from a physical change in, or a change in the method of operation of an existing emission source(s), or the addition of a new emission source(s); and

(ii) for an existing emission source(s) is quantified as the difference between baseline actual emissions and projected actual emissions, and for a new emission source(s) is quantified based on the potential to emit of the emission source(s).

([15]16) 'Curtailment'. A restriction on the operation of an emission source at an existing facility included in a permit, which results in an emission reduction and reflects a partial reduction in hours of operation or capacity utilization of such emission source.

([16]17) 'Electric utility steam generating unit'. Any steam-electric generating unit constructed for the purpose of supplying more than one third of its potential electric output capacity and more than 25 megawatts of electrical output to any utility power distribution system for sale. Any steam supplied to a steam distribution system for the purpose of providing steam to a steam-electric generator that would produce electrical energy for sale is also considered in determining the electrical energy output capacity.

([17]18) 'Emission offset'. ERCs or emission reductions which are required to be obtained by a proposed new or modified facility, which is or will be located in a nonattainment area or an attainment area of the State within the ozone transport region, in order to obtain a permit to construct and/or operate a new or modified facility.

([18]19) 'Emission reduction credit, ERC'. The actual decrease in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, in tpy, determined in accordance with the requirements of Subpart 231-10 of this Part.

 $([19]\underline{20})$ 'Emission source shutdown'. For the purposes of establishing ERCs:

- (i) the permanent removal from service of an emission source, as reflected by a permit condition that formally prohibits the emission source from further operation, provided that it does not result in a facility shutdown; or
- (ii) the physical removal of an emission source at a facility as reflected by a permit modification that removes the emission source from the permit, provided that it does not result in a facility shutdown.
- ([20]21) 'Facility shutdown'. For the purposes of establishing ERCs, the permanent removal from service of all emission sources at a facility, as reflected by the surrender to the department of the applicable title V or State facility permit, or registration.
- ([21]22) 'Federal class I area'. All of the following areas which were in existence on August 7, 1977 shall be Federal class I areas and may not be redesignated:
 - (i) international parks;
 - (ii) national wilderness areas which exceed 5,000 acres in size;
 - (iii) national memorial parks which exceed 5,000 acres in size; and
 - (iv) national parks which exceed 6,000 acres in size.
- ([22]23) 'Federal land manager'. With respect to any class I lands of the United States, the secretary of the department with authority over such class I lands.

([23]24) 'Future reductions'. Reductions which are scheduled to occur subsequent to the issuance of a permit for a new or modified major facility using the reductions.

([24]25) 'Internal offset'. ERCs of volatile organic compounds (VOC) or NO_x , in the severe ozone nonattainment area only, from emission sources within the same existing major facility as a proposed NSR major modification, which physically occur on or after November 15, 1990. Such reductions must meet the requirements of this Part.

([25]26) 'Major facility baseline date'. This date is:

- (i) in the case of PM-10 and SO₂, January 6, 1975;
- (ii) in the case of nitrogen dioxide, February 8, 1988; or
- (iii) in the case of PM-2.5, October 20, 2010.

([26]27) 'Major PAL emission source'. For the purposes of Subpart 231-9 of this Part, any emission source located in an attainment area that emits or has the potential to emit 100 tpy or more of a PAL contaminant; or any emission source located in a nonattainment area that emits or has the potential to emit a PAL contaminant in an amount that is equal to or greater than the major facility threshold for the PAL contaminant.

([27]28) 'Minor PAL emission source'. For the purposes of Subpart 231-9 of this Part, an emission source that emits or has the potential to emit a PAL contaminant in an amount less than the significant project threshold as listed in Subpart 231-13 of this Part or in the act, whichever is lower, for that PAL contaminant.

([28]29) 'Minor facility baseline date'. The earliest date after the trigger date on which a major facility or a NSR major modification subject to Subpart 231-7 or 231-8 of this Part submits a complete application (as defined in section 621.2 of this Title).

- (i) The trigger date is:
 - ('a') in the case of PM-10 and SO₂, August 7, 1977;
 - ('b') in the case of nitrogen dioxide, February 8, 1988; or
 - ('c') in the case of PM-2.5, October 20, 2011.
- (ii) The baseline date is established for each contaminant for which increments or other equivalent measures have been established if:
 - ('a') the area in which the proposed emission source or modification would construct is designated as attainment or unclassifiable under section 7407 of the act for the regulated NSR contaminant on the date of its complete application (as defined in section 621.2 of this Title); and
 - ('b') in the case of a major facility, the regulated NSR contaminant would be emitted at or greater than the major facility thresholds, or, in the case of a NSR major modification, there would be a significant net emissions increase of the regulated NSR contaminant.

- [(iii) The minor facility baseline dates for SO₂, NO_x, PM-10, and PM-2.5 are addressed in NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis.]
- ([29]30) 'Modification'. Any physical change in, or change in the method of operation of, a facility which results in a level of annual emissions (not including any emission reductions) in excess of the baseline actual emissions of any regulated NSR contaminant emitted by such facility or which results in the emission of any regulated NSR contaminant not previously emitted. A modification shall not include the following:
 - (i) routine maintenance, repair, or replacement as defined in Part 200 of this Title;
 - (ii) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under sections 2(a) and (b) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
 - (iii) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under section 125 of the act;
 - (iv) use of an alternative fuel at a steam generating unit to the extent that the fuel is generated from municipal solid waste;
 - (v) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a facility which:
 - ('a') the facility was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975 pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR part 51 subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or

- ('b') the facility is approved to use, pursuant to this Part, or which is included in a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21;
- (vi) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate, unless such change would be prohibited under any permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR part 51 subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; and
 - (vii) any change in ownership at a facility.
- ([30]31) 'Net emission increase'. The aggregate increase in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, other than GHGs, in tpy at an existing major facility resulting from the sum of:
 - (i) the project emission potential of the modification;
 - (ii) every creditable emission increase at the facility which is contemporaneous and for which an emission offset was not obtained; and
 - (iii) any ERC at the facility, or portion thereof, selected by the applicant which is contemporaneous and which was not previously used as part of an emission offset, an internal offset, or relied upon in the issuance of a permit under this Part.
- ([31]32) 'Nonattainment contaminant'. A regulated NSR contaminant emitted by an emission source located or proposed to be located in an area designated in Part 200 of this Title as nonattainment

for that contaminant. All of New York State is within the ozone transport region as designated by the act. Therefore, VOC and NO_x are treated as nonattainment contaminants statewide as precursors of ozone. [PM-2.5 precursors, SO₂ and NO_x, are treated as nonattainment contaminants in New York State's PM-2.5 nonattainment area.] PM-2.5 precursors are treated as nonattainment contaminants in areas within New York State that are designated as nonattainment for PM-2.5.

- ([32]33) 'NSR major modification'. Any modification of a major facility that would equal or exceed the applicable significant project threshold of a regulated NSR contaminant in table 3, table 4, or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part; and would result in a significant net emissions increase of that contaminant from the major facility.
 - (i) Any modification with a project emission potential for VOC or NO_x that equals or exceeds the applicable significant project threshold or any net emissions increase at a major facility that is significant for VOC or NO_x shall be considered significant for ozone.
 - (ii) This definition shall not apply with respect to a particular regulated NSR contaminant when the major facility is complying with the requirements under Subpart 231-9 of this Part for a PAL for that contaminant. Instead, the definition of PAL major modification shall apply.
- ([33]34) 'Offset ratio'. The ratio of a required ERC, on a nonattainment contaminant specific basis, to the project emission potential of a modification at an existing facility or the potential to emit of a new facility, as applicable.
- ([34]35) 'Permanent'. Permanent relative to an ERC from an emission source means that the reduction is irreversible through the life of the emission source except as provided in this Part.

([35]36) 'Plantwide applicability limitation (PAL)'. A facility-wide emission limitation for a regulated NSR contaminant at a major facility that is expressed in tpy and is included in the facility's permit.

([36]37) 'PAL contaminant'. The regulated NSR contaminant for which a PAL is established at a major facility.

([37]38) 'PAL effective date'. The date of issuance of the permit which establishes a PAL. The PAL effective date for a facility that undergoes a modification which increases a prior PAL is the date when the modification commences operation and begins to emit the PAL contaminant.

([38]39) 'PAL effective period'. The period beginning with the PAL effective date and ending 10 years later or, the date of expiration of the title V permit following the renewal of the title V permit which established the PAL, whichever is earlier. Thereafter, the effective period is 10 years from date of issuance of the title V permit. The effective period is not to exceed 10 years.

([39]40) 'PAL major modification'. Notwithstanding the definitions for NSR major modification and net emissions increase, any modification of a facility with a PAL that causes it to emit the PAL contaminant at a level equal to or greater than the PAL.

([40]41) 'Project emission potential'. Project emission potential is determined only for modifications at existing facilities.

- (i) For each regulated NSR contaminant, the project emission potential must consider only the proposed emission increases and is calculated as the sum of the following:
 - ('a') for new emission sources, the potential to emit of each emission source; and
 - ('b') for existing emission sources at a non-major facility, the difference between the baseline actual emissions and the potential to emit of the emission source; or
 - ('c') for existing emission sources at a major facility, the difference between the baseline actual emissions and the projected actual emissions of the emission source.
 - (ii) Project emission potential does not include secondary emissions.
- (iii) Fugitive emissions are not included in the project emission potential unless the facility belongs to one of the source categories listed in section 201-2.1(b)(21)(iii) of this Title.
- (iv) For emergency power generating stationary internal combustion engines, the project emission potential will be based on a maximum of 500 hours of operation per year per engine unless a more restrictive limitation exists in a permit or registration.
- ([41]42) 'Projected actual emissions'. The maximum annual rate, in tpy, at which an existing emission source is projected to emit a regulated NSR contaminant in any one of the five years (12-month period) following the date the source commences operation after a modification, or in any one of the 10 years following that date if the project involves increasing the emission source's design capacity or its potential to emit that regulated NSR contaminant and full utilization of the emission source would result

in exceeding the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, 4 or 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part or a significant net emissions increase at the major facility. Projected actual emissions are calculated only for existing major facilities.

- (i) In determining the projected actual emissions as defined in this section (before beginning actual construction), the owner or operator of the major facility:
 - ('a') must consider all relevant information, including but not limited to, historical operational data, the facility's own representations, the facility's expected business activity and the facility's highest projections of business activity, the facility's filings with the State or Federal regulatory authorities, and compliance plans under the approved State Implementation Plan;
 - ('b') must include fugitive emissions to the extent quantifiable if the facility belongs to one of the source categories listed in section 201-2.1(b)(21)(iii) of this Title, and emissions associated with startups and shutdowns; and
 - ('c') may exclude, in calculating any increase in emissions that results from the particular project, that portion of the emission source's emissions following the project that the existing emission source could have accommodated during the consecutive 24-month period used to establish the baseline actual emissions and that are also unrelated to the particular project.
- (ii) In lieu of using the method set out in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the owner or operator of the facility may elect to use the potential to emit of the emission source(s), in tpy.

([42]43) 'Quantifiable'. A reliable basis must exist for calculating the amount and the rate of the emissions increase or reduction, along with a description of the characteristics of such increase or reduction. The same method must be used to quantify emissions before and after the emissions increase or reduction, unless the department approves an alternate method.

([43]44) 'Reasonable further progress'. Annual incremental reductions in emissions of a nonattainment contaminant required by applicable regulations and implementation plans to ensure timely attainment of the corresponding national ambient air quality standard.

([44]45) 'Regulated NSR contaminant'. A regulated NSR contaminant is any one of the following:

- (i) any contaminant for which a national ambient air quality standard has been promulgated and any constituents or precursors for such contaminants identified under the act or by the administrator of the US EPA in a promulgated rule;
- (ii) any contaminant that is subject to any standard promulgated under section 111 of the [act] Act;
- (iii) any Federal class I or II substance subject to a standard promulgated under or established by title VI of the [Clean Air] Act; [or]
- (iv) any contaminant that otherwise is subject to regulation under the Act as defined in paragraph (50) of this subdivision; or

[(iv) any contaminant that otherwise is subject to regulation under the Clean Air Act; except that] (v) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (i) through (iv) of this paragraph, the term regulated NSR contaminant shall not include any or all hazardous air pollutants either listed in section 112 of the act or added to the list pursuant to section 112(b)(2) of the act, which have not been delisted pursuant to section 112(b)(3) of the act, are not regulated NSR contaminants unless the listed hazardous air pollutant is also regulated as a constituent or precursor of a criteria contaminant listed under section 108 of the act.

([45]46) 'Secondary emissions'. Emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant which will occur as a result of the construction or operation of a proposed new or modified facility, not including emissions from the proposed new or modified facility itself. Secondary emissions must be specific, well defined, quantifiable, and impact the same general area as the proposed new or modified facility which causes the secondary emissions. Secondary emissions include regulated NSR contaminant emissions from any offsite support facility which would not be constructed or increase its emissions except as a result of the construction or operation of the proposed new or modified facility. Secondary emissions do not include any emissions which come directly from a mobile source subject to any regulation under title II of the Clean Air Act, such as emissions from a motor vehicle or a train.

([46]47) 'Significant net emission increase'.

(i) A net emission increase of a nonattainment contaminant at an existing major facility that equals or exceeds the applicable significant net emissions increase threshold specified in tables 3 and 4 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part; or

(ii) a net emission increase of a regulated NSR contaminant at an existing major facility located in an attainment area or unclassifiable area under section 7407 of the act that equals or exceeds the applicable significant net emissions increase threshold specified in table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

([47]48) 'Significant PAL emission source'. An emission source that emits or has the potential to emit a PAL contaminant in an amount that is equal to or greater than the significant project threshold (as listed in Subpart 231-13 of this Part or in the act, whichever is lower) for that PAL contaminant, but less than the amount that would qualify the emission source as a major PAL emission source.

([48]49) 'Source reduction'. Any practice which reduces emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, other than a facility shutdown, emission source shutdown, curtailment, or over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit. Examples of source reduction would be reformulation of inks, paints, coatings, etc., which result in reductions beyond levels required by the most stringent applicable State or Federal emission limitation, or [replacement at the same location, or contiguous locations, of a source with another source which emits less to perform the same task, or] replacement or repair of valves, fittings, or other equipment to reduce fugitive emissions.

(50) 'Subject to regulation'. Any air pollutant that is subject to either a provision in the Act, or a nationally-applicable regulation codified by the Administrator of the US EPA in subchapter C of chapter I to Title 40 of the CFR, that requires actual control of the quantity of emissions of that pollutant, and that has taken effect and is operative to control, limit or restrict the quantity of emissions of that pollutant released from the regulated activity; provided, however, that the pollutant GHGs is subject to regulation if:

(i) The facility is a new major facility for a regulated NSR contaminant other than GHGs, and also has the potential to emit 75,000 tpy CO₂e or more or an emission increase in GHGs at an existing minor facility, calculated according to the project emission potential provisions of paragraph (41) of this subdivision; or

(ii) The facility is an existing major facility for a regulated NSR pollutant other than GHGs, and also will have a NSR major modification for a regulated NSR pollutant other than GHGs, and an emissions increase in GHGs, calculated according to the project emission potential provisions of paragraph (41) of this subdivision, of 75,000 tpy CO₂e or more.

([49] <u>51</u>) 'Surplus'. A reduction in emissions beyond levels prescribed by the most stringent applicable State or Federal emission limitation required by the act.

Existing section 231-5.1 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-5.2 through 231-5.3 are amended to read as follows:

231-5.2 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. The following information must also be included at the time the application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

(a) A certification that all emission sources which are part of any major facility located in New York State and under the applicant's ownership or control (or under the ownership or control of any entity which controls, is

controlled by, or has common control with the applicant) are in compliance, or are on a schedule for compliance, with all applicable emission limitations and standards under Chapter III of this Title.

- (b) An analysis of alternative sites, sizes, production processes, and environmental control techniques which demonstrates that benefits of the proposed new or modified facility significantly outweigh the environmental and social costs imposed as a result of its location, construction, or modification within New York State.
 - (c) A LAER analysis in accordance with section 231-5.4 of this Subpart.
- (d) 'Emission offset information for VOC or NO_x '. At the time of the initial permit application or before the department issues a final permit determination, the applicant must submit:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of VOC or NO_x that will be used as required emission offsets. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit). All the proposed ERCs must be certified prior to the issuance of the final permit; and
 - (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed new or modified facility, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as emission offsets to the proposed new or modified facility; and

- (3) for emissions of VOC or NO_x in an ozone nonattainment area, <u>acceptable</u> documentation of compliance with the contribution demonstration required [according to the department's policy documents on air quality impact analyses] pursuant to Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (e) 'Emission offset information for PM-10 and PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x])'. The following information must be submitted at the time of the initial permit application:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of PM-10 or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO_2 and NO_x]) that will be used as required emission offsets. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit);
 - (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed new or modified facility, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as emission offsets to the proposed new or modified facility; and
 - (3) an air quality impact evaluation in accordance with the provisions of section 231-5.5(d) of this Subpart, Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures.

231-5.3 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following provisions apply:

- (a) The following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:
 - (1) the potential to emit of all applicable nonattainment contaminants of a proposed facility;
- (2) the potential to emit each applicable nonattainment contaminant of a modification at an existing non-major facility which has a project emission potential for any nonattainment contaminant that exceeds the major facility threshold for that contaminant; and
 - (3) any applicable LAER limitation.
- (b) A revised air quality impact evaluation must be submitted, if applicable, if the emission offset list changes after the department provides a notice of complete application in accordance with Part 621 of this Title, and a supplemental public notice must be provided in accordance with subdivision (c) of this section.
 - (c) 'Supplemental public notice requirements for ERCs used as emission offsets'.
 - (1) A supplemental public notice is required prior to final permit issuance if the list of facilities providing ERCs for emission offsets is changed or finalized after the date of the notice of complete application. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.
 - (2) A significant permit modification in accordance with Part 201 of this Title, and supplemental public notice are required if the list of facilities providing ERCs is changed after final permit issuance and prior to commencement of operation. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.

- (d) A petition for party status pursuant to the supplemental notice provisions based on an offer of proof that raises substantive and significant issues related to emission offset requirements of this Part will not be considered as late filed petitions for party status pursuant to Part 624 of this Title.
- (e) 'Offset confirmation prior to the commencement of operation'. At least 60 days prior to the date a proposed new or modified facility commences operation, the permittee must submit an application to the department if there are any proposed changes to the approved list of emission offset sources included in the permit for that facility. For each such change, the applicant must submit another use of emission reduction credits form signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the new offset source.
- (f) 'Future ERCs'. The permittee must submit prior to permit issuance a copy of each modified permit establishing future ERCs. The permittee must also submit [and] a letter to the department stating that the future reductions have physically occurred. The letter shall be submitted as follows:
 - (1) no less than 10 working days prior to the date the proposed new or modified facility commences operation, except for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s); or
 - (2) by the conclusion of the facility shakedown period, as identified under section 231-3.8 of this Part, for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s).
- (g) 'Canceled or abandoned projects'. Prior to the commencement of operation, a facility owner or operator may notify the department of their intention to abandon the project and request a return of ERCs committed for use as emission offsets. Following the department's approval of such request and rescission of the permit, the department will return the unused ERCs to the ERC Registry.

Existing section 231-5.4 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-5.5 through 231-6.1 are amended to read as follows:

231-5.5 Emission offset requirements.

- (a) 'Emission offset applicability'.
- (1) A proposed new facility which is subject to this Subpart must offset its potential to emit for each nonattainment contaminant for which it equals or exceeds the major facility threshold.
- (2) A proposed modification to an existing non-major facility must offset its project emission potential for each nonattainment contaminant for which the project emission potential equals or exceeds the major facility threshold.

(b) 'Offset ratio'.

- (1) An emission offset of VOC or NO_x as ozone precursors must exceed the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required, on a case-by-case basis, to provide an acceptable contribution demonstration as set forth in this section.
- (2) An emission offset of PM-10 must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section.

- (3) An emission offset of PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential of the same pollutant (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section. [Inter-pollutant trading may be used for offsetting direct emissions of PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO₂ and NO_x). Inter-pollutant offset ratios are as follows: one ton PM-2.5 offsets 200 tons NO_x, one ton PM-2.5 offsets 40 tons SO₂, 200 tons NO_x offsets one ton PM-2.5 and 40 tons SO₂ offsets one ton PM-2.5. The use of NO_x and SO₂ to offset one another is not allowed.]
- (c) 'Use of an ERC as part of an emission offset'. An ERC must meet the following conditions to be used as part of an emission offset:
 - (1) for NO_x , PM-10, or VOC emissions, ERCs must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990 but need not be contemporaneous;
 - (2) for PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO_2 and NO_x]) ERCs must have physically occurred on or after April 5, 2005 but need not be contemporaneous;
 - (3) an ERC, or portion thereof, must be included as a condition in the permit for the proposed new or modified facility for which the reduction is used.
- (d) 'Net air quality benefit and emission offset location for PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x])'. An emission offset of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) must meet the following:

- (1) Contribution demonstration. An emission offset may be obtained from the same nonattainment area in which a proposed new or modified facility is to be located. An emission offset may also be obtained from other nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for PM-10 or PM-2.5, as applicable, in the nonattainment area where the proposed new or modified facility is to be located. These other areas must be determined in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures.
- (2) Net air quality benefit demonstration. As part of a permit application, the applicant must submit an air quality impact evaluation for PM-10 and PM-2.5, as applicable, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures. The ambient air quality impact analysis must demonstrate that:
 - (i) the net impact of the proposed emissions increase and the emission offset provides for a net benefit, on balance, in the area affected by the proposed new or modified facility; and
 - (ii) for PM-10 and PM-2.5, the net impact in no case exceeds an applicable significant impact level of section 231-12.6 of this Part.
- (3) Interstate offsets. An emission offset of PM-10 or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]), may be obtained from areas of equal or higher classification [may be obtained from] located in another state, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place and the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subdivision are met.

- (e) 'Ozone nonattainment and emission offset location'. [The NYSDEC Guildelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures must be used by an applicant to find default acceptable VOC or NO_x offset source locations within New York State or to perform a case specific contribution demonstration. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x is subject to the following:
 - (1) Proposed new or modified facility located in an ozone nonattainment area.
 - (i) Intrastate offset sources. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x must be obtained from:

 ('a') the same ozone nonattainment area; or
 - ('b') other ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the proposed new or modified facility is to be located.
 - (ii) Interstate offset sources. An emission offset may be obtained from [other] ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification in another state, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the proposed new or modified facility is to be located and an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place. [The NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures may be used by an applicant to perform a case specific contribution demonstration.
 - (2) Proposed new or modified facility located in an attainment area of the state within the ozone transport region. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x may be obtained from any location within the ozone Page 40 of 106

transport region within New York State. Such an offset may also be obtained from another state in the ozone transport region, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place.

Subpart 231-6 Modifications to Existing Major Facilities in Nonattainment Areas and Attainment Areas of the State within the Ozone Transport Region

231-6.1 Applicability.

The requirements of this Subpart apply to the construction and/or operation of any proposed modification at an existing major facility located in a nonattainment area, or an attainment area of the State within the ozone transport region as follows:

- (a) For a modification with a project emission potential, calculated utilizing projected actual emissions, which does not equal or exceed the applicable significant project threshold in table 3 or table 4 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, the facility owner or operator must comply with the provisions of section 231-11.2 of this Part.
- (b) For a modification with a project emission potential which equals or exceeds the applicable significant project threshold in table 3 or table 4 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, but does not result in a NSR major modification, the facility owner or operator must comply with the provisions of section 231-6.2 of this Subpart.
- (c) For a modification which the facility determines will result in a NSR major modification, the facility owner or operator must comply with the provisions of this Subpart as appropriate.
- (d) 'Special applicability rules for modifications of existing major facilities in severe ozone nonattainment areas'.

(1) Modifications of facilities emitting less than 100 tpy. In the case of any major facility of VOC or NO_x (other than a facility which emits or has the potential to emit 100 tpy or more of VOC or NO_x), whenever any modification at the facility results in [an] a NSR major modification of VOC or NO_x from any discrete operation, emission source, or other regulated NSR contaminant emitting activity at the facility, such emission increase shall be considered as a modification for purposes of requiring a permit under this Part, except that such increase shall not be considered a modification for such purposes if the owner or operator of the facility elects to offset the emission increase by a greater reduction in emissions of VOC or NO_x , as applicable, from other operations, emission sources, or activities within the facility at an internal offset ratio of at least 1.3 to 1. If the owner or operator does not make such election, the modification shall be considered [an] a NSR major modification for such purposes, but in applying control requirements, BACT shall be substituted for LAER.

(2) Modifications of facilities emitting 100 tpy or more. In the case of any major facility of VOC or NO_x which emits or has the potential to emit 100 tpy or more of VOC or NO_x whenever any modification at the facility results in [an] a NSR major modification of VOC or NO_x from any discrete operation, emission source, or other contaminant emitting activity at the facility, such emission increase shall be considered a modification for purposes of requiring a permit under this Part, except that if the owner or operator of the facility elects to offset the emission increase by a greater reduction in emissions of VOC or NO_x , as applicable, from other operations, emission sources, or activities within the facility at an internal offset ratio of at least 1.3 to 1, the requirements of LAER shall not apply.

Existing section 231-6.2 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-6.3 through 231-6.7 are amended to read as follows:

231-6.3 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. The following information must also be included at the time a permit application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

- (a) A certification that all emission sources which are part of any major facility located in New York State and under the applicant's ownership or control (or under the ownership or control of any entity which controls, is controlled by, or has common control with the applicant) are in compliance, or are on a schedule for compliance, with all applicable emission limitations and standards under Chapter III of this Title.
- (b) An analysis of alternative sites, sizes, production processes, and environmental control techniques which demonstrates that benefits of the proposed project or proposed major facility significantly outweigh the environmental and social costs imposed as a result of its location, construction, or modification within New York State.
 - (c) A LAER analysis in accordance with section 231-6.5 of this Subpart.
- (d) 'Emission offset and internal offset information for VOC or NO_x'. At the time of the initial permit application or before the department issues a final permit determination for a NSR major modification, the applicant must submit:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of VOC or NO_x that will be used as an internal offset or required emission offset. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit). All the proposed ERCs must be certified prior to the issuance of the final permit;

- (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) to the department for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed modification, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as an internal offset or emission offset, as applicable, to the proposed modification; and
- (3) for emissions of VOC or NO_x in an ozone nonattainment area, documentation of compliance with the contribution demonstration required according to the department's policy documents on air quality impact analyses pursuant to Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (e) 'Emission offset information for PM-10 and PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO_2 and NO_x])'. The following information must be submitted at the time of the initial permit application for a NSR major modification:
 - (1) a list which identifies the source(s) of approved or proposed ERCs of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) that will be used as required emission offsets. This list must include the name and location of the facility, DEC identification number, if applicable, and the emission reduction mechanism ('i.e.', facility shutdown, emission unit shutdown, source reduction, curtailment, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit);
 - (2) a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the ERC seller) for each ERC source listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision. Upon issuance of the permit for the proposed modification, the NYS ERC Registry will be amended to reflect that the ERCs are committed as emission offsets to the proposed modification; and

(3) an air quality impact evaluation in accordance with the provisions of section 231-6.6(d) of this Subpart, Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] <u>department approved modeling procedures</u>.

231-6.4 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance for [an] <u>a</u> NSR major modification are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following provisions apply:

- (a) The following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:
- (1) the projected actual emissions or potential to emit, as appropriate, of each applicable nonattainment contaminant(s) for a proposed NSR major modification; and
 - (2) any LAER limitation.
- (b) A revised air quality impact evaluation must be submitted, if applicable, if the internal offset or emission offset list changes after the department provides a notice of complete application in accordance with Part 621 of this Title, and a supplemental public notice must be provided in accordance with subdivision (c) of this section.
 - (c) 'Supplemental public notice requirements for ERCs used as an internal offset or emission offset'.
 - (1) A supplemental public notice is required prior to final permit issuance, if the list of ERCs provided as internal offsets or emission offsets is changed or finalized after the date the notice of complete application. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.

- (2) A significant permit modification in accordance with Part 201 of this Title, and supplemental public notice are required if the list of facilities providing ERCs is changed after final permit issuance and prior to commencement of operation. Such notice will be provided in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.
- (d) A petition for party status pursuant to the supplemental notice provisions based on an offer of proof that raises substantive and significant issues related to internal offset or emission offset requirements of this Part will not be considered as late filed petitions for party status pursuant to Part 624 of this Title.
- (e) 'Offset confirmation prior to the commencement of operation'. At least 60 days prior to the date a proposed modification commences operation, the permittee must submit an application to the department if there are any proposed changes to the approved list of internal offset or emission offset sources included in the permit for that facility. For each such change, the applicant must submit another use of emission reduction credits form signed by the applicant and an authorized representative of the new offset source.
- (f) 'Future ERCs'. The permittee must submit prior to permit issuance a copy of each modified permit establishing future ERCs. The permittee must also submit [and] a letter to the department stating that the future reductions have physically occurred. The letter shall be submitted as follows:
 - (1) no less than 10 working days prior to the date the proposed new or modified facility commences operation, except for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s); or
 - (2) by the conclusion of the facility shakedown period, as identified under section 231-3.8 of this Part, for a functional replacement of an existing emission source(s).

(g) 'Canceled or abandoned projects'. Prior to the commencement of operation, a facility owner or operator may notify the department of their intention to abandon the project and request a return of ERCs committed for use as an internal offset or emission offset. Following the department's approval of such request and rescission of the permit, the department will return the unused ERCs to the ERC Registry.

231-6.5 Lowest achievable emission rate (LAER).

- (a) For a proposed NSR major modification, LAER is required for each emission source which <u>is part of</u> the proposed modification and emits the applicable nonattainment contaminant.
- (b) In establishing the final LAER limit, the department may consider any new information, including recent permit decisions, or public comment received, subsequent to the submittal of a complete application.
 - (c) LAER will not be established in final form until the final permit is issued.

231-6.6 Emission offset requirements.

- (a) 'Emission offset applicability'. For a NSR major modification, the project emission potential must be offset.
 - (b) 'Offset ratio'.
 - (1) An emission offset of VOC or NO_x must exceed the corresponding project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required, on a case by case basis, to provide an acceptable contribution demonstration as set forth in this section.

- (2) An emission offset of PM-10 must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding project emission potential (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section.
- (3) An emission offset of PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]) must at least equal (offset ratio of one to one or greater) the corresponding facility potential to emit or project emission potential of the same pollutant (subsequent to application of LAER), as appropriate, by the applicable offset ratio specified in Subpart 231-13 of this Part. A greater offset ratio may be required to provide a net air quality benefit as set forth in this section. [Inter-pollutant trading may be used for offsetting direct emissions of PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO₂ and NO_x). Inter-pollutant offset ratios are as follows: one ton PM-2.5 offsets 200 tons NO_x, one ton PM-2.5 offsets 40 tons SO₂, 200 tons NO_x offsets one ton PM-2.5 and 40 tons SO₂ offsets one ton PM-2.5. The use of NO_x and SO₂ to offset one another is not allowed.]
- (c) 'Use of an ERC as an emission offset'. An ERC must meet the following requirements to be used as an emission offset:
 - (1) for NO_x, PM-10, and VOC emissions, ERCs must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990 but need not be contemporaneous;
 - (2) for PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO_2 and NO_x), ERCs must have physically occurred on or after April 5, 2005 but need not be contemporaneous;

- (3) an ERC, or portion thereof, must be [established] <u>included as a condition</u> in the permit for the proposed NSR major modification for which the reduction is used.
- (d) 'Net air quality benefit and emission offset location for PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO_2 and NO_x])'. An emission offset of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] <u>applicable</u> precursors [SO_2 and NO_x]) must meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Contribution demonstration. An emission offset may be obtained from the same nonattainment area in which a proposed NSR major modification is to be located. An emission offset may also be obtained from other nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for PM-10 or PM-2.5 in the nonattainment area where the proposed NSR major modification is to be located. These other areas must be determined in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures.
 - (2) Net air quality benefit demonstration. As part of a permit application, the applicant must submit an air quality impact evaluation for PM-10 and PM-2.5, as applicable, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures. The ambient air quality impact analysis must demonstrate that:
 - (i) the net impact of the proposed emissions increase and the emission offset provides for a net benefit, on balance, in the area affected by the proposed NSR major modification; and
 - (ii) for PM-10 and PM-2.5, the net impact in no case exceeds an applicable significant impact level set forth in section 231-12.6 of this Part.

- (3) Interstate offsets. An emission offset of PM-10, or PM-2.5 (including [its] applicable precursors [SO₂ and NO_x]), may be obtained from areas of equal or higher classification [may be obtained from] located in another state, in accordance with [NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] department approved modeling procedures, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place and the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subdivision are met.
- (e) 'Ozone nonattainment and emission offset location'. [The NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures must be used by an applicant to find default acceptable VOC or NO_x offset source locations within New York State or to perform a case specific contribution demonstration. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x is subject to the following:
 - (1) Proposed NSR major modification located in an ozone nonattainment area.
 - (i) Intrastate offset sources. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x be obtained from:
 - ('a') the same ozone nonattainment area; or
 - ('b') other ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the proposed NSR major modification is to be located.
 - (ii) Interstate offset sources. An emission offset may be obtained from [other] ozone nonattainment areas of equal or higher classification in another state, if emissions from such other areas contribute to a violation of the NAAQS for ozone in the nonattainment area where the Page 50 of 106

proposed NSR major modification is to be located and an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place. [The NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] Department approved modeling procedures may be used by an applicant to perform a case specific contribution demonstration.

(2) Proposed NSR major modification located in an attainment area of the state within the ozone transport region. An emission offset of VOC or NO_x may be obtained from any location within the ozone transport region in New York State. Such an offset may also be obtained from another state in the ozone transport region, provided that an interstate reciprocal trading agreement is in place.

231-6.7 Internal offset requirements, severe ozone nonattainment area only.

This section represents a mechanism for avoiding a determination of applicability of this Part, for emissions of VOC or NO_x in the severe ozone nonattainment area only, in those instances where [an] a NSR major modification is proposed at an existing major facility and a net emission increase determination of non-applicability is not possible.

- (a) 'Internal offset applicability'. An internal offset shall be considered for purposes of determining applicability or degree of control required under section 231-6.1(d)(1) or (2) of this Subpart for a proposed NSR major modification.
- (b) Use of a NO_x or VOC ERC as part of an internal offset. An ERC shall meet the following conditions to be used as part of an internal offset:

- (1) an ERC shall come from an emission source within the same existing major facility as a proposed NSR major modification;
- (2) an ERC shall have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990, but need not be contemporaneous with a proposed NSR major modification for which the reduction is used; and
- (3) an ERC, or portion thereof, shall be included as a condition in the permit for the proposed NSR major modification for which the reduction is used.

Existing sections 231-7.1 through 231-7.2 remain unchanged.

Existing sections 231-7.3 through 231-7.5 are amended to read as follows:

231-7.3 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following information must be included with the permit application at the time the application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

- (a) 'Air quality impact analyses according to Subpart 231-12 of this Part'[.];
- (b) 'A BACT review in accordance with section 231-7.6 of this Part'[.];
- (c) 'Source impact analysis'. The applicant must demonstrate according to the provisions of Subpart 231-12 (Ambient Air Quality Impact Analysis) of this Part that allowable emission increases from the proposed new or modified facility, in conjunction with all other applicable emissions increases or reductions (including secondary emissions), would not cause or significantly contribute to air pollution in violation of:

- (1) any national ambient air quality standard in any air quality control region;
- (2) any applicable maximum allowable increase over the baseline concentration in any area; [and] or
- (3) any other applicable requirements identified in Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and section 231-7.4(f) of this Subpart including visibility and air quality related value (AQRV) analyses for Federal class I areas, as applicable[.]:
- (d) 'Source information'. The applicant must submit all information necessary to perform any analysis or make any determination required under this section and Subpart 231-12 of this Part, including:
 - (1) a detailed description as to what system of continuous emission reduction is planned for the facility, emission estimates, and any other information necessary to determine that best available control technology would be applied;
 - (2) information on the air quality impacts, and the nature and extent of any or all general commercial, residential, industrial, and other growth which has occurred since August 7, 1977, in the area the facility would affect, upon request of the department; [and]
 - (3) a demonstration of the stack height, consistent with good engineering practice pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii) and section 231-7.4(e) of this Subpart[.]; and
 - (e) 'Additional impact analyses'.

- (1) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the impairment to visibility, soils and vegetation that would occur as a result of the proposed new or modified facility, and general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed new or modified facility. The owner or operator does not have to provide an analysis of the impact on vegetation if the vegetation has no ecological or significant commercial or recreational value[.];
- (2) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the air quality impact projected for the area as a result of general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed new or modified facility.

231-7.4 General requirements.

The following provisions are also applicable for the review of applications under this Subpart.

- (a) 'Ambient air increments'. Concentration limitations necessary to assure that in areas designated as Federal class I, class II, or class III, increases in any regulated NSR contaminant concentration over the baseline concentration do not exceed those listed in Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (b) 'Ambient air ceilings'. For any regulated NSR contaminant for a period of exposure, no concentration of that regulated NSR contaminant is allowed to exceed the lower of the following:
 - (1) the concentration permitted under the national secondary ambient air quality standard; or
 - (2) the concentration permitted under the national primary ambient air quality standard.
 - (c) 'Restrictions on area classifications and redesignation'.

- (1) All areas of the State are designated class II, but may be redesignated as provided in this subdivision.
 - (2) The following areas may be redesignated only as Federal class I:
 - (i) an area which as of August 7, 1977, exceeded 10,000 acres in size and was a national monument, a national primitive area, a national preserve, a national recreational area, a national wild and scenic river, a national wildlife refuge, a national lakeshore or seashore; and
 - (ii) a national park or national wilderness area established after August 7, 1977, which exceeds 10,000 acres in size.
- (3) The State may submit to the administrator a proposal to redesignate areas in the State as class I according to the provisions established by 40 CFR part 51.166.
- (d) 'Exclusions from increment consumption'.
- (1) The following concentrations must be excluded in determining compliance with the maximum allowable ambient air increment:
 - (i) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from the use of petroleum products, natural gas, or both by reason of an order in effect under section 2(a) and (b) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such an order;

- (ii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from using natural gas by reason of any applicable natural gas curtailment plan in effect pursuant to the Federal Power Act (or any other superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such plan;
- (iii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from construction of other temporary emission related activities at the facility;
- (iv) increase in concentrations attributable to new facilities outside the United States over the concentrations attributable to existing facilities which are included in the baseline concentration; and
- (v) for subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, no exclusion of such concentrations applies more than two years after the effective date which is applicable. If both such order and plan are applicable, no such exclusion applies more than five years after the later of such effective dates.
- (2) Concentrations attributable to the temporary increase in emissions of SO_2 , PM, or NO_x from facilities which are limited to less than one year in duration are excluded, provided the department:
 - (i) approves the time over which the temporary emissions increase of SO₂, PM, or NO_x would occur;
 - (ii) specifies that the time period for excluding certain contributions in accordance with this subdivision, is not renewable;

- (iii) allows no emissions increase from a facility which would:
- ('a') impact a Federal class I area or an area where an applicable increment is known to be violated; or
- ('b') cause a violation or contribute to a known violation of a national ambient air quality standard;
- (iv) requires limitations to be in effect at the end of the time period specified in accordance with this subdivision, which would ensure that the emissions levels from facilities would not exceed those levels occurring from such facilities before the exclusion was approved.
- (e) 'Stack heights'. The degree of emission limitation required for control of any regulated NSR contaminant under this Subpart must not be affected in any manner by:
 - (1) a stack height, not in existence before December 31, 1970, as exceeds good engineering practice, pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii); or
 - (2) any other dispersion technique not implemented before December 31, 1970.
 - (f) 'Requirements for sources impacting Federal class I areas'.
 - (1) Notice to EPA and Federal land manager. The department or the applicant, at the request of the department, shall submit a copy of the permit application and all relevant information to the EPA region 2 office and the Federal land manager within 30 days of receipt of the application.

- (2) Federal land manager. The Federal land manager and the Federal official charged with direct responsibility for management of such lands have an affirmative responsibility to protect the AQRVs (including visibility) of such lands and to consider, in consultation with the department, whether a proposed new or modified facility will have an adverse impact on such values.
- (3) Visibility analysis and AQRV analysis. The department must consider any analysis performed by the Federal land manager, provided prior to the date of publication of the draft permit that shows that a proposed new major facility may have an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV in any Federal class I area. Where the department finds that such an analysis does not demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV will result in the Federal class I area, the department must, in the notice of public hearing on the permit application, either explain its decision or give notice as to where the explanation can be obtained.
- (4) Denial of a permit based on adverse impact on AQRVs. The Federal land manager of any such lands may demonstrate to the department that the emissions from a proposed new or modified facility would have an adverse impact on the AQRVs (including visibility) of those lands, notwithstanding that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the proposed new or modified facility would not cause or significantly contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the department concurs with such demonstration, then it must not issue the permit.
- (5) Federal class I variances. The owner or operator of a proposed new or modified facility may demonstrate to the Federal land manager that the emissions from the new or modified facility would have no adverse impact on the air quality related values (including visibility) of any such lands, notwithstanding

that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the new or modified facility would cause or contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the Federal land manager concurs with such demonstration and so certifies, provided that the applicable requirements of this section are otherwise met, the State may issue the permit with such emission limitations as may be necessary to assure that emissions of SO₂, PM, and NO_x would not exceed the maximum allowable increases over minor source baseline concentration as listed in table 7 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

(6) SO₂ variance by [Governor] governor of the Federal class I area with Federal land manager's concurrence. The owner or operator of a proposed new or modified facility which cannot be approved under paragraph (4) of this subdivision may demonstrate to the governor of the Federal class I area that the new or modified facility cannot be constructed by reason of any maximum allowable increase for SO₂ for a period of 24 hours or less applicable to any Federal class I area, and that a variance under this clause would not adversely affect the air quality related values of the area (including visibility). The governor of the Federal class I area, after consideration of the Federal land manager's recommendation (if any) and subject to his or her concurrence, may, after notice and public hearing, grant a variance from such maximum allowable increase. If such variance is granted, the department will issue a permit to the new or modified facility, provided that the applicable requirements of this Subpart are otherwise met. In this instance, the SO₂ concentrations must meet the maximum allowable increase in SO₂ concentrations in table 8 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

231-7.5 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:

(a) the potential to emit of [a] <u>each regulated NSR contaminant with emissions greater than the applicable significant project threshold from the proposed facility;</u>

(b) the potential to emit of a modification at an existing non-major facility which has a project emission potential for any regulated NSR contaminant that exceeds the [major facility] <u>significant project</u> threshold for that contaminant; and

(c) any BACT limitations.

Existing sections 231-7.6 through 231-8.1 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-8.2 is amended to read as follows:

231-8.2 Netting.

This section sets forth the procedures for avoiding a NSR major modification, for all regulated NSR contaminants other than GHGs, where the proposed modification exceeds the significant project threshold(s) but does not result in a significant net emission increase.

- (a) 'General requirements'.
- (1) A net emission increase determination shall be confined to the appropriate contemporaneous period for a proposed modification.
 - (2) A net emission increase determination will only be allowed at an existing major facility.

- (3) Any creditable emission increase or ERC must be of the same class of regulated NSR contaminant. For example, only NO_x emissions shall be used for netting of new NO_x emissions, only PM-2.5 shall be used for netting of new PM-2.5 emissions.
- (4) Any creditable emission increase or ERC which is used in a net emission increase determination must occur at the same major facility as the proposed modification.
- (b) 'Permit requirements for netting'. A facility owner or operator which proposes a modification that does not result in a significant net emission increase, must:
 - (1) apply for and obtain a permit which establishes an emission limit that equals the projected actual emissions or potential to emit, as appropriate, of the modification of each regulated NSR contaminant(s) which exceed(s) the applicable significant project threshold;
 - (2) apply for and obtain a permit which establishes the ERCs relied on for the net emission increase determination, if the ERCs are not already approved by the department;
 - (3) submit a use of emission reduction credits form (duly completed and signed by the applicant) for each source of ERCs to be used for netting;
 - (4) apply for and obtain a permit which complies with any additional requirements of Subpart 231-11 of this Part.
- (c) 'Re-evaluation of a prior net emission increase determination at a facility that was not significant'.

 The facility owner or operator must reevaluate the determination of the net emission increase of a prior Page 61 of 106

modification which did not result in a significant net emission increase if a proposed modification will commence

operation within the contemporaneous period of the prior modification. The facility owner or operator must

recalculate the net emission increase of the prior modification at the facility by including the project emission

potential of the proposed modification as a creditable emission increase. If the recalculated net emission increase

of the prior modification results in a significant net emission increase, taking into account the proposed

modification, the facility owner or operator must select one of the following options:

(1) submit a permit application and accept a condition prohibiting the proposed modification from

commencing operation until after the close of the contemporaneous period for the previously permitted

modification; or

(2) create additional ERCs according to the provisions of Subpart 231-10 of this Part at the facility

in an amount which ensures that the net emission increase of the prior modification, after taking into

account the creditable emission increase of the proposed modification does not result in a significant net

emission increase; or

(3) submit an application requesting modification of the permit for the prior modification which

reflects applicability of this Subpart. The facility owner or operator may not begin actual construction of

the prior modification or begin operation until the department approves the application and issues a permit

which incorporates the requirements of this Subpart.

Existing section 231-8.3 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-8.4 through 231-8.7 are amended to read as follows:

231-8.4 Permit application content.

The information required in a permit application is set forth in Part 201 of this Title and generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following information must be included with the permit application for a NSR major modification, at the time the application is submitted to the department, unless otherwise specified:

- (a) 'An air quality impact analyses according to Subpart 231-12 of this Part'[.];
- (b) 'A BACT review in accordance with section 231-8.7 of this Subpart'[.];
- (c) 'Source impact analysis'. The applicant must demonstrate according to the provisions of Subpart 231-12 of this Part that allowable emission increases from the proposed modification, in conjunction with all other applicable emissions increases or reductions (including secondary emissions), would not cause or significantly contribute to air pollution in violation of:
 - (1) any national ambient air quality standard in any air quality control region;
 - (2) any applicable maximum allowable increase over the baseline concentration in any area; or
 - (3) any other applicable requirements identified in Subpart 231-12 of this Part, and section 231-8.5(f) of this Subpart including visibility and air quality related value (AQRV) analyses for Federal class I areas, as applicable[.];
- (d) 'Source information'. The applicant must submit all information necessary to perform any analysis or make any determination required under this section and Subpart 231-12 of this Part, including:

(1) a detailed description as to what system of continuous emission reduction is planned for the facility, emission estimates, and any other information necessary to determine that best available control technology would be applied;

(2) information on the air quality impacts, and the nature and extent of any or all general commercial, residential, industrial, and other growth which has occurred since August 7, 1977, in the area the facility would affect, upon request of the department; [and]

(3) a demonstration of the stack height, consistent with good engineering practice pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii) and section 231-8.5(e) of this Subpart[.]; and

(e) 'Additional impact analyses'.

(1) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the impairment to visibility, soils and vegetation that would occur as a result of the proposed modification, and general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed modification. The owner or operator does not have to provide an analysis of the impact on vegetation if the vegetation has no ecological or significant commercial or recreational value[.];

(2) The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the air quality impact projected for the area as a result of general commercial, residential, industrial and other growth associated with the proposed modification.

231-8.5 General requirements.

The following provisions are also applicable for the review of applications under this Subpart.

- (a) 'Ambient air increments'. Concentration limitations necessary to assure that in areas designated as Federal class I, class II, or class III, increases in any regulated NSR contaminant concentration over the baseline concentration do not exceed those listed in Subpart 231-12 of this Part.
- (b) 'Ambient air ceilings'. For any regulated NSR contaminant for a period of exposure, no concentration of that regulated NSR contaminant is allowed to exceed the lower of the following:
 - (1) the concentration permitted under the national secondary ambient air quality standard; or
 - (2) the concentration permitted under the national primary ambient air quality standard.
 - (c) 'Restrictions on area classifications and redesignation'.
 - (1) All areas of the State are designated class II as identified in department policy documents, but may be redesignated as provided in this subdivision.
 - (2) The following areas may be redesignated only as Federal class I:
 - (i) an area which as of August 7, 1977, exceeded 10,000 acres in size and was a national monument, a national primitive area, a national preserve, a national recreational area, a national wild and scenic river, a national wildlife refuge, a national lakeshore or seashore; and
 - (ii) a national park or national wilderness area established after August 7, 1977, which exceeds 10,000 acres in size.
 - (3) The State may submit to the administrator a proposal to redesignate areas in the State as class I according to the provisions established by 40 CFR part 51.166.

- (d) 'Exclusions from increment consumption'.
- (1) The following concentrations must be excluded in determining compliance with the maximum allowable ambient air increment:
 - (i) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from the use of petroleum products, natural gas, or both by reason of an order in effect under section 2(a) and (b) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such an order;
 - (ii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from facilities which have converted from using natural gas by reason of any applicable natural gas curtailment plan in effect pursuant to the Federal Power Act (or any other superseding Federal legislation) over the emissions from such facilities before the effective date of such plan;
 - (iii) concentrations attributable to the increase in emissions from construction of other temporary emission related activities at the facility;
 - (iv) increase in concentrations attributable to new facilities outside the United States over the concentrations attributable to existing facilities which are included in the baseline concentration; and
 - (v) for subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, no exclusion of such concentrations applies more than two years after the effective date which is applicable. If both such order and

plan are applicable, no such exclusion applies more than five years after the later of such effective dates.

- (2) Concentrations attributable to the temporary increase in emissions of SO₂, PM, or NO_x from facilities which are limited to less than one year in duration are excluded, provided the department:
 - (i) approves the time over which the temporary emissions increase of SO₂, PM, or NO_x would occur;
 - (ii) specifies that the time period for excluding certain contributions in accordance with this subdivision, is not renewable;
 - (iii) allows no emissions increase from a facility which would:
 - ('a') impact a Federal class I area or an area where an applicable increment is known to be violated; or
 - ('b') cause a violation or contribute to a known violation of a national ambient air quality standard;
 - (iv) requires limitations to be in effect at the end of the time period specified in accordance with this subdivision, which would ensure that the emissions levels from facilities would not exceed those levels occurring from such facilities before the exclusion was approved.
- (e) 'Stack heights'. The degree of emission limitation required for control of any regulated NSR contaminant under this Subpart must not be affected in any manner by:

- (1) a stack height, not in existence before December 31, 1970, as exceeds good engineering practice, pursuant to 40 CFR 51.100(ii); or
 - (2) any other dispersion technique not implemented before December 31, 1970.
- (f) 'Requirements for sources impacting Federal class I areas:'
- (1) Notice to EPA and Federal land manager. The department or the applicant, at the request of the department, shall submit a copy of the permit application and all relevant information to the EPA region 2 office and the Federal land manager within 30 days of receipt of the application.
- (2) Federal land manager. The Federal land manager and the Federal official charged with direct responsibility for management of such lands have an affirmative responsibility to protect the AQRVs (including visibility) of such lands and to consider, in consultation with the department, whether a proposed new or modified facility will have an adverse impact on such values.
- (3) Visibility analysis and AQRV analysis. The department must consider any analysis performed by the Federal land manager, provided prior to the date of publication of the draft permit that shows that a proposed new major facility may have an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV in any Federal class I area. Where the department finds that such an analysis does not demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that an adverse impact on visibility or other AQRV will result in the Federal class I area, the department must, in the notice of public hearing on the permit application, either explain its decision or give notice as to where the explanation can be obtained.

- (4) Denial of a permit based on adverse impact on AQRVs. The Federal land manager of any such lands may demonstrate to the department that the emissions from a proposed [new or modified] modification to a facility would have an adverse impact on the AQRVs (including visibility) of those lands, notwithstanding that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the proposed [new or modified] modification to the facility would not cause or significantly contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the department concurs with such demonstration, then it must not issue the permit.
- (5) Federal class I variances. The owner or operator of a [proposed new or modified] facility proposing a modification may demonstrate to the Federal land manager that the emissions from the [new or modified] modification to the facility would have no adverse impact on the air quality related values (including visibility) of any such lands, notwithstanding that the change in air quality resulting from emissions from the [new or modified] modification to the facility would cause or contribute to concentrations which would exceed the maximum allowable increases for a Federal class I area. If the Federal land manager concurs with such demonstration and so certifies, provided that the applicable requirements of this section are otherwise met, the State may issue the permit with such emission limitations as may be necessary to assure that emissions of SO₂, PM, and NO_x would not exceed the maximum allowable increases over minor source baseline concentration as listed in table 7 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.
- (6) SO_2 variance by governor of the Federal class I area with Federal land manager's concurrence. The owner or operator of a [proposed new or modified] facility <u>proposing a modification</u> which cannot be approved under paragraph (4) of this subdivision may demonstrate to the governor of the Federal class I area that the [new or modified] <u>modification to the</u> facility cannot be constructed by reason of any

maximum allowable increase for SO₂ for a period of 24 hours or less applicable to any Federal class I area, and that a variance under this paragraph would not adversely affect the air quality related values of the area (including visibility). The governor of the Federal class I area, after consideration of the Federal land manager's recommendation (if any) and subject to his <u>or her</u> concurrence, may, after notice and public hearing, grant a variance from such maximum allowable increase. If such variance is granted, the department will issue a permit to the [new or modified] facility, provided that the applicable requirements of this Subpart are otherwise met. In this instance, the SO₂ concentrations must meet the maximum allowable increase in SO₂ concentrations in table 8 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

231-8.6 Permit content and terms of issuance.

The permit content and terms of issuance for a NSR major modification are set forth generally in Subpart 231-11 of this Part. In addition, the following emission limitations, as applicable, shall be established in a permit:

- (a) The projected actual emissions or potential to emit, as appropriate, of each applicable regulated NSR contaminant(s) for a proposed NSR major modification.
 - (b) Any BACT limitations.

231-8.7 Best available control technology (BACT).

(a) For a proposed NSR major modification, BACT is required for each emission source that is part of the proposed modification, for all regulated NSR contaminants to be emitted by the proposed modification which equal or exceed the applicable significant [project] net emission increase threshold listed in table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part or, in the case of GHGs, the applicable significant project threshold in table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part.

(b) For phased construction projects, the determination of BACT must be reviewed and modified as appropriate at the latest reasonable time which occurs no later than 18 months prior to commencement of construction of each independent phase of the project. At such time, the applicant may be required to demonstrate the adequacy of any previous determination of BACT for the modification.

(c) In establishing the final BACT limit, the department may consider any new information, including recent permit decisions, or public comment received, subsequent to the submittal of a complete application.

(d) BACT will not be established in final form until the final permit is issued.

Existing sections 231-9.1through 231-9.4 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-9.5 is amended to read as follows:

231-9.5 Permit contents.

The following terms and conditions, at a minimum, must be included in a permit which establishes a PAL:

- (a) The PAL contaminant, the applicable facility-wide emission limitation in tpy, and required monitoring provisions consistent with this section.
 - (b) The effective date of the permit and the expiration date of the PAL (PAL effective period).
- (c) The emissions calculations to be used for compliance purposes. These calculations must include emissions from start-ups, shutdowns, and malfunctions.

(d) The procedures to convert the monitoring system data to monthly emissions and annual emissions based on a 12-month rolling total as required by this Subpart.
(e) 'Monitoring requirements'.
(1) General requirements.
(i) A requirement that the monitoring system accurately determines facility emissions of
the PAL contaminant in terms of mass per unit of time according to the criteria contained in the
following paragraphs of this section as applicable.
(ii) The PAL monitoring system must employ one or more of the four monitoring approaches meeting the minimum requirements set forth in paragraph (2) of this subdivision. If the facility utilizes CEMS to monitor a particular contaminant for which a PAL is sought, the facility must use the CEMS data to demonstrate compliance with the PAL.
 (2) Minimum performance requirements for approved monitoring approaches. The following are acceptable monitoring approaches when conducted in accordance with the minimum requirements in paragraphs (3) through (9) of this subdivision: (i) mass balance calculations for activities using coatings or solvents;
(ii) CEMS;
(iii) other monitoring systems as approved by the department; and
(iv) emission factors. Page 72 of 106

- (3) Mass balance calculations. A facility using mass balance calculations to monitor PAL contaminant emissions from activities using coating or solvents must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) provide a demonstrated means of validating the published content of the PAL contaminant that is contained in or created by all materials used in or at the emission source;
 - (ii) assume that the emission source emits all the PAL contaminant that is contained in or created by any raw material or fuel used in or at the emission source, if it cannot otherwise be accounted for in the process;
 - (iii) where the vendor of a material or fuel, which is used in or at the emission source, publishes a range of contaminant content from such material, the facility must use the highest value of the range to calculate the PAL contaminant emissions unless the department determines there is site specific data or a site specific monitoring program to support another content within the range.
- (4) CEMS. A facility using CEMS to monitor PAL contaminant emissions must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) CEMS must comply with applicable performance specifications found in either 40 CFR part 60, appendix B, or 40 CFR part 75.
 - (ii) CEMS must sample, analyze and record data at least every 15 minutes while the emission source is operating.

- (5) Other monitoring systems. A facility using other monitoring systems to monitor PAL contaminant emissions must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) the monitoring system must be based on current site specific data demonstrating a correlation between the monitored parameter(s) and the PAL contaminant emissions across the range of operation of the emission source; and
 - (ii) each monitoring system must sample, analyze, and record data at least every 15 minutes, or at another less frequent interval approved by the department, while the emission source is operating.
- (6) Emission factors. A facility using emission factors to monitor PAL contaminant emissions must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) all emission factors must be adjusted, if appropriate, to account for the degree of uncertainty or limitations in the factors development;
 - (ii) the emission source must operate within the designated range of use for the emission factor, if applicable; and
 - (iii) if technically practicable, any facility with a significant PAL emission source that relies on an emission factor to calculate PAL contaminant emissions must conduct validation testing to determine a site specific emission factor within six months of permit issuance, unless the department determines that testing is not required.

- (7) A facility owner or operator must record and report maximum potential emissions without considering enforceable emission limitations or operational restrictions for an emission source during any period of time that there is no monitoring data, unless another method for determining emissions during such periods is specified in the permit.
- (8) Notwithstanding the requirements in paragraphs (3) through (7) of this subdivision, where an owner or operator of a facility cannot demonstrate a correlation between the monitored parameter(s) and the PAL contaminant emissions rate at all operating points of the emission source, the department must include in the permit default value(s) for determining compliance with the PAL based on the highest potential emissions reasonably estimated at such operating point(s). Alternatively, the department must determine that operation of the emission source during circumstances where there is no correlation between monitored parameter(s) and the PAL contaminant emissions is a violation of the PAL.
- (9) Re-validation. All data used to establish the PAL contaminant must be re-validated through performance testing or other scientifically valid means approved by the department. Such testing must occur at least once every five years after issuance of the PAL.
- (f) 'Recordkeeping requirements'.
- (1) The facility must retain a copy of all records necessary to determine compliance with any requirement of this Subpart and of the PAL, including a determination of each emission source's 12-month rolling total emissions, for five years from the date of such record.
- (2) The facility must retain a copy of the following records for the duration of the PAL effective period plus five years:

- (i) a copy of the permit application and any applications for revisions to the PAL; and
- (ii) each annual certification of compliance pursuant to Part 201 of this Title and the data relied on for such certification.
- (3) The records must be maintained on-site or at an alternative location approved by the department. Such records may be retained in an electronic format.
- (g) 'Reporting and notification requirements'. Semi-annual monitoring reports and prompt deviation reports must be submitted to the department. The reports must meet the requirements in this section and Subpart 231-11 of this Part.
 - (1) Semi-annual report. The semi-annual report must be submitted to the department within 30 days of the end of each reporting period, and include the following:
 - (i) total annual emissions (tons/year) based on a 12-month rolling total for each month in the reporting period recorded pursuant to paragraph (f)(1) of this section.
 - (ii) all data relied upon, including, but not limited to, any quality assurance or quality control data, in calculating the monthly and annual PAL contaminant emissions;
 - (iii) a list of any emission sources modified or added to the major facility during the preceding six-month period;

- (iv) the number, duration, and cause of any deviations or monitoring malfunctions (other than the time associated with zero and span calibration checks), and any corrective action taken; and
- (v) a notification of [a] the shutdown of any monitoring system stating, whether the shutdown was permanent or temporary, the reason for the shutdown, the anticipated date that the monitoring system will be fully operational or replaced with another monitoring system, and whether the emission source monitored by the monitoring system continued to operate. [, and the] The notification shall also include a calculation of the emissions of the PAL contaminant [or the number determined by method included in the permit, as provided by] according to the provisions in paragraph (e)(7) of this section.
- (2) Deviation report. The major facility owner or operator must promptly submit a report of any deviations or exceedance of the PAL requirements, including periods where no monitoring is available. The deviation report must be submitted within the time limits prescribed by Part 201 of this Title and the Title V permit. A deviation report submitted in accordance with Subpart 201-6 of this Title will satisfy this reporting requirement. The report must contain, among other information required under Subpart 201-6 of this Title, identification of the owner or operator, the PAL requirement that experienced the deviation or that was exceeded, emissions resulting from the deviation or exceedance, and a signed statement by the responsible official as defined by the applicable title V permit certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the information contained in the report.
- (3) Re-validation results. The owner or operator must submit to the department the results of any re-validation test or method within three months after completion of such test or method.

(h) Provisions which implement the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting and notification requirements contained in this Subpart and any other requirements that the department deems necessary to implement and enforce the PAL.

Existing section 231-9.6 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-9.7 through 231-10.3 are amended to read as follows:

231-9.7 PAL renewals and expirations.

- (a) 'Permit renewal where PAL is not renewed'. The following provisions set forth the requirements for an application to renew a title V permit where a PAL will expire at the end of the PAL effective period and the facility has not included a request to renew the PAL in such application. The facility must continue to comply with the PAL until such time as the department issues a renewed title V permit.
 - (1) Application content. In addition to any other information required pursuant to this Chapter, the title V permit application must include a proposed allowable emission limitation for each emission source. Such emission limitations must be calculated by distributing the PAL of the facility among each emission source that is subject to an emission limitation under the PAL and must be adjusted to reflect any applicable requirements that became effective during the PAL effective period if the PAL was not previously adjusted.
 - (2) Permit content. In addition to any other requirements of this Chapter, a title V permit issued following the expiration of a PAL shall include the following provisions:

- (i) emission limits for each emission source on a 12-month rolling basis. The allowable emission limits shall be established in accordance with a distribution of the PAL that the department determines is appropriate; and
- (ii) a facility must demonstrate compliance with the allowable emission limitation(s) through the use of CEMS or other monitoring systems (source testing, emission factors, etc.) as the department may approve.
- (b) 'Permit renewal where a PAL is renewed'.
- (1) Application deadline. The application deadlines for renewal of the title V permits in Part 201 of this Title shall govern the application to renew a PAL.
- (2) Application content. The application to renew a permit with a PAL must contain the following information:
 - (i) the information required in section 231-9.2(a) through (c) of this Subpart;
 - (ii) a proposed PAL;
 - (iii) the sum of the potential to emit of all emission sources subject to the PAL with supporting documentation; and
 - (iv) any other relevant information the owner or operator submits to the department for consideration in determining the appropriate level for renewing the PAL.

- (3) PAL adjustment. In determining whether and how to adjust the PAL, the department must consider the options outlined below. All adjustments must comply with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph:
 - (i) if the emissions level calculated in accordance with section 231-9.4(a) through (d) of this Subpart is equal to or greater than 80 percent of the level of the existing PAL at the time of renewal, the department may renew the PAL at the same level, without considering the factors set forth in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph; or
 - (ii) the department may set the PAL at a level that the department determines is more representative of the baseline actual emissions of the facility, or is more appropriate considering air quality needs, advances in control technology, anticipated economic growth in the area, desire to reward or encourage voluntary emissions reductions at the facility, or other factors as specifically identified by the department [;].
 - (iii) notwithstanding subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph:
 - ('a') if the potential to emit of the facility is less than the PAL, the department must adjust the PAL to a level no greater than the potential to emit of the facility; and
 - ('b') the department cannot approve a renewed PAL higher than the current PAL, unless the facility has complied with the provisions of section 231-9.6(b) of this Subpart [;].
 - (iv) section 231-9.4(e) of this Subpart is inapplicable to the renewal of a PAL.

(4) If the compliance date for an applicable requirement occurs during the PAL effective period, and the department has not already adjusted the PAL to reflect such requirement, the PAL must be adjusted at the time of permit renewal.

Subpart 231-10 Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs)

231-10.1 General provisions.

- (a) An ERC may be used in a net emission increase determination, internal offset, or as an emission offset.
- (b) An ERC may be used as an internal offset or emission offset, as applicable, without time limit or restriction within New York State. In another state in the ozone transport region, an ERC may be used as an emission offset in accordance with that state's requirements if New York State has established a reciprocal trading agreement with that state.
- (c) An ERC, to be used for purposes of netting, must be the same regulated NSR contaminant as the emission increase requiring the ERC.
- (d) An ERC, to be used as an offset, must be the same regulated NSR contaminant as the emission increase requiring the ERC [, except for PM-2.5. An ERC of PM-2.5 (including its precursors SO₂ and NO_x) may be used as an offset for direct emissions of PM-2.5. In addition, direct emissions of PM-2.5 can be used to offset emissions of its presursors. These emission offsets must follow the ratio requirements of sections 231-5.5(b)(3) and 231-6.6(b)(3) of this Part.] unless a precursor is allowed under sections 231-5.5 or 231-6.6 of this Part.

- (e) In areas where NO_x is a regulated precursor for ozone and PM-2.5, NO_x offsets that occurred on or after April 5, 2005 and meet all applicable location requirements can be used to offset NO_x emissions in both ozone and PM-2.5 nonattainment areas, with the amount of offsets required determined by the higher of the applicable offset ratios.
- (f) An ERC may include emission reductions from control or elimination of fugitive emissions, provided these emissions are contained in the New York State emissions inventory.
- (g) An ERC, or portion thereof, which was used to avoid a determination of a significant net emission increase, as an internal offset, or as an emission offset cannot subsequently be used for demonstrating attainment with ambient air quality standards or reasonable further progress in a federally approved SIP.
- (h) An ERC, or portion thereof, which was used to avoid a determination of a significant net emission increase, cannot subsequently be used as an internal offset, emission offset, or in any subsequent netting determinations.
- (i) An ERC, or portion thereof, which was used as an internal offset or an emission offset cannot be used again for any purpose.
- (j) An ERC of NO_x, PM-10, or VOC used as an emission offset or for netting, for compliance with Subpart 231-5 or 231- 6 of this Part, must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990.
- (k) An ERC of PM-2.5 or SO₂ used as an emission offset or for netting, for compliance with Subpart 231-5 or 231-6 of this Part, must have physically occurred on or after April 5, 2005.

- (1) An ERC used as an internal offset for NO_x or VOC emissions must have physically occurred on or after November 15, 1990 but need not be contemporaneous.
- (m) The department will approve applications for ERCs submitted on or after the effective date of this regulation on an emission source basis. Applications submitted prior to the effective date of this regulation will be processed according to the provisions of Subpart 231-2 of this Part.
- (n) ERCs may be created from past or future emission reductions resulting from facility shutdown, emission source shutdown, curtailment, emission source reduction, over control of emissions beyond an applicable limit, or any other reduction mechanism acceptable to the department.
- (o) The department may approve future emission reductions only if they are designated for a specific facility. The facility seeking to establish the future emission reductions must submit an application to the department for modification of its Part 201 permit. The permit of the facility proposing to use the future emission reductions must identify the source(s) of the reductions. The permit of the facility establishing the future emission reductions is subject to modification by the department to remove the approval of the future emission reductions if the facility proposing to use the future emission reductions does not commence construction within the time period specified in this Part, or if the applicant notifies the department of its intent to abandon the proposed new or modified facility and the applicant surrenders the permit prior to commencement of operation.
- (p) Emission reductions resulting from the shutdown of an unpermitted emission source which was subject to the requirement to obtain a permit pursuant to Part 201 of this Title will not be certified as ERCs.

(q) Unpermitted emission sources that are operational may be considered for ERCs in accordance with this Part subsequent to being permitted in accordance with Part 201 of this Title. 231-10.2 Determination of ERCs. Any decrease in emissions of a regulated NSR contaminant, in tpy, which: (a) is surplus, quantifiable, permanent, and enforceable [, and included in a Part 201 permit]; and (b) will result or resulted from a physical change in, or a change in the method of operation of an emission source subject to Part 201 of this Title: (1) is quantified as the difference between baseline actual emissions and the subsequent potential to emit; and (2) is approved in accordance with the provisions of this Part; or (c) will result or resulted from a physical change in, or a change in the method of operation of an emission source not subject to Part 201 of this Title, and is approved in accordance with the provisions of section 231-10.7 of this Subpart. 231-10.3 Applications for ERC approval. This section applies to applications for ERCs at sources subject to Part 201 of this Title. (a) 'Application procedures'.

- (1) For approval of ERCs from a facility subject to Subpart 201-5 or 201-6 of this Title, other than a facility shutdown, the facility owner or operator must submit an application for a permit modification.
- (2) For approval of ERCs from a registered facility, other than a facility shutdown, the owner or operator must apply for a State facility permit.
- (3) For approval of [ERC's] <u>ERCs</u> as a result of shutdown of a facility subject to Subpart 201-5 or 201-6 of this Title, the facility owner or operator must submit a written request to the department to discontinue the permit.
- (4) For approval of [ERC's] <u>ERCs</u> as a result of shutdown of a registered facility, the facility owner or operator must submit a written request to the department to discontinue the registration.
- (b) 'Application content'. A permit application involving ERCs must include the following information:
- (1) The signature of a responsible official or other representative authorized to act on behalf of the facility with respect to the ERCs.
- (2) A complete "emission reduction credit quantification form" with supporting documentation establishing that the emission reduction is surplus, quantifiable, permanent and enforceable.
 - (i) Surplus. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that the emission reduction for an emission source is in excess of any reduction required by RACT or MACT or any other regulations applicable to the emission source during the baseline period for the emission reduction. The determination of "surplus" is as follows:

- ('a') For an emission reduction which physically occurred prior to the State or Federal register publication date proposing RACT, MACT, or any other applicable requirements, the applicant is eligible for the full amount of the reduction. Otherwise, the applicant is eligible only for the baseline actual emissions reflecting RACT, MACT, or any other applicable emission limits.
- ('b') For a future reduction as defined in this Part, if the date of approval of the ERC is prior to the State or Federal Register publication date proposing RACT, MACT, or any other applicable requirements, then the applicant is eligible for the full amount of the reduction. Otherwise, the applicant is eligible only for the baseline actual emissions reflecting RACT, MACT, or any other applicable emission limits.
- ('c') For an emission source with a source specific RACT determination, emissions in excess of the statutory RACT limit shall not be considered as surplus. In those instances, the emission source's actual operating parameters shall be used in conjunction with the statutory RACT limit to determine the baseline actual emissions.
- (ii) Quantifiable. The applicant must use a reliable basis for quantifying the reduction. Continuous emissions monitoring (CEM) data or stack test data approved by the department must be used if the facility is required to generate such data. Emission statements, EPA's AP-42 emission factors, and fuel and solvent purchase records, with department approval, are acceptable bases for quantifying baseline actual emissions if an applicant demonstrates to the department's satisfaction that CEM or stack test data are not available and that CEM or stack test data was not a permit requirement.

(iii) Permanent. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that all emission reductions will be permanent.

(iv) Enforceable.

- ('a') For a facility which submits a written request to the department to discontinue its permit or registration (facility shutdown) pursuant to this section, no further action is required.
- ('b') For an emission source shutdown where the facility will continue to operate, the applicant must apply for and obtain a permit modification in accordance with this section which reflects the permanent shutdown of the emission source through a permit condition prohibiting operation of the emission source, or physically removes the emission source from the permit.
- ('c') For an emission source which will continue to operate at the facility, the applicant must submit for department approval a monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting strategy that will be used to demonstrate that the emission reductions are verifiable. If approvable, the department will include terms and conditions in the operating permit which implement the applicant's strategy. If the department determines the strategy is incomplete or otherwise not approvable, the department may propose terms and conditions for the permit or as part of <u>a</u> proposed single source SIP revision as appropriate to ensure that the emission reductions are verifiable.

('d') Any permit modification must be processed in accordance with this Subpart.

Existing sections 231-10.4 through 231-10.7 remain unchanged.

Existing sections 231-10.8 through 231-11.2 are amended to read as follows:

231-10.8 [Replacement and relocation] <u>Relocation</u> of emission sources.

- [(a) ERCs for the replacement of an emission source with new similar equipment (connected to the existing stack or a new stack) must be quantified as the difference between:
 - (1) the baseline actual emissions of the emission source representing the old emission source; and
 - (2) the future potential to emit of the new emission source.
- (b)] The relocation of an emission source within the same facility would neither qualify for ERCs for the shutdown of the emission source nor be subject to this Subpart at the new location. However, the relocation must comply with all other applicable Parts of this Title and result in acceptable air quality impacts pursuant to section 200.6 of this Title.

Subpart 231-11 Permit and Reasonable Possibility Requirements

- 231-11.1 Permit requirements for new major facilities, NSR major modifications, and netting.
- (a) 'Permit application requirements'. In addition to the application requirements under Part 201 of this Title the following information must be included in the permit application for any new major facility, NSR major modification, or facility netting out of applicability, required to obtain a permit pursuant to this Part:

- (1) project description, location, design capacity, and typical operating schedule, including specifications and drawings showing its design and the plant layout, as applicable;
 - (2) a detailed schedule for construction, as applicable;
- (3) applicable calculations and supporting documentation of potential-to-emit for a new facility, and baseline actual emissions, projected actual emissions or potential-to-emit as applicable, project emission potential and net emissions increase determination for a modified facility. The information submitted must be sufficiently detailed to allow the department to verify the emissions calculation(s) and to determine the applicability status of the source with respect to this Part. If the calculation of projected actual emissions excludes emissions which an existing emission source could have accommodated during the consecutive 24-month period used to establish the baseline actual emissions and that are also unrelated to the particular project, detailed documentation of the calculation of the excluded emissions must be provided at the time of permit application in order for the exclusion of those emissions to be allowed in determining future compliance; and
- (4) proposed emission monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting provisions to establish compliance with the applicable requirements of this Part.
- (b) 'General permit conditions and terms of issuance'. Any new major facility, NSR major modification or facility netting out of applicability subject to this Part must comply with the requirements of section [201-6.5(a)] 201-6.4(a) of this Title and the following:
 - (1) within 30 days of commencement of construction, the applicant must notify the department in writing that construction has begun; and

- (2) the filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification or renewal, or of a notification by the permittee of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not authorize the permittee to undertake any action without department approval. The permittee shall not begin actual construction or operate a new or modified facility without department approval in accordance with this Chapter. Operation in a manner other than authorized by a permit shall be grounds for enforcement.
- (c) 'Permit conditions for monitoring'. Any permit issued in accordance with this Part must include the monitoring provisions required in section [201-6.5(b)] 201-6.4(b) of this Title.
- (d) 'Permit conditions for recordkeeping and reporting of compliance monitoring'. Any permit issued in accordance with this Part must include the recordkeeping and reporting of compliance monitoring provisions required in section [201-6.5(c)] 201-6.4(c) of this Title.
- (e) 'Compliance certification'. Any permit issued in accordance with this Part must include the compliance certification provisions required in section [201-6.5(e)] 201-6.4(e) of this Title and, if applicable, submission of documentation that the actual measured emissions less those attributed to independent factors such as demand growth are below the permitted projected actual emissions limit.
- 231-11.2 Reasonable possibility requirements for insignificant modifications.
- (a) The requirements of this section do not apply if potential-to-emit is used in lieu of projected actual emissions in determining the project emission potential for a proposed modification.

- (b) For a modification with a project emission potential [that does not utilize the] which, when added to all emissions [exclusion allowed] excluded under section [231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c')] 231-4.1(b)(42)(i)('c') of this Part, [and which] is less than 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, [or for a modification with a project emission potential which when added to emissions excluded in accordance with section 231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c') of this Part is less than 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part,] the facility owner or operator, in addition to complying with any requirements under Part 201 of this Title, must maintain the following information for a minimum of five years:
 - (1) a description of the modification;
 - (2) an identification of each new or modified emission source(s) including the associated processes and emission unit;
 - (3) the calculation of the project emission potential for each modified emission source(s) including supporting documentation; and
 - (4) the date the modification commenced operation.

These recordkeeping requirements apply to exempt and trivial activities but do not affect their exempt or trivial permitting status under Subpart 201-3 of this Title.

(c) For a modification with a project emission potential which, when added to any emissions excluded in accordance with section 231-4.1(b)(42)(i)('c') of this Part, [is less than 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part, but] equals or exceeds 50 percent of

the applicable significant project threshold [when emissions excluded in accordance with section 231-4.1(b)(41)(i)('c') of this Part are added and is less than the applicable significant project threshold, or for a modification with a project emission potential which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the applicable significant project threshold] in table 3, table 4 or table 6 of Subpart 231-13 of this Part and the project emission potential is less than the applicable significant project threshold, the facility owner or operator must submit an application to modify the facility permit under the minor permit provisions of Subpart 201-6 of this Title [or obtain a preconstruction permit under the provisions of Subpart 201-6 of this Title], and must:

- (1) maintain the following information for a minimum of five years:
 - (i) a description of the modification;
- (ii) an identification of each new or modified emission source(s) including the associated processes and emission unit;
- (iii) the calculation of the project emission potential for each modified emission source(s) including supporting documentation; and
 - (iv) the date the modification commenced operation.
- (2) monitor the emissions of each regulated NSR contaminant from the emission source(s) that will increase as a result of the modification, and calculate and maintain a record of the annual emissions, in tons per year on a calendar year basis, for a period of five years following resumption of regular operations after the modification, or for a period of 10 years following resumption of regular operations after the change if the modification increases the design capacity of or potential to emit the regulated NSR

contaminant at such emission source(s). <u>The calculation of actual emissions must use the same</u> methodology that was used in the application for the project; and

(3) submit a report to the department within 30 days after the end of each year during which records must be generated in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subdivision. The report must contain:

(i) the name, address, and telephone number of the major facility;

(ii) the annual emissions as calculated pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subdivision; and

(iii) a comparison of actual annual emissions to the projected actual emissions and, if applicable, an explanation as to why the actual annual emissions exceeded the projected actual emissions.

Subpart 231-12 Ambient Air Quality Impact Analysis

This Subpart sets forth the procedures and requirements for the performance of an air quality impact analysis to determine whether a new or modified facility complies with quantified air quality levels, including air quality standards, PSD increments and monitoring deminimis levels, air quality related values, and significant impact levels.

Existing section 231-12.1 remains unchanged.

Existing section 231-12.2 is amended to read as follows:

231-12.2 Modeling analysis methodologies.

- (a) The ambient impact analysis must follow the procedures in the applicable guidelines at 40 CFR part 51, appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models of the EPA and [the NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis available from the department.] a modeling protocol which has been approved by the department. Emissions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 used in a modeling analysis for this Part must include both the filterable and [condensible]condensable fractions (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).
- (b) Where an air quality model specified in appendix W of 40 CFR part 51 is deemed inappropriate, the model may be modified or another model substituted. Such a modification or substitution of a model may be made on a case-by-case basis or, where appropriate, on a generic basis for a specific program. Written approval from the department must be obtained for any modification or substitution. In addition, use of a modified or substituted model shall be subject to public notice and opportunity for public comment, with the determination of a complete permit application, in accordance with Parts 201 and 621 of this Title.
- (c) For the purposes of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part, the owner or operator of the proposed new or modified facility must demonstrate that allowable emission increases from the proposed facility or modification, in conjunction with all other applicable emissions increases or reductions (including secondary emissions) would not, at a minimum, cause or contribute to air pollution in violation of:
 - (1) any national ambient air quality standard in any air quality control region;
 - (2) quantified air quality related values (AQRVs) including visibility for the applicable Federal class I areas; and

(3) any applicable maximum allowable PSD increment increase over the baseline concentration in any area, as defined in the following table:

'Contaminant'	'Maximum allowable increase
	(micrograms per cubic meter)'
Federal Class I	
Particulate matter:	
PM-10, annual arithmetic mean	4
PM-10, 24-hr maximum	8
PM-2.5, annual arithmetic mean	1
PM-2.5, 24 hour maximum	2
Sulfur dioxide:	
Annual arithmetic mean	2
24-hr maximum	5
3-hr maximum	25
Nitrogen dioxide	
Annual arithmetic mean	2.5
Class II	
Particulate matter:	
PM-10, annual arithmetic mean	17
PM-10, 24-hr maximum	30
PM-2.5, annual arithmetic mean	4
PM-2.5, 24 hour maximum	9
Sulfur dioxide:	

Annual arithmetic mean
24-hr maximum
3-hr maximum
Nitrogen dioxide
Annual arithmetic mean
Class III
Particulate matter:
PM-10, annual arithmetic mean
PM-10, 24-hr maximum 60
PM-2.5, annual arithmetic mean 8
PM-2.5, 24 hour maximum
Sulfur dioxide:
Annual arithmetic mean
24-hr maximum
3-hr maximum
Nitrogen dioxide
Annual arithmetic mean

For any period other than an annual period, the applicable maximum allowable increase may be exceeded during one such period per year at any one location.

(d) The emission rates for any existing emission sources to be used for the analysis of increment increases in paragraph (c)(3) of this section can be based on representative actual emissions instead of the allowable

emission rates, provided the maximum actual rates under representative normal operations are used for short term increments. Any increment expansions analysis for the purposes of paragraph (c)(3) of this section must use representative actual short term and annual emissions instead of the allowable emissions.

(e) For the purposes of Subparts 231-5 and 231-6 of this Part, the owner or operator of the proposed new or modified facility must demonstrate that allowable emission increases from the proposed new or modified facility would not, at a minimum, cause or contribute to air pollution in violation of any national ambient air quality standard in any [non-attainment] nonattainment area in [accord] accordance with the significance levels in section 231-12.6 of this Subpart [significance levels].

(f) For the purposes of the required net air quality benefit analysis of Subparts 231-5 and 231-6 of this Part, the owner or operator of the proposed new or modified facility must use the allowable emission increases from the proposed new or modified facility. For the impact offsetting sources, this analysis must use representative actual short term and annual emissions corresponding to the averaging times of the standards. The modeling methods for conducting the net air quality benefit analyses [are provided in NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis] must be approved by the department.

Existing section 231-12.3 remains unchanged.

Existing section 231-12.4 is amended to read as follows:

231-12.4 Exemption and waiver from onsite ('i.e.', site specific) air quality monitoring.

(a) The department may exempt a proposed new or modified facility from the requirements of section 231-12.3 of this Subpart with respect to monitoring for a particular regulated NSR contaminant, if:

(1) the emissions increase of the regulated NSR contaminant from the proposed new or modified facility would cause, in any attainment area, air quality impacts less than the following deminimis monitoring levels:

- (2) the concentrations of the regulated NSR contaminant in the area that the facility would affect are less than the concentrations listed in paragraph (1) of this subdivision.
- (b) In cases where the source impacts are above the deminimis monitoring levels of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the department may waive the requirements of section 231-12.3 of this Subpart with respect to monitoring for a particular regulated NSR contaminant for which an applicant makes an acceptable showing that:

 $^{^{1}}$ No deminimis air quality level is provided for ozone. However, any net increase of 100 tons per year or more of NO_x or volatile organic compounds subject to Subpart 231-7 or Subpart 231-8 may be required to gather ambient air quality data according to the provisions of section 231-12.3.

- (1) representative existing ambient air monitoring data exists in the affected area and is of the quality and nature which demonstrates the current conditions of the area's air quality; or
- (2) representative ambient air monitoring data exists from a prior time period which can be demonstrated to be conservative ('i.e.' higher) in establishing the current conditions of the area's air quality.

Existing section 231-12.5 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-12.6 through 231-12.7 are amended to read as follows:

231-12.6 Significant impact levels in nonattainment areas.

For the purposes of Subparts 231-5 and 231-6 of this Part, a new or modified facility will be considered to cause or contribute to a violation of a national ambient air quality standard when such new or modified facility would, at a minimum, exceed the following significant impact levels (SILs) at any locality that does not or would not meet the applicable national standard:

Regulated NSR	Annual	Short Term Averaging Times (hours)			rs)
Contaminant	Average				
		24	8	3	1
SO_2	1.0 μg/m ³	5 μg/m ³		25 μg/m ³	7.8 μg/m ³
PM-10	$1.0 \mu g/m^3$	5 μg/m ³			
PM-2.5	$0.3 \ \mu g/m^3$	$1.2~\mu g/m^3$			

NO _x *	$1.0~\mu g/m^3$		7.5 μg/m ³
СО		500 μg/m ³	2000 μg/m ³

^{*} For the purposes of this table, NO₂ shall be the subset of NO_x that is modeled

231-12.7 Significant impact levels for facilities located in attainment areas.

For the purposes of an impact analysis in support of provisions of Subparts 231-7 and 231-8 of this Part, the significant impact levels defined in section 231-12.6 of this Subpart will serve to determine whether a new or modified source will have a significant air quality impact or a contribution to potential standards violation or PSD increment exceedances in both the attainment area of the proposed project and in any adjacent [non-attainment] nonattainment areas. The levels in section 231-12.6 of this Subpart apply in all attainment areas in the State for the specific NSR contaminant and serve as the required modeling demonstration to show insignificant impacts for that contaminant. A showing that the maximum impacts from the proposed new or modified facility for any regulated NSR contaminant are below the lesser of these significant impact levels or the difference between the NAAQS and the background concentration for that regulated NSR contaminant will be deemed adequate as the required impact analysis to demonstrate that the source will not contribute to a standards violation or PSD increment exceedance for that regulated NSR contaminant. However, such a demonstration will not exclude the performance of any other required impact analysis to satisfy other applicable provisions of Subparts 231-5 to 231-8 of this Part, including the modeling for air quality related values in Federal class I areas.

Existing sections 231-12.8 through 231-13.1 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-13.2 is amended to read as follows:

231-13.2 - Table 2 - Major facility thresholds and offset ratios for PM nonattainment areas

Area/Contaminant Classification	Major Facility Threshold	Offset Ratio
	(tpy)	
Moderate		
PM-10 ¹	100	At least 1:1
No classification		
PM-2.5 ¹	100	At least 1:1
[PM-2.5 Precursors]		
$[SO_2]$	[100]	[At least 1:1]
[NO _x]	[100]	[At least 1:1]

¹ – both the filterable and [condensible]condensable fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

Existing section 231-13.3 remains unchanged.

Existing sections 231-13.4 through 231-13.6 are amended to read as follows:

231-13.4 - Table 4 - Significant project thresholds, significant net emission increase thresholds, and offset ratios for PM nonattainment areas

Area/Contaminant	Significant Project	Significant Net	Offset Ratio
Classification	Threshold (tpy) ²	Emission Increase	
		Threshold (tpy)	
Moderate			
PM-10 ¹	15	15	At least 1:1
No classification	1		

PM-2.5 ¹	10	10	At least 1:1
[PM-2.5 Precursors]			
$[SO_2]$	[40]	[40]	[At least 1:1]
[NO _x]	[40]	[40]	[At least 1:1]

¹ – both filterable and [condensible]condensable fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

231-13.5 - Table 5 - Major facility thresholds for attainment and unclassified areas

Contaminant	Major Facility Threshold
	(tpy) ¹
Carbon monoxide	100 / 250
Nitrogen oxides	100 / 250
Sulfur dioxide	100 / 250
Particulate matter	100 / 250
Particulate matter: PM-10 emissions ²	100 / 250
Particulate matter: PM-2.5 emissions ²	100 / 250
Ozone: as VOCs or NO _x	100 / 250
Lead (elemental)	100 / 250
Fluorides	100 / 250
Sulfuric acid mist	100 / 250
Hydrogen sulfide (H2S)	100 / 250
Total reduced sulfur (including H2S)	100 / 250

² - project emission potential threshold.

Reduced sulfur compounds (including H2S)	100 / 250
Municipal waste combustor organics (measured as total tetra	100 / 250
through octa-chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans)	
Municipal waste combustor metals (measured as particulate	100 / 250
matter)	
Municipal waste combustor acid gases (measured as sulfur	100 / 250
dioxide and hydrogen chloride)	
Municipal solid waste landfills emissions (measured as	100 / 250
nonmethane organic compounds)	
[Greenhouse gases]	[100 / 250
	and
	100,000 ³]
Any other regulated NSR contaminant	100 / 250

¹ - 100 tpy threshold applies if the facility is one of the source categories listed in section 201-

2.1(b)(21)(iii)('a') through ('z') of this Title.

231-13.6 - Table 6 - Significant project thresholds and significant net emission increase thresholds for attainment and unclassified areas

² – both filterable and [condensible]condensable fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

^{[3} measured as CO₂ equivalents.]

Contaminant	Significant Project Threshold ¹ /
	Significant Net Emission
	Increase Threshold
Carbon monoxide	100 tpy
Nitrogen oxides	40 tpy
Sulfur dioxide	40 tpy
Particulate matter	25 tpy
Particulate matter: PM-10 emissions ²	15 tpy
Particulate matter: PM-2.5 emissions ²	10 tpy
Precursors:	
<u>NOx</u>	<u>40 tpy</u>
$\underline{\mathrm{SO}_2}$	<u>40 tpy</u>
Ozone: as VOCs or NO _x	40 tpy
Lead (elemental)	0.6 tpy
Fluorides	3 tpy
Sulfuric acid mist	7 tpy
Hydrogen sulfide (H2S)	10 tpy
Total reduced sulfur (including H2S)	10 tpy
Reduced sulfur compounds (including H2S)	10 tpy
Municipal waste combustor organics (measured as total	3.2 x 10-6 megagrams per year
tetra through octa-chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin and	(3.5 x 10-6 tpy)
dibenzofurans)	

Municipal waste combustor metals (measured as particulate	14 megagrams per year (15 tpy)
matter)	
Municipal waste combustor acid gases (measured as sulfur	36 megagrams per year (40 tpy)
dioxide and hydrogen chloride)	
Municipal solid waste landfills emissions (measured as	45 megagrams per year (50 tpy)
nonmethane organic compounds)	
Greenhouse gases	Any increase
	and
	$75,000 \text{ tpy}^{3,4}$
Any other regulated NSR contaminant	Any increase

^{1 –} project emission potential threshold.

231-13.7 - Table 7 - Federal class I variance maximum allowable increase concentrations

Contaminant	Maximum allowable increase
	(micrograms per cubic meter)
Particulate Matter:	
PM-10, annual arithmetic mean ¹	17
PM-10, 24-hr maximum ¹	30

² – both filterable and [condensible]condensable fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

³ measured as CO₂ equivalents.

⁴ – values only represent the Significant Project Threshold as netting is not allowed for greenhouse gases.

PM-2.5, annual arithmetic mean ¹	4
PM-2.5, 24 hr maximum ¹	9
Sulfur dioxide:	
Annual arithmetic mean	20
24-hr maximum	91
3-hr maximum	325
Nitrogen dioxide:	
Annual arithmetic mean	25

¹ – both filterable and [condensible] <u>condensable</u> fractions are to be included (see definitions of PM-10 and PM-2.5 in Part 200 of this Title).

Existing section 231-13.8 remain unchanged.

Existing section 231-13.9 is amended to read as follows:

231-13.9 Table 9 – Global warming potential values for calculating CO₂ equivalents.

Greenhouse Gas	Global Warming Potential
CO ₂	1
CH ₄	[21] <u>25</u>
N ₂ O	[310] <u>298</u>
SF_6	[23,900] <u>22,800</u>
Hydrofluorocarbons (HFC)	[12 to 11,700 ¹] <u>12 to 14,800¹</u>
Perfluorocarbons (PFC)	[6,500 to 9,200 ¹] <u>6,288 to 17,700¹</u>

¹ see [74 FR 56395-56396, Table A-1,] <u>Table A-1 to Subpart A of 40 CFR Part 98</u> for specific values of HFC and PFC (see Table 1, section 200.9 of this Title).

Express Terms

6 NYCRR Part 200, General Provisions

Existing sections 200.1 through 200.8 remain unchanged.

Existing section 200.9, Table 1 is amended to read as follows:

Regulation	Referenced material	Availability
231-2.1(b)(24)(iii)	Further Continuing Appropriations Act of 1985, 42 U.S.C.	**
	Section 5903d (December 19, 1985)	
231-2.1(b)(31)(i)	Clean Air Act, Title IV, 42 U.S.C. Section 7651, as amended by	**
	Pub. L. 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-2.2(j)(1)	Clean Air Act, U.S.C. Section 7511a(f), as amended by Pub. L.	**
	101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-2.11(a)(2)(iii)	Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 7511a(b), (c), and (g), as	**
	amended by Pub. L. 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-3.1	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Part C and Part D of Subchapter I as	**
	amended by Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-3.4(a)] <u>231-3.3(a)</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7511a(f) as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-3.4(c)(2)] <u>231-3.3(c)(2)</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 107 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-3.7(b)] <u>231-3.6(b)</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 165(c) as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-4.1(b)(3)(i)	40 CFR Part 60 (July 1, 2006)	*

	40 CFR Part 61 (July 1, 2006)	*
231-4.1(b)(4)(i)(c)	40 CFR Part 63 (July 1, 2006)	*
	40 CFR Part 51.165(a)(3)(ii)(G) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-4.1(b)(5)	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 107 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-4.1(b)(5)(i)	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 107 as amended by Public	**
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
231-4.1(b)(9)	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
	(November 15, 1990)	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7411 or 7412 as amended by	**
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(27)(ii)(a)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7407 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(29)(ii)(a)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(28)(iii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 125 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(30)(iii)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(28)(v)(a)] <u>231-</u>	40 CFR Part 52.21 (July 1, 2006)	*
4.1(b)(30)(v)(a)	40 CFR Part 51, Subpart I (July 1, 2006)	*
	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
[231-4.1(b)(28)(v)(b)] <u>231-</u>	40 CFR Part 52.21 (July 1, 2006)	*
4.1(b)(30)(v)(b)		
[231-4.1(b)(28)(vi)] <u>231-</u>	40 CFR Part 52.21 (July 1, 2006)	*
4.1(b)(30)(vi)		
	40 CFR Part 51, Subpart I (July 1, 2006)	*

	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
[231-4.1(b)(43)(i)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
4.1(b)(45)(i)	(November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(43)(ii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 111 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(45)(ii)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(43)(iii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Title VI as amended by Public Law	**
4.1(b)(45)(iii)	101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(43)(iv)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
4.1(b)(45)(iv)	(November 15, 1990)	
	[Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112 as amended by Public	[**]
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)]	
	[Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112(b)(2) as amended by	[**]
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)]	
	[Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112(b)(3) as amended by	[**]
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)]	
	[Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 108 as amended by Public	[**]
	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)]	
231-4.1(b)(45)(v)	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112 as amended by Public	**
	<u>Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)</u>	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112(b)(2) as amended by	**
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 112(b)(3) as amended by	**
	Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	

	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 108 as amended by Public	**
	<u>Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)</u>	
[231-4.1(b)(44)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Title II as amended by Public Law	**
4.1(b)(46)	101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(45)(ii)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. Section 7407 as amended by Public	**
4.1(b)(47)(ii)	Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990)	
[231-4.1(b)(48)] <u>231-</u>	Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. as amended by Public Law 101-549	**
4.1(b)(51)	(November 15, 1990)	
231-7.3(d)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-7.4(c)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
231-7.4(e)(1)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-8.4(d)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-8.5(c)(3)	40 CFR Part 51.166 (July 1, 2006)	*
231-8.5(e)(1)	40 CFR Part 51.100(ii) (July 1, 2006)	*
231-9.5(e)(4)(i)	40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B (July 1, 2006)	*
231-12.2(a)	40 CFR Part 51, Appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models	*
	of the EPA ([July 1, 2006] <u>July 1, 2018</u>)	
231-12.2(b)	40 CFR Part 51, Appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models	*
	of the EPA ([July 1, 2006] <u>July 1, 2018</u>)	
231-12.3(f)	40 CFR Part 58, Appendix B (July 1, 2006)	*
231-13.9	[74 FR 56395-56396, Table A-1, (October 30, 2009)] 40 CFR	[+++] *
	Part 98, Table A-1 to Subpart A (July 2018)	



ENB Statewide Notices 2/10/2021

Public Notice

Notice of Adoption 6 NYCRR Part 200, General Provisions 6 NYCRR Part 201, Permits and Registrations 6 NYCRR Part 212, Process Operations 6 NYCRR Part 621, Uniform Procedures

Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 19-0311, 70-0109, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the ECL, and Sections 501-507 (Title V) of the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS DEC) hereby gives notice of the following:

NYS DEC is adopting revisions to its Operating Permitting Program (OPP). The OPP sets forth the regulatory requirements and procedures to allow owners and operators of an air contamination source to apply for and obtain a permit or registration from NYS DEC for the construction and operation of the source in New York. The OPP is authorized under Section 19-0311 of the New York State Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) and implemented by NYS DEC through Title 6 of the New York Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations (6 NYCRR) Parts 200, General Provisions; 201, Permits and Registrations; and 621, Uniform Procedures (collectively, Part 201). This rulemaking will revise Part 201 to clarify certain requirements, provide consistent implementation of the OPP across the state, streamline the air permitting process, and facilitate the ease of use and timely administration of the OPP. Additionally, this rulemaking will modify 6 NYCRR Section 212-2.2, Table 2 - High Toxicity Air Contaminant (HTAC) list, to make it consistent with Table 1 of Subpart 201-9. Finally, this rulemaking will make several minor changes to 6 NYCRR Part 212 to improve the clarity of its requirements. The scope of the existing Part 201 will not be changed as a result of this rulemaking.

Documents pertaining to this <u>rulemaking</u> can be found on the NYS DEC's website at https://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/propregulations.html#public.

Due to the unprecedented nature of COVID-19, Governor Cuomo issued a PAUSE Order directing non-essential meetings/gatherings to be suspended or cancelled. See Executive Order 202 and subsequent additions, including Executive Order 202.15 which specifically addressed the suspension of public hearing requirements. Pursuant to these directives, NYS DEC did not schedule or hold any public hearings for this rulemaking.

Requests for information related to the SIP revision may be obtained from: Robert D. Bielawa, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Request for information related to the proposed revisions to Part 201 and Part 212, may be obtained from: Mark Lanzafame, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8403, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice of Adoption 6 NYCRR Part 200, General Provisions 6 NYCRR Part 227-1 Stationary Combustion Installations

Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 19-0311, 71-2103, and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS DEC) hereby gives notice of the following:

NYS DEC is repealing and replacing 6 NYCRR Subpart 227-1, "Stationary Combustion Installations" as well as making attendant provisions under Part 200, "General Provisions" (collectively, Subpart 227-1). NYS DEC is revising Subpart 227-1 to lower PM emission limits for existing and new stationary combustion installations that either predate, or are not subject to, a federal new source performance standard (NSPS) and/or national emissions standard for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP). These revisions will also correct minor typographical errors and update the regulation to incorporate changes to the air permitting regulations that have occurred over the past twenty years. In addition, NYS DEC is revising Part 200 to incorporate by reference the applicable federal rule provisions. As required by the Clean Air Act (CAA), NYS DEC will incorporate the revisions to Subpart 227-1 and the attendant revisions to Part 200 into New York's State Implementation Plan (SIP) and provide the revised SIP to United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) for review and approval. The SIP is directed at maintaining the PM national ambient air quality standard (NAAQS) and fulfilling NYS DEC's obligations under the regional haze SIP submitted to the US EPA on March 15, 2010.

Documents pertaining to this <u>rulemaking</u> can be found on the NYS DEC's website at https://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/propregulations.html#public.

Requests for information related to the SIP revision may be obtained from: Robert D. Bielawa, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3251, Phone: (518) 402-8396, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

For further information regarding this regulation, contact: Mike Jennings, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3254, Phone (518) 402-8403, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Notice of Adoption

6 NYCRR Part 231, "New Source Review for New and Modified Facilities"

Pursuant to Sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS DEC) hereby gives notice of the following:

NYS DEC is revising 6 NYCRR Parts 231, "New Source Review (NSR) for New and Modified Facilities," and 200, General Provisions (collectively, Part 231), in order to conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, NYS DEC submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, US EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included into New York's SIP.

In accordance with US EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter and related court rulings, NYS DEC is revising Part 231 to conform to changes in the federal NSR rule, including changes to NSR applicability based on emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and certain monitoring and impact assessment requirements for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5). On May 5, 2011, NYS DEC petitioned US EPA Region 2 to designate all of New York State in attainment with the 2006 PM-2.5 National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and US EPA correspondingly approved the petition in a final rulemaking on December 31, 2012. While the entire New York State is currently in attainment for PM-2.5, this proposed rulemaking will update the PM-2.5 nonattainment provisions in Part 231 where needed and keep them in the rule in the event that a portion of New York State becomes classified as nonattainment for PM-2.5 in the future.

NYS DEC is also revising Part 231 to address US EPA's comments relating to the listed Global Warming Potentials, references to dispersion modeling guidance, and the use of oxides of nitrogen offsets for both ozone and PM-2.5. Lastly, this proposed rule will make clarifying changes and fix minor typographical errors. Once the rule is adopted, the revisions will be submitted to US EPA for approval into New York's SIP.

Documents pertaining to this <u>rulemaking</u> can be found on the NYS DEC's website at https://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/propregulations.html#public.

For further information, contact: Steve Yarrington, NYS DEC - Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3254, Phone: (518) 402-8403, E-mail: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Final Amendment No. 1 to the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2021 Intended Use Plan

FFY 2021 DWSRF Intended Use Plan Amendment:

Draft Amendment No. 1 to the DWSRF IUP issued October 1, 2020 was published in the January 20, 2021 Environmental Notice Bulletin. The comment period for Draft Amendment No.1 closed on February 3, 2021 and the New York State Department of Health (NYS DOH) received no public comments pertaining to the Amendment. Therefore, as of February 3, 2021 the Amendment as shown below was final:

DWSRF No. 17537: Town of Colchester, Delaware County - The project cost as listed in the DWSRF Intended Use Plan (IUP) is increased by \$150,000 in order to add service meter upgrades to the project scope.

NYS DOH has determined that the amendment is necessary, reasonable, and in the interest of protecting public health. The amendment will not adversely affect any project on the IUP Project Annual List above the subsidized funding line. Except as noted above, there are no other changes to the IUP as a result of this Amendment No. 1 of the FFY 2021 IUP.

Contact: David Phillips, NYS DOH - Bureau of Water Supply Protection, Corning Tower, Room 1135, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12237, Phone: (518) 402-7702, E-mail: bpwsp@health.ny.gov.

The revisions to Subpart 227-1 lower PM emission limits for existing and new stationary combustion installations that are not subject to an equivalent or more stringent federal new source performance standard (NSPS) and/or national emissions standard for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP). Currently, there is no NSPS for commercial/industrial/institutional wood burning sources in the 1 to 10 mmBtu/hr size range. Under Subpart 227-1, the current PM standard of 0.6 lbs/mmBtu for these size sources was developed over 40 years ago. Facilities that seek to replace existing wood burning sources have no incentive to purchase state-of-the-art equipment with controls. Therefore, as emissions of PM from residential sources decreases, the percentage of the emissions from the commercial/industrial/institutional will increase, if no new requirements are promulgated.

Annual Tune-ups:

The Department received comments requesting that wood burning sources smaller than 2 mmBtu/hr heat input be exempt from feld testing of emissions, be required to only meet the annual tune-up provisions, or be exempted entirely from the regulation.

The Department's response states that periodic emissions testing will demonstrate if a source is complying with the required emission standards, and also indicate how much a source's performance may have degraded from the time it was originally installed. The current version of the regulation requires wood burning sources one mmBtu/hr or greater to meet an emission limit. Based on the current applicability and requirements, the Department stated that it could not "back slide" and exempt these sources or remove emission limit requirements.

Applicability:

The Department received comments requesting clarif cation regarding rule applicability. The express terms state that sources subject to equivalent or more stringent federal requirement are not subject to the requirements of the proposed Subpart. Clarifying language was add to the RIS to address these comments.

In particular, the Department responded to a comment concerning opacity requirements for certain fuels. The Subpart 227-1 opacity standard applies to all stationary combustion installations, regardless of the type of fuel combusted. This requirement has been in effect since the original regulation was promulgated on August 12, 1972.

The Department also responded to a comment to explain that this rulemaking eliminates the duplication of requirements in Subpart 227-1 from those in federal regulations. Any emission source at an affected facility that is subject to an NSPS or NESHAP which requires equivalent or more stringent emission standards than those proposed in Subpart 227-1 is not subject to the requirements of Subpart 227-1.

Cost:

The Department received comments stating that the cost estimates cited in the RIS are not accurate. The Department responded that the cost fgures cited in the RIS were based on vendor data from the NYSERDA report.

Also regarding costs, the Department stated that while there may be varying costs associated with this rulemaking, each affected installation will need to individually evaluate the options available to them and determine the best course of action necessary to achieve compliance with the proposed emission standards.

Several comments stated that some existing wood-fred systems could not meet the required emission limit within two years of adoption of the rule and requested that the Department extend the compliance period of the proposed regulation. Upon review, the Department agrees and has revised the express terms and RIS to ref ect this. The compliance period was extended for an additional two years.

Emission Limits:

Two commenters requested that the Department consider increasing the proposed PM limit from 0.1 lbs/mmBtu to 0.2 lbs/mmBtu. Based on the NYSERDA report, the Department believes that the 0.1 pounds per mmBtu limit is reasonable, achievable and practical.

The Department also received comments stating that the proposed particulate matter limit was significantly lower than the current regulation's particulate matter limit and that control devices would need to be installed to meet the proposed limit. The Department agrees with the comments and has increased the proposed compliance period from two years to four years to allow an adequate amount of time for affected facilities to install any necessary control equipment.

Greenhouse Gases (GHGs):

The Department received a comment stating that the proposed regulation will disproportionately and adversely affect rural areas with small commercial facilities (schools, hospitals, light manufacturing, etc.). Thus, causing an increase in GHGs. The Department responded that these types of facilities are generally located in the higher density areas of a rural community and have the highest impact on sensitive receptors like children and sick/infirmed people. The Department stated that it has received complaints regarding health impacts at several wood burning systems that were installed at schools in rural areas. The Department determined that

due to poor siting and design, these incorrectly installed systems were negatively impacting the health of the nearby receptors, such as school children.

The Department received a comment that the proposed regulation would cause the landflling of wood normally burned for fuel, which would create significant amounts of methane, a GHG that is roughly 30-times more potent than CO2. The Department responded there are other uses for wood residues besides direct burning or landflling, such as mulching or sending the product to wood pellet manufacturing facilities. While methane is a more potent GHG than carbon dioxide, it takes many years for wood to decompose and convert to methane gas, burning wood instantaneously creates carbon dioxide emissions, and methane created in landflls can be recovered for other productive uses.

Stakeholder Notification:

In response to stakeholder notif cation, the Department stated that due to the unknown number of impacted facilities throughout the State, stakeholder notif cations were sent to several entities representing potentially impacted facilities, such as the New York State Business Council (Business Council) and other identified entities. The Department relies on these entities to inform their members of stakeholder meetings that may affect their operations. As required, all members of the public are notif ed and given the opportunity to comment during the rulemaking process.

Testing/Test Methods:

The Department received a comment stating that source testing is too expensive for small systems since boilers will not perform with wood fuel outside of the required specifications and advanced boilers will operate consistently over their lifetimes with very similar combustion characteristics.

The Department responded by stating that source testing is currently required either once every fve years for Title V facilities or once every ten years for State facility and registered facility permits. The Department shared the cost range provided by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) which incorporates incidental expenses such as travel. The Department also cited the importance of source testing, which may indicate equipment degradation and potential emission increases over time.

In response to a request to use alternative testing methods, the Department stated that the rule allows a source to request a Department-approved alternative testing method. One Commenter requested that the Department accept EPA Method 28 and/or EN303-5 test methods because they could be used for several units in each size category, thus reducing costs for compliance and allowing rural residents to purchase wood fueled units at a much lower cost. The Department explained that the test methods cited by the commenter are not applicable to Subpart 227-1 sources since those methods apply to residential wood burning heating system smaller than the 1 mmBtu/hr minimum heat input, which are not regulated under this rule.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION

New Source Review Requirements for Proposed New Major Facilities and Major Modifications to Existing Facilities

I.D. No. ENV-06-20-00020-A

Filing No. 78

Filing Date: 2021-01-26

Effective Date: 30 days after fling

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE State Administrative Procedure Act, NOTICE is hereby given of the following action:

Action taken: Amendment of Part 231 of Title 6 NYCRR.

Statutory authority: Environmental Conservation Law, sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105

Subject: New Source Review requirements for proposed new major facilities and major modifications to existing facilities.

Purpose: To conform to federal NSR rule requirements and related court rulings, correct typographical errors, and clarify rule language.

Substance of fnal rule: The Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is proposing to amend Parts 200 and 231 of Title 6 of the Offcial Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations of the State of New York, entitled "General Provisions" and "New Source Review of New and Modifed Facilities" respectively.

The Part 200 amendments will incorporate by reference updated versions of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 51 Appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models of the EPA and the list of Global Warming Potentials found in 40 CFR Part 98 Table A-1.

Existing Subparts 231-1 and 231-2 will be revised to correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-3 will be revised for clarif cation and to correct

typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-4 will be revised to clarify definitions of Baseline actual emissions, Baseline area, Minor facility baseline date, Net emission increase, Nonattainment contaminant, Regulated NSR contaminant, and Source reduction. Definitions for "CO2" equivalent" and "Subject to regulation" will be added and inserted alphabetically. Subpart 231-4 will also be revised to correct a typographical error.

Existing Subpart 231-5 will be revised to remove references to interpollutant trading ratios to offset direct emissions of particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) precursors and replace references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis.

Existing Subpart 231-6 will be revised to remove references to interpollutant trading ratios to offset direct emissions of PM-2.5 precursors, replace references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis, and correct typographical

Existing Subpart 231-7 will be revised to clarify the requirement to establish the potential to emit of contaminants in a permit condition and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-8 will be revised to remove the ability to use the netting provisions for greenhouse gases and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-9 will be revised to clarify the reporting and notif cation requirements for plantwide applicability limits and correct

typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-10 will be revised to remove references to interpollutant trading ratios to offset direct emissions of PM-2.5 precursors, clarify that the location requirements of all programs must be satisfed when using a oxides of nitrogen (NOx) offset for multiple programs, clarify that decreases do not need to be included in a Part 201 permit for the creation of Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs), specify that sources with a variance for Reasonably Achievable Control Technology (RACT) can only obtain ERCs based on the statutory RACT limit, remove references to replacement of emission sources, and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-11 will be revised to update references to Part 201

and clarify the reasonable possibility provisions.

Existing Subpart 231-12 will be revised to replace references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis, replace the Signif cant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5 with a value of zero, add 1-hour Significant Impact Levels (SILs) for SO2 and NOx, clarify that impacts below the SILs are not always adequate, and correct typographical errors.

Existing Subpart 231-13 will be revised to remove references to specife PM-2.5 precursors, remove the reference to a major facility threshold for greenhouse gases, state netting is not allowed for greenhouse gases, update the table of global warming potentials, and correct typographical errors.

Final rule as compared with last published rule: Nonsubstantive changes were made in sections 231-1.9, 231-4.1(b)(40), (50), 231-10.3(b)(2), 231-12.2(a), 231-13.2, 231-13.4, 231-13.5, 231-13.6 and 231-13.7

Text of rule and any required statements and analyses may be obtained from: Steve Yarrington, NYSDEC, Division of Air Resources, 625 Broadway, Albany, NY 12233-3254, (518) 402-8403, email: air.regs@dec.ny.gov

Additional matter required by statute: Pursuant to Article 8 of the State Environmental Quality Review Act, a Short Environmental Assessment Form, a Negative Declaration and a Coastal Assessment Form have been prepared and are on fle

Summary of Revised Regulatory Impact Statement STATUTORY AUTHORITY

The statutory authority for these regulations is found in the New York State Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 3-0303, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0107, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 71-2103 and 71-2105.

LEGISLATIVE OBJECTIVES

Articles 1, 3 and 19 of the ECL set the overall legislative policy of reducing air pollution and providing clean air for the citizens of New York, as well as authorize the Department to adopt and enforce regulations to meet State and federal legislative objectives.

The federal Clean Air Act (Act or CAA) and its amendments are aimed at improving the quality of the Nation's air. The Act directs EPA to adopt public health- and welfare-based National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and requires states to develop SIPs which prescribe the measures needed to attain the NAAQS. The Act also mandates that SIPs contain a permitting program and a procedure to review new or modifed air pollution sources

On November 17, 2010, EPA approved New York's NSR program and

delegated authority to the Department to implement and enforce the program. The Department implements the NSR program under 6 NYCRR Part 231, which includes requirements for Prevention of Signif cant Deterioration (PSD) attainment area sources and Nonattainment New Source Review nonattainment area sources.

To meet the legislative objectives of the State and ensure that New York's NSR program remains consistent with the requirements of the Act, federal implementing regulations, and related court rulings, the Department is revising Part 231 as detailed below.

NEEDS AND BENEFITS

The Department is undertaking this rulemaking in response to EPA's June 1, 2016 SIP approval letter which indicated that portions of Part 231 required revision. Once these revisions are adopted through this rulemaking, Part 231 will be consistent with federal NSR rules - which will allow EPA to grant full approval of the State's Part 231 SIP approval request. The following paragraphs outline the various provisions of Part 231 that will be revised in this rulemaking.

Greenhouse Gases
On June 23, 2014, the U.S. Supreme Court issued a decision in Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA which held that EPA may not require a stationary source to obtain an NSR or Title V permit solely on the basis of its GHG emissions (EPA refers to these types of sources as "GHG-only" sources). The Court also held that EPA may continue to require limitations on a source's GHG emissions, based on the application of Best Available Control Technology (BACT), if the source is required to have a PSD permit anyway due to emissions of other pollutants (EPA refers to these types of sources as "anyway" sources).

In response to the Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA decision, EPA

issued a Guidance Memorandum for the interim processing of federal PSD and Title V permits. EPA stated that it will no longer apply or enforce those PSD and Title V federal regulatory provisions, or EPA-approved SIP provisions invalidated by the Court pertaining to "GHG-only" sources. EPA stated that it would continue to require "anyway" sources to apply BACT to their GHG emissions and will continue to use the 75,000 tons per year (tpy) signif cance threshold as its de minimis level for BACT applicability. On October 15, 2014, the Department issued a discretionary enforcement letter in accordance with the Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA decision and EPA's July 24, 2014 Guidance Memorandum.

Consistent with the Guidance Memorandum, EPA finalized rulemakings on May 7, 2015 and August 19, 2015 to allow EPA and delegated authorities to rescind Title V and PSD permits for facilities and modifca tions that were major only for GHGs. EPA also removed the major source applicability threshold for PSD of 100,000 tpy of carbon dioxide equiva-

lents in the August 19, 2015 rulemaking.

In accordance with the Supreme Court ruling and attendant changes to the federal rule, the Department is revising Part 231 to remove the applicability of NSR to a stationary source when the source's major source status is based solely on its GHG emissions. Similarly, the Department is revising the applicability of NSR to modifications at existing major facilities so that a modification is not considered a major modification under Part 231 based solely on its GHG emissions.

Inter-Pollutant Trading Ratios

On July 21, 2011, EPA issued its memorandum "Revised Policy to Address Reconsideration of inter-pollutant Trading Provisions for Fine Particles (PM-2.5)". That memorandum states that the preferred trading ratios set forth in EPA's May 16, 2008 fnal rule were no longer acceptable without a suitable demonstration that the ratios will not cause a violation in the specifc nonattainment area. As a result, the Department is revising Part 231 to remove the EPA's preferred PM-2.5 inter-pollutant trading ratios for NOx and sulfur dioxide in accordance with the EPA memorandum.

Significant Impact Levels and Significant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5

In another Court decision, Sierra Club v. EPA, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit vacated and remanded to EPA two portions of the PSD regulation regarding PM-2.5. The decision requires EPA to remove the provision that automatically exempts sources from CAA requirements if projected impacts are below Significant Impact Levels (SILs) for PM-2.5 or allows sources to avoid a one-year preconstruction air quality continuous monitoring requirement using a Signifcant Monitoring Concentration (SMC) for PM-2.5. The Department is revising Part 231 to conform to draft guidance issued by EPA on May 20, 2014, in order to comply with the Court's remand. In particular, the Department is replacing the SMC for PM-2.5 with a value of zero. Also, the Department reviewed EPA's draft guidance regarding PM-2.5 SILs and determined that the values included in Part 231 are still valid and no revisions are necessary.

Global Warming Potentials

In accordance with EPA's Part 231 SIP approval letter, the Department is also updating references to GWPs under Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 to match EPA's current list (See Table A-1, Subpart A of 40 CFR Part 98).

DEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis

Also, in accordance with EPA's SIP approval letter, the Department is revising Part 231 to remove existing references to NYSDEC Guidelines on Dispersion Modeling Procedures for Air Quality Impact Analysis since the document can be changed without EPA review and, therefore, automatically approved into the New York SIP.

Use of NOx Offsets as Precursors to both Ozone and PM-2.5

To further address EPA's SIP approval letter, the Department is revising Part 231 to clarify that a facility must meet all applicable location requirements to use NOx offsets in areas of New York State that are designated nonattainment for both ozone and PM-2.5 in section 231-5.5 or 231-6.6.

Regulated industries are already required to obtain permits, keep records, submit reports, and comply with the provisions of Parts 201 and 231. Any increase in burden on regulated industries under this proposal is expected to be minor. The costs associated with incremental increases in activities already performed at facilities to comply with permitting regulations are also expected to be minimal.

The economic impacts will not apply to small businesses due to the nature of the regulation. The proposed regulation applies to major facilities and modifications to existing minor facilities that, in and of themselves, would exceed major source thresholds.

The impact to publicly owned facilities (State and local government owned), by the proposed changes to the NSR regulations, will be minimal. Most publicly owned facilities are minor in nature and would not be required to apply advanced emission control technologies. Modifications at most of the publicly owned facilities would likely be minor and not trigger the applicability to NSR.

LOCAL GOVEŘNMENT MANDATES

The adoption of the proposed amendments to Part 231 are not expected to result in any additional burdens on State or local governments beyond those currently incurred to comply with the requirements of the existing NSR process under Subpart 201-6 and Part 231. The proposed amendments do not constitute a mandate on State and local governments. NSR requirements apply equally to every entity that owns or operates a source that proposes a project with emissions greater than the applicability thresholds of Part 231.

PAPERWORK

The proposed amendments to Part 231 are not expected to entail any significant additional paperwork for the Department, industry, or State and local governments beyond that which is already required to comply with the Department's existing permitting program under Subpart 201-6 and existing NSR regulations under Part 231.

DUPLICATION

This proposal is not intended to duplicate any other federal or State regulations or statutes. The proposed revisions to Part 231 will conform the regulation to the federal requirements and attendant court decisions.

ALTERNATIVES

No other reasonable alternatives exist regarding the issues identifed by EPA. In order for Part 231 to be approved into New York's SIP, the changes outlined in EPA's SIP approval letter must be included in this rulemaking. Failure to comply with EPA's request may result in EPA imposing a Federal Implementation Plan with the necessary changes included.

FEDERAL STANDARDS

The proposed revisions to Part 231 are consistent with federal NSR standards.

COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

The proposed revisions do not create new compliance requirements or the need for a compliance schedule. The regulation will take effect 30 days after fnal publication in the State Register. Permits for new facilities and permit modifications for existing facilities will continue to be addressed upon submittal of a permit application by the facility owner and reviewed by the Department in accordance with applicable law.

Revised Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

EFFECTS OF RULE:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Parts 200 and 231. The proposed rulemaking will apply statewide. The Department is undertaking this rulemaking in order to conform to federal New Source Review (NSR) rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included in New York's SIP.

The revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modified major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. The revisions leave intact the major

NSR requirements for application of Lowest Achievable Emission Rate (LAER) or Best Available Control Technology (BACT) as appropriate, modeling, and emission offsets. As a result of this rulemaking, emissions of Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) alone will not trigger NSR permitting requirements. GHGs will only be subject to NSR if the new or modified facility is subject to the Prevention of Significant Deterioration provisions and GHGs emissions are greater than the signif cant project threshold in Table 6 of Subpart 231-13. The list of Global Warming Potentials in Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 will also be updated to match EPA's current list in their Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule, 40 CFR Part 98 Table A-1. The specif ed precursors for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) will aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) will be removed and replaced with generic references to applicable precursors and the Signifcant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5 will be replaced with a value of zero. Many of the signif cant requirements are not changing: new or modifed major facilities will still have to undertake applicability reviews and in appropriate cases submit permit applications and undertake control technology reviews. These revisions will also correct existing typographical errors identified after the previous Part 231 rulemaking was completed and clarify specific sections of existing Part rulemaking was completed and clarify specific sections of existing Part 231. The Department does not anticipate that any of the proposed rule revisions would adversely affect small businesses or local governments in

COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS: There are no specific requirements in this rulemaking which apply exclusively to small businesses or local governments. As described above, the revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modif ed major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. Accordingly, these requirements are not anticipated to place any undue burden of compliance on small businesses and local governments. This proposed rulemaking is not a mandate on local governments. It applies to any entity that owns or operates a source that proposes a project with emissions greater than the applicability thresholds of this regulation.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES:

The professional services for any small business or local government that is subject to Part 231 are not anticipated to significantly change from the type of services which are currently required to comply with NSR requirements. The need for consulting engineers to address NSR applicability and permitting requirements for any new major facility or major modification proposed by a small business or local government will continue to exist.

COMPLIANCE COSTS:

Regulated industries are already required to obtain permits, keep records, submit reports and comply with the provisions of Parts 201 and 231. Any increase in burden on regulated industries under this proposal is expected to be minor. The costs associated with incremental increases in activities already performed at facilities to comply with permitting regulations are also expected to be minimal.

The economic impacts will not apply to small businesses due to the nature of the regulation. The proposed regulation applies to major facilities and modifications to existing minor facilities that, in and of themselves, would exceed major source thresholds.

The impact to publicly owned facilities (State and local government owned), by the proposed changes to the NSR regulations, will be minimal. Most publicly owned facilities are minor in nature and would not be required to apply advanced emission control technologies. Modifications at most of the publicly owned facilities would likely be minor and not trigger the applicability to NSR

ECONOMIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL FEASIBILITY:

The proposed revisions do not substantially alter the requirements for subject facilities as compared to those requirements that currently exist. The revisions leave intact the major NSR requirements for application of LAER or BACT as appropriate, modeling, and emission offsets. Therefore, the Department believes there are no additional economic or technological feasibility issues to be addressed by any small business or local government that may be subject to the proposed rulemaking.

MINIMIZÍNG ADVERSE IMPÁCT:

The proposed rulemaking revisions as described above are not expected to create significant adverse impacts on any small business or local government. The proposed revisions will not alter the way the current regulations are implemented.

AND LOCAL SMALL BUSINESS GOVERNMENT

The Department held a stakeholder webinar on March 27, 2019 to present the proposed changes to the public and regulated community. The Department also provided small businesses and local governments the opportunity to submit comments during the public comment period.

Revised Rural Area Flexibility Analysis

TYPES AND ESTIMATED NUMBERS OF RURAL AREAS:

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

(Department) proposes to revise 6 NYCRR Parts 200 and 231. The proposed rulemaking will apply statewide and all rural areas of New York State will be affected. The Department is undertaking this rulemaking in order to conform to federal New Source Review (NSR) rule requirements and related court rulings. On October 12, 2011, the Department submitted a revised State Implementation Plan (SIP) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that included revisions to Part 231 based on 2008 and 2010 amendments to the federal NSR rule. On June 1, 2016, EPA indicated in its SIP approval letter that certain portions of Part 231 required revision before they could be included in New York's SIP.

The revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requiremekjnts

for the permitting of new and modifed major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. The revisions leave intact the major NSR requirements for application of Lowest Achievable Emission Rate or Best Available Control Technology as appropriate, modeling, and emission offsets. As a result of this rulemaking, emissions of Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) alone will not trigger NSR permitting requirements. GHGs will only be subject to NSR if the new or modified facility is subject to the Prevention of Signif cant Deterioration provisions and GHGs emissions are greater than the signif cant project threshold found in Table 6 of Subpart 231-13. The list of Global Warming Potentials in Table 9 of Subpart 231-13 will also be updated to match EPA's current list in their Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule, 40 CFR 98 Table A-1. The specifed precursors for particulate matter or particles with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) will be removed and replaced with generic references to applicable precursors and the Signif cant Monitoring Concentration for PM-2.5 will be replaced with a value of zero. Many of the significant requirements are not changing: new or modif ed major facilities will still have to undertake applicability reviews and in appropriate cases submit permit applications and undertake control technology reviews. These revisions will also correct existing typographical errors identifed after the previous Part 231 rulemaking was completed and clarify specific sections of existing Part 231. The Department does not anticipate that any of the proposed rule revisions would adversely affect rural areas in the State.

REPÓRTING, RECORDKEPING AND OTHER COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS; AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES:

There are no specific requirements in this rulemaking which apply exclusively to rural areas of the State. As described above, the revisions to Part 231 do not substantially alter the requirements for the permitting of new and modified major stationary sources which are currently in effect in New York State. As such, the professional services that will be needed by any facility located in a rural area are not anticipated to significantly change from the type of services which are currently required to comply with NSR requirements.

COSTS:

Regulated industries are already required to obtain permits, keep records, submit reports and comply with the provisions of Parts 201 and 231. Any increase in burden on regulated industries under this proposal is expected to be minor. The costs associated with incremental increases in activities already performed at facilities to comply with permitting regulations are also expected to be minimal. No specific additional costs will be incurred by rural areas of the State.

MINIMIZING ADVERSE IMPACT:

The proposed rulemaking revisions as described above are not expected to create signif cant adverse impacts on rural areas. The proposed revisions will not alter the way the current regulations are implemented.

RURAL AREA PARTICIPATION:

The Department held a stakeholder webinar on March 27, 2019 to present the proposed changes to the public and regulated community. The Department also provided residents of rural areas of the State the opportunity to submit comments during the public comment period.

Revised Job Impact Statement

The edits made to the Express Terms do not require any changes to the JIS.

Initial Review of Rule

As a rule that requires a RFA, RAFA or JIS, this rule will be initially reviewed in the calendar year 2024, which is no later than the 3rd year after the year in which this rule is being adopted.

Assessment of Public Comment

Comment 1: The newly added section 231-4.1(b)(4)(i)(e) provides clarifications related to the determination of baseline actual emissions for multiple emission sources that had shutdown at a facility, but which are not part of a proposed modification. While, it is not clearly stated, it's the understanding of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that in this newly added section, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) meant to refer to those emission sources which shut down (i.e., decreased their emissions) during the contemporaneous period of a certain proposed modification. This new clause should be

revised to add language to clarify that it also applies to (1) multiple emissions sources that decrease their emissions by means other than shutdowns, and (2) multiple emission sources that increase their emissions during the contemporaneous period of a certain proposed modification. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 1: The proposed changes to the definition of baseline actual emissions were intended to clarify that as long as the facility is not proposing a modification, baseline period determinations are completely independent. Since it is possible that multiple emission sources could take limits on their emissions simultaneously, the definition has been revised to not be exclusively for shutdown sources. The magnitude of an emission increase is determined when the increase occurs. Therefore, no revisions to the definition of baseline actual emissions is required for emission increases.

Comment 2: The newly added section 231-4.1(b)(11) needs to be clearer as to how carbon dioxide (CO2) equivalents should be calculated. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 2: The proposed definition of CO2 equivalent (CO-2e) was moved from Part 200 where it was added in 2011. Since there have been no issues implementing the definition, no changes will be made now.

Comment 3: We recommend adding a definition for greenhouse gases (GHGs) under Subpart 231-4. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 3: The term Greenhouse Gases is not specife to Part 231 and is defined at section 200.1(cu).

Comment 4: The newly added section at 231-4.1(b)(50)(i), which establishes the applicability criteria when GHGs emissions at a new major facility would be subject to regulation, should be revised by removing the reference to the calculation of emission increases in accordance with the project emission potential provisions of paragraph 41 since that is only applicable to existing sources. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 4: Existing minor facilities are covered by subparagraph (i) of the subject to regulation definition and are allowed to use project emission potential for calculating emission increases. The definition has been revised to state that that portion of the definition pertains to existing minor facilities.

Comment 5: Based on EPA's review, the language in section 231-8.7(a) could be interpreted to mean that a proposed modification must equal or exceed the significant net emission increase first and then Best Available Control Technology (BACT) applies to each emission source within that proposed modification. However, a proposed modification that would result in a significant net emissions increase, could include both, emission sources that increase their emissions, and emission sources that decrease their emissions. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 5: Only sources that increase emissions are part of the modification. A source that decreases emissions can be used in a netting analysis but would not be considered part of the modification and not subject to the requirement to install BACT.

Comment 6: Section 231-8.7(a) provides that in case of GHGs, BACT applies if the proposed modification experiences a significant emission increase, but it doesn't require a significant net emission increase. The Department should clarify whether its intention is to apply BACT to GHGs without a significant net emission increase in GHGs. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 6: The Department's intention is to apply BACT for GHGs for projects that increase GHG emissions by more than the signif cant project threshold of 75,000 tons and also result in another contaminant being subject to the Prevention of Signif cant Deterioration (PSD) regulation. Since netting requires a ton per year limit and increases of GHGs less than 75,000 tons per year do not meet the definition of subject to regulation, it is the Department's determination that GHGs are not subject to netting. Otherwise, a permit condition would be required limiting a contaminant that does not meet the definition of regulated NSR contaminant. Also, revised section 231-8.2 states our intention to not allow netting for GHGs.

Comment 7: EPA recommends revising Part 231 to be clear that particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers (PM-2.5) nonattainment provisions would only apply when New York State or a portion of the State will become nonattainment for PM-2.5. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 7: The applicability of the Department's nonattainment NSR regulation is based on the definition of nonattainment area at section 200.1(av). Any changes to nonattainment designations will be made to that definition.

Comment 8: The revised section 231-9.5 (g)(v) 'Reporting and notification requirements' provision of the proposed Part 231 deleted this clause: "or the number determined by method included in the permit, as provided by." Given that the deletion appears to be inconsistent with the requirements at 40 CFR § 52.21(aa)(14(i)(f), please provide the rationale for the deletion. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 8: The requirements have not changed. The provision to use a method included in the permit is found is section 231-

9.5(e)(7) which is referenced in section 231-9.5(g)(v). It was determined

that repeating that requirement was unnecessary.

Comment 9: EPA recommends including a definition for the term "RACT [Reasonably Available Control Technology] variance" which is used in the newly added provision at section 231-10.3(c) or indicate other New York air regulations that define the term RACT variance. (Commenter

Response to Comment 9: The term "RACT variance" has been replaced with a reference to a source specific RACT determination in 231-10.3(b)(2)(i)('c').

Comment 10: Two scenarios or provisions where there is a reasonable possibility that a project that is not part of a major modification (where an insignificant modification occurs), which were included in the State Implementation Plan (SIP) approved Part 231 version, were removed from the proposed revised Part 231 version. Thus, please provide a justification for removing the two provisions, and a demonstration that the revised section 231-11.2 of the proposed Part 231 is at least as stringent as the federal PSD regulations. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 10: The applicability of the reasonable possibility requirements has not changed. The prior version of section 231-11.2(b) stated that it was applicable to a modification that did not exclude emissions and was less than 50 percent of the threshold or to a modification that did exclude emissions and, when those emissions were added to the project's emissions, was less than 50 percent of the threshold. In either case, it is only applicable if emissions are less than 50 percent of the threshold. Therefore, there is no need to distinguish the two scenarios. Thus, only one scenario was proposed that covered both projects that exclude emissions and those that do not. The language in section 231-11.2(c) was revised in a similar way.

Comment 11: EPA would like to bring to the Department's attention that the PM-2.5 annual average Signif cant Impact Level (SIL) value of 0.3 µg/m3 has been modified by EPA for attainment areas. However, in 2013, due to a lawsuit from the Sierra Club, the D.C. Circuit vacated and remanded in part the PM-2.5 SIL. EPA thereafter did more evaluation and analyses and recommended a value of 0.2 µg/m3 for the annual SIL. An April 17, 2018 guidance document from EPA notes that States may use other values up to 0.3 µg/m3. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 11: The Department is aware of the April 17, 2018 guidance and has determined that the PM-2.5 SIL value of 0.3 µg/m3 is still valid for New York State.

Comment 12: The proposed Part 231 does not include a SIL for ozone. However, since in practice New York State does not have any ozone attainment areas (due to the ozone transport region) it may not be relevant at this time. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 12: The Department agrees that a SIL for ozone is not relevant until such time that ozone is treated as an attainment contaminant in New York State.

Comment 13: Regarding the added text in section 231-12.7 "Significant impact levels for facilities located in attainment areas" of the proposed Part 231 that says, "the lesser of" and "or the difference between the NAAQS [National Ambient Air Quality Standard] and background concentration for that regulated NSR [New Source Review] contaminant" are incorrect and should be removed. The text was correct without the additions. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 13: It is the Department's determination that ambient concentrations should remain below the NAAQS whenever possible. Therefore, since a project's maximum impact could be below an applicable SIL but still cause an ambient concentration greater than the NAAQS when added to the background concentration, the proposed revision was added to guard against this possibility.

Comment 14: Table 5 of section 231-13.5 should include a major facility threshold for GHGs of 75,000 tpy of CO2e, so that it will be consistent with section 231-4 (b)(50) 'Subject to regulation' that states that a new major facility with a potential to emit of 75,000 tpy of CO2e, which is major for a regulated NSR contaminant other than GHGs, is major for GHGs. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 14: Since GHGs alone are no longer considered in determining if a facility or project is subject to PSD, there is no representative major facility threshold for GHGs. Once one regulated NSR contaminant exceeds an applicable threshold in section 231-13.5, emissions for all other regulated NSR contaminants are compared to the values in section 231-13.6 which includes the 75,000 ton threshold for GHGs.

Comment 15: Based on our review, Part 231 does not establish that 40 tpy of sulfur dioxide (SO2) or oxides of nitrogen (NOx) represent signifcant emissions or signif cant net increases for PM-2.5 emissions. Thus Part 231 should be revised to address this issue. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 15: Section 231-13.6 Table 6 has been revised to list SO2 and NOx as precursors to PM-2.5 with 40 tpy thresholds.

Comment 16: While the term potential to emit is used in several places within Part 231, there is no definition of potential to emit included in Part 231. We recommend either including a potential to emit definition in Subpart 231-4 or referring to other New York State regulations which include such definition. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 16: The term potential to emit is not specife to Part 231 and is defined at section 200.1(bl).

Comment 17: While Part 231 refers to "project threshold" and "signif-cant project threshold" in several places, Part 231 does not define these terms. We recommend revising Subpart 231-4 by including definitions for "project threshold" and "significant project threshold". (Commenter I)

Response to Comment 17: Tables in Subpart 231-13 are included for the various significant project thresholds and are referenced throughout

Part 231. The Department has determined that no additional defnitions are necessary.

Comment 18: Part 231 refers to the following terms: emission source, existing emission source, and new emission source in various provisions, however, it appears that these terms were not defined in Part 231. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 18: The term emission source is not specific to Part 231 and is defined at section 200.1(f). The terms existing and new do not have any special meaning for Part 231. If a source is at the facility prior to a modification, it is existing; if it is added in a modification, it is new. Similarly, if a facility is already permitted, it is existing; if it has never been permitted, it is new.

Comment 19: Based on our review, the criteria at 40 CFR 52.21(b)(23)(iii) related to Class I areas was omitted from, both, the SIP approved Part 231 version and proposed Part 231 revisions. The Department should add this provision to Part 231 or provide justif cation why this provision should not be included in Part 231. (Commenter 1)

Response to Comment 19: There are no Class I areas located within 10 kilometers of New York State. Therefore, that provision is not applicable.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION

Above Referenced Parts Make Up the Department's Operating **Permit Program**

I.D. No. ENV-17-20-00005-A

Filing No. 76

Filing Date: 2021-01-26

Effective Date: 30 days after fling

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE State Administrative Procedure Act, NOTICE is hereby given of the following action:

Action taken: Amendment of Parts 200, 201, 212 and 621 of Title 6 NYCRR.

Statutory authority: Environmental Conservation Law, sections 1-0101, 3-0301, 19-0103, 19-0105, 19-0301, 19-0302, 19-0303, 19-0305, 19-0311, 70-0109, 71-2103 and 71-2105; Clean Air Act, sections 501-507

Subject: Above referenced Parts make up the Department's operating permit program.

Purpose: The purpose of this rulemaking is to improve the clarity and consistency of the Department's operating permit program.

Substance of fnal rule: The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) is proposing to revise its Operating Permit Program as set forth in Title 6 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations of the State of New York (6 NYCRR) Parts 200, General Provisions; 201, Permits and Registrations; 212, Process Operations; and 621, Uniform Procedures (collectively, Part 201).

The proposed revisions to Part 200 revise the definition of 'emergency power generating stationary internal combustion engine' to allow operation for more than 500 hours during a declared state disaster emergency as defined under Section 28 of the New York State Executive Law. It also modif es the definition of 'combustion installation' and adds the definitions of 'fossil fuel' and 'furnace', which are being removed from Paragraph 201-2.1(b).

The proposed revisions to Part 621 correct minor language inconsistences in Subdivision 621.4(g). The renewal application deadlines specifed in Paragraph 621.11(a)(1) are being revised to be consistent with Part 201. Finally, the language of Subdivision 621.11(i) is being revised to be consistent with Part 201.

Subdivision 621.4(g) is revised to remove an outdated reference to 6 NYCRR Part 215. Subparagraph 621.4(g)(2)(ii) is revised to refer to air state facility permits and correct a reference to Part 201. Clauses 621.4(g)(2)(v)(a) and 621.4(g)(2)(v)(b) are deleted. Paragraph 621.11(a)(1) is revised to clarify the renewal application deadlines for air state facility, Title V facility, and Title IV facility permits. Subdivision 621.11(i) is revised to clarify the public noticing requirements for air permits containing emission caps.