

**Chokeberry (*Aronia* spp)**

White flowers in spring.  
Height- 8'



**Currant and Gooseberry (*Ribes* spp)**

Late spring blooms, edible berries.  
Height- 8'



**Dogwood (*Cornus* spp)**

White flowers in spring.  
Height- 10'



**Eastern Ninebark (*Physocarpus opulifolius*)**

Attractive bark.  
Height- 9'



**Elderberry (*Sambucus canadensis*)**

white blooms in early summer; edible fruit.  
Height- 15'



**Meadowsweet (*Spiraea alba*)**

Blooms mid to late summer, white flowers. Height- 5'



**Raspberry and Blackberry (*Rubus* spp)**

Edible berries;. Height- 6 -10'



What is a Pollinator Pathway ?

A Pollinator Pathway is a series of gardens with native plant species that form a distinctive vegetative path within an urban landscape that provides habitat for pollinators, while also reducing the susceptibility of the urban landscape to the introduction of invasive species (any non-native species that causes harm to the economy, environment and or human health). You can help this project by planting pollinator friendly native species (some are showcased in this brochure) in your own garden! To participate contact the Pollinator Pathway Project Coordinators Below:

**Project Coordinators:**

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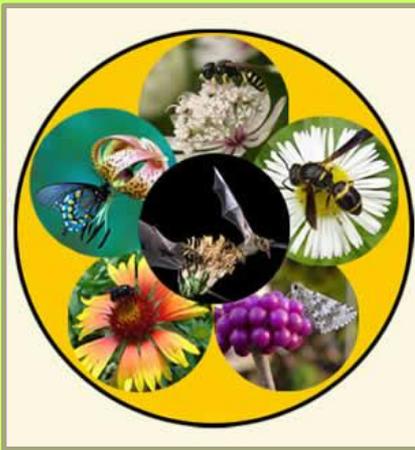
SLELO PRISM

St. Lawrence Eastern Lake Ontario Partnership for Regional Invasive Species Management



Cornell University  
Cooperative Extension  
Jefferson County

Pollinator Pathway Project



SLELO PRISM  
"Teaming up to stop the spread of invasive species"

# Suggested Native Pollinator Friendly Species

## Birch (*Betula* spp.)

Attractive bark.  
Height- 40-70'



## Dogwood (*Cornus* spp.)

White flowers in spring.  
Height- 20-40'



## Eastern Red Cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*)

source of winter food and shelter.  
Height- 40- 50'



## Hawthorn (*Crataegus* spp.)

White flowers in spring, red fruit.  
Height- 20'



## Northern White Cedar (*Thuja occidentalis*)

Slow growing evergreen; source of winter food and shelter.  
Height- 40- 50'



## Pine (*Pinus* spp.)

Faster growing evergreen; source of winter food and shelter.  
Height- 50-80'



## Pussy Willow (*Salix* spp.)

Fluffy catkins provide winter interest.  
Height-15- 20'



## Serviceberry (*Amelanchier* spp.)

Edible berries.  
Height-15 -25'



## Spruce (*Picea* spp.)

Evergreen; source of winter food and shelter.  
Height- 30- 60'



## Virginia Creeper (*Parthenocissus* spp)

Fast and vigorous grower; suckers extensively; sap may irritate skin. Height- 100'.



## Black-eyed Susan/Coneflower (*Rudbeckia* spp)

Yellow to orange blooms mid-summer to fall.  
Height- 30"



## Cardinal Flower (*Lobelia cardinalis*)

Red blooms spring to fall.  
Height- 3'



## Columbine (*Aquilegia canadensis*)

Mixed purple, pink, yellow blooms in early summer.  
Height- 2'



## Goldenrod (*Solidago* spp)

Yellow blooms late summer and into fall.  
Height- 2-3'



## Joe-pye Weed/Boneset (*Eupatorium* spp)

White and purple blooms July to October.  
Height- 4-7'



## Milkweed (*Asclepias* spp)

Purple to pink blooms mid-summer to fall. Height- 3-5'



## Oswego Tea (*Monarda didyma*)

Purple to pink blooms mid-summer to fall. Height- 3'



## Purple Coneflower (*Echinacea* spp)

Purple to pink blooms summer to fall.  
Height- 3-4'



## Sunflower (*Helianthus* spp)

Yellow to brown blooms mid-summer to fall.  
Height- 3-12'

