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State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) DISCHARGE PERMIT

SIC Code: 3089	NAICS Code: 326199	SPDES Number:	NY0296759
Discharge Class (CL):	01	DEC Number:	5-0942-00538/00001
Toxic Class (TX):	Т	Effective Date (EDP):	EDP
Major-Sub Drainage Basin:	10 - 02	Expiration Date (ExDP):	EDP + 5 years
Water Index Number:	Groundwater Item No.: -	Madification Dates (EDDM)	
Compact Area:	NEIWPCC	Modification Dates (EDPM):	

This SPDES permit is issued in compliance with Title 8 of Article 17 of the Environmental Conservation Law of New York State and in compliance with the Clean Water Act, as amended, (33 U.S.C. '1251 et.seq.)

PERMITTEE NAME AND ADDRESS							
Name:	UMS Property LLC	Attention:	Mott Po	att Bokus, EH&S Manager			
Street:	194 Pleasant Ridge Road			Wall DO	ikus, Enas	o wanager	
City:	Plattsburgh		State:	NY	Zip Code:	12901	
Email:	MBokus@schluter.com		Phone:	(518) 32	24-5639		

is authorized to discharge from the facility described below:

FACILITY NAME, A	FACILITY NAME, ADDRESS, AND PRIMARY OUTFALL																			
Name:	Produ	roduction Facility KB4																		
Address / Location:	26 Iris	6 Irish Settlement Road County: Clinton																		
City:	Platts	Plattsburgh State NY Zip						Zip (Zip Code: 12901											
Facility Location:		Latitude	: //	44	0	39	,	;	27.3	" N	&	Longitude	: :	73	0		29	,	12.3	" W
Primary Outfall No.:	001	Latitude	:	44	0	39	,	,	31.4	" N	&	Longitude	e:	73	0		29	,	10.1	" W
Wastewater Description:	Sanita Floor Waste	Wash	Receiving Water:	Gı	ro	undw	ate	er		NAICS	S:	326199	Cla	iss:	G	Α	Star	nd	ard:	-

and the additional outfalls listed in this permit, in accordance with: effluent limitations; monitoring and reporting requirements; other provisions and conditions set forth in this permit; and 6 NYCRR Part 750-1 and 750-2.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire on midnight of the expiration date shown above and the permittee shall not discharge after the expiration date unless this permit has been renewed or extended pursuant to law. To be authorized to discharge beyond the expiration date, the permittee shall apply for permit renewal not less than 180 days prior to the expiration date shown above.

DISTRIBUTION:

BWP Permit Coordinator (permit.coordinator@dec.ny.gov) **BWP Permit Writer**

RWE RPA EPA Region II (Region2 NPDES@epa.gov)

Permit Administrator:	Erin M. Donhauser					
Address:	1115 NYS RTE 86 Ray Brook, NY 12977					
Signature		Date				

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SUMMARY OF ADDITIONAL OUTFALLS

Outfall	Wastewater Description	NAICS Code	Outfall Latitude	Outfall Longitude				
002	Reverse Osmosis (RO) Backwash		44 ° 39 ' 23.5 " N	73 ° 29 ' 20.01 " W				
Receivi	ng Water: Groundwater	Class: GA						



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DEFINITIONS

TERM	DEFINITION
7-Day Geo Mean	The highest allowable geometric mean of daily discharges over a calendar week.
7-Day Average	The average of all daily discharges for each 7-days in the monitoring period. The sample measurement is the highest of the 7-day averages calculated for the monitoring period.
12-Month Rolling Average (12 MRA)	The current monthly value of a parameter, plus the sum of the monthly values over the previous 11 months for that parameter, divided by the number of months for which samples were collected in the 12-month period.
30-Day Geometric Mean	The highest allowable geometric mean of daily discharges over a calendar month, calculated as the antilog of: the sum of the log of each of the daily discharges measured during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that month.
Action Level	Action level means a monitoring requirement characterized by a numerical value that, when exceeded, triggers additional permittee actions and department review to determine if numerical effluent limitations should be imposed.
Compliance Level / Minimum Level	A compliance level is an effluent limitation. A compliance level is given when the water quality evaluation specifies a Water Quality Based Effluent Limit (WQBEL) below the Minimum Level. The compliance level shall be set at the Minimum Level (ML) for the most sensitive analytical method as given in 40 CFR Part 136, or otherwise accepted by the DEC.
Daily Discharge	The discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for the purposes of sampling. For pollutants expressed in units of mass, the 'daily discharge' is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the 'daily discharge' is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.
Daily Maximum	The highest allowable Daily Discharge.
Daily Minimum	The lowest allowable Daily Discharge.
Effective Date of Permit (EDP or EDPM)	The date this permit is in effect.
Effluent Limitations	Effluent limitation means any restriction on quantities, quality, rates and concentrations of chemical, physical, biological, and other constituents of effluents that are discharged into waters of the state.
Expiration Date of Permit (ExDP)	The date this permit is no longer in effect.
Instantaneous Maximum	The maximum level that may not be exceeded at any instant in time.
Instantaneous Minimum	The minimum level that must be maintained at all instants in time.
Monthly Average	The highest allowable average of daily discharges over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of each of the daily discharges measured during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that month.
Outfall	The terminus of a sewer system, or the point of emergence of any waterborne sewage, industrial waste or other wastes or the effluent therefrom, into the waters of the State.
Range	The minimum and maximum instantaneous measurements for the reporting period must remain between the two values shown.
Receiving Water	The classified waters of the state to which the listed outfall discharges.
Sample Frequency / Sample Type / Units	See DEC's "DMR Manual for Completing the Discharge Monitoring Report for the SPDES" for information on sample frequency, type and units.

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PERMIT LIMITS, LEVELS AND MONITORING

OUTFALL	DESCRIPTION	RECEIVING WATER	EFFECTIVE	EXPIRING
001	Sanitary & Floor Wash Water	Groundwater	EDP	EDP +5 years

	EFF	LUENT L	IMITATIO	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS						
PARAMETER					Loca	ation	FN			
	Туре	Limit	Units	Limit	Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Inf.	Eff.	
Flow	Daily Maximum	3770	GPD	-	-	Continuous	Estimate		Х	1
-11	Daily Minimum	6.5	SU	-	-	Mandalia	Oneh		\ \	
pΗ	Daily Maximum	8.5	SU	ı	-	Monthly	Grab		Х	
Total Copper	Daily Maximum	0.4	mg/L	-	1	Monthly	Grab		Х	
Oil & Grease	Daily Maximum	15	mg/L	-	-	Monthly	Grab		Х	

OUTFALL	DESCRIPTION	RECEIVING WATER	EFFECTIVE	EXPIRING
002	Reverse Osmosis (RO) Backwash	Groundwater	EDP	EDP +5 years

	EFF	LUENT L	IMITATIO	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS						
PARAMETER								Loca	ation	FN
	Туре	Limit	Units	Limit	Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Inf.	Eff.	
Flow	Daily Maximum	15173	GPD	-	-	Continuous	Estimate		Х	1
-11	Daily Minimum	6.5	SU	-	-	NA 41- 1	Oneh		\ \	
pH	Daily Maximum	8.5	SU	-	-	Monthly	Grab		X	
Total Copper	Daily Maximum	0.4	mg/L	-	-	Monthly	Grab			

FOOTNOTES:

1. Flow shall be based on the hour meters in the pump chambers.

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STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION REQUIREMENTS

NO EXPOSURE CERTIFICATION

The permittee submitted a Conditional Exclusion for No Exposure Form on March 6, 2024, certifying that all industrial activities and materials are completely sheltered from exposure to rain, snow, snowmelt, and stormwater runoff except as allowed under 40 CFR 122.26(g)(2). The permittee must maintain a condition of no exposure for the exclusion to remain applicable. If conditions change resulting in the exposure of materials and activities to stormwater, the permittee must notify the Regional Water Engineer. The permittee must recertify a condition of no exposure every five years by completing the "No Exposure Certification Form" found on the DEC website.



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BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) FOR INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES

Note that for some facilities, especially those with few employees or limited industrial activities, some of the below BMPs may not be applicable. It is acceptable in these cases to indicate "Not Applicable" for the portion(s) of the BMP Plan that do not apply to your facility, along with an explanation.

- 1. <u>General</u> The permittee shall develop, maintain, and implement a Best Management Practices (BMP) plan to prevent releases of significant amounts of pollutants to the waters of the State through plant site runoff; spillage and leaks; sludge or waste disposal; and stormwater discharges including, but not limited to, drainage from raw material storage. The BMP plan shall be documented in narrative form and shall include the 13 minimum BMPs and any necessary plot plans, drawings, or maps. Other documents already prepared for the facility such as a Safety Manual or a Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) plan may be used as part of the plan and may be incorporated by reference. A copy of the current BMP plan shall be submitted to the DEC as required in item (2.) below and a copy must be maintained at the facility and shall be available to authorized DEC representatives upon request.
- 2. <u>Compliance Deadlines</u> The initial BMP plan shall be submitted in accordance with the Schedule of Submittals to the Regional Water Engineer. The BMP plan shall be implemented within 6 months of submission, unless a different time frame is approved by the Department.
- 3. Facility Review The permittee shall review all facility components or systems (including but not limited to material storage areas; in-plant transfer, process, and material handling areas; loading and unloading operations; storm water, erosion, and sediment control measures; process emergency control systems; and sludge and waste disposal areas) where materials or pollutants are used, manufactured, stored or handled to evaluate the potential for the release of pollutants to the waters of the State. In performing such an evaluation, the permittee shall consider such factors as the probability of equipment failure or improper operation, cross-contamination of storm water by process materials, settlement of facility air emissions, the effects of natural phenomena such as freezing temperatures and precipitation, fires, and the facility's history of spills and leaks. The relative toxicity of the pollutant shall be considered in determining the significance of potential releases. The review shall address all substances present at the facility that are identified in the SPDES application Form NY-2C (available at https://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/permits ej operations.pdf/form2c.pdf) or that are required to be monitored for by the SPDES permit.
- 4. 13 Minimum BMPs: Whenever the potential for a release of pollutants to State waters is determined to be present, the permittee shall identify BMPs that have been established to prevent or minimize such potential releases. Where BMPs are inadequate or absent, appropriate BMPs shall be established. In selecting appropriate BMPs, the permittee shall consider good industry practices and, where appropriate, structural measures such as secondary containment and erosion/sediment control devices and practices. USEPA guidance for development of stormwater elements of the BMP is available in *Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan A Guide for Industrial Operators*, February 2009, EPA 833-B-09-002. As a minimum, the plan shall include the following BMPs:

1. BMP Pollution Prevention Team

2. Reporting of BMP Incidents

3. Risk Identification & Assessment

4. Employee Training

5. Inspections and Records

6. Security

7. Preventive Maintenance

8. Good Housekeeping

9. Materials/Waste Handling, Storage, & Compatibility

10. Spill Prevention & Response

11. Erosion & Sediment Control

12. Management of Runoff

13. Street Sweeping

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BMPs FOR INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES (continued)

- 5. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) Required for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activity to Surface Waters A SWPPP shall be developed prior to commencing any construction activity that will result in soil disturbance of one or more acres of uncontaminated area¹. (Note: the disturbance threshold is 5000 SF in the New York City East of Hudson Watershed). The SWPPP shall conform to the current version of the SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity (CGP), including the New York Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control and New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual. The permittee shall submit a copy of the SWPPP and any amendments thereto to the local governing body and any other authorized agency having jurisdiction or regulatory control over the construction activity at least 30 days prior to soil disturbance. The SWPPP shall be maintained on-site and submitted to the Department only upon request. When a SWPPP is required, a properly completed Notice of Intent (NOI) form shall be submitted (available at www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/43133.html) prior to soil disturbance. Note that submission of the NOI is required for informational purposes; the permittee is not eligible for and will not obtain coverage under any SPDES general permit for stormwater discharges. SWPPPs must be developed for subsequent site disturbances in accordance with the above requirements. The permittee is responsible for ensuring that the provisions of each SWPPP are properly implemented.
- 6. Required Sampling For "Hot Spot" Identification Development of the BMP plan shall include sampling of waste stream segments for the purpose of pollutant "hot spot" identification. The economic achievability of effluent limits will not be considered until plant site "hot spot" sources have been identified, contained, removed or minimized through the imposition of site specific BMPs or application of internal facility treatment technology. For the purposes of this permit condition a "hot spot" is a segment of an industrial facility (including but not limited to soil, equipment, material storage areas, sewer lines etc.) which contributes elevated levels of problem pollutants to the wastewater or stormwater collection system of that facility. For the purposes of this definition, problem pollutants are substances for which treatment to meet a water quality or technology requirement may, considering the results of waste stream segment sampling, be deemed unreasonable. For the purposes of this definition, an elevated level is a concentration or mass loading of the pollutant in question which is sufficiently higher than the concentration of that same pollutant at the compliance monitoring location so as to allow for an economically justifiable removal, isolation, or B.A.T. treatment of wastewaters emanating from the segment.
- 7. Facilities with Petroleum or Chemical Bulk Storage (PBS and CBS) Areas Compliance must be maintained with all applicable regulations including those involving releases, registration, handling and storage (6 NYCRR 595-599 and 612-614). Stormwater discharges from handling and storage areas should be eliminated where practical.
 - A. <u>Spill Cleanup</u> All spilled or leaked substances must be removed from secondary containment systems as soon as practical and for CBS storage areas within 24 hours, unless written authorization is received from the DEC. The containment system must be thoroughly cleaned to remove any residual contamination which could cause contamination of stormwater and the resulting discharge of pollutants to waters of the State. Following spill cleanup the affected area must be completely flushed with clean water three times and the water removed after each flushing for proper disposal in an on-site or off-site wastewater treatment plant designed to treat such water and permitted to discharge such wastewater. Alternately, the permittee may test the first batch of stormwater following the spill cleanup to determine discharge acceptability. If the water contains no pollutants at concentrations above the applicable effluent limits or Action Levels it may be discharged. Otherwise it must be disposed of as noted above. See *Discharge Monitoring* below for the list of parameters to be sampled for.
 - B. <u>Discharge Operation</u> Stormwater must be removed before it compromises the required containment system capacity. Each discharge may only proceed with the prior approval of the permittee staff person responsible for ensuring SPDES permit compliance. Bulk storage secondary containment drainage systems must be locked in a closed position except when the operator is in the process of draining accumulated stormwater. Transfer area secondary containment drainage systems must be locked in a closed position during all transfers to or from these systems and must not be reopened unless the transfer area is clean of contaminants. Stormwater discharges from secondary containment systems should be avoided during periods of precipitation. A logbook shall be maintained on site noting the date, time and personnel supervising each discharge.

¹ Uncontaminated area means soils which are free of contamination by any toxic or non-conventional pollutants identified in the tables of SPDES Application Form NY-2C. Disturbance of any size contaminated area(s) and the resulting discharge of contaminated stormwater is not authorized by this permit unless the discharge is under State or Federal oversight as part of a remedial program or after review by the Regional Water Engineer; nor is such discharge authorized by any SPDES general permit for stormwater discharges.

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BMPs FOR INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES (continued)

C. <u>Discharge Screening</u> - Prior to each discharge from a secondary containment system the stormwater must be screened for contamination. All stormwater must be inspected for visible evidence of contamination. Additional screening methods shall be developed by the permittee as part of the overall BMP Plan, e.g. the use of volatile gas meters to detect the presence of gross levels of gasoline or volatile organic compounds. If the screening indicates contamination, the permittee must collect and analyze a representative sample** of the stormwater. If the water contains no pollutants at concentrations above the applicable effluent limits or Action Levels it may be discharged. Otherwise, it must either be disposed of in an onsite or off-site wastewater treatment plant designed to treat and permitted to discharge such wastewater or the Regional Water Engineer can be contacted to determine if it may be discharged without treatment.

D. <u>Discharge Monitoring</u> - Unless the discharge from any bulk storage containment system outlet is identified in the SPDES permit as an outfall with explicit effluent and monitoring requirements, the permittee shall monitor the outlet as follows:

- (i) Bulk Storage Secondary Containment Systems:
 - (a) The volume of each discharge from each outlet must be monitored. Discharge volume may be calculated by measuring the depth of water within the containment area times the wetted area converted to gallons or by other suitable methods. A representative sample shall be collected of the first discharge* following any cleaned up spill or leak. The sample must be analyzed for pH, the substance(s) stored within the containment area and any other pollutants the permittee knows or has reason to believe are present**.
 - (b) Every fourth discharge* from each outlet must be sampled for pH, the substance(s) stored within the containment area and any other pollutants the permittee knows or has reason to believe are present.**
- (ii) Transfer Area Secondary Containment Systems:

The first discharge* following any spill or leak must be sampled for flow, pH, the substance(s) transferred in that area and any other pollutants the permittee knows or has reason to believe are present**.

- E. <u>Discharge Reporting</u> Any results of monitoring required above, excluding screening data, must be submitted to the Department by appending them to the corresponding DMR. Failure to perform the required discharge monitoring and reporting shall constitute a violation of the terms of the SPDES permit.
- F. <u>Prohibited Discharges</u> In all cases, any discharge which contains a visible sheen, foam, or odor, or may cause or contribute to a violation of water quality is prohibited. The following discharges are prohibited unless specifically authorized elsewhere in this SPDES permit: spills or leaks, tank bottoms, maintenance wastewaters, wash waters where detergents or other chemicals have been used, tank hydrotest and ballast waters, contained firefighting runoff, fire training water contaminated by contact with pollutants or containing foam or fire retardant additives, and unnecessary discharges of water or wastewater into secondary containment systems.
- * Discharge includes stormwater discharges and snow and ice removal. If applicable, a representative sample of snow and/or ice should be collected and allowed to melt prior to assessment.
- If the stored substance is gasoline or aviation fuel then sample for oil & grease, benzene, ethylbenzene, naphthalene, toluene and total xylenes. If the stored substance is kerosene, diesel fuel, fuel oil, or lubricating oil then sample for oil & grease and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). The analytical methods selected for monitoring the stored substances are to be the most sensitive in detecting and quantifying the target analytes as approved under 40 CFR Part 136 and in compliance with NYSDOH ELAP certified methods or as directed by the Department. If the substance(s) are listed in the tables of SPDES Application Form NY-2C then sampling is required. Contact the facility inspector for further guidance. In all cases flow and pH monitoring is required.

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MONITORING LOCATIONS

The permittee shall take samples and measurements, to comply with the monitoring requirements specified in this permit, at the locations(s) specified below:

Outfall # 001 Effluent: Pump Station #1

Outfall # 002 Effluent: Pump Station inside of facility

Effluent filter + Outfall # 002 Effluent Sampling Location OUTFALL #2 New Reverse Osmosis Backwash - 15,173 GPD Town pervice lateral Infiltration Basin Production Volume:3,920 Cu-Ft Facility PERCOLATION RATE= 2.5 MIN/IN From Warehouse Restrooms 2,014 GPD TIME TO DRAIN FULL BASIN ~3.62 HR DUPLEX PUMP STATION DOSE VOLUME = 434 GALS **EVERY 4 HOURS** Septic tanks Aux tanks 4'Ø P.5. 3,000 gal 2,000 gal 2,000 gal Septic tanks Aux tanka 4'Ø P.5 3,500 gal 2,000 gal 2,000 gal DUPLEX PUMP STATIONS DOSE VOLUME = 426 GALS **EVERY 4 HOURS** OUTFALL #1 Outfall # 001 Effluent Sampling Location DUPLEX PUMP STATIONS D-box Alternating DOSE VOLUME = 881 GALS Absorption trench (8) 100' laterals Aux tanks 80 3,000 gal Alternating Absorption trench (8) 100' laterals D-box

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GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. The regulations in 6 NYCRR Part 750 are hereby incorporated by reference and the conditions are enforceable requirements under this permit. The permittee shall comply with all requirements set forth in this permit and with all the applicable requirements of 6 NYCRR Part 750 incorporated into this permit by reference, including but not limited to the regulations in paragraphs B through H as follows:

B. General Conditions

Duty to comply 1. 6 NYCRR 750-2.1(e) & 2.4 Duty to reapply 2. 6 NYCRR 750-1.16(a) Need to halt or reduce activity not a defense 6 NYCRR 750-2.1(g) 4. Duty to mitigate 6 NYCRR 750-2.7(f) Permit actions 6 NYCRR 750-1.1(c), 1.18, 1.20 & 2.1(h) 5. 6. Property rights 6 NYCRR 750-2.2(b) 7. Duty to provide information 6 NYCRR 750-2.1(i) 8. Inspection and entry 6 NYCRR 750-2.1(a) & 2.3

C. Operation and Maintenance

 1. Proper Operation & Maintenance
 6 NYCRR 750-2.8

 2. Bypass
 6 NYCRR 750-1.2(a)(17), 2.8(b) & 2.7

 3. Upset
 6 NYCRR 750-1.2(a)(94) & 2.8(c)

D. Monitoring and Records

Monitoring and records
 Signatory requirements
 NYCRR 750-2.5(a)(2), 2.5(a)(6), 2.5(c)(1), 2.5(c)(2), & 2.5(d)
 NYCRR 750-1.8 & 2.5(b)

E. Reporting Requirements

Reporting requirements for non-POTWs 6 NYCRR 750-2.5, 2.6, 2.7, &1.17 2. Anticipated noncompliance 6 NYCRR 750-2.7(a) 3. Transfers 6 NYCRR 750-1.17 Monitoring reports 6 NYCRR 750-2.5(e) 4. Compliance schedules 6 NYCRR 750-1.14(d) 5. 24-hour reporting 6. 6 NYCRR 750-2.7(c) & (d) Other noncompliance 7. 6 NYCRR 750-2.7(e) 8. Other information 6 NYCRR 750-2.1(f)

F. Sludge Management

The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 6 NYCRR Part 360.

G. SPDES Permit Program Fee

The permittee shall pay to the DEC an annual SPDES permit program fee within 30 days of the date of the first invoice, unless otherwise directed by the DEC, and shall comply with all applicable requirements of ECL 72-0602 and 6 NYCRR Parts 480, 481 and 485. Note that if there is inconsistency between the fees specified in ECL 72-0602 and 6 NYCRR Part 485, the ECL 72-0602 fees govern.

H. Water Treatment Chemicals (WTCs)

New or increased use and discharge of a WTC requires prior DEC review and authorization. At a minimum, the permittee must notify the DEC in writing of its intent to change WTC use by submitting a completed *WTC Notification Form* for each proposed WTC. The DEC will review that submittal and determine if a SPDES permit modification is necessary or whether WTC review and authorization may proceed outside of the formal permit administrative process. The majority of WTC authorizations do not require SPDES permit modification. In any event, use and discharge of a WTC shall not proceed without prior authorization from the DEC. Examples of WTCs include biocides, coagulants, conditioners, corrosion inhibitors, defoamers, deposit control agents, flocculants, scale inhibitors, sequestrants, and settling aids.

- WTC use shall not exceed the rate explicitly authorized by this permit or otherwise authorized by the DEC.
- 2. The permittee shall maintain a logbook of all WTC use, noting for each WTC the date, time, exact location, and amount of each dosage, and the name of the individual applying or measuring the chemical. The logbook must also document that adequate process controls are in place to ensure excessive levels of WTCs are not used.
- 3. The permittee shall submit a completed WTC Annual Report Form each year that they use and discharge WTCs. This form shall be submitted in electronic format and attached to either the December DMR or the annual monitoring report required below. The WTC Notification Form and WTC Annual Report Form are available from the DEC's website at: http://www.dec.ny.gov/permits/93245.html

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RECORDING, REPORTING AND ADDITIONAL MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- A. The monitoring information required by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of the sampling for subsequent inspection by the Department or its designated agent.
- B. <u>Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs)</u>: Completed DMR forms shall be submitted for each 1 month reporting period in accordance with the DMR Manual available on DEC's website.

DMRs must be submitted electronically using the electronic reporting tool (NetDMR) specified by DEC. Instructions on the use of NetDMR can be found at: <u>How To Complete And Submit Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) - NYSDEC</u>. Hardcopy paper DMRs will only be accepted if a waiver from the electronic submittal requirements has been granted by DEC to the facility.

The first monitoring period begins on the effective date of this permit, and, unless otherwise required, the reports are due no later than the 28th day of the month following the end of each monitoring period.

Phone: (518) 402-8111

C. Additional information required to be submitted by this permit shall be summarized and reported to the Regional Water Engineer and Bureau of Water Permits at the following addresses:

Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water, Bureau of Water Permits 625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-3505

Department of Environmental Conservation Regional Water Engineer, Region 05 232 Golf Course Road, Warrensburg, New York, 1

232 Golf Course Road, Warrensburg, New York, 12885-1172 Phone: (518) 623-1200

D. Schedule of Additional Submittals:

The permittee shall submit the following information to the Regional Water Engineer and to the Bureau of Water Permits, unless otherwise instructed:

Outfall(s)	SCHEDULE OF ADDITIONAL SUBMITTALS - Required Action	Due Date
001 & 002	EMERGING CONTAMINANT SHORT-TERM MONITORING The permittee shall collect grab samples of both the influent and effluent from the facility's treatment system(s) associated with the identified outfall for Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) utilizing EPA draft analytical method 1633 and 1,4-Dioxane (1,4-D) utilizing EPA Method 8270D SIM or 8270E SIM. The samples must represent normal discharge conditions and treatment operations and shall be obtained on a monthly basis for at least 3 consecutive months. The results shall be reported through the "Emerging Contaminants Survey for Industrial Facilities" found at: Emerging Contaminants In NY's Waters-NYSDEC .	Commencement of Operation + 6 months
	The permittee shall initiate track down of potential sources by completing the "Emerging Contaminants Investigation Checklist for Industrial Facilities" available at the above link.	Within 90 days of DEC written notification
	The DEC may periodically request updates or additional monitoring to check progress on track down investigations. Elements of the checklist may be used as permit conditions in future permit modifications.	

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Outfall(s)	SCHEDULE OF ADDITIONAL SUBMITTALS - Required Action	Due Date
001 & 002	PRIORITY POLLUTANT SCAN The permittee shall conduct a one-time priority pollutant (ref. 40 CFR Part 423, Appendix A) scan. The sample shall be collected on a day in which normal operating conditions are occurring. The sampling results from this scan shall be submitted to the Bureau of Water Compliance, 625 Broadway, Albany NY 12233-3506 and to the Region 5 Regional Water Engineer, 232 Golf Course Road, Warrensburg, New York, 12885-1172. The presence of any parameter not limited in this permit should be noted and accompanied by a short explanation as to the source of the parameter.	Commencement of Operation + 1 year
	BMP PLAN The permittee shall submit and annually review, the completed BMP plan. The BMP plan shall be modified whenever: (a) changes at the facility materially increase the potential for releases of pollutants, (b) actual releases indicate the plan is inadequate, or (c) a letter from the DEC identifies inadequacies in the plan. The permittee shall certify in writing, as an attachment to the December Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR), that the annual review has been completed. All BMP plan revisions must be submitted to the Regional Water Engineer within 30 days.	Commencement of Operation + 6 Months, Annually thereafter on January 28 th
	STORMWATER NO EXPOSURE CERTIFICATION Permittee must recertify every five years a condition of no exposure to stormwater in order to continue to qualify for the no exposure exclusion. The No Exposure Certification Form can be found on the DEC website.	03/06/2029 and every 5 years thereafter

Unless noted otherwise, the above actions are one-time requirements.

- E. Monitoring and analysis shall be conducted using sufficiently sensitive test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.
- F. More frequent monitoring of the discharge(s), monitoring point(s), or waters of the State than required by the permit, where analysis is performed by a certified laboratory or where such analysis is not required to be performed by a certified laboratory, shall be included in the calculations and recording of the data on the corresponding DMRs.
- G. Calculations which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in this permit.
- H. Unless otherwise specified, all information recorded on the DMRs shall be based upon measurements and sampling carried out during the most recently completed reporting period.
- I. Any laboratory test or sample analysis required by this permit for which the State Commissioner of Health issues certificates of approval pursuant to section 502 of the Public Health Law shall be conducted by a laboratory which has been issued a certificate of approval. Inquiries regarding laboratory certification should be directed to the New York State Department of Health, Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program.

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SPDES Permit Fact Sheet UMS Property LLC Production Facility KB4 NY0296759



Date: January 13, 2025 v.1.27 Permit Writer: Maddy Hetman Water Quality Reviewer: N/A Full Technical Review

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Summary of Permit Changes

A new State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) permit has been drafted for the Production Facility KB4.

This fact sheet summarizes the information used to determine the effluent limitations (limits) and other conditions contained in the permit. General background information including the regulatory basis for the effluent limitations and other conditions are in the Appendix linked throughout this fact sheet.

Administrative History

10/29/2024 The UMS Property LLC submitted a NY-2C permit application.

The Notice of Complete Application, published in the <u>Environmental Notice Bulletin</u> and newspapers, contains information on the public notice process.

Facility Information

This is an industrial facility (SIC 3089) that produces Kerdi-Board Effluent consists of treated sanitary, floor wash water, and reverse osmosis backwash water. The treatment system will include the following:

Outfall 001 (Sanitary & Floor Wash Water at 3,770 GPD)

- Bag Filter (for floor wash water only)
- Septic Tanks
- Absorption Beds

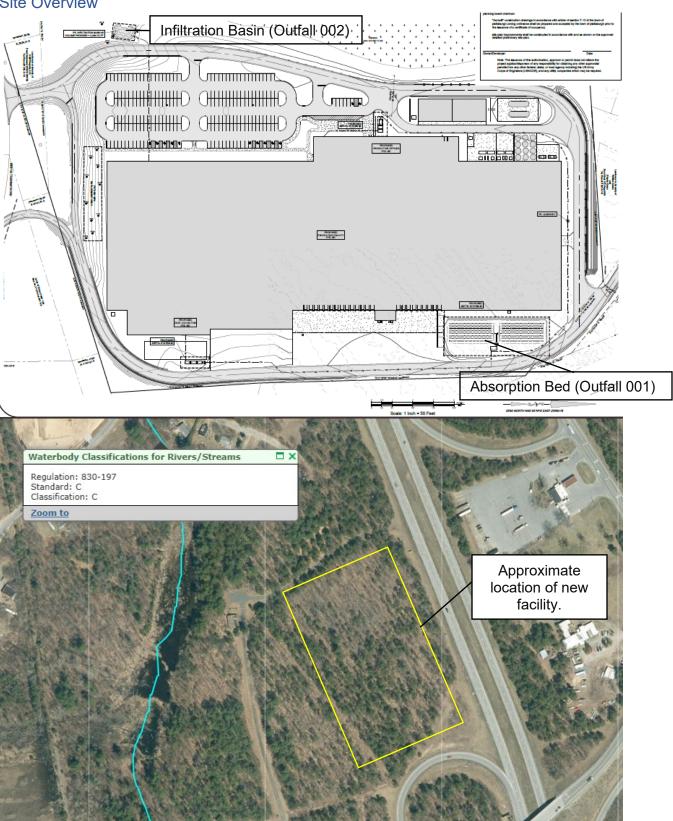
Outfall 002 (Reverse Osmosis Backwash Water at 15,173 GPD)

Infiltration Basin with Dry Well

Sludge is held in the septic tanks and hauled offsite. Both Outfall 001 and Outfall 002 discharge to groundwater.

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Site Overview

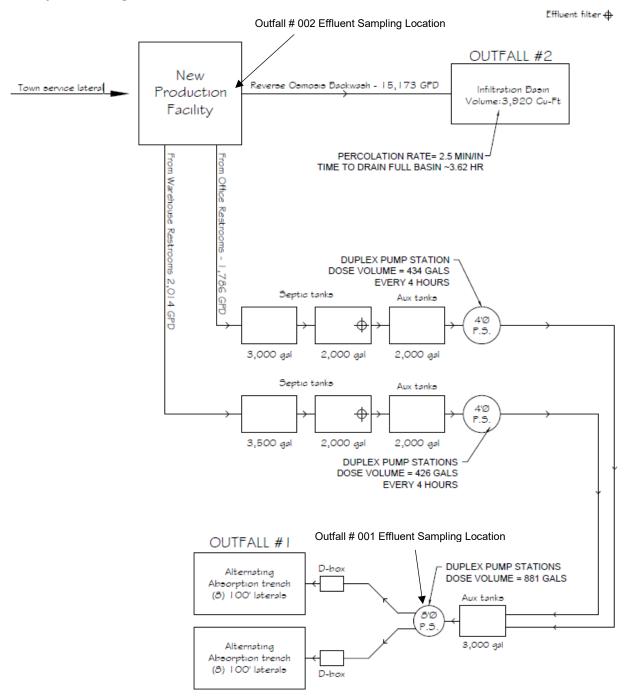


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Facility Flow Diagram



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Existing Effluent Quality

The <u>Pollutant Summary Table</u> presents the existing effluent quality and effluent limitations. The existing effluent quality was determined from the application submitted by the permittee.

Receiving Water Information

The facility proposes to discharge via the following outfalls:

Outfall No.	SIC Code	Wastewater Type	Receiving Water
001	3089	Treated Sanitary Sewage and Floor Wash Water	Ground Water, GA
002	3089	Reverse Osmosis Backwash Water	Ground Water, GA

See the Outfall and Receiving Water Summary Table and Appendix for additional information.

Critical Receiving Water Data & Mixing Zone

The facility discharges to groundwater, Class GA, via absorption beds (Outfall 001) and an infiltration basin (Outfall 002). The effluent limitations for Outfall 001 and 002 were developed with no dilution, based on groundwater quality standards found in 6 NYCRR 703.5 and TOGS 1.1.1 (Part I) and groundwater effluent limitations contained in 6 NYCRR 703.6 and TOGS 1.1.1 (Part II).

Critical receiving water data are listed in the <u>Pollutant Summary Table</u> at the end of this fact sheet. Appendix Link

Permit Requirements

The technology based effluent limitations (<u>TBELs</u>), water quality-based effluent limitations (<u>WQBELs</u>), <u>Existing Effluent Quality</u> and a discussion of the selected effluent limitation for each pollutant present in the discharge are provided in the <u>Pollutant Summary Table</u>

Antidegradation

The permit contains effluent limitations which ensure that the best usages of the receiving waters will be maintained. The Notice of Complete Application published in the Environmental Notice Bulletin contains information on the State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR)¹ determination. Appendix Link

Best Management Practices (BMPs) for Industrial Facilities

In accordance with 6 NYCRR 750-1.14(f) and 40 CFR 122.44(k), the permittee is required to develop and implement a BMP plan that prevents, or minimizes the potential for, the release of toxic or hazardous pollutants to state waters. The BMP plan requires annual review by the permittee.

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Requirements

The facility discharges stormwater associated with industrial activity and requires SPDES permit coverage under 40 CFR 122.26(a)(6). On 3/6/2024, the permittee submitted a Conditional Exclusion for No Exposure Form, certifying that all industrial activities and materials are completely sheltered from exposure. This condition must be maintained for the exclusion to

¹ As prescribed by 6 NYCRR Part 617

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remain applicable. The schedule of submittals also includes a due date for re-certification every five years as required by 40 CFR 122.26(g)(iii). This requirement is new.

Emerging Contaminant Monitoring

Emerging Contaminants, such as Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS), and 1,4-Dioxane (1,4-D), have been used in a wide variety of consumer and industrial product as well as in manufacturing processes for decades. These contaminants do not break down easily, therefore their presence in wastewater can remain a concern for years following their discontinued use. As the science surrounding these contaminants is still evolving, additional monitoring is needed to better understand potential sources and background levels. For more information on emerging contaminants, please see the DEC Division of Water web page: Emerging Contaminants In NY's Waters - NYSDEC.

Required Sampling: Pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 750-1.13(b), the permit includes a short-term monitoring program listed in the Schedule of Additional Submittals to evaluate the influent and effluent discharge levels of Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) and 1,4-Dioxane. This monitoring program is consistent with guidance released in EPA guidance memos dated April 28, 2022, and December 5, 2022.

The DEC will review the monitoring results and pursuant to 6 NYCRR 750-2.1(i) may notify the permittee of the need for further monitoring to identify potential sources as specified in the Emerging Contaminants Investigation Checklist for Industrial Facilities to determine whether cause exists to modify the permit to incorporate a pollutant minimization program per 6 NYCRR 750-1.14(f).

The DEC will consider this information and progress made to track down and reduce or eliminate the source of the identified pollutants in determining if a permit modification is needed.

Schedule of Additional Submittals

A schedule of additional submittals has been included for the following (Appendix Link):

- Emerging Contaminant Short-Term Monitoring
- Priority Pollutant Scan
- Best Management Practice (BMP) Plan
- Stormwater No Exposure Certification

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OUTFALL AND RECEIVING WATER SUMMARY TABLE

					Water Index No. /	Major /					Critical	Dil	Dilution Ratio		
Outfall	Latitude	Longitude	Receiving Water Name	Water Class	Priority Waterbody Listing (PWL) No.	Sub Basin	Hardness (mg/l)	1Q10 (MGD)	7Q10 (MGD)	30Q10 (MGD)	Effluent Flow (MGD)	A(A)	A(C)	HEW	
001	44° 39' 31.37" N	73° 29' 10.10" W	Groundwater	GA	-	10/01	-	-	-	ı	3770	X:X	ı	-	
002	44° 39' 23.50" N	73° 29' 20.01" W	Groundwater	GA	-	10/01	-	-	•	ı	15,173	ı	ı	-	

POLLUTANT SUMMARY TABLE

Outfall 001

Outfall #	Description of Wastewater: Sanitary & Floor Wash Water 10 4 001														
Outfall #	001	Type of Tre	eatment: S	Septic Tan	k to Absorpti	ion Beds									
			Existing Discharge Data			TBELs			Wa	ter Quality	Data & WC	BELs			
Effluent Parameter	Units	Jnits Averaging Period	Permit Limit	Existing Effluent Quality	# of Data Points Detects / Non- Detects	Limit	Basis	Ambient Bkgd. Conc.	Projected Instream Conc.	WQ Std. or GV	WQ Type	Calc. WQBEL	Basis	ML	Basis for Permit Requirement
General Notes: Existing discharge data does not exist for this new facility.															
Flow Rate	GPD Daily - 3770 Average 0/0 3770 Design Flow No alterations that will impair the waters for usages.					or their best	703.2	-	TBEL						
	A new fl	ow limit, set	at the des	ign flow o	f the wastew	ater treatm	ent facility.								
	SU	Minimum	-	8.31	1/0	-					Danas	65.05	702.0		WOREL
рН		Maximum	-	8.31	1/0	-	-	-	-	-	Range	6.5 - 8.5	<u>703.6</u>	-	WQBEL
		ent with 703. vater, which			e lower than	6.5 or the p	H of the natural	groundwa	iter, whichev	er is lower	, and shall r	not be greater	than 8.5 or	the p	H of the natural
Additional Pollu	tants De	tected													
	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.28	1/0	-	-	-	-	0.2	H(WS)	0.4	703.6	-	WQBEL
Total Copper	Consiste	ent with 6 N	CRR Part	703.6 grd	oundwater ef	fluent limita	itions for discha	rges to Cla	ass GA wate	rs are bein	g applied a	t Outfall 001.			

² Existing Effluent Quality (EEQ) was established from information given by the permittee in the NY-2C application as measured in the municipal source water. PAGE 8 OF 14

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Outfall #	001	Descriptio	n of Waste	ewater: S	anitary & Flo	or Wash W	ater								
Type of Treatment: Septic Tank to Absorption Beds															
			Existing Discharge Data			Т	BELs	Water Quality Data & WQBELs							
Effluent Parameter	Units	Averaging Period	Permit Limit	Existing Effluent Quality		Limit	Basis	Ambient Bkgd. Conc.	Projected Instream Conc.	WQ Std. or GV	WQ Type	Calc. WQBEL	Basis	ML	Basis for Permit Requirement
Load	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.0023	1/0	-	-	-	-	0.025	H(WS)	0.05	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring
Lead							groundwater eff he Schedule of .			luent limit	ation or mo	nitoring requ	uirement is	neede	ed at this time.
Nickel	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.0006	1/0	1	-	-	-	0.1	H(WS)	0.2	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring
Given the difference in the expected concentration and the groundwater effluent limitation, no effluent limitation or monitoring requirement is needed a Confirmatory sampling will be done after startup as required in the Schedule of Additional Submittals.								ed at this time.							
Fluoride	mg/L	Daily Maximum	1	0.4	1/0	1	-	-	-	1.5	H(WS)	3.0	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring
riuoriae	Given the difference in the expected concentration and the groundwater effluent limitation, no effluent limitation or monitoring requirement is needed at this time Confirmatory sampling will be done after startup as required in the Schedule of Additional Submittals.														
Nitrate-Nitrite	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.19	1/0	-	-	-	-	10	H(WS)	20	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring
Mitrate-Mitrite							groundwater eff he Schedule of			luent limit	ation or mo	nitoring requ	uirement is	neede	ed at this time.
I	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.01	1/0	-	-	-	-	0.3	E(WS)	0.6	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring
Iron							groundwater eff he Schedule of			luent limit	ation or mo	nitoring requ	uirement is	neede	ed at this time.
Oil & Grease	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	15	703.6	-	WQBEL
3.1 & 0.10d00	Given th	ne waste stre	eam includ	es floor w	ash water, a	WQBEL fo	r oil and grease	has been	included.						

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Outfall 002

045-11.4	000	Description	of Wastev	vater: Re	verse Osmos	sis (RO) Ba	ıckwash Wastev	/ater								
Outfall #	002	Type of Trea	Type of Treatment: Infiltration Basin with Dry Well													
		Existing Discharge Data				٦	ΓBELs	Water Quality Data & WQBELs								
Effluent Parameter	Units	Averaging Period	Permit Limit	Existing Effluent Quality	" OI Data	Limit	Basis	Ambient Bkgd. Conc.	Projected Instream Conc.	WQ Std. or GV	WQ Type	Calc. WQBEL	Basis	ML	Basis for Permit Requirement	
General Notes: Existing discharge data does not exist for this new facility. The information entered as the existing effluent quality was taken from the NY-2C application and estimated from the municipal source water and an assumed concentration factor for the RO system.																
Flow Rate	GPD	Daily Maximum	-	15173 Average	0/0	15173	Design Flow	No alter	ations that v	vill impair t usages		or their best	<u>703.2</u>	-	TBEL	
	A new f	low limit, set a	at the desig	n flow of	the wastewa	ter treatme	nt facility.									
	SU	Minimum	-	8.31	1/0	-			_		Range	6.5 - 8.5	703.6		WQBEL	
рН		Maximum	-	8.31	1/0	ı		_	-	-	_			-	·	
		ent with 703.6 water, whiche			lower than 6	5.5 or the p	H of the natural	groundwat	ter, whicheve	er is lower	, and shall n	ot be greater	than 8.5 or	the p	H of the natura	
Additional Poll	utants De															
Total Co pper	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.42	1/0	-	-	-	-	0.2	H(WS)	0.4	703.6	-	WQBEL	
	Consis	Consistent with 6 NYCRR Part 703.6 groundwater effluent limitations for discharges to Class GA waters are being applied at Outfall 002.														
Lead	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.0034 5	1/0	-	-	-	-	0.025	H(WS)	0.05	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring	
Leau							lwater effluent lii Additional Subr		o effluent lim	itation or n	nonitoring re	quirement is	needed at t	his tim	e. Confirmatory	
Nickel	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.0009	1/0	-	-	-	-	0.1	H(WS)	0.2	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring	
INIONGI							roundwater effli he Schedule of			uent limita	ntion or mor	nitoring requi	rement is r	needec	I at this time.	
	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.6	1/0	-	-	-	-	1.5	H(WS)	3.0	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring	
Fluoride							groundwater eff he Schedule of <i>i</i>			luent limit	ation or mo	onitoring requ	irement is	neede	ed at this time.	

³ Existing Effluent Quality (EEQ) was established from information given by the permittee in the NY-2C application as measured in the municipal source water. PAGE 10 OF 14

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Outfall #		Description	of Wastev	vater: Re	verse Osmos	sis (RO) Ba	ckwash Wastew	/ater							
Outrail #	002	Type of Treatment: Infiltration Basin with Dry Well													
			Existin	g Dischai	ge Data	TBELs			Wa	ter Quality	Data & WC	BELs			
Effluent Parameter	Units	Averaging Period	Permit Limit	Existing Effluent Quality		Limit	Basis	Ambient Bkgd. Conc.	Projected Instream Conc.	WQ Std. or GV	WQ Type	Calc. WQBEL	Basis	ML	Basis for Permit Requirement
Niiturata Niiturita	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.29	1/0	-	-	-	-	10	H(WS)	20	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring
Nitrate-Nitrite							water effluent lir Additional Subr		effluent lim	tation or m	nonitoring re	quirement is r	needed at th	nis tim	e. Confirmatory
Iron	mg/L	Daily Maximum	-	0.015	1/0	-	-	-	-	0.3	E(WS)	0.6	703.6	-	No Limitation or Monitoring
Iron							water effluent lir Additional Subr		o effluent lim	tation or m	nonitoring re	quirement is ı	needed at th	nis tim	e. Confirmatory

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Appendix: Regulatory and Technical Basis of Permit Authorizations

The Appendix is meant to supplement the fact sheet for multiple types of SPDES permits. Portions of this Appendix may not be applicable to this specific permit.

Regulatory References

The provisions of the permit are based largely upon 40 CFR 122 subpart C and 6 NYCRR Part 750 and include monitoring, recording, reporting, and compliance requirements, as well as general conditions applicable to all SPDES permits. Below are the most common citations for the requirements included in SPDES permits:

- Clean Water Act (CWA) 33 section USC 1251 to 1387
- Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) Articles 17 and 70
- Federal Regulations
 - o 40 CFR, Chapter I, subchapters D, N, and O
- State environmental regulations
 - 6 NYCRR Part 621
 - o 6 NYCRR Part 750
 - o 6 NYCRR Parts 700 704 Best use and other requirements applicable to water classes
 - o 6 NYCRR Parts 800 941 Classification of individual surface waters
- NYSDEC water program policy, referred to as Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS)
- USEPA Office of Water Technical Support Document for Water Quality-based Toxics Control, March 1991, Appendix E

The following is a guick guide to the references used within the fact sheet:

SPDES Permit Requirements	Regulatory Reference
Anti-backsliding	6 NYCRR 750-1.10(c)
Best Management Practices (BMPS) for CSOs	6 NYCRR 750-2.8(a)(2)
Environmental Benefits Permit Strategy (EBPS)	6 NYCRR 750-1.18, NYS ECL 17-0817(4), TOGS 1.2.2 (revised
	January 25,2012)
Exceptions for Type I SSO Outfalls (bypass)	6 NYCRR 750-2.8(b)(2), 40 CFR 122.41
Mercury Multiple Discharge Variance	Division of Water Program Policy 1.3.10
	(DOW 1.3.10)
Mixing Zone and Critical Water Information	TOGS 1.3.1 & Amendments
PCB Minimization Program	40 CFR Part 132 Appendix F Procedure 8, 6 NYCRR 750-1.13(a)
	and 750-1.14(f), and TOGS 1.2.1
Pollutant Minimization Program (PMP)	6 NYCRR 750-1.13(a), 750-1.14(f), TOGS 1.2.1
Schedules of Compliance	6 NYCRR 750-1.14
Sewage Pollution Right to Know (SPRTK)	NYS ECL 17-0826-a, 6 NYCRR 750-2.7
State Administrative Procedure Act (SAPA)	State Administrative Procedure Act Section 401(2), 6 NYCRR
	621.11(I)
State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR)	6 NYCRR Part 617
USEPA Effluent Limitation Guidelines (ELGs)	40 CFR Parts 405-471
USEPA National CSO Policy	33 USC Section 1342(q)
Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing	TOGS 1.3.2
General Provisions of a SPDES Permit Department	NYCRR 750-2.1(i)
Request for Additional Information	

Outfall and Receiving Water Information Permit Requirements

Basis for Effluent Limitations

Sections 101, 301, 304, 308, 401, 402, and 405 of the CWA and Titles 5, 7, and 8 of Article 17 ECL, as well as their implementing federal and state regulations, and related guidance, provide the basis for the effluent limitations and other conditions in the permit.

When conducting a full technical review of an existing permit, the previous effluent limitations form the basis for the next permit. Existing effluent quality is evaluated against the existing effluent limitations to determine if these should be continued, revised, or deleted. Generally, existing limitations are continued unless there are

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changed conditions at the facility, the facility demonstrates an ability to meet more stringent limitations, or in response to updated regulatory requirements. Pollutant monitoring data is also reviewed to determine the presence of additional contaminants that should be included in the permit based on a reasonable potential analysis to cause or contribute to a water quality standards violation.

Antidegradation Policy

New York State implements the antidegradation portion of the CWA based upon two documents: (1) Organization and Delegation Memorandum #85-40, "Water Quality Antidegradation Policy" (September 9, 1985); and, (2) TOGS 1.3.9, "Implementation of the NYSDEC Antidegradation Policy – Great Lakes Basin (Supplement to Antidegradation Policy dated September 9, 1985) (undated)." The permit for the facility contains effluent limitations which ensure that the existing best usage of the receiving waters will be maintained. To further support the antidegradation policy, SPDES applications have been reviewed in accordance with the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQR) as prescribed by 6 NYCRR Part 617.

Effluent Limitations

In developing a permit, the Department determines the technology-based effluent limitations (TBELs) and then evaluates the water quality expected to result from technology controls to determine if any exceedances of water quality criteria in the receiving water might result. If there is a reasonable potential for exceedances of water quality criteria to occur, water quality-based effluent limitations (WQBELs) are developed. A WQBEL is designed to ensure that the water quality standards of receiving waters are met. In general, the CWA requires that the effluent limitations for a particular pollutant are the more stringent of either the TBEL or WQBEL.

Technology-based Effluent Limitations (TBELS) for Industrial Facilities to Groundwater

TBELS aim to prevent pollution by requiring a minimum level of effluent quality that is attainable using demonstrated technologies for reducing discharges of pollutants or pollution into the waters of the United States. Requirements for discharges from industrial facilities to groundwater are summarized in TOGS 1.2.1. In accordance with TOGS 1.2.1, for facilities discharging to groundwater:

- Discharges will typically be limited to the more stringent of the groundwater effluent standards in 6 NYCRR 703.6 or the applicable treatment technology listed in TOGS 1.2.1 Attachment (C).
- Discharges from industrial facilities which contain nitrogen or nitrogen compounds include effluent limitations for Nitrate of 20 mg/L (as N). Groundwater discharges in Nassau and Suffolk Counties are required to achieve an effluent standard for Total Nitrogen of 10 mg/L (as N).
- Disinfection will typically not be required for discharges to groundwater unless local public health concerns exist due to exposure or contact with effluent.

Water Quality-Based Effluent Limitations (WQBELs) for Discharges to Groundwater

The procedure for developing WQBELs includes identifying the pollutants present in the discharge(s), identifying water quality criteria applicable to these pollutants, determining if WQBELs are necessary (reasonable potential), and calculating the WQBELs. For groundwater discharges, if the expected concentration of the pollutant of concern in the receiving water may exceed the ambient groundwater quality standard or guidance value, then there is reasonable potential that the discharge may cause or contribute to a violation of the water quality, and a WQBEL for the pollutant is required.

WQBELs for groundwater discharges are based on the groundwater effluent limits set forth in 6 NYCRR Part 703 (Surface Water and Groundwater Quality Standards and Groundwater Effluent Limitations) except as noted in 6 NYCRR 702.21. TOGS 1.1.1 provides a listing of groundwater effluent limitations for substances having an ambient water quality standard or guidance value. Groundwater effluent limitations are applied at the point of discharge to the groundwater distribution system.

For land treatment systems with no accessible final sampling points, such as constructed wetland treatment systems or buried sand filters, permit limitations for groundwater discharges are typically based on ambient groundwater quality standards or guidance values applied at representative down gradient monitoring well(s). Limitations at the downgradient sampling point are set at the Class GA ambient groundwater standards, rather than at the groundwater effluent limits promulgated under 6 NYCRR

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703.6, as compliance is determined based upon the concentrations present in the downgradient groundwater monitoring well at the groundwater interface.

Class GA standards are established for the protection of sources of drinking water designated as Health (Water Source) or H(WS) in TOGS 1.1.1. As such, effluent limitations based on aquatic life criteria and WET testing requirements are not applicable to groundwater discharges.

Monitoring Requirements

CWA section 308, 40 CFR 122.44(i), 6 NYCRR 750-1.13, and 750-2.5 require that monitoring be included in permits to determine compliance with effluent limitations. Additional effluent monitoring may also be required to gather data to determine if effluent limitations may be required. The permittee is responsible for conducting the monitoring and reporting results on Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs). The permit contains the monitoring requirements for the facility. Monitoring frequency is based on the minimum sampling necessary to adequately monitor the facility's performance and characterize the nature of the discharge of the monitored flow or pollutant. Variable effluent flows and pollutant levels may be required to be monitored at more frequent intervals than relatively constant effluent flow and pollutant levels (6 NYCRR 750-1.13). For industrial facilities, sampling frequency is based on guidance provided in TOGS 1.2.1. For municipal facilities, sampling frequency is based on guidance provided in TOGS 1.3.3.

Other Conditions

Schedule(s) of Additional Submittals

Schedules of Additional Submittals are used to summarize the deliverables required by the permit not identified in a separate Schedule of Compliance.

Best Management Practices (BMP) for Industrial Facilities

BMP plans are authorized for inclusion in NPDES permits pursuant to Sections 304(e) and 402 (a)(1) of the Clean Water Act, and 6 NYCRR 750-1.14(f). The regulations pertaining to BMPs are promulgated under 40 CFR Part 125, Subpart K. These regulations specifically address surface water discharges.